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CARLETON PLACE, OF Seasonable Goods

### Now on View.

and more arriving day by day.

WATCH OUR SHOW WINDOWS for Novelties as the on advances

A. Neilson Watchmaker, Jeweler and Optician. Taylor Block. - - CARLETON PLACE

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A large stock of Baby Carriages and Go-Carts, in the latest models, placed in stock, and are selling at reasonable Having recently added a dray to our

EJ

plant we are prepared to do furniture moving and all kinds of light and heavy dray work on the shortest notice. PATTERSON BROS.

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Everything in Out flowers, Plants, etc. reaths and all sarieties of designs for Funeral, Conders may be left; at This Office, W. H. ALLEN, Agent

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In Boxes, 60c. to \$5.00

60c a pound

In Bulk,

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MISCELLANEOUS

### A BIG DRIVE

for stenographers. For the past year the Civil Service Commission has been scouring the Country for competent stenographers. On Feb. 16 every Branch of the Service was placed under the Commission which means that the demands are now doubled.

### **COWLING BUSINESS COLLEGE** OTTAWA

makes a specialty of preparing candidates for these examinations. Start NOW and be ready for the Fall Round Up. Our School is open all summer.

W. E. GOWLING, H. G. W. BRAITHWAITE,
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### LELAND HOTEL

THE Leading Farmer's Hotel. Cheap rates Meals 50 cents. Traveller's Rate, \$2.00 per day. Sheds Free.

FRED HUGHES, Manage Canada Food Board License No. 10-3947

\$5,000 PROTECTION for \$67.75-age 20 \$5,000 PROTECTION for

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1917

### A YEAR OF PROCRESS

Over FIFTEEN MILLIONS

Confederation Life Association

Established 48 years ago. P. SEWELL ROBARTS, District Manager

## WORK and BUY

Every Community is working hard for Crowns on the Victory Loan Honor Flag. How about ours ?

BUY VICTORY BONDS!

J. A. DACK

Watchmaker and Jeweller

We carry in stock at all times Light and Heavy Harness and all kinds of Horse Clothing and requisites.

In Trunks and Valises, Hand Bags and Travelling perquisites we have a very complete line.

Leather goods our specialty.

FERGUSON & SMYTHE TAYLOR'S BLOCK.

### CATTLE AND HORSES WANTED.

AVING dispused of my Butcher Business !

In herewith desire to announce that ) purpose leveting my time to the purchase of Cattle Horses, Hogs. Sheep and Poultry For any and Il of which I will pay the highest market prices.

Will also buy and sell Second-hand Vehicles of W. MCGONEGAL & SON.

Carleton Place, Dec. 4. 1916.

Hon. C. J. Doherty, Minister of Justice, will shortly leave for overseas to take part in the peace proceedings, it

### WE WENT OVER THE TOP

CARLETON PLACE GOES \$70,000 ABOVE THE HIGH OBJECTIVE SET

Wins the Honor Flag and a Crown

participation on the part of all our

The total amount subscribed so far in

round figures is \$310,000. This will doubtless be increased when the final reckoning is made. We congratulate our citizens upon the loyal and generous way in which they have responded to the country's call.

Keep Nov. 29th free for St. Andrews Corcert and Supper at St. Andrew's church.

Dr. C. M. B. Cornell is a man of

Mrs. W. McGonegal and Mrs. Leakey

Victory Loan

All subscribers to Victory Loan who purchased **Coupon Bearer** or **Coupon Registered Bonds**, at Union Bank of Canada are hereby notified that Bonds are now ready for delivery.

Death of Rev. Father Sudre

The second death among the priests

of Pembroke diocese as a result of the

nfluenza epidemic occurred on Tuesday

he was a member of the diocesan elergy. Serving as curate for a short time at Pembro's and Eganville, he was after-

sorrowing friends.

ESTABLISHED 1874

Rest - - - \$4,000,000

HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Any Branch of The Bank of Ottawa will help

Canada's Victory Bonds

Carleton Place Branch, J. G. CRAIG, Manager.

The funeral of Mr. John McLeod, one of the oldest residents of this locality who was well known in his younger days, took place last Thursday from the home of Mr. J. C. Elliott, Franktown Road, to Pine Grove cemetery. The youngest son, Mr. Norman McLeod, of Winnipeg,

you to buy and hold in safe keeping

94 BRANCHES IN CANADA.

always accompanies the real ones

The town of Carleton Place excelled | In Carleton Place we lack millionnerself in the recent Victory Loan cam- aires, but by united effort and general paign. When our friends at Perth set the objective at \$240,000 for this town the canvassers felt that the allotment badge. In the number of subscribers Carwas unfair compared to other towns of leton Place will probably be found to equal size, although the high altitude lead when all the returns are compiled. may have been considered a compliment to our ability. But the committeemen and the mayor stood behind the canvassers and enthused and assisted in every way possible, and the result has been a glorious success.

The average man's intentions are everal ahead of his actions.

Mrs. Augusta Pleith, Arnprior, was stricken with paralysis while getting her mail in the post office.

All of our hunters have returned from the chase, and were successful in obtaining their quota of the antlered beauties. There is to be a dance in the town hall on Friday evening next, for which the McDowell orchestra will supply the

There's a lot of gladness in this world. but every now and then you bump into a sorehead who seems to think his mission on earth is too spoil it all.

A general meeting of the Victory Loan Committee is called for Friday evening next, in the council chamber, to wind up the business of the campaign.

Mr. Fred Boyd, of Merrickville, spending a day in town, and will likely pay a visit to Stella lodge this evening, as he holds the office of D.D.G.M. in this district this year.

A Carload of Apples to be sold on the C.P.R. tracks, Carleton Place, Friday and Saturday, Nov. 22nd and 23rd. Prices No. 1 Quality, \$6.50; No. 2, \$5.50 and No. 3, \$4.50.

At a meeting of the Willing Workers of Zion church held a week ago last night, Miss Edith Kells, one of the enthusiastic members of the society, was honored with a life membership in the W.M.S. Miss Kells has been an officer of the society research society for several years.

The entertainment given on Thursday evening in the town hall, under the auspices of the I.O.D.E., proved quite a success, and the Sailor's fund received a boost from the preceding the formula of the sailor's fund the preceding the sailor's fund the preceding the sailor's fund the preceding the sailor of the s boost from the proceeds. The feature was an address by Major Hooper, besides which there was an excellent musical programme

THE

BANK

OF

OTTAWA

Col. Gow, Deputy Canadian Overseas

Don't worry if your sins find you out; they will be sure to call again.

Municipalities have now the power t

appoint Fair Price Committees in pub-lishing lists of food commodities in their municipality, and also for fuel, clothing, boots and shoes, and other items of common household expenditure.

common household expenditure.

Arrangements have been completed to have Miss Hendrica Van Der Flier, who visited Ottawa a couple of months ago, deliver her lecture and appeal for Belgian relief, in the Town Hall, Carleton Place, Monday evening, Nov. 25th, under the auspices of the Women's Institute. She has peture slides of great interest, and will appear in her Dutch costume. The appeal for this work is urgent, especially for the children who are the greatest sufferers. A large attendance is anticipated. Silver-collection. Children unaccompanied by their parents will not be

anied by their parents will not be

The funeral of Mr. John McLeod, on

Mr. John C. White received a message Saturday advising him that his his son Pte. Cecil Roy had been admitted to No. 4 General Hospital, Dannes Camiers, Nevember 4th, suffering from gunshot wound and right arm fractured. Cecil is the second son of Mr. White who is in France.

Pte. Cecil White Wounded

Died at Kingston

Nursing Sister Rebecca Ellen Mc-Eachean, daughter of the late John Mc-Eachean, of Carleton Place, died on Saturday evening at Kingston, of spinal meningitis, succeeding an attack of Spanish influenza. The deceased had done excellent service during the recent epidemic and at last fell a victim herself to the disease. The remains were brought on here yesterday, and the funeral took place this morning to St. Mary's church and thence to the cemetery. The aged mother and others bereaved relatives have the sympathy of many friends in their sorrow.

Methodist Men's Banquet

Last evening the men of the Methodist Church were entertained to a supper in the school-room by the ladies and spent a very pleasant hour. After the menu there were speeches, songs and music and at 8 o'clock an adjournment was finade to the church process which Man may be made of dust but he doesn't always settle. We're done fighting germs and Germans.—Pembroke Observer. music and at 8 o'clock an adjournment was made to the church proper, which was open to the public, when an excellent programme was presented. The chair was occupied by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Lawson, and the following took part: Selections by the S.S. orchestra; solos by Mrs. W. W. Taber, Master Linden Lawson, Miss Elva Paul, Miss Queen Allen, Mr. Frank McDiarmid; recitations, Miss Muriel Barber and Miss Margaret Switzer; violin solo, Miss Gladys Corr; the feature being an address by Major Hooper on his experiences in Germany as a prisoner of war and the training of the soldiers at the internment camp in Switzerland, a very interesting story and much appreciated by the large addinger present. Reason why troubles do not come ingly is that a flock of imaginary ones Mr. D. A. Jones, editor of the Pembroke Observer, was in town to-day, and paid THE HERALD a fraternal call. Happiness is made up of equal parts of appreciation of the good we have and gratitude for the triviality of our Mrs James Bell was called home to Winnipeg last week owing to the serious illness of her daughter (Mrs. Francis Richards). interesting story and much appreciated by the large audience present. The programme concluded with the national anthem. Rev. J. W. Woodside, pastor of Chalmers Presbyterian Church, Toronto, has received and accepted a call to Chalmers Church, Ottawa,

**Union Prayer Service** 

Action rather than words, and his contribution to the peace celebration last Monday was a check for \$20,000 for Victory Bonds, signed at 5.30 a.m. A public prayer and praise service was held in the Methodist church last Wedheld in the Methodist church last Wednesday evening under the auspices of the Baptist, Presbyterian and Methodist churches. There was a large gathering of all denominations and the service was of a most inspiring nature and thoroughly enjoyed by all present. The large choir gallery was filled with singers from the different churches, and the hymns were all expressive of thanksgiving to God for giving us the victory. Rev. Mr. Lawson, the pastor of the Methodist church, presided, Rev. Mr. Fraser, of Appleton, made the opening prayer. Rev. Mr. Dobson gave the address, comparing the downfall of the Kaiser to that of Sennacherib of old testament received the sad news last Friday of the death of another brother, Mr. Harvey McGonegal, of Watson, Sask, who died Nove 14th, of Spanish Influenza. Just four weeks ago their brother Noble died here, much sympathy is extended to the sorrowing friends that of Sennacherib of old testament times, pointing out many parallel in-stances in the lives of both of these two would be world conquerors to show how their selfish designs had been overruled by a higher hand and their evil deeds had met with their just deserts. Rev. Mr. Monds offered the concluding prayer. A collection was taken to cover expen when \$21.50 was placed upon the plates, leaving a surplus of \$17.50, which was donated to the patriotic fund.

### **Bible Society Meeting**

The annual meeting of the Carleton Place board of the British and Foreign Bible Society was held in the basement of St. Andrew's Church on Friday evening last, although there were other meetings at the same hour, and although mary were weary on account of the strengens work of the week yet. the strenuous work of the week, yet the room was fairly well filled. Promptly at eight o'clock, the president, Rev. W. A. Dobson took the chair and conducted devotional exercises assisted by Rev. J. J. Monds and Rev. Mr. Forsythe who had just re-covered from a slight indisposition. The president read the ninety-first psalm, after which Miss Berryman sang a solojmuch to the delight of the audience. Mr. D. R. Ferguson also contributed a solo which Ferguson also contributed a solo which was well received. The president then called on the treasurer, Mr. R. J. Robertinfluenza epidemic occurred on Tuesday morning, when Rev. Chas. Sudre, parish priest of North Onslow, passed away. At the Bishops Palace here nothing had been heard of his illness, which was of short duration, and the news of his death was a severe shock. Rev. Father Sudre was born at Mirandol, in the department of The Tarn, France, on Aug. 9th 1873. At the age of seventeen he entered the Capuchian order, and as a student came to Canada in 1893, arriving in this country on the first of August. He was ordained priest on May 15th, 1898. Finding the life of a religious order too severe for his health, he obtained his discharge in 1910, coming to Pembroke on the 23rd of December of that year, and since that he was a member of the diocesan elergy. Collectors, Mr. Mr. Young. The Cole, Miss Scott, Mr. Young. The president then called on Rev. Mr. Crawford to address the meeting. After the took the audience in Scott Scott. Crawford to address the meeting. After doing so he took the audience in imagination on a trip through South Africa, and the beauty of the scenery was admired by all. Votes of thanks were tendered to the collectors and to Miss Berryman, Mr. Ferguson and Rev. Mis. Crawford after which one of the Mr. Crawford after which one of the most successful meetings of the society was brought to a close by the singing of a

Hon. C. J. Doherty, Minister of Justice, will shortly leave for overseas to take part in the peace proceedings, it is understood.

Peace does not alter the food demands upon Canada and the United States, but in fact increases the load and the when a young man.

Ask your dealer to duplicate the price of the strolling merchant or agent and was brought to a close by the singing of a see with what alarcity he will do it then, don't you see, if the goods are not right on the mark as represented he is right, where is he?

Ask your dealer to duplicate the price of the strolling merchant or agent and was brought to a close by the singing of a was brought to a close by the singing of a was brought to a close by the singing of a don't you see, if the goods are not right on the mark as represented he is right.

You never realize how dearly you have where is he?

We sell Everything that Men and Boys Wear.

## **FORTIFY** YOURSELF

Against the coming cold weather. Let our stock help you to do it. We are ready for you with a good supply

WARM OVERCOATS

MITTS AND GLOVES HEAVY WOOL

UNDERWEAR FLEECE-LINED " WOOLEN SOX

GUM RUBBERS, HEAVY CAPS,

Etc., Etc.

We invite inspection of our stock; we are satisfied that quality and prices are right and will stand the closest scrutiny.

### F.C. McDIARMID



Nearly every housewife is anxious to serve a cup of GOOD TEA

We think we have Good Tea We want you to be sure, so invite you to try our

SPECIAL BLACK at 75c a lb.

We want you to compare this with anything you are buying elsewhere up to \$1 We have another splendid

at 6oc per lb

value in Black Tea

Figs, Dates, Prunes, Raisins, Currants, Peel, etc.

Phone 121.

PS.-Farmers, bring us your Eggs and Butter

POOR COPY

COPIE DE QUALITEE INFERIEU

The best of us are like animals-we Pish into holes for shelter. Home is such against the hardness of the world. Margery Bell, the Cleveland girl who "You'll never know how much you want and need your mother, or your brother, or your father, until you're away from them."

away from them."

Ah, how strong, how unerring, are the fundamental instincts of human nature; we can never outlive them. The joyous child allured by the bright flowers, the butterflies, the rainbow, may forget and wander far. But when the feet are bruised and the limbs weary

and the heart sore, and seems naught but strangeness, it cries for home. Men and women have a little stronger limbs and a little stronger hearts; they can chase the butterflies and the rain-

can chase the butterflies and the rambows a little farther, and then they, too, must like the little child, see the mocking folly of it all and, weary heartsick, cry for refuge—home.

For many of us the old home may no longer be except in memory, but if in memory it is enshrined, then, whatever the disappointments, the deceptions, the despairs of life, we still may turn new home, new courage, and new inspirations. hope, new courage, and new inspirations, as did this poor girl, back to the old home, where love glows against the world's coldness.

Misfortune has its recompense when it turns us back to set our lips once more to the spring of love that is pure and undefiled.

Amid joys and successes our sur Amid joys and successes our sur-roundings seem not so near to us; they are remote in their unreality; their glitter and abundance. And when sorrow comes it finds us sick with lone-liness, it is then that in the lowly home of childhood every table and chair and picture seems to take tongue and call and call, and call to us. And the call comes thru the distance and thru the comes thru the distance and thru the years like strains of deep loved and never-to-be forgotten music, filled with multitudes of sweet associations that make the heart beat quick.

Hold up your heads, girls! The ugliest of you may have the beauty of health and purity and innocence. The plainest may make herself so beloved that the hearts of those who know her will long for her presence, and to them she shall seem the very queen of beauty. If your lips are too thick and lacking in curves, teach them to utter sweet word of sympathy and noble words of inspiration. If your hands are too large, let them ever be ready and helpful, the glad almoners of a generous heart. It will shine thru and be apparent to the dullest eye, and while making the mind and heart beautiful, do not forget the beay. Keep it clean, wholesome and pure, and you will be a delight to yourself and those about you. No matter how bright the eyes may be, if they

### SALVATION ARMY MOVEMENT

While everyone is rejoicing over th peace news still we must not think the time for our support to the government and soldiers is at an end. We must express our gratitude by buying Victory Bonds and making ample provision to assist our soldiers upon their return. The Salvation Army, realizing that the men will need a friend, are launching a Dominion-wide drive, the objective of which is a Million Dollars, to provide funds to meet the needs of the reconstruction period. Many men will be without homes or a place to stay while hunting work in the larger cities, and it is their plan to establish a chain of hostels across the Dominion where the men can secure good accommodations at a small price. The S.A. Military hostels in Toronto, Kingston, London and Winnipeg are already proving a boon for the soldiers, and far-sighted business men believe these will meet an even greater need during the reconstruction

The huts and canteens will be needed to be still maintained, since many months of "moping up" lie before our men, and lack of transportation will further delay their return home. Comforts found in the S.A. huts will do much to lessen their chaffing at of returning home.

More than one boy has written home "The S.A. are our friends, they under stand us, and are here to serve. If you stand us, and are here to serve. If you have any money to give, give it to the Salvation Army" His Excellency, the Duke of Devonshire, recently worte to the directors of the Red Shield Drive, "I hope this drive will be generously supported by the people of Canada, so the S.A. can continue its excellent work to the best advantage. Mrs. W. S. Dixon, of Ottawa, was here last week to arrange recliminaries for aiding the campaign. preliminaries for aiding the campaign.

The November issue of Rod and Gunpublished by W. J. Taylor Limited, Woodstock, Ont., is on the news-stands and is replete with good things for the sportsman reader and lover of outdow ifle generally. "Canadian Game Trails" by Hubert Hutton, "The Moose Call," a story of two narrow escapes, by G. F. Hiltz, "Carcajous," the record of a unique experience in the winter wilds, by A. Sturtzel, and "Humors of the Hunt" by George R. Belton, are some of the contributions to the story section of the magazine. An article on the making of moceasins is illustrated by F. V. Williams who is also the cover design artist. Rod and Gun Mechanics for Trappers is a page of illustrations and Trappers is a page of illustrations and supplements the department. Along the Trap Line which is continued in this

reflect unkind, unlovely thoughts they

are not beautiful. No matter how soft and white the hands may be, if they cannot work they are useless members, commanding no respect.

There are a thousand ways in which we can add to the peace and leisure of our homes. Let the house all day long be the scenes of pleasant words. Let us have music, for truly is it said that a home without music is like springtime without birds. Cultivate vocal music in your family if you cannot have justing without biras. Cultivate vocal music in your family if you cannot have instrumental. At night when all are gathered around the fireside what can be-more pleasant than to sing the sweet songs.

### WANTED A BOY.

- A jolly boy. A boy full of vim.
- A boy who scorns a lie.
  A boy who will never smoke.
  A boy with some "stick to it."
  A boy who takes to the bath tub.
- A boy who is proud of his big sister. A boy who thinks hard work is no
- A boy who does chores without grumb
- A boy who thinks that an education is worth while.
- A boy that plays with all his might—during play hours.

  A boy who listens not to unclean stories from any one.

  A boy who thinks his mother above all mothers is the model.

- All mothers is the model.

  A boy that does not know more than all the rest of the house.

  A boy who does not think it inconsistent to mix praying and playing.

  A boy who does not need to be called

second time in the morning.

These are hundreds of young men in every great city, in the very lowest depths of degradation, whom the home influence carefully and prayerfully extended through tender, affectionate womanly letters might have saved. There are hundreds of others, just taking their first lessen in vice, who may be brought back to purity by loving words from mother sisters or sweet. words from mother sisters, or sweet-hearts. Until a man becomes thoroughly ricious, the thought of a pure woman's love will do much to restrain him from iniquity. If that love grows careless of hims, he grows careless of hims, the grows careless of hims, the state of this state. brothers or lovers away among strangers. Remember that you owe them a sacred dnty; and give them frequent missives from home, freighted with love and accompanied by earnest prayer.

### **GUARD THE BABY** AGAINST COLDS

To guard the baby against colds nothing can equal Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets are a mild laxative that will keep the little one's stomach and borrole working. bowels working regularly. It is a recognized fact that where the stomach and bowels are in good order that colds will not exist; that the health of the little one will be good and that he will thrive and be happy. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### The Late Charles Spencer

Mr. Charles Spencer, the veteran Canadian Pacific Railway conductor, who died recently at Ottawa, enjoyed the distinction of not only having bee the distinction of not only having been in the service of the C.P.R. for at least half a century, but also of having been in charge of the first train over the C.P.R. from Brockville to Sand Point. This was in 1873. Mr. Spencer was born near Kemptville in 1833, and was a sor of the late John Spencer, who was fore man of lock gates along the Rideau canal from Bytown to Kingston during its construction, afterwards taking up farming near Kemptville. He spent his youth on the farm and for some time farmed on the scene of the Chrysler' Farm battle in 1812, sleeping in the old Chrysler homestead, of such historic interest to Canadians. In 1868 he entered the employ of the old Brockville and Ottawa railway, first being in charge of the freight sheds and station at Brockville. After six months he become harmonic productions and the statement of the control of the control of the control of the charge of the statement of the control of the control of the charge of the became baggageman on the road, where he served three months, when he was given charge of a train and held the rank of conductor continually until his retirement a short time ago, latterly being a travelling conductor.

Why is a newspaper like a pretty woman? To be perfect, it must be the



### BLACK SATIN EVENING GOWM



Black satin is the incomparable ma terial for an evening gown for the society matron, and as shown in this beautiful model, it is indeed charming.
The black bead trimming on the waist
and on the tunic add to its attractiveness. The ermine wrap, with its cerise lining, is all that is needed to complete this elegant outfit.

### NEW KIND OF TAM IN ERMINE

Aids Materially in Tricking Out an Old Gown to Do Service During Early Autumn.

The woman who is looking for smart hats to trick out with bravery an old gown for the early autumn should ask for a certain kind of tam in white er mine, which is considered very smart in certain selected circles. It is copied in fine white angora and in silk plush, and is worn by Paris women with dark gowns that have white collars. It is guiltless of trimming and fits closely around the head, then goes out into a symmetrical crown, which is not crushed, but retains its stiff

lines. It is worn without a veil.

There are modifications of this bat
that look somewhat like the bearskin caps of the Grenadiers. These sinister looking caps which were created in the old Roman days to terrify the enemy, have been made essentially friv-olous and feminine today in their resurrection for woman's heads by the addition of a curious and intriguing veil. It is of black mesh, worn straight over the stiff, high cap, caught slightly to the headband with a long basting thread, and left to fall as it will over the shoulders. So far, it is quite normal, but where it departs from normality, is in the brightly embroidered figure of a sailor wigwagging with his colored signal flag. The mistake made here was in the embroidery of a sailor; the figure should have been taken from the army and not the navy in order to coincide with the shape of the cap. It is not unlike those worn today by our West Point cadets in full dress uniform

### TO USE THE SMALL FEATHERS

Ostrich Tips Now Being Worked Up Advantageously on Stunning New Fall Millinery.

Almost every woman has put away in her scrap box of millinery odds and ends a number of small ostrich tips, not handsome enough to be used as a hat trimming in the ordinary way, but almost too good to be thrown feathers made over into somethin sometime—and this is just the time. feathers made something

One of the stunning new millinery models of early autumn is a big hat of black velvet, with large, crushed velvet crown gathered at one side un-der a gold rose which seems to hold the folds of velvet in position. The wide velvet brim is edged with a black-and-gold cord and under the brim is a facing a pale bisque georgette over

white satin Small black ostrich feathers are appliqued to this facing, radiating from the inside (or head size) of the hat, to the outer edge of the brim. A num-ber of small feathers could be dyed black and used in this way with very

### About New Winter Wraps

Always the evening coats for a vinter season are about the most rav shing part of a lavish wardrobe. this season is no exception. Here there seems to be no attempt made at con servation, for both the capes and Why is a newspaper woman? To be perfect, it must be the embodiment of many types. Its form is made up. It is always chased though inclined to be giddy. It enjoys a good press; the more rapid the better. It has a weakness for gossip; talks a good deal; can stand some praise; and it's awfluly proud of a new dress.—Stirling and enfolding patches. The collars obliterate one's features altogether when wrapped about the throat to their full capacity. wraps are as ample as the law allows,

Some of the very prettiest white uffling for collars is made of batiste of a fine, sheer quality, combined with narrow Val lace gathered on in little frills. Fine tucks are run between the bandings of the lace.

## SPIRIT STILL THERE

French Patriotism Defies Hun Frightfulness.

Refugee Gives Thrilling Account of children in Devastated Town Singing the "Marseillaise" Despite Orders Forbidding It.

means all of whom are French, who think that the Marseillaise is the very timing that the Marseillaise is the very finest of all war songs. Certainly it is: a great song of freedom as well as of France, and is associated historically with the progress of liberty among the nations. Youthful America used it benations. Youthful America used it before the Star Spangled Banner had been
composed; new-born free Russia still
sings it, scarcely less often than its
own new national hymn. It binds together in the memory of Frenchmen
a hundred thrilling scenes of their
country's history; and to this rosary
of rationism new invels are added as of patriotism new jewels are added as the great war goes forward. It is not easy to read unmoved the narrative of how, although sternly proscribed, it was sung recently in one of the invaded districts. A refugee told the story to the American novelist, Mrs. Dorotlly Canfield Fisher: We have tried our best to keep the

iffe of French children what it ought to be. I remember last year Aunt Louise taught a group of children in our part of the town to sing the Mar-sellaise. The studio of my cousin Jean is at the back of the house and high year and so she thought the chilhigh up; and so she thought the chil-dren's voices could not be heard from the street. The mayor heard of what she was doing, and sent word that he should like to hear them sing. The news spread rapidly. When he arrived with the city council, coming in one by one, as if merely to make a call they found the big studio full to over-flowing with their fellow citizens—the old men and women who are the fel-low citizens left there. Two or three hundred of them were there—the most representative people of the town, all in black, all so silent, so old and so sad. The children were quite abashed by such an audience and filed up on the little platform shyly—our poor, thin, shabby, white-faced children, 50

or 60 of them.
There was a pause. The children were half afraid to begin; the rest of us were thinking uneasily that we were running a great risk. Suppose the children's voices should be heard in the street, after all. Suppose the German police should enter and find us assembled thus. It would mean horrors and miseries for every family represented. The mayer stood near the resented. The mayor stood near the children to give them the signal to be gin-and dared not. We were silent

our hearts beating fast.

Then all at once the littlest ones of all began in their high, sweet treble those words that mean France, that mean liberty, that mean life itself to

"Allons, enfants de la patrie," they sang, tilting their heads back like little birds; and all the other children followed: "Against us floats the red flag of tyranny!" We were on our feet in an instant. It was the first time any of us had heard it sung since-since our men marched away. I began to tremble all over, so that I could hardly stand. Everyone stared up at the children; everyone's face was dead white to the lips. The children sang on—sang the chorus, sang the second stanza

When they began the stanza, "Sacred love of our fatherland, sustain our avenging arms," the mayor's old face grew livid. He whirled about to the audience, his white hair like a lion's mane, and with a gesture swept us all into the song: "Liberty, our adored liberty, fight for thy defenders!" There were three hundred voices

shouting it out, the tears streaming down our cheeks. If a regiment of German guards had marched into the room we would not have turned our heads. Nothing could have stor then. We were only a crowd of old men and defenseless women and children, but we were all that was left of

You Can't Run From the War. "The other day I heard about a perfectly healthy man (not of military age) who said he was going to Honolulu to 'get away from the war.' He didn't 'believe in the 'war,' thinks the war a 'mistake,' and all that sort of

Well, I wonder if he thinks the rest of us are infatuated with the war! Are you? Is France? Wouldn't we all like to get rid of it? And aren't we trying to?
"When I heard about this man I

felt like sending him the following telegram: 'Say, mister, come back and do your share. This is your world just as much as oars. You can't run away and leave the job of trying to save it to the rest of us. If you think it can be saved without the use of guns and swords, come back and show us how. But don't stand there and look superior. You can't get away with that. Cut out your airs and tell us what to do. If you still think you must go-go for what you are-a welcher and a quitter."—American Magazine.

# While mother was arranging the pantry shelves Mae handed her the spice boxes, mentioning each spice by

name. Presently she said: "Mamma, I can read." "Can you, dear?" remarked her

mother.
"Yes, mamma," said Mae., "But I

don't read like you, I read by smell,"

SUBSTITUTE FOR COAL.

Being Utlized In France and

Switzerland.

As a substitute for coal on the continent, saw dust and wood are recommended for use in France and Switzerland. In Geneva 10 per cent. of sawdust is added to the coal in vertical retorts, and, as an alternative, logs of wood three feet in length are placed on the retorts, which then contain only charges of 260 pounds, instead of 1,240 pounds of coal. Wood and coal are worked alternately on two benches, and, the gases not being kept separate, the resulting tars are not acid. At La Chaux de Fonds, in the Jura district of France, 375 pounds of sawdust are mixed with 66 pounds of coal in horizontal retorts, which take 990 pounds of coal. In Neuchatel the coal is mixed with 28 per cent. of wood.

coal is mixed with 28 per cent. of wood.

Roughly two pounds of seasoned wood have a fuel value equal to one pound of coal. Different kinds of wood have different fuel values, and in general the greater the dry weight of a non-resinous wood the more heat it will give out when burned. For such 'species as hickory, oak, beech, birch, hard maple, ash, locust, long-leaf pine or cherry, which have comparative high fuel values, one cord weighing about 4,000 pounds, is required to equal one ton of coal. It takes a cord and a half—a total weight of 4,500 pounds—of short-leaf, pine, hemlock, red gum, Douglas fir, sycamore, or soft maple, which weighs about 3,000 pounds a cord, to equal a ton of coal; whilst of cedar, redwood, poplar, catalpa, Norway pine, cypress, basswood, spruce and white pine, two cords, weighing about 2,000 pounds each, or 4,000 pounds are required.

Two persons having a copy of a dic-tionary of the same edition make up the message which they send by the number of the page and the number of the words counted down the column of the page, for example, the word "ship' might be 30-17, thirty being the num ber of the page and 17 the number of the line in which the word "ship" ap-pears in the book used as a cipher.

In the opening of the war, when the English were treating the captured German officers as courteous enemies, one of these devices, it is said, was made use of for getting information out of England, with respect to Eng-lish destroyers, their number and equipment. An officer pretended to be interested in the English game of golf. He endeavored to learn it and appeared to be exceedingly enthusi-astic. The letters which he was permitted to send out to his wife in Dres den were filled with details of the game, which permitted an abundance of figures on strokes and distances. Important information with respect to the English admiralty was conveyed to the German staff through the medium of the apparently harmless letters of this convert to the English game. The book used for the cipher was a certain English edition of Shakespeare, of which there was a copy in the Dres-den public library.—Everybody's.

### Powerful Engines.

Maj. E. A. Bishop, an English flyer, says in London Answers: "The modern fighting scout—and to my mind the single-seater is the only real airplane for offensive work—may have the power of 200 horses throbbing in its wonderful engine. Some of the machines are very slender of waist and almost transparent of wing. Airplanes do not thrust their warlike nature upon the casual observer. One has to look twice before definitely locating the gun or guns attached so unobstructively to the framework and synchronized, where necessary, to shoot through the whirring propeller

### Rheumatism, Kidney or Stomach Trouble and Asthma Promptly Cured.

For Rheumatism. Kidney Trouble, Indiges For Kheumatism. Kinney I rottole, Indiges-tion, Dyspepsia, Billousness, Sick or Sour Stomach, Bitter taste in the mouth, Loss of Appetite, and Asthma, this medicine has no equal. Two to five doses will cure Sore Back or Sluggish Kidneys.

Corporal W. Lewis No. 305525, 1st D.A.C. at present residing in Eganville, Ont., writes:—"I was 18 months in France and went through the battles of the Somme, Vimy Ridge, Lens, Hill 70 and Passchendale. On account of Kidney Trouble I was invalided to England. I was treated there for some months in the 5th, and 11th Hospitals, and was finally invalided home to Ottawa, where I feceived treatment in the Convalescent Home. I was finally discharged as being medically unfit for further active service. Having heard of your Victory Rheumatic and Kidney Cure, I decided to try it, and after using four bottles I feel certain it has made me as well as ever, and I am gaining in weight every week. I can highly recommend it to any sufferer from Kidney Trouble as a sure and quick cure."

Mr. W. J. Payne, Renfrew, Ont., writes:
-"I had Rheumatism in my arms, shoulders "I had Rheumatism in my arms, shoulders and legs for over four years. At times I was unable to get on my coat without assistance, My kidneys were also in bad shape. Three bottles of your Victory Rheumatic and Kidney

For sale by W. P. Pattie, Carleton Place, M. R. McFarlane, Almonte; L. A. Wilson, Smiths Falls; J. L. Rochester Ltd., Rideau St., Ottawa; or direct from the manufacturer W. F. Ritchie, box 296, Renfrew, Ont.

### Price, 75c per Bottle.

In remitting for mail orders add sufficient to cover postage.

### Rats are Big Eaters

Experts have estimated that one rat will consume 40 to 50 pounds of food in a year. It has also been figured that it requires the continuous work of about 165,000 men with farms, agricultural implements, and other equipments to supply the foodstuffs destroyed annually by rats in the United States and Canada. In addition rats destroy other property, mainly of agricultural origin, the production of which requires the work of about 55,000 men. This gives a total of 220,000 men whose economic output is devoted solely to feeding and otherwise providing for rats.

### **Results Count**

The American: "What happened to

The Tommy: "To tell you the truth, I ain't quite certain. About ten minutes ago I was 'avin' a tete-a-tete with a German sapper. He was a nice-lookin boy—'ad a face like a marderer.

We was grawlin' on one transitions We was crawlin' on our stummicks, when we came face to face. He says somethin' to me in German, an' I answers him in just as bad language."

"What happened then?"
"Well, I 'ates to brag; but I'm 'ere an' 'e hain't!"

### Indorsement

"I want to get this check cashed," said the young wife to the paying teller at the bank.

"Yes, madam; you must endorse it,

"Yes, madam; you must endorse it, though."
"Why my husband sent it to me.
He is away on business."
"Yes, madam. But just endorse it.
Sign it on the back, please, and your husband will know we paid it to you."
She went back to the desk and in a couple of minutes came back with the check endorsed:

'Your loving wife, Edith."

Feeding milling wheat to live stock or poultry is forbidden by the Canada Food Board.

# Always Effective—and acts quickly Relieves lame back, lumbago, neuralgia, sprains, lame joints and muscles, toothache, earache, sore throat and other painful complaints—Hirst's Stops the Pain. Get a bottle today. Have it handy—has a hundred uses. As dealers or write us. HIRST RÉMEDY CO., Hamilton, Can.

### $O_{\hat{\phi}}$ $\hat{\phi}$ $\hat{\phi$ HELP INCREASE PRODUCTION

We can supply you with the best kinds of Grain Feeds for your Horses, Cattle, Hogs and

You can do the rest, and at the same time get good prices for what you dispose of.

## Use SUNLIGHT Flour

It will please you.

H. BROWN & SONS

Canada Food Board License No. 85

**Ö**\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

ITEE INFERIEURE

### CARLETON PLACE COUNCIL

Council met in the town hall on Tuesday evening in regular session, Mayor R. W. Bates in the chair and Messrs. W. Pattie, N. M. Riddell, F. C. Donald, W. M. Cameron, F. C. McRostie and W. J. Hughes present.

The minutes of last regular meeting were read and confirmed.

A letter was read from the central organization at Toronto making an appeal to the council for a tag day in aid of the people of Serbia, Montenegro and Macedonia.

A copy of the application of the Beli

and Macedonia.

A copy of the application of the Belt Telephone Company asking the permission of the Railway Commission for the privilege of raising the company's tolks was presented to council.

Several accounts were read by the clerk and placed in the hands of the Finance Committee.

A letter was read from the National Sanitarium Association asking for a great

Sanitarium Association asking for a grant.

Mr. F. C. Donald gave notice that at next regular meeting he would introduce a bylaw to appoint deputy returning officers.

Mr. Donald also gave notice that at next meeting he would introduce a bylaw fixing the assessment of the Hawthorn Woollen Mille, and the bylaw to raise money for the purchase of the Carleton Place Electric Light Company plant.

Carleton Place Electric Light Company plant.

Mr. F. C. McRostie gave a report for the wood committee up to November 8. There are now about 660 cords of wood cut and since the last report the following amounts are owing to the men for their work: Moore Knowles, \$99.00; Thomas Dowdall, \$61.71; Robt. Cram, \$3.00; Mr. Morrow, \$21.00; House rent for the men from April 1, to November 1, \$21.00; a total of \$205.71. On motion of Messers. McRostie and Hughes an order was passed providing for the payment of the above amounts. Mayor Bates stated that there was a considerable amount of wood sold and some of it had been delivered. The roads were too bad to continue drawing at present.

some of it had been delivered. The roads were too bad to continue drawing at present.

Mr. McRostie said that a number of farmers were anxious to draw the wood to town and he would bave no difficulty in getting men just as soon as the snow came.

The clerk reported that he had orders for over 180 cords already.

Mayor Bates said he had been advised by the Medical Health, Officer that the epidemic of influenza is now pretty well over and there were only a few isolated cases. The Board had found it necessary at the outbreak of the disease to secure a nurse. He found it very difficult to secure volunteer workers in the town. He quoted one house in which eight people were sick at once and people were afraid to go in and give them the necessary care and attention. Owing to the large number of cases it was thought advisable by the Board of Health for the furse to supervise the care of the patients in the town rather than confine her attention to any particular case exclusively. He had paid the nurse and also a number of other bills for cleaning, etc. As the Board of Health had no finances on which to draw he thought perhaps it might be wise to take up a subscription to defray the expenses of the lang as he thought all accounts should

subscription to defray the expenses of the outbreak.

Mr. Riddell did not agree with this plan as he thought all accounts should come in to the council and be paid for by the town. He stated that if accounts were presented to him he would see that they were paid for through the Relief Committee.

Moved by Mr. Pattie, seconded by Mr. Cameron, that the following accounts be paid and that the Mayor sign the necessary orders on the Treasures.

counts be paid and that the Mayor sign the necessary orders on the Treasures. Bell Telephone Co., messages \$ 2.25 H. Brown & Sons, oats ... 57.30 B. Culbertson, cutting hay ... 3.00 N. Carter, work ... 7.05 Wm. Morrow, work ... 7.05 WJ. Hughes, fumigation ... 1.20 Jas. Warrer & Son, blacksmithing 29.10 H. Hicken, repairing fire engine ... 10.00 Dr. Downing, paid Nurse Campbell for services and expenses ... 41.00 W. A. Nichol, lumber ... 30.15 Geo. Godden, locket and chain ... 25.00 W. J. Muirhead, sundries ... 15.13 D. H. McIntosh, rent of stable, etc 40.50 Wm. Donahue, work on streets ... 6.00 Mr. F. C. Donald reported that last summer part of the town park had been divided into garden plots for which a small fee had been paid for. He favored continuing this same plan for another year and wanted to know if council was in favor of the proposal. He had instructed Mr. Wilson to have the town team plow the property in order to have it in readiness. Several people who had plots there during the past summer were anxious to get the same privilege again next year and if Council was agreeable he would insert a notice in the papers that plots may be secured by paying in advance for them. Mr. Cameron said that we werin need of larger production next year than ever and possibly for years to be secured by paying in advance to them. Mr. Cameron said that we were in need of larger production next year than ever and possibly for years to come and the Council should encourage the people to take these lots in every way possible. Mr. Riddell concurred in this view stating that he had been asked by some people if they would be allowed to secure the same plots as they had last summer.

Mayor Bates also favored the proposal and suggested that Mr. Donald, as Chairman of the Property Committee should go ahead and announce that lots would be available to those applying for them.

The letter written by Miss Cameron, of Montreal, relative to her taxes was again laid over in order that it might be referred to Mr. J. S. L. McNeely for some further light on the matter.

Mayor Bates stated that the Union

be referred to Mr. J. S. L. McNeely for some further light on the matter.

Mayor Bates stated that the Union of Municipalities was fighting the raise in rates of the Bell Telephone Company. This remark brought out a considerable amount of criticism against the local branch of the Bell Telephone Company in the service they are at present rendering, Mr. Riddell stating that a few days ago his house phone had been taken out which had been in use for some years and a new phone installed in its stead. The new instrument was not nearly as satisfactory as the old one and the rate for the phone had been doubled. He switchboard rather than the phone, however. Several other members of the council spoke on the question stating that the town was not getting nearly as good service at is used to. The request for relief for the Balkan States by means of a tag day was referred back to the Toronto organization with the request that they communicate with some of the women's organizations in the town.

Mr. McRostie asked what position the Hydro Electric bylaw was in.

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Hydro Electric bylaw was in.

Mayor Bates replied that the Hydro Electric want Council to put a bylaw through at the same time as the municipal election in January. The Hydro will send a couple of men here some days in advance in order that public meetings may be held and that full explanations of the whole system in its work in similarly situated places might be given so that the ratepayers would

## WINTER APPLES AND THEIR GARE WHY BUTTER IS WASHED

As winter apples are expensive it is important that the buyer and consumer should when laying in the winter's supply, obtain varieties that will be in best condition successively through the winter. He should also keep his apples so as to lose as few of them as possible from over ripeness or rotting. As soon as the fruit is received it should be put in the coolest place available without frost. A temperature from 32° to 35' Fahr. is best. If there is a choice in the house, that with the moister atmosphere, such as a cellar without a furnace, would be the better for the air is too dry for keeping apples well in many houses.

(Experimental Farm Note)

If the apples are in good condition, they may be left in the barrel or box. If, however, they show signs of rotting they should be sorted and the unaffected

good condition carly in the winter are Fameuse or Snow, Ribston Pippin, Hubbardston Nonsuch, Tomkins King, Jonathan, Grimes Golden and McIntosh Red. The Fameuse and McIntosh Red are two of the most popular dessert varieties. These are both in good condition in November, but, while the Fameuse does not keep well, as a rule, much after the New Year, the McIntosh grown in some districts will keep in good condition until March. Ribston Pippin, Hubbardston and Tomkins King are three more apples of high flavor for November and December or later. Jonothan, while not grown to any November and December or later. Jonothan, while not grown to any extent in Canada outside British Columbia, is shipped East in boxes. It also comes from the Western States and can be depended upon until about the New Year. It is a handsome apple of good quality. After the New Year the Northern Spy is perhaps, the most popular apple in Canada but as the supply is limited and they can be kept until late in the winter or spring, some of the sorts which do not keep well much after midwinter may be used first. Among such are Rhode Island Greening, of the sorts which do not keep well much after midwinter may be used first. Among such are Rhode Island Greening, Baldwin, Wagener and Esopus Spitzenburg. For late winter and spring, in addition to Northern Spy, varieties which are usually available are Golden Russet, Röxbury Russet or Nonpareil, Stark Ben Davis, and, in Bokes from the West, Yellow Newtown, Winesap, Stayman Winesap and Rome Beauty. Stark and Ben Davis are the least desirable for dessert purposes, and Stark desirable for dessert purposes, and Stark is not acid enough for the best cooking. These are good varieties.

### Algoma's Coal Experience

No coal. For many months the town coal committee has made an endeavor to buy a boatload of coal. Many people subscribed to the scheme, and volunteered to take a certain number of tons of c.al. Well, at this late day, we are informed, there's "nothing doing," First, the Fuel Controller, as we understand it, demanded \$10 for a license which would negrify us to have the coal in bulk. permit us to buy the coal in bulk. The 10-spot was forwarded, but no information came as to how the coal was to be procured. Then a demand came to the committee for \$25 00. This, too was sent. Finally the chairman of the was sent. Finally the chairman of the committee wrote asking when and how we were to get our coal. The head push at Ottawa answered "The Fuel Controller at Toronto will furnish you with coal—write him," which advice was immediately followed. Now comes word from Toronto that we will have to fish for ourselves—get coal where we can or do without. So we're between the the devil and the deep sea. No coal, after all the correspondence and anxiety—and \$35 in the hole.—Algoma Advocate.

### **Drilled out of Mind**

He carefully to make at headquarters. formulated and rehearsed the speech he would make in presenting the request and timidly entered the office. The lieutenant on duty looked up from his desk and roared:

"Stand at attention !" The rookie 'straightened himself and slapped his hands to his sides.

"Put your heels together!" roared the lieutenant.

The rookie complied.

Now salute !" ordered the officer. The rookie saluted.

Now, what do you want ?" the officer

"I don't know," said the rookie.

A confusion of suggestions. Keep warm, but don't use coal. Escape the warm, but don't use coal. Escape the "flu," but don't use the furnace "flu" escape. Burn gas and save coal. Be careful of gas because it is made from coal. Eat nourishing food to ward off disease. Refrain from eating meat and flour.—Brockville Recorder.

e in a position to vote intelligently on be in a position to vote intelligently on the measure.

Mr. Hughes asked if the passing of this byław would entail the rewiring of all the houses in the town.

Mayor Bates replied that he did not think so. However he stated that even at present it is impossible to have even ten feet of wire erected in any building of the town without a Government permit. No doubt many of the residences will require to be gone over in order to put them in proper condition to comply, with the Government regulations, but this applied now just as much as it would whether Hydro was passed or not:

Mr. McRostie reported in confirmation of this that a short time ago

was passed or not:

Mr. McRostie reported in confirmation of this that a short time ago when they had their store fixed over the wiring had to be left exposed for several days in order that a Government Inspector might come here to pass an opinion on it before it could be closed in.

Council then adjourned.

SOME HINTS TO THE DAIRY WORKERS.

The Object of Washing Butter Is to Always Use Pure Water.

granules so that the largest possible surface is exposed to the water. To it out of the butter is not effective;

they may be left in the barrel or box. If, however, they show signs of rotting they should be sorted and the unaffected specimens wrapped in tissue or newspaper which lessens the danger of any rot spreading. If the room is very dry it will be better to put them back in the barrel or box after wrapping as they will shrivel less than if more exposed to the air. It is important to keep the fruit in clean receptacles, otherwise they may absorb unpleasant flavors.

Among the best varieties of apples in good condition early in the winter are Fameuse or Snow, Ribston Pippin, Hubbardston Nonsuch, Tomkins King, Jonathan, Grimes Golden and McIntosh Red. The Fameuse and box of the most popular dessert varieties. These are both in good condition in November, but, while the same effect upon the body of the butter as high churning temperature.



Washing Utensils Immediately After Making Butter.

atures, whereas cold water makes the butter so hard that it can be worked only with great difficulty, and if very cold the proper incorporation of the saft is practically impossible.

After the buttermilk has been drawn off the cork is replaced and one-half the wash water is poured into the churn. The cover of the churn is then replaced and the churn given about four rapid revolutions. The wash water is drawn off and the washing repeated. Two washings are usually sufficient, the second wash water when drawn off usually being almost perfectly clear.

While the wash water is draining off the worker should be rinsed again with hot water followed by a thorough rinsing and cooling with cold water. This must be done immediately before using beense if the

ough rinsing and cooling with cold water. This must be done immediately before using, because if the worker is slightly dry the butter will stick to it. The lever worker is widely used and gives satisfactory results, though other types do just as good work

The butter, which is still in the ranular condition, is removed from the churn with the ladle and placed in a convenient receptacle for weighing. The old-fashioned butter bowl is convenient, and this is the only year that should be made of it. The use that should be made of it. The use that should be made of it. The butter having been weighed the quantity of salt is weighed, and this should be calculated on the basis of three-fourths of an ounce for each pound of butter. The quantity may be varied to suit personal taste or the requirements of the market. The best grade of butter salt or table salt the requirements of the market. The best grade of butter salt or table salt should be used. The butter is placed upon the worker, spread out about two inches thick, and the saft, free of lumps, sifted upon it. The butter is then pressed with the lever or other device, care being taken to press and not to rub or smear it. After being pressed into a thin layer it is folded upon itself into a pile and the pressing repeated. The working is continued until there is a thorough and even distribution of the salt and a desirable grain and body have been produced.

produced. The working of the butter is a very important step in the making process and should receive careful attention. Too much working is a common fault in farm-made butter. common fault in farm-made outer.

Overworked butter has a sticky and salvy body, a dull, greasy appearance, and gummy grain. It feels warm in the mouth, sticks, and dissolves slowly. Properly worked butter has a waxy body and a bright appearance, and feels cool and dissolves quickly in the mouth. Butter has a proper and feels cool and dissolves quickly in the mouth. Butter has a proper grain if a slab breaks when bent at an angle of about 45 degrees and the broken surface has the appearance of broken steel. In addition, overworking butter injures its keeping properties. properties

### Large Crop of Blueberries

It is estimated that in Sudbury district alone \$50,000 worth of blue-berries have been picked this season. Norfolk also reports that straw-berries of the everbearing variety are now coming on the market.

"DON'T IT JEST BEAT ALL!"

Colonel's Orderly Has an Altogether Unflattering Opinion of Franch Intelligence.

Red, the colonel's orderly, stood in e Object of Washing Butter Is to Remove Buttermilk and the Proper Time to Do the Work Is When Butter Is In Small Granules—

Of a regiment recruited in the Middle West, but he halls from the Panhandle The object of washing butter is to remove the buttermilk. The only way that this can be done properly is to wash the butter when it is in small pathetic listener beyond the thresh-

> "Me, I'm plum' outdone with these here French people," I heard him drawl. "Here we've been camped amongst 'em fer goin' on four months and they ain't learnt English yet. and they ain't learnt English yet. You'd think they'd want to know how to talk to people in a reg'lar honest-to-God language—but no, seein' seemin'ly not a-tall. I'd be ashamed to be so ignorunt and show it. Course oncet in a while you do run acrost one of them they's picked, up, a word here and 'em that's picked up a word here and there; but that's about all.

"Now frinstance you take that nice-lookin' little woman with the black eyes and the shiny teeth that runs that there little store in this here last come on up here. I never could remember the name of that there townit was so outlandish soundin'—but you remember the woman. don't you? Well, there's a case in p'int. She was bright enough lookin', but she was like all the rest—it seemed like she jest couldn't pick up enough reg'lar words to help her git around. Ef I went in her place and asked her fer sardines she'd know what I meant right off and hand 'em over, but ef I wanted some cheese she didn't have no idea whut I was talkin' about. Don't it jest beat all?"—Irvin S. Cobb

### MANY USES FOR SANDBAG

Soldiers, Employ It in a Number of Ways Besides What It Is Officially Intended For.

The sandbag is one of the most use ful pieces of military equipment found anywhere and the soldier puts it to manifold uses. Their official use, of course, is to be filled with sand or clay built into ramparts, barricades and trenches. Their unofficial uses are

The infantryman always uses a sandbag for carrying and storing his rahis clothing, for lining and curtaining his dugout, for muffling mallets and stakes when putting up wire in No Man's Land. They make excellent gatters, being tied on over the puttees as a further protection against mud and dimn. They make cover suffers is damp. They make cozy mufflers in bad weather. They are used to cover shrapnel helmets to prevent reflection, and they are frequently in demand for

rifle covers.

Many soldiers always pull two sandbags over their feet and legs when going to bed in billess; in other words, the sandbag is Tommy's pajamas. The warmth and comfort of a burlap sand-bag when pulled over chilled feet is astonishing.

The postman's mailbag at the front is nothing more than an empty sandbag, and the water carriers also use sandbags, slung back and front over the shoulder, each containing a petrol tin full of water.

"The war will be over," a soldier wit once said, "when all of Belgium and France has been put into sand-bags."

A family of robins and a family of bluebirds are occupying the same house, something quite unusual in bird lore, E. M. Cashman, caretaker of the Altoona (Pa.) reservoir, has re-

Mr. Cashman has erected a number of bird boxes on the watershed and he watches over his charges lovingly. When Papa and Mamma Bluebird came north this spring they were hor was occupied. That is, a pair of rob ins, arriving a week earlier, had started to build a nest on the tiny porch of the house. A wordy battle started, which lasted for several days. The bluebirds wanted the robins to move.

The robins maintained their position. And then, quite suddenly, hos tilities ceased. Investigating. Mr. Cash man found the bluebirds were building a nest inside the box, while the made themselves comfortable porch. Then both mothers sat on the porch. on a nest of eggs.

Upbuilds Chinese Army.

Ken Wang, twelfth graduate in the 1919 class at West Point academy, a year ahead of time, announced that he will return to China to take part in the pbuilding of its new army,

Ken Wang was selected to come to America to be educated in the best military academy in the world ex-pressly for the part he is to play in bringing military coherence into Chinese army affairs.

Discouraged. "I've given up trying to keep a

"What's the matter?"
"I've come to the conclusion that
hen it comes to paying wages, I can't compete with a munitions fac-

Heat Sufferer. "Suffer much from the heat?"
"I should say so. Nearly had a sunstroke rushing around to lay in next winter's coal."

### On the Safe Side

Believing her end was not far off an old Scotswoman, very ill in London, said to her husband "Sandy, where are

ye gaen to bury me?"
"Weel, Jean," he answered slowly.
"I had thocht o' Kensal Green." "Na, na," she said indignantly, "I cudna lie in Kensal Green, Ye mun take me back to Kirriemuir. I wudna like to be buried in London."
"Tut, Jean," exclaimed Sandy.
"Think o' the expense o' takin' ye up to

"I canna help it, Sandy; ye'll hae tae take me there, for I canna' lie quiet in

Kensal Green."

Saindy thought for a moment in silence. "Weel, weel, Jean," he said at last. "Fill tell ye what I'll dae. I'll gie ye a trial o' Kensal Green, an' if ye dinna lie quiet there I'll take ye up tae Kirriemuir

### **Inadequate Means**

A lady descended to the hall of the fashionable hotel in a dressing gown at a late hour and said to the night elerk weetly:
"Could you give me a glass of water,

The night clerk gave her the water and she carried it upstairs. Ten or fifteen minutes later she came down again and asked for another glass of water, which, of course, she got Another ten minutes passed, and with profuse apologies the lady re-appeared and asked the clerk if he would mind

giving her a third glass.

'Excuse me, madam," the man said curiously, "but do you object to telling me what you are doing with all this years?"

"I know you'll just scream when you hear it," said the lady. "I'm trying to put out a fire in my room."

### **Time to Pray**

At a certain church service one day the minister gave out the well-known hymn beginning, "I love to steal away." The regular leader of the choir being absent, the duty devolved upon a young

absent, the duty devolved upon a young fellow of a timid nature, He commenced, "I love to steal," and then broke down.

Raising his voice a little higher, he then sang, "I love to steal."

At length, after a desperate cough, he made a final demonstration, and roared out, "I love to steal."

The effort was too much. Everyone The effort was too much. Everyone

The Minister of Agriculture in Quebe advises farmers of that province that only hogs weighing at least 150 pounds and not more than 250 pounds be marketed and only oxen weighing 500

### Cure That Cold Don't Get Grippe

You know how quickly Zutoo tablets cure headache and break up colds—how soon they allay the fever. Take them at once when you feel the first pain or shiver—the first symptom of a cold.

Taken then, they will prevent the Grippe. Taken after it has developed, there is nothing better for the pain and

Take Zutoo

# SPECIALIST SAID

She Took "FRUIT-A-TIVES" Instead.
And Is Now in Perfect Health.



MME. F. GAREAU

153 Papineau Ave., Montreal. "For three years, I suffered great pain in the lower part of my body, with swelling or bloating. I saw a specialist, who carefully examined me and gave me several tonics to take, which did not help me. Then he told me I must undergo an oper-

ation. This, I refused to permit.

I heard about 'Fruit-a-lives' and the wonderful results it was giving because this medicine is made from fruit juices, so decided to try it.

The first box gave great relief; and I continued the treatment, taking six boxes more. Now, my health is excellent — I am free of pain and swelling—and I give 'Fruit-a-tives' my warmest thanks".

MME. F. GAREAU. 50e. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25e. At all dealers or sent by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

A wife gave her husband a sealed letter, begging him not to open it till he got to his office. When he did so, he

read:
"I'am forced to tell you something
"I'am forced to tell you something "I am forced to tell you something that I know will trouble you, but it is my duty to do so. I am determined you shall know it, let the result be us pray."

"I am forced to tell you something that I know will trouble you, but it is my duty to do so. I am determined you shall know it, let the result be us pray."

The Minister of Agriculture in Quebec crises and I cannot keen it any known for a week that it was coming, but keep it to my-self till to day, when it has reached a crises and I cannot keen it any known as

crises and I cannot keep it any longer.
You must not censure me too harshly.
I do hope it won't crush you.
His hair was slowly raising and his heart beating faster. Then he turned heart beating faster.

heart beating laster. Then he turned the page and read:—
"The coal is all used up. Please call and ask for some to be sent this afternoon. I thought by this method you would not forget it."

The Minister of Finance is considering the design for a new cent copper coin. The present one cent piece, while of excellent design, is of so large a size as to make it inconvenient to carry more than two or three in the pocket. The new coin will be slightly larger and slightly thicker than a ten cent piece so as to be readily distinguishable to the touch. It will take some time to have the die made and the coins issued for circulation. circulation.

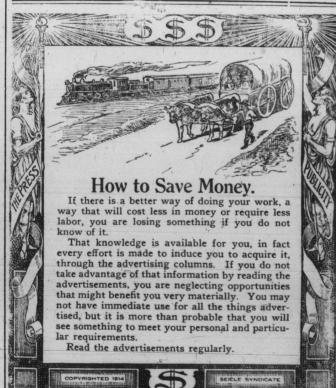
JUST RECEIVED A CAR OF

### Alberta & Crescent PROVENDER

\$58 and \$63 per Ton

We also have a quantity of Bran Shorts on hand at low prices.

C. F. BURGESS, Can. Food Board License Headquarters for the Lake of the Woods Co. products



COPIE DE QUALITEE INFERIE

(Established 1850). W. H. ALLEN, Proprietor.

d every TURSDAY MORNING at the Office e Proprietors, Bridge street, Carleton Place(next door to Post Office). BIPTION PRICE—In Canada, One Dolland M a Year, payable in Advance; \$2 00 if paid. To United States, \$200 per year, in advance.

The business office of THE HERALD is open everingly. The business office of THE HERALD is open evering from 7 to 8 o'clock, and on Monday any attacks, which was a divertisers and parties needing printing. ROTTOE,—All copy for changes of advertisesents should be in on Saturday evening, or not ther than 9 o'clock on Monday morning. As THE EXALD goes to press on Tuesday morning the occasity for this rule is obvious.

ale of this paper may be seen at McKim artising Agency, Montreal, and at Gibbon acy, Toronto. ney letters should be registered, and al

THE HERALD,

### THE HERALD.

TUESDAY, NOV. 19TH, 1918.

SOMETHING went seriously wrong with the old, Watch on the Rhine, so the Allies have substituted a new one their own.-Kingston Whig.

CANADA is bound to make good She has shown it by more than doubling the subscription asked to the Victory Loan. The gross figures this morning are \$676,000,000.

WHAT an ignominous end for the proud and arrogant emperor of Germany who believed he could put the world under his feet! He flees in fear from the anger of his own people.

"A large number of small nations have been reborn in Europe. These will require a League of Nations to protect them against the covetousness of ambitious and grasping neighbors. A League of Nations is absolutely essential to permanent peace. We shall go to the Peace Conference to guarantee that the League of Nations shall become reality."-David Lloyd George:

### PEACE-BUT NOT PLENTY

The end of the war has come, but Canada must not relax her efforts to Canada must not relax her efforts to increase the production of food. In addition to the Allies, whose productive powers have been hampered by the war and who need imports from this continent to build up a reserve, the people of the neutral nations must also be considered. Canada Food Board calls attention to the fact, also, that the constrict of the defeated enemy nations. countries of the defeated enemy nations have also to be considered as in some cases millions of helpless people are facing starvation. Counting Russia, Austria-Hungary, Turkey, Bulgaria, the neutral countries, /France, Belgium, Italy and Great Britain, a grand total of 250,000,000 people are short of food.

Canada will have a hungry market for her agricultural produce and our greatest possible effort to maintain and

increase production will be none too

LIVE STOCK CONFERENCE To formulate national plans for meeting the new and critical conditions in the live stock industry accompanying restoration of peace, some of the leading Canadian live stock men and represent-ative meat packers are being called to a conference by Hon. T. A. Crorar, Minister of Agriculture. Those who have been watching the situation realize that Canada has the opportunity of placing her live stock industry on a broader and a sounder basis than ever before. The war has stimulated live stock production in Canada. An' ever stock production in Canada. An even greater stimulus is expected to develop with the restoration of normal or special communication, as the breeding stock of Eurôpe has seriously declined during the war, in nearly all countries, A heavy demand is bound to be made

A heavy demand is bound to be made upon this continent for meats and breeding stock for some years to come. The Minister of Agriculture is calling upon farmers and live stock to maintain their operations on the war-time scale.

CANADA'S WAR EXPORTS

In the twelve months ending September, 1918, Canada exported \$163, 488,352 worth of animal products and \$440,742,430 worth of agricultural products, a total of \$604,230,792. In addition to her farm products she exported over \$33,000,000 worth of fish. In the first 47 months of the war Canada exported \$1,874,900 worth of foodstuffs. This effort has helped to maintain the Allies and it has helped Canada maintain her war efforts. The call to Canada is still for production and by increased production, Canada can easily pay her billion dollar war debt and maintain Canadian prosperity. CANADA'S WAR EXPORTS

For a good every day household ange', give us a woman who laughs. Home is not a battlefield, nor life one long nuending row. A trick of always seeing the bright side, or, if the thing has no bright side, of shining up the dark one, is a very important faculty and one of the things no woman should be born without. We are not all born with the supphine in our hearts, as the Irish without. We are not all born with the sunshine in our hearts, as the Irish prettily phrase it; but we can cultivate a cheerful sense of humor if we only try.

### Carleton Place Kerald STORY OF WAR TOLD IN BRIEF

Important Dates in Great World Struggle.

THE FALL OF AUTOCRACY

Shows That Democracy Won the Victory Because the Foes of Civilization Were Never Able to Drive Home a Blow at a Vital

URING the first two weeks of last July, the Allies were the war, and the German war lords were proclaiming triumphantly that they were about to achieve the victory that would bring them the world domination, which was the Kaiser's ambition. The British troops with their "backs to the wall," to use the phrase of Field Marshal Haig, were fighting to keep the Teutons from reaching the Chan-

wait. to use the phrase of Field Marshal Haig, were fighting to keep the Teutons from reaching the Channel ports, and farther south, the French army struggled grimly to hold the beast back from Paris. Little did the Allied world dream in those terrible weeks that in Iess than four months, the forces of democracy would be triumphant. No prophet could have foretold that during the second week of November the armistice would be signed which meant the complete surrender of Germany. With this collapse came the end of militarism, and the great autocrats of Europe were all overthrown. Men who, in July, believed that they were about to dominate the world were fugitives in November, flying from the execrations of their former subjects.

Now that the war has become history, it is interesting to look back at the important dates of the past four years and to trace the gradual growth of the omens that pointed towards the final victory of the Entente Allies. There were two great factors in the success of the defenders of civilization. The first was the invincibility of the British navy. At no time since August, 1914, has it failed to do all that was expected of it. Britannia drove Germany from the high seas, and slowly but surely strangled the Central Powers. The second factor was the military genius of the French. When the great armies of the Allies were finally organized, Generalissimo Foch took them in hand, and by wonderful patience combined with magnificent strategy, he secured the victories on the field that finally smashed the German morale at home, which had been gradually crumbling. Political causes in the Central Powers precipitated the collapse that has left the world gasping, but it was the British navy and the French military prowess that produced these polictal causes.

Some persons may ask what names history will remember most distinct.

Some persons may ask what names history will remember most distinctly in connection with the great war. The name of the Kaiser and his chief tools will be remembered with loathing. But in the nobler niches of fame may be placed the names of Generalissimo Foch, who ended the war that the Kaiser commenced and

fame may be placed the names of Generalissimo Foch, who ended the war that the Kaiser commenced, and Premier David Lloyd George of Great Britain, the greatest single dynamic force in organizing the resources of the British Empire. Foch has also given Lloyd George the credit of having made possible the choice of the French general to command the united forces of the Allies.

Looking back over the important incidents of the war, it will be noted that the victories of the Germans were all of secondary importance. The war lords were never able to deliver a vital blow that would have given them a peace based on pangerman ambitions. In 1914, they almost achieved a swift and complete victory. If the Allied world had realized in August of that year how close the Central Powers were to crushing the defenders of civilization, they would have known that tion, they would have known that only a miracle could save them. The miracle happened at the Marne, when Joffre and Foch broke the first onrush of the Hun. The Battle of Verdun was another attempt to score a knock-out blow; the Battle of Jutland was the big German effort to break British sea-power; the submarine warfare which the British navy handled in a manner that justified the highest faith of the Empire. tion, they would have known that fied the highest faith of the Empire ned the highest faith of the Empire, looked like the strongest weapon of a pirate nation; then came the terrible offensives of the early summer of the present year. In all these life and death struggles, the Allies came out victorious. They made it certain that the ultimate destination of the Germans was downfall, and not world domination.

domination.

Even though the Central Powers Even though the Central Powers could not score a decisive victory, they were able to win spectacular campaigns enough to buoy their people up with hopes of final triumph. Each summer of the war was ended by them with something that looked like a brilliant feat of arms. In the autumn of 1914, they massacred the Russian armies in East Prussia, and ended the only invasion of German soil; in 1915 the great Russian retreat, after a winter of victories against incompetent Austria, took place, in the autumn of that year little Serbia was completely crushed; in the autumn of 1916, Roumania was smashed in a swift and cruel campaign; and then followed the Russian revolution and the melting away of the cumbersome but important armies of the Slav. The Russian revolution, which was intended to create democracy, brought important sian revolution, which was intended to create democracy, brought forth Bolshevikism, the most important menace that modern civilization must face now that the war is over. The defection of Russia brought another black period in the affairs of the Allies, but this was offset, by the coming into the war of the United States, bringing with them the man-power, the morale and high ideals of the world's biggest republic. Last October, the Germans used

the troops secured from Russia in an enter to knock Itifly out of the war. For a week it looked as though the story of Roumania and Serbia would be repeated, but the crisis passed, and Italy more than retrieved herself in the two great battles of the Plave, fought in June and October of the present year. Germany found food for exultation in the failure of the Gallipoli campaign and the defeat of the British at Kut-el-Amara. The Allies met with these disasters at the hands of the Turks, but the British, with characteristic persistence, went at it again, and the brilliant victories in Mesopotamia resulted in the collapse of Turkey. It was in the east that the first signs came, about two months ago, that the Central Powerswere going down to ignominious and humiliating defeat.

It is possible now to look over the war and to place our fingers on the

were going down to ignominious and humiliating defeat.

It is possible now to look over the war and to place our fingers on the black periods of depression, but it is also easy to follow the golden line that led to the final victory of the Allies. The ultimate good of civilization made it necessary that the Entente should win. It was a struggle between reaction and progress, and the purpose that one can trace in history made thoughtful men feel that it was impossible for reaction to triumph in the long run. The Prussian war lords made complete plans to conquer the world, and at times it did not seem possible that they would fail, but they reckoned without the eternal purpose in history. As Hilliare Belloc said of the first Battle of the Marne. The Germans had made every calculation that the human brain could devise to make certain of victory, but "It was not to be."

that the human brain could devise to make certain of victory, but "It was not to be."

The effect of the Great War on Canada has already made itself apparent. Our Dominion entered the conflict as soon as the Germans threw down the challenge of battle. Canada may be proud, chiefly because her record is the record of the Canadian people. They rose to the call, and gave of their money and their young life in the cause of civilization. To our armies history will give the credit of several of the most vital victories on the Western front. History will doubtless also say of the Dominion that the great mass of Canadian citizens proved true to their loftiest ideals of devotion and self-sacrifice. If we did not have the inspiring leadership that guided some people, like the Greeks, almost unwillingly to do their duty, that fact makes the achievement of the Canadian people all the more notable. History will say that in this struggle our young nation found its soul.

### JUNE, 1914.

Archduke Franz Ferdinand of Austria assassinated in Sarajevo, Bosnia.

### JULY, 1914.

- 5. German war lords, headed by the Kaiser, met at Potsdam and de-cided to take pretext to launch world war.

  Austrian ultimatum served on
- Serbia. 23. Serbia accepted ultimatum with
- one reservation. 28. Austria declares war on Serbia

### AUGUST, 1914.

- Germany declares war on Russia German army invades France and violates neutrality of Belgium. 4. Great Britain declares war o
- Germany.
  5. Lord Kitchener appointed Secretary of War.
  7. Montenegro declares war on Austria.
  8. First British expeditionary force
- lands on continent.

  13. Great Britain declares war or
- Austria.
  21. Germans reach Brussels.
  23. Battle of Mons begins. Japan declares war on Germany.
  28. Germans sack and burn Louvain.

### SEPTEMBER, 1914.

- 1. Germans defeat Russians a
- Allenstein.

  3. French Government moved from Paris to Bordeaux.

  4. Germans occupy Rheims.

  5. Russians take Lemburg.

  7. Battle of Marne develops.

  10. Battle of Marne ends in great French victory, thus ending first. German rush, and civilization is saved.
- saved.

  11. Australians geize Solomon Islands from Germans.

  17. Russian troops that invaded Eastern Prussia completely crushed by Germans.
- 18. Russians drive Austrians over
- San. 24. First Canadian contingent of 32,000 men sail for England. 28. Japanese invest Tsing Tan.

### OCTOBER, 1914.

- 4. Russians win battle of Augus-
- Germans take Antwerp. 9. Germans take Antwerp.
  12. Germans enter Ghent.
  13. Belgian Government moved to Havre, France.
  14. Allies re-capture Ypres.
  15. Gen. Botha takes the field in South Africa.
  21. Beginning of First Battle of Yver.

- 29. Turkey attacks Russia in Crimea 30. Col. Maritz, the rebel, is driven out of Cape Colony.

### NOVEMBER, 1914.

- Admiral von Spee defeats Brit-ish squadron off Coronel, Chile, The Good Hope and the Mon-mouth are sunk.
   Great Britain and France declare
- Great Britain and France declare war on Turkey.

  Tsing Tau surrenders to Japanese and British forces.
  Russians besiege Pryzemysl.
  British win First Battle of Ypres.
  Turkey proclaims Holy War.
  Col. Maritz defeated in South
- Col. M Africa.

### DECEMBER, 1914.

- 4. Turks routed in attack on Suez
- Canal.

  12. Von Hindenburg wins great victory over the Russians.

  22. Turks commence massacre of Armenians.

Continued on page 5.

### BIRTHS.

BUFFAN—In Smiths Falls, Nov. 15th, to Mr. Mrs W. C. Buffam, a daughter.

### DEATHS.

MCEACHEAN—At Kingston, Nov. 16th, Nursing Sister Rebecca Ellen McEachean, daughter of the late John McFachean of Carleton Place. BELL—In Winniper, Nov. 13th, Jessie Bell, beloved wife of Mr. Francis Richards, formerly of Carleton Place.

Never forgotten By Parents, Brother and Sister,

FROTMAN—In loving memory of PRIVATE FRED G. TROTMAN, who died for King and Country Suturday, November 18th, 1946.

Nobly he did his duty
Bravely he fought and fell
But the sorrow of those who
Only aching hearts can tell.

Only aching hears.

It may be a soldier's honor
For his country's cause to fall
But we cannot think of the Glory
For the pain it has caused us all.

Mother and Father

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

### HOLLINGER'S MAMMOTH ANNUAL **AUCTION SALE**

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Waggons, Buggies, Cutters, Harness

### THURSDAY, NOV. 28th, 1918 AT FERGUSON'S FALLS

The list includes the following

2 Clyde Mares, 6 and 7 years old, in foal, weight
2 00 lbs
Bay Horse, 8 years, 1550 lbs
Black Horse, 7 years, 1500 lbs
Brown Horse, 7 years, 1400 lbs
Brown Horse, 5 years, 1400 lbs
Bay Horse, 6 years, 1400 lbs
Bay Horse, 7 years, 1400 lbs
Bay Horse, 7 years, Hackney
Bay Horse, 7 years, Hackney
Bay Horse, 7 years, Hackney
Brown Horse by J. K. Wilkes, this will make a
very fast hor.
These Horses are all in good condition. Some
good Itoadsters and General Purpoge
8 other good Horses

CATTLE. 25 Milch Cows in calf
30 Stripper Cows
10 Freeh Calved and Springers
75 Two year old Steers and Heifers
125 Year old Steers and Heifers
125 Year old Steers and Heifers
4 Year old Bulls, Durham and Hereford grade

3 Year out Buns, Jurian and Hereford grade 20 Spring Calves 3 Choice Bull Calves Registered Roan Durham Bull, 3 years old, this is a fine stock Bull 25 Ewes

### SUNDRY

- TERMS: \$19.00 and under Cash; over that mount nine months' credit by furnishing approved
- over hight free of charge.

  Parties buying 25 cattle or over will have then delivered in Perth, Carleton Place or Almont free of charge.

  Never was three a better opportunity of getting stock at your own price. As winter is approaching, I must sell, so everything will be sole without reserve.

  CHAS HOUNDAM.

CHAS. HOLLINGER, Don't forget Day and Date.

### **AUCTION SALE**

The undersigned will offer for sale by

Lot 3, Con. 6, Tp. of Goulbourn

FRIDAY, NOV. 22, 1918

the following:

1 Chestnut Team (matched) 6 and 7 years old; 1 Bay Horse, 6 years old; 1 Chestnut Blood Colt (4 years old), brother to Queen Hal; 1 Black Mare, in foal; 7 Mich Cows, coming in; 4 2-year-old Helfers; (beef); 2 2-year-old Steers; 4 1-year-old Bull; 8 Calves; 1 Brood Sow; 6 fail Pigs, 40 Pullets; 1 Gasoline Engine, (10 horse power); 1 Circular Saw, 1 Binder; 1 Mower; 1 Horse Rake; 1 Disk Harrow; 1 Seeder; 1 Manure Spreader, (new); 2 sett Harrows; 1 Double Mouldboard Plow; 1 Walking Plow; 1 Waggon; 1 Rubber Tire Buggy; 1 Single Buggy; 1 Set Driving Sleighis; 1 Set Sloops; 1 Set Double Working Harness; 1 Set Single Harness; 1 Hay Fork and Rope; 1 Cream Separator; Churn, and other smaller articles. Also a quantity of Hay, Corn and Grain.

Sale to Commence at 12.30 o'clock Sharp \$10.00 and under cash, over that amount eleven months' credit by furnishing approved joint notes.

ERNEST L. SHAIL, C. HOLLINGER, Proprietor. Auctioneer

## BUY BOYS' BLOOMER SUITS

&\$&\$&\$&\$&\$&\$&\$&\$&\$&\$&\$&\$&\$&\$&\$&\$&\$

While the assortment is complete. You will certainly be pleased with the style, the fit and value of our Boys' Clothing.

We will appreciate a call and will do our best to satisfy you. Come in.

## **BAIRD & RIDDELL**

OUTFITTERS FOR MEN AND BOYS

Carload of Western Apples just to hand. All varieties. Choice stock.

Economize by buying in large or

Economize by buying in large quantities	•	
Case of Tomatoes, 2 dozen	\$5	0
" Peas "	4	0
Clark's Beans, in sauce "	5	2
" " plain "	4	5
Case of Corn Flakes, 36 packages	5	0
" Shredded Wheat "	5	0
Box of N. P. Soap, 25 bars	5	7
Box Sunlight, Comfort, Gold, Surprise Soap,		
100 bars to the box	7	7

### Just received large shipment of Pure Clover Honey **BOWLAND & McROSTIE**

Bridge St. Carleton Place

# **BUY YOUR**

FIRST

Victory Bond

and be sure you buy it then go to

# Muirhead's

for your Hardware needs.

# 

IS TO HAND

And we have in stock a full line, in all sizes, of

## SELF SEALERS

We will handle Fresh Fruit as usual during the season as the different varieties come upon the market.

Prices right and satisfaction guaranteed.

## J. A. McGREGOR

General Merchant - Appleton  LITEE INFERIEURE

A. P. WILLIAMSON, N. D. MCCALLUM, Rec. Sec'y.

Nov. 19, 1918

COURT MIS-ASSIPPI No. 78, LO.F. meets every 2nd and 4th MONDAY in each month, at 7:30 p.m., as the Chosen Friends Hall. Punctual attendance of members is requested. AN, C.R

AND J. BENNETT, R.S.

All Dues must be paid in advance on or the 1st of the month. W. HAMMOND, F.S.

COULDO

ARI ETON COUNCIL, No. 37, C.O.C.F., meets in the Chosen Friends Hall, second and fourth ursday Evenings in each month, at 8 o'clock. MRS. J. BAIRD, C.C. W. H. ALLEN, Rec

COURT OBION, No. 634, C.O.F., meets in the Chosen Friends Hall, first and third Monday as each month. Visiting brethren always welcome, J. R. HOBERTSON, C.R. W. J. HUGHES, F. S.



### DISTRICT NEWS.

### APPLETON

Special to THE HERALD.

Word has been received by his parents that Pte. George James, who was wounded somewhere in France, was recovering. He is in a hospital in Surrey, England.

Miss Netta Horne, who was in the R.M. Hospital suffering with the flu has returned home fully recovered from her illness.

person of Mr. James Brophy, and are sure he will be very attentive to business. Mr. Fred Mason is the latest addition to Mr. J. A. McGregor's store, being employed as clerk.

Place is visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Prentice.

Over \$100 has been donated by the

Sabbath School of St. Andrew's Church to the Victory Loan and more is expected.

ABOUT YOUR HEATING APPARATUS

The general directions for operating

Expected.

In Knox Church Manse, Perth, on Saturday, Nov. 9th, by Rev. W. Grant, a quiet but pretty wedding was solemnized, when Mabel Mae, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert White

again on Monday, after being closed for five weeks.

Mrs. Lucy Houston has returned to

her home in the village after being absent for a few weeks helping to wait upon her sister, Mrs. Abbott, in Carle-ton Place, who has been seriously ill for

some time.

Rev. Mr. Osborne, formerly rector of the Episcopal church here, visited over last Sunday with friends in this vicinity and conducted service in the village.

The annual thank-offering meeting of the St. Paul's branch of the W.M.S. will be held in the church on to-morrow (Wednesday) evening, when the pastor will deliver the address entitled, "Mis-sionary Experiences on the Western

Miss M. Houston returned to Franktown to take charge of the Cuckoo' Nest school, which opened its doors to pupils again on Monday morning. Mrs. Fred Pierce and her sister Miss

Nelson, went to their parental home at Meath on Saturday last, where Mrs. Pierce will reside for the present. "The War after the War" will be

the subject of the sermon at the service in St. Paul's church next Sunday after-

noon at two o'clock.

The full moon of Monday brought us a most terrific day's rain which fell in torrents, making the roads very heavy and sloppy and preventing all kinds of

STELLALOGENO.125,LO.O.F.
STELLALOGENO.125,LO.O.F.
In the Hall, in Taylor's Bluck.
Visiting brethrenalways welcome
VILLIAMSON, N. D. McCALLUM,
Kobbe Grand.

COURT MIS-ANSIPPI NO.78, L.O.F.
In meets every 2nd and 4th Monnay
in each nonth, at 730 p.n., w the
Chosen Friends Hall. Punctual attendChosen Friends Hall. Punctual attendCouncil of the same was preached as a stable scription
from Psalms 46: 9-10, "He marketh
wars to cease unto the end of the earth,
he breaketh the bow, and cutteth the
spear in sunder, he burneth the chariot
in the fire. Be still, and know that I
am God." The psalms and hymns were
very appropriate and were cheerfully
sung. Another of the same was preached
congregation preached as a sixable scription. ed on Sunday afternoon from the words, "On earth peace, good will toward

men."

Mr. Willard Kilfoyle went to Carleton Place on business on Monday.

The sick folks in our community are recovering their health.

Miss Elsie MacLaren, of Innisville, visited over the week-end with friends in the village.

in the village.

Miss Olive Kilfoyle was home from Carleton Place over Sunday.

### ALMONTE

From the Gazette

Mr. J. H. Conn has bought a large general stock at Kenmore, in Russell County, and will bring a portion of the stock to his Almonte store.

Mr. Wm. Thompson died at Hilbert on Nov. 1st, aged 31 years. He was a former resident of Almonte but left here a few years ago. He has been in poor health for a long time, but the end came suddenly. His mother and one sister, Mrs. Hastings, of Carleton Place, survive him.

Mrs. Hastings, of Carleton Place, survive him.

Concurrently with the declaration of Peace, Almonte went over the top with the Victory Loan. The town allotment was \$200,000.00, and on Monday the returns made reached the sum of \$210,000.00. Messrs. Archie Rosamond and W. H. Stafford, two of the town's canyassers secured loan applications to the vassers secured loan applications to the

Illness.

Mrs. Garvin is making great improvements on her beautiful home.

There were two very fine sermons preached in the church on Sunday on peace

Mr. Lance Paul and Jim Lorimer have returned from the deer hunting after being away for two weeks. They were with a party of friends from Poland, seven in all and secured six deer.

There are no more flu patients, and it is boped the disease has died out.

We have a new mail carrier on, in the person of Mr. James Brophy, and are sure he will be yery attentive to husiness.

We have a new mail carrier on, in the person of Mr. James Brophy, and are sure he will be very attentive to business.

Mr. Frod Mason is the latest addition to Mr. J. A. McGregor's store, being employed as clerk.

LANARK

LANARK

LANARK

The Victory Loan canvassers for Lanark Village have "gone over the top." In other words they have succeeded in raising the objective of \$35,000 set for this place. Lanark is now entitled to one of the beautiful silk Honor Flags presented by His Excellency the Governor-General.

Mr. T. B. Caldwell was in Peterboro last Thursday attending the funeral of the late John Kendry.

Mr. Andrew Baird has sold his farm adjoining the village, to Mr. Andrew Foy of Brightside.

Master Harrison Wright of Carleton Place is visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Prentice.

Over \$100 has been donated by the

The general directions for operating warm air furnaces are alike. Particular directions for each make will be supplied by the manufacturer. Examination of furnace—Examine

daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert White of this village, was united in marriage to Thomas McDonald, son of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. McDonald of Almonte.

William Gibson has sold his general store business at Harper to John Spalding, who takes possession next week. Mr. Gibson will take up farming on the 8th line Bathurst.

FRANKTOWN

Special to THEHERALD.

The public school commenced work again on Monday, after being closed for furnace and pipes; see that they are in good repair and clean; that fire, ash-pit, and clean-out doors are tight when

particularly those sending out the n

particularly those sending out the most heat. Change water frequently, per-ferably every day. Clean Flues Frequently—Remember the clean-out door and why it is there. Brush off the soot once a week or

Rapid circulation of air essential-It will be found there is a large cold air duct on the main floor. In many cases this is neglected, covered over in part or clogged with dust and dirt, thus inter fering with that free circulation of air which is absolutely essential to the success of this system of heating. Keep this duct free of all obstruction and this duct free of all obstruction and open always to a full supply of fresh

arr.
Covering—All warm air pipes in the cellar should be thoroughly and completely wrapped with asbestos to prevent loss of heat.

Firing—Follow general directions in regard to firing, keeping ash-pits clean.

Ontario Fuel Administration.

### Must Use Shipping Tags

The Freight Association has issued orders to all freight agents that they are not to accept any freight for shipn that is not properly tagged. Heretofore the public has been shipping freight the public has been shipping freight tagged with pieces of shoe boxes or an other old thing that was handy. This has resulted in much loss and inconvenience to all parties concerned, as the outdoor work.

Mr. J. Osman Hughton, of Riverhurst, Sask., who accompanied the remains of his brother Andrew home from the West, has been spending some time visiting friends in his native locality and will return to the prairies within a few days.

Mrs. Peter McEwer, of Carleton Place, spent last week end with Mrs. Lowry at the village Manse.

At the Victory and Pose (The Lorent Loren

Mrs. Peter McEwer, of Carleton Place, spent last week end with Mrs. Lowry at the village Manse.

At rhe Victory and Peace Thanks. diving service in the Presbyterian church last Friday evening, the minister of the participate in the congress.

### THE CANADIAN LOSSES IN THE

Canada's losses in the world struggle which ended last Monday have been heavy both in loss of live and the number of wounded. The figures up to October 31st, record the total casualties among the Canadian forces as follows: Killed in action 34,887
Died of wounds or disease 15,467
Wounded 152,779
Presumed dead, missing, and

Total ..... .... 211.358 Casulties in the United States force up to Thursday last totalled only 65,000 London, Nov. 11.—The Expres estimates the casualties of European nations during the war as follows

prisoners of war .....

Germany ...... 6.900.000 Britain ...... Rumania ...... 200,000 With the estimated casualties of Russia and of others not included in

## the above list, the Express estimates the total casualties of the war at twenty-six

HONOR TO MARSHAL FOCH

Toronto Globe-The whole world pays homage to Foch. Even t Teutons do it—involuntarily. He more than the man of the hour. his life has been a preparation for the mighty task thrust upon him. He ha seemingly been predestined for his role as the triumphant leader of the armed forces of civilization and liberty against the organized savagery and panoplied despotism which nearly succeeded in drowning the free nations of Europe in blood. In the supreme crisis of the war Foch came to the front, not by the favor of others but through sheer military genius. The statesmen who made him the Generalissino of the Allied armies merely confirmed the choice of events.

choice of events.

-Among Foch's great qualities his superb patience stands out. It is not a characteristic we ascribe to the French Temperament, and Foch is a child of the Midi, of that Southern France whose people are proverbially warm-blooded and impulsive. Born in old Gascony, and impulsive. Born in old Gascony, was there ever a military hero less addigted to gasconading? Nothing in his generalship has been more impressive than the coolness with which he stayed his hand while the Germans advanced to within thirty miles of Paris in those dread days of June and early July. While they spent their strength and their reserves, he calmly collected his own and awaited his opportunity. At the right moment and the right place he struck the decisive blow. He has given the reeling foe no pause, no rest: given the reeling foe no pause, no rest: striking now here, now there, swiftly, surprisingly, overwhelmingly. During these wonderful "Hundred Days" he has spoken only a few sentences to a world listening for his every word. His official messages have

This simple, modest, almost tacituri soldier stands on a pinnacle of fame which few men have reached in history. It is a safe deduction from what is known of him that he will not be tempted to exploit his popularity by playing a new role, as other successful soldiers often have done, when he sheathes the sword. He is a type and aymbol of the desergencement of breach symbol of the desergencement of the search symbol of the deeper currents of French national life, of that France which ha suffered in silence because of he strength of soul, and which shines anew with that unconquerable and nnquench-able spirit which has made her the torch-bearer of European liberty.

### Plans for Bringing Canadians

Another appeal is made to women and children of Canadian soldier dependents o return to Canada forthwith military authorities are putting arrange-ments for this class of traveller on a wider basis, enabling soldiers, now awaiting trans-shipment at Buxton, and

their wives to travel together.

It's too early yet to say much abou plans for the trans-shipment of the Canadian army, but general plans are already well advanced. Much naturally will depend on the size of the force which the Imperial command require Canada to maintain after hosti

It may be taken as a broad principle that those who have served longest will have first consideration, much also will depend upon information supplied from Canada concerning immediate labor needs of the Dominion.

Such units as railway troops doubt-less will be demoblized as early as possi-ble. In any event trans-shipment will be spread over a considerable time and we are in a position to assert that nobody is able yet to count upon their return to Canada at any definite date.

Canada honorably and courageously Or are we going on quietly, hoarding even if only a little in every home when it only a little in every home? Manufactures, confections and public eating places are doing their share well. Soldiers and munitions workers want sugar more than the persons doing ordinary work. Let them have it. It must come from the private homes; there only is there hoarding, however light in come individual. slight in every individual case. Don't be mean for the sake of a sweet tooth

A mask through which air can be breathed from the reservoir of the air-brake system has been invented for the use of railroad engineers while running through long tunnels or snow sheds, where the air often is foul. where the air often is foul.

26. Gen. Botha announces invasion of German West Africa.

### MARCH, 1915.

- 5. Turks abandon campaign against 5. Turks abandon campaign against
  Egypt.

  12. British capture Neuve Chapelle,
  one of the most costly victories
  of the war.

  14. German raider "Dresden" sunk
  by British.

  22. Przemysl captured from Austria
  by the Russians.

### APRIL, 1915.

- 21. British and French troops land in Turkey. Disastrous Gallipol expedition launched under leadership of Sir Ian Hamilton.
  22. Second great Battle of Ypres commencer.
- commences.
  Canadians save Channel ports by
  their gallant stand, when the
  Germans first introduced gas in
  to civilized warfare.

### MAY, 1915.

- 5. Russian advance into Car-pathians comes to an end. This was the high tide of Russian
- Successes.

  Lusitania torpedoed by German submarine ten miles from Kinsale Head, 1,154 persons were sale Head, 1,154 persons were drowned.

  12. Bryce report of Belgian atroci-ties discloses true character of German fighting men.

  13. Gen. Botha captures Windhock, capital of German South Africa.

  23. Italy declares war on Austria.

### JUNE, 1915.

- 3. Austro-German troops re-capture
- Przemysł.

  William Jennings Bryan, most mealy-mouthed of American pacifists, resigns from President Wilson's Cabinet.

  Italians occupy Mori in advance into Austria.

  Germans capitulate to French colonial troops at Monso, Kamerun.
- run. Gen. De Wet found guilty of
- Austro-German forces recapture Lemberg from Russians. Teutons advance steadily against Rus sians, but fail to destroy Czar's

### JULY, 1915.

8. All German forces in South Africa surrender to Gen. Botha. AUGUST, 1915.

- Teutonic Allies after a year of war occupy 78,378 square miles of invaded territory. Germans capture Warsaw from
- Austrians attack Belgrade. Italy declares war on Turkey. Germans capture Brest-Litovsk.

### SEPTEMBER, 1915.

14. Germans give pledge to United States that passenger ships will not be sunk without warning.

### OCTOBER, 1915.

- British and French troops arrive to help Serbia against threatene Teutonic invasion.
- King Constantine of Greece forces resignation of Premier Venizelos, on account of pro-Ally policy.

  Austro-German armies invade
- Serbia.
  Teutons occupy Belgrade.
  Bulgarians invade Serbia.
  Germans shoot Nurse Edi
  Cavell for assisting soldlers
- Great Britain declares war on Bulgaria. Major-Gen. Munro succeeds Gen. Ian Hamilton in command of the
- Gallipoli expedition.

  Italy declares war on Bulgaria.

  Briand succeeds Viviani as Premier of France.

  Bulgars take Nish from Serbians.

  Berlin announced end of campaign in Serbia.
  - (To be Continued)

## CHURCH DIRECTORY.

onics where given are for the following Sabhat So you were once a slave, eh ! said

### **Baptist Church**

REV. MR. J. F. FORSYTHE, Pastor. Services-11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

### St. Andrew sChurch

REV. J. MONDS B.A., Pastor. Services-11 a.m. and 7 p.m. A M -Abilities Suicidally used P.M.-Joseph Cares for his Brethern.

### Methodist Church

REV. ELWOOD LAWSON, Pastor. Services-11 a.m. and 7 p.m. A.M.—Rev. Dr. Hazelwood, of Toronto is to speak on behalf of Temper ance and Moral Reform Work of the church.

### P.M.—The Pastor will preach.

REV. CANON ELLIOTT. Rector. Services-11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

St. James Church

### Zion Presbyterian Church

REV. W. A. Dobson, B.A., B.D., paste Services-11 a.m. and 7 p.m. A.M .- The Man who Fought the Stars

in their Courses. P.M.—Self-Deception. The incomparable Tea-Pot results always obtainable from an infusion, has given it a prestige possessed by no other tea on sale.

out-draws and out-classes all other teas.

"This is no idle claim"-

## The Matthews Furniture Store

When you furnish your "Home" you want the Best Values for your money, hence you should buy at the Store that can give you the best. Of course you will.

Then drop in and see our stock of Bed Springs and Matt-

resses. Get our prices and see the quality. Ask us to show you our Parlor Suites (3 and 5 piece), Bed Room Suites, Easy Chairs, Living Room and Den Furniture,

Kitchen Cabinets, etc. What about that Dining-room Soite in Quarter Cut Oak, Fumed or Golden Finish? You promised yourself one-before the prices advanced. It will be worth your while to see our stock before you make a purchase elsewhere.

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Many SPLENDID FARMS FOR SALE

Southren Manitoba-Pilot Mound District Many at Extreme Sacrifice Prices

THERE IS NO MORE ATTRACTIVE COMMUNITY IN WESTERN CANADA THAN PILOT MOURD EXAMPLES 320 acres, 300 under cultivation, 20 to break, 4 miles from town, mile from siding, 2 miles from school, 2 good wells. All fenced into 40 acre fields. Good grove. House 26x28, 2½ stories, frame, fully modern. Barn 70x36, 90 foot lean 14 feet wide. Implement shed 36x50. Granary 16x13. Buildings in A 1 condition. Soil is rich loam with clay sub-soil. Price \$12. \$500 with \$5,000 cash.

We want many substantial farmers from your community to help fill up the gaps. W. S. SMITH, PILOT MOUND, MAN.

The price of all one-cent newspapers Boston is to be doubled. In the absence of Hon. C. J. Doherty, erseas; Hon. Arthur Meighen will be

Ottawa expects the cost of the war to Canada in money to be at least eleven-hundred million dollars. President Carranza signed a decree

reforming the monetary system of Mexico by placing it on a strictly gold The arrangements being made to

supply the German people's most press-ng need for food will not entail shortages for the Allied nations. The Italian authorities, in accordance with the terms of the armistice, have made possession of the Austrian rail-yays in the territory coded to Italy.

Right Back Again A gentleman traveling through Ala-ama was much interested in Uncle Ned

the gentleman the gentleman.

"Yas, sah," said Uncle Ned.

"Well, well-!" said the gentleman said the gentleman said the gentleman said the gentleman said Ned gloomily.

"No, sah," said Ned gloomily.

No, san, Sand Ned got man,
"Not exactly, sah. I didn't git mah
freedom, sah. After de war I done got

### \* Everybody's Corner. \*

25 words or less, 1st insertion, 25c. 2nd insertion, 20c; 3rd or subsequent insertions, 15c. Three times for 60c Over 25 words 1c a word first insertion /2c a word for subsequent insertions.

OST—A Man's Cleveland Bicycle. Information will be received at this office or Brown's Mills. Reward offered.

(ROCERY BUSINESS FOR SALE—On Main T Street, Smiths Falls a well stocked grocery doing a good business. Apply to Mas. L. A TAGGART, executrix of the late L. A. Taggart Estate.

STRAYED—Oct. 27th, from A. Roach's two-year-old Red Heifer. Information will be thankfully received.

R.R. No. 1, Corkery, Ont.

POR SALE—A dozen Young Pigs. Ready to take. Good healthy fellows. JAMES THOMAS, Ramsay. R. R. No. 1, Carleton Place. YOUNG PIGS FOR SALE -\$5.00 per pair.
D. McDougall, Glen Isle

FOR SALE—That Comfortable Dwelling the north-side of Morphy street, forms occupied by the Rev. Stein Tighe. Price reas able. Apply to C. McINYOSI

WANTED-Women and Girls to mend and in spect Underwear and Operate Sewing Ma Apply to

BATES & INNES, Limited,

Carleton Place

## FARM FOR SALE.

WITH or without stock and implements, west half of four, sixth concession Goulbowne. Apply to JOHN MCLAUGHLIN, on the premises.

Job Printing—As good as can be has keep your work at home. The HERALD is full enupiped to handle any jeb you may have—from Visiting Card to a double sheet poster

### For . Stubborn Deep-seated Coughs

Especially when accompanied by run-

### NYAL CREOPHOS

An especially valuable preparation co An especially variable preparation com-bining the tonic and tissue building properties of Cod Liver Extract and Hypophosphites with the antiseptic properties of Creosote.

Price \$1.00, at McINTOSH'S Drug and Book Store Quality Store

### CANADIAN PACIFIC

### In Effect October, 1918

Present Time-Table to and from Carleton Place:

S Soo Exp. 4:20 a.m. daily 2 Imp. Lid. 5:00 a.m. daily 6 [Chalk River Pagr. 9:55 a.m.. daily ex Sunday 8 Pem. Local 5:20 p.m. daily except Sunday 6 Toronto Pagr. 5:45 p.m. daily ex. Sunday 10 Brockville Mixed 8:20 a.m. NORTH AND SOUTH BOUND

17800 Express 125 a.m. daily 1 Imp. Ltd. 3:05 a.m. daily 5:05 Pem. Lecal 8:39 a.m. daily ex. Sunday 5:05 Pem. Lecal 8:39 a.m. daily ex. Sunday 5:05 Tohak River Local 3:35 a.m. ox. Sunday 5:05 Tohak River Local 3:35 p.m. ox. Sunday 5:05 Brockville Local 7:35 p.m. ox. Sunday

For particulars apply to

J. F. WARREN. Agent Carleton Place

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King Victor Emmanuel

Tells of the Sacrifices

Made by Italy in the War \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

THE representative of Le Matin to whom the King of Italy recently granted an pression made upon him by King Emmanuel as one of goodness, earnestness, and simplicity. This was a man, he declares, who was acquainted with facts, not phrases, and whose clear thinking formed its estimate of things and of men. For 39 months, he affirms, the King has not failed to go up daily to the lines and to encourage his soldiers by his presence and his words.

economic and moral condi-The economic and moral condi-tion of Austria-Hungary was natur-ally the subject with which he was most concerned, and he seemed, the writer declares, to be wonderfully well informed. He knew by report how things were inside the enemy countries and his own daily experi-ence showed him what the physical and moral condition of the combat-

It must not be thought, the King said, that there was the same solidity between the rear and the front in Teutonic countries as in the demo-cratic nations. There was, on the



KING VICTOR EMMANUEL.

contrary, a barrier between them. The soldiers did not know what was going on in their towns and villages. They were subject to a severe discipline, which their leaders maintained harshly, and the only newspapers they read were those which were carefully selected and controlled. How, the King asked, could they share in the political turmoils of the interior?

interior?

In reply to a tribute as to the fighting of the Italian soldiers on the Piave, the King said that, indeed they had done well. The effort Italy had made deserved to be known, he added, for she had given her children freely in the war. King Victor Emmanuel, declared there were no men of military age to be seen in the country, except those who were unfit for service; the fields were being tilled by women and children and men past military age. The class of 1900, the equivalent of the French class of 1920 had been in the line for months, he declared. They had, in fact, mobilized all their effectives without restrictions of any kind. In fact, mobilized all their effectives without restrictions of any kind. Nor, said the King, had the financial effort been any smaller, without speaking of the industrial and economic efforts which the country has made in spite of the difficulties arising from the absence of raw materials needed for war manufactures.

These words of the King of Italy, the writer declares, contained truths which should be known, for this nation, which had spontaneously entered a war which was not imposed upon her, had had to face sacrifices weak—he could retain little or nothwhich should be known, for this nation, which had spontaneously entered a war which was not imposed upon her, had had to face sacrifices which had been doubled by the defection of Russia.

Guns.

There is no known 75-centimetre gun. If there were its bore would be more than 29 inches. The famous French75-millimetre gun has a bore a little less in size than the American 3-inch field gun, being approximately 2.95275 inches; the German 77-millimetre is a little larger than the American, being approximately 3.03149 inches. French and American shells could be used in the German 77-millimetre guns, prob-German 77-millimetre guns, probably with little or no change, while German and American shells could not, probably, be used in the French 75's without remachining.

### A Famous "Nom de Plume."

A Famous "Nom de Plume."

It is probably quite new to most people that the nom de plume "Gyp," of the well-known French novelist, was taken from a Dickens' novel. Such is, however, the case. Gyp is the little dog Jip of David Copperfield, with the J changed into a G, so that the initial letter might be the same as that of the Christian name of Countess Sybille Gabrielle Marie Antoinette de Martel de Janvile, the lady who is so well known to the French reading world as "Gyp."

### His Explanation.

"Before we were married," the English wife complained, "you always engaged a cab when you took me anywhere. Now you think the tram-car is good enough for me."

"No, my darling," replied her hushand, "I don't think the tram-car is good enough for you; it's because I'm so proud of you. In a cab you would be seen by nobody, while I can show you off to so many people by taking you in a tram-car."

MURDERED FISHERFOLK.

How the Germans Made Dutch

Orphans.

During the summer months Holland's fishing fleet suffered great losses through the persistent German attacks upon it. In spite of all protests these attacks continue on the flimsiest of pretences. The Dutch shipping council, an official court of justice or inquiry into ship disasters, publishes the following account of how a Dutch lugger was sunk by 2 German submarine in such brutal manner that three fishermen were killed:

German submarine in such brutal manner that three fishermen were killed:

"As the fishermen were lowering the boat to leave their ship a shot from the German submarine struck the ship close to the spot where they were busy, killing three of their number. The submarine continued firing. The man who fired stood behand a shield and the shells were passed to him from the conning tower. Our boat was riddled with shot and quite leaky," runs the testimony of the survivors. "We stopped the holes as well as we could with the cork from a life belt and with bits of bacon — we always keep some bacon in our boat for eventualities. We kept on bailing out the water, using a boot belonging to one of our dead comrades for the purpose. Meanwhile we saw how our lugger was shot down; it sank straight down with masts upright. When the lugger was gone the submarine crew turned their attention to us; they looked at us through a spyglass, then sailed away, leaving us to our fate. It was difficult to keep our leaky little craft affoat; we bailed and bailed for seven hours, when at last we saw another lugger and rowed toward it with all our might and were taken on board. The skipper of the lugger held a council with us as to what to do with the dead. In order to prove they had been shot, we thought it best to take them to Holland, so we salted the bodies and the lugger set sail for Ymuiden."

Several of the fishing boats were sunk because they had drifted a few yards into the "danger zone" — a zone which has been illegally prohibited by Germany. Other ships have been "spurlos versenkt," so no tales could be told of how and wherefore. In the cases where it is possible to compare the Dutch with the German stories they differ widely. killed

have been "spurlos versenkt," so no tales could be told of how and wherefore. In the cases where it is possible to compare the Dutch with the German stories they differ widely—for instance, some fishermen brought to Ymuiden after being picked up relate that the Germans plundered their ship and even took the men's watches and clothing from them, and, even more, took away all provisions, so that the men in the open boat had nothing to eat and no covering, except the clothes they were wearing at the moment of the sinking of their ship—minus their oilskin coats, which were also "requisitioned" by the defenders of "the freedom of the same occurrence says that the fishermen were allowed ample time to collect their belongings and to stow provisions into the boat before the ship which they had left was sunk. It is for those who know something of German methods to make a choice from the two narratives.

Six months ago there were already over 2,000 orphans of fishermen murdered by the submarines in Holland, and a special fund was being raised to provide for them. By the recent outrages the number of orphans is steadily being increased, and the hatred against the ruthless slayers is ever growing among the fishing population of Holland.

A Poor Scholar.

A Poor Scholar.

Parents who despair of their children may, says Outlook, find consolation in this story about Liebig, the famous chemist, from Prof. Swift's "Psychology and the Day's Work": On one occasion when the school director visited young Liebig's class and heard his wretched recitation, he told him that he was the plague of his teacher and the sorrow of his parents. What could he ever do? The boy replied that he was going to be a chemist. The director laughed uproariously. The boy's father finally withdrew him from school because he could not keep up with his class. In his mature years Liebig said that the cause of his inpublity to do the class work ing that he heard.

### Holds "All-Four" Record.

A correspondent of Collier's who was under shell fire on Hill 212 in the battle of the Ourcq says: "I think it was the ninth or tenth shell think it was the ninth or tenth shell that for the fraction of an instant fully convinced me that I was through. The explosion turned me quite over where I lay flat, all huddled up. At the end of forty-five or fifty minutes the captain decided that we might duck, one at a time. We rolled out of the shell-hole on all fours for an old wall a hundred yards away. I don't know what the all-fours record for a hundred yards is but I think I hold it." is, but I think I hold it."

### An Eccentric Genius

An Eccentric Genius.

In reminiscences of Lafcadio Hearn, by his wife, a Japanese, the following things that were disliked by the erratic genius are enumerated: "He disliked liars, abuse of the weak," Prince Albert coats, white shirts, the city of New York, and many other things." He was fond of the sea and of swimming, of "lonely cemeteries," of ghost stories, of Martinique, and of such hundane things as beefsteak and plum pudding.

### Glorious Days.

Perhaps one of the most biting things the enemies of the Hohenzolerns in Germany are doing, at the present time, is the recalling of the Kaiser's remark, on the occasion of his accession, thirty years ago, "I will lead you into glorious days." It is pretty difficult for a people subsisting on quarter rations, and wearing paper-soled shoes, to imagine these days glorious. At all events, what they want now is some one to lead them out of the days Wilhelm led them into.

### Filched Province From Denmark

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* LTHOUGH Lord Palmerston once said that only three people ever understood the Holstein-Schleswig question, one of them (the Prince Consort) being dead, another mad, while the third, the speaker, had forgotten it, there is some obligation upon the present generation to grapple with it, since Denmark has asked Germany that the matter be settled in accordance with the principle of self-determination. In other words, Denmark, from whom the province was filched by Bismarck, has an idea that it should be returned. If she had asked the Kaiser for his right eye in a cardboard box she would not have made a request that the Hohenzollern is more likely to accede to, for both the Kiel Canal and Heligoland come within the admin-

cede to, for both the Kiel Canal and Heligoland come within the administrative limits of Schleswig-Holstein. But since the Kaiser is not likely to have any voice in the final disposition of the territory in question, his objection would have little weight, nor would the protest of Germany. But although Schleswig-Holstein was grabbed from Denmark it by no means follows that the people of the two duchies would be willing to return there. The problem is by no means as simple as that presented by Alsace-Lorraine, though they are often compared.

One could plunge backward a number of centuries in order to set forth the Schleswig-Holstein problem in full, but a beginning may well be made in times compartively recent. The general proposition may be laid down that Holstein was made up almost entirely of Germans, and that Schleswig was composed in a great measure of Danish people. Most of the time the Danes and Germans were able to get along with each other with no great friction, but every now and again they would clash, and as a result various European congresses tried to settle their differences. What appears now to have been the most sensible suggestion put forth in the long history-of unsettlement was made at the Congress of Vienna in 1815, and was to the effect that the duchies should separate, Schleswig going to Denmark and Holstein to Prussia. This solution was ruled out because of an ancient law to the effect that the duchies were "one and indivisible."

In the meantime, Schleswig-Holstein remained attached to Donmark, though not fully incorporated. Matters were made worse about the middle of the nineteenth century, when the King of Denmark sought to incorporate Schleswig as an integral part of the kingdom, whereupon the German population rose in revolt. Prussia took up the cudgels for the German population rose in revolt. Prussia not only drove the Danes out of the duchy, but invaded Denmark. Then Russia and Britain

Denmark. In the course of the campaign Prussia not only drove the Danes out of the duchy, but invaded Denmark. Then Russia and Britain intervened, and the Prussian army was called back into Schleswig while an armistice was arranged. When it was concluded Prussia made peace with Denmark, and permitted her friends in Holstein to continue the fight alone. More than that Prussia, in conjunction with Austria, offered to restore order in the duchies and to restore order in the duchies and in the end they were handed back

in the end they were handed back to Denmark.

As might have been expected this was not accepted as a final settlement by the people most concerned, and then Bismarck took a hand. He needed Schleswig-Holstein in the great game he was playing to exalt Prussia and at the same time humble Austria, then the predominant partner in the Germanic confederation. He duped Austria into lending her support in the effort to wrest the duchies from Denmark, assuring her that only thus would the democratic unrest that prevailed there be quenched before spreading further south. So he made war upon Denmark, and after a short campaign the duchies were detached, and the Danish rights in them ceded to paign the duchies were detached, and the Danish rights in them ceded to the King of Prussia and the Emperor of Austria. The inhabitants of the conquered province were appeased with the promise of being permitted the right eventually to decide by vote their own future. This promise it might be remarked, was by vote their own future. This promise, it might be remarked, was never redeemed.

never redeemed.

The next step in Bismarck's program was to use Schleswig-Holstein as a means of forcing a fight on Austria, and this was done by the King of Prussia, declaring at Bismarck's bidding that the duchies belong to him alone and that Austria had no claim. Austria resented this coldclaim. Austria resented this cold-blooded swindle, and in 1866 the claim. Austria resented this cold-blooded swindle, and in 1866 the two plunderers went to war. There followed the defeat of Austria and her expulsion from the German confederation. This left Prussia by farthe strongest member of the partnership of German states, and was another step in the plan which was brought to full triumph when the King of Prussia was crowned Emperor of Germany at Versailles, after the war with France. It is plain enough that Germany has no moral claim upon the duchies; it is also plain that a majority of the people most concerned would probably refuse to return to Denmark. It seems equally certain that what Holstein wants would not satisfy Schleswig. Some division of the duchies would appear to be the simplest solution that what the wither of the dwellers. Some division of the duchies would appear to be the simplest solution if only the rights of the dwellers therein are to be considered. It seems likely, however, that in view of the importance to Germany—and to the rest of the world—of the Kiel Canal and Heligoland that the Allies may be compelled to make a settlement that first guards their own interests, and secondly, pleases the people of Schleswig-Holstein.

Crude Oil Cures Disease. Crude oil will cure most skin diseases in hogs.

## The Canadian Angle

A N amusing skit on the effect of the new C. P. R. president's hat appears in the Chatham "News"—this effect being produced, doubtless, by the law of suggestion. The hat of Mr. Beatty is said to be tilted at a rakish angle; and the moment that this was found to be the case, the mimicry of that hat became a sacred duty on the part of the employees, according to the story.

In the good old days of Baron Shaughnessy, says the writer, the brisk and businesslike boy who delivers our C. P. Jespatches used to march into the office with his natty blue cap set square across his noble brow.



march into the office with his natty blue cap set square across his noble brow.

That cap was a fixture there. We got used to it. It seemed part of the established order of things. One could as easily imagine the boy pushing it to one side or the other, as one could imagine a breeze on the Sile upsetting the great Pyramid. One day last week we got a shock. Into our office tripped the youngster with his cap tilted rakishly over one ear.

"What's the matter, kid?" we enquired. "Getting the fid?" "Nope," and he brisked out again without troubling to explain. But we have just discovered the truth.

Baron Shaughnessy used to wear his hat square-set across his forehead. But the new president of the C. P. —Its first Canadian-born president—Mr. E, W. Beatty, invariably carries his chapeau tilted at a rakish angle.

There are whispers going down the line that seedate firemen and brakemen and conductors all over the 13.600 miles and more of the C. P. R. are giving their headsear a shove to the eass.

Acommercial traveller through the West, who has escaped the flue, his system being too crowded with nicetine to give the germs even the timest foothold, mentioned to us just this morning that he had seen bell-boys in the C. P. R. hotels; and what the caps with their caps entirely off their heads and hanging from their ears, like pagan ornaments. He saw that in more than one of the C. P. R. hotels; and what the effect may be if the new practice is prevalent throughout the eighteen C. P. R. caravansarlea, it is impossible to gauge.

Telegraph operators in the 15,000 effices of the C. P. R. Telegraphs have been widely affected by the new movement in hats. The workmen in the great Angus car shops at Montreal, and in the C. P. R. shops at Winnipeg and Calgary, show, it is said, scarcely one piece of headgear that retains the old Shaughnessy that retains the old Shaughnessy that retains the old Shaughnessy.

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## Beecham's **Pills**

will rapidly improve your complexion by arousing the liver and putting stomach and blood in good order.

Largest Sale of any Medicine in the World.

Mental Hygiene for Defectives.

"For the first time in the history of warfare," says the New York Medical Journal, "mental hygiene as practiced among the soldiers is given the prominence it deserves, and, profiting, by the experience of England and France in the present war, the surgeon general was impelled to inaugurate an elaborate organization, both in number and plan, to take care of any mental disturbances detected in the camps or among the soldiers durthe camps or among the soldlers during the war. This is a distinct innovation in the medical army work, for the subjects of the mental hygiene and of mental and nervous diseases. in general as occurring among sol-dier in wartime were for many reas-sons either slightly treated or neglected altogether."

### Nero's Palace.

Nero's Palace.

The golden house was the palace of Nero in ancient Rome, which occupied the valley between the Palatine and Esquiline, and connected the palaces of the Cæsars with the gardens of Mæcenas. It was built after the great fire of 64 A.D., and was so large that it contained porticos 2,800 feet long and inclosed a lake where the colosseum now stands. The forecourt contained a colossus of Nero 120 feet high.

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LITEE INFERIEURE



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Mrs. Jack. He's liable to come in there

any, time. You could stay at the house tonight. Everything around there, shacks and all, was burned days ago, so

the fire can't touch the house. The crew there has grub and a cook. I kinda expect Jack'll be there unless he

fell in with them constables."

She trudged silently back to the Wa-

terbug. Barlow started the engine, and the boat took up her slow way. As they skirted the shore Stella began to

see here and there the fierce havoc of

the fire. Black trunks of fir reared nakedly to the smoky sky, lay crisscross

on bank and beach. Nowhere was there a green blade, a living bush—nothing but charred black, a melancholy waste

of smoking litter, with here and there a pitch soaked stub still waving its banner of flame or glowing redly. Back

of those seared skeletons a shifting cloud of smoke obscured everything. Rresently they drew in to Cougar bay.

Men moved about on the beach; two bulky scows stood nose-on to the shore.

Upon them rested half a dozen donkey

engines, thick bellied, upright machines, blown down, dead on their skids. About

these in great coils lay piled the gear

of logging, miles of steel cable, blocks, the varied tools of the logger's trade.

The Panther lay between the scows, with lines from each passed over her

Stella could see the outline of the

white bungalow on its grassy knoll. They had saved only that, of all the camp, by a fight that sent three men

to the hospital on a day when the wind

shifted into the northwest and sent a sheet of flame rolling through the tim-

ber and down on Cougar bay like a tidal wave, so Barlow told her. He

supped his hands now and called to his

"Go up to the mouth of Tumbling reek," Stella ordered.

Barlow swung the Waterbug about,

cleared the point and stood up along the shore. Stella sat on a cushioned seat at the back of the pilothouse, hard

raging in the woods made her shrink Her own hand had helped to loose it

making. She was horribly afraid, with

a fear she would not name to her

Behind that density of atmosphere

the sun had gone to rest. The first shadows of dusk were closing in, be

tokened by a thickening of the smoke fog into which the Waterbug slowly plowed. To port a dimming shore line

to starboard, aft and dead ahead, water

and air merged in two boat lengths Barlow leaned through the pilothouse

window, one hand on the wheel, straining his eyes on their course. Suddenly

he threw out the clutch, shut down his

which loosed the Waterbug's shrill

Dead ahead, almost upon them, came

"I thought I heard a gas boat," Bar-

He threw his weight on the wheel sending it hard over. The cruiser still

had way on. The momentum of her ten ton weight scarcely had slackened.

and she answered the helm. Out of the deceptive thickness ahead loomed the sharp, flaring bow of another forty

footer, sheering quickly as her pilot sighted them. She was upon them and abreast and gone, with a watery purl

of her bow wave, a subdued mutter of

exhaust, passing so near that an active man could have leaped the space be-

ed, turning to Stella. "Did you see that, Mrs. Jack? They got him." Stella nodded. She, too, had seen Monohan seated on the afterdeck, his

head sunk on his breast, irons on his rists. A glimpse, no more.
"That'll help some," Barlow grunted.

"Quick work. But they come blame near cuttin' us down, beltin' along at ten knots when you can't see forty

An empty beach greeted them at Tumbling creek. Reluctantly Stella bade Barlow turn back. It would soon be dark, and Barlow said he would be taking chances of piling on the shore before he could see it or getting lost in the profound black that would shut down on the water with daylight's end.

But by luck Barlow made his way,

blundering fairly into the landing at the foot of the path that led to the bungalow as if the cruiser knew the

way to her old berth. And as he reach-

ed the float the front windows on the hillock broke out yellow, pale blurs in

"Well, say,"—Barlow pointed—"I bet a nickel Jack's home. See? Nobody but him would be in the house."

"Sufferin' Jerusalem!" Barlow repeat-

"Sufferin' Jerusalem!

whistle

an answering toot.

low exclaimed.

Hi, there!

feet ahead."

end.

the smoky night.

fellows on the beach.

towing bitts.

shifting

CHAPTER XVIII. "Out of the Night That Covers Me."

THE Waterbug limped. Her engine misfired continuously, and Barlow lacked the mechanical knowledge to remedy its ailment. He was satisfied to let it pound away so long as it would revolve at all. So the boat moved slowly through that encompassing smoke at less than half speed. Outwardly the once spick and span cruiser bore every mark of hard usage. Her topsides were foul, her decks splintered by the tramp-ing of calked boots, grimy with soot and cinders. It seemed to Stella that everything and every one on and about Roaring lake bore some mark of that holocaust raging in the timber, as if the fire were some malignant disease nacing and marring all that it affected and affecting all that trafficked

within its smoky radius.

But of the fire itself she could see nothing, even when late in the after-noon they drew in to the bay before her brother's camp. A heavier smoke cloud, more pungent of burning pitch, blan-keted the shores, lifted in blue, rolling masses farther back. A greater heat made the air stifling, causing the eyes. to smart and grow watery. That was the only difference

Barlow laid the Waterbug alongside the float. He had already told her that Lefty Howe, with the greater part of Fyfe's crew, was extending and guarding Benton's fire trail, and he half expected that Fyfe might have turned up there. Away back in the smoke arose spasmodic coughing of donkey engines, dull resounding of ax blades. Barlow led the way. They traversed a few hundred yards of path through brush, broken tops and stumps; coming at last into a fairway cut through virgin tim-ber, a sixty foot strip denuded of every growth, great firs felled and drawn far aside, brush piled and burned. A breast-work from which to fight advancing fire, it ran away into the heart of a forest. Here and there black-fire scorched patches abutted upon its northern flank, stumps of great trees smoldering, crackling yet. At the first such place half a dozen men were busy with shovels blotting out streaks of fire that crept along in the dry fleaf mold. No, they had not seen Fyfe. But they had been blamed busy. He

Half a mile beyond that, beside the first donkey shuddering on its anchored skids as it tore an eighteen inch cedar out by the roots, they came on Lefty Howe. He shook his head when Stella asked for Fyfe.

main camp day before yesterday," said Lefty. "There was a piece uh timber beyond that he thought he could save. I-well. I took a shoot around there yesterday after your brother got hurt. Jack wasn't there. Most of the boys was at camp loadin' gear on the scows. They said Jack's gone around to Tum-blin' creek with one man. He wasn't back this mornin', so I thought maybe he'd gone to the Springs. I dunno's there's any occasion to worry. He might 'a' gone to the head uh the lake them constables that went up last night. How's Charlie Benton?"

She told him briefly. go around to Cougar bay if I was you,

## THAT CHANGE IN **WOMAN'S LIFE**

Mrs. Godden Tells How It May be Passed in Safety and Comfort.

Fremont, O.—''I was passing through
the critical period of life, being fortysix years of age and
had all the symptoms incidentothat
change—heat flashes, nervousness, and
was in a general run
down condition, so
it was hard for me
to do my work.
Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound was recom-

surely proved to be. I feel better and stronger in every way since taking it, and the annoying symptoms have disappeared."—Mrs. M. Godden. Such annoying symptoms have disappeared."—Mrs. M. Godden. Such annoying symptoms have disappeared."—Mrs. M. Godden. Such annoying symptoms as heat flashes, nervousness, backache, headache, irritability and "the blues," may be speedly overcome and the system restored to normal conditions by this famous root and herb remedy Lydis E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If any complications present themselves write the Piakham Medicine Ce., Lynn, Mass., for suggestions how to overcome them. The result of ferty years experience is at your service and your letter held in strict cenfidence.

"I'll go up." Stella said.

"All right. I guess you know the path better'n I do." Barlow said. "I'll Take the Bug around into the bay."

Stella ran up the path. She halted halfway up the steps and leaned against the rail to catch her breath then she went on. Her step was noise-less, for tucked in behind a cushion aboard the Waterbug she had found an aboard the Waterbug she had found an old pair of her own shoes, rubber soled, and she had put them on to ease the ache in her feet born of thirty-six hours' incasement in leather. She gained the door without a sound. It was wide open, and in the middle of

was wide open, and in the middle of the big room Jack Fyfe stood with hands thrust deep in his pockets, star-ing absently at the floor. She took a step or two inside. Fyfe did not bear her; he did not look up. "Jack!"

He gave ever so slight a start, glanced up, stood with head thrown back a little. But be did not move or answer, and Stella. looking at him, seeing the flame that glowed in his eyes could not speak. Something seemed to choke her, something that was a strange compound of relief and bewilderment and a slow wonder at her-self-at the queer, unsteady pounding of her heart.

"How did you get way up here?" he asked at last.

"Linda wired last night that Charlie was hurt. I got a machine to the Springs. Then Barlow came down this afternoon looking for you. He said you'd been missing for two days. So

ward her with that peculiar light foot-

ed step of his, a queer, tense look on his face.
"Nero fiddled when Rome was burn-"Did you come ing," he said harshly. to sing while my Rome goes up in smoke?

A little half strangled sob escaped per. She turned to go, but he caught ber by the arm.

"There, lady," he said, with a swift change of tone. "I didn't mean to slash at you. I suppose you mean all right, but just now, with everything gone to the devil, to look up and see you here-I've really got an ugly temper, Stella, and it's pretty near the surface these days. I don't want to be pitied and sympathized with. I want to fight.
want to hurt somebody."

"Hurt me then!" she cried.

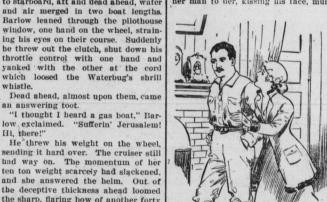
He shook his head sadly.
"I couldn't do that." he said. "No, I an't imagine myself ever doing that." "Why?" she asked, knowing why, but wishful to hear in words what his

eyes shouted.
"Because I love you," he said. "You know well enough why." she lifted her one free hand to his shoulder. Her face turned up to his. A warm wave of blood dyed the round

white neck, shot up into her cheeks. Her eyes were suddenly aglow, lips

"Kjas me, then." she whispered. "That's what I came for. Kiss me Jack.

eyed, struggling against that dead weight that seemed to grow and grow in her breast. That elemental fury If she had doubted, if she had ever in the last few hours looked with mis-giving upon what she felt herself im-pelled to do, the pressure of Jack but her hands were powerless to stay it; she could only sit and watch and wait, eaten up with misery of her own Fyfe's lips on hers left no room fo gladness. She was happy in his arms, content to rest there, to feel his heart beating against hers, to be quit of all the uncertainties, all the useless re grets. By a roundabout way she had come to her own, and it thrilled her to her finger tips. She could not quite omprehend it or herself. But she glad, weeping with gladness, straining her man to her, kissing his face, mur



for. Kiss me, Jack."

muring incoherent words against his

care." Fyfe held her off a little from him, his sinewy fingers gripping gently the soft flesh of her arms. "And you were hig enough to come back my dear, you don't know what that means to me! I'm broke, and I'd just about reached the point where I didn't give a d—. This fire has cleaned me out. I've"—
"I know,\* Stella interrupted. "That's

why I came back. I wouldn't have come otherwise, at least not for a long time—perhaps never. It seemed as if, I ought to, as if it were the least I could do. Of course it looks altogether different now that I know I really want to. But, you see, I didn't know that for sure until I saw you standing here. Oh, Jack, there's such a lot I wish I could wipe out!"
"It's wiped out," he said happily.

"The slate's clean. Fair weather didn't get us anywhere. It took a storm. Well, the storm's over."

She stirred uneasily in his arms.

"Haven't you got the least bit of re-sentment, Jack, for all this trouble I've helped to bring about?" she fal-

(To be Continued) SUBSCRIBE FOR THE HERALD

### **USING MILKING DEVICES**

When It is Advisable to Invest in Milking Machines.

Cause and Cure of Diarrhoea In Calves — Simple and Common-sense Methods of Treatment May Save Valuable Young Animals.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

T is clear that if dairying is to develop as it ought to do in the Province of Ontario, more labor is needed on dairy farms. As the supply of labor is limited, cow-farmers are turning their attention to the mechanical milker as an aid in the biggest job on a farm where milk-cows are kept, namely, that of milking

Past the Experimental Stage. While it is true that mechanical milkers are not yet perfected, and possibly will never be absolutely 'fool-proof," they have reached a stage of perfection where they can be recommended to the man who is in need of help at milking-time. There are several machines now on the market which have proven to be more or less successful in tests made at Experimental Stations, but what at Experimental Stations, but what is even more important, have stood the test of actual farm conditions. The advertising columns of the agricultural press contain the names of the leading makes of machines which can now be purchased by milk-producers.

In answer to the question, will it pay to buy a milking machine? we

pay to buy a milking machine? we would answer yes, under the follow-

ing conditions:

1. Where a herd of twenty or more niking cows are kept, though we were in a stable recently where a man was using a machine to milk eight cows, and he considered that it paid him.

Where hand-milkers are not to be had, and where it means selling all, or part of the herd, because of the difficulty in getting the cows

milked.

3. Where a man desires to increase

3. Where a man desires to increase his herd but cannot do so, because hand lailking is impossible.

4. Where a man has some mechanical genius and is willing to give the machine the necessary attention in order to make it a success. Not every man can get good results with a milking machine. The cows must be stripped after the machine, to insure "milking out clean."

stripped after the machine, to insure "milking out clean."

5. Where a man or woman will give the necessary attention in order to keep the machine clean. It must be thoroughly washed and the milking parts kept in a solution of chloride of lime—one pound, dissolved in ten gallons of water. This must be changed about every two weeks, or as often as necessary to prevent contamination.

6. Where a man has the necessary where a man has the necessary capital (about \$500) to invest in a machine and does not have to bor-row the money at the present high rate of interest.—Prof. H. H. Dean, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.

Infectious Diarrhoea In Calves.

- A form of diarrhoea in calves, known as "Infectious Diarrhoea," is not uncommon in calves, and the owners are often at a loss to account

It is caused by a specific germ that It is caused by a specific germ that gains entrance to the circulation, generally by the navel opening. It generally occurs as an epidemic in certain stables or certain localities, and as it is often fatal, causes great loss to the breeder.

The cause and results strongly resemble those of joint ill or navel ill semble those of joint ill or navel ill causes the

semble those of joint ill or navel ill in foals. The virus which causes the trouble exists in the stable or in the

Symptoms.—At a variable time of-Symptoms.—At a variable time di-ter birth, in some cases a few hours and in others a few days, the young animal suffers from an attack of acute diarrhoea, the symptoms of which do not differ markedly from ordinary diarrhoea, except from the fact that they seldom yield readily to treatment. The patient refuses to urse or partake of nourishment,

nurse or partake of nourisment, persists and death soon results.

Treatment.—Preventive treatment consists in preventing the cause. When we know that the entrance into the circulation of a germ causes the trouble, its entrance must be prevented in order that we may be successful. The building in which the cow is expected to bring forth young, and especially the stall, should be thoroughly disinfected. This may be done by sweeping and dusting thoroughly, and following by a thorough washing or scrubbing with a hot five per cent. solution of carbolic acid or one of the coal tar antisceptics, or a thorough coat of hot lime wash with five per cent. crude carbolic acid. The stall should be cleaned out daily and a little slacked lime spread upon the floor each time before supplying fearly building. and a little slacked lime spread upon the floor each time before supplying fresh bedding. The attendant should have a quantity of a good strong disinfectant on hand, as one of the solutions above mentioned or a solution of corrosive sublimate, 30 grams to a pint of water. The writer prefers the latter. The navel of the calf should be freely dressed with this as soon as possible after birth, and several times daily afterwards until thoroughly healed.

Curative treatment is often in-

crait times daily attended and thoroughly healed.
Curative treatment is often ineffective. The following has probably given better results than any other, viz.: Mix part formalin with 15-parts new milk and mix a teaspoonful of this with each part of milk consumed by the calf. When the calf is nursing its dam the mixture can be mixed with a small quantity of the dam's milk and given as a drench, the attendant estimating about how much it should get. When the calf is to attendant estimating about how much it should get. When the calf is to nurse the dam it is well to wash udder and teats with the solution before the calf nurses and once or twice daily for a week or so afterwards. When this is done the parts should be allowed to dry, and then be well rubbed with a dry cloth before the calf is allowed to nurse.—J. H. R., Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.

IMPROVED UNIFERN INTERNATIONAL

# LESSON

(Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper

### LESSON FOR NOVEMBER 24

JACOB AND ESAU RECONCILED.

LESSON TEXT—Genesis 33:1-11.
GOLDEN TEXT—A soft answer turneth
away wrath.—Proverbs 15:1.
DEVOTIONAL READING—Psalms 46.
ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—Genesis 32:
3-33:28.

From Bethel, Jacob went to Padan-gram to his mother's people. Here he served Laban for twenty years—fourteen years for his wives and six years for certain wages. In his dealings with Laban he finds his match—two schemers get together—"diamond cuts diamond."

1. Jacob Departs for Canaan (31: 11-21).

The time had come for Jacob to go back to his kindred in the land of Cannan. The Lord instructed him so to do (v. 13). Though going forward under the direction of God, his Jacobleave of Laban. When Laban realized the situation he went in hot pursuit, but God appeared unto him in a dream and warned him against any act of violence toward Jacob. They formed a compact and Laban returned home.

II. Jacob on the Way (chapter 32.)
Laban's return freed Jacob from
the enemy who was pursuing him from helind, but he faced a more formida-tle one in the person of Esau.

1. Jacob meeting the angels (v. 1). Two camps of angels met him to give him the assurance that God would e with him according to his promise. Notwithstanding this, he continued to scheme. He sent a deputation with a message of good cheer to Esau.

Jacob praying (vv. 9-12). 2. Jacob praying (vv. 9-12).
Esau made no reply to Jacob's message, but went forward with an army of men, four hundred strong, to meet Jacob. Jacob is in great distress, therefore he casts himself upon God in prayer. This is a fine specimen of effectual prayer. It is short direct. effectual prayer. It is short, direct, and earnest. (1) He reminds God of his command issued for his return, and also of the covenant promise (31:3). Surely God would not issue a command and then leave him in such strait. (2) Pleads God's promise as to his personal safety (v. 9, cf. Genesis 28:13-15, 31-33). In our praying we should definitely plead God's promises in his word, on the ground of covenant relationship in Christ. (3) Confesses unworthiness (v. 10). In this he shows the proper spirit of humility. (4) Presents definite petitions (v. 11). He lays before the Lord the definite request to be delivered from the wrath of Esau.

The angel of Jehovah wrestling

with Jacob (32:24-32). In God's school of discipline, Jacob is making some improvement, but still he is under the sway of self-will and self-trust. Though he had laid the matter definitely before the Lord, he thought that his scheming would render God some assistance. Accordingly, he sent presents ahead to appease the anger of Esau. While journeying along, a man met him and wrestled with him, but Jacob knew not vho he was. Perhaps he thought that Easu had pounced upon him in the cark. He exerted every ounce of strength in what he thought was the dark. struggle for his very life. The morning was approaching, and still the wrestlers continued, Jacob not knowing it was Jehovah manifest in human form. This is the second crisis in Jacob's life. He did not dare to enter the promised land under the control of his self-sufficiency; his selfish will must be broken; his Jacob-nature must be changed. God humbled him by dislocating his thigh. When thus humbled, he quit wrestling and clung to God. He got the blessing when he

scious of his weakness, laid hold 4. Jacob gets a new name (v. 28). He was no longer Jacob, the supplanter; but Israel, a prince of God. His new name was given him after he had a new nature. He came face to face with God, and face to face with himself, and fought the battle to a finish. We must have the new natare before we can enter the place of blessing. Jacob came to realize that he had been struggling with God, for he called the place "Peniel," means "face to face with God."

III. Jacob Meets Esau (33:1-11). God had evidently wrought with Esau, for when Jacob approached him the sting of bitterness was gone. It was not Jacob's scheming that removed Esau's anger, but the action of the Supernatural upon his heart. At Jabbok Jacob got right with God, so when he met Esau it was an easy matter to get right with him. When we are right with God it is an easy matter to get right with our brother.

In This Life. We hear much of love to God. Christ spoke much of love to man. We make a great deal of peace with heaven. Christ made much of peace on earth. Religion is not a strange or added thing, but the inspiration of the secu-lar life, the breathing of an eternal spirit through this temporal world.

Man and His Faith.

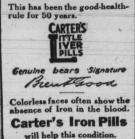
Faith is the substratum of life; so that a man will be as he believes, and will believe as he lives.—Wm. M. Tay-



### The Best Habit In The World

is the habit of health. The way to get it is to train your bowels, through the liver, to act naturally, at a fixed time, every day.

Take one pill regularly (more only if necessary) until you succeed. Then you can stop taking them, without trouble or annoyance.



Chess Teaches War.

Chess has often been praised as a lively and exact image of warfare for which reason Napoleon and other famous commanders, before and after his time have cultivated it in leisure

his time have cultivated it in leisure moments, and even recommended it as the best pastime for young officers.

This "Game of Kings" bring home to its votaries the validity of two great strategic principles—concentration at the decisive point, and the ruthless sacrifice of man power in order to achieve a victorious conclusion. These principles are illustrated in the master chess of Morphy and Blackburne, whose sacrificial splen-Blackburne, whose sacrificial splen-dors are faintly reflected even in the

Blackburne, whose sacrificial splendors are faintly reflected even in the spendthrift wasting of "cannon fodder" by Hindenburg and Ludendorff, the former of whom in the days before he was dug up used to play chess in the intervals of trying his luck at "jskat" and drinking a mixture of champagne and brandy. Hindenburg is not a good chess player; even the German newspapers which assisted at his apotheosis after Tannenberg politely hinted that he knew nothing and cared less, about the game.

The Japanese have an ancient board game which seems to be a much more exact image of modern warfare than chess. "Go," as this honorable pastime is called, is played on a board divided into eighteen by eighteen squares, which gives 61 intersection points. The men are placed on these points, and each player has 180 of them, small smooth pebbles of eliptical shape being used in Japan. The players play alternately, depositing a man at each turn on a point; and the object of the play is to score either by surrounding parties of the opponent's men or to occupy territory, each man surrounded or square of territory within a cordon counting one in the final computation. putation.

Liberia.

Liberia may be one of the smallest and humblest of the nations, but it is one of the most faithful and earnest of those allied against Prussianism. The Consul-General of the Republic, speaking before the "Altar of Liberty" in New York the other day, in behalf of the Government of his country, "consecrated her man-power and her resources to the final extinction of German autocracy and justice." There is something bordering upon the manyelous in the capacity Germany has shown for winning the abhorrence of the smaller, as well as of the greater, nations.

### INSURANCE!

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### Penitentiary for Life

John Johnston, the Bulgarian, twentytwo years of age, stole a coat from a
section house on the C.P.R. the sixteenth
of September, and when the section men,
Messrs. Carlton Wall and Mattingly
undertook to arrest him, the accused
shot Wall, killing him almost instantly.
Johnston could not speak or understand
English, and Mr. Louis Karakowsky, of
Smiths Falls, a countryman, acted as
interpreter. After the evidence of Mr.
Mattingly was taken, counsel for the
crown agreed to alter the charge from
murder to that of manslaughter. This
was agreed to by Mr. C. J. Foy, connsel
for the accused, and to which counsel
pleaded guilty on behalf of Johnston.
The meaning of the charge was madeknown to the accused, after which Chief
Justice Latchford addressed the prisoner,
stating that nothing was left for him
but to pronounce sentence. Before
doing so the Chief Justice strongly comordered to the direction of the National
Sanitarium Association, with the endorsement of the leading clergymen of
all denominations School Boards, Sunday
November 24th, and Monday, November 25th, have been appointed for the
annual observance of Tuberculosis Day
to the schools. The recent Epidemic of
Influenza, has undoubtedly left many
of its victims in a weakened condition
of health. With vitality lowered, they
fall into Consumption. If you would
guard against this disease, watch your
work. See that your food is nourishing,
and see that it is served at regular inthe vals. Above all, get out into, the
sunshine every minute you can spare.
See that the windows in your place of
business and in your home are open, so
doing so the Chief Justice strongly comordered to the Prisoner.
Sanitarium Association, with the endorsement of the leading clergymen of
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Influenza, has undoubtedly left many
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of health. With vitality low John Johnston, the Bulgarian, twentybat to pronounce sentence. Before doing so the Chief Justice strongly commented on the practice of foreigners, and others carrying frearms, and suggested that foreigners who had been residents of Canada for some time and the days and criminal of care residents of Canada for some time and knew the danger and criminal offence being committed by so doing, should endeavor to impress upon new arrivals the error of following this practice. In reply to a question Mr. Foy informed his Lordship that he had asked Johnston why he carried a revolver and the prisoner said it was the practice in his country and that since coming to Canada all his companions had continued the practice. His Lordship then pronounced sentence on the prisoner which was a life sentence in Kingston Peniteriary.

Knox Church—Beckwith

A large congregation assembled last Sabbath morning, glad to go into the sanctuary had been closed for a month.

### Kissed the Union Jack

Because he was alleged to have re-fused to place Victory Loan Bond literaresidents of Pembroke called at the effice of Mr. W. Litcke, a Pembroke liveryman, put him into his car and drove him to the Pembroke victory headquarters and there compelled him to placard his car with Victory Bond stickers and kiss the flag Monday morning. It is said that information reached the Pembroke branch of the Great War Veterans association that Mr. Litcke was not sympathetic to Victory Bonds, and the officers of that organization took forcible means to compel loyalty. Another resident of Pembroke whose name has a German sound, is said to have been forced to undergo similar teatment. During the peace celebration teatment. During the peace celebration of Monday he met a man carrying a fing, and it is alleged passed some sneer, whereupon the bearer took the law into his own hands, knocked the scoffer down and compelled him to kiss the

An Ottawa girl who has seen service in France, Saloniki, and England returned to Canada recently in the person of Nursing Sister Laura Gamble, Associate of the Royal Red Cross, who has been overseas for the past three and a half years. She went to France in May, 1915 with the Toronto University unit which ocupied No. 4 General Hospital at Rouven. After six months there, Miss Gamble was sent to Saloniki. About a year ago she returned to do hospital daty at Basingstoke, England, and she is now staying with her parents, Rev. and Mrs. R. Gamble, before taking up duty in Canada again. Miss Gamble bequeathed to her brother, Joseph Slocum.

### Tuberculosis Sunday

Under the direction of the National

of a plentiful supply of pure, fresh air. Four Austrians hailing from Galt, were each fined \$200 and costs in the police court at Brockville for a violation of the Ontario Temperance Act. In default the quartette want to jail for

### **OBITUARY**

FRANCIS JAMES FRY

November fifth, nineteen eighteen, saw the passing of Francis James Fry, for some years Chairman of the House of J. S. Fry & Sons, Limited, of Bristol, England.

For nearly seventy years Mr. Fry held a lead-ing position in the development of the House of Fry, and to his commercial genius, unfailing tact, and gracious courtesy the worldwide success of the House was very largely attributable.

It may be stated with confidence that Mil. 11, was a man who, while he had hosts of friends, never made an enemy in business, politics or religion—yet he consistently maintained independence of thought. It may be stated with confidence that Mr. Fry His sterling honesty and his courteous to erance of opposing views had always ensured him respect.

At the ripe age of eighty-four years, and after a long life of active usefulness, the Empire loses one of its Merchant Princes, and the World is today poorer by the loss of one of her finest Citizens.

Our deepest sympathy goes out to the bereaved family, and our hope that the sadness will be brightened by the memory of many kindly acts during the long life so nobly spent.

### New Travelling Regulations

Persons Embarking at U. S. Sea-ports Must Produce Permis-sion Better Leaving Canada.

NDER an order issued by the Secretary of State, Washington, effective November 11th, land, air persons going from Canada to toreign destinations by way of United States seaports must procure permission for emoarkation before leaving Canada.

leaving Canada,

Such permission must be arranged for either by executing declaration and procuring vise on passport before one of the American Consuls in Canada, or by making formal application before any of the United States immigration ofheers located in Canada upon forms furnished by the said others.

In order to allow sufficient time for In order to allow sumerest time for investigation, tre-smission of papers to Washington, etc., applications should be filed either with the Consul or the Immigration Officer at least 17 days prior to the date of proceed departure.

least 17 days prior to the date of proposed departure.

The State Department invites special attention of prospective travellers to the fact that unless they have obtained vise by an American Consul, the said Department must decide whethen or not departure from an American port will be allowed, such decision being based upon the application submitted through the immigration officers. Passengers are accordingly warned not to proceed to the port of embarkation until they are in possession of either the Consular vise, or proper certificate from the U. S. Immigration authorities showing that permit for departure has been granted.

The foregoing applies to all persons not citizens of the United States, and it is effective regarding all destinations, including Mexico, U. S. Insular possessions, etc., but not including Regrands.

tinations, including Mexico, U. S. Ya-sular possessions, etc., but not in-cluding Bermuda.

United States citizens seeking to proceed to foreign points are requir-ed to have passports issued by the State Department, applications for same being obtainable from the vari-ous American Consuls.

### The After Effects Of Dreaded La Grippe

### **Worse Than the Disease Itself** Victims Left Weak, Nerves and Worn Out

Knox Church—Beckwith—
A large congregation assembled last Sabath morning, flad to go into the house of the Lord, after the doors of the sanctuary had been closed for a month. It was the minister first appearance with his flock for five months, four of which were spent in mission work in Saskatchewan. There was a cheerful ring in the songs of praise, capecially the boil 124th psalm, "Now Israel may say and that etc.," with which the service opened. The sermon was on the timely theme of comfort and help in times of affliction and distress, such as the timely theme of comfort and help in suffered was none to help. Then they cried unto the Lord in their trouble, and help in suffered and the Interest was none to help. Then they cried unto the Lord in their trouble, and help in suffered and the divine blessing were traceable, in all the calamities that afflict he in observance of the coming in of victory and heach, and help in suffered with the singing of the national anther in history as one of the judgments of 1818—19 on Friday evening of this week. A good programume has been prepared. The was the wild foreyond and in the creater of the wild ferenoon.

The W.M.S. will hold their monthly meeting in the vestry on Thursday which the minister prehached on "Was and pace was held in the evening at which the minister prehached on "Was and peace was held in the evening at which the minister prehached on "Was and peace was held in the evening at which the minister prehached on "Was and peace was held in the evening at which the minister prehached on "Was and peace was held in the evening of this week. A good proparamume has been prepared. The word has been prepared. The was advised to try D. Williams Pink Pilks and peace was held in the vestry on Thursday and peace was held in the evening at which the minister prehached on "Was and all run down. I had severe attack of la grippe and it left me with the claim the child will open its work for the season of 1818—19 on Friday evening of this week. A good proparatine has been pre appetite improved and in a little more than a month I felt all my old time vigor had returned. I am sincerely glad I was persuaded to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I shall always have a good word to say for them."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills not only cure the discussion of the control of

but are also a specific for all troubles due to poor blood, such as anaemia rheumatism, indigestion, women's ail-ments and the generally worn out feeling that affects so many people. You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cepts a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville,

### Hugh S. Miller of Beachburg

Hugh S. Miller of Beachburg

There will be general sorrow at the news of the death of Hugh S. Miller, of Beachburg, who died on Wednesday last. It was only the week previous that his son, a young man died of influenza, followed by pneumopia. Hugh S. Miller, was well and widely known, being engaged in the undertaking business, and came from Coulonge 21 years ago. He was Clerk of the Township of Westmeath, Secretary of the Telephone Association, and Treasurer of the Chosen Friends, in all of which activities he was an able and ardent officer. He contracted influenza, and pneumonia followed, from which he succumbed, at the age of 55 years. Besides his wife he leaves one daughter, Mrs. Gracie, of Smiths Ralks. In religion he was a Presbyterian.

# HTABER'S



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### HEAVY WINTER WEAR SERGE SUITS

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This week we offer you a saving of

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## **NAVY SERGE** DRESSES

Only seven. Good all-wool Navy Serge Dresses, worth 13.50 to \$15

at \$5.98

Crepe de Chene Waists at \$2.90

Maize, Peach and Flesh. worth \$4

## Taber & Co.

A Coincidence in Pictures

In The Observer last week there was sublished a picture showing Canadian published a picture showing Canadian soldiers rejoicing with the villagers of Sandemont, France, on their liberation after four years of occapation by the Cermans, and following this there came to us yesterday a copy of the London Daily Mirror sent by Lieut. James Zox ford, formerly of Pembroke, to his sisters in Ottaws, and in which the same picture was printed. Accompanying it was the explanation that the young soldier sitting between two elderly French ladies was Lieut. Coxford's batman, who was since seriously wounded at Cambrai and is now in an English hospital, while nearly all the soldiers were members of Lieut. Coxford's company.—Pembroke Observer.



YOUR IGNITION

The explosion and propulsive power of your cylinders — depends on the spark plugs you use. The best batteries or magneto, the most effective carburetor, are of no avail if you do not get live, continuous sparks. We recommend one of the best Plugs. It never fails to give large bright sparks.

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We find we have a large stock of Winter Goods on hand that we wish to reduce, and in order to do so we are launching this Great Reduction

Now is the time to buy your Clothing for Winter to save money. As the coal-bin is not overflowing this year, buy warm clothing and avoid

Goods will not be any cheaper for some time to come even if the war

## OPPORTUNITY YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO MISS

THE STOCK CONSISTS OF

Ladies' Winter Coats

Suits Dresses

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Hosiery!

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Overcoats, Suits, Pea Jackets, Separate Pants, Overalls, Sweaters, Smocks, Uuderwear, Work and Fine Shirts, Hats and Caps, Mitts and Gloves.

A limited stock of home-made Mitts and

Elannelette Blankets, 11.4 and 12-4, White and Grey, Bed Spreads, Flanuelettes, Flannels, Shirting, Cottons, Prints, Gingham, Table Linen and Linen Towelling, Children's Sweaters, Tams and Scarf Sets.

### EXTRA SPECIAL REDUCTION ON MEN'S OVERCOATS AND SUITS

A large number of other articles too numerous to mention.

A number of broken lines through the store will be sold below cost.

You will make and save money by buying your requirements during this sale.

No goods on approbation and no money refunded.

Remember the Place!

Remember the Date!

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 21st

Taylor's H. ABDALLAH