MARY S. JARRATT

I, H. H. Moore of Nelson, B.C., hereby give notice that I intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Nelson, B.C., at its next regular ense for the Manhattan Saloon on Jose phine street. Nelson, B.C., to Mary S. Jar att, wife of William E. Jarratt of Nelson.

Dated at Nelson, B.C., this 28th day of April, A.D., 1908. H. H. MOORE, Licensee.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE

NOTICE is hereby given that I, G. S. Coleman of Ymir, B.C., intend to apply to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, at the expiration of one month from the date hereof, for a renewal of my retail liquor license for the premises known as the Walforf hotel, situate at Dated May 6th, 1908.

G. S. COLEMAN

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE

TAKE NOTICE that Daly and Bremne of Ymir, B.C., intend to apply to the Su-perintendent of Provincial Police at the xpiration of one month from date her a transfer and renewal of our hotel icenses for the premises known as the Ymir hotel at Ymir, B.C., to J. B. Brem Dated May 4 ,1908.

DALY & BREMNER.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE

TAKE NOTICE that John Breau of Ymir, B.C., intend to apply to the Superinten dent of Provincial Police at the expiration of one month from date hereof, for a renewal of my hotel license for the premises known as the Cosmopolitan hotel at Ymir

Dated May 2nd, 1908.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE

JOHN BREAU

NOTICE is hereby given that I, Edith E. Gille of Ymir, B.C., intend to apply to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, at the expiration of one month for a renewal of my retail liquor license for the premises. known as the Vancouver Hotel, situate at Dated May 2nd, 1908.
EDITH E. GILLE-

NOTICE OF TRANSFER OF LICENSE

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of License Commission ers for the City of Nelson at their next meeting held thirty days after date hereof. for a transfer of the retail license now hel by me for the Strathcona hotel, situate on Lots 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, in Block 13, Nelson, B.C., to the Strathcona Hotel Company J. C. BONNEAU.

Per Atty. Jerry Bonneau.
Pated this 11th day of March A.D., 1908. NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT

OF WEST KOOTENAY TAKE NOTICE that I, Wm. Graham of Coleman, Alta., occupation, Miner, intend, to apply for permission to purchase the fol-

Commencing at a post planted about two miles up Mosquitto creek, and about two-miles west of Garnet creek, and marked 'Wm. Graham's N.E. corner," thence south 0 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to oint of commencement,

WM. GRAHAM. SIDNEY LEARY, Agent. Dated April 29th, 19.8.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE I G T Snow of Procter, B.C. hereby give notice that I intend, one month after publication of this notice to apply to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for a

renewal of my retail liquor license on the premises known as the Outlet Hotel, situate at Procter, B.C. My postoffice address is Procter, B.C.. The name and address of the owner of the premises for which the renewal of li-cense is proposed are, G. T. Snow, Procter,

Dated this 1st day of May, 1908.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE

PEAK

NNEX

TERS.

TAKE NOTICE that I, John Marshall of Kitchener intend applying to the Superinendent of Provincial Police at the expiranewal of my hotel license for the premises chown as the Marshall hotel at Kitchener Dated at Kitchener, April 29, JOHN MARSHALL.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE

NOTICE is hereby given that I. Mitchell Tait of Ymir, B.C., intend to apply to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, at the expliation of one month from the date license for the premises known as the Palace Hotel, situate at Ymir, B.C.; and also that I intend to apply for a transfer of the retail liquor license now held by Archib and Davis for the Palace Hotel, to myself nd Davis for the Dated May 2nd, 1908.
MITCHELL TAIT.

RE- NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-

NOTICE is hereby given that I, Sami Superintendent of Provincial Police, at the expiration of one month from the date license for the premises known as the Miller

Hotel, situate at Ymir, B.C. Dated May 2nd, 1908. SAMUEL MILLER.

THE WEEKLY NEWS

VOL. 7

NELSON, B. C., SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1908

Rumored General Election on June 20

DEADLOCK IN THE HOUSE

OPPOSITION WILL NOT VOTE SUP-PLY UNTIL CHANGES ARE for the season.

MADE IN AYLESWORTH ELEC. The department of labor has received. TION BILL-GOVERNOR GEN-ERAL SUDDENLY ARRIVES.

· ······· DISSOLUTION?

(Special to The Daily News.) OTTAWA, May 15-Many rumors are afloat today as to the future course of the government

ecial to The Daily News,) TAWA, May 15—At the opening of house this afternoon, R. L. Borden s informed by Hon. W. S. Fielding that he was not in a position to say Consideration of the Manitoba esti

mates followed, causing some contention, most of them passing, but some were held over for the presence of the departmental minister

crowded galleries were greatly dis appointed that the government did not press for the estimates, which would have precipitated a fight that would have been protracted until Sunday morn

Dissolution rumors are still current but a compromise is looked for. Hon. Robert Rogers of Winnipeg is in the city and premier Roblin has been wired for to consult with the opposition leader. The first minister has expressed a desire to meet Manitoba's premier.

In the senate today on the consideration of the bill to amend the meat and canned goods act, senator Lougheed criticized the provision permitting a wholesaler of the firm first handling the goods place their name on a package in place of the canner, as tending to weaken the protection of the public. Senators Baird, Cloran and Powers

supported the measure.
Senator Ferguson explained that this course facilitated trade. The large wholesalers were often more responsible

wholesalers were often more responsive than the packers.

Senators Bostock, Sullivan, Jaffray and Hon. R. W. Scott spoke in support of the bill, which was reported and read the third time without amendment. The \$10,000 vote for public buildings in Humboldt caused protests from Drs. Schaffner and Roche, who were against paying \$3000 for a site. The latter offered a similar site in Minnedosa for \$1500.

and said a similar lot in St. Boniface could be got for only \$400. The votes passed included \$25,000 for cussed at the blennial convention in this Calgary public buildings and \$50,000 for city today. The question was referred the Prince Albert penitentiary building

midnight was \$654,000. Hon. W. S. was discussed and referred to commit Fielding stated that he presumed the debate on the election bill would be resumed on Monday.

Ottawa, May 15-The house of con mons spent today mostly in committee of supply and there was no trace of the eonflict which is raging over the elec-tion bill. It is understood that there is a tentative arrangement between the premier and the leader of the opposi-tion by which there will be a radical pruning of the obnoxious clauses. At the liberal caucus this morning which was the largest and best attended of the cession, it is understood that while the sentiment was in favor of standing by the bill to the last, some of the eastern mem-bers announced their disapproval of the bill. It is likewise stated that Mr. Borin possession of the terms sir Wilfrid is to concede. What these are if they are in existence, will not be known until Monday, when the Aylesworth bill will come up again. It is possible that the bill will not come up even then, but the minor government bills of the government which had already een voted their full estimates for the year, were paid in full today, but the justice, militia, printing, interior, railbor departments only got half their

uildings in the west, the opposition contenting itself with pointing out that the constituencies in which these buildings were to be erected were represented by

At a largely attended liberal caucus At a largely attended liberal caucus this morning it was decided to accept the opposition's challenge to fight the election bill. On Monday the government will place the issue squarely become the country by endeavoring the country of the country by endeavoring the country by the country fore the country by endeavoring to get relatives in Scotland.

into supply again. If the opposition continues the fight against the election bill as promised, then failing the government's withdrawal of the first clause. the bill will come up the fight will continue.

The bill to amend the exchequer cour act has been read a second time and considered in committee. It provides for a substitute for the judge through illness or by any leave of absence, or if the other judicial duties of the judge pro-tract or delay the hearing of cases.

W. D. Scott, superintendent of immi-gration has issued a notice that the only classes of immigration wanted in Canada at the present time are experience farm laborers, farmers financially able to take homesteads or purchase lands and female domestic servnts. The de-mand for railway work has been filled

an application from president Moffatt of the provincial workmen's association of Nova Scotia, for a board of conciliation and investigation under the Lemieux act to adjudicate the matters at issue between 1750 employees of the Nova Scotia Steel company and the management. The wage question is the principal point in dispute. The men have appointed J. W. Madden of Sydney as their representative on the board

their representative on the board.

A destructive earthquake was recorded at the Ottawa observatory at 3:49

mors are afloat today as to the future course of the government in case the opposition refuse to vote supply. Both parties have discussed the situation in caucus and neither will yield. It was stated this evening that if some settlement of the Aylesworth election bill and the question of supply is not reached early next week the government will immediately dissolve parliament and the elections will be held on Saturday, June 20. The unexpected refurn of the governor general today to Ottawa, lends color to this latest statement.

(Special to The Dally News.) exports of domestic products on the other hand show a slight increase. For the month the domestic exports totalled month the domestic exports totalled \$10,294,828 as compared with \$9,751,849. The grand total of Canadian trade for the month was \$30,970,387, as compar with \$40,725,969 for April, 1907.

ENGINEERING MISTAKE

PART OF TRANSCONTINENTAL TO BE REBUILT

SEVERAL MILES OF ROADBED ARE UNDER WATER

LA TUQUE, Que., May 15.—The unusual height of the St. Mary's river this spring has apparently shown up a bad engineering mistake in the construction of the National Transcontinental rail way in this district which may necessitate a complete redrafting of the plans At the present moment several miles of roadbed of the new railroad are sev-eral feet under water in fact, one of the contractors came into La Tuque and re ported that he had paddled in a cano for two miles over the tracks of the railway, there being two or more feet of water over the tracks during the

entire distance.

Water is undermining the roadbed It is also said by the engineers that the piers of the new bridge have been greatly damaged, and many of them will have to be rebuilt during the summer and the bridge probably elevated.

LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS

Meeting of the Brotherhood at Colum bus Yesterday

COLUMBUS, May 15-Whether the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers shall admit motormen employed on the steam and interurban railways to membership, was one of the questions dis-cussed at the biennial convention in this to a committee of ten members. Appliand site.

The total voted when the house rose at in South America and in the canal zone tees. The applications from South America came chiefly from Brazil which has no representative here. The canal zone is represented by L. B. Swerington of Cristopol, Panama.

Admiralty Stops Night Manoeuvres for the Present

LONDON, May 15.—As a result of he recent naval disasters the admiralty has issued orders forbidding all night investigation of these disasters has been completed new instructions and rules will be issued especially concerning the torpedo craft.

AN ART SCANDAL

An Artist Exhibits Pictures That He Purchased, Not Painted NEW YORK, May 15.-An art scar

dal, which began early this month with the withdrawal of three paintings from will be considered. Those departments the Corcoran art gallery at Washing Clausen, the arrested dealer, declared today that he had purchased the three CHARGED WITH MURDER

Moir Committed at London to Stand LONDON, May 15.—Private W. Moir was charged with the murder of sergeant Lloyd before magistrate Lowe

Premier McBride Touring the Interior

METHODISM AND GAPITAL

RELIGIOUS CONFERENCE AT VAN COUVER ON RELATIONS WITH LABOR-MARRIAGE OF A WHITE WOMAN' TO AN EDUCATED CHINAMAN.

(Special to The Daily News.)
VANCOUVER, May 15—At the Methodist conference today the committees recommendations were presented from the laymen's conference advising a change in the legislation of the church so that laymen should be represented on the stationing committees as well as ministers and that lay delegates should

be allowed to attend ministerial sessions of the conference. On a discussion many clergymen favored the proposals.

In an address on "The Church and the Present Social Crisis," Rev Robert Milliken of Wesley church in this city, stated that this province was bound to stated that this province was bound to be the scene of a great battle between the conflicting forces of labor and capital, and urged that the churches of the province should be prepared to deal with the situation in an intelligent manner. Premier McBride, attorney general Bowser and minister of education Young left today for a tour of the interior. Mr. Bowser will conduct the assizes in the Okanagan and at Greenwood, while the others will go from Vernon to Nelson, stopping all along the route. After Mr. Bowser rejoins the party at Nelson a trip through the Crow's Nest country

VANCOUVER, May 15 — Edith Lamoung, a white woman of Vancouver and Nip Sue, a Chinese merchant of New Westminster, were martied yesterday afternoon at the rectory of St. Barnabas church by Rev. C. W. Houghton of New Westminster. The weeding was the first of the kind that has taken place in New Westminster and excited considerable comment. The groom has been educated in the English language at one of the local missions and for some time the local missions and for some time past has been taught by Miss Mercer of Tenth street.

IDENTITY ESTABLISHED

NOW CLEAR THAT MRS. GUINESS

IS DEAD

NO FURTHER EVIDENCE FOUND YESTERDAY

LAPORTE. May 15-The identification of the jaw bone as a portion of Mrs. Guiness' skull, bears out most conclusively the contentions of the state regarding the identity of the bodies found in the cellar. It is the clinching bit of evidence which should set at rest the rumors that Mrs. Guiness had escaped.
This statement was made by Ralph
Smith, prosecuting attorney today. It followed a report from Dr. C. P. Norton the dentist, who found that the piece of charred bone presented characteristics which he had observed while working on her teeth. Only two natural teeth, a cuspid one each side of the lower jaw, had remained in the woman's mouth, and the piece of bone found yesterday shows that all the teeth except the cuspids had been extracted from the jaw of the skull to which it belonged.

The first of the Guiness victims to be buried with Christian rites was buried by lantern light tonight in a cemetery on the outskirts of Laporte. The corps was that of Andrew Helglien of Mans-field, N.D., the last man to meet his death in the trap which Mrs. Guiness

At the search of the premises today, some relics showing that Mrs. Guiness had made a study of surgery, were picked up. Charred leaves of books on which sufficient print remained to show that the folios were devoted to anatomy, were Another ruined book was a reatise on hypnotism.

FOREST PRESERVATION Comprehensive Scheme to Be Tried by

Victoria Authorities VICTORIA, May 15 .- A comprehensive program for the better protection of the British Columbia forests from fire this summer is now in course of preparation by the chief commissioner

preparation by the chief commissioner of lands and works, and it is expected that within a very short time the appointment of fire wardens will be made. Last summer 23 wardens were in active service all over the province, but this year more than that number will be employed on the coast alone, so that in all probability the fire protection service throughout the province will be doubled. All the deputy wardens will be employed full time by the province, and on the occasion of dangerous bush fires scores of extra men will be taken on the force temperarily to

fight the outbreaks. At one time last summer during the dry season there were some 200 men on the fire protection pay sheets.

Fire warden McKay having resigned last fall to take the position of provincial timber officer, it is believed that Mr. W. C. Gladwin, his heutenant last summer, will be appointed chief warden this year. Fire warden McKay having resigned last fall to take the position of provincial timber officer, it is believed that Mr. W. C. Gladwing his heutenant last summer, will be appointed chief warden this year.

POPULARITY CONTEST

Watch for the ann

watch for the announcement
in tomorrow's paper of The Daily
News' popularity contest. Three
young ladies will receive a ten
ays' vacation trip to the Dominion fair at Calgary, June 29 to
July 9. This offers a splendid
holiday free of expense for the holiday free of expense for the three most popular young ladies in the Boundary, Nelson and East Kootenay districts. Full parti-

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THOUSANDS MISSING FROM THE THE WINNIPEG OFFICE

culars will appear in tomorrow's

AUTHORITIES UNABLE TO FIND THE DARING THIEF

POSTOFFICE ROBBERIES

WINNIPEG. May 15 .- A series of rob beries extending over several months has been going on in the Winnipeg post office and the sum total aggregates a very large amount. It is believed not less than \$12,000. The officials, of course, absolutely refuse to discuss the matter and consequently it is impossible to ascertain the correct figures, but the sum cannot be less than stated. A sum cannot be less than stated. A number of packages containing from \$800 to \$2000 have disappeared as mysteriously within the building as though they had sunk into the ground, indicating that the thief is some person cating that the thief is some person who has the handling of the money entrusted to him, and that he is clever and systematic in his operations. Suspic on at first rested upon the clerk at the registly window who received and checked off the money and then passed it on to the entry clerk. It was thought by officials that sufficient circumstantial evidence had been obtained to connect this clerk with the disappearance of a package containing \$800, mailed by the Merchants bank, although it was impossible to convict him. He was trusted to him, and that he is cleve by the Merchants bank, although it was impossible to convict him. He was promp ly discharged, however, and his father was compelled to reimburse the post office department to the extent of \$1200. The discharged clerk left the country shortly afterwards but the peculations still continued, large sums disappearing as before, a fact that plainly indicated that the wrong party had been discaarged. The gentleman who was

indicated that the wrong party had been discaarged. The gentleman who was required to pay the \$1200 his son was supposed to have stolen preposes now to take action asking to have the amount returned to him as he is convinced of his son's innocence. It is thought to be not improbable that an organized game is working within the organized gang is working within the postal service as the robberies have not been confined to the city office but have occurred at several points throughout the west when larger sums have been in transit, the supposition being that a tip was passed to a confederate from

tip was passed to a confederate from some one in close touch with affairs in the head office.

So successful and daring has the thief become in the Winnipeg office that the postal department has issued instructions to the effect that in future registered mail is to be checked over by the tered mail is to be checked over by the costmaster, his assistant and the post-office inspector's department, and in the meantime every effort will be made to

unearth the criminal, whose actions have cast suspicion on every one associated with him in the discharge of public business.
Calvin H. Bell, a well known business man of this city, was arrested at Santa Monida, Cal. yesterday and will be brought back here on the charge of obtaining \$2000 from J. A. McRae on false pretences

port of trade tomorrow will say: In Canada wholesale trade is light and reorders of small volume. City retail trade is quite active. However, sentiment is more buoyant owing to the continued favorable western crop report, the condition of the wheat being practically perfect on a 40 per cent increase

of acreage.

Business failures for the week number 22 as against 22 last week and 22 in the corresponding week last year. Weekly bank clearings were as fol-lows: Inc. Dec. ows: Montreal\$26,160,000 Foronto 20,778,000 Winnipeg 10,600,000 Vancouver Quebec Halifax 1,633,000 1,304,000 1,860,000

1,148,000

962,000 639,000 BOYS WORKED WELL

London .

Calgary Victoria

Fire at Mimico Industrial School-Dr. Fletcher Acquitted TORONTO, May 15.—The Industrial school at the Mimico reforma-tory caught fire tonight and one of the

l a jury today.

Preservation of Country's Resources

GOVERNORS' CONFERENCE

STRONG SPEECH BY PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT ON THE GIVING OF PERPETUAL PRIVILEGES TO CORPORATIONS - FEDERAL AND STATE RIGHTS.

WASHINGTON, May 11 - The first conference of the governors of the dif-erent states of the American union concluded today. Like many of the impor-tant events in history time is needed to reveal the epoch which the president reveal the epoch which the president and the governors have started. The accomplishments of the conference which has been in progress at the White House for three days, cannot be set forth with mathematical precision. That its immediate results are more than ample, is the expression of opinion of president Roosevelt, who brought it about and of the governors who participated in it. The printed record of the conference which will later be available to every American home, will be a compilation of facts, startling in their meaning and convincing in their universal conclusion, that the states must act and the nation must co-operate to the end that to the must co-operate to the end that to the whole people of the nation may accrue the lasting benefit of its natural re-

Besides the compilation of facts by the experts and the freely expressed opinion of the governors, the conference leaves as its permanent record a thou-sand worded "declaration," not a declaration of independence, but a declara-tion of co-operation. Perhaps of greater importance than anything else was the determination of the governors of the states to perfect a permanent organization whereby a heretofore unknown intimacy may develop among the executive of the 46 sovereign states made strong by the common purpose and made potent by pronouncements which may not be lightly disregarded.

not be lightly disregarded.

Of the last day the story is one of many features. The day's program was swept aside. The president presided throughout. He interfected remarks and speeches. He brought to the platform men who made plain the prevailing feeling that thought and care must be exercised for the future. The prepared papers were not presented but will be printed in the permanent record. Their place was taken by the declaration which was adopted after a discussion which brought to light no objection to its affirmation.

W. J. Bryan was presented by the president. He touched the same chords which had produced the vibration of harmony and co-operation.

A governor's discussion brought many

A governor's discussion brought many state executives to the platform, but the product was all in harmony and the

sentiments expressed were applauded on both sides.

President Roosevelt himself answering the criticism of governor Folk of Missouri to the declaration, aroused the conference to its warmest demonstration of applause. He swert aside the academic applause. He swept aside the academic question of where the line of authority should be drawn between the states and the nation. He wanted action and what

STATEMENT OF TRADE

The said received endorsement at each period. It was this just award of what had been called the twilight land, between the powers of the federal governments.

"My primary aim in the legislation I have advocated for the regulation of the great corporations has been to provide some appropriate legislation for each corporation. I do not wish to keep 'twilight land' one of large and vague boundary by judicial decision, that in an average case the state cannot act, and then a few years later by other decisions that in practically similar cases the na-

that in practically similar cases the na-tion cannot act either. I am trying to find where one or the other can act, so there shall always be some sovereign power that on behalf of the people, can bold every big corporation, every big individual to an accountability, that it shall be beneficial to the people as a whole. In matters that relate only to the people within the state, of course, the state is to be the sovereign and it. the state is to be the sovereign and i shall have the power to act. If the mat shall have the power to act. If the mat-ter is such that the state itself cannot act, then I wish on behalf of all the act, then I wish on behalf of all the states that the inational government.

15.7 should act. Take such a matter as the charging of a rent for water power, my position is simply where a privilege, being of untold value in the future to the ing of untold value in the future to the ingo funtold yalue in the future to the ingo funtold yalue in the future to the ingo funtold yalue in the federal government, then the federal government should put into the grant a condition that it shall not be a grant in perpetuation. If there is necessity for the grant then there must be power to attach conditions to the grant. Make it long enough that the cornoration shall left in congount? amployment at Vancham and the financial state of the states in provided that immigrants who are or may become public charges may be deported to their home country at the expense of the steamship company which brought them into British Columbia. Two tired behus who had failed to ti long enough that the corporation shall have ample material reward if the corporation deserves it. Give ample reward to the worporation of industry, but no indeterminate and indefinite reward, next generation, that will enable our next generation that will be next generation that will enable our next generation that will enable our next generation that will enable our next generation that will be next generation that will enable our next generation that will be next generation that wil

fixed period, so that when the condi-tions have changed, as in all probability they will change, that our children, the nation of the future, shall have the right

nation of the future, shall have the right to determine te conditions on which that privilege shall be enjoyed. In these cases the state has not acted, nor canno act. Therefore, I hold the nation should act. Where the policy advocated can be arranged by the state let it be carried out by the state, where it can be carried out best by the individual government, let it be carried out by the nation. The concern is not with the government, let it be carried out by the nation. The concern is not with the economics of the question. I deal with the matter practically from the standpoint of true popular interest and therefore my desire is to employ indifferently either the principle of state rights or the principle of national integrity which will best conserve the needs of the people."

Afternoon and evening trains from Washington took many of the distinguished guests from the city and the

guished guests from the city and the first conference of the nation on the conservation of its natural resources passed into history.

CANADA IS INTERESTED

N EXPORT DUTY ON PULP WOOD WOULD CAUSE TROUBLE

ern markets. As a matter of fact, he said, last April Canadian uper had been offfered to Herman Riddel, president of the publishers' association, at \$2.40 per hundred, delivered at the press rooms in New York

New York.

Mr. Cowles reiterated a statement he made some time ago that wages at his mill had advanced 40 per cent, which statement had been contradicted by Mr.

Mr. Cowles told of the purposes of the American Paper and Pulp associa-tion, which he said is an incorporation. "It is a mere shell," he stated, "and practically amounts to nothing. It does

Mr. Cowles declared that the manufacturer of the news print paper had been absolutely unprofitable for the last two or three years. He said he was paying \$20 at on for wood pulp, and in reply to chairman Mann as to why he did not cut the timber on his own lands, said he halleyed these lands would be more and of British Columbia.

cut the timber on his own lands, said he believed these lands would be more profitable in the future. He was saving them as a matter of investment.

"Do you compute this investment as a part of the investment upon which you should receive in the sale of print paper," asked Mr. Mann.

"Yes," replied the witness.

"What would be the effect of taking the tariff off?"

"It would open the door to outside competition outside of Canada."

"If the Canadian government should levy an export duty on pulp and pulp

increased one dollar per cord during the past ten years and he also gave figures showing that the production and labor cost had increased in different mills under his control.

IMMIGRATION PROBLEMS Mild and Inoffensive Hindu Is Not Altogether a Fool

ogether a Fool
(Special to The Daily News.)
VICTORIA, May 15.—British Columbia's immigration officials are receiving proof that the mild and inoffensive Hindu is not altogether a fool, and upon occasions may take advantage of Canadian law in a manner little contemplation by its formers. One place of recent next generation, that will enable our children at the end of a certain period to say what, in their judgment, should then be done with the great natural power which is of use to the original grantee only because the people as a whole allow him to use it. It is eminently right that he should be allowed to make ample profit from his development of it, but make him pay something for the privilege and make the grant for a the privilege and make the grant for a venient white man's law,

NO. 3

Bye-Election Goes Against the Government

ARMOUR INVADES LONDON

METROPOLITAN BUTCHERS WILL ASK QUESTIONS OF WINSTON CHURCHILL - CORNISH BOY'S BRIGADE'S EXCURSION ON EM-PIRE DAY.

LONDON, May 15-The bye-election in LONDON, May 15—The Dye-election in the north division of Shropshire to fill the vacancy in the house of commons caused by the death of Wm. Kenyon-Slaney, has resulted in the return of the Unionist candidate, Reville Stancer by a majority of 551. The unionists have held this seat for nearly 25 years.

WOULD BE NOTHING LEFT OF THE
AMERICAN PAPER INDUSTRY

ASHINGTON, May 15—The house special committee which is conducting the investigation into the paper trust sat until a late hour tonight in an effort to complete the hearings and report its findings to congress before the session closes.

From the view of the newspaper publishers the most significant move of the day's session was the introduction of a telegram from the J. R. Booth Lumber company of Ottawa, stating that the company pays some of its skilled laborers higher wages than are reported paid in the United States. The publishers say that this information goes far to bear out their claim that the statement of the wood pulp men that an increase in the price of paper was caused chiefly by concessions to labor, is not in accord with the facts.

David S. iCowles, president of the wood pulp men that an increase in the price of paper was caused chiefly by concessions to labor, is not in accord with the facts.

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David S. iCowles, president of the wood pulp men that an increase in the price of paper was caused chiefly by concessions to labor, is not in accord with the facts.

David S. iCowles, president of the wood pulp men that an increase in the registed in the wapper manufacturing business, denied the statement of John Norris, representative of the American Newspaper Publishers' association, that an agreement existed that the Canadian manufacturers shall not go into the eastern markets. As a mater of fact, he said, last April Canadian uper had been officered to Herman Riddel, president of the purpose of diving London of the purpose of diving Lond

tolls and charges levied at the Smith-field market.

Dr. Powerman claims that the putting

The English fishing boat Laurus from Grimsby, while in the act of fishing at Amerum, an island off Prussia in the Morth sea, has been arrested by a German torpedo boat which was cruising along the fishing grounds at the time the Laurus was brought into Cuxhaven.

Fifty members of the boy's brigade, travelling 300 miles from Camborne, in Cornwall to London, will attend the empire day concert under the direction of

"If the Canadian government should levy an export duty on pulp and pulp wood, what would be left of the paper industry in the United States in a few days from now?"

"Little or nothing," replied the witness, "and I suppose it would be equally disastrous to news publishers," he added Mr. Cowles presented figures to show the control of the cowless presented figures to show the company of the com

The grand lodge of Pythian Sisters senior, Mary Harries, Ladysmith; grand junior, Anna Wilsun, Nanaimo; grand manager, Elizabeth Campbell, Trail; g. and mistress of finance, Mary Stewart, Grand Rorks; grand mistress of records and correspondence, Vene Collis, Rossland; grand protector, Azza Rose, Nelson; outer guard, Minnie Dempster, Victoria. The following were reelected: past grand chief, Margaret Neave, Nanaimo; supreme representatives, El zabeth Brown, Revelstoke, and Lillian Thomas, Rossland; supreme alternates, Laura Chappel, Grand Forks, and Ida M. Roberts, Rossland.

AMEND LIQUOR LAW.

Residents in Heward, Manitoba, Want Local Option-To Destroy Wolves.

WINNIPEG, May 15—The residents of the village and district of Heward have petitioned the legislature to make some important amendments to the liquor law. Their petition was presented to the house today by Mr. Stewart. It hacks up the demands of the social and moral reform association and, prays the legislature to amend the liquor law so as to give local option on the straight majoricy vote and to abolish the bar

to the effect that the present wolf hounty does not give the residents sufficient in-centive to desiroy wolyes. The provincial treasurer announces

budget will be proceeded with

ELECTIONS AGT

OTTAWA, May 11-At the opening of he house today sir Frederick Borden on a question of privilege, took exception to an article in the Ottawa Citizen, wherein it was claimed that the minis-ter was withholding a report on the Ross rifle, and stating that the tests had proved the weapon an inferior one. The minister said he had produced the report which he made to the house in March, 1907.

Col. Worthington inquired if the Ross rifle compared favorably with the Lee-Metford in the royal school of musketry The minister claimed that all faults

had been remedied before the report reached the house. The contract price of the rifles, \$25, did not include the inspection fees, \$1.90. A million and a half had been paid for rifles up to date. In answer to Borden and Foster, Hon. L. P. Brodeur said that the Montcalm would be raised this week, and a preliminary examination was being held under water. Commander Spain will select two assessors and hold a further in-

In reply to W. F. Maclean, South York Hon. Frank Oliver stated that the gov-ernment had purchased 1,220,850 bushels of oats, 49,923 of barley and 576,534 of wheat for seed grain. He had no information yet as to the price paid or

where the grain was purchased.

Duncan Ross resumed the debate on Aylesworth's election bill, declaring that the man who had a right to vote must look to the dominion for a federal vote.

It was absolutely necessary for the dominion to have a franchise of its own. He declared that Dr. Roche, F. D. Monk and Hon. G. E. Foster had all changed their views, as they formerly pressed against all provincial lists. He declared the act, as he understood it, merely pro yided for a revision by a federal revising Ross said that in British Columbia the game of politics was played fairly. Out there they did not buy votes, switch ballots and the lists were fairly honest, though it was true that they were loaded with absentees and dead men's names. But since British Columbia had an attorney general who would attack the king if he could make ical capital out of it, he did not think it proper or honest that a returnshould be subject to an at-

Schaffner, Souris, followed, eulogizing the Manitoba act. He had heard incidentally that the government was will-ing to drop the application of the present measure to all other provinces than Manitoba. He wished to know why revision was provided and the act no done by judges or barristers appointed by judges so that politicians would have nothing to do with the work.

OTTAWA, May 11-Mr. Justice Casse this morning resumed his inquiry into the affairs of the marine and fisheries department. The only witness was Col. W. P. Anderson, chief engineer of the department who was examined by Geo. Watson, K.C., one of the counsel for the marine department. The witness had not read the whole report of the civil service commission, but he had read that part which referred to the integrity of the officials of the department. He had no knowledge of any-thing direct or indirect of the things charged in this part of the report, no lid he know of any advantages by contractors from discounts. His conscience was perfectly clear on this point.
Where construction work was not done by contract it was done by day labor which was more expensive but better for the country. The witness denied any knowledge of any irregularities or actions showing "lack of conscience" on the part of Messrs Stumbles, Doutre, W. J. Fraser, Cunningham, Roy and Cowan,

Capt. Spain, or Dr. Dawson.

The supreme court this morning dismissed the case of Rear v. the Imperial bank, a dispute over a check for \$1227, at the Vancouver branch of the Canadian bank of Commerce.

Dr. Schaffner continued wondering category as back townships of Ontario and pointed out that the present law was satisfactory where the provinces had liberal administrations. He pointed out that the writs were generally issued four weeks before the election and asked how could there be time to prepare the lists in that period. He also pointed out that the opposition were supported by cvery independent newspaper. He claimparrister revised the Manitoba list, giving the impression that partisans were ppointed, whereas judges, or barristers contended that most of the cases in the registering districts corresponded with or dishonestly. the polling booths and the cases where there were no postoffice addresses in member of the government held the the voters' list were rare. The minister pealed to me and I appeal to him also had charged that hundreds of dead men and absentees names were on the lists, whereas the lists are annually revised

Jackson, Selkirk, as a specimen of the Manitoba law, said that in '06 the provincial election, an average of 235 names were struck off or added in each of four constituencies. He complained of the instability of the Manitoba law for several years. The Greenway regime was not only better in law but in administration. He claimed it cost \$40 to get a list from the government. He took issue with Hon. Mr. Roger's figures as issue with Hon. Mr. Roger's figures as to those disfranchised in '04. He challenged Staples, who interpelated to point out one name left off in the Selkirk list,

where he himself was in charge. Staples interpolated that Hon. Mr. Rogers had said a line was drawn through the names and so disfranchised. Jackson claimed that of the names place where Rogers claimed 270 were struck off, none were struck off of those at Lac du Bonnets where the registration officer had gone after work coming of the attorney general to send in his books at once. These names, con-firmed and certified, were not on the list when they reached the polling of-

Sunday school teacher, and dwelt on the fact that the red line prosecution was not rushed and concluded. The pro-posed bill would remedy evils in Mani-

Wright, Muskoka, held the debate until long after midnight taking up the Ontario side of the question and said he ailed to see the necessity of any new

Mackenzie King leaves tonight for Vancouver in connection with adjustment of the claims of the Chinese residents of Vancouver whose property was damaged in anti-Oriental riots last Sep-

The department of trade and commerce has been advised of the conclusion of an agreement with the Union Steamship company of New Zealand for the continuance of the steamship service between Canada and Australia.

Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, chief justice of Canada, has been appointed one of the members of the judicial tribuani to meet at The Hague to determine the rights of American fishermen on the treaty coast of Canada and Newfoundland.

The police are looking for an Italian,

who on Saturday shot J. B. St. Jean. The man on being taken to the hospital was found to have a bullet wound in the shoulder. The bullet was removed and his friends hurried him away but the police have information and a charge of attempted murder may ensure if the Italian is cantured. ensue if the Italian is captured.

Hundreds of Polanders are arriving in Ottawa looking for work. The immigration department is full of their requests. Not one of them speaks English. Last week 300 were shipped to

Fort William on railway construction work and 300 more will go this week. He did not believe these prosecutions made against Leech it was because none could be made. It was the duty of every citizen to bring a charge and for the Manitoba government it was not only a duty, but a pleasure. It was necessary to revise the lists for there was a peril of a repetition of the position of '04. Some one must do the adjusting of the local lists of the dominion constituencies We did entrust it to returning officers but after consulting the minister of jus-tice we are prepared to accept the sug-gestion of my honorable friend from Marquette. In the event of a territory comprised or partly comprised within the electoral division, being changed and included in another division, whether newly created or not, one county court judge of the province shall be nominated by the lieutenant governor in council and shall sub-divide the names on the list of the electoral divisions as so finally revised according to the al-tered boundaries or limits, and make complete lists for the electoral divisions ted as oforesaid and appropriate the divided electors and allot the territory between suitable polling sub-divis-ions as shall be in the opinion of such judge just and equitable. The premier went on to say that it seemed fair to apply the provisions to Manitoba. R. L. Borden wished the provision to

be applied generally, not only to one province, and an argument followed as to the necessity of this.

Hon. G. E. Foster pointed out that the premier did not mention the districts whose boundaries were coterminous. The

remier did not see the operation in hese cases.

Dr. Roche was willing to accept the provision if it were made general and Manitoba not singled out.

(Special to The Dally News)
OTTAWA, May 11 — In the upper
house today senator Landry was told
that the National Transcontinental commission has purchased an office car for \$8000.

Senator Macdonald of British Columbia moved that in the opinion of the senate purchasing through middlemen by the government should be discontinued as extravagant, unfair to legitimate merchants and an unnecessary waste of public money, and that all sup-plies should be advertised for when the amount was over \$1000. The senator and that he had no desire to criticize any one or to make a charge against any official but be wanted to call attention to a system which had lasted too long He referred to engineer Mackenzie of from a middleman for \$14 girders which that man had only paid \$9 for. He had gone to the middleman instead of to dealers in those goods and had given a proit of \$5 on a \$900 order. Unless acting under the instructions of a minister this man should be dismissed. All who desire clean government should find no place for the middlemen who bring disovery independent newspaper. He claim-ed that the minister had said that a on the country generally. So long as the competitive system of contracts is not used or is used unfairly, there would be dishonesty as nearly every one who appointed by judges do the revising. He deals with the government thinks it quite proper to get all they can, honestly

> Hon. senator Scott stated that every to help frame an act which will place the entire machinery for the preparation of the lists in the hands of judicial authority and give satisfaction to all alike"
> The premier informed Foster that he had no intention of tampering with the secrecy of the bailot. It was to prevent people being baffled by technicalities He was willing to receive suggestions for a policy which would not interfere with the secrecy of the ballot, without

stifling the voice of the people. Hon, G. E. Foster followed the premier, taking the ground that the go ernment members offered no proof of any warrant for such a radical bill The minister of justice gave his attention to the clause taking over the franchise of Manitoba, British Columbia, new Onclause one was the only one the liberals had in mind. The bill was remarkable for what it did not contain. No provision was made for simultaneous polling in the general elections or for hold-ing bye-elections within a reasonable time. It failed to improve the machinery for the trial of election protests, to prevent civil servants from engaging i political contests or to provide adequate punishment for election crimes. /In vio-lating the secrecy of the ballot the government was opening the way for legal and the men were disfranchised. corruption, providing means by marking ulogized R. E. A. Leach who was a the vote to ascertain whether the bought

ion rose, kept 130 off the lists. He read affidavits in support of Rudenski's statements, Staples interrupting to ask how much he paid for it.

After a cross-fire regarding the famous affidavits and check, the affidavit of George Walton regarding the inefficiency of registration clerks and the subsequent refusal to register 125 Galicians, he gave instances of a district, 24 by 18 miles, with one polling place.

The proposed bill should be passed.

Staples moved the adjournment of the debate.

OTTAWA, May 11-When the inquiry into the marine department was resum-ed this morning, before Mr justice Cas-sels, Col. Anderson was again on the stand. The feature of his evidence was the statement that there was only one man in the department whom he suspected, and that was J. F. Fraser, commissioner of lights, but he admitted, however, that he had nothing tangible on which to found his suspicion. He on which to found his suspicion. He denied knowledge of discounts or commissions being paid to any one in the department. He commented severely on civil service commission report, declaring that much of it was founded on misconception of facts. Chief engineer Analysis of the service winder. derson was the principal witness under examination. He had no information examination. He had no information concerning any misconduct of any official of the department. They were all thieves and liars according to street talk. Returning to J. F. Fraser, commissioner of lights, and the statement of the witness that the former had obtained his position by dishonorable metabole. And are a said. Fraser was fortained his position by dishonorable methods, Anderson said Fraser was formerly an assistant of his and had se-cured his appointment behind the back of his chief, and had been guilty of a breach of professional etiquette. He had disrupted his work. Anderson thought Fraser was placed in his position to exploit the use of calcium carbide for gas buoys and lighthouses.

Denials by half a dozen employees of

Denials by hair a dozen employees of the department of marine and fisheries of any knowledge of any tampering with official files or removing letters from the department were outstanding fea-tures of Mr. justice Cassels' inquiry into tures of Mr. justice Cassels' inquiry into the affairs of the department yesterday afternoon. It was said an anonymous letter had been sent to either Mr. justice Cassels or George Watson, K.C., warning them of such tampering but they both denied having received any such communication. Deputy minister Gourdeau admitted destroying some private papers he had in his office, but absolutely denied that any official doabsolutely denied that any official do-cuments had been made away with,

At the afternoon session Mr Wilson said the Ottawa Carbide company had lost \$135,000 since it had begun business. He denied that the late Hon. James Sutherland had had any interest in the case of the International Marine company. The business the company had had with the government had averaged about a quarter of a million according to the company had been according to the company of a million according to the company had been according to the company of the comp pany. The business are had averaged had with the government had averaged about a quarter of a million per year. The Canadian government had been charged the same prices as every other government. The judge said the witness need not tell how much the buoys cost him to make. At the conclusion of cost him to make. At the conclusion of the lists and the final revision should be in the hands of the judges who would appoint the dominion,

journed sine die.
It is understood that the Washington authorities are said to be agreeable to authorities are said to be agreeable submit to arbitration the case of the proposed diversion of St. Mary's river in the state of Montana into the Milk the river, so that justice may be done the settlers on both sides of the boundary. The inquiry into the charges of major Hodgins in connection with the construction of the Transcontinental rail-way, was adjourned until tomorrow. Major Hodgins reiterated that the root of all the trouble was the over-classifica-tion of the work. The commissioners wanted him to change his ideas as to classification, based on a good many years' experience. He refused and was

Dr. Robert Bell of the dominion geolosical survey, has been appointed by the Scottish meteorological society as their representative at the international congress which meets at Quebec the week ollowing the tercentenary celebration. Canadian exports to Mexico in 1904-05 were valued at \$26,195, but in 1905-06 they had increased to \$139,300 and last year to \$224,240.

(Special to The Daily News) OTTAWA, May 13—At the opening of the house this afternoon R. L. Borden was informed by the premier that he could give no definite information as to what opportunity for investigation would be afforded in the marine department inquiry without consulting Mr. justice Cassels and counsel. He hoped the inquiry would be completed before

Hon. Mr. Fielding informed Mr. Foster that some amendments to the insur-ance bill were being prepared which would be present before the banking and commerce committee. Although the minister did not say so, the inference is that the bill will go through this ses-

Hughes that annual camps and drills will be held as usual. The Quebec bat-

would raise the fears of every poor man working for corporations as it was possible that every vote would be known. He desired to know why the business of the country was held back and civil service salaries imperilled by not sooner destroying this bill of partisanship. It was an astounding thing that the prepared to make a statement. He understood that some city regiments had offered to perform their sanual drill and also go. would raise the fears of every poor man working for corporations as it was possible that every vote would be known. He desired to know why the business of the country was held back and civil service salaries imperilled by not sooner destroying this bill of partisanship. It was an astounding thing that the premier did not know until today that returning officers in two-thirds of the cases where names had been struck off.

They were not in places where the

cases where names had been struck off. They were not in places where the boundaries overlapped. He took up the defense of Leech, declaring that his work stamped him in the same class as Rudneski. He dealt with provincial electoral laws under liberals and analyzed the Manitoba act, concluding by declaring that the selection of two provinces for invidious legislation as deneaning, humiliating and insulting.

Burrows followed, and said he was not sure whether Foster accepted the premier's compromise or not. He read the declaration of Geo. Lowell to the effect that the conservatives disfranchised large numbers in '03 and by contesting appeals until the court of revisation and selection are refrected to the vagueness of the premier and his unwillingness to withdraw a single clause; he had not conceded a single thing not already provided for. Why was Manitoba singled out? They had now were plucking away the franchise. Staples then turned his attention to the speeches of the western members, finally charging that this bill was inspired by Clifford Sifton and furned down by fitzpatrick in 1903, and now resurrected again. Referring to the premier's forchised large numbers in '03 and by contesting appeals until the court of revision rose, kept 130 off the lists. He read mer denial of knowledge of the contents

Staples had no objections.

When through reading it the premier rose to a point of order. "I said to my recollection no such bill was ever draft-

Staples then read the bill which as drafted, contained all the objectionable features of the present bill. When he had finished reading, Staples said that fortunately the minister of justice would not permit such an iniquitous and nefarious bill to become law.

The premier pointed out that all measures must come before the council and then be adopted and he had no recol-lestion of such a measure, but would

make inquiries.

Mr. Staples said: "According to my information a liberal lawyer of Winnipeg assisted in drafting the bill. The minister of justice refused to be a party.

out and why the government was anxious to get a slap at the province.

F. B. Carvell, Carleton, N.B., followed Staples, declaring that the condition of things in Manitoba would not be tolerat-ed in the eastern provinces by government members giving convincing proof of the faulty administration of the law and saying that for this reason was the introduction of this law. Carvell reviewed the speeches of the liberal members on the failure to prosecute the alleged "thin red line" offenders. He criticized Foster's inconsistency in recriticized Foster's inconsistency in regard to government officials taking part in elections which he had encouraged when in power. He declared that in stopping supplies the conservatives will aid rather than embarrass the liberals.

R. L. Borden pointed out to Carvell that plenty of reform was necessary in the New Brunswick lists, alluding to Rothesay which Carvell had not even Rothesay, which Carvell had not even mentioned. Carvell interpolated that these reforms

had been effected and repetition was rendered impossible.

Borden proceeded and reminded the liberals that they refused supplies in '96. He sald Nova Scotia conservatives would be delighted with a law similar to Manitoba. There assessors under a municipal basis often used discretion to the detriment of conservatives and the sheriffs who revised the lists were simp-

nounced that he was leaving for the nounced that he was leaving for the all officials throughout the dominion, but such a bill should not be decided on until a thorough inquiry had been held until a thorough inquiry had been held int all the provincial systems. then dealt exhaustively with the Nova Scotia franchise indicating the need of redress and added that frequent appeals had been made for it. With regard to the premier's proposal yesterday he would accept and regard it as desirable, subject to the withdrawal of the first paragraph. He did not consider it fair that two provinces whose laws were reasonable, should be picked out. urged that the secrecy of the ballot be maintained beyond a doubt, and he believed the premier favored this course.

The adjournment of the debate was moved by W. A. Galliher, Kootenay.

In the senate senator McMullen moved that it was expedient to invite the commons to consider the advisability of arranging for a more equal division of le-gislation between the two houses and the adoption of rules to limit discussion and so expedite business. He de-clared that lengthy sessions were mak-ing first class men unwilling to serve as members and senators and the places would be taken by second and third class men. Debates were repeated in two

chambers.
Senator Macdonald, B.C. was of the opinion that the lengthy sessions were caused by the reticence of ministers who failed to realize that they were trustees for the people.
Sir Richard Cartwright thought the

sessions had lengthened because party leaders did not keep their men in good order as in the past.
Senator Lougheed thought that the present system of conducting business

present system of conducting business unsatisfactory and it would continue so until a premier was found strong enough to reform it. He criticized the lack of mutuality. Directors of great railways did not array themselves against the minority but all worked together for the advantage of the enterprises.

The debate was continued by several senators some of whom suggested clos-

sion.
Sir Fred Borden informed colonel Sam
ure. The motion carried. OTTAWA, May 13.-The select par

Toronto, his cousin, for major Hodgins. The latter renewed his request that his fees should be paid by the crown. fees should be paid by the crown.
On motion of Samuel Barker, M. P.,
Hamilton, it was decided to produce
various papers bearing on the subject
in dispute from the Transcontinental

railway commission and other departmen's concerned.

A long argument ensued in regard to

public men.
Mr. Murphy argued that Hodgins should prove his charges against chairman Parent and others and that the

short opportunity of conferring with him. He was not quite certain whether it was the desire of the committee that the major should state his charges more particularly, but if so, he was prepared to state them more definitely. He submitted, however, that after the charges were stated but before ly. He submitted, however, that after the charges were stated, but before evidence was taken, an order should be made for the production of estimates and the engineers' reports of the Grand Trunk Pacific, giving their point of view of the work. The main charge was as

timates were produced.

Mr. Macdonald asked whether major Hodgins accepted the responsibility for the letter and interviews which had ap-

peared in the newspapers.

Mr. Hodgins said there were some inaccuracies in the interviews.

Hon. S. N. Parent, chairman of the Transcontinental commission, protested against any new charges being admitted. He thought major Hodgins should

precedent.

Mr. Carvell objected. Nobody, he said, had asked major Hodgins to write these letters, and if he found himself in an unpleasant position he had himself to thank.

(Special to The Daily News.) OTTAWA May, 14.—In the house this afternoon Hon. G. E. Foster brought up the delay in the marine department enquiry and said that the commission was limited in its power and a vigorous prosecution of the enquiry was impossible from the fact that Mr. justice Cassels' time was most fully occupied by his exchequer court duties. The government was well aware that he can only carry on the inquiry in odd hours, yet they appointed Mr. justice Cassels. So far only three days had been covered and two witnesses examined. He quoted the judge's statement, showing that the enquiry would last for months, and in the meantime the charges of dishonesty were hanging over the heads of honest men in the department. A thorough and speedy investigation was needed. It was already indicated that the late James Sutherland, a member of the government alone.

Mr. King says: "Notwithstanding that parliament was in session and that pressure of their duties was exceptional, the time accorded by ministers was so considerable that it was possible, within the duration of four weeks, to effect such an interchange of views and to conduct such negotiations as affords reason for believing that a satisfactory understanding of the situation has been reached, in so far, at least, as an apreciation of Canada's position in regard to oriental immigration is concerned, and as may serve to revent such immigration from It which is known to the government alone.

Mr. King says: "Notwithstanding that the classe has a session and that pressure of their duties was exceptional, the time accorded by ministers was so considerable that it was possible, within the dential memorandum" accompanying it which is known to the government alone.

Mr. King says: "Notwithstanding that the classes of original memorandum" accompanying it which is known to the government alone.

Mr. King says: "Notwithstanding that the lime accorded by ministers was so considerable that it was possible, within the dimension of four weeks, to effect such an interchange of views and to conduct s

to that effect was on the order sheet, but owing to the obstruction of the opposition it had not been dealt with. The government had made repeated efforts to get supply but the opposition insisted on no supply till the election bill was brought down and he therefore made the suggestion of a bill only making provision for a deputy judge. In 12 years in parliament this was the first time it was within the power of the opposition to say when a government measure was to receive consideration.

act, and to such other countries as the governor in council from time to time by notification declares to be countries to the countries as the governor in council from time to time by notification declares to be countries as the governor in council from time to time governor in council from time to time Golden Circle" and became one of its chief officers. When the south was about ready to give up the conflict after report, "that the Indian emigration act solves the problem, so far as it relates to the importation of contract labor from India to Canada, and this is the one class to be feared, since the number of immigrants will be large. To render this law wholly effective so far as Canada is concerned, it would be sufficient to prohibit of Illinois, Missouri, Indiana and Ohio.

Borden said that the premier's speech was an attempt to excuse the delay. All the government needed was to introduce a measure, point out the urgency, and it would be passed in an hour.

Jackson, on a question of privilege, attempted to read a letter forcily denying he was elected by a dishonest returning officer as alleged by Foster turning officer as alleged by Foster turning officer as alleged by Foster turning officer as alleged by Foster to emigrate from India of their

salaries of British Columbia judges in the appeal court was read a first time. Hon. Frank Oliver's bill to authorize

the railway commission was given a third reading, a provision being inserted permitting single commissioners to hold enquiries and to report to the board, which can take action in respect thereto

man Parent and others and that the present sitting of the committee should not end without the major being put in the box to tell all he knew.

The conservative members of the committee and counsel for major Hadgins contended that major Hodgins should be allowed to handle the case in his own way.

At the initial meeting of the committee last week Mr. Geoffrion presided and the other members of the committee present were: Messrs. Carvell, Macdonald, (Pictou), Barker and Lennox.

Some parliamentary discussion took place as to the scope of the inquiry, and it was agreed that as far as possible the evidence should be confined to the chargest connected with R and F sec.

place as to the scope of the inquiry, and it was agreed that as far as possible the evidence should be confined to the charges connected with B. and F. sections of the Transcontinental.

Major Hodgins was asked whether he had any statement to make. Mr. Frank Hodgins, K. C., said he represented the major, and explained that major Hodgins arrived from Victoria only yesterday, and had only a short opportunity of conferring with him. He was not quite certain whether it was the desire of the committee that the government had come to no decision as to taking over the liabilities of the Quebec Bridge company as they had no authority to do so. Mr. Parent had refused a bonus of \$3000 voted him by the bridge company after the diaster. The company owes Parent nothing.

A debate as to flag flying was precipitated by senator Domville reading a design of the committee that the government had come to no decision as to taking over the liabilities of the company over t tated by senator Domville reading a despatch to the effect that the British premier had stated in the commons that he did not think it advisable to order all flags to be hoisted on public buildings on Empire day.

Hon. R. W. Scott said he had no intention to exercise the second of the second of

made for the production of estimates and the engineers' reports of the Grand Trunk Pacific, giving their point of view of the work. The main charge was as to over-classification of estimates, and that could not be proved unless the estimates were produced.

Hon. R. W. Scott said he had no intention to restrict flag flying in Canada. McKenzie Bowell declared he should let the British premier know that Canada would fly the Union Jack when it pleased; an expression of opinion from the Canadian parliament might not be out of place.

out of place.

Senator Cloran thought that if any man knew the proper time and place, it was the English premier. Premier Asquith was evidently of the opinion that true loyalty was not in the flag, but in the reliev of the government. but in the policy of the government.

OTTAWA, May 14.—The atmosphe

Hon. S. N. Parent, chairman of the Transcontinental commission, protested against any new charges being admitted. He thought major Hodgins should be asked to prove the charges he had made and these only. He also thought that if major Hodgins was to be represented by counsel the Transcontinental commission should also be considered.

Mr. Barker—This committee is not going to be dictated to by either Mr. Hodgins or Mr. Parent.

Mr. Hodgins said the facts proving major Hodgins' charges were on the files of the Transcontinental and Grand Trunk Pacific. There were serious omissions in the file brought down to parliament.

The chairman thought that when major Hodgins was on oath and asked for papers, it would be for the committee to consider whether they should be produced. Every facility would be given.

Mr. Hodgins then suggested that

mittee to consider whether they should be produced. Every facility would be given.

Mr. Hodgins then suggested that counsel should be retained for major Hodgins at the expense of the government, quoting the Gamey case as a precedent.

at midnight in order to do so.

The supply granted runs out today and if the business of the country is to be continued it is necessary for the government to secure another extension from the opposition. Whether it will be able to do so without giving away on the Aylesworth bill remains to be developed.

QTTAWA, May 14.-W. L. Mackenzie kings report upon his mission to England to confer with the British authorities on the subject of immigration to Canada from India, has been issued in form of a blue book.

form of a blue book.

aiready indicated that the late James Sutheriand, a member of the government, and a company sold carbide to the government. This connection he intended to exploit. Another company was deing bushness with the government, of which company a present member of the cabinet is a member.

The premier objected, saying it was out of order to discuss matters under consideration of a select committee of the house; also to refer to evidence given before a commission of enquiry appointed by the government. The company in which the late James Sutherland was interested was altogether separate from the one with which the government, had dealings. The point as to

appointed by the government. The company in which the late James Sutherland was interested was altogether separate from the one with which the government had dealings. The point as to the delay in the marine enquiry was well taken. In order to expedite court business registrar Audit would be given the powers of a deputy judge and a bill to that effect was on the order sheet, but owing to the obstruction of the oppo-

nying he was elected by a dishonest returning officer, as alleged by Foster.

Some cross firing followed between Borden, Foster, and Jackson, the speaker finally ruling out the latter and requiring Jackson to withdraw some of his expressions.

Aylesworth's bill to provide for the salaries of British Columbia judges in the appeal court was read a first time. A long argument ensued in regard to the production of certain papers which were asked for in support of major Hodgins' charges.

The liberal members of the committee thought major Hodgins should have been sure of his facts before criticising public men.

Hon. Frank Oliver's bill to authorize the exchange of certain western school lands was given a third reading.

Oliver's bill to amends the Yukon Placer Mining Act was reported from the committee.

Hon. G. P. Graham's bill to reorganize time.

Hon. Frank Oliver's bill to authorize former the same regulation and warnings issued by the government of India, and greater care which it may reasonably be expected steamship companies will exercise in future, should prove a real deterrent."

It is understood that unless contains the committee.

Hon. Frank Oliver's bill to authorize the exchange of certain western school lands was given a third reading.

Oliver's bill to amends the Yukon Placer Mining Act was reported from the committee.

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One of the chief difficulties now be-fore the government in the matter of making a final draft of the bill is in onnection with the classification of hose now on the civil service list under these respective divisions. It is under-stood that the minimum salary now al-lowed in the different classes of the service will be increase in the total act, and that the increase in the total expenditure for salaries will hereafter be considerably offset by the fact that only a proportion of the total number of employees will get the regular yearly increases now granted.

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BANK OF MONTREAL

Profit for Past Year-Leading Metho-

MONTREAL, May 15-The Dominion Iron and Steel company's officials today received a cablegram from the solicitors in London holding the Dominion Coal company's solicitors responsible for the delay in the hearing of the steel case before the privy council. The coal com-pany, according to the cable has not yet completed the printing of the record which they are obliged to print in order which they are obliged to print in order to permit of filing the case within the prescribed date. This is in direct contradiction to the cables received by the Dominion Coal company from their London solicitors, who placed all blame for the delay on the steel company.

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With the understanding that he re-With the understanding that he refund the money taken from foreigners on the promise of securing them employment, judge Choquet today dismissed the case against Samuel Lathowtzy, who was arrested on Tueeday on the complaint of about 80 Poles and Galicians that he exacted a fee of \$2 promising to secure them work, but that on their return on the appointed morning he and his clerk had called the police to disperse them.

OLD SOLDIER'S DEATH

Man Who Exposed Work of the Golden Circle in American War

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GETTING

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BANK OF MONTREAL

Profit for Past Year-Leading Methodist Dies Suddenly

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Stitdger was a secret service man du ing the last two years of the war. He worked his way into that notorious secret order of southerners in the northern states known as the "Knights of the Golden Circle" and became one of its chief officers. When the south was about ready to give up the conflict after the battles of Gettysburg and Vicksburg, its spirit was rejuvenated by the knowledge that this order had plans all set for the delivery of 40,000 confederate prisoners in Fort Douglas, in Chicago,

and other northern cities. Plans also had been made for delivering over to the confederacy the states of Illinois, Missouri, Indiana and Ohio. **GETTING TIRED**

of the board of trade last night and much business of general importance was discussed. The noteworthy part of the proceedings, however, was the en-dorsement of the report of the freight rate committee and a passage of a resolution forwarding that report to the Railway Commission without any fur-ther waiting upon the C. P. R. officials.

Those present: F. D. Starkey, president, E. K. Beeston, secretary, H. Byers, E. B. McDermid, W. A. Macdonald, A. Lean, F. M. Lay, G. P. Wells, T. Stark, A. W. Dyer, W. W. Beer, C. W. Busk, W. G. Gillett, S. A. Kelly, I. G. Nelson, D. Slade, J. E. Annable and

After the reading of the minutes correspondence was read between the board trade and the Railway Commission with reference to Kootenay freight rates. The commission wanted to know whethor the Kootenay would agree to the decision as between Portage la Prairie and Winnipeg and whether the Melson board yould consent to the board as at present constituted making a decision upon the matter submitted to board as lately con-stituted. To this reply was made that would agree to nothing which might prejudice its cause, it knowing nothing of the case between Portage la Prairie and Winnipeg and that the Nel-son board had prepared a case and would like to submit it to the commisoners. At the same time it would preon to hold sittings in fer the commission to hold sitt the west, rather than at Ottawa.

The Victoria board of trade notified the Nelson board that they had passed a resolution endorsing the petition pre-sented by the silver-lead mine owners as to an extension of the period of lead

pounty. Further correspondence was read with the C. P. R. as to the change of service upon Kootenay lake, a change which had promptly been made at the instance board. A motion was passed

Next was taken up the question of a proper telephone service along the arm, a service which was promised on the obtaining of 35 annual subscribers. Thees subscribers having been obtained the B. C. Telephone company was com-municated with. The company replied promising to install the line this summer but would not hold out any hope of reducing the rate, \$4 per annum, in the near future. Six months must be paid advance or a note signed in lieu thereof for payment within 30 days. As the cable across the lake would probably have to be obtained from England the installation of the service could hardly be completed before August.

A letter from the Dominion fair authorities at Calgary notified the Nelson committee that the C. P. R. would give a single fare for exhibitors and judges. A letter was read from the Winnipeg Industrial exhibition asking for a Nel-

A letter was read which had been sent to the Spokane chamber of com-merce as to a business men's excursion to Spokane. A reply wos received sayng that Spokane would welcome Nelson

at any time.

A letter was read from the Vancouver board of trade saying that town lots offered by the Prince Rupert Townsite company were not situated at the terinus of the Grand Trunk Pacific but

Another letter was read from a Nelson citizen saying that a deal for fruit lands in the West Arm had fallen through because the prospective pur-chasers had been informed that the land vas generally swampy.

The publicity committee reported that they had taken over from the old 20,000 they had taken over from the old 20,000 Club. The receipts to date were \$469.14 and the expenditure \$406.45. There was a debt undischarged of \$220. The monthly subscription amounted to \$171.50. An illustrated leaflet was about 50. An illustrated leaflet was action to be published on Kootenay fruit growing. The publicity committee was daily in receipt of many letters referring to

prospective settlers.

The report of the committee was adopted and J. M. Lay was as as treasurer of the committee, Mr. Lay

J. P. Wells reported as a member of the special committee on the Spokane excursion that the Great Northern would place three sleepers at the disposal of the board on ten days notice and would charge \$8 for the return fare, 100 excursionists being guaranteed. It was suggested that either June 4

or June 11 be selected, the excursionists eaving on Thursday night and return-

on Sunday morning. G. W. Wells moved and A. W. Dyer seconded that the excursion be held on June 11, and that a special committee report on its feasibility at a special meeting of the board to be held on May 20th. This carried and Messrs. Procter, Wells, Anstie, Byers, Gillett and Nelson appointed as a committee.

The freight rate committee reported that they had a full report of the Kootenay case and suggested that it now be laid before the railway commisfrom Mr. sion. A visit was expected Peters but so far that visit had not been paid. As to a uniform bill of lading and rate of cartage recommended by the Eastern Manufacturers' Association, ne committee suggested that this be

I. G. Nelson complained that the railray commissioners so far had ignored he Nelson board of trade. The president of the board stated that

during the winter the C. P. R. had asked for the deferring of the presentation of this report until they themselves had conferred with the board. This had been done but so far the C. P. R. officials had visited everywhere except this

H. Byers moved and S. A. Kelly seconded that the report of the committee be adopted and that their suggestions carried out.

Mr. Byers remarked it was useless to wait any longer upon the C. P. R. offials. That waiting had been going on three or four years and resulted in nothing. The motion carried unani-

The resolution passed by the executive of the Associated Boards endorsing

and was endorsed.

W. W. Beer said that the matter of extended express delivery through the city would be taken up later by him, after the conclusion of certain correspondence now being carried on with

the express company.

After passing of the accounts for the past month the meeting adjourned.

OTTAWA NOTES. Campbell's Bill Reported-Logan Slated

for the Senate. OTTAWA, May 14.—The senate banking and commerce committee decided to report the Campbell bill on bills of lading. As a result of a conference be-tween senator Campbell and represen-tatives of the steamship companies the bill was amended in a number of particulars, the principal being that steam-ship companies cannot by the terms of their bills, of lading contract themselves out of liability for damage to goods in transit for for liability for the delivery of the wrong goods. The principal con-cessions which have been made to the steamship companies are that they shall not be liable for damage to goods damaged by strikes of causes beyond their cannot be indicted in a criminal co for violation of the act, though a \$2000 penalty provision is retained. A new provision is inserted protecting steamship companies from misrepresenation by a skipper as to character and value of his goods. The original bill proposed that steamship companies had to defend suits for damages at point of origin. This is changed so that suits have to be brought at the Canadian port of shipment or on the other side at the point of arrival.

It is stated here that Hanee J. Lo-

gan, M. P., for Cumberland, N. S., will probably be appointed to the senate.

The Ottawa river is still rising and J R. Booth's mill has had to shut down owing to its height. Other power plants may follow suit. The Chaudiere mills were closed down today. If present conons prevail for another two weeks

big floods will continue. Vandals tore open a grave in the old cemetery at the back of the Protestant nospital today. They broke open the coffin and exposed the remains. The police seem to be powerless to prevent this and sir Wilfrid Laurier is to be appealed to immediately.

MEXICO IN LONDON

Exposition That Will Rival the Franco British Exhibition

LONDON, May 15-The Franco-British exposition will soon have a rival for popular favor in the Mexican exposition which will soon be opened in the Crystal Palace. Nearly all the exhibits for the great show of Mexico's products are here or will shortly arrive and the first of June will find the display complete and ready for public inspection. Great interest in the exposition is being manifested in London commercial circles and t will doubtless have the result of very greatly extending the trade re between Great Britain and the Latin-

American republic.

The exhibition will be in two divisions, departmental and industrial. In the former will be grouped art, army, navy, transportation, education, forestry, agriculture and fisheries, mineralogy and metals, chemicals and miscellane is. In the second the commercial and industrial divisions will be arranged in two sections, one representing manufactures and the other the numerous interesting home industries.

Considerable space will be devoted to showing the manufacture of Mexican goods and various apparatus and appliances peculiar to Mexico will be on view. The weaving of straw, wool and other fabrics together with wood carving, pottery, etc., will also occupy a prominent place in this division, while there will

LOUISE BREHANY

Artist at the Opera House Next Tuesday Evening

Endowed by nature, says a press no-tice, with one of the most wonderful vocal organs ever given to a human being, Miss Louise Brehany, the famous American soprano, has, by constant and hard study brought it to a marvellous perfection and not only does she sing with dramatic force and intensity, the productions and gems of the tone mas-ters, but she interprets with much grace and daintiness the ballads of the heart, which never grow old. The range of her voice is from G in the bass to G in alt above high C. comprising three full octaves. One can realize the extent of this when it is stated that it is the com-

bined range of Patti and Calve.

Louise Brehany is no less remarkable for her charm and grace than for her wonderful voice, her artistic charm and successful career. There is a sympathetic chord touched by her presence, and her personality prepares an audience to respond with enthusiasm when the wor derful tones of her sweet and thrilling voice awakens the sympathy and touches the feelings of her hearers.

The Louise Brehany concert company will appear at the opera house for one night only, next Tuesday evening in ballad and operatic selections. The ar-tists in the combination are: Louise Brehany, prima donna; Edith Adams, violincellist; Alice McClung, planist and Max-million Dick, violinist. The plan for reserved seats, other than those for subscribers opens at Rutherfords this morn

GRANBY SHIPMENTS

High Grade Ore From the Crescent Min for the Trail Smelter

Phoenix, May 9-The ore shipments from the Granby mines for the month of April were 87,202 tons, considerably less than the record of March but greater than for any month previous to March. The decrease from the March tonnage was the result of one or more of the furnaces being

the lumbermen of the province asking for a nonenforcement of the recent The shipments fro mthe Granby mines for the first four months of 1908 were 351.784 tons as compared with 201,001 tons shipped

tons as compared with 201,001 tons shipped during the same months of 1907. The Crescent, one of the high grade ore Trail smelter in February and is said to have run about \$100 per ton in gold and

After a tieup of six months the B. C. Copper company's mines are again in ojeration, the whistles of the Mother Lode Emma and Oro Denoro are blowing regularly and many miners have started to work so there is rejoicing throughout the Boundary.

CELEBRATION AT KASLO

ALL ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN CONCLUDED

CORK MINE IS TO REOPEN ON JUNE FIRST

(Special to The Daily News.) KASLO, May 15.—The Kaslo celebra ion committee has arranged this year the best program of sports which has been witnessed in the Kootenays for nany years.

The principal items are: Double handed rock drilling contest, 1st prize \$200 cash, 2nd prize \$100 cash; a single handed rock drilling contest, 1st prize \$25 cash, 2nd prize \$15 cash. No entry fees wil be charged in either event. Conditions are that three or more entries must be made and that contestants must have their steel on the ground at call of the competition. Sizes of steel to be: double handed, 7-8 inch; single handed, 3-4 inch. Duration of time: double handed 15 minutes, single handed 10 minutes. One of the main events will be a base

ba'l match between teams from Trail and Nelson and a first class game is as-Another important feature of the day will be a football match (challenge) be-

tween Nelson and Kaslo and a warm encounter is to be expected, as both eams have been assiduously practicing for this event.
Other events will include Caledonian sports, trap shooting, aquatic sports and

grand ball in the evening.

A new and special feature of this year's celebration will consist of a fishing competition, open to visitors only for May 26 for the first and second largest fish caught on rod and reel, under the auspices of the Kaslo Rod and Reel 'club. There will be two trophies award-ed in the shape of two silver cups suitably engraved and the same will be on exhibition at the Canada Drug & Book Co., Baker St., Nelson, on Friday,

the 15th inst., for two weeks. Fishing is now good on Kootenay lake and especially in the vicinity of Kaslo, the catches of the past few days has far exceeded the average at this period of the year and there is every assurance that visiting fishermen, on the 26th inst., will have all the sport they may

All committees are ready to put of their respective contests as fast as the visitors can reach the scenes of action, this will avoid all waiting. Bugle calls will therefore be frequently heard to the satisfaction of our visiting friends Mr. Fournier and family have re-turned to town, and the Cork mine, of which he is manager, will reopen on the

first of June.

There is considerable interest exhibit ed up the south fork of Kaslo river as o whether the Montezuma, the Cork, he Province or Flint will become the permanent and regular shipper and the packers are getting in shape to handle their product on quite a respect able scale.

OLD AGE PENSIONS

Mr. Asquith's Proposed Measure in Imperial Parliament

Mr. Asquith's old age pension bill is already criticized as a measure of state socialism. That it is socialistic cannot be denied. But it would be folly to condemn it for such a reason as that. So is the postoffice system socialistic, yet nobody thinks of abolishing the system and entrusting to private parties the public service of collecting, carrying and distributing mails. Old age penions cannot even be said to be wholly nomic experiment. Germany es ablished them years ago and more re cently the Australian commonwealth and New Zealand introduced pension sys-tems. British statesmen will have the dvantage of the experience gained by other governments in the operation of

And yet Mr. Asquith's proposal is bold one. It does not go far enough to suit the labor members and will be scorned by the socialists as pitiably in adequate. But it establishes the prin ciple that a nation's aged poor are rightfully a charge upon the nation as a whole and that it is the duty of the nation to provide for their needs. A dollar and eighty cents a week for a married couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1.25 for a single person appears missibly result in the couple and \$1. pear miserably small in comparison with the incomes of skilled workmen; but in Britain they are sufficient to save many thousands of aged persons from the dreadful necessity of choosing between starvation and the workhouse.

Mr. Asquith announces that his measure is only experimental—that he is dealing with the question tentatively and that the experimental in the content of the

that the system will later be made more comprehensive. And yet he estimates the initial cost of it at \$30,000,000. If the age limit were reduced from 70 to 65 as already being demanded, the annual burden on the nation would probably be loubled. Even at the smaller figure the government is going to have dif-ficulty raising the extra pevenue to meet the cost of the pension scheme. How can this be done under the existing free trade system, with its narrow basis of taxation? The tariff reformers claim that the revenue could easily be raised by broadening the basis of taxation through the imposition of duties on ex-ports. But this is protection and Mr. Asquith says that the necessary revenue can and will be raised without any departure from free trade principles. How,

then, does he propose to solve the problem? Probably by the taxation of land
values. This important project—almost
a revolutionary one in England—was
heartly favored by sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman and his successor is understood to be not less favorably, inclined to it. So that it will be found
later on, if the Asquith government remains in power long enough, that one
bold radical measure is as it were the
precursor and herald of and the excuse
for, another still bolder and more radical.

BARGAINS IN NURSERY STOCK To clear up a block of land, fine twoyear old stuff

500 Belle de Boskoop, 300 Salome, 400 Gune, 300 Pensgoods Nonsuch, 200 Mann, 400 Stark, 300 Yellow Beliflower, 300 Princess Louise, 1000 Ontario, 1000 Northern Spy, 400 York Imperial, 400 R. F. Greening, 200 Wolfe River, 300 St. Lawrence, 100 Hüslop Crab, 100 Gen. Grant Crab. \$122 per 100, \$100 per 1000f.c.b. cars here. Nothing less than 25 of one variety talked at these prices. First oney takes them. Henrys' Nurseries, 3010

TO GIVE HIMSELF UP

EDMONTON, May 15—Captain Har-bo fle, defaulting collector of inland revenue here, has decided to return and give himself up to the authorities. His friends will make the shortage good.

Ball Season Opens WINNIPEG, May 15-The Norther league baseball series here and at Bran-don, opened today. The Winnipeg team defeated the White Sox by a s 5 to 0: Brandon defeated Fargo, N.D. by



-WANTEDto hear from owner having

A GOOD FARM for sale. Not particular about lo-cation. Please give price and de-scription, and reason for selling. State when possession can be Will deal with owners only.

Rochester, N. Y L. Darbyshire, Box 984.

Tested Stock Seed. **Acclimatized Trees, Plants** FOR THE FARM, GARDEN,

LAWN OR CONSERVA-Reliable varieties at reasonable prices. No borers; no scale; no fumigation; nor damage to stock. No windy agents to annoy you. Buy direct and get trees and

and seeds that grow.
Fertilizers, Bee Supplies, Spray
Pumps, Spraying Materials, Cut
Flowers, etc. Oldest established nurseries on the mainland of British Columbia. Catalogue free

M. J. Henry's Nurseries Greenhouses—3010 Westminster Road, Vancouver, B. C. Branch Nurseries—S. Vancouver.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF WEST KOOTENAY HOLDEN AT NELSON

business by the name and style of the "Nelson Iron Works") Plaintiff AND The Highlander Mill and Mining Company

BETWEEN Bernard A. Isaac (carrying o

To the Above Named Defendant: TAKE NOTICE that this action was co menced against you on the 27th day of April, 1908, and that the Plaintiff claims \$225.45 for principal and interest due on an accepted Bill of Exchange for \$223.80, dated December 5th, 1907, drawn on you by the plaintiff; or in the alternative \$223.80 for

the Plaintiff for you.

AND TAKE NOTICE that the court has by Order made the 8th day of May, 1908 uthorized the service of the summ this action upon you, by publication notice for three weeks in the Nelson "Weekly New" newspaper. AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that

goods sold and delivered, and work done by

you are required within eight days after such last publication hereof, to enter a dispute note in said action, by yourself, your solicitor and that in default of you so doing, the plaintiff may proceed in said action, and judgment may be given against you in your absence, Dated the 8th day of May, 1908.

T. M. BOWMAN,

Registrar of the Court.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Ar thur Nicholas, of Burton, British Columbi Merchant, has, by deed on assign made in pursuance of the "Creditors Tru Deeds Act," 1901, and amending Acts, date Deeds Act, 1991, and amending Acts, dated the 30th day of April, A. D. 1908, assigned all his personal property, which may be seized and sold under execution, and all his real estate, credits and effects, to Arthur Francis Rolph, of Vancouver, in the Prov creditors.

A meeting of creditors will be held at the offices of Kelly, Douglas & Company, Limited, at the City of Vanceuver, on Thursday, the 14th day of May, A. D. 1908 at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

And notice is hereby further given

all creditors and others having claims against the estate are required to file same with or send same to the assignee at Vancouver aforesaid, with full particulars of their claims duly verified, and the nature of their security, if any, held by them, or or before the 31st day of May, A. D. 1908. All parties indebted to the estate are re-quired to pay the amounts forthwith to the assignee.

And notice is hereby further given that

after the 31st day of May, A. D. 1908, the assignee will proceed to distribute the as-sets among the creditors of whose debt or claim he shall then have had notice and will not be responsible for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any not then have received notice.

Dated at Vancouver, B. C., this 6th day of May, A. D. 1908.

RUSSELL, & RUSSELL,

RUSSELL & RUSSELL,
Solicitors for Assignee

TENDERS WANTED FOR THE PUR-

renders addressed to the unders gned at his office in the Court House, in the City f Nelson, will be received up till the hour of 5 o'clock in the afternoon of Friday, June 5th, 1908, for the purchase of the 'Selkirk" Mineral Claim, Lot, 784, Group 1 Kootenay which was declared forfeited to the Crown at the tax sale held in the City of Nelson, on the 6th day of November

1905, for delinquent taxes up till June 30th, 1905, and costs.

The upset price upon the said mineral claim, which includes the amount of delinquent taxes and costs at the time of for feiture, with interest, taxes which have since accrued, cost of advertising and fee for Crown Grant (\$25.00), is \$136.88, which is the least amount that will be considered

as a tender. accepted cheque for the full amount of the tender, payable to the order of the Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Works, at Victoria, B.C., at par. Dated at Nelson, B.C., this fth day of May, 1908.

Government Agent.

LAND NOTICES NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT

TAKE NOTICE that A. F. Dudgeon of TAKE NOTICE that A. F. Dudgeon of Nelson, B.C., occupation lumberman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted at the southeast corner of lot 1784, G 1, West Kootenay, B.C., thence east 30 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence west 30 chains; thence south 40 chains to point of commencement, and containing 320 acres.

ommencement, and containing 320 acres, A. F. DUDGEON. March 30, 1908.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY TAKE NOTICE that I, Wm. Graham of

Coleman, Alta., occupation, Miner, intend, to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about two miles up Mosquitto creek, and about two miles west of Garnet creek, and marked "Wm Graham's N.E. corner." thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to

WM. GRAHAM, SIDNEY LEARY, Agent. Dated April 29th, 1908.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY. TAKE NOTICE that Nell I. McDermid of Lacombe, Alta., occupation druggist, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the N.W. corner of Sec. 21, Tp. 69, Fire Valley, thence south 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence sorth 30 chains; thence east

20 chains to point of commencement, and Ontaining 160 acres
Dated April 25, 1908.
NBIL I. McDERMID NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT

OF WEST KOOTENAY. Take Notice that John Phillip Evans of Nel son, B.C., occupation bookkeeper, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted on the East side of the Columbia river, south of north 78.845 chains; west 40 chains; sout 84.37 chains; west 20 chains; south 13.875 chains more or less to point of commencement, containing 343 acres more or less.

JOHN PHILLIP EVANS.

JAS. CAMERON, Agent Dated March 8th, 1908. NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT

OF WEST KOOTENAY.

TAKE NOTICE that Jacob Weber of Com aplix. B.C., intends to apply for permission o purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about 35 chains south of the northeast corner of Section 11, township 7, thence north 75 chains, to south boundary of Indian Reserve, thence west 20 chains more or less

to east bank of Kootenay river, thence

following said bank of river to point ecommencement, and containing 240 acres

JACOB WEBER. M. G. LAWLER, Agent Dated March 9th, 1908.

NELSON LAND REGISTRY, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

TAKE NOTICE that Nellie Marshall of Vancouver, occupation wife of Alex. Marshall, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land: Commencing at a post planted at the centre of the South boundary of Lot 7535 Group One, Kootenay District, about nine miles

south of Nakusp on the Arrow Lakes thence south twenty chains; thence west twenty chains; thence north twenty chains; thence east twenty chains along the south boundary of the said Lot 7535 Group One

to the place of commencement, containing 40 acres, more or less.

NELLIE MARSHALL, Per Kenneth L. Burnet, Agent. April 16th, 1908.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT of WEST KOOTENAY.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Christina Glender TAKE NOTICE that I, Christina Glendenning of Nakusp, occupation, widow, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of Lot \$564, Group 1, Kootenay District, thence east along the south boundary of said lot \$564, 80 chains, more or less, to the south east corner of said lot; thence westerly along the bank of the Columbia river, 80 chains, more or less to a point due south of the point of commencement; thence north 20 chains more or less to the point of commencement.

CHRISTINA GLENDENNING, Dated 4th April, 1908.

Dated 4th April, 1908.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT of WEST KOOTENAY.

TAKE NOTICE that we, James Grove and Charles Thorndale, of Nelson, B.C., occu-pation, bricklayers, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at the S.E. corner of lot 3333, south of 45-Creek, thence east 20 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence north 20 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence the policy of the property of the policy of the po chains, to point of commencement, contain ing 40 acres more or less.

JAMES GROVE

CHARLES THORNDALE.

W. A. JONES, Agent. April 29, 1908. 25-4-60 NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT

TAKE NOTICE that James D. Wightman of Nelson, British Columbia, by occupa-tion a draymen, intends to apply for per-mission to purchase the following described

OF WEST KOOTENAY.

mission to purchase the following december of section 21. Township 69. District of West Kootenay, in the Province of British Columbia; thence north 80 chains thence west 20 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 20 chains to the point of commencement, containing by a measurement 160 acres more or less.

JAMES D. WIGHTMAN
Dated 18th April, 1908.

5-17-4w.

NOTICE OF APPLICATAL.

Superintendent of Provincial Police, at the expiration of one month for a renewal of my retail liquor freense for the premises known as the Vancouver Hotel, situate at Ymir, B.C.

Dated 18th April, 1908.

5-17-4w.

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE that I intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Nelson to transfer the saloon license for the Manhattan Saloon, Josephine street Nelson, B.C., this day assigned to me by H. H. Moore to William E. Jarratt of Nelson B.C.

by H. H. Moore to William E. Jarratt of Nelson, B.C.

Dated this 28th day of April, A.D., 1908.

MARY S. JARRATT.

I, H. H. Moore of Nelson, B.C., hereby give notice that I intend to Apply to the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Nelson, B.C., at its next regular stitlings for a transfer of my selson, H. Dated this lat day of May, 1908. MARY S. JARRATT.

I, H. H. Moore of Nelson, B.C., hereby give notice that I intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Nelson, B.C., at its next regular sittings for a transfer of my saloon license for the Manhattan Saloon on Josephine street, Nelson, B.C., to Mary S. Jarratt, wife of William E. Jarratt of Nelson, B.C. Dated at New York of Nelson, Dated at Ne 6-30 G. T. SNOW.

Dated at Nelson, B.C., this 28th day of April, A.D., 1906.
H. H. MOORE, Licensee.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-NOTICE is hereby given that I, Samuel Miller of Ymir, B.C. intend to apply to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, at the expiration of one month from the date hereof, for a renewal of my retail liquor license for the premises known as the Miller Hotel, situate at Ymir, B.C.

perintendent of Provincial Police at the expiration of one month from date hereof, for a transfer and renewal of our hotel licenses for the premises known as the Ymir hotel at Ymir, B.C., to J. B. Bremner of Ymir, B.C.

Dated May 4 ,1908. DALY & BREMNER. NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE

NOTICE is hereby given that I, E. E. Mc-Arthur of Salmo, B.C., intend to apply to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, at the expiration of one month from the date hereof, for a renewal of my r.fall liquor license for the premises known as the Northern Hotel, situate at Salmo, B.C. Northern Hotel, S. Dated May 6, 1908.

E. E. McARTHUR.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE

TAKE NOTICE that I. John Marshall of Kitchener intend applying to the Superintendent of Provincial Police at the expiration of one month from date hereof, for re-newal of my hotel license for the premises known as the Marshall hotel at Kitchener. Dated at Kitchener, April 29, 1908. 7-30d JOHN MARSH

NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE

NOTICE is hereby given that I, Louisa E. McPeak of Sirdar. B.C., intend to apply to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, at the expiration of one month from the date hereof, for a renewal of my retail liquor license for the premises known as the Hotel Sirdar, situate at Sirdar, B.C.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE NOTICE is hereby given that I, William Gray, of Salmo, B.C., intend to apply to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, at the expiration of one month from the date hereof, for a renewal of my retail liquor.

The expiration of the premises known as the St. Charles hotel, situate at Ymir, B.C.

Dated May 7th, 1998.

B. M. PRTERS.

icense for the premises known as the Salmo Hetel, situate at Salmo, B.C. Dated May 7th, 1908. 11-30 WILLIAM GRAY

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE

Notice is hereby given that I, Alexander McKessen of Eric, B. C., intend to apply to the Seperint adent of Previncial Police, at the expiration of one month from the date hereof, for a renewal of my retail liquor license for the premises known as the Erie Hotel, situate at Erie, B. C.

Slocan Junction, B. C. Dated 11th May, 1908.

PETER JOHNSON. NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE

TAKE NOTICE that we, Boyd and Hillman of Gerrard, intend applying to the Super-intendent of Provincial Police, at the ex-piration of one month from date hereof. premises known as the Gerrard hotel at Gerrard, B.C. for a renewal of our hotel license for the Dated May 8, 1908.

BOYD & HILLMAN NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE

B.C., intend to apply to the Superintendent of Provincial Police at the expiration of one month from date hereof, for a renewal of my hotel license for the premise known as the Cosmopolitan hotel at Ymir B.C.

Dated May 2nd, 1908. 10-30 JOHN BREAU.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-

Dated this 1st day of May, 1908.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE NOTICE is hereby given that I, G. S. Cole man of Ymir, B.C., intend to apply to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, at the expiration of one month from the date hereof, for a renewal of my retail liquor license for the premises known as the Wal-

Dated May 6th, 1968.

G. S. COLEMAN. NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE

Dated May 2nd, 1908.

8-30

SAMUEL MILLER.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE

TAKE NOTICE that Daly and Bremner of Ymir, B.C., intend to apply to the Superintendent of Provincial Police at the Superintendent of Provincial Police, at the Superintendent of Provincial Police, at the Superintendent of Provincial Police, at the Superintendent of Provincial Police at the Superintendent of Provinc NOTICE is he eby given that I, Fred Adie,

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-

NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE Tait of Ymir, B.C., intend to apply to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, at the expiration of one month from the date pereof, for a renewal of my retail liquor license for the premises known as the Pal-ace Hotel, situate at Ymir, B.C.; and also that I intend to apply for a transfer of the retail liquor license now held by Archibald and Davis for the Palace Hotel, to myself. Dated May 2nd, 1908.
MITCHELL TAIT.

NOTICE OF TRANSFER OF LICENSE

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of License Commission-ers for the City of Neison at their next meeting held thirty days after date hereof, for a transfer of the retail license now held by me for the Strathcona hotel, situate on Lots 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, in Block 13, Nelson, B.C., to the Stratheona Hetel Company. J. C. BONNEAU, Per Atty. Jerry Bonneau

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-NEWAL OF LIQUOR LICENSE NOTICE is hereby given that I, Jos. R. Hunnex of Erie, B.C., intend to apply to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, at the expiration of one month from the date

hereof, for a renewal of my retail liquor license for the premises known as the Mer-sey Hotel, situate at Erie, B.C. Dated May 7th, 1908. 11-30 JOS. R. HUNNEX. NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-

NOTICE is hereby given that I, E. M. Peters of Ymir, B.C., intend to apply to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, at the expiration of one month from the date

Dated this 11th day of March A.D., 1908

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RE-

Dated May 1st, 1908, 11-30 MRS. LOUISA E. McPEAK.

The opening up of the B.C. Copper co pany's properties in the Boundary last week will make a wonderful difference within the next few weeks in the output of the Kootenay-Yale mining districts. There remains in the Boundary merely the Dominion Copper company idle and this is south of us. In a sense, you are our likely to resume at an early date. The likely to resume at an early date. The elder sisters and we the younger people high grade properties of the Boundary are still idle to a large extent but this is more or less to be expected under the conditions. With the opening up of the district by guese explorers, conquerors, lawgivers, means of the railways now in process of construction there will be facilities afforded ed a flourishing civilization in the for the shipment of ore to reduction works I topics and the south temperate zone, vailing. Therefore a higher profit will be

than it was a few weeks ago but this is almost entirely due to the transition state of the roads. There can be no longer any sleighing or rawhiding and on the other hand the melting of the snows has cut the wagon roads badly in many places. On the other hand development is not lagging behind and there is every prospect of an en-hanced number of properties being worked during the coming summer. Several deals aportance have lately been negotiated and more are pending. In the Rossland camp matters are very much as usual: In connection with Rossland it may be noted that the Trail smelter is now taking a great deal of ore from properties outside se districts. For the past week the nearly equal quantities from either s de of rnational boundary line. Last week ore from Cobalt and the trend of events goes to show that this reduction works, through the diversity and general nature of its custom business, together with the variety of the ores treated and the products made, is gradually assuming in Can ada the position of the famous Cardiff

Following are the shipments for the past week and year to date: BOUNDARY SHIPMENTS

Mine	Week	Icai
Granby	23,173	377,645
Crescent		58
Other mines		434
Total	23,203	278,137
ROSSLAND SHIPME	NTS	
Centre Star		61,989
Le Roi		28,431
Le Roi No. 2		11,561
Other mines		500
* T. T		-
Total	5,589	102,436
SLOCAN-KOOTENAY SHI	PMEN	ITS
Whitewater, milled	280	5,180
Poorman, milled	250	3,850
Queen, milled	185	3,320
Second Relief, milled		1,810
North Star	128	1,132
Richmond	59	5.9
Rambler-Cariboo	23	502
Vancouver	20	454
Reco	20	122
Other mines		22,025
Total	1,110	38,914
	SHOW THE REAL PROPERTY.	CONTRACTOR STATE

The total shipments for the past week

tons.			
GRANBY	SMELTER	RECEIP	TS
	and Forks,		
Granby		23,173	377,64
CONSOLID	ATED CO.	S RECEI	PTS

CONSOLIDATED CO.'S RECEIVED Trail. B. C.	PTS
Centre Star 3,567	61,989
Le Roi No. 2 701	11,561
Snowstorm 1,207	4,118
War Eagle 327	1,900
First Thought 256	1,489
North Star 128	1,132
Richmond 59	5.9
Rambler-Cariboo 23	502
Vancouver 20	454
Reco 20	122
Other mines	15,545
Total 6,308	99,316
LE ROI SMELTER RECEIPT	'S
Northport, Wash.	
Le Roi 1,321	28,431

for the past week were 30,827 tons and for

Other mines

INTERNATIONAL TEMPLE

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT LAYS THE

PEACE AND FRIENDSHIP FOR

dent Roosevelt today laid the corner stone of the First International Temple of Peace, Friendship and Commerces yet erected to be tangible evidence to the 21 American republics that war and that material prosperity, promoted by inic national trades, shall take its

Following addresses by president Roosevelt, secretary of state Root, am-Carnegie, a cabled sentiment expressing the hearty approval of each president

ston pronounced an invocation and

the peoples of the western hemisphere. The building, the corner stone of which we lay today, emphasizes by its existinterest and aspiration among all the peoples of the new world. It marks our closer together all the republics of the western hemisphere, through the kindly

sympathetic comprehension.
"At the outset on behalf of all of us,

cause of peace among nations; for while we have yet a long path to tread efore we can speak with any certainty of the day when wars shall cease from the earth, we of this western hemisphere, by movements such as that symolized by this building, have taken nent peace among ourselves.

while all America north of the Rio Grande was stil unmapped wilderness. Your people had founded American uni-

the intellectual and spiritual welfare of all of us. In the century that has passed the development of North America has, on the whole, proceeded faster than the development of South America; but in the century that has now opened I believe that no other part of the world will see such extraordinary development in wealth, in population, in all that makes for progress, as will be seen from the northern boundary of Mexico through all Central and South America; and I can asure you that the people of this nation look with most profound satisfaction upon the great growth that has already taken place in the countries which you represent—a growth alike in political stability and in the material well-being which can only come when there is political stability. "Our battle fleet has just finished its

trip around South America, and I wish to thank the rulers and the peoples of South America and of Mexico for the gonerous and courteous hospitality which has been shown this fleet on every possible occasion throughout the

"In conclusion, let me speak of another trip, made a couple of years ago by the secretary of state, Elihu Root, the first time in our history the Ameri-can secretary of state, during his term of office, left the coutry to visit certain er nations. Mr. Root made the complete tour of South America, travers Central America and afterwards, visited He was everywhere received with the heartiest greeting, a greeting which deeply touched our people, and I wish to say once more how appreciative we are of the reception tendered

"His voyage was unique in character and in value. It was undertaken only because we citizens of this republic recognize that our interests are more closely intertwined with the interests of the other peoples of this continent than with those of another nation. I believe that history will say that though we have had other great sec-retaries of state, we have had none greater than Elihu Root; and that though in his high office he has done much for the good of his nation and of mankind, yet that his greatest ach evement has been the success which has come as the result of his devoted labor to bring closer together all the republic of the new world, and to unite

property of all the total provided by the American congress, consists of the historic old Vanness home, the p etentious mansion erected in Washington. It is within a few hundred yards of the White House and additionally the state, war and navy the state, war and navy have seen a series of remarkable have seen a series of remarka

SOCIALISTS BATTLECRY WANT HAYWOOD AS CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENCY

NATIONAL CONVENTION MEETS IN CHICAGO TODAY

Chicago, May 9.- "Bill Haywood fo

resident!" This is the battlecry of the socialists who are gathering in Chicago today for the national convention of the party, which will begin tomorrow. While a few of the more conservotive members of the party are opposed to the Haywood boom, the rank and file is for him. Eugene V. Debs, the Indiana man who

the workingmen who mainly comprise the workingmen wan mainly comprise the membership, and each of these is required to pay a small sum monthly as dues. While the party received 406,230 votes in the last election, when Eugene V. Debs was the presidential candidate, the dues-paying membership is only about 40,000. Only these will have any voice in tomorrow's convention. Party leaders declare that they ex-

pect the socialist vote this fall to be double that in 1904, and that in case the old parties should nominate conservaamong the possibilities. Not many of the delegates, however, seriously consider the election of Haywood, but they assert that he will receive the support of many thousands of non-socialists who take that method of expressing their disapproval of president Roose velt's characterization of the labor leader as an "undesirable citizen."

TERCENTENARY PAGEANT

FIRST OF THE KIND, ON NORTH AMERICAN CONTINENT

WILL GIVE VIVID PICTURE OF HIS-TORICAL SCENES

The pageant, which will be a feature of the Quebec tercentenary will be the first celebration of the sort on the North American continent. From time to time single scenes of past history have been represented; an instance of this was the appearance at the Chicago world's fair of 1893 of vessels which were an attempt at reproduction of the flo-tilla with which Columbus sailed to discover the new world. A pageant, however, in the sense in which the word recently has come to be used, is the representation of a series of scenes connected with history of the actual spot whe e the perior mance t kes place. For

streets and king Charles I. passed through it on his melancholy journey from the Isle of Wight to Windsor and the scaffold at Whitehall. Thus 1907 was the thousandth anniversary of the founding of the abbey by the pious princess and the history of the quiet little town goes back to the family of the great Alfred.

Working on history, the whole population of Romsey, landowners, clergymen, farmers, peasants, carpenters and workmen, devoted themselves to the reproduction of these ten centuries. A landowner gave the use of his park—which was once the seat of the famous lord Palmerston — stands were erected and several hundreds of people of the neighborhood served as actors. Special mu-sic was prepared and unlimited pains were taken. Ten episodes in all were presented. In the first was seen the dein past campaigns has led the socialists to defeat, is among Haywood's most devoted adherents and was the first to suggest his nomination. At that time second was seen the murder of Ethelwold, the Hampshire nobleman, who slain in 962 that king Edgar the Your people had founded American unive sities, were building beautiful cities, were laying deep the foundations of future nat. onal life, at many different points in the vast territory stretching from the Colorado to the Plata, before the chins of the Frenchmen and the thoughts of the Frenchmen and the thoughts and with having hired the chins of the Frenchmen and the thoughts and with having hired that the control of the first to devote adherents and was the first to suggest his nomination. At that time Haywood was still languishing in Boise pail, charged with being the leader of the "inner circle" of the Western Federation of Miners and with having hired that the control of the first to suggest his nomination. At that time Haywood was stell languishing in Boise pail, charged with being the leader of the "inner circle" of the Western Federation of Miners and with having hired that the control of the first to suggest his nomination. At that time Haywood was stell languishing in Boise pail, charged with being the leader of the "inner circle" of the Western Federation of Miners and with having hired that the control of the was slain in 962 that king Edgar the packet of the "inner circle" of the Western Federation of Miners and with having hired the control of the world was slain in 962 that king Edgar the packet of the "inner circle" of the Western Federation of Miners and with having hired the control of the world was slain in 962 that king Edgar the packet of the "inner circle" of the Western Federation of Miners and with having hired the control of the world was slain in 962 that king Edgar the packet of the "inner circle" of the Western Federation of Miners and with having hired the world was slain in 962 that king Edgar the packet of the "inner circle" of the Western Federation of Miners and with having hired the world was slain in 962 that king Edgar the packet of the world was slain in 962 that king Edgar the packet of the world was slain in 962 that king Edgar the packet of the world was slain in 962 that Englishman, the Swede and the Hollander had found permanent havens on the North Atlantic seacoast. For centuries our several civilizations greweach in its own way, but each sundered from the others. Now we are growing together.

"More and more in the future we shall each give to and get from the shall each give to an event which was said to have been signalized by a miracle which end by the Western Federation of Miners as its travelling representative, but he was recently dropped from the rolls and no longer has any official connection with the union. For the first time since the socialist party became a factor in American politics, every state and territory of the union will have delegates in tomorrow's convention. These delegates will represent only the holders of the little red cards and of the party who are paid up and in good standing. As the most revolutionary of American parties and the respect to the proposes to overturn the except converted to the days which responses to overturn the except converted to the days when the days whe a Flemish nobleman, Matthey of Alsace.

up and in good standing. As the most revolutionary of American parties and one which proposes to overturn the existing industrial order, the organization has no source of income other than irom managed. Seventh, the suppression of the nunnery and the purchase of the abbey. Three scenes from Stuant times completed the pageant; the visit of James I., in 1607, when he granted a charter of incorporation to the borough; the parliamentarians surprised and de-feated a detachment of royalists; and

> Had the scenes been presented on the stage of a London theatre they would have thrown a singular light upon history, for the utmost pains were taken to have the costumes correct, much of the music was actually that of the ages depicted and the whole spectacle was a skilful attempt to visualize history. But this was only a small portion of the charm. Every scene depicted had oc-curred in or near the place of repre-sentation. The fight took place on the bridge and in the street which many of the audience traversed to reach the pageant ground. In the village is a building, now a political club, once an inn; from the front of the building projects an ancient twisted bracket of hammer ed from on which swings its sign. From that very bracket soldiers of Cromwell's army were hanged because of some breach of discipline. The performers in the show were in no small part the lineal descendants of the men and women whom they represented. How such associations must have sharpened the historical sentiments! The spectafors must

the passing of king Charles in 1648.

grips with the history of England.

In one instance this association became positively weird. Few incidents of English history are better known than the killing of William Rufus in the New Forest by Walter Tyrrell. No school history dares omit that scene. That famous accident or murder took place not far from Romsey. When the king's body was found it was put in a cart and was found it was put in a cart and taken to Winchester. The roadway along which the king's body passed can cultural and agricultural methods, so

have felt that they were coming to grips with the history of England.

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(Special to The Daily News)

VANCOUVER, May 11 — One of the most daring train robberies in local history occurred this morning when the Great Northern express running from Seattle to Vancouver, was boarded by two robbers before it had left the city limits and the express car was rifled of a large sum of money, variously esti-mated to be between six and ten thousand dollars.

Just after leaving the Seattle station J. E. Perrine, express messenger, noticed two men, one in blue uniform with trass buttons, standing on the platform behind the express car. On account of the uniform he thought the men were officials of the company and thought no-

points in the vast territory sector from the Colorado to the Plata, before the ships of the Frenchmen and the Englishman, the Swede and the Hollander had found permanent havens on the North Atlantic seacoast. For centuries our several civilizations grew turies our several civilizations grew dential boom. For a time he was paid the seacoast of the western rederation of Miners and with having hired Harry Orchard to slay ex-Gov. Steunenberg and a score of others. Since his acquittal Haywood has been touring the country in the furtherance of his president in the accession to the throne of Ethelbred the Unberg and a score of others. Since his acquittal Haywood has been touring the country in the furtherance of his president in the accession to the throne of Ethelbred of the senseless by a blow on the head by the berg and a score of others. Since his acquittal Haywood has been touring the country in the furtherance of his president in the accession to the throne of Ethelbred of the Evil Counsel. The third was the decountry in the furtherance of his president in the accession to the throne of Ethelbred of the Evil Counsel. The third was the decountry in the furtherance of his president in the accession to the throne of Ethelbred of the Senseless by a blow on the head by the Senseless by a blow on the head by the Senseless by a blow on the head by the Senseless by a blow on the head by the Senseless by a blow on the head by the Senseless by a blow on the head by the Senseless by a blow on the head by the Senseless by a blow on the throne of Ethelbred of the Unsense in the William Senseless by a blow on the head by the Senseless by a blow on the bead by the Senseless by a blow on the head by the Senseless by a blow on the head by the Senseless by a blow on the head by the Senseless by a blow on the head by the Senseless by a blow on the Accession to the throne of Ethelbred the Unsense in the Senseless by a blow on the Senseless by a blow on the Accession to the throne of Ethelbred the Unsense in the Senseless by a blow diseases is planned to prevent these lection of the strong box being smashed and the registered mail sack ripped open. A movement and a groan on his part then attracted the notice of the robbers who again struck him insensible.

The work of rifling the box and bag was done while the train was in the tun-nel just under the business section. At Smith's cove where the train slackens speed, the robbers prepared to leave the train and jumped, one on each side, landing at a point three miles from the station and within sight of the ocean wharf where the Hill liners tie up. W. D. Smard who was working near, saw the men leap from the train and dive into the bushes with a grip and some small bundles. A few moments later they re-appeared and hurried toward the city carline where they must have taken a car which would take them to the city in a few minutes. Smard went to the bushes and found two hundred dollars in nickels and dimes in a grip which had been abandoned. In the meantime the train had proceeded to beyond Ballard where the condition of the express messenger was discovered and the rob-

The injured man is now in the Ballard ing young in appearance and manner.

TREATMENT NECESSARY FOR THE PROTECTION OF FRUIT

APPLE SCAB, BITTER ROT AND OTHER DISEASES

At the March meeting of the St. Joseph Horticultural society, James B. Roier, assistant pathlogist of the United States department of agriculture, de-livered an address in which he told of the orchard demonstration work which has been carried on by the department in southern Missouri and Arkansas for several seasons. This work is simply taking an orchard and demonstrating

sites which gain entrance to the fruit, wood or leaves as the case may be, grow there and destroy the tissues. After the fungus has once got in there is nothing you can do to check its growth without dstroying the host plant as well. The thing to do is to plant as well. The thing to do is to prevent the fungus from getting in and this is the object of all treatment for plant diseases, namely, to prevent the disease, not to cure it. The parasitic fungi which cause the various diseases of fruit, multiply by means of spores; these are simply little bits of the fungus which are cut off from the parent fungus and which are capable of withstanding a certain amount of heat, cold. standing a certain amount of heat, cold, drying or other unfavorable conditions, but which under certain circumstances

can grow out again into another fun gus and reproduce the disease. These spores are produced in enormous quan-tities—quantities that one can scarcely Ottawa, May 9.—A sensation was conceive of—several million may be produced from one small bitter rot spot for example, and each spore under suit able conditions may germinate and grow and cause the specific disease again. The treatment of most plant

spores from germinating or to kill them as soon as they do germinate. This is the object of spraying—to cover the plants with a fungicide—that is with a solution that will kill the spores as soon as they germinate.

"I shall now take up more in detail some of the diseases of the apple and give methods of treatment for each and them show some of the results obtained

from the prescribed treatment.

"Apple scab is one of the oldest and most destructive of apple diseases, but is one that can be successfully controlled and has been so controlled for some years. The disease is one of both fruit and foliage. It is not so bad here ordinarily as it is in the northern apple belt where is is commonly known as fungus. The fungus causing the disease with the source of the follow leaves. ease winters over on the fallen leaves matures in the early spring and gives off innumerable spores at about the time the trees are beginning to bloom, and it is at this time that the infection of the fruit and leaves takes place. So you see, for this disease early spraying is necessar. In all ordinary seasons in this section the disease can be controlled by three spraying with Bordeaux mixiure, the first just before the blossoms open, again as soon as the petals have fallen and again ten days later. On varieties such as Ben Davis, which do not scab badly, the first application

may be safely omitted."

Mr. Rorer exhibited some photograpes, one showing the entire crop FOR EFFECTIVE SPRAYING from a tree sprayed three times, showing 1856 bushels sound fruit, worth \$9.40, while there was only 1-6 bushel scabby fruit. Another photograph showed the entire crop from an unsprayed tree in the same orchard which shows 22-3 bushels sound fruit and 71-3 bushels scabby fruit, the whole worth only \$3.30. The spraying cost 5 cents per amplication per tree so

so that only \$3.30. The spraying cost of cents per application per tree, so you see there is a net gain of \$5.95. This figure is very close to the average net gain Ler sprayed tree throughout the whole orchard.

Continuing, the speaker said: "Ano her exceedingly destructive disease to the apple is the bitter rot. Very settlems of this disease occur.

rious outbreaks of this disease occur annually in the more southern parts of Missouri, Virgina and Arkansas, and occurs sporadically, throughout this section of the Missouri valley, so that you all are familiar with the disease. The finests causing the disease thrives only all are familiar with the disease. The fungus causing the disease thrives only in hot, moist weather, so that it is a disease of the summer. It makes its first appearance in the latter part of June or early July, under favorable atmospheric conditions; its spread is very rapid, so that it may destroy an antire come in the weeks. These public entire crop in a few weeks. These pink masses which you see on the picture here are fungus spores, literally milions of them. They are carried by insects from apple to apple and from tree to tree and washed down by rains to adjacent apples and arch one is republic of the new world, and to unite them in the effort to work valiantly for our common betterment, for the material and moral welfare of all who dwell in the western hemisphere."

The new building is to be the joint property of all the republics. The site, provided by the American congress, consists of the historic old Vanness home, the p elen'lous mansion erected in Washington. It is within a few hundred yards of the White House and adjacent to the state, war and navy buildings, and the Corcoran art gallery.

The control of a series of scenes contents in the effort to work valiantly for our common betterment, for the actual spot whe e the place. But he material and moral welfare of all who dwell in the western hemisphere."

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The control of a series of scenes contents the cart was driven by in sected with history of the actual spot whe e the place. Even the king's way. Now—one of this sort indispensable requirements are age and history, and few places in the new world either have any considerable history or have been the scene of importance. Quebec in these respects offers advantages possessed by scarcely any other place on the continent.

The pageant has sprung into popularity in England and the last two or three to tree and there as a country lane and is known in some parts as the King's way. Now—one of the lane runs of fighting and is known in some parts as the king's way. Now—one of the lane runs along which the king's body passed can there and there as a country because the power of a pageant the sun world either have any considerable history or have been the size way. Now—one of these portions of the lane runs along which the king's body passed can there as a country beca

two applications, one when the leaves are pretty well out in the spring and another in latter June. This photo-graph shows two orchards, the one on the right was sprayed, the other not. In one you see that the foliage is good and abundant though the photograph was taken late in the seas 19, while there is scarcely a leaf left on the other man's trees."

DOMINION LANDS SOLD

FAULT FOUND IN ROSS RIFLE CON-STRUCTION

LATEST MILITIA ORDERS AND FULL FLEDGED COLONELS

caused in political circlese in Hull today when a prominent politician remarked that the conservatives and the nationalists will unite in the transportine town and put into support only one cand date in the provincial field for Ottawa. SUGGESTION THAT In the supreme court today the arguments were concluded in the appeal of the Bonanza creek concession vs. the king, and judgment was reserved. The next appeal was the Klondyke govern ment concession vs. the king, in which the questions at issue were somewhat similar to those in the last case. Judg-

ment was reserved in this case also The militia orders contain the following announcement of considerable interest among the higher officers of the militia: Lieutenant colonels of militia commanding brigades of cavalry, garri-son artillery, or infantry, or brigade of field artillery, or occupying positions, which in the opinion of the minister of militia are of corresponding military importance will be considered for promotion to the rank of colonel, providing they fulfill the following general conditions: They must have served not less than three years as lieutenant colonels in command of a regiment of cavalry, garrison artillery, or infantry, or of a brigade of field artillery, or have been in a position equivalent thereto (to be de-cided by the militia council) and they must have passed qualifying examina-tions of a practical nature in the sub-jects dealt with in Chapters I. to VI. in-clusive of "Combined Training, 1906," with a view of proving their ability to handle field bodies of troops comprising all arms. This test may be held either in the field and actually in command of

the troops or by means of a staff ride.

According to additional papers
brought down in the house with reference to the Ross rifle the chief superin-tendent of the ordinance factories at Woolwich, England, reported in July, 1906, that the bolt and body of the Ross rifle were strongly constructed and ser-viceable, but the lock bolt was defective, inasmuch, as it does not withdraw. As a primary extraction depends upon the momentum obtained in the first movement of the bolt extraction, it appears to be somewhat weak, being made of sheet material. The magazine is poorly constructed, being made of thin sheet steel, depending on woodwork, mainly, for support. The cut-off is simple and cheap but unsatisfactory. The construction of the back sight is decidedly weak, the leaf being made of thin sheet metal pressed up to form a rib in mitation of the Mauser's can. The slot is cut out from the solid strength of lugs for leaf and is very poor. The slide is poorly fitted throughout and the main object in this sight appears to have been cheapness of construction. The nose cap is inasmuch, as it does not withdraw. As ness of construction. The nose cap is very weak in construction, but one that could be cheaply made. The sliding trap-in the butt plate is not likely to be very

in the butt plate is not likely to be very durable, as any blow on the plate would fix it. The stocking action is very rough and has poor fittings.

From July 1, 1896, to June 30, 1905, the number of acres of dominion lands disposed of in the western provinces was as follows: Manitoba, 3,025,875; Saskatchewan, 1,240,975; Alberta, 6,911,000. Of grazing lands during that period there were disposed of: Manitoba, 605,549; Saskatchewan, 925,487; Alberta, 988,885 acres. Of timber lands: Manitoba, 13,acres. Of timber lands: Manitoba, 13, 001; Saskatchewan, 3250; Alberta 1759 square miles. Of coal lands: Saskatchewan, 21,720; Alberta, 60,638 acres. Land

VOL. 7

Col. Hughes Crit Ross Rif

DISCUSSION IN T

IS NOT ADAPTED SERVICE IN THE FI WORTH AND THE

(Special to The Daily OTTAWA, May 22—Hor worth today introduced strain young persons from tobacco. Aylesworth expl made it an offence for any ply cigarettes or cigaret any person under 16 whether for their own us young person concerned mand for the first offence for the second and a mi \$4 for the third. Officers ed to confiscate any toba young persons. It was po Manitoba and Quebec were vinces having legislation of and their laws were wid It was therefore deemed have a general bill draftd the entire dominion.
Armstrong, East Lamb

the Vancouver Sunset to the G.T.P. was using Seat of departure for Prince Ru Hon. G. P. Graham regr that Seattle had grown rich trade at the expense of Ca He thought it was largely trade at the expense of Ca He thought it was largely supplies which were now and of course the govern control over that. He belie before the G.T.P. was com nadian roads would be s superior that all business

superior that all business r would use them.

Burrows, on a question referring to a map and as the Winnipeg Telegram, possessed of enough tin cover a strip a mile wide nipeg and Montreal, most nied this and other stater.

Col. Hughes, pointing out casion was not the first tim agreed with the policy of fended himself from chargalty. He maintained he the Manitoba school bill an Yukon railway bill and justify him in respect to the stated that previous to Col. Worthington sought the of chief medical officer of militia.

Col. Worthington-That

Col. Hughes—The hon gen Col. Hughes—The hon gen the statement in the presen and of Mr. Daniels.

Maintaining that Col. had made little out of h Hughes entered into an elinical defence of the Ross r ther said that if the rescouched diffferently and h sented by another man, he supported it, as he thought open to criticism for his aptary matters. Some official tia department had shown to the rifle and if he were their heads would have fall Hughes then declared that Hughes then declared that

Hon. G. E. Foster-Oh, tl ing your leg George Fowler, following 99 per cent of Hughes' sp tion. Col. Worthington I right to criticize the rifle subjected to abuse by Co. commented on the fact that nominated by the minister the presidency of the Domin

sociation and was also a m small arms committee. "Without pay," interpose "Without pay," interposed Fowler retorted that the an astute man, who apport value of services.

He then dealt in a sarcas Col. Hughes' record. "Twenough to minimize accide of the rifles, but to the sold different matter. Col. Les ported that 20 per cent of the dby the permanent corps win practice.

would have been better if the had taken steps to secure the Official Rifle of Britain, where the secure of the sec developed by 12 years' e which Canada would hav advantage. The Ross rifl good weapon, but there are whether it would stand No greater injustice could sending the militia into th capped by inferior weapons, criticized the conditions of and said the price paid wa In the event of hostilities he had no guarantee that an a ply could be furnished by the debate closed by Macronyar reading highly could couver, reading highly eule from B.C. marksmen, and

experience at the butts he the Ross rifle was superior Enfield.

In a slim house the moti tived by 50 to 18, Col. Hugh sent when the vote was house then went into supply office estimates. office estimates. In the senate on a motion