

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph

VOL. XLVII

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 15, 1908.

NO. 39.

RUSSIANS DIED TO A MAN AT PORT ARTHUR POSTS

Officer's Tribute to Their Bravery Declares That Whole Companies Were Wiped Out by Japanese Shells Only to Be Replaced Time and Again by Others That Met a Similar Fate.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 13.—The court martial of Lieutenant General Stoesel was resumed here today and the court began the taking of testimony regarding the actual capitulation of Port Arthur.

The general is charged with having surrendered the fortress to the Japanese before its resources were exhausted. The court adjourned today over the Russian new year before reaching the most vital point in the testimony, namely: General Stoesel's testimony, in opening the negotiations for capitulation.

G. T. P. OFFICIALS ON INSPECTION TOUR

President Morse and Chief Engineer Wood Look Over Moncton End and Will Examine Central Railway.

(Special to The Telegraph.) Moncton, N. B., Jan. 13.—Mr. Morse, president of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, and Mr. Wood, chief engineer, arrived in the city this afternoon in a private car attached to the delayed Maritime express from Montreal.

At a meeting of the local curlers tonight W. N. Rippey, G. C. Allen and E. W. Givan were elected skips to play for the McEllan cup.

A second smallpox patient was removed to the isolation hospital today suffering with a mild type of the disease. The first patient, who has been in the isolation hospital for the past month, is expected to be discharged this week.

It was learned that the private car International having Mr. Morse, Premier Robinson and party had been set off at Moncton and an inspection of the road will likely be made this morning, as the car is due here tonight or Wednesday morning.

Convention Postponed. Amherst, N. S., January 10.—It has been decided to postpone the Conservative convention, called for early in January, until April next. A candidate will then be selected. The step was taken in view of what seemed to be authentic reports that the general election was farther away than at first supposed.

FREDERICTON BOARD OF TRADE AFTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Claim Trivial Losses Warrant Big Reduction in Premiums.

Many Other Important Subjects Dealt With in President's Address at Annual Meeting—Emerson Abandons Libel Suit and Crockett Indictment Dismissed.

(Special to The Telegraph.) Fredericton, Jan. 13.—The annual meeting of the Fredericton board of trade was held in the city council chamber this afternoon and was more than usually interesting.

President Geo. Y. Dibble, in his report, congratulated the citizens on the prosperity of the city which was evidenced by the fact that not a single business failure occurred during the year.

The sanitary improvements and change in assessment law were referred to and in connection with the latter the president complained that merchants and manufacturers had not received a square deal and he suggested some amendments.

Mention was made of the withdrawal of the steamer Aberdeen from the Fredericton-Woodstock service and the hope was expressed that the property of the Star Line Steamship Company, which is for sale, would fall into the hands of one of the great transportation companies.

The train service to Fredericton was briefly discussed and the erection of a union station was strongly emphasized.

In regard to the rebuilding of the Aberdeen mills the suggestion was made that the city council should give Messrs. Fraser every encouragement with a view of having this important industry re-established.

Complaints were made that the services of public utilities here is not as satisfactory as it might be and it was suggested that the matter should be inquired into.

Big Insurance Points. The president pointed out that fire losses last year were only \$714 and average losses for the last twenty-five years had been \$5,500, while the citizens pay at least \$60,000 annually in premiums.

Our fire insurance tariff, said Mr. Dibble, "is fixed altogether by St. John agents and while we have good insurance here, still we have no voice in the fixing rates of tariff. I feel therefore that the cities and towns outside of St. John should have representatives on the board of fire underwriters for the province and if it is not conceded, necessary legislation should be obtained for this purpose.

Another report of the Tourist Association by C. F. Chestnut spoke of last year as being one of the most successful in the history of the city from a tourist standpoint. A lot of information was given in regard to the efforts put forth to develop the attractions of the province.

SEVENTY-FIVE PEOPLE CREMATED IN ANOTHER OPERA HOUSE HORROR

Scores of Others Jump from Windows and Many Will Die—Explosion Caused a Panic and Women and Children Were Trampled to Death in Mad Rush for Exits—Whole Families That Attended Sunday School Benefit in Pennsylvania Wiped Out—Heart-rending Scenes.

Boyetown, Pa., Jan. 13.—Between fifty and seventy-five persons were burned to death tonight in a fire which completely destroyed Rhode's Opera House in this place.

The Opera House was crowded with members of St. John's Lutheran Sunday school, who were attending a benefit given for that church. While the show was in progress a tank exploded.

The actors endeavored to quiet the audience, but in their anxiety to make themselves heard and to avoid the awful stampede of the women and children, the coal oil lamps which were used as the footlights were overturned, setting the place on fire.

The flames, fed by the oil, shot almost to the ceiling and there was a wild rush of the 700 persons to escape from the burning building. Scores of women and children were trampled on and several, who escaped being burned to death died after being dragged from the Opera House.

In many cases, it is said, entire families were wiped out. The scene which followed the explosion is indescribable. Scores of persons who were in the balcony at the time the explosion occurred jumped from the windows and sustained fractured limbs and skulls.

To add to the terrible disaster, the fire apparatus became disabled and the structure was left entirely to the mercy of the seething flames. It is almost certain that a vast number of the bodies of the unfortunate, who were overcome by the

smoke and perished ever will be found. Assistance was asked from Pottstown, but before the fire apparatus from that city reached this place, the entire centre of the structure was a roaring furnace.

Had the women and children heeded the warning of the cooler heads in the audience, the horrible loss of life might have been averted, but there was the usual panic and stampede which invariably follows at such a catastrophe. The flames spread rapidly and communicated to the other parts of the new theatre. Men, women and children rushed for the many exits and the weaker sex and the children were trampled and maimed in the mad rush to gain the street.

Assistance was at once asked of both Reading and Pottstown and special trains, carrying nurses and doctors, were rushed to the scene of the disaster.

Every home within a radius of half a dozen blocks of the Opera House was made a temporary hospital where the wounded were rushed by carriages and other means of conveyance.

Boyetown is a borough with a population of about 2,500 and is located about midway between Pottstown and Reading. The fire is not yet under control, but it is not thought that it will communicate to other property, as the Opera House is on a plot of ground by itself.

Hundreds of persons surrounded the residence of Mr. Carr to the Presbyterian church, that teachers of the defendant in childhood would come to give their impressions of "the wide-eyed, distant boy."

shrinking of mothers who rushed to the scene as soon as they learned of the fire was pitiful. As the night wore on the crowds surrounding the building grew to such proportions that it was almost impossible for the police force, which had been augmented by a score of men from Pottstown and Reading to keep the people back. One woman, who said she had lost her entire family in the theatre, was with difficulty restrained from throwing herself into the roaring flames.

At one o'clock a special train from Reading, bearing physicians and nurses, reached here, but there was little for them to do, for the injured who had dashed themselves to the pavement had been cared for by the physicians assisted by the Pottstown Relief Force. A few minutes after midnight the rear wall collapsed. The flames broke out anew and those who had vainly hoped to be able to find the remains of some of their loved ones turned in despair from the scene of the catastrophe.

It is estimated that at least 75 persons were injured by being trampled upon either on the stairway or by jumping from the windows of the burning structure. Of this number at least a score were fatally injured, at least a half dozen succumbed to their injuries after being hurried to one of the temporary hospitals.

Three children ranging in age from eight to twelve years and one woman, who were dragged from the building by persons who had rushed to the rescue, had been trampled almost to a pulp, the skull of one of the unfortunate children had been crushed as though an egg shell.

CANADIAN LINES MAKE DEEP CUTS IN EASTBOUND OCEAN RATES

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Montreal, Jan. 13.—The Allan, Dominion and Canadian Pacific steamship companies, as the result of a conference of their representatives held this afternoon, decided to meet the cut of the White Star and Cunard companies by making a cut in their eastward second class and steerage rates to Liverpool and Scandinavia.

The second cabin rate is reduced from \$42.50 to \$30. Steerage on the C. P. R. Express is reduced from \$28.75 to \$17.50 and on other steamers from \$27.50 to \$16.25. To Scandinavian ports steerage on the Express is reduced to \$20.25, and on other vessels is reduced to \$15. These rates do not apply to west bound business.

Former Gaspé Man Killed at Montreal

Dalhousie, N. B., Jan. 13.—(Special.) John Wilson, who was killed by a runaway horse in Montreal last week, was formerly a resident of Gaspé, where he married his second wife, Jane Carr, sister of Charles Carr, of Dalhousie. The body of the deceased arrived here by the Quebec express today accompanied by two of the sons. The funeral took place from the residence of Mr. Carr to the Presbyterian church, that teachers of the defendant in childhood would come to give their impressions of "the wide-eyed, distant boy."

CHIEF OF POLICE A WHOLESOME THIEF

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Toronto, Jan. 13.—Chief of Police McEachern, of Little Current, Manitoulin; his brother, Alex. McEachern, and Albert Bateman are under arrest on a charge of stealing household furniture during fire and several other charges.

Two wagon loads of property was removed from the chief's house and after the detectives had chopped through the floor of Bateman's house they came on several bags filled with stolen hardware and other booty. Bateman was sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment. The McEacherns were committed for trial.

THAW'S COUNSEL OUTLINES SENSATIONAL DEFENCE TO SUPPORT INSANITY PLEA



MRS. GEORGE LAUDER CARNEGIE

JOSIAH THAW

MRS. HARRY K. THAW

New York, Jan. 13.—The Thaw trial moved with a rush today. After the state had presented its direct case and Assistant District Attorney Garvan had characterized the killing of Stanford White as a "premeditated, deliberate and cowardly murder," Martin W. Littleton, for the defence, made the opening plea for the prisoner. His promise of new evidence was sensational and held the attention of all in the court room. District Attorney Jerome, seemingly taken by surprise, seated himself in the witness chair, the better to hear the outline of the new defence.

Mr. Littleton promised to forge a chain of circumstances and to produce a line of testimony which will prove Harry K. Thaw was undoubtedly insane at the time of the homicide. Evidence of hereditary insanity and of strange, unusual acts by Thaw, not even hinted at during the first trial, were told by Mr. Littleton, who said that physicians and nurses who attended the defendant were hurrying here from Europe; that teachers of the defendant in childhood would come to give their impressions of "the wide-eyed, distant boy."

In conclusion, Mr. Littleton challenged the district attorney to produce a single reputable physician who would say that Thaw was not insane at the time he killed the noted architect. Mr. Littleton's speech fairly bristled with surprises. He started the court room by declaring that after Evelyn Nesbit had told him her story in Paris in 1903, Thaw "drenched himself with a poison," and after would have died but for the heroic work of three physicians who labored over him all of one night. Mr. Jerome had a

REFUSED TO PRODUCE TIMBER LEASE TENDERS

ALBERT CO. SCOTT ACT VIOLATOR JAILED

Magistrate Blight Didn't Heed Frank E. McDonald's Charges

Sentenced Him to a Month's Imprisonment Saturday -- It Is Said the Prisoner's Safe Was Forced Without Any Legal Authority and Some Liquor Seized.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Albert, N. B., Jan. 13.—Frank E. McDonald was convicted by Police Magistrate Blight for a Scott Act offence and went to jail for thirty days, Saturday, despite the fact that McDonald had laid a criminal charge against Blight accusing him of wrongfully receiving and secreting some liquor taken from him without any process being issued.

Messrs. Blight and Jos. H. Irving, the constable, were before Timothy J. O'Connor, J. P., at Harvey on the charge and the hearing was adjourned at the request of A. W. Bray, attorney for McDonald, to allow time to procure the attendance of the informant. McDonald's attorney says he will proceed against Mr. Blight for the wrongful imprisonment of McDonald.

On October 14 last in the night an iron safe, used by McDonald in a barn or outbuilding near his home, was broken open with a crowbar and several bottles of liquor stolen therefrom and some papers and a book of memoranda. It is said the book furnished the clue to the names of the witnesses used at the trial on which McDonald is now in prison. This piece of delicate work, it is said, was done without any papers being issued by overzealous individuals who are now known and who will be called on to answer to a charge of burglary.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT TICKET IN CHARLOTTE?

George F. Hill, W. F. Todd, George Byron and Henry Grattan the Reported Victims—Rev. C. G. McCully Resigns.

St. Stephen, Jan. 13.—The officers of Mananook Lodge No. 38, F. & A. M. Grand Manan, are as follows: W. M., Henry E. Fraser; S. W., John Howell; J. W., G. L. Dakin; treasurer, Frank Ingersoll; secretary, M. Kent; S. D., Roy Ingalls; J. D., John Ingersoll; S. S., Nelson Ingersoll; J. S., Fred Russell; chaplain, Abram Dakin; D. of C., Dr. Johnson; G., W. A. Fraser; Tyler, F. J. Cliff; organist, H. Daguer.

Mrs. J. Ritchie Bell arrived from Montreal on Saturday and is a guest with Mr. Bell at the Methodist parsonage. Chaplain H. E. Fraser, of Woodwards Cove, Grand Manan, is spending a few days in town.

Barney Ripley, of Milltown (N. B.), has been appointed to the position of customs officer at Milltown to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hugh McAdam.

Rev. C. G. McCully, for many years pastor of the Congregational church, Glais (N.B.), much to the regret of his congregation, publicly announced his resignation at the service yesterday morning. Rev. Mr. McCully is now more than seventy years of age and has not been enjoying good health for some time, so he felt constrained to resign. By his consistent Christian character and his zeal for the promotion of every good cause that tended to the uplifting of the community he endeared himself to the people of the St. Croix valley and it is hoped that he may be spared for many years to his relatives and friends.

Rumor has it that the following will be the government ticket for this county: Hon. G. F. Hill, W. F. Todd, of this town; George Byron, of Campbellton, and Henry Grattan, of St. George.

Miss Annie Nicholson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Nicholson, of the Windor, returned to the Ladies' College, Sackville, this morning.

WOULD HAVE A VOTE ON THE FATE OF THE SENATE

Motion Up in House That Question Be Decided at Next General Election—Drastic Law Proposed for Criminal Immigrants.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Ottawa, Jan. 13.—In the house today Mr. Lewis (West Huron) gave notice of the following motion: That in opinion of the house it will be advisable at next general election for house of commons of Canada to submit the following questions to a vote of the people:

(1)—Shall the senate of Canada be abolished?  
(2)—Shall the method of appointment of senators of Canada be altered?  
Mr. Lewis has also given notice of a bill to amend the immigration act by giving immigration officials power to search immigrants and confiscate all concealed weapons. He will further move to amend the criminal code by providing for the deportation of immigrants who may be convicted of stabbing or shooting affairs, with an additional penalty of twenty-five lashes for each offence.

Motion to See Originals Defeated

Mr. Ames and Opposition Wanted to Compare Real Documents and Copies and to See What Rights They Had—The Return Brought Down Shows Triple Increase in Members' Indemnities.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Ottawa, Jan. 13.—Dr. McLean, the newly elected member for Centre York, was introduced in the house today and received with Liberal applause.

A bill respecting the Cumberland Railway & Coal Company was read a second time.

In answer to Clo. Hughes, Sir Frederick Borden said that on several occasions the department laid before the war office the desirability of giving medals to the members of the 3rd contingent who were on their way to South Africa and within the three mile limit of South Africa were killed, used by McDonald in a barn or outbuilding near his home, was broken open with a crowbar and several bottles of liquor stolen therefrom and some papers and a book of memoranda. It is said the book furnished the clue to the names of the witnesses used at the trial on which McDonald is now in prison. This piece of delicate work, it is said, was done without any papers being issued by overzealous individuals who are now known and who will be called on to answer to a charge of burglary.

Sir Frederick Borden also said that it was the intention of the government to bring in a bill this session to give scrip to each volunteer who enlisted for South Africa from Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. No one outside these provinces would be entitled to the scrip. The bill would be framed on the lines of the resolution.

R. L. Borden asked what steps the government had taken to secure the continued maintenance of the coal station at Equinault (B. C.), and Mr. Borden replied that the correspondence was confidential and could not be produced. The same reply was given to Mr. McNeill, of Toronto, in respect to the Halifax dockyard. There were \$26,000 expended at Halifax in making the station efficient and in 1907, \$40,000 in the estimates for this purpose.

In reply to a question by Mr. Foster, Mr. Fielding said that the total days of the session in 1895 was 106 and in 1907, 157. The sittings of the senate were 54 in 1895 and 62 in 1906. The number of senators were 72 in 1895 and 87 in 1906. The indemnity paid in 1895 was \$76,528 and, in 1906, \$210,140.

Ames Refused Papers.

Mr. Ames moved that the original applications and tenders in respect of timber berths 1107, 1108 and 1117 be laid on the table of the house. He said that in some instances the copies of the documents did not give all information which the house was entitled to see. He stated that request were refused the interests of the public would suffer. He did not see how it could be refused. He had gained valuable information from the transaction of original documents. He was told that the original documents could not be obtained. This motion was put to test the integrity of the house as to whether the opposition had a right or not to get these original documents.

Mr. Oliver said that this point was referred to the deputy, who told him that the practice of not only his department but all the departments was not to produce original files but copies. This was the only department which every document of the interior department were sent to the house and never returned. It was the practice of the department to produce but never left the hands of the officers of the department. The deputy recommended that any attempt to produce original documents should be resisted.

In the opinion of Mr. Oliver it was an attempt to set up a precedent which would prevent the transaction of public business. He was of the opinion that the request should not be granted. If Mr. Ames desired to examine these documents he might do so but they must remain in the custody of the officers of the department.

Foster Hints at a Scandal.

Mr. Foster in reply said the intrinsic importance of the question had not been impaired by the manner in which it had been treated by the minister of interior. After all the business of the country was transacted by their representatives, so that in the end the 215 members constituted the body which voted every dollar of public expenditure and which, in the last analysis, must know and be accountable for the manner in which every dollar of it has been expended. Therefore it would seem that the request of those members for details of expenditure must override any plea of the convenience of the departmental employes and so when the minister of interior said point blank that on the recommendation of his deputy he had refused the demand of representatives of the people for original documents he took a position which, as a minor part of the system, indicated the principle of government which the administration proceeded upon. Under this system it was denied to the people's representatives to determine in the case of a contract who really had signed it, whether a name had been erased or a different amount substituted. (Hear hear.)

Cannot Withhold Information.

"Now," continued Mr. Foster, "an honorable gentleman may say this is all very well, but you have not yet demonstrated that the representatives of the people in parliament want it, because it is the majority which rules and you cannot get a majority to carry your vote. On my reasoning, however, any one representative of the people has the right to go as far as all the representatives together in the matter of examining documents. Otherwise you will have an intolerable tyranny. The majority might repress an examination and keep from view every document which would show the truth." (Continued on page 3, seventh column.)











WANTED

WANTED—A second class teacher, Term commencing January, 1908. Address: Round Hill, Greenwood, Kings county, N. B. Apply, stating salary, to Spurgeon G. Jones, secretary.

WANTED—A third class teacher for Walton Lake District No. 14, Parish of Kings, Kings county. District school poor. Apply, stating salary, to the undersigned, secretary to trustees, Centerville, Kings county.

WANTED—At the Provincial Hospital, two women nurses between 18 and 25 years old. Previous hospital experience unnecessary. Good health and character requisite. Good wages. Uniforms, board and laundry supplied. Apply to Dr. J. V. Anglin, Fairville, St. John Co., N. B. 1-15-08

WANTED—A general girl for house work. References required. Apply to Mrs. G. L. 199 Union street. 1-15-08

WANTED—A second or third class female teacher for school district No. 4, St. Martin's, St. John county. Apply, stating lowest salary required, to Mr. H. J. Taylor, Secretary of Trustees, Fair View, St. Martin's, St. John County, N. B. 1-15-08

WANTED—A second class male or female teacher for Birch Ridge school for term beginning January, 1908. Apply, stating salary, to R. M. Gillespie, Secretary, Victoria county, N. B. 1-15-08

WANTED—A second class female teacher for District No. 10, parish of Annapolis, St. John county. Apply, stating salary, to R. M. Gillespie, Secretary, Victoria county, N. B. 1-15-08

WANTED—A female teacher, second class, for Keweenaw school, District No. 7, Parish of Fairville, Victoria county, N. B. Term 1908. Apply to H. Boone (stating salary), Secretary of Trustees, Keweenaw, Victoria county, N. B. 1-15-08

WANTED—Third class female teacher for school district No. 6, Parish of Charlotte county, N. B. District school poor. Apply, stating salary, to Matthew Harding, secretary, Beely's Cove, Charlotte county, N. B. 1-15-08

WANTED—Second or third class teacher for school district No. 2, Parish of Beaulieu, Kings county, N. B. Apply to Burton Saunders, Secretary of Trustees, Beaulieu, Kings county, N. B. 1-15-08

WANTED—At once, on salary and expenses, capable of handling horses, to advertise and introduce our guaranteed stock and poultry supplies. We pay out your work for you. Write for particulars, Salus Medical Co., London, Ontario. 1-15-08

WANTED—Reliable man in every locality to advertise our goods, making up show cards on trees, fens, bridges, and all conspicuous places. Steady employment. Commission of salary \$50 a month and expenses \$200. Steady employment to good reliable men. We pay out your work for you. Write for particulars, Salus Medical Co., London, Ontario. 1-15-08

WANTED—Reliable man in every locality to sell for CANADA'S GREAT NURSERY. Largest lot of standard fruit trees for the Province of New Brunswick, especially Apples, Peaches, Plums, and weekly. Permanent situation. St. John's, N. B. 1-15-08

WANTED—Holding first or second class professional certificate, seek up show cards in all conspicuous places and distribute same. Steady employment. Commission of salary \$50 a month and expenses \$200. Steady employment to good reliable men. We pay out your work for you. Write for particulars, Salus Medical Co., London, Ontario. 1-15-08

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BIRTHS

BRADLEY—On Sunday, Jan. 6, to Mr. and Mrs. J. Bradley, a son. Birthweight, 10 lbs. 10 oz. Registered with the Registrar-General, Jan. 12, the wife of T. E. G. Armstrong, of a daughter.

KINGADE-SMITH—At the rectory, Johnston, Dec. 24, 1907, by the Rev. C. A. S. McPherson, David Kingade, of Scotch Settlement, Kings county, Jessie Smith, Annapolis, Queens county, N. B.

DEATHS

HASLAM—On the 4th inst., at Alma, Albert county, Jane, widow of the late Alexander Haslam, in her 70th year, leaving two sons, four daughters, twenty-three grandchildren, thirty-five great grandchildren with numerous friends to mourn their loss.

BAXTER—At her late residence, 283 Brunel street, Friday, January 10, Margaret C. beloved wife of Harry Baxter, in the 24th year of her age, leaving her husband, father, mother, one brother and three sisters to mourn their loss.

GORHAM—At her residence, Gray's Mills, Kings county, N. B., Jan. 8, Emma Louisa, wife of Joseph H. Gorham, aged sixty-six years.

HARRINGTON—In this city, on the 5th inst., Elson, wife of John Harrington, leaving a husband, two sons and five daughters to mourn their loss.

ROACH—At Rochville, Kings county, on the 10th inst., James Roach, son of the late Richard Roach, in the 70th year of his age, leaving two sons, four daughters and one sister to mourn their loss.

FITZGERALD—Suddenly, of scarlet fever, at 265 Grand street, west, on the 11th inst., Thomas, youngest and beloved son of William F. and Susie A. Fitzgerald, aged six years and nine months.

NEVILLE—In Roxbury (Mass.), Jan. 5, Ellen (nee Burchell), wife of William J. Neville.

CRAWFORD—At Central Norton, on Jan. 6, 1908, of heart failure, Benjamin Crawford, aged 81 years, leaving two daughters and one son.

CONNELL—In this city, on the 10th inst., at 60 Main street, Mary A., widow of M. J. Connell, leaving three daughters and two sons, and four brothers and one sister to mourn the loss of a kind and affectionate mother and sister.

CHILTON—In this city, on Jan. 12, James Chilton, leaving a wife and one daughter, two brothers and one sister to mourn. (Boston papers, please copy.)

CARMAN—In this city, on Monday, the 12th inst., Annie Elizabeth, wife of G. Clowes Carman and daughter of the late William Carman, of Philadelphia, Pa.

CUSHING—On Sunday, 12th inst., at Houlton (Me.), Clara Louise, wife of Allison Cushing.

MOYNERBY—In this city, on the 11th inst., George Y. Moynery, in the 60th year of his age, leaving his wife, five sons and three daughters to mourn.

ALLINGHAM—Suddenly, of heart disease, at his late residence, Spring street, on Jan. 10, Edward V. Allingham, leaving a wife and four daughters and two brothers and four sisters to mourn their loss.

SHIP NEWS

PORT OF ST. JOHN

Arrived

Str. Montezuma, 5,383, Poirer, Jan. 10, from Antwerp, pass and mds.

Str. R. Ford, C. general cargo, 12 days.

Str. Triton, 2,720, Newman, from Glasgow, R. Ford, C. general cargo, 12 days.

Str. St. John, 1,411, Scott, from London via Halifax, Wm. Thomson & Co. general cargo.

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FOREIGN PORTS

Quebec, Jan 11-11, str. Montrose, from Antwerp for St. John.

Belfast, Jan 11-Ard, str. Bengore Head, St. John.

Glasgow, Jan 11-Ard, str. Salacia, St. John via Liverpool.

Greenstown, Jan 11-11, str. Montrose, from Antwerp for St. John.

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SCOTT ACT MIXUP

IN ALBERT CO.

Man Charged With Liquor Selling Makes Sensational Move

BLOCKS PROCEEDINGS

GOOD WORK SHOWN BY THE REPORTS

Summons Magistrate Who Was to Try His Case to Appear Before Another Justice Charged With Receiving Eighteen Bottles of Moncton Rum.

Albert, N. B., Jan. 10—The court of Police Magistrate Blight at Hillboro was occupied in trying a Scott act case today against Frank McDonald of that village, and the circumstances developed at the hearing were unusual.

Inspector Smith, of Edin, was the informant. M. D. Dixon acted for the prosecution, and A. W. Bray appeared for the defence.

Joseph H. Irving, a constable, was sworn to prove the service on the defendant. It is alleged that on Saturday, Dec. 28 last, McDonald drove to Moncton, and that on the way back, after night fall, he was met by William M. Burns and Joseph H. Irving, who were driving together in a wagon. After passing him the constable called to McDonald, who stopped the officer came to his wagon and asked McDonald for a drink of whisky. McDonald produced a "long necker," and the officer then got in the carriage with McDonald and told him to drive along. McDonald did not know who was in the constable's team, asked the officer why he wanted to ride with him and if there was any charge against him.

McDonald then got out of the team, but the constable immediately seized him and called to Burns to help detain McDonald. Burns then called out to McDonald, who was driving the team, and told him to stop. McDonald produced a "long necker," and the officer then got in the carriage with McDonald and told him to drive along. McDonald did not know who was in the constable's team, asked the officer why he wanted to ride with him and if there was any charge against him.

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