

AUTOMOBILES TO HAMPTON. St. John Men Propose to Run a Line And Are Now Applying For Incorporation With Capital of \$95,000.

FREDERICTON, April 6.—The corporation committee considered a number of bills during the day and made some progress. Mr. Barnhill of St. John appeared before the committee and explained the act to incorporate the Maritime Copper Company. It was decided to report favorably on the bill without amendments. The bill to incorporate the Auto Road Co. had for its spokesman J. S. Armstrong. The other gentlemen whose names appear as incorporators are Ald. Macree, J. H. McAvity, W. D. McVey, Henry Gilbert and R. G. Murray. Mr. Armstrong explained the objects of the company, which were to maintain a line of automobiles or trackless trolleys from St. John to Hampton along the Kennebecasis, and also from St. John to Gaspoint by the west bank of the river. The company also asks for expropriation powers. The capital stock is placed at \$95,000, with headquarters at Bathurst. Ald. Macree was also present with Mr. Armstrong. The bill was laid over for further consideration until tomorrow morning. The bill to amend the act incorporating the Tobique Log Driving Company was considered. A. J. Gregory appears for Fraser & Sons, who oppose the bill, and J. C. Hartley for the promoters. The changes asked for by the amendments seek removal of place of meeting from Andover to Fredericton, that the tolls may be sold by tender as well as by auction, the bonds of the company of the drive be not less than \$500, and that the financial responsibility for the sale of tolls be placed upon the directors elected from year to year. There did not seem to be any antagonism one way or the other, and it was agreed that Messrs. Gregory and Hartley consult with the promoters as to satisfactory amendments to be made. The public accounts committee considered and discussed certain bridge expenditures, and will tomorrow take up the expenses in certain permanent bridge accounts. Before the municipal committee Mr. King explained the bill seeking incorporation for the town of Sussex. A committee consisting of Messrs. King, Gimmer and Copp were appointed to go over the bill and report back to the committee.

SACKVILLE. SACKVILLE, N. B., April 6.—Those expecting to graduate from the Alliance Conservatory this year are: In piano—Ivan Spindler, Lunenburg, N. S.; Miss Jennie Marsters, Windsor, N. S.; Miss Sadie Mowat, Campbellton, N. B. In piano and organ—Miss Laurie Whitman, Canso, N. S. In violin—Miss Halburton Osgood, Sackville, N. B., and Miss Hazel Palmer, Fredericton, N. B. Prof. and Mrs. Wilson will spend the summer vacation in England. A former Ladies' College student, Miss May Dickson of St. John's, Newfoundland, was married at Denver, Colorado, March 23rd, to Albert W. Stearns of McCook, Nebraska. Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Cass entertained a number of their friends Tuesday evening. The last regular meeting of Sackville's first council was held in the council chambers, Tuesday evening, with Ald. Anderson in the chair. A communication was read from Robert Wisely of St. John, stating that the St. John fire department would furnish the town with a number of fire alarm boxes at \$25 each. The report of the fire committee, read by Ald.

DEBATE ON THE G. T. P. AGREEMENT CONTINUED. Sifton Failed to Meet Mr. Borden's Arguments, but Osler, of Toronto, Delivered a Telling Address.

OTTAWA, April 6.—At 8.30 Hon. Mr. Sifton resumed the debate on the Grand Trunk Pacific concessions, speaking for two hours. As he took the floor Hays and Wainwright of the Grand Trunk, appeared in the gallery. His argument, perhaps unconsciously, had a prairie flavor, and was on the main that of a trained advocate, though at times descending from the level of a cabinet minister to the lower level of a special pleader. He failed to grapple squarely with any of Borden's contentions, and like his leader, avoided the main issues, appealing rather to the party prejudices of the men behind him, who applauded his recklessness with vigor. Sifton was in good voice rather than in good form as a parliamentary debater. He asserted that the government's object was to nationalize the Grand Trunk Railway corporation, to induce it to give up American ports and become a Canadian line. They had confidence that the road would be a paying one, hence the provisions with regard to default on the part of the G. T. R. that the contract provided for control of tolls by parliament to a most absolute degree, and that the Grand Trunk was a competing line. He contended that Mr. Sifton found every possible fault with Borden's amendment, in melodramatic style, to the delight of his supporters. Hon. John Haggart followed at 5.30 p. m. in a practical business-like speech, hauling the government over the coals for selling out the country to the partner, the Grand Trunk Pacific Co. He reminded the speaker that he made many sectional appeals in his speech, that the G. T. P. would not be built into Montreal, and asked why the government was not building the line from Montreal to Toronto. He asked why the government was not building the line from Montreal to St. John's, and why it was not building the line from St. John's to New Brunswick. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Halifax, and why it was not building the line from Halifax to New Brunswick. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Vancouver, and why it was not building the line from Vancouver to Seattle. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to San Francisco, and why it was not building the line from San Francisco to Los Angeles. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to London, and why it was not building the line from London to Paris. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to New York, and why it was not building the line from New York to Boston. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Philadelphia, and why it was not building the line from Philadelphia to Washington. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Baltimore, and why it was not building the line from Baltimore to New Orleans. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Memphis, and why it was not building the line from Memphis to St. Louis. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Chicago, and why it was not building the line from Chicago to St. Paul. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Minneapolis, and why it was not building the line from Minneapolis to Denver. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Salt Lake City, and why it was not building the line from Salt Lake City to Los Angeles. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to San Diego, and why it was not building the line from San Diego to San Francisco. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Honolulu, and why it was not building the line from Honolulu to San Francisco. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Manila, and why it was not building the line from Manila to San Francisco. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Cebu, and why it was not building the line from Cebu to San Francisco. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Singapore, and why it was not building the line from Singapore to San Francisco. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to London, and why it was not building the line from London to Paris. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to New York, and why it was not building the line from New York to Boston. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Philadelphia, and why it was not building the line from Philadelphia to Washington. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Baltimore, and why it was not building the line from Baltimore to New Orleans. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Memphis, and why it was not building the line from Memphis to St. Louis. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Chicago, and why it was not building the line from Chicago to St. Paul. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Minneapolis, and why it was not building the line from Minneapolis to Denver. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Salt Lake City, and why it was not building the line from Salt Lake City to Los Angeles. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to San Diego, and why it was not building the line from San Diego to San Francisco. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Honolulu, and why it was not building the line from Honolulu to San Francisco. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Manila, and why it was not building the line from Manila to San Francisco. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Cebu, and why it was not building the line from Cebu to San Francisco. He also asked why the government was not building the line from St. John's to Singapore, and why it was not building the line from Singapore to San Francisco.

CHARGES CRIMINAL LIBEL. Sensational Developments in a Case Now Before Montreal Courts.

MONTREAL, April 7.—The trial of criminal libel preferred by Colonel Cooke, crown prosecutor, was begun in the court of King's bench today. The libel was contained in a letter written by Blackley to a Montreal lawyer asking him to make complaint to the attorney general that Cooke had taken money from him and for which he agreed to ask that in a certain case in which a verdict of guilty had been found against Blackley leniency should be shown. A sensational feature of today's proceedings was the testimony of L. M. Lyon, the lawyer who took the complaint to the attorney general that the letter told him that it was not the first time that serious charges had been made against Cooke. It is expected that before the case goes to the jury some interesting evidence will be presented. Both sides are well represented by counsel, and the case will be one of the keenest fought in the annals of Montreal law.

METHODIST MINISTERS. Transfers Agreed Upon by the Committee.

TORONTO, April 7.—The transfer committee of the Methodist church to-day agreed to the following transfers: Rev. A. D. Richard, Rev. R. S. Stearns, Rev. E. C. Armstrong, from Nova Scotia to Manitoba; Rev. J. N. Wilkinson, from New Brunswick to Manitoba; Rev. Wm. Dobson, from Nova Scotia to New Brunswick, and Rev. W. G. Watson, from Toronto to New Brunswick.

BOXER KILLED. Louis Drolet Made His First and Only Appearance in the Ring.

QUEBEC, April 7.—Louis Drolet of St. Roch made his first and last public appearance as boxer last night, having died at an early hour this morning as the result of a knockout blow administered to him by George Wagner, champion boxer of the Royal Canadian garrison artillery. Wagner has appeared in a number of bouts here for some time past, in almost all of which he has proved successful. Last night's bout was at the Patriote Mirib. The denouement came in the sixteenth round, when the knockout blow, said to have been dealt upon the jaw, was received, though none who witnessed it had any idea of its serious character. Drolet never recovered consciousness and was taken home where he died at three o'clock this morning. He was 22 years of age, worked in a shoe factory and a married man. He had trained for some time past with Routhier.

BRITISH OFFICERS IN JAPAN. TOKIO, April 7.—Lieutenant General Sir Ian Hamilton, Lieutenant General Sir Wm. Nicholson and Col. James A. L. Haldane, the three British officers who will be attached to the Japanese private and public staffs, were received in private audience by the emperor today. The British minister, Col. Sir Claude Macdonald, made the presentation.

DUTY ON LOGS. Several Prominent Operators Oppose Mr. Fleming's Motion. They Think New Brunswick Now Has the Better Side of the Bargain.

FREDERICTON, April 6.—With the testimony of Mr. Murray, Mr. Warner and Mr. Cushing, the evidence in Mr. Fleming's resolution regarding the placing of duty on American logs was concluded this afternoon. Mr. Murray said that he was against the resolution. He did not think there were enough logs on the crown lands to warrant the action. The lands above Grand Falls were mostly owned by private individuals and the New Brunswick Railway Co. As regards the alien labor law he never knew of our laborers being denied employment in Maine, in fact our men were sought for, so he regarded the preamble to the resolution erroneous. There are about sixty millions of American logs cut in Maine and almost the full work on these were done by our own people. If the Americans retaliated and interfered with this cut it would be most injurious. He could see no advantage to be gained by the resolution, while if it passed it might be most disastrous. He had read Frank Todd's evidence and regarded it as a very clear and fair statement of the case. Mr. Warner corroborated Mr. Murray, but as he was an American citizen, he did not wish to express himself very freely. The sixty millions of American logs were mostly cut by Carleton and Victoria Co. men and the money went to our own people. It would be better not to interfere with this business, but let well enough alone. Mr. Cushing said he employed between 450 and 500 men. Like the two previous gentlemen he opposed the resolution. It was to this province's best interests to have the American logs come down the St. John. The work in the business of cutting, rafting, etc., amounted to about \$10 per thousand, and so meant the distribution of something like \$700,000 per year. He thought that New Brunswick had now the best of the bargain and should not say much. He did not agree with Mr. Murray in his claim that the preamble in the resolution was erroneous. He understood that there was an alien labor law in the States, but it was not enforced. The committee took time to consider the resolution in private. FREDERICTON, April 6.—Though no announcement has been made, it is understood that the majority of the committee which had under consideration Mr. Fleming's bill are of the opinion that it is in the best interests of all concerned that the bill be dropped for this session.

JOSEPH GALLANT FROM NEWTON. Mixed Up in the Page Murder Case. Provincialists Married in Boston—Nova Scotia Man in Trouble on Bigamy Charge.

BOSTON, April 6.—New England is just emerging from the midst of a widespread murder carnival which seems to have more or less affected all states, more especially that of Massachusetts in the vicinity of this centre of culture. Last month there were eighteen murders in New England, some of them of a mysterious nature and therefore above the ordinary case. As has been recorded in the press of the United States and Canada, an affair which baffles the police is the murder of Miss Mabel Page, the daughter of a leading family, who was stabbed to death while alone in her home at Weston, six miles from here, on March 31. The Pages were once wealthy and formerly lived on Commonwealth avenue, Boston, the leading aristocratic thoroughfare. Miss Page was 42 years of age and a handsome woman, who, once disappointed in a love affair, had never again contemplated matrimony. From the first there have been a series of blunders in tracing the case. In the first place the medical examiner carelessly examined the body and pronounced the case one of suicide, a gross error, for which his removal from office is threatened. By the time the police were delayed 12 hours in their work of investigation. When they did become active, a number of innocent persons were held up and their careers spread broadcast by the sensational newspapers. Just now some of the newspapers and apparently one or two officers express the opinion that one William Jones, caretaker of the Page farm, should be found and interrogated. Jones and his wife lived in a cottage on the Page estate three years ago. Jones had some disputes with Page regarding the rent, for which the Nova Scotia man, should be employed by the state attaching no importance to the fact that Jones had a dispute with Page. They say that the Joneses share the blame for the murder, into the case at all, even through rumors, and that Jones could know nothing of any person who had a motive to commit the murder. A Nova Scotia man, Joseph Gallant, a French teamster, of Newton, informed the police today that on the afternoon of the murder he saw two men enter the Page residence in conversation with the father of the dead woman. Gallant made a deposition in writing. The Canadian reciprocity agitation is still with us, but so far no tangible result has developed. Boston business men as a whole have favored reciprocity for years, and have time and again passed resolutions to that effect. Little is expected to come from the present petition signing movement. A resolution at the state house favoring reciprocity will probably be turned down by the legislature. Eugene Foss, gas iron manufacturer, who was a candidate for delegate to the national republican convention, on a reciprocity platform, was overwhelmingly defeated in the primary last night. The Earl of Dundonald and his sister, Lady Elizabeth Corcoran, were guests of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company at a dinner here last night. Lord Dundonald returns to Ottawa this week. His visit is the second one here since last fall. The Prince Edward Island Club of Boston held its annual ball last night. About five hundred persons were present, including President William J. Smith, John E. Campbell, E. A. McDonald, D. E. McDonald, D. A. McDonald, James F. McCormack, Chas. H. McIvor, Richard E. Johnson, Walter C. Grant, Dr. Fred C. McDonald and Louis O. Doyle. A banquet of Pleasantville, N. S., whose arrest for alleged polygamy at Somerville was previously chronicled, has been held in 3000 bonds for the action of the Middlesex county grand jury. Cosum was arrested at the instance of his first wife, who came here from Pleasantville to look for him. The second wife, it is alleged, was Mrs. Angeline Lohnes, also of Nova Scotia. Dr. Frederick Hogan of Weymouth, N. S., and Miss Adelaide Moore, daughter of James E. Moore of this city, were married at the Chapel of the Blessed Sacrament today. They will reside in Weymouth. Among the provincialists in the city recently were the following named: H. C. Tilley and Mrs. Tilley, Mrs. A. F. Markham, A. H. Hilyard, E. S. Estabrook, St. John; W. McLaren, Moncton; O. J. Nadeau, Edmundston; E. C. Reed and Mrs. Reed, Sackville; J. D. Chipman and Mrs. Chipman, St. Stephen, and F. E. Norton, Halifax. Rev. Albert B. Shields, rector of the Church of the Redeemer (Episcopal), South Boston, has completed a number of beautiful large oil paintings, copies of noted religious works, for his church. He is a native of Nova Scotia. The industrial situation in the cotton mill towns is becoming serious from a business man's and the operatives' standpoint. Tomorrow night twenty corporations, owning 40 mills and employing 14,000 hands, the majority of whom are French-Canadians, will shut down for the rest of the week. For the next two months it is expected these mills will run but four days each week. Mills in Rhode Island are also curtailing, and the movement is expected to spread. A slow demand for goods and unsettled cotton market are the causes of the depression. Mr. and Mrs. John N. Laidner of Portland observe their golden wedding March 28. Mr. Laidner is a native of Charlottetown, P. E. I., and his wife was born at Newswater, N. B. They were married at Eastport, Me. Mr. Laidner is prominent in Masonry and in the Knights of Pythias. Canadian raised pulp wood can now be admitted free of duty as paper stock, according to a new ruling of the general board of appraisers. A new play entitled, "The Shepherd King" was produced in New York last night and made a favorable impression. In the cast of the Edmund Breece of this city, who is well known in St. John. Among recent deaths of former provincialists were the following: Maldeu, April 5, Melbourn L. Goggin, aged 60 years, formerly of St. John; in Dorchester, March 28, Robert Douglas, aged 84, formerly of Oak Point, and St. John; in Chelsea, April 4, Prince E. Baker, aged 57, formerly of St. John; in Charlestown, April 5, Mrs. Margaret Garnett, widow of Peter Garnett, aged 80 years, formerly of St. John; in South Boston, March 30, Wm. E. Finerty, aged 33, late of Halifax; in Wrentham, March 29, G. Frankie Bergdoll, son of Nicholas Bergdoll, aged 31 years, formerly of Weymouth, N. S. The demand for lumber, principally finished clapboards and spruce, has been quite brisk the past week and local dealers anticipate a still better for the next two months. The demand in Boston is chiefly for spruce and framing lumber. Shingles are quoted at \$3.40 per 1,000 for extra and \$2.50 for clear, with very brisk demand for the latter. Reports from Maine are to the effect that the winter has been favorable and the largest cut in years is predicted. Quotations are as follows: Hemlock—Boards, rough, \$12; ditto, planed, \$14 to 14.50; ditto No. 2, \$11.50 to 12.50. Spruce lumber—Rail shipments—10 and 12-inch dimensions, \$11; 8-inch and under dimensions, \$12; 10 and 12-inch, random lengths, 10 feet and up, \$20.50; 2x3, 2x4, 2x7, and 2x4, 10 ft. and up, \$17 to 17.50; all other random lengths 8 inches and under 10 feet up, \$18 to 18.50; merchantable boards 5-inch and up, \$17; matched board, \$18.50 to 19. Shingles—Cedar, ex, \$3.25 to 2.50; do, clear, \$2.85 to 2.95; do, 2nds, \$2.30 to 2.35; do, clear wh, \$2.15 to 2.25; do, No. 1, \$1.50. Laths, spruce—1 1/2 in., \$3.10 to \$2.75; 1 1/4 in., \$2.25 to 2.40. Clapboards—Spruce, 4 ft., ex, \$24 to 45; do, clear, 4 to 43; do, 2nd clear, \$40 to 41. Pine, extras, 50 to 60; clear, \$54 to 55; 2nd clear, \$43 to 50. The mackerel season has got under way and some arrivals of new fish are expected at New York or Newport soon. Salt mackerel are very quiet, with prices steady. Commission houses ask \$16 to 18 for large No. 2, and \$20 for P. E. Island brags. There is a moderate demand for cured and pickled codfish, and some kinds are lower. Commission men quote \$3 for large shags, \$7 to 7.25 for medium; \$8 to \$2.5 for large Georges, and \$6.62 1/2 to 6.87 1/2 for large dry bank. Pickled serrins are dull and \$8 to \$10 for large salt. Lobsters are in better supply and are much lower. For live 16 cents is wanted, and 18 cents for boiled. DANCES AT EIGHTY-NINE. Wonderfully Active Woman Now Living on Victoria Street. Mrs. Mary White, who died a day or two ago at Frosty Hollow, was said to be 120 years of age. This is probably incorrect, for many cases where great age was claimed have been investigated and found to be lacking in the essential. In St. John there are quite a number of persons upwards of ninety years of age, but perhaps the most remarkable of all is one who, according to her own claim, is still below that mark. This woman is Mrs. Ann Williams of Victoria street, who is not quite sure whether she is eighty-eight or eighty-nine, but who, her friends think, must be some few years older. Mrs. Williams takes no particular pride in her age, but is happy in the possession of health and a constitution which is envied by many only half her age. She is not feeble, she is not losing her senses, and she is not confined to her home. Every day in the year, rain or shine—to use her own words, Sundays always excepted—she is out at work, from morning till night. Mrs. Williams is the recognized leading lady here in Indian town, and spends her time in washing, scrubbing, mending dishes, and doing the many other odd jobs necessary in housekeeping. The sphere of her activity extends even down to Mill street, and she always walks to and from her work, wherever it may be. "Ann" is a cheerful old body, always smiling or singing, of great good nature, and as light on her feet as an Irishman. She will do a step for the children at any time, and is always ready for fun, whether it be a dance, or a quick answer. Mrs. Williams was a great grand motherly person, and lives with her grandson and his family at about 81-89 Victoria street. ANOTHER MAN GONE WRONG. French Painter in the C. P. R. Shops Gets Two Years for Stealing. MONTREAL, April 7.—Frank Frapper, formerly boss painter at the Hochelaga shops of the Canadian Pacific railway, was today found guilty of having padded the books of the company and of stealing material belonging to it, and was sentenced to two years in St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary. Frapper was arrested and allowed out on bail. He promptly disappeared, and before he was recaptured officers of the C. P. R. secret service chased him over four thousand miles, finally capturing him in Brooklyn.

NOTHING BUT GAS. No Attempt Was Made on the Life of King Alfonso.

LONDON, April 7.—Julius G. Lay, U. S. consul general at Barcelona, telegraphs as follows to the Associated Press: "An explosion of gas occurred here last night, giving rise to a report that a 'petard' exploded as King Alfonso was leaving the exhibition. The explosion, however, took place a mile from where the king was." A despatch to Reuters' Telegram Company from Barcelona says it has been definitely ascertained that the explosion which took place last night when King Alfonso was leaving the exhibition was due to an escape of gas and that no importance is attached to the incident. MADRID, April 7.—Private accounts received from Barcelona regarding the explosion which took place as King Alfonso was leaving the exhibition there yesterday vary in detail. The following official report of the affair has been issued here: "At 9.30 o'clock last evening a petard exploded in the portico of the house No. 19 Rambla Delcentro. There was a loud explosion, which caused material damage. In the ensuing panic two persons were slightly injured. "King Alfonso passed the spot within a few minutes after the occurrence, and was warmly cheered by the crowd, which had then become tranquil. "The originator of the outrage has not been discovered. One man was arrested but has since been released."

INLAND REVENUE RECEIPTS IN MARCH.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Spirits... 1903, 1904. Tobacco... 1903, 1904. Raw leaf... 1903, 1904. Cigars... 1903, 1904. Bonded m/f's... 1903, 1904. Other receipts... 1903, 1904. Total... 1903, 1904. Increase, \$944.61.

CORNS GROW BETWEEN THE TOES. But can be cured without pain in one day by Putnam's Corn and Wart Extractor. This standard remedy never burns the flesh—it is entirely vegetable in composition and does not destroy the flesh. Use only Putnam's! It's the best.

Reports received here of late indicate that there will be landed in St. John within the next ten days nearly 8,000 people from Liverpool, London and Antwerp. The steamers are all C. P. R. boats and the contribution which they will make to the population of Canada and the United States, barring accidents, will be as follows: Str. Mount Temple, 400 passengers; Lake Manitowish, from Liverpool, 200; and Lake Erie, from the same port, 1,200 more. At Halifax within a short time some 2,800 people will come ashore. The vessels landing these people will be: Canada, 1,100; Hamburg-American line, 800; Franco-Canadian boat, 900; Pretoria of the Allan line, 350; and the Numidium under the same flag, 350 more.

Mill Supplies. Belting, Red Strip Rubber, Goodhues' Leather, Milo Canvas, Jenkins' Genuine Valves, Files, Waste, Saws, Oils, Packing, Emery Wheels. WRITE FOR PRICES TO W. H. Thorne & Co., Ltd. Market Square, St. John.





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SUN PRINTING COMPANY.

ALFRED MARKHAM, Manager.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., APRIL 9, 1904.

WITHDRAWAL OF THE FACTORY ACT.

After having positively stated that he would not withdraw the factory act, the attorney general has withdrawn it. The history of the late measure has been rather dramatic.

Several delegations waited upon the government after the bill was printed. The Trades and Labor Council and Fabian League asked for amendments.

Mr. Fisher was offered correct information of the Free Baptists in New Brunswick, without any cost, but he was unwilling to receive it. The factory of the census figures was again and again pointed out to him.

Mr. Wilfrid Laurier says that the grades and curves of the Canadian Pacific line north of Lake Superior are such that this route or another near it can never be used extensively as a grain route from the west.

Merchants in the cities, towns, villages, and little cross roads settlements through the country complain that their neighbors and natural customers are sending away their money to the big departmental stores of Montreal, Toronto and New York.

that the local merchant is apt to commit the same wrong that he suffers. He subscribes for the paper that the Montreal or Toronto publisher sells outside the province of publication at a slaughter price representing less than the cost of the white paper.

Upon the propriety of "local dealers" buying "cheap," alleged news abroad, while protesting against others purchasing what they consider they can get as "bargains" elsewhere than at home, it is unnecessary to comment.

THE BANK TAXES.

The Bank Taxation Bill sent up by the city of St. John appears to have got into a bad muddle, from which probably the best escape is to leave matters as they have been, pending the preparation of a general assessment system for the city.

BLUNDERS MANY AND FLAGRANT.

The Religious Intelligencer uses plain language about Mr. Fisher's census, as a Free Baptist organ has certainly a good right to do. We quote: A census item of \$25.72 in the auditor's report being questioned in parliament, the minister of agriculture explained that it was paid to two doctors for furnishing information of the mortality in Ontario and Quebec.

A RECKLESS PREMIER.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier says that the grades and curves of the Canadian Pacific line north of Lake Superior are such that this route or another near it can never be used extensively as a grain route from the west.

An Amherst correspondent informs the Sun that Mr. Logan has been holding a caucus to decide whether Mr. Pipes or Mr. Black of that town shall be senator. Mr. Pipes is in the legislative council of the province, while Mr. Black sits in the house of assembly.

PORTLAND TO THE PACIFIC.

The amended Grand Trunk Pacific resolutions give the company the privilege of operating a portion of the line to be built by the government during the time the remainder is under construction.

We have already pointed out that in his plea to the shareholders to sanction the arrangement Mr. Hays discussed the proposed line as a western extension of the present Grand Trunk system. He told the owners of the Grand Trunk that they had long needed access to the west and that the measure before them would give that connection.

A branch from the proposed main line to Thunder Bay will bring grain in summer to the lake route. Another branch to North Bay or another Grand Trunk point will transfer the western freight to winter to the old system and so on to Portland, Maine.

We have other evidence of the intentions of the promoters of the Gift Enterprise. While the measure was before the house last summer the Grand Trunk Company had surveyors exploring the route from Winnipeg to Lake Temiscaming.

At a meeting of the Nova Scotia Historical Society held this week, Attorney General Longley reported progress with the Annapolis tercentenary, which he expects to be a great and memorable occasion.

FROZEN TO DEATH.

A North Shore Woman Loses Her Way in a Snow Storm. CHATHAM, April 2.—Mrs. James Thomas, who lived with her husband and family about two miles this side of Church Point, and about the same distance from the nearest neighbors, left her home Saturday afternoon to snowshoe three miles through the woods to her father's, Maxim Martins, who lives on the main road.

On Tuesday night she had not reached home, and her husband, who had become much alarmed at her prolonged absence, but could not leave the children to inquire the cause, with some difficulty got a messenger to go to her father's.

It was seen by following her tracks that the snowshoes had cut through the crust, and she had crawled on her hands and knees, and when her hands had become torn and bleeding she had put her stockings on them, and they were torn in shreds.

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

SUSSEX, April 6.—The Scottish concert held by the Free Baptists Monday evening in the I. O. O. F. hall was a great success. The audience was highly pleased with the Scotch songs and the pipes. About \$90 was taken in.

The supper and sale held by the ladies of the Free Baptist church in the Memorial hall on Tuesday was largely patronized by the citizens and was a financial success, over \$50 being the receipts.

Senator Perley is in Sussex today and is being driven around and shown the different industries by Geo. W. Fowler, M. P. The senator is very much pleased with Sussex.

Miss Alice Howes gave a very pleasant dinner at her home, Brookside, Main street, on Monday evening.

Mrs. Rosborough, Church avenue, entertained a number of her friends at dancing on Tuesday evening.

The exercises were conducted by Col. A. D. Hartley and Rev. W. H. Smith.

It is with feelings mingled with joy and gratitude that we now address you on the evening of this Easter Monday. Joy because we have in the good Presidency of our benevolent and kind-hearted and close fellowship; gratitude because you have been the instrument in God's hands of leading us to make a profession of our faith in Christ; others you have helped in their hour of weakness and trial to seriously regard their position by pointing out to them plainly and forcibly the need of God and those connected with them by ties of relationship and affection.

For several years I suffered with leucorrhoea and painful menstruation, which was followed by general debility, until I was but a wreck of myself. Thanks to Peruna I am a well woman today.—Louise Westbrook.

Douglas S. of Gordonville. The deceased was a consistent member of the East Florenceville Baptist church. That she died in her home, surrounded by the large number of people present at the funeral services held at the home March 31, at 2 p. m. The exercises were conducted by Col. A. D. Hartley and Rev. W. H. Smith.

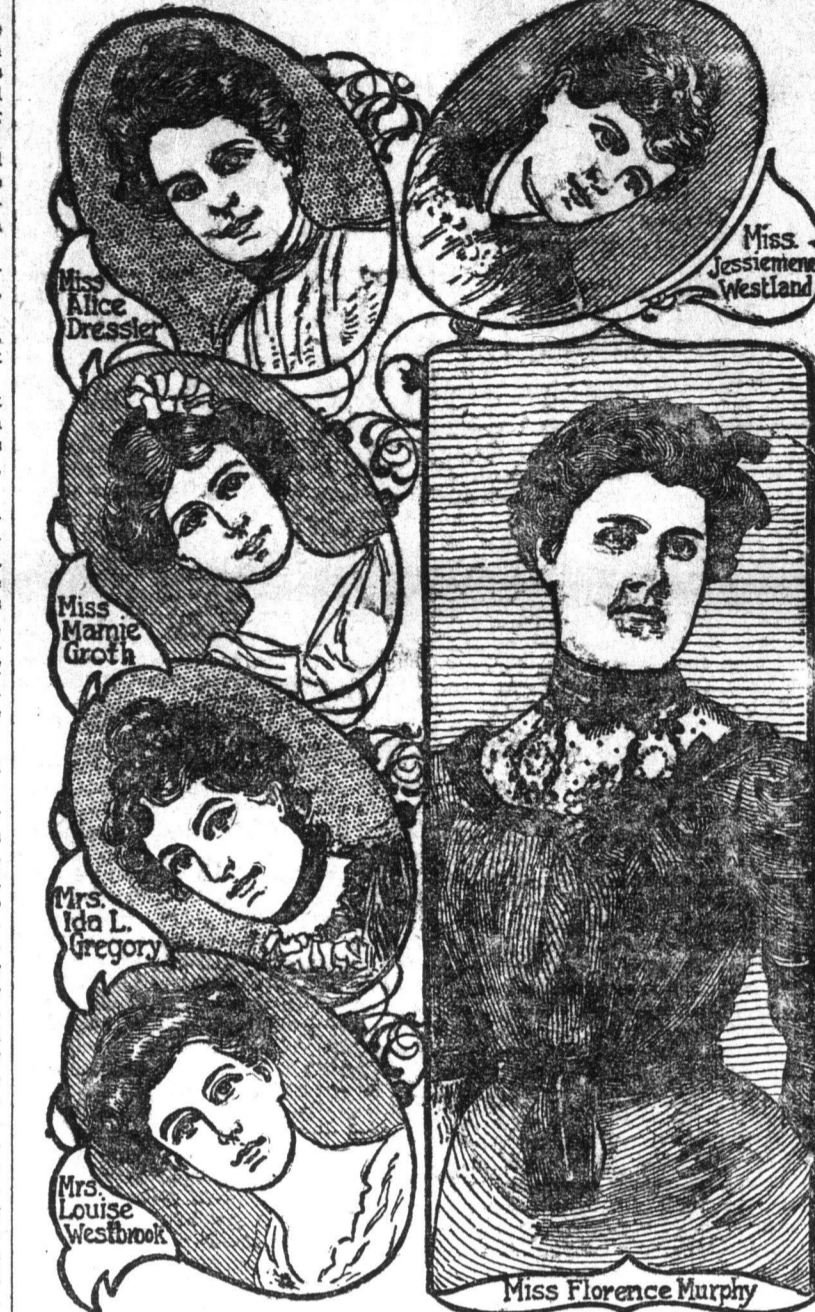
Mrs. Henry Charlton died Monday night after a brief illness, leaving a husband and two children, one a babe of but 4 hours. She was 23 years old, and was a native of France.

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VERY TRYING TO WOMEN

Are the Peculiar Ills Brought on by Catarrh of the Pelvic Organs. (Pe-ru-na is a Tonic Especially Adapted to Their Peculiar Diseases.)



Miss Alice Dressler, No. 1313 North Bryant Ave., Minneapolis, Minn., writes as follows concerning Peruna: I was suffering from catarrh of the throat and head. One of my college friends, who was visiting me, asked me to try Peruna and I did so and found it all and more than I had expected. It not only cured me of the catarrh, but restored me to perfect health.—Alice Dressler.

Miss Mamie Groth, Platteville, Wis., writes: I have for several years suffered with frequent backache and would for several days have sitting headaches. Several of my friends advised me to take Peruna and I asked my physician what he thought of it. He recommended it and so I took it and am entirely without pain of any kind now.—Mamie Groth.

Deputy Detroit Independent Order of Good Templars, writes as follows: Peruna has been a blessing to me and gladly do I endorse it. For two years I suffered with catarrh of the stomach. I lost flesh and grew thin and emaciated, nervous and exhausted, so that I could neither work or enjoy life. I began taking Peruna and can now eat and enjoy everything I eat. I have been well over a year now.—Florence Murphy.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Griffith of Sheffield, are sick. Their children and grandchildren and all the family are under medical treatment.

As the snow disappears off our intervalle land a solid body of ice appears on the meadows, including the soil for a grass crop another year.

ST. ANDREWS, April 4.—A number of the friends of Rev. C. B. Lewis met at his home last Saturday night and after appointing a chairman, secretary and three assessors, they presented to him in cash twenty dollars and fifty cents and goods to the amount of fifteen dollars, for which he thanked the friends for in a suitable speech.

HAMPSTEAD, April 5.—A number of the friends of Rev. C. B. Lewis met at his home last Saturday night and after appointing a chairman, secretary and three assessors, they presented to him in cash twenty dollars and fifty cents and goods to the amount of fifteen dollars, for which he thanked the friends for in a suitable speech.

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Catarrh is a very frequent cause of that class of diseases popularly known as female weakness. Catarrh of the pelvic organs produces such a variety of disagreeable and irritating symptoms that many people—in fact, the majority—never have an idea that they are caused by catarrh.

A great proportion of women have some catarrhal weakness which has been called by the various doctors who have consulted by as many different names. These women have been treated and have taken medicines, with no result, simply because the remedies are not adapted to catarrh.

In a recent letter from No. 2 Grand Ave., Denver, Col., Mrs. Ida L. Gregory writes: "Some six years ago my husband suffered with nervous prostration, and advising with a friendly druggist he bought a bottle of Peruna. His health was restored from its use, his appetite was increased and restful sleep came to him."—Ida L. Gregory.

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CITY

Recent Events in the City

Together With Correspondence

Barth Northern... ed to carry lumber Buena Vista at 8

Among yesterday's... ach, Helen E. King... cola with lumber... the Norman from

Chronic Constipation... money back. L.A.N. never fail. Small... easy to take. Price... gists.

The str. Beaver... between St. John... in Thursday. It... now at Harvey B... pairs, being pain... improved.

Margaret Johnson... the railway near... night, was the vic... for some time a... She was a native

The annual mee... Fishing Club took... ing, and the follo... elected: George H... Rankine, vice-pres... secretary: D. C... George Murray, J... R. A. Jones, man... managing commit... just finished the... the province, and... in three months... year: W. A. Lock... and William Ste...

A SHERIFF... Is Mr. Thos. A... Pelham, who was... rheumatism by a... powerful, young... world. "I suffered... he writes, "and N... thing that did m... heartily recomme... form of rheuma... very core of the p... relief. Let every... back, aching joint... down pains any more."—Florence Murphy.

SHAW... A quiet but very... place Wednesday... the bride's father... when Edwin Eva... in marriage. The... of William Glen... The bride was a... lady about twen... six years ago, a... groom is a son... P. P., and for so... bookkeeper for J... city. The bride... branch in Sydney... and shortly after... business, which... for the past two... and Mrs. E. M... train for Sydney.

STARTLING... It frequently hap... fer for years from... without knowing... backache, achin... ly sufferings, and... vealed to them th... of serious kidney... danger. There... such promp... every form of kid... Chase's Kidney L... positively effective... cases.

DEAD AFTER... Mrs. John Litt... street, died Tues... was seventy-seve... years of age. S... runaway team an... covered.

For the past... Springfield has b... go up river. Last... town wharf on th... March, and the... twentieth of March... Thursday, April 7... the afternoon wi... freight and some... river is clear of... of the Long Rea... will go that far, a... arrive at Indian... about one o'clock.

ONLY ONE... There is only on... self Book famo... who is known th... of the great pres... minkin'. His port... A. W. Chase, M. E... of his remedies. I... to reproduce the... tee which protects... Be sure they are o...

Students Can... Enter at... Any Time... Because the instr... disrupt and there... terrupt the work... ELLIOTT—At Pine... covered.

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CITY NEWS.

Recent Events in and Around St. John.

Together With Country Items From Correspondents and Exchanges.

Dark Northern Empire has been freed to carry lumber from Tusket to Buenos Ayres at \$8.

Among yesterday's arrivals were the sch. Helen E. Kinney from Apalachicola with lumber for J. A. Likely and the Norman from New York with coal.

Chronic Constipation surely cured or money back. LAXA-CARA TABLETS never fail. Price, 35 cents. At druggists.

The str. Beaver will go on the route between St. John and Albert Co. ports the latter part of next week.

TO QUICKLY CURE BILIOUSNESS. Use Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. They cleanse the stomach and bowels, assist the liver in removing bile, and cure thoroughly. Use only Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Price 25c.

The annual meeting of Ball's Lake Fishing Club took place Monday evening, and the following officers were elected: George McAvity, pres.; Frank Rankin, vice-president; W. A. Ewing, secretary; D. C. Dawson, treasurer; George Murray, Thomas McAvity, W. R. Avery, J. V. Russell, Harry Rankin, managing committee.

A SIBRENIENLY HAPPY MAN. Is Mr. Thos. A. McAvity of North Bayham, who was afflicted with a rheumatism by Nerviline, the most powerful rheumatic remedy in the world.

General Kuroki's army, according to Russian advices, is strung out along the road between Anju and Wita. Its advance being severely impeded by bad roads, which make it difficult to push forward the supplies, which are dragged by coolies, requiring eight days' march from Anju to Wita.

NOT SETTLED YET. The McConnell Log Question Still to the Front.

FREDERICTON, April 7.—The fight over the bill amending the Woodmen's Act and affecting the McConnell log question goes on. Yesterday S. C. Dion, advocate of Fraser's, was retained by Mr. Edgewood to fight the bill. He is now here.

DEAD AFTER LONG ILLNESS. Mrs. John Liffert, of 210 Charlotte street, died Tuesday morning. She was seventy-seven years of age.

RIVER TRAFFIC BEGINS. For the past four years the str. Springfield has been the first boat to go up river. Last year she left Indiantown wharf on the twenty-fourth of March, and the year before on the twentieth of March.

CENTREVILLE NEWS. James Johnston of Centreville, raised a family of six sons and five daughters, all of whom got a primary education.

ONLY ONE DR. CHASE. There is only one Dr. Chase of Recept Book fame—only one Dr. Chase who is known in the world because of the great prescriptions he gave to mankind.

Students Can Enter at Any Time. Because the instruction given is mostly individual and there are no vacations to interrupt the work.

S. KERR & SON, Oddfellows' Hall.

JAPANESE FORCES HAVE GROSSED THE YALU.

Russian Outposts Are Retiring Before Them --The Alleged Russian Naval Programme.

CHICAGO, April 7.—A special to the Daily News from Tokio says "Reliable reports were received here today from Seoul to the effect that part of the Japanese fighting line has crossed the Yalu and established itself in strong positions there at several important points."

SHANGHAI, April 7.—It has been learned here that the Russians have planted submarine mines off the coast of Takushan (about 50 miles west of the mouth of the Yalu river), as well as in the estuary of the Yalu.

SEUL, April 7, noon.—Telegrams have been received here saying that the Russians are occupying six of the largest border towns on the Tumen river, in northeastern Korea.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 7.—While the first line of defense against the Japanese advance from Korea is a severe one, it is not believed that it will be difficult to intercept the Baltic fleet before its arrival at Port Arthur.

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1,250 Bottles of Gas Make One Bottle of Liquozone

We require 1,250 cubic inches of gas to make one cubic inch of Liquozone. The gas is made in large part from the best oxygen producers. The process of reduction takes 14 days. It is the astounding condensation that gives Liquozone its power—the power to do what oxygen does.

A Million 50c Bottles Free. Kills Inside Gorms.

The virtue of Liquozone lies in the fact that it does what oxygen does. Oxygen is the vital part of air. It is Nature's great tonic, the very source of vitality, the most essential element of life. It is oxygen that turns the blue blood to red in the lungs. It is oxygen that eliminates the waste tissue and builds up the new. Oxygen is the nerve food—the blood food; and every function of life so depends on it that we could not live three minutes without it.

But oxygen is a gas, and unstable. An excess of oxygen cannot be held in the blood. Liquozone is a liquid, with all its virtues in permanent form and concentrated. It goes into the stomach, into the bowels, and into the blood, to go wherever the blood goes. That is the secret of its power.

Not Medicine. Liquozone is not made by compounding acids or drugs; nor is there any alcohol in it. Its virtues are derived solely from gas—largely from oxygen gas—by a process requiring immense apparatus and 14 days' time. Its results are due to the fact that a little of the liquid represents the virtues of an immense volume of the gas.

We Paid \$100,000. For the American rights to Liquozone—the highest price ever paid for similar rights on any scientific discovery. Before doing this we tested the product for two years, through physicians and hospitals, in this country and others. We proved it in thousands of the most difficult cases obtainable, including every disease which was then called incurable.

This price was paid because Liquozone will do more for sick humanity than all the skill in the world can accomplish without it. It will cure more sickness, and more suffering, and save more lives than all the drugs combined. And now that this fact is generally known, we occupy four laboratories, with 25 floors and 600 employees, to supply the demand for Liquozone, and we are 20 carloads behind on demands for it today.

Germ Diseases. The diseases in this list are known to be due to germs or their toxins, and medicine does not apply to them, for medicine cannot kill inside germs. All that medicine can do in germ troubles is to act as a stimulant, adding Liquozone to overcome the germs. Such results are indirect and uncertain. They are as many of you know by experience always doubtful and often impossible. They depend on the patient's condition.

Liquozone goes direct to the cause of the trouble and destroys it. We have often seen it end in a week, diseases which had resisted medicine for years. And it cures diseases which medicine never cures. In any stage of any disease in this list, the results are so certain that we will gladly send to any patient who asks it an absolute guaranty.

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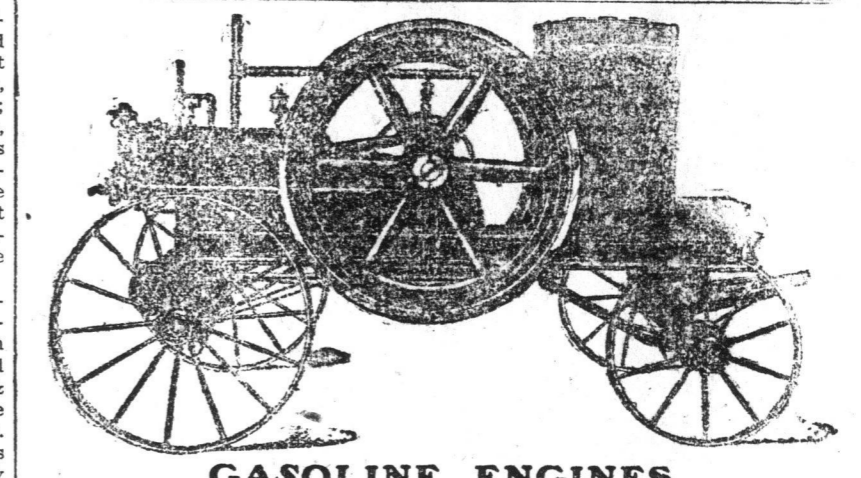
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GASOLINE ENGINES.

Portable, Stationary and Marine. In all sizes, suitable for Farm Purposes, Factory or Boat, for Thresher, Hay Press, Grain Crusher, Wood Saw, Planer, Etc. Conventional, reliable and economical; positively no danger of fire, easily operated, started at a moment's notice and will run in all kinds of weather without attention.

Write for particulars at once. Agent will call on interested parties. TERMS EASY. POWER GUARANTEED. PRICE MODERATE. AMHERST MOTOR CO., AMHERST, N. S.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

Bonded Indebtedness Shows an Increase of \$10,000.

Baker Brook Co.'s Incorporation Bill Causes a Heated Argument.

FREDERICTON, April 7.—The committee on public accounts held an interesting session this morning. The general statements of the debt, special expenditures on great roads and bridges and expenditures of the administration of justice and agriculture, as well as contingencies, were taken up, examined and discussed at some length.

The debt as set out in the accounts varies little from that of last year. The bonded indebtedness shows an increase of some ten thousand dollars, and the over-expenditure in the lunatic asylum last year amounted to \$1,500 more than that of the previous year, the total for 1903 being \$14,896.43. The agricultural department liabilities are set down at \$4,707.52, while among the assets this same department is credited with the sum of \$3,451.17, made up as follows:

Notes and accounts uncollected from purchasers of seed, \$1,549.57; notes from purchasers of horses, \$1,910.55. Both Mr. Morrison and Mr. Smith strongly criticized the placing of this \$3,451.17 among the assets, as they regarded the account as useless. Deputy minister of agriculture was called and examined on these notes, and he said that he would consider the asset of a very doubtful character, and Mr. Morrison added that they should be struck out altogether.

Special expenditures on great roads and bridges showed about the same state of affairs, as the examination of this class of expenditure exhibited on previous days. Some accounts were satisfactory, others not. The principle of giving vouchers seems to be badly neglected and a want of business-like system is evidently much desired.

The expenditure under the head of the administration of justice produces some interesting reading. A number of individuals evidently have no right to complain of the government financial policy. Hon. Mr. McKeown was able to gather in \$24,363 for criminal prosecutions and Geo. W. Allen \$104.70 for prosecutions, \$100 for preparing briefs, \$5,849.50, and \$675 for reporting decisions of supreme court, making a total for Mr. Allen's services, \$378,770. When it is considered that the both of these gentlemen were members of the legislature when these services were rendered, the independence of parliament act does not appear to have been strictly enforced. A. S. White's name still appears in the list of those who have conducted government prosecutions, and the government has not forgotten him.

Criminal prosecutions for the year cost the province altogether the neat little sum of \$3,100.27, and this is entirely outside of the attorney general and solicitor general.

The agricultural department exhibits a much better and more satisfactory state of affairs than some of the other departments, and Mr. Ferris, who was present with his deputy, were for the most part able to give explanations of the various items of expenditure. Mr. Morrison's question as to why Mr. Peters gave a detailed statement of his travelling expenses while his superior placed his in a lump sum of \$150, had to go unanswered, except that it was customary to do it this way.

ALMOST LIKE ST. JOHN. Liberals in Thunder Bay Fight Over the Selection of a Candidate.

PORT ARTHUR, Ont., April 7.—The liberal convention held here yesterday for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the dominion house for the new constituency of Thunder Bay and Rainy River, was one of the liveliest on record. James Connors was the choice of a large section of the party, but others refused to accept him and nearly half the delegates left the hall, refusing to agree to the choice. They returned to another hall and decided to wait until they had heard from Hon. James Sutherland before placing a candidate in the field. They will refuse to accept Connors.

During the last six months Ireland sent to Great Britain 148,100 more cattle, 105,500 more sheep, and only 700 fewer horses than it received from all the rest of the world.

The party drove to Mr. McAvity's house for breakfast. The newly married pair amid showers of rice and the congratulations of many friends left on the 12:15 train for Moncton, where they will join the Quebec express this evening at 6 o'clock. The honeymoon will be spent in Quebec and Montreal. The bride's going away dress was of blue serge, tailor-made, with hat to match.

Miss McAvity was a most popular young lady in the younger circle in St. John. She was a successful scholar, winning the gold medal of St. John High School, and is a graduate of Radcliffe College, Harvard.

WANTED—A case of Headache that KUMFORT POWERS will cure in from ten to twenty minutes.

WANTED

WANTED—A second or third class teacher, male or female, for the balance of the year or longer. Apply, stating salary to THOS. W. DARRAH, Secretary to Trustees, Spaight's Corner, Queens Co. 403

WANTED—Local agents and salesmen to sell ornamental and fruit trees. Liberal pay and best assortment of stock. Liberal terms to workers; pay weekly; outfit free; exclusive territory. STONE & WELLINGTON, Toronto. 38

WANTED—AGENTS—Reliable men to sell for "Canada's Greatest Nurseries," largest and best assortment of stock. Liberal terms to workers; pay weekly; outfit free; exclusive territory. STONE & WELLINGTON, Toronto. 38

WANTED—RELIABLE MEN—\$50 per month and expenses \$2.50 per day to reliable men in every locality, introducing our goods, tacking up show cards on trees, fences, along roads and all conspicuous places; steady employment to good, honest, capable men; no experience needed; write at once for particulars. THE EMPIRE MEDICINE CO., London, Ont. 1211

MISCELLANEOUS. LADIES' SYRINGES—Fountain and Bulb, "Marvel" Whipped Cream, "Ladies' Perfect," and other Rubber Goods. Send for Price List to the LADIES' SPECIALTY CO., 12 Watworth Street, St. John, N. B. 91

FOR SALE. PIGS FOR SALE—Have a number of pure bred improved large white Yorkshire Pigs of choice breeding. Will sell same for three dollars and upwards, according to age at time of delivery. Address: ALFRED E. SLIPP, Central Hampton, N. B. 432

The party drove to Mr. McAvity's house for breakfast. The newly married pair amid showers of rice and the congratulations of many friends left on the 12:15 train for Moncton, where they will join the Quebec express this evening at 6 o'clock. The honeymoon will be spent in Quebec and Montreal. The bride's going away dress was of blue serge, tailor-made, with hat to match.

Miss McAvity was a most popular young lady in the younger circle in St. John. She was a successful scholar, winning the gold medal of St. John High School, and is a graduate of Radcliffe College, Harvard.

WANTED—A case of Headache that KUMFORT POWERS will cure in from ten to twenty minutes.

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In Albert County, they are, W. Alonzo Smith, Mid. Coverdale; Thos. A. Goggin, Elgin; A. E. Smye, Alma; G. E. McBurn, Hopwell Cape, Walter M. Steeves, Hillsborough.

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