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# Che Church $\mathfrak{E n n r o j}$ <br> Upholds the Doctrines and Rubrics of the Praver $\bar{F}$ 

"Earneathy contend for the faith which was once deliverein sheerlty."-Eiph. Fi. 24.


## ECGLESIASTICAL NOTES,

Thes and Nomi...The Rev. Canon Hole, in a speech at the annual meeting of the Derby branch of the Churth, of England Working Men's Society, drew the following graphic pic ture of the develppment $\rho$. Church work in his native'parish during his own lifetime:-

## Then.

Our vicar, in my boyhood, was never seen in the parioh Hisecurate lived five miles away. When he came to give us one short service on the Sunday, he paseed through a churchyard, which was the village playground also, and there was horse-play as well as child's play, for I remember seeing and hearing the village lads as they chased the churchwarden's steed, and ahouted with delight as be. went lumbering amid the broken stones, half hid by grass and weeds, where the rude forefathers of our hamlet siept. : As be entered the church (the clergymad, not the horse), the sparrows, twittering their protest at the strange intrusion, woke up the bats from the rotten. beams, and they came forth; sailing solemnly eastward and westward, hol The nimble beetle retreated at the double to his ontrenchment in the broken pavement. The emaciated mouse forgot his famine in his foar. Upon the walls, coloured originally : gay gamboge, the moisture, descending from leaky roof and broken panes, aecending from the sodden soil, which had accumulated for centuries outside, produced a green and yellow melancholy, dreary to the eye and spirit. There were pews of every altitude, longitude and latitude, in which the dry rot of the sides and seats vied with the wet rot of the floors; and in their dingy draperies and druggets there wrere bloated spiders and mealy moths and all manier of creeping things and flies. The service began with a hymn, and the hymn was preceded by a kejnote from the bassoon, which ever reminded me of "Tho Aacient Mariner"-"The wedding gusst, he beat his breast, for he heard the loud bassoon "-and which sounded as though some naughty boy in Wombwell's Monagerie bad stuck a pin in the elephant's trunk. Of the serviceitself, of those prayers and praises which have been the precious heritage of the Church almost from the times of the Apostles, I can only speali with reverent admiration, remembering that, despite the nasal antiphones of the clerk, they were offered by so many earnest, and humble epirits, now, as we believe, at rest. , Of the sermon, I may say that, as a composition, it left nothing to be desired, for what could be more composing? At firtt, the heads of the audience were seen erect and listening attertively, like watchful grouse among the heatier; by-and-bye they began to disappear and reappear like a fisherman's float; then they totally collapsed, and faint tones, as from the bassoon at a distance, "rose and fell on the alarimed air."

## Now.

Now, the vicar resides, as in almost every village in England, close to his churol, and is in it every day. "The churchýard is well cared for, planted and mown: The widow and the orphan bring flowers to deck the graves of
those "whom thay have loved long since, and lost awhile." The church is restored to its ancient beauty. The pews of all denominations, entomological museums, boudoirs, private bozer, dull men's sleeping oars, loose boxes, are all gone; and in the uniformity of the benchos, free alike to all, is is proclaimod that "our" mother, the Cburch, hath nevor a son to honour before the rest," and that as the Duike of Wellington said, when a poor man, walking before him to the altar, was requestod to stand aside, "Not so, we aro all equal horo." The servicos are daily, instead of weekly; four in place of one on Sunday; and an organ supersedos the bassoon.

Plain Speaking by a Bishop.--The Bishop of Truro, proaching at St. Potor's, Eaton Square, London, on behalf of the repair fund of the church, after some local allusions, said that the condition of that fund, to which the many refused to give while the ferr did so boyond their menns, was a parable of the present state of the Church and realm. Monday had left its marik in London, and not a single landowner but was impoyorished through the provailing deprossion. We were passing through a critical period. A nation must have sorrows, and when the old order was giving place to tho new, the period of transition was naturally one of pain and poril. There was stealing ovor men a kind of apathy which need strong words, deeds, sacrifices and prayors to make men awake, such as the monks of St, Bernard employ to rouse men from the de:dly torpor of aleep. In spite of desires for good, and philanthropic schemes on all hands, men failed to realize their individual responsibility. The ery of the hungry ones was rising up in the ears of God, and it was little wonder that the people were embittered agninst tho uppor classes, and slandered them when they road of the wicked extravagance in wine and in troussoau, "and knew that fow even among the rood living dare part company with their fellows, if after kindly warning and subsequently the strong voice, thoy would not give up their wretched selfindulgence which made the lives of women a buiden.

The Dangers of Modern Life.-The Rev. Canon Percival, President of Trinity College, Oxford, preached a zoworful sermon at St. Paul's, last month, on the dangers of modern life, which were so similar to those of the Athenians, who "spent their time in nothing clse but either to tell or to hear somo new thing." The population of Athens, by tradition representative of republican tendencies, marked by a resiless and inquisitive activity, spending its days in public, turning constantly to the mar-ket-place for its sensations and surprises, to whom the mission of St. Paul was simply a silent failure, has its counterpart, said the preacher, in the life of this city, with its ceaseless rush of daily news; wo indulge in tho same criticism and discussion of every now topic. Their time and ours is marked by the decay of old faiths, by unrost and uneasiness of heart. Their's was a time of transition, und of doubtful outlook, and so is ours. The tendency of their life was strongly materialistic, and a good deal of our's is practical material-
ism from. Sunday to Sunday. Quoting a romark made the othor day, "Wo all desiro to believe ourselves Christinns, but withont the cost of parsonal allegiance to Christ," Dr. Percival urgod upon his crowdod congrogation the truth that personal coniscoration, and that alone, would save men from wrock and failuro amidst thie over-rostless sea of London lifo, with all its accomplishments, its rofinoments, its oclectic philosophies, and its unknown God.
The Danger of Individuahies.-Tho Rov. R. Eyton, dosignated by many us the "coming man," and who has beon solocted to tako tho place of a Canon of St. Paul's, who is invalided, spoke recently of the danger of an exnggerated individualism in the Christian Church, an individualism which bids us think perpetually of our own salvation as an ond of lifo, that suems to consecrato spiritual selfishness as tho highest virtue. "Wo read wearily in railway stalions, and at other placos, appealy torn from their context in the Scriptures, and made to eubsorvo an intolerablo individualism." Mr. Eyton wont on to speak of the inevitable reaction from the crude associations which seum to encase all Christianity in the system that mont that overy man was to do the best for himeolf, and leavo nther people to get on as best they could, and the throwing of all the onergies into schemes of philanthippy, to the neglect of ilat personal consecration which is indispensablio to real religions effort. Ho also warned tho collective Church of tho danger of condonimg the eternal laws of trath and love in order to keep touch with the poople, and holping thom to their social ends.

Exploration of Palestine.-The Family Churchman states that a fooling of groat satiofration is folt alike in Chrietian and in Jewish circles at the detormination of the Committe of the Palostine Exploration Fund to make'un organized and systematic effort to obtain trustworthy information respecting the manners and customs of Palestine and Syria genorally. Tho field of enquiry proposed by the Commitioe embraces such questions as religion and morals, health and disense, superstitions, legends and traditions, language, industries, ants, provorbs, \&c. Almost concurrently with this decision for investigation comes the romarkable statoment of a young engineser who has just recurned from Palestine to Sweden, that he has oxplored the sito of the Temple and the surrounding locality, and is of opinion that the Aik of the Temple is burice in tho valley of Hinnom. Ho offers, if furnished with the necossary means, to undertake its recovory.

Death of Bishor JLanninaton-Official tellegrams from Zanzibar confirm the recent report of the putting to death of Bishop Hannington by tine King of Mombasn. Dutiful acquiescence in the will of crod, supported by that foeling of holy joy which mingleswith our deep sorrow when we hear or read of "a faithful witness, even unto denth," is the attitude of mind for which Christians must pray in the presence of such a trial. It is buta a year sinco we wept over the martytdom of Gordon; only a year, and again tho Curarich triumphe in the doath of a valiant son.

## NEWS FROM THE HOME FIELD.

Gathered specially for this Paper by Our Owon Correspondents.

## DIOOESE OF NOTA SCOTIA

Halifax.-St. Paul's. - There has been quite a lively time lately with entertainments, and these extra parochial burdens are becoming more and more a matter of serious concern to those chiefly concerned. The object for which this was given was a worthy one. The proceeds went to the St. Paul's Industrial School. A very leag programme was prepared and carried out quite artistically by the children of the Sunday-school, under the superintendence of Mr. Godfrey Smith. A handsome sum was yealized.

Churde of England Institute.-The third lecture of the Institute course was given by Professor Roberts, of King's College, Windsor, his subject being "Some Aspects of American Poetry." The hall was fairly filled, and the lecturer enthusiastically received. The subject was handlod in a critical manner. The chief characteristics of the leading Amorican poets were pointed out in language more chate and musical than vigorous and original. The lecturer paid spocial attention to Lanior and Miller, and gave interesting descriptions of their lives, with a penetrating analysis of their most musical and characteristic efforts At the close the lecturor was accorded a hearty vote of thanks from the Irstitute and the audience. The next locture of the course will be given by Rev. David Neish, Curate of St. Paul's. Subject, "The Church of England in the 18th Century."

St. Mark's.-A congregational tea and fancy sale was hold in Gerrish Hall by the ladies of Si. Marr's congregation, for the purpose of clearing off a amall debt on the church, the result of the exceptionally hard times and increusod improvements in the church. Between our and five hundred poople wore prosent, and thoroughly enjoyed the bounteous repast provided for them. The tablos were tastefully laid out and variegnted with choice plants. After tea, roadinge. songe and "old folks" ontainment was listenod to.

Dartnoutir. - Christ Church.-A pleasant ontertainment was also given hore lust week in aid of the funds for a new infant school. The littlo members who took part did their work with groat accoptanco to tho delighted audionco, and tho proceeds were worth the effort.

St. Georae's Benefit Society-The first annual mooting was hold latoly, and a long list of officers olected. The roport shows the Society to bo in a flourishing condition, and a groat holp to those who seek its bonefits, or rather we should say, who take this mode of making provision for benefiting themsolvos.
Halifax.-Personal.-Rov. T. R. Murray has boon lecturing in the Roform Club Hall on "Tho Five Sonses." It is superfluous to say that the locture was first-rate in every respect, and a genuine surprise to his many frionds.
Rev. W. Morris is roported to bo about to assumo the charge of Clomontsport, where the Rov. Claronce McCully did good work in times past. This chango will loave the curney of Suckville open.

St. Georgr's Benefit Societr.-The members of this Society had a march out on the eve of St. Patrick. Tho procossion was hended by a band, many flags fying, gildod wands of office with stronming ribbons attacbed, and tho mombors wearing ornamented blue sashos. A special service was hold in St. Goorge's, and the Rev. Dr. Partridge, President of the So-
ciety, preached a sermon from the text, "Bear ye one another's burdens. In consequence of the violent snow-storm, locomotion was impeded, and the procession soon returned to the school-room. Here in the evening a repast was enjoyed by the members of the Society.

Lenten Services. -Notwithatanding the more than usual amount of detracting amasements and round of gaiety in town this Lent, the churches are doing their best to draw the people to a serious consideration of this special time of spinitual effort. Extra services are being held, and special courses of sermons have been published. At the Cathedral there is a daily mid-day service for busy men.

Pleasant River.-On Ash-Wednesday bervice was held for the first time in the new Church at Pleasant River on the 10th nalt. The attendance for a week day in a country-place, was remarkably good, and from the earnest attention paid to the teaching suitable for the day, we trust much good may result. An account of the consecration of the Church and the Confirmations held by the Bishop of the Diocese in May and June last was sent soon after the above events transpired for insertion in the Ggardian, but owing to the manascript having been mislaid, during the absence of the editor, it did not appear in its columns. The building is a neat edifice in the Gothic style, twentythree feet wide and thirty-seren feet long, with a chancel thirteen feet by twenty, fitted with choir-stalls and reading desk, leading immediately into the vestry, the whole being elevated three steps above the main body of the Church. The altar-table, a prosent from the Messrs. Beardsley's, the contractora, to whom great credit is due for the faithful performance of the work, is of native onk, solid and handsome. As yet, there is no pulpit, the preacher officiating from a neat and moveable Lectern. The east window is of stained glass, and the west gable has an Oriel, or wheel window filled with the same material, together with the arches of the six windows on the sides. One peculiarity in the building is, that it is built entirely of wood, there being no sign of plaster, nor paint. The roof is entirely open and the interior is finished with different kinds of wood in narrow sheathing, grooved and tongued, oiled and varnished. It is capable of seating from two hundred to two hundred and fifty porsons, and is pleasantly situnted on the bank of the river running through a large and thriving settlement. Its cost was $\Omega$ thousand and fifty dollars, towards which the vonorable, the S.P.C.K., with its accustomed liberality, donated the sum of forty pounds sterling. The congregations are increasing, as the claims of the Church, are being better understood, and tho recent opening of rich and extensive gold mines in the immediate vicinity tend to make this the nucleus of a centre for Church operations, woll worth the caltivation in the nenr futuro. Six years ago, wheu the "Liverpool Roud Mission" was opened; the prospects of success-seomed small indecd. The number of Communicants was seven, and the whole Church population, in a aren of 2,500 miles did not exceed 120. Many had becorne alienated from lack of ministration, owing to the want of means to send laborers into the vineyard, and the few who remained faithful, through all changes and vicissitudes, were those who could discover no better Church to which to cling. Now thoso two Churches, one of which, however, had been built before, and ten stations extending into three counties, the extremes being nearly sixty miles apart; twenty-eight communicants, and according to the last census the Church population has inereased to 710; four Biblo classes and Sunday catochisings, in addition to the regular servicos, are well kept up and sustained; while the claims of Home and Foreign Miasions are becoming increasingly dear to the henrts of the people as evinced by
their ever increasing contribations to the much required funds.
Woald all the members of our Communion rise to the necessity of supplying more generous means for the purposes of opening up new work, or reclaiming old, the taint somoften thrown out, that our Church was making bat slow progiess would be removed. The hearts of the faithfal would rejoice, "the waiste places would be made glad, and the wilderness be made to blossom as the rose."

## DIOCESE OF FREDERICTON.

Carienton, St. John.-On Friday, March 12, the Rector of St. George's Church, Rev. LeB. W. Fowler, baptized thirteen adalt candidates, eight men and five women, and publicly roceived three others, one man and two women, into the Church. Of these sixteen, thirteen were married persons. A large congregation was present. Rev. J. C. Titecomb, of Fairville, assisted at the service.
Hie Lordship the Bishop Coadjutor 'spent Sunday, the 14th inst., in the parish; celebrating the Holy Commanion at 8 a.m., confirming thirteen candidates, four men and nine women, at 11 a.m., baptizing four infants at 3 p.m., and preaching in the evening. Rev. R. Mathers kindly assisted at 11 a.m. The church at that service was crowded, and well filled in the evening.

Moncton.-Special Lenten services are being held on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at $4 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. , with a derotional reading. On Tuesdays, at 7 p.m., a special course of sermons on "The Seven Deadly Sins" are being delivered by the Rev. F. W. Vroom; and on Friday evenings the Rev. A. J. Reid preaches on the 22nd Psalm.

St. Joun.-A Deanery meeting was held in St. Pall's (Falley) Charch on the 16th instant, the sermon being preached by the Rev. Mr. Dobbs, curate of St. John's Church. Holy Communion was adminiatered, the Reve. Canon De Veber and Schofield officiating.

St. Jonn. - St. Stephen's.-An excellent Scotch concert was held lately under the auspices of the Young Men's Association. It consisted entirely of Scottish music and readings, and elicited the hearty commendation of the crowded audience.

Portland.-St. John Mission Church. - Leenton services aro being held as follows:-On all Sunday, at 8 a.m., Holy Communion, (choral on Rofireshment Sunday, 4ih April), daily in Holy Woels (except Good Friday), and on all Thurbdaye, at 7:30 a.m. Other services on Sundays at 11 a.m., 4 p.m. (children), and 7:30 p.m. Daily, 9 a.m., Matins and litany; 5:30 p.m., evensong; evensong and sermon on Wednesdays, 8 p.m. A course of sermons is being delivered by the priest in charge, the subjects on Sundays, at 11 a.m., being: Types from the Jewish Tabernacle, Heb. ix. 1-10. 1. The tables of the covenant. 2. The pot of manna. 3. The cherubim over the mercy seat. 4. The oraole-Urim and Thummim. 5. The daily sacrifice. 6. The veil. And on Sundays, at 7:30 p.m., Christ's Messages to the Churches, Rer. ii. and iii. 1. To the churches of Ephesus and Pergamos--Repent. 2. To the church of Smyrna-Fear not. 3. To the church of Thy-atira-Hold fast. 4. To the church of SardisBe watchful. 5. To the church of Philadel-phia-I will keep thee. 6. To the church of Laodicen-Be zealous. Short lections on the spiritual life will be given at the daily evensong, at 5:30 p.m.
The Wednesday evening sermons take up some point in the Gospel for the wook.
During Holy Week, evensong will be at 8 p.m., with considerations on the events of the day.

The watch, from Maundy Thursdey, 6 p.m:, to Good Fhiday, 9 p.m., will be kept as usual.
On Good Friday, besides a children's service and address at. 9 a.m., there will be the usual three hours' service of the Passion, from noon till 3 p.m., and, erensoing and sermon at 8 p.m.
Confirmation claseses are held every Thureduy, from the beginping of January to the end of April, in the church.
A separate Bible class for men is now held in the church on Sunday afternoon, commencing at 3 o'clock. A Bible cláss for women is also beld at the same time in the school-room.
The first annual meeting of St. John Baptist's Band of Merey was held in the schoolroom on Sunday, 14th, at 4:30 p.m.

## DIOCESE OF MONTREAL.

Knowiton.-The Lenten season was opened In this parish by the recitation of Morning Prayers by the Rector, Rer. J. Scully, and a suitable sermon from the Rev. A. VonIffand, of the Diocese of Quebec. Neither the Commination office nor the Litiny were used consequently the special featare of the season was but feebly brought out so far as the service was led to express it. A congregation of about twenty were present.
A Missionary meeting is to bo hold in the Church here on Wednesday ovening, the 24th inst., at 7 o'clock.

Bolton Centre-Ash Wednesday was recognized in this parish by Morning Prayer and Holy Communion. A congregation of about twenty-two were present. The Rev. Mr. Clayton preached.

Mansontilie.-Ash Wednesday was observed in this parish by services morning and evening. A good congregation gathored in tho morning over thirty. All the offices prescribed for the day were used, the incumbent, however, making some explanatory comments on the nature of the Primitive Church discipline alluded to in the Commination office, and also the meaning and nature of other portions thereof, to which some, from prejudice or ignorance, take exception. There was no sermon. but a short statement as to the leading feature and object of Lent, and how best to uphold the one and advance the other. The Holy Table was vested in violet as customary. Services are held twice a week through the season until Palm Sunday, when they will chango to daily for Holy Week.
Montreal.-Sunday=School Association.-At the last monthly meeting, the Rev. Cauon Henderson, Principal of the Theological College, in an interesting paper discussed the question, whether a Uniform Scheme of Lessens was desijable or not, the conclnsion arrived at being that on every ground it was. As the Canon pointed out, there is not probably much difference of opinion as to this abstract question; the difference arises when a choice of some particular scheme is to be made. A number favour the International scheme; but many object to it as ignoring the Church's year and teaching. Others support The Churech of England Sunday school Institute schemo; but it is not accepptablo to those firstly referred to, and it is to be fuared that between the two a set scheme will fill to the ground. It was suggested that the Sundar-school Committee of the Diocese should take the matter up, and this it is to be hoped will be done.
St. George's.-On Sunday evening last the Dean preached to a very large congregation a most forcible and eloquent sermon on "Eternal Punishment," in the course of which he pointed out the unreasonable and unscriptural position of those who accept the literal interpretation of the word "eternal", as connected with Heaven, but repudiate it in reference to Hell.

St. George's Y.M.C.A. has issued its programme for April, May and June; which by the way is most attractively got up, reflecting much credit upon those concerned. The first meeting in April takes place on the evening of the 1st, when an essay on "The Home of Shalkspeare" will be read by Mr. F. J. Prior, and the "Letter Box" will be opened. Members are requested to send in to the President prior to the date named, short annonymous papers on either religious or secular subjects, marked "Letter Box." The meetinge are open to all young mon.
Church of the Redeemer, Cote St. Paul.-The Rev. T. Everett officiated at this Church on Sunday morning last, and administered the Holy Communion.
Montrear.-Preparation is being made for the proposed joint service of the Church of England Sunday-schools at Eastertide. A weekly practice of "Easter Echoos" to bo sung by the children is being held in St. George's Schoolroom on Tuesday at 4:30 p.m., under the direction of Dr. Davidison, Lay Vice-President of the Sundry-school Association.
Misbion of Cellsea.-We entered upon our work here on the first of November last, and since then we have been puiting forth our best endeavors to gather together the members and friends of the Church living in the village and neigh boring settlements.
Our work has not been in vain. Though without the full and regular ministrations of the Church for soveral years (a student officiated during the summer months), a goodly number of families and individuals are to be found adhering to the Church, who love it, and who are proud to be identified with il.
We labor under some difficulties. They are difficulties, however, which we are watching our opportunity to assail, and which we trust will soon be overcome. One is, that our church building is toe far out of the village. Especially is this felt in the winter, when to get to church the people have to ascend the hill, ofton in face of biting north winds. Then, the church is vory much out of repair. It needs under-pinning, shingling and painting very badly. Pcople driving through cur romantic village from the capital say, "You Church of England people ought to be asbamed of that abandoned looking building on the roadside." Well, wo are ashamed of its exterior, though a peep inside would, I am sure, call forth tho commondation that it was better than what it seemed. The interior of the church is in good order and well arranged, and thero is overy facility for revercntial worship.
The church has no tewer or spire, and no bell. This we would like very much to bave rectified. A place built for and consecrated solely to the worship of Jehovah should have something distinguishing in ite architecture. What more suitable than a spire, cver pointing to God's high throne, and as the place from which the hours of Divine worship may be announced, the newly-wedded pair sent out upon their untried experiences with a merry peal, or the departure of a soul solemnly noted?
Then, ugain, the Mission owns no parsonage. The wardons have to rent a house for the clorgyman's family. During the winter, now nearly past, the old house, the only one obtainable, often felt more like a barn than a human dwelling. The windows rattled, the snowdrifts formed (inside), the fierce frost came in unbidden, and woe beside us if we did not lseep the hard-wood fire roaring night and day. Well, then, we sorely need and must build a parsonage. All these improvements will cost a good round sum, but if the Church of England is to be permanently established hore (and wo know of no place where effort in her interest could bo moreappropriately put forth), then all this bas to be done. An Ottawa gen-
tleman, interested in our work, while driving
with me in my cutter the other day, kindly and spontaneously offered ascistance.
Our own parishioners n'o ready to respond to the best of their ability, and any praction sympathy shown us outside the Mission will be frithfully appropriated as the kind donor may desire.
Since coming to Chelsea, wo have recoivod very many kindnesses and tokens of good-will, which we deeply appreciate. We are happy in our work, and hope, with God's blossing upon our labors, to build up this Gatinenu Mission.
G. J.

## DIOCESE OF ONTARIO.

Renfrew.-On Ash-Wednosday the Lord Bishop held a Confirmationervice in St. Paul's Church, Renfrew ; twonty-four candidates wero confirmed, five of whom were converts from other religious bodies. The candidates were thoroughly prepared. Wo were all dolighted with our good Eishop's oxcollont and fatherly address. Both pastor and pooplo folt refreshed.

Acmonte.-The Almonto Times says: A concert is to bo held in the Town hall on the ovening of Thusday, the 25th inst., [Annunciation Day], in aid of St. Paul's Church. Leading members of the Ottawa Phillsarmonic Society are expected to take part.

## DIOCESE OF TORONTO.

Apsley.-The Rev. Philip. Hendery has roceived from tho G.W.M.A., of Toronto, a box of articles oxceedingly helpful in various ways, especially for Sunday-school amniversarios, and returns hearty thanks to the Society, which dosorves hearty support, adding ns it doos much to the comfurt and pleasure of missionaries.

Brigerton.-On the 9th instant, the Church of England congregation at Springvalo, part of the parish of Brighton, prosented the Rev. R. H. Harria, B.A., with an addross and a handsome gold hunting-cuse stem-winder wateh, boautifully chased. The prosentation was mado at a social, held at the houso of Mr. W. B. Flundell, a farmer near Brighton. Miss Flundoll presented the watch.

Pergonal.-The Rev. T. B. Angell, late Curate of St. John's Peterborough, has aceepted a position as Curato under tho Rector of St. Stephen's Church, Wilkesbarre, Pa.
Tho Rev. J. W. Mc.Cleary has beon most unoxpectedly appointed to tho Assistant Roctorship of St. Georgo's Charch, Dotroit. Ie will ontor on his dutios in April noxt.
The Rev. Charles Scadding, a gradunte of Trinity College, Toronto, has beon appointed an Assistant at St. Georgo's Church, Now York. He has been working in Buffalo undor Dr. Fulton for about a year.

Clerical Cifngars.-The abovo notes are worthy of some consideration. How is it that the Diocese fuils to retain the men its own Colleges educate? Are we over-producing? Aro the whole of the missions and parishos supplied with clergy? We cannot think so. Only quito recontly there was a loud cry for moro labourers, and the Bishop naturally complained that men wero too scarce, and that missionary zoal among the graduates was at a low ebb. And now within the space of a year or two we have supplied the States with cight or ten men from this one Diocose. What is the cause? we may well enquire. We believe it is mainly due to the miserable stipends our clergy receive in mission stations, and to the cruel treatment often moted out to thern by unisympathizing, illiberal laymen. It is a great loss to the Canadian Church when men who prefer to labour at our own altars are compelled to
look olsewhere for employment. The remedy is to be fornd in poople learning practically the duty and the blessedness of giving, restoring to God the tithe, and getting their hoarts filled with the love of that 'Saviour who freely gave up all for our sake.

Tempreanoz Joonnal.-An entemprising Churchman, Mr. A. O. Winton, of Toronto, proposes to issue a monthly journal in the intorests of the Church of England Temperance Society. The closing words of the prospectus states that the Church of England Temperance Journal will be published monthly at $\$ 1$ per annum. The proprietor says the Journal will be tho means of diffueing interesting and practical information in rogard to the operations of the various Temporence organizations, and will be especially deroted to the worls of the several Branches of the Cburch of England Temperance Society. It will contain much interesting information in reference to the religious, scientific and social aspects of the Temporance movement throughont tho Dominion, whilst opportunity will bo taken to make it additionally attractive in the department of literature by a solection of the choicest family reading for tho soveral soctions of tho Society. Correspondonce and nows from all parts of the Dominion will bo secured, which, together with tho official reports and procoedings of the sevoral Branchos of the Order, will make it not only valuable for the dissomination of Temperance news, but $a$ valuable record of Church of lingInnd Temperanco wortr.

Wo fonr that tho Journal, although capable of doing much in the way of advancing the cause of Tompernaco, is not likely to receive sufficiont financial suppor't to make it a success. The Diocesan Society has been in dobt for many year's, in fact since its commencement, and this is a bad omen.

Thinty College.-At the recont meeting of the corporation, two gentlomen named by the Bishop of Melbourne, Austrulia, woro recommonded as prosiding examiners for the conduct of the examinations for degreos in Divinity in Australia, Their namos aro Rov. G. O. Vance, M.A., and Rev. A. Ambrose Wilson, D.D. The Rev. G. B. Haslam was arpointed Librarian for the curront yers.

Tononfo.-Holy Trinity.-A lecturo entited "Robin Hood and His Times" was given before the Young Poople's Association on the 9th of March, by Mr: John Hague. The choir sang sevoral gloos illustrativo of Hood and his times, and the ovening was nost enjoyablo.
Wedina Behls.-Tho Rov. T. B. Angoll, late of Peterborongh, wis united in wedlock to Miss Clara Cluxton, of the sime placo, on Taosday, March 1sth, just boforo his doparture for tho United States. Tho wodding was a quict ono, and took placo at St. John's Chareh, Poterborough. Wo wish tho happy pair a prosperons carcor, and much contontment.

Oritala.-Tho Orillin Packet of the 12th instant administers a rebuke to the Church poople of this town in tho following fashion:
"No other congregation in town has manifostod such apathy in tho matter of providing for its growth as that of St. Jamos' Church. While the Prosbytorians havo three times enlarged their edifice; tho Mothodists put up a now building and onlargod it; the Roman Catholics anow church, and the Baptiets the samo, St. Jamos' is no larrer than it was twenty years ago; and though chairs in the aisles are roquired oven in winter, and during the season of summer visitors thore is not room for all who come, anothor vostry is approaching but wo hoar of no practical steps to wards providing for the growing requirements of the congregation. For the credit of the town, [we would rather sav for the credit of and out of love for the

Church], let there be either a new edifice or a substantial enlargement-with better means of heating in winter-of the present ode, as early as practicable.
Prioe's Corners.-A soiree wais beld in St. Luke's Hall this month, which was fairly well attended. The tea and delicacies provided by the ladies were excellent. After tea an interesting entertainment, consisting of readings, recitntions and music, was given, which all thoroughly enjoyed. Mirs' Carr, the Misses Rix Revs. R. W. Armitage and Fairbairn, and Messis. Orear, Turcot, McPherson and J Price took part in the procoedings. . Mr. T. Price, jil, deserves great credit for the lively interest he talces in the welfare of St. Lulee's congregation. The Rev. J. Jones presided.

Lindsar.-It is aaid that Rev. Weston Jones, rector of this town, has been chosen as rector of St. Paul's, Halifar, in succession to the Rev. Dr. Hill.

## DIOCESE OF NIAGARA.

Halton and Nomth Wentwortif Rubal Deanery.
Acton.-The Chapter of this Deanery met in the flourishing village of Acton, on Monday and Tuesday, March 15th and 10th. The clergy were received at the station by the Rev. Mr. Pigott, who committed them to the kind hospitality of various parishioners. The proacher on Monday evening was the Rov. Mr. Clark, of Ancaster; and his subject, "The Origin and Growth of the Church of England in the Mother Country and in Canada," was eloarly and ably handled. The little Church of Acton was found much improved, with new choir sents, pulpit, reading desk and carpet, not to speak of a simple and tasteful rerodos in the chancol. Much credit is due to the Rev. Mr. Pigotit and his llock for the improvements, A Gre which destroyed a pump factory and carpenter shop, near tho Church, was a regretable feature of tho evening.
The session of the next day was commenced as usual, with tho Holy Communion, and sev eral of the parishioners communicated with the clergy. Tho day was spont in brotherly and profitable intercourse, and closed with an even. ing eervico in the Church, at which the Rural Dean prenched.

Georaetown.-On the return journoy, three of the clergy took advantago of somo delay at Georgetown, to visit tho Rev, C. Graham Adams, and his Church. They wero pleased to find this Church also much improved; ohiofly in tho choir seats, desk and pulpit.
Berlinaton--A party of friends from Hamilton, gave an excellent entertainment in Burlington lately, under the auspicos of the St. Luko's Church Band of Hepo. The Tomperanco question scems to have yeached in orisis, here, in which tho Church of England may do much good, by separnting it from political ontanglements, und conducting the Temperance Reform on true, Scriptural principlos. A serios of Lonten lectures on appointed subjects, are boing delivered here by the neighbouring clorgy.

## DIOCESE OF HURON.

The annual Missionary meeting of the Dioceso of Furon was hold on 3rd March in Victoria Hall, London. This was a new departure from the custom of former years, which was to hold a meoting in oach Church. This yoar all the churnbos umted in Victoria Hall, and the experimont was most succossful.
The platform looked quite attractive with pots of beautiful flowers and bouquets sentered

Miss Ermatinger, of St. Thomas, kindly came over and gave her valitable assistance in the masical part of the programme.
The Bishop presided; and the speakers were Rev. E. Hutchinson, Rev. Principal Fowell, of Haron College, and Rev. J. Edmuds'; many other clergy were also on the platform:

A report of the Ladies' Diocesan Miseionary Association formed last year was read by Canon Richardson, rector of the Memorial Charch, Which has had a Ladies' Missionary Association of its own for ten yeairs, and during that period has contributed $\$ 1,000$ to the canse of missions. There is another branch of the Ladies Missionary Association at Amhertsburgh, and help has also been given given from St. Paul's Church Society and the Chapter House Sanday-school to the Mission at Swiss Head, the most northerly and remote corner of the Diocose. St. Paul's Sunday-school also keeps a boy at the Shingwak Home.
Rev. Mr.' Hicks read the report of a Hospital Flower Mission established last spring by Mra. Baldwin in connection with the Ladies' 'Diocesan Missionary Association: In the course of the summer 1,175 bouquers with text cards at tached were distributed in the hospital, and when the flower season was over the Mission continued its good work by giving scrap books, picture covered screens, delicacies to tempt a failing appetite and little comforts in the way of clothing always accompanied by text cards, many of them hand-painted by members of the Mission.

Rev. E. Hatchison, formerly a Secretary of the Church Society gave a touching account of mission work in West Africa, and Rev. Principal Fowell, formerly secretary of the Chnreh Pastoral Aid Society, followed with an interesting account of Home mission work in Liv erpool.
Rev. J. Edmands in, a very short speech, ploaded strongly for the Diocessan Mission cause.
His Lordship the Bishop then made some strikingly practical remarks on the present financial aspect of the Diocese of Huron, and impressed on his hearers the duty and privilege of supporting the Missionary cause, holding up for the encouragement of all members of the Church the example of the Church in Philadelphia in Asia Minor, which for more than 1,300 years has kept the faith, and to this day the bells of the Chriatian Charch are heard in Philadelphia, the only city in the Mohammedan Empire where a Cbristian Church is allowed to ring its bell. A good collection was taken up and the meeting closed with the singing of the doxology.
London South.-A splendid new library, costing about $\$ 120$, has been added to the one already in St. James' Sunday-school. The books hava been well selected, and will no doubt be a great attraction to the scholare, as well as the teachers.

London.-Special services are being held in the city churches daring the season of Lent, and Confirmation classes have been commenced in most of the congregations.
Sarnia.-The Rev. T. R. Davis is holding special services in St. George's. Church daring Lent. The subjects announced aro:-Wednesday evenings, "The Parables;" Friday evenings, "The Vows;" and Sunday evenings a serics of sermons on "The Unity of the Cburch-How it was Lost, and How it is to be Restored." So far the interest in those sorvices seems to be greater than usaal, and the attendance increasing.
The Literairy Society in connection with the church is most encouraging. The attendance runs between thirty and sixty at each nieeting, and is on the increase. The meetings are very helpful to young men.

St. Thomas.-The wife of the Rev. $S_{i} L$

Smith is now very low, and it is feared the cancer in her tongue, fromirwhich she has so long suffered, will soon terminate her agony: She bears her severe trial with that Christian fortitude and submission for which she has been so long noted; and now reatizing in the fullest extent the assurance, "My grace is sufficient for thee." Mr. and Mrs. Smith have the warm prayers and sympathy of all their friends.

The Revs, Canon Innia and R. Hicks offciated in St. James, London South, on March 14th, in the absence of the Rector, Rev. Evans Davig, who is not suffeciently recovered to take his duty as yet.

London.-The Rev. W. Haslam preached in the Memorial Church on Friday, the 12th, and the Rev. W. A. Young, Commissioner, on Sunday evening, the 14th.
The Rev. W. Heslam is holding a Mission in Glencoe at present. From here he goes to Chalham, where he is to spend a week in Christ's Church, after. which he goes to Trinity, North Chatham, thence back to the Momorial Church, London.
Mrs. Haslam's meetings for women are most interesting, and are very largely attonded. A good work is being done.
London.-Thirty-six pupils took advantage of the examinations at the medical departmont of the Western University to commence writ ing for honors.

## DIOCESE OF ALGOMA.

Magnettawan.-The Bighop of Algoma commenced his annual visitation of this Mission, accompanied by the Rev. A. J. Young, the Missionary in charge, on the 3rd of Murch. The first station visited was Seguin Falls. Here a goodly number of settlers assembled at $2: 30$ for Divine Service in the commodious little church of St. Paul, now nearly completed. The Bishop's service is eagerly looked forward to year by year by both young and old in every part of the Mission. Hence the Bishop met a hearty welcome, and everything was dono to make the service worthy of the occasion. Four candidates were presented for Confirmation, the Bishop preaching, and concluding the service with an administration of the Holy Commanion.
Next day the adjoining station of Dufferis Bridge was visited, and Morning Prayer held at St. John's at 10.30. Here the Church people turned out well, and all enjoyed a bright and happy ser:pice.
After dinner and a drive of thirteen miles, another bright spot in the Mission was reach-ed-St. Peter's, Midlothian. Servico was fixed for 4 o'clock, by which time the little church was filled to the doors with an exceptionally derout congregation, who joined heartily in the responses and in singing the hymns and chants. At this station six candidates wero presented for Confirmation.
Magnettawan was reached that night.
On the following day, a drive of seventeen miles brought ue to Sundridge, a village on the Northern Extention Railway, the greuter part of it built within the last eighteen months. Here an evening service had been arranged, at which two children were baptized. At a wellattended meeting of Church members held after tho sorvice, it was stated that in and around the village there were about twenty Church families, numbering not far short of one hundred persons. They told a sad tale. No Church of England service have been held thero, and no Minister of the Church of England goes there. These sons and daughters of the Church of England, ext off from the ministrations of the Church, are like sheep without a shepherd. Nearly one hundred precious souls uncared for and untended!. And this for want of money:

All the Sishop could promise was an occasional service, and that can cnly be givon by reducing the service at other stations, where, far from having enough, the people are ever crying out for more: Wo left the village with mixed feel. ings of joy and sorrow; gind to have had the opportunity of cheering np our lonely brethren, but exceedingly soriy wo wero unable to do more for them.
On Sanday, March 7th, throe sorvicos were held in the central church of the Mission, St. George's, Magnettawan. Morning Prayer was said at 10:30, after which three candidates were presented for Confirmation, the Bishop proaching. At the aftornoon service the consecration and dedication of the church took place, the Bishop giving a very instructive and appropriate address. The members of the various congregations assombling at the out-stations in connection with the Mission were specially invited to this service, the idoa boing to have a unitod gathoring of Church mombers at the central clurch on the occasion of the Bishop's invitation, with a spocial celobration of the Holy Communion. Every station but one was well represented, and a very happy gathering resalted; the Bishop in the courre of his address remarking that it was the first of the Kind in the Diocese at which he had boen pro sent. There were forty-three communicants. Such a gathering must prove a blessing to tho Church at large, as well as to individual mombers who live in a country where opportuni ties for Christian inlorcourso and Church ser vice are so few. It is intended holling a similar service annually. At the ovening servico the Bishop again preached.
The attendance at each sorvice was oxceptionally largo, and the singing and responding very hoarty.
The offortories, which were devoted to the fund boing raised to completo the church, amounted to $\$ 18.50$.
This brought the Bishop's visitation to a close, and he loft on the 8th instant for Nipissing.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

## DIOCESE OF NEW WESTMINSTER.

## (From the Churchman's Gazette.)

Granville.-We are glad to know that the Church is, outwardly at loast, making progress in the future city of Vancouver: We under stand that the little church was crowded to over-flowing one Sunday lately, some porsons being unable to find accommodation. We hope this may be taken as a proof that the people on the Inlet welcome the ministrations of the Church. We believe this to bo the only parish in the Diocese that is entirely self-supporting; not recoiving aid in money from any cxtorna source whatever. The cheque which Mr. Clinton received from tho Diocesan Fund, in accordance with the resolution reported in last month's Gazette, was at once roturned by him. We are confident that he will be nq real laser by so doing.

Holy Trinity.-A very beautiful Memorial East Window bas been put in the chancel of this church by I. B. Fisher, Bisq., of the Bank of British Columbia. The chief sceno is our Blessed Lord's Baptism, which very boautifully illustrates the name of the church. In the upper part of the window is an angel bearing a scroll with the text, "One Lord, one Faith, one Baptism." Below this is tho principal scene, which represents our Lord standing in the Jordan. Above Him are seen the "Holy Ghost in the likeness of a Dove" and St. John's exclamation "Ecce Agnus Dei." Behind Him stands an angel, whilst Sl. John is represented baptizing Him. A little below this is the sentonce "Thus it becometh us to fulfil all righteousness.": The lower part of the window is filled with an angel bearing a scroll with the
text, "By one Spirit we aro all baptized into one body." The whole subject is beautifully worked out, and its oxcoution prochams worlsmansbip of no mean order. Wo cannot but hope that God will nut it into the hoarts of Christians to more frequently conmomorate their friends in such monumonts than in the ordinary way of macking thoir names on usioloss and often unornamoutal stono.

Personal.--The Rov. C. J. Bronton, vicar of St. Mary's and Principal of Iorno Colloge, has resigned his positions, and will be loaving the Diocose.
The Lord Bishop and Mrs. Sillitoo spont the last week of Fobruary at Viotoria as tho guosts of the Licatenant-Governor.

CONTEMPORARY CHURCH OPINION.
We glean this week from soreral of our oxchanges some valuable hinta for the profitable observance of Lont:-

## Standard of the Cross (Ohio) :-

Lent brings again to ovory one the old mossage, "Seek yo first tho kingdom of God, and His righteonsness." The form of the mossage is important as well as its spirit. Let not its foreo be evaporated in Emorsonian paraphraso. Seck the kingdom as Solomon sought it, knowing that although ho was himsolf a king, the kingdom of God might jel cludo his grasp for lack of Divino wisdom. Seek it as all good citizons scek the common weal, not for a momont doubting the national oxistonce, nor questioning the obligations of layalty, yot aware of the tomptation to put selfish or partisan or sectional intorests abovo the State interesta. Seok it by holding life and property subject to tho King. Scok it by conferonce and commanicntion with the King and all His peoplo. Seek it by separation from alion intereste. These are tho rules of Lent: Increase of almsgiving ; more forvent and more frequent priyers; sharper discipline of abstinence from all that does not make for righteousness.

## Church Helper (Western Michigan):-

Lent is opportunity-opportunity to "go up to Jerusalem" along with our donr Lord on Hie last journoy-opportunity to roalizo for oursolves what St. Paul so ardently desired, that he might know "tho followahip of Christ's sufferings, being mado conformable unto His death."
The annual reheareal of "Tho old, old Story" of "Tho blessed Passion and precious Donth" is adapted to draw out our sympaihics and lasten them on our loving Redoomor. And it bolongs to us so to use this opportunity of "drawing nigh unto God," as to acquire mors completo mastory of oursolves Sensible of our faults and weakness, let us cry out with all the encergy and persistonco of blind Bartimexas, "Thou Son of David, have mercy on me." The opportunity which he scized to arr'est the attention of our Lord, was the last one he could have had, for never again did our compassionate Redeemer pass over the road from Joricho to Jorusalem.

## "Once more the solemn season calls

A holy fast to keep."
Thore must bo a last Lent for each of ns-a ast Lent for the Church and the world. Bofore anotber Lenten season, "He" may have come to be our Judge-"the Judgo of all men"-and the door have been shut. Too late tho cry may ariso, "Lord, Lord, opon to us!" But as yet opportunlty is ours. "To-day, if ye will hear His voico, harden not your hearts." "If we be dead with Him, wo shall also live with Him."

## Church Press (New York):--

The Lenton Fast is needed to take us out of urselvee, to call us from carnal pursaits and
indolent ease, and to bring us more directly and fully into contact with God, and face to face with eternity: We have to be made to feel that there is something to live, and work, and suffer for besides our personal gratification, or worldly business and ploasures; and it is only when we are brought into the full light of the Saviour's wonderful life, and still more wonderful death, that we can realize the awful onormity of ain, and the infinite value of the soul, and that we are or can be impelled to those acts of self-abasement and self-saorifice by which alone we can prove our supreme devotion to, and our perfect oneness with, Christ If in this spirit we conduct our private devotions and ettend the public services of the Church-if with this desire, and for this objoct, wo abstain from feshly lusts and worldly plen auires, and fast, and reand, and meditate, and pray-then, indeod, there will be a quickening of the Divine Life within us, and we shall puq on afreeh the new man, which after God is created in rightecusness and true holiness. Do we not all aspire for this? In every parish is thore not preparation for this? and, by the harmonious blonding of all our influences and offorts, shall wo notattain this? Such, indeod, is our glorious privilege; and thus will it be that our Lenton Fast will leave a blossing behind it.

## Parish Record :-

The truo way to observo Lont is to make it a time of mortisiation; and to holp those who dosire, the following plain rules are sug-gosted:-

1. Eat simplofood only.
2. Abstain from the thentre and the dance.
3. Read some roligious book.
4. Attend Divino Service more frequently.
5. Be more quiot and reserved.
6. Slue money, and give it for roligion at Easter.

## Ohurch Record (Connecticut):-

Lent year by year yetioms with the same awful witness to the children of this world, but the witnoss is not that which many understand. Lent has no existenco for its own salre, but the reason and the teaching of the sonson aro of somothing dondly that is the cause. And that dondly thing is sin. Woro thero no sin, no curso, thore would bo no Lent, nor nsed of itBut sin is, and therefore Lent, in all its shandow, griof, fasting, penitence, must be. In somo way or some form tho sad roalization of personal unclonnnoss and spiritunl suicidal poisoning affocts onch life with bitterness, though the day bo postponed and tho knowledge bo banished from the recollection.
Woro it not woll to lot this Lent revenl to oach soul tho dop of porsonal iniquity, that the wonderful mercy of Divine pardon may be in some monsure grasped? Wore it not woll ts plond the one great Sacrifico more frequontly, and roceive the spiritanl Body and Blood of Christ in the appointod way? That as the awful sbadow of the cross falls upon the soul prostrate with grief and shame, sympathetic wooping may bind the lifo to Christ, and, mingled with the awe of the tremendous exercise of rodeoming Lhove, may have the joy of knowing the cortainty of the forgiveness, the assurance and meaning of the rosurroction that drawoth nigh!

Tho Church (Philadelphia) : Whatever men may say, they cannot claim that our Church tenchos a feeble doctrino in respect to individucil sinfulness. Look at the confession at Morning and Evening Prayor. "Thero is no health in us." Look also at the confossion in the Holy Communion sorvice. "Manifold sins and wicirodnoss which we, from time to time, most griovously have committed againgt Thy Divine Majesty, provoking most justly Thy wrath and indignation againgt us." Look also at the Lit-
any, with its hamble cry, oft repeated, "have mercy apon us, miserable sinners." We may dispute as to the technical meaning to be ascribed to the words of the article: "Man is very far gone from original righteonsness, and is of his own nature inclined to evil, so that the flesh lusteth always contrary to the spirit," but there can be no dispute as to the strength, intensity and comprehensiveness of the popular language of our devotional forms. Sometimes, indeed, it is said, that we must not fashion a theology from our prayers. Why not? If there is any time when we are bound to be true, to measure our words, and to lseep them free from exaggeration, that time is when we address God in supplication and prayer: It is an abominable thought that we are over to lie for God. It is a still more odious iden that we are to lie to God, and then expect that by oor lies we shall get nearer to Him, and secure greater blessings for our souls. Oar confessions and prayers, are the popalar bat clear and anthoritative teaching of the Church as to the great and momentous question of human sinfulness. We are sinners of the Gentiles. Each and every man is required to offer the prayer, God be merciful to me a sinner. Let Lent teach every one of us so to offer the prayer that we shall realize the fulliness of its meaning. and receive also the fullness of forgiving mercy.

## IEANING TOWARDS THE CHURCH.

The following we take from the Church Chronicle, of Southorn Ohio :-
Some time has elapsed since you heard from me, and I had begun to fear I should never write again. You see, the dull times, the children, the constant guidance and direction of my old man, and the numberless interruptions that occur, had almost discouraged me; alnost, I say, for I never was completely discouraged in my life, nor have I any use for any one who can be. The man who entirely gives up gonerally ends in being a tramp-at least, that is what I tell my dear old husband, whon his liver gets rebellious, and he goes about with an imaginary brush, and longs to puint ovarything in blue.
But "not to stray from the point"-as Mr. Walkor said upon returning from a ten minutes' digression-I have been thinking you would like to read about a visit I received some days ago, and the things which that visit taught me. Eddie and I were soated in my front roonı-he loarning his spelling, and I darning a sock-when who should knock at the door but Mr. Walker. "Come in, sir," said I, "come in;" then turning, "Eddie, go and get your lesson in tho other room." "No," said Mr. Walker, "don't drive him ont, let him stay, and we can bocome acquainted. Then Mr.'W., giving all his attention to the boy, talked about fishing, hunting kito-sailing, oto., and in five minutes they were the vory best of friends.
While thoy were talking, Eddie turned suddonly towards me and said, "Mothor, I want to ask you a question. Father said the other day that a new man had come to town, and he leans towards the Episcopal Church. What did he mean? I went up there, and looked all around, and the charch looked as lonesome as evor. If there was a soul leaning towards it then, $I$ couldn't see it." Well, yon ought to have henrd Mr. Walker laugh. "Boy," said lie, "listen to me, and I'll tell you just about what that man meant. 'He loans towards the Episcopal Church' is a phrase that deludes the misbionary into a very great joy. When he hears it, he is at once possessed to go and call upon the person whom it describes. As he goos, he says to himself, 'How lucky! Here is a man who will probably give new weight and influence to the Charch Committee; or, if not, likely enough he can sing bassin the choir; or, if not, he will shortly become a church
member.' Well, after a dueamount of pastoral palaver and innocent bat well aimed questions, what does he discover? This, that the gentleman in question 'leans' towards' the Church to that extent that his grandfather was an Episcopal minister-doad many'years, poor old gentleman, and never known beyond his parish When alive; or, that the gentleman's aunt's first cousin was baptized in an Episcopal Church; or, that he is densely indifferent to all Churches, buit a littile less so to the Episcopal, attending perhaps once in a year; ;or. that he was once helped as a flood•sufferer by this Church, and will never be seen near' it again until the next flood; or, that he is an Episco palian as a matter of buncombe, whereby if a dentist he expects : your patronage, and will pull Episcopal teeth, if a doctor he will correct Episcopal livers in this bilious place, and in either case will charge worse than the Light Brigade for the work done;-in ehort, that he 'leans' towards the church the same as you lean towards the fire when seated in a big rocking chair-that is-backwards."

With the lest word, Mr. Walker's hand came down with a heavy thump on the chair, and his oye flashed with indignant fire. "Don't talk to soe about these 'loaners,'" said be. "I am tired of hearing the name. I're worn out more good shoe leather looking up that kind of tough mutton than I'll ever get back again. Now;rmy boy, don't you be a leaner; be an honest, detormined, out-and-out Episcopalicn, like your mother there. Don't you kiss the blarney stone for overy church, caring nothing for any, but love and reverence your own. And, take my word for it, you will have your own respect and that of all respectable people." Then he rose and went away, and I am still thinking, thinking, how terribly straight'some men can talk.

Aunt Marthy.
Bellaire, Ohio, Sept. 18th, 1885.

## THE ANINUNOIATION.

This fostival, occupping its natural position in the course of the seasons of the Christian year, carries with italso, from its character and surroundinge, three spiritual teachings that may be briefly stated.
First, this festival emphasizes the true honor due to the Virgin Mary, "Highly favored" she was, by Divine blessing, not by her own peculiar, essontial character. "Blessed among women," not above or dietinct from womanhood. Closely linked with the God-man, she was purified by Him. Excelling in humility and trust, sho became a model of true womanhood and motherhood to all the Christian ages. The boundless compensation of the mercy. of God annulled the curse arising from our first mothor's sin, by the gift through the agency of the humble Virgin. "All generations shall call her blessed," not for her glory or worship but to the praise and glory of God; who witnessed His infinite condesconsion through hor.

Second, through this great blessing of the wondrous motherhood to the Virgin, the burden that rested so heavily upon all womanhood before was removed by the sovereign hand of God. The honor of the Divine act was not so much for oue woman as for all womanhood. Where God had so signally honored; mankind grusping the Divine revelation, could not despise. Steadily through all the ages since, the witness of this act of God has increased the reverence for womanhood. And in restoring true honor and giving woman her rightfal place, the whole civilization has been tempered and made. pure.
Third, the power of this festivalin the midst of the days that witness mainly sin is prophetic in the darkness, of the day that has dawned and the brigter day whose dawning waiteth. Though our sins be as scarlet, though the agony thereof crush our Master, yet through the power
of His resurrection is declared the full moaning of the Babe of Bethlehem. The prophecy of this festival in this season of repentance is of the spirit of renewal and the kumbling of the soul to the tristing simplicity of Christ's little child.

## CHURCH FINANCE.

The Chiurch's mode of Finance is the Offertoiry. This Offertory is enjoined in our Prayer Book-tie Churchman's gnide and handbookand minute directions are given concerning its practice, Giving is ${ }^{T Y}$ as essential as praying. Giving is as ossential as praising. Tho almsdish becomes a conspicuous feature in pablic worship; and while sentences such as this"If we have sown nnto you spiritual things, is it a great matter if we reap your worldly things?"-are being read, the alms and the devotions of the people are collected by the Deacons, Churchwardens, or other persons. Their final receptacle is "a decent bason," to be provided by the Parish for that purpose. This is reverently brought to the priest, who, in the further words of the Rubric, "shall Kumbly present and place it upon the holy table." All these specific duties are laid down in the Prayer Book in detail, and clearly prove that the offering to God of our substance is notonly a public and congregational, but also a religious act of worship, in which the minister and people are equally required duly to take their parts. The true character of the Offertory-an offering to God-is shown by the offerings being presented and placed upon the holy table.
This lost act of worship the Ohurch is now is now endeavoring to recover, and to restore to its former prominent position in her services. To promote its thoroughness various conditions are indispensable, some of which are hore briefly enumerated. The Church must be free to all, irrespective of rank or age, and the services, being for the people, musti be hearty, earnest and devotional.

The Wardens should receive and be responsible for the offerings, relieving the clergyman from all trouble in this respect. On the church doors should be affixed the previous Sunday's oftertories, with a statement of their application. For the sake of comparison, the quarter's receipts should appear with those of the previous quarter, and a full balance sheet of all receipts and expenditure should be laid before the congregation at the close of the year. In this way, confidence is secured and an assurance given that all is honest and above board. Another advantage is that a species of test or barometer of the religious condition of the congregation is in this way provided.
The clergyman, by assiduous and frequent house to house visitation, will induce bis people to return his call on thom by appearing regularly before God in public worebip. All ought to repair thither, his sorvices, as well as the building, being as mach for one as for another. He will have implicit faith in the Offer-tory-as the Church's appointed ordinance, and make his people appreciate the conficlence he
places in them. He will teach his people the places in them. He will teach his people the
tirst yudiments of almo-giving, and their instruction in the motive, the measure and the mode cannot be too deeply implanted; care will be talsen to inform the people to what they are giving, the amount being rigidly applied to the object for which it was asked. Parents and Sunday-school teachers should be impressed with the necessity of instructing the young in the church's teaching and practice of the Offertory.
And the poople have their part to perform. Feeling that the Church is theirs, they are bound in honor to support it. Their own character, to say nothing of their love for their minister and of their devotion to the Churoh, renders them willing to make any self-sacrifice

Which may be required of them. To insure success the clergymen and the people must act together. As a certain amount of honest hard Work is necessary, they must be in completo "rapport." The work must bo done in a painstaking way, and as pradent men of business would conduct thoir own affairs.-Church Press.

## $B R I T I S H$ BUDGET.

Lord Harrowby has been unanimously chosen by the Committee to succeed the late Lord Shaftesbury as President of the British and Foreign Bible Society.

An annonymous donor has sent a cheque for $£ 2,000$ to the Bishop of Liverpool, so be divided, as his lordship deemed fit, between the four diocesan sccieties. These are the Church Building Soeiety, the Church Aid Society, the Board of Education, and the Benefices Augmentation Fund.
Among the candidates ordained lately by the Bishop of Oxford were several who had been Nonconformist ministers, and one gentleman Who, a fow years since, was a follower of Mr. Bradlaugh.

## MAGAZINES.

The Homietyo Magazine, ofLondon, March number, issued simultaneousiy in New York by E. B. Treat, 771 Broadway, is to hand, and maintains the high standard for which it has been so long noted. Is Salvation Possible After Death ? is discussed by Dr. C. E. Babut; Mental Characteristics of Christ, by Rev. H. N. Bernard, M.A.; Unconscious Prophecies, by Rev. A. Mackennal, B.A.; In the Valloy of Seir, by Rev. Dr. R. D. Shaw; The Youth of Jesus, by Dr, C. E. Luthardt; The Son of Uri ; Dovising and Dovotion, by Rev. Fred'k Hastinge ; The Permanence of Christ's Love, by Rev. Fred J. Austin; Sketches from the Second Century, by Rev. R. A. Redford. Several other articles are treated by distingnishod writers. All the sections of this magazine-consisting of The Theological, The Expository, The Homiletical, The Discellaneous and Ro-views-are well filled, and covor important ground. Yearly, \$3. Single copies, 30.
The Theological and Homileing Magaizine. S. R. Briggs, Toronto.

This is the Canadian edition of the Homiletic Magrazine, published at 30c. a single number, or $\$ 1.50$ for six months, and $\$ 2.50$ per annum.
The Homiletic Review.-Funk \& Wagnalle, 10 and 12 Dey street, New York. $\$ 3$ per annum; 30c. each.
In the March numbor of The Homilotic there eight articles in the Review Section: Prof. I. C. Bissell, of Hartford, shows that Modern Criticism has not unfaroriably affected any of the essential Doctrines of Christianity; Dr. Witherspoon, of Louisville, Ky., sensibly defiues what should be the attitude of the American clergy towards the Revised Scriptures; Dr. Moxom, of Boston, clearly defines the Essential Features of tha "New Theology;" Dr. Howard Crosby shows the adrantago of Greok to the average clergyman; Dr. J. M. Buckley discusses what Books should be in every Minister's Library; Dr. J. M. Ludlow gives a valu able paper on Illustration of Themes; Dr. Ormiston another chapter of his intensely interesting experience; and Dr. Pierson contributos Seed Thoughts for Sermons. The Sormonic Section gives seven sermons: one from the German, by $D_{r}$. Gerok, and others by Drs. Henry M. Booth, R. S. Storrs, J. G. Butler, Rev. J. C. Allen, and others, and an ancient Jewish sermon by Prof. B. Pick. The New Departments are all well sustained; while the Miscellaneous and Editorial Departments are full of sterling, live matter, put in a striking

Ter Croroh Sunday-Sohool Magazine.-Tho Church of England Sunday-school Institute, Serjeant's Inn, Fleet stureet, London, Eng.
This is one of the publications of that most excellont Institute which has done and is doing so much for Sunday-school worls throughout the world. Evary number is full of interesting. Church information and instrietion.
Words of Comfort and Consolation.-Thos: Whittaiser, 2 and 3 Bible Houso, Now York. Price, 75c.
Thirty-one shects of Scripture Texts, printed in large and clear black letters, and mounted on roller, ready for hanging ap in school-room or house. The work is excellently done, and it adds one more to the many "holps" in tho instruction of the young.

The Atlantio Monthly.-Houghton, MiAlia. \& Co., Boston.
The March number contains a short story, which is likely to bo the suhject of mueh comment, as also soveral articles of romaskablo interest. Tho story in question is called "A Brother to Dragons," and is anonymous. The notable articles are a paper on "Amoricano," by Justin Winsor ; a consideration of the "Prosent Condition and Prospects of Architocturo." by Henry Fan Brunt; an article, "Classic and Romantic," on the two gront schools in literature, by Frederic Honry Hedge; and momorial papers on Dr. Mulford and Gon. Grant, by Horaco E. Scuddor and T. W. Higginson, rospect ively. The number would be worth possoasing if there were nothing elso in it, but in addition wo have continuations of Homy James and Charles Egbert Craddock's serials, and of Dr. Holmes' dolightful "Nor Portfolio," which holds two " occasional "poems.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

## To the Editor of The Ciuron Guardian :

Sir,-It is bardly, perhaps, worth while that anything more should be written about the new Bishop of Manchoster, but the lettor of your correspondent from Halifax, in your issuo of the 17th, eriticizing your articlo upon that subject, is so full of misconceptions that I should liko to bo allowed to say how entiroly I agree with the article in question. In your comments appended to that letter you have clearly pointed out that it is not a "compliment to tho Colonial Church," as your correspondent thinks, but the exact opposite, to withdraw the gift England made to Australia. And when ho writos that "no selfish quostion was ever raised" when Dr. Barry went out to bo Bisnop of Sydney, he must oither have forgotton, or not read, what was writton by the Church Press on tho subject. He clearly, too, does not know the caures which have led soveral Bishops to resign Colonial Sces, or he would not attribute their reaignation in "nearly overy case" to "ill-health." I beliove the Episcopate in England fuxnishes no example of a Bishop resigning: his See for any cause. Commont is needless. The translation of $\mathrm{Dr}^{\prime}$. Moorhouse from Melbourne to Manchester is a great enigma. It cannot be believed that a suitable appointment, even for Manchester, could not havo been made from the thousands of clergy in England ; so where was the necesuity of depriving the Colonial. Church of one of her ablest Bishops? Whatover are the remons for the course adopted, I venture to think that all oarnest Colonial. Churchmen will agree with the view jou havo taken of it, and foel very sorry that a differont mode was not taken to fill the See of Manchester.

## Yours obediently,

F. H.J. Briostocke,

Rector of Trinity Church, St. John March 19, 1886.

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- Editor and Prophietor: -
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- Absoointe Eiditors: -

REV. H. W. NYE, M.A., Rector and thural Donn; Bed Sord; P.Q. ; REV: EDWYN B. W. PENTREATH, Wlan!pog. Manitoba.

Adilrest Corrcsponitence sud Commauicntiong to the Falltor, P.O. Box bo4. Exchnnges to R.Q. Box 1050. For Buninces תminouncements sce page 14.

## SPEUIAL NOTICE

- Bobsorisersitn Arat.ins are rebpactfally reçuested remitat thelr earliost conventence. Tho very low price at wheh tho paper is published renders necessary a right onforcement of the rulo of payment la ndyance. The labsi glves tho date of expirntion.
Will Subscribers please cxaminc Label, and remitt



## CALENDAR FOR MARCH.

Maraif 7th-Quinquagesima.
10th-Ash Wednesday.
" 14th-1st Sunday in Lont.
17 h )
19th Ember Days.
20th
21st-2nd Sunday in Lont.
" 25th-Annunciation of Virgin Mary.
28th-3rd Sunday in Lont.
'IO SUBSCRIBIIRS IN NEW BRONSWICK, NOVA SCOITIA AND ONTARIO.
W. B. Steaw, Neq., is the only person, (Clergy oxcepted), at present anthorized to solicit and roceivo payment of Subscriptions in Now Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

Mar. Join Burnimar, of Cobourg, has been appointod Gonoral Travelling Agontfor Ontario for the Cirurcil Guardian; and we bespeak for him tho kindly assistanco of Clorgy and Laity in the sovoral Parishes and Diocoses.

## TIIA METHODISM OF MODERN MDTHODIS'TS COMPARED WITH

TIE METHODISAI OF
ITS FOUNDERS.
Wo have on sovoral occasions printed quotations from the writings of the Rov. John Wes loy, which clonly show how fir those who profess to bo his followors have doparted from his principles. A prominont layman of tho Dioceso of Niagam, M1. Goorge Elliott, has addrossed a long and ablo lottor to the Guelph Mercury on the same subject, in roply to certain atatemonts made by a Methodist ministor of that city. Mr. Elliott states that he has in his possession the lives of Charles and John Wesloy, printed in the yoar 1805, by John Whiteload, M.D. This titlo page is healed "The life of the Rev. John Wosloy, M.A., colloctod from his privato papers and printed works, and writton at tho requost of his oxecutors, with the lifo of the Rev. Charles Wesloy, M.A., collocted from his private journal, and nover bofore publishod." The whole forming a history of Mothodism, in which the principlos and coonomy of the Mothodists are unfoldod. From this work he gives some oxtracts, "to show the opinions of the Wesleyan body in the diys of its founders-that they
considered themsolves part of the Church from whioh they had no idea of separating; that they received the sacramenti of the Churcb from the hands of Episcopally ordain od Ministers, and not from Lay Preachers, and that during the lifetime of the Wesleys there was no separation of the Church."

Page 347-He says: "I am. clear that it is neither lawful nor expedient for me to separate fiom the Church of England. My affection is as strong as ever for the Church, and I clearly see my calling to live and die in hor communion, and 'my brother's twolve reasons against our ever separating from the Church of England are mine also."

On page 184-"A. M. Shaw began a disturbnnce in our Society, insisting that there is no Priesthood, that there is no order of men in the Christian Mrinistry, that he himself haid as good a right to baptize and administer the sacraments as any other man. I tried to check Shav in his talk against a Christian Priesthood; at last I told him I would oppose him to the uttermost, and either he or I must quit the Society. In expounding I warned them strongly agninst schism, into which Shaw's notions must lead them. I warned Messrs. Vaughan and Brookman against Shaw'e pestilent errors. (Tho italics are ours.) I spoke strongly at the Suroy Society in behalf of the Chupech of Eng land.

On page 332 the author makes these state ments: The numbor of lay preachers was now greatly increased, and although very few of them had enjoyed the benefits of a learned or oven a good education in the conmon branches of knowlodge, yet among them were mon of strong sense and groat power of mind, who soon became able proachers of the Gospel. They wished to promote a plan, which no doubt they hoped might be more useful to the people, therefore some of the preachers desired that they should have some lrind of ordination, and be allowed to administer the sacraments to tho people. Both Mr. John and Charles Wesley opposed this attempt, as a total direliction of the avowed principles on which the societies were first united tagether. When they bocame itinerant proachers and began to form socioties they never intended that the societies should be soparate churches. The members were exhorted to attend thoir respective places of worship, whether the established church or a dissenting meoting; and the times of preaching on the Lord's Day were purposely fixed to give them liberty so to do. It is evident the Methodist societies were formed on these broad and disintorested principles, however narrow-minded and interested men may have may havo misconstrued or ondenvoured to pervert them. It was a new thing, but the two brothers were fully persuaded that this was the peculiar calling of the Mothodists.

On page 342-I wroto to my brother as fol lows : One thing only occurs to me now, which might provent in a groat measure the mischiefs which will probably ensue after our death, and that is much greator care and deliberation in admitting preachers.
Let us pray God to show us if this has not boen the principal cause why so many of our preachers have lamentably miscarried. Ought ainy now preachor to be received before we know that he is grounded in the doctrines we teach particularly in the communion of the Church of England, and should wo not be well assured that the candidate is no enomy to the Church?
Pago 345-In a lettor to tho Brothren at Leods, he says: Let nothing hinder you from going to church and sacrament.
Mr. Elliott concludes his letter with a referouce to the writings of "one of the most lonrned and pious men in the Methodist body, since the days of Wesley, Dr, Adam Claxke,"
which are diametricailly opposed to the pretensions of modern Methodists:-
In his learned and voluminous commentary on the Holy Scriptares, on 1st Epistle Timothy, 3rd chapter, 1 st vise he says; apiscopacy in the Church of God is of divine appointment, as such should be maintained and supported. The State has its Monarch, the Church its Bishop."
On the 2nd verse, same chapter: "'In former times bishops wrote mach and preached much; and their labours were greatly owned of, God. No charch since the Apostles days has been more homoured in this way than the British Churoh. They have been an honotw to their function, and that since the Reformation the bishops have in general been meñ of gregt learning and probity, and the ablest advocates of the Christian system, both as to its authenticity, and the purity and excellence of its doctrines and morality."
On 13 verse, same chapter, he says: "But bishops, preskyters and deacons oxisted in the Apostolic Church, and may therefore be considered of divine oligin."
It also appears that in the Diocese of Ontario. a Tract entitled "Why I am a Methodist," has' been diligently circulated. It elicited a number of letters in reply from another layman in that Diocese, which lettors appeared in the Pembroke Standard, but have now been printed"in pamphlet form'. 'They are writton in a charitable and moderate though firm tone, and ably meet and expose the fallacies of the arguments and reasons given for leaving the Church, and that too for the most part by quotations trom Wesley himself. This work is one which ought to have a very large circulation, and which Will be found most useful in parochial use. Would that these Christian brethren might return to the fold whence they went out, and that, not for any ad vantage to it as a National Church, but that the Unity of the Body might be to this extent restored, and the prayer of the Saviour to this extent realized.

## THE PRINCIPLE OF FASTILNG.

Canon Luckook, in his very attractive and instructive addresses, now published under the titlo of "The Foolprints of the Son of Man as traced by St. Mark," (T. Whittaker, New York), in commenting on the second chapter of St. Mark: vs. 18-22, says :--
"We must notconclude from this that Christ forbade or even discouraged the principle of fasting. It was the Jewish surroundings which He condemned, Rabbinic Pharisaism had wholly misconceived its truo object: it had taught men to boliey, that such mortification was a means of averting ;God's anger, and of atoning for sins. To the Pharisees it was no instrument for the subjection of the lower to the highor nature, no ingredient in the cup of penitence, no sign of deep humiliation for offeuce against God, but a meritorious act, entitling him who practised it to Divine acceptance. As such it gained no encouragement, no recognition, in the teaching of our Blessed Lord.
"Neither did He approve of their mode of fasting. The:Spirit of the Gospel is not the Spinit of the Law. The one is love; the other is fear. The Jew sat in sackcloth and ashes; the Christian anoints his head and washes his face.
"Wo have only to turn to the Sermon on the

Mount to understand the real position of fasting. Its trúe value was, fally recognized when our Lord unitod it in a three-fold cord with the Christian graces of prayer and almagiving, and pointel theriby to man's triple duty to God, his neighbor and himself. In enjoining the obligation of fasting, He knew that if it be true that:ino, one can enjoy liberty till he has learned self-restraint, it is absolutely necessary for the full realization of Christian freedom that a man shonld be able to hold his lower appetites in complete subjection.
But fasting in its highest sense reaches far beyond the abstinence from bodily food. The rule is absolute: "If any man will be My disciple, let him deny himself." St. Bernard shows well what it is which makes the Christian "ascetic." If, he says, "the appetite alone have sinned, lot that alone fast; bat if other mombers, let them also fast-the oye from looking with pleasure at any glass which reflects self; the ear from praise of self, from slanders, goseip, controversy; the tongue from detraction, murmaring and fault-finding; the hand from needless work which hinders prayer; but more than all, the sonl from vice and self.will. Thus only shall we avoid provoking God to reject our offerings; thus only realize what is promised: " Behold, on the day of your fast, ye ind pleasure."

## THE CETENARY OF THE COLONIAL CHURCH.

We observe in the Bishop of Nova Scotia's reply to the address tendered the vonerable Prelate by his clergy upon his return to Holifax, after a visit to the Mother Country, that his Lordship, in referring to the cousecration of the beautiful Cathedral which the munificence of Nowfonindland Churchmen has erected to the memory of the saintly Bishop Field, expresses deep regret "that this city (Halifax), the seat of the first Colonial Bishop, is still, at the end of the first centenary, without that very important adjunct, a Cathedral properly so celled." His Lordship's utterances reminds us that we are fast approaching the hundredth anniversery of one of the great landmarks in the history of the Anglican Communion, the birthday of the Colonial Church, and we confidently hope that those in authority will take timely steps to have tho day suitably commemorated. The Centenary of the Colonial Episcopate marks an epoch in the history of our branch of the Charch Ca tholic characterized by a growth and progress that finds scarce a parallel in the ecclesiastical annals of modern times. A century ago a solitary North American Bishopric comprised the Colonial Episcopate, which to-day embraces beventy-three sees and is co-extensive with the Colonial Empire. The centennial of an event so fraught with greatness to our beloved Church should not be allowed to pass by, without some expression of the joy with which the day should fill ua and a thankegiving to Almighty God for the large measure of blessing which he has been pleased to bestow upon this Charch. And not alone by the Church in Canada should the day be marked and joyfolly kept, but the whole Anglican Commanion throughout the world might fittingly join in observing this centennial. From the choirs of ten thonsand churches let a joyfuil. Te Deum ascend. At every altar
let the Holy Encharist set forth the Charoh's thankfalness, and there too let there be prosented the votive offering of her faithful sons and daughters through which the commemoration may receive permanoncy and there may rise up a memorial that will make our celebration perpetual. No form could such a memorial better take than to raise around the firet Cathedra of the Colonial apostolate the over-sheltering xgis of a fair house of God.
For sometime past the Church people of Halifax have been wishing to see the wooden building now used as the Catbedral Church of the Diocese give place to "a Cathedral properly so called." It is more than probable that the contenary will be the occasion of this long hoped for work being undertaken. Let our branch of Christendom unite in raising, commemorative of the centenary, a votive Church that, grand and cathedrallike, would stand from gnocration to generation a witness and a home of our Faith.

## EDITORTAL NOTES.

An excellent tract, for Parochial use is that ontitled, "Why wio are Churchmen." A sermon preached by the Rev. Geo. Venables, Vicar of Great Yarmouth in 1874, before an Association of Church Helpers. The true idea of what the Church is, and of the position of the various denominations is admirably put. Referring to the divisions of Christendom, Mr. Venables says:-" Almost every week you see new enter"prises, new views, new schemes of religious "worship all professedly new, and yet though "quite novel, each claiming for itself to be the " true exhibition of the Church of Christ; all "these cannot be correct. It is almost like "deciaring that over eighteen centuries had " passed before the true Church of Christ ex"isted! And what follows from these sad and "increasing divisions and heresies? Why that "infidelity stalks along with its chilling and " attenuated lank vieage, all doubt and dreari" ness, but with enough of the affirmative in its " misery of negation to sneer out the satiro, "which of your hundred and fifty sects 'repro" sents the true religion?" Well, indeod, aro "such divisions called in the Prayer Book, "' Our Unhappy Divisions." Might not the prayer for unity be fittingly used during Lent, as well in the public services as by individuals? And if so used in sincerity and faith surely a blessing must follow.

In the preparation for Ministerial life and work is there as much attention given to training and eultivating the woice as thoro ought to be? We do not mean merely in reference to proper pronunciation and clear and distinct raading; but also to the cultivation of the tone of roice. It is too true that the beanty and offectiveness of the incomparable liturgy of the Church is often marred by faulty and absurdly ridiculous pronunciaticn and emphasis, but independently of these defects, one sometimes, too often,-meets with a voice utterly unsympathetic in tone, lond, harsh and rasp-like, and admirably adapted to banish anything like devotional feeling. Even assuming that this is the natural tone of the voice, it cannot be denied that by proper cultivation it may be so improved as to be, if not pleasing, at least inof-
fensivo. Those intended for public singers spend years in developing tho bestqualitios and in conquering defects of the voice; and should not equal care be taken by those whose spocial duty it will be to bear messages of lovo and peace, and constantly to publicly lead in tho services of God's House? Why should it be thought a marlz of earnosiness on the part of the preacher to shout "at the top of the voice" as if his hearers were all afficted with denfness? And yet it is frequently done, to the disgust of many a poor soul.

We wondor sometimes what part tho mon and women of our different congregations consider theirs in the services of the Church. The Charch by rubric preseribes that this shall be said by the priest, this by tho people. Tho formor does his duty and speaks out nudibly; hundreds of the lattor, when it comes to thoir turn, are either wholly silont, or spoak as if fearful that somo one may hear them. This is often noticeable in reference to the "Amens," even where the other portions of the responsive sorvice aro fairly taken. Wo me quito aware that thero has beon a marked chango for the better in theso particulars of lato years, but there is still room for improvement in many quarters, and each should not only fool it to be his and her duty, but also priviloge, to audibly join in the public prayers. Failure to do so is a wrong done to themselves: to the minister:-whose zeal and enrnostnoss it chills:-to the Chareh :-as it renders her appointed services less attractive, and throws discredit on her system:-and, above all, to God, to whom is due the worship of lip and heart, of body and of soul.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

[The name of Correspondent must In all casos be onclosed with letter, but wlll not be published unlcess dosired. 'The Editor will not hold himself yesponsibic, lo wover, for any op[ntons expresseu by Correspondente.]

## "WHY I AM A METHODIST."

To the Editor of The Churoi Guardian :
Dear Sir,-I beg to announce that the pamphlet in answer to the abovo-named tract, and ontitled "Methodism versus the Church, ol" 'Why I am a Methodist' answorod," by a layman, is now ready. It consista of 52 pages. Price per single copy, 16c., postage included. May be had from J. Durio \& Son, Otliwa, and Rowsoll \& Hutchison, Toronto.
Large quantitios will be supplied by tho undersigned at the following pricos:- 10 copice for $\$ 1.06,25$ for $\$ 2.14$, and 50 for $\$ 3.78$, postage included.

Yours truly,
W. O. Sifeatman.

Pombroko, O., March 15th, 1886.
Dear Sir,-As I. am a constant reador of your very intercesting papor every wook, I am much dieappointed in seeing so little interest taken in reporting the nows in the various Missions of the Diocese of Quebce. The chief events in almost all others are fally reported. There is plenty of news in almost every Mis. sion that would be very interesting if made public, and if a little more interest was taken it would be beneficial.
This Mission of Ascot Corner and Westbury was established eleven years ago by Dr. Roo, Professor of Divinity, Bishop's Collogei, and by his untiring exertions, instead of from six or eight Church families, we have now over one handred communicants, and instend of schoolhouses for morshipping in we kave two good
churchos and other buildings. Wo have had the benefit of a resident minister for overi a year. He is a young man, but he is respec ed and loved by all, and next Sunday he will be ordained Priest.
I am afraid I am making this too long for the firge time. But let us take an interest in故 esting and newry as possible.
Promising you further items another time,
A. Stagey, P.M.

Sir,-Will you permit mo through your columns urgently to solicit assistance ou behalf of a misaion church at Beaver Bank, in this parish.
The nearest churches are twenty-seven miles apart, and many of the inhabitante cannot at tend either on aecount of the distance. Funds sufflcient to pat up the building itself have been. raised, but over $\$ 150$ are still neoded to complete the interior and render it fit for $u$ e. There are elevon church families within the distance of three miles on each side of the new church, nad ton moro farther off.
Contributions, which will be most thankfully received, may be sent to Miss Penolope Giove, The Woodlands, Beaver Bank, Halifax County, Nova Scotia; or to

Yours faithfully,
Wm, Elins,
Rector of Sackville,
Halifux, N.S.
[For Additional Correspondence, see page 7.]

## FAMILY DEPARTMENT.

holy oommunton.
Lord, In Thy rightcousness alone,
To Thy bloat tiablo, lo! wo enme
Hor Thou, our Savlour Lord, fre near.
Thou bldat us thus remomber Thee, Who ded for us on Calvary,
'ith Thou shalt comc once more atn Aud with Thy salnte in glory rolgn.
Our siafil bcales, Lord, make clenn, And iron has worlaus kervanta wean m Mhy most prechous eleanshig blood
Wubin Thou vach soul, 0 Lamb of God.
The broken brend, the wine outpoured, Phest henvonly tood of Christ my Lord, Whith tefl or comfort from above
Denper the tie has now become, That makes us with our Gaviour one, That binds as to his wounded shle,
Whore weary hearts la futh ablede.
The saints in one comnitunion sweot bo here in holy communo meot;
jhest fotlowhif of love divine; Through Christ the ono trono IIving Vine.
Onc high thanksgiving now we raise,
Tesu our Snvilur Lord we prafse: And of His love for ever sing.
-Family Cluwehnaen
TILE WONDERFUL WALLETS; OR, STRENGTH CONFOUNDED.

AN ADDRESS TO GIILLDREN UY THE LORD BISIIOP OP RIPON, W. BOYD CARPENTER, D.D.

## (Continued.)

They wore about a hundred yards distant, crouching at the opening of their dens.
Ther'e is no uso going back-to late to flylet us go forward side by side. But what shall we do with those handfuls of dust?
I know, answered Terus. Liet us go side by side, as you say, and when wo got quite close, let us fling the dust in the faces of these mon-stors-you to the right, I to the left-at the same moment.
Thoir hearts beat hard and their breath came short as they drew nenr. They could not speak to one another, for they could hear nothing but the rone of the wild beasts. There they lay, with uplifted, scaly hends, and flaming oyes, and hungry toeth. They wore strongly oncased in huge shields of scale; no weapon could have pierced through suoh armor.

At last came the moment. Fiducius and Verus drew near." The monsters began to rise up to spring apon theme' butt the lads touched oné añother as a signal; and then thég:ench flung their handful of dust with main foree into the open mouthe and upon the glaring e:jes of the monsters. The huge beasts rose with a shirek of agony, and then fell rollizig over upon the groind; but Fiducius and Verde nimbly passed by; and looking back upon these wild creatures-who now in sheer pain were tearing madly and blindly at one another-they knew that they were safe.
Is it not wónderful? said Vorus. We wished for i' sword or spear; bat the dast was more useful. How wise our father must be ? , \%e.
True, said; Fidncius; wo have never really: wanted.
So, talking one to nother, they came to the end of the long, dark, gloomy talley, and at its summit they saw the light-itot dazeling, but fair and calm-of a beautoons city. . It shone like the quiet light of the deep sea, and a rainbow of soft greea hue overarched its towers.

The city of the King, they both exclaimed.
Kind and loving eyes wero looking apon them, and a kind andloving voice was bidding them welcome. Could they bolievo their eyes? Yos, they had learned so much of their father's love and wisdom, that they could beliove any kindness and goodness of him now.: They lookod up and saw him. His were the hands that bad rescued them from the monstcr. His welf the eyes that had looked so kindly upon them; his the voice that bade them woleome; and he it was who brought them-feeling not at, all strange, but quite at home-into the midst. of the joyous and imperisbable City of the Father King.
So the story onds; you will not forgot'it, my children, for it is a story for you. You have a. journey to take to your Father's city; you are children of a King; and you, too, have with you the promiso of all tho help you need. Nevè turn back from-doing right, because it is hard; never think that the promise of the word is better than the promiso of God; never bo afinid, though your wildest passions wior within you-they look and feel strong, but a littlo dust will ono day quench them all; face them, fight them, God's help is enough; you will tread down all tho power of sin and of ovil ; death itsolf will not ovorwholm you. In all theso you will be more thin conquerors through Him that loved you.

## A STORRY FOR LENT.

## (From the Church Press.)

The afternoon sun was shining full upon St. Andrew's, transforming the flooded park in front into a sea of gold, and shedding a magic splendor upon the glittering cross that erowned the spiro.
The congrogation wero coming slowly away from the church after the vesper service. It was the first Sunday in Lent, and Mr. De Forest had spoken with unusual carnestness to his poople, ospecially the younger ones, urging them to a right observance of the fast, and beseoching them in some way to practise a real self-denial, that at the end of the season they might have moro to give to the Master, be it much or little, gold and silver; or a conquered fault.
Upon two of his hearers, at lenst, his words had made a deep impression. One of these was Robert Dutton, the son of a widow who, by constant sowing, had gained for herself and her boy a home-comfortable, indeed, but wholly dovoid of luxury.
The other, Archer Hartley, was the younger child of a wealthy lawyor. Archer was generous and Frank, but though kiud-hearted and courteous to all his companions, be felt himbelf far snperior to them all from a lofty pride in his family and surroundings.

Both the boys had been much moved by Mr. De Fof'est's earnést ton'e ; 'bat while Robert had determined uponi somédéfinte plan for keeping Lent, Archer 'had "made up his mind to do something, if only that something would come into his way.
A few diys later, as Archer was roturning home through a cross' ttreet in the city', he was joined by Mir. De Fórest, who greeted Hiri cordially, and then said :
I'pe just been to ses Robert: Dutton; .. he slipped on the ice day before yesterday dislocating his wrist and severely, spraining his leg. Poor fellow I I'm afraid he will have to keep Lent in earnest this year, for the doctor thinks he will"not.' be able to walls before five or six weeks. By the way; Archer, he added, as ho turned away, he is one of your school-fellows, and I wish you'd go and. see him; 'twould brighten him np wonderfully, and be a real work of chairity.
He, Aircher Hartley, make a call at the house of a.dressmalser! However, the boy was sufficientiy ill to make it in triuth an act of mercy; and then it was Lent, and the thought of the cross, and all his gond intentions, caused him to turn rapidly away in the direction of the Duttons, farfol lest, if 'he waited another day, his charitable emotions might have vanished away.

Archer had always had a courteous word for Robert whenever they met, though never approinching familiarity, aud accordingly Robert had always regarded bim with reepectful adpiration. Ho was overwhelmed with astonishment and pleasure, therefore, when Archer was shown in to lis room, lindly inquining how he felt.
After a full description of the accident there was an awkward pause, when Areher burst out with
I say, Rob, are you going to do anything this Ient like what Mr. De Forest wanted us to?
Ob; dear! groaned Rob, I had the most glorious plan, and was going to earn no end of money; but now I'm all knocked up, and shall have to give it all 品.

Oh! tell mo; said Archer' what was it?
Why, I saw in the paper that Barkentin, the stationor,', wanted a fellow to carry round papers at noon, and, as it was between school-bours, I thought I could do it; and, when I went to inquire, he told me he'd give me the job. And that's not the only bit of money I've got to let slide either', for there's one place where I alwrys olean the sidewalk after a storm; but then, he added, in a forced tone of resignation, that's not much of a loss, after all, for p'r'aps 'twont snow again this year.

Archer's kind heirt was touched by the boy's ovident distrese and disappointment; and in a fit of generosity, certainly without iealizing what he was promising, he exclaimed:
Now, don't, you worry; Rob, IIl get somobody to take your place, and you shall have tho monoy just the same, only don't say anything about it.
Rob did not stop to consider the justice of this arrangement, but, delighted beyond meisura, he poured forth his thanks as best he could. After gaining the necessary informa tion concerning the worls, Archer tools his deprirtire.
That night Archer had time to think it all over, and then he discovered the magnitude of his proposal. His first idea had been to have one of his father's office boys deliver the papers, But of course no fellow would do it for nothing, and to piy some one else would worse than spoil the plan; besides, his father bad forbidden him to contrict any debts which he could not pay out of his oyn allowance.
After much pondering, accompanied with marvellous scretring about, and a wonderfully puckered face, he decided that one of two things :was to be done-either to back'out of the whole business, or elae to do it himself. He
was too manly to resort to the former method, after having given his promise, and recejved Rob's thanks, and gradually the disa. greeable conviction forced itself upon his mind that that must be his Lenten work.
It was too humiliating that he, the wealthy son of a highly honored man, shonld be carrying around newspapers like any urchin from the streets.
But gradually there came to his help the thought of the Suffering One, and all that had been borne for him-the harsh mockery, the cruel taunts, and the bitter agony upon the Cross-and that night Archer Hartloy gained his first roal victory over self.
The next day he began his self imposed labors. The work itself was not so difficult, but the performance was thoroughly galling to his sense of pride. However, he determined that no one should recognize him, so he hunted up an old cap which had belonged to his older brother, pulled it well over his head, and turned up his coatcollar. To his great satisfaction none noticed him, and he had just time before lunch, after going his rounds, to conceal his new-found dieguise.

After a day or two he became somewhat accustomed to this work, but the thought of the snow-clean ing baunted him, and most earnestly did he hopo that winter was gone. A slight flurry of snow at the beginning of Ient vainly trightoned him, but after two weeks an unmistakable snow storm com menced early in the evening.
A pretty fix I've got myself into now, sighed Archer, as he started off for full particulars from Rob; the other is bad enough, and this is ton times worse; but I've got into it now, so I might as well go full figure.
But, horror of horrols! when Rob gave the name of the gentleman who had engaged his servicos Archer gave a great start; it was the father of his most intimate friend, and somebody would be sulue to know him. They sha'n't, though, thought the resolute boy, as he turned away from the Duttons'; I'll disguise myself still more.
Fortunately for his pride, the snow ceased to fall during the night, so that Archer could start off carly in the morning. He slipped down the cellar, begrimed his face with charcoal, in addition to his other new adornments, as if poverty and dirt must necessarily go together, and dashed off.
Very luckily for him, owing to the early hour, he escaped detection, as the money was delivered to him by a servant. Though his very rosy countenance, cansed by vigorous rubbing to remove the dirt, drew forth some wondering remarks at the breakfast table, nothing farther came of it; and, to his intense relief, no more snow fell that season.
It was weary. work carrying around the papers day after day; but he persevered, and finally Holy Week came on. By that time the doctor had pronounced

Robert well enough to take up again his daily daties, and, though he really wished now to do the work himself, Archer begged him not to take it away from the cther fellow antil after Leant.

Robert had already began to suspect who this other fellow was, and; though he had promised never to tell, his astonishment and gratitude knew no bounds.
It was with a feeling of real pride, very different, however, from his old enemy, that, late on Easter Eve, Areher walked around for the last time to Robert Dutton'a to carry to him the hardly earned money.
His kindness to Robert was amply repaid by the grateful boy's really sincere thanks, and still more by the significant smile and glance which Robert cast upon him the next morning, as the gift was placed upon the plate to be laid upon the altar and sanctified thereby.
Easter Day dawned bright and beautiful; it seemed to Archer ss if never had the whole oarth been so radiant, and never before had he so realized the beauty of the services of the glorious Resurrection Day as after his woll-kept Lent.
His joy was complete when Mr De Forrest, in hissermon that day", spoke of the peace of those who, unknown to others, had gained some victory, or in some way do nied themselves for the Master's sake, and assured them that though perhaps unnoticed here, it would never be forgotten or finally unrewarded by him.
That Lenten experience and discipline wonderfully influenced for good the after life of those two boys; the one perfected through bodily suffering, and the other by a conquered pride and a real self sacrifice.
E. H. K.

Turning sunshine into night, and making misery gratis when we are not miserable, is anything but Christian, though, alas I some very good people do sometimes make a merit of $i$ it.

## DIED.

Pecers.-At St. Dohn, N. B. on March hlth James White Peters. Eisq, formerly of $\frac{A}{\text { schburn, }} \mathrm{JLL}$. Johu, aged 7 t years.

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## MISSION FIELD.

## CAICOTTA.

The Anniversary of the Oxford Mission in Calcatta was kept on the Festival of the Epiphany. There was a service in the Chapel at nine a.m., und a breakfast afterwards. The Bishop was celebrant; assistod by his Chaplain the Rev. H. O, Moore. The choir, a very efflicient one was formed entirely of Bengal's boys, and the music wag Gregorian. Before the Nicene Creed the Rev. C. W. Townsend was admitted to the office of Saperior of the Broth erhood, until the will of God shall be declared concerning the late Superior, the Rev. E. F. Willis. The Bishop himself asked the solemn questions, and then formally admitted him. After the creed the Bibhop gave an address. He re ferred to the admission five years ago of the first membere and their Superior to their respective offices. These five yonrs had been an event ful time to the Church in India. The Oxford Mission hadintroduced a new and vigorous force into the work in Calcutta, and there had boon real results, though without much outward show. Qf the first mombers one, Mr. Argles, had been called to his rest. Mr. Willis had been so far laid aside that as far as we can judge his work here is forever over. One was vigorous and oarnest, full of fire and zeal, the other delicate and retiring, but exercising a worderful personal influence over all those with whom he was brought in contact. And these two men were bound up in each other. They leant the one on the other, they derived strength from mutual contact. The one who has beon spared to us may yet return, though this is more than we can venture to hope, but as itishis brothor's daily prayer that to should return, we have left the door open for him to do so. Some are inclined to be disnppointed with the work. But wo cannot doubt that God is with us, and Ho often works in ways which differ greatly from our anticipations. There is much which must bo disintegrated in India before the seed can take root in such a soil. But the rock of superstition is yielding and projudice is giving way. Our work is preparation, and the preparing of oursolves to do his will. Nine years residonce in this country has convinced us that God is lenlly woiking here, and with great rapidity. At the broakfast an oxcellont address was given by Mr. Townsexid, in which he said: "Wo represent the Missionary aspoct of a great university. Wo must combine the intellectani side of the work with missionary zoal for we have to speals of the Logos, the Word of God, as that before which man must lay all his roason. There are many hopeful signs. Hinduism is giving way, and its placo will not be taken by Brahmaism or any other new religion, for no suoh religion can stand agninast Christianity.
The annual bathing in the Ganges took place on the 22nd, at Bilnoor, near Cawnpore. Mon, women and children, mendicanta, Hindu asce-
tios, and merchants with miscellaneous goods came from distant parts of thie country, to bathe on either side of the river. Mr. Biswas says: I also was there, not to foast my eyes, bat to speak a word or two regarding the .life of Christ. Some were come for the religious ceiemony, some to bny or sell, or to combine pleasure with business. The crowd was increased on this occasion by the opening of the new railway. Düring the Meta there were frequent trains to and fro. Mr. Biswas spoke to several persons (villagers) about Christ's sayings and doings, pointing to Him as the trio A vatar or Incarnation of God: He spread his blanket under a margo tree, and sat on it cross legged in Hindu style, and many passers by came to hear what he had to say. He spoke on the decalogue and on Christian doctrine. The Fourth Commandment was the only one which they conld not appreciate. They confessed that the religion of their ancestors could not satiefy their spiritual wants, but wero not yet prepared to confess the truth of Christizuity. He did not give away portions of the Scripturos, on the ground that mere distribution does no good, as he had read in one of Dr. Pusey'ssermons.

The Rov. J. P. Smitheman in a letter to the Indian Cilurchman says: Ganhati has the oldest Church in Assam; Christ Church was built in 1847 ; Tezpur Church was erected in 1848, and two years later Debrooghur; Bengbari in 1875. These are the only churches in the Assam Valley. Three of the diatricts of the 'sleepy hollow of Assam' are without cons earated churches. The American Baptists have had a mission at Gamhati for over thirty years, with about 700 converts. The Welah Calvinists are active in the Khasia Hills, where they bave baptized over 2,000 and have over 3,000 adherents. This is the most successful mission in the province; the people are free from the trammels of caste, and the field has been well supplied with missionaries since its commencement thr'ty years ago. At the present time there is a staff of seven European missionaries. It is possible among the Khasias to have mixed schools, as weil as among othor hill tribes, which is impracticable nmong Hindus and Mahomedans. In 1863 the Rev. W. Ayerst, chaplain of Ganhati, wrote a pamphlet advocating a mission to the Garos, but the Church lost the opportunity. and the American Bitptists took up work there, and have now 900 members with six native pastors. The men of the Garo tribe picked up a tract at Ganhati. They read it and sought further instruction and became firm believers. They left their police employment and went and made known to their own people the glad tidings of salvation through Jesus Christ. These two men ure now native pastors in the mission. After thirty fifie jears work the missions of the Chorch of England in Assam have not a single native pastor. This is partly owing to the paucity of its staff, as



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the whole of Assam, and ono of these malkes three or four journays, speaking two Sundays in Nowgong in each year. Nowgong is more than thirty miles from Koliabar, and this again is ton miles from Tezpur, the next quarter of the Assam Church mission. Meantime whole tribes remaln untouched on the hills skirting the northeastorn boundary of the county. Bhutlas, Akas, Duflas, Miris, Mishmis, Kamptis, and a host of others are waiting for the good tidings of the Kingdom of God.

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"My strength is as the strength of ten
Because my heart is pures,
God give you the strength that comes with purity of hoart.

Revirennor.-Fiorget not that the Knights of Temperance stand pledged to reverence. Guard well your lips from carelessness of speech. Show dutiful respect to holy times and holy places and holy names. Be willing to receive reproof from those who have the right to give it. Reverence the aged. Bo obedient to parents. Look up, not down. Show courtery, deforenco, and honor to those to whom they are due. Swear not at all.

## ORILLIA, ONTARIO.

The March mooting of the Church of England Temperance Socioty, on Friday ovening, was fairly attendod. The Rev, W. J. Armitage presided. Mise C. Stewart presided at the piano when hymns were sung. The Rev. Allan Daniel, of Criaghurst, rond the Execution of Montrose, Drunk in the Street, and the Last $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{j}} \mathrm{mn}$. He also addressed the meoting on the temperance onjoined by St. Paul, one of the fruits of tho Spirit. The Rev. G. E. Lloyd, Chaplain of the Reformatory for Boys, told how the Scott Act, unenforced as it was, had opcrated as a moral force for good. There was drinking, no doubt, but ono could go in and out of hotele, without the ovidences thereof being thrust upon thoir attontion, as under lieonse. The troating system was done nway with; tho monetary intorest of the municipality in the traflo land consed; and the law sbiding would not countenance it, while the debased and lawless could not indulge thoir appetite to the samo oxtent as under liconse. Ho had found from anquiries among the lads undor his spiritual ch argo, that intemporance was tho groat fooder of such institutions :ts the roformatorios and prisons. The Rev. W. IH. A. Fronch, of Coboconck, had little fuith in tho Scott Act or other legal enactmonts, but found liquor drinking tho groat stumbling block in the way of the Gospol. Ho sang, in oxcollont stylo, "Froe as a Bird," Miss Ramsay playing the accompanimont. The Rov. Rural Dean Stewart pronounced tho Bonediction. Four pledges were taken. - Orillia Packet.
$\Delta n$ Inheritanom of Ninetieben Centurizs. - "For nineteon contu--
ries," says the Lancet, "we have been drinking every kind of alcóholic drink that has come in our way, with consequences of various importance, including the Norman Conquest. This long inheritance of drink is its strength. It has got into the very tissues of the body and the very corpuscles of the blood: The degenerations which it causes are often transmitted potentially or actually, and the circumetances which it entails deeply secure the continuance of the evil. What can we do that we bave not done to abate this vice? The leaders of medicine areconspicuously temperate in personal babit and prescription. Medical science has demonstrated the connection of the gravest diseases with anything more than the very moderate use of alcohol. In spite of this people drink -drink at wrong times, on empty stomachs-strong, somotimes raw, spirit-and drink as if the object were to generate disease of the liver, the kidneys, or the brain without delay. Our young men drink, and, worse than all, women drink as they never drank before. The working man drinks, and the tradegman too. It is not with the sanction of physicians that all this takes place, and we pronounce such drinking as is going on in Europe a reproach to Governments and an immediate danger, as well as a $\mathrm{r}^{16}$ proach to everyoue who indulges in it."

Arrangements are being made for the holding of a great temperance conference at Croydon early in May. The subject will bo takon in several aspects, as bearing upon religion, bealth, commerce, and thrift, The Archbishop of Canterbur's has promised to open the conference, and the Bishop of London will take part in the proceedings. The various sections will be presided-over by leaders of the movement-Mr. Samuel Morley in the commercial, and Dr. Alfred Carpenter in the health. In the thrift section Mr. A. Arthur Reade, of Manchester, has accopted an invitation to read a paper on life assurance.

The liability to disease in the ear increases from birth to the fortieth year of age, and decrease from thence to old age. Mon are more subject to ear affections than women, in the proportion of three to two.

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