

The Commercial

DEVOTED TO COUNTY NEWS AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE

FOURTH YEAR. WHOLE NUMBER 216. GODERICH, ONT., FRIDAY, APRIL 27, 1888. P. MCGILLICUDDY, PUBLISHER. ALSO A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

FROM THE CAPITAL.

Latest Political and General News from Ottawa.

The C. P. R. and the U. T. R. are the North-west settlement—St. John's letter—The Blackstrap Bill—A divorce Court Demand—Resolutions of the House.

From Ottawa Correspondent. 3 19 19
OTTAWA, April 24.

The week in Parliament has been marked by a stand-up fight between the two great railway corporations, the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific. The C. P. R. has the bill to charter a railway from Montreal through the counties of Beauport and Huntington to the binary line at Dundas connecting with the State line of New York. The Grand Trunk opposed the bill which was passed by the C. P. R. The C. P. R. won the first victory in the railway committee by a vote of 65 to 50, and the Grand Trunk appealed to the House. The Grand Trunk was so industriously did they hole the members that Col. Mackenzie complained of it in a ten minute private session of the House on Thursday. On Friday night the Grand Trunk lobbied for the third reading of the bill Dr. Bevan moved the six month's hold and division was taken resulting in 57 Grand Trunk votes and 30 C. P. R. votes. Sir Donald Smith and Hon. G. A. Kirkpatrick, both directors of the C. P. R. did not vote. There was a funny scene in which Hession, of Perth, Ont., and Landry, of Kent, figured. Neither desired to vote on the question and agreed to pair, but each, thinking the other was absent from the chamber, kept his seat, so when Mr. Trow called attention to Mr. Hession abstaining from the vote the statement that he had paired with Mr. Landry caused shouts of laughter which were renewed when Mr. Hession rose to vote and stammered over it, and when Mr. Speaker asked Mr. Landry how he voted he said, "of course you vote the other way." The other way was Grand Trunk.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE HOUSE.

It is not the intention to increase the salaries of the County Court Judges. The insurance combine has been investigated but it is not one bearing hard upon the public.

A largely attended Imperial Federation League meeting in the Opera House here Saturday evening, was addressed by eight members of Parliament.

A society to secure the better observance of the Lord's Day by legislation and otherwise has been formed.

A Government bill respecting the safety of ships and one to amend the Franchise Act will be introduced this week.

The Scott Act repeal vote in Stantstead is fixed for May 21.

The Knights of Labor are asking for an increased duty on stereotyped plates which now pay only five per cent.

The government have resolved to give no more railway subsidies.

The Northwest members presented Sir John with an elegant pair of buffalo horns. The witty Premier thinks they are typical of the horns of a dilemma so often presented to him.

THE NORTHWEST SETTLEMENT.

Sir Charles Tupper has given notice of resolutions embodying the new arrangement of the C. P. R. The terms are the same as noted in this correspondence several weeks ago. In consideration of the abandonment by the company of their monopoly privileges the Government agreed to guarantee interest upon \$15,000,000 worth of the company's land grant bonds for 20 years. Security for the repayment of the loan is provided by the lands of the company remaining unsold, such lands to be administered by trustees, one a Cabinet Minister. The proceeds of the sales of these lands are to form a fund for the repayment of the debt. It is stipulated that if the Pembina branch, which the company is anxious to get rid of, is sold, the proceeds shall go to this same fund. There is no doubt that these resolutions will be agreed to by a majority of the House. The disallowance correspondence contains

SIR JOHN'S LETTER.

to Mr. Greenway, of the 23rd March, which is only now given to the public. The Premier wrote: "As you are obliged to leave Ottawa, I take this opportunity of saying there is good prospect of legislation by Parliament which will almost, if not entirely, remove the reasons for the exercise of the power of disallowance by your Provincial legislation with regard to railway." The great and unexpected harvest, the letter continued, proved that additional facilities for transporting grain eastward were required, and while I believe the C. P. R. make large expenditure to enable it to handle this increased traffic, the administration will not advise disallowance of a bill similar in principle to the Red River Valley Railway Act. Should the C. P. R. branch be sold, the Government bought or leased by Manitoba no legislation will, I suppose be required." From latest Manitoba reports that Government does not intend by the Emerson branch, but will proceed with the Red River road completing it by July 1st.

THE BUCKET SHOP BILL.

The second reading of the bill introduced in the Senate Hon. J. J. C. Abbott is filed for this afternoon in the House of Commons. The Minister of Justice has the bill in charge and the attitude of the Government towards it was undecided until Saturday, when the measure was considered in Council, though the decision reached has not transpired. The opponents of the bill are rigorously lobbying against it, and a strong effort is to be made to get it referred to the Banking and Commerce committee, where the bucket shop men hope to so amend it as to render it comparatively harmless. The bucket shop people have legal counsel at work here and are making a determined fight, as the passage of the bill in its present form means death to their precarious business, which is one per cent. gambling and highly dangerous to the youth of the country.

A DIVORCE COURT DEMAND.

The Port Huron, White divorce case has led to a demand from several senators for the establishment of a court to try divorce cases. Such courts exist in the provinces of Ontario and in British Columbia. Senator Macdonald, of B. C.,

OVER THE ROCKIES.

Interesting Letter From the Pacific Slope.

Something About Vancouver—J. C. McLean's Live Journal—Goderich Boys Always Come to Front—Bannockburn Road via Kamloops and Regina.

From our Special Correspondent.

Perhaps a few jottings by the way on my return home may prove of interest to some of your readers. Leaving San Francisco on the morning of Friday 6th inst., on board the steamer Mexico, three days steaming brought me to the city of Victoria, the capital of British Columbia. The entrance to the harbor, with its picturesque surroundings, is exceedingly interesting and attractive. The city itself, with a population of 10,000 souls, is a delightful place of residence, the climate approaching more that of England than any other on the coast. The public buildings inside the harbor, for the various scientific and military purposes, the various departments of the public service, a well kept museum, large educational establishments, churches of all denominations, being taken to the House and in excellent hotels. The press too is prominent feature of the place, notably I may mention the Daily Times, a real live sheet, conducted by an old timer of Ontario, Mr. J. O. McQueen. Different branches of manufactures are in a thriving condition, and the first railway has just come into its limits, to add to its importance. The people are known as a well to do class, more money being deposited in the banks than in any other place of its size on the continent.

BEACON HILL PARK.

forms the principal attraction, composed of a large tract of land beautifully situated on the bay and overlooking the great highway is the ocean. The House being in the hands of the contractor, I went with two old friends whom I had not met for a period of over 30 years. Mr. Jas. Orr, member for Westminster, and Mr. Geo. Cowan, member for Cariboo, the former old resident of Stratford, and the latter a contractor on the Northern gravel road at St. Charles Hill, who, no doubt, many of your readers will remember. At the hands of these gentlemen I received much kind attention, being taken to the House and introduced to the members, &c. The member for Cariboo inquired particularly after your Clerk of the Peace, and was anxious to know if the old black stilet was still prominent in the personal adornment as ever. Being desirous of seeing the great

BEACON HILL PARK.

I take a bus and drive out through a pretty country road, a distance of four miles, to its location. Presenting my letter of introduction to the perfect superintendent, I am shown this splendid piece of public work, where vessels drawing 30 feet of water can be handled and repaired with comparative ease. The immense and powerful engines and boilers from the celebrated works of J. & W. Watt & Co., Birmingham, England, are of themselves a sight well worth seeing. The Captain who was for many years in command of the government steamer, Sir Jas. Douglas, formed the extensive encyclopedia of information, which he dealt out to me with a kind and liberal hand. Only one ship of the Royal Navy lay there at the time, the "Wild Swan" cutter of ten guns and a complement of 130 men, which did not permit me going on board, but from one of the men I learned that our old "Ocherus" was lying in the bone-yard at Plymouth. Under the pilotage of a Royal Marine I was taken to the extensive arsenal and dock yards, and had explained to me in a most intelligent manner the various descriptions of

SMYTH, SHELL AND BIG GUNS.

Everything was so clean and in such perfect order it was a positive pleasure to walk through, and it naturally suggested itself to me the advantages which would accrue were this sanitary discipline introduced more into civil life. Bestowing thanks on all for the courtesy I had received, I turned my back with regret on this lovely spot. Before leaving the city I called on Mrs. Simpson and her daughter, Mrs. Low, who resided many years in Goderich, in the very post office site. Without going into the details of my stay at Victoria with a stranger a few days' stay at Victoria with its pleasing surroundings and associations a most enjoyable rest can be obtained, while the accommodation at the Clarence Hotel will add very much to the comfort. Taking the steamer Prince Louise at midnight I engage my berth for Vancouver.

CROSSING THE SOUND.

a distance of seventy-five miles, I woke up in sight of the last new city. At the dock where we land, the steamer Park is busy unloading her cargo of tea,

TORONTO LETTER.

Recent Events in the Capital of Ontario.

A leading Methodist Minister in Disgrace—The Queen's Park Incident—The Mayor and the Lady School Trustee—Temperance Note—Baby Builders.

TORONTO, April 24, 1888.

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THE UNIVERSITY ROOMS.

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REGINA.

and gladly accepted the hospitality of my old friend, Dixie Watson, who I am pleased to find looking remarkably well, and looking forward with pleasurable anticipations to the day when he will be once more called to shake his hand. Here my old Seaford acquaintances, Sheriff Benson, and Mr. Chas. James, formerly of Stratford. To the mayor of the place, Mr. Carley Hamilton, I am indebted for kind attentions also—the position he holds as well as that of Mr. Watson abundantly proving my assertion above that, where you will, Goderich boys are always to be found in the front rank. During my stay here, I have had the honor of an introduction to Chief Justice Richardson, formerly of Woodstock, I find him a most affable gentleman, and being with his command in 65 at Saratoga during those stirring times, we chat over many interesting incidents and reminiscences of the past.

J. J. WRIGHT.

Mr. Thos. Stanbury, one of the oldest residents of Clinton, and who has now three sons residing in Detroit, will re-arrange the remainder of his family to that city in a couple of weeks. Although fortune has not smiled upon Mr. Stanbury during his long residence here, he has always tried to advance the interest of the town, and leaves many friends who will be glad to learn of his greater success in the City of the Straits.

A CURIOUS FREAK OF NATURE.

A duck belonging to J. Brown, laid an egg 3 1/2 inches, and upon examination an ordinary sized egg with hard shell, was found inside the large one. The space between the inner and outer shells contained a yolk and white equal to that of the inner egg. The same Jno. Brown has a hen, which occasionally lays an egg 1 1/2 inches. If anyone can beat the township of Gray he would like to hear from him.

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Shoggyman.

Our constable, James Campbell, officiated with his baton at Leeburn polling day.

A BAD FALL.—While attending to household duties, Mrs. J. Gordon when coming down stairs with her baby in her arms missed her footing at the lower end of the stairway, one day last week, falling down on the floor of the room, breaking her leg, but the baby escaping unhurt. For over two hours she lay there till the other children came in from school, who at once told their father, who was working with his son at the far end of the farm, and at once medical aid was sent for. They had after setting the leg for a time, on account of the swelling. Since the setting the patient is doing well.

Dunlop.

Mr. B. Crawford, merchant, is erecting a good stable on his premises.

Mr. John Gay, joiner, has been improving and ornamenting the exterior of his dwelling house.

Mrs. John Bowers is very ill from congestion of the lungs. It is hoped that she will soon get better.

Weather here is very fine for seeding, but continues somewhat frosty every night. Farmers are very busy.

We are happy to be able to state that Mr. Wm. Fowler, who has been very ill, is steadily improving in health.

Mr. J. M. Roberts, merchant, having had an attack of inflammation of the lungs, we are pleased to state, recovering.

It seems that Holloway is coming early this year; a gate belonging to the Presbyterian manse, has been taken away.

Mr. Wilkie of Clinton, dentist, was in the village on Friday 20th inst. He has a good practice in this locality and neighborhood.

Division court was held in the court room, Doyle presided. His Honor Judge presided. Light court; not many cases.

Dunlop.

Charles Young is visiting friends in Michigan.

Miss Susan McAllister is visiting friends in Goderich this week.

Misses N. Strachan and G. Cameron, of Goderich, visited here last week.

Miss Tina McDonald, of Ashfield, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Ralby.

Benj. Hogarty, has been re-appointed for many of his duties last week for the coming season.

Our jovial engineer took in the Brucefield show, besides making an interesting visit. Dame Rumor says that fair village will shortly miss one of its most charming belles.

This week your scribbles send in the first items written by the Wirt Fountain Pen which was given to him as a Xmas box, and hopes that all his news in future may come as fast as the ink from its tube in its flow on the paper.

Some in this section don't read the local news and often get a letter from far away, telling them of events in their own neighborhood which they are unaware of. And how often they lose an hour or so of time going over to the next neighbor borrowing the paper, when 20 cents a week might save time and shoe-leather.

Among the late recruits to the benedict forces is one of our most popular residents here a few years ago, in the person of Samuel Appleby, connected with Lornside farm staff when owned by B. Sen. Sam was a genial beau and always popular when in the sunshine of the fair sex, but has now commenced the joys of married life near Clinton.

A lone figure was seen a few days ago by the passing public, moving rather slowly over the beautiful meadows of Lansdowne farm, stooping now and then and gathering handfuls of soil of the plowed fields, and pulling up the fall wheat blades and examining them with a small field-glass, which made one think it was an agent of the Royal Geographical Society, sent by them for specimens of soil. On coming up closely it proved to be the township assessor, banking a rigid valuation of the farm, as its owner was one of the chief spokesmen of the respected position of assessment brought before the township fathers two months ago. The land, as was not at home at the time, found his farm had risen in value \$5 more than were then last year's rate, and we think he won't try the coming court of revision this year, as he has since got J. Mackenzie, of Leeburn, to build him a fine summer kitchen, which, if assessor had seen, he might have doubted the rates on the buildings.

HELEN LAFONE.

THE FOES OF A HOUSEHOLD.

A TALE OF ENGLISH LIFE.

CHAPTER XXI.

"He returned to his work, but his thoughts were occupied in a persistent and annoying way with Helen. He could not make up his mind what to think about her. She was young and beautiful and charming; he could not help smiling as he recalled the Rector's name for her, and it struck him how suitable it had been. He did not know which was the most charming, her manner to himself, or her reserve mingled with a cordiality which was evidently assumed with an effort and from a sense of duty, or her manner to the Rector of deferential attention and respect, lightened by affection and the half unconscious coquetry which is permissible between a young and attractive woman and a man old enough to be her father.

Dr. Holmes felt her attraction keenly and he wondered what was the sorrow which so frequently threw a shadow over her face.

Helen went indoors and found Mrs. Longworthy in a room which did not command a view of the drive.

"It was you," she said, as the girl came in. "I thought I heard wheels coming along the drive."

"I have no doubt you did, it was I being brought home in state in Dr. Holmes's dogcart. I walked a little too far, and as we met him he drove me home."

Mrs. Longworthy looked annoyed.

"How thoughtless of Rupert!" she said. "I told him to send you home as soon as you felt at all tired. He is really too careless."

"I expect he had scruples about riding himself in that plain, unvarnished fashion," said Helen, smiling.

"You know he says his intercourse with the Miller's Gate people has taught him to be very careful of the feelings of others."

"You must have a glass of wine," said Mrs. Longworthy, rising and laying aside her work as she spoke.

"What did you talk about?" she asked when she was seated again.

"Who?"

"The doctor and you?"

"I don't think we talked about anything in particular. The impression left upon my mind by our conversation is that we squabbled."

"My dear!" said Mrs. Longworthy, looking distressed.

"I did not intend to do, of course, but the conversation sank to that. We never disagree, you know. If he speaks only half-a-dozen sentences he contrives to irritate me. Whenever I talk to him I have the feeling of being rubbed the wrong way. I suppose I irritate him too in the same way, but he does not take as much trouble to conceal it as I do."

"I think you are quite mistaken. I believe Dr. Holmes has a very high opinion of you, and during your illness he was most kind and attentive."

"During my illness—yes, he did not know me then in particular. My own life was kind and attentive, but to a patient—in the abstract you know—a case. Professionally I have the greatest esteem for him, and feel very grateful whenever I think of all he did for me; but personally I cannot get on with him, there is no sympathy at all between us."

"You have found that out very soon, I think."

"Ah, you think I am judging too hastily, but I can always tell at once whether I am going to get on with a person or not. I suppose it is instinct. I have no reason to give for not liking Dr. Holmes, but I know—I can feel—that we shall never be friends."

"I am sorry for that. We have known him for ten years, and have always got on with him exceedingly well."

"I dare say people are different," said Helen rather absently, and the subject dropped. Only as Helen left the room to take off her walking things she turned at the door and said—

"I know you think I have been slandering Dr. Holmes, but he is at liberty to slander me as much as he chooses."

CHAPTER XXII.

A GATHERING STORM.

As Dr. Holmes and Helen became more intimate, Mrs. Longworthy was forced to recognize the truth of Helen's words, that they did not get on. They never met without contention and strife, and as they met almost every day there seemed no time for reconciliations; as if Helen herself said, it did not seem worth while getting reconciled; they were sure to break out again the next time they met. Mrs. Longworthy was a little distressed at these frequent disputes, her husband viewed them with a mixture of amusement and astonishment; for it was never very clear why they quarrelled. Helen said, because they could not help it; Dr. Holmes, because Mrs. Moore seemed to wish it, and he could only do his best to meet her wishes.

Helen rather enjoyed this warfare; it prevented her from thinking too much about herself, and she had nothing at stake. In addition to this her vague feeling against the doctor had developed into a very hearty dislike; so there was every excuse for her. She did battle cheerfully, and never lost her spirits or her temper over defeat, because, as before said, she had nothing at stake; it mattered not at all to her what Dr. Holmes thought about her, or whether he was pleased or the reverse by the obstinacy with which she defended her cause.

It was less clear why Dr. Holmes fought; unless, as he said, to comply with Mrs. Moore's wish. In reality if she took pleasure in this interminable war of words, his was almost greater. He was too clear sighted not to see that Helen did not like him, and too sensible to suppose that her dislike was either assumed or the result of a momentary annoyance. He felt that their natures were dissimilar, that there was a wide gulf between their tastes and their ways

of looking at things, and the knowledge that he was to encounter difficulties and to overcome Helen's dislike he was only following his calling. The greater difficulty was the longer the fight the more satisfactory and complete the victory. He felt his nerves thrill with the spirit and excitement of a warrior every time he talked to Helen, and found fresh causes for disagreement. He had begun without any plan or idea of attacking her, but as the struggle continued he warmed to his work, and a short time after he had driven Helen home in his dog cart he had made up his mind that he would conquer her finally, and that without employing a single one of the graces and fascinations which he had learned to use in his heart. Without in the least unbending from his natural attitude of upright candour, he would, by the mere force of his will and character, compel her to call him her friend. So he told himself. He had not at present got further than to imagine them friends, for he had entered on this strife without asking himself where it was likely to lead him, or whether, when the heat and excitement of the fray should be over, he would be somewhat with friendship's garland as his reward.

He was thinking of the coming strife one evening as he walked the few hundred yards which lay between his own modest dwelling—merely two cottages backed into one, and half buried in trees—and the Rectory. He had been very busy, and had not called at the Rectory for a whole week—a long time when one considers the conditions under which the rector and doctor lived. He found the whole party in the drawing-room, sitting in the twilight, for this time the daylight was growing considerably shorter; and it was pleasant to sit in the dusk and watch the fire light playing on the walls and flickering over the books and china.

the thing most likely to happen, and the fear was still in her heart, and she shivered on her face when she returned home.

Once or twice during tea she caught the doctor's eyes fixed on her face, and she was annoyed that she could not better hide a grief which she would not explain to him. She roused herself and began to talk, but in the conversation, and her words were so much more energetic, as she had to make a great effort to speak them at all.

It was at the time of a visit of the Czar of Russia to various towns in his dominions, and Mr. Longworthy and the doctor were speaking of the precautions which were taken for his safety, the thousands of extra police who were enrolled, and the terror which pervaded every grade of society. Mr. Longworthy expressed a certain sympathy with the nihilists. Dr. Holmes was strongly opposed to all their words and ways. The discussion had grown tolerably animated, when the doctor seeing Helen sit with her eyes fixed upon the Rector's face, broke off to ask her—

"On which side do you throw the weight of your sympathy, Mrs. Moore?"

"I agree with Mr. Longworthy."

"I beg your pardon. I really need not have troubled you with such a question. I might have been sure with whom you would agree. You could not support my views on principle. Is it not so?"

"To me," she said, "it all seems to depend on the question whether it is more fitting that millions should stand in fear of one man or one man in fear of millions."

He looked at her in some astonishment; he had not expected such an answer from her.

"And you think?" he asked, after a pause.

"Hardly the former."

"Well, of course," he began, rolling little balls of bread between his fingers as he spoke; "put in that way your view looks plausible, but I must confess I never had it put in that way before."

"I congratulate you, Helen," put in the Rector, turning to her in his courtly way; "you have given this darkened individual his death blow. I have known him longer than you have, and I know from frequent experience (here his eyes wandered to the signs of defeat). No, no, putting out his hand towards her, as he saw she was going to speak again. "Do not say another word; you will spoil your victory; he would twist what you said into the most unnatural shape to suit his own ends. Mabel," looking at his wife, "be good enough to let us go, or Helen will be beaten after all."

Mrs. Longworthy rose, and she and Helen went back to the drawing-room; the Rector detained the doctor a minute, ostensibly to talk over a case in the village, in reality, to keep him for a few moments from Helen.

When later, they were all together again, the conversation turned on quite a different subject.

"Winter will soon be here now," said Mrs. Longworthy, as she put her feet on the fender and let Helen put a little wrap of white Shetland wool around her shoulders. "You must let me have your list doctor; there are always so many families wanting relief."

The doctor noticed that at Mrs. Longworthy's first words, the rector and Helen had exchanged glances. His was one of those looks which seems to carry strength in them, here had an expression of nervousness and anxiety of it, which he did not wish to show.

"I wonder sometimes when I have nothing else to do, and an unusual number of families wanting relief have come under my notice, what will be the fate of this village, when you, the rector, and myself are all dead. The people have been regularly and systematically spoiled for twenty years. I am glad I shall not be present when they are rudely awakened from their dream of ease and plenty."

"Well," said the rector, "I don't know. I sincerely hope you will outlive both Mabel and myself; in which case you will probably witness the installation of my successor."

"With a large family of children to increase my practice," said the doctor, with his most unamiable smile.

"Well, your poor man," said Mr. Longworthy, cheerfully, "his life at first, at any rate, will not be easy. As strange as it may seem, he will be distressed and annoyed by the hand of doctor, to take him by the hand and put him in the right way. Why do you smile, Helen?" he concluded, turning to her.

"I was thinking that you could not have entrusted the unfortunate man—his position as described by you, presented a most depressing picture—into worse hands. I cannot imagine Dr. Holmes leading anyone by the hand. I can fancy him pushing a person forcibly along before him, but I should not suppose he had any talent for leading."

"So many people refuse to be led," said the doctor, "for their own sake they must be pushed; and after all it is the easiest way. A good strong push and the obstacle must move, and one is free to push again. To stumble along with a dead weight dragging at one's hand can be neither pleasurable nor profitable."

"Then you consider anything given into your charge as an obstacle and an hindrance to your free progress?" she asked.

"I think two people seldom advance at the same pace."

"If a man wishes to get on ahead in your opinion, be alone?"

"He will get on faster if he be alone."

"In that case you would not advocate marriage for a man who has his way to make."

married his wife will be a burden to him?"

"If he has his way to make, most certainly. Anxiety for the comfort and happiness of his wife and children must often rob him of his nerve, and cause failures where he would have been successful had he stood alone."

"I do not agree with you at all."

"I did not for a moment expect that you would be so ready to answer, for you noticed the bitterness with which he spoke."

"For my own part," she said, "I can imagine nothing more helpful to a man than the knowledge that there is a woman who takes an interest in every one of his concerns, and whose sympathy and help are always at his service. I think to feel that must cheer and strengthen any man."

She spoke almost passionately, with a certain glow in her cheeks. Perhaps the picture she drew touched Dr. Holmes more than he cared to show. His answer was ungracious both in tone and words.

"No doubt; but then you see you are a woman; naturally you see things in the most favorable light for your own sex."

He could have stamped with vexation as soon as he had said the words. Helen made no reply. Her lips curled, and he noticed a little involuntary straightening of her figure, but she only unfolded the work lying in her lap and began to sew.

There was so great an intimacy between the doctor and Mr. Longworthy that all "company manners" were laid aside when they met. Neither the rector nor his wife thought it necessary to abandon the usual employment in which they were engaged when they came in.

So, now, soon after Helen and Dr. Holmes had begun to talk, Mr. Longworthy had left the room and gone to his study, and Mrs. Longworthy had taken up a novel in which she was interested, and heard nothing of what was passing between the others. To all intents and purposes they were alone, and when the silence which followed the doctor's last words had lasted some little time she broke it to say in a rather lower voice than usual—

"I beg your pardon. I had no right to speak in that way."

"Do not mention it," said Helen, without raising her eyes from her work.

"Very good," she replied; "for once either spoke Mr. Longworthy returned. He fidgeted about in a way which would have made his wife nervous if she had not been too absorbed in her book to notice it; then he paused near Helen's chair, and said—

"Will you play something for us?"

"With pleasure," she replied readily, glad both to have the silence broken and to change her occupation.

"What shall I play? more waltzes?" she asked, looking toward him; and it was evident that the question was addressed to Mr. Longworthy alone.

"Yes," he said; "I am fond of waltzes. I was present at the performance this afternoon; if you are singing I will take the responsibility upon myself."

"Very good," she replied; "for once we will believe that responsibilities are transferable." Immediately she began to play a waltz she had heard when she was in Germany with Percival, and which had not appeared in England.

It was a beautiful thing, the very spirit of the dance seemed put up within it, and when she had played it through Mr. Longworthy at once asked her to repeat it. From that she passed to others; her fingers seemed charmed, she said reached the end of the piece, and she uttered herself in her music. She quite forgot to turn round at the end of each dance and ask if her audience had had enough; no doubt she had, but she never knew it. Presently Mr. Longworthy went up to her, and while making her a sign not to cease playing, he drew a chair to her side, and began to talk to her in a low voice, so low that no single word of what he said reached the doctor's ears, neither did Helen, who replied, did she catch anything she said.

"Have you seen Sayings and Doings?" asked Mr. Longworthy.

"No; has it come in?"

"It came this afternoon. I see they are expected home very soon now."

She changed colour, but did not cease playing; on the contrary, the doctor thought she was pressing the loud pedal a little too hard as she replied—

"In that case, I suppose, we shall have to do something extra."

"You do not speak enthusiastically, almost as if you were afraid."

"I am afraid. Much as I long to see Percival again, and empty though my life seems in spite of your kindness, you will understand what I mean. I feel afraid. I try to persuade myself that when Percival and I meet again it will only be as though we had been parted for an exceptionally long time. I know that in reality it is not so. Percival thinks it an absurd idea, he has grown accustomed to live without me, and with Alice. It is a fact that people may stay away from their friends too long, I am afraid."

Mr. Longworthy did not reply at once. His own observation of Helen's character, as well as what she told him of her bringing up and home life, helped him to understand her feelings. At last he said—

"Play a little louder for a minute."

She obeyed; the music which had been growing fainter, now swelled out again, and completely covered the rector's voice.

"Did n't Know 't was Loaded"

May do for a stupid boy's excuse; but what can be said for the patient who sees his child languishing daily and fails to recognize the want of a tonic and blood-purifier? Formerly, a course of bitters, or sulphur and moose, was the rule in well-regulated families; but now all intelligent households keep Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which is at once pleasant to the taste, and the most searching and effective blood medicine ever discovered.

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My wife suffered for five years with that distressing disease, catarrh. Her case was one of the worst known in these parts. She tried all of the catarrh remedies I ever saw advertised, but they were of no use. I finally procured a bottle of Nasal Balm. She has used only one half of it, and now feels like a new person. I feel it my duty to say that Nasal Balm cannot be TOO HIGHLY recommended for catarrh troubles, and am pleased to have all such sufferers know through its use they will receive instant relief and CURE.
CHAS. MCGILL Farmer

SEEDS

WYNN'S
SEED

WYNN'S
SEEDS

The Poet's Cor

A Little Wheel

"There never was a grandma but He whispered, while beside her And laid his rosy cheek. With manner very meek. Against her forehead, in joy Because they've none like I wonder what I'd do Without a grandma's kisses night."

"There never was a dearer girl He kissed her and he smooth white hair."

"And nestled in her lap, While grandma, smiling, rocked chair."

"When I'm a man, what lot bring! A horse and carriage and a nice time, just here he kissed her! And grandma give a boy most!"

"Before his dear old grandma cot This boy looked up, and with a 'Thea whispered in her ear 'That nobody might hear 'So, grandma, have you any?"

High Praise.
Mr. John Neelands, writt Macdougall Paragon, Adel says: "I have used Haggyr Balsam for years in our family. It has cured many Coughs no other medicine could cure."

After An Afternoon Call
As a reward for having been for nearly an hour Mrs. little son Tommy with her grandmother when she went to the had long owned Mrs. Gre Mrs. Greene had a little b Tommy's age, but he was by boy's fortitude in mischief getting into mischief other people miserable. Little Hal Greene was of callers first arrived. Mrs. "Oh, Mrs. Greene, I'm ve year. I have intended calli but, really could no hope you'll excuse me for little Tommy with me. H: "Why, certainly," cries "I'm delighted to see yo seems so much less. I'm just run in this way with y How do you do, my little s "Shake hands with Tommy."

"Don't want to," says To ing back.

"Why, Tommy, I am ash Go and speak to the lady."

"I don't want to."

"You're not afraid of me dear?" asks Mrs. Greene.

"Yes, Hall will be in p you can play with him."

"And he'll shake hands know," said Mrs. Whyt never will take you now sit still. How do you ter, Mrs. Greene? I heard! let that book alone!"

"He won't hurt the booi well and be careful, lit small table upsets easily."

"Tommy! Go away fro Yes, I heard that you na till, as—Tommy, Tommy, do."

"I was sick, but—I wou far back in that chair, tips over easily."

"Tommy, get out of th I know that you—Tommy ming on the piano."

"Yes, I was afraid at wouldn't try to close the door; it will fall on you."

"Why, Tommy, what is so tough that you—Tommy, what do I have a touch of typhoid fe —Tommy White, what i pulling that table drawe alone. I had typhoid fev standing on the flush of dirty boots! Get right o over the chair. I d was saying, Mrs. Greo sick I—don't whirl arou piano stool, Tommy."

Master Hall here appee begins in earnest. The performances bring the ce termination, and the la agreeing that the othe "very worst youngsters and breathed."—Desoit.

The Four Cardinal
The four cardinal point the stomach, the liver, th the blood, any failure brines disease and deran whole system. Regulat with Barlock Blood Bi perfect-health.

The Harvest of Ba
An old man passed my and from a hard day's t enough to deserve a day's sleep out the checks. enough of his wages for jure and eesible to have fortably at home on su too late now to heed the some of the younger men take the lesson to heart, another's experience.— Farmer.

For Rough condition
Shampooing the head, tion of Skin Disease, S Sulphur Soap.

How a Budo Can
A slim young man in fashion was violently ac car, when a companion t Chawies, dash boy, how dreadful cold. "Aw, my, some in the lower b and in sucking the f dreadful cold, it chilled death." If Charles ha way's Red Pine Gum his trouble him very much. Wilson's prescription dr

The Poet's Corner.

A Little Wheeler.

"There never was a grander half as good" He whispered, while beside her chair he stood...

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ROSCOE CONKLING.

LIFE SKETCH OF A MOST REMARKABLE MAN.

He Began the Study of the Law in the Office of Francis Kernan, His College in the Senate in After Years Conkling's Last Political Utterance.

From 1850 to 1851 Roscoe Conkling was almost all the time in public life, and always growing.

He was elected to Congress in 1852, and served one term in Congress, and one in the Senate.

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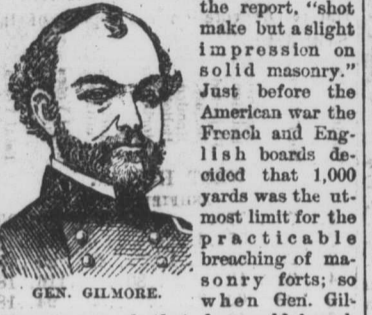
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GEN. GILMORE DEAD.

He Was Made Famous by His Genes. He Headed the "Swamp Angel."

Maj. Gen. Quincy Adams Gilmore, who died recently in Brooklyn, has been living in comparative obscurity since the war...



GEN. GILMORE.

more announced that he would breach Pulaski at 1,700 yards there was a chorus of derision. But he did it.

Capt. Gilmore, as he then was, chief engineer to Gen. W. T. Sherman, recaptured Fort Pulaski (on a marshy island in the Savannah river, commanding the approaches to Savannah) and said he could reduce it by planting heavy guns on Tybee island, 1,700 yards further out toward the ocean.

The other engineers were unanimous in denying the possibility, and against the decision of all the standard authorities on gunnery he could oppose nothing but his firm conviction that great improvements were practical. After months of wearying discussion the government gave him the guns and mortars he called for and permission to try. April 10, 1862, the bomb-



THE "SWAMP ANGEL."

ardment began at 2 p. m., next day, Fort Pulaski surrendered. There was amazement in Europe, not unmixcd with contempt, for one-half the forts in the world were rendered useless.

His next notable success was with the noted "Swamp Angel," a big gun used in the siege of Charleston. There was no new principle of gunnery involved in this one noted gun. It was simply an eight inch Parrot rifle of the finest finish, and its effectiveness was due to the excellence of the gun, the scientific use of the powder and the position gained. The gun was apparently planted in the edge of the sea, but really in the shallow marsh between Morris and James islands. There a firm foundation was laid, a low breastwork put up in a circle around the gun, and 100 pound shells were "dumped" by Charleston.

But it was only fired thirty-six times, exploding at the last discharge. Other guns soon after did as effective work, but the "Swamp Angel" is remembered because it first proved the practicality of the method.

Gen. Gilmore was born at Black River, Maine county, O., in 1825; graduated from West Point in 1849; became a captain of engineers early in 1861; was made general while before Savannah, and major general while before Charleston.

ROYAL C. TAFT. He Has Been Elected Governor by the Rhode Island Republicans.

Royal C. Taft, the Republican governor-elect of Rhode Island, is a wealthy man. He is a retired manufacturer, and president of the Merchants' National bank. He was born at Northbridge, Mass., Feb. 14, 1823, and until he became of age lived in the adjoining town of Uxbridge, receiving his education at the common schools and at the Worcester academy. In 1854 Mr. Taft went to reside at Providence, R. I. First a clerk with Messrs. Royal Chapin Co., he was in 1840 taken into the firm, and in 1851 formed the firm of Bradford & Taft, which in 1854 was succeeded by Taft, Weedon & Co., and which did a large woolen manufacturing business. Three years ago Mr. Taft retired, since when he has been engaged in banking, insurance and other financial matters. He is trustee of the Butler Hospital for the Insane and president of the Rhode Island hospital. He has been a member of the Providence common council and the lower house of the legislature. In politics Mr. Taft was a Whig, but upon the organization of the Republican party he joined it and has voted with it ever since.

An experienced horticulturist advises corn as a good crop for a young orchard. The roots, being near the surface, do not draw on the tree, and broad leaves make a good shade.

LATEST FASHIONS.

What to Wear and How to Wear it Properly.

The Latest Cleanings from the Fashionable World—New Tints and Shades, and Old Styles and Classics in Modest Place in the Latest Cleanings.

Bridesmaids never had chance to look so gay as they do this season in their colored veils and dresses.

Green, pink, and gray make a charming combination of tints in a new-silk fabric called Falles deines.

Ombre Pekins are the new shaded silks which form the foundation of many summer costumes and which promise to be very stylish.

A plaid or checked silk in bright colors is worn under plain surah with good effect.

Graceful designs of the grains, such as barley, oats and wheat, are seen on the beautiful and sumptuous broades as well as on the lesser fabrics such as Canton silks and foulards.

Togues are still worn but are of different shapes and are formed of soft loose folds of gossamer stuffs such as crapes, mull and striped gauzes.

The Marie Stuart frock is a very pretty accompaniment to an evening dress-toilet.

The crocheted laces if they are fine enough are used for trimming elaborate cotton costumes of gingham, chambray and muslin.

The laces of which costumes are made are in greater variety and much more beautiful than ever. Those in striped patterns being most popular and stylish.

Long garments in stylish ogham shape are for dust and storm cloaks and are in light weight wools, taking the place of the rubber dressed garment which is not endurable for its want of ventilation.

Among the fashionable laces is a revival of the famous Youghal Convent or Irish point. This lace is now made in designs from the South Kensington Royal Art Society.

Jerseys as imported this season are by no means as plain as formerly having tucked sleeves or a fancy yoke or elaborate trimming of soutache in plain or mixed metals.

Beautiful laces once more are to be worn as an important accessory to the costume on dress occasions and will be greeted with a sincere welcome by those of good taste, for nothing adds to the finish and elegance of a costume as does a trimming of beautiful lace.

The lovely hand made laces which have had so little sale here during the past few years will now be sold at a fair market value based on the amount of labor and artistic skill expended on them.

The lace industry in Ireland is receiving marked boom from the demand of fashion in the various varieties made at the convents such as Brussels, Honiton, Limerick and Irish points.

Like a Thief in the Night.

Croup is a disease which strikes quickly and severely. To be prepared for this dangerous disease a bottle of Hayward's Yellow Oil should be kept in the house, it is a prompt and sure remedy.

DR. LOW'S PLEASANT WORM SYRUP—An agreeable, safe and effective remedy to remove all kinds of worms.

Some of the relatives of the late Barbara Fritchie in Frederick, Md., recently sent to Mr. G. Whittier, who immortalized the venerable lady in verse, a number of table articles which formerly belonged to Mrs. Fritchie.

Without a Doubt. There is no doubt that Hayward's Yellow Oil is the best remedy for Sprains, Bruises, Sore Throat, Colds, Rheumatism, Gout and all Aches, Pains, Lameness and Soreness. It is used externally, and should always be kept in the house.

If the terrible collision which took place on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway today can be traced to incompetency on the part of the locomotive engineers, the strikers will score a point. They will be able to argue that the loss of life was caused by the employment of inexperienced men, a course resorted to by the company in order to defeat the engineers, who are contending for what they believe to be their just rights.

Hay fever is a type of catarrh having peculiar symptoms. It is attended by an inflamed condition of the lining membrane of the nostrils, tear-ducts and throat, affecting the lungs. An acrid mucus is secreted, the discharge accompanied with a burning sensation. There are severe spasms of sneezing, frequent attacks of headache, watery and inflamed eyes. Ely's Cream Balm is a remedy that can be depended upon.

Few men have accomplished the same amount of work and good in this world as the celebrated Dr. Chase. Over 500,000 of his works have been sold in Canada alone. We want every person troubled with Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Headache, Kidney or Urinary Troubles, to buy a bottle of Dr. Chase's Liver Cure, it will cure you. Measles and Receipts Book \$1. Sold by all druggists.

Matthew Arnold died of heart disease at Liverpool to-day. He was born in 1822, educated at Winchester, Rugby and Oxford, and in early life attained fame as a poet. In 1857 he was elected Professor of Poetry in Oxford University. He was an opponent of the Populist vote Dei die, and contended that the right was generally to be found on the side of the minority.

"They have a larger sale in my district," says a well known druggist, "than any other pill on the market, and give the best satisfaction for sick headache, biliousness, indigestion, etc., and when combined with Johnston's Tonic Bitters, Johnston's Tonic Liver Pills will perform what no other medicine has done before for suffering humanity." Pills 25 cents per bottle. Bitters 50 cents and \$1 per bottle. Sold by Goode, Druggist, Albion block, Goderich, sole agent.

Remove the Cause. To remove evil the cause must be removed. It is by opening the clogged avenues of the system and thus removing the impure, poisonous and worn out matter which is the cause of disease that B. B. B. is so uniformly successful in overcoming all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Blood.

The councils of Morris and East Wauwasau have decided to expend \$200 in improving the gravel road in the vicinity of Blyth, which should help it some. It needs all it can get.

In Brief, and to the Point. Dyspepsia is dreadful. Disordered liver is misery. Indigestion is a foe to good nature. The human digestive apparatus is one of the most complicated and wonderful things in existence. It is easily put out of order.

Having had about fifteen years' experience in repairing mowers and reapers, then are a few important items that I have discovered in regard to the Harris Steel Binder, which to my mind proves its superiority over all others.

Orders left with me at 8 a. m. can be filled by 3 p. m. from the manufacturer. This is the most important point to be considered during the busy harvest time.

Farmers wanting the best machine, the most easily handled, the most durable, the most repaired, are invited to leave their orders at my shop. I have the largest stock of repairs for various machines of any agent in the section.

D. K. STRACHAN, Practical Machinist, Engine Builder, and General Repairer of all kinds of Machinery, such as Saws, Mills, Thrashing Machines, &c. Samples of the best binding cases made are kept on hand, and farmers requiring any quantity can be supplied. Leave your orders. Wauwasau—Victoria, Wis., U.S.A.

Obstructions of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels, are promptly removed by National Pills.

Im

A Famous Doctor

Once said that the secret of good health consisted in keeping the head cool, the feet warm, and the bowels open. Had this eminent physician lived in our day, and known the merits of Ayer's Pills as an aperient, he would certainly have recommended them, as so many of his distinguished successors are doing.

The celebrated Dr. Farnsworth, of Norwich, Conn., recommends Ayer's Pills as the best of all remedies for "Intermittent Fevers."

Dr. I. E. Fowler, of Bridgeport, Conn., says: "Ayer's Pills are highly and universally spoken of by the people about here. I make daily use of them in my practice."

Dr. Mayhew, of New Bedford, Mass., says: "Having prescribed many thousands of Ayer's Pills, in my practice, I can unhesitatingly pronounce them the best cathartic in use."

The Massachusetts State Assayer, Dr. A. A. Hayes, certifies: "I have made a careful analysis of Ayer's Pills. They contain the active principles of well-known drugs, isolated from inert matter, which plan is, chemically speaking, of great importance to their usefulness. It insures activity, certainty, and uniformity of effect. Ayer's Pills contain no metallic or mineral substance, but the virtues of vegetable remedies in skillful combination."

Ayer's Pills, Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

Travelling Guide. GRAND TRUNK Express, Mixed, Mixed, Goderich [Lv. 7:00 a.m. | 12:15 p.m. | 3:30 p.m. | 7:30 p.m.]

Richly Rewarded are those who read this and then act; they will find honorable employment that will not take them from their homes and families. The profits are large and sure for every industrious person.

HORSEMEN! HORSEMEN! We have a large assortment of the finest Horse Cuts to choose from, and do the work at very reasonable prices.

IT WILL PAY every horseman whose route is in the County of Huron to ADVERTISE the route in the HURON SIGNAL.

D. MCGILLICUDDY, GODEFRICH

The HARRIS STEEL BINDER.

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Know 't was aded

igid boy's excuse; but id for the patent who gubling daily and falls want of a tonic and Fennerly, a course of r and molasses, was the aded families; but now ouseholds keep Ayer's hich is at once pleasant the most searching and adicine ever discovered.

Brooklyn Power Co. says: "As a Spring a splendid substitute compounds in Ayer's..."

Washburn & Co., Lowell, Mass. & Co., Lowell, Mass. & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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The Huron Signal

EVERY FRIDAY MORNING

AT THE OFFICE: NORTH-STREET, GODERICH.

It is a wide-awake local newspaper, devoted to county news and the dissemination of useful knowledge.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION: \$1.50 a year; 75c. for six months; 40c. for three months. If the subscription is not paid in advance, subscription will be charged at the rate of \$2.00 a year.

ADVERTISING RATES: Legal and other casual advertisements, 5c. per line for first insertion, and 3 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Measured by a compass scale.

Local notices in non-parade type 5c per line. Local notices in ordinary reading type 1c per word.

Business cards of six lines and under 50c per year. Advertisements of Lost, Found, Strayed, Situations Vacant, Situation Wanted and Business Chances Wanted, not exceeding 5 lines non-parade type on sale, not to exceed 5 lines, \$1 for first month, 50c per subsequent month. Larger ads in proportion.

Any special notice, the object of which is to promote the pecuniary benefit of any individual or company, to be considered an advertisement and charged accordingly. These terms will in all cases be strictly adhered to.

Special rates for larger advertisements, or advertisements for extended periods, made known at the office of publication.

JOBbing DEPARTMENT. A fully equipped Jobbing Office is carried on in connection with the ordinary newspaper business, where first-class work is turned out at reasonable rates. Everything in the printing line can be done on the premises from an illuminated poster to a visiting card.

All communications must be addressed to D. McCallum, Editor of THE SIGNAL, Goderich, Ont.

HURON SIGNAL

FRIDAY, APRIL 27th, 1888.

New Advertisements This Week. Printing and Decorating—Elliott & Pretty. In the High Court of Justice—James Cartwright. House to Let—Mrs Emma Edward. There is no mistake about it—Alex. Munro.

TOWN TOPICS.

"A child's among ye, takin' notes, An' faith he'll print it."

Wall paper 5c. per roll and upwards. G. C. Robertson, Crabb's block.

A Good Present.—The most useful gift you can make is to give a Wirt Pen. Apply to D. McCallum, agent Goderich.

The lowest of any tender is not necessarily accepted when Geo. Stewart comes in competition with the wide world in the turning out of fine plates.

The Scott Act vote was a surprise party to many, but there is no falling off in the popularity of the photograph work turned out by R. H. Sallows, at his studio, corner of Montreal and Square.

La-Quon Tea.—There is no better blend of tea on the market than the well-known and highly esteemed La-Quon Tea. Geo. H. H. is the local agent in Goderich. It covers an insurance policy also.

Call on Goods, the druggist, Albion block, for everything in the line of drugs, patent medicines, chemicals and toilet articles. Special personal attention to prescriptions. W. C. Goods, Druggist, Albion Block.

The recent cool weather has given place to an atmosphere which will soon cause trees and shrubs and flowers to bud and bloom, and those in want of neat and neat spring suits will do well to call upon F. & A. Friedman.

THE WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION will meet regularly for the transaction of business on Monday afternoon, 7:30 o'clock, in North-st. Methodist church. Every woman interested in the work is cordially invited to attend.

One of the brightest spots in existence is spot cash.

Miss Ella Carl has returned from her visit to Saris.

The man who eats clove is tinted with the breath of suspicion.

Little Nellie McGillouddy, of Toronto, is visiting relatives in town.

The brick work on the new Beck Demestee was finished last Saturday.

Regular meeting of the High School Literary Society next Friday evening.

McGillivray, grocer, next Wednesday will remove next door to E. Downing's store.

Captain A. M. McGregor reached town from Owen Sound on Wednesday of last week.

Quite a number of applications have been made to town clerk Campbell for free pit trees.

Abraham Smith, jr., met with an accident last week by which his leg was broken below the ankle.

There was a young people's social at the Victoria Street Methodist church Tuesday evening.

The Master in Ordinary has fixed May 1 as the date of the payment of the first dividend of the Central Bank.

Geo Old shipped a cartload of potatoes down the line on Wednesday last. He is prepared to handle any quantity.

Mrs W. Bawden, of Goderich, returned home on Monday evening after spending a few days with relatives in Clinton.

The severe frost at night and warm sun is hard on the fall wheat. Warm rain and a general change in the weather is required.

The calendar spring begins on March 1st, the astronomical spring begins several weeks later, the real spring begins when it gets rainy.

Keep out of draughts, keep the feet dry and stick to your blankets. Pneumonia has no safer enemy than timely and sensible precaution.

Elliott & Pretty, the painters, have an advt. for spring work in another column. It seems they are stayers and won't be driven out of town.

Rev. Judson Trux, a former Goderich student, who has been stationed at Lion's Head, near Warton, spent a few days in town last week.

Arrangements are being made to hold a piano concert at the residence of M. C. Cameron in about a week. Further particulars next week.

Dr. McDonough will be in Goderich for consultation on Saturday, the 5th of May, and afterwards on the first Saturday of every month.

Of the 109 ballot boxes 108 were in the possession of the returning officer before sundown on Saturday. The last one was handed in on Monday.

Isabelle, wife of Mr. Geo. Bissett of Colborne, died very suddenly on Saturday, leaving a family of five little ones, including an infant four days old.

Rev. G. A. Donist, of St. John's church Montreal, will next Sabbath morning and evening preach in Knox church on "French Evangelization."

The fire engine having been thoroughly repaired, was out on Saturday evening for practice. The work on the occasion seemed to be satisfactory.

Mr. Joe Varcoe, of Colborne, has returned from a six months' trip to the Pacific coast. He looks hale and hearty, and has increased twenty-six pounds in weight.

We omitted to state last week that Mrs. Fraser left a couple of weeks since to join her husband, Captain A. K. Fraser, at Detroit. We wish them every success in the future.

Dr. M. Nicholson, the West street dentist, makes the preservation of the natural teeth a specialty. Gas administered from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. for the painless extraction of teeth.

No lady or gentleman, in making their spring purchases, can become acquainted with the best value to be obtained without inspecting J. A. Reid & Bro's stock of dry goods, tweeds &c.

A French physician says children are made left handed by mothers carrying them on the left arm. The infant, having its arm free, grasps at objects with its right hand and soon thus develops its power.

Mr. W. M. Kincks weighed his yearling Billy Saturday morning, and she tipped the scales at 985 lbs. The filly was from "The Gallant Grange," and Frank McDonough is correspondingly pleased.

James Orr, M. P.P., of British Columbia, and J. J. Wright, of Goderich, met on a Victoria street the other day. They had not seen each other for twenty years, but recognition was mutual and instant.

A. Reid & Bro., make a specialty of tailoring; their stock of new spring tweeds and coatings is one of the largest and choicest in town. Call and inspect before ordering your spring suit overcoats.

PROMOTIONS LAZARUS.—The members of the prohibition league are requested to attend a meeting in the lecture room of North-st. church Thursday evening next, May 3, to receive the report of committee, and for other business.

The annual meeting of the Goderich Mechanical Institute will be held on Tuesday evening, May 1st, in the reading room, commencing at 8 o'clock. The report of the directors will be read, and the officers for the ensuing year elected.

PIANO TUNING.—Mr. A. Ramperger, piano tuner for A. & S. Nordheimer, will be in town all next week. Parties wishing their pianos tuned, please leave orders at British Exchange. Mr. Ramperger is the only representative of A. & S. Nordheimer in this district.

Mr. Harry Morris brought into us Monday last a hen egg, which measured 1 1/2 inches and was filled with good meat. If the hens of Morrisville will insist upon producing such large eggs, we expect to see Harry become an advocate of selling the fruit by weight.

The fishermen are getting ready for the first of May, and are anxiously awaiting the advent of that month. Tall trout stories will then be in order, whether caught by the common hook or by the well known silver bait, the latter of which plays an important factor with town trout fishers.

An exchange pertinently remarks: An editor works 365 days in a year to publish 52 papers—that's labor. Subscribers drop in occasionally and pay their subscriptions—that's capital. Now and then some dead beat takes the paper two or three years and does not pay for it—that's anxiety.

Quarterly service will be held in North-st. Methodist church next Sunday, in the morning at 9.30, the usual Lovefeast. At 11 preaching by Rev. J. E. Howell, M. A., Chairman of the District, and the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper at the close of the service. In the evening also Mr. Howell will preach.

RAISED BILLS.—People should carefully examine all the \$10 bills that may be tendered them, from the fact that a large number of \$5 bills raised to \$10 are in circulation. They were principally on the Imperial Bank, with a few Traders. Recently counterfeit \$5 United States silver certificates have been sent into circulation, besides a large number of \$2 bills.

DESTRUCTIVE BIRDS.—Spring is hardly here before birds, who look important enough to know better, can be seen with guns and powder horns making indiscriminate war on our small birds. With the exception of the English sparrows we have no destructive birds, the song birds are becoming scarce enough without any such barbarous slaughtering. We commend those amateur gunners to the care of our town authorities. The statutes provide fines for all such cases.

CITIZENS' RAILWAY COMMITTEE MEETING.—A meeting of the Citizens' Railway committee was held in the town clerk's office Monday evening last, and the railway question was discussed in all its bearings. The council representatives to the Listowel meeting—mayor Seager, councillor Radcliffe and town clerk Campbell—were endorsed by the meeting, after some explanations had been made with regard to the actions of certain members of the council at previous meetings in antagonism to the citizens' committee.

JAPANESE MISSIONARY.—Rev. Mr. Hirasawa, of Tokio, a converted Japanese who has been laboring for a number of years with Rev. Dr. Macdonald, of the North-st. Methodist church on Tuesday evening May 1st, on "Mission

Work in Japan." The lecture will be given under the auspices of the Women's Missionary Society. Rev. Mr. Hirasawa is one of the best lecturers on the religious platform today, and has always met with unqualified approval wherever he has spoken. Admission 15c. Doors open at 7.30. To commence at 8 o'clock.

SCHOOL ARBOR DAY.—On the first Friday in May, Arbor Day will, by appointment of the Minister of Education, be observed at the schools throughout Ontario. The day has now become a regular institution in the Province, and we trust that the request of Hon. Mr. Ross that every teacher in the Public schools, especially in the rural regions, should between now and the anniversary inaugurate the planting of trees and flower planting into the minds of the pupils, will be remembered. There would never be a scarcity of timber, with its deplorable results, in these parts, if the tree-planting of the year were properly observed on ever farm in the land, as it might be, with much benefit to the country, and at very small initial expense to the farmer.

OBITUARY.—An old resident of Goderich passed away on Wednesday in the person of Samuel Pollock, in his 73rd year. Deceased was a well known figure in Goderich, having been a resident for some thirty-eight years, during which time he occupied many responsible public positions. For about fifteen years he was deputy sheriff of Huron under the late sheriff Macdonald, and he at different times filled municipal offices, and amongst others the majority of the town. For over twenty years he was a trustee of North-st. Methodist church congregation, of which he was a consistent member. Some years since he removed to Bad Axe, Michigan, but after the great fire that swept over that district, he returned to Goderich, where he has since lived. His widow and other relatives have the sympathy of the entire community.

A PAPER'S STOCK IN TRADE.—The Toronto World hits the nail squarely on the head when it says (and quite a number of Goderichites should cut this out and paste it on the tablet of their memory) "A newspaper is an expensive institution to run. It needs much money to meet its weekly bills. It has only two sources of income: What it gets for papers and what it gets for advertising. That is all it has. A storekeeper derives his income from the goods on the shelves, yet no one thinks of asking him for a yard of cloth or package of starch for nothing or for charity. If any one wants his goods he expects to pay for them. A large number of worthy people, however, run the paper, as if they were doing a newspaper for a favor by asking for the use of its columns for their announcements of one kind or another. If asked to pay therefor they feel hurt. That is all it has. 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ACHESON & COX

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR

New, Excellent and Extensive Stock

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS GROCERIES, &C.

NEVER SO CHEAP!

NEVER BETTER VALUE!

SPECIAL VALUE IN:

DRESS GOODS (New Shades),
CHAMBRAYS,
GINGHAMS,
PRINTS,

SATEENS,
MUSLINS,
CARPETS,
CURTAINS,

COTTONS,
TWEEDS,
SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS, &c., &c.

LARGE STOCK OF

FEATHERBONE AND CROMPTON CORSETS.

A WORD TO ALL

Call and see the above complete Stock. It will please the most fastidious, and suit the closest buyer.

First-Class Tailor Employed

Fit Guaranteed.

ACHESON & COX.

AT THE CASH STORE

Fresh Groceries
and
Canned Goods
which I am selling very cheap for cash or farm produce.

Crockery & Glassware
Which I am selling cheaper than the cheapest.

Glass Sets of Dishes at 50c. a Set and Upwards.

TEAS
All kinds, consisting of Japan, Black, Green, and Gunpowder, at 50c., 60c., and 75c. Try my 50c. and 60c. blend.

Hams, Bacon and Corned Beef, sliced, always on hand.
Preserved fruits of all kinds kept in stock.

SEEDS!
A fresh stock of Clover, Timothy and Turpentine, and field and garden seeds of all kinds, which will be sold cheap for cash.
Remember the Cash Store.

G. H. OLD,
THE GROCER

HOUSE CLEANING!

Window Shades,
Wall Paper,
Picture Framing,
Kalsomine,
Mixed Paints.

SAUNDERS & SON
Sole Agents for the

Gendron Manufacturing Co.'s
STEEL WHEEL

BABY CARRIAGES!

The Cheapest House Under the Sun

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLAR STOCK

CHOICE STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

In consequence of Mr. H. W. Brethour retiring from the Dry Goods Department of the business on the 10th of August, we have decided to offer the entire stock of \$100,000 at very low prices, so as to secure a very large reduction of it before that date. The high class character of the goods is well known. This gives a grand opportunity for securing bargains in

BLACK AND COLORED DRESS GOODS.
BLACK AND COLORED SILKS AND SATINS.
TABLE LINENS, NAPKINS, &c.
TABLE AND PIANO COVERS.
SHEETINGS AND PILLOW COTTONS.

MILLINERY.
MANTLES, DOLMANS.
SILK AND KID GLOVES.
HOSIERY.
PARASOLS.

All new choice goods, and marked at very low prices.

5 PER CENT. OFF!

In addition to the very low prices which the goods are marked at, we will allow on all cash purchases of \$2.00 a discount of five (5) per cent.

H. W. BRETHOUR & CO.

BRANTFORD.

BRANTFORD, APRIL, 1888.

DEAR SIR,

I take this medium for announcing that on the 10th of August, it is my intention to retire from the Dry Goods Department of the business so long carried on by me under the name and firm of H. W. BRETHOUR & Co.

Having had now a long and very close application to business of over Thirty Years, I feel entitled to at least partial rest and release from the cares of a large business.

In making this announcement, I extend to the thousands of customers and correspondents sincere thanks for their liberal patronage, and the universal confidence bestowed on me.

While retiring from the Dry Goods Department I will, however, continue the Clothing and Carpet establishment on a larger scale than heretofore, and more directly under my own supervision.

Special attention will be paid to the Ordered Clothing Department; also to the Carpet and House Furnishing, so as to make them complete in every particular.

Soliciting a continuance of your patronage,

I am, yours respectfully,
H. W. BRETHOUR.

DR. W. K. ROSS, LICENTATE OF
Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh.
Office on South side of Hamilton-st. W. 40-41

DR. McLEAN, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON,
Coroner &c. Office and residence,
Bruce Street, second door west of Victoria Street.

DRS. SHANNON & SHANNON,
Physicians Surgeons, Accouchers, &c.
Office at Dr. Shannon's residence near the
Hotel Goderich. G. C. SHANNON, J. R. SHANNON.

Auctioneering.

JOHN KNOX, GENERAL AUCTIONEER and Land Valuator, Goderich Ont. Having had considerable experience in the auctioneering trade, he is in a position to discharge with thorough satisfaction all commissions entrusted to him. Order a list at Martin's Hotel, or sent by mail to my address, Goderich P. O., carefully attended to. JOHN KNOX County Auctioneer. 1887-8

PRICES REASONABLE AT SIGNAL

ENVELOPES

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Mechanics can get their Bill Heads, Letter Heads, &c. printed at this office for very little more than they generally pay for the paper, and it helps to advertise their business. Call and see samples and get prices.

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NEW

SPRING MILLINERY MRS. SALKELD'S.

The latest Novelties of the season can be found on the North side of the Square. MOUNTS, SHAPES, RIBBONS, GAUZES, and everything to be found in a first-class millinery establishment. A new line of CRAPE AND NUN'S VEILING has been added. Call and examine the stock and get prices. Agent for Parker's Steam Dye Works, Toronto. 2145-3m. MRS. SALKELD.

CHICAGO HOUSE

I have just returned from the cities, and am now receiving the latest lines in SPRING MILLINERY. My dressmaking department is also in full working order. A call is respectfully solicited.

A. J. WILKINSON.

MISS GRAHAM SPRING MILLINERY

and is prepared to give even better value than ever before in every department. Feathers, Tips and Mounts, Ribbons, Fancy Trimmings, and all the latest styles of shapes and makes. Remember the stand—On the Square, next door to Acheson & Cox's. 2144

SPRING MILLINERY MISS CAMERON

has now received a full stock of of spring millinery, consisting of the LATEST NOVELTIES. Arrangements have been made for getting in new goods weekly, and all orders left at the store will receive prompt attention.

CARD OF THANKS.
I also beg to tender my best thanks to the ladies of Goderich and vicinity for the patronage which they have bestowed on me with since I commenced business last fall. MISS CAMERON, Hamilton street, near the Square. 2144-2m

1888.

GOODS

terms and best value
CLOTHING, GLOVES,
HATS, LINENS,
ALL PRICES.

ORDER,
free of Charge.

THINGS.

TIES, &c.

offer such a large
COMPETITION.

with pleasure,
BRO.,

FUL CAREER.

to failure of any Loan
under the General
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subscribed capital of
high \$30,175,470, is

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panies. The paid up
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six months, at rates
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quintance with

THE CITY OF NEW HAVEN.

IT WILL SHORTLY CELEBRATE ITS 250TH ANNIVERSARY.

Some Historical Matters That Are Recalled Thereby—How and by Whom the Town Was Founded—Pictures of Historical Places and Venerable Buildings.

The city of New Haven, Conn., is about to celebrate the 250th anniversary of its birth, the 27th of April being the day set for the event.

The municipality of this town traces its descent from the parish of St. Stephen, Coleman street, London. On the 16th of October, 1634, a party of these sturdy Englishmen, together with their parson, Rev. John Davenport, decided to leave the oppression of their mother country and sail to America, where religion and thought would be free.

The day following its ratification, a lone Indian was caught strolling about the town. After a trial of three days, he was convicted of trespass and his head chopped and hung on a pole in the centre of the grave, as a pointed warning for his followers.

In 1639 the first church was built; it was a wooden building occupying the present site of Center church on the Green and the foundations of the present edifice. It was fifty feet square with a pyramidal roof, surmounted by a tower, which was arranged as a sort of fort, when placed men to watch, lest the Indians should interrupt the services.

The city militia were given seats near each door to be in readiness. So at an early hour Sunday morning, at the call of the town drummer, the citizens, well armed, ventured to church. As no seats were allowed in the church, even as late as 1830, the men carried foot stools for the women.

During the short intermission the worshippers would run home, get warm, eat a lunch and return to shiver and hear the rest of the sermon.

The present Green was used as a cemetery from 1639 to 1796. It was surrounded with a high board fence, painted red. Here and in the crypt of Center church lie the remains of many distinguished men in church and state, literature and politics, ornaments to the little struggling colony in former days and now honored by their descendants.

The bodies were borne on the shoulders of the bearers, who were always furnished with wine before and after the services to strengthen their nerves, it is supposed.

During the revolutionary period the city played an important part. She sent many brave men from her rocky hills to the front to battle for this new republic.

Among the names of her famous men are those of Gen. Wooster, Roger Sherman, Admiral Foote and many more, besides that man, delectable to every loyal American citizen, Benedict Arnold. This last man, who enjoyed the exclusive title as his country's traitor, never stood high in the esteem of his fellow townsmen.

In personal appearance he was tall, erect, with a treacherous look, and even before his treasonable actions was disliked by his neighbors.

On the 8th of July, 1779, two ships of the British squadron landed at the harbor and sent two divisions of infantry to sack the town. After several small skirmishes on the evening of that day the redcoats had possession of the city.

Word was sent out to neighboring towns, and all night the rustic militia poured into town and next morning compelled the half-drunk Englishmen to beat a hasty retreat to their vessels. Several battles were fought near New Haven, but none of a local character excepting this one.

On the 25th of April, 1633, the remainder of the settlers arrived from Boston. They reached their new home on Saturday, and the first thing Sunday morning they were called together by the good parson and preached to, under a large tree, from the text, Matt. IV, 1. A section of this mammoth oak tree formed the support of the anvil on which two stalwart generations of Beechers hammered before Lyman Beecher transferred the role of the family from the anvil to the pulpit.

The old white house in which Lyman Beecher was born is now standing. Tradition tells of the kindness of the earlier Beechers. They were simple, lovable, always ready to help those in need, and, as a consequence, lived in comparative poverty, traits which the descendants of the old stock still exhibit.

Henry Ward Beecher and his wife used to make frequent visits to this historic spot. Early in the year the settlers began to erect houses, and in the latter part of 1633 the colonists had permanent dwellings.

These old houses were queer buildings, with their rough hewn boards and shingles. But as the early innkeepers were wealthy, comparatively speaking, accustomed to large houses in London, they expended liberally on their new homes.

An early chronicle tells of the one owned by Theophilus Eaton so large as to have nineteen fireplaces, and the Davenport house, just opposite, with thirteen. The Beecher house, erected some years later, was smaller but more improved.

Porous earthenware, formed of clays that produce, on baking, are mixed with sand and water that are burned out in the process, is the latest fireproof material that has been offered to builders.—Exchange.

Some Historical Matters That Are Recalled Thereby—How and by Whom the Town Was Founded—Pictures of Historical Places and Venerable Buildings.

The day following its ratification, a lone Indian was caught strolling about the town. After a trial of three days, he was convicted of trespass and his head chopped and hung on a pole in the centre of the grave, as a pointed warning for his followers.

In 1639 the first church was built; it was a wooden building occupying the present site of Center church on the Green and the foundations of the present edifice. It was fifty feet square with a pyramidal roof, surmounted by a tower, which was arranged as a sort of fort, when placed men to watch, lest the Indians should interrupt the services.

The city militia were given seats near each door to be in readiness. So at an early hour Sunday morning, at the call of the town drummer, the citizens, well armed, ventured to church. As no seats were allowed in the church, even as late as 1830, the men carried foot stools for the women.

During the short intermission the worshippers would run home, get warm, eat a lunch and return to shiver and hear the rest of the sermon.

The present Green was used as a cemetery from 1639 to 1796. It was surrounded with a high board fence, painted red. Here and in the crypt of Center church lie the remains of many distinguished men in church and state, literature and politics, ornaments to the little struggling colony in former days and now honored by their descendants.

The bodies were borne on the shoulders of the bearers, who were always furnished with wine before and after the services to strengthen their nerves, it is supposed.

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NEW END AND MEETING HOUSE.

founders, Rev. John Davenport and Theophilus Eaton, were several wealthy Londoners, one the founder of three American grammar schools, five ministers, four school teachers, one the first master of Harvard college, and a second the first American author of an educational work, the father of Elihu Yale, and Michael Wiglesworth, a morning star of American literature.

In the fall of 1637 these men, after a long journey, nearly overcome by hunger and like hardships, reached the beautiful harbor, located and called the place Innisnick, afterward New Haven. The location was a most beautiful and promising one, with a large bay protected by an amphitheatre of rocky hills. Cold weather soon came upon the little band, but with no provisions or place of abode. With willing hands they labored night and day, and soon had cellars in the river bank for dwelling places. These rude shelters were protected by boards, sticks and turfs, re-

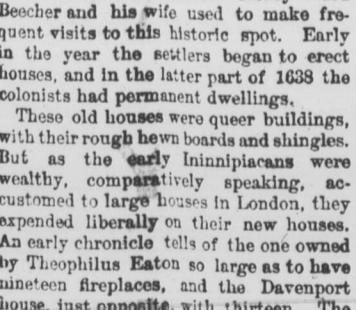


THE OLD STATE HOUSE.

sembling the western "dugout." A town plot was laid out, a half mile square, bounded by what are now George, York, Grove and State streets, and divided into nine minor squares, with a central section reserved for a market, the spot which now is occupied by the famous "Green."

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THE OLD BEECHER HOUSE.

For the fourteen months following the arrival of the settlers these people lived under a provisional government, having no charter, and each working for the public as well as private good, this sort of

Dangerous Counterfeits. Counterfeits are always dangerous, more so that they always closely resemble the original in appearance and name. The remarkable success achieved by Nasal Balm as a positive cure for Croup and Cold in the Head has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. The public are cautioned not to be deceived by unscrupulous parties who have adopted the name of Nasal Balm in name and appearance, bearing such names as Nasal Cream, Nasal Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and do not take imitation dealers' word upon you. For sale by all druggists or by mail, post-paid on receipt of price (50c and \$1) by addressing Fulford & Co., Brookville, Ont.

In Great Britain the question of Home Rule is commanding attention. To the man with a cold in the head or chest the safest way to ensure Home Rule over a cold is to have on hand a bottle of Dr. Harvey's Red Pine Gum. For sale at J. Wilson's Prescription drug store. If

Esqueman's Worm Powders destroy and expel worms without injury to adult or infant.

To the Medical Profession, and all whom it may concern.

Phosphatine, or Nerve Food, a Phosphate Element based upon Scientific Facts, Formulated by Professor Austin, M. D. of Boston, Mass., cures Pulmonary Consumption, Sick Headache, Nervous Attacks, Vertigo and Neuralgia and all wasting diseases of the human system. Phosphatine is not a Medicine, but a Nutrient, because it contains no Vegetable or Mineral Poisons, Opium, Narcotics, and no Stimulants, but simply the Phosphate and Glyceric Elements found in our daily food. A single bottle is sufficient to convince. All Druggists sell it. \$1.00 per bottle. LOWN & Co., sole agents for the Dominion, 55 Front Street East, Toronto.

What a Woman Never Admits.

That she is in love. That she ever flitted. That she laces tight. That she is tired at a bill. That she is fond of scandal. That her shoes are too small. That she cannot keep a secret. That it takes her long to dress. That she has kept you waiting. That she uses anything but powder. That she says what she doesn't mean. That she blushed when you mentioned a particular gentleman's name.

ELLY'S GREEN BALM CATARRH. Cleanses the Head. Always Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. TRY THE CURE HAY-FEVER. A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price, one cent. Druggists; by mail, registered, 50 cents. ELLY BROS. Drugists, 233 Greenway St., New York. 2092-37

INVENTION has revolutionized the world during the last half century. Not least among the wonders of inventive progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal: anyone can do the work; either set, four or six special ability required. Capital not needed; you are started free. Cut this out and return to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business, will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. Grand and free. Address TANK & Co., Augusta, Maine. 30.

GOE. BARRY sells cheap for cash; he will not be undersold. EVERY one should call on him before purchasing FURNITURE elsewhere. ONE and all can save money by buying from GEO. BARRY.

BARRY makes a specialty of UNDERTAKING and Picture Framing. ALL kinds of FURNITURE kept on hand. Call and see his Stock of ROCKING Chairs, Tables, Parlor Sets, Mattresses, Bedsteads, Easy Chairs, &c. REMEMBER that GEO. BARRY keeps the best Stock of FURNITURE in town. YOU should call and get his PRICES before buying elsewhere.

GEO. BARRY, 1751 Hamilton-St., Goderich.

TRY IT! TRY IT Big Mill Patent Flour, MADE FROM SELECTED MANITOBA HARD WHEAT.

The cheapest and best article for family use sold. Will give more bread to quantity baked, and best value for your money than any offered. SEE THAT YOU GET THE RIGHT ARTICLE.

NOTE—As reports are current that our best flour is all shipped to foreign markets, and consequently not obtainable here, we beg to state that the very best flour manufactured being our Patent, can be had from us at the lowest possible prices. Persons who are not sure of getting the first-class article from retailers can have orders filled direct from the mill.

OGILVIES & HUTCHISON. Goderich, Dec. 9.

ABRAHAM SMITH IS OFFERING SPECIAL BARGAINS IN

CLOTHING.

I want you all to meet and profit thereby. Now the holidays and elections are over, welcome ideas to business. I am offering to the public the largest stock and THE BEST STOCK OF CLOTHING IN WESTERN CANADA AT THE LOWEST PRICES. The stock must and will be sold out to make room for spring goods. I take this opportunity of thanking the public in both town and surrounding country for past favors, and solicit a continuation. Goderich, Jan. 6, 1888. A. SMITH.

A REWARD—Of one dozen "TRADER" or 20 any one sending the best four-line rhyme on "TRADERBY," the remarkable little gem for the Teeth and Gums. Ask your druggist or address

More Remarkable Still. Found at last, what the true public have been looking for these many years and that is a medicine which although but lately introduced, has made for itself a reputation second to none, the medicine is Johnson's Tonic Bitters which in conjunction with Johnson's Tonic Liver Pills has performed some most wonderful cures.

One of our well cured maids has will keep a cow five or six months in winter; she will require, on average, about three acres of pasture for her summer support. One acre on the tolling system will support her all the year round.

A Wonderful Organ. The largest organ, and one that plays a controlling part on the health of the body is the liver. If torpid or inactive the whole system becomes diseased.

Dr. Chase's Liver Care is made especially for Liver and Kidney diseases, and is guaranteed to cure. Recipe book and medicine \$1. Sold by all druggists.

READMAKER'S YEAST. BREAD made of this Yeast took 21st Prize at Ontario Exhibition in 1887. Over 1000 ladies have written to say that it surpasses any yeast ever used by them. It makes the lightest, whitest, sweetest bread, rolls, buns and buckwheat cakes. Bakers in nearly every town in Canada use it. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

BEWARE OF WORTHLESS IMITATIONS. As there are many inferior goods, coated with false gold, and offered and sold as genuine by some unprincipled merchants trading on the reputation of our genuine "GROMPTON CORSET CO.," we warn the ladies against such imitation by drawing their attention to the necessity of seeing that the name

"GROMPTON CORSET CO." is stamped on the inside of all Covaline goods. Without which none are genuine.

CANADIAN BUSINESS UNIVERSITY AND SHORTHAND PUBLIC LIBRARY OF TORONTO. The Designated Building. (Opp. St. George's Hotel)

DEEP Sea Wonders exist in the sands of forms, but are surpassed by the marine life that can be done while living at home should at once and their address. These are in need of profitable work that can be done while living at home should at once and their address. These are in need of profitable work that can be done while living at home should at once and their address.

W.M. KNIGHT, 204 West Street, two doors east of P.O., Goderich.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT!

ROCK BOTTOM FIGURES, an wishes particularly to call attention to his

SPLENDID LINES OF TEAS from 10 cts to 75 cts per lb, Maple Syrup, finest case Prunes, pure Spices, Lawry celebrated Bacon, cooked Corn Beef, Cut Myrtle, Cavendish and Club Tobaccos, best American fine cut chewing Tobacco, fresh salt and canned Fish, best quality.

12 Bars of Soap for 25c. 3 Scrubbing Brushes for 25c.

Lemons, Oranges, Mixed Candy. A No. 1 Chocolate Drops, etc., etc. General Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Flour, Feed.

JOHN ROBERTSON, SUCCESSOR TO C. L. MINTOSH, Blake's Block, the Square, Goderich, Goderich, March 2nd, 1888. 2133.

Don't Speculate. Run no risk in buying medicine, but try the great Kidney and Liver regulator, made by Dr. Chase, author of Chase's recipes. Try Chase's Liver Care for all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Bowels. Sold by all druggists.

MAY APPLIED TO THE BLOOD. AND WILL CURE Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Sick Headaches, Nervous Debility. May Apple Blood Purifier never weakens, but strengthens and invigorates the system. For sale by James McKay Druggist, Dun Gannon. Price 50c and \$1.

CHANGE OF BUSINESS. W. J. DOWDING C. F. STRAUBEL, and would ask a continuance of the favors that have been conferred on his predecessor.

A variety of LIGHT AND HEAVY HARNESS, TRUNKS, VALISES, BOBES, ETC., always in stock at lowest possible prices. Mr. C. F. Straubel will be at the shop, and will be pleased to see all his old customers. Note the Address—Hamilton St. Opp. Martin's Hotel. 2134 St.

HEADQUARTERS FOR BOOTS AND SHOES. E. DOWNING, The Old Established Boot and Shoe Man of Goderich, still to the front with one of the Largest Stocks in the Dominion, comprising

EVERY STYLE, QUALITY, & PRICE. AN IMMENSE STOCK OF Ladies' Fine Goods

OVERSHOES AND RUBBERS. Of every description both of Canadian and American make. I would also call the attention of FARMERS to that part of my stock especially suitable for them, such as

Long Boots in Calf, Kip and Cowhide, FELT BOOTS AND MOCCASINS.

I have a line of Fat Boots, my own make, acknowledged to be the Best Fat Boot made in Canada. My prompt and careful attention given to

ORDERED WORK AND REPAIRING. Please bear three facts in mind—1. I have by far the largest stock of Boots and Shoes in town; 2. They are of the very best quality procurable, being made by the best manufacturers in Canada; and 3. I will sell at prices as low or lower than anyone else. Soliciting a continuance of your valued custom, so liberally accorded me during the past fourteen years, I remain, yours faithfully.

E. DOWNING, Crab's Block, Cor. East-st. and Square.

PURE PARISGREEN, HELLEBORE, INSECT POWDER

AT RHYNAS' THE DRUGGIST.

HAYING RE-FURNISHED my shop in the latest style, put in three new Haying Chairs, two of them the celebrated Rochester "THING" chairs, and hired a journeyman harrow. We are in a position to do better work than heretofore. Ladies' Children's Hosiery made a specialty on all days except Saturday. Baxton and Baxton's ground.

W.M. KNIGHT, 204 West Street, two doors east of P.O., Goderich.

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JOHN ROBERTSON, SUCCESSOR TO C. L. MINTOSH, Blake's Block, the Square, Goderich, Goderich, March 2nd, 1888. 2133.

CONTRASTS IN N METROPOLITAN LIFE LIGHTS AND SH

The Recent Festivities of day in Venice Offered by my friend Seldice of A and His Wife to Avoid

The contrasts of metris sometimes startling—nay ling. But a few days ago the lovers of the poetry of mot was attracted by the r Flashing Thursday in Ven politan opera house. Hoy to make the with a success were drawn from the New York's fashionables proceeds were to be given of the Habemann hospital volunteers were plentiful

A SWEDISH QU Seven dances, including and the pantomime, of gramma. First came the the Mirror dance and then the Flashing dance Surprise and a final is loved by the Pierrot. Swedish, Venetian and I all ending with the Indi One of the most fa dances was the Pierrot. In a great variety of fant with advances and retr in one of the figures th on their knees, while about them, clapping th cart. A triple tableu closed the performance, all clad in pink and whit low and filled in with i draped with a wide ric white. Each wore ov ment and the style of i gentlemen was of high white, laced from side and low ribbons. This costume combining wit large buttons down upper garment of loose front with the extra finished with a wide ru

GYPSY ON The Grecian cymbal the most graceful of al dance performed by I executed by twenty-f in the dance there i which was given to the melody. The dancers music of a march. In gauzy scarfs three yar high with both hands a with ends floating back in addition two cymb as well as the scarf changing movements i feet. A simple state lines advancing, meeti and again with clas quickly succeeded by i surprisingly perfect in The Hungarian Gyps series. The costumes adorned with sequins gold. Each gypsy girl ino, decorated with pai most conspicuous an gypsy queen, who dan chanting grace. The stage in dark velvet wearing stockings in dance was a success rapidly changing mo point the retreating fig followed the entire le by a long, radiant line loosely flowing hair hued ribbons, shaking in the air with most specially effective mov men united was a wiv around the stage, foll cent triple tableau illu In another swift chan

SLOTTIERIA AN pany gathered in a n the stage, each with u of action shaking a ta tude of movements color effects were s artless appearing dan And now for the cu One bright morning

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