

HOTELS.

QUEEN HOTEL,

Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

THIS HOTEL has been REBUILT AND PAINTED IN THE MOST ATTRACTIVE STYLE BY EDGART GENTLEMEN'S PARLOR OFFICE, AND BEAUTIFULLY DECORATED. DINNER ROOM on Ground Floor. PERFECT VENTILATION and REFRIGERATION throughout. LARGES AIRY BEDROOMS; COMMODIOUS BATH ROOMS and CLOSET on each floor; and 20 en suite of accommodating ONE HUNDRED GUESTS.

It is rapidly growing in popular favor, and is today one of the LEADING, as well as the MOST COMFORTABLE HOTELS IN THE DOMINION.

The Table is always supplied with every delicacy available. The Cooking is highly commended, and the Staff of Attendants are ever ready to oblige. There are two of the largest and most conveniently placed SAMPLER ROOMS in Canada, having street entrances and also connecting with Hotel.

COACHES and CARRIAGES of every style are to be had at the LIVERY STABLES of the Proprietor, immediately adjacent to the Hotel.

The "QUEEN" is centrally located, directly opposite the Government and Green Ferry Landings, and within a minute's walk of the Parliament Buildings, County Registrar's Office and Cathedral.

See a FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP IN CONNECTION.

HEALTH FOR ALL!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.

THE PILLS
PURIFY THE BLOOD, correct all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys and Bowels. They regulate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all Ages. For Children and the Aged they are priceless.

THE OINTMENT
Is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers. It is famous on a G. & B. and Rheumatism. For Disorders of the Chest it has no equal.

FOR SORE THROATS, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, Headache, Swellings, and all Skin Diseases. It has no rival; and for Constipation and BILIOUSNESS it is a charm.

Manufactured only at Professor HOLLOWAY'S Establishment,
78, NEW OXFORD STREET, (late 533, OXFORD STREET), LONDON

and sold at No. 14, St. J. St., No. 84, 11a, 12a, and 33a, each Box or Pot and may be had of all Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

Purchasers should look to the label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not 533, Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.

THE BATHURST INQUIRY.

So Much Different from What was Given Out Before Election.

BATHURST, June 2.—The rev. father Varrault stood aside to be recalled on the production of certain letters.

Dr. Inch, who was recalled, recollected a change in the manual in the printer's hands; he did so because it was necessary for the benefit of education throughout the province. It was not specially changed to suit the desire of the trustees of Bathurst. He had an application before him for the change from the district of Sackville to permit the renting of a building for a school. He could not grant the permit as regulation 10 was not amended. Several other changes were made while in the printer's hands. He had a conversation with the Bathurst trustees who objected to the regulation as at first printed. Dr. Inch gave the history of the refusal of the board to grant permission to Edward O'Brien to teach in the grammar school. He explained the matter of the Elizabeth Arseno examination. He refused the examination because no special examinations were being held. He offered her to come to Fredericton the following week as it would be cheaper for all concerned. He would have made the change in regulation 10 if the trustees of Bathurst had never objected. The scheme referred to by Inspector Mercereau was not a report for the board of education; it was intended for the attorney general only. No arrangements were made whereby the pupils of district 15 came to district 16 to receive religious instruction. In the schools taught by the sisters of charity the arrangement was made to permit the pupils of district 15 to attend school in district 16, but there was no room in school 15. The teacher was a sister, but received no salary from 16. If he knew religion was taught in the school room after regular hours he would not think it was a matter of interference. This arrangement was cancelled after the election of the board of education on the 13th January, 1891, in closing Rev. G. D. Peters, rector of St. Joseph's Episcopal church, expressing his satisfaction at the introduction of sisters under the law, and saying that no instruction was given.

Mr. Skinner objected to classing Mr. O'Brien as a protestant. Mr. O'Brien—Mr. Skinner changes politics so often he thinks I do the same in religion.

Dr. Inch—Great difficulty is always experienced in grading where French and English children attend school. You can't divide 150 pupils in three schools of 50 each. I understand school hours to be from 9 a. m. until they close in the evening. If the children were to be between 12 and 12.30 in one department and the other branches in another department I would not allow it. I will not permit the catechism between 12 and 12.30.

Anna Ethel Corbett attended the superior school at Petit Roché, taught by Jerome Boudreau and Miss Josephine Frenet. Boudreau prayed opened school, Miss Frenet then taught catechism, protestant children could leave at catechism hour. Miss Frenet had the catechism open for the teacher or trustees to come. Some one said, "There's the inspector." She sent the class to their seats and hid the catechism. My father and mother knew of teaching the prayers and said I should not learn them. I never spoke to the teacher or trustees about this. All I knew; I knelt, but never was asked or forced. The Catholics would cross themselves, the protestants would not.

Maud Corbett corroborated Ellen's testimony. She said, at 9 we draw from three to four catholic children to say their catechism; if any time before 4 they draw. The catechism is in French. We don't know it. The catholic primary department is not always taught as long as the advanced. There are five protestants in all the departments.

James Huntley Corbett, brother of the late teacher at Petit Roché, testified to the teacher and added that refusal was made by the teacher to let him go during catechism.

Peter Doucet, son of Jerome, protestant of Green Point, told a similar story as regards Green Point school, taught respectively by Joseph Boudreau, Philomena Boudreau and Miss Gledhill. Five protestant children attended this school.

Lydia Ellis, 14 years old, of Green Point, testified to being forced to kneel and cross herself by Philip Boudreau, the teacher of the Elm Tree school. When she objected he threatened to punish her. She told her parents who forbade her to do it. She refused to do so again at school and the teacher did nothing to her. She attempted to make the sign of the cross in court, but the attempt did not show any former practice.

Dr. Inch—In the charge of undue delay on the part of the board of education in considering memorial of complaint against Ed. O'Brien's appointment, Mr. Inch's relation of facts was explicit, and according to letters and telegrams read in court by him, it is apparent that there was no undue delay; it also appeared that a protestant private school was established after notice of refusal of board to grant permit to Mr. O'Brien was sent to the prime movers in the agitation started in opposition to his appointment. In explaining the change made in the school manual after it had been in the hands of the printer he said: "When found necessary to publish a new edition of the manual, I requested the board of education to appoint a committee to assist me in supervising the revision so that I could consult them in regard to all additions or changes, it was not thought necessary to appoint a definite committee and matters were to be left to my own judgment. In case of doubt I could confer with members of the board of education when proofs were to be read, as a final revision before being properly printed, they were to be submitted to the board. Regulation 10, respecting leasing of buildings, is a new regulation put there at my suggestion, and was thought necessary in order to give more power to the board over the trustees of different districts; as first printed, the words 'unless the chief superintendent or the board of education, in consideration of special circumstances, shall otherwise order,' were

whom protestants bitterly complained, was a good teacher of sufficient ability to teach her grades. He did not believe Baldwin meant to threaten in saying the "kickers" would have something to kick at in the abolition of the superior school. I attended examinations at the sisters' schools and they attended examinations at my school.

BATHURST, June 6.—The court opened today pursuant to adjournment. Samuel Skinner was the first witness. He gave the dimensions of the grammar school. Trustee O'Brien told him that grade seven would be changed to the convent. He objected to this, O'Brien said he would have to send his children through the convent before reaching the higher grades. Mr. Crockett came and the grade was not changed.

The next witness was Dr. Duncan, secretary of district No. 16, (Bathurst village). After giving the dimensions of the superior school and convent school dimensions, with the attendance which showed a large falling off in the attendance at the superior building, which was the cause in his opinion by the return to the convent of the sisters teaching in the superior school building. He read a letter from Rev. Wm. Varrault, asking the trustees to increase the school accommodation and offering the convent as a school, asking \$30 rental, and \$110 for each of three teachers. The engagement of the teachers was made at a meeting of trustees, \$5 rent for each room. This was only paid as a nominal rent. The protestants sent a written protest against the sisters teaching under the law in any building. One objection was the wearing of a religious garb, emblems and that they were illegally licensed. The trustees answered the protest that the girls were not worn in contravention of the law and the licenses were legal, and invited the protestants to visit the schools and they were confident there was nothing to fear from a religious point of view.

Mr. Skinner contended that it was no new charge but was included in complaint No. 13.

Mr. Lawlor—If friends on the opposite side are of opinion that the charge is embraced in complaint No. 13, I will withdraw my objection, and give the full benefit of an investigation. His honor thought it was not included in complaint No. 13, but as Mr. Lawlor had withdrawn his objection, and the solicitor general had shown such an anxious disposition for a full and impartial investigation, he proceeded with the matter, and if they wanted time to prepare a defence after hearing evidence on the point, time would be given them to procure witnesses. The superintendent stoutly denied the charge, but admitted that an arrangement was made whereby 15 pupils of district No. 15 were taught in a sister in district No. 16 as there was not sufficient accommodation in district 15 for them. One trustee complained of this arrangement and it was immediately cancelled; but it was again allowed for the winter term on receipt of a memorial from the trustees and reappears setting forth that accommodations could not be procured in district 15 until the summer term. No religious teaching during regular hours was allowed under such arrangements as he hinted at.

The article in Gleaner of 31st May hinting at securing important witnesses by Catholics, was brought up by M. Lawlor, who denounced the statements therein as base and infamous.

Mr. Lawlor had made every effort to secure the presence of the complainants in procuring attendance of witnesses and he thought the article was very unjust.

The court thought such articles should be condemned, but did not see that any action could be taken. Utterances of the Gleaner would have no weight in arriving at a conclusion in this investigation.

Mr. Skinner discontinued such tactics as resorted to by the Gleaner and thought it was unfair to the persons concerned.

On request of the counsel for the complainants and the assent of the counsel for defendants the court adjourned to meet on Tuesday next.

Mary Elizabeth Doucet, aged 11, Henry M. Ellis, aged 12, James Doucet, 14 years, Charles W. Wickes, 12, of Green Point, and Charles Miller, of Petit Roché, gave testimony this morning corroborating in some degree the testimony given yesterday in reference to prayers and catechism in the schools in this district.

St. Anthony, Kent, formerly teacher in the village school, said he taught the catechism between 12 and 12.30, at request of trustee T. Leahy. Father Varrault asked me one and a half years ago, if I would teach big boys if they came with little ones. I said yes. He never told me to tell the trustees he said so.

Mary Alexander, teacher of district No. 3, Kinsale, taught there in 1882, under a local license. She asked the trustees then if they would engage her providing she had an extension of local license term. She was told by the trustees, of whom two were protestants, that she could not re-engage as they wanted a catholic teacher. The parents thought the catechism should be taught the children. This went on until finally a catholic trustee asked me to teach school, without any reference to teaching religion. Later on I was asked by the trustee if I would teach the catechism. I said it would be a pleasure for me to do so, if all were satisfied. I did so voluntarily, as I understood they could not compel me. There are only two protestant families in the district. Miss Alexander here detailed the particulars of teaching the catechism and prayers in the schools, dating as far back as 1879. Father Varrault said one time, some years ago, he would like to see a catholic in this district. The witness then went over a detailed account of the three telegrams sent to the legislature, which appeared to contain contradictory statements and attempted to explain why there was no direct contradiction. She attended prayer meetings in Dunlap school led by Rev. Mr. Thomson. On account of these meetings she got into trouble with the trustees of Dunlop and had a law suit. This is an established protestant district.

John Alexander, trustee of district 8, corroborated to some extent Miss Alexander's testimony, but said one reason of not engaging a teacher sooner was the incomplete state of the school. He was a protestant and wanted to give a catholic teacher to the district.

Ebenezer Hicks, a former trustee of No. 8 and a protestant, was also anxious to get a catholic teacher, as the entire district was catholic with two exceptions.

James McIntosh, of Birville, a former teacher in the superior school at the village, gave a history of the troubles as he knew them. A falling off in the number in the advanced department of the superior school after the opening of the convent school. He thought Miss Landry, of

WHEN YOU SEE A BUG, STOP.

Some of the Danger Signals Familiar to Tipplers.

Delirium tremens has many signboards pointing out the road to it and marking the distance. It never comes without due and repeated notice. The unpleasant result of intemperance seems to be nature's way of ridding the world of men who do not pay her for their keep. It is like the ejection following the delay to pay a long-delayed board bill. A man may let his account run so long, but unless he keeps his balance with nature approximately even he will find at last the same due has become too big to be paid at once, and he will go into mental and physical bankruptcy.

One of the earliest signs that a man has been drinking too much is the appearance of unnatural visions and dreams, not only at night, but in the day time. The terms drinking too much is, however, purely relative, for what is too much for one man may be as nothing to another, and what would break down a man when he is strained, worried and nervous may not do him little injury when he is in rugged health. The warning signals which nature gives are not gauged according to the amount of drink, but on the basis of what the system can stand at that time. It is remarkable how few men recognize or pay any attention to the drink signals. Everybody knows how easy it is to pick out the next day the man who has been drinking heavily the night before, yet the man himself rarely seems to notice the change, or if he does, attributes it to something else. A red nose, bloodshot eyes, irregular heart action and a shaky hand are recognizable enough, by all except the one most concerned.

A man was telling a story of his personal experience to a friend a few evenings ago which shows how obtuse and hardened a drinking man's sensibilities become when the subject is himself. This man had gone to the foot-ball game at Manhattan Field, and after that he had dined with a number of old college friends who had come to town to see the game. He was not seen at his office for a fortnight afterward.

"You know I have rooms near Madison Square," he said, "and it is my custom in the morning to go over to Delmonico's or the St. James for breakfast, and then to walk over to Twenty-third street station of the Third Avenue Elevated and go down to Hanover Square to my office. The morning after the foot-ball game I breakfasted at the St. James and started to walk across Madison Square to my office. I have always enjoyed this walk, especially in the bright sunny morning in November and December. The people one meets there, the nurses and baby carriages, the tramps and the dogs, never failed to interest me. I made the acquaintance of the tramp dogs, and when I had time I would sometimes take them over some bones and bread to eat.

"This morning, as I was walking through the square by the fountain, I saw a bug come out from the grass and sit down on the edge of the walk. He seemed to be an especially intelligent bug, and I was personally acquainted with him. I do not know the kind of bug he was, as I am not up on these things, but he had a body of the same shade as the Yale blue, and his legs were striped with orange and black. These colors naturally interested me, and I was still thinking of the foot-ball game. I had seen insects and birds and other animals around the square before, but it was the first time I had ever seen a bug of that color. The bug was evidently waiting for me, for when he caught my eye he nodded and waved his legs, as if apologizing for being unable to shake hands on account of the difference in our height. Naturally I stopped and looked at him. He beckoned to me and started up the walk towards Fifth avenue. I followed a few steps behind him. He was such a friendly bug and he seemed to take so much interest in me that I wanted to see where he was going to take me.

"He went up the west side of the avenue, stopped from time to time to smile at me and beckon me to follow him. He walked about as fast as I did, and kept five or six steps in front of me. He was afraid some one would step on him, but he kept out of the way of passers-by. Up at the reservoir at Fortieth street the bug stopped awhile by the iron fence and rested. It was a pretty good tramp for him, but he was determined, and in a few minutes he beckoned to me and started off again up the avenue. We got up to the park about 11 o'clock. My interest in the bug had been growing all the time, and I wondered more and more what his object was. He walked through the park to a bench over by the arsenal where he signalled me to sit down. The bug sat down on the edge of the walk opposite me. We sat there for some time; it must have been several hours. I had in the afternoon I began to think that I along in the park. I didn't want to leave the bug, for I thought he was tired and was sitting there to rest himself.

"At last I asked him what he was up to and why he had brought me there. He tried his best to answer, and from the way he moved his legs and looked at me I knew that he understood what I was saying. I sat there and talked to the bug for an hour. He didn't make any reply, but he seemed to be an appreciative listener. About the time I had made up my mind to leave the bug and get my dinner a park policeman came up and asked me what I was doing. He said that he had been watching me for some time and that he heard me talking, but couldn't see any one to whom I had been talking.

"Oh, I have not been talking to any one, said I, 'except that bug that brought me up here.'

"What bug?" asked the policeman. I explained to him about the bug and pointed out the creature sitting on the grass by the edge of the walk. The policeman asked me if I minded going to the arsenal and climbed up it all to the sergeant. I told him that it seemed to me rather an unnecessary proceeding, but if the sergeant was interested in such things I should be glad to go. I spoke to the bug and he followed me. He went into the arsenal and climbed upon the desk beside the sergeant, who asked me my name and address. He then asked me if I would step into the back room for a while until he had examined the bug. I fell asleep there. I must have slept very soundly for yesterday morning I woke up in Bellevue hospital and they told me I had been there a little over ten days."

Almost every man who drinks enough to feel it has an animal aspect to him occasionally. It is a good deal of a shock into the animal and climbed upon the desk beside the sergeant, who asked me my name and address. He then asked me if I would step into the back room for a while until he had examined the bug. I fell asleep there. I must have slept very soundly for yesterday morning I woke up in Bellevue hospital and they told me I had been there a little over ten days."

recognized species described in the books. Some men see bugs, other birds, others snakes, and still others elephants. It is rare that more than the animal comes to man the first time, and it is sometimes afterward before more than one kind of animal appears. If this favorite animal on such occasions is a bug, its first appearance is a solitary bug standing on one end of the bed post looking at him. The second or third time the animal comes to man the first time, and it is sometimes afterward before more than one kind of animal appears. If this favorite animal on such occasions is a bug, its first appearance is a solitary bug standing on one end of the bed post looking at him. The second or third time the animal comes to man the first time, and it is sometimes afterward before more than one kind of animal appears. If this favorite animal on such occasions is a bug, its first appearance is a solitary bug standing on one end of the bed post looking at him. 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THE SUNBURY AND QUEENS CONVENTION.

The liberals of the counties of Sunbury and Queens met at Upper Gasstown on Wednesday, and after organizing the two counties for election purposes, selected delegates to attend the liberal convention at Ottawa. The sudden withdrawal of one of the steamboats from the river on that day, disappointed a large number of persons who wished to attend the meeting, while the busy season of the year and the necessity of keeping the teams at work on the farms, deprived many others of the privilege of being present. Notwithstanding these drawbacks, however, the attendance was a large and representative one, and the meeting a grand success. The convention was first duly organized by the election of officers, and the several parishes of the two counties were brought into readiness for an election upon the shortest notice by the striking of committees, and the carrying into effect of other measures necessary for active campaign work. The delegates to attend the convention of the liberal party at Ottawa on the 20th inst. were then selected, after which several prominent members of the party delivered rousing speeches. Mr. Burpee, the veteran standard bearer on many a hard fought field in Sunbury, and Mr. King, the never defeated but sadly abused old war horse from Queens, were received with such enthusiasm as seldom falls to the lot of any politicians. Neither of them could help referring to the circumstances which necessitated the joint meeting of the counties. It meant that one or the other of them had lost a representative in parliament—a representative which, under the terms of the union, they had been entitled to at confederation and had had ever since. This fact spoke in silent and pathetic voices, pointing them to the then and now, and was a stronger argument than they could use to denounce the blighting and injurious policy of the party that had guided the destinies of this Dominion for the greater part of the time since confederation. It simply showed that all the bright promises that had been made, and all the glittering inducements that had been held out to the people of the Maritime provinces by the party in power were a delusion, and that the province of New Brunswick, one of the best in Canada, in place of going ahead, was not even keeping abreast of the times. Reference to these facts, and to many other circumstances which went to show that the people not only needed but demanded a change, were received in such a way as to leave little doubt as to the feelings of the people of the two old river counties in regard to dominion matters, and as to what their attitude will be at the next election. The first representative from Sunbury and Queens will be a liberal.

THE BATHURST INQUIRY.

Resuming after recess, Dr. Duncan read letters from Dr. Inch and minutes of the trustees meeting considering these letters which went to show that Dr. Inch's request to do away with grade 6 in convent was never complied with. The only difficulty I see is in regard to the grade. The letters of Dr. Inch evinced every desire on his part to bring about a settlement of the difficulty. Dr. Inch's proposition was substantially the same as that proposed by the protestant minority. There are 130 ratepayers, divided as follows: 37 protestants, 91 Catholics; the first paying \$246.22 and the latter \$222.13, and \$77 for corporations. At present all the pupils cannot be accommodated in the public building. If they could less teachers would be required and efficiency increased. In answer to Mr. Lawlor the witness said the trustees carried out the suggestions of ex-Supt. Crockett, but they were not acceptable to the protestants. The grades objected to by the protestants in the convent were also taught in the superior school. So far as I know no rent was paid for the convent for the first two years. I don't know of any influence used by the priests in regard to the school. I believe that Rev. Mr. Thompson used his influence to stop the protestant children going to the schools on the grounds of the schools being under the Catholics. The charge made in regard to closing the superior school is not correct. As a matter of fact it was never closed. Miss Herbert, a protestant, teacher of the 3rd class was paid \$175, the sisters, 2nd class, only got \$150 each. As a protestant I would not send my children to the convent. I understood Rev. Mr. Thompson to attend the trustees meeting to present the views of the protestants. Cross-examined by Mr. Lawlor, witness said that Mr. Thompson, one of the trustees and a protestant, suggested the employment of sisters as teachers in the superior school building. Mr. Crockett's suggestions were carried out by the trustees, but were not acceptable to the protestant committee; thought the protestants were right in objecting to the higher grades between the convent and the superior schools as it interfered with the efficiency of these grades. The trustees accepted Mr. Varrily's offer of the convent school rooms and furniture, and paid no rent therefor, for two years. He knew no reason why the sisters should not be continued; paid the current rent as soon as it was asked for; knew of no attempt on the part of the Catholic clergy to have protestant children sent to the convent schools. The superior school was never closed; and in so far as sub-section B of section 8 of the bill of complaint sets out that it was erroneous. This sub-section says the superior school was "closed in consequence of the matters herein set forth."

To Mr. White—Am a Presbyterian; rev. Mr. Thomson is pastor of the church in the village. To Mr. Skinner—Being a Presbyterian he would not send his children to the convent school. The protestants did not object to Roman Catholic teachers per se, but to the conventual idea. The case for the memorialists will probably close to-morrow.

Mr. Sharpe reports very little illness, none of a contagious nature. The old project of a mile race track has been revived, some of the horsemen of Fredericton being interested in it. Fred Sparks, a former resident of this town has arrived from Eau Claire, Wisconsin, to visit his parents and friends. Mr. Davidson, the new Baptist pastor, has begun his labors here and is already very popular. He is very quiet and proves a worthy successor to the Rev. Mr. Nobles. John Wade has sold his big team and purchased a span of Zephyr three-year olds, that make the crack team of the county. They are valued at \$450. The saw mills are cutting fast and bid fair to break all previous records. The gangs are provided with self oilers and no time is lost in oiling. Other improvements have been made largely increasing the cut. A tramp family made its appearance here on Thursday night after being driven from the city by the police. Officer Barker gave them a few minutes to pull up stakes, where they did. It is work or travel here, no place for tramps.

THE WEEK'S DEATHS.
Three Aged Residents of the Province Pass Away.

The remains of Rev. Edward Garrety were brought by the evening train of Tuesday last from Woodstock to Gibson. On Wednesday they were taken to their last resting place at Lincoln, Sunbury Co. Deceased was well known throughout central New Brunswick and his death is much lamented. He was the father of Mr. Garrety of Gibson. Rev. Mr. Parsons of Marysville, officiated at the burial services. William Shehan, a well known and highly respected resident of Fredericton Junction, died at that place last night at the very old age of ninety-three. Deceased was for years a prominent lumberman of that vicinity, but has lately conducted a black-smithing business. He was the father of Mrs. John Shehan, of the American house. His funeral, which is under the direction of J. D. Hanlon, takes place to-morrow afternoon. Mrs. T. B. Winslow received a telegram this morning notifying her of the death at her residence, St. John, of Mrs. W. B. Robinson, a former resident of this city. Mrs. Robinson was a daughter of the late Geo. Dibble of this city, and the mother of Mrs. J. W. Y. Smith, of Dorchester, and the late Wm. Robinson, who was killed during the war in the Sudan, while with the Canadian contingent. She was also a sister-in-law of J. DeLancy Robinson of Douglas, York county.

Gibson and St. Marys.
William Barker, of the point, is showing symptoms of recovery. An account of the marriage which took place here will be found in another column. A very handsome fine is being exacted by Reid Blair around the Episcopal church. James R. Garden, postmaster, has been seriously ill but is now declared convalescent. The location of the temperance hall has been staked and the stone for foundation laid. Mrs. Walker is home from the United States visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. Macklin. Quite a number of shad have been taken by the local fishers, the best run being on Monday night last.

THE STEVENS TRIAL.

Judge Landry Presides—Mrs. Stevens Put on Her Defence.

The June term of the county court opened at Dorchester Tuesday afternoon, his honor Judge Landry presiding. The case of Mrs. Stevens will be the first tried. At the March term of the county court the grand jury found a true bill against her, to which she pleaded not guilty. Owing to the absence of the attorney general and others interested, the case was put off until the present term. Dr. Pugsley is prosecuting and W. W. Wells, Q. C., and H. A. Powell are for the defence. There is no criminal business on the docket at this term. The petit jury is as follows: Stephen Anderson, David Scrimgeour, Gideon Carter, Robert Anderson, Wm. E. Campbell, Elias Tower, Benjamin King, Woodford Peady, James Frier, Joseph Hicks.

Thursday morning Dr. Pugsley opened the case for the crown and went on to show that by the witnesses to be brought it would be proved that a great many of the marks on the body were ante-mortem. He also showed at some length the alleged contradictory statements made by Mrs. Stevens. For instance, first she told Mr. Hallett, father of the deceased, that the child had been sick since 4 o'clock on the morning of the 4th of January, and then again she told Dr. Ross that she had been sick since 10 o'clock the night before. The first witness called by Mr. Pugsley was Robert Hallett, father of deceased girl. He said: Live in Moncton; formerly lived in Sackville; am the father of the deceased Mabel Glennie Hallett; was informed of the death of his daughter by Dr. Ross. He went immediately down to Mrs. Stevens' house; Mrs. Stevens took him up stairs to see the body; Mrs. Stevens showed him a scratch on her left cheek, which she told him was caused by her scratching her cheek. The conversation which took place between him and Mrs. Stevens was: He went down to her house and she told him that Mabel was dead; that she had been up with her all night and had been applying of cloths as she had great pain; she had given her syrup of squills; that Dr. Ross had come in the morning and said he was too late, but he gave her an emetic.

To Mr. Wells—Had no conversation with Mr. and Mrs. Stevens about the funeral. They decided to have her buried on the 5th at 5 o'clock. Mrs. Stevens suggested to him that she be buried in Sackville with the rest of the family. He said he would rather she would be buried in Moncton, as the cemetery in Sackville was very full; Mabel was adopted by Mr. and Mrs. Stevens about 1887. He had lived in Moncton ever since Mabel was adopted by Mr. and Mrs. Stevens; Mrs. Stevens took Eloise and Greta and kept them for about nine months; have understood that they gave Mabel music lessons and sent her to school; have not seen Mabel driving with Mrs. Stevens for the last few years frequently; saw Mabel shortly before her death; she seemed to be very well. One morning he saw her going to Mr. Pugsley's store, where she made a purchase, and after coming out went to Mrs. White's where she was dressmaking, only a short distance; had a talk with her on both occasions; she seemed apparently well; she never complained to him that Mrs. Stevens ill-treated her; saw her on these two occasions within a week from her death. Mr. and Mrs. Stevens took an extended trip to the west in the summer of 1890 in June and returned in August. Mabel was at Mrs. Stevens' house while they were away; do not know who was in charge of the house when they were away; did not see the housekeeper; knew Mabel remained at the house that summer; Mrs. Stevens told her that Dr. Ross was with Mabel from 4 o'clock; the reason he did not make the positive statement before the magistrate was that he was not sure whether she said he stayed from 4 o'clock or was there at 4 o'clock.

After dinner, Robert Hallett, who was on the stand before dinner, resumed. He further testified that when he was in Mrs. Stevens' house the day his daughter died the room Mabel was laid in was too cold to say in, he having to go out for fear of catching cold. He never saw a hot water radiator in the house, and never knew the house was heated by a hot air furnace. It was shown the handwriting of the deceased, Mabel Glennie Hallett, but he could not recognize it; never had seen much of her writing. When Mr. Wells was cross-examining him, he asked him if he did not say since the trial in Moncton that Mrs. Stevens would have to get out of the country or it would cost Mrs. Stevens \$4,000. Witness did not like to say, but he might have said it. He, however, acknowledged that he did say he thought she would leave the country on the 11th.

Dr. Ross was called next. He was Mrs. Stevens' medical adviser. He never expressed his opinion that the girl died from heart failure, but just said it might be the cause of death. His other evidence was very similar to that given in Moncton. Enoch W. Stevens called, testified that he sold a little girl of twelve years of age a whip, and the same was charged to Mrs. Stevens' account. Mr. Wells objected to this evidence being taken, as it had no bearing on the case and as the girl's name was not known; therefore the evidence was not good, and he was afraid it might prejudice the jury. The witness was stood aside until the morning.

A. A. Tuttle was next called. He was an undertaker. He thought it was not an unusual occurrence for people to lay their own relations out. He cited a case in Moncton since the death of Mabel where the mother laid out the daughter. Edwin Burch was then called. He had been a number of bodies. He was partly examined this afternoon and will be finished in the morning. Robert Anderson, one of the jurors, received a despatch to-night that his son was not expected to live; consequently W. E. Lawrence, constable, has taken him to his home in Sackville. In the meantime the case will be postponed until Mr. Anderson is able to return or some other definite arrangements are made.

DOORSTEP, June 9.—The Stevens trial was continued here today. Robert Anderson, the juror sent home in charge of constable Lawrence, returned this morning as the boy was improving. Enoch Stevens was re-called in connection with the purchase of the whip. Crown counsel intimated he would subsequently connect Mrs. Stevens with the purchase, but in the meantime he would ask witness certain questions subject to objection. Mr. Powell objected that the course pursued was unfair. After considerable argument Judge Landry decided to admit the evidence subject to objection. The crown then decided to stand Mr. Stevens aside for the purpose. W. B. Chandler testified he was present at the coroner's inquest and by consent of counsel took part of evidence, the coroner's arm being lame. Mrs. Stevens at the inquest made a statement which he took down and which she signed. Witness read several pages of Mrs. Stevens' statement, including her statement in reference to spoons, whip, having Mabel

locked up in a room, beating her and other points. Enoch Stevens, recalled, said the whip was cut-gut, about two feet long, from three to half an inch at the butt, and tapering at the end. Mr. Pugsley asked witness to narrate a conversation between himself and the girl Lucy who bought the whip. Mr. Wells objected and quite a tiff took place between the two. The whip cost 25 cents. Mrs. Alonzo Jones, sworn, said she saw the corpse of the Hallett girl in Mrs. Stevens' front room before it was buried; that was about 10 o'clock on the day of the funeral. The servant and she were in the room. She noticed a mark on Mabel's eye, two marks upon the same cheek, and that the cheek was broken. Cross-examined by Mr. Wells, she said she did not know Mrs. Stevens; had never been in her house before. The marks might be called scratches; the skin was broken. Court adjourned for noon recess.

NORMAL SCHOOL.
Closing Exercises—Valedictory—Examinations.
The closing exercises of the provincial Normal school were held yesterday morning and afternoon according to program. In the morning a number of valedictory addresses were made by Sir Leonard Tilley, Dr. Inch and H. S. Bridges, Ph. D. The exercises before dinner were in the nature of examinations, conducted by the student body. In this way the public was enabled to judge of the exact quality of the work done in the classes, as the examinations covered the whole range from beginning to end. Nevertheless the answers were remarkably good, and especially satisfactory, and evinced a degree of mastery over the term work in each subject which is very creditable to themselves and to the labors of the instructors. The singing too, was remarkably good, and for such a large body of students, very well in time. The afternoon session partook more of the character of a public entertainment, in which reading, recitation, singing and the awarding of medals made a very interesting program. The reading of the valedictory by Miss Barbour was the central point of the proceedings. A very much larger number of visitors were present, including Sir Leonard Tilley, Dr. Inch, Dr. Harrison, rev's Canon Roberts and R. N. Weddall. W. S. Vanward represented the board of school trustees, and the firm hold it taking part of 300 people present besides the students and teachers. Every available seat was filled, and a large number were forced to stand. Many parents and friends of the students were present, and the students of the province to attend the exercises.

The interest taken in the public closing of the Normal school emphasizes very strongly the importance of this institution, and the firm hold it is taking among people of all classes in the province. The appearance of the large body of students dressed in pretty summer costumes, and especially the good health of the great majority. None showed this more than the winners of the medals, whose position in the classes implies an amount of work equal to, if not greater than that performed by their class mates. The proceedings commenced with singing by the students under the direction of Prof. Perry of Queens, and the principal then examined the classes in professional theory. The seniors were examined on the history of education, and while they were engaged, the juniors were writing on professional topics assigned to them by the principal. The seniors were given the history of education, and A 2 on school organization. Then followed the awarding of the medals for highest professional standing, which was presided over by Sir Leonard Tilley, Ph. D. The senior class was won by Miss Hennessey M. Ward of the Victoria high school, St. John, Miss Ryan of Sussex, and Miss Murphy of Moncton, being close competitors. In the junior class the medals were carried off by Miss Julia Dugan of Holmesville, Carleton county. Next to her came Miss Hierlby of Northumberland county, Mr. Perry of Queens, and Miss Jordan and Miss Quinlan of St. John, Miss Birchell of Fredericton, Miss Boyd of St. Stephen, Mr. Robertson of Queens. As Sir Leonard was obliged to leave on the afternoon train for his home, he addressed the students at this stage of the proceedings. His remarks were as usual full of sympathetic feeling and of sound advice for the students. He was very much pleased to be able to present to the closing exercises. He referred to the great confidence which the board of education had in the Normal school and its work. His remarks were very eagerly listened to by his hearers, and the students were then given by Mr. Delyea of the senior class, who gave D'Arcy's McCre's "The British Constitutional System." The "Legend of Ross Sunday," by Miss Lynot of Albert Co.; and "The Larkrise," by Messrs. H. Alward and Hartley.

Miss Barbour of St. John, read the valedictory for the outgoing classes. Her address did not differ from the institution in any credit. It was indeed a bright, clever production, well conceived, well written and very well read. She referred to her course at the school with much pleasure. She spoke of the beautiful celestial city, and she had nothing but good words to say about the teachers who had given them so much instruction. Chief Superintendent Inch made a short and eloquent address to the students referring in complimentary terms to the Normal school, its efficient staff of teachers, and its position and excellent work in the past. He remarked upon the apparent general good health of the students present as being gratifying to the government, the teachers, the parents and the public. The students were often excited by exaggerated and inflated reports reaching them of sickness and contagion among the large body attending the institution. He stated that the board had already had 400 applications for admission to the Normal school, and pleasantly remarked that unless a very large proportion of these were "plucked," he feared the government would be under the necessity of providing increased accommodation for the students.

Dr. Harrison, chancellor, of the U. N. B., also delivered a short address, complimenting the school and the students upon the excellent character of the work performed and expressing the hope that in the coming "Phillips," the final examinations, all would be successful. At the conclusion of the proceedings the students sang "Auld Lang Syne and God Save the Queen very nicely. On the whole this important public function was a complete success, and the harmony and unity prevailing throughout the whole day must be very gratifying to the principal and his able coadjutors.

Premature Tommy.—A number of persons were invited to a social gathering at the mansion of Mr. Shoddy Upstater on Harlem avenue. Tommy, the hopeful son of the family, was dressed up in his best bid and tucker. Suddenly Mrs. Upstater cried out excitedly: Tommy you Tommy! What is he doing? asked Mr. Upstater. What is he doing? There he has gone and wiped his nose on his clean pocket handkerchief before any of the guests have arrived.

A Ready Helpmeet.—We've got to economize, said Mr. Gargyle to his wife. Very well, dear replied the good woman cheerfully. You save yourself, and I'll cut your hair.

SEEDS.
Our stock of Field, Flower and Garden Seeds, has been completed by late arrivals. We again have a supply of the Chantenay and Oxheart Carrot.
C. FRED. CHESNUT
Apothecary,
2 doors above Barker House
Queen St. Fredericton.
April 15th, 1893.

THE FLAG STILL FLOATS.
LOOK OUT FOR IT.
Lucy & Co.,
Have been weekly in receipt of Large Packages and Cases of Goods comprising:
Boots Shoes and Rubbers,
Men's Youths and Children's Clothing,
In Suits and Separate pieces, also Hats, Caps and a large variety in Men's Furnishing Goods, Trunks, Valises, Rubber and Waterproof Coats, etc.
Do not buy until you examine these Goods.
Yours respectfully,
F'lon, April 29, 1893.
LUCY & CO.

DR. MURDOCK'S
Cough Balsam
Coughs, Colds, Group, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, Tickling in the Throat, Shortness of Breath, And Diseases of the Throat & Lungs.
A Certain and Speedy Cure for
Cough = Balsam = GEORGE H. DAVIS,
Agent, Fredericton, N. B.

Elegant and Durable.
We have received to-day a
CAR LOAD OF FURNITURE,
Comprising Bedroom Sets, Tables, Lounges, etc., all New Designs, well finished and sure to be Satisfactory. Goods offered at the "Lowest Living Profits."
Bedroom Sets, \$12 to \$100.
Also daily expected, a Full Line of
English and German Crockery,
which will be opened to the Public in the store lately occupied by W. T. H. Fenety. Intending purchasers will do well to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.
E. H. ALLEN & CO.
Telephone 225. OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK
FUTURITY STAKES.
To be trotted on Moncton Driving Park on AUGUST 30th and 31st, 1893.
Open to Colts owned in the Maritime Provinces on or before January 1st, 1893.
Stake No. 1, for Trotting Foals of 1892.
Stake No. 2, " " " " 1891.
Stake No. 3, " " " " 1890.
Stake No. 4, " " " " 1889.
The fees in each stake will be twelve dollars, payable as follows: \$3.00 on 1st March, when nominations close; \$4.00 on 1st June, when animals nominated must be named, breeding, sex, color and ownership given, and final payment of \$5.00 one week before the race. All entries not nominated by number of digits only or titles in either Stake, but can only start one animal in each class.
Fifty Dollars (\$50) Will Be Added to each of above stakes, and the purses will be divided as follows: When four or more start in preliminary of 80 per cent; to first, 20 per cent; to second, 15 per cent; to third, 10 per cent; to fourth, 5 per cent. When three start, preliminary of 60, 30 and 10 per cent, where two start, 30 and 10 per cent. In such a case as the remaining colts to trot off on same terms as above, the balance of purse to be divided same percentage as above, according to number of starters. Should there however, be any preliminary for which any distance horse stand equal, the horses shall trot one heat for the same under the original conditions of racing with the exception that the purse is to be waived. In all cases the heat is to be trotted, and no arrangements for a division of money will be permitted.
Division in the racing race will be two hundred yards, in the two-year-old race, one hundred and fifty yards; in the three-year-old and four-year-old race, one hundred yards.
Stake No. 1, will be half mile heats, best 2 in 3; Stake No. 2, mile heats, best 2 in 3; Stake No. 3, mile heats, best 2 in 3, and Stake No. 4, best 3 in 5. On all other matters National Rules to govern.

W. E. SEERY, IN STOCK.
Merchant Tailor,
Has Just Received a splendid new stock of
CANNED GOODS.
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,
CORN, TOMATOES, PEARS, PLUMS,
STRAWBERRIES, BLUEBERRIES, BEANS, LORSTERS, SALMON, CONDENSED MILK, CONDENSED COFFEE, CORN BEEF, OX TONGUE, OYSTERS.
Which he is prepared to MAKE UP in the
LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STYLES
AT MODERATE PRICES.
W. E. SEERY,
WILMOTS AVE.

1893 MAY 1893
JOHN J. WEDDALL.
"ONYX" STAINLESS BLACK HOSIERY FOR LADIES, GENTLEMEN AND CHILDREN.
The "ONYX" brand was the first established line of Stainless Black Hosiery. For purity of dye and wearing qualities, it has never been equaled. For sale only by JOHN J. WEDDALL.

BOYS SUITS.
AT
OAK HALL.
The Largest Assortment, The Best Trimmed and The Cheapest Goods in the City.
Boy's Suits from 85 cents up.

OAK HALL,
276 QUEEN ST., FTON, N. B.
NEW BRUNSWICK FOUNDRY
MACHINE SHOP.

McFARLANE, THOMPSON & ANDERSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Buckeye Automatic Cut Off Engines,
CELEBRATED

DUNBAR IMPROVED SHINGLE MILLS.
Improved Rotary Saw Mills, Mill Machinery, Enclosed Mowers, Ithaca Horse rakes, Stoves and Furnaces, Railway Castings.

IMPORTANT
To the Ladies.
We are showing a Fine Assortment in the following lines of Ladies Underwear for Summer.
White Underskirts, Under Vests, Nightgowns, Corset Covers, Chemise, Hermsdorf's Fast Black Hosiery, Drawers, and more.
ALSO
Black and Colored GAUNTLET GLOVES, in Silk and Lisle. Black and Colored SILK LACE MITTS

JOHN HASLIN.
NEVER BROS.
Have the Following Goods in Stock.

New Sunshades.
Black Ground Challies.
A Large Assortment of Prints.
Your choice of 20 different patterns of Plaid Dress Goods at 15 cents a yard.
DEVER BROTHERS.

LEMONT & SONS,
Beg to call the attention of the public generally to their Large Stock of Furniture of all kinds, daily arriving, to be sold Low For Cash and MONTHLY PAYMENTS.
44 Baby Carriages 44
Various styles—give your baby an airing in one of them.
English Bicycles.
16 Safeties in Cushion Dunlop and Silverton Closure PNEUMATICS. A New Lot just received. Also received a Large Stock of WINDOW SHADES at Lemont & Sons.
HOUSE HAS CLOSED BUT NOT
LEMONT'S

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THIRD PAGE. Mortgage Sale. A Gregory Executor's Notice. J. Morrison

LOCAL NEWS.

AN EXCURSION.—The first six days of June saw thirty families leaving for the United States. Five of them belonged here the others were residents of the county.

A NEW BRUNSWICK GIRL.—Miss Carvell, the prima donna of the Gilbert opera company, is a native of Kings county, N. B. She is a daughter of Lewis Carvell, former superintendent of the I. C. R., and a niece of Governor Carvell, of P. E. I.

BRIDGE WORK.—Jared Bonn, of St. Marys, returned the first of the week having completed the work at the Buctouche bridge. He is in company with Whit Brewer, who went to Onondago Thursday to repair the draw in the bridge at that place.

RETURNED.—Miss Lottie Cliff, who has been in Boston for some time undergoing treatment for her eyes, has returned to the city. It seems that the specialists in Boston could do nothing for her, and it is feared her blindness will be permanent.

ANNUAL MEETING.—The annual meeting of the Canada Eastern Railroad Co. was held Tuesday afternoon, at which the full board of directors was present. A great deal of routine business was transacted, but it being found impossible to get through with it all, the meeting was adjourned till the 25th instant.

OUT ON PAROLE.—The members of the uniform rank, Knights of Pythias, paraded the streets Wednesday night on their way to the curling rink, where their banquet was being held. The men were preceded by their band, and looked remarkably well in their handsome uniforms.

PRINCESS MAY'S PRESENT.—The call from the mayor for a meeting of the ladies of the city last Friday to see about a contribution towards a present for the princess May, was well responded to. Mrs. G. F. Gregory and Mrs. A. F. Street were appointed collectors, while the mayor will act as treasurer.

HE RETURNED.—Rev. Dr. McLeod returned on Monday from his tour in the western and middle states on the liquor commission. The next tour of the commission will be through Maine and the New England States. Sir Joseph Hickson, Dr. McLeod and F. E. Clark are the commissioners assigned for the trip. They start about the middle of this month.

NEW STEAMBOAT LINE.—Emery Sewell will run a line of steamers from the wharf at Sewell's every Saturday afternoon, at five o'clock, for Gibson, and Fredericton, returning will leave Fredericton and Gibson Sunday night at 9 o'clock. Return tickets 35 cents. Single tickets 25 cents. Tickets for sale at Sewell's store. The line will be opened tonight.

CHANGED HIS MIND.—Dr. J. R. Fritz, of Digby, N. S., who came to Fredericton for the practice of his profession, and had taken an office in the Wiley building, has been compelled to change his mind. He has found that by the provisions of the dental act passed last year, it is necessary for him to give three months notice of his intention to practice dentistry in New Brunswick and to reside in New Brunswick three months before commencing to practice.

THE NEW SCHOONER.—John Gibson's new schooner is shored up and new ways have been placed under her, so that should a freshet come she can be readily launched. It was decided to keep her on the ways rather than launch her now that the water is so low. Although reports have been circulated that she has been more or less strained by the efforts made to launch her, there is no foundation in them. But it was a close call, and she will be advanced as far as possible, all the deck finishing being done here.

ANOTHER ACCIDENT.—Hall a dozen soldiers of the C. R. I. went out sailing in the regimental sail boat yesterday afternoon accompanied by a little boy of Jas. Burns, and when opposite the city hall, the boat capsized, throwing them all into the water. The little boy's uncle, one of the red coats, managed to keep him up, and to swim with one hand, until the whole party was rescued by the tug Eva Johnson, which was coming up the river. But it was a close call, and very nearly resulted in a double drowning.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.—At the annual meeting of the New Brunswick telephone company, Monday evening, hon. A. G. Blair, St. John, hon. P. T. Thompson, Fredericton, J. L. Black, Sackville, A. A. Stockton, M. P. P., St. John, Charles Fawcett, Sackville, A. L. Robinson, Moncton, and C. F. Sise, Montreal, were elected directors for the ensuing year. Work is going on at the meeting of the directors, Mr. Blair was elected president, Mr. Black, vice-president, Mr. Thompson, managing director and treasurer, and W. E. Smith, secretary.

PUT AT THE QUEEN.—A certain red coat is very assiduous in paying his attention to one of the kitchen-maids of the Queen hotel, making a visit to her regularly every afternoon. Yesterday the boys around the Queen tied about a dozen tin pans together and tumbled them down the back stairs close to where our hero was indulging in his post-prandial stroll. He got frightened, and started for the gate, when a deluge of hot and cold water saluted his cranium and shoulders, drenching him to the skin and considerably accelerating his exit. "He never came back any more," at least up to the time of going to press.

A Close Shave. King and Thomas Skyles, two barbers of the city, had a narrow escape from drowning last Tuesday morning. They were in a catamaran at the upper end of the river, and drifted into the middle of the river, where the heavy wind and high waves caused their craft to separate, and they were plunged into the deep waters. They were seen from the shore, and a row boat put to their rescue, followed by the tug Ernest. When taken from the water they were nearly exhausted, and the incident has probably taught them to have more caution in boating in the future.

In Bloom. Summer has come to stay, and everything is in full bloom—the apple, cherry and lilac trees vie with each other in pleasing the eye and tickling the nose. A gentleman lately returned from Kings county, says that the crops in that section of the province are looking remarkably well, and in many places the potatoes are already above the ground, while the hay is coming along well. In our own county the recent warm rains and fine weather have effected a revolution in the appearance of vegetation. If no drought occurs, the hay and other crops will be above the average.

A Handsome Horse. J. H. Reid, the veteran horseman, returned to the city lately from Concord, Mass., where he was on a visit at Annsack farm, owned by F. T. Pierce. While there he purchased and brought home with him a very handsome imported shire stallion "King of Trumps," No. 5152, foaled in 1888 and bred by Mr. Jackson, of York, England. "King of Trumps" is a very rich dark bay horse, standing seven hands three inches high, and weighing 1600 lbs. He ought to prove an excellent sire, for he is descended from the best shire blood on both sides. He is now at Mr. Reid's stables on Queen street, where he will stand this summer, and is very much admired by local horsemen.

COUNTY COURT.

TRIAL OF PRISONER GOOD.—Found Guilty—Civil Suits—Mr. Turner Naturalized.

York county court commenced its regular June session on Tuesday last, Judge Steadman presiding. The following is the docket: CRIMINAL DOCKET.

The Queen vs. Charles Good.—The attorney general presents the indictment charging the prisoner with arson in setting fire to a barn belonging to A. E. Cliff of Kingsclear.

CIVIL DOCKET. Christopher Seagraves vs. Blanchard D. Sewell.—C. E. Duffy files record.

Thomas A. Armstrong vs. the city of Fredericton—Black, Jordan & Bliss file record.

The indictment against Charles Good was presented to the grand jury along with the evidence adduced upon the preliminary examination at the police court, and they found a true bill against the prisoner.

In the matter of Walter L. Turner, an alien, J. H. Barry presented Turner's naturalization papers, which were read in open court and ordered to be filed.

The petit jury in the trial of the case against Charles Good was sworn as follows: Martin Leonard, Wm. Curry, Mark Neville, Daniel Lucy, Daniel Lemhan, Hubbard Niles, John Hodge, Charles Carlisle, Eleazer Merrithew, James Machum, John Kyle and R. B. Carvell.

Good was formerly arraigned on Wednesday morning, the attorney general appearing for the crown and George P. Gregory, Q. C. for the defence. The evidence of A. E. Cliff, James Roberts, Young Good and others was taken. The circumstances attending the discovery of the fire, the time of night at which it took place, the tracks from the prisoner's house to the barn and back, the fact of his having threatened to damage and injure Cliff, the fitting of the prisoner's boots into the tracks leading from his house to the barn were all depicted. The evidence was all got in on Thursday morning, and Mr. Gregory addressed the jury until noon, pointing out certain minor deficiencies in the evidence, and asking for an acquittal. The attorney general's address in reply was a masterly review of the whole evidence, detailing the circumstances put in evidence, pointing out to the jury the inconsistencies in the evidence of the prisoner's witnesses, and its irreconcilability with a reasonable, common sense view of the case, and asking for the condemnation of the prisoner. The judge's charge to the jury was strong against the prisoner. At 4 o'clock the jury retired, and at 5 brought in a verdict of "guilty."

Yesterday morning the case of Seagraves vs. Sewell was called. This was an action for \$125 for work and labor performed by the plaintiff for the defendant. Chas. E. Duffy appeared for the plaintiff and J. A. Vanward, Q. C., and E. Byron Winslow for the defendant. The evidence of Amos Harris, H. D. Seagraves and the plaintiff, and others was taken. At five o'clock the jury retired and at six brought in a verdict for the plaintiff for \$8. This amount was paid to the plaintiff by the defendant in magistrate's court, and as a consequence the plaintiff will only get magistrate's costs.

After the verdict in Seagraves vs. Sewell, Charles Good, the arson prisoner, was brought into court and sentenced by Judge Steadman to ten years imprisonment in the penitentiary at Dorchester. The prisoner seemed to take his sentence very quietly indeed, although he could not but feel that his position was very serious. His son, who had done his best to have his father cleared, was much affected at his father's sentence, and shed tears freely. The judge added a few words of wholesome advice to the prisoner, and he was led back to his cell. The court adjourned till the 20th inst., when the remaining cases of Thos. A. Armstrong vs. city of Fredericton, and Queen vs. Simpson will be taken up.

Personal Mention.

F. B. Edgecombe is at the world's fair, S. B. Carter, of Progress, was in the city Tuesday and Wednesday.

Dr. Cliff, of Boston, brother of Geo. A. Cliff, is on a visit to this city. Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Everett left on Tuesday for a trip through the Annapolis valley. Dr. Conhard and wife, who have been at Chicago visiting the world's fair, returned home Wednesday.

Hon. Jas. Mitchell, Mrs. Mitchell, and Miss Nel Clark, of St. Stephen, are staying at Mr. Barker's, Brunswick street. Messrs. A. B. Connel, D. McLeod, Wood, and S. B. Appleby, barristers, of Woodstock, were on the Queen on Tuesday.

Mr. A. F. Frisling, brother of Miss Irving, of the Western Union telegraph company's office, is here on a visit. He has been living in Arizona for the last five years.

Agent A. G. Blair, jr., of the Bat. 7th, who has been at the university of Virginia, Charlottesville, Va., pursuing the study of the law, is expected home about the 20th instant and will join his battalion in camp at Sussex.

James Tibbitts and Mrs. J. G. Vanward left today for Missoula, Montana, for a trip to California. Mrs. Vanward has considerable real estate in the town of Missoula, and it is in connection with this that Mr. Tibbitts is taking the present trip, as well as to restore his health, which has been not of the best lately.

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LIBERAL CONVENTIONS.

Successful Meetings Held in Carleton, Northumberland, Albert, Queens and Sunbury.

During the present week a number of large and successful conventions of liberals for the purpose of electing delegates to attend the convention at Ottawa, have been held in the various counties of the province. Without exception at every one of these there were large numbers present, great enthusiasm manifested, and strong delegations were elected to represent them at Ottawa.

On Monday the liberals of Carleton met and elected in the town hall at Woodstock, and held one of the most successful gatherings of the year. Every parish in the county was represented, although the farmers are still busy putting in their crops, and besides electing delegates, a thorough county organization was effected. Dr. Colter, M. P., was called to the chair and James Watts, provincial secretary, Dr. Colter made an address in addressing the meeting, and advised that the meeting organize by appointing a county president and vice-president for each polling district. John Harper was elected county president and vice-presidents for the various parishes were nominated. The nominating committee selected the following delegates: Samuel Watts, F. B. Edgecombe, Geo. Stuckey, Roger Anderson, Andrew McIntyre, F. B. Carvell, C. L. Smith, Judson Briggs, Wilnot Ballock, Allen Bradley, John Campbell, H. Paxton Baird, Robert Brown, Andrew Colwell, William Taylor and A. Henderson.

At Charlottetown, P. E. I., on Tuesday a large and enthusiastic convention appointed the following delegates to the Ottawa convention: Hons. Freshour Peters, and the quaharon, Sinclair, Forbes, and A. B. Warburton, A. O. McDonald, M. P. P., James Laird and G. McCallum Blanchard. A resolution was unanimously adopted expressing approval of the liberal cause, and confidence in the liberal policy.

At Hopewell Cape on Monday the liberals of Albert held a very large and enthusiastic convention in the evidence, and asking for an acquittal. The attorney general's address in reply was a masterly review of the whole evidence, detailing the circumstances put in evidence, pointing out to the jury the inconsistencies in the evidence of the prisoner's witnesses, and its irreconcilability with a reasonable, common sense view of the case, and asking for the condemnation of the prisoner. The judge's charge to the jury was strong against the prisoner. At 4 o'clock the jury retired, and at 5 brought in a verdict of "guilty."

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F. B. Edgecombe is at the world's fair, S. B. Carter, of Progress, was in the city Tuesday and Wednesday.

Dr. Cliff, of Boston, brother of Geo. A. Cliff, is on a visit to this city. Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Everett left on Tuesday for a trip through the Annapolis valley. Dr. Conhard and wife, who have been at Chicago visiting the world's fair, returned home Wednesday.

Hon. Jas. Mitchell, Mrs. Mitchell, and Miss Nel Clark, of St. Stephen, are staying at Mr. Barker's, Brunswick street. Messrs. A. B. Connel, D. McLeod, Wood, and S. B. Appleby, barristers, of Woodstock, were on the Queen on Tuesday.

Mr. A. F. Frisling, brother of Miss Irving, of the Western Union telegraph company's office, is here on a visit. He has been living in Arizona for the last five years.

Agent A. G. Blair, jr., of the Bat. 7th, who has been at the university of Virginia, Charlottesville, Va., pursuing the study of the law, is expected home about the 20th instant and will join his battalion in camp at Sussex.

James Tibbitts and Mrs. J. G. Vanward left today for Missoula, Montana, for a trip to California. Mrs. Vanward has considerable real estate in the town of Missoula, and it is in connection with this that Mr. Tibbitts is taking the present trip, as well as to restore his health, which has been not of the best lately.

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The City Leases.

Tuesday night the city council held their regular monthly meeting in the council chamber, and had a very stormy session, prolonged some time past midnight. The most important subject under consideration was the expiration of the city leases on Queen street, and the renewal of the same. The date of expiration is about July 1st. There are four of these lots below Queen street, on which some of the most valuable business property in the city is situated. The lessees are: The Wiley estate, George Gilman, Joseph Colter's estate, and John Edgecombe's estate; and in buildings the following business places are contained: Wesley Vanward's law office, J. J. Weddall's dry goods, Tennant, Davies & Co's dry goods, Misses Young, W. H. Golden, J. M. Wiley, F. B. Edgecombe. Above York street, and between the city hall and the old fire station, there are two other lots on which valuable business houses are built. The rentals for the lower lots are \$100 each, and the city council wants to make a considerable increase. Those above York street have been paying \$40 each. After a good deal of discussion alderman McPherson moved, seconded by alderman Walker, that a committee of one alderman from each ward be appointed to confer with the lessees on the lower leases, ascertain the value of the properties and recommend an increase in the rentals upon renewal. The old leases were for the period of twenty-one years, and contained a covenant on the part of the city to renew the leases at a reasonable rental, or to pay for improvements made by the lessees by arbitration. It is probable that the city attempts to raise the rentals to an unreasonable figure, the lessees will insist upon giving up the properties. The total value of the city leases on Queen street is somewhere in the vicinity of \$40,000.

Resolution of Regret. On the eve of the departure of Rev. Mr. Nobles, late pastor of the Gibson and Maryville Baptist churches, occasion was taken by a prominent member of the church to express a resolution of regret that the church was to lose the labors of Mr. Nobles. It met with an unanimous response. Reference was made to the many services rendered by Mr. Nobles in the line of his calling, and of the kindly relations that had existed between pastor and people. A sum of money was also presented for the retiring pastor as a token of esteem and appreciation. It is not only a source of regret for the congregation to whom Mr. Nobles ministered but his loss is felt by all denominations in the parish, as he was ever ready to help any object for the good of the church. He has removed to New Scotia, and bears with him the best wishes of all in this city and elsewhere who have made his acquaintance.

Electric Railway. As yet nothing definite has been done by the men interested in the promotion of the electric railway between the city and Mayville, for which an act was passed at the last session of the legislature. F. B. Coleman was instrumental in getting the bill passed, and the act was signed by the governor. A number of gentlemen from New England, including governor Russell of Massachusetts and Jefferson Johnson are the chief promoters of the project. It is not only a source of regret for the congregation to whom Mr. Nobles ministered but his loss is felt by all denominations in the parish, as he was ever ready to help any object for the good of the church. He has removed to New Scotia, and bears with him the best wishes of all in this city and elsewhere who have made his acquaintance.

UPPER GAGETOWN. JUNE 28.—Pursuant to call, the liberals of Sunbury and Queens met in the temperance hall here yesterday afternoon and organized a convention for the two counties. Charles Burpee, secretary, presided. W. E. Ebbett, secretary, presided. J. C. McDonald, vice-president for Queens; Cecil McLean, vice-president for Sunbury.

The delegates chosen for Queens for the Ottawa convention were: Hon. A. G. Blair, R. T. Babbitt, G. G. King, L. P. McLean, W. H. Hetherington, C. H. Ebbett, for Sunbury, Hon. Archibald Harrison, Charles Burpee, C. L. Tracey, Archibald Barker and L. R. Hetherington.

A resolution was unanimously adopted expressing confidence in the liberal party leaders in his leader, hon. Wilfred Laurier, M. P.

There were calls for G. G. King to speak, to which that gentleman responded and was received with enthusiasm. Mr. King regretted that circumstances had led to the necessity of joining two nominating committees, but he thought a resolution should be ordered. He gave some very practical ideas in connection therewith. L. P. Ferris, M. P., said he was no speaker but was quite a worker, and whenever an election was called on, the liberals of Sunbury would get together and over-see their own interests, and be ready to help carry their standard to victory.

Hon. Henry Johnston had the fullest confidence in the liberals of the two counties would work in perfect harmony. The president said that even conservative admitters of the liberal cause in Sunbury was no test of the relative strength of the two parties. He said the liberal candidate accepted the nomination with the understanding that a pure election was to be run; that no money would be spent on either side. They expected to be beaten if the money were brought in by the conservatives, as in the preceding election.

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Mr. Ferguson said that he had not as many public speakers in Sunbury as they had in Queens, but when it came to work they were there every time. George A. Hughes, of Fredericton, was at the convention.

Pleasant Him.—Hosmer—Miss Telfer has no partner for this walk. You will not mind dancing with her instead of with me? (He anxious to be very obliging.)—On the contrary, I shall be obliged.

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, executor of the last will of the late J. A. Morrison, deceased, has received the assets of the said estate, and all persons having any legal claims against such estate are requested to send me at once, and all persons having any legal claims against such estate are requested to send me at once, and all persons having any legal claims against such estate are requested to send me at once.

Notice to Fishermen.

FISHING received and in stock, a complete line of Fishing Tackle; one of the best assortments of rods and reels, I have ever offered in this city. I solicit inspection and deem it a pleasure to show one good rod to old and another to new fishermen. Line consists in part as follows: Scotch salmon and Trout Flies, Linn, Hells, Rods, Leaders, Gaffs, Spoon Bait, Bass Hooks, Artificial Bait or Bugs and Worms, Fishing Bait, with a complete assortment, to numerous to mention. For sale wholesale and retail. JAMES S. NEILL, 2 DOORS BELOW PEOPLES BANK, QUEEN ST. FREDERICTON.

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High Quality.—Guest (at the exposition city)—What! Five dollars for this little apology of a room? Why, it doesn't hold more than a pint of air! Native (blatantly) Yes, but then it is Chicago air.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Largest U. S. Government Analytical Report. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., N. Y.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MORTGAGE SALE.

TO Timothy Lacey, of the Parish of Mansfield, in the County of York, and Province of New Brunswick, Farmer, and all others whom it may in any wise concern: Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the twenty-eighth day of April, 1886, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, and made between the said Timothy Lacey, Mortgagee, of the one part, and the undersigned, William H. Murray, of the City of Fredericton, in the County of York, and Province of New Brunswick, of the other part, registered in Book O of pages 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517

POETRY.

WHERE THE OLD TROUT HIDE.

The rosy lips of morning kiss the blushing cheek of spring. The first bluish of summer is already on the wing.

SELECT STORY.

BETSEY SOMERSET.

Betsey also took out of a little box a small mosaic brooch which Hester had given her, which she had always gazed over with the innocent joy of possession, but wore few times.

under her arm. "Betsey," she said softly, "just look at him!" and she might, from her tone, have held a glorified cherub instead of a little mad mortal baby.

at her sides like a soldier. Hester was soothing the baby. "He knows me, I do believe he knows me!" she cried in a rapture.

PLACING THE BLAME. Henry would go, the cars upset, and the bottle of ketchup was lost.

of pure Cod Liver Oil, with the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. A feeble stomach takes kindly to it, and its continued use adds flesh, and makes one feel strong and well.

THE BEST. WILEY'S EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL WITH THE HYPOPHOSPHITES.

Two dozen Grand Rapid Carpet Sweepers. For sale low by James S. Neill.

NEW SEEDS. G. T. WHELPLEY, Has now on hand, a Large Stock of Timothy Seed, Clover Seed, White and Black Seed Oats.

McMURRAY & Co. A CAR LOAD OF WALL PAPERS, And are now prepared to show the largest stock of Wall Paper in the city, in Canadian American Makes.