THE MONTREAL COURIER.

MORNING EDITION——WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1851. [Vol. XVII.—New Series, No. 417.

(Price Two-Pence.)

LONDON SEED WHEAT.

RECEIVED, on the Canada, from London, a fresh supply of SPRING WHEAT, with special reference to the Climate of Canada. As the Subscribers imported the first of this sort ever imported into this Country, they will feel confident in recommending it to farmers.

WILLIAM LYMAN & CO.,
194 & 196, St. Paul Street.

GARDEN SEEDS.

2000 LBS. LARGE RED CLOVER SEED, positively mixed in Very Small quantity of Dutch Clover Seed.
Do. Dutch Clover Seed.
Do. Large Clover Seed.
Do. Red Top Timothy, &c., &c.
For Sale by
WILLIAM LYMAN & Co.,
194 and 196, St. Paul Street.

DR. PHELPS' TRUSSES.

Persons may can be given of the superior merits of Dr. PHELPS' TRUSSES, from every increasing sale. Orders are received from all parts of the United States and North America, together with testimonials of the highest nature as to their excellence. These Trusses are at once easy to the wearer, durable, and afford immediate relief.

For sale by
S. J. LYMAN & Co.,
Place d'Armes.

TURKISH BLACK SALVE.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE HONORABLE THE EAST INDIA COMPANY.

THIS SALVE, prepared from the original Receipt, procured from a celebrated Turkish Physician of Smyrna, in Asia Minor, has obtained an unprecedented celebrity throughout the East Indies, from the so-called Oriental Plague, which it is both therapeutically and prophylactically adapted to meet, has lately been introduced into Montreal, as might be expected, its popularity has increased, and its use is becoming general among all classes.

The contracted limits of an advertisement do not permit the enumerating of the many purposes for which this Salve is adapted, it is intended to publish, from time to time, such statements of cures as have or may come to hand, but for the following combination of ingredients, which has been used for the last two years with the most complete success:—Sore Heads, Chaps, Broken Breasts, White Swellings, Scalds from Gunpowder, Burns, or other causes, Burns, Fever Sores, Sore Legs, Sore Nipples, Carbuncles, Bad Gun-shot Wounds, Bruises, Boils, Sore Eyes, Chilblains, Ulcerated and Common Corns, and Bunions. If used in time, it prevents or cures Cancers, also, Swellings from a blow on the Breast, Ring Worm, Pain in the Back, Rheumatisms, Gout, Pains in the Joints, Palpitation of the Heart, Complaints in the Spine, Heart and Hip, Rushing of Blood to the Head, Pains in the Face and Toothache. In fact it is impossible to enumerate half the complaints it has been cured by the application of this Salve.

Sold in Montreal by S. J. LYMAN & Co., Place d'Armes; SAVAGE & Co., Notre Dame Street; HART & Co., Great St. James Street; LYMAN & Co., St. Paul Street, and in all the Towns and Cities in Canada.

Montreal, November 5, 1850. 200

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

Your attention of the TRADE is called to a consignment of the celebrated TURKISH BLACK SALVE.

Just received, and in Lots to suit Purchasers, for Sale by
WILLIAM LYMAN & Co.,
Wholesale Drug Store, St. Paul Street.

Montreal, November 22. 316

Truth for the Million.

The great number of parties, (including the almost all physicians of the Province,) who have testified to the efficacy of these waters, whilst they proved them high in the estimation of the public, has induced some other proprietors of mineral springs, to try to put their waters on the same footing with the Plantagenet. Nothing can be more absurd than this. These other Mineral Springs have been known to the public in many instances for fifty years, and in that time what have they done? Have they anything to show for the patronage they have received from the public? How have they stood since the time that came into the field? It is now only three years since the Plantagenet Waters were introduced to the Public, and in that short space of time has become of other Springs, which have been before them? Can any amount of puffing make the public believe that they deserve to be mentioned in the same breath with the Plantagenet? It may be safely said that no one who has used the Plantagenet Water will accept any other water. Their inferiority is so great, and they are comparatively so worthless, that many have declared that they would not pay two, nay, even the price for Plantagenet Water, than for the best of them. Yet these other Springs have a great advantage in being over the Plantagenet, in as much as they are nearer Montreal, and are accessible, (if they are worth seeking,) to all classes without difficulty.

The great cause of this preference is the distinct character of the Plantagenet Water, and more especially its solidity of body, and the glutinous quality it possesses, which distinguishes it in the highest degree from all other waters. We appear poor and thin in comparison with what it may be truly said to have done more for public health in four years, than any other water has ever performed in fifty, and some of the cures effected are truly miraculous. Many of these facts are already before the public, and more can be ascertained at Plantagenet, where the public are invited to judge for themselves. In cases of rheumatism and other chronic diseases it is almost infallible, a number of cases have occurred where parties who had lost the use of their limbs have been restored to health and vigour by the use of it. The public are invited (in consequence of this fact) to peruse the numerous testimonials of medical men and others, and particularly that of Dr. Nelson, who speaks of effects produced on members of his own family. Such is the case, it cannot be wondered at, that the Plantagenet Water has driven all competitors from the field, and that its value should be placed so far above all other Springs ever discovered in the country.

In evidence of this, it is only necessary to refer to the names of the eminent Physicians, and public and private individuals, who have certified to the value of the Plantagenet Waters, and who regard it as a boon to the country.

It is to be borne in mind, that it is not simply as a saline drink that these Waters are beneficial, but because they have an oily, fatty property, unknown to any Water besides. This is, in fact, but one Plantagenet spring, and it is now that is known, the higher its reputation, the more all others sink into insignificance beside it.

It is enough to read the names given below, of those who have used the Plantagenet Waters, to be satisfied of their superior excellency over all others:—Doctors Crawford, W. Nelson, W. Fraser, Louis Nelson, George W. Campbell, Archibald Hall, Alex. McCulloch, Robert L. McDonald, G. Bland, E. H. Trudel, H. Mount, J. L. Leblanc, A. C. Sewell, F. Badgley, H. Prittie, J. E. Mallory, L. F. Tavernier, G. D. Gibb, F. E. Ward, James Grant, L. R. Masson, J. B. Meilleur, W. F. Smith, P. Munroe, T. Lochie, W. Hodge, L. Boyer; the Hon. A. N. Morin; the Hon. Peter McGill; the Hon. Louis Joseph Papineau; C. Wilson, Esq., Mayor; E. Faber, Esq., Mayor; — Bellerose, Esq., Mayor of Quebec; J. Perrault, Esq.; Louis Boyer, Esq.; E. M. Hopkins, Esq.; J. Belle, M. P.; Maurice Roux, Esq.; J. C. Cameron, Esq.; and many others.

Sold only at No. 4, Place d'Armes, Montreal, by parties from the country, who want it to resell, or be supplied at liberal rates.

It is also in Beauharnois by Mr. Robert Lamb, and in Carillon by Mr. C. W. Schnitzer, the Plantagenet Hotel open for visitors.

Montreal, June 14. 300

R. & A. MILLER'S
NEW AND SUPERIOR EDITIONS
OF THE
NATIONAL SCHOOL BOOKS,

Re-Printed and Published by special sanction of the Commissioners of National Education in Ireland, and authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Upper Canada.

THE Subscribers have just issued, under the above sanction, a complete new Edition of the following BOOKS, which they offer for Sale, Wholesale and Retail, at as low prices, and on as liberal terms, as any House in Canada:—

FIRST BOOK OF LESSONS,
SECOND BOOK OF LESSONS,
THIRD BOOK OF LESSONS,
FOURTH BOOK OF LESSONS,
FIFTH BOOK OF LESSONS,
FIRST BOOK OF ARITHMETIC,

To be followed by several others of this excellent Series of SCHOOL BOOKS.

These Books are printed with new Type, on superior Paper, and strongly bound in Linen.

THE FIFTH BOOK OF LESSONS.

The attention of School Teachers and Merchants is particularly requested to this the first Lower Canada Edition of the "Fifth Book of Lessons," which, for cleanness of type and quality of paper, exceeds any previous Colonial Edition.

—CONSTANTLY ON HAND—

The other NATIONAL SCHOOL BOOKS generally used in the Province, viz.:—Sequel to the Second Book, English Grammar, Key to Ditto, Key to First Book of Arithmetic, Book-Keeping, Key to Ditto, Introduction to Geography and History, Elements of Geometry, Mensuration, Appendix to Ditto, &c.

—ALSO—

Primers, of various kinds,
Mavor's, Carpenter's, and Webster's Spelling Books,
Murray's, Lennie's, Kirkham's, and Reid's Grammars,
Walker's Dictionary,
Walkingame's, Ingram's, Melrose's, Thomson's, and Colburn's Arithmetics,
Jackson's and Morrison's Book-Keeping,
Nugent's and Boyer's French and English Dictionaries,
Ewing's, Mitchell's, Morse's, Olney's, Reid's and Stewart's Geographies and Atlasses,
Sullivan's Spelling Book Improved,
Butter's Etymological Spelling Book,
McCulloch's Series of Lessons and Course of Reading,

And all such other School Books as are generally used in the Province.

R. & A. MILLER,
3, St. François Xavier Street.

Montreal, March 27, 1851. 209

JUST PUBLISHED,

THE NATIONAL SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS, authorized by the Board of Education for Upper Canada:—

First Book of Lessons
Second do do
Third do do
Fourth do do
Fifth do do
English Grammar
Arithmetic.

CAMPBELL BRYSON.

April 7. 316

NATIONAL AND OTHER SCHOOL BOOKS.—The largest and most complete assortment in the Province:—

Sequel to the Second Book of Lessons
Introduction to the Art of Reading
Key to the English Grammar
Key to the First Book of Arithmetic
Arithmetic in Theory and Practice
Book-Keeping
Key to ditto
Epitome of Geographical Knowledge
Compendium of Geographical Knowledge
Elements of Geometry
Mensuration
Appendix to ditto
Scripture Lessons—New Testament, No. 1
Do do do do do No. 2
Do do Old Testament, No. 1
Do do do do do No. 2
Sacred Poetry
Set Tablet Lessons Arithmetic, 60 sLeets
Spelling Book Superseded
Introduction to Geography and History
Geography Generalized by Professor Sullivan
Spelling Books:—Mavor's, Carpenter's, Webster's New Elementary, Canada, Guy's, Universal, Butter's Etymological, and Catholic School Book.
Arithmetics:—Scott's, Trotter's, McGregor's Mental, Walkingame's, Thomson's, Morrison's, Colburn's, Melrose's, Ingram's, Guy's, Hutton's, Vester's, Gough's, Adam's New, Adam's Mental, and Willcolke's and Fryer's Mental.
Grammars:—Reid's, McCulloch's, Lennie's, Kirkham's, Bullion's, Murray's Abridged, Murray's Large, Cobbett's, and Smith's.
Dictionaries:—Walker's, Webster's, Fulton & Knight's, and Johnson's.
Geographies:—Reid's, Pinnock's Catechism, Stewart's, Ewing's, Morse's, Olney's, Mitchell's and Woodbridge's, with Atlasses.
Primers and Reading Books in general use

—ALSO—

Different Works on Rhetoric, Logic, Moral Philosophy, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Astronomy, Geology, Physiology, Botany, and Mathematics.

CAMPBELL BRYSON.

April 7. 316

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Day Books	Order Books
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In Half or Full Binding.

Every description of Blank Books made to order.

CAMPBELL BRYSON.

April 7. 316

THE AGRICULTURAL JOURNAL AND TRANSACTIONS OF THE LOWER CANADA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY will hereafter be PUBLISHED by the Subscriber, to whom all communications must be made, which relate to the Subscriptions, Advertisements, and all business matters which refer either to the past or forthcoming Volumes of the Journal.

The Journal will be yearly improved both in quality of paper and typography. The Work will also be increased in value and interest, by the introduction of Diagrams, approved Fixtures, and Implements of Husbandry, together with Plans of Modern Farm Buildings, Illustrations of the best varieties of Fruit, Profiles of Domestic Animals, &c., &c.

Agents and Subscribers are required to remit immediately to the Publisher the amount due the Society.

Any one who will obtain new Subscribers, and remit $5, will receive 5 copies of the Journal for One Year, or 10 copies will be sent for $5.

The Subscriber also publishes the SNOW DROP, (a Juvenile Magazine,) at $1 per annum. The same Commission will be allowed to those who obtain six or more Subscribers.

The Subscriber is AGENT for all of the important AMERICAN MAGAZINES and REPRINTS, embracing the higher departments of Literature, Science and Art; which he delivers in the principal Towns of Canada East at New York prices.

RESPONSIBLE AGENTS WANTED, to CANVASS for the SNOW DROP, AGRICULTURAL JOURNAL, and other WORKS, to whom a liberal Commission will be allowed.

ROBERT W. LAY,
192, Notre Dame Street.

Montreal, December 7, 1850. 291

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.

THE Undersigned have received their annual large Supply of ENGLISH and AMERICAN GARDEN SEEDS, comprising in part many approved varieties.

WILLIAM LYMAN & Co.,
194 and 196, St. Paul Street.

March 27, 1851. 209

BRITISH AMERICA
FIRE, LIFE, AND INLAND MARINE
ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated 1833.

CAPITAL STOCK—£100,000.

THE Public are most respectfully informed, that the Office of this Institution is RE-MOVED to No. 32, Great St. James Street, this city, (late Temple Hall,) where Fire Assurances will be granted at the lowest possible rates of Premium, compatible with security to the PUBLIC, and the credit and safety of the INSTITUTION.

The numerous body of influential men, who are interested as STOCKHOLDERS, and the large amount of paid-up Capital, invested at interest in this Province, guarantee the liberal adjustment and the speedy settlement of all equitable claims which may be made upon the Company.

WILLIAM STEWARD,
Manager British Office.

Jan. 23.

BRITANNIA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 1, Princes Street, Bank, London.

CAPITAL—ONE MILLION STERLING.

Empowered by Special Act of Parliament, 4 Vict., Chap. 9.

REDUCED RATES OF PREMIUM—HALF CREDIT RATES OF PREMIUM.

THE great and decided success which has attended this Institution, has induced the Directors to REDUCE the RATES originally required in British North America, to the ordinary European Rates. The result of such Reduction is to enable parties to avail themselves of the important benefits to Life Assurance at much lower Rates of Premium than those of any other Assurance Company transacting business in Canada.

The Directors have also resolved to extend to British North America the advantage afforded by the HALF CREDIT RATES of PREMIUM which have been so highly appreciated, and are so generally adopted by Policy Holders in the United Kingdom. The most liberal conditions are likewise offered to the Assured in the limits to which they may proceed by sea or land, to other parts of North America without affecting their interest in their respective Policies.

ERASMUS A. FOSTER,
Resident Director.

London, January 1, 1847.

Detailed Prospectuses, and every necessary information as to the mode of effecting Assurances, may be obtained upon application to

J. H. MAITLAND,
Agent for Montreal,

Or to any of the following Agents:

ALFRED G. SMITH, Esq., London, C. W.
FRANCIS STEWARD, Esq., Toronto, C. W.
DAVID BURNS, Esq., Cobourg, C. W.
ALEX. DAVIDSON, Esq., Niagara, C. W.
J. STANNUS GARRETT, Esq., Hamilton, C. W.
THOS. BRIGGS, Esq., Jun., Kingston, C. W.
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MEDICAL REFEREES:

DR. MACK, St. Catherines, C. W.
DR. COVERNTON, Simcoe, C. W.
DR. J. B. JOHNSTON, Sherbrooke, Stanstead, Eastern Townships.

EXAMPLES OF RATES

TO ASSURE £100 STERLING ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING TABLES:

TABLE 1.

Age.	Annual. s. d.	Half-Yearly. s. d.	Quarterly. s. d.
25	36 0	18 3	9 2
30	40 8	20 7	10 4
35	46 9	23 9	11 11
40	55 1	28 0	14 1
45	66 3	33 8	17 0
50	81 4	41 5	20 11

TABLE 2.

Age.	First Five Years s. d.	
20	23 6	This Table increases every Five Years, until the twenty-first year.
30	28 4	
35	30 4	
40	36 1	
45	44 8	
50	56 7	

TABLE 3.

Age.	For One Year. s. d.	For Seven Years. s. d.
25	21 5	21 10
30	22 1	22 7
35	22 11	23 11
40	24 9	26 9
45	28 6	32 3
50	35 4	41 5

TABLE 4.

Annual Premiums required for an Assurance on £100, for the whole Term of Life, the rate decreasing at the expiration of every Fifth Year, until the Twentieth, inclusive, after which period no other payment will be required.

Age.	1st 5 Yrs. s. d.	2nd 5 Yrs. s. d.	3rd 5 Yrs. s. d.	Last 5 Yrs. s. d.
25	77 7	55 6	36 2	19 11
30	78 6	60 10	42 6	22 4
35	85 10	67 8	47 10	25 3
40	95 5	76 4	54 4	28 5
45	108 0	87 4	62 2	32 2
50	124 8	101 1	71 7	36 9

HALF CREDIT RATES OF PREMIUM.

Age.	Half Premium During 7 Years. s. d.	Whole Premium After 7 Years. s. d.
25	19 7	39 2
30	20 9	42 6
35	23 11	49 10
40	29 2	59 4
45	34 10	69 8
50	42 8	85 0

If it be preferred, the unpaid moiety Half Premium can be left as a charge on the Policy, when it becomes a claim.

MUTUAL ASSURANCE BRANCH,
SUPPORTED BY THE PROPRIETARY BRANCH.

TABLE A.

Age.	Annual Premium. s. d.	Half-Yearly. s. d.	Quarterly. s. d.
25	44 4	22 0	11 3
30	49 10	25 3	12 8
35	57 0	28 11	14 10
40	66 8	33 8	16 9
45	79 0	40 1	20 0
50	95 8	48 3	24 3

The Assured under this Table are entitled, after Five Years, to a Annual Division of the Profits.

TABLE B.

HALF CREDIT TABLE.

Age.	Half Premium First 5 Years. s. d.	Whole Premium After 5 Years. s. d.
25	22 2	44 4
30	24 11	49 10
35	28 6	57 0
40	33 4	66 8
45	39 7	79 2
50	47 9	95 8

The Assured under this Table are entitled also to participate in the Profits on certain conditions.

C. DORWIN,
EXCHANGE AND MONEY BROKER,

Office, No. 24, St. François Xavier Street, Montreal.

COLLECTIONS MADE and CASH ADVANCED on NEGOTIABLE SECURITIES; AMERICAN and UPPER CANADA BILLS, DRAFTS on NEW YORK BOUGHT and SOLD on the most reasonable terms. Also, DRAFTS on BOSTON FOR SALE.

April 7. 315

ÆTNA, PROTECTION,
AND
HARTFORD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES.
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office removed to No. 6, St. François Xavier Street, opposite Lewis's Auction Rooms.

ROBERT WOOD,
Agent.

May 15. 320

LIFE INSURANCE DIVIDEND.

EARLY Applicants for LIFE POLICIES in the UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY will share in the Division of Profits for the present fiscal Year, soon to close.

A. F. SABINE, Agent.

May 9. 330

NEW YORK
PROTECTION FIRE AND MARINE
INSURANCE COMPANY.

JOHN STEVENS, Esq. ..... President.
JESSE MATTESON, Esq. ..... Vice-President.
GEORGE R. THOMAS, Esq. ..... Treasurer.
T. JONES, Jun., Esq. ..... Secretary.

ELON COMSTOCK, Esq., General Agent, Rome, N. Y.

AGENTS.

JAS. WALDRON, Esq., 60, Wall Street, New York.
OLIVER BETWEEN, Esq., 4, State Street, Boston.

REFERENCE.

Hon. WASHINGTON HUNT, Governor Elect, State of New York.
Hon. HORATIO C. SEYMOUR.
SEARCHE COMSTOCK, Esq., President City Bank, Albany.

PROMPT adjustment and payment of LOSSES, combined with fair rates of Premium, have entitled this Corporation to rank among the first of similar Institutions in the United States.

The Undersigned will give immediate personal attention to applications for INSURANCE against FIRE on every description of Property, either in Town or Country.

M. H. GAULT,
Agent.

Offices—College Street, first door from McGill Street.

N. B.—STEAM and CANAL BOATS, in Dock or Repairing, INSURED.

Montreal, January 8, 1851. 278

BRITISH COMMERCIAL
Life Assurance Company,

Established in 1820, and empowered by Act of Parliament,

FOR THE INSURANCE OF LIVES, AND THE ENDOWMENT OF CHILDREN, &c.

LONDON, NEW YORK, AND MONTREAL.

CAPITAL, $2,000,000.

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SECRETARY.

Mr. FRANCIS F. SANDERSON.

Medical Adviser.

G. D. GIBB, M. D., 40, Craig Street.

BANKERS.

Messrs. GLYN, HALIFAX, MILLS & Co.

THIS COMPANY, which has been established 30 years, commenced with a subscribed Capital of $2,000,000, and was the first, 20 years ago, to offer to the Public two Scales of Premium—the lower, to insure only a fixed amount; the higher, entitling the Insurers to a participation in the profits.

Advantages (Free) to Insurers.

Very low Rates of Premiums on Young Lives.

The security of a large realized and invested Capital.

Large Bonuses on Policies effected on the high Scale.

Prompt settlement of Losses.

The full value given for Policies when discontinued.

On Insurances for the Whole of Life; one-half of the Premiums, if desired, permitted to remain unpaid for the first seven years, as a Loan at interest, and then to be paid off, or to remain as a permanent Loan, at the option of the Insurer.

Loans upon Policies for the Whole of Life, after payment of three Premiums, in proportion to the value of same.

The acceptance of Navy, Military, Climate and Special Risks of all kinds, on payment of a commensurate Premium. Age admitted on the Policy when issued, if desired, on proof of date of birth.

Permission for the Lives assured to reside in any part of Europe, without extra premium or special license, and to, at and from California, at a small extra premium.

Insurances, if required immediately, may be effected any day between the hours of 10 and 4.

The Premiums published by this Company fully set forth the merits of Life Insurance; and copies thereof may be had, gratis, on application to the Agent, who is also prepared to furnish every information that intending insurers may require.

THOMAS PROCTOR,
3, St. Sacrament Street,
Agent.

May 14, 1850. 102

ALLIANCE
BRITISH AND FOREIGN LIFE & FIRE
ASSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LONDON.

CAPITAL—£5,000,000 STERLING.

ESTABLISHED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT, 1824.

THE Undersigned CONTINUE to ISSUE POLICIES against LOSS or DAMAGE by FIRE, on Any Certain Day, DISCHARGED IMMEDIATELY ON SATISFACTORY PROOF THEREOF, without reference to the Directors in London.

Parties who have made Five consecutive Annual Payments on their Policies, have a claim to share in the Profits, which are divided annually among the Members, without any further payment.

Assurances may be effected on LIVES.

The most liberal conditions are offered to Assurers, with the security of the Assured Capital, and the personal responsibility of the Shareholders.

RICHARD GERRARD,
Agent for Canada.

Montreal, November 16, 1850. 306

VETERINARY HOSPITAL AND FORGE,
82, URSULE STREET, MONTREAL.

MR. JAMES MASON, V. S., desires to inform his Friends that he has REMOVED his Veterinary and Shoeing Establishment to St. Ursule Street, where he has every convenience for the reception and treatment of SICK and LAME HORSES.

Mr. J. S. TURNER, V. S., thanks his many friends for their patronage since he commenced practice as a Veterinary, and begs to inform them and the public, that he has taken in future his residence in St. Urbain Street, in partnership with Mr. Mason, at the Veterinary Hospital.

Consulting hours from TEN to THREE.

It is the intention of Messrs. Mason and Turner to open a Veterinary School during the ensuing Winter for the purpose of lecturing, and delivering a Course of Lectures on the Anatomy and Pathology of the Horse, with respect to this Course will be shortly issued.

May 15. 319

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Two Millions Pounds Stock, in 100,000 Shares of £20 each, besides a large Reserve Fund.

Responsibility of Stockholders unlimited.

Established 1836: Empowered by Acts of Parliament.

OFFICES:

Royal Exchange ..... Liverpool.
20 and 21, Poultry; and
26, Regent Street, Waterloo Place ..... London.

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Sir Thomas Bernard Birch, Bart., M. P.
Adam Hodgson, Esq. | S. H. Thompson, Esq.

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SECRETARY—Swinton Boult, Esq.

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BANKERS:

Bank of Liverpool.
Union Bank of London.

SOLICITORS:

Messrs. Clay, Swift, and Wagstaff, Union Court, Liverpool.
Messrs. Palmer, France, and Palmer, Bedford Row, London.

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James Vose, M.D.; Robert Bickersteth, Esq.

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Marshall Hall, M. D., F. R. S.; Alex. Anderson, Esq., F.R.C.S.

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENT for the above most respectable COMPANY, is now ready to receive PROPOSALS for FIRE and LIFE RISKS, at the Office of the "Britannia Life Assurance Company," corner of Place d'Armes and Notre Dame Streets.

N. B.—No Rates for Fire Assurance the same as those of respectable Offices doing business in Canada.

J. H. MAITLAND,
Agent for the Britannia Life Co.,
And late Agent Quebec Fire Office.

Montreal, June 9th, 1851. 255

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET AT ST. JOHNS.

THAT convenient and pleasantly-situated TWO-STORY STONE HOUSE, belonging to the Estate of the late W. D. Lindsay, Esq., St. Johns, containing Eleven Apartments; with good YARD, STABLE, OUT-HOUSES, and GARDEN.

Possession will be given on the 1st May next. For further particulars, apply to Mr. WM. LINDSAY, ST. JOHNS, or to the Subscribers, in MONTREAL.

CHS. LINDSAY,
No. 2, St. Sacrament Street.

February 10, 1851. 292

TO LET.

TO LET, from the 1st May next, those Extensive PREMISES in St. Urbain Street, comprising TWO DWELLINGS, Nos. 52 and 54, at present occupied by Mr. SAMUEL PHILLIPS, well adapted for a public School.

Apply to the Subscriber,

CHS. LINDSAY,
2, St. Sacrament Street.

February 3, 1851. 289

MONTREAL TYPE FOUNDRY.

THE undersigned takes this opportunity of announcing to the Printers of Canada, that the promise he made in introducing his New Specimen to the Public is in course of fulfilment. The Artist in Edinburgh has supplied the "BREVIER" Matrixes, and promises other faces shortly. This addition, with other extensive improvements, renders the Establishment worthy of the support which it continues to receive, and for which the Proprietor offers his grateful thanks.

The following Agencies continue their accounts with this Foundry:—

MESSRS. R. HOE & CO.,
NEW YORK.
PRESS MAKERS, &c.;
MESSRS. WELLS & WEBB,
NEW YORK.
WOOD-LETTER CUTTERS;
MR. GEORGE MATHER,
NEW YORK.
PRINTING-INK MANUFACTURER, all colours;
MESSRS. L. JOHNSON & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.
TYPE AND STEREOTYPE FOUNDERS;

of whose manufactures he has always on hand a general assortment.

The above-named Houses are so well known, that it is unnecessary to make any remarks on the excellence of their manufactures.

The convenience that the Printers of Canada now have in being able to purchase at their own doors all they can require to furnish or renew an Office will be apparent to all; while

THE TORONTO TYPE FOUNDRY,

a branch of this Establishment under the management of Mr. D. K. Farman, Agent, Front Street, Toronto, places the Printers of each Section of the Province upon an equally favorable footing.

OLD TYPE taken in exchange for new without any deduction for drossing, at 5d. per lb.

In 30 days, credit on American imports to cover Duties, Freight, &c.

CHAS. S. FALSGRAVE,
Corner of St. Helen and Lemoine Streets.

Montreal, June 20, 1850. 262

N.B.—Publishers of papers giving three insertions to the above, will receive payment in Type by purchasing four times the amount of their account.

NOTICE TO HOTEL KEEPERS, STEAMBOAT PROPRIETORS, AND PRIVATE GENTLEMEN.

THE Subscriber has now completed his importations of

SEGARS

DIRECT FROM THE HAVANA,

Consisting of all the CHOICEST BRANDS now used by connoisseurs, and without fear of contradiction, can confidently assert that he has the BEST and LARGEST STOCK of SEGARS EVER IMPORTED INTO CANADA.

Proprietors of Hotels and Gentlemen who are fond of a choice cigar, are invited to call at the Subscriber's Store and judge for themselves.

—ALSO—

Daily expected by first London Ships,

A large and beautiful variety of SNUFF and TOBACCO BOXES, SEGAR CASES, PIPE TUBES, MEERSCHAUM BOWLS, Office Wrapper, CLAY PIPES, &c., &c., with a variety of all the Novelties sent to the Fair, both current and obsolete.

Orders executed by the Subscriber with care and attention.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS supplied at a very moderate advance, and Liberal Credit.

JOHN LEVEY.

May 7. 300

ROYAL MAIL LINE
BETWEEN
Montreal and Kingston.

THE Public are informed, that the Steamers of this Line, viz.:—The Queen, Capt. Sherman, and the Princess Royal, Capt. Kennedy, will run between MONTREAL and KINGSTON, on the arrival of the Cars with the Mail and Passengers, leaving Montreal every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, and Kingston every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, as long as the navigation will permit.

The Mail Line is composed of these and other Fast Steamers, chosen by the Proprietors with every convenience for the comfort of Passengers.

The CARS leaving MONTREAL DAILY, (Sundays excepted) at NOON, and on SUNDAYS at HALF-PAST TWO o'clock, A. M.

For Freight or Passage, apply at the Office, No. 60, McGill Street, or to the Captains on board.

ALEX. MILLOY, Agent.

Upper Canada Street and Brock's Office, No. 60, McGill Street, Montreal.

April 24. 252

1851.
Ottawa Mail Steamers.
TUESDAYS FRIDAYS
Between Quebec and Bytown.

The well-known and elegant Steamers LADY SIMPSON, Capt. Shepherd, and PHŒNIX, Capt. Patterson,—The former between Lachine and Carillon, and the latter between Grenville and Bytown.

DURING the Season of Navigation, 1851, the following Trains will leave the Railroad Terminus in Montreal, on EIGHT o'clock, A. M., DAILY, (Sundays excepted,) with the Passengers and Mails for Bytown, arriving the same evening; and the Steamers Passengers will leave Bytown at SIX o'clock, A. M., DAILY, (Sundays excepted,) the Passengers and Mails reaching Montreal in time to be passed by the Quebec Steamer the same evening.

P.S.—FREIGHT intended for the Lady Sir Robert, must be sent to the Railroad Depot, in Montreal, before SIX o'clock, P. M., to ensure its being forwarded.

Montreal, May 12. 281

Northern Route vd. N. Y.
Ogdensburgh and Rouse's Point.
Permanent Arrangement

HERAFTER Trains will run as follows, until further NOTICE:—

Leave ROUSE'S POINT at 8 o'clock, A. M., and 6, P. M.
Arrive at OGDENSBURGH at 1 o'clock, P. M., and 11, P. M.
Leave OGDENSBURGH at 8 o'clock, A. M., and 2, P. M.
Arrive at ROUSE'S POINT at 6 o'clock, P. M., and 7, P. M.

At Ogdensburgh the Trains connect with Steamers for Brockville, Kingston, Sackets Harbor, Oswego, Toronto, Lewiston, Niagara, Hamilton, and the Upper Lakes; and at Rouse's Point with Trains for Montreal, Boston, and Plattsburgh, Burlington, Whitehall, Saratoga, Troy, Albany, and New York.

At Rouse's Point Trains also connect with the Trains of the Montreal & Boston Railroad, running through the heart of New England to Boston; and it connects by means of Steamers to Burlington, with the Railroad leading through the Green Mountains, leaving the New England States; and is the most expeditious route from Montreal to Washington.

CHARLES L. SCHLATTER, Superintendent.

May 2, 1851. 250

MONTREAL, BOSTON, AND NEW YORK.
RUTLAND & BURLINGTON
RAIL-ROAD.
Two Trains Daily each Way.
COMMENCING MAY 1, 1851.

PASSENGERS leaving MONTREAL, via Champlain and St. Lawrence Railroad, at 9 o'clock, A. M., will take CARS at the above Route at BURLINGTON, lodge at RUTLAND, and arrive at BOSTON at 1 o'clock same day.

PASSENGERS from Montreal at 5 o'clock, P. M., will take Cars at Burlington at 8½ o'clock, A. M., and arrive at BOSTON at 8 o'clock, evening, being the shortest and most convenient Route from MONTREAL to BOSTON or NEW YORK—with ample time to dine at Bellows's Falls.

This is the direct Route to Lowell, Worcester, Springfield, Hartford, New Haven, &c., &c.

For TICKETS, apply to H. D. DOANE, Agent, Montreal.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that in accordance with the requirements of the Act 14 Vict., cap. 101, the Rate of Interest payable on Mortgages, under the Act 12 Vict., cap. 74, Section 1, Junction Railway Company, MAPS and PLANS of the said Railway, have been deposited in the Office of the Prothonotary of the Superior Court for the District of Montreal, and that the Office of the Secretary of the Province, and all parties are required to govern themselves accordingly.

CHAS. SEYMOUR, Secretary.

Montreal, April 28, 1851. 237

CHAMPLAIN AND ST. LAWRENCE RAIL-ROAD.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that BOOKS are now OPEN, at the Office of the Company, in Montreal, for SUBSCRIPTION to the NEW SHARES of STOCK, created under the provisions of the Act, 13 and 14 Vic. ch. 114, entitled an "Act to authorize the Company of Proprietors of the Champlain and Saint Lawrence Railroad to extend the said Road, and for other purposes." Stockholders desirous of availing themselves of the privilege of subscribing for the above Shares, are required to do so within THREE MONTHS from the date hereof, after which period all unsubscribed Shares will be disposed of by the Committee of Management, in accordance with a Resolution passed at a General Meeting of Proprietors on the 15th day of August last.

W. A. MERRY,
Secretary.

Montreal, March 28, 1851. 317

QUEBEC & RICHMOND RAILWAY.

A SUBSCRIPTION BOOK for Parties wishing to become Shareholders in this undertaking, is now OPENED at the OFFICE of J. H. DALEY, Esq., Agent Vermont Central Railroad, who has been appointed General Agent of this Company in Montreal and the United States.

By order of the Directors,

EDMUND PHIP

THE MONTREAL COURIER.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1851.

Legislative Council.

THURSDAY, August 14, 1851.

Mr. Merritt moved an address praying relative to placing some effect on his bill before such measure of conducting that it was not at the first instance to the expense of the Province. He thought it should be removed; as they were only four in number, and could be removed at a trifling expense. If this improvement were not made, we could never compete with the Erie Canal, and he held that that was of greater importance than railways, which appeared now to take up all the attention of the Government.

Mr. Robinson contended in favor of the necessity of the work.

Mr. Hincks said the motion was irregular, and out of order, as contrary to the provisions of the Union Act.

Mr. Baldwin took the same view.

The discussion went on relative to the interpretation of the provisions of the Union Act.

The discussion was adjourned, and the motion carried.

The following Bills were also read a third time, viz:—

To unite the Act for supplying Quebec with water;

To remedy inconvenience resulting from the hearing of the Registers of Lachine;

To amend the Sydenham Mountain Road;

To authorize Municipal Council of Wentworth and Halton to dispose of part of their Court House Square.

On the third reading of the Bill to incorporate the Wesleyan Methodist Benevolent Societies,

Mr. Notman again opposed it.

Mr. Mackenzie also opposed it.

Mr. Flint thought it most extraordinary that hon. members of the House should come there and deny the right of the Wesleyan Ministers to manage their own property.

Mr. Morrison said there was no necessity for an Act of Parliament to enable them to manage their own affairs.

Mr. Hincks would vote for the bill, for he believed that the clauses principally objected to had been struck out; and he thought that the opposition was got up by persons who were opposed to all Ecclesiastical Corporations. The greatest inconvenience was felt for want of this bill; for instance, property belonging to the Church was now vested in persons who had left it.

Mr. Sol. Gen. Macdonald, believing the people of this country opposed to all Ecclesiastical Corporations, had voted against the bill of the hon. member for Missisquoi; and he doubted whether it was most advisable to incorporate all these bodies, or refuse to incorporate any; but he was decidedly in favor of allowing the present bill to stand over.

Mr. Mackenzie read a letter from a Methodist in Hamilton declaring that the present bill had been got up by the Methodist Society, without the knowledge even of the Lay Members.

Mr. Hincks said there might be something in the opposition, if it were merely to postpone the bill till next year, but when members like the hon. Sol. General said they were opposed to all acts of incorporation, he could not understand why the bill should be postponed.

Mr. Richards—Then the hon. member wants to punish the Wesleyan Methodists, because the Sol. General is opposed to Church Corporations; he was not opposed to them, and therefore, on his own ground, he called on the Inspector General to vote with him.

Mr. H. Sherwood had taken the best means to ascertain the views of the Wesleyan Methodists, and believing they were satisfied with it, would vote for the bill.

Mr. Holmes had voted for the bill, believing it was approved of by the Methodist body; since then he had seen many statements which led him to doubt the fact, and he held in his hand a petition, signed by 50 very respectable persons in Peterboro', praying that the bill might be postponed. He should therefore feel obliged to vote for the amendment.

On the division the numbers were: yeas, 17; nays, 23; and the main motion passed: Yeas, 27; nays 15.

Also, the Champlain & St. Lawrence Railroad amendment bill;

Also, the Grand River Navigation Company's way bill;

Also, the Muskingon Company Bill;

Also, the Toronto School of Medicine bill.

Mr. Mackenzie brought in a bill to repeal section 19 of the School Act of 1850—the section allowing of Sectarian Schools.

The House concurred in the resolutions of the Committee on the bills to give security to mechanics in the city of Toronto;

Also, in the report of the Committee on the bill to amend the Montreal Incorporation Act;

Also, in the report of the Committee on the bill to incorporate the Quebec Music Hall Association.

On the question of concurrence in the report of the Committee on the Port Burwell Harbour Company.

Mr. W. H. Boulton opposed the export duty on saw logs which was exempted under the provisions of canal tolls. He would said that this was to protect the proprietors of saw mills; but he did not believe that was necessary, and was quite sure that the House would never extend it generally.

Mr. Robinson said the duty was not an export duty, but only a harbour duty for the accommodation of the trade, which was as much for the good of the trade in saw logs as anything else.

Mr. B. Flint was in favour of putting an export duty on saw logs. There was this difference between lumber and other goods—that while other goods might be increased to almost any amount, lumber once cut down never grew again. If the Americans, therefore, came into the Province to purchase saw logs, it was only fair they should pay something to the Province for doing so. An American might come and cut as much timber as he pleased, by first paying the Crown dues, and perhaps a trifle to the owners, because he could bring all he wanted from the other side. The saw mills then, which were so numerous, might be made some protection in order that the profit on sawing might be retained in the country.

Mr. Wilson opposed the bill.

Mr. W. H. Boulton said that putting one shilling a log amounted to a duty of 40 per cent, and that one half penny per log would be enough to pay for the harbour.

After a few more words from Mr. Wilson, on the nature of the harbor,

Mr. Drummond opposed the principle of the bill, and said that the rate sought to be levied was altogether incommensurate for the payment of the harbor, and amounted to a high duty.

There was a long and rambling discussion on the motion, which resulted in the three first blanks being filled up with 1s., 1s. 7d., and 1s. 6d.

TORONTO, August 14, 1851.

Mr. Armstrong, seconded by Dr. Boethillier, moves that the Seigniorial Tenure Bill be fixed for the first order of the day on Tuesday. After some further discussion, the motion was carried.

The following bills were read a third time, viz:

To incorporate Canada West Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company.

Also to Establish and Fix Site Suspension Bridge Company.

Also the Quebec Music Hall Association.

Also the Toronto Hospital Incorporation Act.

The House went into Committee and passed a resolution declaring the expediency of guaranteeing not exceeding £2,000,000, for the construction of a Railroad between Halifax and Quebec, on motion of Mr. Hincks.

The Bill to repeal the Party Procession Act, was read a second time, on motion of Mr. W. H. Boulton.

Also the Bill to amend the Tavern Licence Act, in Upper Canada, on motion of Mr. Solicitor Gen. McDonald.

Also the Bill to authorize the transport of dangerous goods bonded.

Also the Bill to regulate Private Lunatic Asylums.

The Act to amend the Temperance Law, C. S., was passed through Committee with some amendments.

The House went into Committee on the Naval Vessels bill, on motion of Mr. Sidebottom.

Mr. H. J. Boulton objected to the bill; and after it had been passed through Committee, and on the third month hoist to the report. The motion was lost, 29 to 4, and the main motion carried without amendment.

The House then went into Committee on the Bill to amend the Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Bill.

On reading the clause fixing the property qualification of persons eligible to be mayors, reeves, &c., Mr. McKenzie objected that the amount was too high. The principle of the bill was Mr. Macaulay was the chief author of the bill, of legislation should be to secure to the proper class to choose—not to restrict the number of persons eligible. A person in a little village could be as competent to act as mayor as a person in a large city. He would propose that the qualification should be £50 instead of £100.

Mr. Cameron (C. W.) contended that the qualification should be assessed in the Municipal representation of the Province. He was of opinion that the amount, however, and the clause was agreed to.

The other clauses of the bill were passed through and ordered to be engrossed.

The House then adjourned.

☞ THE MONTREAL COURIER is published daily during the ensuing months of the year, viz.: from the 1st of May to the 1st of November, and the other six months tri-weekly, on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. Subscription, six dollars ($6) per annum, payable in advance.

☞ THE WEEKLY COURIER (bi-weekly) is published on Monday and Thursday evenings, in time for the Mails, at the low price of three dollars ($3) per annum, payable in advance.

☞ All LETTERS must be post-paid, or else the postage will be deducted from the amount sent.

☞ VOLUNTARY CORRESPONDENCE solicited from all parts of the Continent of America. If made use of, the person transmitting the information will be liberally remunerated.

THE COURIER.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1851.

As we have nothing particular this morning from the Seat of Government, we revert to our many pleasing reminiscences of the month of August in "Auld Scotland," where, after the *twel'th*—the glorious twelfth—we used to take to the hills, with all means and appliances, for the slaughter of the winged denizens of the heather braes; and once, only once, we had the pleasure—the sweet fatigue—of climbing the shoulder of the "Dark Lochnagar," to take a pop or two at the Ptarmigan—the shiest and most elusive of all the grouse tribe. We might well be excused if we indulged in the garrulousness of age for a few minutes on so entrancing a recollection. Our Manton, our pointers, and last, though not least, our lonely quarters, in the distant shealing, with the little remaining sip of mountain dew, and the delicious heel of the cold grouse pasty, seem to us as only a tale of yesterday; nor must we, or can we, forget the fragrant heather bed on which we sought repose, with our faithful "well breds" at our feet, and where we slumbered sounder than ever we have done since on a bed of down. In one of our sporting excursions to Brae Mar, we met at the rendezvous a certain characteter, who, like the celebrated Colonel Hanger, was original in his very dreams. This gentleman had gone but early to India, and was a sportsman on the most extended scale. He had been accustomed to the most extensive fields of action, and familiar with the most gigantic species of game. Popping at pigeons, and shooting at snipes, was to him a disgrace, nay would no gallop after the most cunning fox that ever was cubbed. No! give me, he said, the jungles and forests of India, where I have hunted hyenas, encaged elephants, trapped tigers, and bagged buffaloes. He had the greatest contempt for the "small deer" of Scotland, but was by no means unwilling to give "as youth" the benefit of his experience in our "little way."

Among other things, too numerous to mention, he told us that during his wanderings in foreign countries he had been taught the fallacy of many received rules in sporting, which the English follow with the most implicit faith. As a sincere and general reformer, he wished to alter these; but, as he said very pathetically, he should find great difficulty, because the English were so wedded to prejudice, and had so many old obsolete customs clinging to them, that he thought it was a lucky thing for us that our forefathers did not practice walking upon their heads in a general way, or we should certainly have contended for the propriety of it. He unfolded to us at great length his new rules, which were twelve in number, and which, he said, were so self-evident that the most obstinate sportsman would hardly refuse to conform to them in every particular. And as our Canadian youth are somewhat addicted to playing at sportsmen, we here, for their benefit, introduce a short summary of them, and, so far as our memory serves, in the words of our friend:—

Rule I.—*Always load your gun when on the cock.* By doing so, you lose no time in bringing your piece to your shoulder—an evidently great advantage; and if you pressure carries aim you can, not the smallest risk of blowing your head or your hand off while running down your game.

Rule II.—*When a covey gets up, always fire being into the middle of it.* It will be nonsense about singling out a particular bird, as it is plain that to miss one bird is easier than to miss a dozen.

Rule III.—*When you are very desirous of filling your bag, instead of shot, fire your ramrod.* By this plan, you may happen to split three birds at one shot. I have known it done, said our friend.

Rule IV.—*If bird you scramble through a hedge, by all means let your gun be at full cock.* Caution should be the characteristic of a good sportsman, said he, you shoot your friend, you will be cautious for life.

Rule V.—*If a single bird gets up on your friend's side, shoot at him by all means.* The old system is only to fire at those on your own side, which I said is to be a losing game, for if your friend brings down his bird, he begs to a whereas if you fire at him you have the benefit of the doubt, which generally settles by taking up. Never mind the dog or its being unlucky—the cause of a sportsman is a good excuse.

Rule VI.—*When you meet with a hare on the path, fire her if you can.* It is all stuff about being unlucky—like. Pay no attention to any such nonsense. The true plan is to fill your flask.

Rule VII.—*Never think of hitting a capital shot.* For instance, you have leave to shoot over a gentleman's grounds, and are successful: be sure to send you man home with the game, then call on the gentleman at his house, and drink a brace of birds, being the whole contents of your bag! You will then be considered, and called a fine sportsman, but have substantially done to shoot.

Rule VIII.—*When you enter a field, hallow and bawl as loud as you can.* It will save you much trouble, for you will thereby not at once whether there are any birds there or not.

Rule IX.—*Always leave your dog at home lest he bite your best friend.* With a good brace of dogs so trained, and a double barrelled gun, more game can be bagged than by any other means whatever.

Rule X.—*Choose your dogs of the highest possible courage.* By this precaution, you can safely gratify yourself by throshing your dog when you miss, without fear of spoiling him.

Rule XI.—*The instant a bird rises, blaze away at him.* The reason for this innovation is, that if you wait, you will have time to pitch your cap at the bird, and perhaps knock it down—who knows!

Rule XII.—*Never sail to place a cap upon the nipple of your piece.* This is a most important point, and involves consequences not at first apparent. We ourselves remember to *Canada Planco*—that is, when George the Fourth was King—that we went out one morning with two Cockney gentlemen on a shooting excursion. One was the Agent for Dowdney, the famous Tailor, and the other was a Silk Mercer, from Oxford Street. They were both sportsmen of the first water, and professors of our friend's system. Well, up got a fine cock pheasant, and, according to rule, both pieces were levelled, and down came the bird, though such was the eagerness of both sportsmen to have the start, that neither had time to bring his gun to his shoulder. Then came the dispute. The Tailor swore, with the tenth part of an oath, that he covered his bird, while the other declared he could tell the spot where he touched him. It was referred to us, and, without mixing up, we gave it against the Tailor. The fact was that we did not carry a gun that day, thinking, rightly, that we should have enough to do to take care of ourself, which indeed was plainly proved, as we want home minus the skirts of a new black surtout, the Tailor having fired at something through between our legs, though we were at the time ten yards from him—we were, therefore, the better enabled to watch their proceedings. The fractional member of the sporting train demurred at our promptness, and proposed the toss. We, however, referred him to his piece, which, on examination, he found he had forgotten to cap, and so lost his claim to his friend's bird. Therefore, we say, however you manage about the charge, *never forget to fix the cap.*

We had yesterday the pleasure of being shaved with a Jenny Lind razor, by a Jenny Lind barber, scented with Jenny Lind cologne, combed with a Jenny Lind comb, brushed with a Jenny Lind brush, washed in a Jenny Lind bowl, and wiped with a Jenny Lind towel. After which we put on our Jenny Lind hat, walked into a Jenny Lind restaurant, and partook of Jenny Lind sausages. Then we took up a Jenny Lind paper, read a Jenny Lind editorial, smoked a Jenny Lind cigar, throwing ourselves back in a Jenny Lind chair, fell into a profound Jenny Lind reverie.—*N. Orleans Courier.*

We have a great curiosity to know if the young gentleman—for a young gentleman he must be, though by no means a verdant one—when he noted down the above facetious incidents of a day, and came to the close of his "[illegible]," [illegible] subject, however, was a sound sleep—we say we want to know if, when he woke up into perfect consciousness, he found himself in love with this everlasting Jenny Lind, who seems to have given a name to everything in the States, from a steamboat to a washing tub, and from a locomotive to a weaver's shuttle. We remember hearing of an English gentleman who was so struck with the appearance of Mrs. Siddons on the stage, that he could talk about nothing else but "the divine, the immortal Siddons." A friend, after having been bored almost to death about this piece of "immortal" flesh, exclaimed, "why don't you make love to her at once?" "What! make love to that magnificent creature!!" said he; "I would as soon think of making love to the Archbishop of Canterbury."

The *St. Catherines Constitutional* states that a break occurred in the Welland Canal on the 8th instant, in consequence of a schooner carrying away three gates off Lock No. 7. The damage was not repaired until Wednesday last, at which time there were eighty vessels waiting to pass down.

The Directors and Committee of the University Lying-in-Hospital acknowledge, thankfully, a most important and generous donation from Benj. Workman, Esq., Student, McGill College, of two Register Books, upwards of five pounds in value.

CRICKET.—A match takes place between the Union and St. George's Clubs, on Friday morning, the 22nd instant, on the McGill College Grounds. Wickets to be pitched at half-past ten o'clock.

The Annual Meeting of the Missisquoi County Temperance Society will take place on Wednesday, September 10, at Dunham, Elgin. Services to commence at 10, A.M.

We understand that Mr. Harper, who has so long and so ably conducted the affairs of the Commercial Bank of the Midland District, at Cobourg, has resigned his situation to take charge of the business of the Trust and Loan Company. Mr. C. S. Rose, Cashier of the Branch at Montreal, will receive the vacant appointment. The business community of this City will regret the departure of Mr. Rose, but, as it will be for his advantage, they will bid him some success in the management of the main office, which has marked his judicious conduct in the Branch here.—*Gazette.*

Arrival of the Steamer *Canada*, at New York, August 18.

The British Mail Steamer *Canada* has arrived at Halifax with Liverpool dates to the 9th instant. She brings 84 passengers. The *Pacific* arrived at Cowes on the 9th instant.

The Queen prorogued the British Parliament on the 8th August in person.

Large quantities of Cotton had advanced ¼d during the week; sales, 60,000 bales. In breadstuffs no material change. Flour and Wheat quiet, but higher demand for United States. Corn dull and lower. Pork and Bacon steady. Beef and Butter, dull. Sugar and Coffee, steady. Rice, dull. Tallow, 6d. Linseed Cake, 6d. Rosin, 6d. Spirits Turpentine, 6d. Tallow, 6d. Cane sales more steadily at 40s. 6d. for Yellow, and 36s. 6d. @ 38s. 6d. for White. Freights Market dull, and with little change. Lead lower. Groceries lower. English Money Market without change. American Stocks unchanged.

AFFAIRS IRELAND.

Correspondence of the Courier and Inquirer.

LIVERPOOL, August 1, 1851.

IRELAND—THE CRISIS.

I say crisis, in the plural; for there are two.—There is one of the country, and another of the people—the one, physical and social—the other, religious and political—the former past, the latter passing away. Wherever potato failure and the famine, Ireland has been undergoing a revolution in her physical and social condition; the crisis is past and a new and better state of things has commenced. The Pope's Bull, and the Premier's Bill,—like two antagonist forces conflicting,—have produced a moral convulsion, the crisis of which has not arrived, but is on its way. The *Courier and Enquirer* took a lively and a laudable interest in the famine crisis and its results,—awakened, extensively, the sympathies of Americans, and diffused, widely, information regarding subsequent events. And I feel desired it will, with equal Editorial zeal, impart to the large circle of its readers, the facts and circumstances of a half century, from the beginning of a new ecclesiastical and political era. And, firstly, of the first,

THE CRISIS THAT IS PAST.

I have travelled over much of the country,—where no real tribution of the land is necessary,—only the adjustment of rents to prices, and a legal recognition of the right of the tenant to the benefit of his own industrial improvement—the fruit of his own industry, skill, and money outlay. The former of these is general; no one doubts the early attainment of the latter. And I have conversed with those who have travelled over the other parts of the country similarly circumstanced. In all these the appearance is that of land in the highest state of cultivation,—the crop of every kind,—potatoes, oats, flax,—abundant and flourishing; farm houses comfortable, and the farmers in high spirits. Improvement is manifest everywhere; in cultivation and the manufacture of produce. For the landlords,—having tried the effect, many of them,—or their agents rather,—of letting at rack rents, to adventurers, who ran into arrears two or three years, and then decamped, having run out the land, dilapidated the buildings and fences, carrying with them all they could lay their hands upon,—almost universally, declare in favor of the tenant's right to sell his farm with his improvements,—as it will ensure the farm kept in a high state of improvement by him who means to sell, and a solvent tenant in him who buys.

In the other parts of the country, where a redistribution of the land was indispensable to a right cultivation,—where it was, either the demesne of the hungry but proud landlord, of a country encaged or saddled with encumbrances to the full amount of fee simple, or the slumps of mud cabins with grass-patches and pigs,—the properties have been brought to the hammer of the Encumbered Estates' Commission Court, or they are in progress to it. And already is there the commencement of the formation of farms, of size and description—and taken at a fair—admitting of a just and profitable culture.

Now, what is remarkable in the sale of these lands is,—that the purchasers have been chiefly Irishmen; at least, not the class of large holders, farmers, or men who had acquired money in trade, and believed the time to be at hand when this would turn out a profitable investment. And now, at length, capitalists in England and Scotland are beginning to think of purchasing on a more extensive scale,—when the experiment has proved successful,—when the perfectly peaceful state of the country is inviting English and Scotch, and Ulster farmers to enter upon Estates as on so prepared for them,—looking with the pleasing prospects that improved Commerce and Manufactures are opening,—and it is to them we look for other improvements, the reclaiming of wastes and the peaning of mines.

THE CRISIS THAT IS AT HAND.

Before this letter reaches you the Queen's Sign Manual shall have made the Bill of Pains and Penalties, one of the Statutes of the realm. Long before the discussion in Parliament commenced, I told you it would either be a dead letter or laughed as law,—merely the protest of Parliament against an unwarrantable assumption on the part of a Foreign Potentate, of a right to parcel out England into Dioceses, and to apply to a portion thereof, if practically enforced, would bind the Roman Catholic Clergy and people of Ireland, as one man, to oppose and resist it. There have been in a Consistorial sense, Bishops in England,—at Manchester and London,—for a time of the Sees previously created by the Pope's free act,—and the mode in which this has been done, shows how the Statute is to prove a dead letter. There is no doubt but there was, in the case of every one of the Bishops, a Bull of the Pope appointing him to the See to which he was consecrated; but it was not published,—at the time, in the consecration, when it is usual to call for the Bull from the Bishop elect, the consecrating Bishop passed on to the next part of the service,—that is, the production of the Bull, having been previously done in private.

In like manner, in regard to the Bishops' Titles; they will designate themselves by their sees, in giving letters of ordination to their priests; but in ordinary documents, they will simply write their names—as Archbishop Murray has always done, and as Primate of Ireland now does,—and even "John of Tuam" in the addresses to the Queen die,—with the cross appended.

It is true, there has been published, in the *Gazette*, a series of bequests, by a gentleman in Kilkenny; made to certain Archbishops and Bishops, in trust, for certain religious and charitable purposes,—and made to them under what the *Evening Post* and *Freeman* construe as coming within the scope of the clause which prohibits the assumption of *territorial* titles, namely,—as "Roman Catholic Bishops" of such and such places. But the speech of Lord John Russell,—in which he said, that had the Pope designated them as Bishops of the R. Catholics in such and such places, all difficulty would have been avoided,—shows, that the proper Roman Catholic, to Bishop of such a place, will keep all such bequests,—and the Bishops who claim them under the titles,—only. So that, I fancy, things will go on as usual,—nothing in the Titles Prohibition Bill to the contrary notwithstanding; only the effect of this elaborate legislation,—and it is pitiful and mortifying that it should be so,—will be to state the vulgar Protestants, and to humble the vulgar Roman Catholics; and I include the great vulgar, as well as the little vulgar of both. But, you will ask, where then is the crisis? Here.

There is a Catholic Defence Association formed,—and will hold its first aggregate or demonstrative meeting in a fortnight. It embraces all the Bishops, clergy and people, almost, of Ireland, and will include the same classes of England and Scotland. It is also getting the adhesion of the nobility and gentry; though a good many of them—especially in England—go with the ministry. It will be in close connection with the party all over the continent, that upholds the Popes power, and the authority of the clergy, to the highest pitch. Heretofore, a large proportion of the bishops and clergy were in close alliance with the Government; and the Government, in the country, was very much carried on through them. Now, all are at variance.

Suppose a prosecution under the act, this Association is for the defence against it, and then it would be looked in upon; if once, it is for the repeal of the act, and every act that is against the Roman Catholics as such; and above all, for the abolition of the Church Establishment—the great cause of religious inequality. And now comes the experiment of governing the country—not, in alliance with, twit or other—but in opposition to, the bitter and hostility of the entire hierarchy and priesthood. How will it go on? Will it court the support of the other—the opposite—the Orange faction? or will it aim at a bold, firm, vigorous, independent and impartial administration of all the institutions of the country—religious, political, social, and economical? This is the crisis that is at hand. No doubt but there will be a re-organization of the Orange Association; and the difficulties of good Government will be greatly augmented from the almost inevitable conflict of parties with one another, and both with the authorities.

THINGS IN GENERAL.

The stream of emigration continues to flow, to the astonishment of every one who realizes the sinking reality with which the famine stamped its "mark of death." The wholesome is only equalled by the amazement of the stream of money that flows from your America to bring them over. The latter shows, that however an equal of instance at home, your Pat must work for his bread, and be kicked and cuffed and cheated, and be taxed to pay for his sins, and be the "hewer of wood and drawer of water" to the lowest and meanest, yet is he often represented. The fact is, the "wo is me"—their own slaughter, and forever—is now associated with America; they go to be their father-land; and they wish to have all out with them there. In the years immediately following the famine, the emigrants were chiefly labourers, but these, a better class of farmers has swelled the tide; so that Capt. Larcom's Statistical Report, just issued, shows a diminution in the sum of 20 acres and upwards, to the amount of above 4,000.

The Assets of Irish Asylums do not furnish an peaceful a condition of society as these would of course of being held; and figures and facts—the hard, formally, the great accusers of crime—has disappeared.

The report of the Board of National Education for the current year, shows a great increase of schools and pupils. The directory has been strengthened by the addition of Roman Catholic directors, among whom are Judge Bull, and Dean Meyler. The Pope's Rescript, confirmatory of the decrees of the Thurles Synod, merely prohibits Roman Catholic Ecclesiastics from official connexion with the Queen's Colleges, leaving the Laity their freedom, and does not touch the National Schools at all. And now, there is an application from Waterford for Model Training Schools, for male and female teachers, in which Bishop Foran has joined.

Two Boards of Manufactures, in Dublin, are rivalling each other, in forming branches in all directions, for encouraging all kinds of artistic employment; and again the music of the axe—not sent to the Glister one—is heard throughout that Province.

The Railway from Dublin to Galway is opened, throughout. In about eighteen months, the whole seventy-seven miles of new line have been completed and opened, five months within the allotted time—considerably under the estimate, by an Irish contractor, with almost exclusively Irish labor—and materials, except rails, timber, and the great bridges. Now for the packet station. There is hope for the future of Ireland; if, you may remember, never despaired.

EMIGRA.

Lord Arundell and Surrey is elected for Lincoln in the room of John O'Connell, resigned.—Though an Englishman, the fact that he resigned his English seat, in consequence of his determined stand against the Ministry on the Tithes Bill being disagreeable to his father the Duke of Norfolk, secured his return; though Mr. Russel—a Limerick man, popular, and a liberal, was in the field.

A gentleman arrived from Gaspé, reports that the American fishing schooners are cruising about that neighborhood in great numbers. When they require shelter they often put into Gaspé Basin to the number of 60 or 80 sail. Our informant boarded several of them at that place on the afternoon of Sunday, the 27th ult., and was very civilly received. The fleet anchored at the time, was composed of 57 vessels, all fine looking craft with lofty masts and of rakish appearance. Their sails are generally made of cotton, and their fishing lines are of the same material. The catch of one of these vessels sometimes amounts to fifty barrel in a day. Many of them are employed by a mercantile firm at Boston. Coming up to Quebec he counted not less than sixty-nine all in a line off the Seven Islands, below Cap Des Monts, on the North shore.—*Quebec Mercury.*

Facts for the Consideration of the People of Canada.

LETTER III.

In England, in consequence of improvements in agriculture, and the great reduction in the use of animal labor, so largely superseded by Railroads, the ratio of difference between population and bread is not increasing—it is stationary, if not decreasing. In Scotland, from the same cause, the ratio of difference is positively decreasing. And in Ireland, the operation of the Encumbered Estates Bill is letting in capital, and calling forth energy so rapidly, that her teeming soil and splendid climate must soon make her rival, if not exceed, either Scotland or England in her productive power. There appears, therefore, to be no indications of increased demand for breadstuffs in the ruling market.

"But can ye not discern the signs of the times?" is an interrogatory addressed to the Jewish leaders by the great Teacher of men; and in its terms pointedly implies to man the necessity, the importance, and the duty of observing and studying those signs. In the whirl of improvement and change, which is emphatically the distinguishing sign of this present time, there appears to be indications sufficiently obvious of one change, which, taken in connection with the facts already touched upon, must be of deep and abiding interest, if not of vital importance, to the prosperity and progress of the people of Canada. The great and wonderous improvement in the means of locomotion, is gradually, but certainly, changing the sources of supply to the food markets of the world. This may appear to be merely a bold assertion. It may really be a sober and serious fact. It would be well to be sure of its truth or falsehood.

The rail and the iron horse are penetrating into the vast and fertile plains of Central and Southern Europe, and are bringing into accessible connection millions of acres of land with those noble rivers, and their tributaries, that flow into the Baltic, the Adriatic, and the Black Sea; and the signs of the times seem to point out Trieste, and Dantzick, and Odessa, as the great entrepots from whence the millions of North-Western Europe will ultimately obtain the whole of their extra supplies of breadstuffs. Even France is becoming an exporter of grain, and has already furnished a large per centage of the supplies to the British market. There is also once more "corn in Egypt," the ancient granary of the world; she is seeking, from her proverbially fertile soil, to swell the supply; and the toiling operatives of Manchester and Sheffield, of Leeds and Birmingham, are already feeding on bread from wheat grown on the banks of the Nile.

The distance from Dantzick to London is about one-third the distance from Montreal to Liverpool; and though Trieste, Odessa, and Alexandria, may have little or no advantage in point of distance—may, in regard to the latter two places, the advantages may be the other way—yet it is more than compensated to them by the greater abundance and cheapness of labor, and by their being always accessible.

These things being so, it is plain that no well grounded hope can be entertained of any increased European demand for the present artificial staple of Canadian breadstuffs, but that there is manifest danger of the present demand decreasing.

In my next communication, I shall resume the subject waived at the commencement of the present, and point out the necessity, and discuss the practicability, of an immediate change in the staple production of Canada. J. S.

PORT OF MONTREAL.

Arrived,
August 16.

Bark Jamaica, Martin, Greenock, pig iron and coals.

18th.

Bark Astoria, Jenkins, from New York, ballast.

Brig Garland, Smith, St Jago de Cuba, sugar, J & J Mitchell.

Brig Hannah, Ellis, Liverpool, general cargo, J G McKenzie.

... Kingston, Wyman, Matanzas, sugar and coffee, J & J Mitchell.

Ship Montreal, McMaster, Liverpool, Edinburgh, Allan & Co, general cargo.

Cleared,
August 18.

Brig Sarah, Young, for Liverpool, Lemesurier, Smith & Co.

Exports.

Per SUNRIX—Liverpool, Smith & Co, 1000 brls flour 200 do pot ashes (2 do prize) do 2 casks sundries 2 do sundries of linen 742 pcs oil cloth 200 pcs carpet; E Way & Co, 150 brls pot ash 1000 brls flour; John Renshaw, 30 do pot ashes; G F Cusack, 77 kgs butter; Bismore, Brodie & Co, 20 brls pot ashes 40 kgs butter 6 do grease.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

Arrived,
August 14.

Ship Empire, Phelan, 28th June, New Ross, Pemberton Bros, ballast, 268 pass

Bark Snowdon, Walker, 26 July, Liverpool, Gordon, Wilson & Co, general cargo, 2 cabin and 23 steerage pass.

.... William Carson, Vaughan, 1st July, Dublin, Hyde & McBlain, ballast.

.... Liverpool, Rennie, 28th July, New York, W Price & Co, ballast.

Brig Edmund, Edmund, 24th June, Brest, Benson & Co, ballast.

Cleared,
August 16.

Ship Conqueror, Leitch, Belfast, Parke & Co

.... George Foster, Zenis, Gloucester, LeMesurier & Co

.... Lydia McHenry, Miller, Liverpool, Ritchies & Co

.... Clarinda, Scott, Liverpool, Benson & Co

Bark Christina, Evenson, London, do

.... Kate, Sinclair, Port Rush, Gilmour & Co

Passengers.

Return of the number of Emigrants arrived at the Port of Quebec, from the 1st to the 16th Aug., 1851:

	Cabin.	Steerage.
From England	8	250
Ireland	8	183
Scotland	8	140
Channel	8	50
Lower Ports	8	24
	40	647
Previously reported	1183	26201
	1223	26848
To corresponding period in 1850	1209	32015
Increase	14	5833

A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief Agent.

EMIGRATION DEPARTMENT,
Quebec, 16th Aug., 1851.

BIRTH.

On the 17th instant, at No. 18, Little St. James Street, the lady of Edwd. Carter, Esq., Advocate, of a son.

DIED.

At Quebec, on the 15th inst., Rachel Dredge, aged 9 months.

On the 10th instant, of Consumption, at his father's residence, Boucherville, Chas. Archibald Edmund Malthiot, son of the Hon. F. H. Malhiot, aged 23 years.

☞ Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend his Funeral at Vercheres, on Thursday morning next the 21st instant.

At LaGuerre, Godmanchester, on the 9th inst., after a long and painful illness, June McGuire, aged 50 years, widow of the late Mr. H. Cooper, of Cloveanden, Armagh, Ireland.

THE Steamer, *DAWN*, HAYES, Master, will START for TORONTO, HAMILTON, and Intermediate Ports, on THURSDAY EVENING, the 21st instant, at SIX o'clock.

For Freight or Passage, apply to H. JONES & CO.

August 20. 417

STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NEW YORK AND GLASGOW.—The Glasgow and New York Steamship Company's powerful new Steamship

GLASGOW, 1850 tons and 400 horse-power, R. STEWART, (late of the Cunard Steamers,) Commander, is appointed to sail from New York direct for Glasgow, on Saturday, the 11th of October next, at 12 o'clock, Noon.

PASSAGE MONEY.

First Cabin, (Steward's fee included,) ... $80
Second Cabin do do ... 55
No Steerage Passengers taken.

These rates include provisions, but not wines or liquors, which will be supplied on board, at moderate prices. Carries a Surgeon.

For Freight or Passage apply to T. McSTMON, 2, Beaver Street, New York.

August 20. 417

PLEASURE TRIP TO THE SAGUENAY.

THE Steamer *ROWLAND HILL*, W. B. JAMES, Master, will LEAVE QUEBEC for the SAGUENAY RIVER, going as high as HA! HA! BAY; and Calling at MURRAY BAY, RIVIERE DU LOUP, and CACOUNA, every TUESDAY MORNING, at NINE o'clock, during the month of August.

For Passage, apply to R. J. MORGAN, Agent.

Montreal, July 29, 1851. 393

GREAT MUSICAL EVENT.

LAST VISIT OF MADAME ANNA BISHOP, WHO WILL GIVE, IN THE COURSE OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, A GRAND LYRIC ENTERTAINMENT, PARTLY IN COSTUME, Combining the attractions of CONCERT AND OPERA!

And arranged on the plan of three Popular, Varied, and New Performances, Which Madame A. B. has rendered so successful.

In the course of the Evening, SPLENDID SCENES IN DRAMATIC COSTUME, BY MADAME ANNA BISHOP, Popular Songs, Cavatinas, Ballads, &c.

THE CELEBRATED BARD, SIGNOR SANQUILICO, Will sing some Favourite Pieces, and the EMINENT ITALIAN FEMALE VIOLINIST, SIGNORINA LAVINIA BANDINI, Will perform on the Violin, Pupil of her Father, MAESTRO ANSANO BANDINI.

MR. BOCHSA Will preside at the Piano-Forte.

☞ Full particulars to be duly announced. ☞

August 20. 417

ST. URBAIN STREET ACADEMY.

THE DUTIES of the above SCHOOL will be resumed on WEDNESDAY, the 20th instant. The Course of Studies comes of Academic Mercantile pursuits as the primary object, but the Latin and Greek languages are more particularly attended to when required. There are vacancies for a few Boarders.

S. PHILLIPS, Principal.

August 16, 1851. 414

HIGH SCHOOL OF MONTREAL.

THE CLASSES will recommence STUDY on WEDNESDAY, August 20th, instant, at 9 o'clock. Applications for the admission of NEW PUPILS to be made to the RECTOR, at his Residence, No. 1, Place St. Jean.

Lower R. de Sieve, Esq., T. C. D.
Lower Master—R. A. Gregory, Esq., A. M.
Third Master—D. Rowan.
French—M. Magnien, Lecturer McGill Coll.
Drawing—Rev. Jno. Hutchinson.
Preparatory Dept.—Rev. Jno. Hutchinson.
Fencing and Gymnastics—M. Rex.

PRIVATE BOARDERS are taken by the Rector and the other Masters.

HEW RAMSAY, Hon. Secy.

August 14. 412

STORAGE AND INSURANCE.

THE Subscriber having REMOVED to the very commodious Stores, "Commercial Buildings," No. 12, St. Sacrament Street, opposite to the Office of Messrs. Gillmor & Co., is now prepared to receive

CONSIGNMENTS
Of POT and PEARL ASHES, which will be Sold, and remitted for, on a very moderate Commission.

RATES.
Flour—1d. per barrel per month.
Pot and Pearl Ashes—2d. per barrel for one month, 1d. per barrel each succeeding month.
N.B.—The above rates INCLUDE the Premium for insurance against Fire.

CONSIGNMENTS
Ashes consigned for Sale will receive prompt Policy of Insurance from the moment they are placed in the Stores for Inspection, and for selling and paying over or remitting, moderate.

LAND AGENCY
The REGISTRY OFFICE for the Sale of FARMS, LANDS and HOUSES, and for LETTING of HOUSES, will be continued as formerly.

TRUSTEESHIP
INSOLVENT ESTATES wound up, BALANCE SHEETS and STATEMENTS prepared, for inspection of Creditors, &c. &c., a Commission of 2½ per cent., charged; Advertising and Handbills.

JOHN G. DINNING,
13, St. Sacrament Street.

August 14.

THE Subscriber begs to call the attention of Country Merchants, Farmers, and others visiting Montreal, to his extensive Stock of GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS &c., &c., comprising:—

200 packages Teas, assorted
Sugars, Refined, Crushed, Loaf and Vergeoise
Coffee, Ceylon and Java, Raw and Roasted
Molasses, Tobacco, Fancy Soap
Labor Saving, Sinclair's, and Brown's Windsor
Candles, Sperm, Stearine and Montreal
Blacking, Paste and Liquid
Patent and other Starch
Brushes, assorted, Copperas, Brown Soap
Black Lead, Sago, Nutmegs, Cheroots, Snuff
Tobacco Pipes, Arrowroot, Whiting
Sugar Candy, Pepper, Alum, Saltp

AUCTION SALES.

BY JOHN LEEMING.

PUBLIC SALE OF ELEVEN HUNDRED ACRES VALUABLE LAND, EASTERN TOWNSHIPS.—The undersigned has been instructed by Sundry, to sell on WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3rd, THIRD, the following desirable LANDS, in the Township of FARNHAM, County of Shefford, known as a portion of the Farnham Lands, viz:—

Lots 5, 6, and 10, 5th Range, 200 acres each,
North half Lot 12, 5th Range, 100 "
South half Lot 13, 5th do 100 "
North half Lot 13, 5th do 100 "
South half Lot 25, 5th do 100 "
North half Lot 25, 5th do 100 "

The terms of payment will be Cash.
Other conditions will be made known at time of Sale.

17 Sale at TWELVE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING,
Auctioneer.

469

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS.—Immediately after the above Sale, there will be offered several BUILDING LOTS, on Colborne Avenue and Brighton Street.

For particulars of which, application may be made to Mr. R. McNAUGHT, or to the Subscriber.

LEEMING & SABINE.

469

ODD FELLOWS' HALL.

THE AZTEC LILLIPUTIANS,
MAXIMO AND BARTOLA.

THESE celebrated and truly wonderful specimens of a PIGMY RACE, from CENTRAL AMERICA, will EXHIBIT, as above, for ONE WEEK ONLY, commencing on MONDAY, August 18.

Exhibition Open:—Afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock. Evening from 7½ to 9½ o'clock.

Admission 12½, without distinction of age.

Sa Small Bills.

August 13. 419

JUNE & CO.'S
GREAT ORIENTAL CIRCUS,
BEAVER HALL.

THE Mammoth Establishment, the largest in existence, and comprising more new and wonderful features than any other Equestrian Exhibition travelling, will EXHIBIT in MONTREAL, on August 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th, 1851.—

Price of Admission—Box, 2s. 6d.; Pit, 1s. 3d. Boxes to be at TWO and SEVEN; Performance will commence at Half-past TWO and Half-past SEVEN o'clock, P. M.

The Company, on entering town, will be preceded by the Gorgeous Band Car, drawn by EIGHT SYRIAN CAMELS, imported from Egypt at vast expense, expressly for this Establishment. The Performances will be found to comprise a greater variety of startling and attractive entertainments than have ever before been given by a single Troupe, for the effectual production of which an *unparalled array of talent* has been secured.

Among the most prominent of the Artistes attached to this Exhibition will be found the names of

LAVATER LEE, the Great English *Equilibrist* and *Double Rider*, and his talented CHILDREN;
Mr. COLE, the celebrated Equestrienne from Astley's, London, who will introduce her new style of Lady Equestrianism, entitled the *Exercise of the Mounge*;
Mlle. CAROLINE SHERWOOD, who will introduce her great Principal Act of Horsemanship;
Messrs. MACFARLAND and SWEET, the Champion Vaulters of the World;
Mr. LIPMAN, the distinguished Dramatic Rider;
Master C. SHERWOOD, the Rapid Rider;
Mr. COLE, the World renowned Contorionist;
Mr. W. R. DERR, the celebrated Trainer and Riding Master; and numerous other noted Performers of talent and reputation.

JOHN GOSSIN, the original and inimitable *American Clown*, will appear in all his Laughable Eccentricities.

In the course of each Performance, the

TROUPE OF SYRIAN CAMELS

will be introduced in a new and magnificent Oriental Pageant, which is placed in the Ring with splendid Costumes and Appointments, entitled the

CARAVAN OF THE DESERT!

Representing the modes of travelling in the East, and an Encampment of Wandering Arabs.

August 18. 415

E. B. SHELTON,
Tea Dealer & Grocer, Wine, Spirit, Fruit, and Provision Merchant,
178 Notre Dame St.
MONTREAL.

BURKEE'S HIGHLY CELEBRATED BAKING POWDER.

For easily making Bread, Biscuit, Fried, Griddle and Johnny Cakes, Pastry, &c., &c., infinitely better, healthier, whiter, lighter, sweeter, and much quicker than can possibly be made by the old, or any other known process, and at a saving of Fifteen per Cent.

Sold by E. B. SHELTON, Wholesale Agent, No. 178, Notre Dame Street, Montreal; and also by the principal Grocers throughout the city.

August 18. 416

Champlain and Saint Lawrence Rail-Road.

PRESENT ARRANGEMENT.

STEAMERS.

FROM MONTREAL.
6, A.M., Passengers for Lake Champlain.
8, A.M., Freight.
11, do. Mail and Passengers for Lake Champlain.
6, P.M., Freight and Accommodation.

FROM LAPRAIRIE.
6, A.M., Market Freight.
8, A.M., Passengers, on arrival of Cars.
12½, P.M., Lake Champlain Pass., on on arrival of Cars.
On arrival of Cars from St. Johns.

RAIL-ROAD CARS.

FROM ST. JOHNS.
7, A.M., Passengers.
8, A.M., Freight.
11½, A.M., Mail and Passengers from Lake Champlain.
5, P. M., or on arrival of Lake Boat.

FROM LAPRAIRIE.
6¾, A. M., Passengers for Lake Champlain.
10, A. M., Freight.
12½, P. M., Passengers for Lake Champlain.
6½, P. M., Freight and Accommodation.

SUNDAYS.

STEAMERS
FROM MONTREAL.
8 o'clock, P. M.
FROM LAPRAIRIE.
7½ o'clock, A. M., on arrival of Cars.

CARS.
FROM ST. JOHNS.
7½ o'clock, A. M.
FROM LAPRAIRIE.
4 o'clock, P. M.

A. H. BRAINERD, Superintendent.

RAILROAD OFFICES,
Montreal, Aug. 12, 1851.

416

ROSLIN MILLS GUNPOWDER.

DAILY EXPECTED, PER "ELIZABETH ROSE" AND "ALFRED," A large supply of GUNPOWDER, from the well known Manufactory of HAY, MERRICKS & CO., consisting of the different descriptions of Blasting, Counter, and other Powder, viz:—

B, CO, FO, F, FF, FFF,

Which the Subscribers will sell at low prices.

GILMOUR & CO.,
No. 9, St. Sacrament Street.

May 9. 339

AUCTION SALES.

BY J. G. SHIPWAY.

SCOTCH ALE & PIPES.—J. G. SHIPWAY has just received, and offers for Sale:—
100 hogsheads Strong Scotch Ale, in qts and pints
75 boxes T D Pipes

June 16, 1851. 361

BOOTH & CO'S LONDON GIN.—Just arrived and for Sale:—
25 cases Booth & Co's London Gin, in 1 and 2 doz cases.

J. G. SHIPWAY.

363

TREMONT HOUSE,
BOSTON, MASS.

THIS well known Establishment is still conducted in the same manner it has always been. The central and pleasant situation of the house, its commodious arrangements, and the comforts and luxuries to be found there, combine to render it agreeable and advantageous to the travelling public.

Having been one of the firm of John L. Tucker & Co., so long at the head of the Establishment, the Subscriber pledges his best exertions to maintain its reputation, and to give satisfaction to his Customers.

WM. H. PARKER.

Boston, August 12, 1851. 414

FRANCISCO'S RESTUARANT,
HONSECOURS STREET.

A CONSTANT SUPPLY of FRESH OYSTERS and LOBSTERS always on hand, and REFRESHMENTS of every description at all hours.

August 14. 412

THE HAYS' HOUSE,
CORNER OF DALHOUSIE SQUARE AND NOTRE DAME STREET,
IS NOW OPEN
FOR THE RECEPTION OF VISITORS.

G. F. POPE.

June 19. 364

☞ The *Toronto Colonist* and *Quebec Chronicle* will insert the above advertisement for one week, and send account to G. F. Pope.

DONEGANA'S HOTEL.

THIS well established HOTEL, so favorably known during the past Season to Travellers from the United States and Canada, has recently been completely

REMODELLED AND REFURNISHED,

and received very considerable additions to its former accommodations by the

ERECTION OF A NEW WING,

containing upwards of FIFTY SLEEPING APARTMENTS. These are all arranged in such a way as to receive the

FINEST VENTILATION;

having a free aspect over

TIGER SQUARE AND THE CHAMP DE MARS

TO THE

MOUNTAIN.

It is now under the direction of

MR. G. W. BILLINGS,

whose long experience at the ASTOR HOUSE, New York, will secure to Visitors every comfort which can be expected from solicitous attention to their wants.

The Books will be under the direction of

MR. W. V. COURTNEY,

who is well known to all visitors to Montreal; and

MR. TETU

has charge of the Culinary Department.

Montreal, May 14. 232

COMPAIN'S RESTAURANT,
(Place D'Armes,)
BY JOHN O'MKARA,
LATE OF DOLLY'S CHOP HOUSE.

THE PROPRIETOR of the above establishment begs to inform his Friends and the Public, that it will be OPENED on MONDAY next, the 5th May, with a choice selection of WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c. &c., and he trusts, by punctual attention to the wants of his Patrons, to merit a share of public patronage.

Mlle LARDER will be supplied with the Rare the Market affords.

LUNCHEON ready EVERY DAY at NOON, as per Bill of Fare.

CHOPS, STEAKS, &c., at ALL HOURS.

May 3. 328

NEW BOOKS.

B. DAWSON has just received—
Yeast; a Problem, by the Author of Alton Locke
Caleb Field, a Tale of the Puritans, by the Author of Passages in the Life of Mrs. Margaret Maitland
The History of Cleopatra, by Jacob Abbott
History of the Protestants of France, from the Commencement of the Reformation to the Present Time, by G. DeFelice
The Female Jesuit, or the Spy in the Family
Geology of the Bass Rock, by Hugh Miller
Scenes in Our Parish, by a "Country Parson's" Daughter
Harry-Graphs, or Scenery Celebrities and Society, by N. P. Willis
Stray Arrows, by the Rev. S. L. Caylor
No. 7 of London Labor and the London Poor, by Henry Mayhew

For Sale at

No. 2, Place d'Armes.

June 16. 361

BLACKWOOD & CO.'S
HIGHLY IMPROVED WRITING & COPYING INKS!

JUST RECEIVED, and for Sale by the Subscriber:—
100 dozen, Assorted Sizes, of BLACKWOOD'S HIGHLY IMPROVED WRITING and COPYING INKS.

CAMPBELL BRYSON,
Bookseller and Stationer,
24, Francois Xavier Street.

Montreal, June 10, 1851. 356

JUST RECEIVED by Express
London Art Journal, for July 2nd
Godey, Graham, and Sartain, for August
Christian Parlor, for July
Home Journal, for July 19

R. W. LAY,
193, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

July 18. 389

JUST RECEIVED, by Express:—
Eclectic for August.
American Temperance Magazine for July

R. W. LAY,
193, Notre Dame Street.

Montreal, August 14, 1851. 412

COMFORT AND ELEGANCE
AT THE
NEW YORK TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
(OPPOSITE MR. T. MOISON'S,)
NOTRE DAME STREET.

THE Subscriber thanks his numerous Friends for the very liberal patronage he has received at the above Establishment, and would respectfully inform them, and the Public generally, that he has on hand a choice assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c., which he is prepared to make up in a style combining comfort with elegance.

Gentlemen furnishing their own Cloths, &c., will have their garments made up with neatness and despatch.

CUTTING done at the shortest notice.

F.S.—REEVES' PATENT ACTUALMENT MEASUREMENT SYSTEM for Cutting Garments, taught.

ALEX. D. REEVES.

Montreal, July 3. 380

GROCERIES.

FOR SALE by the Subscribers:—
Twankay, Young Hyson, and Souchong Teas
Muscovado Sugar
Tobaccos, &c. &c.

GILMOUR & Co., 9, St. Sacrament Street.

May 7. 339

AUCTION SALES.

BY JOHN JONES.

GLASS, CHINA, AND EARTHENWARE.—THIS EVENING, at No. 179 Notre Dame Street, will be Sold:—Stoneing Mulberry and Blue, White Granite, Printed Blue, Gilt, C. C. and Dipt—with a general assortment of Earthenware, in lots to suit dealers and housekeepers, &c.

☞ Sale to commence at Half-past SEVEN o'clock.

363 JOHN JONES.

FIRE ENGINES FOR SALE.

"RELIANCE," SUCTION ENGINE.—Lengths Suction Hose, Buckets, and Branch Pipes.

"OCEAN," SUCTION AND TUB ENGINE.—Copper Tub, 6 inch Cylinders, 4 Lengths Suction Hose, 2 Covered Branch Pipes, 1 Brass Branch Pipe, 4 Buckets, 1 Bell and separate Hose Pipe, warranted in good order. Manufactured in Boston, U.S.

N.B.—Apply to JOHN JONES, Tattersalls.

May 3. 330

FURNITURE BAZAAR, *Grand Saint James Street.*—The Subscriber begs to inform the Public, that he will OPEN his LONG ROOM, for the Sale of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and other Articles, on TUESDAY next, the 1st of April.

JOHN JONES.

March 29. 312

FURNITURE BAZAAR, *Grand Saint James Street.*—AT PRIVATE SALE.—Very Handsome Mahogany Sofas, Arm and other Chairs, Imperial and Kidderminster Carpets, Oil Cloths, Sideboards, a quantity of Cane Bottom and Windsor Chairs, Mahogany Dining Tables, &c., &c.

JOHN JONES.

March 29. 312

OUT-DOOR SALES.—The Subscriber solicits a share of the OUT-DOOR SALES. From his long experience and general knowledge of business, he is persuaded he will give general satisfaction.

JOHN JONES,
Tattersalls, Great St. James Street.

March 29. 312

THRASHING MACHINES.

LETTERS PATENT.

TIME AND LABOR SAVED IS MONEY EARNED.

THE subscribers having secured to themselves the exclusive right of manufacturing and selling to others to use within the territory of Upper and Lower Canada,

SEVERANCE'S CELEBRATED IMPROVED HORSE POWER & THRASHING MACHINE,

one of the most valuable time and labor saving Machines ever offered to the Public, especially inform the public, that they have just completed a new and extensive Factory on Wellington Street, extending from Prince to George Street, which gives them the means of the accomodation they at all times desire, which will remember, they trust, enable them to supply the whole farming community of the United Provinces with a machine that will do more work, and do it better, with less expense and with greater expedition, than any other known invention—only requiring two horses.

The subscribers would respectfully inform the farming community of Canada, that they are now prepared to furnish them to want of Thrashing Machines with an article superior even to Hunter's, Pitts', or any other.

Our long experience in making, and the very liberal patronage we have enjoyed in the sale of our Machines, together with our present improvements, we feel assured will never fail to excel all others, caused us to watch carefully all the improvements that could be made from time to time, and now we feel confident in saying that our Machine, in point of work, and ease in driving, is they can do, our Thrashing Machines are unequalled by any in use. And while the grain is thrashed as fast as any other, it is better cleaned, it is in the same time, perfectly cleaned, it for the Mill or any Market.

All orders addressed to us, or our Agent, Wm. Johnson, will be promptly attended to.

Machines shipped to any part in Canada, and every one warranted to be as good as represented.

Liberal terms of payment allowed.

B. P. PAIGE & CO.

THE PROPRIETOR of the above establishment begs to inform his Friends and the Public, that it will be OPENED on MONDAY next, the 5th May, with a choice selection of WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c. &c., and he trusts, by punctual attention to the wants of his Patrons, to merit a share of public patronage.

Mlle LARDER will be supplied with the Rare the Market affords.

LUNCHEON ready EVERY DAY at NOON, as per Bill of Fare.

CHOPS, STEAKS, &c., at ALL HOURS.

May 3. 328

BISHOP'S COLLEGE, LENNOXVILLE.

MICHAELMAS TERM (the commencement of the Academic year) begins on the 18th SEPTEMBER.

Two Exhibitions for Divinity Students, one of £30 currency, the other of £12 10s. per annum, will be awarded by Examination in the last week of August.

Gentlemen desirous of entering College, or of competing for the exhibitions, are requested to communicate with the Rev. the Principal, on the spot.

Information may be had also of S. C. Sewell, Esq., M. D., or the Rev. J. Irwin, Montreal; and the Rev. A. W. Mountain, Quebec.

July 21. 400

EDUCATION.

THE central position of Three Rivers in Eastern Canada, its quietness and healthfulness, and its possession of the advantages of ready communication with other parts of the Province by means of Telegraph, Stage and Steamboat, seem to point it out as a place well suited for the establishment of Seminaries for the education of youth.

The undersigned, a Graduate of Corpus College, Cambridge, who enjoyed the happiness and advantage of being one of the pupils of that distinguished scholar, and very admirable teacher, the late Rev. Dr. Tate, F. M., Master of the Grammar School of Richmond upon Swale, Yorkshire,—has been engaged for several years in the tuition of his own sons, and now proposes to undertake the instruction of a few additional pupils.

The charges, which are payable each Term in advance, are as follows:—

	Per Term.
Tuition for Boys under 12 years of age	£ 8 0 0
Do. do. above 12 do	2 10 0
Tuition, Board, &c. &c., for Boys under 12 years of age	8 0 0
Do. do. do. above 12	10 0 0

No extra standing charges.

Commencement of Terms: January 15, March 20, July 22, October 6.

Vacants: from December 22 to January 15, and from June 16 to July 21.

School Hours: from 7 to 8, a. m., 9 to 12, and 1 to 2, p. m.

Evening: Exercises and partial preparation for the next day.

Some additional time would be devoted to youths who may be desirous of studying the higher Classics, or the Mathematics, in addition to the ordinary for a College or University Course.

For such pupils, ordinary charge per Term is full.....£12 10 0
Do. with single room.....17 10 0

SAMUEL S. WOOD.

Rectory, Three Rivers, May 12, 1851. 364

[1] The Rev. James Tate, formerly Canon Residentiary of St. Paul's Cathedral, in addition to many other qualifications, gave to the cause of learning, was the author of Hamilton's Algebra, and of numerous works on the Science of Geometry, of the Greek Grammar, and of a Commentary on the Gospel of St. Luke, which he published, besides many of lesser note.

[2] Out of a small number of pupils, comprised with this gentleman, I have known three the most prolific scholars of whom, a higher Classical Medal and scholarship than any other University Candidate, and all three of the highest honors of the University of Cambridge, and all three of the most distinguished Fellows of their respective Colleges, known by many of them, from twelve to fifteen additional fellowships at the University, and whose name Dr. Bennet, father of a Greek Grammar, Rev. Dr. Peacock, Dean of Ely, Astronomer Theologian and Mathematician, and the Antiquarian of York.

NEW CITY GAS COMPANY OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a DIVIDEND of TWO PER CENT. for the half year, ending 1st August, instant, will be PAID to the SHAREHOLDERS, within the COMPANY'S OFFICE, Gabriel Street, Gilmour's Buildings, on and after MONDAY, the FIRST DAY of SEPTEMBER next.

The Transfer Book will be closed between the 15th instant, and the 1st September.

By order of the Board of Directors.

W. H. FALCONER,
Manager.

August 5. 369

MONTREAL PROVIDENT AND SAVINGS' BANK.

FOURTH DIVIDEND.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Directors will be prepared to Pay, on and after the FIFTEENTH instant, a FOURTH DIVIDEND of TWO SHILLINGS per POUND, upon the Deposits at the time of the Suspension, making in all 10s. per £.

Office OPEN from TEN till THREE o'clock.

JAMES COURT,
Actuary.

August 6, 1851. 359

PEARCE'S WATER FILTERS,
NO. 22, WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

THE Public are respectfully informed, that WATER FILTERS, of the most approved construction, are kept constantly on hand at the above Establishment.

New York, August 10, 1851. 412

JOHN KER & CO.'S
ESSENCE OF COFFEE,

PREPARED FROM
FULTON'S ORIGINAL CELEBRATED RECIPE,
Acknowledged to be the Finest Article ever Manufactured in Great Britain.

Sold by all respectable Grocers and Druggists in America.

Manufactured and Sold, Wholesale on'y, by JOHN KER & Co., at their Store, Common Street, Canal Wharf, Montreal.

None Genuine unless Signed

JOHN KER & CO.

August 12. 410

CALEDONIA SPRINGS.

THE "CANADA HOUSE,"
CELEBRATED AND FASHIONABLE WATERING PLACE,
RECEPTION OF GUESTS.

VISITORS may rest assured the arrangements will be such as to insure every satisfaction—and that INVALIDS will be particularly attended to.

PRICES OF BOARD FOR THE SEASON OF 1851:—FIVE SHILLINGS PER DAY, or FIVE POUNDS PER MONTH.

Caledonia Springs, 2nd June, 1851.

[Extract of a letter from P. J. Lacroix, Esq., of Montreal.]

I beg to state that in July, 1850, I went to the Springs, for the purpose of trying their effect upon me for the most violent Rheumatism, under which I had been suffering for several years previous. After remaining at the Springs for a few days, I was so much benefited by the Waters, my limbs were entirely relieved from all pain, and my health perfectly restored. Several of my friends, who have since visited the Springs, have assured me that they have experienced immediate relief from their use. I consider the Waters of the Caledonia Springs to be most efficacious in cases of Rheumatism.

To the proprietor of the Caledonia Springs.

MONTREAL, 4th June, 1851.

Dear Sir,—In compliance with your request, I have much pleasure in giving you my opinion of the extraordinary effects of the Caledonia Springs, which I have long and widely spoken of, from the fairness of the trial, and my observation of some twenty-five years' experience, and since and others, have long and a fair trial, patients of the different forms of disease to which the human frame is subject, and I have seldom, if ever, seen, a single patient, but those who have suffered from that dreadful malady, can fully appreciate their wonderful salutary effects. I have seen patients from the Cape of Good Hope, and from during ten years, which baffled all medical skill, both in England and on this Continent, resort to the Caledonia Springs nothing on crutches, and return home in perfect health, without a crutch, or any pain, or suffering, and their general health improved and broken down by confinement and want of exercise, return to their homes in perfect health and vigour. I have seen patients who had lost their appetites, and with bad health, strength, appetite, and activity, perfectly restored. Nothing is said twice are the highest Springs in particular, have been almost, if not efficient in other diseases such as Liver, generally called Dyspepsia, Constipation, Costiveness, Piles, Nervous Affections of the Spine and Kidneys; and I am sure that a great number of those cases that leave the Springs greatly benefited, but most of those cases that have been cured by a mere temporary use of the spa. That these Waters have certainly in many diseases as a specific, cannot be generally disbelieved, and I have no hesitation in saying, that the Caledonia Springs are the most valuable Springs, and has already been laid before the Public, that to any more would be superfluous.

W. MOREY,
Professor of Royal College of Surgeons, London.

To John K. Wilkinson, Esq.,
Proprietor of the Caledonia Springs.

MONTREAL, 13th December, 1850.

Dear Sir,—I have to state that I remember the use of the Caledonia Waters a very valuable cordial, and in the treatment of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, I think it probable no to grant you a favorable Certificate with more than usual propriety, many of my patients having derived great benefit from the use of the Caledonia Springs, and the use of the Waters, of all diseases that have given Medical relief, in cases of Rheumatism, in the Spine, Hip, and Knee joints, I have seen the most remarkable cures, Chronic Rheumatism yields the first. Many of the cures in these diseases have been truly astonishing. I can with a good conscience say, that I have seen patients who had lost the use of their limbs, and completely lost the use of her hands and feet, and a few days after, I have seen the patient walk, Chronic Rheumatism yields the first. Many of the cures in these diseases have been truly astonishing. I can with a good conscience say, that I have seen patients who had lost the use of her hands and feet, and a few days after, I have seen the patient walk, Chronic Rheumatism yields the first. After a fortnight's use of the Waters,

THE Forest is the best Medical Science !!! That prepossession which against the famous Pills in the injection and attendance of all Journals, prevents directly or indirectly from a direct and state of the human system by the pure Blood, Bile and Mucus, the conditions for the Health and Happiness of Man.

DR. HALSEY'S
GUM-COATED
FOREST PILLS.

(A description pronounced of unprecedented efficacy.)

These Pills are prepared from the best extract of the medicinal vegetable Vegetable properties of the highest Medicinal virtue. They are warranted to contain any Mercury or Mineral effect whatever. Their purge strongly, unattended by griping or sickening; can be taken at all times without hindrance from business, or change of diet, or danger of taking cold. They deliver have the taste or smell of medicine, and are far times more effectual in the cure of disease than any Pills in use.

But a short time elapsed since these great and powerful Pills were first made known to the public, yet thousands have already experienced their wonderful effects. Invalids given over by their Physicians as incurable have found relief, and have returned to health and enjoyed health from their use.

TO FATHERS OF FAMILIES.

Bile and foul fluids of the stomach generate more sickness and deaths in families than all other causes of disease put together. In the latter part of Summer and Autumn, when the atmosphere everywhere is poisoned from miasma, arising from elegant fields and decaying vegetation, whole families are laid down by Malignant Fever, Fever and Ague, Fever and Ague, Bilious Fever, and preceding from a bilious and foul state of the stomach. No parent can be too careful in guarding against the great danger in the approach of cold weather, existing from bilious matter, the great source of causing the

DEATH OF THEIR OWN CHILDREN !!!

Yet, thousands of children and adults die every year through neglect of parents to attend to the early symptoms of a bad foul stomach.

Superficially of bile may always be known by some unfavorable symptom which it produces, such as sick stomach, headache, loss of appetite, bitter taste in the mouth, yellow hue of the skin, languidness, costiveness, or other symptoms of a similar nature. Almost every person at the commencement of the year is subject to a bilious attack, which if not cured, will bring on bilious fever, or other serious sickness from six months to a year. A single box, from 12½ to 25 cents, will cure a common case of bilious attack, and from 25 to 50 cents, a severe case of bilious fever.

SALTS AND CASTOR OIL.

No reliance can be placed on Salts or Castor Oil. These, as well as all common purgatives, pass off without touching the bile, leaving the bowels sore and the stomach in as bad condition as before. Dr. Halsey's Forest Pills act on the gall ducts, and carry all morbid bilious matter from the stomach and bowels, leaving the system clean and healthy.

Dr. Halsey's Forest Pills are unlike all others. They act directly on those vital organs of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, &c., which separate the Bile of the body and separate the impurities from the blood. While they purge all bilious and morbid matter from the stomach and bowels they strengthen and renew the blood, thereby destroy the seeds of disease. The Forest Pills do not weaken, but give strength and animation to both body and mind. They not bar cause griping nor any inconvenience whatever, and the patient is better able to attend to business while under their influence than before taking them. They are mild in operation, yet powerful in restoring health.

The great amount of good these Pills have done for the sick and afflicted have induced thousands to commend them to their friends and the public. Individuals of worth and integrity in almost every part of the country have testified to the world in favor of their great efficacy in curing disease.

Testimonial after testimonial showing their great powers of curing in almost every class of disease have been tendered to us by individuals of unblemished character and respectability. The following testimony is from a respectable and wealthy farmer residing near Utica, New York:—

UTICA, November 9, 1848.

DR. G. W. HALSEY.—Every fall, for several years past, I have had much sickness in my family, of Bilious Disorders, and Ague and Fever. In the fall of 1846 two of my sons were taken at the same time with Bilious Fever. In former seasons, when sickness occurred in my family, I had always employed a Physician. But at this time having some boxes of your Forest Pills in the house, I concluded to try them. I gave to each of them six Pills, and they both recovered without any more medicine. Since this time I have always kept your Pills at hand, and in all cases of sickness we have used them with the most happy results.

(Signed) IRA S. GOODHOE.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

In 1840 Dr. Halsey's Pills were first made known to the public, under the denomination of "Halsey's Sugar-Coated Pills." Their extraordinary qualities soon gained for them a high reputation, and the annual sale of many thousand boxes. This great success excited the envies of designing men, who commenced the manufacture of common Pills, which, being coated with Sugar, to give them the outward appearance of Dr. Halsey's, in order to sell them under the good will Dr. Halsey's Pills had gained by curing thousands of disease.

The public are now more respectfully notified that Dr. Halsey's genuine Pills will henceforth be coated with

GUM ARABIC,

An article which in every respect supersedes Sugar, both on account of its superior quality and its durability. The discovery of this improvement is the result of a succession of experiments during three years. For the invention of which Dr. Halsey has been awarded the only Patent ever granted to Pills by the Government of the United States of America.

The Gum-Coated Forest Pills present a beautiful transparent glossy appearance. The well-known wholesome qualities of pure Gum Arabic, with which they are coated, renders them still better than Dr. Halsey's unlicensed Sugar-Coated Pills. The Gum-Coated Pills are never liable to injury from dampness, but remain the same, retaining all the virtues to an indefinite period of time, and are perfectly free from the disagreeable and nauseating taste of Medicine. In order to avoid all imposition and to obtain Dr. Halsey's true and genuine Pills see that the label of each box bears the signature of G. W. HALSEY.

Reader!!! If you wish to be cured of a medicine which does not contain that bane of all medicine, mercury, purchase *HALSEY'S GUM-COATED FOREST PILLS*, and avoid all others.

If you desire a mild and gentle purgative, which is either unnecessary nor gives rise to griping, seek for HALSEY'S PILLS.

If you would have the most concentrated as well as the best compound Sarsaparilla Extract in the world for purifying the blood, obtain Dr. HALSEY'S PILLS.

If you do not wish to fall a victim to dangerous illness, and be only cured by a Physician bill of 20 or 50 dollars, take a dose of Dr. HALSEY'S PILLS as soon as unfavorable symptoms are experienced.

If the stomach would have a Medicine which does not leave the bowels costive, but gives strength instead of weakness, procure HALSEY'S PILLS, and avoid Salts and Castor Oil and all common purgatives.

Parents, if you wish your families to continue in good health, keep a box of HALSEY'S PILLS in your house.

Ladies, Dr. HALSEY'S PILLS are mild and perfectly innocuous, and will commend to the peculiar delicacy of your sex, and will recommend them.

Travellers and Mariners, before undertaking long voyages, provide themselves with Dr. HALSEY'S PILLS, as a safeguard against sickness.

☞ General Depot for Halsey's Forest Wine, No. 280, Spruce Street, New York. One Dollar per bottle, or Six Bottles for Five Dollars—Twenty-Five Cents per Box for the Pills.

For Sale by Wm. Lyman & Co., and all respectable Druggists.

December 24, 1850. 278

COMFORTABLE PRIVATE ACCOMMODATIONS.—Mas. ROY, No. 7, St. Henry Street, can accommodate, on the 1st of May ensuing, a few Single Gentlemen with comfortable Board and Lodging, on reasonable terms. She will be happy to receive also a few Day Boarders. Her Rooms are pleasantly situated, and the Table will be supplied with the best the Market affords.

Montreal, April 8, 1851. 315

R. R. R.
THE PROPHECY FULFILLED.

IN the month of August, 1846, we promised to the world that we would publish to the world the wonderful cures of our celebrated Vegetable Preparations.

We promised in Strength, and all other Substitutes for the Medicine of the world, to Dyspepsia, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, and Diarrhoea, in Summer Complaint, Dysentery and Diarrhoea, and in Summer and Bowel Complaint, Cholera Morbus, and in Summer and Bowel Complaint, Cholera Morbus, and in Summer and Bowel Complaint, Cholera Morbus