



RECOVERY OF HAIR
15, and 26 years loss.

ions, (selected from number
ed during the last 40 years.)
ROWLAND'S MACIAS
originals of which may be
found.

AND AND SON, 20, HATTON
DEN, LONDON.
JAMES HOTEL, COVENT GARDEN
February 6, 1862

on the following certificate
your Macias Oil, it has
it will be of any service, I
but returning in a very short
I feel I feel the under
at happy during my stay in
Gentlemen who may wish
of the following:—In my
India, and shortly after
fell off in considerable quan-
a become entirely bald;
until my arrival last year
was induced by reading
ments to make trial of y
I confess with but lit
er the use of one bottle
head covered with a white
of the Oil, much to de-
now the pleasure to inform
you or family, that I can
of hair as any one desir-

Yours faithfully,
A. MACKENZIE
The liberty of addressing
the great benefit I have
valuable Macias Oil
to lose my hair at the
in consequence of a
it, the instance of a
of your excellent speci-
the effects were most sur-
short space of time, my
to entirely bald, was soon
strong hair. I am now
could scarcely have expect-
a wig for five and
I should now be enabled
to do my duty, and I am
able, to add my testimony
truly inestimable Oil,
omission to make this let-
any one to be in doubt
reliable discovery.

W. C. FRIDLAND
1862.
I am, Sir, a married man,
and a friend of the
of 1862.
I am, Sir, a married man,
and a friend of the
of 1862.
I am, Sir, a married man,
and a friend of the
of 1862.

derived essential benefit
from your Oil. I am induced
to write this line at the
you may think proper
months since I made
confront with the most
eighteen years. I was
appeared; at the capiti-
ad grown on the bald
I then had the whole
of my head shaved, and
should not be able to
that I have done
hair using your oil in
quantity as when I

if obedient servant,
P. DRIFFIELD
on April 19, 1862.

ND'S
AR OIL,
and is the only ar-
duct and restores hair,
dandruff, and it is
ing off or turning grey
and tender it de-
and glossy.
permanence compared
R. OIL. To secure
a bottle is enclosed in
of exquisite work-
engraved "ROW-
" in two lines.
genuine article, see
Macias Oil, and
envelope nearly to
1862 letters—WILKINS

Bottles, equal to four
bathsize, 1s per bot-
and Cheapest throughout

er Goods.
thers" from Liver.

hittings,
ed Printed Cottons,
nited COCK & SON.

akers
give employment
g & practical
& R. JARVIS

1862.

VOLUME 11

The Standard.

OR FRONTIER GAZETTE.

Price 15s. in Town]

SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 24, 1844.

[15s. sent by Mail.]

ORIGINAL.

The Cup of Woe.

I saw a man, his face flushed, his hair dishevelled; he wore no hat, and his tattered garment, betokened the existence of misery and want; he issued from a door, from which I saw many others at different times emerge. I watched him closely, he joined some men at work, seized an axe, and with every stroke he performed amazing execution; for while his arm was uplifted in quick succession, and every blow from his ponderous weapon, cleft the almost impenetrable logs in sunder, by degrees I saw him grow less active, his brawny arm begin to tremble, his face grow pale; at length he threw his axe aside and retraced his steps; I saw him enter at the same door, but in a few moments returned, and renewed his work with as much energy as before. My curiosity was excited; I longed to know what had so invigorated his exhausted frame, no wonder thought I, he thus neglects his Person that he may procure so valuable a restorative, I wished to ask himself the question, but again it seemed more judicious, to visit the place from whence he had received that which had so wonderfully renewed his strength, and acting on the impulse of the moment, I found myself on the threshold of the very door which I had seen him enter, but what a sight! Methinks Heaven itself should shudder; in one corner, I beheld a group of miserable beings, before them stood a Table, on which were placed glasses of various sizes glittering with a sparkling liquid, some exhibited a disposition to clamour while others lay extended on the floor; I observed one man walk up and down through the midst of them with a composed air, he was well dressed and appeared superior to those around him, as he approached me, I accosted him and enquired what that was which appeared so brilliant; he replied, "a cure for colds, a restorative for weakness, a preservative against disease—an antidote to sickness, a never failing remedy for all depression of spirits and every species of ennui; in short, it is the labouring man's friend, the Mechanic's Companion and the Merchant's resource; what would the world be without it?" Surely said I you must be most happy in being the dispenser of such blessings to mankind. While we were yet speaking, the man whom I had before observed stepped in and addressing the Individual with whom I was conversing exclaimed "give me another glass of your noble stuff, if it wasn't for it, I couldn't do another stroke," tell me said I, approaching him, some of the advantages you derive from the shining liquid, he was about enumerating some of its excellent qualities, when the master of the House presented him with a glass, as he approached I saw his eyes sparkle, and with an eager but tremulous grasp he held it to his lips, in one second was drained to the very dregs; I put the question again, but a low stammering and a few incoherent expressions were all that escaped him, I observed too, when he attempted to walk his manly form bend from side to side; I looked at the man who had administered for an explanation but to my surprise, he appeared not the least astonished. While I was thus musing, a loud noise in the other end of the room quite alarmed me; I looked, and those whom I had seen before drinking out of shining goblets, were now with fiery faces and clenched hands, uttering the most dreadful oaths and imprecations, while they upset the Tables at which they had been revelling, a quarrel ensued and while it could be done with safety I withdrew; and in my lonely walk meditated on what I had seen and heard; I had not proceeded far when two ragged children attracted my attention; and I thought, what a pity poverty exists! but straight I monitor within checked the rising murmur, I whispered, "I think not oh vain mortal that a wiser power than thine, rules this lower world, know, mercy reigns and rules by wisdom's laws her creature man." I immediately enquired of the children their place of residence the little innocents led me to the door of a hut and bade me enter, but strange discordant sounds held me back, I was about retreating, when a female voice imploring help drew me to the spot, when such a sight! I shudder for humanity, faint would I hide the tale, and let oblivion cover it, but reason forbids, humanity itself, though tremblingly urges me to disclose the scene, my Pen trembles.

Art thou a Father? Oh! couldst thou have seen thy Daughter whom thou grievest from thy side and who left the home of her youth to become a happy Bride, couldst thou have seen him who in that day swore he would become her protector and guide, violate that oath, and cruelly abuse thy tender child. I saw him, I heard her shriek for help, he cried for some one to save her from a monster, who with an uplifted weapon threatened her destruction, and I interposed, the villain glared on me his fiendish eyes, what was my surprise! in him I discovered the very man I had so closely watched in the morning, but his eyes looked more wild, his visage more fierce, and he tottered extreme-

ly. I sternly reprimanded him for his inhuman conduct, when his tender wife excused his actions, ah! lovely woman, the abused, she murmured not nor complained but informed me that he had been a most affectionate Husband until latterly, for when clouds began to lower and fortune frowned, to make amends for blasted prospects, he betook him to the use of existing stimulants, & from that hour, domestic happiness expired.

My thoughts reverted in a moment to the sparkling Goblets—the room filled with noise and disputes, and while musing in the effects, I discovered the cause. I traced it to the shining liquid nor did it end there, surely said I, of itself untouched it could injure no one, neither has it the power of motion, there must be of necessity a moving spring. Could these effects be produced unless administered by some Individual, was a problem I quickly solved, by reverting to the man who had given me such an exaggerated description of what he was so busily dispensing to his fellow men, and my mind recoiled instinctively as I pictured him composedly and serenely dealing out a Liquid which metamorphosed men into Devils, and turned the quiet of domestic life into scenes of broils and disputes.

With these reflections, I wandered from the miserable cottage, and at the corner of a street, that leads from the depository of the maddening Liquid, I beheld a crowd; in the midst were two men, deeply engaged in combat; in a short time one was dragged helpless and bleeding from the deadly grasp of his antagonist, who was endeavouring to pursue the victim of his hate; the wounded man was conveyed to his wretched home, where an already heart-broken Wife was waiting his arrival. She gently laid him in bed and by help of a compassionate Physician dressed his wounds, but from that miserable pallet, he never rose! the mortal wound was inflicted, and he expired! I was then I learned, that the two men had been companions over a sparkling Bowl; and would have been friends still, had the Liquid contained nothing of a poisoning and friendship nature. Again memory recalled the man whom I had seen attending quickly to the calls of his rapacious customers, and asked myself the question, is that MAN free from the blood of one who fell in a combat which was induced by using a stimulant that it is his business to administer? Let himself answer it at the bar of his own conscience.

In order to gain some farther information respecting the destructive article, I entered a Merchant's office when I observed a more than ordinary degree of bustle, and anxiety in the Merchant's countenance; whence all this trouble cried I to the unhappy man? alas! alas! he exclaimed that I should be marked out by irrevocable decrees, to be overtaken by losses and disappointments; my gallant vessel with an uninsured cargo of immense value has foundered, through the neglect of him who had the charge of her. "Say not so," said a voice from behind, "did you not supply him with the means of her destruction? did you not plentifully supply him with Liquid whose property you knew was to deprive men of reason? you knew also that it would eventually impair his constitution, and sooner or later consign him to the Grave, and yet you complain, your lot is hard! it will become you to repine, let conscience speak—let the dead speak, do you not hear his voice?—he cries to you from the deep—pause a moment, you have sent to the regions of the dead; a man whom you charge with being the author of your misfortunes; has reason yet resumed her empire; methinks your crime sufficient to have dethroned her for ever," it ceased, and I glanced at the merchant, his face was hid in his hands;—I saw him again, he walked with a dejected air, the gnawings of a guilty conscience had commenced. Yet still he continues the unholy traffic, but offers this most strange excuse, "if I do not deal in the destructive Liquid, others will."

TOTAL ABSTINENCE.
St. Andrews, July 4, 1844.

COMMUNICATION.

For the Standard.

Mr. Editor,—

Were it in my power to add any thing weekly to your Newspaper, I would willingly contribute my mite.
Being weak minded and pusillanimous I am therefore restrained from exposing my thoughts to the satirical eye of the public and particularly so when I think of the multiplicity of Satelites with which you are happily surrounded—knowing, as I do, that were my sentiments not well chosen both to amuse and edify the numerous readers of your weekly production—Those Secondary planets would immediately impinge—would pour upon me a host of declamatory invectives, and opprobrious epithets, and would so much exult in my downfall as, to blast all my promising hopes of ever becoming a useful member of Society, and leave me couchant and panting on my own threshold.

Yet rolling all those fearful imaginaries, should they overtake me let them come, I will not relinquish my right in subordination to cowardice or base flattery, much less secrete my abilities (which I know must be few,) from timely rebuke should it fall to my lot. Believe me Sir, for I am candid, I have always studied, to avoid disputes, restrain passion, forgive my enemy, and to fly from danger; but whether I am now sacrificing those profitable studies of not, for the sake of notoriety judge you. But be that as it may, I shall waive all other arguments for the present, and give free scope to my ideas. As a number of topics occur to my mind, I am the more solicitous in choosing one, which, tho' naturally possessing it myself, yet I can see many of its evil consequences, and beg that the male part of our species will avoid it as much as possible.

Having thus premised, give me leave to introduce the word Criticism. To you Mr. Editor, it is well known, I presume that there are certain men in Society, in the same family and under the same roof, who are apt to find fault with every thing that is said and done by other people. For my own part tho' I am incompetent to decide, yet I find faults to your printing,—say you do not observe the rules of punctuation—you put commas where semicolons would have been better—and marks of interrogation where notes of admiration would have been better.—Another will say you mispelled 'such a word'.—A third "your paper is filled with Sheriff's Sales, Commercial Advertisements, and declarations of Insolvency"—a fourth will and actually does, wonder why R. Douglas, and his anonymous opponents did not continue to display their *ad captandum vulgus* in your papers, and a fifth will quote Scripture, and say a prophet is not without honour save in his own country,"—and "the Editor of the Morning News or the Courier, are more accommodating" than you are your self.

But a few days ago as I was taking my wonted morning walk, curiosity invited me to turn aside to a beautiful cascade on a Book, where there has lately been erected a sawmill, I was anxious to criticise the architecture, structure and machinery of the said Mill,—listened with much delight to the noise of the water pouring itself perpendicularly over an artificial barrier, which the proprietors had raised purposely to impede its progress over the falls. Having heard that one might in such a situation nearly surmount those natural defects of the vocal voice, you may guess I sounded the semibreves till my lungs became exhausted without being heard by any, save the harmonious sounds of aquatic murmurs. I stepped into the mill, gazed all around examined its structure, and machinery, looked at the sawed lumber, the aqueduct, and then rested mine eyes upon the mill-man, (who is not the most refined of his species, but to make up for that, he has been most bountifully supplied with physical strength, fit to fell a tree, roll a log, pitch a plank, or toss a slab, as well as the philosopher in the New World,) he did not immediately recognise me, as I am but a mere pigmy compared to his enormous size. However, I soon perceived that he was in deep study, for some part of the machinery was out of order, and he was puzzled to find out where. I learned that in his perplexity he did not wish to be annoyed by any criticism (though even so small,) around him and therefore I was about to take my leave, but on turning round I beheld three complete critics advancing with rapid steps, I stopped to see what sort of figure they would make. They eyed every thing more particularly than I had done, yes, logs, boards, planks, deals, doors, carriage and even the saw teeth were objects of their minute inspection, and then as with a wand they figured themselves into an equilateral triangle leaving the surprised mill-man in the centre.

Being well guarded, he kept this precarious position for some time, till at length being chafed, by their interrogatives, their contradictions, their argumentative prowess, and supercilious criticism, to which he could only answer with a wild look, at each corner of the triangle. He became unmanageable, turbulent and outrageous, consequently they permitted him to retire from this unceremonious position, to a place of refuge where he might remain safe from the invectives of such critics. No sooner had he disappeared than they converged into a more dense body, and then with a flow of utterance, argus eyes and indicative looks, they discussed, examined, and scrutinized every object around them, and tho' no rhetoricians, yet they employed some of the principal figures of speech, as metonymy, hyperbole, irony &c.—and sometimes when their tongues grew tired (which was seldom,) they supplied the defect by gestures, winks, nods, &c., which tho' less noisy, were equally as desirous as the sword of their mouth.

I thought I was acting a least part in witnessing such a scene, and fancying that I myself should soon undergo a critical examination, be obliged to answer a number of questions; as what business had I there? Whence did I come? What did I know about

the structure and machinery of a saw-mill? and why was I an idle spectator, from which taking the hint, with hasty steps I made the best of my way home.

Yours,
AN HUMBLE SPECTATOR.
Saint Hums, July 16, 1844.

POETRY.

WHAT IS SLANDER?

'Tis an assassin at the midnight hour,
Urged on by envy that, with footstep soft,
Steals on the slumber of sweet innocence,
And with the dark drawn dagger of the
mind,
Drinks deep the current of the heart,
It is a worm that crawls on beauty's cheek
Like the vile viper in a vale of flowers,
And riots on ambrosial blossoms there.
It is a coward in a coat of mail,
That wages war against the brave and
wise,
And like the long, lean lizard, that will
mar,
The lion's sleep, it wounds the noblest
breast.

Bar to Marriage.—The government of the principality of Waldek, in Germany, have given public notice that no license to marry will hereafter be granted to any individual who is addicted to drunkenness; or, if he has been so, he must exhibit full proofs that he is no longer a slave to this vice. The same government have also directed that, in every report made by the ecclesiastical, municipal and police authorities, upon petition for license to marry, the report shall distinctly state whether either of the parties desirous of entering into matrimonial connexion, is given to intemperance or otherwise.

Domestic Manufacture.

PAULS! PAULS!! AND BUCKETS!!!

THE subscriber having been appointed sole Provincial Agent by the Proprietor of the PAUL and BUCKET FACTORY now in operation at Union Point, where the article is manufactured by Machinery of the most recent and improved construction, and by experienced workmen, he is prepared to furnish Pauls and Buckets equal to any imported into the Province for perfection of make and soundness of material. City and Country dealers supplied on the most liberal terms at the Warehouse, No. 20, South Market Wharf.

All orders from the Country punctually attended to by
HENRY W. PITTS,
Agent.
St. John, May 18, 1844.—24/6a.

Rye Flour, AND CORN MEAL

A FURTHER Supply just landed by the Subscriber, at his Store, at the head of Jones's Wharf—to be sold low for Cash.

J. P. COLDWELL.
St. Andrews, June 5, 1844.

Rum, Sugar, and Molasses.

Just Received and for Sale, by the Subscriber:
9 HHDS. Bright SUGAR,
6 Puns. High Proof RUM,
ALSO IN STORE.
20 Hhds good Retailing MOLASSES.
J. W. STREET.
June 18, 1844.

Provisions, &c.

The Subscriber offers for Sale:
BLS. and half BLS. SUPERFINE FLOUR fancy and common brands, RYE FLOUR, DYSPEPSIA Flour in half Barrels,
Bls. kiln dried Corn Meal, Rye do., Oatmeal,
Clear Mess and Prime PORK, Navy and Pilot Bread,
Waiver Crackers, &c.,
ALSO a few Hhds. and Tierces prime retailing Molasses.

April 9, 1844. R. WALTON.

PIANO FORTES.

HAVING been appointed Agents for the sale of Instruments from the celebrated Manufactory of T. Gilbert & Co., we are prepared to furnish them at Manufacturers prices.

Now on hand, One superior toned Instrument which can be examined at any time.
BEDLOW & LEFAVOR.
Calais, May 29, 1844.

Notices in Bankruptcy.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.—In the Province of New Brunswick, in British North America.—SS.—In the matter of Francis Hubbard a Bankrupt.—PUBLISHED NOTICE is hereby given that upon application of the said Francis Hubbard this day made to me, I do appoint a Public Sitting to be held on Tuesday the 3rd day of September next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon of that day at the Office of the undersigned Commissioner in St. Andrews in the allowance of a certificate of conformity to the said Francis Hubbard, pursuant to the provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province in force respecting Bankrupts, when and where any of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt may be heard against the allowance of such Certificate, and the same will be allowed unless cause be shown and there shown to the contrary, or such other order will be made as the justice of the case may require.
Given under my hand at St. Andrews this third day of July, A. D. 1844.
H. HATCH
Commissioner for the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts in the County of Charlotte.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.
In the Province of New Brunswick,
In the matter of Thomas Algar, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province of New Brunswick, made and in force relating to Bankruptcy in this Province, Thomas Algar, of Saint Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Tailor, hath been duly declared a Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me.

Now, therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the power and authority to me given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed Samuel H. Whitlock of Saint Andrews in the County of Charlotte Esquire, Provisional Assignee, of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt. And I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee, on or before the 9th day of May next, all such sum or sums of money, debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, to deliver the same to the said Assignee, on or before the said 9th day of May next, and I do further require a. the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident in the said Province, or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Provinces, or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America, within three months from the day of the date hereof, to deliver unto the said Assignee, to prove to my satisfaction their respective claims and demands, whether the same be actually due or are to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my office in St. Andrews on Tuesday the 11th day of June next, at noon of that day, at my said office, for the purpose of receiving proof of, or contesting any claim, presented against the said Estate, at which meeting or at any adjournment thereof the said Bankrupt will be examined on oath touching the said Estate and such other business relating to the said Estate, will be transacted as may be deemed necessary.
Given under my hand at St. Andrews the 19th day of April 1844.

H. HATCH.
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts, for the County of Charlotte.

Contract for Painting.

TENDERS will be received by the Subscribers until Saturday, 16th August next, at noon, to be left at Colonel Weyer's Office, for Painting the two Light Houses, and the Keepers Dwelling House, on Machias Seal Islands, with two good coats of White Lead, to be completed by the 7th day of September next, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners. The Contractor to find all the Materials.

THOS. WYER, } Commissioners,
JOHN WILSON, }
St. Andrews, July 8, 1844.

Brandy, Loaf Sugar, Tea &c.

The Subscriber has just received per the barge, Brunswick, from Liverpool:
11 HHDS. best Cognac Brandy, and
Holland Gin,
2 do. Superior Old Port Wine,
8 Chests Congou Tea,
64 Kegs Best White Paint,
50 Boxes Y. Soap,
6 Boxes best Poland Starch,
2 Hhds. Refined Sugar,
Bols, and 1-2 Bols. Pot Berber.
J. W. STREET.
April 30, 1844.

FOR SALE.

THREE several Lots of WOODLAND on the Island, for particular and information apply at the office of.
R. M. ANDREWS.
1st May, 1844.

European Intelligence.

From *Wilmot & Smith's European Times*
July 1.
ENGLAND.

Lord Heytesbury, G. C. B., the successor of Earl de Grey in the Lord Lieutenancy of Ireland, is in his 65th year, has been Ambassador at the Courts of St. Petersburg, Naples, Madrid, and Lisbon. He was appointed Governor-General of India on the accession of Sir Robert Peel to office in 1834, but on the return of the Whigs in 1835, the appointment was cancelled. The Noble Lord married the daughter of the late Hon. W. H. Bonner, grand-daughter of the first Earl of Rochford. His Lordship's son, the Hon. W. H. A. A. Court Holmes, who married the daughter of the late Sir Leonard Holmes, is Member for the Isle of Wight.

We received with much regret the death of Mr. O'Hanlon, an Irishman, who died in the Irish Government. It appeared that the deceased swallowed a fish bone on Sunday last, which, after some difficulty, passed into the stomach, but unfortunately it caused irritation in the lower intestines, which were at the time predisposed to inflammation. On Tuesday evening a violent inflammation came on, and in the middle night mortification, and the next day death. Mr. O'Hanlon was still in the full vigour of manhood, and his healthful and athletic appearance gave all earthly promise of a long life. Mr. Percival Banks, of Gray's Inn, is named as successor to Mr. O'Hanlon, the Government having resolved to bestow the office upon an Irishman, entitled to the English bar, and resident in London.

The Great Britain.—This vessel was advertised to sail on the 11th of July. As, however, she still remains in dock at Bristol, and the attempt to obtain her liberation cannot be immediately made, the day of her sailing for New York, is indefinitely postponed.

The new Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, Lord Heytesbury, appointed to succeed Earl de Grey, appears to stand well in the estimation of all parties in the state. He is moderate in his views, and no doubt, will be instructed to administer the Government of Ireland with as far as possible, even handed justice. In any other country than Ireland such a man would see the "even tenor of his way," but, as paradoxical as the state of society there, the very fact of his being "moderate" is the best reason why he is likely to prove the reverse of acceptable to all.

During the imprisonment of O'Connell, the "rest" keeps up to the mark, and the excitement of the people appears to be at fever heat. The Catholic clergy have set Sunday, the 25th inst. apart, as a day of general humiliation and prayer for the incarceration of the Chief.

The great sporting trial concerning the pedigree as well as the age of "Running Rein," the winner of the "Derby," at Epsom in May last, has terminated against the horse and its owner. The stakes amounting to between £4,000 and £5,000, will consequently be given up to Colonel Peel, who owns Orlando, the horse which came in second.

The weather throughout England, since the sailing of the last packet, has been, generally speaking, favourable to vegetation. In most parts of the country considerable quantities of rain have fallen, and in some localities heavy thunderstorms have been experienced; but, from the long continuance of the previous drought, moisture in almost any shape was acceptable.

PARLIAMENTARY.

One of the most prominent topics of discussion, during the last fortnight has been the system of espionage which Mr. Dancombe, the member for Finsbury, first brought before the House of Commons some three weeks back. It has been discussed in both Houses of Parliament since, with marked bitterness on either side. From the reading, by the members, of the act of Parliament which gave the power of issuing a warrant for the opening of any letters in the Home Secretary may seem dangerous or treasonable to the public, it would seem that not merely the letter, but the spirit of the law has been overthrown by that functionary Lord Denman, Lord Campbell, and other great legal luminaries, have distinctly proclaimed the violation of the law from their places in the House of Lords, and their views have been supported, with more vehemence than legal or moral force by Lord Brougham, once the most virulent denouncer of whatever smack of official tyranny, or interference with the liberty of the subject. The daily prints are apparently with truth, for the statement has received no official contradiction, that the General Post-office embraces a regularly organized system for the opening and inspection of letters; and that it was owing to the bungling on the part of the official, connected to the recent astounding disclosure. This seal-breaking, letter peeping system, which relieves the Government to the slightest attack of a policeman waiting for an "arty" his victim has caused no little stir throughout the country. Although the disclosure has hitherto been confined to the members named Mr. Dancombe, Mr. F. A. Lewis, and Mr. St. John, former captain of artillery in the Polish service, there is every reason to believe Mr. Dancombe asserted that if the House granted him a committee he would prove it—that during the last two years, indeed more or less, this system of espionage has not been confined to the metropolis, but has been extended to the provinces, and has been more or less, practised in all the leading periodicals in the country. Few disclosures have produced in the public mind greater amazement and indignation.

The stirring speech of Mr. Dancombe

Sir James Graham made a feeble reply, sheltering himself under his official responsibility, and speeches of the other ministers who spoke in the discussion—Sir Robert Peel and Lord Stanley in defence of their colleagues were unusually weak and unsatisfactory.

The subject was again brought before the House on Tuesday, by Mr. Dancombe, when the Government appointed a secret committee to investigate the subject—four, of the members to be selected from the ministerial and five from the opposition side of the House. All the parties named on the committee, are respectable men; but it is observed that no lawyers are included; and this combined with the fact that the evidence to be taken will not transpire has shaken the confidence in the committee which would, had its proceedings been made public have existed.

The name too, of Mr. Dancombe, who brought the matter before the House, has been studiously excluded from the committee—another ugly feature in the proceedings.

The corn laws were discussed two nights last week. This annual debate on a topic which has been worn threadbare, is so popular. The public soon tire of speech-making which has no legitimate result.

Mr. Cobden took, as usual, a high position as a practical man a debater; he made an able speech, to which he demanded the reply of Sir Robert Peel, and the call was responded to.

The Bank Charter Bill, the Sugar Bill, in committee—where some further hares are being indulged in—the Vestry Meeting in Churches Bill and some allusion by Sir Robert Peel to the quarrel between France and Morocco—these form the other leading parliamentary events of the fortnight.

REPEAL ASSOCIATION.

At the usual weekly meeting of this body, on the 24th ult., J. H. Talbot Esq. M. P. for New Ross, occupied the chair. The Rev. Dr. Heape, one of a deputation from Manchester, addressed the meeting, and handed in a contribution of £325, amidst enthusiastic cheering. There were various deputations from other parts of the country, and numerous addresses were read. The rest of the business was almost entirely confined to the receipt of money. Mr. D. O'Connell Esq. was happy to report that all the travellers were in excellent health and spirits, and in particular that Mr. O'Connell was never better, and never enjoyed greater animation, the imprisonment agreeing perfectly with his constitution. The amount of the repeal rent for the week was announced, and defensible cheer, to be £3 17s 11d.

The Dublin Evening Post remarks, that there has been held four meetings of this association since Mr. O'Connell's imprisonment, and the following are the weekly returns of the amount of the Repeal Subscriptions:

June 3	£2 600
10	3 100
17	3 380
24	3 178

These are sterling evidences of the extinction of repeal agitation by the state prosecutions.

The usual weekly meeting of this body was held on the 1st of July, and was very fully attended. On the motion of Mr. W. S. O'Brien, the chair was taken by Nicholas Maher Esq. The meeting was distinguished by Mr. O'Neill Daunt announcing that the Corporation of the City of Dublin had fixed upon Daniel O'Connell Esq., as Lord Mayor elect. The announcement was received with deafening cheers, which were again and again renewed. It is stated that the "Martyrs" were in excellent health and spirits. The collection of the rent was proceeding during the whole of the meeting, and before its close, was announced to be £2,152 4s. 1d.

Sir David Roche, Bart. has resigned the representation of the city of Limerick, which he has served upwards of twenty years, in consequence of domestic arrangements. James Kelly, late high sheriff of the county, has been unanimously adopted as his successor.

A Dublin paper says:—The weather through the island is superb; we have plenty of rain, sunshine, and heat, leaving the husbandman nothing to desire. The promise for the harvest, under such circumstances, is decidedly favourable.

Mr. Daniel O'Connell, jun. has addressed the Repealers of Ulster after the manner of his father, calling upon them to abstain from any outrage upon the Orangemen, who it is said, intend to walk in procession on the 1st and 12th of July.

Day of General Humiliation.—Sunday, the 25th of July, has been selected as a day of general humiliation and prayer amongst the Catholic population of Ireland, in connection with the imprisonment of Mr. O'Connell. The bishops it is understood, are to arrange a form of prayer to be used at church service during the entire period of the imprisonment.

FRANCE.

The most interesting portion of the intelligence received from France since our last publication relates to the affairs of Algeria and Morocco. The Emperor of Morocco, on receiving the report of the defeat sustained by his troops, disavowed the conduct of their commander. It appears that another attack was made by the Moroccan army, in a most treacherous manner, whilst El Guennell, the son of the Emperor, was engaged in negotiating with General Bidaud, at a spot about three-quarters of a league from the French camp on the Oued-Moulouh. The attack was made by the fanatic and undisciplined soldiers, without the knowledge of their chief. The conference was, of course, abruptly interrupted, and the French, being taken by surprise, at first re-

tired in good order; they however, speedily resented the onset, and inflicted a terrible vengeance on the enemy. More than three hundred lay dead on the field of battle, not including those carried away by the defeated. On the side of the victors 330 men were wounded and 6 killed; amongst the latter a young officer of great promise, the son of General Rovigo. This affair will, it is said, cause much further difficulties, as it was the spontaneous act of an undisciplined army, without the sanction of their leader. Before the negotiation was interrupted, the French generals demanded that, for the future, Morocco should be forbidden to Abd-el-Kader, who was to be immediately sent out of the empire. They demanded, in addition, that the left bank of the Tafne should be henceforward recognized as belonging to France. On the first point they obtained complete satisfaction, and on the other it was agreed, after long discussions, to refer the matter to the decision of the diplomatic body.

The Government papers announce the departure of the Prince de Joinville from Toulon, at the head of a squadron composed of three sail of the line, Suffren, Jemmapes, and Triton, the Belle Poule frigate of 60, Asmodeus man of war steamer, the steam corvette Pluton, and the steamer Phare and Corvus. Twelve hundred troops, including a company of engineers and three companies of marine artillery, have been embarked. The destination of the fleet is Cran, as the first duty of the prince is to put himself into communication with the Commander-in-Chief, now in the vicinity of Jran, and act under the marshal's orders.

The appointment of the Duke de Nemours and the Prince de Joinville, to successive commands of importance, has given much offence to the army.

SPAIN.

We are in possession of accounts from Madrid of the 24th ultimo. The Minister of Finance and the state creditors had come to an understanding respecting the price at which the New Three per Cent Stock should be issued. The latter, it appears, had consented to accept it at 35, and agreed to deliver up the bills, coupons, and other securities which they had received as guarantee from the government.

The necessary funds for the payments of the dividends due at the end of June, at Paris and London, have been remitted to Paris. And the affair between the Minister of Finance and the Contrabistas having been decidedly arranged, the decree for the annulment of all the contracts has been forwarded to Barcelona, to receive the royal sanction.

THE STANDARD.
ST. ANDREWS, WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1844.

Charlotte County Bank.
Hon. HARRIS HATCH, President.
T. B. WILSON, Esq., Solicitor.
Director next week—J. Wilson Esq.
Discount Day—TUESDAY.
Hours of Business, from 10 to 2.

Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Monday, otherwise they must lie over until next week.

Atms and Elork House.
Commissioner next week—Thomas Turner.

Saint Stephens Bank.
G. D. KING Esq., President.
Director next week—Abner Hill.
Discount Day—SATURDAY.
Hours of Business, from 10 to 1.

Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Friday, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day.

LATEST DATES.
London, July 3 | Montreal, July 12
Liverpool, July 4 | Quebec, July 12
Edinburgh, July 1 | Halifax, July 12
Paris, July 1 | New York, July 19
Toronto, July 12 | Boston, July 17

ARRIVAL OF THE

Steam-Ship Hibernia!

The Steamship Hibernia, with the first July mail arrived at Halifax, on Monday, the 15th inst., with Liverpool papers to the 4th and London to the 3rd inst., extracts from which, will be found in our columns this morning.

In Commercial affairs there was but little change. The Crops favoured by the fine weather, are very promising.

The Timber Market, was inactive, no advances in prices.

It is reported that the present session of Parliament will be brought to a close about the middle of July.

It is now settled that the Count de Trepani, brother of the King of Naples, is to marry the Queen of Spain.

During the last 12 months, Spain has had seven different ministries.

The Prince de Joinville has sailed in command of the expedition against Morocco.

Mr. Thomas Hudson, a popular comic writer and singer, died in London on the 19th ult.

Charles Dickens is now on a tour in Italy, and intends to be absent from England about a twelve-month.

The King of Naples has prohibited the export of grain from his dominions.

The smallpox is at present prevailing to some extent in London.

In the county of Suffolk alone there have been 131 incendiary fires since Christmas.

The coal fields of Great Britain, are calculated to cover 4,990,000 acres, those of France only 692,000 acres.

By Lloyd's returns, it appears that the annual loss to the country by shipwreck is 610 ship's £2,000,000, of property, and 1500 lives.

The Princess Alice, from Dublin for Fleetwood, on Sunday last, brought 38 tons or seven hundred thousand eggs.

A most important post-office arrangement is in progress, by which it is anticipated that by steamers letters will be sent to China in fifty days.

The *Revue de Paris* says that the visit of the King of the French to England will not extend beyond the Isle of Wight.

Sheriff's for London.—Mr. Alderman William Hunter, and Mr. Thomas Sydney, have been elected Sheriffs of London for the ensuing year.

It is stated that a grand naval review will take place off the Isle of Wight, before her Majesty and Louis Philippe, on the occasion of his visit.

Mr. Kirkwood, of Philpot-street, Commercial-road, a retired West India merchant, committed suicide on the 21st ult., by cutting his throat.

The Ojibway Indians, whilst in London made a purchase of some 15,000 brass thumbles, for the purposes of ornament and barter when they get home again.

An immense steamer, to be named the *Terrible*, and fitted with engines of 800 horse power, is about to be launched at Deptford.

Francis, the young ruffian that shot at the Queen some time ago, is comfortably situated as a teacher in the Government School at Port Arthur, Van Dieman's Land.

It is said Mr. Monk Mason is about to spend £3000 on the construction of a huge aerial machine, with which he expects to conquer all difficulties.

Levasser, the French comic singer, who contributed so largely to the amusement of the public last season, is expected to arrive in this country on the 15th instant, when he will again make his appearance at the Saint James Theatre.

The process of raising the sculptural establishments, executed by Mr. Westmacott for the pediment of the grand facade of the new Royal Exchange is now being proceeded with. The principal or centre figure, the whole being seventeen in number, is a colossal personation of Commerce, ten feet in height, and chiselled out of a solid stone.

A fishing smack called the *John Wallace*, was run down on Sunday night by the *Sapphire*, a Gravesend steamer, and now lies a wreck with the top of the mast visible at low-water, in Erith reach.

We understand that Capt. Rye, formerly commander of the Royal Mail Steamer *Acadia*, will take the command of the steamer *Hibernia* on her next trip. Capt. Jackson will take command of the new steamer now building at Glasgow.

At the Central Criminal Court, on Monday last, Mr. Burton Newenham, aged 34 years, was convicted of abducting and marrying Francis Louisa Wortham, a young lady under 16 years of age, entitled to property worth £400 a year. He was sentenced to two years' imprisonment.

On Monday morning the West of London Railway was opened for the public traffic as far as its junction with the Great Western Line; but the station and other preparations at its junction with the London and Birmingham Line not being completed, the opening of that portion was deferred until next day.

The Queen has conferred the Grand Cross of Charles III., on Santa Anna, President of the Republic of Mexico.

The Carlist Chief, El Groe, so long the terror of the Maestrazgo, had been captured and shot on the 18th. Our letters from Gibraltar of the 16th ultimo, state the Governor has visited the Moorish Camp, near Ceuta, and the British Vice Consul at Tangier.

The result of his inquiries has produced an unfavourable opinion of the conduct of the Government of Calcutta, and the Spanish Consul at Tangier.

The price of gas is to be reduced from the 30th inst. to 7s per 1000 cubic feet by the leading gas companies in London.

On Sunday last a letter addressed by the Lord Bishop of London to the clergy of his diocese, on behalf of the fund for the increase in the number of metropolitan churches, was read in all the churches and chapels of the diocese of London.

Another million dollars have arrived from China.

There has been a serious disturbance at Bristol between the military and police. Incendiarism has extended to Cornwall.

THE KING OF SAXONY.—His Majesty left London on Thursday, for Scotland. He stops at different noblemen's houses in his progress.

INDIA AND CHINA.

The news by the overland mail, a summary of which will be found in another column, is generally regarded as being favourable in a commercial point of view. The demand for British manufactured goods had been somewhat checked during the interval of the previous arrival. One of the accounts states, that the American merchants were most persevering in their efforts to dispose of manufactures received from the United States, and that "American domestics" had, for the first time, been inserted in more than one of the prices currents, although not much is

reported to have been done in them.

The main incident of the political news, is, that Lord Ellenborough contemplated the subjugation of the Punjab, which was in a very distracted state, for which purpose he had issued orders for a force of 80,000 to assemble. The warlike pranks of the Governor-General, who is generally understood to be what is vulgarly called "half-cracked," would, however, receive, in all probability, a permanent check from the presence of Sir Henry Hardinge, as the latter would arrive at his destination before the time that the arrangements respecting the attack upon the Punjab could be carried out.

Sir Charles Napier, it will be seen, was about to meet the unfortunate and dispossessed Belchee chiefs, to whom he has some proposition to make, and to which, if it be at all reasonable, they will, no doubt, greedily listen,—as any change which restores them to even a shadow of their ancient sway must be acceptable.

MARRIED.

At St. Patrick's, on the 18th inst. by the Rev. John Cassals, Mr. John H. Armstrong, Jun. to Miss Sarah Jane Johnston, all of that parish.

DIED.

On Friday last, after a long illness, which he bore with Christian fortitude, Mr. MAXWELL RANKIN, in the 50th year of his age, leaving a wife & large family to lament their loss. Mr Rankin has been a resident of this place for upwards of 26 years, and was well known as a kind husband affectionate parent and true friend. His loss is regretted by a numerous circle of acquaintances.

At Digdegash, on Wednesday last, in the 39th year of her age, ANN, wife of Mr. WM. CAMERON, leaving a husband and five children, to mourn the departure of an affectionate wife and kind mother—and her neighbors to lament the loss of an open hearted and Christian friend.

SHIPPING JOURNAL.
PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

—ARRIVED—
July 19, schr. Prince Albert, Fitzgerald, Eastport, sundries, B. R. Fitzgerald.
—20, " Sarah Ann, Waycott, Eastport, ballast.
—22, " Wm. Henry, Avery, Calais, ballast.

—CLEARED—
July 19, brig George, Kildon, Trinity, N. F. Timber, plank, &c. Thos. Wye.
—22, " Argyle, Clements, Denvers, Lumber, B. R. Fitzgerald.
—23, " Beche MacEvers, Clancy, Cork, Deals, E. & J. Wilson.

Bankrupt's Sale.

ON Saturday, the 24th August next, at 12 o'clock (noon) in front of the Market House, in Saint Andrews.

By order of the Commissioners of Bankruptcy, will be sold by Public Auction.

The Right and Title of Wm. Chase, in the Equity of Redemption, to the Farm at present occupied by said Wm. Chase, in the Parish of St. Patrick.

The Equity of Redemption, of a House and lot, lately occupied by Capt. T. Lockhart, situated at the Ledge, in the Parish of Saint Stephens.

1 Gold Watch.
1 Silver Watch.
100 acres of land, in the Parish of Pennfield, situate near Knights Mills, being part of the Estate and Effects of Charles McGee.

Thomas Davis's Equity of Redemption to the House and Lot, situate at the 2d Falls, in the Parish of Saint George, at present in the occupation of the said T. Davis.

20 acres of land, more or less, near land sold to Alexr. Greenlaw, on the Friso road, in the Parish of St. Andrews, being part of the Estate and Effects of Wm. Cookson.

H. H. HATCH, Prov. Assignee.

St. Andrews, July 24, 1844.

IN THE MATTER OF JAMES FRASER AN ABSENT DEBTOR.

THE Trustees of the Estate and Effects of James Fraser an absent Debtor, will proceed to sell, at Public Auction, at the New Court House, in Saint Andrews, on Friday the ninth day of August, next, at 12 o'clock, at noon.—All the Right, Title, Interest, Property, Claim, and Demand of James Fraser, of and to, all that certain Lot, Piece or Parcel of Land, situate, lying and being in the Parish of Saint George, in the County of Charlotte, bounded and beginning at a marked Ash Tree, distant on a course by the Magnetic Needle, North 2 degrees 25 minutes, West 316 chains, and 50 links from the Northern angle of lot Number 15, on the road leading from Saint Andrews to Fredericton, granted to John Hennar, thence North 60 chains to a marked Cedar Tree, thence West 55 chains, to the place of beginning, the said piece or parcel of land, having been granted to Moses Shaw, containing 300 acres, more or less, and commonly known as Shaw's Meadows.

TERMS CASH.
Dated this seventeenth day of July, A. D., 1844.

WILLIAM O. SMITH, } Trustees.
MICHAEL FISHER, }
JAMES T. KAYE, }
CHARLES TUFF, }
Attorneys of Trustees.

BLANKS
For Sale at this Office.

TENDERS.
The 8 August next, a House on the shore of the Light to be 16 feet by 16 feet and the 2 boarded with gilded with gold to be battened & laid with two in some or double or near the cent with Shingles, 1 and all the Mat by the 15th

St. Andrews.

to have been done in them.
The incident of the political news,
Lord Ellenborough, contemplated
the Punjab, which was in
strategic state, for which purpose he
ordered for a force of 80,000 to
be sent.
The war-like pranks of the Go-
vernment, who is generally understood
it is vulgarly called "half-crack-
le," however, receive, in all proba-
bility, a check from the presence
of Mr. Hardinge, as the latter would
his destination before the time that
remains respecting the attack upon
the Punjab could be carried out. Sir
Spicer, it will be seen, was about
unfortunate and disposed of. Be-
low, to whom he has some proposi-
tions, and to which, if he is at all
they will, no doubt, greedily
any change which restores them
shadow of their ancient way must
be.

MARRIED.
On the 18th inst. by the
Rev. Mr. John H. Armstrong,
Cassius, Mr. John H. Armstrong,
Sarah Jane Johnston, all of that

DIED.
Last, after a long illness, which
Christian fortitude, Mr. Max-
well, in the 50th year of his age,
& a large family to lament their
loss. He was a resident of
upwards of 20 years, and was
as a kind husband and affection-
ate friend. His loss is regretted
as circle of acquaintances.
On Wednesday last, in the
her age, Mrs. Wm. W. W.
leaving a husband and five child-
ren, the departure of an affection-
ate mother—and her neighbors
loss of an open hearted and
kind.

PING JOURNAL.
OF ST. ANDREWS.
—ARRIVED—
Prince Albert Fitzgerald,
Eastport, sundries, B. R. Fitz-
gerald.
Sarah Ann, Waycott, East-
port, ballast.
Wm. Henry, Avery, Calais,
sailor.
—CLEARED—
George, Kiffin, Trinity, N. F.
Timber, plank, &c. Thos.
Vier.
Clyde, Clements, Demerara,
sundries, B. R. Fitzgerald,
the MacFergus, Clancy, Cork,
leis, E. & J. Wilson.

rupt's Sale.

the 24th August next, at
(known) in front of the
St. Andrews.
A Commissioner of Bank-
ruptcy by Public Auction,
Title of Wm. Chase, in
deposition, to the Farm at
by said Wm. Chase, in the
rick.
Redemption of a House
occupied by Capt. T. Lockart,
dige, in the Parish of Saint

in the Parish of Penn-
Knights Mills, being part
Effects of Charles McGee.
Equity of Redemption to
situate at the 2d Falls,
not George, at present in
the said T. Davis.
more or less, near land
rnlaw, on the Ferry road,
Andrews, being part of
cis of Wm. Cookson.
H. H. HATCH,
Prov. Assignee.
y 24, 1844.

JAMES FRASER AN AD-

of the Estate and Effects
of an absent Debtor,
at Public Auction, at
St. Andrews, on Wed-
nesday, the 24th day of August, next, at
—All the Right, Title,
Claim, and Demand of
said Debtor, all that cer-
tificate of Land, situate,
the Parish of Saint
of Charlotte, bound-
ed by a marked Ash Tree,
25 minutes, West 316
from the Northern an-
gle, on the road leading
to Frederick, granted
hence North 60 chains
Free, thence West 55
of beginning, the said
nd, having been grant-
ed, containing 300 acres,
commonly known as

CASH.
each day of July,
MITH, } Trustees,
HER, }
YE, }
HARLES LUFF,
Attorney of Trustees.
NKS
this Office.

THE CHARLOTTE COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

WILL HOLD A
CATTLE SHOW AND FAIR.
at the Farm of John McDonald, parish of St.
Andrews on SATURDAY the 24th day
of OCTOBER next, at 11 o'clock,
where the following Premiums
will be offered for competition,
VIZ:

For the best entire Horse that has stood in the County the past season,	£2 0 0
second do. "	1 0 0
Best Blood Mare	1 0 0
2nd do. "	0 10 0
3rd do. "	0 10 0
For the best Bull not over 4 years old,	2 0 0
second best do. do.	1 0 0
third do. do. do.	1 0 0
For the best Milt Cow do	1 0 0
second do do	0 10 0
third do do	0 10 0
For the best pair of Steers under four years old	1 0 0
second do do do	0 10 0
third do do do	0 10 0
For the best Heifer under 3 years old	1 0 0
second do do	0 10 0
third do do	0 10 0
For the best Ram not over 4 years old	1 0 0
second do do	0 10 0
third do do	0 10 0
For the best Ewe	0 10 0
second do do	0 10 0
third do do	0 10 0
For the best Boar	1 0 0
second do do	0 10 0
third do do	0 10 0
For the best Sow	0 10 0
second do do	0 10 0
third do do	0 10 0

G R A I N .	
For the best Sample of not less than 5 bushels of Wheat,	0 10 0
second do do do	0 10 0
third do do do	0 10 0
For the best sample of not less than 5 bushels of Oats	0 10 0
second do do do	0 10 0
third do do do	0 10 0
For the best sample of not less than 5 bushels of Barley,	0 10 0
second do do do	0 10 0
third do do do	0 10 0
For the best forkins of BUTTER not less than 40 lbs.	0 15 0
second do do do	0 10 0
third do do do	0 10 0
For the best sample of CHEESE not less than 50 lbs.	0 15 0
second do do do	0 10 0
third do do do	0 10 0

HOMESPUN CLOTH.	
For the best sample of Woolen Cloth not less than 15 yds.	0 15 0
second do do do	0 10 0
third do do do	0 7 6
For the best sample of Flannel (all wool) 15 yds	0 15 0
second do do do	0 10 0
third do do do	0 7 6

For the best sample of Cotton and Wool Cloth not less than 15 yds.	0 15 0
second do do do	0 10 0
third do do do	0 7 6

The whole of the above must be the growth produce of or manufacture of this County. (no one person to receive two premiums on any two animals or any two articles of growth or manufacture of the same description), and intending competitors must notify the Secretary (free of postage) at least 10 days previous to the Fair, of the animals or produce that he intends to offer for competition, and all persons not paid up Members of the Society to the last Annual Meeting, must pay an entrance fee of 5s. or not compete; and no animal, or any article of produce, or manufacture, will receive a Premium, unless thought worthy of such preference by the respective Committees to be appointed for that purpose. It is further ordered that all animals, articles of produce or manufacture offered for competition, shall be on the ground by 11 o'clock, or they will not be attended to;

By Order of the Board,
D. D. MORRISON, Sec'y.
St. Andrews, July 13th, 1844.

FLOUR.

The Subscribers have received from New York 125 Barrels of FLOUR which will be sold low for Cash.
DINMOCK & WILSON.
St. Andrews, 13th April, 1844.

NOTICE.

All Persons having legal demands against the Estate of the late Hon. James Allan Shaw, are requested to present the same duly attested, within three months from this date, and all those indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to

M. R. FLETCHER,
Administrator.
St. Andrews, July 16, 1844

CONTRACT FOR BUILDING A STORE HOUSE.

TENDERS will be received by the Subscribers at the store of Colonel Wier until 10th August next, for Building of a Store House on the Wharf at Head Harbour Island, where the Light House now stands—the Building to be 16 feet by 22 feet, 12 feet Post, the Sills to be Pine and the rest of the frame Spruce, to be well boarded with good pine boards and the roof Shingled with good pine Shingles, the Ends and Sides to be battened with boards, the Lower Floor to be laid with two inch plank, the upper floor with the same or double Boards, one door to be placed in or near the centre of the Store, and two Windows with Shutters, for the same. The Contractor to find all the Materials and to complete the Building by the 15th September next.
THOMAS WYER, Commis-
JOHN WILSON, Sioners.
St. Andrews, 8th July, 1844.

NEW ARRIVALS.

The Subscribers have received per Brig Caledonia and Ship Joseph Porter, direct from Liverpool, a large assortment of GOODS, which they offer for Sale, at very low prices, at their new Store, opposite the Store of Mrs. Parkinson.

AMONG WHICH ARE,
3-8, 1-2, 9-16, 3-4, 13-16, 7-8, and 1 inch Chain Cables, Kedge Anchors, from 75 lb. to 200 lb., Canvas No 1 to 6, Duck, Cordage, Manila Rope, Marine, House-line, Twine, Oakum, Bushed Blocks, Tackles, Clasp hooks and Chimbles, Brass and Wood Compasses, Ships Lanthorns and Lamps, Sheathing Nails, Sheathing Paper, Ensigns and Union Jacks, Mattresses, Oil Sails, Southwesterns, Ships Scrapers, Marine Spikes, Palms, &c.
IRON, HARDWARE &c.
A large assortment of common and refined Iron, flat and round for Ships use, and Wagon and Cart Tires; Nail Rods, Cast Steel, Hollow Ware, consisting of Bak-Kettles, Spare Covers, Pots, Spindlers, Sauce Pans, Wash Basins, and Tea Kettles, Grid Irons, Flat Irons, Spikes, Cut Nails, Horse Nails, Horse Chains, Shovels, and Spades, —Back Saw Blades, Brass Canlesticks, Knives and Forks, Butcher Knives, Tea and Table Spoons, Mill, Pit, &c. cut and hand Saw files, Rasps, Plane Irons, Batts and Screws, Locks, Rises, Hammers, Slaters, Umbrellas, &c.
GLASS, PAINT, &c.
7x9 and 8x10, Glass, Putty in Blisters, Red, White, and Yellow Ochre, &c.
CLOTHS, &c.
Broad Cloths, Satinets, Molestin, Scotch Homespun, Checks, Regattas, White and Grey Cotton, double width Sheeting, Cotton, Bed Ticks, Brown and White Linen Drill, Jeans, Osnaburgh, Calicoes, Handkerchiefs, &c.
CLOTHING, &c.
Fishing Jacks, Swansdown Vests, and a variety of Jackets, Trowsers and Vests, suitable for Summer, Striped and Regatta Shirts, Duck Frocks, Suspenders, &c.
GROCERIES, &c.
An assortment of Groceries, among which are Lard and crushed Sugar, Brown Sugar, a few Hhds. Molasses, Boxes Soap, best Poland Starch, Split Peas, with other necessary articles.
ALSO,
Ten Crates Earthenware consisting of Painted Ware and White Granite, and a few sets Gilt China.
The above together with their former Stock and other articles not here enumerated, comprise a good assortment.

DINMOCK & WILSON.
St. Andrews, July 8, 1844.

ROCKWELL AND STONES

JUNE 1844.
New-Brunswick
CLOTH & FANCY STORE.
The Subscriber respectfully intimates to the Public, that he has received his usual stock of British Merchandise, comprising a general assortment suitable for the Season,
VIZ:
COBURG CLOTHS, striped and plain, a new article for Ladies Dresses, Striped and plain OREANS and Muslin de laines, with a variety of other Fancy Dress Patterns.
Ladies Tussan, Rutlin and Straw BON-NETS, with Ribbons to match, Silks and Satins, Shawls, Satin Scarfs, Ladies and Gentlemen Lyle's read Gloves, A large assortment of HOSIERY,
PRINTED COTTONS,
GREY AND WHITE COTTONS,
COTTON WARPS,
CARPETING,
Ladies Boots and Shoes, Berlin Wool and Canvass, An assortment of Tailors Trimmings, and LONDON SLOPS,
BROAD CLOTHS, Buckskins, Kerseymeres, Woolen and Cotton TWEEDS, Molestins, with a great variety of other articles, all of which will be sold at unusually low prices.
JOHN IRWIN.
Water Street, St. Andrews.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS,
OR
American Olympiad.
Instituted for the advancement of refined Equestrian and Gymnastic Exercises,
Comprising the most distinguished Performers—the most varied and elegant Exhibitions of Skill, Courage, and Muscular power—a Stud of beautifully marked and highly trained Arabian Horses, unmatchable for fleetness, sagacity, and docility.
A most Splendid Bugle Band.
In a magnificent Chariot, drawn by Six beautiful Arabian Horses, will accompany the Exhibition, and perform a variety of the most popular and National Acts. Leader, Mr. VOSE.

WILL BE EXHIBITED IN ST. ANDREWS, on Monday July 29, 1844.
Doors open at 2 o'clock—Performance will commence at half past 2 o'clock, P. M. Admission, BOX 1s 3d—PIT 7d—2d.
For Particulars see Large Bills at Principal Hotels.
G. DAVENPORT, Agent.
July 17, 1844.

NEW GOODS,
C. KEIVE,
CHEAP CASH STORE.
BEGS leave to call the attention of the Public to the
SUMMER STOCK OF GOODS,
he has just received, and is now opening—which will be sold at the lowest possible prices for cash only. No extra price is asked for the purpose of taking advantage of those not a judge. Call and see.
St. Andrews, Water St., June 5, 1844.

FLOUR, MOLASSES, SUGAR, &c.
100 BLS. Superfine FLOUR,
20 half Bbls. do.
10 Bbls. Genese Scratch,
15 Bbls. fine Middlings,
25 Bbls. Pilot and Navy Brand,
10 kegs CRACKERS,
CHEESE, HAMS, RICE,
SALERATUS, Logwood, Redwood,
ground, Wine, Brandy and Gin, Spermacetite OIL,
Window glass 9x8 10 and 10x12, &c.
Also in Bond
FLOUR, Beet and Pork,
25 Hhds. Cardenas MOLASSES,
2 Hhds. Cienfuegos Sugar,
For Sale by
R. WALTON.
July 17, 1844.—ann.

Shipping Lumber.
300 M. feet Merchantable PINE BOARDS and PLANK, piled on a Wharf, in this Harbour, apply to
WM. WHITLOCK.
St. Andrews, April 3, 1843.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

I HEREBY authorize James Curran, to prevent any person or persons from trespassing in any way upon my premises between Chateaux Cove and the Commons on the shores of the river St. Croix; and he is further authorized to prevent my premises being used for hauling up Boats, or as passage ways to and from the water, and to prevent any person or persons from removing or taking away anything from the shores, other than their own property—and any person resisting the above mentioned authority will be punished by law.
(Signed),
JOHN DUNN.
St. Andrews, May 9,

Notices in Bankruptcy.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.
IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW-BRUNSWICK.
In British North America, SS:
In the matter of Wm. Cookson a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Act of General Assembly of this Province intitled "An Act relating to Bankruptcy in this Province," William Cookson, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, has been declared Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me: Now therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the authority to me given in and by the said Act, I have appointed Harris Henderson Hatch of Saint Andrews, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee, on or before the 25th day of May next, all such sum and sums of money, debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession or custody any property of the said Bankrupt to deliver the same to the said Assignee on or before the 25th day of May next; and I do hereby require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident in the said Province, or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Colonies or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America within three months from the date hereof, to deliver into the said Assignee and to prove to my satisfaction, their respective claims and demands whether the same be actually due or to become due against the said Bankrupt; And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my Office in St. Andrews, on Wednesday the 24th day of July next at noon of that day, at my said Office, for the purpose of receiving proof of, or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which meeting or at any adjournment thereof, the said Bankrupt will be examined on oath touching the said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate, will be transacted as may be deemed necessary.
Given under my hand at Saint Andrews, the 23rd day of April, A. D. 1844.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner of the Estates and Effects of Bankrupts in the County of Charlotte.

CHARLOTTE COUNTY.
IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW-BRUNSWICK, IN BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of John Parkinson, a Bankrupt.
WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province of New-Brunswick, made and in force relating to Bankruptcy in this Province, John Parkinson, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, has been declared Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me: Now, therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the power and authority to me given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed Harris Henderson Hatch of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee, on or before the 25th day of May next, all such sum or sums of money, debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession, power or custody any property or effects of the said Bankrupt, to deliver the same up to the said Assignee on or before the 25th day of May, next. And I do further hereby require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt to deliver into the said Assignee, on or before the 25th day of May, next, all such sum or sums of money, debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and to prove to my satisfaction, their respective claims and demands, whether the same be actually due or to become due against the said Bankrupt; And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my office, in Saint Andrews, on Friday, the twenty-fifth day of July next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at my said office for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which meeting or at any adjournment thereof the said Bankrupt will be examined on Oath touching his said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate will be transacted as may be deemed necessary.
Given under my hand at Saint Andrews the 23rd day of April 1844.

HARRIS HATCH
Commissioner of the Estates and Effects, of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.
In the matter of John Parkinson, a Bankrupt.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that upon the application of the said John Parkinson, this day made to me, I do appoint a Public Sitting to be held on Monday the 12th day of August next, at Eleven of the Clock in the forenoon at my Office in Saint Andrews, for the allowance of a Certificate of conformity to the said John Parkinson, pursuant to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly in this Province in force respecting Bankrupts when and where any of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt may be heard against the allowance of such Certificate, and the same will be allowed unless cause be shown and thereupon other order will be made as the justice of the case may require.
Given under my hand at St. Andrews, the 11th day of June, A. D. 1844.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner of the Estates and Effects of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE,
IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW-BRUNSWICK, IN BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of Francis Hubbard, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provision of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province made and in force relating to Bankruptcy in this Province, Francis Hubbard, of Saint George, in the County of Charlotte, Lumberer, hath been declared a Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me. Now therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the power and authority to me given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed Harris Al Hatch, of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee, on or before the twentieth day of May next, all such sum or sums of money debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession power or custody, any property or effects of the said Bankrupt, to deliver the same up to the said Assignee on or before the said twentieth day of May next, and I do further hereby require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident in the said Province, or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Colonies, or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America, within three months from the day of the date hereof, to deliver into the said Assignee, or to prove to my satisfaction their respective claims and demands, whether the same be actually due or are to become due against the said Bankrupt.
And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt, to be held at my office in St. Andrews, on Friday the nineteenth day of July next, at noon of that day, at my said office for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which meeting or at any adjournment thereof, the said Bankrupt will be examined on oath touching his said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate, will be transacted as may be deemed necessary.
Given under my hand at St. Andrews, the sixteenth day of April, 1844.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner of the Estates and Effects of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE—In the Province of New Brunswick—in British North America—SS.

In the matter of Charles McGee, a Bankrupt.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that upon the application of the said Charles McGee, this day made to me, I do appoint a public sitting to be held on Saturday the 20th day of July next, at ten of the Clock in the forenoon at my Office in Saint Andrews for the allowance of a Certificate of conformity to the provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly in this Province in force respecting Bankrupts when and where any of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt may be heard against the allowance of such certificate, and the same will be allowed unless cause be there and then shown to the contrary, or such other order will be made as the justice of the case may require.
Given under my hand at St. Andrews, the 13th day of May, A. D. 1844.

GEO. D. STREET,
Commissioner of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.
In the matter of Thomas Algar, a Bankrupt.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that upon the application of the said Thomas Algar, this day made to me—I do appoint a Public Sitting, to be held on Thursday the eighteenth day of July next, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon, at my office in St. Andrews, for the allowance of a certificate of conformity to the said Thomas Algar pursuant to the provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly in this Province in force respecting Bankrupts, when and where any of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt may be heard against the allowance of such certificate, and the same will be allowed unless cause be then and there shown to the contrary, or such other order will be made as the justice of the case may require.
Given under my hand at St. Andrews, the 10th day of April, 1844.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects, of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.
In the matter of Wm. Cookson, a Bankrupt.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that upon the application of the said Wm. Cookson, this day made to me I do appoint a public sitting to be held on Tuesday the 12th day of August next at ten of the clock in the forenoon of that day, at the office of the undersigned Commissioner in St. Andrews for the allowance of a Certificate of conformity to the said Wm. Cookson, pursuant to the provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province in force respecting Bankrupts when and where any of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt may be heard against the allowance of such Certificate, and the same will be allowed unless cause be then and there shown to the contrary, or such other order will be made as the justice of the case may require.
Given under my hand this eleventh day of June, A. D. 1844.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.
In the matter of John Parkinson, a Bankrupt.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that upon the application of the said John Parkinson, this day made to me, I do appoint a Public Sitting to be held on Monday the 12th day of August next, at Eleven of the Clock in the forenoon at my Office in Saint Andrews, for the allowance of a Certificate of conformity to the said John Parkinson, pursuant to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly in this Province in force respecting Bankrupts when and where any of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt may be heard against the allowance of such Certificate, and the same will be allowed unless cause be then and there shown to the contrary, or such other order will be made as the justice of the case may require.
Given under my hand at St. Andrews, the 11th day of June, A. D. 1844.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner of the Estates and Effects of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.



Real Estate of James Rait, 22d July
Do Stephen Munson, 2d Nov.
Do John Scott, 23d
Do William Carson, 14th Dec.
Do Justus Wetmore, 11th Jan.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni exponas to mediate, will be sold, by public auction, on Monday the 22d day of JULY 1844, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the Court in Saint Andrews, the following properties, belonging to the Estate of the late JAMES RAIT, Esquire, seized and taken under a writ of Executio extenuata, to satisfy a debt, due the Crown of £2305, 6, 4, besides Sheriff's execution fees, &c.

In the Parish of St. Andrews.
LOT No. 56, containing 50 acres, more or less, fronting on the river St. Croix, with all the houses, out houses, and buildings thereon.

Lots Nos. 2, 3, 6 and 7 in Block letter B, with the water Lots, Nos. 1, 2 and 3 in Block letter H, all in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews, with the dock and beach in front of the same, with the buildings &c. thereon.

Part of Town Lot No. 4, in Block letter A, Bulkeley's division, with a front of 43 ft on Adolphus street, and extending 80 feet to the rear, bounded S. W. by land heretofore sold to Mrs. Amy Campbell, and N. W. by land heretofore occupied by Hugh Boyd, with the buildings, &c. thereon.

A Lot of Land, in the Town Plat of St. Andrews, being part and parcel of the unletted water Block in Parr's division, adjoining Lot No. 3 in the possession of R. Hasluck Esq. with the use, in common, of a reserved road of 20 feet in width.

Lots Nos. 3, 4, and 7 in Block letter L, in Bulkeley's division of the Town plat of St. Andrews.

Lot No. 8 in Block letter L, in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews.

Water lot No. 4 Block letter H, in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews.

Lots number 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 and 8 in Block letter F, in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews, fronting on Queen Elizabeth and Montague streets with the buildings &c. thereon.

Half part of Lot number 4 in Block letter B, in Morris's division of the Town of Saint Andrews, with the buildings and improvements thereon.

In the Parish of St. Stephen.

Lot of land, known as Campbell's point commencing at a stake in Laby's cove, near the Bridge, which stake is also the first bounds of Lot Q, and No. 1, in the Grant to Donald Grant and others, comprehending land, beach and flats, containing 4 acres and thereabouts, with the wharf, buildings and improvements thereon.

A Lathing Machine under that half of a Saw Mill, situated in Mill Town, which was purchased by John Austin or Henry Eastman, together with all the privileges thereunto belonging.

In the Parish of St. Patrick.

Lot No. 3, adjoining the lot conveyed by one James Muir to Thomas Slemon, with all the buildings and improvements thereon.

In the Parish of St. George.

Lots Nos. 15 and 17 in Block letter H and lots number 3, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 13 in Block letter K, in the Town Plat of Saint George.

An equal undivided moiety or half of a lot of land, adjoining Main street of Martin Hatt's cove, containing 100 acres more or less.

An equal undivided moiety or half part of 3 lots of land in the township of L'Etang, which William Low purchased of Paul Brampton.

Two Garden Lots in the Town plat of L'Etang, heretofore owned by William Low.

That lot of land, on the portage at the lower falls of the Maguadavic river, with the buildings thereon, formerly occupied by Henry Seely, and situated between properties owned by S. G. Andrews Esq. Dr. Thomson and Mrs. Reed.

That piece of land on the West side of the Maguadavic river opposite the fish water landing place, at the lower portage, containing about 40 acres.

A lot of land on the N. E. side of Lake Utopia, being part of lot No. 7, formerly granted to Daniel McMaster and others, containing 220 acres, more or less.

A lot of land on the E. side of Lake Utopia, and in the rear of lots formerly owned by one James Ash, in blocks numbers 5 and 6 being 130 rods in front, on said Lake &c. and containing 150 acres more or less, together with all the buildings &c. thereon.

A tract of land containing 75 acres more or less, situated about 1 of a mile below the Upper Falls of the Maguadavic river and on the Eastern side of it, bounded by lands owned by Major Stannus, &c. with all the improvements and buildings thereon.

In the Parish of Penfield.

A lot of land containing 700 acres, more or less, being part of a tract once laid out in six acre lots, on the head or N. E. shore of the N. E. branch, or arm of Beaver Harbour, near lands granted to John Muir, and E. van Thomas.

A lot of land containing 400 acres more or less, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, bounded by the six acre lots, and lands formerly granted to James, Jacob and Joshua Paul.

Two lots of land, forming together a point called Deadman's Head, lying between Deadman's Harbour and Black's Bay—containing 350 acres with the buildings &c. thereon.

A Lot of land, containing 270 acres bounded on one side by land granted to Hugh McKay, Esq. and by the shores of the Mill Lake.

A Tract of land commencing at the N. E. corner of a grant of land of 200 acres to Samuel Buckman junr., thence along the N. line to centre of said grant &c. supposed to contain 100 acres more or less.

Lot No 10, formerly owned by Samuel Buckman, containing 200 acres more or less.

That Tract or parcel of Land formerly granted to Thomas Berry, containing 90 acres more or less.

200 acres of land, crossing Knights Mill road, and Cripps Mill Stream.

200 acres touching Lot No 16, formerly granted to William Stewart.

300 acres near Lot No 44, granted to Robert Woodward, and crossing the great road, from Saint Andrews, to Saint John.

In the Parish of Grand Manan.

A lot of land containing 1-4 acres, beginning at Adam Dixon's line, with all the buildings thereon, being the same which James Rait purchased from John Sprague.

Lot No. 19 in the original grant of the Island, containing 140 acres, more or less, with the buildings thereon.

The Southern part or half of Lot No. 59, granted to Levi Richardson, situated at the Northern end or head of the Island, containing 250 acres, more or less, together with a right of way to the Cove, Creek, or inlet called Eel Brook.

Part of Lot No 59, at the Northern end of the Island, granted to Levi Richardson, containing 100 acres, more or less, together with the privilege of erecting dams, &c. on Eel Brook.

Lot No 6 in the first division of the Island Grant, originally granted to Samuel Ingersoll, with all the improvements thereon, containing 90 acres more or less.

The water front of Lot No 37, owned by Nathaniel Gupill, on Grand Harbour Stream, with the privilege of erecting dams, mills, &c.

Lot No 60 formerly granted to Aaron Richardson, with the buildings thereon.

All the right, title and privilege to a water Brook or Stream running through Lot No 17, owned by Joseph Drogan, and also to parts of the said Lot No 17, sufficient for the purpose of flowing the water, erecting Mills, piling places, &c.

The Levi Richardson Lot so called at the Northern end of the Island.

Lot No 35 containing 200 acres more or less.

Lot No 13 in the second division of lots granted to John Faxon and others, containing 200 acres more or less.

One half of Lot No 15 in the above division, formerly granted to William Beason.

Lot No 72, containing 32 1-2 acres, more or less.

Lot No 33, comprehended in the Grant to Edmund Cheney with Lots numbered 62 and 63 containing 50 acres more or less.

Lot No 71 in the first division of Lots surveyed by Donald McDonald.

Lot No 29 in the second division containing 200 acres more or less with the buildings thereon &c.

A Tract of Land comprehending Lots No 37, 38, 39 and 40 containing 850 acres more or less—with the buildings, &c. thereon.

Lot No 11 on the Northern Head of the Island.

Lot No 100, on the Western side of the island, near Dark Harbour—containing 700 acres more or less.

That privilege to the water, in front of Lot No 37 on Grand Harbour Stream, and to the bank or shore of the said Lot, and back from the said stream, to the extent of five acres.

A Tract of Land containing 400 acres, commencing at the Northernly angle of School Lot No 10 granted to James Rait 22d August 1836.

Also another Tract containing 800 acres, granted to him at the same time, commencing at the Northernly angle of Lot No 29 granted to Barnabas Rich on the North West side of the island.

Also another Tract containing 200 acres, granted to him at the same time, commencing at the North Westernly angle of Lot No 14, granted to Barbara Ross on the North East side of the island.

A fourth Tract granted to him at the same time, containing 2600 Acres, commencing at the south west angle of lot No 20 granted to Barbara Ross.

A fifth Tract granted to him at the same time, containing 290 acres, commencing at the west side of a reserved road and the southern angle of lot No 42, granted to the Rector, Church Wardens and Vestry, of Grand Manan.

A sixth Tract granted to him at the same time, containing 500 acres, commencing at the south western angle of lot No 100 occupied by T. Ranny.

Also, another Tract of land granted to him containing 750 acres, commencing at the north western angle of lot No 101.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, 30th June, 1843.

Any information required respecting the above mentioned Properties, will be given on application at the Sheriff's Office.

To be sold by public auction, on SATURDAY the 21 day of NOVEMBER next, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House, in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest claim, and demand of Stephen Munson, to that certain piece and parcel of land, situate in the parish of St. George and bounded as follows, that is to say, on the South by the Great road leading from St. Andrews to St. John on the North by a lot and premises conveyed by the said Stephen Munson to Wm. D. Faulke and Robert L. Mathew dated 18th Jan. 1839 on the West by a Lot of Land owned by Moses Vernon, Esq. and on the East by lands owned by Malcolm McIl.

The same having been seized and levied on by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court in favor of Seml. G. Jones, Sheriff of Charlotte, on the 10 19 3

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, 26th April, 1844.

To be Sold by Public Auction on Saturday the 23d day of Novr. 1844, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon at the Court House in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of John Scott, to that Lot and House, occupied by Johnston Hall, situate on the northern side of the Maguadavic river, in the town of Saint George—the same same having been taken, seized and attached on the 15th Sep. 1843 to satisfy an Execution in favor of Thos. Leavitt and Edwin Ketchum endorsed to levy £51 3-11 &c.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, 17th May 1844.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Saturday, the 14th day of December next, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m., and 5 o'clock p. m., at the Court House, in Saint Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of William Carson, to a lot of land, owned and occupied by him, containing 30 acres, more or less, being part of a tract granted to one John Black, situated in the Parish of St. Patrick and bounded on the South by part of said grant and on the North by lands owned by Samuel Dean. The front of said piece or lot of land was conveyed by John Black to George Spices, and the rest of it, to Andrew Grieg, with all and singular the improvements &c. thereon.

The same having been taken and seized, to satisfy an execution in favor of Hamilton Mitchell, endorsed to levy £505 11s &c. &c.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, June 8, 1844.

To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 11th day of Jan. 1845 between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. of the same day at the Court House in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim property &c. demand of James Watson, of, in and to the following properties situated in the Parish of St. George, viz. ALL that Tract of land containing 1-1/2 acres, beginning at a stake on the W. line of lot No 61 on the south side of the Maguadavic River, and bounded by land granted to Donald McDonald, and the Macdonald road, &c.

ALSO—ALL that parcel of land situate on the Western side of the Maguadavic river and at the first falls, being part of the land granted to Aaron Hogarth, and formerly occupied by Robt. V. Hanson.

ALSO—ALL that Dwelling house, known as the Spofford House with a quantity of land, situated on the St. Andrews road.

ALSO all that Lot or parcel of land in the Township of St. George, containing a quarter of St. George, viz. ALL that Tract of land containing 1-1/2 acres, beginning at a stake on the W. line of lot No 61 on the south side of the Maguadavic River, and bounded by land granted to Donald McDonald, and the Macdonald road, &c.

ALSO—ALL that undivided moiety of a certain lot of land in the town of St. George, beginning at the North East corner of the House lot, now occupied by John Irvine, bounded by Carlton Street &c.

The same properties having been seized and taken under a writ of Immediate Executio, and directed to be sold under a writ of Vend. Ex. at the suit of the Town of St. George, to satisfy a debt of \$200 &c. &c.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

20 June 1844.

REMOVAL.

JOHN MCKEAN,

AUCTIONEER & NOTARY PUBLIC.

He has removed his Office to the Store lately occupied by Mr. Wm. McLean, Market Wharf, where he is prepared to attend to any orders in his line of business.

May 8, 1844.

NEW STORE,

AT ROBBINSON ME.

THE Subscriber begs respectfully to announce to the Inhabitants of St. Andrews, and vicinity that he has opened a General Provision Store at Robinson Me. where he will keep for Sale,

Flour, Corn Meal, Pork

Groceries, West India, and Dry Goods

and numerous other articles, Cheap for prompt payment.

Persons requiring any of the above mentioned articles will do well to call and examine for themselves.

Store on Briggs & Brower's Wharf. Robinson, April 10, 1844—Tf.

S. WHEELER SHAW.

BLANKS

For Sale at this Office.



The First Productions in the World for THE HAIR: THE SKIN: THE TEETH!

ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL

Is universally acknowledged to be the only article that will effectually produce and restore Hair (including Whiskers, Mustachios, and Eyebrows,) prevent it from falling off or turning grey, and render it luxuriantly soft, silky, curly and glossy.

CAUTION.—Numerous pernicious compounds are universally sold as "MACASSAR OIL." To ensure the real article, see that the bottle is enclosed in a wrapper (a steel engraving of exquisite workmanship) on which are engraved "ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL" in two lines.

To further ensure the genuine article, see that the words "Rowland's Macassar Oil" are engraved on the back of the envelope nearly 1,500 times, containing 29,925 letters—WITHOUT THIS WORK ARE GENUINE.

Price 3s. 6d.; 7s.; Family Bottles, (equal to four small) 10s. 6d. and double that size, 21s. per bottle.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, 17th May 1844.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Saturday, the 14th day of December next, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m., and 5 o'clock p. m., at the Court House, in Saint Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of William Carson, to a lot of land, owned and occupied by him, containing 30 acres, more or less, being part of a tract granted to one John Black, situated in the Parish of St. Patrick and bounded on the South by part of said grant and on the North by lands owned by Samuel Dean. The front of said piece or lot of land was conveyed by John Black to George Spices, and the rest of it, to Andrew Grieg, with all and singular the improvements &c. thereon.

The same having been taken and seized, to satisfy an execution in favor of Hamilton Mitchell, endorsed to levy £505 11s &c. &c.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, June 8, 1844.

To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 11th day of Jan. 1845 between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. of the same day at the Court House in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim property &c. demand of James Watson, of, in and to the following properties situated in the Parish of St. George, viz. ALL that Tract of land containing 1-1/2 acres, beginning at a stake on the W. line of lot No 61 on the south side of the Maguadavic River, and bounded by land granted to Donald McDonald, and the Macdonald road, &c.

ALSO—ALL that parcel of land situate on the Western side of the Maguadavic river and at the first falls, being part of the land granted to Aaron Hogarth, and formerly occupied by Robt. V. Hanson.

ALSO—ALL that Dwelling house, known as the Spofford House with a quantity of land, situated on the St. Andrews road.

ALSO all that Lot or parcel of land in the Township of St. George, containing a quarter of St. George, viz. ALL that Tract of land containing 1-1/2 acres, beginning at a stake on the W. line of lot No 61 on the south side of the Maguadavic River, and bounded by land granted to Donald McDonald, and the Macdonald road, &c.

ALSO—ALL that undivided moiety of a certain lot of land in the town of St. George, beginning at the North East corner of the House lot, now occupied by John Irvine, bounded by Carlton Street &c.

The same properties having been seized and taken under a writ of Immediate Executio, and directed to be sold under a writ of Vend. Ex. at the suit of the Town of St. George, to satisfy a debt of \$200 &c. &c.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

20 June 1844.

REMOVAL.

JOHN MCKEAN,

AUCTIONEER & NOTARY PUBLIC.

He has removed his Office to the Store lately occupied by Mr. Wm. McLean, Market Wharf, where he is prepared to attend to any orders in his line of business.

May 8, 1844.

NEW STORE,

AT ROBBINSON ME.

THE Subscriber begs respectfully to announce to the Inhabitants of St. Andrews, and vicinity that he has opened a General Provision Store at Robinson Me. where he will keep for Sale,

Flour, Corn Meal, Pork

Groceries, West India, and Dry Goods

and numerous other articles, Cheap for prompt payment.

Persons requiring any of the above mentioned articles will do well to call and examine for themselves.

Store on Briggs & Brower's Wharf. Robinson, April 10, 1844—Tf.

S. WHEELER SHAW.

BLANKS

For Sale at this Office.



WONDERFUL RECOVERY OF HAIR After 15, 25, and 26 years loss.

A few attestations, (selected from numberless others, received during the last 40 years) to the virtues of ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL: the originals of which may be seen at the Proprietors.

TO MESSRS. ROWLAND AND SON, 20, HATTON GARDEN, LONDON.

HERRMANS HOTEL, COVENT GARDEN February 16, 1842

GENTLEMEN,

In announcing to you the following corroborated testimony of the efficacy of your MACASSAR OIL, it is by your making it public it will be of any service, I shall consider myself but returning in a very small degree the great obligation I feel I lie under you, and shall be most happy during my stay to London to satisfy any Gentleman who may be interested in the truth of the following—In the year 1726 I went to India, and shortly after my arrival there my hair fell off in considerable quantities, so that I soon became entirely bald. In which state I remained until my arrival last year in America, and at Boston was induced by reading one of your Advertisements to make trial of your MACASSAR OIL, though I confess with but little hope of success. After the use of one bottle, I found my hitherto bald head covered with a sort of down, continuing the use of the Oil, much to my gratification, I have now the pleasure to inform you, without exaggeration or vanity, that I can boast of as fine a head of hair as any one need to have.

I am, Gentlemen, Your grateful Servant.

A. MACKENZIE

GENTLEMEN—I take the liberty of addressing my thanks to you for the great benefit I have received from your truly valuable MACASSAR OIL. Having had the misfortune to lose my hair at the age of five and twenty, in consequence of a fever, I was lately induced, at the instance of a friend, to make trial of your excellent specific, and can only say that the effects were most surprising, for in a very short space of time, my head, which was before entirely bald, was soon covered with thick and strong hair. I am now fifty years of age, and could scarcely have expected that, after having worn a wig for five and twenty years of my life, I should now be enabled to throw it on truly aside. I think it but justice to yourselves and the public, to add my testimony to the virtues of your truly inestimable Oil, and you have my full permission to make this letter public, and to refer any one to me for proof of the merits of this invaluable discovery.

I am, Gentlemen, Your obliged and obedient Servant.

W. C. FRIDEAUX.

Extract of a Letter Directed to Mr. Olden, Merchant of London, from a Friend at Naples, dated May 6, 1823.

I must turn your attention to the following:—Captain Keshish of the 4th Regiment of Foot, in the service of His Imperial Majesty the Emperor of Austria, aged 41 years, since I made trial of "Rowland's Macassar Oil," by a Gentleman who had already experienced its good effects, he brought me a most interesting opportunity to receive from England, and presented in applying it—In less than two months his hair began to grow on the bald parts, and is now very thick. The Captain is highly pleased and has spread its fame I assure you, the demand for that article is very great, and must beg you to send me a fresh supply without loss of time.

GENTLEMEN—Having derived essential benefit from the use of your MACASSAR OIL, I am induced to send you the particulars, which you are at liberty to make known as you may think proper. Rather more than twelve months since I made trial of the Oil, though I confess with not much faith, as I had been bald eighteen years. It was near three months before any effect was perceptible when a slight down appeared; at the expiration of five months hair had grown on the bald part full half an inch long. I then had the whole of my head regularly shaved once a week for a considerable period, constantly using the Oil, night and morning; the result is, that I have this day discarded my wig, my hair is quite restored, and as strong and great in quantity as when I was twenty years of age.

I am, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant.

C. P. DRIFIELD.

32, Broad Street, Brighton, April 12, 1832.

ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL,

Is universally acknowledged to be the only article that will effectually produce and restore Hair, (including Whiskers, Mustachios, and Eyebrows,) prevent it from falling off or turning grey, and render it luxuriantly soft, silky, curly and glossy.

CAUTION.—Numerous pernicious compounds are universally sold as "MACASSAR OIL." To ensure the real article, see that the bottle is enclosed in a wrapper (a steel engraving of exquisite workmanship) on which are engraved "ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL" in two lines.

To further ensure the genuine article, see that the words "Rowland's Macassar Oil" are engraved on the back of the envelope nearly 1,500 times, containing 29,925 letters—WITHOUT THIS WORK ARE GENUINE.

Price 3s. 6d.; 7s.; Family Bottles, (equal to four small) 10s. 6d. and double that size, 21s. per bottle.

Sold by every Perfumer and Chemist throughout the civilized world.

Fall & Winter Goods.

Arrived per barge, "Brothers" from Liverpool,

FLANNELS, PILOT CLOTHS, PETERSHAMS, MOLESKINS, Cotton Sheetings, & Shirtings.

Bleached and unbleached Printed Cottons; Paint Oil, boiled and unboiled.

WM. BABCOCK & SON.

Sept. 27, 1843.

To Ropemakers

THE Subscribers will give employment to TWO MEN, having a practical knowledge of Ropemaking.

J. & R. JARVIS.

Rope Walk, St. Andrews, Feb. 20, 18