

VOL. III.
JULY, 1896.
No 7

## GOD AND MY RIGHT.

"Blessed are they that do His commandments that they may have right to the Tree of Life and may enter in through the gates into the city."

God azd my Right !-Sovereign to Thee, I bow,
I kneel before Thec now,
I swear to Thee my fealty-hear my vow !
Swear to obey Thee in each high behest, To aid thy quest.
Set Thou thy sign and seal upon my breast :
I rise, thy Red Cross Knight, To battle for the right.
To lead or follow in thy holy war,
To heed nor wound nor scar, To statid for Thee
Come life, come death, as Thou hast stood for mel
God and my Right ! my right to guard the opprest, To succor the distrest;
To lift the shadow and to right the wrong
To cheer the world with song.
Thercfore my armor shall be always bright As fits a logal knight,
And faith's own weapons shall make good my right.
Therefore, my life, without reproach or fear, Shall, year by jear,
Keflect the glory of a higher sphere :
And always, everywhere, on land and sea,
Through all crasade shall be
Displayed the banner which Thou gal est me :
Tili He shall come again
Whose right it is to reign.
S. E. Smith.

A CHILD'S INFLUENCE.
UDGE ELDON'S handsoma carriage and pair, rolled rapidly away with its two occupants, une a beautifully dressed woman, and the other a sweet, delicate looking child. On the door-step, gazing wistfully after them, was a little girl, bat poorly clad, in some cutton garment, which hardly kept out
the wind of the bleak, December day. Hor poor little unshod feet were blue with cold, and through the ragged shawl, she wore, could be seen her curly, unkempt hair.
"O, dear! what shall I doq" she cried, "I have been out over since early morning, and no ono has given me a penny. My ! but them folks is terrible proud," sho rellected, turning her ejes again in the direction of the retreating carriage, for something eles had arrested hor attention for a few moments, further down the strost. "When I nodded and smiled to om and was about to go forards and speak, that lady, she just drew her ailk skirts round her, and hurried the little girl out into that carriage, just as quick as shot, and-"
"Be off with you, you little beggar," exciaimed the merchant, on the step of whose store she stood.
"Please, sir;" sho faltered, "Mayn't I stay here a wee bit longer ?" but before this, Mr. Millor had turned back into his store, leaving thes proor child to face the bitter wind of that cold night, for it was now quite dark. After crossing two or three brightly lighted streets Mamio Walton turned into a little dark alley, and at tho far end of it she paused on the threshold of her home, if euch it could be called-a iow, darls room, which had once served the purpose of a cellar, or underground kitchen, with one broken window through which the sun scarcely over shone. It had hardly any furniture in it, in fact nothyng that could come under that heading, except a large srmehair and a small round table ; aven theso wore battered and cinged, and it was casy to soe they had becn through several generations. To-night a tiny, was candle hurned on the little table, affurding a dim light to a sroman, who sat sewing, with wary cyos, on a white shirl. A pile of thom, already
finished, lay in a basket beside her, and still she stitched on, regardless of a small shasiuw on the opposite wall, until Mamie stole seft!-5 up behind her, and putting her arms around her mother's neck, burst into tears.
"O, mother," she sobbed, " the day after to-morrow will bs Christmas, and I do so want to buy you a littlo Lea, and a cake, that you might be stroxger to go on with your work, the next day, for you won't sew on Christmas, will you Mammy ?' Mrs. Walton did not answer for a fow moments, she was thinking of Christmas days of her own childhood, which were so differfrom these she was obliged to give her child. For a short time she was quite overoome by these happy memo:ies, but remembering that no time must be lost, sho pressed her little daughter to her, and said, "My ckild it must be done, we cannct werk just when it suits."

Little Blanohe Eldon drove home in almost as much grief as Mamie herself. Sho had noticod the thin, pale face of the little girl at the shop door, and would have spoken a word of sympathy to the child, had hor mothor permitted it. Her last thought that night, and the first the following morning was of the poor, little stranger.
She begged her mamma to take hor into town again, that day, and Mrs. Eldon who granted her oniy child's request, whenever it was in her power, at ozioe consented. They dreve, much to Blanche's delight, to the same store as yestorday. but no little, shivering figure was to be seen to day. The mext place they entored was a toy shop, and here, Rlanche, leaving her mother to make some purchases, stole quietly to the door. No one was to bo seen, howfever, axcept some working men who were laying a new pavement. Blanche, after looking in every diroction for her young friend, let her thoughts turn to to-morrow's festivities, but was soon startlod by a hoarse cough, a little distance from leer, aud liftiug her eyes in the direction whence it came, she espied the old plaid shawl, which she knaw belonged to the little firl she had seen the day before. She uttered a little cry of joy, and oponing the door, crossed tho road to where Mamio stoou.
"Little girl," she said, " are you very cold ?"
Mumie turned quickly to see who was addressing her in this manner, and recognizing th3 Tudge's little daughter, she bowod, smiled, and answered:" Woll, Miss, I is rather cold, but l'ni getting so used to it, that I hardly mind."
"Foor little thing," said Blanche, her ayes filling with tears, then she added quickly, "You must take this," and sho dropped into Mamio's hand a shinin: coin.

At this moment Mrs. Eldon opened the dour opposite, bat stood spellbound on the stop. Could that be her child ? Yes it was. What woold people think? She inmediately crosed to where they stood, with the intintion of leating thenche away, but as she neared then, thes words aught her ear-" O, Miss ! How
can I thank you ? I will be able now to gel Mamma some tan, and she will not have to work on Christmas." Then her little daughter replied, "You are quite welcomo to it, I an sure, and I would give you come more, only if mother found cut she would be 80 angry, for, although we have lots of money, she thinks it is waste to give it to the poor." Mrs. Eldon put her hands to hor ears. Fier only child saying that her mothor would be angry if she gave more than a fery penee to a starving little one !"

She went to where the ohildren stood and putting a hand on the shoulder of eson, said, addressing her daughter, "Give her all you have Blanche, and I will add to it." She then took the delighted Mamie into a dry goods store, close at hand, and bought her a large: heary shawl, which she wrapped closely around her, bidding her run home at once.

That night Mrs. Eldon told her hugband what had happened, and through the influence of their little daughtor, they both decided to let a tenth of their money, from that time forth, go to the poor in the great city.

Toronto.
G.

## HE WOULD NOT BE A BUTTERFLY.

## By Mrs. C. B. Stemson.

The garden heds I wandered by One bright and cheerful morn, When I found a new-fledged butterfiy A-sitting on a thom:
A black and crimson butterfly, All doleful and forlorn.
I thought that life could have no sting To infant butterflies,
So I gazed on this unhappy thin; With wonder and surprise,
While sadly with his waving wing He wiped his weeping eyes.
Said I, 'What can the malter be ? Why weepest thou so sore?
With garden fair and sunlight free And flowers in govdly store-,
But he only turned away from me And burst into a roar.
Cried he, ${ }^{\text {B }} \mathrm{My}$ iegs are thin and few Where once I had a swarm !
Soft fuzzy fur-a joy to viewOnce kept my body warm !-
Before these flapping-wing-things grew, To hamper and deform:
At that outrageous bag I shot The fury of mine eye:
Said I, in scorn, all burning hot, In rage and anger high,
'You ignominious idiot!

- Those wings are made to flyl'
'I do not want to fly, said he; 'I only want to squirm I'
And he dropped his wings dejectedly, lut still his voice was firm;
'I do not want to be a dy! I want to be a worm!'
O yesterdzy of unknown lack To-day of unknown bliss 1
I left my fool in red and black; The last I saw was this:
The creature madly climbing back Into his chrysalis.
"GOOD MORNING ROUND THE WORLD."
5 With the Syrian greetor now how is it done?" Why, his finger-tips meet as he greets anyoue, Then, with faveif al art
Touches brow, lips and lasart, And " may you be happyl" he says as they part.

6 While with hands held together and lifted on high With a wish for the health of the one who gees by, The brown Siamese Will tall on bis kneos,
Or low down benignly with gracefulest case.
St. Nicholas.

## FIELD STUDY FOR JULY.

covetous hindranoes to ohristianity.

the great evils of tha liquor and opium traffic we can see clearly enough how greed of gain closes the eyes and blunts the conscience. Still, it is probable that this does not directly concern many of us. What of ourseives? Has our Lord's warning, "Take heed and beware of covetousness," any lessons for us?
Many of our Mission Band members take pains to earn money so as to have something of their own to give. There are others again who handle a good deal of money but never seem to think that they have any responsibility for the way it is spent. You doubtless agree that the principles for giving, laid down in the Old Testament, were not on too liberal a scale. (Gen, 28, 22 ; Lov. 27, 30 ; Prov. 3, 9-10.). The trouble is, we do not realize that these directions apply to us Of course when we are men and women and take our place among the world of earners, we expect to do our part in this work of supporting the Gospel, as in all the otho: activities of life. For these other things we are preparing our arm by work, our brain by thought, our patience and perseverance by constant effort; in this grace of giving may we also abound.

Little things are not despised by Christ. "He that is faithful in that which is least is faithful also in much ; and he that is unjust in the least is unjust also in mach." Principles that are worked on in the day of small things will be a foundation to build on later. It is motive, purpose, effort, that make character; not amount of display. The gift Christ pronounced greater than these of all the rich was a very small one.
"Build to-day then strong and sure,
With a firm and ample base;
Then asconding and secure
Shall to-morrow find its place."
There is one point in the Jowish law that I would like you to especially cousider. It is that the first fruits belonged to God. (Ler. 23, 9, 11, 14 ; Deut. 15, 19.) They were not to take the barvest until the first sheaf was waved bofore the altar in acknowledgment
of His gooduess. Should wo, in the full light of the Gospel, do less than the Jew? With His claims over the first where would be no question as to whether "we could spare naything now." And that extra purse would rarely be ompty.

Last summer tro frionds of mine, a mother and her daughter, listoned to a sermon from the text, "Will a man reb God 3 Yet ye have robbed me. But ye say, Wherein have we robbed thee? In tithes and offorings." They had always contributed towards the support of their own church, and other objects, when brought to their natice, bat had never considered what proportion of their income was exponded in this way. The thought came to them as to whether they were included in those who had robbed God. They determined henceforth they would keep two purses, in one would be placed the tenth of all the money they received. They lived on a farm and the first money the mother had was the proceeds of some poultry she had sent to market. There was no local call for help just then. The following week the daughter was going into the city, where some years before her brother spent a winter, and had been made to feel very much at home in a certain church. To the pastor of this church the money was taken to be used for Missions. To explain her corning the young lady told what led to thie amount being given and the reason for bringing it to him. He listened so quietly that she concluded he was absorbed in a sermon, or something of that sort, and not much interested; accordingly made her stay as short as possible. In the evening she attended the prayer-meeting held in his church, and what was her surprise to find her story the theme of the pastor's address. So the sermon from that country pulpit echoed and re-echoed through its faithful hearers.
"Be ye doars of the word and not hearers only, deceiving your own selves." B. S. D.

## QUESTIONS FOR JULY.

What is our subject this month? Please explain.
In rhat great traffic do we see the evils of the "greed of gain"? What are the evil effects on eyes ama conscience?

What tro questions are next roked:
What do some of our Mission Band members take pains to do?
What do other mombers do?
Where do you find principles for giving in the old Testament?

Du these apply to us?
What do wo expect to do when we are men aud women?
What preparations are wo making for life?
What did Christ say about little things?
What are he hese foundition stones for charseter?
What go to make chansoter?
What gift to the Treasury did Tesus siy was groitent of all?

What point in the Jewikh lar ane you asked to consider?
Will you find and read the refercnees given?
When were tho fews allowod to taste iho harvest?
What solemn question is next asked?
What lessons do you saiu from the interesting story

# PALTI BRANCH PUBLISHED RVMRY MONTII. 

Saint Jomi, N. B.
S. E. SMITH,

Editor.
Subscription Price, . . . . . Is Cents a Yrar. For Clubs of ten or more to one address, $10 c$ eacie a yenr.


#### Abstract

All Band reports and notes must be sent through the Branch Band Corresponding Secretaries.


All other articles intended for publication, all subscription orders with the moncy, must now be sent to

MISS S. E. SMITH,
282 Princess Street,
St. John, N. B.
July, isog.
Our subject for prayer this moush is "That covetous hindrances to Christianity may be removed." It is not surprising that people who livein countriese"where "the Light of the world" never penetrated till tho last contury, should object to being called "Heathen" by nations which pose as Christion, but whose governments allow such covetous hindrances to Christianity as the opium and liquor trafic. The contrastis not so great after all. Those prople might have beeu much higher in the scelo to day, if nations which have the Gospel had sent them more of that which clears the brain and renows the heart, and less of that which intoxicatos and kills. It in shortsighted policy to increase the revenue of a country by destroving the souls and bodies of its inhabitants.

We are fortanate this month in having two contributions straight from Japan. The story of "The Doll Festival" is interesting, as showiug the customs of that distant country, and the touch of patriotism is pathetic. There soems to be a clinging to old-time customs, and there is no moption of the "new Leaven" from which we are hoping such great things for Japan. The letter signed Kono Ito, was written to Mrs. Gee, of Nova Scotia, and is the experience of a Japanese girl who was gradnated from our school in Azibu. Her language and compusition, all her own, and her intelligent apprecia. tion of the new religion, which sho has embraced, speak well, not only for herself, but for the faithful teakers who have so fong laborcd for this result. Indeed too much cannot be said for the mork of the missionaries of the W. M. S. in Jupan during the last fifteen years. It is worthy of all prase.

A miseionary writes to the Now York "Ubserver" that one of the most encouraging aul suggestive sigus of the times in Japan is the prosersion of thu Jible ky

Japanese in high places. "Evidently, with many of them," he says, "It is a treasnred book." Ife met with a Japaneso consul last year who had spent some time in the United States-he had attended church there and read and onjoyed a prayer book very m ech. He gladly received a cepy of a Japanese Testament and asked for another for his servants. Ho died not long affer The missionary thinks he was a true Christian, though not a professed beliover. The ohief of polico in Yokohama cheerfully granted his request to distrilute Bibles among the policeman and in the hospitals. To the missionary's surprise he said, "Its teachings are good and if they were followed it would lessen my work very muoh." The Governor of Yokobama has a Biblo and speaks well of missionary work. Count Inouyo has both an English and Jap nese copy. It is believed that there are many secret believers and perlaps followers of Christ in Japan, ivho for various reasons will not let it be known.

We hope you have not ceased to pray for the suffering people of Armenia. Pray that God may show the "Christian goyeruments" of the world what to do, and then give them strength and courage to do it.

Our thanks are due to the young lady in Toronto who findly sent us the interesting story on our first prage.

Please take notice,-It is only to clubs of ten or more, to one address, that the paper is ten cents a year. This is the very best we can do for you.

Please renew at anco, we do not wish to lose your name from our list of subscribers.

## FOR WEARY WORIERS.

"O strengthen mo, that while I stand Firm on the liock, and strong in Ther, I may stretch out a loving hand To w istlers with the troubled sea."

## SELF-DENIAL.

There is a little story on the lises page which will interest you all, and that is the story of the three little siaters who giom to the Mission Band the money they had saved for a bicycle. Now there is great fun in bicycles, no doubt, bnt here is a day coming when bicycles will not be worth one thought. In that day, when these sieters will seu staniing close heside the gloniuls Saviour the lithe Indiangerim whom they have helped to lead to Him, do you thins they will foel sorry for their loviag lithly deed of sali donial Y Even now they must bo hapiny in the thonght that they are growing like their Siviour.
"Fven C'hrist pleased not Himeulf."

## FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE.

## LETTLR TO MRS. GEE.



Y DEAR FRIEND :-We are strangers to oach other but not to our Master, so I feel that I have a right to address you as my friend, for we are friends of the Master and must be to ons another. Miss Cunningham toll me to write a letter tolling about the work in Shizuoka, and it will bo a help to you, as you aro working very hard for tha Missionary Society, which is doing a groat deal of good in Japan. Of comre, I will do so fladly, but I must ask you to excuse my English as I cannot express my thoughts in a right way.

I will tell you a littlo about myself, how I came to be one of the workers. I was just a country gitl who know nothing about our Lord. When I was a little girl my unclo took me to a small town and I began to go to Sunclay school, as there was a preaching house, and I was baptized. But $I$ did not know much ఓbout the Bible. Then I went to Toyko and I became one of the pupils in Azabu school. As the days went on and the years passed away, I learned more and more, and at last I was brought to the true knowledgo of God. I received an education in Azabu school for 'six years. - While I was there I learned nany lessons which greatly help me now. I. graduated last Christmas and I was sent here to do something for our Master, who accopts our little deeds willingly whon wa do them, trying our very best.

Tvice a month meetings for women are held at four towns outside of Shizuoka. Twice a month meetings for children are held at two towns outside of Shizuoka --They are under the charge of the girls in the school. Some of the meetings for women are led by the Bible women, and some are led by Miss Cunningham and a girl. Two meelings for wo in are held in the citythe women are all very nice. I am sorry to sap that wo find but little change from last year in the numbers attending our meetings or in the interest manifested. One of the children's meetings is very encouraging.
Every Sunday threo Sunday schools, under the charge of the school, are opened and the attendanis sre quita many-we open them with singing and prayor. After the lesson for the Sunday is taus ith we take them back to the room whers they were before the classes were divided. They all sing together and we tell them a story. Miss Cunningham and her girls teach in tha churoh Sunday school, which has about fifty chiidren. Eight girls in the school are Sunday school caschers. The children are apt to furget to come to Sunday school, as they are not taughtathorue, so we call them in from the streets. Sometimes it is very hard to get thom in.

We havo thirty-two members in our King's Daughters' mecting. Eighteen of them are in the school now and the rest are outside of the sohool. Each member has to work fifteen minutes every day in ordur to earn money to holp somo good cause. Wo do knitting, sowing, mending stuckings. pressing flowers ancl other things. Whon the Prosidont and Sucretary of the W. M. S. in Canadn wore hero, we heard them saty that thoso who are workeng for the Society earn money in doiug little things. I think we King's Daughters ought to be carefnl in every littlo thing, in order to help others. We are giving one yen to an Orphanage in Kanazawa, whera Miss Veazey is working, and fifty cents to an Orphanage in Toyko evory month. Wo have about twenty-two yen on hand. Eighteen yon out of the twenty-two yen, is put in the bank. We bought several things for Miss Robertson to take home and soll for our King's Daughters meeting, so we are not rich now.

Once a month we have a mecting and talk with each other about the work. Sometimes those who Lave somnthing to tell, spoak out freely, whilo others are knitting. The King's Daughters meeting is not only for getting ronoy but for our spiritual growth.

Twice a yoar a general meeting of King's Daughters is held in one of the schools in Tokyo or Yokohama. Reports of all the King's Daughters' societies in Japan are read. When I was in Tokyo $i$ used to go there. It is very pleasant and profitable for people engaged in the same work to meat together and talk over their different plans of work; it broadens the mind and is a great help in many ways. The first general meeting is going to be held in one of the schools in Yokohama on the 16 th of May. I am going to make up a reporit of ours to send there. I am sorry I cannot sttend the meeting.

How I would like to look in upon your work and others work in your country, but that cannot be, so I must be conlented with latters which the ladies xeceive from you.

We find that many people are longing for Him to help them, and in order to lot them know His love we must watch ourselves and try to live near to our Master's teaching.

May the dear Lord bless you in all your work and crown your work with success.

Yours sincerely,
Shizuoka, Japan. IVono I'ro.
On aarth Thou hidest, not to scare Tho children with Thy light, Then showest us Thy face in Heaven, When we can bear the sight.

Faber,


Address-Cousin Joy, 282 Princess St., St. John, N. B.
Doar Cousins, yon will find a poem on 2nd page whicin sis intonded for a recitation for you. Cousin Joy thinks it fine as well as funny, and has found a lesson in it which she would like all her little cousins to find too. Will you try? Tell it to your leader in in the M. B. at ycar next meeting and Cousin Joy would be so pleased if you would tell her the lesson too, in some of your nice little letters.

The "Dolls' Festival" will please you. You will want to go right off to Japan as soon as you read it. Some of you will think you do not have half as good a time in your own country. But how about Christmas? They have no Christmas, you know-they never will until they have all heard "the story of Jesus and His love" for them. One thing is cortain and that is that you do not play in this oountry with the dolls of your ancestors (mochers and grandmothers) You are more likely to go through two or three gencrations of dolls of your own! Cousin loy hopes the littla Japaneso play with their dolls every day; that they are not kept for show only once, a year: You know they go round all the time with little baby sister or brother fastened to thair backs. How would you like, that?

Dear Cousin Jor:-This is the first time I have written to you. I take the Palm Prancer and like it very much. I think I have the answers to the May puzzles. They are, "Willing Workers," "Jesus Wept," "Happy Workers," and "Wherefore by their fruits ye shall know them." I send a puzzle. I don't know whether it is right or not. If it is, will you publish it?

London. Your loving cousin, Jennie Russell.
Drar Cousin for.-I think I have found the answers to the May puzzles. First, "Willing Workers," second, "Jesus Wept," and third, "Happy Workers." The Pied Text is, "Wherefore by their fruits ye shall know them." I have made a puzzle, and if you think: it worth printing I will send it to you.

Your loving cousin,
New Annan, P. E. I
Louise Wrioht.
Drar Cousin Jor.-I belong to the "Maggie Smith" Misaion Band of La Have Island. I take the Palas Brancen and think it a very nice papor. I have found the answers to May puzales. The first is, I think, "Willing Workere," second, "Jesus Wept," and third "Happy Workers." I think I will close for this timn, mith love to yous.

Your loving cousin,
Lizzie Walifeld.

黒 Dear Cousin Joy.-We take the Palk Branor in our Mission Band and Yenjoy reading it very much. I think I hnve found the naswers to the May puzzles. The first is "Willing Workers," 2nd, "Jesus Wept," 3rd, "Happy Workers," and the answer to the Pied Text is "Wherefore by their fruits yo shall know them." I onclose a puzzle which I would like published if you think it good enough. Your loving cousin,

Derehan Contre, Ont.
ada Deacon.
Dear Cousin Jop. - You havo heard from me before, but I hope you will find a littlo epaco in your "cornor" for this letter. The "Lone Stai" Mission Band will soon lose its dear president, Mrs. (Rev.) Dohson. We will miss her so much, as we all love her dearly. The answers for the May puzzles are, 1st, "Willing Workers," 2nd, "Jesus Wept," 3rd, "Happy Workers." Pied Text, "Wherefore by their fruits ye shall know them."
Bermuds.
Roby A. Sigains.
Glad to hear from our far off cousin again.
Correct answers to May puzzles have also come from cousins Borry Foster, Petilo Riviere, Lucy Dcull, Sackville, and Susie R. Barnes of Nappan. Susie's P. S. says: "There are 18 P. B's. taken in our Band, and we have a membership of 40 ." No answers with Jennie Russell's puzzle nor Louise Wright's.
Dear Cousin Joy.-I belong to the "Cheerful Givers" Mission Band. I take the Palm Branor and find it very interesting. I think I have found the answers to the first and last puzzles in the June number. The first is "Sufferers of Armenia," and the last "Miss Cunningham." Enclosed you will find a puzzle. I hope you will think it worth publishing.

## Guysboro, N. S.

Your loving cousin,
Anatanown

Drar Cousin Jov.-I belong to the "Day Spring" Mission Band. We take the Pala Branor and like it very much. I think I have found the answers to the Juno puzzles. The first is "Sufferers of Armenia," 2nd., "Little Gleaners," 3rd., "Miss Cunningham."

Your loving cousin,
Nappan, N. S.
Lena L. Roaje.
JULY FUZZLES.
I am composea of 15 letters.
My 2 7, 4, means colour.
My $1,10,12,9,15$ a young horse.
iny $0,3,13,5$, means to fouch.
Ny if, 11, 1,4 , is the chief food of the Chinese.
ay 15, 3, 5, 6 , ments a slape or vassel.
diy wholo is the name of our Alission Band.
St. John.
Lois.
I am composed of 10 letters.
My $3,5, B, 7,8$, is to stop.
My $12,9,10,11$, is a number.
My $1,2,15,9$, is notiag entrance.
My $16,1: 3,14,4$, is a sleader thread.
iny all is what the apostles said unto the Lord. Charlottetown.

Daisy,
I am composed of 20 lettors.
Mry $1,5,10,13,20$, is to glitter.
My $1.1,19,18,7,14$, is to stick to.
My $9,11,1,3,14$, is to rock to and fro.
My 24,10 , is to employ.
Mr 17, 12. Is, 8 , is a kind of food used by the Chine
Ny whole is $\lambda$ place for girls to sem.
Nappan, N. S.
"HINA MATSURI," OR THE DOLL FESTIVAL.器

HE Island that occupies the smallest portion of the eastern hemisphers, the country to which furmerIy very little attention was paid, is now introduced to the world as tho victor over the Chinese Empire. No doubt the slightest matter of thing that is going on in Japan will be sufficient to awaken the interest of othor nations, and especially the old customs and mannors that are carried down from the far distant ages to the present day. Every people has its own oustoms different from those of the others, but ours are among the most interesting. Oh, how happy I would be had I a pen that could fully describe these interesting customs, as well as the picturesque scenery of this beautiful country! Indeed it is far beyond my powers of description ; but let me tell you_ just a few things about my own native land.

I am sure most of you have heard of Hiza matsuri, or the doll festival, and may have wondered what it is. It is more delightful and ploasant, as it comes in the charming season of early spring, in which the flowers begin to smile and the cheorful sungsters sing spreetly on the boughs. Really, the third of March is a great yearly holiday for the little ginls. When this occasion approaches they are busy decorating the houses with what are called 0 Hina Sama, tiny models of people and things, the whole Japanese court in miniature. Steps are made on the Tolonoma or alcove, covered with a nice cloth, the dolls occupying the highest seat; and on the lower steps are placed all kinds of furniture, from the cabinet to the wash-tub. Ozen or tables, spread with the best kinds of food, are laid on the lowest. These dolls and things ure mostly handed down from their ancestors. Oh, they are just as cunning and protty as they can be! The little folks who usually do not have anything to do in the kitchen, aie ellowed to prepare food by themselves in the small oven for dolls, without asking the halp of their mother or sisters. The delicate plates and bsskets are filled with an endless variety of fruits and sweets. Peach blossoms are put in handsome vases, adding much to the beauty of the decoration, and for this reason it is also' called Momo so Sekzu, (festival of peach blossoms).

On thia day girls invite each other and they eat and play, sitting in front of the dolls. They also partake of a eweet drink called Shiro-zakie. Oh, just imagine, the lasses dressed up in their best and gayest kimono or garments, walking along the streets to their friends' houses, wearing the shiny geta (clogi)! They are so sweet and lovely ! Indeed this is the happiest dsy during the year for the little girls, who wait for and think of it 80 earnestiy that they can hardly get to sleep in the nights preceding. I can easily recall to my mind with how much joy and delight I looked forward to this holiday.

Of the origin of this festival I am not quite certain; but it is probable that paper-dolls, which were the chiof play-things of the girls oi the nobility in ancient times, had been changed to those which are now in use, and that there was not a special day fixed for the purpose of playing with them. Itiv sain that this festival is celebrated in order to give some idea to the little girls that they are to keep the houses when they grow older.

The boys' festival takes phase on thas hith of Mus. It is very much like that of the girls, but the dolls are the figures of brave wariors, wholived mayy centuries ago, and there is not a singlo doll that represents a girl, Such warlike toys ns sworts, spoars, buws and arrows are used in decorating, and also various kinds of beautiful flags, made with brocade or white orape, with the fanuily crest embroidared or dyed. Out of doors the gigantic paper carps are caused to float in th3 air from poles, after the manner of flagg. They are very beautiful, differing in colors. It is customary to sond these carps as a presont in the first May after the birth of a male child. With the exception of the New Year, this is of all Japanese festivals, the one whose outward signs are most conspicuous. The idea is, that as the carp swims up the river against the ourrent, so will the boy, overcoming all obstacles, make his way in the world and rise to fame and fortune.

I could tell many more things about these festivals and other customs, but now will say adien to you all as I do not wish to make you tired of reading.

Japan.
ar Inagazi.

## MISSSION BAND WORK.

## HOW TO BUILD UP IHE MISSION BAND.

ISSION Bands are usually built up on the "Little by Little" system, and personal effort on the par: of each member. True, it needs a good manager at the head of affairs, but if each member will do all he can, and if all work for the same cause, namely, the upbuilding of Christ's Kingdom, then that Mission Band, if consecrated to the Lord, can accomplish much. Let each one go to work in earnest, as though he meant to accomplish something. WORK AS If FUR wages: Here is a problem for each of us to solve : If we were paid in money for our missionary work, how much a year do we earn?
But after all our efforts, prayer is the great keyNOTE OF SUCCESS IN THIS wORK ! Let each member pray for the Mission Band, pray in faith, believing that the promise is sure. "What things soever ye desire, when ye pray, believe that ye receive them, and ye shall have them," Mk. ir.24. "If ye shall ask anything in my name I will do it," John 14.r4. There is no better way of building up a Miscion Band than fervent prayer, unwavering faith, and then following out the Lord's command, "Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might, for there is no work, nor device, nor knuwledge, nor wisdom, in the grave whither thou goest," Ecc. 9.io. Mission work is the Lord's own work, and He will certainly bless it in answer to prayer. If your Mission Band is failing, or likely to fail altogether, tell the Lord about it ; if there is sad lack of interest in missionary work (and there are few things more discouraging), tell the Lord the exact trouble, ask Him to make you more interested, so that you may interest others. Even one really enthusiastic member can do an immense amount of good in a Band. Try to get each one to do something. All at work and all working together is another secret of success.

> Ont. (To bo continued.)

## LETTEL FROM REV. MR. KIRBY.



ERE we are ugain, dear children of the Pals Bravor," as the mayllower said to the sunbuams on a bright May moruing. May al ways foliows April, but mayflowers often get ahead of May, as they have this year over on this "tight littlo Isle." I am glad the flowars are cotaing. I lovo the Spring. don't you? Winter is riec, and akating, gleduling, tobogganing, are all good, but ugh! how Jack froat dons bite! But spring! beautiful spring, with warm sunshine, springing grass, butercups and daisies, birds singing, lambs skipping, and foals running by the sicie of the old mocher, and all the rest of the good things of springtime. Why who can help loving epring! And springtime of life is youth! You are in the spring, and your lives should bo sunny and bright, and happy. Duu't bo afraid to laugh if you wanit to, God made us capablo of laughing, and singing, and playing, and oxpects us to be as happy as the birds, and as oheerful as tho sunshine. Some old people don't like to see us boys and girls laugh and onjoy ourselves, and particularly if we are members of the ohurch.

A boy named Daniel, and called by everybody who knew him Dan'el, joined the churoh and was very hapny. He helieved he was saved, and this thought made him very happy indeed. One day he was unusually hilarious, he was just jumping over everything. He put upa.fence pole and jumped it, then another and got safoly over that, thon another, and it was too high, so poor Daniol struck his toe against the top pole and fell down. He hurt his leg and arm and was crying, when the old class leader came along and looking at tho boy said: "dh! that's the way God punishes naughty boys. Yua a mombor of the church Dan'ol and acting so foolish, no wonder you fell" This did not comfort the boy very much, so he ran in doors to lind his mother. He soon told her all about his trouble, and asked, "was it wrong mother?" "I was so happy I didn't know what to do." His mother was a good Christian woman, and she told him that she did not think it foolish or wrong-that God meant him to show his happiness so that other boys might want to lovo Him too.

Charlottetown. W: J. Kirby. ( (xo be continued).

## LEAVES FROM THE BRANCHES.

Bay of Quinte Band Notes.
Miss L. B., of Orono, writes:-We aro making an autograph quilt and expect to sell it soon. In our moetiags wo havo taken up the "Watch Tower." One boy is taking up Japan for an essay ; another China, another French work, and anothar Indian work. Wishing you success in behnlf of our Band.
Lindsay, (Queen street), Miss I. Totten writes:-The meubers of "Wayside Gileaners" in Decomber sent a box of varm clothing to the Aderville Indians, valued nt sis.00, hare added one life-momber and sent Mre. Copeland \$5.85. Mite-boxas will be opened in Gcto-
ber whon we hope to sond a goed deal more. We are preparing for a pionic, from which we hope to make a nice amount. Great interest prevails.

Napance, Miss Pearl Perry, Cur-See, writes: Napanee Mission Band on Saturday, May 16th., sent the Supply Committee a box of bedding and useful articles of clothing, which will be forwarded to one of the Homes in the North Wost if Mrs. Briggs thinks it advisable.
M. G. H.

## N. S. Band Notes.

Tho Secrotary of Woodlawn Mission Band writes: The ladies of our church are planning for a sale tine first of July, and on that occasion we are going to have a Joll Sale which will represent the "Old Woman in the Shoe," when the sale will take place with the dolls for children. Intond having our youngest member in the shoe.

The "Cheerful Givers," Guysboro, are busy making a quitt.for the Supply Committee.

Though "Ieh dien" Mission Band, Port La 'Tour, is small, mach interest is shown in the work. Two of the members are collecting in Mission boxes to bo opened in July. Others have begun an outline quilt, which they hope to sell when finisted. They have fourteon subscribers for Pham Branue.

> M. E. B., Cor.-Sse.

The members of the "Little Helpers" Mission Band, Barrington, were both surprised and delighted at their last meeting, on receiving a donation from three of their number, whic'. was a graat help in increasing the funds of the triesury. It was afterwards learned-not from them-that, for some time, these threo litto sisters had been saving for a bicycle, but becoming greatly interested in their little Indian girl, 'Theresa', they voluntarily brought their savings to be given with the money towards her support. This act of self-denial was prompted purnly by unselfishness and lova. Doess it not contain a lestun for many older ones?
"A little child shall lead them."
M. S. I.

## Hamiliton Branch.

C. S., Cor.-Soc. of Wilsonville Thanksgiving Band writes:-For the first time since we organized, our Thanksgiving Band mourns the death of one of its membess. On Saturday, May 23rd, little Mary Riddle, aged 10 years and nine months, was called Home after a severe illness of oight days. Sho was a member of our Band for two years, and was nearly always with us at the meetings, an attentive and interested listener, Two weeks before her death, while yet in apparent health, sho gare her last testimony fur Jesus, "I know my sins are all forgiven, and I am ready to go whenever God calls me." On Monday, May 25th., with sad hearts and tearful eves, wo laid to rest all that was mortal of our little sister, in the sure and certain hope of $\mathfrak{a}$ glorious resurrection.

