

NEW YORK OFFICIALS

Indicted for Granting Railway Franchises

Warrants Have Been Issued for the Arrest of Eighteen Delegates.

Special to the Daily Nugget. New York, Sept. 10.—J. K. Murrell, a New York assemblyman, who fled to Mexico last spring under indictment for bribery in connection with the granting of street railway franchises, has returned and is before the grand jury today. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of eighteen former and present members of the house of delegates, all charged with bribery, and 15 with perjury.

New Spanish Dock

Special to the Daily Nugget. Madrid, Sept. 10.—King Alfonso laid the foundation stone for a new harbor dock at Bilbao. Don Carlo, the Spanish Pretender, has written a letter deprecating any rising in the interests of Carlism.

Woman Burned

Special to the Daily Nugget. Toronto, Sept. 10.—Mrs. Annie Doyle of Toronto died today from the effects of burns received while attempting to start a fire with kerosene.

Wireless Telephony

Special to the Daily Nugget. Berlin, Sept. 10.—Wireless telephony has successfully connected Samsitz to Kolberg, Germany, a distance of one hundred and five miles.

To Aid Insurgents

Special to the Daily Nugget. Baltimore, Sept. 10.—The steamer Maid of Paluca has sailed from Baltimore presumably with munitions of war for the insurgents of Colombia.

Desperados Killed

Special to the Daily Nugget. Memphis, Sept. 10.—Jim Wright and John Templeton, two noted desperados of Hancock county, Tenn., were killed in a fight from justice.

At Auditorium—The Senator.

Job Printing at Nugget office.

The Ladue Quartz Mill

IS NOW IN OPERATION.

We have made a large number of tests and are ready to make others.

We have the best plant money will buy and guarantee all our work in this mill and also in the

Assay Office

STRIKING TELEGRAPH OPERATORS WIN WILL NOT ABANDON

All Demands of the Men Are Complied With and They Return to Their Stations Tomorrow Morning—News Came to Dawson Today in Form of a Telegram From Superintendent Clegg.

The strike among the telegraph operators employed in the service of the public works department has been amicably terminated and as far as is known all the men who were affected will be restored to their positions at the old rate of wages. This intelligence was received in a dispatch today from Division Superintendent A. B. Clegg now stationed at Whitehorse. General Superintendent J. B. Charlson is at Whitehorse and has been in consultation with Mr. Clegg

the result being that the strike is practically at an end. All the men now in Dawson have accepted the terms offered and will go back to work at once. Local Manager Brownlow is out of town and could not be seen, but it is presumed that he will also take his old place.

The outcome of the strike is a substantial victory for the operators, who have been conceded nearly every point for which they have been contending. The strike was brought on July 25, when the whole force employed in the Dawson office and several men from stations along the line up the river left their places and went on strike. The grievances of the men, several in number, the chief ones being that their pay had been held back for a number of months, in some cases upwards of a year, and furthermore, that announcement of a cut in wages had recently been made. There were minor difficulties also, but these might easily have been overcome. Several weeks ago announcement was made that the back salaries would be

paid and settlement with all the men was made up to the day they left, only a short time since. Whether they will be paid for the time they were out has not yet been determined, but the new wage scale is to be effective from July 1. The men all feel greatly elated over the outcome of the strike and have been receiving congratulations from everyone today. Eleven of them were affected altogether—6 from the Dawson office and 5 from up river stations. They all resume work tomorrow morning.

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Martinique at Least for a Time

French Government Decides to Make Thorough Investigation of the Island.

A Fanatic Leader

Special to the Daily Nugget. Manila, Sept. 9.—Ross, the fanatic leader of the Filipino irremediabiles, is urging his followers to believe that he cannot be killed or taken, as he is the "direct descendant of God".

Splendid Record

Special to the Daily Nugget. London, Ont., Sept. 10.—The Grand Trunk Flyer is making the run between Windsor and London, Ont., a distance of 110 miles, in 118 minutes inclusive of two stops.

Tarte's Views

Special to the Daily Nugget. Toronto, Sept. 10.—Hon. J. I. Tarte at the Toronto exhibition reiterated his views regarding the tariff for Canada in a public address.

Submarine Boat N. G.

Special to the Daily Nugget. London, Sept. 10.—Great Britain's experiments with submarine torpedo boats prove that this class of vessels is but of minor practical utility.

Explosions Registered.

Special to the Daily Nugget. Victoria, Sept. 10.—The Martinique explosions of Aug. 30 were registered by seismographs at Toronto and Victoria.

Tobacco Plant Burned

Special to the Daily Nugget. Inghisville, Ont., Sept. 10.—The Erie Tobacco Co.'s plants were burned to the ground yesterday.

Going on a Vacation.

Mr. Dick Dillon, who has been connected for the past two years with the Aurora Dock Co., expects to leave for his home in Nevada City, Cal., on a well earned and needed vacation. Mr. Dillon can well style himself as a sourdough and can almost claim membership in the organization of pioneers. He left San Francisco in 1896 going to Cook's Inlet and in fact visiting nearly all the mining centres of Alaska and finally drifting into Dawson in 1898 since which time he has remained here continuously. This is his seventh year away from home and his host of friends join in wishing him a pleasant time for the winter. In all probability he will return in the spring.



A YUKON VERSION OF TRILBY AND SVENGALI.

A GOOD TIP.

While many a life is saved by drugs there is many a fatality caused by same; not-but what they are a good thing if they are fresh and properly used. Never patronize a drug store that is not up-to-date in stock. Old drugs and medicines do more harm than good. CRIBBS, the druggist, carries only fresh, up-to-date drugs and at virtually outside prices. A trial order will convince you.

CRIBBS, The Druggist King St., next to Post Office.

COTTAGE CITY PASSENGERS

Think That Wrecked Steamer Cannot be Saved—All Agree That the Captain and Crew Did Some Splendid Work.

Special to the Daily Nugget. Skagway, Sept. 10.—The steamer Spokane arrived last night confirming the story of the wreck of the Cottage City. She is in a bad position near Elinin island, twenty miles from Wrangel. At high tide the water nearly covers the steamer. Pilot Myers was off his course fully seven minutes. He turned into Clarence Straits thinking he had cleared the point, only to strike the rocks. Capt. Wallace who was asleep rushed on deck and as the tide was coming in ordered the lifeboats out and the passengers taken ashore quickly. Some excitement arose among the children and also among the men. The women behaved for the most part splendidly. They were soon pacified. The Cottage City's bow was stove in and several holes are belie-

ed to have been made in her bottom. About forty feet of her keel is gone. Assistance from Wrangel was sent out by the Spokane. The baggage and United States mail was saved. The accident occurred on Sunday night between ten and eleven. Rain was falling and it was very dark. Capt. Wallace states he believes the steamer can be bulk-headed and floated to Seattle, but the passengers think it cannot be done. The passengers numbering 150 are all on the Spokane which left at ten o'clock today for Seattle. All have words of praise for Wallace and his crew.

M. P. Resigns

Special to the Daily Nugget. Montreal, Sept. 10.—L. Ethier, M. P., Two Mountains, Quebec, has resigned.

Mitchell Denies Statement

Special to the Daily Nugget. Pittsburg, Sept. 10.—President Mitchell denies that he stated that the strike would be over by the 15th inst. Parsons' lodge, United Mine Workers, has resolved to return to work on the 15th.

Boiler Tubes

1 1-2, 2, 2 1-2, and 3

INCHES

McLennan, McFeely & Co., Ltd.

Advertisement for Rain Coats and Umbrellas. Features an illustration of a man with an umbrella. Text includes 'Rain Coats and Umbrellas', 'Sargent & Pinska', '118 2nd Avenue', and 'Mail Orders Promptly Attended To. NO CREDIT.'

The Klondike Nugget

Telephone No. 12. (Dawson's Pioneer Paper) Issued Daily and Semi-Weekly.

GEORGE M. ALLEN, Publisher

Subscription Rates table with columns for Yearly, Six months, Three months, Per month, and Single copies.

NOTICE: When a newspaper offers its advertising space at a nominal figure, it is a practical admission of "no circulation."

LETTERS: And Small Packages can be sent to the Creeks by our carriers on the following days: Every Tuesday and Friday to Eldorado, Bonanza, Hunker, Dominion, Gold Run.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 10, 1902.

\$50 Reward.

We will pay a reward of \$50 for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any one stealing copies of the Daily or Semi-Weekly Nugget from business houses or private residences, where same have been left by our carriers.

KLONDIKE NUGGET.



AMUSEMENTS.

Auditorium Theatre—"The Senator." Standard Theatre—Vaudeville.

THE FREE LIBRARY.

The request from the Dawson free reading room for financial assistance from the Yukon council is entitled to earnest consideration at the hands of that body. The free library has served a valuable purpose in Dawson and in past years has contributed materially toward the comfort and entertainment of hundreds of men to whom no other place of recreation has been open.

Very naturally they look to the territorial government for assistance by reason of the fact that the library is not in any respect a local institution. It was designed primarily to afford a place of pleasant resort to miners from the creeks who have occasion to visit the town.

The morning joke refers to Councilman Wilson's ordinance designed for the protection of miners' wages as a "reception" ordinance. The joke could not get anything right if there was any possible way of getting it wrong.

While the air is rife with reports of new trusts and combinations there is nothing to indicate a merger between the supporters of Joe Clarke and Gov. Ross.

THE STRIKE ENDED.

It is extremely gratifying to the Nugget to be able to announce today that the differences between the telegraph operators and the department of public works have been amicably adjusted. The department has taken considerable time to investigate the situation and evidently has reached the conclusion that the position which the men have taken is a just one and that they have been laboring under undue and altogether unnecessary hardships.

In any event the demands of the operators have substantially been

agreed to and they will immediately resume their old places in the service. In taking this favorable action the department has been guided by good common sense and undoubtedly has been influenced by the pressure of public opinion as evinced through the press. The facts in the case as frequently set forth by the Nugget were all on the side of the operators, who had suffered an injustice for causes which even as yet have not been satisfactorily explained.

But that is all now a matter of the past and no good will be accomplished by any lengthy review of the circumstances. It is sufficient to say that all parties are to be congratulated upon the fact that the strike has been terminated and the men restored to their places upon terms satisfactory to all.

During the time the strike has been in progress the service has been badly handicapped and the business of the public interfered with in a manner that has caused great annoyance and inconvenience.

The incident is to be regretted no matter from what standpoint it is considered, and it is to be hoped that no further disagreements of a similar nature will occur.

A lien law or something akin thereto should be passed at the present session of the Yukon council. For two years efforts in that direction have been made but without practical results. A majority of the members of the council have expressed themselves as favorable to the enactment of a measure which will protect the working miner, and there is certainly sufficient legal ability represented in the council to overcome any legal technicalities which may stand in the way.

The Yukon council decided last night to turn down the exclusive slaughter house ordinance. In so doing the council has taken a position which will be commended by the public generally. The territory has already suffered too much from abuses resulting from the practice of granting exclusive franchises.

Neither the man who invariably applauds nor the one who always condemns is a safe guide to follow. Approval of what is right and condemnation of what is wrong is always the safe course no matter what interests may be affected.

The News is sick of Clarke already and will grow more so as time elapses. When election day rolls around our contemporary will wonder how it all happened.

When the rate of taxation for the coming year is decided upon the ratepayers of Dawson will have a sigh that will be heard half way round the world.

Immigration into Canada continues at an astoundingly large rate. Another decade will witness a marvelous change in the census returns.

A guessing contest is soon to be inaugurated as to the date when the King street sewer will be completed.

Advertisement for J.P. McLennan, featuring 'New Goods' such as Window Shades, Curtain Poles, Brass Rods, Lace Curtains, Tapestry Curtains, and Etc., Etc. Located at 233 Front St., Dawson.

WON BY HECTOR

Good Sport at Standard Last Night

The Usual Number of Challenges Issued—Hector Would Like to Meet Burley.

A large and enthusiastic audience gathered at the Standard theatre last evening to witness the wrestling match between Tom Hector and Silas Archer. Hector claims to be middle-weight champion of the world, and Archer is known all over the Pacific Coast as the Black Strangler. The match was for \$250 a side and gate receipts, winner to take all.

Chas. Krejling was chosen referee and time was called a few minutes past 12 o'clock. The match was to be catch-as-catch-can, two best out of three falls, strangle holds barred, flying falls to count.

Hector was some ten pounds heavier than his opponent. The go was very exciting for the first twenty minutes, neither man having the advantage. Finally Hector secured a half Nelson on the black man and in trying to break the hold Archer rolled off the mat. The referee made both men come to the center of the mat and take the same position they were in when they rolled off.

Hector finally succeeded in standing Archer straight up in the air with what is known as a Rummie hold around Archer's stomach, and forced both shoulders to the mat, thus winning the first fall in 24 minutes and 10 seconds.

After a rest of 15 minutes time was called again. Then is when the unexpected happened. Both men met in the center; Hector secured a hammer-lock and dropped to the mat, rolling Archer over on both shoulders, securing the second fall in 10 seconds.

The usual number of challenges were announced. A fellow who called himself the "Unknown" had a \$100 forfeit up for a match with Archer, but after he saw Archer perform he did not want any of his game.

Hector then proceeded to hand Nick Burley a bunch in the shape of a strong challenge, saying among other things that he would be here three weeks yet, and if Burley could muster up courage enough in that time to meet him, he would leave a deposit in the Standard bar-room to bind a match. He also said he would not wrestle Marsh five different styles, but if Marsh wanted to wrestle catch-as-catch-can, which is the up-to-date way, he was ready for business.

To Invest in Alaska. Seattle, Aug. 31.—A party of seven men left on the steamer Nome City for Nome last evening for the purpose of investigating coal and gold mining properties and the possibility of developing new fisheries on the Alaskan coast. R. Onfroy and Harrington Emerson, the latter Mr. Onfroy's mining engineer, head the party and the trip is being made in the interests of the \$3,000,000 company Mr. Onfroy organized while in the East a few weeks ago.

Beside Mr. Onfroy and Mr. Emerson, the party will include Capt. Duca, a French capitalist and personal friend of Mr. Onfroy; Ronald Onfroy, H. C. Pigott, of Seattle, and Mr. Onfroy's private secretary and a packer. They will return early in October.

The investigation to be made of Alaska fisheries will be conducted under Mr. Onfroy's personal direction. The party has been informed that new and very valuable fishing ground has been discovered in the neighborhood of Unga island, and the first stop on the way north will be made at this point. Incidentally the party will also look for coal indications on the island.

Elsewhere along the Alaskan coast reports have been made to the company that there are valuable coal deposits, and a hurried investigation will be made of these properties. Mr. Emerson is already familiar with them, but other members of the party desire to visit the region.

It is likely Mr. Emerson will go direct to Nome and conduct an investigation of the gold properties the party has been offered in that mining district.

"The trip is taken to investigate some property which the syndicate organized by Mr. Onfroy may purchase," explained Mr. Emerson at the Rainier-Grand last evening. "There are a number of valuable de-

posits on our list, and if they are found to be as represented the company will close up the deals now pending.

"It is too late to expect to do a great deal this season, but we will be ready to begin operations on an extended scale next year. I believe the Nome district in the future will be developed by large companies having plenty of money at their disposal, and ours is a corporation of that class.

"The coal fields we have under our option have been partially investigated and should prove to be very profitable. There are extensive coal deposits in Alaska that have not been given the attention they merit. Our company may take them up and develop them. If we do we are assured of a good demand for our product in Alaska; besides, the coal can be shipped readily to consumers elsewhere, as it is accessible to water transportation lines.

"The fishing interests of the company are separate from the matters under his direct supervision, for he is thoroughly familiar with every detail of that business. It is reported a number of very good fishing grounds have been discovered."

Mr. Emerson is one of the best posted mining engineers who have visited Alaska. He made an extended examination of Alaska coal fields a few years ago, and made a thorough report to eastern magazines. He is familiar with the character of country which will be investigated, and has a good knowledge, already, of the properties on which the new corporation has secured options.

At Auditorium—The Senator.

CLAIMS OF LABORERS

Before Police Magistrate Today

Defendants Introduce Statements to Show the Manner in Which Output Was Disbursed.

The big wage case against Jarvis and the Semards was called yesterday afternoon before Magistrate Wroughton in the police court. No evidence in the case was taken but the defendant Jarvis made quite an exhaustive statement regarding the condition of affairs on the claim, and the reason why the wages of the men had not been paid.

He admitted that \$40,000 had been taken from the claim. He did not say, but the inference was that this amount was the result of this year's work. The disposition of the money was 10 per cent. of the full amount to the Yukon Trust Co. for labor, \$2,000, which paid all the labor accounts up to the 1st of June; \$1,500 for butchers' bill at Grand Forks; \$2,300 for wood; \$10,000 to the McLennan-McFeely Co. and Ames Mercantile Co. for hardware, machinery and supplies. Of this amount Mr. McLennan-McFeely Co. were paid \$6,000 and the Ames Mercantile Co. \$4,000. Between six and seven hundred dollars was lost in exchange on the dust, and other accounts not mentioned. He was asked to produce his books and will have them in court tomorrow morning, when the case will be recalled.

At the last cleanup 100 ounces were taken from the boxes, but this amount was turned over to the Ames Mercantile Co. as it had been promised. The ground was getting poorer, and in fact unprofitable to work, but it was not found out until about 3 weeks ago.

In answer to a question he stated that the machinery on the claim if it could be sold at its proper value would bring between eight and nine thousand dollars. Besides the \$6,000 paid McLennan-McFeely the company has a mortgage on one 12-horse power engine and an 8-inch pump of \$1,300; and another mortgage on another pump of \$530. Besides the machinery there are a number of horses on the claim.

An assignment of the property was made to the Bank of B. N. A. a short time ago, and it was to look into the circumstances that the plaintiffs asked an adjournment until tomorrow morning.

The workmen claim that the sluice boxes have been emptied twice a week regularly during the cleanup, and that the amounts taken out were always in the neighborhood of \$2000.

Some interesting developments are expected as the case proceeds.

At Auditorium—The Senator.

Threshing Starts

Winnipeg, Aug. 30.—When the sun sets tonight fully 80 per cent. of the crop of Manitoba will have been cut, according to the reports received by the grain men and railway officials in Winnipeg, and next week will see the beginning of the threshing season in dead earnest. The weather continues bright and warm. Cecil Jaques, a farmer of Queen's Valley, Springfield, came to the city yesterday with his binder for repairs and extensions in certain parts. He says that he started cutting with it eleven days ago; then the machine was in a good state of repair, but the grain was so heavy and long that the ordinary build of the binder would not handle it without breaking in some parts or other. He finally decided to bring it to Winnipeg so that it could have the necessary extensions made for the heavy grain. The sheaves, as a rule, he says, are over six feet in length. Mr. Jaques says that the crop in the Springfield district this year is by far the largest they ever had. The Ogilvie Flour Mills Company received the first sample of threshed grain yesterday. It was from Oak Lake and of excellent quality, grading No. 1 hard. The samples came from the farm of Robert Muir.

R. L. BORDEN'S TRIP. Halifax, Aug. 29.—R. L. Borden leaves on Monday on his trip to British Columbia. Twenty leading Liberal-Conservatives will accompany him. These will include A. C. Bell, M.P., of New Glasgow, N. S.; either Mr. Hackett or Mr. Lefurgy, of Prince Edward Island; and H. A. Powell, ex-M.P. for Westmoreland, N. B. Quebec will be represented by F. D. Monk, M.P., and three others. From Ontario there will be E. F. Clarke, M.P., Toronto; James Clancy, M.P., Bothwell; Dr. Sproule, M.P., East Grey; W. H. Bennett, M.P., Simcoe; R. Blain, M.P., Peel; N. B.; W. B. Northrup, M.P., West Hastings. The first meeting will be held in Victoria on September 8th.

The Senator—at Auditorium.

Customs Revenue

Ottawa, Aug. 30.—The customs revenue of the Dominion for the month of August, was \$3,326,436, an increase of \$320,970 over the same time last year. The revenue for the two months of the fiscal year is \$5,929,687, an increase of \$650,134 over the same time last year.

The Federal Sugar Refining Company of Canada is the name of the new company incorporated in Canada. This is the company for which C. Spreckels, of New York, applied for incorporation, the capital is \$6,000,000 and the company can do business all over Canada.

The Senator—at Auditorium.

Advertisement for Ladies Storm and Trimmed Dress Skirts, JUST IN SPECIAL VALUES, SUMMERS & ORRELL, 2nd Ave.

Advertisement for EMIL STAUF, REAL ESTATE, WINING AND FINANCIAL BROKER, Agent for Harper & Ludue Townsite Co., Harper's Addition, Menzie's Addition, The Imperial Life Insurance Company. Collections Promptly Attended to Money to Loan. Houses to Rent. Gold Dust Bought and Sold. N. C. Office Bldg. King St.

Advertisement for Northern Commercial COMPANY OFFICE BUILDING

Advertisement for RENTS REDUCED! Elegant Offices, Steam Heated, Electric Lights, including safe deposit box and janitor service. Apply at Office N. C. Co.

New Stock AT THE NUGGET JOB PRINTERY New Type

Advertisement for STR. CASCA, Leaves Dawson for Whitehorse THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 11th. Office, Aurora Dock. Frank Mortimer, Agent.

Advertisement for STR. CLIFFORD SIFTON, WILL SAIL FOR WHITEHORSE FRIDAY, SEPT. 12th, AT 8:00 P. M. FOR TICKETS, RATES, ETC., APPLY FRANK MORTIMER, Agent, - Aurora Dock

Advertisement for FOR SALE Cheap for Cash Five Horsepower Boiler and 4 Horsepower Engine. Apply - - - NUGGET OFFICE

Advertisement for Regular Service on Stewart River STR. PROSPECTOR For Duncan's Landing and Fraser Falls Tonight, Sept. 10, 8:00 O'Clock. Apply W. MEED, Mgr., - - S.-Y. T. Dock

Advertisement for The White Pass & Yukon Route (THE BRITISH YUKON NAVIGATION CO.) Operate the Fastest and Best Appointed Steamers Between Whitehorse and Dawson. Str. Selkirk Will Sail for Whitehorse Thursday, Sept. 11th 4:00 P. M. Only Line Issuing Through Tickets and Checking Baggage Through to Skagway. J. F. LEE, Traffic Mgr., Seattle and Skagway. J. H. ROGERS, Gen. Agent, Dawson. J. W. YOUNG, City Ticket Agent, Dawson.

Advertisement for THE ORR & TUKEY CO., Ltd. STAGE AND LIVERY

MONK

Will Leave Sw

Makers of Fa satisfied W usual

Paris, Aug. 30.—The monks of the famous green have definitely disincorporated laws, the picturesque Grenoble, in themselves to fathers have what part of locate. They build themselves little-visited ready the Mon moved out of the monastery occupied ever tury, and is on the 89th of books is well as one of Europe, and carry the volu Now it is be the effect of France will tional pocketb fathers pay a plied them amounting to industry of ma gives employe peasants—the ing the only p by the monks other workmen the 2,000,000 m astery folk use year. The mo will be missed ly, France's land's gain. ally those in teemed, will the monks' ren spirits in Swi et than in Fra quence, the pri liqueurs may b Of course a story of the the Charteau rocky valley fo sea level, by S how the secret treuse was kno the liqueur use hundreds of thought of ma It may not be however, what of money the C now. It was nier, one of the 1835, first th world find o drink the fathe themselves for Garnier has ho ty years, his on every bottl he "exploited" annual profits a now over 1500 money the mon tributed among institutions. keep has been o to help the po miles around a over for public and "aqueducts" present in the in trouble abou to the fathers, able to arrange would have not pay "The Charteau are not those l little band of years ago. T about 200 year built monaster four by fire, and another by religious overa century. Thi the present clu ers and others order have the The true su cease in their holy men, but et-by forcing t tely silent. a during a slight they take oca It has been rep trease monks h the liqueur, b so, in spite of ley, the prior trade marks, a monie any

MONKS TO DEPART

Will Leave France for Switzerland

Makers of Famous Wine Are Dissatisfied With New and Unusual Regulations.

Paris, Aug. 30. — Although the Chartreuse monks — makers of the famous green and yellow liqueurs — have definitely decided, on account of disinclination to submit to the association laws, to leave behind them the picturesque old monastery near Grenoble, in France, and to betake themselves to Switzerland, the good fathers have not yet settled in just what part of that country they will locate. They intend, however, to build themselves a new home in some little-visited corner of the Alps. Already the monks' library has been moved out of La Grande Chartreuse, the monastery which the order has occupied ever since the eleventh century, and is now at a custom house on the Swiss frontier. This collection of books is one of the largest, as well as one of the most valuable, in Europe, and it took four wagons to carry the volumes.

Now it is being asked what will be the effect of the monks' exodus? France will feel their loss in its national pocketbook, for at present the fathers pay a tax on the alcohol supplied them by the government amounting to \$400,000 a year. The industry of making the liqueurs, too, gives employment to a whole host of peasants—the mixing of the herbs being the only part of the process done by the monks themselves—and still other workmen are kept busy making the 2,000,000 bottles which the monastery folk use up in the course of a year. The monks' immense charities will be missed badly, too. Naturally, France's loss will be Switzerland's gain. Other countries, especially those in which Chartreuse is esteemed, will have reason to regret the monks' removal, for the tax on spirits in Switzerland is much higher than in France, and, as a consequence, the prices of the delectable liqueurs may be expected to go up.

Of course everybody knows the story of the original foundation of the Chartreuse monastery in the rocky valley four thousand feet above sea level, by St. Bruno in 1084, and how the secret of making the Chartreuse was known to the monks, and the liqueur used by them as medicine hundreds of years before any one thought of making money out of it. It may not be as generally known, however, what an immense amount of money the Chartreuse does make now. It was shrewd old Pere Garnier, one of the chief monks, who, in 1835, first thought of letting the world find out what a delightful drink the fathers had been having to themselves for so long. Although Garnier has now been dead over thirty years, his signature still appears on every bottle of the liqueur which he "exploited" so farsightedly. The annual profits on the Chartreuse are now over \$500,000. Most of this money the monks have for years distributed among the French charitable institutions, and the balance they keep has been enough to enable them to help the poor and the sick for miles around and to leave something over for public works — for bridges and aqueducts. Whenever a French peasant in the neighborhood has been in trouble about money he has gone to the fathers, feeling sure of being able to arrange a loan on which he would have not a cent of interest to pay.

The Chartreuse monastery buildings are not those that St. Bruno and his little band of adherents raised 900 years ago. The present ones are about 200 years old. Six previously built monasteries were destroyed — four by fires, one by an avalanche and another by soldiers during the religious overturning of the sixteenth century. Thirty-six monks live in the present cloisters, but lay brothers and others associated with the order have their homes round about.

The true monks are not only as severe in their ways of life as most holy men, but carry the thing farther by forcing themselves to be absolutely silent all the time, except during a short walk abroad which they take once a week. Several times it has been reported that the Chartreuse monks had sold their rights in the liqueur, but they never have done so, in spite of tempting offers. Pere Rey, the prior, now owns all the trade marks, and has the right to prosecute any one imitating them.

Since 1863, however, the actual selling of the liqueurs has been in the hands of a private French company. When the monks decided recently to leave their monastery they ordered 600 casks in which to take away the supply of liqueur in their "caves."

The idea of monks in business has always seemed rather incongruous, but it is surprising to find how many "good fathers" are traders of one sort or another, and what shrewd men of affairs most of them make. There are, of course, the "Benedictine monks" on the continent, and their namesakes in England, whose business is even more original. The latter sell salves and pills made by themselves. The pills are famed far and wide, and the salve, which comes in the unusual form of sticks, is warranted to cure no matter what kind of skin ailment. At the monks' abbey, St. Mary's, in Buckfastleigh, poor people can get these remedies without money and without price. The Trappist monks, who inhabit the abbey of the Grace of God, at Alquebelle, France, have two rather important businesses. They make a chocolate which is highly esteemed throughout France, and also a wine almost as rich as Chartreuse, and which might be as famous if it had been advertised as skillfully as the green and yellow liqueur.

Besides publishing a religious paper known as The Irish Rosary, the Dominican monks of St. Saviour's priory, Dublin, do ordinary printing and so does an order near Boulogne. The fathers at St. Gothard, Switzerland, work coal mines so successfully that they can afford to entertain, gratis, all visitors to their monastery. Last year 20,000 people were regaled. German monks, settled in the Black forest, distill from cherries a white wine that every patriotic Teuton maintains beats Chartreuse hollow. It is called Kirschwasser. Near Solovetsk, in Russia, monks run a steam ferry, which carries people from the mainland to the island on which their monastery is built. Farmer monks are common in rural England, those of Charnwood forest owning 400 acres, and making and delivering milk, butter and vegetables. The monks of the abbey of St. Michael de Frigolet, in France, manufacture church tapers and candles of all kinds, while other fathers reap a handsome profit on wood carvings, which they make in their cells.

Hurt by Wildcat

Seattle, Aug. 31. — "Eastern investors have been somewhat timid about investing in Northwest mining properties," said J. H. Baumer, a Cincinnati engineer who is on the coast for the purpose of investigating some of the mining claims that have been offered eastern capitalists. He has combined pleasure with the business feature of his trip and has spent a great deal of time in the south. He is now stopping at the Rainier-Grand.

"Stock jobbers," he continued, "have unloaded a large amount of wild-cat mining stock upon unsuspecting eastern investors. The result has been that men with money have refused to take up any proposition until it has been investigated by competent men in whom they have confidence. It is believed Washington has a large number of valuable mineral deposits and that capital can find a good investment in the Northwest, but a full investigation will be had in the future."

"They tell me that one who has visited this country always longs to return again. I am afraid that will be the result of my visit. This is a great country and it has a most delightful climate. The prospects for the future are so alluring that it is hard to make up one's mind to leave. The Puget Sound has every attraction and there is no doubt it will be one of the richest and most populous districts in America some day."

Dead Line Established.

New Bedford, Mass., Aug. 30. — The Massachusetts garrison for Fort Rodman, which is to be on duty there during the coming week, reached here today and marched in with the band playing and colors flying. The camp was in readiness, and guard was mounted at once and the dead line established.

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STUBBORN FIGHTING

Between the Venezuelan and Rebel Troops

Latter Are Compelled to Retreat After a Long Hard Fought Battle.

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, Aug. 29. — Advice of an official nature which have reached here from Caracas, Venezuela, are to the effect that a severe fight occurred yesterday between government forces and the advance guard of the revolutionary army under Gen. Matos. The revolutionists were commanded by Generals Zoilo and Vidal. They made an attempt to occupy the town of Taguay, but after a fight of five hours they abandoned the field to the government forces. Two hundred of the revolutionists were killed or wounded.

President Castro is now at Cura, 25 miles from Caracas.

ATROCITIES REPORTED.

Kingston, Jamaica, Aug. 29. — The German steamer Polaria, which arrived here today from Venezuelan ports, last Friday, August 22nd, reports that while at Carupano, 700 rebels attacked the place stubbornly, and got inside the town, where they were met by a thousand government troops under General Velutini. Severe fighting, lasting the whole day, followed and ended in the disorderly retreat of the rebels, several of the latter being killed or wounded.

Bullets repeatedly struck the steamer, and the lives of her crew being in danger, Capt. Hoff, her commander, communicated with Gen. Velutini and asked for protection. The general replied that the Polaria must clear out, as he had no right to be there. Her captain refused to leave the port, and telegraphed the German cruiser at Gazelle at La Guayara, asking for immediate protection. The Gazelle arrived at Carupano on Sunday morning, and protected the Polaria while the latter proceeded to take on cargo. This work was completed on Monday night and the Polaria sailed under the protection of the German cruiser, which also left Carupano. The Venezuelan naval officials there were in fear of another and more serious attack on the place. Trade was completely crippled and many atrocities were reported.

EXPLANATION WANTED.

Washington, Aug. 29. — Colombia will formally demand of Nicaragua an explanation in regard to the latter country's alleged participation in the revolution against the Colombian government, and back up her demand with the most formidable land and naval forces she can muster as soon as the present rebel activity on the Isthmus has been crushed. Information to this effect was received from authoritative source in Washington.

The above intelligence causes considerable surprise in diplomatic circles, for but a few weeks ago it was announced that Mr. Cochoa, the Colombian minister, and Mr. Corea, the Nicaraguan minister, had established an entente cordiale between their respective governments.

Shortly after Minister Corea's arrival in Nicaragua, where he went some weeks ago on a leave of absence, the Colombian minister here, it is stated, received information to the effect that arms and ammunition for the Colombian rebels on the Isthmus were being shipped from Corinto. The Colombian legation here had been receiving reports of this character continually, and in view of the arrangement effected with the Nicaraguan minister before he left Washington, Senor Cochoa lost no time in calling Mr. Corea's attention to the matter.

The latter replied that President Zelaya would immediately institute an investigation to ascertain if the reports were well founded. A short time ago, however, more reports were received in Washington to the effect that Nicaragua still continued her material support of the revolutionists on the Isthmus, and Colombia, now, it is stated, finds her patience exhausted and decided to present a formal demand for an explanation.

Meanwhile, it is understood, the entente cordiale has only a nominal existence. It is not anticipated that the affair will lead to an actual war with Nicaragua, but nevertheless Colombia is making preparations to back up her representations with a reinforced army and navy. It develops that the purchase of the well-

armed vessel at Seattle, as well as several purchases of warships for the Colombian navy, have Nicaragua, rather than the present troubles on the Isthmus in view.

Salute for Americans

Berlin, Aug. 30. — Riding down the lines of troops and guests at the review today, Emperor William, who usually on these occasions does not acknowledge salutes, singled out the American generals, turned his head sharply around and raised his baton to his helmet. All those in that part of the field, especially the ambassadorial cluster, were much interested. After that his majesty devoted himself to the king of Italy and the duties of the day, not speaking to any of the foreign officers except the Italian.

Brig. Gen. Wood, who arrived here last night, was not in uniform, his military trappings being with his delayed baggage, so he saw the review from a carriage, with John B. Jackson, secretary of the United States embassy at Berlin. About 30,500 troops, one-third of the number being cavalry, took part in the review, which was the customary brilliant spectacle. Capt. von Grunme, Emperor William's aide-de-camp, gave a luncheon today to Maj. Gen. Corbin and Mrs. Corbin, Lieut. Col. John A. Johnston and Mrs. Johnston and Mrs. Johnston, Maj. Gen. Young and Lieut. James F. McKinley.

The visiting American generals, beginning Monday, will be Emperor William's guests, and his majesty will pay their hotel bills in Berlin, their transportation to the scene of the army maneuvers, and the expense of their lodging at Frankfurt-on-the-Oder. Gen. Corbin and Col. Johnston will be quartered at the residence of the tax assessor, Herr von Jacob; Gen. Young and Lieut. McKinley will lodge with Gymnasium Director Laubert, and Gen. Wood will be quartered with Maj. von Randow.

Maj. Gens. Henry C. Corbin and Samuel B. M. Young and Brig. Gen. Leonard Wood, accompanied by their aides-de-camp, attended the parade on the Tempelhof field.

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Revenue

The customs revenue for the month is \$3,326,456, an increase over the same time revenue for the two fiscal years is \$5,929,000 of \$659,134 over the year.

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VERY

FALL OF THE CAMPANILE OF ST. MARKS.

The fall of the Campanile of St. Mark's in Venice, one of the most famous towers in the world, has attracted world-wide attention and brought forth universal expressions of regret. It was a landmark not only for the people of Venice, but for millions of travelers who have visited that city of architectural wonders, entrancing waterways and odd customs. From Venice newspapers just received in Seattle Carlos E. Arriola has translated for the Post-Intelligencer the following story of the Campanile and its destruction:

While somewhat austere and even broken in its architectural unity the Campanile shared with some other towers the universal admiration of the cultured traveler.

The Giralda of Seville, the Campanile of Giotto, the Tower of Magdalen Chapel, were the typical parallel examples that occurred to every traveled tourist who first entered the great square of Venice and saw, in the midst of its bright sunlight, that vast tower of St. Mark lifting itself visibly forth from the level field of chequered stones, while beyond it, as you stood in the shadow of the

Loggetta dei Procuratori, by Sansovino, was buried in the debris. The heap of rubbish was as high as the royal palace.

No one was killed, the architects having by great good fortune managed to clear the piazza just before the collapse occurred, but several people were injured.

The catastrophe created the greatest sensation at Venice. The people flocked to the square, which, however was occupied by troops, who prevented any one from entering. The mayor and other officials and many citizens wept when they saw the destruction. A very bitter feeling prevails against the experts, who are blamed for not taking suitable precautions at an earlier date.

CAUSE OF COLLAPSE.

It has been ascertained that the collapse of the Campanile at Venice was not caused by any subsidence of the foundations, but through its having split at a point half way up, where it was struck by lightning in the year 1745. The tower was surmounted by a bronze gilt-covered wooden statue of an angel, about

etian republic, in 1148.

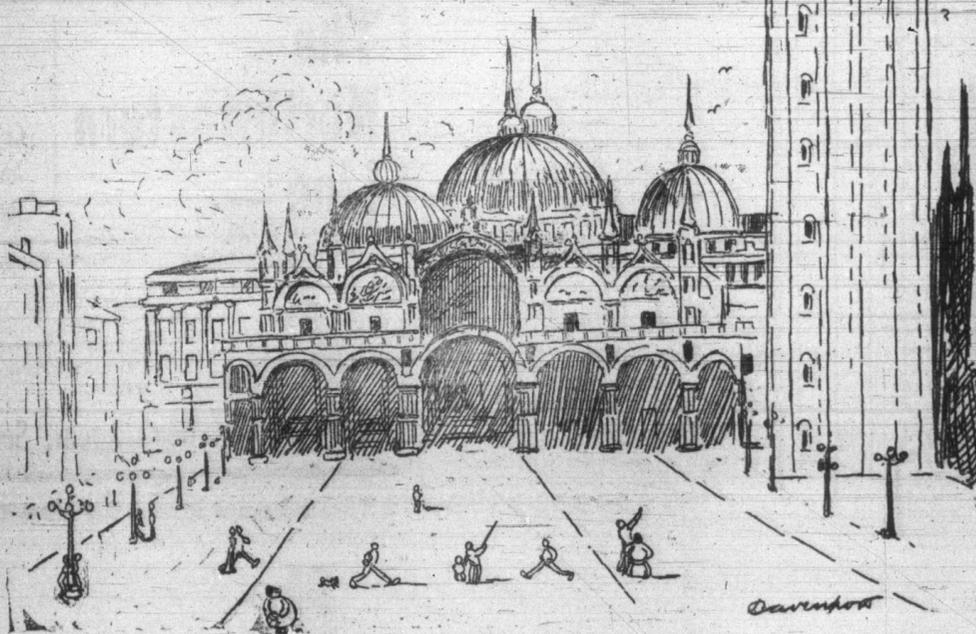
This illustrious patrician thought of giving the Campanile to the great Basilica.

In the year 885 Pietro Tribuno being the head of the republic (doge), the foundation was begun. The work continued until the year 919, when it came to a standstill, until under Morosini the work was resumed. When the workmen were working almost at the top the great miracle is reported to have happened. One of the workmen, whose name has not been handed down to us, fell from the top and was saved from instant death by catching miraculously on an overhanging timber—from where he was rescued by his fellow artisans. It is said that this workman believed his life had been saved by St. Mark, to whom he had invoked in that supreme moment.

HOW IT WAS BUILT.

The campanile was built entirely of brick. The columns and arches were of stone.

Above this lofty base was the superstructure added in the sixteenth century, and consisting of a loggia



THE CAMPANILE TOWER.

"Bocca di Piazza," rose that vision of pillars and white domes, clustered in a long, low pyramid of color, gold, opal, mother of pearl, and alabaster, which is St. Mark's.

The splendid contrast thus afforded will never more be seen, and it is difficult, under the first shock of the sad tidings, to estimate our loss in that stock of beauty which the modern world has inherited, without labor and without price, from its forebears. The ancient masons built as though they knew that the spirit of their dream should outlast many a reality that seemed firm-based enough when they were building. For eight centuries, on the shifting soil of Venice, their Campanile stood, and it would, no doubt, have long survived our generation, but for the superpositions of the sixteenth century, which never entered into the calculations of the first builders.

Three hundred and twenty-two feet in height, the fallen tower was probably one of the heaviest buildings in Europe for its size, and its weight was estimated at 13,000 tons when an American architect made a critical examination of its foundations in 1885.

HOW IT FELL.

The first warnings of disaster were detected in a longitudinal crack on the corner facing the clock tower, which broke two small windows, and the timely forethought of the prefect in forbidding the possibility of crowds, or ringing the bells, alone prevented a loss of life that might well have been considerable.

The act of falling lasted barely a minute. During the night a fissure in the wall that had already been observed had extended to an alarming extent, and while the architects were about to make an investigation in the morning, the tower suddenly began to sway and then fell down with a terrific crash.

One corner of the royal palace, that containing the library built by Sansovino, was injured, and two arches of the Procuratie were destroyed. The framework of the belfry subsided on to the neighboring piazzetta. One corner of the church near the palace of the Doges was seriously damaged but the latter building remains uninjured. The famous

twenty feet high. This fell down in front of the central door of the Church of St. Mark, but did not injure it. The statue sank into the ground, however.

In future tourists who desire to see something of what the Campanile of St. Mark's was like must look at the severe outlines of the detached tower of San Lenone in Verona, for the exquisite decoration of Giotto's masterpiece at Florence takes it into quite another category of art, and in both these latter instances the tower is far nearer the church than was the case in Venice. For the lost Campanile was, like Toraccio at Cremona or the famous Asinelli and Garisenda Towers at Bologna, a civic monument, perpetuating the attainment of a certain civic or communal dignity, and placed near the church only because all the important buildings of the city were grouped together in a public square. In Italy there is hardly a single instance of a tower forming an integral part of the design of a church, and this, for the reason that the bells of the Campanile were not originally used for ecclesiastical purposes, but as a means of calling the community together, either with arms in their hands to defend their walls to repress internal tumults, to elect magistrates, or for deliberation on the affairs of the commonwealth. The tower in which this bell was hung was a symbol of newly-acquired independence and power on the Seine, the Scheldt and the Po, as the "Rouvel" of Rouen called the citizens together to resist the invader, and the bell rang out to summon the citizens of Ghent. At Bruges, Ypres and Brussels the bell-towers mean all this and more, for they usually contain the archives of the city in their massive base.

The charm of the Campanile of St. Mark's was the stern and imposing beauty of proportion and strength. Its memories are safe upon the canvases of Canaletto; its proportions are enshrined in every architectural text-book in the world, but the grace its builders gave it is lost forever with the art they knew.

HISTORY OF THE CAMPANILE.

The famous structure was given to Comenico Morosini, head of the Ven-

cian republic, in 1148. This illustrious patrician thought of giving the Campanile to the great Basilica. In the year 885 Pietro Tribuno being the head of the republic (doge), the foundation was begun. The work continued until the year 919, when it came to a standstill, until under Morosini the work was resumed. When the workmen were working almost at the top the great miracle is reported to have happened. One of the workmen, whose name has not been handed down to us, fell from the top and was saved from instant death by catching miraculously on an overhanging timber—from where he was rescued by his fellow artisans. It is said that this workman believed his life had been saved by St. Mark, to whom he had invoked in that supreme moment.

The next addition above this was another compartment 27 feet high. Above this was what they called the pyramid, and this was 634 feet. The top of the whole structure was triangular in shape and was 94 feet in height. The total height was 284 feet (99 meters).

DISASTERS OF THE CAMPANILE.

Several have been the disasters that the mighty tower has suffered from time to time, in the course of centuries.

In 1329 it had to be repaired.

In 1490 it was damaged in the interior by a fire, caused by the burning of fireworks in honor of the election of the Doge Michele Steno.

In 1417 it was struck by lightning and the upper part destroyed. To avoid similar disasters the top was rebuilt of marble engraved in gold, but in 1490 it was again struck by lightning and partly destroyed.

In 1510 it was rebuilt, and the statue of an angel was placed on the top to serve as a weather vane.

It was again struck by lightning in 1547, 1565, and 1657.

In 1745 the whole triangle-shaped cupola was destroyed by lightning.

In 1490 the compartment containing the bells before it was destroyed had a different shape than it had later. After this accident it was remodeled on a grander and more beautiful style. It took the architect, Mastro Buono, six years to reconstruct the destroyed compartments.

When the campanile was repaired in 1805 the interior stairs were continued to the top, formerly they extended only to the bell compartment.

COST OF BELL TOWER.

The tower containing the bells, to-

gether with the triangle-shaped cupola, alone cost 50,000 ducats.

In 1885 Mr. C. H. Blackhall, of Boston, correspondent of the American Architect, together with the famous Italian architect, Giacomo Bontà, made a careful examination of the foundations of the famous tower. From their architectural report, published in 1885, we take the following:

The stone foundation of the campanile rested on a double layer of logs, one row laid crosswise on the other. These logs were found to be in a perfect state of preservation. Below this was the piling proper. The piling directly under the foundation was surrounded by an exterior fencing of piles, at the same level, wholly separate from the foundations and bearing no weight whatever. — Seattle P.-I.

Circular Issued

Washington, Aug. 30. — Secretary Shaw has issued a circular regarding the free entry of personal effects under the act of 1897, in which he says:

"It having been brought to the attention of the department that certain persons have sought to place a strained construction on the department circular number 48, under date of May 7, 1902; the following explanation thereof and supplemental instructions are hereby issued:

"There is no warrant in any ruling of the department that justifies the importation of cigars, spirituous, vinous, or malt liquors in any other quantity or manner than provided by law, nor is there anything in the circular to warrant the exemption of merchandise, as such, from duty. The statute uses this language, 'wearing apparel, articles of personal adornment, toilet articles and similar personal effects.'

"For some years it was held that 'similar personal effects' in order to be exempt, must be similar to 'wearing apparel' or similar to 'articles of personal adornment,' or similar to 'toilet articles.' The department still holds that exempt articles must in a sense be similar—that is, they must be of the same general class of articles as tourists ordinarily purchase abroad.

"The difficulty, it will be seen, lies

in applying these rules, in the light of the statute, to particular cases, and it is the intention to vest the customs with some measure of discretion. A dress pattern is certainly similar to a gown, while a bolt of dress goods is merchandise. Customs officers are expected to protect the revenues of the country, but they are not expected to administer the laws with captious and vexatious discriminations. Whenever circumstances indicate that the returning tourist is attempting to impose upon the government, the maximum rate of duty shall be collected, and then all questions involved can be determined on appeal.

The secretary also issued instructions to the collector of customs at New York, in the matter of reimported foreign goods, as follows: "I am in receipt of your letter of the 25th, calling attention to the de-

partment's letter of August 7, 1902, relative to the reimportation of automobile and suggesting that certain individuals are seeking to have the rule applied to merchandise. This was not the intention. The object of the ruling is to relieve tourists from the second payment of duty on wearing apparel, articles of personal adornment and other personal and house effects appropriate to their journey. It must not be extended to merchandise.

"It is the intention of the department to grant the traveling public every reasonable facility for their enjoyment abroad, and their convenience in returning; but while this is being done, the extreme penalty of the law should be visited upon those who seek to take advantage of its relaxed rules for purposes of smuggling."

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ANOTHER LENGTHY SESSION

Of Yukon Council Took Place Yesterday Afternoon—Ordinances and Petitions Considered—Lien Law to be Drawn Up.

At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the Yukon council again convened, the session lasting almost until 6. The first matter to come up was a petition signed by a number of claim owners on Bonanza asking that the application of H. H. Norwood for permission to appropriate 3000 inches of water on upper Bonanza be given favorable consideration. The petition bore such names as Sam Stanley, Charles Worden, Alex. McDonald, John Moe, Clarence Berry, Frank Berry, John Lind, I. Rosenhal and many other of the heaviest operators on the creek. Before the petition was entirely read Dugas asked at a petition of such nature being presented to the council and at its conclusion remarked that such was clearly beyond the scope of the council to deal with and did not concern that body at all. It is within the province of the gold commissioner and the federal government and such has no business being presented to the Yukon council. Senkler also agreed that it should not have come before the council at all. Its proper place was with the gold commissioner. The council has no power whatever to deal with such matters. Dugas moved that the petition be not received and returned to the signers.

Prudhomme objected to such proceedings and moved an amendment that the petition be accepted and a special committee of three be named to investigate the merits of the matter. "It is our duty to look into it and we may be able to be of some assistance in preventing a great wrong being done a large number of people."

Dugas—"What is the use when it does not concern us at all and it is beyond our power to do anything one way or the other?"

Senkler—"It appears the same way to me. We can do nothing in the matter."

Prudhomme insisted on his amendment naming himself, Wilson and Senkler as the proposed committee. On a vote the amendment was lost. Newlands, Dugas and Senkler, voting nay.

Wilson read a lengthy letter which was prepared for Deputy Minister of the Interior Smart, but as that gentleman had left the city before the communication could be delivered the writer had requested that his ideas be conveyed to the council. The letter was signed by Alex. McDonald for himself and hundreds of others and contained a number of valuable suggestions by which the government could lend substantial aid in increasing the prosperity of the country. It referred to the fact that many of the high grade placer properties were nearly worked out which was in a measure responsible for the present stagnation, a condition, however, which could be easily remedied. It was strongly recommended that the area of hydraulic concessions be reduced; the government should furnish drills for the purpose of testing new ground by which more could be accomplished in one day than could by the old and more laborious method in a month, and would have the effect of opening up vast areas of new territory. Diamond drills should be supplied for prospecting quartz and the enormous beds of conglomerates that are known to exist in many localities; dredges of various kinds for the purpose of determining which is the best in handling the character of gravel found here; should control the sale of dynamite; build reservoirs and sell the water so impounded to the miners; take the duty off all machinery used for mining purposes which can not be procured in Canada. It was pointed out that the government is now paying a bonus of \$2 a ton upon the production of iron merely to assist in the establishment of a new industry, and the petitioners simply ask that the same consideration be shown the miners of the Yukon. In many different countries large tracts of land are irrigated by federal assistance; cities often build their own reservoirs and there is no apparent reason why similar help should not be rendered the people of this territory who are devoting their lives to the building up of what will eventually prove one of the richest sections of the Dominion of Canada. Let the government establish stamp mills, supply drills for experimental purposes, control the sale of water and the miners and prospectors will do the rest.

The communication was referred to

the committee of miscellaneous matters.

A large number of committee reports were made, principally on the petitions that had been presented the evening before. Re the applications for ferry privileges, Prudhomme, chairman of his committee, recommended that a license be issued to Thos. Whalen for a ferry crossing the Pelly river near Selkirk; V. A. Paine on the Stewart river at the government road crossing; Horace McKay on the Yukon near Mackay's; Lynch & Nelson on the Indian river. The committee also recommends that no license fee be charged for the balance of the year, the schedule of fees be submitted to the commissioner for approval, and that the rights granted cover only one-half mile on each side of each of the ferry crossings.

Wilson, chairman of the committee on private bills, to which was referred the petition of H. C. Macaulay and others praying for the incorporation of the Dawson Amateur Athletic Association, Ltd., recommended that the petition be received and that the fee for incorporation be remitted.

Girouard—"Why do you recommend that the fee be remitted?"

Wilson—"The association is purely a local affair and the recommendation of the remittance of the fee was made simply as an encouragement to clean, healthy sports and athletic pastimes."

Senkler, chairman of the committee on civil justice and miscellaneous matters, had several reports to make upon matters which had been referred to his committee. Re the petition of A. R. Thompson for assistance in sinking the deep shaft on 9a Eldorado, it is recommended that the government contribute the sum of \$15 per foot toward such work until \$1,000 has been expended, such assistance applying only to the work that is done after this date. Re the petition of the vestry of St. Paul's church praying that the sum of \$1500 be allowed for the removal of the old church buildings off Church street, the committee recommends that the prayer be granted. The petition of the Dawson City Water and Power Company for permission to establish a quartz mill to be operated under government supervision was acted favorably upon, the committee recommending that a contract be entered into with the company for the erection of such mill. The petition of the Dawson City Quartz Mining Company for assistance in making a mill test of the ore from their claims was also favorably received. The committee recommends that as soon as a quartz mill has been established and is ready to be operated under government supervision the commissioner pay for sample tests of not more than two tons each for two months after the establishment of such mill. The public libraries at Dawson and Whitehorse will still continue to receive substantial assistance from the government, the committee having recommended that the acting commissioner continue the payment of the sum of \$225 per month to the Public Library Association, of Dawson, and \$75 per month to the public library at Whitehorse until such time as the question of the support of the libraries and the administration of the same is arranged for; and further that the acting commissioner and Mr. Senkler be a committee to confer with the city council with reference to the Carnegie library.

The legal adviser will endeavor to draw up a bill which will afford better protection to the miners and other laborers on claims. At the meeting Monday evening when the "deception" bill came up for its second reading and Prudhomme proposed an amendment the entire matter was referred to a committee of which Wilson is chairman. The committee recommends that the legal adviser be instructed to draw up an ordinance that will give to all laborers on a mine a lien upon the entire product of the mine and upon all chattels in connection therewith, and also a lien upon the entire interests of the owners of the mine over and above any mortgage registered under the placer or quartz regulations; also to give to the person supplying wood for the working of the mine a lien on the wood so supplied, said liens to be filed within 30 days of the completion of their contract.

Prudhomme presented a motion that the council recommend to the

governor-general in council that the fees on wood be reduced to 25 cents a cord the same as is collected in other parts of the Dominion. Newlands suggested with a smile that the council could memorialize the governor-general upon such questions but could hardly make a recommendation to such effect. The matter was referred to a special committee consisting of the acting commissioner, Prudhomme and Wilson.

Dugas moved the abolition of all the different standing committees. Motion referred.

Wilson introduced the ordinance incorporating the Dawson City Amateur Athletic Association and moved its first reading. He explained that that which had been introduced the evening before was the petition and not the bill which it had been inadvertently called. The same gentleman also proposed the second reading of the ordinance respecting unincorporated towns, the council later resolving itself into a committee of the whole to consider the bill section by section. The amendments provide for the raising of the license of hawkers and peddlers from \$20 to \$100 and on dogs from \$1 and \$2 to \$5. It is further provided that the residents of the Forks can again raise the fees when they so desire should the majority favor such action. The last section of the bill was stricken out after which it was given its third reading and passed.

The bill respecting the public service of the territory was given its second reading.

Then came the second reading of the bill respecting the council of the Yukon territory which provides for the election of five members and the division of the territory into five electoral districts.

Prudhomme does not approve of the division, thinks the members should be elected at large and asked the legal adviser for his authority in making such division.

Newlands, with a smile—"The territory is not divided; the bill has merely been presented and it is up to the council to either pass or reject it. The ordinance does not become a law until it is passed."

Prudhomme—"I object to this proposed division. The bill says there are to be five electoral districts whereas I insist there is but one and that is the entire territory."

Newlands—"As to the power to make this division, this council has all the powers of the assembly of the Northwest Territories which is conferred upon us by the act. The bill is made necessary for the purpose of amending certain portions of the old bill which are not applicable to the present election."

Prudhomme as an amendment moved that the bill be laid on the table, to which Newlands took exception, saying that the council should stand by the principle of the election as provided, but Prudhomme still objected to further procedure.

Dugas—"Why do you object?"

Prudhomme—"Because I think this division is illegal."

The reading was deferred until the evening session.

The second reading of the masters and servants ordinance stands until the legal adviser has prepared the new lien ordinance.

Other bills that received their second reading included the ordinance respecting the summoning of juries; that amending the ordinances of the Northwest Territories and making them applicable to the Yukon; that respecting public health; that respecting the prevention of fires; that amending the Dawson City charter; that consolidating certain ordinances; that respecting the legal profession. The latter was also given its third reading and passed. That respecting public schools also came up but on request of Dugas it was put aside in order to allow him time to look over it more thoroughly. The bill for the prevention of fires was given its third reading and passed. It was presented at the request of Major Snyder of Whitehorse who states that the railroad is in the habit of bringing in car loads of dynamite and leaving it in storage in the warehouses until shipment is made to Dawson. Such is extremely dangerous and should be stopped.

At the session of the council yesterday evening the first thing taken up was the slaughter house ordinance which was considered by the committee of the whole. The clause which limits such establishments to one

Shovel and Axe Chief Captured

Seattle, Aug. 31.—After stealing property worth thousands of dollars and giving the police authorities of Seattle and Tacoma no end of trouble for the last three months, the noted "ax and shovel" thief has been landed behind the bars. His name is Fred Moore Preston, alias Monroe Preston, alias George Harris, and he has been a resident of North Seattle for three or four years. His capture was effected by Chief of Police William Fackler, of Tacoma, last Wednesday afternoon.

The thief has already revealed the whereabouts of property valued in the aggregate at \$3,500. In consequence of his disclosures four other persons are now under arrest at the city prison and will probably be charged with receiving stolen property. They are Henry, better known as "Hank" Henkel, manager of the Owl saloon, at First avenue and Bell street; Abe Cohen, an employe of Piskey Barrett; Michael Cohen, who conducts a barber shop at 101 Occidental avenue, and Wesley Adams, colored, a saloon swamper.

When Preston was placed in the sweat box at Tacoma Friday afternoon by Detectives Tennant and Wappenstein he confessed his crimes little by little, until finally the authorities were in possession of the facts which led to the subsequent arrests and the recovery of the stolen property. Preston admitted, moreover, that he is the person who cached a large quantity of plunder near Madrona park, which was found by a small boy six weeks ago. The night the plunder was located Detectives Barbee and Tennant lay in wait for the thief. When he appeared he was commanded to surrender and escaped by lively sprinting in the darkness, two shots being fired after him by Detective Barbee. Preston stated yesterday that both bullets whistled so close to his ears he came within an ace of stopping in his flight and permitting himself to be placed under arrest.

CREDIT TO CHIEF FACKLER.

The credit for the capture of the famous "ax and shovel" thief, who received his title from the fact that he almost always used an ax or a shovel in prying open a door or window, is accorded by the Seattle police to Chief Fackler, of the Tacoma force. Almost two days elapsed, however, before it was discovered that Preston was the man who had committed at least fifty burglaries in Seattle. The prisoner confessed to several thefts in Tacoma, and has either told where the property was hidden or will do so today. He pretended ignorance of the burglaries in this city, however, and did not confess that he was the much-wanted man until questioned for some time by Detectives Tennant and Wappenstein.

Shortly after 2 o'clock last Wednesday afternoon a message was telephoned police headquarters at Tacoma that a burglar was going through the dwelling of E. F. Carlisle, proprietor of the Tacoma cafe, who lives at 312 North Cliff avenue. Every patrolman and detective on the force was absent from the station, and Chief Fackler started for the house alone. He met a suspicious looking character at Seventh avenue and C street, and asked the man a question or two. Not satisfied with his answers, the chief took him to Carlisle's residence. The man he had with him was there identified as the burglar who had gone through the house, Fresh paint, which had been used on a window facing, was found on the thief's clothing. He was taken to police headquarters and searched, and the property stolen from the house found in his pockets.

After denying for some time that he was responsible for a number of other burglaries which were committed in Tacoma during the last two weeks, Preston finally admitted his guilt in several instances. He took Chief Fackler, Capt. Murphy and Detective Sipo to a spot in the brush, at North Twenty-first avenue and Anderson street, just across the Prospect street bridge and near the Point Defiance car line, where silverware stolen from Mrs. Frank Knox Brown had been cached. The property comprised a part of the wedding presents of Mr. and Mrs. Brown, and is valued at \$150. A diamond ring, presented to Mrs. Brown by her husband as a wedding gift, was recovered in this city.

On the following day Chief Fackler notified Chief Sullivan of the arrest. At this time the identity of the man as the celebrated "ax and shovel" thief was not known. As he had been operating in Tacoma for two weeks, however, and no tricks had been turned during that period in Seattle, several members of the force were imbued with the idea that he might be the very man for whom they had sought so long.

Chief Sullivan decided the matter

was worth investigating and sent Detectives Tennant and Wappenstein to Tacoma Friday afternoon. After Preston, who had given the name of George Harris, had been closely questioned for two hours, he finally confessed that he had committed a number of burglaries in Seattle. He promised that if he were brought to the city he would reveal the whereabouts of all the property he had stolen.

Yesterday he was brought to Seattle by Chief Fackler, Capt. Murphy and Detective Sipo. At police headquarters he confessed to Chief Sullivan that he was the same person who had cashed the plunder found at Madrona park six weeks ago. He was sent with Detectives Tennant and Wappenstein and took them first to West Seattle. There he revealed the place where a large amount of his ill-gotten goods were concealed in the brush, near a high cliff. A part of this division of the plunder has been identified as the property of Harry J. Singleton, agent of the Amos Brown estate, and Mrs. A. G. Thompson, both of whom reside at West Seattle.

HAD MANY CACHES.

Returning to this city, Preston next conducted the detectives to the Albany house, at Fourth avenue south and Main street. Here the party proceeded to the room of Wesley Adams, colored, who has been employed as night porter, or swamper, at the Coeur d'Alene saloon. Adams and another man were in the room. Adams admitted that he had the property stolen. He had it secreted in another part of the building and was permitted to get it. He brought in a valise filled with silverware. Adams was placed under arrest and taken to the city prison. He will be charged with receiving stolen property.

From the Albany hotel the party went to the saloon of W. J. Clark, at First avenue and Bell street, where Henry Henkel is employed as manager. Henkel was not there, and the party went to his house, at 622 Twelfth avenue south. There a gunny sack full of silverware was secured. Henkel declared the goods had merely been left in his care. He was arrested and will also be charged with receiving stolen property.

The next objective point was the barber shop of Michael Cohen, under Williams Brothers' saloon, at Yesler way and Occidental avenue. Preston said he had sold Michael Cohen and his brother Abe, who recently arrived in the city from Oakland, Cal., eleven pairs of opera glasses, some broken gold, a turquoise and diamond ring and a meerschaum pipe. Both men declared that all they had ever received from Preston was the pipe and two pairs of opera glasses. They asserted that he had pawned the property with them, and that they did not suspect him of being a thief. The opera glasses and the pipe were secured, and the detectives also found the diamond ring which belongs to Mrs. Frank Knox Brown, of Tacoma, and other rings when Michael Cohen was searched. Detective Wappenstein has learned where the other opera glasses are and expects to secure them today. Both the Cohens were taken to the city prison and placed in confinement.

MANY CLAIMANTS APPEAR.

Among those appearing at police headquarters last evening and identifying stolen property were F. W. Fuller, of 1500 Thirtieth avenue south; Frederick C. Dimock, of 1208 Marston street; Clark M. Nettleton, civil service commissioner, William Duckering, the photographer, who lives at 2315 Minor avenue north, and Harry J. Singleton, who lives at West Seattle. Almost all of Fuller's wedding presents, valued at \$500, were recovered. Dimock found the most of the property stolen from his house, valued at \$150, in Chief Sullivan's private room. Many articles of silverware belonging to Mr. Nettleton were also located. Duckering missed a photographic lens valued at \$1.50, and asked Preston, who was in the room, where it was. He was informed it had been hidden in the brush near Madrona park. The burglar afterward accompanied the officers to the spot where he had hidden the lens, and it was returned to Duckering.

The police were busy until midnight picking up various articles from odd places around the city where they had been stored by Preston. Today he will be taken back to Tacoma to reveal the location of more plunder.

The name of the burglar was ascertained to be J. Monroe Preston, from a plumber's union card found in his pockets when he was arrested. He is known to have lived at various places around North Seattle for three or four years, and formerly conducted an express business. He is known to have another room at a

house on Third avenue, between Battery and Wall streets. This will be searched by the police today.

WOMAN IS INTERESTED.

W. J. Clark, proprietor of the Owl saloon, went to police headquarters last night, in company with Mrs. Robert Metz and Hattie Griffin, and asked to see Preston and Henkel. They were denied the privilege by Capt. Willard, whereupon the Griffin woman declared the burglar's real name is Fred Moore Preston. She grew very insulting at times because she was not permitted to see the thief. She was asked her name, and flippantly remarked that her name was nobody's business but her own. Capt. Willard smiled and told the woman her name and address. She grew red in the face and relapsed into silence. The police say that the Griffin woman has been on intimate terms with Preston for some time.

Preston helped people find their property, among the big assortment of articles in Chief Sullivan's office, with the utmost unconcern. One would have imagined the man to be a spectator or an officer from his air of nonchalance. He refused to say anything about his relatives, but Detectives Wappenstein and Tennant learned last night that they live near New Westminster, D. C.

"Give me a good send-off!" remarked Preston, with a grin, to a Post-Intelligencer reporter. "I am in for it now and guess I might as well have all the notoriety coming to me. One of the evening papers says I am guilty of fifty burglaries. The man that wrote that traduced me. I have torn off that many places in Seattle alone, if I'm not badly mistaken."

"Why have I always used an ax or a shovel to break into a house? I haven't. I used them when they could be found because they came in handy and saved me the trouble of carrying a jimmy. When they were not provided for me by some thoughtful person I generally got inside by other means."

Cut flowers. Cook's, phone 1808.

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DEATH OF PAT GALVIN

As Described in Manila News Papers

Well Known Klondiker Succumbed to Cholera—Has Made Many Mining Speculations.

The Manila American, of July 29 contains the following account of the death of Pat Galvin, the well-known Klondiker:

"Patrick Galvin succumbed to cholera yesterday at 11:20 a. m. His character was as unique as that of Mark Twain, and he bubbled with Irish wit. His early manhood was spent at Belle Plaine, Minnesota, but later he drifted to Montana, and in the course of events became chief of police of the city of Helena.

While there he became associated with Marcus Daly, and was intimately associated with a number of other prominent Montanans; and with them he amassed something of a fortune.

When the Alaska craze came he went to that territory and luck continued with him. Because of Alaska's severe climate he sold his mining interests there in '99, and a little later anchored in San Francisco with a fortune estimated at \$500,000. Perhaps over much, but Galvin had a fortune and he was lavish with it. He spent it from Frisco to Helena and from there to Belle Plaine. Nothing was too good for the wife who accompanied him. Nothing too good for his friends.

With the turn of tide for speculation Manilaward, he turned his steps this way, and something over two years ago, he anchored in Manila harbor. Since then he has traversed the archipelago, locating mining claims in Luzon and Mindanao, with a penchant for the better prospects in Benguet and Lapanto."

WATER FRONT NOTES.

The Prospector is due to arrive from Stewart tomorrow evening. She will return tomorrow evening.

The Bonanza King is billed to leave at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

The Selkirk is due to arrive from Whitehorse tomorrow.

The Bonanza King arrived last evening at 5 o'clock with eight sacks of mail and the following passengers: M. S. Layfield, W. M. Donald, O. Olson, F. Oilstan, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Noyes, Mrs. A. B. Jones, Miss Jones, Mrs. J. A. Robertson, Mrs. A. Johnson, F. O. Fallon, A. M. Rannerman, F. O. Kastiver, J. Boyd, O. Lannonsage, A. Finranstice, R. Siebasa, A. Linklater.

The Zealandian arrived from Fortymile last evening with the following passengers: From Fortymile—Mrs. H. Scott, William Fone, F. Vogeler, A. Landa, H. Fletcher, J. Shaller, J. Fraser, J. Hitzner, F. Powers, W. Parkinson, T. F. Herbster, Cassiar Creek—A. G. Anderson, H. Moller. Sixteenmile Roadhouse—A. Cruiger.

The La France of the Merchants Transportation Company sailed for Whitehorse last evening with the following passengers: Whitehorse—G. M. Manger, Thos. L. Sagar, T. O. McClung, L. McClung, Arthur Campbell, Mrs. Carrie Vincent, James Carr, Chas. Flynn, James McKay, George W. Wilson, Robert Innis, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Ryan, D. Peters, Mrs. Nelson, Mrs. C. M. O'Neill, J. Cordson, Nels Jacob, A. Winter, G. B. Clark, John Michaels, George Dodd, Fred Johnson, C. Larsen, J. H. Ronald, Anthony Gandon, Louis Jacobs, P. J. McDonough, George Bowen. Reindeer—J. Campbell, D. Gay, D. Gordon, Thistle—G. Smith, Excelsior—B. Forrest, Twelvemile—L. K. Kerr, W. J. Hart, Tulare—H. J. Stewart.

The Casca is due this evening and will return tomorrow night.

Will be Arrested

New York, Aug. 30.—Harry W. Dupuy, a wealthy Yale student, whose automobile recently ran over and killed D. Thorpe Munroe, has been declared by the official report of the coroner to be criminally responsible, says a New Haven dispatch to the Press. Dupuy's arrest will follow, it is said, as soon as the accused man can be reached in his Pittsburg home.

The formal finding of Coroner Mix was to the effect that Dupuy was violating the speed regulations and rules of the road at the time of the fatality, driving his machine in an "unobservant, careless, reckless and unlawful manner."

More Improvements

Work was begun today on the Queen street sewer which will extend along the north side of the street from the outlet at the waterfront to midway between Second and Third avenues. It will be the same size as that on King street but will be a few inches less in depth. Similar improvements will also be at once made in the sewer on Harper street which has been in a very bad condition for some time. A box drain of the regulation size will be run from the outlet at the foot of the street back to Second avenue at the Hotel Cecil corner.

Committee Meeting

On account of several committee meetings being slated for this afternoon there is no meeting of the Yukon council until this evening. The special committee of the entire council will meet in the office of the acting commissioner to consider the school bill. At 3:30 the special committee consisting of Messrs. Senkler, Prudhomme and Wilson, will meet and take some action on the communication of Alex. McDonald which was presented last night. There is still the memorial to be prepared to be forwarded to the governor-general in council respecting the proposed reduction in fee on wood. It will probably be taken up tomorrow.

Will Require All Week

The case of the Canadian Bank of Commerce vs. the Syndicat Lyonnais du Klondike which was begun yesterday before Mr. Justice Craig is still on today and will probably occupy the balance of the week. One of the witnesses examined by the plaintiff this morning was Mr. Justice Dugas who was called upon for the purpose of giving expert testimony as to the powers and limitations of a power of attorney issued in France under the French law, and also to give a translation or synonym for the French word "nantissement." His lordship occupied the witness stand for about twenty minutes. The suit is one of much importance as nearly \$100,000 is involved therein.

Heard This Morning

Before Mr. Justice Dugas this morning was heard the case of Geo. De Lion vs. the Yukon Sawmill Co. His worship reserved his decision.

OBITUARY.

New Orleans, Aug. 30.—F. F. Adams, formerly treasurer of the city of Denver, and sheriff of Arapahoe county, Colorado, died at St. Anthony late today. Mr. Adams was widely known in the west. He stumped that section for Bryan in 1896. He came here four years ago, owing to ill health, and became prominent in business.

New York, Aug. 30.—Max Erich, the Austro-Hungarian consul general in this city, is dead, says a Valparaiso, Chile, dispatch to the Herald.

Omaha, Aug. 30.—Alfred D. Jones, who in 1854 laid out a townsite on what now is the most thickly settled portion of Omaha, died here today, aged 87 years. He is reputed to have been Nebraska's first settler and was Omaha's first postmaster.

Skagway-Juneau Cable

Seattle, Aug. 30.—News has been received via the steamer Coftage City that the cable between Skagway and Juneau is again in working order. Sergeant Bruck opened the cable for commercial dispatches on August 15th. The cable has given a great deal of trouble in the past but it is said to be giving good service now, and little trouble is anticipated in the future. This does not have reference to the occasional lapses in service occurring on all cables from minor causes.

Will Transfer Crew

San Francisco, Aug. 30.—Information has been received here that Acting United States Attorney-General Harry Hoyt has sent to the treasury department a decision holding that the Chinese crew of the steamship City of Pekin, but afterwards transferred at Kobe, Japan, to the Oriental & Occidental Steamship Company's steamer Gaelic, could be lawfully transhipped on board the new Pacific mail steamship Korea in this port. This will be done, and the Korea will sail on her first trip to the Orient today.

Trains Collide

Glasgow, Aug. 30.—Twenty-three persons were seriously injured this morning by a collision between two passenger trains. One of the trains was standing at the station and the other crashed into it, telescoping two carriages. Most of the injured sustained fractured limbs.

Send a copy of Goetzman's Souvenir to outside friends. A complete pictorial history of Klondike. For sale at all news stands. Price \$3.50

The Nugget's stock of job printing materials is the best that ever came to Dawson.

BARS NOW APPEARING

To Trouble Steamboat Navigators

Light Draught Boats Will Have the Best of the Game for Rest of Season.

The Yukon river has been falling rapidly at nearly all points above Dawson within the last few days. Sand bars are coming up with irresponsible pugnacity, and steamer skippers once more find their skill summoned to its fullest to combat the situation. No serious delays have been occasioned as yet, but steamers are nearly all striking frequently.

At numerous points on the river sandbars exist and are ever a worry to the navigators, so there is no surprise manifested if a steamer strikes a bar at almost countless places between Whitehorse and Dawson after September 1 of every season.

The worst bars in the upper Yukon this season are at Heligate. The government sent a crew of men there a few days ago to begin work of filling channels which allow water to flow from the main course, but it is doubtful if the work can be rushed sufficient to deepen the channel in time to save the steamers many vexatious if not serious delays.

The steamers La France and Thistle were built for low water and are the lightest draft steamers ever launched. The crews are the best paid and most competent steamboat men in the country and are all well known to travelers. Captains Martineau and Smyth have charge of the La France and Captains Henry Bailey and Marsh the Thistle. None of these men have ever delayed a boat an hour on account of sand bars or low water.

The La France draws 8 inches of water, the Thistle 10 inches. They are fitted up with every convenience for the comfort of travelers, their staterooms are large and elegantly furnished and the dining room service is equal to any first class hotel in the country. They were built on the Yukon by men who knew from experience what was required. The expense of running these boats is about \$12,000 per month, every dollar of which is paid to men who spend their money in Dawson.

Patronize these boats and you will get at least part of your money back through the avenues of trade.

Police Chief Robbed

Spokane, Aug. 28.—Chief of Police Reddy was a passenger on a street car that was held up tonight by an audacious highwayman. The car, on the Astor street line, had stopped for a railroad crossing when a masked robber, with a revolver in each hand, stepped aboard and compelled the conductor to give up his cash. Then, brandishing his long gun, he commanded the passengers to contribute. Chief Reddy was unarmed, and said he was powerless. Twenty minutes before this occurrence another car in the same neighborhood was halted by a masked robber, but the motorist threw on the full current and the car ran by the thief. There were twenty-one passengers aboard, and to avoid possible bullets, all went to the floor.

Burned to Death

Bridgton, N. J., Aug. 28.—Search in the ruins of the barn of John S. Holmes, which was burned last night revealed the charred body of Holmes and his housekeeper, Miss Katherine Shute. It is believed they went in the burning structure to save the horses and perished in the attempt. The neighbors succeeded in saving the dwelling, but did not know until today of the tragedy. As the occupants were believed to be away from home Holmes was 62 years old, and prominent in the community, and Miss Shute was 55.

Job printing at Nugget office.

Job Printing at Nugget office.

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CIRCUS MERGER

Big Showmen Will Soon Combine

Intend to Control the Circus Business of the Whole World.

London, Sept. 10.—The latest combination announced is the merger of the Forepaugh, Sells Bros., Barnum & Bailey and Buffalo Bill Circus Companies. The result of the new combination will be the greatest circus attraction the world has ever seen. It will be known as the Barnum and Bailey, Ltd., of London.

Confers Knighthood

The Hague, Sept. 10.—Queen Wilhelmina has conferred knighthood upon Capt. Rotjer, of the steamer Potsdam.

New Bank

Montreal, Sept. 10.—The New Metropolitan Bank of Canada will commence business immediately.

New Air Ship

Paris, Sept. 10.—Santos Dumont will build an airship to carry eight passengers.

Leaves Tomorrow

Mr. F. C. Wade, K. C., will return to the outside tomorrow and will spend the winter in the eastern part of the Dominion. His visit to Dawson has been very pleasant and he leaves with the expectation of again returning north in the spring.

Troops in Motion

New London, Aug. 30.—The signal corps and the two companies of coast artillery, Connecticut guards, today entered the service of the United States in connection with the army and navy war maneuvers. A detachment of the Thirtieth New York regiment, heavy artillery, arrived today.

Cannot Check Flames

Butte, Mont., Aug. 30.—Reports received here from Sheridan, Wyoming, say that the great forest fire in Fremont county is still raging. Special Land Agent Camplin, who took a force of 150 men out to fight the fire, has returned. He declares that the flames are of gigantic proportions, and his men could do little towards checking their progress. The fire has already burned over a territory of forty miles. As a result of the fire Camplin says the fine timber tract of Lander valley will be destroyed.

BOLD DAYLIGHT ROBBERY

One of the boldest daylight robberies that ever occurred in the Klondike happened in Dawson today. It is true some money was paid for the articles, but taking into consideration the quality of the goods and amount paid it was simply robbery. It occurred at Dunham's, the Family Grocer, who always carries the best. The Senator—at Auditorium.

ANOTHER LENGTHY SESSION

(Concluded from page 5.)

provoked considerable argument, Wilson supporting the bill as did also the acting commissioner. The latter in speaking to the measure stated that he did not wish the responsibility of being compelled to close up any of the houses, and he was merely following the advice of the medical health officer. Girouard never saw a case of monopoly that did not work a hardship upon some one. The clause in question strikes Dugas as the result of proceedings deliberately taken by parties interested in having the proposed monopoly. The same proposition had been submitted to him for his support, and while he had all the sympathy in the world for the parties who were to be benefited by the bill still he did not see why the council should be called upon to legislate wholly in their behalf and he is opposed to that portion of the bill. The utmost confidence is felt in the present acting commissioner, but it is not known how long he will remain in his present position and his successor may not be one in whom so much confidence could be placed. If it was insisted that the clause stand he would ask that the council be allowed to say how and in what manner the same was to be put in effect. It was agreed that the last three clauses in the bill should be left to the commissioner in council after which it passed the committee of the whole.

The bill respecting the public service in the territory likewise went through the committee of the whole, its third reading and was passed. Some argument was indulged in with reference to the clauses by which the power to fix the salaries of the different employes of the government is left solely with the commissioner. Dugas objected to the council as a body being so completely ignored upon such matters. "It should be shown that we are something and have not disappeared altogether; let us be something," Prudhomme thought that the council should also have something to say in regard to the appointments.

The bill providing for the incorporation of the Dawson Amateur Athletic Association went through all its stages and was passed.

The election bill coming up for its second reading another argument arose over the division such as was indulged in at the afternoon session. Prudhomme was against it and asked the legal adviser to read the section where such permission was given, but the latter declined, moving that the bill be referred to a special committee of the whole council. Prudhomme refused to consent to

anything except that the five members be elected at large. At this point Dugas asked if it was customary for members to hold conference with outsiders while in session. Joe Clark and C. M. Woodworth having been engaged in coaching Prudhomme on the railing during the discussion.

An agreement was reached which the council took the bill for its consideration by the committee of the whole. The very first motion Prudhomme moved to amend striking out the words "electoral district" and substituting "Yukon territory." The amendment was argued at length but on the put to a vote was lost, Prudhomme alone voting in the affirmative.

Prudhomme then tried a new device by moving a new arrangement of the division, placing the Fortymile territory with Dawson and giving to district two representatives; Bonanza district, one; Stewart and Plover, Whitehorse, one. Girouard opposed the new scheme but it was proposed by Newlands, Wood and Soller. The acting commissioner proposed an amendment which had the effect of dividing the creeks territory into two districts with the Dome as a boundary line, each district to be entitled to one member. The amendment was carried, Prudhomme and Girouard voting nay.

Other provisions in the ordinance are the payment of a salary of \$200 a year to each of the five members, the imposing of a fine of \$5 for non-attendance, and the allowing of traveling expenses in attendance.

There will be no session this afternoon on account of several committee meetings having been arranged but the council will again convene this evening at 8 o'clock. The session will probably last two or three days.

Party Last Night

Miss Helen Beede entertained a few friends at her home on De street last evening. Games were played and an elegant luncheon served by Mrs. Lomax. Those present were: Miss Helen Beede, Doris Wright, Miss Constance Jamieson, Miss Irene Wilson, Miss Lucie Limer, Miss Clair Lawrence, Laura Mitchell, Miss Bagley, Bennett James, Mr. East Dupp, Mr. Joe Hunt, Mr. Kirk Linton, Mr. Mont Maultby, Mr. Alley Bee.

Murdered Her Children

Little Rock, Ark., Aug. 28.—Reese Wagoner, wife of a citizen, North Little Rock, and her children, aged three and six years were found dead in bed today. Their throats cut. It is believed their mother killed the children and cut her own throat.

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Firemen

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