ABBATH READING.

Trust. Trust thou, and murmer not.

Though dark thy way, Though earth seemed oft a dream spo With no bright ray.

Trust though and yet, ere long, shall dawn

A brighter day. Trust thou, and murmur not : Oh ! why complain? If Grief and sorrow be thy lot,

Yet not in vain That grief was sent thee; therefore hope And trust again.

Trust thou, though darker grow The shad, we drear, Ob, doubting heart ! dost thou not know Thy God is near ? Thy fate as in thy Father's hand.
And can'd thou fear?

Old Hundred. In a rustic old church opposite, while we write, a company of worshippers are singing the old, old hymn:

"Be thou, O God exalted high The air is old, also—the immortal "Old Hundred if it be true that Luther composed that tune, and if the worship of mortals is carried on the wings of angels to Heaven, how often he has heard the declaration,

"They are singing 'Old Hundred' now!" The Id strain carries us back to the time of the Reformers-Luther and his devoted band. He doubtless was the first to strike the grand old chords in the public sanctuary of his own Germany. From his own sten orion lungs they rolled, vibrating not through vaulted cathedral roof, but along the grander arch the central heavens. Father which is in heaven." He wrought into each note his own sublime faith, and stamped it with that faith's immortality. Hence, it cannot die! Neith-

er man or angels will let it pass into oblivion. Can you find a tomb in the land where sealed lips lie that have not sung that tune? The sweet young girl whose tomb-

as the noble strains ring out? Do you hear that thin, quivering, faltering, sound now bursting forth, now listened for almost in

notes emulate the steeple and cost nearly as you lived these years wasting mercies, treadmuch; but give us the spirit-stirring tones of the Lutheran hymn, sung by young and old together! Martyrs have allowed it; it has gone up from the dying beds of the saints.

The ald shurcher where generating after a distribution that who have murmured under your afficient by the saints. generations has worshiped, and where many over your blessings? Do you ask what are and laid before the altar where they gave drop, the star or the queen of night. What themselves to God, seem to breathe of "Old is the life but mercy? What is the prothemselves to God, seem to breathe of "Old Hundred" from vestibule to tower-top—the very air is haunted with its spirit. Think for a moment of the assembled company, who have at different times, and in different places, joined in the familiar tune! Throng upon throng—the stern, the timid, the gen-

enly sounds! "Old Hundred!" king of the sacred band affection. of ancient airs, never shall our ears grow weary of hearing, or our tongues of singing thee. And when we get to heaven, who knows but what the first triumphal strain that welcomes us may be:
"Be thou, O God, exalted high!"

The Minimum Christian! And who is he? The Christian who is going to heaven teeth and say,—

"I could have forgiven him for anything tian who intends to get all of the world he but that!" can and not meet the worldling's doom. The

The Minimum Christian.

"mite." appeals;" but he gives, if not enough to save his reputation, pretty near it—at all events he aims at it.

The minimum Christian is not clear in a number of points. The opera and dancing, perhaps the theatre and card playing, and large fashionable parties, give him much trouble. He can't see the harm in this, or that or the other popular amusement. There is nothing in the Bible against it. He does not see but that a man may be a Christian and dance and go to the opera. He knows several excellent people who do. Why

to God as little as he can, and yet not loose

which side he actually is. Ah! my brother are you making this atempt? Beware lest you find that in trying to get to heaven with as little religion as that are behind, they reach forth toward those that are 'before ever exclaiming, "What shall I render unto the Lord for all

is benefits ?" There is reason to fear that such are no Christians at all. "Not every one that saith Lord. Lord shall enter into the kingdom of heaven, but he that doth the will of my

He Needs the Restraints of the Church'

Every believer needs to be subject to certain restraint. In this regard, at least, it is true that men are only "children of a larger growth." Mature minds need dif-If they were gray old men they have heard larger growth." Mature minds need dif-or sung "Old Hundred." If they were ferent restraints for those who were demandbabes, they smiled as their mother rocked ed in childhood. But there are very few them to sleep singing "Old Hundred." Sinner who would become eminent fr godliness and saint have joined with the endless con- without the restraining influences of the gregation where it has, with and without Church. This is a humiliating view of the pealing organ sounded on sacred air, nature, but it is a true one. It is a view to the dear little children, looking with won- which the intelligent Christian who has endering eyes on this strange world, have lisp- joyed the privileges of the Church and subsequently been deprived of them will readily stone told of sixteen summers, she, whose subscribe. The Christian may be unconseen it which every Christian is his worded to the service of God, and he who er's keeper." And every Christian has with faltering steps ascended the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the pulpit stairs, with white hand placed over his laboring between the fed considerable sum of money, aroused the present the fed considerable sum of money, aroused the present the fed considerable and over says that oaths and curses were very general in the Federal the placed of the promised to do, but never the present the present says that oaths and curses were very general in the Federal the pres

Count Them.

vain? If you do not, we do; and from such lips, hallowed by forescore years, ser- which have been quietly falling in your path vice in the Master's cause, "Old Hundred" through every period of your history. Down sounds indeed a sacred melody.

You may fill your churches with choirs, with Sabbath prima donnas, whose daring you of your best friend in heaven. Have The old churches where generation after affliction; but who has heard you rejoice scores of the dear dead have been carried these mercies? Ask the sunbeam, the raintle, the brave, the beautiful—their rapt faces growth is such that, if he cannot improve all beaming with the inspiration of the heav- them, he may pass among them without in-

We must not arrogate to ourselves a spirit Christian who aims to have as little religion of forgiveness, until we have been touched as he can without lacking it altogether.

The minimum Christian goes to church borne it meekly; and meakness is not mere clothing, partly covered with earth. He diminished nobility. It would be difficult

MISCELLANEOUS.

"Murder Will Out."

A MURDER DISCOVERED SIX YEARS AFTER ITS COMMITAL.

(From the Clinton Courier.) The truth of the proverb that "murder will out," was never more forcibly exam-plified than in a case that came before a cor-

possession at the time over six hundred dollars, the proceeds of property sold prior to his leaving. He arrived in Canada and went to the house of an uncle named Richardson, residing in Goderich township in trial at the Assizes in November next.

Too much praise cannot be given

of liquor, &c., on credit, from Mr. Patrick McCardy, and went to Goderich to lay in the balance of their supplies, such as decanters, glasses, &cc. These goods were taken out to Bluevale and placed in Mr. Cant the goods and deposited them with Cantlon while Lark went on a visit to his uncle ship he was met by Mr. James Churchill. who inquired of him what o'clock it was,

wards, when Lark was missed by the neighbors, they asked Pearson what had become flowers, telling tales of female sympathy. pure and innocent face haunted you with scious, of the restraints of the Church; but returned to his aister in Iowa, and that he that enable him to change his position, is its mild beauty, loved, "Old Hundred;" when they are removed he discovers that he had letters in the house he had received placed in one window commanding the bay and asshe sung it, closed her eyes and seemed communion with angels who were so soon
and less than their sympathy. Their is a

needs the "watch and care" of his brethreu and others he told that Lark so that as he lies he can see the little town and less than their sympathy. Their is a

needs the "watch and care" of his brethreu and others he told that Lark so that as he lies he can see the little town and less than their sympathy. Their is a

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needs the "watch and care" of his brethreu and others he told that Lark so that as he lies he can see the little town and less than their sympathy. Their is a large squads, leading to claim her. He whose manhood was devoted to the service of God, and he who every Christian is his "brother's keeper." And every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has before the patient's eyes of God, and he who every Christian has been every constant.

him to sell as much of the goods in his pos- the manifest astonishment of his attendants,

in the woods in the vicinity of Pearson's The exformation of the bone goes on without mounted to spend the night on the turnpike farm, and the people of the neighborhood, increase of pain or fever, and there is no apand of Ainleyville, turned out to search for pearance of inflammation in the surrounding and I sat on the porch observing their movethem. While searching a swamp about a soft parts. There is, therefore every prosmile and a quarter from Pearson's, one of pect of his recovering, and also of his rethe men came across a heap of bones and gaining the use of his limbs, with of course little while one entered the yard, came up

asked Pearson if there had nership between him and ark, and he admitted that there had been some writings between them. He asked him if he had between them. He asked am if he had the invoices of the goods, and Parson said he had, and produced them. The witness-then asked him how these voices came into his possession, but got no satisfactory answer; and suspecting the Parson knew more about the disappears of Lark than he chose to tell, refused to have anything have anything a denies having oner's court in Ainleyville last week when a man was tried for murder committed six years ago. The circumstances, as we have learned them, are these:—

he chose to tell, retused anything to do with the case. Pear in denies having ever had these invoices it his possession.

James Churchill, and other swore that the coat Pearson then wore at its inquest was In short, the minimum Cheistian knows that he cannot serve God and mammon—he would if he could—but he will come just as near doing so as he can. He can give to himself and the world all that he may, and to God as little as he can, and yet not loose

this county. From his uncle's he went to Too much praise cannot be given the the house of a man named Pearson, on Lot coroners. Drs. Lunder and Hawk, for their possible you have missed it altogether—lest without gaining the whole world, you loose your own soul. The true child of God does not say "How little," but "How much may I do for my God?" They thus judge that Pearson and Lark, it seems, made arrange displayed by them in taking note to every I do for my God?" They thus judge that if One did for all, he died that they which live should not live for themselves, but for him that died for them. Leaving the things lon, a first cousin of Pearson, on which to from the length of time that had expired. erect the tavern. Pearson and Lark then that the circumstance of Lark's disappearcame to Clinton and purchased a quantity ance was nearly forgotton, and that he was perfectly safe. The coroners are still busily engaged in

collecting evidence against the prisoner.

Garibaldi. lon's premises until such time as the tavern The correspondent of the Duly Tele could be erected. Pearson, it seems, took q:aph, writing Spezzia, on the 26th ult., des cribes an interview with Garibaldi "A moderate sized room with three Richardson, whose house he reached. His dows, in the new 'quarter.' It is perfectly visit being at an end, he left on foot to go free from any of the unpleasant closeness s to Pearson's, a distance of about thirty- often to be found even in English sick eight miles. Before leaving Goderich town- rooms; perfectly clean, but untidy to a de gree only to be beleived by those who have seen a subaltern's abole in a foreign bar At that time Lark was dressed in a grey racks. In addition to the bottles, instruovercoat. He was last seen on the same ments and other deadly missiles belonging day, dressed precisely as when Mr. Church- to the physicians and surgeons, there were, ill met him, by several persons within a I really think, specimens of the arts, sciences mile or two of Pearson's house and on the as well of the floricultural and horticultural direct road to it; and since that time he productions of Italy-piles of oranges and has not been seen alive. Some time after- lemons, regiments of bottles, of syrups and preserves, and here and there boquets of

cused of having betrayed the hero of Marsa-Pearson next went to Cantion and told la. The general read it carefully, and then to session as would repay him for a small sum turned to me and said:—'Our friend is detailed by Col. McClure, who formed one of the ceived he must have got those ideas from those people at Turin.' Then, after a pause was taken away by Pearson. Suspicion he resumed to the deep solemn tones which her surrengthed by Pearson present. was further strengthed by Pearson presenting Lark's watch as a gift to his sister-in-Mazzini! 'tis folly. What is Mazzini to me; law, who showed it to the neighbors, and stated at the same time that it had been Lark's watch, and that Pearson had given by no one. I moved because it was my duty! by no one. I moved because it was my duty! house, but not in time to save the house. General Sir John Kardley Wilmot Inglis, afer a hundred lucky marches I have had I confidently expected to be overrun by K. C. B., Colonel of the 32d Regiment,

Great excitement was occasioned at the Ovens Gold Diggings, on Friday last, by the discovery of an immense nugget of Gold, valued at about \$1000. One of the miners Mr. Sandkars, of Fred-

crickton, N. B., was sanntering through the woods at the Ovens, on Friday with a small hammer in his hand (propable prospecting,) and threw himsef on a mound to sest; while and threw himsef on a mot sitting there he struck with the hammer on vein of quartz, dislodging a small piece and casting a casual glance at it discovered gold. he then went to work with a will, and broke off the vein a piece of quarts weighing about 130 lbs., which proved to be literally filled with gold; the next thing was to secure the nugget from sight and he rolled his treasure into the woods about 300 yards. We can well imagine with what vigor he worked, puffing and sweeting, his heart beating at tattoo against his ribs from excitement the while casting furtive glances around him for fear of discovery. After hiding his treasure, Sandbarn hastened home in exuberent spirits when he made known his good fortune to some friends who helped him to carry it

Sandbarn says another nugget apparently as rich is in the same place this was, but he is so closely watched by nearly all the Ovens, that he dare not go near the spot, for fear others may share his prize. A vein of gold may be seen running through the entire nugget, more than half an inch in thickness. Upon drilling a hole in the side, to ascertain the thickness of the centre, the gold was struck much sooner than expected, which warrants the supposition that it bulges out in the centre of the rock. If this is true it will be much more valuable than is suppos-

The wildest excitement prevails at the Ovens on account of the discovery. Men, omen and children are scouring the woods in all directions in hopes of finding the vein. But as Sandbarn wishes to secure it to meelf dares not further explore it, owing to the vigorous watch kept over his move ments, it has not as yet been found.

If I mistake not this is the most valuable nugget yet found in Nova Scotia. And it will renew the hopes of the Ovens miners, for the poor fellows have been sadly disouraged this season owing mainly to the

lifficulty met with in extracting the gold rom the crushed quartz, it being so trated with certain oils, which render gamation, with the quick silver impossible an obstacle not met with in the other min ing districts of the Province.

DESTRUCTION OF WHISKEY. A rather humorous account of the eap ture of Chambersburg is published, written previous to the surrender. Having decided that it was impossible to defend the town, a native of Nova Scotia. The London

ments. They had my best cornfield besidethem, and their horses fared well. In a regiment up to the moment of his death. to me, and after a profound bow, politely

the minisum Christian goes to the church produced for medity and mackeds in the control and the control of the morning and in the aftersoon also, underly and mackeds in the control of th ligious circles; but he has not gift for public red faced and choaking with passion. Pearson came to him and requested him to of our countrymen's eagerness to say some. After concluding a treaty with them on believe to half of the colored servant to kies you. He go to Clinton to conduct a case in the thing in Italian, forgot the exact word he half of the colored servants, coffee was large as ow horse, and the must leave it to ethers. He is very friendly comes because he is pushed; and do you call Courty as Mr. McOurty had used him for wanted, Garibaldi said, 'Speak it in English.' promised them, and they then asked for a the pleasure to me.'" little bread with it. They were wet and pounds.

rk, and he adsome writings im if he had de Parson said The witness.

The witness-woices came in the library of an immense nugget of Gold, value of Gold, val alternative but to acopt them as my gnests until it should please them to depart, and I did so with as good grace as possible.

> eated around the fire all reserve seemed to be forgotton on their part, and they opened a general conversation on poli-tics, the war, the different battles, the merits of generals in both armies, &c. They spoke with entire freedom upon every subject but their movement into Chambersburg. Most of them were men of more than ordinary intelligence and culture, and their de-meanor was in all respects eminently cour-teous. I took a cup of coffee with them, and have seldom seen anything more keenly relished. They said they had not tasted come for two weeks before, and then they had payed from \$6 to \$10 per pound for it. When they were through they asked whether there was any coffee left, and finding that there was some, they proposed to send some more officers and a few privates who were prostrated by exposure to get what they left. They were, of course, as welcome as those present, and on they came in squads of five or more, antil every grain of browned coffee was exhausted. They then browned coffee was exhausted. They then asked for tea, and that was served to some vated. twenty more.

HOW THE CONFEDERATES REWAVED "In the meantime, a subordinate officer had begged of me a little bread for himself and a few men, and he was supplied in the kitchen. He was followed by others in turn until nearly a hundred had been supplied with something to eat or drink. All, however, politely asked permission to enter house, and behaved with entire propriety. They did not make a single rude or profane remark, even to the ser-In the meantime, the officers who had first entered the house, had filled their pipes from the box of Killickinick on the antel-after being assured that smoking was not offensive-and we had another hour of free talk on matters generally.

THEY QUIT A HOSPITABLE BOOK. "At four o'clock in the morning, the welcome blast of the bugle was heard, and they rose hurriedly to depart. Thanking me for the hospitality they had received, we part-ed, mutually expressing the hope that should we ever meet again, it would be under more pleasant circumstances. In a few inutes they were mounted and moved into Chambersburg. About seven o'clock I went into town, and found that the First and aim at excellency; nor would the allottoward Gettysburg. Gen, Stuart sat on his

Death of the Hero of Lucknow. The English papers announce the death no opposition was made to the entry of Confederates. The Colonel says:—

"I started in advance of them for my we have to announce the death of Major-

From the Montreal Witness.)

Fromch Camadian papers frequently allude to the unpleasent fact that the liberal professions are overcrowded in Lower Canada, and that many young doctors, lawyers and notaries are almost without occupation, caraing for many years a most scanty sub-sistence, or being dependent on their pa-rents. The fact, although it may be true to some extent of all the candidates to professions in Lower Canada, applies, believe, with special force to the Fre part of the population, and the cause is obvious. French colleges under the control of the elergy, and where some sort of classical education is given, have been multiplied all

if they are not driven by poverty to swell the ranks of the elergy, will aspire to some of the liberal professions. Hence the overcrowding complained of, but this is not all. Once provided with a diploma, these young professional men will find their practice limited generally to their own countrynen—that is to say, to the class which, from its quiet and conservative habits.

La Reforme of Quebec thinks that the evil has reached such a magnitude as to call for legislative interferance, and proposes a law to fix the number of physicians, advo-cates and notaries at a certain rate according to the population. There would be a determined number of places allotted to each locality, and no one would be admitted to practice until there is a vacancy. The Reforme repels the objection that such a law would be an arbitrary interferance with the liberty of the subject, on the plea that such a measure must be benificent, raise the professions, and insure a living to those

It would not be at all surprising, after this, to see some French member of parliament introduce at the next session a bill to limit the professions by a rate dependent on the census. We need scarcely say that such a measure would not, in our opinion, at all remedy the evil. There would be the same crowd of young aspirants waiting in idleness or starvation for the vacancies, and the practice of a profession, by becoming a privilege, would not be raised, but lowered. The berth once secured, there would be e priviliges of the middle ages, and the Legislature might as well attempt to limit he number of bakers and grocers, under the pretext that there are too many of them o carry on a thriving business. est remedy, but not the only one, for the ovil complained of, seems to be the raising of the standard of admission to the learned professions; and in this respect legislative interference might not be out of place. Let the qualifications demanded be of a higher order; let the examination become more severe, more difficult to pass. There will be thus fewer doctors and lawyers, but these of greater excellency. The public will be much the gainer by the charge; the professions will be better supported; and, be come useful and active members of society in some other sphere more appropriate to their abilities and more conducive to their happiness.

Singular Story.

Some of our readers may perhaps remem ber that about the year 1838, the minister of Logie-Easter, Rosshire, had to fly the country from a rumor that spread of his beit to her.

About eighteen months ago Mr. and Mrs.
Steep, having some time previously left to discover something definite respecting the fate of Lark, and a search was talked of At this time Pearson brought to Dr.

At this time Pearson brought to Dr. discover something definite respecting dopp, the star or the queen of night. What is the production of night with a star or the queen of night with a thorn-bank the faste of Lark, and search was stalked are the star of the queen of night. What is the production of the country of the priety of stopping to play with a thorn-bank the Garbalding with the case of the fifth of the priety of stopping to play with a thorn-bank the Garbalding with the onel, and that he was still colonel of the congregiment when he was appointed to the command of Her Majesty's forces in the Ionian Islands. He continued to be eclonel of that knowledged that he was the father of the child and the minister of Logic-Easter was child and the minister of Logic-Easter was perfectly innocent, at the same time making known the facts that we have stated. The

that ever took place in this town; that he came specially from Manchester to superintend the execution of it by astrote Birming-ham thieves; that his plans were carried out successfuly, and that he made a clear hester. Followed there by Birmingham detectives, waylaid and overty with a desperation worthy of a better cause, and was not captured until he was stunned with policemen's staves and handcuffs. Brought to Birmingham, and committed for trial, he managed to drop his shoe-lace into the lock-box of the police cell, to shoot back the bolt with it, and to make a clear escape out of the town. In the course of two or three days he was re-captured; and, being a curiosity, unusual care was taken of him until the assizes, when he was tried and sentenced to penal servitude for twenty years. No doubt the scoundred aware of his boundless resources, laughed in his sleeve while the judge passed sentence, and the public thought he was safely dispos ed of at last. Arrived at Warwick Jail, he began to show symptoms of insanity, and feigned so well that the "doctors" judging that the blows he had received at Manchester had affected his brain, treated him accordingly. He gradually grew worse-poor fellow-and about sixteen days ago was re-Hatton. Here he was still held to be insane. For the success of his plan it would not have done to be violent, so he afflicted himself with that mild kind of insanity for which restraint is not held to be a remedy. He was given to gibbering and apparentidiotey, and was looked upon as a hermless kind of imbecile. On Saturday evening, between seven and eight o'clock, according to custom, he and a real lunatic on the way to convalescence, were conducted by an attendant to their dormitories on the third storey of the building. Before locking them in, the attendant left them for a few minutes, and on his return discovered that the (jail) bird had flown. The real lunatic, on being asked what had become of his companion, pointed to a ventilating trap in the ceiling and with mingled terror and satisfaction in formed the astonished attendant that Mr. Alexander had gone up there to catch a rat The attendant who at this moment undoubt edly "s.nelt the rat," called several of his coadjutors, who after ' long search, succeeded in finding out-not Alexander-but how he escaped. It seems that the clever rascal, on passing through the trap, which he reachwith the assistance of a broom and a dor. mitory door, made his way to the ventilating shaft, and descended by that to the base-In this adventure the broom handle have been an incumberance to him in his de cent of the chimney. On getting to the burglar who had possessed the finest impliments ever seen at the detective office, and knew the construction of a lock well enough to use them, and in their absence to turn the formed no impediment. The locks were all picked in a few brief minutes, and Alexander was once more free, and, no doubt, a sane man. He has not since been heard of.

Court Life at Biarritz. Paris, Oct. 1, 1862.

The Imperial couple have hitherto passed the time of their annual visit to Biarritz in the utmost seclusion, eschewing everything like gaity, keeping early hours and apparently enjoying the relief from the etiquette and receptions of their usual life. This year however, they have departed widely from the wholesome simplicity of their former visit The Ville Eugenie has been enlarged, and now possesses saloons large enough to serve as the scene of dinner and balls; and so many dinners and balls have been given in m by their Imperial owners as to suggest a suspicion that the simplicity of other years has been compulsory rather than voluntary, and the result of the lack of rooms sufficient ly large for the dispensing of hospitality in Imperial style. Two grand balls have al ready been given by the Empress to the notabilities of the neighborhood, Spanish and French, and the visitors of the bathing place, on which occasions a magnificent sup per was served at two o'clock in the morning. The little Prince has been made to give a most sumptuous dinner to the soldiers of the Guard quartered at Biarritz. As the little fellow is wisely restricted to a diet of the most wholesome and simple character, he was not allowed to preside on the occasion but as soon as the soldiers were at the long tables prepared for them, laden with plate, and odorous of culinary delicacy such as not a man among them had probably ever set eyes on before the little Prince entered the dining-room, passing down between the tables with the grave aplomb which already distinguishes the embryo Emperor, forming so amusing a contrast to his age, and to the evident promptings of his own lively nature. The guests all rose on the little Prince's entrance; when the latter who responded to their salutes by repeated raisings of his little cap, gravely requested them "to go on with bowing, towards the long window opening this great measure, who calculate that Wes- in every instance the Southern citizen was upon the terrace, went out amidst the shouts of "Vive'l Imperatrice! Vive le Prince Imperial!" raised by the delighted soldiers.

wettest weather. They follow the beach, and climb the hilly rocks of the desolate and come. Should it be entered into under the generally of the North. We cannot deny arid neighborhood, with a zeal and perseverance worthy of all imitation; Biarritz is simply a fine sand beach, encircled by lofty masses of rock, wild, brown, bold, without a leaf of any kind of vegetation. Open to the British American Provinces will no doubt the Southern States, being strongly impresswhole sweep of the Atlantic, the air is as thoroughly marine as at sea; the waves are magnificent, and the force of the wind is agreeably tempered by its southerly situa- tions of Canada are opposed. We cannot pear from the face of America sooner with Unknown to the fashionable world until the Empress fixed upon it as her special watering-place-impelled, in no slight degree, to the choice of it from its proximity to Spain-its vogue is constantly increasing new houses are being built; hotels are in progress; and the imperial pair, if they wish to enjoy anything like quiet and solitude in their visits to the sea, will soon be obliged to adopt some other locality.

The Emperor, who, if report says true,

has no great liking for the sharp-featured old Countess de Montijo, and seldom allows the Empress to bore him with her mother's presence in Paris, accords ner run posterits to invite the counters to Biarrits. Accordingly, the latter always comes to Biarritz when the Empress is there, remaining there during the whole of her Majesty's stay, accompanied by the three children of the Duchess of Asba, for whom the Empress entertains

a farmer, and gonerally sected

swimming exercise, of which she is fond. Her Majesty is one of the best swimmers in Europe, and has incited most of her ladie to acquire an art too generally ignored by her own sex. With a boat in attendance in case of need, the Empress swims out bravely, with a bevy of fair ladies, and said to venture sometimes to a considerable distance from the shore. The little Prince. who has no natural liking for water, is also compelled to take to that element, and is learning to swim under the auspices of his Imperial mamma.

Surrender of Manitoulin Island.

The Owen Sound Times of Friday last says : -"The Hon. Mr. Macdougall, Commission er of Crown Lands, has been visiting the Manitoulin Island, with the view of getting the Indian to surrender the Island of Government. He has been so far successful as to get a treaty signed by fourteen of the Chiefs for the surrender of the whole of the Islands with the exception of the Wikwimikong and Wikwimikonsing. The principal Chief at the former place signed the treaty for himself but not on behalf of his people moved to the County Lunatic Asylum at and expressed himself perfectly satisfied with Hatton. Here he was still held to be in the Government. The conditions of surrender are as follows: The Island is to be surveyed and plans deposited with the resident agent; the Indians to select, within one year, 100 acres of land for each head of family; 100 acres for each young man ever 21 years of age; and 50 acres for each orphan child. After the expenses of surveying and making colonization roads, the in terest of the money arising from sales of land to be paid over to the Indians.

A Brief Campaign.

It is not often that the brief history of whole campaign can be be told in one two telegraphic dispatches, but the story of the new invasion of Pensylvania, the begin ning whereof was announced in Saturday's paper, is finished this morning. Col. Sturt, as he boasted he would, has made the ircuit of Gen. McClellan's army, crossing the Potomac above it, riding rapidly through portion of Maryland and Pennsylvania in s rear, destroying and siezing property and spreading alarm and excitement as he went, escaping in safety at a point on the river south of the army, back again to the place of beginning, having made a march of 90 miles in the last 24 hours. This expedition exceeds anything before attempted in dash and daring by that bold Rebel, Stuart. would seem to have been of some service to even that on the Peninsula, for this was in him for he left the head behind and took an enemy's country, thickly populated, the stick, which, if not of service, would where he was in danger, at any moment, o falling in with large bodies of troops. He may have expected to do more than he did, basement his egress was barred by three but cendor compels us to acknowledge that locked doors. These, however, to an old he has been tolerably successful .- Tribune,

The Rev. T. Bedford Jones, a distinguish-British clergymen who have been induced by Bishop Lewis to come to Canada and labor in the diocese of Ontario. Besides on their way to Kingston, who are to be ordained by the Bishop, and be employed as nissionaries in the new townships.

Derald

CARLETON PLACE

Wednesday, Oct. 29, 1862. The absence of political and Provincial its columns attractive to the general reader. past two months, when this was more applicable than it is at the present time. The Gov- of Roman or Carthagenian history; the pro ares, and all this time the organs which supmistrust and voraciously waiting with ex- ments issued by the Federalists. We Caters to pieces, who exhibits the slightest opening for a venomons onslaught. The ence to the unqualified support of the Inter- Chuzzlewit," are mirrors of truth. Season national Railway, and in their opposition to after season, Canadian observation has been this measure they have received the cue from directed to the different phases of character the London Journals, who are in the interest exhibited by the two great divisions of th of the Grand Trunk creditors, and they also American people-to wit, the South and calculate on the support of many supporters | North; our watering places, our hotels, ou work before them," and passing on, still of the present Government in opposition to tern Canada would be the least benefitted superior, mentally, morally, and, we can by it. The Cabinet has not yet totally com-The Emperor and Empress seem to have mitted itself to the prosecution of this nafully adopted Queen Victoria's unvarying tional undertaking, and we doubt whether principled speculators in "basswood cheeses' rule of taking two good daily walk, even in the it will be consummated for many years to and "wooden nutmegs" and the "smart men" pressure brought to bear by the British party that we have, in common with nine-tenth in England, anxious for the preservation of of our countrymen, in the old land and the follow in its wake; a measure to which at ed with the conviction that that great blem the present time a majority of the two sec- ish on the continent-Slavery-will disapavoid remarking that the measure, an excel- the South as an independent sovereignty lent one in time of prosperity and sound fin- than under the money-making impulses and ancial credit, will not be a popular one among the people of the Canadas in those

Another subject, of which we are now heartily sick, is that of the reports from the Our sympathies are not with the North; or seat of war in the American States; the old every occasion when a speck of trouble ap song is repeated-first report, a Federal vic- peared in the horizon of Britain, demoniacal tory-second, a Confederate triumph, and wishes, aspirations, and threats filled the a wail of discontent from all the Northern columns of the Northern press; from the appers. The last intelligence from the U. forum thundered reminiscences of past injur-S. brings us the grumblings and fault find- ies and hatreds-from every hall in their ings of all the leading journals about the uncities denunciations against our sovereign fortunate course of the was, and urging the and our people were uttered by bloated readvance of the Federal army to the revolted publicans to feed the morbid appetite of the sost tender affection.

se children of the Duchess of Alba were states, and either make an end of the war, dirty democracy, which swar has a states, and either make an end of the war, dirty democracy, which swar has a states and stews to give their moral weight mother's will; and the Empress, who of the Federal States have had enough of to the sentiment, and even the sanctity of the representation.

A New Jack Shepherd.

A thief and prison-breaker, named Alexander, has recently broken out of the County Lunatic Acytum, Warwickshire; and the following account of his antecedents and ecope is given by the Birmingham Post.

"Our readers know something of his articles of his action by the sea. The Empress has had two convenient pavilions built on the part of the most daring and extensive burglaries that ever took place in this town; that he family and suite, occupying the other, and the door" the romance of war and the there goes on the work of disrobing for the glory of country are fast dissipating before States in case of trouble in Europe or in such a gathering of young and old, and the between the contending parties, and proba may expect, should we ever be left to strugbly during the winter, negociations will be gle on our own hook, and of which we have Church could be seen the Shakespearian initiated which will lead to a termination of experienced a taste. the fratricidal conflict, and eventually lead to the recognition of a Southern Republic. the North and West is too palpable to be brow, to the infant, the dawn of whose in-

The Toronto Leader has a strange specudevelopements in the Republic of the United President, bending to every political breeze States, and quotes some extracts from the Mor mon paper, showing the calculations and plans which are being made by the Mormons for an early declaration of independence from idea of ever being capable of restoring the the Union, and comes to the conclusion that out of the present upheaving of the political elements on this continent, will be created the following independent sovereignties, viz. the Federal States, the Southern Confederacy, a Pacific Republic, Mexico, and last, though not least. British America. In this last connection, however, the writer does not mention whether British Columbia is to form part of our British Confederacy. This view is by no means chimerical-"coming events cast their shadow before," and it is generally admitted now that the hope of the Federalists to bind together again the broken fragments of the Union is a task too gigantic for man to achieve, as the wound of disunion between the South and North has already become too calloused to unitethe circulation has been stopped between the two bodies, and it is only a matter of time, the recognition of the separation.

The spirit of peace appears to be brood-

ng over the disturbed elements of society in

the Northern and Western States, as it stated that in the State of Pennsylvania, which gave a large majority to the Lincoln, or "crush-the-South-at-any-cost," party, the Peace Democrats ' or 'Submissionists,' have obtained a signal triumph. In Ohio, also they have elected 14 out of 19 Congressmen, which last year the Republicans carried by a war ought to be stopped by the interference large majority; and in Indiana the same re- of Europe, and guard the Southern States sult shadows out the death—the early death ed clergyman of Cork, Ireland, has arrived —of the present war policy of the Lincoln produces the raw material that furnishes la-Cabinet. From all quarters there is a latent bour to the workers of Europe. these clergymen, four divinity students are of national differences, and demand a re-The fact is becoming apparent that the revolted States have become a mighty power for good or evil-that in the courts of Euope they are now recognised, privately, as capable of proving their right to empire. country in safety in their capitol, with the excitement renders it difficult for any glean- Federal armies thundering in vain at their er attached to a country newspaper to render gates; in the Cabinet—the halls of Legisla tion-in the battle field, and on the toiland we do not remember sny time for the some march, the Southerners have proved equal to the heroes emblazoned on the pages ernment is preparing a policy to carry out, clamations from the President—the appeals which at present is partly shrouded in shade addresses, orders, and war bulletins from as it must necessarily be to be successful time to time published by their commanders, have been models of humility and trust in the righteousness of their cause when con ported the late Cabinet are growling deep in pared to the "Bombastos Furioso" docutended jaws to tear any or all of the minis. nadians, for thirty or forty years past, have not been blind to the personal mental defects and manners which generally distinguished principal cause of complaint among the latter the Northern and Western American, and -opposition organs at present-is the anthe pictures which the novelist Dickens ticipated action of the Government in refer- drew in his "American Notes" and "Martin now add they have since proved themselves physically superior to the high-pressure, undictation of unprincipled Northern politicians who would not hesitate an instant in enslaving the fairest of creation, if they thought they could make a dollar by the scheme have a chance also. There are several other distinguished characters in the County of Renfrew whose names ought to appear in

the stern realities of poverty and hardship. case of a second concentration of Federal monotonous wail of the wind without, and As far as we can learn, there appears to be power, by a comenting of the two divisions the somewhat dismal pattering of the rain an intention on the part of the Federal Com- of the Republic. This may be called a sel- drops on the window panes, seem to have mander of going into winter quarters, at fish view, but as "self-preservation is the had little effect on the countenances of the which the politicians are wrothy; if this is first law of nature," it is justified by the juveniles, whose faces betokened a thorough the case, a better temper will manifest itself description of national friendship which we satisfaction with the general aspect of affairs

denied even by the most rabid of abolitionists; the meagre fruits of the war, as far as lative article on secession, and its turther it has gone—the changing policy of the -the sentiments of Europe in regard to the prosecution of the war, are all tending to throw a "wet blanket" on the chimerical Union to its former giant strength and pristine glory, and they are getting sick of a conest which has far as it has gone, brought them neither profit nor glory, nor acquisition of territory, nor sympathy among the nations of the earth, and with all this pressure grinding them down, the day is not far distant when a declaration of peace will be hailed with satisfaction by the Northern

Cotton Substitutes. Amidst the trouble in Europe for cotton among the manufacturing community, the following substitutes have been suggested experimented on and brought before the public by various persons anxious to supply a substance to fill the vacuum caused by the oss of the cotton from the Confederate States now and since their declaration of Government. Among them we do not perceive any growth of Canadian climate; but we have no doubt that those deeply versed in totany will farnish the public with every information, whether any substitute can be produced chear enough in this Province, as there are many substances fibrous enough but lacking in abundance. The fact is staring us in the face, and that is that the against all interference as the garden which

It becomes important, in the present as ect of affairs, from the dearth of cotton. hat every fibre producing plant or vegetable material capable of being converted, by the aid of science, into cloth, should be carefully examined and made known to the pub-The principal fibrous substances contained in the following list have for several years been well known to be capable of being argely manufactured into woven fabrics and ordage, when used in their crude or natural state, and to a limited extent also of being mixed, for a certain class of goods, with cotton and wool, after having uudergone a min te dissection of the fibre :-FLAX-The product Linum tista tiss

mum, from nearly every country in th HEMP-The product of a kind of nettle Canabis sativa, chiefly from Europe and

JUTE AND BAST-The inner bark of species of lime or linden tree, Corchorus cap- Teachers were entitled to a high meed of ularis, from India. NEW ZEALAND FLAX-A bulbous plant

of the lily kind, Phormium tenan, from New CLINA GRASS-A nettle of China, India and the Indian Islands, affording the valuable Rhea fibre.

NETTLE FIBRES-Obtained from the com non stinging nettle, and other species from the East. SUNN HEMPS-Obtained from leguminous plants, of species allied to the broom, clover,

eans and peas. SILK COTTONS-The product of a large tree in South America. PINE APPLE FIBRE-The product of the pine apple leaves, from the tropics of the Old

and New Worlds. AGAVE -- A bulbous plant from South America, the large leaves of which produce abundance of fibre.

The County of Renfrew is undoubtedly a omical County; the dispute for the site of County Town has been a bone of contention for the past ten or twelve years, and after being what was supposed to be settled, the arrangements for building the public offices and everything connected with them are ourse the setting off of a new County al- stock on sale, and the superior quality of ways opens an extensive field for the energy cattle, both for beef and for lumbering purambition, and selfishness of every conceited poses; on this account buyers from a great body," who may at some past period in the distance annually attend, and numerous istory of the early settlement of the County | droves are taken to the frontier or American meeting in miniature, held in some log school large and extensive Fair are quite promising ed all day. The prisoners, it will be within ouse. If they are able to scribble the reso- for buyers, and a common opinion is prevalutions of a meeting, sheer impudence does lent that good beef will be purchased for \$3 the rest, and they forthwith foist themselves per cwt. Various circumstances combine to on the public eye as fit and proper candi- bring the market down to that figure. Lumdates for the high office of Sheriff, or some berers on the Ottawa and its tributaries, of the other public offices. The cry now in will find it to their advantage to file an ap-Renfrew, and especially in the Pembroke pearance at this Village on Tuesday, the 4th day of November. We have no doubt both prisoners. Village, as would appear from the 'Observer' published there, is 'who will get the Sheriff- their wants will be fully supplied. ship.' Now, we will say, "Fair play, gentlenen." We have no objections that the Editor of the "Observer" should be appointed candidate, along with Mr. Irvine, but ve insist that that well-known public favorite -Mr. Robert Boyle-if still living, should

Mr. Sherwood, of Brockville, has a con-

Anniversary Meeting of the Presbyterian Sabbath School.

On Wednesday last we had the pleasure seven ages represented, from the venerable That a peace party is fast growing up in old man with the silvery frost of age on his tellect was just breaking, with all the intermediate stages of youth, womanhood and maternity, showing that the interest in the Sabbath Schools pervaded all ages of life.

Messrs, Halcroft, McKinnon, and Spencer,

while to the left of the Chairman was a select band of singers, under the direction of Mr. Joseph Docherty, who performed a number of select pieces of music for the occasion, is the Ivy's food at last." and which added much to the entertainment. The meeting being opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Halcroft, the Chairman opened the examination by a few introductory him with his dew. remarks, during which he stated that it was not to be expected that the audience would ful of its stability, but when connected and have a fair specimen of what the scholars fortified with Palm, they feel that the were capable as they were unaccustomed to Church is in no danger and still less are the the presence of strangers and would therefore feel simid. Mr. Graham then examined able altitude, and has an aristocratic bearing, the classes, and the pupils exhibited an acquaintance and gave answers in reference to the Scriptures that would put to the blush many nominal Christians. After an interlude of Music, Mr. Spencer addressed the scholars in a very pleasing manner and wel adapted to their young minds, pointing out Independence, blockaded by the Federal to them under what obligations they were to their Teachers, and that the best way they could show their appreciation of the Teacher's efforts on their behalf was to attend punctually to the duties of the School, and to practice obedience and dilicence, and afterwards impressed on them the beauty of in order to obtain happiness.

walls of the old church, although the clouds lowered outside in piled-up volume and blustering Boreas grumbled at the windows discontentedly. The demolition of the refreshments was followed by a few remarks by the Rev. Mr. McKinnon, who alluded to the speech of Mr. Spencer, that if the precepts and suggestions mentioned by that gentleman were followed, the world would be different to what it is at present, and that the teachings of a mother was the mos lasting and seldom effaced, when backed by the teaching of a Sabbath School, which gave a bias to the whole future life-the principles inculcated by Sabbath Schools re maining for a long time, and for which the praise for the religious education they imparted. The Rcv. Mr. Halcroft then followed, and gave a short address replete with good advice to the rising generation, and describing the pleasure he experienced in seeing so many happy faces there, remark ing among other things that pious families and Sabbath Schools are the true nurseries of the Christian Church-a sentiment which should find an echo in every breast—that no department of labor in the moral vineyard is of more importance than that of Teacher in a Sabbath School, and that they stood on a higher pedestal in the society of the world than either politicians or statesmen. After a very neat address, Mr. Halcroft sat down. roceedings closed by the band singing the passed away pleasantly, and with increased hopes of great efficiency.

Carleton Place Fall Fair. Carleton Place has always been celebrated for its Fall Fairs, for the great quantity of

After all the lying reports which have eached us about Bragg, the Confederate in the fact that the fighting had continued three days and resulted in a complete triimph for the Confederate army, General Bragg capturing 10,000 prisoners and a number of guns. The South is holding its own with an unparalleled audacity, and will tract with Messrs. Benson & Co., Quebec Union—their military spirit and ability are and Liverpool, to supply the British Govonly getting roused up, and the "On to The stantist and causes flatness in cotton than usual.

Political Evergreens.

The following splendid tribute to the venerable statesman and master-spirit of Europe of attending the Anniversary Meeting of the -Lord Palmerston, appears in a late numworn thread bare. Poets have "strung scattered along the lakes, beneath which fay U. P. Sabbath School, in the Methodist ber of "Punch," and well is he worthy of it. Church of this Village, and although the Amidst sunshine and storm he has piloted elements gave little promise of a good atten- the English vessel of state, through breakers To one of these pavilions she repairs every ers, and now that "hard times are knocking not," grows, bringing to our recollection the dance of the people, we were agreeably sur- and shoals, with profound and rare ability.

The profound are should be children of the people, we were agreeably sur- and shoals, with profound and rare ability.

The profound are should be children of the people, we were agreeably sur- and shoals, with profound and rare ability. at the door" the romance of war and the friendship we may expect from the Northern prised on entering the sacred building to see All political classes join in according to this renowned statesman a high meed of praise. The late Sir Robert Peel, on hearing a foreigner praise Palmerston, remarked in reply "Yes, we are all proud of him":-

A rare old plant undoubtedly is the Iv green, but how superior in point of verdure there is no homily in Palm, it is because a grateful spirit inspires it with songs of joy. Autumn comes-flowers fade on their stems -leaves loosen from their stalks-desolation reigns over the Woods and Forests, but the stone's speech. prospects of the country are cheering, and Mr. Gladstone on Recognition ? because there is still vigor in its Palm. Palm is found in all places, and has been for more than half a century-Home. For eign and Colonial. Yet there is nothing parasitical about the rare old plant, and i t clings to the House, certainly the House On the platform, we observed the Chair- derives additional respectability and value man, R. Bell, Esq., M. P. P., the Rev. from its attachment. It is wooed alike by the courtly zephyr and the popular gale, and while around it, branches blown from Dizzy heights are spread, somehow or other, 'eter

nal sunshine settles on its head. Of another evergreen we are reminded that "the stateliest building man can raise pose, refers to BARRY's new Houses of Par liament, and doubtless that legislative structure furnishes sustenance to Palm, and will Nervous Politicians when they see a time-honored institution covered with lichens are apt to be distrust-Ministers.

Though this perennial rises to a consider being picked out with strawberry leaves, i s remarkable for its genial warmth, rather than that cold shade at which plebians shiver. The blessings invoked for the Oak we all desire for the Palm which we gladly

"And still flourish he, a hale green tree, When a hundred years are gone.'

Foreign nations may proudly repose upor their laurels, but BRITANNIA, who delight eth more in peace than in power, leans with complacency upon her Palm.

The Alabama.

The commercial men of the Northern States are in spasms of terror financially, a the terrible distruction of Federal property practising the Christian virtues at all times, occurring by the activity of the celebrated rover, the "Alabama" steamer, fitted out by Music then followed, and then refresh- the Confederates, which, since she sailed ments, consisting of a choice avalanche of from the shores of Britain, has been a per-Sponge Cakes, &c., &c., Coffee, &c., &c., be fect scourge to the Federal mercantile vessels. ing distributed among the assembly, to the She has already appropriated or destroyed beaming smiles and healthy, blithe counte- and loud indignation is freely expressed it undoubtedly the severest blow the Federal marine has received as the "Alabama" is overhauled by any Federal vessel of war now

> The various accounts which reach this Province regarding British Columbia and ne probability of making even a respectable ving, all tend to one important fact, and hat is the prospect of dragging out a miserble existence for some time to come, is staring the crowds of Canadians in the face. who left this colony for that land of promise ast Spring. There is one chance in housand of making a fortune, and th treets of Victoria are crowded with Canadians who cannot return for want of funds.

"Renfrew Journal."

We understand that the publication of the Renfrew Journal" is about being resumed. nder the charge of its former Editor. Geo Ross, Esq. No doubt the undertaking is intended to affect the County Town question Mr. Ross is well posted up as a Journalist. and will no doubt bring out the new paper in as spirited a manner as formerly. We

when daylight dawned on Monday morning and some fine fruit was distributed, and the all nature wore a garb of purity—there being of stern Winter's coming reign.

A Man and his Wife Condemned to Death.

The murder mentioned beneath took place near the Madawaska River, on the Hastings

By telegraph from Belleville last night we earn that the trial of Richard Aylward and is wife Mary Ann, charged with murder. six months, ago murdered a man named Munro, reading on the Hastings Road, for the sake of the money which it was supposed he had in his possession. The evidence showed that the crime was one of the most revolting ever committed in Canada.

The jury retired about five o'clock in the afternoon, and after about three hours' deliberation returned a verdict of Guilty against

Chief Justice Draper, who presided, then addressed the prisoners in the most impressive manner, stating in the course of his remarks that the crime of which they had been convicted was the most atrocious in the investigation of which he had ever been con- amiability of his character are justly approcerned. He concluded by sentencing both risoners to be hanged on the 8th of Decem-

The trial created great excitement in Belleville, and during the day the court-room was densely crowded,—Leader. will extend to the admire support.—Quebec Mercury.

Liverpool, Oct. 6th. -Gladstones state. ment in a speech at Newcastle that Jeff. ly kind hearted and manageries, who affection to the sentiment, and even the sanctity of an affection to the sentiment, and even the sanctity of the Federal States have had enough of to the sentiment, and even the sanctity of the papers generally approved of Gladstone's fighting, notwithstending that their patrities to the sentiment, and even the sanctity of the papers generally approved of Gladstone's fighting, notwithstending that their patrities to the pulpit was invaded by enthusiastic of winter. Snow has already fallen on both the client electrons of the papers generally approved of Gladstone's fighting, notwithstending that their patrities to the sentiment, and even the sanctity of the Federal States have become a remarks some think a recognition of the mookery and a sneet to the nations of Europe. South will soon follow.

Important.

"COMING EVENTS CAST THEIR SHADOWS BEFORE. The most important intelligence which has reached this country from Britain for a ong period, arrived by the "Kangaroo viz., the sentiments expressed by Mr. Glad tone in reference to the position of the com. batants in the neighboring Republic. His declaration publicly made, that the leaders of the Southern movement, had not only formed an army, but they had established a nation, is sufficiently explicit to deepen the the impression which has long been gaining ground, that the Confederacy, will ere long the venerable Palm! There are sermons be recognised, and admitted into the com stones—even in a GLAD-STONE—and if munity of nations, and that the common interests of humanity would be served by an immediate recognition of their independence Below we give an extract from Mr. Glad

of the South

[Latest by the Kangaroo.] Liverpool, Oct. 9, 1862. Mr. Gladstone's statement, in a speech at Newcastle, that Jeff. Davis had made the South a nation, and that he considers separation certain, attracts great attention. and causes flatness in cotton.

Mr. Gladstone, in the address alluded to made use of the following remarks in reference to the war in America :-

"We may have our own feelings about Slavery; we may be for the South, but there is no doubt. I think, about this— Jefferson Davis, and other leaders of the South, have made an army; they are making, it appears, a navy; and they have made what is more than either, a nation floud cheering.] I cannot say that I, for one, have viewed with any regret their failure to establish themselves in Maryland; the onsequence of that military success in an aggressive movement would have been that a political party favorable to them would have obtained power in that State, that they would have contracted actual or virtua engagements with that political party, and heir future negociations with the States might have formed a new obstacle to peace. From the bottom of our hearts we should desire that no obstacle to peace should be formed. We may anticipate with certainty of the Southern States, so far as regards effecting their separation from the North. I, for my own part, cannot but that event as certain as any event vet future and contingent can be: t is because I am certain that this great event will arrive, and that the North will have to suffer this mortification, that I earnestly hope England will do nothing to nflict additional shame, sorrow, or pain upon those who have already sufferred nuch, and will probably have to suffer

The papers generally approve of Mr. Fladstone's remarks, and some think a reeognition of the South will soon follow.

The Herald says Mr. Gladstone's words ace of course not the mere haphazard expression of deliberate sanction of this Cabinet, of which he is a member. It will now be understood throughout Europe and America both that the English government are convinced the time has come to recognise

The London Globe save it has no author ty to announce the day or hour the recognition will be given on the part of this country, but it is clear it cannot be deferred ong, and in any other case there is no doubt it would have been given sooner. The incere repugnance to countenance or encourage, by any premature act, the formation of n independent slave power, can alone account for the delay in this instance.

The inhabitants of Carleton Place ought o subscribe something and get plank-walks etween the Methodist Church-in which all Protestant communions hold worship-and the road to the Railway Station. The roads are in a most dilapidated state to be in the midst of one of the most thriving part of the country. We opine our understandings do not show our intelligence.

Obituary.

It is our painful duty to record the death f an old and respectable resident of the ownship of Ramsay, James Wilkie, Esq., who was born in Hamilton, Scotland, in the year 1791. His father and mother both dying when he was very young, he was early eft an orphan. He received his education rom his uncle, the late Rev. D. Wilkie, D. D., of Quebec, from whose careful instruc tions he acquired habits of reading and hought which characterised him through ife. He came to this country in the year 1821, and settled in the township of Ramsay, where he remained. He was a man of ery modest and retiring habits, and was remarkable for his honest industry. As a farmer he was one of the best in the country Snow.—On Sunday afternoon, snow com- and acquired a good property, although afmenced falling slightly from the East, and flicted with much sickness in his family He always studiously avoided bringing him self into public notice, nor would he ever accept of public offices, although they were ing about eight inches of snow on the ground. often urged upon him. As a husband and It will not last long, however, as there is no father he had few equals and no superiors. He was a consistent member of the Presby terian Church-his religion consisted more bright Pheobus will dissipate this first warn- in thought and action than in feeling or loud professions, yet he had sometimes deep anxiety for his spiritual welfare, and in the latter portion of his life he was much given to prayer, that with his consistant conduct, great government of his passions, his resignation in his last illness and his willingness to meet the Eternal King, give good hope of his enjoying a blissful immortality. He departed this life on the 23rd October, at 1 A. M., and was interred on the 25th in the Presbyterian graveyard in Ramsay, towhich place his remains were followed by a large and respectable concourse of people. After a lingering illness his system gradually gave the recollection of some of our readers, about way till the spirit left the body without a struggle or a grean.-Com.

The resignation of Mr. Dorion, Provincial Sccretary, which has been some time in the hands of his colleagues, was accepted yesterday. Mr. Dorion's retirement proceeds wholly from his views upon the Intercolonial Railway question; in all other respects, has been and is entirely in accord with the other members of the government, from whom he separates with the most kindly feelings. The step Mr. Dorion has felt it his duty to take, will excite general regret, and nowhere more strongly than in Upper Canada, where the purity of his purposes and the ciated. It is not doubted that on all tions now before the country, with the single exception of the railway. Mr. Dorion will extend to the admiration his cordial

THE QUEBEC ICE BRIDGE .- Mr. Lam bert has comenced the construction of a pier in the river which by catching the ice as it ultimately secure their separation from the Davis had made the South a nation and that floats toward the sea, it is hoped will cause

to home and foreign admissions and gives his tha leve

They were were and pounds.

Southern Character.

The Rev. Dr. Bellows, a celebrated Uni-

tarian minister, who resides in New York. we believe, recently made the following remarks before a Unitarian Convention, in the course of an address on the Civil War :fascination, and ease, the free and charming hospitality by which it governed society. It now shows itself in England and France by the success with which it manages the courts and the circles of literature and fashion in both countries. It shows itself in this war. in the orders and proclamations of its generals, in the messages of the Southern Congress, and in the essential good breeding they again meet the army of the Potomac. and humanity (contrary to diligently encouraged impression) with which it not seldom divides its medical stores, and gives our sick and wounded as favorable care as it is able to extend to its own. It exceeds us at this moment in the possession of an ambuthis moment in the possession of an ambulance corps. I think the war must have increased the respect felt by the North for the South. Its miraculous resources, the bravery of its troops, their patience under hardships, their unshrinking firmness in the desperate position they have assumed, the wonderful success with which they have extemporized manufactures and munitions of war, and kept themselves in relation with the world in spite of our magnificent blockade; the elasticity with which they have shown in threatening again and again our capital, and even our interior, cannot fai to extort an unwilling admiration and respeat. Well is Gen. McClellan reported to have said (privately) as he watched the obstinate fighting at Antietam, and saw them retiring in perfect order in the midst of the

The Alabama

them or they will conquer us.'

most frightful carnage, "What terrific neighbors these would be! We must conquer

The Confederates war vessel, the Alabama has created an immense sensation in New York by her depredations upon American commerce. The New York World thus alludes to her doings : - "The burning of the merchant ship Brilliant by the rebel privateer Alabama, off the Grand Banks, in the great highway of navigation between this port and Liverpool, created no little sensation on the Merchants' Exchange yesterday afternoon Shipments were brought almost to a stand still, and the insurance companies advanced the rate for the war risk to five per cent. is proposed to hold a public meeting on the subject, which will probably memorialize the Secretary of the Navy with reference to the speedy ridding the high seas of this terrible pest. It is propagile that war vessels have already sailed with this object, but it may be doubted whether they are of the requisite been equalled. The argument is used that a protraction of our present inactivity will ting an armament to follow them for the contraction of our present inactivity will a protraction of our present inactivity will be a protraction of pest. It is probable that war vessels have urged with an earnestness that has never be doubted whether they are of the requisite a protraction of our present inactivity will of our merchant marine, who has examined he Alabama, that she is not formidable as a war vessel, except in point of speed, which is rated as high as seventeen knots per hour, a rate beyond the capacity of any running the Charleston blockade with a load of cotton, is probably the fastest seagoing vessel we have. She has been pierced for broadsides, and it is to be hoped, is in a condition to be sent to sea immediately. The Alabama is described as a wooden vessel more than four. Her probable whereabcuts has already been reported to the Navy Department. The property known to be destroyed already by the Alabama is valued at one and a half million dollars.'

The Shenandoah Valley. The same correspondent has the follow

the sweep which the rebels, during the ocforage in the inner region of the Shenandoah Valley. The people of the town Charlestown, have the greatest difficulty in getting even the most ordinary supplies. At the hotel (the only new and open one in the place—where I stayed last night, I paid one dollar for my supper, one for my breakfast it by the Northern journals, although one and one dollar for hay for my beast. At or two of them were honest enough to adbreakfast and supper we had neither coffee. sugar nor butter—nothing but beef, bread and a vile substance called rye coffee, and tended over three days, and that besides means and end that made a villaneous de was to be had in the place; not a cigar or atobacco of any kind. And the razzia has not been confined to things; the men, too are all gone. All the male population that did not enlist have been swept into the rebel armies by the two conscriptions, and they are now applying the third, recently passed by the rebel Congress, and providing for the impressment of all between thirtyfive and forty-five. I did not see a mid- and although tendered the Coloneley of a dle-aged man in the place-nothing but boys fine infantry regiment, declined continuing the male population is very odd indeed." And yet notwithstanding all this the people are devoted heart and soul to the Confederacy.

Militia Drill.

We may mention for the information of those concerned, that Military Drill, under Sergeant Cox, takes place in the building formerly used as a Church on the Corner of Drummond and Colborne-streets, in this round now the hurry of the summer is over something of their duties. If they set any value at all on their commissions, they are surely worth time occupied in learning their duties as officers. The probability is that those who neglect to drill will be headed by the naval department."

IMPORT OF AMERICAN DIMES.—A large those who neglect to drill will be deprived of their commission when the inspector comes round. Two or three from Bathurst attend, but none from the other adjoining Towships.

A woman named Lachal-Madame La chile, Indian herb doctress, she called herself-was convicted at Buffalo N. Y., of having committed the cime of manslaughter by causing the death by abortion of a that she was a repectable murderess. She wound up her laudatory address by reading a long rigmarole in verse, declaring that she had not received justice. She was sentenced to even years servitude in State prison—a sentence that is very generally applauded in Buffalo.

There are now upward of two hundred likely to lead to important results. We be from two young men formerly residents of two hundred likely to lead to important results. We be from two young men formerly residents of two hundred likely to lead to important results. We be from two young men formerly residents of two hundred likely to lead to important results. We be from two young men formerly residents of the present at the battle of Antietam, likely to lead to important results. We be from two young men formerly residents of two hundred likely to lead to important results. We be from two young men formerly residents of the present that at this council the abdi-leve we know that at this counci

AMERICAN NEWS. -

Washington, Oct. 16. A special to the Times says :- Gen. Fre mont expects soon to be in Washington, pre-

Washington, Oct. 15. A letter has been received from Gov. e meantime Gov. Curtin is taking active affairs. easures to protect the border from any furer raid.

(Herald's Special.)

Washington, Oct. 20-The pressure for a forward movement is becoming almost general. It is urged with an earnestness that has never been equalled. The argument is used that a protraction f our present inactivity will ruin the

surrection against the whites

Philadelphia, Oct. 21. At the Suffolk Park Course to-day the post stake purse of \$400, three mile heats, the Trent, the British Government threat practiced. was contended for with the annexed result : -Idlewind won the first heat in 5:45; phis, which was recently captured while and Wagram fourth. Idlewind won the ting out in the ports of Great Britain to consecond heat by three quarters of a length.

Blackbird was second. Both horses were Alabama, an enormity that cannot be rarian outrages which have recently disturb.

On the string out in the ports of Great Britain to connais addressed a letter to the Itomata to connais addressed a letter to severely punished. This is the fastest secwere present, and large amounts were bet.

indignant because the Southern Privateer was built and fitted up in England. They are without any armament, and could not have been stopped by any authority of British law. The Northern Government has had large supplies of arms and ammunition sent Nothing could be more complete than to them from England, and how unreasonable it is to complain that the British cupancy of this vicinity the past four or authorities do not interfere to prevent an five weeks, have made of all the food and unarmed ship from leaving their waters. simply because she has been bought by residents of the Southern States.

on upon the recent battle at Perrysville, Ky., somewhat different from that given to mit a defeat. It appears now that Gen. some of us cursed that mal-adaption of killing and wounding thousands, he took a large number of cannon and material of coction out of a good grain that might have war, and captured 10,000 prisoners. His made an excellent distilation. Not a drop own loss in killed wounded and missing is of spirits of any kind, as I have already said set down at 5,000. It was no doubt a terrible and unexpected blow to the Fed-

Lord Ernest Vane Tempest, better known as Capt. Charles Stewart, left New York on Tuesday for England. At the time of Gen. in the Federal service.

"Donald McKay, the well known ship builder, has just returned from a visit t England and France, where he personally nspected the iron-clad fleets now building in those countries. In a letter describing them he doubts the propriety of our constructing so many vessels of the Monitor pattern, as large vessels building abroad for offensive purposes. The lowness in the water and inferior speed would, he thinks, Town every Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, at 7 a.m., 31 p.m., and 7 p.m. for such they all are, that compose the The attendance is very good, but there is room for more at the day Drills; and we think the Militia, officers in the county might make it a point to attend and learn navy for deep water purposes. Mr. McKay

to \$300 worth daily in addition to large quantities of other American silver.

It is very certain that whatever the by causing the death by abortion of a young and prepossessing woman named Mary Bayer. The prisoner had practiced as an abortionist for several years in Buffalo On Tuesday she made a long speech to the court, in which she seemed mainly desirous of proving not her innocence but that she was a repeatable way a great the seemed by the seeme

End of the Cotton Famine In

cluded under this head, it is reasonable to hope that the supply may turn out to have been underrated even for the coming season. The reports from Jamaica are in the high cotton. In Guiana and Demerara the proprietors are setting heartily to work to pro-Curtin in which it is stated he has been informed on good authority that the Generals in command of troops at Hagerstown knew the Confederates had crossed the the border der, has been sent out to Porto Rico, which

The Steamer Alabama.

of New York was held on Tuesday for the as unprecedented.—Mont. Wit. urpose of taking immediate action relative the destruction at sea of the ship Briliant and other American vessels by the resolutions are as follows :--

the high seas an offence against neutral stating, in a letter to the Times, his rights on the plea of which, in the case of

ened to plunge this Government into war.

"Resolved, That this Che nher has heard THE ALABAMA.—The Yankees are very fitted out in Great Britain, and manned docile, and desirous of religious knowledge

the calamity of war.'

a convenient season.

A great sensation was created among the his departure, gave an order to Mr. M. J. procured. The General announces his in- richness of their adornments. tention of joining the Knights Templars at

taken off to the station house. The remov-al from the pond and arrest appear to have defence was exceedingly lame, the only of-fence (?) committed by the young women that one can gather from it being that one of them wore on her hat a black feather with a white tip. The City Council and police

three pocket knives a day or two previously, and they had brought on sickness. He was taken to a drug s'ore, but died before he arrived there—the knives having cut the temperance society who had promised to use

RUMOR OF HER MAJESTY'S ABBICATION

This paragraph appears in a late number of the Paris Patric:—"The journey of the Queen of England to Germany has been the

The Supply of Cotton.

That progress is realy being made in the The Rev. Dr. Bellows, a celebrated Unifian minister, who resides in New York,
believe, recently made the following rerks before a Unitarian Convention, in the
prese of an address on the Civil War:—
The day was sure to arrive when the
general inability to believe in a supply of
cotton from any other sources than the
advanced his division to Charleston, Gen.

The day was sure to arrive when the
general inability to believe in a supply of
cotton from any other sources than the
six months of the current year as compared
with the first six months of 1861. Next
two million less than the United States a charm of Southern young men at College, or Southern young women in society. How far race and climate, independent of servile in stitutions, may have produced the Southern way between Charlestown and Bunker of 10,000 bales; from Egypt, 200,000 bales; from Egypt, 20 chivalric spirit and manners, I will not here consider. But one might as well deny the small hands and feet of that people as deny a certain inbred habit of command; a talent feriors. Nor is this merely an external or flashy heroism. It is real. It showed itself in Congress early and always by the courage, eloquence, skill, and success with which it the social life at Washington by the courage in the social life at Washington by the courage in the social life at Washington by the courage in the social life at Washington by the courage, the social life at Washington by the courage in the social life at Washington by the courage in the social life at Washington by the courage in the social life at Washington by the courage in the social life at Washington by the courage in the social life at Washington by the courage in the social life at Washington by the courage in the social life at Washington by the courage in the social life at Washington by the courage in the social life at Washington by the courage in the social life at Washington by the courage in the social life at Washington by the courage in the social life at Washington by the courage in the social life at Washington by the courage in the social life at Washington by the courage in the quantity from that Liverpool was from Turkey, 60,000 bales; from Egypt, 200.000 bales; from Egypt, 200.000 bales; from Egypt, 200.000 bales; from Egypt, 200.000 bales; from Turkey, 60,000 bales; from Turkey, 60,000 bales; from the quantity from that Liverpool was from Turkey, 60,000 bales; from the quantity from that Liverpool was from Turkey, 60,000 bales; from the quantity from that Liverpool was from Turkey, 60,000 bales; from Egypt, 200.000 bales; controlled majorities. It showed itself in the social life at Washington by the grace, fascination, and ease, the free and charming the social life at Washington by the grace, fascination, and ease, the free and charming the social life at Washington by the grace, fascination, and ease, the free and charming the social life at Washington by the grace, the enemy was found to be in very large of prices. This amount will be double the force.

The reconnoisance here ended its being able to ascertain where the main body of the Confederate army was.

There is no doubt that the Confederate generals intend to give battle at or near or prices. This amount will be double the quantity used per week for the last three taken by the trade during the last three months; and thus it would seem that the worst must be passed. The sources of this supply are India, the Brazils, Egypt, Turkey, Greece, Italy, chance cargoes from Amgree and "other sources."

There is no doubt that the Confederate generals intend to give battle at or near or near or prices. This amount will be double the quantity used per week for the last three bales per week. The average quantity bales per week. The average quantity taken by the trade during the last three months has been 15,278 bales per week; and months has been 15,278 bales per week; and months has been 15,278 bales per week. The average quantity taken by the trade during the last three months has been 15,278 bales per week; and months has been 15,278 bales per week; and months has been 15,278 bales per week. The average quantity taken by the trade during the last three months has been 15,278 bales per week.

There is no doubt that the Confederate generals intend to give battle at or near control of the prices of this supply are India, the Brazils, Egypt, Turkey, Greece, Italy, chance cargoes from Amgree and the prices of the prices o sumption may be considerable extended next year, even if the American war should be their present location. The indications are that they will not have to wait long before that the West Indies are in-prolonged for another twelve or fifteen they have to wait long before the will not have to wait long before the difference of the American war should be etts, Rhode Island and Connecticut, stand respectively first second and third. Massamonths. Extraordinary Cause of Death. square mile. While the population of Oregon

A person of the name of John Hughes, milk-man, Cote des Neiges, died last Sun-day under circumstances sufficiently remarkable to warrant their narration in these columns. It would seem that in the early part of last week, one of Hughes' cows died. and a few hours after, he had the animal skinned. A short interval having elapsed after this operation, Hughes had occasion the Confederates had crossed the the border at ten o'clock Friday morning. Twenty is expected to supply a large quantity miles of railroad from Chambersburgh mot less than the produce of 2,000 acres, were in our possession, and a like dispersion of the west Indian felt a temporary twitch of pain, but thought morning. The man to take place on Friday, the 31st inst,—

Montreal Transcript. were in our possession, and a like distance by good roads, and the Confederates is declared to be scarcely short of the high-The Jeffersonian, a paper published in after the occurrence, symptoms of an alarmater than the control of the high-staturday morning, so that the whole force as time passes on, we find ourselves under the control of the matter. Two days after the occurrence, symptoms of an alarmater than the control of the name of Anner Clinton County, Pennsylvania, last week as time passes on, we find ourselves under the control of the matter. Two days after the occurrence, symptoms of an alarmater the occurrence, symptoms of an alarmater than the control of the name of Anner Clinton County, Pennsylvania, last week as time passes on, we find ourselves under the control of the name of Anner Clinton County, Pennsylvania, last week as time passes on, we find ourselves under the control of the name of Anner Clinton County, Pennsylvania, last week as time passes on, we find ourselves under the control of the name of Anner Clinton County, Pennsylvania, last week as time passes on, we find ourselves under the control of the name of Anner Clinton County, Pennsylvania, last week as time passes on, we find ourselves under the control of the name of Anner Clinton County, Pennsylvania, last week as time passes on, we find ourselves under the control of the name of Anner Clinton County, Pennsylvania, last week as time passes on, we find ourselves under the control of the name of Anner Clinton Clinton County, Pennsylvania, last week as time passes on, we find ourselves under the control of the name of Anner Clinton them. The government deserves a thorough investigation, and the military authorities have already ordered an investigation. In A meeting of the Chamber of Commerce considered, the cause of death, is as singular or even of ornaments to female head gear.

bel conscripts are pouring constantly into and being in fact participes crimins in the but the clenched hands and distorted fea- Church missions to the Roman Catholies. acts she had committed, which were charg- tures which usually accompany the action of Seventeen negroes were hung there on ed as crimes against humanity. A series of violent poisons were painfully perceptible, resolutions was adopted. Three of these and led to an inquest at the time. The "Resolved, That this Chamber has not the fatal dose was administered in the form ment is becoming a most general. It is into a self-styled neutral Power, the nature the same manner. That a series of murders of which neutrality is shown in permitting should be easily committed without attract-

> by British seamen, cannot fail to produce the most widespread exasperation in this country, and hence they invoke the influ
> desire which there has been too little disposition on the part of the priests to gratify. Mr. Paxley has established a John Lee of Adia ence of all men who value peace and good school on his estate, and offers to supply will among the nations to prevent the de- any one who desires to purchase the Scrip parture of other vessels, of the character retures, either the Roman Catholic or the ferred to, from their ports, and so arrest Protestant version, at half price. The Ultramontanists are much annoyed at the publication of this letter.

Freemasons of Connecticut a few days ago How to BEAUTIFY LIFE.—There is no occasioned by Mr. Charles Stratton, alias more marked phase of the prevailing prodi-Gen. Tom Thumb, being initiated, passed gality than the extravagance of the female dates at the competive examination for adin the early days of its settlement, and are dates at the competive examination for adintimately acquainted with each subsequent tren. Tom Thumb, being initiated, passed and raised to the sublime degree of master mason in St. John's Lodge, No. 1, of Bridgeport. The hall was crowded to ex
would be well if it were spent in such a way as S. LeMesurier, aged 17, who obtained 3,776

was at the competive examination for admission to the Royal Military Academy, development of its growth into political and commercial importance.—Kingston

News. cess to witness the interesting ceremonies. not to vulgarize to the tastes and demoralize points and stands second on the list. The It is due to the General's reputation the character of their fellow citizens. The young gentleman, who obtained such a to state that he bore the trials, mentally and physically, in a matter that would have

A MINIATURE ELEPHANT.-A dwarf been done upon the supposition that the young women were improper characters. In consequence of this arrest two separate civil ing to the published report of the cases, the sweetened with sugar; and when we saw

a white tip. The City Council and police magistrate of Toronto at times do queer things—and why not the Mayor?—Kingston News.

Import of American Dimes — A large number of American Dimes is being imported into Canada by the exchange of brokers, the difference between their present value and the value of 25 and 50 cent pieces allowing them a margin of 4 to 5 per cent. One firm in Montreal receives \$200 to \$300 worth daily in addition to large Garibaldi's Dream of a universal brother-

'I feel quite unwell, and will take a little brandy and water,' said a member of the

The Waterloo Chronide contains lette

The total population of the United States June 1, 1860 was 31,749,821. At the first the most populous from 1790 to 1810 and fourth in 1850 is now fifth, with a population of 1,596,083. Indiana ranks next. then Massachusetts, then Missouri, then Kentucky, then Tennessee, then Georgia each of these States, having a population of over a million. In density of population, the three New England States Massachus-

News Items.

chusetts has about 158 persons to every

gives only one person to every square mile of

We learn that in answer to the recom mendation for mercy of the jury in the case of the soldier, Mawn, convicted of murder at the late Criminal Term, the reply is in the negative, and the Sheriff has received to go in the vicinity of the carcase, and was instructions to make the requisite prepara-

as time passes on, we find ourselves under the process of being weaned from our obstiPennsylvania saved the disgrace cast upon nate reliance on the Slave States; and from but he was informed that he had delayed which had a coating of arsenic to give it a long the Union is played!" ave already ordered an investigation. In America which can restore the old state of system. The man then returned home, and further examination. One can hardly express died in great agony on Sunday. The deceased was a young man, of regular habits thus diffusing poison wholesale through the and strong constitution; and everything community in the shape of children's toys. The Times Dublin correspondent states

Constance Wilson, the woman indicted for city by the riotous disposition of the Roman poisoning another female so long ago as 1856, Catholic mobs in connection with "prosely Confederate privateer Alabama. A rabid was convicted at the Central Criminal Court, tism." Several charges are to be brough speech, denunciatory of England was made London, on Saturday, October 4, and sen- before the police magistrate at Kingston of y a Mr. A. A. Low, who presided, whose tenced to death. A singular part of the shocking outrages towards the children of The Times' despatch states that a gentle-ian who left Ammisville, Culpepper county, those assembled. He charged England with onniving at the fitting out of the privateer being examined a day or two after death, the country, in connection with the Irish

In a few months there will be six large Tobacco factories in operation in Montreal and led to an inquest at the time. The medical supposition now put forward is, that and turning out \$2,000,000 a year. The Washington, Oct. 20.

A special despatch to the N. Y. Herald says:—The pressure for a forward movement is becoming a most general. It is is said to be particularly favorable to the

detestable work of plundering and destroying American ships, thus encouraging upon amongst various classes in London by

Gen. Jefferson C. Davis, who shot Gen.
Nelson at Louisville some weeks since, has belief that secret poisoning is widely Department, releasing him from the arrest under which he had been hitherto confined. and, in military phrase, "enlarging his Mr. Paxley, an Englishman, and the limits." There are reasons for believing of our regular war vessels. The Memof our regular war vessels. The MemBlackbird was second, Avalanche third, with amazement that other vessels are fitowner of the Berehaven Mines in Ireland, that Gen. Davis will be at the head of his command in the field again before long.

OUREN'S COLLEGE.—At a meeting of the committed on the high seas without jeopard- ed the country to the want of religious in the Rev. John C. Murray of Paisley, in ond three mile heat recorded, except those izing the commerce and peace of nations.

of Arrow and Little I'lea, feather weights at New Orleans. Fifteen hundred persons were present, and large amounts were bet.

committed on the high seas without jeoparated the country to the want of rengious the flex sond of realist, in the first seasons in the second of the Chamber to main the seasons of the Chamber to warn the merchants of Great Britain that a repetition of such acts better treated. He speaks of the people for the late Sir Great Britain that a repetition of such acts among whom he dwells as being remarkably fitted out in Great Britain, and manned docile, and desirous of religious knowledge.

The people new Professor was a favorite of the late Sir William Hamilton of Edinburgh, and his lationship to the ex-Premier, was knowledge. testimonials are of the very highest order. over the Province, and her, death will be

DRINK AGAIN .- On the 25th ult Mr John Lee, of Adjala, who appears to have been sadly addicted to drinking for many years past, had been taking what is comestimable parent. The deceased lady died monly called a "regular spree," and while under the influence of liquor, went to draw a pailful of water from a well into which he fell head foremost and was drowned. - C. W.

reflected honor on greater men. The Free-masons boast that men of the highest social If the wealthy dame will persist in making with burglars, has been arrested in New position and greatest talent have been en- a show of her riches upon her person, her York. She would find situations as a serolled in their institution, but we much less opulent rival will not be outdone in ex- vant girl, and remain long enough in the doubt whether their records will show an other so small a specimen of humanity entitled to be greeted as a brother. The Gentitled to be greeted as a brother. ral, who is now in Washington, previous to female heart that no consequences will de- how to make sure of the treasures, entered ter a woman from an effort to equal a rival in and carried them off. In this way the girl confederates who are a nation will remain Drummoud, of New York to make him one personal attractions, which the female sex has been instrumental in robbing a large so, and that their nationality will not be number of families in New York and other absorbed back into Union.

GLASGOW, SATURDAY,-A communica elephant, imported from Malacca, will henceforth doubtless form an attractive feature in Exchange. It announces that the sentence Two respectable young women of Toronto, named Armstrong, were arrested one day
last winter while amusing themselves on a
skating pond, by order of the Mayor, and

said to be full grown, and some twenty

said to be made as to the truthfulness of her statement.

the enrolment for the draft among the Irish residen's of Luzerne county, Pennsylvaactions were instituted against the Mayor, who was cast in damages of \$200 and \$100, is very docile and even playful. Its food out a military force in the town of Blakely. at the Toronto Assizes now sitting. Accord- consists chiefly of rice, milk, and bread and fire npon the insurgents. Four or five were killed, and forcible opposition put

out through the Isthmus, to connect the Mediterranean with the Red Sea, will be 91 miles in Length, 260 feet in width, and 26 feet deep.

We learn that Mr. Sicotte will visit Engand as the delegate from the Provisional Government, to act with the delegates from the Lower Provinces in the negotiations with regard to the proposed Interedionial

Breach of Promise case.

At the Assizes now sitting at St. Thomas parties in the suit were engaged to be married in 1852; defendant that year went to California, and was to return and marry the plaintiff as soon as he had made his pile. He wrote her a year afterward, reiterating feelings of the warmes, attachment, assuring her that he had only three things to live for, "home, gold and his to correspondent." From Detroit, on his way out, he sent back his likeness in a gold locket, and continued to correspond with the plaint. The city article of the Times says that the commercial classes in London are a strongly opposed as ever to any actio. on the loth.

The question of the recognition of the Southern Confederacy by England continued to attract considerable attention. It was announced its intention of continuing strict neutrality.

The city article of the Times says that the commercial classes in London are a strongly opposed as ever to any actio. on the loth. parties in the suit were engaged to be mar- later than those by the Kangaroo. quested the locket and letters to be returned. Sir. John Pakington, in a speech, said which is the verdict as above stated.

September says:—Our august visitor, Queen Victoria, appears to have improved in health Sir E. Bulwer Lytton, in a speech, looksince her arrival in our mountains, and now ed upon a restoration of the Union as im-looks remarkably well. In fact there has possible, and thought slavery would not long never been any sign of the indisposition survive separation. mentioned by certain journals; the Queen goes out regular twice a day, even on foot even if showery weather. The Princess walk out frequently. Prince Arthur, accompanied by his tutor, has ascended the Insulberg, the Inselberg the highest point of the Thuringerwald. During his tour he precisely the situation which he pictured twenty-five years ago:—Were our nationwas carried down the mountain by his guide. al union dissolved, we ought to reprobate The Queen will remain till the end of the av sternly as we do now, the slightest manimonth, Earl Russel, who istaying at Gotha, comes here occasionally toreceive Her Ma-

The Jeffersonian, a paper published in Clinton County, Pennsylvania, last week

A somewhat surly critic, on hearing an minent brewer praised for his charity, is said to have observed that it was only a form of conscience-money, and that a man who made \$20,000 a year by damning his neighbors bodies, could not do less than contribute towards trying to save their souls.

BAKED QUINCES .- This fruit may be baked like apples, adding syrup, or sugar and water. Certainly every one who likes a sour baked apple will relish a baked quince. They are very good, simply baked. and eaten with powdered sugar. The body of a well known farmer named

William K. Glazier, residing in the town-ship of Elizabethtown, was found drowned in a creok on Monday last. It appeared that the deceased was intoxicated on the night of the Friday preceding, and while in that state fell into the stream and was

The Bank of England holds 217.611.538 in specie, about \$88,000,000. Its bill or note circulation is £21,035,565, or \$105. 000,000; and discounts £19,296,400, or about \$96,000,000.

A married woman named Mann, residing clevated to the Archbishopric of York, on in the Township of Stanley, in Bruce, com the death of Dr. Longley was most active mitted suicide by drowning on Saturday the 11th inst. She deliberately east herself into a pool of water, but finding that her crinoline sustained her above the surface, she crawled out, took off the buoyant article, plunged in again and eventually effected her object. No cause is assigned for the act. She left a family of small children.

Death of Mrs. Macdonald. The death of Mrs. Macdonald, relict of he late Hugh Macdonald Esq., and mother of the Hon. John A. Macdonald, Ex-Attorney General, will be found neted in an heard with regret by hundreds who have met her in social intercourse and partaken of her hospitrlity. Thousands also of Mr. at the advanced age of 85 years, and was perhaps the last connecting link of an old circle of Kingston society. Her demise has deprived the city of one more of its oldest nhabitants-those who remember Kingston In the official list of the successful candiin the early days of its settlement, and are

> The London Times remarks, that it can hardly be alleged that Mr. Gladstone has cope beyond the bounds of official reserve in the statement that Jeff. Davis has made a nation of the South. If any community ever did earn the name of a nation, the Southern Confederacy have. It is the bare fact. It need have nothing to do with the stone concludes very reasonably that the

Pleasant Valley, Oct. 24. Orders have been issued in Burnside's command to issue no more clothes than the men can carry comfortably on forced marches. It is reported here that Hooker rejoins the

the lst of November to permit inquiries of her tratement.

A serious resistance having been made to the enrolment for the draft among the Irish. Buell has a very large army and attempt

ed to flank Bragg wille at camp Dick Robinson. Buell is yet endeavoring to flank Mutton per it by the qr..... him, and there may be a battle any day.

The reports of taking a large number of prisoners at Perryville are untrue.

We learn from Jackson, Missouri, that the bridge across Crochett's Creek was burned by the enemy, and our forces were not aware of the destruction till they were at the creek on their retreat. They were ferced to run down the creek and cross at the mill dam, where the enemy had a com-manding position. The slaughter of our troops here was very great. The Quebec Gazette says :- "An im

with regard to the proposed Intercolonial Railwas. Mr. Howland who is expected to sail on Saturday, goes in his capacity of Finance Minister, but will co-operate with Mr. Sicotte in the Railway negotiation.—Quebec Mercury.

The bishop of Ontario has summoned the Synod of his diocese to assemble in the city of Ottawa on Wednesday the 5th of Nov. next.

The Quebec Gazette says:—"An immense quantity of military stores, rifles &c., have been sent to this port per Great Britain: and the steamship St. Andrew arrived to-day has a large portion of her cargo space occupied with warlike material. The carting of military stores to the different depots has been almost incessant during the past few days. The number of rifles forwarded is evidently the fitterition in his preferred for evidently the intention to be prepared for

Arrival of the Australsian

New York, October 24. C. W., an interesting breach of promise! The steamer Australasian, from Liverpool case was tried, which resulted in a verdict 11th instant, via Queenstown 12th instant, for the plaintiff and \$1,500 damages. The has just arrived. Her dates are three days

years. When he came back he thought differently about his long engagement, and wrote Miss Birdsall that his "whole nature" had changed with respect to women and re-

His request was not complied with, but instead an action was brought, the result of land, France and possibly Russia, ought to offer mediation in America as the basis of separation, and on a clear understanding A letter from Reinhardsburn of the 15th that if mediation is not accepted, recognition

DR. CHANNING ON THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION,—The following extra from Dr. Channing's introduction to his essays on slavery is worthy of notice at the present moment, when the American States are i festation of a disposition to stir up a service war. Were the free and slave-holding states not only separated, but engaged in the fiercest hostilities, the former would deserve the abhorrence of the world and the indigna tion of heaven, where they to resort to insurrection and massacree as a means of victory Better for us to bear our own breasts to the knife of the slave than to arm him with against his master." A quarter of a century has passed since these words were penned, but such sentimens are for all time They are true to the instincts of mankind and are founded upon the Christianity which we all profess. Channing was no "dough face." he abhorred slavery; but he was no "Republican," willing to sacrifice his country n the altar of party pride.

THE NEW ARCHBISHOP OF CANTER-BURY .- The new Archbishop of Canterbury s likely to give satisfaction. He is a man of experience, discretion, and zeal. The antecedents of the new Archbishop are of a very honorable character, and although he occupied the See of York for two years only. he is held in the highest estimation by the clergy and citizens, and his removal will cause a general feeling of regret. His Grace, who was born in 1764, was educated at Westminister and Oxford, where he dis tinguished himself as a first-rate classical scholar filling the position in the University of College Tutor, Censor, and Public Examiner. In 1856, on the resignation of Dr. Maltby, He was translated to the See of

the discharge of his episcopal functions as Bishop of Durham An anti-tobacco-smoking society has been ormed in Elora.

An author who has failed in successful writing often becomes a merose critic.-Veak wine makes the best vinegar. A pretty female artist can draw the mer

qually with brush and blush. Reason without revelation is as a shi without a rudder.

On Friday 24th inst., Mrs. William Ror on of a danghter

By the Rev. Walter Ross, M. A., og the 1st instant, Mr. Patrick McLaughlin, of Cumberland, to Miss Esther McLaughlin of Beckwith. In the city of Ottawa, at the residence of

the bride's father, by the Rev. Wm. Scott, Wm. Addy Hunter, of Pembroke, to Mary Agnes, eldest daughter of John Lloyd, Esq., of Ottawa.

On the 13th instant, at his residence 2nd line of Lanark, Robert Fleming at the age of 77. He was born in the Parish of Cavana, County of Londonderry, Ireland he went to Scotland when a boy and sailed from the Broomalaw in 1820; he was one of the first settlers in Lanark; he died after a lingering illness as those alone can die who live in the fear of God.

MARKETS. Corrected Regularly, OTTAWA, Oct. 23, 1862. Wheat-Spring, \$ bush \$1 00 \$1 05 Farmers' 0 00 4 25
Oatmeal, \$\beta\$ bbl. 196 lbs. 5 50 5 76
Rye, \$\beta\$ bush. 56 lbs. 0 50 0 55 Hye, \$\ \pi \ \text{bush. 5blbs.} \ 0 00 \\
\text{Barley, \$\pi \) \text{bush. 48 lbs.} \ 0 00 \\
\text{Oats, \$\pi \) \text{bush. 34 lbs.} \ 0 30 \\
\text{Peas, \$\pi \) \text{bush. 60 lbs.} \ 0 45 \\
\text{Beans, \$\pi \) \text{bush.} \ 0 60 \\
\text{Potatoes, \$\pi \) \text{bush.} \ 0 20 \\
\text{Hay \$\pi \) \text{ton.} \ 18 00 2 \\
\text{Straw \$\pi \) \text{ton.} \ 5 00 Straw & ton...
Pork & 100 fbs...
Beef & 100 fbs... f Ham
Tallow per fb..... Wool, fleece washed Butter-Fresh per lb.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

\$25 REWARD.

REWARD of \$25 will be paid by the persone who did on the night of Tuesday, the 21st of October, steal a BOAT and TWO DEERS from the Landing on Bar. temperance society who had promised to use to ardent spirits unless he was sick. 'I am no ardent spirits unless he was sick. 'I am very unwell, my dear, hand me a little brandy.' 'Here is the brandy,' says the brandy.' 'Here is the brandy.' 'Here is the brandy,' says the brandy.' 'Here is the brandy

The Brook, 1917 Tennyson's song of the Bruck has of late mined new interest from the pretty

I come from the hounts of coot I come from the bounts of coot and he I make a sudden saily.

Asil corbie out among the fern, To bicker down the valley.

By thiesty hills I hurry down, Ge alip between the ridges, By twenty throps—a little town—And half a hundred bridges;

Till lest by Philips' f rul I flow To join the brimming river;

For men may some and men may go, But I go on for ever.

ter over stony ways,

In little sharps and treb'es;
I hubble into eddying buys,
I bubble on the pebbles; With many a curve my banks I fret, By many a field and fallow, And many a fairy foreland set, With willow, weed and mallow, I shatter, chatter as I flow
To join the brimming river,
For men may come and men may go, But I go on for ever.

I wind about, and in and out, With here a blossom sailing : And here and there a lusty trout, And here and there a greyling; And here and there a foamy flake, Upon me as I travel, With many a silvery water break Above the golden gravel; And draw them all along and flow

To join the brimming river, For men may come and men may go, But I go on for ever. I steal by lawns and grassy plots, I slide by hazel covers, I move the sweet Forget-me-nots,

That grow for happy lovers. I slip, I slide, I gleum, I glance, Among my skimming swaliows, I make the netted sanbeaus dance Against as sandy shallows; I murmur under moon and stars, In brambly wildernesses, I linger by my shingle b rs, And loiter round my cresses

And out again I curve and flow To join the brimming river, For men may come and men may go, But I so on for ever.

Dr Watts to Jonathan. (1 Spritad communication, - Medium.

Men Punch) Let Done delight to shoot and smite Their fellers, no ways slow, Let come and wild cats scratch and fight 'Cos 'tin their nature to,

But, Yankees, guess you shouldn't let Sitch 'turnal dander rise : Your hands warn't made to draw the bes Op one another's eyes.

Advice to Cricketers. In a letter lately ad reserd to a Londo sporting paper by Mr. J. Hooker, the fol owing alt rations for the better regulation

of oricket matches are suggested. They are worthy of consideration by the cricketing community:with, and the old system of six balls revived

ight and width of the bat. teen, and twenty two a side be abolished. and the game confined strictly to two elevens No sound cricketer can defend the presen practice of having a mob of fielders to bustle every fair hit, or see any sport in a number of weak batamen being bowled down one af ter another by a crack player before the at their ignorance; but here is an amoun If uneven sides are pitted against each which it would pussle better philosoph other, let the differ nee be arranged in than we are to account tor. making the match by the strongest party eithe playing one innings against the other's two, or by allowing them so many rune to the good, on the same principle as bil

Lastly, I should protest against the abourd-unsportsmanlike practice of breaking up the game in the middle of the day, and during the best hours of play, for the sake of a regular sit-down dinner; a practice condemned by every cricketer and per evered in only for the benefit of the I censed victu-aller who serves the ground, and cannot afford to lose such a chance of getting rid of his stale beer and flavoriess bakements Who is there but has experienced the deterioration of night the loss of energy and enjoymen which succeed a cricket dianer o was without the digestion of an ostric' em see to play a good bull after a heavy dinner of veil pie and current tart, and sal of and beer and the old beot top sherry the true cricketers, who play to win, holo aloof from such reposts, and sustaining exhunted nature with underste and judiciou allinents, reserve their forces, and fall to with a glorious appetite when the fight is

The President Ridicaled by his Friends.

A Federal w ster -nin: "The President is a good man, but at times he gets into awful complications. The maggets that get in his hoad are millions. The last one is about negro colonization. He wants to send then all to Liberia or Central America. That would be another 800 million job, oven if the darkies would go, We considerable distance.

Superior to an \$10 map ever plosion threw up a column of water one hundred feet high, and the shock was telt at It is o only a Comy Map COUNTY and he start have not the money to spare. If anything ero best this last erotehet of the Prelident

The first regiment of the following companies: Company B. A. Saphends and Minors; Company B. Unde takers Zouaves; Company B. Unde takers Zouaves; Company C. Crutch Company (in ambiliances): Company B. Peace Company C. Crutch Com

Ar Sharp Dog.

doing the regulate marketing, he took the basket and did a little on his own hook, eating the proceeds on his way home, and on his arrival returning the basket to its proper place. To put a stop to this the butcher was instructed to give ment only when a piece of paper was found in the bottom of the basket. The dog tried the marketing on his own hook several times, but failed to get anything, and finally, as though he had turned the matter over in his mind, observing how it was done, he one day went and tore off a piece of a newspaper, placed it in

The Other Lot.

We know a man in a certain Western oi y who was very fond of ducks, but on account of the number he bought at market was not frequently troubled with tough ones. One day wishing for a goodly number, he went to the poultry dealer, and said he was an afflicted boarding house keeper, that his bourders were too ravenous, especially when things were young and tender.

Now, said our character, with a wink want you to pick me out all the old onesthe tough ones you've got.
The delighted dealer finds no difficulty n picking out a large number of tough

Are these all the really tough ones you've

All, was the reply. Theu said our epicure, I'll take all of the ther lot, if you please.

"It is a melancholy fact," mys the Entr' ctr, "that the persons whose profession it is to amuse the public have often to support an unusually large share of the trials of its. Auriol the popular clown of the Cirque de I'mperatrice, has recently teen plunged into the deepest affliction. After losing his son, a fine young man who Was to have succeeded him as clown, he has now lest his only remaining strild, a daughter. Mad me Auriol, married to a cousin of ie same name, and who died a few days nce in childhed. The funeral took place a f w lays since in the chapel at the Avenue proticle. At the cometery the bereaved hu band could not stand without support ad the unhappy fathe on taking the last mik at his daughter's coffin. Poor Auriol, ho is now 65 will hardly recover this terille shock, and yet perhaps he may he obliged to aute the public with his ,e s

" autics." SUPERSTITION IN NEW BRUNSWICK -This would give an appreciable addition to the time allowed for matches, and frequently afford the bowler an extra chance of work.

The St. John's News says — There is a wonth of the Cabinet Busines begs a initial to the control of the Cabinet Busines begs a initial to the control of the Cabinet Busines begs a initial to the control of the Cabinet Busines begs a initial to the control of the Cabinet Busines begs a initial to the cabinet Business begs a initial to the cabinet Business begs a initial to the cabinet Busines ing out his plan of attack against a sticking batsman.

42. Let the measurement of the bat be striagently enforced, and no batsman be allowed to bring in, as is frequently done, a risee of timber of gigantic proportions in flagrant violation of the laws regulating the height and width of the bat.

It got braited abroad that if a child having the action in a sticking the hooping cough were to crawl under the sounds to the following articles, which will enable per less in the country to turn an their bounces with sub-action from the following articles, which will enable per less in the country to turn an their bounces with sub-action from the following articles, which will enable per less in the country to turn an their bounces with an enable per less in the country to turn an their bounces with an enable per less in the country to turn an their bounces with an enable per less in the country to turn an their bounces with an enable per less in the country to turn an their bounces with an enable per less in the country to turn an their bounces with an enable per less in the country to turn an their bounces with an enable per less in the country to turn an their bounces with an enable per less in the country to turn an their bounces with an enable per less in the country to turn an their bounces with an enable per less in the country to turn an their bounces with an enable per less in the country to turn an their bounces with an enable per less in the country to turn an time and the bounces of the tollowing articles, which will enable per less in the country to turn an enable per less in the country to turn an enable per less in the country to turn an time and the poor the donkey.

It got braited abroad that if a child having the lookes to the donkey with and the poor the tollowing articles, which will enable the country to turn an enable per less in the country to turn an enable per less in the country to turn an enable per less in the country to turn an enable per less in the country to turn an enable per less in have been crawling under the animal's body in a continuous stream. The pressure be came so great that the owner of the Doctor at last commenced to charge a York-shilling fee; and on Monday she did a handsom husiness in this way. We talk of the in-oredulity of the people of India, and wonder of superstition in a Christian communit

Adolphus gets inspired.

"Dearest, I will build thee a cot all co ered over with ivy, in some secluded vale its pebby bottom incessant habbling in dul-cet, tiskling strains 'love, love, ' where the atmosphere is redulent of soothing, spies aromas, that make the eyes languish, and the heart dissolve in fires of love-where the balmy morning sephyrs sigh in the dense forest's leafy mase, chanting love's melody -where the tiny songsters that whirl in ethereal space warble naught but love. I sill plant thee a garden of gorgeous leveliness, culled from nature's most ardent deigns, warmest tints, and sweetest-smelling

A new infernal muchine, estimated to be dequate to the destruction of iron-clad vesroyal dockyard of Copenhagen. The apparatus which is extremely simple and costs.

J. ROWLANDS, Publisher, but livie, consists of a glass reservoirs fieled with water, floating at a cert-in depth, where by very simple chemical means it produces 600 000 MALE OR FEMALE as explication. In the first expaisment, when

A Tough Story.—A paper notorious of the United State of the Prelident, I will sell myse of cheap. The following exciting of the arms has been extensively circulated in the State of Connecticut, U.S. It is indicative of the altered state of feeling among the people:

"Invalid Brigade.

"Pour in Patriotic Sons of Connecticut and fill up the ranks

"Glory Hallelujah! Your county of alls. Let'er call. Get your certificates, and join the glorions brigade of General Debility. The first regiment of this brigade will consist of the following companies: Company B., Saphends and Minors; Company B., Sephends and Minors; Company B., Vesterday, on the Fair grounds, some A Tough Stort .- A paper notorious

Mormonism and Double Love. The Detroit Advertice tells the following compliance to the coming family:—A viry good insector is related of a Newfoundland dog owned by Mr. T. F. Strong of this city. Among other things the dog has been tanglet to take a hashet and go to the mixtor time when the butcher presented life to the fall for subdement and to the actorismment of Mr. S. It was double the actorism of Mr. S. I The Detroit Advertise tells the following tore off a piece of a newspaper, placed it in a basket and obtained the hard carned dinner. If the whole of this is true it shows a an excess of desperate rankness he related reflectiveness on the part of the dog, not often seen among animals and stamps him as one of the most sugacious of his kind.

an excess of desperate range is a state of his feelings. They laughed at him at first; then, they reflected, and the result of their reflected. tions was that they both loved Ludwig, and were as embarrassed as he. About this time one of the Mormon apostles passed through the place, sought to make proselytes to the doctrine of the Saints, and converted the young man and the two girls Thus Ludwig Ferro, and his companions Mina and Evohe, form a part of a Mormon emigrants on their way to Salt Lake, where their romance of love and duplications of wives will be speedily divested of all charm by the low associations around them."

> Quebec has subscribed \$11,106 to the Lancashire fund.

> > Notice.

LL PERSONS are hereby eautioned against purchasing or negociating a Note of Hand drawn by the undersi ned, in favor of ROBERT METCALF, Carleton Place as I have not received any value for

JAMES YOUNG. Lanark, Oct 18th, 1862.

Attention!

LL those indebted to the firm of J BELL & CO., are requested to settle the sine with the undersigned without de

JOHN HOGG. Carleton Place, Oct. 17th, 1862. 7-g



The St. John's News says -There is a wo-UNDERTAKING -COFFINS of all kinds con-

Carl-ton Place, Octuber 13th, 18:2. NEW FOUNDRY

In Carleton Place. Two doors West of Mr. Pittard's Wuggon shop-on the Perth road DAVID PINEAY having commenced a Foundry in the Village of Certain Place, in the above pression, begs to intimate that he is prepared to execute all kinds of Castings, such as PLOUGHS COOLERS of different sizes, ST (VES.gc., or the At descriptions of work in his line made to or te

Having worked in some of the best establishments in Sectland, the public may depend on getting their well done. Castings exchanged for Old Metal or Farm Pro Casings - Echanges and case, or sold case p for Cash.

DAVID FINLAY. Carleton Place, Oct 11, 18-2

The "Daily News." THE leading Conservative Journal of Centra' Ca lishes direct telegrephic news, and its mailing facilities are such too too readers for 2 hundred miles eas and west are placed in posses second he latest intelli-"Dolphy, dear, don't forget to leave a patent for cowening and injuns, they're so nice pickled."

"Dolphy, dear, don't forget to leave a patent for cowening the largest circulation in Western Canada, the columns of "The Daily News" afford the very best measure of communication between advertisers and the public. Subscription by mail \$5, strictly to ad-

boat used was shattered, and some of the planks thrown to a height of eighty or one hundred feet. On the account rial the expension throw up a column of water one horizon throw up a column of water one It is o univ a Comy May but it is also a

COUNTY AND EXILEDAD MAP

I the United Sagarant Canadas commond in one,
gving EVERY RAILROAD STATION, and dis-

WOOL W NILD

FRESH TEAS

CARGO OF SHIP "COLINSBURG"

DIRECT FROM CHINA

THE Subscriber has just received a very

fine assortment of TEAS, earefully selected from the cargo of the Ship "Colinsburg," comprising the following:—

GUNPOWDER, (extra superfine,) QLD HYSON, (extra fine Moyune,) YUUNG HYSON (extra superfine Ping Suey); IM-

PERIAL (curious fine Ping Suey); in BLACK—a superior article of southone

-AL80-

vantage of getting something new and fresh.

G. H. TURNER & Co.

CHEMICALS,

PATENT

MEDICINES.

PAINTS, OILS, VAR-

NISH, PUTTY, BRUSHES,

WINDOW GLASS, DYE STUFFS,

COAL OILS AND LAMPS.

BURNING FLUID,

LAMP CHIM-

NEYS.

ACLES IN MEDICINES.

SURGICAL AND DENTAL

Tin Foil,

Next Door to Wilson House,

Brockville.

Notice.

A LI descriptions of CONVEYANCING executed promptly at this office with nearness and dispatch. Affidavits taken. All kinds of Blank Forms constantly on hand. Business connected with the Registry Office, Co. Renfrew, transacted

SHOULDER BRACES.

Instruments, Gold Foil,

Tube Paints of every Color

Precipitated Silver,

TRUSSES AND

TILDENS EXTRACTS.

CONCENTRATED

Pencils, Fitches,

with accuracy,
H*RALD OFF CE, }

September 1862,

&c. &c. &c.

Camels' II ir

TEA.

stowed upon him.

Also that he wants 200,000 lbs. of good clean wool and 30,000 sheep pelts, for which the highest price in Cash will be paid or a superior article in Cloth's given in exchange.

UST RECEIVED, and for Sale, Se bundles of White and Colored Cotton Yarn, at 13s 9d to 15s per bundle, Cash.

-ALSO-A large assortment of Fall and Winter Guods at moderate prices.
ALBERT TESKEY. Appleton, 12th October, 1862. 6-e

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that the Municipal Corporation of the Township of Bromley, intends passing a By Law at its next Session, so be held in the Douglas Town Hall, on the 17th November next, for the purpose of establishing a Rosa between Osceoland tenfrew, commencing at the Rosa allowance hetween Lots Nos. 6 and 7 on the line between Concessions 2 and 3, thence bouth 34° 36 East, or following the Goncession Line 81 chains 75 links to a post marked A, thence South 86° hast 47 chains 40 links to a post marked B, thence South 69° Essential to a post marked D, thence South 34° 24 chains to a post marked D, thence South 34° 24 chains to a post marked D, thence South 36° Essential Control of the Concession Line 81° hast 47° chains to a post marked D, thence South 36° Essential Control of the Control of 24 chains to a post marked D, thence South 34° Eas: 12 chains 3 links to a post marked E, thence South 20° East 9 chains 80 links to a post marked E, thence in a direction. South 58° East, about 20 chains to the Fown Line between Bromley and Au-

By Order, JOHN HOLLINGER,

Town Hall, Osceol., } 23rd Sept. 1862.

Farm for Sale! W ST half of let No 1 in the 6th con.
of McNab. containing 100 acres60 of which is cleared and in a high state There is a dwelling House, two Codar Log Barner and Stables on the Premises. Also a never-failing Spring Well within a few yards of the House, It is distant from Pakenbean Village 8 miles and from the Loke Village 4 miles and on the leading road

etween those two places. For further particular SAMUEL GREEN. Sep'r 28rd. 1862.

NEW STORE! New Goods! New Goods!!

TR. ROBERT CRAMPTON begs to V inform his friends-and the country generally-that he has opened a STORE in the building occupied by the Post Office Department, and that he is prepared to furnish the tarming community with everything necessary for the prosecution of their various pursuits.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Goods. Having purchased advantageously for cash in the ..ontreal Cash paid for GOOD DAIRY BUTTER

in Firkins. ROBERT CRAMPTON. Carleton Place, Sept. 23, 186 !.

HIDES! HIDES! extended to him in the Grocery line, intimates to the Public that he has laid in a Stock of the above necessaries and luxuries, which he is ready to sell at a low figure for

F R SALE, a quantity of uperior tanned and finish to quality. HIGH WINES by the barrel F R SALE, a quantity of uperfortance and infinite to quantity.

d LEATH R, comprising Sol., Upper, Kip, and at the lowest selling price.

Calf-skine.

ABSOLOM McCAFFREY.

Almonte Sentember 23rd, 1862.

Carleton Place, June 3, 1861.

SMITH'S FALLS THRE HING MACHINES. MANUFACTURED BY

THESE Celebrated Machines, to which the attention of the Agricultural public is called, have during the past sassons given the most entire satisfaction. Their superiority wherever they have been introduced and brought into competition with other Machines have been universally acknowledged by all who have used them, both for Durability, ease of Draft, and the thorough and effective manner of their operation.

Frost & Wood, Smith's Falls, C.W.

Our SEPARATOR (capacity, four to ten horse power) for the coming season will be superior in every respect to any ever before made, as our aim is to excel every manufactory in the Province, in producing first class work. In their construction none but the very best materials are used—frames well put together—cylinders run in copper boxes, which is a great improvement,—b-bbet metal in boxes where necessary, and everything is gct up in the very best manner and with the latest improvements.

The DOUBLE PINION HORSE POWER, by which we drive the Separator and which we have much improved, is celebrated for great simplicity, ease of draft or effective power, costs less to keep in repair, and is very strong and durable.

Parties who intend getting Machines for the coming season, are respectfully invited to examine ours before purchasing elsewhere, as we are satisfied that they are the best and most reliable in the Provinces.

We continue to keep always on hand:—
WOOD & IRON BEAM PLOWS, STUMPING MACHINES, CULTIVATORS. DOG POWERS

STRAW CUTTERS, ROAD SCRAPERS. KETTLES.

COOLERS. CROSS CUT SAWING MACHINES for cutting logs for firewood, shingles, stave &c., &c. ALSO-COOKING, BUX, and PARLOR STOVES, &c., &c., &c. We make to order on short notice SHINGLE M CHINES, CIRCULAR SAWING MACHINES, (capable of sawing 8 to 10,000 feet of lumber per day,) GRIST AND SAW-MILL CASTINGS, and all kinds of JOB WORK. Particular attention paid to the repairing of old Threshing Machines FROST & WOOD.

Smith's Falls, August 13th, 1862.



Bates.—Price. \$1 in sheets \$2 pocket form, and by Mail.

Second and a 'corrificate!' Bounty

L. A farm of 6 ft. z 1 will be given

The bound of the first in his infancy he was second with a night beginning the potential with a night beginning the potential with a night beginning the potential with a night beginning the process the man process the m

R. METCALF'S PATENT CHURN.

Patented June 3, 1862. ciency. A child can work it. It has no mechanical complicators, and cannot ge out of order, it can be fitted to an old Churn if you wish. It has the period motion of the favorite Hand Churn, but divested of its cruel labor. Wherever seen it wins immense favor from Farmers.

R. METCALF, (Hotel)

CARLETON PLACE.

To whom please apply as to Patent Rights, and other information.

40-tf.

FRANCIS LAV-PORK INSPECTOR &C. is prepared to execute all orders with which be may be favored in his line of business, and to

any number of Pork and Flour Barrels. Cubs Pirkins, Churns, &c., &c., made in a workman-like mer and of the best seasoned timber. Carleton Place, May 28th, 1861.

supply at short notice,

RICHARD GIL-thankful for the pa-HORSE SHOEING 58 PER SETT.

Some fine JAPANESE UNCOLORED Done in the most approved manner. He is also manufacturing Ploughs Har These goods having been bought at the rows, Wagons, Buggies, and every Imple trade sale of the Cargo on landing, and ment required by a Farmer, all of which he much under the current prices, will allow will sell cheap for Cash. of them being sold at very moderate prices considering the quality, and besides the ad-RICHARD GILHULLY.

Carleton Place, May 21st, 1861. 37 NATHANIEL MCNEELY

A. McARTHUR. Carleton Place, Sept. 1st, 1862. 52-tf THANKFUL for the Patronage he has received heretofore, desires to inform the Public that he is now prepared to work DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES, cheaper than usual for Cash. Dealers in Drugs & Medicines Horse Shoeing 5s. per Sett.

Done with Neatness and despatch.

He is also manufacturing Plows, Harrows Wagons, Buggies, and every Implement used on a Farm, all of which will be Sold Cheap for Cash. NATHANIEL MCNEELY.

Carleton Place, May 21st, 1861. 37 Agricultural Ware Room.

Almonte.
THE Subscriber informs all whom it may concern, that he has at the Agricultural Ware House in Almonte, all kinds of Farming In plements. The best and most approved of and from the best manufactories in Canada; a few and from the best manufactories in Canada; a lew of which I will mention;—
Combined Reaper & Mower, Iron and Steel Plows, Threshing Machines, Sucreping, Machines A latent Fanning Mill that will separate Oats from Vibeat and other seeds likewise or no sale. Also Barley and late Clover Seeds, Timothy Seed, Land Plaster &c., &c. Gooking and Parlor Stoves.
Cooking Stoves from \$24.50 to \$28.50, with furni ure complete. Parlor Stoves from \$5 to \$15. examine for yourselves, and you will find that you have ishoured under a great disadvantage and a loss

of time and money. JOHN SAYLOR. Almonte, 19th March, 1862. 29.



BUREAUS, Bedsteads, Tabos, Picture GROCERIES, Frames, and other articles of household furniture made to order. He is also prepared Cigars, of the best to build small fishing smacks, pleasure and brands and as cheap sacing boats.

Land Surveying.

as the cheapest in the Village. The Subscriber grateful THE SUBSCRIBER is now furnished with new for past patronage mates to the Public that he has laid in a est notice and lowest charges. Also in the layor Stock of the above necessaries and luxuries, dut and mapping of Towns and Visiages on the mo

aut and mapping of Towns and Visiages on the most divantageous plans. The subscriber has had a large and varied experience.

Written communications post-paid and addressed Perth, C. W., or left at the subscriber's residence (for the present the Stone building adjoining the Music Hall, near the Free Courch) stating exactly o; but no attentiou paid to

Liberal Credit given when required

JOSEPH M. O. CROMWELL, Perth, March, 1862.

Farm for Sale! ONTAINING 1:0 acres within half a mile of Pakenham Village. The farm is well watered, with a good House, Barn, Stable and out houses. Apply to JOHN RIDDELI, Perth, or R. H. DAVIE, Pakenham,

N.B.—The time of payment may be arranged to uit the purchaser. Por Sale

N Reason ble Terms, a Second-handed SINGLE WAGON; a first rate

DOUBLE WAGON, new; and a span of HORSES. GEORGE MCPHERSON.

Carleton Place, April 28th, 1862. 34

& Ottawa WAY. Brockville RAIL-CHANGE OF TIME.

ON and after thursday, May 15th, and until fur ther Notice, trains will run as tollows:-MAIN LIN -GOING SOUTH Lave Almoste for Brockville and Perth, 6-45 ar Carleton Place do
Fra: ktown do
Fra: ktown do
Smithsfalls for Brockville
Irisa Creek do
Bellamy's do

* Bellamy's do Arrive at Grand Trunk Junction Brockville GOING NORTH. Grand Trunk Junction
Bellamy's do
Irish Creek do
Smithsfells for Almonte Franktown do Carleton Place do

Arrive at Almonte
PERTH BRANCH PERTH BRANCH
Leave Perth for Smithstall and Brockville 7 20 a.m.
do do do Almonte 5 10 p.m.
Arrive at Almonte 7 45 " Arrive at Almonte
Leave Smithsfalls for Perth
Arrive at Perth
Leave Smithsfalls for Perth
Both
Arrive at Perth
Arrive at Perth
Arrive at Perth
The above trains make the followit.
Connections, vus: At Almonte with the Stages to and from Arn-prior; At Grand Trunk Junction with the Grand Trunk Trains East and West; At Brockville with the "Royal Mail Through Line," and "North-

ern Transportation Company's" Steamers. Engineer and Superintendent.

Brockville May 8th, 1862.

Lake Huron Grindstones.

THE undersigned, having examined and tested the quality of Lake muron Grindstones brought into this neighborhood by r Alex Einch of Ramsay can confidently recommend 'hem to the public.

They are every way superior to the Bores sto

now in constant use, and being put at a very low figure, are within the reach of every farmer and mechanic. None should be without one mechanic. None should be without one
They are to be seen at the Rankway Station in this
village,
John Sumner, N. McNeely, John McGee, FLavaltee, John Hogg, Jacob Leste, John Graham,
Carleton Place, 17th Feb. 1862.

STRAY HEIFERS. TRAYED from the Premises of the Subscriber,
Three yearling Heiters. One mostly White.

anospt the head and neck, which were reddish. One
all sed assept the loce, which was whise. The
other is spotted red and white.

JOHN DEACON Jr. BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY AT LAW. CONVEYANCER, &C. Perti County of Ganark

REFERENCES desers. Gillespie, Moffatt & Co. Montrent William Lyman & Co., "

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THOMAS W. POOLE, M. D. CORONER NORWOOD, C.

WM. MOSTYN, M. D.

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUNTEUR,
Graduate of Queen's College Kingston. Coroner for the UnitedCounties of Lanark and Renfrew.

Almonte, Ramsay, C. W. ROBERT HOWDEN, M. D.

Almonte, C. W.

tronage he has received, informs the Public, that he is nowprepared to work chean for Cash

Licentiate.]
PHYSICIAN, SUBGEON, AND ACCOUCHEUR,
ASHTON, C. W.

JEWELLER, &c. W ATCHES, Clocks, and Jewellry of all kinds repaired with care and accuracy ressonable terms. Ail his work warranted to give satisfaction.

M. MACNAMARA, Wetch. maker, Jeweller, & Engraver. (Opposite Allan's Commercial Hotel.)

LOCKS, Watches and Jewellery of every description, repaired in the best manner, and on most reasonable terms.

Technol Seals furnished and engraved for \$2 cach

C. NEILSON, WATCHMAKER GORE STREET, PERTH, C. W watches, Clocks, and Jewelry careful y cleaned and repaired on the most reasonable

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JOHN G. LYNN Provincial Land Surveyor and Civil Engineer, Eganville Astronomical Lines run with the best instru-

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TORUNTU. Capital £500,000. A cosses promptly attended to, by JAMES ROSAMOND,

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C. LEWIS having leased the bove es'ablishment for a term of vears and having fitted up the premises in first class manner, hopes by strict attended to the comfort of Travellers to merit a share of

WILLIAM DICKSON. HAVING Leased the Commercial Hetel, Pakenham Village, formerly occupied by John McAdam, has fitted up the Premises in the most comfortable manner, and is prepared to accommodate the travelling putlie. His Bar will be constantly supplied with the choicest Liquors, and the Stables are of a good description, while attentive men will take the greatest care of horses given to their

METCALF'S HOTEL. CARLETON PLACE. tablishment in the most comfortable manner, is prepared to accommodate the travelling public. His Bar will be supplied

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to intimate to the Castings at the Amprior Foundry.
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G. D. NORTHGRAVES. A TCH AND CLOCKMAKER.

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Brockville, C. W.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS At the Perth Foundry, near Railway Depot, PERTH, C. W. 42.

Vork warranted.

with the choicest liquors. Horses carefully attended to. ROBERT METCALF. Nov. 26, 1861. NOTICE TO FARMERS.

The Carleton Place Herald

JAMES POOLE EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

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Issuer of Marriage Licences, Pakeuham, C. W.

ments, and in the most approved methods.

Agent at Almonte.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,
PAKENHAM.

Pakenham, March 8, 1861. HE Subscriber having fitted up the Es-

Farmers in the surrounding country, that they have on hand a good Stock of Ploughs, which they will Seli cheap for Cash. Also, good hard Plough Points, Cultivators and Coolers, Box and Cooking Stoves, Waggon, Cart, and Buggy Boxes on hand. Old Metal and Sheep Pelts taken in exchange for Castleng at the Armorter Foundry.

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