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PROBS—FAIR

PRICE TWO CENTS

## ITALY CONTINUES TO PREPARE FOR WAR; RUSSIAN FLEET ACTIVE IN THE BLACK SEA

### BRITISH CRITIC PREDICTS FALL OF CRACOW IN MONTH

When that Day Comes Austria Will Try to Conclude Separate Peace is Opinion—Big Russian Movement Expected at Once.

London, March 23.—The size of the garrison at Przemysl and the number of men who surrendered to the Russians greatly exceeded all estimates. According to despatches received from Petrograd tonight the garrison originally consisted of 170,000 men, of whom 40,000 were killed. Just under 120,000 surrendered when the fortress capitulated.

Owing to the blizzard, which is interfering with telegraphic services no details of the surrender are coming through, but Lemberg reports that for seven days prior to the fall of the fortress, the people of the town had nothing to eat, and the Russians, who took in large supplies of provisions, were welcomed as liberators.

#### TYPHUS AND CHOLERA.

Despatches from the same place say that fifteen thousand persons were found suffering from typhus or cholera, and that the work of disinfecting the place is being energetically undertaken. The interior of the forts, it is said, were found intact, with a good deal of ammunition in them.

Everywhere in Europe, both in belligerent and neutral countries, the greatest credit is given the Austrians for their long and stubborn resistance, which has greatly delayed and interfered with the Russian campaign in other directions.

Now that the Russians, whose numbers, like those of the Austrians, must have been greater than was heretofore understood, are no longer under obligation to invest this fortress, a big movement either against Cracow or in the Carpathians will doubtless be inaugurated. With their northern lines protected by the morass into which the greater part of Poland is converted during the spring months, the Russians are expected to throw all their strength against the Austrians and attempt finally to crush them.

#### CRACOW IN A MONTH.

One British military critic goes so far as to stake his reputation on the prophecy that Cracow will fall within the next month, and that when it does, or before, Austria will endeavor to conclude a separate peace. He is more optimistic than the majority of military critics here, who are of the opinion that the Austrians and Germans will likewise make a great effort in the southern field, and attempt to prevent the Russians from crossing the Carpathians or reaching Cracow.

Along the western front there have been a few attacks and counter-attacks, but nothing that in this war of big battles causes more than passing comment.

The full in the Dardanelles continues owing to the unfavorable weather, which the Allies are taking advantage to effect repairs on the Gaulois, Inflexible and other ships which suffered in the last bombardment.

#### BIG GUN FIRE.

Reports as to the effect of the big gun fire on the forts are contradictory, but one explanation of the fact that firing was continued from the land after the forts were presumably destroyed is that the Germans had brought down howitzers, which were moved from place to place on rails.

The Turks have made another attack on the Suez Canal. A small force which crossed Sinal from Bir El Saba, having been observed opposite Suez on Monday, the guns of the fortress opened on them. The Turks, who numbered one thousand, and were accompanied by three German officers, retired for about eight miles, where they were today attacked by a force under General Younghusband and were, according to the British official account, routed.

### SUSPECTED MURDERER ARRESTED

Owen Sound Englishman Taken in Charge for Killing Twelve Year Old Boy.

Owen Sound, Mar. 23.—Herbert Thackery King, a young Englishman, who recently came out to join his brother, William King, a farmer in this vicinity, was arrested tonight on suspicion of having murdered twelve year old J. E. Nicholson of the town. King persuaded the boy to accompany him on a trip in a hired buggy, and about an hour after their departure the barn and piggeries of William King were in flames. Those who went to aid in fighting the fire discovered the body of Nicholson on the side of the road with a knife wound in the back.

### BULGARIA GETS READY FOR WAR

London, March 23.—King Ferdinand and Bulgaria today held a two hours interview with M. Malinoff, the

### DUTCH STEAMER FIRED UPON BY GERMAN BOAT

On Her Way to England from Flushing—Three Shots But Steamer Escaped.

London, March 23.—A despatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Amsterdam says: "The Dutch steamer Meeklenburg, which left Flushing this morning (Tuesday), for England, was chased and fired upon by a German armed steam trawler. Three shots were fired at the Meeklenburg, but the steamer put on full speed and continued her journey to London. "Owing to this incident the Zealand Company, owners of the steamer, hereafter will not transport British, Belgian, French or Russian men of military age."

Democratic leader," says the Daily Mail's Bucharest correspondent. "The subject discussed was the forming of a coalition cabinet, in the event of a German, in whose house the stolen goods are said to have been found, and that of several officers and character witnesses."

### LAURIER'S PLIGHT



With a leaky boat, a motley crew and the tide running strong against him what chance has he?

### ITALIANS MOUNTING BIG GUNS IN THE AEGEAN SEA; PREPARATIONS FOR WAR

Dodekanese Islands May be Used by Italy as a Military Base—Possible Attitude of Greece Also Matter of Deep Concern.

London, Mar. 24 (5.17 a.m.)—Telegraphing from Saloniki the Daily Mail's correspondent says:

"The Italians are fortifying the Dodekanese Islands, formerly the Turkish Sporades, in the Aegean Sea, with heavy calibre guns, and numerous steamers are said to be taking munitions there."

The Dodekanese Islands, better known as "The Islands of the White Sea" lie off the southern part of the west coast of Asia Minor. The principal islands are Stampalia, Leros, Patmos, Nikaria and Kalymnos.

London, Mar. 24—"The political aspect of the international situation," says the Daily Mail's Athens correspondent, telegraphing Monday, "is still occupying the deepest attention of the Greek ministers who are holding councils daily."

### SWISS ATTITUDE ANGERS GERMANS

Cologne Gazette Scores Anti-German Demonstration in Switzerland.

London, Mar. 23 (7.30 p.m.)—"In future no self-respecting German will expose himself to the insults of the rabble of whom Germany money never has been despised, but to whom the German people are so repugnant," says the Cologne Gazette, as quoted in a despatch from Amsterdam to Reuter's Telegram Company. This utterance was inspired by reports of numerous anti-German demonstrations in Switzerland in connection with the passage of trains, conveying to their homes interned Germans, who had been exchanged for French and British prisoners. Accounts of these demonstrations are published in several German newspapers.

The largest of these demonstrations occurred at Fribourg, where, it is said, a crowd stoned the residence of one of the most prominent German professors of Fribourg University, and smashed windows of their houses, being finally dispersed by soldiers.

### FRENCH OFFICER ON CHARGE OF STEALING

Paris, March 23.—The trial today of Colonel Francois Desclaux, general paymaster of the army, who is charged with having stolen army stores, was devoted to the testimony of the servants of Madame Bechoff, the wife of a German, in whose house the stolen goods are said to have been found, and that of several officers and character witnesses.

### EARL GREY'S COMPANY MAY NOT GET UNION OIL

Restrictions by British Government on Financial Operations May Prevent English Capitalists from Getting Control.

Los Angeles, Calif., Mar. 23.—Restrictions placed upon financial operations by the British government will prevent control of the Union Oil Company of California from passing into the hands of an English syndicate, it is said, at which time options held by London financiers expire, according to statements here today.

Negotiations probably will be concluded, it was stated at the annual meeting of the company, April 15, whereby the British syndicate, represented by Andrew Wier, of Liverpool, will be given a block of stock, equal to the amount of money that has actually been paid into the treasury of the Union Oil Company. This amount was said to be approximately \$2,400,000.

Several London financiers, headed by Earl Grey, composed the syndicate, which more than a year ago began negotiations for the purchase of the oil company stock.

#### REACH'S OFFICIAL GUIDE.

The Standard has received from the sporting goods department of Emerson and Fisher the Reach Official American League Baseball Guide for 1915. The guide this year is larger than ever and with rules, schedules, records and illustrations is a thorough volume of information.

#### PROMOTED.

Berlin, via London, March 24.—Prince Adalbert, third son of the Emperor, has been promoted to captain of the navy, and major of the army.

### SEVENTEEN BELGIANS SHOT FOR ESPIONAGE.

### AEROPLANE HAS TRY AT BRITISH STEAMSHIP

Bombs Fail, However, to Find the Mark—German Airmen Inaccurate Shooters.

### RICHARD RANDOLPH WAS ASSASSINATED

Was Prominent in Commercial Life of St. Louis—His Wife Held by Police.

St. Louis, Mo., March 23.—Richard Randolph, president of the Torchon Lace Company and the Central Merchandise Company, and candidate at the recent primaries for the Republican nomination to Congress from the 12th Missouri district, was assassinated mysteriously in the office of the company here late today.

His wife, Mrs. Della Randolph, who recently was sued for divorce by her husband, was arrested tonight, but she denied any knowledge of the shooting. The police also have issued a general order for the arrest of a man named by Randolph in his petition for divorce.

### PATRICIA'S HAVE BORNE FULL SHARE OF FIGHTING

Death of Col. Farquhar Said to Have Been Caused by Shrapnel—Captain Adamson of Toronto Likely to Take Temporary Charge of Regiment.

London, Mar. 23.—News of the death in action of Col. Farquhar, commander of the Princess Patricia's, was made known in London only today by a Toronto despatch appearing in a late edition of the Times. The first intimation to the Canadian Record Office was yesterday, through an inquiry from Buckingham Palace for information. It is believed that Col. Farquhar was killed by shrapnel. Major Hamilton Gault has left London, but his destination is not known. He desired to return at once to the front, but there was some hesitation by the War Office authorities, who were in doubt whether or not Major Gault is in fit condition for service at the front. Meanwhile it is the impression of the Patricia men here that Captain Agar Adamson of Toronto will be in charge of the regiment until Major Gault gets back to active service.

Of the original Patricia officers eight have been killed, thirteen wounded or invalided to England. Lt. A. M. Gow, who was slightly wounded, has returned to the front. Lt. Stewart of Halifax is under treatment at the Duchess of Westminster's Hospital at Le Touquet. Lt. Taylor of the Tenth is at Combe Lodge, Great Warley, Lt. Forneret, who was admitted to the Queen's Canadian Hospital at Shorncliffe, is suffering from concussion caused by shell fire.

### RUSSIAN FLEET VERY ACTIVE IN BLACK SEA

Impression in Constantinople is that Defensive Works of Dardanelles Cannot Hold Out Much Longer.

London, March 24, 3.30 a. m.—A despatch to the Daily Chronicle from Kustendje, Roumania, dated Tuesday, says: "The Russian fleet is active in the Black Sea. Several Turkish forts in Asia Minor have been bombarded and a transport and laden colliers sunk. "In Constantinople the general im-

### TO DEVELOP PARCEL POST IN DOMINION

Hon. Mr. Casgrain Says Post Office Department Will Work to This End—Carvell's Little Kick.

Ottawa, March 23.—When consideration of post office department estimates was resumed in the House of Commons this evening, Mr. G. W. Kyte, supported by Mr. J. H. Burnham, of Peterboro, advocated higher salaries for mail carriers on account of the establishment of parcel post, and the increased cost of living. Hon. T. C. Casgrain said he would consider every application for increased salaries, and would grant any claim shown to be just. Not many applications for increased pay had been received up to the present.

Mr. Casgrain told the committee that there had been a considerable increase on rural mail routes in Canada. The service was not paying for itself, he stated, and was not likely to.

The Postmaster-General also gave some information as to the progress of the parcel post system. The matter was now under study by a number of departmental officials, with a view to the extension of the service in future. Mr. Casgrain said that the service had been greatly developed in Toronto where it was more generally used than elsewhere in Canada; while in the Province of Quebec it had also been widely extended. The post office department was sending men throughout the country with a view to inducing the people to patronize the system. Mr. F. D. Carvell, of Carleton, said he thought post charges should be reduced by fifty per cent. The post office department would take business away from the express companies if it charged less. The post master general replied that, except in a few cases, he under-

### GEN. HUGHES SAVED LARGE SUM TO CANADA

Binoculars for Canadian Soldiers Were Obtained Much More Cheaply than in England.

Ottawa, March 23.—M. C. Ellis, vice-president of the P. W. Ellis Company of Toronto, gave testimony before the public accounts committee of the Commons this afternoon, which showed that General Hughes had made a wise move in asking that firm to do the best it could to get binoculars for the Canadian contingents at as low prices as possible. Mr. Ellis showed that his firm secured the country and the United States for binoculars without saying what they were for and as a result the binoculars cost between \$39 and \$40, while the British authorities had to pay a great deal higher price. The same binoculars which he had purchased for the government were now selling at \$55 each. Mr. Ellis said they acted in the way they did in order to save money for the Canadian authorities and to show that the Minister of Militia was right in asking his firm to undertake this work. He saved the government thousands of dollars.

stood the charges were already below express charges.

Mr. D. A. LaFortune, of Montreal, thought the criminal code should be amended to make it a criminal offence to send a letter containing money unregistered through the mails. To send money in this way was placing temptation in the path of post-office employees.

After a number of complaints as to postal services in the Maritime Provinces had been accepted the House adjourned, after passing all the post office department estimates.

# TALES OF TERRIBLE SUFFERING COME FROM CAPTURED PRZEMYSL

## HUNGRY THROGS IN VIENNA CLAMOR IN VAIN FOR BREAD

At Many Places Violence is Threatened and the Police Are Called Out—Lines Form at Bake Shops at Four O'clock in the Morning.

Venice, via London, March 23.—Owing to the action of the Austrian government in reducing by one-fourth the production of bakeries many districts in Vienna are reported to have been virtually without bread for a week. The order curtailing production has been repealed, but the situation is said to have shown no improvement, bakers being unable to obtain flour.

The working classes in the suburbs of Vienna are reported to be feeling the bread shortage greatly. Hundreds of workmen and women and children are declared to have gathered in front of bake shops at four o'clock Thursday morning and within two hours the entire stocks of the bakers were sold. Late comers searched the city and offered double prices for bread but their efforts were without avail. At many places crowds threatened violence and the police were called out. The sight of cakes and tarts in the windows is said to have intensified the wrath of the people, the women declaring that flour was being taken to make delicacies for the wealthy instead of being used to provide bread for the poor.

The authorities are organizing a municipal bureau for the distribution of flour among the Vienna bakers, one-fourth of whom already have closed their shops. The bread question is said to be getting acute also in Budapest, where it is almost impossible to obtain flour. The bakers there have raised a fund to buy wheat flour in Roumania.

The bread situation is declared to be causing apprehension in both kingdoms. Although food prices generally have been raised, thus far there has been no actual shortage in supplies anywhere.

Hungary is said to have a cloth scandal of considerable proportions. Twenty persons have been arrested in connection with it and a number of suspects have fled the country. The swindle is said to have been cleverly carried out. Contractors submitted good materials for uniforms to the war office, which sent them to the clothing factories to be made up. During the transit of the cloth to the factories the swindlers contrived to substitute for it such shoddy goods that the uniforms were in rags in a few days.

One Pressburg contractor received orders to cut cloth in certain lengths for uniforms. It is alleged he cut each length one centimetre short, so that on an order of one million metres he defrauded the war office out of ten thousand metres of cloth.

## ROLL OF HONOR

Ottawa, Mar. 23.—The following casualty list was issued tonight from the Militia Department:

**Princess Patricia's**

Dangerously ill—Private Richard George Johnson, No. 14 Stationary Hospital, Boulogne, with enteric fever. Next of kin, Mrs. Charles Johnson, Carson Quarry, Man.

Dangerously wounded—Private John Gray, No. 13 General Hospital, Boulogne, gunshot wound in chest. Next of kin Mrs. Gray, No. 821 Seventeenth avenue, Calgary.

**Seventh Battalion—Wounded**

Private T. Barker, No. 4 Stationary Hospital, Stomer, wounded in right leg. Next of kin, Mrs. E. Barker, (mother), Aylesbury Road, Ashton, Clinton, Bucks, Eng.

Lt. E. O. C. Martin. Next of kin, Mr. Justice A. Martin (father), No. 1035 Belmont, Ave., Victoria, B. C.

**Tenth Battalion—Seriously Wounded**

Mar. 15—Private A. W. Robinson, bullet wound in chest. Next of kin,

Alice Robinson, General Delivery, Medicine Hat.

Mar. 15—Company Sergt. Major D. Stuart, shell wound in head. Next of kin, Mrs. C. J. Stewart, No. 717-4 A street, N. C., Calgary, Alb.

**Fourth Battalion—Wounded**

Private E. P. Fournival, No. 9 General Hospital, Rouen, gunshot wound in head. Next of kin, C. Fournival (sister), No. 495 Notre Dame street, West, Montreal.

Private G. R. Kelley, admitted to No. 8 General Hospital, Rouen, gunshot wound in scalp. Next of kin, Mrs. Alice M. Kelley (mother), No. 1841 St. Dominique street, Montreal.

Private D. Andrews, gunshot wound in head. Next of kin, Mrs. A. Line, Holden street, Liverpool, Eng.

Private T. Griffiths, gunshot wound in scalp. Next of kin, William Griffiths, Penty Celyn, Rwl Road, Llanelly, Wales.

Private E. J. Coombs, gunshot wound. Next of kin, A. H. Coombs (father), No. 1 Highfield Glen, Ponty Pridd, Wales.

Lt. Martin, Victoria, mentioned as wounded in the Princess Patricia's, went out with the reinforcements to the regiment.

## SERIOUS FIRE IN U. S. TO LIBEL UNION STREET GERMAN SHIPS

Serious loss to a building at 223 Union street, owned in Kingston, Ontario, and controlled here by Messrs. Allison & Thomas, was occasioned by a fire which was discovered about noon yesterday and extinguished about quarter past one. Before it was found the fire had made great headway, and when the firemen responded to an alarm from box 12 they found the interior of the building a mass of flames. The ground floor was occupied by Isaac Webber as a store and auction room and the upper storey was occupied as a residence by Mrs. Ellen Bayes. Mrs. Bayes lost her furniture, valued at about \$100, and the entire stock of Mr. Webber's store was destroyed. The building was gutted by the flames and will be practically a total loss. It was two and a half storeys in height and built entirely of wood and owned by J. C. Baker, of Kingston, Ont., and was insured for \$2,600. It will be practically a total loss. The origin of the fire was unknown. Only about five minutes before Mr. Webber had left the place, locking the door behind him. When the firemen arrived they broke open the door and found that considerable waste paper and other material was lying about. There had been a fire in a stove in the premises and it is possible that the blaze had its origin there. The flames quickly spread to the upper storey of the building and the occupants were obliged to make a hasty exit. Before the firemen were able to subdue the fire it had practically destroyed the interior of the building. While the neighboring premises sustained slight damage from smoke and water, the principal losses will be Mr. Webber, whose stock is entirely destroyed and only partially insured; Mr. Baker, who owns the building, but is covered by insurance, and Mrs. Bayes, who loses her furniture.

**Grand Sailors' Concert.**

Seaman's Institute tonight at eight o'clock sharp. The "Misanable Misanthrope" in grand programme. Admission 25 cents.

## OFFICIAL WAR REPORTS FRANCE

Paris, March 23, via London, (Midnight)—The War Office made public the following official statement:

"In Belgium in the region of Nieuport, our artillery has destroyed several observation points and points of support, from which we saw the occupants take flight.

"To the northwest of Arras, at Carency, we captured a German trench which we destroyed, and also took some prisoners.

"At Soissons there was a fresh attempt at a bombardment, which was stopped almost immediately by our artillery.

"In Champagne the enemy bombarded the positions taken by us during the last few days, but did not attack. At Vauquois, near the church, the Germans sprayed one of our trenches with an inflammable liquid. At this point our troops have retreated some fifteen metres.

"At Les Eparges the enemy made two attacks which were completely stopped.

"At Hartmann-Weilerkopf we captured a line of trenches and a blockhouse."

## RUSSIA

Petrograd, March 23, via London, March 24, 105 a. m.—An official communication issued by the Russian war office tonight says:

"Our detachment which reconnoitered Mermel has retired to Russian territory.

"On the left bank of the Niemen, in the region of Mariampol, we have repulsed a German attack, inflicting upon the enemy heavy losses.

"On the road from Kalvarva to Suwalki, near Pilwazki, our cavalry, profiting by the darkness and a snow storm, captured a German convoy with a quantity of provision wagons. The escorts either were killed or made prisoners.

"Our artillery at Osowetz has obtained successful results. The fire from the German batteries has perceptibly weakened.

"On the other sectors, on the left bank of the Vistula and the right bank of the Narew, there has been no important change.

"In the Carpathians our troops continue to successfully progress on the front from the Dukla Pass to the Upper San River, where they have captured, up to the present, 3,500 men, sixteen machine guns and three guns. Attacks by the enemy in the direction of Uzoek were repulsed.

"The commandant at Przemysl General Von Kusmanek, accepted our demands for an unconditional surrender of the garrison. Our troops who entered the fortress have taken possession of the fortifications, and began to prepare lists of the prisoners, and to ascertain the amount of artillery and war material captured."

## AUSTRIA

Vienna, via London, Mar. 23.—The following official communication was issued tonight:

"Fighting in the Carpathians, from Uzoek to Koniczna continues. During the last two days violent attacks by the Russians were repulsed and we captured 3,300 prisoners.

"In a fight for a height near Wyszokow we succeeded in driving the enemy from his position and captured eight officers and 685 men.

"There has been no change on the other fields."

## KAISER CANCELS HIS APRIL 1 PROGRAMME

Celebration in Honor of Bismarck Centenary Will be Curtailed.

London, Mar. 23.—Emperor William has decided to cancel the celebrations planned for April 1, to commemorate the centenary of Bismarck's birth, on the ground that present conditions make such a celebration unsuitable.

A Berlin despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Amsterdam, says a despatch to the Emperor William and the members of the German government will place wreaths on Bismarck's monument in the Tiergarten in Berlin, but that there will be no banquets, addresses or singing.

## TO GET BRITISH WOMEN AND CHILDREN OUT OF BELGIUM

London, Mar. 23 (8.45 p.m.)—Through the kind offices of the American Minister of Brussels, Brand Whitlock, the British Foreign Office announced this evening, permission has been obtained from the German authorities for British women and children to leave Belgium. A special train will convey them from Brussels to the Dutch frontier.

## CHINA MAKES CERTAIN CONCESSIONS TO JAPAN

Peking, Mar. 23.—Five articles bearing on the Japanese demands upon China were included by the Chinese Foreign Minister, Lu Chang-Hsiang, and Eki Hiroki, the Japanese Minister, at the conference which was held at the Japanese legation yesterday. The Japanese minister recently suffered slight injuries by a fall from a horse and his condition did not permit him to go to the Chinese Foreign Office, and for this reason the meeting was transferred to the legation.

All the articles concern Manchuria. China agreed to the following stipulations:

"First—The Japanese government's consent shall be obtained before a loan is made with a third power, involving the pledging of local taxes in South Manchuria.

"Second—The Japanese government's consent shall be obtained whenever permission is granted to a subject of a third power to build a railway, or when a loan is made with a third power for the building of a railway in South Manchuria.

"Third—If the Chinese government in South Manchuria employs advisers or instructors for political, financial or military purposes, the Japanese government shall first be consulted.

"Fourth—The transfer of the Kirin-Chang Chun Railway to Japanese control for 99 years.

The fifth article was proposed by China and provides for the continu-

## FIRST NIGHT IN TRENCHES

Former Detective William Miller of the Toronto police force, who is now a sergeant in the 48th Highlanders, tells of experiences in the trenches, and events leading up to them, in the following letter received by inspector Kennedy today:

"I am wishing to give you a little account of my first twenty-four hours in the trenches, as I make no doubt yourself and the boys will be glad to hear from the front, but first I will tell you of our trip to France. We left Salsbury Plain on Feb. 11, about 2.30 a. m., and took the train for Almsbury, a village about three miles from camp, to . . . . . where we embarked on the S. S. Mount Temple at noon, our landing place of course is unknown. Guns, horses, wagons, men, everything went together. Non-commissioned officers were the next to board up to lie on. Officers had biscuits. We fed on Bully Beef and biscuits you couldn't break with a sledge hammer.

## Juggled by the Sea

"We struck a severe storm in the Bay of . . . . . and could not stand, sit or lie. We were just thrown from one side of the boat to the other. Several men were hurt. The sergeant had his arm broken. Everybody was sick, even the crew.

"However, we arrived at . . . . . on the morning of Feb. 15th. We remained on deck until six p. m., when we took train and, believe me, it was some joy ride, in small box cars, forty men in each (twenty-five would be overcrowding). Anyway we rode in that manner for forty-eight hours, from practically one end of France to the other. (Still holding hard to our biscuit and bully). We arrived at a small town called Hazlebrook and put up at a church which was still under course of construction, without roof or windows, and remained there until morning, when we marched five miles farther to a village named . . . . . where we were supposed to be put up or billeted as they call it.

"There was not enough room in the school selected for the whole battalion, so one company (including myself) had to go into a barn in the vicinity. It was very cold at night, the rats were almost playing hide and seek in our hair. We remained there for four days and on the 23rd got orders to get ready in heavy marching order, receiving 150 rounds of ammunition. Our full kit weighed roughly 60 pounds.

## Over Cobble Stones.

"We started and walked over a cobble stone for sixteen miles until we arrived at the city of . . . . . just on the border between France and Belgium and about one mile from the trenches. The place has 28,000 population, and as we walked through we could see whole streets with nearly every house roofless, and a terrible amount of poverty. The hard biscuit which we got so tired of eating, seemed to the throng of children that followed us, to be the first bit they had had in days.

"On the night of our arrival at . . . . . we did not go into the trenches. I suppose the authorities thought the sixteen miles over rough roads was enough for one day. We got into school. The roof and walls had already been blown to pieces by the shells. We remained there until the following night (February 24th), when the one half of the battalion went into the trenches. I happened to be detailed with the second half and went to the trenches the following night. We

## Greatest EASTER HAT SALE

Ever Held Here

Bargains Extraordinary in Smart Millinery for Early Spring Wear

These Untrimmed Hats came from Paris, costing \$7.00 to \$15.00 each, and we had them copied in Canada, thus giving employment to our own Canadian workmen.

This is the earliest opportunity you have ever had to buy SPRING HATS at LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

These hats express the very newest Easter styles, all being copied from Paris models and made from the highest grades of Milan, Tegel, Hemp, Hair, etc., in Black and colors. They are worth as high as \$10.00 each, but from now till Saturday night, March 27th, you can have your choice at \$2.00 and \$3.00 each.

Hats made from Best Quality of Chip, in Black and colors, worth \$2.00 and \$3.00 each, sale price \$1.00 each.

CHILDREN'S HATS, 60c., 75c. and \$1.00 each.

GLENGARRY and SAILOR shapes, for misses and young ladies, in silk and satin, and combinations of silk and straw, also satin and straw, sale price \$1.50 each.

**Marr Millinery Company, Limited**  
1-3-5 Charlotte Street

## RUSSIAN GUNS AT VANCOUVER

Seattle, Mar. 23.—Eighteen long-range guns of American make, consigned to the Russian army by way of Vladivostok, are at Vancouver, awaiting shipment, according to advices received here today. At Seattle, Tacoma and Vancouver 384 traction automobiles, also for the Russian army, are awaiting ships. The guns are similar to others of American make shipped several months ago which are supposed to have been used in the siege of Przemysl.

## PUBLIC NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY given that a bill will be presented for enactment at the present session of the Legislative Assembly of New Brunswick to incorporate the "Pine Valley Cemetery Company."

The object of the bill is to permit the Company to establish a cemetery in the Parish of Simonds, in the County of Saint John.

Dated this twenty-third day of March A. D. 1915.

G. EARLE LOGAN, Solicitor.

## IMPERIAL THEATRE TODAY

Max Figman and Jesse L. Laskey's Company  
IN THE FIVE-ACT COMEDY DRAMA  
"What's-His-Name?"

The Absorbing Narrative of a Small Town Wife Who Left Her Drug Clerk Husband to Go On the Stage. How She Was Disillusioned.

INTENSELY HUMAN NATURAL STORY

VAUDEVILLE NOVELTY  
HARRY FONDELL—Impersonator  
In Characterizations of Famous Musicians

PROGRAMS START at 2, 3, 30 7 and 8.40

## ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

FUNERAL NOTICE.  
Members of St. Andrew's Society are requested to meet at 97 Charlotte street on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock, for the purpose of attending the funeral of the late

## ALEXANDER GUNN.

By order,  
ALEXANDER MACAULAY, President.

**DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES  
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, MIGRAINE, DIABETES

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## OPERA HOUSE

TODAY Matinee 2.30  
Night 8.15  
YOUNG-ADAMS CO.  
"UNDER 2 FLAGS"  
Easter Hat Given Away at the Matinee Today  
Thurs., Fri., Sat., "10 Nights in a Bar Room"

## IMPERIAL THEATRE TODAY

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"What's-His-Name?"

The Absorbing Narrative of a Small Town Wife Who Left Her Drug Clerk Husband to Go On the Stage. How She Was Disillusioned.

INTENSELY HUMAN NATURAL STORY

VAUDEVILLE NOVELTY  
HARRY FONDELL—Impersonator  
In Characterizations of Famous Musicians

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YOU'LL BE WILD WITH RAGE  
If You Ever Realize What a Good Thing You Missed  
IF YOU DO NOT SEE  
"FORTUNES OF WAR"  
It's Just One Mighty Thrill After Another with Cleverly Constructed and Realistic Battle Scenes  
Dashing Cavalry (2 ACTS) Fighting Soldiers

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BIG CIRCUS  
THE NELSON TRIO  
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THE HORRORS OF WAR  
Faithfully Depicted in the Mutual Weekly  
Unique Poem Play  
"THE OLD MAID"  
Blanche Sweet in New Part  
THURSDAY  
FISKE & OWLER IN FUNNY FOLICS

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# CARVELL'S SCHEME FOR TIDY PROFIT FROM DUGAL ENQUIRY FRUSTRATED BY PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT

## The Government Will Not Pay the Bills of Carvell and Associates

### Questions Propounded in Local House Show That Carleton County Lawyer Submitted Bills for His Services in the Dugal Enquiry.

Special to The Standard. Fredericton, March 23.—The promoters of the Dugal charges, it developed in the legislature today, have endeavored to have the people of New Brunswick pay Frank B. Carvell and his lessee legal luminaries between \$6,000 and \$6,500 for the part they played in the political farce staged in St. John and Fredericton last summer. The information came out in answer to an enquiry in the House made by Mr. Dugal and is so entertaining that it should not be kept from the public any longer. Premier Clarke answered Mr. Dugal's enquiry and said that the amount paid by the province for stenographic services was \$1,410.35, while George M. McDade, of St. John, who acted as secretary, received \$1,000 for his services.

Then came questions and answers regarding Mr. Carvell's attempt to pull down over \$2,500 for himself and amounts also for J. M. Stevens and J. Hughes as well as an evident intention to have John S. Leighton, Jr., of Woodstock, he of Bible and beef-steak dinners fame, paid at his own figures for his trip to Boston to serve papers on W. H. Berry. Happily Mr. Carvell's attempt to thus tap the treasury has been nipped in the bud. The government will not pay him nor his legal assistants.

The questions and answers follow: Question—"What bills have been received from counsel engaged in investigations, and does the government propose to pay any or all of them?" Answer—"Bills were received by the government from Messrs. Teed, Fowler, Carvell, Stevens and Hughes, of the counsel engaged in the investigation. The bills of Messrs. Teed and Fowler were subsequently withdrawn, and the only bills from counsel for which payment is requested from the government are those from Mr. Carvell, amounting to \$2,540; Mr. Stevens, amounting to \$2,771.35; and Mr. Hughes, amounting to \$1,164.65. It is not the intention of the government to pay any of these bills.

Question—"What other bills have been paid by the government on account of these investigations?" Answer—"\$77.50 paid for constable fees; \$532.45 for witness fees; \$106.80 for estimates and the cost of sending papers by the St. John and Quebec Railway Company; \$153.75 paid for auditing accounts.

Question—"Is it the intention of the government to pay for the services and expenses of those who served subpoenas both in this and other provinces and in the United States?" Answer—"It is the intention of the government to pay for the services of those who served subpoenas in this and other provinces and in the United States, when and as taxed by the commission."

The Police Investigation. There was also an enquiry today as to the cost of St. John police investigation.

### The Best Remedy For Weak Backs

That is what James Fair Says of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Manitoba Man Tells Why Dodd's Kidney Pills Have Become a Household Remedy all over the Western Prairies.

Melton, Man., March 23. (Special)—Just why Dodd's Kidney Pills are so popular on the prairies is shown by the statement of Mr. James Fair, a well known farmer living near here. "I was out in the field harrowing and when I came in to get my dinner I found the fire out and everything cold for I am batching. I had a distressing pain across my kidneys at the time and I was so discouraged I just went and threw myself on the bed. "Then I thought of Dodd's Kidney Pills and took some and I felt better at once.

"Now when I am tired out and have a pain in my back I always look for Dodd's Kidney Pills. I must say to all who suffer from weak backs that Dodd's Kidney Pills are the best remedy in the world for them."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are a household remedy all over the Western prairies. They only cure sick kidneys, but many diseases come from sick kidneys. By curing the kidneys Dodd's Kidney Pills cure Backache, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Dropsy, Bright's Disease and kindred diseases.

London, March 22, 10.20 p. m.—An enemy aviator appeared Sunday about Mulheim, Baden, and dropped three bombs on the city and the artillery barracks. Three soldiers were wounded.

## ENGLAND NOT WORRIED BY WATER BUGS

### Business in Great Britain Going on as Usual — German Blockade a Bluff — British People Confident of Victory.

"England is doing business as usual," said H. Guernsey of London, who is at the Royal. "The so-called German blockade is not worrying anybody; ships come and ships go; the German waterbugs only get a slow ship here and there. It does not amount to much, the German blockade."

"About the duration of the war?" added Mr. Guernsey. "That is something I know no more about than you do. Everybody has his opinion and so far as I know there is no predominant opinion on the question. This war is unlike any war in history. Probably Lord Kitchener and Sir John French and a few men in prominent positions are able to form a shrewd judgment, but my opinion is of no value than that of anybody else. Here in Canada you get about as much news about the war as the English people do, and you know about as much about the war as I do.

"The people in the Old Country are not at all uneasy about the outcome. It's a serious business, of course. Everywhere you see men in uniform. But I judge you see soldiers in uniform all over Canada."

According to reports which reached St. John some time ago Mr. Guernsey was in Antwerp at the time the Germans besieged the city, but when asked for a story about his experiences there he said he had nothing to say, and advised the reporters to read the newspapers published about that time. Asked as to whether he had any information in regard to the atrocities committed by German soldiers upon the Belgians, Mr. Guernsey said that he had nothing to add to the stories which had been printed in English and American papers. He was disinclined to discuss this aspect of the war at all.

Mr. Guernsey has a son serving in the Royal Navy. He has also a daughter in Victoria, B. C., whose husband is now at the front with the first Canadian contingent. He stated that the Canadians had made a fine impression in the Old Country, and that it was felt they would give a splendid account of themselves on the firing line.

Mr. Guernsey will spend a few days in St. John and then go to British Columbia where he has two daughters living. He has made considerable investments in St. John and says that conditions here are all right.

## TURKS BEATEN IN FIGHT NEAR SUEZ IN EGYPT

### General Younghusband's command routed enemy after brief encounter.

London, Mar. 23.—A statement was given out by the official press bureau this evening, telling of a defeat inflicted on a Turkish force operating against the Egyptian town of Suez. The statement says: "On the 22nd inst., at dawn, one of our patrols discovered a party of the enemy near Elkubri post, opposite Suez. Shots were exchanged.

"Aeroplane estimated the number at about one thousand, composed of infantry, artillery and a few cavalry. "The guns at Elkubri opened fire and inflicted casualties, whereupon the enemy retired and formed a camp 8 miles east of the Suez Canal. "Early this morning, the 23rd inst., a force under General Sir G. Younghusband attacked and routed the enemy, who is now in full retreat.

"A prisoner says this force came direct from Bire El Saba, having taken twelve days en route, and that General Von Trauer and three other generals were with it."

## PETROGRAD CLAIMS RUSSIANS CAPTURED 117,000 AT PRZEYMISL

### Information furnished by late Commander of Galician Fortress shows that Russian victory was most complete — Terrible conditions complained of.

Petrograd, March 23, via London, 7.55 p. m.—The Russian war office announced today that 117,000 men were captured at Przemysl. The statement from the war office follows: "According to figures given by General Kusmanek, late commander at Przemysl, the number of prisoners who surrendered to the Russians was 9 generals and 93 officers of the general staff, 2,500 officers and officials, and 117,000 men. The number of guns and other war material captured is being calculated."

The lack of official details from Przemysl is said to be due to the heavy snow storm that prevailed yesterday, and which broke down the telegraph lines.

### CONDITIONS TERRIBLE.

It is reported that nearly a quarter of the garrison had suffered with typhoid and scurvy. Although the rations were growing more and more limited, none but a few of the higher officers, up to the end of January, knew that actual starvation was impending. The real condition of affairs was learned by the troops when an aviator, who was starting with messages for Vienna, was shot down by the Russians and fell within the defenders' lines. After that there was much grumbling in the garrison and almost a mutiny. Some of the Austrians slipped through the lines at night and surrendered to the Russians.

### DRIVEN INSANE BY DISEASE.

The investing Russian forces increased the intensity of their bombardment and the strain on the defenders began to tell more rapidly during February. Many were rendered insane by privations and disease. They filled every available place, but were without medical attention. The death list was very high.

Civilian inhabitants, who had been unable to escape when the siege began, swarmed about the forts begging food and refuge, but the commandant was unable to care for them. The death of two prominent generals in February from typhoid tended to weaken the determination of General Von Kusmanek, commander of the fortress.

By the end of February, actual famine prevailed; scarcely a living animal was left. For weeks virtually the only sustenance was obtained from small supplies of concentrated foodstuffs brought by aeroplanes.

A council of officers daily considered the situation, but not until they were convinced that there was no hope of help from an Austrian relief column did they reach the decision to surrender.

London, March 23, 10.40 p. m.—"Four thousand prisoners, mostly from Przemysl, have arrived here," says Reuter's Telegram Company correspondent. "They give a pitiable description of the starving condition of the garrison before the fall of the fortress. Numbers of the men, they say, were dropping from exhaustion while others had not sufficient strength to leave the trenches and ate morsels and gnawed at the straps of their equipment to keep themselves alive."

## SIR JOHN FRENCH REPORTS ON OPERATIONS OF BRITISH SOLDIERS IN THE WAR ZONE

### Enemy's Artillery active but damage done did not pay for ammunition expended — Efforts of hostile aircraft equally futile.

London, March 23, 6 p. m.—Recent activities of the British army at the front are described in one of the semi-weekly communications from the headquarters of Field Marshal Sir John French, given out today by the official information bureau. The report, dated March 22, is as follows: "Since the last communication all has been quiet on our front, and there is no incident to report. The enemy's artillery has been active occasionally in individual sectors of our lines, without effecting the situation or inflicting any damage at all commensurate with the amount of ammunition expended.

"On the 20th and 21st the enemy's aircraft displayed some activity, weather conditions being particularly favorable. Bombs were dropped on Lilles, St. Omer and Estaires. The material result was slight, the only buildings which were damaged being private property, neither occupied by soldiers nor used for military purposes. The total damage was three women and four civilians killed, and about half a dozen civilians wounded.

"These bombs were dropped from a great height, in one case nine thousand feet. This prevented the airmen from taking deliberate aim at any military objective. This procedure is a great tribute to the respect in which our Royal Flying Corps is held by the enemy, as the airman increases his chance of escaping pursuit by taking advantage of the time for our aircraft to get the necessary height from which to engage him."

## DR. MICHAEL CLARK'S SON COMMENDED FOR BRAVERY SHOWN ON BATTLE LINES

Ottawa, March 23.—Dr. Michael Clark, of Red Deer, is probably today the proudest parliamentarian. This afternoon he received through the Militia Department, from the officer who commanded the squad of fifty members of the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry in their historic charge upon the capture of German trenches in Belgium, a message warmly congratulating him upon the "gallant and soldierly conduct" of his son, James Albert Clark, who participated in the achievement. The message was followed by congratulations tendered to Dr. Clark by Premier Borden and General Sam Hughes on behalf of the Canadian government.

This morning Dr. Clark received a letter from "the boy" himself. In it he writes modestly of the celebrated charge, as follows: "Since last writing you we have had our first bayonet charge. The Germans had a trench rather close to ours, so we had to take it. There were fifty in the charge, including snipers. To say the least, it was a very warm corner. We crawled out of our trench and were within a few yards of the Germans before they noticed us, then, so to speak, hell broke loose. Machine guns and volley of rifle fire make quite a noise, but we stuck with them and put them on the run. It was rather exciting, but I guess we will have quite a lot of it before long."

Young Clark was one of the fortunate Canadians, who came through the charge unscathed.

## A Revival of Interest in Home Baking

All over the country there is a great increase in home baking because food baked at home is more economical and can be safeguarded against unwholesome properties.

The greatest bake-day help is

# ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure  
Contains No Alum

## AUSTRIANS BLEW UP WORKS AND DESTROYED THE STORES IN SURRENDERING PRZEMYSL

London, Mar. 23.—A Russian correspondent, who set out from Lemberg for Przemysl upon receipt of the news that the fortress had surrendered, sends a graphic account of the conditions prevailing there which has been transmitted from Petrograd to Reuter's Telegram Company.

On the way the correspondent passed Scheljhine, where the Austrians made their last desperate sortie three days before. The ground was still littered with dead bodies, which were being removed by ambulances. Further on was seen a pillar of smoke, marking all that remained of the strongest of the outlying forts.

On the other side of the road were trenches and barbed wire entanglements with a dozen field guns protruding. Officers, who retained their swords, and their men were passing as prisoners to the rear. From Perekopage, a suburb of Przemysl, a clear view was obtained of the centre of the town. All the bridges had been destroyed by the Austrians, but the Russians had already constructed a pontoon bridge, by which Austrian troops and the inhabitants were leaving the town. The Cossacks were waiting to go in.

All around the fortress burning forts smoked like a circle of volcanoes, while continuous explosions were heard, as the Austrians blew up ammunition stores. Austrian soldiers relate that the commander of Przemysl, in his official orders, thanked the people of the town the evening before the surrender for their loyal attitude, and warned them of the coming capitulation.

At five o'clock the next morning loud explosions were heard from every part of the fortress, when the Austrians were blowing up their works, preparatory to surrender. Then part of the Russian forces threw themselves within the fortifications, and by seven in the morning, the inner sections were in their hands. At the same time, says the correspondent, the Austrians shot their horses to prevent them from falling into the hands of the Russians.

In the meantime the Austrian representatives came out to announce the capitulation of the garrison and fortress. The town of Przemysl itself is intact; the outskirts alone suffered. The large civilian population, chiefly Jews, remained in the town.

## PRETORIA EVADED THE SUBMARINES

Halifax, March 23.—While hostile submarines lurked in the immediate vicinity, the Allan liner Pretorian raced through the waters after leaving Glasgow for two nights with all lights "doused." She reached here after a passage of ten days. "We had a regular summer voyage," said one of the officers. "No submarines were sighted, but information received indicated that some were on the look out for us."

Two days before the Pretorian sailed the converted cruiser Bayano was torpedoed in the waters over which the Pretorian passed. The Pretorian carried 103 passengers and of this number 67 landed at Halifax. She also brought 300 tons of cargo for here, and after discharging this will sail for Boston.

## POLISH MEMBERS SEND ADDRESSES TO THE POPE

Rome, Mar. 23, via Paris.—Pope Benedict received today an address from the president of the Polish group in the Reichstag. The address contained expressions of gratitude to the Pope for his interest in Poland and his considerate words on the occasion of the death of the Bishop of Posen.

## BAD WEATHER HINDERS FLEET

Paris, Mar. 23.—A Havas dispatch from Aix-la-Chapelle says that although the bad weather continues, the indications are that the operations of the Allied fleet in the Dardanelles will be resumed soon.

## A NEGLECTED COLD WILL VERY OFTEN TURN TO CONSUMPTION.

Never neglect what at first seems to be only a slight cold. Perhaps you start to cough, a little irritation in the throat comes, then it gets lower down, settles on the lungs and bronchitis sets in, and you start to raise phlegm of a greenish, yellowish color, and you cough persistently.

If you let the simple cold run it will surely develop into something very serious, and perhaps consumption.

On the first sign of a cold or cough go to your dealer and procure a bottle of

### DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP.

A few doses will convince you that it is just the remedy you require.

Mrs. J. W. Pearson, Amherst, N.S., writes: "Some time ago my daughter had a very bad cough which settled on her chest. She had no rest day or night. I gave her everything I could think of, but without doing her the least bit of good. At last I thought of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, so I got a bottle for her. She had not taken half of it before she got relief, and with the remainder she was completely cured. Now when any of the family have a cough we always know what to get for it."

Dr. Wood's is 25c and 50c. Manufactured only by The T. Mitchell Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

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costing \$7.00 Canada, thus men.

Black and \$1.00 each.

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ERA HOUSE

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BIG CIRCUS

ELSON TRIO

OLD MAID

FUNNY FOLICS

# The St. John Standard

Published by The Standard Limited, 82 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B., Canada.

H. V. MacKINNON, Managing Editor.

ALFRED E. MCGINLEY, Editor.

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ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24, 1915.

**"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved."—H. M. The King.**  
TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

### THE CIVIC GRANTS.

While there may be much disappointment that the commissioners yesterday did not decide to restore the grants to worthy organizations which, in the past, have been receiving public support, it must not be forgotten that the reduction in the civic assessment, which gave the commissioners the excuse to eliminate the grants, was made at the request of the citizens themselves and followed considerable agitation in the newspapers. Whether other means could have been found to bring the estimates down to the point where they met the approval of the citizens is a matter for the commissioners. It cannot, in fairness, be forgotten that the people asked for the reduction and the method of bringing it about appeared to be satisfactory at the time.

If the desire now is that the grants should be restored to societies and organizations in need of them it should not be more difficult to impress that upon the commissioners than was the case when the lower estimates were asked for. After all, the people are in control and can have what they desire and are prepared to pay for.

### GERMAN ATROCITIES.

The German newspapers quite naturally continue to publish stories of alleged terrible atrocities committed by their enemies. Some of their recent efforts are devoted to graphic tales of the alleged rack and ruin which the Russian troops have brought to Poland, the German editors, of course, claiming that the effort of the Kaiser's soldiers was always in the direction of sparing unfortified towns and villages from bombardment and civilians from attack. Unfortunately for the reputation of the German press there is no scarcity of evidence to show that German exponents of "kultur" led all others in the enormity of their crimes against defenseless men, women and children, in inhuman treatment of prisoners and of such of the enemy's wounded as fell into their hands.

The fate of Malines and Louvain is too fresh in world memory for the German newspapers stories to be credited. The commissions composed of independent observers that have visited Belgium have heard too many authenticated tales of horror for the German claims to have weight and letters from British soldiers at the front contain scraps of information showing that they, too, have been well posted as to the gentle methods of Germany.

An American writer, a few days ago, dealing with this question, expressed the fear that when British, French and Russian troops reach German cities they will be so steeped with evidences of German brutality that they may model their conduct on the Mosaic law of "an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth." If the fear of that writer is but half realized there will be a terrible reckoning in store for Berlin.

### MR. CARVELL'S LITTLE BILL.

To those who were led by the Telegraph and Times to believe that in prosecuting the Dugal charges before the Royal Commission Mr. F. B. Carvell was acting without remuneration and solely in the interests of his dear province, it must come as a shock to learn that the Carleton county legal light has submitted a bill to the local government amounting to \$2,540 for his own services in connection with the case, and that similar bills totalling well up to \$4,000 have been submitted by Mr. Stevens and Mr. Hughes. It may also come as a shock to Mr. Carvell to learn that the Government does not intend to pay the account.

Some days ago questions were asked in the local house regarding the payment of the bills in connection with the Dugal hearing. The replies were given yesterday, and from a summary of them received by The Standard from Fredericton, it would appear that Mr. Carvell would have made a neat profit if his account had been paid.

As a member of the Dominion House Mr. Carvell receives a seasonal indemnity of \$2,500. As counsel for

Mr. Dugal in the charges connected with the New Brunswick timber lands and the Valley Railway, he hoped to obtain \$2,540 more. Together, these amounts would give him \$5,040 for the year devoted to the "interests of his country,"—quite a tidy little income, even for a gentleman of Mr. Carvell's talents.

Possibly Mr. Carvell is not alone in the matter of bills to the Government for services rendered. Mr. Man Friday Carter, who worked hard to score a political triumph in the Dugal matter, has still to be heard from. Mr. Carter is not quite as close to the treasury of the province as he was before the last change of Government, but if Mr. Carvell can present such a bill, and hope to have it paid, why not Mr. Carter?

### DAYLIGHT SAVING.

Some years ago an agitation in St. John led to the adoption of Atlantic Standard Time instead of the local system which had formerly prevailed. The local time, based on actual sun reckoning and, in reality, the correct time, was thirty-six minutes faster than Eastern Standard, or railway time, and twenty-four minutes slower than the system now in use. The adoption of Atlantic Standard resulted consequently in the gain of twenty-four minutes of daylight in each day, and it may be remembered that in the first summer following its adoption the benefit from the change was quite noticeable.

Those who were interested in the time controversy of that day may now be interested to learn that William Willett, who first introduced the Daylight Saving Bill in the British Parliament, has recently passed away. The Toronto Mail and Empire makes of his death an occasion to review the effect of his activities and the results which followed the adoption of his example by Canadian towns. The Mail and Empire says:

"The death of William Willett, the foremost champion in Britain of the daylight-saving movement, and the father of the Daylight-saving Bill in the British Parliament, is a reminder that some Canadian communities have profited considerably by adopting the scheme. Mr. Willett was a builder and an untiring advocate of construction that would admit plenty of sunlight to all buildings, particularly those where many people congregated. The bill which he had brought before the House of Commons for daylight saving proposed to advance all clocks in the United Kingdom twenty minutes each on four successive Sundays in April, and reverse the process in the four Sundays in September. Between April and September the time would be therefore an hour and a quarter ahead of standard. Though it was supported by many public bodies throughout Britain, the bill was referred to a special committee, and did not reach the third reading.

"It is worth noting that one of the reasons advanced in support of the bill, that it would lead to a saving in artificial light, has been demonstrated to be sound in a Canadian city. Last Summer Regina put on the clock an hour in early Summer, and returned to standard in the Autumn. Not long ago the city lighting authorities reported that a saving of \$20,000 in the cost of light had been effected by the people. This is the only direct statement of economic saving from the scheme yet announced in Canada. Other Western cities followed Regina's example last year, and in Saskatchewan the movement went far enough to lead to a proposal that the Legislature should make the daylight-saving scheme obligatory on all communities. That was too drastic, however, and the municipalities still have the matter at their own option. In Eastern Canada spasmodic attempts have been made to get the scheme into operation, Orillia having tried it a couple of years ago with poor results, but nowhere has there been as much success for it as in the Western Provinces with their long, bright days. To few Canadians, perhaps, is the name of Willett known, but his death a few days ago merits a little of their thought."

### DOES DR. CLARK REMEMBER?

Dr. Michael Clark, Liberal member for Red Deer, yesterday received well-merited congratulations upon the conspicuous bravery in action displayed by his son, a member of the Princess

Patricia Regiment. We do not begrudge the congratulations to Dr. Clark, but we wonder, if, while the applause of his fellow parliamentarians rang in his ears, his mind went back to another day in the House of Commons, and a day when he arose in his place and said:

"The fact of the matter is that this German scare has become so attenuated a thing that it only finds a resting place in such comparatively disordered minds as we have had an example of this afternoon."

Or that other day when he waxed especially eloquent and made the house ring with this:

"Just as in the middle of the last century, the French scare passed away without there having been the smell of gunpowder between the two great nations of France and Great Britain from that time, and as the Russian scare in the seventies passed away likewise without there having been a trigger pulled then or since, so, happily for humanity and civilization, the German scare of yesterday is vanishing. I think I shall be able to offer proof from the best possible sources that a generation from now we shall be looking back upon this as another of the human follies and upon the historical fact that following it there was not the firing of a shot by the one or the other of these two great Christian nations. The evidence that there is no impending war between these two countries is carried to our very doors. There is no emergency."

Today, Dr. Clark is wiser, he can say with full meaning: "The evidence that there is war between these two countries is carried into my very heart. I agree that there was an emergency."

### LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

MICHAEL GRIFFIN.

St. John, N. B., March 22, 1915.

To the Editor of The Standard:  
Sir:—In the olden times, according to what I have read, people went to church to listen to words of enlightenment on the problems of the soul, or to join in prayer for the elevation of the soul—not to hear advertised discourses on matters of gossip, municipal problems, or social questions. Alas! It seems that in some cases at least these latter factors hold the uppermost consideration and matters of spiritual welfare are relegated to oblivion. This preamble arises from a report of a sermon, so-called, which I read Monday morning in The Standard.

"Some lessons from the life of Michael Griffin—the hermit," was the widely advertised title chosen by Rev. Mr. Haughton as a subject with which to help promote the religious welfare of his audience on Sunday night in the Congregational church. There was hardly any necessity of his showing such a lack of taste from the pulpit as to refer to one who was gone, by name, particularly under such circumstances and after all that could be said had been written in the papers previously. It should have been possible to have found many more matters of importance to moralize upon than the life of this unfortunate man, but if in order to attract a crowd by well advertised notices of a "sermon" of this kind, why could it not have been done without using the man's name?

Furthermore, why could not a better understanding of his subject exist with Mr. Haughton? "Old Griffin lived as a hermit and died in misery and poverty, in the midst of plenty . . . the old miser was a fool . . . he persecuted his body and he persecuted his soul." If I were permitted to use plain words I should characterize this statement in a little word of three letters beginning with "L" and ending with "T." The reader can easily imagine the second letter.

I have known Griffin for years. He was a very kindly, genial man—given somewhat to eccentricity but never to such an extent as "to pauperize his body and soul." He attended church regularly and was more careful with his tongue concerning the ways of men than others who should know better. So far as his dying in misery and poverty is concerned—who knows? True it is that little was found in his shack in the way of food but that does not say that he died of starvation. I have seen him at regular intervals in the country market purchasing meats, vegetables, and dairy products of good price and quality and I do not believe he stinted his body as has been said.

Everybody's life is somewhat of a lesson. If we wish to delve deeply into human nature we can find ready fault with others while they can find possibly greater deficiencies in us. But is it politic for an ordinary mortal to disregard the maxim concerning "first find the beam in thine own eye," and above all is it Christian? or charitable? Pastors of Christian churches should be the first to apply the golden rule among mankind, but it hardly seems to me that this was what was done in the "sermon" in Congregational Church on Sunday night for the one who benefited mostly from the "lessons" from the life of Griffin" was the speaker who delivered the notice, and a FRIEND OF MICHAEL GRIFFIN.

### CONCERNING WAR MOVEMENTS.

To the Editor of The Standard:  
Sir:—In endeavoring to obviate the difficulty of the following the manoeuvres of the contending forces in the present conflict, and to convince the participants in a discussion in re, be kind enough to apply your deductive qualifications to elucidate the problem below:

"The Allies' left is trying to move around the Germans' right, but the Germans' right is also moving around

### Little Benny's Note Book.

By LEE PAPE.

I went around to the tailors to get pops suit last nite, and the tailor gave me a letter, saying, Heer, this was in the cote pocket. And I took the suit and the letter home, the letter looking as if it was supposed to be him mailed and wasent.

This letter was in the pocket of it, pop, I sed to pop.

My grayhairs, I bet anything thats the letter to my Sue I gave you yesterday to male for me, sed ma.

Nonsents, nonsents, sed pop. And he quick got up and startid to go out to male the letter.

Well, wat is it, then, sed ma.

Ill tell you wen I kum back, sed pop. And he went out and maled the letter and calm back agen, and ma sed, Willyum, now if that was my letter to Sue, I shell be very angry with you, I told you that was a very impertint letter.

My deer, that was merely a bizness letter, a verry urgent bizness letter, sed pop, I dont undirstand how I evvir calm to forget it, Im the last man in the world to forget to male a letter.

O, listen how taxwiking, sed ma, well, wat was the letter, I thawt you were going to tell me wat the letter was.

O, sed pop, well, you see, ha ha, it was a verry funny bizness letter, and thats wat made it so urgent, in a way, O yes, ha ha.

I didnt no thare were sutch things as funny bizness letters, sed ma. Thare is moar in hevvin and bizness orisses than is dreamed of in yure fillosy, O Pawleen, sed pop, yes, as I was saying, it was a funny kind of a sort of bizness letter, ha ha, I hart to laff to think of it.

Its verry odd that if you maled my letter to Sue the day befor yesterday I havent got an anser by this time, sed ma, well, Im waitng to hear wat was so funny about the letter.

O to be sure, ha ha, sed pop, well, you see, it was wat you mite call a letter frum wun department to anuther, as it were, and the funny part of it was, but I suppose you wood haff to no moar about the bizness to apprhete the funny part of it.

Try me and see, sed ma.

No, it wood take to lawng and Im sure you coodent undirstand, sed pop. If I dont get a reply from Sue by tomorro, Ill undirstand, awl rite, sed ma.

I dont see wat that has to do with it, sed pop.

Possberly not, sed ma. Meaning she still thawt it was her letter to Ant Sue. Wich it was, awn akkount of me havng saw the address awn it wile I was bringng it hoam.

the Allies' left. Now, if the left of the Germans' right move around the right of the Allies' left, then what is left of the Germans' right, must be right where the Allies' left.

"But if the Germans' rights' left is left where the Allies' lefts' right was right before the Allies' left, then the left is right where the right was right before the lefts' right left the rights' left."

Isn't that right? or is it?  
Your courtesy in this matter will be truly appreciated.  
Yours truly,

### ARM CHAIR CRITIC.

### PERSONAL.

Felix Michaud of Boutouche is at the Victoria. He will attend a meeting of the Public Utility Commission today.

Geoff Jones of Sussex was in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Dickson of Revellstoke, B. C., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. George Watson, Germain street.

### Got Out Big Cut

Robert Connelly, manager of the Pejabscot Lumber Company, was in the city yesterday. He said his company had 12,000,000 feet of timber ready for stream driving. "It was pretty hard work to get our cut out of the woods," he said, "but we did it. We are damming the lakes are not worried about water for stream driving."

### The Cuban Consul.

Cesar A. Barranco, Cuban consul, received on Monday from the Court of St. James, London, the Regium Exequator signed by His Majesty King George and attested by Sir Edward Grey, Minister of Foreign Affairs, recognizing him as consul of the Republic of Cuba at St. John.

The Best Quality at a Reasonable Price.

### Diamonds

If you have in mind the purchase of a Diamond—no matter what the size or grade—it is the part of prudence to use most thorough discretion in its selection.

Few persons know Diamond values. You must place absolute reliance in the store at which you purchase. It is self-evident, therefore, that the standing and reputation of the store itself is the point at issue. The public's confidence in this store for over half a century is concrete evidence that the Diamond you purchase at Sharpe's is positively the grade and value we tell you.

### L. L. Sharpe & Son,

JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS,  
21 King Street, St. John, N. B.

### DESIGNS

Drawings in Color—A careful study made of Decorations for Advertisements

### SKETCHES

of Crests, Coats of Arms, etc.  
Trade Marks Originated.

FLEWELLING PRESS  
ENGRAVERS AND PRINTERS  
85 1-2 Prince Wm. Street.

### Made in St. John

We have had made by J. M. Humphrey & Co. of this city, several lines of Box Calf Blucher Laced Boots which we take great pleasure in recommending to our customers. The uppers of these goods are of a special grade of box calf, one-piece quarters, double toes, bottoms are of extra thick solid sole leather, solid heels, counters and innersoles. These shoes take a splendid polish, fit perfectly and every pair may be half soled from two to four times.

Men's sizes, 6 to 10, \$3.50 to \$5.00.  
Boys' sizes, 1 to 5, \$2.85 to \$3.50.  
Youths' sizes, 11 to 13, \$2.40 to \$3.00.

Women's sizes, 2½ to 7, \$2.95.  
Misses' sizes, 11 to 2, \$2.45.  
Children's sizes, 8 to 10½, \$1.75, \$1.85, \$1.95.

Mail orders by Parcel Post.

### Francis & Vaughan 19 King Street

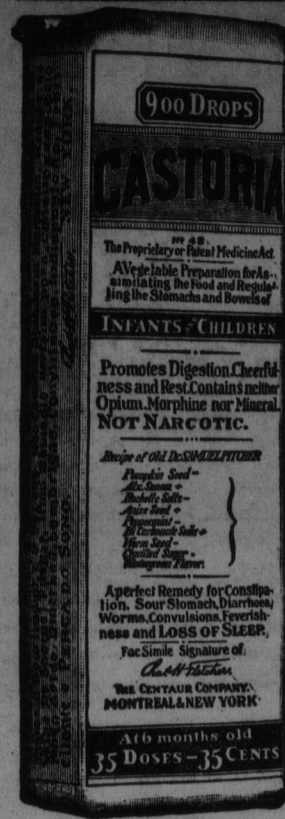
### LUMBER

Hemlock Boards, planed one side, \$19.50  
Refuse Hemlock Boards, planed . . . \$15.00  
Refuse Spruce Boards, planed . . . \$13.00  
Refuse Deal and Scantling . . . \$14.00  
Merchantable Spruce Scantling . . . \$21.00  
Merchantable Spruce Boards, matched . . . \$23.00  
Heved Spruce . . . \$14.00 to \$26.00  
Merchantable Spruce Deal, \$22.00 and up  
Cedar Shingles . . . \$1.75 to \$3.60  
No. 1 Spruce Sheathing . . . \$4.00  
No. 2 Spruce Sheathing . . . \$35.00  
Douglas Fir Flooring . . . \$35.00  
3-4 inch Fir Sheathing . . . \$35.00

### Christie Woodworking Co. Limited Erin Street

Style Illustrates - The - Humphrey Solid Made in St. John Shoes Price \$4.50

These are made of good quality Velour Calf Leather. The Soles are "Goodyear" Welt sewn, and they are shoes that can be depended on to give good service. TRY A PAIR.  
**McROBBIE**  
Foot Fitters - King Street



# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

## Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

*Dr. J. C. Hathorn*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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The accurate Time Keeping qualities of "The Modern Watch" are to be found in the Watch of Moderate and even Low Price, as Compared with those of our Grandfathers time. Our large stock of Watches, are from "The Best" only of the "Modern Watch Factories" You should consult us about Watch accuracy.

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Diamond Importers and Jewelers—King Street.

### The Princess Electric Iron

The Iron With a Ten Year Guarantee. Made with beautiful lines and finish

N. P. With Blued Ironing Surface, . . . \$3.50  
Full Nickel Plated, . . . 4.00  
Complete With Cord and Plug

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Can be carried in any position without leaking. In Gold and Silver Mountings

## BARNES & CO. LTD. - 84 Prince William St.

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## D. K. McLAREN, LIMITED

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Full Staff of Trained Teachers. The Best Course of Instruction. Individual Attention given each Student. Our Best Advt. the Success of our graduates. Students can enter at any time. Catalogues to any address.

TRY BUTTERNUT You'll Like It

## McROBBIE

Foot Fitters - King Street

S. Kerr, Principal

NEW BRUNSWICK'S GREATEST SHOE HOUSE  
**Waterbury & Rising Limited.**

Easter Sunday  
April 4th

Women's  
Popular Priced  
BOOTS  
\$3.00 a Pair.



This season we are able to offer our customers a range of really high class boots at the popular price of \$3.50 a pair, that for style, fit and general appearance compare favorably with goods sold elsewhere at a much higher price.

Made in New Brunswick on lasts the exact duplicates of the finer lines, from excellent materials. They are certainly beautiful goods. All the popular leathers in Button and Lace.

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Ask to See Them



Summer Hotels and Cottages  
No modern hotel or country residence, church or store is complete without a modern lighting system.

Our Scientific acetylene generator are used in hundreds of buildings and are highly recommended and fully guaranteed.

P. CAMPBELL & CO., Acetylene Headquarters.

### Job Printing

Get what you require in the printing line from us and it will be done RIGHT

Commercial Printing of All Kinds

Standard Job Printing Company  
St. John, N. B.

## MODERN BLUEBEARD IN LONDON KILLED HIS WIVES IN BATHTUB

London, Mar. 23.—Charged with the murder of three women, George Joseph Smith, in the Bow street court today, heard Public Prosecutor Bodkin declare he had made away with three of his wives, the crime in each case being committed shortly after he had married them. Each of these women was found dead in her bath; consequently the case has come to be known as the "Brides in Baths" case.

Smith has described himself as a man of independent means. According to the evidence of Scotland Yard, which has been inquiring into the deaths of various fictitious names in his matrimonial ventures. The women he married were found dead a few days after the ceremony. Verdicts of accidental death have been returned, but now certain of the bodies have been exhumed with the result that the charges of murder have been preferred.

The public prosecutor gave the names of the three women and the dates of the alleged murders as Beatrice Mundy, July, 1912; Alice Burnham, December, 1913, and Margaret Lofly, December, 1914.

Smith, according to the police, was born in London, the son of an insurance agent and is 46 years of age.

defeated Joe Rousick in two falls at Manchester, N. H., also Peter Ginet at Clinton, Mass., and Jack Londin at Salem, Mass.

Harry Ludecke, who lost to Prokos in the Opera House a couple of months ago, is in the city and is anxious to have a return match and it is now expected that Ludecke will be given a chance to meet the winner of the Prokos-Pons bout. If it had not been for the fact that arrangements had not been closed some time ago Prokos and Pons, Ludecke would have been given the chance to wrestle Prokos, but the present indication is that Ludecke will be accommodated.

Officers murdered by suspected burglars

Elmira, N. Y., Mar. 23.—Chief of Police John J. Finnell and Detective Sergeant Charles Cradwell were shot and instantly killed in a room in a local boarding house where they had gone late this afternoon to question Edward Westervelt and "Jack" Cramer concerning a series of recent burglaries in this city.

After the shooting, Westervelt and Cramer escaped through the window to an alley way, but in doing so Westervelt sustained a broken leg and was captured a short time later in the cellar of a nearby church. Cramer made good his escape.

## GOOD RESULTS NO GRANTS FOR INSTITUTIONS; OF HARBOUR TARIFF NO HOUSES FOR WORKING MEN

Excise Revenue showed great increase over all previous years—Nearly two millions total.

The proposal of Commissioner Potts for the preparation of a bill to give the city authority to take lands and build working men's houses was killed in the City Council yesterday afternoon.

Mayor Frink, Commissioners Russell and Wigmore opposed the scheme, while Commissioners Potts and McLellan supported it.

The resolution supported by Commissioners Wigmore and Russell for the city to give the various organizations which formerly drew grants, 75 per cent. of what they received last year, was killed by the votes of Commissioners Potts and McLellan with Mayor Frink.

The annual reports of Commissioner Potts, which has already been published, and that of Commissioner McLellan, which appears in another issue of this issue, were received and ordered printed in the city reports.

Other matters of a routine nature were disposed of.

Vroom and Arnold were given the contract for the iron pipe for water service. Their price was \$31.75 delivered here. The pipe will be made in Canada.

Mayor Frink, Commissioners Russell, Wigmore, Potts and McLellan, with the Common Clerk, were present. The minutes of the last meeting were approved.

On recommendation of the Commissioner of Finance the sum of \$500, which was appropriated by the Common Council on August 17 last, for preliminary work of the Town Planning Commission and not used was again placed at the disposal of the commissioner.

The recommendation of the Commissioner of Harbors, Ferries and Public Lands was adopted as follows: That a new lease be issued to Ellen E. Flagler of lot No. 454, Queens Ward, for seven years from May 1, 1913, at \$12 per annum, being an increase of 20 per cent. over present rental.

The recommendation that a lease be issued to Messrs. Eagles, Hogan and Sterling of lot No. 4, Block L, fronting on Brittain street, in Sydney Ward, for 7 years from May 1 next, at \$40 per annum rental, was laid over till next meeting. Commissioner Potts thought the city might need the land. Commissioner McLellan said the city was in need of storage room for apparatus which now had to remain out doors.

The city will need new fire houses soon and as the public works department needs a home the matter should be more fully considered.

It was decided that the revenue derivable from wharfage, top wharfage and slippage at the North and South Market Wharves and slip be leased to John Jackson for another year terminating on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1916, for the sum of \$1,150.00, it being understood that no claim will be made by the lessee for any loss of revenue on account of repairs made to the wharves during said term.

A delegation from the Federation of Church Brotherhoods was present and urged on the commissioner the different organizations for civic grants. The delegation was composed of Messrs. Barbour, Haughton and Flewelling.

A communication from the Arboricultural Society through W. E. Foster, asked that should any civic grants be given this society receive its usual grant.

Francis Kerr, on behalf of his client John McCarthy, sent in a bill for \$50 for the keep of a horse which was placed in his stable by a policeman. The letter was referred to the Commissioner of Public Safety.

Daniel Mullin wrote on behalf of his client, policeman George Clarke who claimed \$9, due him for wages while a policeman. Commissioner McLellan will consider the letter.

The petition of citizens asking the withdrawal of the bill amending the assessment act was taken up and ordered filed. It was pointed out that the bill was already before the legislature and it was up to that body to deal with it.

Workingmen's Houses.

The proposal for a bill to authorize the city to purchase lands and erect workingmen's cottages, was again considered. It was arranged for the regulation to be in force only in the city. Commissioner McLellan thought the bill would give the city authority to build houses if the need should arise.

Commissioner Russell opposed the bill on the ground that there were many lots available in the city and people could buy them if they would pay the price.

Commissioner Wigmore thought the town planning commission was all that was necessary at present. He went into details of the prices of lots and their rental.

Commissioner Potts thought the housing conditions in St. John were very bad, and he believed that anything that would improve conditions would be a great benefit. He saw in his bill a good chance to clean up the city. Town planning only had to deal with the laying out of streets, etc.

Commissioner Wigmore could not see how the bill would improve conditions.

When the matter was put to a vote Mayor Frink opposed it and the proposal was killed.

Civic Grants.

The proposal to give civic grants was again introduced by Commissioner Wigmore. He pointed out that it was absolutely necessary for these in-

stitutions to have the money in order to carry on the work as planned. The total amount would only be \$7,700. Commissioner Russell seconded the resolution. He thought it would make no difference to the taxpayers if the money was granted.

Commissioner McLellan thought the responsibility of the people behind the organizations was no greater than that of the commissioners. The estimates for the civic departments had to be cut. The demand for the cut had been made, and until these same people came back and asked that the grants be given he thought the council should take no action.

Commissioner Potts he would like to appear as having a little backbone. The newspapers had asked that cuts be made, and had approved of what the commissioners did. Under the present conditions of finance I would not vote for one dollar of grants.

Mayor Frink went over the details of the general account. He felt that the commissioners had met the demand of the representatives of the Board of Trade and the people and the newspapers. The estimates were cut the second time, and it would be ridiculous to make the grants now.

If the Board of Trade would say that it was hasty in its decision then he might reconsider the matter. If the newspapers came out and demanded the grants it would be different, but at present matters should be left as they are.

The proposal was voted down.

Mayor Frink introduced a resolution to have the money given for the maintenance of Rockwood and Riverside Parks included in the assessment but withdrew it when it received opposition.

IS KARLSRUHE YARN A 'PLANT'?

Story now that reports of loss of German raider may have been "framed up."

New York, Mar. 23.—Passengers aboard the Quebec Steamship Company steamer Parina from British West Indies, brought stories of warships and the war.

Edward Wadsworth of Newark, N. J., said that in St. George Harbor, Grenada, there were two life-buoys, several officers' caps, and other insignia from the Karlsruhe, the much discussed German cruiser. Natives were telling a story of the Karlsruhe having struck a reef, and of having been blown up by the crew, which then went aboard one of the accompanying vessels.

On the other hand inhabitants in the vicinity of St. Charles Bay believed that the Karlsruhe was still afloat and that the finding of the life buoys, etc., was a "plant" by the Germans.

SICK, SOUR STOMACH, INDIGESTION OR GAS

"Pape's Diapepsin" makes upset stomachs feel fine in five minutes

Wonder what upset your stomach— which portion of the food did the damage do you? Well, don't bother. If your stomach is in a revolt; if sour, gassy and upset, and what you just ate has fermented into stubborn lumps; head dizziness and aches; belch gases and acids and eructate undigested food; breath foul, tongue coated— just take a little Pape's Diapepsin and in five minutes you wonder what became of the indigestion and distress.

Millions of men and women today know that it is needless to have a bad stomach. A little Diapepsin occasionally keeps this delicate organ regulated and they eat their favorite foods without fear.

If your stomach doesn't take care of your liberal limit without rebellion; if your food is a damage instead of a help, remember the quickest, surest, most harmless relief is Pape's Diapepsin which costs only fifty cents for a large case at drug stores. It's truly wonderful—it digests food and sets things straight, so gently and easily that it is really astonishing.

Put your hands on it, and on with a weak, disordered stomach; it's so unnecessary.

BERLIN SAYS

Berlin, Mar. 23 (by wireless to Sayville).—According to a report reaching here from Cracow the damages due to the war in Poland and Galicia amount to \$1,250,000,000. In Galicia, a hundred cities and market places, and no less than 6,000 villages, have been more or less damaged, while 250 villages have been destroyed.

Horses to the number of 500,000, and 500,000 head of cattle, with all grain and other provisions in Galicia, have been taken by the Russians. In Poland over 9,000 villages have been destroyed or damaged.

## GERMAN PRESS STILL AT WORK "EXPLAINING"

Frankfurter Zeitung publishes defence of German seizure of Dutch steamers

Amsterdam, Mar. 23, via London.—The Frankfurter Zeitung has published an article in defence of the seizure by a German submarine of the Netherlands steamers Batavier V and the Zaanstroom in the North Sea; conveying them to Zeebrugge, and the confiscation of their cargoes, which reads as follows:

"It is quite to be understood that Belgian citizens should be removed from these vessels; the British removed Germans from neutral ships and interned them even when they were over the military age."

\$25,000,000 FOR BELGIAN RELIEF

American Commission tells of work done up to March 8th—How money was expended.

New York, Mar. 23.—A total of \$25,000,000 was spent for relief in Belgium through the Commission for Relief in Belgium up to March 8 last, it was announced by the commission here tonight.

Of this amount \$22,405,713 went to the provisioning department, which sells food to those who can afford to pay for it and \$3,452,284 went to the benevolent department, which distributes food to those who are actually destitute. The Belgians themselves have contributed nearly \$10,000,000 to the relief fund, it was announced.

Up to March 8 there had been distributed through the commission 210,834 tons of food to the Belgians. Of the civil population remaining in Belgium the commission estimates that about 1,500,000 are entirely destitute, and adds that this number will gradually increase.

By morning moist, if not all of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop instantly and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft and look and feel a hundred times better.

If you want to keep your hair looking rich, do by all means get rid of dandruff, for nothing destroys the hair so quickly. It not only starves the hair and makes it fall out, but it makes it straggly, dull, dry, brittle and lifeless, and everybody notices it. You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive, and four ounces is all you will need. This simple remedy has never been known to fail.

How You Can Quickly Remove Hairy Growth

(Aids to Beauty)

A well known beauty specialist advises this treatment for the removal of hair from the face. Mix into a paste some powdered deltaxone and water, apply to hairy surface and after about 2 minutes rub off, wash the skin and every trace of hair has vanished. This method is quick and entirely safe. To avoid disappointment, however, it is well to make certain you get genuine deltaxone.

## STEAM BOILERS

We have on hand, and offer for sale the following new boilers built for a safe working pressure of one hundred and twenty-five pounds:—

One "Inclined" Type ..... 50 H. P.  
One Return Tubular Type 60 H. P.  
One Locomotive Type ..... 20 H. P.  
Two Vertical Type ..... 20 H. P.

Full particulars and prices will be mailed upon request

I. MATHESON & Company, Ltd.

BOILER MAKERS  
NEW GLASGOW, NOVA SCOTIA.

## CHOICE

Carleton Co. Hay, Manitoba White Oats

All kinds of Mill Feeds

At lowest possible prices.

A. C. SMITH & CO.,

Union Street, West St. John, Telephone West 7-11 and West 81

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ORIA  
Know That  
Castoria  
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Summer Hotels and Cottages

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MODERN BLUEBEARD IN LONDON

Was Troubled With Choking Spells and Shortness of Breath.

Officers murdered by suspected burglars

GERMAN PRESS STILL AT WORK "EXPLAINING"

STEAM BOILERS

# Late Gossip Of The Sporting World At Home And Abroad

## SOME FACTS THAT FAVOR JESS WILLARD IN HIS FIGHT

If a competent referee, fearless enough to enforce the Queensberry rules, presides over the forty-five round fight between Jack Johnson and Jess Willard at the Havana race-track on April 4 the world's heavy-weight championship may be returned to the white race. The selection of a referee is the most important factor in bringing the battle to a decisive end. If the negro is allowed to violate the rules by holding in the clinches and by grabbing Willard's biceps in accordance with his methods in former scraps it is safe to say that the battle will be nothing more than a tiresome hugging match. But if the negro is forced to box as Corbett, Fitzsimmons and Jeffries were compelled to do when they held the big title in turn, Willard may be the winner.

In figuring out the respective chances of the principals, ring sharps say that Johnson will be unable to reach Willard's jaw with effective punches. Willard is nearly six inches taller than the black man and possesses a much longer reach. He stands erect, seldom lowering his head. He is a patient waiter and his best blow is a straight right hander. If he can set himself before delivering this punch Willard can hit harder than any other white man in the ring. In fact he is believed to be a heavier hitter than Johnson.

Johnson, on the other hand, is conceded to be a master boxer, a cool headed ring general and a crafty trickster. If he is permitted to plow Willard's arms without fear of disqualification the result of the fight will depend largely on which man possesses greater endurance. Willard is a giant in point of physical strength. He proved this when he handled the bulky Carl Morris as if the latter was a middleweight. He is twelve years younger than the negro, who is thirty-seven years of age, and in that respect he is bound to have a pronounced advantage. As a boxer, however, Willard has much to learn. He lacks the aggressiveness of Fitzsimmons and Tom Sharkey. Furthermore, Willard is a trifle too good natured to be called a "brutal prize fighter."

The negro's condition will cut an important figure. Johnson has been touching the high spots for several years, and when he arrived in Cuba several weeks ago he was fat and flabby.

He may reduce his weight considerably before he enters the ring, but it is believed he is not as fit as when he beat Jeffries at Reno. Willard, who never has dissipated, is ready for a long drawn out encounter. If he receives a square deal with the third man in the ring, therefore, he probably will make a far better showing than any of the white men who have vainly tried to win back the title. The fact that Willard is the biggest fighter that has ever faced Johnson is a point worth remembering.

Johnson won the championship from Tommy Burns, a light heavyweight. He stopped the late Stanley Ketchel, a middleweight; also Fireman Jim Flynn, who carried not more than 170 pounds in the fight at Las Vegas. Frank Moran stayed twenty rounds with Johnson in Paris a year ago, and the negro, according to unprejudiced observers, was completely fagged out at the end. It is significant that Jack Curley, one of the promoters of the coming mill, who is a close friend of Johnson, predicts a Willard victory and is advising New York sporting men to bet that way.

Eighteen years ago last Wednesday Fitzsimmons knocked out Corbett at Carson City, Nev. in fourteen rounds. To old timers it doesn't seem that long. They remember how Corbett persistently avoided the Cornishman until the latter forced him into a match after a bar-room scrap in a Philadelphia hotel. Fitz visited the Quaker City to ask Corbett to sign articles of agreement. Corbett spat in Ruby Robert's face and then dodged a water bottle. This affair received so much publicity that a fight in the roped square was inevitable. Corbett for several months before the meeting in Nevada subjected Fitz to much personal abuse, with the result that they were at swords points when they came to the center of the ring. Fitz simmons was outboxed in the early stages and in the sixth round he was knocked down, with the claret flowing from his nose. Fitz's wife, the late Rose Julian, who was at the ringside, told him to get up and go after Corbett's "slats." The Cornishman finally landed his famous solar plexus blow and Gentleman Jim, on one knee, took the full count. Dan Stuart, now dead, promoted this memorable affair at a heavy loss.

## THE ST. JOHN TEAMS AT FREDERICTON

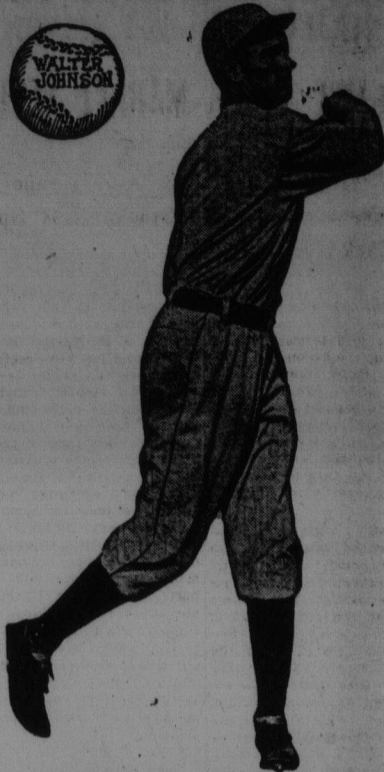
Fredericton, March 23.—The U. N. B. Varsity basketball team won from the St. John Y. M. C. A. Senior team at the University Gym this evening by a score of 51 to 17, but the St. John Intermediates beat the Freshmen by a score of 34 to 28.

The first game of the evening was that played by the Senior teams in which McLean proved U. N. B.'s best scorer, with eight field baskets, and five penalty throws, a total of 21 of the 51 points scored by his team. Thorne was the leading scorer for St. John, making eight of his team's points.

The lineup, scoring summary, and officials for this game follow:

St. John Y. M. C. A. Forwards. U. N. B. Willett (Capt) . . . . . Jago (Capt) Thorne . . . . . Edgcombe Centre. Knowdell . . . . . McLean Defence. Burton . . . . . Murphy Ryan . . . . . Gibson Brown replaced Burton in the second half. The scoring: U. N. B.—McLean, 8 field baskets and 5 penalty baskets, 21 points; Edgcombe, 20 points; Jago, 6 points; Murphy, 4 points—Total 51. St. John—Willett, 6 points; Thorne,

## SPEED KING GETTING READY FOR BIG SEASON.



Clark Griffith predicts that the mighty Walter Johnson, who is in fine shape, will win thirty games this year. "Griff" is grooming the "Speed King" for the opening game with the Yankees in Washington on April 14. "Griff" has great confidence in his other boxmen and says that the American League race will narrow down to a struggle between the Senators and the Red Sox. He declares that the Athletics will be lucky to finish in the first division.

## LOCAL BOWLING YESTERDAY

### ON BLACK'S ALLEYS.

Covey was certainly in good bowling trim on Black's alleys yesterday, when he won the daily roll off with high score of 140.

In the City League match the Ramblers and Tigers broke even with two points each. The scores follow:

Ramblers.		Tigers.	
Duffy . . . . .	89 100 83 278-90-23	Belyea . . . . .	106 88 87 281-93-23
Jordan . . . . .	78 84 108 270-99	Gilmour . . . . .	86 87 99 272-90-23
Beattsey . . . . .	90 88 91 268-89-23	McDonald . . . . .	75 82 99 256-85-13
Covey . . . . .	92 85 107 284-94-23	Moore . . . . .	88 85 97 270-90
Wilson . . . . .	94 93 91 278-92-23	Cosgrove . . . . .	94 119 77 290-96-23
	443 450 480 1373		449 461 459 1369

The Giants and Sweeps will play tonight.

### TWO MEN LEAGUE

No. 3 and 4 teams played a very interesting game which was attentively watched by a large crowd at the Victoria Academy last night. The former team won out with five points to their opponents one. The second game between No. 5 and the 6 team was won by No. 6 and it was closely contested. Following is the summary:

First Game—No. 3 Team		No. 4 Team	
Latham . . . . .	91 102 93 115 104 505 101	Ritchie . . . . .	78 116 95 73 84 436 87 15
Taylor . . . . .	88 95 97 71 99 450 90	Boyer . . . . .	
	179 197 190 186 203 955		

## GEORGE GODFREY'S BIRTHDAY

For more than a century—ever since Tom Molineux, the ex-slave from Old Virginia, went over to England and whipped Champion Tom Cribb, only to be tricked out of his victory—the shadow of the black man has fallen menacingly over the pugilistic arena. Today we have Johnson, Langford, McVey, Jeanette and others laughing to scorn the best efforts of the paleface hopes. A little earlier we had Joe Gans, George Dixon, Dixie Kid, Joe Walcott—champions all in a period when the white race was not without its doughty gladiators. Still earlier such great colored men as Peter Jackson, Andy Bowen and George Godfrey made the best white boxers sit up and take notice.

Old George Godfrey is dead and almost forgotten by the rising generation of fight fans, but his fame is deserving of perpetuation. He was born sixty-two years ago, March 20, 1853, in Prince Edward Island, Canada, and died in Boston in 1901. Godfrey was known to the pugilistic fraternity as "Old Chocolate." He began fighting in 1879, as about the same time John L. Sullivan made his ring debut. Godfrey was the same height as Sullivan—five feet ten and a half inches—but his fighting weight was only 165 to 170 pounds, which placed him at a disadvantage when pitted against the heavyweights.

In his early days as a fighter Godfrey didn't make enough from the game to support himself, and he was employed during the day as a beef carrier in the Boston market. He did all his training and fighting at night. Godfrey was also a carpenter, and when he married—his bride was a white woman—he built a home for himself in Chelsea. In later years Godfrey opened a boxing school in Boston and instructed many of the leading citizens of the Hub in the manly art. He was a thrifty, economical culler man, saved his money, and when he passed in his checks he left a juicy fortune in Boston real estate to his children.

It was not until 1883 that Godfrey began to make a noise in the pugilistic world. During that year he fought a draw with Jake Kilrain in Boston, and knocked out Bill Hadley in the same city. John L. Sullivan, a juicy fortune in the latter affair, in 1885 he knocked out Joe Mullen, the English heavyweight, and fought a draw with Joe Lannan, the Canadian boxer. In 1888 he went to California and fought McHenry Johnson. The latter was awarded the victory on a foul, but this decision was later reversed and Godfrey was given the long end of the purse.

There had long been a demand for a battle between Sullivan and Godfrey, and "Old Chocolate" had often challenged the champion. Early in his career Godfrey was matched to meet John L. in a private fight in Boston, and the men were ready for action when the cops butted in. In 1888 Sullivan offered to fight Godfrey in the Boston Music Hall, but George passed it up.

Godfrey's greatest battle was that with Peter Jackson in San Francisco in 1888. Peter had just arrived in America from Australia, and Godfrey was the first man he fought on this side of the Pacific. The big Australian black had an advantage of two inches in height and twenty-five pounds in weight, and although Godfrey put up a good battle, Jackson won in the nineteenth round. That bout marked the beginning of the career that was to make Jackson the uncrowned champion of the world.

In 1890 Godfrey knocked out Patsy Cardiff, one of the cleverest heavyweights of that day, in Providence, and defeated Denver Ed. Smith in Hoboken. He then put away Joe Lannan; but in 1892 was himself knocked out by Joe Choynski, the California Hebrew. Godfrey's last important contest was staged in Boston in 1894, when he was knocked out in the sixth round by Peter Maher.

## NEW ENGLAND BOXING TITLES WELL SCATTERED

The many friends of Charlie Askins, the boxer who is well known in St. John, will be pleased to learn that he won the 145 pound championship in the New England Amateur Boxing Championships held in the Mechanic's building, Boston, on Monday night. A crowd of more than four thousand fans were present at the bouts and saw 45 bouts which took about six and a half hours time.

Only one of the three champions of last year who competed last night went through the hard grind and came out a winner. He was Henry Brown of Revere, who retains the 158-pound title. One of the surprises of the night was the defeat of Pat McCarthy, who was the 135-pound champion last year. Weight compelled him to try for the honors in the class above, but he lost to Charley Askins, a former champion.

Mike Crowley of Malden and Charlie Ross of Jamaica Plain were the only ones who displayed any real cleverness. The opening bout was staged at 6:30 and the last one was finished at 12:55.

A large number of the good amateurs who had entered were unable to compete on account of being above the weight of the class they entered in. John McInnis of Lynn tried to win two of the titles and lost both.

The following are the N. E. A. A. U. champions for 1915:

- 108 pounds—Charley Ross, Jamaica Plain.
- 115 pounds—Tony Vatlan, Brighton.
- 125 pounds—John Emery, East Cambridge.
- 135 pounds—M. J. Crowley, Malden.
- 145 pounds—Charley Askins, Boston.
- 158 pounds—Henry Brown, Revere.
- 175 pounds—Carlo Armstrong, Boston.
- Heavyweights—James McDonald, Milton.

### MANY GIVE DUNDEE A DRAW

Memphis, Tenn., Mar. 23.—Johnny Dundee of New York and o's Azevedo of Sacramento fought eight rounds here tonight to what Referee Mack thought was a decision, but Dundee and the press and the majority of the spectators thought it was a draw. According to a distribution of rounds, Azevedo had the first, third and fifth, and Dundee the second and seventh. The remainder were even.

### RECORD HOLDER, DEAD

Washington, Penn., Mar. 23.—Bessie Admiral, 2:25, holder of the world's record for a yearling trotting filly over a half-mile track, died here today after a short illness of pneumonia. She was foaled Feb. 28, 1913, established her world's record her last November, and had been named for \$57,000 worth of 2-year-old futurities the coming season.

## LABATT'S STOUT

Has Special Qualities  
MILDLY STIMULATING,  
NOURISHING, SUSTAINING  
A Perfect Tonic

THIS IS THE TIME OF THE YEAR IT IS NEEDED

If not sold in your neighborhood, write  
**JOHN LABATT, LIMITED**  
LONDON CANADA

PARTIES IN SCOTT ACT LOCALITIES SUPPLIED FOR PERSONAL USE. WRITE ST. JOHN AGENCY, 20-24 WATER STREET.

## ALL MEN

Agree on this one thing. The Doctor, the Lawyer, the Merchant, the Officers and Men of the Navy and Army, the Laborer—every man who uses Scotch Whisky when asked which is his favorite brand says—

# WHYTE & MACKAY'S Special Selected HIGHLAND WHISKY.

The reason is obvious. The fine, full, mellow and smooth flavor of this Scotch Whisky is that which satisfies.

A man is never disappointed in WHYTE & MACKAY'S. Over thirty-five years on the market, and it is always the same.

At every hotel, club and bar Whyte & Mackay's is the most called for.

Ask for it.

## Bringing Up Father



BLANK

R. B. Ben first Cities

Ottawa, Ma are busy me them were e early hour th night. With tes in simu practically th dance in the erally light- was made, tion of Hon. Interior, prov finally adopte Dr. Pugsley a Regins, agat tached. Hon meat to the loan of mone was consider whole, and spent in com estimates.

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MINIAT

MARCH PH

Full Moon . . . . .

Last Quarter . . . . .

New Moon . . . . .

First Quarter . . . . .

Full Moon . . . . .

Day of Mth. Day of Wk. Day of Mo. Day of Sun. Day of Year.

24 W 6:24 6

25 T 6:22 6

26 F 6:20 6

STEAM

The steam sailed at for Manchester cargo.

The steam via Philade morning.

The steam No. 5 berth afternoon to Dublin.

The steam West Indies the Atlantic charge 200.

The C. P. finished coal yesterday aft to sail today.

The steam evening for

NEW YO

Mer. . . . .

May . . . . .

July . . . . .

Oct. . . . .

Dec. . . . .

PRODU

MON

Montreal, can No 2 yel OATS—Ca No 3, 68 1/2; 4 FLOUR—tents, choic strong bake choice, 7.90; 7.0 4 to 7.50; MILLFEE middlings, 35 HAY—No 19. POTATOES to 50.

MONTR

Montreal, Steamship Cedars—5 Cedars Bo Textile—5 Shawiniga Bell Telep Crown Res Waysagam C. Cottons Merchants Quebec B



ALBERT COUNTY VILLAGE NAMED FOR PRUSSIAN PORT

"Memel", A. Co., only place of that name in Canada—An interesting little story.

Hopewell Hill, March 23.—The taking of Memel, East Prussia, recalls to mind the naming of Memel, Albert county, the only place of the name in the Dominion. In an almost forgotten corner of the old cemetery at Hopewell Hill lie the remains of Frederick Laveine, a native of East Prussia, who spent his remaining days at the home of John Rogers, a farmer lumberman of this place.

The death occurred on Sunday evening of Mrs. John Tucker, who resided with her husband and family near Curryville, as a result of blood poisoning caused by wounding her foot. Dr. Kirby, of Hillsborough, was in attendance. Three sons, Hugh, Ernest and Albert, and three daughters, Ella, Hattie and Lizzy, all residing with their father at home with the exception of the eldest daughter.

Peter O'Boyle has finished sawing a cut of about 300,000 feet of lumber for James Russell at Chemical Road. He expects to move his mill to Hopewell Cape this week.

Miss Julia S. Peck is ill with an attack of la grippe. Dr. S. C. Murray is in attendance.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Russell have returned to their residence at Hopewell Hill after spending the winter in Chemical Road.

Miss Kathleen Prescott, of Albert, spent the week-end with friends here. Mr. Boyer, secretary of the Canadian branch of the British and Foreign Bible Society, occupied the pulpit of the Baptist church on Sunday afternoon. His discourse was much appreciated by the large congregation present.

Private Hugh Wright, of the 26th Battalion, is spending a few days with relatives here.

The basketball match game which was played last evening in the Public Hall, by the Lower Cape and Hopewell Hill boys, was won by the former, the scores standing 11 and 15.

FUNERALS.

The funeral of Mr. John A. Pirie took place yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from his parlor residence, 146 Metcalf street. Rev. B. H. Noble conducted the service. A large number of friends attended and many floral tributes were received. Six young men from J. & A. McMillan's, former associates of the deceased, bore the pall. The interment was in Cedar Hill cemetery.

The funeral of Mrs. Margaret Gleason took place yesterday morning at 9:15 o'clock from her late residence, 16 Richmond street, to the cathedral, where requiem high mass was celebrated by Rev. F. A. Bourgeois, D. D., with Rev. M. O'Brien, deacon, Rev. M. P. Howland, sub-deacon, and Rev. William M. Deane, master of ceremonies. His Lordship Bishop LeBlanc gave the final absolution. The relatives acted as pall-bearers. Interment was in the old Catholic cemetery.

The funeral of Mrs. Jane Grant took place yesterday morning at eleven o'clock from Powers' undertaking establishment, Princess street. Rev. Mr. Jarvis conducted the service and interment was in Fernhill cemetery.

The funeral of Miss Elizabeth Littlehale took place yesterday afternoon at three o'clock from the residence of her parents, Prince street, West End. The service was conducted by Rev. H. E. Thomas and Rev. G. P. Scott. The interment was in Cedar Hill cemetery.

OBITUARY.

James Wood The death took place in Halifax, Sunday, of James Wood, brother of Rev. George Wood, Chatham, leaving his wife and family of three children. He had been living south for several years and was spending this winter with his family in the north, and for several weeks Mr. Wood was at St. Andrews manse, Chatham.

RED CROSS WORK AT HARVEY, ALBERT CO.

The Patriotic League of Harvey, A. Co., gave an entertainment in the Public Hall last week for Red Cross work. It was well attended and the sum of \$32 was raised. A growing interest is manifested in the work and the League under the able presidency of Mrs. May Robinson has sent out a number of bundles of finished work. At the last meeting it was decided to send \$40 from the funds on hand to the local Red Cross branch, St. John.

OXO CUBES are sold in handy sizes— IN 10c. AND 25c. TINS An OXO CUBE to a cup.

GERMAN HYPOCrites SHOW MUNS AND VANDALS OF OLD IN THE LIGHT OF CHRISTIANS

Member of American Commission for Belgian Relief back from stricken country tells of tales of harrowing horror—How German submarines were Sunk.

Bringing photographs and affidavits by diplomatic representatives and others to prove his assertion that the treatment of Belgians by the Germans will take a place as the most inhuman act in the history of the world, Dr. Charles T. Baylis, of the American Commission for Relief in Belgium, returned from that country yesterday on board the Orduna, of the Cunard line. Dr. Baylis' home is in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Accompanied by F. H. Gaylor, of Virginia, and E. D. Curtis, of Cambridge, Mass., American Rhodes scholars at Oxford University, Dr. Baylis made a 1,000 mile tour of the stricken country by automobile.

"If the lid is ever lifted and the true stories of the appalling atrocities and outrages are ever told, the Germans will make the Muns and Vandals look like Sunday school teachers," he said, like Sunday school teachers. The affidavits which I took were all from men of unimpeachable reputations. Diplomats, burgomasters, clergy of every degree, all told me the same stories and backed them up with optical proof.

"I spent a day with Cardinal Mercier of Mechlin, who was imprisoned by the Germans because of his pastoral letter. With tears streaming down his face he requested me to experience through which he had passed. He told me of girls and women he had visited in a clerical capacity and of outrages he had witnessed.

"Though the Germans have persecuted him they have not broken his indomitable spirit. He related to me such horrible stories that I could scarcely understand that I could cause such horrors on the faces of the starving, ragged women and children who clamor everywhere for food.

Tells of Ruined Towns.

"I heard the story of the looting and burning of Louvain from Mgr. de Becher, president of the American College there. With hands tightly gripped together he told me that the Germans entered Louvain four days before its destruction and that from the moment they entered until they left, after destroying the town to hide evidences of their crime, they committed such outrages that they defiled belief.

"I was at Namur, Liege, Dinant, Charleroi and the other ruined towns. We have heard of them, but we have not heard of the hundreds of smaller towns which must like fate. At Ghent and Namur I heard the far off thunder of guns and saw hordes of Germans. They are madly throwing up enormous breastworks and defenses, for they foresee a desperate struggle within a few weeks.

"I saw hundreds of thousands of Lord Kitchener's new army passing through France. Grim, determined young men in the pink of condition, they swung along toward Belgium. Army officers with whom I talked told me that almost at any moment they expected orders to advance in the most terrible assault in any war. They are confident that when the great advance is under way the Germans will be pushed back forever."

Holland, Dr. Baylis said, is on the verge of war. The country has 650,000 men under arms, and they are growing more and more restive. The constant influx of refugees from Belgium and their pitiable condition, he said, were stirring the Dutch people until the government feared they would demand war.

How Submarines were Sunk.

Dr. Baylis said that the true story of the sinking of two German submarines has not been told. The submarines, he said, were sunk by the British who were on board the German patrol supply boat. A British gunboat captured the supply vessel, he said, off the coast of Scotland, arrested the crew and put on board their own men. Then, when the submarines came for petrol, he said, they were sunk.

The Noorderdyk, of the Holland-American line, which put back to Rotterdam six weeks ago last Friday, Dr. Baylis said, was damaged by a German torpedo in the Irish sea. This report was given out at first but was later denied.

The reports and photographs which Dr. Baylis brought back with him will place at the disposal of the American commission. They were smuggled out of Belgium through the aid of certain officials there. Dr. Baylis is anxious to start on a lecture tour for the benefit of the Belgians, to expose, he said, "the greatest inhumanity in all the history of the world."

The Orduna brought forty-two cabin and 160 second class passengers. On March 12 Mrs. H. Withington, wife of a Chicago merchant, who was married in London, died of heart disease on board the vessel. Her body was sent back to England for burial. The death of the young woman, who was a general favorite among the passengers, cast a gloom over a voyage which otherwise was most auspicious.

VEGETABLE FOODS AND THEIR VALUE IN DIET

By Frank T. Shutt, D.Sc., Dominion Chemist.

"That many of the ills that flesh is heir to arise from indiscretions in diet is a fact that more of us should realize—and the earlier in life the better. Many of us, and perhaps this applies especially to those who live in the city, eat too much. As a result we get too stout as life advances and, what is still more serious, an extraordinary strain is put on certain of the organs of the system in nature's effort to get rid of the waste. Further, we who live more or less sedentary lives, eat too much meat; the man who sits at a desk all day long or stands behind a counter may work as hard as the navy or ploughman but it is a different kind of work. It does not call for the same amount of strong food. There is no necessity to diet ourselves by formula or to weigh out what we should eat, but we ought to be guided to a certain extent in our eating by common sense and the knowledge which science furnishes respecting the requirements of the body for the maintenance of energy and the repair of tissue.

As city people we might keep in better health and live more cheaply if we would eat less meat and concentrated foods and use more vegetables and fruit. And this advice might especially be emphasized for the summer diet, when there is not the same call for the system for the stronger foods. Fresh vegetables are wholesome, palatable and productive of good health. Though in direct food value vegetables yield a first place to meats, it must not be supposed they are destitute of those nutrients which build up the body tissue and keep the machinery going. It would be possible, though not desirable, to live exclusively on vegetable foods. But vegetables, and especially fresh vegetables, are not to be regarded merely from the standpoint of maintenance—though we assert that now a days they would make a very good showing on the ground of economy. Nor need we urge their extensive use on the grounds of simply that they are appetizing and furnish variety to the diet. They, in addition to these excellent qualities possess a medicinal value; they are aids to digestion and afford that bulk or volume to the food necessary for the right distension of the alimentary tract. Many vegetables contain salts which are gently laxative, relieving constipation, that scourge that is the forerunner of so many dangerous and not infrequently fatal, diseases. And, again, many vegetables, especially those used in salads have a special value in cooling the blood and therefore most wholesome, especially in the summer season.

Women With Weakness Find New Strength

For all special weakness from which girls and women suffer no surer remedy exists than Dr. Hamilton's Pills; they maintain that bracing health every woman so earnestly desires, they promote disease and bring strength that lasts till old age.

The blood is richly nourished by Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Appetite increases, weakness and secret ills give way to surplus energy and reserve vigor. No pale girl, no ailing woman can afford to miss the enormous good that comes from Dr. Hamilton's Pills; get a 25c. box today.

WEDDINGS

Hayes-Seely.

A wedding of much interest was solemnized in St. Paul's Valley church at 6:15 o'clock on Monday evening, when W. Harold Hayes, B.S.A., son of Mr. W. Harold Hayes, B.S.A., and Mrs. T. Miss Hayes, were united in marriage to Miss Hazel Seely, daughter of the late J. J. Seely, of this city, the officiating clergyman being Rev. E. W. Hooper, rector of the church. After the ceremony the happy couple left on the Boston train on a honeymoon tour to American cities. On their return they will make their home at Fairvale, where the groom has purchased a large farm. Beautiful and valuable gifts from many friends attested to the popularity of bride and groom.

HOTEL ARRIVALS

Royal. C. W. Spies, Toronto; Maurice Ireland, Belfast; R. M. Wyman, Yarmouth; W. E. Austin, Toronto; J. B. Turner, Moncton; A. B. Fortier, Toronto; Chas. E. Oak, Bangor; H. E. Barker, New York City; C. S. Everett, St. Andrews; M. Greenwood, New York; Ben Williams, Sydney; P. Monney, Halifax; F. Smith, East. Florenceville; G. Stafford, Hamilton; A. Smylie, Toronto; W. R. London, Chatham, Ont.; W. A. Gray, Montreal; S. D. Simons, and wife, Fredericton; A. E. Campbell, Chicago; Commander Diggle, R. N. C. Conit, Campbellton; P. B. Brown, Moncton; G. S. Lovell, Boston; L. H. Fischel, B. C. Nowlan, Montreal; Mrs. H. B. Short Digby; Geo. J. Ross, Shediac.

Canadian Patriotic Fund.

C. B. Allan, treasurer of the Canadian Patriotic Fund, acknowledges the receipt, per Mrs. E. E. Thomas, of the sum of \$58.21, the proceeds of the cantata Esther entertainment in Exmouth street church, March 2.

New Lieutenant Colonel

Major W. H. Harrison, commanding the Divisional Ammunition Column, has been appointed a lieutenant colonel.

CRUSTS IN THE NOSE, FREQUENT SNEEZING, YOU HAVE CATARRH--A DISGUSTING DISEASE

Relief in Five Minutes-- Certain Cure Follows if "Catarrhzone" is Used.

Take one breath through the Inhaler--Just one single breath and see how it clears out the nose, how it makes you breathe free and easy.

Use Catarrhzone! Relief from Catarrhzone is quick and effective--you don't have to wait all day to get it either.

No other treatment is like Catarrhzone or is able to drive catarrh so completely out of the system.

You don't take anything internally in using Catarrhzone--you don't run the chance of spoiling digestion or lessening appetite with bad tasting medicine. Just breathe in that soothing piney vapor, so rich in healing, so

Don't stay stuffed up with a sore nose, eyes running and breath bad. full of power to cure every type of throat trouble, hoarseness, pain over the eyes, bronchitis and Catarrh. Gets them that way lurking in the mouth, nose or throat. Catarrhzone will destroy them. In this way it prevents many an ill.

"I am never without Catarrhzone Inhaler," writes E. J. Jameison of Huntington. "Use it for a minute and it stops a cold at its beginning. If the cold has a start, or if its catarrh or a bad throat, you can easily cure it with Catarrhzone."

If suffering from throat droppings, running eyes, active nasal discharge, choker condition in the nostrils--member Catarrhzone will quickly cure you. Get the large \$1.00 outfit. It does the trick cure. Small size 50c; a sample size 25c. at all dealers everywhere.



Not Bleached Not Blended. PIPING HOT, SUCH FAT ROUNDED SUBSTANTIAL LOAVES RICH WITH CREAMY NUTRIMENT.

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AGENTS WANTED.

"Billy Sunday's Message"--Marvelous book; irresistible, overwhelming! Extraordinary money maker! Sample book free on promise to canvass. Linscott, Publishers, Bradford.

FOR SALE.

MOTOR BOATS. New and Second Hand Boats and Engines Sold and Exchanged. We can sell 70 to 90 ft. hull, suitable for freight or passenger service at once. State lowest cash prices.

FOR SALE--Building lot in the City of Moncton, size 2 1/2 x 100, on the Main street, in the business centre of the city. R. N. Wase, Moncton, N. B.

FOR SALE--One Jersey Bull, two years and a half old, pure bred, eligible for registry, perfectly quiet and kind. For further particulars inquire of S. T. Lamb, Perry's Point, Kings County, N. B.

FOR SALE--Stock of late J. McKillop, corner King and Ladlow streets, West End, dry goods merchant, sold by tender. Highest or lowest tender not necessarily accepted. Tenders will close March 25th. Apply to G. H. Clarke, 28 Victoria street, West End.

FARM FOR SALE--Four hundred acres farm on the St. John River, about four miles from Fredericton, N. B., on the Valley Railway. Good house and barns, also thoroughbred cattle. For further information write Box 119, Fredericton, N. B.

SAW MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE OR RENT--Steam and water power plant in Victoria county is being offered at very low cost for immediate sale. Suitable terms can be made for retaining and sawing out this season's cut of spruce and hardwood. Capacity about three million feet. For further particulars write P. O. Box 476, St. John, N. B.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTHWEST MINING REGULATIONS.

COAL--Coal mining rights may be leased for two or more years, renewable at an annual rental of \$1 an acre. Not more than 100 acres. Royalty, five cents per ton. In placer territory, the lease must be unassigned territory. The lessee must be a personal application to the Agent or Sub-Agent for Dominion Lands. The rental for the first year must be paid in full within thirty days after filing application within thirty days after filing application.

QUARTZ--A person eighteen years of age and over, having made a discovery of quartz, may locate a claim of not more than 100 acres. At least \$100 must be expended on the claim each year, or paid to the Mining Recorder. At least \$100 has been expended or paid and other requirements complied with the claim may be purchased at \$1 an acre.

PLACING MINING CLAIMS are 600 feet long and 300 to 200 feet wide. They may be located on any land not reserved for the Government. Each claim must be staked with five miles of each of a river may be leased to one applicant for a term of years. Royalty, 3% per cent. after the output of 100,000 lbs. of gold.

Deputy Minister of the Interior, James King, Ottawa, Ontario. This advertisement will not be paid for.

TO LET.

TO RENT--Furnished for summer months, a small 3-room house in Montreal, central position, small garden, back and front, shady and dry-cool. Rent nominal to suitable tenant. Apply to Coote, 335 Guy street, Montreal.

To Keep the Face Fresh, Clear, Youthful

More important than the cosmetic care of the complexion is its physical care. To keep the face clean, fresh, youthful, there is nothing better than common sense. It is absorbed into the blood and fed into the skin particles. Cosmetics simply add unwholesomeness to the complexion. That's the difference. By all means, acquire the mercurized wax. It's so easy to get an ounce of the wax at the drugists, apply it night like cold cream and wash it off next morning. There's no detour indoors, the old skin coming out so gradually as one suspects you're using anything. When in a week or two the alacrity youthful, rosier, under a portion well, you want want or need, a make-up complexion after that, it must appear that this product has a complete riddance of all cutaneous blemishes, like freckles, pimples, blotches and blackheads.

For obstinate wrinkles, a face bath made by dissolving an ounce of exsollite in a half pint witch hazel, supersedes massage cream and everything else for results.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a bill will be presented for enactment at the next session of the Legislature of New Brunswick, providing for the holding of a plebiscite at which the voters at a public election in the City of St. John may be enabled to express their choice between the system of civic government as provided for by chapter 42 of the Statutes of New Brunswick, 1912, entitled "An Act to provide for the Government of the City of Saint John by an 'elective commission' and the government of the said city by a Common Council, consisting of a Mayor and six Aldermen, elected annually for each ward in the said city, such Common Council to have the same remuneration as was paid before the introduction of the Commission form of Government." Dated this ninth day of March, A. D. 1915.

JOHN W. VANWART. Steel Ceilings. If you are building or making repairs do not forget the advantages of Steel Ceilings, handsome in appearance, durable and fireproof, and easily put up.

ESTEY & CO., 49 Dock Street.

HOTELS.

PRINCE WILLIAM HOTEL. Overlooking the harbor, opposite Boat Quay and Digby boats. Furnished in the latest; excellent table; American plan.

ROYAL HOTEL. King Street, St. John's Leading Hotel. RAYMOND & DOHERTY CO. LTD. T. R. Reynolds, Manager.

HOTEL DUFFERIN. ST. JOHN, N. B. FOSTER, GATES & CO. F. C. GATES, Manager.

VICTORIA HOTEL. Better Now Than Ever. 87 King Street, St. John, N. B. ST. JOHN HOTEL CO. LTD. Proprietors. A. M. PHILLIPS, Manager.

WINE AND LIQUORS.

RICHARD SULLIVAN & CO. Established 1878. Wholesale Wine and Spirit Merchants. Agents for:

MACKIE'S WHITE HORSE CELLAR SCOTCH WHISKY. LAWSON'S LIQUEUR SCOTCH WHISKY. SIMPSON'S HOUSE OF LORDS SCOTCH WHISKY. KING GEORGE IV. SCOTCH WHISKY.

AUK'S HEAD BASS ALE. PAEST MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER. GEO. SAYER COGNAC BRANDIES. Bonded Stores, 44-46 Dock Street, Phone 339.

WHOLESALE LIQUORS.

William L. Williams, successors to M. A. Finn, Wholesale and Retail Wine and Spirit Merchant, 110 and 112 Prince William street. Established 1870. Write for family price list.

M. & T. McQUIRE.

Direct Importers and dealers in all the leading brands of Wines and Liquors; we also carry in stock from the best houses in Canada, very Old Ryes, Wines, Ales and Stout, Imported and Domestic Cigars. 11 and 15 Water Street. Telephone 573.

NERVES, ETC., ETC.

ROBERT WILBY, Medical Electrical Specialist and Masseur. Treats all nervous diseases, weakness and wasting, neurasthenia, locomotor ataxia, paralysis, sciatica, rheumatism, etc. Facial blemishes of all kinds removed. 27 Coburg Street.

THE UNION FOUNDRY & MACHINE WORKS, LTD.

ENGINEERS AND MACHINISTS. Iron and Brass Castings. WEST ST. JOHN. Phone West 15.

ENGINEERING

Electric Motor and Generator Repairing, including rewinding. We try to keep your plant running while making repairs. E. S. STEPHENSON & CO. Nelson Street, St. John, N. B.

J. FRED WILLIAMSON

MACHINISTS AND ENGINEER. Steamboat, Mill and General Repair Work. INDIANTOWN, ST. JOHN, N. B. Phones, M-229; Residence M-4724-11.

WATCH REPAIRERS.

W. Batley, the English, American and Swiss watch repairer, 138 Mill Street.

PATENTS.

"PATENTS and Trade-marks procured, Fetherstonhaugh and Co., Palmer Building, St. John."

Musical Instruments Repaired

VIOLINS, MANDOLINS and all string instruments and Bow repaired. SYDNEY GIBBS, 81 Sydney Street.

MANILA ROPE

Steel Wire Rope, Galvanized Wire Riggings, English and Canadian Flags, Oakum, Pitch, Tar, Paints, Oils, Stoves, Stoves Fittings and Tinware. J. SPLANE & CO. 19 Water Street.

ENGRAVERS.

F. C. WESLEY & CO. Artists, Engravers and Electrotypers, 59 Water Street, St. John, N. B. Telephone 952.

BUILDERS SUPPLIES

MURRAY & GREGORY, LTD., supply all materials for spring repairs and alterations to buildings. Phone Main 3000.

LANDING

One Car American Silverskin ONIONS. A. L. GOODWIN, WATCHES.

A full line of Bracelet and other wares at lowest prices. ERNEST LAW, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, 5 Coburg Street.



SHORT DAY IN LOCAL HOUSE

First Government caucus of session to be held this morning - Only routine yesterday!

Special to The Standard. Fredericton, March 23.—The first government party caucus of the session has been called for tomorrow morning.

It will be the first gathering of the members since the re-organization of the government and members supporting the administration are in fine fighting fettle.

The weekly reception held by Lieut. Governor Wood during the session has been called off for this week because of the inability of Mrs. Wood to come here as expected because of illness.

On Thursday evening Governor Wood will entertain the private members at dinner at the Queen Hotel, covers to be laid for thirty-eight.

Two more committees were organized this morning for the session's work. The agriculture committee elected Mr. Young as chairman.

While the municipalities committee elected Mr. Munro of Carleton as chairman, these being the same chairs as last year. It is pretty generally understood that the budget will not be brought down by Hon. Dr. Landry before next week.

Attorney-General Baxter and Mr. Slipp, of Queens, returned today from Montreal, where they had been attending the meeting of the Canadian Bar Association.

This afternoon the government heard a delegation from Kings County consisting of Messrs. Lamb, of Ferry's Point, and Whelpley, of Kingston, relative to the annual subsidy for the steamer Hampton on the Kennebec-Cassis River.

Mr. Jones and Mr. Dickson, of Kings, accompanied the delegation, and the government promised consideration of their request.

W. H. Berry, who had been summoned as a witness in the Dalhousie Lumber Company matter to come before Commissioner Chandler when his departmental enquiry opens on Thursday, arrived here from his home at Oak Bay, Charlotte county, today.

The House met at 3 o'clock. Mr. Carter presented a report of the committee on standing rules.

Mr. Young presented the report of the committee on agriculture.

Mr. Munro presented the report of the committee on municipalities.

Mr. Woods introduced a bill to enable the municipality of Queens County to make temporary loans.

Hon. Mr. Morrissey introduced a bill to continue and amend the act relating to the North West Boom Co.

Mr. Stewart (Northumberland) introduced a bill to permit of a fixed valuation for assessment purposes on the saw mill of John Maloney.

Mr. Carter presented the petition of the municipality of Victoria in favor of a bill to amend Cap. 62, Geo. V., Chapter 13 so far as it relates to the county of Victoria.

Mr. Grannan introduced a bill to amend the city of St. John assessment act of 1909, and to amend the law relating to the civic franchise.

Act of Assembly for some years back, which were supposed to be in the library for the use of members, were gradually fading away and very soon there would be none left for reference.

Hon. Mr. Clarke said he would have the matter looked into. The bill was then agreed to.

Amending County Acts. The House then went into consideration of the bill to amend the county acts.

Hon. Mr. Baxter traced the growth of procedure in the county courts and said that the bill under consideration was to make the present day practice conform to that of the supreme court.

Hon. Mr. Baxter said that due notice when the bill came into force would be given in the Royal Gazette, but the third reading would be held up for a time in order to permit of any other amendments which might be suggested. The bill was agreed to.

The bill to amend the life insurance act was then taken up. This bill makes some additions to the preferred class of beneficiaries.

Education of Mutes. Hon. Dr. Landry explained that the object of the bill to amend the act respecting aid to the education of the deaf and deaf mute persons was to increase the aid because of the increased cost of living.

The object was to increase the aid by \$25.00 per year from the provincial funds and the same in municipal aid.

Mr. Slipp asked if anybody except J. Harvey Brown was concerned in the management of the institution.

Hon. Mr. Wilson said that Mr. Grannan, one of the members for St. John City, was a member of the Board of Governors.

Mr. Grannan gave the names of other members of the board who, he said, were all well known citizens of St. John and carrying on what they believed to be good work.

Mr. Lockhart said in his opinion the institution was well conducted and admirably situated and he believed the increase was necessary. He thought the government was to be congratulated for the aid it was giving.

Hon. Mr. Wilson said that he and the Attorney General had visited the institution and found conditions such as to warrant the increase.

Mr. Stewart said he thought that the increase was only fair and reasonable.

Mr. Tilley said he was glad to see the fine spirit with which this and similar institutions was treated. He believed, however, that there should be an audit by a chartered accountant before any increase was made by the government in the annual grant to any such institution or to any steamboat companies seeking additional assistance from government.

Mr. Grannan said he was a member of the board of governors of the institution referred to in this bill. For several years past there had been a deficit each year and an increase in the grant for each pupil was necessary to carry on the work of the institution.

He said that everybody recognized that Mr. Warwick who acted as treasurer, was an honorable man and that the finances were in good hands.

The bill was agreed to with slight amendments.

The House adjourned at 5.20 o'clock.

IN THE COURTS.

CIRCUIT COURT.

The March Circuit Court opened yesterday morning, Chief Justice Landry presiding. Three criminal cases were presented to the grand jury.



Sold Weight Guaranteed. So accurate are Lantic package weighing machines that half an ounce underweight stops the machine. Every Lantic Sugar carton and bag is weighed at the Refinery, and full net weight is guaranteed.

Bishop, Robert E. Armstrong (foreman), Edmund E. LeRoy, Frederick G. Spencer (absent), John Magee, R. Thomas Worden, David Watson, Robert A. Corbett, R. Daniel Cole, John A. Davidson, Brady E. DeBow, William Donohoe, R. Keltie Jones, William J. Johnston, James W. Morrison, Joseph W. McAlary, Peter McIntyre, H. Chapman Olive, (absent), Charles A. Owen.

The following were summoned as petit jurors: John Trafnor, Arthur G. Blaisdel, Allen E. Agar, Horace G. Black, Henry J. Dever (absent), James A. Brown (absent), Robert H. Cother, C. Arthur Almond, William Y. Beatty, Robert G. Cris, Gilbert G. Davidson, Harry N. DeMille (absent), Frederick T. Emery, Richard Hunter, Beverly V. Millidge, Harold McGuire (absent), Frederick R. Patterson, Joseph W. Doody (absent), Wm. H. Sullis, Walter T. White and John J. Wood.

J. A. Barry appeared in behalf of the Attorney-General. The Court adjourned until 2.30 o'clock this afternoon, when the case of the King vs. Wm. Larsen will be tried.

Wm. Baxter, reported for driving on the wrong side of the street, was fined \$2 in the Police Court yesterday morning.

David Kirkpatrick, a young lad, who was reported for cruelty to animals, viz. beating his horse and jerking his horse's mouth, was allowed to go with a fine of \$8 standing against him.

Two drunks were sentenced to a fine of \$8 or a two months' rest cure.

TAKING NO CHANGE ON SAXONIA MAKING ESCAPE FROM U. S. PORT. Washington, March 22.—While the guns of Morro Castle hold the Hamburg American liner Edgewater prisoner in the harbor of San Juan, Porto Rico, officials of the United States government are considering the question whether the steamer's captain shall be prosecuted for his attempt to leave San Juan Sunday without clearance papers.

It became known today that the Treasury Department has its attention called to the Hamburg-American liner Saxonia, now laid up at Winslow, Washington, with a cargo of grain loaded at Portland, Ore., last July for Hamburg. Recent activities aboard this vessel have caused officials to take steps to assure that she will not put to sea without inspection and clearance.

TOMATO RAISING. The tomato is a native of South America, on the Peruvian side of the continent, but it has remained for Italy to teach the people not only there, but also in the United States, how best to raise and preserve it. The noteworthy announcement is made in recent official despatches that the canned tomatoes of Italy have practically crowded the American varieties out of the markets of England and have made startling gains in the markets of the United States. It has long been the

oil is suitable for soap making and for lamps, and the refined oil is said to be edible. It is said that the Italians put up canned tomatoes chiefly for the export trade, themselves preferring their tomatoes in the form of sauce or paste, which is nothing more than boiled down tomato pulp, minus the skins and seeds. The sauce is put up in cans and the Italians use it in a variety of ways.

THE CAPTURE OF THE DACIA. Paris, March 23.—A commission of inquiry into the capture by a French cruiser of the American steamship Dacia, while on a voyage from the United States to Rotterdam with a

cargo of cotton on board has declared the seizure to be valid. The case now goes before the French prize court, which is allowed two months to hand down its decision.

If your grocer tries to substitute another tea for "SALADA" you may be sure his object is to obtain larger profit than "SALADA" shows him, and you can be just as sure that the other tea will be inferior in flavor and strength, and remember that "SALADA" Teas are free of dust. All pure Virgin Tea Leaves.

KAISER PLAYING SAFE. Geneva, March 23, via Paris, 4.30 p. m.—The German emperor has ordered

the removal to Berlin of valuable paintings and tapestry from his mountain castle at Koenigsberg, on the Alsatian side of the Vosges Mountains. Recently French aviators flew over the Imperial summer residence, which formerly belonged to a King of France.

BELGIAN RELIEF FUND. The following subscriptions to the Belgian Relief Fund were received yesterday: Mrs. G. L. Barbour . . . . . \$ 10.00 Proceeds Prof. Leacock's evening under the auspices of the Women's Canadian Club, per Miss C. O. McGivern, treasurer . . . . . 119.15

Order Your Daily Paper Now!

THE GREAT ADVANCE AGAINST GERMANY will, it is believed, commence in a very few weeks. No one can afford to be without the latest news of these world-stirring events. Kitchener's new army is now in France. The Canadians are there. Our New Brunswick boys are drawing nearer and nearer to the firing line.

You want to know about them, about the battles in which they may be engaged, and the successes which may attend their efforts.

This news can reach you only by means of a daily paper. There is none better than The Standard, nor any which can be so promptly obtained at so low a price. The Daily Standard is sold by mail outside the city of St. John at Three Dollars per year. We are, for the purpose of reaching those who may not be personally acquainted with this paper, making

AN EXCEPTIONAL OFFER

For a short time, we will give to bona fide new subscribers

The Daily Standard

Two Dollars for One Year

This is for new subscribers only. The following coupon must be used

THE STANDARD, St. John, N. B. Enclosed find Two Dollars, for which send me The Daily Standard for one year as per your special offer. I am not taking The Standard at present. Name: Address: Date: 1915

Cut out the coupon, fill in the name and address, enclose two dollars and mail at once to

The Standard Limited - St. John

DO NOT DELAY. This offer will shortly be withdrawn. You need a daily paper—you cannot find one better than The Standard.

ORDER IT NOW!

Danger Signals Warn You of Approaching Paralysis

Slowly and Surely Exhaustion Goes on Until Collapse of the Nerves is the Natural Result.

Advertisement for Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. You may be restless, nervous, irritable and sleepless, but you think there is nothing to be alarmed at. You have no appetite, digestion is impaired, and there is weakness and irregularity of other bodily organs. You feel tired in body and mind, and find that you lack the energy to attend to the daily task. You may not realize that these are the symptoms of nervous prostration and the danger signals which warn you that some form of paralysis is the next step of development. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is the most successful restorative for the nerves that has ever been offered to the public.



Vertical text on the left margin listing various businesses and services such as 'HOTEL', 'LIQUORS', 'REPAIRERS', 'WARRANTS', 'SUPPLIES', 'DRESSING', 'WATCHES', 'LAWYERS', 'SADDLERY', 'STREET', 'MOTOR', 'ELECTRIC', 'MACHINISTS', 'CASTINGS', 'PHONE WEST 13', 'GENERATOR', 'RE-WINDING', 'WE TRY', 'UNWINDING WHILE MAKING', 'MASON & CO.', 'ST. JOHN, N. B.', 'RESIDENCE M-1724-11', 'REPAIRERS', 'English, American', 'repairer, 138 Mill', 'WARRANTS', 'Trade-marks pro', 'ough and Co., Pat', 'John.', 'REPAIRERS', 'MANDOLINS', 'instruments and bows', 'GIBBS', 'A ROPE', 'Galvanized Wire', 'and Canadian Flax', 'Tar, Paints, Oils', 'Kings and Tinware', 'NE & CO.', '19 Water Street', 'WARRANTS', 'SLEY & CO.', 'and Electrotypers', 'St. John, N. B.', 'phone 983', 'SUPPLIES', 'REGORY, LTD., sup-', 'for spring repairs', 'to buildings. Phone', 'DRESSING', 'American Silverskin', 'IONS', 'L. GOODWIN', 'WATCHES', 'and other styles', 'EST LAW', 'Marriage License', 'urg Street,

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—Moderate, north-westerly to westerly winds; fine and a little milder.

Toronto, Mar. 23—Fair, mild weather prevails in all portions of the Dominion.

Table with columns: Location, Min., Max. Includes entries for Victoria, Kamloops, Edmonton, Battleford, Prince Albert, Calgary, Medicine Hat, Moose Jaw, Winnipeg, Port Arthur, Pelly Sound, Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, and Halifax.

Around the City

Horace Kellogg, Jr. Dead.

The funeral of Horace Kellogg, Jr., took place at Vancouver yesterday.

Barney Barry Away

While the chain gang was working on Cradle Hill at Mount Pleasant yesterday afternoon Barney Barry escaped.

Red Cross Work.

Every day finds earnest workers at the local Red Cross depot, Chipman Hill, and the executive and members are pleased with the response.

Oddfellows Celebrate.

Peerless Lodge, Independent Order of Oddfellows, held its annual celebration for the seaman members.

Graham Doing Well

Reports from the General Public Hospital late last night were to the effect that Private Graham of the 26th Battalion was rapidly recovering.

Soldiers Were "Kept In"

The early morning march of the soldiers of the 26th Battalion yesterday and the actions of some unruly ones in the armory on Monday night formed the subject of considerable discussion about the city yesterday.

CHILDREN'S RAIN COATS

F. A. Dykeman & Co. are placing on sale a large lot of samples of children's raincoats in sizes from six to sixteen years.

Broad Cove coal and Pictou Egg coal now landing, J. S. Gibbon & Co.

SILLY CANARD OF THE TIMES CAUSES REVULSION AMONG SUPPORTERS OF COMMISSION

Citizens who refused to sign Petition now ready to do so - Over 2,800 names on petition - Ex-Sergeant Finley repudiates story of the Times.

Notwithstanding the assertion of The Times that only 600 persons had signed the petition asking for a plebiscite on the question of whether the commission form of government had proved satisfactory up to last Friday evening, reputable citizens assert that on that date 2,800 citizens had signed the petition.

"The Times is a silly falsifier, and is hurrying the commission form of government in the home of its friends," said a well-known citizen last evening. "I attended the meeting at which The Times said a slate was drawn up. There was no talk of a slate of any kind. The Times should have apologized for its report, but instead of doing so it attempted to gloss over the matter, and then told another lie about the number of signatories to the petition for a plebiscite. Reports made at the meeting on Friday night showed 2,800 citizens had signed the petition, instead of 600 as The Times asserts."

"However, those who want an expression of opinion from the citizens in regard to the commission form of government are much indebted to the silly campaign of The Times and Telegraph. Yesterday after the unfair and stupid tactics of The Times had been exposed one of the best known merchants in the city called up and asked that a man with the plebiscite petition be sent round to see him."

"I refused to sign the petition once," he said, "but I am convinced now that an unfair attempt is being made to discredit those who are asking for the plebiscite, and because I believe in fair play I will sign the petition, though I am still prepared to go to the polls and vote in favor of the commission form of government. When the matter of adopting the commission form of government came up the old council passed a motion providing for a plebiscite on the question at the request of a small committee of citizens, and did not wait for a petition to be sent to the legislature. Those of us who supported the commission form of government can hardly object to giving the citizens an opportunity to express their opinion. The commissioners themselves if they are satisfied that they have given satisfaction ought to welcome the idea of such plebiscite."

This merchant is not the only one whose attitude has been changed by the campaign of the Times, and it is expected that if the petition is kept in circulation the number of signers will be greatly increased in the next few days. An attempt has been made by the Times and Telegraph to convey the impression that the prime movers in the campaign to secure a plebiscite were discharged policemen, and the Times even declared that ex-Sergeant Finley was one of the members of its imaginary slate. The following letter indicates the malicious character of the Times' stories:

To the Editor of The Standard,

Sir—Allow me a few lines in your paper to express my opinion as to my name appearing on an imaginary aldermanic slate printed in the evening Times.

I never heard of such a slate. I have not been consulted on the matter at any time and never heard the matter discussed. I consider it a high-handed piece of work to publish names in this way, without making any effort to confirm such a rumor, if indeed it is such, or merely pure imagination on the part of the Times.

I will leave it to the public to judge the motive which prompted the Times to publish a story without the least foundation. I am of the opinion that has proven to be too expensive for St. John. The debt of the city has increased too rapidly during the past three years, and if the Board of Trade had not protested the increase would have been even greater than it is.

Why should work be done or supplies be purchased without competition or tenders, as appears to be the practice at present? Why should citizens be treated as if they were the servants of the commissioners instead of the commissioners being servants of the public?

The contention of the promoters of the commission system was that we would secure the services of better men by paying them \$2,000 a year instead of \$200, but what do we find? Four members of the present commission are gentlemen whom the commission promoters thought the city should be rid of. I will leave it to the public to judge if the fifth member is any better than his fellow commissioners.

These are some of the reasons why I favor a change, and I am not alone in my opinion. If the Times would like to know my other reason I would be pleased to grant an interview at any time with the understanding that the report of such interview will be published without being trimmed up to suit the imagination of the Times.

I am, yours respectfully, WM. H. FINLEY.

STEAMSHIP SERVICES TO NOVA SCOTIA

Meeting of merchants recommends granting of subsidies asked by steamers John L. Cann and Westport III— Department of

A meeting of merchants interested in trade with Nova Scotia was held at the Board of Trade rooms yesterday afternoon to consider the matter of making a report to the Dominion Department of Trade and Commerce, regarding the steamship services from St. John to Yarmouth and points in Digby County. It is understood that Hon. George E. Foster asked the merchants of St. John interested to make a report to his department regarding last year's services, and also to make recommendations for the present year.

At the meeting, which was fairly well attended, the consensus of opinion was that the two steamship services had proved of great benefit to St. John last year, and that it was not desirable that the services should be discontinued. The company operating the John L. Cann, which runs between St. John and Yarmouth, is willing to continue its service at the same subsidy it received last year, but the company operating the Westport III, is asking \$1,500 more than was given it last year. Mr. Hopkins appeared before the meeting on behalf of the John L. Cann, and Mr. Patisson appeared on behalf of the Westport III. A representative of the Halifax and Southwestern Railway was present and told of the rates which his company was prepared to make in connection with the service of the John L. Cann to Yarmouth. The meeting, of which Percy Thomson, chairman of the Traffic Committee of the Board of Trade, was chairman, decided to send in a report to the Department of Trade and Commerce expressing approval of the service given by the two boats last year, and recommending that the government take steps to provide the subsidies asked for during the current year, and that the government should maintain its trade with Nova Scotia points affected.

Reference was made to the department investigation into the department was held, and a re-organization was considered necessary. The result will probably mean that the city will be empowered to appoint the chief of this department, and such changes made as will be considered necessary for the efficiency of the force. The report of the chief of this department will no doubt, fully explain the work of this department, so far as the police force is concerned.

Light Department. This department has received the usual amount of attention and there has been a considerable number of lights added, but more of the 100 Watt type than arcs. The system of lighting the city is not a good one, and it is intended to secure such information, regarding the lighting systems adopted by other cities, as will place this department in a position to recommend a system, as will meet the requirements.

Market Department. This department has met with greater success than in any year since it was established, and although prophecies were made by self constituted experts, that the business would decrease along revenue lines, if the present methods were pursued, in conducting the business, I must refer you to the accounts as published, to prove how incorrect these opinions were. After paying all expenses including the interest charge of \$7,000.00 and the regular amount of \$1,000.00 for sinking fund, a further amount of \$4,124.72 was applied to the sinking fund. I will have to recommend that the market streets be renewed this year with such material as will permit of flushing the streets daily. This will entail considerable cost, but it is absolutely necessary from a sanitary as well as an economical maintenance standpoint, that it be done immediately.

Construction of Buildings. This department has been conducted in a more satisfactory manner than for some time previous, and certain improvements will be carried out as soon as possible. A new building law is necessary but this is a matter on which considerable thought and time may be spent, in view of the fact that it will be somewhat difficult to compile a law that will meet with approval.

Public Buildings. The buildings under this department are kept in a good state of repair and for those who do not have to occupy them, may appear to be all that is necessary for a new city hall, or some means of enlarging the present one, and equipping the same with more modern means of access to the various departments becomes more obvious as each year rolls around. Any recommendation made by me at this time in regard to this matter I believe would be fruitless.

Respectfully submitted, H. R. McLELLAN, Com. of Public Safety.

WANTED—Scrub woman. Apply Royal Hotel.

WANTED at once, a piano player. Apply to Wanmaker's.

A NEW AUTO PUMPING ENGINE HAS BEEN PURCHASED BY CITY

Commissioner McLellan Presented Annual Report to Council—New Machine Will Cost \$12,800 and Will be Delivered Early This Summer - Police and Light.

Commissioner McLellan submitted the following report to the council and commissioners yesterday:

Fire Department. This department with the amount and style of apparatus at its command and the facilities for housing the same, is in about as good condition as can be expected. The necessity for an increased amount of apparatus, of modern style, with modern housing facilities is greater today, than at any previous time in the history of your city, and the sooner you recognize that fact, the sooner will a responsibility, at present resting on your shoulders, be removed.

I refer you to my recommendations in the reports of 1912 and 1913 and repeat, that, these recommendations should be carried out, and irrespective of any suggestions, that present financial conditions should warrant their being considered at some future time. My efforts to secure some motor apparatus in 1913 were attended with some success, during this year when I was authorized to purchase, one of two pieces of apparatus, which in my judgment would be most necessary.

After due consideration, I decided that a pumping engine, was most desirable, and finally on December 29, 1914, I entered into a contract, on behalf of the city, with the American La France Fire Engine Company, of Elmira, N. Y., for the purchase and delivery of one 800 gallons per minute pumping engine, the same to be delivered in about 120 days, f. o. b., cars Saint John, N. B., for the sum of \$12,800.00. This engine will be of a more modern type than any heretofore constructed by that company, and in addition to the La France modern wheels, which of themselves cost \$800. The engine is of the triple combination type, and will no doubt prove a most

valuable addition to the fire fighting capacity of the department. The next and most immediate requirement of this department is a ladder truck, which should be purchased immediately.

A runabout for the chief of the department, as well as combination chemical and hose, and salvage corps wagons are essential, for placing the department on a modern fire fighting basis. The steam fire engines at present in the department can be retained as part of a modern equipment by the addition of tractors. The firemen have demonstrated their abilities to cope with fires, under most difficult conditions, but it is not to be expected that they perform their duties in as efficient a manner, with obsolete apparatus, as they would if equipped with modern.

It is false economy, in these days, to consider the cost of horse-drawn fire apparatus, as comparable with that of motors, and more particularly, when you are in a city like Saint John with its heavy grades.

The engine houses are in good condition, with the exception of number 7, which requires considerable work done to the drainage system under the building, and a new floor. Some alterations will be required in the house, which is selected for the new pumping engine.

I take this opportunity of expressing to you the very great amount of satisfaction, which has been afforded me by the manner in which the chief of this department and the men under him have performed their work. I refer you to the report of the chief for a detailed statement of the operation of the department.

Police Department. This department remained in about the same condition, as the previous year, with this exception, that a gov-

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Macaulay Bros. & Co., King Street, St. John, N. B. Initial Display of New Spring Cluny and Torchon Laces and Insertions Our deliveries of these beautiful Laces and Insertions are now complete and we have at present on exhibit one of the finest and best assorted stocks of CLUNY AND TORCHON

Mantels, Grates and Tiles If you need mantels a visit to our showrooms will be most interesting. The experience gained in the past thirty years is reflected in our stock and the values offered. Wood Mantels in the Latest Designs. Register Grates and Open Fire Places. And-Irons and Fenders--Brass and Black. Fire Irons, Spark Guards, Gas Logs, etc.

STORES OPEN AT 9 A.M. AND CLOSE EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK AT 6 O'CLOCK. See the Interesting Window Demonstration of Ostermoor Mattresses AT FURNITURE STORE, MARKET SQUARE Another Great Sale of 11c Per Yard Full Width Prints 11c Per Yard Medium and Dark Colorings in Attractive Patterns Commencing This Morning This will be a bargain surprise as the goods are all perfect, not even slightly irregular in weave, and beautifully printed and unusually fine in texture. Remember the price, per yard - 11c NO SAMPLES GIVEN AT THIS SALE Wash Goods Dept.—Front Store

BOYS' SUITS There is superior style, perfect fit, fine appearance and extra durability in these Spring Suits for boys. Mothers should come and look over the display now while the new models are here in full assortments. TWO PIECE NORFOLK SUITS, plain, yoke and fancy styles. Tweeds and Worsted in greys and browns; pin checks, stripes, club checks and mixtures. Some of the suits with two pairs of bloomer pants. Ages 7 to 18 years. Prices from \$3.15 to \$15.00 FANCY SUITS, an almost endless array of styles in Russian, Oliver Twist and Buster Brown Suits, a great variety of becoming trimming effects. Ages 2 1/2 to 6 years. Prices from \$3.25 to \$9.50 PLAIN SAILOR AND MIDDY SAILOR SUITS, \$3.25 to \$8.25 BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT. Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited