

CLEAN MAJORITY FOR LIBERALS IN FIRST DIVISION

Austen Chamberlain's Fiscal Amendment Voted Down by Majority of 31 in British House.

Nationalists Abstain from Voting Unwilling to Commit Themselves to Tariff Reform Policy.

London, Feb. 24.—The first trial of strength in the new Parliament occurred at a crowded session of the House of Commons, when Austen Chamberlain's fiscal amendment was rejected by a vote of 285 to 254. Speeches were made by Arthur J. Balfour, leader of the Opposition; Chancellor Lloyd George, Walter Runciman, president of the board of education; A. Bonar Law and others, none of which, however, gave any new aspect to the fiscal controversy.

Although victorious only by the narrow margin of 31, the Government may regard the result as very satisfactory, inasmuch as there was no cross-voting and no evidence of any entente on the part of the disaffected groups to overthrow the ministry.

All the Nationalists, the O'Brianes as well as the Redmondites, abstained from voting. The Tories voted with the Government, and three Liberals, Hilarie Belloc, Horatio W. Bottomley and J. C. Wedgwood, abstained.

Great Excitement.

Division was taken amidst a scene of great excitement and the figures as announced were received with tremendous opposition cheering. The Premier having given notice that he would move on Monday that Government business take precedence over all other business until March 24, the House adjourned.

The Government's existence now will depend upon the production of a plan satisfactory to the Nationalists and the Radicals for dealing in a drastic manner with the House of Lords' power of veto.

Freeman's Journal, of Dublin, tomorrow morning will say: "It cannot be stated with too much emphasis that the Irish party has not budged a hair breadth from the policy which John Reddie has laid down. The Irish party will speedily produce a veto scheme and press it to an issue. The Irish party will enter upon a policy of vigorous opposition to the Government, with the result that the ministry either will be defeated in a few days or will be contented to take a contemptible assistance by the aid of Balfour's supporters."

Freeman's Journal further explains that it was not out of consideration for the Government that the Nationalists abstained from voting, but because they did not desire to commit themselves to a tariff reform policy or to take a step which would divert the issue of the next elections from the House of Lords to tariff reform.

OPENING OF NOVA SCOTIA LEGISLATURE

Halifax, Feb. 24.—The local Legislature opened this afternoon, the usual salute heralding the fact to the people. It was a splendidly fine afternoon and the streets in the neighborhood of the provincial buildings were thronged. The R. C. R. band and the band of the First Canadian Artillery were heard.

Mr. George Faulkner was elected Speaker of the House to succeed E. M. Farrell, appointed to the Senate. In the speech from the throne His Honor, Lieut. Governor Fraser referred to the adjustment of the difficulties between coal and steel industries as well as the coal and steel industries as well as the coal and steel industries.

The address in reply was moved by Mr. M. McGregor, of Pictou, and was seconded by J. H. Livingston, of Cumberland. J. M. Baillie, M. L. A., for Pictou is the new leader of the Opposition in place of the late W. B. Williams.

LABEL CASE BEFORE JURY

Evidence is Now All In in Mac-Donald Case at Toronto-- Hon. Geo. E. Foster On the Stand.

PARRIES THRUSTS OF OPPOSING COUNSEL

The Cross-examination Waxes Warm at Times but Mr. Foster Emerges Scathless --Courtesies Are Exchanged

Toronto, Feb. 24.—The cross-examination of Hon. Geo. E. Foster, in his libel action against Rev. J. A. MacDonald was concluded shortly after six o'clock tonight and the case will be given to the jury some time tomorrow evening. The giving of evidence has now been completed and Mr. Johnson will address the jury tomorrow morning. He will be followed by Mr. Helmut and Mr. Justice MacCree will then charge the jury.

The proceedings today were listened to with interest by a crowded court, there always being a waiting list outside ready to occupy vacant seats. Little new matter was brought out during the day, as the questions were based entirely on the transactions that have been detailed from day to day, thrown on them. Counsel for the defense by a skillful handling of words and no new light of importance was shed in his endeavor to throw an interpretation on the language of the documents in the case different from that held by the plaintiff, but Mr. Foster was perfectly cool and collected, and met every effort to draw him into a web of words as he has done in his opponent's. His presentation of his view of the case was admirable, and the jurors took a more pronounced interest in the argument than in any stage of the hearing. The exchange between counsel and witness at times became a trifle warm, but Mr. Foster met with smiling approval his opponent's assurance that of course nothing personal was intended by his questioning, and the conclusion of the day's work was marked by an interchange of truly Chesterfieldian bows.

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DRIVING ON THE ST. CROIX RIVER

Considerable Evidence Adduced Before River Commission Yesterday Concerning Lumbering on Border River.

Calais, Feb. 24.—This morning's session of the St. John River Commission was occupied in taking the evidence of Prof. Harold S. Boardman, of the University of Maine, who spent two months on the river in the summer of 1907 making the survey of the storage of water available for use on the east branch of the Penobscot. Describing his work in detail, he gave the relative height of the dams on Chamberlain Lake and the other lakes and streams in the region, and the surface areas of the lakes, and in the afternoon, testimony relative to the methods used in driving logs on the St. Croix River and the amount of water conserved in that region, was given by Irving H. Todd, manager of the Eastern Lumber Company of Calais. Up to a few years ago, Manager Todd told the commission all the logs on the St. Croix River were loaded by the St. Croix Log Driving Company, a mutual association of mill owners, who controlled nearly all the timberlands used. Recently, a contract for doing this work was made with the St. Croix Paper Company, which sorts the logs at Woodland, sends them down to the baring boom, and thence by raft to Hilltown, where the saw-mills are.

Water, he said, is conserved in Grand, Spedicie and other lakes by means of dams and in ordinary seasons, little trouble is experienced in driving operations. Recently, however, William A. Murchie, of the James Murchie Sons Company of Calais, corroborated the testimony given by Mr. Todd and added that the cost of driving on the St. Croix river is about 50 cents per thousand. After hearing Professor H. L. Boardman, of Orono, in executive session, the commission adjourned.

The commission will next sit in Bangor, about two weeks hence. Engineers will be called to estimate the probable cost of surveys to determine what volume of water may be conserved in the St. Croix River for the lumbermen.

FORESTRY MEETING ASSEMBLED AT ST. JOHN TO DISCUSS PROTECTION OF THE WATERSHED

Greatest Forestry Meeting in Annals of Continent Brought to a Close at Fredericton Yesterday--Three Sessions Mark Final Day of Convention, All of Which Were Well Attended and all Productive of Excellent Results--Interesting and Instructive Papers Read.

Resolution With Respect to Exportation of Pulpwood Passed After General Debate--Delegates Satisfied That Better Forest Protection is Urgently Required--Proceedings of the Morning, Afternoon and Evening Sessions in Detail--Mr. Snowball Interviewed.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, Feb. 24.—The greatest in the history of Forestry on this continent was the verdict of Senator Edwards, Secretary Lyster, and the American delegates, upon the convention which ended here today. Although a certain amount of tension had been given to the proceedings by the apparent determination of Mr. Snowball and others to introduce a resolution and force a vote upon the question of the exportation of pulpwood, the resolution as finally presented was of so non-committal a character that it was adopted with scarcely a dissenting voice, even Mr. Oak reserving that it was so indefinite as to afford little opportunity for discussion. Apart from the discussions on this question during the first day's session, the proceedings were characterized by great unanimity. All the delegates and representatives of the New Brunswick lumber and pulp interests were obviously satisfied that there was great need of better forest protection, and the discussions were to a great extent confined to expressions of opinion upon the best methods of fulfilling this purpose.

Afternoon Session.

At the opening of the afternoon meeting the delegates resumed the discussion of Prof. E. J. Zavitz's paper upon reforestation. Mr. A. Knechtel, Inspector of Dominion Forest Reserves gave some facts and figures in regard to reforestation in certain districts where his interest had been enlisted. The land cost about \$3 per acre. The cost of planting trees was about \$12 an acre, but the cost of the growing forests from fires in certain areas was about 6 cents an acre every year would be necessary. To this should be added the cost of the ravines and improving the land conditions so as to favor the forest growth.

Adding interest till the time the forest attained maturity, the total cost would be about \$8.95 per thousand feet on the stump. As lumber taken from the kind of trees referred to already cost \$10 per 1000 feet on the stump, it might be left to imagination what the forest would be worth 80 years hence.

Mr. Irving Williams, said that efforts at reforestation by seed planting in Pennsylvania had frequently given 85 per cent of the trees planted, and he referred to already cut logs 10 to 12 inches in diameter, which they simply picked up the moss and deposited the seed.

In a number of places they had tried sowing seed in the snow, and the results had been very satisfactory. As the snow melted it carried the seed to the ground, and on one occasion he referred to already cut logs 10 to 12 inches in diameter, which they simply picked up the moss and deposited the seed.

Mr. Knechtel remarked that the Dominion department has had several experiments along that line. On several occasions the seed sprinkled in the snow had fruited; on others there had been no result.

Forestry and Fish.

Forestry and Game Protection, Mr. Carboneil held, were twin sisters working to increase the attractiveness of the country and to preserve the health and vigor of the people of Canada. The great benefit of a day filled with rod and gun to a tired brain worker was generally acknowledged. There had been a steady decrease in the fish and game of Prince Edward Island due to the reckless destruction of trees. Partridges, snipe and woodcock all required the shelter of forests. In old days when fish and game were plentiful the streams were protected at their sources and shaded along their banks by trees. Now that these had been swept away both the fish and the feathered game were lacking while the streams themselves had been dried up or lessened and all this without giving the farmer one foot of additional arable land. If this were continued there would soon be no game birds left except migrating sea fowl. He suggested that in all future grants of land the Government retain a strip of trees along the stream and that the stream be maintained perpetually in trees. This would provide game covers and improve the fishing. Where possible the strips on private lands should be replanted with trees. There should be great care of the insectivorous birds when were nature's foresters, preventing the ravages of insects on tree planting. In a word the health, vigor and because capacity of the people depend directly on the preservation of the forests.

Tar and Turpentine.

Surveyor General Grimmer then read a paper, which had been prepared by Mr. Joseph Feinbrook on the manufacture of tar and turpentine in New Brunswick.

"Turpentine," he said, "is procured chiefly from pine, black spruce and fir. Large quantities were formerly manufactured in New England, but the turpentine trees were all becoming exhausted. The process for obtaining turpentine is as follows: Excavations are made into which the liquid is run and allowed to thicken until it acquires a solid consistency. New Brunswick is full of black spruce and pine, and there is no doubt that an abundant supply will shortly be obtained in this province. Turpentine is used for mixing paints; it also affords relief for corns, burns, sore throats, and rheumatism. Impure turpentine is called tar, of which creosote is one product. This is used to preserve woods and saves thousands of dollars. Tops of pines and spruce could be utilized to secure turpentine. The variety obtained from pine is the best quality. The paper gave an account of the methods of protecting from fire the forests of Russia used for securing turpentine. Lumbermen cut down to the roots, securing 15 per cent, more in the scale of the log. The presence of the fire wardens not later than May. Mr. Grimmer explained that Mr. Feinbrook had recently organized a company to develop the manufacture of turpentine and other products in New Brunswick. Mr. W. H. Berry, Supt. of Scales, followed with the following paper on Lumbering in New Brunswick. W. H. Berry, superintendent of scales in an interesting address, took up the consideration of the different grades of trees in this province. His opinion was that the black spruce of the Miramichi and St. John River Valley could be cut over every 15 years. To this should be added the cost of the shipping to European ports, no trees that would not make a 18 ft. 11 in. log was considered merchantable. The American market has been a very large factor in the exportation of many manufactured lumber from New Brunswick, especially for laths and scantling. The quality of the logs are now being utilized to a greater extent than formerly. But although the province has been the beneficiary of this in the interests of the conservation of our forests the local government should limit the cutting of pulpwood on our Crown lands. Mr. Snowball said that, as a first step, the government should secure more reliable information as to the nature, extent, and rate of growth of our forests. According to his information the exportation of forest products from New Brunswick was 60 per cent greater than the rate of growth; in 40 or 50 years the province would, if we acted as we are going be without forests of merchantable value. The sooner, therefore, we took measures to assure that our trees reached maturity and so yielded their maximum value, the better for all concerned. Mr. Connelly and several other delegates suggested that the words pulpwood be changed to "small growth" and that the resolution call upon the Federal as well as the Provincial Government to take action. Mr. Snowball agreed to the amendments. Mr. Oak said delegates did not have sufficient information to warrant such a resolution. What was small growth? The annual growth of forests in this province was about 315,000,000 feet. We could cut 60,000,000 more feet than we have every year without any depletion. More danger was done by cutting bigger lumber than taking out the trees suitable for pulp. The resolution as amended was then voted upon, and carried. The Surveyor General. Surveyor General Grimmer then took the floor and said New Brunswick in the future had to depend largely upon its forests. But laws and regulations would not protect the forests unless the people could be convinced of the value of the forests to them. The work of the convention here would have great effect in arousing public opinion. A gratifying feature was that the convention in Fredericton was attracting greater attention than former conventions in the great Province of Ontario. The little Kingdom of Prussia gets \$25,000,000 a year. Sweden gets \$3 an acre. New Brunswick has only to apply business principles to the exploitation of the forests to be independent of federal subsidies or anything else. Personally he owed a great debt of gratitude to the convention. Its influence upon the public mind would greatly aid him in the work he was trying to do for the province. In time, the people would doubtless come to realize how much they were indebted to forestry association, its officers and delegates. He thought that probably they had been entertaining an idea all along. Continued on Page 2.

MORE LIGHT SHED ON RICHIBUCTO WHARF SCANDAL

LIBERALS ARE REFRACTORY

Western Members Urge Premier to End Debate on Naval Defence or Withdraw Impassable Bill.

LEAN STRONGLY TO OPPOSITION POLICY

Mr. Borden's Platform They Freely Admit Appeals More Strongly to Their Constitu- ents--Yesterday at Ottawa

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—If the naval bill is not withdrawn and held over until next session, it will not be the fault of a couple of western Liberal members who are tonight circulating for signature a petition to Sir Wilfrid Laurier to do one of two things, either bring this naval debate to a sudden conclusion so that they can get to their homes by Easter, or withdraw the bill. It is impossible of course, under the present conditions to limit this important debate and at the present rate the House cannot raise before June, even although future Wednesday evenings will now be requisitioned for the work of the Commons. Therefore the petition narrows itself down to a request for withdrawal of the bill. Western Liberals in common with western Ontario Liberals are not enamored of the bill and would gladly see it dead. Mr. Borden's platform they admit freely, appeals more to their constituents. The naval debate dragged wearily today; Mr. C. J. Doherty opposed and Mr. Tungeon supported the bill.

TEMPERANCE AND SCOTT ACT

Senators in Lively Tilt Over Bill to Regulate Transportation of Intoxicants--Debate Adjourned for Week.

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 24.—Senator Cloran today resumed the senate debate on the bill of Sir Richard Scott to regulate the transportation of liquor and on Senator Doherty's amendment for a six months' hold. The bill Senator Cloran declared violated provincial rights and invaded individual liberty. He held that the bill was a restriction of trade and commerce. Senator Yeo defended Prince Edward Island and the people of that province from an attack on their sobriety which Senator Cloran had made. While the prohibition act did not absolutely keep liquor out of that province, it was on the whole, effective.

Senator Baird said that restriction laws had greatly reduced the amount of drinking in Prince Edward Island, in the state of Maine and in the province of New Brunswick. The Scott act had worked well in New Brunswick. In one county where in years past the highways had been lined with taverns, today there was not a drop of liquor to be had. Senator Baird predicted that prohibition legislation would spread from the east until it covered the whole of Canada. Senator Robertson of Prince Edward Island testified to the sobriety of the people of that province and to the effectiveness of the provincial temperance act. He stated that the people of Prince Edward Island wanted the enactment of Sir Richard Scott's bill. There was no foundation for Senator McSweeney's statement that more and worse whiskey could be obtained in Prince Edward Island than anywhere else in Canada.

Senator Poirier. Senator Poirier said there was more drinking in his own little town under the Scott act than could possibly be ever had without it. He thought that the present bill might encourage drinking as it forbade the transportation of it for sale in an authorized place but did allow five gallons to be taken to every home in a prohibition district for consumption. This would in his opinion lead to disastrous consequences. He was a temperance man but as such could not favor that bill. Senator G. W. Ross supported the bill. The people of Prince Edward Island wanted this legislation and they should have it. To give the government an opportunity of considering the application of the Prince Edward Island legislature for this legislation he moved the adjournment of the debate for a week. This motion was adopted.

Mr. Loggie Caught.

Once in the course of the afternoon Mr. Loggie was caught. He described O'Leary's wharf as worth \$8,000, in order to show that \$5,500 was a fair price for the Sawbush wharf. How-ever a telegram his firm sent to Mr. Carvell was produced which asked the member for Carleton to purchase if possible O'Leary's wharf for \$2000 and not to go beyond \$2,500. This telegram he explained was sent when he learned that Mr. O'Leary had valued his wharf at the public accounts committee at \$2,000. However Mr. Loggie admitted to Mr. Crockett that he had purchased a lot with a waterfront of 41 feet with a licensed hotel upon it for \$1,000, another lot he had got for \$200, thus showing the value of property in Richibucto. An effort was made by Mr. Carvell to place in the evidence a paper signed by thirty residents of Richibucto declaring the value of property in the town. Mr. Crockett was on the alert and on pointing out this

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Mr. Andrew Loggie on the Grid at Ottawa Makes Many Startling Disclosures.

Probing Process Extended to New Brunswick Dredging Scandals with Interesting Results.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 24.—Mr. Andrew Loggie was the chief witness before the public accounts committee today when the inquiry into the Richibucto Sawbush wharf was resumed. Mr. O. S. Crockett who conducted the examination brought out the fact that Mr. Loggie had met Mr. Thomas Murray in August 1908 and had been advised by Murray that he got for the wharf to sell the wharf to the government for \$5,000. Witness had informed Murray that this was too cheap and which Murray replied that he got it for \$1,000 and that was a good profit. Mr. Loggie declared that the wharf would be a good purchase for a railway terminal but was not aware that the 100 acre field in the immediate vicinity had recently been sold for \$120.

Mr. Loggie knew the wharf property had been lying idle for several years. He had never proposed to buy it from any one although the firm of A. and H. Loggie had recently offered the government \$5,500. This offer had been accepted in part by the government. The firm had bought about 200 feet of the property for \$3500. Mr. Crockett—"Do you know that Mr. Richard O'Leary said he sold the very same wharf to Murray for \$700 and would have sold it to you for the same figure?" Mr. Loggie said he neither knew of or believed this statement. Mr. Crockett pressed witness to admit that this counter proposition which the Loggies had accepted to take all but 200 feet of the wharf would cause the original scheme to build a railway station and facilities at that point to fall through. Witness would not offer any opinion on this point although he thought that the part left to the government, 200 feet was too small for the station scheme. He was also pressed for a statement as to any business deal which he had had with Mr. Pugsley. He swore that he had never endorsed notes or exchanged checks with Mr. Pugsley.

At Loggieville. Secondly at Loggieville. Here the Loggies were the only tenderers and got 35 cents a yard. The earliest authorization to go to work was dated 27th June. In September the Loggies wrote to the minister saying that they had not been paid for work done there in May and June; so that it was apparent that the dredge was working for nearly two months prior to the earliest authorization. Mr. Stead reported that there had been no inspection for the work done in May and June. Notwithstanding which the chief engineer wrote to Mr. Stead to get the accounts certified in the usual way. Thirdly at Dalhousie—Work was started at the public wharf at Dalhousie in July, 1908. On 17th August the dredge was moved to their wharf and worked there till 26th Sept. In front of the Dalhousie Lumber Company's wharf, in all 42 thousand cubic yards were removed at Dalhousie and over one-half of this quantity was taken from in front of the wharf owned by a company in which Mr. Pugsley was a stockholder.

Letter Produced. A letter was produced from Mr. Stead stating that the Dalhousie Lumber Company had written to him reporting the progress of the work and stating how much more would be needed to enable it to erect its conveyors. When the Loggie dredge was moved away the company asked that the prohibition act be suspended so that the Loggie dredge could be put on the job. The Loggie dredge continued at the wharf late season. The inspector at Dalhousie was a man named Louis Alain, keeper of a boarding house and holder of a liquor license. Mr. Loggie admitted that one of his employees, L. E. Durham, had pressed a claim against Alain for making out dredging returns for him. This was settled for \$30. Mr. Loggie understood.

Mr. Loggie Caught. Once in the course of the afternoon Mr. Loggie was caught. He described O'Leary's wharf as worth \$8,000, in order to show that \$5,500 was a fair price for the Sawbush wharf. However a telegram his firm sent to Mr. Carvell was produced which asked the member for Carleton to purchase if possible O'Leary's wharf for \$2000 and not to go beyond \$2,500. This telegram he explained was sent when he learned that Mr. O'Leary had valued his wharf at the public accounts committee at \$2,000. However Mr. Loggie admitted to Mr. Crockett that he had purchased a lot with a waterfront of 41 feet with a licensed hotel upon it for \$1,000, another lot he had got for \$200, thus showing the value of property in Richibucto. An effort was made by Mr. Carvell to place in the evidence a paper signed by thirty residents of Richibucto declaring the value of property in the town. Mr. Crockett was on the alert and on pointing out this

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JUDGE SCENES
JUNK DEALERS

H. J. Garson Appears to Defend himself in County Court

The County Court resumed at 11 o'clock yesterday morning, Hon. J. G. Forbes presiding. His Honor was hearing an argument, Mr. H. J. Garson, coal, wood and junk merchant, entered the court room and addressed His Honor on what the latter had said on Wednesday in admonishing Selig during the trial of the west side copper thieves.

His Honor—Well, Mr. Garson, I believe you've made the last night. What can I do for you?
Mr. Garson—Well, Your Honor, my name is very much advertised in the papers. How came it, yes?

Warning to Junk Dealers.
His Honor—A compatriot of yours, Selig, informed me that you purchased some of that stolen copper, the property of Mr. Elkin. I wish to convey to the Jewish junk dealers of this community that the sooner they wake up and find out where they are the better. You people go to every back door in the city and young children steal anything for the purpose of getting money to go to the Nickels. If such a state of affairs were to continue to exist, Mr. Garson, the youth of our city would soon develop into criminals. You people can aid us in suppressing this kind of business. I do not say you are directly responsible but you are certainly indirectly responsible in manufacturing young criminals.

MORE LIGHT SHED ON WHARF SCANDAL

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was not sworn evidence, the chairman disallowed it.
Evening Session.
At the evening session of the committee some interesting information as to dredging contracts was corkscrewed out of Mr. Loggie. There were three cases.
First at Bathurst on 14 October, 1908, Mr. Pugsley wired to the chief engineer to get Mr. Loggie's dredge to work at Bathurst at a price to be certified fair and reasonable by Mr. Geoffrey Stead, resident engineer. It turned out that Mr. Loggie's dredge had been working as early as 8 October, six days before the earliest authorization. The dredge was paid 41 cents a cubic yard, though a very short time before Mr. Stead had reported that 35 cents would be a fair price. Moreover the material was all cast over. The auditor general held up the payment because of this latter irregularity and Mr. Stead thereupon wrote to the chief engineer explaining that great expense and difficulty had been incurred in moving the dredge from Dalhousie and Carleton to Bathurst. The documents showed that the dredge had been at Bathurst before the authorization had been received, in fact it had been taken to Bathurst to winter.

MR. A. C. MOORE OF ST. STEPHEN SUCCEEDS TO PRESIDENCY OF FRUIT GROWERS ASSOCIATION

Mr. A. C. Moore of St. Stephen Succeeds to Presidency of Fruit Growers Association

Fredericton, N. B., February 24.—The afternoon session of the Fruit Growers Association opened with the election of officers for the coming year. They are as follows:— President—A. C. Moore of St. Stephen. Vice-pres.—W. A. Gilmour, Hampton. Treasurer—H. Ackland, Oromocto. Secretary—A. F. Turney, Fredericton.

Mr. Saxby Blair was then called upon to address the meeting on the subject of "the care of the orchard" which he did in a very comprehensive and lucid manner.
Mr. W. B. Pasco of Sackville was down on the programme for a paper on the "Cultivation of Strawberries," but in his absence Mr. H. H. Smith of Hillsville handled the subject in the course of which he said that it would probably be admitted that the strawberry was the most popular crop in New Brunswick. Some farmers were producing them by the ton at very remunerative prices. From \$400 to \$500 was easily made by raising this crop. He had been engaged in the business for some years and found it a money maker.

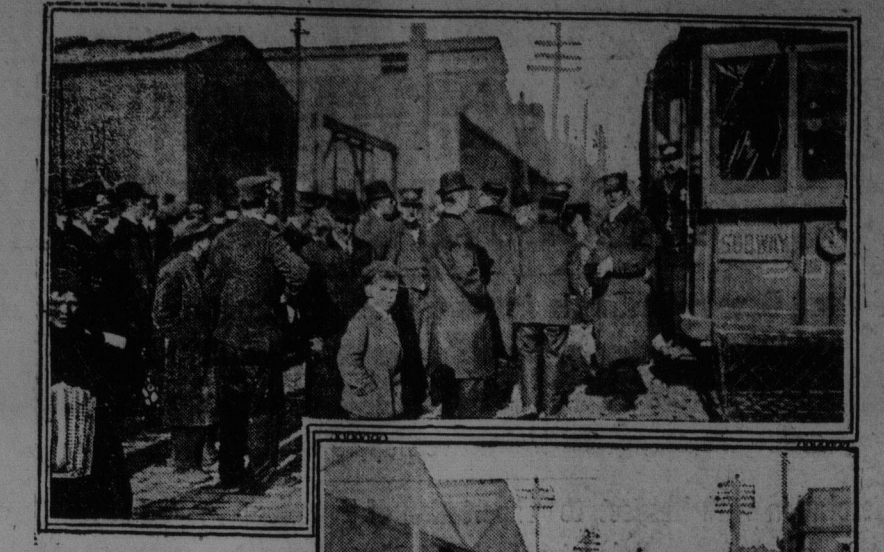
Mr. Smith here detailed in an interesting manner his methods of cultivating and care of the crop. He strongly advised all his brother farmers to set aside a patch of ground for strawberries, which he assured them if properly looked after and tended would be found to return a handsome profit for the trouble and small outlay involved.
The Provincial Horticulturist, Mr. A. G. Turney, the newly appointed provincial horticulturist, to address them and in complying, Mr. Turney said that owing to the short time he had been in the province he would not be able to do more than outline the endeavor he proposed to follow in the endeavor to make it a great fruit growing centre.

At the present time some \$25,000 was sent out of the province to Ontario for apples. This in the face of the natural advantages which the province possessed for fruit growing, was a condition of affairs that is humiliating. But he saw hopes that by reason of the enthusiasm which seemed to be evidenced by these present, a change in the present condition would soon take place.
It has now become well demonstrated that varieties of apples could profitably be grown in the province, and there was no reason why the cultivation of the varieties which had been considerably increased. Fruit in New Brunswick had no reason to envy the fruit growing capacity of any other province. In this province they had the soil and the climate and all that was wanted was the man. As soon as the man could be found the result would follow that New Brunswick would be able to produce a quantity of the fruit growing localities of the Dominion, that her good qualities entitled her to.

During the afternoon discussion took place on the point suggested by the president's address as to the time and place of the next annual meeting of the Fruit Growers Association. It was ultimately decided that the next meeting at St. John in November next, the reason given for the change in time and locality being that the month of February when the meeting was usually held, was too late in the season to secure a fair exhibit of these early varieties of apples which could be better obtained in November.
Fredericton, N. B., Feb. 24.—The annual meeting of the Fruit Growers Association of New Brunswick fruit growers, would become more available to the other parts of the province.
Just prior to adjournment, Dr. Landry entered the hall and in response to calls expressed his pleasure at the large number of gentlemen present, a fact which looked well for the increased interest that was being taken in fruit growing. For his own part, as head of the Department of Agriculture, he was pleased to do all in his power to assist them in their work and he trusted that now that a specialist had been engaged to assist the fruit growers, the province would be able to supply its own people with all the fruit they needed without having to import from Ontario. What the province could do, as had been shown both in Great Britain and at the Winter Fair at Amherst and he trusted that the farmers would take up the matter of fruit cultivation with a will.

The following is a list of the awards for the apples exhibited as judged by Mr. Saxby Blair of Macdonald College, Quebec:—
Fameuse—1, J. C. Gilman; 2, R. Shaw; 3, S. B. Hatheway.
McIntosh Red—1, J. C. Gilman; 2, I. W. Stevenson; 3, S. B. Hatheway.
Ben Davis—1, R. Shaw; 2, S. W. Stevenson; 3, S. B. Hatheway.
Scotts Water—1, I. W. Stevenson; 2, J. C. Gilman; 3, S. B. Hatheway.
Northern Spy—1, J. C. Gilman; 2, S. L. Peters; 3, W. Cecil Peters.
Gano—1, S. B. Hatheway; 2, I. W. Stevenson; 3, J. C. Gilman.
Tolman Sweet—1, J. C. Gilman; 2, R. W. Stevenson; 3, Henry Wilmot.
Golden Russet—1, J. C. Gilman; 2, R. Shaw; 3, S. L. Peters.
Bishop's Pippin—1, J. C. Gilman; 2, R. Shaw; 3, J. R. Esty.
Grimes Golden—1, J. C. Gilman; 2, P. W. Stevenson.
Baxter—1, J. C. Gilman; 2, I. W. Stevenson.
Milding—1, J. C. Gilman.
King—1, S. L. Peters.
Northwestern Greening—1, Henry Wilmot.
Canada Baldwin—1, J. C. Gilman.
Wealthy—1, Henry Wilmot.
Wolverine—1, I. W. Stevenson.
Alexander—1, J. C. Gilman.
Princess Louise—1, I. W. Stevenson.
Best Seedling—1, Henry Wilmot.
Collection of 10 varieties—1, J. C. Gilman.
Best packed box—1, J. C. Gilman; 2, W. H. Moore.

POLICE SUCCESSFUL IN QUIETING TRAM RIOTERS



SCENE INSIDE THE POLICE GUARD LINES AT ONE OF THE PRINCIPAL BARRS, SHOWING BATTERED CAR, COMPANY'S PRIVATE GUARDS AND NONSTRIKERS WAITING TO GO OUT WHEN MOB IS DISPERSED.

Fewer Arrests Made Yesterday in Philadelphia Than Any Day During Present Difficulty.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 24.—Surface cars were operated on the principal streets of the city tonight until midnight for the first time since the beginning of the present strike against the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company. Since the strike began last Saturday, all cars were withdrawn from service at dusk, but tonight, guarded by members of the state police, the cars continued to run even through the turbulent mid districts of Kensington and Frankford.

FORESTRY CONVENTION PASSES INTO HISTORY

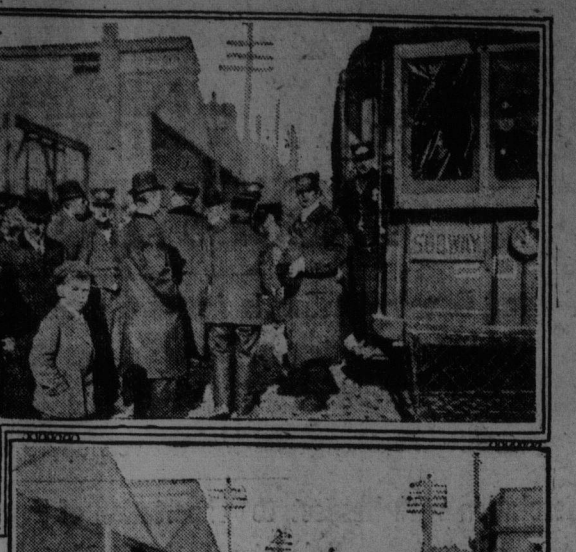
Continued from page 1.
Chairman Edwards, in reply, said that the debt of gratitude was all the other way. The foresters now knew that Canadians were desirous of a fairly long and active life time he had attended many a meeting; but he had never before attended one as successful. He had come at great inconvenience, but he felt well repaid. It was with great pleasure that he had extended his acquaintance among the people of New Brunswick.

In referring to the presence of the delegates from the United States, the chairman remarked that he was convinced that they would return home feeling that Canadians were desirous of maintaining the most friendly relations with their neighbors. The progress of the great Republic meant prosperity for Canada. What 40 per cent of the United States had done existed would merely sharpen their activities and increase their mutual respect.
A matter of importance was that the Americans were exhausting their natural resources. Their iron, he understood, would be used up in this century, and their coal in the next century. The lecture was illustrated by pictures in color thrown upon a screen, and greatly accentuated the interest of the cause for forestry.

Mr. Snowball interviewed.
Interviewed after the close of the convention Mr. Snowball said the purpose in raising the pulpwood question was not to put the Foresters' Association on record, but merely to show that there was already a strong sentiment in favor of the prohibition of the export of pulpwood.
For his part he was willing to agree that prohibiting the export of pulpwood at the present time would be somewhat premature, and might do as much harm as good. Canadians, unfortunately, did not have sufficient capital at their disposal just now to undertake the establishment of pulp mills in New Brunswick on a scale big enough to satisfactorily handle the production of pulpwood. Moreover, the fact that the present States was going to take action on tariff matters on the 13th of March, had to be considered, and it was inadvisable to take any action that might lead to the development of hostile feeling.

Feeling Strong.
Mr. Snowball declared that the discussion had demonstrated to his satisfaction that the feeling in favor of the prohibition was very strong. It showed the International Paper and Pulp Company that they must start erecting mills in New Brunswick or risk having their supply of raw material cut off. In his opinion that company would be operating big mills, and carrying on the bulk of its business in New Brunswick within two or three years. Mr. Oak thought the Americans would not begin to establish

WARM GREETING TO A STRIKE RECRUIT.



Only one-third as many arrests were made by the police today as were made yesterday, when 78 persons were taken into custody. Among those arrested was the son of a constable in the office of the committing magistrate. He is a young man, 20 years old, and confessed that he was a member of a band of youths who manufacture quantities of explosive caps and then drew lots to see who should place them on the tracks. He drew the fateful straw.

Let us consider some of the various purposes that forests subserv. In the first place, we need them to supply us with wood, and wood we must have to cook our food, to build and furnish our houses, our railroads, our steamships; to erect our telegraph and telephone lines; to mine our metals and our coal—which takes no small amount of wood; to supply us with paper, charcoal, tanbark, dynamite boxes, tools, palls, matches and many innumerable articles.

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On going from a forest country to a prairie one realizes the importance, convenience and cheapness of wood to a home. To be sure coal and gas may be used for fuel; and brick, stone cement and iron for building; but wood is still largely used for such purposes in places where it is most abundant, and is very high in price. Even in Venice, Italy, I saw in the canals several barges laden with firewood, and I was astonished at the quantity of wood used for other purposes. In Italy the use of wood is reported to be the minimum, and yet the country finds it necessary to import twenty-five million cubic feet annually. Regulate Streams and Save the Soil.

Then, we need forests to give an even flow of water in the streams, to prevent the washing away of soil, and to act as a break to the wind. In many parts of Ontario, especially in Norfolk, Durham, Simcoe and Prince Edward counties, the soil is a light sand. The fine pine forests that once covered these counties has been removed. Scarcely a vestige of it remains; and now the wind unbroken by the trees, sweeps over the plains, lifts the planted grain from the fields, or buries the growing crops in agriculture is next to impossible. These counties should be reforested. In many parts of the Northwest Territories, too, the soil is either a light sand or a loose clay that is carried by the wind as if it were light snow. To prevent this drifting of the soil which is a serious hindrance to agriculture the farmers of the west are now planting shelter belts in many places. The Dominion Government has already sent out from Indian Head eleven million trees free of charge for this purpose.

Forests are needed also for rest, health and recreation and to furnish food and shelter for the game and the fish. The aesthetic value of the forests has for the country one learns to appreciate in travelling over it. The trees, with their variety of form and richness of coloring, clothing the hills and bordering the lakes and streams lend a peculiar grace and loveliness to the landscape.
We have now given some of the reasons why forests should be preserved. They furnish food, feed springs, prevent floods, hinder erosion, shelter from storms, protect the game and fish and give the country aesthetic features. How then, can the forests best be preserved?
To protect the forest from fire is the first law. In our forests, where old rotten logs lie everywhere on the ground, and where the lumbermen leave the tops of trees, and gather the brush into heaps, as if setting the woods ready for burning, the question is difficult. In Europe, where the brush is all utilized and where even the stumps are taken out of the ground for fuel, the problem is comparatively simple.

INVESTIGATION IS ADJOURNED

Lumsden Inquiry Off for Week at Least—Stormy Meeting of Committee at Ottawa Yesterday.

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 24.—There was a stormy meeting of the committee investigating the Lumsden charges this afternoon, but finally the opposition minority again secured a victory over the majority and the inquiry was adjourned to state the minority's views on the matter of counsel.
It was decided after considerable argument, more or less of a heated character, that Mr. Macdonald for the majority would confer together, and that Mr. Barker would submit the names of half a dozen leading lawyers who would be acceptable to the minority, and if the choice could be fixed unanimously on one then the committee would accept.
Further hearings of evidence was postponed for a week as counsel so appointed would have to become familiar with the case, and the engineers, mentioned by Mr. Lumsden as being some of those in whom he had lost confidence, had to be called to the witness stand and heard if they so desired.

At the opening of the proceedings the chairman Mr. Geoffron asked Mr. Lennox to state the minority's views on the matter of counsel.
Evident Partisanship.
Mr. Lennox stated that while they were there for the purpose of acting as judges the fact could not be concealed that the question of partisanship entered into the proceedings. It was to the interest of the government and the commission that the majority should find in favor of clean hands on their part, and to find that Mr. Lumsden's charges were false.

Mr. MacDonald—You have no right to assume that. The government is not on trial.
Mr. Lennox—You are not in the government.
Mr. Lennox was proceeding to outline his views when Mr. Wilson of Laval broke in with the remark that the committee had need for one object, and that was to decide the question of counsel. "Let us drop long speeches and get down to business," he added.

Mr. Geoffron—Mr. Lennox is a member of this committee and has a right to present his views.
Mr. Lennox continued that it was impossible for the members to forget their political affiliations and he entirely dissented from the proposition that the counsel to represent the people should be selected by the government majority. It must be understood that in this case the majority did not represent the people, and the minority should in all fairness be permitted to select the required counsel. The people must be permitted to have an opportunity of placing confidence in the committee.
Mr. E. M. Macdonald strongly objected to Mr. Lennox's remarks concerning partisanship which were evidently made for the benefit, he said, of the Tory press. Was Mr. Lennox's conception of his duties as a member of the committee so low, asked Mr. Macdonald, as to charge the majority with being partisans?
Mr. Lennox—There is no lawness on my part.

Mr. Lennox—What do you mean? You are insulting the committee.
Mr. Macdonald—I refuse to let the statement go abroad that this government is on trial.
Mr. Lennox—I say it is.
Mr. Clarke—There is absolutely no partisanship as far as the majority is concerned. The only partisanship has been displayed by Mr. Lennox, and that is really no minority or majority on this committee.

ENGLAND NEUTRAL IN TIBETAN CRISIS

London, Feb. 24.—No information had reached the British Government today as to how the Tibetan crisis was precipitated but strict orders have been sent to the British agents at Gyantse and to the agents at the other British posts in Tibet to observe strict neutrality.
It is understood that similar instructions have been forwarded to British officials in India.
The advance guard of the Chinese mounted infantry entered Lhasa on Feb. 17 and the Dalai Lama fled that night. He expected to reach Darjeeling next Sunday. According to advices received by the Foreign Office the Buddhist monks were accompanied by three ministers and a hundred other men.

French cruiser Victor Hugo, with marines will leave at once for Gandeloupe to restore order among the sugar cane strikers, where three foreigners were killed and two soldiers wounded.

ASEPTO SOAP advertisement. The text promotes 'ASEPTO SOAP' as a 'SWEET' and 'YOU'RE YOUR OWN' product. It features a logo with a crown and the word 'ASEPTO' inside a shield-like shape. The text below the logo says 'SWEET' and 'YOU'RE YOUR OWN'. The advertisement is for 'ASEPTO SOAP' and mentions 'SWEET' and 'YOU'RE YOUR OWN'.

Food Shortage? No, But Food Corner And Lordly Profits



GOOD EVENING! HAVE YOU BARKED TODAY?

Angus Gordon, Clinching His Exposure of Food Trust Ringsters in Chicago, Tells of the Vast Quantities of Foodstuffs He Found in Four Cold Storage Plants--Vast Caverns Filled With Products of the Farm and Barnyard--Artificial Shortage to Force Famine Prices.

By Angus Gordon.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—One hundred and twenty-five million eggs, 8,250,000 pounds of butter, 4,250,000 pounds of poultry, 85,000 barrels of apples—reader, if you should see this vast store of farm products piled up in four cold storage plants, would you believe the food trust's story that a country-wide shortage of those products was the cause of the soaring prices for food?

"You would not!"

And if I wanted to, I could not believe it as I looked upon this wealth of good things. And when I remember the millions and millions of pounds of meats and other foods that bulge the walls of scores and scores of other warehouses in this city of Chicago, I will not believe the Mother Goose shortage yarn, though the criminal ringsters repeat it a thousand times a thousand times. Not for a minute!

But well you talk about those four plants—eggs, butter, poultry, apples. I'll tell you what I saw at the cold storage warehouses of Swift and Co., Armour and Co., the Booth Fisheries Co., where there is today enough food to give five dozen eggs, four pounds of butter, two pounds of chicken or turkey and a quart of apples to every one of the two million people in Chicago.

One Baylis, a foreman, guided me through the Illinois cold storage plant owned by Swift and Co. One huge room 24 feet long and 47 feet wide was piled to the ceiling with 3000 60-

pound butter tubs—480,000 pounds of butter. All of the Swift butter rooms held 2,500,000 pounds. Their egg and poultry rooms I found to have the same dimensions. Some 18,000,000 eggs were in the building, and 1,500,000 pounds of poultry.

Armour's egg rooms were the same vast caverns packed tight with cases—90,000,000 eggs in this and other Armour Chicago warehouses. Supt. Tom Vaughan told me, and 1,500,000 pounds of butter in the Booth Fisheries plant and in one of these rooms I gazed in awe at 8000 tubs of butter of 60 pounds each—480,000 pounds of butter and most of it had been right in that room for two years. Waiting for prices to go away down, do you think? or away up to famine heights?

In this same Armour warehouse I saw the wonderful sight of 1,250,000 pounds of poultry, all ready for the market when the price gets high enough—not lower.

Chief Engineer Whelan took me through the Booth Fisheries plant and showed me rooms containing a total of 18,000,000 eggs, 2,500,000 pounds of butter, 1,500,000 pounds of chickens and turkeys.

Food gamblers were holding 1,750,000 pounds of butter in the Gibson Fruit Co.'s warehouse when I visited there. In three rooms the company had 85,000 bushels of Oregon apples, and the odor of them struck me by nostrils like perfume after the often noisome eggs and meat rooms.

I inquired after costs. Mechanical Engineer Kane of the Illinois Cold Storage Co. said 1-3 of a cent per dozen eggs will pay not only for the cost of operating the plant, but for the cost of handling, interest on fixed investment and all. Butter may be held for years at a net cost not exceeding 1-5 of a cent per pound a year. The cost of refrigerating meats is slight.

And so when the trust in the spring buys eggs at 10 to 16 cents per dozen and sells them in the winter for 25 or 30 cents, the difference is practically all profit. And the same with butter, bought at 25 and often less and sold for 35 cents per pound. So, too, with fowls, and to a great extent with the other fresh foods.

Do not forget that I am telling you about only four of Chicago's many cold storage warehouses, and only four of the 300 cold storage plants in the cities all over this plentiful land—300 storerooms filled with the nation's plenty at a time when prices are the very highest. And please remember that those same high prices are fixed by the Chicago food trust and become the basis of value from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Food shortage? No sir! Food corner? Yes—an artificial shortage deliberately caused to force high prices, to make big profits, to take from the public the money the trust must have to pay dividends on its capitalization.

OZONE LINE OVER THE SEA

This Aviator Sorry, But the Fine Boats Are Doomed—Nothing But Freight When Airships Arrive.

New York, Feb. 24.—Karl Leps, who was once in the business of arranging marine shows and who got here yesterday by the Hamburg-American liner Kaiserin Augusta Victoria after a tumultuous and unusually protracted trip, said he regretted much that he had to announce the impending wreck of the earth three days and a quarter himself but also of every other liner doing a passenger business. The former expresser of the sea within a few years only, would be pliant cargo carriers, stripped of all their fine decorations. How beautiful the passage of the Kaiserin would have been if she could have sailed, as the Leps leviathans will, far above the riot of sea in the stormless current!

Mr. Leps speaks English with several strata of accent, although he says that he has been in America fourteen times. An interpreter helped him explain how he was going to revolutionize seagoing or knock it into a cocked hat. The Leps airship, it was true, was not known very well in Germany because its evolutions had been performed in secret and so high in the air that the general public could not see them. Mr. Leps had made, he said, 216 ascensions, and one stayed on the earth three days and a quarter with eight men aboard, plying space between Munich, Cologne and Frankfurt. There was no publication of his remarkable performance, but how could there be when the ship was out of sight.

Fifty Feet Long.

This experimental ship, a combination gas bag and aeroplane device, with propellers, is or was only fifty feet long. The first vessel of the Ozone Line would take the air next spring.

Mr. Leps likens his champion woman mountaineer as well. I have been much more concerned in my work to measure it with that of men rather than that of other women.

CHILDREN TREND MAZES

They Spun Tops Too, But That Was By the Way—Settlement Children Draw Pennies for Summer Home.

New York, Feb. 24.—De kids were spinning tops in Eldridge street yesterday afternoon. An illegal game was being ingeniously played over the very ramps of the police station, but the horror of it was somewhat mitigated by the fact that only "punting" was allowed. If you had been there you would have seen a group of the University Settlement house at 184 Eldridge street who would have been intangible and that warm weather was almost here. But the folk dancing that was being done in the gymnasium by the children of the settlement was well worth climbing for.

The dancing was part of the bazaar that is going on in the settlement house for the benefit of the mothers' and children's summer home that the settlement supports. The Faithful Workers and the Wisdom Seekers and all the Busy Bees and Little Women squatted on the floor and watched the members of their sister organizations perform. These clubs formed by the settlement children themselves, are for the most part literary affairs. But Olio Caliope and Melopomne were forced to bow to Terpsichore yesterday, and the light fantastic toe of Lillian Kaplowitz, one of Essex street's prominent possessors, condensed to trip through the mazes of a Swedish dance for the sake of the summer home. Lillian, you know, is the author of that glowing lyric dedicated to justice and the Essex Market court.

How proud you stand, O stately manse, Within your portals I would tarry Where every poor man has a chance And Justice never does miscarry.

Lillian has Positivist hair and an uncompromisingly titled nose that makes one expect Breen rather than Kaplowitz in answer to an ignorant query as to her name. She was the leader of a plump, pigtail line of diminutive dancers who illustrated by appropriate figures the manner in which

WEDDINGS.

McKnight—Ellison.

Rev. S. W. Anthony officiated yesterday morning at the wedding of Miss Lillian McKnight, of Apohqui, to Miss Carrie Ellison. The ceremony was performed at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. William Ellison, 66 City Road, at 8:30 o'clock. Mr. and Mrs. McKnight left on the Calvin Austin on a honeymoon trip to Boston.

POETRY'S CHOICE

Mr. Rice Extends the Poetry of His Benevolence—Poetry as Risky as Explosives Says One.

New York, Feb. 24.—Mrs. Isaac L. Rice, whose Society for the Suppression of Unnecessary Noise silenced the sirens of the Hudson River gave a party at her apartments in the Ansonia last night, and long before the sandwiches were gone a poet's union had been formed.

George Sylvester Viereck wanted a stock company, even if the shares didn't care what it was called so long as the consensus of inspiration was against him, and Viereck was no insistent on his message. Edwin Markham wanted to call it the Society for the Lovers of Poetry, with Dante and Boccaccio as charter members. A man Schaeffer of San Francisco didn't care what it was called so long as all was natural and unforced.

The advantage of a union or poets over a simple stock company were so obvious that Gertrude Atherton, who dislikes unions, was almost in despair. Like an artist, she was to be accompanied her, would make it sound as if poets had to labor. A union, repeated Mr. Phelan, could not be formed the next day, not to speak of more cents to the square stanza.

A Stock Company.

George Sylvester Viereck wanted the stock company because watering aside the dividends were sure to be enormous.

"At first we could sell our stock for a song," said Mr. Viereck. "Mark Twain is a corporation and why should not poets be incorporated. Like an artist Shakespeare was only a trust or a title compared with Bacon as a dummy director.

"Poets must be seen as well as heard. We have no place in this country where poets can be viewed as they can in Westminster Abbey. Present conditions are dreadful. You wish to see a poet. You have to go to London or the States or Harley or Staten Island and then you only see one or two.

"We might have a parade in necessity. I think a celebration would inspire interest in poetry, stimulate prices and ultimately pay for itself."

Hermann Schaeffer told how they recited poetry in the park over in England. It was highly effective. Poetry, Mr. Schaeffer added, must be heard fully to be appreciated. A musical accompaniment to the recitation of a poem was something particularly subtle. One was affected one way and another quite differently, but one could never be wholly insensible to the poem's heightened charm.

"But what I should most like to see in this organization," said Mr. Schaeffer, "is naturalness. In California the Bohemian Club lounges under the trees and reads its poetry there. Isn't there some place here, Central Park or the Battery where you could loaf and invite your souls? For New York I had a chilling environment to the poet."

It was probably a coincidence that some one shut the window.

Edwin Markham, who will furnish the authentic looks for the poet's union, waited until they beseeched him to prophesy. Mr. Markham said he didn't care so long as they made the organization broad enough to include the lovers of poetry.

"There are only three ways of reaching conclusions on life," said Mr. Markham. "One is called philosophy; the others are poetry and religion. Religion," he explained, "was only poetry put in practice."

Hudson Maxim said that poetry was as risky a business as explosives. Several of the others expressed themselves pleased that poetry was now to be tested and guaranteed, but forth under innocuous auspices and the output regulated. After refreshments had been served the happy guests regaled each other with poems of their own composition. Arthur Guiterman, Leonard D. Abbot and Alexander Harvey, Louis Vireck, D. H. Burnham and Eliza Barker all took part in the discussion.

AUCTION SALES

POTTS

I am instructed to sell by Mr. C. W. Greenleaf, under chattel mortgage, at store No. 295 City Road, on Monday Morning, Feb. 28th, commencing at 10 o'clock:

The Entire Stock of Groceries, also Store Fixtures, Acetylene Plant, Oil Tank, Computing Scales, Refrigerator, Horse, Harness, Wagons, Sled, Etc.

F. L. POTTS, Auctioneer, Phone 973, P.O.B. 238

TLC

I will sell at Auction at store of MESSRS. DAVIS BROS., Jewellers, 83 Charlotte St., commencing on Thursday Evening at 7:30 o'clock. Their whole stock of Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Jewellery, Etc. This sale is positive as Messrs. Davis have to vacate the store immediately.

T. L. COUGHLAN, Auctioneer.

T.L. Coughlan AUCTIONEER

HAMPTON RESIDENCE

FOR PRIVATE SALE

That desirable residence belonging to the estate of H. C. Frost on Main street, Hampton's Kings Co., N. B., containing eleven rooms, nice garden, etc., at bargain. Apply to

F. L. POTTS, 'Phone 973, P. O. Box 238, 96 Germain St., Masonic Block.

TENDERS FOR ACETYLENE MACHINES, ETC.

Tenders will be received up to March 5th, 1910, at the office of the undersigned, for the stock in trade and tools belonging to the Victoria Acetylene Company of Canada, Limited, a list of which may be seen at the office of the undersigned. Tools and machines may be inspected at the company's works, Hampton, by applying to J. W. Smith, Hampton, N. B. Tenders will be received for the whole or any part thereof. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

L. P. D. TILLEY, Solicitor, Canada Life Building.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Necessity is the Mother of Invention, and Classified Advertising was invented by The Man who was Forced to be brief.

1c. per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of 4.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—At Springfield Corner in the County of Kings, the pleasantly situated business stand of J. A. S. King, consisting of large lot with house, wood-house attached, store, warehouse attached. New barn, large hen house, also 6 acres of cultivated land near-by.

For Sale—New Domestic, New Home and other machines. Buy in my store and save \$10 commission to agents. Genuine needles and all kinds sewing machines and photographs repaired. WM. CRAWFORD, 105 Princess Street, opposite White Star, 241-d-10ch-1

TO LET

To Let—Upper flat at dwelling No. 130 on the south side of Elliott Row, known as the "Sharkey Property" comprising drawing room, 7 bedrooms, bath, and kitchen. Rent \$12.00 per week. Apply to A. C. Fairweather & Sons, 124-Mch-1

WANTED

Wanted—An experienced up-to-date miller for position with general office work or collecting. Apply O.B. Co Standard, if possible.

Wanted—Four energetic young men for good appearance to put a good bill before the public in this city. Salary and exclusive territory. Address A. B. Nelson Street.

PUMPS

Packed Piston, Compound Duplex, Centre, outside packed plunger. Pot Valves. Automatic feed pumps and receivers. Six and double acting power. Triple stuff pumps for pulp mills. Independent jet condensing apparatus. centrifugal pumps. S. STEPHENSON & COMPANY, Nelson Street, St. John, N. B.

SHOW CARDS

All the new things in show cards and window signs. ADVERTISING SIGNS. Phone 1889-31, 23 King Street.

BEAUTY PARLORS

Hairdressing, facial massage, manicuring, scalp treatment, wigs, toupees. Mail orders attended to.

MADAME WHITE, King Square, 16w-3mo-112.

Rich'd Sullivan & Co.

Wines and Liquors Wholesale only

AGENTS FOR

WHITE HORSE CELLAR SCOTCH WHISKY, LAWSON'S LIQUEUR, GEO. SAYER & CO.'S FAMOUS COGNAC BRANDIES, FABST MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER.

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ROBT. MAXWELL,

Mason and Builder, Valuator and Appraiser.

Brick, Lime, Stone, Tile, and Plaster Worker.

General Jobbing Promptly and Neatly done.

Office 16 Sydney Street. Tel. 222.

COAL

My Coal is good Coal, gives best satisfaction. TRY IT

JAMES S. MCGIVERN, Agent, 6 Mill street. Tel 42.

FLORISTS

ADAM SHAND, FLORIST. Cut Flowers and Floral Emblems a Specialty. 34 King Street.

PICTURE FRAMING

Moyle Bros., 100 King Street, Picture Framing and Furniture Repairing. Phone 1653-11. 12w-6mo-M 25

WATCHMAKER

A choice selection of Rings, Brooches, Scarf Pins, Earstings, Links, Studs, etc. ERNOUT LAW, 5 Coburg St.

Professional.

HAZEN & RAYMOND, BARRISTERS-AT-LAW. 108 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B.

John B. M. Baxter, K. C.

BARRISTER, ETC. 11 Princess Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Crocket & Guthrie,

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, &c. Office, Kitchen Bldg., opp. Post Office, FREDERICTON, N. B.

H. F. McLEOD,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC. Office in the Royal Bank Building, Opposite Post Office. Queen St. FREDERICTON, N. B.

FIRE! FIRE!

Destroys Your Buildings, but A. E. HAMILTON, Contractor and Woodworker, repairs all damage. 76 to 88 Erin street. Mill and Office, St. John, N. B.

Butt & McCaithy,

MERCHANT TAILORS 68 Germain Street, Next Canadian Bank of Commerce, ST. JOHN, N. B.

A. R. CAMPBELL & SON,

HIGH-CLASS TAILORING 26 Germain Street.

HOTELS

The ROYAL Saint John, N. B.

RAYMOND & DOHERTY, PROPRIETORS

Victoria Hotel 1 and 27 King Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Electric passenger elevator and all modern improvements. D. W. McCormick, Proprietor.

Felix Herbert Hotel EDMUNSTON. Sample Rooms, Livery Stable, Good Comfortable Rooms and Good Table. Free Hack to all trains. Moderate Prices. Proprietor, J. M. SIBOIS.

FREDERICTON'S LEADING HOTEL IS THE BARKERHOUSE QUEEN STREET.

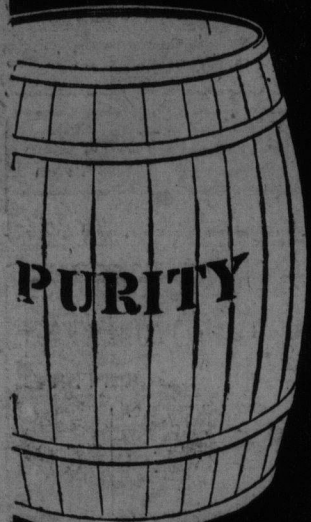
Centrally located, large new sample rooms, private baths, electric lights and bells, hot water heating throughout. T. V. MONAHAN, Proprietor.

WAVERLY HOTEL FREDERICTON, N. B. The best \$1.00 a day Hotel in New Brunswick. Some of our best rooms \$1.50 per day. Electric lights and steam heat throughout. JOHNSTON and DEWAR, Prop. Regent St., Fredericton, N. B.

PURITY

Take Your Choice

of the "PURITY" Family



196 POUNDS

98 POUNDS

49 POUNDS

24 POUNDS

14 POUNDS

7 POUNDS

Western Canada Flour Mills Company, Limited

Poultry Show Judging Completed Yesterday

Judging was concluded at the poultry show yesterday afternoon and all the prize birds are now on exhibition. The silver cup presented by the association as a special prize for the best pen of birds, any variety, was captured by Mr. W. McMonagle of the Glenview Poultry yards, Sussex, with two fine pair of Barred Plymouth Rocks. Mr. McMonagle also figured prominently in the awards in the remaining classes yesterday.

In the Rhode Island Reds, Miss Brown of Cranston Avenue captured two firsts with a stocky pair of young birds, the other prizes being divided between the Glenview yards, John O'Leary and F. E. Josselyn. There was a good attendance at the fair yesterday and much larger crowds are expected today.

Additional Prize Winners.
The prize winners in addition to those published yesterday were:

Barred Plymouth Rocks
Glenview yards all prizes.

White Rocks.
Cocks—Greenwich farm, 1st and 3rd; A. Burley, 2nd.
Hens—J. V. Jackson, 1st; A. Burley, 2nd.

Cockerels—J. V. Jackson, 1st; A. E. S. Hatfield, 2nd; Greenwich yards, 3rd.
Pullets—A. E. S. Hatfield, 1st; A. Burley, 2nd and 3rd.

White Wyandottes.
Cocks—J. V. Jackson, 1st; Glenview yards, 2nd.
Hens—J. V. Jackson, 1st; Glenview yards, 2nd and 3rd.
Cockerels—Glenview yards, 1st and 2nd; P. Killorn, 3rd.

Silver Wyandottes.
Cocks—R. A. Knight, 1st.
Hens—H. C. Lemmon, 1st and 2nd; R. A. Knight, 3rd.
Cockerels—R. A. Knight, 1st; H. C. Lemmon, 2nd and 3rd.
Pullets—P. Killorn, 1st and 2nd; R. A. Knight, 3rd.

Golden Wyandottes.
Cocks—G. A. Seaman, 1st; H. C. Lemmon, 2nd.
Hens—H. C. Lemmon, 1st.
Pullets—Geo. A. Seaman, 1st, 2nd and 3rd.

Buff Wyandottes.
Glenview yards, four firsts, second and third on cocks.

Columbia Wyandottes.
Cocks—F. W. Short, 1st.

from his late residence, Mill street, Fairville. The body was taken to St. Paul's church, where services were conducted by Rev. Chas. Collins. The six sons of Mr. Downing acted as pall bearers. Interment was made in the old Catholic burying ground.

Cockerels—J. W. Lettney, 1st and 3rd.
Pullets—F. W. Short, 1st; J. W. Lettney, 2nd and 3rd.

Black Tailed Japanese Bantams.
Hen and cockerel—J. V. Jackson, 1st.

Black Cochins Bantams.
Cockerel and pullet—J. V. Jackson, 1st; Geo. A. Seaman, 2nd.

Buff Cochins Bantams.
Pair birds—J. V. Jackson, 1st.

White Cochins Bantams.
Cockerel and pullet—H. C. Lemmon, 1st and 2nd.

White Game Bantam—John Scott, 2nd.
Duckwing Bantam—John Scott, 2nd.

Black Javas.
Hens—Hillside Poultry Yards, 1st.

Rhode Island Reds.
Cocks—J. O'Leary, 1st; Glenview yards, 2nd.
Hens—F. E. Josselyn, 1st; J. O'Leary, 2nd; Glenview yards, 3rd.

Cockerels—Miss Brown, 1st; Glenview yards, 2nd; F. E. Josselyn, 3rd.
Pullets—Miss Brown, 1st and 3rd; Glenview yards, 2nd.

Pekin Ducks.
Drakes—J. V. Jackson, 2nd; Ducks—J. V. Jackson, 1st.

Bronze Turkeys.
Cockerels—Rockwood yards, 1st.
Pullets—Rockwood yards, 1st.

Rabbits.
Harold Hannah, Millidgeville, 1st. In the breeding pen competition in which three females and a male were exhibited in each class, the results were as follows:

Barred Plymouth Rocks.
Fowls—Glenview yards, 1st.
Chicks—Glenview yards, 1st and 2nd; P. E. Josselyn, 3rd.

Buff Plymouth Rocks.
Chicks—A. E. S. Hatfield, 1st.

White Wyandottes.
Fowls—Glenview yards, 1st.
Chicks—Glenview yards, 1st.

Buff Orpingtons.
Fowls—Kilview yards, 1st.
Chicks—Black Minorcas.

Black Hamburgs.
Chicks—H. C. Lemmon, 1st.

Rhode Island Reds.
Fowls—A. Burley, 1st.
Chicks—Glenview yards, 1st.

White Leghorns.
Chicks—John O'Leary, 1st.

Brown Leghorns.
Fowls—John Warren, 1st; Kilview yards, 2nd.
Chicks—Kilview yards, 1st and 2nd; John Warren, 3rd.

Special Meetings As Campaign Nears Close

Hundreds Attended Separate Services for Men and Women in St. Andrew's Church Yesterday—Boys Will Meet in Calvin Church this Afternoon—Dr. Sykes to Say Farewell Tonight.

In addition to the regular meetings of the simultaneous evangelistic campaign, a number of special meetings have been arranged for today. Mr. E. H. Nafziger will address a meeting for boys only in Calvin church at 4 o'clock and special meetings will be held in St. Andrew's church and Carleton City Hall at 3.30 o'clock.

At the separate mass meetings for women and men in St. Andrew's church yesterday the church was crowded to the doors at both services and Dr. Ora S. Gray spoke very plainly to the large audiences.

In the afternoon he told to the assembled women the affecting story of his own life and his early consecration to the ministry by his mother who was now reading the accounts of the campaign in the newspapers which he sent her. On the women who were now reading the accounts of the campaign, he depended the success of the campaign. They could mould men's lives as they pleased.

ST. ANDREW'S GROUP.
Rev. Ora S. Gray Gives Powerful Address on the Beasts Against Which Men Must Fight—Card Playing Strongly Condemned.

Last night St. Andrew's church was completely filled with men, and Rev. Ora S. Gray gave a thrilling address upon the subject "The Beasts of Ephesus." Mr. Charles F. Allen and Mr. Howard Hare each sang solos.

Amongst the topics touched upon by Dr. Gray, in speaking of the beasts against which every true man must wage war-ware, were:

The Beast of Cynicism—Some men because of the presence of evil in humanity, refuse to see good in anyone. Because they are some graters, they make the shallow and cynical remark, "everyone has his price."

The Beast of Sabbath Desecration—He spoke of how much better Sunday was kept in St. John than in the American cities, and showed the necessity of Sabbath observance for the moral and spiritual strengths of the people.

The Beast of Gambling—Gambling frequently begins in pleasant surroundings, amongst seemingly cultured people, and with trifling risks, but frequently becomes an untamed beast, which degrades and ruins. He said that he believed that those who play a game of cards for a cut-glass dish were as truly gamblers as those who spent their time over the poker-chips and pile of money.

The Beast of Intemperance—Considering the fact that there were license saloons in St. John he was surprised to see so little drunkenness, and yet he realized the necessity of banishing the licensed saloon from the community, and made a strong appeal to the Christian men of the city to fight at the polls for the banishment of the drink evil.

The Beast of Impurity—Dr. Gray spoke of men in St. John whose life was a hell, because of the double life they were leading. Instead of being true to their higher manhood and to the Christ who came to redeem us from the body of this world.

There will be two services in St. Andrew's church on Friday for every body. The first at 3.30, when Dr. Gray will give a lecture on the "Four Gospels." And the regular evening service at 7.45 p. m. All are invited to these services.

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\$6.50
Waterproof
BOOT
Reduced To
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Men's Black Winter Calf, Blucher Cut, Belows Tongue Laced Boots, all kid lined, Good-year welt, sewed, stitched heel seats and viscolized soles.

This is a splendid boot for the Spring months and there are all sizes left.

Where closes at 6.30 during January and February.

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KING STREET.

"JESUS SAVIOUR PILOT ME"
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One of the finest records of sacred song ever made—is included in our list of **OUT PRICE RECORDS.**
Only 50c. each for ten inch size disc.

GRITIME PHONOGRAPH CO.,
ST. JOHN.

News of a Day

body but a mere babe in spirit.
It is the life full of goodness that saves communities and nations in times of stress.

They who had not stained their garments with vice have availed for us our goodness and our faith in humanity and in God. The soul must be filled with God to save it from the tragedy of the empty life, the permanent abode of spiritlessness.

This evening Dr. Sykes gives his farewell address. There will be a special song service beginning at 7.30 o'clock.

BRUSSELS ST. GROUP.
Rev. W. A. Cameron Appeals To Young People To Make Jesus Supreme in Their Lives.

In Brussels street church every seat was taken. Rev. W. A. Cameron took for his text, Luke 9, 51—"He steadfastly set his face to go to Jerusalem."

The discourse was a vigorous and lucid setting forth of the life of Jesus. The concluding appeal was a challenge addressed to young people to make the purpose of Jesus supreme in their lives.

ST. LUKE'S LENTEN MISSION.
The Effectiveness of Prayer—Bishop Richardson Makes Eloquent Appeal to Large Congregation.

St. Luke's church was filled to overflowing last evening, when the Bishop of Fredericton took for his text "Ask and it shall be given you. Seek and ye shall find. It shall be opened unto you. For every one that asketh receiveth, and he that seeketh findeth, and to him that knocketh, it shall be opened."

It is quite clear, he said, that prayer is an instant of the heart. Prayer is the soul's sense of need—of dissatisfaction with itself—is the blind man's longing for the light which he has never seen.

The sense of crushing fate prompts to prayer. Man's everlasting need of sympathy drives him to prayer. Most of all the sense of sin impels a man to pray. Prayer has the power to lift a man upon a higher moral level. The power of prayer draws the soul upward. Prayer is capable of cultivation, but becomes dormant by neglect. Prayer carries with it the expectation of an answer. You may have been praying the same prayer for years and think the answer has not come. Is this really so, or is the answer only seeming? Some prayers are not answered, due to our short sightedness, God's infinite wisdom, and the interrelatedness of all human life. An impetuous contention is righteousness. "If I regard iniquity in my heart, the Lord will not hear me." We must have faith. "Whatever things ye desire when ye pray, believe that ye receive them, and ye shall have them." Our prayers should be in accord with the will of God.

Services for today: Holy Communion, 8 a. m.; Children's Lantern Service, 4 p. m.; Meeting for Prayer and Intercession, 7.15 p. m.; Song Service 7.45 p. m.; Mission Service, 8 p. m.

NORTH END GROUP.
Reasons Why Men in St. John Are Not Christians—Dr. Smith Delivers Effective Address.

Mr. Lamb sang by request, "O the Clanging Bells of Time." This was the third time this hymn was requested by the members of the congregation. Mr. Lamb's singing has been greatly appreciated. He has sung himself completely into the affections of the congregation.

Rev. Dr. A. J. Smith spoke on reasons why some men in St. John are not Christians. He took as his text:—"The First Commandment is, Hear, O Israel the Lord thy God even Jehovah is one, and thou shalt love Him with all thy heart, and thy neighbor as thyself, and Jesus answered the scribe, 'Thou art not far from the Kingdom of God.'"

Knowledge leads a man, he said, up to the border of the Kingdom of God, but does not bring him in. A form of devotion does not save. A new birth is necessary. He must be quickened into new life of the Spirit. Many come to the border line and do not enter in. They are almost persuaded, but they hesitate and say, "Go thy way for this time when I have a more convenient season, I will call for thee."

The sermon was very effective in results.

Committed Suicide.
Berlin, Ont., Feb. 24.—Annie Fry, aged twenty years, the daughter of the late Jacob Fry, committed suicide by hanging herself at her home on the farm of H. Shantz, near Elmira. She was despondent over charges that she had made certain statements of which she claimed to be innocent.

For Church Union.
Toronto, Feb. 24.—Toronto Congregationalists have voted almost unanimously in favor of church union with the Methodist and Presbyterian churches. The vote in all the seven city churches—two is overwhelmingly in favor of the union. In two exceptions the congregations are about evenly divided.

Lost in Blizzard.
Detroit, Mich., Feb. 24.—Five young men returning from a trip from the Casino on Muncie Bay to Toledo in an auto, were caught in a blizzard and nearly lost. The wheels of the auto plunged into an air hole at one time when the ice voyagers thought it was all up with them. Finally after driving about aimlessly for five hours the party reached land. All were badly frost bitten.

THE COURTS
COUNTY COURT.
Judgment by Default.

In the county court yesterday judgment by default for \$76 was signed in the case of the Canada Paper Co. vs. the Advocate Publishing Co. of Newcastle, with increased costs. Mr. A. Wilson, K.C., and Mr. C. S. Hanington for the plaintiff.

Barbour vs. Mercer.
On motion of Mr. H. H. Pickett for the defendant the jury case of Frank R. Barbour vs. Maria Wesley Mercer was adjourned until the next court in May. This is an action for board and lodging and the sum of \$364 is involved. Mr. J. King Kelley appeared for the plaintiff.

Rubber Co. vs. Taylor.
The Rubber Co. vs. C. Taylor, C. Humphrey Taylor was taken up. Mr. A. A. Wilson, K.C., and Mr. C. S. Hanington appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. J. B. M. Baxter, K.C., and Mr. G. Earle Logan for the defendant.

Mr. Baxter, at the conclusion of the plaintiff's case, moved for a non-suit on the ground that the plaintiff was an extra provincial corporation and at the time the action was commenced had not paid a license fee and was thereby precluded from maintaining the action.

After Mr. Wilson replied, His Honor overruled judgment.

After discharging the petit jury the court arose until Monday morning at 11 o'clock at chambers.

FUNERALS.
Mr. G. Sidney Smith.

The funeral of the late Mr. G. Sidney Smith, Esq., K. C., took place yesterday afternoon from his residence, 37 Dorchester street. Services for the family were held at the house at 2.30 by Rev. E. B. Hooper. The body was conveyed to St. Paul's church, where funeral services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Hooper. The funeral was a very large one, representatives of all walks in life being present to pay their last tribute of respect to the deceased. Hon. J. D. Hazen, the Premier, returned from Fredericton yesterday and was present to pay a last tribute of respect. The pallbearers were Chief Justice Barker, Mr. W. M. Jarvis, Mr. James Manchester, Dr. A. F. McVerney, Mr. James A. Belyea, and Mr. W. Watson Allen. The St. George's Society and Barristers' Society marched in a body, as did the wardens and vestry of St. Paul's church and the boys from the Wiggins' Male Orphan Asylum. The board of governors of Wiggins' Male Orphanage, of which Mr. Smith was a member, followed the hearse.

The hymns "Let Saints on Earth in Course Sing, Jerusalem the Beautiful and On the Resurrection Morn" were sung. The ceremony was a most impressive and solemn one. As the body was taken from the church the Dead March in Saul was played upon the organ. The funeral procession reformed and at Marsh Bridge coaches were taken, many going to the grave in Verabil.

At a meeting on Wednesday evening of the vestry of St. Paul's church a resolution of appreciation of the late Mr. Sidney Smith and of sympathy with his family was unanimously adopted.

Mr. James Downing.
The funeral of Mr. James Downing took place yesterday afternoon at 2.30

S. A. CITADEL.
Wm. Matheson Speaks of the Gods Which Men Worship Today—Large Audience and Many Conversions.

At the Salvation Army Citadel, evangelist William Matheson gave a stirring address from the text, "Thy calves, O Israel have cast thee off." This, he explained, had been said of the Kingdom of Israel when Jeroboam had erected two calves at the extreme ends of the Kingdom for the people to worship to keep them from going down to Jerusalem.

Idolatry still existed, he said. Anything to which men give their best thought and attention was a god. There was no physical force to keep a man from sinning or none to keep him from coming to Christ.

In speaking of the gods which men worship the speaker enumerated riches and pleasure. He was glad to see a man prosperous but he must not put riches first. Those who ministered at the altar of pleasure were sure to be sacrificed in the end.

There was a large attendance at the meeting and good results in the matter of converts.

(MADAME) ADELINA PATTI.
"I am charmed with the tone and touch of the splendid pianoforte made for me by Messrs. John Brinsmead & Sons, and the case is lovely."

(MADAME) ADELINA PATTI.
"Extremely easy and agreeable to sing to, the full bright quality of tone sustaining the voice admirably."

(MADAME) PATEY.

(SIR) JOHN A. STAINER, M. A., Mus. Doc.
"The highest praise is certainly due to Messrs. Brinsmead & Sons for the complete success which has crowned their efforts to produce, on the most simple principles, a perfectly even, smooth, and sensitive repetition touch. The purity of the tone and the excellent mechanism of the pianos exhibited by them in the Paris Exhibition called forth warm eulogies from all competent critics."

(SIR) JOHN STAINER, M. A., Mus. Doc.

(SIR) G. A. MACFARREN.
"I thank you for the sostenuto pianoforte you lately sent me, which for delicacy of touch and sweetness of tone I much admire. It truly fulfills its name, for its sustaining power is remarkable."

(SIR) G. A. MACFARREN.
(Late Principal of the Royal Academy of Music.)

These World Renowned Pianos can only be obtained at—
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LONDON GUARANTEE & ACCIDENT COMPANY, LTD. London, England. Asset and reserve, \$3,269,000.

ELDER DEMPSTER LINE S. S. BORNU, 274 tons, will sail from St. John about the 3rd of March.

Tenders for Electric Light Wiring. Sealed tenders will be received at the Common Clerk's office, addressed to him, until Monday, the 25th day of February.

N. B. Southern Railway On and after SUNDAY, Oct. 3, 1909, trains will run daily, Sunday excepted, as follows:-

By Order of the Common Council of the City of St. John. PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Bill will be presented for enactment at the present session of the Provincial Legislature.

By Order of the Common Council of the City of St. John. HERBERT E. WARDROP, Common Clerk of the City of St. John.

MONEY ON CALL AT 3% P. C. New York, Feb. 24—Close: Prime mercantile paper, 4 1/2% per cent.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET; YES-TERDAY'S TRADING IN WALL ST. (Quotations Furnished by Private Wires of J. C. Mackintosh and Co. Members of Montreal Stock Exchange, 111 Prince Wm. Street, St. John, N. B., Chubb's Corner.)

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET

Table of Montreal Stock Market prices including Amalgamated Copper, American Beet Sugar, American Car and Foundry, etc.

AMERICAN PRODUCE MARKET

Table of American Produce Market prices including Flour, Wheat, Corn, etc.

DULL TONE TO MARKET YESTERDAY

New York, N. Y., Feb. 24.—Dealers in stocks today were scarcely larger than yesterday. The thinness of the market was as marked on the selling side as on the buying side and it is quiet but a small absorption of life.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKETS

Table of Chicago Grain and Produce Market prices including Wheat, Corn, etc.

THE COTTON MARKET

New York, Feb. 24.—Cotton: Spot closed quiet, 30 points higher; midland uplands, 14.40; do higher, 14.65.

WINNIPEG WHEAT MARKET

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 11,000; market steady. Steers, 5.00@5.10; cows, 4.00@5.75.

MONTREAL NEWS NOTES

By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co. Montreal, Feb. 24.—When Coal stock went off to \$2 somebody around street sprang the rumor that the next dividend would be stopped.

CLOSING STOCK LETTER

By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co. New York, Feb. 24.—Today's stock market was on a parity with that of yesterday in point of general dullness but the course of prices was reversed and the broad trend was upward.

CLOSING COTTON LETTER

By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co. New York, Feb. 24.—After a rally at the opening, averaging about ten points our market again developed a degree of weakness.

MONTREAL COBALT AND CURB STOCKS

Table of Montreal Cobalt and Curb Stocks prices including Asbestos Bonds, Can. Com. Pfd., etc.

THE Daily Gleaner OF FREDERICTON. Is on sale in St. John at the office of THE STANDARD, 111 Prince Wm. St., and The NEWS STAND at the Royal Hotel.

Bowling Basket Ball Curling

SPORTS

Baseball The Ring Hockey

ELECTRICS DEFEATED

Pirates Trim Opponents in City Bowling League by Wide Margin--M. R. A. and C. M. B. A. Also Win.

"Captain" Phinney's Pirates bore down upon the Electrics on Black's alley last evening and with a broad side of shots, which mowed down everything before it, succeeded in defeating the "wire" men to the tune of 3-1. The Pirates practically won the game in the first string when they pulled out with a majority of 31 sticks.

The second inning was more hotly contested and the Electrics were out by 2 solitary pins. They made a gallant effort to at least tie the score in the third and after a tooth and nail struggle the successors came out victorious by 6.

Griffith was leader for the Pirates, going well over the century mark in the first string and negotiating with a total of 288. Cronin was also in great form and no less than 274 sticks were toppled off their feet by his swift curves.

For the Electrics Robertson was the big sensation with the fine average of 90. The scores were: Tigers. Griffith . . . 109 89 90 288-96 Phinney . . . 96 70 71 267-73 McDonald . . . 82 92 94 269-89 2-3 Cronin . . . 88 95 91 274-91 1-3 Crowley . . . 94 88 77 259-86 1-3 469 435 423 1327

Electrics. Robertson . . . 87 94 89 270-90 Lawson . . . 77 81 71 229-70 1-3 McKee . . . 98 81 73 252-84 Lammann . . . 81 88 98 265-83 1-3 Mason . . . 75 95 86 256-85 1-3 418 437 417 1272

M. R. A. Wins. In the commercial league series M. R. A. and A. Ltd. clipped the wings of the aspiring J. M. Humphrey quintette by taking three out of the four points. At the close of the second string each team had won a point with the Humphrey team two sticks in the lead. It looked like a tie match until the haberdashers started to do things and when Douglas started to win no less than 118 the battle was won for M. R. A. and the scores were: M. R. A., Ltd. Bunhan . . . 72 86 82 240-80 Berry . . . 90 71 81 269-89 2-3 Smith . . . 90 82 84 256-85 1-3 Douglas . . . 69 70 118 257-83 1-3 Brown . . . 67 86 71 224-74 2-3 370 387 429 1186

J. M. Humphrey Crawford . . . 78 71 77 226-75 1-3 Park . . . 70 73 73 216-72 Cochrane . . . 74 80 68 248-82 2-3 Roberts . . . 69 84 239-73 1-3 Gambini . . . 79 94 90 263-87 2-3 368 391 414 1173

C. M. B. A. Winners. In the society league series on St. Peter's alleys last evening, the C. M. B. A. quintette took another step towards the coveted goal, by taking 3 points from the Knights of Columbus and tying with them in the other. The Knights lost the first string by 26 pins but came back strongly in the second and tied their opponents. The rally soon ended however, and they dropped the third by 14. The C. M. B. A. men rolled in great form with the exception of Magee who appeared to have forgotten the game altogether. Some say "Billy" is getting too fat. Cosgrove and Kelly were in great form and rolled the fine average of 90 1/3 and 91. For the Knights McCaffrey was the only one, with the highest score of the game and the fine average of 89 1/3.

The scores were: Knights of Columbus. McCaffrey . . . 83 70 106 259-86 1-3 McCluskey . . . 82 100 92 274-11 1-3 Murphy . . . 82 83 86 231-77 O'Neil . . . 67 82 79 228-82 2-3 Mullin . . . 75 89 83 237-83 2-3 385 408 432 1225

C. M. B. A. Kelly . . . 78 95 98 271-90 1-3 Fitzpatrick . . . 90 71 81 252-84 Dwyer . . . 89 86 86 261-87 Magee . . . 71 69 78 218-72 2-3 Cosgrove . . . 83 87 93 273-91 421 408 446 1295

Johnny Coulon Evades Pitfalls By Accepting His Dad's Advice



That great trouble which some fighters--managers who double-cross them--is not on the list of Johnny Coulon, the champion bantam of them all. For the boss midget is managed by his father, E. E. Coulon, familiarly known as "Pop." And "Pop" has given on many a frisky manager heart disease by the clever way he looked after the affairs of his boy. No one ever picked any green gages off Coulon or's raiment.

Johnny and "Pop" form the most exclusive little mutual admiration society that ever mutilated. Johnny boasts "Pop" as the warmest pro position since the Chicago fire, while the things "Pop" has to say about his family champion would make a circus programme author green with envy. Although Johnny is of age, he obeys his dad implicitly, and because he does has steered clear of those temptations which have been the downfall

of many a man, who looked like a world beater. The wine-women-and-song thing has yet to get hold of the pride of the Coulons. The skirt has not been drafted that will turn his head and he prefers white water to red or canary colored wine. The little chap developed a scrappy instinct from boyhood. As a tad he used to go home regularly with marks of personal encounter about him, but with a "you ought to see the other fellow" story as well. It was then his father taught him to box, for in his day "Pop" had been there with the padded mitts himself. This made the boy a hero among the kids, and as he grew into his fighting spirit did not wane, his father redoubled his efforts to make him a fighter. All of the best small men who have fought in recent years had a hand in making Coulon the finished fighter he

NELSON IS AFTER MORE AD WOLGAST

San Francisco, Feb. 24.—Now that the smoke of the Nelson and Wolgast fight has cleared away, the sporting world is devoting its attention to the possibility of a second meeting between the two men. Nelson demands another chance. He insists that he should have had a chance when Reterec Smith stopped the fighting. Wolgast says Nelson will have to wait. He agrees, however, that Nelson is entitled to another fight. Sporting writers are inclined to doubt that the men will meet again. They believe that Nelson's age and years of fighting and training have told upon him at last. The managers of Nelson and Cyclone Johnny Thompson are trying to arrange a 45-round match to be held at no distant date. They have virtually agreed to general terms, the winner to challenge Wolgast.

CLEAN SWEEP FOR LOCALS

St. John Skaters Win Every Event in Sight at Oxford--Logan's Good Work in the Dashes. Special to The Standard. Halifax, N. S., Feb. 24.—The St. John skaters made a clean sweep at the Oxford ice sports this evening. Fred Logan taking the dashes without being pressed, while Leadbetter, another of Springhill also showed up well. The results were as follows: 220 yards dash--Logan, first; Leadbetter second; Coleman, third. 440 yards dash--Logan first; Bouche second. One Mile--Leadbetter first; Bouche second. Three Mile--Leadbetter, first; Thompson second; Ingham, third. Five Mile--Bouche first; Ingham, second; Mitchell third. Some three hundred people witnessed the events.

NOVA SCOTIA HOCKEYISTS GO TO COURT

Special to The Standard. Halifax, N. S., Feb. 24.—R. Bayne, manager of the Truro professional hockey club has entered action for damages against Geo. Mason, owner of the skating rink in New Glasgow, and Charles R. Turner, manager of the New Glasgow professional hockey team. The action is the outcome of the mixup in hockey circles in Truro Wednesday night when Messrs. Mason and Turner after making a bona fide agreement with Bayne at New Glasgow to allow Gregory and Norman to play with Truro against North Sydney, refused to permit these players to play at Truro, claiming that they were salaried men under contract not to play with any other team. An injunction will likely be placed against New Glasgow preventing them from playing the scheduled game with North Sydney next Monday night. Mr. Bayne is out considerable money owing to the postponement of this game and the action will be watched with interest.

JIM O'ROURKE'S OWN GREAT STORY

Jim O'Rourke tells TIP WRIGHT, the players to England TIP WRIGHT, under Anson. He recalls Cummings, the first curve ball pitcher. He tells how Ross Barnes, the greatest second baseman the game ever saw, forced a new third base foul rule by his wonderful batting. He tells stringily, of the days before gloves and masks were worn, when catchers' hands puffed out of shape, acted as cushions to deaden the pain. He tells of the first bunt hits, and names the greatest catcher and greatest pitchers he ever saw. Jim O'Rourke's story will be talked about by the fans for a long time. Don't miss it. Baseball literature will be richer for it. The Standard is the only newspaper in St. John which will print it.

HALIFAX OUT AFTER BIG ICE FIXTURES

Montreal, Feb. 24.—It is announced that the Wanderer and Ottawa may go to Halifax at the end of the season to play a series, best two out of three matches, for a fifteen hundred dollar purse offered by Manager Maher, of the Halifax Arena.

MAKES THE POSSIBLE IN BOWLING

Niagara Falls, Ont., Feb. 24.—All the world's bowling records were equalled in this city last evening, when E. Pett of this city, made the remarkable score of a perfect 300. In addition to this, Pett surpassed all Canadian records with seven more strikes, making a run of 19 straight strikes.

ACADIA WINS IN HOCKEY

Defeats Mount Allison at Wolfville to Tune of 8-2, Taking Intercollegiate Trophy--Fast Hockey Marks Game.

Wolfville, N. S., Feb. 24.—By defeating Mt. Allison in an exciting and fairly good game by 8 to 2 here to night, Acadia won the Summer trophy and the championship of the Intercollegiate league. Although the home team won on their merits, the teams were much more equal than the score would indicate. The visitors were equal in team work to the Acadia players but could not handle the long shots from centre ice which Black and Curry were continually lifting. Both teams played their hardest on ice as hard as glass.

During the first half the Garnet and Gold obtained 2, while their opponents scored four; the second half ended with 4 additional for Acadia. Mr. Smith of Windsor refereed very satisfactorily. For a quarter of an hour after the game was called play wavered until the Acadia combination passed to Eaton, who netted the puck. Mt. Allison did the same and Cameron scored.

Then Black sent one from centre ice. C. North made a splendid dash and made it two all. Acadia soon saw their lifts could not be stopped and Black and Curry lifted two more goals before ending the half. The first half ended with the score of 4 to 2. Acadia strengthened during the second half and kept the rubber in Mt. Allison territory more than half the time. Although the members of both teams played very fine hockey, Black with his long shots started for Acadia and Seaman in Mt. Allison goal starred for Mt. Allison. Mt. Allison received 15 minutes on penalties and Acadia 12 minutes.

SYDNEY IS WALLOPED BY COLLEGIANS

Antigonish, N. S., Feb. 24.—The Sydney hockey team was defeated here tonight by the St. Francois Xavier seven. The first half was interesting and fast, both teams having equal territory. In this half the Xavierians blanked the visitors, scoring three goals. In the second half play was chiefly around the Sydney goal. Ten minutes before time was up, Fotee, the visitors goal tender, retired and McSweeney the point took his place. The collegians succeeded in netting the puck nine times during the half, whereas, the visitors only twice. The score at the conclusion of the game was: St. Francois Xavier 12, Sydney 2.

BENTON KING THE WINNER AT DIGBY

Digby, Feb. 24.—An interesting horse race took place on Dalys Lake at Lake Digby, N. S., this evening, to determine who should hold the gentlemen's Digby county driving cup for the next year. The following horses were entered: Brenton King, owned by R. E. F. Lawrence; Miss Leda, by Tuttle Graham, Centreville; Miss Wilkes, by L. B. Eldridge, Sandy Cove; Dan, by Chas. Barnes, Sandy Cove; time was taken by Capt. Manning Trask, of Little River. Brenton King won the cup in three out of the four heats trotted.

SUSSEX HAS NEW ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION

Sussex, Feb. 24.—A big sporting club is in course of formation here to be known as the Snowshoe Lake Hunting and Fishing Club. The charter members are George W. Fowler, K. C., H. B. Price, Arthur Keith and W. B. Jonah, Sussex; John L. Sutherland and C. B. Strong, St. John. The club will have a capital of \$10,000 and the membership will be limited to twenty shares, selling at \$500 each. The club holds property in the very heart of the big Canaan woods and have some of the best big game ground in the province. It is the intention of the members to erect a large club house and provide sties for private cottages. The big specimens of moose owned by the provincial government were taken near the lake and the biggest moose ever captured in New Brunswick, if not in Canada, was secured there for the province and later presented to the Prince of Wales. The company will start in erecting their club house this summer and hope to have everything in readiness for the hunting season next fall.

MAKES THE POSSIBLE IN BOWLING

Niagara Falls, Ont., Feb. 24.—All the world's bowling records were equalled in this city last evening, when E. Pett of this city, made the remarkable score of a perfect 300. In addition to this, Pett surpassed all Canadian records with seven more strikes, making a run of 19 straight strikes.

VILLA MODEL RANGE advertisement with image of a stove and text: Do you use one? If not you should. The most perfect piece of stove construction ever offered to the public. For appearance and workmanship it is unsurpassed. Call in and inspect its good working qualities. Made and sold by J. E. WILSON, Ltd., Phone 356, 17 SYDNEY ST.

Frank R. Fairweather, Agent advertisement with image of a typewriter and text: Keep down expenses. This sign is to call your attention to the danger of spending \$130.00 for a typewriter when you can buy an "Empire" for \$60.00. FRANK R. FAIRWEATHER, Agent. Main 653 68 Prince Wm. St. St. John, N. S.

The Mercantile Marine

DAILY ALMANAC table with columns for Sun rises today, Sun sets today, Sun rises tomorrow, Sun sets tomorrow, High water, Low water, and various shipping schedules for Liverpool, Manchester, and other ports.

CARLETON AND THISTLES TO CLASH THE THISTLE LADIES WIN IN CURLING advertisement with text: Six rinks of Carleton and Thistle curlers will play a friendly match this evening, three rinks being played on each club's ice. Keen rivalry exists between the clubs, and as they are both playing in great form the matches should prove exciting. Following are the skips and rinks that will compete. Carleton ice--Afternoon. R. Carleton, W. H. Eastbrooks, Chas. Coster, J. Fred Belyea, skip. W. E. Scully, J. M. Christopher, Wm. Ruddock, J. M. Belyea, skip. Evening. J. B. M. Baxter, C. Gardner, F. D. Wilson, E. R. Taylor, skip. Hedley Blissett, W. S. Jewett, O. Dunham, J. M. Wilson, skip. Thistle ice--Evening. Charles Driscoll, Roy Drynan, M. Beattie, H. Driscoll, skip. George Barlow, Geo. Scott, J. A. Kindred, William Watson, skip. Carleton ice--Afternoon. Thistles: George Ewart, Dr. M. MacLaren, J. Fred Shaw, Dr. L. A. Langstroth, skip. J. A. Lipsitt, Dr. W. E. Rowley, H. C. Olive, R. S. Orchard, skip. Evening. H. Tapley, W. B. Robertson, James Mitchell, A. J. Machum, skip. J. B. MacPherson, W. J. Currie, J. S. Malcolm, W. J. S. Myles. Thistle ice--Evening. R. Crawford, W. H. Arnold, W. A. Shaw, A. G. Stevens, skip. Geo. Scott, Rev. G. F. Scovill, J. M. Belyea, J. M. Wilson, skip. Chas. Driscoll, W. A. Jewett, Wm. Ruddock, E. R. Taylor skip. Eddie Nelson, of Grand Rapids, and Curly Gebhard, of Detroit, fought eight fast rounds to a draw, at Windsor, Wednesday night. Nelson once knocked out Ad Wolgast.

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—Fresh to strong northerly winds fair and cold, snowfalls by night. Toronto, Feb. 24.—Light snowfalls have occurred today in Alberta and southern Saskatchewan where temperatures have gradually moderated but elsewhere in Canada the weather has been fine and cold.

Winnipeg—20 below, 4. Port Arthur—16 below, 4. Parry Sound—4 below, 16. London—15 below, 14. Toronto—8, 19. Ottawa—12 below, 12. Montreal—2 below, 10. Quebec—6 below, 10. St. John—18, 18. Halifax—8, 24.

New England Forecast. Washington, D. C., Feb. 24.—Forecast for New England: Fair Friday and Saturday, rising temperature Saturday; moderate north and northwest winds.

Empress Away This Afternoon. The Empress of Ireland, Capt. Foster, will sail for Liverpool via Halifax this afternoon with a large number of passengers and general cargo. The Empress will take on board a large consignment of apples at Halifax.

Here for Campaign Meetings. Rev. G. W. Glendinning, pastor of the Digby Methodist church, who has been in the city since Wednesday will leave for home today. He is one of many clergymen who have visited St. John to attend some of the evangelistic services. Mr. Glendinning has been invited to the Charles street Methodist church, Halifax, for his next pastorate. It is one of his former circuits.

Nurse For Tuberculosis Cases. Dr. F. L. Kenney had charge of the tuberculosis dispensary in the Board of Health rooms yesterday afternoon. Several patients called and after examination were advised as to the best method for treatment. They were also supplied with pasteurized sputum cups which are to be burned after one day's use and instructive literature. Dr. Kenney reported that some of the cases had reached an advanced stage and needed immediate attention. It is planned by the executive of the St. John association for the prevention of tuberculosis to engage a nurse to devote her whole time to the care of such cases.

Negotiations are Off. "The Sun has not been sold to the Telegraph, nor the Telegraph to the Sun. There is no option for such sale and no negotiations are in progress," said Mr. Charles F. Crandall, Editor of the Sun to the Standard last evening. This statement reveals the present conditions of affairs. It is understood that the period set for negotiations closed Wednesday evening, as the Standard stated. Mr. John Moore and Mr. George McArthur had a conference as stated with the Sun people, but nothing seems to have come out of it. Hon. B. F. Pearson and Mr. G. Fred Pearson were in the city yesterday, the former returning from Fredericton.

Sons of England Entertain. Marlborough Lodge, No. 207, Sons of England, entertained Portland Lodge, No. 246, in their rooms, Odd-fellows Hall, last evening. About 100 were present and a very enjoyable evening was spent. Mr. A. Webb, president of Marlborough lodge, gave an opening address of welcome to the guests, which was responded to by Mr. H. Vanwart. Refreshments were served during the evening and the following took part in a vocal and instrumental programme: W. S. and Bert Marley, Harry Lowe, R. J. Coupe, Beverley K. Armstrong, F. J. Punter, Fred Howard, A. Creighton, W. Robertson, H. Bell, Wilson and Chad Ledford. The committee in charge of refreshments were R. E. Holland, W. S. Marley, W. D. Frye and P. Webb.

Salvage Corps Entertained. The entertainment given by the members of No. 1 Salvage Corps to their comrades of No. 2 last evening was enjoyed by about 100 members. Songs and speeches were the order of the day and with the best of refreshments nothing was left undone to make the affair a grand success. A feature of the evening was the presentation to No. 2 S. C. of a handsome picture of His Majesty King Edward VII. The presentation was made on behalf of No. 1 Corps by Capt. R. W. W. Frink in an appropriate speech. Captain Turner, of No. 2 accepting the gift responded in a few eloquent remarks. Chief Kerr was among the guests and referred to the efficiency of the men and thanked the members for their kindness and ever-ready assistance which was always at the disposal of the department. During the evening a musical programme of high order was carried out in which the following took part: Howard Allison, M. P. Kelly, A. Gordon Rainnie, Robert Holder, John Tongue, Clyde Dickinson, William Holder and Fred McKean.

THE LATE DR. J. M. DEACON. Resolution of Appreciation and Regret Passed by Council of Physicians and Surgeons.

The following resolution on the death of Dr. J. M. Deacon of Milltown was passed at the annual meeting of the Council of Physicians and Surgeons of New Brunswick.

The members of the Council of Physicians and Surgeons of New Brunswick desire to place on record the keen appreciation of the great loss that they and the profession in the province have sustained in the sudden demise of our valued friend and co-worker, Dr. J. M. Deacon.

Endowed with good ability and a love of his chosen profession, he had gained a more than local reputation as a surgeon and won the love and confidence of numerous patients. To the profession at large, Dr. Deacon had endeared himself by his unselfish energy in promoting all that is to the advancement of medicine and surgery and to the upholding of its highest aims.

Long Wait For Water Endangers Warehouse

Delay of 25 Minutes in Fighting Fire in Boiler House Between 5 and 6 Sheds Last Evening--Pipe to Warehouse Empty--Ald. Belyea Makes Some Pointed Comments.

Twenty-five minutes delay in turning on the water at a fire in the city boiler shed between No. 5 and No. 6 warehouses on the West Side last evening at 8:30 o'clock, made things look for a time as if No. 5 shed would be destroyed. The fire was discovered by a city watchman, fortunately at an early stage and he sent in an alarm from Box 218. When the fire department arrived the water was not turned on at Union street and Ald. Belyea is authority for the statement that twenty-five minutes in all elapsed before the first stream of water reached the flames. Half an hour's hard work extinguished the blaze on the roof and the damage will not amount to very much. There being no water in the pipes which run underneath the warehouses, it is said to be the duty of the watchman in case of fire to go to Union St. and turn on the water in readiness for the firemen. This was not done, however, and the hose company arrived to find no water available. The crowd which had gathered began to ask, "Why don't they turn on the water?" Alfred Ring, foreman of the waterworks on the West Side, and a member of the West Side fire department, turned the stream into the 8 inch main which protects the warehouses. The engineer in the boiler house and two workmen had attached the city hose to No. 6 pipe and John McAndrew and Harry McLeod, of the West Side department stretched the fire hose to reach the pipe at No. 5 shed. But the time the water came the sparks were flying in dangerous proximity to the warehouses. The two streams proved very effective and the sheds were saved.

Ald. Belyea, who was present at the fire when interviewed last evening, said it seemed to him that the water should be kept continually running in the pipes. He said that a policeman's watch had checked the lost time at twenty-five minutes. A few minutes longer and \$25,000 worth of property would have been destroyed. This was not the first time as there had been two delays before. He thought there was something wrong somewhere.

Mr. Wm. Murdoch, city engineer, when asked about the matter, said under present conditions it was not practicable to have the water turned on in the pipes under the sheds as they would freeze it up. The pipes were supplied with valves and were drained after being used.

Up To Local Exporters To Hold Havana Trade

Mr. Frank Clemens Speaks of the Superior Quality of New Brunswick Potatoes--Local Government's Efforts Have Done Much to Establish Market--Further Facilities Needed.

Mr. Frank Clemens of Fredericton, who is interested in the establishment of a strong market in Cuba for New Brunswick potatoes, and has been looking into the matter of warehouse accommodation and shipping facilities on the West side for the past week, left last evening for Boston en route to Havana. To a Standard reporter last evening, Mr. Clemens said that, now through the effort of the Provincial government, a market had been established in Havana for New Brunswick exporters, to see to it that the market was sustained, and that the New Brunswick product, which is of a superior quality should hold the trade.

Although the United States exporters were making an effort to oust the New Brunswick product, still he was of the opinion that if the local shippers would continue to send a superior potato, the demand could be kept up. In their efforts to develop a potato market in Cuba, the local government had met with gratifying success and were deserving of much credit. The shipments from the province this winter, he would venture to say, would be over 100 per cent greater than last year.

Referring to warehouse facilities on the West side, Mr. Clemens said that the warehouse now in use is well fitted and he had not heard of any complaints from the shippers. He was of the opinion, however, that if the shipments were increased next season, it would necessitate the erection of a new building.

Speaking of the warehouse which the Provincial government had leased in Havana, Mr. Clemens said it was an absolute necessity, otherwise large shipments not turned over immediately on the arrival of the steamer might be allowed to spoil from being exposed to the weather.

While in Cuba Mr. Clemens will investigate conditions thoroughly, and feels confident that the demand for the New Brunswick product will continue.

ARTS AND CRAFTS FOR BOYS

Interesting Exhibition at Y. M. C. A. in April--Competition Open to Exhibitors from 13 to 18 Years of Age.

All boys will be interested in an Arts and Crafts exhibition which will be held in the Boy's Department of the Y. M. C. A. on April 1st and 2nd. About everything in which boys are interested will be displayed at this unique fair and competition will be open to every boy in the city from 13 to 18 years of age inclusive. Suitable prizes will be awarded in all the classes. Particulars regarding fees and entries will be announced later. Class I called Collection is subdivided again into the following: Autographs, buttons, coins, stamps, post cards, curiosities. Manual training exhibits come under Class II. In Class III art, freehand and map drawing and show card advertising will be displayed. Class IV provides for photography exhibits including landscapes, marine and animal views. Electrical instruments and any model of wood or metal are classified under industrial crafts. In the natural history group, collections of insects, woods, pressed flowers, shells, minerals and ores are listed. Prizes will also be given for burnt leather covers for magazines, to remain the property of the Y. M. C. A.

WINTER MOTORING

Several Cars Have Been Out Each Week This Season--Special Car for Snow-Traveling Being Demonstrated.

MEN'S BOOTS \$3.50 The Season's Latest.



The question of new footwear will soon be agitating men's minds. We have built up a reputation for carrying the finest and most comprehensive range of men's \$3.50 boots. This season we have chosen a number of new shaped lasts that are going to be big sellers. All the popular materials, Valour and Box Calif, Viol Kid, Russia Tan and Patent Colt, medium, heavy and light weight soles, visolized and hemlock leather.

Waterbury & Rising, King Street, Mill Street, Union Street.

BUILDINGS FOR BIG FAIR

Tenders To Be Called For at Once--New Grand Stand To Seat 1800--Many Visitors Yesterday.

At a lengthy session of the building committee of the Exhibition Association last evening, with Mr. W. F. Burditt in the chair, it was decided to call for tenders at once for the new buildings needed for the big fair next September. Plans and specifications for a new grand stand and a new exhibition building for arts and agriculture were considered.

The new grand stand which will be 280 feet in length and 40 feet in depth will seat about 1,800 people and will be situated on the southern side of the ring, directly opposite the location of the present stand. The old structure will be torn down and the site used by the Dominion government in the construction of an armory.

The new building for exhibition purposes will also be situated on the southern side of the grounds almost adjoining the present main building. It will be 150 feet in length and 60 feet deep, two stories in height.

In this building will be grouped the art exhibits, women's work and educational features and on the lower floor agricultural displays. The architectural lines of the new buildings will closely follow the style of the present structures.

Many Visitors. Yesterday the exhibition offices were visited by a large number of delegates returning from the Farmers' and Dairywomen's Convention at Fredericton, to see Mr. Good, the manager, and to obtain information as to the classification of live stock, prizes, etc.

They promised hearty co-operation and appeared to realize that all Canada is to be represented in the coming exhibition. Two importers of Clydesdale horses expressed their intention of bringing in their importations earlier this year in order to place the imported stock in competition.

Mr. Good, who returned from Fredericton yesterday, said that every member of the provincial government was taking a keen interest in the progress of the preparations for the fair and were willing to lend every effort to make it a success.

Mr. W. W. Hubbard, secretary for agriculture, is expected in the city on Monday to go over with Mr. Good some sections of the prize list providing prizes for foals of thoroughbred horse importations by the provincial government.

PERSONAL.

Miss Gertrude Williams of Douglas avenue, left on Wednesday to spend a month with Mrs. Owen Jones, New Hampshire, formerly of this city. Miss Annie McAndrews of West St. John returned from Hamilton yesterday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. J. McLean of Montreal arrived in the city yesterday and are visiting friends in West St. John. Mrs. Percy W. Thomson was hostess at a five o'clock tea yesterday afternoon. Miss Dorothy Blizard gave a delightful snowshoe party to Rockwood Park last evening.

Poultry Supplies

All breeders of poultry should call and see what we have to offer of the above, including: Cypher's Scratching Food, Laying Food, Chick Food, Alfalfa, Cypher's Beef Scraps, Bone Meal, Charcoal, Mann's Crystal Grit. Sterling Poultry Remedies. Our Oyster Shells are cleaner, better and go farther than any other kind.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Ltd. Market Square, St. John, N. B.

Closing Days of the Suit Sale

Gilmour's Suit Sale will soon be a thing of the past. Are YOU taking advantage of the opportunities it NOW offers for real and LARGE savings? Our reductions are substantial. The values are especially extraordinary in the fancy tweeds and worsted suits of popular pattern and style. The line is still large enough so he can probably fit your form and fancy exactly. And look at the savings: \$12.00 Suits Now \$9.60, \$20.00 Suits Now \$16.00, \$15.00 Suits Now \$12.00. A few \$18.00 and \$15.00 Suits left, reduced to \$10.00. OVERCOATS--Some of our finest going at large reductions. Some \$20 Overcoats at \$14.50--\$15 ones at \$10.50. TROUSERS--Several lines at \$2.25 that were \$3.50 and \$3. YOUR opportunity is here TODAY.

GILMOUR'S, 68 KING STREET TAILORING AND CLOTHING. "A GOOD PLACE TO BUY GOOD CLOTHES"

UNEEDA

Biscuit are more than mere soda crackers. They are a distinct individual food article, made from special materials, by special methods, in specially constructed bakeries. They are sealed in a special way which gives them crispness, cleanliness and freshness which "crackers" from the paper bag always lack. They are the nation's accepted BISCUIT. National Biscuit Co. Ask Your Grocer.

The Wonder of a Window

Your ad is your extra show window. In fact it is several hundreds of extra show windows. It is just as many extra show windows for you as there are copies of the medium you are using in circulation. When you have carefully dressed your shop windows, and made them all that can be desired, you have only to put into your advertising space a glowing well written description of the self-same goods, and there you have a show window wonderful. It does not stand silently all day on the street, to be seen by those who pass by, instead it goes of itself into the very heart of the home. For this kind of window space in The Standard, ring Main 1722 and ask for THE ADVERTISING MANAGER.

A Remarkable Clearing-Out Sale OF Handsome Cut Glass, Fancy China and Ornaments



An Opportunity Affording Unparalleled Savings in Rich, Dainty Pieces for Home Beautifying. Delicate China, Sparkling Cut Glass, Dainty Ornaments are always to be desired, and when a chance comes to secure them away down in price, the occasion is one of more than passing interest to lovers of the beautiful. This sale is a general clean-up at surprising reductions, of Odds and Ends of Ornaments, China, etc., and also consists of a marvellous assortment of Cut Glass in all manner of choice designs. If you favor values that are really out of the ordinary, this sale holds out saving possibilities which you cannot appreciate until you see them.

Commencing This Morning

DRESDEN CHINA--A number of odd pieces in very high-class designs; in Flower Bowls, Desk Pieces, Fern Pots, Photo Frames, etc. ORNAMENTS--In Amphora and other makes. Photo Frames in Dresden and Sterling Silver. LIMOGES CHINA--A limited number of odd pieces of Dinner and Tea Sets. BRASS JARDINIERS, FERN DISHES, CANDLE STICKS--Also a special line of Brass and Copper Brush and Comb Sets. ELECTROLIERES--A number of latest designs with silk and fancy glass shades, SPOOKIE SHADES very effective colorings for Candles and Electric Lights. CUT GLASS PIECES--A large assortment of highest quality in newest patterns. Berry Bowls, Bon Bon Dishes, Comports, Celery Dishes, Water Bottles, Mayonnaise Dishes, Cream and Sugar Sets, Spoon Trays, Tumblers, Water Pitchers, etc.

SALE STARTS AT 8.30 IN CURTAIN DEPARTMENT. MANCHESTER ROBERTSON ALLISON, LTD. The Standard, St. John, N. B.