twood for Cape Torn

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ton, from New York for April 11, lat 29, lon 67.

VJ, April 17—The electric led at sunset.
DC, April 17—Notice is house Board that, on or a fog bell will be estabeasterly angle of the sea worth, SI, westerly side rance to New York harr foggy weather the bell nachinery, a single blow

ortheasterly angle of the adsworth, Staten Island, Narrows, entrance to During thick or foggy Il be struck by machin-

ery 15 seconds.

NY, April 19—Notice rthouse Board that the n replaced for the searing named stations, in

No 4, second class nun; necticut, red, No 6, sec-n Island Reef, Connecti-nd class nun.

gewauk, N. B., April rs. Thomas J. Praser, a

O MARINERS.

OKEN.

ST. JOHN WEEKLY SUN.

STOP AT HOME

if you are busy and cannot feel like leaving, possibly you need a suit of clothes. Send us breast and waist measurement, also measure of inside seam pant leg, and any of the following amounts enclosed. \$3.75, \$5.50, \$7.50, \$9.50, \$10.00. Mention dark or light goods. We'll Send you a suit that you can return again if you are not per-

FRASER, FRASER & CO., . . CHEAPSIDE. 40 and 42 King Street, St. John, N. B.

Queer Economy

It is to be continually rebuilding fences when you

"Star 3 har woven wire fencing, 4 feet high, for 60 cts. a rod. When once put up it will last a lifetime.

Wire Fence Manufacturing Co.,

A. J. Machum, Manager.

Water Street, St. John, N. B

BOSTON LETTER.

Sympathy of Canada and Great ing a generous amount of advertising **Britain Heartily Appre**ciated.

Travel to the Provinces is Already Setting In Heavier Than Usual at This Season.

A Pictou Girl Accidentally Killed-New Brunswick Not Represented at Keith's Theatre-Lumber Market Stagnant and Fish Trade Dull.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) BOSTON, April 23.—The general public is in an excited state of mind as the result of the opening of hostilities between the United States and Spain. The national colors are vis-ible in all parts of the city, and here and there the single starred and barred banner of the Cubans is floating in the wind. Newspaper Row is the liveliest place in the city just now. All the papers display the U.S. flag and Cuban colors in front of the offices, and the crowds in front of the bulletin boards have continued to increase each day to such an extent that the police department has been obliged to station officers to prevent a complete blockade. A number of the timid are fearful lest the wily Dons should conclude to start a fleet north to bombard New York, Boston and the other large cities, but this hardly seems likely at the present stage of hostilities. What may happen later cannot be forcasted. There is a semi-panic in shipping circles and many vessel owners expected notification hourly that their ships have been captured. The war is also affecting the markets, flour, meal, sugar, etc., having risen both here and across the water. The industrial situation does not improve, and on the contrary many factories are either closing or

running only four or five days a week. It is stated in shipping and railroad circles here that a number of men from New Brunswick and other parts of Canada have come across the line this week in order to enlist in the militia. The steamer Halifax yesterday brought four steamship firemen anxious to join Uncle Sam's

The public men in this country and and the newspapers generally appreciate the expressions of sympathy from Great Britain and Canada with the United States in the present trouble, and it seems to be the unanimous opinion that the two nations will be more friendly hereafter. The attacks in the Spanish press on Great Britain are regarded as significant.

Travel to the provinces is heavier than usual at this season. This is probably due in part to the reluctance of Americans to travel to Europe by way of American lines, and also due to the desire of a number of former provincialists, mostly women, to get out of the way of any possible danger. It is gradually dawning on the American public that the Spanish people are determined to fight, and fight like demons both in Cuba and on the sea. While the Americans expect to win, there are strong chances that Spain will make it warm for them before the issue is decided.

The proposed conference on the commercial relations of Canada and this country is in the back ground just now, owing to the war. It is said Hon. Charles S. Hamilton of this city, formerly assistant secretary of the treasury; and an ardent advocate of reciprocity, will be one of the Ameri-

can representatives. Miss Rose Coghlan, the well known actress, will leave the legitimate stage and will appear in vaudeville here May 9. She is at present with her brother Charles in "The White Hea-

Blanche Leslie, a 19-year-old Pictou girl, was killed on Wednesday by falling down stairs at Providence. She was to have been married in a short

acrees the bow of the Spanish steamer The United States Legislators Took Action Monday.

Canadian Schooner Iolanthe Was the Only Vessel the Cruiser New York Came Across Yesterday.

No Vessels Permitted to Enter or Depart from Hampton Roads Before Sunrise or After Sunset.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 22.-According to a private despatch received here the first naval battle of the war took place opposite the Boynton, about twenty-five miles south of Palm Beach at 10 o'clock this morn-

George Layman, a reliable man, and several others who were fishing in Lake Worth, which is separated from the ocean by a narrow strip of land, heard heavy firing and ran to the beach. They reported to the railroad agent and postmaster at Lantana that a United States monoton was chasing and firing upon a Spanish man-of-war or gunbot conviving a coal transport ship. The Spaniard replied shot for shot. All the ships were travelling with a bone in their

tle for an hour, or until ordy the smoke of the funnels was visible in the southern horizon, in which direction they were travelling. A special despatch to the Times-Union and Citizen from Lantana says: "An eye witness has just arrived from Boynton and reports a supposed transport vessel southward

The men say they watched the bat-

bound, guarded by a man-of-war, pursued by a monitor keeping up a heavy

This despatch is dated at 10 a. m.

LONDON, April 22.-It is rumored here that the United States cruiser Topeka, formerly the Diogenes, foun-dered Tuesday night in collision with

FALMOUTH, April 22. - Captain Porrson of the Swedish bark Albatross, from Mobile for Dundee, towed in here yesterday damaged from collision at midnight of the 19th, about 60 miles southwest of Scilly Islands. with an unknown vessel, says that he belives the vessel colliding with him was a steamer and that she had foundered, for after she had flashed an electric light nothing more was

KEY WEST, April 22.-The fleet sailed at 5.45 o'clock this morning.

KEY WEST, April 22.-The United States cruiser (Nashville has captured the Spanish ship Buenaventura, 1155 tons, from Pascagoula for Rotterdam, having on board a cargo of lumber The Nashville towed her prize into this harber at 11 o'clock this morning and put a prize crew on board. Both ships are lying well out in the stream. (The Buenaventura was at this port last summer and loaded a cargo of lumber.)

KEY WEST. April 22 - Commander Lyons of the Dolphin has delivered to the U. 3. District Attorney Striping the papers of the Buenaventura, captured by the Nashville. He will libel the ship in the usual way. The unfortunate merchantman is still lying in the harbor. Her captain was allowed to remain on board, but the crew of twenty-eight were taken lover to the Dolphin and made to assist in the work of coaling. The gunboat Nashville steamed out of the harbor late this afternoon, having achieved the first victory of the war, although a bloodless one. She had gone about twelve miles when the Dolphin signalled her to return. She steamed back and received orders, the nature of which was not divulged, and put to sea again finally to joint the fleet, andincidentally to pick up any other vagrant ship of the enemy that happens to come within range of her guns The cruiser Marblehead, the monitor Puritan, the Algonquin and the Mangrove sailed this afternoon to join the fleet. The only ships of the squadron now remaining here are the Dolphin the Terror and the Helena, all of which are likely to move within a few hours.

MADRID, April 22, 11.45 p. m .- This evening a crowd six thousand strong carrying flags and shouting "Viva Espana," "We want war," and "Down with the Yankees," burned the Stars and Stripes in front of the residence of Senor Sagasta, the premier, who

was accorded an ovation. The procession then went to the reidence of M. Patenotre, the French ambassador, and insisted that he should make his appearance, but the French ambassador was not at home. Conferences between the Queen Re gent and the political leaders have been in progress the whole evening.

MADRID, April 24, 1 p. m .- The folowing decree was granted today: Diplomatic relations are broken off be-tween Spain and the United States, and the state of war being begun between the two countries, numerous questions of interna-tional law arise, which must be precisely defined, chiefly because the injustice and provocation come from our adversaries, and it is they who, by their detestable conduct, have caused this grave conflict.

Pedro of Bilboa, outward bound from Havana. She hove to immediately and in the course of an hour a prize crew from the flagship was in charge of her and she was on her way to Key West. While this was transpiring the out-

line of another steamer was seen several miles to the westward, and the New York put out for her as soon as she cast loose the whale boat containing the prize crew for the Pedro. The New York then fired another

blank shot of warning to "heave to" in the direction of the second vessel sighted by the flagship, and upon gaining proper distance the New York fired a second shot, this time across the bows of the second steamer, and the latter hove to at once. Upon investigation it was seen that she was a German steamer that had just left Havana, and she was allowed to pro-

This was the second seizure of the day, the first being that of the Spanish steamer Buena Ventura, by the Nashville early in the morning. The third seizure occurred this mor

ning a few miles west of the entrance to Havana harbor. It was a small schooner, apparently a fishing craft, and she was captured by the Cincinnati. The cruiser towed her to the flagship, and her captain made satisfactory explanation to Admiral Sampson, who released the vessel.

Shortly before noon yesterday the ternedo boat Porter captured a Span-ish coasting schooner, Mathilde, which the Dauntless towed into Key West last night.

The New York, with the torpedo boat Porter in close attendance, was lying about five or ten miles off Havana when the smoke of a steamer was seen a few miles to the eastward. The flagship and the Porter started for her immediately; but when they drew near, they found that she was the Italian man-of-war Bausen, bound for Havana. The Italian ran the American colors up to his masthead and fired a rear admirals salute of fifteen guns, it being the first salute a foreign warship since his appoint? ment to his present rank,

The New York returned the salute and as the firing occurred only a few miles off shore, the incident probably created considerable consternation in Havana. Just as this ceremony was them. The torpedo boat glided over the water at a very rapid rate and he served under several admini rassed almost under the bows of the tions without regard to pol Bausan on her capture of the Mathilde. As she ran, the Porter fired shots from her six-pounder across the bows of both schooners. One them came about immediately, but she proved to be a fishing boat and was released. But the Mathilde was more obstinate and probably did not appreciate being stopped by what looked like a toy bcat, or else she failed to understand what the Porter wanted her to do. But when two more shots were fired from the torpedo boat, the Mathilde came about and the Porter ran alongside, informed her she was seized by the United States and promptly took her in tow, and started off to the flagship with her.

The Mathilde was loaded with barerls of rum, and the Porter had considerable difficulty in dragging the heavy schooner through the water.

A ST. JOHN MAN'S VIEW. NEW YORK, April 24.-There is no ther topic here but war. Men of all trades and professions talk of nothing else. Nearly every shop, business establishment and tenement is draped with the nation's flag. In some cases American, Cuban and English flags are exhibited together. Every other man, woman and child wears some small American flag.

The different New York regiments are recruiting by the hundreds dally. I visited the Ninth regiment armory yesterday. The companies are now recruited up to their full strength. The following is the obligation taken by men enlisting in them, as shown me by a captain of one of the companies

of the Ninth: We, the undersigned, of our free will and accord, do volunteer to serve this organization in any service required in the defence of our country and flag when ordered by the president of the United States or the governor of the state of New York. In pursuance of this declaration, we pledge ourselves to follow the flag of the Ninth Regiment, National Guard of New York, under command of Col. Seward and the company officers, for an unlimited service, at the call of our president, our governor or our general officers.

Everything at the armories is being. Everything at the armories is being

repared for active campaign work. They can obtain all the volunteers required. At places of amusement last night pepular demonstrations were made. Today in the leading churches. prayers were offered for the success of the American arms. There is no strong Anglo-American feeling here. It seems confined mostly to newspaper

LONDON, April 25 .- The Rome correspondent of the Standard respondent of the Standard says;
"The Queen Regent asked the blessing of the pope upon Spanish arms." His holiness replied that he sent it from his heart, and hoped to see a vinication of Spain's rights, which had been trampled upon."

LONDON, April 25.—The Berlin cor-respondent of the Standard says Germany will take no steps prejudicial to the United States, nor probably join in any intervention on Spain's behalf. It is evident, therefore, that the meeting yesterday (Saturday) at Dresden between Emperor William and Emperor Francis Joseph signally failed to bring Germany into line with Austria." LONDON, April 25.—The St. Peters

burg correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, telegraphing Saturday, says: "Emperor Nichols today granted an

udience to the Spanish ambassador, Duke de Tanames, and discussed with him the Cuban question at great ength. A conference of the ambas-sadors of the powers on the subject of Cuba has been held at the foreign office, and well informed persons declare that Russia will support Spain."

NEW YORK, April 25.-A despatch to the Press from Key West says that the United States gunboat Wilmington has captured the Spanish schooner Candidia, with a deckload of charcoal intended for Havana, and that the torpedo boat Porter has captured the oner Antonio, loaded with sugar for Havana.

WASHINGTON, April 25.-Congress today formally declared war to exist between the United States and Spain. The senate passed the naval appropriation bill, carrying large amounts of money for the improvement of the navy. The Hull army reorganization bill was passed by the senate and now goes to conference; Secretary Sherman resigned as chief of the state department, to be succeeded by Assistant Secretary Day, and the latter by John B. Moore of New York, and the war department called on the several states for their quotas to the volunteer army of the United States. These were the important events of the day It was not announced when Secretary Sherman's resignation would take effect, the Secretary having yielded his original idea of leaving at once,

and it is presumed that he will re-Admiral Sampson had received from main until Judge Day qualifies as to a foreign warship since his appoint. his successor. The selection of Mr. Moore, who is now professor of inter-national law at Columbia university, New York, to succeed the latter, was warmly welcomed by all of the state department employes. Appointed originally from Delaware in the statecompleted, two schooners were department by Mr. Bayard, when the sighted in shore from where the New latter was secretary. Mr. Moore, by York and the Italian lay, and the flag- sheer merit and ability, worked his changes. He resigned his place in the state department to accept the chair of international law at Columbia,

about three years ago, and it is believed that his present appointment is only temporary, owing to his indisposition to permanently sever his connection with Columbia. Mr. Moore is an authority on certain branches of will do much to strengthen the state department in the present emergency.
The officials of the department with the assistance of the attorney general. have been preparing another proclamation, which will be issued in a day or two, this time treating of prizes and defining the conditions and time when such seizures might be made. It is believed that the protest and suggestions coming from foreign em-bassies and legations here have led

its position in this matter. A prize commissioner was appointed this afternoon in the person of Commander John Wynne, a retired naval officer. He will be stationed at Key West, where he now resides, and it will be his duty in conjunction with two of the members yet to be selected as part of the commission, to make appraisements of the value of the prizes and to assist the prize courts in their work.

the department to define once for all

It has been understood for some time past that Assistant Secretary Roosevelt of the navy department would soon retire in order to enter the military service in the Cuban campaign. This story can now be confirmed positively, although the time set for Mr. Roosevelt's departure from lantry while commanding a detachment of regular troops during the exceedingly hard Apache campaign

Secretary Alger selected Col. Wood and Mr. Roosevelt for these positions because he felt that their training and experience in the field peculiarly fitted them to do good service with a cowboy regiment. Col. Wood starts west orrow to superintend the recruitto Mr. Roosevelt from individuals and organizations among the cowboys. ecretary Long wishes Mr. Roosevelt to remain in his present position as long as possible, so it may be two or three weeks before he will join his

The president and both secretaries have regretted to see Mr. Roosevelt leave his present position, but they feel that in a regiment of this character he can do good service in the field and should be allowed to go, although, if possible, they wish him to remain here until the regiment is organized and ready to take part in the invasion of Cuba. Before that, however, he may have to leave for short

IAGES.

E—At the Free Baptist Millstream, on April Gideon Swim, John N. am, Kings Co., and e of Montreal.

N. B., on April 19th, ness, Emma Florence, Louisa and the late of lats year of her age. apers please copy.)
Ingston, Kings (50., on parting lines; Lesoph

LATTERS.

zylor, at New York nbuco, reports: Had hich lost lower topsail pril 10, lat. 36.38, lon. f a wieck, which ap-side, with knee stand-

to the cabin, and for the bodies, but to of the captain and s papers and a trunk he Freeport men are and, not a particle of

nd to Buenos Ayres, Alberta, Yarmouth to arbados to Montreal,
Canaria, Crandali
, lumber, {8; Leonard
rille, coal, p. t.; Avachn, wire, p. t.; Sallie
loy to St. John, coal,
is, Port Johnston to
d towage; Goldfinch,
ff Hatteras, molasses,
ame; W. R. Huntley,
Harven molasses, est Coast England,

Wm. Thomson & Co., d received a despatch that the steamer Lund that the owners er. The despatch adand crew would take ol with the cargo she Point. Mr. Thomson as sold by the heid he did not know who the might be the United ere was a possibility be used in the from whouldand. Shea & about the boat and d in her.
at New York on the rida, where she will a at 38.
sorge Campbell, who ling the sch. E. H., 000 feet of plank and urs, which is pretty

h prepeller damaged, i one, two and three nos docking.

Annie, Harper, was a sch. David Torrey, in, from March 20 to Island, when a heavy lick weather set in, r across the bay, pilbar, from which she y a tug. The captain added in this storm,

New Brunswick, who kas brutally as-

saulted by a drunken boy at Amesbury last Monday, is in a critical condition. There is a chance that she will recover. Nova Scotia and Quebec are receiv-

at Keith's new theatre just now. Twice a day many scenes of interest in those provinces are displayed by the biograph, which might be described as a machine of much greater improvement and more powerful than the stereopticon. Scenes in Halifax, Lunenburg, Grand Pre, Quebec City, Windsor, including Sam Slick's residence, are among the number. The teamships Yarmouth and the Plant liner Olivette in motion are also displayed on the canvas. New Brunswick is unrepresented.

The following from the provinces were in the city this week; John Erskine, A. E. Trites, D. C. Clark, William C. Whittaker, G. Wetmore Merritt, St. John; C. McK. Harvey, Mr. and Mrs. Daly, Miss Daly, Halifax; Major G. W. Johnson, Yarmouth;

G. D. Campbell, Weymouth.

Henrietta E. VanWart, 34 years old, formerly of St. John, died in Chelsea Mrs. James Hennessy, formerly of Halifax, died in South Boston April

20, aged 27 years. The following were among the exek: 410 sax flour, 450 barrels do, 50. this cornmeal, to Mahone Bay, per schooner C. A. Chisholm; fertilizer, to Kingsport, N. S., per schooner Swanhilda; 455 barrels flour, 241 barreis beef, to Hallfax, per steamer Halifax; 3,000 bushels oats, 140 barrels cornmeal, to Parrsboro, per

schooner Ressie G The lumber market is stagnant, and the spring trade is very limited as yet. Spruce frames are quoted at \$13 to 13.50 for ten inches and under and \$14 to 14.50 for 12 inch. Hemlock and pine are dull. Laths continue quiet, and cedar shingles are in rather poor demand at \$2.65 to 2.75 for extra, and

\$2.25 to 2.55 for clear. Trade in the fish market is dull, but prices are inclined to be firm in view of the outbreak of hostilities. The Gloucester fleet is hampered by fear of Spanish cruisers, and a small supply of mackerel is predicted. New fresh mackerel are selling at 25c, for large and 15c, for medium. Codfish are scarce and quotations are firm at \$4.50 to 5 for large dry bank, \$4 to 4.25 for medium, \$4.25 to 4.75 for large pickled bank and \$3.62 to 3.75 for large shore. Nova Scotia split herring are selling at \$6 to 6.25. Newfoundland at \$5.50 to 6.25 and \$4.75 to 5 for medium. Live lobsters sell at 10c. and boiled do., 12c.

DORCHESTER.

Funeral of the Late Mrs. Joseph Hickman To be Tried by Jury.

DORCHESTER, April 25 .- The funeral of the late Mrs. Joseph Hickman took place from the residence of her son, J. H. Hickman, at three o'clock today. The service was conducted by Rev. J. Roy Campbell, rector of Trinity church, assisted by Rev. Mr. Pickett, and Hon. H. R. Emmerson, M. G. Teed, H. W. Masters, A. W. Chapman, S. Edgar Wilson and W. H. Chapman acted as pall bearers.

turned from Fredericton by fast exrress today. Before Judge Wells at one o'clock today the Budd brothers, recently litted for trial by the stipendiary magistrate of Moncton, on the charge of theft, elected to be tried before a jury at the next circuit court, which opens here on Tuesday, May 1st, and

Justices Hanington and Landry re-

NEWS FROM PORTO RICO. (Portland Press, Saturday.)

Yesterday morning the British schr Evolution, Capt. Fitzpatrick, arrived from Arroyo, Porto Rico. The Evolution left April 2, arriving at the Vineyards sixteen days later and at Portland in nineteen days, thus making the quickest passage of any of the recent molasses arrivals. Mate Fitz gerald says the native creoles there are all ready for a revolution at almost any time and would be glad to see America or any other country step in and free them from the Spanish yoke. The natives are oppressed by taxes and are itching to escape the persecutions of the Spanish government. When a Spanish warship comes into the harbor, the native inhabit-Miss Ada Hosman (or Hosmer) of ants are taxed to pay her expenses while in port.

The royal decree then says:

Spain maintains her right to have recourse to privateering, and announces that for the present only auxiliary cruisers will be fitted out; all treaties with the United States are annulled; thirly days are given to United States ships to leave Spanish ports, and the rules Spain will observe during the war are outlined in five clauses, covering neutral flags and goods, contraband of war, what will be considered a blockade, the right of war and what constitutes contraband of war, ending with saying foreign privateers will be regarded as pirates.

Continuing, the decree says: Continuing, the decree says:

We have observed with the strictest fidelity the principles of international law, and have shown the most scrupulous respect for morality and the right of government. There is an opinion that the fact that we have not adhered to the declaration of Paris does not exempt us from the duty of respecting the principles therein enunciated. The principle Spain unquestionably refused to admit them was the abolition of privateering. The government now considers it most indispensabe to make absolute reserve on this point, in order to maintain cur liberty of action and uncontested right to have recourse to privateering when we consider it expedient, first, by organizing immediately a force of cruisers, auxiliary to the navy, which will be composed of vessels of our mercantile marine, and with equal distinction in the work of our navy.

Clause 1—The state of war existing between Spain and the United States annuls the treaty of peace and amity of Oct. 27, 178, and the protocol of January 12, 1877, and the protocol of

drance.

Clause 3—Notwithstanding that Spain has not adhered to the declaration of Paris, the government, respecting the principles of the law of nations, proposes to observe, and ship signalled the Porter to go hereby orders to be observed, the following regulations of the maritime laws:
One—Neutral flags ever the enemy's merchandise, except contraband of war.
Two—Neutral merchandise, except contraband of war, is not seizeable under the enemy's flag.

band of war, is not selecable under the enemy's flag.

Three—A blockade to be obligatory must be effective, viz.: it must be maintained with sufficient force to prevent access to the enemy's litteral.

Four—The Spanish government, upholding its right to grant letters of marque, will at present confine itself to organizing, with the vessels of the mercantile marine, a force of auxiliary cruisers, which will co-operate with the navy, according to the needs of the campaign, and will be under naval control. Five—In order to capture the enemy's ships and confiscate the enemy's merchandise and contrabend of war under whatever form, the auxiliary cruisers will exercise the right of search on the high seas and in the waters ships and contraband of war under whatever across and contraband of war under whatever across the right of search on the high seas and in the waters under the enemy's jurisdiction, in accordance with international law and the regulations which will be published.

Six—Defines what is included in contraband and the remaining weapons, ammunition, and all the

Six—Defines what is included in contraband of war, naming weapons, ammunition, equipments, engines and in general all the appliances used in war.

Seven—To be regarded and judged as pirates, with all the rigor of the law, are captains, masters, officers, and two-thirds of the crew of vessels, which, not being american, shall commit acts of war against Spain, even if provided with letters of marque issued by the United States.

BOSTON, April 24.-The following order was issued late this afternoon; Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Adjutant

Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Adjutant
General Office.
Special Order No. 41.
Captain John W. Weeks, commanding
naval brigade, M. V. M., will assemble his
command on the U. S. S. Minnesotts, Boston,
on Monday, April 25, for eight day's duty.
The first regiment heavy artillery, M. V.
M., Col. Charles Pfaff commanding, will
hold itself in readiness for service in defence
of Boston narbor. of Boston harbor.

The M. V. M. other than the above will hold themselves in readiness to respond to orders to assemble at twenty-four hours' notice for such duty as may be required of

order of the commander-in-chief. SAMUEL DALTON, Adjt. General.

(On board the Associated Press Despate boat Dauntless.) KEY WEST, Fla., April 24.-The Associated Press despatch boat Dauntless arrived in this harbor yesterday before midnight, having in tow the first sailing vessel prize of the campaign, the schooner Mathilde of Havana, 60 tons, loaded with rum. When the Dauntless left the main fleet under Rear Admiral Sampson at 3.15 o'clock on Friday afternoon what seemed to be a thorough blockade of Havana had been successfully inaugurated. The fleet range from eight to ten miles from the shore, along which they are extended for fully twenty miles in the following order, running from west to east: Maylowa, Newport, Detroit, flower, Marhlehead, Indiana, New York and Wilmington, with the torpedo boat Porter attending the flagship. Soon after 9 o'clock yesterday morn-

ing the Amphitrite, Puritan, Cincinnati. Castine, and Machias, and three torpedo boats, after much exchange of signals, parted company with the flagship, sailing in a northeasterly direction, presumably to blockade Matanzas, Cardenas and Sagua La Grande.

To the flagship New York belongs the honor of firing the first shot that announced the intention of the United States to esablish a blockade of the port of Havana. The scene opening event of what may prove to be the prolonged hostilities between the governments of the United States and Spain, was just off the coast of Cuba, at a point about ten miles cast How Liberal Members Advertise Hon. John Carling's Ale.

McDougall of Cape Breton Wants to Know from the Government What Rome Said in Reply to the Political Memorial.

Mr. Richardson's Civil Servant Garnished Bill Dismantled by Its Introducer-Now Hard to Say Just Where It Stands.

OTTAWA, April 19.-Private members' day is sometimes dull, but yesterday was not without its reliefs. The whole afternoon was occupied with private bills which were read in committee, or, to be literally accurate passed in committee without reading. "Shall this clause pass?" is a short sentence, but when repeated say twenty times for each bill through twelve bills or so in an afternoon, with occasional pauses to make an amendment, it grows somewhat monotonous. Yet this is an important and useful business and affords the wise and industrious member of parliament an orportunity to do his share in perfecting the legislation of the country. The important days in the house are not always those which are most

But before the house took up priwate bills there was a little domestic matter to be settled. It began last Friday when Mr. Davin was speaking in the small hours of Saturday morning, and he was exposed to continual interruptions. One of the noisiest of government supporters is the member for Bellechasse, Mr. Talbot, who though now enjoying his first term, makes himself at home in the house much as a lumberman would in a saw mill. He may be remembered as a visitor to the maritime provinces with Sir Wilfrid last year. Mr. Talbot has a great advantage over members whose argument and reasoning he interrupts, because he performs no mental processes himself and offers no opportunity to retaliate. When Mr. Davin was speaking Mr. Beattie of London rose to a point of order and called the speaker's attention to the fact that liquor was being drunk and that one of the members interrupting appeared to be intoxicated. Mr. Fraser, by whom the chair was at that moment filled-even to running overobserved that he was rather green to the position and thought the member ought to be named. Mr. Davin promptly named the member for Bellechasse, though he said he would not go so far as to say he was intoxicated. In fact he did not know that Mr. Talbot could possibly be any drunk than he vas in his natural and native condi-

This suggestion and the allegation of Mr. Beatt'e were passed over at the time, but the same evening Mr. Bennett called the attention of the speaker's locum tenens to the fact that somebody was smoking in the chamber. It was a scene at that stage not very creditable to the house. Richard Cartwright, who was leading, was unable to leave the chamber, and having become hungry was supplied with a cup of tea and a sandwich. The noblest traditions of the English house of commons admit of sand-wiches and do not abhor tea. But what Sir Richard might do with dignity and decorousness could not be solemnly performed by all the members of the house at once. By eating sandwich and drinking tea Sir Richard made his brother to offend. Mr. Tarte, being in a friendly and generous mood toward his own party, having just emerged from a sharp controversy on the affair of Greenshields and the junior Tartes, ordered ginger ale and sandwiches all around, or rather half round. So while Sir Richard eating solemnly and drinking with complacency might be suitable to the occasion, the popping of corks and the clatter of dishes made rather against a patient and favorable hearing of Mr. Davin's ar-

Mr. Talbot did not resent at the time the charge of intoxication. He seemed rather pleased with it and exposed a wide and diversified area of smile. But he studied over the question during Saturday and Sunday and Monday forenoon. Perhaps he took advice. It was borne in upon his so-called mind about the middle of the afternoon that something ought to be done about it. So when the speaker took the chair, and before the order had been given to open the doors, he rose and asserted his virtue. He didn't drink anything worse than Mr. Tarte's ginger ale, he said, and the story that he had a bottle of Carling's beer in the chamber was false and should, for the credit of the house, be retracted. This remark what followed may be stated freely, because the press door had been opened, and before the members knew it the press gallery was as full as ever Mr. Talbot had been. On reflection it was considered best to let the Hansard staff in too, and talk the matter out in the face of an anxious country. Mr. Beattle declined to take it back. He had seen the bottle of beer and had called attention to it, and thought he could prove that the strong drink was consumed within the sacred wall. It seemed to him quite unnecessary to make a lunch counter of the commons chamber when there was a restaurant down stairs. Mr. Davin also declined to take it back. He had seen the bottle himself with Carling's name on it. The Carling beer, he understood, was a powerful stimulant, and acting upon some temperaments, meaning Mr. Talbot's, produced unfortunate results. Mr. McDougall of Cape Breton

was prepared to identify the bottle Mr. Tarte owned to setting up the sin ger ale to the whole grit hous but repudiated Mr. Carling. Mr. Mc-Mullen, in a burst of exuberance, declared that Mr. Tarte had done all this "out of the goodness of his heart," and asserted that it was a slander to even suggest strong drink in connection with such an exhibition of benevolence. It was observed by the impudent member for Simcoe that Mr. McMullen would not refuse even Carling's brew in the chamber, or anywhere else, if he could get it for nothing, a fling at one of Mr. McMullen's peculiarities, which had its point. Mr. McMullen testified that nothing strong was consumed and remarked that the soft drink was necessary, as the house was undergoing severe punishment at the time. Mr. Davin smiled at this, thinking in his mind that at least one member admitted the force of his chastisement. As no determination was reached, and the withdrawal was not forthcoming, Mr. Steaker expressed the hope that if anything wicked had been done in his absence it would not occur again. while Mr. Foster threw out the suggestion that when the speaker went away somebody ought to take his place who would make the members behave themselves. Mr. Fraser and Mr. Brodeur took this a little to heart, but Mr. Fraser claimed some credit was due him for suppressing the smoker.

There are under the head of Notices of Motion some seventy or eighty proresitions yet to be moved. Thirty motions for papers not opposed were put through yesterday, but the more awkward ones stand over. For example, there is one by Mr. McDougall of Cape Breton concerning the correspondence between the liberal members and the Vatican. Two years ago Mr. Tarte read in the house a memcrial to the Pope signed by forty-five members of parliament and senators, complaining of the attitude of the bishops in political matters. "Rome shall remedy this," Mr. Tarte said in effect, though not in words, for he dces not quote the Elizabethan poets. Since then Rome has been heard from, and Mr. McDougall wants to know from the government what Rome says. But the government, which had Mr. Tarte's speech and the memorial placed in Hansard, is not anxious to have anything more printed about it. Mr. McDougall's motion has been kept well down in the list, and whenever he offers to propose it some minister says he wants to make a speech, and therefore it is passed by. He cannot discuss the question involved in it, because it is a rule of the house that no member can discuss a question on which he has a motion pending. Now, as Mr. McDougall cannot discuss his motion until it is reached, and as he cannot reach it, and has not been allowed to drop it, he would seem to re handicapped. All the same he is an old parliamentarian, and in the classical language of Ontario politicians, it is dollars to doughnuts that he will get his work in before the session closes.

Mr. Casev wants to to railway employes. His bill, supported by Mr. Ingram, who is a sort of junior partner in the proceedings, requires certain changes to be made in the construction of freight cars, and calls for improvements in the couplings, ladders and other equipments Mr. Ingram, who sits on the conservative side, is a railway man by profession, having served as a brakeman and in other capacities on railways He is quite reasonable and is rather opposed to the clause requiring railway companies to make over all their old cars straightway. But he and Casey reached an agreement on that point which allows the old cars not to be torn to pieces. The difficulty in their bill occurred over the enforcement clauses. If they are left for anybody to prosecute the act would seem to be an opportunity for blackmail. If only officials are allowed to lay information it is feared that the act would not be enforced. Mr. Casey wants Mr. Blair to take it as a part of the Railway Act. Mr. Blair is willing to consider it. So the whole measure stands over.

It is hard to say just where Mr. Richardson's civil servant garnishee bill stands. He had it up a week ago and it was left over. Yesterday he got it into committee with difficulty. The solicitor general was away to Cardinal Taschereau's funeral and neglected to leave with his colleagues the opinion of the law officers of the Crown, which was expected to be on hand at this sitting. Mr. Fitzpatrick on the first occasion was rather doubtful in his opinions. Mr. Russell thinks that no law is needed from parliament. He is of the opinion that the local legislatures have full power to deal with the matter. He even thinks that they can tax civil servants with impunity, which is a matter yet to be lecided by the Privy Council. Mr. Russell considers, as do some of the St. John lawyers, that the Ontario judgment went astray by following United States analogy. Mr. Russell refuses to go to Washington for constitutional law, seeing that the whole government system there proceeds uner different basis from ours. Washington judges would not allow civil servants to be taxed by state laws, lest the president should be deprived of the services of his officers, who might have all their salaries taxed away from them. There are other remedies in Canada, and according to the junior member for Halifax, the Queen is in a reasonably safe position, even though her officers should be made to pay income tax or should have their salaries garnisheed and swept away by the hungry creditors.

So, he says, this is a matter of pro-

Wood's Phosphodine, The Great English Remedy Sold and recommended by druggists in Canada. Only i sble medicine discovered. 題 druggists in Canada. Only relisible medicine discovered. Size
packages guarunteed to cure all
forms of Sexual Weakness, all effects of abuse
or excess, Mental Worry. Excessive use of Tobacco. Opium or Stimulants. Mailed on receipt
of price, one package \$1. six. \$5. One will please,
six will cure. Pamphlets free to sny address.

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vincial concern, and he does not want Mr. Richardson to interfere with it. Sir Richard Cartwright was impressed with the necessity of Mr. Fitzpatrick's opinion. Mr. Belcourt of Ottawa, who represents more civil servants than any one else in the house except his colleague, does not think they ought to be singled out for attack, and Mr. Davin, who resides at one great capital, has high praise for the average official. Mr. Davin says he has had as much business with the department as anybody else, and his observation is that the servants do not spend all their time walking around Parliament Hill with short sticks, but labor with pains and assiduity at their respective desks. Mr. McMillan has ideas, too, and experience. He sued a civil servant once, and the court ordered the man to pay him \$5 a month. The man paid it for two months and then suspended operations. The resumption of specie payments has not taken place, and Mr. McMillan supports Mr. Richardson's bill.

But unexpected opposition suddenly

developed from the mover himself,

when the speaker rose and the house went into committee. Mr. Richardson delivered an oration. He began by airing a grievance. Richardson of Lisgar and Mr. Davin of Assiniboia frequently assail each other, but they can meet on a common ground of injury. Mr. Correspondent Magurn of the Toronto Globe and Manitoba Free Press assails them both. They say that he malignantly misrepresents them. Mr. Davin laconically observed the other day that the man in the gallery "lies like a misplaced milestone, which never tells the truth." Mr. Richardson, who is a liberal and the editor of a Greenway organ in Winnipeg, made his charges with more verbosity, but to the same effect. The grit member having assailed the grit correspondent proceeded to affirm that he was himself awfully serious about his bill, and to deny that he was making a fool of himself in the way he handled it. To make good his position he observed that he wanted to withdraw the first two clauses of the bill and substitute other clauses which would enable the garnisheeing to be done in accordance with the laws, of the several provinces. The objection had been taken that there was no garnishee law in some provinces, and this he thought would meet the case. Having decided that he would garnishee according to the laws of the provinces that did not garnishee, he the government that he would withdraw the garnishee bill if the government would promise to dismiss any civil servant whose salary should be twice garnisheed.

The minister of trade is a clever man, but he could not see how a salary could be twice garnisheed without a garnishee bill. Then Mr. Richardson agreed to withdraw his bill if the government would promise to dismiss an official who could be twice sued. The most inveterate enemy of the civil service would hardly endorse tihs proposition, seeing that a man may be twice sued without owing anything, and that a faithful official might fall into illness, and so into debt, and be twice sued before he had not making promises last night, even to a member who supports him and who declares that he wants the civil servants treated exactly like other men. Other men are not necessarily dismissed from service as soon as they are sued twice.

However, Mr. Richardson withdrew his first two clauses, to be replaced by others, and then observed that the third clause would have to be withdrawn in order to make some changes. Sir Richard, who has finished reading Henty's books and is now engaged with Mayne Reid, withdrew his attention for a moment from the adventures of the "Cliff Climbers" and observed that as there were only three clauses in the bill, and as they were all withdrawn, he did not see any occasion for the house remaining in committee on this bill any longer. Mr. Richardson said he wanted to substitute other clauses, but Sir Richard observed if the member for Lisgar had a new bill concealed about his person it would be better to get it printed and proceed with it in the regular way of new bills. Finally the committee concluded to report progress, which is a kind of official mendacity allowed by the highest standard of morals. So Mr. Brodeur, as chairman, in the most unblushing manner told the speaker that progress had been made and the committee would likely sit again some other time. Mr. Richardson went home pondering over the mysteries of legislation. S. D. S.

OTTAWA, April 20.-The public ac-

counts committee was rather late getting to work this year. The house had been in session nearly two months before Mr. McMullen called his committee together and something near one month before the committee was organized. Mr. McMullen used to be the very keen examiner of public accounts, but at present he is not over strenuous. Yesterday the examina-tion related to expenditure for Rideau Hall. Rideau has always been an expensive concern, but never quite so costly as now except during a year or two of the Dufferin regime. The reason of it probably is that the party now in power obtained office on the promise to cut down these expenses The Somervilles, Mulocks, Casevs, Listers, McMullens, who used to rage over the finger bowls, the napkins. the wine glasses and other enormities of Rideau are now quite calm while these expenses are doubled. Mr. Hutchison, clerk of the works, gave evidence. Among the purchases of last year were goods from Walpole Brothers of London, Dublin and Belfast for \$4,100. This order was for linens, cottons and other articles of the kind. Both the total bill and the prices seem to Clark Wallace and some other members to be exorbitant. Clark Wallace, with his long experience as a trader, has reached the conclusion that the price paid for table cloths and that sort of thing was far in excess of what the price would be of the same class of goods bought in the ordinary course of trade in Canada with the duty included. Of course the government does not pay duty, but that fact does not, as Wallace says, cut

any ice, because if they bought the the price they would get the duty back through the custom house.

Lady Aberdeen figured in this testi-mony. Mr. Hutchison, after some cross-questioning, explained that the goods were bought on a requisition submitted by her excellency and the Rideau housekeeper. Not only did the countess explain what goods were wanted, but she requested that they be purchased in England and from the firm of Walpole Brothers. It aprears that the enterprising British house had sent to Lady Aberdeen a catalogue of goods with prices annexed, and the mistress of Rideau Hall fixed upon the articles, decided the quality, and arranged the whole business. This seems to be a first occasion for the appearance of the wife of the governor general in the record of the house of commons committees. Hutchison bought lumber to the value of \$1,823 from Mr. Edwards, M. P. for Russell. Mr. Edwards is a joint stock company and therefore does not violate the Independence of Parliament Act when he sells goods to the government. Bronson was a member of the Ontario legislature and he sold other lumber and shingles. Mr. Edwards' price for maple flooring was \$32 a thousand, which Dr. Sproule thinks is about twice the arice that is paid in his county.

Mr. Hutchison testifies that he does not call for tenders, nor does he enquire round to find where goods can be bought the cheapest. He gets his requisitions and goes to the deputy minister, who tells him what persons to buy from. It is fair to say that Mr. Hutchison stated that this was not a new practice, but had been carried on by the late government. Much was elicited by questioning from grit members, who seem to be perfectly satisfied with the information. E. F. Clarke said: "You found that system of buying in vogue when the government changed, did you?" Mr. Hutchison said it was. "You were told to continue it, were you not?" Mr. Hutchison said he was.

The expenditure for glasses and other tender ware keeps climbing up in a way that ought to shock Colonel Domville, yet Mr. Hutchison testifles that the Rideau Hall supplies are running low. Over \$100 was paid during two months last year for the rent of glasses and crockery for entertaining at government house, and for shortage in rented ware. The astonishing part of it is that about \$80 is charged up for two entertainments for wares short on the return. Some of the members bent their energies to determining what the cause of all this breakage was. It was suggested that grit members carried away the glasses in their pockets, but the general impression seemed to be that the dishes were broken in some extraordinary burst of exuberance.

Mr. Somerville can stand it no longer. He says that he pitched in Rideau expenditure when he was in opposition and he will do it yet. He wanted to know what on earth got all this stuff that was piled into Rideau Hall year after year. The place must be full and running over unless the old stuff was taken out, and if it was taken out, what became of it? Why wasn't something done with it? Why wasn't the whole thing stopped anyway? Why didn't the government make an allowance to the governor general and let him supply his own shortages? If the government had changed he at least would not change and was going to protest as long as he could. The opposition party of former days seemed to agree with him and he thought he had some symrathy from the present opposition. Now was the time, then, to stop this outrageous expenditure of \$30,000 a year, most of which seemed to be wasted.

The present opposition is not discsed to go so far as Mr. Somerville, but they would go to the extent of providing that all the expenses cessary should be met, while prices should be kept to a decent limit and articles bought to the best advantage. The enlargement of the dancing space in the ball room was the subject of some discussion, members raising the question whether the number of dancers had increased, what new ministers had learned to dance, and how much additional space had been found necessary in order to give them room suitable to their strength. The government was able to show that while \$2,000 was spent last year in toning up the ball room, that not a cent had been wasted in increasing the accommodations to the chapel, so that the affair was not so bad as it might be.

It seems difficult to get vouchers for all the expenditure. The auditor general has labored by letter and interview and telegram to get vouchers for William Wilson's outlay for hotel charges at Moncton during his famous investigation of railway men. Mr. Wilson got his \$20 a day, more or less, and his \$3 or \$4 for hotel expenses, but the vouchers for the latter cannot be obtained. A voucher usually takes the form of a receipted fill, and a receipted bill usually requires payment as a condition precedent. Mr. Wilson managed to obtain through the kindness of the railway department the money to pay his way and that is all that the public accounts committee has yet been able to learn about it.

In the house Mr. Davin's resolution condemning the reduction of interest to two and a half per cent. in the Savings Bank provoked a lively discus-

AN ALARMING CONDITION.

Of a Garanoque Resident — Fiesh Fell.
Off from 214 to 143 — Abandoned by
Physicians Dr. Agnew's Cure for
the Heart Saved His Life.

Four years ago Jacob Dewitts, of Ha Four years ago Jacob Dewitta, of Hay Island—near Ganaroque—was dragged almost to the verge of death by dreadful heart disease. Remedies failed. Physicians failed his was given up to die. From vigorous manbood he had gone to a broken despondent wreck. He procured Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, used it faithfully, and today he weighs 218 pounds, and lives to bless the day the great remedy was recommended to him.

n. He only obtained the support ontreal with the duty added to of the opposition party, but it is well rice they would get the duty back known that a good many government supporters disapproved of the change. Members of the government side left the defence wholly to the ministers, who could only say that three per cent. was an artificial rate greater than the value of the money, the payment of which was bad for the general borrower. But Mr. Davin, Mr. Foster and Clarke Wallace showed that the government was actually laying three-eighths of one per cent. more for the cheapest money they borrowed elsewhere. Mr. Fielding insisted that it cost a quarter of one per cent. to handle the Savings Bank business, but Clarke Wallace showed that it did not cost anything, since it was paid for by the interest not paid during the months of deposit and withdrawal, and by the unclaimed money which continually came into the hands of the government.

> The claim that most of the deposits are owned by people of considerable means is not well sustained. There are 99,000 depositors with less than \$500. Not ten per cent. have \$1,000, and a very large number have less than \$200. The average of the whole body is less than \$300. Sir Charles Tupper stated that no country in the world paid less money to savings bank depositors than to its general credit-ors, and showed that while the government was trying to reduce the interest to what it called a natural rate was itself paying to the banks for its own temporary loans four per cent. interest. While the government was proclaiming that the late reduction to three per cent. was intended to reduce the interest to the general borrower, it had not even reduced the interest on the loans it had to make from the banks.

Mr. Fielding produced a resolution passed by the council of the Board of Trade of Toronto commending the reduction. There are not many poor but thrifty savings bank depositors in the council of the Board of Trade, but there are a great many bankers and bank directors, as E. F. Clarke pointed out. He also reminded the government that only a few days ago the Toronto Board of Trade sent a unanimous request to the government to oppose the charter to the Kettle River railway, which would divert trade to the United States. Mr. Fielding and Sir Richard Cartwright both promptly supported Mr. Corbin's charter, in spite of the request. That being so, they might have refrained from asking parliament to be governed by the savings bank resolutions of the same council. Mr. Brodeur of Dundas, who is one of the most effective and common-sense speakers in the house, observed that the farmers were in his neighborhood among the principal savings bank depositors, and pointed out that the party which used to be most solicitous for the farmer now engaged in running afer the financiers and the bankers.

In the evening Mr. Fielding tried to explain about his new preferential system. He proposes to give the preference to goods made in England, of is British. It was not very clear how this factor was to be determined, and the more questions were asked the more obscure it got to be. Mr. Fielding impatiently burst in after several ineffectual explanations with the charge that the opposition were opposed to preference altogether.

Mr. Powell for one is not worried by such a suggestion. He elicited from Sir Richard Cartwright, whose ideas are much clearer than Mr. Fielding's, that he hoped to divert from the United States to Great Britain some \$5,000,-000 worth of trade. Mr. Powell was able to show that the United States exports to Canada have been steadily climbing up, as compared with English goods, and Sir Richard says that this is quite so. But the minister blames English manufacturers for it. He says they have allowed themselves to be beaten by their own want of enterprise and sagacity, and that if they cannot now obtain a foothold in the Canadian market with this preference they do not deserve to get it at all. He is willing to give John Bull another chance, and hopes he may now be able to hold his own in this country.

This gave Mr. Powell his opportunity. If the 25 per cent. preference was needed to place England on a level in our market with the United States, it followed that the preference margin would all go to the benefit of the English producer. Therefore it was a sham and a humbug for the finance minister to say that the people of Canada would get their goods cheaper by reason of the reduction. They simply would have to pay the 25 per cent, preference into the pockets of the Manchester and Yorkshire manufacturer. If \$10,000,000 worth of trade now coming from the United States, and paying say 30 per cent duty, or a total of \$3,000,000, should be diverted to England, the custom house would receive \$2,225,000. other \$750,000 would be contributed, not to the Canadian consumer, but to increase the profits or decrease the losses of the English producer. The Canadian treasury would be \$750,000 short in the revenues, which would have to be taxed out of something else. Now, said Mr. Powell, if we are to contribute this three-quarters of a million dollars and obtain in exchange for it no market for any Canadian article, we ought to see that the British Empire get some good of it. Mr. Powell does not believe in giving the money to the English merchants and manufacturers, who, according to Sir Richard Cartwright's own showing, will not take the trouble to look out for themselves. The member for Westmorland does not object to a Canadian contribution to the unity and defence of the nation, but he objects to a straight payment of threequarters of a million a year for cause that is of doubtful value to the Empire. He would rather see the payment made for the support of the fleet or to some other purpose of obvious imperial utility.

Of course the ministers said that Mr. Powell was disloyal, and so was Mr. Davin and Mr. Foster and all the rest. This caused a good deal of laughter and the gentle reminder that however

t might be on the government side. here was not the slightest occasion for the conservatives to assert their loyalty.

The sugar duties passed after Mr. Foster had drawn from Mr. Fielding the admission that they would increase the taxes by \$250,000 to \$400,000. The attention of the government was called to the fact that the sugar producing colonies in the Pacific were not included in the sugar preference. There is a refinery at Vancouver which draws its raw material from the Pacific, and if this preference is given to Queensland that establishment will get part of its sugar from thence. As the matter stands, the British Columbia industry will be seriously handicapped. Mr. Fielding says he will consider the case.

The duty on tobacco is not satisfactory to the grit party of the house. The statement was made in the budget by Mr. Fielding that the increased duty had greatly increased the smuggling. Mr. McDougall of Cape Breton pressed that point strongly, and urged that tobacco was an article of general use, and in fact one of necessity to a great body of poor people. At least they thought so, and would not or could not give it up. They simply had to pay the additional tax unless they could get their supply by smuggling, which he was afraid many of them did. Sir Henri said that 150 seizures had alreay been made, by which he seemed to argue that smuggling was more or less suppressed. It is not much of a proof that there is no smuggling to say that many seizures for smuggling have been made. It rather resembles the concluding sentence of the children's rigmarole which runs: "And our girls won't lie, for mother has whipped them a thousand times for lying."

Some devil entered into the heart of Dr. Landerkin last night. Within fifteen minutes he spoke three times, and each time made almost identically the same short speech: "I want the minister of inland revenue to reduce the duty on tobacco to what it used to be. He has doubled the price and gets no more revenue. I don't want the poor man's tobacco taxed so high. The minister is my friend and I hope he will be influenced by what I say." Possibly the good doctor's remarks were a little less coherent than the report makes them, but that is the substance. Another fifteen minutes passed, when the doctor made a discovery. He said he found that Sir Henri did not do it at all. Another of his leaders, Mr. Fielding, was the man to blame. So he begged Joly's pardon and addressed two or three identical speeches to Mr. Fielding. The house began to be amused, and Sir Louis, who was leading and wanted to go home to an anxious family, became annoyed. Dr. Landerkin is a furious smoker, and it may not be necessary to add that he is not a member in good standing in any temperance society.

The attack on the government's policy about savings banks has produced one good result. Sir Richard and Mr. Fielding are devising a scheme to give the small depositor a chance to invest in three per cent. bonds of small denomination. S. D. S.

(Atlanta Constitution.)

There's a screer feel o' summer in the lazy, daisy air,
An' the hummin' birds air comin' an the blooms air ever'where;
An' a feller feels like noddin' when thar's any work ter do, loadin' roun' in meddles whar the daisy drinks the dow.

wishin' time an' fishin' time, an' time fer stayin' still

Whar the song birds in the blossoms air
a-singin' fit ter kill!

Ter feel yer hair a-wavin' in the vi'letscented breeze

Or slip away ter dreamin' in the dronin' o'

It ain't no time for thinkin'; it ain't no time ter stay
In the city, when the coolin' shades air callin' you away;
Fer folks up in the city jest git a glimpse o' blve,
When that's miles of it, unclouded, in the
medders, over you!

I like the lazy, daisy, springtime feelin-Whar the blossoms air a-rainin' all their richtess over me!
That's the time you'll fin' me noddin' when that's any work ter do,
Or loafin' roun' in meiders, whar the daisy drinks the dew!

TOMB OF COLUMBUS IN HAVANA. f"God made me the messenger of the new heavens and new earth, and told me where to find them. Reason, charts and mathematical knowledge had nothing to do with

Here, mid these paradises of the seas,
The roof beneath of this cathedral old,
That lifts its suppliant arms above the trees,
O'er choral altars of the cross of gold,
Columbus sleeps—his crumbling tomb be-

By faith his soul rose eagle-winged and free, And reached that Power whose wisdom never fails, Walked mid the kindred stars, and reverent-

The light earth weighed in God's own golden scales.

man of passions like to men's was he;

He overcame them, and with hope and

Made strong his soul for highest destiny, And, following Christ, he walked upon the sea; The waves upheld him—what is here is

-H. Butterworth. BY THE BARS.

(Philadelphia Bulletin.)
The following lines may be read either up down without altering the sense:) The stars were all alight The mon was overhead;
I named her queen of night,
As she my footsteps led.
So wondrous fair was she,
I asked her to be mine,
"You're all all the world to me,"
I thrilled with love divine.

Beside the meadow bars,
As we stood lingering there,
Her eyes were like the stars,
In radiance wondrous fair.
"You're all the world to me,"
She murmured, sweet and shy,
A thrill of ecstacy
I felt in her reply.

Love led us all the way, And we turned home again;
Our hearts were light and gay,
The world was blissful then.
Though shadows crossed the sky,
No gloom our hearts could know,
True bliss is ever high
When hearts are blended so.

Mr. Isaacs—I sells you dot coat at a grad sacrifice. Customer—But you say that of all your goods. How do you make a living? Mr. Isaacs—Mein frient, I makes a small profit on de paper and string.

SECO

(Daily S One does not or an art critic rooms in the Y. voted to the ar festival. The simple fac

in the main g paintings from \$100,000 is enoug itir. But the by no means lac is a revelation t paintings of gr could be collect of work of local creditable one; hibit of the Wor in art china. art and interesti vuluable that h gether for an ex The general gymnasium room ately decorated. under the direct occupy the two si the centre of Montreal on one

exhibit on the ot rangement is ad also is the displ man's Art Asso of paintings by displayed in th stairs, and down beautifully dec tables. In each ladies, or both interested in ma ant for the visito The exhibition on the 18th i Lieut. Governor companied by M

it about three afternoon a good ed, and there wa in the evening. The visitor is deer a handsom of material ass with the paintin tne exhibition of First, the collect second, local lo third, local loan colors; fourth, gain oils; fifth, loc

colors.

THE P The great pain Jairus' Daughte loaned by Hon. (valued at \$50,000. tre of attraction description can found impression beholder. Right don Breton, loaned by R. B. and it also appea religious sentime artistic sense. T ticn, the utter sciousness in the group portrayed art in expression style, and extren Wallachian Pos W. W. Ogilvie, two other picture W. C. VanHorne Association of I B. Angers, and Sons make up the treal collection,

The local collect includes some ne loaned by Forsha Halifax, O. H. William Kerr, Jos Count deBury, Geo. McLeod, H Thomson, John (Burpee, John H. W. H. Thorne, W ton, S. J. Richey. The water color N. Sutherland, F A, Halifax; Jose Fisher, Count deF

worthy of special

permit.

The local arti classes four and Eliza T. Harding Miss M. Barry Sr Lady Tilley, Mis Marion Holly, M man, Alex. Wats ster, Miss E. A. W .B. Tennant, M G. A. Henderson Watson, Miss Flo Pickett, Miss E. THE W.

Just to the righ the upper gallery Association have arrests attention holder. The arran draperies, small miniatures, deco potted palms, vas artistic, and the the display are o merit that a min confirms and dee admiration arouse Resting on the ra booth is the swor the province of N and gold of blade Nova Scotia met now the property ard. A miniature Miss Ritchie, is side it, and is

the government side, he slightest occasion tives to assert their

es passed after Mr. n from Mr. Fielding at they would inby \$250,000 to \$400,000. ie government was that the sugar pron the Pacific were he sugar preference. nery at Vancouver w material from the preference is given establishment will gar from thence. As , the British Columbe seriously handielding says he will

acco is not satisfacparty of the house. made in the budget that the increased increased the smugigall of Cape Breton strongly, and urged an article of general one of necessity to oor people. At least and would not or ip. They simply had nal tax unless they apply by smuggling, raid many of them id that 150 seizures nade, by which he that smuggling was ressed. It is not at there is no smugmany seizures for n made. It rather cluding sentence of narole which runs: on't lie, for mother a thousand times for

ered into the heart last night. Within spoke three times. de almost identically ech: "I want the revenue to reduce co to what it used ubled the price and nue. I don't want acco taxed so high. y friend and I hope ed by what I sav doctor's remarks coherent than the , but that is the er fifteen minutes loctor made a dishe found that Sir it at all. Another Fielding, was the he begged Joly's sed two or three to Mr. Fielding. be amused, and leading and wantan anxious family, r. Landerkin is a l it may not be at he is not a memng in any temper-

government's polanks has produced Sir Richard and vising a scheme to sitor a chance to cent. bonds of S. D. S.

stitution.)

summer in the lazy. air comin' an the noddin' when thar's dilers whar the daisy

shin' time, an' time in the blossoms at in' in the dronin' o'

hinkin'; it ain't no olin' shades air calljest git a glimpse o unclouded, in the

a-rainin' all their in' me noddin' when

US IN HAVANA. and told me where charts and matheothing to do with

ns above the trees,

e-winged and free, stars, and reverent-

ed in God's own men's was he;

-what is here is -H. Butterworth. BARS.

Bulletin.)

t and shy.

work. Suspended above the sword is an oriental rug of silk, loaned by W. Scott & Sons of Montreal, and valued at \$750. The Turkish and Persian draperies and rugs in the booth were loaned by Mrs. Timmerman and Mrs. Geo. McAvity, and an elegant table drapery by Mrs. Fred Sayre. The paintings were loaned by Miss Jones, Mrs. Geo. McAvity and Mrs. Purchase The china paintings are by Mrs. H. D. McLeod, Miss McGivern, Mrs. Raymond, Mrs. G. Wetmore Merritt, Mrs. Clarence deForest, Miss Reld, Mrs. Geo. Murray and Miss M.B. Smith; and one piece, by Bischoff, is loaned by Mrs. McLeod. The miniatures are by Miss Ritchie, Mrs. Raymond, Miss Holly; and there is some exquisite work by Rowe, loaned by Mrs. G. H. Flood and Mrs. Geo. MoAvity, the latter also contributing the graceful palms which adorn the booth, and a handsome teakwood table. A carved Swiss chair, loaned by Mrs. W. S. Fisher; vases by Mrs. Timmerman and Mrs. McLeod; statuary by Mrs. Stetson, Mrs. Matthew, Mrs. Narraway and Mrs. Harding, are other valuable additions to the adornment of (Daily Sun, April 19th.) the booth, which is further set off by One does not need to be an artist the presence of a handsome mantel or an art critic to find pleasure in the loaned by Emerson & Fisher; china rooms in the Y. M. C. A. building decabinet by Manchester, Robertson & voted to the art loan exhibition and Allison; table by the Lordly Mfg. Co. and miniature cabinet by C. Flood & The simple fact that there are hung Sons. The whole comprises a very

SECOND PART.

festival.

in the main gallery a collection of

\$100,000 is enough to attract the vis-

it ir. But the St. John collection is

is a revelation to many that so many

paintings of great merit and value

could be collected here. The display

creditable one; while the special ex-

hibit of the Woman's Art Association,

in art china, specimens of ancient

art and interesting curios is the most

vuluable that has ever been got to-

gether for an exhibition in St. John.

gymnasium room, which is appropri-

ately decorated. The paintings, hung

under the direction of Alex. Watson,

occupy the two sides of a screen along

the centre of the room, those from

Montreal on one side and the local

exhibit on the other. The lighting ar-

rangement is admirable. On this floor

also is the display made by the Wo-

man's Art Association. The gallery

of paintings by local artists is well

displayed in the class room down

stairs, and down stairs also are the

beautifully decorated refreshment

ladies, or both ladies and gentlemen

interested in making everything pleas-

The exhibition was formally opened

on the 18th inst. by the patron,

Lieut. Governor McClelan, who, ac-

companied by Mrs. McClelan, visited

it about three o'clock. During the

afternoon a good many people attend-

ed, and there was a large attendance

The visitor is able to secure at the

deer a handsome catalogue, which is

of material assistance in connection

with the paintings. From this it is

learned that there are five sections in

tne exhibition of pictures. There are:

First, the collection from Montreal:

second, local loan collection in oils;

third, local loan collection in water

colors; fourth, gallery of local artists

in oils; fifth, local artists, in water

THE PAINTINGS.

loaned by Hon. G. A. Drummond, and

valued at \$50,000, is of course the cen-

tre of attraction, and no mere verbal

description can do justice to the pro-

found impression it makes upon the

beholder. Right beside it is the Par-

don Breton, by Dognan-Bouvert

loaned by R. B. Angers of Montreal,

and it also appeals profoundly to the

religious sentiment as well as to the

artistic sense. The complete abstrac-

ticn, the utter absence of self-con-

sciousness in the devout faces of the

group portrayed is the perfection of

art in expression. Of quite another

style, and extremely striking, are the

Wallachian Post Horses, loaned by

W. W. Ogilvie, who also has loaned

two other pictures. Three loaned by

W. C. VanHorne, three by the Art

Association of Montreal, two by R.

B. Angers, and five by W. Scott &

Sons make up the balance of the Mon-

treal collection, every one of which is

worthy of special description did space

includes some notable pictures, was

loaned by Forshaw Day, R. C. A., of

Geo. McLeod, H. S. Gregory, Robert

Thomson, John Connor, Mrs. J. P. C.

Burpee, John H. Parks, J. D. Hazen,

W. H. Thorne, W. A. Black, Frederic-

The water colors were loaned by J.

N. Sutherland, Forshaw Day, R. C.

The local artists represented in

classes four and five are: Offs-Miss

Eliza T. Harding, J. N. Sutherland,

Miss M. Barry Smith, H. J. deForest,

Lady Tilley, Miss deBury, Miss Fi.

Marion Holly, Miss Bessie E. Bow-

man, Alex. Watson, Mrs. M. E. Web-

Pickett, Miss E. A. A. Woodburn.

THE W. A. A. BOOTH.

arrests attention and charms the be-

draperies, small paintings, statuary,

miniatures, decorated china, rugs,

potted palms, vases and the like is so

the display are of so great individual

merit that a minute examination but

A, Halifax; Joseph Allison, W.

Fisher, Count deBury, C. Flood.

ton, S. J. Richey.

The local collection in oils, which

The great painting, the Raising of

Daughter, by Gabriel Max,

ant for the visitor.

The general exhibition is in the

rich and valuable collection, that will paintings from Montreal valued at delight the soul of every lover of art. DISPLAY OF ANCIENT ART. by no means lacking in distinction. It To the left of the booth just described is an artistic corner, where there are displayed specimens of older art in china, miniatures, engravings, of work of local artists, too, is a most and other valuable articles, beside which one is tempted to linger for some time. A glance over the following list will show that there are old, rare, curious and interesting articles displayed here. Among the articles loaned for the occasion are:

By Mrs. Vroom—Old cabinet and mother of rearl inlaid chair, Willow and Pekin chine dishes, a plate of 1776 and others very old.

By Miss Narraway—Portraits on porcelain of Rev. Mr. Narraway and Mrs. Narraway, done in 1833; jewel case once owned by Robert Bruce: model of Albert Durer's house in Nuremburg.

Nuremburg.

By Miss Fowlis—Snuff box presented the Earl of Chatham to Robert Fowlis 1779; medal presented by the Edinburgh sciety to W. & Robert Fowlis in 1756 for the control of the con best printed Greek book; two carved heads, three cameos, one cameo set in gold, one cameo in bas relief, four miniatures and a medallion, all the work of Robert Fowlie; one bracelet, a card case, a broach and an

unset amethyst.

By Miss Reed—Royal Dresden coffee pot, 170 years old; a painting of feathers, done by Miss Biffin, who, having neither hands nor feet, held the brush in her teeth; also tables. In each department are found other old china.

Mrs. Parks—Two brass (andlesticks, and pieces of Willow china.

Miss Holly—Plate over 100 years old, and two brass candlesticks.

Mrs. de Forest—Miniature, also a cup and service.

ored print.

Mrs. Geo. McAvity—Old work table, card table and chair.

Mrs. Purchase—Two miniatures.

Mrs. Berryman—Fine collection of old Crown Derby ware.

Lady, Tilley—Carved ivory card case, and old china. old china. Mrs. H. J. McAvity—Two very old vases,

Avis Geraldine Hall, Frances Maud Stead, Grace L. Fairweather, Ethel May Brown, Elizabeth S. Miller, Georgina S. Scammell, Nellie Stuart Par-

The statue posings by Miss Ina S. Brown, representing famous classic works of art, were also extremely interesting and highly praised.

The festival committee last evening were Mrs. Robert Thomson, Mrs. Geo. McLeod and Mrs. Geo. F. Smith, assisted by Misses Mabel Thomson, Mona Thomson, Tina MacLaren, Margery Holden, Leslie Smith and Miss Howland of Toronto and Miss Blair of Ottawa.

The candy table was in charge of Miss Dunn, Miss Lena Dunn, Miss Parks and Miss Annie Smith. The lemonade table was looked after by Miss Alice Estey, Mrs. Walter

Scovil and Miss Ethel Estey.

TROYON AT THE ART LOAN. Constant Troyon died in Paris in 1865 at the age of 55. He attained his peculiar excellence and wonderful power after a sojourn with the masters of Barbizon in the Forest of Fontainebleau, where he absorbed the spirit of that great school and applied it to his particular field of art. the painting of animals, cattle chiefly, in the deep verdure of the landscape. The famous group of painters who form what is known as the Barbizon

school consisted of Corot, that mos exquisite poet painter, that sweet sirger of the landscape, Millet, who, a peasant himself and in the fullest sympathy with the humble life of those who earn their bread by continued and diligent toil, painted that life with a conviction and power that has made his name immortal in art. Rousseau, who painted the very anatomy of the landscape, looking deeply into the very heart of nature. Dupee, Diaz and Daubigne, also departing from all tradition, looked out on nature with fresh eyes and painted her as she appealed to them individually. And Troyon applied the same principle to his paintings of landscape

and cattle. The Golden Troyon, which it is our high privilege to have with us at this time, is so called because of the golden tone that pervades it. It is an exi quisite landscape; the cattle are subservient in this case to the rest of the picture, a lovely sky grey with clouds and with one luminous light over all.

The work of any man who is recognized by the art world as a master must be well worthy our closest at tention. We must look and listen for the song he sings or the story he

The illustration accompanying this

Mrs. de Forest-Miniature, also a cup and bowl 150 years old.

Mrs. Harris Allan—Ancient tea kettle and cup and saucer.

Mrs. Fred Harding, Miss Otty, Mrs. A. C. Smith, Mrs. J. R. Armstrong, Mrs. D. McLellan, Mrs. Geo. McAvity, and Mrs. Matthew-Old china, and the last named also silver extinguisher and tray.

Miss McGivern—Old engravings and colored print. losings, showing various emotions. followed by a tableaux of songs. A lullaby and a reading are also on the programme. The Y. M. C. A. orches-

That part of the public who wish to more carefully examine the masand old blue ware.

Mrs. J. C. P. Burpee—Dishes of Shropshire pottery of the date 1752-57.

Miss McMillan—Miniature.

Mrs. Geo. Hegau—Brooch and earrings

terpleces on view should, if at all possible, visit the galleries in the daytime, when they are not so crowded.

The exhibition is open each day at 9 terpieces on view should, if at all The exhibition is open each day at 9 a. m. Ladies would do well to have The general committee of arrange- a good examination of the pictures in ments are: G. A. Henderson, W. S. the afternoon and be joined at



Halifax, O. H. Warwick, F. Sandall, William Kerr, Joseph Allison, R. Dole, Count deBury, Gen. D. B. Warner, C. Cross, L. P. D. Tilley, J. N. Suther- at a very moderate price. land, Dr. T. D. Walker, Geo. E. Williams.

The decoration committee were: Frank White, J. F. Berton, A. W. Robb, James Henderson, D. Donald, Fred Dunlop, L. F. Raynor, Harvey Smith, James Malcolm, Robt. Price, S. H. Davis, J. T. McGowan. Selection committee: Alex. Watson,

J. N. Sutherland, W. P. Dole, Ladies' art booth (committee of W. A. A.): Mrs. Geo. McAvity, Mrs. H. D. McLeod, Mrs. Geo. Murrray, Miss L. Parks, Miss McGivern, Miss Allison Jones, Mrs. Timmerman, Mrs. Geo. H. Flood, Mrs. F. E. Sayre, Mrs. F. J. Harding.

ster, Miss E. A. A. Woodburn, Mrs. W .B. Tennant, Mrs. S. H. Davis, Mrs. (From Wednesday's Daily Sun.) G. A. Henderson; water colors-Alex. The art loan exhibition was visited Watson, Miss Florence S. Kaye, F. A. by a large number of citizens yesterday afternoon and evening, and all were charmed with the display of raintings and other art work. Most Just to the right of the entrance to interest of course centres in the the upper gallery the Woman's Art! splencid collection of paintings from Association have a booth that at once Montreal, but the other display is holder. The arrangement of the costly such as to awaken a strong feeling of local pride. The opportunity to study carefully an exhibit that is admittedly a remarkably fine one, including some paintings that have made the artistic, and the articles comprising artists famous; as well as a unique collection of artistic work in other

Fisher, Alex. Watson, J. Clawson, W. friends. A most elegant tea is served

(From Thursday's Daily Sun.)

The Art Loan Exhibition continues to draw well, though there should be sufficient appreciation of good art in St. John to cause the galleries to be filled all day long. People are beginning to find out that a visit in the daytime is the best, in order to most thoroughly take in the beauties of the axhibition. Quite a number have been in every day so far, sperding several hours in enjoying the treat-of art.

The short programme each evening is greatly appreciated. Last night Miss Aimee Cecil Jones furnished an entertainment. The opening number was a well-given reading entitled The Message. Her posings of emoontions were splendid. They included Expectation, Listening, Watching, Sorrow, Joy, Dejection, Supplication, Diedein, Flattery, Anger, Appeal, Bashfulness, Sympathy, Ridtcule, Fear, Challenge, Flight, Meditation, The Dance, Pain. The latter pose was a representation of a screeching toothache. Following this was a song tableau while Miss Rising seng My Faith Looks Up to Thee, Miss Jones represented the various emotions which find expression in the song. The Y. M. C. A. orchestra played throughout the evening.

Tonight the programme will include living (From Thursday's Daily Sun.)

The Y. M. C. A. orchestra played throughout the evening.

Tonight the programme will include living statues by S. L. and A. Kerr. There will be some additions to the list given on Monday evening. The illumination of these tableaux and statuary by the calcium light under Mr. Farren's management adds greatly to their effectiveness. Harrison's orchestra will play tonight. The ladies in charge of the tables tonight are from Carleton. On the tea table are Mrs. Trompson, Mrs. C. B. Allin and Mrs. E. R. Taylor. Those taking the candy table are Misses Florence Schofield, Helen Seely, G. Seely and Blanche Jones.

collection of artistic work in other lines, is one that should be taken advantage of by the citizens generally. The rooms were well filled last evening. A large number of those presented to General Williams, the hero of Kars, by the province of Nova Scotta, the steel and gold of blade and scabbard being Nova Scotta metals. This sword is now the property of Dr. William Bayard. A miniature of Dr. Bayard, by Miss Ritchie, is on a stand close beside it, and is a beautiful piece of side it, and is a beautiful piece of side it, and is a beautiful piece of side it.

Back from British Columbia With Good Advice-Prof. Kierstead's Lecture on Higher Life of the People.

FREDERICTON, April 22.—Daniel F. George died at 1 o'clock today of internal cancer. His somewhat sudden death caused a shock to the community. He came here in 1870 from Mansfield, Mass., and has been actively engaged in the lumber, hemlock bark and starch industries. A few years ago by heavy failures of his consignees in Massachusetts he lost a large amount of money, which considerably crippled his operations. The deceased was well known in this city and county, and leaves an honorable and upright business record. In private and social life he was highly esteemed by all, and his memory will long be cherished for his generous acts and kindly deeds. His wife, one daughter-Mrs. John Bauld of Halifax -and one son survive.

FREDERICTON.

Known Lumberman.

The Herald says: Fredericton has ost one of its most highly esteemed citizens in the death of D. F. George. He came here a stranger nearly three decades ago, but speedily identified himself with the city's interests, and by his walk and conversation, his geniality and his personal character endeared himself to citizens of all classes. The city sincerely mourns his loss and extends to his bereaved widow and family its tenderest sympathy. He was an honorable, upright, conscientious man, a Christian and a entleman.

John P. McKeen, Frank Rowan and Edward McElvany, who left here about two months ago to seek fortunes in British Columbia, have returned home, and are glad to get back. They strongly advise New Brunswickers to stay at home.

The following cases were heard in the supreme court today: Ex parte Thos. C. Lynch-T. J. Carer moves for a rule nisi to remove a liquor license act conviction for selling at the Boundary Line house at Andover; rule granted.

In Miller v. School Trustees Canterbury Station, it was announced that this case had been settled out of court, the trustees agreeing to admit the

children of Miller to school. Johnston v. Carter-Skinner, Q. C., supports appeal from Gloucester county court; M. G. Teed contra; court con-

siders. Langley v. McNutt-T. J. Carter supports appeal from Victoria county court; S. E. Morrell contra; appeal allowed and case remitted to county court, with directions to enter a verdict for defendant.

Quinton v. Tapley-W. B. Wallace supports appeal from St. John county our richest prairies. court; Skinner, Q. C., contra; court | An educated man filled with genu-

contra; now before court. This is the last case for argument this term. Judgments will be delivered in the morning.

The government have fixed Tuesday, May 24th, for the examination of court stenographers under the act passed last session. The examination will be held at the equity court room, St. John. The attorney general, Dr. Stockton and J. D. Phinney are the examiners. Applicants are required to notify the clerk of the supreme court not later than Monday next of their intention to take this examina-

Prof. Kierstead of Acadia College lectured before the University students this evening on The University, the Fortress of the Higher Life of the People. Prof. Kierstead began his lecture by quoting Cardinal Newman's views of the purpose of the universty: "Its aim is that of training good members of society. Its art is the art of social life, and its end is fitness for the world. It aims at raising the intellectual tone of society, at cultivating the public mind, at purifying the national taste, at supplying true principles to popular enthusiasm and fixed claims to popular aspiration, at giving enlargement and sobriety to the ideas of the age, at facilitating the exercise of political power and refining the intercourse of private life." He also noted Carlyle's estimate, who considered the very highest interests of man vitally intrusted to the universities. The history of universities from Abelard's time shows that they are closely related to the life of the nation, for they are sustained by public funds and private beneficence; they can scarcely be killed by opiosition of fees and neglect of friends. He then devoted his remarks to two points; first, the elements of the higher life of the people, and second, how far the university preseries and strengthens these elements. The first element to be noted is

knowledge, intelligence. This is closely related to all the life of a country. some philosophers almost identify knowledge and life. Says one: "Life is for learning and working." "No," says another philosopher and more truly, "but learning and working are for life." Other things being equal, that people will rank highest that has the greatest intelligence, most widely diffused.

Another element is of course the ethical standard a people maintains. We take the legislation of a nation, its literature, art, its philanthropic enterprises and its sense of international obligations as indicating its ethical status and largely its rank in

the world's life. The character of social life, the sanctity of home, the purity, sweetness and light of general intercourse is another source of the best human welfare. The type of religious thought

A Prominent U. S. Physician Praises Dr. Agnew's Ointment.

Dr. M. Barkman, Binghampton, N. Y., writes: "Send me 12 dozem more of Dr. Agnew's Ointment. I prescribe large quantities of it. It is a great remedy for tetter, salt rheum, eczema and all skin diseases, and also a cure for piles. Price 35 cents a box.

in which the highest idea of man is trought out, must also ever form an integral part of a nation's best aspir-Death of D. F. George, the Well

The national life also determines its standing. If government is regarded as merely a good business organization and its office in securing the rights of man diregarded, the general life will run low. The currents of national thought affect all the people. The people too must have the best ideals to flourish in the truest sense. These

points were developed at length. The lecturer then considered how far the university develops these elements. He did not claim that the university has all these elements of life in its keeping. The people at large have books and other sources of life in abundance. But he held that the citizen has an immense advantage in the organization of study, in the quiet secured for thought, in the power of associated work, and in the enthusiasm for thinking it develops. The university promotes intelligence by preserving the best of the past as far as that life is treasured in language and literature. He held that the "heart of a nation is its mother tongue," and by its language and literature, even of an age long past, it preserves the vital element it once

Further, he held that university work is essential to general education. Here he quited Professor Seeley, who says: "Education in England is what Oxford and Cambridge choose to make it." He held also that the general intelligence of a people adds to its power to get wealth. There are three conditions of production of wealth, viz., "land, labor and capital." By land is meant natural resources in general. Political economists teach that the immaterial sources of wealth are quite as necessary as the other elements. Especially in Canada where our resources are abundant. and where we can obtain capital at a cheap rate, is it essential to develop the intelligence of our people. The i niversity, even the most superior, is the best investment a people can make -public school, our Normal schools cur professions, our journalism, our

so al and religious life, must be influenced directly by the work of the higher institution. He held that the college promoted ricrality and religion; that ethical and intellectual life are clearly connected; that education is a kind of religion and gives strength to genuine religious

conviction. The colleges furnish also high ideals and promote public spirit and national aims and purposes. He thus regarded the university as a necessity in any country; in the words of Huxley, it is "the fortress of the higher life of the nation."

In concluding he pointed out the reasonableness of spending money on cur colleges. For a nation to economize in regard to its higher education is the same kind of folly that it would be to use poor though cheap grain or seed for the harvest we expect from

Thompson v. City of St. John-Mc-his work, and in truth, is worth Lean moves for new trial; Skinner many thousands of dollars to the country that claims him.

FREDERICTON, N. B., April 24,-The funeral of the late Daniel F. George took place this afternoon. Rev. J. D. Freeman conducted the service at the residence and at the grave in Forest Hill cemetery, where the remains were interred. The pall-bearers were: Hon. A. F. Randolph, R. A. Estey, John W. Spurden, Prof. Downing, Frank Morrison, E. B. Winslow. The heavy rain did not prevent a large attendance of citizens from paying a last tribute to the memory of

a man whom all respected. Rev. Dr. Trotter, president of Acadia college, occupied the pulpit of the Baptist church at both services today. His visit is in the interests of

that institution. The tolls of the city market weigh scales and wharves were sold at auction Saturday. Samuel Cook purchased the weigh scales at \$419, against \$290 last year, and R. A. Estey, the wharf revenues at \$606, against \$903

naid by him last year. The ladies of St. Dunstan's church closed a very successful fair and sale Saturday night. Ald. Rossborough won the gold-headed cane offered for the most popular member of the city council, and Jos. McPeake held the lucky number for the bicycle donated

by the A. O. H. The supreme court on Saturday delivered the largest batch of judgments that has been delivered by the court in one day for many years, no less than twenty-six being handed down, and many of them of unusual importance. They are as follows:

Ex parte S. W. Wilkins, ex parte Herbert W. McLood and ex parte Amasa E. Killam—Rules absolve for certiorari to remove orders made by county court judge of St. John and Westmorland against applicants (all employes of the dominion government) for payment of judgment debts by instalments, Landry dissenting. In the Killam case Chief Justice and Judges Hanington, Vanwart and McLeod hold that the act under which the orders were made applies only to the present ability of judgment debtors to pay and not to future earnings or income, which may be uncertain. The chief justice and Judge Hanington also hold that the provincial legislature has no power to pass an act by which the salaries of federal employes can be attached. Judge Landry dissents from both views, but thinks that an improper discretion was exercised in the Wilkins and McLeod case.

Ex parte Pascal Hebert-Rule for attach ment for non-payment of costs refused, Mc-Leod, J., dissenting.

Ex parte Beverley Lawrence—Rule for cer-tionari refused.

Gorman v. Urquhart—Certificate for su-preme court costs ordered, Hanington and Landry, J. J., dissenting.

Ex parte Corry Anderson—Rule absolute to remove commitment of applicant for dis-obedience to a summons as a witness in a Scott act cass.

by partice Corry Anderson-Rule absolute to remove commitment of applicant for disobedience to a summons as a witness in a Scott act cass.

Ex parte Everett McElroy, ex parte George McElroy and ex parte Isreal Smith—Rules absolute to remove convictions for destroying fences, on ground of magistrates' excessive taxation of costs.

Lang v. Brown—Rule for reversal of verdict or new trial refused, and plaintiff's verdict sustained.

Lobb v. Rourke—New trial.

Queen v. Troop Ship Salling Co.—Rule absolute to remove judgment of police magistrate of St. John for wages of and expentes connected with care of distressed seamen.

Ex parte Pascal Hebert—Rule refused to remove liquor license act conviction.

Ex parte James C. Thompson—The like.

Ex parte Woodstock Electric Light Co.—Rule absolute to remove conviction for not registering, on the ground that a corporation carnot be proceeded against under summary convictions ect.

McDougall v. Campbellton Water Supply

Co.-Non-suit confirmed and new trial re-Labelle v. McMillan-Verdict for plaintiff in an action for false imprisonment sustained and new trial refused.

Woodstock Woollen Mills Co. v. Moore—Verdict for plaintiff sustained and new trial refused.

Maxwell v. Malcoim & Ross—New trial unless plaintiff consents to reduce verdict to \$842.42. to \$842.42.

James v. Crockett—Non-suit sustained and new trial refused.

Cronkite v. Pinder—County court appeal allowed with costs, with directions that there be a new trial unless plaintiff consents to reduce verdict by \$30.

Watson v. Philips—Court dividing equally appeal dismissed.

Ex parte Howard Giberson—Rule refused to remove houter license act conviction.

Ex parte Howard Giberson—Rule refused to remove liquor license act conviction.

Turner v. Goodwin—Equity appeal dismissed with costs.

Tapley v. Quinton—Appeal from St. John county court allowed with costs.

Argument in Thompson v. the City of St. John was then concluded, which finished the business for this term.

The chief justice opens the Carleton circuit next week, at which the trial of the parties charged with the murder of Annie Tucker at Glassville, last winter, will be heard.

WANDERER'S SONG.

I have had enough of women, and enough of love, But the land waits, and the sea waits, and But the land waits, and the sea waits, and day and night is enough; Give me a long white road, and the grey wide path of the sea, And the wind's will and the bird's will, and the heartache still in me.

Why should I seek out sorrow, and give gold for strife?

I have loved much and wept much, but tears and love are not life;
The grass calls to my heart, and the foam
to my blood criss up,
And the sun shines and the road shines, and

the wine's in the cup. have had enough of wisdom, and enough of mirth, For the way's one and the end's one, and it's

soon to the ends of the earth;
And it's than good-night and to bed, and it
heels or heart ache,
Well, it's sound sleep and long sleep, and
sleep too deep to wake. -Arthur Symons.

MARINE MATTERS.

S.S. Halifax City, Cap® Newton, which arrived Wednesday night, salled again yesterday for Halifax and London.

Schooner Victor, 43 tons register, has been purchased by Capt. Benjamin Tufts. She is engaged in the lumber trade between St. John and Qu.co.

Schr. Lakota, bound from New York for Parrsboro, will load at Kingsport, N. S., for West Indies; reported for Havana and Demorara.

rara.

Steamer Storm King, from Baltimore, which arrived at Antwerp April 16, encountered very heavy weather and sustained damage to bulwarks and cattle fittings, and lest four horses.

damage to bulwarks and cattle fittings, and lost four horses.

Steamer Willem Eggerts, at Philadelphia from Java, reports, April 17, 70 miles E. of Cape Henlopen, passed wreckage consisting of rigging, rails and planks of deck, etc., also a large quantity of lumbmer, for a distance of about twenty miles.

A telegram from Quebec to the board of trade yesterday afternoon said: Navigation oren, Montreal to the Gulf, Magdalen Islands, Meat Cove and St. Paul; foggy, raining. Southeast Meat Cove a steamer off here yesterday unable to proceed returned east Cape Ray. Cape Race, raining; no ice.

The British ship Lennie Burrill came into the harbor yesterday, and she is the first full-rigged ship that has visited this port for morths. The Burrill came from Barbados to New York light, and her captain then received orders to come to Portland and load lumber for Scuth America.—Portland Argus, 18th.

Bktn. Frederica, Capt. Ryder, from Mo-

lumber for Scuth America.—Portland Argus, 19th.

Bittn. Frederica, Capt. Ryder, from Mobile with a cargo of pitch pine, arrived here yesterday.

Sch. Garlotta received some repears and had her bottom cleared and painted at Brooklyn this week.

It is foared that some of the cargo of sch. Rhods, which arrived at Boston on the 20th from Ponce, is damaged, as considerable molasses was pumped up from her hold.

Bark Lizzle Curry, having been caulked and extensively repaired at Hantsport, is now at Windsor loading lumber for Buengs Arres. Capt. Harding Porter will command her this youzge.

Sch. Davy Crockett, which has been sahore at Gunning Cove, N. S., was towed off Thursday and taken to Shelburne. She was on beam ends, and scon as floated was relieved of masts to right her; they were injured. She will be repaired by Nova Scottamen, who bought her.

The following is taken from the Fairplay of April 7th: At the Swanses police court on the 25th uit, the stipendiary completed the hearing of three claims for wages brought by seamen on board the ship Troop against the master. It seams that the men had been paid two mouths advance when shipped at Tacoma and that they could only be ensaged on that condition. Mr. Thompson, instructed by the Seamen's union, contended that it was illegal under the Merchant Shipling act to make an advance of more than ner, which arrived here yesterday from was so, and the master was ordered to pay ore month's advance over again. The master held besides the articles an advance sheet signed by every man and a duplicate receipt for the money paid at Tacoma. The articles were initialled as usual by the British consult and endorsed and stamped. The master thought that all was in order, and was naturally taken greatly aback when directed to pay one month's advance a second time. There appears some reason to believe that the case brought against him was a test one, and that ships on the way here from the North Parile Willey when they arrive. The monal of this case is as clear as the morality on the

GLADSTONE'S HEALTH.

LONDON, April 21.-Alarmist reorts regarding the health of Mr. Gladstone are circulating tonight. Doctors Doble and Bliss went to Hawarden this morning and consulted with Drs. Haberson and Smith. The following bulletin was issued today at 5 p. m.: "Mr. Gladstone's condition is one of increasing weakness, though he is more free from pain."

Too Prodigal for Her.-Minnie-Mr. Billie, if I should consent to be your wife, are you sure you would never object to my dressmakers' bills, never refuse to buy theatre tickets when asked, never-er-in fact, never object

Russia has the most rapidly increasing population of any country in the world. The growth during the last one hundred years has been a fraction less than one million annualments.

(Continued from page nine.)

periods to superintend the enlist

So far the talk of a successor to Mr Roosevelt as assistant secretary has teen mere speculation, and it can be stated positively that up to this time the president has not made a choice as his successor. It may be noted, in view of the recent mention of the name of Admiral Walker in that connection that as it stands the law requires the office of assistant secretary to be filled by a civilian, so that if the admiral desires to accept the office he would be under the unpleasant necessity of resigning from the navy and losing his place as a retired officer. which he is not likely to do.

There was a dearth of news from the seat of hostilities off the Cuban coast, so far as the department was concerned, or if it was in possession of information it was so carefully guarded that nothing leaked out. A few telegrams came from Key West announcing the arrival there of the prizes whose capture has been reported through the press. Nothing could be obtained as to the intentions of Commodore Schley in so hastily rush ing away the filers Columbia and Minneapolis from Hampton Roads, but it is believed their purpose is to shelter the Paris or some of the other lines from attack at the hands of some Spanish cruiser.

There was talk of establishing a supply depot at the Philippines to meet the conditions in Asiatic waters, The fleet there now has no home and under neutrality laws the stay of the ships in any port is limited to a few hours. This is unpleasant, besides involving the expenditure of a great deal of coal, so that it may become necessary for Commodore Dewey to seize a port in the Philippines and fortify it as a base of sup-

The department today purchased two more tugs, the Hortense of New Orleans and May Willick of Gal-

plies.

The feature of interest at the wa circulars notifying them how many men they would be expected to furrish as volunteers, how they would be apportioned among the three arms of the service and where they should rendezvous in the United States army. A good many details remain to be arranged in order to carry out the derartments projects of the mobilization of the volunteers, but these are rapidly being disposed of. The department got rotice today that John Logan, sor of the late Senator Logan, had raised a cavalry regiment, which he offered to the government under his own command. It is hoped that this car be accepted as a part of the quota of

men to be furnished by Illinois.

John Jacob Astor of New York, not

content with offering the government his splendid vacht Normahal and free transportation for troops and supplies over the railroads in which he is interested, has come forward with notice that he has raised and equipped at his own expense a battery of artillery which he desires to offer to the government under his own plans for service in Cuba. This offer probably will be accepted, although the department has been deluged with offers to raise volunteers in this way to the aggregate number of at least 50.000 men. As the president's authority on the voluteer bill is to enlist only three regiments outside of the regular quotas to be furnished by the state, there is not much opportunity to accept the services of these patriots. The order to the district militia to go into camp here at Soldiers' Home was revoked just at the moment when it was in execution, owing, it is said, to the fact that the sudden calling away of so many employes from the departments without notice, threatens to cripple the government service.

The action of the president in re commending a formal declaration of war was welcomed by officials in every department as putting the present struggle on a more dignified basis and tending to the avoidance of international complications.

WASHINGTON, April 25.-A telegram was received from Commander Forsyth at Key West this afternoon reporting the arrival of the gunboat Helena at that port this morning, bringing in the prize steamer Miguel Jover from New Orleans for Havana. Under date of the 24th inst., Rear Admiral Sampson reported to the de partment from Key West as follows:

"Three Spanish steamers and a number of Spanish schooners have been captured and sent to Key West. The steamer sent this morning can barely get in, drawing 24 feet. larger vessels fall into our hands, where shall they be sent? Torpedo boat or fast auxiliary will be con-stantly held at Key West to bring despatches from the department."

Secretary Long sent a telegram to Admiral Sampson this afternoon authorizing him to use his discretion as to the disposition to be made of the larger craft which will fall into his hands, or in other words, to send them wherever he thinks best.

KEY WEST April 25.—The British steamer Myrtledene, Capt. Milburn, from Philadelphia on April 4 for Havana and Cardenas, arrived here this morning from Havana. Her com-mander reports that the news of the sailing of the United States fleet was received at Havana just previous to his departure. He adds that it created no excitement in the city, but the price of meat immediately jumped from 24 cents to 50 cents.

According to Capt. Milburn, Havana does not fear bombardment, because the Spaniards say the United States began the war in the interests of humanity and the bombardment would be contrary to such a purpose, At Havana, it appears, the conditions prevailing are not unusual, except that the city is crowded with troops and that the Spanish officers are drilling every man they can press into the service from the rawest recruits upward.

The Myrtledene reached Havana a week ago Sunday and Captain Milburn went ashore. He says he walk-

WAR FORMALLY DECLARED ed over to the new fortifications at Casa Blanca to make observations, when three or four Spanish soldiers. with fixed bayonets, arrested him as an American spy. The captain was taken to Morro castle, and after three or four had elapsed he was informed that sentence had been passed upon him and that he was to be shot in an hour. The captain, who is an intense Britisher, replied: "Why wait an hour? Shoot me now, and in a day Havana and all Cuba will be blown

> The British vice-consul, Arthur Arosteguy, was interested in the case and Capt, Milburn was released. Captain Milburn added: "Havana

will give you all the fighting you want The Norwegian steamer Steero, from Tampico for Havana with cattle, was turned back by the fleet and came

BOSTON, April 25.—The first request for troops from Washington was received by Governor Wolcott at 7 o'clock this evening, and within an hour a reply had been sent stating that Massachusetts was ready. The message from Washington was as follows:

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 25. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 25.
Governor of Massachusetts, Boston Mass.:
The number of troops from your state under call of the president dated April 23, 1886, will be four regiments of infanity and three heavy batteries of artillery. It is the wish of the president that the regiment of the national guard or state milities shall be used as far as their number will permit, for the reeson that they are armed, equipped and drilled. Please wire as early as possible what equipment, ammunition, arms, blankets, tents, etc., that you have and what additions you will require. ditions you will require.

Please also state when troops will be ready for muster into U. S. service. Details to follow by mail.

(Signed), R. A. ALGER, Secretary of War R. A. ALGER, Secretary of War.

The reply was as follows:
To Hon, Russell A. Alger, Secretary of War:
Your telegram received at 7 p. m. Four
regiments of infantry and three batterles
artillizy ready for immediate service. Four
infanty sufficinet equipment, ammunifions,
arms, blankets and tents on hand. Same for
heavy batterles artillery except that we
have no heavy guns or ammunition.
(Signed), ROGER WOLCOTT.

LONDON, April 25.-Mr. Balfour, the government leader and acting minister for foreign affairs, made a statement today in the house of commons department was the despatch to the on the subject of the Spanish decree governors of states and territories of published yesterday. He said that sonally he was disposed to interret the decree to mean that, while reserving the right of granting letters of marque, if circumstances made it expedient Spain in the meantime neant to do what Great Britain was disposed to do and what the United Etates was doing, namely to put merhant steamers under naval control for purposes of warfare. But, he explained, these vessels must fly the Spanish flag.

> HONG KONG, April 25, 7.85 p. m.-The United States cruisers Olympia and Baltimore have left this port. It is said that Commodore Dewey and the United States consul, Wm. E. Hunt, protested that it was not necesto leave, as they had not been notified by the United States government of the declaration of war.

> Although it is not so stated, the United States squadron was apparently required to leave by the British authorities in consequence of the proclamation of neutrality.

WASHINGTON. April 25.-The house of representatives today passed the bill declaring the existence of a state of war between the United States and Spain. The representatives of seventy million people voted for it without a word of debate, without a dissenting vote and without a roll call, but with a solemn appreciation of the gravity of their action. It required but one minute and forty-one seconds to accomplish this. The house was considering an election case, and simply paused to declare war. There was no excitement, no cavil, no word cr question. It was only in the great cheer that went up from floor and galleries when Speaker Reed announced its passage that the tremendous import of the act and the sup pressed enthusiasm behind it was shown. After the president's message was read the committee on foreign affairs framed the resolution, Acting Chairman Adams wrote the report and it was pased and on its way to the senate in an hour and six min-

The speaker signed it at 4.40. The remainder of the day was devoted to the election case of Wise v. Young from the second Virginia dis-

The house declined to agree to the senate amendments to the army reorganization bill, and it was sent to conference.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., April 25th .-Governor and adjutant general issuing orders calling state troops to mobilize at Springfield immediately, all to be here by Wednesday.

BOSTON, April 25.—After a meeting with his council of officers at the State house this afternoon, Governor Wolcott issued the following statement:

"In view of the possibility that an important theatre of war may be on or near the New England coast and that a number of troops substantially equal to the present militia force of the commonwealth will be necessary for the coast defense of Massachu setts, I am advised by the council of officers to make public announcement of my opinion that it would be detrimental to the efficiency of the service to encourage or permit the depletion or disintegration of existing organization by wholesale enlistments of officers or commands in the service of the United States.

"If, as is probable, an additional number of volunteers is called for beyoud the present force of the militia. this number should, in my judgment, be made up in large measure by new enlistments of patriotic citizens, not at present connected with organizations, although opportunities should also be given to individual members of the militia to volunteer subject to a proper consideration of this welfare to the state. Any member of the militia desiring so to volunteer, should make applicataion for discharge to his commanding officer and await favorable action thereon.

"His place in the militia should be filled by enlistment. The defence of

which should be loyally performed by all on whom the duty devolves, and should not be made secondary to any the motives which might influence such action, unless in obedience to definite orders from Washington.

"The commonwealth will respond promptly and enthusiastically to any call for volunteers which may nade, and believe that in retaining the efficiency of its military organizations for coast defences he is acting in accordance with the wishes and purposes of the national government." ROGER WOLCOTT.

WASHINGTON, April 25.-War and war measures were the only topics discussed by the senate today .during more than four hours of its session The body had scarcely convened when the message of the president urging congress to declare the existence of war between the United States and Spain was laid before it. Without comment the message was referred to the foreign relations committee. At 3 o'clock the senate went into secret legislative session and passed the bill of the house declaring the existence of war between the United States and

LONDON, April 25.—The officials of the British foreign office expect that the London Gazette, the government official organ, will publish tomorrow evening a formal notice that the warships of Spain and the United States must leave British ports within twenty-four hours. The document ontains clauses covering the case of vessels which are unable to leave in the stipulated time, owing to defects. The authorities of the British ports have already been notified that the order is about to be published

MADRID, April 25, 1.45 p. m .- The newspapers of this city and the provnces are filled with rumors of captures made by the war vessels of Spain or the United States, and with reports of the movements of the American warships, combined with patriotic utterances from all quarters of the kingdom. A new point has been raised relative to the non-delivery of the ultimatum of the United States. delivery leaves the United States unpledged in regard to the reservations Thus it is pointed out, while her pride is gratified, Spain has lost a diplomatic point.

KEY WEST, Fla., April 25.—Quarermaster Johnson, of the prize crew side. of the gunboat Helena, who accidentish steamer captured by the gunboat.

ness of the United States troops, London has come to the conclusion that Freemont, her commander, change people term the "prize competition." In some quarters even now. The flagship returned to the block-confidence is expressed that Spain will ade line about 6.30 o'clock last even-United States is "very much alive."

PORT MONRO, Va., April 25 .- Comnodore Schley has received orders that the port of Hampton Roads must be considered in a state of blockade from sunset and no vessels must be allowed either to depart or to enter during these hours. For the purpose of allowing the Washington and Baltimore passenger boats to accommodate passengers who had already engaged passage, Commodore Schley relieved them in part from the order for tonight. Their leaving time is between even and eight o'clock, and will have to be changed to between four and five o'clock in order to enforce the blockade. A patrol will be established at the entrance of Hampton Roads to enforce the order.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., April 25.-It is umored here tonight, although the rumor lacks confirmation, that a Spanish warship has been sighted off Bay Bulls, 20 miles south of St. Johns. She is believed to be after American fishing vessels on the Grand Banks. ST. THOMAS, W. I., April 25.-U. S. Consul VanHorn yesterday purchased 1,000 tons of coal for the use of, the

United States warships. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., April 25 .-The 10th cavalry (colored) from Forts Assiniboine and Keough, Montana, 450 men, arrived today.

(Copyrighted, 1898, by the Associated Press.) MATANZAS, via Key West, April 25, 7.45 a. m.—The Dauntless, despatch boat of the Associated Press, steamed from off Havana to the blockading squadron, off Matanzas yesterady, being the first despatch boat to visit the United States vessels cruising off this part of the coast. The Dauntless left the squadron at Havana just after the flagship New York sailed, presumably for Key West. She folowed the flagship for an hour and then gave up the chase, as the destination of the New York was apparently clear. She was alongside the Indiana for a while, the Wilmington, Detroit and several other vessels were further inshore. The Iowa, following the orders of Rear Admiral Sampson, was far enough off Havana to escape any

fire from the shore batteries. There has been no incident worth noting since the capture of the Spanish steamer Catalina and two schooners early in the morning. The Nashville and the Castine are

coubtless still off Clenfugos. On her way from Havana to Matanzas the Dauntless passed the torpedo gal to leave St. Vincent." boat Winslow going to report to the flagship.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Repre-entative Gillett of Massachusetts has introduced a joint resolution making the following declaration: That during the present war with Spain no privateer shall be commissioned by the United States; the merchant ships and their cargoes shall be exempt the coast line of this commonweath from capture as prizes unless they is a necessary and honorable service, carry contraband of war or try to

violate a blockade: that merchant ships talready captured shall be re-

MADRID, April 25.-A despatch from Barcelona says the cancelling of coal contracts by British firms will lead to a paralysis of the local manu-The anti-British feeling, therefore, is receiving accentuation. A council of officers has been ap-

rine, Admiral Bormejo. Senor Emilo Castellar, the republican leader, appeared today in the charaber for the first time since 1888 and took the oath among the monarchists, kneeling and with his hand on the gospel. The other republicans and Carlists only gave their pledge while standing with the hand pressed upon the heart. Senor Castellar looks haggard. After taking the oath he wandered distractedly into the

Senor Romero Robledo, the leader of

ing these questions in the negative, in a highly patriotic speech that was loudly aplauded by all parties in the chamber, declared that the government, responding to public patriotism, approved the conduct of the war toute outrance, "as a reply to insults

The Carlists, Republicans and other factions pledged their support to the government in all measures required to defend the honor and rights of Spain.

name of the navy against "the Yankee who invented the calumnies respecting the explosion of the Maine.' The chamber then voted, amid loud cheers, a resolution of appreciation of the "defenders of Cuba and the Phil-

(Copyrighted, 1898, by the Associated Press. ON BOARD THE FLAGSHIP NEW YORK, OFF HAVANA, April 25, 10 a. The view now taken is that its non- ma The early morning hours today were taken up by a vigorous clashing of moving lights. The only vessel with regard to Cuban independence. spoken was the British schooner Io lanthe, of Windsor, N. S. She was allowed to proceed. She was just out of Matanzas. No shots have been fired since yesterday morning on either

ally shot himself yesterday by his re- yacht Eagle, arrived from Key West volver dropping from its holster, died this morning. The Dolphin carried this morning. The accident occurred the officers and prize crew who had on board the Miguel Jover, the Span- been placed on the steamer Pedro and LONDON, April 25-Basing its opin- had had no trouble with their prizes, on upon New York cable despatches. The torpedo boat Porter made a referring to the alleged unprepared- daring trip into the shore under cover of darkness last night, and Lieut the struggle will be a lingering one, with a small party and obtained valualthough it is still watching with the able information. The blockade congreatest interest what the stock ex- tinues under beautiful weather con-

confidence is expressed that Spain will ade line about 6.30 o'clock last even-yield before long. Whatever the prize ing, after an uneventful trip. Nothing courts may decide relative to the le- of importance apparently had occurre gality of the capture, British naval during her absence. When darkness men applaud the promptness of accordance on last night, Morro Castle tion upon the part of the American showed a powerful searchlight and warships as being evidence that the flashed it nervously around the horizon. Another shore searchlight was also seen. It looked to be in the direction of the Santa Clara batteries to the westward of El Morro. The searchlight itself could not be distinguished, only its rays being visible. This is either due to the extremely low position of the light or to its distance from the blockade line. The first time these searchlights have been used. What benefit they will be to the Spaniards no one knows. They may possible induce the batteries to expend some ammunition in futile shots at the fighting squadron, but the blockade continues as before, searchlights or no searchlights, as of course, they do not reach far enough

If any ships run the blockade they will have to run a gauntlet of vigilance that has never been surpassed The alertness of the officers and men continues at the same pitch as was exhibited the first night the squadron arrived. Admiral Sampson is more handicapped in his blockade than were the naval commanders during the civil war. In many cases they were able to anchor, while Admiral Sampson's fleet is obliged to drift around in a two-knot current, with no stationary shore light for a guide.

LONDON, April 26.-A despatch to the Daily Mail from St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands, dated Monday, says: "Visiting the Spanish fleet has been forbidden. No manoeuvring, target practice or exercising whatever is proceeding. All the ships have been painted black since they arrived here. No shore leave is granted.

WASHINGTON, April 25 .- The Post tomorrow will say: "The Spanish fleet which mobilized at Cape Verde Islands was today notified by Portu-

pointed to advise the minister of ma-

ministerial benches, greatly amusing the house.

the Weylerite faction of the conserv atives, asked the government whether there was a cabinet crisis, whether it was intended to suspend constitutional rights in the peninsula and whether the government would close the cortes after the budget had been voted. Senor Sagasta, the premier, answer-

and aggression from America.

Several deputies protested in the ippines."

The Dolphin and the converted the schooner Antonio. All were glad to get back, although they said they

Morro light is placed higher, and is an excellent light. Last night was the show our ships.

It is believed that every steamer which has attempted to enter Havana since the blockade began has been

"The cruisers, including the Vizcava and the Almirante Oquendo, have been all day coaling from the Cuidad de Cadie. All the stores, medicines and supplies in St. Vincent have been purchased to supply the squadron, and even passing vessels are laid under contribution. The bay is quite busy with launches and boats carrying stores.

(Copyrighted, 1898, by the Associated Press, MATANZAS, via Key West, April 25, 7.42 (On board the Associated Press boat Davntless)-Between 9 and 10 o'clock last night the Dauntless was steaming quietly toward Matanzas, where he is to were reflected on the sky a few miles southeastward, a large fire on shore was exciting comment on beard the despatch boat, and wonder was rife as to where the United States blockading fleet was to be found.



Suddenly a lookout on board the despatch boat reported "Torpedo boat astern coming up fast." A moment or so later by her lights two reds and one green, and by a rocket which she sent up, the torpedo boat Dupont was made out. The rocket was answered by the glare from two searchlights on hoard the cruiser Cincinnati, the beams being thrown full on the Dauntless and on the Dupont. The despatch boat of the Associated Press had come unawares within three miles of the Cuban shore and far inside the prescribed limits.

What followed was short, sharp and warlike. The Dupont ran up to the despatch boat and hailed her. When the Dupont learned the peaceful mission, we were directed to proceed slowly towards the Cincinnati. The Dauntless proceeded slowly, but it seems not slow enough, and the glare of the cruiser's searchlights blinded Captain Floyd. The first intimation that we were in too close proximity to the warship was contained in the report of a six pounder. Then came a quick hail: "Heave to Dauntless," Then came the order: "Back, back her, or you will get a shot through you." She was backed. Then the Dupont stole up quietly, reporting to the Cincinnati: "This is the boat we sighted 'nshore." Soon afterwards a hoat from the Cincinnati came alongside. The first order was: "Your papers and log; please."

These were produced and were found to be satisfactory. Then sure of cordial relations being resumed, we found we had transgressed far within the limits set for vessels and had a close shave of being fired on with

shot. We exchanged news and the Cincinatti having ordered the Dauntless to lay to, permission was requested to return to Key West. Ensign McIn- got him up he held up his hind leg. quest to the Cincinnati. Before leaving the Dauntless, the cadet made the starting. I got a man to look at him. following entry in the log of the deing the Dauntless, the cadet made the spatch boat: "At 10 o'clock boarded by naval cadet E. W. McIntyre, of U. It got worse rapidly after this. The S. S. Cincinnati, and the captain was horse stands with his leg hanging, but informed that they were not to enter can move it bac any Cuban port under penalty of be- The ankle is bent, resting on toe. Was ing fired upon. Boat must first report swelled on the inside of the ankle and to outside squadron and obtain permission before entering any port." The Cincinnati was also informed that the Dauntless would cheerfully

a boat returned with this message: 'Captain Chester's compliments and he will be obliged if you will take in strained the gamble joint, and if a this mail. You can go. Advise that you steam due west six miles when you make your first course or you

may get into more trouble." The instructions were obeyed literally, and the Dauntless set off on her return. Before she had gone six miles we saw a torpedo boat astern evidently keeping an eye on us. Then we saw the Cincinnati's searchlights sweep the horizon, and soon afterwards we heard four shots in quick succession. As they were not followed by others, we presumed that some other boat had been overhauled. Certainly there was no bombardment of Matanzas commenced tonight. The Dountless arrived off Sand Key light at five o'clock this morning.

(Copyrighted, 1898, by the Associated Press.) KINGSTON, Ja., April 25.-The Spanish military administration at Santiago De Cuba and Guantanamo is taking all the food supplies in the stores and varehouses in anticipation of a blockade. Fifteen days would starve out Santiago De Cuba. The Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes

is in the harbor of Santlago De Cuba disabled. There are no torpedoes in the Santiago haroor, or were none up to the

21st of April. Mr. Triay, the United States consul at Baracoa, who is here, says an old ship will be sunk in the narrow channel, thus closing it against the aprroach of an American warship The owners of the Hattie H. Bar bour, a Bangor schooner for Mobile, loading here with logwood, have taken a British registry, fearing that she may be captured.

THE RIVER STEAMERS. The river steamers have now got straightened out on their routes and from now on the service will probably be regular.

The Olivette went up to Frederic ton, Saiurday, and the David Weston came down. The Springfield, which has been icebound in the Bellisle for some few days, is back again on her route, and

other boats are all running as

WHOSOEVER HATH, TO HIM SHALL BE GIVEN."

verified by every-day experience. It is as true of those having a thorough business training as of those holding any other possession. This is proved by the fact that Jurgraduates hold almost every leading position in Saint John, and comprise a large percentage of our most capable business men.

TWENTY (20) Students already (March 29th) in good situations this year.

Catalogues of our Business Course.



That is Scripture, and its truthfulness

Conducted By J. W. Manchester V. S., St. John, N. B.

VETERINARY

THE WEEKLY SUN takes pleasure in notifying its readers that it has perfected arrangements with J. W. Manchester, V. S., whereby all questions with respect to diseases of the lower animals will be answered by

him, and treatment prescribed in those

cases where it is asked for through the

DEPARTMENT.

columns of THE SUN. All enquiries must be addressed: · VETERINARY DEPARTMENT. Weekly Sun, St. John, N. B.

A. E. S.-My pigs have been much troubled with worms. I killed some pigs a month ago and found a large number of worms about as large as angle worms in the bowels. I have some pigs now not doing well and think that they might be troubled. Please advise.

Ans.-Give half a teasponful of powdered Areca Nut, mixed in a little milk, on an empty stomach every third day as a drench. After giving the last dose give each pig half an ounce of turpentine and six ounces of castor oil. The above dose is for pigs from four to six months of age, smaller pigs in proportion.

J. P. Your letter must have miscarried. I could give no information from your description. Let me have full particulars and I will answer at once.

J. H. K.-My horse worked in the woods all winter, took suddenly lame in the stable during the night. Was Drove him home about eight miles and next day he was very lame on through some process with the horse. gamble, and suffers when pressed on inside of gamble or thigh. Has a good appetite, but has failed very much in flesh. Please advise. Have take back any mail. In ten minutes also a colt that has scratches and swells in the legs when in the barn.

Ans.—The lame horse has probably bad case may never recover. You might blister with Cantharides on inside of gamble. Give your colt one ounce daily of Fowler's Solution of Arsenic and apply Zinc Oxide Ointment to parts affected

MARRIED IN NEW YORK.

H. C. Tilley and Miss Tucker United in Marriage Yesterday.

NEW YORK, April 25 .- The wedding of H. C. Tilley and Miss Elizabeth Tucker was celebrated this morning at St. George's church. Miss Turnbull of St. John was bridesmaid. Leonard Tilley was groomsman. A wedding breakfast was served at the St. Denis hotel, Broadway. The invited guests present were: Lady Tilley, Mrs. Tucker. Mr., Mrs. and Miss Turnbull, Mr. and Mrs. Rupbert Turnbull, Mrs. Frank Starr, Mr. and Mrs. Allan Randolph of Fredericton, Miss Toller of Ottawa, Miss Tilley of London, L. Tilley, Rev. F. Nelson. Mr. and Mrs. Tilley left on the afternoon train for Washington.

WOLFVILLE'S OFFFR.

WOLFVILLE, N. S., April 25.-The citizens of the town of Wolfville, in public meeting this evening, empowered the town council to offer the municipality of Kings county a sum not to exceed twenty-five thousand dollars for a site and the cost of erection of the county buildings, provided they are located in Wolfville.

KINGSTON BURGLARY

RICHIBUCTO, April 25.-The Kent Northern railway station at Kingston was entered during Saturday night and a quantity of liquor removed. Several gallons of it were found in the woods on Sunday, where it had been placed in buckets and bottles.

LAURIER'S REPLY.

VANCOUVER, April 24.—At a meeting here tonight, called to pass a resolution demanding the construction of the Teslin lake railway, a telegram was read from Sir Wilfrid Laurier saying the dominion government does not intend to do anything further with the railway.



CITY

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The steam on Sunday fr the property is one of the fitted yachts port. It is sa she was built, eighteen knot at Kingsville falls yesterd thorough reps up to the scen ber operations

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25.—The wedand Miss Elizarated this morchurch. Miss was bridesmaid. served at the dway. The inre: Lady Til-Mrs. and Miss Rupbert Turn-, Mr. and Mrs. edericton, Miss Tilley of Lonthe afternoon

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April 25.-The of Wolfville, in ening, empoweroffer the muninty a sum not cost of erection s, provided they

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25.-The Kent n at Kingston Saturday night ere found in the ere it had been bottles.

REPLY.

24.-At a meetto pass a resoconstruction of Wilfrid Laurier government coes ing further with



CITY NEWS.

SECOND PART.

Recent Events in and Around St. John.

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges

When ordering the address of your WEEKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the POST OFFICE to Remember! The NAME of the Post Office must be sent in all cases to ensure prompt compliance with you

Hereafter the train from Hampton to Quaco will leave at 2.15 instead of

The new Battle line steamer Cunaxa will, it is expected, leave Port Glasgow for Miramichi the latter part of the month. She will take a cargo of deals to the U. K.

Wm. Miller, the well known cashler in the office of Schofield & Co., Ltd., died su.!denly Saturday morning. Dr. T. Dyson Walker was summoned, but life was extinct before he arrived.

The new schooner built at Albert Albert county, by Capt. Wood, which is now lying at North Market wharf, is attracting considerable attention. She is a staunch looking craft of about 100 tons register, and will be called the George L. Slipp. She will lead lumber for a United States port.

Str. Westport, which sailed on Friday afternoon for Westport, had on loard some thirty barrels of gaspereaux for use by the fishermen over there as bait. Double that quantity were wanted, but the fish were not to

It is understood that Albert E. Parkins, who has been laboring as a probationer on the Kingston circuit during ing the current conference year. has resigned his charge and gone to the United States to engage in secular

Mrs. George J. Clarke of St. Stephen who recently went to New York to undergo a serious surgical operation, is greatly improved in health, though she will not be able to return home for a month. Her husband returned home on Tuesday.—St. Andrews Bea-

The causes of death reported at the board of health office for week ending April 23rd were: Meningitis, 2; pheumonia, 2; heart disease, 2; tubercular meningitis, 2; paralysis, 1; broughitis, 1; influenza, 1; consumption, 1; soft ening of brain, 1; acute endo-metritis, 1; disease of heart and kidneys, 1-15.

ostmaster of Indiantown suddenly of heart failure. The deceased leaves three daughters and one son, W. A. Brown. She was a highly esteemed lady, and her death will be heard with regret by all who had the pleasure of

While fooling at Barnhill's coner. Fairville, Saturday merning two young men named Joseph Cheeseman and Wm. Taylor became involved in a scuffle, which resulted in Cheeseman being stabbed in the leg by an open knife in the hands of Taylor, making a cut three inches long and one and half inches deep. Dr. Matthew Mc-Farland dressed the wound, taking eight stitches in it.

The royal mail steamer Gallia, the last of the winter port fleet, will sail for Liverpool via Halifax Wednesday She has already received her grain, 16,000 bushels of wheat and 10,000 of oats, in addition to which she will move 10 carloads of maple blocks, 3 of furniture, 10 of hay, 20 of pulp, 5 of boxed meats, 2 of leather, 20 of flour. 3 of oatmeal, 2 of beans, 2 of asbestos and 17 of fresh meats (from Kansas City and Chicago), about 100 standards of deals and 67 cattle.

The steam yacht Siesta arrived here on Sunday from Boston. She is now the property of H. R. McLellan, and is one of the handsomest and best fitted vachts that ever visited the port. It is said she cost \$75,000 when she was built, and that she can steam eighteen knots an hour. She is now at Kingsville, having gone through the falls yesterday, and will be put in thorough repair preparatory to going up to the scene of Mr. McLellan's lumber operations in Quebec.

The death occurred on Saturday of James Gibbons, a well known resident of St. John, in the sixty-seventh year of his age, after an illness of about one year. Mr. Gibbons was born at Ballyshannon, Ireland, and came to this city 62 years ago. He followed the occupation of ship carpenter in the days when this port was a busy centre of that industry. His wife died six years ago. He leaves two daughters, one, Mrs. James Sullivan, resides in Boston, and the other is the wife of Alex. P. Wallace of 13 Clar-

The death occurred at his home in the north end on Thursday evening of Thomas Sharp, who has been a resident of this city for sixty years. For a great portion of that time Mr. Sharp was employed in Rankine & Sons' biscuit factory, first as driver and in later years as engineer and fireman For the past few years he has not been actively employed, though his health has been fairly good up to a few days ago, when he was attacked by congestion of the lungs. Mr. Sharp leaves a wife and four daugnters, two of whom are married-Mrs. John Mc-Kechnie and Mrs. C. F. Stubbs-and a son, who have the sympathy of their friends in their bereavement.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Notice to Subscribers in Queens County, N. B:

Our collector, E. P. DYKEMAN, will call on you shortly. Please be prepared to pay him any arrears due on

In Albert County, N. B. EDGAR CANNING, is in Albert Co. N. B., in the interests of the Sun. ST. GEORGE'S DAY.

President Wm. M. Jarvis gave an at home to members of St. George's society, their wives and daughters, on Saturday afternoon. Miss Jarvis was assisted in the reception of the guests by Mrs. Kingdon, Mrs. Addy and Mrs. R. W. W. Frink, wives of the chaplain and the two vice presidents. It is scarcely necessary to say that the function was eminently successful in

St. George society held a smoking concert and had generally a pleasant gathering in the society's room on Saturday evening. The room was filled with members and a few guests. There were speeches by President Jarvis, Chaplain Bishop Kingdon, J. D. Hazen, Hon. T. R. Jones, Sheriff Sturdee, Dr. Daniel and others. Many songs by different members of the society added much to the entertain-

The St. George's society, accompanied by Marlborough lodge, Sons of England, attended service in Trinity church Sunday afternoon. It was a very interesting service, the music being particularly good. The service was read by Rev. J. M. Davenport, the lessons by Rev. S. J. Hanford and R. Mathers. Appropriate hymns were sung, and the anthem was The Lord

is My Strength. The sermon was preached by the chaplain of the society, the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Fredericton, who took for his text the words: "He that ruleth his spirit is better than he that taketh a city," Prov. xvi., 32. The annual dinner of the society was

held on Monday night in Hotel Dufferin. The usual loyal toasts were enthusiastically honored.

RECENT DEATHS.

(Hartland Advertiser.) On Sunday, April 17th, Centreville lost by death one of its best known citizens in the person of David Fitzage. Mr. Fitzgerald was a native of Prince Edward Island, and came to this province about forty years ago. At one time he was in the employ of J. W. Boyer at Victoria. He also spent some time in the States. About twenty years ago he began shoemaking at Centreville, where he continued in business until his death. He was a Forester, and was buried by that order on Wednesday. He leaves a wife and grown up children.

David Semple, J. P., and postmaster of East Florenceville, died on Tuesday of typhoid fever and other diseases He leaves a wife and several children Mr. Semple was born in Scotland sixty years ago, and came to this Mrs. Brown, wife of W. G. Brown, country at the time Glassville was colonized. He located at Rast Florenceville, where he has ever since resided. The funeral was held on Thursday, under Masonic honors. He also was a Forester.

Miss Rideout, daughter of Moses Rideout, postmaster at Mount Pleasant, died on Wednesday night after an illness of some months' duration. Miss Rideout was thirty-four years of age. On Wednesday G. A. Britain of Bristol received a dispatch from Vancouver announcing the death of his son, Albert A. Brittain, which occurred at Skaguay on the 10th instant. No particulars concerning his death were learned, but it supposed to be accidental. Mr. Britain was about twentytwo years old, left Bristol for Klondyke last February, and a letter received a few days ago stated that he intended to leave Skaguay in a few days and try the Chilkoot Pass. He was proprietor of the Bristol woodworking factory.

AUCTION SALES. At Chubb's corner, Saturday, Geo. W. Gerow sold the D. V. Roberts property on Douglas avenue to H. R. Mc-Lellan at \$4,350. Mr. Gerow also sold the following property belonging to the late Capt. Carland: 4 shares of barkentine Culdoon at \$1 per share; lot charts, field glass, parallel rule barometer, two navigation books at \$5.58, all to James Kennedy; one gold watch to Daniel McDermott at \$23. Ten shares of Maritime Auer Light company's preferred stock (\$100 par value, guaranteed 4 per cent.) were knocked down at 75 per cent. W. A. Lockhart withdrew the fifteen

shares of the St. Stephen's bank stock at 80 per cent THE NEWS AT INDIANTOWN.

From Tuesday's Daily Sun. The river at Indiantown has risen several inches since Saturday, with propect of a still further increase, Reports from up river are to the effect that the rise there since Saturday has been considerable. The steamers Star, Hampstead and

Springfield came down yesterday morning with good freights. The David Weston and May Queen went up yesterday. The Queen is still unable to get into the lake. The Clifton came lown from Hamp-ton with considerable stuff. Several

of the wharves along her route are under water. The boats engaged in swinging the up river booms have about completed

The Olivette arrived from Frederic-

ten late yesterday afternoon with considerable stuff.

ROBT R SIZER & CO

Lumber Commission Merchants,

70 BEAVER STREET, NEW YORK

Spruce Timber and Laths a special-Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tableta. All ty. Consignments and Correspond-cure. 25c. ty. Consignments and Correspondence.

EVERYTHING READY!

Summer Clothing is Here in Abundance For Every

Man or Boy who Comes!

Think of Clothing. Think of GREATER OAK HALL

We mean to associate those thoughts in ten thousand minds. We mean to do it by simply letting the truth be known.

There is no other way to do it.

The Truth—Greater stocks than ever before—Greater values -Greater room for selling-Greater selling service-Greater light-all go together and make for you this Greater Oak Hall.

Suits for men-suits for boys are ready to be looked at.

The tables are full to overflowing—the wonder is: where are we going to get buyers for it all. We are going after them-red hot-with red hot prices and values-that burn an impression into every man and woman who is fortunate enough to see them.

That's just it! You can't see them? You don't live in

Our Mail Order Department is open to you—the quickest Mail Order House in Canada. Orders filled the day they are

Write for samples-tell us what you want and let us take all the chances of pleasing you.

Men's Suits

The finest line of suits for men ever Five thousand suits—hundreds of pat-brought into St. John. terms and styles, and the whole stock

\$6 00, \$7 00, \$8.00

Boys' Suits

Immense variety of Tweeds and with less than fifty suits carried over Serges in Sack Suits for business and from last season. Practically a new every-day wear- perfect fitting-well store with a new stock. Sailor suits tailored—substantially made—\$5.00, 756, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00. Pleated suits \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25.2 50,\$3.00.

Order by Mail-and see how satisfactory it is to do business. with us in this way.

GREATER OAK HALL.

Scovil Bros. & Co.,

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

ONTARIO AND QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, April 19.—The funeral service of the late Cardinal Taschereau took place this morning. The city is filled with visitors, clerical and laymen. Archbishop O'Brien of Halifax arrived yesterday norning; Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishops Langevin and Bruchesi in the afternoon, and were present at the translation of the remains to the Bascilica this morning. Seats were reserved for the family of deceased, representatives of the governor general, the federal ministers and members, for the lleutenant governor, provincial ministers and members, for consul, ecclesiastical authorities and members of the learned professions. The funeral oration was delivered by Mgr. Labrecque of Chicoutimi, and was most eloquent and im-

The casket for the remains of the late cardinal is lined with copper. The outside is covered with black cloth caught up by tassels in graceful folds. The handles and mountings are of solid brass. The crucifix upon the top and the plate are of the same mater-

The simple inscription on the plate shows the date and place of berth and death. The shell in which the casket will be deposited when finally interred in the vault beneath the chancel of the Bascilica is lined with lead, all

edges of which will be soldered. NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., April 22 .-Senor Polo y Bernabe, when approached by a reporter, declined to say anything on public matters, on the ground of his diplomatic position. As a citizen of Spain, however, he condemned the war as iniquitous on the part of the United States, and said the United States had no just cause to attempt to rob Spain of Cuba.

"How long do you remain at the "I. will be here possibly until Sat-

urday, and will then go to Toronto for that the bounties will be continued for a few days. I will then proceed to five years from the present time on Montreal, and will sail either from the product of New York, which are there or from Halifax for Europe. I now contemplated. intend to go direct to Spain, unless otherwise ordered by my government." He said he had a lot of business in connection with his legation to attend to, but it was all official, and could not make any statement.

TORONTO, April 22.—There was some talk of a public reception to Senor Polo on his arrival here, but the city council are opposed to it. They say their sympathies are with the United States, and while Senor Polo will be welcomed as a private citizen no recognition will be given him as an official of the Spanish kingdom.

OTTAWA, April 24.-The long series of difficulties in connection with the Canadian military administration culminated on Friday with a notication from General Gascoigne of his desire to withdraw from the command. On Saturday Minister Borden accepted the resignation, so far as the Canadian government was concerned in the matter. The retirement will take effect almost at once. The event has been imminent for some time, and it is understood that the minister of militia has been trying to secure the services of Col. McPherson, a Scottish officer believed to posses particular qualifications. It is believed that the particular case of friction which brought about the retirement of the commander is that of Col. Strathy. The minister is disposed to allow him to retain rank on retirement, but the general was determined that this should not be done. The late commander of the Scots was aide to the governor general, and Lord Aberdeen is said to be unwilling to see him lose his rank. But the connection of the governor general with the matter is probably conjecture.

Harvey Graham of New Glasgow has been here some time discussing the iron bounty matters with the finance minister. He wants assurances

Prof. Lee, who teaches strategy at the Kingston military college, will, if the United States authorities consent. accompany the United States forces to Cuba and watch the operations as a non-combatant for the purpose of instruction. The Canadian govern ment has asked that privilege.

TORONTO, April 24.—Senor Polo Y. Bernabe and party arrived here at five this afternoon, and after exchanging greetings with the Spanish consul at the station drove to the Queen hotel, where the Spanish minister denied himself to callers. The crowd at the station gave him a faint

cheer.

MONTREAL, April 25.—An evening paper stated that Mr. Harris of the Intercolonial had resigned. Mr. Harris, in reply to a reporter, said it was not true. He had not resigned and did not intend doing so.

Ocean navigation will be opened tomorrow morning with the arrival of the Scotsman from Liverpool, and R. F. Matthews, the first boat from the Mediterranean. The Lachine canal opened today.

BIRDS MADE TO ORDER.

The Japanese are ruthless in their tampering with nature. If they de cide that they want a bird or an ani-mal of a certain shape or color they set about manufacturing the article so to speak, by the exercise of exceedingly clever ingenuity and untiring patience. Here, for example, is how the white sparrows are produced: They select a pair of greyish birds, and keep them in a white cage in a white room, where they are attended by a person dressed in white. The mental effect on a series of generations of birds results in completely white birds -Rural World.

Some American packers advanced plate beef 50c on Saturday and some asked \$1 ad-

Advertise in the WEEKLY SUN.

BANNER SEED OATS.

Canadian and Western Timothy.

Alsike and Red Clover.

Garden Seeds in Bulk and Packages.

JAMES COLLINS. 210 Union Street, St. John, N. B.

D. BOYANER, Optician.

Ryes Tested and Sultable Spectacles Adjusted, Glasses can be Always Duplicated or Exchanged by Mail, as the Vision of Every Purchaser ed. is Registered.

545 MAIN STREET, North End, ST. JOHN, N. B.

FOR SALE.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE—The sub-

WANTED.

AGENTS—"The Beautiful Life of Miss Willard," by her secret ry and literary executor, Anna A. Gordon; introduction by Lady Henry Somerset; sells to everybody. Great snap. Prospectus fifty cents. Booke on time. BRADLEY-GARRETSON COMPANY JUMITED TREATMENT. PANY, LIMITED, Toronto.

WANTED--Farmers' sons or other industrious persons of fair education, to whom \$60 a month would be an inducement. I could also engage a few ladies at their own homes. T. H. LINSCOTT, Toronto.

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

HOPEWELL HILL, Albert Co., April 20.—The remains of Mrs. Levi Elliott of Orient, Me., daughter of the late John Stevens of Rosevale, were interred today in the Baltimore burying ground. The deceased was 50 years of age, and leave a husband and several children.

Rev. Mr. Davidson, who was called to his home in Nova Scotla on account of illness in his family, has returned to Albert, where he is assisting in a series of special meetings, which will be continued for some time yet.

Eldon Read, son of Capt. Jos. Read of Hopewell Cape, came home this week, the steamer of which he was first officer having been purchased by the United States government. Mr. Read was offered a good berth with

Uncle Sam, but decided not to accept. CHATHAM, April 18.-C. E. Mitchell of the law firm of Tweedie & Mitchell, has decided to locate at Medicine Hat, N. W. T., where he went to attend the funeral of his brother, who did a large business there.

ST. STEPHEN, Charlotte Co., April 18.—Praise God From Whom All Blessings Flow," was sung with special fervor yesterday morning in the Methodist church. Rev. Thos. Marshall is pastor. On Easter Sunday morning a debt of six hundred and seventy-five dollars rested on the church. Special collections were taken that day amounting to five hundred and fifty-eight dollars, and, yesterday morning the announcement was made that the balance had been contributed and the entire indebtedness wiped

HAMPSTEAD, Queens Co., April 19. -Frank MacDonald, teacher, of this place, was laid up the other day so that he could not hold school. Leverett Belyea, teacher of Central Hampstead has been unable to have school for a week.

The ice all ran by here yesterday. The water in the river has risen about three feet since Saturday. The std. May Queen made her appearance yesterday.

Rev. George W. Foster, pastor of the F. B. church here, has tendered his resignation, to take effect in October. It is to be regretted that he is to leave, as he is a faithful minister of the gospel and much thought of by the people.

Asa Slipp of Central Hampstead has planted over three bushels of po-

April 21.—The str. Hampstead has been repaired and is now running again as usual. The str. David Weston made her appearance yesterday. There is quite a lot of ice and drift stuff running in the river today.

ST. MARTINS, April 22.-There has been considerable activity about the harbor the past month shipping the deals and piling cut last winter. Quite a number of vessels have been loaded and sailed for American ports. A few of the lobster fishing smacks

from down the bay ports are located here and meeting with fair success. summer travel. Quite a number of guests have already applied for rooms. Thomas Gilles, a resident of this village for many years, died very suddenly from hemorrhage of the lungs and was interred at Salt Springs, Kings Co., on the 21st.

fine horse on the 21st. It was sick is the second sad death of a young only a few hours with inflammation of the lungs.

BENTON, Carleton Co., April 16 .-The Easter entertainment held on Monday evening by the "Sarah Hartt" Mission Band reflected much credit than Harris of Fredericton Junction. upon the Misses Lizzie and Emma Speer, who had the children in charge. A quiet wedding took place on Thursday last at Houlton Me., the principals being Enos Dow, a popular young man of this place, and Miss Rose McPherson of Houlton. The young couple arrived here on the evening train, and were met at the depot

by a large number of their friends. They will reside on York street. Mrs. Fred Dougherty entertained a party of about thirty young people at her home on Saturday evening. The Murchie saw mill, which began

amount of lumber ready for sawing, and is running on full time. Mrs. Wm. Sharp and Mrs. Wm. Speer have both opened a fine display of millinery goods.

GRAND MANAN, N. B., April 20 .-Lawton C. Guptill left for the Magdalen islands via Canso on the 18th inst. He expects to get back about the first of June. There will be quite a number of Grand Mananers at the

Magdalen's this spring. The first swallows made their appearance on the 18th, but their stay was brief, as they have not been seen since.

Fred Carson of Grand Harbor is going into the undertaking busin that place. Wellington Graham at Castalia is our only undertaker.

Mrs. Della Leary is very low with consumption. Mrs. Austin is also seriously ill. Lobsters are not so plentiful as the

fishers and canners would like to see. but are worth three dollars and fifty cents per hundredweight. The sch. Freddie A. Higgins is home

from New York via Halifax. Peter Murphy, the popular barber of North Head, has passed away, leaving a wife and small family to mourn their bereavement. Mr. Murphy was a member of the Independent Order of Foresters, and during his lingering illness his brethren of the order did all possible to make smooth the rough and weary path of affliction both for himself and family.

GAGETOWN, April 22.-The Olivette laid at the wharf here last night on account of the running ice. The David Weston stopped Wednesday

right at Upper Gagetown. James Belyea and Harry Blacombe have gone to St. John to work on the Harvey Weston has taken his place as mate on the May Queen. Four scows were towed from here to

St. John this morning. Chipman Weston of Upper Gagetown, who has been sick for some time, is in a critical condition. W. B. Dingee, proprietor of the Dingee hotel, is seriously ill.

C. F. Babbit has removed his stock at the end, if he'll step outside.

from the old stand to the store owned by John Bridges. Joseph Rubins will take charge of the store lately occu-pied by Mr. Babbit. Mr. Rubins has

purchased the building. LOWER SALMON CREEK, Queens Co., April 19.-The Salmon river is clear of ice. The King Lumber Co.'s mill has been undergoing repairs. The Easter concerts given in the

FREDERICTON JUNCTION, Sunbury Co., April 21.—On April 11th J. H. Miller, his two daughters and granddaughter left for St. Paul, Minn., where in the future they will reside. For upwards of nine years Mr. Miller and family have been residents of this place, and had endeared themselves to a host of friends, who will deeply regret their removal. On the 9th inst. a number of young people assembled, and on behalf of the Church of England choir and other friends, a presentation with address was made to the Misses Eliza and :finnie Miller, who were prominent members of the choir. Each lady received a gold chain bracelet, with inscription. The

Miller family has been very zealous in promoting the work of the Church of England, which is now being sushed forward in this locality, and by the members of this church particularly they will be greatly missed. Mr. Miller was one of the 18 candidates recently confirmed here by the bishop of Fredericton.

OROMOCTO, Sunbury Co., April 21. -A great deal of sympathy is expressed here for the Carney family in the loss of several of their children from diphtheria. Dr. Peake is doing his utmost to prevent the spread of the disease.

A scheme is on foot for placing plank sidewalks on some of our chief thoroughfares. A subscription list ha been opened and a satisfactory start made. It is proposed to place the walk from the post office to the Anglican, Roman Catholic and Methodist churches.

MAUGERVILLE, Sunbury Co., April Councillor A. W. Fownes lost a year of her age, of Mrs. Israel Lent, 16.—The demise yesterday, in the 18th wife and mother who within the last year became the victime of consumption, hastened no doubt by moving into freshly plastered rooms, here. The deceased was a daughter of Jona-A sorrowing husband and a young babe are left to mourn the departed. The funeral took place today. An impressive sermon was preached by O. P. Brown (lic.) at the house, after which the remains were conveyed to the C. P. R. depot, Fredericton, and thence to Fredericton Junction for in-

MAUGERVILLE, Sunbury Co., April 20.—Mrs. Fred Brown and Miss Mabel Walker were upset from their carriage on Monday evening by the back seat giving way. Mrs. Brown struck on her head and hip and was badly operations on March 30th, has a large shaken up generally. She now lies in a helpless condition. Miss Walker was laid up a short time, but is able

to get around today. Miss Elena McCormick was married on Tuesday to Thomas Flannigan of Marysville, at the home of the bride in Blackville, surrounded by a circle of relatives and friends. The happy couple will reside here.

Rev. Mr. Parsons is carrying on a series of special meetings by which numbers are being added to the church.

Dr. Sharpe returned today from Montreal. It is rumored he is to move to that city at no distant date. DORCHESTER, N. B., April 23 .-The death of Mrs. Hickman, wife of the late Joseph Hickman of this town, occurred at the residence of her son, H. Hickman, shortly after nine o'clock this morning. Mrs. Hickman, who was seventy-five years of age, had been ill but a few days, and until last evening her speedy recovery

was anticipated. The first base ball match of the season was held on Hanington's field today, when the Dorchester town team suffered defeat at the hands of a team representing the high school by

a score of 6 to 3. Rev. J. Roy Campbell, who has been undergoing an operation on his eyes under Dr. Buller of Montreal, return-

ed home this evening. M. G. Teed has returned from Fredericton.

The citizens of Dorchester and the maritime provinces in general will learn with regret that the Spectator, our newsy weekly, is about to fall out of line. It is understood that the editor has been offered a position as war correspondent to a New York daily, and will soon proceed to Cuba. W. B. Howard of St. John is in

Challenging-His Lordship - Prisoner, you have the right of challenging any of the jury if you desire to do so. Prisoner-Right y'are, guv'nor. I'll fight that little black-whiskered bloke

THE MARKETS.

Revised Every Monday for the Weekly Sun.

COUNTRY MARKET.

The Easter concerts given in the	COUNTRY MARKET.		
Chipman hall, under the auspices of the Baptist ladies and society was a grand success.	Butter has declined 1 to 2c and eggs are also cheaper. There is practically no other change. American rhubarb is on the market.		
Duncan McLean, head surveyor in	Wholesale.		
the King Lumber Co.'s mill, who with	Beef (butchers') per carcass 0.07 " 0.00		
his wife has been taking a three	Beef (country), per qr 1b 0 02 " 0.05		
months' vacation, have returned to	1 Lamb, per 10 0 05 " 0 07		
their home in Chipman.	Pork, fresh, per lb 0 06 " 0 07 Veal 0 04 " 0 08		
Thoro in talls of the same	Veal 0 04 " 0 08		
There is talk of a large storage	Bhoulders 0 06 " 0 08 Hams, per lb 0 11 " 6 12 Butter (in tubs), per lb 0 13 " 0 17		
building being erected by Messrs.	Butter (in tubs), per lb 0 13 " 0 17		
Harry Darrah and St. Clair Fraser in	Butter (lump) 0 13 " 0 17		
the village.	Butter creamery 0 19 " 0 20 Dairy (roll) 0 16 " 0 18		
The whistle of the mill owned by	Butter (lump)		
the late Hugh McLean can now be	Fowl 0 49 " 1 00		
heard. Mr. Buchanan of Apohaqui is	Unickens 0 40 " 1 00		
foreman.	Geese 0 50 " 0 80		
Wild 'geese are very plentif il.	Turkeys 0 15 " 0 17 Eggs, per doz 0 07 " 0 08		
Hiram Briggs of Briggs' Corner was	Cabbage, per doz 0 40 " 0 80		
badly injured yesterday by a falling	Mutton, per lb (per carcass) 0 04 " 0 10		
beam, while repairing a building.	Rhubarb, per 1b 0 06 " 0 07		
Isaiah Langin lost twenty-two sheep	Potatoes, per bbl 1 25 " 1 50		
in one night by dogs.	Turkeys. 0 15 0 17 Eggs, per doz 0 07 0 08 Cabbage, per doz 0 40 0 80 Mutton, per lb (per carcass) 0 04 0 10 Rhubarb, per lb. 0 06 0 07 Potatoes, per bbl. 1 25 1 50 Potatoes (Copper). 1 60 1 90 Turnips. 0 55 0 65		
Henry stevens and Willie Harper,	Calf skips, per lb 0.00 " 0.10		
	Lamb skins, each 0 80 " 0 90		
who have been spending some time in	Hilder, Der ID 0 07 4 0 be 1		
Uncle Sam's territory, are home again.	Beans (yellow eye) 1 40 " 1 50 Beans (white)		
Harry Porter of this place is en-	Callon, Der DDi		
gaged in vesel building at Newcastle,	Deers, per Dut		
Q. Co. His sister, Miss Lizzie, will	Parsnins per bhi		
spend the summer with her parents			
here.	Cheese		
The residence of Wm. Kady of Hard-	HOUSE PARISH, DINES, DAT GOZ. 2 26 " 9 50		
wood Ridge was totally destroyed by	Maple Candy 0 10 " 0 12		
fire. No insurance, but most of the	Maple sugar 0 07 " 0 09		
contents were saved.			
John Dykeman is not expected to	Retail.		
recover. Wm. Fowler is improving in	Beef, corned, per Ih 8 06 " 0 10		
health. Mary A. Baird has returned	Beef tongue per Ib 0 08 " 0 10		
home.	Roast, per lb 0 10 " 0 18 Ls mb, per lb 0 97 " 0 10		
FREDERICTON JUNCTION, Sun-	Pork, per 10 (fresh) 0 07 " 0 10		
bury Co., April 21.—On April 11th J.	Home pur b (mart) 0 07 " 0 10		
H. Miller, his two daughters and	Shoulders, per Ib 9 08 " 0 10 Bacon, per Ib 0 12 " 6 14		
granddaughter left for St. Paul, Minn.,	Bacon, per 10 0 12 " 6 16		
where in the future they will reside.	Sausages, per lb 0 10 " 0 12		
For upproved of the iney will reside.	Butter (in tubs) 0 16 " 0 18		
For upwards of nine years Mr. Miller	Butter (lump), per lb 0 16 " 0 18		
and family have been residents of this	Dairy (roll)		
place, and had endeared themselves			
to a host of friends, who will deeply	Eggs, per doz 0 09 " 0 11 Parsnips, peck 0 25 " 0 30		
regret their removal. On the 9th	Rhubard, Der 1D 0 10 " 0 00 1		
inst. a number of young people as-	Squash, per lb 0 04 " 0 05		
sembled, and on behalf of the Church	Turnips, per peck 0 18 " 0 20		
of England choir and other friends, a	Beets, per peck 0 25 " 0 30 Radishes, bunches 0 00 " 0 07		
presentation with address was made	Horse radish, small bottles, 0 00 " 0 10		
to the Misses Eliza and :finnie Miller,	Horse radish, small bottles, 0 00 " 0 10 Horse radish, large bottles, 0 00 " 0 25 Granberries, per quart 4 00 " 6 06		
Who were prominent members of the	Cranberries, per quart 0 00 " 0 06		

FISH. There is to change in dry cod. Poliock has turned higher. Finnen haddies are scarce and firmer, also fresh cod and haddock. The supply of gasporeally is not nearly edual to

ı	the demand.	nearly	éc	rual
3	Wholesale.			
	Codfish, per 100 lbs,large,dry Codfish, medium shore	3 00	"	3 35 3 15
	Codfish, small	0 00 5 00	**	2 00 5 50
	Pollock	2 00	ee Me	0 00
	Gaspereaux, per 100 Grand Manan, hf bbls	0 00	10	2 00
	Finnen haddies, per lb Canso herring, bbls	0 41/2	46	
	Canso herring, of bbis Shelturne herring, bbis	0 00		2 75 4.00
	Cod, fresh	0 0214	"	
	Halibut	0 09	"	0 10
	GROCERIES.			
20	The wor here comed an ad		244	

The war has caused an advance in Porto Rico molasses. Stocks in the provinces are light. Neither are there large stocks of os here at present. The sugar

Liverpool, ex vessel 0 00 " 0 00 Liverpool, per sack, ex store 0 44 " 0 48 Liverpool butter salt. per bag, factory filled 0 90 " 1 00 Cream of tartar, pure, bbls 0 19 Cream of tartar, pure, bxs.. 0 21 Cream of tartar, pure, bxs. 0 21 " 0 25
Nutmegs, per lb ... 0 50 " 0 70
Cassis, per lb, ground ... 0 18 " 0 20
Cloves, whole ... 0 12 " 0 15
Cloves, ground 0 18 " 0 29
Ginger, ground 0 15 " 0 20
Pepper, ground 0 14 " 0 17
Bicarb sods, per keg 2 30 " 2 40
Sal sods, per lb ... 0 00% " 0 01: Sugar—
Standard granulated, per lb 0 04½ " 0 04% Canadian, 2nd grace, per lb 0 04½ " 0 04% Yellow, bright, per lb 0 03.80" 0 03.90 Yellow, per lb 0 03.70" 0 03.80 Dark yellow, per lb 0 03.60" 0 03.70 O3.70 Paris lumps, per box 0 05% " 0 06 Pulverized sugar, per lb 0 05½ " 0 06

Tea—Black 12's, short stock, p lb. 0 41
Congou, per lb, finest.... 0 22
Congou, per lb, good..... 0 13
Congou, per lb, common... 0 11
Ocolong, per lb 0 30 PROVISIONS

The market is very firm, It is stated that American pork lately bought could not be sold at present prices. American clear pork 15 50 "16 00 American mess pork 0 00 " 0 00 Oid American light clear
 Old American light clear

 Pork
 14 00
 0 00

 P. E. I. mess
 15 00
 15 25

 P. E. Island prime mess
 0 00
 12 50

 Plate beef
 14 50
 14 75
 15 25

 Extra plate beef
 14 75
 15 25

 Lard, compound
 0 06%
 0 074

 Lard, plre
 0 08
 0 09%
 GRAIN, SEEDS, -ETC.

The only change is a decline in pot balley. Oats are very firm in the west. Oats (Ontario), car lots.... 0 41
Oats (Carleton Co.).... 0 34
Beaus (Canadian), h p.... 1 00
Beans, prime 0 95 Beans (Canadian), h p.... 1 00
Beans, prime 0 95
Improved yellow eye ... 1 65
Split peas ... 3 80
Round peas ... 3 25

 Round peas
 3 25
 3 40

 Pot barley
 3 50
 3 75

 Hay, pressed, car lots
 8 75
 9 50

 Timothy seed, American
 1 70
 2 15

 Clover, Mammoth
 0 07
 6 0714

 Red clover
 0 08
 0 087

 Alsike clover
 0 07
 0 081

 FLOUR, MEAL, ETC. Flour is higher here, but not up full advance west. Cornmeal is also Oatmeal is strong.

Buckwheat meal, gray 0 00
Buckwheat meal, yellow ... 1 40
Manitoba hard wheat ... 6 00
Canadian high grade family 5 30 Cornmeal \$205
Middlings, bulk, car lots ... 19 00
Middlings, bulk of small lots, 21 00
Bran, bulk, car lots ... 17 00
Bran, small lots, bulk ... 18 00

North End Bost and Shoe Store **SPRING 1898.**

ready to sell you all kinds of BOOTS and SHOES. My stock is large and well selected, Prices are right, quality is good and any trading you may do with me will be mutually advantageous. You have patronized me liberally in the past, kindly do so in 1898.

W. J. FORBES. Cor. Main and Kennedy Streets, North End. St. John P. .S-Yet a chance to get a watch

cheap. FRUITS, ETC.

There is no change in this list. Egyptian onions are now quoted.

Currants, per lb. 006 007/4

Ewap. apples, per lb. 010 010/4

Dried apples 012 013

Popping corn, per lb 017/4 000

Brazils 009 011

French wainuts 009 010

Prunes, Cal. 006 009 010

Prunes, Bosnia 004/4 05

Peanuts, roasted 009 010

Apples, new, per bbl 375 500

Egyptian orions 003 03/4

Raisins, Cal. L. L., new, 20

ib boxes 000 030 03/4

Raisins, Malaga, Muscatels 3 Crowns 150 160

Black Basket 000 255

Raisins, Malaga, Muscatels 3 Crowns 006 006/4

Ra'sins, Sultana 010 06/4 007

Ra'sins, Sultana 010 06/4 007

Valencia, new 006 006/4 007

Valencia, new 006/4 007

Valencia, new 006/4 007

Valencia, new 006/4 006/4

Valencia, per lb 009 014/4

Figs, bags 000 000 004/4 FRUITS, ETC.

LUMBER AND LIME. Trade is lifeless and quotations purely

FREIGHTS. . Ocean freights are advancing. Coastwise are dull. Laverpool (intaks measure)... Bristol Channel West Coast Ireland..... Warrenport OILS.

Turpentine 0 48
Cod ofi 0 27
Seal oil (steam refined) 0 44
Seal oil (pale) 0 40
Olive oil (commercial) 0 85
Extra tard oil 0 55
No 1 lard oil 0 50
Castor oil (commercial) pr lb 0 69 IRON, NAILS, ETC.

W. B. DuBois, of Robert R. Sizer & Co. W. B. DuBois, of Robert R. Sizer & Co., a well known firm of lumber dealers in New York, has been in the city a few days, and left for fome yesterday. Mr. DuBois has been in the New York lumber trade for tventy years. His house has done considerable buying down here in the past, and his present trip was for the purpose of establishing closer relations with the producers. He came to close some orders and to open the way for consignments to his firm, which He came to close some orders and to open the way for consignments to his firm, which is a long established and thoroughly reliable one. Mr. DuBois says the threatened war has stalled trade, and as dealers generally have good sized stocks on hand he does not look for an active market. The mills must either shut down or accept low prices. His firm deal in spruce lumber and laths from this quarter. Their premises are located at 70 Beaver street, New York city. Mr. DuBois says that West Virginia spruce cuts quite a figure in New York, in competition with the product of Maine and St. John mills. With regard to the effect of war on the trade, he thinks that if the struggle should prove to be a long one there would arise a demand for general supplies, in which lumber would share.

"ROCKY" A horse out of condition should be treated with Dr. HORSE HARVEY'S CONDITION POWDERS. Nothing like it for purifying the blood, toning up the system, killing worms, glossing the coat, in a word tuning a horse to perfect condition.

Cost only 25c. per package at all dealers. Full size package sent post-paid as sample on receipt of price. THE HARVEY MEDICINE CO., 424 ST. PAUL, MONTREAL

TO DYE BLACK There's the test of both dye and

dyer, and it's that test that has built up the reputation of

MAGNETIC DYES All their colors are uniformly excel-

lent, no dye surpassing in perma-nency and beauty Magnetic Dyes, nor leaving the fabric so soft and new looking. At all dealers, or a full size packet, any color, sent post paid on receipt of price, 10c.

HARVEY MEDICINE CO., 424 St. Paul, Montreal

IN EGYPT.

You will find me at the same stand | A Few Days in the Land of the Pyramids.

> Modern Alexandria-By Train to Cairo The Fertile Regions of the Delta-An Intensely Mahommedan City-The British Red Coat-A Good Word for the Donkey.

(No. 2.) (Special Correspondence of the Sun.) CONTINENTAL HOTEL, CAIRO, Egypt, March 28.—Some one has said "there is a fascination to lands that have made or witnessed history." How fascinating then must Egypt ever be to the students of history. If it has not made it has at least witnessed the making of history for long, long centuries. "It is the longest lived among the nations of earth." Here were art and philosophy taught-a high degree of civilization attained-centuries before Greece or Rome began to make a stir in the world. When the inhabitants of the now most highly civilized nations of the east were content to live in the rudest kind of way, Egypt was a powerful nation, under wideawake rulers, ambitious, and immortalizing their names and nature in the building of pyramids, that in these far distant ages we study with feelings of great veneration for those who conceived their design and executed the same.

What associations, too, are connected with this land. Thither came Abraham, the father of the faithful, soon after his arrival in Canaan; then follows in succession the history of Joseph-the oppression of the Israelites-Moses-the Exodus. In hours of reed, when Eastern armies threatened God's ancient people in the land of promise, they turned to Egypt for help. To this land was Joseph directed to take "the young child and his mother" for safety from a wicked Herod. Early in the Gospel era heralds of the cross came to Egypt. Tradition has it that Mark, the writer of the Second Gospel, brought the glad tidings to the Egyptians. Here Christianity flourished, despite Roman persecutions. Here "the seventy" made the Septuagint translation. Yes, this is a remarkable land—the land of Rameses-Joseph-Moses; where Alexander the Great, Caesar, Antony, the bewitching Cleopatra and the world-renowned Mehemit Ali, each and all played conspicuous parts. This the land of all, "in which the dead alone are great."

ALEXANDRIA.

We landed in Alexandria, the "front door of Egypt," on March 22, and soon ascus. were being driven through the city. As your readers will at once see, this city does not belong to antiquity. It was founded by the Grecian Conqueror in 332 B. C., and in a memorial of his Egyptian campaign his object it was evidently to more close old Pharaoh kingdom with his then young empire, and through Alexandria turn the channels of trade to Greece. This was his favorite city. Then, after his death, under the wise rule of the Ptolemies, Alexandria became the home of artists and scholars. But in the early centuries of the Christian era, Alexandria suffered from war and plunder. Many of the grand works of men were destroyed, such as the 'white marble lighthouse," "the pure gold sarcophagus" in which had been laid Alexander's body, and as well the famous Alexandrian library and the Museum of Ptolemy. So great have been the losses of the city that it has been compared to an orphan "who has his name." The despoiling of Alexanenriching of other blaces.

In our drive we visit "Pompey's Pilmuseum ,and gardens, where we roam amid trees from the tropics, enjoying the sweet perfume of real orange principle and to have a pallet for blossoms; through the principal streets and squares, and then lunch and say a hasty good-bye to a city which in a few hours has made us believe we are now in the East rather than the West.

TRAIN TO CATRO

For the first time we are locked in a car with compartments, thankful indeed that our immediate companions for the next 130 miles belong to "our party." The railway ride to Cairo is one of ever varying and increasing interest. We pass Lake Mareotis soon after starting. Where these waters now lie was once a beautiful basin of rich land, filled with vineyards, but was opened to the sea in the siege of Alexandria, 1801, and one hundred and fifty villages were destroyed. And now we pass along the fertile regions of the Del ta and note how the native Egyptian farms. Curious indeed to western eyes are all the things seen. The camel trains, the little donkeys, the one-handled plough, the dirty looking mud hut villages, the making of firewood out of dung and straw, the rude and primitive way of irrigating the soil, the peculiar dress-all so full of interest we forget the passage of time. We note the great possibilities for this portion of Egypt. Here can two crops be taken per year from the soil made rich by the Nile. What is to hinder, with improved methods, Egypt being again the granary of the world; and along this line of railway to stand elevators to receive the great quantities of corn, and store houses for the immense bales of cotton? While all this is possible, it will be years yet ere these fullaheen will desert the old forms for the new; long too, it seems to me as I study them more closely, ere the sullen look that their Mahommedan religion gives them is changed into the radiant faced men they could be if they but knew the Christ of God and had taken the powers of the Eternal Life.

We reached Cairo in the early evening, and having washed away the dust, hasten to the large dining room for dinner, where about 200 are in the midst of their principal meal. But does it not surpise us! Many of these boarders are European officials and the style at dinner is amazing. Dress coats, white vests, immense fronts, while the ladies-but I dare

not begin, for where should I end? This I may say, if your readers want style, let them step into the firstclass hotels of Cairo at the 8 p. m.

dinner hour and they can find it. Cairo is a beautiful city in many of its parts. The Delta has been compared to a beautiful green faro, with Cairo glittering like a diamond in the handle. The drives around the city are very pleasing, and while it becomes necessary to pass through some of the narrow quarters, amid smells by no means pleasing, still there is interest, for we see life from constantly new standpoints. We moralize a little once in a while, and say to a companion, and what does life

mean here? This is an intensely Mahommedan city. The minarets from hundreds and hundreds of mosques resound with crys, "Come to prayers." The sight is constantly repeated of the faithful falling down to say his prayers, his face even tourned toward Mecca. But European influence is strongly felt here. You see everywhere you go the British red coat and you note the Egyptian soldier dressed in European style. This influence has been for good-is destined for yet greater good in days to come. I should be glad for Egypt's sake if Great Britain's flag was the only flag for this land.

I had hoped in this article to have said all I wanted to in regard to Egypt and then leave it, but I shall ask you to give me a little more space when I can find time to say something of the mosques, pyramids and tombs, all of which ought to be carefully studied, and which the tourist hurrying from place to place has but a moment to glance at and pass on. I would not forget that the donkey, whose praises no poet or prose writer that I know of thinks a fit subject for his muse, is the typical Egyptian animal. There are said to be 50,000 of them in Cairo. In color they suggest the Maltese cat, and then, "they are shaved, starred and striped." for his bray, which having heard once you never desire to hear again, I think him a most serviceable beast. He carries from the country loads of produce bigger than hi nself. Astride his back sits your big fat man, with feet almost toughing the ground, while from behind the donkey boy keeps the little burden bearer on the trot or gallop as he yells to him in Arabic, prods him with stick or twists his tail. Its quite fashionable, quite the thing indeed, to ride the donkey. and the other day "our party" had the pleasant experience of a 13 mile ride, while we went to view the ruins of Memphis and the tombs of Sukkara. A few had falls, but not of so serious a character as to prevent the D. D. of the party from enjoying the fun. We are first getting a taste of our touring from Jerusalem to Dem-

Your truly. G. O. GATES.

WOODSTOCK.

Handsome New Organ Placed in the Church of England.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., April 22.-The new organ in the Church of England was opened tonight. There was a dedication service, followed by an address from Ven. Archdeacon Neales, after which Prof. Bristowe of the cathedral, Fredericton, gave a recital. The church was filled to overflowing, and all were delighted with the lovely tone and fine appearance of the new instrument. Especial interest attached to the fact that the new organ is the first in New Brunswick from Cassavant Freres of St. Hyacinthe, P. Q., inherited from his father nothing but the builders of the grand \$30,000 organ in Notre Dame cathedral, Montreal. dria has in some instances been the J. C. Cassavant, one of the firm, perschally superintended the setting up. His firm are now building an organ ar," unfortunately misnamed; the of three manuals and pedals for St. Patrick's church, Halifax, N. S., which is to be constructed on the pneumatic every pipe. It will cost \$6,000, and be the largest and finest in the lower provinces. The Ven. Archdeacon referred to the good work of the purchasing committee, Messrs. Allan Dibblee, M. P., Harris Smith, H. Bourne Arnold B . and Mr. Raymond,

in procuring so satisfactory an organ, and expressed his confidence in the builders that the instrument was one that would give lasting pleasure to His address on the origin and all. development of the organ was most interesting.

Mr. Bristowe played the following programme: Marche Religeuse, Seulucat; Friedenslied, Roeekel; Offertoire, Batiste; Pastoral, Wely; Postlude in D, Smart; Because, Delbriick; War March of Priests, Mendelssohn; Gavotte, A. Thomas; Grand Choeur, Guilmant; Festival March,

The specification of the organ is appended: Great organ: open diapason, stopd diapason, dulciana, principal, fifteenth, trumpet; small organ: salicional, melodia, voix celeste, harmonic flute, obre; pedal, Bourdon (pneumatic); accessories: swell to great, swell to pedal, swell suboct (mechanical), great to pedal, great sub oct. (pneumatic), ped. to manul. (pneumatic, giving pedal Bourdon with lowest note in chord); three composition pedals to great organ, pedal tremulant, balanced swell pedal. The congregation is to be congratulated on procuring so fine an instru-

ment. It! will certainly add much to their musical service. F. A. Peters, jr., of St. John was in town this week, moving and cleanirg the organ in the Methodist church,

MAKES THE DEAF TO HEAR.

placed there'some fourteen years ago.

Almost Miraeulous in its Efficacy— Chronic Catarrh Induced Deafness— Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder Restores the Hearing With All its

John MacInnis, Walabuck Bridge, N. S., says: "I was afflicted with catarrh, which left me very deaf, but after using one bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarhal Powder my catarrh had left me, and I now hear as well as ever I did. It is painless and delightful to use. I got relief in ten minutes after making first application."

NOVA S

TRURO, threatening fir Sunday. The loft of Conduc Outram street the morning. could not save ed the fire fro ing buildings. ers' Supply C through, caus to the firm. stock. Betwee brigade were another hay lo barn, at the re at the corner streets. Stream turned on the roof, and after out. A horse stable with

thought that of incendiaries LAWRENCE -Mrs. Elias aged 76 years, day afternoon sisted by Rev ducted the ser grave. She lea Robert Fitz she resided, of Bridgetown of relatives an The sum of Easter concer Band in the M

Several case HALIFAX, was received t nown and the would not leav of May for Ha William K. st Little Harb day, by the which he was fishing smack capsized at the swell, but its AMHERST. death took pla yesterday after days' illness

Miss Adelaide of the late R ter to Dr. Mc town. The dec of age, and member of the the choir of leading part a the Sunday so valued member flower commit take place te 3 o'clock, the Highland ceme Donald officiati Hibbert Smit

had to have or owing to its ha splinter of woo Stanley Ayer Wm. Holmes, Prince Arthur Priest house. W. K. McKe treal here, has

of A. D. Cotte town. HALIFAX, N. Ulunda went as sheals at midnight ceeding out of the Liverpool It was to anchor off Ge on account of the urged him to proof the urged him to urged him to be urged him to be urged him to be urged him to be u sult that the Ulu by a tug. Capt. ccurse N. ½ E., wessel safely out Meagher's Beach after casting off In the morning I vations from the vations from the been sailing was deviation in his of This accident is a fact that it was under new owners foundland Steam seven years has sold out their stee Co., and they are the Furness line and Halifax. Wh and Hanna have on the deal

A survey was he was found to have 1 hold. She was go into dry dock uairs.
The Hamburg pany's new steam with one thousand rearly one thousand destined for Manif by two special trawill proceed for I morning. She has morning. She had thousand four hu

> CAPT. CAM (Montr

This morning offices addition ceived of the bell, which occ tario on Satur The Beaver I tario, it will be fax on the afti 1, with Captain On Saturday m parently in his to the bridge w the observation this that he and fell into th

master. The ship's who was on bo to the insensib useless. howev failed to bring life. The body was buried on A peculiar pa fair is the fac bell's death occlatitude and lo before was the tario's collision

Flick—Call him doesn't know the turne and a sym mean it. And the one another. Eac the other will as the difference?" Flick-Call hi

CURED OF

should I end? ir readers want into the firstat the 8 p. m. can find it. city in many of; has been comreen faro, with a diamond in es around the and while it pass through quarters, amid pleasing, still e see life from oints. We morwhile, and say

what does life

PART.

Mahommedan rom hundreds sques resound prayers." The peated of the say his prayurned toward influence is see everysh red coat and soldier dressed is influence has stined for yet come. I should sake if Great only flag for

article to have in regard to it, but I shall ttle more space to say somepyramids and ght to be carech the tourist place has but nd pass on. I the donkey. prose writer fit subject for Egyptian anibe 50,000 of they suggest en, "they are having heard to hear again. viceable beast ountry loads of nself. Astride

fat man, with the ground, donkey boy bearer on the ells to him in stick or twists ionable, quite the donkey. party" had of a 13 mile view the ruins ombs of Sukbut not of so to prevent the enjoying the ng a taste of alem to Dem-

O. GATES.

Placed in the

April 22.-The h of England ere was a ded by an adacon Neales. we of the ave a recital. overflowing. ith the lovely of the new terest attachnew organ is ck from Casacinthe, P.Q., \$30,000 organ al, Montreal. he firm, persetting up. ng an organ dals for St. N. S., which e pneumatic pallet for 6,000, and be the lower deacon reof the pur-. Allan Dib-H. Bourne r. Raymond. ry an organ, nt was one pleasure to origin and was most

e following Religeuse oeekel; Ofral, Wely; cause, Delmas; Grand val March,

e organ is open diapaciana, prinmall organ: , Bourdon swell to vell suboct edal, great . to manul. Bourdon three comorgan, pedal pedal. be congraan instru-

dd much to John was and cleandist church.

years ago.

HEAR.

NOVA SCOTIA NEWS

TRURO, N. S., April 18.-Two threatening fires occurred in Truro on Sunday. The first started in the hay loft of Conductor McCaffery's barn on Outram street, about one o'clock in the morning. Although the firemen could not save the barn they prevented the fire from sweeping the adjoining buildings. The wall of the Farmers' Supply Co.'s store was burned through, causing some additional loss to the firm, in carriages and other stock. Between 7 and 8 p. m. the fire brigade were again called out to fight another hay loft fire in E. D. Vernon's barn, at the rear of his furniture store at the corner of Prince and Young streets. Streams of water were soon turned on the burning hay mow and roof, and after a time the fire was put out. A horse was released from the stable with some difficulty. It is thought that both fires were the work

of incendiaries. LAWRENCETOWN, N. S., April 15. -Mrs. Elias Beals died on Friday. aged 76 years, and was buried on Sunday afternoon. Rev. J. H. Toole, assisted by Rev. Lewis Wallace, conducted the services at the house and grave. She leave two daughters, Mrs. Robert Fitz Randolph, with whom she resided, and Mrs. James Currell of Bridgetown, besides a large circle of relatives and friends.

The sum of \$4.80 was realized at the Easter concert given by the Mission Band in the Methodist church. Several cases of mumps are report

HALIFAX, N. S., April 22.-Word was received today that H. M. S. Renown and the rest of the squadron would not leave Bermuda on the 18th

of May for Halifax. William K. McLearn was drowned at Little Harbor, Queens county, today, by the capsizing of a boat in which he was carrying lobsters to a fishing smack. Another boat was capsized at the same time by a strong swell, but its occupant was rescued. AMHERST, N. S., April 22 .- The death took place at about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, after but a few days' illness from typhoid fever, of Miss Adelaide E. McCully, daughter of the late Robert McCully, and sister to Dr. McCully, dentist of this town. The deceased was thirty years of age, and was a highly esteemed member of the Baptist church. In the choir of the church she took leading part and led the singing in the Sunday school, and also was a valued member of the B. Y. P. U. and flower committee. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, the interment to be in the Highland cemetery, Rev. J. H. Mac-

Donald officiating. Hibbert Smith of Truemanville has had to have one of his eyes removed owing to its having been pierced by a splinter of wood.

Stanley Ayer has purchased from Wm. Holmes, the house property on Prince Arthur street known as the

W. K. McKean, of the Bank of Montreal here, has been transferred to the branch at Moncton, to take the place of A. D. Cotter, who goes to Kings-

town.

HALIFAX, N. S., April 24.—The steamer Ulunda went ashore on Point Pleasant shoals at midnight Saturday as she was proceeding out of the harbor on a voyage to Liverpool It was Capt. Fleming's intention to anchor off George's Island till morning on account of the thick weather. The pilot urged him to proceed, however, with the result that the Ulunda went ashore and stuck there for five hours, when she was pulled off by a tug. Capt. Fleming says he set his course N. ½ E., which would have taken the vessel safely out to sea. He could not hear Meagher's Beach fog horn, and one hour after casting off from the wharf was ashore. In the morning he found by taking observations from the sun that the course he had been sailing was really N. ½ W., showing a deviation in his compass of thirteen degrees. This accident is remarkable, in view of the fact that it was the Ulunda's first voyage under new owners, for the Canada and New foundland Steamship company, that for seven years has operated the Ulunda, has sold out their steamers to Furness, Withy & Co., and they are to be operated as part of the Furness line from Montreal, St. John and Halifax. What effect this disaster will have on the deal is unknown. In case it is consummated the Canada and Newfoundland Steamship company will go out of business. A survey was held on the Ulunda, and she Steamship company will go out of business. A survey was held on the Ulunda, and she was found to have two feet of water in No. 1 hold. She was ordered to discharge and go into dry dock for examination and re-

uairs.

The Hamburg American Steamship company's new steamer Bulgaria arrived today with one thousand two hundred passengers, rearly one thousand of whom are Gallicians destined for Manitoba. They were forwarded to the following the followi by two special trains tonight. The Bulgaria will preceed for New York at six tomorrow morning. She has accommodation for two thousand four hundred steerage passengers, and has a gross tornage of 12,000.

CAPT. CAMPBELL'S DEATH.

(Montreal Star, 21st.) This morning at the Beaver line offices additional particulars were received of the death of Captain Campbell, which occurred on the Lake Ontario on Saturday, April 2.

The Beaver line steamship Lake Ontario, it will be remembered, left Halifax on the afternoon of Friday, April 1, with Captain Campbell in command. On Saturday morning the captain, apparently in his usual health, went on to the bridge with his sextant to take the observations. It was while doing this that he was suddenly stricken and fell into the arms of the quarter-

The ship's doctor and Dr. Dobin, who was on board, immediately went to the insensible man's aid. It was useless, however, for two hours' work failed to bring back the first signs of life. The body was embalmed, and was buried on reaching England. A peculiar part of the whole sad affair is the fact that Captain Campbell's death occurred on the spot, both latitude and longitude, which the trip

before was the scene of the Lake On-

tario's collision with the steamship Flick—Call him a musician! Why, he doesn't know the difference between a nocturne and a symphony. Flack—You don't mean it. And they hurry to get away from one another. Each is terribly afraid that the other will ark: "By the way, what is the difference?"

Constipation CURED CELERY KING

THE BATTLE TO THE STRONG.

Many times has the subject of bodily power, strength and stability been scussed in these articles. Through all ages men have admired and praised strength and sought to possess it. Sculptors loved to represent in marble, and 'painters on canvas, this splendid quality. For it is always strength that wins its way and conquers. The strong are they who take life's prizes and snatch the best of its pleasures. To them burdens are relatively light and tasks easy. Labor is but little more than needed exercise, and sleep (being a fruit of limited fatigue) is sound, sweet and refreshing.

With clear minds, nerves attuned to harmony, and muscles creeping under the skin, like children turning beneath the sheets in bed, the strong face the day's toils and duties as hounds in leash struggle for freedom when the hunt is about to begin. Such as these are to be congratulated on having what is worth vastly more than fame or money. For strength (with health as its natural and necessary basis) is lead into gold, conjures flowers out of lea dinto gold, conjures flowers out of the sand, and compels harvests to ripen among the rocks.

But the weak and feeble! (a fearfully large percentage of the whole) what has the world to offer them? Comfort? Sympathy? Consolation? These are acceptable, to be sure, but even they are the coins passed from hand to hand among the weak themselves; as the vigorous have little pity for the ailing. For, search the world over, there is no substitute for health. Can strength and health be regained when lost? Yes, often. Take two il-

lustrations out of many: "In March, 1894," writes a friend, "I had a severe attack of influenza. After it I was not able to get back my strength. My appetite was poor, and my food seemed to do me no good. After eating I had pain and distress at the chest and around the sides. My breathing was short, and I was so weak I could not get downstairs, or even stand. I passed very bad nights, and had little true rest, day or night. All my color left me, and I became as weak almost as it was possible for

me to be. A doctor attended me and gave me medicines, but they failed to benefit me. Nothing did me any good. Finally a friend recommended me to take Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup. After using a bottle of it I soon began to pick up my strength. I could eat well and food agreed with me, and in a short time I got to my work as strong as ever. Since then I have enjoyed good health. I know others who have benefitted by taking Mother Seigel's Bythe Women's Christian Temperance Union Syrup. You may publish this statement if you wish. (Signed) Richard Roberts, Penybongo, Rhosybol, Anglesey, June 16th, 1897,"

For over ten years," writes another, "I have suffered from indigestion and a tired, heavy, weary feeling. I had no real appetite for food, and after meals experienced a good deal of pain at the chest and between the shoulders. I was always able to get about, but had this wearing, nagging pain. I took all the medicines usually recommended for indigestion, but obtained years I continued to suffer, when one of our customers told me of the benefit she had received from Mother Seigel's Syrup. I procured a bottle and it gave me immediate relief. I could eat well, and food no longer pained me. By taking an occasional dose when required I keep in good health. You can use this statement as you like. (Signed) (Mrs.) Martha Gill. wife of Mr. W. Gill, grocer, 45 Stoney Lane, Southwick, Sunderland, June

4th, 1897." Let me repeat once more that strength results only from nutritious food well digested. No drug can directly confer strength. The stomach and other digestive organs must be made to do their work. After that nature does the rest. To cure dyspepsia is a difficult thing, yet Mother Seigel's Syrup never fails when used fathfully as directed. Then strength returns—as it did to those whose letters we have just read.

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE.

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE, April 22.—In honor of the Very Rev. Father Francais, the St. Jean Baptiste Literary and Dramatic society reproduced their drama, "Les Piastres Rouges," Thursday afternoon. All the actors seemed at home on the stage, but special mention should be made of Chas. D. Hebert and Ed. Carignan. The orchestra, under the leadership of the Rev. S. J. Arsenault, played with its usual verve and grace.

The Rev. Fr. Francais leaves here for Montreal this evening by the maritime express. St. Patrick's Literary and Dramatic

society, at its last meeting, passed the following resolutions of condoler whereas, it has pleased Almighty God to remove from among as our beloved fellow member, Jeremiah F. Crowley; and Whereas, Through his death St. Patrick's Literary and Dramatic Society of the University of St. Joseph's College has sustained the loss of a good and faithful member, and his family been bereft of an affectionate son and loving brother; therefore Resolved, That this society, submitting to the will of the Almighty, tender to the sorrowing family its deep and sincere sympathy in their loss; and Further Revolved, That a copy of these resolutions be engrossed and sent to the family of our deceased brother, as well as drafted in the minutes of the society.

GOOD INTENTIONS.

The wonderful things we have planned, love, The beautiful things we have cone, The fields we have tilled, the gifts we have willed.

In the light of another year's sun.

When we think of it all we are baffied,

There's so much that Lever comes true,

Because, love, instead of our doing,

We're always just meaning to do.

The friends we are wanting to help, love,
They struggle alone and forlorn,
By trial and suffering vanquished,
Perchance by temptation o'erborne;
But the lift, and the touch, and the greeting,
That well might have aided them through,
The perilous strait of misfortune
They miss—we're but meaning to do.

We dream of a fountain of knowledge, We dream of a fountain of knowledge,
We loiter along on its brink,
And toy with the crystalline waters,
Forever, just meaning to drink,
Night falls and our tasks are unfinished,
Too late our lost chances we rue,
Dear love, while our comrades were doing,
We only were meaning to do.

—Margaret E. Sangster.

Latest news in THE WEEKLY SUN.

P. E. ISLAND NEWS.

CHARLOTTETOWN, April 22,-The mails were transferred from the Capes route last

The Charlottsown Board of Trade had a very interesting meeting on Wednesday night. The report of the delegation to Ottawa was enthusiastically received.

The St. James' church tea and bazzar last Thursday and Friday netted over \$300.

A. C. McDougall, son of M. D. McDougall, tailor of this city, left on Monday for Vancouver, B. C., where an uncle has resided for the past twenty years. John McPherson of West Point has left for the same place.

Hector, son of Ewen McFadzen of St Catherines, almost severed his foot from his leg last week. He was cutting down a tree, when the axe glided and struck him on the ankle. Dr. Murchison of Banshow dressed the wound.

The congregation of the First Methodist

the wound.

The congregation of the First Methodist church are worshipping in the Opera house church are worshipping the repairing of the

church.

Dr. Fred Lefurgey, who has just graduated from Baltimore College of Dentistry, passed through this city for his home on Friday last. He was at once time a student with Dr. Bagnall of this city. He intends settling in Summerside to practice his profession fession.

Dr. G. E. Moore of Montague Bridge, son of Thos. Moore of this city, made an ugly cut on the inside of one of his feet by the axe with which he was cutting kindling elimphys.

axe with which he was cutting kindling slipping.

The remains of the late Frederick J. Dawson, who was burned to death a few days ago in Toronto, arrived last night, and we're taken to the residence of his mother, St. Peter's Road.

The property of the late Hon, H. J. Carbeek on Sydney street, sold at auction, was bought by Jos. Wise, M. L. A., for \$850. A town lot in Georgetown was bought by Jas. Waddell for \$14.

William Bruce and Miss Clara Florence Matheson, both of Lot 61, were married by the Rev. John Sutherland on the 13th inst.

The street railway bill was before the house yesterday and passed its second reading. The Sunday clause was only opposed by five members. A plebiscite will be necessary before the cars can run on Sundays.

house yesterday and passed his second reading. The Sunday clause was only opposed by five members. A plebiscite will be necessary before the cars can run on Sundays. Clifton Beer, son of F. D. Beer, left today for British Columbia.

The Rev. T. F. Fullerton united in marriage on the 20th James Smith of Rocky Point to Miss Janie Lane. The groom was supported by Edwin McLaughlin and the bride by her cousin, Miss Heien Lane.

J. P. Sullivan of St. Peter's has sold his property, recently occupied by Levi Mc-Laren, to James Purcell of Fortune Road.

At the annual meeting of the Fruit Growers' Association of P. E. Island the following officers were elected: President, Edward Bayfield; 1st vice-president, John Robertson; secretary, Peter McCourt; treasurer, Joseph Wise, M. P. P.; directors, Queens Co., R. Burke, John Gill, Peter McCourt; Prince Co., Eev. A. E. Burke, D. A. Sharpe, John Johnson; Kings Co., Fred Bowyer, George E. Goff, D. J. Stewart.

We have the satisfaction now of reading the Daily Sun the same day it is printed, which we much appreciate.

TEMPERANCE COLUMN.

of St. John.

ST. JOHN COUNTY UNION NOTES. Carleton Union held a gospel temperance meeting on Sunday evening at p. m., which was largely attended. The superintendent of evangelistic work, Mrs. S. C. Smith, presided. Congregational singing was supported by music from the piano, violin and cornet. The speaker of the evening was the Rev. R. G. Fulton, who dealt with his subject in a masterly manner. only a little temporary relief. For Other meetings of a similar nature

> A neat book-case was placed in the Union hall last week for the reception of the W. C. T. U. library. Donations to the library or library fund would be gratefully received.

> The Prohibition Alliance issued a call some time ago that temperance societies, churches and friends of prohibition generally, should write their county representatives requesting their vote and influence in favor of submitting the Plebiscite bill to the people with the simple question for or against prohibition. This week a similar call was sent out by the corres-conding secretary of the Dominion W. C. T. U. In response, the County Union, through its president, have sent letters to the representatives of the city and county in the dominion parliament asking their influence and support toward this object, also in regard to the prohibition of liquor in the Yukon.

> LET'S GÉT ON OUR FEET. The Christian Guardian, Toronto, of March 23rd contained a brief editorial notice of the report of the postpone ment of the plebiscite, giving the Mail and Empire as authority.

As the session of parliament is drawing toward a close and there has been scarcely a mention of plebiscite, it is to be feared the report is too true. If true, the fact should arouse the indignation of the temperance people of Canada as no previous event in the history of the temperance reform has done. It should not only arouse Their indignation, but it should incite them to prompt, vigorous and decisive ac-Like the impatient man at the pool of healing, the supremely important question of prohibition has been forced year after year to halt in the background, while others of minor im-lortance from the whole range of politics, press to the front for settlement. Too long has this matter been trifled with by time-serving politiclans. For three long years we were forced to submit to the farce of a Royal Commission, at the expense of the people, trailing its sinuous lengths over the wide range of the dominion to no purpose save the manifestation to all who were not too blind to see of the utter faithlessness of the gov-ernment which supported it. With the accession of the liberal party came the prospect of a dominion plebiscite and the raising of hopes based on Sir Wilfrid Laurier's express promise. But "hope deferred maketh the heartsick," and further postponement of the plebiscite may produce an unde-sirable amount of nausea among Sir Wilfrid's supporters. Delays are always dangerous, and even for political leaders honesty may prove the best Delicy. To the temperance women of this

dominion the lesson of a further delay of the plebiscite is so plain that the wayfaring woman though a fool may read it. The average Canadian women for good and sufficient reasons is opposed to the saloon. To her illogical feminine mind the evidence elicited by the royal commission was not necessary to prove its baneful influence. She knows full well that the dearest interests are involved in the settlement of this question. But of what avail for this purpose is all this force of temperance sentiment unless it be applied to the machinery of legislation? As Frances Willard has so antly expressed it. "Public opinion can only be gathered, condensed and brought to bear through the electric battery of the ballot-box along the surcharged wires of law. There is no other method known to a republican form of government than the correlation of forces by means of which the individual opinion passes into the ordinance and on into the enforcing officer behind the ordinance, has its culmination in that urn where freemen manufacture destiny-the ballotbox.

WEEKLY SUN, ST. JOHN, N. B., APRIL 27, 1898.

To women engaged in the temperance reform That weapon which comes down a still

As snow-flakes fall upon the sod, But executes a freeman's will

As lightnings do the will of God," is not only desirable, but absolutely ssential. Without it we are fighting as those that beat the air and it is matter of constant and growing amazement to me that the members of the W. C. T. U. are so slow to apprehend this truth, and, apparently, so disposed to attach only a secondary significance to this most important department of our work. I am conshould, that it is mainly through the tailot-box that we can make effective our own, and other women's sense of justice and righteousness in regard to the two great reforms for which we stand-Prohibition and Social Purity -we should bestir ourselves in this direction as we have never done be-

Miss Mary Eastman said at a me ing of the New England Suffrage Asscciation, a few years ago: "The people who still say 'Prohibition first and equal suffrage afterward' remind me of a farmer who came posthaste late one night on an occasion of a sudden illness in his family to summon an old lady, a neighbor of ours, famous for her skill as a nurse. He was so anx-

Warning

When a man is physically weak, when he loses ambition, when his powers flag, when he suffers from the bad habits of his youth, when excesses have exhausted him-there is still one hope, a hope full of promise. It is in the medicines and



Free Trial

Our method of treatment will cure ninety-nine times in a hundred. That is why we will send appliance and course of remedies anywhere on free trial. Write us and we will tell you all about our treatment; but the medicines and appliances will not be sent on trial until you promise to give them an honest test. No triflers need answer. In writing, ask for a free copy of "Complete Manhood," the book that tells things every man ought to know. Cut out this notice or mention paper.

ERIE MEDICAL CO. BUFFALO, N. Y.

We pay duty and send all packages from Canadian side.



It is an indisputable fact, acknow-dged by all medical authorities that the Electrical current acts invigorating and healing on the enfeebled system and in a great many diseases produce a more surprising and favor-able result than any other remedy or treatment is capable of.

WINTER'S GALVANIC-ELECTRIC HEALTH CHAINS OF STETTIN, GERMANY

are constructed on the most approved scientific principles for infusing new life, vigor and action into the blood. No lady or gentlemen who is in any way troubled with Rheumatism or Nervous Disorders should be without

them and prescribe them, which is sufficient proof of their merits. If any of our Health Chains fail to do the work claimed for them we want to hear about it. We do not want any ones money for nothing. Price \$6.00. Full particulars upon application.

GERMAN HEALTH CHAIN CO.

"Paint Points"

This will not be the case with an animal whose blood is out of order. When a horse is all run down he needs a tonic the same as a man. Often he cannot have complete rest. Give him

Dick's Blood Purifier

and note how quickly he will pick up. His whole system will be invigorated. His digestion will be strengthened so that all the nourishment will be drawn from the food and less of it will be required. Dick's Blood Purifier drives out Bots, Worms and all parasites. In cows it greatly increases the flow of milk.

DICK & CO.

50 CENTS A PACKAGE.

Feels His Oats

is the title of a little book with a big purpose. Its mission is to enlighten everybody on the use of paint and the best particular paint for each use, from the enamelling of a table to the painting of a house. One of the best things it does is to make you acquainted with

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS **PAINTS**

They cover the most surface, look best, last longest and are most economical. If you are going to paint it will pay you to send for this little book. It's free for the asking. THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO., PAINT MAKERS.

ious that he outwalked her, carrying the lantern, and, as she nurried along after him she stumbled and fell. Turning, he cried in great agitation, 'Run, run, Mrs. Bagley! For heaven's sake don't stop to get up!' He meant well, but just because we need to run in the ways of mercy and charity and helpfulness, women must get on their feet, and while a woman has not the ballot, she is off her feet."

Wiser heads than mine have planned and adopted our "do-everything policy" and results have fully justified this method, yet I am fully persuaded that at the present crisis, it would in the nighest sense of the term, pay the Canadian W. C. T. U. to drop, if necessary, its thirty-five departments of work and devote all its time and energy to getting on its feet.

MAY R. CHESLEY, Lunenburg, March 31st.

A SIDETRACKED MINISTER.

No one would blame the Hon. Andrew G. Blair, remarks the Montreal Star, if he went back to the Laurier "bargain-counter" and asked that his railway portfolio be exchanged for something else in the way of cabinet position. Mr. Blair would be quite well satisfied with his present position if his colleagues would permit him to be really minister of railways, but they seem bound, says the Star. that whatever else he may do, he will not direct the railway policy of the government. Our Montreal contemporary declines to express an opinion as to whether or not Mr. Blair's railway policy is invariably wrong, but it points to the significant fact that whenever anything important is to be done in the railway line, it is not Mr. Blair, but one of his colleagues who takes the lead. Going into particulars, the Star continues:

Blair, but one of his colleagues who takes the lead. Going into particulars, the Star continues:

It was understood for instance, that Mr. Blair wanted the government to build the Crow's Nest Pass railway; but the majority of his colleagues knew better, and they invited the minister of fellway's to "side-track" himself while they ram his department for him over this difficult piece of road. Then when the Yukon deal was to be put through, it was Clifford Sifton, and not Andrew G. Blair, who stood at the lever. Yet possibly Andrew G. Blair could have managed that deal as well as Clifford Sifton. The consequence was that when Mr. Blair was called upon to introduce the bill, implementing the contract to the house, he had not had an opportunity to inform himself sufficiently on the subject to avoid making his speech a fasco and himself ridiculous. Mr. Sifton came along later and displayed a most itorcuph acquaintance with the affair; but neither the government nor the bill nor the minister of railways aver recovered from the effect of that blundering introduction. And now the other day the minister of railways was again shunted on to a "siding." He had a very positive opinion with respect to this Kettle River railway matter. He believed that the American company should have been permitted to build the line, and he fought tooth and nail for the success of this idea. One of his colleagues, however, Hon. J. Isreal Tarte, held an opposite opinion. He coald not understand a railway company actually wanting to build a railway matually wanting to build a railway company actually wanting to build a railway. The house, like the cabinet, seems reader to take anybody else's cpinion before that of the minister of railways on a railway. The house, like the cabinet, seems reader to take anybody else's opinion before that of the minister of railways on a railway needs had not he sociation, and on the soceasion it voted with Mr. Tarte and against Mr. Blair.

Hence it is apparent why we think that Mr. Blair would be justified in dem

This is from the New York Mail and Express: "Even the dullest ear must perceive that the voices of the American eagle and the British lion are speaking in almost perfect tune nowadays. There is music in their tones, no matter whether it be the pean of peace or the song of war."

OUT OF THE CITY.

Oh, for a walk in the woods,
A walk in the pastures brown,
Away from the gabble and babb
Away from the town.

Away where the buds say spring is Coming along this way,— Away where never a thing is That hints of decay.

In the town we grow crabbed and rusty— In the town we grow wrinkled and old:— But there's nothing that's dusty or musty In the feel or the smell of the mold.

Our mother is younger than we are, Though ten thousand times older, I wis, And her children—they never by she are Betrayed by a kiss. Oh, for a walk in the woods—
In the meadows and pastures brown,
Away from the rabble and babble
And gabble of the town.
H. L. SPENCER.

Bank of British North America ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1840. Paid up Capital-£1,000,000 Sterling.

Reserve Fund -£285,000

LONDON OFFICE-3 Clements Lane, Lombard St., E. C.

COURT OF DIRECTORS

This Bank is now prepared to transmit

DAWSON CITY. Yukon District (KLONDIKE),

to its branches in the West Kootenay Dis-trict Britch Columbia, at Rossland, Trail, Sandon, Kaslo and Stocan city; also to Vic-toria, B. C., and Vancouver, B. C.

H. A. HARVEY,



THE GREATEST Horse Remedy IN THE WORLD, Every Horseman should

Tuttle's Elixir. Not simply guaranteed to cure in the advertisement, but backed up by a standing offer of \$100 teward for every fallure. If it won't cure your core of Colic, Curbs, Splints, Contracted and Inotted Cords, Shoe Boils when first started, and Callous of all kinds, you will receive the above revard. Used and endorsed fly Adams Express Colemple free for three 2-cent stamps to pay postage.

\$5,000 Reward to the person who can prove ithis Testimenial bogus.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Oct. 8th, 1897. Dr. S. A. Tuttie.

Dear Sir-I have much pleasure in recommending your Horse Edixir to all intereste in horses. I have used it for several year and have found it to be all it is represented I have used it on my running horses and also my trotting. Staller. "Special Blend, with the desired effect. It is undoubtedly first-class article.

Puddington & Merritt, St. John N. B., General Agents for Canada and the Provin for Tuttle's Elixir and Veterinary Remedia 55 CHARLOTTE STREET.

Sychetechechechechech To Cure an

Obstinate Cough leading doctors recommend "GAMPBELL'S Wine of Beech Tree Greosote.

It seldom falls to cure, and is sure to give relief.

Ask your Druggist for it. K. CAMPBELL & Co., Mfrs., Montreal Lagger of the page of the same

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived.

Arrived.

April 22—Str St Croix, Pike, from Boston, E E Laechler, mase and pass.

Bktn Frederica, 295, Ryder, from Mobile, F E Sayre, pitch pine.

Brigt Edward E Hutchings, 260, Warner, from Mayaguez, D J Seely and Son, molasses.

Coastwise—Schs Water Witch, 10, Croft, from Grand Manan; Beulah Benton, 36, Mitchell, from Sandy Cove; Princess Louise, 26, Watt, from Grand Manan; Try Again, 16, Ingersoll, from do; Rex, 57, Sweet, from Quaco; Rita and Rhoda, 8, Ingersoll, from Grand Mancn; Yarmouth Packet, 76, Shaw, from Yarmouth; Evelyn, 69, McDonough, from Quaco; Zelina, 9, Farkland, from Grand Harbor.

April 23-Sh Harvard H Havey, 91, Scott, April 23—Sh Harvard H Havey, 91, Scott, from Newport, G K King, bal.
Sch Sallie E Ludlam, 225, Kelson, from New York, D J Purdy, coal.
Sch Cora May, 124, Harrington, from New York, N C Scott, bal.
Coastwise—Schs Swan, 56, Stevens, from Freeport; Temple Bar, 44, Longmire, from Bridgetown; Zulu, 18, Small, from Tiverton; Alice, 17, Trahan, from Belleveau's Cove.
April 24—Schs Wascano and Willie D, from un the bay ports.

up the bay ports.

April 25—Str Flushing, Ingersoli, from Grand Manan, Merritt Bros and Co, mails, mdse and pass.

Sct Myra B, 90, Gale, from Boston, Cottle
and Colwell, bal.

Sch Ruth Robinson, 452, Theal, from Windsor for New York, plaster (in for harbor.)

Sch Frank L P, 124, Williams, from Boston F & Pesters bal

sor for New York, plester (in for harbor.)
Sch Frank L P, 124, Williams, from Boston, F A Peters, bal.
Sch Romeo, 111, Campbell, from New York, P McIntyre, coal.
Sch Maggle Miller, 93, Granville, from Boston for Fredericton.
Sch Lewanika, Williams, from Port Greville for New York (in for harbor.)
Sch Uranus, from Hillsboro for New York (in for harbor.)
Sch Marion, 123, Reicker, from Boston, John E Moore, bal.
Sch Olifford C, 96, Thompson, from New Haven, D J Purdy, bal.
Steam yacht Siesta, 65, Upham, from Boston, H R McLellan, bal.
Coastwise—Schs Jessie, 17, Spicer, from Harborville; Wanita, 42, Magarvey, from Annapolis; Bessie Carson, 77, Haws, from Parssboro; Maggle, 34, Hine, from Windsor; Annie Bianche, 68, Randall, from Parrsboro; Zina M, 78, Newcomb, uo; Greville, 57, Baird, from Port Williams; Willie D, 64, Wasson, do; Fred and Norman, 31, Traek, from Sandy Cove; Whistler, 23, Faulkner, from Noel; Bilhu Burritt, 49, Spicer, from Advocate Harbor; Free Trader, 77, Brown, from Parrsboro; Packet, 49, Tupper, do; Speedwell, 82, Barnes, from Quaco; Kedron, 22, Taylor, from Digby; barge No. 4, 439, Salter, from Parrsboro; str Beaver, 57, Potter, from Canning, Cleared.

Cleared.

April 22—Sch L'Edna, Sabean, for Boston. Sch Mary George, Erb, for Salem f o. Coastwise—Schs Gertie H, Thompson, for Sandy Cove; Three Links, Egan, for Sackville; Hattie McKay, Durant, for Parrsboro; Roland, Roberts, for do; Ida M, Smith, for Quaco; West Wind, Post, for Digby; L M Ellis, Lent, for Westport; Lena and Edna, Hains, for Freeport; Hattie, Thompson, for Westport; Geo J Tarr, Hayden, for Digby; Annie Corbett, Hayden, for Thorne's Cove; Lloyd, Anderson, for Annapolis; R N B, Morris, for Margaretville; Bay Queen, Barry, for Beaver Harbor; Victor, Tufts, for Quaco; Evelyn, McDonough, for do; Annie and Lizzle, Outhouse, for Tiverton; Iona, Morris, for Advocate; Alph B Parker, Outhouse, for Tiverton; Maud Holmes, Cheney, for White Head; Little Minnie, Theriault, for Back Bay, Satellite, Perry, for Westport; Rowena, Stevens, for Fredericton; Ben Bolt, Sterling, for Sackville.

April 22—Sch Alaska, McHaffey, for City Island f o. Coastwise-Sch Yarmouth Packet, Shaw,

r Yarmouth. April 23—Str Lucerne, Griffiths, for Liver-Nellie Watters, Granville, for Vineyard Haven f o. Sch Rebecca W Huddell, Tower, for New Sch G H Perry, Robinson, for Vineyard Sch Canary, Wasson, for Vineyard Haven

Coastwise—Schs Harry Morris, McLean, for Quaco; Rita and Rhoda, Ingalls, for Grand Manan; Try Again, Ingersoll, for Grand Harbor; Dove, Ossinger, for Tiverton; Re-becca W, Gough, for Quaco; Helen M, Hat-field, for Hillsboro; Bear River, Woodworth, for Port George. or Port George. 25th—Sch Avis, Cole, for Vineyard Haven, Sch Lizzie B, Belyea, for Thomaston. Sch Riverdale, Urquhart, for Boston. Sch Valdare, Hatfield, for Boston. Coastwise—Str Beaver, Potter for

CANADIAN PORTS. Arrived.

At Port Mulgrave, April 20, sehs Hazel-wood, Farris, from St John for Magdalen slands; Gazelle, Young, and Emma T thorey, Fraser, from fishing (no ice). At Louisburg, CB, April 20, brigt Darps. Bradley, from Oporto.

HAUFAN, April 22—Ard, str Halifax City,
Newton, from St John; brigt W E Stowe,
Smeltzer, from Porto Rico, and sailed for Smeltzer, from Porto Rico, and sailed for Boston.

Sid, str Duart Castle, Seeley, from Bermuda, Windward Islands and Demorara.

At Hillsboro, April 20, schs Rebecca A Taulane, Olsen, from Portsmouth: Maggie Lynds, Christopher, from Hopewell Cape.

At Quaco, April 23, schs Lizzle D Small, Ricker, from Salem; Two Sisters, Egan, from Sackville; Glide, Tufts, and Ida M, Smith, from St John.

At Hillsboro, April 22, sch John Proctor, Chase, from Gloucester.

At Windsor, April 19, schs Ruth Robinson, Thrall, from Portsmouth; 21st, Phoenix, Thrail, from Portsmouth; 21st, Phoenix, Newcomb, from New York, HALIFAX, N S, April 25—Ard, strs Portia, from St Johns, NF, and sailed for New York; sch W R Huntley, Howard, from

At Hillsboro, April 20, sch Maggie Lynds, Christopher, for St John; 21st, bark Alert, Rice, for Holyhead f o; sch Uranus, Wood, for New York.

At Quaco, April 23, schs Chieftain, Tufts; Irene, Pritchard, for St John; G Walter Scott, Graham, for Windsor.

Fajardo, PR. Sid, str Bulgaria, Schmidt, for New York

Cleared.

BRITISH PORTS.

Arrived. At London, April 22, str. Platea, Allen from St John.
At Cape Town, April 19, ship Theodore H
Rand, Morris, from Barry.
LONDON, April 22-Ard, str Plates, from St John.

At Table Bay, April 20, ship Timandra, Edgett, from Barry.

At Cape Town, April 20, ship Timandra, Edgett, from Barry.

At Melbourne, previous to April 22, bark Frieda Mahn, Staben, from St John.

At Barbados, April 20, ship Avon, Burley, from Calcutta via Surinam.

MOVILLE, April 25—Ard, str Lake Huron, from St John via Halifax for Liverpol.

Sailed.

From London, April 20 (not previously), bark Vision, for Dalhousie. ANDROSSAN, April 22—Sld, str Glenarm Head, for Montreal. HULL, April 21—Sld, Karl Cleveland, for GLASGOW, April 21—Sld, str Buenou Ayrean, from Montreal.

From Liverpool, April 21, bark Askoy,
Jacobson, for Halifax.

From Preston, April 20, bark Hamlet, for
Richibucto. From Bristol, April 23, ship Asta, for From Bristol, April 22, Ship Asta, for West Bay.
From Manchester, April 23, str Barcelona, for St Johns, Nfid, and Hallfax.
From Dundse, April 22, bark Gero, Guevell, for Shediac.
From Greenock, April 23, ship Noreg, Fostner, for Bay Verte.
HYANNIS, Mass, April 25—Sid, sohs Ayr and Flash, for New York.

FOREIGN PORTS. Arrived.

At Buenos Ayres, April 22, ship Canara, Swatridge, from Boston. At Salem, April 20, sch Three Sisters, from Weehawken for Portsmouth.

At New York, April 20, bktn St Peter, from Buenos Ayres.

At New York, April 22, str Germanic, from Liverpool.

At Philadelphia, April 20, ship Walter H Wilson, Doty, from Wilmington, Del.

At Savannah, April 19, bark Veronica, from Buenos Ayres via Barbados.

At Boston, April 20, bark John Gill, Moenzie, from Rosario; sch Morales, Hebb, from Ponce, PR, reports had good weather during the passage; sch Rhoda, Inness, from Ponce, PR; brigt Venturer, McHenry, from Rio Grande do Sul Jam 4, via Barbados March 2, St Thomas March 16, when put in with loss of salls—at quarantine.

PORTLAND, Me, April 22—Ard, sch Evolution, Fitzpatrick, from Arroyo, PR.

Cid, schs Franklin, for Dorchester; I V Dexter, for Boston.

BOSTON, April 22—Ard, strs Canada, from Liverpool; Prince Edward, from Yarmouth, NS; schs Bessie H Cross, from Deer Isle; Annie M Preble, from Caleis.

Sid, strs Peruvian, for Glasgow; Yarmouth, for Yarmouth, NS; schs Mina, for Stobn; Victory, for Hoptwell Cape; S A Townsend, for Halifax; Sunshine, for Maitland, NS; Julia and Martha, for Calalis.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass, April 22—Ard, stry VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass, April 22—Ard, VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass, April 24—Ard, VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass, April 24—Ard, VINE At New York, April 20, bktn St Peter, from

Townsend, for Halifax; Sunshine, for Mail-land, NS; Julia and Martha, for Calais. VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass, April 22—Ard, schs Sierra, from St John for New York; Uarrie Easler, from Liverpool, NS, for New At New York, April 21, bark Glenafton, Mundy, from Rio Grarde do Sul; sch Bahama, Tooker, from Savana-la-Mar.

At Port Reacing, NJ, April 21, sch A P Emerson, Haley, from New York.

At Elizabethport, April 21, sch Hattle C, John York York from New York.
At St Michaels, April 21, str Anaces, Robinson, from Sabine Pass via Bermuda for London—in for coal.

London—in for coal.

At Fernandina, April 24, sch Canaria, Brown, from New York.

At Perth Amboy, April 22, sch Demozelle, Tover, from New York; 23rd, sch Bessie Parker, from New York; 23rd, sch Bessie Parker, from New York, April 22, schs Alert, Burns, from Macoris; Calsbria, Knowiton, from Demerara; Melbourne, Matheson, from Aux Cayes. At Vera Cruz, April 10, brig Estella, Bus-At vera Urtz, April 10, brig Estella, Buskin, from Pascagoula.

At Porto Rico, April 19, str Tyrian, Angrove, from Halifax.

At Brunswick, Ga. April 23, bark Auriga,
Johns, from Rio Janeiro.

VINEYARD HAVEN, April 25—Ard, scha
Viola, from Port Reading for St John; A P
Emerson, from Port Reading for Winter
Harbor. Harbor. Sld, schs Sierra, Carrie Easler and Pleasantville.

ROCKPORT, Me, April 25—Ard, sch Uranus, from St John.

CALAIS, Me, April 25—Ard, sch Abner Taylor, from New York.

BOOTHBAY, April 25—Ard, schs Reporter, from New York; Onward, from New York

er, from New York; Ohward, Howard, York.
Sld. schs Cinderells, for Portland; Vesta
Pearl, for Thorne's Cove, NS.
BOSTON, April 25—Ard, schs J Kennedy,
from Calais; Sebrina, from Bridgetown.
Cld. schs Cretz, for St John; Lizzle Wharton, for Belleveau Cove.

Cleared. At New York, April 20, barks Strathisla, Urquhart, from Saigon; Strathern, Flem-ming, from Sydney, NSW. At Mobile, April 22, Ship Karoo, Boss, for

Sailed. From Azua, prior to April 19, seh Gypsum Queens Morris (from Occa), for New York. From New York, April 20, bark Douglas, for St Pierre, Mart. for St Pierre, Mart.
From Boroen; April 12, bark Prince Patrick, for Canada.
BOOTHBAY, Me, April 22—Sld, schs Sallie E Ludlam, for St John; Walter Miller, for Salem.

GALAIS, Me, April 22—Sld, sch Pavillion, for Newport; Maud Malloch, for Cambridge-port.

From Seville, April 14, bark Greenland, Anderson, for Philadelphia.

From Port Reading, April 21, sch Viola, Fialey, for St John.

From New York, April 21, bark Strathisla; for Saigon.

From Pernambuco, April 14, str Riojana, Guerrica, for Matanzas.

From Buenos Ayres, March 17, bark St Croix, Trefry, for the roads (? and Boston.)

From Dieppe, April 20, Island, for Halifax. Aby K Bentley, Price, for coastwise.

From Rio Janeiro, March 23, ship MaceBesnard, for Mobile.

From Vera Cruz, April 12, sch J W Durant, for Mobile. ant, for Mobile.

From Antwerp, April 23, Str Storm King, Crosby, for Boston.

From Rio Janeiro, March 23, sch Macedon, McMaster, for Savannah via Barbados.

From Ne-v York, April 22, schs Delta, for Cheverle; Gypsum Princess, for Windsor; Viola, for St John; 23rd, bark Strathern, for Stater, NSW, sche Avelen, Wagner, for St NSW; schs Avalon, Wagner, for St Carita, Pernell, for Halifex, NS; Wing, Van Horn, for Rio Janeiro, L. Walter, for Sackville, NB; Clayola, Leonard, Walter, for Sackville, NB; Clayola, McDade, for St John.

McDade, for St John.

MACHIAS, Me, April 25—Sld, schs Laconia, fron Calais for New York; Freddie Eston, for New York; Pandora, from St John for Rockland, Orizimlo, from Calais for Bridgeport; Abna Floyd, from St John for Boston.

MEMORANDA. In poct at Ponce, PR, April 3, schs Omega, Lecain, and Mercedes, Saunders, for Vine-yard Haven, to sail about 6th. In port at Montevideo, March 17, bark Strathmuir, McDougall, for Antwerp. Passed Gibraltar, April 20, str Turret Crewn, Henry, from Gence for Port Breton (Cane, Breton). Passed out at Delaware Breakwater, April bark Oostenberg, from Philadelphia for John. t John.
In port at Ponce, PR, April 3, schs Phylis
, for Halifax, idg, to sail 5th.
Passed Anjer, March 20, ships Selkirk,
rowe from Manila for New York; 26th,
reasurer, Knowltch, from Hollo, for New In port at Montevideo, April 5, bark Signe, from Johannesen, for Dalhousie, ready to sail.

TORY ISLAND, April 25—Psd, str Concordia, from St John for Glasgow.

SPOKEN. Steamer Alpha, Hall, from Halifax for Vancouver, April 12, lat 28 N, lon 54 W; all Vancouver, April 12, 12t 20
well.

Bark Ontario, from Buenos Ayres for Boston, April 19, lat 40.41, lon 71.02.

Bark W W McLaverlan, from Villa Constitution for Falmouth, March 11, lat 26.21
S, lon 33.15 W.

Bark Neptune, Backer, from Bristol for Bay Verte, April 19, lat 49, lon 14.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

BOSTON, April 22—Nun buoy belonging to NE corner of Bearse Shoal, Nantucket Shoals, pow lies one and a half miles SW of proper position (reported by coast pilot.)
PORTLAND, Me, April 22—Notice is given by the Lighthouse Board that, on and after Tuesday, April 26, 1898, and until further orders, all channels leading to Portland Harbor from sea will be closed to navigation by a system of explosive torpedoes, and all masters of vessels are forbidden to attempt to pass through any except the channel from the southward, between Portland Head and Cushing Island. In using this channel caution must be exercised and the following directions be carefully followed: Flye black and white perpendicular striped spar buoys, placed one-quarter of a mile apart, on a line of bearing N by W querter W, and S by E ¼ E, will mark the safe channel, and vessels entering or passing out should leave these buoys close aboard on either hand. At night, being abreast of Portland Head light, bring Spring Point Ledge light to bear N by W ¼ W, and steer in on that course until the middle of Cushing Island is abeam, when all dangers will be passed. The forbidden passages are: Whitehead, Hussey's Sound, Chandler's Cove, between Great Chebeag Island and Little John Island. In these forbidden passages all buoys will be removed and it would be extremely hazardous to attempt to pass through them.

All bearings and courses are magnetic. NOTICE TO MARINERS

HOW WILL YOU TRADE? Trade what? Trade work for money; we want men and women everywhere to sell our Non-alcoholic Flavoring Powders for cakes, candles, ices, etc. They are perfectly pure and twice as strong as liquid extracts. We pay \$3.27 a day and give steady work; if you can't get more than that, write to us at once and we will start you to work. Address the U. S. FRUIT CO., St. Louis, Mo.

be extremely hazardous to attempt to through them. All bearings and courses are magnetic.

BARKER-STANLAKE—At the Tracey hotel, Bath, N. B., by Rev. S. J. Perry, on April 13th, Dexter Barker of Bath to Miss Ida L. Stanlake of Knoxford, both of Carleton Go., N. B. PATTERSON—At Salmondale, Queens Co., N. B., on April 8th, to the wife of W. M. Patterson, a con.

MARRIAGES.

CAMPBELL-WILSON-At the Presbyterian church, Campbell settlement, April 21st, by Rev. A. D. Archibald, M. A., John Campbell to Mary Wilson.

DEATHS.

BROWN—At Indiantown, on April 24th, Isabella M., wife of W. G. Brown, postmaster.
DAVISON—At Eel River Lake, Carleon Co., N. B., on Monday, April 18th, John, youngest son of James and Sarah Davison, aged 27 years.
GIBBONS—In this city, on Saturday, April 23rd, James Gibbons, in the 67th year of his age, leaving two daughters to mourn their loss. loss.

MILLAR—Suddenly, on Saturday, April 23rd,
Wm. T. Millar, aged 35 years, second son
of the late Joseph Millar.

PATTON—At her residence, 74 Spring
street, Monday evening, April 25th, Catherine, relict of the late Wm. Patton.

WILSON—At hie residence, 187 Union street,
on Sunday, at 6 p. m., Sergt. Samuel Wilson, in the 73rd year of his age, leaving
six sons and two daughters to mourn their
sad loss.

FROM WRANGEL

Charles Muse of Little Brook, Digby County, N. S.,

Tells the Sun of His Experiences on the Stickine River Trail.

Good Food and Wages-No Place for Sickly Folk-Eight Corpses on the Steamer.

From Tuesday's Daily Sun.

Among the passengers by the Canadian Pacific express yesterday was Charles Muse, an Acadian, from Little Brook, Digby county, N. S., who is on his way home from the trail beyond Fort Wrangel, on the Stickine River. Mr. Muse is one of a very large party who went west a few months ago. He went over the C. P. R. to Vancouver. thence by steamer to Wrangel, and on up the Stickine River, to work on the trail being opened up in advance of the railway toward Teslin Lake. He is home again because he was so badly injured that he could not continue his work as a blacksmith in that region. Mr. Muse is not one of those who are tired of the west. If he recovers his strength he expects to go back. He was getting \$75 per month and board for the short time he was able to work, but of about spent seven in the camp, and was finally told by the doctor he would have to get away if he wished to get well. So he came home. He was hurt by being burled under a load of earth and had to be dug out.

Mr. Muse says they lived well at the camp on the trail. They had beef, butter, bread, etc. and even such food as doughnuts and pies was to be had. Wages for laborers were \$2 per day, and all who went there seeking work for a man named Thomas Boomer, of Butte City, and a finer boss no man could ask. Then men were not overworked, and they were well fed, and though the mercury was down to 25 and even 45 degrees below zero, they got used to it and could work all right. On the tops of the mountains the snow was very deep, and it was also deep in the valleys, but the trail was being cut on the mountain side where the depth was not so great. The advance party made a trail wide enough for a cart. Away behind them were others widening it out to the width neces-

sary for the railway. Mr. Muse says that only strong and hardy men should go to that country. The hospital staff at Wrangel are kept busy treating men of weak constitution who go out there and break down.

On the steamer that brought him from Wrangel to Vancouver there eight corpses. Three were brought east to Medicine Hat, two to Winnipeg, and three to North Bay. Mr Muse was one of the party who found the bodies of two gold seekers, frozen stiff, each with a large bag of gold. These men were on their way out from the Klondike with their wealth and met death on the trail. Their bodies lay with a few feet of each other. Mr. Muse was twenty-two days

making the journey from the camp on he Stickine trail to St. John At Vancouver, he was told on the train by people coming east that the city was over-crowded and that a

great many were unable to get work of any kind there. Among the ills that attack weak men on the Stickine is mountain fever. Speaking of the work there, he says the contractors had plenty of supplies, and had bronchos to do the hauling. There were some sixty or seventy Nova Sections at work along the line, and many Newfoundlanders. He saw no quarrelling or trouble of any kind. He was treated with the greatest consideration after being hurt, and was well cared for, and his employer told him his job was there for him if he went back any within three or four months.

With regard to Wrangel, he heard of no trouble there except the disap-pearance of one man who, was said to have had a few hundred dollars, and it was thought by some that he had been put out of the way by saloon keeper popularly styled "Jack the Ripper."

Mr. Muse goes over the hav this morning. He says a man of strong constitution can get along all right where he was, but he would advise every man who is not strong and hardly to stay home.

PARLIAMENT.

The Resignation of Gen. Gascoigne and His Successor.

tention of the House Yesterday.

The Binder Twine Contract and How Coll Bros. Lost It-Militia Matters.

shall be submitted, to read as follows:

"Are you in favor of the passage of an act prohibiting the importation, manufacture, or sale of spirits, wine, ale, beer, cider and other intoxicating liquor, used as beverages?"

The remainder of the bill, which contains fifteen clauses, contains the ma-chinery for the taking and recording of the vote. The persons qualified to vote are

election. The government is authorized to fix a date and appoint returning officers. Organizations on each side of the question are permitted to have representation at the polls. The form of the ballot is designated, and such that the voter makes cross in a space under word "Yes" or under the the

word "No," according as he favors or opposes prohibition. The return of the vote is made as in ordinary elections, and are to be made public through the Canadian Gazette. part of the bill which is most controversial is contained in the clause requiring that the election be held aclist of the franchise and election bill now before the house.

The bill does not go farther than the recording of the vote. It makes no provision for the subsequent action in the way of giving effect to the will of the people. It is not usual to discuss measures on the first reading, but a short debate took place on the introduction of this bill.

should be added providing that in case a majority of the votes were cast to the decision. No answer was made to this proposition.

bill required a vote to take place on the franchise act of 1898. There was no such act. The franchise bill was hardly in the committee stage, and no one could say that it would pass either chamber.

Hon. Mr. Fisher replied that the government were determined that the bill should pass. Mr. McInerney-"More than one bill

which this government was determined Premier Laurier thought that this suggestion was of the nature of a threat. The government did not inand did not expect its defeat.

had said in Quebec that it would be unconstitutional to impose prohibition

as the government well knew, was strongly opposed by one political party in Canada and in this house It looked like an attempt to drag the whole matter into party politics. If this house or senate should not adopt the franchise act, or should even amend it, the government might make that an excuse for destroying the plebiscite.

Mr. Taylor suggested that the pleb iscite vote be taken on the lists of the last municipal election. The government declined to discuss

the question further, until the second The franchise bill was then taken

On the clause adopting the provincial lists, Mr. Heyd, the liberal memfor Brant, proposed an amendment that the Indian voters enfranchised by the federal laws but disqualified by the Ontario acts, should remain electors.

Gillies, McNeill and other members white persons, who in Nova Scotia, would by this act be deprived of the This led up to an interesting discussion, which continued all afternoon.

The franchise discussion was re-

surred in the evening on Heyd's amendment. The debate was largely with Nova Scotia members concern-

At midnight Mr. Heyd's amend. ment was still before the committee. when progress was reported and the house adjourned. NOTES

eries case and tariff question.

The Franchise Bill Occupied the At-

OTTAWA, April 21.-The long ex-

sected plebiscite bill appeared in the house today. On moving the first reading Hon. Mr. Fisher gave a brief ummary of the contents of the bill, which provides that only one question

those entitled to vote in a federal

cording to the procedure and on the

Hon. Mr. Foster thought a clause

for prohibition, effect should be given Mr. McInerney pointed out that the

After further discussion Mr. Bergeron said that the solicitor general

on that province by the vote of the other provinces. Since a member of the government had made this declaration, Mr. Bergeron would like to were able to get it. He was working know whether in case Quebec should vote "No," as he thought it would, Quebec would be included in the prohibitory law. He got no answer. Mr. Ives protested against the policy of the government in harnessing the plebiscite to a franchise bill, which

upon.

Mr. Lister, liberal, supported the amendment, both he and Heyd declaring that it would be an outrage to shut out from the franchise any class of persons who have once been admitted to the polls. Messrs. Quinn, agreed to this proposition and proposed to carry it to conclusion. They pointed out that various classes of Quebec and other provinces have had a right to vote by the federal law, right of suffrage, under the disfranchising clauses of the provincial laws.

The senate today restored Hamilton Smith's Yukon charter bill to the order paper, whence it had been drop-

The minister of justice stated that a London firm, of which Sir Charles Russell is a member, acts as solicitor for Canada since January, 1897; advances of \$3,800 had been made to the firm, and there was outstanding accounts of \$800 on account of the fish-

Commander Wakeham's bout the Hudsons Bay was submitted today. The most important part of it

has already been given to the public. The question asked by Clarke Wallace to Hon. Mr. Patterson today elicited an interesting statement that during the first half of the present fiscal year, that is from July to January last, the imports from Great Britain were \$15,391,000, or \$311,800 more than in the same period of the

previous year. In the same period the imports from the United States were \$38,577,000, an increase of \$6,363, 000. This is the first direct statistical evidence of the diversion of trade from the United States to Great Britain under the Felding tariff. The increase in imports from the United States is a little more than twenty times the increase in imports from Great Britain in the first half of the

year in the new system. D. Pottinger arrived today from Moncton. He has business with the minister and will probably testify before the Drummond committee. Major Armstrong of St. John is

here on business with the minister of militia. OTTAWA, April 22.-In the house

this afternoon Mr. Clarke of Toronto called attention to the fact that Mr. King, the boot and shoe manufacturer of Toronto, who has a strike in his factory, was bringing working men from the United States to break up the strike. Mr. Clarke wanted to know whether the government would put in force the alien labor bill. This led up to a general discussion of the enforcement of the alien labor law. which will be resumed Monday.

The franchise bill was then taken up, Mr. Heyd's amendment was defeated by a yea and nay vote. Messrs. Heyd and Lister, who spoke so ve-hemently for their amendment yesterday, were both conveniently absent. Mr. Russell of Halifax moved an amendment to admit to the federal franchise all who might be disqualifled by provincial laws on the ground that they are federal employes, provided the persons are on the list.

Sir Charles Tupper said that trouble was that the employes could not get their names on the list, but Mr. Russell still maintained that under the Nova Scotia system the registration included the employes and disqualification comes afterward. Sir Charles appealed from him to the solicitor general, who evaded that issue, but met Sir Charles' point by arguing to draft an amendment to

polls. The speaker left the chair before this amendment was ready. MILITIA MATTERS 40th Prince Edward Island Regi-ment—To be honorary chaplain, Rev. Thomas F. Fullerton: to be surgeon.

Lieut. Duncan Albert Stewart, vice

provide that employes should neither

be kept from the list nor from the

Gillis, deceased. 66th Batt. Princess Louise Fusiliers -Lt. Col. Wm. Marshall Humphrey is permitted to resign his appointment as commanding officer of this corps, and is transferred to the infantry reserve of officers, 7th April, 1898; to be lieutenant-colonel, Major Byron Ar-

ferred 7th April, 1898. 69th 1st Annapolis Battalion Infantry-Lieut, and Adjutant John Henry Charlton is granted the rank of captain, under the provisions of paragraph 79, regulations and orders for the militia, 1887, 4th April, 1898. 8th Princess Louise New Brunswick Hussars-To be second lieutenant provisionally, Sergt, Henry Elliah Scovil.

vice Domville, transferred. 73rd Northumberland Battalion of Infantry, No. 5 Co .- To be second lieutenant provisionally, Sergt. Harry Wilson, vice Cameron, retired. 74th Battalion Infantry, No. 4 Co. To be second lieutenant provisionally, Frederick Roy Sumner, gentleman.

vice Forster, promoted. THE BINDER TWINE SALE. This morning Douglass Stewart, inspector of penitentiaries, gave evi-dence concerning the sale of binder twine to the Hobbs firm, notwithstanding a lower tender of Coll Bros. of St. John. He said that Messrs. Coll's tender was not complete, and the firm did not put up the deposit. It turned out, according to his testimony, that the Coll firm had made an arrangement with the other firm to assume their tender. The department had finally allowed the Colls to withdraw, and had given the contract to Hobbs on terms nearly but not quite as good as Coll's offer. The inspector said he had recommended this con-tract, as the prices were falling, and it was the best arrangement that could

The evening was expended on the franchise bill. Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick's amendment is not yet done. Other amendments are promised to meet the objections raised by Mr. McInerney, by fixing a limit to the number of voters who may be sent to one poll. Mr. Fitzpatrick did not have his amendments ready. One sub-clause proposed to the amendment was held ever. The evening's discussion took on another sub-clause, which was adopted at midnight. Sir Charles Tupper then proposed an amendment providing that in case of dispute as to the qualification of a person to vote, an appeal shall be made to the county court judge At 2 a, m. Sir Charles Tupper for

the third time tried to induce the premier to dismiss the house. Sir Wilfrid refused. The leader of the opposition told him that he thought he was making a mistake and was not hastening legislation by this attempt to force his measure through with a rush. He did not propose to remain in any longer, he said, and strolled off home, while his followers settled down

to make a night of it. At 2.30 Mr. Bennett was speaking to Mr. Foster's motion that the committee

NOTES.

The private bills committee has been toiling two days over the bill to in-River Gold Mining Land and Transportation Co. (Ltd.) The incorporators are Geo. T. Marsh of Regina, Chas. H. Skinner, Alfred C. Blair, Arthur I. Trueman of St. John; capital stock, one million. The petitioners desired power to mine in the Yukon, to farm in the Northwest, to carry on sheep and cattle ranching, and to do transporting business. The committee

has cut down these powers largely, and toady put in an amendment requiring that before the company goes into operation \$250,000 must be sub-

scribed and \$50,000 paid up. OTTAWA, Ont., April 25.-Before the orders of the day, Sir Adolphe asked about General Gascoigne and was told that he had resigned his Canadian command, but retained his position till his successor was appointed. Hon. Mr. Tarte informed Mr. Gan-

ong that the estimated cost of establishing telegraphic communication between Deer Island and the mainland was \$3,500. Telephone communication would cost the same. Telephone communication between Head Harbor light and Welshpool would cost \$880. Five private bills were advanced a stage, including the Klondyke bill in which Messrs. Skinner, Trueman and

A. C. Blair of St. John are interest-The house then took up Quinn's motion relative to the dismissal of John F. Tennant, late collector of customs

at Gretna, Manitoba, In the evening Mr. Casey's bill to secure the safety of railway employes was taken up. Hon. Mr. Blair expressed doubts whether parliament had power to legislate to the extent

As Hon. Mr. Blair wanted time to look farther into the matter, Mr. Casey agreed that progress should be reported.

The next order called was the second reading of Charlton's seduction bill amendment. Mr. Charlton had already spoken on the second reading and was not allowed another chance. As no one else wanted to speak, Mr. Charlton asked for a vote, calling for yeas and nays. The speaker declared the motion lost. Mr. Charlton stood up to call for a recorded vote. It is necessary for five members to demand and only three stood up with Mr. Charlton. His bill is, therefore, struck

from the order paper. Mr. McMullin moved the second reading of his bill to authorize the appointment of a board of civil service commissioners. He supported the bill with a speech setting forth the excessive cost of the inside service. Mr. McMullen begged that his bill to provide supervision for civil servants might find favor with his leader, but the premier said he wanted time to consider it, and moved the ad-

journment of the debate. The same thing was done with Mr. Davin's bill about the mounted police

The house adjourned at 11 p. m.

NOTES. It is said that Joe Martin has the ir side track for the British Columbia chief justiceship. Senator Templeman and the four members from the province supporting the government waited on the minister of justice and discussed the matter. They do not say what happened, but one of the delegation told me tonight that D. C. Fraser, M. P., was not entirely out o the race.

HALIFAX.

The Will of Miss Antoinette Nordbech Probated Yesterday.

Want More Facilities at the Expense of the Country - Arrival of Austrian Warship,

HALIFAX, N. S., April 25 .- The will of Miss Antoinette Nordbeck is probated. She leaves \$500 to Robie street Methodist church, this city, and \$250 to the superanuation fund of the Nova Scotia conference Methodist church. With this exception, the whole eschurch. With this exception, the whole estate, estimated to be worth \$60,000, is bequeathed to the four children of kev. Robert Murray, editor of the Presbyterian Witness.

The city council and board of trade delegates to Ottawa, and others of the joint committee, met today. Telegrams were sent to Minister Fielding and Mr. Russell, M. P., urging a prompt response to the representations of the delegation, and asking what steps were being taken to improve the inadequate facilities here, by the building of wharves and modern freight sheds at deep water.

A cable from Bermuda says: The British warship Indefatigable arrived here yesterday from Halifax and sailed again after coaling. Her destination is unknown.

The warship Polles envised at Port Angelias and the coaling is the coaling and the coaling and the coaling is the coaling and the coaling and the coaling are coaling. coaling. Her destination is unknown.

The warship Pallas arrived at Port Antonio, Jamaica, yesterday, from Bermuda.

The work is being rushed at Halifax in The work is being rushed at Halifax in preparing the two torpedo boats on this station for service. It is understood a quantity of food supplies will be sent from here for the fleet at Bermuda.

The sudden death occurred at Ashland, Mass., today, of Dr. Maria Angwin of this city. Dr. Angwin had gone to New York last January to take a post graduat course. On her return she took ill sud stopped off

On her return she took ill and stopped off at Ashiand, where she seen died. Dr. Angwin was the first lady doctor to practice in Halifax. She is a sister of J. H. Angwin and W. K. Angwin of this city.

The Austrian weights because and at

and W. K. Angwin of this city.

The Austrian warship Donau arrived at six this evening from New York. When the signal of her approach was run up, people thought the visitor was a Spaniard off the harbor, in the thick weather. The Austrian fired guns to attract a pilot. This made Captain Oakes of the coasting steamer Bridgewater think the warship was in distress, and he offered assistance. No reply was received, but for some distance the Austrian followed the Bridgewater. Even-Austrian followed the Bridgewater. tually a pilot was secured.

BIG GLASGOW FIRE.

GLASGOW, April 25.—A tremendous fire broke out in the Clyde side district of this city tonight. Several large buildings are including and catholic catholic volved, including the magnificent Catholic cathedral of St. Andrews.

The damage already amounts to £150,000 and the fire is still burning.

MORAL OF A SCARE.

I have not the least doubt that the celluloid comb is as bad as they say. For that, and other reasons, I seldom, if ever, wear a celluloid comb myself. But I should like to point out that the human hair is also inflammable. Apply a lighted candle to it, and it will burn freely. Yet there are many reople still going about with this dangerous material on their heads. I confess, willing ly, that I still have a little of it left myself, and I have no immediate intention of giving ly, that I still have a little of it left mysell, and I have no immediate intention of giving it up. This involves a moral of a slightly different order—that, so long as you don't put your head in the fire, or the gas, or a candle, you may possibly get along all right; but if you are in the habit of putting your head in any of these places, you should not wear a celluled comb, and you should not wear a celluled comb, and you should shave your skuill completely, and wear a tight-fitting asbestos wig. No: these scare people really go rather too far sometimes.—Barry Pain in To-Day.

Chollie (who has tried on the professor's hat)—"Aw, professor, my head is larger than yours." Professor—"Yes, on the out-

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Dr. Ross, Who tem Examinat

A Question as to t dence of a Pi

WOODSTOCK,

trial of Mrs. C the murder of commenced this ly the whole m up, the following Shaw, L. R. H Hazen White, J Long and E. R. The court hor afternoon when opened. Mary ceased and prison for fully two he free in her evide erably more inf

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