

# The HURON SIGNAL

DEVOTED TO COUNTY NEWS AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE

THIRTY-EIGHTH YEAR.  
WHOLE NUMBER 3001.

GODERICH, ONT., FRIDAY, JUNE 26, 1885.

McGILLICUDDY BROS. Publishers  
\$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

**ON DAY**  
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## THE HURON SIGNAL

Is published every Friday Morning, by Mc Gillicuddy Bros., at their Office, North St. GODERICH, ONTARIO

And is despatched to all parts of the surrounding country by the earliest mails and trains. By general admission it has a larger circulation than any other newspaper in this part of the county, and is one of the most complete, most interesting, and most valuable journals in this part of the county. It contains the news of the day, and is a most desirable advertising medium. Terms:—\$1.00 in advance, postage 60¢ paid by publishers; \$1.75, if paid before six months; \$1.50 if not so paid. This rate will be strictly enforced. Rates of Advertising:—Eight cents per line for first insertion; three cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Yearly, half-yearly and quarterly contracts at reduced rates. JOB PRINTING.—We have also a first-class printing department in connection, and possessing the most complete outfits and best facilities for turning out work in Goderich, are prepared to do business in this line at prices that cannot be beaten, and of a quality that cannot be surpassed.—*Terms Cash*

FRIDAY, JUNE 26, 1885.

### MR. FARROW'S FIB.

A paragraph of the copy of the Commons Debates bearing date of June 12th will reveal to our readers the manner and untruthfulness of Thomas Farrow, the representative of East Huron in the House. Mr. Cameron, member for West Huron, was showing the injustice done to settlers in South-western Manitoba, many of whom were from this county, and among other things he read a letter from Mr. George Mackenzie, formerly of Goderich, but now of Wingham, in which that gentleman shows up the ill-treatment of the settlers by the government inspectors, grinding up with the assertion that there is not a settler now there who will not feel like cursing the government and leaving the country. Mr. Cameron introduced the question of the letter in the following way:—

I hold in my hand a letter written by a resident of the county of Huron, who with his two sons, emigrated to the North West, and located upon land a portion of which was located upon on the faith of this Order in Council.

Mr. Farrow—What year did he locate there?

Mr. Cameron—Three years ago. I think my hon. friend opposite has some interest in this matter, too, and I hope he will give his honest convictions upon this subject.

Mr. Farrow—I will.

Mr. Cameron—This gentleman writes me a letter. I will give his name; it is no secret. It is a communication addressed to me as a member of Parliament, and if time had permitted, I intended to call attention to it in another way. He is Mr. George Mackenzie, lately a resident of the town of Wingham.

Mr. Farrow—I know him.

Mr. Cameron—And formerly a resident in my town.

Mr. Farrow—Was that letter written by George Mackenzie?

Mr. Cameron—Yes. The letter says he has left Manitoba, and he intends to let his farm grow up to weeds, as Mr. Robertson was allowed to do. More than that; he says he is prepared to prove before a committee every statement that he has made.

Mr. Farrow had the effrontery to utter the following notorious falsehood:—

I know Mr. Geo. Mackenzie very well. The hon. member for West Huron (Mr. Cameron) is almost equal to any task. I have met him on political platforms, and some times he thought it convenient to keep away, but he is equal to any occasion; he can make black appear white or white black. Did he not say that George Mackenzie had left the country?

Mr. Farrow—Yes, and never returned.

Mr. Cameron—George Mackenzie has a very fine property in southern Manitoba and he has erected on it a fine building, and has returned to his business in Goderich, as a hardware merchant.

A more contemptible falsehood was never uttered. Mr. Farrow does know Mr. George Mackenzie. He lives near that gentleman, and knows he is in business in Wingham and not in Goderich when he left for Manitoba, and returned to Wingham and not to Goderich after he came back to Ontario disgusted with the maladministration of that country by the corrupt Macdonald administration. We say that Mr. T. Farrow knows George Mackenzie, and that he knows W. R. Mackenzie, of Goderich, too, and there was no need for him to confound the two. We therefore give these extracts from the official records of the debates to let the people of Huron, who know all the persons named, see how shamelessly Mr. Farrow can misrepresent his antagonists, and how he will falsify facts for party advantage. Mr. Cameron comes out of the discussion vindicated; Mr. Farrow appears as an untruthful party hack earning his timber limits.

Mr. W. G. SMITH has knocked out the jelly-fish journalist in the first round. Mr. Smith now feels convinced that it is somebody besides the nominal editor who controls the Star. He thinks that last article was a sick one, indeed.

### THE NEW SCOTT ACT.

The Scott Act has of late been the subject of so many amendments and counter amendments, that even many of its best supporters are in a maze as to how the law now stands on the question. After all the hubbub created by the liquor men, the scheming of the Senate, and the cunning of the lobbyists in the Commons in the whisky interest, under the cover of the "wine and beer clause," the Act stands in a more workable and satisfactory condition today than it did when we in Huron pronounced upon it last October.

It is true that larger powers are given to physicians and druggists, but the restrictions that apply to the present special vendors will also apply to druggists and doctors selling under a medical certificate, (and they can sell no other way) in every case a receipt of sale of any liquor must be kept.

As the hon. member for Leeds (Mr. Ferguson), very justly and aptly remarked, is chemists and druggists choose to descend to the retail sale of liquors, it is just and right that the same restrictions should be imposed on them as are imposed on hotel keepers or other vendors. When they sell liquor made up in prescriptions with other drugs, neither this amendment nor the Scott Act interferes with their sale; but if medical practitioners or druggists choose to engage in the retail sale of liquor, it is proper and consistent with the Scott Act, to restrict the sale.

In order that doctors may not abuse their privileges, the following clause, struck out by the Senate has been restored:—

"And any medical man who gives such a certificate for any other than strictly medicinal purposes shall, for the first offence, be liable, on summary conviction before any one or more justices of the peace under the Act thirty-two and thirty-three Victoria, chapter thirty-one, to a penalty of twenty dollars, and for a second or any subsequent offence shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a penalty of forty dollars."

In pressing for the re-adoption of this very salutary law, Mr. Jamieson said:—

Hon. gentlemen who have experience of the working of the Canada Temperance Act, more especially in Halton, have found that it was absolutely necessary that an amendment of this kind should be made to the original Act. This clause is not intended for liquor, but for distillers, medical practitioners. In fact I know that many respectable medical men are in favor of this clause, on the ground that it is a protection to them. Where a penal clause of this kind is hanging over the head of a man who is required to do a certain thing, he is not so liable to be importuned, at all hours of the day and night, to give certificates when they are not absolutely necessary. It is only proposed to punish a medical man when he gives a certificate colorably. No honest man would do anything of the kind.

Sir John A. Macdonald agreed with Mr. Jamieson. He said, and we hope certain doctors in Goderich will take the warning:—

We have given very considerable powers to medical men, we have enlarged their powers under the Canada Temperance Act in order that they may more freely exercise their profession for the public good, but, as we have given them very large powers compared with those given to them in the original Act, I think it is quite right that we should see that there shall be no abuse of those powers. We know that, while it is a most respectable profession, yet it is a black sheep in it, and if a medical man to whom these powers are given for medicinal purposes, should use alcohol to a considerable extent and basely betray the provisions of the law, he should be signally punished. I think the clause is a very good one, because there ought to be some punishment provided for those who deliberately break the law.

The wine and beer clause was thrown out by the Commons by a majority of 8, the vote standing 86 to 78 against the impudent proposal of the Senate. Five Reformers and 73 Conservatives voted for this limitation, and 55 Reformers and 31 Conservatives voted against it, and in favor of retaining the Temperance Act, in this respect, as it now is. All the members of the Government voted in favor of relaxing the Temperance Act, with the exception of Mr. Bowell and Mr. McLellan, who voted on the temperance side. When the question came up for final consideration as to whether the Temperance Act should be upheld or not, the House carried the affirmative proposition without any division. The majority would have been larger had the vote been taken on the actual amendment, instead of on a catch vote. However, the fact that the liquor party did not risk a vote on the original amendment is proof sufficient that they were hopelessly knocked out.

All the Huron members voted soundly.

### THE COMING MAN.

The Toronto World has not been over friendly towards Mr. Blake, but it gives an important place in leading matter to the following from a contributor whose opinion it appears to value:—

Mr. Blake must be acknowledged leader of the house of commons at Ottawa. His untiring industry, his mastery of parliamentary practice and detail, his vigor, his ability to disentangle the complications as they arise, and most of all the fact that Sir John Macdonald nearly always acquiesces in his course (when the issue is not a party matter) have made for him that position. Sir John is still possessed of wonderful vitality, but he has not the vigor of Mr. Blake, and every day sees the sceptre passing gradually from the old war-horse to his more youthful rival. Certainly it is not going from Sir John to any one on his own side. The succession is just as sure as Mr. Blake as summer is to winter, and there is no one dares to stand up and say him nay.

### RUBBISH ABOUT "BOYCOTTING."

A lot of twaddle is being talked about on the streets just now about the poor doctors being "boycotted." Some are stupid enough to charge that all the medical men who voted against the act are being persecuted. This is all rubbish. No doctor is being boycotted because he voted against the Act. Some of our most respected physicians voted against the Act, and no one has ever reproached them for it in any way. But these respectable doctors are too generous to meanly violate the act by giving certificates to any whiskey soaked loafer who will apply for it. These are not "boycotted." The temperance people merely protest against those who are prostituting their privileges.

### THE BLUE RIBBON BEER TEST case will be one of the most important yet tried under the Scott Act.

MIDDLESEX carried the Scott Act on Thursday last by 3,290 majority; Lincoln by 508; and Perth defeated it by 168. Middlesex leads the van now, next come Kent, then Prince county, P. E. I., and then our own old Huron, so far as big majorities for the Act go.

The rescue of the prisoners with Bear, and their immunity from insult and outrage while in the camp of the redskins, are matters for congratulation. The war is now practically ended, and the troops will be on the homeward march by the time this reaches our readers.

THOS. FARROW, the Tory member for East Huron, has just uttered a statement to equal his old time yarn about the hens laying bigger eggs and the cows giving more milk and butter because of the N. P. Mr. Farrow this time says that some of the Manitoba farmers have raised 140 bushels of spring wheat to the acre! Mr. Farrow ought to be appointed emigration agent. What does the Star man think of this 140 bushels to an acre!

SOMETHING was heard to drop in the London Free Press office on Thursday night of last week. For months past that paper has been bristling with so-called arguments against the Scott Act, but the splendid majority of 3,290 for the Act in Middlesex would make it seem as if the influence of the Free Press was gone. A gentleman who has been in London for the past few weeks, says the Scott Act would pass there tomorrow if there was a vote upon the question.

The very stupid article upon the editor of this paper which appeared in last week's Star shows that the silly season has set in upon our West street conferees. We do not care to play fishwife with the Star man; for his opinion of us is too much colored by jealousy to give us a care. "I have a contemptible opinion of you," said a violent opponent to Rev. Dr. \_\_\_\_\_, "Oh, all your opinions are contemptible," returned the Doctor. And so say we to the Star. No opponent was ever refused space in THE SIGNAL. The Star cowardly bars out what it cannot reply to.

### Lochalah.

Fall wheat is not looking well hereabouts, except on low land or gravelly soil. Spring crops promise well, however, and there is a good show of fruit. The hay crop will be a large one, owing to the June rains. On the whole the season is a fair one for general farm produce.

### ON THE WING.

A Rural Footstoper Expects a Wondrous Witty Drammer.

Every town and village has its local post—every four corners is similarly afflicted—but it isn't every day of the week that one of these doggerel builders is seized of a notion to travel on a railway train, and set himself out to paralyze the passengers with impromptu passages of shockingly bad jingle. I met such an one on my rambles the other day, and so that the readers of THE SIGNAL will share my sorrow and weep while I weep, I will endeavor to sketch the mournful event.

He wasn't one of those ad-eyed poets, of whom we read in story books, with "a face sicklier o'er with the pale cast of thought," long haired and lank, with dark locks of raven-black hair, eyes that rivalled the glister of the diamond; nor was he dressed in a threadbare suit of black, with hat and slippers to match. Not he, but a large majority. He was anything but emaciated, stood 6 ft. 2 in. in his stockings, and would not kick the beam at less than two hundred and twenty in the shade. He was dressed in a pepper-and-salt suit of fustian,—the coat being long and the breeches short enough to display the red forepart of his long boots. His large head, which had recently been "sandpapered" by the village barber, was surmounted by a hat of the kind commonly known as "straw stack," and in his right hand,—which was almost as large as a dressed ham,—he carried a variegated carpet bag of the heaviest species.

On entering the coach he surveyed the inmates with his small grey eyes, and a smile played over his countenance, as he took in the situation. The grocery man next to me, nudged the ready-made clothing man, and said:—

"Joe, there's one of your models for summer suits just come in. What do you carry your dummy around with you for?"

The clothing man glanced over his left shoulder, and a look of dismay over-spread his countenance, as he exclaimed, "Good gracious! Is he here? I must leave this train at the next station."

"Don't be alarmed, Joe," responded the grocery man; "I'll protect you."

"You can't do it. That fellow is no dummy. He's a poet—a real, live, flesh and blood poet; and he'll be on to us in less than a minute, grinding out execrable verses, and asking five cents a piece for them. I've been paralyzed by him before." And he shuddered as he spoke.

One would imagine the new passenger heard what was being said, for he arose from his seat near the door and came towards the double seat in which we three were seated. There were other vacant seats, but he dropped carelessly into the seat in which sat the clothing man, remarking:—

I see by your face That you're three of a kind. How's business? I fear You're not well inclined. I am a poet. So please do not treat me unkind.

The grocery man said, "Excuse me, sir, but we're engaged at present, when we want your company we'll ask you to join us."

The answer came,— Young fellow, you seem to think some of yourself. But this car is a public conveyance. You may deal, if you like, in dry goods or dirt. But you cannot hold me in abeyance. The grocery man turned red with rage, and said, "We don't wish your company, sir, and we want to talk among ourselves."

### SERVANTS' DAY.

"Feeling Friday" in the old Town of Elgin.

An interesting custom—the Scots' Wakes—was being celebrated after a Merry Morn'ing.

From our own Correspondent. Yesterday was "Feeling Friday" in Elgin, and a rare day it was. Early in the morning the servants from the surrounding neighborhood began to assemble in the little town beautifully situated on the banks of the Lossie. Many came by train, others drove in wagons, rigs or carts, engaged for the day, while the greater number adopted the good old system of travelling on foot. Nor did the little groups appear weary as they entered the town from all sides and made their way to the market. All seemed happy, and how could they be otherwise.

IF A SERVANT HAD MONEY any day in the year, it is on the morning of "Feeling Friday," and he soon lets you see that he has a sixpence or two when an opportunity presents itself to step up to the bar and call for a dram, like his master. Before twelve o'clock, High street was densely crowded, principally with "lads and lassies." There were representatives, too, of an older grade, while "lummies and quinces" were not wanting. All, however, were on a similar errand, all were there for hire. There was no auctioneer, but if a farmer wanted a man, boy, or girl, or all three, he elbowed his way through the great mass, looked at one, then at another, until he found such an one or ones as he thought would meet his requirements. There were some hundreds ready to be engaged, while many of their friends and relatives already bargained for, remained to swell the crowd and participate in the fun. Look down with me upon the youthful gathering from a neighboring window.

LADS AND LASSIES, LUMMIES AND QUINCIES, are happy as can be. They have thrown off their corduroy and striped dress, and are all dressed in their Sunday gear. Many of them are particularly active and tricky under the influence of a glass or two of the real "Glenlivet." There go the farmers, as a rule splendid looking men, and those in search of servants. How cunningly they eye this laborer. A question or two is asked as to his age, his former place of occupation, time of service under last master, and such like. If an engagement is completed the servant receives a shilling and announces his name in return. This bond money, however, is not sufficient at times, for individuals have been known to forfeit the shilling if a more desirable wage can be procured. Others less honorable make three or four engagements during the day for the sake of

THE ACCOMPANYING SHILLING. Towards 4 p.m., the crowd began to diminish. Many anxious to leave the grand stand, left the town for their respective homes. The majority, however, remained to carry on the fun, and empty the bottles, and drain the kegs tapped in the earlier part of the day. Rum shops lined both sides of the street, as is common in every Scottish town. No poor, thirsty individual had far to go to quench his burning appetite. His only difficulty would be to decide which one of the score of dens within sight should receive his hard earned shilling. Not satisfied with a dram, frequently a bottle was purchased which was placed in an inside pocket in the earlier part of the day, but in a more exposed position towards the evening. While in their proper senses, they were ashamed to be seen with

THE POISONOUS FLASK but as all sense of respect and shame became drowned, they considered that the sight of a black bottle was quite in keeping with their blackened characters and vile language. About 8 p.m., a saunter along High street revealed many a painful sight. All, or nearly all, the respectable servants had left the town for their new country homes, and to serve their new masters until the next "Feeling Friday," some six months hence. The unfortunate in securing a position, the semi-drunk, the drunken were still to be seen. Police walked the streets, too, but

THE POOR VICTIMS. men and women, to the terrible draughts were so numerous that had the authorities considered a Canadian authority charge, every cell and dungeon about the town would be overflowing. Old residents speak of the reform that has taken place within the last few years. They require to tell Canadians this fact, for no one could scarcely imagine such scenes in a town like Elgin as those witnessed towards yesterday evening. It far eclipsed anything ever seen in the backwoods of Canada even on a 15th of July. N. G.

### RIEL'S DEFENCE.

Ottawa, June 30.—It now appears that before Riel's trial will take place the government will cause a preliminary investigation and an examination of the witnesses for the prosecution, to see what evidence they can furnish before the regular trial is held. There has been considerable delay on the part of the crown counsel in preparing their case, and it is now understood that the trial has been postponed until the latter part of July. Messrs. Lemieux and Fitzpatrick, Riel's counsel, arrived in this city this afternoon to interview the government as to the character of the indictment they intended bringing against Riel. In this they were not successful. They represented to the minister of justice, Sir Alex. Campbell, that when Riel surrendered to Gen. Middleton it was promised that the rebel leader should have a fair and impartial trial. To insure this it was necessary that a large number of witnesses should be heard for the defence, and as this would involve an expenditure far beyond the power of their client, they held that it was the duty of the government, in consideration of the terms of surrender, to meet the expense that would hereby be incurred. A half promise that his request would be granted was obtained.

### A Wholesale Poisoner.

CHICAGO, June 30.—Mary Klemm, a girl in school here, has confessed that she is guilty not only of an attempt upon the lives of the family of Mrs. Freer, her sister, by administering poison, but of causing the deaths of her mother, father, and another sister in Dubuque, Iowa. Her mother died in July last year, her sister Lena in August, and her father Michael in March of this year. She assigns no motive for her crimes other than that she was impelled to commit them.

Mary Klemm is less than 22 years old, slender, rather pretty, proposing in manner, and an invalid, having part partial use of her lower limbs and feet. She has an innocent expression, and looks even more youthful than she is.

"If you stop your infernal jingle I'll

THE SCOTT ACT.

Rejection of the Ale and Light Wine Clause.

A Clear and Concise Statement of the Full History of the Scott Act, and the Reasons for its Passage, as given by Mr. Fisher at the Meeting of the Legislature.

OTTAWA, June 18.—The fullest house for many days was gathered in the chamber today when the Scott Act amendments came up. There were 174 members present.

Sir John Macdonald was in his place looking well and followed the whole debate closely. Mr. Blake was also in good shape notwithstanding his long speech of the day previous. All the galleries were filled, the senators turning in for force. Quite a number of ladies watched the debate.

Kathleen O'Keefe, Auguste Boile and T. G. Blackstock, all of Toronto, seemed to be the head of the lobby in the liquor interest. The temperance party was led by Mr. Jamieson of North Lanark. He was dressed in Halifax tweed and wore a long red silk sash to his waist. Hector Cameron seemed to be the head of the opposition to the Scott Act.

Mr. Jamieson moved the consideration of the amendments made by the Senate Scott Act amendment bill. He moved that the House disagree on the amendment providing that duly licensed medical practitioners may dispense liquors for exclusively medical purposes, because it would be a violation of the principle of the act which precludes medical men from having an interest in the sale of liquor and because it did not compel medical men to keep a register of sales. Under the law as it stood, medical men could use liquors for medicinal purposes, but there were safeguards surrounding the sale of spirits to them; for instance the medical man had to secure a certificate from two other medical men and the vendor had to keep a record of the sale. This gave the doctors all the liberty they required. The amendment did not give them any further facilities, but removed the safeguards. Mr. Hickey said that in some cases and at times when it was impossible to find a drug store liquors must be resorted to. The physician without liquor in some cases would be as helpless as a medical man without other necessary drugs. He had no idea that the amendment would lead to illicit selling. Medical men were not allowed to sell liquors contrary to law as beverages, nor would it pay them to stand behind a bar and serve out 5 cent drinks.

Mr. Foster said the insinuation referred to was not an insult to the whole profession, as with all other professions there were black sheep among the doctors. The records of the sales already made under the Scott Act proved this. If medical men were allowed to sell without certificates, argument as to the ineffectiveness of the Scott Act would be placed in the hands of the opponents of the act, and it was not desirable that such an argument should be given.

Mr. Fisher said that without wishing to cast any unnecessary reflections on the medical profession, he regretted to have to say that medical men were not always the honorable men they had been represented to be by those who had spoken in their defence in the House on this question. He believed it was also absolutely necessary for the due enforcement of the law that medical men should not be allowed to sell liquor in such an unrestricted manner.

Mr. McCraney opposed the amendment inserted by the Senate as dangerous and liable to great abuse.

A division was taken and Mr. Jamieson's motion was lost. Yeas, 75; nays, 84.

The amendment was then concurred in.

Mr. Jamieson moved that the House disagree on the amendments inserted in the Senate providing that the Scott Act counties druggists might sell preparations authorized under the pharmacy act physicians' prescriptions containing not more than eight ounces of alcoholic liquors and patent medicines, and other preparations containing alcohol for other purposes than as a beverage. He did so for the reason that it was unnecessary as the Scott Act already contained such a provision.

Mr. Sutherland (Oxford) said the College of Pharmacy had taken very high legal opinion on the question, whether chemists could sell in Scott Act counties the compounds mentioned in the amendment, and it was assured that such sales would be illegal. It was in order to protect themselves that the chemists asked for this amendment, and he really thought it should be passed.

How Mr. Blake was of the opinion that under the Canada Temperance Act as it stands no prescription which was really a medical prescription, although it might contain alcoholic liquor, could be prevented from being filled by the ordinary druggist. It would require, however, to be a medical prescription in the sense that it was not alcoholic liquor that could be used as a beverage. But the amendment would go farther and open the door to filling prescriptions containing alcoholic liquors by all licensed druggists without the special certificate or special license required under the act.

Sir John Macdonald said there was no doubt the amendment of the Senate was very wide. At the same time the House had already decided that physicians might dispense liquors, and that under the provision of the amendment to which the leader of the opposition had referred druggists were authorized to do for physicians what they were entitled to do for themselves.

Mr. Hickey said the Scott Act was designed not to prevent the legitimate use of liquors but the abuse of liquor as beverages. When, therefore, it was proposed to interfere with the medicinal use of spirits the intention of the act was departed from.

A division was called for, and Mr. Jamieson's amendment was lost. Yeas, 84; nays, 108.

Mr. Jamieson then moved the amendment allowing a druggist to dispense... (text continues)

Sir John Macdonald supported the amendment... (text continues)

The amendment was carried... (text continues)

Mr. Fisher introduced an amendment providing that all physicians and chemists using alcohol or spirituous liquors under the Scott Act should be subject to the restrictions provided by sub-section 4 of section 99 of the Scott Act... (text continues)

Mr. Cameron (Victoria) moved an amendment to exempt ales, light wines, porter, cider and lager beer... (text continues)

Mr. Foster replied to some of the statements made by the preceding speakers... (text continues)

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Mr. Foster replied to some of the statements made by the preceding speakers... (text continues)

Mr. Cameron (Victoria) moved an amendment to exempt ales, light wines, porter, cider and lager beer... (text continues)

Mr. Sutherland (Oxford) said the College of Pharmacy had taken very high legal opinion on the question... (text continues)

Deacon M'Nab's

The deacon washed an... (text continues)

But a year passed and... (text continues)

In the meantime a... (text continues)

It was in a mood of... (text continues)

When the deacon left... (text continues)

And you'll do right... (text continues)

In a month the deacon... (text continues)

The earth is the... (text continues)

SPRING & SUMMER

New Goods arrived, and will be arriving during the Season.

I can suit all as to Material and Style.

HUGH DUNLOP, FASHIONABLE TAILOR.

Remember the Place—West street, next door to Bank of Montreal.

GODERICH.

Goderich Foundry and Machine Works, Runciman Bros., Proprietors.

CONTRACTS TAKEN FOR STEAM ENGINES, FLOURING MILLS, AND OTHER MACHINERY WANTED.

Flouring Mills Changed to the Gradual Reduction System.

All Kinds of Castings Made to Order.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE. BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS! FOR CASH.

SEE THE GOODS MARKED DOWN. W. H. RIDLEY.

COME AND SEE THE BARGAINS. LOW PRICES.

GROCERIES, CROCKERY WARE, CHINA WARE, STONE WARE.

Moustache Cups, Ladies Cups, Fancy Mugs, Majolica Ware.

BAGAINS FOR CASH. I AM SELLING OFF MY STOCK OF CLOTHING.

At a Greatly Reduced Price for Cash. ABRAHAM SMITH.

Extensive Premises and Splendid New Stock. GEO. BARRY.

CABINET-MAKER AND UNDERTAKER. Hamilton Street, Goderich.

SEEDS 1885. Turnip Seeds, Millet, Hungarian Grass Seed, Corn and Buckwheat.

MONEY TO LOAN. Private funds to invest at reasonable rates of interest.

Just Received! GRASS and CLOVER SEEDS suitable for permanent pastures, as well as FIELD and GARDEN.

SEEDS FRESH and TRUE TO NATURE. R'S PRICE.

ART DESIGNS IN WALL PAPER. Now is the time, if you wish one or two nice rooms at home, to see Futler's room paper.

20,000 Rolls of the Latest Designs. Beautiful colors, and at prices less than very much inferior goods.

The Latest Spring Bazaar Patterns & Fashions, AT BUTLER'S.

Deacon McNab's Prodigious

The deacon watched anxiously for his son's reply to his letter. He felt sure that Alexander would reply. He judged from his own standpoint, and from his knowledge of his disputatious young man...

ness in his heart he put entirely down to the credit of conscience. 'It's a grand thing, he thought, to be on an errand of mercy. I don't wonder how there are so many philanthropists.'

The Judge was chairman of a committee, and not yet to be on the floor in the day-time. But Peter could not sit still. He frowned himself, and then turned his face to the great white building standing so loftily at the head of the beautiful avenue...

The woman that can buy one dress or more every season, may buy what she pleases. If it is not becoming, she can discard it, or leave it aged and made up in a different style.

Zero on the common thermometer, like the fanciful names of the constellations, is an instance of the way way men's errors are made immortal by becoming popular. Zero comes to us through Spanish from the Arabic, and means empty, hence nothing.

To correct children for trifling offences continually, at home or in school, has a bad effect. It is confusing to the child, and does not tend to develop or cultivate the memory.

AYER'S PILLS. A large proportion of the diseases which cause human suffering result from derangement of the stomach, bowels, and liver.

Various small advertisements on the left margin, including 'Machinery Wanted', 'Fore', 'S!', 'D DOWN EY', 'ES', 'RGAINS', 'CASH', 'IG', 'SMITH', 'ew Stock', 'RY, ERTAKER', 'OUR MOTTO', 'WEDDUP', 'LPAPER', 't Designs', '& Fashions', 'ER'S'.

NEWS ABOUT HOME

A chief's message to take notes... As 'fall' he'll print it.

TOWN TOPICS

Family groups taken by George Stewart are much admired for the naturalness of the grouping and the clearness of the pictures.

CHEMICAL.—We make a specialty of clerical suits, and turn out better fitting, and better finished garments, than any western house.

Next summer suits, made up at a very low cost to the purchaser, can be had on short notice at F. & A. Fiddam's. Everything made up in a fashionable style unless otherwise ordered.

BURNING BRIDES.—All the young and pretty brides like to be photographed by Salvo, because they know he will do full justice to their circumstances. Call and see his handsome cabinet pictures.

Lacrosse sticks, balls, and sporting goods generally for young and old, at Mrs. M. Cooke's. Get your croquet sets at Mrs. Cooke's. Prices to suit the times; and goods to suit the purchaser. Every school boy and girl buying from me gets a ruler free.

Preserving season is coming, and Saunders & Son, have just received a large lot of preserving kettles and fruit jars. Also a lot of those decorated old cloth window shades. Fancy baskets, bird cages, and anything which they are selling at low prices. The cheapest house on the town.

Mrs. Saulis is progressing favorably.

Mr. Crab left for the East on Monday.

Miss Nettie Crane has returned from Chicago.

G. Elliott, of Brussels, is in town this week.

Mrs. Isaac Cassidy we regret to learn is again ill.

Mrs. James McFarlane has returned from her visit.

Fred. Orvill has returned from his visit to Toronto.

Mrs. Whitley, of Seaford, is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. Martin, of Seaford, is spending a few days in town.

Alex. Wallace has been spending this week at Locknow.

Mrs. W. A. Moore has returned to her home at Locknow.

Mr. and Mrs. Garrow were visiting at Detroit last week.

Mrs. Dark and Miss Logan have returned from Kippin.

Mrs. Borland, of Saginaw, is the guest of Mrs. R. Simmons.

Mrs. J. B. Moore is visiting friends in and around Goderich.

Archdeacon Elwood returned home on Monday from London.

John Wallace, jeweler, of Locknow, was in town this week.

Miss McGowan, of Detroit, is the guest of Mrs. T. Bates.

Miss Gracie Robertson was the guest of Mrs. W. Smith this week.

A. M. Folley returned from his trip to Lancaster, Penn.

Mrs. E. I. Brown returned from her visit to Galt on Tuesday last.

Miss Francis McLean is spending her college vacation in Goderich.

The midsummer examinations have been going on during the week.

Messrs. James and William McVicar have returned from Jack Fish Bay.

Mrs. David Robertson, of Varna, was the guest this week of Mrs. Kedalis.

Charles Johnston, of Texas, is in town this week, after an absence of years.

Brussels and Goderich will play cricket in Goderich on Dominion Day.

Mr. and Mrs. Jamieson Reid and family have gone to London to reside.

Mrs. Secomb, of London, is the guest this week of her mother Mrs. Thomas.

Mrs. J. J. Brown, of Seaford, is the guest of Mrs. Elms one day last week.

The hand played at the Roller Rink on Tuesday evening, and will also play tonight.

Mrs. Swallow, of Seaford, was the guest of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Saul's last week.

The C. M. B. A. have presented a fine large silver watch to the Bazaar in aid of St. Peter's.

Miss Annie Downing is visiting at Thorold, preparatory to her return home from college.

Big catches of pickerel have been reported by those who patronized the river during the week.

The Doherty band of Clinton discoursed sweet music at St. Stephen's grounds last week.

ALWAYS GET A RECEIPT.—You can get a book of blank receipts at this office for 10¢.

Mr. Hayhoe, an evangelist, spent a few weeks in town, and preached several times in the open air.

Mrs. Capt. A. E. McGregor and her sister, Miss Kate Dancoy, were visiting at Kincardine last week.

Mrs. D. Holmes, wife of conductor Holmes, was so low during the week that her son was sent for.

Miss Kate Vance, of Ingersoll, has been in town the past three weeks, the guest of Mrs. Capt. McKay.

J. R. Miller, P.S.I., has returned from his far west visit, and looks in capital physical condition again.

Mrs. Dr. Cowan, and Mrs. Harry Cowan, of Exeter, were the guests of Mrs. Struthers one day last week.

George Moore, of Chicago, son of our old townman, E. F. Moore, is the guest of his uncle, Abraham Smith.

D. Doty, collector of customs, has been ill during the past couple of weeks, but we are glad to hear, is now improving.

W. L. Horton and C. A. Nairn visited Detroit during the week, and report the City of the Straits to be pretty dull just now.

A large number of our citizens contemplate attending the consecration of the R.C. Cathedral at London on Sunday next.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Holmes, of Theford, have been in town the past week owing to the illness of Mr. Holmes' mother.

FARMERS.—Remember McKenzie, of Goderich, is giving twenty per cent. off harvest tools and general hardware for cash purchases.

Mr. and Mrs. Fairgreaves and children and Mr. Nelson returned to their homes at Youngstown, Ohio, on Sunday last per Saginaw Valley.

Miss Hattie Miller and two children of Mrs. Alex. McGaw, have returned from Winnipeg.

Miss George Martin is taking a three weeks holiday trip, and will visit friends at Stratford, Hamilton, and Seaford.

Mrs. T. Bates is gradually improving after a painful surgical operation upon one of her breasts. She is under the care of J. Y. Shantz of Berlin.

Robt. Prondfoot left on the steamer Saginaw Valley on Sunday for Detroit, where he will be further treated for the leg ailment from which he is suffering.

BASE BALL.—The Active of Goderich, and the Maple Leaf, of Clinton, will play for the junior championship of the county, on Dominion Day, on the cricket ground, at 2 o'clock.

Thomas Baylis, of Detroit, travelling agent for the Commercial Express, has secured rooms for his wife and family in Goderich for the summer months. Mr. Baylis appears to be delighted with Goderich as a summer home.

Last week the members of Goderich Salvation Army attended the Army demonstration at Seaford. They had a enjoyable "business meeting," but complain of the rough treatment of some of the soldiers by Seaford "toughs."

Those who are interested are reminded of the entrance examination, which takes place on Thursday and Friday of next week. It will be held this time at the High School, instead of in the Central School, as heretofore.

KILLED ON THE R. R. AT LONDON.—A young man named Thos. Dimley, son of E. Dimley, of Ontario, while returning home from Chicago, was run over by the cars at London, and cut to pieces. He was about 25 years of age.

We had pleasant call from James S. Brierley, manager of the St. Thomas Journal, who came up with the excursionists on Friday last. He is an enthusiastic Liberal, and a live journalist, and we are glad to hear that the Journal has turned out to be a bonanza for the company.

On Monday the Scotia left for the dry dock at Port Huron for repairs, on the completion of which she will return for wheat and enough salt to make a full cargo. From the time of the accident until she left for Port Huron the vessel's pumps were continually going.

We have been requested to correct the statement made by us a few weeks ago that R. S. Chilton, American Consul, had leased the house of Mr. Smeath. We understand that Mr. Chilton will, after the 1st of July, occupy the large white brick house on Waterloo street owned by Miss Segmiller, and occupied by her present tenant, Mr. Smeath, who has his office in his new residence, and the location is a most desirable one.

At the regular meeting of Huron Enfranchisement No. 28, I.O.O.F., last Friday evening, the following were elected officers for the ensuing term: Patriarch, E. C. Russell, C. F.; P. C. Patriarch, W. C. Frankston, W. J.; Patriarch, Smith (Clinton), S. W.; P. C. Patriarch, J. W. Beck, R. S.; P. C. Patriarch, H. W. Ball, F. C.; P. C. Patriarch, N. Campbell, T.; P. C. Patriarch, H. W. Ball, representative to Grand Encampment.

FIRE IN DUBLIN.—We regret to learn that the main portion of the fine residence of Joseph Kidd, was destroyed by fire on Monday. The fire broke out about five o'clock in the afternoon, but its origin is a mystery. The greater portion of the furniture was saved. The loss will be about \$10,000, and we understand the insurance is \$9,000. Mr. Kidd is proprietor of the International Salt Works, of Goderich, and we are glad to know that his loss is so well covered by insurance.

The New York religious press has been giving much space to a description of the opening of the memorial church erected by Mrs. A. T. Stewart in memory of her husband, the noted millionaire merchant. The edifice is a handsome one, and is known as the Cathedral of the Incarnation, and it has a magnificent organ. The organist is W. H. Woodcock, who was born and reared in Goderich, a nephew of E. Woodcock, Mr. W. H. Woodcock's father, from whom he received his musical training.

AN IMMENSE GATHERING.—The annual meet of the Canadian Wheelmen's Association takes place this year at Woodstock on July 1st. Without a doubt Canadians will see the largest gathering that has ever taken place in the Dominion—one reason being that the annual meet of the L. A. W. takes place on Buffalo on July 2nd and 3rd, and the members of the latter will be present at Woodstock to take part in the programme, leaving Woodstock at midnight for Buffalo. The W. A. A. are arranging a splendid list of champion cyclists, for which handsome and costly medals have been specially engraved, and the people of Canada will not be likely to see another such meeting in many years. It will be worth while for everybody to spend the holiday in Woodstock.

We would especially direct attention to the advertisement in another column of the steamer "Saginaw Valley." The round trip—one that should commend itself to the public, and the rate, \$12 for the entire round trip, occupying 8 days, is so low that it brings it quite within the reach of all who desire a few days recreation during the summer months; a day and night is spent on the Saginaw River between Bay City and Saginaw City, one day in Detroit and a day in Cleveland, giving excursionists ample time to visit all the points of interest in these places, and running the Detroit and St. Clair rivers by daylight, giving them an opportunity to witness that great and important thoroughfare, with its surroundings, is a source of attraction alone. This is, without a doubt, the cheapest excursion on the whole chain of lakes, 8 days for \$12. Something new in the way of scenery and attraction every day. The boat is first class in every particular; efficiently officered; her state rooms are clean, comfortable, and airy, and her table is unsurpassed. We bespeak for the Saginaw Valley a large share of patronage from the travelling public.

THE SCOTT ACT.

Enthusiastic Meeting on Tuesday Evening Last.

Victorians, Spectators, and Breveted of Society.

The temperance hall was filled on Tuesday evening with a most intelligent and appreciative audience, to hear the present condition of the Scott Act.

James Mitchell occupied the chair, the meeting being held under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., and a large number of ladies occupied the platform.

The meeting was opened by Scripture reading and prayer, and a pretty trio was well rendered by the Misses Ellard and Mr. W. Ellard.

The following resolution was then moved by Rev. Dr. Ure, and seconded by E. I. Strang, principal of the High School, and carried unanimously:—

That we offer devout thanks to Almighty God for His merciful protection of the Scott Act during the recent session upon its both Houses of Parliament at Ottawa, and for the grace and wisdom which, though not all the country is entitled to have, are yet evident in the enactment of the not expected.

Dr. Ure said the resolution was very much in accord with his feelings and with that of the audience, he knew. He had come to the meeting because the ladies had asked him, and he was glad to do so, and he did not wish to divide the temperance people on the question then. Even now, compensation should be made men like Mr. Wells. He could not understand the action of the Senate. Had the amendments proposed by that body been adopted, the old shameful bar-room scenes would be indulged in again, and we would have been in a sorry plight. All the churches need to do is to stand shoulder to shoulder in support of any moral reform, and these men at Ottawa will not dare to do ought but acquiesce. (Applause.)

Mr. Strang said that while thankful to Providence for preserving the Scott Act, he did not feel a particle thankful to the majority at Ottawa, for if the temperance people had not stood out so strongly many of these time-servers would have gone against it. (Hear, hear.) He hoped there would be no uncertain sound so far as violators in this town were concerned. No man is more deserving of contempt than a doctor who prescribes a law like the Scott Act, especially passed by the people. If the Act was a bad one, the other side should help to enforce it, so that the people would tire of it. (Laughter and applause.)

Mr. Grace Robertson, a talented and handsome young lady from Clinton, then recited "The Gambler's Wife" in a thrilling manner, and was loudly applauded.

Rev. John McGillivray said that he had been led to believe that Goderich was a healthy place, but since the 1st of May so many people had gone sick, that he was led to believe that Goderich was a health resort. (Laughter.) Nature was not to blame, but the cause can be found in the unhealthy atmosphere in which some of our community resided. He regretted to learn that the conduct of a couple of his medical men. Let all exercise self denial, and assist those who are appointed to enforce this much needed law. Mr. McGillivray's remarks were well received.

Mr. Brown then sang a sacred solo, "Nearer My Home."

The following resolution was next read:—

Moved by T. McGillivray, seconded by T. M. Campbell, that whereas it has come to the knowledge of some of our licensed medical practitioners have given certificates for the purchase of intoxicating liquors to the intention and spirit of the Scott Act, and that the law has been so far from enforcing its honorable profession, it is therefore resolved:—

1st. That we, the temperance people of this community will not tolerate any physician who will give a certificate for the purchase of intoxicating liquors to the intention and spirit of the Scott Act, or who will give a certificate for the purchase of intoxicating liquors to the intention and spirit of the Scott Act, or who will give a certificate for the purchase of intoxicating liquors to the intention and spirit of the Scott Act.

2nd. That we urge the committee of the Goderich Association to take immediate action upon any information obtained and reported to them, and to hold them responsible for any failure to do so.

3rd. That we urge the Medical Council and the Ontario Government.

Mr. Thomas McGillivray supported it. He rejoiced that the danger that had threatened the Scott Act in Parliament had been averted. The Act had already done good in Goderich. None were worse than before, and many were better. He could bring men, women and children who could stand before them and relate a better experience than they could before the 1st of May. He believed the mayor, and town council, the night watchman and other constables, each and all of them, should do something to assist in enforcing the law. (Hear, hear.) A public prosecutor was also needed, as at present the officials appointed by the Government were only half-hearted in their efforts. He was glad to say that so far the anti-Scott people of Huron had done no injury to the property, or to the persons of other counties. He urged the getting up of a petition to have the selling of liquor taken out of the hands of the present vendors and kept in the hands of the druggists, who by the law as amended, could now sell liquor on physician's prescriptions, and were amenable to the Scott Act. (Applause.) He read the "penalty clause" restored by the Commons, and quoting Sir John Macdonald in support of it, dwelt upon the need of a strict enforcement of it, so far as our Goderich doctors were concerned. Let us work unitedly, and irrespective of party politics, and we will squeeze the liquor traffic until it is black in the face that it will hide its ugly head entirely in our midst. (Applause.)

Rev. T. M. Campbell, in seconding the resolution, said we were engaged in the enforcement of a law which had the strongest sanction for its enforcement of all its enactments. We are not asking the people of this county to keep a law that was not a right one. (Hear, hear.)

ST. THOMAS'S OUTING.

A Pleasant Party of Excursionists from the Canada Southern City.

Friday last was a delightful day, and the 350 excursionists from St. Thomas who visited Goderich on that day must have enjoyed the fresh air. The excursion was under the auspices of the Railway Young Men's Christian Association, of St. Thomas, an institution which is creditable alike to the city and the railway system of St. Thomas. It was well managed, all the day's proceedings being run by a time card.

The visitors were accompanied by the Odd-fellows band, and some music during the day to appreciate same.

Among those in charge of the excursion were—J. C. Moorhead, Asst. Supt. of the Canadian Southern Div. Michigan Central R. R., chairman, W. D. Dugan, W. J. Orr, Sec. of Association, and committee; and J. Stewart, station master G. T. R.; K. Mackenzie, ticket agent, G. T. R.; John Livesey, trunk agent; J. W. Pelton, asst. auditor, Michigan Southern.

The ladies who came up are a fair sample of the city of St. Thomas, many possessing many pretty women, who add modestly to their comely looks. On the whole the excursion was one of the most respectable that has yet visited Goderich.

In the afternoon the Hurons of Goderich played lacrosse with the Elgins, a team selected from the visitors. The following comprised the sides:—

Hurons—R. S. Hays, Wm. Ellard, Wm. Watson, Wm. Wallace, John Watson, D. O. Cameron, H. D. Dugan, T. C. Graham, D. Nicholson, J. Henderson, Thos. Morrow.

Elgins—D. McLellan, W. Hampton, D. McDonald, C. H. Redmond, G. Midgley, W. Hillis, J. Haalen, W. Muirhead, J. Ryan, W. E. Bowler.

The play was one sided, the ball never once getting near the Huron's goal, the keeper thereof having a holiday. The first game took 25 minutes, but the other lasted only 2 and 7 minutes each. The Hurons showed up in fine form, and a couple of the visitors made some good individual plays. The Elgins were a nice lot of fellows, and there was no squealing on the field. J. I. Brown was referee, and gave general satisfaction.

St. Peter's Church Bazaar.

This bazaar will be opened in Victoria Hall on Dominion Day, and will continue until Saturday night. A large number of articles useful and ornamental will be offered for sale, and a number of valuable articles will be drawn for by ticket holders.

The event of the week will be the contest between those well known knights of Blackstone, M. G. Cameron and Fred W. Johnston (or rather between their friends) for a magnificent individual play, the Elgins were a nice lot of fellows, and there was no squealing on the field. J. I. Brown was referee, and gave general satisfaction.

Refreshments can be had at all hours, and every young man can treat his girl to dainties to his heart's content. The ice cream will be A. 1. each.

On Monday evening the 6th of July the bazaar will be formally closed by a concert, at which some popular singers and performers will appear. The laughable farce, "Turn Him Out" will also be produced.

Father Watters looks for a hearty response to his invitations, and so does everybody else.

ASHFELD.

R. C. PENTON.—The farmers' feet held in Dean's grove on Wednesday was a great success. The grounds were thronged during the day, and a large sum was realized for a magnificent set of jewelry as the most popular young lady. The contest brought \$800. Speeches were made by P. Kelly, F. W. Johnston, D. E. Cameron, and others. The gathering on the whole went off very well, the weather and the crowd combining to make it all that its promoters could hope for.

Huron now stands fourth in the list of big majorities for the Canada Temperance Act.

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REMEMBER WHEN THOU COMEST INTO THY KINGDOM.

And back came the assuring word "This day thou shalt be with Me in Paradise." Christ was not ashamed of him. And with all our weakness, unfaithfulness and littleness of love, God is not ashamed of us today. He has prepared for us a home in heaven. The word heaven is one of the sweetest words in the English language. It signifies something grand, beautiful and glorious. We each may have different ideas of what heaven is, but to all of us it is called "the city in our vocable." It is a place of grandeur and beauty. We have a revelation of it in the scriptures. John in Patmos saw it. The apostle's description of it was a beautiful and magnificent one, but if heaven was so beautiful outside what must it be within? The preacher then gave a glowing word painting of the glory of the upper land, basing upon the revelation made to the beloved disciple as he sat on lonely Patmos. But it does not matter after all whether the language be figurative or literal. The great question for each one was "Will I be there?" The language of scripture could not adequately describe that glorious city, blissing with all the beauty of eternity. When we have been there ten thousand years we will only realize that it will be as if it had but just begun. Let us look for a few moments as a home. Next to the word heaven, the word home is the sweetest, the nearest, the dearest. It had well been said that Heaven, Home and Mother were the three most precious words in the language. The idea of a home that endures forever; a home as he sat on lonely Patmos. But it does not matter after all whether the language be figurative or literal. The great question for each one was "Will I be there?" The language of scripture could not adequately describe that glorious city, blissing with all the beauty of eternity. When we have been there ten thousand years we will only realize that it will be as if it had but just begun. Let us look for a few moments as a home. 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THE WAR OVER

Return of the Troops—The McLean Family

WINNIPEG, June 23.—Troops are all expected to embark for home tomorrow, via Lake Winnipeg.

A and B batteries and C company infantry regulars will remain at Battleford to co-operate with the mounted police in the capture of Big Deer.

A dispatch from Battleford announces the arrival of a courier from Col. Otter's column, who confirms the reported capture at Turtle Lake of Yellow Sky and twenty head of cattle and four horses taken from Fort Pitt.

The rescued prisoners at Fort Pitt, Fort Pitt, June 21, via St. Paul, Minn., June 22.—Capt. Bedson, the master of transport, brought in the McLean family and the other white prisoners, numbering twenty-one, released by Big Bear.

The prisoners unite in saying that the Indians are very cowardly, and had two more shots been fired at Red Deer they might have surrendered.

The McLeans leave for Battleford today by boat en route for Winnipeg. The girls are full of pluck. Miss Amelia, the eldest, says she would not have believed the endurance they all manifested possible; but now the captivity is over she looks back at most of it with enjoyment.

The prisoners' names are as follows:—Factor and Mrs. McLean, Amelia McLean, aged 15, Ellen 14, William 19, Kitty 14, Angus 10, Duncan 8, Euphemia 4, John, 5, and an infant in arms; George Mann, farm instructor, Mrs. Mann and the children, Malcolm Macdonald, H. B. Clark, Robert Hodgson, cook to McLean John Simpson, H. B. factor and Joseph Perrin.

THE BREWERS VERY BLUE  
"Then Art He Near and Yet So Far"—Why They Met Defeat.

In no city in the Dominion has the defeat of the Scott act amendments in the House of Commons been more keenly felt than in Toronto. The brewers, distillers and capitalists who have money invested in the liquor interests are quite ill at ease.

St. CATHARINES, June 19.—The city is aroused by a series of outrages perpetrated last night by the anti-Scots. A bonfire was built on the city square by prominent citizens; a murderous assault was made upon them by a gang of roughs armed with boards.

Dunlop.  
Mrs. Fields, of Goderich, is the guest of her daughter Mrs. A. Gibson.

WE SEND SAMPLES ON APPLICATION, GOODS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS, AND IF NOT SATISFACTORY, MAY BE RETURNED AT OUR EXPENSE, AND MONEY REFUNDED.

AT PRESENT WE ARE OFFERING 25c. Checked Dress Goods for 12 1/2c. LACE-TRIMMED SATIN PARASOLS AT HALF PRICE.

Several Lots of 2 & 3 Button Kid Gloves, in Light Col's & Evening Shades, worth \$1, for 35c.

H. W. BRETHOUR & CO., BRANTFORD.

New Muslins, Lawns, Prints and Sateens.

THE NEW INDIA LINEN, a Beautiful Fabric in White.

All Over Laces, Flouncings and Embroideries, Oriental Laces, Swiss and Hamburg Embroideries.

Ladies, Misses and Children's Hose.

GAUZE AND MÉRINO UNDERWEAR—ALL SIZES.

H. W. BRETHOUR & Co., Brantford.

Travelling Guide.

Table with columns: GRAND TRUNK, EXPRESS, MIXED, MIXED, STRATFORD, GODERICH, etc.

NEW Drapery, Haberdashery, AND GENERAL Dry Goods WAREHOUSE.

The subscriber wishes to inform the Public that he has opened out a Large and Well-Assorted Stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods in the premises next to G. N. Davis', where he will use every legitimate effort to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

Goods marked in plain figures, and no second price. No cutting in prices on leading lines, believing in the acknowledged honest principle of a reasonable per centage on all goods alike.

I refrain from advertising prices, as it is no fair test of cheapness, and often misleading.

As to whether the goods and prices are right, I leave it to a discriminating public, and will abide by their verdict.

The Public's obedient servant. ALEX. MUNRO.

FURNITURE. The change of tariff has caused great excitement: so has

J. BROPHY WAR OF LOUNGES. Lounges, Bedroom Sets, Woven Wire Beds, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Can-seated Chairs, 4 doz., Bow-backed Chairs, 4 doz., Picture frames below cost.

See-miller Chilled Plows in Nos. 10, 26, 28 and 40, At Reduced Prices.

WOOL

We will exchange all kinds of Goods usually found in a first-class Dry Goods store for WOOL this season, and pay the Highest Price that the Market will afford.

COLBORNE BROS. April 29th, 1885. GODERICH.

The London Tea House



MARSHALL BROS. have opened a branch store in Acheson's Block, adjoining Morrow's shoe store, GODERICH where they will keep on hand a large stock of CHOICE TEAS AND COFFEES.

TRY A TEST ORDER. MARSHALL BROS. West side Court House Square, Goderich.

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

YATES & ACHESON AGENTS FOR GLIDDEN PATENT

TWO-POINT Barb Wire TWO-POINT Barb Wire CHEAP, STAINLESS, INDISPENSIBLE.

Call and See us, and Inspect Goods and Prices. We have on hand a full and complete stock of Shelf and Builders' Hardware, Paints, Oils, Glass, Nails, ROPE AND CORDAGE, VESSEL SUPPLIES, Table and Pocket Cutlery.

YATES & ACHESON, Goderich, April 9th, 1885.

NOW COMPLETE! NOW COMPLETE! A CHOICE STOCK OF DRY-GOODS and Groceries.

SPECIAL LINES IN Dress Goods, Shirts, and Tweeds.

A Choice Lot of Seed Potatoes Cheap.

Highest Price Paid for Butter & Eggs.

GEORGE ACHESON. THE RED, WHITE AND BLUE.

Goderich, April 30th, 1885.

C. H. GIRVIN, AGENT FOR Genuine New York Singer Sewing Machines.

KITCHEN CABINET, And all kinds of Furniture. Organs and Sewing Machines Repaired.

SPECIALTIES AT THE MEDICAL HALL!

Pure Lime Fruit Juice

F. JORDAN, Medical Hall, Goderich.

BIG SALE FOR ONE MONTH AT J. C. DETLOR & CO'S

Goods to be Cleared Regardless of Cost.

SPRING & SUMMER MILLINERY.

MISS GRAHAM

Ontario Steel Barb Fence Company (LIMITED.)

"LOCKBARB" FENCE WIRE

Re aso ns why the "Lockbarb" is the Best Wire Fencing Manufactured.

R. W. MCKENZIE Sole Agent, Goderich.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF THE IMPROVED "LOCKBARB" FENCE WIRE

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Then comest into Thy back cast the accusing tongue: thou shalt be with Me Christ was not ashamed with all our weakness, and littleness of love, aimed of us today.

He is a home in heaven. He is one of the sweetest English language. It is a grand, beautiful and each may have different even is, but to all of us sweetest word in our vocabularies.

The preacher then gave a word painting of the per land, based upon the life of the beloved disciple. But it does not seem to me that the language is literal.

The unknown future is not revealed to me of my voice. He vast majority of you have no certain life! Death lies before us.

Another again! I wish you all fear friends; I wish you all se of the discourse, which oppression upon the congre-hoir very sweetly rendered.

Denistry. WOOLVERTON, L. D. S.—Odd Fellows Hall, North St., barges moderate. All work war-1885.

People's Column. TO RENT—ONE AND A 1/2 frame, on Picton St., near to first-class repair.

OR STOLEN—ABOUT of May, a bay pony, about 5 years old, white hind foot, and weighs a new saddle will be paid for any ending to its recovery.

OR SALE—THE WASH- HOMESTEAD, situated on lot on, Township of West Wawa-sing 200 acres. There is frame outhouses, large and roomy, ex-tended, and an orchard. The situated for raising stock. Terms apply to JOHN KNIX, auc-tioneer, Goderich, Ont.

OR LET—FOR A TERM OF (5) five, in the Mainland con- S. LIZARS, Stratford, 1885.

The Poet's Corner.

A Husband's Lecture. "My dear," said the young husband, "do not fret. For just a single tea-spoon, do not hold As if the cup were gold. Dupuy can make another like the set— At least, so I've been told.

For young Ladies Who Would Visit. It is pleasant to find a warm welcome awaiting one, and to become the object of universal attention. But we must be careful to make some return for the kindness lavished upon us.

A Human Barometer. The man with rheumatism can feel the approach of bad weather in his aching joints. Hagar's Yellow Oil cures rheumatism, aches, pains and injuries.

Good the year around. At all seasons, when the system is foul and the digestive powers feeble, or the liver and kidneys inactive, Burdock Blood Bitters are required.

He Lost His Best Customer. A barber, recently converted, asked his minister how he could do some religious work. "Try and awaken your customers to a sense of their danger."

Fluid Lightning. All sufferers from that terrible torment, Neuralgia, can be made happy in one moment by a single application of Fluid Lightning.

MARKETING.

It is surprising, when one thinks of it, how few people in this country have any knowledge of the proper method of preparing their food.

The Queen's Red-Head Secretary. The first thing that strikes the beholder about Sir Henry Ponsonby is his red nose. One cannot help feeling that, on a man so high in position, the nose should be of a more singularly out of place.

Our esteemed local contemporary writes because, as it alleges, Mr. Mowat is against Sir John's charge in a measure true. Mr. Mowat, representing Ontario, was against Sir John in a few such matters as the right to regulate the liquor traffic.

The Maharajah of Travancore is certainly worth his weight in gold. He was recently weighed against a mass of pure gold which was afterwards dispensed in charity.

The Way of the World. That many with the glad consent praise new-born remedies, especially if they pay a larger profit no one conversant with the substitution practiced in this respect will deny.

A poor emaciated Irishman, having called in a physician as a forlorn hope, the latter ordered a huge mustard plaster, and clapped it on the poor fellow's breast.

London Newspaper Men have appointed a committee...

London Newspaper Men have appointed a committee and are raising funds to erect a suitable monument in St. Paul's Cathedral to the memory of the special Correspondents of the London Press who were killed in the Sudan.

Body Found. The body of the late Thomas McDonald, Worcester, who mysteriously disappeared some time ago was found by some parties working on the pond on Wednesday last.

Maiden, Mass., Feb. 1, 1885. Gentlemen.—Suffered with attacks of sick headache, Neuralgia, female trouble, for years in the most terrible and excruciating manner.

The Medical Profession, and all whom it may concern.—Phosphatic Food, a Phosphate Element based upon Scientific Facts, Formulated by Professor Austin, M. D. of Boston.

HIDES! HIDES! The highest cash price paid for hides, calf and sheep skins at the SALTFOUR Tannery, Saltford Dec. 1, 1884. 1872.

WARIWAR. Arrival of First Detachment of SPRING GOODS. SAUNDERS GREAT SLAUGHTER OF Stoves, Tinware, Wall Paper, Fancy Goods AND House Furnishings.

Are you troubled with Salt Rheum, Rough Skin, Pimples or Canker Sores? Are you going to Geo. Rhynds' Drug Store and get a package of McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Ointment. Price 25 cents. It was never known to fail.

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Keep Your Feet Dry! BOOTS & SHOES E. DOWNING, Crab's Block.

EASE AND SECURITY GEORGE RHYNDAS - Druggist, SOLE AGENT, GODERICH.

CHICAGO HOUSE. MISS WILKINSON. The Very Latest Winter and Spring Fashions.

H. JORDAN, SOLE AGENT, GODERICH. The People's Livery.

BECKS TANNERY, Saltford. WARIWAR. Arrival of First Detachment of SPRING GOODS.

BRUCE'S SEEDS. Burdock BLOOD BITTERS. WILL CURE OR RELIEVE BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS, INDIGESTION, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEADACHE, OF THE SKIN.

VACATION Fashion's Fanc. All shades of green are in skirts and no longer made the top. Fancy neck jewelry are more every.

Leave no farm gate open. Better close all the gates. Refuse to let any children give caudle to any of the cows.

Kram's Fluid Ltd. Is the only instantaneous relief, Headache, Toothache, a few drops break needed.

Rev. Mr. Casey, of St. Peter's Church, Montreal, of small size. Befo Presbyterian Church of the Jesuit Order.

Dry!

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everyone. 1.00 to \$5.00 from 75c up. Cheap.

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Druggist, RICH.

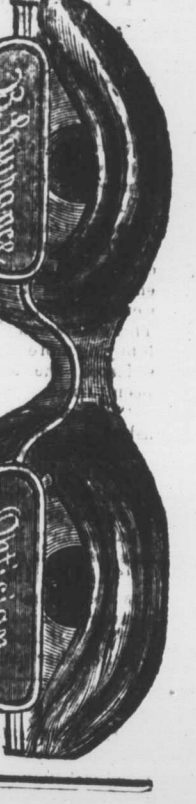
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OR RELIEVE DIZZINESS, DROPPY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRIVENESS OF THE SKIN, DISEASE ARISING FROM DROPPY, STOMACH, R BLOOD, Proprietors, TORONTO

Fashion's Fancies.

All shades of green are in favor. Skirts are no longer made narrow at the top.

Fancy neck jewelry are more worn than ever. Waistcoats, real or simulated, are very narrow.

It is fashionable nowadays to be unfashionable. Bynesian models are sought for in fancy jewelry.

Mantelets and short jackets are equally fashionable at the moment. Brocaded stuffs grow more and more in vogue as the season advances.

Braids, galleons, and strings of big beads are the favorite dress trimmings. Skirts, tunics and polonaises are all made with pleats or gathered at the waist line.

Two fabrics are generally used in the small mantelets and visites now so much worn. The former is of fine muslin cut in a fancy design, and the latter is of a soft, clinging material.

Forced bows of elaborate construction are again in vogue, and are worn by little girls under seven. Long travelling dust cloths of mohair and serge will be the favorite overall of lady tourists this summer.

Polonaises remain in vogue in spite of all the efforts to introduce more fashionable novelties in the form of bouffant and tunic.

Women, plain, porcelain, and less, or imitation lace, bands of large size are the latest novelties in dress trimmings sent out from Paris.

Simple muslin dresses have a V-tucked piece back and front on the full waist and full gathered skirts, falling below the belt at the waist line.

Corsets and petticoats, at present, continue to do all the abatement of the waist to the greatest advantage by exaggerating the size of the hips.

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Farm and Garden.

Leave no farm plot uncultivated. Better raise all the good calves. Refuse to buy anything but the best.

Adopt all the best improvements. Many farms are still uncultivated. Plant plants on a regular basis.

It's not too late to make a garden. How many trees have you planted? Allow no one to steal your crops.

Method and system pay in farming. Don't keep too many hens together. Black-courts are very wholesome.

Pure blood English geese are white. For the plants—the Virginia creeper. Follow good seed with good culture.

"Time is money" if well employed. Make permanent farm improvements. Home-made fertilizers are economical.

Meat and cooked food for laying hens. Trees will grow while you're sleeping. Plant trees for fruit, shade and timber.

No "spiritualized" black bottles sold. Fleckmaster should keep shepherd dogs.

Milk of different temperatures should never be mixed. Only tin pails are suitable to be used by dairymen.

In planting trees be careful to preserve the roots moist. As a rule it is best to plant crops early in this season.

Wyoming Territory has quarantined against Texas cattle. In setting out raspberry plants do not bury them too deep.

Thirty-five per cent. of the cattle of Illinois are high grade. The Island of Jersey has one head of cattle to every two acres.

Holsteins are finding much favor among Ontario stockmen. Another outbreak of pleuro-pneumonia in the West is reported.

California has formed a new market for fruit in Australia. Charcoal is good on old soils as it helps absorb the sun's rays.

Full time to see to the strawberry beds if you have not already. You can raise not far from 30,000 green corn stalks to the acre.

The best breed is good care, good water, good feed and good barn. Young and growing animals are the most profitable for the farmer.

Lambs and calves require special attention this cold and rough spring. An exchange for buying and selling cattle has been opened in Chicago.

It is said that whole tubers are better than cut-ones to grow early potatoes. Alfalfa is said to make good pasture for all kinds of stock, especially hogs.

The late spring has been very dry and wittily styled an intermittent spring. Dairying has less competition and in the best branch of dairying in New England.

Kram's Fluid Lightening Is the only instantaneous relief for Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, etc. Rubbing a few drops briskly is all that is needed. No taking nauseous medicines for weeks, but one minute's application removes all pain and will prove the great value of Kram's Fluid Lightening. 25 cents per bottle at George Rhyne's drug store.

The Heptic Wash, pale hollow cheeks and prostrated appetites indicate worms. Freeman's Worm Powder will quickly and effectually remove them.

Rev. Mr. Casey, of Taylor's Presbyterian Church, Montreal, died on Thursday of small pox. Before entering the Presbyterian Church he was a member of the Jesuit Order.

SELF-DEFENSE.

When and How a Man Can Stay Another and Save the Law on His Side.

"Now that the Wepler case is at an end," said a well-known judge to a reporter one day recently, "it is of interest to show what constitutes the right of self-defense as laid down in the law books. The right of self-defense is founded on the law of nature, and is not superseded by the laws of society. It is a right which every one brings into society, and retains in society, except so far as the laws of society have curtailed it.

Every man has a right to defend himself against an attack threatening him with death or serious bodily harm, and his recourse will be presumed until his guilt is established beyond a reasonable doubt. The right is based on necessity, and arises where one manifestly intends and endeavors, by violence or surprise, to commit a known felony on the person, habitation or property of another. It is a defense against a present unlawful attack; as where an assault is made with a deadly weapon, or where one is assaulted in his habitation, or where a forcible felony is attempted. The law of self-defense does not require one, whose life has been threatened, to seek the protection of the law; nor is he obliged first to call on the authorities. The omission to seek protection from the authorities does not deprive him of the protection of the law, or of his right of self-defense.

"The right of self-defense is not limited to the actual danger threatened. The danger of death or greatly bodily harm must be either real, or be honestly believed at the time to be imminent and on sufficient grounds. A reasonable apprehension of danger is sufficient; and a reasonable ground for belief that there is a design to destroy life, to rob, or to commit a felony; a reasonable and well-grounded belief, a belief arising from appearances that the danger is actual and imminent. Guilt must depend on the circumstances as they appear to him. Apparent danger is a mixed question of law and fact. A man is justified in acting for his defense according to the circumstances as they appear to him.

"The law of self-defense does not require one whose life has been threatened to leave his house or secrete himself to avoid his foe. When a person without fault—in a place where he has a right to be—is violently assaulted, he may, without retreating, repel force by force, and use reasonable exercise of his right of self-defense. He is not obliged to retreat or go to the wall from an assailant armed with a deadly weapon, and if he is driven to the wall so that he must be killed or sustain great bodily harm, and, therefore, kills his assailant, it is a reasonable homicide. He is not obliged to retreat, but may pursue until he is out of danger; but when the attack is not felonious the rule of law is different.

"A man is not required to do everything in his power to avoid the necessity of slaying his assailant. Where there is no escape, after retreating as far as possible, retreat is impossible or perilous, or would increase the danger, or where further retreat is prevented by some impediment, or was as far as the fierceness of the assault permitted. But if the assaulted party is in fault, he is bound to retreat as far as he can safely do; he is required to decline the combat in good faith, and if he uses all the means in his power to escape, even killing in self-defense is lawful. But if a man seeks to bring on a difficulty and slays his adversary he can not avail himself of the plea of self-defense. That a party has been struck gives him no right to retaliate by an assault.

"An act done from necessity raises no presumption of a criminal intent; but the necessity must be actual, imminent, and apparent, with no other probable or possible means of escape. It must be great, and must arise from imminent peril to life or limb. Men, when threatened with danger, must determine the necessity of resorting to self-defense, and they will not be held responsible for a mistake in the extent of the actual danger, nor be subject of the peril of making that guilty, if appearances prove false, which would be innocent, if they proved true. There must be at least an apparent necessity, an actual necessity, or a reasonable belief of such necessity, and ward off some impending harm. Necessity is a defense, though it is charged was done to avoid irreparable evil, from which there was no other adequate means of escape, and the remedy was not disproportionate to the threatened evil; and the necessity must not have been created by the fault of him who pleads it, nor be occasioned by him, nor be the result of his own culpability, nor be rashly rushed into and in cases of assault or intrusion by strangers no more force than is necessary must be used in repelling the assault.

"The right of self-defense does not include the right of retribution. A party assaulted is justified in using such force as is necessary to repel an assailant, but no more, and if unnecessary force is used he becomes the assailant. The degree of force must not exceed the bounds of defense and prevention, and this depends on the circumstances of each case, and the condition of both parties may be considered. A party in possession of property may use force sufficient to protect it. Where a man is justified in employing in the first instance such means of resistance as will produce death depends on the circumstances and the nature of the attack, and he may not always use a deadly weapon, and it is still further wrong if it is a deadly weapon. But if the taking of life is necessary it will be excusable. It is always excusable when in defense of life, yet it requires a great disparity of size and strength and a very violent attack to excuse the taking of life. A party may use whatever force is necessary to avert the apparent danger, although it may afterward appear that the wrong was not loaded, and that there was no real danger. (Lippincott's Commentaries.)

A milkman would make an excellent interviewer. He is sure to get a good punner, and can skin over his subject without any difficulty.

The Turkish government has sent 1700 troops to Salonica, on account of the threatening attitude of Russia on the Bulgarian frontier.

Household Hints.

STRAWBERRY JAM.—Prepare as for preserves. Cook more slowly, and stir frequently. It should cook till a little taken into a dish will thicken somewhat as it cools.

CANNED STRAWBERRIES.—Make a sugar syrup of four pounds of sugar and two quarts of water. Prepare eight pounds of berries, and after the syrup has boiled and been skimmed, put in the fruit and allow it to boil up; then fill the cans.

STRAWBERRY JELLY.—Heat the fruit in a preserving kettle, mashing the berries to avoid adding water. When soft strain through a jelly bag. To each pint of juice allow one pound of sugar. Boil the juice ten minutes; then add the sugar, which should be set in the oven till heated. Boil ten minutes, when it should be ready to jelly. The berries must not be over ripe for this jelly.

STRAWBERRY PRESERVES.—Weigh equal measures of fruit and sugar, sprigging and sorting the fruit, and let stand over night. In the morning drain off the juice, boil and skim it, put in the berries and cook till the syrup is thick. Best kept in cans.

Superior to all others.

The ladies of the sewing society were busily engaged at their work, when the seven-year-old son of the hostess asked Mrs. Beely if she belonged to an archery club.

No, Bobby, she replied, amused at the question. What put that idea into your head?

Pa did. He said you can beat any woman in town drawing the long bow.

The Way With Her.

Miss Miggs—I hope, my dear, that you don't go to the theatre alone.

Estelle—No, indeed. I never think of going unless I am chaperoned.

Miss Miggs—Unless you are what?

Estelle—Chaperoned.

Miss Miggs—That's the way with me. I always like to have a chap around.

So Thought he Might.

A very fat doctor was talking a walk in the country one day and becoming very tired and hungry he thought he would shorten his walk by crossing an adjoining field. Meeting a man near the gate and not wishing to offend the law, by trespassing, he said—

"My good fellow would you please tell me if I could get through that gate?"

The man gravely scratched his head, and looking alternately at the gate and at the doctor's corpulent body, at last said, with a humorous twinkle in his eye—

"Well, sir, ye'er gay stout, but I don't think ye're fat but that whitt'y'll get through the gate, at least a cart o' hay went through about that an' our s'ne."

It is reported that ex-Empress Carlotta is showing signs of recovery from the insanity which has afflicted her for nine-tenths years.

Somebody substituted a pile of corn-cobs for the doughnuts on a Vermont railway restaurant counter and they were about two-thirds eaten before anybody discovered what had happened.

A lady writer is out with an article entitled, "How to Catch a Husband." But her theory is all wrong. Ask any married woman how to catch a husband, and she will at once reply, "By the hair."

A BANKER'S TESTIMONY.—For a Cough, Cold or any Bronchial affection. "Pectoria," in my opinion, is just the thing. I have used it in my family for Coughs and Colds for the past four years with the most unvaried success, and as the doctor's serpents body, at last, I continue to think still more of that which I bear, an thinking well of.

GEO. KEPE, Manager Ontario Bank, Pickering.

Price 25 cents at all druggists.

GO TO KNIGHT'S FOR A SHAVE, HAIRCUT, SHAMPOO, OR DYE.

TWO DOORS EAST OF P.O. 191-17

1885. GODERICH WOOLEN MILLS.

To the Wool Growers of the Surrounding Country.

We wish to say that we are prepared to take your wool in exchange for goods, or work it for you into any of the following articles, viz: Blankets—White, Grey or Horse. Shirtings—Grey or Cheek. Cloths—Tweeds or Full Cloths. Light or Heavy. Flannels—White, Grey, Colored, Union, Plain or Twill. Sheetings—Broad or Narrow. Stocking Yarn—White, Grey, Coloured or in Colors. Carpet Warps made to order.

ROLL CARDING.

Our facilities for this work cannot be surpassed. We will card for you in most cases to suit the day if it is brought in. If required, Custom Spinning and Reeling, or Spinning on the Cap, coarse or fine, hand or soft twist, are required.

We are in a position to do all kinds of custom work, usually done in a full set custom mill, and we will guarantee to do for you fully equal, if not a little better than any in our surroundings. A call respectfully solicited.

E. McCANN, East End Woolen Mills, Goderich, May 18th, 1885.

TO MACKINAC.

THE MOST DELICIOUS SUMMER TOUR

DETROIT AND MACKINAC

DETROIT AND CLEVELAND

Write for our "Picture-book Mackinac," illustrated. Contains Full Particulars, Map, etc.

DETROIT & Cleveland Steam Nav. Co. O. D. WHITCOMB, Gen. Pass. Agr. DETROIT, MICH.

A. STRATTON, Agt., G. T. R. Station, Goderich, Ont.

KING'S EVIL

Was the name formerly given to Scrofula because of a superstition that it could be cured by a king's touch. The world is wiser now, and knows that

SCROFULA

can only be cured by a thorough purification of the blood. If this is neglected, the disease perpetuates its taint through generation after generation. Among its earlier symptomatic developments are Eruptions, Catarrhs, Eruptions, Tumors, Boils, Carbuncles, Erysipelas, Paracystic Ulcers, Nervous and Physical Collapse, etc. It allowed to continue, Echinism, Scrofulous Catarrhs, Kidney and Liver Diseases, Tubercular Consumption, and various other dangerous or fatal maladies, are produced by it.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is the only powerful and always reliable blood-purifying medicine. It is so effective in its action that it eradicates from the system Hereditary Scrofula, and the kindred poisons of contagious diseases and mercury. At the same time it enriches and vitalizes the blood, restoring healthy action to the vital organs and rejuvenating the entire system. This great

Regenerative Medicine

Is composed of the genuine *Borax*, *Sarsaparilla*, with *Yellow Dock*, *Sassafras*, the *Roots of Potassium* and *Aloe*, and other ingredients of great medicinal value. It is prepared by the most careful and scientific compounding. Its formula is generally known in the medical profession, and the best physicians constantly prescribe AYER'S SARSAPARILLA as

Absolute Cure

For all diseases caused by the vitiation of the blood. It is concentrated to the highest practicable degree, far beyond any other preparation for which like effects are claimed, and is therefore the best, as well as the best blood purifying medicine, in the world.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. [Analytical Chemists.] Sold by all Druggists; price \$1; six bottles for \$5.

FERRY'S SEED ANNUAL

FOR 1885

It will be mailed to all small applicants for free, and to customers of last year without ordering it. It contains illustrations, prices, descriptions and directions for planting all the valuable and flower-bearing seeds now in vogue.

D. M. FERRY & CO., DETROIT, MICHIGAN.

C. A. NAIRN

HAS EVERYTHING YOU WANT

IN GROCERIES,

NEW AND FRESH

FOR

1885.

He is showing a splendid assortment of

China and Glassware.

Come in and look, if you don't buy.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

C. A. NAIRN,

Court House Square, Goderich Dec. 4th, 1884.

HAYWARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM

CURES COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ETC.

Merchants can get their Bill Heads, Letter Heads, etc., printed at this office for very little more than they generally pay for the paper, and it helps to advertise their business. Call and see samples and get prices.

McGILLICUDDY BROS., Proprietors. Office—North St., next to Registrar's Office, Goderich.

JOB WORK

On the shortest possible notice and at

SIGNAL

JOB DEPARTMENT

Has the Best Facilities in the County of Huron for turning out every description of

REASONABLE RATES.

The following is a partial list of the work we are enabled to turn out:

WOVE LETTER HEADS.

LINEN LETTER HEADS. (Ruled or Unruled.)

WOVE NOTE HEADS.

LINEN NOTE HEADS. (Ruled or Unruled.)

MEMORANDUM HEADS.

STATEMENT HEADS.

BILL HEADS—4 SIZES.

BUSINESS CARDS.

POSTAL CARDS.

INVITATION CARDS.

BALL PROGRAMMES.

CONCERT PROGRAMMES.

FANCY SHOW CARDS.

MOURNING CARDS.

FUNERAL CIRCULARS.

ADDRESSES.

BUSINESS ENVELOPES.

BUSINESS CIRCULARS.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

SHIPPING TAGS.

SHIPPING LABELS.

WEDDING CARDS. (Plain and Fancy.)

MEMBERSHIP CARDS.

ADMISSION TICKETS.

MILK TICKETS.

BREAD TICKETS.

DRUGGISTS' LABELS.

LABELS FOR ALL PURPOSES.

BILLS OF FARE.

HOTEL MEAL TICKETS.

BLANK CHECK BOOKS.

BLANK DRAFT BOOKS.

SEEDS

GEO. OLD, GROCER,

Has ordered some choice

Garden and Field Seeds.

A well-selected stock of Groceries always on hand.

GEO. H. OLD, the Square, Goderich.

March 19th, 1885.

25 Telephone Communication.

Note Papers

Albums

Books

Cards

Dolls

Toys

Etc.

—GET YOUR—

Newspapers and Periodicals

AT MRS. COOKE'S.

MRS. H. COOKE,

Successor to Geo. Shepard.

Goderich, Dec. 4th, 1884.

\$200,000.00

in presents given for postage, and by mail you will get free of charge a package of goods of large value, that will start you in work that will at once bring you in money faster than anything else in America. All about the \$200,000.00 in presents of other sets, of all ages, for all the time, or spare time only, to work for us at their own homes. Fortunes for all workers absolutely assured. Don't delay. H. MALLORY & Co. Portland, Maine 1874.

MINNESOTA

CHICAGO & NORTH WASHINGTON

LANDS

FOR SALE

IN THE

STATE OF

MINNESOTA

FOR SALE

IN THE

STATE OF

MINNESOTA

FOR SALE

IN THE

STATE OF

MINNESOTA

FOR SALE

Clerical Wheelmen's Canadian Tour.

About forty ministers are to unite in August in a tour of three weeks in Canada. The tour has been projected and arranged for by Rev. Sylvanus Stoll, of Lancaster, Pa., all the clerical men in the United States and Canada, of whom there are about three hundred, are invited to join. The route in daily stages is from Niagara Falls to Hamilton (50 m) to Galt (25), Woodstock (39), London (41), Goderich (66), Stratford (44), Guelph (42), Toronto (60), New-Castle (47), Brighton (48), Napanee (47), Cobourg (46), and from Cobourg to Niagara by boat. Total riding distance 621 miles.

Mr. Stall has prepared a neat little pamphlet of twenty pages, giving all the details of baggage, costume, signals, etc., from which we give a sketch of the tour in the neighborhood.

The visitors will run through a beautiful country, for four days, and arrive in the city of London on Saturday, August 8th. The programme then goes on to say:

Sunday will be spent in London as is suggested in the Decalogue, and the party will attend church, morning and evening, in a body, wearing full bicycling costume.

Monday an early start will be taken for the longest day's ride of the tour. Sixty-six miles of the most perfect road in America, with easy grades, fine prospects, and beautiful views of the country in short, it is not unlike a continuous park with roads of asphalt; the first forty-three miles lie mostly along the line of the Great Trunk Railway, diverging to the left at Brucefield, thence by the shores of Lake Huron to Goderich, called the "Wheelmen's Paradise." This day's run is over the favorite touring ground of the Canadian wheelman, and is reported to be the finest and easiest journeys to be found in Ontario—roads of uninterrupted perfection, with no hills worth mentioning. Tuesday will be spent at Goderich, which is one of the most attractive summer resorts to be found in Canada. Many elegant short runs will demand the entire day. Notable among these is the one to the Lighthouse, elevated one hundred and forty feet above the lake, affording a far and in prospect over the blue waters of Lake Huron, the harbor with its shipping-crafts and pleasure-yachts, and the waters of the Maitland river, which here flow into the lake. Then, mounting the wheel, we speed along the banks of the Maitland and enjoy a fine prospect of its valley. Another run is to Point Farm a summer resort, six miles distant to the north. Here, on an elevation two hundred and fifty feet above the lake, it is to be had a view of rare beauty, with lake and landscape stretching away as far as the eye can reach.

As might be expected, Goderich has many wheelmen, who, in 1883, vied with the other clubs of Canadian wheelmen in giving a royal reception to the Ontario Club and its accompanying guests. Numerous letters have already received, and the tourists may expect a kind and cordial reception all along the line.

Wednesday with an early start from the British Exchange hotel, the tourists will speed away to the southeast, over a road road, through one of the richest agricultural sections of Canada. At Stratford a visit will be made to Stapleton's Salt Works, and after dinner the journey will lead to Stratford, a railroad and commercial centre.

Teachers in Convention.

The teachers of the county, to the number of over two hundred, met in Clinton last week, to discuss matters pertaining to the profession, and transact business relating to the county association. The advantage of meeting in a good, central place was self-evident, teachers from the remote sections of the county being able to attend without inconvenience or difficulty. It was the first time that many of them had been in the "hub," and they carried away very favorable impressions of their visit, numbers expressing their admiration of the beautiful appearance of the town at the present time, and astonishment at the evident progress and prosperity. The Associations of the North and West Ridings held separate meetings in the Model School, afterwards uniting in a general meeting in the Town Hall. Below is a minute of the several proceedings:

**NORTH HURON.**  
The regular meeting of the North Huron Teachers' Association was held in the central school, Clinton, on Thursday, June 19th; the President, Mr. W. G. Duff, in the chair. The President appointed Messrs. Malloch, Henderson, King, McFaul and Harstone a committee on nominations.

Mr. Weir, representing the Educational Weekly, explained the aim of his journal, and urged its claims upon the members of the profession.

Mr. Duff then gave the annual address, taking for his subject "The better education of farmers' sons," pointing out the advance of education among the agriculturists, but urging a still further acceptance of the advantages within their reach, if they would occupy that position which their wealth and numbers entitled them to.

WEST HURON.

The West Huron Teachers' Association met in Clinton Model School, on June 18th, at 1:20 p.m.; the President in the chair. Messrs. Baird, Gregory and Crossweller were appointed a business committee.

Mr. Brown read a valuable paper on "The object of teachers' institutes," and was accorded a hearty vote of thanks for it.

A circular, with reference to the minutes of the Ontario Teachers' Association, was read, and the following motion carried: That each member of the Association be furnished with a copy of last year's minutes of the Ontario Teachers' Association, free, non-members on payment of 10 cents.

The travelling expenses of the Executive to the last two committee meetings were ordered to be paid.

Mr. McIntosh gave a very humorous and witty address, on "Practical points in teaching," for which the thanks of the meeting were tendered him.

Mr. T. Henderson read a valuable paper on "Practical hygiene," receiving the thanks of the Association for the same.

Mr. Brown was elected delegate to the Provincial Association. The time and place of next meeting was left in the hands of the Executive. After a profitable and agreeable session, the Association adjourned till called by the Executive.

**GENERAL ASSOCIATION.**  
A general meeting of the teachers of the county was held in the town hall, on Friday morning, Mr. Malloch, President of the North Huron Teachers' Association, presiding; Mr. Halls, of Goderich, occupied the chair of secretary.

After a few introductory remarks, the President introduced Mr. Tilley, Assistant Director of Teachers' Institutes and Inspector of Model Schools. Mr. Tilley opened his address with a few remarks explanatory of the action of the Minister of Education, in the appointment of Directors of Teachers' Institutes. He then took up the subject of "Composition," in an address of upwards of an hour. Any teacher who missed the address certainly missed a rare treat.

On motion of Mr. Brown, of Cobourg, seconded by Mr. Groves, of Wingham, a vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Tilley, for his address.

Miss Simpson, of Clinton, then introduced a class of little girls, in a series of Kindergarten songs, which were particularly creditable to Miss Simpson and her class.

Mr. Duff, of Roxboro, took up the subject of "Uniform promotion examinations," urging different reasons for and against their adoption in the county. This subject brought forth any amount of discussion, indulged in by Messrs. Brown, Groves, Henderson, (Goderich) McClung, (Ashfield) Perrin, (Winthrop) March, (Holmesville) Inspector Miller, Tilley and Gregory, (Exeter).

Mr. Harstone moved the adoption of a resolution providing for the introduction of uniform promotion for this county, commencing with 1886. This motion, on a standing vote, was lost.

Inspector Miller then discussed in a very concise manner the changes which have been made in the recent legislation on the subject. Mr. Miller was, at the conclusion, besieged with a host of questions, propounded by Messrs. T. W. Sloan, McFaul, McClung, McIntosh and Groves.

Mr. Turnbull, of the Clinton High School, then discussed the recent regulations with reference to entrance examinations. Discussion followed by Messrs. Duff, Groves and Brown.

Mr. Gregory, of Exeter, then took up a class on entrance literature, forming a class from among some of the teachers present.

On Friday evening a public meeting was held, the hall being filled to the utmost. Mayor Forrester occupied the chair, and the following programme was rendered:—Singing by a class of children; songs, Miss Killaran, of Seaford; Misses Greig and Jackson, Clinton; readings by Miss Henderson, of Goderich; Mr. Groves, Wingham; recitations by Prof. Tyndall, and Mr. Crossweller, Zurich, and an address by Mr. J. J. Tilley, on "The relation of education to the State," an address full of practical ideas and original thought.

**SATURDAY.**  
Mr. Crossweller, illustrated simple perspective to junior classes.

Mr. Strang, of Goderich, considered the programme for second and third class teachers' non-professional examinations. He complained of the excessive amount of work entailed on the High Schools to cover the ground, and proposed as a relief, that certain of the subject be examined at the close of the fall term, and that a second examination in July should include the balance. A motion favoring that method was concurred in by the Association, and the Secretary was instructed to acquaint the Minister of Education with the wishes of the Association.

Then followed Mr. Tilley on "The relation of the teacher to his work." This was one of the finest addresses we have ever had the pleasure of hearing. The great pity lies in the fact that a greater number of parents and others outside the teaching profession could not have heard it. There the duty of the teacher was clearly outlined, and the parent was allotted his share of the responsibility. Mr. Tilley was most deservedly applauded on concluding.

A vote of thanks to the Hon. the Minister of Education, for his provision in appointing experienced men to assist in the work of the Association, and to Mr. Tilley, for the excellent assistance he rendered during the present meeting.

Another motion, recommending the Department to give at least one year's notice of any contemplated changes, was carried, and finally the ladies and children who favored the meeting with the Kindergarten exercises were tendered votes of thanks. The meeting then adjourned.—[New Era.

COMMUNICATIONS.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our Correspondents. Contributions to this department must contain those points to public questions, and be brief.

**THE EDITOR OF THE HURON SIGNAL.**  
Is it true that a number of the town councilors and other citizens of this town did a few Sundays past, get and take out with them to the Falls Reserve of Mr. Samuel Platt, a large quantity of bottled ale, together with some whiskey, and that some of them became intoxicated, especially one of the councilors? It is also said, and I believe correctly, that some young men belonging to the town found the place where the whiskey was hidden and that some of them also got pretty full. For shame's sake, I do not give names of the persons, but such conduct should be fully exposed.

**ENQUIRY.**  
Mrs. Dryden, of Galt, is spending a few days of recreation with Miss Martha McDoch.

**PASSENGERS.**  
Our esteemed blacksmith and family visited friends in the village of Ripley last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Welsh, from near Pine River, were the guests of Mrs. Murdoch for a couple of days.

Statute labor is the chief employment of our villagers just now. Each is trying to surpass the other in loyalty serving the Queen.

Mr. Campbell, P.S.I., made an official visit to our burg last week, and seemed much pleased with the school.

While Mrs. F. McInnis was getting getting from a rig at Hamilton's appointment, 2nd con. of Huron, on Sunday last, her dress caught in the springs of the seat, giving her a very painful tumble. She was unconscious for some time, but afterwards gradually recovered. Her many friends are pleased to see her around again.

**LOCAL.**  
Mrs. Raiton visited friends in Goderich last week.

There will be a communion service in the Presbyterian church, here, on the first Sunday in July.

Wild strawberries never yielded better than this year.

The crops are looking remarkably well.

The next meeting of the District Lodge of the I. O. G. T., will be held at the temperance hall, here, on the 11th of September.

The statute labor for 1885 was duly performed on the beats of E. Shaw and M. Foley last week. The towing of the load of grain up the lake hill was done by the mottled and light sorrels of Lord's farm, driven by S. Gibson, and the brown fairs handled by Joseph Cook, and was much admired. The work was all done up nick and nice, and the roads are now much the better for the turn out.

**San Miller.**  
Mrs. Thomas Gledhill is on a visit to friends in Reed City, Mich.

Mrs. Jacob Flick is visiting at her daughter's, near Springville.

Rev. F. Meyer is attending camping-meeting at Hamburg this week.

H. Habel, who owns and operates the lime works on the Maitland, is doing a good business.

We are sorry to learn that R. Walters, Jr., is very low, with an attack of influenza of the lungs.

Mr. and Mrs. James Long have returned from a visit to friends in Paisley. Mr. L. reports crops in Bruce county as very bad.

Isaac Fisher has nearly completed his new workshop, and intends to rush business in his line again.

The engine, boiler and tanks of Londonborough cheese factory has been purchased by Mr. Jesse Gledhill who intends improving his dyeing facilities.

Last Tuesday, while Wm. Walters, Jr., was at Mr. Wm. Ferguson's barn raising, he fell from the building, a distance of about ten feet, and broke his arm near the wrist.

**SUCCESSFUL FISHING.**—Last Tuesday, "Abe"—a noted fisher—caught a Weisac fish, weighing about 130 lbs. James Lib. McConnell and Lizzie Hart are testifies to the accuracy of the foregoing statement.

**Medical.**  
T. E. CASE, M.D., C.M., M.C.P.E., etc. Physician, Surgeon, Apothecary, etc. Office—(That formerly occupied by Dr. Hutchings) Dugganston, Night office—Martin's hotel.

J. B. WHITELY, M.D., C.M., F.R.C.S., etc. Physician, Surgeon, Apothecary, etc. Office—The Square, 3 doors East of Wilson's Drug Store, up stairs.

DR. McLEAN, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, etc. Office and residence—Bruce Street, second door west of Victoria Hotel.

DRS. SHANNON & HAMILTON. Physicians, Surgeons, Apothecaries, etc. Office at Dr. Shannon's residence, near the street, Goderich, G. C. Shannon, J. C. Hamilton.

**Legal.**  
SEAGER & LEWIS, BARRISTERS, G. Seager, J. A. Morton, E. N. Lewis.

R. C. HAYES, SOLICITOR & C. O. C. corner of the square and West Street, is leech, over Butler's bookstore, money to lend at lowest rates of interest.

GARROW & PROUDFOOT, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS, etc. J. T. Garrow, W. Proudfoot.

CAMERON, HOLT & CAMERON, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, etc. Macara and Wingham, M. C. Cameron, J. T. Holt, G. Cameron, Goderich, 1751.

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**  
Notice is hereby given in pursuance of Section thirty-four of Chapter one hundred and seven, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, that all creditors and other persons having claims against the estate of Thomas Welsh, late of the Township of Wawanesa, in the County of Huron, a person deceased, who died on the 26th day of September, 1884, and who is hereby required to send by post, prepaid, or otherwise deliver to the undersigned, Administrator of the estate and executor of the said deceased at Dugganston P. O., Ontario, or to Messrs. Garrow & Proudfoot, Barristers, Goderich, on or before the last day of July, 1885, their claims, and the names and addresses of their creditors, if any, held by them; and in default thereof, the said Administrator will after the said day of July, 1885, distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been given as above required, and the said Administrator will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof, to any person whose claim notice shall not have been given as above required, at the time of such distribution.

**IMPORTANT SALE OF VALUABLE FARM!**  
In the Township of Ashfield. Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage in force, which will be produced, the following valuable property will be offered for sale by public auction, at Martin's Hotel, in the village of Dugganston.

On Thursday, July 9, 1885. At one o'clock, p.m., by Charles Hamilton, Auctioneer, V.L. The East Half of Lot Five, in the Ninth Concession of the Eastern Division of the said Township of Ashfield. This desirable farm is most advantageously situated as to Schools, Churches and Markets. There is a first-class orchard on the premises. A deposit of \$10 for every \$100 of purchase-money to be paid by the Purchaser to the Auctioneer, on the day of sale, or to the Agent, at the time of sale. Vendors are not to be called upon for any Abstract, Title Deed, or Evidence of Title, except those in their possession. Terms of SALE LIBERAL, and will be made known at the time of sale. For further particulars apply to Charles Hamilton, Auctioneer, Fifth, to Messrs. Manning & Scott, 12 Union Block, Toronto Street, Toronto. G. G. WOOD, Vendor's Solicitor and Agent. CHARLES HAMILTON, Auctioneer. Dated 11th June, 1885.

**Amusements.**  
GODERICH MECHANICS' INSTITUTE LIBRARY AND READING ROOM, cor. of East street and Square (up stairs). Open from 1 to 6 p.m., and from 7 to 10 p.m. ABOUT 2000 VOL'S IN LIBRARY. Leading Daily, Weekly and Illustrated Papers, Magazines, etc., on File. MEMBERSHIP TICKET, ONLY \$1.00. Granting free use of Library and Reading Room. Application for membership received by GEO. H. BURN, Secretary. Goderich, March 12th, 1885.

**SEASON ARRANGEMENTS.**  
The Elegant and Commodious Steamer, "Saginaw Valley" Will run during the Season of Navigation, as follows: Leaves Goderich every Thursday, at 1 o'clock p.m., for Bay City and Saginaw, calling at Sand Beach, Port Hope and Tawa, making connections with West Shore Boat at Sand Beach for Ross, City, Cheboygan, Mackinac Island and St. Ignace, and at Bay City with steamers for Harrisville, Oscoda and Alpena, returning to Goderich on Sunday. Leaves Goderich every Sunday, at 12 o'clock noon, for Huron, Detroit and Cleveland, returning to Goderich on Thursday. Late as Thursday afternoon.

**TICKETS** for the whole ROUTE (continuous) will be issued for \$12.00, occupying 8 days, meals and berths included. For rates of freight and passage, and all other information, apply to WM. LEE, Agent at Goderich. The Saginaw Valley may be had by Special Arrangement for Short Excursions on the Lake any Thursday afternoon.

Loans and Insurance.

**WE ARE LENDING MONEY AT** 6 (six) per cent. Private Funds. Also agents for "Death Benefit." SEAGER & LEWIS, Goderich, March 26, 1885.

**MONEY TO LEND—A LARGE** amount of Private Funds for investment at lowest rates on first-class Mortgages. Apply to GARROW & PROUDFOOT.

**\$20,000 PRIVATE FUNDS TO LEND** on Farm and Town Property at lowest interest. Mortgages purchased, no Commission charged. Conveyancing Fees reasonable. N. B.—Borrowers can obtain money in one day if title satisfactory.—DAYTON & JOHN STON Barristers, &c., Goderich.

**\$200,000 PRIVATE FUNDS** To lend on farm and town property, at lowest interest. Mortgages purchased. No commission charged agents for the Trust and Loan Company, Canada, the Canada Loan and Credit Company, the London Loan Company of Canada, interest, 5, 6 and 7 per cent. N. B.—Borrowers can obtain money in one day, if title satisfactory.

**\$50,000 TO LOAN AT 6 PER** CENT. THE TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CO. are prepared to loan money at 6 per cent, payable half yearly, on 1st-class farm security.

**TERMS TO SUIT BORROWERS,** on first-class farm security. Apply to CAMERON, HOLT & CAMERON, Barristers, Goderich.

**INSURANCE CARD.** W. F. FOOT, Fire, Life and Marine Insurance Agent, GODERICH. Office, opposite Colborne Hotel. The "London Assurance," Incorporated 1730. The "National," established 1800. The "Hand-in-Hand," the only Company licensed to insure plate glass, in the Dominion. The above are all first-class and old established companies.

**INSURANCE CARD.** BRITISH ASS. COY. TORONTO—Established 1833. PHOENIX INS. COY. OF LONDON—Established 1720. HARTFORD INS. COY. OF HARTFORD CONN.—Established 1810. Risks taken in the above first-class Office at the lowest rates by HORACE HORTON, Toronto. The undersigned is also Appraiser of the CANADA PER. LOAN AND SAVINGS CO. TORONTO. Money to Loan on first-class security, from 7 to 8 per cent.—Charges moderate.

**HURON'S BROS. LOAN AND INVESTMENT COMPANY.** This Company was organized on the 15th of April last, and is now in active operation, and is prepared to receive applications for loans on good Farm Security.

This Company being a local institution, can offer to borrowers greater facilities for getting their loans executed with dispatch, than can be had from outside or foreign companies, with whom days and weeks are often required to close up a loan.

Mortgages purchased if satisfactory, borrowers may obtain their money from this Company on day of application. Due attention has been paid to coining Solvent's charges to the lowest rates.

**SELLING OFF!**  
The undersigned takes pleasure in stating that she has had a very prosperous season so far as it has gone, and will now offer

**The Balance of Her Millinery**  
At such prices as will ensure a speedy sale.

**THE STOCK IS VERY COMPLETE**  
in every department, and intending purchasers may rely on getting a first-class article at a very reasonable price.

**Millinery, Flowers and Feathers, Lace Curtains, Gloves, Laces, and Fancy Notions a Specialty.**  
All those coming first will have a fine lot to choose from.

Yours respectfully,  
**MRS. C. H. GIRVIN.**  
Goderich, June 11th, 1885.

**CROP PROSPECTS**  
For the Summer are very fine; indeed Farmers will have plenty of work for their Machines and it will pay them to use

**MCCOLL'S LARDINE**  
MACHINE

**OIL**  
It will not gum nor corrode, and wears equal to lead, and can be bought for less money. Manufactured only by McCOLL BROS. & CO., Toronto.

**R. W. MCKENZIE,**  
Sole Agent for Goderich.  
June 11th, 1885.

**WILSON'S Prescription Drug Store,**  
Court House Square, Goderich.

**DOMINION DAY**  
The Greatest and Grandest  
**EVENT**  
Ever Known in Goderich.  
The Mighty Monarch of all  
Mammoth Aggregations.

**GODERICH,**  
(JULY 1st)  
**DOMINION DAY**  
**JOHN B. DORIS'**  
50 DIFFERENT ACTS.

**Great Inter-Ocean Circus**  
COMBINED WITH THE  
**NEW MONSTER SHOWS**  
3 BIG CIRCUSES  
50-CAGE MENAGERIE-50  
12-COMPLET MASTODON  
SHOWS UNTRIED.



**Wednesday, July 1st**  
Auctioneering.

**H. W. BALL, AUCTIONEER FOR** the County of Huron. Sales attended in any part of the County. Address orders to Goderich P. O.

**JOHN KNOX, GENERAL AUCTIONEER** and Land Valuer, Goderich, Ont. Having had considerable experience in the auctioneering trade, he is in a position to discharge with thorough satisfaction all commissions entrusted to him. Order's left at Martin's Hotel, or sent by mail to my address, Goderich P. O., carefully attended to. JOHN KNOX County Auctioneer.