

ROSSLAND WEEKLY MINER.

Two Dollars a Year

ROSSLAND, B. C., THURSDAY, JULY 26, 1900

Fifth Year, Number 39

July 19, 1900

BOUNDARY.

Group, Hard Cash, City, Golden Eagle and Others.

commences work on the roadwork shortly. It is working on the road in West Copper tunnel on the Snowshoe in 100 feet.

from the B. C. mine, in now aggregate nearly 5.

which adjoins the open cuts have showed edge of arsenical iron. was struck last Saturday in Summit camp, adjoins the B. C. mine. the Trail smelter ore in the Boundary this for contracts for his con-

of the Golden Eagle on received \$21.57 per ton of ore shipped to Trail

shipments to the Trail Golden Eagle were re- by Alderman Sharpe, to \$21 net per ton.

the Greyhound in Dead- down 90 feet, all in ore. will be commenced at the

was in from Franklin, and had some success from the Bullion, a claim by him. The returns all values.

the raise in the west Eagle, where a splendid found, work has been east drift, and it is im-

and W. George have assessment work on the creek, a tributary of the work done on the of a tunnel 31 feet all in commenced work on the adjoining claim.

made from the Carmi work last week. The ore from the mine to West- in thence to Midway by the intention of the bond-

ons, but the owners ob- shipments being made un- of the bond were fulfilled. and Golden Crown ping steadily since the pleted, and recent work

R. has uncovered some This discovery is close to Hand Cash, and it is un- no claims will be worked

lies between the Boston O. K. On this property but has been run, tapping depth of nine feet. The ledge is not known, in traced for 15 feet with

ing wall in sight. It is al- very highly in copper. Last month work has been in the Boston, Kingston and

al claims, situate near O. lake camp. On the Boston in sunk disclosing a 30-inch quartz carrying tellurium

Several open cuts have on this property.

work has just been com- Iron Pyrites in South- by E. C. Brown and

ed. The property adjoins group. A 16-foot shaft has several open cuts. The mineral iron, but a ledge run into just as they com-

The quartz carries good

SIMILKAMEEN.

of Various Properties in This Section.

gers properties at 20-Mile in size and numbers, unbounded faith in the

Matheson, brother of Phoenix, is on Christina to the Similkameen will work some prop-

Hedley on 20-Mile creek, in terested. This is the camp Daly's famous group, the is being developed.

thorne, A. D. Rogers and who are operating prin-

Alfred Grove district, were day and report the Milling claims looking fine. Mr. starts on Tuesday for California, where he will weeks, but expects to re-

is possible. In his absence Mr. Silverthorne will carry and push it forward.

OH FIND MADE.

Locates a Claim Carrying High-Grade Ore.

B. C., July 17.—(Special.) prospecting trip to Me-

on the east fork of the cently, John Meyers locat-

which he called the Stand- ledge a solid ledge at five is astonished to learn that him a return of \$1,422 in

er values.

the shipment of ore from the Washington group on the ration, two miles south of al boundary, to the Grand arrived today. It is haul-

wagons. On this property thousand feet of work have tunnel, shaft and winze. It is down 140 feet and will to the 200-foot level before commenced. The working

gments are to be made in winze, which was run some At the face of the tunnel, sunk one hundred feet

depth of one hundred feet. In the lower working set of mineral, with string-

from four inches to seven

of the Sunset mine on Similkameen district, after to R. A. Brown, the general manager, states

out on the 150-foot level ended west 60 feet in solid encountering a wall. Mr. under consideration a prop-

FROM OTHER CAMPS

Much Activity in the Larceau and Northern Districts.

EAST KOOTENAY DEVELOPMENT

A General Review of the Mining Industry Over the Outlying Camps—Notes From Larceau, East Kootenay, Spokane and Boundary Sections.

Nothing of any importance has been gleaned this week from either the Kamloops or the Ymir mining divisions. From the Larceau, on the contrary, comes much news which strongly shows that great interest is now being taken in this lately developed mining region. The old stand-

ards are recording good progress, and in addition much good prospecting work is being undertaken. The advent of a rail-

road, which now will not be very much longer delayed, will do much from a mining point of view in opening up this

meritorious district thoroughly.

From East Kootenay there is something very like an exhaustive report of the

mining properties and claims in that division. Myrie, with the St. Eugene, looms

quite largely in the eyes of its inhabitants, and not at all unreasonably so. More so

than in any other mining division are new districts being weekly opened up,

and these are of almost daily occurrence.

With the close of the labor troubles in the Spokan the shipments are improving

vastly, and with the vast natural resources of this section it should not take long for the miners of that region to more

than make up for any time that has been wasted.

In the Boundary, for the first time in its history, have the local press thought

it worth while to start an account of its daily exports of ore. Neither smelter is at

present in blast, but the final arrange-

ments preceding the blowing in of both will consume but a little longer. Reports

of good strikes are received from the City of Paris in Deadwood camp, and also

from the Sunset mine in Deadwood. There are other strikes, perhaps of minor

importance, reported by various prospectors. There are rumored purchases of

two of the well developed properties in this district by the C. P. R. and by the Standard Oil company, but there has

been so far nothing to justify the chron-

icling of the same.

THE LARCEAU.

The Pedro and Ruby Silver Group—The Nettie L. and Silver Cup.

The two standbys, Nettie L. and Silver Cup, never looked better.

The Old Gold and Francoise properties are improving with development.

Tenderfoot Creek is alive with prospectors and owners at work on their claims.

H. Cunningham of Nakusp has completed work on the Climax, a Haskins creek property.

Claims on Canyon creek are vigorously worked by their owners, and splendid ore samples are brought down.

Work is being pushed vigorously on the Match group and Early B. D. properties, located at the head of Eight-Mile.

Jack Rady and Ben Rainey went down early last week to look over some property located in Johnson Basin.

Work on the Monitor claim, situated near Orde City, is suspended pro tem but work is likely to be resumed at an early date.

Messrs. Gillette and Snyder returned on Wednesday to the Silverton Boy, where they are engaged doing assessment work.

Two prospectors at work near the lake, half a mile from Trout Lake City, have discovered a massive ledge well inter-

persed with galena.

Messrs. Hayes and Schonberg are meet-

The group will also be surveyed this season.

Outler T. Porter and F. W. Kellam, accompanied by John McCarney, went up to the Wagner group on Thursday

last. Mr. Porter is bringing in an en-

terpreneur, who will survey the group, after which active development will commence.

A shaft is being sunk on the Lucky Jim at the head of Eight-Mile, and the work up to the present has resulted in

uncovering ore running \$118 gold, \$55 copper and \$9 in silver to the ton. P. Murphy, who owns an interest in the claim, will go up this week to assist in the

work.

G. W. Crothers and G. Meldrum are busily engaged developing the Dewey, a promising location on Murray creek. They are driving a crosscut to catch the vein.

Several leads cross this property which give indications of good values when they are more fully developed.

Another property is rapidly coming to the front, namely, the Tritone wide and

claims, situated a half mile northwest of the Silver Cup. The group has been leased to some enterprising miners, who are turning out some magnificent ore. The vein has two feet of shipping ore, com-

prising black sulphides, carbonates and galena, the whole of which runs exceedingly rich. Two tons a day are put into sacks, which will be packed to the wagon

trail. A trail has been cut by the lessees from the claims to the wagon road, and P. H. Hoffman came up on Monday

week from Hailey creek, where he has been doing work on his claims for the past three

months, and left on Tuesday for Spokane. While in town he left in the Top

ick's ore cabinet a couple of specimens of the nickel ore which has been creating

so much comment for the past three weeks. The lead where he did the work

this season is about eight feet wide and contains several stringers of the mineral containing the nickel. The Crystal is the

name of the claim on which this strike of nickel was made, and is located about a

mile from the mouth of Hailey creek.

Last week a deal was put through by M. L. Moyer whereby the Pedro and Ruby Silver groups, comprising nine

claims, became bonded to a Philadelphia syndicate. The figure of the bond is \$20,000, and the payments cover a period of

18 months. The first payment is \$2,000, and falls due in 90 days. It is the intention of Mr. Moyer to begin work on

these claims on Monday next with a gang of five men. This working force will be

added to from time to time as the exigencies of the situation call for it. The

Pedro and Ruby Silver groups are two of the richest and best known properties in the Larceau. On the former theses taken

in the course of development is remarkable even in this camp because of its

grade, assays running from 2,000 ounces in silver up, and just the other day, after the season's work had been commenced

on it samples of ore were brought down, some of which are now in the Topick's

cabinet, that are solid chunks of gray copper and will run over 2,000 ounces in

silver. On the Ruby Silver, where there is exposed a two-foot ledge of solid ore,

some very high assays have been obtained; one kind running \$110 in gold, the

other giving returns of 500 ounces silver and \$25 gold. This group is located somewhat higher up the mountain than the

Pedro, and on a different lead.

EAST KOOTENAY.

A General Review of the Properties of This District.

The contract on the Dibble group of mines is nearly completed.

It is feared that a diamond drill will shortly be installed on the Big Chief mine.

It is expected that work will be resumed on the Minnie M. and Tiger before many weeks.

On the Star group on Bull river development work is being pushed at a

rapid rate.

Several men are working on the Estella and the reports from the property are

all favorable.

The Dardanelles has over 400 feet of tunnels and drifts, with an average of 50

feet.

The Bill Nye is opening up finely. The tunnel is now over 70 feet, showing

gray copper and galena.

Tom Roberts making a clean-up on the property leased by J. E. Humphreys and others on Wild Horse creek.

George Kerr has a claim on Boulder creek divide which has a strong lead 60

feet in width. The ore is gold quartz.

The Montana, Tiger, Minnie M., John L., Golden Fleeces, St. Lawrence, Swan and a number of other claims are being

developed.

The Chitikanon Stone, Old Abe, Tontine, Griffith property and a number of other promising claims are being developed.

C. Baines, J. Lappin and S. Yull are taking out a carload of ore on their Quartz Creek claim, near Beaver, for a smelter

test.

The Big Chief, Dupont group, Golden Eye, Dardanelles, Kootenay King, Bald Mountain and other mines are working

a number of men.

The Estella one of the best known properties in the vicinity of Fort Steele, has

a considerable force at work developing the property.

The payroll at Myrie during the month of June aggregated \$24,000; of this the St. Eugene Consolidated Mining company

paid out \$21,500.

The Midas is an extension of the Dupont on the southeast. On the property is a strong lead eight feet in width, carrying good values in gold.

The Emerald group is an extension of the Big Chief on the north, and the ore is of the same quality as that on the Big

Chief. One tunnel is in 45 feet.

Machinery will be installed on the Big Chief and Dupont group this year. This

machinery has been ordered and will be on the ground as soon as possible.

The Brittle Silver group is situated on the divide between Wild Horse and Sheep

creaks. Recently some of the finest ore seen in this section was taken from this

property.

Frank Anderson came in last week from the north fork of Horse Thief

creek, where he has been working on the Grey Line, which has a ledge 40 feet

wide, traceable for one-half mile, containing iron sulphate carrying \$5 in gold.

J. D. Fraser has just completed his assessment work on the Carletonmont, on

Toby creek, and reports the ledge from three to four feet wide, and the walls

have not yet been reached. The pay-

streak has increased from two to 14 inches, containing grey copper and galena.

The Iry Again claim on Six-Mile creek is a very promising claim. Development

work consists of a tunnel now in some 51 feet showing copper pyrites in the face.

Assays give a value of 4.08 ounces in silver, \$120 in gold and 22.30 per cent copper.

The Big Chief mine of Boulder creek is one of the properties that a large

amount has been expended in develop-

ing. An immense vein 23 feet in width traverses the ground over three entire

over 300 feet of tunnels and drifts.

One of the most promising properties on Perry creek is the Badger and Red

Mountain, owned by John Sherwood. The Shakespeare, New York Jewelry Shop

and London Treasury Box have also a great showing of mineral. The ledges are

true fissures and run in a straight line for over 11 miles.

The Dupont group is another free gold proposition, and is situated on the east

side of the creek, directly opposite the Big Chief. The development consists of

a tunnel nearly 200 feet in length and a crosscut of 22 feet. The lead upon which

work is now being done is 15 feet in width.

Messrs. Scale and Walsh have returned from Toby creek, where they struck the

Surprise and Horse Shoe Bar mineral claims. The ledge is about eight feet wide

and is traceable for the full length of the two claims and is well mineralized; from

one to five feet distinctly traceable for 200 feet. The showing is galena.

The Shakespeare claim is situated on Perry creek and has several large leads

that run through the property. It is a free gold proposition. Being well em-

ployed doing the annual assessment work, and it is reported that in sinking 15 feet

the gold values in the ore more than doubled.

The Keystone mine, which is situated at the head of Maus creek, on six miles

from Fort Steele, is one of the most promising mines in this section. Assessment

work is now proceeding, the work being confined to the ledge, which is six feet

wide, with a crosscut of high grade galena on the hanging wall. The entire ledge is

highly mineralized, carrying gray copper, silver, lead and gold.

W. S. Rogers, who has been in town for several days, says he purposed to develop the Golden Five in a thorough

manner, and believes in a short time to make a mine that will add somewhat to the

fame of East Kootenay. He is now cross-

cutting on a crosscut to tap the main ledge. On reaching the ledge drifting

will be commenced and continued to a point under the old shaft and an upraise

of about 50 feet made to connect.

It is reported that a big strike has been made on the property owned by Mc-

Bane and Hishop, located on Sind creek. The lead has been uncovered for a

distance of 200 feet and is six feet wide. The ore is said to run high in copper. The

property has been considerably developed, and it is said that the present showing

will enable the owners to commence shipments, if it was desired, inside of

two weeks.

F. M. Chadbourne came down from Boulder creek last week, where he re-

ports considerable work being carried on. He showed himself in well pleased with

the showing on the Black Prince, and will continue to work it. Unfortunately,

a water course was recently struck in the shaft and he was obliged to abandon it

WILL DO GOOD WORK

What the Associated Boards of Trade Have in View.

IT MEETS IN NELSON AUGUST 2

Will Favor Provincial Redistribution, the Cpe ng up of New Camps by Wagon Roads, and Other Measures for Building up the Province.

A meeting of the board of trade was held yesterday for the purpose of giving

instructions to the delegates who are to represent the board in the forthcoming

second annual meeting of the Associated Boards of Trade of Eastern British Columbia.

The executive committee of the Associated Boards of Trade, which consists of President J. S. C. Fraser of Rossland;

vice-president, Roderick Robertson of Nelson; second vice-president G. O. Buchanan of Kaslo, and Mr. J. A. Harvey

of Fort Steele; Hon. T. Mayne Daly of Rossland, Col. E. S. Topping of Trail, Mr. T. L. Haig of Revelstoke, and Hon. Smith

Curtis, representing Grand Forks, will meet at Nelson on Wednesday, August 1,

at 8 o'clock, to prepare bylaws for the association, and it is likely that resolutions

will be prepared which will be laid before the association when it meets next

day. The association is composed of all the boards of trade in Eastern British Columbia,

and when President Fraser calls the meeting to order at 11 a. m. on Thursday,

August 2, it is expected that there will be two delegates present from each of the following boards of trade: Cran-

brook, Fernie, Fort Steele, Golden, Grand Forks, Greenwood, Kamloops, Kaslo, Nelson, Phoenix, Revelstoke, Trail, Vernon

and Rossland. This includes all of the boards of trade in the province except

the four at the coast cities. A very large number of questions of im-

portance, affecting the general welfare of the interior, will come up, including provincial

redistribution, the opening up of new mining camps by means of wagon

roads, the perfecting of school system, the securing of a resident supreme court

judge in Kootenay and other officers. It is anticipated when the association

adjourns that a delegation will be sent to Victoria to present the views of the

board before the legislature, and to endeavor to secure legislation on the lines

suggested. The board will be entirely non-partisan in all its actions, and no legis-

lation of a contentious or party nature will be favored; on the contrary, it will

endeavor to favor only such measures as are best calculated to result in the develop-

ment and upbuilding of the country.

At the meeting of the Associated Boards of Trade held in this city from

August 3rd to 5th, 1899, a number of resolutions were adopted, many of which

were the following:

That the provincial government designate the mineral region occupying the Kettle River Valley basin as the Boundary

district; that the district boundaries be defined and so named upon the maps of the province. Another

The provincial government was urged to issue quarterly bulletins, giving information with reference to the mines.

Asking for better mail facilities in Kootenay and Yale.

A separate Dominion member for Kootenay was asked for, and a separate member of the provincial legislature for Boundary was requested.

The following was adopted: Resolved, that it is the sense of the Associated

Boards of Trade of

MINES AND MINING

Fish Creek Section is Coming to the Fish River Section. F. on. PROPERTIES ARE BEING OPENED

The Highland Group has been bonded by the Hall Mines—Work on the Snowshoe in Phoenix Camp is Making Good Progress—Eldorado Group.

Mr. W. R. Hartley is back after an absence of six weeks in the Fish River section of the Lardeau, and says he considers it a region of great possibilities. There is considerable work in progress and the development, so far as it has gone, has been of a very satisfactory nature. From 15 to 20 men are at work on the Black Bear property. At the Wide West a force is engaged in putting up bunk house and other buildings, and the development of the property is in progress. Mr. Hartley reports that he has bonded his Eclipse group on Pooi creek to Messrs. Edwards & Co. of Comaplix. The ledges of the Eclipse group are silver-lead and are from six inches to ten feet in width. So far no shipments have been made from the Fish River section, but it is anticipated from the large number of men working that it will not be long before shipments will be made. A number, however, are getting their properties in shape so that they will be ready to ship as soon as the railway is completed into that section. They think the Duncan-Lardeau road, which has been granted a subsidy by the Dominion Parliament, will be the first one to be completed.

HIGHLAND GROUP.

Duncan Mines, Limited, Obtain an Option on That Property.

Charles Parker of Nelson has put through a deal embracing the Highland Group, consisting of the Highland, Josephine, Esther May and Maggie mineral claims, together with the mill site and water rights belonging thereto. The property is located a mile and a half from the town of Ainsworth and about half a mile in a direct line from Kootenay Lake. The price to be paid is at the request of the owners, withheld from the public, but it is a handsome one and is mostly in cash. The original owners retain a small interest. The payments are all to be made within nine months. The first payment of 10 per cent is to be paid on or before the 4th day of August, at which time the prospective purchasers will enter into possession. This favorably known property is to pass into the hands of such a strong company as the Duncan Mines, Limited. It is a well known fact that there are large bodies of ore exposed in this property, and it only needs the erection of a tramway from the mines to the lake for the mines to start shipping at once. The present owners are W. P. Robinson, A. J. Marks, T. J. Lendrum, Nelson; E. D. Carter, Wallace, Idaho; James Bright and William Braden, Black River Falls, Wis., and the Scott McDonald estate.

Work on the Snowshoe.

Mr. A. J. McMillan is back from a trip to the Snowshoe in the Phoenix camp. The Snowshoe is the property of one of Mr. McMillan's syndicates. About 30 men are at work, he says, developing the Snowshoe. The main shaft has been sunk to a depth of 100 feet and the tunnel is in a distance of 250 feet. A 70-horse power boiler and drills and other machinery are being installed on the property.

The Eldorado Group.

Mr. R. C. Pollett reports that the Eldorado group in the Ymir district has been successfully floated. There remains, he says, only 50,000 shares of the promoters' stock for sale, and the price has been raised to 2 1/2 cents. The intention is to soon commence the work of developing the properties of this group.

INTERESTED IN ROSSLAND.

Mr. G. S. Waterlow Expected to Arrive Here Early in August.

Mr. G. S. Waterlow of London, England, who is heavily interested in mining and real estate in Rossland and the district, is expected to arrive in the city early in August. Mr. Waterlow, it will be remembered, paid a lengthy visit to Rossland two years ago, and since that time has in many ways shown his interest in helping forward the development of this district. At the recent meeting in London of the Associated Chambers of Commerce of the Empire, Mr. Waterlow attended as one of the Rossland delegates, and in a communication to Mr. A. J. McMillan, his local representative, he expresses the opinion that these meetings will be productive of great good. Mr. Waterlow is at present in Eastern Canada, but leaves for Rossland within a few days.

HASTINGS EXPLORATION.

The Report of the Directors on the Arlington and Other Properties.

The report of the directors of the Hastings (British Columbia) Exploration Syndicate, Limited, to 25th inst., submitted to the meeting to be held in London, July 5th, states that an issue of 16,500 shares was made on February 29th. These shares were all applied for and are so paid up. The total issued capital therefore is now £50,000. In addition to the money in hand, £12,375 has yet to be called up on the £16,500 shares. Development work on the Arlington claim during the past year has been carried on with great activity. The development of the Micawber claim chiefly consisted with surface work by means of open cuts and tunnels. One hundred and sixty-five tons of ore had been shipped from this claim up to March 27th last, realizing about \$10,000. On the other claims acquired by the syndicate comprising the Arlington group, very little prospecting work has been done, but an open cut on the Original has disclosed what appears to be a strong vein. On the Fort Steele properties only assessment work has been done to enable the syndicate to obtain crown

grants pending developments on the North Star and Sullivan mines. On the Sunlight Fraction, Slovan district, the assessment work only has been done this season.

LOCAL MINING NOTES.

Two more machines have been placed at work on the Nickel Plate and a larger addition is contemplated as soon as the management acquire a larger plant.

The work of assembling the big compressor on the Centre Star is well in hand and should be finished, if all goes well, within a couple of weeks.

Three cars were loading yesterday afternoon on the C. P. R. extension to the Le Roi mine. This is the first of the regular shipments to Trail, and the first train should go out today. Work is somewhat handicapped on the second class dump at present. A subsidiary bin is being erected alongside of the large bin at the head of the old gravity tramway, which will facilitate handling.

At the No. 1 the electric hoist is not quite ready. Some carpenters are at work fitting up the engine room.

The shaft on the Anne is now down a little over 100 feet. Compressed air is being supplied from the Black Bear compressor to work the small hoist.

The three boilers that were in position next the old compressor plant for the Le Roi are in the act of removal to the new boiler house. The foundation for this battery, which is the third and last to be built in, is already constructed.

THE ROAD TO THE VELVET.

Work on It is Being Pushed by a Large Force.

Mr. A. G. Waite, of the Leiter, is in from Sophie mountain. He reports that the work is in full blast on the road which is to connect Northport with the Velvet Mines. Nearly three miles have been completed. A large force is at work on the road. The road commences at the water tank about half a mile below the boundary line, and it is about seven miles from there to the Velvet. For three miles from the Velvet the way is level, and for the remainder of the distance to the railway and the main Northport wagon road the grade is three per cent.

The road will run close to the Douglas and Olga and will not be far from the Leiter. On the Leiter, a new shaft has been started. It is at the north end line of the Velvet and about 20 feet south of the south line of the upper traction. It is an exceedingly fine grade of ore that is being taken from the main Velvet shaft just now. It is a massive chalcopryite, and carries good values in gold. Grading is in progress at the Velvet for the foundation of the 15-drill compressor. The compressor will be installed just as soon as the road is completed.

On the Leiter, Mr. Waite says, work is being pushed. A drift was run along the vein from the main crosscut for a distance of 25 feet on No. 3 lead. A station was cut out on this drift at a point ten feet from the main crosscut, and a winze is being sunk on the lead. This winze is located at a point about 50 feet from the portal of the tunnel.

Money for Development.

The affairs of the Boundary Creek Mining and Milling Company are to be put on a first class basis. The London & Canada, which has a bond on the controlling interest in the Boundary Creek Mining and Milling company shares, has decided to sell 7,000 £1 preference shares and to use the money in the development of the Gold Bug and some of the other properties of the company. The townsite of Boundary City, which is at the junction of Eholt and Boundary creeks and two miles from Greenwood, is to be placed on the market and the money derived from the sale of the lots is to be used in the development of the 14 claims belonging to the company.

Grand Stand May Be Shifted.

The gusty wind which was prevalent early in the week blew over the lesser stand on the east side of the baseball ground. As the position of this stand was open to some objection, as it was alike unsheltered from the afternoon sun and from the prevailing winds blowing across the ground and gathering up its dust, it is likely that the management will see fit to alter its position to the other side of the ground, which affords spectators shade and freedom from dust.

A Case of Dementia.

Edward F. M. Youel, who has been in the city for the past week or so, was examined on a commission of lunacy, held before Magistrate Boulton yesterday. Drs. Reddick and Campbell assisting. The facts alleged against Youel were that he had given himself out as an agent of several well known capitalists, such as the Messrs. Rothchild, Rocketteller and Cecil Rhodes. Going beyond this, he had sent telegrams to some property owners offering large sums for their holdings, causing a great deal of trouble and some useless journeys. The case seemed well established against the man, and he will probably be sent down to the coast to the provincial lunatic asylum.

RHEUMATIC STING.

South American Rheumatic Cure Sways the Wand and Suffering Ceases in a Trice.

Mr. A. S. Kennedy, 44 Sussex Ave., Toronto, says he has been attacked very frequently with acute muscular rheumatism, affecting his shoulders and arms. I used South American Rheumatic Cure and found immediate relief after a dose or two. My family have used this remedy with the most satisfactory results. I think it truly a very efficacious remedy for this very prevalent ailment. Sold by Goodeve Bros.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

Beginning July 1st, 1900, all subscribers to the Weekly Miner by paying the sum of two dollars and ten cents will be credited with one year's subscription and will receive a copy of the Rossland Miner Map. A limited number of maps are on hand and will be sent to subscribers promptly on receipt of one year's subscription, and ten cents for postage. ROSSLAND MINER P. & P. CO.

ON WILSON CREEK

A Section Which has Some Promising Properties.

GRIZZLY BEARS ARE NUMEROUS

A She Bear With Cubs Attacks Prospectors and Mutilates One of Them Mr. Norman Thinks Our Mines Will rival Those of South Africa.

Mr. Hugh Hastings, M. E., returned on Wednesday from a trip up Wilson creek, whither he went in the interests of certain of his clients. Wilson creek runs into the east side of Slovan lake at a point north of New Denver. There is a silver-lead belt of considerable promise along the creek. Near the south is the Jeanette mine, owned by New York people. Considerable work has been done on this mine. It has been lying idle since the snow commenced falling last year, but the intention is to resume operations in a short time. Martin Brothers of this city, own the Big Jim group, near the head of the third east fork of Wilson creek. There are five claims in this group which carry silver-lead leads, the ore vein is said to average \$100 to the ton clear across four feet. Messrs. Hartman & Brewster own two claims near the Big Jim group, which have fair showings of ore. One creek has only been partially prospected owing to the fact that there was not a trail until last year and this was not completed until late in the fall. For the past two months quite a number of prospectors have found their way in, and it is anticipated that mining locations will be made. The government is sending in another party to improve the trail and to continue it. It will be extended up the north or main fork to its source. Besides, it will be extended up the east fork to its source. The productive ground seems to be on the north and east forks.

LATE MINING NEWS AND NOTES

OXYGEN TO BE USED IN THE SMELTING OF ORES.

A Montreal Broker Visits the Le Roi and is Pleased With the Large Reserves of Ore There.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Fowler and son of New York, were at the Allan yesterday, and left on the afternoon train for the Boundary country. After an inspection of the Boundary country they will go to Alaska. Mr. Fowler has done Europe, Mexico and other countries, and this year thought he would take in Western Canada and Alaska. Mr. Fowler is a stockholder in the Granby smelter, the Gray Eagle and others of the Miner-Graves properties. While he is in the Boundary country it is his intention to look into the operation of these properties. He says he sees no reason why, when the properties of the Miner-Graves companies are producing dividends, why they should not be worth nearly as many dollars per share as at present they are worth cents.

In speaking about smelting, Mr. Fowler says there is a company in New York which is operating on a small scale on a new process for the manufacture of oxygen, which he thinks will revolutionize smelting. With the assistance of liquid air and an apparatus which can be placed on the stack of a smelter so that oxygen can be made at a low cost. Then it is sprayed over the coke in a furnace, and one ton of coke, it is claimed, can be made to do the work of three tons. A man for making this oxygen on a large scale would not be long, but it would, he says, cut down the cost of smelting to such a degree that in time its adoption by smelters would be general.

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Mr. Munroe Says There is Plenty of Ore in Our Mines.

Mr. G. H. Munroe of the firm of Munroe & Munroe stock and share brokers of Montreal, was in the city yesterday and left on the afternoon train for Boundary, whither he went for the purpose of looking after property in which he is interested. In speaking about the stock situation in the east Mr. Munroe said that the market is better than it has been. Investors are showing an increased confidence, and he thinks there will be a good market about the middle of September. People are getting over the war scare and are recovering the confidence which was lost by the suspension of shipping by the War Eagle and the Centre Star. Mr. Munroe visited the Le Roi yesterday and was greatly surprised at the immense quantities of ore that is in sight in that mine. There seems to be enough in sight, he says, to keep its smelter in operation for years. Mr. Munroe will visit Greenwood and Grand Forks and will return here on Friday, and will visit some of the other mines here, so that when he returns to the east he can convince some of the doubting ones that the bottom has not fallen out of the mines here. On the return trip to the east he will stop over at Butte, Mont., for a few days for the purpose of examining the smelters there. With Mr. Munroe is Mr. W. L. Hogg, a mining man of Montreal, who is interested in Boundary properties.

ADMIRE B. C. MINES.

Mr. Norman Thinks They Will rival Those of South Africa.

Mr. P. R. Norman arrived in the city on Thursday evening from the Burnt Basin section, and says that he has a most favorable impression of the mines there. He visited the Tamaany group, Mother Lode Mystery and Avon. He spent an entire day in inspecting the Mystery and the Avon, and says they have very little faulted workings. The Avon tunnel has been driven in for a distance of 180 feet and the breast is entirely in mineral and, therefore, he thinks that the main ledge cannot be far away from the face of the tunnel. Mr. Norman expects to return there shortly. Yesterday he visited some of the mines here and was much pleased with what he saw. Mr. Norman is a mining man of considerable experience, and spent considerable time in South Africa, and it is his opinion from what he has seen of this section of British Columbia, that in a few years it will make a better mining country than South Africa, that is, when the same amount of capital has been put in here for development work as has been there. Recently he visited Great Britain and France, and he reports that the investors there have their eyes on this section of British America as a promising field for mining investment. It is his opinion that a considerable British and French capital will be put in here in the next few years.

One Shaft Improving.

Reports from the properties of the Okanagan Free Gold Mines continue to be of an encouraging nature. The development of the recently found shoot of ore on the 200-foot level is progressing satisfactorily, and the showing continues to be excellent. Captain Frank D. Howe, who is directing the work, expects to visit the properties in a short time. The management thinks it will be able to restart the mill about September 1st, and that it will be kept in operation indefinitely.

WILL CROWN GRANT THEM.

Mr. E. C. Finch is Looking After His Interests Here.

Mr. Edward C. Finch, formerly a mining operator of this city, is here from Sumpter, Or. Mr. Finch is largely interested in the Cariboo Creek and Canadian Mining and Development Co., limited. This company is the owner of 11 claims situated in Cariboo Creek camp on Trio mountain, Snow creek, a tributary of Cariboo creek. The property has been developed by a 250-foot tunnel and other workings. It is his intention to immediately have these claims surveyed and crown granted, and his special mission here is to get the work started. When conditions get a little better the intention is to operate these properties, as they are promising. A large block of the stock of the Cariboo Creek and Canadian company is owned by the estate of the late John McMillan. Mr. Finch states that he is operating in Sumpter. He and his associates purchased a developed property last October and now have \$20,000 worth of ore on the dump. The ore averages \$33 to the ton. Sumpter, he says, is growing rapidly. It is Mr. Finch's intention to remain here for several days. Winnipeg Shipments. The news from the Winnipeg is to the effect that the ore body on the 100-foot level has been tapped, and this will give back stoping ground for 65 feet. Eight carloads of ore have been sent to the smelter since the trucks were laid to the bunkers. This makes a total of 75 tons shipped since shipping was commenced. The total tonnage shipped is 750 tons. Mr. Tregear, the superintendent, is much pleased with the way the Winnipeg is developing.

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Oriel Mining and Milling Co., Limited Own the Good Hope Group, Ymir, B. C.

Fifty thousand shares are now offered to the public at 15 cents. The property is one of exceptional merit, having a clearly defined vein traceable for 2,000 feet. Samples taken from various points on the outcrop from the main workings at a depth of 70 feet, give excellent values averaging \$26 in gold. The ore is of a class that can be readily treated on the ground by milling and cyaniding. Among other well-known properties in the Ymir district are the Ymir, Tamarac, Dundee, Blackcock, Willock, etc. For report and prospectus apply to

Rossland, B. C. Rolt & Grogan

MUNROE & MUNROE MINES AND MINING 18 Canada Life Bldg, Montreal, Quebec.

GEORGE PURGOLD Stocks and Mines. Stocks Bought and Sold on Commission Only. Weekly Market Letter Forwarded on Application. Correspondence Solicited. ROSSLAND, B. C.

T. Mayne Daly, Q. C. C. R. Hamilton. W. de V. le Maistre. Day, Hamiton & le Maistre Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries. Rossland, B. C.

A. C. GALT Barrister, Etc., Rossland. Postoffice Building. Telephone 47.

H. H. HALLET. H. S. SHAW. HALLETT & SHAW BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS NOTARIES PUBLIC. GREENWOOD, B. C. Cable address: "Hallett." Codes: Bedford McNeil's, Morning & Neal's; Leiber.

The American Eagle Gold Mining Co., Limited Liability. Notice.

The annual general meeting of the American Eagle Gold Mining Company, limited liability, will be held on Friday, the third day of August, 1900, at four o'clock p. m. at the office of the company on South Lincoln street, (opposite the Rossland club house), Rossland, B. C., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. Dated this 13th day of July, 1900. R. C. POLLETT, Secretary.

property and four in constructing a trail to connect the property with the lake. As soon as the trail is open there will be ten tons of high grade ore ready for shipment to the smelter.

Rich Cariboo Creek Claims.

Mr. G. M. King has returned from a trip to Cariboo Creek, whither he went with Jim Piccolo to inspect the Portland and the San Juan. The claims are owned by Jim Piccolo, James Davis and Mrs. King. They are located in the Cariboo Creek country near the famous Millie Mack group. The lead is three feet wide and the ore assays 279 ounces of silver and \$80 in gold to the ton. The intention is to have them surveyed and crown granted.

SUNSET MINE.

The Canadian Goldfields Syndicate is Pushing Work on It. Since the first of June the Canadian Goldfields syndicate, limited, has had a force of from 12 to 16 men at work on the Sunset mine at Whitewater, B. C., the property recently bonded by them, and from reports received from Mr. W. H. Jeffery, the engineer in charge, by Mr. A. J. Drewry at the Rossland office, it is learned that the development work is showing up a large quantity of high grade galena, both in the upper and lower workings. The upper tunnel has been connected with the shaft by an upraise, and was in ore all the way, a distance of about 60 feet. A drift is being run east from the shaft in a fine body of ore. Stoping is also being carried on at this level. The lower tunnel, an extension of the Wellington tunnel, is now nearing the Sunset ground, and has been in ore for the last 40 feet. The ore is at present about 10 inches wide of solid galena and widening with every round but then, and the balance of the ledge, about five feet, carries a large amount of ore with a considerable amount of grey copper throughout the mass. The ore is being sacked ready for shipment, and it is more than likely that shipments will begin early in August. Mr. J. C. Drewry, the managing director of the company, who has been seriously ill in Montreal since the latter part of April, is expected to return to Rossland within a few days.

Good Returns From Smelter.

Mr. W. G. Merryweather yesterday received a letter from Messrs. Crossen & Ide, brokers at Meyer's Falls, which stated that the returns of the smelter test made of ore from the Black Jack mine located near there, were very satisfactory. The ore went 3.38 ounces in gold, or \$67.60 to the ton.

The Great Britain Group.

A letter has been received from Mr. D. Birks, who is in charge of the operations on the Great Britain group, which has recently been bonded by Hartman, Birks & Co. The letter stated that four men had been put to work developing the

Butte, Montana Intense interest prevades Montanans in the political being waged in the state. will be far reaching and the issues at stake are no small. Formerly the persons of multi-millionaires occupied ground of the political stage Marcus Daly nor W. A. Clark the front of the stage in the

CONSPIRING AGAINST THE BUTTE B

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CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Iron Clad, Spokane, Millie Grey, Pittsburg, Delta and Sampson mineral claims, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On Sullivan creek, about three miles from Columbia river. Take notice that I, Kenneth L. Burnet, (agent for Thomas Cameron, F. M. C. No. B. 31105; Jerome L. Drumheller, F. M. C. No. B. 30681; Edward Balfour, F. M. C. No. B. 31214, and H. M. Williams, F. M. C. No. B. 41087), Free Miner's Certificate No. B. 31110, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claims. And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements. Dated this Twenty-first day of June, A. D. 1900. 6-21-100. KENNETH L. BURNET.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Princess mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On west slope of Sophie mountain, adjoining the L. Nora and X Ray mineral claims. Take notice that I, Kenneth L. Burnet, (agent for Allan G. White, F. M. C. No. B. 30943, and Nicholas Reuter, F. M. C. No. 30952), Free Miner's Certificate No. B. 31110, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim. And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements. Dated this Twenty-first day of June, A. D. 1900. 6-21-100. KENNETH L. BURNET.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Last Chance mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On the west slope of Sophie mountain adjoining the Portland mine. Take notice that I, Kenneth L. Burnet, (agent for George M. Miller, F. M. C. No. B. 31202), Free Miner's Certificate No. B. 31110, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim. And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements. Dated this Fourteenth day of June, A. D. 1900. 6-14-100. KENNETH L. BURNET.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENT.

Knowville Fraction mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: On Monte Christo mountain, Rossland, south of and adjoining the mineral claim Idaho, Lot 559, Group 1. Take notice that I, H. B. Smith, acting for Joseph D. Blevins of the City of Rossland, Province of British Columbia, special free miner's certificate No. 1933, intend, 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim. And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements. Dated this thirteenth day of July, 1900. 7-13-100. H. B. SMITH.

FOR SALE—One No. 11 Miller pump, 7 1/2x4 1/2x10 inches, 3-inch intake. 2 inches discharge. Nearly new. Cheap for cash. Silver Butte Mining company, Northport, Wash. tf.

Rossland Weekly Miner

Published Every Thursday by the ROSSLAND MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO. LIMITED LIABILITY OHN B. K. ERR.

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THE SUBSCRIPTION PRICE OF THE WEEKLY ROSSLAND MINER for all points in the United States and Canada is Two Dollars a year or One Dollar and Twenty-five Cents for six months; for all other countries Three Dollars a year—varying in advance. The subscription price of the DAILY MINER is \$1 per month, \$5 for six months or \$10 for one year. Foreign \$12.50 a year in advance.

PROFESSIONAL PATRIOTS.

Perhaps in no portion of Her Majesty's dominion is the Imperial sentiment, so much talked about in this day, as deeply rooted as it is in Canada. It is quite within the mark to say that an overwhelming majority of the people of this country are intensely and unaffectedly loyal to British connection and the British constitution. They are so, too, as a rule, without being blatant and boastful of their attachment. There is, however, an element who are patriots by profession, and whose truculent and never-ceasing proclamation of their loyalty resounds from the public platform, the public press and even the public streets. These men are usually as offensive to the good citizen whose attachment to his country cannot be questioned as they are to the stranger who may be within our gates. It is with them a business, not only to determine for the community in general in what way and to what extent the loyalty of the people should be manifested, but also unhappily to decry and as far as possible persecute those who do not accept their dictum on all such matters. The term "jingo" has been fittingly applied to this not very large but extremely offensive class of citizens. For nearly a generation now one man in Canada has been the particular object of jingo hostility, and wherever his enmity could pursue him or injure him it has never failed to be directed against him. Mr. Golden Smith, who is perhaps the choicest master of language in the English speaking world, and who from his knowledge of past history and his comprehensive insight into the political conditions at present existing throughout the world, is fitted as much as any man living, and more than all save a few, to comment on current events, is unable to express himself in a public print without becoming the object of a furious attack by, it may be, a very honest but a very ignorant and prejudiced coterie of these professional patriots. In the last issue of the Weekly Sun, which is published in Toronto, Professor Smith gives expression to some very timely truths in regard to the present situation in the Chinese Empire, but as his reflections do not coincide with the views of his opponents he is subjected to attacks by them on the charge that he is inspired with strong pro-Chinese sympathies. Because it ventures to state that the outbreak on the part of the Boxers is attributable to the greed of the Powers, who are eager for the dismemberment of the Chinese Empire, he is taken to task as if he were an enemy of progress and civilization; and because he deprecates the slaughter of some millions of inoffensive Chinese, who are as eager for peace and order within their country as the most timid alien resident, we are called upon to regard him as a foe to the advance of Imperial interests in Eastern Asia.

It seems to us that Professor Golden Smith is perfectly right in his view of the situation, and that the present regrettable conditions in China are due entirely, as he says, to the greed of the Powers. Had a hint of the hostility, which has been shown by the united European nations, and even by the United States, to the continued integrity of the Chinese Empire, been directed against any other nationality it would have aroused the people to far greater frenzy than is now being manifested by the Chinese. The lamentable atrocities of which the Boxers are guilty constitute an excellent excuse for the interference of the nations who will benefit by the violence and outrages for which they are themselves chiefly responsible, and in the names of religion and humanity they will rob the natives of their land. It is the hypocrisy of the European powers, however, not the motives, with which one is inclined to quarrel. The Chinese Empire is one of the richest countries on the earth, and its native inhabitants are incapable of developing its wealth or governing its people. It is natural and proper, therefore, that it should pass from the possession of weaklings into the hands of those having strength and wisdom, even though their wisdom be only that of the serpent.

GEN. SIR FRANCIS GRENFELL.

Gen. Sir Francis Grenfell, the present governor of the island of Malta, who, it is stated, has been appointed commander-in-chief of the British forces in China, is a distinguished soldier. He was born in 1841 and joined the 60th Rifles when 18 years of age. Since then he has seen much service. He was in the Kafir war

of 1878, and was present in the troubles that occurred in South Africa immediately afterwards with the Zulus and the Transvaal Boers. In the latter campaign he was acting as quartermaster-general, and doubtless made himself acquainted while in that office with much commissariat work, which he will find of great service to him in China. After the Transvaal fiasco he was in the Egyptian campaign of 1882 and in the Nile expedition of a year later. In 1885 he became Sirdar of the Egyptian army, vacating that post in 1892, after having commanded at Suakin, to become later on commander of the Egyptian army. He then had a staff billet in England to be translated to Malta and from thence he is now sent to China.

A BLIGHTED LIFE.

The body of W. Gesner Allan fills a suicide's grave in the lonely Similkameen country. This unfortunate young man was under 30 years of age, and what was it that tempted a man so young and so accomplished as he was to take his own life? When Allen first came to the Kootenays, a decade ago, he was but a boy. Even then he had a splendid physique, and such robust health that one would have considered it an even wager that he would live to reach at least three score years. He was a trained athlete, and delighted in outdoor pastimes. He was full of courage, but exerted his strength and skill in protecting the weak against the strong. He had been a hard student, and had graduated from one of the leading institutions of learning in Scotland, the land of his birth. His predilection was towards medicine, and he subsequently took a post graduate course in the McGill university. In his relations with both men and women he was chivalrous and generous, and had so pleasant a nature and such grace of manners that he attracted both men and women to him. He was of good family, and carried with him the manners of a gentleman wherever he went. He was, too, rather a handsome fellow. Then, besides all this he had a small fortune—not enough to make him enormously wealthy, but sufficient by judicious handling, to have made him rich in a few years. In short, he was freighted with all the qualities and abilities which aid in making life successful, and men said of him he will make a great name for himself, while women admired him for the reverence and knightly like courtesy which he displayed towards them on every occasion. Life was a pleasure to him and all went well with him for several years.

About five years since he went to California, where he became the manager and the chief owner in a large vineyard and wine making establishment. There he met the daughter of a widow who had an adjoining vineyard. She was a handsome and accomplished young lady, and he wooed as soon her consent to be his wife. Before the wedding ceremony was performed Allen's fiancée died, and for a time the light seemed to go out of the sky for him. In order to bring on temporary forgetfulness of the great loss he had sustained, he sought for it in dissipation. Here was where his knowledge of drugs, acquired in the study of medicine, came in and caused his ruin. The forgetfulness which he sought was to be found in certain drugs, which not only made him forget, but made him temporarily hilarious and happy, as the ester of opium is while under its influence. These drugs were the sirens that lured him on to his ruin, the spoiling of what would otherwise have been a successful and even brilliant career, and finally led him to a suicide's grave. Once he started to using them he never quit, although he made numerous attempts to do so, from whom he began to use morphine, and then it was but a step to cocaine, and the latter's effects are more fearful in destroying ambition, the desire to work, the determination to succeed than perhaps any other that men are addicted to. It finally puts a man in such a condition that nothing that happens to him matters much, and he sinks lower and lower in his own estimation and the estimation of others, until suicide is a welcome relief. It was so with Allan.

THE WAR IN CHINA.

The gravity of the Chinese situation is beginning to be realized by the powers, and they have commenced to bestir themselves, and by the beginning of September will have an army of 175,000 in China for the purpose of putting down the uprising. One authority doubts if this force will be large enough to effect the purpose intended, but if it is not it can easily be augmented to a force of a size sufficient to be effective. In some respects this war is on similar lines to that of the Crusade, when the Christians of the Middle Ages recovered Palestine from the Moslems. The successful crusader's force was made up of six armies, embracing the chivalry of Europe and numbering about 600,000 men, finally took Jerusalem from the infidels, but not till their numbers had been reduced to 40,000 troops. In this modern crusade, which is for the protection of Christians and to punish the Chinese for their cruelties toward them, eight powerful nations are sending soldiers to do the work. Great Britain, the United States, Germany, Japan, Italy, France, Russia and Austria have united for the purpose of teaching China a lesson which she will

not forget for a long time to come. The modern crusade will take a much shorter time to accomplish its purpose than did the one in the Middle Ages. It is possible, however, that a force equal to that of the successful crusade may be needed.

Although Washington has received a despatch from Minister Conger, who is in Pekin, it fails to satisfy London as to the fate of the legations. It is believed there that if the despatch is genuine the date has been falsified. So the fate of the legations is still wrapped in doubt. If Minister Conger were able to have a despatch sent through, why is it that the ministers of the other powers in Pekin have been unable to communicate with their governments? The belief has become a certainty that the Chinese government plotted to drive out the Christians, that the plot has extended all over the empire and that soon in no portion of it that is not under the guns of the allies will Europeans be safe. The need of prompt action and some heavy and effective blows, which will scatter the Mongolian forces is patent.

AN IMPORTANT INCIDENT.

In a new mining section one of the first questions to be demonstrated is whether the ore is of pay value and in sufficient quantities to make it profitable to extract it. Then naturally, if the ore is of the smelting kind and not amenable to treatment on the ground by the free milling or cyaniding process, arises the question of transportation. Once the latter is supplied after the former has been proven to be true, the section becomes profitable. In the Sophie mountain region mining to prove that the veins carry pay ore in sufficient tonnage to be profitable has been in progress for the past three years, and the object sought has been attained. Now, naturally the mountain is being provided with transportation facilities. This is by means of a wagon road, which is the natural successor of the trail over which everything that has to go into that section in the way of supplies and machinery has had to be transported. In the Rossland camp first we had the trail and then came the wagon road, and finally the railroad. It will be the same with Sophie mountain camp. The miners have used the trail and will cast it aside for the wagon road, which in turn will be displaced by the railway.

With the opening up of the Sophie mountain section by the wagon road, which is now being constructed, will come a new era for it. It has been kept back to a large extent by reason of its difficulty of access, but in a short time it can be reached by a few hours' pleasant driving. Over the highway heavy machinery can be hauled into the mines there, and the two or three properties that have already been developed and which have ore on the dumps and in the stopes, can begin to market it, as there will be only a seven-mile haul to the railway. In this way the mines can be made self-sustaining, just as the Le Roi hauled its ores from here to the Columbia river, and from there sent it to the smelters, and so enabled that mine to pay its way and yield even a profit. The success of the Velvet, Douglas and other mines there will lead to the development of other properties in that section, and it will make more progress in the next year than it has since the first claims were staked there in the early nineties. The wagon road will, therefore, be a factor of considerable importance in the development of the Sophie mountain section. There is certain to grow up somewhere on the sides of that big mountain, which has promising veins of pay ore on both its eastern and western slopes, a community which within the next few years, in our humble opinion, will be second only to Rossland, and from which the citizens of this city will derive a large trade and considerable resulting profits. The full measure of the benefits will not come to us until a railway is extended from this city to the mines there. The railroad, however, will naturally follow the wagon road.

LARDO RAILWAY.

Curiously the treasure hunter wanders far afield when comparatively near there are wide belts of mountain ranges not yet explored. This is the same old story of distance lending enchantment, borne out by the rush of 1898 to Klondike and this year to Nome. Many of the veteran prospectors of British Columbia, who fared very well in the early days of Rossland and Slocan, have departed for those ice-bound camps, and it would be interesting to know how many monuments of bitter disappointment they have erected, after suffering untold privations and delving in the frozen earth of the Arctic circle. Yet when these men were told of the possibilities of portions of this country, they would invariably dismiss the idea with a shrug of the shoulders and a remark about having had enough of the snow-clad hills.

To many it is passing strange that the Lardeau district has remained so long in the background. While it is true that the hills are high and steep and rugged, yet these things frequently make for cheap mining by reason of the ease with which tunnels may be driven into the mountains, gaining in depth very quickly with every foot of work. The rocks, too, are, as a rule, softer and more easily worked than the eruptives of southern Kootenay. Still the district has languished behind. With few exceptions very little deep mining has been attempted, and it is noteworthy that wherever any depth has been reached the ore bodies have proved persistent and carried good values. The Silver Cup may be cited as the only property in the western part of the district on which extensive, systematic development work has been done, and this is closely followed by the Lardeau group, in the eastern or Lardeau-Duncan side. Both properties promise, when more extensively developed, to rival the rich silver-lead mines of the Slocan, many of which are richer than the mines of Mexico and Peru which excited the avarice and ferocity of Spaniards in the seventeenth century. It may be safely predicted therefore that the unexplored Lardeau and Lardeau-Duncan regions will yet contribute largely to the mineral production of the province.

It will be recalled that in his report for 1897 Mr. Carlyle dealt very largely with these districts, for it should be borne in mind that there are two separate and distinct districts, the eastern or Lardeau-Duncan, and the western or Lardeau. Coming directly from Colorado, Mr. Carlyle found many points of resemblance in the geological structure with the Leadville and Aspen portions of the great silver state. He was prevented from carrying the comparisons very far, through the lack of sufficient work to determine the conditions; but since that time his opinions have been confirmed by the actual development of a number of the properties. Any one reading Mr. Carlyle's report and bearing in mind the reserve which must always guard these official utterances could not fail to be deeply impressed with the importance which this competent authority attached to these districts as valuable assets of the province. Since that time considerable work has been done on a few properties, but lack of transportation alone has prevented others from operating on a larger scale.

Perceiving the opportunity, so long neglected, two corporations, the C. P. R. and Kootenay Railway and Navigation company, began last year the construction of railways from the headwaters of Kootenay lake, following the Duncan river. These lines are graded for 20 miles, and parallel each other on opposite sides of the river. For a time there was an exciting neck and neck race for the Duncan pass to Trout lake. The matter was referred to the railway committee of the Privy Council at Ottawa, and a decision given enabling both companies to continue. In addition to this the Kootenay Railway and Navigation company also received a subsidy from the Federal government. But thus far work has not been resumed. It may be safely assumed that both corporations were satisfied that the mineral wealth of these districts warranted the expenditure, but now that an agreement has been reached apparently the mining interests are to suffer until the railway corporations are quite prepared to resume work. The Kootenay Railway and Navigation company has close relations with Mr. Hill, of the Great Northern, and those interested in the district feel that after receiving a subsidy the company should at once complete the work or that the Canadian Pacific railroad should be given an opportunity to do so. In fact, it is felt that the interests of the district should not be of secondary importance to Great Northern interests elsewhere. This view does not seem unreasonable, and if the Kootenay Railway and Navigation company assuredly proceed to give the Lardeau districts railway connections forthwith; otherwise those who have invested large sums in acquiring and developing properties have ample cause for criticism and complaint.

SHOULD BE PENSIONED.

Public sentiment in Canada is crystallizing in favor of granting pensions to members of the Canadian contingents who have or may be disabled in South Africa during the progress of the war there. From some quarters have come suggestions that a pension fund be made up in the same manner that the Canadian patriotic fund was. This would hardly do. The men who served the Empire, while they were willing to accept a pension from the country which they had served, would be most unwilling to take it in the form of charity from private individuals. In one instance they would be receiving a sort of charitable dole from well-to-do citizens, and in the other they would be given what was due to them for their patriotism, bravery and honorable service from their country. In one case they would feel that they were simply paupers, and in the other that they were receiving what was justly due them and which there would be no shame in accepting.

The idea of granting pensions to the disabled soldiers of the contingents is one that should be carried out. They unselfishly volunteered to serve the Empire at a critical time, and have performed much brilliant and brave military work in South Africa. There was no thought of personal gain when they enlisted, except that which every man expects when he does his duty by his country in the field. When these volunteers return from the war, and some of them are unable to resume their former occupations by reason

of injuries received in the discharge of their duty, they should not be allowed to become objects of charity. On the contrary, a pension sufficient to keep them out of almshouses and from becoming mendicants should be given to them. They have a right to expect this much, and the sooner it is granted them the better. Some will return minus legs and arms or permanently invalided by some other injury, and they are worthy of whatever relief which a grateful country can give them.

LABOR DAY CELEBRATION.

It is to be hoped that the Trades and Labor council will give a favorable consideration to the communication of the merchants of the city, which was read at last night's meeting, urging that the members of organized labor, instead of deciding to hold an excursion to some point out of town on Labor Day, lend their best efforts towards making the occasion a successful event here. This annual holiday has hitherto been celebrated at Rossland and the citizens have begun to look forward to it and to regard it as peculiarly their day for donning their holiday attire. If the event is celebrated elsewhere by our own working people, this idea, which ought to be carefully cultivated, will be discouraged and the labor unions, as well as the merchants and people generally, will, in the long run, suffer therefrom. All the troubles which afflicted the camp and which for a time threatened to cause class feeling here, have happily been settled, and with the troubles themselves all memory of them should be left behind. The members of organized labor are among Rossland's most substantial and loyal citizens, and are desirous for the well-being of the city. They realize that what is calculated to hurt any one portion of the community must inevitably affect every portion, and it is not likely that they will allow any feeling of resentment for what is long past to interfere with any present action. It is to be trusted, therefore, that they will decide to hold the labor day celebration here, and will lend their strongest endeavors to making it the best and biggest annual event in the Kootenays.

THE CONCILIATION ACT.

The effect of the "conciliation act," which has been placed on the Dominion statute books, will be watched with considerable interest. The object sought to be gained by the enactment is to settle by arbitration serious disputes which may arise between capital and labor. The Canadian law is different from the one in force in New Zealand, inasmuch as arbitration is not compulsory here as it is there. The Canadian solons hesitated about making arbitration compulsory for the reason that it was considered that such a provision would be undue interference with personal liberty. Such interference is considered to be unwarranted under British law if it possibly can be avoided. A new bureau in one of the cabinet departments is to be established and a labor gazette is to be published at the expense of the government. The mission of the paper so issued will not be political; but its chief endeavors will be to disseminate industrial information which will be serviceable information which will be of use to both sides.

There is no reason why the conciliation plan as proposed by this new law will not be of great use in settling the differences which may arise in the future. The conciliation plan worked like a charm in the settling of the labor troubles which arose in Rossland early in the present year. A few more records like this under the plan outlined in the new law would go a long way toward making it popular. Strikes are expensive undertakings and any plan under which they can be prevented is a step in the right direction. It is very probable that the conciliation plan will work satisfactorily, and it is hoped that it will.

BOUNDARY SHIPMENTS.

The mines of the Boundary have shipped 15,000 tons of ore to the smelters, and this is a good showing when it is considered that it was but yesterday, so to speak, since the railway spurs were completed to the bunkers of some of the mines there. Now that the big mines of the Phoenix camp, wherein they have acres of gold-copper ore blocked out, have begun to market their output, it will not be long before there will be a big increase in the shipments from the Boundary. Then there are the properties of the British Columbia Copper company, in the Deadwood camp, which have immense reserves of ore blocked out and which are awaiting the completion of the company's smelter at Greenwood before they commence to ship. When the Deadwood mines begin to ship they will play no inconsiderable part in swelling the output of the Boundary country. Indeed, it should not be a great while before the output of the Boundary will equal the present output of the Rossland camp. By that time, however, the product of the Rossland mines will have increased to a large degree, and it will take that section a little time to surpass us. The mines of this camp have produced up to date about \$11,000,000, and it will take the Boundary country some little time to reach this amount; at the same

time it would not disgruntle the residents of this camp to see the Boundary mines do so in a few months. It is one of the beauties of mining that the rivalry between one mine and another, or one mining section and another, is of the friendliest sort. For instance, no matter if the Boundary mines were producing at the rate of a million a day, it would not affect an iota the price of the gold and copper which is being taken from the leads around this city.

The mines of the Boundary are scattered over a vast expanse of country, while those in this camp are situated in the immediate vicinity of the city. It is fair to presume, therefore, that the Boundary country will in time produce a larger tonnage than the mines here. We believe, however, that it will be some little time before an individual camp in the Boundary will surpass the output of the mines of Rossland. This will be so because it takes a good while to open up the mines to the depth that they have been here and to put them in the same condition as they are here. Rossland will, therefore, for a long time continue to be the premier mining camp of British Columbia.

The effect of the shipments from the Boundary cannot fail to be satisfactory to the people there, and should exert a strong influence in bringing about an increased prosperity. Hitherto the country produced nothing, and large sums of money have been sent in there to develop the mines which are now producing and which are being worked up to the productive stage. Now, however, there are a number of producing mines, and one by one, they will become self-sustaining, and soon will follow dividends. This will result in larger forces being employed and the consumption of more supplies, all of which will add to the general prosperity and produce a most desirable condition of affairs. The outlook, therefore, in the Boundary country is that there is going to be something in the nature of a boon there.

GREAT WALL OF CHINA.

A writer in one of the exchanges says that the Great Wall of China is as enduring as the Egyptian pyramids. Twenty-one centuries have had scarcely any effect on it. Equipped with modern artillery and manned by soldiers armed and drilled in the modern manner, it would be as impregnable as on the day when it was finished. It has been calculated that the Chinese wall contains more brick and stone than would be needed to build a wall three feet thick and eight feet high around the earth at the equator. The wonderful fortification was constructed to protect the northern and northwestern frontier against the barbarians of Mongolia and Manchuria. Several millions of men were employed for 10 years in doing the work, which was completed about 200 years before the beginning of the Christian era. The wall is about 1,300 miles long.

FRASER-DEACON.

Well Known Rossland Barrister Marries a Stratford Belle.

The Toronto Globe of July 19 contains an account of the marriage of Mr. W. S. Deacon, of this city, to Miss Caroline Fraser, of Stratford.

At Knox church, Stratford, yesterday afternoon Miss Caroline Fraser, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. D. M. Fraser, was united in marriage to Mr. W. S. Deacon, barrister, the residence of B. O. Deacon, of Rossland, being the residence of the Rev. Rural Dean Deacon, incumbent of the Home Memorial Church, Stratford. The ceremony was performed by the pastor, Rev. M. L. Leitch, at 2 o'clock. The church, which was beautifully decorated with palms and white flowers, was crowded to the doors. The bride was handsomely gowned in ivory satin, with brial wreath and veil, and looked lovely. The bridesmaids were her sisters, Misses Jean and Myrtle Fraser, and her cousin, Miss Nellie Michie. The groom was supported by his brother, Mr. E. J. Deacon, of Martin & Deacon, barristers, Vancouver. The ushers were Messrs. George Kay, G. A. Low, J. A. MacFadden, and Dr. G. R. Deacon. The ceremony over the bridal party and a large number of invited guests partook of refreshments prepared by Webb, of Toronto, at the handsome residence of the bride's parents, and the happy young couple left on the afternoon train for their home in Rossland. The bride was the recipient of a large number of handsome and valuable presents.

Mr. Deacon is a member of the firm of MacNeill & Deacon, barristers, of this city. He has been a member of this firm for the past three years and for a year and a half before he came to Rossland he practised his profession in Vancouver. During his residence in this city he has made many friends, and has added to his reputation as a lawyer of ability. Mr. and Mrs. Deacon will arrive in Rossland on the 1st of August and will take up their residence on Davis street in the house built by Mr. J. A. Kirk.

Cottages Gorg Up.

Mr. James Cowan, who built three houses on Le Roi avenue last year, has laid the foundation of two other cottages for renting purposes, on Le Roi avenue, adjoining the three first buildings.

At the Butts.

Good scores were run up by the colts of the local rifle company at the range yesterday morning. The day was very bright and the wind shifty, but the average score compared with that of Saturday's match, should be very encouraging to the younger shots in the company. The following is the score:

Table with 2 columns: Name and Score. Private Logan: 29 60 36 85; Private Morkill: 22 27 28 77; Pte. Dockerill: 26 23 26 75; Pte. Lawrence: 29 28 18 75; Corp. Tomlinson: 29 23 19 71

THE MAH LIN

The Case Against the... Down Utterly

ERNEST CHENOWETH

The Alleged Confession not Admitted to the Magistrate's Ruling... ed to Attorney General—The Deepens—A Learned Argument

Ernest Chenoweth was charged day before Police Magistrate (with having murdered Mah... 23rd of May last. The case is the tender age of the accused point to the impossibility of committed the crime with charged. Mr. J. L. G. Abbott for the crown, and with him de V. de Maistre, Mr. A. A. nness called was Mrs. Chenoweth, stated: The accused is my son, Ernest. He was eight years of age last.

Cross-examined—My son Sunday at a little after 1 p.m. men, who came after him. I the man who spoke to me. I was an officer of the provincial, and that he wanted half an hour to ask him some more than he had done back policeman. I think his name Donald, but it might have been and asked him if he had seen was not long after 1 o'clock had not. I went to him a This was a little after three. I to look after the boy. He should talk to the chief of pointed him to the west station corner of Washington street. He said: "I do not know boy is," but added that he and that he could look after then went to the mayor and was right. Just then the and Mr. Goodeve called him told me there that I need officer to officer, for he was deparment, and he would more than he had done, and added again that the boy and that he would be brought afternoon.

Here Mr. Abbott objected the crown that he failed to vancy of this cross-examination. He said that he would not that if he did not the taken could be struck out. Mr. Chenoweth went on, saying that she then she that an officer came the she went down to the city of ed to see my boy, but I was ted. I did not see him till ying, when I saw him in the an officer.

Re-examined—There were present at the city hall when I was not asked to did not refuse to see him. I him.

Cross-examined—The object down to the city hall was to Mrs. Louise Aylward sworn know Mrs. Chenoweth and Ernest. I remember the 3rd went to see Mrs. Chenoweth.

I looked in at the kite I saw the Chinaman tying blood. His feet were above and his head towards the Mrs. Wiesenhal and called Mr. and Mrs. Wright. Wright to go for a doctor. police officer came. I was the m. I did not see the body I did not see Ernest that day morning.

Mr. L. Wright sworn, member May 23rd last. I saw him on that day at 4 was playing in his backyard. I did not see Mrs. Chenoweth noon. Mrs. Aylward called went and looked into the no one there. When I was asked Ernest to look after if he was going to be there, how long I would be and I half an hour. There was a neighborhood that some time chickens, and I asked Ernest for him.

Roy Stevens sworn, staked gun (gun produced). I had place to keep it. At the ex was placed at the head of m loaded, for I had loaded the gun on the night of the It was not loaded at that time have an empty shell within Phee was present when I gun, and afterwards took weapon. The gun shoots all rule it explodes the cartridge time, although sometimes no dozen trials it is not of make. Once to my knowledge the gun. It was kept at the bed in such a position that very well be seen except positions within the room four rooms in the house, and dered all over it just as it Cross-examined—Ernest over a year ago. He could rifle in his shoulder. I looked and gave it to him. I tried terday with you (with Mr. Neill). That was between in the forenoon. I did see but it was in the presence Mr. Abbott again objected lancy of this strain of cross to be met with the same C. W. Larty sworn, stated smth. I saw this gun (gun the inquest. It is a 32 cal. remember the day upon w I judged at that time the fire, recently because of the powder. I would say that been fired within five, six I have seen pieces of lead ments of a bullet produced. I cannot say that. same. The big piece may I saw before. This seems plet, and would fit the rifle like to say that this bullet through the rifle because th of the rifling upon it.

Cross-examined—There a mark of the rifling upon t

THE BOARD OF TRADE MEETING

MANY IMPORTANT MATTERS UP FOR DISCUSSION.

Roads to Sophie Mountain and Other Sections—The School Report—Chambers in England—The Quarantine.

An important meeting of the Rossland board of trade was held last Friday at 8:30 o'clock at its rooms at which many matters of serious import to the city were discussed.

Among the subjects that came before the meeting perhaps the most important was that of trails and roads. A report of the special committee on this matter was read.

The meeting then adjourned for Wednesday next, when resolutions will be presented to forward for discussion at the assembly the boards of trade is in the following week.

Stabbing of Ranetta. Beretti's Victim Tells How it Was Done. Before Mr. John Boulton, police magistrate, the preliminary examination of John Beretti, charged with stabbing Antonio Ranetta, was Thursday commenced.

At a meeting of the Liberal Association last evening in the board of trade rooms, it was decided to take some active steps towards holding a convention for this constituency (Dominion) probably at Revelstoke, on or about the 30th of August next.

Dr. Allen is Reported Dead. Dr. G. Allen, who was a well known figure for some years in Rossland, and when not engaged in practicing his profession was frequently engaged by newspapers in the Kootenay, left here some months ago for the Similkameen country, and has lately been missing.

The City Council. The Fire Hall Contract is Let—The Sewer and Other Matters. At a special meeting of the city council which was held Friday morning at 11 o'clock at the city hall, the mayor and his aldermen were all present with the single exception of Alderman Talbot.

Tennis at Victoria. There Will be Contests for Championships. A circular has been received announcing the annual tournament of the Victoria Tennis Club and the competitions for the championships of British Columbia.

Second Promenade Concert. The second promenade concert of the season will be held in the skating rink on Tuesday, July 31st. Arrangements have been made with the city council band for the music. A most enjoyable evening is assured.

HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.

Many Were Called But Only a Few Were Chosen.

Appended is the result of the high school entrance examination. The result is, it must be confessed, a little disappointing. The whole number examined was 374, of which 113 were successful.

Table with columns: Candidates, Passed, Failed. Lists names like Nanaimo, Westminister, Northfield, etc.

A Globe Representative. Mr. J. M. Boyd, representative of the Toronto Globe, arrived in the city on Thursday night and will remain for several days.

ONE OF THOUSANDS. 'I Was a Martyr to Sick and Nervous Headaches, Caused by Constipation, Unfit for Business on an Average Two Days a Week.'

UNEQUALLED SERVICE BETWEEN PORTLAND AND CHICAGO ON THE "PORTLAND CHICAGO SPECIAL."

NONE BETTER SOLID VESTIBULE TRAINS PALACE DINING AND OBSERVATION CARS—NEALS A LA CARTE

THE FAST LINE TO ALL PORTS DOUBLE DAILY TRAIN SERVICE The Dining Car Route Via Yellowstone Park

SPOKANE TIME CARD. ARRIVE. DEPART. No. 1 "North Coast Ltd." 7:35 a.m. 7:35 a.m.

THE FAST LINE TO ALL PORTS DOUBLE DAILY TRAIN SERVICE The Dining Car Route Via Yellowstone Park

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A VISIT TO THE WAR EAGLE.

Manager Kirby Entertains a Number of Prominent Citizens.

At the invitation of Mr. Edmund B. Kirby, manager of the War Eagle and Centre Star mines, a number of gentlemen Saturday paid a visit to the properties, were shown over the workings and entertained at dinner by Mr. Kirby in the evening.

THE LIBERAL ASSOCIATION. Arrangements Are Being Made for a Convention Next Month.

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE. Four Fine Fast Trains Each Way Minneapolis and St. Paul Chicago and Milwaukee

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE. EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE. NONE BETTER SOLID VESTIBULE TRAINS

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE. THE FAST LINE TO ALL PORTS

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Canadain Pacific Nav. Co

Atlantic S.S. Lines

Time Table No. 51—Taking Effect June 15th, 1900. Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 7 a. m. Vancouver to Victoria—Daily at 1:30 o'clock p. m., or on arrival of C. P. K. No. 1 train.

THE MILWAUKEE. A familiar name for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, known all over the Union as the "Great Railway."

Kootenay Railway & Navigation Company. OPERATING Kaslo & Slocan Railway-International Navigation & Trading Company.

S. S. INTERNATIONAL. Leaves Kaslo for Nelson at 6:00 a. m., daily except Sunday. Returning, leaves Nelson at 6:40 p. m., calling at Balfour, Pilot Bay, Ainsworth and all way points.

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THE MINING R

THE Ledge on the Giant Mine Relocated.

According to the data published by the official publication of the Board of Trade, the output of the Giant Mine, including the Josie and N. G. Lloyd mines, is about 1,750 tons daily.

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S. S. Lines

Table listing shipping schedules for S. S. Lines, including destinations like Montreal, London, and various dates.

LWAUKEE

for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, known as the Great Northern Railway Limited.

C. J. EDDY, General Agent

Portland, Or.

Way & Navigation Company

limited

Pacific Standard Time

for Sandon and way also at 8:00 a. m. daily, Sandon at 1:15 p. m., 3:55 p. m.

INTERNATIONAL

Nelson at 6:00 a. m., returning, leaves m., calling at Balfour, etc. and all way points.

CAN DIVISION

leaves Kaslo Tuesdays a. m. for the head of Upper Duncan River, Fall's Landing Wednesday.

IRVING, Manager, Kaslo, B. C.

S. & N.

WE EAST VIA SALT AND DENVER.

AINS DAILY

QUICKEST ROUTE

es, Palouse, Lewiston, City Mines, Portland, Apple Creek Gold Mines and South. Only line to Denver.

TIME SCHEDULE

Table with columns for Time Schedule, Arrives, and Daily.

SEAS LINES

Portland, Astoria, etc.

INGS BETWEEN PORT

Principal ports of China and the coast of South America.

ADAMS, General Agent

HURLEBURT, Agent, Portland Oregon.

THE MINING REVIEW

The Ledge on the Giant Mine has Been Relocated.

AN IMPORTANT SMELTER DEAL

The Plant at Trail to Change Hands—Figures Showing Capacity of Le Roi Mines and Plant—A Shipment From I. X. L.—Road to Velvet.

According to the data published in the Miner which was lately endorsed by the official publication of the Rossland board of trade, the output of the Le Roi mines, including the Josie and Nickel Plate group but neglecting the Columbia-Kootenay, on or about the first of October next, should be 1,550 tons per diem; that is to say, with the completion of this hoisting plant over the five compartment shaft and the installation of the new 40-horse power compressor.

Mr. Purcell then determined to follow the ore which was in the shaft from the surface and which ran out of it to the width of a depth of 75 feet. Here a round of holes was put into the south side of the shaft and the blasting disclosed a fine body of ore. This was crosscut and sunk on for a short distance, and the work of drifting both east and west upon it is now in progress. There has been about four and a half feet crosscut, and it is in ore all the way.

A round of holes was made on the hanging walls yesterday to a depth of five feet, and was in ore all the way. This would indicate that the lead at this point is at least nine and a half feet in width and further crosscutting will probably disclose that it is much wider. The ore is malacoprite and pyrrhotite, and there is considerable calcite mixed with it. The copper values seem to predominate. No assays have been made as yet, and the value of the ore is not known. The ledge will be drifted in both an easterly and westerly direction. Further on a winze was run down on the ore. It is thought when the ledge is found at depth that it will dip to the north, and this is a question which the future will determine.

Le Roi—Operations on the big shaft are still in progress, but the end is in sight and it is definitely stated that the work will be completed by the end of next week and sinking will begin down towards the 900 foot level, from which simultaneously a raise will be started to connect. The usual development is proceeding on the same lines as those detailed in this review last week. The aerial tramway is also in hand as well as the erection of the headworks over the big shaft and the completing of the interior of the double engine house. The excavation for the ore bins at the head of the aerial tramway is finished.

Le Roi No. 2—The management of this mine changed hands yesterday, Superintendent Desmond, of the Nickel Plate and Columbia Kootenay, taking over charge. The usual development is going on. Mr. Desmond is planning out some new work after having taken over the mine. A station is being cut at the 500 level on the Josie, after which the sinking will be continued. On the Annie the shaft, has reached the 100 foot level and crosscuts are being driven to ascertain the presence of other members of the ledge which being of the sheer zone nature variety comprises, it is probable, several pay streaks.

War Eagle—The work is going on as usual in this mine, there being nothing of unusual importance to chronicle. The crosscut from the lateral drift at the seventh level has just broken into the north vein. The crosscut from the same place for the south vein is still in hand but has not as yet reached the ledge. Stopping is still in progress at the upper levels as before. The shaft is approaching the 1,000 level, and will probably attain that depth some time next week.

Centre Star—On the surface the work of assembling the compressor is still in progress and should be completed within a fortnight. The grading of the yard and the completion of the headworks is still in hand. Below the usual work is in progress with the exception that drifting on the first level west is discontinued, while a winze is being started to connect with the new raise from the second level. From the raise near the Iron Mask a crosscut is being run to determine the ore body.

Iron Mask—Work has been in progress for the past week upon this mine. The men are employed upon the scheme of work laid out by the experts who lately examined the property. After the completion of this development as planned by Superintendent Hall will be proceeded with.

Big Four—Work on the No. 1 tunnel continues. No. 1 vein, it is thought, dips quite as much into the hill as did No. 2 vein before it was reached. Work is to be resumed on No. 2 vein early in the week. Negotiations are said to be pending with London parties which must be settled before machinery is put in. The manager may have to go to London at once for the purpose of closing up the deal.

Lucky Fishermen.

Judge John Boutbee, Alderman John S. Clute, Jr., Judge Frederick Schofield, Messrs. J. B. Johnson, T. M. Gilmour, R. O. A. Hobbes and McDonald went to Sloan Junction on Saturday morning and returned yesterday. As each of the party had a large catch of trout, it is palpable that the fishing was good. They report that never was the fishing better. The time for fishing is from 6 till 9 in the evening. The sport was really exciting, as when a strong trout was hooked it sometimes took fifteen minutes to land it.

Table with columns for Week, Tons, and Year. Lists production for Le Roi, War Eagle, Centre Star, Iron Mask, Evening Star, I. X. L., Monte Christo, Iron Colt, and Giant.

The corrected shipments for the output of the Le Roi for the week ending July 14, were 4,788 tons, which is the record for the mine so far. The occurrence of a holiday during the past week has cut down the output, which doubtless will be up to its normal figure at the end of this. Last week were shipped 180 tons to Trail, which went down yesterday morning but which were really two lots of 90 tons each for the 20th and 21st respectively.

Appendix is a list of shipments for the past week and year to date:

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THE FOUNTAIN AFFAIR.

Final Evidence Tendered in Its Case—Decision Reserved.

On the previous hearing of the case the evidence had all been taken for the prosecution. For the defence Mr. R. W. Armstrong placed the defendant, John Berketti, on the stand, who declared that he was in the Merchant's hotel having a drink at bar at 11:20 on the night of July 16, and that the injured man, Antonio Ranetta, had come up to him and had struck him on the face. He then left the bar and went down Spokane street and saw his assistant, Ranetta, at the bar of the Miners' Arms. Ranetta came out, and the witness asked him why he had struck him previously, but the reply he received was a kick on the knee, whereat he ran away. Ranetta followed, and catching him, threw him down. Accused struggled, and, striking at Ranetta with his penknife, which he had taken down against him. In this case, however, it seemed as if the boy had been separated from his friends and first made to confess so that his own words should be used against him. Of course, they declared, they supposed that a large reward had been offered and somebody had to be cutting guilty.

Mr. R. W. Armstrong argued in favor of his client that he had only used the weapon in self-defence, and when afraid of receiving grievous bodily harm, and that no malice was shown. He also said that if one was guilty both were, and that the affair was, after all, a mere drunken squabble. He pleaded the previous good character of his client in mitigation of his offence should Magistrate Boulton deem him guilty.

Read the Rossland Miner.

THE ROSSLAND MINER'S

MAP

...OF THE...

Rossland Camp

The mines and mining claims of the Rossland and their buildings, such as shaft houses, compressor plants, ore houses, boarding houses, etc., are all on the map. All physical features of the surrounding country, such as mountains, hills, valleys, plateaux are shown just as they are. The winding of railways, wagon roads and trails are correctly represented.

Accurate

The map is almost a photographic picture of the Rossland camp, with the exception that it is produced in colors and shows the country as it is in the early summer. No expense has been spared to make this map a really first-class production of artists, engineers and engravers. Two skilled, active and experienced men were constantly employed on the work for

THE STOCK REVIEW

Brokers Expect a Better Market in September.

CONFIDENCE BEING RESTORED

Tamarac is Advancing in Price—Evening Star is Stiffening—There is a Demand for Athabasca—The Sales for the Week were 104,872 Shares.

There was considerable of an increase in the sales for the week ending yesterday over the previous week. The Eastern Canadian stock centers are manifesting an increased interest in our mines, as they are getting over the war and other scares. Toronto brokers, who recently visited Rossland, say they expect to see a better market before a great while, and place the time of the revival at about the middle of September. By that time the crops will have been sold and besides this there is a cessation of the intense industrial activity which has been characteristic of the most of the year up to the present time. This created such a demand for money that very little was available for investment in mining stocks. The outlook in this camp is so good, coupled with the large tonnage that is coming from the Okanogan, Boundary, Kootenay and other portions in B. C. that it is doing a great deal to restore confidence and under the circumstances it is difficult to see how it is possible for the market to remain as dull as it has been much longer. The reaction has continued since October last and has been the longest dull period that has yet been experienced in the stock market and should be succeeded by a flurry for the reason, if for no other, that the depression has run its course. It has been a profound one and the reaction when it comes should be as great in its upward trend as it has been in the wrong direction. There is a feeling abroad that mining matters were never in a more favorable condition than at present in the province, and as the signs for a healthy reaction, which are seen in the good condition of the mines, are numerous it seems impossible that anything but the long desired good market should result before a great while. The most conservative brokers are now confident that the better market is but a question now of a few short weeks.

Table with 2 columns: Day, Sales. Thursday 1,500; Friday 13,500; Saturday 42,000; Monday 14,000; Tuesday 19,375; Wednesday 14,500.

Total 104,872. Against 67,000 for the previous week. Athabasca has been a ready seller during the week, and has sold around 22 cents. The company is being reorganized, and shareholders are to be given a \$1 share for 14 shares of the present issue. Each of these \$1 shares are assessed at 3 shillings.

Tamarac has sold well during the week and ran up as high as 7 cents. Yesterday there were 1,500 sold for 6 1/2 cents. The shares of this company were down as low as 3 cents a few weeks since. The intention of the company is to put up a tramway and to erect a bromo-cyanide plant for the reduction of the ore. At the same time the development of the mine is being pushed and there are a good many thousand tons of ore in sight.

Evening Star stiffened considerably during the week, and yesterday sold for 9 1/4 cents. The Evening Star mine is looking well. The mine sunk from the lower tunnel, which follows the footwall of the ledge, has reached a depth of 85 feet, and is in ore for 75 feet of this distance. When the mine is 100 feet deep the intention is to cut out a station and to drift along the vein. The ore that has been passed through in the mine is of a pay grade.

There is considerable of a demand for Centre Star, and the price has ranged from \$1.50 to \$1.55. It is being bought by local parties for investment, and the purchasers are those who have visited the mine and are acquainted with its merits.

Rambler-Cariboo has sold during the week at from 2 1/2 to 2 3/4 cents, and yesterday it was firm at the latter figure. The development of this property is proceeding with favorable results.

Giant, since the ledge was found, has been in increased demand. It is selling at 2 1/2 cents. The ledge continues firm and strong in the inclined shaft. The copper values increase as the drift is extended.

Morning Glory has been in increased demand. Eastern parties are endeavoring to secure the control on the property and, with this end in view are adding to their holdings by a recent purchase of calls on 200,000 shares. The machinery on the Morning Glory property was started a few days since, and from now on it is anticipated that the development will be much more rapid than it has hitherto been. Morning Glory is worth from 2 1/2 to 3 cents.

Noble Fire has been selling in the East and in Victoria of late to a considerable extent. It has been selling for a sidetrack extent. It has been selling for There has been some dealing in Okanogan at from 1 to 1 1/4 cents. The reports from the mine of the Okanogan company continues to be of an encouraging nature.

Thursday's Sales. Athabasca, 1,000 at 28 1/2c; Payne, 500 at \$1.

Friday's Sales. Athabasca, 1,000 at 29; Giant 500 at 2 1/4; Rambler-Cariboo 500 at 2 1/2, 4,000 at 2 1/4, 4,000 at 2 3/4; White Bear 500 at 1 1/8; Winnipeg, 1,000 at 10 1/4; Peoria 500 at 1.

Saturday's Sales. Tamarac 3,500 at 6 1/4; Giant 4,000 at 2 1/4, 1,000 at 2 1/8; Bathmullen 2,500 at 3-4, 3,000 at 1 1/2, 5,000 at 1 1/2; Evening Star 1,000 at 9 1/2; Athabasca 1,000 at 28 1/2, 10,000 at 28 3/4, 5,000 at 29 1/2; Giant 5,000 at 2 1/4; Peoria 1,000 at 1 1/4.

Monday's Sales. Athabasca, 1,000 at 28 3/4c; I. X. L.,

500 at 12c; Morning Glory, 2,000 at 3 1/4c, 3,000 at 3 3/4c; Evening Star, 5,000 at 9 1/2c; Winnipeg, 1,000 at 10c; Rambler-Cariboo, 1,500 at 23 1/2.

Tuesday's Sales. Evening Star, 2,000, 3,000 at 9c, 875 at 9 1/2c; Athabasca, 500 at 28c; Rambler-Cariboo, 1,000 at 22 1/2c, 1,000 at 22 1/4c; Tamarac, 500 at 7c; Novety, 6,000 at 1 3/4c.

Wednesday's Sales. Tamarac 500 at 6 1/2, 1,000 at 6 1/2; Athabasca 1,000 at 29, 1,000 at 29; Giant 1,000 at 2 1/2; Rambler-Cariboo 500 at 23, 500 at 23; Okanogan 5,000 at 1, 1,000 at 1 1/4; Evening Star 2,500 at 9 1/4; Rambler-Cariboo 500 at 23 1/4.

Table with 3 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change. Athabasca 29 1/2, +1/2; Gold Fields 25 1/2, -1/2; Big Three 17, -1/2; Pack Tail 16, -1/2; Rambler & Golden Crown 15 1/2, -1/2; California 14 1/2, -1/2; Canadian Gold Fields 14, -1/2; Peoria 13 1/2, -1/2; Centre Star 12 1/2, -1/2; Crown New Pass Coal 12, -1/2; Deer Trail No. 2 11 1/2, -1/2; Dundee 10 1/2, -1/2; Evening Star 9 1/2, -1/2; Home-stake (assess. paid) 8 1/2, -1/2; Iron Mine 8, -1/2; Frontier 7 1/2, -1/2; I. X. L. 7, -1/2; Knob Hill 6 1/2, -1/2; Monte Christo 6, -1/2; Morrison 5 1/2, -1/2; Mountain Lion 5, -1/2; North Star (assess. paid) 4 1/2, -1/2; Novety 4, -1/2; Old Ironsides 3 1/2, -1/2; Peoria 3, -1/2; Peoria Mines 2 1/2, -1/2; Princess Maud 2 1/2, -1/2; Q. P. 2, -1/2; Rambler-Cariboo 2, -1/2; Republic 1 1/2, -1/2; St. Plmo Consolidated 1 1/2, -1/2; Sully 1 1/2, -1/2; Tamarac (Kenneth) 1 1/2, -1/2; Tom Thumb 1 1/2, -1/2; War Eagle 1 1/2, -1/2; Waterloo 1 1/2, -1/2; White Bear 1 1/2, -1/2; Winnipeg 1 1/2, -1/2.

J. L. WHITNEY & Co. Mining Brokers. Mining Properties Bought and Sold. Up-to-date regarding all stocks in British Columbia. Write or wire. ROSSLAND, B. C.

SHIPMENTS FROM BOUNDARY FIVE HUNDRED AND FIFTY CAR LOADS HAVE BEEN MARKETED. This Amounts to Nearly 15,000 Tons—B. C. Leads With Miner-Graves Property Second.

Already the shipments of ore from Boundary mines, since the completion of the C. P. R. lines into the Boundary mining district, have reached a very respectable total. They amount to at least 550 cars or nearly 15,000 tons of ore. This ore has come from a number of different Boundary camps, but the ore on the line of the Phoenix spur have sent out the great bulk of all that shipped to date. The Pioneer has compiled a table showing the ore thus far sent to the smelters, as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Mine Name, Tons. B. C. Mine 225; Old Ironsides and Knob Hill 55; City of Paris 163; Golden Crown 50; Mother Lode 4; Gold Bug 2; Last Chance 2; Golden Eagle 2; Athabasca 1; Gold Drop 3; Snowshoe 17; Oro Denoro 2; Scattering 17.

Total cars 450. Total tons over 15,000. If these figures are inaccurate they are under rather than over the actual amounts shipped. Each car contained from 23 to 30 tons.

This is not a bad record for a section of the railroad which is only just about fully completed—and it is evident, at this early date even, that the officials of the great Canadian railway corporation who were willing to spend \$4,000,000 to get at these extensive ore deposits, knew exactly what they were doing, and are already commencing to secure an adequate return therefrom in ore tonnage, to say nothing of passenger and general business.

Automobiles Racing Tournament. Bradford, Conn., July 25.—The first automobile exposition and racing tournament ever given in this country opened at the Bradford Driving Park today, and the novelty of the affair has brought together as large a crowd as has ever paid admission to these grounds. The racing entries were of a nature to create plenty of excitement, and furnished a class of dignified sport worthy of admiration. The parade, in which there were about 50 of the big "horseless carriages," made an imposing spectacle.

Naval Militia Taking a Cruise. Chicago, Ill., July 25.—The United States training ship Michigan arrived here this morning and took on board the Illinois Naval Militia for a seven days' cruise under command of Lieutenant-Commander W. Winder. The first stop will be made at Milwaukee, and from there the ship will proceed to Mackinac Island, in Lake Huron.

LADY LOVES BEAUTY. Dr. Agnew's Ointment Stops Skin Blemishes—Leaves it Lily-White and Healthy. Skin diseases of every nature, from the merest pimple on the flesh to the most distressing eczema, salt rheum and tetter, are quickly, pleasantly and permanently cured by Dr. Agnew's Ointment. In disease where outward applications make a cure Dr. Agnew's Ointment never fails. One application gives instant relief. Sold by Grocers and Druggists.

GRAND FORKS INTELLIGENCE

WEEKLY SHIPMENTS FROM BOUNDARY TO TRAIL, 1,400 TONS.

Travel to Republic From the Kettle River Country Largely Increasing—General News.

Grand Forks, B. C., July 19.—(Special.) Walter Smith, who until recently had been employed at the City of Paris mine, died of typhoid fever Tuesday in the Greenwood hospital after a brief illness. The deceased had many friends throughout the Boundary country, and his demise will be deeply regretted. The remains were shipped to Glen Bay, Grand Forks county. The late Mr. Smith was a brother of Angus Smith of Montreal, who visited this district last summer. A report comes from the lower Similkameen that the body of Dr. Geener Allan, formerly of Rossland, had been found on the river bank seven miles below Armstrong. It is supposed he committed suicide while temporarily insane. He worked at the Nickel Plate on Twenty-five for a few months. The deceased was at one time associated with John Houston, M. P., in connection with Nelson's first paper.

Frank R. Mendenhall of Rossland, is in town. On the west fork of the Kettle river, Fletcher's wagon road has been completed from Westbridge to within six miles of Sullivan's ranch, from which there is a level stretch of country to Canyon City. Supt. McPhee of the Earthquake group, north fork of Kettle river, reports that 75 tons of ore have been extracted from the extendin' working shaft, which has attained a depth of 83 feet. The ledge is from two and a half to three feet wide between well defined walls. Frank D. Howe of Spokane, consulting engineer of the Kettle River Mines, Limited, has left here to examine the company's property, the Christina, situated near Bannock City, north fork of Kettle river.

The shipments from the Boundary mines to Trail smelter now aggregate about 1,400 tons per week. The B. C. mine in Summit camp heads the list with about 700 tons. Chief of Police Sheeds has returned from Franklin camp, where he made several mineral locations. He is favorably impressed with the possibilities of the new mining district. He was accompanied by Hugh Cannon, who reports that there is a considerable acreage of rich agricultural land in the valley of the east fork of the north fork available for settlement. Several ranches have been taken up. Mr. Cannon also stated that the timber reserves far exceed those of the Boundary. Cedar trees up the river grow to an enormous size, and a large acreage has been applied for by Grand Forks lumbermen.

E. Spraggett, the well-known sawmill owner, has gone to Victoria on a pleasure trip. Travel between here and Republic is increasing. The fruit crop in the Kettle river valley this season is very abundant. The crosscut from the 150-foot level of the Strawberry, Brown's camp, north fork of Kettle river, has been extended 18 feet and is still in ore.

Grand Forks, B. C., July 24.—(Special.) Two shifts are pushing development work on the Golden Eagle, Brown's camp, north fork of Kettle river. The main working shaft has been sunk to a depth of 150 feet. At the 100-foot level No. 2 vein is eight feet wide between walls in a 20-foot drift to the north. Fifty feet below a drift has been extended 14 feet in the same direction. The vein at the bottom of the shaft is about one and one-half feet wide, but in the face of the drift has increased to four feet. In this working the ore is largely chalcopryite, with some sulphides, small shaves of native copper also having been encountered. The drift will be extended. It is expected that the drift will strike No. 1 vein exposed in No. 1 shaft and in the 35-foot crosscut connecting both shafts at the 70-foot level. The supposition is that the veins unite and form one lead.

No. 1 shaft has been sunk to a depth of 70 feet. The 18-ton shipment recently sent to the Trail smelter was taken from a drift at a depth of 45 feet. The ore body in the drift is 10 feet wide. At 70 feet the vein was crosscut eight feet without encountering the hanging wall. The shipment gave a gross return of \$15 in gold, seven ounces silver and six per cent copper. After paying transportation by wagons to Grand Forks, railway freight and treatment charges, the net return was nearly \$22 per ton. The ore even at depth is greatly oxidized and consequently is easily mined. This promising property is generally regarded as one of the highest grade developments in the Boundary country. The development work is being directed by Supt. J. H. Fox, who has been engaged in mining operations for many years with marked success. The Golden Eagle will soon be a steady shipper to the Grand Forks smelter. It is owned by the Royal Victoria Gold Mining company, the principal shareholders of which are Alderman P. P. Sharpe and L. S. Moulton-Barrett of Greenwood.

A rich strike has been made on the Ellen Ray, belonging to the Rathmullen group, Summit camp. D. Gillis has taken a contract for 75 feet of work on the O. P. claim, Summit camp. It is reported that the B. C. mine, Summit camp, will shortly ship to the Grand Forks smelter thus avoiding the long haul to Trail. Thus far the Old Ironsides and Knob Hill mines at Phoenix have shipped 70 carloads of ore to the Grand Forks smelter. Total shipments from the Boundary to date exceed 14,000 tons.

S. H. C. Miner of the Miner-Graves syndicate, is authority for the statement that another furnace will be added to the Grand Forks smelter ere long, increasing the capacity to 1,000 tons daily. He added that he expected to see \$5 ore treated at a profit. Stopping is in progress on the 100-foot level of the Brandon & Golden Crown, Wellington camp. The Miner-Graves syndicate purposes

erecting 100 cottages in Phoenix for the use of married miners. The Snowshoe, Wellington camp, has resumed its shipments to the Trail smelter. The tramways to the ore bins at the B. C. mine, Summit camp, have been completed. S. J. Parrish, manager of the B. C. mine, Summit camp, returned from Montreal last week. He denied the report that the property had been sold to a syndicate of C. P. R. officials. Kellam's camp, on the eastern slope of Eureka mountain, two and one-half miles from Grand Forks, is attracting considerable attention and is regarded, considering the amount of development work accomplished, as one of considerable promise. The first locations were made last December. The locality has hitherto been deemed as lying without the mineral belt. W. Kellam and J. D. Bone, two Montana prospectors, own a group of six claims. There is a well defined quartz ledge on the Laconia. It averages about 20 inches wide. A shaft has been sunk to a depth of 25 feet. The foot-wall is a granite. As a return gives small veins in gold and copper, and it is expected that they will improve with depth. Joseph Trainer, superintendent of the Strawberry, north fork of Kettle river, reports that the crosscut on the 100-foot level is already five feet in ore. The ore body at the 50-foot level is 28 feet wide. An appraisal will be made from the lower level to connect with No. 2 shaft. The Le Roi mine became a dividend payer during Mr. Trainer's regime as superintendent.

NEWS FROM GRAND FORKS. Geological Survey of the North Fork of the Kettle River. Grand Forks, B. C., July 18.—(Special.) The body of the late S. Maclean, a rancher, who was drowned with a team of horses while attempting to ford the Kettle river two months ago, was recovered today at a point four miles below the city. It is reported on good authority that the Standard Oil company after receiving the report of their own expert, recently acquired a large interest in the Mother Lode mine, Deadwood camp. The belief is expressed that the company will make further investments in the Boundary.

Messrs. Brock and Leach of the Do and the Columbia river. After making a geological and topographical survey between the north fork of Kettle river and the Columbia river. After making a series of observations in this vicinity they left for the divide between here and Christina lake, and will continue their work north to Fire valley, which slopes towards the Arrow lakes. Three well-known prospectors, Dorais, Ormeo and Canipe of Columbia, have returned from Franklin camp, north fork of Kettle river, where they located the Pollard group of four claims. The ledge which is ten feet wide, was struck two feet below an iron cap. The ore is a borate, copper in a hard, gray granulated quartz. An assay gave 15 per cent copper or \$22 in all values. The group is located near the Banner, which was bought for \$40,000.

At a special general meeting of the Morrison Gold Mines, Limited, held at Spokane on the 9th inst., it was decided to transfer the head office from Spokane to Greenwood. This was carried into effect on the 14th inst. George T. Crane, T. J. Graham and E. K. Irwin resigned from the board and were succeeded by Arthur M. Whiteside, A. H. Sperry and Duncan Ross, all of Greenwood, giving a new board for the company. The officers are A. H. Sperry, president; G. H. Oliver, vice-president; and general manager; A. M. Whiteside, secretary-treasurer. It is the intention of the company as soon as the station at the lower level is cut out to sink another 100 feet before crosscutting and drifting.

R. A. Brown, president and general manager of the famous Sunset mine on Copper mountain, Similkameen district, left here today for Rossland, B. C., private business. The necessary machinery for this work is already on the ground. S. H. C. Miner, Jay P. Graves and party left the Grand Forks smelter today by special train for Phoenix for the purpose of inspecting the Knob Hill, Old Ironsides and Victoria mines.

FISHERMAN'S STRIKE.

The Dominion Government Refuses to Interfere in the matter. Ottawa, July 24.—(Special.)—The Dominion government has been strongly appealed to send steamers to Quadra to assist the canneries on the Fraser river to cope with the striking fishermen permitting those to work who want to. This Dominion government is going to provincial. The fishermen want 25 cents a fish and the canneries will only give 20 cents. Over 200 volunteers have been called out by the local authorities.

Clerical Conferences. Victoria, B. C., July 21.—The Anglican clergy of Northwest Columbia and the Pacific Northwest states who had been in session here for a week decided to hold the next annual meeting in Dawson. Delegates to the annual meeting of the national council of the Women of Canada which is to be held next week arrived this evening.

Late News From the Velvet. Manager J. L. Morrish of the Velvet, is in the city, and reports that drifting on the 300-foot level of the Velvet is in progress. The drift to the south has been run for a distance of 65 feet and to the north for 300 feet. On the Portland a prospecting shaft is being sunk on the vein. It is down to a depth of 12 feet, and the vein is five feet in width. In the tunnel drifting along the edge is in progress.

Will Develop the Admiral. Mr. George E. Pfunder has returned from a visit to New York, where he has been for the past six weeks. He reports that New York is a good field for the flotation of legitimate mining enterprises. Money is plentiful there for copper-gold properties and for good free-milling propositions. While there he arranged matters so that the admiral property can be developed on a large scale. He leaves for Republic in a few days for the purpose of commencing work upon that property.

THE PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT

FORECAST OF THE SPEECH DELIVERED FROM THE THRONE.

Strong Representations to be Made Against the Large Influx of Japanese. The Cassiar Returns.

Victoria, B. C., July 19.—(Special.)—Queen's weather marked the opening of the legislature by the governor this afternoon. The staff was increased by the addition of the officers of the Chilian warship now here. There was the usual ceremony. The speech requested the wars in Africa and China, and congratulated Canada on its loyalty to the motherland. The governor was glad the province was fairly prosperous, notwithstanding the wave of depression. Metalliferous mining was resuming its normal condition of activity, and a largely increased output was expected. Coal mining was prosperous, the output exceeding that of past years. Lumbering was active, and the foreign demand growing; agriculture was making progress with the prospect of much development. Fisheries or last year were successful, but it was too early to judge of those of this year. It is the intention to make strong representations against the large influx of Japanese. Roads were promised, and sites arranged for manufacturing pulp. A commission is to be appointed to enquire into the working of the mining act and the conditions of the water rights. A tonnage tax of five cents will be placed on coal. By this the premier will be obliged to pay \$35,000 annually. The agent general's office in London is to be placed on a satisfactory basis. Booth was appointed speaker. The Cassiar boxes are recovered, and arrived last night. The Bella Coila officer spoiled ten, which in the recount today were rejected. Irving applied today for an injunction to restrain Clifford and Stables from taking their seats, which was granted.

NEWS FROM THE NORTH.

A Graveyard of Mammals Discovered—Smallpox at Nome. Victoria, B. C., July 21.—The steamer Bristol arrived from St. Michaels after a 9 1/2 days' passage. Passengers report new discoveries in Tanana, on Eureka Creek claims giving from 25 to 40 cents a pan. A stampede is expected there. On Little Manook on the ramparts which is thought to be a graveyard of mammas has been found. Funks weighing 240 pounds over ten feet long and teeth weighing 10 pounds each were found. Also what is thought to be skulls of aurochs. These are big skulls with horns 20 feet long measuring two feet across. In nearly every claim on the creek some part of skeletons is found. On June 15 a cave-in of the Yukon bank buried a post and the crew, which is believed to number three to five, were all drowned. None were identified. On June 20, a boat containing five drifted out to sea from the mouth of the Yukon and all are believed to be lost. Four bodies of miners drowned by the capizing of boats were picked up on the Yukon flats.

The son of C. D. Lane is reported shot at Nome in a claim jumping quarrel. The passengers report over 100 if not more cases of smallpox at Nome. Steamers Discovery, Utopia and Morning Star are quarantined at St. Michaels. Captain McIntyre heard a report at St. Michaels that the steamer Charles Nelson had been driven ashore on the Siberian coast by the ice and is believed to be a wreck.

Cassiar News.

Victoria, B. C., July 19.—A letter received from Cassiar tells of the death from starvation at Francis lake of a prospector named Wyuck, of Los Angeles, Cal. His partner, A. L. Dominick, lived on the flesh of martens until he reached Fort Francis, A. Engle, the store keeper of Fort Francis, was accidentally shot by his 14-year-old son. Engle is the man who saved the lives of so many men who were stranded on the Edmonton trail during the Klondike rush. News was also received that the Indians are still pursuing the McTavish family, a number of whom were killed last winter for alleged witchcraft.

The Martinite Caucus.

Victoria, B. C., July 19.—The provincial legislature was opened this afternoon by Governor July, with imposing ceremonies. As a social event it was a great success. J. P. Booth, North Victoria, speaker during the last two sessions of the Turner administration, was re-elected. W. W. B. McInnes tonight, Munroe of Chilliwack, was invited, but declined. The house will meet again on Monday.

The Sealing Industry.

Victoria, B. C., July 20.—The sealers have formed a joint stock company and will control 47 schooners now in the business. They have a capital of half a million. The object is to regulate wages and keep up the prices of skins. News received from Ottawa says the Russian government is going to compensate Canadians as well as Americans whose schooners were seized by that government in 1892.

Legislative Procedure.

Victoria, B. C., July 20.—(Special.)—On Monday, in addition to the consideration of the speech, appointing standing committees, etc. Eberts will introduce several acts, the amendment evidence act, law respecting liability of trustees, notaries appointment act and the Turner act to amend the Westminster relief act. McInnes will introduce an act on Tuesday relative to labor. He will also ask the premier if the Esquimalt and Nanaimo act is subject to the provisions of the British Columbia railway act.

Land Options Lifted.

Wheeling, W. Va., July 25.—The options taken several months ago by the Consolidated Coal Company of New York on about 10,000 acres of land in this state and Green county, Pennsylvania, were lifted today. The farmers receive for their land from \$20 to \$25 per acre.

VICTORIA LEGISLATORS.

Martin in the Forefront of Battle—The Emergency Supply.

Victoria, B. C., July 24.—(Special.)—In the House today Martin made attacks on Eberts and John Irving. He spoke of Eberts' pre-election speeches concerning the futile legislation of 1899, which carried the insinuation of Eberts' inability to draft bills. He was unable, however, to draw out the attorney general, who persisted in a "fight fair" policy and would not allow himself to be attacked out of order unless with a chance to reply. Irving's attempt to get an injunction in the Cassiar elections was the text of bitter comment by Martin, who attempted to color it into an act of revenge on the Captain's part because of his recent defeat in that constituency. Hon. McBride came to the rescue and turned the tables on Martin by the assurance that Irving was a much greater favorite legislation of 99 would not be soon forgotten by that election. An emergency supply of \$150,000 was received in a message from the Lieutenant Governor to be considered on Friday. This is for the payment of salaries, etc. The standing committees are to be struck tomorrow.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

The Queen's Speech and the Lieutenant Governor—The Eight Hour Law. Victoria, July 21.—(Special.)—The Queen's speech was disposed of this afternoon in a debate lasting a couple of hours. Tatlow, of Vancouver, moved and Hayward, of Esquimalt, seconded the reply. The Premier, in referring to the lately appointed lieutenant governor, expressed the popular approval of the selection, though at the same time questioning the policy of appointing from without the province. The only speech from opposition benches was that of the leader, Joseph Martin, who subjected the government to a good deal of raling. Treating the section regarding the appointment of a commission regarding the mining act and water rights he claimed strenuously that the eight hour law should be expressly exempt from its enquire.

Bills for Sandon relief, Phoenix incorporation, Crow's Nest Power & Light company, Kamloops and Atlin road and several others were given the initial staging. Stables and Clifford, of Cassiar, were sworn in today and took seats. Judge Drake having refused application of permanent injunction this morning on the grounds that an election petitioning offers the proper and only mode of practice in such cases.

Cape Nome Fiasco.

Victoria, B. C., July 23.—Dawson papers received by the steamer Amur are full of interviews with men back from Nome, who say that there is little or no gold there. The country is overpopulated with mining machinery which is left on the beach and general chaotic conditions reign. There is much crime and epidemic of fever is feared.

Haulage Rates Gone Up.

Victoria, B. C., July 23.—The demand for ships to carry troops, coal and provisions to the Orient, has sent rates up. The four masted schooner Bismarck was chartered today by Balfour, Guthrie & Co. to load wheat for U. K. at 45 shillings or option loading salmon at \$4 7/8. This is 10 shillings higher than any previous offer of the season.

PORT STEELE TO HAVE A ROAD.

Canadian Pacific Surveying for Its Lardeau Branch. Port Steele, B. C., July 18.—Word has been received from Windermere that the Canadian Pacific is making surveys for its Lardeau branch railway over the divide down Toby creek into the mining region of the Windermere district. The belief that the north and south railway of the Kootenay valley is to be built is growing stronger every day. C. F. Harrington, U. S. Rimee called to Winnipeg to meet C. E. Tye, chief engineer of construction. Mr. Harrington says the road can be built from Sand Creek to Wild Horse, a distance of 26 miles, inside of a month. There are no gades to speak of.

The reasons given for the activity of the railroad officials at this juncture are numerous. The principal ones are: First, that the charter of the company to build this road expires this year unless work of construction is commenced; second, the present trouble in China, if long continuing, will cause a big fleet to be stationed on the Pacific, and as the admiralty have reported favorably on the Crow's Nest line, the road must be built in order to give an all-rail route to the coast. At all events it now seems certain that Fort Steele will have a railway.

Smallpox at Nome.

Port Townsend, Wash., July 21.—The transport Rosecrans has arrived from Nome. Officers reported to the quarantine officials here that the smallpox scare at Nome had been exaggerated. The total number of cases would not exceed 18.

SMALLPOX UP NORTH.

Dr. Montzambert Leaves on a General Tour of Inspection. Ottawa, July 24.—(Special.)—Three cases of smallpox were discovered at Dawson some time ago. The latest in several acts, the amendment evidence act, law respecting liability of trustees, notaries appointment act and the Turner act to amend the Westminster relief act. McInnes will introduce an act on Tuesday relative to labor. He will also ask the premier if the Esquimalt and Nanaimo act is subject to the provisions of the British Columbia railway act.

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Land Options Lifted.

Wheeling, W. Va., July 25.—The options taken several months ago by the Consolidated Coal Company of New York on about 10,000 acres of land in this state and Green county, Pennsylvania, were lifted today. The farmers receive for their land from \$20 to \$25 per acre.

Two Dollars a FROM OTHER Continued Activity in the tracts. THE BIG STRIKE IN TH

Notes From Revelstoke, Trout bury, Cranbrook, Fort Steele, New Denver, Grand Forks, Pooey, Fairview and Similkameen.

From the Lardeau country this week a lot of interest in the various promising property. Not the least in the mines is the Iron, where of miners, despairing of capital of the property on a co-op and with a few weeks has succeeded in making a shipping venture. Twenty tons were sacked for Iron and two tons now being taken out. The road into the district was towards placing it in far better than it is at present.

East Kootenay, as may be recent sale of the Pedro and groups to eastern men is at the capital despite the strike money market. There is a prospecting with some promise several of the minor districts aliterous region.

From Ymir comes a rumour of a deal with the company. The Bonrite Bay well and the output of the factory.

From the Slocan comes the exceptionally rich strike or of strikes upon the Bismarck property, if the proving of it is at all equal to the indicated should in time take the show mines of this gate.

The Boundary is shipping right along and the work that have all the work that the made on the City of Paris a good work is being done up Eagle and other smaller projects. The Similkameen while a moment later behind in a view than any other part of the country has apparently by fine line properties in the Lost Horse and with development large copper ledges of the section should prove second to Kootenays.

The Truene Group, the Lardeau Other Properties. Perry Leake reports that a day gravel on the Co. The first shipment of ore down from the Truene ore work.

Dan McKee came in last week, where he has some assessment work. Messrs. Giltlett and Snyder Wednesday week to the where they are engaged in ment work