

# THE WEEKLY ONTARIO AND BAY OF QUINTE CHRONICLE

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BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1918.

MORTON & HERITY, Proprietor.

## Fighting Increases on the Piave Front Lines Being Improved Near St. Julien

### Minor Enterprises Carried Out; New Papal Peace Offer Coming

British Raid Enemy Posts in Meteren Sector and Take  
Prisoners—Night Quiet Except for Artillery Firing

—Austrians Claim Italian Thrusts on Piave Repul-  
sed—New Papal Document Will Contain Concrete  
Offer of Mediation—Enforcement of Conscription in  
Ireland Postponed to Await Reception of Home Rule  
—Sinn Feiners Too Radical for Irish Parliamentary  
Party.

#### FRENCH IMPROVE POSITIONS NEAR ST. JULIEN

(Ontario 4 p.m. Special G. N. W. Press Service.)

LONDON, May 1.—Today's official statement reports the repulse of a local attack on a British post near St. Julien yesterday. Enemy posts in the Meteren sector were raided during the night and some prisoners taken. French troops by a successful minor enterprise last night improved their positions in the neighborhood of St. Julien.

#### ONLY ARTILLERY ACTIONS LAST NIGHT

(Ontario 4 p.m. Special G. N. W. Press Service.)

PARIS, May 1.—The French war office statement says artillery actions of some violence took place in the region of Villers-Bretonneux and on both banks of the Avre but the night was quiet elsewhere.

#### FIGHTING INCREASES ON PIAVE SAYS VIENNA

(Ontario 4 p.m. Special G. N. W. Press Service.)

VIENNA, May 1.—Austrian war office reports the fighting activity on southwestern front has again increased appreciably several enemy thrusts on the Piave have been repulsed.

#### NEW PEACE OFFER FROM THE POPE

(Ontario 4 p.m. Special G. N. W. Press Service.)

THE HAGUE, May 1.—The Cologne papers announce that the Pope intends to issue another new peace offer on Whit Sunday (May 19). It said the document will be of a pressing nature and contain a concrete offer of mediation.

#### ENFORCEMENT POSTPONED IN IRELAND

(Ontario 4 p.m. Special G. N. W. Press Service.)

LONDON, May 1.—An order in council has been issued further postponing the enforcement of conscription in Ireland which had been fixed for May 1. No date is set by the new order. According to some of the morning newspapers the postponement is due to the government desiring to await the reception given the promised home rule bill before proceeding to enforce conscription in Ireland.

#### SINN FEINERS TO SPLIT WITH PARLIAMENTARY PARTY

(Ontario 4 p.m. Special G. N. W. Press Service.)

London, May 1.—A Dublin despatch says a split is imminent between the Sinn Fein and the Irish parliamentary party owing to the former's demands for more radical opposition to Irish conscription.

#### Three-Day Attack Fruitless German Forces Losing Snap

British Push Back Enemy at Several Points, Notably Between Kemmel and La Clyte, and French Push Them Out of Loco.

Again there has come a pause in the battle in Flanders, where the ground everywhere is covered with the grey-clad bodies of German dead, and the British and French are hold-

ing securely to all their positions. From Saturday until well into Monday night Gen. von Arnim's forces continued their efforts to break the British lines on the Ypres salient and to press back the British and French from the high ground to the southwest, but everywhere their efforts were fruitless. True, they gained their objective and again captured Loco, but a counter-thrust forced them out again

and back the enemy at several points, notably between Kemmel and La Clyte.

Much of the snap of the German attacking forces has been absent from the manoeuvres they have been carrying out in Flanders under the stiffened line of the entente troops which has been visibly apparent since last Sunday.

The death of W. N. Storms, aged thirty-six years, of Bancroft, took place Sunday night. The late Mr. Storms was a stationary engineer in the hilly region just to the north of Loco the British also push- and was a married man.

Kingston, May 1.—Earl W. Boyce, former manager of the Crown Bank at Ingleside, Ont., signed up for military service Saturday morning, and at night was married to Miss Edna McMahon, daughter of James McMahon, Godfrey, Ont.

A resident of the Township of Hope tells us that the farmers have decided to observe every Tuesday afternoon as a holiday. This will give our farmer friends an opportunity

to do their trout fishing one day ahead of the townspeople. Port Owner please call.

#### FOUND

ON SEVENTH CON. TYENDINAGA lot 24. A brown hound, which of doing their trout fishing one day ahead of the townspeople. Port Owner please call.

#### Increases In Existing Taxation and Plans To Raise Revenue

Amended Income Tax. Fresh Impost on Businesses, Increased Rates on Certain Articles. War Tax on Luxuries Included in One of Most Important Budgets Since Confederation.

Ottawa, April 30.—To Hon. A. K. MacLean, acting minister of finance, this afternoon, tell the task of presenting to parliament one of the most important budgets since confederation. The steadily growing financial obligations of the Dominion, due to the war, made necessary the announcement of a number of increases in existing taxation as well as a number of new taxation proposals. Mr. MacLean's statement which was made to a crowded house and in the presence of full galleries excited more than ordinary interest at the capital.

The minister's proposals included a renewal and extension of the business profits war tax; an increase in the income tax; an increase in the excise duties payable on manufactured tobacco, etc., a duty of 10 cents per pound on tea which has been free, with a similar excise on tea in store.

In order that holders of the article will have no advantage, changes in the duties upon coffee and chicory in order to place the taxation upon these articles upon a parity with the taxation upon tea; an increase in the special war tax rates on sleeping car berths and passenger car seats; excise taxes on matches, playing cards, a specific duty of five cents per linear foot upon moving picture flits; and a special war excise tax of ten per cent upon the selling value of automobiles, jewelry, gramophones, graphaphones, phonographs, talking machines, mechanical pianos and organ players and records when imported into or manufactured in Canada. The tax upon automobiles is applicable to all imported into or manufactured in Canada, and unsold on April 30.

FRONT LINE HAS BECOME STABLE

#### EMPEROR KARL CONFERS WITH KAISER

(Ontario 4 p.m. Special G. N. W. Press Service.)

LONDON, May 1.—A despatch from Zurich says Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary accompanied by Baron Burin, the foreign minister proceeds almost immediately to German headquarters to confer with the German Emperor. It is stated that Ukrainian and Balkan matters will be discussed.

#### ARCHDUKE'S ASSASSIN DIED OF TUBERCULOSIS

(Ontario 4 p.m. Special G. N. W. Press Service.)

PARIS, May 1.—Premier Clemenceau addressing the Chamber of Deputies, yesterday, explained the situation on the western front as he saw it on the occasion of his latest visit. He declared the front as a whole had become stable and that as a result of steps taken by the high command the points aimed at by the enemy were now out of danger.

#### AMERICAN SECTOR IS QUIET

(Ontario 4 p.m. Special G. N. W. Press Service.)

THE HAGUE, May 1.—Gavrile Princip, whose assassination of the Austrian Archduke, Francis Ferdinand at Sarajevo, was the immediate cause of the present war, died yesterday at the fortress of Theresienstadt near Prague of tuberculosis.

#### REGRETS ACTION OF R. C. HIERARCHY IN IRELAND

(Ontario 4 p.m. Special G. N. W. Press Service.)

LONDON, May 1.—A despatch from American army headquarters says the situation along the American sector is becoming stabilized. There have been no infantry encounters for the past two days. The German artillery also is less active than formerly.

#### RAISE \$50,000,000 BY NEW TAXATION

(Ontario 4 p.m. Special G. N. W. Press Service.)

OTTAWA, May 1.—The government hopes to raise \$50,000,000 by the new taxation announced yesterday by Hon. A. K. MacLean, acting minister of finances. The tax on tobacco products alone is expected to bring in a new revenue of \$8,500,000 while the tax of ten cents per pound on tea is expected to yield at least three million.

#### Gallant Death Of Able-seaman

Sam Hodgkinson of His Majesty's Ship Jessamine—A Splendid Record.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hodgkinson, 68 Alexander St., and their daughter, Mrs. Singer, mourn the death of son and brother who died in action on His Majesty's Ship Jessamine on the 29th August, 1917. On his parchment record of service, conspicuously since 1901, there is entered by the Admiralty who sent the papers to Colonel W. N. Ponton, of this city, the final entry "Discharged by Death." This gallant sailor was twice wounded and full details of his casualties are attached. He had the full number of three good conduct badges and before he died was recommended for medal and gratuity. Our readers will realize the wonderful experience that the deceased sailor had in the service of his country from boyhood to manhood in all parts of the globe when they learn that he served successively on the following ships of war:—Ganges, Roseau, Minotaur, Penbrooke, Furioso, Hermes, London, Egmont, Cyclops, Vulcan and Jason and on three of these several times, and his certificate of good conduct and ability, an excellent record "superior" is signed by the Captain commanding those men of war of the navy. It was while engaged as escort to a mine crew and in defending a British ship, the Hood, in the North Sea, that he was killed, another victim of the submarine.

The husband of his sister, Mrs. Singer, has been overseas for some time and is one of the expert night railway operators in France with the regiment of skilled railway men. The family, who came from England about twelve years ago to Belleville, are all sad but proud.

They have the sympathy of their fellow citizens and Belleville has added another name to its honor roll.

PLEASING PROGRAM

PRISONER IN GERMANY

Last evening the Anti-Cat's Class of the Victoria Ave. Baptist Sunday School presented the following program to a good audience.

Opening hymn "Stand up, Stand up for Jesus."

Prayer  
Piano solo—Armid Orr  
Chairman's address—Joe Blackburn

Recitation—Garfield Anderson  
Mouth Organ Solo—Ralph Smith  
Books of the Old Testament in rhyme, Leo Barlow, Arnold Orr, Joe Blackburn, A. Gordon

Dialogue—Joe Blackburn and F. Kelsey.

Solo on Jew's Harp, Geo. Kelsey  
Recitation—Ralph Smith  
Piano Solo—Alex Gordon

Dialogue—Little Citizens—Jack Sarley, Cyril Pearson, Alex Gordon, Fred Kelsey, Morley Smith, Leo Barlow, Wilfred Murray

Hymn  
Lantern Slides, illustrated by R. Smith

Hymn  
Class chorus "Dare to be a Daniel"

Arnold Orr read an address to Ralph Smith who is leaving soon to join his father in Montreal and Leo Barlow presented him with a couple of group photos of the class in a walnut frame on behalf of the class.

The concert concluded with singing of the National Anthem.

CADET M'GAW SERIOUSLY HURT

Deseronto, April 30.—Cadet J. R. McGaw, 82nd Squadron, R.A.F., was seriously injured at Camp Mohawk at 5 o'clock this afternoon, apparently as a result of a spinning nose dive from a height of three hundred feet. He sustained fractures of a leg and arm and was also injured about the head. He is an American R.A.F. cadet, and resided at 36 Fourteenth Avenue, Columbus, O., where his wife still lives.

AEROPLANE WAS DAMAGED

Aviator From Deseronto Met With Accident Here Sunday

Kingston—Four aviators from Mohawk Camp, Deseronto, made a trip to Kingston on Sunday afternoon, gave the citizens quite an exhibition. Unfortunately, one of the men, in making a landing near the penitentiary road, met with a mishap. His plane ran amuck in a ditch and was put out of commission, suffering extensive damages. Luckily, the aviator was not injured. One of the big trucks came down from Deseronto and took the plane back to the camp.

Brockville, May 1.—At a meeting of the Executive and Finance Committees of Leeds and Grenville Counties Council here a resolution was unanimously passed that the Dominion Cabinet and the minister of Militia be petitioned to permit category B men to remain on the farms until June 15th at least, when seed sowing and planting will be completed.

#### Odd Fellows Held Reception

Fine Program at LOOKE Temple and Able Address by Deputy Grand Master Cox.

The various Odd Fellows and associations held a recep-

tion of a visit from the Rev. Walter C. Brooks, Grand Secretary, who attended.

This was very acceptably filled by L. B. Cooper, past grand

feature of the evening was an able, eloquent and intensely interesting address by Bro. Cox. His speech was abundantly illustrated and amplified by anecdotes and witty references, many of an irresistibly droll character. The deputy grand master has a rare humor which he uses to give portions of his address.

A short program of music and ob-

lation was one of the best heard here this season. A piano duet by Mrs. Grant and Mrs. Duff was enthusiastically received. Mr. Duff sang "The Sunshine of Your Smile" and received an instant encore. A reading by Miss Farrel from "Anne of Green Gables" greatly pleased by its simple humor. The

feature in the program was Drummond's "Lectie Bates." This child has truly remarkable oratory ability. Mrs. Farrel sang very sweetly "The Old-Fashioned House." A vocal trio by Mrs. Grant, Mrs. Duff and Mrs. Nicholson called forth rounds of applause and demands for an encore. A solo by Mrs. Duff was delightfully rendered. An orchestra rendered several lively selections. Miss Kathleen Diamond and Mrs. Grant were the accompanists of the evening. Rev. A. L. Geen gave a brief address of a congratulatory nature.

After the serving of light refreshments those so inclined remained for a time longer to enjoy dancing and games.

#### Obituary

MRS. MARY D. FINNEGAN

Mrs. Mary Dalton Finnegan, wife of Mr. W. E. Finnegan, passed away at an early hour this morning after an illness of some duration. She was born in Belleville and was a daughter of Mrs. Edward Dalton who has resided with her. Mrs. Finnegan was an active worker in St. Michael's Church, being first vice president of the Altar Society and a member of the Ladies' Benevolent Society.

AEROPLANE WAS DAMAGED

THE WEEKLY ONTARIO.  
Morton & Herity, Publishers.

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JOB PRINTING—The Ontario Job Printing Department is especially well equipped to turn out artistic and stylish Job Work. Modern presses, new type, competent workmen.

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(Daily Edition)

One year, delivered in the city	\$3.00
One year, by mail to rural office	\$3.00
One year, post office box or gen. del.	\$3.00
One year, to U.S.A.	\$2.50

W. H. Morton,  
Business Manager.

J. O. Herity,  
Editor-in-Chief.

THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1918.

## TO THE WEST TENDERER

It so often has been said that contractors to have got up and will be concerned in the smooth and open gang.

Hon. Mr. Porter is a member of the Union. There is a true declaration as follows: "We are bringing about the improvement. The foremen were superintendents. During the past winter, he had probably all been washed away."

Then Mr. Carver emphatically declared—"Any one who does not get along without playing the patronage game will have to be removed to some place where he will not be a bother."

Mr. Carvell ascertained that \$62,000 is being spent a year for telephone rentals in the various departments at Ottawa. "What on earth they want with all the telephones they have in the Inland Revenue Department is a mystery to me," he stated. "The whole thing," he declared, "is quite without head or tail" or anything else so long as they go ahead and spend money."

A few days before Mr. Carvell handed out a few gentlemanly jolts to Mr. Fripp, one of the members for Ottawa. Mr. Fripp finds it hard to realise that the old order changeth. A press report says—

On October 16, 1917, Mr. Fripp wrote to the Minister, asking that the firm of McFarland & Douglas be placed on the patronage list. Replying to this communication on October 23, Mr. Carvell said: "Your friends will have opportunity of tendering on any work coming within their line, but so far as this department is concerned, there will be no patronage list in the future. As far as possible everything will be done by public tender and contract, and every member of the community will have an equal opportunity of working for the Government. Efficiency and economy will be the guiding principles in carrying on the business of the department."

On January 3, 1918, Mr. Fripp sent to Mr. Carvell a memorandum he had transmitted to Hon. N. W. Rowell, President of the Privy Council, suggesting that with regard to mechanics employed in the dredging branch of the shipyard, some 1,000 men, someone should be appointed to deal with application for work. Mr. Fripp suggested that Mr. Shearer, the official who employed these men, was too busy, and further suggested the appointment of David Rice to look after the employment of the men required. He described Mr. Rice as an alderman of Ottawa, "who knows the laboring classes very well." As an alternative, he suggested that the two branches of the Public Works Department referred to should be placed under the Civil Service Commission. Mr. Fripp, in his memorandum, included the names of a number of officials in various departments who might be authorized to receive applications from men desiring work.

Mr. Carver replying to Mr. Fripp on January 4th, said he was sorry he could not agree with the member for Ottawa. "If Mr. Shearer has not the necessary ability to employ these men," he said, "I think it is up to me to find some person who has. I hope you will take this letter in the spirit in which I am writing, but I simply cannot, and will not, have any time taken up with small matters of patronage, and I think you will be well advised if you take the same stand."

Replying to the Minister on the following day, Mr. Fripp said it was apparent he had not made himself clear. "I want to get rid of the 50 or 60 people who crowd my office daily," he said, adding: "The people of Ottawa have lived on patronage for 50 years, and it will require some tact to eradicate the practice."

Writing to Mr. Fripp on January 11th, Mr. Carver said: "I have given Mr. Shearer instructions regarding employment of the class of people referred to in your letter. I have also instructed him that it will not be necessary for them to produce a letter from either yourself or

Dr. Chabot (junior member for Ottawa) or the use of other influences for the purpose of obtaining employment in this department."

The correspondence also shows that on February 12th Mr. Fripp wrote to the Minister asking that a number of Ottawa concerns be given an opportunity of tendering for the new departmental building on Queen street. The Minister in reply said, in part: "Every contractor, not only in Ottawa but in Canada, will be given an opportunity to tender. The contract will go to the lowest tenderer providing the firm has the financial ability to carry out the work."

## UNCONSCIOUS HUMOR

It is a debatable question whether or not men of supreme talent are conscious of the possession of outstanding genius. Often their literary or artistic productions seem to be the spontaneous offspring of an imagination entirely unaware of its remarkable endowments.

We have been reading the statement before the Private Bills committee of the House of Commons by Mr. E. Guss Porter, K.C., in reference to his bill to increase tolls on the Bay Bridge.

After a careful perusal of the oration we have no hesitation in classifying it along with the masterpieces of Artemus Ward and Josh Billings. We did not have the pleasure of hearing this amazing effort in the original but to those present and in possession of the facts Mr. Porter's owl-like seriousness and solemn ponderosity, as he related how he seen his "duty to his constituents" and done it in such a way that everybody marvelled at his "boldness," must have been as side-splitting a presentation as that of Parson Mix in "You're in Love."

Mr. Porter has made a pretty fair success of it in law but had he chosen to enter the realm of humorous authorship we can plainly see now that there are positively no limits to the triumphs that might have been his.

## DUTY

According to Mr. R. A. Pringle, K.C. and Mr. E. Guss Porter, K.C., it was Mr. Porter's "duty" as representative to become sponsor for a bill that is opposed with practical unanimity by every man, woman and child in West Hastings. The Ontario is not so well posted on what constitutes the "duty" of a representative as the two eminent authorities mentioned above. We are still waiting to be convinced, however, that these two well known King's Counsellors have elucidated the true conception of the duty of a parliamentary representative.

Roughly speaking, 30,000 people reside in West Hastings. Then, are we to understand, if two persons came along and asked Mr. Porter to introduce a bill into parliament opposed to the wishes and the financial and social interests of the other 29,998 residents of the constituency—are we to understand it would be Mr. Porter's "duty" to ignore the wishes and interests of 29,998 and fight tooth and nail in behalf of the two?

Yet, as we see it, that is precisely the position taken by Mr. Pringle and Mr. Porter.

Reading Mr. Porter's statement one draws the inference there was no other way out of it. He was the helpless victim of circumstances. These people had asked him to do this job and it would have been most ungentlemanly to refuse. He would have violated an exceedingly important "duty" had he done so.

We protest that we are unable to see where the difficulty existed or why Mr. Porter couldn't have found a very easy way out of it.

When asked by the Bridge Company to undertake this work he might have answered somewhat as follows—

Gentlemen, I would like to oblige you, but I regret that I am previously engaged. I have been representative of West Hastings for eighteen years—much longer than I have been solicitor for your company. They are paying me \$2500 per annum to look after their interests in parliament. That is virtually a retaining fee. My first duty is therefore to my constituents. If I could serve you without conflicting with their well-being I would gladly do so. But in this matter you can plainly see that a serious blow is aimed at the financial and social welfare of the people whom I have taken a solemn oath to represent fairly and honestly and to the best of my ability. There are other lawyers and other members of parliament whom you can no doubt secure to undertake this mission. I would respectfully refer you to them. But I will tell you plainly now that owing to my duty as representative of the people of West Hastings I will oppose the passage of this bill through the Commons by every means in my power.

## THE PROBABLE EFFECT

Mr. Porter makes out very clearly and proves by ample statistics that the Bay of Quinte Bridge Company does not make one cent per annum on its investment in the bridge. That is not satisfactory and the company seeks a remedy in tolls augmented by nearly one hundred per cent.

The doubling of tolls would not increase

the amount of money received per annum from toll money. There is a practically unanimous agreement of opinion that such drastic action would virtually prohibit traffic over the bridge. It would give to every merchant, business and professional man in Belleville a black eye or a knockout blow. It would drive the farmers and market-gardeners of Ameliasburgh away from their natural market and often mean to them inconvenience, or heavy loss. It would keep at home a multitude from the County of Hastings who have frequent call to go to Prince Edward on business, or, on occasion, to visit friends, or to enjoy pleasure tours over the fine roads and amidst the beautiful scenery for which Prince Edward is justly famous.

In short, the doubling of tolls would raise up an intolerable condition and the adjoining municipalities would practically be compelled to purchase in order to protect themselves. No matter how unreasonable the price the people would be compelled to pay it or suffer worse.

We may be wrong in our supposition, but in our opinion the promoter of this bill does not expect or believe that the increase of tolls will increase the dividends of his clients, but it will place the company in an immensely advantageous position to negotiate for a sale that would in that way virtually be forced upon the surrounding municipalities.

Mr. Porter's constituents may be greatly inconvenienced and suffer serious loss but constituents have phenomenally short memories and the party lash is long.

## WHY FISH IS DEAR.

Are we the people of Ontario, running our expensive fish hatcheries for the benefit of our friends and allies across the border?

Last Friday was "fish day" by centuries old custom, and by recent order of the Food Control Board. On that day our best fish store, a store of which Belleville is justly proud, was offering its customers two kinds of fresh fish. The first kind was British Columbia frozen salmon, which had evidently been sent after being caught to a refrigerator plant and then frozen by modern and costly machinery, and then transported more than three thousand miles, and kept frozen while travelling all this distance. The second kind was Bay of Quinte white fish, fresh caught, and evidently not more than a couple of hours out of the water.

Both these fish were offered at exactly the same price of twenty-four cents per pound. But as the salmon was offered sliced, or by the piece, net weight, with no waste, and as the white fish was only partly cleaned, being drawn, but still having the head and tail, which would have to be thrown away, the net price of the fresh caught Bay of Quinte white fish was really more than the price of the British Columbia salmon, in spite of the costs of the transportation to the refrigerating plant, the freezing and keeping frozen, and the freight or express for more than three thousand miles.

Now, why should this be the case? The white fish had probably been grown from spawn planted in the Bay of Quinte by the local fish hatchery with the avowed purpose of supplying a plentiful supply of cheap eating to the people who pay the taxes and keep that hatchery running.

Why, then, do we not get this plentiful supply of cheap fish? Sometimes it is next to impossible to get any of the better grades of Bay of Quinte fish, although they are constantly being caught. And why should this be so?

The answer is to be found in the fact that one of our local fish exporters is shipping our Bay of Quinte fish away in car lots and less almost every day. A car of fish contains in the neighborhood of two hundred cases. Some times if the catch is good this one exporter (and there are others) will ship a car a day for a short time. Then his shipments other days may be as low as forty to fifty cases in a day, depending on the catch. This information has been obtained on presumably good authority.

It will consequently be seen that it is the bigger market across the line that is getting our fish, that is keeping our local fish at almost prohibitive prices here and that is keeping the fish hatcheries busy replenishing the waters after the enormous withdrawals above mentioned.

And this is not merely a local condition. The papers this last week contained protests from Lake Erie Canadians to the same effect. Nor is this state of affairs confined to the great lakes or the boundary waters. We strive with the governmental red tape and bye and bye are successful in having the smaller northern lakes stocked. Then in due course we go north for our annual pleasure outing, hoping to enjoy some really fresh caught fish. But too often, like the disciples of old, we expend much toil, and catch nothing. And why? A guarded inquiry among the local residents reveals that somebody in the neighborhood has been shipping barrels and cases away to the States.

That is the reason of the question asked above. Are we running our expensive fish hatcheries for the benefit of the great nation to the south of us?

It surely cannot be that we are maintaining these hatcheries, growing the spawn and

planting them in the waters for the benefit of the few fishermen who yearly reap such a harvest from this planting. That is not the Government's way of doing things. We do not find the Government growing seed and planting the farmer's fields for them in order that they may reap a good harvest. Then why should we think or say the Government does this for the fishermen?

No, the purpose of these expensive hatcheries must be to benefit the people as a whole—either the people of Ontario, or the people of the Northern States. And as the people of the Northern States are getting probably ninety per cent. or more of this harvest, and getting it under official Dominion Government license (for no fish can be shipped across the border without such license) then it is self-evident that these hatcheries are operated for the benefit of the nation to the south of us, and not for the benefit of the nation that pays bills for maintaining them.

There should be a remedy for this, and it would appear that the most simple remedy would be for the Government to issue a license for exporting only the surplus, after the people of Canada—all of Canada—have had an opportunity to obtain as much as they require at a reasonable price.

Contributed.

"I felt that as the representative of the West Riding of Hastings it was my duty to present a bill that might be offered to me by any of my constituents." From Mr. Porter's statement before the Private Bills' committee.

In this connection it would be illuminating to know how much of the stock of the Bay of Quinte Bridge Company is held by residents of West Hastings and how much is held by residents of Toronto.

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The acting Trade Commissioner at Buenos Aires has reported to the Canadian Department of Trade and Commerce details of the agreement for the purchase and export before November 1, 1918, by the British and French Governments of 2,500,000 tons of cereals at minimum prices of \$1.45 per bushel for wheat and 46 cents per bushel for oats. The Argentine Government is financing the purchases up to \$200,000,000 in gold.

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Information reaching the Italian embassy in Washington indicates that the Italian army and civilians are in desperate need of food. It is said that only one-third of the Italian army of 3,000,000 men is now being maintained on the battle lines, the official explanation being that there is not sufficient food to feed more and that there is also shortage of other supplies. On the other hand, the strong Austrian army facing the Italians is said to have received recently large supplies from Russia.

In order to maintain the morale of the Italians, as well as that of the other allied nations, there is an ever-increasing responsibility upon this continent to send greater quantities of essential foods. This can be done only by the most vigorous economy with wheat products, meat, and fats.

## THY WILL BE DONE!

We see not, know not; all our way is night—with thee alone is day;  
From out the torrent's troubled drift,  
Above the storm our prayers we lift,  
Thy will be done!

The flesh may fail, the heart may faint,  
But who are we to make complaint,  
Or dare to plead, in times like these,  
The weakness of our love of ease?  
Thy will be done!

We take, with solemn thankfulness,  
Our burden up, nor ask it less,  
And count it joy that even we  
May suffer, serve or wait for Thee.  
Thy will be done!

Though dim as yet in tint and line,  
We trace Thy picture's wise design,  
And thank Thee that our age supplies  
Its dark relief or sacrifice.

Thy will be done!

And if in our unworthiness,  
Thy sacrificial wine we press;  
If from Thy ordeal's heated bars  
Our feet are seamed with crimson scars,  
Thy will be done!

If, for the age to come, this hour  
Of trial hath vicarious power,  
And blessed by Thee, our present pain  
Be Liberty's eternal gain.  
Thy will be done!

Strike, Thou the Master, we Thy keys;  
The anthem of the destinies!  
The minor of Thy loftier strain,  
Our hearts shall breath the old refrain.  
Thy will be done!

—Whittier.

Other  
Editor's  
Opinions

## GERMAN SOCIALISM

The latest charge against the German Socialists is that they are responsible for the socialist propaganda in America. In justice to a wide range of undoubtedly patriotic fellow citizens, including pastors, journalists, professors and new Liberals, we avow our belief that they are not consciously or unconsciously German agents. There is, however, a sense in which the charge is true. The German military and feudal aristocracy found in socialism a philosophy to serve its aims. Socialism authorized the exaltation of the State and the making of the State the caretaker and guardian of the individual. Regulations of the individual and measures of beneficence were enacted and our students and professors tramping about the lanes and by-ways of Germany were captivated by what appeared to be the increased industrial efficiency of the people—and they came home to teach German socialism. But, they failed to note what is now asserted by Von Buelow, for example, that the political aim of these seemingly benevolent regulations and measures was to make the German people dependent and subservient to their rulers. Capitalism in America, with an eye to greater profits and also with an eye to keeping the common people in order was also captivated by German socialism and so we find it promoting in the name of charity and humanity, regulation of the individual, pensions, guarantees of employment, State insurance and all the rest. A State Bureau of Research, for example, tends to put all the universities in the support of a capitalists' Government. —Toronto Weekly Sun.

## A GREAT NATIONAL TASK BEFORE CANADA

Is it possible that the clergy of Canada, French and English, quite realize their responsibility in Canada's present national situation? We do not mean responsibility for creating the situation for we believe the politicians are responsible for that. We mean responsibility for re-establishing that bonne entente that existed until less than two years ago, and to the development of which some patriots were devoting their energies. We have never tried to emphasize the racial distinctions of this land but that the present situation is most unhealthy for our national life is obvious to the most casual observer. The politicians are evidently able to do nothing. The church can do much, if the Ministers, Roman Catholic and Protestant, French and English-speaking, will seize the opportunity. During his sermon in Knox church, Crescent St., last evening the Rev. Dr. Dickie made a strong plea for the sweeping aside of non-essentials that were keeping the two great races of this country apart. He was frank in his declaration that only by mutual forbearance and tolerance could anything be accomplished in a really national scale. He asked whether the talk of rewriting the British North America Act in which some Canadians are indulging was worthy of the nation whose sons were dying in Europe that a treaty might not be a mere scrap of paper. The question of dual language was settled when this Dominion was formed and the agreements then made are binding upon us today. The duty of Canadians is to respect one another, points of difference. That it seems to us is the case in a nutshell. As Dr. Dickie said, apart from the vigorous prosecution of the war there is no greater task for Canadians who love their country than to bring about a condition of tolerance and mutual trust between our peoples. It can never be done by keeping old scores open. —Montreal Herald.

## TWENTY YEARS AGO

Nobody swatted the fly.  
Nobody had appendicitis.  
Nobody wore white shoes.  
Cream was 5 cents a pint.  
Cantaloupes were muskmelons.  
Milkshake was a favorite drink.  
Advertisers did not tell the truth.  
You never heard of a "tin Lizzie."  
Doctors wanted to see your tongue.  
The hired girl drew one-fifty per

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## SOCIALISM

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NATIONAL BANK OF CANADA at the clergy of English, quite inability in Canadian situation? We possibility for creating we believe, the sensible for that ability for re-entente that in two years ago, of which devoting their never tried to al distinctions of the present situation for our nations to the most the politicians are nothing. The if the Ministers and Protestant, sh-speaking, will. During his Rich. Crescent St., Dr. Dickie made sweeping aside at were keeping of this country in his declarative forbearance anything he ac-ally national scale. the talk of re- North America Canadians are in- of the nation wing in Europe not be a mere question of settled when this and the agree- re binding upon of Canadians is other points of seems to us is. As Dr. Dickie's vigorous pro- there is no great who love their about a conditio- mutual trust. It can never old sores open.

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STYLE HEADQUARTERS  
*Society Brand Clothes*

**RITCHIE'S  
MENS  
STORE**

**Society Brand Clothes**

We conscientiously aim to earn and deserve the young men's and men's trade by having the best styles, the most dependable fabrics, the finest possible tailoring, and values that it would be difficult, if not impossible, to duplicate.

**Society Brand Clothes**

possess all these good points. That's why we specially feature them. You will like them. Come in and see the variety of new models and patterns. Ask especially to see the new military five-seam models that are the hit of the season.

Prices: \$20.00, \$25.00, \$30.00, \$35.00

**NEW GOODS NOW SHOWING**

New Neckwear — New Collars  
New Hats — New Caps

The **RITCHIE Co., Ltd.**

Store Closes at 5.30 Except Saturday Close 9.30

**District Jottings**

*The Ontario Invites Correspondence Where Not Already Represented.*

**TWEED**

Mr. Jay Farrar purchased the property of the late Mrs. Wm. Knowles on South Victoria St., at the auction sale last Saturday.

Miss Amy Meraw, of St. Joseph's Convent, Toronto, is home attending her mother, Mrs. Francis Meraw, who we are pleased to say is recovering.

Mr. J. Taylor, of Tamworth, is undergoing treatment at Kingston Hospital but we are sorry to report is not greatly improving.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Heath have moved into the house on Arthur St. belonging to the late Mrs. Wm. Prentiss.

Mr. W. R. Cade, of Cloyne, who has been sawing for the past few weeks for the Houston Co., has completed the work here and left for home Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Irene Bartlett and Miss Lucy Grant, of Belleville Public School staff, spent Saturday and Sunday at their respective homes.

Mr. M. E. McKenzie, of St. Mary's, has been appointed to the position of manager of the local branch of the Royal Bank. Mr. Rowland's resignation takes effect on May 2nd.

Wednesday, Mr. Sim. McCrea took a number of men to Oshawa and returned with another handsome array of new Chevrolets. The sales of this splendid car have been phenomenal this year so far; the factory is unable to keep up with the demand.

Mr. McCrea says his biggest trouble

now is to get cars fast enough to fill

their removal to Belleville. We will all miss them very much, also Master John.

Mr. John Holgate, of Bowmanville, was a guest in our village on Sunday. We were all pleased to see him.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Prentiss and son, Earl, also Miss Irene, motored to Kingston on Sunday to visit their son, Kenneth, who is very soon to go overseas.

Mr. and Mrs. Kelly, of Halloway, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. Rose; also Mr. and Mrs. Henry Carter and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Carter and son, Lorne.

Sister Mary Everildis, of the House of Providence, Kingston, formerly Bridget V. Whalen, spent last week at her parental home in Stocco. She was accompanied by Sister Mary Theodore, of St. Carthagha, Tweed.

Miss Amy Meraw, student of St. Joseph's Academy, Toronto, was summoned home last week owing to the illness of her mother. She will return to the city to resume her studies on Monday next as her mother's condition is much improved.

Advocate.

**SALEM**

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur McFarlane and Miss Marion and Master Donald spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Charles McFarlane.

Mr. Arthur Miller of Madoc, spent a few days this week with his cousin, Mr. Ross Cole.

Mrs. Durle Ross called on Mrs. Charles McFarlane on Wednesday.

Mr. Fred Robinson called on his sister, Mrs. Ross McLaren on Sunday evening.

A number from here attended the funeral of Mr. George Henderson on Friday at Mylrose.

Mrs. Alva Hagerman spent Monday evening with Mrs. George Badgley.

Mr. Durle Ross spent Monday at Picton.

Farmers are busy on their land after the big rain which did much good.

**PICTON**

J. N. Ballie has returned from Toronto and will remain in Picton for the summer.

Bert Rankin has bought the farm of the late Alexander Clark at Salmon Point.

Dr. Pribble will leave on Monday for New York to take a course in eye, ear, nose and throat work.

Miss Neilia Martin spent the weekend with friends in Toronto, stopping over in Belleville on her return.

Miss Myrtle J. Clinton, Bloomfield, and Miss Ruth C. Wallbridge, Picton, have obtained the B.A. degree at Jeen's University.

Mrs. Harry J. Clarke left on Tuesday for a trip to St. John, N.B., where Lieut. Clarke will be for a few weeks.

Mr. John Head has sold his house on Main St., west, recently occupied by the late Mrs. Clow, to Mr. J. D. Pearson.

Mr. Andrew Vandewater has been notified that his son, Sergeant Jas. Vandewater, has been wounded in the ankle and heel.

Mr. J. L. B. Spencer left for Toronto on Monday where he has accepted a position with a wholesale firm. Mr. Spencer's sale of chattels was a wonderful success. The proceeds of the sale of stock, machinery, implements and some household goods amounted to a few dollars over six thousand. Everything was in good condition and sold well. His cows sold from \$105 to \$162. Mr. Spencer had acquired the habit of taking proper care of his farm utensils and he was well rewarded for his foresight at the sale. Mrs. Spencer will join her husband in Toronto in a week or two.

Mr. G. H. Morden, an old Picton boy, is president of the Fathers' Sons' and Brothers' Association of North Vancouver. Mr. Morden advocates a better reception for returning soldiers and has been criticizing the City Council for its indifference.

Mr. A. Hammond is moving from over J. T. Cook's shoe store and will occupy the rooms over Cook & Fox's store.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Reid, who have purchased the Christie farm a mile from town are moving to their new home this week.

Mr. A. Hammond is moving from over J. T. Cook's shoe store and will occupy the rooms over Cook & Fox's store.

Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Harnish and family, who have been residents of Stirling for about five years, left on Monday for their new home in Rochester, where Mr. Harnish has accepted a lucrative position.

The Guild Tea at the home of Mrs. Mrs. Haggerty was a most successful event. A large number was present and a most enjoyable time was spent.

Tuesday was shipping day. An exceedingly large number of fatted calves were shipped.

Ramsey Cooney, son of Mr. Adam Cooney, returned home on Friday from Greenshield, Alta., and will reside here permanently.

Mr. W. R. Mather was called home from Toronto on Monday on account of the serious illness of his mother, Mrs. Mather, of Burnbrae.

A number of high school boys motored to Madoc last week where they were royally entertained by the pupils of Madoc High School.

The Union Red Cross Aid, Oak Hills, held a very successful tea on Friday night at the home of Mr. Samuel Danford. About sixty were in attendance and the proceeds amounted to \$29.—Leader.

Quite an excitement prevailed on Sunday forenoon, when the alarm was given that Mr. Fred Trevor's barn was on fire. Everyone rushed to the fire in autos, buggies, etc., but the barn was burned with his grain.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Embury Irvine are sorry to hear of

lead, etc., but luckily his horses and cows were outside. Everyone fought bravely and it was with difficulty that the other buildings and surrounding grove of his were saved.

The Red Cross Society held a quilting at the home of Mrs. H. Wallace on Wednesday last. There was a good representation of ladies and they succeeded in quilting two quilts.

Mrs. H. Wallace entertained Mr. Muir's and family of Belleville, on Sunday.

There was no church service on Sunday.

Mr. Richard Yorke and mother of Foxboro visited at the home of Mr. J. F. Yorke on Sunday last.

Mr. Wilfrid Clare revealed a mystery of five years' duration in the finding of the body of Mr. Robert Hoskins, one day last week.

Miss Muriel Hutchinson spent Sunday with her friend, Miss Olive Coulter.

Mrs. Rachael Sheffield and Miss Vera, accompanied by Miss H. Ross, spent Sunday with the former's sister, Mrs. A. Parks, Plainfield.

The aeroplanes are again daily sailing over our heads.

Rev. Mr. McMullen will conduct service on Sunday next at 7.30 p.m.

**STOCKDALE**

A number from here attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Mary Potter at Belleville on Tuesday last.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Williamson, also Mrs. Mabel Gay and little Helen spent a few days in Madoc last week.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Wannamaker was made happy by the arrival of a baby girl on Thursday last.

Mrs. Grant of Belleville visited her sister Mrs. Crowe one day last week.

Mrs. S. Osterhout took dinner with Mrs. A. Davidson on Friday. Our S. S. was reorganized on Thursday evening.

Mrs. S. Bush and Mrs. C. Johnson spent Sunday at Mr. T. Sargeant's. Mr. Murry Foster and family spent Sunday at Mr. James Foster's. Mr. and Mrs. E. Walt visited their daughter, Mrs. Morley Barlow at Bell View on Thursday.

Miss Nettie Benson is visiting her brother, Mr. James Benson.

Miss Hawie, our junior teacher has resumed her duties after having laid up with a severe attack of quinsy.

**SIXTH LINE OF SIDNEY**

Mr. and Mrs. D. Ketcheson, of Frankford, were guests on Sunday at Mr. Morley Scott's.

Mr. Wm. Ross and family called on friends in Foxboro on Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilmott Scott and Mr. and Mrs. Mark Holden spent Sunday with friends in Rawdon.

Miss Irene Reid spent Sunday with Miss Theresa Dean.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Scott were guests of Mr. Charles Lake of Foxboro on Sunday.

Quite a number from this way attended the play at Walbridge on Thursday night.

Mr. J. J. Reid had the misfortune to lose a very valuable cow.

Mr. Geo. Bell is spending a few days at Mr. Geo. Clement's of the 5th Concession.

Mr. Wm. Rose and family visited Mr. Fred Rose's on Sunday.

There will be no preaching here on Sunday, owing to quarterly service at Aikin's appointment.

A number of our young people visited Mr. Ross' of Wooler recently.

**MOUNT ZION**

Quarterly service was held here on Sunday. Although the day was wet the attendance was small.

Mrs. G. S. Way is visiting her daughter in Cornwall.

Mr. Grant Broach has a new car.

Mr. Clifford Wannamaker is all smiles. It's a baby girl, congratulations.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Simpson spent Sunday with Mr. J. Down.

Pte. Jim Down, from the front, was visiting friends here last week.

Our Mount Zion bucket brigade had a run out Sunday afternoon when the report went down the phone line that Mr. Fred Crew's house was afire. But the fire had not gained much headway and was extinguished before much harm was done.

**GLEN ROSS**

The farmers are rushing in the seed and spring showers will be very acceptable, pasture is growing very slowly on account of the cold dry weather. The fall wheat and meadows have been killed out to some extent in this vicinity, consequently a great deal of spring wheat is being sown.

Mr. Albert Hagerman is getting some work done on his home by way of improvement by Mr. R. Eggleton and son.

A number from here attended the

**Summer Footwear**

If you want the latest style at right prices, see our Men's, Women's, Girls' and Boys' Shoes, either in canvas or leather.

Give us a call when in need of anything in Shoes.

**Vermilyea & Son**

Store of Quality and Service  
Queen Quality Shoes for Ladies  
Slater Shoes for Men

Odd fellow's sermon on Sunday. We were sorry to hear of the sudden death of Mr. J. Donahue which took place on Sunday morning last. He was well-known and highly respected by all who knew him.

on the staff of the Do-  
Mr. and Mrs. R. Pownder and Mr. and Mrs. J. Booth and family were welcome visitors at Carmel on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Thompson were guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. Anderson Sunday evening.

Mr. G. Craik, of Avon, contractor, visited Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Winsor recently.

Mr. D. Hagerman motored up from Tyendinaga spending Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Hagerman.

**MARRASSAGA**

The Massissaga Red Cross Society met at the home of Mrs. G. F. Lenie on Tuesday afternoon. The meeting next week will be held at Mrs. D. Valean's.

Mr. W. H. Mahee, local agent for the Merril Medicine Co., of Toronto, passed through this locality last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. L. Ackerman and Mr. and Mrs. C. Ackerman, Rednersville, spent the week end at Bath.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Ayala are moving in the house recently occupied by Mr. J. A. Weeks.

Miss Ella Robinson is sick with bronchitis. Dr. Gibson is in attendance.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Valean spent Sunday at Bloomfield.

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## ENTERPRISE

The rain on Sunday night and Monday morning did considerable good as the ground and pasture was getting pretty dry.

Most of the farmers are nearly through seeding and report the ground as working up very mellow.

Mr. Ruben Wager is engaged in building a hog pen for L. Flynn.

Mr. James Shire is at present very ill with slight hopes of recovery. Her son Thomas has got exemption for a while on account of the illness of his mother.

Mrs. Jas. Burne has returned from Rochester where she spent the winter and intends spending the summer at her own home here.

Mr. James Dwyer has moved to his farm in Camden where he intends to reside in future. We wish him every success in his new home.

Mr. Calloux, of Montreal, was here a couple of days last week looking after his mining property. He intends starting up work in the near future.

Mr. George Pierce spent last week at Mr. P. Dillon's, helping him with his spring's work.

Mr. and Mrs. John Quinn were in Napane attending the funeral of Mr. Quinn's brother, Mr. Matthew Quinn.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Dowling spent Sunday at the guests of their daughter, Mrs. M. Heffernan at Read, in Tyendinaga.

Rumor says a wedding soon.

## CROOKSTON

A large crowd attended the concert given by the Women's Institute at the Guild Hall, Crookston, on Friday evening and every one enjoyed the splendid program. Proceeds amounted to \$84 in aid of the Red Cross Fund.

Miss Nettie Benson spent Saturday evening with Miss May Chambers.

Mr. Percy Lancaster visited with friends at Belleville on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Dowden and son spent the week-end with friends at Belleville and Plainfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Scarlett and Mr. Ross Scarlett of Wellman's Corners called on relatives and friends in our vicinity on Sunday.

A few from our neighborhood have been attending the evangelistic services held in the Methodist church at Madoc.

Miss Sadie Bougie took tea with Miss Chisholm one evening recently.

Mr. N. Fleming and family have moved to their new home at Hazards' Corners.

Mrs. Jas. Kirley of Moira called on friends in our vicinity a few days this week.

## HALLOWAY

Our cheese factory has opened up again for the season.

A number from this vicinity attended the funeral of the late Mrs. McDavid on Tuesday last.

Mr. R. Reynolds, Mrs. M. Kennedy, Mrs. S. Kelly and Mrs. A. Townsend motored to Wallbridge on Wednesday last.

Mr. W. B. Tufts conducted the service in this church on Sunday last.

Mr. C. Denyes are sorry to say is confined to the house again.

Miss P. Kerr, of Thomasburg called on Mrs. R. Townsend on Sunday last.

Mr. G. Barragar of U. S. was a guest of his sister, Mrs. M. Hough recently.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Kelly were guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. Townsend on Sunday last.

## CHILDHOOD CONSTIPATION

Constipation is one of the most common ailments of little ones and unless relieved may become chronic and baby's health for all time, becomes impaired. Nothing can equal Baby's Own Tablets in regulating the bowels. They are a mild, safe laxative, easy to administer and never fail to be effective. Concerning them Mrs. Emilio LaChapelle, Terrebonne, Que., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my baby who was badly constipated and they quickly relieved him. All mothers should keep a box of these Tablets in the house." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## Tactical Success

WAS THE CAPTURE OF KEMMEL HILL, SAY ENGLISH PAPERS

London, May 1.—There is no denying that the loss of Kemmel Hill is a considerable tactical success for the enemy, and it will be well therefore to prepare for the receipt of other disagreeable news, says the London Times. "If the enemy is able to extend his grip on Kemmel we may be compelled to evacuate Ypres. Such evacuation would not

inevitably entail the abandonment of Dunkirk, Calais and Boulogne, but it is well to realize that these consequences might ensue. We must remember that the Germans cannot win the war by the occupation of Ypres and the Channel ports."

The Evening News says: "The capture of Kemmel Hill undoubtedly is a useful step in the direction of Calais and Boulogne, but it is frankly admitted that its loss gravely imperils Ypres. We hope and believe the Channel ports will be saved. Yet we must face the fact that their loss comes within the range of contingencies to be reckoned with, and we have already made up our mind that even if the worst should come to the worst it will make no difference to our vigorous prosecution of the war."

## Remuneration To Nurses In Training, Cut

## NURSES AT GENERAL HOSPITAL CALGARY WILL RECEIVE ONLY SIX DOLLARS A MONTH

Calgary, May 1.—A change is to be inaugurated in the training of pupil nurses in the General Hospital which will take effect some time this autumn.

Nurses will receive \$6.00 a month throughout the entire period of their training, beginning with the incoming class this fall. This remuneration is now considerably less than the nurses now receive. This will not, however, affect the eighty or more, of whom about forty are first-class pupils presently in training, according to Dr. Fisher, who says that a specific agreement is made with each nurse entering and this agreement is adhered to no matter what action may subsequently be taken by the Board in regard to salaries. This contemplated change is not put forth in the light of a saving to the city, but is advanced as a means of making it the inducement to girls to enter for the training rather than the salary offered. Dr. Fisher says that it is not good policy to hold out a salary as an inducement, that a training school is an educational institution and should be conducted as such. The Winnipeg Hospital says that fifty dollars extra had been raised for the education of a little Indian girl at Kitimat, B.C.

Three new life members have been added during the year, while the total amount raised is in advance of any previous year.

Mission Band officers were also elected as follows:

President—Mrs. Lawrence Ketcheson

Vice Pres.—Mrs. John Kiernan

Rec. Sec.—Leslie Holmes

Cor. Sec.—Miss Louise Wright

Treas.—Miss Helena Hinckleff.

Spare the children from suffering from worms by using Miller's Worm Powders, the most effective vermifuge that can be got with which to combat the infestation of young and helpless. There is nothing that excels this preparation as a worm destroyer, and when its qualities become known in a household other will be used. The medicine acts by itself, requiring no purgative or assist it, and so thoroughly that nothing more is needed.

## Blind Slayer At Penitentiary

## EFFORT MAY BE MADE TO RESTORE SIGHT

Or Be Transferred To Institution For Blind

Kingston, May 1.—Young Bennett a 21-year-old youth, who some time ago, in a fit of mad jealousy, shot to death, near Renfrew, a returned soldier who had married his sweetheart, and then tried to commit suicide by shooting himself, is now a docile, meek, helpless prisoner in Portsmouth penitentiary, having arrived a few days ago.

As will be recalled, Bennett was sentenced to death, but later his sentence was commuted to imprisonment for life and as a consequence he was sent to Portsmouth penitentiary. Now that he is here his helplessness is so apparent that it has aroused the pity of many in the institution who, murderer though the man is, cannot forget that he is now a poor, helpless blind youth.

After a visit through the best eastern hospitals last year, John Hopkins, Massachusetts General, Lakeside at Cleveland, Montreal, Toronto and many others, and a study of the system and curriculum of each, Dr. Fisher on his return compiled a "bulletin of information" containing the curriculum of the Calgary hospital, which he says compares favorably with that of the best training schools. Although this bulletin contains the statement that the pupil nurses will receive \$6.00 a month, which is not intended to be considered a salary, but is merely for the benefit of helping to defray her expenses during her course as a student," Dr. Fisher says it was made clear to the nurses coming in this spring that this would not affect them.

## WALLBRIDGE

Hats off, Mr. Editor, to Canifton's best local talent Grand Drama, "The Last Leaf" held in Wallbridge the 25th inst. It was a decided success, proceeds \$40.00. Red Cross quilt realized \$400. Auctioneer, Mr. Simons, the largest bidder being Mr. Bartlett, Foxboro.

John Chisholm lost a valuable horse in Belleville on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hinckleff called on T. A. Hinckleff, 3rd line, Sunday afternoon.

Jas. A. Hinckleff and family called on Paul Twiddy, Belleville, who is on the sick list.

Four young friends from Trenton called on Miss Mabel Hinckleff of

the 3rd line, Sidney on Sunday. W. G. Ketcheson is busy with the tractor plough.

Barton Hinckleff's hand is about well. He can handle the team and plough again.

Mrs. Benson Sine is still on the sick list.

House cleaning and gardening is the order of the day.

Miss Hattie Gowself of Winnipog is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Gowself, Foxboro.

**The Pill That Brings Relief.** When after one has partaken of a meal he is oppressed by feelings of uneasiness and pain in the stomach he often feels that he will be sick. These Vegetable Pills are the very best medicine that can be taken to bring relief. These pills are specially compounded to deal with dyspepsia, and their sterling qualities in this respect can be vouched for by

dozens of users.

## WALLBRIDGE

At the annual meeting of the W.M.S. held recently at the home of Mrs. Bird, officers for the ensuing year were elected, namely:

Hon. Pres.—Mrs. L. Massey

First Vice Pres.—Mrs. Wilbur Sharpe

Vice Pres.—Mrs. J. Hinckleff

Vice Pres.—Mrs. Harvey Dafoc

Rec. Sec.—Mrs. J. Phillips

Cor. Sec.—Miss Hattie Bird

Treas.—Mrs. G. A. Ketcheson

Asst. Treas.—Mrs. Wm. Moon

Sept. of Christian Stewardship—Mrs. C. F. Chisholm.

Delegates to Branch Meeting at Picton, Mrs. Wilbur Sharpe with Mrs. G. Ketcheson as alternate.

The treasurer's report showed that fifty dollars extra had been raised for the education of a little Indian girl at Kitimat, B.C.

Three new life members have been added during the year, while the total amount raised is in advance of any previous year.

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Surly Tennyson must have meant the trout lily when he wrote the line "The bumble bee is lily-grained," because I know of no other blossom that is so beloved of these great bees.

Where you find trout lily are you sure to find a company of other spring blossoms, because the plant loves company as a rule. Hepatica is just getting ready to spread away. Bloodroot is fretting over the loss of her "baby pearl." Spring beauty is dancing among the violets, and little goldthead is busy embroidering the leafy mold with her thick golden rods. And here among this fairy troupe, dog-tooth violet hangs her swaying head and waits.

Surely Tennyson must have meant the trout lily when he wrote the line "The bumble bee is lily-grained," because I know of no other blossom that is so beloved of these great bees.

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And here among this fairy troupe, dog-tooth violet hangs her swaying head and waits.

The root of the plant is rather out of the ordinary as compared with other wild flowers, although these others, too, are more or less strange.

The leaves and blossom sprout from a fat little bulb, called a corn, covered over thickly with mottled scales, and buried a couple of inches or more in the moist soil.

Whole troops of these lilies may be found along the banks of little running streams, and it is probably from the fact that the plants love to watch the play of little spring streams where trout and other small fish may be found that the Indians gave it a name signifying "Trout Lily."

Transplanters have not found that they can move the root safely to the home wild flower garden, although many have tried and the root seems easy to move. It is a very true wild flower.

Several from this way were in Belleville on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Brickman and Audra, and Mr. and Mrs. Everett Hinckleff, called at Mr. J. Peck's on Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Reddick and daughter spent Sunday at Mr. H. Sager's.

Mr. David Bachelor, of Belleville, is staying with Mr. Lorne Brickman for a few months as a soldier of the soil.

Mr. Will Bush and son, Kenneth, spent a few days with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. White, Sidney.

Mr. and Mrs. Rae Fox spent Sunday with the Misses Bush, Constance.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Weese and Beryle called at Mr. Everett Hinckleff's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Langabier, of Belleville, spent Sunday at Mr. J. Peck's.

Pte. J. H. Buckler and Mr. Henry Lynch spent Sunday evening calling on friends.

Mrs. Vera Brickman took tea at Mr. J. F. Weese's Thursday evening.

Mr. Percy White, of Sidney, spent a few days in this vicinity recently.

Rev. and Mrs. R. L. Edwards and son, Robby, took dinner at Mr. Everett Hinckleff's on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Weese called at Mr. Clifford Peck's Thursday.

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## and Town

rotic League of forwarded to Mr. League for \$50 to sh work of the s. These woud husbands at his practical way. reation of the ing done by the men overseas.

The late Cadet R. e 81st Squadron Camp Mohawk, jured in a crash shipped today by and Sons to the her at Mon-ton.

his morning in magistrate Masson and Trevor-ton and dispensed of intoxication. It ider who had a bottle of real an excellent dis- the lowest fine of \$ imposed.

started in new iron bridge runk tracks be- Belleville, to a structure. The ing built. The e will bear a

survivors in the days taking lev- the flood which about five weeks

the late Frank place on Tues- der the auspices ternity. Rev. D. ect service at ice, assisted by- ably. There was- nce of Masonic- vice being held r J. W. Barlow S. Kerr. At the cemetery, Ri- n. Rt. Wor. Bro. Wor. Bro. J. W. Rev. A. S. Kerrers were R. W. W. Bro. L. B. Marshall, J. ridge and John,

Fenton, Alder- Solicitor Masson parliament, M.P. ward are in Oting the Private regarding the use.

who was ser- a crash at Camp ay, when his Le Blane, was resting comfort- Hospital. He is and his chance- very favorable

pey and Firth ned from a vis-

ual Firsts," whoough in Canada Neil Haywood. A. E. Parlow and Lieut. L.

igie, now of To- word that she reported missing a prisoner of other brother. eridge, was a battalion that spring of 1915. of wounds in a months later.

and Mrs. George Neville Hospital's daughter.

Belleville, on Wed- set, 1918, Mary wife of W. E.

ALBERTA HO- ST BREAKS EG

April 29.—At 4 during the Laurel's were destroyed unknown origin. ated at \$60,000 by insurance. were aroused when the alarm escaped scantly man was injured. a fire escape and



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pitcher and a tin washbasin. That was all.

She sat down on the bed and viewed it forlornly. A wave of sickening rebellion against everything swept over her. To herself she seemed as irreversibly alone as if she had been lost in the depths of the dark timber that rose in every hand. And, sitting there, she heard at length the voices of men. Looking out through a window covered with cheesecloth, she saw her brother's logging gang swing past, stout woodsmen all, big men, tall men, short bodied men with thick necks and shoulders, sunburned, all grimy with the sweat of their labors, carrying

a moderate scale out. I'd get the reputation of being swell headed and they'd put me in the hole at every turn. They wouldn't care what they did or how it was done. Ten to one I couldn't keep a capable working crew three weeks on end. On the other hand, take a bunch of loggers on a payroll working for a man that meets them on an equal footing—why, they'll go to h— and back again for him. They're as loyal as soldiers to the flag. They're as mighty a self sufficient, independent lot, these lumberjacks, and that goes for most everybody knocking about in this country—loggers, prospectors, miners, settlers and all. If you're what they term "all right" you can do anything and they'll back you up. If you go to putting on airs and trying to assert yourself as a superior being they'll go out of their way to hand you packages of trouble."

"I see," she observed thoughtfully. "One's compelled by circumstances to practice 'democracy.'

"Something like that," he responded carelessly and went on eating his supper.

"I should have been a man," Miss Benton pensively remarked. "Then I could put on overalls and make my self useful instead of being a drone. There doesn't seem to be anything here I can do. I could keep house—only you haven't any house to keep, there fore no need of a housekeeper."

"Say, Stell, can you cook?" asked her brother.

"A little," Stell replied guardedly. "Why do you ask?"

"Why, you wall about being a man and putting on overalls and digging in reminded me that if you liked you may have a chance to get on your apron and show us what you can do," he laughed. "Matt's about due to go on a tear. He's been on the water wagon now about his limit. The first man that comes along with a bottle of whisky Matt will get it and quit and head for town. I was wondering if you could keep the gang from starving to death if that happened. The last time I had to get in and cook for two weeks myself. And I can't run a logging crew from the cook shanty very well."

But that made no more than a passing impression upon her. She was thinking as she removed her hat and gloves of what queer angles come now and then to the human mind. She wondered why she should be sufficiently interested in her brother's hired men to drive off a compelling attack of the blues in consideration of them as men. Nevertheless she found herself unable to view them as she had viewed, say, the clerks in her father's office.

She began to brush her hair and to wonder what sort of food would be served for supper.

## CHAPTER III.

**A Forte of Things to Come.** HALF an hour later she sat down with her brother at one end of a table that was but a long bench covered with oilcloth. Chairs there were none. A narrow movable bench on each side of the fixed table furnished seating capacity for twenty men, provided none objected to an occasional nudging from his neighbor's elbow. The dishes, different from any she had ever eaten from, were of enormously thick porcelain, and white, variously chipped and cracked with fine seams. But the food, if plain, was of excellent quality, tastily cooked. She discovered herself with an appetite wholly independent of silver and cut glass and linen. The tin spoons and steel knives and forks harmonized with her taste without impairing her aesthetic sense without impairing her ability to satisfy hunger.

They had the dining room to themselves. Through a single shipshape partition rose a rumble of masculine talk, where the logging crew loafed in their bunkhouse. The cook served them without any ceremony, putting everything on the table at once—soup, meat, vegetables, a bread pudding for dessert, coffee in a tall tin pot. Benton introduced him to his sister. She withdrew hastily to the kitchen, and they saw no more of him.

"Charlie," the girl said plaintively, when the man had closed the door behind him, "I don't quite fathom our social customs out here. Is one supposed to know everybody? Let me counters?"

"Just about," he grinned. "Loggers, swashes and the natives in general. Can't very well help it, sis. There's so few people in this neck of the woods that nobody can afford to be exclusive—at least, nobody's live here for a length of time. You can't tell when

you from everything that has played an important part in her life might be



"Say, Stell, can you cook?" asked her brother.

the least depressing factor in this new existence. She could not view the rough and ready standards of the woods with much equanimity—not as she had that day seen them set forth. These things were bound to be a part of her daily life, and all the brief span of her years had gone to forming habits of speech and thought and manner diametrically opposed to what she had so far encountered.

It was too late to mourn over lost opportunities now, but she did wish there was some one thing she could do and do well, some service of value that would guarantee self support. If she could only pound a typewriter or keep a set of books or even make a passable attempt at sewing she would have felt vastly more at ease in this rude logging camp, knowing that she could leave if she desired.

So far as she could see things stood at them with measurable clearness, without any vain illusions concerning her ability to march triumphantly over unknown fields of endeavor. Along practical lines she had everything to learn. Culture furnishes an excellent pair of wings wherewith to soar in skies of abstraction, but is a poor vehicle to carry one over rough roads. She might have remained in Philadelphia, a guest among friends. Pride forbade that. Incidentally, such an arrangement would have enabled her to stalk a husband, a moneyed husband, which did not occur to her at all. There remained only to join Charlie. If his fortune mended, well and good. Perhaps she could, even help in minor ways.

But it was all so radically different—brother and all from what she had pictured that she was filled with dismay and not a little foreboding of the future. She had to leave, and tried to make that assume some change of heart. She was very lonely and depressed, and full of a futile wish that she were a man.

Over across the bay some one was playing an accordion, and to its strains a stout hung lumberjack was roaring out a song with all his fellows joining in the chorus:

There was a fine, rollicking air to it. The careless note in their voices, the jovial lift of their song made her envious. They at least had their destiny, limited as it might be and can along rude ways, largely under their own control.

Her wandering gaze at length came to rest on a tent top showing in the brush northward from the camp. She



was no beauty, she decided.

saw two canoes drawn up on the beach above the lash of the waves, two small figures playing on the gravel and sandy bank. Two dogs prowling alongshore. Smoke went eddying away in the wind. An Indian girl, Miss Benton supposed.

She had an impulse to skirt the bay and view the Indian camp at closer range, a notion born of curiosity. She debated this casually, and just as she was about to rise, her movement was arrested by a faint crackle in the woods behind. She looked away through the deepening shadow among the trees and saw nothing at first. But the sound was repeated at odd intervals. She sat still. Thoughts of forest animals slipped into her mind without making her afraid. At last she caught sight of a deer striding through the timber, sound-

## THE MARKET'S

## TOBACCO MARKET.

TORONTO, April 30.—The Board of Trade quotations for yesterday are as follows:

Manitoba Wheat (in Store, Fort William, including 5¢ Tax).

No. 1 northern, \$2.30.

No. 2 northern, \$2.17½.

No. 3 northern, \$2.15.

No. 4 northern, \$2.13.

No. 5, 1 feed, \$2.00.

American Corn (Track, Toronto).

No. 2 white, kilm.-dried, \$1.90 nominal.

No. 4 yellow, kilm.-dried, \$1.85 nominal.

Ontario Wheat (According to Freight Out- side).

No. 1 feed, \$2.00.

Buckwheat (According to Freight Out- side).

Buckwheat, \$1.84 to \$1.88.

Rye (According to Freight Out-side).

Manitoba Flour (Toronto).

War quality, \$1.10 per bag.

War quality, \$1.05 in bags, Montreal.

No. 2 winter, per car, \$2.22.

Pea (According to Freight Outside).

No. 2, 1 feed, \$1.60.

Buckwheat (According to Freight Out- side).

Buckwheat, \$1.84 to \$1.88.

Rye (According to Freight Out-side).

Manitoba Flour (Toronto).

War quality, \$1.10 per bag.

War quality, \$1.05 in bags, Montreal.

Milled, \$1.05 per bag delivered, Montreal.

Bran, per ton, \$75.40.

Shorts, per ton, \$74.40.

Shorts, per ton, \$73.40.

Cash price, \$73.40.

Oats—  
Oats, July, \$1.10 to \$1.11 per bushel.

Barley—  
Barley, \$1.50 per bushel.

Oats—  
Oats, July, \$1.10 to \$1.11 per bushel.

Rye—  
Rye, \$1.50 per bushel.

Barley—  
Barley, \$1.50 per bushel.

Rye—  
Rye, \$1.50 per bushel.

Winnipeg GRAIN MARKET.

WINNIPEG, April 30.—There was little interest in the cash oats market today, with no demand and no offerings. There was a fair demand for wheat, with offerings light. Cash fax was unchanged from yesterday.

Oats—July, 2¢ lower for May and 1¢ higher for July. Barley closed 1¢ lower for May and 3¢ lower for July.

Barley—  
Barley, \$1.50 per bushel.

Oats—  
Oats, July, \$1.10 to \$1.11 per bushel.

Clear barley, 14 to 16 lbs., 13¢.

Long clear middles, light, 24 to 34 lbs., 13¢.

Long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 45 lbs., 13¢.

Short clear backs, 15 to 20 lbs., 15¢.

Shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs., 12¢.

Lard, prime refined, in barrels, 12¢.

Lard, refined, pails, 12¢.

Tallow, Australian in London, 12¢.

Rosin, common, 6¢.

Petroleum, refined, 5¢.

Linseed oil, 6¢.

Linseed oil, 5¢.

War kerocene, No. 2, 12¢.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

## UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, April 30.—Monday's trading on the Union Stock Yards was marked by a strong demand and active market for all classes of butcher cattle, which sold up to 25¢ to 40¢ higher than Monday's prices.

Primes and steers, \$1.40 to \$1.50; calves, \$7.50 to \$12.75.

Hogs—  
Hogs, 45,000. Unsettled; light, \$1.75; mixed, \$1.90 to \$1.95; heavy, \$1.10 to \$1.15; rough, \$1.10 to \$1.15; pigs, \$1.25 to \$1.30; bull, \$1.10 to \$1.15.

Sheep—  
Sheep, 14,000. Weak; native, \$1.25 to \$1.65; lambs, native, \$1.15 to \$2.10.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 29.—Cattle—Receipts, 15,

000. Steers, \$1.10 to \$1.15; calves, \$7.50 to \$12.75.

Pigs—  
Pigs, 45,000. Unsettled; light, \$1.75;

mixed, \$1.90 to \$1.95; heavy, \$1.10 to \$1.15; rough, \$1.10 to \$1.15; pigs, \$1.25 to \$1.30; bull, \$1.10 to \$1.15.

Sheep—  
Sheep, 14,000. Weak; native, \$1.25 to \$1.65; lambs, native, \$1.15 to \$2.10.

French Senator Dead.

Rome, April 30.—News has

reached the Vatican that the menacing political complications in Austria are due to a widespread agitation of the Jugoslavs and Czechs, who are bent on resorting to systematic obstructionism with the object of weakening the government.

It is also reported that Emperor Charles has solicited the Pope's intervention to dissuade the

## Profitable Career Comes to Its End

**JOHN MCGAGGART FORMERLY OF MOIRA, DIES AT HONOLULU.—HE WAS LARGELY DEVOTED TO GOOD OF OTHERS, SAYS HONOLULU PAPER.**

John McTaggart, a native of this country, has passed away at Honolulu, capital of the Hawaiian Islands where he has resided the past twenty years.

Mr. McTaggart was the youngest son of the late Allan McTaggart and was born at Moira in Huntingdon township 57 years ago.

After being educated at the public school and Brantford Collegiate Institute, he continued his father's business at Moira in the manufacture of sawing mills. Later he removed to California and after a few years went on to the Hawaiian Islands.

Mr. McTaggart, in addition to his immediate family is survived by four sisters, Mrs. John Vermilyea of British Columbia, Mrs. Geo. Clapp of Alberta, Mrs. L. J. Burks of Fulmer and Mrs. Samuel Ketcheson of Moira.

The following report of Mr. McTaggart's career and further particulars about his family and the occasion of his death we copy from one of the daily papers of Honolulu.

John McTaggart has gone. Honold seems to have had more than his share of sudden deaths of late.

Not a large number of Mr. McTaggart's friends knew during the week that he was ill, and none of them realized yesterday morning that his condition was critical.

But shortly after two o'clock yesterday afternoon his earthly life ended. Last Sunday according to his lifelong custom, he met with friends at the services at the First Methodist church in good health and spirits. Today at three o'clock in the same place his funeral services will be held.

In the early hours of Tuesday, Mr. McTaggart was taken with a sudden attack of what appeared to be appendicitis, but he seemed to respond to treatment. On Friday, however, he was taken to Queen's Hospital where he was operated on that afternoon. The immediate cause of his death was peritonitis.

### LONG TIME RESIDENT

Mr. McTaggart was fifty-eight years of age and first came to Hawaii twenty years ago. He was a native of the Province of Ontario, Canada, having been born near Belleville on May 27, 1860. There were eight sisters and three brothers in the family.

By trade a mechanic, he found his way to Southern California during the "boom days" of 1886. But in San Diego, where he was working, the Y.M.C.A. needed a secretary and young McTaggart was selected for the task. Here he spent four years, during which time he was married to Miss Mary Elizabeth Fulmer.

From San Diego he came to Honolulu and entered the employ of the Oahu Railway and Land Co., working under John A. Hughes in the car shops. In 1900 he went to Hilo for the Hilo Railroad Company as master car builder. It was under him that the rolling stock of the line was constructed.

### Go to Vancouver

In 1902, he went to Vancouver, and spent two years with his brother in business. But the call of the Islands was too strong, and he returned to his former employer, the Oahu Railway and Land Company.

### Associated Express Regard

The high regard of the company for him was expressed by many of the railroad men yesterday when the news of his death was received. "He was a good man," said Superintendent Mennison, "good in every way. He never failed to command the respect of all classes—his fellow employees just as absolutely as the management." It was this latter quality that took him to the position which he held during the last years of his life.

### Work For College

The College of Hawaii was looking for a man to take charge of its shops and Mr. McTaggart had the qualifications of technical skill, high character and attractiveness to young people to make him the ideal man for the place. President Dean of the College said yesterday: "For about eight years John McTaggart has been in charge of the shops' work at the College of Hawaii. We have held him in high esteem, not only because he was an efficient man and a valuable teacher, but also because of his character and influence. In him we all recognize a Christian and a man—one who lived his Christianity in a simple, straightforward practical way which made every one of us better. We have experienced

a great loss, but no one can measure the good that will flow from his association with the succession of students who have worked in the shops of the College at Hawaii."

### Of Simple Life

Born a Quaker, no title ever seemed quite so appropriate before his name. Much of the simplicity and directness of the Friends remained with him throughout life. This formed quite a part of the charm of his character. But from youth he was associated with the Methodist church. He was among the most prominent and devoted members of the local congregation, and was peculiarly loved and respected by them.

Not infrequently he addressed the Sunday congregations and always with profit and edification to his hearers. But especially it was a delight to him to bring the power and comfort of the gospel to such groups as those at the Leahi Home, the Kaliki Detention Home and the jails.

Here his kindly, wholesome life made the messages that he brought always effective. Prof. J. M. Young often said of him that he was "just the kind of man to have with boys." But he was quite as popular with girls. Long deeply interested in the girls. Wesley Home for Girls, he never went to the Home without the girls flocking around him as they were supposed to have done to the Pied Piper of Hamlin. Few will mourn his loss more than these oriental girls from the plantations.

### Beavered Family

Three boys were born in the McTaggart home. The oldest died in San Diego, where the ashes of the father will repose. The others are well known here. Glenn McTaggart of the Hawaiian Trust Company and Earl, a senior at McKinley High school and also employed at Y.M.C.A. These, with Mrs. McTaggart, form the immediate home circle. Mrs. H. N. Dennison is a niece and Mr. J. H. Ketcheson is a nephew.

The funeral services will be held at three o'clock at the First Methodist church, Beretania and Victoria streets. The students of the College of Hawaii are to sit with the faculty at the service.

### Sustain Chalmers' Call

**TO THE REV. R. J. WILSON, OF VANCOUVER, B.C.**

The Kingston Presbytery Hears a Deputation From Chalmers—The Call Is To Be Officially Extended.

Kingston.—The call extended to Rev. R. J. Wilson of Vancouver, B.C., by Chalmers church, was considered at a special meeting of the Kingston Presbytery, held in Chalmers church on Thursday afternoon at three o'clock. The moderator, Rev. J. Ratney of Tweed, presiding.

Prof. W. G. Jordan, interim moderator, gave an account of the management of the congregation at Chalmers church by himself, and a committee during the vacancy. He stated that after inquiries in various directions, and after careful consideration, Rev. R. J. Wilson of Vancouver, had been asked to preach anniversary services as they were well satisfied with his coming and wanted him to meet the congregation. In view of the early meeting of the Presbytery, the time had not been long, but the call had been well signed, by 252, with one elder to bear from.

Principal Ross reported for the session, stating that it unanimously concurred in the call.

J. M. Farrel spoke on behalf of the managers and stated that before making recommendations they had taken due steps to try and interpret the feeling of the congregation.

The following gentleman spoke on behalf of the congregation.

D. G. Laddlaw, who referred to the work of Rev. Mr. Wilson among the young men and the need there would be for such work in the future; Prof. MacClement, who mentioned the unanimity in his own particular district, and W. H. Dyde, who spoke on behalf of the business men of the congregation.

The call of the moderator was then approved and the call sustained.

Rev. Principal McKay of Westminster Hall, and Rev. J. H. Miller, of Vancouver, were appointed to present the claims of Chalmers church in the Westminster Presbytery.

The Presbytery gave permission to keep the call open another week, so that others might have an opportunity of signing, in case Dr. Wilson accepts.

The moderator and the clerk of Presbytery were appointed a committee to arrange with Chalmers session for the induction.

**An Oil Without Alcohol.**—Some oils and many medicines have alcohol as a prominent ingredient. A judicious mingling of six essential oils compose the famous Dr. Thomas Electric Oil, and there is no alcohol in it, so that its effects are lasting. There is no medicinal oil compounded that can equal this in its preventive and healing power.

## Eloquence And Suggestiveness

### CHARACTERIZED THE REPORT OF HISTORICAL COM. OF ONTARIO BAR ASSN. BY LT-COL W. N. PONTON

The Canadian Law Times contains the following very complimentary reference to the Report of the Historical Committee, over the signature of William N. Ponton, chairman and archivist. Colonel Ponton surpassed himself in the eloquence and suggestiveness of this report. We regret that lack of space forbids our publishing it at full length. We gratefully acknowledge the kindly and indulgent reference to The Canadian Law Times; and call special attention to the original suggestion of the concluding words—"A striking book has been published during the year entitled "English History in English Poetry," who will write the book entitled "English History in English Law?" Beyond that we can only allow ourselves two short extracts. The first has reference to that which monopolises nearly all our thought today—the war:

"Are there any nobler words than those of Asquith, K.C.: "For my part, I say, that sooner than be a silent witness, which means in effect a willing accomplice, of this tragic triumph of force over law and of brutality over freedom, I would see this country of ours blotted out of the page of history?" To such sentiments all those whose ears are not deaf, whose hearts are not adamant, whose reason is not warped, will respond with one mind and one accord in the Dominions beyond the seas, and with our kindred across the line, with common ideals, a common law, a common mother tongue, all rallying around the mother of nations, of which we are now factors in the life as well as sharers in the sentiment:

Land of hope and glory.  
Mother of the Free.  
Wider still and wider may her bounds be set.  
God who made her, mighty make her mightier yet.  
For our armes "conquer but to save." Ours is an Empire of the Spirit—and the king's name (and above all that of the King of Kings) is a tower of strength."

The other extract from this report which we wish to give has reference to a recent visit of the Chairman to Washington:

"Canada literally stands at Pike's Peak of appreciation throughout the United States of America. We have set the pace through those "happy warriors" of ours whom the enemy themselves have described in recent Orders as the "greatest shock troops in the world." Within a stone's throw of the great Capitol is Mademoiselle Lodge. Lt. Wor. Bro. A. H. Watson, of Mademoiselle, occupies the office this year, and he was accompanied by a number of members of Mademoiselle Lodge. A large number of visitors were also present from Sirling, Havelock, Belleville and other lodges. Rev. Mr. Young, deputy grand chaplain of the District, was also present and gave a short address during the session of the Lodge.

Following the regular meeting of the Lodge, the Fourth Degree was put on in the hall underneath the Lodge room. Mr. Thos. Potts was again the caterer for the event, and he more than lived up to the enviable reputation he has made along that line. The repast was all that could be desired.

Following the supper there was the usual toast list. Among those taking part in this part of the program, either in proposing or responding to toasts were Mr. Watson, D.D.G.M.; Mr. Yates, W.M. of Stirling Lodge; Rev. S. E. Morton, I.E.M. of Concession Lodge; Rev. James Skene, of Havelock Lodge; Mr. W. E. Connor, F.M. of Mademoiselle Lodge; Rev. W. P. Woodger and Mr. J. F. Baker, W.M. of Marmora Lodge. The speeches were of high order and were heartily applauded.

A special feature of the program, which made it one of the most enjoyable in the history of the Lodge, was a number of selections by a male quartette composed of Messrs. S. R. Barrows, T. E. Austin, E. Mouck and H. Moorman, of Belleville. They are all particularly gifted singers and their voices blended perfectly.

They were very generous, giving half a dozen numbers. Mr. Austin also sang a solo.—Marmora Herald.

### MOUNT ZION

Our new cheese maker, Mr. Latta, has arrived and it is expected our factory will start next week.

Mrs. G. S. Way has returned from Foxboro after spending the past week with her sister, Mrs. Haight.

Mrs. Fred Crews is putting up a new drive house. Mr. Ames has the job.

Mrs. P. Way and Mrs. W. Harrington attended the Women's Institute at Mrs. Kilbank's on Wednesday last.

Mr. Blake Way is putting considerable improvements on his house. Looks rather suspicious, Blake.

Mr. and Miss Hendrick were callers at Mr. W. Harrington's on Friday.

Several from her attended the play of "Too Many Husbands" in Franklin last week.

## Letter From Overseas

The following letter was received by Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Hinchcliffe from their son, Pte. T. Raymond Hinchcliffe who is in France.

Somewhere in France  
March 30th, 1918.

Dear Folks at Home,—

Just a few lines tonight to tell you I am in France and hope they find you as well as they leave me.

I am getting along alright and like it fairly well so far. Of course I

find it quite different from England but they say a change is as good as a rest. I got the different letters

with the money in that you had been sending the day before I left Eng-

land, also a dandy parcel from the

good old ninth line of Rawdon, and

it sure did me a lot of good, for it

came all the way from Morton's.

You can address my mail No. 1627-

544, 19th Can. B. E. F. Battalion,

France. I received since coming

here my dandy birthday box from

home also a lovely box of eats from

Aunt Ann and Francis' box of

candy so I think I have done very

well for a beginning in France. I

suppose it is getting fairly warm in

Canada by this time.

I have run across some of the old

battalion since coming here, Garnet

Clarke from Campbellford and

Irwin from Norwood and it did seem

good to see some of the lads from

home.

Well, dad, have you and Herb got

that orchard all trimmed up in good

shape? I suppose Francis is home

from Toronto now for Easter holidays.

This letter will have to do for

Mabel too, now since she is home.

How are all the horses coming on

Charlie?

Send plenty of socks and money

in small quantities. If a fellow has

money he can get along fine for

itself.

Overlooked by those who know John

Barleycorn only as he appears in

the pages of prohibition literature.

That is, that a man who is not intox-

icated in the legal sense of the word,

without showing signs that a non-expert

would recognize as storm

signals of drunkenness, and who may

have had a drink or two drinks, or

perhaps more, is yet not the same

person that he would have been if

he had no drink at all. Those who

have to deal with him have to deal

with a different individual, whose

mind lacks temporarily its normal

factor of judgment. In some cases

the temper is improved in a man

who has imbibed a small dose of

poison; in many cases it is altered

for the worse. In some cases, per-

haps in many, the imagination is

stimulated, but the judgment is fid-

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## Picked Up Around Town

Interesting News Items Gathered by Our Reporter While on His Rounds.

At the Belleville Cheese Board today cheese sold at 23½ cents, the following factors boarding—Sidney 100 boxes; Sidney Town Hall 70; Bayside 30; Zion 60 and Foxboro 50.

A child's coat was taken from a clothes line on Charlotte Street by a person who is known. If it is not returned proceedings will likely be taken.

Mr. Frederick Westfall, of Sidney near Trenton and Miss Violet Wilson, daughter of Pte. Frank Wilson, Pinneade Street were married Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's parents by Ven. Archdeacon Beamish. After the ceremony a company of about fifty sat down to supper.

Rev. Dr. E. N. Baker, principal of Albert College received word this morning that his youngest son, Signaller Fred Baker had been gassed while on active service in France. He had been at the front only a month, having gone over on March 23rd last. Fred enlisted with the Cobourg Heavy Battery and went overseas last fall. A multitude of friends about the city will hope that his injury does not prove serious.

Little Jimmy Day of 17 West Bridge street brought a stray horse to the police station at 4:45 yesterday afternoon. At 5:30 Mr. Joseph Stewart, who is a stranger and trades horses, claimed the animal, which had broken away from a vehicle to which it was tied.

Three little girls in Bleeker ward took to wandering from their homes yesterday afternoon and caused their friends and neighbors and the police a deal of anxiety. The little Misses were located and spent the night at home.

Chief of Police Newton has received from Chief F. W. Barrett, of Napanee a request to arrest any person in charge of a Ford car stolen from that place. The description given is as follows:—1917 Ford car, engine No. 62939, Ontario license 90819, spare tire on back, Dunlop. Rug in car, marked R. L. Wright.

Mr. John Frawley, 100 Cedar St., has received the following telegram relating to Pte. Joseph Frawley who went overseas with the 155th battalion.

"Sincerely regret inform you 637008 Pte. Joseph Frawley, Infantry, officially reported admitted 57 Casualty Clearing Station, April 19, 1918, gunshot wound in right thigh."

The annual congregational meeting of the Tabernacle Church in conjunction with a meeting of the Ladies' Aid, at which they received their annual talent money, was an occasion of unusual interest. Reports from the various departments of the church indicated a very healthy condition of affairs both spiritual and financial. The contributions for current revenue, extension fund, missions, educational and social service and evangelism, being on the whole the largest in the church's history. The Sunday School has had an especially successful year. The membership is also larger than at any previous time, over 100 members having been received the past year. The interest and enthusiasm of the gathering bespeaks the utmost unity and co-operation for the coming year.

Killed in action, March 30th, Trooper Frank McKnight, son of I. C. McKnight, formerly of Belleville but now of Winnipeg.

Our fellow townsmen, Mr. W. C. Mikell, K. C. had the distinguished honor conferred upon him yesterday or being elected to the presidency of the Canadian Fraternal Association at the annual meeting held at Hamilton. The Canadian Fraternal Association is an organization representation of all the benevolent and fraternal organizations in Canada. It includes all religions and both English and French societies. The C.M.B.A. the I.O.F., the A.O.U.W., the C.O.F. and a host of similar societies, embracing a membership of 400,000 are represented. Mr. Mikell was vice-president last year and advanced to the presidency this year. The other principal officers were Mo-

Kilop, crown attorney, London, Vice Pres; J. A. A. Brodewi, K. C. Montreal, chairman of executive; Lyman Lee, barrister, Hamilton representation on the executive; W. F. Montague, Hamilton, secretary-treasurer.

Agent Geo. V. Simmons has received from the Studebaker factory at Windsor, an unusually beautiful five-passenger touring car, 1918 model. The finish is maroon and engine 45 H. P. This car came by freight but Mr. Simmons is expecting notice any time that others must be forwarded by their own power, road route owing to the congestion of railway traffic.

Gunner W. C. Burgess, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Burgess, Foster Ave. arrived home yesterday from the front. He left here with the 34th Battery in 1914 and passed through many engagements and was wounded slightly and gassed very badly at the battle of Loos. He also had the experience of being buried by a shell.

The funeral of the late George W. Sills took place on Saturday from his late residence, Marshal Road, Rev. J. N. Clarry officiating. The interment was in Belleville Cemetery, the bearers the same. The services were ordered to pay costs and was put under bonds for six months. His employer spoke a good word for Lambert. It was shown that the complainant had used some insulting language to Lambert.

A report was current last evening that the body of the child which was drowned in the Moira River near the footbridge some weeks ago had been recovered by some person who was in a boat near the baybridge. There is no foundation for the rumor of the recovery.

Barn burned in Thurlow.—The barn of Fred Treverton, 57 concession of Thurlow, was burned to the ground on Sunday. The origin of the fire is unknown. Fortunately the stock was all outside at the time and escaped. All the implements and wagons were saved by the helpers who came.

There was however a quantity of grain and fodder destroyed. The barn was a good one and the loss will be heavy, being estimated at \$2,500 to \$3,000 with only \$1,200 insurance.

Congratulations to Mr. William Lynch, whose wife this morning gave birth to triplets, two girls and a boy. Mother and children are doing fine.

The steamer Belleville this morning paid her first visit to the port of Belleville.

Mr. Winters teller of the Bank of Montreal at Belleville for some time has been removed to Trenton Branch where he becomes accountant. His place here is taken by Miss Ula L. Millard.

Shortly after midnight a freight collision occurred a short distance east of the Grand Trunk depot, as a result of which two or three box cars were smashed. One engine was put off the track. The line was blocked until about 6 o'clock this morning. Trains from east and west were held up at Maryville and Belleville.

At noon today, a collision occurred at the corner of Front and Campbell Streets between Mr. Adolph Burgoyne's automobile and Mr. Herbert Mitchell's motorcycle. The latter machine was somewhat damaged. Mr. Mitchell was thrown and shaken up the steering gear of the car was out of commission.

The Women's Patriotic League of Queensboro have forwarded to Mr. D. V. Sinclair a cheque for \$50 to apply to the trench work of the G. W. C. A. overseas. These women have sons and husbands at the front and in this practical way express their appreciation of the splendid work being done by the G. W. C. A. for our men overseas.

The census of man and woman power will likely be taken on June 29th. Among the registrars so far appointed is J. M. Crewe, of Trenton for Northumberland.

**BARLOW-WALT**

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Walt, Stockdale, was the scene of a very pleasing event on April 3rd when their only daughter, Mabel Gertrude, was united in marriage to Mr. Morley Barlow, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Barlow, of Bell View. Promptly at eleven o'clock to the strains of the wedding march played by Miss Lillian Davidson, of Campbellford, the bride, leaning on the arm of her father, entered the parlor and took her place beneath an arch of evergreens and chrysanthemums where the groom was waiting. The Rev. R. M. Paterson performed the ceremony.

Percy Burnett was arrested at a dance hall on Bridge St. at 11:30 Sunday night for being drunk. This morning Magistrate Masson fined him \$50 and costs which Burnett paid. This is the heaviest fine levied for intoxication in the city for a long time.

It is reported that soldiers who have lost the sense of hearing

permanently as a result of warfare may attend for instruction at the Ontario School for the Deaf.

S. J. Turner, Belleville; N. Putman, Picton; M. Oliver, Foxboro; E. T. Naylor, Madio, R. N. Heath of Trenton and L. Buckler, of Redversville, invalided soldiers, have arrived at Kingston from overseas.

The remains of the late Miss D. Brown, who died in Toronto were brought to Belleville today. The interment will be at Reid's Cemetery. The deceased was a daughter of Mr. David Brown, of Toronto, formerly of Belleville.

In police court this morning, Peter Labarge accused of non-support of his wife was remanded until May 7th. Percy Lambert, a young man accused of stabbing J. Edward at the March Engineering Works one day last week was ordered to pay costs and was put under bonds for six months. His employer spoke a good word for Lambert. It was shown that the complainant had used some insulting language to Lambert.

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There was however a quantity of grain and fodder destroyed. The barn was a good one and the loss will be heavy, being estimated at \$2,500 to \$3,000 with only \$1,200 insurance.

Only Son Taken

The order-in-council passed last week takes my only son, which leaves me in a very bad position," writes a Fenwick farmer. "I am a man of 58 years of age. I have worked out for wages since I was eight years of age, and at present I am not able to do a hard day's work. I have fifty acres of land under cultivation. I am engaged in mixed farming which requires a great deal of work. My son is in Class A, and was exempted from farm production. I have no other source of help. I would like to get help of some kind. I would prefer a boy that has had some farm experience. If you have no boy at present I hope that you may have some boy in the neighborhood that you might transfer to me. I formerly had one of your boys working for me who is now in the trenches."

**Saved the Situation.**

In many districts our boys are almost the only help that is left to the farmers outside of their own families," said Mr. Owen. "Many a farmer's crop could never have been harvested last season—indeed would never have been sown—it had not been for the Barnardo boy. The girls have turned out bravely and given valuable help outside as well as in. Under ordinary conditions we strongly discourage the employment of girls at outside work of any description, but we must realize that in these exceptional and critical times many rules must be relaxed and things allowed, and, indeed, encouraged, that would not be permissible in times of peace and plenty."

**Conditions Prohibitive.**

George Grenaway, superintendent of the Fagan Boys' Home, said that conditions in England did not permit of the sending of boys to Canada. It would now cost \$75 to bring a Fagan boy to Canada. Difficulty would be experienced in securing boat accommodation. He said that there was not the necessity of boys coming to Canada which existed in pre-war days. There was plenty of work in England. Many boys, who in normal times would be coming to Canada, were fighting in France, despite the fact that they were not eighteen years of age.

At the Boys' Home, George street, arrangements are being made to send boys to the farm this season. Last year twenty-two inmates of this institution were at work on farms.

**A Sure Corrective of Flatulence.**

When the undigested food lies in the stomach it throws off gases causing pains and oppression in the stomach's region. The following construction of these lies is offensive and the best way to prevent them is to restore the stomach to proper action. Parmelee's Vegetable Pill will do this. Simple directions go with each packet and a course of hem taken systematically is certain to effect a cure.

by auto for Trenton where they took the C.P.R. for Toronto. Congratulations were received from Belleville, Newark and Rochester. On their return Mr. and Mrs. Barlow will reside on the farm at Bell View, where they will be at home to their friends after May 1st.

Will Present Proposition from Belleville to Private Bills Committee.

**Many Farmers Want Boys**

**BUT FEW ARE AVAILABLE**

Through the Barnardo and Fagan Homes—War Conditions Prevent Bringing of Boys to Canada.

Toronto.—Some evidence of the labor shortage on the farms of the province is contained in the large number of applications for boys received by the Barnardo Home and the Fagan Boys' Home. War conditions, which have prevented these institutions from bringing boys to Canada almost since the outbreak of hostilities, are responsible for the homes being unable to respond to the calls for help, save in rare instances.

**Would Sink Children**

"The Germans would have no hesitation in sending a large party of helpless children to the bottom, and would probably regard it as a grand feat of ruthlessness," said Albert B. Owen, superintendent of the Barnardo Home today in discussing the situation.

"Our work of bringing parties of children overseas has been brought to a standstill on account of the submarine menace. Public opinion would never sanction our exposing large parties of young children to the risks that at present beset ocean travel. For the past two years, therefore, we have received none from our homes in England, although over 7,000 are in those institutions, of whom a large proportion are eligible for immigration. There is an enormous demand amongst the farmers for our boys. Any boy capable of useful service who becomes available is eagerly caught up. Many of the appeals we receive for help are almost tragic."

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**After the signing of the register,**

the bride and groom led the way to the dining room where a sumptuous wedding dinner was served to about sixty invited guests. Amid showers of confetti the bride and groom left

## Mayor To Head Deputation

Will Present Proposition from Belleville to Private Bills Committee.

Last evening at the special meeting of the city council Mayor Platt was authorized to go to Ottawa on Thursday to present a proposition from the city to the Private Bills Committee regarding the bay bridge purchase. The decision was reached in committee and the details of the report are not made public.

Ald. Robinson moved, seconded by Ald. Hanna that the Mayor and Col. W. N. Ponton be a delegation to go to Ottawa.

Ald. Whelan moved, seconded by Ald. Curry that the Mayor be authorized to invite whom he desired to go with him to meet the Private Bills Committee.

Ald. Robinson said: "It is about time this council began to practise economy. We have been liberal in the matter of deputations this year. This time a small committee would suffice to meet the Private Bills Committee."

Ald. Whelan said he had information on the matter which he thought justified his going to Ottawa. Ald. Robinson thought he should not.

Ald. Curry thought the matter should not be taken out of the Mayor's hand as to who shall go.

A discussion followed, the general opinion being that Ald. Whelan's motion included the former. Ald. Hanna said so too.

Col. Ponton stated why he desired to go to Ottawa. He was thoroughly conversant with the situation and a lawyer who was able to present the case to the Private Bills Committee.

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## Why The Sugar Shortage?

OTHER ARTICLES SCARCE

Plenty of Sugar in Cuba—No Ships to Bring it Here—Spices Go Up—Pineapples Late

In all the complicated food situation there is none that affects the whole consuming public as does the sugar problem at the present time. The housewife wonders what she is going to do without preserving this year and even Willie is worrying about the candy supply. What is the reason of this tremendous shortage?

Mr. W. G. A. Lambe, the Toronto representative of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refineries, of Montreal, said:

"At the present time there are bigger supplies of raw sugar in Cuba than ever before, there being in the neighborhood of one million tons waiting shipment, but the shortage of sugar in Canada to day is owing to the shortage of ships to bring the raw sugar from Cuba and the West Indies to Atlantic points. The sugar division of the Food Control Board has allotted to Canada about 20,000 tons of sugar for the season of 1918, which is the average of the last three seasons, but owing to the shortage of ships not nearly the average amount has so far been brought into the country."

### Dutch Ships to Relief

However, the estimate is made that within the next few weeks about twenty of the Dutch ships recently taken over by the United States will be used in Cuba and West Indies trade, which should help relieve the situation greatly."

Sugar, which before the war duties were put on, retailed at six cents per pound, is now retailing at eleven cents, and a good deal of the shortage at present is blamed on consumers who as soon as they heard prices were going up, began to board.

### Much Saved

By the new food controller's orders a great deal of sugar has been saved by restaurants in doing away with the public sugar bowl and serving the two-teaspoonful package. Patterson's report that they save about ten pounds per day by the new order, while one of the largest restaurants in the city reports a saving of 25 percent."

Up to the present time tea drinkers have had no need to worry, as long as they could pay the price, for although the price has about doubled there has been a goodly supply. However, the majority of tea has been coming from the Dutch East Indies, Java and Sumatra, and the cutting off of the Dutch ships will probably stop the supply. No tea is coming from China at present, and Japan seems to need all her shipping space, and, as a consequence, has just added two cents per pound extra freight.

### Coffee Goes Up

Mr. Fisher, the tea and coffee buyer for Eby, Blain, Limited, said Saturday: "Up to the present there has been very little increase in the price of coffee, but most of our coffee comes through the United States and they will not issue any more coffee licenses. As a result the supply is getting lower and prices are advancing, although it is hoped that some arrangement will be made by which we may be granted a proportion of the average amount."

### Spices

Dalton Bros. report that the spice markets continue to be very favorable and there is a general apprehension as to the possibility of delays and embargoes regarding goods contracted for and not yet shipped from the Orient.

"Prices are advancing in all grades, and many lines are scarcer even than their advanced prices would indicate, and many are unobtainable at any price." This means that prices will be higher unless there is a wide, continuous restriction in demand, which is not probable.

Cayenne pepper, pastry spice and curry powder have increased two cents per pound; celery seed, five cents per pound. Owing to the scarcity of sugar Dalton Bros. have ordered their travelling salesmen to accept no orders for summer drinks and jelly powders for prompt shipment.

### Tropical Fruits

The tropical fruit situation is reported dubious. Mr. Eugene Moore, a fruit broker, says: "The United States have stopped all imports of Cuban grapefruit, which, of course, cuts Canada. The shipments of pine apples, oranges and grapefruit has been limited to 20,000 cases per

week, against from 65,000 to 75,000 per week at the same time last year."

Owing to the drought which lasted for five weeks, the Cuban pineapple crop is about 35 per cent of what it was last year, and the price will be about \$1.50 increased on last year, while the pineapples will not reach here till about four weeks later than in previous seasons.

There are plenty of prunes and they are likely to remain at their usual price, while the quantity of dates available is about one-quarter of what it usually is. In the last year the price of dates has increased from 12½ to 30 cents per package. Bananas are somewhat scarce and there is some talk of the United States stopping importation.

### Oranges and Lemons

The California naval orange crop this season was reduced about ten per cent, owing to the drought and the intense heat, which for ten days hovered between 100 and 110 degrees, killing much of the unripe fruit on the trees and consequently raising the prices, while the high cost of lemons is due to the high cost of labor in Italy, increase in freight charges and from 5 to 10 per cent marine insurance.

### The Farmers' Tasks

The following letter, on the advantages to be derived from the Daylight Saving Bill, written by a farmer's wife to the Mail & Empire, should be of interest to our readers in the city, and if some of the suggestions are followed might prove equally advantageous:

To the Editor of The Mail and Empire:

I have often wondered why someone did not write you something concerning the hours the farmers have to work and this Daylight Bill. I was glad to see that John Best, member for this county, spoke against it. But he did not say half enough. Why didn't he tell the hours the people who cleared this country up worked? My grandfather was one of the pioneers of what is now Dufferin County. I don't know what hours he worked, but my father and mother always had the cows milked before sunrise and worked often long into the night. Do you wonder that I think this Daylight Bill silly? And it is proving worse than silly to the farmer. The school children, under the old time, could help with the milking. Now, if they have any distance to walk, they can't help and get to school in time. And why shouldn't the hired help on the farm stop at five o'clock? Now what is the use of the Government asking us to produce more food and making laws to hinder us all they can? I cannot find words to express the feelings of the farmers over this.

Let us consider the war for a few minutes. Nobody but the farmers know how hard we have tried to grow more food. Now the Government is going to take away a lot of our best help. No doubt the men are needed at the front and should have been there months ago, but are there not thousands of men under forty-five years working in tobacco factories, in barber shops, in laundries and lots of other work that we all can get along without? Can't the women in the towns and cities do their own washing when we women on the farms have to milk cows, make butter, raise chickens, bake bread, do all the cooking and washing, and make all the clothes for a family of maybe eight or ten persons? Mr. Editor, when I think of the people in the towns and cities whose lives are spent in idleness and we on the farms have to work eighteen hours a day in order to produce food for them, it makes me feel like saying my prayers backwards.

The farmers of Dufferin are doing their best and yet there is plenty of land in this country lying in pasture, some of it producing very little, for want of help, and the Government talks of sending men from the city. Now, I have been in the city on business once or twice and I saw a goodly number of laborers at work on the street, and at bridges, and some in shops, and I am sure that at the speed they worked three of them would not do as much work in the same time as one farmer or farm hand. Now, see here: We got up this morning before daylight, got the cows milked and the stock fed and my son out to the field at seven o'clock. We quit work in the field at six p.m. (old time), got supper, milked the cows and fed the stock and had all done at ten p.m. The rest of the folks are gone to bed and I am writing this at eleven p.m. (old time). Oh, I forgot to say, while the men rested at noon they red fife head of stock and cleaned all the stables. Mr. Editor, where is the city man, who will do this for his board and clothes, and not very good clothes either? This is straight fact

and is just what is being done by at least ninety per cent of the farmers today, and every day. Almost every day we hear that the railroad men or the miners or somebody have struck for higher pay, but we never hear of the farmers or soldiers going on strike. What would happen if either of them did?

There will have to be a change in the near future. It is no use trying to make a farmer out of a city man. I have seen it tried. If you want a man to be of any use on the farm you must raise him there. He must have the best brains in the world and know how to use them, not in planning strikes nor in making money, but simply feeding everybody from the King to the beggar. I didn't intend to write more than a few words and I have not yet said a hundredth part of what might be said.

I do say send men to the front, but if you take the little help that is left us we can't farm the land, and the city men won't. God help the men at the front.

Yours etc.,  
A Dufferin Farmer's Wife.

## Cadet LeBlanc Met His Death

### A MOTHER'S WORK

#### Is Too Often Followed by Nervous Debility and Shattered Health

#### Second Lieut. Menhenett Severely Injured in Air Accident at Camp Mohawk.

#### Cadet E. P. LeBlanc of the 81st Squadron, Royal Flying Corps is

lying dead at Messrs. Tickell & Sons morgue as a result of a crash which occurred while flying just outside Camp Mohawk aerodrome, Deseronto, yesterday afternoon at 2:15. Second Lieut. E. H. Menhenett of the same squadron is now in a serious condition in Belleville General Hospital, having been injured in the same crash.

Immediately after the accident it was seen that LeBlanc was fatally hurt. His skull having been fractured and his left shoulder smashed. There was no chance of his recovery. The central portion of the face was smashed in by the impact with the frame of the machine.

The two men as soon as extricated were rushed in the R.A.F. motor ambulance to Belleville hospital. Cadet LeBlanc died at 4:45, not long after being admitted.

The next of kin are given as follows: brother, J. D. Menhenett, Eastleigh, S. Malyn, Cornwall, England; and mother, Mrs. F. D. LeBlanc, 97 Alma Street, New Brunswick.

Lieut. Menhenett's condition this morning gave cause for encouragement to the physicians in charge, owing to a slight improvement. His injuries include fractures about the head and a compound fracture of the leg. He is in a semi-conscious state and remembers nothing of the accident. He is 24 years of age.

Cadet LeBlanc was a younger man about 20 years of age.

Relatives of the dead aviator are expected in the city to take charge of the remains. Meanwhile the body will be kept at Messrs. Tickell & Sons morgue pending instructions

MASSASSAGA

SERGT. LEROY MADDEN

who has returned from overseas.

He was signalman with the 155th Battalion. It was at the battle of Vimy Ridge one year ago that he was with a section in an exposed position. He was wounded in the foot and was unable to return when his section retired and lay in No Man's Land for days without food or water. Finally he was rescued in a state of collapse and for many months he was in a precarious state. He has recovered sufficiently to be invalided home. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. George Madden.

The farmers of Dufferin are doing their best and yet there is plenty of

land in this country lying in pasture,

some of it producing very little,

for want of help, and the Government

talks of sending men from the city.

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farm hand. Now, see here: We got

up this morning before daylight,

got the cows milked and the stock

fed and my son out to the field at

seven o'clock. We quit work in the

field at six p.m. (old time), got sup-

per, milked the cows and fed the stock

and had all done at ten p.m. The

rest of the folks are gone to bed and

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aviation corps, Toronto, spent the

week-end with his family here.

Mr. M. C. Johns has purchased a

farm at Allandale and is there at

present putting in his crop. Mrs.

Johns and sons expect to move to

their new home in a few weeks. They

are offering their houses and lots in

Marmora for sale.

Mr. James Ryan is again stocking

his ranch in Marmora Township,

north of the Twin Lakes, which in-

cludes what is known as the old Air-

hart farm.

Mr. Edward Wilkinson, of Call-

ifornia, a former Marmora boy, is

visiting his sister, Mrs. H. M. Jones,

and other relatives in Ontario.

So far as is known Windsor is the

only municipality in Canada to ig-

nore the Government's daylight sav-

ing plan. Officially the city is stick-

ing to the standard time.

Now that everything has been

wound up in connection with the ba-

azaar held on April 6th by the Ladies'

Guild of St. Paul's Church, the re-

sults are greatly pleased with the re-

sult. The net proceeds, after pay-

ing all expenses amounted to over

\$150. It was the most successful

bazaar ever held by the Guild, and

everything was disposed of.—Herald

POSITION OF CHINA

## Turned Over To Japanese

### Shanghai Reports Say Pekin Has Agreed to Serious Demands—Secrecy is Observed

Shanghai, May 1.—The statement

is made in the 1st issue of the Shan-

ghai Gazette which has made its ap-

pearance under the editorship of

Eugene Chen, that the Chinese Gov-

ernment has agreed to new demands

by Japan.

So far as is known Windsor is the

only municipality in Canada to ig-

nore the Government's daylight sav-

ing plan. Officially the city is stick-

ing to the standard time.

Now that everything has been

## RESTRICTION ON HOLDING OF WHEAT AND FLOUR

Fifteen Days' Requirements Maximum Limit Allowed  
Consumers--Regulations as to Manufacturers  
and Dealers--Ministry of Food Created.

**STOCK RESTRICTIONS FOR CANADA**

NADA

(Special to The Ontario) OTTAWA, April 27.—The Canadian Food Board issued an order imposing further restrictions on holding and use of wheat or flour. The order prohibits any person except manufacturers of flour, bakers, confectioners, wholesale, retail dealers or persons living more than fifteen miles from a licensed dealer having in his possession more flour, made wholly or in part from wheat, than is sufficient for fifteen days' requirements. It also prohibits wholesale and retail dealers from holding flour made wholly or in part wheat in excess of quantities sufficient for ordinary trade requirements for a period exceeding sixty days. The feeding of milling wheat or any product thereof except bran and shorts to live stock or poultry after May 1 is forbidden.

### MINISTRY OF FOOD

(Special to The Ontario) OTTAWA, April 27.—It is reported that when the promised cabinet reconstruction takes place a new portfolio will be created to be known as Ministry of Food, under which will be placed the Canada Food Board. The inspection of cold storage warehouses, the cost of living commissioner and other matters of the same general character now divided among various departments.

## Zeebrugge Canal Blocked By British

NAVAL RAIDERS DESTROY  
EVERY GUN ON MOLE BE-  
SIDES MUNITIONS

London, April 25.—Not only was the mouth of the canal at Zeebrugge blocked, but British sailors and marines who participated in the raid on the German submarine bases believe that they destroyed every gun on the Mole, demolished the sheds throughout the entire length and blew up large stores of munitions contained in the sheds, according to stories given by the survivors to the correspondent of the Daily Chronicle at a Kentish port.

Until they were within half a mile of the harbor of Zeebrugge no ships in the attacking force had picked up the fight on the mole. The attacking ship which started for the Mole, followed by muffled calls of "good luck" from the ships' companies of the escorting fleet outside the harbor had scarcely got within sight of the fight when it was discovered by the Germans. Star shells instantly pierced the thick haze, showing up the cruiser as clearly as if it had been daylight.

In one second it seemed as if every battery in the neighborhood had concentrated its fire on the cruiser. How she was able to get ahead none of those watching understood. Great 7-inch shells and others of smaller calibre flew around like hail. She was apparently hit by some of the smaller ones, but she plowed ahead and was seen to turn the corner of the Mole and gain the inside of the harbor. The German fire apparently was deflected from her vital parts by the intervening structure of the Mole and most of the damage done was above the water line.

Disregarding all that had happened, the cruiser went up to the Mole and landed a large party of blue jackets and marines.

Some of the Germans bolted en masse from the nearest batteries, leaving their guns to the British. The guns were destroyed one by one, while others in the landing party dealt with the sheds and munitions stores with flame-throwers.

Apparently under cover of this operation the concrete laden cruisers with which it was intended to block the channels made their way through the harbor, accompanied as far as can be ascertained, by only one submarine. As they approached the entrance they anchored, swung around on the cables and were sunk in 22 minutes.

One of the destroyers or submarines exploded a charge at the gates of the lock to the Burges canal and they are believed to have been destroyed. Meanwhile four destroyers entered the harbor and cruised around, making observations, but were unable to take part in the battle.

When the attacking ship and its landing party had completed their work the sailors and marines were taken aboard again despite the damaged condition of the cruiser which then made its way out of the harbor.

## With The Railway Troops

Although the railway troops on active service in France are practically non-combatant, the splendid and valuable service rendered by them at the front, is frequently alluded to in the press despatches. The roads, constructed by them, have provided for the rapid transit

## How Shell Shock Is Treated

(By H. Addington Bruce)

For the special treatment of shell shock cases the military authorities of England have recently started a new type of hospital, the so-called "home of recovery." It is a type which might be well adopted everywhere for patients afflicted with any kind of functional nervous or mental disorder.

That is what shell shock essentially is—a functional mental disorder.

The person suffering from shell shock is not organically ill. He suffers merely from a fixed idea of illness. But it is an idea so powerful that it has produced in him most distressing symptoms of disease.

Perhaps it has caused him to become partially paralyzed. Perhaps it has made him deaf and dumb or a stammerer.

Whatever the symptoms produced, he is undeniably ill. And he remains ill until by some means his fixed idea of illness has been dislodged.

The founder of the English home of recovery, Sir John Collie, M.D., seeks to attain this vital end by two principal agencies.

First by keeping the patients minds occupied with interesting and remunerative work.

This will tend both to overcome the depression natural to their peculiar form of illness and to lead them gradually to think less and less intensely about their troubles.

And, second, in the homes of recovery they are to be surrounded from the beginning to the end of every day with an atmosphere of the most buoyant cheerfulness.

Says Sir John in stating some of the "fundamental principles" upon which the homes are always to be organized:

"No doctor, sister or nurse who is not an optimistic and enthusiastic believer in the methods is, under any circumstances, to be employed. If any such is found after trial to be inefficient, even if specially selected, he or she must at once be replaced."

The atmosphere of the home must be one of hope. If cheerfulness and industry do not meet one at every turn the administration is seriously defective and must lead to failure.

"If from the incompetency of those responsible, the atmosphere of one of these homes has become vitiated, and the men are found idly lounging against the wall, if the gramophone has taken the place of heart-to-heart consultations with the doctor; if long joy rides relieve the staff of its duties, then radical change must follow."

"No one, however, must be overworked. To allow the resident doctor (on whom really depends the success or otherwise, of the whole scheme) to become tired, worried and stale would be a fatal error."

"In these times of stress one must not be too particular and lay down rules as to how many patients a doctor can serve faithfully. This depends upon the personality of the doctor, the nursing staff which assists him, and very largely upon the atmosphere which he has created."

Shell shock cases are certain to benefit from a faithful adoption of this enlightened program. Any functional nervous or mental patient would likewise benefit.

This is why I would like to see similar homes of recovery numerously established on this side of the Atlantic for the good of the nervously ill in general.

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# Scantlebury's All Wall Paper and Paint Shop

## Big All Wall Paper and Paint Shop

We do not carry Wall Papers and Paints as a side line. We have no side lines. This is an exclusive decorating store, carrying the largest stock of Wall Papers in Eastern Ontario. Wall Papers at moderate prices. Wall Papers you will be proud to have adorn your walls to beautify your homes. Wall Papers selected because of their artistic merit and beauty. Wall Papers of which thought and study has entered into the selection.

That is why our papers are lower in price and our selections superior in style—why too, our prices are lower than Toronto departmental store prices—you surely will pay more for your wall papers in Toronto than at Scantlebury's in The New, Big, All Wall Paper Store with the ever floating flag—

An exclusive store in which capable management devotes all time to Wall Paper and decorative ideas can truly serve you better than departmentals playing with the wall paper trade as a side line.

The Up Street Scantlebury Wall Paper & Paint Store

**C. B. SCANTLEBURY**  
Designer and Decorator

## DEHYDRATION SOLVES PROBLEM PRESERVING PERISHABLE FOOD

FIGHT HUNS WITH THEIR OWN WEAPON—NEW YORK FOOD EXPERTS' PERFECT PROCESS

New York, April 23.—"Dehydration is the only thing that now stands between us and starvation!"

So says Mrs. Stanley McCormick, head of the food section of the U.S. Woman's Committee of National Defense.

Why are the Germans, after a four years' blockade, able to fight with such vigor today?

For an answer to this America's best food experts are now pointing to Germany's dehydration plants, which have been her solution not only of the food but the transportation problem.

"Immediately after the beginning of the present conflict Germany added to her great 430 dehydrating plants 246 more. She is now feeding not only her army but her civilian population and also her cattle with dehydrated foods. If we want to win the war we ought to profit by the experience of the enemy. Dehydration is the only means by which we can feed our armies and meet the needs of our allies, and if we cannot fight we women can at least get together and do our best to conserve the country's perishable foods."

So says Mrs. Oliver Harriman, chairman of the New York Women's Food Committee.

### Appeal for Dehydration

From Washington Mrs. McCormick has sent out an urgent call to the women of every state. It begins thus:

"I want to get your earnest attention in the matter of dehydrated vegetables which is now up for practical and immediate action.

"The quantity of vegetables which go to waste every year is very great. To save them and to get them into small enough bulk so that our crowded railways can transport them—there is the problem. Dehydration is the solution."

"Vegetables are from 70 to 15 per cent. water. Dehydration is a simple process which removes the water and leaves the food. It is practical. A dozen concerns are prepared to make the necessary product as fast as it is wanted."

But though Mrs. McCormick's message begs women to try the various products now on sale by the numerous commercial firms throughout the country, New York women are especially triumphant. For as the result of their civic canning work last summer, a special dehydrating plant has been evolved which they consider excels all others!

### Wonderful Exhibit

Any visitor to New York can now find it up in the east gallery of the Grand Central Station, where the Mrs. Oliver Harriman Dehydrated Food Demonstration has been on view ever since December. Here, painted a battleship grey, is a shed-like box filled with trays, while in the rear is a small steam engine and an electric motor. It occupies a floor space of ten square feet and requires for its operation a room not smaller than twenty feet. It has a capacity of from 800 to 1,000

pounds per twenty-four hours. Adjoining is a room where a half-dozen workers are engaged in preparing the material for its wonderful transformation.

Put on trays and plunged into the warm box are every variety of vegetable and fruit. The result is seen on the adjoining tables in the bottles. Here were to be seen strawberries, cranberries, grapes, Bartlett pears, beets, carrots, cabbage, cauliflower, potatoes, Swiss chard, parsnips, spinach, turnips, Golden Bantam corn, parsnips, celery, mushrooms, tomatoes in various forms, Spanish onions, squash, etc.

### Modern Marvel It Is

While on the same table is shown how marvellously dehydrated food becomes like the fresh article in color and taste by being soaked in water from twenty minutes to three or four hours. No chemicals are used, and the same water is used to cook it.

The weight is reduced from one-seventh to one-fifteenth of the fresh material, a two-inch cube of these tomatoes being equal to a quart can, while ten boxes of strawberries can be reduced to one. The products can be stored at any temperature; will not freeze nor will high temperatures cause them to rot. They require no containers but paraffin bags to protect them from dust, bacteria, etc. They are invaluable, not only in these days of lack of freight cars, but for people who live in apartment houses with little storage space to lay in winter supplies.

### How It Came About

Here on duty for five hours every day is Mrs. Oliver Harriman, of the famous New York millionaire family who is chairman of the woman's food section of the New York mayor's committee of women. Mrs. Harriman was one of the leaders in last year's famous Westchester County Community Kitchen and that need of more economical methods of preserving food.

### Old Preserving Impossible

In an interview Mrs. Harriman said:

"Last summer I discovered it would take four dollars' worth of tin cans to preserve eight dollars' worth of tomatoes, and that next season, if obtainable at all, both tin and glass would be impossible for the average housekeeper."

"Feeling that our food situation was daily growing more critical, I appealed to Dr. Lucius P. Brown, chief of New York's Bureau of Foods and Drugs, to see if we could not find a solution. Dr. Brown assigned me clever Mr. Clarence E. Eiroth, his assistant chief chemist, and complete food research laboratory was equipped. After exhaustive experiments we decided to evolve a special dehydrator machine of our own. It was not part of our original, but though there were many machines on the market, nothing seemed exactly to fit our requirements. So with the aid of special engineers our machine has been designed, which, we think, gives us not only the desired economy of operation, but a well-dried product.

### How It Is Done

"With this machine the process

## About Paints

If you require Dry Goods go to the Dry Goods Store

If Boots to the Boot Shop

If Iron to the Hardware

BUT—if you want Paint and want good Paint, go to the Paint Shop—

THERE you will get what you require—get it right in price—right in quality.

BECAUSE the Paint Shop people are constantly using paints and they know what is good and what poor.

We have everything in paint and everything at right prices—Oils, Lead, Varnish, Turpentine, Glass, also Mixed Paints and more. We will mix for you anything you need. Half of the prepared goods are not as you desire them to be.

## SCANTLEBURY'S PAINT SHOP

## Automobile Painting

Yes, we are Painting Many Autos and our Auto painting is proving most satisfactory. Why Not.

We have three expert Auto painters—skilled mechanics, who have served many years at Car and Carriage painting.

Run your Auto in—have it painted quickly and properly. We will not keep you a month without your car—you can have it in two weeks' time, a perfect job, any color, and our prices you will find reasonable—our Workmanship Superior.

If you are not satisfied, you need not pay—we expect to paint your Auto—soon—and if we do so once, you will come a second and third time if you live long enough to wear out three paintings.

## SCANTLEBURY'S

Auto Painting at Scantlebury's Paint Shop

It is in the public interest he should be returned to Canada, or retained here for military employment.

In determining these points the traveling board consider each man's standard of education, as well as his own personal preferences when a particular means of employing him may be under review.

### Certain Examples

Here are a few examples of what this system of fine-combing has already effected: A carpenter was discovered as attendant in an officers' mess, and was transferred to the engineers. A drygoods traveler was unearthened in another mess, and was sent to be a storekeeper. A miner was found acting as house orderly, and is now one of a tunneling company. A lumber "Jack" was also serving as house orderly, and is now in the forestry corps. A railway man was doing the work of a groom and is now with the railway troops.

Another matter not to be lost sight of is the valuable information which this work may gather in a time when demobilization has to be entered upon, and when the tens of thousands of Canadians go back to the Dominion to enter again upon civil occupation. That is a matter for the future, however, and in the meantime the value of this effort to place the round man in the round hole, and to ensure that no man's labor is wasted, is obvious.

The foregoing is an extract from a memorandum recently issued by the overseas minister of militia in London, when an intensive effort was set on foot to obtain the best possible use of every man enlisted in the Canadian forces. To place in the fighting ranks every man fit to be so placed is now too limited an ambition; what is sought after at this time of day is that every man in the Canadian forces, from the sturdy soldier in the front line to the semi-broken returned casualty doing light work on a top floor of some administrative building in London, shall be performing a task for which his abilities and his previous experience both in and out of the army, most fit him. No doubt a similar ambition is entertained by those who control such matters in the imperial army, but a short study of this intensive effort of the Canadians towards the most thorough use of their military man power will not come amiss.

### Various Branches

In addition to his fighting forces Canada has sent overseas whole battalions of railwaymen and foresters. There are a dozen other subsidiary branches of the service, all of them, of course, requiring reinforcements as much as the combatant units. How, then, are the men to be found for them?

Travelling boards of four officers have been constituted to visit all Canadian military centres. The president of the board must have commanded a battalion in the war, or he must have considerable experience of the qualification required for employment in reserve units, and should also be familiar with the special duties, appear before the board. The medical officer of the depot is also present with the medical history sheet of the man under examination. The board then considers:

"We are to dehydrate the vegetables and fruits which have not been sold and which have been left at the docks and piers. There is a great waste, and seventy-five per cent. of it is absolutely fresh and in condition to be taken care of provided we can take it at once, which, of course, can easily be managed by a committee which will be appointed for that branch of the work. The other half of the kitchen will be used, under the direction of expert assistants, for demonstration and instruction work, such as follows:

"Monday—The use of all substitutes. Tuesday—Dry and wet milk and other baby foods. Wednesday—Dehydration of fruits and vegetables and cooking of

Died—W. McCary, El Dorado.

TODAY'S CASUALTIES

## Royal Purple Calf Meal

### DR. HESS

Stock Tonic and Poultry Panacea

### Sherwin Williams Paints and Varnishes

### FORMALIN KILLS SMUT

### Ostrom's DRUG STORE

213 Front St

## Pies! Pies! Pies!

Try Our Delicious Pies Made in Apple, Raisin, Peach, Pumpkin, Pineapple, Cocoanut and Huckleberry. 30c each. Apple and Raisin Cake 10c. Something New Try One

### Chas S. CLAPP

### MONEY

PRIVATE MONEY TO LOAN ON Mortgages on farm and city property at lowest rates of interest to terms to suit borrowers.

F. S. WALLBRIDGE, Barrister, &c. Corner Front and Bridge Sts., Belleville, over Dominion Bank.

### DEAF PEOPLE

"FRENCH OILENE" absolutely free. Dead and Noises in the Head, so minute and severe as long standing the case may be to incur expenses whose cure was supposed to be incurable.

This New Remedy: Preparation good for the actual seat of the trouble, and One Box ample to effectually cure any ordinary case.

"The Oilene has completely cured me after three years suffering."

Take one Box today. It only costs \$1.00, and

is not liable for any postage.

Address: "SOUTHERN CO. OF SOUTHERN WATLING ST. DARTFORD Kent."

RALEIGH & ABBOTT, Barristers etc. Offices Robertson Block Front St., Belleville, Ont. Chas. E. Frazer, A. Abbott.

### PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR'S BULLETIN, which will be sent free.

### MARION & MARION

every right

### Cheese Price Fixed At 23c

It is announced by the Dairy Produce Commission that the price of cheese for the year 1918 has been agreed upon at 23 cents No. 1 grade.

F. O. B. steamer at Montreal which shows an advance of 1 1/4 cents per pound as compared with the prices paid in 1917.

Soft corns are difficult to eradicate, but Holloway's Corn Cure will draw them out painlessly.

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# UNION BANK OF CANADA

## Save For Investment

War bonds and other attractive investments are open to the man who systematically

saves his money. Such an investment represents what the thrifless man spends in unnecessary trifles. Open a savings account in the Union Bank of Canada. A great help to thrift.

Bellefonte Branch J. G. Moffat, Manager  
Pictou Branch C. B. Beamish, Manager.

## HOG PRODUCTION

**It is a matter of the greatest importance that Canada should increase her production of BACON HOGS and other live stock as there is at present a world-wide shortage of meat. Good markets for some time to come are assured.**

**THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE will gladly make loans to assist farmers in good standing to acquire live stock.**

BELLEVILLE BRANCH

C. M. STORK, Manager

## The Standard Bank of Canada

### Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 110

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of Thirteen Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 30th of April, 1918, and that the same will be payable at Head Office in this City and at its branches on and after Wednesday the 1st day of May, to Shareholders of record of the 20th of April, 1918.

By Order of the Board.  
C. H. EASSON, General Manager.

Toronto, March 23rd, 1918.  
Bellefonte Branch John Elliott, Manager  
Shannonville office open Mondays and Thursdays  
Foxboro office open Tuesdays and Fridays,  
Rednersville office open Wednesdays.

## The Young Man's Best Recommendation

A Savings Account is more than a start towards financial independence—it is a mark of character.

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Good bargains for investment or speculation.

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REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE  
GET UNDER YOUR OWN ROOF  
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

## Noble Record Of Trenton Family

The McWhinney's have Sent Seven Sons and Two Sons-in-Law to the War and Never Had a Cent of Government Money.

One of the finest family records of war service for one family is the record of the McWhinney family of Trenton, Ontario.

The brothers were Jack, Dan, George A., Charles William, Arthur, Joseph and Fred W.—and there was not one of them that could not, as it were,

talk with his skates. They could, in fact, do anything and everything on skates and what was true of one of them was true practically of all of them.

George A. Meagher, who was the champion figure skater of the world, is now a celebrated artist in Toronto. The brothers were Jack, Dan, George A., Charles William, Arthur, Joseph and Fred W.—and there was not one of them that could not, as it were,

talk with his skates. They could, in fact, do anything and everything on skates and what was true of one of them was true practically of all of them.

### Exhibition Before King

Thus in a clipping from the London, England Times, which tells of Mr. George A. Meagher's exhibitions before the King of England, and in Vienna, before the Austrian Emperor.

The Times quotes the Neue Freie Presse of Vienna as follows:

"The absolute steadiness of his movements, the grace and variety of his exercises place him also in Vienna high above Jackson Haynes, who still is in our unfading memory.

Our Viennese ice amateurs offer the palm with admiration to the Canadian master who showed himself

grateful by awarding in return to the Viennese lady skaters the prize before all ladies of Europe or America.

Before giving himself up to the means of his extraordinary agility as an artist, Mr. Meagher studied painting.

As a skating artist he is wonderfully versatile—no figure, however complicated, is easy for him.

Among the multi-phrased pirouettes, spirals, counter-movements and circle combinations it is mentioned that he transfers to the ice the National dances of the Austrian Alps

with past mastership, and therein

teaches our Viennese ladies; not only

words he cuts into the ice with his

steel soles, so that 'Canada' or 'Vienna'

could be read from a distance,

but also portraits he could engrave

in the ice."

This reference was made to Mr. Meagher when he was on his European tour in 1896-7-8 and during which he appeared in all the principal cities of Europe, including London, Paris and Munich.

The seven sons and two sons-in-law who have made this noble record are as follows:

Robert McWhinney, age 35 yrs., went to England and enlisted in the Pioneers.

Thomas James, age 33 years, Canadian Army Service Corps, 2nd Contingent.

David, age 31 years, C.A.S.C.

Radcliffe, age 29, 1st Contingent, Canadian Artillery

John, age 25, 1st Contingent, R.H.A. at Langemarck

William, 27, Canadian Artillery

Walter, 17 years, Irish Canadian Rangers

Robert Morris, (son-in-law) 30yrs Field Ambulance

Ralph Young (son-in-law) 244th Battalion, now discharged

## Meagher Bros. Famous Skaters In The Old Days

### GREATEST FAMILY ON SKATES IN THE WORLD WERE KINGSTONIANS

### EIGHT BROTHERS IN ALL

Exhibited Before Crowned Heads of Europe and Easily Acclaimed the Champions

Kingston.—When one reads of the fancy figure skating that has set New York City more or less agog during the last winter, one wonders why it is that Kingston is not today producing and has never since produced the famous skaters that it did some 25 or 30 years ago. Is it because the youth of the country are going in more for hockey and fast skating, or is it that we have lost our grace and easy motion?

For, it is known, Kingston, 25 or 30 years ago, was distinctly on the map as the home of wonderful skaters. Indeed when one recalls the record of the Meagher family—eight brothers and all of them magnificent skaters, with one of them the champion figure skater of the world—one wonders why this figure skating was ever allowed to lapse in Kingston. In the days when the Meaghers were in their prime, Kingston was distinctly on the map from the standpoint of skating, for in addition to the family of wonderful skaters, there were such other famous skaters in the city as John Donoghue, now in Chicago; Jack Jenkins at present in California; Sam Winters, "Bobby" Deacon and a number of others. These young men all born and bred in Kingston, were amazingly fine skaters, but not one of them could hold a candle to the Meaghers. That family, indeed, was without question, the most remarkable skating family that the world has ever known and it is worthy of note that Kingston today has one of these famous brothers still living here, in the person of Mr. Fred W. Meagher, while his brother, Mr.

Henry Dunville, an old man was arrested at the C.N.R. station this morning by Constable L. Soule, on a charge of stealing a pipe from the shop of Mr. Bert Aselstein, confectioner. Dunville appeared in police court and admitted taking the pipe while he was in the shop. Magistrate Manson remanded him.

A sewing school is conducted every Thursday afternoon from 4:15 to 5:30 under the auspices of the Y. W. C. T. U. Over 40 girls have joined the different classes, the attendance being anywhere from 20 to 32. Their ages run from five to

## Drowning At Cannington

Two Year Old Boy Fell in Well This Morning.

This morning Milton Edward Cross, aged two years and three months, was accidentally drowned in an open well behind his parents' home. The little lad was playing around the yard and suddenly his mother missed him. A search revealed his lifeless body in the well. Coroner Dr. Yeomans was called and made an investigation. No inquest will be necessary.

## Soldiers' Home Being Improved

### EXTENSIVE REPAIRS TO A. & N. VETS. HOME

Will Be Most Up-to-Date Gathering Place for Vets.

Kingston.—The home of the Army and Navy Veterans in the Windsor block, since its opening one of the finest soldiers' homes in the province, is undergoing improvements and when completed, will be a credit to Kingston and the Association. Extensive repairs are being made, and all will tend to accommodate the many members of the Association.

On the third floor an office for the vice-commandant and financial secretary has been fitted out. A set of steel filing system is being installed and will greatly aid the officials in keeping tab on correspondence, etc. An office for the Ladies' Auxiliary is also being fitted out, while a creche is being established, where soldiers' wives can leave their children while they attend the meetings of the Ladies' Auxiliary.

On the main floor the repairs are most extensive. The entire floor has been torn up and replaced with hardwood, giving it an appearance of neatness, as well as being more serviceable than the ordinary floor. Baths and wash basins are being installed, and will in the summer months be a boon to the soldiers. The canteen is also undergoing repairs. A handsome brass and mahogany bar-rail, the gift of Ald. Jas. Norris, is being installed. It is one of the oldest bar-rails in the city and will improve the appearance of the canteen. An extra pool table will shortly be placed in the pool room, while handsome pictures, the gifts of the C.P.R. and G.T.R., have been placed on the walls.

In the canteen of the Ladies' Auxiliary a soda water fountain has been installed. The room has been enlarged and finished in white enamel, giving it an appearance of smartness and neatness. The British coat-of-arms is being placed over the main entrance, and on top of the building two electric signs will be erected. An automobile service for caring for the convalescent as they arrive in the city will be started in the near future, and will help make the work of the A. and N. Veterans among returning men all the more efficient.

The Association has been going ahead steadily and applications for membership now average twenty-five per week. This is absolutely without soliciting, the soliciting committees having been done away with. Members of all campaigns are taken on the rolls and given equal privileges.

The members of the association are justly proud of their home and every one takes an interest in the building. The improvements will make it more up-to-date and it will undoubtedly be when completed one of the most up-to-date soldiers' home in Canada.

Annual Report of the City Mission Dundas St.

The 36th anniversary of the City Mission was held in the mission building on the last Thursday evening in February and the following is the report of the year's work.

### Secretary's Report

Every Sunday afternoon the year round, rain or shine, we hold our Sunday school. We do not change our hour of meeting, neither do we have any holidays. We rejoice to be able to report a decided increase in numbers and 7 teachers, 45 in intermediate classes, 20 in adult women's classes, 7 in our adult women's class, average attendance of scholars 35 and teachers 5.

Between acts at Griffin's theater last night Mr. F. E. O'Flynn gave a most eloquent and impressive five-minute address under the auspices of the War Lecture Bureau.

Henry Dunville, an old man was arrested at the C.N.R. station this morning by Constable L. Soule, on a charge of stealing a pipe from the shop of Mr. Bert Aselstein, confectioner. Dunville appeared in police court and admitted taking the pipe while he was in the shop. Magistrate Manson remanded him.

Mrs. Vermilyea of Belleville is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. D. Vallee.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Ackerman spent the weekend with their son and wife at Bath.

fourteen years. Most of the girls enjoy their work and it is a pleasure to teach them and our staff of teachers have been very faithful this year.

### Treasurer's Report of Sunday School

Receipts — Balance from last year \$13.28; collection March 1917 to March 1918 \$34.15; donations \$1.50; donations for picnic \$6.00; donations for Christmas tree \$21.75 collection Armenian and Syrian Relief Fund \$8.66; Sundry sales \$1.20; total \$86.54.

Expenditures—Caretaker \$7.00; bread 28c; 30 copies of Northern Messenger \$0.00; 6 quarterlies 96c thawing water pipe 50c; contents for 2 boxes for overseas \$2.80; postage on boxes \$1.00; jitney for picnic \$2.00; prizes \$1.00; 20 pkgs. reward cards \$3.50; Sunday School Association \$1.00; gifts and prizes for Christmas tree \$27.31; Armenian and Syrian Relief Fund \$10.00; postage, war tax and orders 29c; total \$66.64. Balance on hand \$14.90.

### Cash Contributions to Christmas Tree 1917.

Mr. H. F. Ketcheson	\$2.00
Mrs. J. Bone	5.00
Miss Bogart, John St.	1.00
Mrs. P. J. M. Anderson	1.00
Miss Gailey	1.00
Mrs. J. McCarthy	.25
Mrs. Stallworthy	1.00
Miss Tickell	1.00
A Friend	1.25
Mrs. Vivian	1.00
Mrs. S. Hyman	.50
Miss A. Smith	.25
Miss A. Reid	.50
Miss Richards	1.00
Miss Richard's Church class	1.25
Miss Anning	1.00
Miss Reeves	1.00
Mrs. B. Roblin	1.00
Some Friends	4.00
To anniversary,	
Mrs. E. G. Porter	1.00
Miss Richards	1.00
Miss Holden	1.00
Mrs. Ritchie	1.00
Mrs. S. Russell	1.00

### Contributions to Christmas Tree.

Camp Fire Girls, bags of candies and fruit; Miss Pauline Roblin, and apron; Mrs. Simmons, Commercial St., clothing; Mrs. S. Hyman, candies; Mrs. Lucas tea and table cloths; Mrs. C. N. Sulman, toys; Mr. D. V. Sinclair caps and toques; Miss Quelch, toys; Mrs. Farrington, toys and clothing; Miss M. Kerr, 2 ladie's coats; Miss R. Templeton, toys, clothing and scrapbooks; Mrs. Ketcheson, John St., clothing and candies; Mrs. Quick, toys and handkerchiefs; Mrs. Atkins, Albert St., clothing; Miss McCormick, Octavia St., clothing; Mr. W. Gilbert, bread and buns; Mrs. Jas. Wallace, buns and cake; Mrs. Beswick, cake; Miss Peake, cake; Stroud's, loan of dishes.

1918 Feb. donations during the year—Mrs. J. W. Wallace, 5 doz. buns; Mr. Cousins, 1/2 doz. hymn books; Miss J. Hayes, dolls for the children.

### Treasurer's Annual Report, 1917.

Contributions.

Feb. 7: cash on hand	\$52.39;
June 9: Mrs. Uglow	\$1.00;
Oct. 8: R. J. Graham	\$0.00;
Executor of the will of the late Mary Pearson, \$500.00;	Mrs. Sweetman \$1.00;
Dec. 16: Peter Murray, \$2.00;	Dec. 27: Mrs. Capt. Farnington \$1.00;
Bank Interest \$6.04;	offerings in box \$44.62; Total \$609.05.

### Disbursements.

## 80th Colors In St. Thomas Ch.

Impressive Ceremony of Receiving and Depositing Flags on Sunday Morning.

At St. Thomas Church on Sunday morning the impressive ceremony of receiving and depositing the colors of the 80th Battalion C.E.F. was performed in the presence of returned officers of this famous unit, which two years ago left for overseas the members of the Great War Veterans' Association, and a large number of citizens. The service was conducted by the Right Rev. E. J. Bidwell, D.D. Bishop of Ontario, assisted by the rector, Venerable Archdeacon Beamish. The choir was largely augmented for the occasion and the service was fully choral as well as patriotic and dedicatory in nature.

These colors have reposited in a church in the south of England until recently when it was thought advisable to return them to Belleville. The donors were the members of the Ketcheson family.

The service order follows:

"Oward Christian Soldiers;"

Psalm 72 "Give the King, Thy Judgment O God;" lesson—Isaiah,

Chapter 49; "Be Joyful in the Lord;" the hymn—"The Son of God goes forth to War;" the reception and depositing of the colors; prayers for the King, the King's forces, the dedication of the colors hymn—"Fight to Good Fight;" address by the Lord Bishop of Ontario; the National Anthem and the recessional hymn "Brightly alien Canadian Expeditionary Forces I ask you to accept the charge of the colors of the battalion for safe-keeping in your church." The rector replied, "We do willingly receive from your hands the colors of the 80th Battalion for safe keeping in our church and do pledge ourselves to preserve and guard them with all due care as a most honorable and solemn charge for such time as shall remain entrusted to our safe-keeping." Prayers for the King and his forces on sea, land, and in the air followed. The bishop pronounced the dedicatory words—"We do now solemnly dedicate and place for safe-keeping in this church the colors of the 80th Battalion C. E. F. In the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost. Amen."

Bishop Bidwell used as text for his address, "In the name of our God we will set up our banners." He said it seemed perhaps strange to dedicate flags, the symbol of warfare, and place them on the very altar of Him who brought good will Gleams Our Banner."

The colors were borne to the front by Lieut. W. H. F. Ketcheson and Lieut. Allan Ketcheson of the 39th Battalion and Lieut. D. V. Ketcheson M. C. of the 21st supported them. Lieut. Col. William G. Ketcheson, officer commanding the 80th preceded the colors which were met at the sanctuary steps by the wardens T. E. Ketcheson and H. F. Ketcheson, the rector and the bishop. Col. Ketcheson then presented the colors to the rector saying, "Reverend Sir, on behalf of the officers and men of the 80th Battalions and peace to mankind, yet they are in the most appropriate place. For this war was undertaken for the great cause of liberty and justice and the rights of men and these are the highest ideals for which men can strive, and for which the best men have ever been ready to fight. Whenever we think of the British flag, it stands for freedom, protection, liberty, justice, not for tyranny and slavery. So it is fitting that these flags should be deposited here."

He taught us that to win we must be prepared to give the utmost sacrifice. He revolutionized the idea of greatness, it is not to be measured by power, or possession, but by willingness to serve. These truths come irresistibly upon our minds when we look upon these colors, men risked and some gave all, gave their health and comfort. Now we begin to realize the value of the actions symbolized by those flags, of those who gave themselves on our behalf to shield us from terrible oppression. We cannot give a proper value to these actions but we can place these flags in the highest and holiest place.

Our foes claim that God is on their side also. What kind of a God do they worship? Is it their God, to whom they think it is pleasing when lands are devastated, when a Louisiana is sunk, with its children and women, when Edith Cavell is murdered?

But this is not the God of love, whose Son died on the cross and destroyed that pernicious doctrine that might is right. We are contending not only for our safety and our empire, but for the very idea of God in the world. It is perfectly true that we have much to repent of, but we know that we are literally

fighting for the Gospel of Christ love, service, sacrifice and the weak against the strong.

Today we are learning the meaning of the communion of saints (followers of Christ.) We are not here to think of death and separation but life and union with those who have made the supreme sacrifice. Part of the host have crossed the flood and some are crossing now, but all are one. We have on our side all those who have in the past not hesitated to give their lives for the right, a great spiritual force, just as much as our guns, our soldiers, our sailors and our material resources.

They are not here bodily present, but I am sure they are here in spiritual. We are feeling the inspirations of their power now when we so sorely need it.

In these days the battle is against the power of evil. Likewise we are pledged to fight against the forces of wrong in everyday life. We fight under the banner not only of the earthly but of the captain of our savour.

The original officers of the 80th Battalion when the flags were presented two years ago were:

Officer Commanding—Lt.-Col. W. G. Ketcheson

Senior Major—Major R. M. Watson

Junior Major—Major S. W. Gilroy

Adjutant—Capt. N. S. Caldwell

Assistant Adjutant—Lieut. R. Henderson

Quartermaster—Capt. R. E. Layfield

Chaplain—Capt. the Rev. A. Ketterson

Paymaster—Capt. N. F. Pilley

Medical Officer—Major H. H. Alger

Signaling Officer—Lieut. H. C. Williams

Machine Gun Officer—Lieut. H. M. Wamakamer

"A" Company

Officer Commanding—Capt. A. D. Harper

2nd in Command—Capt. W. B. Bartram

No. 1 Platoon—Lieut. A. G. Scott

No. 2 Platoon—Lieut. W. D. Graham

No. 3 Platoon—Lieut. F. L. Drayton

No. 4 Platoon—Lieut. L. C. McColl

"B" Company

Officer Commanding—Capt. P. K. Ketcheson

2nd in Command—Lieut. A. C. Trousdale

No. 5 Platoon—Lieut. J. M. Phelan

No. 6 Platoon—Lieut. H. L. Birckett

No. 7 Platoon—Lieut. L. Blaker

No. 8 Platoon—Lieut. B. G. Robertson

"C" Company

Officer Commanding—Capt. L. C. Lockett

2nd Command—Capt. R. W. Nichols

No. 9 Platoon—Lieut. H. D. Mason

No. 10 Platoon—Lieut. A. C. F. Winslow

No. 11 Platoon—Lieut. G. S. Coward

No. 12 Platoon—Lieut. J. L. Williams

"D" Company

Officer Commanding—Capt. E. C. Hudgings

2nd in Command—Capt. E. M. Gladney

No. 13 Platoon—Lieut. E. S. Hong

No. 14 Platoon—Lieut. H. R. Heymes

No. 15 Platoon—Lieut. M. R. Boyd

No. 16 Platoon—Lieut. T. C. Urquhart

"Base" Company

Officer Commanding—Lieut. H. A. Stares

Attached Officers.

Lieut. A. J. MacMillan, Lieut. J. H. Alp, Lieut. C. E. Wright, Lieut. C. L. Jeffrey, Lieut. F. R. Gooderall, Lieut. A. W. Baird, Lieut. W. F. Salton.

## The I.O.O.F. At Divine Service

### Very Large Turnout of Members

Address at Christ Church by Rev. Walter Cox, D.G.M.

Ninety-nine years ago Oddfellowship came into being on this continent and the anniversary was duly celebrated on Sunday afternoon by the members of the local lodges, Belleville and Mizpah, the encampments Quinte and Moira, the Belleville Canton and the Quinte Lodge of Rebekahs. Many visiting Oddfellows from out of town attended with the local brethren and sisters at Christ Church at three o'clock on Sunday afternoon, where the Rev. Walter Cox, of Gananoque, who is

deputy grand master of the I.O.O.F., addressed them as a brother and a minister. The service was choral, the large choir being under the direction of Miss E. La Voie.

The deputy grand master was in charge of the entire service. His address was particularly fitting, dealing with observance in the spirit of the laws of the order, which are founded on the Scriptures. After a hearty welcome had been extended to the visiting brethren and sisters, the preacher selected his texts—

"Bear ye one another's burdens" and "Am I my brother's keeper?" What has the church to do with societies of the character of Oddfellowship? he asked and proposed to explain the question.

In England, benevolent societies are known as provident societies. The object in forming an association is that while each person might practice prudence and carefulness and look after the welfare of those who are not so fortunate, there is strength in numbers and two are better than one. The way to be safe is to stand together. There is no getting along in life without bearing one another's burdens.

The same organization works well in families and in church relationships. Benefit societies are really patterns of Christ's church.

Oddfellowship is a good thing. Are you a good Oddfellow? I would ask each of you. Do you each do your duty as you should. In all societies there is too much stress on the outward obligations. Do we keep the law in the spirit? If you love God and your neighbor, there is no danger of you becoming a murderer or licentious. We must do more than the letter of the law. We want to learn to live out the motive of the order. Oddfellowship is British. In its origin, American in its development and cosmopolitan in outlook. It requires of its members heavy duties, temperance and opposes vice. It strikes to remove the besetting sin of selfishness. Ninety-nine years ago, the first I.O.O.F. lodge was formed with five men in Maryland. Today the I.O.O.F. have 1,670,000 members, besides which there are 3,654 Rebekah lodges.

The large success of the order is due to the presence and assistance of the women. The I.O.O.F. was the first to give the women the vote. The Rebekah sisters, have today in Red Cross work done noble work.

We have 55 homes for the aged and infirm members, orphans and widows. The I.O.O.F. homes are worth \$5,000,000.

Think what it means for over two million people to be uplifted in a bond of friendship, love and truth for God and country.

What am I doing today? Am I doing my duty towards God? Oddfellowship is not a religion, but is the handmaid towards the church. Am I doing my duty towards my neighbor? God is asking us today where are James, George and others who have dropped out and whom we might have helped.

We cannot get along ourselves alone. Are we like the Good Samaritan of the Levite? I'd rather be late for ten thousand temple services than leave a brother in distress in the street. The Good Samaritan made no great profession but he loved ten man fallen among thieves.

We are represented at the front today by nearly 5,000 brothers. The members should realize indeed that they are their brothers' keeper. We can look out our religion and our oddfellowship. If anybody can see a brother in us, it is well. Did you ever think of their influence on the smile, that will send a stranger on the way rejoicing? Did you ever think of the influence of example and sympathy? You are expected to practice what you preach. If you believe in friendship, love and truth, show it in your lives.

The deputy grand master asked for a rededication of lives, each striving to work out in their careers the spirit of the tenets of the order.

Miss E. La Voie sang a very appropriate solo. The hymns for the occasion were "Oward Christian Soldiers," "Blest Be the Tie that Binds" and "Fight the Good Fight."

After the service the parade reformed, the 15th Regiment Band leading. The route of march lay along Coleman, Moira and Front Streets to the Temple on Front street. The attendance on parade was the largest seen in Belleville for years.

**BIRTH**

YAUKER—At Belleville General Hospital on Tuesday, April 23rd, 1918 to Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Yauker a daughter.

**DIED**

SILLS—In Sidney on Thursday, April 25th, 1918, George W. Sills, aged 63 years 1 month.

Rumor has it that two of our Stirring soldier boys now overseas are about to join the matrimonial ranks.

—Leader.

## After-War Problems

### COL. PONTON MAKES PERTINENT SUGGESTIONS TO THE IMPERIAL COUNCIL OF COMMERCE, London, England.

Lt.-Col. W. N. Ponton has addressed the following self-explanatory letter to the British Imperial Council of Commerce, London, Eng., in response to an invitation to send representatives to Belleville and for suggestions as to the agenda of the meeting:

Belleville, Ont., April 22, 1918.

The British Imperial Council of Commerce,

1, 2, and 3 Oxford Court,

97 Cannon street,

London, E. C., England.

Dear Sirs:

I acknowledge your notice calling a Council meeting for Wednesday, June 5th. It will not be possible for anyone to be present from Belleville. May I make the following suggestions for the agenda:

(1) a. In that part of the British Empire (perhaps I should say that link—a "great part of a greater whole" known as Canada—the great resources of the mine, (especially nickel), of the forest timber, and of the fisheries in the great unsalted seas, should be developed primarily for the use and benefit of British subjects, and all refining and manufacture should be carried on under the Flag. It is also absolutely necessary to solve the fuel question and not be dependent longer wholly upon a foreign Nation, no matter how friendly. This can be done partly by the further development of electricity and applied science.

b. Concentration on the production of ships, legislation against the dumping of cheap foreign goods, all standing together in co-ordinated co-operation and an imperial trade mark, are factors in the future.

c. Our men must be encouraged to resume their work and apply their greatly increased and concentrated—because organized—strength and effective productive power within our own Empire boundaries in some of the many workshops of which our family of Nations is composed. Our resources are our reserves and manu power is the greatest of all.

d. By foreign control it is presumed that present economic control is especially to be guarded against.

Cultivate the spirit of "Lest We Forget" and do not be stampeded by men or corporations who will want to let bygones be bygones for the sake of the almighty dollar. Teuton trade and traffic will be a blight for generations. Keep it so.

(2) An Education test should be an essential provision in extending the privilege of naturalization and there should be no property ownership in real estate until aliens are naturalized. Your own broad Education Bill gives the Empire the needed lead.

(3) If we cannot get together sufficiently to prevent double income tax by mutual agreement, then we will never get together in more important matters.

(4) No coasting trade by foreign ships should be allowed and in the indemnity which we are to get from Germany there must be included such a large portion of her shipping as will supply the place of all the shipping ruthlessly destroyed by the submarines. A money indemnity will be nothing. They will not feel it. Make them give keel for keel.

Then it will take them some years of building to strike along the Ocean highway in rivalry with the Island Race.

(5) Above all things work for Imperial Federation. We should differ only in statute not in status.

Respectfully submitted,

(Sgd.) W. N. Ponton.

Lt.-Col. R. O.

## Pupils Heard in Recital

Miss Higgs' Violin Pupils Give Delightful Program

Belleville is a wonderful city. When we consider the large number of talented vocalists and instrumentalists living here we can easily conclude that there is no other city in Canada of equal population, which has acquired the musical reputation which Belleville possesses. Among the artists who have done so much for this city in this line, we can classed Miss Joy Higgs, who has so very often given gratuitously to the citizens the benefits of her splendid playing on the violin in behalf of patriotic and charitable entertainments.

Russell was a member of the Bridge St. Methodist Sunday School.

The remains are being shipped to Belleville for interment. Funeral no

tice will appear later.

## HOW TO GET RID OF RHEUMATISM

"Fruit-a-tives" Point the Way to Quick Relief

VERONA, Ont.—I suffered for a number of years with Rheumatism and severe Pains in my Side and Back, caused by strains and heavy lifting.

When I had given up hope of ever being well again, a friend recommended "Fruit-a-tives" to me and after using the first box I felt so much better that I continued to take them; and now I am enjoying the best of health, thanks to your wonderful fruit medicine".

W. M. LAMPSON.  
"Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all dealers at 50¢ a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25¢—or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

## Nursing Sister Passed Away

Miss Agnes Florien Forneri Died of Hemorrhage on Wednesday.

Once again the home of the Rev. Canon R. S. Forneri has been called upon to mourn the loss of a member of the family since the war began. This morning the venerable clergyman received the sad news that his daughter, Agnes Florien Forneri, nursing sister had died on Wednesday. A few days ago it was reported that she was dangerously ill. This morning's message reads:

Ottawa, April 26th.  
Rev. R. S. Forneri,  
114 Bridge Street,  
Belleville, Ontario.

Deeply regret to inform you Nursing Sister Agnes Florien Forneri, Medical Services, officially reported died at Military Hospital, Bramshott, April 24th, 1918. Hemorrhage stomach.

Director of Records  
The late Nursing Sister Forneri was born in Adolphustown but lived most of her life in Kingston, where her father, Canon Forneri, was rector of St. Luke's Church until his retirement and removal to Belleville. When the war broke out, her brother, Aylwin Forneri, of the Merchant's Bank, Montreal, enlisted and after months of service during which he won his commission, he was reported missing and later was presumed dead. Miss Agnes Forneri took a course in nursing at Ottawa in order to go overseas and be near her brother in case he should be wounded, but before she was able to go, he was reported missing. She did noble service overseas and her death is perhaps due to overwork. Her death is deeply mourned by her friends in Kingston and Belleville. Mrs. (Rev.) A. L. Geen, of Belleville is an aunt of the deceased nursing sister.

Besides her father she leaves two sisters, Miss Constance now at Queen's and Mrs. Robinson who was engaged in nursing work overseas and who on her way to Canada narrowly escaped death when the ship on which she was crossing the Atlantic, was torpedoed.

The deepest sympathy is extended to the bereaved family.

### DESERONTO

Capt. Wilson, of the Dental Corps, has been transferred from Kingston to Deseronto.

Miss Kathleen Bowen is seriously ill in Kingston General Hospital. Doctors Connell and Boyce are in attendance.

Miss Ruby MacDonald, Point Anne, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Cole.

Bishop Bidwell occupied the pulpit of St. Mark's Church on Sunday last and was the guest of Rev. and Mrs. C. E. Radcliffe, the rector.

Mrs. D. Neale and family have been paying a final visit to her cousins, at retina and Hawley, before leaving Deseronto to reside in Toronto.

Mr. Stanley Jackson, Prescott, spent a few days with his mother last week. Mrs. Jackson accompanied her son to Prescott, where she will reside—Post.

### WESTERN AMELIASBURG

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rathbun and Mrs. Wm. Alyea spent Wednesday in Brighton.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Snider spent Sunday evening at Ross Chase's.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Vandervoort and Mr. and Mrs. Bert Bellamy, Colborne, took tea at Wm. Alyea's on Sunday.

Mrs. Arthur Johnson and children Brighton, are spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. John Vandervoort.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Stoneburg visited at H. Rathbun's on Sunday. Don't forget the "At Home" to be held in Carrying Place Hall on Wednesday evening, May 1st.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith Brown took tea at Chas. Adams' on Sunday.

### Identification By Boot Laces

Gun Found Tied to Dead Sapling Not Far From Hoskins' Skeleton.

Relatives of Robert Hoskins who disappeared about four years ago from his home near Plainfield, are certain that the skeleton found in Sheffield's swamp on Wednesday afternoon and brought to Belleville yesterday morning, is that of Hoskins. Mrs. Hoskins last evening identified the boots, the leather laces with which they were tied and the manner in which they were crossed and believes the remains are those of her husband.

Mr. Hoskins' son made an investigation of the spot where his father's supposed remains had been discovered, keeping particular lookout for any sign of a gun. Not far from where the feet had been, he saw a small exposed section of a butt of a gun. Unearthing it somewhat from its four years' covering of mould from leaves and grass, he saw the rusty gun, which was tied with a rope to a dead sapling. Mr. Hoskins did not remove the gun but left it as it might be necessary for some one else to view it.

Coroner Dr. Yeomans went into the affair thoroughly with the Hoskins family and is satisfied that it is Hoskins' remains and that there is nothing further to be brought out by an inquest. The remains will be handed over to the friends and will be interred.

The position of the gun and the absence of the skull as a whole, except for small pieces would perhaps indicate that the man had done violence to himself, the charge shattering the skull.

After Hoskins' disappearance the gun was missed along with one loaded cartridge. He had been in a morose state for a short time.

The identification of Hoskins' remains clears up one of the most mysterious disappearances recorded in this district. For three weeks after he disappeared friends and neighbors searched the woods in that densely wooded section of the country. The place where he was found had not been searched as no one thought of going there. Not one person would go through that swamp in years and young Fulford Clark only happened to come upon the gun in his search for fox holes. So secluded was it from the usual haunts of men that when the discovery was made, the young discoverer could not state for certain on whose property the skeleton was, although he thought it was in Sheffield's woods. The only life there would be wild life, foxes, rabbits and birds.

### Potato Growing Made Easy

So great was the demand for the recently issued bulletin on Potato Cultivation, written and edited by the Dominion Horticulturist, that a popular edition of 16 pages has been prepared and can be had free by addressing the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. As an aid to the potato grower, especially to the less experienced and the beginner, this bulletin, which is numbered 90, should prove invaluable. In plain, terse language practically all that it is necessary to know is told about the preparation of the soil, the subsequent planting and cultivation of the potato, the protection from insect and disease and the digging and storing. A list is given of varieties recommended for different districts in every province.

### Obituary

#### G. W. SILLS

George W. Sills, of the Marshall Road, Sidney, died yesterday evening at his home after four months' illness. He was born sixty-three years ago in Sidney, the eldest son of Samuel Sills. He lived in the township all his life, where he followed the occupation of gardening. He leaves his widow and one son Arthur. In religion he was a Methodist. One brother, A. G. Sills of Ayondale survives. The deepest sympathy is extended to the bereaved.

Mrs. Wensley and son, Winston, of Belleville, were over Sunday guests of Mr. J. Danford Madoc.



W. C. MIKEL  
Who was Yesterday Elected to the Presidency of the Canadian Fraternal Association.

### PROVINCE WILL ASSIST PURCHASE

Of Bay Bridge if Price Reasonable—Most Encouraging Assurances Received by Deputation at Toronto Yesterday.

If the Bay Bridge can be purchased for a reasonable price the Province may take it over under the Provincial Highway System, which means that the government would contribute forty per cent of the cost. Such is the present situation regarding the bay bridge.

Yesterday afternoon a large and influential deputation waited upon the Minister of Public Works, Hon. F. G. Macdiarmid, the deputy minister, Mr. W. A. McLean, and the Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines, Hon. G. Howard Ferguson and presented their views. The ministers were favorably impressed.

The deputation was given every consideration and the assurance that if the bridge could be secured for a fair figure, the government would assist the municipalities in the purchase.

The members of the deputation called on the Premier, Sir William Hearst and were able to see all the ministers but one and all approved of the proposal to make the bridge a part of the Provincial System of Highways.

This afternoon Col. Ponton received the following message from Hon. F. G. Macdiarmid, Minister of Public Works, concerning definite assurance on this point:

"The government is prepared to make a grant of 40% of cost of bridge providing cost does not exceed a named figure."

The city and Prince Edward will once take up the matter.

The delegation is deeply gratified at the favorable manner in which the government has viewed the purchase.

The deputation consisted of Mayor (Dr.) Platt, Col. W. N. Ponton, K.C., Dr. G. G. Clinton, for the City of Belleville, Mr. Nelson Parliament M.P.P. for Prince Edward, Mr. Geo. H. Gooderham, M.P.P. of Toronto; Warden Mallory of Prince Edward, Harry Dempsey, Reeve Fred Chase of Ameliasburg, Grant Sprague, of the Sprague Telephone Line and Road Sup't. Clemenson, of Prince Edward.

#### MELVILLE

Mrs. Macdonald of Point Anne, is visiting her brother Mr. J. R. French and Mrs. French.

Mr. W. H. Maybee, Belleville, was through this locality this week. He was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Jones, Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Morton recently entertained Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Palmer, Hillier; Mr. and Mrs. James Robinson, Massachusetts; Mr. and Mrs. James Morton and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Morton, Melville.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Morton and infant daughter were callers at Col. Ferguson's and W. H. Anderson's on Sunday afternoon.

Sympathy is extended to Mrs. Frank Zufelt in the death of a sister, Mrs. Bertha Stewart, Belleville, whose funeral took place on Tuesday with interment at Foxboro.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Breeze expect to spend the summer in Collingwood.

Mrs. Fred Weeks and Mrs. Israel Tripp continue very ill.

The ladies of the Red Cross Society met at the home of Mrs. James Morton, Friday afternoon.

Col. Ferguson is preparing for an excellent vegetable garden this season.

Mrs. Fred Morton called on Mrs. James Palmer on Friday afternoon.

On Saturday April 20th Mr. R. Vance threshed his 1917 crop of corn which has been standing in the field all winter.

Mrs. James Morton and Mrs. Aurelia Morton drove to Picton on Wednesday and were the guests of Mrs. Nancy Ackerman, Queen street.

## Busy Trenton News

(From our Own Correspondent)

Trenton, April 25, 1918. Film Company. Already they have completed a film which I understand is to be screened at Weller's Opera House. A few local residents are the leading stars.

Dr. Welland was a visitor in town Thursday.

Mr. Herbert Steacon of the Dupre Club returned from his visit to Montreal and other eastern points, but only to take leave of his friends, he having attached himself to the R.F.C. Toronto.

Mr. Robert D. Walsh of the Chemical Works, left for Toronto today.

Mr. H. L. Franks of the A.P.C.A., Toronto, visited with Mr. and Mrs. McIntyre at the Dupre Club.

Mrs. W. H. Milligan and family have taken up their residence on the Sidney Heights.

Saturday is another Tag Day for Trenton.

Mr. M. A. Harris of Toronto, has returned, having spent a few days here on railway business at the C.N.R.

Miss Gertrude Crockford, of London, Ont., is visiting here.

Mr. Norman Ryan was a visitor to Brighton today.

Miss Elma Whetstone, of Montreal, is visiting here with her brother.

Many visitors are awaiting themselves for inspection of the plant Y.M.C.A.

Mr. A. McIntyre was a visitor by auto to Toronto Wednesday.

Trenton is becoming more like busy Yonge Street with so many cars.

Quite a fleet of brand new Chevrolet cars arrived here this evening, for the purchasers, it was reported they were driven as no freight cars were to be had.

Several boys autoed to Belleville for the purpose of seeing the show at Griffin's.

Three years Friday the allied forces landed on the Gallipoli Peninsula.

Mr. Winston Gravelle, of Ottawa was a visitor here today.

Mr. Minstone Gravelle, of Ottawa was a visitor here today.

News reached Mr. G. B. McCombe Chemical Works, that his brother, Lt. Col. McCombe D. S. O. has been severely wounded. We wish for his speedy recovery.

Mrs. R. M. Mowat is in Toronto with her mother, Mrs. Jones who is seriously ill.

Mrs. D. Cond has returned from her extended visit with relatives in Toronto.

Mr. A. T. Hicks, late of Trenton, now of Oshawa, very generously donated a direct current generator to the new High School.

Quite a selection of Parisian, New York and London Styles of Footwear to be seen at Murdoch & Holmes.

Mrs. Daisy Roberts left for Cleveland, Ohio, to visit friends.

Mr. Rennie Kemp has returned from Toronto.

Mrs. Charles E. Deviney was hostess to 4 o'clock tea today.

Mr. H. Romley Williams left town Friday for a few days' rest in the country.

### May be Given Exemption

Legislation has been enacted whereby Standard Hotels may be given exemption from taxation, except for schools and local improvements. It was generally understood that the regulations governing Standard Hotels constituted the exemption of a business tax only and the information given below will be read with much interest:

"Section 146 (clause 8) of the Ontario Temperance Act gives the council of any municipality the right to grant standard hotels total or partial exemption from municipal taxation except for schools and local improvements. This is the only instance in which a council possesses this right. All other tax exemptions or by manufacturers or the like can be granted by a council only after authority has been given by a vote of the people."

### WEST LAKE

Mrs. Jim Lubbe and children spent a few days with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Leavitt at Bloomfield last week.

Mrs. Oscar Pierce, of Toronto, has been the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walter McDonald.

Mr. and Mrs. John Whatman entertained a few friends on Sunday.

Miss Lillian Hyatt Sunday at the Sand Banks.

Mrs. H. S. Masters and Mrs. R. Cunningham spent a few days with friends at Salmon Point.

Mr. D. Yateman, of this city, has gone to Toronto where he will reside.

Miss Agnes Donovan, of this city, has gone to join her sister, Miss Madeline Donovan in Guelph.

Miss Vida and Luella Simmons, of Belleville spent the weekend in town, guests of Mrs. S. Greatrix.

## Men's Blue Suits

Your Last Chance To Buy a Blue Suit At Old Prices!

We Are Selling To-day \$20.00 and \$25.00 Blue Suits, Good Ones.

We have more on order but the best we will be able to do for the new ones is \$30.00

Don't You Think It Will Pay You To Invest Now?

## Oak Hall

license from the Canada Food Board, and using cane sugar in the manufacture of their products, and licensed wholesale and retail dealers must not hold or control cane sugar in greater quantities than is sufficient for their ordinary trade requirements for a period not exceeding forty-five days.

Persons holding or controlling cane sugar in greater quantities than those prescribed are required to return such excess to the dealer or dealers from whom it was purchased. Those dealers must accept such sugar, in good condition, and pay for it at the purchase price, or at the current market price, whichever be the lower.

Must Report Facts  
If returned sugar is offered but not purchased, the dealer refusing to accept it must report the facts and circumstances at once to the Canada Food Board.

In addition to the penalties for violation of the order, any cane sugar held or purchased in excess of the amounts prescribed may be seized after May 15th by the Canada Food Board, and forfeited to His Majesty. It shall then be subject to disposal

## Busy Trenton News

(From our Own Correspondent)

Trenton, April 24.—Miss Isobel M. Farcomb has returned from her visit to New York.

Miss Annie Evans was a visitor to Belleville on Tuesday.

His Worship Mayor Ireland continues to improve.

Miss Doris Whittier returned from college yesterday and has very patriotically accepted a position at the chemical works as chemist.

Miss Evelyn Hubert of Toronto, is in town visiting with friends.

Grave anxiety is felt for Mr. Reynolds, the photographer, who is in a critical state with pneumonia.

Mr. C. N. Barclay has returned from New York today.

Mr. Ewen H. McLean of Kings頓 visited friends here yesterday.

Mrs. W. A. Bleeker has returned from her visit with friends in Toronto.

Mrs. L. M. Parkes motored to Belleville yesterday.

Mr. C. E. Nicholls is in town on a business trip from Owen Sound.

Mr. A. Leslie Perry of the British chemical company is in Montreal, attending military business.

Mr. J. R. Jamieson of Montreal was a visitor to Trenton today.

Mr. H. Romley-Williams at the K.K.K. last evening gave a very interesting short talk on the work of the Great War Veterans.

Mr. Owen Butt of Lindsay is visiting here with friends.

## Saint George's Day At Trenton

One of the most sociable functions of the year was fittingly placed on Tuesday last when the Trenton Patriotic Working Club gave a very delightful informal reception in honor of England's day and its Patron Saint, "St. George."

Mrs. Anson Whittier, president of the club, was the recipient of a very fine bouquet of Richmond red roses.

The event took place at the club rooms of the K.K.K. the front of which was well decorated with flags of the Allies, the Union Jack with the white ensign being placed very prominently.

The ladies of the club proved very capable waitresses to their numerous guests, while Miss Ostrom, assisted by Mrs. R. M. Foster took charge of the tea and coffee.

Miss Anna Evans with Mrs. Ives had the flower and cake table, while Mrs. Steve Young was very busy with Miss Flindall, serving ice cream. During the procedure of the event a musical program was given by the following ladies and gentlemen, to whom the club extend their thanks: the Misses Clairmont, McClellan, Raymond, Shurrie, Goold, Collins with Mesdames Brown and Rathbun, also Messrs. Lopez, Scott, Romley-Williams, Reynolds, and Ross (all of the chemical works staff.) Mrs. Chase acted as treasurer and was kept busy in spite of the fact that numerous tickets were disposed of by Mrs. Morton and other members of the club.

Much credit is due to Mr. Bruce Powers, the donor of the club rooms which has been the scene of many patriotic events since its inauguration.

Mr. H. Romley-Williams who bears also the name of the Patron Saint, whose day was being celebrated, entertained a small party of ladies at afternoon tea. He presented each of his guests with the emblem of the day (a red rose) and a bouquet of flowers.

A goodly sum was added to the coffers of the club whose efforts are for patriotic endeavor.

## Three Potatoes Each Day

WILL KEEP GERMANS AWAY AT LEAST IT WILL HELP A LOT—BE A PATRIOTIC NOW

Bake 'em, boil 'em, hash 'em, brown 'em, make salads of 'em, cook 'em according to any of the fifty recipes so every victory-seeking American is being urged by Herbert Hoover to eat at least three a day in order to use up the balance of the 1917 crops of one of Mother Nature's most palatable gifts to mankind. Here is the appeal which one U.S. food bureau is making:

There was a record crop of spuds last year. Railway congestion and other things have kept millions of bushels away from the market up till now and unless they are consumed by early June a heap of cheap but splendid food will go to waste. Worse

Miss Marjorie Gothard of Queen's University is home visiting with her parents.

Mr. Herbert Sleator is out of town on a visit.

Mr. F. E. Wheately has leased the Camming house on Queen street and expects to move shortly.

Miss L. C. Fraser of Cremore, is visiting here with friends.

Mr. Harold D. Patience of Montreal is visiting old college chums, here, who are connected with the chemical company.

Mr. B. Gamble has donned the khaki.

Mr. W. L. Kabisch of Detroit visited with former friends here today.

Miss Muriel Bonter left today for Windsor, where she will visit with her brother, Mr. Ralph Bonter.

Mr. James Merrill left for Rochester, N.Y. today where he will reside.

Dr. J. L. McKee has recovered from his severe cold.

Miss Myrtle B. Lewis of London, Ont., is in town visiting with friends.

The Remie-Kemp store has a further addition, a soda fountain.

Mr. L. R. Rogers of Ottawa visited here today.

Mr. L. B. Smith of the chemical works has returned from New York.

Mr. E. P. Batton of Montreal is in town and is at the Killarney Inn.

Pte. Sprague of Kingston was a visitor with his parents here today.

that the zeal to raise potatoes which was aroused last year may fade away and we may find ourselves face to face in the fall with a mighty serious food crisis.

Remember that an acre planted in potatoes will feed far more people than an acre sown in wheat or devoted to pasture. Remember also that the United States has half as many more mouths to feed than it had before the war. Don't make any German peace with the potatoes. Be a patriot, be a patrotist, and intern at least three of them every day till the 1917 class is wiped out.

The surest way to insure a bumper crop this year is to provide a home market for the 1917 surplus. Three good-sized potatoes a day eaten by each American will take care of that surplus and put it in shape to handle the next crop of about the cheapest and most palatable food to be had.

Start out in the morning with baked potatoes. For other meals try these:

## Potato Puffs

Two cups mashed potato, two eggs, one-half cup milk, one teaspoon salt, one cup grated cheese.

Add the milk to the potato and beat until thoroughly blended. Add the beaten egg and salt, gradually adding the grated cheese. Bake in greased tins or ramekins in a slow oven.

## Colcannon

Mix one cup of mashed potato and one cup of chopped greens to a smooth paste; add a tablespoon of fat, salt and paprika to taste; place in baking pan, cover with mashed potatoes, brown in the oven and serve very hot.

## Hindu Plotter Shot In Court

ASSASSIN, A FELLOW PRISONER, WAS THEN KILLED BY UNITED STATES MARSHAL

Ram Chandra, the Victim, Was Widely Known in America

Said a British Staff officer: "I have known morale to be found in a cup of hot coffee. I have seen it sustained by a man's merely writing a letter home. If you want an easy and short definition of 'morale' you will find a good one in the four letters Y.M.C.A."

## How the Y.M.C.A. Contributes to Victory



Y.M.C.A. man serving hot coffee 100 yards from German Trenches near Lens (From Photo)

**Y**PRES, Langemarck, Festubert, Vimy Ridge, Paschendaele---how the very names thrill!

They stand for deeds of the bravest of the brave---our own Canadian lads! They fight and win, not always by strength of numbers, but by unbeatable fighting spirit, or "morale".

## YMCA Red Triangle Fund \$2,250,000, May 7, 8, 9 Canada-Wide Appeal

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY

## INSURANCE

C. R. HAM, General Agent for the Merchants Casualty Co. Sick and Accident insurance, also Fire Life and Plate Glass. Accounts collected.

W. H. HUDSON, representing the Liverpool, London & Globe Ins. Co., North British & Mercantile Ins. Co., Sun Fire Ins. Co., Waterloo Mutual, Gore Mutual, Farm and city property insured in first-class, reliable companies, at the lowest current rates. Office 19 Campbell St., Belleville. Automobile Insurance at the cheapest rates.

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FARM INSURANCE, Frame Buildings, \$50 to \$1 per \$100. Brick Buildings, 50c to 75c per \$100; reduction of 10c for lightning rods or metal roof. Why any higher rates when you can get cheaper rates and Company guaranteed? Bring in your policies and let me quote many rates before you renew your Insurance. CHANCEY ASHLEY, 259 Front St., Belleville.

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H. T. THOMAS, London Mutual Fire Ins. Co., Phoenix (of London) Assurance Co., Nova Scotia Fire Underwriters, Union of Paris) Fire Ins. Co. Insurance of all kinds transacted at lowest rates. Phone 33. Office, P.O. Box 81; Dominion Bank Chambers.

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## ASSAYERS

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE—Ores and Minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Bleeker and Victoria Avenues, East, Belleville. Phone 899.

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## MEDICAL

V. BLAKESLEE, M.B., M.D., L.M.C.C. Physician and Surgeon, 111 Victoria Ave., cor. William. Phone 267. Hours 9:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

DR. J. J. ROBERTSON, Physician and Surgeon. Office of late Dr. Mather, 117 Pinnacle St. Phone 271.

## AUCTIONEERS

NORMAN MONTGOMERY Auctioneer, Brighton, Box 180; telephone 101. Belleville Office at Hartman & Simmons' Showrooms, cor. Bridge & Front Sts., Belleville, Ont.

## FLORISTS

CUT FLOWERS In Season WEDDING and FUNERAL DESIGNS A Specialty COLLIP Phone 205 Night Phone 178

## BATTERIES SILENT

Of the batteries bombarded by our gunners, during the past twelve hours, many will not be heard from for some time. Continuous forcible feeding, for such a protracted period on lethal and tear gas, mixed with high explosives, has proved too successful before to doubt its destructive virtue now. Unable to secure rubber to give the masks that close it which is essential for full protection, the Germans' protective measures fall short of our own, and the enemy gunners must have suffered heavily under our bombardment; for we used nearly six thousand shells against some thirty battery positions. Our 4.5 howitzers secured six direct hits on concrete shelters in the Avion district.

In some instances in our raids, which were all supported by our artillery, our men were unable to locate the enemy. In others sharp fighting developed, particularly in one case, where protracted hand-to-hand fighting took place. So close was the struggle that we were unable to take any prisoners.

## SEVEN RAIDS

Our seven raids netted us altogether five prisoners and two machine guns. Two prisoners have since died.

Encountering gas in raiding operations one of our patrols, consisting of one officer and ten other ranks, donned masks and proceeded into the enemy trenches, until they encountered a hostile party of fifteen. A lively fight ensued with bombs and rifles. Early in the morning another one-hour battle occurred between patrols under cover of a smoke barrage from grenades. Our men entered the enemy's line, bombed dugouts and killed two and wounded one and also secured valuable information.

With fair weather succeeding the cold, dark days of last week, our aeroplanes were busy. With reckless disregard for the regular machine gun or rifle bullet barrage, a patrol of four of our machines flew up and down the enemy trenches for no less than fifteen minutes at altitudes of fifty to a hundred yards, emptying machine gun drums into the enemy's front line. Like work was carried out in other parts of the line, and at midnight one of our planes bombed the hostile-firing trenches.

## They Had Very Narrow Escape

NO VEHICLES IN WHICH THEY COULD BE MOVED AND THEY WERE NEARLY CAUGHT BY THE GERMAN INFANTRY

With the British Army in France, April 23.—When the big German offensive opened the British had big advance stations at such places as Noyon, Cugny, Ham, Grevilliers and Achel-le-Grand. All these almost immediately came under pressure as the Germans swarmed swiftly forward. Practically the same scenes were enacted at all these places, as their evacuation was carried out during the first and second days.

With the beginning of the drive shells and bombs began to rain about the stations with their crowded wards, but doctors and nurses stuck to the last possible moment, although numbers of them were killed or wounded. At one place several orderlies were killed and the lighting system of the operating room wrecked on the first day.

Were Pressing Close

In almost every case the Germans were pressing close to the vicinity when the station finally was abandoned. At Grevilliers, for instance, where the medical corps hung on until the second day, the enemy was so close that as the patients and equipment were moved out, British batteries rushed up and began firing at the advancing enemy.

When it was no longer possible to remain in advanced stations every available lorry and ambulance—and they were all too few—were called into use. The severely wounded were carried back in ambulances but every man able to walk was forced to tramp back to the new station. The nurses, among the first to go, went in ammunition lorries and any sort of conveyance able to give them a lift. Such light articles as could not be got into the lorries were thrown helter skelter on trains moving westward and left to their fate.

These things are beginning to turn up in all sorts of places. Paris having collected a large number of bundles which came from many points along the line.

## Had to be Abandoned

Iron beds and other heavy things had to be abandoned, and in some instances considerable stores of medicines, but most of these were destroyed and a torch was applied to the huts. The precious surgical instruments were taken in charge by the surgeons themselves, who in many cases piled them on wheeled stretchers and started back along the congested highways.

One doctor pushed his little vehicle forty miles and others covered distances up to twenty-eight miles. Reports show the amazing fact that every one of the thousands of patients in these many stations was got safely out and that none suffered from their hard journey. Operations had to be postponed often, but here again fortune was with the British, and no ill effects have yet been seen from these delays.

## None the Worse for the Trip

Crippled soldiers, who had to hobble afoot, are none the worse for their trip, and, in fact, doctors who examined them after the tramp pronounced them a particularly good lot of patients.

Seventy badly wounded men had a narrow escape at Roye on the 26th. The station here was one of the second line of hospitals. As the Germans swept up, all the patients with the exception of these were got out but there were no vehicles available to move the last seventy. Medical officers and orderlies remained to meet the German advance.

Mr. Bonar Law said he would like to remind the House how small the advances to the dominions had been kept during the war, showing how great was the desire not only of Canada, but of the other dominions, to meet their own war expenditures.

Mr. Bonar Law said that Germany's daily expenditure was £2,250,000, practically the same as the British, but the German total did not include various charges borne by the Central Governments here. The total German votes of credit amounted at the present time to £8,200,000,000.

## Up Go The British Taxes

## POSTAGE, MATCHES, BEER

Bonar Law Says the French System Will Be Followed in Taxing Luxuries—Greatly Increase Revenue

London, April 25.—In presenting his budget yesterday Chancellor of the Exchequer Bonar Law estimated the expenditures in the coming year at £2,972,197,000. He placed the revenue at £774,250,000, plus £7,800,000 to be gained from new taxation, making a total of £842,050,000. This left a balance of £2,130,147,000 to be covered by borrowing.

## Canada's Assistance

The chancellor expressed the Government's appreciation of the hearty co-operation on the part of the Canadian Government in assisting to finance the war. He referred to the fact that last year Great Britain had to borrow £1,989,360,000.

Mr. Bonar Law said he would like to remind the House how small the advances to the dominions had been kept during the war, showing how great was the desire not only of Canada, but of the other dominions, to meet their own war expenditures.

Mr. Bonar Law said that Germany's daily expenditure was £2,250,000, practically the same as the British, but the German total did not include various charges borne by the Central Governments here. The total German votes of credit amounted at the present time to £8,200,000,000.

## LEVY BY GERMANY

Assuming that the German estimates would be realized, the total taxation levied by the German Government would amount to £3,650,000,000, as against £1,444,000,000 in Great Britain. This was not enough to pay the interest on the war accumulated. The German balance sheet, reckoned on the same basis as the British, would, with the interest on the sinking fund, pensions and pre-war expenditure be £720,000,000 yearly.

## BANKRUPTCY NOT DISTANT

With an additional permanent Imperial revenue of £120,000,000, it would make their total additional revenue £185,000,000.

This amount added to the pre-war revenue brought the total up to £235,000,000 showing a deficit of £235,000,000.

"If that were our position," he added, "I would say that bankruptcy was not far distant."

The German taxes have been almost exclusively indirect, imposed on commodities required by the masses of the people, and not upon the wealthiest classes, who control the Government, and upon whom the Government is afraid to put extra taxation.

## NEW TAXATION SCHEMES

Mr. Bonar Law introduced new taxation schemes with the proposal to increase the postal rate within the United Kingdom and to the United States, Canada, India and the other dominions from a penny to three half pence, yielding £3,400,000.

The postage on post cards would be a penny.

The income tax would be raised from five shillings to six shillings in the pound.

The stamp duty on cheques would be raised from one penny to two pence, yielding £750,000. The increased income tax would yield £1,000,000.

There would be no change in the tax on incomes under £250.

There would be no increase in the rate on service pay.

## DOUBLE INCOME TAX

With regard to a double income tax within the Empire, he proposed to adopt the principle of his predecessor, and the extra shilling would not apply when the double tax was equal to six shillings.

Allowances for children would apply to incomes up to £800, instead of £700, as at present. According to the new taxation, the super-tax would be four shillings, six pence in the pound instead of three shillings, six pence and would begin with incomes amounting to £2,500, instead of £2,000.

The chancellor said that farmers would be taxed on the assumption that their profits were twice the rentals. The present law assumes that a farmer's income is exactly equal to his rental.

## DOUBLE ON SPIRITS AND BEER

The spirit duty would be increased from fourteen shillings nine pence a gallon to thirty shillings bringing in £5,500,000 this year. The beer duty would be raised from twenty-five to fifty shillings a barrel, and would bring in £9,700,000 this year.

The tobacco duty would be raised from six shillings five pence to eight shillings two pence a pound. Tobacco was under the control of the Tobacco Controller, and the result of the increased tax would be that the retail price would be fixed at two

pence more per ounce, not all of which, however, would come out of the consumer.

The sugar tax would be increased by eleven shillings eight pence per hundred weight, which would bring in this year £12,400,000, and in a full year £13,200,000.

The national debt of Great Britain at the end of the present year, said Mr. Bonar Law, would be £7,950,000,000; the total debt due Great Britain from her allies at the end of the year would be £1,632,000,000.

## Black Puddings Are in Demand

NATIONAL FACTORY MAKING THEM IN BRITAIN—SAVING IN FOODSTUFFS

Ottawa, April 25.—A review of the food and trade situation in Britain received by the Governor-General and issued through the Chief Censor's office says:

"The Food Minister reports that notwithstanding the substantial enforced reduction in the amount of meat consumed there has been a notable absence of complaint from any quarter. Heavy workers are now receiving supplementary rations of bacon rendered available by considerable imports from America. Bacon not needed for immediate consumption is being stored against the requirements of the summer period. Substantial economies are being effected in the consumption of bread, which is on a lower level than same period last year.

The Food Survey Board have organized a national factory for the utilization of meat residuals hitherto wasted. This factory is now producing daily about a ton of black puddings, which are exempted from coupon restrictions and are in large demand. The national kitchens are making rapid progress, three fresh ones being opened last week.

The Board of Trade reports that the textile Exports Shipping Committee has set up to ration the available shipping space among the export houses, difficulty having been experienced in providing sufficient tonnage for the export of textiles to distant countries.

## More Autos This Year

FARMERS ARE CHIEF PURCHASERS—100,000 TO BE SOLD IN CANADA

"It is probable that at least 100,000 new cars will be sold in Canada this year," said Mr. W. G. Robertson, Toronto, of the Ontario Motor League, this morning, "and a greater proportion than ever of the new cars are going to the rural districts. The farmers, and especially western farmers, are the principal purchasers for they are coming to regard the automobile as a necessary part of farm equipment. It can be easily understood when help is so scarce and such a great deal of time can be saved by travelling in a motor car as compared with the old-fashioned way."

Mr. Robertson said that in the United States the Farm Loan Board of the Government had classed the automobile as farm equipment along with agricultural implements for which the farmer could borrow money. The Canadian Government had taken similar action in classing the automobile with settlers' effects, which could be brought in free of duty.

Mr. Robertson believes that at least as many cars are being sold in Ontario this year as last, and as an indication of a prospective increase in the number of machines in use the Motor Vehicles Branch of the Highways Department have ordered 115,000 sets of license plates, as against a total of 78,000 last year, an increase of nearly fifty per cent.

HALSTON

Spring work again. Misses Margaret Moul and Maggie Glass spent one afternoon last week at Mr. T. Park's.

Mr. W. Sherry has purchased a new Grey Doff car.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Goodman of Hay Bay, spent a couple of days recently at Mr. C. L. Goodman's.

Mrs. J. Boldrick spent the weekend with friends in Prince Edward.

Mr. Miller and Miss Edna Parks visited at Mr. R. Kerr's on Sunday.

Mrs. J. Shannon is spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. J. Williams.

**Thoughts by the Way****THE BUZZ-SAW**

Written for The Ontario by "Wayfarer."

Once more in misted April  
The world is growing green.  
Along the winding river  
The plump willows lean.

In every wooded valley  
The buds are breaking through,  
As though the heart of all things  
No longer knew how.

—Bliss Carman

A beautiful April morning with scarcely a breeze to stir the budding branches of the lilacs—a morning when the sun was shining, the robins were singing, and the lambs skipping—a morning whose very atmosphere seemed to breathe the promise of the spring.

But, apparently, the men congregating to assist in the wood-sawing, had something to think of besides the beauties of the bright spring morning, for before them loomed a large wool pile several feet high, the cutting of which had occupied most of the owner's spare time in the past winter. As though the roughly garbed men, in picturesque attitudes, awaited the setting of the saw and steam engine, they seemed to be enjoying the release from the rigors of winter as much as do the birds and other creatures of the lower animal world.

Perhaps there is no better time for the observation of marked characteristics, than when in the very negligence and carelessness of their movements and position while spending a few moments in waiting might be noticed some marked personal traits. There was the oldest man in the group, growing a little corpulent and moving as it life's work for him were well-nigh over. A large well-knit figure, lounging with hands in pockets, revealed one ready for enjoyment as it comes. Another, springing nimbly from one task to another, displayed the man, alert and ready to seize life's opportunities as they passed. One quick and cat-like in

his movements, displayed a man skillful with his hands, and another, although moving with slow and careful step, gave one the impression of steadfastness and faithfulness to duty.

When setting the engine in position, it was noticed that the limbs of an old apple tree were in the way. Accordingly some of the intervening limbs were sawed off, when it was discovered that this old tree which had yielded year after year, a golden harvest of tallow sweets, had died through the severity of the past winter. It therefore being useless, the axe was laid at its roots and fell upon the air. Gradually as work progressed the pile of unsawed wood grew smaller and the pile of sawed sticks larger, until, as the shadows were lengthening in the dying day, the engine gave one long, triumphant whistle, proclaiming the day's work done. And the men, hungry but happy, entered the house to feast upon the good things prepared for them.

And now the pile lies waiting for the axe, for much of the wood must be split. But it may be that this work will be left undone for the fields are almost ready for the sower, and from over the sea comes the insistent call to the Canadian farmer for food. Let us hope for a prosperous sowing and a bountiful harvest.

—Wayfarer

**District News Items  
in Condensed Form**

Some of the old Trent Canal bunch who paddled around in the river during the summer of 1913 are keenly interested in the demolition of the old Chinese laundry. The elaborate precautions taken at the time to preserve this historic structure—precautions that would do justice to the Doge's palace—are all for naught.—Campbellford Herald.

An interesting story of the part Queen's University is playing in the war, in the way of giving men, and the honors which have been bestowed upon men from the University for gallant work on the field of battle, was given by Principal Bruce Taylor, in some statistics he presented at Convocation proceedings on Wednesday afternoon.

The total enrollment of Queen's men up till April 24th, of this year, was given as 1,157, made up as follows: Arts—undergraduates, 264, graduates 184; science—undergraduates 174, graduates 147; medicine—undergraduates 170, graduates 164; banking courses—74; total 1,157.

Undergraduates include all those of the 1914-15 and later years. Graduates are those of 1914 and earlier.

There are 98 Queen's men killed or died while on active service. Military honors were bestowed as follows: C.M.G., 2; D.S.O., 8; M.C., 46; D.C.M., 7; M.M., 9; D.S.C., 1; total, 72.—Kingston Whig.

Rev. Father McFadden, who has been parish priest at Wooler, has been appointed to the parish of Parry Sound, succeeding Rev. J. F. Kelly, who is awaiting orders to go overseas as chaplain. Father McConnell, curate to Father Kelly, takes charge of the Wooler parish.—Lindsey Post.

It is understood that on the occasion of the visit of the governor general to Lindsay on May 9th, the Victoria Cross won by the late Pte. Brown, will be presented to his mother, Mrs. McAlpine, of Emily. An effort has been made to have the presentation take place in Toronto, but it is believed the ceremony will take place here.—Post.

Yesterday afternoon, a young boy twelve years of age, appeared before P.M. Davidson charged with stealing "Billy" Taylor's self-propelled automobile, and then breaking it

The charge was dropped and the boy told his next offence would be a term in the industrial school. His father made restitution to the value of the auto. This is about the fourth or fifth time this boy has appeared on similar charges in the police court.—Cobourg Star.

Big prices were realized on Tuesday at the auction sale of stock and implements belonging to Mr. C. I. H. Jordson, of Monteaule, who is moving to the West. Eight cows brought \$582; twenty-six sheep netted \$612; and a brood sow and nine young were sold for \$87. Auctioneer Andrew Wilson, of Tweed, wielded the hammer. The proceeds of the sale amounted to approximately \$2,500.—Bankroft Times.

Innumerable are the stories—many of them "cheatstons"—of the ready wit of Mr. Justice Duff. Here is one that is new to us, at all events:

It appears that one day while trying a case he was disturbed by a young man who kept moving about in the rear of the court, hitting chairs and prying under seats.

"Young man," exclaimed the learned judge at last, "you are making a good deal of unnecessary noise. What are you doing?"

"Lord," replied the offender, "I have lost my overcoat and am trying to find it."

"Well," came the witty reply, "people often lose whole suits in here without making all that fuss."—Cobourg Star.

A rather exciting runaway occurred on Saturday afternoon at Cobourg when one of a team of horses used by the Military Hospital ran away. The team ran up Division Street, one of them slipping and falling on the crossing at the post office.

The horse got up and ran up the sidewalk on the south side of King Street as far as the Standard Bank, then crossed over and continued up the sidewalk on the north side as far as the British Hotel, where it stopped. The street had a number of people on it, but everyone took refuge in a doorway. One man had a narrow escape from getting knocked down.

Mr. and Mrs. John Daly, of Toronto, formerly of this village, have received notice that their son, Pte. Frank Daly, was killed in action on March 30. The deceased was only

grafted into the backbone, and while he will have to be on his back for at least two months yet, he is making satisfactory progress. He is in the Toronto General Hospital and Mr. and Mrs. Meikle will stay in Toronto until he is stronger in order to be near him.—Navywood Register.

Mcmurray & McDonald of Colborne, were fined \$1 and \$5.25 costs in police court for running an automobile without the necessary lights.

Mr. Manley Sherris, the eminent Canadian baritone, has opened a vocal class in Tweed and will visit the village every Thursday.—Tweed Advocate.

Mr. Joshua Stone, of Flinton, paid a visit to High Grove Stock Farm one day last week and purchased one of Mr. Tufts' pure-bred Jersey milk cows. High Grove Stock Farm enjoys a wide reputation for quality of stock and in consequence many sales are made to customers living at some distance.

Brig.-Gen. Leo Embury, of Regina, who is home on furlough after seeing service in France since the early stages of the war, was a guest of his cousin, Mr. P. K. Newton, on Saturday and was en route to visit his mother at Moira. While he was in France he received word from his western home town that he had been appointed by the Government to the position of High Court Judge, which news, naturally, would be very pleasing to him.—Tweed Advocate.

Finally when the saw and engine were in position, the men took their places, two to manage the saw, one at the engine three to carry the wood to the saw, and one who was kept busy throwing it away. Then the noisy work began and if we ever wondered at the appellation, "buzz-saw" as applied to this particular machine, the wonder was dispelled as the weird, screeching sound rose and fell upon the air. Gradually as work progressed the pile of unsawed wood grew smaller and the pile of sawed sticks larger, until, as the shadows were lengthening in the dying day, the engine gave one long, triumphant whistle, proclaiming the day's work done. And the men, hungry but happy, entered the house to feast upon the good things prepared for them.

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Pte. Charles Bristol of Vancouver, B.C., was killed in action on March 12th, 1918. He had been wounded once before and was then instructor in England with the rank of sergeant. Wishing to return to France to join his brother he reverted in rank to that of private. He was a nephew of Mrs. James Caskey and Mr. M. Bristol of town.—Madoc Review.

The Agricultural representative, Mr. A. D. McIntosh, is informed by the Department of Agriculture, Toronto, that the growing of flax is just as important as the growing of wheat, and that if farmers show any considerable interest in growing this crop, he will secure a grow expert to address a meeting and arrange to secure an ample supply of good seed. The fact that a crop of flax fits the ground for fall wheat ought to be an incentive to many to give it a trial.—Stirling Argus.

Coborne merchants have decided to hold a half-holiday on Thursday afternoon and evening during the months of May, June, July and August.

Mrs. Stewart has received the following message from the director of records, Ottawa, dated April 19th, 1918:

"Sincerely regret to inform you 1027456, Pte. Charles Stewart, infantry, officially reported dangerously ill, thirty-five general hospital, Calais, April 16th, 1918. Will send further particulars when received."—Campbellford Herald.

The members of the junior O.H.A. team were the guests of the hockey club last night at a dinner in the Empress Hotel, when the occasion was taken by the officers to thank the boys for their efforts in the past season. Each player received a group photo of the players and officers.—Peterboro Review.

Lieut. E. L. McConnell, of Spring Brook, returned home on leave on Friday last, with his wife, a Scotch widow, whom he married in Edinburgh. He enlisted with the 59th Battalion and has been overseas for two years and a half. Mrs. McConnell, before leaving England, had given her husband a pair of socks to be knitted for the soldiers. His first pair was completed within a week, and the work was really a credit to him. He cannot go to the front, but he wants to help the boys who can go and is doing it in this way.

Lance Corporal Earl Hickey has taken a position in the shell works of the J.C. Wilson Company, Belleville.—Picton Times.

The steamers Thousand Islander, America, Aletha, and Varuna which are laid up at the causeway, have not been touched in regard to fitting out; and it is very likely that only the Varuna and Aletha will navigate. The vessels are in the same condition as they were last fall and the Thousand Islander has not been overhauled, which gives rise to the opinion that she will either be sold or not used in any capacity this summer.—Kingston Standard.

Mr. Charles Nixon, Port Hope, has been confined to the hospital for some time from an attack of gangrene. His condition became so serious that it was found necessary this week to amputate the right leg between the ankle and knee. His condition at the present time is quite favorable and his many friends hope he may continue to improve.

At a meeting of the trustees of Queen's University held on Wednesday evening, Rev. Daniel M. Gordon, D.D., was granted an honorarium of \$5,000 in recognition of his services as principal emeritus and felicitated by the Board for the dignity and prosperity that he had brought to the University during the tenure of his office.—Kingston Whig.

nineteen years of age. He went overseas in April, 1917. A brother, Robert, was gassed on April 2nd last; Alvin is convalescing in Queen's Military Hospital, Kingston, and Mark, another brother, is at present overseas.—Bankroft Times.

The fine brick residence on Bridge St. east, owned and occupied by Mr. D. L. Kavanagh, was almost totally destroyed by fire on Friday morning last. A defective flue is said to have been responsible for the blaze.

A few minutes after the alarm was given a large number of citizens were on the scene and they succeeded in saving practically all the contents. At least twenty minutes had elapsed before the firemen succeeded in getting a stream on the blaze, but although it was impossible to save the structure, the engine did excellent service in preventing the fire from spreading.

Mr. Kavanagh estimated his loss at \$3,000, with an insurance of \$1,600. This house was built by Mr. D. Fuller and was considered one of the best residences in town.—Bankroft Times.

In Penumbra last week Police Magistrate Stewart imposed a fine of \$5 each on the parents of two children who were persistently absent from school. He held that the parents were neglecting their responsibilities. In this Magistrate Stewart has set an example that might well be followed in other towns. There is altogether too much truancy and many parents manifest absolute indifference as to where their children are during school hours. When they understand that these children may be placed in an industrial school and the parents made to pay a fine perhaps they will more readily realize their obligations.—Annpolis Chronicle.

A new band has been organized in Bowmanville and the instruments of the 235th Battalion band have been turned over to the new organization by the trustees. We understand that the instruments of the 136th Battalion band are stored away in some attic in Port Hope. Why not turn these over to the local band? Our bandsmen are doing everything in their power to provide the town with good music and should be encouraged. They have given their services gratis to every patriotic organization and any plan that can assist the band should be adopted at once.—Port Hope Guide.

The first boat of the season to come into Picton was the steamer Parade. This boat was chartered by Mr. Fred Newman for this trip and arrived in the harbor Wednesday morning and left at three p.m. loaded with groceries for Napanee and Deseronto.—Picton Times.

Mr. M. Holman of the Township of Clarke, while plowing the other day unearthed a German silver coin dated 1826. The coin was a little larger than a half dollar and had retained all its brilliancy. It is worth twenty-four cents in Canadian money, and about forty-eight cents in Germany. It is a mystery how it found its way to Mr. Holman's farm. Mont says if the Kaiser is anywhere in that section his days are numbered.—Port Hope Guide.

A husband and wife appeared in court this morning charged with neglecting their children. The family had been living in Port Hope recently the mother went to live at Perrytown, taking the children with her. There are five children, the oldest fourteen years of age, and according to the evidence they had received very little attention. The case was adjourned for one month and in the meantime the father is to provide a home for his wife and family and the children to be properly looked after. Rev. T. D. McCullough has the case in hand.

"Jack" Stansbury, a well-known young Kingstonian and a son of John Stansbury, messenger at the Customs House, was chief steward on the British-Canadian steamship Armonia, which was torpedoed and sunk off the Toulon coast, and was one of a number of the crew saved after a most thrilling experience.

Seven members of the crew were killed by an explosion following the torpedoing of the vessel, while the remainder of the crew of eighty-two, including two British gunners, took to the lifeboats and were picked up after a struggle with the high seas in an armed trawler.

The Armonia had been engaged in carrying horses from New York to Genoa and was in ballast, bound for Genoa for the Italian Government, in addition to being used for government purposes elsewhere. The vessel is said to be the former German liner Weimar.

The steamer had landed its cargo at Napanee and was in ballast, bound for Marseilles, under convoy, when torpedoed.

At a meeting of the trustees of Queen's University held on Wednesday evening, Rev. Daniel M. Gordon, D.D., was granted an honorarium of \$5,000 in recognition of his services as principal emeritus and felicitated by the Board for the dignity and prosperity that he had brought to the University during the tenure of his office.—Kingston Whig.

Mr. and Mrs. John Daly, of Toronto, will be at home to their friends on Saturday, May 4th, from 2:30 to 5:30 o'clock in the afternoon, in celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding day.—Napanee Beaver.

Rev. Canon Loucks, Kingston, Ont.

**"Woe unto you that are full, for ye shall hunger."**

Luke 6: 25.

whose land is suitable, has been urged to sow 5 acres more spring wheat this year so that Ontario's demand for wheat shall not be met at the expense of that portion of the Western crop that should more rightfully be shipped overseas.

For this same reason every householder who has a garden or a piece of vacant land is being urged to grow vegetables, because the more vegetables that are grown and eaten in Ontario, the less wheat and meat there will be consumed, and that being so, the Ontario wheat crop should then be sufficient to feed our own people, and leave more Western wheat and other foods available for export.

If you have not yet decided to plant a vegetable garden make up your mind to do so now. You will not regret it. There is still lots of time. Potatoes and beans may be planted up to June 1st and these are the best substitutes for wheat and meat.

For good, practical advice upon how to lay out and cultivate a Vegetable Garden, write for a free copy of the booklet entitled: "A Vegetable Garden for Every Home." This has been prepared by the Ontario Department of Agriculture for the guidance of citizens who will respond to this call for increased production.

**Organization of Resources Committee, Parliament Buildings, Toronto**

Dear Sirs:

Please send me a copy of your booklet "A Vegetable Garden for Every Home."

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

**ORGANIZATION OF RESOURCES COMMITTEE**  
In Co-operation with Canada Food Board

Rev. Canon Armstrong, Trenton; Rev. C. E. S. Radcliffe, Deseronto; Rev. A. L. McTeer, Bath; Rev. A. L. Geen, Belleville; were in town on Wednesday to attend the funeral of the late Mrs. Stanton, Napanee Beaver.

That the farmers in this district still maintain their hostility towards the daylight saving regulation was a statement of a farmer to The Guide. He said that all over the country the farmers refuse to move their watches one hour ahead because they feel that they cannot rise one hour earlier than they are now doing.

"I get up at four o'clock every morning now," said the farmer, "and I can't be expected to rise at three o'clock, by the new time." It was pointed out, however, that instead of rising an hour earlier he could rise at the same time as now but that his watch would register five o'clock instead of four.

It was the members of parliament representing farming constituencies that opposed the passing of the measure in the federal House and the farmers have not taken kindly to the measure for which there is so much enthusiasm in the cities.

The farmers have been quite bewildered at times when they come to the city and find that their time pieces do not agree with Big Ben in the City Hall tower. As a result of their failure to accede to the new law, considerable confusion has occurred when they forgot that the city is under the new time and consequently arrived an hour late.—Port Hope Guide.

The boat was built in 1901 at a cost of \$100,000 and is constructed of steel. As an example of how great has been the increase in value of boats, the freighter was sold this season, after the owners had some seventeen years' service, for nearly a quarter of a million dollars. The boat will be taken to Buffalo for repairs and will then proceed to the Atlantic Ocean to be engaged in carrying trade between the United States and the West Indies.—Kingston Whig.

One of the principal attractions which Algonquin Park has for the holiday maker is its opportunities for the canoeist. You can travel for hundreds of miles by canoe and camp un molested in a kingdom of your own. Lakes and streams abound in fish famed for their gameness. Just the place to renew the energies of a tired body or wearied spirit. Altitude 2,000 feet above sea level. Easy of access, only 200 miles north of Toronto, and 170 miles west of Ottawa by the Grand Trunk Railway. Illustrated descriptive matter telling you all about it sent on request. Apply to C. E. Horning, D.P.A