

Post Office Department of Canada.

RATES OF POSTAGE ON LETTERS.

Canadian letters, 3 cents per 1 cz., and 3 cents for every fraction of 1 oz. Unpaid letters are charged 5 cents per 1 oz. Postal cards 1 cent.

The rate of Postage to British Columbia, Vancouver's Island, Mani-toba, and Prince Edward's Island is 3 cents per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. if prepaid ; 5 cents per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. if not prepaid. To New-foundland 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. must be prepaid.

UNITED STATES. --- The rate of postage on letters between any place in Canada and the United States is, if prepaid, 6 cents per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. ; if unpaid, 10 cents per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Letters addressed to, or received from United States, on which stamps are affixed, repre senting less than the amount of postage to which the letters are liable, are rated as wholly unpaid, no credit being given for partial payment.

The single rate of postage on letters between any place in Canada and any place in the United Kingand any place in the United King-dom is, by Canadian Packet, sailing on Saturday, 6 cents per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; by New York Steamer, sailing on Wed-nesday, 8 cents per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.

PARCEL POST.

Parcels may be forwarded betwixt any offices in Canada, at 12¹/₂ cents for every 8 oz. ; weight not to exceed 4 lbs., and the postage must be pre paid by stamp. The parcel should have the words "By Parcel Post" plainly written on the address.

REGISTRATION.

The following are the fees which, as well as the ordinary postage, must be prepaid at the office at which posted :--

On letters to Canada, Newfoundland, or Prince Edward's Island, 2 cents ; on letters to any place in the United States, 5 cents ; on letters to any place in the United Kingdom, 8 cents; on parcels, packets, &c., to any part of Canada, 5 cents; on books, packets, and newspapers, to the United Kingdom, 8 cents.

When letters are registered for whatever destination, both postage and registration fees should be pre-paid by stamps. The postage and registration fee on letters addressed to the United Kingdom, the United States and placeabared rout be States, and places abroad, must be paid wholly in stamps or money.

A Registered letter can only be delivered to the party addressed or to his or her order. The registration does not make the Post Office responsible for its safe delivery, it simply makes its transmission more secure, by rendering it practicable to trace it when passing from one place to another in Canada, and at least to the frontier or port of despatch.

Postage Stamps, to be used in payment of the several rates, are issued as follows :- ½ cent stamp, to prepay small Periodicals : 1 cent stamp, to prepay drop letters; 2 cent stamp, to prepay Transient Newspapers, Registered Letters; 3 cent stamp, to prepay the ordinary letter rate ; 6 cent stamp, to prepay the rate on United States letters; 6 cent stamp, to prepay rate to England *vid* Canadian Packet; 8 cent stamp, to prepay rate to England, via Cunard Packet

A mutilated stamp, or a stamp cut in half is not recognised.

MONEY ORDERS.

Money Orders, payable in the Dominion, may be obtained at any Money Order Office (of which a list can be seen at any Post Office), at the following rates

Under and up to \$10, 5 cents, over \$10 and not exceeding \$20, 10 cents, and 10 cents for every additional \$20 up to \$100, above which sum no single order can issue; in New Brunswick, 5 cents on each \$10.

Money Orders on England, Ire-land, and Scotland, —Money Order Office in Great Britain and Ireland, can be obtained in any Money Order Office. The orders are drawn in sterling, the commission chargeable being for £2 and under, 25 cents ; from £2 to £5, 50 cents; from £5 to £7, 75 cents; from £7 to £10, \$1. No order can be drawn for more than £10, but any number of orders for £10 each may be procured.

The rate of commission charged on orders on Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward's Island over and above the currency value of the sterling is as follows :

For orders not exceeding £5 sterling 25 cts. For £5 and not exc. £10 sterl. 50 cts. ,, £10 ,, ,, £15 ,, 75 cts. ,, £15 ,, ,, £20 ,, \$1. Money Orders are now issued on

British India at the following rates: For sums not exc. £2 sterl. 30 ets.

Above £2 and , , , £5 , , 60 ets. , , £5 , , , , , £7 , 90 ets. , £7 , , , , £10 , \$1 20e.

POST-OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Post Office Savings Banks, having the direct security of the Dominion to every depositor for re-payment of all moneys deposited, with the interest due thereon.

DUTIES ON PROMISSORY NOTES AND BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

Stamps required for Single Notes, Drafts, and Bills of Exchange.--3 conts for \$100; 3 cents every addi-tional \$100; 3 cents every additional fraction of \$100.

For Notes and Drafts, Bills in Duplicate.-2 cents on each part of \$100; 2 cents for each part of every additional \$100; 2 cents on each part and for every additional fraction of \$100.

For Notes, Drafts, and Bills, in more parts than two.--1 cent on each part for \$100; 1 cent on each part for every additional \$100 ; 1 cent on each part for every additional fraction of \$100.

\$25, 1 cent; \$25 and upwards to \$50, 2 cents; \$50 and upwards to \$100, 3 cents: interest payable at maturity to be counted as principal. The fourth clause of the Stamp Act enacts that any cheque upon a char-tered bank or licensed banker, or on any savings bank, if the same shall be payable on demand; any Post-office money order and any muni-cipal debenture, or coupon of such debenture shall be free of duty under this Act.

FESTIVALS, ANNIVERSARIES, &c., FOR THE YEAR 1874.

EpiphanyJan.	6
Septuagesima Sunday Feb.	1
Quinquages Shrove Sun	15
Ash Wednesday ,	18
Quadrages 1st S. in Lent ,	22
St. David Mar.	1
St. Patrick	17
Annunciation - Lady Day	25
Palm Sunday	29
Good FridayApril	33
Easter Sunday	15
Low Sunday	12
St. George	23
Rogation Sunday May	10
Ascension D Holy Thurs	14
Birth of Queen Victoria	24
Pentecost-Whit Sunday "	24
Trinity Sunday	31
Corpus ChristiJune	4
Accession of Q. Victoria "	20
Proclamation	-1
Midsummer Day	24
Dominion DayJuly	1
Michaelmas Day Sept.	29
Birth of Prince of Wales Nov.	9
First Sunday in Advent	29
St. Andrew	2.0
St. Thomas Dec.	21
Christmas Day	25

FOREIGN COINS-BRITISH VALUE.

Cent-America, §d. Crusado Nova-Portugal, 28. 3d. Dollar - Spanish, 48. 3d.; American, 48. 2d.

4a. 2d. Ducat-Flanders, Sweden, Austria, and Saxony, 8s. 3d.; Denmark, 8s. 3d. Florin-Prussia, Poland, 18. 2d.; Flan-ders, 1s. 6d.; Germany (Austria), 2s. France, or Livre-French, 9jd. Guilder-Dutch 1s. 8d.; German, 1s. 7d.

to 28. Louis d'or-(Old) 188. 6d.-Louis, or Na-

Louis dor--(Old) 183. 64.--Louis, or Na-poleon--ley Pagoda--Maia, 83. 64. Pragoda--Maia, 83. 64. Pragoda--Maia, 85. 64. Pragota--Maia, 85. 64. Prayer, 168. 64. Propring 1998. 1998. 1998. 1998. Propring 1998. 1998. 1998. 1998. 1998. Res-Portugal, 2004. of 1d.; a Mill-re, 48. 60.

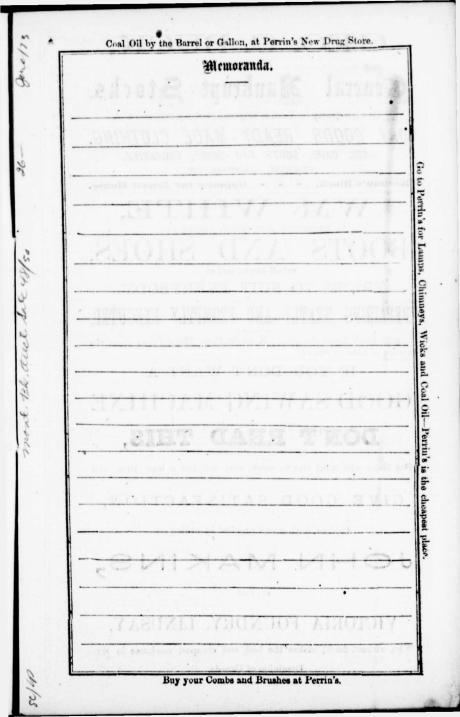
As 6d. Rial-8 to a dollar, 6d. Rial-8 to a dollar, 6d. Rix-dollar - German, 3s. 6d.; Dutch, Hamburg, Denmark, and Sweden, 4s. 3d.

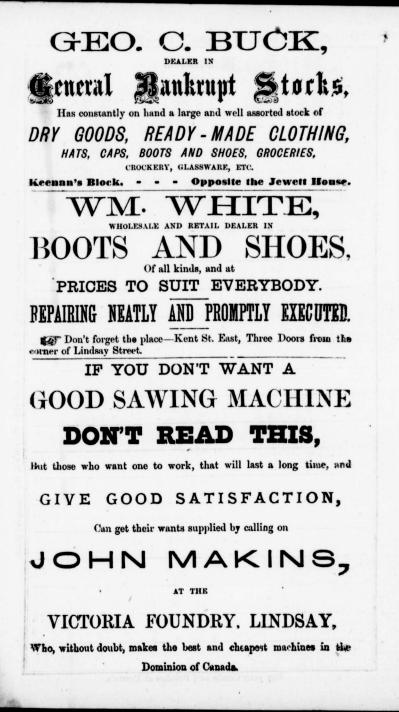
48, 3d. Rouble-Russian, 3s. 3d. Rupec-Asia, Silver, 1s. 10d. ; ditto, Gold, 288, 9d.

Sol, or Sou-French, Id.

1204574







"GOOD WORDS AND NO DEEDS ARE RUSHES AND REEDS."

the third occupant of the chair since the foundation of that Institution in 1768, and replacing Mr. Benjamin West, who succeeded Sir Joshua Reynolds.

Bucceeded Sir Joshua Reynolds. For many years Sir Thomas Lawrence derived from his works an income approaching the large amount of of any rise and valuable art productions whence one is offered, that even this princely income was not enough for him; and formed was estimated, after his decease, at 50,000, he never theless diel in straitened eiroumstances. It is death occurred in 1859, and his memory was honcourded by burial in St. Paul's Cathedral.

Catheorai. The following anecdote is from a letter written by Sir Gore Ouseley, and is a striking illustration of Sir Thomas skill as an artist. He had been caphoged to paint the potrait of Mirza, the Persian ambassador in England, and which Sir Persia. It must be remarked that the Persians weaker much accustomed to pictorial allusion; and therefore the prime minister of Persia paid the same sort of testmony to his executive powers as the birds to Zeuxis's grapes. Sir Gorgo says:-

" His Excellency Mirza Sheft, prime minister of the king of Persis, called on me one noming at Teheran so unexportedly that I had not time to remove the Persian ambasedor's portrait from the sola, on which I had placed it he moment before, from out of its packing-cases. I hastened to the door of the drawing-room to receive the minister, and, taking him by the hand, was leading him to the sola, when he unaccountably drew back. It is necessary to premise that in Persian houses (and I was then living in a place lent me by the king whilst my own was building), the apartments have they now more solar discussion of communication to other rooms on the same floor, and that Mirza Shefi may have possibly mistken the frame of the picture, creet against the wall, for that of a window. At all events it did not injure the illusion.

"On looking back to learn the cause of his hesitation, I perceived the old minister" untreance inflamed with anger, which, before I could us mere the cause of it, burst forth in an apostrophe to the pertnat. 'I think' said he, 'that when the representative of the king of England does me the honour of standing up to receive me, in due respect to him you should not be seated.' I could not resist laughing at this delightful mistathe, and before I could explain, he said to me,' Yes, it is your excell 'huy's kindness to that impertinent follow that coournage such disrespect, but with your permission 17] soon tach him to know his distance.' Shaking his cane at the joiture, he uttered a volley of abuse at poor Mirza Abul Hassan, and said that if he had forgotten all proper respect to Sir Gore Ousley, he must at least show it to the representative of his own sovereign. His rage was most violent, and I saud na fattering, natural, and unsophisticated tribute to superior talents. On approaching the picture before he was undeceived. In the course of ny life t think I never met with hand over the canvas, and, with a look of unaffected surprise, exclaimed, 'Why, it has a flat surface! I for at a little distance I could have sworn by the Koran, that it was a projecting surface—in truth, that it was Abul Hassan Khan himself i''

The portraiture of Sir Thomas Lawrence is conspicuous for the happy manner in which the artist portrayed his subjects in the most pleasing phase of their facil expression, giving to them a life-like resemblance, while seemingly adding to their beauty and it may be that this, in some measure, explains the greater success of his portraits of women and children.

A PURE AND SIMPLE LIFE.

(17.)—JOHN RAY was one of those self-made men who leave their names as landmarks for the guidance of future workers in the world's busy hive. The following is a brief sketch of his life :—

lowing is a brief sketch of his life :--He was born at Black-Notley, near Enaintree, in 1637; and though his father was ouly a blackenith, he contrived to could supply. In due course may the neighbouring town College, Cambridge, where he so distinguished himself as to obtain a Fellowship, and also a College Lectureship in Greek and Mathematics. It is, however, as a botanist and isologist that he is best known. The study of botany, in his day much neglected, became a passion with him; and in 1660 he published in Latin his Cottopae of Plante growing in wave neglected, became a passion with him (and in 1660 he published in Latin his Cottopae of Plante growing in wave neglected, became a passion with him (and the the wave planted in the static static static static static tion of his celebrated Synopsis Methodics Strepton Britanrous journeys over the kingdom with his friend Mr. Willoughby, and even extended his travels over a good part of the continent of Europe, publishing an account of his adventures in 1663. The Royal Society in 1667 showed their appreciation of Ray's honest industry and learning by electing him a Fel-

low; and he was afterwards a frequent contributor to the Transactions of the sciency. His researches in zoology are the foundation of the science as we find it to day (and of which Guvier has spoken in the highest praise); and modern botany is almost equally indebted to his labours. His works embrace nearly everything connected with the earth and its inhalttarts, both animal and vegetable. After his darth, his *History* lished. His life was singularly simple and Letter, were published. His life was singularly simple whone as promeently as his thirst for knowledge. In 1700 he published *A* Persacise to a Holy Life- a work possessing the same rational and solid character as that which marks his scientific treatises.

The latter days of Ray were spent in the neighbourhood of his birth-place, and were chiefly occupied in perfecting his collections and improving their arrangement. The holy caim which marked his active life shone conspicuously through out it dooing moments, as is proved by the following effecting letter, written on his deathed, to Sir Hans Sloane :—

" Dear Sir-the best of friends .-

"These are to take a final leave of you as to this world : look upon myself as a dying man. God regule your kindness expressed any upungs towards me a hundrefolds bless you with a confuence of all good things in this world, and cternal life and happiness hereafter ; prant us a happy meeting to heaven.

I am, Sir, eternally yours, JOHN RAY.

Ray died shortly afterwards, in the year 1704.

A TERMAGANT WIFE.

(27).—THE REV. DR. ANDRING BELL, the projector and founder of National Schools on the "Madras," or "Monotorial" system, was able, by being a holder of rich livings, and also by the aid of very frugal, or, rather, penutrious habits, to realise a large fortune, all of which, viz., 2120,000 three-per-cent.consols, he devoted, at his death, in 1522, to found an extensive establishment for juvenile education in his native establishment for other charitable purposes.

city of st. Andrews; and for other charactole purposes. Dr. Bell had gone out as chaplain to India, and had been appointed minister of St. Mary's church, Madras. It was here that he commenced the gratuitous institution of the orphan children of the Military Asylum, and started the system of mutual help in teaching. When he returned to England he introduced his mode of teaching, and became an ardent school reformer, and his scheme was taken up by the well-known Joseph Lancaster. They worked together for a time most harmoniously; but at length Dr. Bell was induced to separate himself from Mr. Lancaster, who was supported chiefly by dissenters, and set about establishing schools where Church doctrines might be taught. Hence arcse the National Schools on the other. As a reward for his meritorious labours, Dr. Bell was made prebendary of Westminster, and honoured with two degrees—that of LLD. being conferred by the university of his native town. He died in the year 1852; and was buriel in Westminster Abby.

Dr. Bell, like John Wesley, had a termagant wife, of whom De Quincy (the essayist and critic) thus speaks :---

"'To that supreme of rogues, who looks the hang-dog that he is, Doctor (such a Doctor!) Andrew Bell."

" Or again :-

"To the upe of upes, and the knaw of knaws, who is recorded once to have puid a dot-but a small one, you may be sure, it was that he selected for this wonderful experiment-in fact, it was sid. Had it been on the other side of 6d. he must have did byfore he could have achieved so drawing a scrifte."

"Why the doctor submitted to these annoyances, nobody know, Some said it was mere indolence; but olters said And in the above manner, for the structure start was a failed by the structure of the structure of the letters to the doctor would naturally solve the mystery by suppoing an extra portion of madness in the writer, rather than an extra portion of knavery in the reversed receiver."



Why ? Where is Perrin's New Drug Store we hear so much about? It's next door to the old Jewett House. OFTE In Lindsay always ask for Perrin's New Drug Store. give them Perrin's Memoranda. Are your Children troubled with Worms a

WHITE & BRO.,

WOODVILLE,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

AGRICULTURAL

AND

GENERAL MACHINERY,

FIRST PRIZE

PLOUGHS

AND

GANG PLOUGHS.

Every description of

PLOUGH CASTINGS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRING.

R. S. WHITE.

W. C. WHITE.

"HE WHO SOWS THORNS, WILL NEVER REAP GRAPES"

modestly stated that the poems were the production of a youth of seventeen, published for the purpose of facilitating his four estudies, and emobilished for the purpose of facilitating his body and the state of the purpose of facilitating his body and the state of the purpose of facilitating his society." A disilke to the drudeery of an attorney's office, and a deathess which threatened to render him useless as a haver, had induced him to make the above declaration, and which should have disarmed the severity of critician; but the volume was most antavouribly noticed in the Monthly Re-reast the mode of the severity of critician; but the volume was most antavouribly noticed in the Monthly Re-reast had an ungenerous critique. Fortunately, how-ever, the volume had been read by Southey, who immediately wrote him a letter of encouragement ; and other friends springing up, he was enabled to achiever studies; and so well term he was at once pronounced the first man. Next year he eaght distinguished himself, and was looked upon as a future senior wrangler; and his college offered him, at their ex-tern. But the intensity of his studies had runned his con-



BIRTH-PLACE OF HENRY KIRKE WHITE.

stitution, and it was seen that Death had set his mark upon him. His wart to bendon in the hope that change of scene might recruit his shattered nerves and spirits, but on his return to cellege, he was so completely prostruct that it was out of the power of medical skill to save him, and his ex-hanted natyre sank beneath increasant toil and anxiety, on the 19th of October, 1806

the used of October, 1995. Southey continued his regard for the memory of White after his untimely death. He wrote a sketch of his life, and edited his Romains, which passed through several editions. He considered that his early death was to be lamented as a loss to English interature.-Hyron, in his Rydin Bards and South Reviewers, has also consecuted some beautiful lines to the memory of White.

A tablet to White's memory, with a medallion by Chantrey, was placed in All Saints' Church, Cambridge, by a young American gentleman, Mr. Boot, and bearing the following expressive and tender inscription by Professor Smyth :--

" Warm with fond hope and learning's sacred flame, To Granta's bowers the youthful poet came; Unconquered powers the immortal mind displayed. But worn with anxious thought, the frame decayed. Pale o'er his lamp, and in his cell retired, The martyr student faded and expired. Oh! genius, taste, and piety sincere, Too early lost midst studies too severe ! Foremost to mourn was generous Southey seen. He told the tale, and showed what White had been; Nor told in vain. Far o'er the Atlantic wave A wanderer came, and sought the poet's grave; On yon low stone he saw his lonely name. And raised this fond memorial to his fame.

White was the author of the well-known Hymn for Family Worship, beginning :-

- "O Lord! another day is flown,

 - And we, a lonely band, Are met once more before thy throne; To bless thy fostering hand.

And also of the Star of Bethlehem, commencing --

"When marshalled on the nightly plain, The glittering host bestud the sky; One star alone, of all the train, Can fix the sinner's wandering eye."

A SEVERE REPROOF.

(21.)-THE following anecdote is related of the REV. ROBERT HALL (the celebrated Baptist preacher and theological writer) :-

Rönzürt HALL (the celebrated Baptist preacher and theological writer):—
Gon one occasion ML HALL viewell Landon for the purpose the London Missionary Society. The extraordinate left was the theme, for the time, of general observation; and Mr. Hall was among the most enthiassiel of its admirers. Society was the theme, for the time, of general observation; and Mr. Hall was anong the most enthiassiel of its admirers. Society and the second second

It must not, however, from the foregoing, be inferred that Mr. Hall was accustomed to indulge in such severe sarcasms, excepting when he saw the weakness of the man usurping the place of his sacred vocation.

The history of this celebrated preacher's marriage was a very singular one, and is thus related :

was a very singular one, and is thus related :--"One day, whilst dining with a friend, he was joked on his life of single blessedness. He said nothing, but after dinner, waited at dinner again entered with the coaliseautic, when Wr. Hall, who in her cyces was scarcely less than a king, said to her, 'Betty, do you love the Lord Jesus Christ?" The girl replied that she hoped she did, taking the question merely as an accustomed one from a minister. To her utter surprise, however, Mr. Hall immediately followed it up by failing on his knees, and exclaiming-"Then, Betty, you must love mer and askel her to marry him. In her gatonishment she and askel her to marry him. In her gatonishment she hard again the had been once deranged. Her master, like harder, the latter declared his intention of marrying the girl-and married they were, and lived happily together, she making him a very good wife."

A WONDERFUL MEMORY.

(25).--PROFESSOR PORSON (who became so famous as a classical scholar) when a boy at Eton, displayed the most astonishing powers of memory, of which the following instance is given :

following instance is given :— "In going up to a lesson one day, he was accested by a boy in the same form, with—Porson, what have you got there?" Horace. "Let me look at it." Porson handed the book to his comrade: who, pretending to return it, dexterously sub-stituted another in its place, with which Porson proceeded. Leing called on by the master, he read and construed the tenth Ode of the first flook very regularly. Observing that to be reading on one side of the page, while I am looking at the other; may whose edition have you?" Porson hesitated. Let me see it, rejoined the master, when, to his great suprise, found it to be an English *Dwell*. Torson was ordered to go on; which he did, easily, correctly, and promptly, to the end of the ode."

Porson enjoyed the reputation of being one of the best Greek scholars and critics of the age in Eng-land, notwithstanding which he experienced little patronage-a circumstance partly attributable to his intemperate habits.-He was the son of the parish clerk of East Ruston, Norfolk-the vicar of which, noticing his great aptitude for learning, sent him to school—and hence his advancement.

			A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	
AN UNLUCKY BREAKF 1874—MARCH—31 da THE MOON'S CHANGES	ys.			NOTES TO THE ABOVE ILLUSTRATION.
THE MOON'S CHANGES. 'ull Moon, 3rd, 5-21 mn. New Moon, 18th, 5-2 mn. ast Quar. 11th, 9-34 mn. First Quar. 24th, 10-31 nt.	Rises & Sets.	Moon Rises & Sets.	Age.	L of those remarkable thinkers who, while the helped materially to bring about the Fre Revolution of 1789, were as much shocked at
1 2 2nd Sun. in LentSt. David.	6 47r	Rises P.M.	13	horrors which attended it, as they were power to prevent or restrain them. And whilst flatten
2 M Matthew Flinders born, 1760.	5 40s	4 50	14	themselves they had preserved Republican virt because they were not addicted to the frivoli
 3 Tu Sir Nicholas Carew (relative of Anne Boleyn) 4 W Riots in many parts of England, on account of the high price of brend, 1885. 5 Thi Duke of Hamilton (friend of Charles I.) be- beaded in Old Palace Yard, 1si2. 6 F Fotabore were first brought to England from Abrefich, by Sir Francis Drake, 1987. 7 Since Yard, 1si2. 	6 42r	6 1	٢	or shared the vices of the Court, they forgot t the love of power, the zeal of party, and the
4 W Riots in many parts of England, on account of the high price of bread, 1855. 5 Th Duke of Hamilton (friend of Charles 1.) be-	5 44s	7 10	16	bition of popularity, may produce consequer more disastrous, and corruption as great as
6 F Potatoes were first brought to England from	6 38r	818	17	love of pleasure, the thirst for gold, or the an
7 S Lord Collingwood (second in command at	5 47s 6 33r	9 29 10 39	18 19	tion of kings. Condorcet was, by his very mer constitution, a philosopher, and his early com
Trafalgar) died, 1810.				tion with some of the most advanced denound of royalty and "free-thinking philosophers"]
8 5 3rd Sunday in Lent. 9 M Aboukir surrendered to the British under	5 51s	11 55 After	20	naved the way for the part he ofterwards tool
O Tn Prince of Wales married Princess Alexandra	6 29r 5 54s	After Mid- night A.M.	21 22	Condorcet was born in 1743, and educated at
1 W of Denmark, 1863. • Except wind stands as never it stood,	5 54s 6 24r	A.M. 2 22	22 @	himself by his mathematical powers, Betw 1765 and 1773 he published, in somewhat ra
2 Th It is an ill wind turns none to good."	5 58s	3 32	24	succession, various workson Geometry, and kind subjects; and having been in 1769 elected a m
3 F Battle of Stamford, 1470.	6 20r	4 28	25	ber of the Academy of Sciences, became in 1773 secretary. In 1791 he became a member of the
4 S Admiral Byng shot at Spithead (on board the Monarch), for alleged cowardice, 1757.	6 0s	5 9	26	tional Assembly, and of the Jacobite Club, of wh he was an indefatigable member; and though
5 3 4th Sunday in Lent.	6 15r	5 43	27	Louis XVI. on the ground of its illegality, his enemies declare that without aity has included
6 M Habeas Corpus Act suspended in England, 1798. Again in 1801, and in 1817.	6 3s	6 6	28	the fallen monarch, though he had previou schemed, it is said, to obtain for himself the
Tu St. Patrick.	6 11r	6 24	29	For the two sets of the pair he intervalues too political finites. Condorcet was born in 1743, and educated at college of Navarre, where he soon distinguish himself by his mathematical powers. Betw increased 174 born political, in service mathematical where the two political in the service of the service service of the service of the service of the ubjects; and having been in 1759 elected a mu- ber of the Academy of Sciences, because in 1773 secretary. In 1761 he became a member of the is said to have exposed the trial of the unfortun is said to have exposed the trial of the unfortun his enemies deshare that, without pity, he insui- the fallen monarch, though he had previor schemed, it is said, to obtain for himself the j of tutor to the Dauphin. Robespirere's access to power was the commencement of party strug- with which. Condoret was unfitted to cope, an headers. In the Girondist and Mountain str he side with neither, and, consequencily, offen both; and though with his pen he was still ci- nd bold, yet in the Assembly he would often v from sheer timidity, with the party to which was theoreficially opposed. This singular unlow or way of the co-marke induced Madame Rol on yet with which merip per and the opposed with which entities and bound in the party of which was theoreficially opposed. This singular unlow or way of the co-marke induced Madame Rol or with, which neare permitted to act."
8 W Princess Louisa Carolina-Alberta (fourth daughter of Queen Victoria), born, 1843. 9 Th "The gladsome hopeful spring-time !	6 8s	Seta P.M.		which he was too disinterested to please any of
CE Keep heart ! It comes even now."-	6 7r	88	$\frac{1}{2}$	he sided with neither, and, consequently, offen both : and though with his pen he was still a
1 S Duel between the Duke of Wellington and the Earl of Winchelsen, 1829.	6 12s 6 2r	9 40 11 12	23	and bold, yet in the Assembly he would often y from sheer timidity, with the party to which
2 5 5th Sunday in Lent.				was theoretically opposed. This singular union courage with cowardice induced Madame Role
3 M Sir Francis Burdett, committed to the	6 14s	After Mid-	4	write, but never permitted to act."
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	5 58r 6 17s	night A.M. 156	5	In 1793 Robespierre denounced Condorcet a Girondist, and issued a decree of accusation agai
5 WLADY DAY	5 53r	1 3 2	7	write, but never permitted to act." In 1793 Robespierre denounced Condorcet a Girondist, and issued a decree of accusation agai him. At his wife's entreaty he secreted him in an attic in an obsoure quarter of Paris, with he remained for more than eight months. Co
6 Th Marquis de Condorcet born, 1743.	6 21s	3 50	8	he have borne confinement a little longer he mi
27 F James I. (called by the Duke of Sully the "wisest fool in Christendom") died, 1625.	5 48r	4 26	9	from fear of detection, from solicitude for safety of his landlady, or tempted from his so
8 S Sir Ralph Abercrombie (mortally wounded	6 24s	4 51	10	sion by the spring beauties of the neighbour trees and fields, he left his hiding-place, and
at Alexandria) died, 1801.	0 -10			
9 5 Palm Sunday.	5 44r	5 7	11	ceeded in passing the barriers without a civic ce He had wandered about for several days in
		57 522		in an attic in an obscure quarter of Paris, wh he remained for more than eight months. Co he have home confinement a little longer he mi have been sared; but either from impatie from fear of detection, from solicitude for safety of his landiady, or tempdef from his see slon by the spring beauties of the neichbour trees and Beids, he left nits hiding-place, and refered in passing the barriers without a civice environs of Paris, when he decided to call on Sund, once his intimate friend, and in w house he had lodged, but who had caused to him after the execution of Louis XVL. Sund

This Spice is put up in cans, 1 th each. It is the cheapest, the most convenient, and best in the market. (cear) condition-give him the Dominion Condition Spice. here Secon Perrin's Anti-pitious Pills cure all Biliousness and Liver Complaints. O 0 and the second 0 State of the local division of the 9 20.3 han and 100 2 200 200 1 30 ight seals Hemoranda 1..... Sec. DOO 1.10 1950 1000 00 30 6 5 200 1000 bnd Inc. tes 10000000 and per .n 4 40.3 s your horse 34 Sint 123 -1000 2.00 \$3 1000 1

THOMAS FEE, Planing Mill, Shingle Mill, SAW MILL, SASH, DOOR & BLIND FACTORY.

The following kinds of Building Material will always be found on hand, viz.:

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FANCY FENCE PICKETS.

"THE END OF PATIENCE IS THE EXPECTATION OF PROMISES."

THE END OF PATIENCE IS THE development of the subapped of the second state of the s

poison, which he always carried about with him. Hence it was that on parting from suarb he had said, "If I have but one night before me, I do not fart them, i but I will not have operated gently without causing pain or convidion, have operated gently without causing pain or convidion. In the precise needed that this man, whose real name was not then known, had died of apoolex.

Conforce was the aution of La Bibliothèque de l'Homane Publici ; a work on the *p* https://www.ittratises.on publicin newspaper press. His widow long survived him. She was distinguished alike for her beauty and her attainments ; and was herself an authores.

ONE OF ENGLAND'S NAVIGATORS.

(2.)-IT has been remarked that "the narration of voyages and travels, the histories of geographical research and discovery, form by themselves a library more copions than any single reader could hope to master, and more interesting than any literature of fiction," and it will doublets have occurred to the mind of the most superficial observer, that the work of some of the greatest discoverers has been accomplished in the milds of persecution, diffenulty, and suffering-an instance of which will be found in the life of MATTRIVE FLINDER, the anyientory the an instance for its years in the lale of Prance.

Survives for a prospect to us of the form of the form of the Marrine Fravisian was been a contract the merchant serand at a comparatively early age entered the merchant ser-After being in the service for some time, he made serveril adventurous voyages, and had for his companion, William Bass, the well-known discoverer of "Bass's Straits".

In the year 1801, Flinders sailed from England in command



THE PERILS OF THE DEEP !

The Particle of the formation of the for

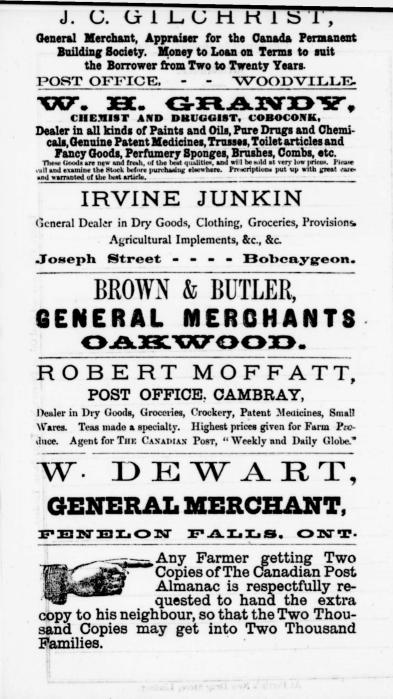
After remaining ten long weary nights and days on the miscrable sandbank, Flinders left, with a part of the crews, in a small open load and made for Port Jackson, a distance of full 780 miles from the place of shipwreck, but which, nevertheless, owing to Flinders' nautical expretence, they reached without accident on September and On October 7th, Flinders, who had prograved with great difficulty a small schoner called the Conserving, teturned with two other reseals for the purpose of rescuing the remainder of the crews whom he had been of rescuing the remainder of the crews whom he had been THE DEEP: compelled to leave on the reef. Part of the men went on hard these ships, whilst others preferred to embark with Fluders, who set sail immediately for England. But his in a sinking condition, so much so that it was quite increasing to proceed further; and when he had succeeded in effecting a lading by means of his board, to hisstonishment, himself and all his crew were made prisoners by the French officials, notwithstanding the pass here here and his brave or proceed further; and when he had succeeded in effecting a lating by means of his board, to hisstonishment, himself and all his crew were made prisoners by the French officials, notwithstanding the pass here here and his brave prison horrors being internetified by the thought that Barns, the French marigator, whom he had met whilst making his survers of the Australian coasts, would reach. Europe first, and it was generally believed that Flunders was kept in prison here a start of the australian the start and the start and turned out so, for on obtaining his likenty and result precursors having been renamed-and the whole put forth as of Bandin's finding, though he only discovered filly leagues method to thousand-an instance of dislower meanness. Thoroaghly broken here have notice of the out of the start puritied on the son first and here notices and puritied on thousand-an instance of dislower meanness means and the housing the start so allower but here the here the minet of the son the start so allower the but the start of start the son the start so allower the hole meanness means the son the start so allower the start so allower the start means and the son the start so allower the start so allower the start start of the start son the start so allower the start so allower the start mean start and the start son the start so allower the start so allower the start so allower the start and the start son the start so allower the start

Throughly broken in health and spirits, Finders only Throughly broken in health and spirits. Finders only the spirits of the spirits of the spirits of the spirits period he devoted to correcting his maps and writing the accounts of his voraces, which, singularly enough, were issued from the press on the very day their author died, in the month of July, 1814.

RICHARD STEELE 1874— APRIL —30 days		RS THE	swoi	NOTES TO THE ABUVE ILLUSTRATION.
THE MOON'S CHANGES.	SUN	Moon. Rises		DICHARD STEELE, the celebrated wit, dra
Full Moon, 1st, 11-19 nt. New Moon, 16th, 1-52 aft. Last Quar. 9th, 10-29 nt. First Quar. 23rd, 12- 3 nn.	Rises & Sets.	Rises & Sets.	Age	In matic and essay writer, was the son of an English barrister who filled the post of secretar to the Duke of Ormond, and was born in Dublin in 1671. Through the influence of the Duke o
1.117 Departante manufal to Mania Louisa of	5 37r	Rises P.M.	1	Ormond he was sent to the Charterhouse school in London, from whence he removed to Oxford
1 W Bonaparte married to Maria Louisa of 2 Th Copenhagen bombarded by Lord Nelson and Admiral Parker, 1801.	6 33s	7 18	15	It was at the Charterhouse that he found Addison a youth three years older than himself, and a intimacy was formed between them—one of th
A C The Duke of York (afterwards James II.)	5 32r 6 36s	8 28	16 17	in 1671. Through the influence of the Duke or ormoud he was sent to the Charterhouse schoo in London, from whence he removed to Oxfort It was at the Charterhouse that he found Addisor a youth three years older than himself, and a intimacy was formed between them-one of th most memorpable in literature. Steele commence life by entering the army as a prirate solder, an he callstature, which is a notable illustration of is impulsive character, is thus marrated :-
4.5 defeated the French fleet off Harwich, 1665. 5 S Easter Sunday.	5 28r	9 42 10 57	18	his enfistment, which is a hotable indistration of his impulsive character, is thus narrated :-
6 M Excursion trains first started in England on Easter Monday, 1844.	5 28F	After Mid-	19	Steele had always been a fierce patriot, and was at an early age, a hot politician. On the accession of William III., Steele determined to through
7 Tu Prince Leonold born 1852	5~23r	night A.M.	20	his sword, as also his pen, into the scale against the French monarch, Louis XIV. Steele's friend
8 W In 1833 the advertisement daty was abolished by a majority against Government of 33. 9 Th Act of Parliament passed for retaining Bona- parte at 84. Helena, 1816. 10 F Battle of Toulouse, and defeat of Marshal South, after twelve hours fighting, 1814.	6 43s	1 22	21	were resolute in their opposition to his entrance into the army; and a rich relative on his mother
10 F Battle of Toulouse, and defeat of Marshal	5 19r 6 45s	2 22 3 8	Q. 23	side, who had made him heir to a large estate i Wexford, threatened to disinherit him if he per
11 S Rowland Hill died, 1833.	5 14r	3 42	24	sisted. Steele was equally determined; and "pr ferring the state of his mind to that of his for
12 3 Low Sunday1st Sun. aft. Easter.	6 50s	4 9	25	tune," enlisted as a private in the Horse Guard
13 M Roman Catholic Relief Bill received the royal assent, 1829.	5 11r	4 26	26	and was disinherited. Many years later, Steel in speaking of his enlistment, says, that when h had dressed himself in the military costume of th
4 In Princess Beatrice born, 1857	6 52s 5 6r	4 43	27	period-jack-boots, shoulder-belt, cocked hat, an broadsword-and under the command of the Duk
 15 W San Salvador destroyed by an earthquake, 1854.–[San Salvador was the first point of 16 Th 16 Th 17 F 17 F 	5 or 6 56s	4 57	28	of Ormond, mounted a fiery charger—he had mit taken his own genius, and did not know that h
17 F him in acknowledgment to God for his deliverance.]	5 2r	Sets P.M.	1	could handle a pen so much more effectively than sword. In November, 1699, Steele, with the rest of
17 F In a consequence to control instance. 18 S [Rev. Mr. Hackman executed at Tyburn for the murder of Miss Reay, 1779.	6 59s	10 9	2	the gentlemen of his troop, mounted on a blac prancing steed, his scarlet gold-laced coat glitte
19 🗲 2nd Sunday after Easter.	4 57r	11 34	3	ing in the sun, and his white feather waving gently with every motion of the proud soldier, marcher with his troop by King William in Hyde Parl
	7 3s 4 53r	After Mid- night	4	attended by a great show of the nobility, beside twenty thousand people, and above a thousand
21 Tu OF Farrell executed at Sydney for attempting to assassinate the Duke of Edinbro', 1988. Madame de Stael (authoress of Corinne, ou <i>Titalie</i> , &c.) born, 1766; died in 1817.	4 55r 7 5s	night A.M. 146	5 6	coaches The London Post in speaking of th
23 In St. George.	4 49r	2 27		spectacle, says: "The Cuards had just got theil new clothes. They are extraordinary grand, an thought to be the finest body of horse in th
24 F Daniel Defoe, author of Robinson Crusoe, &c., died, 1731.	7 9s	2 56	8	world !"
25 S Princess Alice born, 1843.	4 45r	318	9	Steele's wit and brilliancy soon made him a fi voortie in the army, and he plunged into the fashionable views and follows of the age- which en- character which proved so serviceable when he exchanced the sword for the pen. As a check on his irregular mode of life, and being therough convinced or many things of which he had offer reperted, and which he more often repeated, he wrote for her own adminism a little work et panions did not relish this semi-religious work
26 S 3rd Sunday after Easter. 27 M The gallant Captain Sir W. Peel died (of small-pox) at Cawnpore, 1858.	7 138	3 30	10	abled him to acquire that knowledge of life an character which proved so serviceable when h
28 Tu "Conscience makes cowards of us all."	4 42r 7 15s	3 42 3 53	11 12	exchanged the sword for the pen. As a check on his irregular mode of life, and being thorough
29 W Buchess of Gloucester, last surviving of the fifteen children of George IIL.) died, 1857. Samuel Maunder, author of many useful educational works, died, 1849.				repented, and which he more often repeated, h
29 W fifteen children of George III.) died. 1857	4 37r	4 5	13	wrote for his own admonition a little work er

1.7 Pure Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, arnal vin Memoranda. on voworroll adt er in all kinds of Paints and Oils, Pure Druge and Cher ls, Genuine Patent Medicines, Trasses, Toilet articles and bits ad mod , so dated Sed to the set RVINE JUNKI Lamps, Chimneys and Coal Oil, at Perrin's New Drug Store, Lindsay Bobe Coples of The Uar tes may get mus Two Thousand

At Perrin's New Drug Store, Lindsay.



"HE WHO WOULD REAP WELL, MUST SOW WELL."

and not being very deeply impressed by his own reasoning and pious examples, as a counterpoise he wrote a coundy. The State of the second second second second second second second the second second second second second second second second totats, who appointed him in secretary, and promised him a captain's command in the volunteers. It was not long, how were, before Steele found that in exchanging the pen or the sword he had made a mistake; and he lost no time in following his more congenial parsuits. He wrote a number of plays, which were very successful; and through the popularity thus obtained he secured an appointment in the Stamp-Office, Stockfridge. His parliamentary career, however, was not elitis, called respectively *The Englishman*, and *The Crissis*, which excuption, "asys ford Mahon," was a fierce and nost unwarrantable stretch of party violence."

Steele had one day invited a number of distinguished guests to dinner, and startled them by the profuseness of his domestic arrangements, and the large number of livery servants apparently engaged to do honour to so important a gathering. When the wine had circulated i reely, and the restraints of sobriety had fled, one of the guests asked somewhat anxiously how ever he managed to maintain so many servants with his small income. Steele confessed they were too numerous, and that he had no objection to get rid of them. "Then why not discharge them?" was the reply. "Why," said sitecle, "to tell the truth, these follows are all bailiffs, who have saized upon my household goods; and, as I could not get rid of them, I thought I would get a little honour from their residence here, and as decked them in livery."

Of course the friends laughed heartily; and, all being in a good humour, they raised a subscription amongst themselves, and paid the debt of their unfortunate host, and so dismissed a large number of his unwelcome retainers.

a large names or other than a unvectome retainers. It is also related that Addison lent Steele, on his bond, one thousand pounds; and when the time came for payment, the bond not being repaid, an execution was put in force, and the Addison only intended this as a friendly warping rapime his style of living, and "taking it as he believed it to be meant, he met him afterwards with the same gaiety of temper he had always shown !"

always shown :" The necession of George I. was a fortunate circumstance for Steele : for he not only received the honour of knighthood, but was appointed to a post of some importance at Hampton Court; and, what was far more congenial, was appointed Governor of the Royal Company of Comelinas. And when the Rebellion of 1715 placed a number of forfield estates at the disposal of the Government, Neele was appointed a member of visited Edinburgh, and whilst there he is said on one consion to have given a splendid entertainment to a multitude of decayed tradesmen and beggars collected from the streets 1

cayed traidesmen and beggars collected from the streets 1 Steele appears to have received fair remuneration for his literary work ; and on the publication of his Conzolas Levers, in 122; the king, to whom it was defineded, gave him £00. But he was always poor, hecause always lavish, scheming, and unbusiness-like-but nothing could depress the clasticity of his spirits. Being always engaged in some unsuccessful scheme or other, and with halts both benevolent and lavish, he wasted his regular income in anticipation of a greater, until absolute peculiary distress was the result, purpose of retrembing his affairs, and Wales, solidy for the purpose of retrembing his affairs, and Wales, solidy for the cheoled hy dissipation and excess he ducel, on September 1, 129, at the age of fifty-eight.

It is as a wity and polished writer that Steele is best known, and especially as the originator of the Taffer, a paper in which Addison and some of the best writers of the time remarked on the polities of the age in which they lived. The Spetator and Guardion also received contributions from Steele's pen; and although the state of things which produced these works has passed away, yet these essays still rank as a worthy part of the standard literature of England.

ADVICE LONG REMEMBERED!

(1.1.)-THE REV. ROWLAND HILL paid a visit to an old friend a few years before his death, who said to him :--

"Mr. Hill, it is just sixty-five years since I first heard you preach, and I remember your text and a part of your sermon. You told us that some people were very squeamish about the delivery of different ministers who preached the same Gospel. You said: 'Supposing you were attending to hear a will read where you expected a legacy to be left you, would you employ the time when it was reading in criticising the manner in which the lawyor read it? No, you would be you would be giving all car to hear if anything was left you, and how much it was. That is the way I would advise you to hear the Gospel."

This was excellent advice, and was well worth remembering.

THE ROMAN CATHOLIC RELIEF BILL !

(13.)—At the time of passing the Catholic Emancipation Bill, Lady Clerk wrote to Lord Eldon congratulating him upon the energetic stand he had made to prevent the Bill becoming law. His answer was laconic, and to the following effect :—

"Dear Molly Daers,-I am happy to find you approves of my endowours to oppose the Catholic Relief Bill. Thused done what I thought my duty. May God forzise me if I have done werong, and may God Jorgive my opponents (if he can). Yours affectionately, Eucos."

Whilst the Bill was being discussed in the House of Commons, a "war of petitions" went on, and it is supposed that Lord Eldon presented in the House of Lords no less than one thousand against the measure; and in presenting them, he made many speeches to explain and enforce the sentiments of the petitioners. On one occasion he said :—

"The petition which he presented was from the Countary of Tailors at Giascow. Lord Lyndhurst issue, in stage whisper, while sitting on the woolcacki : Winst 1 do the tailors trouble themselves about such measures?" Lord Eidon; 'No wonder; you can't suppose that tailors like turncosts." (A laugh.)

On another day, after presenting an immense number of petitions, Lord Eldon said :---

ber of petitions, Lori Indon sund :--"I now hold in my hand, my Lords, another, which I do not know how to treat. It is a petition signed by a great for admitting ladies as petitioners to your Lordships House; but I will search the Journals, and see whether they have ever been prevented from remonstrating against measures which they consider injurious to the Constitution". Lord King: "Will the noble and learned Earl inform the House, as it may materially mituence your lordships' decision, whether they have age of these petitioners; but of this I am sure, that there are may omen, both young and old, who possess more knowsed they consider of Lord Chancellors." (A laugh.) "The Lord King to combard of Lord Chancellors." (A laugh.)

The Lord King (nephword of John Lock, the philosopher), to whom this sareasm was applied, was a descendant of the first Lord King, who commenced if he as an apprentice to his father, a grocer at Excter; and who by the force of his abilties raised himself to the high position of Lord Chancellor of England. He died in the year 1734, leaving four sons, who, singularly enough, all haberield the title in succession.

THE WRONG PERSON !

(22.)—THE following anecdote is narrated of MADAME DE STAEL, the celebrated French authoress, in that most interesting work, Lord Clonewry's Life and Times:—

Madame de Stael has been called the greatest female writer of all ages and countries. She was certainly the mest distinguished for talents among the women of her age. Surrounded by a happy, domestic circle, and esteemed by all, she died in Paris, in the year 1817.

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CATHARINE OF RUSSIA II	TRODUC	ED TO	HER	LONG-LOST BROTHER.
1874— MAY —31 days.				NOTES TO THE ABOVE ILLUSTRATION.
THE MOON'S CHANGES. Full Moon, 1st, 4 9 aft. New Moon, 15th, 10-17 nt. Last Quar, 9th, 7-19 mn. First Quar. 23rd, 3-19 mn. Full Moon, 3st, 6-46 morn.	Sun Rises & Sets.	Moon Rises & Sets.	Ape	FEW names in the pages of history tell of suc remarkable vicissitudes of fortune as that of CATHARINE I., Empress of Russia, who, from humble peasant girl, became the wife of Peter the Great, and died Empress of Russia. The principe
1 F Prince Arthur born, 1850.	4 34r	Rises P.M.	•	
2 S Mary Queen of Scots made her romantic es- cape from Lochleven Castle, 1568. 3 5 4th Sunday after Easter.	7 228	8 45 10 1	16 17	incidents in her chequered and eventful life a thus briely given :- She was born of poor parents, in Lithuania, i the year 1682. When ould three years old she lo her father, who left her with no other support the of an infra and sickly mother. The young gi grew up handsome, well formed, and was po- sessed of a good understanding. On the death- her mother, an oid Latheran minister, name attending to his children. Catharine fully avails herself of the lessons given to the children; bu upon the death of her benefactor-which ha pened tot long after her reception into his famil herself of the lessons given to the children; bu married a Swedish dragoon; but, on the day their marriage, Marienburg was beneged by the Russians, and her husband, while assitting seeing Catharine among the prisoners, and beir mistres. Catharine should flappen in the day their marriage, where she superintended his domest effats. Fince Manelukoff Bappening, lowever this house, where she superintended his domest this so much on his affections that, in the year the or the work to her how the notice Peter the Great, who first made her his mistres. Catharine son much on his affections that, in the year the propuls at the etersburg. National and the propulse the notice Peter the Great, who first made her his mistres that work on prom at the tersburg. There was for some time is dimensional only discovered it through the kersburg.
 4 M 5 Seringspatam stormed and taken, and Tippoo Salib killed, 1799. 5 Tu Bonsparte died at St. Helena, 1821. (Born 5 Tu Bonsparte died at St. Telena, 1821. (Born 6 W 7 The great Battle of Prayne, in which the 7 The rowsing detected the Austrians, 1737. Robespierre born, 1738Guillotined the 28th 6 July, 1794. 8 F 6 Diamonds discovered in Cape Colony, South 1964. The the start of Start Atrica," was bonght to England in 1870. 	4 30r 7 26s	11 14	18	the scanty maintenance produced by the labour of an infirm and sickly mother. The young gi grew up handsome, well formed, and was po
5 Tu Bonaparte died at St. Helena, 1821. (Born at Ajacolo, Corsica, 1769.)	4 27r	After Mid-	19	sessed of a good understanding. On the death of her mother, an old Lutheran minister, name Gluck took her to his home, and employed her i
6 W The great Battle of Prague, in which the Prussians defeated the Austrians, 1757. 7 Th Robespierre born, 1758.—Guillotined the 28th	7 28s 4 22r	night A.M. 1 8	20 21	attending to his children. Catharine fully availe herself of the lessons given to the children; bu
8 F	4 22r 7 31s	145	22	upon the death of her benefactor-which hap pened not long after her reception into his famil
9 S called the "Star of South Africa," was brought to England in 1870.	4 19r	212	Œ	poverty, and she then went to seek an asylum a Marienburg. Shortly after her arrival there, sh
10 nogation Sunday.	7 348	2 32	24	married a Swedish dragoon; but, on the day of their marriage, Marienburg was besieged by th Russians, and her husband, whilst assisting i
11 M [Madame Elizabeth, sister of Louis XVI. guillotined, 1794.	4 16r	2 48	25	repel the attack, was killed! General Bau seeing Catharine among the prisoners, and bein
12 Tu "Fear is one part of prudence." 13 W The rights of Primogeniture abolished in France, 1790.	7 388	3 1 3 17	26 27	smitten with her youth and beauty, took her this house, where she superintended his domest
13 W France, 1790. 14 Th Holy Thursday.	4 13r 7 40s	3 33	28	to see her one day, was no less struck with he attractions, and she went to live with him as h
15 E Daniel O'Connell died at Genoa, whilst on	4 10-	341		mistress. Catharine soon attracted the notice Peter the Great, who first made her his mistress
16 S his way to Rome, 1847. Battle of Albuera, and defeat of the French with great loss, by the British, 1811.	7 438	Seta P.M.	1	but she won so much on his affections that, in the year 1711, he privately married her; and in 17 the marriage ceremony was again solemnize
17 5 Sunday after Ascension.	4 7r	10 25	2	with great pomp at St. Petersburg. Peter was for some time ignorant of her humb
18 M Catharine I. of Russia died, 1727.	7 46s	11 33	3	origin, and only discovered it through the kee observation of an envoy-extraordinary from P
19 Tu The right to report Parliamentary debates was established in England in 1771. 20 W Columbus, worn out in body and broken in spirit, died, 1506.	4 4r	After Mid-	4	
20 W spirit, died, 1506. 21 Th "For mad words deaf ears."	7 49s 4 2r	A.M.	5	On the envoy's return to Dresden, he stopped
22 F The first meeting-house of the Wesleyan	4 2r 7 52s	0 56	7	the eye-witness of a quarrel between the ostler an some of the stablemen, all of whom were drun
22 F Methodists founded at Bristol, 1739. Janz Tasman discovered Van Diemanis Land (now called Tasmania) in November, 1642.	3 59r	1 36	3	The envoy was struck with the superior air of on of the disputants, and asked some particula
	7 569	1 50	9	respecting him. He was told that he was an unluck Pole, named Charles Scorowski, whose father, person of Lithuania, had disclored and a state of the
24 S Whit SundayOueen born, 1819.			-	son in a miserable condition, and one daughte
24 S Whit SundayOueen born, 1819.	3 57r			detected in Scorowski a resemblance to the not
24 S Whit SundayQueen born, 1819. 25 M Princess Helena born, 1846Married Prince 26 Tu Michael Barrett executed at the Old Bailey. Michael Barrett executed at the Old Bailey.	3 57r 7 58s	212	11	
 24 3 Whit SundayQueen born, 1819. 25 M Cristian of Schlewig-Holstein, 1806. 26 Tu Michael Barrett excented at the Old Bailey. 27 W Mr. Edgeworth, philosopher and educational wire (with Magnetic Magneti	3 57r 7 58s 3 54r			ing the obscurity which it was said hung over h origin, fancied there might be some relationsh
24 3 Whit SundayQueen born, 1819. 25 M Princess Helen born, 1867Marriel Prince Christian of Schlessig.iolatin, 1960. 26 Tu Wicheel Barrett executed at the Old Bailey London, for the Clerkenwell explosion, 1868 W W Field Warth Dilosopher and educational writer (with his daughter), published Prac	3 54r 8 1s	2 22 2 34	12	reatures of the Empress Catharnie, and recone ing the obscurity which it was said hung over h origin, fancied there might be some relationsh between them. He wrote an account of his a venture to a friend at the Russian court; and
 24 S [Whit SundayQueen born, 1819. 25 M Princess Helen born, 1867. Married Prince Christian of Schlewrig: Holatian, 1960. 26 Tu W Inchesi Barrett executed at the Old Bailey. 27 W M. Edgeworth, philosopher and educational writer (with his daughter), published Practical Education, 1786. 29 F Restoration of Charles II., 1960., after an intergranum of 11 years and 4 months. 	3 54r 8 1s 3 52r	2 22 2 34 2 47	12 13 14	features of the Empress Catharine, and records ing the obscurity which it was said hung over h origin, fancied there might be some relationsh between them. He wrote an account of his a venture to a friend at the Russian court; and some way or other it found its way to the Empre- The Empress had always pretended to the Czar
24 3 Whit SundayQueen born, 1819. 25 M Princess Helen born, 1867Marriel Prince Christian of Schlessig.iolatin, 1960. 26 Tu Wicheel Barrett executed at the Old Bailey London, for the Clerkenwell explosion, 1868 W W Field Warth Dilosopher and educational writer (with his daughter), published Prac	3 54r 8 1s	2 22 2 34 2 47 3 3	12 13 14	in the following manner : On the envoy's retarn to Dresden, he stopped an inn, in Courinad, where he happened to it the eye winess of a quarted between the otiler ar some of the stablemen, all of whom were dram The ancoy was struck with the superior air of of the disputants, and asked some particula Pole, named Charles Scorwski, whose father, peasant of Lithuania, had died early, and left bon in a miserable condition, and one daught detected in Recorreski a resemblance to the mob- ing the obscurity which it was said bung over h origin, fancied there might be some relationsh between them. He wrote an account of his a venture to a friend at the Russian court; and The Empress had always pretended to the Car- te performing incolost, Peter's curiodity was arous by the letter of the Polish envoy. He therefore

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"THE JOYS OF MARRIAGE ARE THE HEAVEN ON EARTH."

* "THE JOYS OF MARRIAGE A.
sent an order to the Governor of Riga to seek out Scorowski, to seize him without violence, and to send him of the Chamber of Police. The order was obeyed, and Scorowski, was proceeded against with all the forms of law is a quarreller and promoter of strife. He was then passed on to the capital, but we are supervaled with spise to ascertain from violers the set of the second second

good fortune in secret. On the death of Peter, he left Catharine the throne, and in 1724 she was proclaimed Empress, and crowned with great poinp and state at Moscow. The first thing she did on her accession was to cause every gallows to be taken down, and all instruments of torture, which had previously been greatly showed hereoff worthy of the high station which she had been called to fulfi, and completed many grand designs which the Czer had begun. But her reign was short, as she did on the that if was her indugence in intoxicating liquors that promembered, in judging here for this vice, that drunkenness was then the common habit of the nobles of Russia.

was then the common habit of the nobles of Russia. To the honour of Catharine, it must be mentioned that she was never forgetful of her former condition. When Wurmb, who had been tutor to the children of Gluck (the Lutheran minister of Marienburg), at the time Catharine was a domestio in the family, presented himself before her-after her marriage with Peter had been publicly solemnized-ake recollected him, and said, with great compliasnee, "What' thou good oid man, art (thou still alive? I will provide for thee: ' and she accordingly settled a pension upon him. She was not less attentive to the family of her benefactor, Gluck; she pensioned his wildow, made his sou her page, portioned the two ediest dampters, and advanced the youngest to be one of her madis of honour.

"PRACTICAL EDUCATION" APPLIED.

(27.)—RICHARD LOVELL EDGEWORTH, of Edgeworthtown, in the county of Longford, Ireland, the father of the well-known novelist, Maria Edgeworth, (by his first wife), was born at Bath, in the year 1744. He was educated at Trinity College, Dublin, and was afterwards sent to Oxford. The following brief sketch of his life, and his experiences in domestic education, are extremely interesting :--

of his life, and his experiences in domestic education, are extremely interesting :--Whilst at Oxford receiving his education, and before he was twenty years of age. her and with Miss Elers, to whem he was married at Gretna Green. He then embarked on a life of fabilonable" pilesure" and dissipation jub in the year 1770 he succeeded, by the death of his father, to his frish property. Uning a vitit to Lachfield, he fell in hore with Aliss Hoors you want to Lachfield, he fell in hore with Aliss Hoors wife. Six years after their union this lady died of consumption, and Mr. Edgeworth them married her sister. After a matrimonial union of seventeen years, his third wife also died of consumption; and Mr. Edgeworth his time to agricultural more than a year again married ! Being possessed of a more than a year again married ! Being possessed of a more than a year again married ! Being possessed of a highly grifted daughter, many useful works. Mr. Edgeworth had issue by all his four wires, and the number of his children, and their unional difference in age-a difference amouting, between the eldest and youngest, to more than periments in education, and watchime their multi. "His family were brought up almost entirely at home, with his family were brought up almost entirely at home, with the family were brought up almost entirely at home, with the family were brought up almost entirely at home, with the family were haven be discussed him in jacket and inter pain has been described as "in mixture of the Red Indian and the Spartan." He dressed him in jacket and the to are than allowed him to run about wherever he pleased, and to do nothing but what was agreeable to himself. In a few years he found that the scheme had succeeded completely, so far as related to the body. The boy had all the virtues that are found in the but of the savage; was to desg. It was impossible to induce him to do anything that he did no pieces, or prevent him from doing anything that he did no pieces, or prevent him from doing anything that he did no pieces. Or more rhead, learning, even of the lowest description, was never included. In fine, the boy to allow him to follow his own inclination of align the did to allow him to follow his to be indicated in the picked day are so the source of the same the scheme of the did the source of the schedulers are shown.

to allow him to follow his own inclination of going to seat Mr. Edgeworths zeal in the training of his children and his constant desire for improving the current methods of columtion, made the father and daughter joint authors in works intended for the use of youth. The most ambitious of those joint productions is the series of easys, entitled *Practical* Edwardson, first published in 1798, and afterwards reprinted work for those engaged in domestic teaching. That the the closely dependent on her affectionate and respectivel local and the father. Mr. Edgeworth's experimence, as a landlori and magnetized at the disposal of his daughter joint produced at the disposal of his daughter in her novels with so much shrewines, humour, and kindly hereing; they were always submitted to his revisal. Mr. Edgeworth was chound contentiate and the section.

Mr. Edgeworth was fond of mechanteal pursuits and new projects of alk kinds, and among his inventions was a telegraph. In a memoir which he presented to the Royal Society of I reland, he adduced proto that in 176⁷ he tried an experiment of the practicability of communicating intelligence by a swift and unexpected mode; and for this purpose he employed a common windmill, and arranged a system of signals which could be made by the different positions of the arms of its sails, the canvas being removed from one or more arms as was required. His latter years were spent in active exertions to benefit Ireland, by reclaiming bogland and introducing agricultural and mechanical improvements.

Mr. Edgeworth and his family were involved in the troubles of the triak Rebellion, and were obliged to make a precipitate retreat from their house, and leave it in the hands of the rebels; but it was spared from being pillaged, through the intercession of one of the invaders, to whom Mr. Edgeworth had previously done some service. The return of the family home, when the troubles were over, is thus described by Miss Edgeworth:—

"When we came near Edgeworth-Jown we saw many wilk known faces at the cabin flows looking; out to welcome One man, who was digging in his field by the read-side, when ho looked up as our horses passed, and saw my father, let fall his spade, and clasped his hands; his face, as the morning sun shone upon it, was the strongest picture of joy I ever saw.



EDGEWORTH-TOWN.

The village was a melancholy spectacle; windows shuttered and door broken. But though the mischief done was creat, there had been little pillage. Within our gates, we found all property safe: literally, 'not a twig touched, nor a leaf harmed.' Within the house, everything was as we had left it. A map that we had been consulting was still open on the literaty table, with pencils and slips of paper, containing the first lessons in arithmetic in which some of the young people Mr. Edgeworth children by his a boot and hird wires had Mr. Edgeworth children by his a boot and hird wires had pansy, in a glass of water, which one of the children had been opying, was still on the chimey-pice. These trivial circumstances, marking repose and tranquility, struck us at this had passed seemed like an incoherent dream.'' Mr. Edgeworth died in 1849,

Mr. Edgeworth died in 1817. – Miss Edgeworth died in 1849, in her 83rd year, ripe in good works and the "charity which never faileth."



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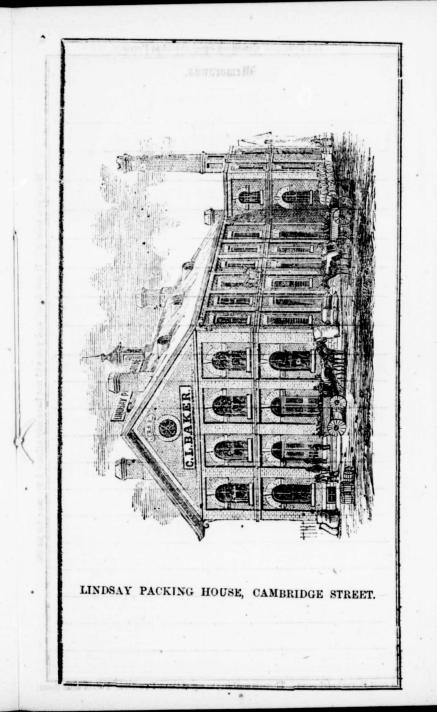
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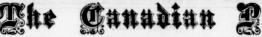
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AN AFFECTING AND ROMANTIC INCIDENT. 1874-JULY-31 days. NOTES TO THE ABOVE ILLUSTRATION. When castern lovers feed the funeral fire, On the same pile the faithful pair expire : Here pitying heav'n, that virtue mutual found, And blasted both, that it might neither wound. SUN Rises Moon Rises THE MOON'S CHANGES. Age Last Quar. 6th, 6-1 evn. | First Quar. 21st, 1-32 aft. New Moon, 13th, 4-28 aft. | Full Moon, 29th, 4-43 mn. 8 k Sets. Sets. Hearts so sincere th' Almighty saw well pleased, Sent his own lightning, and the victims seized." 17 THE above epitaph was written by Pope, on 18 JOHN HEWITT and SARAH DREW, two rustic lovers, who were killed by a lightning-stroke. This affecting incident, to which Pope, Gay, and 19 20 Thom, son have pathetically adverted in poems devoted to the subject, occurred at Stanton-55 5th Sunday after Trinity. 3 51r 11 28 21 Harcourt, about nine miles from Oxford, in Sir Thomas More beheaded, 1535. 6 M8 16s 11 43 the year 1718. The two lovers, with the con 7 Tu Dr. Thomas Blacklock ("the blind poet") Tu died at Edinburgh, 1791. 8 W The poet Shelley drowned in the Gulf of Spezzia, 1822. 9 Th Quesnel, North America, 1753. sent of their parents, were shortly to have been 3 54r 11 58 23 married, and that very morning had decided on their wedding-day. Gay, in one of his letters, in After Mid-8 15s 24 their wedding-day. Gay, in one of his letters, in "John Hewitt was a well-set man of about twenty-dive; Sarah Drew might be called comely, rather than beautiful, and was about the same age..., Their love was the talk of the whole age..., Their love was the talk of the whole the harvestfield, and "perhaps in the interval of their work they were talking of their wedding-clothes, and John was suiting evenal sorts of poppies and wild-dowers to her complexion, to choose her a hat for the weiding-day. While wild the aftermoot the clouds grew black, and such a storm of lighthing and thunder ensued, that all the informers made the best of their way to wind shelter the trees and hedges afforded. The young woman, in her great fright, fild down, who had never left her, raked together two or Immediately after was heard a most tremendous and deafening elap of thunder-as if the havens had been rent asunder! After the storm was over, when there other, and receiving no answer from the two lovers, approached where they lay, when they discovered the dead and blackened holies of the finding and, both killed by the same flash near the other was held over her, as if to screen her from the lightning. Lord Harcourt, on whose estate the quorting the output their light was apprehensive the the output put on the intervent here deal we held over her, as if to screen her from the lightning. speaking of the catastrophe, says :-3 55r A.M. 25 10 F" Eetter to live well than long." 8 14s 0 39 26 Jack Cade, leader of a peasant rebellion, killed by Alex. Iden, near Lewes, 1450. 11 S 357r112 27 12 5 6th Sunday after Trinity. 8 12s 1 58 28 13 M (William ("the Silent"), Prince of Orange, assassinated by Balthazar Gerard, 1834.
 14 Tu (Marat (French revolutionist) assassinated by Charlotte Corday, 1793. 3 59r 2 57 0 8 11s Sets P.M. 1 15 W Duke of Monmouth (illegitimate son of Charles II. and Lucy Waters) behead., 1685. 16 Th "Trifles lead to serious matters." 4 2r944 2 8 98 3 10 1 Marchiness of Erinvilliers (noted poisoner), executed at Paris, 1676. Rev. Gilbert White, nuthor of the Natural History of Selborne, born, 1720. Died 1896. 17 F4 4r 1014 4 18 S 8 78 10 25 5 19 5 7th Sunday after Trinity. 4 6r 10 37 6 20 M Spanish Armada defeated, 1588. 8 38 10 46 7 Tu William Lord Russell behaded, in Lincolns.
 Tu William Lord Russell behaded, in Lincolns.
 W Bonapartic's son Oluke of Reichstadt, styled King of Rome) died in Austria, 1832.
 Th Viennte Beaubranais, first hussiand of the Empress Josephine, guillotined, 1794. 4 9r 10 58 3 8 1s 11 11 9 4 12r 11 30 10 24 F "Sloth is the sure parent of want." 7 588 11 54 11 Lord Harcourt, on whose estate the unfortunate pair lived, was apprehensive that the country people would not understand the above epitaph, therefore Pope wrote the following :--Louis Bonaparte (ex-King of the Nether-lands) died at Leghorn, 1846. 25 8 4 15r After Mid-12 26 3 8th Sunday after Trinity. night 7 558 13 "Near this place lie the bodies of John Hewitt and Sarah Drew, an industrious young man, and virtuous young maiden, of this parish; who, being at harvest-work (with several others), were in one instant killed by lightning, the last day of July 1718." This second epitaph, with some lines of poetry, in less high-flown language, was engraved on a stone in the parish church of Stanton-Harcourt.

				ELEASE HER HUSBARD
1874 —AUGUST— 31 da	ys.			NOTES TO THE ABOVE ILLUSTRATION.
THE MOON'S CHANGES.	Sun Rises	Moon Rises	De.	THERE is not, perhaps, throughout the who romance of history a more beautiful instant of womanly hereism and devotion than that d
Last Quar. 4th, 10-46 nt. First Quar. 20th, 6-53 mn. New Moon, 12th, 4-0 mn. Full Moon, 27th, 1-28 aft.	& Sets.	& Sets.	Ap	of womanly heroism and devotion than that d played by MARY GROTIUS, the wife of the co brated advocate, author, and historian, and wh
1 S Henry III., king of France, mortally stabled by Jacques Clément, a friar, 1585.	4 25r	Rises P.M.	19	is an apt illustration of the axiom, that "tr
2 5 9th Sunday after Trinity.	7 45s	9 51	20	narrative is thus briefly told :-
3 M Eugene Sue died, 1857.	4 29r	10 4	21	Delft, in the year 1583, and evinced even in l earliest childhood the most remarkable geni
4 Tu "Grief pent up will burst the heart."	7 428	10 21	1	At the age of eight years he was able to comp with facility Latin verses of great merit; at twe
5 W "Bloody Assizes" (held by Judge Jeffries) commenced in the west of England, 1685. 6 Th. Duchess of St. Albans (Harriet Mellon) died,	4 32r 7 39s	10 41 11 11	23 24	he entered the Leyden University ; and had bar attained fifteen when he took the degree of doct
	4 35r	11 52	25	of laws; the following year he commenced practi as an advocate, and was shortly afterwards a pointed bistoriographics of the United Previous
7 F Queen Caroline died-a few days after the coronation of George IV1821. The British signally failed in an attempt to burn the French shipping at Havre, 1804.	7 34s	After Mid-	26	Unfortunately, in the religious disputes whi convulsed Holland towards the close of the v
9 5 10th Sunday after Trinity.	4 37r	Mid- night A.M.	27	1618, and the beginning of 1619, Grotius gave gro offence to the government by the manly freed
10 M John de Witt and his brother (Dutch states- men), murdered by the mob, 1672.	7 31s	1.M. 155	28	and independence of his writings, and he was cordingly captured and condemned to perpet
11 Th " Perservere against discourgagement"	4 41r	311	29	stein. Yielding to the earnest entreaties of Lou stein. Yielding to the earnest entreaties of wife, the States allowed her to share his cantivi
12 W Faust and Schoeffer published at Metz, The Psaller, the first printed book, 1457.	7 28s	P.M.	•	but only on the condition that having once enter the prison she was never again to leave it! N
 W Faust and Scheffer published at Metz, <i>The Paulier</i>, the first printed book, 1457. Th General Geörgey surrendered 30,000 Hungarians to the Russians, 1849. F William Buckland, Dean of Westminster (eminent geologist), died, 1850. 	4 44r	8 20	1	withstanding this most cruel stipulation the no woman cheerfully consented, rather than
14 F William Buckland, Dean of Westminster (eminent geologist), died, 1856. 15 S Sir Walter Scott born, 1771; died, 1832.	7 23s 4 47r	8 32 8 43	23	separated from one whom she loved so dearly, a she took up her abode in the prison. After a tin the States finding that no separity could also be
10 5 Sh water Scott born, 1111, died, 1852.	1 411	040	0	determination, relaxed their decision, by pern
16 4 11th Gundan after Mainten	m 00	0 **		ting her to go out of prison twice a week. Have
16 S 11th Sunday after Trinity. 17 M The Duchess of Praslin murdered by her	7 20s	8 53	4	ting her to go out of prison twice a week. Havi obtained her partial liberty, Mary Grotius beg to devise schemes for her husband's liberation
16 S 11th Sunday after Trinity. 17 M The Duchess of Praslin murdered by her husband, in Paris, 1847. 18 Tu Battle of Gravelotte-the carnage was fright- to the Ference Laging 1000 years the Ger.	4 50r	8 53 9 4 9 16	4 5 6	ting her to go out of prison twice a week. Hav obtained her partial liberty, Mary Grotius bes to devise schemes for her husband's liberati and soon discovered the following one, wh proved successful :-
 16 S 11th Sunday after Trinity. 17 M 18 Tu Fue Duchess of Frasin murdered by her husband, in Paris, 1847. 18 Tu Fue Hossing 19,000 men, the Ger- mans, 32,000, 1570. (The king of Prusia hand not undressed for thirty hours.) 		94	5	deserted him in the hour of need; and far in
 T M The Duchess of Prasiin murdered by her husband, in Paris, 1847. T U full, the Franch tosing 19,000 men, the ferrent tosing 19,000 men, the ferrent hosing 19,000 men, the ferrent undressed to thirty hours.) T had not undressed to thirty hours.) T hom and the second sec	4 50r 7 16s	9 4 916 932 953	5 6	repining at the loss of liberty, he pursued
17 M The Duckess of Frashin murdered by her husband, in Paris, 1847. 18 Tut Battle of Graveloitzthe curange was frichten formanie and the start of the start of the start of the start of the start of the start of the start had not undressed for thirty hours.) 20 Th "Promise little, and do much." 21 F Lady Mary Wortley Montagu (celebrated little start of 1762.	4 50r 7 16s 4 53r 7 11s 4 56r	9 4 916 932 953 1023	5 6 7 9 9	repining at the loss of liberty, he pursued is wonted studies with his usual diligence. [*] He v the better enabled to do this, having obtained,
 17 M The Duchess of Frashin murdered by her history of the stand, in Paris, 1847. 18 Tut Battle of Fravelotte-the system was rightly be the formation of the system in the formation of the system in the system	4 50r 7 16s 4 53r 7 11s	9 4 916 932 953	5 6 7	descree nim in the nour or need; and ar in repining at the loss of liberty, he pursued wonted studies with his usual diligence. He w the better enabled to do this, having obtained, the intercession of his wife, leave to borrow lan numbers of books from his friends in the neig
 17 M The Duchess of Frashin murdered by her historic, 187. 18 Tut Battle of Gravelottethe extrage was fright-following 0,000 men, the term 19 W find not undressed for thirty hours. 20 Th "Promise little, and do much." 21 F Ledy Mary Wortley Montagu (celebrated lefter-writer), died, 1762. 22 S Mysterious dissoperarance of Mr. Howe, in 1768. 23 S Latt Sunday after Trinity. 	4 50r 7 16s 4 53r 7 11s 4 56r	9 4 916 932 953 1023 11 6 After Mid-	5 6 7 9 9	described num in the nour of need; and na in repining at the loss of liberty, he pursued wonted studies with his usual diligence. He with the better enabled to do this, having obtained, the intercession of his wife, leave to borrow in numbers of books from his friends in the nei bouring town. These books were returned to the who leat them in a cheek, used generally for t
 17 M The Duchess of Frashin murdered by her husband, in Paris, 1847. 18 Tu Battle of Graveloitzthe extrage was fright-full, at 2 mosh for the full of the strength of the	4 50r 7 16s 4 53r 7 11s 4 56r 7 8s 4 59r 7 3s	9 4 916 932 953 1023 11 6 After Midt A.M.	5 6 7 9 10 11 12	described nim in the nour of need; and na ris- reprining at the loss of liberty, he pursued wonted studies with his usual diligence. He with the better enabled to do this, having obtained, the intercession of his wife, leave to horrow lan numbers of books from his friends in the nei- bouring town. These books were returned to the who leat them in a check, used generally for t purpose of conveying his linen to and from t laundress. At first the guards carfeilly examin
 17 M The Duchess of Frashin murdered by her husband, in Paris, 1847. 18 Tu Full Battle of Gravelottethe exrnage was fright-full full for the frame horizon of the hours of the hours	4 50r 7 16s 4 53r 7 11s 4 56r 7 8s 4 59r 7 3s 5 3r	9 4 916 932 953 1023 11 6 After Mid- night A.M. 122	5 6 7 9 10 11 12 13	ueseries nim in the nour of need; and na ri repining at the loss of liberty, he pursued wonted studies with his usual diligence. If lev the better enabled to do this, having obtained, the intercession of his wife, leave to borrow ha numbers of books from his friends in the nei- bouring town. These books were returned to the who leat them in a chest, used generally for t purpose of conveying his linen to and from i laundress. At first the guards carefully examin the chest upon its entering or leaving the fortre
 17 M The Duchess of Frashin murdered by her husband, in Paris, 1847. 18 Tu Full Battle of Gravelottethe exrnage was fright-full full for the frame horizon of the hours of the hours	4 50r 7 16s 4 53r 7 11s 4 56r 7 8s 4 59r 7 3s 5 3r 6 59s	9 4 916 932 953 1023 11 6 After Mid- night A.M. 122 248	5 6 7 9 10 11 12 13 14	destrict nim in the noil of niced; and na the reprining at the loss of liberty, he pursued i wonted studies with his usual diligence." He with the better combied to do this, having obtained, tuminers of looks his wife, leave to horrow has bouring toors. These books were returned to the who lent them in a chest, used generally for the purpose of conveying bis linen to and from 1 laundress. At first the guards carefully exami- the chest upon its entering or leaving the fortree but they soon relaxed their watchfulness, a allowed it to nass unchallenced. With a woma
 17 M The Duchees of Frashin murdered by her husband, in Paris, 1847. 18 Tu Battle of Gravelottethe exrnage was fright-full to the fraceholic bosing 19,600 men, the term mane, 32,000, 1870. (The king of Prusia halo tundressed for thirty hours) 20 Th "Promise little, and do much." 21 F Lady Mary Worley Montagu (celebrated lefterwriter), died, 1762. 22 S Mysterious disapearance of Mr. Howe, in 1766. 23 S 12 th Sunday after Trinity. 24 M City of Washington taken by the British, and all the public edifices destroyed, 1814. 25 Tu "Sorrow cill pay no ded." 26 W Railway from Paris to St. Gernanis (the frames in France) opened, 1837. 27 Th The Johnson, author of "The Seasons," "Castle of The Mark Mark Mark Mark Mark Mark Mark Mark	4 50r 7 16s 4 53r 7 11s 4 56r 7 8s 4 59r 7 3s 5 3r 6 59s 5 5r	9 4 916 932 953 1023 11 6 After Mid- night A.M. 122 248 <i>Rises</i> <i>P.M.</i>	5 6 7 9 10 11 12 13 14	description in in the nour of need; and na re- reprining at the loss of liberty, he pursued 1 worted studies with his usual diligence. ² He w the better enabled to do this, having obtained, the intercession of his wife, leave to borrow lar humbers of books from his friends in the nei- bouring town. These books were returned to the who leat them in a cheest, used generally for t purpose of converging his linen to and from the laundress. At first the guards carefully examin the chest upon its entering or leaving the fortree but they soon relaxed their watchfulness, a allowed it to pass unchallenged. With a womai ready wit, Mary Grotius saw in their remissue the opportunity which, if embraced with decisio
 17 M The Duchess of Frashin murdered by her histond, in Paris, 1847. 18 Tut Battle of Graveloitzthe curve see as frichler. 19 W mans, 20.00, 1570. (The kine of Prussian and the formation of the second second by the second second by the second second by the second sec	4 50r 7 16s 4 53r 7 11s 4 56r 7 8s 4 59r 7 3s 5 3r 6 59s 5 5r 6 55s	9 4 916 932 953 1023 11 6 After Mid- night A.M. 122 248 <i>Rises</i> <i>P.M.</i> 743	5 6 7 9 10 11 12 13 14 (©) 16	description in in the nour of need; and na ri- repining at the loss of liberty, he pursued 1 worted studies with his usual diligence. I lev the better enabled to do this, having obtained, the intercession of his wife, leave to borrow lar numbers of books from his friends in the nei- bouring town. These books were returned to the who leat them in a cheek, used generally for t purpose of conveying his linen to and from t laundress. At first the guardscarfeilly examin the chest upon its entering or leaving the fortree but they soon relaxed their watchfulness, a allowed it to pass unchallenged. With a womar ready wit, Mary Grotius saw in their remisan the opportunity which, if embraced with decisis would be the means of procuring her husban release. Although the box was comparative
 17 M The Duchees of Frashin murdered by her husband, in Paris, 1847. 18 Tu Battle of Gravelottethe exrnage was fright-full to the fraceholic bosing 19,600 men, the term mane, 32,000, 1870. (The king of Prusia halo tundressed for thirty hours) 20 Th "Promise little, and do much." 21 F Lady Mary Worley Montagu (celebrated lefterwriter), died, 1762. 22 S Mysterious disapearance of Mr. Howe, in 1766. 23 S 12 th Sunday after Trinity. 24 M City of Washington taken by the British, and all the public edifices destroyed, 1814. 25 Tu "Sorrow cill pay no ded." 26 W Railway from Paris to St. Gernanis (the frames in France) opened, 1837. 27 Th The Johnson, author of "The Seasons," "Castle of The Mark Mark Mark Mark Mark Mark Mark Mark	4 50r 7 16s 4 53r 7 11s 4 56r 7 8s 4 59r 7 3s 5 3r 6 59s 5 5r	9 4 916 932 953 1023 11 6 After Mid- night A.M. 122 248 <i>Rises</i> <i>P.M.</i>	5 6 7 9 10 11 12 13 14	and suffering are the tests of married life." A narrative is thus briefly told : Bert husband, Hugo von Grotius, was bern Deff, in the year 156, and evinced even in At the age of eight years be was able to comp with facility Latin verses of great merit, at twe be entered the Leyden University ; and has barn attained fifteen when he took tho degree of doe of the second state of the second state of the second university is and verses of great merit, at twe be entered the Leyden University ; and has barn attained fifteen when he took tho degree of doe of the second state of the United Provine Unfortunately, in the religious disputes whi onvalued Holland towards the close of the y officience to the government by the many freed and independence of his writings, and he was i condingly captured and condemned to perpeti- tion to the government by the many freed and independence of he writings, and he was i condingly captured and condemned to perpeti- tion of the condition that having once enter the prison she was never again to leave if 1. W with stating this most cruel stipulation the noise and the condition that having once enter the prison she was never again to leave if 1. W with stating this most cruel stipulation the noise and the optical state of the year of the states and soc discovered the following one, whi the odd up her abode in the prison. After at in the states finding that no severity could shake to approxe successful :- The philosophical nature of Grotius had nev descred him in the hour of need; and far for the interession of his wife, leave to horrow lar numbers of books from his friends in the neigh bouring town. These books were returned to the who leat them in a chest, used generally for the uprose of conveying his linen to and from t lamdress. At first the grandscarefully examin the chest upon its entering or leaving the hoursain comparity which, if embrood with decide vorted he to pass unchallenged. With a womar release. At lines the was in prison that Grotis worde here thous an the tow was most

-...

Has your Horse lost his appetite and out of condition generally ? Memoranda. Ton't fail to keep a can of the Dominion Condition Spice in the Stable, Being put up in cans they keep their strength, and no spilling out of papers.



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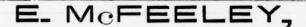
CHAS. D. BARR, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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CHAS. D. BARR, PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR. "TRUTHS, LIKE ROSES, HAVE THORNS ABOUT THEM."

small, it was yet large enough to hold a human being, albeit in an inconvenient position; and that all danger of suffocating the person thus confined in it might be guarded against, a number of small holes were bored in the box. Nothing now remained but to watch for a favourable chance, when Grötins might conceal himself therein-and this chance was not very long in arriving. It happened about the time when the scheme was carefully matured and ready to be carried into effect, that the governor of the castle was called away, upon "urgent private affairs," and in accordance with the preconcerted plan, Grötus fell most alarmingly ill. His wife feigued to be heartbroken at the circumstance, and implored that ories and was taken to the cell, and the pretended patient snugly stowed therein. Two unsuspecting soldiers ouveryed the chest, with its living contents, beyond the confines of the prison, where it was reacived by a horseman, who delivered it to a friend in the two no Goreum, where Grötus was released, and field, disguised as a mason, from his ugrateful country, and sought refuge in France.

In the standard of the standard standar

MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCES.

(22.)—This annals of bygone history, as well as the newspapers of the present day, frequently tell of the mysterious disappearance of persons, some of whom are never again heard of ; whilst others who have only been temporarily attacked with what is called "wandermadness," will re-appear amongst their friends, and give good or bad reasons for their disappearance. But perhaps of all the most remarkable disappearances on record, there is none that exceeds in strangeness the mysterious disappearance of a Mr. Howr—the following account of which is condensed from Dr. King's entertaining Ancedotes of his own Time, published in 1819 :--

taining Anecdotes of his over Time, published in 1819 :---Early one morning in the year 1706, Mr. Howe, a sensible whom he had been married is went bounds, told his wite-to to go and transact some business at the Tower of London. In the afternoon of the same edge Mr. Howe received a letter from him saying that he was compelled to go to Holland, but may be the same the same of the same same same same morning was heard or known about him, until one evening was heard or known about him, until one evening first How received an ote, the writer of which implored her to give him a meeting the next evening in St. James's Park, hen present, the word of which implored her to give him a meeting the next evening in St. James's Park, I am, I have got a galant! "Perusing the episte with attenion, Rose declared it to be in the handwriting of her long-lost husband! This surprised all the company, whild Mrs. Howe, acband of been there long before Mr. Howe walked up, sainted the company, urbrace the wife, and walked home with her, where they lived in harmony until his death. . The most singular part of the tale is, that when Mr. Howe

where they lived in harmony until his desth. The most singular part of the tale is, that when Mr. Howeleft his house in Jermyn Street, he went to a little rown in the source of the source of the source of the source of the westminster, for which he paid six shillings weekly, and in this room he remained for the whole seventeen rears, discuising himself by weering a dark wize. When Mr. Howe left, his wife had two children by him; but they died in a few years an act of parliament to procure a settlement of her huge an act of parliament to procure a settlement of the progress etate, (about 2700 per annum). This act Mr. Howe suffered to be passed, and enjoyed the pleasure of reading the progress lit through parliament. During her husband's absence Mrs. Howe removed from Jermyn Street to a house near Golden Square; opposite to her lived a corn-chandler, named Salt, with whom Howe had formed an acquaittance. Dising very rooms, and Salt, thinking he was a bachelor, used often to recommend his [Mr. Howe's] own wife to him as an atvantageous match.] Beside this, Howe wurt, regularly every Sunday to St. Jame's church, occupying Mr. Salt's seat, a position in which he could casily see his wife.

Desition in which the count cauge its instant intimate friends what was the real cause of his singular conduct. For the second second second second second second counter, and it was thought by in and was advanced of his bonduct. And it was thought by in and was advanced that he would never have returned, if he had not spent all the money which he had taken with him-one or two thousand pounds—and he must have lived very frugally, or the money would not have held out so long.

The following remarkable case of the desertion of a wife, for a lengthened period, is also narrated, and the reasons for which desertion were never ascertained :--

which descrition were never ascertained — Grones Rowsre, who became a celebrated painter, was the son of poor parents, and was born at Dalion, in Lancashire. Early evincing a taste for painting, his friends apprenticed him to an itinerant artist, and so marked was his genus in the profession he had thus chosen, that he sono outvied his master. He then set up on his own account, and shortly afterwards married. After living with his wile for a period of eight and after having saved money enough to carry him to Italy, he went thither, and made considerable progress in his poifession. Returning to London, and settling down there, he acquired both fame and fortune; and it was not ill he was after being and the running three of neury years of his life were speat as happily as his broken health would permit. It is only fair to say, that during the end prived pained was been from his wife and family, he regularly supplied them with ample means for their support.

A KNOWLEDGE OF LEATHER!

(15.)—SIR WALTER SCOTT used to relate, that a friend of his once met in a stage-coach a man that utterly baffied all efforts at conversation. Yet this friend prided himself on his conversational powers; he tried his fellow-traveller on many points, but in vain, and at length he exposultated—

a) rengen no expositanced. "I have takked toyon, my friend, on all ordinary subjects-literature, farming, merchandise-gaming, game laws, horseraces-suits-tlaw-politics, and sixiafling, and blasphemy, and philosophy-is their any one subject you will favour mis by opening quot? The wight writies has countenance into a grm-"Sir," said he, "can you say anything clever about bend-lasther? I thick leather for soleing."

Imagination must supply the sequel to this. But the following story, which is perhaps a fitting pendant to the above, tells of a man who really did know something about leather !--

thing about leather I— The Rev. Edward Freinz, the popular minister of the National Scotch Church in London, once managed to invigile into his church, by taking to him about leather, a cobier who professed infidelity. Irring's father was a tamer, and his acquinitance with leather 3ⁿ was the first work from the second standing of the second standing. "What do ye ken about leather?" was the first work from of the elergy. This was just the opportunity his assailant wanted, and Irring began to describe the process of making boots and shoes by machinery; and as the discourse advanced, the shoemaker, gradually interested and molified, slackned work, and at last exclaimed." Odds i you are a decent kind or to elerych, hand he defended himelf for so donin by proouncing, this optimion on Trring: "He's a sensible mon, por be kens about leather." It may not he neut of ylong to may that the avgite.

It may not be out of place to say, that the excitement which Irving created when he preached in London, held the throngs together for hours. They were first assembled for hours before he made his appearance, and then they listened to his lofty discourse for hours more. His sermon for the London Missionary Society was three hours long, and he had to take rest twice in the middle of it, asking the congregation each time to sing a hyrma. When he went through his native district of Annandale, the churches were too small to contain the crowds that gathered at his feet. He preached in the open air, and all the churches around were closed in honour of the event. At Edinburgh, during the General Assembly, where he delivered a course of twelve lectures, the hour of meeting was six o'clock in the morring, and fashionable crowds arose out of their beds at five to hear his marvellous contory ! A SCENE IN THE DOMESTIC LIFE OF SIR EDWARD COKE.

Age.

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1874-SEPTEMBER-30 days.

THE MOON'S CHANG Last Quar. 3rd, 4-54 mn. First Quar. New Moon, 10th, 6-10 evn. Full Moon,	11.15	Rises
1 Tu Partridge Shooting beg	gins. 51	4r Rises P.M.
2 W Great Fire of London,		
3 Th Sir Edward Coke died,	1634. 51	7r 950
4 F Robert Dudley, Earl of Leice	ster (favourite 6 3	9s 10 39
5 S of Queen Elizabeth), died, 13 Earl of Lennox, Regent of Se sinated at Stirling, 1571.	cotland, assas- 5 2	0r 11 43
6 3 14th Sunday after		5s After Mid-
7 M H.M.S. Captain, ironclad, san off Finisterre, when 472 lives	k in a squall 5 2	3r night A.M.
8 Tu Final bombardment of the the	own of Sebas- 63	1s 213
9 W Deodands (Latin "to be given lished, 1846.	to God ") abo- 5 2	6r 3 31
10 Th " Combine the useful with t	he pleasant." 6 2	6s 4 45
11 F British squadron on Lake Cl tured by the Americans, 181	amplain cap- 5 3	Or Sets
12 S The Year 5635 of the Jer mences.	wish era com- 62	1s 7 2
13 5 15th Sunday after		3r 7 11
14 M Post-Office Savings Banks wer in Great Britain, 1861.	e first opened 6 1	6s 7 23
15 Tu "Avoid what you see amis	s in others." 5 3	
16 W James II. of England died in Germains, 1701.		
17 Th London and Birmingham Rathroughout, 1838.		
18 F First year of the French Republ 1792, when the title of "citize	ic proclaimed, 6	78 8 57
19 S The French, evacuating Mosco their disastrous retreat home	w. commenced = 4	
20 5 16th Sunday after		
21 M [Robert Emmett executed a	at Dublin for	2s 10 56 After
22 Tu Great Britain steam-ship stra	nded in Dun- 54	or Mid-
drum Bay, Ireland, 1846.	0.0	08 A. M.
O (T1). The Kaleidoscope was first suc	gested by Dr	
Brewster, of Edinburgh, 1814	. 5 5	
mine dama delete a 11 h h a		
20 5 Indies, and was never again	heard of. 54	98 Rises P.M.
27 5 17th Sunday after	Trinity. 55	5r 6 31
28 M "A guilty mind punish	. 01	5s 649
29 Tu MICHAELMAS	DAY. 55	8r 712
30 W Dr. Percy died, 1811.	54	0s .7 47

NOTES TO THE ABOVE ILLUSTRATION.

1. Jul Oll offic

T has been remarked by a philosophical writer, It has been remarked by a philosophical writer, that "the errors of the great are as instructive as their virtues;" and to those who may be dis-posed to accept this as a truism, a useful lesson of worldly wisdom may be learnt by them from the domestic life of the great lawyer, SIR EDWARD COKE, Lord-Chief Justice of England in the reign of James I.

demotic life of the great lawyer, Sin Erwarns Cors, Lord Chief Justice of England in the reign of James I. Cake had lived upon the most affectionate terms with his first wife for sixteen years, when he loat her after a torie illness. She had brought him a large fortune, in addition to his paternal inher-idustry in his profession, or lessmoth the subbiling for he was engaged in hearly every important intervention of the state with the entervent into another matrinosial point of the state of the state of the state with death, he enterved into another matrinosial point of the state passe. Emily allowed, we should be with death, he enterved into another matrinosial point of the state passe. Emily allowed, we should be enterview of the state of the stat

J A MCMURTRY. O IVI E IVI E E. DEALER IN DRY GOODS. Ready Made Clothing, Boots and Shoes. General Groceries. Wines and Liquors, Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, d.c. FARM PRODUCE Taken in exchange for goods. CASH PAID FOR WHEAT AND BARLEY. W. & J. MATTHIE, Cabinet Makers, Wurners, VALUATORS AND UNDERTAKERS. KENT STREET EAST, ADAM'S BLOCK, LINDSAY. Parlour Sets, Sofas, Lounges, Whatnots, Sideboards, all kinds of Tables, Book Cases, Music Racks, Music Stools, Hall Furniture, Bedroom Sets, Bedsteads, Enclosed and Open Washstands, Cribs and Cradles. ALL KINDS OF MATRASSES, BUREAUS, DRESSING TABLES AND TOILETS.

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"THE GRAVE IS THE QUIET HAVEN OF US ALL."

favour of Lady Hatton. During the proceedings, and in con-junction with her husband's political rival, Lord Bacon, she did all she could to foster her husband's disfavour at court; and she used her utmost means to prejudice the king against band was depired of his office of Cheforenice, through asserting the independence of the judge, and defending the indisense of the start of the start of the start of the prints of particular against James I. But-worst indignity of all-1-th must have been very moritfying to Sir Edward privately at home, and review his book or *Reports*, wherein, as his Majesty is informed, he many extravaguit and ex-oblation epinons set down and published for positive and goed hw. And this to one supposed to be so learned in the her.

good law." And this to one supposed to be so learned in the law!
For several years the quarrel continued between the ill-matched pair; but at length the husband became nominally reconciled to his troublesome spouse, whom he flattered him-self." would still prove a good wike". The true of dinot, one child, an only doughter, who, having reached the age of ourteen, Sir Edward (ptobably to secure influence at courti-proposed to marry her to Sir John Villiers, burther to the owerful buck of Buckingham—the favourite of the king. Of course the mother objected; and equally of course the daughter greed that in a matter of marriage Sir Edward should have seems to have given vigour to his determination, and he in-sisted upon carrying out his wheles on the ground of paternal right. Lady Hatton and her daughter suddenly disspheared, auf for some time their whereabouts could not be discovered. At last Sir Edward received information that they were con-called at Ogliands, the residence of a coustio of her ladyship; armed hen who were precised to bis biologing, by a dogar-vanting for a warrant, full, they followed a winding startense, which brought them out upon a landing from which branched a series of curious narrow passages. Following one of these to a series of curious narrow passages. Following one of these to a series of curious narrow passages. Following one of these to a series of curious narrow passages. Following note of these to a series of curious narrow passages.

away and taken possession of by her father. Lady Hatton now made an attempt to get back her daughter by forcible means, but failed therein ; and moreover, to her great astonisment, her husband, who had been restored to the king's favour, succeeded in throwing her into prison ; and thus, having possession of the daughter, sir Edward obtained his wishes in regard to the marriage, which took king, queen, and the chief being states and to mark the event, she gave a magnificent entertainment at Hatton Honse, which was also honoured by the presence of the king and case, and the enter works, were peremptorily ex-played to the state of the state attempt of the stare remains to be told - Lady Willere

Incorous hatted, and openly expressed a wish for instantial transformer in the easy remains to be that I ady with a set of the easy remains to be that I ady with the more of the easy remains to be conduct; and inally described him to live with Sir Robert Howard. Being di-versed from her husband, her death-brought about by the dream dation she had undergone as a dishonoured wite-merion to the aver buildens of her miscrable life. But there's life, to her credit if must be recorded, she left here paramour for the purpose of watching over the last hours of left himself along on the earth, was supperted by here. The hubber of the aver build by bolace, for as he says. "he full miss dialong on the earth, was supperted by here." The himself and the set of the set of the hubber of paramour for the purpose of watching over the last hours of left himself along on the earth, was supperted by here." The himself along on the earth, was an expected by here." I have the himself of the set of the hubber of the hubber of the himself of the purpose the must have rivered with hittor computation and remores the aid results of the marriage which his solitors and projected, and which had brought to made history to the unlappy couple. To add to Sir Edward's corrows and mortifications, whilst

so much masery to the unitaply couple. To add to Sir Edward's sources and mortifications, whilst on his death-bed, his will, and many other manus rups, were-scized by the peremptory direction of King Charles, given nearly three years previous, auder the pretence of searching for solitions papers. These were not published till seven years afterwards, when, by a tote of parliament, they were given up to Sir Lidward Coke's son.

Sir Edward was eighty two years old when he died. He was buried in the church of Titleshall, in Norfolk-in which a marble monument, bearing his effigy in full length, is erected to his memory.

[Note—When the unfortunate Sir Walter Rabich was tried, Sir Edward Coke was attorney several, and it has been remark-el by one of his biographers. In at "his has been remark-ing the several several several several several several behaviour formed an appropriate introduction to the abamendu mode in which the proceedings were conducted, and the dis-graceful verdict given by the jury : and his fulsome adulation of the king's wisdom and innocence has an awkward illustra-tion in the absurd act which the monarch caused to be per-formed at the intended execution of the lords implicated in through the several severation of the lords in the several transmitter of the several several several several several transmitter in the several several several several several transmitter is a several several several several several transmitter is the several several several several several several transmitter is the several several several several several several transmitter is the several several several several several several transmitter is the several severa

am the king's sworn servant, and must speak; if I may not be patiently heard, you discourage the king's counsel, and encourage trainers, and sat down in a charf. A more disgust-ing scene had never been witnessed in a court of justice. During the trail of the conspirators in the Gunpowder Plot, Coke repeated his gross flattery of the king, and his cruei language to the prisoners.]

"O NANNY, WILT THOU GANG WITH ME?"

(50).—The chief claim to distinction of Dr. THOMAS PERCY (bishop of Dromore) rests upon his *Reliques af Ancient Explicits*. *Poetry*, in which several excellent old songs and ballads were revived, and a selection made of the best lyrical pieces scattered through the works of modern authors. Percy was himself a poet, and the *Hermit of Workworth; O, Namy, with thon gavg* with mer and other detached pieces, evince both taste with them? and talent

> "Oh, Nanny, wilt thou gang with me. Nor sigh to leave the flaunting town ? Can silent glens have charms for thee, The lowly cot and russet gown ? No longer drest in silken sheen, No longer decked with jewels rare, Say, canst thou quit each courtly scene. Where thou wert fairest of the fair?

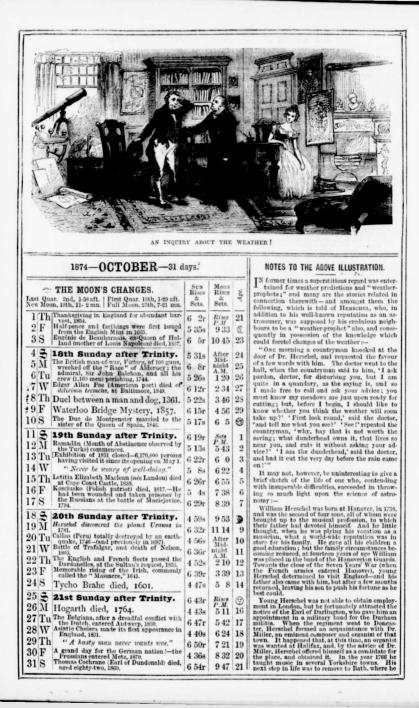


"Oh, Nanny, when thou'rt far away, Wilt thou not cast a wish behind ? Say, canst thou face the parching ray Nor shrink before the wintry wind ? Oh can that soft and gentle mien Extremes of hardship learn to bear, Nor, sad, regret each courtly scene, Where thou wert fairest of the fair ?

"Oh, Nanny, canst thou love so true, Through penils keen with me to go? Or, when thy swain mishap shall rue, To share with him the pang of woe? Say, should disease or pain befall, Wilt thou assume the nurse's car Nor, wistful, those gay scenes recall, Where thou wert fairest of the fair?

"And, when at last thy love shall die, Wilt thou receive his parting breath? Wilt thou repress each struggling sigh, And cheer with smiles the bed of death? And wilt thou o'er his breathless clay, Strew flowers, and drop the tender tear? Nor then regret those se nes so gay Where thou wert fairest of the fair ?

Dr. Percy was born at Bridgnorun, Suropsuro, 1728, and was successively chaplain to King George, 1728, and was successively chaplain to King George, He enjoyed Dean of Carlisle, and Bishop of Dromore. He enjoyed the friendship of Johnson, Goldsmith, and other dis-tinguished men of the day, and lived long enough to his meed of praise to the poetic genius of Sir Walter Scott.



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W. J. THIRKELL, (LATE THIRKELL & PERRIN.)

I wont to get a bux hantibillious pills. Why? Yis to be sure, I that hevery budy knowd by this time COVI . · · · · Martin M. Con - Contraction tra 2 That Perrin's New Drug Store was next to the oud Juett Ouse. I sa, Mr., can ye tell ma were Perrin's New Drug Store his the second second 1 in this area 1.24 10 5 5.4 her. 1 and ment Memoranda. 0 5 500 D 12 an second See 3 TOR 100 marine and about i 1 1.4.1 4 1 10 Same 5-1 d and the 10 area.1 10 120 1 -10

"REPROOF NEVER DOES A WISE MAN HARM."

obtained a situation in connection with the Pump-room band, and was also apointed organist to the Octagon Chapel. This opened up to him several valiable emgagements; his about this time to astronomy and optics by accident. Having, while at Bath, viewed the heavens through a two-feet fuscion of the seven stronomy and optics by accident. Having, while at Bath, viewed the heavens through a two-feet fuscion of the seven stronomy and optics by accident. Having, while at Bath, viewed the heavens through a two-feet fuscion of the seven stronomy and the seven strong and any strong of the price at which such instruments, guorant of the price at which such instruments, and discontinuing his pursuit, Herselel formed what many would a telescope for himself. He did not content himself with a speculative idea, but from the scanty instructions he could the price of a few tractises on optics, actailly commenced this ardiuous undertaking. Disappointment succeeded disuind, and at length his performed a site of a did not rest at the hoart here through a fire-feet Newtonian reflector of his own workmanship! The modern Galileo did not rest at hand hitherio been known. After constructing lines on the spential optic hard not his his an acceeded, distion, and a hour making instrumenties are on the spential optic hard not make such a two-feet beynomic than and hitherio been known. After constructing lines on the spin duot here that would bear any power that was applied to it. About the year 173 Herschel limited his nucceid emage-

About the year 1:79 Herschel limited his musical engagements, and commence an regular survey of the heavens; and in 1:81 he added another to the extalogue of known stars, which he named Georgiam Sidus, in honour of George III. The Royal Society made him a Pellow, and the star he discovered received the name of Herschel by the unanimous

consent of all the Continental astronomers ; but since then, it has been thought better to follow the old mythological system, and the planet is now called *Urana*. George III, system, and the planet is now called *Urana*. George III, musical profession to devote himself exclusively to astronomy. If is left Bath, and removed first to Datchet and afterwards to Slough. - Here his first work was to construct a fortyfeet leiscoge, which he completed in 17%; but he was disappointed with it; and his chief contributions to astronomical appointed with it; and his chief contributions to astronomical meets.

ments. In the discoveries that Herschel made, and in the intricate calculations to which they led, he was ansiduously assisted by his sister, Caroline Lucretin Herschel. Like her brother, she was ardently attached to astronomical studies; and having joined him at Lath in 171 the voluntarily became his assisant; hot only acting as his ananucensis, but also executing Her own observations were bodd in some of his discoveries. The Boyal Society published them in one volume prod. for the Zave Catalogue she was honourd with the gold metal of the Astronomical Society, of which she was elected an honorary member.

Monorary memoer. Her brother's discoveries were communicated, as they occurred, to the Royal Society, and comprise a catalogue of moretan five thousand nebular, and clusters of stars, which he had discovered; and form an important part of the *Transactions* between 1782 and 1818. Oxford had previously given him an honorary degree, and, in 1816, he was invested with the Gaulphile order of knighthood. His death took place in 1822, at the age of eighty-three, and his devoted sister then returned to flamover. Her, their years were spent in repose, only herve charged in the year were spent in repose, only herve charged in the year to a cottage. She died in 1843, at the age of ninety-three.



A SINGULAR DUEL BETWEEN A MAN AND A DOG.

(6)—A Commar took place on the sth of October, 1801, on the Isle Notre Dame, Paris, which illustrates in a most striking manner the ideas prevalent in that age with respect to the mode of deciding doubtful cases by the dued, and which was regarded as "an appeal to the judgment of God," who, it was believed, would specially interpose to shield and vindicate injured innocence. The following is, perhaps, the most singular instance on record, illustrative of this custom of the olden time :-

of the olden time:--One day, Arsney pe Mosrippier, a gentleman of birth and influence, was Journeying alone through the wild and his body being buried by his assassins beneath an adjacent tree. For some days an English blooch-bund, whom he had with him, kept watch over his grave, until compelled by hunger to leave. Upon doing so, the dog made his way to the house of a friend of the decensed in Faris, where the singularity of his actions, coupled with the fact of his leaves. The source of a friend of the decense in the source of the house of a friend of the decense in Faris, where the singularity of his actions, coupled with the source of the net wonder. He ran to the door, looked back to see if any pue followed him, returned to his master's friend, pulled him by the sleeve, and with dumb eloquence entreated him to go with him. At last the friend determined to follow the lead of the dog, who went straight to the tree at the foot of which hence of howing pitconsity, stratching to the earth in the meanwhile, and indicating clearly his with that the paricular spot ingith be sarred. Upon disgring they found the body of Aubrey de Montdidier, bearing the wounds inflicted upon it by the kaile of the nurderer. For some time to race of the perpetrator of the foul deed could be obtained, until cent A HAN AND A DOR. one day it happened that the dog met a Chevalier Macaire, whom he instantly seried with great fury by the throat. This extraorelinary conduct on the part of a usually peaceter of the set of the series of the series of the set of the barrow do the the series of the series of the set of the this period has been a great energy of always of a set this period has been a great energy of always of a set disc, grave suspicions begins to ke around. At last the affair reached the ears of the king, and being desirons of investigaing the matter, hese the for the dog, who was gentle and playing the king, when he, as usual, exhibited the forcest animosity the trial by lattle, or append to the "indement of God," and a comhat was ordered to the place between the Chevalier and open space. The terms of the emounter were, that the dog was to have an empty cask to retire into, after he had and his springs; which her, so repared for the fary, when use the trial by the throat, after a severe struggle, he sucdarde his grings; which her around arm himself with a cudsel. Everything was prepared for the fary, when ummar found his given that her as evere struggle, he suced and, conscience smitten in the presence of the king, the cud, and, conscience smitten in the presence of the king, the cut, and hundreds of spectatory, he acknowledged his goilt, and was, a few doys afterwards, beheaded upon the senflow. A full account of this memorable due his play.

A full account of this memorable duel may be found in Ménoires ser les Duels, and it has been cited by many writers. A popular drama has also been founded upon the combat. The fame of the dog has been handed down to posterity upon a monument of bass-relievo in the grand hall of the Castle of Montargis, in France.



HOGARTH EXHIBITING HIS PORTRAIT OF "HONEST OLD CORAM !"

Age.

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1874-NOVEMBER-30 days.

			-
THE MOON'S CHANGES. Last Quar. 1st, 2-0 mn. First Quar. 17th, 1-54 mn. New Moon, 9th, 5-34 mn. Full Moon, 23rd, 5-34 aft. Last quarter, 30th, 6-29 even.	SUN Rises & Sets.	Moon Rises & Sets.	
 22nd Sunday after Trinity. Admiral Benbow died, 1702-"No monuments record the fame of 'brave old Benbow'-his deels are left to the writers of mark about and story." W 8t. Jean d'Arc taken by the English, 1540, 	6 56r 4 30s 6 59r 4 27s	Rises P.M. 11 6 After Mid. A.M. 1 37	
 The after a bombardment of a few hours. The English had only 12 killed and 42 wounded, whilst the Egyptians lost 2,000. F Dr. Arbuthnot born, 1675. Sir Martin Frobisher (naval explorer) died of wounds received in an attack on Brest, 1594. 	7 3r 4 23s 7 7r	$\begin{array}{c}246\\354\\56\end{array}$	
8 5 23rd Sunday after Trinity. 9 M "Take time enough—all other graces Will soon fill up their proper places." Joint Europ	4 20s 7 10r	6 16 7 30 Sels	
11 W Jean Sylvan Bailly, an eminent astronomer. guillotined at Paris, 1793. "Do evil and look for evil."	4 16s 7 13r 4 13s	Р.М. 456 536	
14 S Thomas Coram born, 1668. 15 3 24th Sunday after Trinity .	7 17r 4 11s 7 21r	6 31 7 40 8 59	
16 M died, 1778. Catharine "the Great," Empress of Russia, 17 Tu died, 1796.	7 21r 4 8s 7 24r	10 20 11 46	
 18 W Sir David Wilkie born, 1785. 19 Th That mysterious prisoner, the "Man with the Iron Mask," died, 1703. 20 F Sir Christopher Hatton (statesman and courtier of Onen Elizabeth died, 1604). 	4 5s 7 28r 4 3s	After Mid- night A.M. 236	
 20 F tier of Queen Elizabeth) died. 1691. 21 S Princess Royal, Victoria Adelaide Mary Louisa born, 1840. 22 S 25th Sunday after Trinity. 	7 31r 4 0s	4 3 5 35	
23 M Louis, Duke of Orleans (brother of Charles 24 Tui The gallant Sir Henry Havelock, who re- leved Lucknow and its brave garrison, died from excessivo intigue at Alumbagh, 1877.	7 34r 3 58s 7 36r	7 11 Rises P.M. 5 3	
26 Th Cowper (poet) born, 1731; died in 1800. 27 F The "Great Storm," the most terrible that 28 S Ada, Countess of Lovelace, only daughter of Lord Byron, died, aged 37, 1852.	3 56s 7 40r 3 55s	6 10 7 28 8 47	
29 S 1st Sunday in Advent. 30 M St. Andrew.	7 42r 3 54s	10 8 11 23	

NOTES TO THE ABOVE ILLUSTRATION.

IF there is one man more than another who deserves the gratitude of his country for devoting a long life to the relief of human suffering, it is "honest old Conax," the founder of the Poundling Hospital in London, and who spent all his fortune, and devoted his best energies to provide a refuge for outcast babes.

provide a refuge for outcast babes. Throwas Consu was horn at Lyne Regis, in Dorsekhire, in the year loss. When quite a young emigrating to America, and, earrying out his idea, he wont to Massechusetts, where, after working for a time as a shiperright, he became master of a trading vessel, made some money, and feeling a vestication of the state of the state of the business carry in the morning and late at might, his feelings were often keenly tried in coming across infance exposed and descried in the street. It provide a tensor of the time is the street business carry in the morning and late at might, his feelings were often keenly tried in coming constant tensor bars at other and home for just the street. The state of the stime is writing letters and visiting in advocasy of a home for foundlings. "There were hospitals for foundlings in other, comuting, he said, "and why not in severance on the part of Comm, the public scized hold of the idea, and a Foundling Hospital was coming freely in, the Foundling Hospital was tablicated by Regard Quarter in the year 1730.

boomt as a large in the quantum term in some types to a state of the state of the same types of the state in this of the Woyal Charter, in the year 1728. The famous pointer, Hogarth, was a creat frend, not only of Coram, but also of the Hospital, and was one of its earliest governors. For its walks he painted Coram's portrait, "one of the first," he writes, "that I did the size of life, and with a particular desire to cacel." And writing portrait—"It has stood the test of two ruly years" to know the particular desire to the training the training the interval of the stood the test of two ruly years" in the Know have exerted all their talents to vie that the Governors were enabled to eque a house in Hatton Garden on the 25th March, 17dh, having exhibited a noise the provious differ. "How rule do for the reschood of the side of the store in Hatton Garden on the 25th March, 17dh, will be opened for the reschood of the side of the to its reception on account of disense. No questions were asked as to whom the infant belonged, when the full number of babes had been received, a baard was hung out over the door—" The admitted, and in the crush for precedence riot, usued in consequence, a ballot was instituted, and the women drew out of a base, red, white, and back balls—the red and white balls having the preference. The fame of the the the situated, and the women drew out of a base, red, white, and back balls—the red and white balls having the preference. The fame of the the the situated and the women drew out of a base, red, white, and back balls—the red and white balls having the preference. The fame of the shaving the preference. The fame of the charity spread far ings to its accerting the recorded that many infants met their dealts by being sent up from the country under the care of common carriers.

1874. REMOVAL. 1874.

JOHN ANDERSON, CABINET-MAKER,

Desires to intimate to his customers and the public in general that he has removed his old stand on William Street to his

NEW BUILDING, - - KENT STREET,

LINDSAY,

One door west of W. M. Robson's grocery, where he trusts by strict attention to business, good workmanship, and moderate prices, still to merit a large share of public patronage. His stock of

FURNITURE

Is all new and consists of a large assortment of general

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Looking Glasses & Picture Frames.

BURIAL CASKETS AND COFFINS KEPT IN STOCK.

Perrin's Anti-bilious Pills are the best thing for biliousness and Headache. 40 at Perrin Euy the Condition Spice, in 1 fb cane, for 25 cts., Perrin's New Drug Store, Lindsay Memoranda.

"CHEERFULNESS IS MEDICINE FOR THE MIND."

The the year 1754, the Governors mored into the present hospital with aix hundred children, hur they soon found out the unpleasant fact that they were supporting them at an ex-press of five times the amount of their income 1 in their distress they applied to Parliament for aid, which voted them is the standard of the standard of the standard of the might be brought to them, and country branches were also ordered to be opened. A bask was hung at the gates of the hospital, in which the hapless foundling was de-posited, and a bell was rung in order to give notice thereof. Hills were posted through the streets, apprising the public one hundred infants were prought into use, upwards of new hundred infants were prought into use, upwards of new hundred infants were prought into use, upwards of the hospital, in a streets, strip their lables naked, but the infant device of the gate, strip their lables naked, but them into the basket, ring the ball, and the new of the hospital infants were brought into use, upwards of the express of the charity thus far amounted to nearly \$50,090; and in 1769 Parliament revoked the order for in-dustriming admission and agreed to bear the charge of the unmerous children whom their Ill-advised invitation, had hus fourteen thousing a larged to bear the charge of the unmerous children whom their Ill-advised the twise to abolish in 1801. Since that period, the rules of the hospital have been considerably altered for the balter—the express of which they have not been a low to avail themselves. The values to hide the shame of the mother, and dismiss her with the admoniton, "sin no more."

the admonition, "sin no more." The annual revenue of the hospital is about £12,000 a-year, and with this sum 400 boys and girls are maintained and educated from their infancy until the fitteenth year. No infant is received older than twelve months. A name is given to each child when it is brought into the hospital, and it is then sent into the country to be nursed; and when it is three years old at is then returned to the hospital, are promiticed to various indea—some of them being instructed in music, and drafted into the army and may. The training we house household work, and put out as domestic servents servants

Handel, the musician, was a great benefactor to the hos-pital; and endowed it with a magnificent organ, and fre-quently performed his oratorio of the *Messiah* in the chapel.

quently performed his order a magnitudent organ, and fre-quently performed his oration of the Messich in the clapel. Captain Coram's fortune appears never to have been large. Two years before his death it was discovered that he had lost all his means. His friends thereon bestirred themselves to rise him to independence by subscription; and, in conjunc-tion with Sampson Ghieon, a benevolent lew, an annuity of good old man might not be offended. Dr. Brocklesby broke to him the project. His answer was—'I have not wasted the little money I note had in suf-livitly and I or noil y received the annuity for two years, for he died on the 29th of March, 1751, aged egity-Jour, when the hospital body was the first to be Lord Chief-Justice of England—was bor, who rose to be Lord Chief-Justice of England—was buried in 1832.

AN UNLUCKY PHYSICIAN!

(6.)--DR. JOHN ARBUTHNOT, a celebrated physician, a Scotchman by birth, was educated in the University of Aberdeen, where he took his medical degree.

of Abserdeen, where he took his medical degree. After finishing his cutation, Arbuthnot preceded to London, where his extensive learning and conversational alcuta, introduced him gradually mito good society; and among his associates were loope, Swift, Parnell, and Gay, and other wits of the period. Having had the good fortune to be taken ill, and being called to attend him, his treatment was so successful that the Prince, from the time of his recovery, employed him as his regular physican. Arbuthnot was also pointed physican-mondumy to Queen Anne; but it is restiled at Domoster, and endeavoured to get a practice in haltants. He therefore determined to gut the fals so ill-adapted for the othery of his protessional skin. "Where and haltants. He therefore confounded place, "was the answer; "for a man can neither live nor dio there !" But to arrive at wealth was not anong Arburthnot's facul-

But to arrive at wealth was not among Arburthnot's facul-ties; for after the queen's death his practice decayed. Only few weeks before his death he wrote-"I am as well as a man can be who is gasping for breath, and has a house full of men and women unprovided for."

Arbuthnot's health failed under his habits of in-temperance. He died in straitened circumstances in London, in the year 1735. It is said of him that "he was one of the greatest wits of his time, and that his humour was without any mixture of ill-nature.

ELOQUENCE DEFEATED.

(15.) -- LORD CHATHAM (when Mr. Pitt) on one occasion made a very long and able speech in the Privy Council, relative to some naval matter. Every one present was struck by the force of his eloquence. Lord Anson (the circumnavigator), who was no orator, being then at the head of the Admiralty, and differing entirely in opinion from Mr. Pitt, got up, and only said these words :

My Lords, Mr. Secretary is very eloquent, and has stated his own opinion very plausibly. I am no orator, and all I shall say is, that he knows nothing at all of what he has been talking about."

This short reply, together with the confidence the council had in Lord Anson's professional skill, had such an effect on every one present, that they imme-diately determined against Mr. Pitt's proposition.

WILKIE'S "BLIND FIDDLER !"

(18.)-OLD Mrs. Wilkie, the mother of David Wilkie, son "Davie," A friend inquired one day whether he had early displayed much talent in drawing—

had early displayed much talent in drawing— "Aweel," said she, "I mind that he was as scrawling and errateling," did na ken what, and he had an idle fashion o' making likenesses and errientoores like of all the folk as ama-ald there was an auld bind mon, Wills, the fold line, is an idle sort of a beggarmon, that used to come wi'his noise, and scraping; and Davie was ac taking o' this put loolie into the sort of a beggarmon, that used to come wi'his noise, and scraping; and Davie was ac taking o' this put loolie into the on the laft for encouraging such fazy vagabonds about the hoose. Weel," pursued the old lady, "but ye maun ken he was an ill-favoured, daft sort of a creatur-that put bind bodie-weel eno' in his way, but not the sort o' lolk to be along wi' Davie; yet the lad was always assying to me. 'Mither, gie's a tawbie for put blind Wille' !. This, sit," she added here on the mot put to Edinburgh to see it; and I went, and he wrote me to go to Edinburgh to see it. and I went, and he wrote me to go to Edinburgh to see it. and I went, and he wrote da'. I was wind wi's argins; 'Mither, mony 'A Campbells are coming J''.

Wilkie's "Blind Fiddler" is now in the National Gallery. His other pictures are of world-wide renown.

In the year 1848 Wilkie went to Constantinople, by the command of Queen Victoria, to paint the portrait of the Sultan. This was his last and fatal mission. On his return, on board the *Oriental* steamer, after having touched at Malta and Gibraltar, he was taken suddenly ill, and died in Gibraltar Bay, aged fifty-six, June I, 1841; and on the evening of the day on which his death took place, the last sad office of committing his body to the deep was rendered necessary by the strict orders of the authorities, who could not allow it to be brought on shore.

As a man, Sir David Wilkie had the character of being mild and unassuming; as an artist, no difficulties could daunt him, nor could any labour be too great for him to undertake with a view to the attainment of excellence

COWPER'S "JOHN GILPIN."

(2:).)-The world-renowned poem of "John Gilpin" was composed by WHILIAM COWFER-" the most popular poet of the generation," as Southey has designated him-under the following circumstances :-

It was founded upon a story told to Cowper by Lady Austen, to relieve the poet's depressive melancholy— from which he greatly suffered. Lady Austen had remembered the tale from her childhood, and its effects remembers the tate from her childnood, and its effects on the fancy of Cowper had an air of enchantment, for he told her the next morning that convulsions of laughter, brought on by his recollection of her story, had kept him waking during the greatest part of the night, and that he had turned it into a ballad. It found its way into the newspapers, and a popular actor of the day recited it in his public readings.

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	"I IN THESE	FLOWER	RY MEA	DS N	VOULD BE.
1874	-DECEMBER-31	days.		1	NOTES TO THE ABOVE ILLUSTRATION.
				=	" I in these flowery meads would be ;
	100N'S CHANGES.	Rises	Moon Rises	De.	These crystal streams should colace me; To whose harmonious bubbling noise,
New Moon, 8th, 13 First Quar. 16th, 13	2- 6 nt. Full Moon, 23rd, 4-56 mn. 2-24 nn. Last Quar. 30th, 2-36 aft.	& Sets.	& Sets.	V	I with my angle would rejoice :
1 Tu Lord Ha	rdwicke born, 1690; died, 1764.	7 45r	Risco	22	Sit here, and see the turtle dove Court his chaste mate to acts of love."
2 W Louis Na	poleon (then Prince-President) de-	7 45r 3 53s	Rises A.M. 034	22	IZAAR WALTON
3 Th [Capt. Jo]	poleon (then Prince-President) de- Emperor of France, 1852. In Brown, the leader of the Harper's utbreak, executed, 1859.	5 55s 7 48r	143	20 24	IZAAK WALTON, the "Angler" par excellen
4 F "Fraud	utbreak, executed, 1859. and deceit are always in haste."	3 51s	2'53	24	I was born in 1503, at Stafford. Little is know of his younger days; but in 1624 it is recorded th
	died, 1791.	5 51s 7 51r	4 4	20	he was carrying on the business of a hosicr in Fle
		1 off	4.4	20	Street, London (near to Chancery Lane). He h married a lady who was maternally descend
6 2 2nd S	unday in Advent.	350s	516	27	from Archbishop Cranmer, and seven childr
7 M Marshal Luxem	Ney shot in the garden of the bourg. Paris, 1815. reh of the Campania at Santiago, polliantly iluminated during a re- festival, took fire, when upwards of means, princhigally women, perished neans of egress being utterly insuf- ber.	7 54r	6 31	28	were the fruit of this union, but they all died childhood; and, last of all, the mother also,
8 Tu The Chu whilst	brilliantly illuminated during a re-	3 50s	7 44 Sets	0	1640. In 1647 Walton re-married, his second w being a sister of Bishop Ken.
9 W ligious 2,000 pc	rsons, principally women, perished	7 56r	P.M.	1	Amidst the troubles of the Civil War, whi
norent,	1863. Neuhoff, ex-King of Corsica, died	3 49s	4 25	2	London was generally devoted to Parliamer Izaak Walton remained a steady royalist a
II I in Lone	don, 1726. brated Fleet Prison, in London, de-	7 57r	5 31	3	churchman ; and after the battle of Worcester
i monsu	ed, 1845.	3 49s	648	4	discharged a dangerous office for Charles I Having accumulated a small independence, in t
13 3 3rd S	unday in Advent.	7 59r	8 8	5	year 1643 Walton gave up shop-keeping-anxio no doubt, to escape from the scene of so ma
14 M [Fenian sons ki	explosion at Clerkenwell; seven per- lled and about fifty wounded, 1837.	3 49s	9 31	6	domestic and political afflictions-and retired in
15 Tu Izaak	Walton died, 1683.	8 1r	1053	7	the country. Blessed with fine health, Walt carried the vigour of manhood into old age; a
16 W George Bell	Whitefield (preacher), born at the Inn, Gloucester, 1714.	3 50s	After Mid-	3	in his eighty-third year we find him proposing start on a pilgrimage of more than a hundr
17 Th Kaspar I from th	lauser, a mysterious foundling, died he stroke of an assassin, 1833.	8 3r	night A.M.	9	miles to visit his friend Cotton, on the Dove,
18 F "Beway	e of no man more than thyself."	3 50s	1 39	10	Derbyshire. A biographer has given the following br
19 S Turner at Che	(celebrated landscape painter) died lsea, 1851.	8 4r	3 7	11	sketch of Walton's life :-
	unday in Advent.	3 51s	4 38	12	"Walton was a man of religious temperand and pensive turn of mind, and it was probab
20 3 4th S	omas.	0 1.	610	13	the opportunities for contemplation which t
21 M St. Th		o or	7 37	14	to turn his attention to angling. The River I was his favourite haunt (still a favourite haunt
21 M St. Th	bog (the "Rock of Death"), a strong	3 59-		**	for Collmon anglered t and there during the new
21 M St. Th	oog (the "Rock of Death"), a strong in South India, captured by the without loss, 1791. — Fearful earth-	3 52s		m	he was in business in Fleet Street, he spont
21 M St. Th 22 Tu Saverndy 23 W British 24 Th James S	coog (the "Rock of Death"), a strong s in South India, captured by the without loss, 1791. — Fearful earth- at Jeddo, 1851. mith (author of <i>Rejected Addresses</i>)	3 52s 8 6r 3 53s	Rises P.M.	(9) 16	he was in business in Fleet Street, he spont much time as he could spare. He had receiv but a limited education, and never made any r
21 M St. Th 22 Tu Saverndy fortress 23 W British 24 Th James S died, 1	roog (the "Rock of Death"), a strong s in South India, captured by the without loss, 1791. — Fearful earth- nat Jeddo, 1851. mith (author of <i>Rejected Addresses</i>) 839.	0 003	Rises P.M. 5 0	16	the was in business in Fleet Street, the spent much time as he could spare. He had recei- but a limited education, and never made any p tensions to learning : nevertheless, besides be the most expert and/er, he heave can of
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	cog (the "Rock of Death"), a strong s in South India, captured by the without loss, 1791. — Fearful earth- at Jeddo, 1852. mith (author of <i>Rejected Addresses</i>) 539. HRISTMAS DAY. —	8 7r	Rises P.M. 5 0 6 22	16 17	for coecifey angress; and core, during the per- he was in business in Fleet Street, he spent much time as he could spare. He had receiv- but a limited education, and never made any tensions to learning; nevertheless, besides be the most expert angler, he became one of the most popular authors of his day. The Comp Analors, and Contemplation Mark Resonation
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	cong the "Hock of Death", a strong in South India, captured by the without loss, 1791. — Fearful earth- at Jeddo, 1837. Mith (author of R.jected Addresses) SS. HRISTMAS DAY. HRISTMAS DAY. Or genous coeutred in various of Great Britain, 1854.	8 7r 3 54s	Rises P.M. 5 0	16	b) Cocking adjects, initiation equilibrium and provide the second second second space. If the had received the second
21 M St. 7% 22 Tu Saverndi fortress 23 W Britial 24 Th James S 24 Th James S 26 S Very het parts c 27 S 1st S	oog (the "Hock of Death", a strong s in South India, captured by the without loss, 1721. — Fearful earth- at Jeddo, 1853. mith (author of <i>Rejected Addresses</i>) SB. HRISTMAS DAY.— HVS enow-torms occurred in various of Great Britan, 1884. unday after Christmas.	8 7r 3 54s 8 7r	Rises P.M. 5 0 6 22 7 44 9 4	16 17 18 19	but coacking angleres; and having starting the per- much time as he could spare. Ho had receiv but a limited education, and never made any p- tensions to learning; hevertheless, besides het the most expert angler, ho became one of the most popular authors of his day. The Comp Angler; or, Contemplative Movie Recreation, principal work first issued in 1635-supplic good deal of information as to the habits of '
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THREE DOORS WEST OF MESSRS. RAY & THORNBURY'S.

FRED. J. JONES

Would intimate to the inhabitants of LINDSAY and Surrounding country that he has opened the above store with a large and varied assortment of



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WHICH HE IS PREPARED TO

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as heretofore, as he has in his new premises large and commodious. rooms suitable for the purpose.

N. B .-- The Highest Price Paid for DAIRY PRODUCE.

P. S.-Don't forget the address, Three doors west of Messre. Ray & Thornbury's.

The best place to buy Combs-where you will see an immense variety-Memoranda. . Perrin's New Drug Store, next the old Jewett House, Lindsay. . Go to Perrin's for Drugs, Chemicals and Patent Medicines.

"HE LOSES HIS THANKS WHO PROMISES AND DELAYS."

treatise by Cotton was added to it during the author's life-line, and the work has since been constantly in vogue. The slight things of supersitions credulty and affected eccur-pleasurable zers, without detructing from their higher power to southe, instruct, and delight. Waltons lives of Hooker, sanderson, Wotton, Donne, and Herbert, enjoyed a popularity little inferior to that of his *Anoler*, and desorve to retain it, for they are all excupied simple, toaching, and impressive. "After the dest hot his second util."

Waiton was called of the work callude, *lengthed rotomance*. "After the desth of his second wife," a woman of remarkable province, and of primitive picty." Walton left the neighbours residence with his friend Dr. Moriey, the hiskop of Last see. In his circle of personal friends were Sir Henry Wotton, Dr. Donne, Charles Cotton, lishop Sanderson, and offer eminetic divince; and he passed the greater portion of his time in the is solely during the closing years of his life."



HOUSE OF IZAAK WALTON AT SHALLOWFORD.

Walton arrived at the ripe age of ninety years, and died on the 15th of December, 1683, (the year of the great frost) at Winchester. A small half-length portrait of him, by Huysman, bequeathed to the nation in 1838 by one of his de-seendants, is in the National Gallery.

AN ATTEMPT TO BRIBE A JUDGE.

(1.)-THE illustrious EARL OF HARDWICKE was the son of an attorney at Dover, of respectable charac-ter, but in very narrow circumstances. When the boy When the boy had reached the age of fourteen, his father wished that he should be brought up to his own profession of an he should be brought up to his own protession of an attorner "in this mother, who was a rigid Presbyterian, very much opposed this plan, and expressed a strong wish (says Lord Campbell), "that Philip should be put apprentice to some *honester trade*;" whilst sometimes she declared it was her ambition to make a clergyman of him, that "she might see his head wag in the pul-However, the boy was articled to a London atpit." torney, an old friend of his father, who consented to take him as an articled clerk, without a fee ; and after struggling through many difficulties, as is the case with gang unrough many dimensions, as is the case with nearly all who rise to eminence, he finally became Lord Chancellor of England, which situation held for twenty years. The reputation of Lord Hardwicke as an equity judge was very high indeed. So great confidence was placed both in fis uprightness and his professional ability that of all his decisions as chancellor not one was set aside, and only three were tried on appeal. In the year 1748 the following ridiculous attempt was me le to bribe him :--

attempt was hat a to order anni :---Thomas Martin, mayor of Yarmouth, heing threatened with a Bill in Chancery, wrote a letter to the Lord Chancellor, be-speaking his favour, and enclosing a bank note for twenty pounds, of which his acceptance was requested "for his his worsing, to show cause why he should not be committed to the Fleet for his contempt, he swore "that the said letter was wrote and the said bank note enclosed therein by binn, through ignorance, and not from any ill intent whatsever." Loon his paying all expenses, and consenting that the twenty Fleet, the order was discharged.

Lord Campbell, in narrating the above, mentions also that Lord Sidmouth prosecuted, in the King's Bench, for an offer to bribe him, a simpleton who, when the criminal information came down, joyfully showed it to his family and his friends, believing that it was the patent for the office he wished to purchase !

A FORTUNATE HIT.

(24.)-JAMES SMITH (who, with his brother HORACE, was the author of *Rejected Addresses*) was once hand-somely rewarded for a very trifling production of his muse. The story is thus narrated :-

He had met, at a dinner-party, Mr. Andrew Strahan, the king's printer, then suffering from gout and old age, though his faculties remained unimpaired. Next morning James despatched to Mr. Strahan the following :-

" Your lower limbs seemed far from stout

When last I saw you walk

The cause I presently found out

When you began to talk.

The power that props the body's length,

In due proportion spread,

In you mounts upwards, and the strength

All settles in the head."

Mr. Struchard was so much gratified by the complication that he man was so much gratified by the complication that he man was been used in the structure of the structure he beguesthed to the writer $\pm 3,00^{\circ}$. Horsee Smith, however, monitons that Mr. Straham had ofter motives for his gene-rosity, for he respected and loved the man quite as much as he admired the poet.

Rejected Addresses were respectively written by the brothers Smith, on the occasion of the re-opening of Drury Lane Theatre, in the year 1812-the manager having invited competition for an opening address (which was to be spoken on the opening night) and were-written in imitation of the style of Wordsworth, Southey, Byron, Coleride, Scott, Crabbe, and Cobbett. No less than 112 addresses were sent in to the committee, each sealed and signed, and mottoed, "as per order"—some written by men of great, some by men of little, and some by men of no talent. Mr. Murray, the publisher, without ever looking at the MS., refused to give £20 for the copyright of the Rejected Ad tresses. A biographer says—

Rejected Ad treases. A biographer aays— The book was, however, published; and, after it had run through sixteen editions, it was purchased by Mr. Murray for 433. It has ever since had a large sale. For the eighteenth adition, Horace Smith wrote a preface, full of diroll humour; in which he admits the truth of the remark kindly reminded them, "that if their little work has hitherto instead of the stream of time—while so many others of nuch greater weight and value have sunk to rise no more—it has been solely indebted for its buogramy to that specific levity which chables feathers, straws, and similar triffes to saturated with the waters of oblivion, when they outledy most the fact which they had long before merited."

Rejected Addresses has since had a large sale-and especially when printed in a cheap form.

James Smith used to dwell with much pleasure on the criticisms of a Leicestershire clergyman

" I do not see why they (the Addresses) should have been rejected. I think some of them very good."—Upon another tack was the old lady's remark in the stage coach—"Why make such a fuss about Addresses that were Rejected?"

INTEGRITY OF EARL STANHOPE.

(28.)-THAT eminent soldier, JAMES, EARL OF STAN-OPE, who carried arms under King William III. in HOPE. Flanders, and under the Duke of Schomberg and Earl of Peterborough, at the close of his military career became an active Whig leader in Parliament, took office under the Earl of Sunderland, and was soon after raised to the peerage under the title of Viscount Stanhope of Mahon, he having captured Port Mahon in 1708. He was the grandfather of Earl Stanhope, who was the inventor of the printing press bearing his name. His death was very sudden, and the manner of it is thus told :

thus told :---" He was of a constitutionally warm and sensitive temper. In the course of the discussion of the South Sea Company's affairs, which so unhapping involved some of the leading mem-bers of the Government, the Duke of Wharton (Feb. 4, 1721) made some severe remarks in the House of Lords, comparing the conduct of ministers to that of Scianus, who had made the region of Therius hafeful to the old Romans. Stanhope, in rising to reply, spoke with such vehemence in vindication of himself and his colleagues, that he burst a blood-veed, and died the mext day. "May it be termally remains and the south the died poorer in the king's service than when he came into it. Walsingham, the great Waisingham, died poor; but the great Stanhope lived in the time of the South Sca tempta-tions."

Valuable Standard Preparations.

VICTORIA BUCHU AND UVA URSI.

"Buchu" is an extract prepared from the leaves of plants growing at the Cape of Good Hope: they are collected there by the Hottentots, who value them consider only of the optimization of the constraints of the constrain and to the Aujes, it is compound Pluid Extract bearing the ancients: The Compound Pluid Extract bearing the name of Victoria Buchu and Uva Usa, is a com-bination, of these two ingredients prepared from the Formula of Dr. RUBIXI, and is a Specific Remedy for all diseases of the Bladder or Kishneys, the Prostrate Gland, and all affections of the Urinary Organs, in the easy from whatever cause arising. The eminent Giand, and all allections of the Urmary Organs, in either sox, from whatever eause arising. The eniment and learned European Physician Dr. RUBIN, for many years was celebrated for his *wonderfield curves* of Dis-orders in those Organs. His name was known in every Contr of Europe, and Crowned Hendy resorted to him for advice. After his death, the Prescription was ob-tained from his Family. Two of the ingredients entertained from his Family. Two of the ingredients enter-ing into this celebrated Medicine, viz: Buchu and Uva Ursi, are now used by all Physicians for the of such Disorders. But the great secret of Dr. RUBINI'S peculiar and eminent success lays in the combination of these two ingredients with certain other vegetable productions ; these are all combined in this Medicine, ductions; these are all combined in this Moutience, which is prepared with the utmost care from his Formula; and wherever used the Victoria Buchu and Uva Ursi has invariably given the nost decided and unequivocal satisfaction. (See below Certilicate of H. H. CROFT, Ess., D.C.L., F.L.S., Prof. of Chemia-try, University of Ioronto.) Price 81 per bottla-with full directions inside.

VICTORIA CARBOLIC PREPARATIONS.

Prof. GUILLERY, of Paris, has demonstrated anew the powerful antiseptic properties of carbolic acid in some additional experiments lately made. By his treatsome solutional esperiments nearly made, by instruction ment with the add, purchefaction was entirely preven-ted, the body after six months exhibiting no signs of decomposition, and being but slightly altered in appear-ance. At the Morgue, in Paris, a solution containing one-twentieth of one per cent of earbolic acid sprinkled over the bodies arrested purchaction even during the heat of Summer. Chlorine had previously proved ineffectual to disinfect the atmosphere of the percentage. deadhou

The Wiener Medical Wochenschrift states that Dr. A. Loeffler, of Stockenau, has treated successfully more than forty cases of small-pox by the external copious application of a solution of carbolic acid. The acid was also diffused through the atmosphere of the sick rooms, and Uuvaccinated children inhabiting the same

rooms generally escaped the disease. Carbolic Acid is now put up in a great variety of forms. A finely perfumed Glycerine Jelly containing abres. A mery pertuned objecting Jeny contained a per centage of acid, has become a great favourite for Sore lips, Chapped hands, and for removing Freckles, &c.—Carbolic Salve has proved to be one of the best healing compounds ever discovered, for Cuts, Sores, or Wounds of any description. A powder is also pre-pared with the Acid, for disinfecting sick rooms, out-buildings, &c., and for this is invaluable : while Carbolic Soap is largely used in Hospitals, and in priwhile vate families is gradually superseding the ordinary toilet scaps; it being a preventive as well as a cura-tive agent, and not unpleasant in smell when properly mixed with other perfumes. VICTORIA GLYCERINE JELLY (carbolated).

Price 25 cents per toilet bottle. VICTORIA CARBOLIC DISINFECTANT, Price

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VICTORIA COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES.

The discovery by Dr. CHURCHILL, after years of patient research and experiment, of a Specific Remedy for Consumption, marks a new and important Era in the progress of Medical Science. The announcement of this discovery was made in the year 1857, to the Imperial Academy of Medicine, Paris.

Provious to Dr. Churchill's discovery, the incurability of Consumption was admitted by all medical writers and practitioners; but the question of its curability has been conclusively settled in the affirmative by the results which have attended the administration of the Hypophosphites since the discovery of their therapeutic properties was announced to the world in 1857.

properties was announced to the word in 1557. The action of the Hypophosphitts upon the animal economy, when administered in the prescribed manner, is to restore by means of an Assimilable and Oxydiz-able preparation the deficiency or undue waste of the Oxydizable Phosphorus normally existing, and the deficiency of which, however produced, is the immediate or proximate cause of Consumption.

or proximate cause of Constitution. They have also other effects, the importance of which hardly can be over-estimated; 1.—That of stimulating and increasing the nervous energy to its maximum force. 2.—Increasing the quantity and improving the quality of the blood. 3.—Strengthening the nutritive functions: thus maintaining these three conditions of robust health at their highest degree of intensity com-stills with obvious discussion. patible with physical enjoyment.

The absolute purity of the Hypophosphites is one of the first conditions of their curative action ; when impure, they create a feeling of uncasiness which never occurs in any instance with chemically pure salts.

That the Victoria Syrup of Hypophosphites is pure, is shown by the following Certificate from Professor Croft, one of the highest authorities in the Dominion ; it can also berelied upon as being prepared strictly from the Original Formula of the Discoverer himself, Dr. J. F. Churchill, of Paris. Price \$1 per Bottle. Full directions inside.

Laboratory, University College. Toronto, 4th Dec., 1872. JAMES W. SMITH, ESQ.,

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A Sovereign Preparation for the quick relief and cure of Rheumatism, Sprains, Bruises, and of every description of pain in the Limbs or Sinews, $-\Lambda$ bottle of this should be on hand in every household. Price only 25 cents per bottle.

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BTHRATE AND TORY THREE OF RENEOD

TO PER CENT. LESS THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN YOWN.

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HARRING GRAMMER AND HOUDERED.

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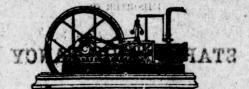
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This rig is so substratially got up that those who use it pronounce it the best is the county.

Shingle Machines, Jointers, X cut and other Saw rigs. Our 2 Horse Powers and Saw attachments are without acception the most substantial and scientific get up before the public; and for the last two years since our present improvement was adopted has given universal satisfaction.

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G. H. KEEVE,

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(ESTABLISHED 1857,)

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WAJQHES/JEWELLERY AND CLOCKS

From G. H. KEEVE;

20 PER CENT. LESS THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN TOWN.

CALL AND EXAMINE MY STOCK.

Watches, Clocks & Jewellery

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) ROSBECAU

Flitcenth Year.

THE CANADIAN POST enters upon the fifteenth year of its publication and the second under its present proprietory with a largely increased and freely accorded in Opposition. There steadily growing circulation, and with is special cause for gratification at a patronage that demonstrates its popularity as an advertising medium. and carrying out an honest and vigo-For the hearty and encouraging sup rous policy based upon the liberal port accorded by the public and by principles advocated in Opposition many friends during the past year the the new Ministry will receive the supeditor and proprietor desires to re Post, has confidence in their integ turn his sincere thanks ; and to as rity and statesmanship. surethem that noteffort will be spared 'To the farmer, market news is of to give satisfaction to patrons of every great importance. Special attention

Believing that the affairs of the order to place before farmers full and County should have pre-eminence THE accurate reports of local, provincial Post will, as heretofore, spare no pains and foreign markets. On this ground to secure full and accurate reports of alone can THE POST with confidence all matters of local interest. A large ask renewed support from the farmstaff of correspondents contribute to ing community. ciency and fullness,"

Trustworthy and experienced cor- to make it a credit to landsay and to respondents at Ottawa and Toronto Victoria County; and the present will during Parliamentary sessions measure of success is a guarantee that place before the readers of THE Post further effort will not go unrewarded. a record of more important transactions with descriptions of notable descriptions at mingred scenes and incidents. When ques-THE Post one year 2 21 50 tions of importance are discussed the parliamentary utterances of our rep. THE Post and 'Globe'od 13 than 75 resentatives will be specially reported. THE Post and 'C. Farmer' 2 60 The daily papers find it impossible to THE Post and 'C. Farmer' 2 60 give motering supported of the Post and 'B.A.Presbyn' 3 00 es of many members; and it is desirate that the remarks of our own mem-Editor and Proprietor.

ters should be placed before their con-stituents is a consistent and automatic forms this service will be served by POST FOR 1874. THE Post ; though when representatives have no opinions and prefer the part of "dumb, driven cattle," there cat de la heporte.

It is hardly necessary to say that THE Post will give to the Reform administrations at Toronto and Ottawa, the same earnest support that was the overthrow of the corrupt government at Ottawa; and in developing port of every journal that, like THE

department of the newspaper business, has been paid to this department, in

THE Post and there is no place of im- Commencing the New Year with a portance in the County that is not circulation of Thirteen Hundred an represented in this way. This ser-increase of one-third during the past vice will be extended and improved year-a ratio that promiser to be as occasion may require. The full maintained during the coming yearreports of Town and County Councils THE Post offers by far the best mehave given satisfaction to tax-payers ; dium for advertising in the county, who are in this way fully informed as and in fact in this section of the to the sayings and doings of their Province. It is the aim of the prorepresentatives. This specialty will prietor to make it one of the neatest, be maintained with even greater effi- most interesting and most widely cirulated local journals in the Province;

the nerto

CHAS. D. BARR.

THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE.

CANADA FIRS

To the Free and Independent Electors of Victoria :

In view of the fact that leading newspapers and public men of both sides of politics are intimating the desirability of an early dissolution of the House of Commons, and as this course would appear to be necessary to purge our legislative halls of the Allan Brigade and strengthen the hands of the men in power FRANK MUNRO has, at the urgent solicitation of his numerous friends, consented to enter the field as

THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE,

and will contest which ever Hiding he may be called upon. It is not necessary to make a long profession but it may be well to declare that F. M. if elected will give the Government his best support so long as they bring down measures that will develope and promote the material interests of this great and growing Dominion. He will strenuously oppose Jobbery and Corruption of all kinds; and if the Government indulge in such iniquities he will go into Opposition. He will bring in a Bill to compel all Residents of Victoria County to draw

10,000 MORE

pounds of Sugar, Tea and Coffee, at the HOUSE OF ALL NATIONS ; and to prevent them making

A LAST OAL

at that celebrated emporium of good bargains and liberty. Until the election takes place F. M. respectfully invites the electors to come often and early to the "House of All Nations," where they can get bargains in Family Grocenies, Wines, Liquors, and everything in a functional space of the second sec

ar The Highest Cash Price for FARM PRODUCE no matter how you Vote