

46TH. YEAR. NO. 19529

THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, SATURDAY DECEMBER 5, 1908—TWENTY PAGES

U. S. CRUISER TURNS TURTLE
FOUNDERS OFF ATLANTIC COASTThe American Warship Yankee Winds Up a Series of Mishaps
By Going to the Bottom—Officers and Crew
Make Their Escape.

New Bedford, Mass., Dec. 5.—The United States cruiser Yankee, which was floated yesterday, after having been aground on a reef at the entrance to Buzzard's Bay for several weeks, sank early today off Pinkie Island. The 150 members of the cruiser's crew were landed safely. Details are lacking but the vessel is reported to have turned turtle while proceeding under low speed to this city. Naval men say she can be raised again.

The cause of today's accident, the culmination of a series of misfortunes, was an unusually heavy sea kicked up by a high west gale. In the gale and heavy seas, the hawseers had parted

for the tenth time, and the tug John Harlan was trying to connect another towing line when she was lifted on a wave and slammed against the side of the cruiser. The impact smashed in a port in the compartment, where the three air compressors were at work. Water, which poured in through the open port, disabled the air pumps, after which the compartment rapidly filled. Before she could be beached, the cruiser sank in 42 feet of water. She went down in a sheltered position and took bottom on an even keel, resting on sand. Her forward deck, spars and the top of her funnel are above the surface of the water. It is believed she can be refloated.

Oil Fumes Kill Man and Bird
Strange Phenomena in Mexico

Noxious Gases Spread Destruction Over Leagues of Country.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Fumes so strong that all metals in a town sixty miles away are turning black, buzzards, parrots and other birds are dying in great numbers, and the eyesight of many people far away is affected, are announced as among the remarkable results of the great flow of the Mexican oil well at Dosobas, Mexico. Since the recent fierce conflagration there, which, as published at the time, consumed several million barrels of oil during its almost two months' continuance, the best engineering skill on both sides of the Mexican-United States boundary line has been engaged in the effort to control

the flow and conserve the oil. Immense earthen reservoirs and dikes have been built but the oil passed over these with ease, and spread over the Laguna for several miles. Men and animals, reports consul Griffith at Tampico, are dying from the effects of the noxious gases constantly thrown off in great quantities by the wells. Ozuama, a town in Vera Cruz state leagues distant, and Tampico, 65 miles distant, are experiencing the blackening of metal from this cause, and all ships entering Tampico from Vera Cruz, and passing the oil well, show the effects of the poisonous gas. Consul Griffith says it has been authoritatively reported that two laborers with ten miles, encountered a current of the deadly fumes at a distance from the well, and were instantly killed. The Diaz Government has sent to the well three hundred sappers to assist the company and protect the lives and property of the people living and working in that vicinity.

Warlike Movements of Austrians

Vienna, Dec. 4.—Two steamers of the Hungarian Croatian Line, with troops aboard, left Flume today under sealed orders. Two other steamers will follow tomorrow. It is supposed that their destination is Cattara, a seaport of Austria, on the Adriatic, contiguous to Montenegrin territory.

Warlike rumors continue in circulation, but on official denials today prices

on the bourse advanced considerably and an optimistic feeling prevails in official circles. With reference to a reported frontier fight between Hungarians and Montenegrins at Bilek, in which it was alleged that a Hungarian, Lieut. Trierler, had been killed, the Government tonight made absolute denial of the report. It explains that Trierler committed suicide owing to a love affair.

SIGNS OF WRECK
ON SUPERIOR

May Belong to Detroit Coal Vessel Commanded by Windsor Captain.

Sault Ste. Marie, Dec. 5.—Boats arriving at the Canadian docks confirm the rumors of wreckage floating in Lake Superior, near Crisp Point, which locality is known as the graveyard of Lake Superior. So far efforts to obtain the name of the wrecked steamer have been unavailable.

The top of the vessel's pilot house was seen, and also hatches about four by eight feet and small timber. It is possible the boat is the Tampa, of Detroit, owned by Henry Wineman, with coal for Fort William. She is commanded by Captain Gordon, of Windsor, Ont., and carried a crew of seventeen men.

Her owners think she is sheltered somewhere.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
OF GOVERNMENT

Ottawa, Dec. 4.—The statement of public revenue and expenditures for the first eight months of the present fiscal year, as reported to the finance department up to the end of the month, shows a total revenue of \$55,115,227, a total expenditure of \$55,376,857, and a total expenditure on capital account of \$22,155,294. The great bulk of the latter was, of course, on the National Transcontinental Railway. As compared with the corresponding period of last year there is a decrease of \$11,547,200 in revenue, an increase of \$3,323,501 in expenditure on consolidated fund account, and an increase of \$5,501,907 in capital expenditure. The decrease in revenue is accounted for mainly by the falling off of \$10,175,378 in the customs receipts and \$480,756 in excise. The postoffice revenue increased by \$77,900.

THE "SOO" IS HAPPY
STEEL MILLS REOPEN

Sault Ste. Marie, Dec. 5.—An unexpected rush of orders has brought the announcement from the Lake Superior Company that the rail mills of the Algoma Steel Company will resume on Monday with prospects of continuous operation. Prospects of a gloomy Christmas for a thousand men are thus banished, and there is general rejoicing here in consequence.

PROTESTS IN QUEBEC

Four in the Montreal Districts and Four in Quebec.

Montreal, Que., Dec. 5.—There is a difference of opinion in the legal fraternity as to whether yesterday or today is the last legal date for the filing of election protests, but so far as known all the protests which are to be entered in the province of Quebec have been filed with the proper authorities. These recorded protests, of which four are in the Montreal district and four in the Quebec district.

No protests have been entered in the city of Montreal. All the seats contested on the usual grounds are Liberals with the exception of the Montreal district where Brown, in Chateaugay, Robb in Huntingdon, Fortier in Lotbiniere, and Hodgins in Montcalm.

In the Quebec district are: Turcotte in Quebec County, Roy in Montmagny, Talbot in Bellechasse, and Ross in Rimouski. The election of Mr. William Price in Quebec West is contested. The petition was filed this morning. It is signed by a man named Neville, hotelkeeper. The petitioner asks that the election of Mr. Price be declared null and void, because of corruption, and that Mr. Price be disqualified. It is stated on good authority that the election of Mr. Forget in the county of Charlevoix, and the election of the Conservative candidate in the district of Lotbiniere, will also be contested.

SUICIDE IN A CELL

Lindsay, Dec. 5.—Wm. Brooks, the young man who escaped jail last week and who was captured Sunday at Pefferlaw, committed suicide in his cell this morning by hanging himself with a towel. He was serving a term for horse-stealing.

A NATURE STUDY



This lady is not really carrying a young Polar bear—it is only one of the new muffs.

Collegiate Will Not Open on Monday

The Collegiate Institute will not open on Monday next. "The school will open, perhaps, Wednesday next," said Dr. Niven, chairman of the board of health. "The regulations call for a 12-days' quarantine of any building in which smallpox has been discovered, and as that term is not up until next Wednesday, the school will not open until then."

Dr. Hutchinson said the same thing, and as a consequence Collegiate Institute pupils need not worry about attending school on Monday morning next.

\$5,000 For Tuberculosis Hospital
Finance Committee Will Ask It

Action Decided Upon at Meeting Held Yesterday—Will Be for Poor Patients.

At a meeting of No. 1 committee yesterday afternoon, it was decided to submit a bylaw calling for the issuing of \$5,000 debentures for the establishment of a tuberculosis hospital in the city.

That was the only matter discussed at the committee meeting and it was soon disposed of. Ald. Beattie, in bringing the question up said that all were agreed that something should be done. The difficulty was where such a hospital should be. He had talked the matter over with a number of

people, and the best way was to submit a bylaw to the people setting aside a certain sum of money for a consumptive hospital for the indigent patients in the city.

In answer to a question by Ald. Ferguson, he thought that \$5,000 would be sufficient.

Ald. Ferguson then moved that the council be recommended to submit such a bylaw and it carried.

The Legislature will be asked shortly to grant legislation to enable the city to make use of the Blair grant for consumptives.

Dr. John D. Wilson pointed out the grant of \$5,000 would be increased by \$4,000 from the Government, giving the city \$9,000 for such an institution.

Those present were Ald. Beattie, chairman, Ald. Ferguson, Ald. Parsons, Mayor Stevely and Secretary Baker.

Members Promise To Aid Western
To Develop Into Strong University

Board of Governors Hear Excellent and Encouraging Reports.

The future of the Western University was discussed at some length at the meeting of the board of governors last night.

Several letters were read from prominent members of the Legislature in Western Ontario, promising that they would do all in their power to further interests of the Western.

Among these were communications from Hon. A. G. MacKay, leader of the Opposition, who promised to do what he could to develop a strong university here; Mr. A. H. Musgrave, M. P., East Huron; W. Proudfoot, M. P., West Huron; P. H. Bowyer, M. P., Markdale, and others.

THE WEATHER.

TOMORROW—DECIDEDLY COLD. FORECASTS. Toronto, Dec. 5—5 a.m. Moderate winds; fair and decidedly colder today and on Sunday.

| TEMPERATURES. | | Yesterday. | |
|-----------------------------|--------|------------|------|
| Stations. | 8 a.m. | Min. | Max. |
| London | 22 | 20 | 29 |
| Calgary | 24 | 8 | 34 |
| Winnipeg | 20 | -16 | 4 |
| Port Arthur | 12 | -8 | 2 |
| Perry Sound | 2 | -16 | 32 |
| Toronto | 18 | 20 | 37 |
| Montreal | 20 | 22 | 32 |
| Quebec | 8 | 4 | 28 |
| Father Point | 20 | 20 | 28 |
| Lewiston | 22 | 20 | 28 |
| Atlin | 20 | 18 | 38 |
| Victoria | 22 | 20 | 30 |
| Kamloops | 22 | 18 | 30 |
| Edmonton | 4 | 4 | 22 |
| Battleford | 22 | 20 | 30 |
| Prince Albert | 22 | 20 | 30 |
| Qu'Appelle | 22 | 20 | 30 |
| St. John | 22 | 20 | 30 |
| Halifax | 12 | 16 | 40 |
| Minus (—) means below zero. | | | |

WEATHER NOTES. A severe cold wave is centred to the northward of Lake Superior, indicating decidedly cold conditions from the lakes to the Atlantic.

CANADA IRON
PLANTS ABSORBED

Montreal, Dec. 5.—A Hamilton industry, the Canadian Iron and Foundry Company, has just been brought into a large concern, known as the Canada Iron Corporation, Limited. The new company has a capital of \$8,000,000, and has taken over a number of iron plants in Canada, including the Canada Car Wheel Works in Montreal, and works at Three Rivers, Que., Fort William, St. Thomas and Hamilton, Ont., and London, N. S.

Formal transfer of the properties was made on Wednesday, the consideration being \$1,957,000. The financing is done chiefly in London, Thos. J. Drummond, of Montreal, is president, and the directors include George Cudewill, of New York.

THEFT MYSTERY
IN QUAKER CITY

Member of Exclusive Set Found Dead in Her Home.

AND FORTUNE IN JEWELS GONE

Death of Eccentric Wealthy Widow and Disappearance of Valuable Cause of Great Sensation.

New York, Dec. 5.—A Philadelphia dispatch to the World says:

Jewels valued at \$75,000, costly furs, a copy of an old masterpiece valued at \$15,000, Paris gowns and hats and opera cloaks are included in the inventory of valuables reported missing from the residence of Mrs. George Wood, who was found dead Oct. 13, in her home, 1229 North Broad street.

The death of Mrs. Wood and the disappearance of her valuables are surrounded by mystery. Mrs. Wood, who was conspicuous in society, numbered among her friends some of Philadelphia's exclusive set, and among the beneficiaries of her will, were titled foreigners and distinguished Americans. She was the widow of George Wood, former American manager of the Royal Insurance Company.

Owner Found Dead.

Mrs. Wood had been dead possibly 12 hours when the body was discovered. An employee of the American District Telegraph Company made the discovery. Several hours later Dr. Thomas Morton, coroner's physician, after examination of the body, reported death was due to valvular heart disease. The coroner's deputy and another attaché, Frank Kitt, took possession of the premises. Valuable jewels were found littered about in profusion.

Mrs. Wood lived alone, and it is supposed she died alone. She was considered eccentric. Though she had friends and acquaintances, she spent her days and nights in the big house unaccompanied and unattended.

Valuables Carried Off.

After finding of the body, the house, so Mrs. Wood's friends say, was the scene of confusion. Strangers tramped through the rooms, valuables were piled up and taken away. Police sergeants, city hall detectives, coroner's officials were present, but in spite of these, Mrs. Wood's friends say, robbery was committed. There was great surprise when it was known that the trustees under the will of the Girard Trust Company, and two women members of an old family, Miss Sophie Borie and Miss Catharine Craig Biddle, had been unable to find many of the valuables enumerated in the will. The trustees have confirmed the report regarding the disappearance of jewels and works of art.

\$10,000 Gem Gone.

The man who found Mrs. Wood dead, said that when he discovered her she had on two bracelets, one a circle of diamonds, which is accounted for. The other valued at \$10,000, a gold chain set alternately with rubies and diamonds, cannot be found.

A copy of Leonardo da Vinci's famous "Mona Lisa," a picture not more than ten inches long, is missing. This painting, done by one of the master's pupils, was the rarest and best in the wealthy widow's collection. She has placed a valuation of \$15,000 on it.

Among the clauses in the will of Mrs. Wood are several leaving personal belongings to prominent society women, and to two of her friends abroad, the Countess Antoinette Arco Valley, to whom she left \$10,000, and the Countess Sormani-Moretto, of Venice, to whom she bequeathed a pearl ring, a diamond crescent pin, and her royal ermine coat.

DENNA DIES OF WOUNDS

Milroy, Who Ran Amuck in Kenora, Faces Murder Charge.

Kenora, Dec. 5.—Richard Denna, one of the four men shot in a shanty, died at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. A murder charge will now be made against Milroy, who showed not the slightest emotion on being told of the death.

ROUSING MEETING OF LIBERALS
GREETED HUGH GUTHRIE, M. P.Hyman Hall Filled to Overflowing at Reopening Last Night—A
Splendid Address by a Brilliant Liberal Member
From Guelph.

There was a great crowd of Liberals at the opening meeting in Hyman Hall last night, when Mr. Hugh Guthrie, M. P. of Guelph, delivered a splendid address on the history of the Liberal party. It was a very lucid speech, full of facts and principles, and a decided treat to the Liberals present. After the speeches, refreshments were served, and a most enjoyable evening spent.

President's Address.

Mr. F. G. Rumball, president of the Liberal Association, was in the chair. He was delighted to see so many Liberals present. It was a certain sign that the Liberal party was not dead in London. (Cheers.) He declared that it was the intention of the party to hold meetings at intervals all winter, and to secure a noted speaker for each meeting. Hyman Hall was the home of the Liberals of London, and he wanted them to feel that it was their home. It would be open at all times, and every Liberal would be welcomed. It was necessary to prepare for the elections to be held four years hence, and the best time to prepare was now. He was glad to announce that Mr. Hugh Guthrie was present, and would address the meeting. Mr. Guthrie was one of the coming young men, and he was sure his speech would be interesting and profitable.

Ovation for Mr. Guthrie.

On rising, Mr. Guthrie was given a magnificent ovation. He declared that he was proud to be a Liberal. He was indeed honored in being invited to address the Liberals of London. The history of the party in London had been an inspiration to Liberals everywhere. Their splendid fighting spirit generally against heavy odds, made them admired everywhere. London had been the hotbed of political strife and opinion, and its influence had gone abroad. Referring to the recent campaign, he declared that it had been most satisfactory to the Liberal party, and would, indeed, also be most satisfactory to the country.

Miss Mr. Hyman.

"In the battle a few men have gone down," said the speaker. "The one who was missed was Mr. C. S. Hyman, one of the best and most popular members of the House had ever had. (Cheers.) Few men were held in as high regard or esteem as Charlie Hyman. From the back benches to the front row

his absence was regretted. Canada was never better served in its largest spending department than when Charlie Hyman was minister of public works. I hope that his absence is only temporary, and that he will soon be back in his place in the House." (Cheers.)

Laurier's Victory.

The Laurier Government was returned by practically its old majority. It had gone to the country on its record, and the people had believed that their interests had been served. It was the boast of Conservatives that in Ontario the Liberal party would be practically annihilated, but when the returns were in Ontario had held its own. (Cheers.) The Liberal Government owed a record of twelve years' good government. The Conservatives offered nothing but alleged scandal and mudslinging, in which the people took little or no stock.

Standards for Principles.

Liberalism now, as always, stood for principles. These principles have abided for centuries. Today they are in the ascendant in Germany, with its monarchical government; in France with its Republican government; in the United States, and also in Canada and England. The Liberal party stood for the uplifting of the common people, and they had stood for those principles often at the point of the sword. (Cheers.) He spoke of the condition of England in the twelfth century. The people were enslaved. The government there was none. The poor man was oppressed, and held in abject slavery. After eight centuries of Liberal policy, England today stands in the proud position at the head of nations. That position was due alone to the adoption of Liberal principles, the policies of the people. (Applause.) The party took step by step, fighting for every inch of advantage, and today the battle must still go on. Every man should have equal rights, and an equal chance for life. That was Liberalism. (Cheers.)

Platform of 1896.

Those principles were avowed in 1896 and they have been adhered to ever since. Every man was dealt with justly, and when after 12 years of service the Government appealed to the people, on its record, the country said, "We still have confidence in you," and from the Atlantic to the Pacific they rallied to the support of Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

(Continued on Page Twelve.)

Asquith Drops Education Measure

London, Dec. 4.—"What will Mr. Asquith do now?" is the question on every tongue today when the announcement was made that the Government had decided to drop the education bill. With the licensing bill rejected by the House of Lords, and the education bill dropped because it pleased nobody, the Asquith cabinet remains with its old age pension act and nothing else worth speaking of to its credit. In some quarters it is suggested that the Government will drop the campaign against the Lords; in other words, that it will seek electoral safety by fresh radical and socialist legislation. But the best opinion tonight is that Mr. Asquith will take refuge in the traditional policy of filling up the cup. That the Lords' cup will be filled from now on more rapidly than the most sanguine Tory could have hoped for a few months ago is a pretty general impression.

Rebel Army Enters Port-au-Prince

Port-au-Prince, Dec. 5.—The revolutionary army, 8,000 men strong, marched into Port-au-Prince at 8 o'clock this morning. General Antoin

Simon was at its head, and he was given an ovation by the people of the city. The entrance of the soldiers was orderly, and discipline is being maintained.

Capt. Case Seems Assured of Position

There is no doubt that Capt. John Case will be appointed assistant chief of the fire department at the council meeting on Monday night.

A large number of aldermen have declared in favor of his promotion, and there is the feeling abroad that he should be given the place.

The examination that he was asked to submit to he has refused to take, and his position is backed up by a majority of the aldermen on the board.

"I supported Assistant Chief Aitken for the position of chief because I thought it would give John Case a promotion," said Ald. Parsons. "Mr. Aitken told me at the time that he would be perfectly satisfied if Mr. Case were given the position. If he goes back on that position he breaks his word with me. I will certainly move that Capt. Case be given the place. He is worthy of it, and deserves promotion. I will insist on his getting the position."

A Bold Hold-Up on Grey Street

Bernard Boyle, an employee of the bridge building department of the Grand Trunk, who resides at 570 Grey street, was held up on Adelaide street near the Grand Trunk crossing, at 10:30 last evening, and relieved of about \$2 by Frank Call, it is alleged. Call was located by P. C. Noonan this morning, and is now at the Carling street station.

Boyle was walking on Adelaide street when, it is said, Call stepped out and struck him on the head, stunning him.

He then departed with the contents of his victims pockets, it is alleged. When Boyle recovered sufficiently he followed his assailant up Adelaide street to Dundas, where he saw him enter the Duke of York Hotel. He then notified the police by phone.

P. C. Fowler got on the job and soon located Call, who reached the C. P. R. roundhouse in record time, the officer following. The chase ended there, Call succeeding in doing a disappearing act.

He was arrested at noon in the city hall arcade by P. C. Noonan.

Honduras Governor Here For Hindus

Montreal, Que., Dec. 5.—Brigadier-General Eric Swayne, governor of British Honduras, who is in the city, leaves for Ottawa today to confer with the Government with reference to the col-

ony of which he is the ruler. He states that the Hindus can be employed in Honduras in such a manner and at such employment that there will be no objection from white labor or Europeans.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES

Bennett's
The Success of the Age
5c Talking Pictures 5c 5c Talking Pictures 5c
HUMANOV COY
5c Illustrated Songs 5c 5c Motion Pictures 5c
AN EXTRA FEATURE EVERY WEEK.

Continuous, 1:30 to 5:20.
LONGEST AND BEST
Continuous, 7:30 to 10:30.
5c SHOW IN CANADA

Features at Bennett's
One hour and thirty minutes show. Ushers in constant attendance. Few seats reserved at ten cents. Souvenir matinee every Saturday. Ladies' matinee in attendance. Large, spacy and comfortable opera chairs. Bennett's orchestra, including Ed. Makins, Maurice Poir and others.

FIVE CENTS

GRAND-TWICE
MAT—LITTLE DOLLY DIMPLES
CAMERON OPERA CO.
NIGHT—A TRIP TO EGYPT
Mat. 15, 25, 35, 50. Night, 25, 35, 50, 75.
THURSDAY EVE.
THE ROLLING COMEDIENNE
HILDA THOMAS
Supported by LOU HALL and a capable company, including
ORPHEUS COMEDY FOUR in the
joyous measure of fun,
"JANEY"
Seats Monday, 25, 35, 50, 75. No higher.
SATURDAY—MAT AND NIGHT
The Sensational Melodrama,
Messenger Boy 42
Seats Thursday 15, 25, 35, 50

"The GRIGG"
SUNDAY DINNER
1 to 2:30 p.m.
PRICE, 50 CENTS.
"You Will Enjoy Our Service."

G. P. R.
Steamship Empress of Ireland, sailing
Friday, Dec. 11, from St. John, N. B., to
Liverpool, will wait for train No. 9 from
Montreal. For tickets and reservations
apply F. B. CLARKE, 415 Richmond
street, next Bank of Commerce.

PRINCES—ON ACCOUNT OF THE
ice not being in condition, no skating
tonight.

SIMCOE STREET RINK—OPENING.
Tuesday evening, Dec. 8. Band in
attendance. Season tickets for sale at
rink, gentlemen, \$3; ladies and children,
\$2.50; families, \$5. Phone 1008. 29u

Commonwealth Ladies' Orchestra
and Vocal Quartette
AUDITORIUM, MONDAY, DEC. 7.
Under Auspices of Y. W. C. A.
Plan and tickets at Mallagh's book
store. Prices, 50 and 35 cents. 23c-24t

Mineral Baths
OPEN DAILY, 1 p.m. to 6 p.m.
SATURDAY, 11 a.m. to 9 p.m.
SUNDAY, 7:30 a.m. to 1 p.m.
Phone 2193. ywt

BERMUDA
Jamaica and the Tropics
E. DE LA HOOKE is agent for all lines
thereto, and he will be pleased to make
all necessary arrangements for the trip.
"CLOCK CORNER," LONDON.

ADVANCED CLASS—OPENING, WED-
NESDAY, Dec. 10, season tickets only.
Children's class, Saturday afternoon;
ladies, Monday; gentlemen, Tuesday
evening. Private lessons. Next hop,
Dec. 8. Phone. Daytons & McCormick.

TRACTION COMPANY
Hourly Service
London to St. Thomas, 7 a.m. to 11 p.m.
Every two hours to Port Stanley,
8 a.m. to 10 p.m.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES.
Balls, banquets. Phone 1285. Tony Vita's
Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

TONY CORSE, ORIGINAL LONDON
Harpers. Music furnished for all oc-
casions. 53 Maple. Phone 1253.

MEETINGS.
A. O. U. W.—OFFICERS AND MEM-
BERS of the Ancient Order United
Workmen and their friends are request-
ed to attend an open meeting and en-
tertainment in City Hall, Wednesday
evening, Dec. 9. First-class programme
will be provided. Rituistic screen
shown on canvas. J. R. Jamieson, of
St. Thomas, popular humorist and en-
tertainer, has been engaged for the
evening. S. B. Morris, grand master
workman, of Rodney. G. Inwood,
grand treasurer, of Toronto; C. D.
Robinson, general organizer, and Mrs.
Robinson, will be present. Admission,
free. 29k

UNITED WORKMEN—FIDELITY
Lodge meetings held on second Tuesday
each month, instead of second Monday,
commencing Nov. 10. 25-123-3

BOARDING, ROOMS, ETC.
ROOM, GOOD BOARD, PHONE AND
bathroom, suitable for two or married
couple; terms reasonable. 131 Maple
street. 29t

Births, Marriages and Deaths.

DEATHS.
McMULLEN—In this city, on Dec. 5, 1908,
Mary, relict of the late William Mc-
Mullen, and third daughter of Mr. and
Mrs. Fred Everett, of Saskatchewan,
aged 28 years.
Funeral strictly private, from the
family residence, 11 Regent street, on
Monday, Dec. 7, at 2:30 p.m.; service at
2 o'clock. Interment at Mount Pleasant
Cemetery.

BLACKWELL—In this city, on Dec. 2,
1908, Mrs. Elizabeth Boyce, relict of the
late Robert Blackwell, in her 88th year.
Funeral from the residence of her
daughter, Mrs. Arthur J. Bridle, 168
Queen's avenue, on Sunday, Dec. 6, at
2:30 p.m.; service at 2 o'clock. Friends
and acquaintances please accept this in-
formation. Interment at Woodland
Cemetery. 28u

COUGHLIN—In this city, on Dec. 3, 1908,
Thomas Coughlin, aged 52 years.
Funeral from his late residence, 292
Princess avenue, on Monday, Dec. 7, at
8:15 a.m., to St. Peter's Cathedral, re-
quire high mass at 8:30 a.m.; thence to
G. T. R. station, for interment at St.
Thomas, on arrival, leaving for
London at 9:45 a.m. Friends and ac-
quaintances please accept this in-
formation. 28u

DAVIS—In West Nisour, on Dec. 4, 1908,
Margaret, beloved wife of Robert Davis,
in her 57th year.
Funeral from her late residence, lot
25, con. 6, West Nisour, on Sunday,
Dec. 6, at 3 p.m. (service at 2:30), to
Vining Cemetery. 28u

MISCELLANEOUS.

AT A REGULAR MEETING OF WEST-
MINSTER Lodge, No. 14, United
Workmen, Wednesday evening last, it
was unanimously resolved that this
lodge grant fee and initiation fees, ex-
amination and beneficiary policy to any
lady or gentleman between the ages of
16 and 45 who wishes insurance and can
qualify. This offer to remain in force to
the end of this year. Medical examiners,
Drs. J. H. Hogg and Evans Davis. b

WOMEN—WHY SUFFER? FREE IL-
LUMINATED book, "Woman's Own
Medical Adviser," and ten days' trial of
this high quality medicine, sent free of
charge in plain wrappers to any sufferer
from woman's sufferings, with proofs of suc-
cess in cases considered hopeless. For
years I have made this offer, and thou-
sands have cured themselves at cost of
only a few cents a day. Could I have
borne this great expense unless the treat-
ment cured? I can today and prove
these facts at my cost. Address MRS.
M. SUMMERS, Box 222, Windsor. Ont. 28c-29t

HOUSE, ROOMS, TO LET.

TO LET—HOUSE WITH EIGHT ROOMS,
bath, and without bath. Apply
Hill street. 28c

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED
housekeeping and sleeping rooms, heat-
ed; single or in suites. 285 King street.
28c

LARGE FRONT ROOM OVER 255 RICH-
MOND street to rent; suitable for office,
sample room or hall. Apply W. G. R.
Burman, solicitor, 54 Bank of Toronto
Chambers. 28c

FIVE UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

COMPLETE, with water and gas, only \$7
per month. Inquire 140 Clarence. 28c

LARGE FRONT ROOMS FOR GENTLE-

MEN or married couple; comfortable,
central, 122 Maple street. 28c

BRICK COTTAGE, CENTRAL, NEARLY

new, 800 William street. Apply 304
William street. 28c

TWO BEDROOMS, CLOTHES CLOSET.

Use of kitchen and pantry; \$5 a month;
one block west of Richmond street, on
Oxford. Apply Box 68, Advertiser. b

TO LET—DESIRABLE SUITE, OFFICES

and flat, 6917, 1695 Dundas
street, first floor, near bank. Apply
W. L. Fitzgerald. Phone 401. 28c-29t

GENTLEMEN CAN SECURE VERY

desirable room and use of phone, 297
Queen's. 28c

TO LET—COTTAGE, ON ROBERTS

avenue, south of White's shops, East
London; city water. Apply 670 Horton
street. 28c

HOUSE TO LET, 238 KING STREET.

seven rooms. Apply 240 King street.
28c-29t

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, 807 1/2

Waterloo street. Apply next door north.
54t-55t

TO LET—STORY AND HALF HOUSE,

10 rooms, hard location, near
desired. Apply 11 High street. 19c-20t

TO RENT—OFFICE, WITH VAULT IN

Carling block. Apply to T. H. Carling
or F. J. Hammond. 47t-48t

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS, FURNISH-

ing, 202 and 204, bath, gas, heat,
every convenience. Apply Thos. 28c
Dundas. 28c

TO LET—TEN-ROOMED HOUSE,

newly papered, with nice veranda,
every convenience. Apply Thos. 28c
403 Fall Mall. 28c

TO LET—A NINE-ROOMED HOUSE,

six bedrooms, water and sink in kitchen,
at very low rent to good tenant. Apply
446 Horton street. 28c

BRICK COTTAGE, 1000 BRYDGES

street, near carshop. Apply
O'Neill, solicitor, 453 Richmond street.
25-1

LARGE FRONT ROOM, SUITABLE

for one or two gentlemen or married
couple; warm and comfortable. Apply
27 King street. 28c

TO LET—DESK ROOM IN OUR OFFICE.

6 per month. Colby & Co., 117 Masque
Temple. 28c

NO. 181 ST. JAMES STREET, WEST OF

Richmond; choice locality and fine
house; all conveniences; four bedrooms,
bath, dining-room, recreation hall, two
kitchens, pantry, nice lawn and garden.
28c

SIX-ROOMED HOUSE, FIVE MIN-

utes walk from market; \$5 per month.
W. J. Clark, tobacconist. 29t

TO LET—DETACHED TWO-STORY

house, 413 Queen's avenue, modern,
six bedrooms, furnace, gas, etc. 28c
Apply 215 Dundas street. 28c

ALEX. HENDERSON'S MOVING VANS.

Good storage. 356
Chesapeake. Phone 1724. 28c

FOREST CITY UNION MOVING VANS.

—Largest improved vans in city. Fur-
niture and pianos carefully moved. W.
B. Broughton (successor to John Biggs),
Storage, 97 Carling street. Phone 1122;
residence, 1444. 28c

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, PIANOS

and pictures—Separate rooms, heat and
dry. Rates reasonable. John J. Biggs,
7 Carling. 28c

LOST AND FOUND.

STRAYED FROM LOT 8, CON. 10, LOBO,
on Nov. 18, one light brown cow (aged),
marked with red on hindquarters. Edmond
M. Zavitz, Poplar Hill, Ont. 28c-29t

LOST ON OXFORD STREET, BE-

TWEEN Waverley road, West Lon-
don, and Richmond street, a black dog
with pearl stitching. Liberal reward at
this office. 28c

LOST—BLACK, WHITE, TAN HOUND,

black and white collar and chain, small
scar on hip; answers name "Brandy".
28c

HELP WANTED.

MAN AND WIFE (NO OBJECTION TO
children) want to live on farm, close
to city. Apply R. E. Fisher, 24 Thur-
day street. 28c

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—RED CROSS SIGNAL
watch, with case, cost \$22; will sell for
\$15. 507 Dundas street. b b

CHRISTMAS POSTCARDS AND BOOK-
LETS for sale at McEwen's, 501 1/2 Rich-
mond street. ywt

GOOD WOOD, CHEAP—GREEN &

Co., 495 York street, have good dry 12
and 14-inch oak, ash, mahogany and
maple at \$2 per load. Telephone 1281. 28t

FOR SALE—UPRIGHT PIANO, \$80;

also mahogany table. Box 44, Advertiser.
28t

FURNITURE AND USEFUL HOUSE-

HOLD articles for private sale each
day, after 10 a.m., at 3 Prospect avenue.
28t

LARGE GRAMOPHONE, WITH SIXTY

records, in good shape; \$18. Box 65, b
this office. 28c

HORSE, FIVE YEARS OLD, SOUND,

city broke. Apply Frank Whetter, Divi-
sion Court office, East London. 27c

WHITE WYANDOTTES—FIFTY FULL-

LETS, fifteen cockerels, ten hens. Call
early and get your pick. F. Smoothy,
185 Vreay street. 28c

ON HAND—SALE OF UNPAID COR-

SETS, Canadian Lady Corset Company,
355 Clarence street. Agent wanted. 28c

FOR AUTOMOBILES AND ACCESSOR-

IES, they all say Mitchell's Garage,
125 Vreay street, second-hand cars
left. Get our prices. 28c

MAGIC LANTERNS, PROJECTING

pictures from postal cards, photos, etc.,
\$5 up. 392 Clarence. 11t-12t

LADIES' TAILORED SUITS, \$5, FROM

100 to \$15; also \$15 where we fur-
nish material. Sutherland, 507
Suit Company, 14 Market Lane. 10t-11t

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

Candles, Gold Fish, Bird Cages, Jar-
dins, etc. Apply Geo. H. BELTON,
Rectory 85, north Grand Trunk Railway.
28c-29t

GOODGIES' CHRISTMAS SALE—ALL

goods 1/2 cheaper than elsewhere during
December. Splendid new lines in. Open
evenings. 28c-29t

THE OLD STAND

LIME, CEMENT, TILE,
FIRE, CORK, SEWER PIPE, ETC.
WM. COPE
(Successor to E. E. PHONE 104.)
30 YORK STREET. 28c

TREASURE DOUBLE HEATED STOVE,

nearly new; burns coal, coke, wood.
Price, \$15. 318 Rectory. 28c

GAS LIGHTERS (AUTOMATIC), NEW

line factory chandeliers and glassware,
gas-piping and fitting, etc. Apply
London Gas Fixture Company, 392 Clarence. 11t-12t

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Order them now for low price and
best quality. Phone 270. 28c

THE CHAS. CHAPMAN CO

91 DUNDAS STREET.

FOR SALE—POOL, BAGATELLE AND

billiard tables. Apply 61 Dundas street.
28c

GRANDFATHER CLOCK FOR SALE—

in perfect order. Apply Sherlock
central, 122 Maple street. 28c

FOR SALE

ELECTRIC MOTOR, 10 H. P.,
250 VOLTS.—74 FULLARTON
STREET. 28c

THEY ALL SAY FISHER'S, 688 DUN-

DAS, for furniture, on easy terms. Open
evenings, first-class raincoats, skirts
and jackets. 28c

\$5.00 FOR THE BEST FREE-BURNING

Lopez anthracite nut coal; best pea coal;
best bituminous, \$5.00; best
Scranton coal, \$7.50; mixed wood, \$1.50
per load. Green & Co., 495 York street.
10c-11c

BUY IT. TRY IT.

KING SHOE POLISH
PRICE, 10 CENTS; WORTH \$10.
King Dressing Company
LONDON AND NEW YORK. ywt

UPRIGHT PIANO, THOROUGHLY

overhauled, snap, \$50. Six-octave organ,
nearly new, \$50. Cash or easy terms.
Noyes, 715 Richmond street. 28c

KEEP WARM AT SMALL COST—GOOD

hard coal, \$2.50; good wood, \$2.00;
strict attention. Dominion Coal & Fire
Company. Phone 1738. 28c

ALL KINDS OILS AND PAINTS.

See our display, 433 Hamilton
road. Phone 2876. 28c

SPECIAL SALE, CARRIAGES FOR ONE

month. Stock must be reduced at
Smith's, Maple street. 28c

FOR SALE—FIVE CABINET ORGANS,

worth \$250, now for \$150; \$1 per
month; two beautiful rosewood pianos
at \$100, payable \$5 per month; two fancy
chairs, \$25 each, payable \$5 per month.
Heintzman & Co., 242 Dundas street.
28c

WATCH REPAIRING—L. W. THOMAS.

40 Dundas street, in Emerson's Drug
Store. 28c

Calendar Mounts

FOR 1909
Five cents each. Calendar Pads, two for
five cents. W. A. McKENZIE, Richmond
street, Star Theatre. Phone 30. 28c

NEW AND SECOND-HAND SLEIGHS

and cutters; three-seated sleigh, holds
nine. Scott, Oxford, opposite Barracks.
28c-29t

WINDOW SASHES WITH GLASS FOR

sale; some storm sashes. Apply 383
Waterloo street. 28c

BASEBURNER, NEARLY NEW, DU-

PLEX grate, for sale. Apply 781 King
street. 28c

REV. F. A. STEVEN HAS VALUABLE

old Chinese vase for sale, 383 Dun-
das street. 28c-29t

SCISSORS, KNIVES, EDGE TOOLS

sharpened. Everything repaired. Percy
Hodgins, 715 Richmond street. 28c

YOUR BICYCLE CLEANED AND

Dundas. 28c

Central Storage and

Exchange Co.
324 and 326 CLARENCE STREET.
All classes of goods received for storage.
Phone 765. Business Invited. 28c-29t

SOME GOOD SECOND-HAND TO

delivery wagons for sale. Abbott's
Carriage Works. 28c

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL THE

latest styles. See our display. The
Advertiser Job Department. 28c

STOVES, RANGES AND REFRIGERA-

TORS at F. Keene's Furniture Store,
141 King street. 28c

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS,

want to buy or sell real estate, etc.,
insert an advertisement in the Hamilton
Advertiser, the recognized want medium of
this city. Rate, 1c a word, three cen-
ts per line. Subscription: Daily, 5c
per copy; Saturday edition, 6c
yearly. Sample copy sent on application.
28c

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

YOU CAN KEEP YOURSELF WARM
these nights by buying a good pair of
woolen blankets from Goldberg, \$8.50
for \$5.75 for \$5. We also have a good
stock of blankets, quilts and furs. Come
and see our stock before you purchase.
Your credit is good. O. Goldberg, 251
Wellington street. 28c

4 BIG 4'S

For Next Week

4 lbs. Finest Select Raisins.....25c
4 tins Peas.....25c
4 bars Bee-Hive Soap.....15c
4 lbs. of Our Special 30c Tea.....\$1.00

Besides these specials we have a
FULL LINE OF CHRISTMAS GOODS.
Quality guaranteed. Price O. K. Your
orders solicited.

J. A. Henderson
CASH GROCER,
Corner Colborne & Chesapeake. Phone 1724.

CALL AND LET SANTA CLAUS HELP
you pick out your presents at Mc-

Storm Sash

Weather is now with us. Put Storm Sash
on your windows and save the fuel bills.
We'll be glad to make them up for you.
Get us hear from you, GEO. H. BELTON,
Rectory 85, north Grand Trunk Railway.
28c

SOUTHCOTT & KETTLE—HARD AND
soft coal and wood dealers. Phone 239.
Corner Maitland and G. T. R. Prompt
delivery. ywt

A. J. KINDS OF SEWING MACHINES
repaired at New Williams office, 247
Kundas street. ywt

ELM AND OAK LUMBER FOR SALE

Also a few good vacant lots on the
Wharfside road, London South.
Apply R. H. SMITH, 15 Brighton
street. 11t-12t

FRESH FISH NOW ON SALE—F. S.
O'N. Fish Market. Phone 1286. 28c

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS AT REA-

sonable prices for cash or on install-
ments. Stoves, beds, dressers, hallmarks,
etc. Barnes & Co., 384 Hamilton
road. 28c

WHY IS YOUR GAS BILL
SO HIGH?
Because you have not yet used a Cannon
oven. Satisfaction guaranteed. Try one.
Factory and saleroom, 284 Dundas street.
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YOUR BICYCLE THOROUGHLY OVER-

HAULED, stored and insured for the
winter. H. Ennabell and stored, 62
Cunningham's, East London. 28c

PERSONAL.

FREE—YOUR FORTUNE TOLD FROM
cradle to grave; matters of business,
love and marriage made clear; what I
tell comes true

SAM LOYD'S PUZZLES.

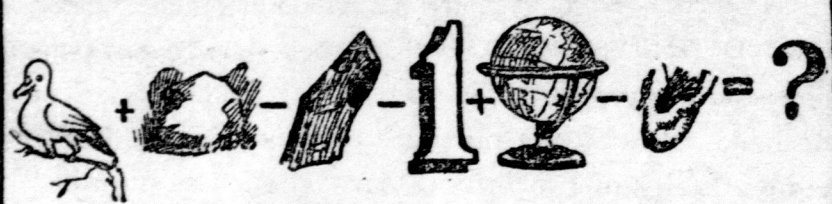
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PICTURE SUMS

THE SUM SPELLS BEAR



WHAT ANIMAL DOES THIS SPELL?



ANSWER TO MISSING WORD PUZZLE:

The word "often," when placed in the blank spaces, makes the sentence read as follows: "At a quarter of ten his train leaves, but he is very often late for it."

THE AMETHYST CROSS

By Fergus Hume

"I might say the same of you, dear," whispered George, sitting down and gathering her closer in his arms, "but we neither of us were there. Circumstances were to blame."

Lesbia, knowing that there was no period to the golden hour, now that her father was out of the way, settled herself comfortably for a long talk. She had much to tell and much to hear, and before the rapture of love's silence could be renewed there was much to explain. "I know that I behaved very badly," she whispered penitently, "but I could not help it. Unless I had broken our engagement my father told me that Maud Ellis would denounce you as a thief."

"I understand, dear; but you did not believe that I was guilty?"

"No," Lesbia pressed her cheek against his, "of course, I didn't. But if I had not been cruel, I should not have been kind. I could not risk Maud accusing you publicly. But perhaps," added the girl hopefully, "she would not have done so, and I was weak to me enfolded by her and by my father."

"I think you acted wisely," George said, after a pause. "Maud led me into a trap and certainly would not have let me out again until I agreed to marry her, or at least until you gave me up. You did so and she was content for the time being. She could part us, my sweet, but she could not make me false to you."

"I knew it, in spite of your cruel letter." "It was as cruel as yours, Lesbia, so we can cry quits on that score. I know that you learned the truth through Canning. He explained to me, and he spoke very gratefully of your kindness to him in his illness."

"How did you meet him, George?" "He met me. That is, he wrote to me at Medmenham asking me to see him in the city, as he had something important to tell me. We met in a Mecca."

"A Mecca?" "One of those underground city coffee rooms, dear. There Canning, or rather, Sargent, as he really is, explained."

"He told you who he was?" "Yes. And he told me also that Tait was connected with a gang of thieves, two members of which had robbed Tait's strong-room with Tait's connivance. Tait thus got the insurance money in addition to the jewels, which he sold on the continent. He made about forty thousand pounds over the deal, and after paying his accomplices, he had enough money left to avert a financial crisis, which was the reason for the robbery."

"Did you know then that my father was a thief?" asked Lesbia, shuddering.

"No," admitted George reluctantly. "I thought you did know, and that reason had thrown me over."

"Lesbia," he said vehemently, and pressed her so strongly to his breast that she almost cried out with the delicious pain. "How can you think so meanly of me? Were you the daughter of a murderer I should marry you. It is you whom I love, my dearest, and not all the fathers and crimes in the world will ever separate us."

"Yet something parted us for a time." "Your letter."

"That first," acknowledged Lesbia, sighing at the memory of what she had been forced to write, "then yours. Oh, George, when I made it plain that Maud—the horrid girl—could do nothing, why didn't you come back to me?"

"Because Maud was too clever. Finding out that she could not accuse me, since Canning could prove my innocence, Maud played a bold game and told me that your father had robbed Tait's strong-room. She swore that if I did not write to you, as you had written to me, that she would denounce Mr. Hale and have him put in prison. Lesbia," George suddenly slipped from the seat and knelt at the girl's feet,

said Lesbia eagerly, "and he is the kindest and best man in the world. He wants to help us, George, and to get you something to do that we may marry. Now you must ask him to advance you money to go to Australia or Canada and we can marry before we go. Then we can start a new life."

"I suggested something of that sort to my mother, but she was averse to leaving England. Still, she may change her mind."

"She must, and she can come also," said Lesbia vehemently. "Oh, George, don't you see that I cannot remain in England? Even if my father escapes this time, as he will, because Lord Charvington is so kind, he is sure to be found out some day. Then think of the disgrace. I should always be unhappy, thinking of what might happen. No, George, if you love me let us marry and place the ocean between this miserable old life and the happy new one which we are sure to have together. Say yes, dear George—say yes."

"I do, I do. I think your idea is excellent, and you might persuade my mother to act in this way. Tomorrow I shall suggest our plan to Lord Charvington. I daresay he will give us enough to go away with and then I shall soon earn enough to pay him back. Yes, dear," George rose, looking tall and stalwart in the moonlight, "we shall begin a new life together and leave all this wickedness behind us."

Lesbia rose also and clung to her tall lover like an ivy to an oak. "I believe that everything will come right at last," she declared joyfully. "As Tim says it will. Only he added that the cross began it and the cross must end it, whatever that may mean."

George shook his head. "I can't explain the cross," he said doubtfully. "It is all very mysterious. Lord Charvington had it in his possession according to his wife. And yet I cannot think that Charvington would commit a burglary. He," here George smiled broadly, "he cannot possibly belong to the gang. However, it was stolen with the jewels, so your father

"He has not got it, George. He told your mother that he had not got it."

"Then either your father or Lady Charvington is telling a lie. However, I shall learn the truth when I see him tomorrow. And now, dear, you must go in, as it grows late."

"No," said Lesbia petulantly. "I have to wait here until your mother comes back. She went out to talk with my father, George," she added, after a pause, "I wonder what your mother knows about my father?"

"Nothing very good, you may be certain," said Walker grimly. "She must know him as a very clever rogue. By the way, Lesbia, do you know how your father and Sargent escaped discovery when they robbed Tait's strong-room?"

"Was Captain Sargent the other thief?" said Lesbia, shivering at the horrible sound of the word.

"Yes. He and your father arranged with Tait. Maud knew of the arrangement and used it to inveigle me into a trap. Her chloroform business was all a fake, if you will forgive the slang."

Tait gave the key and the two simply opened the strong-room and cleared with the jewels. When I pursued them they dodged into the wood round the house, and then entered the house again by a door which they had left open. Then, after putting away the jewels in Tait's own private room, they came down and joined the other guests in the search. Very clever of them, wasn't it, dear?"

"Oh, don't, don't!" cried Lesbia, catching his hand and looking white and wan. "It's terrible to think that my own father should do this. Why have I such a father?" she asked, raising her eyes in despair to the moon. "What have I done to have such a father?"

"Hush, hush, my dear," said George, as he pressed her to him. "Think no more of him. He is not worthy of you."

"He was never affectionate to me," sobbed Lesbia, whose nerves were quite unstrung by the whole scene, considering what she had undergone. "We never understood each other. I was never drawn to him. Why, oh, why?"

George caught the hands she was wringing, firmly in his warm, kind clasp.

"My dearest, listen to me," he said softly. "You have been unhappy in the past, but you shall be happy in the future. Let your father fade out of your life and come with me to the land of love. It is said that a woman shall forsake her parents and cling to her husband. So," said George, "I will myself up, you are mine forever, and when we are married it will be my delight to make you perfectly happy."

"Ah, yes, but the shadow of the past will ever remain. After all, he is my father. I can't do away with that, and she continued to sob.

The young man could only press her to his distressed heart and smooth her hair. After all, what could he say in the face of facts? Wicked and cold and hard and cruel as the man was, Hale undoubtedly was the girl's father, and nothing could do away with the painful relationship. But for that relationship, George would have throttled Hale, or would have thrown him into the river; but as it was, he could do nothing. He could not even comfort his dear love as she sobbed in his arms. The nightingale still sang on, the stars still twinkled in the heavens, and the moon still poured floods of white light down on the sleeping earth. But the magical glory of the scene was darkened to the lovers because of the evil of those around them. Yet—and Lesbia learned the lesson afterwards—out of sorrow comes joy, and the way of love is the way of the cross. Something like this came into the young man's mind.

"Remember the motto of the amethyst cross," he whispered. "Refuse and lose; we cannot understand why we are so afflicted, but we must bear the cross if we wish to win the crown. And after all, dear, you should be sorry as I am for your father. He is a wretched man, and he is the cause of all your grief and pain for his reaping."

Lesbia sighed and placed her arms round George's neck. "Yes," she said in a weary manner, "the cross is heavy, but we must bear it. I will bear it, and the end all will come right. Tim said so, and so did Lord Charvington."

To Be Continued.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days, or money refunded. 8c.

STICK TO HOME SAYS ROOSEVELT

American President Is Not in Favor of Vote for Women Just Yet.

New York, Dec. 4.—The attitude of President Roosevelt and of Secretary of State Elihu Root, on the question of woman suffrage, was disclosed today at a meeting under the auspices of the National League for the Civic Education of Women. The Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott, editor of the Outlook, in the course of an address in opposition to granting the right to vote to women read the following letter from President Roosevelt, which, he said, he read with the President's permission, although it was not written "for publication, nor for this occasion."

"Personally, I believe in woman's suffrage," says Mr. Roosevelt at the outset of the letter, which is dated Nov. 10, 1908, "but I am not an enthusiastic advocate of it, because I do not regard it as a very important matter. I am unable to see that there has been any special improvement in the position of women in those states in the west that have adopted woman suffrage, as compared with these states adjoining them that have not adopted it. I do not think that giving the women suffrage will produce a marked improvement in the condition of women. I do not believe that it will produce any of the evils feared, and I am very certain that when women as a whole take any special interest in the matter they will have the suffrage if they desire it. But at present I think most of them are lukewarm; I find some activity for it, and some activity against it."

"I am, for the reasons above given, rather than that you would regard as lukewarm or tepid in my support of it, because while I believe in it, I do not regard it as of much importance. I believe that man and woman should stand on an equality of right, but I do not believe equality of right means equality of duty or of function; and I am more and more convinced that the great field, the indispensable field, for the usefulness of woman is as the mother of the family. It is her work in the household, in the house her work in bearing and rearing the children, which is more than any man's work, just as normally the man's work should be that of the bread winner, the supporter of the home, and if necessary the soldier who will fight for the home. There are exceptions as to this, but the rule is that the man and woman who live in the partnership of love and duty, the one earning enough to keep the home, the other managing the home and children. Sincerely yours,

(Signed) THEODORE ROOSEVELT

Prince Rupert Harbor.

It was originally reported in a recent press dispatch that the survey made by H.M.S. Egeria last summer indicated that the Brown Passage between Dundas and Stephen Islands, the most direct entrance to Prince Rupert Harbor, is so studded with reefs as to make safe navigation impossible. This is emphatically contradicted by Mr. W. P. Anderson, the chief engineer of the department of marine and fisheries, at Ottawa, who was on board the Egeria last month and saw the captain's plans of the survey of the passage. There are reefs on each side of the passage, but the passage itself is clear for a width of between two and three miles. Stenhouse shoal and Hammer Rocks mark the northern limit of clear water and the North Breaker, which shows well above the water, is the southern boundary of the clear passage. When these points have been marked by lights there will not be the slightest difficulty or danger in entering through that approach. A gas buoy is placed at the entrance of the passage, just outside of the passage, with that aid alone and with the North Breaker showing, the largest sized vessel can now go through in perfect safety, day or night. It is the opinion of the chief engineer that Brown Passage presents as clear an approach as any vessel need desire.

Are You Going to Guelph?

If so, take advantage of the reduced rates offered by the Grand Trunk Railway System, account of the Ontario Provincial Fair, Return tickets at single fare from all stations in Ontario west of Kingston. Good going daily until Dec. 11. Return limit Dec. 14. Secure tickets from Grand Trunk agents.

GLANWORTH.

Glanworth, Dec. 4.—Special evangelistic services are being held this week at St. Andrew's Church here and at First Church, Wilton Grove. Rev. James Argo, M.A., of Irian, and Rev. F. O. Nichol, Carhill, are assisting the pastor. The sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be observed in both churches next Sunday, Dr. McCrae preaching in the church here at a quarter to 8 o'clock in the evening.

In London more fires occur on Saturday than on any other day of the week, and more in August and December than in any other months.

Seasickness Quickly Cured

"Mother's Milk" quickly cures Sea and Train sickness. Guaranteed perfectly harmless to the most delicate. Money refunded if not satisfactory.

For sale at drug stores and first-class steamers. Ready Cash, Ltd., 27 State street, Detroit.

For sale and recommended in London by W. H. Brown & Co., 34 Dundas street; McCullum & Co., Dundas and Richmond streets, and E. L. Guillemont, 44 Richmond street.

BRASS

Castings to order. Core work and delivery in one day our specialty. Brass spinning, buffing and machine work. NATIONAL LIGHT COMPANY, 248 Talbot, London.

PRACTICAL CHRISTMAS GIFTS

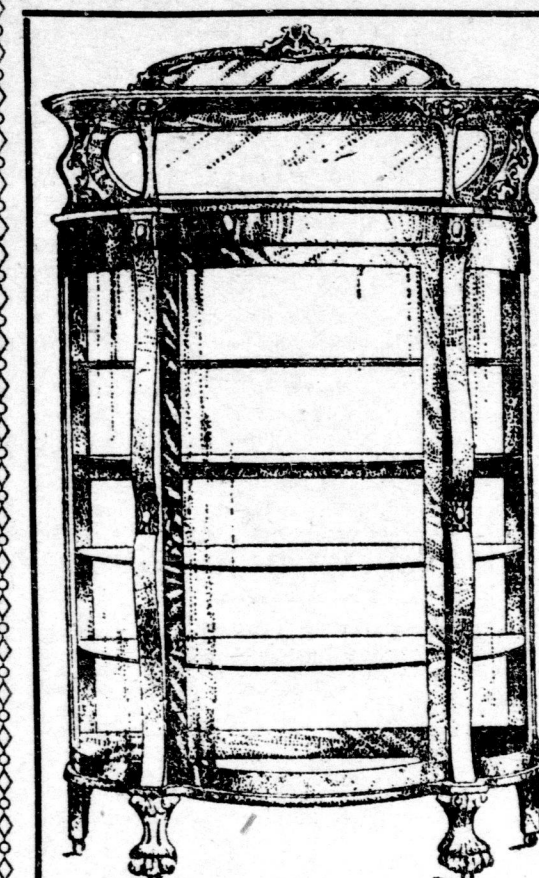
Specially reduced to induce early purchasing. It costs no more to buy something useful (always desirable), for a Christmas gift than it does for those trivial, commonplace articles so often given.



Couches

Our own make. RESTFUL COUCHES. From

\$5 Up.



CHINA CABINET

OUR BIG FREE OFFER.

This handsome China Cabinet given free to the person making the largest purchase between Sept. 1 and Christmas.

Music Cabinets

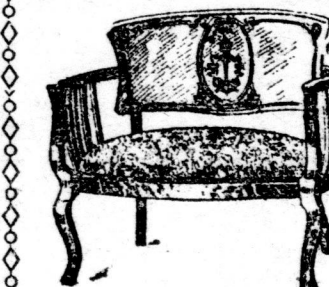
Neatly made, mahogany finished Music Cabinets, large door with lock, five shelves, French-sawed legs, and highly polished for \$5.90

Parlor Cabinets

Nicely made Parlor Cabinets, mahogany finish, have British bevel mirror, four shelves, and highly polished, for \$6.50

Jardiniere Stands

We have them in quarter-oak and mahogany, from 90c Up

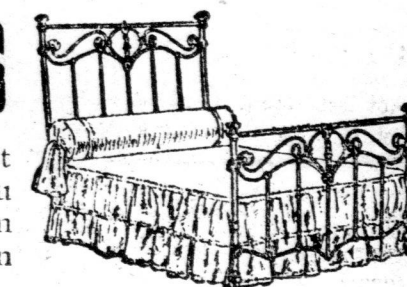


Divans

Mahogany finish, covered in good-quality silk, \$8 Up

Iron Beds

Make a nice gift for mother. You can buy them cheaper here than anywhere.

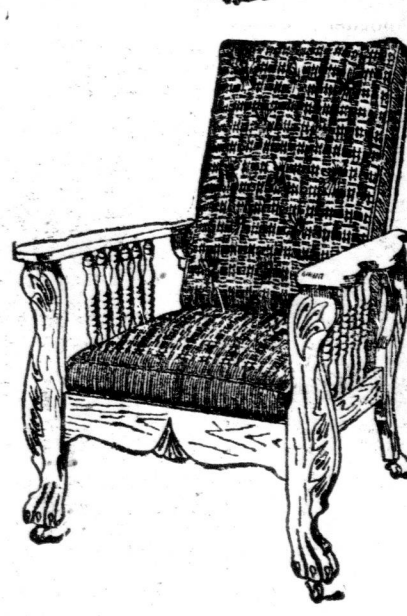


Rockers

(Like Cut) In quarter-oak and mahogany \$2.75 and Up. A large range to choose from.

Morris Chairs

One like cut for \$6.50. Quarter-Oak Spring Seat and Back. 30 Designs to choose from.



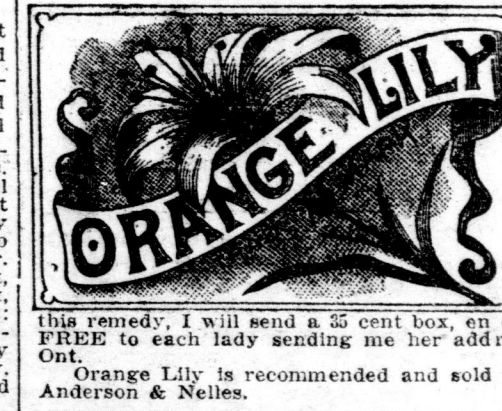
W. M. PATTEN

233 DUNDAS STREET, 2 DOORS EAST OF BENNETT'S.

In Praise of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

There is no medicine manufactured that has received more voluntary praise and expressions of gratitude than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is effective and prompt relief follows its use. Grateful people everywhere do not hesitate to testify to its merits for the benefit of others. It is a certain cure for croup, and will prevent the attack, if given at the first appearance of the disease. It is especially adapted to children, as it is pleasant to take and contains nothing injurious. Mr. E. A. Humphreys, a well-known resident, and clerk in the store of Mr. E. Lock of Alice, Cape Colony, South Africa, says: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to ward off croup and colds in my family. I found it to be very satisfactory, and it gives me pleasure to recommend it."

WOMEN CURED AT HOME



Women's disorders always yield from the very beginning of the treatment, to the mild but effective action of Orange Lily. Within two or three days after commencing its use the improvement becomes noticeable, and this improvement continues until the patient is completely cured. Orange Lily is an applied or local treatment, and acts directly on the congested, toning and strengthening the nerves, and restoring perfect circulation in the diseased parts. In order to convince all suffering women of the value of this remedy, I will send a 50 cent box, onough for ten days' treatment, absolutely FREE to each lady sending me her address. MRS. F. E. CURRAH, Windsor, Ont. Orange Lily is recommended and sold in London by C. McCullum & Co., and Anderson & Nelles.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

SAMPLE COPY FREE

Would you like to have a sample copy of The Farmer's Advocate and Home Paper?

The Best Agricultural and Home Paper

on the American Continent. No progressive farmer can afford to be without it. Published weekly. Only \$1.50 per year. Drop postcard for free sample copy. Agents wanted. Address: "THE FARMER'S ADVOCATE," London, Ont. 2311-10-1.

SOMETHING NEW Eddy's Gas Lighters

The match that is indispensable to all users of gas. Put up in boxes of 200, 3 boxes a package.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THEM

Manufactured by The E. B. EDDY COMPANY, Hull, Canada

DONALD McLEAN, Agent, 426 RICHMOND ST., LONDON

Bothwell Parish Church, Lanarkshire, sale of work realized £178 for missions. Owing to dull trade there is a good deal of destitution in Coatbridge.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES GARTER IN COWS.

A dozen bottles of beer and a bottle of whiskey were part of the provisions a Glasgow distress committee's inspector found in a house he visited to make arrangements for the relief of the residents.

Catarrh

Whether it is of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels, or most delicate organs, catarrh is always debilitating and should have attention.

The discharge from the mucous membrane is because this is kept in a state of inflammation by an impure condition of the blood. Therefore, to cure, take the best blood purifier,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 Doses One Dollar.

"George," Lesbia sat up and placed her hands on his shoulders as he knelt at her feet, "your mother told me that you were going to see Lord Charvington tomorrow."

"Walker nodded. 'It is true, although I don't know what he wishes to see me about. I don't know him. I have never met him.'

"I have met him, and I know him,"

HALIFAX INQUIRY COMES TO END

Agent Says He Protested Against Luxuries for the Crew.

Halifax, Dec. 4.—When the marine inquiry resumed this morning it was stated that the inquiry here would conclude today.

J. A. Dunn, electrical supplies, testified he had telephoned Capt. Johnson, about two weeks ago, about a small account that was standing against him.

S. H. Brookfield, of Halifax Association, had no knowledge of the payment to Capt. Johnson on account of the services of the Government steamer Lady Laurier to steamer Hestia, and did not know at the time of the Mount Temple's stranding that payment on her account had been made to Capt. Johnson, as he was in England.

Paid \$550 to Crew.

W. A. Black, of Pickford and Black, said payments of \$550 had been made to the captain and crew of the Lady Laurier on account of services to the Hestia. They worked night and day and deserved it. Some hawesers lost were also paid for.

Agent Parsons Testifies.

Agent Parsons, of the marine and fisheries department here, was the next witness. He considered the employment of extra men here in October and November last was warranted. He said twenty buoys had been sent to the agency here without consultation with him or at his request, and he had protested against there being made a charge of \$45,000 against the agency. Ten years ago he had complained of the cost of luxuries on the ships and had laid the matter before the deputy minister, who thought some little leeway should be given or the crew would complain to Ottawa.

Mr. Tremaine, accountant of the agency here, testified that he and Mr. Parsons had once objected to the deputy minister and Commander Spain against the purchase of luxuries, such as tropical fruits, etc., for the ships, but were advised to allow some latitude in this respect, as members of the crews would write to the members at Ottawa, and they would make bother there. Mr. Parsons had said the deputy minister's advice had been to let it rip, but Tremaine would not be positive as to that expression being used.

Questioned regarding the purchase of \$5 per yard carpet and 10 table cloths for the Lady Laurier, Mr. Tremaine said he certified the account on the strength of a letter from the department at Ottawa. He believed the goods were worth the money charged, and certified the cost as fair and just. He did not certify as to the necessity.

LONDON TOWNSHIP.

Anniversary services celebrating the completion of 20 years of its history will be held in St. John's Church on Sunday morning and evening. On the following Monday evening a Christmas treat will be given to children and others under the auspices of the Guild. The beautiful pictorial story of "Alice in Wonderland" will be exhibited by Rev. R. S. W. Howard.

Mr. John Stoneman, after a pleasant two months' visit to his son in the Northwest, has returned home pleased and benefited by his excursion.

The Ladies' Aid of Emmanuel Church, at a large meeting at James I. Schoobert's last Wednesday, elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: President, Mrs. John H. Schoobert; vice-presidents, Mrs. Wm. Froese and Mrs. E. M. Roberts; secretary, Miss Violet Fitzgerald; assistant, Mrs. W. Deacon; treasurer, Miss Edna Schoobert. The Bishop of Huron will administer confirmation at a special service on Sunday evening, the 13th inst.

Mrs. S. Newcombe, of Masonville, will leave in a few days for a visit to her father and other relatives in Devonshire, England. She expects to return about April.

Mr. Isaac H. Schoobert and family have recently moved into their new residence, erected this year. It is one of the most stately homes of the township.

The Masonville Sunday school is preparing for their annual Christmas entertainment, which is sure to be a successful one.

Mrs. Bayley, visitor for the Peterboro Barnardo Home for Girls, has just made her annual tour to the many farmhouses where these young girls are placed, and finds them everywhere happy and comfortable.

Lyndhurst, the fine old residence for many years of the Sifton family, at St. Johns, is offered for sale, and will no doubt soon find a ready purchaser.

The new Children's Day Home for Polio-kashaws and district, Renfrewshire, was opened on the 13th ult., by Lady Stirling-Maxwell. The other day Rev. J. F. Daly said that as much was expended annually on golf balls as was contributed to foreign missions.

Mr. Andrew West, 33, Kilbarchan, Renfrewshire, died suddenly there the other day while visiting his sister Annie, 83, on her deathbed. She died two hours after him.

JAIL DILLABAUGH IN BALLOT CASE

Conservative Poll Officials at Hamilton Sentenced for Mishandling Ballots.

Hamilton, Dec. 4.—Dillabaugh and Lawson were found guilty, and immediately sentenced, Dillabaugh got four months, and Lawson was sent down for two months.

An echo of the ballot box scandal which created a sensation on the eve of the Provincial election, when Wm. Lawson, Conservative deputy returning officer, and Harry Dillabaugh, poll clerk, were arrested for tampering with a package of ballots, was heard in the high court today, when the men were placed on trial.

Lawson was charged with unlawfully allowing the ballots out of his possession, and Dillabaugh was accused of trying to sell them to Wm. McLaughlin, Liberal ward chairman. Both pleaded not guilty.

Their counsel, L. McCarthy, K. C., of Toronto, objected to the charge being laid under section 192 of the election act, and contended the information should have been under sections 182 and 183.

While frankly admitting that ballots had passed between the defendants previous to the election, Mr. McCarthy thought the affair was more or less a joke. Tampering with ballots was serious business, but he was confident there was no criminal intent in this case.

WALTERS-PEARSON

Pretty Wedding at "Hedge Farm" Home of Mr. J. A. Pearson, Kintore.

A very pretty wedding took place in Kintore on Wednesday, Dec. 2, at the home of Mr. John A. Pearson, "Hedge Farm," when his youngest daughter Tillie was united in marriage to Mr. Albert Walters, of Cobble Hill, Ont.

At 8 p.m. the charming bride, becomingly attired in a dress of duchess satin, wearing the conventional bridal wreath, and carrying a bouquet of white carnations, entered the drawing room leaning on the arm of her father, who took her to the altar.

The wedding march played by Mrs. Wm. Walters, of Thornedale. The bride was attended by Miss Elsie Walters, of London, as maid of honor, who also wore white silk, and carried pink carnations. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Lindsay, of the Presbyterian Church, in the presence of fifty friends and relatives of the contracting parties. During the signing of the register Mr. Charles Hogg favored the company with a solo.

After the ceremony the guests proceeded to the spacious dining-room, which was luxuriously decorated with palms and pink and white carnations, where a dainty wedding breakfast was served.

With the best wishes and congratulations of their many friends Mr. and Mrs. Walters left on the 10 o'clock train for the west. They will be at home to their friends after Dec. 7 at Stratford.

The presents were numerous and costly, showing the high esteem in which both Mr. and Mrs. Walters are held.

GREAT BLIZZARD IN NORTHERN OHIO

Cleveland, Dec. 4.—A furious snowstorm, which set in early today, prevails throughout Northern Ohio, the ground being already covered to a depth of several inches. Telegraphic service is badly hampered. The storm has also resulted in some delay to railroad trains.

EXPLOSION AT BRANTFORD.

Brantford, Dec. 4.—Part of the interior of the Moffatt Building, an Dalhousie street, on the second floor of which is located the Elks' lodge room, was wrecked by a natural gas explosion late last night.

Someone extinguished the fire in the small gas stove in the lavatory, but failed to turn off the supply of gas. Later, when a member of the lodge, which was in session, struck a light, there was an explosion.

Plaster was torn from the walls of the hallway, and the front door was blown out. One partition was bulged. The damage will amount to about \$200. No one was hurt.

The average value of land in Manhattan Island, according to the assessment, is \$272,173 an acre.

PETRIFYING BABY MAY BE CURED

A Remarkable Medical Case Is Reported from Hospital in New York.

New York, Dec. 4.—One of the most remarkable medical cases on record in which the limbs of a baby six weeks old have turned to stone, was reported at the meeting of the Hudson County Medical Society in Jersey City, by Dr. Karl H. Goldstone, who has charge of the children's clinic at the Mount Sinai Hospital in this city.

The child so appallingly afflicted is Benjamin Gordon, whose parents reside at 319 East One Hundredth street. Dr. Goldstone reported to his colleagues that the child's limbs had now become almost entirely as hard as stone after gradually solidifying since its birth.

The disease, which is bringing about this is known to science as sclerema neonatorum, a very rare ailment. The child has been removed to the children's clinic at Mount Sinai Hospital, where it is under close observation by physicians.

The reading of the report created a stir among the medical men, as there are only eight known similar cases, according to Dr. Goldstone. Methods of treatment similar to those recently adopted in German hospitals are being tried on the baby, and although many physicians at first held out no hope for the baby's recovery, Dr. Goldstone now reports that beneficial results of the treatment are already apparent, so much so that its ultimate cure and recovery now seem almost assured.

CAPTAIN HAINS' STORY

Says His Wife Admitted to Intrigue With Murdered Annis.

New York, Dec. 4.—Captain Peter C. Hains today told how his wife had confessed. He said he wanted her to go up to a place in the mountains with his father and introduce him to people she had stayed with there during the summer. He wanted her to be vindicated. The wife made some contradictory statements as to the route she had taken in going to the mountains. Then Hains took her head between his hands, held her face so she had to look into his eyes, and said:

"Claudia, in God's name, tell me the truth."

"Then, after a minute, she told me all. She told me about her relations with Annis, about the operation Annis had performed," said Hains.

"Oh, my God," I cried. "How could you, how could you? I don't care. I have loved Annis for five years."

"Think of it, five years that had been going on right under my eyes, and I never suspected it once. How could I? I worshipped her, and a man does not suspect the woman he loves, the mother of his children."

ONE OF CECIL'S FINED

FAMILY VERY ANGRY

Indignity Heaped Upon Scion Who Played Rowdy at Oxford.

London, Dec. 4.—Everyone except members of the Cecil family is laughing over the latest episode in which it figures. The autocratic temper of the Cecil is as tangible a quantity in the family as its belief in the divine right of kings or in aristocratic privileges.

Now, Randle Cecil, a son of Rev. Lord William Cecil, rector of Bishops Hatfield, and who is the second son of the late Prime Minister Salisbury, is a freshman in Balliol College, Oxford. He and several chums recently were handed roughly by the Oxford police.

They were arraigned before a magistrate and fined \$10 each on a charge of disorderly conduct in the streets on Guy Fawkes' day. This is one of the days licensed as a tradition when Oxford undergraduates make life miserable for the townspeople.

The proud spirit and congenial lack of humor in the Cecils prompted Lord William to write a fiery epistle to the Times, protesting against high-bred but high-spirited youths being dealt with by clumsy and lower class policemen.

Lord William's idea was that the cultivated upper class college dons alone should mete out disciplinary measures in such cases.

In view of this pronouncement it seemed perhaps fateful when an announcement was made that Randle Cecil had been suspended by the college.

Although the East India Company nominally ceased to exist in 1858, that happy year which King Edward is now making memorable—it had virtually ended its long career twenty-five years earlier, for in 1833 parliament robbed it of its trading powers and interfered with its governing privileges.

From that year it paid its proprietors out of taxes levied on the people of India, and had its battles fought by the imperial forces. Such a condition of things could hardly be expected to endure, and after the mutiny the government, in spite of a desperate resistance on the part of "John Company," took over all the functions of government.

Christmas Suggestions



Dressing Gowns and House Coats Grafton's Half Price Sale

Just at the beginning of the selling season we have determined to clear every HOUSE COAT AND DRESSING GOWN in stock. The cost of production, the cost of selling and the profit, added to half the selling price, is what we have decided to hand you with the purchase of these elegant Coats and Gowns. This is an opportunity of procuring a bargain such as no other house can approach. Every garment will be sold at exactly half, and in many cases less than half its value. Every size, every style and coloring is represented in our stock.

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| HOUSE COATS AND GOWNS, \$2.25. REGULAR \$4.50. |
| HOUSE COATS AND GOWNS, \$2.50. REGULAR \$5.00. |
| HOUSE COATS AND GOWNS, \$3.00. REGULAR \$6.00. |
| HOUSE COATS AND GOWNS, \$3.50. REGULAR \$7.00. |
| HOUSE COATS AND GOWNS, \$4.00. REGULAR \$8.00. |
| HOUSE COATS AND GOWNS, \$4.50. REGULAR \$9.00. |
| HOUSE COATS AND GOWNS, \$5.00. REGULAR \$10.00. |
| HOUSE COATS AND GOWNS, \$6.00. REGULAR \$12.00. |

NO MAIL ORDERS FILLED.

DUNDAS AND CARLING STS.

Grafton & Co. Ltd.

J. M. HICKEY, MANAGER

lege dons for throwing stones at the windows of Balliol College on Sunday morning. Randle pleaded that he was trying to wake an occupant of the rooms, who would unlock the doors and admit him. In spite of this plea the sentence of suspension stands.

Lord William has expressed his conviction that there is something rotten in a university that could "rusticate" a Cecil, and he will not send Randle back.

Edward Bennett, a member of parliament, and a distinguished Oxford don, is finding strong support among Oxford townsmen for his proposition that undergraduates should be "bitched" for rowdiness in the streets in addition to being fined.

The undergraduates retorted on Bennett by wrecking his college rooms.

UNRAVELS QUEER DIVORCE TANGLE

Daughter of a Detroit Family Relates Matrimonial Troubles in Boson.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 4.—A story of marriage and divorce that took place with the bewildering rapidity of a kaleidoscope, was told on the witness stand today by Mrs. Christine Pfaff, of London, England, who, although she admits that she secured a South Dakota divorce, claims to be the real and only widow of the late Henry Pfaff, the brewer who left a million-dollar estate to Mrs. Louise C. Pfaff, "my wife."

Mrs. Christine Pfaff is a daughter of J. Anton Hecking, the New York and Paris artist, and her mother is of the famous Clark family, of Detroit. On the witness stand today, Mrs. Christine Pfaff said she was travelling with her mother in Germany in 1889 when she met Pfaff. Two months later they were married in Geneva. Married life did not agree with her, she said, and in 1892 she went to South Dakota, where she got a divorce from her husband.

Although she got the divorce, she says it was illegal, and proved so, when, in 1901, she brought suit for \$25,000 back alimony and Pfaff fought it out on the grounds that the divorce was not valid. The courts upheld him. On cross-examination Mrs. Christine Pfaff admitted that when she heard in 1897 that Pfaff had remarried she also married. Her second husband was a 17-year-old boy named Samuel Bogart.

"It was a joke marriage and never consummated," declared Mrs. Pfaff, who is a remarkably pretty woman. In 1899 she married again. This was a real one," she admits, and done while she still thought her Pfaff divorce legal. B. C. Cash, an Englishman, is his husband, and she admitted that he is "still a good friend of mine, although I'm not living with him. I left him as soon as the divorce was pronounced illegal."

Although the East India Company nominally ceased to exist in 1858, that happy year which King Edward is now making memorable—it had virtually ended its long career twenty-five years earlier, for in 1833 parliament robbed it of its trading powers and interfered with its governing privileges. From that year it paid its proprietors out of taxes levied on the people of India, and had its battles fought by the imperial forces. Such a condition of things could hardly be expected to endure, and after the mutiny the government, in spite of a desperate resistance on the part of "John Company," took over all the functions of government.

DON'T make any mistake THIS year in choosing your Gift to the Smoker. We present an assortment from which you can make a safe choice, strictly high class and low price.

- Box of 25 El Zenda, "Bouquet Perfecto" brand, highest grade Cuban made clear Havana Cigars, \$3.00.
- Box of 50 C. E. Beck, "Majolica Size," Imported Havana Cigars, very fine goods, \$6.00.
- Box of 25 Bridal Bouquet, "Conchita Size," Fine Cuban made Cigars, \$2.00.
- Box of 25 Club's Panatela Cigars, \$1.00.
- Box of 50 "Osborne" Imported Turkish Cigarettes, \$1.50.
- Brush Brass Ash Receiver and Dump, something very useful, \$2.50.
- Finest Real Morocco Cigar Case, \$3.00.
- Brush Brass Ash Tray and Cigar Rest, 75c.
- Brush Brass Covered Rubber Pouch, No. 4 size \$1.00, No. 5 size \$1.25.
- Sterling Mounted Stone Match Holder and Paper Weight, \$1.00.
- Pipe Rack to hold eight pipes, 75c.
- Real Cherry Pipe, a sweet, cool smoker, 50c.
- French Briar Bulldog Shape, as cut, also bent shape, 50c.
- Sterling Mounted French Briar, straight and bent shape, 75c.
- Club's Select Finest Sterling Mounted Guaranteed French Briar, bulldog shape, \$1.00.
- Club's Select, same grade as No. 15, bent shape, \$1.10.
- Finest English Gun Metal Cigar Case, \$3.50.
- Finest English Gun Metal Cigarette Case, \$2.00.
- Brush Brass Ash Tray and Match Holder, \$1.50.
- Two Bent and Straight French Briars, with amber mouthpiece, 1 cut vulcanite mouthpiece, sterling mounted, beautiful goods, fully guaranteed, \$5.00 per set.
- Sterling Mounted B. B. B. Grade Calash Pipe, lined with real meerschaum, \$3.00.
- Finest French Briar Pipe, with genuine amber mouthpiece, sterling mounted, in case, \$3.00.
- Dark Brown Stone Air-Tight Tobacco Jar, as cut, \$1.75.
- 1 lb. tin "Chop Cut" Highest Grade Latakia Pipe Mixture, \$1.00.
- Genuine Mahogany Humidor, aluminum lined, with lock key to hold 100 cigars, \$5.00.

Express or Postage Prepaid to Any Address on receipt of Price

A. CLUBB & SONS
TORONTO
5 King Street West

PLAN FIGHT UPON SUFFRAGETTES

Britons Organize Active Opposition to Enfranchisement of Women.

London, Dec. 4.—A meeting held today, which was attended by several peers, members of the House of Commons, scientists and other prominent men, constituted itself a general committee to oppose female suffrage. Caxton Hall, Westminster, the jumping-off ground of the suffragettes when assailing Parliament, was the venue of this notable assembly of their enemies, who expressed in one of their resolutions the belief that "the extension of the franchise to women would be contrary to the best interests of the country and empire."

Among many well-known peers on the committee are Earl Cromer, the Earl of Dunraven, and Lord Rothschild. There are several well-known literary members, including Rudyard Kipling.

The committee will meet again shortly to arrange a fighting programme.

KOMOKA.

Komoka, Dec. 3.—Mrs. Wm. Mowat, of London, spent a few days here last week.

The funeral of the late Thomas Brown, who passed away on Sunday after a painful and lingering illness, took place on Tuesday from the Presbyterian Church to Komoka Cemetery, and was largely attended. The service was conducted by Rev. Dr. Nixon and Rev. Mr. Marshall. Mr. Brown had been a resident of Komoka for a number of years, and was well known, and had a large circle of friends through Komoka and vicinity. Mr. Brown leaves two daughters, Mrs. Alex. McDougall and Mrs. Hair, and one son, James Brown, who have the sympathy of many friends in their bereavement.

Mrs. (Rev.) J. James, of St. Mary's, spent last week at Sprucehead Villa.

Mrs. Bert Robinson, who has been very ill, is somewhat better.

The annual Christmas tree and entertainment of the Presbyterian Church will be held on Wednesday evening, Dec. 23.

Mrs. Thomas Fawkes and Miss Gladys Fawkes, Queen's avenue, London, were visitors here last week.

Mrs. Bronghton, of London, is visiting with her sister, Mrs. James Lince. The members and officers of the Methodist Sabbath School are preparing for their annual Christmas entertainment.

MURDERED WOMAN KNOWN.

New York, Dec. 4.—Following the

verdict of a coroner's jury, warrants were issued tonight for the arrest on a charge of murder of Michael and Pelicia Accusio Alba, of Brooklyn.

Last July the body of a woman burned and mutilated was found in a vacant lot in Greenpoint. The entire clue to the woman's identity was furnished by a scrap of clothing bearing the initials "M. A." embroidered in a skillful manner. Simultaneously the disappearance of Michael Alba's wife was reported.

A week ago, Mrs. Alba's sister arrived in this country from Italy, and identified the embroidery work as done by her hand on a garment she had sent her sister. The jury that heard her testimony charged the husband and his brother with the crime.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over THIRTY YEARS BY MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLEVIATES ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's."

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful **MARVEL Whirling Spray** the new Vaginal Hygiene. Best—Most convenient—Instantly.

Get your druggist for it. If he cannot supply it, write to **WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont.** General Agents for Canada.

Do You Look on the Dark Side of Things?

Have you sought in vain for a cure for indigestion and neglected the liver and bowels? Are you discouraged? You need not be if you let reason be your guide and use **Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills**, because they set the liver and bowels right and by so doing remove the cause of trouble.

The real serious forms of indigestion arise from fermentation of food in the intestines, where the most difficult part of digestion takes place. Stomach medicines and aids to digestion cannot possibly cure this form of indigestion.

Mr. C. D. BENNETT, Maple Grove, Megantic Co., Que., writes: "I had dyspepsia very bad. The food would sour, my stomach would swell up. I suffered a great deal and could not sleep. As the result of using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills I am now entirely cured, and can eat any kind of food without feeling any bad effects. They have made a new man and a younger man of me and I cannot say too much in their praise."

"Dr. Chase's Ointment" cured a friend of mine of piles when he was so bad he could not work nor even stand up."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

By their direct and combined action on the bowels, the liver and the kidneys positively cure chronic indigestion, constipation, biliousness, complaint and kidney disease. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmansons Bates & Co., Toronto. Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment positively cures itching, bleeding and protruding piles.

LATEST NEWS OF THE WORLD OF SPORTS

Coverpoint's Philosophy

bargo on them, racing would be in rather a healthy condition on this side of the line.

Edmonton is buying up all the hockey players in captivity to see if they cannot get a team to lift the Stanley Cup. Keep on purchasing.

"Was Bill Papke doped?" will go down in history along with that other eloquent question, "Who Struck Billy Patterson?"

Medicine Hat broke into the sporting columns the other day, when a horse-drawn carriage was left from the trotting association. This shows the versatility of the inhabitants thereof. They can do other things besides manufacture weather. It was a great day for the banana belt.

Bobby Lowe, formerly of the Detroit Tigers, is willing to manage the Cincinnati Reds. Bobby is a game one. He's taking some chances.

New York is Marathon mad, says an exchange. The difference is only in the thing they have gone dippy over. They are always crazy there.

France is discussing the racing problem. That is, the French are devoting the time they have left from the Faure scandal and the Count Boni business to giving racing the grand uplift.

B. Nelson will be elected for mayor of Hegewisch. That should get him a few paragraphs in the papers.

It is now picking all-Canadian Rugby teams, not that it will do much good, but they need the mental stimulus that such an exercise will give. The Tigers or Varsity could beat any such team to death.

Young Corbett is a coal-stoker on a Mississippi steamboat trying to get into shape for a fight. The person who said "Back to the mines for him," was there with the prophesy line.

There seems to be some difficulty about Rowley Young's contract, and he does not know where he will play this winter. Hope he gets somewhere, as he is too good a man to be left on the fence.

Canada will send a small Olympic team the next time out. Well, it looks as if the team should be composed of one sprinter, one distance man, and Ed Archibald. The latter always looks

good going away, but he does not pull down many prizes.

A dispatch from Philadelphia says T. Longboat is full of confidence. A private wire from the Great White Way does not exactly say "confidence." It agrees with the rest of it, however.

The Free Press editorial staff is out with their periodical challenge, and ask the Pizer Demons to bowl them some games. As is always said when some weighty matter is under discussion, we will give it our most careful consideration. We have been so used to trimming that bunch over there that it has become nothing more nor less than light exercise. We will figure out whether we need a warming up, and if we find that we do, well, to the morgue for the F. P.

They are now ascribing odes to R. Fitzsimmons, the scarlet runner. The next thing we know they will burst forth into song on behalf of Dorando. The meter would likely limp a bit, but as soon as they can get something to rhyme with Dorando, it will be all on with the thing.

If that exodus of hockey players from Pittsburgh continues, there will be nobody left to play but the directors, and all they can do is the conversational article.

If it keeps up this discussion over the Seneca will keep us from giving our whole attention to the Haytian revolution. It is very interesting—not.

N. Lajoie will have a chef in charge of the diet kitchen of the Cleveland Blues next season. He should also employ a dope artist to shoot courage into that bunch at intervals.

T. Longboat has become enamored of the Great White Way, and his trainers have difficulty in keeping him in any kind of shape in New York. They should send him to some reservation where there is nothing but fresh air and snowballs.

The great Smith hockey family will soon go on tour. It will be a great opportunity to advertise some confection or other. For instance, "Sam Smith's seven sons use Slickem's Soft Soap."

The embargo will keep all American trotters and pacers out of the country, and they will not get in on the ice races. If the foot and mouth disease would only grab the Yankee book-makers so that we could place an em-

LITTLE CHANCE TO PATCH UP QUARREL

Gotch and Hackenschmidt Are Not Likely to Meet in England.

London, Dec. 4. — While a few London sportsmen are today trying to patch up the broken negotiations between Frank Gotch and George Hackenschmidt, there is small hope of bringing the two big wrestlers together in this country. Gotch refused to accept the conditions proposed and has announced that he will soon return to America.

ANOTHER LEAGUE OF BASKETBALL MEN

Still another league of basketball players has been formed at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium. The games are to be played on Saturday afternoons, commencing at 3 o'clock.

The cigar-makers' team is the most conspicuous in the league, rejoicing in the name of the Blue Labels and attired in natty royal blue sweaters with white trimmings, the gift of the union. The Redcoats, captained by Brady, formerly of the Wolseley Barracks team, will be in this league, and the St. Georges and Wanderers will complete the schedule, which is as follows:

Dec. 5—Redcoats vs. St. Georges.
Blue Labels vs. Wanderers.
Dec. 12—Blue Labels vs. St. Georges.
Wanderers vs. Redcoats.

Dec. 19—St. Georges vs. Wanderers.
Blue Labels vs. Redcoats.
A further series will be played after the Christmas holidays.

The Y. M. C. A. senior team is having a practice Saturday afternoon at 5 o'clock in preparation for their proposed trip to Toronto to play the West End team of that city.

WILL WEST KARRYS TURN THE TABLES?

A great deal of interest is centring around the coming match between Capps and Sutherland and West and Karrys, which will be played in Toronto next Wednesday. It will be remembered that the local team, when away, lost by a very narrow margin, while on their own alleys they had a very heavy lead. If the London boys can win in Toronto or even hold down the lead somewhat, the probability of their winning out in the series will be very bright. West is undoubtedly a better bowler than either Capps or Sutherland, while Karrys, when at his best, is the equal of either. There is no reason why the tables should not be turned in the series of inter-city games.

ST. JOHN'S CLUB AFTER MEMBERSHIP INCREASE

The prospects of the speedy completion of their new club house has filled the members of the St. John's Athletic Club with enthusiasm, and a vigorous canvass is being made for new members. With this end in view a contest has been started, Harry Owens being elected captain of the Reds, and Jerry McCall, of the Blues. The penalty, an oyster supper, is to be given by the losers to their more fortunate rivals. The contest closes Jan. 7, and by that time it is expected the club will be able to boast of a very large increased membership.

BRESNY FOR CARDINALS

Giant Said To Be Slated to Manage St. Louis Team.

St. Louis, Dec. 4. — The belief is growing that Roger Bresnahan is to be the next manager of the St. Louis Cardinals.

Wisecracks have it that John T. Brush will purchase an interest in the St. Louis National League team and send Bresnahan here to manage the club.

NEWTON VARSITY LEADER

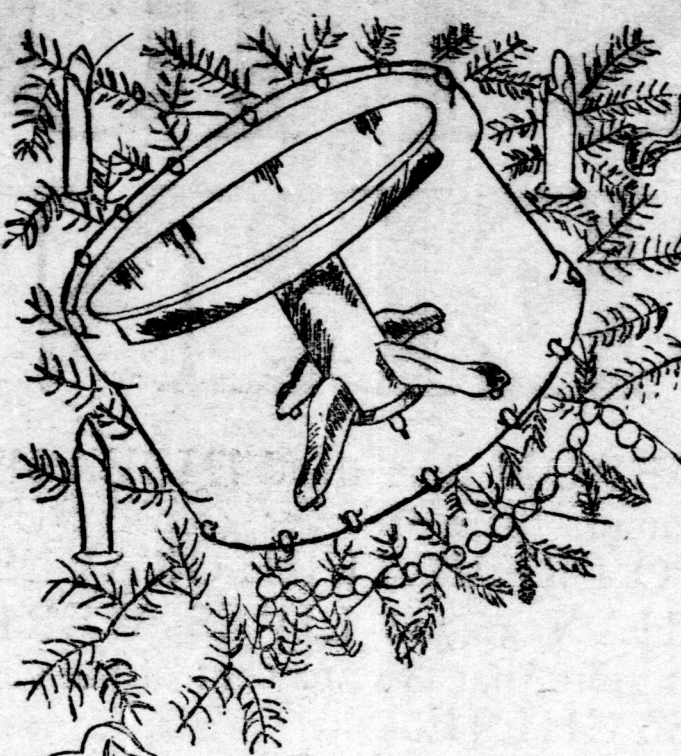
Clever Little Half-Back Chosen to Head Intercollegiate Champions.

Toronto, Dec. 4. — John Newton, the clever little half-back of the Varsity Intercollegiate Rugby champions, was this morning chosen captain of next year's warriors on the gridiron.

Newton is a good little general, having handled the team in the enforced absence of this fall of Captain "Moon" Lee, and he did it with a gloss and smoothness that went far toward giving Varsity the championship.

He is a fourth year School of Science man, and his election is not only wise, but does not deprive Gall, Law, and the other members of the team inasmuch as they are all sophomores or juniors. Good luck to you, Newton!

In the parish of Old Monkland, Lanarkshire, which includes the burgh of Coatbridge, there are 22 males and 60 females over 70 years of age in receipt of periodical relief.



BUY NOW and SAVE MONEY

Furniture, Rugs Linoleum, Stoves and China

Unusual conditions call for extraordinary treatment. Usually at this time we are busy selling goods at regular profit. We are now confronted with the fact that WE ARE GREATLY OVERSTOCKED

You know we would not sacrifice our profits at this time if conditions did not warrant it. Reluctantly we make the announcement that our entire stock of furniture, etc., will be offered at a discount of 10 to 30 per cent.

Consider These Articles in Making Up Your List of Christmas Gifts:

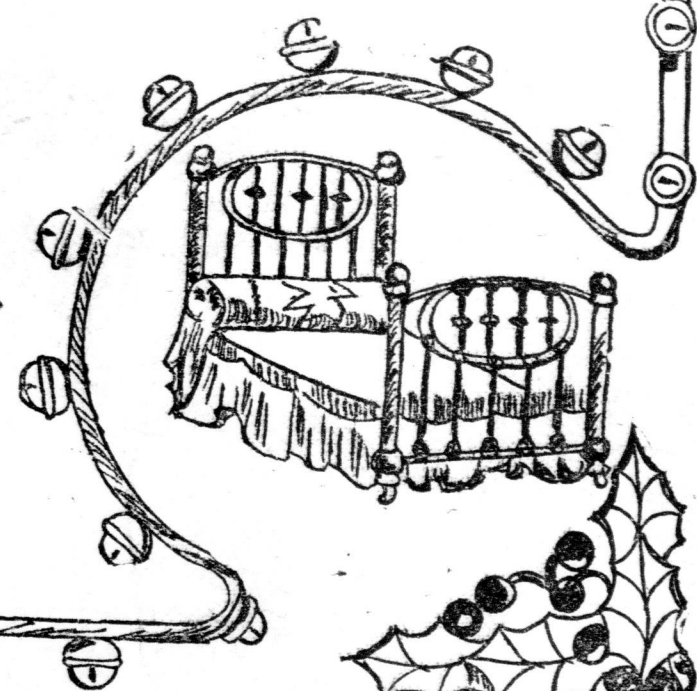
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| LADIES' WRITING DESKS \$4.50 up to \$65 | PARLOR CABINETS \$5 up to \$75 | JARDINIERE STANDS 85c up to \$20 | COSTUMERS 95c up to \$12 |
| MUSIC CABINETS \$3.75 up to \$40 | PARLOR TABLES 95c up to \$45 | MORRIS CHAIRS \$4.75 up to \$35 | PARLOR CHAIRS \$3 up to \$75 |
| DIVANS \$8 up to \$100 | COUCHES \$3.75 up to \$60 | ROCKERS \$1.50 up to \$30 | BRASS BEDS \$16 up to \$100 |
| IRON BEDS \$2.85 up to \$25 | DINING CHAIRS \$1.25 up to \$15 | NAPOLEON BEDS \$20 up to \$50 | TOILET TABLES \$6.50 up to \$50 |
| IRON CRIBS \$4.75 up to \$18 | REED ROCKERS \$3.50 up to \$20 | CARD TABLES \$2.50 up to \$25 | DAVENPORTS \$15 up to \$75 |
| CHIFFONNIERS \$5.50 up to \$100 | MISSION ROCKERS \$4.75 up to \$30 | CHILD'S ROCKERS 35c up to \$5 | SCREENS \$1.50 up to \$15 |
| LACE CURTAINS 35c up to \$25 | RUGS 95c up to \$50 | PORTABLE LAMPS Special at \$4.95 | GRANDFATHER CLOCKS special at \$8.50 |

See Our New Stock of Fancy China

Just received a large shipment of Fancy China suitable for Christmas gifts. You will find our prices will surprise you, as we purchased this stock at a great discount. Vases, Cups and Saucers, Jardiniere, Placques, Busts, Berry Sets, Tea Sets, in fact, almost everything you want in china at very small prices. At from 10c to 75c we have an especially strong line.

| | |
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| 50 Portable Lamps, in Mission style, electric or gas; regular \$10. For \$4.95 | 24 Grandfather Clocks, Mission style; regular \$18. For \$8.50 |
|--|--|

The ONTARIO FURNITURE CO.
London's Largest Housefurnishers
228-230 Dundas St.



15 BIKE TEAMS READY FOR GRIND

Six-Day Contest Opens at Madison Square Garden Sunday Night.

New York, Dec. 5.—Riders from all parts of the world will compete in the annual six-day bicycle contest, which will begin at Madison Square Garden shortly after midnight Sunday night. Fifteen teams are entered and Rutt and Stoll, the winners of last year's event, are confident of repeating their victory. The teams are as follows: German-Holland—Walter Rutt, Germany; Johann Stoll, Holland.
Danish-Italian—Norman Anderson, Copenhagen; Carlo Vroni, Italy.
Dixie-Yankee—Bobbie Walthour, Atlanta; Eddie Root, New York.
Inter-City—Joe Folger, Brooklyn; Iver Lawson, Chicago.
Mormon—Marty Downing, Salt Lake City; C. L. Hollister, Salt Lake City.
Farmer and Messenger—Frank Galvin, New Milford, Conn.; George Wiley, Syracuse, N. Y.
Transcontinental—Fred Hill, Boston; Walter DeMara, San Jose, Cal.
French—Victor Dupre and Leon Georget, France.
Italian-French—Maurice Brocco, Italy; Roger Labrousse, France.
Australian—Pedlar Palmer and Gordon Walker, Sydney.
French—Francis Faber and Henri LaFourcade, France.
Pacific-Atlantic—Floyd McFarland, San Jose; James Moran, Boston.
Long Island—John and Menus Bedell, Lynbrook, L. I.
Emerald Isle—Matthew Downey and Patrick Logan, Ireland.
East and West—Elmer Collins, Boston; W. E. Mitten, Davenport, Ia.

NORTHERN LEAGUE DRAW UP SCHEDULE

Harrison, Dec. 4.—At a meeting held in Palmerston the following schedule was drawn up for the Northern Hockey League:

Dec. 25—Listowel at Mount Forest.
Jan. 1—Mount Forest at Listowel.
Jan. 4—Palmerston at Lucknow.
Jan. 4—Wingham at Listowel.
Jan. 8—Palmerston at Wingham.
Jan. 11—Palmerston at Listowel.
Jan. 14—Mount Forest at Harrison.
Jan. 15—Lucknow at Listowel.
Jan. 15—Wingham at Palmerston.
Jan. 18—Listowel at Harrison.
Jan. 22—Mount Forest at Wingham.
Jan. 22—Harrison at Palmerston.
Jan. 26—Harrison at Mount Forest.
Jan. 26—Wingham at Lucknow.
Jan. 29—Lucknow at Palmerston.
Feb. 1—Wingham at Harrison.
Feb. 2—Lucknow at Harrison.
Feb. 5—Mount Forest at Palmerston.
Feb. 5—Harrison at Listowel.
Feb. 8—Palmerston at Harrison.
Feb. 8—Listowel at Lucknow.
Feb. 12—Listowel at Palmerston.
Feb. 12—Wingham at Mount Forest.
Feb. 16—Lucknow at Wingham.
Feb. 18—Harrison at Lucknow.
Feb. 18—Harrison at Wingham.
Feb. 19—Palmerston at Mt. Forest.
Feb. 26—Listowel at Wingham.

INDIAN WILL RUN HAYES AT TORONTO

Longboat and Hayes New Hook Up—Redskin Has Boils Again.

Toronto, Dec. 4. — Tim O'Rourke, who was down at Fall River and New York with Tom Longboat—though Tom Eck, the well-known trainer, was handling the Indian under Tom Flanagan's direction—returned from New York this morning.

"Tom Longboat will run John J. Hayes here around Christmas time," said Mr. O'Rourke today. "When I left New York, Flanagan and Hayes were dickering over percentages. Hayes was ready to come."

"How is the Indian?"

"Boils have broken out on him again, but I think he will be in pretty fair shape to meet the Italian. Tom Eck has charge of his training and has taken him down to Clifton race track in New Jersey to train. You simply cannot trust that Indian around a city. Why, one day I heard Eck say, 'Come up in half an hour and I'll rub you down,' but Longboat ran away and did not come back till late at night. Eck is paying special attention to the Indian's feet."

"Will he beat Dorando?"

"If he is in half shape he will," was the reply.

"Fifteen days is very short notice, but I think he will be fit enough to beat the Italian."

"How about Smallwood tomorrow night at Philadelphia?"

"Well, Smallwood is the Welsh champion, and is fit as a fiddle, but I think the Indian will beat him, too," was the reply.

Mr. O'Rourke says that the Indian was very sick after the second race at Fall River. He says it was not the Indian's condition, but something he ate that turned him. Six other people in the same hotel were also ill that night.

"If the Indian is going to run these good professional relays he will have to get some sense," remarked Mr. O'Rourke. "Why, at Fall River, in the second race he ran his head off beating the first man home, and when the fresh man came on he almost ran him into the ditch. He steadied down, however, and won nicely. In the second race Longboat was only 15 seconds behind Shrubbs' time over the same last four miles, after he had lapped his competitor. He ran it in 55 minutes."

DONOVAN FOR BOSTON

"Patsy" Named as Likely Successor to Joe Kelley.

Detroit, Dec. 4. — Patsy Donovan, who has been let go as manager of the Brooklyn National League team, will be in all probability be appointed manager of the Boston club next year, to succeed Joe Kelley, who has been asked to resign by President Dovey, of the club.

Hockey Juniors in Hard Training

Manager Wheatcroft, of the juniors, is very enthusiastic about the prospects for the season, and is only anxious to see the schedule, as he is sure he has a winning team. The boys have been undergoing hard practice three nights a week, consisting of running and boxing, and are rounding out into fine shape. Several of the players picked for the juniors have already shown such

TOMMY BURNS QUITE CONFIDENT OF VICTORY

After He Beats Jack Johnson He Will Give Bill Squires Another Chance.

New York, Dec. 4.—Tommy Burns is planning to return to America sooner than he intended, as a result of Stanley Ketchell's defeat of Bill Papke. Burns had all along figured that if Ketchell could beat his way to the top a match between Ketchell and himself would be a record-breaker for the size of purse offered.

Burns writes a New York friend that he is confident he will defeat Johnson. After he stows away the negro he proposes to give Bill Squires his fourth chance. Boshier Bill does not seem the least bit pleased by the three trimmings he has already got at Tommy's hands, and is after another match. As Squires draws big in Australia, Burns writes he will take him on again.

There is talk already of matching Burns and Ketchell. The match will in all likelihood be held in Colma either next Labor Day or Sept. 9, which is a big holiday in

National Bowling and Billiard Parlors

Games are now in full swing. Come around and get in the competition for prizes. No entry fee charged.

The National Cigar Store is completely stocked with the best brands of all grades of cigars.

Saturdays all 3 for 25c lines 4 for 25c.

197-199 Dundas St. Mike Foley, Mgr.

In Los Angeles to discontinue all negotiations with Jones, they left for Los Angeles, accompanied by Al Kaufman and Jack Gleason, to close the match with Hugo Kelly, scheduled for Dec. 15th.

That Papke was not pleased with the management of Jones had been hinted, but that Berger would forsake the haberdashery business to look after the matches of a pugilist who once was middleweight champion of the world, was a surprise. The deal was not completed until this afternoon, when Berger gave his consent and bought tickets for Los Angeles.

THE TURF.

Los Angeles, Dec. 4.—Winners here today—Tanah 16 to 5, Gold Way 9 to 5, Brush Up 30 to 1, Proper 2 to 5, Capt. Burnett 9 to 2, Tom Reid 7 to 2. Miss Mazzon 12 to 2, Confederate Oakland, Dec. 4.—Winners today 11 to 2.



BOWLING

Games are now on in earnest. This season promises some of the best of them.

PRIZES are offered every week for high scores at both five and ten-pin games.

Ideal Bowling Alleys GRAHAM & MARTELL, Proprietors, 195 KING STREET, WYI

A QUESTION THAT CONCERNS YOU!

Am I a consumptive? Or am I in danger FROM that dread DISEASE? There is not a man or woman who does not need to take this matter seriously to heart. It is estimated that in Canada there are over 40,000 SUFFERERS FROM THIS FELL DISEASE, AND IT IS KNOWN THAT OVER 9,000 SINK INTO PREMATURE GRAVES EVERY YEAR FROM THIS COMPLAINT ALONE.

During the past ten years NO LESS THAN 36,700 LIVES WERE SACRIFICED to it in the Province of Ontario. These figures are appalling, especially when it is certain that more than 80 per cent of the victims to this fatal malady could have been alive and well today had they made timely use of the infallible remedy PSYCHINE.

In view of these facts it surely is the duty of everyone to take all due precautions against this insidious foe, and to make sure that they are in no peril. The disease is fearfully prevalent and is a continual menace, the most terrible thing about it being that the destroyer creeps upon you unawares. You do not realize the danger until almost too late. DO NOT DELAY; lulling yourself into a false security, by imagining that you of all others are immune from attack.

PSYCHINE is the surest preventive, as it is the only cure, of this awful scourge. There is certainly no other medicine from which CONSUMPTIVES may gather the faintest hope, and although their symptoms may be palliated, they rarely have by any other means been finally cured. Bear in mind this one important fact. Consumption is not an open foe; it steals upon you when you least expect it, and before you are aware you are in its greedy clutches.

BEWARE OF COLDS. At the first sign of a cold no matter how slight, take PSYCHINE at once and you will find it will quickly disappear. NEVER TRIFLE WITH A COLD. Colds are the stepping-stones to consumption as sure as night is the follower of day.

If you are in danger PSYCHINE will surely save your life. The proof of this lies in no uncertain basis, but on hundreds of Consumptives restored to health and strength by this marvellous remedy.

Listen to the voice of reason and be warned in time. Do not be lulled into thinking that you certainly are safe from this grim terror. This is a fatal mistake and has been the cause of untold suffering and sorrow.

SYMPTOMS OF CONSUMPTION

The first symptom of Consumption is not a cough as generally supposed but loss of weight. The body gets weak and wastes away. The appetite is fickle, and after a time coughing commences, usually slight at first but worse morning and evening; with pain in the upper parts of chest or below shoulderblades, digestion fails, coughs become more distracting and pains in the lungs become more continuous and severe.

If you have any of the above symptoms, or are in a low condition of health following an attack of La Grippe or severe Cold, your lungs are in danger and you should send at once for a trial bottle of PSYCHINE. It will cost you nothing, and you will be surprised at the wonderful result. The case of Mrs. Garside, London, whose testimonial appears herewith, speaks for itself and must surely prove convincing even to the most skeptical. Mrs. Garside is typical of thousands of others who have been brought back from the very verge of the grave, and spared to enjoy years of health and happiness by using PSYCHINE.

Do not be misled by your doctor into thinking that your case is hopeless. IT IS NOT SO IF YOU WILL ONLY ALLOW YOURSELF TO BE PERSUADED TO TRY PSYCHINE. It has proved effectual when all other treatment and remedies have failed.



Mrs. L. GARSIDE.

London Testimony

20 Years a Hopeless Consumptive

Now No Sign of Lung Trouble.

This statement is no fiction, for Mrs. L. Garside resides at 509 York street, London, Ont., and to use her own words is: "Always happy to reply to anxious inquirers and let them know what PSYCHINE has done for me."

Four years ago, Mrs. Garside wrote: "Your remedy, PSYCHINE, did wonders for me. I was about 28 or 30 years of age when I took your treatment. I was in consumption, and the very best doctors told me there was nothing else that could be done. THIS WAS 20 YEARS AGO, so as a last hope I gave your remedies a trial. From the first this was a most wonderful success. PSYCHINE certainly gave me new lungs, and I honestly believe PSYCHINE saved my life." Writing four years after under date Aug. 7, 1908, Mrs. Garside says: "MY STATEMENT STILL HOLDS GOOD, MY LUNGS NEVER TROUBLED ME AFTER YOUR TREATMENT, WHICH I TOOK AFTER BEING TOLD THERE WAS NO HOPE."

PSYCHINE, Dr. Slocum's great Health Remedy, is known everywhere as Nature's Greatest Tonic, building up the entire system, not only rendering it proof against these terrible germ and other diseases, that are so deadly in their operation, but it is the sworn and deadly foe of the germs and the diseases themselves. Bacilli, or disease germs, cannot live in the system with PSYCHINE. Send for FREE TRIAL BOTTLE. SEE COUPON.

Trial Bottle Free

Fill in your name and address and send this coupon to Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, Spadina avenue, Toronto. A free trial bottle will then be mailed you free of charge.

NAME

ADDRESS

London Advertiser.

Psychine and What Is It?

Dr. T. A. Slocum's Great Remedy, Psychine, is the prescription of one of the ablest and most experienced medical practitioners the world has seen. It is not an experiment—it is a cure.

There are times when a choice has to be made between following the advice of a physician, and taking the responsibility of using Psychine without or in opposition to his advice. Read and study the remarkable cures effected by Psychine, a remedy that has cured more people of the most difficult and complex diseases than hundreds of doctors combined. In addition to these wonderful testimonies you have the fullest assurance that you will be perfectly safe and justifiable in taking Psychine, irrespective of any physician's advice, and even contrary to it. The physician that opposes its use is either out of date, and not in touch with the most successful systems of treatment, or his own interests are put before those of his patient. Such a system of treatment as Psychine, which has tens of thousands of the most wonderful cures standing to its credit, cannot but be endorsed by every physician to whom the life and health of his patient is a matter of first importance. The best physicians, who have without prejudice looked into the great work Psychine is doing for humanity, are recommending it to many of their patients, and are unstinted in their praise of this remedy, the equal of which the world has never seen.

Psychine is an unfailing remedy for all Throat and Lung and Stomach troubles. Run-down and nervous people should keep it handy. As an appetizer it is without equal. There is life in every dose of Psychine. All druggists and stores, 50 cents, \$1 and \$2 bottles. Send for FREE TRIAL—See coupon.

A Message from B. C.

Mr. John R. Wren, late reeve of Mission City, B. C., is now 66 years of age, and tells the following remarkable story: "Some years ago I was given up by the doctors. I was so weak I could not walk across the floor, and was patiently waiting for death. I had paid as much as \$25 a visit for a specialist who said I could not get relief. In this condition I sent for a sample of PSYCHINE. The first night PSYCHINE gave relief. The bleeding of the lungs ceased and in three weeks I was able to walk three miles before 7 o'clock a.m., and take the oversight of a crew of men." This was in 1894, just fourteen years ago. Since that time Mr. J. Wren has been reeve of Mission City, and on Aug. 17, 1908, wrote: "I am now in my 66th year, and weigh 296 pounds and do considerable business. Last week I travelled 125 miles in a rowboat and slept out every night, and feel no bad effects from it. I owe this new lease of life to Dr. T. A. Slocum and his remedies."

No wonder Mr. Wren is grateful for PSYCHINE, for it transformed him from a weakling into a sturdy, and this at a time of life when most people are expecting the reverse.

PSYCHINE

PRONOUNCED SI-KEEN

THE GREATEST OF TONICS FOR HEALTH AND ENERGY

..Annual.. Jewelry Sale

The opportunity for early buyers to
purchase their Holiday Gifts
at special prices.

No Charge for Engraving

CLOCKS

Fancy Gilt Clocks, large assortment, each \$1.25
The best standard American Alarm Clock made 90c
Eight-Day Oak Kitchen Clock \$2
Solid Oak Eight-Day Mantel Clock, fancy dial and pillars, made in Canada \$5
Solid Mahogany Eight-Day Mantel Clock, made in Canada \$5

RINGS

Ladies' Solid Gold Signet Rings, choice designs \$1.35
Solid Gold Baby Rings 60c
Gents' Signet Rings \$3.50
Three-Stone Whole Pearl Ring, 14-k. mounting \$3.75
Misses' Solid Gold Rings, assorted stones \$1.25

BRACELETS

Fancy Gold-Filled Expansion Bracelets \$2.50
Fancy Gold-Filled Expansion Bracelets, set with stones \$3
Baby Bracelets, gold-filled signet or stone top 75c
Ladies' Best Gold-Filled Bracelets, extra wide, plain or carved \$4
Ladies' Gold-Filled Bracelet, set with 3 real pearls \$9.50

LOCKETS

Ladies' Plain Gold-Filled Locket, best grade, round, heart or oval style \$1.50
Ladies' Fancy Gold-Filled Locket, set with pearls and brilliants \$2.25
Ladies' Solid Locket \$3.75
Gents' Gold-Filled Locket, best grade \$2
Gents' Solid Locket, extra heavy \$5

UMBRELLAS

Ladies' Fancy Umbrellas, pearl and gold handles, best grade silk and wool covers \$5
Gents' Fancy Gold-Mounted Stag-Handled Umbrellas, best grade covers \$4

1847 Rodgers Bros.' Flatwear

Tea Spoons, per dozen \$2.50
Knives and Forks, per dozen \$4
Child's Set, 3 pieces \$1.75
Sugar Shells 65c
Cold Meat Forks \$1
Berry Spoons \$1.50
Butter Knives 50c
Pearl-Handled Fruit Knives, fancy case \$3.75

ALL OTHER LINES AT REDUCED PRICES.

A.H. Trebilcock
Jeweler - 116 Dundas Street

WANT IMPEACHMENT COURT

German Radicals Desire Method of
Reaching Those High in Nation.

Berlin, Dec. 4.—The moderate radical party, at a caucus today, decided to introduce a resolution in the Reichstag for the creation of a high impeachment court, before which the chancellor could be brought to answer for dereliction in his constitutional duties as between the Emperor and the people, or in a case when, although not unconstitutional, the imperial acts through the chancellor may have endangered the realm.

The imperial constitution, unlike some of the German federal state constitutions, does not provide for any method of impeachment. Bismarck, when threatened by his opponents in the Reichstag with having his salary stopped, exclaimed: "I'll sue for it and collect."

The radicals desire that the court shall be a branch of the imperial supreme court, with members representing the several states.

There is no probability, however, of the resolution being accepted. Other party influences are at work among the members of the Reichstag to prevent, as far as possible, a renewal on Dec. 2 of the criticism of the Emperor's personal acts. It is likely that all parties will join in this endeavor except the Socialists and some of the Radicals.

Police Inspector Kelman, Wislaw, Lanarkshire, has after 31 years' service retired on a pension.

The death took place on the 15th ult. at Orchard Place, Hamilton, Lanarkshire, of ex-Bailie Wm. Brown, in his 78th year.

What Ladies Should Buy

That the larger business concerns are endeavoring to encourage mail order business is in evidence by the announcement of Messrs. A. Clubb & Sons, the well-known retail cigar and tobacco importers and manufacturers, of Toronto. A most unique advertisement appears in this issue, in which a list of Christmas presents, in the shape of cigars, pipes, tobacco pouches, cigar cases, ash-trays, match-holders, and every conceivable requisite that a smoker requires appears in the announcement. Besides the particulars, the prices are quoted, and an illustration appears of each article.

This well-known concern is one of the largest tobacco dealers in the country, and their reliability is unquestionable. Londoners are well acquainted with the business premises in Toronto.

For a handsome present to any gentleman friend the ladies should take particular notice of the advertisement in this issue.

Skyscrapers are beginning to make their appearance along the Chicago River, between the fork and the mouth of the stream. A few years ago only dingy two and three story structures and great brown elevators bordered the river. Now the stream flows proudly under the eaves of high architectural design. Another changed style is that of the bridges. Bascules are the proper thing nowadays, and soon the old swing structures, with their rickety wooden piers, will be of the past with the old-fashioned schooners with their sails and masts. Lady Belhaven's annual prizes for literary treatment of ponies on Wislaw estate, Lanarkshire, have just been distributed.

HOLIDAY GOODS ARE IN DEMAND

Bradstreet's Reports From Chief
Commercial Centres of the
Dominion.

London reports to Bradstreet's say there has been a better tone to the movement of wholesale and retail lines with the arrival of colder weather. A fairly good sorting trade is now moving in nearly all lines. The demand for holiday goods has been fairly brisk, and the outlook favors a good spring business.

Ottawa reports say trade has picked up considerably during the last week. There is now some sorting business for winter lines and the movement of holiday lines is just opening. Local industries are fairly busy and there is less complaint on the matter of collections.

Montreal trade reports to Bradstreet's say there has been little change in trade conditions here during the past week. Cold weather has given encouragement to the retailers, and there has been some resultant activity in the sorting trade in heavy drygoods and winter lines generally. The trade of the season so far has been moderate. In general lines trade has been holding off, although there is every indication that a good holiday business will be done. The grocery trade reports fairly good activity in this connection. The movement in metals and for most lines of heavy hardware is lighter, owing to the close of navigation. Sea-active business outside seems to be picking up somewhat, as orders covering fairly wide ranges of lines have been coming in, and further improvement is reported in connections. Most lines of produce are coming forward well and prices hold steady. The grain movement is going forward rapidly.

Toronto reports say: The volume of business moving here during the past week was heavy when compared with what was usual a month or so ago. The arrival of really cold weather has given a decided impetus to the demand for reasonable lines. This is particularly the case in heavy drygoods. Retailers have been carrying light stocks, and they are beginning to replenish. The hardware trade shows little change. The demand for general lines is fairly active, and prices are heavy. Holiday groceries and most staples are moving steadily. The holiday trade is generally fair, although in some lines it is reported that orders are light. It is stated retailers have delayed placing orders for goods which they will soon need, and that the last-minute trade is likely to be a heavy one. Country trade is more active. A fairly good number of country buyers have been here recently and they left orders indicating some confidence for the future. Collections are generally satisfactory. A peculiar improvement is noted in those from the west.

Winnipeg reports say: All lines of trade here are busily engaged. The wholesale demand is heavy for all lines, and the chief difficulty is the shortage of cars in which to move the goods. The sorting trade in drygoods for winter use is brisk, and all lines of holiday goods are moving freely. Considerably over half a million bushels of grain and stock are looking for buyers, and have gone to the lake ports, and plenty of money is now circulating through the country. The demand for holiday goods is brisk. The trade will be heavy and the outlook for spring business never was brighter at any previous season.

Vancouver and Victoria reports say: General trade holds a steady tone all along the coast. The wholesale demand for most lines of goods is about normal and connections are generally good. Retailers are looking for a fairly good holiday trade and have bought fairly good parcels of goods. Provincial industries keep moderately busy. The shipping trade has been active, and it is reported that sales of Canadian grain in the Orient will be heavier than those of last year.

Quebec.—Trade conditions are much about the same as the preceding week. Cold weather is badly wanted to revive business. Active preparations are under way among the retail trade for the holidays and good displays are in evidence. Failures of the week are few and insignificant.

Hamilton reports to Bradstreet's say trade there keeps fairly steady. The volume of general trade shows fairly slight improvement and movement of drygoods and clothing. Indications for the holiday trade are generally considered good. Collections are fairly satisfactory.

AN APPRECIATION OF JOHN CAMERON

Postmaster Gibson, of Ingersoll, Pays
Him a Heartfelt Tribute.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:
I left my home this morning for the purpose of attending the funeral of the late John Cameron, only to discover that I had made a mistake in the date, and that the burial of my dear departed friend took place yesterday. It will be some time before I can forgive myself for my error. However, I must do the next best thing. I can to repair my oversight. I, therefore, drop you a line or two. It is my good fortune to know your late postmaster for the last thirty years. In the political arena I always found him, no matter how bitter party strife raged around him, willing to deal fairly with his political opponents. As a journalist he recognized the fact that there was "rough ground" in the country like Canada. For two men to honestly differ regarding a public issue but it was for the moral fibre of the man, which found its expression in the great struggle ever going on in behalf of truth and sobriety, that I learned to love him, and as president of the alliance I desire to express in

my feeble way the debt of gratitude which the temperance movement owes to the splendid service which he rendered, during a lifetime devoted to the cause which has for its object the suppression of the liquor traffic. In our councils he was full of zeal and wisdom, two qualities which you do not often find combined in the same man, and last, but not least, he was a true friend.

On Sunday last at the close of my address in the auditorium, he came up to the platform and took me by the hand and expressed his appreciation of my humble efforts. Little did I think that the hand that grasped mine so warmly would soon be cold in death. In a sense he has left us, and yet the life that he lived and the deeds which he performed for the betterment of mankind will ever remain to inspire us to nobler deeds and create in us a lasting desire to follow in his footsteps. Yours sincerely,
JOSEPH GIBSON,
Postmaster, Ingersoll, Dec. 4, 1908.

UNLUCKY FRIDAY HALTS THE WAR

But Haytian Rebels Will Start
Again Today in March on
the Capital.

Port-au-Prince, Dec. 4.—General Simon with his army is at the very gates of Port-au-Prince only awaiting the morrow to enter the capital triumphantly at the head of his 6,000 men. Had it not been that today was Friday—a day that is held in superstition by Haytiens is one of ill-omen—that fifteen miles separating them from the capital would have proved no obstacle and tonight the victorious revolutionists would have been within the city. The delegation sent out from Port-au-Prince yesterday met General Simon today at Carrefour, where he is lodged at the Villa Monrepa, a fine house built by ex-President Hippolyte. The general assured the delegation that his men were well disciplined, and would make a peaceful entry into Port-au-Prince.

Among the lower classes General Simon is very popular. The better classes are more reserved in their opinion of him, and would have preferred a man more refined than he for the presidency. They are resigned, however, to accepting General Simon. Ex-President Nord will go to Jamaica.

NILESTOWN.

Nilestown, Dec. 5.—Wednesday evening, Dec. 3, is the date fixed for holding the big annual Christmas tree entertainment. The programme committee are jubilant over anticipated success. New stars have been discovered in the systems of elocution, poetry, dialogues and drills, whose lights are expected to shine upon the occasion with rarest intensity. "The Finlaggan Flannigan Guards" Christmas parade will wake up any audience, and this is only one of many unique features of the programme.

Mr. James Connor, preparing to erect a new brick residence, May of the material is already upon the site, and if the weather is favorable, operations will begin at once. Joseph O'Brien, who bought the O'Neil property adjoining Mr. Connor's place, has been sent to Mrs. Leonard, asking her to reconsider her decision. Mrs. Leonard agreed to resume her office, if the motion of the January meeting, regarding the design of the monument was sustained, as it was considered that after all the designs had been received, this was the most honorable thing to do. The matter was brought up at a meeting specially called for the purpose, and the motion sustained, and it seems strange that in the face of the petition and decision, that the agitation is still going on.

"At the last regular meeting of the executive held in November, at which Mrs. Leonard presided, a vote was made that the sculptor be instructed to go on with his work according to the original design submitted. This motion was carried by the large majority of 22 to 7, yet still the agitation goes on, despite the fact that the wishes of the London Chapter have been very evidently stated by the above majority."

The motion of the executive at last took the drastic measure of writing to the sculptor, telling him that if he went on with the work it would be at his own expense. This action was considered very high-handed, and a direct infringement of the rights of the London Chapter, who have borne all the labor connected with making the monument a possibility.

"Some years ago, a difficulty which caused a similar disruption arose in the society, and at that time a committee of trustees was organized, so that the completion of the work might not be hampered by the difficulties. This committee was composed of Col. Little, Major Beattie, and Mrs. F. E. Leonard, and it is not unlikely that this committee will be again brought into requisition.

Despite the difficulty, the work is rapidly nearing completion and the citizens may be assured of a very artistic and beautiful monument."

HIS HEAD SEVERED.

Ottawa, Dec. 4.—The body of Honore Ancill, aged 31 years, was found beside the C. P. R. tracks where they cross St. Florent street, Hull. A light engine is thought to have struck him. The head was severed and butted badly. An inquest will be held.

TRADE WITH MEXICO.

Ottawa, Dec. 4.—A. A. Donley, reporting from Mexico, tells the trade and commerce department that while there has been a falling off in the country's trade, Canada and Great Britain have not suffered to any extent. Imports from Canada increased from \$23,000 to \$406,000, while those from the United States fell from \$73,000,000 to \$55,000,000.

There are 200 in Wislaw burgh in Lanarkshire claiming old age pensions.

STATEMENT ABOUT THE MONUMENT

Some History Bearing Upon the
Beginning of Movement
Years Ago.

The following statement has been made to The Advertiser in regard to the differences which have arisen respecting the design for the soldiers' monument to be erected in Victoria Park. The division of opinion is due to the fact that some of the members of the local chapters of the Daughters of the Empire object to the design decided upon, because it is one with a soldier's figure on the top, and medallions of the late Queen on the square. They prefer a statue of the Queen to crown the monument, with medallions of soldiers on the sides.

The statement is as follows: "At the regular January meeting of the Daughters of the Empire it was decided to ask for tenders for a monument to be erected to the Queen and soldiers, and it was further decided by vote that the figure on the monument should be that of a soldier, with a bronze medallion of the Queen at the front of the pedestal. A copy of the resolution was then sent to the national executive in Toronto, and no exception was taken to it at the time. It was not till April, after the design for the monument had been received from all the sculptors, according to the specifications sent them, that word was received from the national council saying that the design was not favored by that body, on the ground that it placed the Queen in a secondary position, and hence was not a loyal representation. The ladies of the London chapters, on the other hand, claim that in the design chosen the medallion of the Queen has the place of honor. The sculptor's interpretation of his work bears out this view. The soldier is a symbolical figure, typifying service, while the Queen is personal, and by the inherent dignity of her office, could not be secondary. The example of Augustus Rodin's great memorial statue to Whistler, where there is a life-sized figure of fame, and in the forefront of the pedestal a medallion of Whistler. In this case, the medallion was evidently considered the place of honor, and the work was adjudged perfect by most of the great artists of two continents. It is an accepted fact that permission was asked and received from the national executive for the erection of the monument; also the specifications were sent to that body at the same time, and it is contended that the monument is being erected according to the plan agreed upon."

"Matters reached a climax in June when the president of the national executive came unexpectedly to an executive meeting of the local chapter, and after considerable discussion overthrew the ruling of the local regent, and stated that she distinctly forbade a monument not in accordance with her wishes being erected. The members who had by their own exertion raised all the funds, considered this action very arbitrary; as the money was all collected here, they considered that the London people should have some voice concerning the manner in which it should be expended. The local regent immediately handed in her resignation. This was greatly regretted, and a largely signed petition from all the chapters, save the Lord Robert Chapter, was sent to Mrs. Leonard, asking her to reconsider her decision. Mrs. Leonard agreed to resume her office, if the motion of the January meeting, regarding the design of the monument was sustained, as it was considered that after all the designs had been received, this was the most honorable thing to do. The matter was brought up at a meeting specially called for the purpose, and the motion sustained, and it seems strange that in the face of the petition and decision, that the agitation is still going on."

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An Ideal Christmas Present

THE WONDERS OF VACUUM CLEANING

The Only Thoroughly Efficient and Strictly Sanitary
Cleaning System the World Has Ever Known

BROUGHT WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL

Ideal Vacuum Cleaner

Operated by Hand Or with Electric Motor

"It Eats Up the Dirt"

The IDEAL VACUUM CLEANER is the perfection of the modern Vacuum Cleaning System—the only system by which dirt, bad odors, vermin, germs and disease can be effectively fought and conquered.

With the IDEAL VACUUM CLEANER you simply place the nozzle of the hose against whatever object you want to clean, and instantly EVERY PARTICLE OF DIRT, dust and grit ON the object, IN the object, and UNDER the object, IS SUCKED INTO THE HOSE. And along with the dirt go germs, moths, vermin—nothing can escape that suction force. IT IS THE ONLY REALLY DUSTLESS SYSTEM.

Makes Your Carpet Look Like New

The hand machine puts absolutely no tax on the strength. Compared with sweeping it is ease itself. The motor of the electric machine is readily attached to any electric light fixture. The machine weighs only twenty pounds and is easily carried about. It is of the strongest metal construction throughout.

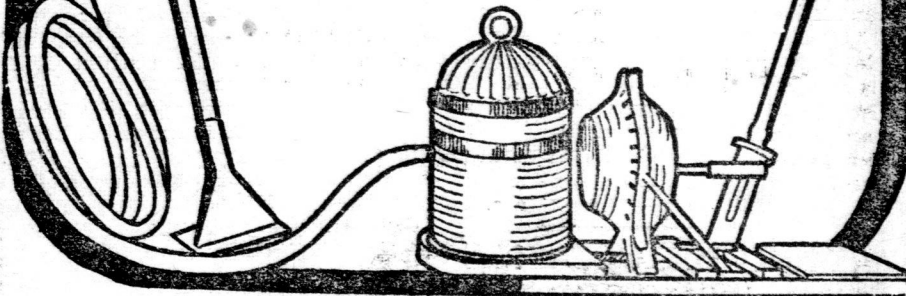
Within the Reach of All

If you wonder how this low-priced machine can contain right within itself all the parts of a thoroughly efficient Vacuum Cleaning System, let us enlighten you.

Our catalogue and illustrated booklet give full, complete and interesting information about every phase of the cleaning problem.

Time is short! Christmas is fast approaching. Write to us at once, Dept. B.

THE
American Vacuum Cleaner Co.
GUELPH, ONTARIO, CANADA.



THE OSTERMOOR MATTRESS



Regular Sizes and Prices
4 ft. 6 in. wide, 45 lbs. \$15.00
4 ft. 6 in. wide, 45 lbs. \$14.00
5 ft. 6 in. wide, 45 lbs. \$12.50
5 ft. 6 in. wide, 45 lbs. \$11.00
5 ft. 6 in. wide, 45 lbs. \$9.50
All 6 ft. 3 in. long.
Made in a pair, 50c extra.

P. T. Barnum once said, "The people like to be fooled," but times have changed since Barnum's day. The people do not like to be fooled—and they will not be fooled if they can help it. The way the great majority of thinking people now buy goods of established, trade-marked merit proves it.

For over fifty years the Ostermoor has been the only well-known and trade-marked Mattress. And thinking people have come to recognize the Ostermoor trade-mark shown above as a guarantee of quality.

Mr. H. N. Bate, one of Ottawa's leading business men, bought an Ostermoor Mattress in 1853—55 years ago—and in a letter to the makers, speaks thus highly of it,—

"The Ostermoor Mattress you sold me fifty years ago has been in constant use in our house ever since, and, I am glad to say, has given great satisfaction."

This is the opinion of scores of prominent, wealthy Canadians, who can afford to pay any price for a mattress.

We are agents for the genuine Ostermoor Mattress, and endorse the makers' guarantee of lifetime satisfaction to you. 30

THE ONTARIO FURNITURE CO.
228-230 DUNDAS ST.

Two of Tolstoy's grandchildren, Count Loulou Tolstoy, a black-eyed, charming little boy of 5, and his sister, Sonia, aged perhaps 7, are at present staying in England. Their mother has lived in England for some years, and the children speak English and Russian equally well. None of Tolstoy's children seems to have any marked literary gift, although all of them have wayward strains of genius, manifesting itself mostly in a talent for music.

In the districts of Zoutpansberg and Transkei, Cape Colony, live small groups of white men, cut off from civilization, on the borders of or even within the native reserves. Degraded whites actually squat on the grounds of Kaffir chiefs. Many of these settlers are of British descent, and in some cases this state of affairs has lasted for twenty years. All ideas of law, order and authority have vanished, and in the case of a native rising there would be no choice for these outcasts except murder or active complicity in the rebellion.

ODD MIX-UP OVER A MACHINE

Agent Carries Off Top, Bu: Lady
Quickly Rescues—Gets
Into Court.

A peculiar case over a sewing machine was the principal item of interest at this morning's session of the police court. According to the evidence offered Mrs. Maude Shaw bought a sewing machine from an agent in 1904, and was to pay for it on the instalment plan. The total cost was to be \$45, and Mrs. Shaw to date had paid \$42 50. For some reason she had not been able to make a payment lately and yesterday afternoon the company's agent asked for the money. According to Mrs. Shaw she went out to borrow it and after waiting for ten minutes the agent removed the top or working part of the machine and started away. After going about a block he stopped at a house and made a collection, leaving the machine top in his wagon. Mrs. Shaw in the meantime had returned, saw what had happened, and started out to find the man and recover the missing part of her machine. Seeing it in the wagon outside another person's house she carried it back home. The agent came back a few minutes later, having through a window seen the woman going down the street with the top of the machine. He knocked at the door repeatedly, but got no reply. The matter was placed in the hands of the police, and Detective Nickle went over and secured the machine top and served Mrs. Shaw with a summons, charging her with stealing. In court this morning Mrs. Shaw said she thought because she had paid so much on the machine it was her property. The magistrate, however, read her the contract she had signed, in which it was distinctly stated that until the whole amount was paid the property was still the company's. Mrs. Shaw said she could not pay the \$2 50 just then, as her husband was out of work. Inspector Sanders came to the rescue and guaranteed the amount, paying \$10 on the spot. This satisfied the sewing machine people, and the machine was returned to Mrs. Shaw.

BROKEN WINDOWS BLAMED ON CHILDREN

Engineer Declares School Children
Responsible for Them.

City Engineer Graydon wrote to Chief Williams this morning calling his attention to the fact that broken windows had been broken in the Hygienic Institute, the Isolation Hospital and the East End Fire Hall. He also wrote to Inspector Edwards saying that the children from the schools had broken the windows, and asked that a stop be put to the practice. "If the police would only send a plain clothes man to these places, the trouble would soon stop," said Mr. Graydon. "A large sum of money has been invested in the buildings, and it is a pity that they should be so badly used."

MEMORABLE OCCASION FOR MYSTIC SHRINERS

When New Recruits Will Traverse the
"Hot Sands."

The Mystic Shriner of Mocha Temple are preparing to make the trip of the candidates over the hot sands a most memorable occasion. From all quarters come reports that many nobles have set out on their pilgrimage for London, and that they will arrive on schedule time, albeit they may be footsore and weary. This morning the reception committee, composed of illustrious Nobles Thos. Rowe, chairman; Ill. Noble Thos. Allan, vice-chairman; Ill. Noble Mayor Stevely, honorary chairman, and Nobles Ald. D. Ferguson, J. Milton Pike, K. C.; C. W. McGuire, H. W. Lind, H. E. Buttery, Lyell Johnston, Dr. F. L. Hudson, E. S. Crawford, B. W. Bennett, John Graham, W. C. Southcott, J. R. Clunis, J. A. Tancock, Ben. Noble, A. E. Somerville, J. F. Evans, J. H. Cook and A. H. Brenner, assembled at the city hall to make arrangements for the welcoming of the illustrious guests. They were divided into committees to meet all incoming trains, and escort the brethren to the oasis, where they will find food and shelter.

Immediate Past Imperial Potentate Frank C. Roundy, of Chicago, will arrive at 11:23, and will be met by a distinguished gathering of the brethren. Among the other prominent guests will be Ill. Potentate Lloyd Westbrook, of Ismailia Temple, Buffalo, who has been sought by the members; Ill. Potentate W. Vansickle, of Moslem Temple, Detroit, and officers and twenty men, with many other visitors.

Dunn's band has been engaged to welcome all the visitors, and next Friday will see a great day for higher Masonry.

There will be some joy.

Personal Mention

Miss Winnie Sipp, Winnipeg, is spending a few days with her brother Mr. Art Sipp.

Mr. W. J. Dennen, of the firm of Cleghorn & Dennen, Winnipeg, has been visiting his brother-in-law, Mr. Art Sipp, for the past few days.

BIRTHS.

ARDIEL—On Nov. 21, 1908, to Mr. and Mrs. George Ardell, of Bryanston, a daughter.

A PRESENTATION TO BRO. LEN SMITH

Lodge 209a, A., F. and A. M., Held
Meeting Last Night and Honored
Worthy Brother.

At the regular meeting of St. John's Lodge, No. 209a, A., F. and A. M., last night, Bro. Len Smith, who is leaving London, was presented with a handsome travelling bag. The presentation was made by Dr. J. H. Wilson, who, on behalf of the members, assured Bro. Smith of the regret all felt in losing him, and wished him continued success in Detroit.

Officers Elected.
During the evening the officers for the year were elected as follows: W. M., D. H. Bowen; S. W., Jared Vining; J. W., Dr. Santo; treasurer, John Graham; secretary, J. E. Keenleyside; S. D., F. Palmer; J. D., T. E. Elliott; I. G., F. E. Harley; organist, W. E. Taylor; director of ceremonies, W. T. Fuller; S. S., Geo. Logan; J. S., A. T. Smith; Tyler, J. Robinson; representative to benevolent board, C. Q. Morrow; finance committee, Bros. Rowat, Keenleyside and Line; auditors, Bros. Sceraton and Southcott.

Following the election of officers, a banquet was held, at which speeches of a fraternal character were made by O. Ellwood, A. T. Smith, Major Beattie, G. Bott, and G. W. Tambling, while songs were sung by Bros. Nash, Robert, and Carrothers.

WAS IN TWO MONTHS JUDGE WAS LENIENT

Edgar Neville, who was arrested on Sept. 9, on the charge of obtaining goods under false pretences, and who has since been in jail, came up before Judge Macbeth today and elected to be tried by the judge. As he was under the influence of liquor at the time, and as he had already been two months in prison, the judge said he would not inflict a heavy penalty. Neville was sentenced for one month on each charge, the sentence to run concurrently.

E. Oskaton, of Dorchester, who since his arrest on the charge of stealing several articles from Dr. Williams' Hotel, Dorchester, on June 13, and has since been out on bail, came up before Judge Macbeth today and asked for a summary trial. He was let go on suspended sentence.

MR. DALY DINED BY SENATOR COFFEY

Pleasant Event Last Evening at the
London Club.

A very pleasant dinner was tendered Mr. Thomas Augustine Daly, the noted Irish-American poet and journalist, of Philadelphia, by Senator Thomas Coffey, at the London Club, last evening. Among those invited to meet the guest were Rev. Father Tobin, Rev. Father O'Neill, Capt. T. J. Murphy, P. W. C. McCutcheon, Dr. C. L. T. Campbell, Mr. Sheriff Cameron, Frank Lawson, R. Hubert Dignan, W. McPhillips, A. E. Miller, P. McDonough, Philip Fock, C. M. R. Graham and J. O. Dromgoole.

Dr. C. L. Campbell proposed the health of the guest of the evening. He referred to the rapid progress Mr. Daly was making in the field of letters, and of the wholesome tone and rare wit and pathos to be found in all his writings.

Mr. Daly responded briefly, and recited some of his best poems in a most delightful manner.

Short speeches were delivered by Senator Coffey, Sheriff Cameron, Principal McCutcheon, Frank Lawson and others.

The guests had many kind words to say for Senator Coffey and his delightful hospitality.

COUNTY COURT CASES

Two More Jury and One Non-Jury
Case Added to List.

Three more cases are entered to appear before the county court on Dec. 8, the first two being jury cases and the last a non-jury case. They are: The International Harvester Company vs. James Nichols—The company delivered to the defendant at Stratford on Sept. 25, 1906, a six-foot binder, for which he was to pay \$145, or give promissory notes for that amount. The defendant failed to give the note, and the company is suing for the \$145.

Messrs. Macpherson & Poirer are acting for the plaintiff, and H. C. Pope for the defendant.

Charles N. Carrothers vs. William Brownell, Wm. A. Barron and Henry Barron—The plaintiff has purchased lot No. 5, on the fifth concession of the township of Westminster. He claims that the defendants did not yield possession, and that the terms of the lease were misrepresented. He claims damages and demands delivery of the land.

Messrs. Buchner & Gunn act for the plaintiff, and J. M. McEvoy for the defendants.

Samuel Stanlake & Son vs. W. S. Briers Barkwell—An action returned from the light court. The plaintiffs claim the defendant promised to pay \$3,000, and failed to do so, and they sue for the amount.

Messrs. Dickson & Carling, Exeter, act for the plaintiff, and Messrs. Robinson & Green, of St. Thomas, for the defence.

The Care of Consumption.
Apropos of what the Windsor lady said to The Advertiser yesterday, another friend of the consumptive remarks that should the city purchase the cottages now under consideration, time will prove the error of such a course. "Tubercular patients," she said, "should have the benefit of pure air outside the city. What other cities have done might in some measure relieve the city of London. Expert opinion has been sought regarding the water supply. Quite as much wisdom is required in dealing with the health of the city. Let those in authority wake up and find what system has been successfully carried out elsewhere in the treatment of tuberculosis."

Local Items

Card of Thanks.
Ald. Richard Booth desires to thank all those who were so kind to himself and family in their recent bereavement in the death of Mrs. Booth.

Missouri Resident Dead.
A well-known resident of West Nisour died at her home, lot 22, com. 6, yesterday, in the person of Mrs. Margaret Davies, wife of Robert Davies. Mrs. Davies was 57 years old. The funeral will be held on Sunday to Visiting Cemetery.

A. O. U. W. Entertainment.
The A. O. U. W. lodges of London will hold an open meeting and entertainment in the city hall on Wednesday evening, Dec. 9. A large number of the friends of the order should be present, as a programme of merit is promised by the officers.

Opening Services.
The new Knollwood Park Presbyterian Church, corner of Oxford and Quebec streets, will hold their opening services tomorrow afternoon at 3:15 o'clock. Rev. J. G. Inkster, of First Presbyterian Church, will preach, and the choir of New St. James' Church will assist.

Has Withdrawn Charge.
The case of Abraham Rosenfeldt, charged with cruelty to animals, will be heard before Magistrate Love this afternoon, and it is likely that the charge will be withdrawn, as evidence will be offered to show that the horse was being driven by order of a veterinary surgeon.

Late Mrs. McMullen.
Mrs. Mary McMullen, wife of the late William McMullen, died last night at the family residence, 16 Regent street, after a brief illness. Mrs. McMullen was 26 years old, and was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Everett, of Saskatchewan. The funeral, which will be private, will be held on Monday afternoon at Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

Trafalgar Lodge Elects.
Trafalgar Lodge, Sons of England, elected officers on Thursday evening for the coming year, as follows: President, Fred Walker; vice-president, Ed Walker; secretary, Thomas May; physician, Dr. Hadley Thompson; inner guard, H. Gardner; outer guard, Walter Lennard; chaplain, E. W. Wiggitt; past president, P. W. Robins; treasurer, Dr. H. A. Thompson; committee, Alf Gardner, F. Spencer, James Barefoot and J. Walters; trustees, Messrs. Grigg, Pritchett and S. Cooke; auditors, Thomas May, Jun., and J. A. Barefoot.

Good Templars' Concert.
Hope of the West Lodge, 216, I. O. G. T., held a very successful entertainment at the Southern Congregational Church, the other night. A very interesting programme was rendered, consisting of solos by Misses Dixon, Moulle, Russell, Robins, Mrs. Provan, Messrs. Rhyby, Johnson, Taylor; band and mandolin selection. Mr. Rhyby, readings, Mrs. H. Johnson and others.

Bro. J. A. Bailey presided and the accompaniments were rendered by Mr. George E. Gosling, organist of the First Church.

May Form a Branch.
A Quebec paper says: Mrs. B. B. Ives, "Wimburst," at an afternoon tea yesterday gave opportunity for several representative ladies to meet Mrs. Graham, of London, Ont., who is much interested in the National Council of Women. This council was formed fifteen years ago in Canada, and has increased in membership and influence ever since. Mrs. Graham, in the short time at her disposal, gave some very interesting statements as to the work and scope of the council, and as a result there is some prospect of a branch being formed in Sherbrooke in the near future.

The Y. M. C. A.
The first businessmen's bowling tournament at the Y. M. C. A. was completed last night, and was so successful that another series of games will be arranged for after the holiday season. In the games yesterday Smith and McDonald were the winners. This makes the teams captained by G. A. Anderson and E. A. Smith a tie for first place. The tie will be played off on Tuesday afternoon.

E. A. Smith 116 88-204
J. Brastow 141 110-251
G. Baldwin 121 116-237
F. A. Lemon 88 121-209

Totals 466 435-901
G. A. Anderson 130 111-241
W. Ross 121 80-201
C. E. Black 93 87-180
F. Sutherland 168 117-223

Totals 449 395-844
Smith won by 57 pins.
F. W. Sutherland 115 95-210
J. H. Fullerton 92 83-175
F. W. Judd 122 110-232
J. B. Davidson 110 110-220

Totals 439 398-837
W. V. McDonald 129 87-216
B. Marlatt 117 118-235
G. Robinson 100 133-239
W. W. Boughner 86 92-178

Totals 432 436-868
McDonald won by 31 pins.

New Grand Opera.
George M. Cohan's musical play, "My Girl from Boston," was well received at the New Grand last night, every seat being taken. Patrons pronounce it one of the best shows that has visited St. Thomas since the days of J. H. Stoddard.

Canadian Stock Quarantine.
The local railroad officials received word today that a quarantine had been placed on all Canadian stock for market in the quarantine existing in Michigan and New York states against things look rather blue to the railroad men, who are the backbone of St. Thomas.

Manager Balsdon of the St. Thomas Railway has placed inspectors on the trolley ropes on the local street cars to prevent the much-talked-of danger of short circuit from the higher voltage of the Traction Company's line, which runs along Talbot street.

Going to Ilderton.
A Pontypool special says: Rev. J. F. Chapman has accepted an invitation to Ilderton, near London, and will be expected to be transferred to the London Methodist Conference. Mr. Chapman is completing a three years' pastorate in the Methodist Church at Pontypool, and was invited to remain a fourth year. The present pastor at Ilderton, has accepted an invitation to Tweed, Bay of Quinte Conference.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.
Dec. 5—At Boston—Hesperian, from Glasgow.
At Halifax—Granville, from Liverpool.
At Liverpool—Sylvia, from Boston; Empress of Britain, from Quebec.
At Manchester—Iberian, from Boston.
At Plymouth—America, from New York.
At Southampton—Teutonic, from New York.
At St. Michael's—Republic, from New York.
At New York—Victoria, from Liverpool.
At St. John—Empress of Ireland, from Liverpool.

**ACCEPTS CALL OF
CHRISTIAN WORKERS**
Rev. George Mackenzie, of Kingston, to Take a London Pulpit.

Rev. George Mackenzie, of the Baptist Church, in Kingston, has accepted the call extended to him by the Christian Workers' Church of this city, and will take charge of his new work about the first of the year. Mr. Mackenzie is a brother of Rev. H. A. Mackenzie, formerly pastor of the Christian Workers' Church, but now of Cleveland. He is a young man, but has had a long experience in church work, having been in Kingston for five years, and previous to that was prominently identified with Salvation Army work in England.

**CATTLE PRICES
LIKELY TO GO UP**
The slaughter of cattle that the American inspectors are making in their efforts to stamp out the foot and mouth disease, will, without any doubt, have the effect of raising prices of Canadian cattle considerably. Already there is a considerable demand for Canadian cattle, and as the demand at home is practically equal to the supply now, there is sure to be a scarcity and a consequent raising of prices. The market is already much firmer, and in the course of a week or so butchers are looking for a rise in prices.

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At St. John—Empress of Ireland, from Liverpool.

**Latest Stock
Market Reports**
COBALT MINING STOCKS.
Noon quotations on Cobalt mining stock telegraphed to the Advertiser by Edward Crony & Co., members of the Toronto Stock Exchange:
Toronto, Dec. 5.—Following are the

FINE STRUCTURE FOR ST. THOMAS

Work on Engineers' Building Is
Progressing Rapidly—Typhoid
Still Prevails.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
St. Thomas, Dec. 5.—Mr. L. Miller, secretary of the Railroad Hospital Association, left for Chicago last night to meet Conductor P. Soavey of the M. C. R., who has been under treatment at Rochester, N. D.

W. L. Kellogg, superintendent of motive power of the Pere Marquette system at Detroit, is in the city on business.

The new system adopted by the city for the collection of unpaid dog tax is meeting with much success, to the great relief of the delinquents.

St. Thomas citizens seem to be in favor of Sunday cars. The petitions now in circulation are being readily ratified by the ratepayers.

The funeral of the late Wm. Strud took place this afternoon to St. Thomas Cemetery.

Typhoid still prevails in the city. Three new cases being reported—Mr. Lew Egan, of Egan Bros.; Mr. Fred Chalmers, of the St. Thomas Lunch, and Miss Doherty Vosburg, daughter of Mr. W. Vosburg, St. Catherine street.

Allen Coats, who was arrested with George Hunt on Aug. 3, for breaking into and stealing a ride in a bond-car, was taken to Brockville this morning by Brockville's chief of police, where he is to face a charge of burglary.

While Gilbert North was wending his way homeward from his daily toil at Still's factory, he encountered an enemy on Centre street with whom he had words which led to him being knocked out by a blow on the face.

The case will likely be heard in the police court in the near future.

There was a disturbance at the City Hotel last night, which the police were called to settle, but when P. C. McCully arrived the offenders had gone.

The engineers' building, which is being erected just east of the city hall, is progressing rapidly, the foundation being now completed. Judging from the appearance of the present finished portion, it promises to be valuable addition to the Railroad City's fine structures.

The Ross street subway still continues to be somewhat hindered by the cold snap, which is making things disagreeable for the excavators.

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.
Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.
Chicago, Dec. 5.

Wheat—Open. High. Low. Close.
December 1 05 1 05 1 05 1 05
May 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10

Corn—
December 61 62 61 61
May 63 63 63 63

Oats—
December 40 40 40 40
May 42 42 42 42

Barley—
December 9 9 9 9
May 10 10 10 10

Flour—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Wool—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Gold—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Silver—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Iron—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Steel—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Coal—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Oil—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Gas—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Electric—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Water—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Telephone—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Post Office—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Telegraph—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Bank—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

DO YOU USE IT? STRONG'S BAKING POWDER

No powder can be purer—very very few are as pure—and none of the powders so widely advertised can approach it, either as to purity, strength or freshness. Regardless of price, Strong's Baking Powder is the best powder on the market. Buying it at 25c a pound, you receive just double the value that you get in any other good powder.

Strong's Drug Store
184 DUNDAS STREET.
Graduate pharmacists only fill prescriptions here.

noon quotations on the mining exchange: Beaver 33, Chambers 35, Reserve 258, Cobalt Lake 19, Conlagas 6, Foster 41, Mehan 25, Kerr Lake 6, La Rosa 672, Nipissing 10, Otis 48, Peterson Lake 34, Scotia 61, Leaf 13, Temiskaming 159, Threwey 145.

NEW YORK.
Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.
New York, Dec. 5.

Open. High. Low. Close.
Amalgamated 85 85 83 83
Am. Locomotive 55 55 53 53
American Foundry 45 45 43 43
American Refining 92 92 90 90
Atchafalca 42 42 40 40
Baltimore & Ohio 108 108 106 106
Brooklyn Union 17 17 15 15
Canadian Pacific 177 177 175 175
Chesapeake & Ohio 53 53 51 51
Chicago & North 117 117 115 115
Col. Fuel & Iron 42 42 40 40
Distillers 34 34 32 32
Erie 24 24 22 22
Gen. S. & W. 45 45 43 43
Ill. Northern, pfd. 144 144 142 142
Illinois Central 152 152 150 150
Kansas & Texas 39 39 37 37
Louisville & Nash, pfd. 71 71 69 69
Missouri Pacific 67 67 65 65
New York Central 117 117 115 115
Northern Pacific 145 145 143 143
National Lead 84 84 82 82
Packers & Western 82 82 80 80
Pacific Mail 38 38 36 36
Pennsylvania 130 130 128 128
People's Gas 100 100 98 98
Reading Steel Car 30 30 28 28
Rock Island 138 138 136 136
Republic Steel 26 26 24 24
Rock Lake 24 24 22 22
Southern Railway 24 24 22 22
Southern Ry., pfd. 118 118 116 116
St. Paul 118 118 116 116
St. Paul & Northern Pac. 118 118 116 116
Union Pacific 118 118 116 116
U. S. Steel 54 54 52 52
U. S. Steel pfd. 117 117 115 115
Wabash, com. 17 17 15 15
Wabash, pfd. 42 42 40 40
Western Union 71 71 69 69

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.
Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.
Chicago, Dec. 5.

Wheat—Open. High. Low. Close.
December 1 05 1 05 1 05 1 05
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December 9 9 9 9
May 10 10 10 10

Flour—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Wool—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Gold—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Silver—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
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May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Steel—
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Coal—
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Oil—
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May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Gas—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1 12

Electric—
December 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10
May 1 12 1 12 1 12 1

The Dominion Bank
INCORPORATED 1871. TOTAL ASSETS \$48,000,000
FARMERS' SALE NOTES discounted at lowest current rates.
Special attention given to **Savings Accounts**. Interest paid or added to principal four times a year at highest current rate.
General Banking Business transacted.
LONDON BRANCH: CORNER DUNDAS and TALBOT STS.
C. A. ROSS, Manager.

LOCAL MARKET.
London, Saturday, Dec. 5.
The market today was a fairly representative one for a Saturday. The supply of poultry was the principal feature. Every line in season was well represented, and there was a sufficient quantity offered for the rather slow demand. Prices were unchanged to any extent.
Grain—Oats were not as well represented today as was expected, and there were not over half a dozen loads offered, all the best loads were disposed of at \$1.20 per cwt. Wheat steady, at 90c per bu. Hay and straw—Hay sold at \$11 and \$11.25 per ton for the half-ton loads offered. Straw sold at \$7 per ton.
Butter and Eggs—Butter was in large supply and sales were a little drab, but there was no change in prices; for choice crocks 25c to 26c was paid, and 25c to 26c for pound rolls in wholesale lots; store lots were disposed of at 25c per lb. Eggs were in small supply, and fresh-laid, in the open market they could be had at 25c and 26c per dozen, while in the early fall from 25c to 26c per dozen were asked.

Vegetables and Roots—Potatoes were quite plentiful, and sales were again slow, at 45c to 50c per bag by the load or ton; bag lots, turnips slow, at 40c per bag; carrots, 20c per bu.; beets, 40c per bu.; turnips, 40c per bu.; celery, 20c per doz.; lettuce, 25c to 30c per dozen; new tomatoes sold at 10c to 15c per lb. by the basket.
Poultry—A large quantity on sale; the demand was fair; turkeys sold at 12c to 15c per lb. dressed and 10c to 11c alive; duck, 10c per lb. dressed and 8c to 9c alive; geese, 10c per lb. dressed and 8c to 9c alive.

Apples—There was a large quantity offered, the demand was fair; prices were at 10c to 11c per bushel for choice; 8c to 9c for inferior; for inferior stock, 5c per bushel and 10c per barrel.
Dressed Hops—There was a larger number offered than usual, the demand was fair; prices were at 10c to 11c per cwt. for choice; 8c to 9c for inferior; for inferior stock, 5c per cwt. and 10c per barrel.
Butcher's Meats—Beef sold at 55c to 60c per cwt.; veal, 50c to 55c per cwt.; lamb, 50c per lb. by the carcass; pork, 25c to 30c for forequarters and 30c to 35c for hindquarters.

INSURANCE
FIRE—ACCIDENT—LIFE
Phone 343.
330 Richmond Street.
J. A. NELLES & SON

DAIRY MARKETS.
CHICAGO.
Chicago, Ill., Dec. 4.—Butter—Steady; creameries, 22c to 23c; dairies, 21c to 22c.
NEW YORK.
New York, Dec. 4.—Butter—Steady; creameries, 22c to 23c; dairies, 21c to 22c.
COTTON MARKETS.
NEW YORK.
New York, Dec. 4.—Cotton—Futures closed easy. Closing bids: December, 12 1/2; January, 12 1/4; February, 12 1/4; March, 12 1/4; April, 12 1/4; May, 12 1/4; June, 12 1/4; July, 12 1/4; August, 12 1/4; October, 12 1/4.
SUGAR MARKETS.
NEW YORK.
New York, Dec. 4.—Sugar—Raw steady; refined, 1 1/2c; centrifugal, 9 1/2c; test, 9 1/2c; molasses sugar, 3 1/2c; refined, 10c; molasses, 2 1/2c.

OIL MARKETS.
PITTSBURGH.
Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 4.—Oil opened and closed at 17 1/2.
OIL CITY.
Oil City, Pa., Dec. 4.—Credit balances, 17 1/2.

BUY
EMPIRE
COBALT
ONE OF THE BIG FOUR
CAPITALIZED AT \$3,000,000.
Property comprises 548 acres near centre of Cobalt district. Full particulars on application to

Thos. Raycraft
410 Rectory St. Phone 1735.

PRODUCE MARKETS.
TORONTO.
Toronto, Dec. 5.—The grain markets are unchanged, but with a firm tendency. Dealers have not yet started in large volume. Today's prices are:
Wheat—Ontario No. 2 white or red, outside, 95c to 96c; No. 2 mixed, 94c to 95c; No. 2 coarse wheat, 93c to 94c outside; Manitoba wheat, spot, No. 1 northern, 91c to 92c; No. 2 northern, 90c to 91c; No. 3 northern, 89c to 90c; on track at lake ports.
Rye—No. 2 is offered at 75c.
Oats—Ontario No. 2 white, 80c to 81c outside; No. 2 mixed, 79c to 80c outside; Manitoba No. 2, 78c to 79c outside; on track at lake ports.
Barley—No. 2, 55c to 56c; No. 2 extra, 56c to 57c; No. 2, 54c to 55c.
Corn—Old, 75c to 76c; Toronto freight, 76c to 77c; No. 2 yellow, new No. 3, 75c to 76c; Toronto freight, 76c to 77c.
Buckwheat—No. 2, 74c to 75c outside.
Flour—Manitoba first patent, 58c to 59c; Ontario winter wheat patents, 57c to 58c; Ontario winter wheat patents, 57c to 58c; on buyers' sacks outside.
Peas—No. 2, 85c to 86c outside.
Milled—Barley, \$2.00 per ton in bags outside; shorts, \$2.00 to \$2.10 in bags, outside.

SECURITIES
returning attractive rates of interest, listed and always saleable. Write or telephone 22.
H. C. BECHER, 432 Richmond

ENGLISH MARKET.
LIVERPOOL.
Liverpool, Dec. 4.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 1 red western winter, 5s 11d; futures steady; December, 5s 11d; March, 5s 11d; May, 5s 11d.
Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new (via Galveston), 5s 10d; futures steady; January, 5s 10d; March, 5s 10d; May, 5s 10d.
Butter—Good United States steady, 8s 8d; Canadian steady, 8s 8d; white, quiet, 8s 8d; colored, quiet, 8s 8d.
Peas—Canadian steady, 7s 7d.
Cottonseed Oil (full refined)—Spot firm, 10s.

COUPLE SUFFOCATED.
Williamstown, Conn., Dec. 5.—Timothy Sullivan and his wife, both well advanced in years, were suffocated by smoke during a fire in their home early today. The fire loss was small.

On the 13th ult. at Aldridge, Larnachshire, dean of Guild Court, Mr. McAlister, the new dean, was introduced, and \$23,500 of new property was passed.

At Paisley thieves have made away with seven miles of telephone wire.

GOES DOWN WITH ALL HANDS IN GULF OF ST. LAWRENCE

Former Lake Steamer Soo City, of Chicago, Founders in Terrible Gale Off the Coast of Newfoundland—Twenty-eight Believed To Have Perished.

St. Johns, Nfld., Dec. 5.—Wreckage which has come ashore at Cape Ray leaves slight room for doubt that the sturdy little steamer, Soo City, which for twenty years plied as an excursion vessel on the Great Lakes, went down with her crew in the midst of the gale that lashed the Newfoundland coast for two days this week.

The steamer was in command of Captain John G. Dillon, of Brooklyn, who was formerly commander of the United States Government transport Missouri. A wife and three small children awaited his return home. The exact number of the crew is in doubt. It is known, however, that no less than 18 men were aboard, and it was reported that the crew was recently increased to 28 men.

The Soo City was recently sold by the Indiana Transportation Company to Felix Jackson, of Velasco, Texas, and was being taken to New Orleans, where it had been planned to put her in service between that city and Texas ports. She carried no passengers. She was to be first overhauled in New York and for that purpose had been consigned to Agent T. H. Franklin, of New York.

Missing a Week.
The Soo City sailed from Michigan City on Nov. 1, and reached Ogdensburg, N. Y., Nov. 11. At that point she took on coal and added four men to her crew. Up to that time the steamer was in charge of Captain F. Dority, of Milwaukee, but at Ogdensburg the command was turned over to Captain Dillon. She was last reported at Quebec, Nov. 14. A week later, when nothing had been heard, much anxiety was felt, and on Wednesday last the vessel was listed by the Maritime Exchange among the missing.

The steamer's first mate was John Casey, of Chicago, and the other

known members of the crew follow: Second mate, Angus McIntyre, Chicago; first engineer, Chas. Warwick, Michigan City, Ind.; second engineer, N. J. Duncan, Chicago; purser, James Anderson, Montague, Mich.; oilers, Frank Kelly, Alpena, Mich.; and Geo. Brown, Chicago; firemen, Frank Schwing, Michigan City, Ind., and Samuel Olebsky, Chicago; coal passer, E. L. Weaver, Dowagiac, Mich.; and another man, name unknown to Mr. Greenbaum, who shipped at Ogdensburg; chief, Max Sanders, Chicago; second cook, Chas. Warner, Chicago. The first mate came from New York, but the name was not known here.

Today a deck cabin and fittings and 16 life-preservers came ashore. These all bore the name Soo City or other marks, identifying them as belonging to the lake steamer.

During the day life buoys, deck boards and other gear, unquestionably belonging to the steamer, were washed in.

The storm that wrecked the Soo City was one of the severest of recent years. It began Tuesday night with a northerly gale that continued for 48 hours, assuming at times the fury of a blizzard.

The same gale caught and drove to pieces no less than ten Newfoundland fishing vessels, and while seven of the crews escaped, three boat crews, with a total of 17 persons perished. It is believed that the Soo City was caught in the Gulf of St. Lawrence when the storm was at its height.

The Soo City was 438 tons net, and was built at West Bay City, Mich., in 1888. She was valued at \$35,000, and hailed from Chicago. From the first she was used as an excursion steamer on Lakes Huron and Michigan, and usually carried a crew of 28 men.

When she was sent away light she carried only about half the ordinary crew, but this number was augmented at ports where calls were made.

Liberal Leaders in Conference Over the Protesting of Elections

Conservatives Preparing Also for the Rush They Expect Today.

Toronto, Dec. 4.—With West Peterborough and South Ontario petitions filed, the Conservatives promise to protest a large number of other federal elections. Protests in South and North Perth are practically decided upon, and there will also be a protest in Brantford. These five protests seem the most definitely certain, but Conservative lawyers also speak of attacking Hon. Messrs. Aylesworth and Graham in North York and Brockville, besides putting in petitions regarding the elections in West Kent, Gengarry, North Waterloo, South Huron, Thunder Bay, Rainy River and South Grey.

Tomorrow, the last day for filing protests, will tell the tale. Some of the ridings being mentioned are undoubtedly intended merely for saw-off purposes.

Hon. Messrs. Graham and Aylesworth, Whip W. S. Calvert, and a number of Liberal stalwarts from various parts of the province have been in conference today at the King Edward Hotel, and are still in session this afternoon.

The Hon. Mr. Emerson is also at the King Edward, but not in connection with the meeting, which deals solely with Ontario seats.

Mr. Godfrey, Mr. Robbette's partner, stated this morning that the Liberals will certainly go on with the protest in Centre Toronto. The petition, like all the rest, is made out in blanket form to cover everything in the calendar. It is understood, however, that the chief charge will be bribery by agents, although an effort will also be made to disqualify Mr. Bristol.

Conservatives promise a counter petition. Other ridings likely to be protested by the Liberals are Peel, North Simcoe, Nipissing, West Algoma, and West Hamilton.

Armed Frenchmen Hold the Farm
Chatham, Ont., Dec. 4.—A big Frenchman, name unknown, took possession of the farm of J. Davis, Chatham Township, and when Davis investigated he found a bunch of Frenchmen on the place, armed with guns. Implements belonging to Davis and the tenant, Wm. Walters, were thrown into the road. Sheriff Gemmill is investigating the matter, as a writ has been issued.

According to the story told, this aggressive man has forcibly taken possession of a farm on con. 3 in the Gore of Chatham Township, and neither the owner of the land nor the tenant is permitted on the property. Furthermore, a representative of the owner who tried to investigate the matter yesterday, was confronted on the place by a detachment of Frenchmen with shotguns. The man did not

linger to investigate, but hiked for safer pastures. It is possible, however, that the Frenchmen with guns were out hunting, and not protecting the property by force of arms.

A man named Davis purchased the farm, to take possession on Jan. 1, or all the rest, is made out in blanket form to cover everything in the calendar. It is understood, however, that the chief charge will be bribery by agents, although an effort will also be made to disqualify Mr. Bristol.

Conservatives promise a counter petition. Other ridings likely to be protested by the Liberals are Peel, North Simcoe, Nipissing, West Algoma, and West Hamilton.

LAWYER PROVES COMPLETE ALIBI
The Evidence of Whiskey Spotter at Owen Sound Refuted.

Owen Sound, Ont., Dec. 4.—At one stage of the proceedings in the liquor trials today, Mr. H. G. Tucker, who was yesterday accused of having given \$5 to Detectives Stewart and Pownall for the notes regarding their visits to the hotel, went into the witness box, and by means of his own evidence and that of a number of other witnesses, proved an alibi to the satisfaction of Magistrate Cresson. Great interest was manifested in the proceedings, and just at present scarcely anything else is being talked of in town.

Mr. Tucker, who is defending the accused hotelkeepers, said that he desired to give evidence on his own behalf, in order to refute the grave charge brought against him by Stewart. After taking the oath Mr. Tucker declared that Stewart's story was an absolute falsehood, and proceeding, he went into detail concerning his movements on the night on which his inter-

NEED MORE INFORMATION
Hydro-Electric Commission Took Up the Tenders Yesterday.

Toronto, Dec. 4.—The hydro-electric commission held a long session, starting at 10:30 this morning.

At 10:30 o'clock this afternoon Hon. Adam Beck stated that they had taken up the report of the engineers on the tenders for electrical equipment. They had been gone over fully, but the commission found that still more information was required before the tenders are finally awarded.

Mr. Beck said they expected to have this information on Tuesday or Wednesday next.

Barnard's Gift List

Necklets

Child's Gold-Filled Chain and Locket, very neat and good \$2
Gold-Filled Chain and Plain Locket with initials \$3
Ladies' Gold-Filled Chain and Locket, set with pearls.. \$4.50

Ladies' Solid Gold Chain and Solid Gold Locket, set with pearls \$6
Ladies' Solid Gold Chain and handsome Pearl and Amethyst Bow Knot and Heart Pendant \$10
Ladies' Solid Gold Necklet, set with almandines and pearls \$15
Ladies' Solid Gold Necklet, set with almandines, peridots, and festooned with seed pearls \$20
Ladies' Necklet, set with fine pearls, in new scroll pattern.. \$25
Ladies' Necklet, set with amethyst and pearls, in latest English fashion, very dainty \$45

Watches

Boys' Ingersoll Watch . \$1
Boys' Nickel, real lever works \$1.75
Boys' Thin Model Nickled Lever \$3.75
Boys' Small Lever Watch, nickel \$5.50
Boys' Silver Waltham, thin model \$6
Man's Fine Gunmetal Lever \$6
Man's Gold-Filled Waltham, 20 years' warrant on case.. \$7
Man's Gold-Filled Thin Model Waltham, 20 years' warrant \$9
Man's 14-k. Gold-Filled Hunting Watch, our special lever, initials engraved free \$20
Man's 14-k. Gold-Filled Hunting Watch, our special lever, initials engraved free \$20
Man's Solid Gold, 18 size, Waltham Watch, open face, jointed case, good value at \$35, for \$25
Ladies' Sterling Silver Watch, in wristlet, complete \$5
Ladies' Gunmetal Lever, fine grade, in leather fol. \$7.50
Ladies' Gunmetal, size of quarter dollar \$8.50
Ladies' Sterling Silver, mounted on leather strap, silver buckles, etc. \$9
Ladies' Gold-Filled Waltham Watch, initials free \$9
Ladies' Gold-Filled Waltham Watch, extra jeweled, new French Bow \$14
Ladies' Solid 14-k. Gold Watch, Waltham works, engraved free \$20

\$10 DIAMOND RINGS

\$15 DIAMOND RINGS

\$20 DIAMOND RINGS

\$25 DIAMOND RINGS

Bracelet Watches

Solid 14-k. Gold Expansion Bracelet, fine lever works . \$40
Fine Woven Adjustable Strap Bracelet Watch, lever works \$45

JOHN S. BARNARD

170 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON

A LIVELY BLAZE IN STRATHROY

John Scott's Big Brick Barn in Ruins—Valuable Horses Rescued.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Strathroy, Dec. 5.—A disastrous fire occurred about 4 o'clock yesterday morning, when Mr. John Scott's large brick barn on Maitland street, opposite his cold storage plant, was completely gutted, only the walls remaining.

Mr. Fred Pannell, the night agent at the G. T. R., was outside at the time, watching a large fire south of the town, evidently in Caradoc Township, when he noticed a small blaze shoot out of the corner of the barn, which is directly opposite the depot. He once started in an alarm and awakened Mr. Scott, and with much difficulty they rescued the five valuable horses.

Mr. Scott's house was on fire several times on the roof, but the firemen managed to extinguish it promptly. Cause, no doubt, incendiary.

Fires and petty thieving seems to be very common of late in town.

THE LATE JOHN TALBOT
Passing of One of West Nissouri's Most Esteemed Residents.

In the early dawn of Friday, Nov. 27, there passed away at the family residence, Wyton, Mr. John Talbot, one of West Nissouri's oldest and most respected citizens. Mr. Talbot was born in West Nissouri in 1832, and thus for nearly 77 years he lived in the vicinity of Wyton.

As a citizen Mr. Talbot lived a quiet but exemplary life. Some but the kindest words are spoken of him by his large circle of friends and acquaintances. Early in February Mr. Talbot was taken ill with the grippe, which soon developed into Bright's disease, and for many weeks his life was despaired of; but when summer came he rallied, and hopes were held out for his recovery. The cold weather of fall, however, was too much for an already weakened constitution, and he gradually grew weaker until on Friday morning he passed away.

Mr. Talbot leaves a loving wife, five sons and four daughters. The sons are: Marcus, of Seattle, Wash.; Lionel, of Skagway, Alaska; Freeman, of Stitzer, Wisconsin; Fred, of London, and James at home. The daughters are: Mrs. Charles Johnston, 440 King street, London; Mrs. E. M. Johnston, Innerkip; Mrs. Harry Pannell, Calgary, and Mrs. W. S. Patterson, 19 Marley place, London. Mr. William Talbot, Pottersburg, is an only brother of deceased.

The funeral services were held on Nov. 28, at the Methodist Church,

A SATISFACTION THAT DOESN'T WEAR AWAY

Is a ready effort to preserve your real teeth. To hinder the work that decay is doing is an easy, simple operation. The imaginary pains are far more numerous at present-day dentistry than real pains. The pains that a loss of teeth causes are more severe and lasting.

Patients commend my operations because they are such that give them a desire to do so. Make a beginning on that little cavity. It will mean a good tooth and a satisfaction that I will hear about.

DR. HUTCHISON

214 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 1372.

Wyton, Rev. J. W. Hibbert, of Thornedale, conducted the services, which were largely attended. The body was interred in Brown's Cemetery. The pallbearers were Calvin, Walter and Leonard Talbot, nephews; also, William, Freeman and W. H. K. Talbot.

A STATEMENT TO THE PUBLIC
Sunday Car Committee Asks That Voters of London Do Not Prejudge the Question.

The Sunday car committee has issued the following statement to the public:

It has been resolved by the city council that a vote of the electors shall be taken on the Sunday car question at the coming municipal elections. This question has been up before us for some time, and is now coming up for final settlement, one way or the other.

The citizens' Sunday car committee has decided upon making an investigation concerning this matter. Quite a large number of towns and cities have already installed the Sunday car system, and it ought not to be difficult to get information from disinterested parties in those places where they have had experience. Our committee has been conducting a correspondence for some time, and is compiling the results of this inquiry. It is intended to study every phase of the question, and submit the results, whether they are to the citizens and electors, through the press and by circulars.

This information will be given as early as possible, and the citizens can rely upon it as being of an independent and impartial nature.

In view of the fact we would suggest to the citizens that they do not prejudge the question, and that they do not commit themselves one way or the other in any way, until this matter has been fairly presented to them.

Signed, on behalf of the committee: Sir John Carling, Geo. C. Gibbons, John Pringle, Dr. J. B. Campbell, R. C. Eckert, F. L. Lawson, W. R. Meredith, John Garvey, sen. T. J. Murphy, G. W. McGuire, P. Walsh, W. Gammage, J. F. Faulds.

NOT FOR GERMANY.
Berlin, Dec. 5.—The report that Germany and Japan proposed to conclude an agreement concerning China, for sale in terms to the American Japanese understanding, is without foundation. It is improbable that anything of the kind will occur.

MONKS' RELICS IN A WAREHOUSE

Opening of Uncalled-for Consignment in Chicago Reveals Strange Treasures.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Church robes, tapestries and ecclesiastical antiques which may prove to be treasures scattered when the monks were driven from their seclusion in France, have been discovered in the warehouse of a customs broker in Chicago.

The goods are said to have entered this country from France some months ago addressed to one "A Robinson," in care of the firm of Wakem & McLoughlin. Their listed valuation was \$2,500, but recently they were appraised at \$15,000. Their value may, however, be much greater.

Robinson, to whom the goods were consigned, is said not to be known here and is believed to be at present in Europe. The Government did not seize the consignment, but merely ordered it held for appraisement. News of this action did not become public until today.

No Charge Made.
While the Government agents desire to have an explanation of the apparent discrepancy between the listed and the appraised valuation of the property, no charge of any kind has been made against anyone. The case is regarded as a mystery, largely because of the character of the consignment and the fact that it was sent to this city, where it has not been called for, and where the ostensible consignee has, so far as can be learned, no residence.

NOT FOR GERMANY.
Berlin, Dec. 5.—The report that Germany and Japan proposed to conclude an agreement concerning China, for sale in terms to the American Japanese understanding, is without foundation. It is improbable that anything of the kind will occur.

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374 RICHMOND ST.

Chinese Gambler Was Found Guilty

His "Dupes" Were Allowed To Go

Police Break Up a Den Which Had Been Run on Clarence Street.

At a special session of the police court yesterday afternoon, Lee Sing Gong, a Chinaman who came here from Toronto a short time ago, was found guilty of keeping a fan tan gambling room in the cellar of Wing Long's laundry, at 359 Clarence street, and fined \$20 and costs, amounting to \$5. The other Chinamen were allowed to go.

The case was one of the most complete that the local police have ever had against fan tan players, and the conviction was made largely upon the evidence of three Chinese boys, who gave evidence that a rakeoff had been taken from them by Lee Sing Gong.

Played Fan Tan.

One of the boys, George Fong, played a game of fan tan in the witness box in order that the court might see how it was conducted. The Chinamen were determined, if possible, to win the case, and besides, Mr. R. K. Cowan brought Lee Sing, a brilliant young law student, from Toronto to act as assistant counsel.

Wordy Battles.

Crown Attorney McKillop and Lee Ling had several wordy battles, the attorney insisting that Lee Ling must act through Mr. Cowan.

Lee Ling was accused at different times by the Chinamen who were assisting the prosecution of interpreting falsely, and this led to considerable delay, as strong objection was raised.

Toronto Deported Him.

In summing up the evidence, Mr. McKillop stated that Lee Sing Gong was really the man to blame, as he is an inveterate gambler, and had been run out of Toronto. He has been asked by the Chinese Association to leave this city, but refuses to do so. He nominally runs a laundry on Talbot street, but has been spending many nights a week in the cellar under Wing Long's laundry.

The First Witness.

George Fong, the first witness called, stated that he had been at 359 Clarence street nearly every day. Four men, Fong Yark, Lee Sing, Chin Lee Sin and Chien Lee. On Sunday night he was not down cellar.

They were playing fan tan in the cellar for some time. There was a great deal of money on the table. Some said win some lost, and those who won took their money and put it in their pockets. Lee Sing got the rakeoff. He was the only one. Every time witness went down he saw Lee Sing getting a rake off. Witness played several times and had to lose his share of Lee Sing's rakeoff.

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374 RICHMOND ST.

PARNELL'S

Plays, Players and Playgoers--The Week in London Theatres

COMING ATTRACTIONS AT THE GRAND.

Today (at 2:30) "Little Dolly Dimples"
Tonight (at 8:15) "A Trip to Egypt"
Thursday...Hilda Thomas in "Janey"
Saturday (matinee and night).....
....."Messenger Boy 42"

BENNETT'S.

All Week, afternoon and evening...
..... Humanovo Pictures

"LITTLE DOLLY DIMPLES."

There was a small attendance at the Grand last night to hear "Little Dolly Dimples," but those who were there enjoyed a popular priced attraction that was fair.

The music was catchy, there were some fair-looking girls in the cast, and there were other pleasing features.

The play was here last year, with Miss Grace Cameron in the title role, and Al Lawrence playing opposite. Neither are with the company now. The work of Miss Daisy Cameron and Harry Bewley is almost as good.

The show is worth the money and is sure to be well patronized at both performances today.

This afternoon "Little Dolly Dimples" was played, and this evening "A Trip to Egypt" will be the offering.

The latter is said to be a very successful play and should be worth the money.

HILDA THOMAS IN "JANEY."

On next Thursday evening, Hilda Thomas and Lou Hall will make their first local appearance at the Grand in their new rural comedy, "Janey." The play is said to be a sweet, simple story told in a very convincing manner by Miss Thomas and her excellent supporting company; it abounds in comedy, heart interest and touches of nature, with enough pathos to allow the audience to cease laughing and brush aside a tear.

The character of "Janey" is a new creation. Nothing like it has ever before been seen on the stage, and Miss Thomas' methods are entirely different in every respect from all other artists and shows the simple mountain girl, whose senses have not ripened to the ways of the world, up to the gradual growth of polished womanhood. Strictly moral in theme and action, with an abundance of laughter and fun, is "Janey." Several quaint specialties are introduced during the action of the play.

"MESSENGER BOY 42"

"Messenger Boy No. 42" is a new play that possesses many elements of novelty. In addition to an interesting story told in a pleasing manner, there are ample opportunities for the introduction of a number of effective climaxes and situations, all of which have been taken advantage of. The comedy part of the play is fresh, bright and original, there being quite a type of characters that have never been introduced in any other play of this kind. In addition to this, one scene affords a chance for the introduction of high-class vaudeville specialties. These are not lugged in, but naturally fit in as part of the play. The scenic effects are said to be superb, and range from the Bowery to some of the most interesting places in New York city. An effective piece of realism is shown in the third act, where a celebrated corn-cutting machine in full operation is depicted. One of the principal features of the play is the introduction of the wonderful canine thespians, Wm. T. Stephens, who was the first to introduce acting dogs, has educated them, and they have parts that give them a chance to show what they can do. It is safe to say that no actor on the American stage is quicker at picking up cues than dogs, and no one ever saw an actor go through his work so cheerfully as these magnificent animals. Naturally they have heroic parts, and act intelligently.

"Messenger Boy No. 42" with its wealth of scenery and effects, its clever dramatic company, and other numerous novelties, comes to the Grand for a return date on Saturday next. At the matinee on Saturday children will be admitted to any seat for 15 cents.

"BREWSTER'S MILLIONS."

An early attraction at the Grand will be "Brewster's Millions," a dramatization by Winchell Smith and Byron Ogley, of George Barr McCutcheon's best and brightest book, of the same name, with which the majority of book readers are familiar. The play comes here with the original cast that assisted in winning it fame and success during its run in New York.

The plot is a decidedly novel one, and the play should prove an interesting comedy. The story is of Montgomery Brewster, a young New Yorker, who is left \$1,000,000 by his grandfather. Just as he is starting to enjoy his fortune he learns that an uncle has died in California, leaving him many millions of dollars, but under decidedly startling conditions. It appears that this uncle has cordially hated the boy's grandfather, and in order to show this

leaves his money to his nephew under the promise that he shall squander every cent left him by his grandfather within a year.

SAVAGE'S "THE DEVIL."

The most sensational story in the history of the present-day stage is that which had its culmination a few months ago at the Grand Theatre, New York, in the complete triumph won by Henry W. Savage's production of the sensational comedy, "The Devil," which will be seen in this city at the Grand at an early date, with Edwin Stevens in the title role, supported by the original Grand Theatre cast.

Never before in the history of the New York stage has a dramatic production created such a furore as "The Devil." From the opening night, seats for the Metropolitan production were at a premium, more than half the orchestra having been bought up by speculators, which the management was unable to control. "The Devil," which was obtained by Mr. Savage direct from the author, Franz Molnar, the eminent Budapest journalist, and who gave to Mr. Savage the sole producing rights for America, is one of the most stirring and interesting comedies of the present day.

"GAY MUSICIAN" TO RETURN.

There have been so many requests made that the charming comic opera, "The Gay Musician," by Julian Edwards, should again be heard in this city, that it became imperative that steps should be taken with the view of getting the superb organization to return here for an engagement. In the past few days the negotiations with Manager John P. Slocum resulted in contracts being signed, and "The Gay Musician," with its splendid equipment of principals, and the powerful singing chorus will be heard once again at the Grand Opera House on Thursday, Jan. 7.

A new play by Della Clark, called

with the play produced under the same name in this country.

Charles Frohman's next New York production will be an adaptation of Croisset's play, "Arsene Lupin." This is a play of regeneration, founded upon a detective story.

"The Gay White Way" company closed down in Cincinnati last Saturday night and the members of the cast returned to New York. The "White Way" failed to please western audiences.

Marguerite May, the youngest sister of Edna May, is in "The Prima Donna," in which Fritz Scheff is starring. Josephine Bartlett is also in the cast, the sister of the late Jessie Bartlett Davis.

E. H. Sothern produced a new version of Lawrence Irving's play of "Richard Loveplace" in Louisville last week. The author has taken great pains and time to re-write the play, and has given it a happy ending. The new version was well received.

Bertha Galtman will appear under the management of the Shuberts this season. She will make her return to the stage in Philadelphia, Christmas week, in a play entitled "The Return of Eve," written by L. W. Dodd.

Miss Lillian Albertson, who originated the leading feminine role in "Paid in Full," will leave the cast when the play takes its departure from New York and will go to California for a rest. She may take a trip around the world before she returns to the stage.

Miss Fannie Ward, who is to begin her American engagement in Boston Jan. 4, in "A Servant Problem," arrived in New York from London on the steamship Cedric. Mr. Charles Cartwright, her leading man, also arrived on the Cedric.



HILDA THOMAS, in "Janey," at the Grand Opera House on Thursday Next.

"The White Squaw" is to have an early production in New York.

Chauncey Olcott, who will rest during Lent, has accepted an invitation to spend that season in Florida.

Mrs. Ivy Ashton Root has written another play, "A House of Cards," which will be produced by Miss Mary Manning.

Maude Raymond, widow of the comedian, Gus Rogers, is to return to her old part of Ophelia with Eddie Foy in "Mr. Hamlet of Broadway."

Charles Ashwell's four-act comedy, "Grit," was produced by Lena Ashwell at the Kingsbury Theatre, London, Nov. 24, and was favorably received.

James C. Williamson is preparing to send Blanche Ring to Australia in the spring to play engagements there in "Vivian's Papa" and "A Trip to Chinatown."

"Dolly Reforming Herself," a comedy by Henry Arthur Jones, has just been produced in London, and is reported very clever.

Sydney Drew is to produce a new act in vaudeville, entitled "Souvenir Spoons," by Ed. Paulton, the author of "The Naked Truth."

A second company is to be reorganized to play "The Travelling Salesman" on the road. The company in New York will probably remain there all season.

Elsie Ferguson, leading woman with Edgar Selwyn, in "Pierre of the Plains," will spend her summer vacation in Japan as the guest of the Japanese actress, Sada Yacco.

Henry Ludlow, who has been playing Shakespearean parts, is to appear in a play on the life of Edgar Allan Poe, by George C. Hazelton, the author of "Misses Nell."

A play said to be a strong one has been produced in London called "The Builders," but it has nothing to do

"The Right of Way," Klaw & Erlanger's big production of Eugene Pressbury's dramatization of Sir Gilbert's Canadian novel, is paying its first visit to the south, on its way to the Pacific Coast. The public interest shown in the play is flattering to the judgment of its producers. There is an impression that plays based on popular novels do not succeed. "The Right of Way" is a popular book. According to the statistics received from the celebrated publishers, Harper & Brothers, New York, "The Right of Way," by Sir Gilbert Parker, holds the American selling record of any novel published during the past six years—over 300,000 copies of this work having been sold, and a new edition is now on the press, with special illustrations from the Klaw & Erlanger production. The success of this play again proves that there is an exception to every rule. Theodore Roberts is cast as Joe Portogals, and Guy Standing as Charley Steele. Each man in his own special way dominates the big scenes of the play, and there are a constant succession of them. Klaw & Erlanger have given the play a sumptuous setting and the stage pictures are closer to nature than is usually seen on the stage.

Edison, the inventor, taught telegraphy to William H. Macart, the comedian. The great wizard of Menlo Park was then located in Boston and was earning \$30 per week as an expert telegrapher.

Low Dockstader and his manager, Lewis D. Wilson, always make it a point to be near enough to New York City on Christmas Day so they can dine with their families. This year will be no exception, as they are booked for a town within easy distance of their home city.

Miss Eugenia Thals Lawton, a Kentucky girl, formerly leading woman of the Castle Square Theatre, Boston, has been engaged by Henry Miller as the leading support in "The Great Divide."

George Broadhurst, who considers his "International Marriage" the best

play he ever wrote, is much chagrined by the reception accorded it by some of the upstate critics. He finds consolation, however, in the fact that some of the most successful plays in New York have been first lampooned by the gentlemen in question.

A novelty is provided in "The Girl Question," the musical play, in a chorus of stenographers seated at typewriting machines. As they operate the keys chimed operated by electricity and placed all over the house sound an accompaniment to the words of their song.

Marion Chapman, the ingenue of "The Man of the Hour," was in Arnold Daly's New York, production of Bernard Shaw's plays. With Brady and Grismer she has also appeared in "The Pit," "As Ye Sow" and "Way Down East."

Harry L. Tighe, the comedian, is a graduate of Yale and is a famous football player. He and Charles Troup, the author of Mr. Tighe's latest hit, "Books," were classmates at college, and the incident upon which the sketch is based actually occurred during their college life.

William Collier and his company are to take "The Patriot" to London in the spring and play an engagement there at the Comedy Theatre. It will be Mr. Collier's second visit to London, his debut having been made there in "The Dictator."

An electric laundry is one of the innovations of the "Gay Musician" company. Duplicate sets of costumes and dresses are carried by the company, and every article is cleaned and ironed every other day.

Eight typical New York show girls will be introduced in the auction scene of "The Blue Mouse," Clyde Fitch's comedy. This is the first time that show girls have been used in a Clyde Fitch play.

Jean Havez, a Baltimorean, and the personal representative of Lew Dockstader, is the author of "Broke," Dockstader's latest song hit. It is Havez who wrote "Everybody Works But Father."

Reese V. Prosser, one of the popular ballad singers with Lew Dockstader's Minstrels, lost his hearing at the opening of the season and was forced to retire for ten weeks. He has recovered, however, and rejoined three weeks ago.

In a recent interview given in St. Louis, Mr. David Warfield announced his intention of playing Shylock in "The Merchant of Venice" in the near future. He says he is now studying the role for the past two years.

Florence Rockwell of "The Round Up" played Shakespearean heroines when she was 14 years old, and was leading lady at the time when most girls are in the grammar schools. And yet she never played Little Eva in "Uncle Tom's Cabin" or had a chance to essay Little Lord Fauntleroy.

William F. Muenster has not abandoned his scheme of presenting "Fat" on tour. The play, which was written by Louise Lovell, was produced early in the season with Nanette Comstock as the star. It will take the road again after the holidays. The title will then be changed to "The Call of the Heart."

Mr. John Drew, by courtesy of Chas. Frohman, has arranged to produce a new one-act play for the actors' fund benefit, Dec. 11, in New York. It is written by F. Anstey, the English humorist. With Mr. Drew will be associated Mr. Thomas Wise and Miss Georgia Mendum.

"Miss Innocence," with Anna Held as the star, was given for the first time on any stage at the Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, a week ago last Monday night. It is a musical act by Harry B. Smith and Ludwig Englander.

Maclay Arbuckle says that the only drawback to the poster from "The Round Up" with the line, "Nobody loves a fat man," is a number of letters sent him with circulars of remedies and obesity cures, suggesting how he could become a lightweight, so that everybody would love him. "Nothing doing" is his invariable reply. His weight is his fortune as "Slim" Hoover.

Miss Eugenia Lawton, formerly leading woman at the Castle Square Theatre in Boston, and at the Alcazar in San Francisco, has been engaged by Henry Miller as leading support in "The Great Divide" for this season.

Do Your Looks Quite Satisfy You?

Is your color fresh and rosy? Does the glow of health shine out in your cheeks?

Do your eyes glisten with health, or are they dull, dark circled and tired? Are you, bloodless face indicates trouble. Your watery blood means your health. What you need it the toning, cleansing assistance of Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They will clean out the surplus of bile that makes your skin so murky—they will put new life into the stomach, brace up digestion and make you eat sufficient food to get a blood supply ahead.

Good blood always means more strength and vigor—that's why Dr. Hamilton's Pills are so successful in building up weak, thin folks.

You'll feel better at once, your looks will improve and that half dead, lazy feeling will depart, because Dr. Hamilton's Pills enliven and fortify every ailing organ in the body.

Ask your friends, your neighbors—most anyone can tell you of the enormous good done by Dr. Hamilton's Pills, but beware of any substitute.



SCENE FROM "MESSENGER BOY, NO. 42" AT THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE SATURDAY, DEC. 12.

KINGS STUDY THEIR CLOTHES

KING EDWARD'S WARDROBE—THE KAISER AND THE CZAR.

Much gossip has been written and spoken on queens and wardrobes, but a discussion of their husbands' toilets has been sadly neglected. Though most of these royal personages have costly and extensive wardrobes, the finest of them might rightly be dubbed a Monsieur Beaucaire or a Beau Brummel.

King Edward has never been accused of being a dandy, and still he has always given plenty of time and spent a good deal of money on dress. He believes that it is a ruler's duty to be neat appearing, if for no other reason than to be a good example to his subjects. When not in full uniform he is usually seen in a Prince Albert, and wearing a silk hat and light tan gloves.

He patronizes the best tailors in London, pays liberally for what he gets, but insists that the cut and fit of his garments shall be exactly right. The following incident will illustrate



J. FRANK MACKEY, Humanovo Company, at Bennett's.

the point. One day the king ordered a suit, and when he came to try it on he did not like the fit of the coat. After he explained this fact the tailor assured him that the coat was quite neat. "Very well," answered the king blandly, "if you insist I shall pay you for it, but be assured I shall never wear it." Though the King enjoys plain clothes for every day, his robes of state are exceedingly fine, and he is insistent that every one who appears at the drawing-rooms shall recognize the smallest rules governing dress.

KING EDWARD THE MOST DECORATED.

He is the most decorated man in the world and his medals would fill several large size cabinets. His wardrobe is exceedingly large, for some of his uniforms he has to wear on one occasion only. A few of these costumes are uniforms of the First Life Guards, Second Life Guards, Royal Horse Guards, general of infantry in the German army, Austrian general of cavalry, Gordon Highlanders, etc. Notwithstanding the variety of the cut of these

uniforms, he is able to describe each one minutely.

The King of England uses only white gloves, evening ties, and neckties, and these he wears once, when they are presented to servants in the royal household. As to his suits, he wears them as many times as any rich man of the world would. Then they share the fate of discarded garments, and become the property of some one else.

The young King of Spain was indifferent about his dress—until he was married, but the Queen is fond of good clothes and insists that he shall be particular. He goes to many of the King's tailors and haberdashers, and some of his friends say that he imitates King Edward's style of dress. Of his dress uniforms he is especially proud of the costume of a German infantry colonel, and the title of being one of the best dressed rulers in Europe.

UNIFORM IN EVERY REGIMENT.

When it comes to a large and inclusive wardrobe, the Czar of Russia, probably heads the list. When with his family he enjoys nothing more than dressing simply, so he can rough it with his children. But many of his state robes and military uniforms are trimmed with rich ermine, gold, and silver trappings. As chief of the imperial army he is able at a moment's notice to take his place at the head of any Russian regiment in the proper uniform. Some of the troops in the remote parts of his vast dominion are seen so rarely in the capital that the corresponding uniform is brought out only once. He also has a number of foreign uniforms, though he is especially proud of being known as a colonel of the Scots Greys of the British army; this is one of the crack corps of Great Britain.

The Kaiser of Germany, in citizen's clothes, might readily pass for an office boy. He dislikes the wearing of jewelry and anything that savors of ostentation. He is fond of appearing in uniform and some of these regimental suits are fine. His wardrobe not alone includes all the important German regiments, but foreign ones as well, such as a British field marshal, British admiral and colonel of many regiments.

The Sultan of Turkey has plenty of clothes, but he does not take especially good care of them and gives them away after wearing them a few times. He is fond of jewelry and wears some splendid diamonds and rubies. But he is most proud of his dress swords, made of rare Damascus steel.

The Shah of Persia has the title of being the best dressed monarch in the world. His costumes include everything from finest broadcloths to heavy velvets. He retains several tailors in the palace to keep his wardrobe in order.

REV. R. J. CAMPBELL ON SOCIALISM

HE REBUKES SOME OF THE FRATERNITY AND PRAISES LABOR LEADERS.

In the course of an address at the City Temple, London, on Nov. 15, the Rev. R. J. Campbell said:

"It is plainly evident that not a few people have been attracted to the Socialist movement with the same motive as the man who wanted Jesus to secure for him a larger share of the patrimony which had been appropriated by his brother. They are not animated by generous feelings, but by covetousness, jealousy and ill-will towards those who have large possessions. I do not mean for a moment that the majority of the adherents of the Socialist movement are animated by any such spirit. They are not. But it cannot be too emphatically stated that the most serious danger which menaces the movement at the present day is the materialism, selfishness and anti-social conduct of some of those who profess to be its exponents. They may call themselves Socialists, but the spirit they show is the denial of the name."

"It is a deplorable thing that at a time when the sufferings of the poor are awakening universal commiseration and a genuine desire to come to the rescue there should be emanating from the side of the so-called Socialism language directly inciting to mob violence and appealing to the lower passions of the multitude. Such language is the very negation of the ideal for which Socialism professes to stand. It is the expression of a greed and cruelty, not of love and brotherhood. It is a sympathy and destroys confidence. Probably it is that more than anything else which is responsible for the setback which Socialism and the social movement in general has been receiving at the municipal elections all over the country within the past few days."

"It is possible a similar tendency may show itself in the parliamentary constituency. No body of men could have acted more wisely and moderately than the Labor party in the present parliament, but they may find themselves the scapegoats of a popular reaction against the tactics of irresponsible mob orators with whom they have no sympathy, and whom they are quite unable to control."

"There is no hope for the social movement until it once more becomes adumated with religious faith."

THIS IS THE OLDEST ORGAN.

In the Baltic Sea, 40 miles from the mainland, lies the Swedish island Gothland, a Mecca for students of early Gothic architecture. In Wisby alone, the chief town of the island, with a population of 6,000, may be studied what remains of no less than ten churches some of which date from the eleventh and twelfth centuries. The oldest of them is the Church of the Holy Ghost, completed about 1160.

Professor Henneberg, director in a German music school, and especially interested in the study of mediaeval organs, visited 59 churches in Gothland, and in a little village called Sundre came upon the remnant of what is unquestionably the oldest known organ in existence. The case alone has survived the first of seven centuries, the holes for pedals and manuals are placed as in modern instruments, and inside one can still see the mechanism for the bellows and judge of their action; the exterior is adorned with paintings dating from about 1260.

When this ancient instrument could no longer serve its original purpose it was used as a sacrificial, and for the safeguard of holy vessels and vestments was kept in careful repair, hence its excellent preservation to our day.—St. Louis Times.



THERESA ROLINS, Humanovo Company, at Bennett's.



SCENE FROM "LITTLE DOLLY DIMPLES" AT THE GRAND THEATRE AFTERNOON.

BOERS WANT BRITISH SOLDIERS

THEY ASK GREAT BRITAIN TO MAINTAIN LARGEST POSSIBLE FORCE IN SOUTH AFRICA—COLONEL SEELY SPEAKS OF DUTCH LOYALTY.

Colonel Seely, M. P., under secretary for the colonies, was the guest of the other night at a house dinner of the Manchester Reform Club. The president of the club, Mr. A. G. C. Harvey, M. P., was in the chair, and in proposing the health of the guest he said: "Colonel Seely is a great acquisition to the Liberal party. He is a man whom all his colleagues in Parliament delight to honor; he always creates the impression of being a sure and a safe man. We all know when Colonel Seely meets with indiscreet or unusual questions he is quite able to take care of himself, and we Liberals in the House feel perfectly safe in his hands at all times. I believe he is destined to rise high in the councils of the Liberal party. We have got him, we shall have no difficulty in keeping him, his ideas are our ideas, and we are here tonight to do him honor." (Cheers.)

SOUTH AFRICAN POLICY.

Colonel Seely, who was received with hearty cheering, first made a reference—which is reported elsewhere—to the settlement of the cotton strike, and passing from the means by which that strike has been ended—mutual forbearance and goodwill—he spoke briefly of the need for the exercise of the same qualities in regard to the problems of international politics that now vex not only a dark cloud, but with a black shadow, the states of Europe. "Our part is plain," he summed up. "We must fulfil our obligations to the full and work unceasingly in the cause of peace." (Cheers.)

I turn from a part of the world over which a shadow hangs—where peace and goodwill are to seek, and let us hope will be found—to a part of the world where peace and goodwill have been obtained—I mean South Africa. (Cheers.) Not very long ago I was myself engaged in that bloody and disastrous war. I have been told since by those on whose judgment I have reason to rely, that statesmen looking on from other countries have said the South African trouble would be the doom of England. Though you have made peace, you have not cemented it. In the same way that the Peninsular War was to Napoleon an ulcer which ultimately supplanted and mined his power, so in South Africa, and his ceaseless strife between the English and the Dutch, we should find an open wound where the whole resources of this vast

WHAT NEGLECT DID FOR HIM

JAMES E. BRANT SUFFERED TORMENTS FROM KIDNEY DISEASE.

Then He Used Dodd's Kidney Pills and Became a Well Man—His Experience a Lesson for You.

Athabasca Landing, Alta., Dec. 4.—That kidney disease, neglected in its earlier stages, leads to the most terrible suffering, and even death itself, and that the one sure cure for it in all stages is Dodd's Kidney Pills, is the experience of Mr. James E. Brant, a farmer residing near here.

Mr. Brant contracted kidney disease when a young man, from a strain, and like hosts of others, neglected it, expecting it to go away itself.

But it kept gradually growing worse, till after thirty years of increasing suffering the climax came, and he found himself so crippled that at times he could not turn in bed, and for two weeks at a time it was impossible for him to rise from a chair without putting his hands on his knees.

He could not button his clothes. He was troubled with lumbago, gravel and backache, and used medicines for each and all of them without getting relief, till good luck turned him to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Dodd's Kidney Pills started at the cause of his troubles and cured his kidneys. With cured kidneys his other troubles speedily disappeared, and to-day he is a well man.

If you cure your kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills you will never have lumbago, rheumatism, heart disease, dropsy or Bright's disease.

RRR *advised ready relief*

RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO and ALL PAINS and ACHES

LET RADWAY'S READY RELIEF be used on the first indication of Pain or Uneasiness; if threatened with Disease or Sickness, the Cure will be made before the family doctor would ordinarily reach the house.

IN EVERY FAMILY this invaluable specific remedy for all inflammatory diseases should be constantly kept on hand. The expense is a mere trifle, and saves more than twenty times the amount in doctors' or druggists' bills.

There is nothing in the world that will stop pain or arrest the progress of disease as quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Cures and prevents Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Asthma, Difficult Breathing. Cures every pain, sprain or bruise throughout the human body. Sold by all Druggists.

RADWAY & CO., 3 Jacques Cartier Sq., Montreal, Can.

Try Harris Heavy Pressure Bearing Metal

In round ingots. We guarantee it or money refunded.

CANADA METAL CO., LIMITED, 31 WILLIAM ST., TORONTO

LONDON ENGINE SUPPLY COMPANY, Local Agents.

the splendid cadences of the Book of Common Prayer. The translators who gave us the King James version were perfect masters of English, whatever their faults as theologians may have been. Every sentence is terse and lucid; every idiom accent in the ear; each nice shade of idea finds its reflex in the written word.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

CONSTITUTION ISLAND.

The gift of Constitution Island to the United States for the use of the West Point Academy preserves, through the generosity of Mrs. Sage and Miss Warner, one of the most beautiful parts of the beautiful river. It will also furnish a memorial of perhaps the most widely read woman writer of America, except Harriet Beecher Stowe.

In a day when few women had entered upon the variety of careers now open to them Miss Susan Warner thought it best to publish under the name of "Elizabeth Wetherell" her novel, "The Wide, Wide World," which made her reputation, enjoyed an immense sale and was translated into many foreign tongues. Her younger sister, Anna Bartlett Warner, the present owner of the island, wrote under the pen name of "Mrs. Lathrop." Either separately or in collaboration with Susan Warner, who died in 1885, she has nearly thirty books to her credit.

Thirty-five years ago the sights which were oftenest pointed out on the island from West Point were Washington Irving's castle, now part of the Edwin Forrest's castle, now part of the convent school, and the island home of

T. P. IN HIS ANECDOTAGE Stories and Reminiscences

By T. P. O'Connor, M. P., in T. P.'s Weekly.

There was something particularly unromantic in the way in which the Cullinan diamond, now made into one big bauble and a necklace, was brought home the other day, and yet it recalls many a famous chapter of romance. The diamond romances of actual history have been so numerous and so prosaic. Take the case of the famous Pitt diamond. It was acquired in India, in a quite honest and businesslike manner, by the grandfather of the great Earl of Chatham. He paid £20,000 for it, money down, and then sold it to the Regent, Orleans, for £125,000. It was a nice little profit to make out of a single transaction, especially in those days. But how was the big diamond to be got safely into France? Thomas Pitt was a wily man, and he lived in the days of high-heeled shoes. The plan he adopted was to make a cavity one of his heels, hide the diamond in it, and thus carry the treasure to France on his own person.

ROSSETTI, BROWNING AND SWINBURNE.

The wonderful Rossetti group of friendships is being recalled in many ways just now—by Mr. Hall Caine's book, for instance, and by the publication of Christina Rossetti's letters—in other ways so powerfully and so interestingly as by the exhibition, at the New Gallery, of Rossetti's portraits of Swinburne and Robert Browning. Those of us who are getting on in years recognize the Swinburne as being like the portraits with which we were first reading "The Queen Mother and Rosamond," or "Poems and Ballads." There is the wild, streaming red hair, like an aureole, with eyes as large and round as those of Shelley, and the small pointed chin, without embazonary, as one may say. Time has really worked wonders in the changes it has made in Swinburne's face. Gone are the shining locks, almost completely gone, and there is a long fringe of hair round the formerly half-angelic face. There appeared, also, to be much suddenness in the change, though it was really spread over many years; for many portraits of Swinburne have been made, and he is seldom seen, except by those who take their walks abroad in the neighborhood of Putney Heath.

SOME POETS AND TOBACCO.

Simultaneously with the opening of the New Gallery Exhibition, but not in connection therewith, the fact is recalled that though most of the great Victorians, and Tennyson in particular, were inveterate smokers, Browning never smoked or liked others to do so. And as to Swinburne, his hatred of tobacco has never stopped short of being virulent. There is probably some exaggeration in the story that is told on this subject; but it is so good that it deserves to be true. He went into the Arts Club once, it is said, and found somebody smoking in every room. This excessive Bohemianism, which left no small corner for a non-smoker to be at home in, drove him to something like fury. "James the First," he is reported to have said to his fellow-members, "was a knave, a tyrant, a fool, a liar, a coward; but I love him, I worship him, for he cut off the head of that 'blackguard' Raleigh, who invented this filthy habit of smoking."

ROSSETTI'S SISTER.

Christina Rossetti is the subject of a biography by another poet, Mr. Mackenzie Bell; and the safely, unobtrusive figure presented in that book is not only a pleasure to the eye, but to the point of self-effacement; and yet she had some keenness of perception, and a good deal of quiet humor. One seems to see her best through the medium of Mr. Edmund Gosse's description: Her manner, from shyness, was of a portentous solemnity, she had no small talk whatever, and the common topics of the day appeared to be entirely unknown to her. I have seen her sitting alone, in the midst of a noisy drawing-room, like a pillar of cloud, a Sibyl whom no one had the audacity to approach. Yet a kinder or simpler soul, or one less concentrated on self, or of a humbler sweetness, never existed.

"THE LADY OF THE LAKE."

In the current issue of "Blackwood's" there are printed some hitherto unpublished letters of Sir Walter Scott. These letters were addressed

to the Warner sisters. Even today not a few elderly travellers on the river boats are more interested in the fact that on this island lived and died the author of "The Wide, Wide World" and "Queechy" than in the revolutionary memories Mrs. Sage recalls.—N. Y. World.

GROWTH OF NAILS.

A scientist has estimated that in a lifetime of 70 years a man grows nails which, if it were possible to preserve them uncut, would reach the length of 7 feet 9 inches.

Exactly on what argument this statement is based it is hard to say, for a little observation will show that during the greater portion of a man's life he cuts his nails on an average of once a week, and at each paring removes a sixteenth of an inch, or the equivalent of a quarter of an inch per month, working out at three inches a year.

This would give him a growth of 7 feet 6 inches during the 30 years he lives between 20 and 50, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. In the other 40 years, when the growth is less rapid, he would certainly produce four feet of nails, so that eleven feet is a better average for the nail-producing capacity of a man.

It should be noted, however, that the growth of the nails on the right hand is, in most people, more rapid than that of those on the left hand, and it may be that the scientist in question has based his argument on the slower growth of the left hand nails.

Another curious point is that the rate of growth of the nails depends directly on the length of the finger, thus, the nails on the middle finger of men grow more rapidly than those on the first and third fingers, respectively, and these in turn are more rapid than those on the little fingers.

to Mrs. Clephane of Toronto (the burnt tower) and her daughter, Miss Anna Jane Clephane. These ladies were full of the airs and legends of the Highlands, and consequently Sir Walter was in complete sympathy with them. Writing in 1809 he said:

"I have indeed begun to skirnish a little upon the frontiers of Perthshire and Lennox, into which it was led by the romantic scenery, the number of strange stories connected with it, and above all by the inveterate habit of coupling the lines together by jingling rhymes, as I used to couple spangels in sporting days. But I reserve my grand effort till I should have a little more of the language, and above all till I can have the honor of visiting you in your lovely isle. The Douglas enters a good deal into my present sketches, which I have some thoughts of working into a romance, 'The Lady of the Lake.' It will, should I find time to continue my plan, contain a good many lyrical pieces."

ABBOTSFORD.

Everyone knows how Scott delighted in the house which became such a burden to him. He wrote: "I have not only been planting and inclosing and gallantly battling nature for the purpose of converting a barren brae and haugh into a snug situation for a cottage, but, moreover, I have got the prettiest plan you ever saw, and everything, in short, excepting a great pouchful of money, which is the most necessary thing of all, I am terribly afraid I must call in the aid of Ambition and his harp, not indeed to build a city, but if it can bear a cottage it will be very fair for a modern lyre."

Any new word from Scott's pen will always be welcomed by a world that grows more and more to love him.

WILLIAM MORRIS.

Mr. Alfred Noyes, who is himself a poet of some distinction, has written a Life of William Morris for the "Men of Letters" series. It is to be the next volume, I believe. Meanwhile, there appears a monograph on Morris from the pen of Mr. Holbrook Jackson, who has written a similar little book on "G. B. S." It is related, on the authority of Canon Dixon, how Morris discovered that he could write. That was in the early fifties of last century, when the author of "The Earthly Paradise," was at Oxford. "One night," says Canon Dixon, "Crom Price and I went to Exeter (College) and found him with Burne-Jones. As we entered the room Burne-Jones exclaimed wildly, 'He's a big poet.' 'Who is?' asked we. 'Why, Topsy!' 'Topsy?' It appears, was a name given to Morris because of the obtuseness of his wild, curly hair. That first poem was called "The Willow and the Red Cliff." "If this is poetry," said the young poet, "it is very easy to write," and he wrote, for some time afterwards he presented Burne-Jones with a new poem almost every day.

POEMS FROM PUNCH.

Sir Francis Burnand, for so long editor of Punch, has appropriately collected a selection of poems published in our "one humorous journal" from 1841 to 1884. Punch was founded in 1841 under the joint editorship of Mark Lemon and Henry Mayhew. Of the earlier verses, dated in that first year, it is difficult to decide the authorship. "In my opinion," says Sir Francis, "the authorship does not matter one jot." All the poems in Mr. Punch's earliest collection were published anonymously. Hood had to acknowledge the authorship of "The Song of the Shirt" (1843), because some swaggering humbug had claimed the poem as his own. Perhaps of all Hood's Punch verses, that best stands the test of time; it still has its appeal. So, also, has "The Prayer of the People," from which I quote one stanza:

O! fair and fresh the early spring
Her budding wreath displays,
To all the wide earth promising
The joy of harvest days;
Yet many a waste of wavy gold
That bent above the dead;
Then let the living share it, too—
Give us our daily bread.

THE MAHOGANY TREE.

Thackeray's "Mahogany Tree," says Sir Francis Burnand, "was a great favorite with the convives around the

Punch table in the 'good old days,' and, after Thackeray had 'joined' the majority, Mary Lemon, Horace Mayhew, the professor, and Shirley Brooks, when convivially and sentimentally inclined, would, post-prandially, give occasional verses of the song as an affectionate tribute to the memory of "dear old Thack." It is still a good song:

Christmas is here;
With its whistle shrill,
Icy and chill;
Little care we,
Little we fear
Weather without,
Sheltered about
The Mahogany Tree.

Here let us sport,
Boys, as we sit,
Laughter and wit
Flashing so free.
Life is but short—
When we are gone,
Let them sing on,
Round the old tree.

Mr. Owen Seaman, however, would never have passed the line "icy and chill" in the first stanza quoted!

JULES VERNE.

Probably no French author ever attained a popularity among English book readers equal to that enjoyed twenty or thirty years ago by the writer whose monument is to be shortly unveiled at Amiens—a marble bust, surrounded by a juvenile group intent on his wonder-tales of travel. Jules Verne's personality, however, was almost unknown either at home or abroad. He lived a singularly retired life in his Amiens residence, a quiet, old-fashioned house on the leafy boulevard skirted by the main line from London to Paris.

HIS TRAVELS.

A legend was still current at the time of his death (1905) that the author of "Voyages Extraordinaires" had never left his native land, and scarcely less founded on the fact that from the time he came to Amiens (in 1870) he rarely left the town, although he was then but forty-two. As a matter of fact, he had travelled in Scandinavia and North America, and was fond of sailing the Mediterranean or our northern seas in his yacht, accompanied only by two children. On board this little craft he "thought out" many of the romances suggested and developed by the indefatigable study of works of travel and of science in his cabin-like workshop at Amiens, hung around with maps and charts. Quiet, simple, methodical, home-staying, he was the physical and mental antithesis of the globe-trotter and nothing in his youthful environment seems to have suggested the foreign flights of his fancy. He was, it is true, born in Brittany (ever the home of the hardiest of French seamen), but he spent his youth as a law student at Paris; and was employed in a stock broker's office there when his taste for the theatre induced him (in 1850) to make his first published literary efforts, a couple of comedies played at leading Parisian theatres, and the libretto of a light opera or two.

THE FIRST SCIENTIFIC NOVEL.

He then contributed occasionally to the "Musée des Familles" (the French equivalent of our old "Penny Magazine"), and in 1861 the firm of Hetzel accepted and published, in a juvenile periodical entitled the "Magasin d'Education," his "Five Weeks in a Balloon." This was the turning-point in a literary career which henceforth was as remunerative as it was remarkable. The most noteworthy novelties of our epoch—the airship, the submarine, the phonograph—were foreshadowed in a steady succession of publications. A few of the stories, "Michael Strogoff," "Round the World in Eighty Days," etc., were successfully dramatized, and are still regularly "put on" at the Chatelet (Paris) and provincial theatres. He may perhaps be regarded as the originator of the popular story on a scientific basis of which Mr. H. G. Wells and others have since produced striking examples.

ANOTHER CASE IN GLENVIEW.

Glenview, Dec. 5.—Mrs. Chenoquith makes the fourth case of lung trouble cured this week by Catarrhose. A bad cold settled on her lungs and resisted all treatment, but "Catarrhose" cured the soreness and irritation in a few days. Local druggists report the sale of Catarrhose is enormous. It has great merit and quickly cures colds, bronchitis, lung troubles and catarrh. Two months' treatment costs one dollar, and is guaranteed; sample size, twenty-five cents at all dealers in medicine.

WAS IN BED FOR THREE MONTHS.

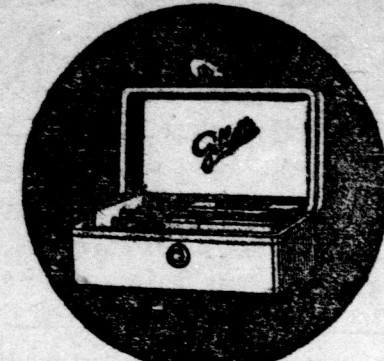
PEOPLE SAID SHE HAD CONSUMPTION.

Read how Mrs. T. G. Buck, Brantford, Ont., was cured (and also her little boy) by the use of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

She writes: "I thought I would write and let you know the benefit I have received through the use of your Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. A few years ago I was so badly troubled with my lungs people said I had Consumption and that I would not live through the Fall. I had two doctors attending me and they were very much alarmed about me. I was in bed three months and when I got up I could not walk, no had to go on my hands and knees for three weeks, and my limbs seemed of no use to me. I gave up all hopes of ever getting better when I happened to see in B.B.B. Almanac that Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup was good for weak lungs. I thought I would try a bottle and by the time I had used it I was a lot better, so got more and more of it, and in a couple of weeks my little boy was also troubled with weak lungs and it cured him. I kept it in the house all the time and would not be without it for anything."

Price 25 cents at all dealers. Beware of imitations of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Ask for it and insist on getting the original. Put up in a yellow wrapper and three pine trees the trade mark.

No Stopping



No Honing

SEE a man coming home from forge or furnace or factory—face covered with grime and soot—it only takes five minutes to lather his face and shave as clean as the palm of your hand with a Gillette Safety Razor. Then he is ready for an evening of rest.

The Gillette is one of the comforts of life that every working man can afford—it costs \$5 but it lasts a lifetime.

It is the one safety razor that is safe—cannot cut your face. The only razor that can be adjusted for a light or close shave.

Gillette Safety Razor
NO STOPPING. NO HONING.

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SPECIAL NOTICE. Owing to Dr. Kergan being deceased, Dr. J. D. Kennedy, Medical Director, has associated with him Dr. Kennedy Jr., who has been with him for many years, so hereafter business will be conducted under the name of **Drs. Kennedy & Kennedy**.

NERVOUS DEBILITY. Thousands of young and middle aged men are annually swept to a premature grave through EARLY INDISCRETIONS, EXCESSIVE AND BLOOD DISORDERS. If you have any of the following symptoms consult us before it is too late. Are you nervous and weak, despondent and gloomy, specks before the eyes, with dark circles under them, weak back, kidneys irritable, palpitation of the heart, bashful, dreams and losses, sediment in urine, pimples on the face, eyes sunken, hollow cheeks, careworn expression, poor memory, listless, distrustful, lack energy and strength, tired morning, restless nights, changeable moods, weak manhood, premature decay, bone pains, hair loose, sore throat, etc.

BLOOD POISONS. Blood Poisons are the most prevalent and most serious diseases. They sap the very life blood of the victim, and unless entirely eradicated from the system all druggists—no more vital waste from the system. Don't let quacks and fakirs rob you of your hard earned dollars. We will cure you or no pay.

OUR NEW METHOD TREATMENT alone can cure you, and make a man of you. Under its influence the brain becomes active, the blood purified so that all pimples, blotches and ulcers disappear, the nerves become strong as steel, so that nervousness, baseness and despondency vanish, the eye becomes bright, the face full and clear, energy returns to the body, and the moral, physical, and vital systems are invigorated; all drains cease—no more vital waste from the system. Don't let quacks and fakirs rob you of your hard earned dollars. We will cure you or no pay.

READER No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion free of charge. BOOKS FREE—"The Golden Monitor" (illustrated)

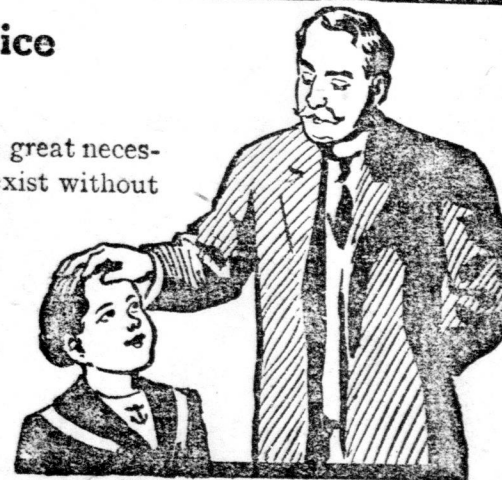
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"Money my son, is the great necessity in life. You cannot exist without it." "Therefore, you see the wisdom of owning a snug sum." "The way to get nicely started towards owning this snug sum is to put by so much from your salary each week." "I advise you to open a Savings Account with the Agricultural Savings & Loan Co." "It is a safe company and pays 3½% interest, compounded half-yearly."



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73

ROSSETTI AND ELIZABETH SIDDAL; THE PAINTER AND HIS MODEL

ONE OF THE MOST TRAGIC INCIDENTS IN MODERN LITERARY LIFE.
—HALL CAINE DISCUSSES THE ROMANCE IN HIS AUTOBIOGRAPHY—ROSSETTI BURIED HIS POEMS WITH HIS WIFE AND LATER EXHUMED THE BODY.

One day a young artist named Deverell accompanied his mother to a milliner's shop in Oxford street and saw through an open door there a number of young women working in an inner room. Among these girls there was one who at once attracted his attention and admiration—especially because she had a glorious mass of reddish auburn hair, which poets and painters were then beginning to discover was a woman's greatest beauty. Young Deverell was struck at once with the artistic possibilities of this wonderful girl, and whispered to his mother to ask the girl to sit to him; after some hesitation, the mother did so and the girl began to sit to the artist. The girl's name was Elizabeth Siddal, and on this chance meeting with a young artist hung, as Mr. Hall Caine says, the most tragic series of incidents in modern literary life.

Elizabeth Eleanor Siddal was the daughter of a singer in a dissenting chapel; and she had recently returned to London from Sheffield. The family must have been poor, else the girl would not have been a milliner—a hard-worked and ill-paid trade. But she had amid these low surroundings not merely the glorious opulence of her extraordinary beauty, but some of the artistic gifts inherited doubtless from her musical father. Allowing for the exaggeration with which all men speak of the intellectual gifts of a beautiful woman, Elizabeth Siddal certainly had considerable talents. By a curious coincidence, this chance meeting with a young artist brought her into the atmosphere of which by nature she was most fitted. Her artistic gift was not in music, the art of her father—but in drawing, in painting. Artists have a closeness of association and a spirit of camaraderie that induce them to exchange confidences and confessions, and the enthusiastic admiration of Elizabeth Siddal was soon communicated to his friend Dante Rossetti. Dante Rossetti had not then achieved much fame outside the circle of adores in which he moved with the easy assurance and confidence of a leader and king. But everybody knew that he had a great, though uncertain, future in art and in letters—for this strange creature stood out from the rest of men in having an almost equally supreme gift in painting and in poetry. But he was still poor and still bohemian, and had not yet learned, and, in fact, never did learn, those economies which make a balance between expenditure and income. He was, indeed, poor. When he saw Elizabeth Siddal, he at once saw the artistic possibilities of her special kind of beauty, she became his model; and soon she became also the object of a love, so deep, so enduring, so full of pitifulness, that she blotted out and for ever nearly all other influences in his life, and in turn, was the day-star and the haunting, haunting, destroying ghost of his later years. She gave him at once life and death.

What was she like—this wondrous girl who was to produce such momentous results? Of all the descriptions I have read of her, I choose that by the wife of another great artist. Among the first friends whom Rossetti asked to come and see his newly-made wife were Burne-Jones and his wife, Lady Burne-Jones, in her delightful biography of her husband, gives a very vivid account of

HER HUSBAND WAS A DRUNKARD

A Lady who cures her husband of His Drinking Habits Writes of Her Struggle to Save her Home.

A PATHETIC LETTER



"I had for a long time been thinking of trying the Tasteless Samaritan Prescription for my husband for his drinking habits, but I was afraid he would discover that I was giving him medicine, and the thought never entered my mind. I hesitated for nearly a week, but one day when he came home very much intoxicated, I took his salary nearly all spent. I threw off all fear and determined to make an effort to save our home from the ruin I saw coming at all hazards. I sent for your Tasteless Samaritan Prescription, and put it in his coffee as directed next morning and watched and prayed for the result. At noon I gave him more and also at supper. He never suspected a thing, and I then boldly kept right on giving it regularly, as I had discovered something that had not every nerve in my body tingling with hope and happiness, and I could see a bright future spread out before me. I was so sure of success that I gave him a share in the good things of life, an attentive loving husband, comfort and everything else dear to a woman's heart; for my husband had told me that whiskey was vile stuff and he was taking a health to it. It was only a few days before I had given him the full course he had stopped drinking altogether, but I kept giving him the medicine until he was cured. I sent for another lot, to have on hand if he should relapse, as he had done from promises before. He never has and I am writing you this letter to tell you how thankful I am. I honestly believe it will cure the worst cases."

Free Package and pamphlet giving full particulars, testimonials and full correspondence sent confidential. Address: THE SAMARITAN DISPENSARY CO., 16 JORDAN CHURCH, JORDAN ST., TORONTO, CANADA. Also for sale by E. L. Guillemont, druggist, corner Richmond and Dundas streets, London.

the first meeting. Here it is: "Rossetti and his wife, after their return from Paris, took a lodging at Hampstead, but she was so ill at first that we never saw her till near the end of July. . . . Lizzie's slender, elegant figure—tall for those days, but I never knew her actual height—comes back to me, in a graceful and simple dress, the incarnate opposite of the 'tailor-made' young lady. We went home with them to their rooms at Hampstead, and I know that I then received an impression which never went away, of romance and tragedy of this wonderful girl, and whispered to his mother to ask the girl to sit to him; after some hesitation, the mother did so and the girl began to sit to the artist. The girl's name was Elizabeth Siddal, and on this chance meeting with a young artist hung, as Mr. Hall Caine says, the most tragic series of incidents in modern literary life."

Ten years elapsed between the first meeting between Rossetti and Elizabeth Siddal and their marriage, and over these ten years there is a heavy veil—not yet uplifted altogether. Elizabeth Siddal was not educated, and there is reason for believing that for a while Rossetti sent her away to a school to complete her education. There was thus between them some of that relation, half paternal and half lover, which is so often the relation of the tenderest relations between a man and a woman; and of the tenderest and yet one of the most perilous. For the paternal feeling may in the end swallow up the passion and feeling of the lover, and passions die in the very opulence of pure and unselfish affection. Whether anything of this kind happened in the case of Rossetti is one of the unsolved mysteries in the tragic story. It is certain that they were separated for a while. Ruskin appears at this stage of the story; this wondrous woman, and indeed, even a woman—that came within the sphere of her influence; and Ruskin was so taken by her that he helped her with his purse through some hours of stress and uncertainty—doing so with characteristic delicacy and generosity by offering to buy her pictures, but on the condition that she remained a pupil of Rossetti's. Ten years is a long trial for love—especially in the mild and impressionable nature of an artist, and when the time for the engagement secretly formed between Rossetti and Elizabeth Siddal, kept secret at her strong desire, came to be completed by marriage, there is reason, Hall Caine thinks, for believing that Rossetti was making sacrifice to duty rather than consummating the once glorious dream. Rossetti went to Paris to paint the frescoes in the Union Debating Hall at Oxford, and that while there he entered into a new, perhaps a more opulent and cultured world than any he had yet known. It was then he was acquainted with William Morris, and on this pause in his life as a Londoner and a bohemian Hall Caine makes significant and somewhat cryptic observations:

"What effect these new friendships, or any of all of them, may have had on the relation which he still stood to Elizabeth Siddal, it would perhaps be hard to say; but I think evidence is not wanting in the poems written about this period of a new and disturbing element of a painful and even tragic awakening, a sense of a passion coming too late, and, above all, of a struggle between love and duty which assured less than well for the happiness of the marriage that was about to come."

What secret there was buried in the heart of Rossetti when, after these ten long years of waiting, he and the wondrous girl who had inspired his brush and his pen to their greatest exaltations—what secret lay buried in Rossetti's heart, the world was not allowed to see. On the contrary, so far as anybody could judge, it was the supremely blissful realization of a long-cherished and beautiful romance. Hall Caine writes on this point:

"Friends who saw much of them in the earlier days of their married life speak of their obvious happiness, and protest, in particular, against evil rumors circulated later, that nothing could have been more marked than Rossetti's zealous attention to his young wife."

But did Rossetti any longer love her with the wild passion which once flooded and inspired his whole being? Did the daily intimacy of marriage rub off the splendor and the glory—especially when the hapless girl lost her health and her spirit? She must have been some thing of a trial to one like Rossetti, not the less so because it was unconsciously—or at least so inevitably. Poor health—and her health had become poor—the tragic look in her face which Lady Burne-Jones saw was working out her destiny—leads to spirits. Disappointment about not having children was well-calculated to increase both the ill-health and the depression of spirits—the only child was still-born; "and then," says

Hall Caine, "her mood, already sad, appears to have deepened to one of settled melancholy." And here is a picture of her which is eloquent and need not be dwelt upon: "I remember to have heard Madox Brown say that she would sit for hours with her feet inside the fender looking fixedly into the fire." One can well understand what effect such companionship would have on a nature like Rossetti's. Hall Caine puts this truly and yet tenderly:

"It is easy to believe that to a man so impressionable as Rossetti, so dependent on cheerful surroundings, so liable to dark moods of his own, by this must have been a condition which made home hard to bear. If he escaped from it as often as possible it is perhaps only natural, and it is no less natural if his absence was misunderstood."

And these are the circumstances which we must read into that last day and night which these two unhappy beings spent together. Here is the story as told by Hall Caine, who says Hall Caine; and, "it expressed itself in a way that was full of tragic force and beauty of a great re-creation." The poet inspired by and addressed to his wife; at her request he had copied them into a little book which she had given him. "He resolved that the poems should go with her to the grave, and he placed the little volume in the coffin by the side of the body, and she wrapped it round with her beautiful golden hair."

Everybody knows the sequel. Under pressure from friends, Rossetti applied to the home office for leave to exhume the body; the poems were recovered, were published, and immediately became popular. But they brought no joy to the poet; they were fiercely attacked in the well-known article by Robert Buchanan called the "Fleshly School," and Rossetti was tortured by the thought that he had practiced the taking of chloral; the habit increased, bringing with it its well-known Nemesis in deep dejection and morbidity of spirits, until in the end he became a sickly hermit, and died still comparatively young in the little seaside village of Birchington-on-Sea, where he is buried. There were many things to account for the final overthrow of this noble and exalted spirit; but that red-haired girl whom he took out of the milliner's shop in Oxford street was the most potent of them. Her beauty, her youth, and other things proved in Rossetti the practice of taking chloral; the habit increased, bringing with it its well-known Nemesis in deep dejection and morbidity of spirits, until in the end he became a sickly hermit, and died still comparatively young in the little seaside village of Birchington-on-Sea, where he is buried. There were many things to account for the final overthrow of this noble and exalted spirit; but that red-haired girl whom he took out of the milliner's shop in Oxford street was the most potent of them. Her beauty, her youth, and other things proved in Rossetti the practice of taking chloral; the habit increased, bringing with it its well-known Nemesis in deep dejection and morbidity of spirits, until in the end he became a sickly hermit, and died still comparatively young in the little seaside village of Birchington-on-Sea, where he is buried.

FAMOUS BOYS' SCHOOL

FOUNDED IN 1571 AT HARROW—ATTENDANCE HAS FALLEN OFF IN RECENT YEARS—MANY NOTABLES HAVE BEEN EDUCATED THERE—CURIOUS ANCIENT RULES, SOME BEING STILL IN FORCE.

Each year brings to Harrow, England's famous boys' school, a fresh contingent of American and Anglo-American boys. When the school opened again last month there were some 50 of these pupils enrolled at this establishment, where once, according to one historian, "600 sons of earls and dukes" were trained in the essentials of English manhood as well as of education.

The Duchess of Marlborough's eldest son, Mrs. Marshall Field's boy and Mrs. Dominguez's two sons are some of those who are receiving their education here and incidentally imbibing all those traditions which make the public school life one of the great factors in an Englishman's existence.

Entrance to Harrow is not an easy matter. A boy's name is sometimes registered at his birth, so that when he arrives at the right age a place will be made for him.

It was in 1571 that John Lyon, a wealthy yeoman, and for those days an excellent scholar, conceived the idea of forming a school for the boys in and around the place he lived, which was Harrow. It was to be free and open to all who really wished to learn. He procured letters patent and a royal charter from Queen Elizabeth, and was empowered to draw up certain statutes for the foundation, regulation and government of the "free grammar school of John Lyon in the village of Harrow, upon the Hill in the County of Middlesex."

In the will of this same wise and beneficent man were left all sorts of instructions for the maintenance and continuance of his scheme, and he appointed a body corporate to be known as "keepers and governors of the school." Being a careful and far-seeing man, he provided for all contingencies.

He arranged the stipends of the masters, the number of forms in the school, the courses of study for each, and even the mode of punishment to be used. Also the pupils were only to indulge in such sports as driving a top, tossing a handball, running and shooting.

Just when the school changed its character and became a place where only the nobility or very wealthy could afford to send their sons is not recorded, but change it did, and the original idea of John Lyon that education should be free there exists now only in certain scholarships which enable a boy to take the course free of charge.

of a strong odor of laudanum; his wife breathing stertorously and lying unconscious on the bed. He called a doctor, who saw at once what was only too obvious—that the lady had taken an overdose of her accustomed sleep draught. Other doctors were summoned, and every effort was made to save the patient's life; but, after lingering for several hours without recovering consciousness for a moment—and therefore without offering a word of explanation—towards seven in the morning she died."

There is a grim irony in some of the details of the events which immediately followed. The world of London little knew that among the thousands of events which had been crushed into the great multitudinous day of London's always tumultuous, checked, gigantic life there had occurred one death which the world would never cease to hear of. "Rossetti, stunned and stupefied, had to the police the face of the coroner's court were reported in a short paragraph in one of the London papers, and there the poet's name was wrongly spelled."

So does the vast world mock our own little world of petty incidents, so completely ignored, that Rossetti to darken and almost blot out everything else for the remainder of his days. "His grief knew no bounds," says Hall Caine; and, "it expressed itself in a way that was full of tragic force and beauty of a great re-creation." The poet inspired by and addressed to his wife; at her request he had copied them into a little book which she had given him. "He resolved that the poems should go with her to the grave, and he placed the little volume in the coffin by the side of the body, and she wrapped it round with her beautiful golden hair."

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TO DIGEST THE FOOD

IS ONE OF THE SECRETS OF HAPPINESS; DIGESTION IS IMPROVED BY

Bile in the intestines is as important to digestion as are the gastric juices in the stomach, and bile is only supplied when the liver is in active condition.

The serious and chronic forms of indigestion are cured by Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills because of their influence on the liver, causing a good flow of bile to aid digestion and keep the bowels regular, thereby preventing fermentation of the food, the formation of gas and all the disagreeable symptoms of indigestion.

Long-standing cases of chronic indigestion yield to Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills after all else has failed.

Here is the proof:

"I was for many years troubled with indigestion and headache and derived no benefit from the many remedies I used. A friend advised the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and after taking four boxes the result is that I am once more in the full enjoyment of the blessings of good health."—Mr. Duncan McPherson, Content, Alta.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills don't relieve the stress of indigestion temporarily by the use of drugs, but cure the trouble permanently by assisting the deranged organs and causing to flow those juices necessary to thorough mastication of the food. One pill a dose; 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmundson, Bates & Co., Toronto. The portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., the famous Receipt Book author, are on every box.

Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor is the only remedy of standing that is guaranteed to cure corns and warts without pain. Insist on having only Putnam's; it's the best.

STOMACH DERANGEMENT

HER LIMBS ACHED.
WORN OUT—TIRED.
HEADACHES, DIZZINESS.

MRS. SCHOLES' CASE LIKE THAT OF THOUSANDS CURED BY THE CELEBRATED TONIC FERROZONE.

This is but one example of the sickness, the dull aching weariness that afflicts so many homes today. Hundreds of women, single and married, will recognize in Mrs. Scholes' statement symptoms from which they suffer continually.

Almost instant in its wonderful results, better than any other tonic in the world is Ferrozone. All other medicinal discoveries seem as nought compared with the vital bracing health Ferrozone so surely brings.

Proof of Cure.

"People in ordinary circumstances find sickness the greatest burden of all," writes Mrs. W. S. Scholes, the wife of a well-known citizen in Russell. But the mother with young children must keep going whether sick or well. "This was my plight just before my third child was born, and I became weak and pale, and at night I was so weary that I ached all over. I slept poorly, suffered with indigestion and headaches that almost blinded me."

"At last, when thin, wrinkled and hollow-cheeked, I was urged to use Ferrozone. For the first time in years I enjoyed freedom from headaches, my appetite picked up, I grew stronger, felt better and slept soundly. You can't imagine my joy in seeing my strength, color and spirits returning. Week by week I improved, gained eleven pounds and have been robust ever since."

Because Ferrozone invigorates—braces—builds up—because it will make you feel the exultant thrill of vitalizing blood and strong nerves—because it will give you comfort, energy, sound lasting health, there are a few of the reasons why you should use Ferrozone. Sold by all dealers, 50c per box or six boxes for \$2.50. Try Ferrozone. Do it today.

to the institute that new halls, classrooms and laboratories are constantly being built. The masters' houses in which the boys live are also comfortable and modern in their appointments. The schoolmaster has some 50 or 60 boys as residents and the others take as many as they can conveniently accommodate, thus adding considerably to their incomes.

The west wing of the "Old Schools" is the most ancient of the buildings. Having been completed in 1615. The first floor is occupied by a large classroom known as the fourth form room. This was for 200 years the only schoolroom Harrow possessed.

The head master occupied the throne at the end of the room and other seats were apportioned to the assistant masters, while the scholars sat on the uncomfortable forms and wrote on their knees as best they could. After it ceased to be the general classroom it was used for the boys of the fourth form and by that name it is still known.

It was in this room that Sheridan received as much instruction as he would consent to imbibe. He never carried off any honors at Harrow, but was ringleader in all mischief if school history speaks truly.

It was here, too, that Lord Palmerston first achieved distinction, for he was a student and scholar even in those early days, and his name stands in the school list of September, 1798, as head boy in the second remove of the fourth form.

In 1805 George Gordon Byron was placed in this schoolroom to wrestle with studies he hated. He was much attached to Harrow, and, like Sheridan, seems to have been a leader in sports and scrapes of all sorts. He says in his correspondence that he had seven fights at Harrow and was victorious in six. Some of his school books are to be seen and the leaves are all scribbled over with notes and comments. In his "Scriptoria Graeci" is written:

"George Gordon Byron, Wednesday, June 26, 1805, 3 quarters of an hour past three o'clock in the afternoon, 3rd school. Calvert monitor, Tom Wildman my right and Young on my left. Harrow on the Hill."

On the old panels of the fourth form room are thousands of names cut into the wood, the work of generations of boys. Byron, Sheridan, Peel, Palmerston and Manning scored their autographs among the others. This old classroom is no longer used in that capacity and cannot be seen by the chance visitor to the school unless special permission is obtained. The boys of today have no pleasant associations with it, as it is used only for punishment. It is to this room that the present sturdy English lads, the delicate French boys and the energetic American boys are taken to be chastised when the situation does not admit of milder punishment. Amid these memories of the past they undergo the mortification of the present; so the fourth form room to the modern Harrovian is a "beastly" place indeed.

The little town of Harrow exists only for the school. As in London certain establishments call themselves bakers, fruiterers, tailors to the royal family, so in Harrow they hang signs upon their shops stating that they serve the school.

BABY OF TWENTY-TWO.

A girl who, though 22 years old, has never grown up, has been discovered in the small hamlet of Cove, Devon. Her name is Mildred Hart, and she is the daughter of a carpenter. Since she was five years of age she has not developed either physically or mentally. Her teeth are those she cut as an infant, and she has retained all her baby ways.

Her clothes, even to her little socks and shoes, are such as one is accustomed to see on a child of five. She nurses a doll, and is in turn nursed by her mother who was seventeen years ago. The girl dislikes going to bed, and insists on remaining downstairs till her parents retire for the night, when she is put in a little cot in her room.

The parents cannot assign a reason for the arrested development of their child, but it appears that two sisters of one of the child's grandmothers failed to develop in the same way.—Exchange.



At the Christmas Matinee

Did you ever see the face of a child when it is absolutely happy? It is a wonderful thing to make a child happy. If an Edison Phonograph had no other mission than to entertain the children it should be found in every home where there is even one child. But the Edison Phonograph is not merely a children's plaything, though it is the best playfellow a child can have. A child plays with its other playthings—but the Edison Phonograph plays with the child.

That same Phonograph appeals to all the children, large and small; to grown-ups as well as to children; to guests as well as to the family. That is why

every mother
every mistress of a home and
every hostess needs

The EDISON PHONOGRAPH

The Edison Phonograph now has the new Amberol Records, which play twice as long as the old ones, which play longer and better than any other records made.

Every mother who reads this should decide today that Christmas will bring at least one joyful entertainer into her house—an Edison Phonograph. Act on that good resolution at once. Go to an Edison dealer today and hear the Edison Phonograph in its own style, pick out a supply of Records, and make this Christmas a Phonograph Christmas.

FREE. Go to your dealer or write to us today and get these books: THE CATALOGUE OF EDISON PHONOGRAPHS as well as COMPLETE RECORD CATALOGUE, SUPPLEMENTAL CATALOGUE and the PHONOGRAPH, which tell about all the Records, old and new.

We Desire Good, Live Dealers to sell Edison Phonographs in every town where we are not well represented. Dealers having established stores should write at once to

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ID YOU EVER FIGURE
THE COST of a single day's
baking—the material, fuel,
time and labor—and consider
that it is all wasted if the
baking is a failure?

Is it economy, then, to use a
flour of uncertain quality when
a few cents more will buy

Royal Household Flour

—a flour that you can depend
upon to produce light, crisp and
wholesome bread or pastry?

It is made from selected hard
wheat, milled by a most modern
process which guarantees absolute
purity.

Royal Household Flour does
not vary in quality—does not
disappoint.

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Limited, Montreal.

"WOMEN!" "Are You Nervous?"

The results of modern civilization are evidenced in an increase of nervous disorders. It could not be otherwise with the way we eat, drink, lose sleep, and keep up a continual round of excitement. The work, the worry, the excitement, all tell upon the nerves till they cry out in revolt, and will not be placated till a remedy such as

MILBURN'S
HEART AND NERVE PILLS

some along with their nerve-strengthening and energizing properties, and restore them to their normal condition.

Mrs. Wm. Levi, Markdale, Ont., writes: "I had for several years been troubled with nervousness, and, like many others, spent loads of money on medicine that did me no good. I was so bad that the least noise would make me jump and my heart would thump so you could hear it plainly and I could not lie on my left side at night. I saw a few testimonials of others and decided to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and to my great joy and surprise they completely cured me and it only took six boxes to do it. I have a neighbor, Mrs. Rickett, and I induced her to try them and they effected a cure. I can endorse their use for anyone afflicted as I was."

Price, 50 cents a box, 3 boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

A TIE PIN always forms a most suitable gift to a man—especially if it be from "Ryrie's." The one shown here is one of our newest and most popular styles.

It is made in a heavy weight of solid 14k. gold, and will be found a most serviceable pin.

Engraved with "his" monogram, complete in suitable box the price is

\$3.50

RYRIE BROS.
LIMITED
134-136-138 Yonge St.
TORONTO

Wrongs of English Women

PRESENT LAWS WORK GRAVE INJUSTICE TO WIVES.

A Husband May By His Will Leave His Wife Penniless—A Wife's Household Savings Not Her Own—Her Allowance at the Husband's Discretion.

The suffragettes over in England are commonly supposed in this country to be fighting more for an abstract principle than for any practical personal advantage to women. That there are still on the statute books laws which are astonishingly unjust to women was proved no longer ago than August of this year.

Two wills proved during August, says the London Illustrated News, have reminded us of one of the rights that a British husband possesses in excess of those enjoyed by the less fortunate married men of most other countries, the right of leaving the partner of his life penniless at his own discretion.

"One of the testators in question had a grim sense of humor. He commands his widow to enter a convent and spend the rest of her life in prayer, in which case he pays for her board with a legacy of £1,000 to the superior of said convent, but if the widow refuses this disposition of her future existence then she is to have no provision at all, but is to face the world with only her wardrobe and jewelry."

"The other husband certainly utterly lacked humor, for his wife died before him, and yet we are informed he resisted the entreaties of his friends to erase from his will a clause leaving his poor spouse, who now wanted no more in this world full of woe, one single shilling out of his fortune."

"It is surely foolish if the law ought to sanction the enormity of a woman who has given up in her married life all other prospect of providing for her own old age being left at last destitute by her husband's will. This possibility is the more cruel because it is further the case that under English law a wife may not save the merest pittance for herself out of money received by her from her husband; all such savings belong to the husband's estate."

"In France, Belgium and some other countries a testator is compelled in the first place to leave a certain provision to wife and children before disposing of the balance as his own whim or reason may suggest; and surely this is just, under the circumstances in which marriage places a woman."

But a man—an Englishman—does not have to wait until he is dead for the privilege of pauperizing his wife. Another English publication, the Gentlewoman, contains some interesting information about what John Bull can do to his wife while he is alive.

"Not only may a man refuse his wife any money at all to put in her

pocket and use as she chooses," it says, "but he may legally keep her in a most meagre fashion as regards food and clothing, without reference to his means."

"The magistrate at the Southwestern London police court stated the law to be (in a case heard as recently as July, 1903), that a man who had an income of five pounds a week might allow his wife to only one shilling a day to provide her own food."

"If the husband took exception to his wife having meat more than two days out of the seven," said this exponent of the laws of today, "that was not a matter in which the court could interfere."

"It is only a year since the working-men's wives were thrown into consternation by a county court judge ordering some £40 that a woman had laboriously saved during many years of thrifty housekeeping out of the money allowed her by her husband for the household expenses to be paid out of the savings bank to the husband."

"The judge explained to the astonished woman, and thereby to all other married household workers, that if a wife had had no other source of income except money handed to her by her husband not a farthing of that even belongs to her as her earnings or returns for her work in the home or for her child tending; it was all still her husband's absolute property, and therefore anything that she had saved out of it was also his, not her own."

"This home maker, therefore, was stripped of her little provision for a rainy day, and all the other hard-working women who have little investments in co-operative stores, or what not, were thus made to understand that as wives they are held by the laws of the land to earn and own not a shilling and that any little hard-saved treasure they have stored can be spent at any time by their husbands when and as they choose."

"Another case followed still more recently to emphasize the position of a wife and her home tasks from the economic standpoint. In this case the man had been abroad for some years and had sent his wife for the family support such sums as he thought fit. The wife, choosing to devote her energy and ability to the economical conduct of her home rather than—as she had been doing—to earning an income in a profession, saved some of the allowance."

"As in this case, at any rate, the husband being out of the country could not have been deprived of any home comforts the county court judge was rather doubtful if the law deprived the wife of her small savings. But the high court of justice, when appealed to, put the matter beyond all doubt. The judges repeated that the law is that if a wife has no outside source of income she can own nothing."

"A lady had a dozen photographs taken at a cost of a guinea and had paid for them out of her household allowance. The husband claimed that he could suppress the negative as it was paid for with his money, and this case (so trivial in one point of view, but so dreadfully important to women in another point of view), was settled in the husband's favor on the ground just recounted, namely, that a wife has absolutely no rights to any money at all as earned by home-making and child-tending labors."

"Finally, not only does a wife not earn a single penny by her household work, but she may be left by will absolutely a pauper on her husband's death, though he may have quite a fortune to leave behind him, and she have been a faithful wife during the whole of her days of strength and earning capacity. Even if a husband die intestate the law does not give his widow his property—though it does give a widower all the property of a wife who dies intestate."

"It was represented as a great act of grace when the House of Commons quite recently ordained that the widow might have what was left by an intestate out to £500 in cash. In landed property also a wife has certain rights

in intestacy, but she has none in case her husband makes a will and chooses to leave her penniless in her later days after a life spent in the service of his home."

"It is the laws that are unjust, in the way the position is regarded of women who could have, if they trained in youth and kept to work, made good professional incomes, but who have accepted wifehood, motherhood and home-making for their occupation in life's heyday."

"I urge that these women actually do earn their living—that a husband has no more right to refuse a wife an independent income, in proportion to his means, than the office partner in a manufacturing business who actually gets the money in hand has to refuse the proper share of it to the partner who overlooks the internal arrangements of the factory—and that a wife has a just right to spend or to save as she pleases from her portion her wages for her home making work."

THE MARCEL WAVE MADE HIM RICH

INVENTOR OF IT MADE HIS FORTUNE AND RETIRED FROM BUSINESS.

M. Marcel, originator of the Marcel wave, which has been so popular with womankind for several years, was "freed" after securing his first position. He lost his job immediately after doing up his first curling. The woman over whom he worked was so indignant that she tore down her hair in the establishment where the young hair-dresser was employed and rearranged it herself, whereas the apologetic proprietor summarily dismissed Marcel.

Recently M. Marcel visited England and for the first time told how he discovered the Marcel wave. Ten years ago the master retired from business, after accumulating a fortune of over \$200,000.

At a banquet tendered the foremost hairdressers of the world, in London, he was hailed as "the greatest benefactor of women."

M. Marcel is now old, yet merry and cheery, and he feels proud that women in five continents dress their hair after the manner originated by him. His is a fame unique in history.

What woman is there who does not bless his name?

When he first began to Marcel, the hairdresser received two francs, or about 40 cents, from a customer. After his wave became famous he made as much as \$200 a day. For years he averaged fifteen patrons a day, some of them bringing him as much as \$100. M. Marcel retired to a home in Normandy ten years ago, wealthy and famous.

Thirty-six years ago M. Marcel observed the peculiar curl of the hair at the side of his mother's head. These were regular waves of unusual beauty. One day the young hairdresser wondered whether he could not curl the hair in the same manner over her entire head. So he got a curling iron and began experimenting. He studied the roll of the undulations, and by degrees mastered the curl. He did it by a peculiar twist of the wrist.

M. Marcel loved to wave hair. He loved his new wave. He began to experiment on his customers. They were delighted, and their delight grew. However, M. Marcel waved only for women with soft, supple hair. One day a woman whose hair was stiff and coarse suggested that he try the new curl on her. M. Marcel consented.

"Go ahead, work away," she said. "I'll pay you for your extra time." And M. Marcel worked. The lady emerged a new woman, and her delight was great. Other women flocked to M. Marcel's establishment. The lady's wave lasted five weeks. At the end of that time M. Marcel was charging five francs to dress a woman's hair.

Then began the Marcel rage. The dresser's establishment was thronged. Women began to bid with one another for precedence, and the fees went up to \$20. One lady living in London sent for the master and paid him \$200 for a single treatment.

Then the world hailed the Marcel wave, and all great beauties, leaders of society, stars of the stage, cultivated it.

M. Marcel contends that no woman can dress her own hair. "It is useless for her to try," he says. But, however, discouraging this remark may seem, M. Marcel is an optimist. He said: "No woman must despair. No woman must think her hair irremediably ugly. I have made a common possession the wavy hair that only a few women had from nature."

"The wave comes from the movement of the wrist. I could not quite teach it in writing. The instrument I use is very simple, and the only variation on my first invention is the independent of the points, to prevent the snapping of the hair."

"I have said no woman can wave her own hair satisfactorily. She must go to a competent dresser; and it is certain that even she has spent a year in acquiring the art. It can't be learned in less."

"The waves should remain for two or three weeks, and the woman herself can renew the waves daily. Englishwomen have the best hair for waving. It is always well kept, so clean and shining. Bright hair shows the waves best, too, for it glitters in every light. Dark hair cannot reflect light, and therefore the waves lose much effect."

At the celebration in London several pairs of irons used by M. Marcel for a public demonstration were sold at auction, one pair bringing nearly \$25. Speaking of his discovery, the famous man naively remarked:

"The secret? Simply a knack in the turn of the wrist and a series of movements of the irons that makes the 'wave' lasting. I realized at once that I was a benefactor to all womankind. Only a very few women are fortunate enough to possess naturally curly hair. Those who have straight locks are now able to show as artistic a head of hair as their more fortunate sister, and every woman is grateful to me in consequence."

At the rate of four tons a day the British mint has been turning out copper coins in an attempt to cope with the famine in pence in London and other centres. This stringency always becomes most acute toward the end of each quarter.

Modern Noah In Britain's Court

FREAK ANIMALS AND RARE BIRDS COMMAND READY SALE.

Jamrach's Novel Home for Curious in Old London—Teddy Bears and Pigmy Ponies.

There are many odd places in the world's metropolises, but Jamrach's is the oddest by far. In a dingy street of Whitechapel's crowded ghetto, abutting on an even dingier one, he houses his menagerie. Ask for "Jamrach's" anywhere in that district, and half a dozen barefooted, ragged youngsters will volunteer with one accord to show you the way, and by the time you have reached your destination, you will be attended by a strange bodyguard of half a hundred youngsters, all eager for a peep at some of Jamrach's pets.

The first intimation of the miniature zoo is the presence of two tiny ponies which are allowed to wander about in the open streets near Britain's court, where their home is situated. They are only 33 inches high, and play about the streets like other "children." Their owner seems to have absolute confidence in the honesty of the neighbors, for no guard is placed over them. The children of the streets do not attempt to worry them, and they are as gentle and playful as a couple of kittens.

Jamrach's establishment occupies a three-story building which, in its palmy days, was evidently a residence of some proportions. Since the zoo invaded it, however, the interior has been fitted up with numerous iron barred cages instead of rooms, and only the four walls remain of the ancient mansion.

In England, just now, there is a big demand for these freak animals and birds of all kinds. Americans in high society are taking a leading part in encouraging the fad. The Countess of Craven, daughter of the Bradley-Martins, has recently bought several pigmy ponies, while other wealthy members of the American colony who own fine country mansions have invested in cranes and kangaroos to add "decorative effect" to their lawns.

Agents of Jamrach are in every seaport likely to be visited by freaks. In the early days, sailing vessels used to come direct to London bringing their strange animal and bird cargoes as the pets of Jack Tar. Nearly every sailor had a fancy for some sort of animal or bird, and the diversity of their taste in this line was truly marvelous. Since the advent of the tramp steamship in place of the old "wind-jammers," however, Jack has been forbidden to bring pets on board, and hence the old and picturesque method of trading at the London docks has been done away with. As the freaks no longer come to the dealers, the latter must go to the freaks, if not personally, at least through their agents.

NOVELTIES IN ANIMALS.

"In all the Mediterranean and South American ports," said Jamrach in describing his peculiar methods of acquiring members for his ark, "I have agents who make it a business to board in-coming vessels and search for novelties in the animal and bird line. As soon as an agent makes a find he wires me what he has found, and I immediately wire an offer, if I am interested, and my agent buys the animal, and of course, there is considerable risk, and sometimes the animals and birds die shortly after arriving during transit, in which case our losses are heavy. All things considered, however, a fair number of them manage to get safely through."

Jamrach may truthfully claim to have "invented" the craze of pigmy ponies, though, of course, he has nothing to do with inventing the ponies themselves. These tiny ponies are in great demand, not only in Great Britain, but in America. The dealer al-ways has a number of orders from the United States, "waiting" for fulfillment. The animals come to him from Iceland. They do not naturally breed as "pigmy," but their diminutive size is the result of a lack of proper food, owing to the sparsity of the grazing lands in the island. Out of every herd of ponies—the normal size being about the average of Shetlands—there will be two or three undersized, or stunted ones; and it is these dealers are after. Jamrach was the first one to recognize the advantage of the pigmy, or "lap" pony, as they have been nicknamed. The smallest one he has so far received was only 27 inches high, and it was immediately purchased on its arrival in England by Lord Alfred de Rothschild, who now has it in his famous menagerie.

"TEDDY BEARS."

Of all the pigmy tribe, however, the popular fancy runs mostly to "teddy bears" and pigmy ponies. The former are immense favorites. Whether it is the association with President Roosevelt or not, the "teddy bear" is always first choice in competition with other freaks. These bears come from Borneo and Jamrach disposes of them for about \$50 each. They are very hardy little animals, and, once tamed, are quite docile. One "teddy" which Jamrach has in his London zoo is an immense favorite with the neighboring slum children, who play with him by the hour whenever they get a chance. He follows any little boy who will bribe him with a handful of sugar.

All things considered, the prices Jamrach asks for his freaks are not exorbitant. For instance, if you so desire, you may procure pigmy Indian cattle at \$60 each, emus at \$75 each, "crown" cranes—tall, stately creatures, with a sort of feathery halo on their heads—at \$125 a pair, wallabies at \$80 each, pigmy ponies at \$50 and "teddy bears" from \$50 to \$60. Jamrach also goes in for "pigmy" sheep, which he sells for about \$15 apiece. Before the "teddies" and ponies became such great favorites, there was a run on these sheep.

In addition to his Noah's Ark in

PANDORA RANGE



"We Take off Our Hats to 'Pandora' Range!"

"BECAUSE—

It's a uniform baker and cooker. Is the only Range with a burnished top surface. Has a reliable thermometer. Durable, sure-working grates. Emery rod for knife sharpening or towel drying. Is solid, strong, handsome and easily regulated.

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SAMPSON'S STRENGTH

Will Not Resist the Pulling-Down Influence of a Kidney-Aching Back.

The strongest man or woman with a back constantly aching finds daily existence a struggle. It's the same way with urinary troubles. Booth's Kidney Pills cure these ailments. London people prove this statement.

Mrs. W. Adams, 420 Ottawa avenue, London, Ont., says: "Mr. Adams has had a wonderful benefit and relief from pains by the use of Booth's Kidney Pills which he procured at the W. T. Strong drug store."

"The trouble for which he had doctor'd a long time was hard, dull, dragging backaches, pains through the loins and kidney regions, and inability to bend, stoop or lift, and when he caught cold the complaint was much more intense. He was not obliged to use Booth's Kidney Pills but a few days before the pains were gone and he became stronger and felt much better in every way. He pronounces Booth's Kidney Pills fine and praises them highly."

Sold by dealers. Price, 50 cents. The R. T. Booth Company, Limited, Fort Erie, Ont., sole Canadian agents.

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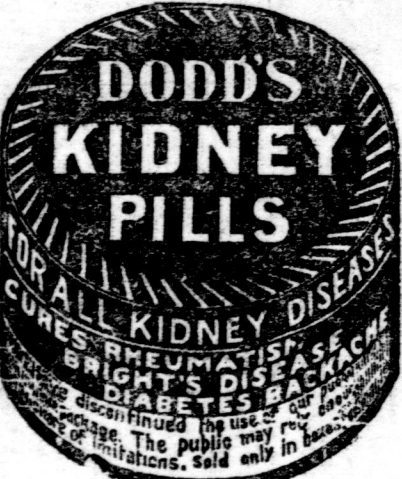
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Send this with 10c to 7 Sutherland Sisters, Spadina Ave., Toronto, for Sample Bottle of Hair Grower.

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C. McCallum & Co., Druggists
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Send coupon to the Seven Sutherland Sisters Corporation, Spadina Avenue, Toronto, for a sample of HAIR GROWER.

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DOES NOT SMOKE
But becomes glowing and red hot a few minutes after you light the paper under it. NO WOOD NEEDED.

Your grocer will sell you a large sack for Ten Cents, or we will deliver to your home.

25 SUGARS FOR \$3.50

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Phone 840, Cor. Bathurst and Burwell Sts., London.

STANDARD CHARCOAL CO. OF TORONTO, LIMITED

ST. GEORGE'S, HANOVER SQUARE, FAMOUS MARRIAGE CHURCH

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AND MANY AMERICANS HAVE BEEN WEDDED THERE—W. E. CURTIS DESCRIBES ENGLISH MEMORIALS OF FAMOUS MEN CONNECTED WITH AMERICAN HISTORY—EPITAPHS SOMETIMES FUNNY.

(By William E. Curtis, in the Chicago Record-Herald.)

Among the many American memorials in London none is more interesting than the marriage register of the Church of St. George, Hanover square. It is the most popular place for weddings in the metropolis, and like St. John's Church in Washington, is usually selected by temporary residents and other Americans who are to be married in London. Many international alliances have been solemnized at St. George's altar. You would be surprised at the number of the names of our fellow-countrymen upon the register. Scarcely a week passes without a call upon the American embassy to witness a marriage ceremony, and Mr. Carter and Mr. Wadsworth, the secretaries, have frock coats and silk hats always in reach for such occasions. The ambassador graciously appears as a witness when the parties are personal friends or when they are of social or political prominence.

COSTS TO GET MARRIED IN LONDON.

There are certain requirements for

Advertiser Patterns
DESIGNED BY MARTHA DEAN.



A PRETTY FROCK FOR A LITTLE GIRL.

No. 8306—Girls' frock, cut in sizes 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 12 years. The washable fabrics as well as the light-weight woollens, such as challis, albatross and cashmere, are all suitable for the making of this simple little dress. The full waist is made over a fitted lining and the straight skirt is prettily finished by a hem and three tucks. The eight-year size will require 4 yards of 36-inch material.

A pattern of this illustration will be mailed to any address on the receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.

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Please send above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to:

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Measurement: Bust Waist

Age (if child's or misses' pattern)

CAUTION.—Be careful to inclose above illustration and send size of pattern wanted. Write in the pattern box bust measure you need only mark 32, 34, or whatever it may be. When it is waist measure, 22, 24, 26, or whatever it may be. If skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from the date of order. The price of each pattern is ten cents in cash or in postage stamps.

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ROYAL YEAST CAKES
Most Perfect Made
SOLD AND USED EVERYWHERE
E. W. GILLET CO., LTD.
TORONTO, ONT.

a marriage in London. It is necessary for one of the parties to reside in the parish for a certain length of time, and a license must be procured as in this country. After the wedding ceremony the groom is presented with a bill of charges, which are fixed by some regulation, so that everybody connected with the church gets something. The vicar gets two guineas, the curate one, the organist one and the choir, if its services have been called for, the clerk, the sexton, the pew openers, the janitor and all other attendants are entitled to a fixed fee, and a statement is rendered in the shape of a bill which is furnished him after a ceremony in which he has a speaking part. It reads as follows:

| | |
|-----------------------|----------|
| Wedding—Rector | £ 2 s. 0 |
| Curate | 2 0 0 |
| Organist | 1 0 0 |
| Organ blowing | 1 0 0 |
| Clerk | 5 0 0 |
| Verger | 2 6 0 |
| Pew opener | 2 6 0 |
| Cab for curate | 2 6 0 |
| Received with thanks, | £2 19 0 |

Clerk.

PRESIDENT'S MARRIAGE RECORD.
The most interesting record upon the marriage register of St. George is the following:

"1886, marriage solemnized at the parish church of St. George, Hanover square, in the county of Middlesex, No. 401.
"December, 1886—Theodore Roosevelt, age 28, widower; profession, ranchman; residence at Brown's Hotel, Dover street; father's name, Theodore Roosevelt (dead); rank or profession, gentleman.
"Edith Kermit Carow, age 25 years, spinster; no profession; residence, Buckland's Hotel, Brook street; father's name, Charles Carow (dead); rank or profession, gentleman.
"Married in the parish church, according to the rites and ceremonies of the Established Church, by a license, by me, Charles E. Camidge, canon of New York.

"This marriage was solemnized between us (signed), Theodore Roosevelt, Edith Kermit Carow, in the presence of us (signed), Cecil A. Spring Rice, Emily Tyler Carow."
St. George's, Hanover square, is just a block from Regent street, the busiest and most fashionable shopping district in the city.

IN HONOR OF JOHN HARVARD.

Down at Southwark, on the Thames, the extreme end of the London docks, is the ancient church of St. Saviour, where may be seen the baptismal certificate of John Harvard, founder of the University of Cambridge. His father was a butcher, but his respectability is vouched for by the fact that he was a church warden. His mother was Katherine Rogers of Stratford-on-Avon, who was fortunate enough to possess considerable property, and among other buildings, the Queen's Head Inn, at Southwark. A chapel dedicated to St. John the Evangelist, and in the presence of the alumni of Harvard, two years ago a beautiful stained-glass window, designed by John LaFarge, was presented by Mr. Choate, the American ambassador, as "an emblem of the deep-seated and abiding relation of friendship which unites England and the United States." It is composed of six panels. The three lower panels represent the baptism of Christ in allusion to the association of St. Saviour's Church with the American nation. The upper panels contain the arms of Harvard University and those of Emmanuel College, Cambridge and between them is a remnant of an ancient window, the subject of which is not quite clear, but the glass is superb. The remainder of the chapel has been fully restored and decorated by the alumni of Harvard University.

In the south transept is a sarcophagus with a reclining figure in marble lying upon the lid, and above it a panel with an inscription to the memory of William Emerson, a member of an old Southwark family, who died in 1575, at the age of ninety-two. We are assured by the epitaph that "He lived and died an honest man." This was the ancestor of Ralph Waldo Emerson, the poet and philosopher of Concord, Mass.

MEMORIALS OF FAMOUS MEN.

In the chapel of Charterhouse School, beside memorials to William Makepeace Thackeray and John Leech the caricaturist, is a tablet to the memory of one of the most famous and useful of the alumni of that institution, which has been called "the masterpiece of the founder's charity." The school was founded three hundred years or more ago for the education of the children of poor servants, and many famous men have enjoyed its benefits, including several of the founders of the American nation. The inscription upon the tablet to which I refer reads as follows:

In memory of
ROGER WILLIAMS,
Formerly a scholar of Charterhouse, Founder of the State of Rhode Island, And the Pioneer of Religious Liberty in America.

Placed here by Oscar S. Straus, United States minister to Turkey, 1899. Roger Williams is supposed to have been born in Wales about the year 1593, but very little is known of his early life or of his parents, until he appears as a scholar at the Charterhouse School on the 25th of June, 1621. It is believed also that he continued his education at Cambridge. He embarked at Bristol in the barque Lion, Dec. 1, 1630, and arrived at Boston,

Feb. 9, 1631. In 1635 he was excommunicated from the church for refusing to bring his children to baptism, and in the winter of that year he left Boston, and moved down to the south coast and founded what is now the city of Providence.

APOSTLE TO THE INDIANS.

A few days before leaving England I made a pilgrimage to the little village of Nasing, and near Walsingham Abbey, seventeen miles north of London, which was once the home of John Elliot, "the Apostle to the Indians," and translator of the Bible into the Indian language. It is a quaint little settlement of three or four hundred people, lying around the shores of a stagnant pond, but has beautiful golf links. The present rector of the church, Rev. G. W. Goddard, was out upon them taking his daily exercise, so I could not see him. But the wife of the sexton, with her baby in her arms, led us through the forest of graves, and the marriage of his sister, Sarah Elliot, to William Curtis, founder of the clan of that name in America, who accompanied his brother-in-law to America on the ship Lion in 1630.

In the churchyard I found several curious epitaphs. One of them, upon the tombstone of "Elizabeth, wife of George Standishford," read as follows:

"Behold the tomb; it doth embrace
A virtuous wife, with Rachel's comely face.
By faith she kept her husband's love;
Sarah's obedience; Lydia's open heart;
Martha's care, but Mary's better part."

Nearby, on the tombstone erected to the memory of Charlotte Hunt, aged 19 years, was the following inscription:

"I left this world in blooming years,
And all my friends in flood of tears;
Repeat ye then while ye have time
For I left the world while in my prime."

Bennett Elliot, father of the "Apostle to the Indians," was a well-to-do farmer with considerable property at Nasing, as well as at Meaford, Hert's County, where he married Letitia Elliot, his wife, John, their eldest son, was born at Wiford, entered Cambridge University in 1619, where he fell under the influence of the Rev. Thomas Hooker, and became a non-conformist, or as one of his biographers says: "A man of primitive piety, zeal and mortification, he broke through the bonds of the system round him."

In the little church at Wiford his descendants have erected a panel to his memory and a window of beautiful glass representing some baptism of Christ and the last supper.

MEMORIALS IN WESTMINSTER.

One of the most beautiful windows in Westminster Abbey was given and erected in 1893 to the memory of James Russell Lowell. The theme is his poem "The Vision of Sir Launfal." The abbey, as everybody knows, contains a host of old fellows in the poets' corner, and a window given by George W. Childs of Philadelphia in memory of George Herbert and William Cowper, the poets, George Peabody, of Baltimore, the American philanthropist, and the Rev. and Sir Henry M. Stanley, the American explorer, also enjoys that honor.

One of the most beautiful of the many beautiful tombs in Westminster Abbey contains the dust of Major Andrew. The sarcophagus was mutilated many years ago by a school boy fired with the raw notions of transcendentalism. One of its faces was decorated by a relief, representing the trial of Andre, from which the figure of Washington has been knocked out. Near Andre's is the tomb of Gen. Wolf, hero of Quebec, and Viscount Howe, "brigadier general" of his majesty's forces in America, who was slain July 6, 1778, on the march to Ti-conderoga in the thirty-fourth year of his age.

CAPT. JOHN SMITH'S EPITAPH.

Capt. John Smith is buried under one of the aisles in the Church of St. Sepulchres, on Holborn viaduct nearly opposite the Old Bailey prison. Adjoining the church was the Saracen's Head, immortalized by Dickens at the inn at which Nicholas Nickleby and his uncle Mr. Squeers of Dotheboys Hall. The epitaph upon Capt. Smith's tomb, which is said to have been written by Southey, the poet, recites in stately measure and at length the achievement of "the sometimes Governor of Virginia and the admiral of New England." It begins in this way:

Here lies one conqueror that hath conquered kings,
Subdued large territories and done things
Which to the world impossible would seem.

But what avails his conquests, now he lies
Interred in earth, a prey to worms and flies?
Oh, may his soul in sweet Elysium sleep
Until the Keeper that all souls doth keep
Returns to judgment; and that after thence
With angels he may have his recompense.

Heinrich Hudson, founder of the Hudson Bay Company, who discovered the Hudson River and explored it as far as Albany, lived over the shop of Thomas Peale, a spectacle-maker, adjoining the Church of St. Ethelburga in Bishopgate street near St. Helen's place, where is the office of the American consul general. In that church he

I was cured of terrible humbug by
MINARD'S LINIMENT.
REV. WM. BROWN.

I was cured of a bad case of earache by
MINARD'S LINIMENT.
MRS. S. KAULBACK.

I was cured of sensitive lungs by
MINARD'S LINIMENT.
MRS. S. MASTERS.

There are more tobacco, silk, hides and jewels being imported by New York City than there were one year ago.

and his crew received communion a few hours before sailing upon their memorable voyage in 1606.
EPITAPHS SOMETIMES FUNNY.
There are many other interesting memorials of famous Americans and famous foreigners who have had a prominent part in American history to be found in London, and in the immediate suburbs of that great city. There is no more fascinating diversion than to hunt for them. The searcher is always running across amusing and sometimes surprising things. As an example, one day not long ago, while looking up William Penn, I found in the churchyard of St. Michael's, Crooked Lane, near London bridge, the following epitaph:

Here lieth the body
Of
Robert Preston,
Late Drawer at Boars' Head Tavern,
In Great Eastcheap, who departed this
life, March the 16th, Anno. Dom.
1730. Aged twenty-seven years.

Bacchus, to give the Topping World
surprise,
Produced one sober son, and here he lies.
Though nursed among full hogheads
he defied
The charms of wine and every vice
beside.

He drew good wine; took care to fill
the pot,
Keep honest Preston in thy mind,
He drew good wine; took care to fill
the pot.
Had sunny virtues that outweighed
his fault.
You that on Bacchus have the like
dependence
Pray copy Bob in measure and attendance.

CHRISTMAS PLANS OF ROYALTY

KING AND QUEEN AT SANDRINGHAM PREPARING FOR THE HOLIDAY SEASON.

Between now and Christmas King Edward and Queen Alexandra will entertain several week-end parties at Sandringham.

The King and Queen breakfast in their own apartments, and if there is shooting the King meets about 11 the men who are to take part in the day's sport. The Queen and the ladies of the party frequently join the guns at luncheon and walk with them afterward for a while.

Tea is served about 5 o'clock in the large hall. Between tea and dinner there is generally bridge. The Queen is rather fond of the game and plays what she calls duffer's bridge.

Dinner is served at 9, unless there is a theatrical performance afterward, when an earlier hour is arranged. Everyone is very smart for dinner, men wearing frock dress, that is, evening coats and white waistcoats, black breeches, black silk stockings and shoes with ribbon bows, not buckles. Ladies wear their finest jewels and gowns, a brilliant background being formed by the servants in scarlet and gold liveries.

The Queen has already put in some hard work at Sandringham. In selecting her Christmas presents from the extensive display set as usual for her inspection. Her daughter, Queen Maude of Norway, who with the little Prince Olaf has been staying with her, enjoyed the King's birthday, thoroughly enjoyed being among the London shops again, and making her Christmas purchases, as in old days when she lived in England, and delighted in going about in London, with her sisters.

THE MYSTERY OF HUMAN GROWTH

(Continued From Page Thirteen.)

only the merest speculation touches the subject. We see the seed grow into the shrub and the shrub into the tree apparently obeying the same law that makes the baby grow into the child and the child into the man, but what that law is we cannot even comprehend.

All we can do is to guess, and it is only by effects that we can judge. We know that one man grows faster than another and lives longer, but when we come to examine into the causes we are at once at sea. This man drinks alcohol freely and is an incessant smoker. This other has never touched spirits, yet both reach abnormal ages. We also see men with slight frames and no great development of muscle who endure more than the full-blown, and are thrown like bulls and who never have a day's illness. A Carlyle lives to 70 when a Sandow expires at 50 and vainly we ask ourselves the reason.

"BALDNESS" GREAT MODERN PROBLEM.

One man's hair, for instance, grows much faster than another's and similarly one man will have long arms and another short ones. In the same way while one head goes bald in the prime of life, another's is covered with a heavy thatch when old age overtakes it. Trivial as it may seem, it is doubtful if any problem of modern life has engaged so widespread attention and engrossed as much human energy as the problem of baldness.

Paralysis is a phenomenon which is equally baffling. In spite of all the learning of the doctors and the mountains of tomes which have been piled up, treating with this disease the fact remains that we have not the slightest definite information as to its causes. A man receives a mental shock and straightaway his arm dies. There is absolutely no connecting cause as far as human knowledge goes.

When men have found out the secret of life they will be as gods, knowing the difference between good and evil and having all things in their power. But until that time we may amuse ourselves with contemplating the mystery of the problem and our own impotence to do even such a small thing as make hair grow on a bald man's head.

There are more tobacco, silk, hides and jewels being imported by New York City than there were one year ago.

NO MORE HEADACHES SUFFERED FROM A CONSTANT HEADACHE—CURED BY "FRUIT-ATIVES" WHEN DOCTORS HAD FAILED.



"I was a sufferer from dreadful headaches for over two years, sometimes they were so bad that I was unable to work for days at a time. I took all kinds of medicines, was treated by physicians, and yet the headaches persisted. I was rarely free from headache. A short time ago I was advised to try 'Fruit-atives' and I did so with, I must confess, very little faith, but after I had taken them for three days my headaches were easier and in a week they left me. After I had taken a box of the tablets my headaches were quite cured. My appetite was always poor and my stomach bad, and now my appetite is splendid and my digestion is excellent. I had become thin and weak from the constant headaches, but now not only have I been cured of all these awful headaches, but my strength is growing up once more, and I feel like a new man. I have taken in all three boxes of 'Fruit-atives.' I am exceedingly grateful to 'Fruit-atives' for curing me, and I give this unsolicited testimonial with pleasure, as I hope thereby some other sufferer of headaches will be induced to try 'Fruit-atives' and will be cured."

(Signed) B. CORNELL.

Taylorville, Ont.

"Fruit-atives" is now put up in the new 25c trial size as well as the regular 50c boxes. Write Fruit-atives Limited, Ottawa, if your dealer will not supply you.

LITERARY NOTES

IN OLD QUEBEC, AND OTHER SKETCHES.

Mr. Byron Nicholson, who is favorably known to the public as the author of "Resourceful Canada," and "The French-Canadian," has published another work under the above title. Whatever Mr. Nicholson writes about the Dominion is the result of keen observation, and an intimate acquaintance with the subject. There are nine chapters in the present volume, which is dedicated to his excellency the Governor-General of Canada, whose photograph and autograph appear on the page facing the dedication. The book is beautifully illustrated, and presents a handsome appearance. Mr. Nicholson has the pen of a ready writer, his descriptions are vivid and clearly worded, and he has the rare art of imbuing his readers with the full spirit of his own sincere enthusiasm. The various chapters are as follows: "In Old Quebec," "The Island of Orleans," "Quebec's Unique Promenade," "Canada, My Country," in two chapters; "The Lure of the West," "The Charns of Bermuda," "The Ethics of War," "The Companionship of Books." Of the two articles "Canada, My Country," we cannot speak in too high terms. In the forty pages that Mr. Nicholson has devoted to the subject we find more information about Canada and her valuable products, resources, and her probable grand future, than in any volumes that we could mention. The three concluding chapters are very delightful reading. The numerous illustrations of the work cannot fail to be a source of great interest, and will make "Old Quebec," a charming gift-book at the coming season of Christmas.

TEA FROM BRICKS.

In the Russian concession at Hankow, China, there are two brick tea factories, which, with the other two in the British concession, are undoubtedly the most important industrial institutions in the port. Brick tea is made from ordinary tea dust. It is first steamed in a cotton cloth bag, and then placed in a wood mold, much the same as is used for making ordinary clay bricks, but stronger and not so deep.

Gerhard Heintzman PIANOS

We have on our floor at the present time a splendid stock of Gerhard Heintzman and Dominion Pianos, which we are quoting at very close prices. We also have a number of bargains in used pianos. Some of our very best Gerhard Heintzman Pianos, only been used a short time, will be sold at \$75 to \$100 less than their actual value.

This is a rare opportunity for you to secure a first-class piano at a price that we think you should not overlook. I would ask you to kindly look in at our store and see for yourself what we are offering.

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N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Shamilton.
New York and Boston—Mediterranean.

LELAND LINE.
Boston—Liverpool Direct.
E. DE LA HOOKE, SOLE AGENT.

AMERICAN LINE.
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Shamilton.
Philadelphia—Queensdown—Liverpool.
New York—London Direct.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.
New York—London Direct.

RED STAR LINE.
New York—Antwerp—Paris.

WHITE STAR-DOMINION LINE.
Royal Mail Steamers.
Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool (Summer).
Portland—Liverpool Direct (Winter).
E. DE LA HOOKE or W. FULTON, AGTS.

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C. P. R. Atlantic Service Christmas Ships

Nov. 13.....Empress of Ireland
Nov. 21.....Lake Manitoba
Nov. 27.....Empress of Britain
Dec. 5.....Lake Erie
Dec. 11.....Empress of Ireland

Bookings this year heavier than ever before. Secure rates and berths through in common with S. S. SHARP, Toronto. Reserve your accommodation early.

ALLAN LINE Christmas Sailings

TO LIVERPOOL
Tunisian sails Nov. 28
Victorian sails Dec. 4
Grampian sails Dec. 12

TO GLASGOW
Hesperian sails from Halifax Dec. 12
Ionian sails from Portland Dec. 16

First class, \$32.50 upwards; second class, \$22.50 upwards; third class, \$16.50 upwards.

Additional sailings and rates on application to E. DE LA HOOKE, G. T. R.; W. FULTON, C.P.R., or F. B. CLARKE, local agents, London, Ont.

The mold is placed under a powerful press and the pressure is maintained until the requisite consistency is reached. The brick are then removed and wrapped up in common white paper. They are exported in bamboo baskets. The Mongolians, before drinking, boil the tea so as to get the most out of it. About two tons of this mold are used in a dry state, without steaming, are poured into a steam mold on a cylinder, and put under a pressure of two tons. When the tablets are removed from the mold they are wrapped in tinfoil, then in paper, and finally packed in tin-lined boxes. The whole of this export goes to Russia. These factories, which are fitted with costly modern machinery, employ many thousands of natives.—New York Times.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION
BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the east—*11:30 a.m., *10:55 a.m., *11:15 a.m., *11:25 a.m., *6:30 p.m., *8:00 p.m., *10:15 p.m., *8:35 a.m., *11:28 a.m., *1:10 p.m., *4:10 p.m., *6:25 p.m.

Depart for the east—*12:14 a.m., *2:40 a.m., *7:30 a.m., *9 a.m., *11:38 a.m., *2:05 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *6:53 p.m. (Eastern Flyer).

The trains leaving at 7:30 a.m. and 2:05 p.m. stop at all stations.

Depart for the west—*3:50 a.m., *4:40 a.m., *11:18 a.m., *11:35 a.m., *1:40 p.m., *4:18 p.m.

The 7:40 a.m. and the 1:40 p.m. trains stop at all stations.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.
Arrive—10:25 a.m., 4 p.m., *6:50 p.m. (Eastern Flyer), 11 p.m.

Depart—6:35 a.m., *11:27 a.m., 2:20 p.m., *8:10 p.m. (International Limited).

STRATFORD BRANCH.
Arrive—*3:25 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 1:35 p.m., 6:45 p.m., 11:25 p.m.

Depart—6:00 a.m., 10:26 a.m., 2:45 p.m., 4:55 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE
Arrive—10:10 a.m., 4:50 p.m.

Depart—8:30 a.m., 4:50 p.m.

Trains marked thus * run daily.

Those not so marked run daily except Sunday.

*From Chatham only.

PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.
Arrive—5:40 a.m., *7:10 a.m., 9:45 a.m., 2:30 p.m., *3:40 p.m.

Arrive—8:45 a.m., *10:20 p.m., 1:50 p.m., 4:40 p.m., *9:20 p.m.

*To and from Walkerville without change. Trains not "starred" to Fort Stanley.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
Arrive—From the east *11:30 a.m., *8 p.m., *10:52 p.m., *11:20 p.m., *4:30 a.m., *5:55 a.m., *5:20 p.m.

Depart—For the east—*4:40 a.m., 8:43 a.m., *5:28 p.m., *7:10 p.m., *11:38 a.m., *10:10 p.m., *11:00 p.m.

Trains marked thus * run daily.

Those not so marked run daily except Sunday.

*From Chatham only.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.
Arrive—6:55 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 5:10 p.m., 9:50 p.m.

Depart—7:15 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 5:21 p.m., *10:10 p.m.

*Runs through to

IRON-WILLED MEN WANTED

THE TYPE THAT ALWAYS WINS.

By Dr. Madison C. Peters.

Many fail in life through lack of the power to persevere in their purpose. They give up before they determine they can accomplish; their natures are weak, flaccid, and can be drawn this way and that at the whim of those who are stronger.

Men with splendid natural equipments, brilliant intellects, skillful hands, and agreeable personality go down and under and are drawn by waves of adversity into the gulf of forgetfulness, who, had they possessed the will and determination to reach the goal, might have benefited the world by their accomplishments.

Many a hewer of wood and drawer of water has the stuff within him to make a great statesman, soldier, merchant prince, lawyer, or preacher, but lets it lie dormant; is unable to bring it out to lead him from the bondage of his own slavery to the pinnacle of success because he has not that formative power which exerts its force to bring out of a man the best that is in him.

GREAT MEN MADE AMBITIOUS FIRST.

The great men of earth, the men whose names are on signposts to guide other feet on the pathway of life would never have risen above the crowd had they not willed to do so, had they not called to their aid the qualities they knew they possessed and made them subservient to their ambitions.

It was the iron will of Wilberforce and Garrison, Lincoln and Grant, Bismarck and Gladstone, that enabled them to pass their fellows in the race, that gave to them that indomitable courage which no obstacles could deter, no difficulties frustrate. It left them unconquered and made them unconquerable. They had but to plan in order to do; every scheme was carried out, its inception being the incentive to work. Their minds took in the universe and their hearts embraced all mankind. Once they put their hands to the plow, every sod was turned over to the last furrow, and completeness crowned their work.

Such men live not to eat, not to enjoy the transient vanities and silly pleasures of a purposeless existence, but they live to do and accomplish, to better their species and enrich the world. They give their best, their all, to the sacred cause of humanity, and this they never could do without ceaseless effort and unflinching perseverance, without putting forth their will resolutely and fearlessly to consummate their purpose.

WORKLIGHTS WAY FOR OTHERS

In their grim determination these men can no more be stopped than can the sun from revolving in its course. On, ever onward they go, and the grave only puts an end to their mission, but their work does not die; they leave behind them a light to guide others down the paths they have so successfully trodden themselves.

But the pity is that large numbers shut their eyes to such a light and prefer to grope about in the darkness of their own folly, letting every wind of adversity blow them hither and thither until they are swept altogether out of the right path and left to flounder in obscure corners, until they pass beyond the knowledge of their fellows.

Men wither and die from their own fanaticism on the arid soil of vacillation and hesitancy, when they might have bourgeoned and blossomed into fruitful usefulness in the fertile earth of endeavor and determination. For these life is but a brief existence passing away in the obscurity of nothingness.

Emerson says: "The education of the will is the object of our existence," and there is sufficient ground for such an emphatic statement. On the will depends accomplishment and accomplishment is the object of life.

MIND MUST BE TRAINED.

Will can be strengthened or weakened, all depending on the cultivation or absence of cultivation. If we would have a forceful will power we must cultivate it, put it into training as the athlete does his muscles. The mind must go into the training for the winning of life's race as the runner trains for the winning of a footrace.

The obtaining of self-mastery comes only through complete command of the mental powers, and such command can only be gained by persistent effort, but the acquisition more than repays for the trouble involved.

If you will observe the actions of successful men you will observe that they have the faculty of concentrating all the powers of their minds on

one subject and perform a given task easily, while others who have not trained themselves along definite lines or know not how to bring their will to bear upon the subject under consideration, hesitate, stop, try again and yet again and in the end fail. What the trained mind does easily the untrained cannot do at all; what is possible to the one is impossible to the other.

BALANCED MAN WORKS STEADILY.

The man of mental equipoise who has his will power rightly balanced so that it shall not tip to either side does his work at once, and it is over for the time being, but the one who has lost the balance and lets the will wobble from side to side attempts the task several times, and his work is never finished, he never can make a complete job of it. As Beecher said, some people do their work "once in anticipation, once in actuality, once in rumination."

It is the holding of energies on one point, the focusing of all the rays of the mind on one place, that enables the workers to accomplish so much.

MR. BALFOUR'S TERRIFIC SENTENCE

THE LARGEST ONE EVER UTTERED—OVER 500 WORDS WITHOUT A PERIOD—A SPEECH ON TARIFF REFORM AT CARDIFF.

The longest sentence ever uttered from a public platform is believed to be that which fell from the lips of Mr. Balfour, the Unionist leader, in a speech on tariff reform at Cardiff, Wales, on Nov. 19. Here are the actual words:

In 1907 the whole party represented here tonight gave at Birmingham its unqualified adhesion to those principles of general reform—(loud cheers)—which I ventured in their name to enunciate. I am convinced that the twelve months which have elapsed since that date have induced such doubts in our ranks as there were to modify, if not wholly to abandon, any objections that they may once have had to that view, and that, month by month, as the policy of the present Government develops, and as the necessities of the situation make themselves felt more and more, it becomes clear, to friends and foes alike, to the sympathizers in our colonies, and the alarmed spectator among our commercial friends elsewhere—(loud cheers)—that fiscal reform is no distant prospect of which men scarcely dare to dream or a far-off landscape which only shows itself dimly upon a vanishing horizon, but that all the movement of thought, all the political forces, all the trend of economic speculation are alike driving us to this great change in our system—(cheers)—and that most surely, if political prophecy be worth anything, most surely the time is not far distant—indeed, within the gaze—within the reach of vision of all the great audience I am now addressing—the time, I say, is coming when that great policy will be turned from an ardent hope into a great practical reality, and that the very furthest corners of the British Empire, in the heart of that Empire, in this country the effects will be seen in the closer knitting of our imperial bonds—(cheers)—in the steadying of the whole industrial machine, in the mitigation of this ever-present problem of unemployment—(cheers)—in the safeguarding of great interests against the combination of increasing industrial efficiency, backed by the use—I was going to say the unscrupulous use—of hostile tariffs by every commercial country in the world, and I may say the time will come when all these great problems will receive, if not a complete solution—what problems receive complete and immediate solution, however you manage your affairs—they will receive a solution approaching to a solution by a rational and reasonable rearrangement

of our fiscal system—(cheers)—rendered necessary, in any case, by the wild financial policy of the present Government—(cheers)—and which, quite apart from that, has justifications which, in my judgment, must appeal, in the first place, to every economist; in the second place, to every man who has realized the truth that you cannot look at the great industrial community merely as people who consume and not as people who produce—(hear, hear)—and, in the third place, to every man who realizes that the British Empire depends for its permanence, its power, and its existence upon the encouragement of those common sentiments of citizenship which cannot have their basis and root in a centralized government, but which may, nevertheless, flourish perennially, usefully, and fruitfully, if we only use every method by which our race, wherever they may be planted, look to this country, not merely as the head of the empire, but as a collaborator in the great work of industrial production. (Loud and continued cheers.)

They centralize their forces and by the lever of their will lift themselves to high places of power and influence. The mill wheel gets its power from the water that runs over it and not from that which flows through the holes into the dam. That is wasted as far as giving impetus to the wheel is concerned.

LET FORCE GO TO WASTE.

Some men let their energies slip through the holes of a vacillating, hesitating mind. Instead of concentrating them by will power to turn the mill wheel of success. They have plenty of force, but they allow it to go to waste. Hence it is that we find men of medium talent and mediocre ability passing those with mighty advantages, climbing up the heights while the others remain at the bottom.

What strength, solidity, decision, determination, confidence, and power there is in the round, ringing tones of the man who says: "I will." You feel attracted towards him and you know instinctively that he will redeem his promise and make good. The world does not want men of straw and sawdust, it wants men of blood and iron, men with a determination that will never surrender until it plants the flag of victory on the ramparts of success.

There are two classes in the world, the pushers and the pushed, the pushing and the pushed. Don't sigh for the waiting tide. Swim off and don't wait for anybody to put a cork under you!

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HOUSE OF LORDS PLAINLY WARNED

SPEECHES BY LIBERAL AND LABOR LEADERS BEFORE THE LICENSING BILL WAS REJECTED.

In view of the subsequent defeat of the licensing bill in the House of Lords, the following speeches on the question by A. Henderson, M. P., Labor leader, and Augustine Birrell, M. P., Irish secretary, at Bristol, will be of interest:

THE LABOR LEADER.

Mr. A. Henderson, M. P., moved that the meeting, believing the licensing bill to be a measure of necessary reform, earnestly urge the House of Lords to pass it into law in such a form as would retain unimpaired all its main features, which were necessary for its successful working and for the national good. Mr. Henderson strongly supported the licensing bill. He said the action taken by Mr. Balfour's Government on the subject of licensing rendered it all the more imperative that the nation should receive from the hands of the succeeding Government such a measure as would undo the mischief that had been done by Mr. Balfour's Government. (Hear, hear.) He found that Mr. Balfour had stated that the bill was in no sense a temperance measure. All he (Mr. Henderson) could say was that there seemed to be no limit to the capacity of some people to say upon the credulity of the British nation. (Cheers.) Continuing rejoiced member of the little party he had the honor to represent was behind him in this matter. (Cheers.) He must confess that when he came to the question of the action of the House of Lords he was resigning in despair. (Hear, hear.) The resolution asked them earnestly to appeal to the House of Lords. Well, he must honestly admit that he had got beyond appealing to the House of Lords. Well, he must honestly admit that he had got beyond appealing to the House of Lords. Well, he must honestly admit that he had got beyond appealing to the House of Lords. (Laughter.) He did not know what faith in that assembly they had; he had none. (Cheers.) "However," he added, "we'll give them another chance." (Hear, hear.) We have got to recognize that we have reached the most dangerous crisis in the history of this measure. On Friday next it will be out of our hands, and its fortunes will rest with what is described as the superior chamber. I hope we shall have a marked evidence of superiority. (Laughter and cheers.) From a speech I read of the leader of the Opposition in the House of Lords, and from articles I have read in the newspapers, the indications are positively ominous.

MR. BIRRELL.

Mr. Birrell was at first interrupted by several suffragists, who were ejected, after which there was no further scene, and he was able to proceed with his arguments in favor of the licensing bill. He said the time limit which was given by the measure was more generous than strict equity should have allowed them to make it. "We stand by that time limit," he declared amidst cheers. As to clubs, he said all the talk they heard about the horror of inspection was all nonsense. (Hear, hear.) So far as the House of Lords were concerned, all he had got to say was that this was not a concern of theirs. "This," he added, "is a question for the people, speaking

NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE

More men and women have gotten positive results from the use of NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE than from all other hair remedies combined.

Newbro's Herpicide is the ORIGINAL remedy that kills the dandruff germ. It eradicates dandruff, stops falling hair and permits a natural hair development by destroying the tiny vegetable growth (a germ or microbe) that causes hair destruction.

Nature constantly struggles to supply life and vigor to the hair, but the dandruff germ is its vitality and strangles the life out of the hair.

START RIGHT BY DESTROYING THE CAUSE

Of Hair Loss With NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE.

Extraordinary Results Sometimes Follow Its Continued Use.

It Benefits a Lady Scalp Specialist.

6432 Ingleside Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
"I am sending you my photograph to show what Newbro's Herpicide has done for me."
"Since I first tried Herpicide upon my hair I have used it exclusively in giving scalp treatments to others, and I would not think of trying to get along without it."

(Signed) MRS. ANNA CONNER.

Indispensable Following Severe Illness.

1717 Tremont Street, Denver, Col.
"I was convalescent from a critical illness of pneumonia and my hair was left in a deplorable condition, falling out and breaking off, dry, harsh and brittle. The scalp lacked nutrition and seemed dead. I used Herpicide according to directions with most beneficial results and attribute the restoration of my hair entirely to your Herpicide. I can conscientiously endorse it for doing all you claim, and it gives me great pleasure to recommend it."

(Signed) MRS. M. MEGRUE.

For regular toilet use, Newbro's Herpicide easily occupies first place. It is sold in practically every civilized country on the globe, and a single trial will show why discriminating ones prefer it. Contains no sticky substance. It will not stain or dye the hair. It stops itching of the scalp almost instantly.

Send 10 cents in stamps to The Herpicide Company, Dept. 42, Detroit, Mich., for sample and booklet. Two Sizes—50 cents and \$1. At Drug Stores. When you call for Herpicide, do not accept a substitute. Applications at prominent barber shops.



MRS. ANNA CONNER

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY AT

C. McCALLUM & CO., Corner Dundas and Richmond Streets
ANDERSON & NELLES 268 Dundas Street

Special Agents

LANCASHIRE HENPECKED CLUB

FOR THE REFORM OF HUSBANDS WHO HAVE FALLEN UNDER PETTICOAT DOMINATION.

Of all the queer clubs that exist in the world you will find none of the queerest in Lancashire. One of these is called the "henpecked" club. As the title indicates, the members are all males, and you can come across a club in almost every Lancashire town of any size.

The meetings are held as a rule in some bar parlor, and the discussions are about members, and very often non-members, who have the reputation of being henpecked. When evidence has been brought to show that a particular man has allowed himself to come under his wife's thumb, they tax him with it in the place of meeting. The president delivers a lecture on the danger of a husband permitting his wife to usurp his position as master, and when the others have endorsed his remarks, the person to whom the speeches are addressed is warned that if he continues to stand the henpecking he will be made the subject of a demonstration.

The announcement that a "henpecked" club demonstration is to take place is received in the district with mixed feelings. The men applaud it and the women condemn it, and the local police, recalling similar displays that led to trouble, become a little anxious. On the evening appointed the members of the club meet at a public house, where they arm themselves with all kinds of household utensils; then, led by concertina players, or a tin whistle band, they start out and march along the crowded streets of the district.

One man carries a broom, another a swab, a third a shovel, or a coal scuttle or a fender, or pokers. Fire tongs, blacklead brushes, washtubs, buckets—everything used in the home, in fact, is carried shoulder high. As they march along to the music in front and the discordant clanging of their baggage they sing snatches of songs, in which the name of the victim occurs often.

The mission of the verses, which have been specially composed for the occasion by a local poet, is to hold up the henpecked one to ridicule, the reason for the demonstrators hearing the household gods being, of course, to punish him for having fallen under petticoat government quickly he will become the slave.

When they reach the cottage where their victim resides they form a circle in front of the door and sing and clang their fenders and coal scuttles more loudly than ever.

The man inside is invoked by the president during a halt in the programme to "be a man" and join his brethren. Sometimes if he looks upon the affair as more of a joke than anything else he does their bidding, and they reform and march to headquarters with him at the head. Usually, however, his wife appears instead

In Front Every Time! We Lead, Others Follow Our FIRE SALE PRICES

- Carpenters' Adjustable Clamps; regular 75c, now ... 35c
- Larged Steel Nail Hammers; regular 60c, now 35c
- Draw Knives; regular 65c, now 35c
- Hack Saws and Frames; regular 40c, now 20c
- Hand Saws, a fine line; regular \$1.85, now \$1.40
- Pitchforks, 3-tine strap; regular 50c, now 30c
- Soapstone Foot Warmers, few left; regular 50c, now 35c
- Tack Hammers, each 5c
- Iron Dumb Bells; regular 6c per lb., now 4c
- Screws, assorted sizes, per pound package 10c
- One Butcher's Brass Wagon Scale; regular \$6.50, now \$4
- Acme Spring Skates; regular 50c, now 25c
- Hockey Skates; regular 50c, now 25c
- Boker's Beauty Skates; regular \$2, now \$1.25
- Hockey Sticks, each 10c
- Skate Straps, per pair 5c
- Granite Platters, 15 by 22 inches 35c
- Granite Dish Pans, 17-quart 50c
- Bread Boxes, four sizes, each \$1, 93c, 85c, 75c
- Nickel-Plated Tea Kettles, No. 9; regular \$1.75, for \$1.15

Westman's Hardware

Temporary Store, 436 Richmond Street.

Perrins Santa Claus Biscuits

Our Latest Novelty.

Will please the children, as each Biscuit actually looks like "Santa Claus."

12 smiles and 72 delights in every pound.

About 72 to the Pound

"Silver Plate that Wears"

The Fame of spoons, forks, knives, etc., bearing the trade mark "1847 ROGERS BROS."

For exquisite designs, style, finish and long wear Is World Wide.

The standard for 60 years. SOLD BY LEADING DEALERS in buying trays, tureens, coffee sets, etc., and for goods made by MERIDEN BRITS CO.

Japanese silk to compete with French silk in the great market among the Parsees of India.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DISTEMPER.

The Happenings of a Week in the Old Land

ENGLAND

The first of the new Lipton tea-rooms was opened in London on the 12th ult.

Pictures of umbrellas left by careless passengers are being placed in Exeter tramway cars.

Great Britain has applied for a considerable space in the Turin Exhibition of 1911 for British exhibits.

Mr. Alexander Paul, long known as one of the ablest of London journalists, has retired from the profession.

Sir Thomas Gibson-Carmichael is now officially installed in Melbourne as the new governor of Victoria.

Iron ships soon go to the bottom when abandoned. Wooden ships float for weeks, months, and sometimes for years.

Mr. Harry Lauder, the comedian, has been insured against accident for £12,000 by an American music hall syndicate.

Today more than 80 per cent of the cost of the world's governments is caused by wars—past, present and prospective.

With the exception of the British Museum, the House of Commons has the most complete political library in the country.

Dr. G. E. Jeff, master of Charterhouse, died in London on the 19th ult. at the age of 74. Dr. Jeff had been ailing for some time.

The education authorities for Lon-

don are about to consider the question whether married women should be allowed to continue as teachers.

A table is published showing the highway expenditure in Great Britain and Ireland for the year 1906-7. The ordinary expenditure exceeded £15,000,000.

Liverpool Presbytery met on the 9th ult., when the Rev. Alex. Connel, of Serton Park Church, was appointed moderator for the ensuing six months.

Mr. Frederick Thomas Griffiths, of Bishop's Cleeve, near Cheltenham, died on the 9th ult. in his 53rd year. He was one of the oldest solicitors in England.

Rear Admiral Sir Henry Deacon Barry, late commander of the Third Cruiser Squadron, Mediterranean fleet, died in the Royal Naval Hospital, Chelsea, on the 14th ult.

The astute manager of a London theatre was decreed that the wearing of feminine headgear during the performance at that house shall be restricted to ladies over fifty years of age.

A marine pier 772 feet long for Whiteley Bay, which is about three miles north of Tynemouth, is to be provided. It will be the only one for pleasure purpose on the Northumbrian coast.

Lord Lovat, who commands the Highland Territorial Mounted Brigade has been appointed an aide-de-camp to the King, and has conferred upon

him the rank of colonel in the Territorial Force.

Over 8,000 men—all unemployed and most of them married and with families—have been engaged for Christmas work in London postoffices. The number taken on this year is about 500 more than last year.

The baronetcy was instituted by James I. in 1611, for the purpose of raising money for the province of Ulster. All baronets are still entitled to bear on their coats-of-arms the bloody hand of Ulster.

Legacies of £1,000 each have been left to his gardener, his housekeeper, and his housemaid, by Admiral Richard Moorman, who at the time of his death—Sept. 26 last—was the oldest admiral in the world.

The appointment of the Rev. Dr. Cosmo Gordon Lang, Bishop of Stepney, to be Archbishop of York, is a fresh illustration of the truth that England cannot get along without the Scotch. In church and state all the principal posts at present are occupied by Scotsmen.

The sleepy little old municipality of Aldeburgh not only enjoys the distinction of being the first town in England to elect a woman mayor, but during the past few days it has contained the first woman elected and, as her guest, the first woman nominated for mayor.

Prince Edward of Wales has turned his attention to engineering, and has begun work in the machine shops of the Royal Naval College. The royal student will endeavor to master the art of making callipers, nut guages, and steel cubes, and will be shown the proper method of cutting screws in the lathe.

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IRELAND

At Duncannon, Londonderry, on the 13th ult., died Charles Reed Tillis, solicitor, aged 44 years.

The population of Dublin in 1901 was 447,266, and the population of Belfast at the same time 348,965.

The late Mr. George Maurice Jevons, of Ballingarde, county Limerick, left personal estate worth £58,738.

A fire occurred in the council chamber of the city hall, Dublin, on the 11th ult. A good deal of damage was done.

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