

The Carleton Place Herald.

"ONWARD AND UPWARD."

Vol. LXVI, No. 43.

Carleton Place, Lanark Co., Ont., Tuesday, April 11, 1916.

Terms—\$1 a Year in Advance
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GRADUATE of Queen's University. Physician,
Surgeon, etc.
Office and residence, Bridge St., Carleton Place.

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GRADUATE of McGill University; Member Col-
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and Quebec; Licentiate Royal College of Physi-
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geons, Edinburgh; Licentiate Faculty of Physicians
and Surgeons, Glasgow; Licentiate College of
Midwifery of Edinburgh and Glasgow; Late of
Edinburgh, Glasgow, London and the New York
Polytechnic Hospitals.
Office and residence, North end of the Bridge,
Carleton Place.

J. A. McEWEEN, M.D.
(successor to Dr. D. A. Muirhead)
GRADUATE of Toronto University; House
Surgeon C.C.F. Hospital, Ottawa; Licen-
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Office—Old Bank of Ottawa Building, Franklin
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M. T. SMITH, M.B., M.D., C.M.
POST GRADUATE of St. John's Hospital, New
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Office—Bridge Street, opposite Taylor's Block,
Phone 198.

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Estimates furnished for all kinds of buildings
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Goods, give us a call.
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from the great value offered in
our store.
Brantford
Bicycles
and also have a full line of
ACCESSORIES.
DUNLOP TIRES, and other
Guaranteed Makes.
A First-Class Line of Sporting Goods
Bicycles, from \$25.00 to \$45.00.
R. W. GORDON,
BRIDGE ST.

**For Coughs
and Colds**
—TAKE—
SYRUP OF WHITE PINE
—WITH—
EUCALYPTOL AND HONEY

The best preparation for
Coughs, Colds, Hoarse-
ness and Sore Throat.

Price 25 cts a Bottle

GEO. E. MOORE
Druggist and Stationer.

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WILLIS COLLEGE
CIVIL SERVICE
The School of Efficiency.
Passes more stenographers in Civil
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schools in Canada.
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OTTAWA
Is not known by what it CLAIMS, but by what
it DOES.
We give complete SHORTHAND, BOOK-
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WINTER TERM opens Monday, January 3rd.
For information apply
W. E. GOWLING, H. G. W. BRAITHWAITE,
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See Our Window for Specials.

Watch this Space for further
Announcements.

Carleton Place.

Baby Carriages
The season is here for airing the
little ones, and we have the vehicles.
**Wicker Carriages,
Go Carts and
Push Carts.**
A very full stock to select from.
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a Specialty.

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All sizes of Anthracite
Coal on hand.
Also Cannel for open
fires. Careful delivery.
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Cut Flowers!
Everything in Cut Flowers, Plants, etc.
Wreaths, and all varieties of designs for Funeral
Orders may be left at this Office
W. H. ALLEN, Agent.

FOR SALE—Stationary Gasoline Engine, 3 h.p.
in perfect condition. Address Box A, care of
HERALD, or apply at this Office.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE HERALD.

The dust is lying again on Bridge
street.

Miss Annie Menzies spent the week-
end with friends in Ottawa.

See the "Safety Money Pouch" for Soldiers,
E. C. McDIARMID.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Pretty, of Ottawa,
visited with friends in town over Sunday.

Read the announcements of the
merchants in our advertising columns.
You'll find it profitable.

The Red Cross Society has fixed upon
April 22 as Sock Day, as may be seen by
an official notice in another column.

Which you are buying that new Bicycle this
spring, do not fail to inspect my stock. "Quality
and satisfaction" our motto. E. W. GORDON.

Miss Edna Sinclair, nurse-in-training,
returned to Stamford, Conn., last week,
after spending a few weeks holidays at
her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Poole, of Toronto,
who had been spending some days here,
guests of Mrs. David Gillies, left yester-
day for their home in Toronto.

Some very smart styles in young Men's Spring
Overcoats at \$10.00, \$15.00 and \$20.00.
F. C. McDIARMID.

A cheque from Dr. M. W. Sommer,
from Tangier, Morocco, last week, to
the Patriotic Fund here, brings the total
of that fund now to over \$30,500.

The Horse Show is out for a large
membership this season. No subscrip-
tion list will be circulated. It is a
worthy institution and every citizen is
interested in its success, hence should
hold a membership ticket.

Just received car of Choice Seed Corn, Com-
mons Early, Longfellow, North Dakota, White
Cap, Yellow Dent, King Philip, Early Valley,
Mammoth 8, Sweet, Wisconsin No. 7, Canada
Yellow, White Flint, Red Cob. This is all Choice
Seed. Prices right. C. F. BURGESS.

Another sacred concert by members
of the various church choirs is to be
given in the town hall next Sunday
evening, under the auspices of the
Women's Institute, the proceeds from
which are to be devoted to procuring
necessaries for our own soldiers at the
front.

Come and look at my new stock of
Bicycles, just received. A price to suit
every pocket. E. W. GORDON.

Mr. David McLaren, ex-president of
the Bank of Ottawa, and a son of the
late James McLaren, the founder of the
bank, died at his home in Ottawa last
Friday night, aged 67 years. The
deceased was a member of the Canada
Lumber Co., when that company carried
on the lumber business here.

See "Kilmory" at the Star, Wednesday and
Thursday.

Mr. J. E. Wetherell, senior high
school inspector, made his official visit
to the Carleton Place High school on
Tuesday and Wednesday last week.
Mr. Wetherell has approved for this
year under reg. 37, that the writing of
candidates from this school at the com-
ing departmental examinations, and also
the principal certificate for boys enter-
ing upon farm labor.

Our new stock of Bicycles has arrived.
Also a first-class assortment of
Accessories. Call in and look them
over. Satisfaction guaranteed.
E. W. GORDON.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA
ESTABLISHED 1874

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GEORGE BURN, General Manager.
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W. DUTHIE, Chief Inspector.

Carleton Place Branch. J. C. JEFFREY, Manager.

Twelve and a half inches of snow fell
in Ottawa, the last storm, the heaviest
fall this season.

Pembroke is losing one of its most
prominent legal practitioners in the
person of Peter White, K.C., who will,
it is understood hereafter practice in
Toronto, a member of the well-known
firm of Bain, Bicknell, McDonald &
Gordon.

May Rod and Gun.
Fishing is given first place in the
April issue of Rod and Gun, the ma-
jority of the stories in this early spring
number dealing with a subject which at
this time of the year makes a special
appeal to the out-of-door man. Besides
the stories in which fishing plays a
prominent part, and other stories in
which fishing does not occur, the de-
partment edited by Robert Page Lincoln,
under the heading "Fishing notes,"
contains much that is of practical value
to the angler, among the articles being
one on "The Trail of the Angling
Canoeist," Guns and Ammunition,
edited by A. E. Geikie, is replete with
information for the gun crank or en-
thusiast. "The Trap" contains the
largest records of trap-shooting events
and some reminiscences of a well known
Toronto shooter, "Johnny Townsend,"
while under the heading of the Kennel
there is much to interest dog lovers,
the Airedale being the subject under dis-
cussion this month. Rod and Gun is
published at Woodstock by W. J.
Taylor, Limited.

Miss Mossie Sinclair is visiting with
friends in Ottawa.

Boys' School Caps, special values at 25 cts.
F. C. McDIARMID.

Mr. J. Hockenbuhl, of Joliette, Que.,
visited at his home here last week.

Mrs. Geo. Kibbee and children left
last Wednesday to join the husband and
father at Washington, D.C.

STAR SPECIAL—"Kilmory," a romantic story
of a child of the woods transplanted to the city,
showing Wednesday and Thursday.

Sergt. E. Hockenbuhl, of the 80th
Battalion, returned to Picton on Satur-
day after spending a few days at his
home here.

Mr. J. C. Jeffrey, manager of the
Bank of Ottawa, was in the city yester-
day to attend the funeral of the late
David McLaren.

All the newest Shades and Shapes in Spring
Hats, \$1.50 and \$2.50, at F. C. McDIARMID'S.

The Y.M.C.A. at Ottawa, has started
a campaign to raise \$250,000 to continue
the association's work among Canadian
soldiers in England and France.

A military wedding took place in St.
church on Wednesday last, when Pie.
William J. Spinks, of the 130th But-
talion, was married to Miss Rosie Por-
touns.

Mrs. A. J. Genest and children, of
Cranbrook, B.C., are spending a few
weeks here with her aunt, Mrs. Garant.
Mr. Genest being a delegate to the
Railway Conductors' Convention at
Montreal.

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In the list of casualties among the
Canadians published on Friday last, the
name of Pie. Lorne Stanley Coleman, of
Kerensko, B.C., appears as wounded
under the head of Mounted Rifles. Pie.
Coleman is a brother of Mrs. T. Willard
Cavers, of Copperhill, Tenn., who spent
several weeks here last fall at the
Cavers' homestead, and had not been
very long in France. No particulars are
yet to hand as to the nature of his
injuries.

Foresters at Full Strength.
The 224th (Forestry) Battalion, under
command of Lieut.-Col. Alexander Mc-
Donnell, has now mobilized 1,525 and
will proceed overseas as soon as trans-
ports are available. The men have been
recruited and mobilized within three
weeks from the day recruiting started in
response to the hurry-up call from the
war office. By next month the battalion
will be actively at work cutting forests
of England and Scotland, and providing
lumber needed at the front. Although
the forestry battalion is going over to
engage at first in non-combatant work,
it is altogether probable that they will
wind up as combatants.

Col. Jos. MacKay to go Overseas.
Lieut.-Col. Joseph MacKay, has been
placed in command of the Two Hundred
and Twenty-fifth Battalion Canadian
Expeditionary Force for active service.
The Seattle Times, referring to his
appointment, says: Colonel MacKay
for seven years has been connected with
the purchasing department of the Great
Northern Railway, before which he had
many years' military service in Canada.
His duties with the Great Northern
have necessitated his spending a great
part of his time in British Columbia
and he has taken an active interest in
military affairs there, his efforts since
the beginning of the war resulting in
the enlistment of more than one thou-
sand men for overseas service. While
making his railroad headquarters at
Ferne, B.C., he organized the One
Hundred and Seventh East Kootenay
Regiment. Just when his command
will be ordered to the front, Colonel
MacKay does not know, but that it will
be soon is certain. He is now in Fernie,
but will return to Seattle for a visit
with his family before he is ordered
abroad, if the time permits. The wife
and three children of Colonel MacKay
live in Seattle. Miss Bessie MacKay
attends Queen Anne High School, Hugh
Kenneth MacKay is a student at Broad-
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is in the employ of the Pacific Telephone
& Telegraph Co. Another daughter,
Marjorie, is a teacher at Murrayville,
B.C. Hugh MacKay, a son, is a mem-
ber of First Company, Coast Artillery
Corps, N.G.W.

Cold Storage and Cost of Living.
Cold storage promises as the years
pass to have a greater and greater effect
on the cost of living. Not only store-
keepers and hotel-keepers, but ordinary
householders in increasing numbers are
coming to recognize that the buying of
food in quantities and preserving in
cold storage means a satisfactory divi-
dend on investment. Hence the general
interest possessed by Bulletin 44, under
the title of "The Cold Storage of Food
Products," and written by J. A. Rud-
dick, Dairy and Cold Storage Commis-
sioner for the Dominion, and Joseph
Burgess, Cold Storage Inspector. Every
person who makes use of a kitchen
refrigerator, or places milk, butter, meats,
fruit or vegetables in a cool cellar, puts
into practice the principles which under-
lie the operation of the most up-to-date
cold storage warehouse, and follows in
some particular the methods described
in this publication. An example of the
benefits derived is furnished in the sug-
gestion that if it were not for the cold
storage facilities which are now avail-
able the price of eggs would, for lack of
an immediate market, go so low during
the laying period of the spring and
early summer that production would be
seriously discouraged, while the scarcity
that would result during the season of
non-supply would boost prices for all
kinds of eggs to such an extent as to
make them prohibitive for the majority
of the people. Eggs are but one of the
articles of food, the price of which is
regulated, and to some extent standard-
ized, by cold storage. Dairy products,
meat, fish and fruit can all be so kept
and preserved if the treatment set out
in this Bulletin, which can be had for
the mere effort of application to the
Publications Branch, Department of
Agriculture, Ottawa, be followed. It
outlines all the methods and processes
that are pursued in the handling, storing,
shipping and preservation of such
perishable articles as apples, butter,
cheese, vegetables, eggs, fish, game, lard,
meats, milk and poultry, the necessary
temperature being given in each instance,
and also in the care of furs and woollens.

Death of a Centenarian.
Martin McDonald, aged 101 years, an
inmate of the Hotel Dieu at Kingston,
is dead. He saw service in Asia Minor
as a soldier. During the Indian Mutiny
he was in the force that went to the
relief of Cawnpore, and during the
engagement at Delhi he was accident-
ally wounded by a bullet from one of
his own men.

Cheesecloth coverings for plants, a
farmer tells us in an agricultural paper,
are superior to glass, for they let the
moisture through. The white shelter
has a forcing effect, and also keeps out
insects. Cucumbers from these thus
sheltered were gathered two weeks
earlier than usual last season, and the
enthusiastic experimenter is planning
for large results this year through the
use of these cheesecloth protectors.

Toronto's gross debt is now about
\$100,000,000.

There seems to be no let-up in Ger-
man submarine activity.

Col. Frederick Ford of Canada was
given a C.M.G. by King George.

Frank Sherwood, of Toronto, fell five
stories and was not seriously hurt.

Military expenditures in the Toronto
division reach \$2,250,000 per month.

Frank Anthony of Brampton, a retired
contractor, was accidentally killed by
falling from a railway bridge to the
street below.

Who Paid For the Hogs?

The above question will be discussed
from a moral and religious standpoint at
a special service to be held in Knox
Church, Black's Corners, next Sunday
evening. A debate on "City versus
County Life," will be conducted at the
regular fortnightly meeting of the young
people's guild of Knox church, on Friday
evening of this week. All are very
cordially invited.

At the Age of 75 Years.
Mrs. Edwards, wife of Mr. Francis
Edwards, Victoria street, passed away
on Saturday last, aged 75 years. The
deceased lady was before marriage Abbie
Lewis, and has lived in Carleton Place
for many years. She is survived by her
husband and two sons—John L. and
Edwin Edwards—both railway men, at
present residing in the great west. The
funeral took place this afternoon to the
English church at Franktown, interment
being made in the churchyard.

Petawawa Training Grounds to be Used.
It has been announced that the prison-
ers at the Petawawa detention camp
are to be moved to make way for the
training this summer of troops for over-
seas service. Some of the prisoners are
to be moved to Kapuskasing, Que., about
140 miles east of Cochrane, and the
remainder to the Spirit Lake camp,
which is about forty miles west of Cochrane.
It is said that at least five in-
fantry battalions and a number of artil-
lery batteries will go to Petawawa this
summer, as well as other branches of the
service, and it is quite possible that this
map be the biggest camp on record.

Col. Jos. MacKay to go Overseas.
Lieut.-Col. Joseph MacKay, has been
placed in command of the Two Hundred
and Twenty-fifth Battalion Canadian
Expeditionary Force for active service.
The Seattle Times, referring to his
appointment, says: Colonel MacKay
for seven years has been connected with
the purchasing department of the Great
Northern Railway, before which he had
many years' military service in Canada.
His duties with the Great Northern
have necessitated his spending a great
part of his time in British Columbia
and he has taken an active interest in
military affairs there, his efforts since
the beginning of the war resulting in
the enlistment of more than one thou-
sand men for overseas service. While
making his railroad headquarters at
Ferne, B.C., he organized the One
Hundred and Seventh East Kootenay
Regiment. Just when his command
will be ordered to the front, Colonel
MacKay does not know, but that it will
be soon is certain. He is now in Fernie,
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Products," and written by J. A. Rud-
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sioner for the Dominion, and Joseph
Burgess, Cold Storage Inspector. Every
person who makes use of a kitchen
refrigerator, or places milk, butter, meats,
fruit or vegetables in a cool cellar, puts
into practice the principles which under-
lie the operation of the most up-to-date
cold storage warehouse, and follows in
some particular the methods described
in this publication. An example of the
benefits derived is furnished in the sug-
gestion that if it were not for the cold
storage facilities which are now avail-
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make them prohibitive for the majority
of the people. Eggs are but one of the
articles of food, the price of which is
regulated, and to some extent standard-
ized, by cold storage. Dairy products,
meat, fish and fruit can all be so kept
and preserved if the treatment set out
in this Bulletin, which can be had for
the mere effort of application to the
Publications Branch, Department of
Agriculture, Ottawa, be followed. It
outlines all the methods and processes
that are pursued in the handling, storing,
shipping and preservation of such
perishable articles as apples, butter,
cheese, vegetables, eggs, fish, game, lard,
meats, milk and poultry, the necessary
temperature being given in each instance,
and also in the care of furs and woollens.

Col. Jos. MacKay to go Overseas.
Lieut.-Col. Joseph MacKay, has been
placed in command of the Two Hundred
and Twenty-fifth Battalion Canadian
Expeditionary Force for active service.
The Seattle Times, referring to his
appointment, says: Colonel MacKay
for seven years has been connected with
the purchasing department of the Great
Northern Railway, before which he had
many years' military service in Canada.
His duties with the Great Northern
have necessitated his spending a great
part of his time in British Columbia
and he has taken an active interest in
military affairs there, his efforts since
the beginning of the war resulting in
the enlistment of more than one thou-
sand men for overseas service. While
making his railroad headquarters at
Ferne, B.C., he organized the One
Hundred and Seventh East Kootenay
Regiment. Just when his command

HOME CIRCLE COLUMN

Pleasant Evening Reveries dedicated to tired Mothers as they Join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

THE OLD-FASHIONED WOMAN.
No clever, brilliant thinker, she,
With college record and degree,
She has not known the paths of fame,
The world has never heard her name;
She walks in old, untrod ways—
The valleys of the yesterdays.

Around her childish heart's are twined,
As with some recent saint's shrine,
And following hers, the childish feet
Are led to ideals pure and sweet,
And find all purity and good
In her divinely motherhood.

She keeps her faith unshaken still,
God rules the world in good and ill;
Men in her creed are brave and true,
And women pure as pearls of dew;
And life for her is high and grand,
By work and glad endeavor spanned.

This sad old earth's a brighter place
All for the sunshine of her face;
Her very smile a blessing throws,
And hearts are happier where she goes,
A gentle, clear-eyed messenger,
To whisper love—thank God for her!

Some men stumble over straws in the
road to heaven but climb over hills on
the road to destruction.

In the home life never forget that the
children have social rights, and the
chief among these is the right to laugh
when they are happy, and to cry when
unhappy, and to make a noise.

The great event in every young man's
life is his awakening. There comes a
time when he's aroused from the dreamy
carelessness of boyhood by the opening
possibilities of life. If he then drops
into indifference and begins life in an
easy, shiftless way, he fritters away his
chances. If he comes to a deep, earnest
purpose to be at his best and do his
best, he arrives early at the highest rank
among equals in business, profession or
trade.

The mother who radiates peace,
radiates strength also. The restlessness,
the noise, the rush of the life of to-day,
make it all the more necessary to main-
tain within the home an atmosphere of
serenity and sweetness, so that the
threshold once crossed, the outside
noise and clatter and strife are left
secretly behind. This is, perhaps, an
old-fashioned conception of home.

Encouragement is something we
naturally look for. A little praise, a
word of hope or a cheerful smile—some-
thing for the hungry soul to grasp and
the weary mind to rest upon as we climb
the toilsome mountain of life. How
many poor hearts have sunk into despondency, when a little encourage-

CANADA'S INSECT DESTROYERS.

Canada's bird visitors are rapidly
returning for the warmer season, and
we may again look forward to their
assistance in the destruction of cater-
pillars and insects, so destructive to our
trees.

One of the most important of these
birds is the woodpecker. It feeds on
larvae and small insects, which are
found in crevices of the bark; securing
them with its protrusible tongue. This
tongue is sharp, hard at the end, has
barbs directed backward, and can be
extended several inches. The red-
headed woodpecker, besides digging
insects out of bark, seizes them on the
wing. In the examination of over 700
stomachs of woodpeckers, animal food,
mostly insects, was found to constitute
76 per cent of the diet and vegetable
matter 24 per cent. The animal food
consists largely of beetles and cater-
pillars, and includes many harmful
species.

The chickadee is another of our most
active insect destroyers. It is especially
active in the vicinity of any timber, or
wood chopping. The birds will become
very familiar, and will readily make
friends. Not being equipped, as the
woodpecker is, with a long bill, they
take advantage of the cutting of wood,
wood, etc., to secure the grubs found
under the bark or exposed in the cutting.
As a rule, however, they feed upon the
insects of the orchard, the bush or
aruberry.

The woodpecker and the chickadee
are only two of the many birds which
are of great service both in the city and
country, and it is surely not too much
to ask that people give them the neces-
sary protection to allow them to con-
tinue their invaluable work.

Spring Fires.

Midwinter is the most dangerous time
in regard to fires in buildings but so far
as our forests are concerned, spring is
one of the worst periods. The dead
leaves of last season and the dead twigs
and branches on the ground are more
brittle and dry in the first few days of
spring, just after the snow leaves, than
at any other time of the year. Those
who go into the woods for any purpose
are, therefore, cautioned to be careful
with their camp fires and with matches.
They should also see that any cigar or
cigarette stubs are dead before they
throw them away. Observance of these
precautions will do more for conserva-
tion than many meetings and conven-
tions ten years from now and this duty
is urged on all patriotic citizens. The
fact that Canada is at war makes this
duty all the more important.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

ment has reassured them. The soldier
looks for it on the field of battle. It is
the cheering voice of his leader that
urges him on through the danger of
death and crowns the day with victory.

It is just as possible to keep a calm
house as a clean one, a cheerful house
as a warm one, if the heads set them-
selves to do so. Where is the difficulty
of consulting each other's weaknesses as
well as each other's wants; each other's
temper as well as each other's health;
each other's comfort as well as each
other's character. Peace rules the day
when reason rules the mind. Oh! it is
by leaving the peace at home to chance,
instead of pursuing it by system that so
many houses are unhappy. It deserves
notice, also, that almost anyone can be
courteous and forbearing and patient in
a neighbor's house. If anything goes
wrong or is out of tune, or disagreeable
there, it is made the best of, not the
worst; even efforts are made to excuse
it, it is attributed to accident, not de-
sign; and this is not only easy, but
natural, in the house of a friend.

Let us take time to get acquainted
with our families. The wealth you are
accumulating may be a doubtful bless-
ing to the son who is a stranger to you.
Your beautifully kept house, busy
mother, can never be a home to the
daughter whom you have no time to
caress.

You may preach sermons and advocate
reform and denounce wickedness, and
yet your children will be captivated by
the glittering saloon of sin unless you
can make your home a brighter place
than any other place on earth to them.

The home influence is either a bless-
ing or a curse, either for good or for
evil. It cannot be neutral. In either
case it is mighty, commencing with our
birth; going with us through life, cling-
ing to us in death, and reaching into the
eternal world. The specific influences
of husband and wife, of parent and
child, of brother and sister, of teacher
and pupil united and harmoniously
blended, constitute the home influence.
Like the calm, deep stream, it moves on
in silent but overwhelming power. It
strikes its roots deep into the human
heart, and spreads its branches wide
over our whole being. Like the lily that
braves the tempest and the Alpine
flower that leans its cheek on the bosom
of eternal snow, it is, exerted amid the
wildest storms of life and breathes a
soothing spell in our bosom even when
a heartless world is freezing up the foun-
tains of sympathy and love.

What Quail Eat.

Col. G. O. Shields, president of the
League of American Sportsmen, declares
that \$100,000,000 worth of cotton is
ruined every year in the southern
States because the southerners persist in
shooting the quail, meadow larks and
prairie chickens, while he maintains that
the Hessian fly and chinch bug do \$200,-
000,000 damage to the grain crop, which
would be avoided if we would only pro-
tect our song and insectivorous birds.
One Pennsylvania quail, examined by a
Government entomologist, had remains
of 127 potato bugs in its stomach. The
moral is obvious.

A Remarkable Child.

Brockville possesses a wonder in the
person of little Leonard Wade, aged
four years and one month, youngest
child of J. L. Wade, 31-Abbott street.
At the age of two and one-half years
the child commenced his career as a
singer, six months later appearing before
large audiences in the Brock and Griffin
Theatre respectively. In a recent
appearance at Brock Theatre, this art-
less child completely captivated the
large audience present. Dressed in a
fine suit of khaki he made a sensation
in singing a patriotic song. In response
to one of the encores he gave the mili-
tary salute in true British fashion.
The possessor of a pleasing personality,
perfect enunciation and an exceptionally
sweet voice this gifted child is assured
of a welcome from Brockville audiences
and if he lives, a brilliant future is pre-
dicted. His older brother, Bernard, is
also one of Brockville's rising young
vocalists.

CHILDHOOD CONSTIPATION.

Mrs. Andrew G. Lund, Hughenden,
Alta., writes: "Two of my babies were
very much troubled with constipation
and I tried several remedies without
success. A neighbor advised me to try
Baby's Own Tablets and they were so
satisfactory that now I would use
nothing else." The Tablets never fail to
cure constipation and they may be given
to the youngest child with perfect
safety. They are sold by medicine
dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box
from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co.,
Brockville, Ont.

Mrs. Amos W. Blanchard passed away
on Tuesday at the home of her daughter
at Vancouver. Several years ago Mr.
and Mrs. Blanchard left Athens to live
with their daughter, Mrs. (Dr.) A. E. Bol-
ton, in Vancouver, B.C., and Mrs. Temple
Cliffe, New Westminster.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Retouching the Ready Made

It is not every woman's good fortune
to be able to cut and fit and make her
own clothes. Some have not the time,
while others have not the ability, and
many have neither. The busy woman
especially hates to give her precious
minutes to long hours with the dress-
maker, and it is for such that the
shops put on their racks and counters
such a number of stylish ready made
garments. For the fastidious woman,
however, it is something of a shock to
see herself, so to speak, coming down
the street in the identical frock or suit
she is wearing. For her there is noth-
ing to do but to invest in the cheaper
ready made garments and put the re-
mainder of the allowance into fixings
that will make the frock, suit or blouse
partake of her own personality. After
all, one's clothes should reflect one's
personality.

For sheer tailored blouses there is a
happy expedient that any woman can
resort to with a few stitches, and that
is to apply under the sheer material a
length of figured or contrasting colored
ribbon. This will "dress up" the blouse
with the smallest possible expenditure
of time and money.

The styles are so accommodating at
present that a frock may be complete-
ly changed with very little trouble.
An imported gown in a smart shop
suggests a way of putting "the punch"
into a cheap tulle dress frock. The
imported model had a very straight
gathered skirt, which was turned un-
der at each side for a distance of four
or five inches at the hem to reveal a
lace petticoat. This gave a bouffant
appearance without interfering with
the cut of the skirt. A girle of old
blue velvet contrasted beautifully with
the flesh tint of the frock. A tulle
scarf was suggested for softening the
corset. A cheap drop skirt on an other-
wise good looking dance frock may
be omitted entirely, the lace petticoat
sufficing to give the fluffy appearance
at the foot.

Leather collars and cuffs, from new
leather to be bought at a leather house
or from the arms of a good pair of
kid gloves where the hands are worn
out, will make a bought suit take on a
different air. A leather belt added in
place of the fabric belt will give tone
to a Russian blouse coat. New lining
will make a cheaper plush coat look
much more expensive and dressy, as
often the lining is where the manufac-
turer has saved his pennies to make
his profit on the coat.

A large suit skirt may be shirred
into fitting at the waist line, and a belt
of material, which comes from the
piece taken off the hem, added for
style.

Braiding on pockets will dress up a
plain suit, or the addition of new fur
will often help out.

A SAILOR, HO!

The Ever Popular Middy Suit For the
Small Lad.

This correct lad is all set up in blue
broadcloth and white linen neatly
braided and chevroned. The black silk



LITTLE BOY BLUE.

tie is knotted of a memento from the
battleship Connecticut. These middy
suits are especially serviceable during
winter months, as they take the place
of leggings.

Rice Snowballs.

Wash two teaspoonfuls of rice and
boil it in one teacupful of water and
one of milk, with a little salt. If the
rice is not tender when the milk and
water are absorbed add a little more
milk and water; when the rice is ten-
der flavor with vanilla, form it into
balls or mold into a compact form with
little cups; place these rice balls around
the inside of a deep dish, fill the dish
with a rich, soft custard and serve
either hot or cold. The custard and
balls should be flavored alike.

CLAIMED THE SHIP

Maro Thought He Was Eligible to
Command a Cruiser.

AN OLD TIME NAVAL PRANK.

The Shabby Trick That Was Played
Upon a Patriotic Greek Boilermaker
by Some of Uncle Sam's Sailors With
Whom He Had Shipped.

"A number of years ago the cruiser
on which I was serving shipped a boil-
ermaker while we were on the Medi-
terranean station," said a retired petty
officer of the navy. "Our former boil-
ermaker's time expired while we were
at Gibraltar, and as he was not in good
physical shape he wasn't re-enlisted,
but took his discharge and returned to
the United States by mail steamer. So
the ship was shy a boilermaker, a very
important and necessary petty officer
down below in the engineer's depart-
ment, and when the ship pulled into
Naples harbor the chief engineer went
ashore to see if he couldn't dig up a
boilermaker.

"There was a clause in the enlist-
ment regulations permitting command-
ing officers to ship necessary men on
foreign stations in short handed emer-
gencies. The chief engineer brought
back to the ship a Greek named Char-
lie Maro. The man couldn't speak any
English to speak of, but he was a
good man at the boilermaking busi-
ness, and he was duly shipped aboard
of us for three years. He was a wild,
bawling fellow, Maro was, and he got
a good deal of a laugh at the hands
of the crew, especially the younger
fellows, from the time he first came
over the side.

"Maro thought that there wasn't any
other country on the map except
Greece, and after he got hold of enough
English to make himself understood he
used to take some of the young appren-
tice boys up into the eyes of the ship
and tell them, with many gesticula-
tions and furious words, of the differ-
ent kinds of tar Greece could knock
out of Turkey.

"The ship was around on the Pacific
station when the war broke out be-
tween Greece and Turkey. When the
news of the outbreak of the war got to
Maro, our boilermaker, he eagerly had
heard disease and a whole lot of other
sudden things from pure excitement.
He just couldn't hold himself in, he
looked so tickled.

"Da Greek man willa bim, bim, bim,
da Taurica man," was Charlie Maro's
way of putting it, and he didn't see
that the Turk had a ghost of a show.
All hands forward encouraged him in
the belief. They all acquiesced in ex-
pressing the belief to Maro that Greece
would simply eat Turkey up. Then a
bo'sun's mate who knew how to crack
the most impossible jokes with a face
as solemn and wooden as an Indian's
took Charlie in hand and told him some
things. He told Maro that the United
States was so much in sympathy with
Greece in the struggle with Turkey
that the navy department had decided
to turn over all of the ships of the
American navy to Greek commanders.

"Here's a chance for you, Maro,"
the bo'sun's mate told Maro. "You just
want to work your edge. Here you are
already shipped on this cruiser, and it's
dollars to doughnuts that if you ask
for the command of this ship in order
to take her over to Greece to mix it up
with the Turks you'll get it hands
down. Better try it on."

"That idea impressed Maro a heap.
He asked the bo'sun's mate whom he'd
have to apply to to get command of the
cruiser.

"Why, to the commanding officer, of
course," was the reply.

Maro was tremendously important
for a day or so while he let this huge
idea grow within him, and he bullied
the men detailed to work with him
down below in the boiler room a good
deal. The bo'sun's mate kept working
him up to it, and finally Maro appeared
on deck one morning togged out in his
very best mustering suit of bluejacket
clothes and went up to the officer of
the deck and asked permission to see
the commanding officer at the mast.
The officer of the deck was rather sur-
prised to see the man all alone up in
his mustering togs when all hands
were at work; but, as he is obliged to
do when an enlisted man requests per-
mission to see the commanding officer,
he sent word to the skipper, who soon
emerged from his cabin and appeared
at the stic.

"Well, my man?" said the skipper to
Maro, who stood bolt upright and sal-
uted with a flourish.

"Sare," said Maro to the skipper, "I
hava da honor to her-a-by taka da
command of-a da ship."

"Hey?" said the commanding officer,
putting his hand to his ear and looking
as if he hadn't heard aright.

"Da ship," repeated Maro. "For-a da
navee of-a Hellas—da Greeka navee—I
hava da honor to taka da command."

"All hands among the enlisted men
were up on the to'gallant fo'c'sle tak-
ing the thing in, and they broke into a
roar that you could have heard five
cable lengths' distance. Maro heard it
and, suspecting that his confidence had
been abused, got red and flabbergasted.
He suddenly bolted for the engine
room hatch and made his way below,
and it took three marines to drag him
aft to the sick bay, where the surgeon,
at the skipper's command, gave Maro
a half hour's examination as to his san-
ity. Maro was game enough to decline
to give the name of the enlisted man
who had told him he was eligible for
the command of the ship upon its being
turned into the navy of Greece, but
the thrashing he gave that bo'sun's
mate when he got him 'on the beach'
was certainly savage."

A Good Proposition.

A movement has set in among Ontario
weekly newspapers to make their sub-
scription price \$1.50 per year, instead of
a \$1.00 as heretofore. The proposition
is a good one. The newspaper is about
the cheapest thing in the modern world
for its value. If nothing else were con-
sidered save the usefulness of the
advertisements and the market prices to
the average home, a dollar spent in
buying newspapers must mean the
saving of many dollars in any home.
And assuredly the country newspapers
in particular, which have only a limited
revenue from advertising, ought to be
cheerfully backed up in subscriptions by
their local public, to which they give
news and information not obtainable
from the city papers which sometimes
flood the same territory. But for the
fact that nearly all country newspapers
are aided by some profit from job-
printing annexes, few of them would
have shown the standard of excellence
they have. They have been sold too
cheaply at \$1.00 a year. A fairer price
will not only towards better papers, but
be a measure of justice to the publishers,
who are generally among the hardest-
working of men.—Ottawa Journal.

Potash and Feldspar.

Dr. Frank D. Adams, speaking at the
recent annual meeting of the Commis-
sion of Conservation, said: "A question
of great importance is whether we can
not find deposits of potash in Canada.
It is practically impossible for us to find
deposits of potash similar to the German
ones, but locked up in the rocks of the
northern Laurentian country, where we
have these great granites, we possess
enormous deposits of silicate of potash
and feldspar. These are now awaiting
the arrival of some one who will invent
a method to get supplies from the old
granite rocks. Whenever that can be
done we will have in the northern
country an enormous and inexhaustible
supply of potash."

Mosquitoes are Disease Carriers.

To exterminate them, clean up, and
thus destroy their breeding places.
Drain off stagnant water, or where
drainage is not possible, spray with coal
oil. Let the sunlight into damp places.
Cover rain-water barrels with a fine
netting.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always Bears
the
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

SUNLIGHT FLOUR

Is made from the Best
Wheat in the World.

In one of the Best Mills.

By Men who Know How.

Quality guaranteed satisfactory

H. BROWN & SONS

SERVICE THROUGH THE WHOLE YEAR

DUNLOP TREAD

SEAL OF QUALITY TRACTION

And a service you are proud to tell your friends about.

Notice the number of Traction "spares" that are not in envelopes on the car, but out in the open wearing the "V" smile that won't come off. Price in possession accounts for this—the desire to have the car look its best.

Dunlop Tire & Rubber Goods Co., Ltd.
HEAD OFFICE—TORONTO
Branches in London, Ontario, and other cities.

C. F. BURGESS

Flour and Feed Merchant

Dealer in all Kinds of
Farm Produce.

All Orders Promptly Attended To.

Telephone No. 36. Storehouse near C.P.R. sheds.

APRIL 11, 1916

THE CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

3

A SUGGESTION TO HOUSEHOLDERS.



The picture at the left shows the little home as built; that at the right show the same place after a few cents had been expended for seeds and a little time to cultivate the runners. The moral is obvious.

LANARK.

From the Era.
Mr. Wm. R. Gibson, of Balderson, who has been engaged in missionary work at Depot Harbor, returned home last week to attend to work on the farm, his son Herbert having enlisted with the 130th.

Owing to continued illness, Mr. Robert Jamieson has been obliged to give up farming, and he has sold his home-stand near Hopetown to his son William, who has been in the north country for ten years, the past three years in the draying business at Latchford.

Mabel Blackburn, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Blackburn, 6th line township of Lanark, one mile from Middleville, died last Sunday, April 2nd, at the home of her parents. She was 32 years of age.

Mr. H. Shillington received a telegram on Tuesday informing him of the sudden death of Mrs. John Shillington (nee Elizabeth Hawkins) of Fortuna, California, but formerly of Lanark.

Mr. John Warrington of Bathurst has enlisted with the 130th Batt., and his brother, William G., who has been employed in the Clyde Woolen Mill here, has gone to take charge of the farm.

Capt. Roy M. Manahan, who returned home from France on furlough some few months ago, is spending a few days here with his sister, Mrs. R. M. Haley, prior to leaving next Monday for Moose Jaw, Sask., to join the 128th to which Battalion he has been transferred.

On Monday afternoon the soldier, who has been stationed in Lanark for the past three months, left for headquarters in Perth. The recruiting office here has been closed.

Private Sam Blakely, of Poland, now with the 130th Batt., Carleton Place, was in town last Saturday. He looks every inch a soldier in his uniform of khaki. Private Blakely has been doing good work in recruiting and his ability in this line is recognized by the officers of the battalion, who have allotted him fresh territory from which to procure enlistments. He will spend some time in the township of Darling, where there are numbers of splendid young fellows who would make excellent soldiers and who have it in them to bring the highest credit to their native township. Private Blakely is a fine shot and if given a chance will do his part in reducing the strength of the foe in fighting force.

Miss Polly Affleck left for Almonte on Friday to train for the nursing profession in Rosamond Memorial Hospital.

Rev. James H. Harris, a pioneer in the Church of England ministry in Canada, is dead.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Measles are reported to be spreading over the Province.

The Turks claimed the destruction of a large Russian transport.

Two Smyrna forts were destroyed by an Anglo-French squadron.

Engineers have gone to Niagara to prepare for the summer camp.

More than 400 men from the Ontario Agricultural College are in uniform, as privates.

An explosion in a powder factory in Kent, Eng., caused death or injury of 200 persons.

George W. Smalley, who for years represented The New York Tribune in London, is dead.

An asphalt road will be built between the city of Quebec and the concentration camp at Valcartier.

Lieut.-Col. T. H. Lennox, O.C., 208th Irish Fusiliers, plans to recruit a platoon of red-headed men.

Government buildings throughout Canada are to fly the flag on St. Julien Day, the 22nd April.

Rev. Zepherin Auclair, parish priest of St. Polycarpe, Que., dropped dead in his pulpit at high mass.

King George has placed out of his private purse, \$500,000 at the disposal of the Treasury for war purposes.

Lieut. Wylie, of Almonte, orderly officer to General Logie, Toronto, was thrown from his horse and injured.

Pte. Harry McDiarmid, of the 73rd Highlanders, is seriously ill at his home in Renfrew with pleuro-pneumonia.

Developments of the utmost importance are expected shortly in Holland. Much military activity has developed.

Hon. Mr. Doherty, Minister of Justice, expressed the opinion that the Provinces could prohibit the manufacture of liquor.

Rev. C. W. Shelley, formerly minister of the First Presbyterian church, Brockville, accompanied the 59th Battalion as chaplain.

Prof. Lavell, who was missing for over two years, and was found at Colorado Springs, arrived in Toronto accompanied by his wife last week.

There are reports that the Government in British Columbia will introduce a measure for closing the hotel bars at 7 p.m. pending a prohibition vote.

Complete returns of the referendum vote on prohibition held March 13th show 48,936 votes for the Manitoba Temperance Act and 25,293 against, a majority of 23,643.

Giovanni Correlli, apparently out of curiosity, put his head under a 1,300 pound steam hammer at the Billings-Spencer plant in Welland and tripped it with his foot at the same time. His head was smashed flat.

A large number of German suspects have been rounded up in Paris.

The Berlin City Council has decided to join the Home Guard in a body.

About 180 wounded Canadian soldiers reached St. John by the Missanabie.

General Morone has succeeded Gen. Zupelli as the Italian Minister of War.

A Spanish steamer was sunk by a German submarine in the Bay of Biscay.

A strong anti-alcohol crusade has been organized by leading women of France.

The Senate decided to appoint a committee on business readjustment after the war.

The British steam shipping losses during the war have been less than 4 per cent.

Brockville's rate of taxation for this year is 29½ mills an increase of 1½ mills over 1915.

Mrs. Sarah Butler, eighty-five years old, mother of Major Butler of the 70th Battalion, died as the result of a fall down the cellar steps at his residence in London.

Norway has asked Germany to investigate whether German submarines have been responsible for the sinking of the large number of Norwegian vessels, the loss of which has been reported recently.

Would be a Good Way to Use It.

In a social group, when some one propounded the question, "What would you do with a million dollars?" this answer, a subscriber of the New York Outlook reports, received general approval: "I would found a Mother's Institute in every city. Mothers and prospective mothers would obtain here, through lectures and individual talks by experts, the latest information as to 'twilight sleep,' pre-natal influences, physical care and moral training for babies with demonstration work as to clothing, sanitation, etc. Rich and poor alike would find help and knowledge here; and those most unhappy mothers, unmarried women and penniless widows, would be heartened and encouraged in these Mothers' Institutes."

RHEUMATISM ARRESTED

Many people suffer the tortures of lame muscles and stiffened joints because of impurities in the blood, and each succeeding attack seems more acute until rheumatism has invaded the whole system.

To arrest rheumatism it is quite as important to improve your general health as to purify your blood, and the cod liver oil in Scott's Emulsion is nature's great blood-maker, while its medicinal nourishment strengthens the organs to expel the impurities and rebuild your strength.

Scott's Emulsion is helping thousands every day who could not find other relief. Refuse the alcoholic substitutes.

A SYSTEMATIC SURVEY.

Study of Four Hundred Farms Yields Interesting Facts.

Government literature is too often consigned to the scrap-heap, without even a hurried looking over by the people for whom it is most intended. In practically all cases this literature is the result of careful study and experiment on the part of the author, and is written with the sole intention of aiding the prospective reader. This is particularly so in the case of the Report of the Agricultural Survey for 1915 by F. C. Nunnick.

During the summer of 1915 a survey of one hundred farms was conducted in each of the counties of Dundas, Waterloo, Northumberland, and Carleton for the purpose of obtaining further information which would assist the Committee on Lands in making a choice of a district and in laying plans which they would later wish to have carried out in the district chosen.

Among the following subjects that were considered in this survey were: Crop rotation, seed, yields, manures, weed insects, pests, fungus diseases, gardens, fuel, labor, co-operation, markets, roads, and transportation.

Forty-four per cent. of all the farmers visited claim to be following a systematic rotation. In Northumberland and Waterloo, the report says, crop rotation seems to be fairly well understood and is quite generally followed. In the other two counties the systematic rotation was not so regularly followed in some places, even there was a tendency to get away from the practice altogether.

Mr. Nunnick found that practically all (over 90 per cent.) of the farmers visited were using their own seed-grain, but who usually buy or exchange their grain once in four or five years. Only 1 per cent. claimed to be practising a systematic selection. Fifty-five per cent. keep the grain from the best part of their fields for seed. While practically all of the farmers clean their seed, only 5 per cent. clean it as many as three times. Five per cent. were found to be treating their seed for smut.

Twenty per cent. of all the farmers visited did not know the name of any variety of the grain being sown. In Dundas 56 out of 97 persons growing oats did not know the name of the variety, and 75 out of 86 who grew barley were in the same position.

It was found that in the farmers' opinion the present grain crops in all the counties included in the survey were considered to be about as good as those grown ten or twenty years ago. And the opposite opinion regarding the hay crop was expressed by residents of Dundas county.

The report revealed a great annual loss in this Province with some figures regarding the care of manures. Only six farmers out of a total of four hundred were saving all the liquid manure. When one considers that this portion of the fertilizer is the most valuable, this, in many cases, is a needless loss, is serious. About seventeen per cent. of the farms visited had manure sheds. These buildings have proved to be great savers of the fertilizer and their more universal adoption is strongly recommended by all agricultural authorities. Seventy-seven per cent. of the farmers in these four counties admitted that they took no special care of their manures.

In gathering material for the report the men engaged asked the farmers what they considered the five worst weeds. The majority agreed on Canada thistle, couch grass, wild mustard, ragweed, and sow thistle. A wild mustard seems to be increasing, to any considerable extent, in the county of Dundas. Ragweed, couch grass, and sow thistle seem to be spreading generally through all the counties visited.

The potato beetle was reported by all the farmers to be common. The damage caused by it, however, is not so great as one would imagine, as in practically all cases some sort of spraying is done. Potato blight and potato rot were common during the last season in all four counties.—Gordon Furrow in Toronto Globe.

TIMELY FARM NOTES.

Cover carrots, beets and other root crops lightly with dry sand to prevent wilting.

The man who lets his plows stand in the field during the winter should remember that manufacturers have not yet discovered iron and steel that will not rust.

Professor H. A. Surface says the use of pure white lead and linseed oil for borers and mice will not injure the trees.

The feed cutter should be in use on every farm. The corn shredder is an excellent thing. But why not put all of the corn crop in a silo as the best probable position to get every pound of value out of it?

The man who markets his products only when he has nothing else to do will never get the most out of his farm. The moments spent in reading market reports are golden.

Are you keeping up the fertility of your land? This is especially important to the fruit and vegetable grower. Study your fertilizer problem this winter and get ready to act next spring. It will pay.

Food Should Be Ground.

For stock-raising for the beef market, and which is soon to be slaughtered, quick feeding is necessary. The grinding of foods brings the greatest results and satisfaction, causing the stock to be able to consume heavier rations.

Giant Parsnip.

A parsnip 47 in. long has been dug from his garden by an allotment holder at Littlehampton, Eng. It was perfectly straight.

"Nothing But Leaves"

Not Tea Leaves intermixed with Dust, Dirt and Stems but all Virgin Leaves.

"SALADA"

has the reputation of being the cleanest, and most perfect tea sold.

BLACK, GREEN OR MIXED. SEALED PACKETS ONLY.

Economic Effects of the War.

Thousands of stately homes of England are now changing hands, according to the real estate authorities. The old owners have in many instances been forced by increased taxes to seek more moderate places, and some of these estates are being purchased by people who have profited by the war through contracts.

There is talk of wholesale migration and predictions that country life will undergo a revolution such as perhaps England has not witnessed since the Norman Conquest. Many of the estates may even be cut up and parceled out among disbanded soldiers.

In discussing the effects of the war upon the landed gentry, Frank Hist, economist, said that it was only a natural result and that these people would feel the pinch more than the poorer classes for many years to come. "It is impossible," he said, "to arrive at anything better than an approximate estimate of the economic cost of the war, even if we assume that it ends to-morrow. The mere economic effect of the loss of hundreds of thousands of young men in the prime of life and vigor is almost incalculable. We may safely assume that by November we had lost through the war about a tenth of all the wealth we possessed before.—Toronto World.

More than \$10,000,000 has been subscribed to the Canadian Patriotic Fund, which will last into next year; the requisition for March is \$600,000.

The Private Bills Committee of the Ontario Legislature refused to permit the city of Berlin, Ontario, to change its name to such other name as might be approved by the corporation, on the ground that the proposal at present framed made no provision for submitting the matter to the people.

RETAIN CANADIAN RESOURCES IN

CANADA AND THE EMPIRE

DO YOUR INSURING IN

CANADIAN AND BRITISH Insurance Companies

Complications may arise. Anyway, there does not appear Now any legitimate reason to insure "Outside."

If you are looking for a Good Company, a Good Contract and a safe and profitable investment insure with

THE CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION

P. SEWELL ROBERTS,

District Manager, 115 Sparks St., OTTAWA.

PROTECT YOUR PROPERTY

Have you an Insurance on your Dwelling, and have you protection from fire upon your Personal Effects?

A number of Standard Fire Insurance Companies are represented by

W. H. ALLEN

Will be pleased to quote you rates at any time.

The total British casualties for the month of March were 20,424.

George Bernhard, the German statesman, says that a separate Turkish peace is possible. He points out that the British statesmen ought to realize that even if Turkey were to conclude a separate peace the Central Empires would not be placed at any marked disadvantage.

SPECIAL

Notices of future events for which an admission fee is charged will only be inserted in THE HERALD at regular advertising rates. Announcements for clubs, churches, societies, lodges or other organizations of future events, other than religious services, for which there is no admission fee, will be inserted for one cent per word, with a minimum charge of 25 cents per insertion; card of thanks, 50 cents; in memoriam cards, 50 cents; obituary poetry, 10 cents per line.

PIANO TUNING.

THE PIANO is a valuable instrument but unfortunately very sensitive to climatic conditions, hence the necessity of keeping it in tune. Do not let your Piano deteriorate for lack of tuning. Orders left at Neilson's Jewelry Store, or mailed direct will receive prompt attention.

H. A. HARFORD,
55 Spring St., Ottawa

THE SUN LIFE

is Canada's Leading Assurance Company

And if not already a Policy Holder it will pay you to interview the Local Agent.

W. M. ALLEN
Carleton Place.

Total assurance in force 1915—

Assets.....\$257,404,100.00

Assets.....\$74,326,423.00

JOHN R. & W. L. REID

Managers Eastern Ontario, Sun Life Building, OTTAWA.

INSURANCE

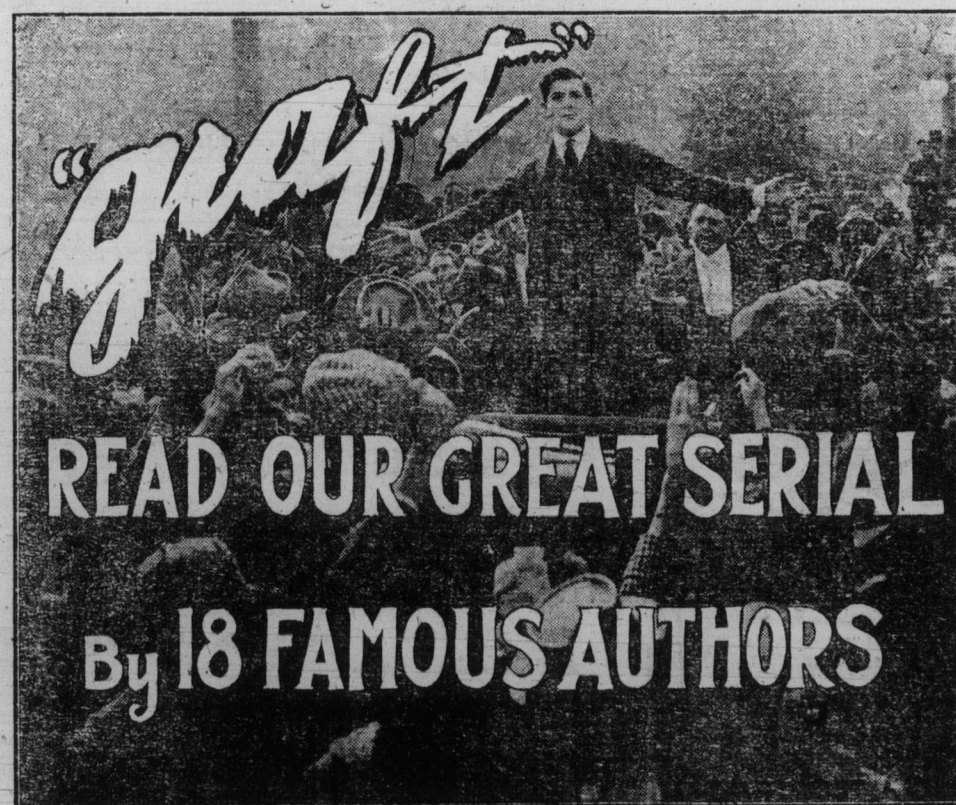
Fire, Accident, Sickness, Plate Glass

Guarantee and Liability Insurance.

All Old Established Companies.

W. H. ALLEN.

THE YEAR'S LITERARY SENSATION!



The Best Feature of the Kind Ever Produced
Watch This Newspaper For It! See the Pictures!

Counter Check Books For Merchants

We are in a position to supply every known need in Counter Check Books. This is a convenience many of our business people should appreciate. Samples of any style you want.

The Herald Office

APRIL 11, 1916

Carleton Place Herald

(Established 1850).

Published every TUESDAY MORNING at the Office of the Proprietors, Bridge Street, Carleton Place (next door to Post Office).

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE—In Canada, One Dollar a Year, payable in Advance; \$1.50 if not so paid. To United States, \$1.50 per year, payable in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES—Transient advertisements 10 cts. per line for first insertion; 5 cts. per line for each subsequent insertion.

Rates for display advertising on application. Advertisements will be changed once each month if desired.

READING NOTICES are inserted at 10 cts. per line, first insertion, and if the same matter continued, at 5 cts. per line each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without specified instructions will be inserted until for and charged accordingly.

The business office of THE HERALD is open every evening from 7 to 9 o'clock, and on Monday and Saturday evenings to 9 o'clock, to oblige town subscribers, advertisers and parties needing printing.

NOTICE.—All copy for changes of advertisements should be in on Saturday evening, or not later than 9 o'clock on Monday morning. As THE HERALD goes to press on Tuesday morning the necessity for this rule is obvious.

A file of this paper may be seen at McKim's Advertising Agency, Montreal, and at Gibbons Agency, Toronto.

All money letters should be registered, and all correspondence addressed to

THE HERALD,
Carleton Place, Ont.

THE HERALD.

TUESDAY, APRIL 11TH, 1916

The year's expenditure by the Province of Ontario will exceed \$18,000,000.

The prohibition bill is to go into effect on September 16 next, and the referendum is to be taken on the first Monday in June, 1919.

The Bank Act has been amended to permit the Minister of Finance to claim from all the banks of Canada, the balances unclaimed for more than five full years, the monies to be used for the Patriotic Fund or for any other purpose in the public interest. Formerly any unclaimed deposits after five years were claimed by the banks.

THE WEEK IN THE LEGISLATURE.

Toronto, April 8.—Ontario will be dry, at least from Sept. 16th, 1916, to June 1919—and in all probability, indefinitely longer after that. The Government has decided these dates, the first one the time when the Act is to come into force, and the second, the time of the referendum.

Mr. Rowell and his colleagues, during the discussion of the bill, are co-operating with the Government. On some of the details, of course, they are not entirely agreed. Mr. Rowell, for example, thought, since this was partly a war measure, it should come into effect on the first of July, rather than be deferred until the 16th of September, if the full benefits of the reform were to be immediately enjoyed.

In the debate on the second reading of the Temperance Act, Mr. Rowell expressed his deep feeling of pleasure and satisfaction that his appeal of four years ago for both parties to unite and wipe out the curse of the liquor traffic, was now being acted upon, and what then was only a vision had become a reality.

"Prohibition just clears the way for other reforms," was one of the most significant statements in Mr. Rowell's speech on the Temperance Bill. "It has become plainly evident that the Liberal party already is presenting the advance notices of new and aggressive policies, following its tremendous victory on Temperance. The preliminary outlines of these policies show that the Liberals are taking into consideration the needs of the cities and country districts alike. They are moving, for example, towards an attempt at greater social justice, and a more equitable distribution of wealth, greater care for the child, the widow, the aged, the sick and the unemployed, and towards an aggressive agricultural policy, including loans to farmers at cheap rates, rural credits, agricultural schools and demonstration farms, and development of co-operation in buying and selling.

DEBATE ON FARMING.

Agriculture had a big field day in the Legislature, thanks to the forethought and initiative of a group of Liberal members, led by Thomas Marshall, M.P.P., for Lincoln, who proposed a resolution calling for advanced agricultural reforms. The Government voted down the resolution, but before they did so, a six-hour debate occurred, full of very real interest to the farmers of the province. The Liberal group had evidently studied the question with great care, and each member took up a particular phase of the subject. C. M. Bowman, West Bruce, for example, made an altogether noteworthy speech, defining the relation of war and finance to agriculture, and applying it particularly to the Ontario situation. Mr. Nelson, Parliament, Prince Edward County, dealt vigorously and intelligently with the problem of rural credits. Mr. G. A. Gillespie, West Peterboro, who is an ex-President of the Eastern Ontario Dairyman's Association, presented the needs and problems of that industry. J. C. Elliott, of West Middlesex, who in addition to his knowledge of conditions in Ontario, has his practical experience in Alberta as a background, discussed the question of agricultural education, and John Grieve, North Middlesex, discussed the live stock industry.

The French War Office officially announces that during the month of March a total of 35 German aeroplanes were destroyed and that the French aerial forces amounted to only 13 aeroplanes.

TO DRIVE ON DVINA?

Germans Said to Be Planning an Eastern Offensive.

Large Movement of Troops Towards Bases in Courland is Reported from the Russian Front, and Enemy Generals Are Believed to Be Waiting for Hardening of Ground—First Aim is the Riga Railway.

LONDON, April 10.—Despatches from Petrograd forecast a serious German effort in Courland. Large troop movements have been noticed by Russian aviators—a constant stream of trains bound for the Courland bases, accompanied by big parks of new artillery. These forecasts are regarded as more than plausible because of the situation of the German armies on the Russian front.

No line in the east less easily defended could have been selected by the German staff than the one occupied by the German armies from the Gulf of Riga to Volhynia. Except for the field railways built since their offensive was stopped last September, the entire line from Dvinsk to the Galician frontier is without railway support. The nearest substantial defensive line in the rear is that of Brest-Litovsk, 75 miles away. Almost in sight of the trench line, however, is the Riga-Dvinsk-Rovno railway. By it, cut only from Vilna to Lida, Russian troops and supplies can be moved from one end of the front to the other wherever danger threatens. Nowhere is the Russian army more than a day's march from this element of support. Pushed behind the railway the Russian forces would be in as difficult a position as the Germans are to-day, for the closest lateral rail line would be more than 150 miles in their rear. Every advantage of terrain at present lies with the Russians. Furthermore, they are nearer to their arsenals and their main supply depots than the Germans, so that in any general engagement the odds are strongly in their favor. This fact, however, cannot be expected to deter the German command from seeking a decision.

It is obvious, despite their initial handicap, that for a successful defence of their eastern line the Germans must obtain control of Riga-Rovno railway. This means the capture of Riga, Dvinsk, and Minsk. It is regarded as certain, then, that in the next few weeks Field Marshal von Hindenburg will make another and more determined effort to cover the ten and twenty miles that separate him from comparatively easy defensive positions. The thrust is not expected for at least three weeks, for the terrain will not be in condition for the manoeuvring of artillery before that time. The ice has broken up in the Dvina. River already, however, and advances from Petrograd indicate that in a little more than a fortnight the ground will have dried out sufficiently to permit troop movements.

TURKS ON OFFENSIVE. They Have Made Three Attacks Along Shore of Black Sea. LONDON, April 10.—Considerable fighting between the Turks and the Russians has taken place in the Black Sea littoral, with the Turks the aggressors. Three attacks against the Russian entrenchments on the right bank of the Karadere were without result. The Russians are pushing their advance against the Ottomans in the upper Tchoruk River region.

The situation with Grand Duke Nicholas' army in Armenia remains somewhat obscure. It seems probable, in view of semi-official statements issued in Petrograd, that large Turkish reinforcements have reached both Armenia and the Bagdad district, and that the Russian advance has been distinctly slowed up. Two new divisions of Ottoman troops appeared last week east of Trebizond, on the Black Sea coast, and an action of some importance occurred about 30 miles from the port, in which the Turks were assisted by a cruiser and destroyer squadron. These new units were recognized as having opposed the Allies at the Dardanelles while the Gallipoli campaign was being prosecuted. It is known that after the withdrawal of the Anglo-French troops from Gallipoli the bulk of the army of defence was withdrawn for a period of rest, and that later it was sent to Aleppo and Nisibin. A part of it has reached the Black Sea littoral and the remainder seems to have moved east of Bagdad, where it will meet the Russians coming out of the passes from Kermanshah. The main Russian army, which passed through Erzerum, remains in the vicinity of Erzingan.

Striking at Riga.

BERLIN, April 10.—A successful attack by four German seaplanes on a Russian aviation station on Oesel Island, at the entrance to the Gulf of Riga, is announced in an official statement yesterday by the chief of the Admiralty staff. The statement says:

"On April 8 four naval planes attacked the Russian aerodrome at Pappensholm, near Kielkond, on Oesel Island. Twenty bombs were dropped. Two enemy aeroplanes which rose were forced to descend. In spite of heavy anti-aircraft fire our aeroplanes returned safely."

Prince Sent to Austrian Resort.

BERLIN, April 10.—The arrival of Prince Mirko of Montenegro, second son of King Nicholas, in Vienna, on his way to an Austrian health resort, was announced Sunday by the German News Agency.

Austrian Transport Sunk.

PARIS, April 10.—It was officially announced Saturday that a French submarine has sunk an Austrian transport in the Adriatic.

SALIENT IS GIVEN UP

French Withdraw to Make a Continuous Line at Verdun.

New Front at Bethincourt Withstands Furious Assault by Crown Prince's Forces—Evacuation of Bethincourt Has Effect of Flattening Salient on Western Bank of the Meuse—Germans Sought Weak Spot.

PARIS, April 10.—The village of Bethincourt forming the apex of the salient on the western bank of the Meuse, against which the Germans have been pounding for days with heavy artillery and with frequent infantry attacks, was evacuated by the French Saturday night, and Sunday the new line withstood the most furious assaults which have been made by the Crown Prince's army in many days.

As now established, the French line in this sector runs from the Avocourt redoubt along the wooded slopes to the west of Hill 304, follows the Forges creek to the north-east of Haucourt, and joins the positions already held to the south of the crossing of the Bethincourt-Esnes and Bethincourt-Chattancourt roads. The evacuation of Bethincourt, in itself only a small, ruined village, has had the effect of flattening the point of the salient, although the successful holding by the French of the line on the Forges creek to the west of Bethincourt and the line just south of the village, leaves a still very pronounced salient projecting into the German lines, with the two very important hills, 304, east of Haucourt, and Le Mort Homme (Dead Man), south-east of Bethincourt, within it.

Bethincourt lies in the Forges valley at its juncture with a valley running into the Forges valley from the south, and was at the mercy of the German guns on the hills at three sides. The new French line skirts the higher ground to the south. From the incomplete information now available it seems probable that the violent German attack on the western side of the river Sunday made simultaneously with the two extremely heavy assaults on the eastern bank, thus practically covering the whole Verdun front, was undertaken by the Germans as soon as they learned of the withdrawal from Bethincourt in the hope of finding the new French line in this sector not yet strong enough to resist them.

The evacuation of Bethincourt has been regarded by military experts for some days as a military necessity, since it was evident that the group of ruins representing the village was so situated as to make it practically untenable under the protracted fire of the German heavy artillery. The German commanders, anticipating the withdrawal, appear to have timed their attack, which might almost be called a general assault on the Verdun front, to coincide with the evacuation. But the evacuation had begun safely completed in the night, and the troops were waiting in the new trenches at the rear when the attack finally was made Sunday morning.

Sunday's attack was centred against two sectors on the western bank of the river, one extending from the Bois Avocourt to the Forges stream, and the other from Le Mort Homme to Cumleux.

Details of the fighting have not yet been received, but the official announcement indicates that it was of a most violent character.

Feuton U-Boat Rammaged by Russian.

PETROGRAD, April 10.—The torpedo-boat destroyer Strogli has rammed an enemy submarine near the spot where the hospital ship Portland was sunk (in the Black Sea), according to the official announcement last night.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Hall's Catarrh Cure has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts through the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased surfaces.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Cure at once and get rid of Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CUMMINS & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

DEATHS.

EDWARDS.—In Carleton Place, April 8, 1916, Albie Lewis, wife of Francis Edwards, aged 75 years.

Song Service

TO BE GIVEN IN

The Town Hall

SUNDAY EVENING

April 16, '16

AT 8.30 O'CLOCK

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

THE WOMEN'S INSTITUTE

Proceeds to go to procuring comforts for the local soldiers at the front.

Music to be furnished by members of the different church choirs.

Chair to be occupied by Mayor Smythe.

As the cause is a worthy one it is hoped that the Hall will be filled.

Silver Collection at the Door

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

ANY PERSON OR PERSONS harboring A Menace in their homes and neglecting to notify the Medical Health Officer, will be prosecuted according to law, as this disease is now to be placarded.

By Order Board of Health.

J. M. SINCLAIR, M.D. M.H.O.

Carleton Place, April 10, 1916.

SOCK DAY, APRIL 22ND.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made for receiving socks for the Boys in the Trenches at the Red Cross Rooms on Saturday, April 22nd. As socks are always a necessity, will the ladies of Carleton Place and surrounding country, who have been so generous in other ways, help on this work by a donation on that day?

PATRIOTIC FUND.

SUBSCRIBERS to the Patriotic Fund are reminded that their monthly payments are due on or before the 15th of each month, and are requested to be as prompt as possible so as to enable the Treasurer to make his report on time.

By order of the Committee

D. B. OLIVER, Treasurer.

HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY NOTICE

OWING to the lateness of the season the Carleton Place Horticultural Society have decided to extend the date for receiving members to the 15th April. The fee is only \$1.00 a year, and members receive over that in premiums besides other advantages. Send names to

J. R. McDIARMID, Sec. Treas.

Or they may be left at this Office.

HOUSE AND COTTAGE FOR SALE.

DWELLING-HOUSE on George St., Carleton Place, four bedrooms, bath-room, hot and cold water, electric light, etc.

Also a Cottage at Lake Park.

Apply to

Watchmaker and Jeweller, Carleton Place.

MOTOR BOAT FOR SALE

BULL 25 ft., finished with Quartered Oak and Mahogany Decks. The hull is painted inside with California Redwood. St. Lawrence 3 cylinder engine. This boat is completely equipped with dynamo, storage battery, electric light, life belts, cushions, carpet and canvas cover, and is as good as new. Will be sold very reasonable.

F. C. McDIARMID.

FARM FOR SALE.

ONE HUNDRED ACRES. East Half Lot 7, Con. 1, Township of Renfrew, 50 acres cleared. Hardwood Bush, good orchard. Well fenced and watered. Good Brick Dwelling, Frame Barn, Cow-barn, 3 stables, Driveway, all in good condition. Convenient to church, school and cheese factory. Rural mail and telephone. Six miles from Carleton Place. Apply on the premises to

MRS. A. B. DOWDALL, R.R. No. 2, Almonte, Ont.

FARM FOR SALE.

100 ACRES, more or less, being East Half of Lot No. 2 in the 6th Concession of Bethincourt, mostly cleared and under cultivation, and well watered. Stone Dwelling House and cedar outbuildings, all in good condition. Will be sold on reasonable terms. For full information, write or apply to

P. R. McARTHUR, Carleton Place, Ont.

FARM FOR SALE.

KNOWN as part of the John Fleming Farm, 150 ACRES. 50 acres Bush, mostly Hard Maple, 50 acres cleared. East 1/2 of East 1/2 Lot No. 14, in 3rd Concession of Beckwith, and West 1/2 of Lot No. 15, in 3rd Concession of Beckwith.

Apply for full particulars to

JAMES FLEMING, 4th Con. of Beckwith, or BASIL HUGHTON, Franktown.

Terms arranged to suit purchaser.

FLOWERS

For Easter

We have a good assortment of

Pot Flowers in Bloom, including

Easter Lilies,

Azalias, Hydrangeas,

and Rambler Roses.

Call at the GREEN HOUSE on

High Street and see our Plants.

Place your order now for the

delivery when wanted.

Order Cut Flowers at any time.

Jeffrey's Gardens

PHONE 83.

SPRING SUITS

At the Easter season when all nature is being

re clothed, it is becoming that man too should look

to his personal appearance.

The prices of all Woollens have increased, and

are still advancing, which is one good reason why

you should not delay in purchasing your Spring

Outfit now. As we bought our season's stock before

the last advance our customers will have the benefit

of our early buying.

Men's Tweed Suits range from \$10 to \$15

Made up in the Latest Styles and well Tailored.

A limited number of BLUE SERGE SUITS,

which cannot be duplicated on account of the

advance in the price of dyes.

Boys' Suits at Cost

Having decided to go out of this line

we will dispose of our entire stock at prices

that will surprise you. We have an excep-

tionally good assortment of Boys' Clothing

and are willing to sacrifice.

LEWIS & FRIZELL

Sumner Block, Carleton Place.

J. C. WHITE & CO.

MEN!

Your Easter Suit

should be bought this week. If you want one made to your measure do not delay another day or you may be disappointed.

The Cloths will please you.

The Styles will please you.

The Workmanship will please you.

The "Fit Reform" label is your guarantee.

Real careful dressers will be satisfied with one of these Suits.

In stock now Navy Serge Suits at \$15, \$18 and \$20.

Boys' Clothes, all sizes, in Navy Serge or Tweed. Norfolk or D.B. Styles. Bloomer Pants. Bring the boy, we do the rest.

Baird & Riddell

Outfitters for Men and Boys.

THE CASH STORE

Prices talk when quality is up to the mark. We can guarantee all our goods to be first quality and we would like you to give us a trial order.

Roller Oats, 6 lbs for.....	25c	Buckwheat Flour, reg. 15c, now 2	25c
Roller Wheat, 6 lbs for.....	25c	for.....	25c
Corn Meal, 6 lbs for.....	25c	White Swan Pancake Flour, 2 for.....	25c
Prunes, 2 lbs for.....	25c	Green Peas, in package, reg. 10c,	25c
Peaches, 3 lbs for.....	25c	now 3 for.....	25c
Fresh Cranberries, per lb.....	15c	Gillett's Lye, 3 for.....	25c
Fancy Biscuits, 2 lbs for.....	25c	Washing Ammonia, 3 for.....	25c
Tomatoes, 2 for.....	25c	Seal Brand Coffee, reg. 50c, now.....	40c
Beans, 2 cans for.....	25c	Corn Starch, 3 for.....	25c
Corn, per tin.....	10c	Cream of Tartar, per lb.....	60c
Peas, per tin.....	10c	Honey, per pail.....	25c
Flour, per cwt.....	\$3.50		

Cameron & Thoms

Butchers and Grocers.

SPRING SUITS

At the Easter season when all nature is being re clothed, it is becoming that man too should look to his personal appearance.

The prices of all Woollens have increased, and are still advancing, which is one good reason why you should not delay in purchasing your Spring Outfit now. As we bought our season's stock before the last advance our customers will have the benefit of our early buying.

Men's Tweed Suits range from \$10 to \$15

Made up in the Latest Styles and well Tailored.

A limited number of BLUE SERGE SUITS, which cannot be duplicated on account of the advance in the price of dyes.

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Having decided to go out of this line we will dispose of our entire stock at prices that will surprise you. We have an exceptionally good assortment of Boys' Clothing and are willing to sacrifice.

LEWIS & FRIZELL

Sumner Block, Carleton Place.

APRIL 11, 1916

THE CARLETON PLACE HERALD

5

SOCIETY REGISTER

STELLA LODGE No. 155 I.O.O.F.
meets every Tuesday Night
in the Hall, in Taylor's Block.
Visiting brethren always welcome.
J. H. MOORE, N. D. McALLUM, Rec. Sec'y.

COURT MISSISSIPPI No. 78 I.O.F.
meets every Tuesday Night
in the Chosen Friends Hall, second and fourth
Thursday evenings in each month, at 8 o'clock.
Visiting brethren invited.
J. F. DUBREUIL, C. R. J. H. MOORE, R. E.
N. B.—All Dues must be paid in advance on or
before the 1st of the month. W. HAMMOND, F. S.

CARLETON COUNCIL, No. 37, C.O.C.F., meets
in the Chosen Friends Hall, second and fourth
Thursday evenings in each month, at 8 o'clock.
Visiting Friends welcome.
JOHN BAIRD, C. C. W. H. ALLEN, Rec.

COURT ORION, No. 824, C.O.C.F., meets in the
Chosen Friends Hall, first and third Monday
in each month. Visiting brethren always welcome.
J. A. McLAREN, C. R. G. W. DAINES, R. S.

DISTRICT NEWS.

APPLETON.

Special to THE HERALD.
Misses Nora and Gwen Teskey, of
Ottawa, spent the week-end at their
home.
Mr. W. Owens, of Hespler, was called
home owing to the illness of Mrs.
Owens. He is packing up his house-
hold effects prior to moving to Hespler.
Miss Kathleen Teskey left again last
week for Edmonton to resume her work.
Mrs. Wm. Struthers spent last week
in Blakeney.
Mr. John Lorimer, who has enlisted
and joined a regiment in Ottawa, spent
the week-end at his home here.
Mr. Jas. Syme will be one of the
jurymen at the Lanark Spring Assizes to
be held in Perth this week.
A number from here attended the
funeral of Dr. P. C. McGregor at
Almonte last Tuesday.

HILLSIDE.

Special to THE HERALD.
Sugar making is at present in full
swing.
Mr. Matt. Code and family have
moved to this vicinity, having purchased
the Burgess farm. We wish our new
neighbors every success.
Several farmers from around here at-
tended the auction sale of Mr. A.
Snedden of Cedar Hill last week.
Mr. E. Giles has been suffering from
the effects of a fall, but we are pleased
to say he is speedily recovering.
Mrs. J. Penman visited her daughter,
Mrs. Matt. Code, last week.
Mr. T. Curtis has finished sawing for
this season.
Miss J. McAllister returned last week
from a visit with her sister, Mrs. Miller,
of Carleton Place.
Mr. J. Robertson purchased some
thoroughbred cattle recently.
Pte. B. Loney spent the week-end
with old acquaintances at Hillside and
Union Hall.

ALMONTE.

From the Gazette.
The post office telephone has been
taken out.
Dr. Oliver and Mrs. Oliver arrived
home from Newmarket on Saturday
last.
Mr. Des. Lynch, formerly of the Bank
of Montreal, has enlisted with the 6th
Heavy Siege Artillery at Montreal. He
spent last week-end with his mother,
Mrs. D. P. Lynch.
Mr. Ernest Doherty, son of Mr. and
Mrs. George Doherty of Ramsay, and
Mrs. Doherty left on Monday morning
for Gracefield, Que., to take possession
of a fine and well-stocked and equipped
farm, presented to them by Mr. W. J.
Draper, Mrs. Doherty's father. Mr.
Geo. Doherty has let his farm on shares
to the Messrs. McGill, but will continue
to reside where they are.
Mr. Kenneth Conn is visiting his
parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Conn. Mr.
Conn has qualified as a lieutenant, and
will shortly be attached to one of the
overseas battalions.
Some time ago the public school
teachers of Lanark East and Carleton
West conceived the idea of presenting a
motor ambulance for Red Cross work.
About three weeks ago the order was
placed for a Ford ambulance car, and it
is daily expected to arrive at Carleton
Place. On its arrival it will be presented
for Red Cross work, but at what
particular point has not yet been de-
finitely decided. The cost of the ambu-
lance will be \$600.

Mr. Adam W. Craig, of Rosetta, has
purchased Mr. John Neilson's farm on
the 11th line of Ramsay. Mr. Craig
has had his eye on this property for
some time, the only trouble being to
secure a purchaser for his own farm at
Rosetta. This was satisfactorily ac-
companied a short time ago, and now
Mr. Craig is the possessor of one of the
very best farms in Ramsay, if not in the
county of Lanark. The farm contains
two hundred acres, almost every acre of
which is first class soil and tillable.
Mr. Craig disposed of his own farm to
Mr. Thos. Arnott, who in turn sold his
farm to Mr. Robert J. Arnott.

From the Times.
Mrs. Sam. Brydges, sen., of Ramsay,
now over 90 years of age, is in rather
poor health at present.
Mr. Wilbert Drummond, who lost his
left hand whilst railroading for the C.P.R.
near Renfrew a few weeks ago, is now
learning telegraphy.
Mr. Geo. Cook who was on the high
road to recovery, is again seriously ill, an
abscess which had formed in his lungs,
having broken, with all the attendant
consequences.
Mr. Silas Shane has sold out his boot
and shoe repairing business to an Ar-
nott man and moved to Ottawa.

FRANKTOWN.

Special to THE HERALD.
Spring time is slowly but surely
coming along. The snow is disappearing,
the sap is running, and the robins are
singing a sweet song.
Sergeant Herb Willis and Corporal
Jerry O'Shea left on Saturday, after
spending a few days with their families
here, previous to starting on their
journey overseas shortly. God speed to
these soldier boys.
Private R. T. Pierce, of the 130th,
spent the last week-end at his home
here.
Miss Florence Perry went to Carleton
Place to-day to remain until Easter.
Rev. J. W. S. Lowry returned from
Toronto on Thursday last, when he
attended the great temperance workers'
convention and also witnessed the
second reading of the prohibition bill in
the provincial legislature.
Mr. Richard Pierce, sen., is suffering
from stomach trouble at present.
Messrs. Wm. D. Cameron and Jas.
Anderson were in Carleton Place on
business on Monday.
The fire wood supply for our village
cheese factory for the season was saved
on Monday by H. F. McLaughlin's new
and up-to-date gasoling mill.
"Thy Will Be Done," was the theme
of the sermon at the Presbyterian
Church service last Sunday, and will
be continued by the pastor at next
Sunday's service.
At the social farewell given by the
citizens of Franktown and vicinity, to
Mr. Richard T. Pierce, on the occasion
of his leaving his native village recently
to take his place as a recruit in the
Smiths Falls division of 130th, the
following address, together with the
present of a wrist watch, signet ring
and Book of Common Prayer, was read
and presented to him, and gratefully
acknowledged by Mr. Pierce.
To Mr. R. T. Pierce,
Dear Sir:—Your neighbors and friends in
the village of Franktown and vicinity, having
learned of your enlistment in the service
of your king and empire, cannot allow this—the
occasion of your departure from amongst us—
to pass, without showing our warm appre-
ciation of your patriotism and devotion, and
of your personal sacrifice on behalf of the grand
and great cause of justice and liberty, and
honor and righteousness.
Having spent your whole life here in
Franktown, and having been for many years
engaged in business, the public feel a debt
of obligation to you personally for your
uniformly courteous and obliging manner and
for your kindness to all the people of your
native community. You have always en-
deavored to further the interests of our village
in a business and social way, and in its
material progress you have ever taken a ready
and a useful part. Hearing the urgent call
of your king and empire, you have nobly an-
swered, and now we desire to follow you with our
best wishes and prayers. We pray that the
richest blessing of a gracious and merciful God
and Saviour may follow you in all the future,
and that God will tenderly care for you
and your loved ones, while you are absent
from them, and we pray that you may be pre-
served in body, soul and spirit, and brought
safely back to your home and loved ones in
the kind providence of God.
We ask your acceptance of these accom-
panying gifts as a small token of our united
esteem and sincere regard and good wishes.
Signed on behalf of the contributors,
JOHN OSBORNE, Rector,
J. W. S. LOWRY, Pres. Pastor,
DENIS MCCARTHY,
ALAN CAMERON,
ROBERT DAVIS,
BASIL HUGHTON.

PEITH.

From the Expositor.
Mr. Lee has only eight or ten boarders
in the county hibernaculum at present.
The bright, warm days create a desire
on the part of the inmates to be out
and at their usual occupations.
The peaceful old Tay began to raise
last Thursday, and by Friday, it was
a respectable height, and at night time
it had old inhabitants asserting that
they had never seen the river as high
before.
The 130th Band are making great
strides these days under Bandmaster
Finlayson, and are the pride of the
regiment. They gave a most delightful
concert last Thursday afternoon. The
bandmaster is adding a bugle and bag-
pipe corps, and when the 130th comes
down the street one of these days, the
old town will have all kinds of martial
music. Eight drums and eight bugles
were received this week for the bugle
band.
Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Echlin have
returned from Kingston, where they
spent the winter. Mr. Echlin is a mem-
ber of the staff of instructors of the
Eastern Ontario dairy school, and has
closed his twentieth year as such.
There was a class the past season of
over sixty, mostly young men, who have
all passed with the possible exception of
two or three.
An important change took place this
week in the business life of Perth, when
the proprietorship of Kippen's planing
mills was changed. Mr. Alex Kippen
disposed of his mill machinery and
stock of lumber to Mr. P. W. Clement,
and Mr. Clement also bought the house,
mill and lot from Mr. Duncan Kippen,
and is now in full charge.

Mr. J. J. McNeil, pioneer lumberman,
died in Toronto.
It is thought possible in Ottawa that
Col. J. Wesley Allison will return this
week.
Anepdes Jacques, eighty-one years of
age seeing a large fire nearby, died of
fright.
Villa's followers have been again
defeated at San Antonio in the State of
Chihuahua.
Five child performers were burned to
death at a military band performance
in an English theatre.
Another town in Mesopotamia,
Felahie, has been captured by the
British, which brings the relieving forces
so much nearer to Kut-el-Amara, where
General Townshend and his command
have been beleaguered for many months.

Harry Hamilton, eight years old, was
drowned from a bridge over a creek at
Brockville.
The Canadians made a brave stand
against the Germans at St. Eloi. It is
understood that the casualties are not
many.
Jean Baptiste Bougie, aged thirty-five
was crushed to death beneath an auto
truck in Montreal when he fell off the
running board where he had been riding
unknown to the chauffeur.
It is reported that the Young Turks
have asked Effendi Noraboungian,
former Turkish Prime Minister, to visit
London and Paris to inquire into the
possibilities of a separate peace for
Turkey.

Everybody's Corner.

STRAYED—A Black and Tan Bloodhound, last
week, from the premises of the undersigned.
Any particulars as to his whereabouts will be
appreciated by
ARTHUR E. TURNER,
Appleton, Ont.

TO RENT—Comfortable Dwelling on Bridge St.,
with modern conveniences, waterworks and
electric lights. For further particulars apply
between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m. to
MRS. L. GILBERT,
Bridge St., Carleton Place.

FURNISHED House Wanted—By respectable
and responsible married man. No family.
Possession at once.
COLIN MCINTOSH.

WANTED—Women and Girls to mend and in-
spect Underwear and Operate Sewing Ma-
chines. Apply to
BATES & JONES, Limited,
Carleton Place.

TO RENT—Excellent Brick Dwelling, corner of
Queen and Lisgar streets. \$12.00 per month.
Immediate possession.
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FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A Findlay New Hot Blast, good as
new, and a Findlay Cook Stove. Also a New
Protection Coal Oil Stove (3 burners), 75 lbs Car-
riage, a White Enamel Dresser and Washstand,
and Gasoline Motor Boat, 23 ft hull.
C. E. SIDBITT.

HOUSE FOR SALE—Brick Dwelling on Lake
Avenue, with all modern conveniences
Apply on the premises to
MRS. R. C. H. SIBBITT.

FOR SALE—First Mortgage on Farm, bearing
good rate of interest. Any person wishing to
invest about \$5,000 in a first class security. Apply
to Box "C," CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

HOUSE FOR SALE—Frame Dwelling, south
side of Antrim street, Carleton Place, at a
bargain.
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Saturday Eve'g, April 15th.

TICKETS, \$1, 75c and 50c. Children, 25c.
Plan at The Rexall Store.

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LAUGHING HIT OF THE CENTURY

A
PAIR
OF
SEXES

— BY EDWARD PEPLE —
AUTHOR OF "THE PRINCE CHAP" "THE LITTLEST REBEL" ETC.

STAGED BY EDGAR MACGREGOR

IT'S THE FUNNIEST FARCE IN THE WORLD

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EASTER EXCURSIONS

Single Fare, Friday, April 21st, good
returning same day only.
Fare and One-Third, April 20, 21, 22,
and 23, good returning April 25th.
Also
Easter Excursions to New York \$13.90
and to Boston \$14.60. Date of sale
April 20. Return limit May 1.

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to Canadian West every Tuesday
For Further Particulars apply to
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This week we specialize on
RINGS
anything from a plain Gold Band to the
choicest Diamond. See our display.
Prices to suit every pocket-book.

Having taken a special course in
Optics I am also prepared to test your
eyes and fit you with glasses to suit
your vision. No charge for examination.

Nyal's White Liniment

A family medicine cabinet
that does not contain Nyal's
White Liniment is about as
complete as a watch without a
main spring—and worthy of no
more confidence. Nyal's White
Liniment is true "first aid" to
the injured. There is nothing
better for sprains, bruises, cuts,
wounds, etc.

There is no liniment we can
recommend with more certainty
of giving satisfaction. It will
relieve pain, reduce swellings
and we know of no better liniment
for the treatment of neu-
ratic or rheumatic pains and
swelling or stiffening of the
joints and muscles.

A big bottle for a Quarter.
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Dried Fruits a Specialty

Choice Prunes, per lb 10c Evap. Apples, per lb 12½c
Evap. Peaches, per lb 10c Extra Choice Apricots

Still in stock a quantity of Good Apples,
also No. 1 Potatoes.

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General Castelnau Is Real Savior of Verdun Declares Swiss Paper

THE curtain falling all questions of leadership of the French troops is allowed to be slightly lifted now by the republication in Paris from the well-informed Lausanne Gazette of the story of how the Verdun situation was handled. Here is the story:

"As soon as the seriousness of the German effort was made apparent General Joffre rushed General Castelnau, Chief of the General Staff, to Verdun with the mission to examine the situation and take all necessary measures.

"General Castelnau arrived at Verdun at 3 a.m., just in time to learn that the Germans had captured Fort Douaumont.

"In these circumstances, which would have been judged so tragically desperate as to plunge most men into despair, General Castelnau, with the strength of mind and military genius which always have distinguished him in difficult situations, took command of the battle.

"Unhesitatingly he inflicted punishment where he deemed it necessary. He summoned Gen. Petain and his army, meanwhile himself preparing and hurling the furious counter-attack which again gave the French the Douaumont position.

"This counter-attack was perfectly organized and admirably timed, and it quite shattered the Teutonic onrush.

"Verdun was saved.

"History repeated itself in that the Kaiser was defeated at Verdun by the very man who checked him before Nancy in 1914.

"Both were unimpeachably bloody battles; both were witnessed by the Emperor, and on both occasions the Kaiser hoped to victoriously enter the cities upon which the attacks were made.

"When he arrived with his army General Petain took command of all the troops engaged in the battles from General Castelnau, and wiped out all further progress by the Germans, who, despite their superhuman efforts and most disastrous losses, have not gained a single important advantage from that moment."

"Veteran of Mons Re-enlisted.

"One of the latest recruits to be dealt with in Bristol, Eng., had fought in the battle of Mons, had received a bullet through the right arm and a bayonet thrust through the thigh, and had lost the middle finger of the right hand. He stated that he had received the D.C.M. for bringing in his officer and two other men. He had been discharged from one of the Black Watch battalions as unfit for further service in a fighting regiment, and he had had two brothers killed at Neuve Chapelle.

"The man appeared before the examining doctors, and said: 'I have done my bit, but I am ready to enlist again in the Mechanical Transport.' As the lost finger did not interfere with his grip he was attested. His name is Alexander Hunter, and he is certain of receiving non-com. rank very soon.

"Germans and Honor Stand Apart!

"With all its shrewdness, the German mind has not yet grasped the concept of honor, says a London paper. Its imagination in politics does not reach beyond the treachery of a Frederick or the forgery of a Bismarck. It knows confidence and friendship only as instruments for betrayal. That is why the egregious attempts to make Russia break the Pact of London have again been given a sanguine exercise. The insult was appropriately handled in Petrograd, for, as M. Sazonoff says, 'we simply took no notice.' To Russia, it is manifest that 'Germany must be rendered harmless' before the sword can be sheathed.

"Poet's Grandson Gone.

"Lord Tennyson has received official news that his youngest son, Sub-Lieutenant Harold Tennyson, R. N., has been killed.

"Born on April 27, 1896, Mr. Tennyson became a midshipman in 1913. He was promoted last September.

"All three of Lord and Lady Tennyson's sons have been serving, and the eldest, Staff-Captain Lionel Tennyson, was home on short leave at Farringford Park, Isle of Wight, a few days ago.

"In Denmark there are 16,000 women unionists.

Bonar Law Is Proud of the Way in Which the Dominions Did Their Bit

"If militarism according to the Prussian standard is not crushed by this war, nothing will prevent a repetition of the present catastrophe, and civilization in Europe will go down before barbarism, as did that of Rome. All the outpouring of blood and treasure which the war involves will have been in vain if the piling up of armaments which preceded this conflict is to go on undiminished afterward."

"These were the words of Andrew Bonar Law, the British Secretary of State for the Colonies, to an interviewer recently. Mr. Bonar Law was in his room at the Colonial Office, which occupies one of the wings of the largest block of Government offices in Whitehall, having on one side the Foreign Office and on the other the Home Office.

"The Secretary's room is as large as a small public hall, the most commodious office occupied by any Minister. It is plainly but comfortably furnished with easy chairs, sumptuous bookcases, couches, and tables, and a huge map of the world showing how the sun never sets on the dominions of which the Minister is spokesman and guardian. There are maps of all the British overseas possessions, and one

of the mural adornments is a photograph of the 'cathedral of giant trees,' Vancouver, behind the chair occupied by the Minister.

"Mr. Bonar Law is one of the men who have made good during the war. A tireless worker, he is a member of the war council which is now directing the war, and he seeks no other position. He is above all political intrigue and centered in his work. He is one of the five most important members of the administration, and if the British people were now talking party politics he would be described as the leader of the largest party in the House of Commons, that of the Conservatives.

"As soon as war was declared he loyally supported the Liberal Government, and restrained his followers from embarrassing the Government.

"The direction of the 'war,' he said, 'has at all events greatly improved. We in this country have concentrated direction into fewer hands, and we are linking up with our allies and endeavoring to get that unity of control which the enemy possesses. We must never forget,' he said, reflectively, 'that democratic countries are always at a disadvantage in prosecuting a war. Take ourselves; we were not prepared for war except for defense at sea. We were not organized for war. Plunged into this conflict suddenly and unexpectedly, as we were, it was inevitable that there should be mistakes and muddles and delays. Organizing for war does not mean merely gathering together great armies, training and equipping them. It means that all departments of the national life have to be brought into national unity and organized on a war-basis. This takes time; perhaps it has taken too much time; but at any rate we have now changed our point of view about everything. We are living in a war atmosphere. Nothing matters except winning the war.'

"As Minister for the Colonies, Mr. Bonar Law naturally takes pride in the assistance voluntarily rendered by the overseas dominions.

"Remember," he said, "that the dominions were under no obligation to send a single man. We hear a great deal about the loyalty of the dominions to the Mother Country, but it is not a question of loyalty of, say, Canada to England, or of England to Canada, but a question of common loyalty to the empire and their faith in the cause, of freedom for which we are fighting. If it were a Canadian question 'in dispute' between Canada and Great Britain, Canadian loyalty would be on the side of Canada. The Overseas dominions have altogether and spontaneously taken a big view of the war, and their response has been magnificent. Canada is preparing to place half a million men in the field. Australia will contribute 10 per cent. of her population, and the comparatively small commonwealth of New Zealand more. The West Indies and Newfoundland, our oldest colony, came forward with fine contingents, and every part of the empire has given fine examples of patriotism."

The Late Captain the Hon. A. T. Shaughnessy

A severe shock was caused through the Dominion of Canada, especially in military circles, when it became known the other day that Capt. the Hon. A. T. ("Fred") Shaughnessy, of the 60th Battalion, had been killed in action. Capt. Shaughnessy's period of service at the front was very brief, as it is hardly a month since the 60th went to France, and only about ten days since they joined the forces in the trenches. No details have yet been received as to how Capt. Shaughnessy met his death, save that he was instantly killed by shrapnel on Saturday morning, that he passed peacefully away and died like a man. It is not thought that any general action was taking place, a cable was received on Saturday afternoon by Mr. A. D. MacTear, of the C. P. R., from Mr. George McLaren, Brown, the European manager of the company, stating that he had just received a cable from Lieut.-Col. Gascoigne, of the 60th, announcing the death of Capt. Shaughnessy, and asking Mr. MacTear to give the information to his father, Lord Shaughnessy.

A further message was received by Lord Shaughnessy, with the brief statement that Capt. the Hon. Fred Shaughnessy had been instantly killed by shrapnel in action. Captain Shaughnessy was buried immediately, following the custom of burying officers and men near the place where they fell. Widespread sympathy is felt for Lord Shaughnessy, and especially for Lady Shaughnessy, in their bereavement, which came with sudden shock, since Capt. Shaughnessy had been so short a time at the front, while their only other son, Capt. the Hon. W. J. Shaughnessy, heir to the barony, is also training for active service with the 19th Irish-Canadian Rangers.

The death of Capt. the Hon. Alfred Thomas Shaughnessy will cause a pang of grief to many friends, both military and civil, in Montreal. He was a very gallant Canadian gentleman in the truest sense of such a phrase, an honorable citizen, and a brave and capable officer, full of enthusiasm in his work, and full of the spirit that makes officers beloved by their men. This was especially shown during the long weeks of training while the 60th was at Valcartier, where Capt. Shaughnessy was one of the most popular officers in the camp, always of a sunny disposition, always interested in his work and his men, and invariably ready to do whatever he could to advance their interests as well as his own knowledge of work. He had little spare time there, but that little he generally devoted to study and to practicing signalling, so as to increase his efficiency. He was a splendid officer, and his loss will be severely felt by the 60th.

The late Capt. the Hon. Alfred Thomas Shaughnessy was born in Montreal on October 18, 1887, he being the second son of (then) Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, K.C.M.G., who was educated at Bishop's College and Abingdon School, and McGill University. While at McGill he was a member of the Zeta Psi fraternity.

On leaving McGill he entered the service of the Canadian Pacific Railway Co., in order to learn business methods. He started at the bottom, first in a subordinate position in the office of Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, and later in the Steamships Department, under Vice-President G. M. Bosworth, where he made himself liked on all sides, and won promotion on his merits, working through a number of departments. In 1906 he had the unusual experience of travelling around the world, from Montreal to Montreal, on the trains and steamships of the C. P. R. Four years ago he left the service of the C. P. R. and joined the brokerage firm of Charles Meredith & Co., as a member of the firm.

He had been for a number of years an active officer of the 3rd Victoria Rifles, joining that battalion as a subaltern in October of 1910. He was as one of the most promising young officers of that battalion.

When Lieut.-Col. Gascoigne undertook the organization of the 60th Battalion for overseas service, Lieut. Shaughnessy joined with rank as captain, for which he, with his brother, the Hon. W. J. Shaughnessy, qualified at Halifax. He took a keen interest in recruiting and other work for the battalion went to Valcartier with them, thence to England, and finally to France for the service at the front which was to end so speedily for him.

Lieut. Shaughnessy was second in command of his company, "A" of the 60th Battalion. He was married in April, 1911, to Miss Sarah Polk Bradford, daughter of Judge Bradford, of Nashville, Tenn., and a descendant of President Polk, of the United States, the ceremony taking place at Nashville. Two children were born of the marriage, Elizabeth, three years old, and Thomas Bradford, one and one-half years. Mrs. Shaughnessy is now in London, having accompanied her husband to England when the regiment crossed.

LORD SHAUGHNESSY'S WORDS.

"To his mother, myself and the family, the sacrifice is indeed cruel and almost overwhelming. But after all, we are only passing through the same sad experience as thousands of others in every portion of the Empire. He had a sweet wife and two little children, and everything in the world to live for, but he recognized his duty and the attendant risk. If his example among a few of the nation's youth and responsibility in those hundreds of men of military age many of whom are without his family cares, who thus far through indifference or because of bad leadership or petty local issues have failed to assume their responsibilities as citizens and subjects, we shall feel that there is additional compensation for the sacrifice."

A Three-Years' War.

We took Lord Kitchener literally, observes The London Standard, when with his usual calm wisdom, he spoke of a three-years' war. Regarding the war as a purely military problem, that estimate holds good. It was, of course, always on the cards that Germany might not consider it worth while to persevere to the bitter end, or that she might be reduced to submission by economic pressure; and those possibilities still exist. But when we reflect what defeat means to Germany, and especially to the Hohenzollern regime, it seems foolish optimism to count on any factor but sheer superiority in arms to bring about the desired result. The war is still undecided. But we have every reason to believe that the present year will see a decline in Germany's strength, and that the victory of the Allies will be organized, if it is not actually accomplished, before another winter has come and gone.

Do all the good you can and make as little fuss as possible about it—Charles Dickens.

Zutoo Tablets

Do Three Things

—cure Headache in 20 minutes

—break up a Cold over night

—stop Monthly pains of women.

There is one thing they will not do—they won't hurt you.



We Grieve for the Hero

(Dedicated to the late Captain Fred Shaughnessy)

The fairest field lily lies withered and dead,
But the hosts of its seed blossom forth in its stead;
And each drop from the heart of this flower
Of our race
Will spring up in a soldier to stand in his place.

—M. A. Hargadon.

Montreal, April 3, 1916.

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson III.—Second Quarter,
April 16, 1916.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Acts x, 1-16—Memory Verses, 13-15—Golden Text, Rom. x, 12—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

Leaving Peter in the house of Simon the tanner at Joppa (chapter ix, 43), we turn for a little while to the home of Cornelius, the centurion, at Caesarea, where we find a man who, with all his house, feared God, prayed to God always and gave much alms to the people (verses 1, 2). If religiousness and sincerity were all that is necessary we would think that this man was truly a saved man, but when we read that the angel said to Cornelius that Peter would tell him words whereby he and all his house would be saved (chapter xi, 13, 14) we know that they were not saved until after Peter came and preached the gospel to them. Like the treasurer of the queen of Ethiopia, he was an earnest seeker living up to the light he had, and to such God always sends more light, but there is no salvation revealed in Scripture as a result of our good works (Rom. iv, 5; Eph. ii, 8, 9; Tit. ii, 14). It is the blood that maketh an atonement for the soul, and without shedding of blood is no remission (Lev. xvii, 11; Heb. ix, 22).

Here, as in the case of the Ethiopian, the principal agencies used by God are an angel, the Holy Spirit, and a man (verses 3, 19). The eyes of the Lord are looking over the whole earth for whole hearts toward Himself, and it is also written "Ye shall seek Me and find Me when ye search for Me with all your heart" (I Chron. xvi, 9; Jer. xxix, 13). Cornelius was wholehearted, according to the light he had, and was certainly a sincere seeker after God. The same Lord in heaven who saw the desire for light in the heart of the man in the chariot, saw it also in Cornelius, for he searches all hearts. So He sent an angel from heaven to the home of Cornelius, while he was in prayer (verse 30) to assure him that God had heard his prayers and recognized his alms (verses 3, 4). The ministry of the angels is always a most fascinating study. There are millions upon millions of them; they excel in strength, bear His voice, do His pleasure, go and come like lightning, minister to the saints (Rev. v, 11; Ps. ciii, 20, 21; Ezek. i, 14; Hab. i, 14). They seem easily to find any house and any person and need no doors opened for them. We shall be like them in many respects by and by, but higher than they in the glory, for we shall be like Him.

The rest of the angel's message was that Cornelius was to send to Joppa for Simon Peter and learn from him what to do. The last we heard of Philip he was on his way to Caesarea, where he evidently lived (Acts viii, 40; xxi, 8, 9), but perhaps had not reached home at this time. How easy to read that when the angel had delivered his message he departed (verse 7), but do we stop to consider that it meant returned to heaven, from whence he came a few moments before?

Cornelius was not slow to call two of his household servants and a devout soldier who waited on him continually, tell them all that had happened and start them off to Joppa.

Now we return to Peter, whom God had to prepare to go with these men to the home of Cornelius, a gentile. As the three men were approaching Joppa, Peter went on the housetop to pray. He was hungry and would have eaten, but while something was being prepared for him he fell into a trance. He saw heaven opened and something like a great sheet let down to the earth, full of all manner of creatures, and he was told to "Rise, kill and eat." When he objected on the ground that he had never eaten anything unclean, the voice said, "What God hath cleansed that call not thou common." This

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BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World.
Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

was repeated three times, and while Peter was wondering what it could mean the three men stood before the gate inquiring for him. The Spirit told him to go with them, for He had sent them. So, when the men had made known to him the cause wherefore they had come, he called them in and lodged them, and on the morrow went away with them, taking also some of the brethren from Joppa. The next day they reached the home of Cornelius and found that he had gathered many to hear the message.

In reply to Peter's inquiry as to why he had been sent for Cornelius rehearsed the story and then said, "Therefore are we all here present before God to hear all things that are commanded thee of God" (verse 33). This is the only correct attitude for any company of people gathered in the name of the Lord. Peter proclaimed unto them Jesus of Nazareth, in His life and death and resurrection, as the one foretold by all the prophets, and that whoever believeth in Him shall receive remission of sins (verses 34-43). While Peter was speaking the Holy Spirit came upon them all, and they spake with tongues and magnified God and were baptized in the name of the Lord (verses 44-48). Thus the circumcision learned that God had also granted to uncircumcised gentiles repentance unto life (xi, 18). We have combined next week's regular lesson with this one, as we purpose taking the Easter lesson next week. Give special attention to the wonderful words of verses 38-43 and note that Jesus Christ crucified, risen and returning to reign is the one great theme of all the prophets—a real person alive forevermore.

Tale of Two Rivers.

The divide between the Hudson bay and Mississippi river drainage basins shows the poor drainage of the glaciated prairies and the delicate balance between drainage systems. Though the Shenandoe and James rivers, the two principal streams of this region, flow in nearly parallel sources for 180 miles and the relief of the land between them is generally not more than twenty feet, yet the Shenandoe ultimately discharges into Hudson bay and the James into the Gulf of Mexico.

Advice From a Philosopher.

A little wayside sermon by Brother Chlo Harper:

"Cut out extravagant speech. If the undertakers got all the otherwise healthy folks who were just tickled to death the cemeteries would have to be enlarged."

The Geography of Efficiency.

Definition of a successful business: A small body of well dressed men entirely surrounded by stenographers.—New York Sun.

\$1,000.00 REWARD.

For information that will lead to the discovery of whereabouts of the person or persons suffering from Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Mouth and Throat, Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Bladder Troubles, Special Ailments, and Chronic or Complicated Complaints who cannot be cured at The Ontario Medical Institute, 263-265 Yonge St., Toronto. Correspondence invited.

that's great!



You'll say it when you try these made-to-measure clothes on before a mirror—when you search for flaws you can't find—when you look for wrinkles that aren't there.

The advantage of having suits specially tailored to measure is shown by the well dressed appearance of men who wear the clothes—they aren't expensive.

We've an almost countless number of fine woolsens for you to choose from—every one sparklingly original and unordinary—you'll find them to your liking.

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APRIL 11, 1916

THE CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

7



IRVIN S. COBB

Each Episode Suggested by a Prominent Author
 Serialization by HUGH WEIR and JOE BRANDT
 Produced by the Universal Film Manufacturing Company
 [Copyright, 1915, by the Universal Film Manufacturing Company.]

FIRST EPISODE

Liquor and the Law
 Suggested by IRVIN S. COBB,
 Author of "Back Home"
 And "Judge Priest Stories"

DUDLEY LARNIGAN, district attorney of New York, was a man who would never be suspected of hysterical fear. His word was good. When he said a thing it was taken for granted that he knew exactly what he was talking about and that he had the facts to back up his statements. And yet he was at this time almost the laughingstock of the city that had swept him into office at the last election by an unprecedented majority. The newspapers, while they did not actually attack him, made fun of him. His own friends looked at him askance. Even his own son, Bruce Larnigan, an unpaid and volunteer assistant in the district attorney's office, shared the prevailing opinion, at least to a certain extent. Father and son were talking.

"I'm no doubt that there's a good deal of graft. We all know there is, in fact," said Bruce. "It's not so very long since I was admitted to the bar, and, of course, I've seen a few things. Still, to say that there is a syndicate made up of respectable men, big business men, that practically makes a business of crime—I think you went pretty far, dad."

Dudley Larnigan sighed. He wasn't at all angry. He looked at his son patiently and a little wearily.

"You think I went pretty far," he said. "Half the city thinks I'm insane, I believe. And yet I shall prove, if I live, every charge I have made. I shall prove that the most powerful organization this country has ever seen has its center right here in New York—an organization founded on the determination to secure unfair advantages—graft—for its members. I shall prove that this organization will not stop and has not stopped at murder!"

Bruce laughed uncomfortably.

"Can't you tell me more, then?" he asked. "Why, there must be men in this organization that I know—men who are supposed to be respectable!"

"Supposed to be respectable!" said his father bitterly. "Why, they're the leading men of the city—the whole country. They are business men who

faith than Bruce could muster. He was about to say something of the sort when there was an interruption. There was a knock at the door, and an office boy appeared, bearing a parcel, which he handed to the district attorney.

"This came by special messenger, sir," he said. "The boy said there was no answer, and he wouldn't say where it came from."

Bruce took the package and took out his pocketknife, making to cut the string, but his father checked him.

"Let me see that a moment," he said. He studied the writing of the address carefully, and then, with a gesture of dislike and distrust, he shrugged his shoulders. "I thought so," he said. "It's from them."

Bruce laughed aloud.

"What do you mean, dad?" he asked. "Are you afraid they're sending you a bomb?"

"No; I don't think so," said Larnigan quite seriously and heedless of his son's jesting tone. "I don't believe the time has come for that yet. Open it, Bruce. We might as well see what's in it."

Bruce cut the strings, tore off the papers, and then, as the contents of the package were revealed, he started back, filled for the moment with horror. It



"I shall enforce the law."

was a yellow, grinning skull that he revealed, and on its forehead some words were written.

"Let the liquor trust alone," Bruce read. "We will phone for your answer."

Dudley Larnigan looked at him.

"You see, Bruce," he said, "there are some who take this business more seriously than you do."

"But—why—this is a joke—a silly, senseless, practical joke!" exclaimed Bruce. "Surely they wouldn't try seriously to frighten you with a stinky old trick like this?"

"Whether they tried seriously or not, they succeeded," said his father, "for I am certainly frightened, Bruce."

Bruce stared at him incredulously.

"You are frightened—by this?" said Bruce, looking from his father to the grinning skull. "Dad, you need a rest. Your nerves are upset. You've been overworking. You'd better take a vacation and get back into shape."

Dudley Larnigan shook his head sadly.

"I shall take no vacation until I have beaten the grafters or until they have beaten me," he said. "I have been waiting for the time to come, Bruce, when I could take you into my confidence regarding this. I see that nothing I can say will convince you that this is a real and deadly danger that I face. But the proof will come soon enough. It will be unmistakable when it does come. I know that I can count on you, my boy—that if they succeed in getting me out of the way they will still have to reckon with you."

In spite of himself Bruce was beginning to be affected. His father was so serious, was so evidently in deadly fear, that Bruce could not help being moved. It was impossible for him to believe when he tried to think things out that there was any basis for his father's fear, but it was equally impossible for him to believe that a man like Dudley Larnigan would give way to panic without the very gravest reasons.

"You needn't wait, Bruce," said his father finally. "I have a good deal of work to do, and I shan't need you."

Bruce got up and moved hesitatingly toward the door. Just then the telephone on his father's desk rang out sharply. Dudley Larnigan before he answered pointed to another instrument, and Bruce, understanding, lifted its receiver to listen to the conversation.

A strange voice, evidently disguised, came thither to his ear:

"Hello! Hello! Is this District Attorney Larnigan?"

"Yes."

"Larnigan, you know who is speaking. If you are in doubt look at the skull we sent you."



It Was a Yellow, Grinning Skull.

are the leaders of our greatest industries. They control the business of the country as it is, but they want to get everything into their own hands. They want to stifle all competition. They are not content with the fair, legitimate profits. They want to get graft in every line and so double their profits. If they are not checked they will get a strangle hold on the nation. They will control elections everywhere; they will name one of themselves as president, and this country will cease to be a republic."

Bruce hesitated to answer. He saw the wild light in his father's eyes. He knew his father better than the men outside who laughed at him, who had jeered the speech that had started all the trouble. Never had Dudley Larnigan since his son could remember failed to make good any statement, any promise. Yet this—to believe what he heard now—called for more

"I am looking at it."

"Be warned in time. That skull is the symbol of the uncertainty of life. We admire you—we admire any strong and brave enemy. But do not mistake foolhardiness for bravery. You can never beat us, and you will sacrifice yourself if you try. We do not offer you money. Leave us alone—or you will suffer."

"I shall do my duty. You have had before the only answer I shall ever give you. I am sworn to uphold and enforce the law. I shall do so at whatever risk to myself."

"Remember, this is the last chance you will have to save yourself. We bear you no ill will; we do not want to be obliged to move against you, but if you do not yield your blood be on your own head."

"I shall enforce the law. Sooner or later you will pay the penalty for all your crimes."

And on the word Dudley Larnigan, his forehead banded with heavy drops of perspiration, slammed the receiver into the hook. He rose and stared at Bruce.

"How do you believe?" he said. "You heard what I said. I think I have one chance in a million to escape them. I am a marked man. It is impossible for me to guard myself effectively. Yet I shall go on."

"You said you were afraid," said Bruce.

"And so I am. I live in deadly fear. But, no matter how much I fear them, I fear my own conscience more. They can never punish me, no matter what they do, as would my own conscience if I betrayed my trust."

For the moment Bruce managed to shake off the depression that his father's mood and all the other circumstances had induced.

"They're trying to frighten you," he said. "Good Lord, this is the twentieth century! They're trying to frighten you with old tricks. They'd never dare actually use violence."

"We shall see," said his father. "At least I shall do my duty, no matter what the outcome may be, as long as I am spared, and I have faith enough in you, my son, to believe that if the men who are opposed to me give the last proof of the truth of my words you will take up that duty and make it your own."

Bruce shook his head sadly as he went out. It seemed to him that he had hit upon the truth—that his father was breaking down from overwork and that he was taking seriously a melodramatic and absurd campaign of blackmail.

"No doubt attempts are being made to dissuade him from doing his duty," said Bruce to himself, "but he is allowing himself to be upset by threats that would only have amused him a few years ago. Poor old dad!"

Bruce himself had a pleasant errand. His steps took him to the home of Roger Maxwell, whose vast interests in the field of insurance had caused him to be known commonly as the head of what was called the insurance trust. But it was not the great financier that Bruce went to see. He seemed to be well known at the house. The servant who answered his ring smiled as she took his hat and stick.

"Miss Dorothy's in the library, sir," she said. "She is expecting you, sir, I'm sure."

Dorothy Maxwell as Bruce entered the room was standing near a window. As she heard his step she turned, with a glad little cry, and came straight to him.

"Bruce," she said, "I'm so glad! You weren't sure that you could come?"

He took her in his arms and kissed her.

"I usually manage to come, though, don't I?" he said, with a laugh. "Still, it did look doubtful. Dad, you know—"

He stopped, and she frowned a little.

"Whatever is the matter with your father, Bruce, dear?" she said. "Father says he must have gone suddenly mad to make such a speech; that he's antagonized all the solid business men in New York by the wild statements he made. I think—I'm afraid he isn't quite as pleased as he was at the idea of our—of our engagement?"

"It's got nothing to do with us!" declared Bruce angrily. "I'm not responsible for my father's actions. I think myself he's wrong about this; that he's been excited by things that have happened. But I can't let your father criticize him to me!"

"Of course not," she said soothingly. "And he won't, I'm sure. And, anyhow, Bruce, dear, we're not going to quarrel, you and I, even if it turns out that our fathers do."

Bruce was about to reply when he looked over Dorothy's shoulder and saw two men in the next room. One was her father, Roger Maxwell; the other was Stanford Stone, and Stone, who did not know that Bruce could see him, was regarding them with such a malevolent expression in his usually inscrutable eyes that Bruce was startled. Stone at this time was reckoned the most powerful man in the great financial world of New York. He was concerned in a hundred great enterprises. Even the Sunday newspapers did not pretend to estimate the size of his vast fortune.

But while Bruce, wondering, was on the very point of saying something to Dorothy, Stone broke into a smile. He took Roger Maxwell's arm, and the two older men came into the library. Both greeted Bruce in the most friendly fashion, while Stone shook Dorothy's hand, his eyes devouring her.

"I hear I'm to congratulate you, young man," said Stone, and Dorothy blushed becomingly. "By the way, your father's given his friends—and I want you to remember that I'm one of the best of them—a good deal of anxiety lately. Can't you persuade him to

take a rest? He ought to go somewhere and play golf for a week or two—get entirely rid of the strain and worry of his office."

"I suggested something of that sort to him today, sir," said Bruce. "But it's always been very hard for my mother and myself to persuade him to spare himself in any way. He works as hard as if he hadn't a cent in the world, and, as a matter of fact, he's a fairly rich man."

"That's always the way—always the way," said Stone. "Well, do the best you can to persuade him, my boy. He needs the rest."

"I think so, too," said Maxwell. "Dorothy, suppose you take Bruce somewhere else. Stone and I have some business to talk over, and we'll need the papers I have in my desk here in our talk."

Bruce and Dorothy were not at all loath to go. They smiled at one another as they went, and neither turned to see the look that Stanford Stone sent after them, a look that might well have aroused Bruce's fear and wonder had he seen it, knowing what he did of Stone's power.

Meanwhile District Attorney Larnigan had stayed at his office long enough to finish some important work and then had taken his place in his automobile.

"Drive me around the long way home, Jack," he said to his chauffeur. "The air is so beautiful today that I think it will rest me just to ride around. Go up into the country along the river and don't turn back until it's time to get me home for dinner."

"Yes, sir," said the chauffeur.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

INCREASE WILL BE \$600,000.

Ontario's Revenue Will Be Increased by That Amount Next Year.

The new tax proposals brought down by the Provincial Treasurer, Hon. T. W. McGarry provide for an increase of revenue that is estimated will amount to about \$600,000. As was announced on the budget debate a tax of one cent on each admission to any theatre, amusement hall, race track or athletic event will be levied. This is the minimum tax, and will apply generally for two or three months but there is a likelihood that it will be increased in respect of the higher-priced amusements. Some 5,000,000 tickets have been ordered by the Government, and a strict accounting of these tickets will be required from the theatre proprietors, and penalties from \$10 up will be imposed on persons entering theatres without paying the tax and upon the proprietor who permits it. Ten per cent. of the receipts from this tax will be allowed the theatres for collecting it.

In respect of race tracks, the Corporation Tax Act is to be amended increasing the tax from \$500 to \$1,250 per day, and to encourage the breeding of Canadian horses the Government has decided to donate for distribution among the owners of Canadian horses one per cent. of the prize money offered at the races.

The tax upon loan companies with headquarters outside the Province has been readjusted. The amendment provides that instead of paying 1/2 of 1 per cent. upon their paid-up capital, these companies shall pay 1-20 of 1 per cent. on paid-up capital and 1-20 of 1 per cent. upon the business done in the Province. It is expected that this change will work more equitably than the present law and incidentally increase the revenue by about \$10,000.

The Succession Duty Act is amended to simplify the procedure in investigating large estates, and widens the powers of the Provincial Treasurer in tracing hidden values.

Miners' Defence Corps.

Colonel Sir Lancelot Rolleston, holding that there is still the possibility of an enemy invasion on a large scale, is appealing to Nottingham miners to form a corps for home defence, and a considerable number are responding.

GIRL COULD NOT WORK

How She Was Relieved from Pain by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Taunton, Mass.—"I had pains in both sides and when my periods came I had to stay at home from work and suffer a long time. One day a woman came to our house and asked my mother why I was suffering. Mother told her that I suffered every month and she said, 'Why don't you buy a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?' My mother bought it and the next month I was so well that I worked all the month without staying at home a day. I am in good health now and have told lots of girls about it."—Miss CLARICE MORIN, 22 Russell Street, Taunton, Mass.

Thousands of girls suffer in silence every month rather than consult a physician. If girls who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion would take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a safe and pure remedy made from roots and herbs, much suffering might be avoided.

Write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. (confidential) for free advice which will prove helpful.



There is a weapon known as the crow's beak which was formerly much in use among men of rank in Persia and north India. It was a horseman's weapon and consisted of a broad curved dagger blade fixed at right angles to a shaft, pickax fashion. The shaft incloses a dagger, unscrewing at the butt end. This concealed dagger is a very common feature of Indian arms and especially of the battleaxes of Persia.

CASTORIA

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Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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HONOR FOR ARMY MULE.

Sole Survivor of an Italian Battery Buried Like a Soldier.

Nux, a huge white mule from one of the Italian batteries of Messina, has just been interred with full military honors up behind the Italian front in the Trentino.

Nux is not only believed to be the first army mule in the present war to be accorded final honors, but also the first mule to be buried at all, except as artillery mules occasionally get buried under a hail of fire or of flying debris from the enemy's artillery shots.

Nux was 21 years of age, a veteran of two campaigns and a participant in many minor actions. He went through the entire war in Tripoli, was called upon occasionally to dash up with his gun to settle riots in southern Italy, and then went through the first six months of Italy's present war for the restoration of Trieste and Trent.

Nux's one day of real fame came three months ago. His battery, a famous one known as the Masotto, participating in the terrible artillery duel before Abba Garina, was struck by a high explosive shell. There was nothing left but Nux, two artillerymen, and the shattered fragments of the gun.

Heroically determined to save all of the latter that might be worth carrying away, the two survivors strapped the gun to Nux's back. Then a second shell struck, which killed the two men, but Nux, dashing wildly away for the rear of the Italian lines, succeeded in carrying his gun barrel to safety.

He was the only being, either man or mule, of the entire battery that came out alive, and the cannon strapped to his back was the only part of the equipment that was found.

From that day on Nux became more of a sacred relic of the famous Masotto battery than an army mule, and the position of honor in the artillery stables and two feeds a day were assigned him.

As the fortunes of war thinned out the ranks of the other mules, however, the day came when Nux again had to take his place at the head of a battery. Despite his 21 years and his double feeding every day for a month, he dashed away and got his gun to the position that had been assigned it. But there, in the artillery duel that followed, an Austrian shell struck him full in the head.

When the hurricane of steel had passed and the battery retired, the remains of Nux were brought back on a gun carriage under an artillery flag. The next day the entire battery assembled, and full military honors were accorded at the final interment of the last of the Masotto battery.

The Persian Crow's Beak.

There is a weapon known as the crow's beak which was formerly much in use among men of rank in Persia and north India. It was a horseman's weapon and consisted of a broad curved dagger blade fixed at right angles to a shaft, pickax fashion. The shaft incloses a dagger, unscrewing at the butt end. This concealed dagger is a very common feature of Indian arms and especially of the battleaxes of Persia.

Household Helps.

Often it is difficult to run the rod through freshly laundered sash curtains. This can be made easier by placing an old glove finger over the end of the curtain rod.

Often a comparatively new hot water bottle will get a little hole in it. The hole can be mended by covering it with several applications of court plaster, allowing each application to dry before another is added.

A teaspoonful of common salt placed in the bottom of a kerosene lamp will make it give a clear light and prevent it from smoking.—Woman's Magazine.

Not the Same.
 On one occasion when "The Mikado" was being rehearsed Gilbert called out from the middle of the stalls, "There is a gentleman in the left group not holding his fan correctly." The stage manager appeared and explained, "There is one gentleman," he said, "who is absent through illness." "Ah," came the reply from the author in grave, matter of fact tones, "that is not the gentleman I am referring to."

A False Note.
 "I hear you calling me," warbled the daughter from the parlor.
 "Yes," sang mother from the kitchen.
 "I want you to come here and help me with the dis-s-es." And then a profound silence reigned.

A fool's heart is in his tongue, but a wise man's tongue is in his heart.—Quarles.

Peevishness covers with its dark fog even the most distant horizon.—Richards.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Bile-ness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

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Choice list of varieties for Spring Planting. Liberal Terms. Handsome Free Outfit. Exclusive Territory. Write now for particulars.

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In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR ADVISER, which will be sent free. MARION & MARION. (MONTREAL)

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Keep the Family Savings in a Joint Account

In the names of two or more members—Husband and Wife, Brother and Sister, or Father and Son. It is an all-round convenience, as either can deposit or withdraw money, and in case of death the balance goes to the survivor without any formalities, forming an immediate source of ready money.

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Stittsville Branch—W. A. BURCHILL, Manager.
Kilburn Branch—T. McMILLAN, Manager.
Pakenham Branch—A. C. HOFFMAN, Manager.

CARLETON PLACE COUNCIL.

The regular monthly meeting of the Carleton Place Town Council was held last night, the Mayor in the chair and every member present.

The minutes of previous meeting were read and confirmed.
A number of communications were read, among them one from the C.C.G.P. Hospital at Ottawa acknowledging receipt of cheque, one from J. J. Turner & Sons re flags; from the Hydro Electric Association seeking membership.

A number of accounts were also read and referred.

Mr. Pattie, for the Special Committee to look into the insurance on the town property, reported two policies that they considered unsatisfactory and had transferred them to another company.

The report was on motion adopted.
A bylaw was introduced and read the required number of times authorizing the Mayor and Treasurer to borrow funds for current expenses.

On motion Rev. Mr. Phillips was heard before the Council. He supported a petition that was signed by a number of ratepayers asking for a drain on Queen and Murphy streets. The matter was referred to the Street Committee.

Mr. Luber asked for a return of the Transient Traders' license fee paid by him in 1915, he having paid the regular taxes.

On motion of Messrs. Bates and Donald the request of Mr. Luber was left in the hands of the Finance Committee.

Mr. McNeely, from the Fire and Light Committee, reported that the cost of maintaining the fire alarm system last year was \$100. This year it would be creased on account of the advanced prices. Committee had received a proposition from the Northern Electric Co. to install a system of dry cells, that would cost \$1,000 and last ten years. The matter was left in the hands of the committee to look into and report.

It was moved by Mr. Cameron, seconded by Mr. Donald, that this Council hereby endorse and supports a petition to the Lieutenant Governor in Council praying prohibiting or taking or hunting of frogs for sale or commercial purposes in such portions of the waters of Mississippi Lake (and Mud Lake thereof) and the Mississippi river as lie within the town of Carleton Place.

and the townships of Beckwith, Ramsay and Drummond, all in the County of Lanark, the taking for private personal use only to be allowed.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Pattie, seconded by Mr. Nichols, that the following accounts be paid and that the Mayor grant the necessary orders on the treasurer.

Bell Telephone Co. call	\$ 30
P. Moffatt, hay	19 30
R. Carmichael, relief supplies	\$2.37, soap
Elmer	3 37
C. F. Burgess, wood	35 09
Mrs. D. Munroe, wood	41 94
W. J. McNeely, oats	25 20
H. Brown & Sons, street lighting	\$315 40
hall lamps, etc	49 73
	13 10
Thos. Stevens, relief supplies	378 23
Rev. Elliott, rent of dump ground	25 00
Municipal World, blanks	1 97
Waterworks Commission water for hall	7 00
A. F. Stewart, insurance	61 25
C. McIntosh	10 50
A. T. Hudson	27 39
Fred Morris, coal	91 03
McGregor Bros, blacksmithing	5 35
Pay Sheet No. 3	35 34
Pay Sheet No. 4	35 27
J. S. Galvin, postage, stamps, etc	5 50
The Herald Printing Co, printing	4 60
Cameron Bros, relief supplies	2 72
Patterson Bros, repairs to chairs, etc	16 25

—Carried.
The question of collecting the taxes twice a year was discussed, but no action taken, being left over to the next meeting.

On motion the Council adjourned at 9:25.

Wreck at Smiths Falls.

Last Friday morning, about 12.30, one of the worst wrecks on this division of the C.P.R. happened on the main line track just on the outskirts of the yard, when a double-headed freight crashed into the rear of another which was standing waiting for orders to move ahead. The first engine of the double header was thrown off the track and fell down the slight embankment completely ruining it, while the van and three freight cars of the standing train were smashed to splinters and strewn for many yards around. Two of the cars were loaded with shorts while a flat car carried lumber. Luckily all the crews escaped uninjured. The wrecked engine was in charge of an engineer from Trenton. Traffic was delayed for several hours and at noon to-day only one track was cleared.—News.

The Dominion Railway Commission has issued its order to the Telegraph Inquiry. The companies are ordered to make many reductions in their rates.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Another Belgian woman is reported to have been executed by the Germans.

The British relief fund for Belgium and northern France is now \$2,500,000.

British and French warships sank a German submarine and captured the crew.

Coffee, tea and chicory have been expropriated by the German Government.

Fighting with grenades between Bethincourt and Châtilloncourt turned to the advantage of the French.

The military situation in Holland has grown less tense. British relations with the Netherlands remain friendly.

Only half the lake fleet of steamers will be available this season, owing to the demand for ships by the motherland.

Field Marshal Sir Charles Henry Brownlow, the oldest of the British Field Marshals, died at Bracknell, Berks.

The Provincial Treasurer will ask the Legislature to approve of the raising of \$1,000,000, to meet general expenses.

A bill submitted to the Dutch Parliament authorizes the calling up of the 1917 class if it should be deemed necessary.

Duncan McKillop, a boy of fifteen, was fatally injured at West Lorne by running into a fence as he turned a corner.

Flight Lieut. C. I. Van Nostrane, of Toronto, had a thrilling experience over the German trenches, his observer being killed.

Sir Thomas White, Finance Minister, presented supplementary estimates for \$50,000,000 for immediate military expenditure.

William Fenner, engineer at Hallatt's brick and tile plant, Tilbury was instantly killed by being crushed between a fly-wheel and a belt.

The Board of the Montreal Presbyterian College has recommended to the General Assembly the appointment to Rev. Dr. D. J. Fraser as Principal.

While the members of the family of Mr. Wm. Smith, Fairbank, Ont., were at a church meeting, a lamp exploded and the home was destroyed by fire.

Edwin Leonard, of the Canadian Artillery, who recently was awarded the D.S.O., was received by King George on Saturday, and invested with the order.

A banquet and presentation was tendered to Mr. J. K. Macdonald, who completed 50 years' active connection with the Upper Canada Bible and Tract Society.

IMPORTANT TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The subscription price of THE HERALD, in common with other local weeklies, is to be raised on July 1st, next, to \$1.50 a year in advance.

To meet our present subscribers fairly all overdue subscriptions at this date and all subscriptions falling due prior to July will be accepted at the old rate.

All overdue subscriptions will be charged up at \$1.50 per year after July 1st, the present rate when not paid in advance.

We trust our friends will co-operate with us heartily in this new departure, and that we will be enabled to give an improved service in return as the weeks roll by.

SPRING REMINDERS OF RHEUMATISM.

Raw, Damp Weather Starts the Pains, but the Trouble Lies in the Blood.

Spring weather is bad for rheumatic sufferers. The changes from mild to cold, the raw, damp winds start the aches and twinges, or in the more extreme cases, the tortures of the trouble going. But it must be borne in mind that it is not the weather that causes rheumatism. The trouble is rooted in the blood—the changeable weather merely starts the pains. The only way to reach the trouble and to cure it is through the blood. The poisonous rheumatic acids must be driven out. Liniments and rubbing may give temporary relief, but cannot possibly cure the trouble. The sufferer is only wasting time and money with this kind of treatment and all the time the trouble is becoming more deeply rooted—harder to cure. There is just one speedy cure for rheumatism—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They act directly on the impure, acid-tainted blood. They purify and strengthen it and thus root out the cause of the rheumatism. Here is strong proof of the above statements. Mr. Michael Personage, Fenlon, Man., says: "My mother suffered several years with rheumatism. We tried a number of remedies but they all failed to cure. Then we got Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and after using them for some time she was completely cured and has had no sign of the trouble since."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Six hundred thousand pounds of bacon, worth \$100,000, shipped from the Matthews-Blackwell Co., Peterboro, with London, Eng., its destination, was lost when the liner Cecilia was submerged a short time ago.

At the recent annual meeting of the Commission of Conservation a resolution was passed requesting the various provincial governments to take steps to secure complete reports of all losses from fires occurring within their boundaries, and the extent, if any, to which the property was insured.

RAW FURS WANTED

We are the recognized Muskrat Kings of Canada. We are absolutely reliable. If you want the highest possible price ship to us direct, and save the middlemen's profits. Pay no attention to the fakers who are sending out price lists quoting nearly twice as much as they pay.

1,000,000
Muskrat Skins

We are known all over the world as THE HONEST FUR HOUSE OF CANADA. We buy all kinds of Raw Furs in season. Write and tell us what you have for sale.

THE
GEORGE MONTEITH
FUR CO.
21 Jarvis Street,
Toronto, Ont.

Show this advertisement to interested friends.

CANADIAN NORTHERN

WESTERN CANADA
NEEDS
10,000 MEN
For Spring
Seeding

Steady Employment Good Wages.

Low Settler's and Homesecker's Fares Now in Effect.

For through tickets to all points in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, and information, apply to

F. A. J. DAVIS,
Agent.

STAR CAFE

OPPOSITE TOWN HALL

FIRST CLASS MEALS

PROMPT SERVICE AT ALL HOURS

Try Our Homemade Bread

JOS. DAVIS, Prop.

TABER'S

MODERATELY PRICED SUITS For EASTER

All reflecting good Styles

and Moderately Priced

\$10.50,

\$15.00,

\$17.50,

Made of excellent qualities

all-wool Serges and Poplins.

Sizes 14, 16, 18 years, 34

to 42.



TOP COATS

For Easter Wear

\$7.50 to \$12.50

The Jaunty Knockabout

Donegal Tweed.

The Popular Sport Coat in White Chinchillas, Checks, and Stripe Serges.

The Dressy Serge Coat in Navy and Black, all sizes, 14 years to 44 bust.

TABER'S

THE SPRING DRIVE

We'll put your stock in a thriving condition. Make the ailing ones healthy and expel the worms.

I urge every farmer to see to it right now that his work horses are put in condition for the hard work of Spring, so that when the sun shines your horses will be rid of their old coats and ready for business.

Be sure also that your Milch Cows are conditioned for the long heavy milking season.

Remember your stock have been cooped up for the last few months and have been on dry feed, as hay and oats do not contain the laxatives supplied by grass, your Stock are pretty apt to be out of fix.

Try DR. HESS' STOCK TONIC

Also POULTRY PANACEA and INSTANT LOUSE KILLER.

At all Prices, for Sale by

W. J. MUIRHEAD,
HARDWARE.

Production and Thrift

"CANADA from her abundance can help supply the Empire's needs, and this must be a comforting thought for those upon whom the heavy burden of directing the Empire's affairs has been laid. Gain or no gain the course before the farmers of Canada is as clear as it was last year—they must produce abundantly in order to meet the demands that may be made, and I believe this to be especially true in regard to live stock, the world's supply of which must be particularly affected in this vast struggle. Stress and strain may yet be in store for us all before this tragic conflict is over, but not one of us doubts the issue, and Canadians will do their duty in the highest sense of that great word."—HON. MARTIN BURRELL, Minister of Agriculture.

"MODERN war is made by resources, by money, by foodstuffs, as well as by men and by munitions. While war is our first business, it is the imperative duty of every man in Canada to produce all that he can, to work doubly hard while our soldiers are in the trenches, in order that the resources of the country may not only be conserved, but increased, for the great struggle that lies before us. 'Work and Save' is a good motto for War-time."—SIR THOMAS WHITE, Minister of Finance.

THE CALL OF EMPIRE COMES AGAIN IN 1916

TO CANADIAN FARMERS, DAIRYMEN, FRUIT GROWERS, GARDENERS

WHAT IS NEEDED? THESE IN PARTICULAR—

WHEAT, OATS, HAY,
BEEF, PORK, BACON,
CHEESE, EGGS, BUTTER, POULTRY,

CANNED FRUITS, FRUIT JAMS,
SUGAR, HONEY, WOOL, FLAX FIBRE,
BEANS, PEAS, DRIED VEGETABLES

We must feed ourselves, feed our soldiers, and help feed the Allies. The need is greater in 1916 than it was in 1915. The difficulties are greater, the task is heavier, the need is more urgent, the call to patriotism is louder—therefore be thrifty and produce to the limit.

"THE AGRICULTURAL WAR BOOK FOR 1916" is now in the press. To be had from The Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE