SIGNATURE

APPER

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on the plea or promise that it "and "will answer every pur-hat you get C-A-S-T-O-B-I-A.

nson; assessors of rates.

lam, Alfred G. Parkin.

clerk,

otor of rates, R. H. Chap-

ers of the poor, Alfred E.

s of highways, Lane Col-

Chapman, Millige Cross-

rs of rates, John W. Gas-

Gunning, Henry J.

rvice in the Methodist

V, Jan. 28.—Last evening

. W. Lodge held a mem-in the Methodist church,

n loving remembrance of

st gracious and ever to be

of the organ was draped

streamers at either end.

nd St. John's gospel, chap.

the verse beginning "Let heart be troubled." The

"Abide with Me," "Asleep

and "Jesus, While Our

Bleeding," in addition to

choir sang the motett "I

pice from Heaven," and B.

an aria, 'One Sweetly

the text Matthew 25:23.

good and faithful serv

ourse of his sermon Rev.

paid a fervent tribute to

of the Queen-mother, em-

eminence was her life in

d now on this January

when the snow covers hill

and the frozen streams

a seem little more than a

we meet to mourn our

eign as she lies in her

lament of death. But the

dead; the returning spring

fe of the nation throb and

with a glad time of re-

der our good King Edward h, who, walking in the foot-

held by the same principles

ing toward the same goal, and bye also hear the glad

Well done, good and fith-

Lord. Yea, saith the spirit,

do follow them."

COTTON DEAL.

enter into the glory of

"Blessed are the dead who

and blossoms. So, too,

the facts that the secret

ure lessons read

ereign, Queen Victoria

Wallace, Henry Smith;

-Parish

HAMPTON.

Chas.

F EVERY

THE OUEEN'S FUNERAL.

The Earl Marshal, Duke of Norfolk, nounces the Programme.

The Order of Procession - Canada Sent a Beautiful Wreath, Four Feet in Diameter-

LONDON, Jan. 30,-The procession in London, as indicated by the war office orders issued this evening, will be a gorgeous military pageant, Detachments of forty regiments, with an almost equal number of distinctive uniforms, embracing all arms of the service, will make a constantly changing picture. The uniforms o Il the great armies of the world will for, in addition to the briland princely envoys, there will be the military attaches of the embassies

All the field marshals of the British army able to endure the fatigue will ride with their staffs. The naval corps will also take part in the proession, which will be two miles long. WINDSOR, Jan. 30.-The service at Windsor Saturday will be conducted by the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Bishop of Winchester and the Dean, of Windsor. The Archbishop of York and the Bishop of Oxford will be

The interment, Monday, will be conducted by the Bishop of Winchester and the Dean of Windsor.

The services in St. George's chapel will begin at 2 o'clock. The body is expected to arrrive at Windsor at 1.80 p./m. The route to the chapel will be lined by troops, two deep. The service will be the ordinary service used for the burial of the dead with spe cial music. The choir will sing from the altar steps, whence also the garter king-at-arms will announce the de cease of the sovereign and all the rights and titles.

Accommodation has been reserve on the left of the coffin for the princesses. The King and other crowned heads will stand at its head. Enormous crowds are expected

People are willingly paying £20 for from which to view the

CORK, Jan. 30.-The proclamation of King Edward VII. as King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and Emperor of India, here, today, had a mixed reception. There was much cheering, but the crowd in cheered for Mr. Kruger and Gen. De Wet. The people generally, however, lain. It is hoped the King will revive were good humored.

COWES, Jan. 30 .- King Edward arrived here soon after 4 o'clock, ac- vive the holding of drawing-rooms at companied by Count Von Eulenberg, Holyrood Palace. Whether he will Emperor William's grand court mar- adopt the prerogative of kissing the shal. As the royal yacht Osborne ap- cheeks of the ladies presented, as done proached, the flags were half-masted on the Hohenzollern, the other yachts is one of the topics of society gossip. dressed ship and the bluejackets man-

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Rumors were current late last night in London, says remainder will line the route. a Herald despatch, that the Duke of detachments of troops in the proces-Cornwall's measles are accompanied by pneumonic symptoms. The duchess has arranged to return to her husband's bedside as soon as she can hur-

ry back from the funeral. LONDON, Jan. 31.—A special train this morning brought to the Charing Cross station a number of members of royal families upon the continent, here for the purpose of attending the funeral of Queen Victoria. Among those who arrived were the Crown Prince of Sweden, Prince John George of Saxony, the Prince of Saxe-Altenburg, Prince Waldeck-Pyrmony, and and iron work repainted and the the Prince and Princess of Schaunburk stores in the vicinity displayed the Lippe, and their respective suites.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—According to ple background. All the possible dea London despatch to the World, the London Daily Express announces on what it claims to be the "highest authority" that it has been decided that the Duke of Cornwall and York is not to be created Prince of Wales, and in fact that the latter title is to be allowed to remain in abeyance for some

They were conducted in Royal carriages to Buckingham palace and the various hotels. His Majesty King Edward VII. was represented at the station by one of his grooms in waiting. NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The gun car-

riage to be used on Saturday to convey the queen's body in the funeral procession will have rubber tires on the wheels, says the Tribune's London correspondent. This unusual detail was arranged in accordance with the definitely expressed wishes of the queen. It is considered by those high in authority as due to the queen's painful reminiscences of the funeral of the Duke of Wellington, when the wheels of the gun carriage went bumping along the pavement and caused her to shudder. Spectators with sensitive nerves will be spared on Saturday a similar experience.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 31.-The ac cession of the daughter of the King of Denmark to the position of Queen of England will affect the future of Prince Charles of Denmark, who, like his wife, prefers to reside in England. Prince Charles has long desired to enter the British navy. His grandfather the King of Denmark, has consented but his father, the crown prince, has objected. It is ow understood, however, that the latter has approved this

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The United States embassy will send to Windsor Castle three magnificent floral pieces -wreaths from President McKinley and Mrs. Garfield, and a cross from U. S. Ambassador Choate. The president's wreath is eight feet in diameter and of solid white camellias, arums, lilies of the valley, tulips and roses, with a cluster of mauve or-chids in the centre. Mr. Choate's cross is of the same flowers. Mrs. Garfield's wreath is composed of arums, Neapolitan violets and green-

Members of King Edward's suite tell their friends that His Majesty appears overwhelmed by the sense of the responsibilities of kingship. Where formerly he was genial, but exacting and irritable regarding official matters, he has become profoundly grave and exceedingly considerate to those about him in small as well as in important matters. He has worked nany hours daily since the Queen's death, disposing of two or three weeks arrears of public business which she had not been able to at-

Society expects that King Edward VII will make St. James the most brilliant court of Europe, holding frawing rooms instead of the dreary afternoon receptions of the past century, and provide refreshments instead of leaving the guests to eat sandwiches in their carriages under the gaze of the crowd. Those who have been presented to Queen Victoria will be entitled to attend King Edward's drawing-rooms after submitting their names to the lord chamberthe custom of the monarchy visiting

by the viceroys of India and Ireland For the funeral 33,000 soldiers will be under arms. Three thousand men sion will represent every branch of the army, the navy, the colonials, the yeomanry and the volunteers. The military display, however, will not be spectacular. All the men will wear overcoats, except the Irish foot guards on duty at Buckingham palace. Twenthousand soldiers are pouring into London from the country. buildings will be utilized as barracks. An army of workmen today were preparing Victoria station for the arrival of the funeral cortege. The placards had been torn down, the wood

tails of the ceremonies were rehears-COWES, Isle of Wight, Jan. 31.-Prince Henry of Prussia and his staff landed here at noon today. After an inspection of the guard of honor the prince proceeded to Osborne house. The squadron of German warships commanded by Prince Henry of Prussia, comprising the flagship Baden and the cruisers Victoria, Louise, Hagan and Nymphe, reached Spithead this

royal monogram on a black and pur-

VIENNA, Jan. 31.—The newly-elect ed reichsrath met this morning. Dr

Rounding Hammers,

Weigle, president of the lower house referred to the death of Queen Victoria in eulogistic terms, and asked the deputies to mark their sympathy for Great Britain by rising to authorize the president to convey an expres sion of their sincere condolence to the

some quarters. BERLIN, Jan. 31.—The British ampassador here, Sir Frank C. Lascelles has suddenly gone to England in obe-dience to a telegraphic order. It is believed here that the ambassador's departure has political significance.

house of commons. The proposal

evoked an expression of dissent in

LONDON, Jan. 31.-The Earl Marshal (Duke of Norfolk) gave out the following programme this evening, subject to a change of weather, which may necessitate some of the visiting royalties using carriages instead of

On Saturday, Feb. 2, a guard of honor will be mounted at the London stations, Victoria and Paddington, and at Buckingham Palameters. at Buckingham Palace. At nine o'clock precisely the royal coffin will be removed from Portsmouth to London, arriving at Victoria at 11 o'clock. On its arrival in London the royal coffin will be removed from the carriage by an officer and twelve men of the Grenadier Guards, placed on a gun carriage, and the crown and cushio will be laid thereon. The proce will then move in the following order

An Officer of the Headquarters Staff.
Bands of the Household Cavalry.
Volunteers.
The First South Middlesex Rifles.
The First Middlesex Engineers.
The Tynemouth Artillery.
The Warwickshire Yeomanry.
The Colonial Corps.
detachment formed under the orders of the Colonial Office and officer commanding the provisional battalion at
Shornesliffs.

The Third Battallen of Gordon Highlanders.
The Third Battallen of Royal Welsh
The Fourth Battallen of Norfolks.
The Fourth Battallen of Norfolks.
The Honesable Artillery.
Infantry.
A detrehment of the Army Veterinary Department.

Infantry.

A detachment of the Army Veterinary Department.
The Army Pay Corps.
The Army Ebaphins' Department.
Royal Army Medical Corps.
Army Service Corps.
Representatives of the Indian Army, selected by India Office.
Infantry of the line.
The Fourth Battalien of the Riffe Brigads.
The Second Battalien of the Riffe Brigads.
The Second Battalien of the King's Royal Riffe Corps.
The Fourth Battalien of the King's Royal Riffe Corps.
The Fourth Battalien of the King's Royal Riffe Corps.
The First Battalion of the Royal Laneasians.
The Golfstocam Guards.
The Section Guards.
The Section Guards.
The Golfstocam Guards.
The Golfstocam Guards.
The Royal Regiment of Artillery.
Caustry of the Line.
The Truesty first Lancers.
The Propal Mary, etc.
The Royal Marine Artillery
The Royal Marine Artillery
The Royal Marine Artillery
The Royal Marine Artillery
The Royal Marine Light Infantry.
The Guards Band.
Royal Engineers and Royal Artillery Bands.
The Guards Band.
Royal Engineers and Royal Artillery Bands.
The Guards Band.
Gold Stieks.
Two White Staves.

Gun carriage, surmounded by bearer-party of non-commissioned officers of the Guards, try

Gun carriage, surnounded by bearer-party of non-commissioned officers of the Guards, while outside of these, on either side, two lines, as follows:

On the left of the carriage—The Lord Chamberlain, aides-de-camp, the Queen's physician, Sir James Reid, equerries and lord in waiting.

On the right of the carriage—The lord steward, sides-de-camp, equerries and lord in waiting.

in waiting.

Immediately behind the gun carriage company—The King, riding.

On his left the Duke of Connaught; on his right Emperor William, both riding.

Following these come the royal family, royal representatives and master of the royal representatives and horse, all riding.
Four four-horse earniages, conveying the Four four-horse earniages, conveying the Four four-horses.

Oneen and Princesses. Queen and Princesses.

The Kings of Belgium, Portugal and the Hellenes, probably riding, closing the escort.

MONTREAL, Jan. 31.—The Star's London cable says: Lord Strathcona is the official representative of Canada at the Queen's funeral. Canada sends a magnificent wreath, four feet in diameter, and consisting of a centre panel of white lilac encircled with camellas, lilies of the valley and violets. Around this outer circle are eight semi-circular wreaths of white azaleas, representing the eight Canadian previnces.

The inscription reads: "A tribute of affectionate regard and esteem from her Canadian people."

British Columbia sends a cushion

star of violets, with the letters "V. R. I.," and a crown picked out in lilies of the valley. At the foot is a white silk ribbon, with a spray of pink orchids. The inscription reads: "A tribute of affection from the government and people of British Columbia."
The Daily Mail gives a pathetic touch in its report of yesterday's pro-ceedings of the Scottish corporation assembled to pass votes of condolence. It says: "Lord Strathcona was so visibly affected that though he stood up for several minutes only a word or two here and there could be caught, and his speech was nothing more than a

ROME, Jan. 31.-Pope Leo XIII. has designated Monsignor Gronito De Belmonte, papal nuncio in Brussels, to proceed to London and to present to King Edward the condolences of his holiness upon the death of Queen Victoria and felleitations upon his coming to the throne.

RAILWAY SMASH-UP.

GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y., Jan. 31.—Train No. 54, Adirondack and Montreal Express, stopped at Fort Plain about four o'clock this morning on account of steam valves being frozen. A flagman was sent back, but a dairy train ran past an adverse block signal and the flagman and crashed into the rear of the Pullman sleeper, completely demolishing it. Twelve passengers were in the car and were only saved from instant death by the fact that they were in upper berths and were pushed upward instead of downward. L. E. Ogden of Alformation, roadmaster for Armour & Co., was badly injured, and Fireman Edward Chesebro of Alformation, of the dairy train, was also severely injured. A woman passenger also had her shoulder broken. The engineer is charged with being asleep and admits the accident was his fault.

SOUTH AFRICA.

French With Cavalry and Mounted Infantry Sweeping the Country.

Knex Defeated DeWei's Force on Tuesday - Commandant Marais Wounded and Captured.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Gen. Kitchener. telegraphing from Pretoria under date of today, says: "De Wet's force crossed the Bloem

fontein-Ladybrand line near Israels port during the night of Jan. 30. Hamliton's men at the water works were French, with cavalry and mounted infantry, is sweeping the country east of the Pretoria-Johannesburg railway, between the Delagoa Bay and Natal railway, as far as Ermele. He engaged about 2,000 of the enemy at Wilge Val ley. The enemy retired with four killed

were one killed and seven wounded. "Knox reports that he engaged De Wet's force south of Welcome Jan. 29. There was continuous fighting for some hours. Five Boers were buried. They removed many of their casualties in carts. Our casualties were one officer and one man killed and thirteen wounded."

and nine wounded. Our casualtie

JOHANNESBURG, Wednesday, Jan. 30.-Four or five hundred Boers recently invaded the British patrols, reachthe mines. Some fighting resulted and ed Benonia and attempted to destroy Boers were beaten off, carrying away most of their wounded and leav ing two wounded behind. The British captured three prisoners. One Briton was wounded.

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 30.-Commandant Marais was wounded during the attack, and was subsequently cap-

LONDON, Feb. 1.-"It is understood here," says the Durban correspondent of the Standard, "that operations in the field will soon be revived on a large scale, and the policy of hunting out and capturing the Boers with mounted troops will be pursued." "Gen. De Wet's force consists of 1,500

men and two guns," says the Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail. "It is unofficially confirmed that he has entered Cape Colony, but definite news is impatiently awaited."

The Daily News this morning editorlally urges that an endeavor should be made to utilize the presence in England of numerous sovereigns and representatives of European states, on the occasion when the whole world is mourning the death of a peace-loving Queen, to secure the cessation of the ppy war in South Africa."

IFTTERS FROM THE PEOPL ----

sarily for publication, with your communi-cations. The Sun coes not undertake to re-turn rejected manuscripts. All unsigned communications are promptly consigned to

THE GOVERNMENT AND THE MEMORIAL SERVICE. To the Editor of the Sun:

Sir-A feeling of disgust and shame must have passed through the mind of every loyal Englishman and woman of the Domirion of Canada, when they read the Ottawa despatches of this morning, wherein Premier Laurier an-nounces, through Lord Minto, to the onglish delegates, "that the state nemorial service was at an end." And this feeling is necessarily deepened when a whole day has elapsed with apparently no protestations from the English speaking people throughout the colony. At all events the despatches of this afternoon do not re-

cord any. We might credit the premier with honesty of intention in thus preventing the service, and forcing the government to adopt a disloyal and unpatriotic position, and even accept his excuse, were it not for the fact that a precedent, every detail of which was well known to him, had already been established, in the case of our late respected Catholic premier, Sir John Nowhere throughout the Dominion

of Canada, from either Catholic or Protestant, was heard one murmur of disapprobation when a state memorial service was then held, in the church he had attended and of which he had been a member. Every Cana-dian felt that a great and good states man had been removed by the hand of death, and that all due honor and respect should be done his memory And yet Sir John was no sovereign not even the sovereign's representative, but only a representative's first advisor in a colony which forms a part of the British Empire. But when Her Majesty, not only the Queen and Empress of the vastest empire the world has known, but a woma. against whom was never truthfully breathes a breath of reproach, whose every thought word and deed for two-thirds of a century has been for the good and welfare of her subjects, and the social and moral betterment of the world, dies, that tribute of respect is denied her. A government of a colony refuses as a government to hold a service to the memory of its late constitutional head. I doubt if history could furnish a second instance. It is said that other denominations will take offence if such a service is held in the Anglican churchthe church to which she had belonged. What denominations? The other Protestants are perfectly in unison with the idea.

All must admit that the excuse of the premier must appeal but feebly even to his most ardent English supporters, and the fact becomes plain that he has again been forced to alter Subscribe for the Semi-Weekly Sun. his plans by the province who holds

the life of the government in its

As matters now stand the supporters of the present government from Quebec are unwilling that the government shall countenance any function which shall detract from theirs or add to the prestige of the Protestant and English people of Canada. Premier Laurier did not wish to

establish a precedent. But that is exactly what he has done, and this is what it is: "No state services shall be held in memory of departed premiers or sovereigns, unless such premier or sovereign during life shall have been a member of the Roman Catholic church. No exception will be made even in the case of so wise and good a Queen as Victoria."

How will the English electors Canada regard this latest freak of liberal policy and reconcile it with their instincts and traditions of loyalty and devotion to England's throne and sovereign? That remains to be

ENGLISH CANADIAN.

EXPLOSION AND FIRE.

Big New York Factory Wrecked - Some Exciting Scenes-

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The seven story factory of the William Wicke Company, manufacturers of cigar boxes, labels and ribbons, at 401 to 419 East Thirty-first street, was shaken this afternoon by an explosion in the "shaving tower," which wreaked the tower and demolished the roof of the engine house. The explosion is believed to have been caused by gas accumulating.

The force of the explosion was tremendous and completely wrecked the tower. The brick work fell on the engine house, crushing it, and the explosion cracked the big smokestack, 100 feet high, over the engine room. Nearly eight hundred persons were

at work in the Wicke factory at the of the explosion. Three hundred and fifty of them were women. In both buildings a panic ensued, but only two persons were seriously injured. A score or more were slightly hurt by being cut with broken glass or struck with flying splinters. The loss caused by the explosion amounted to several

thousand dollars. Fire, resulting in damage to the extent of \$1,500,000, started anew in the william Wicke Co.'s building tonight.
Within half an hour the entire building, extending half the length of the block in Thirty-first street to the Bast River, was in a mass of flames, and the firemen, ceasing their attempts to save the building, turned all their attention to the adjacent structures. A number of persons were inju

during the first rush and spread of the Roundsman Quinn, Sergeant Hauptman, who was promoted for bravery at the Windsor hotel fire, were in com mand of a squad of ten men at the scene when the fire started. They at [To Correspondents Write on one side of once saw that the Wicke building was the paper only. Send your name, not necesthe tenement house at 464 East Thirty first street, directly opposite the burning factory. This is a five story tene

ment occupied by 22 families. A poiceman carried out Mrs. Sarah Mc-Donald, who lived on the second floor and who had given birth to a babe only few days ago. Engine company 21, which had at tached lines of hose to the hydrant at the corner and almost underneath the walls of the burning factory,

was in a dangerous position. The firemen, forced back by the heat, were compelled to abandon the three big white horses. Some firemen ran in and cut the traces. One of the horses was so badly burned that he had to be shot. The Wicke building was at that

time burned to the ground. Just before the company's main building was burned a ladder against the south wall, on which was fireman Peter Coyle, was seen to be on fire. Shouts of warning notified Coyle of his danger, and he began to de-scend. Before he was half way down the walls fell and took the ladder with Coyle was thrown to the street, and both his ankles were broken. The water tower, hook and ladder No. 7, was stationed about the middle of the block in 31st street, but the heat was so intense that after the forses had been taken out the men were compelled to abandon the tower. In a few minutes it was twisted by

A PERILOUS VOYAGE.

the heat and was a mass of ruins.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.-Captain William A. Andrews is at Atlantic City, N. J., making preparations for a voyage across the Atlantic in a twelve foot boat accompanied by Miss Al-bena Carpenter of Charlestown, Mass., who has accepted the chal-lenge of Howard Blackburn of Gloucester, Mass., for a race over the ocean in small boats. Miss Carpenter has secured the services of Captain Andrews to navigate her boat, on account of his experience in such trips. He has now five voyages to his credit. The start of Miss Carpenter's boat will be made from Atlantic City, the destination being Palos on the coast of Spain. Blackburn, who will sail in a 25 foot boat, will start from Glouwill be for \$100 a side. Captain Andrews will sail a boat of the folding type weighing less than fifty pounds.

TROUBLE AT KINGSTON.

CHINA DIFFICULTY.

Joint Meeting of the Envoys and Chinese Plenipotentiaries to be Held Next Week

Nothing Definitely Arranged Regarding the Punishments—Leniency Would be a Great Mistake.

PEKIN, Jan. 30.-A general meeting of the foreign envoys was held this morning, at which it was decided to hold a joint meeting of the envoys and the Chinese plenipotentiaries next

Nothing has been definitely arranged regarding the punishments, and opinions are much divided, some favoring drastic measures like beheading the majority of those considered especially responsible, particularly Prince Tuan, who, next to the Empress Downey is considered the Empress Dowager, is considered the principal culprit; but others, acting under instructions from their gov-ernments, advocate nominal punish-ments like banishment.

It is generally recognized that all the foreign envoys with the possible exception of M. De Gier, the Russian minister, personally believe that leniency would be a great mistake, considering the interpretation the Chinese would put upon it.

Li Hung Chang is anxious that the joint meeting should be held at his house owing to his state of health. BERLIN, Jan. 31.-A despatch from Field Marshal Count Von Walders

"Hoffman's and Auer's columns have returned without fighting, as the robber bands have excellent sources of information and were warned of the approach of the Ger-

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 31.—The one hundredth anniversary of the voluntary union of Georgia with Russia elicits newspaper comment. today, The Russians have organized a Chinese police force at Inkau, Man-churia. The uniforms adopted are

somewhat similar to those of the PEKIN, Jan. 31.—The Germans have sent an expedition consisting of one battery of artillery and one regiment of infantry to some point westward. They refuse all information and de-cline to allow correspondents to ac-

company the column.

It is reported that a massacre of many native Christians seventy miles west recently occurred, and the place of the massacre is the prob-

WESTMORLAND BYE ELECTION.

Arthur B. Copp. Government Supporter E'ested by Acelamation.

DORCHESTER, Jan. 31.—Very few electors of the county of Westmor-land attended the nomination pro-

The sheriff's court was opened to tions from ten until receive nominations from ten until twelve o'clock, but Arthur B. Copp's was the only one put in, and he was therefore elected by show of hands,

This leaves the representation of the county as it formerly was, two mem bers in support of and two against the local administration. It is currently reported that the office of re-gistrar of deeds will be forthwith handed over to A. D. Richard.

MONCTON, Jan. 31.-A. B. Copp. government, was elected by acclamation today to the seat vacated by the death of Mr. Wells. Owing to the short notice between the issue of the writ and the date of the election, and the fact that a considerable part of the county is under quaranthe for smallpox, the conservatives did not feel disposed to make a fight for a seat for the one or two sessions re-maining of the present legislature.

QUEEN WILHELMINA'S DUKE.

THE HAQUE, Jan. 21.—Duke Henry of Mecklinberg-Schwerin, whom Queen Wilhelmina will marry, made his formal entry into the capital at 8 o'clock this evening, wearing the uniform of a Dutch general and Dutch decorations. He was received at the railway station by a guard of honor and with great ceremony. The premier welcomed him on behalf of the ashinet as "the betrothed of our heleved Queen and a Dutch subject."

The Duke drove in one of the state carriages to the palace, where Queen Wilhelmina awaited him in the restibule. In thanking the various officials who welcomed him he spoke the Dutch language.

Emormous Growds displayed the wildest enthuslasm, and the troops were scarcely able to control the people who massed around the palace, where a vanguard of honor was drawn up. The palace was beautifully decorated with flowers.

FREDERICTON, Jan. 31.—Everywhere about the city are signs of deepest mourning. All of the banks and government buildings are heavily draped, and almost every house in the city has special decorations. So great is the crowd expected to attend the memorial service in St. Paul's church one Saturday morning that doubts are held as to the ability of the edition of the accommodate the people. fice to accommodate the people.

The funeral of the late Col. Beverly

Robinson took place this afternoon, and despite the severe storm was largely attended. Interment was made in the Church of England cemetery at Nashwaaksis. The local government is in session

STEVE BRODIE DEAD. BAN ANTONIO, Tex., Jan. 31.—Steve Brodie, the bridge jumper and sport-ing man of New York, died here to-night of consumption.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

AD INSERAD OF RUB.

Blacksmiths' from their labors, and -Supplies. VER, Mass, Jan. 23.—The stock this city was reduced today by sales as a result of the "squeeze" York cotton market, and many

Driving Hammers, Pincers,

Rasps,

Hoof Parers,

Bar Iron,

Horse Shoe Nails.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

Horse Shoes,

Annual Meeting of the St. John Union Held This Week

W. C. T. U.

Reports From the Different Officers Show That a Large Amount of Good Work Has Been Done.

The annual meeting of the St. John W. C. P. U. was held Tuesday, the 29th. Mrs. S. D. Soott, the president, in the chair. The following reports were presented:

PRESIDENT'S REPORT. The report begins with the state ment that the society has not maintained its members, which fact is in part attributed to the number of other instrumentalities engaged in the same work. During the year 39 meetings were held. The St. John union entertained the county convention twice during the year. On the last eccasion the meeting took the form a reception to Mrs. Turnbull and Mrs. Dearborn, then about to depart for the south. More distress has been meported to the president than ever before, and never once has the union ween obliged to refuse assistance in a of genuine need. This is due to generosity of Mrs. Turnbull and Miss Turnbull, Rupert Turnbull and S.

The society was glad to be able assist the Red Cress sectety, and to contribute to the India famine fund. Clothing, food and money were sent to the destitute Indians at Gromets Eleven loads of wood have been al-ready sent this winder to the poor of this city; and in some cases the union has assisted in paying rent. At Christ. mas fifteen baskets were sent out, each containing either a turkey or chicken, with accessories and fruit. The usual distribution of temperance

born, and to domations from the

eoffee rooms and the members them-selves. Substantial assistance has

been given to Mr. Whitney's work

among the boys, in which some of the

ladies are interested.

Miterature has been made. One of the privileges of the year was that of furnishing a room in the Home for Incurables. As it was de-sided that this should be a consumptive ward with two beds, the north end union kindly consented to place in the same room the best they had provided. The contribution of union to this purpose was \$92. Dur-ing the year the hespital was visited weekly by two members. Ten gespel services were held in the Sailor's mis sion, and comfort bags were given to the sailors, 126 visits made to the sick and "shut ins." Bouquets were sent to the sick and to the inmates of the jail. The prisoners were supplied with their usual treat in December.

The work of the jail has been carrie on as usual. 97 gospet meetings were held with the prisoners. Each cell has been supplied with good papers, magazines, etc., and in seme cases clothing

Fifteen tickets for bed and meals at the Sailor's mission were given to men, some of whom were strangers with no other available sheller.

During the month of November 175

bouquets and the same number of text eards were given to the immates. COFFRE R

The coffee room report shows that the restaurant has done a good busi-mess, and is well patronized. At pres-ent there are 17 steady hoarders, and in the summer the number is larger. The fact that se many continue to take their meals at the pooms all the year is itself a good advertisement. The dining room is not as large as it ought to be, but the union has not been able to secure better accommodation. The sum of \$109 has been spent dishes, linen, etc. Out of the profits of the year's operations the following

nevolent purposes:	
Red Cross Society	\$ 5.0
India Famine Fund	60.0
Hull-Ottawa fire fund	25.0
Seamen's Mission	20.0
Women's Exchange	30.2
Christmas baskets	18.5
Jail literature	8.4
Mr. Whitney, Mission meals	40.0
Soal for the poor	30.0
Room in Home for Incurables	92.4

The Coffee Room has paid into the iety relief fund \$35, and contributed in addition \$45 for the general purposes of the Union. The committee profits of the Coffee reem, and points out that the institution is worthy of patronage on this account, as well as

LITTLE GIRLS' HOME. This institution has been established nine years, and has constantly been growing in public cavor, so that this year the committee find it im-possible to mention, through the press all who contributed so generously dur-ing the year. Letters have been reseived from time to time from the

from the Home and these afford great ouragement to the committee. The Christmas tree was donated by Mrs. Robertson of the Kindergarten shool, and the gifts contributed by friends were greatly appreciated by the little ones

little ones who have been adopted

Last summer, through the kindness of Miss Hutchings, treasurer of the Home, the children all enjoyed an outing in the country of some weeks.

Reference was made to the ability of the matron, Mrs. Anderson, and of her fondness for the children. At the beginning of 1900 there were eight children in the Home. During the summer two others were admitted. Four have found good homes, three out of the four being adopted. Financially, this has been the

year since the Home was organized.
The receipts of the year have been \$635.39, expenditure \$500.21, leaving a belance of \$126.02. The committee expressed regret at the illness of Mrs. Davidson, who has been superintendent of the Home for some years, and of the Home for some years, and has been untiring in her efforts.

TREASURER'S REPORT. Mrs. Porter, the treasurer, reported

hand, \$15.99; membership fees, \$42; donations from Coffee room committee, \$45; provincial union, \$2.93; collections, \$4.60; for liquor cure, \$9; total \$119.52. Total expenses \$113.38. Balance \$6.14. A supplementary report of the relief fund was also furnished. Receipts-Balance, \$41.94; donations from Coffee room, \$30.; from Mrs. Dearborn, \$10; from Mrs. Turnbull, \$10; from Miss Turnbull, \$5-to tal \$96.94. Total expenditure \$91.18. Balance \$5.76. During the month there have been contributions to this fund: \$10 from Rupert Turnbull and donations from the Coffee

TEMPERANCE WORK IN SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

Mrs. Bullock, local superintendent of the Temperance work in Sundayschools, reported that until November last the union had not been doing active work in this department. At the beginning of the year the Sunday School Association took up this work and the union did not wish to interfere by introducing new methods. The association recommended all the leaflet literature published by the W. C. T. U. We seek to emphasize the exercises of the day set apart in the International Sunday School lesson series as a temperance Sunday by preparing programmes of a suitable na-ture. A very excellent help for the teachers, prepared by the Ontario W. C. T. U. is usal. All Sunday schools World's were communicated with. Temperance Sunday, in November, was generally observed. The superintendent reported having heard from a number of schools, which speak highly of the work and some have expressed their intention of organizing a Temperance Army on the next Temserance Sunday, Feb. 10th, on which day we are looking for a grand effort, it being the first Temperance Sunday in the new year and century.

The society agreed to assist in the work being carried on by Glad Tidings Mission on Brussels street. The following officers were appointed for the ensuing year: President, Mrs S. D. Scott; 1st vice-president, Mrs. T. H. Bulleck; 2nd vice-president, Mrs. T. G. Allan; corresponding secretary, Mrs. A. J. Heath; recording secretary Mrs. E. Clarke; treasurer, Mrs. J. Porter; auditor, Mrs. T. H. Bullock.

The superintendents of the different departments were appointed as follows: Sunday school work, Mrs. Thomas Bullock; evangelical, jail and sailors, Mrs. Joseph Seymour; fairs, Mrs. H. L. Everett; press, Mrs. David-Werld's W. C. T. U. missions Mrs. C. C. Allan; literature, Miss Betts; ceffee room, Mrs. S. D. Scott; Little Girls' Home, Mrs. Davidson; juvenile work, Mrs. McLaughlin,

OTHEN VICTORIA.

(Isle of Wight, 6.36 p. m., January 22nd, 1991.) Was ever silver cord.
So tenderly unloosed by angel touch?
Or broken bowl.
Whose fragments lie in dust?
Yet the fountain of her love will flow
Though the pitcher may be broken,
Or the wheel refuse to go.

The doors are shut and the sound is low. The heart of the nation is bowed in woe; Strong men tremble,
And the sun is low.
Yet the sunlight of her love will shine
From the darkened room
In that lonely isle.

—Letitia McCord. Temple Grove, Montreal, January 23, 1991 LOVE AND SMALL-POX.

Even a small-pox scare is not withdut its humorous features. A good story is told of a Sackville swain and the object of his affections:-It appears that the young man's home was in one of the infected districts, and he desired to go down and possibly to spend Sunday. He was warned that there was danger of detention, but what young man under such circum es could display the white feather? He boldly declared he would go and return, and naught should stand

in his way. They went. Doubtless they had good time, but on the return trip a barricade and a quarantine comed up before them. The heart that loves is ever resourceful, and remembering his boast, the young man turned his horse's head in the direction of Baie Vert; drove boldly across the ice into the neighboring province of Nova Scotia, and by a circuitous route arrived in Sackville. But quarentine officers have no regard for the course of true love or the tender feelings of young lovers. Scarcely had the pair arrived home when an officer present and they were compelled to return, not circuitously, but post haste to the place they had so lately left. There they were permitted to enjoy the delights of each other's company, and reflect upon the vicissitudes of life, until the general quarantine was raised a few days ago.

THE LATE COL. ROBINSON.

(Fredericton Gleaner.)

Colonel Robinson was a son of the late Frederick Phillips Robinson, auditor general of the province, and grandson of Lieut. Colonel Beverley Robinson of the Koyal American regiment, who with other Loyalists emigrated from the newly formed republic in 1783 and settled on the Nashwaaksis. Large and valuable estates on the Hudson river and in New York city were necessarily abandoned, being confiscated by the successful rebel authorities. The old homestead on the Hudson was Washington's headquarters during part of the war. The new home on the Nashwaaksis was built by the Loyalist colonel in 1786, and is now one of the most historic landmarks in this vicinity. (Fredericton Gleaner.)

The homestead is now occupied by Fred-erick Phillips Robinson, son of the late colonel, and the estate has been occupied continuously by the family for four gener-ations and has ever been kept free from encumbrance.

The late worthy colonel passed most of his life quietly as a resident of the Nashwaaksis, but his career has been by no means uneventful. In 1838 he was intrusted by Government of the Nashwaaksis, but his career has been by no means uneventful. but his career has been by no means uneventful. In 1838 he was intrusted by Governor Harvey with an important mission to Washington. In January of that year accarried to their destination a number of secret despatches, having to travel at that inclement season almost the entire distance by sleighroad and mail conveyances. There were at that time only twenty-two miles of railroad between here and Washington.

At the time of the Trent affair the governor of New Brunswick sent Col. Robinson, who was his aide-de-camp, to Houlton, in the state of Maine, to report on the American preparations for invading New Brunswick. On such a mission he took his life in his hands. But after some weeks of investigation, during which he ascertained the localities where troops were massing, the number under arms, their intended route into the province, and other valuable information, he returned asfely to Fredericton. At various times Col. Robinson was aide-de-camp to Governors Manners-Sutton and Gordon.

Col. Robinson ever took an active interest in the militia and was a zealous and highly respected officer, serving efficiently through the various grades. He was for a time in command of the militia reserve of the province.

AT FREDERICTON.

Visit of the Prince of Wales in 1860.

What British Newspaper Ken Put on Lasting Record Ab in the he Peo, ... Wao Attended It.

(Condensed from Cellum's Visit of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales.)

At 10 a. m. the Prince got away from Rothesay on the Forest Queen a small paddle steamer newly painted for the occasion. H. R. H. had to walk 200 yards upon yielding, drifting sand to the wharf to board the vessel, the after deck and the upper cabins of which were reserved for his use and that of his suite. Fredericton was not reached till about seven o'clock in the evening, where a landing was effected at a new wharf built by W. A. McLean and his

The order of procession from the wharf to Government house was as

The City Marshal, Mr. Charles Brannan.

Escort of Yeomanry Cavalry, Major Wilmot.
Field Officers of Militia, Colonel Hayne, Adjuant General George.

F. H. Mitchell, Deputy Adjutant General.
The Provincial Aides-de-camp, Lieut. Colonel Drury and Lieut. Colonel Hayne.

Major Carter commanding H. M. Troops.
Lieut. Governor's second carriage (Barl St. Germains, General Bruce, His Royal Highnese' Equerries.)

Lieut. Governor's third carriage—The remainder of H. R. H's Suite.)

The Chief Justice, Sir James Carter.

mainder of H. R. H's Suite.)

The Chief Justice, Sir James Carter.

The Judges—Hon. R. Parker, Hon. Neville
Parker, Hon. W. J. Ritchey, and Hon. L.
A. Wilmot.

President of Legislative Council, Hon. W.
Black.

Speaker, Hon. J. M. Johnson.

High Sheriff, W. A. McClane, Esq.
Clerk of the Peace, G. I. Dibblee.

Provincial Secretary, Hon. Samuel L. Tilley.

Attorney General, Hon. C. Fisher.

Solicitor General, Hon. Mr. Waters.

Surveyor General, Hon. J. R. Partlow; Auditor General, W. H. Steeves; Chief Commissioner Board of Works, James

Steadman. Postmaster General. The

Heads of Civil Departments. Heads of Civil Departments. Executive Committee.

On Sunday the Prince attended divine service in the Cathedral. The Bishop, bearing the pastoral crook, met him at the door and conducted him to the paw, the organ playing God Save the Queen. At Monday's levee at Government house about 200 gentlemen were presented. After lunch, given by Hon. Charles Fisher, the Prince opened a new park, 16 acres in extent, given to the city "by a gentleman named Odell, with conditions attached to it." A state dinner followed in the evening, after which came the grand ball in the provincial buildings.

Through a collection of hot-house plants placed in the corridor His Royal Highness passed to the ballwhere, arrayed on either side, leaving a narrow lane in the centre leading to the dais usually occupied by the president of the legislative council, he found some hundreds Ao ladies, who gave to the Prince a most cordial welcome. What could Albert Edward do but look his best, end again and again thank them by most courtly bows. The council chamber, not being large enough to hold all who were expected to gather together, other rooms had to be called into requisition. But in the earlier rart of the evening they proved comparatively useless. Of course great object the ladies had in view in going to the ball was to see the Prince-It would be uncharitable to suggest that they all expected to dance with him. The room in which he was was thronged.

By great exertion two or three sets of quadrilles were formed, and His Royal Highness opened the ball with the wife of the Governor, Mrs. Manners Sutton, for his partner. But, of course, that dance would end, and another would begin, who could tell who next might be selected? Standing upon tintoe, some leaning on the arms of the few gentlemen who had forced themselves into the room, beauties of New Brunswick strained their necks and their eyes, to get a glimpse of the Prince, to watch his lancing, to wonder what he was saying to his partner, to admire his round face and graceful figure. Although he could not be otherwis than aware that he was the observed of all observers, His Royal Highness, as though perfectly unconscious the fact, talked with the ladies with whom he danced: and the pleasant smiles which lit up the features of one and all, told plainly that he was making himself excessively agreeable. He has that faculty, belonging only to the true gentleman, of setting at ease those who may be in his pres ence. There is about him no affectation, no look or movement which can be pointed to as an assertion of superiority. The ladies who dance with him appear to forget in a moment the previous tremor with which they are seized when he requests the honor of their hand for the next quadrille. They make no more mistake than usual-perhaps it should be said less, for be it known, that during the month preceding the visit of Prince to each province, the dancing masters have had full employment; and many a family party has been made up for practice, in order to en-

sure the greatest possible efficiency for the royal ball. The Prince is a great favorite with the ladies everywhere, and though by some a little disappointment was felt, that they had not had the honor of dancing with him, yet, as they are constitutionally bound to do, they lay the blame upon the heads of his advisers, the Duke or Newcastle, St. Germains and General Bruce. The Duke comes in for the greatest share of the anathemas hurled at the head of the trio. His Grace, however, is not to blame. The selection of ladies is entrusted to the wife of each governor, subject of course, as a ma of form, to superior approval. So far as I have been able to learn, much wise discrimination has been ised, no favoritism shown, and great satisfaction as a general rule given. The ladies with whom the Prince danced at Fredericton were Mrs.

Manners Sutton, while of the gover-nor; Miss Sutton, daughter of his ex-

cellency; Miss Florence Parker, daughter of a judge; Miss Fisher, daughter of the attorney general; Miss Lizzy Hazen, daughter of one of the members of the opposition; Miss Medley, daughter of the Mrs. Justice Ritchey; Mrs. Dr. Bayard and Miss Robinson. The Prince danced almost without intermissio from the time he entered the balluntil three o'clock in the moring, excepting a little time lost in taking supper. When it is remembered that the hour announced for the embarkation on the same morning was six o'clock, it is not to be expected that His Royal Highness displayed no little devotion to the fair sex

(From N. A. Woods' book, "Prince of Wales in Canada and the U. S.")

On Monday, the 6th, the state labors of the Prince commenced again. The first proceeding was to formally open a cleared meadow of some thirty acres, the germ of a future park which Fredericton had added to its other luxuries. There never was a place less in want of a park, considering that the hills and woods are within a stone's throw of any part of it, and there never yet was a spot which answers less to the name of "park" than that which the Prince ned there, inasmuch as the whole meadow is as level as a bowlinggreen, and every tree is carefully uprooted. Nevertheless, the people liked it, and were proportionately pleased at the Prince opening it. After this. of course, there was another levee, at which every one was presented; and the local papers explained the niceties of evening dress, and were at pains to point out at length what it meant, and that a dress coat should not be a frock coat, or of any color but black, with other valuable and important information with regard to neckerchiefs and waistcoats. Even these slight rules of etiquette were not without their use, and had the effect of keeping the applicants for the honor of presentation within tolerably moderate bounds. There was no limit to the number of those who wished to attend, but there was a most decided limit to the number of dress coats in the province, and the levees were thus kept down.

In the evening there was a grand ball at the Provincial House of Assembly, which passed off very well, in spite of the arrangements, which here, too, at one time threatened its success. Fredericton, though a small place, is by no means so small as not to have its quarrels and divided parties. Thus there had been so great a difference of opinion as to the propriety of building one large tempor ary ball-room, that the matter had be compromised by building two or three little ones, which were all decorated on different plans, except one, to the adornment of which great legal functionary had given up his mind, and which was bedizened with evergreens on no plan at all. The result of such an arrangement was obvious. The room in which the Prince was dancing was desperately crowded, and the others, of course nearly empty. However, as long as the Prince was dancing and people could see him, everybody was pleased, and His Royal Highness himself won golden opinions by the assiduity with which he danced all night, and the good taste with which he selected some of the prettiest young ladies in the room-of whom there were plenty-for his partners. What the thought of his liveliness and conversational powers afterwards it is not difficult to imagine, but some of them appeared so nervous and so agitated during the whole time they were his partners that it may be more than acubtful if they were able to recollect, when the dance was over, a single word of what he had said to them during it.

MCADAM JUNCTION.

The New Station Almost Completes A Great Change for the Benefit of the Travelling Public.

The new station building is now almost open for business and the staff spent the first day of this week in moving therein from their old quar-A wait at McAdam is now pleasure rather than a blot on a otherwise agreeable C. P. R. journey.

The new building is majestic in its outward appearance. Its massiv granite walls are surmounted by dorner windows and a central dome in Queen Anne style. The interior finished for the main part with hardwood in oil, but the bedrooms are done in cherry. The entrance doors of the main floor are of solid oak The dining room is fitted and furnished in a style surpassing that of some of the best hotels in the province, and Mrs. Smith, the genial host ess, is very proud of her surround The dining room is presided over by Miss Humphreys, head waitress, assisted by Miss Evans and Miss Herd. The cooking departmen on the ground flat beneath the dining hall is supplied by a dumb waiter. Miss Wood has charge of the cook ing department. She is assisted by

Station Agent J. R. Gilland will be found on the second floor in a suite of rooms well adapted for overseeing the work that passes under his care. He is, assisted by George Moffatt ticket agent; W. H. Segee, billing clerk; Chester Mason, night agent; Geo. Bulmer, night clerk; Howard Nason, day freight checker, and Geo Nason, night freight checker. Opposite Mr. Gilliland's offices is

the telegraph office, with D. DeWitt as day operator, and Paul Dow as night operator. Adjoining this office is a room for the use of conductors and a second room for T. Powers train manager. At the northeast end may be found J. W. Hoyt, collector of customs, and his staff of assistants Luke Lawson, Geo. Green and David Tapley, who are ever ready to help the traveller on his way, or to trap the wily smuggler. On the ground floor at the northeast end the express office is in charge of J. W. Green, and the room for storing baggage. James F. Gardiner, in a fine new

miform, parades the platform in the interest of peace and quietness. The building is heated throughout by hot water, and lighted by electricity. Provision is made for a laundry near the kitchen, which will be opened in the near future.

FARMERS AND DAIRYMEN.

Some Points Discussed At the Recent Fredericton Meeting-The Election of Officers

FREDERICTON, Jan. 25 .- The Farmers and Dairymen's association met again at 10 a. m., when, after routine, the nominating committee submitted the following report, whch was received and confirmed: For president-Belloni Violet, Mada

waska Co. Vice-president-F. J. Purdy, Queens Recording secretary-Joseph R. Tay

lor, Westmorland Co. Corresponding secretary-W Hubbard, Sussex, Kings Co. Treasurer-Bliss M. Fawcett, West

morland Co. vice-presidents - Resti-County gouche, John Davison; Gloucester, John Kenney: Northumberland, James W. Dickson; Kent, John J. Jardine; Westmorland, Dennis G. Legre; Albert, E. L. Colpitts; Kings, Byron S. McLeod: Queens, Morris Scovil; Sunbury, Herbert Smith; York, W. S. Tompkins; Carleton, James Good; St. John, J. Fred Watson; Victoria, Fletcher Tweedale; Charlotte, F. E. Came; Madawaska, Levite Soucy.

F. E. Came, for the committee to outline a scheme on which might be based the formation of a horse breeding association, reported that they recommend no action be taken.-Re-

port adopted. A. E. Plummer of Waterville, Carleton Co., read a very valuable paper on profitable milk products, in which the statement was made that from his herd of 10 cows he had been able to realize a butter product of 305 pounds per cow, at a profit of \$22.50 per cow His milk test in summer was 3.8, in winter the test was equal to 5.3.

The subject was discussed by W. Davidson of Anagance, Mr. Robertson of the Experimental farm, C. W. Goodspeed of Penniac, W. Jaffray of St. Mary's, Byron McLeod of Penobsquis, Col. Campbell of Apohaqui, S. L. Peters of Queenstown and T. J. Dillon of St. John.

The afternoon session was opened by a paper on Butter Making by Mr. Dow of Andover, who gave his system in handling the cream and the manufacture of butter therefrom. Scrupulous cleanliness and the closest attention to all the points could alone give the best results. Twice washing of the butter was essential.

W. W. Everleigh of the Sussex factory said that he did not entirely agree with the paper just read by Mr. Dow. He did not approve of too much washing, as it was possible to injure the flavor very materially by doing so. He found that the West India trade required about the same height of color in the butter that was acceptable to our local trade, and which his factory had been very sucessful in catering to.

Cheese making was introduced by James H. Brown of Cornhill, who during his address, gave the following statement: The Corn Hill factory which I started nine years ago, has in-

Year	•			Ma	ke—Lbs.	Inci
1892		 	1	 	27,620	
1893		 		 	31,642	
1894		 		 	33,232	
1895		 		 	41,044	
1896		 		 	53,210	1
1897		 		 	63,000	
1898		 		 	79,801	1
1899		 		 	101,170	
1900					107,662	

The increase in last season's make over that of 1892 is a little over forty tons. About 100 tons were exported the last two years to the English market by T. J. Dillon.

The essentials to good cheese making, said Mr. Brown, are: A good factory, where the curing room is com pletely under the control of the manager as regards temperature. In regard to the plant, the best is none too good. Receive nothing but good, clean, sweet milk; and adopt the latest and most up to date methods in the manufacture of the milk. The coagulation of the curd:-cutting and cooling the curd to the desirable point is perhaps the most critical point in successful cheese making. Dipping, stirring and milling and making the curd is an important factor in success but salting, pressing and curing are

very important. The evening session opened with paper on co-operative dairying. The important points emphasized were closer union on the part of our farmers; the absolute necessity of a good, clean milk product, free from turnips or any other flavor which will in any degree detract from the delicate flavor and aroma that butter and cheese should always have, and which makes these delicacies so acceptable on the tables of rich and poor alike It is essential to success that all contributing toward the milk supply of a factory should be honest and fair by each other, and observe with scrup ulous care all the precautions enjoin ed upon them by the factory oper

A very interesting discussion held upon the paper, in which a large number of the members took part, the discussion largely turning on the feeding of turnips to our milch cows. This practice was shown to affect very largely the milk supply in an object tionable way, as giving a bad odor t the butter or cheese, which lessened its value in the local markets and made its shipment to the English market an objectionable and losing The association adjourned at 11 p. m.

with the national anthem. For 75 cents cash in advance the Semi-Weekly Sun will be sent to your address for one year.





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It will give the best service; is ways uniform in quality, always You cannot do better than have Serprise Scap always in your house.

SURPRISE is a pure hard Soap

A wame Before the World for Long Over Half a Century.

ENGLAND'S QUEEN.

(Argosy, 1896.)

Queen Victoria! This is indeed a name to conjure by, a name that has been before the world for more than half a century. A queen at eighteen. she has nominally controlled for fiftynine years the destinies of a mighty empire through the most progressive period in its history. On the twentyfourth of this month she will be seventy-seven years old. On the twentieth of June she will enter on the six-

tieth year of her remarkable reign. No King or Queen in the history of England, nor none in the history of the whole world, with the exception of the fabulous monarchs of ancient legends, has an equal record. And she has made no holiday with the privileges of her position. During this long period, though she cannot be said to have been the guiding star of England's destinies, yet she has been in touch with all its affairs at home and abroad, and her influence, though not a paramount one, has been apparent at all times.

Before she is a Queen, Victoria is a woman; a healthful, whole souled sympathizer with human needs. She is the mother of many children, and the painstaking solicitude for their welfare has never been sacrificed to the great affairs of state. Her home her domestic kingdom as the nation is her public one.

The British Queen may be fat and old as the cartoonists love to remind us; her health may be crumbling under the stress of age, and she may be living under the orders of doctors, but among her ministers.

The events of the last six menths have found her ready and prompt and positive in her measures for England's integrity. Those measures may no be in accordance with the views of Americans and foreigners, but yet their adaptations to England's needs cannot be questioned.

Her peculiar position among the other sovereigns of Europe was interestingly outlined in an editorial of the New York Sun, which spoke of her as a woman who wields an influence unique in the history of royalty. Speaking of the admonitory letter she sent her grandson, Emperor William of Germany, when his too ready private sympathy led him to a public expression of regard for President Kruger of the Transvaal, and condemnation of English fillbusters, the

"She does not fear to remind her grandson, the German warrior, of his duties; she looks upon her relative by marriage, the Russian Czar, as a youngster in need of guidance; she is on the best of terms with the Emperor of Austria and with the King of Italy, and the King of the Belgians, and the Kings of Portugal, Denmark, and Sweden. No British statesmen could speak to these monarchs as the Queen can speak to them, in a motherly, or eisterly, or a cousinly, or a col-They would not take from any man, not even from a king, such words as Her Majesty can pen to them, or utter in their presence.
Thus Her Majesty possesses a power unlike that of any other sovereign in Europe. She is a veteran diplomatist. When negotiations are afoot, when there is a time of danger, she make her influence felt from the Thames to the Oxus.

"There is no other sovereign like her in all the world. The Queen Regent of the Netherlands is but a respectable matron, and so is the Queen Regent of Spain. The queens and empresses who are the wives of potentates are of small account in affairs of state. The Empress Dowager of China was supposed to be a fermidable personality until Japan came to the front. The Queen of Corea ruled her feeble country with a strong hand intil her overthrow last year, lives upon earth but one woman sovereign who is a power in statesman-She rules over England and ship. takes her part in governing it."

THE FULL PENALTY.

PATTERSON, M. J., Jan. 29.—Walter C. McAlister, William A. Death and Andrew J. Campbell, who were found gulity of murder in the second degree for the killing of Jennie Bosschieter on October 18, 1900, by the administration of chloral and by subsequent rape, together with Gregory J. Kerr, who pleaded non-vuit contenderer to the charge of rape, were brought into the court of Oyer and Terminer here today for sentence by Judge Dixon. McAlister, Campbell and Death were each sentenced to thirty years imprisonment at hard labor. The sentences of all the men are the full terms of imprisonment which the law provides, except that a fine of \$1,000 might have been added in the case of Kerr.

OTTAW

Government Refuse a State Memorial

The Reason Given by Minister for the C the Program

OTTAWA, Jan. 29.-T

do strange things at tiquestionable whether a has taken such peculiar today the Laurier adm has been announced in for several days past casion of the national ing next Saturday for the Queen there would morial service held in Cathedral, the principal Anglican community in Ottawa. His excellency, tive of the sovereign i had, with the consent arranged for a state se arrangements were in paration. The orders rared, and the church making arrangements terior of the cathedra draped. This morning, the cathedral authoriti his excellency, they change had taken place state memorial service A deputation had gone ernment House to disc arrangements with his they were thunderstru learned from the govern he had received a le prime minister intima covernment had withd tion to the state service lic money could not be draping the cathedral. men brought the new the government's actione of the liveliest se Ottawa has had for ma Your correspondent

of the government th asked him the reason ernment's consent hadrawn. He replied that state church in Canada ing of a state service a Cathedral might be re eognition of the chur nomination. Moreover, official recognition to that kind would give other denominations

This may be regarde explanation of the cha

general impression in

is that there must be

son for it, and that s

ence must have been is not a Protestant in has conversed during days who has object service in Christ Chr The Presbyterians, the Baptists and Congrega to object to any parti ing chosen for a makind. And it is to also, for the credit of of Ottown and the that they did not obje morial service being Roman Catholic Cath eccasion of the deat Thompson on Dec. 13th vice was held and Lord Aberdeen, the ter. Sir Mackenzie I members of the gove representative men nation. Protestant ar The interior of the ch easion was beautifull draped with black at expense of the co amounting to between Today's action by therefore, taken so s it had approved of a to say the least, mo But the service will not be a state affair memorial service Queen. The military possibly Sir Wilfri Fielding, Dr. Borden men may be present of the government, vate capacity. They far as to boycott the but they have with

> Doubt extsts in n to whether Saturday as a holiday in th banks and other in closed. The secret graphed to an enqui language in the used advicedly as pressive and the roclamation issued The proclamation tation to the people erve Saturday as a and cannot be re under the bills of

character from the s

tation of somebody.

as a legal holiday mation act." It is learned toni tations for the mer go out fust as if not These invitations every welk of life, judges, deputy m and city council, re different matienal

AM ST. reted in Mely

Om Sunday, Jan. vices were held church in connecti of our beloved Qu was heavily drape In the merning nam preached on ael," Judges out that when Vi throne the nation strength after the by the defection o enies, and the death struggle with of recuperation

Sewing as a business is an exacting and exhausting occupation. Long hours, fine work, poor light, unhealthy atmosphere—dese are only some of the things which for the arrays and hurt the gen-

which fret the nerves and hurt the general health. Often there is a diseased condition of the wemanly organism which causes backache or headache and the working of the sewing machine under such conditions in akin to torture.

1

Thousands of

women who work

have written grate-ful letters to Dr.

R. V. Pierce, whose "Favorite Prescription" has cured their womanly ills and established

their general health. "Favorite

Prescription" es-

ity, dries un-healthy and offen-

sive drains, heals

inflammation and

ulceration, and

ness. It makes

weak women strong and sick

Sick women are invited to consult Dr

Pierce by letter free, and so avoid the indelicate questionings, offensive ex-

aminations and obnexious local treat-

ments deemed necessary by some physicians. All correspondence private. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

dress Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

"I take great pleasure in recommending Dr.
Pierce's Favorite Prescription for female weakness." writes Mrs. Susannah Permenter, of
Pauls Store, Shelby Co., Texas. I was troubled
with bearing-down pains in my back and hips
for six years, and wrote to Dr. Pierce for advice.
I tried his 'Favorite Prescription' and six
bottles cured me. I feel like a new person and
I thank Dr. Pierce for my health. Life is a
burden to any one without health. I have told
a great many of my friends about the great
medicine I took."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical

Adviser, in paper covers, is sent free on

expense of customs and mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

FREDERICTON.

The Central Fire Insurance Company

to Wind Up Their Business.

Barker Found Guilty in the Marysville As-

sault Case and Fined Thirty

Dollars and Costs.

FREDERICTON, Jan. 20.-The Cen-

tral Fire Insurance Co. of Frederic-tion have decided to wind up their

business. All outstanding risks have

been re-insured in the British Am-

erica Co. Fire insurance of late has

not been at all profitable, especially

when a business such as the Central's

has been confined to only a few places.

The Central has been in existence

since 1836. E. Byron Winslow is pre-

sident and F. I. Morrison secretary.

Police Magistrate Marsh this after-

noon delivered judgment in the

Marysville assault case, Blair v.

Barker and Gibson. His honor found Alfred Barker guilty on the

three charges laid against him, and

imposed fines totalling \$30 and costs. Mr. Gibson was found not guilty, and

Esther, eldest daughter of Henry

Pollock of this city, and Ambrose B.

Holt of Boiestown, were united in

The office of the C. P. R. station at

St. Mary's was broken into last night

by thieves, but no booty was secured.

A MISLEADING TIME TABLE.

(Charlottetown, P. E. I., Guardian.)

A gentleman from New Brunswick

now on a business visit to the island

complains to the Guardian with ap-

parent justice, of the misleading in-

formation contained in the winter

time table of the Intercolonial rail-

table, bearing date January 3, con-

tains the following statement with

regard to the connection between the

mainland and Prince Edward Island:

In a statement made under govern-

of great value to them, should be thus

needlessly misled. Yet this is what is

the one mentioned in the time table),

do not leave Pictou on the arrival of

the express from Halifax, which is at

12.30 p. m. The boats do not leave

at that hour, but at 7 o'clock the fol-

lowing morning, more than eighteen hours later. This involves the delay

and cost of staying a half day and a night in Pictou. If the instructions

of the time table were amended, as

they ought to be, passengers from the mainland would be told that the

steamers leave Pictou in the morning

and that it is quite practicable to

leave St. John or Halifax by the mid-

day train and reach Pictou at 9.50 in

the evening, in readiness to take the

If thus informed, persons coming to

the island from or by way of Halifex

or St. John would start five hours

later than they now do from those

cities and be that much less time on

the road to Charlottetown. We men-

thon this fact to show that a griev-

ance that has been long complained

of has not yet been remedied. The

government controls both the rail-

vays and the steamers on this route,

ing information at the railway sta-

STOVE TRUST OFF.

HAMILTON, Jan. 30.-It is an

foundrymen gone in on the second deal,

but some of them wanted concessions

which could not be granted.

tions in regard to the matter

island winter steamers.

boat for the island in the morning.

way.

The latest issue of the time

the case against him was dismis

receipt of 31 one-cent stamps

women well.

cures female weak-

ablishes regular-



ST FRIEND day other day is ISE SOAP

in quality, always

is a pure hard Soap

D'S QUEEN.

he World for Long a Century.

му, 1896.) This is indeed a by, a name that has orld for more than queen at eighteen, controlled for fiftytinies of a mighty he most progressive my. On the twenty-

old. On the twenwill enter on the sixremarkable reign. en in the history of e in the history of with the exception of equal record. And holiday with the sition. During this she cannot be said guiding star of Enget she has been in influence, though not has been apparent

Queen, Victoria is a thful, whole souled human needs. She many children, and solicitude for their been sacrificed to of state. Her home om as the nation

y be crumbling under and she may be live is still dominant

the last six menths ady and prompt and asures for England's measures may not foreigners, but yet to England's needs

position among the of Europe was ined in an editorial of which spoke of her wields an influence history of royalty. admonitory letter she son, Emperor William nen his too ready pri-led him to a public egard for President Transvaal, and connglish fillbusters, the

fear to remind her rman warrior, of his upon her relative by Russian Czar, as a d of guidance; she is terms with the Emand with the King of Cing of the Belgians, f Portugal, Denmark, No British statesmen e monarchs as the to them, in a mother They would not take not even from a king. Her Majesty can per ter in their presence. y other sovereign in veteran diplomatist. are afoot, when of danger, she can ice felt from the

ther sovereign like her d. The Queen Regent d so is the Queen Re-The queens and emall account in affairs Empress Dowager of until Japan came to Queen of Corea ruled try with a strong hand nrow last year. There but one woman sovpower in statesmanover England and n governing it."

ULL PHNALTY.

1. J., Jan. 29.—Walter C.
1. A. Death and Andrew J.
1. Ter found guilty of murder
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OTTAWA.

Government Refuses to Allow a State Memorial Service.

The Reason Given by One Cabinet Minister for the Change in

the Programme.

OTTAWA, Jan. 29.-The government to strange things at times, but it is questionable whether any government has taken such peculiar action as did today the Laurier administration. It has been announced in the newspapers for several days past that on the occasion of the national day of mourning next Saturday for the demise of the Queen there would be a state memorial service held in Christ Church Cathedral, the principal church of the Anglican community in the diocese of Ottawa. His excellency, as representasive of the sovereign in the dominion, had, with the consent of his advisers arranged for a state service. All the arrangements were in course of pre-The orders had been prerared, and the church authorities were naking arrangements to have the interior of the cathedral appropriately draped. This morning, however, when cathedral authorities waited upon his excellency, they learned that a change had taken place and that the state memorial service was at an end. A deputation had gone down to Govarnment House to discuss the church arrangements with his excellency, and they were thunderstruck when they learned from the governor general that he had received a letter from the prime minister intimating that the government had withdrawn is sanction to the state service, and that public money could not be expended in draping the cathedral. These gentlemen brought the news up town, and the government's action has created one of the liveliest sensations which Ottawa has had for many a day.

Your correspondent saw a member of the government this evening and asked him the reason why the government's consent had been withdrawn. He replied that there was no state church in Canada, and the holding of a state service at Christ Church Cathedral might be regarded as a recognition of the church of that denomination. Moreover, he felt that the official recognition to a function of that kind would give great offence to other denominations throughout Can-

This may be regarded as the official explanation of the change of base on the part of the government, but the general impression in the city tonight is that there must be some other reason for it, and that some other influence must have been at work. There is not a Protestant in the city of Othawa with whom your corresponden has conversed during the past few days who has objected to the state service in Christ Church Cathedral. The Presbyterians, the Methodists, the Baptists and Congregationalists of the eity of Ottawa are too broad minded to object to any particular church being chosen for a memorial of this kind. And it is to be remembered also, for the credit of the Protestants that they did not object to a state memorial service being held in the Roman Catholic Cathedral here on the occasion of the death of Sir John Thompson on Dec. 13th, 1894. The service was held and was attended by Lord Aberdeen, the new prime minister, Sir Mackenzie Bowell and other members of the government, and by representative men of every denomination, Protestant and Catholic alike. The interior of the church on that oceasion was beautifully and elaborately draped with black and purple at the expense of the country, the cost mounting to between \$700 and \$800 Today's action by the governm therefore, taken so suddenly and after it had approved of a state service, is to say the least, most extraordinary. But the service will be held. It will not be a state affair, but it will be a memorial service to our belove Queen. The military will turn out, and possibly Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Mr. Fielding, Dr. Borden and other public men may be present, not as members of the government, but in their pri-

character from the service at the dictation of somebody. Doubt exists in many quarters so whether Saturday can be regarded as a holiday in the sense that the banks and other institutions can be closed. The secretary of state telegraphed to an enquirer today: "The language in the proclamation was used advicedly as being the most expressive and the same as in the proclamation issued in Great Britain. The proclamation is simply an invi-tation to the people of Canada to observe Saturday as a day of mourning, and cannot be regarded as a holiday under the bills of exchange act, nor

vate capacity. They will hardly go so

far as to boycott the service altogether,

but they have withdrawn the state

as a legal holiday under the interpre-It is learned tonight that the invitations for the memorial service will go out just as if nothing had happened. These invitations will embrace men in every welk of life, state functionaries, judges, deputy ministers, the mayor and sity cauacil, representatives of the different matienal societies, etc.

AT ST. MARTINS.

Service in Hely Trinity Church in Memory of Queen Victoria.

Om Sunday, Jan. 27th, special services were held in Holy Trinity church in connection with the death of our beloved Queen. The church was heavily draped in mourning

In the merning the Rev. A. Bareham preached on the text, "A mothe in Israel," Judges v., 7. He pointed out that when Victoria came to the throne the nation was recovering its strength after the exhaustion caused by the defection of the American colenies, and the subsequent life-and-death struggle with Napoleon; and that the Victorian era was a period of recuperation and imparalleled growth. The fact that King Edward

VII. had succeeded to the throne of an Empire greater in population and extent than any other past or present was due in a very great mea sure to the influence of our late dear Queen. Her wisdom was that a mother, fostering and tactful, displaying itself not in aggressive militarism or obtrusive state-craft, but in that quiet counsel-giving and the subtle atmosphere that emanates from the pure mother of a house hold. Thus she ruled her people, inspiring such love as made her personality as sacred as the very flag that now hangs half-mast in mourning for her.

In the evening the service opened with the singing of "God Save the King." The sermon was based on Isalah xlii., 9. The rector, whose be-Mef is that the Anglo-Saxon people are none other than the anciently lost House of Israel, now enjoying the blessings of that people while still in exile, undertook to forecast on Scripture lines what the new century has in store for our race. There were those, he said, who foretold all sorts of trouble now the good Queen was dead, but God tells us not to fear, for He has redeemed us and is with us. (Isa: xliii. 1. 5.) He claimed that sufficient was furnished by past and present fulfilment of prophecy to enable us to trace broadly the future of the great powers of today. That Imperial Federation was bound to develop irresistibly so that eventually not only would the whole Empire be more mutually and loyally interlinked, but that into this mighty confederation should come the United States which thus discarding an unscriptural republicanism, becomes again a part of the modern Israel, ruled by the heirs of David's line. The Jewish question is to be similarly solved. Regarding Germany, he said that that Empire would enter into a very close alliance with England, being

There was but one power that would attempt to cope with British might. This was Russia, whose very name was foretold in Ezekiel xxxviii. 2, 3. (Revised version). These two nations were to engage in a final war, in which the victory would rest with the Union Jack, and in the last fight, Christ Himself should come to the aid of His people.

referred to under the name of As-

syria in Isajah xix. 24, 25.

The preacher said that, looking forward, he saw no signs of peace among the nations till the Lord shall come. But there were signs of still greater national enlargement for our race than ever before. Yet this advance should be accomplished by war. Israel was to be God's battleaxe and weapons of war. (Jerem. 11., 19, 20). We must continue to fight to uphold right and liberty for mankind. Not till Jesus comes to reign shall war be learned no more. It is the intention to hold a solemn service on February 2nd, if possible, simultaneously with the funeral of

HAS OUTLIVED FOUR SOVER-EIGNS.

the Queen at Windsor.

James Ross, the famous old man of St. Martins, to whom an arm chair and address will soon be-presented by the municipality in view of his attaining to such an advanced age, was born in 1791. He is now in his 111th year. When King George III died he was twenty-nine years of age, and has lived twenty-nine years under the dominion at large, George III, outlived George IV, was in his full manhood when William IV was laid away, has clear recollections of the birth, childhood, accession, crowning, marriage and death of Queen Victoria and still lives a loyal subject of her son, Edward VII. This indeed is a wonderful record,

END OF THE UPRISING.

HENRIETTA, I. T., Jan. 30.-Peace among the warring Creeks has apparently been reached, and all that remains to be done is to give Chitto Harjo, the Chief Snake, who has caused all the trouble, a preliminary hearing and send him to Muskoge for trial for treason. In the mean time a few more of the leaders will be arrested. The troop of cavalry under Lieut. Dixon will probably re main here a few days until the last vestige of the uprising has passed. The Indians burned signal fires last night on the hills surrounding the towns, and, fearing an attack, the soldiers remained under arms till daylight, ready for instant action. But the Indians attempted no depre-

Advertisements of the leading business houses of St. John are to be found in this paper.



On Top...

of all soaps for nursery use, stands
"BABY'S OWN SOAP." It is made of purest
vegetable oils and slightly perfumed with finest ower extracts. It has been sold and used for so long, and always been good, that doctors all over Canada recommend its use, having practical knowledge of its effects.

Most of its numerous imitations are infurious

to the skin.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., Mirs.

Montreal.

74

DEATH OF REV. L. JACK,

Father of Presbyterian Church in New Brunswick.

Was Born at Culleden the Year the Battle of Waterioo Was Fought-

BUCTOUCHE, N. B., Jan. 28.-Rev. Lewis Jack, late minister of St. James kirk, parish of Springfield, died here this morning, at the residence of his son-in-law, W. G. King, M. D. He was at synod last October in Chatham. His last taking duty was at a service in St. Andrew's church, Chat-

SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.

The father of the Presbyterian church in Canada is Rev. Lewis Jack, now of Chatham, N. B. Mr. Jack was born at Culloden, Inverness, Scotland, the year of Waterloo (1815). He was prepared for college in the schools of Inverness, took his arts curriculum in Aherdeen in the university there, and his theological course in the divinity halls of Aberdeen and Edinburgh, being while at Edinburgh a student of the illustrious Dr. Chalmers. After a term of service under the committee of home work in Shetland, he was ordained by the presbytery of Aberdeen at Bellhelvie on June 10, 1845. He was minister in that parish for three years, when he volunteered for colonial ser vice. His first work in New Brunswick was taking charge of Old Saint Stephen's church, St. John.

HIS FIRST REGULAR PASTORATE in New Brunswick was that of Sain James church, St. Stephen, Charlotte county. Neighboring churches were for some years under his charge "After a five years' pastorate," said the Richibucto Review, June 12, 1895, in giving an account of Mr. Jack's jubilee, from which we quote, "he was translated to the congregation of Springfield, where he labored for upward of thirty years, much beloved by all who knew him. Mr. Jack was one of the pioneers of the Presbyterian church in New Brunswick. He is e truly evangelical preacher, and in the days of his vigor was an impressive and enthusiastic speaker. He is now 80 years of age, and still wonderfully strong. His saintly partner died a number of years ago. Her name is still very fragrant in Springfield, where she greatly assisted in the work of the Lord. Mr. Jack retired from the active duties of the ministry two years ago, and is spending the remainder of his days in the hospitable family of Dr. King, his son-in-law."

Mrs. Jack was a daughter of the ate James McKenzie of St. James, N. B. The family of five children are all living: Rev. T. C. Jack, North Sydney: S. R. Jack, St. John; Mrs. W. C. King, Buctouche; Mrs. W. M. Salter, Chatham, and Mrs. Rosborough, widow of Rev. S. Rosborough, who lived with

her brother at North Sydney. ITS LAST MODERATOR.

Mr. Jack was moderator of the synod of New Brunswick in 1865, which was called "The Synod of Unanimity," all the members having been on every question before it of one mind. In 1866 this synod was united to the synod of Nova Scotia. Mr. Jack was its last rm moderator, preached its last marriage this afternoon by Rev. G. "synod sermon," and presided over its closing session. He always manifested large hearted Catholic spirit; he beieved in the Holy Catholic church, and lived up to his belief all his days, and new cherishes this article of his creed more warmly, if possible, than ever To him denominational lines have been invisible. When the synod of the maritime provinces met two years ago a Moncton, Mr. Jack was present, and a resolution was unanimously adopted congratulating him on his long, faith ful and fruitful ministry. He was present at the last meeting of the presbytery of St. John. Indeed, he had missed but few meetings of that presbytery since its formation. The During the winnter connection with Prince Edward Island is by steamer running be-tween Pictou and Georgetown. Arrangements are that, all conditions permitting, the S. S. Minto will make daily trips, leaving Pictou on arrival of express from Halifax at 12.19 latest ministerial act of his which we have heard of is his taking part in the funeral services of Dr. Morrison at Chatham on the list ult. He was the pastor of Dr. Morrison's boyhood, and the venerable father who had been naturally proud of his stalwart protege mourned for him as for an only child, ment authority, it is surprising that travellers, whose time is frequently

PREMIER BOND

happening every day. The winter boats (for there are two instead of Of Newfoundland Says the Colony is in a Most Flourishing Condition-

MONTREAL, Jan. 30 .- "The colony is in a most flourishing condition, there is no poverty, and the end of the fiscal year will show a surplus of about \$250,000." This was one of the statements made today by Hon. Robt. Bond, premier of Newfoundland, who arrived here this evening en route for England, where he will arrive on the 20th Feb. to discuss the French shore question with Hono. Joseph Chamberlain. In the meantime the pre mier says the colonial parliament will be called together on Feb. 20th, when at the special request of the imperial government, the modus vivendi will be renewed for another year. Bond declined to say if he would endeavor to settle the railway difficulties while here with R. S. Reid, but your correspondent learns on the best authority that these two gentlemen will have an interview tomorrow and that the difficulties will be settled to the satisfaction of both parties. The leader of the government states that but for years there has been constant he will have a surplus of \$250,000 at difficulty on the mainland in obtainthe close of the present fiscal year, and that this will enable them to lower the duty on pork, flour, momaking close connections with the lasses and other articles of import. He also intimated that the Blaine-Bond treaty would be revised, and he did not expect any protest from Canada this time. He says conofederation is a dead issue, but adds that if Sir nounced that the proposed Canadian John A. Macdonald, Sir John A. stove trust is off, the promoters hav-Thomson or Sir Charles Tupper had ing been unable to get all the foundrybeen in power the last conference at Ottawa would likely have borne fruit. men to grant an extension of three months on options. It is stated that the necessary financial arrangements would have been made had all the

Make your living in your own home easily—at your letsure! We have a new and profitable plan. Write us. Bed your address on post card and we will send you particular. Papt of, 196 Tages 81, Teresta.

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CONSUMPTION THESE FOUR REMEDIES

Represent a New system of medicinal treatment for the weak, and those suffering from wasting diseases, weak lungs, coughs, sore throat, catarrh, consumption, and other pulmonary troubles, or inflammatory conditions of nose, throat and lungs.

The treatment is free. You have only to write to obtain it.

By the system devised by DR. T. A. SLOCUM, the specialist in pulmonary and kindred diseases, the needs of the sick body can be condensed into his treatment by four distinct preparations.

Whatever your disease, one or more of these four remedies will be of

Whatever your disease, one or more of these four remedies will be of According to the exigencies of your case, fully explained in the treatise given free with the free medicines, you may take one, or any two, or three, or all four, in combination.

e four together form a panoply of strength against disease in whatever shape it may attack you.

THE FREE OFFER.

To obtain these four FEEE invaluable preparations, illustrated above, simply write to THE T.

A. SLOCUM CHEMICAL CO., LIMPER, 179 King Street West, Peronto, giving pest-office and express office address, and the free medicine (The Slocum Cure) will be promptly sent.

Sufferers should take instant advantage of this generous proposition, and when writing for them always mention this paper.

Persons in Canada seeing Slocum's free offer in American papers will please send for samples to Let no previous discouragements prevent you taking advantage of this splendid free offer fore too late.

VENEZUELAN TROUBLE.

The Asphalt Dispute Still Unsettled-Did Not Fly the British Flag.

WILLEMSTAD, Curacoa, Jan. 29 (via Haytien cable.)— Investigations made by a correspondent of the Associated Press show that the vessel recently burned by the Venezuelan gunboat Miranda was a Venezuelan sloop and did not fly the British flag. According to information which reaches this port, the isand of Pato is in the power of the Venezuelan revolutionists, who are said to have defeated the government troops commanded by General Velutini, in the neighborhood of Irapa. 'The Venezuelan government notwithstanding has published an official bulletin denying that the insurgents were vic-

torious on this occasion. Only vague reports reach here regarding the events which are transpiring in the vicinity of Carupane That town is first in the possession of the insurgents, and then again occupled by the government. As this de spatch is forwarded, the Venezuelan government troops are occupying the place. The French cruiser Suchet remains at anchor off Carupano. All is quiet on the Island of Mar-

guerite, where the people who fled from Carupano sought refuge and were arrested as suspicious persons. The Venezuelan government continues to send troops to Cumana, and advices from Barcelona say that gov-ernment troops in that neighborhood are pursuing the insurgents very actively.

The dispute between the Bermude and New York Asphalt Company and the Venezuelan government is still unsettled. U. S. Minister Loomis, not wishing to cause further difficulties for the Venezuelan government at this time has, it is said, postponed the presentation of an ultimatum of the subject. But United States war ds are expected.

The Venezuelan government has advised the Bermudes company to appeal to the Venezuelan courts, but the company refuses to do so, alleging that the courts are under the influ ence of President Castre. On the other hand, it is said the

minister is making an inquiry into the dispute, and that as soon as it is ended, attempts to cancel the conwill no longer be tolerated.

The Third Son of One Family to Perish in the Same Mill Pond.

DIGBY, N. S., Jan. 30.-On last Monday evening his lordship Bishop Courtney confirmed a number of candidates at Holy Trinity church

His lordship returned to Halifax on Tuesday, having made a special trip for the purpose of having the con-

A. J. S. Copp, M. P., leaves today for Ottawa to be in attendance at the opening of parliament. The funeral of Mrs. John G. Rice took place today. Mrs. Rice died on

A sad drowning accident happe on Monday. The little seven year old son of Nathaniel Raymond of Acada valley was coasting down a hill, at the foot of which lay a mill Some men had been cutting ice dur-ing the day, and the little fellow slid into the open water, and before medi-cal aid could arrive had died. This is the third son of that family that has been drowned in the same pond. The boy's father is at present in the

THE CUP CHALLENGER.

GLASGOW, Jan. 36.—In the framework of the America's cup challenger already set up are, the Associated Press learns, indications of some striking departures from conventional yacht designing. The most noticeable of these is that the bulk of the yacht is thrown extraordinarily far forward. The timbers at present in position suggest the framework of the old binf-bowed type of yacht, more than the modern racing yacht. This appearance will be modified when the frames to carry forward the overhangs are in position. But it is certain the greatest beam will be forward of the mast. Every precaution is still taken to prevent information about the cup challenger gesting abroad.

For 75 cents cash in adva-Semi-Weekly Sun will be sent to your address for one year.

Information Wanted.

Wanted to know the whereabouts of the lescendants of Matthew, John or Mary Jame

Brown, who left Ballinaloob, County Antrim, Ireland, about the year 125. Supposed to have settled in St. John or St. Andrews, New Branswick. One of the brothers married a daughter of James Dinsmore.

Mary Jane married Heary Nichel. Any information will be gladly reserved by MICHAEL HENNESSY or JOHN GREEK, Joggins Mines, Gumberland County, N. S.



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The subscription rate is \$1.00 a year, but if 75 cents is sent IN ADVANCE the paper will be sent to any address in Canada or United States for one

SUN PRINTING COMPANY.

ALFRED MARKHAM,

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

ST. JOHN, N. B., FEBRUARY 2, 1901

THE TELEGRAPH SPEAKS AT LAST.

As this journal predicted, the valued Telegraph has at last found it necessary to make an explanation coning the notorious Rothesay list, which was mailed in the name of the Telegraph manager. It was evident to every one outside of the Telegraph office that the organ of the liberal party could not go on suppressing all the essential facts of that transaction, and treating the whole affair as a trivial and comic occurrence. This week the Telegraph is serious but angry, which is a much more wholesome condition of mind, since it shows that at last public feeling has made some impression on its management.

In the first place the Telegraph promises to denounce the perpetrators of the wrong when "wrong doing shall be proved," and proceeds:

But it is a rule of British justice to consider a man innocent until he is proved guilty, and certainly no facts have yet been adduced to show that any names were unlawfully added to this list by the revisors of the parish of Rothesay. The matter is now before the supreme court of New Brunswick on cer-tiorari, and all the newspaper effort to prejudge the case is simply contempt of court, of which we trust that the judicial body will take notice and with which it should severely

This is interesting. The Telegraph alone of all the liberal journals has not learned that a wrong has been done. It is true that a revisor has produced a list of less than a hundred names, which he says is a copy of the correct one prepared by himself and his colleagues, and it is true that the genuine list has disappeared, while another list, with the signature and attestation of the three regisors, was sent to the secretary-treasurer, which dred names. Lit is true that many persons whose names are on this bogus list have declared that they own no property entitling them to registration and that they were registered without their knowledge and consent. If "no facts have been adduced to show that any names were unlawfully added to the list by the revisors?' the facts show that there were unlawful additions either by the revisors or by some forger.

It is kind of the Telegraph to invite the supreme court to punish the Globe, the Sun and all the other papers for mentioning the subject after an application has been made to the court for a writ looking towards a correction of the lists. The court probably knows its own business and will not need instruction from the Telegraph. But the matter was a public scandal sometime before it reached the courts, and the Telegraph suppressed the whole record of the Kings county council in order to keep any knowledge of the crime from its readers. Does it propose to do the same with the proceedings of the

The public will be pleased to see that the Telegraph has at last concluded to make a statement concerning Mr. Milligan's relation to the matter. It is one that might well have been made earlier, but it is better late than not at all. Here it is:

Neither the Telegraph, its manager anyone connected with the paper has any knowledge whatever of the facts in connection with the making up of this Rothesay non-resident list. The published statement that the list was mailed by the gentleman who has since become manager of this paper is equally untrue; nor, so far as can be learned, was the list mailed by anyone connected with him. The post office record does not presume to show who mailed the list, but simply that it was mailed as coming from a certain office. But the mailing of the list is not a matter of any importance for the list has been received, its date stamp shows when it was mailed, and the revisors have not only indentified their signatures out one of them has identified the handwrit ing of the envelope address as his own. Why then should the name of Mr. Milligan or the Simply because personal animus, business jealousy and the hope of political advantage dictates such a cowardly course. The high moral stand is a humbug, patent to all who are acquainted with recent political history.

Why, indeed, should the name of

Mr. Milligan be dragged into the controversy? Simply because an alleged electoral list, stuffed with four hundred names, added after the revisors had completed the authorized list,

was substituted for the proper docunent, and because this stuffed list was registered in the name of Mr. C. the Globe, nor the Kings county council. but the person who used into the controversy. This journal at the very beginning sent a reporter to would say was that he did not mail the letter, and this statement was accepted. If the Telegraph speaks for him, he says more now, and his statement should be accepted. Let us then suppose, as the Telegraph suggests, that the list sent to Mr. Otty with the four hundred extra names on it, was registered in Mr. Milligan's name because it came from his office, which was then the office of the provincial liberal organizer. That drags Mr. Milligan rather seriously into the controversy. It imposes on him a duty to do what he can to discover the person who makes such free use of Mr. Milligan's office and Mr. Milligan's name.

Instead of suggesting all sorts nean motives for the exposure of the offence, the Telegraph and its manager might expend a small part of their indignation on the authors of the crime, the more so if they carried on their operations in Mr. Milligan's private quarters and shielded themselves under the cover of The attitude of the ger of the Telegraph would then so strongly that he is better disposed toward culprits than toward the press which seeks to hunt them down.

attention of Mr. Gilbert of Rothesay. It is there claimed that the mailing of letters is of no importthe list it contained bears identified signatures of the revisors, and is addressed in the handwriting of one of them. Mr. Gilbent has made his position plain. He has stated that the list he signed is suppress that statement and to make Mr. Gilbert responsible for a list which he repudiates. If some one has taken Mr. Gilbert's signature from the general list and attached it to a bogus list, that is a sufficient wrong to Mr. Gilbert, without the Telegraph adding to it the intimation that Mr. Gilbert is rsonally responsible for all that has been done. At present it appears that Mr. Gilbert not only tried to prepare an honest list, but has given a frank account of the transaction so far as he is concerned. He at least has not to foist on the public the list mailed by somebody in Mr. Milligan's name, nor has he tried to make it appear that no wrong has been done.

A LOYALIST RECORD.

The proposition made to New Bruns-Empire Loyalist League of Ontario is Canada, and reported on all claims brought before them. Their report, Mrs. Nation. dealing with thousands of cases, is . It is a somewhat curious circumumes and has never been printed. It sets forth more or less fully the personal history of nearly all the loyalist families, showing what their position was before the war, what property they lost, and what were their services, sufferings and privations. St. John, which was founded by the loyalists, and which must have had a larger number of claims than any other community in Canada, would have a stronger interest in this publication than any other part of the country. In New Brunswick generally a much larger proportion of the people are of loyalist descent than in any other province. But Ontario has a considerable sprinkling of population with the same ncestry, including a large number of families whose forefathers first settled on the St. John, and afterwards moved farther west. In proposing that these valuable records, copies of which are now in Toronto, should be published as a public undertaking, the promoters the enterprise suggest a generous division of the cost. Ontario is asked to pay two-thirds, while the other onethird is to be equally divided between New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. The publication is expected to cost \$3,000, of which the New Brunswick govern ment is asked to contribute \$500. One hundred copies of the work would then be available for this province, which would supply the principal libraries and make the records generally accessible. While the government of New Brunswick has not been unmindful of the duty of contributing something toward the preservation of historical records, it cannot be said that the province has been unduly lavish in this direction. The small sum required to pay the share allotted to New Brunswick for the publication of a work of such remarkable local interest will probably be voted without much question if the government ask

NOVA SCOTIA FRUIT INDUSTRY.

President Bigelow, addressing the neeting of the Nova Scotia Fruit Growers' Association, gave some interesting statistics showing the volume of the fruit industry in the province. This is reported to be a bad year for the orchard interests, partly because the crop was not good and partly be cause much of the produce exported was destroyed in transit to England Mr. Bigelow estimates the annua value of the Nova Scotia fruit crop at \$1.000,900. The net receipts for apple shipped in 1899 to England were \$800, 000, but in 1900 only \$200,000. It is calculated that the value of orchards now bearing is \$4,500,000, or \$500 an acre for 9,000 acres. The annual addition to the wealth of the province by young orchards is computed to be \$1,000,000. Mr. Bigelow says that 4,000 men are mployed in fruit culture, by wnich he probably does not mean that they give their whole time to it. He supposes that 4,000 others are employed in sub-

and preparing fertilizers. This seems to be a large estimate, if it is intended that the whole, or the greater part, of their time is to be paid for out of fruit sales. If a million dollars were divided among the 8,000 men mentioned by Mr. Bigelow, it would give them only \$125 leach, or say forty cents per day. The railways are said to have received for carrying Nova Scotia fruit, while \$200,000 went in freight to the steamboats. Allowing for over-estimate of labor, it remains that the fruit business is pretty large, considering that it belongs practically to two counties, and only a small part of

THE LAW AND THE PEOPLE.

The case of Mrs. Nation versus the

Kansas saloon keepers has provoked much comment and no little merriment. But the affair has a serious Mrs. Nation is able to show that she is not the original breaker of the peace. Every saloon-keeper whose furniture she smashes is an outlaw in her eyes. She is a selfappointed policeman, necessary because the official policeman does not act. The saloon is prohibited by the law of Kansas, and Mrs. Nation says that she has adopted her unusual me thod of suppression because the law is not made effective by those who have sworn to enforce it. In short a state of anarchy exists. Therefore it is not obligatory on good citizens The last extract quoted deserves the to keep the peace, but rather to disturb the existing condition in the most violent way possible. Her justification is the same that the advocates of lynch law would give for the summary execution of a murderer in place where the criminal law was not effective. The vigilance committee not the one with the five hundred in early California days was somenames. The Telegraph has no right to what analogous to Mrs. Nation, except that she is perhaps not so fully supported by public sentiment. Yet even here Mrs. Nation seems to be stronger than a careless reader would suppose. It is observed that several organizations have expressed sympathy with her, and what is more important, there appears to be no serious attemp made by the persons injured to invoke the law against her She has at least advertised the fact abroad that the law is disregarded by the authorities, and her proceedings will probably result either in the prosecution of the saloon-keeper or the repeal of the prohibitory law. It is obviously impossible that one or more women should keep on moving wick and Nova Scotia by the United from town to town, breaking saloon furniture, and plate glass windows deserving of sympathetic attention. It and raising daily disturbances. On the is proposed to publish in substantial other hand, it is impossible for the form the record of the royal commis- authorities to suppress Mrs. Nation's sion which inquired into the claims of attacks on saloons and allow the the loyalists at the close of the war of saloons to remain in active operation the revolution. The commissioners sat In the regular way of duty, the offiin St. John, Halifax and in Upper cers may manage to fall to see the bars, but this blindness is impossible during the campaign movements of

stance that while Mrs. Nation nounces Kansas to be in a condition of anarchy because the law is openly disregarded, the St. John chief of police is frankly stating that he is not even attempting to suppress certain admittedly unlawful establishments in St. John. The chief says that three disorderly houses are maintained in one part of the city. He has not tried to suppress them though he could do it. The policemen know all about these places, even to the names of the in-Occasionally the houses are raided and all hands fined. This is not done more often than the offenders can afford to pay, for then the establishment would be obliged to close, which is admittedly not the purpose of the alleged punishment. The is levied with sufficient frequency to add substantially to the civic rev enue. It does not appear that the raids are made when the houses are more disorderly than usual. In fact, it is stated that the December raid was made prematurely, and that it had been the intention of the chief and the license inspector to "pull" all the resorts at once at some later time, when a substantial levy might have been made in the interest of the city treasury. The substance of the matter is that these establishments are oper ated under a license system, and the license fee, which is collected in the form of fines, is the price of immunity from suppression. It is explained that these houses are not allowed in any other part of the city and that the to the advantage of the proprietors, whose monopoly is protected. It is also understood that no disturbance of the neighbors is allowed. Chief Clark has asked for instructions in the matter. He sets forth the results which may be expected to follow the closing of these establishments, which by the unwritten law of the town have existed for many years under the existing regulations. That is to say, the houses are recognized during perhaps three days in the year as unlawful places, while during the other three hundred and sixty-odd days the law has nothing against them. It is the old question, discussed over and over again by the authorities in London and by Mrs. Chant; the one brought up every few years in New York and in other cities, yet always remaining unsettled, except by some unwritten

THE GOVERNMENT AND THE MEMORIAL SERVICE.

It is unfortunate that in this dominion anything should have occurred to detract from the solemn spectacle of a united people bowed beneath the weight of a common sorrow. Perhaps it would be better to endure in silence the humiliation caused by the unpleasant and un-dignified incident which is reported from Ottawa if such reticence were sidiary industries, such as making from Ottawa if such reticence were barrels and boxes, tending nurseries, not likely to be mistaken for carless

indifference or approval on the part | fusal to be introduced by ministers as of those who are not of the Anglican

We have no state church in Canada, and it would be taken for granted that any state memorial service held in the capital of the dominion would be connected with the church to which Her Majesty belonged. This view seems to have led the ministers, or some of them, to take counsel with the governor general and to make good progress with the arrangements for a service at the Anglican cathedral. The Toronto organ of the government said on Tuesday morning: In Ottawa the state service will take place at Christ Church Cathedral. All the local volunteer regiments will turn out, and the Governor General and the headquarters' staff

will bring up the rear of the procession. Further details were given to the Montreal Star, whose Ottawa correspondent wired on Tuesday afternoon: OTTAWA, Jan. 29.-The state funeral service to be held at Christ Church Cathedra at noon on Saturday next will be an imposing ceremony. The arrangements are being made by His Excellency and all tickets of admission will be sent out from the Gov ernor General's office. The space of the cathedral is limited, and there will not be ery much room for the general public. His Excellency will meet his ministers at the senate, and with the Governor General's and general officer commanding's staff will proceed in procession to the cathedral. There will be military guards and escorts, but the etalls for this will be made public in militis orders as soon as decided. Seats will he retained for the vice-regal party, the ministers, the headquarters and brigade staffs, the members of the senate and house of commons, the judges, the deputy heads of departments, etc. The service will include portions of the burial service. A spe cial choir, including representatives of the city choirs, will conduct the musical portion of the service. Subsidiary services will be held in all the parish churches at 10 a

n. on Saturday. It seems then that as late as Tuesday morning the governor general and the ministers were together working out the details of a national memorial service. Later in the day the gov ernment made some startling discov ery which caused a complete and sudden change of programme. The official orders were countermanded, and Lord Minto all at once found himself without ministerial support in the arrangements with which he and his advisors had been connected. The reasons which on Tuesday prevented state recognition of the memorial ser vice must have had equal force on Monday. It is not fitting to use at this time the language which would properly describe the conduct of the ministers who began preparation for a solemn state memorial service and then became afraid of something and fied from the undertaking. To have gone so far and then turned their back on the governor general and on the proposed-state ceremony was infinitely worse than to have refused official recognition in the first place. His Majesty's representative in this country would not then have been placed in a false position, and the public might have thought that the premier was in a little greater degree master of h.mself.

THE ROTHESAY LIST.

Moncton Times:

But if we are to take Mr. Pugsley as ac-ling from honest purpose in the Kings councy base, what of his alleged action in the matter last year? Moncton liberals, whose names were on the bogus Albert county list, claimed to have Attorney General Pugaley's opinion that they might vote, and when they did vote after taking what is generally believed to be a false oath, and prosecutions for perjury were commenced, the same Attorney General Pugaley virtually prevented the magistrate from proceeding. St. John Globe:

St. John Globe:

The situation in Kings is rather complicated. Both parties have their candidates in the field, and it was supposed the election would be promptly called on. The exposure of the bogus non-resident voters' list in the parish of Rothesay has, however, apparently caused delay. It would be out of the question to hold an election on a voting list that contains the names of so many persons who have no right to vote in the county, and delay will be caused in straightening out this matter. The straightening out should be done at once, however, so that the people of Kings can secure their full representation in the legislature. he legislature.

Toronto Mail: Down in New Brunswick the liberal ma-chine has stuffed the voters lists with five hundred names that ought not to be there, and the fraud has been discovered to the and the fraud has been discovered to the scandal of all decent people in the province. This is a new way of hugging the machine. Up here personation and ballot-box stuffing are favorite expedients. The stuffing of the lists is an improvement on the old plans, and is perhaps regarded as not quite so risky. With gerrymandering, voters' lists frauds, ballot-box stuffing, and personation we have a combination of wicked influences that must be fought unless, indeed, popular rule is to become a sham. The leaders who are responsible for such evils ought to be driven from public life.

The voters' list of Kings county, N. B., has been declared invalid by the attorney general's advice. The gentlemen who undertook to look after it for the liberal party did too much, and stuffed it to an extent that compelled attention. Now they will have to do much of their work over again. Zeal, when much of their work over again. Zeal, when unbalanced by discretion, may do more harm

Montreal Gazette:

Woodstock Press:

There has been some nasty work somewhere, and the public of this province will look for an investigation leading to the swift punishment of the offenders. It would seem that all the extra names added to the correct list were liberals, but to the credit of many of these liberals, they were the first to disclaim the right of voting in Rothesay. Somewhere or other there was clumsy machine work. chine work.

It is not pleasant to have to record such a discreditable affair as this, for it is a black spt on the good name of the province.

AN ACCOMMODATING LIBERAL Senator Snowball was called to the upper house nearly ten years ago by the late Sir John A. Macdonald. He now explains that he then refused to be introduced by conservative ministers, but demanded the right to be introduced by liberals, since he belonged to that party. The senator is reported as having described his re-

an act of remarkable courage. He has appealed to the records to show that he actually did what he says. Unfortunately we do not find anything in the senate Hansard to prove or contridict Senator Snowball's statement as to his introduction. Neither the senate reporter, nor the correspondent of the daily papers, nor Senator Snowball himself gives the names of the senators who introduced him. It is not explained what danger was incurred by Senator Snowball in making his private statement after the appointment was completed. Senator Snowball is also modest enough to state that the late government did not appoint him because they loved him, but because they had a purpose of their own to serve. He does not say what the purpose was, but it was evidently political. All must admit that it was kind of a strong liberal like Senator Snowball to assist in serving a tory political purpose at the expense of accepting a senatorship

In the North Bruce election case, Judges Boyd and Street allowed all the ballots to which objection had been taken on the ground of irregularity of the deputy in marking. The court held that it was desirable to give effect to the intention of the voter, and that he should not be deprived of his vote by reason of the ignorance carlessness, or perversity of the officer in charge of the poll.

from a tory government.

Mr. Milligan has not yet thought i necessary to denounce the person who mailed and registered the bogus Rothe say list in his name. All his anger is directed against the papers which ex posed the fraud.

ISLAND ELECTION MATTERS.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., Jan. 29.—The trial of the Martin-McKinnon election petition was resumed today when the court met. Dr. Pugsley applied for an adjournment of the tria on account (1) of the illness of a material witness. (2) the alleged absence of a material witness, (3) the calling of parliament 6th February and the necessary attendance at the trial of respondent to defend himself in personal charges alleged in the petition.

The court refused the application or the grounds that the illness and alleged absence of witnesses did not interfere with the great number of other charges with which their names not connected, and that before the meeting of parliament, so far as the court now knows, sufficient evidence to unseat or disqualify the respondent may be adduced.

Mr. Pugsley contended further that the evidence of special circumstances to hold the trial outside the electora district was not before the court, and asked leave to submit affidavits in support of his contention. This nission the court did not grant, holding that already sufficient evidence had been submitted, upon which an order for holding the court in Charlottetown was based.

The taking of evidence then began, One of the witnesses, named Mic-Garry, swore that McKinnon personally promised him and his son work on the railway. McKinnon himself was on the stand when the court adjourned at six o'clock.

During the course of his examina tion it was brought out that he voted on property acquired within six months of the test of the writ, and on pro perty bought by him and re-sold before election. In both cases the lands were bought by him as attorney for the mortgagees.

CHARLOTTETOWN, Jan. 30 .- The East Queens election trial was continued today. All the forenoon was spent in examining McKinnon on the vote which he cast. It is claimed by the petitioner that McKinnon voted knowing that he had no vote, and consequently was guilty of the corrupt act under section 117 of the election act. It was demonstrated clearly that McKinnon was not an elector and petitioner's counsel devoted all the morning to prove McKinnon's knowledge of that fact. The matte looks strong against him, and the regult depends upon the view the judges may take in finding or negativing guilty intent. Attorney General Pugsey also confined his examination to simply taking McKinnon's answer that he believed when he voted that he had a vote.

The afternoon session was confined to evidence of treating, and closed at five o'clock by the examination of the brother of a lighthouse keeper, who swore that he was told by an alleged agent of respondent that unless he would drive electors for McKipnon on election day his brother would lose

The agent was then called, but the examination was not concluded when the court rose.

The by-election in the first district of Prince was held today. A good vote was polled. The returns indicate the election of Hon. Mr. Rogers by about ninety votes. Rogers' majority in the general election was 130.

DROWNED AT DIGBY.

HALIFAX, N. S., Jan. 29-Reginald Raymond, six years old, coasted into a pond at Digby today and was drowned: Five years ago two brothers, aged seven and three years, were drowned in the same pond. The father of the children, Captain Nathanie Raymond, and his eldest son John, are in the Klondyke. Mrs. Raymond is the only member of the family home, and is heartbroken.

HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, N. S., Jan. 29.-Patrick Rogers, a native of Armazh, Ireland, died today suddenly. His re nains will be taken to St. John for interment John C. Rogers, manager Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Co. of Worcester, Mass., is a son of

PARKS' COTTON MILLS.

Full Details as to the Standing of the Company Presented at Yesterday's Meeting

Assets More Than Double the Liabili. ties-One Hundred and Sixty-Five Thousand Dollars Would Put the Company on a Strong and Safe

A consultation meeting of those interested in the affairs of the Wm. Parks & Son, Ltd., was held yesterday afternoon at the Parks head office, Wall street.

The following report was presented: To the Stockholders of Wm. Parks &

Son, Ltd.: Gentlemen-We regret having to call you together at this time, but having been obliged to close down our mills for want of working capital, we feel it our duty at the earliest possible moment to place before you a statement of our affairs, and ask your instructions as to what is best to be done in the circumstances in which we are

The position of the company is as

IJABILITIES.

Due Messrs. Jones & Turnbull on their mortgage, with interest paid to November 10th, 1900, \$133,500; interest and ex-

penses, \$4,590\$138,000 Due to Bank of New Brunswick for advances, secured by stock of cotton in process and sup-

plies in mills 50.000 Bills payable and open accounts.. 25,000 Taxes and water assessment... 2.000

> \$215,000 ASSETS

Land, building and machinery

in the two mills of the company\$608,726 Stock in process and supplies. 40,000

\$648,726

The cause of our present difficulty is that we were unable to secure our supply of cotton in the summer of 1899, when it was at a low price. If we had been able to buy a suffi-

cient supply of cotton when we had decided that it was judicious to have done so our profits in the past year and a half would have been \$100,000 more than they have been and our financial position would have been pood.

We understand the other cotton mills in Canada bought a large supply of cotton at that time, and have made large profits since, while we have had to compete with them, paying from 21-2 cents to 5 cents per pound more for our cotton.

Our mortgage to Messrs. Jones & Turnbull was placed in January, 1893, for \$200,000, at seven per cent. interest with a bonus of \$11,764.70.

We paid off \$40,000 of the principal

and the bonus during the first twelve months. We paid off \$30,000 in the second and third years, reducing the loan to \$130,000.

The interest has been paid up regudue.

This amount of \$200,000 was not sufficient to pay all our indebtedness and left us short of working capital, and having to pay back so much of the oan in the first three years has left us with a very insufficient capital to work the mills to advantage. Messrs. Jones & Turnbull have given

us notice that they wish to have this mortgage paid off, and have commerced foreclosure proceedings. Owing to these proceedings the Bank of New Brunswick has declined to advance us any more money with

which to run the mills. Our business is in a healthy state so far as the quality of our goods and our transactions with our customers

are concerned. Our customers are the best wholesale houses in Canada. They are satisfied with our goods and place their orders with us freely.

Our sales during the first six months of the past year were fifty thousand dollars more than in previous years. We made no losses by bad debts during the past twelve months.

In view of having something definite to put before this meeting, we have obtained from Messrs. Jones & Turnbull an option upon their mortgage, which provides for their accepting a new mortgage upon the property for \$100,000, at 7 per cent. for five years. To reduce the present mortgage to this amount and provide for the other

Habilities and working capital wov'c require the following amounts: To reduce the mortgage.....\$38,000.00 pay the Bank of N. B.... 50,000.00

Working capital

\$165,000.00 Respectfully submitted, By order of the directors,

(Signed) JOHN H. PARKS St. John, N. B., Jany. 31st, 1901.

After receiving this statement the shareholders present authorized the directors to proceed and make arrangements if possible for obtaining the money required. The directors will report the results at the annual meeting this month.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

The facsimile Chart Hillithers wayper

Mrs. Dadmun, widow of Wm. H. Dadmun, formerly of St. John, died Saturday morning in Auburn, N. Y., at the home of her son, Arthur H. Dadmun. Deceased was a sister of the late

Events Recent Around St.

Together With Cour from Corresponds Exchange

When ordering the ad WEEKLY SUN to be el the NAME of the POS which the paper is go that of the office to wh

Remember! The Na! Office must be sent in

To cure headache in i Kumfort Headache Pow

The resignation of Jo as registrar of probates of Queens has been ac P. Belyea appointed to

Mrs. Flewelling, relic George Flewelling of Gre Co., died Tuesday of pre home, Mahogany road.

Samuel Seely of Mill waluable horse this w Amiring across the Kenn the horse went through was drowned near Char

Dr. Almon V. Thomp land. Me., who marrie T. McDermott, of St. died on Monday, after two years. David H. Nase has postmaster at Indianto

the late W. G. Brown is at present in charg and will continue for weeks until Mr. Nase is ever the duties.—Globe Speaking of the polic Fredericton Gleaner

or may not be known authorities at St. John the women wanted as in this city, and did no but came here direct f Geo. McMasters, so

McMasters, the north who for a year pres drums in Harrison's Or travelling in the south Culhane. Chase and strels. He left St. Joh months ago.

The 1901 session of Dairy school, at Susse Feb. 26. There are fac dairy courses. The re-tendent is Harvey Mit staff is composed of J kins, J. Frank Tilley, Doigle and Robert Rob Letters patent have corporating Albert T.

quash, Andrew Male Jones, James V. Russe and Morris Marks, of the Golden Nugget Mi capital stock of \$390,00 The Monoton Times vices from Bathurst a that the smallpox is check. There were five

household and four of

still ill. None of the oth ily—ten in all—have as the disease, and it has elsewhere in the villag In the Mission Chape 29th ult, Rev. C. B. in matrimony G. Fras well known lumber finm, to Miss Helen were no attendants Mr. and Mrs. Gregor early train for a hone

home Mr. Gregory ha glas avenue. Miss Mary Benham Charles Benham of E Captain Louis Mersb were married Tuesday captain's home on l north end. The nuptia at half-past seven o'cl O. Raymond, in the happy company of frie was attended by Mi aque and William Mct the groom. After the congratulations the down to a sumptuous

the big American citi

and spent a very hap For 75 cents cash Semi-Weekly Sun will address for one year.

WINT

We can sur wonderfully Low

> · Unde .. Frie Comfortab e All Wool Bla Shaker Far Gray Wool Flannelette

Ladies' Unde

GH Underwear Top Shirts. Heavy Pant Jumpers, ... Overalis, ...

SHARP &

TTON MILLS.

to the Standing ny Presented at y's Meeting.

Double the Liabilired and Sixty-Five rs Would Put the Strong and Safe

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\$165,000.00 hmitted.

the directors. JOHN H. PARKS President , Jany. 31st, 1901.

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TORIA s and Children.

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CITY NEWS.

Recent Events in and Around St. John,

Together With Country Items from Correspondants and Exchanges.

When ordering the address of your WREKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the POST OFFICE to which the paper is going as well as that of the office to which you wish Remember! The NAME of the Post Office must be sent in all cases to ensure prompt compliance with your

To cure headache in ten minutes use Kumfort Headache Powders.

The resignation of John W. Dickie as registrar of probates for the county of Queens has been accepted, and J. P. Belyea appointed to the office.

Mrs. Flewelling, relict of the late George Flewelling of Greenwich, Kings Co., died Tuesday of pneumonia at her me, Mahogany road.

Samuel Seely of Millidgeville lost a valuable horse this week. He was driving across the Kennebeccasis, when the horse went through the ice and was drowned near Charlton's Point.

Dr. Almon V. Thompson, of Portland, Me., who married Miss Fannie T. McDermott, of St. John, in 1895, died on Monday, after an illness of

David H. Nase has been appointed postmaster at Indiantown in place of the late W. G. Brown. Miss Brown is at present in charge of the office and will continue for a couple of weeks until Mr. Nase is ready to take ever the duties.-Globe.

Speaking of the police enquiry, the Fredericton Gleaner says:—"It may or may not be known to the police authorities at St. John that three of the women wanted as witnesses are in this city, and did not go to Boston; but came here direct from St. John."

Geo. McMasters, son of Thomas McMasters, the north end barber, and who for a year presided over the drums in Harrison's Orchestra, is now travelling in the southern states with Culhane, Chase and Weston's minstrels. He left St. John over eight onths ago.

The 1901 session of the Provincial Dairy school, at Sussex, opens on Feb. 26. There are factory and home dairy courses. The resident superintendent is Harvey Mitchell, and the staff is composed of James E. Hop-kins, J. Frank Tilley, L. Cyriaque Doigle and Robert Robertson.

Letters patent have been issued in-corporating Albert T. Dunn, of Mus-quash, Andrew Malcolm, Fred A. Jones, James V. Russell, of St. John, and Morris Marks, of Circle City, as the Golden Nugget Mining Co., with a

The Monoton Times says that advices from Bathurst are to the effect that the smallpox is being held in check. There were five cases in one household and four of the number are still ill. None of the others in the family-ten in all-have as yet contracted the disease, and it has not broken out elsewhere in the village.

In the Mission Chapel on Tuesday, 29th ult, Rev. C. B. Kenrick united in matrimony G. Fraser Gregory, of the firm of Murray & Gregory, the well known lumber manufacturing finm, to Miss Helen Myers. There were no attendants and few guests Mr. and Mrs. Gregory left on the early train for a honeymoon tour of the big American cities. They will reside in the new and very handsome home Mr. Gregory has built on Douglas avenue.

Miss Mary Benham, daughter of Charles Benham of Fredericton, and Captain Louis Mersberg of this city were married Tuesday evening at the captain's home on Portland street, north end. The nuptial knot was tied at half-past seven o'clock by Rev. W. O. Raymond, in the presence of a happy company of friends. The bride was attended by Miss Annie Monaque and William McGuire supported the groom. After the exchange of congratulations the company sat down to a sumptuous wedding supperp and spent a very happy evening.

For 75 cents cash in advance the semi-Weekly Sun will be sent to your address for one year.

Brig John Roberts, Capt. Davies, from Gaspe Dec. 3, has arrived at Rio Janeiro with loss of rudder, having encountered very heavy weather. The report of the loss of the Roberts was erroneous.

The Postmaster of Millerton, N. B. writes, May 9, '99: "A year ago I sprained my ankle very badly and it has been very troublesome since. I recently began using Bentley's Lindment and find it has helped me more than anything I had tried. I can recommend it most highly." G. R.

Miss Jessie West of this city left on the C. P. R. yesterday for Montreal, where her marriage will take place on Saturday with James Wemp, formerly of the Singer machine employ in this city. The couple will reside in Toronto. Miss West was a prominent worker in the Germain street Baptist church, and will be greatly missed among a large circle of friends, many of whom accompanied her to the train.

Geo. E. Willet, of Moncton, who for some time has been in the employ of the Western Union Telegraph company, has severed his connection with the company and will leave today for Moncton, where he will assist in the management of a manufacturing concern. The position made vacant here will be filled by John Appleby, of this city, but for the past few years of

Scammell Bros. of New York repor the following charters: Barks Bowman B. Law, New York to Java, coal oil 27, 28 and 29c., April, May; L. W. Norton, Perth Amboy to Guayabal, S. S. Cuba, brick, \$6.75 and loaded, and back, sugar, 12c.; schs. Britannia, Jacksonville to Point-a-Pitre, lumber, \$7; Sebago, Cartaret to St. Andrews fertilizer, \$1.60; Annie M. Allen, Por Reading to St. John, part cargo, coal, \$1.25; bark Glenrosa, Rosario to New York, hides, p. t.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Kent.-J. Harry G. Stevenson to be a Justice of the Peace and Labor Act commissioner for the Parishes of Huscisson, Carleton, Saint Louis, Richibucto and Welford. Carleton-William Ludlow Wise to

be a justice of the peace. Queens-Thomas P. Burpee to be judge of probate, pro hac vice, in reference to the estate of Robert T. Babbitt, late of Gagetown, deceased. John W. Dickie to be registrar of deeds, in room of Robert T. Babbitt, deceased. Jotham P., Belyea to be registrar of probates, in room of John W. Dickie, resigned.

ST. MARTINS NEWS.

Sanruel Patterson of St. Martins lost a valuable team horse last week, witich somewhat 'nterfered with his lumber operations. The committee of management of

the St. Martins Branch Bible Society met on Wednesday to complete the business of the past year. It was found that there had been collected \$168, being an increase of \$9 over the previous year. The committee regret that in a published account in one of the city papers the name of Miss Lizzie Titus did not appear correctly.

DEATH OF HENRY GILBERT.

A telephone message from Hampton capital stock of \$390,00), divided into to the Sun office Thursday evening, nnounced that Henry the old-time residents of that place, had died suddenly Thursday afternoon, while sitting in his chair, after dinner He was one of a family of seven children of the late Henry and Eliza Gilbert, was born at St. John, February 22nd, 1818, and married Miss Lucy A. Caldwell. Formerly an active figure in St. John business circles, Mr. Gilbert has for many years led a retired live at Hampton. He was a brother of Thomas Gilbert, for some time vicepresident of the Bank of New Bruns wick, and of Geo. G. Gilbert, judge of probates for Kings Co., and in his early days was engaged in the shipping business in St. John, in company with his three brothers, Thomas, Bradford and James. He came of Lovalis stock, his grandfather, Col. Thomas H. Gilbert, who served in the British army in the revolutionary war, having settled in New Brunswick in 1783.

CATARRH CAN BE CURED.

CATARRH CAN BE CURED.

Catarrh is a kindred aliment of consumption, long considered incurable; and yet there is one remedy that will positively cure catarrh in any of its stages. For many years this remedy was used by the late Dr. Stevens, a widely noted authority on all disease of the throat and lungs. Having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, and desiring to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge to all sufferers from Gatarrh, Asthma, Consumption, and nervous diseases, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing, with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 847 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

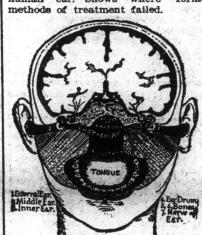
WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The president today proclaimed the new extra dition between the United States and

DRIDE

New Edition of Dr. Sproule's Famous Book on

DEAFNESS It illustrates how Catarrh creeps from the throat into the inner tube of the ear, blocking up the passage and gradually destroying the hearing. Explains the roaring and buzzing and crackling sounds in the ears and

Describes clearly the working of the human ear. Shows where former methods of treatment failed.



If you are a sufferer from this trouble send for this book. Address, DR. SPROULE, B. A., (Formerly Surgeon British Royal Naval Service,) English Specialist in Catarrh and Chronic Diseases. 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 DOANE ST., Boston,

MCADAM JUNCTION NOTES.

At a regular meeting of Ashlar Lodge, F. and A. M., the following officers were duly installed: J. R Spragg, W. M.: J. W. Hoyt, Sr. W.: G. F. Morton, Jr. W.; T. Hallam, Chap.; Grant Hall, Treas.; G. Rothwell, Sec.; H. E. Rogers, S. D.; W. Shields, J. D.; C. E. Thompson, S. S.; J. B. Johnston, J. S.; E. Grant, I. G.; A. F. Peters, Tyler; W. T. Hallam, Organ-

At this meeting resolutions were passed thanking all who had in any way assisted in the formation and furnishing of the lodge.

The hall in which the Church England service is held was tastefully draped for the services on Sunday in memory of the Queen.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

It seems that an important question may arise as to the jurisdiction of justices of the peace because of the Queen's death. In old times all commissions of the peace were vacated by the death of the sovereign, and this appears to have still been the law when Blackstone wrote. The commissions of justices are in the name of the sovereign, and do not contain any reference to the successors to the A New Brunswick statute authorizes the appointment of justices, but there is no provision for continuing their functions after the de-mise of the crown. The governor's proclamation extends to all persons ose offices are continued by legis lature, but this does not apply to the case of justices, for whom there is no special legislative procession. The question is a serious one, and opinion are divided as to the present standing of this, the largest body of officers in the province. Of course there can be no question as to the jurisdiction of persons who hold statutory courts, but many suits before ordinary justices may be complicated by raising the

WHAT THE FROGS SAID.

During the last soft spell a citizer of Rothesay found himself between two large ponds in the region where swamp waters vegetate, and was greatly surprised to hear a chorus of large bull-frogs calling out with great volubility:-

"Ivegotavote! I've gotavote!! I've got a vote!!!" Immediately from the other pond came a chorus of small frog voices,

os follows:-"Whatdidyou giveforit? Whatdidyou giveforit—giveforit—giveforit?" The citizen, feeling that he was on the eve of a great discovery, and that he might be right in line to ear the everlasting gratitude of the managenent of the St. John Telegraph, listened with almost painful eagerness for the next deliverance. But all he heard was a combined chorus from both ponds which said:-'We'reallgrits! We're allgrits!! We're

all grits grits grits!!" MEMORIAL SERVICE AT PARRS-

BORO, N. S.

The congregation of Grace Methodist church, Parrsboro, N. S., held a memorial service on Sunday last, as its tribute to the memory of Queen Victoria. The order of service comprised the singing of "God of Our Fathers Known of Old." an invocation; hymn 160, "Rock of Ages"; prayer, and Lord's Prayer, repeated by minister and people; "Crossing the Bar," by the choir; lesson, Psalm xc.; offertory. hymn 97, "Lead Kindly Light"; sermon by the Rev. W. G. Lane, pastor, from Proverbs xxxi., 31, "Let her works praise her in the gates"; anthem, "There is no Death"; hymn 784, "Abide with me," benediction; national anthem: organ voluntary. The service was exceptionally solemn and im-

A CENTURY AGO.

"Andrew Branning, a little boy no more than thirteen years old, was tried for burglariously breaking and entering the dwelling house of Sarah Dane, and stealing therein a silver dessert spoon. . Guilty. Death." It is an extract from the Times of 1801. Perhaps no other of the interesting quotations which the Times has lately given its readers could show so convincingly how far we have travelled since then. Only eighteen years before the Queen was born this happened, and who supposes that in 1801 people in their private homes were less warm-hearted or fond of children than today? It was the law of the land, and sentence had to be carried out.—London St. James's Gazette.

WOLFVILLE NEWS.

ed missionary from India, spoke, both morning and evening, in the Baptist

church, has begun a confirmation class and a series of lectures on the catechism, preparatory to the visit of

resumed their work. There was no justification for it, as it arose chiefly through misunderstanding. The young man who was suspended has left. The fruit growers of Nova Scotia will hold their annual meeting here next week, beginning on Monday, 28th. Last evening the pupils of Acadia Seminary gave a piano recital in college hall, which lovers of good music thoroughly enjoyed. There were two eight-handed selections from Brahms and Mozart, a four-handed selection from Faust, and four solos. The execution was excellent, both the technique and expression being very commendable. A violin solo by Miss Evelyn Starr, and a bass solo by M. G. White of the college, added to the interest of the occasion. The merchants' sleigh drive took

place last night. Twenty couples drove to Kentville, took dinner at the Aber-deen, and returned in the small hours of the morning.

Miss Mitchell of Halifax is visiting

MCKENZIE MURDER RECALLED.

MAUGERVILLE, Jan. 29.—Owing to the queen's death the proposed recep-James Breen, one of the pioneer set-

tlers of the Back Road in the neighborhood of Carlow, died on Thursday at his home there, at the advanced age of 93 years. The remains were interred at the Hermitage on Sunday. Deceased was a brother of the unfortunate who was associated with Slavin in the "Red Head" tragedy. One son survives.

were brought from Somerville, Mass., was buried in the church cemetery, Oromocto, on Saturday, beside those of her son. Rev. H. E. Dibblee offici-

A memorial service will be held in Christ church and St. John's, Oromoc to, on Saturday, the rector officiating. The churches are artistically draped. Sergt.-Major Cox and his brother Matthew have returned from a visit to friends in Carleton county.

SUSSEX, Jan. 30.-Rev. P. J. Stackhouse of Haymarket square Baptist church occupied the pulpit for Rev. Mr. Camp on Sunday, Mr. Stackhouse is collecting for the Tabernacle, which is being erected on Haymarket square inconnection with the church. He wants about \$1,000. Mrs. S. C. Spooner of Eastport and Mrs. Irvine of St. John have been sum-

paralysis on the 28th inst., and is not Jas. R. McLean, merchant taylor, of this place, will visit Sydney, C. B., in the near future, for the purpose of

Mrs. H. A. White, who had a paralytic stroke last week, is not improving. She is a daughter of the late Geo. N. Fairweather.

firm, accompanied by Mrs. Wetmore, is visiting on the Millstream. Grippe is prevalent in Sussex. The hockey match between the Beavers of St. John and Sussex had to be desponed on account of Will Murray,

confined to his bed. Zion Lodge of Sussex, No. 21, F. and A M. will meet in Masonic Hall for business Feb. 4, at 8 o'clock. C. G. Armstrong, two-had been confined to his home for the past month

with rheumatism, is out once more. ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, CHAT-

At the annual meeting of St. Andrew's church, Chatham, recently held, R. Murray was chairman. The various reports were most encouraging. Rev. D. Henderson, the pastor, gave the membership at 226, of whom 21 were added during the year.

The financial affairs of the church are in a flourishing condition. A. A. Anderson, chairman of the trustees, reported "the best year in the history of St. Andrew's." Receipts for the year, exclusive of century fund, for which the congregation contributed \$5,000, amounted to \$5,361; balance on hand, \$175. The congregation contributes to all the schemes of the church. A gratifying feature is the reduction of the debt from \$3,500 to \$1,496. All the reports showed a steady and healthy growth in membership and sustained interest in the work of the church. The following were elected trustees for 1901: A. A. Anderson D. P. McLachlan, John MacDonald, Geo. Stothart, Robert Murray, Alex. Robinson, Wm. Scott, A. J. Loggie, A. H. Marquis, H. W. Fleiger, Wm. Johnson and G. J. Dick-

St. Andrew's church was heavily and tastefully draped in royal crimson and crape last Sunday, with two Union Jacks and an excellent portrait of Victoria, the good, suitably draped on the Rev. D. Henderson, the platform. pastor of the church, conducted memorial services morning and evening. Another memorial service, in which number of clergymen are to join, is

Children Cry for

COLONIAL HOUSE.

GREAT ANNUAL CLEARING SALE.

Ladies' Shoes, worth \$5.00 for \$3.39 net. 13 different styles. March.

The strike of the sophomore class has ended and the students have all the first the strike of the sophomore class has ended and the students have all the first the strike of the sophomore class has ended and the students have all the first the strike of the sophomore class has ended and the students have all the first the strike of the sophomore class has ended and the students have all the first the strike of the sophomore class has ended and the students have all the first the strike of the sophomore class has ended and the students have all the sophomore class the strike of the sophomore class has ended and the students have all the sophomore class the strike of the sophomore class has ended and the students have all the sophomore class the strike of the strike of

G. W. 5th. Ladies' Black Vici Kid Boots, laced, patent tip, G. W. 6th. Ladies' Black Vici Kid Boots, button, self tip.
7th. Ladies' Black Vici Kid Boots, button, c'oth top, patent tip,
8th. Ladies' Black Vici Kid Boots, cloth top, button, self tip, medium weight sole. 9th. Ladies' Black Vici Kid Boots, button, patent tip, medium

weight sole.

10th. Ladies' Black Vici Kid Boots, button, patent tip, G. W.

11th. Ladies' Black Vici Kid Boots, button, patent tip, G. W.

12th. Ladies' Tan Vici Kid Boots, cloth top, button, G. W.

13th. Ladies' Tan Vici Kid Boots, cloth facing, laced, medium

MAIL ORDERS CAREFULLY ATTENDED TO.

HENRY MORGAN & CO., - - Montreal.

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

The International Lesson.

Lesson VI.—February 10 GOLDEN TEXT. So then every one of us shall give

account of himself to God.-Rom. 14 THE SECTION. includes only this parable; and a com-

parison with the parable of the pounds (Luke 19: 11-28). PLACE IN THE LIFE OF CHRIST. Just after the close of his public ministry. The beginning of his fare-

well instructions to the twelve. The

third day before his crucifixion. HISTORICAL SETTING. Time.-Tuesday afternoon, April 4, A. D. 30, immediately following the last session.

Place.-Spoken on the Mount Olives, on the way from Jerusalem to PARABLE OF THE TALENTS .-

Matthew 25: 14-30. (May be used as a temperance les-Print verses 19-30.

19. After a long time the lord of those servants cometh, and (a) reckoneth with them.

20 And so he that had received five talents came and brought other five talents, saying, Lord, thou deliveredst unto me five talents; behold, I have gained beside them five talents more. 21. His lord said unto him. Well done, thou good and faithful servant; thou hast been faithful over a few things, I will (b) make thee ruler over

many things; enter thou into the joy 22. He also that had received two talents came and said, Lord, thou deliveredst unto me two talents; behold I have gained two other talents be-

23. His lord said unto him, Well

done, good and faithful servant; thou

hast been faithful over a few things,

I will (b) make thee ruler over many things; enter thou into the joy of thy lord. 24. Then he which had received the one talent came and said, Lord, I

knew thee that thou art a hard man, reaping where thou has not sown, and gathering where thou (c) hast not strewed: 25. And I was afraid, and went and hid thy talent in the earth: (d) lo there thou hast that is thine.

him Thou wicked and slothful servant, thou knewest that I reap where I sowed not, and gathered where I (e) have not strewed: 27. Thou oughtest therefore to have put my money to the (f) exchangers, and then at my coming I should have

26. His lord answered and said unto

received mine own with (g) usury. 28. Take therefore the talent from him, and give it unto him which hath ten talents. 29. For unto every one that hath shall be given, and he shall have

not shall be taken away even that which he hath. 39. And cast ye the unprofitable servant (h) into outer darkness; there shall (i) be weeping and gnashing of

abundance: but from him that hath

REVISION CHANGES. (So far as they affect the sense.) Ver. 19. (a)-Maketh a reckoning.

Ver. 21. (b)-Set thee over many Ver. 24. (c)-Didst not scatter. Ver. 25. (d)-Lo, thou hast thine

Ver. 26. (e)-Did not scatter. Ver. 27. (f)-Bankers. (g)-Inter-Ver. 30. (h)-Into the outer darkness. (i)—Be the weeping.

LIGHT ON THE TEXT. This parable was spoken on the same occasion as our last lesson, and is the second of the parables of warning and instruction, and was full of meaning both for the disciples and for the city upon which they were look-

14. A man.—Representing Christ about to leave his disciples. Servants -Slaves were often in those days employed as this parable describes. They represented all Christian profess 15. Five talents.-A talent was 3,000 sheckels of 4 denarii each, equal to 12,000 denarii worth 16.2 cents each, or \$1,944; others estimate it at about \$1,-000. The talents represent the things God entrusts to us, as Gospel truth, wealth, time, opportunities, the Bible, the Holy Spirit, the capacity for re-

16. Traded with the same.—Referall God entrusts to us. Made other five talents.—True use increase power and ability and opportunity. 19. Reckoneth with them.-In the day of judgement. But also, in a les-

ligion.

Elije Last. Natural Shape. Modern Toe.

Modern Toe. Rugby Toe. Modern Toe. Modern Toe. Spanish Opera Brookline Shape. Rugby Toe. Modern Toe.

Modern Toz. Spanish Opera

ser degree, at every crisis of life, at death. 21. Well done.—Because, in fact, he had done well. Ruler over many things.—Larger powers, more oppor-tunities, greater usefulness, was his first reward. The joy of thy Lord.— The second reward of faithfulness. It is joy like Christ's,—pure, loving, un-selfish, infinite, glorious.

26. Wicked and slothful.—The true reasons for his condent. Thou knew-

reasons for his conduct. Thou knewest.-You are convicted on your own

27. Usury.-Interest, money paid for the use of money. The word "usury" is now employed to denote unlawful or exorbitant interest.

28. Take . . . the talent from him.— Unfaithfulness leads to the loss of what is entrusted to us. 29. Every one that hath.—Use well what he has, and thus, only, really

Learn by heart vs. 20, 21, 29; Rev. 2: 10, 28, Suggestive questions for written and oral answers:

Subject:-The Right and Wrong Use of Life. Introduction.—To whom was this parable spoked? Under what circumstances? In what place? Compare its object with that of the ten virgins.

I. The Householder and His Servants (vs. 14, 15,)—Whom does the householder represent? Meaning of the far country? How much is a talent? What, and how much did he entrust to his servants? Name some of the talents God has entrusted to you.

II. The Man with Five Talents (vs. 16-21).—What did the man with five talents do with his money? How can we increase our powers and usefulness? Give some examples. In what three ways was he rewarded? Illus-trate from the life of Joseph and of III. The Man with Two Talents (vs.

18, 22, 23). What did this man do? Was the reward selfish, or only enlarged opportunity? How did his reward differ from that of the other? IV. The Man with One Talent (vs. his talent? In what three ways did he suffer loss? Is this a true picture of life? What is represented by burying the talent in the earth? Was this man's excuse good? What lessons de you learn from his conduct and fates

OTTAWA

Considerable Indignation Over the Government's Action Re the

Memorial Service. OTTAWA, Jan. 30.-The talk of the today has been over the friction between the governor general and the government consequent upon the slight put upon the King's representative and his advisers. The feeling over the matter has been intensified by an official communication to the newspapers from government house, a communication called forth by statements in certain newspapers that the government had vetoed the state ceremonial of Saturday because Lord Minto was arranging for the function on his own responsibility. The statement referred to is as fol-

ows:

we are authorized to contradict the statement that the governor general had arranged for a state funeral at Christ church cathedral indepenently of the advice of his ministers. We of the advice of his ministers. We are informed that the proposed arrangements were fully considered by His Excellency together with his advisors, and approved by them."

Archdeacon Rogers, who is representing the bishop at Ottawa, in arranging for the service said: The idea originated with the bishop and the clergy to hold a service just as ether denominations were holding

"In reference to a memorial service

services. The governor general, he understood, was invited to attend, but not because the dergy entertained any idea that the Anglican church is in any way a state church. The clergy, he says, recognize that the Anglican church in the colonies is in no better or worse position than any other religious body. The trouble seems to have arisen, he says, through the word "state" having crept into the militia orders regarding the ar-rangements for the function.

The grit organ cannot assent to the position taken by the government. It says tonight: "It is a pity that the religious ceremonials arranged for next Saturday should be marked by setty differences as to instruite and petty differences as to insignificant details, and that narrow mindedness and Phariseessm of the most pal-try character should be permitted to wet-blanket a solemn rite which commends itself to all thinking people. In the presence of a great and world wide sorrow such a catastrophe is much to be regretted."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY,

Take Lexative Brome Quinine Tablets. All tregists refund the money it it falls to sure. So E. W Grove's signature is on such hox.

WINTER

WINTER We can supply your wants for the coming season at wonderfully Low Prices.

Ladies' Undervests, 25e to 90e each. Shaker Fannel, 5e per yd. and up.

GENTLEMEN'S

Underwear (All Wool). 50c per garment and up. Top Shirts, Strong and Heavy, 48e to \$1.20. Heavy Pants, \$1 00 per pair and up. Jumpers, 55e to 85e.

Overalis, 55c to 85c. WOOL TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

SHARP & MCMACKIN, 885 Main Street, St. John. North End

WOLFVILLE, N. S., Jan. 26.- On Sunday last Rev. L. D. Morse, return-His descriptions were very

Rev. Mr. Dixon, rector of St. John's

at Robert Rand's, and Miss Downey of

the same town at Mrs. S. C. West's.

Brother of Breen is Dead at the Age of 93 Years.

tion to Sergt.-Major Cox has been postponed until February 6th.

Mrs. Eliza McGregor, whose remains

SUSSEX NEWS.

moned to the bedside of their father, W. H. White, who was stricken with

opening a branch store. He will be accompanied by H. H. Dryden, who thinks of opening a hardware store there. The people of Sussex wish them every success.

B. P. Wetmore, formerly of this place, but now with a Fredericton

the captain of the Sussex team, being

HAM.

to be held in St. Andrew's at 10.30 a.

m. Saturday.

PROVINCIAL NEWS

FREDERICTON, Jan. 29.—The Hilary term of the supreme court opened this morning and was a very impressive event. The court room was deeply and tastefully draped. All the members of the court were present, and there was an unusually large attendance of barristers, all in court costume. The term was opened by the usual proclamation by crier, except that the word "King" was substituted for "Queen" and the clerk's proclamation calling upon the sheriffs of the different counties to return the several writs, precepts, etc., directed to them in order that King's justices may proceed thereon.

The chief justice then stated that he degired that the oath of allegiance to King Edward VII. be administered to him, and after the clerk read the governor general's preclamation this was done by Judge Hanington. The chief justice then in turn administered the oath to Justices Hanington, Landry, Barker, McLead and Gregory and to T. Carleton Allen, cherk of the court. The oath was then administered by the chief's direction to the sheriff of the county of York, keeper of the King's prison; to Judge Wilson, judge of the York county court, and to the following barristers: J. D. Phinney, J. H. Barry, J. Howe Bixon, C. H. B. Fisher, Geo. W. Allen, John L. Marsh, E. B. Winslow, H. B. Rainsford, Havelock Coy, A. J. Gregory, F. St. John Bliss, C. E. A. Simonds, R. S. Crocket, Ernest McKay, A. R. Shipp, Peter Hughes and H. F. Atwood, the first named being King's counsel, and then to the

The chief justice then delivered an address, which all those who heard it agreed was one of the most elequent and impressive speeches that has ever been heard in Fredericton.

His honor paid a just tribute to the excellence of the Queen, and spoke of the love and affection felt for her by the people of New Brunswick, as well as the rest of the Empire.

J. D. Phinney, K. C., spoke for the bar. In concluding his speech he said: "While mourning the departed sovereign, we join with the bench in proclaiming our cheerful affegiance to the new sovereign and our loyal and hearty wishes for long life and prosperity to King Edward VII."

Judges and barristens added "God Save the King," whereupon Judge Wilson started the national anthem, which was heartily joined in by all pre-

The court then adjourned till next Tuesday morning, when, the chief justice announced, the docket would be taken up immediately after the hearing of common metions. All barristers were requested to appear in mourning costume with badge of crape on sheeve.

ST. ANDREWS, N. B., Jan. 28.—All Saints, the Kirk and Methodist church were draped with black at the services yesterday, and will so continue until after the funeral of our late Most Gracious Majesty. Feeling and appropriate reference was made by the preachers who occupied the pulpits in all the churches to the sad event, which overshadows the public mind to the exclusion almost of every other

A meeting of the citizens of the town, at the call of Municipal Councillors Armstrong and Wren, is to be held this evening, to prepare a pregramme for Saturiay next in connection with the Queen's funeral.

(The black cashmere and orape used

The black cashmere and orape used in trimming the churches in town was loaned for the occasion by the Messrs.

Capt. F. Andrews, who for some time past has been under treatment in St. John, was brought home by C. P. R. today, no hope being entertained of his recovery.

The remains of the late Thos. Sulfivan of Waweig were integred in the R. C. Rural cemetery here Saturday last

The sleet and frost storm of last week did incalculable injury to the forest trees, fruit trees and shrubbery throughout the county, breaking them down, and in many cases the trees and limbs thereof have fallen across the roads, making travel thereon in places difficult and dangerous.

W. J. Burton's friends are pleased to

the treatment which he is receiving in Boston for the throat treuble from which he has long suffered.

Sidney J. McMaster has been con-

fined to his bed for some days past by an attack of lumbage. G. H. O. Hatheway, parish court commissioner, is not enjoying as good health as his wide circle of friends would like. P. McCullum, the recently appointed Scott Act inspector, has already commenced the prosecution of violators of the provisions of that law.

the provisions of that law. MONCTON, N. B., Jan. 29.— The city blue book, issued today, contains some interesting statements. Mayor Summer in his review of the financial situation, says there is an overdraft at the bank of \$2,784.56, and outstanding amounts unpaid bringing the total up to \$3,754.56, against which the city has outstanding taxes good for \$2,800 and bad and doubtful, \$1,400, besides a city bond for \$1,000 retired during the year. The most interest-ing of the reports is that of the water and light department, the chairman of which, Ald. Reid, says extensive defalcations have been discovered dating back to 1895 and aming to over \$12,000, of which \$19,000 has been paid in to the city by the sate accountant. The everdraft at the Bank of Montreal at the begin-ming of the year was found to be \$14,757.26 instead of \$9,757.26, as given in the report of Ald. Grant, chairman been reduced during the year \$12,035. The special auditor, D. Carmichael of St. John, found that the amount due by consumers last year was \$8,110.25,



instead of \$15,710.43, as given in last year's report. Four bonds of £800 sterling at 9 1-2 premium (\$3,593.33) were retired during the year, and the net earnings after providing for interest and all operating expenses, amounted to \$3,366.40. This result was attained notwithstanding a large expense incurred in wiring buildings for electric light, which the city free as an inducement to its use. During the present year, under the system of annual drawings under which the water and light boards were sold, £1,000 sterling will mature and the committee do not anticipate any difficulty in paying this amount without increasing the bank overdraft. The capital account of the department shows an excess of assets over liabilities amounting to \$7,733.82.

MONCTON. Jan. 30.—Another old resident of Moncton passed away this morning in the person of Obediah Ayer, in his 80th year. Mr. Ayer was native of Sackville, but had resided in Moncton for the last 38 years, and was a familiar figure on our streets up to a few days ago. He was for many years an active worker in the First Baptist church, but of late the infirmities of age prevented him from taking much part in affairs. He leaves a widow and two sons, H. H. and E. E. Ayer. He was a near personal friend of the late William J. Lewis, who passed away a few days ago at about the

Intelligence was received here yesterday of the death of Alexander Russell, formerly of Monoton, but latterly of Nelson, British Columbia, where he was engaged in building. Death resulted in injuries from a fall. Deceased was about 30 years of age and leaves a widow in Monoton.

SALISBURY, Jan. 28.—Touching references to Her Majesty's death were made in our churches on Sunday.
On Saturday Court Salisbury, I. O.

F., through their recording secretary, Judson E. Foster, forwarded to Mrs. Maggie Bulmer at Aulac, N. B., the amount of insurance carried by her husband, the late C. S. Bulmer.

Arthur Bulmer, who recently returned from New Mexico with the remains of his brother, is now in Salisbury looking after the business in connection with his late brother's

The Methodist people of the village some little time ago organized an Epworth league in connection with the church.

The work on the new Baptist church

is progressing favorably. John Robb finished the plastering last week.

Lumber operations continue brisk in this locality! A. L. Wright & Co. have twenty teams hauling direct to their mill, although their main operations are up the streams.

John A. Henry, school teacher, son of Andrew A. Henry of Scott Road, left for Boston on Friday to undergo treatment for a lame knee.

A number of good horses are owned in this vicinity, among which might be mentioned a string of three or four ewned by A. E. Trites, Councillor Carter's mare, Geo. Wilmot's pacer, J. B. Parker's trotter, a speedy horse owned by John Kennedy, Charles T. Chapman's "Wild Harry," Henry Steeves' pacer, a trotter owned by Moses Mitton, two or three speedy animals owned by the A. L. Wright Co. and R. E. Mitton's "Sans Peur," to say nothing of a long string of others, with more or less speed.

MILLTOWN, Jan. 28.— The union memorial service held yesterday afternoon in the Congregational church was a most interesting occasion. Rev. T. D. McLean, pastor, presided. On the platform were Revs. G. C. McCully, W. J. Kirby, F. W. Murray, T. D. McLean, G. W. Ganong, M. P., and F. C. Murchle, mayor of Miltown. Mrs. Muir sang a very sweet and appropriate solo. The addresses were all excellent and the various phases of the solemn subject grandly dealt with.

G. W. Ganong, M. P., dealt with the theme: The Queen as a Ruler, E. H. Balkam with the Queen and the Peaple: Rev. G. C. McCully with the Queen a Blessing to the Nations, representing America on the platform; and Rev. W. J. Kirby with the Queen as a Christian. The choirs of the city churches all united and the favorite hymn of our present King, "Nearer My God to Thee," and "God Save the King." were sung with much power and expression. The enthre service will long be remembered by those present, who filled this beautiful sanctuary, and the clergymen of the city who arranged the programme are to be congratulated on

The pulpits and platforms of the churches were all draped with black and white, and some added the likeness of the Queen and the royal purple. Each clergyman made the occasion one for special dealing in the

pulpit yesterday.

Melville Seller, brother of Rev. J.

A. Seller, arrived here from P. E. I.
last Friday and began work in the
weave room of the cotton mill to-

There will be a memorial service held in the Methodist church on Saturday evening next at 6.30, in keeping with the national day of mourn-

A very sad thing occurred last week in Militown, Me., when a widow and her only daughter were living alone, the daughter dying rom consumption. Her death was expected every day. On Sunday last, however, the mether took cold from the open window, which was raised to give the poor suffering child fresh air, and on Tuesday took to her bed; pneumenia developed and on Saturday the mother died. The child is still living,

but cannot continue much longer.
Yesterday it rained nearly all day
and the trees are covered with ice
again from the frost of last night.
Large quantities of ice are being
hauled to St. Stephen from the mill
pond here, and it is in splendid con-

On eccount of the rain yesterday there were no services on the Old Ridge circuit, the minister not being

SACKVILLE, N. B., Jan. 29.—The meeting of the Alumnae Society, postponed by bad weather, was held Monday. The resolution was passed that a circular be issued soliciting subscriptions from old students and those interested in Mt. Allison, such monies to be used for educational purposes and known as the Mary Archibald

memorial. The sum of \$110 has already been acknowledged for this purpose in the Weslevan.

Prof. Hammond has gone to Montreal to confer with the C. P. R. authorities as to certain of his paintings appearing at the Pan-American exhibition. Prof. Hunton has received word of the death of his brother-inlaw, Mr. Moss, an artist of Ottawa. Prof. Tweedie has been called home

by a serious accident sustained by his mother. Rev. R. W. Weddall of St. John was in Sackville this week, bringing back his daughter to Mt. Allison. Ten new students are expected at the ladies' college this week.

Prof. Vincent has resumed his illus-

trated musical lectures.

The plans for the proposed new ladies' college have just been received from Burk and Horwood, Toronto. A meeting of the executive will be held

immediately regarding them.

Prof. Oetteking, violin master at Mit Allison, '98-'99, is at his home in Hamburg ,devoting himself to musical compositions, some of which have been performed by the Royal Court orchestra at Berlin.

turned missionary from China, spent two days in Sackville last week to see her brother at the university. Mrs. Palmer of the Academy is in Fredericton in consequence of illness of her mother and sister.

Dr. Maud Killam of Yarmouth, re

GASPEREAUX STATION, Queens Co., Jan. 28.—A very interesting entertainment was held in the Orange hall on Tuesday night, when a very large crowd was in attendance.

Abner M. Kirkpatrick lost one of his fine horses recently. Geo. S. Harren

is sick with la grippe.

Wm. L. Bell is visiting friends here.

He expects to return soon to Juvenile settlement.

settlement. HOPEWELL HILL, Jan. 28,-The service at St. John's Church of England last evening was largely attend ed, and was of especial impressivenes on account of the recent death of the Queen. The chancel arch, lectern, altar and pulpit were draped in black, and music appropriate to the occasion was rendered, including the anthem, Rest in the Lord, which was very beautifully sung by Mrs. M. B. Dixon. For the first time the congregation listened to the prayer for "Our most gracious Sovereign Lord King Edand "Queen Alexandra, the Duke of Cornwall and York and the Duchess of Cornwall and York." the change in the ritual very forcibly recalling to mind the passing from life's stage of the honored Sovereign whos name was so familiar to church-goers The rector, Rev. Mr. Smithers, pres ed an eloquent sermon from the text: "Thou shalt grant the King long life, that his years may endure throughout all generations." A touching tribute was paid to the virtues of the dead Sovereign. At the close of the service the congregation remained standing while the organist played The Dead March in Saul. A regular memorial service will be held on Saturday morn-

ing. February 2nd.

Hanson Allen of Port Engin has arrived to take charge of the school at Riverside.

SPRINGFIELD, Kings County, Jan. 24.—The scholars of the Baptist Sunday school of Springfield Corner held their concert and Christmas tree on New Year's night, and a very enjoyable time was spent. Each scholar was presented with suitable gifts.

There has been quite a boom in real estate in this part of Kings of late T. Stewart, merchant, of Stewarton, has purchased the lot of timber land known as the DeVeber lot and also the John Schofield farm. Jacob Thorne has bought the Smith farm from J. A. S. Kierstead and John Oglivie has bought the R. A. Mealey farm. Jonathan Carlile has bought a timber lot, and is extensively engaged in the cordwood trade. Andrew Mc Adoo has bought a timber lot. E. Ball, the famous well borer, has bought a two hundred acre lot and is getting 20 acres cleared ready for the harrow. J. W. Gilchrist has the job. Gallagher and Carlile are doing a hustling lumber business, and Yandel and J. A. Urquhart are doing

a rushing business in cordwood.

CAMPOBELLO, Charlotte Co., Jan.
24.—On Sunday the people here heard with regret of the death of William Calder, who had been in poor health for a month. The deceased was in the seventy-sixth year of his age.

On Tuesday night the death took place of Mrs. Bessie A. Lank, daughter of the late Wm. Calder, aged 26 years. 4 months, 10 days. She is sur-

daughters and a host of friends.

For 75 cents cash in advance the Semi-Weekly Sun will be sent to your address for one year.

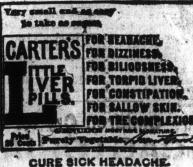
vived by a kind husband, two small

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

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See Pac-Simile Wrapper Delaw.



P. E. ISLAND.

Annual Meeting of the Island Insurance Co.

Forestric Elections — Marriages and Deaths — General News—The Death of the Queen.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., Jan. 25.—Ewen MacMillan, a graduate of Guelph agricultural college, delivered a lecture in New Haven hall on the 23rd instant. John E. Devereaux presided.

Philip Strickland, son of Thomas Strickland of this city, died Thursday, aged 23 years. He had been for several years in the employ of B. & M. Ruttenbury, pork packers, of this city, and latterly accepted a position with Davis & Fraser, wholesale pork packers of Halifax. His death was due to pneumonta.

A large and representative meeting of the citizens was held in the provincial bulding on Wednesday last to consider the steps to be taken toward the proper observance of the death of the Queen. It was decided to hold nemorial services in the churches on Sunday, and to have the churches draped. It was also arranged that en the day of the Queen's funeral special services be held in the city churches and the day kept as a public holiday. The meeting further decided that a fitting expression of the people's sorrow be sent to England, and a telegram embodying that decision was sent, signed by the lieutendn't governor, premier, and mayor of Charlottetown. On the previous day on receipt of the news of the Queen's death, bells were rung, flags hung at half most schools dismissed and the supreme court, then in ses

sion, adjourned.

The death occurred in this city on the 24th instant of Capt. Archibald McLain, for upwards of thirty years the keeper of the light at the Block House at the entrance to Charlottetown harbor. Deceased, who was in this 74th year at the time of his death, received his appointment under the late Hon. George Coles in 1867.

At the opening of the new hall at

Hampton last week, the handsome sum of \$102 was realized.

The manual training exercises have been begun in Prince of Wales College under the efficient directorship of Prof. Collier. The manual training room is 42 x 26 1-2 feet, and is equipped for a class of twenty stu-

James McCarthy of Mount Stewart, who left recently for Florida, was wafted upon by the people of the village previous to his departure and presented with a gold watch and a kindly worded address.

At the annual meeting of St. James' Presbyterian church it was shown that the total receipts during the year were \$6,610.07, and that all departments of church work were in a satisfactory condition under the pastorate of Rev. T. F. Fullerton.

W. H. Prowse and Mrs. Prowse of Murray Harbor, left this week on an extended visit to Florida. George Finlayson, son of Captain Finlayson of the s. s. Minto, has gone to Bellows Falls, Vermont, where he

intends residing.

A meeting of the directors of the Cold Storage and Fishermen's Association of Souris was held on the 19th instant. The following directors were appointed: John McLean, Thos. Kickham, H. H. Acorn, F. E. Morrow, Capt. Wm. McDonald, Geo. B.

McBachern and J. J. Hughes.
Chas. Dalton has been nominated in the first district of Prince county to oppose Hon. B. Rogers, minister of agriculture. Attorney General Arthur Peters and J. H. Cummiskey, commissioner of public works, were elected by acclamation.

Georgie Sobey of Georgetown was married Wednesday morning to Edward Meehan of Halifax, engineer of the cruiser Acadia. Lena Bell, the thirteen year old

Lena Bell, the thirteen year old daughter of Theophilus Burhol of Alexandria, died of diphtheria Sunday.

The Teachers' Institute of Char-

The Teachers' Institute of Charlottetown has elected the following officers: President, Miss McMurray; secretary, R. E. Smith; executive committee, J. D. Seaman, E. Bonness, Miss Fennessey, E. Stewart, J. O. Arsenault.

Mr. and Mrs. McArthur of Maple Creek, N. W. T., are visiting friends in Hunter River. Mr. McArthur owns a large ranch in Maple Creek. They leave shortly on return, intending to visit Boston and New York en route. At the annual meeting of the P. E. Island Fire Insurance Company it was shown that during the year 179 new policies were issued for \$103,210, on which \$1,016.65 were paid. The following are the directors for the ensuing year: Murdoch McLeod, president; H. A. Stewart, vice-president; James Barclay, Cyrus Crosby, P. C. Lerd, C. D. Bell, Alex. Campbell.

D. Bell, Alex. Camabell.

At the last meeting of Court Prince
Bidward, I. O. F., Kensington, the following officers were installed: H. C.
R., Dr. McKay; C. R., Gerden Tuplin;
P. C. R., John K. McKay; V. C. R.,
N. H. Carruthers; A. S.; Isaac Lowther; P. S., J. W. Tuplin; treasurer,
A. S. Raby; S. W., John Thompson;
J. W., Aifred Delaney; S. B., J. W.
Carruthers; J. B., R. J. Whitehead;
marshal, H. R. Mease; court physician, Dr. McKay; court deputy, R. F.

The hockey fever is running high in P. H. Island this winter. Three senior teams are in the race for the trephy. The Victorias have two sames out of six to their credit, the Crystais of Summerside one, and the Abbies, for several years the champions of the Island, have none. The indications are that the Senior Victorias and the Junior Crystais will be the winners.

Gavin McLure died at his home at Murray Harbor on Sunday last. He was a native of Scotland and came to this island when a hoy. He engaged

Murray Harbor on Sunday last. He was a native of Scotland and came to this island when a boy. He engaged largely in shipbuilding and was considered a workman of the first rank, ships from his yard having visited all parts of the civilized world. The funeral cortege was unusually large.

Many friends, especially in military

regret to learn of the continued illness of Lt. Col. McLeod of Hunter River. He is now undergoing treatment in the P. E. Island hospital.

Last Sunday was the coldest day experienced for several years in this province. At Charlottetown the mercury was 18 below; at Summerside, 16; at Alberton, 22; at Georgetown, 24.

The second building of the smoked herring establishment at Georgetown has been completed. About 3,000 barrels of herring will be required at this

factory next spring.

Mrs. Wm. Crabbe of this city died
Sunday evening after a lingering illness. Her family are: Mrs. W. J. Robertson, St. John; Mrs. Geo. Auld,
Charlottetown, and Ernest Crabbe of
Dawson City.

The Charlottetown Driving Park and Exhibition Association has had a successful year. At their annual meeting a dividend of seven and a half per cent. was declared, making an average dividend for the twelve years of the association's existence of one and a quarter per cent. During the year \$1,500 had been exepnded on enlarging and improving the buildings. The following directors were appointed: F. L Haszard, Patrick Blake, C. C. Gardiner, R. R. Fitzgerald, J. J. Davies, F H. Beer, A. B. Warburton. A resolution was passed in favor of annual exhibitions.

Mrs. George Buxton of Cape Traverse died on Wednesday last after a lingering illness.

J. B. McLeod, a native of Springton, P. E. Island, has been chosen to represent the Presbyterian College, Montreal, in the collegiate debate to be

held today. The Presbyterian and the Congregational colleges are arrayed against the Wesleyan and the Diocesan.

Louisa Sellar and Robert Frizzle, the former of Charlottetown, the latter of Cornwall, were married Wednesday evening.

Donald Palmer of Victoria died Wednesday, aged 84 years. Three daughters and four sons are left to mourn.

Mrs. Thomas Tuplin died at her home at Indian River Sunday, aged

69 years.

SAW THE QUEEN.

J. H. Robertson, of This City, Dined at Osborne Sept. 20th.

J. H. Robertson, of this city, one of the returned soldiers of the first contingent, who was invalided to England last fall, saw the late Queen in Frank James's Convalescent Home in Isle of Wight, and on Sept. 20th had the honor, with six imperial soldiers, of dining with Her Majesty at Os borne, where they also saw Princess Beatrice, Princess Christian, Duchess of York, Prince Albert of York, and the present King Edward. After dinner the party were photographed by Princesses Louise, Beatrice and Chris tian. The soldiers were shown through different parts of Osborne House, and Her Majesty talked with them and wished them God speed and a safe return home.

The royal carriage, drawn by a pair of the royal greys took the party to and from the Home to Osborne. Her Majesty sent a plano down to the home with a lot of games, and in other ways manifested a sympathetic interest in "her boys."

Mr. Robertson says that the first time they saw the Queen she was going in her carriage to Whippingham church. The men saluted, and the Queen stopped, called them to her side and talked with them. Mr. Robertson himself attended service in Whipping ton church, and saw there the tomb of Prince Henry of Battenburg. This is the church where King Edward and suite attended service on Sunday last. Mr. Robertson has had an experience he will cherish always, and one that every Canadian subject of the late Queen would rejoice to have enjoyed.

A ST. JOHN GIRL.

Miss Tilly Duncan Married at Glace

A very happy event occurred here or Wednesday evening, says the Glace Bay Gazette of Jan. 25th, when Miss Tilly Duncan of St. John, N. B., and John McKenzie of the Dominion Coal company's stores were united in marriage at the residence of A. McQuarrie. The bride looked charming gowned in light flowered gray silk with chiffon and pearl trimmings and carried a bunch of chrysanthemums. ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Forbes in his usual impressive and kindly manner. A number of invited guests were present. A pleasant evening was spent and a dainty collation served by the happy couple showed the deserved popularity of both bride and groom. Mr. and Mrs. McKenzie will reside at the future hub of Glace Bay, Number 4 (the Emory), where Mr. McKenzie is employed as manager of the new company's store lately opened

A SOLDIER'S WILL.

TORONTO, Jan. 30 .- The filing of the will of Capt. Jas. Pearse of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, who died of fever in South Africa, reveals a romance. The captain was on the point of marrying Miss Sybil Seymour, a young lady of this city, when ordered to the front. In his will, which disposes of property valued at \$35,174, he sets aside \$12,000, the income of which is to be paid Miss Seymour during her life or so long as she remains unmarried. The balance of the estate goes to the captain's two brothers, E. V. D. Pearse of Balls' Church, England, and Capt. Pearse of the 17th Madras infantry.

GOVERNOR OF NEWFOUNDLAND.

LONDON, Jan. 80.—Sir Cavendish Boyle, K. C. M. G. (government secretary of British Gulana since 1894) has been appointed governor of Newfoundland. Sir Cavendish Boyle succeeds Sir Henry Edward McCallum, who was recently appointed governor of Natal.

Home Work-profitable-congeniareasy-on new plan. Be your own work master in your own home! and your address on post and use will sand you parlies into. Frozzer's Transcatz, Dept. 0, 10 Yangess., Yanna. PROFESSIONAL.

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HAS RESUMED HIS PRACTICE.

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AGENTS WANTED FOR "Life and Times of Queen Victoria." Liberal terms; freight paid; credit given; sample book free, send 28 cents to pay postage. Act promptly, be first in the field. THE BELL COMPANY, Dept. D., Philadelphia, Pa. 113

WANTED—Reliable Men in every locality throughout Canada to introduce our goods, tacking up show-cards on trees, fences, along roads, and all conspicuous places, also cributing small advertising matter. Commission or salary \$50.00 per month and expenses not to exceed \$2.50 per day. Steady employment to good, honest, reliable men. No experience needful. Write for full particulars. THE EMPIRE MEDICINE CO., London. Ont.



NOTICE OF SALE.

Thomas Perrin, and Minine M. E. Burchill and Edward Burchill her husband, and Ida M. Reynolds and Patrick J. Reynolds her husband, and to all sthers whom it may concern:

whom it may concern:

TAKE NOTICE that there will be sold at Public Auction at Chubb's Cerner, so called, in the City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, on SATURDAY, the Ninth day of February next, at twelve e'clock noon, "All that certain lot, piece or parcet of land situate, lying and being in the City of Isant John aforesaid, and known and distinguished on the map or plan of the said City on file in the office of the Common Clerk thereof by the number twelve hundred and seventy-six (1278), the said lot having a frontage on the south side of Britain Street of forty feet, more or less, and extending back preserving the same width one hundred feet, more or less, together with the imprevements, privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging or appertaining."

appertaining."
And also "All that certain other lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being on the south side of Britain street, in the 'City of Saint John aforesaid, said lot being known on the map or plan of the said City by the number twelve hundred and seventy-two, and having a frentage on Britain 'Street of forty 140 feet, and extending southerly at right angles to said Britain Street, preserving the same breath 'as said frontage one bundred feet, more or less," together with the imprevements and appurtenances.

The above sale will be made under and by

The above sale will be made under and by virtue of a Power of Sale centained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, dated the twelfth day of December, A. D., 1896, made between the said Thomas Perrin of the one part and the undersigned Mary B. Peters of the other part, for securing the payment of certain monies therein mentioned, and registered in the Registry Office for the City and County of Saint John in Libro. 37 of records, folio 109 to 112, default having been made in the payment of the monies secured by said rortgage.

Dated the Twenty-ninth day of December, A. D. 1900.

MARY B. PETERS, Mortgages.
T. SHERMAN PETERS.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS, o

Sept. 26, 1835, says:

"If I were asked which single medicine I should prefer to take abroad with me, as likely to be most generally useful, to the exclusion of all others, I should say CHLORODYNE, I never travel without it, and its general applicability to the relief of a large number of simple ailments forms its best recommendation."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR

Diarrhoa, Dysentery, Cholera.

CAUTION.—Genuine Chlorodyne. Every bottle of this well known remedy for

CAUTION.—Genuine Chlorodyne. Every bottle of this well known remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIARRHOEA, etc., bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor—

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE

Sold by all Chemists at 1s. 11/46., 2s. '9d.,
and 4s. 6d. Sole manufacturer—

J. T. DAVENPORT



Steamer Mystic, the new coal boat for the Dominion Coal company's service between Cape Breton and Boston, sailed from Newcastle, B, on Wednesday for Louisburg. She had a capacity of 5,750 tons of seel.

NATIONAL TRADING CO., Toronto

PRINCE OF V

Talks to an Inter His Work and H on Various M

Pew Merchants or B Who Work Harder-His Favorite Reer

(Special Correspondence

ciated Press
LONDON, Friday, Jat
lowing is the substance
view with the Prince of
is to appear shortly in
gazine. There is every
lieve it is perfectly gen
understood to be the
in which his royal high
directly quoted.

Al correspondent who vileged to meet the Pren more than one occurrence with England's at Mariborough House highness's London relays ago. The Prince great frankness conce and his views on various of "A busy mandoes, and there are frankler businessmen whe than he does, and every bubile has no idea of the work he gets through he a day. It is by followethedical arrangements have been able to do so much as he time. As a matter of engagements are mad sometimes months ahe

hour, almost every min When the corresponde ed into his study at House the Prince was old fashioned pedestal the fac-simile of the or sather, the late Prince was piled high with pa a black morning coat erey trousers, square with a white spotted l and patent leather sho fingers he held the ine His greeting was kind treme. It was merely businessman smiling to some young and dan "Well, what do you say?" was his royal h

The correspondent is also questions, beginning ies about the num which the Prince attending to the published at the Prince held the recoing the largest sum of collected at one banque. "Yes, that's quite of tainly hold the reconspect," said the Prince siding at dinners, etc., of charities, especially is almost a pleasure to part which I do not proceedings is if the diself out to a consider That I do not like, and in private at home the lasts more than an house "I have read many times."

as soon as the prelim

highness has been pres correspondent, "that ye itinually smiling during ings and seemed to be self?"

"Yes," replied the Prof weariness preeping "that is where I act. knew how terribly by the inordinate length of

dimers and the speed am all the time longing you would be really But there—I must not en that subject."

"With regard to he betting, your royal his "I think horse racis sport in the world, and that it should be amount of betting whis sonally, I am strongly

practice, and I always fluence I possess to di amongst my personal ally when it is made tice of and the stakes "There are many pe that your royal highn easy life of it, and the

duties which you have attending state function

"Now, here is some you," said the prince. that I myself see eve is addressed to me, an ity of instances dict. When the mail arrives it is opened by my and sorted into three from personal friends those bearing on stathirdly, begging letter etc.—and I make it i make myself aware of each. This of itself when you take into of fact that each mornin of some hundreds of those who say mine

melign me.

Asked his opinion o rican matter, his smillingly shook his h to be drawn out, but should always remedeepest affection as heroic conduct of the sampaign.

"One more question respondent. "What

respondent. "What highness's favorite re "Shooting," he repli ly. "There is nothin than a good day's sho enly thing which take self and makes me and responsibilities of There was one most the prince made whiterest, as it bears on for although his roy not taken so much i racing since he sold epenly confesses that things which I would

to see the America's

SSIONAL.

MORRISON

D HIS PRACTICE. and Throat Only. AIN STREET.

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Victoria: Her Life and rin introduces it to Cano never sold books takerybody subseribes. Big llustrated. Low retail. Prospectus free. Hasy to BRADLEY-GARRETSON Brantford.

D FOR "Life and Times Liberal terms; freight ample book free, send 28 a. Act promptly, be first BELL COMPANY, Dept.

Men in every locality to introduce our goods, ds on trees, fences, along picuous places, also dertising matter. Com-fe0.00 per month and ex-ed \$2.50 per day. Steady d, honest, reliable men. ful. Write for full par-PIRE MEDICINE CO.,



OF SALE. and Minine M. E. Burch-Burchill her husband, olds and Patrick J. Rey-

ubb's Cerner, so called, John, in the Province on SATURDAY, the ry next, at twelve o'clock

Ill be made under and by of Sale centained in a of Mortgage, dated the ember, A. D., 1899, made fhomas Perrin of the one signed Mary B. Peters of securing the payment of rein mentioned, and registry Office for the City int John in Libro. 37 of 112, default having been at of the monies secured.

ninth day of December

LIS BROWNE'S

which single medicine I take abroad with me, as generally useful, to the others, I should say never travel without it, plicability to the relief of simple ailments forms its

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Coal company's serpe Breten and Bos-Newcastle, M., on pulsburg. She bad a

PRINCE OF WALES.

Talks to an Interviewer of His Work and His Views on Various Matters.

Few Merchants or Business Men Who Work Harder-Shooting His Favorite Recreation.

(Special Correspondence of the Asso-

LONDON, Friday, Jan. 11.-The following is the substance of an interview with the Prince of Wales, which is to appear shortly in a London magazine. There is every reason to believe it is perfectly genuine, and it is understood to be the first interview in which his royal hghness has been directly quoted.

A correspondent who has been privileged to meet the Prince of Welles en more than one occasion, had an intrview with England's future King at Marlborough House, his royal highness's London residence, some days ago. The Prince talked with great frankness concerning himself and his views on various subjects.

If anyone ever deserved the appel lation of "A busy man," the Prince does, and there are few city merchants or businessmen who work harder than he does, and even the London public has no idea of the quantity of work he gets through in the course of a day. It is by following a most methodical arrangement that he is shie to do so much as he does in the time. As a matter of fact, all his engagements are made weeks and ometimes months ahead, and every hour, almost every minute, is mapped

When the correspondent was usher ed into his study at Marlborough House the Prince was seated at an eld fashioned pedestal writing desk the fac-simile of the one used by his father, the late Prince Consort, which was piled high with papers and documents of all descriptions. He wor a black morning coat and vest, dark erey trousers, square fronted collar, with a white spotted black bow tie, and patent leather shoes, and in his fingers he held the inevitable cigar. His greeting was kindness in the extreme. It was merely like an elderly businessman smiling kindly welcome to some young and daring intruder. "Well, what do you want me to say?" was his royal highness's query

as soon as the preliminary greetings The correspondent launched forth his questions, beginning with inquirabout the numerous dinners which the Prince attended, and alluding to the published statement that the Prince held the record for obtaining the largest sum of money ever

collected at one banquet. "Yes, that's quite correct. I certainly hold the record in that respect," said the Prince. "And presiding at dinners, etc., for the benefit of charities, especially Masonic ones, is almost a pleasure to me; the only part which I do not like about the proceedings is if the dinner drags itself out to a considerable length. That I do not like, and when dining in orly te at home the meal lasts more than an hour."

"I have read many times in reports of dinners, etc., at which your royal highness has been present," said the correspondent, "that you were continually smiling during the proceed-ings and seemed to be enjoying your-

"Yes," replied the Prince, a shade of weariness freeping into his eyes, "that is where I act. If only you knew how terribly bored I am by the inordinate length of some of the dinners and the speeches, and how I am all the time longing to get away, you would be really sorry for me. But there—I must not say too much

"With regard to horse racing and betting, your royal highness?" "I think horse racing is the finest sport in the world, and I only regret that it should be harmed by the amount of betting which goes on. Personally, I am strongly adverse to the practice, and I always use what in-fluence I possess to discountenance it amongst my personal friends, especially when it is made a regular prac

tice of and the stakes are large. "There are many people who think that your royal highness has a very life of it, and that the hardest duties which you have to perform are attending state functions, etc."

"Now, here is some information for you," said the prince. "Do you know that I myself see every letter which is addressed to me, and in the majority of instances dictate the reply?
When the mail arrives in the morning it is opened by my secretary's staff and sorted into three groups—letters from personal friends and relatives, bearing on state affairs, and, thirdly, begging letters and petitions, etc.—and I make it my business to make myself aware of the contents of each. This of itself is no light task, when you take into consideration the fact that each morning's mail consists of some hundreds of letters. So that those who say mine is an idle life

Asked his opinion on the South African matter, his royal highness smilingly shook his head and refused to be drawn out, but he said that he should always remember with the deepest affection and regard the heroic conduct of the troops in the

"One more question," said the cor-respondent. "What is your royal highness's favorite recreation?" Shooting," he replied unhesitating

ly. "There is nothing I like better than a good day's shoot. It seems the only thing which takes me out of myself and makes me forget the cares and responsibilities of my position." There was one more remark which the prince made which will be of interest, as it bears on the America cup for although his royal highness has not taken so much interest in yacht racing since he sold the Britannia, he epenly confesses that "There are few

things which I would like better than

to see the America's cup come home

VICTORIA'S REIGN

Light of the century blending With the light of the glorious past The splendor of sunset unending O'er the reign of Victoria cast.

Written well are three score pages,
In the story of the ages,
And their penmen, babes and sages,
Seers and cynics, saints and Sinners,
Writ in blood by all beginners,
Wrought in deed by all the winners,
And there is seen throughout the tale
The purpose and the good avail,
The work of her, who, nobly born,
Her duty loved too well to fill
In proving that a woman frail
By grace an empire may adorn.

III. Now sunshine, now shadow, alike upon her have they fallen,

As on the lowliest,
Yet brave in shadow and true in sunshine
hath she been,
Seeking, as Queen, the best.

IV.

Not for her sov'ran years alone

Nor the greatness of her throne

Shall she be known,

But for her purity of place, Her woman heart and gentle grace

And kindly face.

Where 'er her mother tongue be spoke,
This sovereign of the common folk
Shall joy evoke.

And future times shall gage their gain
By measures of the large attain
Of her great reign.

Light of the future, supernal, Reading the clouds of the past, The splendor and suprise eternal On the name of Victoria cast!

CHRONOLOGY OF VICTORIA'S REIGN. 1819-Future Queen born, May 24. 1887-Accession to throne, June 20. 1838—Coronation, Westminster Abbey, J 28. Transatlantic steam navigation

1838 Madman arrested trying to enter Buck-ingham Palace. Anti-Corn Law Leegue formed. British forces occupy Cabul. British took possession of Aden.

1846—Queen married to Prince Albert, February 10. Insane potboy tries to shoot King and Queen, June 10. Cheap postage introduced in England. Princess Royal born, later Empress Frederick, November 21. British and Austrian expedition to Syris. Mehemet Ali sues for peace. 1841—Sir Robert Peel succeeds Lord Mel-bourne as Premier. Prince of Wales born, November 9. Successful insur-rection in Cabul. British take Canton and Amoy.

1848—Join Francis tried to shoot Queen, May 30. John William Bean pointed pistel at Queen, July 8. British withdrew from Afghanistan. Hong Kong ceded to England. Chinese ports opened. British took Boer Republic in Natal.

1848—Princess Alice Maud Mary born, April 25. Scinde annexed to British India. Queen and Prince Albert visit King and Queen of France. Prince Alfred born, August 6. Louis Philippe visits Outseen 1845—Seals of colonial office given to Mr. Gladstone. England and France made war on dictator of Argentine Republic. Outbreak first Sikk war.

1846—Princess Helena born, May 25. Anglo-American treaty settling Northwest boundary of United States. Great famine is Ireland. Corn laws repeat-ed. Sikhs defeated, ceded territory to

1847—Queen headed Irish famine sabscrip-tion. 1848—Princess Louise born, March 13. Queen and Prince Albert visit fugitive French royal family at Claremont. Great chartist demonstration, London. Insurrection in Iraland attempted. Outbreak second Sikh war. Orange River sovereignty occupied. Boers established Transvaal Republic.

1348—Hamilton fired at Queen. Queen first visited Ireland. Sikhs defeated. Pun-jaub annexed to British India. Prince Arthur born, May 1. Robert
Pate attacked Queen with stick.
Clayton-Bulwer treaty comeluded.
Taiping rebellion, Caina.

1851—Queen opened great Exposition.
mah provoked British hostilities. 1852—First Derby Ministry succeeded Rassell administration. Aberdeen succeeded Derby. London protocol on succeeded in Denmark and Schleswig-Holstein. British victories in Burmah. Pegu acquired.

1852—Prince Leopold born, April 7. Royal family visited Ireland. 1854—Crimean war formally begun by declar-ation of England and France against Russia.

1854 British-Japenese treaty. British permitted Orange River Republic. Commander McClure accomplished northwest passage.

mander McCure accomplished Action
west passage.

1856—French Emperor and Empress visited
Queen at Windsor and visit returned
in Paris. Palmerston succeeded Aberdeen as Premier. Livingstone discovered Victoria Falls.

Treaty of Paris ended Crimean War.
Oude annexed to British India. Outbreak second war, England against
China. Persians occupied Herat, involved in war with government of
India, successfully ended by British
next year. next year.

1857—Outbreak of Indian mutiny. Canten occupied by British and French. Princess Beatrice born, April 14.

Second Derby Ministry succeeded Palmerston. Hebrew disability in Britain removed. Indian mutiny virtually suppressed and government transferred from East India Company to Crown. Tresty with China. Queen congratulated American President over new transatlantic cable, August 23.

1859—Queen's first grandchild, now Emperor William II., born January 27. Palmerston succeeded Derby as Premier, June. Dimculties with China. -Invitation of President Buchanas for Prince of Wales to risit America ac-cepted by Queen. Anglo-French ex-pedition occupied Pekin.

Duchess of Kent, Queen's mother, died.
Queen's third visit to Ireland. Prince
Consort died, December 14. England,
France and Spain sent fleets to Mex-

1862—United States granted British demand for release of Mason and Slidell. 1863—Prince of Wales married, March. 10.
France declared war on Mexico; England and Spain withdraw forces. Britain renounced renunciation of protectorate over Ionian Islands. 1864—Baker discovered Lake Albert Nyanza.

1865—Measures taken to suppress Fenians in Ireland. Palmerston died. Russell Premier for second time. 1866—Queen thanked Mr. George Peabody,
American philanthropist, fer gifts of
\$1,750,000 to London poor. Fenians attempted invasion of Canada. Russell
resigned. Third Derby Ministry. Successful establishment of telegraphy
between Europe and America.

1867—Fenian insurrection in Ireland. Dominion of Canada constituted. Reform act passed. Outbreak of Abyssinian war, ended next year.

1863—Disrael's succeeded Derby as Premier.
Reform act for Scotland and Ireland.
Gladstone succeeded Disraeli. 1369—Irish Church disestablished, to take effect 1871. Pacific Rallway and Sues Canal completed. Canal completed.

1878—Empress Eugenie visited Queen. Irish
Land act. Elementary Education act
for England and Wales. Baker led
expedition up the Nile.

expedition up the Nile.

Former Emperor Louis Napoleon visited Queen. Treaty of Washington to settle the Alabama question. Stanley found Livingstone. Grave condition of Queen's health announced, and Prince of Wales had typhoid fever.

1872—Queen present at thanksgiving for Prince of Wales' recovery. America obtains the Alabama award. Ballot bill passed.

1874—Disraeli succeeded Gladstone as Premier. Britain annexed Fiji Islands. Ashantee war ended. 1875—Britain bought Sultan's share in Suez

1876—Queen proclaimed Empress of India in London. Constantinople conference opened; closed next year.

1877—Queen received General Grant. British took Transvaal Republic.

1878—Britain occupied Cypress. Treaty of Berlin. War against Afghanistan.

1878—War against Zulus. Queen's first greatgreat-grandchild born. Princess Charlotte of Sane-Meiningen, May 12. Gladstone succeeded Beaconsfield as Premier. Active agrarian movement in Ireland. Roberts entered Kandahar. Transvaal uprising.

1881—Queen telegraphed sympathy on President Garfeld's death and court went into mourning. British defeated by Boers at Majuba Hill, autonomy granted. Irish Land bill passed. Parnell imprisoned. Land League manifesto. British excuated Kandahar. Mahdi revolt in Soudan.

1882—Roderie Maclean shot at Queen. Buropeans massacred in Alexandris. War against Arabi Pacha, who was defeated. Parnell released. Lord Cavendish murdered in Dublin. Irish National League formed.

1883—Queen injured by slipping on stairs.

1884—Gordon shut up in Khartoum. Franchies bill passed.

1886—Irish dynamite outrages in London. Mahdi captured Khartoum, Gordon killed. British force withdrawn from Soudan. Death of Mahdi. British prepare to meet Russian advance on Herat; settlement effected. Riel rebellion in Canada. Salisbury succeeded Gladstone as Premier. Conquest of Burmah. Canadan Pacific Railway completed.

sumpleted.

1836—Queen opened Colonial and Indian Exhibition. Burmah annexed. Gladstone succeeded Salisbury, proposed home rule and was succeeded by Salisbury.

1857—Queen's Jubilee celebrated. Queen sent Duke of Norfolk to congratulate the Pope on his ecclesiastical jubilee.

1838—Queen present at celebration of Prince of Wales' silver wedding. Fisheries treaty with United States rejected by Senate. Osman Digna defeated near Suakim.

1839—British collision with Portugal in Southeast Africa. Samoan conference with

east Africa. Samoan conference with United States and Germany.

1866—Portugal yielded to British demands.

Treaty with Germany defining spheres in Africa and ceding Heligoland to Germany. Protectorate of Zanzibar assumed.

Germany. Protectorate of Zanzibar assumed.

1891—Queen reviewed French fleet. Osman Digna completely defeated.

1808—Duke of Clarence died. Agreement with United States to arbitrate Behring Sea seal fisheries dispute. Gladstone succeeded Salisbury as Premier.

1898—Queen opened Imperial Institute. Home Rule bill introduced. Behring Sea arbitration award against America. British East Africa Company defeated King of Matabeleland.

1894—Queen formally inaugurated Manchester ship canal. Prince Edward of York born, June 28. Rosebery succeeded Gladstone as Premier.

1896—Galisbury succeeded Rosebery. President Cleveland sent message to Britialin regarding Venesusian boundary dispute.

ain regarding venezuelan boundary
disputes.

Queen received Li Hung Chang. Queen
on September 28 had reigned longer
then any former British sovereign.
Britain granted American demand for
venezuelan arbitration. Jamestown
raid. Ashantees compelled to accept
British sovereigaty. Kitchener occupied Dongola.

Queen's "Diamond Jubilee" eelebrated.
Senata rejected Anglo-American general arbitration treaty. Autonomy of
Crete declared by powers. Grand
Duchees Tatiana of Russia, Queen's
thirtieth great-grandchild, born. Revolt of Indian hill tribes on Afghan
frontier.

rott of Indian alli tribes on algues,

1896—Two cent postage went into effect between Britain and colonies.

1896—Dervish force surrendered. Venezueiaa arbitration sward a compromise. Transvaal declared war October 11; colonies railied to support Britain. Agreement with America and Germany for partition of Samos.

1986—Queen welcomed in Ireland. International arpeditions occupied Pekin. Punitive expedition against Ashantees, Australian colonies formed. Commonwealth of Australia. Transvaal and Orange Free State annexed.

DESCENDANTS OF THE QUEEN. List of Her Majesty's Children and

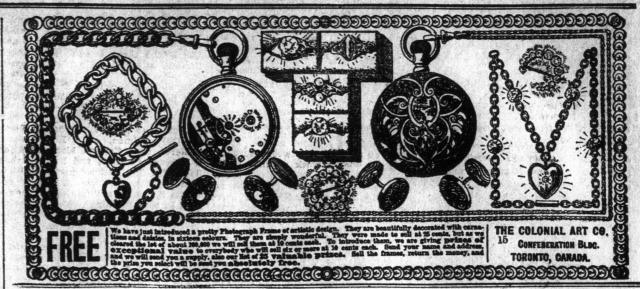
After the death of Prince Albert, the

Corner to the Monthly Children of Prices Albert, the date of the Corner to the Corner

8. Alice Maud Mary, born April 25, 1843, married July 1, 1862, to Louis IV., Grand Duke of Hesse, died Dec. 14, 1878, their children being Victoria Alberta, born April 5, 1863, married April 30, 1884, to Prince Louis of Tattenburg; Elizabeth, born Nov. 1, 1864, married Jun 15, 1834, to the Grand Duke Sergius of Russia; Irene, born July 11, 1884, married May 24, 1888, to her cousin, Prince Henry of Prussie; Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, born Nov. 25, 1885; Frederick, born Oct. 4, 1870, died June 29, 1872; Alix Victoria, born June 6, 1872, and Mary, born May 24, 1874, died Nov. 14, 1878.

4. Alfred Ernest Albert, Duke of Edinburg and Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, born Aug. 6, 1844, died July 30, 1900. He was admiral of the fleet, and was married Jan. 22, 1874, to the Grand Duchess Maria of Russia, having issue: Alfred, born Oct. 15, 1874, who died Oct. 6, 1899; Maria, born Oct. 29, 1875, married Jan. 19, 1893, to Ferdinand, Crown Prince of Roumania, and has issue Carol, born Oct. 15, 1893, and a daughter; Victoria Melita, born Nov. 25, 1876; married April 19, 1894, to Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, and has issue: Alexandra, born Sept. 1, 1872; married in 1896 to Ernest, hereditary Prince of Hobenlohe-Langenburg, and Beatrice, born April 20, 1884.

5. Helena Augusta Victoria, born May 25, 1846, married July 5, 1866, to Prince Frederick



Christian of Schleswig Holstein, having a son; Christian V., lieutenant Royal Rifles, born April 14, 1867; Albert J., born Feb. 26, 1889; Victoria L., born May 3, 1870; Louisa A., born Aug. 7, 1872, married July 6, 1891, to Prince Aribert of Anhalt, and Harold, born-May 12 and died May 20, 1876.
6. Louis Caroline Albert, born March 18, 1848, married March 21, 1871, to John, Marquis of Lorne.

quis of Lorne.

7. Arthur, Duke of Connaught, born May 1, 1850, Heutenant general in command at Portsmouth; married March 13, 1879, Princess Louisa Margaret, daughter of the late Prince Frederick Charles of Prussis, having had children; Margaret, born Jan. 15, 1882; Arthur, born Jan. 13, 1883; Victoria Patricia, born March 17, 1886.

8. Leopold, Duke of Albany, born April 7, 1853, married April 27, 1882, to Princess Heien, daughter of the Prince of Waldeck, died March 28, 1884, his children being Alice May, born Feb. 25, 1883; Leopold Charles Edward George, Duke of Albany, born July 19, 1884.

9. Beatrice Mary Victoria Feodora, born April 14, 1857, married July 23, 1885, to Prince Henry Maurice of Battenburg (deceased), having had children; Alexander Albert, born Nov. 25, 1886; Victoria Eugenie Julia Ena, born Oct. 24, 1887; Leopold Arthur Louis, born May 11, 1889, and Maurice Victor Donald, born Oct 3, 1891.

Beside these relatives there is a number of descendants, her uncle, the Duke of Cambridge, and also the Duke of Cumberland. Also a number of nephews and nleees by her half-sister, daughter of her mother, the Duchees of Kent, by her first husband. Enrich Charles, Prince of Leningen, and by her half-brother, son of the Duchess of Kent.

SHIPPED FROM ST. JOHN.

HALIFAX, Jan. 29.-William Crosby, who shipped on the Lake Ontario at St. John as a cattleman for a trip to England, was landed at Halifax sick and sent to the hospital, where he died today. The man is believed to have been poisoned by his own hand while on the passage from St. John to this port. He was found unconscious be tween decks. Crosby apparently had been a person above the average condition of life.

BELLEFONT, Pa., Jan. 28.—Wm. Boorman was instantly killed and three othermen were injured in a head-on collision to day between a shifting engine and a work

SHERIFF'S SALE.

There will be Sold at Public Auction, on SATURDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1901, at fifteen minutes pas twelve o'clock in the afternoon, at Chubb's Corner (so called), in the City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, all the estate, right, title and interest of John K.





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THE SCIENTIFIC PUBLISHING COMPANY, P. O. Box, 1888, New York, 258 Broadway.

THE ST. JOHN



EXECUTORS' NOTICE

All persons having any claim against the Estate of the late JANE LYNE, of Barnes-ville, Kings County, N. B., are hereby requested to present the same, duly attested, within three months from the date of this notice. And all persons indebted to the estate are hereby required to make immediate payment to us.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

Advertise in the Semi-Weekly Sun.

MENDING THE NETS

Dr. Talmage Describes the Gospel Net and Its Repair.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.-In this discourse Dr. Talmage describes the gospel net and how it is to be repaired after being damaged; text, Matthew iv, 21, 'James, the son of Zebedee, and John, his brother, in a ship with Zebedee, their tather, mending their nets."

"I go a fishing!" cried Simon Peter to his comrades, and the most of the apostles had hands hard from fishing tackle. The flaheries of the world have always attracted attention. In the third century, the queen of Egypt had for pin money \$470,000 received from the fisheries of Lake Moeris. And, if the time should ever come when the immensity of the world's population could not be fed by vegetables and meats of the land, the vegetables and means of the land, the sea has an amount of animal life that would feed all the population of the earth and fatten them with a food that by its phosphorus would make a gen-eration brainy and intellectual beyond anything that the world has ever imagined. My text takes us among the Galilean fishermen. One day Walter Scott, while hunting in an old drawer, found among some old fishing tackle the manuscript of his immortal book, "Waverly," which he had put away there as of no worth, and who knows but that today we may find some un-known wealth of thought while look-ing at the fishing tackle in the text.

It is not a good day for fishing, and

three men are in the boat repairing the broken fishing nets. If you are fishing with a hook and line, and the fish will not bite, it is a good time to put the angler's apparatus into better con-dition. Penhaps the last fish you hauled in was so large that something snapped or, if you were fishing with a net, there was a mighty floundering of the scales or an exposed nail on the side of the boat which broke some of the threads, and let part or all of the captives of the deep escape into their natural element. And hardly anything is more provoking than to nearly land a score of a hundred trophies from the deep, and when you are in the full glee of hauling in the spotted treasures, through some im-penfection of the net they splash back into the wave. That is too much of a trial of patience for most fishermen to endure, and many a man ordinarily correct of speech in such circumstances comes to an intensity of utterance unjustifiable. Therefore no good fisherman considers the time wasted that is spent in mending his net. Now, the Bible again and again represents Christian workers as fishers of men, and we are all sweeping through the sea of humanity some kind of a net. Indeed there have been enough nets out and enough fishermen busy to have landed the whole human race in the kingdom of God long before this. What is the matter? The gospel is all right, and it has been a good time for catching souls for thousands of years. Why, then, the failures? The trouble is with the nets, and most of them need to be mended. I propose to show you what is the matter with most of the nets correct of speech in such circumstances and how to mend them. In the text old Zebedee and his two sons, James and John, were doing a good thing when they sat in the boat mending

DASY TO GET IN.

The trouble with many of our nets is that the meshes are too large. If a fish can get his gills and half his body through the network, he tears and rends and works his way out, and leaves the place through which he squirmed a tangle of broken threads. in our desire to make everything so wasy we relax, we loosen, we widen. We let men after they are once in the gospel net escape into the world, and gos into indulgences and swim all around Galilee, from north side to south side, and from east side to west south side, and from east sale to west aide, expecting that they will come back again. We ought to make it easy for them to get into the kingdom of God, and, as far as we can, make it impossible for them to get out. The poor advice to many nowadays is: "Go and do just as you did before you were was not intended to be any restraint or any hindrance. What you did before you were a Christian do now. Go to you were a Christian do now. Go to all styles of amusement, read all the styles of books, engage in all the styles of behavior as before you were converted. And so, through these meshes of permission and taxity, they wriggle out through this opening and that opening, tearing the net as they go, and soon the souls that we expected to land in heaven, before we know it, are back in the deep sea of the world. Oh, when we go a fishing let us make it as easy is possible for souls to get in and as hard as possible to get out.

verbiage when it talks about self-de-nial, and keeping the body under, and about walking the narrow way and entering the straight gate and about carrying the cross? Is there to be no way of telling whether a man is a Christian except by his taking the communion chalice on sacramental day? May a man be as reckless about his thoughts, about his words, about his temper, about his amusements, after conversion as before? Alas, the words of Christ are so little heeded when He Whosever doth not bear his cross and come after me cannot be my disciple." The church is fast becoming as bad as the world, and when it gets as bad as the world it will be worse than the world by so much, as it will add hypocrasy of a most appalling kind

Furthermore, many of our nets are torn to pieces by being entangled with other nets. It is a sad sight to see fishermen fighting about sea room and pulling in opposite directions, each to get his net, both nets damaged by the irches. In such an Atlantic ocean ity there is room for all the

ermen and for millions more. There should be no rivalry between churches. Each one does a work peculiar to itself. But there are cities in this country where there is now going on an awful ripping and rending and tearing of fishing nets. Indeed all over Christendom at this time there is a great war going on between fishermen, ministers against ministers.

Now, I have noticed a man cannot fish and fight at the same time. He either neglects his net or his musket. It is amazing how much time some of the fishermen have to look after other fishermen. It is more than I can do to take care of my own net. You see the wind is just right, and it is such a good time for fishing, and the fish are coming in so rapidly that I have to keep my eye and hand busy. There are about 200,000,000 souls wanting to get into the kingdom of God, and it will require all the nets and all the ishermen of Christendom to safely land them. Oh, brethren of the ministry, let us spend our time in fishing instead of fighting. But if I angrily jerk my net across your net, and you jerk your net angrily across mine, we will soon have two broken nets and no The French revolution nearly destroyed the French fisheries, and ececclesiastical war is the worst thing possible while hauling souls into the kingdom. My friends, I notice in the text that James, the son of Zebedee, and John, his brother, were busy not mending somebody else's nets, but mending their own nets, and I rather think that we who are engaged in Christian work in this opening century will require all our spare time to mend our own nets. God help us in the important duty!

In this work of repair we need to put into the nets more threads of common sense. When we can present religion as a great practicality we will catch a hundred souls where now we catch one. Present religion as an intellectuality and we fail. Out in the fisheries there they set across the waters what are called gill nets, and the fish put their heads through the meshes and then cannot withdraw them, because they are caught by the gills. But glll nets cannot be of any service in religious work. Men are never caught for the truth by their heads; it is by the heart or not at all. No argument ever saved a man and no keen analysis ever brought a man in-to the kingdom of God. Heart work, not head work. Away with your gill Sympathy, helpfulness, consolation, love, are the names of some of the threads that we need to weave in our gospel nets when we are mending

A. 300THING OMNIPOTENCE. Do you know that the world's heart

is bursting with trouble and if you could make that world believe that the religion of Jesus Christ is a soothing amnipotence, the whole world would surrender tomorrow, yea, would surrender this hour? The day before James A. Garfield was inaugurated as president I was in the cars going from man seated near to me in the cars knew me, and we were soon in famil-iar conversation. It was just after a bereavement, and I was speaking to him from an overburdened heart about the sorrow I was suffering. Looking at his cheerful face, I said: "I guess you have escaped all trouble. I should judge from your countenance that you have come through free from all misfortune." Then he looked at me with a look I shall never forget, and whispered in my ear: "Sir, you know nothing about trouble. My wife has been in an insane asylum for 15 years." And then he turned and looked out of the window and into the night with a silence I was too overpowered to break. That was another illustration of the fact that no one escapes trouble. Why, that man seated next to you in church has on his soul a weight compared with which a mountain is a feather. That woman seated next to you in church has a grief the recital of which would make your body, mind

When you are mending your net for this wide, deep sea of humanity, take out that wire thread of criticism and that horsehair of harshness and put in a soft silken thread of Christian sympathy. Yea, when you are mending your nets tear out those old eads of gruffness and weave in a few threads of politeness and geniality. In the house of God let all Christian faces beam with a look that means welcome. Say "good morning" to the stranger as he enters your pew and and say, "How did you like the music?" Why, you would be to that man a panel of the door of heaven; you would be to him a note of the doxology that seraphs sing when a new soul enters heaven. I have in other days entered a pew in church, and the woman at the other end of the pew look-at me as much as to say: "How dare This is my pew, and I pay the rent for it!" Well I crouched in the other corner and made myself as small as possible and felt as though I had been stealing something. So there are people who have a sharp edge to their religion, and they act as though they thought most people had been elected to be damned and they were glad of it. Oh, let us

brighten up our manner and appear in gentlemanliness or ladyhood.

The object in fly fishing is to throw the fly far out and then let it drop gently down and keep it gently ris-ing and falling with the waters and not plunge it like a man-of-war's anchor, and abruptness and harshness of manner must be avoided in our attempt at usefulness. I know a man in New York who is more sunshiny and gential when he has dy spepsia than when he is not suffering from that depressing trouble. I have found out his secret. When he starts struggle and losing all the fish. In out in the morning with such depresthis land, where there are more than son, he asks for special grace to keep 70,00,000 not in the Sunday school and from snapping up anybody that day from enapping up anybody that day and puts forth additional determina-tion to be kindly and genial and by nets and all the boats and all the fish- the help of God he accomplishes it.

and the rough threads taken out and the bright threads and the golden threads of Christian geniality woven

In addition to this we need to mend our nets with more threads of patience. It is no rare thing for a fisherman to spend one whole day before he can take a St. Lawrence pike, or Ohio salmon, or a Long Island pickerel, or a Cayuga black bass, or a Delaware catfish, and he does that day after day without particular dismagement. But what a lack of patience if we do not immediately succeed in soul catching! We are apt to give it up and say, "I will never try again." Into all our nets we need to weave all along the edge and through the centre great, strong, stout threads of Christian patience. How patient God has been with us! Can we not be patient with our fellows?

Again, in mending our nets we need also to put in the threads of faith and tear out all the tangled meshes of unbelief. Our work is successful according to our faith. The man who believes in only half a Bible or Bible in spots, the man who thinks he cannot persuade others, the man who hauts, doubting about this and doubting about that, will be a fail-ure in Christian work. Show me the man who rather thinks that the garden of Eden may have been an allegory and is not quite certain but that there may be another chance after death and does not know whether or not the Bible is inspired, and I tell you that man for soul-saving is a poor stick. Faith in God and in Jesus Christ and the Holy Ghost and the absolute necessity of a regenerated heart in order to see God in peace is one thread you must have in your mended net, or you will never be a successful fisher for men. Why, how can you doubt? The rottenest thread to tear out of your net is unbelief, and the most important thread that you are to put in it is faith-faith in God, triumphant faith, everlasting faith.

MENDING THE NETS.

Oh, the important work of mending our nets! If we could get our nets right, we would accomplish more in soul saving in the next year than we have in the last 20 years. But where we shall get them mended? Just where old Zebedee and his two boys mended their nets-where you are. James and John had no time to go ashore. They were not fishing for fun, as you and I do in summer time. It was their livelihood and that of their families. They mended their nets where they were—in the ship. "Oh," says some one, "I mean to get my net mended, and I will go down to the public lively one of their scientists say about evolution and about the 'survivad of the fittest,' and I will read up what the scientists say about evolution and the street ill my net is mended." I will read up what the theologians say about advanced thought, I will reave the ship awhile, and I will go sahore and stay there till my net is mended." Do that, my brother, and you will have no net left. Instead of their helping you mend your net, they will steal the pieces that remain. Better stay in the gospel boat, where you have all the means for mending your net. What are they? Go you ask. I answer, sall you need you have where you have all the means for mending your net. That is where namely, a Bible and a place to pray. The more you study evolution and adopt what is called advanced thought, the more you study evolution and adopt what is called advanced thought, the more you study evolution and adopt what is called advanced thought, the more you study evolution and adopt what is called advanced thought, the more you study evolution and adopt what is called advanced thought, the more you study evolution and adopt what is called advanced thought, the more you study evolution and adopt what is called advanced thought, the more you study evolution and adopt what is called advanced thought, the more you study evolution and adopt what is called advanced thought, the more you study evolution and adopt what is called advanced thought, the more you study evolution and adopt what is called advanced thought, the more you study evolution and adopt what is called advanced thought, the more you study evolution and adopt what is called advanced thought, the more you study evolution and adopt what is called advanced thought, the more yound you net. That is where all who get their ashore. They were not fishing for fun,

to fish they do not catch anything. Get out of the gospel boat and go up into the world to get your net mended, and you will live to see the day when you will feel like the man who, having forsaken Christianity, sighed, "I would give a thousand pounds to feel as I did in 1820." The time will come when you would be willing to give a thousand pounds to feel as you did in 1901 These men who have given up their

religion cannot help you a bit. These dear brethren of all denomina tions, afflicted with theological fidgets, had better go to mending nets instead of breaking them. Before they break up the old religion let them go through some great sacrifice for God that will prove them worthy for such a work, taking the advice of Talleyrand to a man who wanted to upset the religion of Jesus Christ and start a new one when he said, "Go and be crucified and then raise yourself from the grave the third day." Those who propo mend their nets by secular and skeptical books are like a man who has just one week for fishing, and six of the days he spends in reading Izaak Walton's Complete Angler and Wheat-ley's Rod and Line and Scott's Fishing In Northern Waters and Pullman's Vade Mecum of Fly Fishing For Trout, and then on Saturday morning his last day out, goes to the river to ply his art. But that day the fish will not bite, and late on Saturday night he goes to his home with empty basket. Alas, alas! if when the Saturday night of our life drops on us it shall be found that we have spent our time in the libraries of wor philosophy, trying to mend our nets and we have only a few souls to re-port as brought to God through our instrumentality, while some humble gospel fisherman, his library made up of a Bible and an almanac, shall come home laden with the results, his tro-phies all the souls within 15 miles of his log cabin meetinghouse In the time of great disturbance in

Naples in 1649 Massantello, a barefoot-ed fishing boy, dropped his fishing rod and by strange magnetism took command of that city of six hundred thousand souls. He took off his fighting facket and put on a robe of gold in the presence of howling mobs. He put his hand on his lip as a signal, and they were silent. He waved his hand away from him, and they returned to their homes. Armies passed in review before him. He became the nation's idol. The rapid rise and complete supremacy of that young fisherman, Masaniello, has no parallel in all history. But something equal to that and better than that is an everyday occurrence in heaven. God takes some of those who in this world were fishers of men and who tolled humbly, but because of the way they mended their nets and employed their nets after they were mended He suddenly hoists

them and robes them and sceptres them and crowns them and makes them rulers over many cities, and He them in review. Massaniellos unhonored on earth, but radiated in heaven. The fisher boy of Naples soon lost his power, but those people of God who have kept their nets mended and rightly swung them shall never lose their exalted place, but shall reign forever and ever and ever. Keep that reward

But do not spend your time fishing with hook and line. Why did not James, the son of Zebedee, sit on the wharf at Cana, his feet hanging over the lake, and with a long pole and a worm on the hook dipping into the wave wait for some mullet to swim u and be caught. Why did not Zebedee spend his afternoon trying to catch one eel? No, that work was too slow These men were not mending a hook and line; they were mending their nets. So let the church of God not be content with saving here one soul and next month another soul brought into the kingdom. Sweep all the seas with nets -scoop nets, seine nets, drag nets, all encompassing nets, and take the treasures in by the hundreds and thousands and millions, and nations will be born in a day and the hemispheres quake with the tread of ransoming God. Do you know what will be the two most tremendous hours in our heavenly existence? Among the quadrillings of ages which shall roll on what two occasions will be to us the greatest? The day of our arrival there will be to us one of the two greatest The second greatest, I think, will be the day when we shall have put in parallel lines before us what Christ did for us and what we did for Christ the one so great, the other so little. That will be the only embarrassmen in heaven. My Lord and my God! What shall we do and what will we say when on one side are placed the Saviour's great sacrifices for us and our small sacrifices for Him: His exdle. His humiliation, His agonies on one hand and our poor, weak, insufficient sacrifices on the other. To make the contrast less overwhelming let us quickly mend our nets, and, like the Gallilean fishermen, may we be divinely helped to cast them on the right side

SHIP NEWS

PORT OF ST. JOHN

Arrived.

Jan 29-Bark Swansea, Card, for Buenos Ayres.

Sch Annie Bliss, Day, for New York.

Sch Kloka, Kerrigan, for Salem, f o.

Coastwise—Strs Centreville, Graham, for
Margaretville, Cacouna, McPhall, for Louisburg; sch Harry Morris, McLean, for Quaco.

Jan. 30.—Str Aladdin, Andersen, for Nor-

Bark Theodore H Rand, Estrade, for Val-Jan. 31.-Str St Croix, Pike, for Boston Str Concordia, Webb, for Glasgow.
Sch Viola, Ward. for New Haven.
Coastwise-Schs Alph B Parker, Outhouse,
for Tiverton; Vanity, Murray, for Musquash;
Hustler, Wadlin, for Beaver Harbor; Southern Cross, Hayes, for Digby.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

Arrived. HALIFAX, Jan 28—Ard, str Barcelona, from Hamburg for New York (and cleared); Glencoe, from St Johns, NS; Ocamo, from St John; sch Loring B Haskell, from Bay of Islands, NF, for Gloucester, Mass (for thelter, with sails torn.)
HALIFAX, Jan 28—Ard, str Maverick, from

HALIFAX, Jan 28—Ard, str Maverick, from Philadelphia.

YARMOUTH, Jan 26—Ard, str Boston, from Boston; str Bridgewater, from Halifax; str Prince Arthur, from Boston; sch Joseph Hay, from New York; sch D J Melanson, from New York.

HALIFAX, Jan 28—Ard, strs Montfort, from Liverpool, and sailed for St John; Truma, from St John for Tralee (for repairs.)

LOUISBURG, C B, Jan 29—Ard, strs Grewe, from Boston; Turret Chief, from Portland, Me: Eva, from Boston.

HALIFAX, N S, Jan 29—Ard, sch Patriot, from Gloucester, Mass, via Liverpool, NS, bound for banks, for shelter, and cleared.

Cleared. Cleared.

At Yarmouth, 26th ult, sch McClure, for New York; str Bridgewater, for Halifax; sch Joseph Hay, for St John; schs Speculator, for fishing; Latour, for Barrington; strs Beston and Prince Arthur, for Boston. Salled.

From Turks Island, Jan. 27, bark Calcium, From Turks Island, Jan. 27, bark Catchin, Smith, for Philadelphia.
From Halifax, 28th ult, str Evelyn, for Sandy Hook.
From Halifax, 28th ult, str Barcelona, for New York.
From Halifax, 29th ult, strs Evelyn, for Sandy Hook; Glencoe, for St Johns, NF.
From Louisburg, CB, 29th ult, str Turret, Chief, for Portland, Me.

BRITISH PORTS.

Arrived. At Liverpool, Jan 29, str Tunisian, from Portland.

At Tacoma, Jan 27, bark Ancona, Ferguson, from Hiego via Port Angelos.

LONDON, Jan 28—Ard, str Dahome, from St John and Hallfax, NS. Sailed.

From Bremen, Jan 29, str Pydna, Crossley, for Newcastle-on-Tyne.
From San Francisco, Jan 27, ship Sokoto,
Crosby, for Queenstown.
From New York, Jan 27, sch Morancy, for
St John; Ruth Robinson, for St Andrews.
GLASGOW, Jan 26—Sid, str Amarynthia, for St Jehn.

MANCHESTER, Jan 28—Sld, str Manches
ter Trader, from Halifax and St John.

Arrived.

SALEM, Mass, Jan 28—Ard, sch Lyra, from Boston for St John. VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass, Jan 28—Ard, brig May, from Turk's Island via New Lon-



don for Lunenburg. NS (had rough weather on trip): sch. Ruth Robinson, from Port Reading for St Andrews.

BOSTON, Jan 28-Ard, strs Anglian, from London: Memmon, from Avonmouth, Eng. VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass, Jan 27-Ard, schs Maggie Todd, from Elizabethport for Calais; B L Eaton, from Edizabethport for Eastport; Annie M Allen, from Fort Reading for St John; Helen, from do for Provincetown (latter salled.)

BOSTON, Jan 27-Ard, strs Daltonhall, from Rotterdam via West Hartlepool; Boston, from Yarmouth, NS; Prince Arthur, PORTLAND, Me Jan 27-Ard, sch Manuel R Cuzz, from St John for New York; Modoc, from Bath for do; Avis, from St John for Boston; Agnes May, from do for Go.

EASTPORT, Me, Jan 29—Ard, schs G M
Porter and Seth M Smith, from New York.
PORTLAND, Me, Jan 29—Ard, str Turret
Crown, from Sydney, CB.
VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass, Jan 29—Ard,
schs Victoria, from Elizabethport for Halifax; Frank W, from Port Reading for St
John; Phoenix, from St John for New York.
In port: Schs Chas E Sears, from Weehawken for Eastport; Ruth Robinson, from
Port Reading for St Andrews; B L Eaton,
from Edgewater for Eastport; Annie M Allen, from Port Johnson for St John; Wellman Hall, from New York for Yarmouth, N
S; Wm Jones, from Elizabethport for Boston; Annie Gus, from do for do; E Merriam,
from New York for St John; T W Allen,
from Boston for St John; T W Allen,
from Boston for St John.
At Buenos Ayres, Jan. 26, bktn Hillside,
Morrell, from Yarmouth, N S.
At Santiago de Cuba, Jan. 30, sch Helen
E Kenney, Snow, from Mobile.
At Apalachicola, Jan. 31, sch Georgia,
Longmire, from Ponce, Porto Rico.
VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Jan. 30,
Ard, schs Hunter, Clifford I White, and Abbie and Eva Hooper, from St John for New
York; Victor, from Edgewater for St John;
Oakes Ames, from do for Halifax; Avalon,
from St John for New York
BUENOS AYRES, Jan. 30,—Ard,
bark
Lancefield, Grant, from Philadelphia.
PORT ARTHUR, Texas, Jan. 30.— Ard,
str Pandosia, Grady, from Havre.

Cleared.

Cleared. At New York, Jan. 28, sch Winnie Lowry mith, for St. John. Sailed.

From Montevideo, Jan. 2, bark Nora Wiggins, McKinnon, for New York.
From Salem, Mass, 28th ult, schs Abbie and Eva Hooper, Phoenix, Avaion, Nettie I White, Falmouth, for New York.
From Boston, 28th ult, str St Croix, for Portland, Eastport and St John.
From Vineyard Haven, 27th ult, schs Welfman Hall, Thomas Borden, Ulrica R Smith.
From Boston, Mass, 27th ult, schs Mystery, for Lunenburg, NS; Moravia, for Yarmouth, NS. From Portland, Me, 27th ult, str Britannic From Portland, Me, Zith dit, ser Britania, for Louisburg, CB.

BOOTHBAY, Me, Jan 28-Sld, schs Francis Shubert, for Rockland; G M Porter, for Calais; B H King, for Eastport; Elwood Burton, for do; Walter Miller, for St John; Quetay, for de; Romeo, for do; Rosa Mueller, for do.

for do; Romeo, for do; Rosa Mueller, for do.

NEW LONDON, Cons, Jan 27—Sld, brig May, from Turk's Island for Lunenburg, N S; E L Eaton, from New Yor kfor Calais.

NEW LONDON, Conn, Jan 29—Sld, schs Victor, from New York for St John; Frank W, from do for do; Victoria, from New York for Halifax.

MACHIAS, Me, Jan 29—Sld, sch W H Waters, from Boston for St John; Frank and Ira, from Boston for do; Stella Maud, from do for do; Silver Wave, from New York for do; Madagascar, from do for do; Annie A Booth, from do for do.

BOSTON, Jan 29—Sld, strs Symra, for Louisburg, CB; Boston and Prince Arthur, from Yarmouth, NS; schs Ella and Jennie, from Grand Manan, NB; Onward, Lyra, Clifford C, and Harvard H Havey, and Chas R Flint, all for St John.

BAHIA BLANCA, Jan 26—Sld, str Leuctra, Mulcahey, for Europe.

From Salem, Mass, 29th ult, schs St

Anthony, Abbie Keast, for New York; Mar-ion, for New York; emfwyp shrdlu shrdlu th ion, for Norwalk; Flash, for Vineyard Hayen.
From Caleta Buena, Jan. 2, bark Sardhana, Crosby, for United Kingdom.
SALEM, Mass., Jan. 20.—Sld, schs Hattie E King, Lyra, Clifford C, for St John. MEMORANDA.

KINSALE, Jan 28—Ped, str Tunisias, from Portland for Liverpool.
CITY ISLAND, Jan 26—Bound south, sch Harry, from Walton, NS.
CITY ISLAND, Jan. 30.—Bound east, bark cakeside for Yarmouth, N S (come to anchor large).

Ship J D Everett, Crossley, from Sharpness for New York, all well, Jan. 26, 4 p. m., miles NE. of Hatteras.

NOTICE TO MARINERS. Portland, Me. Jan 25, 1901.
(West Penobscot Bay, Maine.)
South Breaker buoy, No. 2, a red spar, recorted adrift Jan 24, was replaced same day.

REPORTS.

LONDON, Jan 28—The British bark Alert of St John, N B, Captain Rice, from Pres-on, bound to Santos, is ashore at Southport, CHATHAM, Mass., Jan. 36.—Wind, light, southeast; thick; snow shutting in at sunset. BOSTON, Jan. 30.—Captain Baker, of the steamer H. M. Whitney, which arrived here today from New York, reports sighting the Stonehorse Shoat buoy, No. 5 A, about one-haif mile west of its proper position. He also reports the bell buoy in Poliock Rip Slue has dragged from its position and now lies half a mile out towards the channel. The gas buoy at Poliock Rip is still unighted. Capt. Baker also passed the dangerous spar off Highland Light, reported by Capt. Bond on Monday.

MARRIAGES

CRIPPS-McLHOD.—At Lower Millstream, Kings Co., Jan. 29th, by Rev. B. H. Nobles, Bdwin Orlpps and Birdle McLeod, both of Studholm, Kings County, N. B. URQUHART-RING.—On Jan. 30th, at the residence of the bride's father, St. James street, St. John, west, by the Rev. William Penna, William L. Urquhart to Ethel Lynn, daughter of Alfred J. Ring, both of this city.

DEATHS.

FLEWELLING—At her residence, Mahogany road, of pneumonia, Mrs. Mercy Flewelling, relict of the late George Flewelling, formerly of Greenwich, Kings Co. JACK—At Buctouche, on Monday, Jan. 28th, at the residence of his son-in-law, Dr. W. G. King, the Reverend Lewis Jack, in the 86th year of his age, and the 56th year of his ministry.

his ministry.

ROBINSON—On January 28th, at the house of his son-in-law, the Bishop of Fredericton, Lt. Col. Beverley A. Robinson, in the 84th year of his age.

SHERWOOD.—In Rothesay parish, Kings Co., N. B., January Zist, Charles H. Sherwood, leaving a wife and two small children.

TRIMBLE—In this city, on Jan. 31st, of bronchitis, Jsseph Trimble, aged 70 years.

TOLE—In this city, on Jan. 28th, Bridget, relict of the late Patrick Tole, aged 82 years.

Klondyke, C. J. Weldon, aged as years, WRIGHT—On Jan. 13th, at Hove, Sussex, England, Henry, eldest ron of John Wright, Esq. (late Collector of Her Majesty's Im-perial Customs at the port of Casibam, Miramichi), in the 48th year of his age. SOMETHING LIKE A LEAGUE.

The German Navy League, which was founded in 1838 upon lines similar to the British Navy League, has evidently made vast strides in a very short time, as it is stated that it now has 600,000 members and associates.—Shipping World. Children Cry for

CASTORIA

Having moved the balance of stock from Germain Street to my store 331 Main Street, I am prepared to offer some good bargains in all kinds of hardware.

A. M. ROWAN.

VOL. 24.

Rema The

Saturday's S and Thro

PORTSMOUTH, o'clock this mornin the queen were take yacht Alberta to a and conveyed to the l started for London at the boom of the gun scene was pathetic. panied by Queen Ale princesses who passed board the royal yad Albert, proceeded to Alberta in a steam King Edward boar 8.45, five minutes af liam had steamed a benta from the Hohe

The guard of honor ed of several hundr bluejackets. The co warships which tool day's pageant had under the covered the vacht to the There was a short se before the body w Duke of Connaught, of Germany, Prince naught, Prince Hen Duke of Saxe-Cobur Princess Henry of

present. The only mourning in the dresses of pring of minute guns age of the coffin to road, to which it w high by petty office yachts, preceded by Immediately behin

carried the crown, the ard and a few choice King Edward and Prince followed the came the ladies of and the admirals. The silence of this sion was broken by guns, the strains of

and the sound of the which was then fal The coffin was pland Admiral Sir Nomiral of the fleet sir ward, Queen Alexand royal family took train moved off.

ARRIVAL IN LONDON, Feb. 2.— ute guns and the tol quarter past eleven countless multitude crowding London's n daylight that the had begun its pas capital. The people for a glimpse of kings and others saw a long proces passing show of da hundred royalties and then dispersed. chimes of the city muffled dirges we Europe has seen erals than the que gorgeous spectacle of her sixty years

of those who witne pated in the ceremo sombre, wet and ch London's winter da; added to the gloom By 10.30 o'clock presented a most ance—sovereigns, p quarters staff, field officials, in mult

having gathered

episode in the Vict

so deeply impres

Driving H Pincers,

Rasps,