

BATTLE OF AISNE IS ENDED

Sir John French Sends Official Report of the Operations.

Loss Was Most Severe, British Suffering Heavily

LONDON, Oct. 18.—Field Marshal French's second report, dated October 8, concerns the operations of the British forces since the evening of September 10.

"Early in the morning of the 11th," says the report, "three corps crossed the Ourcq, further pursuit of the enemy being practically unopposed."

"From the opposition encountered by the sixth French army to the west of Soissons and two of our army corps south of Missy, and certain other indications along the line, I formed the opinion that the enemy had for the moment at any rate arrested his retreat and was preparing to contest the passage of the Aisne with some vigor south of Soissons, where the Germans are holding Mont de Paris against attack. With the assistance of artillery the 3rd Corps of the French drove them back across the river at Soissons, where they destroyed the bridges. However, heavy artillery fire showed that the sixth French army was meeting with heavy opposition all along the line."

VALOR OF QUEEN'S BAYS.

"On this day the cavalry under General Allenby reached the neighborhood of Braine and did good work in clearing the town and the high ground beyond it of strong hostile detachments. The Queen's Bays are particularly mentioned by the General as having assisted greatly in the success of this operation. They were well supported by the third division, which on this night bivouacked at Brenelle, south of the river.

LAISNE NOT FORDABLE.

"The Aisne is a sluggish stream, 170 feet wide and 15 feet deep in the centre, and is unfordable. Between Soissons on the west and Villers on the east, the part of the river attacked and secured by the British forces, are eleven road bridges. One narrow-gauge and a double-line railway run near the river.

"The position of the enemy was very strong, either for delaying action or for a defensive battle. One of the chief military characteristics is that, except for small stretches on the top of the plateau, either side cannot be seen, owing to the woods on the edges of the slopes. The tract of country above described is well adapted for concealment. The enemy so skillfully turned this to account that it made it impossible to judge of the real nature of his opposition to our passage of the river, but I have every reason to conclude that strong rear guards, at least three army corps, were holding the passages early in the morning of the 13th.

ORDER TO ADVANCE.

"On that morning I ordered the British forces to advance and make good the Aisne. The first corps and cavalry advanced on the river. The first division was directed on Chanouille, via the canal bridge at Bourg. On the right the cavalry and First Division met with little opposition, and found passage by way of the canal aqueduct, which crosses the river. This division, therefore, was able to press on, supported by the cavalry on the outer flank, driving the enemy before it."

(Continued on Page Four.)

JAPS LOSE CRUISER THRO' DEADLY MINE

(By Special Wire to the Courier)

TOKIO, Oct. 19.—(5.30 p.m.)—It is officially announced that the Japanese cruiser Takachiho was sunk by a mine in Kiao-Chow Bay on the night of October 17. One officer and nine members of the crew are known to have been saved.

The Japanese cruiser Takachiho was built in 1885 and re-fitted in 1900. She was a vessel of 3,000 tons and 300 feet long and had 46 feet beam. Her main battery consisted of eight 6-inch guns and her speed was about eighteen knots.

The Takachiho carried a crew of 357 men, only ten of whom, according to the official report, are known to have been saved. At the time she went down the Takachiho had on board a complement of 284 men.

WAR NOW A SIEGE WHICH WILL LAST UNTIL NEXT SPRING

Military Critic of the New York Herald Sums Up Situation in Both Theatres of the Conflict To-day—Favorable Outlook.

(By Special Wire to the Courier)

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—In today's review of the war situation in Europe, The Herald's military critic says:

"Reports from the eastern theatre of operations disclosed one fact which, in view of the rapid approach of winter, might be regarded as having considerable significance. It is that while not presenting an open resistance to the German proper in Poland, the Poles have adopted tactics which will interfere seriously with the military strength of the Germans. According to reports, German lines of communications have been harassed and in the many concealed ways in which a hostile people can annoy an invader, the Poles have played havoc with detached parties of German soldiery.

Reprisals by the Germans can do little, while such resistance on the part of the inhabitants cannot endanger seriously the invading force as a whole, the adoption by the Poles of guerrilla tactics will weaken considerably, if not cripple, the German offensive. The news from Poland at once recalls vividly the attempts which were factors in the ignominious crumbling of the Turkish offensive in Macedonia and also Thrace during the late Balkan campaign.

While the Bulgarian army was hammering at the Turks by the Kirik Kilisse and Lule Burgas, the guerrilla warriors did not prove themselves to be of remarkable assistance to the trained troops. It was later when the Turks attempted an orderly retreat, that their columns in some places were shattered utterly by the Komitadjis, the hillmen, whose knowledge of the topography of the country proved fatal to thousands of the Sultan's soldiers.

The reports from Poland are important also in that while they never took kindly to Russian rule the Poles regard administration of their affairs from Petrograd as preferable to the rule of Berlin. More than a hundred years ago another invader passed through their country and promised to free them from Russian domination. Poland then acquired nothing save the desolation of property and the loss of many of her sons who fell in the disastrous retreat of Napoleon's grand army.

Meanwhile, although there has been considerable activity at various points along the entire three hundred mile battle front, extending from the Carpathian range through Galicia north into Poland and to East Prussia, the torrential rains and sleet storms of early winter, which swept the districts at this period of the year, undoubtedly have interfered seriously with military operations.

It will be necessary therefore, before either side will be able to

deliver an attack in force, to wait for the advent of the frost to harden the surface of the vast stretches of swamp land and morass. The proper disposition of troops, especially artillery, where the roads are few at this time of the year, practically impassable, is an impossibility.

In the meantime, there will ensue between the two opposing armies a contest of endurance. It is certain that a large portion of the men in the field, especially the younger and inexperienced soldiers, will perish as a result of the hardships.

The measure of this loss will be restricted by the status of efficiency attained by the service troops of both sides, and what provisions have been made to ensure the health of the men in the field. Even the most perfect corps of army service troops, however, should not prevent a considerable loss in an army of such size where an active defensive must be maintained along such an extended front.

In the western theatre also snow has made its appearance, but while the Franco-British forces and the Germans in France and Belgium will have to endure the discomforts of living in the field through a winter campaign, the winter in France is not as severe as in East Prussia, Poland, and Galicia. Besides the supply trains in the west can be operated with much greater facility than across the desolate stretches, where the armies of the east are fighting.

Along the greater part of the front from the channel almost to the Swiss frontier, there is not likely to be any material change in the line before spring. On both sides of this line the defending troops will take their positions behind the works in relief, the remainder resting in the shelters, which will most likely take the form of corrugated iron huts, heated by stoves. In these the men will live in comparative comfort.

Instead of the expected drive southward of the German forces in Belgium following the fall of Antwerp and the release of the troops necessary to maintain the lines of communication, while the fortress was still in the hands of the Belgians, the Germans have lost ground almost daily in the campaign in Northern France and Belgium. From Hazebrouck, near the Belgian frontier, which they held with a force of cavalry less than a week ago, they have been forced eastward to Lille, a distance of 25 miles. The latest victory won by the allies in this field was at Armentieres.

Incidentally, the Germans were forced northward from Furnes in Belgium, and the troops that inflicted the defeat were no other than the Belgians, who do not seem to have wasted much time in resting, as was reported.

Paris Bulletin

(By Special Wire to the Courier)

PARIS, Oct. 19.—(2.52 p.m.)—The French War Office gave out an official announcement this afternoon as follows:

"In Belgium the heavy artillery of the enemy has cannonaded, but without result, the front from Nieuport to Vladloot, to the east of Dixmude."

"The forces of the Allies, and notably the Belgian army, have not only repulsed further attacks on the part of the

(Continued on Page Two)

CANADA PLANS FOR WINTER

Thirty Thousand Troops Will be Raised and Equipped.

The Contingent Will Reach 30,000 and More if Needed.

OTTAWA, Oct. 19.—With 33,000 Canadian volunteers already landed in England and 8,000 under arms guarding strategic points in the Dominion, the Government has decided to put 30,000 men into training in Canada and dispatch them to England in units of 10,000. The first 10,000 is to be sent forward in December, and immediately another 10,000 raised to take their place.

The following official statement was given out last night by Sir Robert Borden:

"During the past week the Government has continually had under consideration the organization of a second contingent. The Prime Minister, the Acting Minister of Militia and the sub-committee of the privy council had a lengthy conference on Saturday with Col. G. Washburn, chief of the general staff, and Col. Denison, adjutant-general, respecting the following questions:

"1—The defence of Canada against any probable raid or attack by land or sea.

"2—The training, organization, equipment and dispatch of further expeditionary forces.

"There is no question about the officers and men available. Many thousands throughout Canada are eager for an opportunity to go to the front. The response to the call of duty throughout the country has been most inspiring.

"Two considerations have to be taken into account in connection with the dispatching of further expeditionary forces: (a) The provision of rifles, guns, ammunition and other equipment; (b) The ability of the British Government to receive further contingents and give them the necessary final training, having regard to the enormous force which is being organized and trained in the British islands.

"All these, and many other matters were discussed at length, and after the conference the following conclusions were announced by the Prime Minister:

"The first concern of the Canadian Government is the defence of our own territory, including our ports and harbors. For this purpose about 30,000 men are under arms in Canada and are serving on garrison or outpost duty from the Atlantic to the Pacific. At important points on both coasts the defences have been strengthened and gun batteries have been mounted. Other coast and harbor defences, the nature of which it is not desirable to publish, have also been prepared. Expert military advisers of the Government advise that the force could be very rapidly increased from the active militia at a few hours' notice, and they consider that every reasonable safeguard against successful attacks has been provided as to the organization and dispatch of further contingents, the following conclusions have been reached:

"1.—From the present time until the end of the war, or so long as the war office shall deem it advisable, Canada will keep continuously in training and under arms (in addition to the 8,000 men already mentioned), 30,000 men.

"2.—As soon as arms, guns and equipment can be provided for a force of 10,000 men, that force will be dispatched to Great Britain as the first instalment of a second expeditionary force. Thereupon, additional men will be enlisted so as to keep the number under training continuously at 30,000. This process will continue from time to time; that is to say, as soon as each force of 10,000 men is armed, equipped and dispatched, another force of 10,000 will be enlisted to take its place and to bring the number in training up to 30,000.

"It is anticipated that the first force of 10,000 men will be dispatched in December, and thereafter at regular intervals similar forces will be continuously sent forward as rapidly as they can be armed, equipped and dispatched.

"4.—Including the forces on garrison and outpost duty, we shall thus have under arms or in training about 40,000 men in Canada and, until the end of the war or until the war office advises

(Continued on Page Four.)

RIOTERS IN LONDON BROUGHT INTO COURT

(By Special Wire to the Courier)

LONDON, Oct. 19.—(1.05 p.m.)—More than thirty prisoners were arraigned in the Greenwich police court today on charges growing out of the anti-German demonstrations and rioting in Deptford, borough of London, yesterday and last night.

The prosecutor declared that he regretted the necessity of appearing against citizens, the object of whose attack had been German shopkeepers, but he explained that great damage had been done to English premises as well. Commenting on the damage done in the shop of a German baker, the prosecutor said that the place had been looted in spite of the fact that the German owners had barricaded themselves as best they could against the crowd.

The prisoners were remanded.

GERMANS CANNOT TAKE CALAS OWING TO ALLIES' SUCCESS

Situation More Favorable Today Than at Any Time Since Enemy Received First Check in March on the City of Paris.

(By Special Wire to the Courier)

LONDON, Oct. 18.—10.30 a.m.—From the point of view of the allied armies, so far as could be learned from despatches reaching London to-day, the situation in West Flanders and in France, as far south as Lille, seemed on this, the seventy-seventh day of the war, perhaps more hopeful than at any time since the German advance on Paris was checked.

Though the news reaching England is meagre and to an extent delayed as a way, all tidings seem to indicate that the German advance from Ostend to the French coast towns has been blocked temporarily at least, while further south, in a region that was a week ago the extreme German right, the invaders have been again compelled to give ground before the allies' wedge force, which has been concentrating on Lille.

Several reports received from the Germans have withdrawn from this town, but this is not confirmed, nor is the report that they evacuated Courtrai, nearly thirty miles northwest. It seems plain, however, that the menace here grew marked and that the German army operating along the coast of Flanders, found itself in peril of being cut off from the main body.

What opposition they met along the sea, is only guess work. All reports seem to agree that the city of Ostend is practically clear of Germans who apparently are reforming to the south with reinforcements and the siege guns used to batter the Belgian forts and that they now propose to hammer on toward Dunkirk and Calais. One report says that they are beyond Furnes, less than ten miles from Dunkirk. Further south in France reinforcements from Brussels are said to have been brought before Lille, which was being bombarded by the German artillery aggression by reason of the impassable condition of the country through recent rains and owing to the destruction of the only railroad from Louvic to Warsaw on which the Germans could transport their heavy guns.

Around Fzemyal the Austrians claim to have killed and wounded 40,000 Russians and also to have crossed the Carpathians, but on the other hand, the Russians repulsed an Austrian attempt to cross the River San. That the Austrians are meeting with vigorous opposition is admitted in the latest Vienna despatch which says that "our troops are advancing as against a fortress."

The news of the British cruiser Undaunted's victory was received with great rejoicing at Harwich. She did not leave that port until Saturday morning, and at six o'clock the same evening came the news that four German destroyers had been sunk.

One of the Deaths for England.

Manchester Guardian

Corporal Lancaster, of the Coldstreamers, who belonged to Manchester, received an agonizing wound. Wounded by his comrades that if he groaned he would disclose their position to the Germans, he endured in silence for six hours. He died after being removed.

An attempt was made to wreck the Dover express at Hither Green Station, where special police found a large iron chain tied to the line. The army doctors in London are passing men with spectacles.

DETAILS OF NAVAL VICTORY

British Sank Four German Torpedo Boat Destroyers

Only Five Men Were Wounded in the Action.

(By Special Wire to the Courier)

LONDON, Oct. 18.—A British mosquito fleet sank four German destroyers off the coast of Holland Saturday afternoon, swiftly avenging the loss of the light cruiser Hawke.

The Admiralty announces that the British casualties were one officer and four men wounded. The damage to the British destroyers was slight. There are 31 survivors from the German destroyers, all of whom were prisoners of war.

The fast, new light cruiser Undaunted, with the destroyers Loyal Legion, Lennox and Lance, the fleet commanded by Lieut.-Commander George Seymour, were attacked by the German destroyer fleet while on patrol duty off the estuary of the River Ems. The battle which followed was short and fierce.

The six-inch and four-inch guns of the Undaunted riddled the German destroyers, and the British destroyers completed the destruction. Apparently the engagement lasted only a few minutes. Lieut.-Commander Seymour is the hero of the day. Last night enormous crowds gathered at the bulletin boards were cheering his name and were demanding details of the victory.

What most thrills and pleases the people is the intimation that the forces engaged were nearly equal, since it is claimed that more than the four German destroyers which were sunk attacked the Undaunted and her torpedo destroyers. It remains true, as for generations past, that when the fighting is on top of the British carry off the victory. Every important German success has been an underwater thrust.

For several weeks German destroyers from Kiel and from the Heligoland base have been active in the estuary of the Ems, protected in their operations by numerous submarines and mines. The position is that Lieut.-Commander Seymour received orders to venture daringly in the hope of cutting off a fleet of such destroyers.

The Undaunted, Lieut.-Commander Seymour's flagship, built in 1913, and went into commission early this year. She is 410 feet long, has a displacement of 3,600 tons and has a speed of 30 knots developed from engines of 37,000 horsepower. She carries 8-inch guns, four 4-inch guns on broadside mountings, and a battery of quickfiring. With cruisers of her class, the Aurora type, she has been assigned to patrol duty, for which she was especially fitted on account of her great speed.

Her fleet of destroyers are of the L class, of the latest type, capable of 29 knots speed. These destroyers carry 100 men each, and are armed with three 4-inch guns and six torpedo tubes.

The victory does much to even the score between Germany and England. The Admiralty asserts that the Germans have lost four cruisers, nine destroyers, one torpedo boat, three submarines and 25 useful war vessels. The British losses have been three armored cruisers, three light cruisers and a torpedo gunboat destroyed and a light cruiser disabled. The British have lost more in tonnage and in officers and men, but the preponderance of strength has been maintained.

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SIDENT POINCARÉ FRANCE

struction of the nation on a new national and racial justice. It is fighting against Austria for the right of the small Slavonia to live.

the battles in East Prussia is being a home question.—Whether in Europe shall prevail the principles of stern militarism, accompanied by political and economic oppression of the common people, or national government shall rest on democratic principles, now considered in Russia as an essential of its peculiar Slav population, which Americans showed a knowledge of their own Declaration of Independence.

It is vitally important to remember again, through a curious irony of fate, Russia fights not only its battles but the battle of another—in this instance the battle of the enemies. Because, if Germany, Russia's reconstruction will be followed by a similar reconstruction of Germany.

Prussia can only exist if it is under Napoleon III. had been seen by Berlin, we might now see Napoleon in Paris. We might witness France playing the rôle of Germany's centre of Europe. Sedan France a republic and the world's

not likely that the German experimentalism will survive the eyes of Koenigsberg and Posen, the fruit of a contribution to Belgium France, and the opening of a parliament at Petrograd. Nations need itself and militarism has not proved itself enough to stay after a

even in Germany. Prussia had not been mentioned, because the nation the Austrians do not what they are fighting for, and we wish to pretend to know, either, we settle to a useless slaughter by the Pan-Germanic at Vienna and the Kaiser at Berlin have everything to lose and

to gain. Their bodies fill the streets of Western Poland, Galicia, Bukovina, useless hecatombs to the image of Prussian militarism: aristocracy in Germany and it brought about this war, and its will decide whether the rule of the Lieutenant is to continue, or it is to be replaced by democracy. The question of taxation is also to be

There can be no peace that does a limitation of expense on rents. This, with the financing of burden, must be followed by a statement of taxation to shift at least of the burden on the wealthier especially owners of large

all of militarism, more than any will help bring down the structure of differences. The lower classes in socially. Limiting armaments in vast wealth into channels of labor industry. For several years labor will be required to repair the done by war. All these changes immediately follow the signing of. They will come gradually and they do come labor will meet capital social ground, man to man, the bayonets of an army.

In Europe confidently hopes the result will ultimately bring a truce of relations between capital and labor, to the benefit of labor and not investor. This is why the of Italy are so anxious to step help the Allies, even though fully of the great sacrifices that such a

entail.

sum up what the nations are for:—

MANY IS FIGHTING FOR AN

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BEYOND ITS PLEASANT

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ALL ITS UGLY INFLUENCES

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SPLENDID ADDRESS TO THE DUFFERIN RIFLES

A LARGE GATHERING--

Regiment Paraded Over 400 Strong to St. Jude's Church—Rev. C. E. Jeakins Continues Sermons on Christianity and the War.

Packed to its uttermost was St. Jude's Church yesterday on the occasion of a military parade, which gathered within its sanctuary. There were some four hundred soldiers present, three hundred of them of the 8th Dufferin Rifles, and the rest members of the 32nd Battery. A number of B. C. I. cadets under the command of Capt. Sweet and Vaughan were present. Major Genet was in charge of the Duffis, while Colonel Ashton commanded the Battery. The bands were strongly represented, both bugle and brass bands leading the turnout.

They mustered a splendid phalanx of khaki, at the armories and from there they marched in full military style to the church, followed by hundreds of admirers. The scene outside of the church was one of animation. Many spectators had gathered to see the men who may be called upon to go to meet the Germans at any moment. Solemnly they filed into the church and after them followed a stream of civilians. There was, notwithstanding the large capacity of the building an overflow and even a number of the soldiers had, perforce, to remain in the vestibule, while the services proceeded. Like scenes have never been recorded in the history of St. Jude's.

The service of prayer was excellent. Rev. C. E. Jeakins will be long remembered by the soldiers of the 35th and 38th. Taking as his text, the first verse of the ninety-ninth Psalm, "The Lord reigneth, let the earth tremble." The Lord is King, be the people never so impatient, commended the speaker.

The Sermon.

One of the greatest things in history was occurring at the present time. It was something far larger and more comprehensive than we ever dreamed of. Europe was happening in the past two months made us realize of what we Britishers were made. Where is there, in this time of great calamity, room for Christianity? What have we Christians to say on this great matter. It proceeded without any regard of all teachings of Christ. War was contrary to all fundamentals of Christianity. What did it all mean? It belied all promise of Christian hope and christian faith. It was not the

Social and Personal

The Courier is always pleased to use items of personal interest. Phone 276.

John Northway paid a brief business visit to the city on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Poole of New York are visiting in the city to-day.

R. Millichamp of Toronto, is a guest at the Kerby House to-day.

W. L. Mott of New York is an American visitor in the city to-day.

Frank Slater of Montreal, is spending a few days in the city with friends.

W. H. Day of Guelph, was visiting relatives over the week-end in the city.

G. J. Vister of Providence, R. I., is spending a few days in the city.

Dr. Munro of Gainsborough, was in the city over the week-end.

Miss Marjorie Wilkes has returned from Toronto.

Mrs. E. A. Lilly and Miss Edith Lilly of Calgary, Alta, are the guests of the Messrs. Darling at their home on route to Montreal and New York.

The Rev. Slope of Fort William left this morning for Toronto after filling the pulpit at Park Baptist church yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fraser of the Belmont Hotel and Miss Fraser of London, are at present spending a few days in New York.

Messieurs G. Burton, Eloyd Barber, Harry McIntyre and Frank W. Benedict returned on Saturday from a very successful shooting trip to Turkey Point. Some 150 birds were bagged.

Mr. W. R. Brock, the well-known wholesale merchant and capitalist of Toronto, who is an uncle of Mr. C. W. Aird, Dufferin Avenue, city, was attacked at his home in Toronto on Saturday evening by a half-demented man and struck over the head with a bottle. Mr. Brock's injuries are fortunately not serious. There was absolutely no motive whatever for the attack.

On Friday evening last a pleasing event took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Coulbeck, Terrace Hill street, when in the form of a surprise, a number of friends called and presented Mr. and Mrs. Coulbeck with the handsome china, on the occasion of the twentieth anniversary of their wedding. A feature of the evening was a mock wedding, in which Miss Butteforth and Mr. A. E. Bartles, who were bridesmaid and groomsmen at the original wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Coulbeck, were made bride and groom. Mr. Joe Howard acted as flower girl for the occasion. The evening proved a most happy one all round, and was not brought to a close without the usual wedding breakfast at which congratulations of the hour were extended both to the old and newly married.

J. R. Inkster and family of Paris motored to the city yesterday.

Mr. C. L. Messer has returned from a business trip to the Canadian West.

R. W. S. Martin of Quebec, is sojourning in Brantford for a short while.

George Draper of London, returned to his home to-day after a short weekend visit.

After spending a few days with his parents, 224 Darling St., Dr. O. Hall, B.V.S., left for Chatham on business.

At The Y. W. C. A.

The "I will trust Club" held one of the finest meetings it has ever celebrated on Saturday night when there was a magnificent rally of girls to hear Mr. T. F. Best speak upon the subject of "The Future of the Nation." He depicted very full of human interest to the ladies. Little had they realized the magnitude of the work accomplished by the speaker for the excellence of his address.

Miss Anguish sang sweetly and well and refreshments served afterwards completed an evening greatly enjoyed.

Nuptial Notes

PICK-SPENCER

The marriage of Miss Edith E. Spencer and Mr. Arthur Herbert Pick, both of Brantford, was solemnized at the home of the officiating clergyman, Rev. Clifford J. Loney, on Wednesday morning, Oct. 14th, at 9.30 o'clock.

The bride was attired in a brown suit and hat to match. After the ceremony the happy couple left for Tilsonburg and points west. After their honeymoon they will reside in Houghton, Ont.

Music and Drama

The Gem Theatre

The management have arranged a very strong program of pictures for this popular theatre. The Monday and Tuesday show will include the great French play, the Lion Tamer's Revenge, in three gripping parts. This will show what criminal depths the lust for revenge will lead the unscrupulous mind. A ferocious lion turned loose in a room with an infant, is a novel way of seeking revenge, but the terrible results were not as expected, the child is saved. The Octoroon, a three part Kaleid. Millions of people the world over have wept in sympathy with Joe, the Octoroon. They have breathlessly watched Wahnotee's pursuit of McClosky, and the sensational steamboat fire makes this a truly unusual merit.

The other reels of comedy make a full evening's show.

Daily Store News J. M. YOUNG & CO. Daily Store News

THE WOMEN'S SUPPLY HOUSE

A STORE such as this must be the perfect servant of the public in many different lines—Housefurnishing Needs must be met with full stocks, also several lines of men's wear, but most of all it is superlatively equipped to supply the smallest requirement of every woman customer. HERE ARE A FEW OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO WOMEN.

The Fall Season's Most Effective Fabrics in Our Dress Goods and Silks

Black and Colored Duchess Satin, Satin Mousseline and Ballettes, in wide width, in deep fall Black and rich fall shadings. Special at **\$.125 and \$1.00**
24 in. wide Black Chiffon Velvet, Worral's fast dye and pile, looks like a Lyons velvet and gives great wear. Special at **\$.125, \$1.00 and 75c**

Coatings and Cloakings

Include many new and novelty weaves in zibeline, new curl coating; napp and chimchilla effects, new velours and solid manish tweed mixtures. Prices **\$3.00, \$2.50, \$2.00 to \$1.50**

50 in. Diagonal Suitings

5 pieces Wide Wale Suiting, in deep cut twills in a good heavy weight, full range of shades, also Navy and Black. Special **\$1.00**
New Roman stripes in Paillette and Messaline, in new clain plaids, big range of colorings. **\$2.50, \$2.00, \$1.25**

Ostrich and Marabout Neck Pieces

Ostrich and Marabout Neck-pieces, in Black, White, Natural, 5 string wide, also combination colors of Black and White, Brown and White. Nice pillow muffs to match. Prices **\$10, \$8.00, \$7.00, \$5.00**

Men's and Boys Sweater Coats

They come in Grey, Wine, Fawns, full range of sizes, good heavy weight. Prices **\$5.00, \$4.50, \$4.00, \$3.50**
See our special line **79c**

Stylish Millinery

Hundreds of untrimmed shapes, in all the latest styles for fall or winter wear, suitable for ladies, misses and children. One table of Trimmed Millinery. All at Special Prices

J. M. YOUNG & CO.

Paris Bulletin

(Continued from Page 1)
Germans, but have advanced as far as Rouliers.
"On our left wing, between the River Lys and the canal of La Basse, we have advanced in the direction of Lille. There has been very stubborn fighting on the front from Labasse to Ablain and to St. Nazaire. We are advancing from house to house in these localities."
"To the north and to the south of Arras our troops have been fighting without respite for more than ten days, and with a perseverance and a spirit which never for a moment have been relaxed."
"In the region of Chalnes we have repulsed a strong counter-attack delivered by the enemy and have won some ground."
"On the centre there is nothing to report."
"On our right wing, in Alsace, to the west of Colmar, our advance posts are on the line between Bonhomme, Paris and Sulzern. More to the south we still occupy Thann."

Dr Charles Leach, M.P., has been accepted for service during the war in the Chaplain's Department.
Six hundred Birmingham tramway men have joined the army. This brings the total enlistment for the city up to 29,000.

Edith Smith, aged 64, a widow, was knocked down on the high road, Kilburn, by a Red Cross motor car and killed.
Among a detachment of 130 wounded which recently arrived at Bristol, there were many from the Royal Sussex Regiment.

SPLENDID PICTURE

Seventeen by twenty-one inches, ready for framing, with the signature of

THE LATE PREMIER SIR JAMES PLINY WHITNEY, K. C.

Procure from the Courier Office, or use the coupon, and the picture will be sent, postage paid, to any address in Canada.

10c at The Courier Office, Brantford
12c Mailed to Your Address

(MAIL COUPON)

Enclosed please find Twelve Cents, for which kindly send Photogravure of Sir James Whitney as described above.

NAME

ADDRESS

Bring Us Those Mendable Articles!

Bring us those mendable articles. We are still promising good work and giving it. Still getting things done "on time." We suppose you often want a quick job done. Sometimes you say, "Where shall I take these glasses to be fixed? I don't want to go without them a minute longer than I have to." Here's your answer—Bring them to us.

NEWMAN & SONS

Man'g Jewellers
93 COLBORNE ST.

Roofing

Slate, Felt and Gravel, Asbestos and General Roofing of all kinds. Repair Work and Re-Roofing attended to promptly

Brown-Jarvis Roofing Co.

(Formerly Brown Bros.)
Telephone 590
Office: 9 George St.

IMPERIAL HIGHWAY.

When the C. P. R. was in the building it was said that it would be a great imperial highway, over which the British Government could convey troops to India. That was one of the arguments in its favor; but the commercial one was probably the strongest. At the same time, the company has played an important part in connection with the present struggle—proving that the phrase "an Imperial Highway" was not used in vain. Canada responded to the need of the Empire; but so distant was the frontiers of the latter that the difficulty of instant help was great. The C. P. R. had fortunately made a track from ocean to ocean; the system was able to place 10,000 miles of track at the disposition of the federal government. This brought St. John and Halifax close to the prairies of the West, and made a journey greater than that between Liverpool and Quebec a matter of hours. By this means, by the rapid transformation of ordinary cars into commissary cars, and by the use which the government was able to make of the C. P. R. fleet, the system was able to render, at the moment, a most effectual service not only for Canada but the Empire.

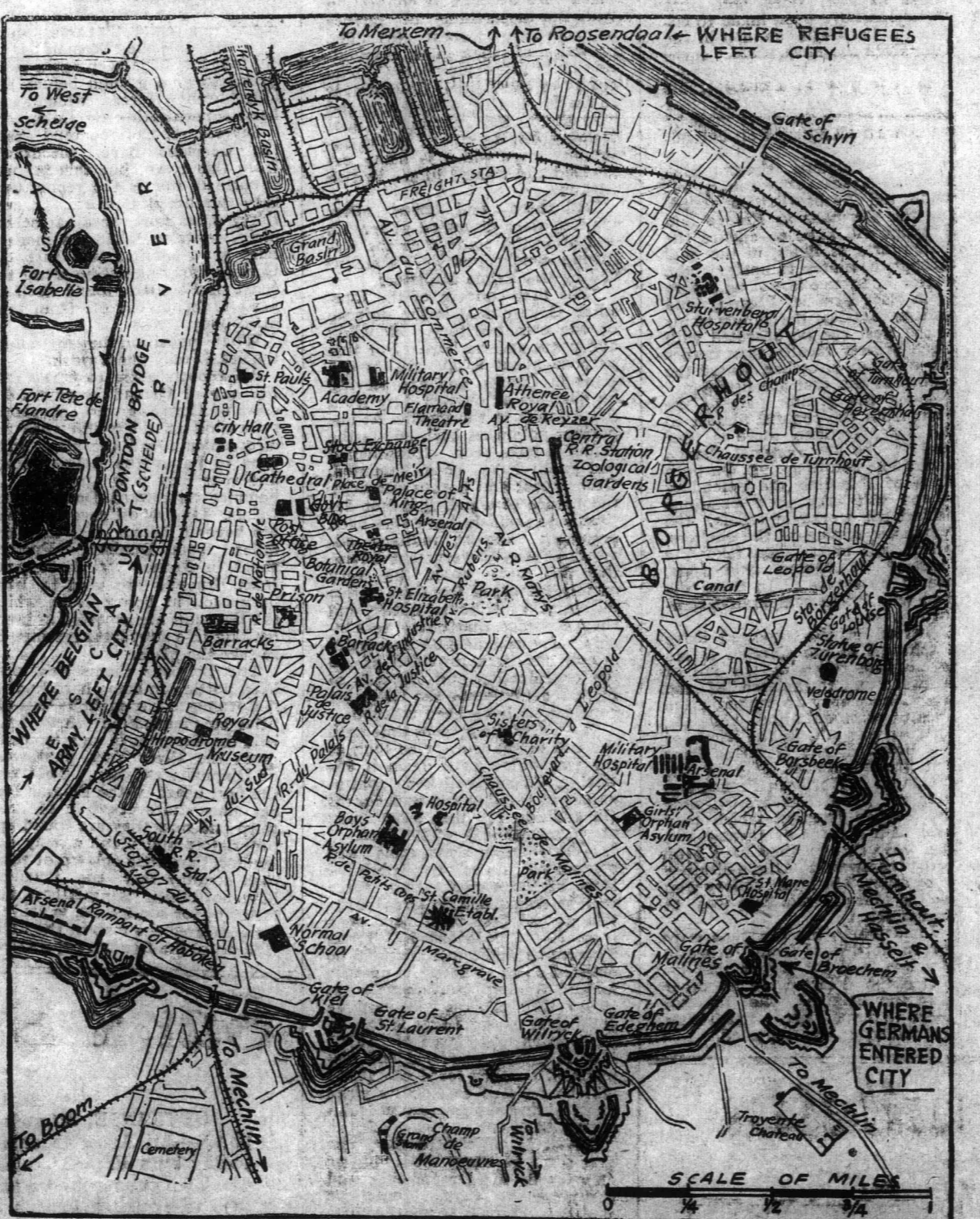
The boats were requisitioned by the government and transformed into auxiliary cruisers, which are now sailing the ocean seeking for vessels carrying the German flag. Then, too, the C. P. R. took an imperial stand with regard to the Canadian Patriotic Fund. The company itself gave \$100,000, while the employees contributed a day's pay, which amounted to \$150,000 more. Moreover, the officers, in their individual capacities, made handsome contributions.

The arrangements made by the C. P. R. for the handling and caring for the troops were all carried out without the slightest disarrangement of the time tables. The public were in no way inconvenienced; but a great service was rendered in a great crisis by a system which has been called the largest transportation company in the world.

CONFERRED TO-DAY

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Sir Geo. Paish, financial adviser of the Government, and Basil Blackett, of the British treasury department, conferred with President Wilson to-day on the needs of re-establishing credits between the United States and England and on the cotton situation in this country.

MAP OF ANTWERP SHOWING WHERE BELGIANS LEFT AND GERMANS ENTERED.



Antwerp, which Napoleon called "a pistol pointing at the heart of England" the commercial port of Belgium and one of the most strongly fortified cities in the world, which has now surrendered to the Germans, is on the River Scheldt, sixty miles from its mouth. This river flows for forty-five miles through Dutch territory before entering Belgium. Under existing conditions it would be impossible for Germany to use Antwerp for a naval base without violating the neutrality of the Netherlands. Antwerp is 180 miles from London, and in England the fear has been expressed that with this city as a German base Zeppelin airships could be used to attack the English coast line and even London. The distance from Antwerp to the English coast is less than one hundred miles.

W. W. CORY, C. Deputy of the Minister of the N.B.—Unauthorized publication advertisement will not be paid.

A Legal Depo Rates

Under the Laws of pany is a Legal Depo Rates
3 per cent. on Da
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4 1/2 per cent. on f
5 per cent. on f

The Royal Lo

W. G.

IMPERIAL

Capital Authorized
Capital Paid Up
Reserve and Undiv
Savings E
Interest
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Open Satur
BRANTFORD BRANCH: 12
HARVEY

An Experience

Executo

The administration of calls for wide experience in legal and commercial matters. Our trust company offers you experienced services of a successful business man, have every qualification for perfect administration of will. Write for our book "Wills."

The Trusts and Guaranty Company, Limited

HEAD OFFICE: Toronto,
JAMES J. WARREN, E. B. STO
President General M
BRANTFORD BRAN
T. H. MILLER, Manag
114 Dalhousie Street

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORLAND REGULATIONS.

(THE) sole head of a family, or a over 38 years old, may buy quarter section of available Dominion Land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta must appear in person a Union Lands Agency or Sub-Ag the District. Entry by proxy may be made by any Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency on certain conditions. Duties—Six months' residence cultivation of the land in each year. A homesteader may in line miles of his homestead on a least 80 acres, on certain conditions. Duties—must reside six months of three years, cultivate 50 feet a lotus worth \$500.
The area of cultivation is subject in case of rough, scrub land. Live stock may be raised on certain conditions.
W. W. CORY, C. Deputy of the Minister of the N.B.—Unauthorized publication advertisement will not be paid.

HOUSE

in many differ-
ocks, also several
d to supply the
RE A FEW OF

derwear

and guaranteed to
made by the best
enman, Turnbull,
Misses' Vests and
all wool, also full
rices \$2.50, 25c
75c, 50c to 25c
part wool 25c
nts. 65, 50, 25c
long sleeves, in
Worth 75c. 59c

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her Hand Bags,
ll change 79c
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ter Sale Still
Next 15 Days

sh Millinery

s of untrimmed
all the latest styles
winter wear, suitable
misses and children.

Special Prices

CO.

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Rouliers.
River Lys and the
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Bonhomme, Paris
occupy Thann."

detachment of 130 wound-
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detached from the Royal Sus-
sent.

CTURE

for framing, with

NEY, K. C.

the coupon, and the
address in Canada.

Brantford

for which kindly
ney as described

Financial, Commercial and Real Estate

A Legal Depository for Trust Funds
Under the Laws of the Province of Ontario this Com-
pany is a Legal Depository for Trust Funds.
Rates of Interest
3 per cent. on Daily Balances.
4 per cent. on Deposit Receipts for six months,
4 1/2 per cent. on two-year Debentures.
5 per cent. on five-year Debentures.
The Royal Loan & Savings Company
W. G. HELLIKER, Manager

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA
ESTABLISHED 1876
Capital Authorized \$10,000,000.00
Capital Paid Up 7,000,000.00
Reserve and Undivided Profits 7,000,000.00
Savings Bank Department
Interest Paid on Deposits
From Date of Deposit
Open Saturday Evenings from 7 to 9.
BRANTFORD BRANCH: 12 Market Street, Opposite Market Square
HARVEY T. WATT, Manager.

An Experienced Executor
The administration of a will
calls for wide experience in financial
and commercial matters. This
trust company offers you the ex-
perienced services of a body of
successful business men. They
have every qualification for the
perfect administration of your
will. Write for our booklet on
"Wills."

The Trusts and Guarantee Company, Limited
HEAD OFFICE: Toronto, Ontario
JAMES J. WARREN, E. B. STOCKDALE,
President. General Manager.
BRANTFORD BRANCH:
T. H. MILLER, Manager.
114 Dalhousie Street.

OUR BIG Motor Truck
is for long distance
moving and the rapid
handling of Pianos,
Furniture, etc.
We do all kinds of
teaming and carting.
J. T. Burrows
CARTER and TEAMSTER
226-236 West Street
PHONE 365

GERMAN-MADE NEWS
Ludicrous Fiction Circulated by Gov-
ernment and Subsidized Press
Proofs are constantly accumulating
as to the absolute unreliability of the
war news communicated to the press
by the German Government either
directly and officially or through the
Wolf and Havas press agencies
which are subsidized and directed by
the German authorities. It is neces-
sary to compare the reports emanat-
ing from those sources with facts as
subsequently revealed to prove this.
The paragraphs of alleged British
news circulated by the official Ger-
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Havas news agencies are simply grotes-
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On one day for instance the
"Poster Lloyd" announced an official
authority: The efforts of the British
Government to raise an emergency
army of half a million men have
failed completely, only two thousand
reporting themselves for military ser-
vice. In spite of this, however, the
War Office declared that 100,000 men
had been enrolled in two weeks.

QUESTION OF WORK
AND "MADE-IN-CANADA"
Economic Situation of Grave Concern
to Canadians—Co-operation From
all Sides to Give Work
The war has had a sudden and
pronounced effect on the "Made-in-
Canada" movement which has been
carried on in Canada during the past
few years. Hitherto the educational
campaign, to promote the sale of
"Made-in-Canada" goods, has been
viewed pretty much as the concern
of Canadian manufacturers, and has,
for this reason, been denied the sym-
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people. The war has changed all
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matter of sentiment and patriotism,
but is regarded as an economic neces-
sity. The manufacturers and other
large employers of labor are being
appealed to by press, pulpit and
public men generally to provide the
maximum of employment with a view
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the closing of many factories as a
result of the war. Obviously Cana-
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ducts. Hence the appeal on every
hand to Canadians to patronize the
goods made by their fellow-citizens in
Canadian factories. It is admitted on
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tivity the wheels of industry might
be operated with accelerated speed
during this period of trial.

BATTLEFIELD HUMOR
Business as Usual, Said Joking Mes-
sage When Ammunition Came
"The battlefield isn't the place
where you look for jokes, but
you find 'em all the same," said a
wounded Scottish Highlander back
from the front.
"There's the Wiltshire—Cockneys
most of 'em, for all their county name.
We were retreating, and so were they,
and it wasn't much of a Cockeyne,
"Just when things were looking
pretty lively the Wiltshires' ammu-
nition ran out. A party of men
volunteered to cross the open under
heavy rifle and shell fire to borrow
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our chaps, who appeared to have
more than they needed.
"When they came back with the
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turned it toward the Germans.
"Our men were ready for them
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were only Germans, so they couldn't
read English, poor chaps; but, any-
how, it was a target at which they
aimed, and when the joker was forced
by his mates to take it in again he
got hit twice in the arm, fortunately
not very seriously.

WAR PRICES
ARE ON!
BUT NOT AT THE
NATIONAL COAL CO.
If Low Prices Count
in the Very Finest Quality
Counts
If 2000 Pounds to a Ton Counts
THEN
put in your next winter's supply
of fuel now, as our prices for the
very finest of original Scranton
Coal for the next few weeks will
be at a big reduction.
We will gladly show you
through our coal yards, and you
can see for yourself our superior
grade of Coal, thoroughly
screened and protected from all
kinds of weather.
Our Motto:
"FAIR AND SQUARE"
National Coal Company
137 to 141 WEST ST.
Both Phones 215

THEORY OF MARCHING
There is a great difference in the
length of the steps of the soldiers
now engaged in war.
The longest step of all is that of
the British infantry, which is thirty-
one and a half inches. Germany and
Switzerland come next, each doing
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nine inches. The shortest of all is
found in the Russian army. The
Czar's soldier's step is twenty-seven
and a half inches, and he only does
a hundred and twelve to the minute.
This is beaten by the German, who
does one hundred and fourteen to the
minute. The Austrians step out at
the rate of a hundred and fifteen;
the French and Italian at a hundred
and twenty.
It therefore follows that a Russian
will take twenty minutes to march a
mile, the Austrian eighteen and two
thirds minutes, the French and Italian
eighteen minutes, and the German
ten or eleven seconds less. The
British do whatever is necessary,
without great regard for theory.

GRANDMA NEVER LET
HER HAIR GET GRAY
Kept Her Locks Dark, Thick,
Glossy, With Sage Tea
and Sulphur.
When you darken your hair with
Sage Tea and Sulphur, no one can
tell because it's done so naturally, so
easily. Preparing this mixture,
though at home is messy and trou-
blesome. For 50 cents you can buy at
any drug store the ready-to-use tonic
called "Weyth's Sage and Sulphur
Compound." You just dampen a
sponge or soft brush with it and draw
this through your hair, taking one
small strand at a time. By morning
all grey hair disappears, and after an-
other application or two, your hair
becomes beautifully darkened, glossy
and luxuriant. You will also discover
dandruff is gone and hair has stopped
falling.
Grey, faded hair, though no dis-
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all desire a youthful and attractive
appearance, get busy at once with
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Coal for the next few weeks will
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We will gladly show you
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Weyth's Sage and Sulphur and look
years younger.

Splendid Properties
For Sale
S. G. Read & Son, Ltd., 129 Colborne St
beg to announce that we have during the past few days
received for sale a number of very fine properties in different
portions of the city. This is one located on Huron Street,
in Eagle Place:
Beautiful two storey brick residence, with attic, sleep-
ing porch, library, drawing-room, reception hall with fire-
place, fine dining-room with fireplace, 3 bedrooms, clothes
closets, kitchen, basement with laundry, concrete floor;
Stafford hot water heating system throughout the house;
concrete foundation with stone facings; hardwood floors all
through the house, maple floors upstairs, oak downstairs;
storeroom; lot 50 x 185; fruit, consisting of apples, plums,
pears and berries; cement chicken house. Price \$4800.
A good choice of other fine properties in all wards of
the city, also vacant lots and garden properties. Call for
card for inspection of this house.

S. G. READ, Auctioneer
129 COLBORNE STREET

MARKET REPORTS
LIVERPOOL, Oct. 17.—Wheat—Spot
steady; No. 1 Manitoba, 8s 4d; No. 2
new, 8s 3/4d. Futures steady; October
8s 5/4d, December 8s 10/4d.
Corn—Spot steady; American mixed,
new, 7s 6d. Futures steady; October 8s
5/4d, November 8s 1/4d.
Bacon—Clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs., 80s.
Lard—Prime western, in tierces, new,
11s 9d; old, 5s; American refined, in
pails, 6s 2d; 56-lb. boxes, 6s 2d.
Rosin—Common, 8s 1/2d.
TORONTO GRAIN MARKET
Wheat, fall, bushel, \$1.15 to \$1.20
Butter, creamery, solid, 1.10 to 1.15
Butter, separator, dairy, 0.97 to 0.98
Cheese, new, lb., 0.15 to 0.17
Eggs, new-laid, doz., 0.37 to 0.38
Honey, new, lb., 0.11 to 0.12
Honey, comb, dozen, 2.50 to 3.00
WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET
Winnipeg, Oct. 18.—Trading was ac-
tive in all lines on the grain market dur-
ing the early hours of business with
a considerable decline from the high point
recorded. The demand was keen for
all grades of nearby wheat and with
farmers selling and millers and exporters
buying trading was more active than for
some time.
Receipts continue light, the local inspec-
tions on Friday being 290 cars and in
night were 200.
Deliveries thru the clearing-house
were: Wheat, 290,000 bushels; flax, 3000
bushels.
Cash—No. 1 northern, \$1.16; No. 2 do.,
\$1.13; No. 3 do., \$1.06; No. 4, \$1.00;
No. 5, 97c; No. 6, 91c; feed, 87c.
Oats—No. 2 C.W., 54c; No. 3 C.W., 50c;
extra No. 1 feed, 50c; No. 1 feed, 48 1/2c;
No. 2 feed, 47 1/2c.
Barley—No. 2, 68c; No. 4, 61 1/2c; re-
jected, 58 1/2c; feed, 45c.
Flax—No. 1, N.W.C., \$1.13; No. 2 C.W.,
\$1.10.
MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET
MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 17.—Wheat—No.
1 hard, \$1.14; No. 1 northern, \$1.10; No.
1 1/2; No. 2 do., \$1.07 1/2 to \$1.11; De-
cember, \$1.14.
Corn—No. 2 yellow, 70c to 71c.
Oats—No. 3 white, 44 1/2c to 45c.
Flour—Fancy patents, \$2.10;
clear, \$1.60; second clear, \$2.15.
Bran—Unchanged.
CHEESE MARKETS.
CORNWALL, Oct. 18.—On the cheese
board here Saturday the offerings were
1281 boxes of colored; all were sold at
15 1/2c.
LONDON, Oct. 18.—Ten factories of-
fered 1440 boxes of cheese. There were
no sales. Bidding ranged from 14 1/2 to
14 3/4c.
ST. HYACINTHE, Que., Oct. 18.—On
the dairy board here Saturday 200 pack-
ets of butter sold at 27 1/2c, and 425 boxes
of cheese at 15c.
BELLEVILLE, Oct. 18.—On the cheese
board here Saturday there were offered
1160 boxes of white and 90 of colored.
The highest bid was 15 1/2c for 100 boxes
were sold at 15 1/2c. The balance was
refused.
CATTLE MARKETS.
EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.
EAST BUFFALO, Oct. 17.—Cattle—Re-
ceipts, 1280 head; slow.
Yearlings—Receipts, 200 head; active; \$5 to
\$12.
Hogs—Receipts, 400 head; slow; heavy
and mixed, \$8.15 to \$8.25; Yorkers, \$7.50
to \$8; pigs, \$7.25; roughs, \$6.50 to \$7;
steers and lambs—Receipts, 1600 head;
steady; unchanged.
CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.
CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Cattle—Receipts
800; market steady; beefs, \$8.50 to \$10.00;
Texas steers, \$6.10 to \$9.10; stockers and
feeders, \$5.15 to \$8; cows and heifers,
\$4.40 to \$9; calves, \$7.50 to \$11.25.
Hogs—Receipts, 11,000; market steady;
light, \$7.25 to \$7.35; mixed, \$7.15 to \$8;
heavy, \$7 to \$8; rough, \$7 to \$7.15; pigs
\$4.50 to \$7.20; bulk of sales, \$7.20 to \$7.70.
Sheep—Receipts, 1000; market steady;
native \$4.55 to \$8; yearlings, \$5.50 to
\$6.40; lambs, native, \$6 to \$7.25.

War Prices
for
Real Estate!
One three-bedroom brick cot-
tage in good locality. Price
only \$1050.
One two-bedroom brick cottage
with electric lights and gas,
semi-central, at \$1150.
One two-bedroom brick cottage,
new. Only \$1050.
TO RENT—Two brick cottages
that rented a few months ago
at \$12.00. Now only \$7.50 per
month.
F. J. Bullock & Co.
207 Colborne St. (upstairs)
Real Estate—Insurance—Money
to Loan—Valuators.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
DOUBLE TRACK ALL THE WAY
TORONTO - CHICAGO
TORONTO - MONTREAL
"The International Limited"
Canada's Train of Super Service.
Leaves Toronto 4:40 p.m. daily, arrives
Detroit 9:55 p.m. and Chicago 8:00 a.m.
MORNING SERVICE
Leaves Toronto 8 a.m., arrives Detroit
1:45 p.m. and Chicago 8:40 p.m. daily.
LAST TRAIN OUT
OF TORONTO AT NIGHT
Leaves 11:45 p.m., arrives Detroit 8 a.m.
and Chicago 3:00 p.m. daily, assuring im-
portant connections with principal trains
for Western States and Canada.

T. H. & B. Ry.
CHANGE IN PASSENGER
TRAIN SERVICE
Trains No. 1, eastbound, due 9:03 a.m.
No. 15, westbound, due 7:25 p.m.
DISCONTINUED beginning Monday, Oct.
19, 1914.
BEGINNING SUNDAY, OCT. 18
Train No. 2, eastbound, due 7:30, will
leave at 7:37 daily; No. 15, eastbound, due
6:45 p.m., will leave at 7:00 p.m. daily, ex-
cept Sunday.
SEE TIME CARD FOR OTHER SLIGHT
CHANGES.

G. C. MARTIN, H. C. THOMAS,
G.P.A., Hamilton, Local Agent
Phone 110.
Depot Ticket Agent, Phone 366.

Stoves and Pipes
R. Feely
48 Market Street
Call and see the best little
Cook Stove in the world for
\$16.50. Also good lines in Heat-
ers for the cold weather.
OPEN EVENINGS

H. B. Beckett
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND
EMBALMER
158 DALHOUSIE ST.
First-class Equipment and Prompt
Both 'phones—Bell 22, auto, 24
Service at Moderate Prices

FOR SALE
\$2750—Buys new 1 1/2 red
brick, central, 6 large rooms,
electric lights and fixtures,
gas, piped for furnace, com-
plete bath, cellar under whole
house, verandah, nice lot.
TO RENT—2 storey brick, cen-
tral, all conveniences, large
airy rooms, very reasonable
rent, A1 condition.
S. P. Pitcher & Son
Auctioneers and Real Estate
Brokers—Issuers of Marriage
Licenses.
43 MARKET ST.
Phone: OF. 951, House 959, 513

"Everything in Real Estate"
P. A. SHULTIS
& Co., 7 S. Market St.
-BARGAINS-
\$2250—Just completed, 1 1/2 storey
red brick, stone foundation, 3 bed-
rooms, 4 closets, 3-piece bath, hall,
parlor, dining-room, kitchen, full
basement, ready for furnace, gas,
electric lights, double deck veran-
dah, good lot. Only \$700 cash, balance
at 6%.
\$2800—Beautiful new 2 storey red
pressed brick, stone foundation, 3
bedrooms, 3 living rooms, full base-
ment, dining-room, kitchen, full
basement, verandah and sleeping
porch. Only \$800 cash. East Ward.
\$3500—Choice William St. resi-
dence, nearly new and all conveni-
ences. Ask to see this.
FOR RENT—Several good houses.
BOTH PHONES—OF. 326, Res. 1913
OPEN: Tues, Thurs, Sat. Evenings
Fire Insurance - Marriage Licenses

Special
Bargains
All the Real Estate of the late An-
drew McMeans, including dwellings,
stores and vacant lots. Purchases
are not limited to locations, the prop-
erties being situated in all directions
from the City Hall.
Come and get prices and do busi-
ness.
JOHN FAIR
Surveyor and Civil Engineer
Solicitor for Patents.
20 MARKET ST. - Phone 1438

For Sale
\$1400—New red brick cottage,
leased for one year at \$11.00 per
month. Investment.
\$1800—New red brick cottage, sewer
connection, gas, electric light with
fixtures. West Ward.
\$1550—New storey and a half red
brick; will take vacant lot as part
payment.
See Our List of Farms For Sale or
Exchange
L. Braund
136 Dalhousie Street
Phones: Office 1533, Residence 1909
Open Wednesday and Saturday
Evenings

Choice Garden
Property
9 acres black loam, 2 storey frame
house, excellent barn, hen house and
other outbuildings, large quantity of
fruit, all kinds. Situated south of
Brantford on Mount Pleasant road.
Any person desirous of a choice gar-
den property should avail themselves
of this opportunity. Price \$4000.

W. ALMAS & SON
Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers
35 and 37 George Street (upstairs)

CARTER & BUCK LEY
REAL ESTATE AND
INSURANCE
Address: 150 1/2 Dalhousie St.
Upstairs

Mann's
Coal
We Have Plenty of Coal
Have You?

CANADA PLANS

continued from Page One
Further expeditionary forces
needed, a steady stream of
armaments will go forward
to the shores to the seat of the

If the expected communi-
cation from the war office should
show any modification in the
arrangement necessary, that
action will be announced at
a date.

The Government is inform-
ing its military advisers that it
is impossible to supply
guns and equipment on a
scale than that laid down in
proposals.

Pending advice from the
office as to the composition
of the second contingent, which
has yet been received, in-
to the number of 16,000 or
will be immediately enlist-
ed in the organization and train-
ing units will be pro-
vided throughout the Do-
minion from Halifax to Victoria.

As soon as the expected in-
formations arrive from the war
office immediate arrangements will
be made for enlisting such cav-
alry units as are necessary and ad-
visable.

The organization of the units
and the officers contemplated
proposals will be under the
supervision of officers commanding
regiments and military districts
will be carried out by them."

Death has occurred at Barron
by Mr. W. S. Eastle,
a well known cricketer and
of the Derbyshire eleven.

WHOLE BODY TAKES PURE BLOOD

Bones, the muscles, and all the
parts of the body depend for their
life and tone and healthy action
on blood.

Blood is very impure, the
arteries become diseased; the muscles
become feeble, the step loses its
firmness, and there is inability to
perform the usual amount of labor.
It loses its clearness, and
blotches and other eruptions
appear.

Sarsaparilla makes pure
blood. It is positively unequalled
in its treatment of scrofula and other
diseases, catarrh, rheumatism, dys-
pepsia, loss of appetite, that tired
feeling, and all the ailments of
old age. All druggists.

Be sure to get Hood's and
keep it.

Keep it.

Keep it.

Keep it.

Keep it.

Keep it.

Keep it.

Keep it.

Keep it.

Keep it.

Keep it.

Keep it.

Keep it.

Keep it.

Keep it.

Keep it.

Keep it.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

IT IS WRECKED

The Brant Patriotic and War Fund
clock is now battered and torn, flying
to the winds with the hands firmly set
at \$83,000.

BUILDING OPERATIONS.

Two building permits have been
taken out by Mr. W. W. Vandusen for
two brick cottages which he is erect-
ing upon Carlyle street, each at a cost
of \$950.

THE STORY HOUR.

The Story Hour, the popular talk
with various books given to the
children at the public library, will
commence once again for the winter
season with November.

MR. TODD IN CASE.

Mr. Eldoras Todd, formerly a well-
known lumber merchant has been
Brantford, now of Hamilton, was one
of the principal witnesses in the Ham-
ilton civic graft enquiry yesterday.
Mr. Todd claimed that he had been
approached to contribute money to
civic employees.

COLONEL UNDER FIRE

Col. M. F. Muir of the Dragons issued
instructions about recruiting for the
second contingent last week. The
Government had not then decided
whether recruiting was to take place,
but a little thing like that doesn't
bother the Colonel. He is a godsend
to the Brantford papers if not to the
regiment.—Paris Review.

DEBATING LEAGUE.

The question of a debating league
in the city has been broached and it
is felt that such an institution would
prove highly successful during the
coming winter season. It would be
composed of all the existing church
societies and debating clubs which
exist in the city and cared to join. A
proper schedule could be prepared and
worked out throughout the season.
At the present moment the arranging
of a meeting of the principal societies
is under way.

MARKET PRICES.

Prices ruled good upon the market
on Saturday. There was a fair in-
flux of buyers and they found every
commodity plentiful. Butter sold at
30 to 32 cents per pound and eggs
went at 30 to 32 cents a dozen. Potatoes
rose between 75 and 80 cents a
bag and 50 cents a bushel, and apples
of all varieties sold at 20 and 25 cents
a basket. Chickens brought \$1.25 a
pair. Celery sold at 5 cents a head,
and pumpkins anything from 5 cents
up. Chestnuts were disposed of at 25
cents a quart and hickory nuts were
50 cents a peck. Hay brought be-
tween \$13 and \$15 dollars a load.

THE LEONARD OFFER

A Kingston despatch says: "At the
fall meeting of Queen's University
Board of Trustees, last night, a resolu-
tion was passed in favor of reopening
the Leonard military residence ques-
tion." This resolution was passed:
"The Board of Trustees received with
regret Major Leonard's withdrawal,
under date of May 27th, his offer for
residence for officers' training corps,
and at its first meeting since then,
it desires to assure Major Leonard of
its willingness to further discuss the
matter at any time he should intimate
his readiness to do so." The trustees
also confirmed the action of the Senate
with regard to the establishment
of a student's military training corps,
and of co-operating with other Can-
adian universities with regard to re-
cruiting a university unit for service
abroad.

The Best of Everything

- New Prunes
- New Raisins
- New Peels
- Spanish Onions
- Capecod Cranberries
- New Section Honey

A. L. VANSTONE
Direct Importer

BARGAINS FOR This Week

Women's patent and kid lace boots, Empress
make, broken in sizes. Regular \$3.50 **\$1.98**
and \$4.00. Saturday

Small boys' tan lace boots, extra good, size
8 to 10. Regular \$1.75. **\$1.23**
Saturday

Youths' box kip, blucher cut, Lace
Boots, size 11 to 13. Reg. \$1.50. Saturday **\$1.28**

Boys' box kip, blucher cut, Lace
Boots, size 1 to 5. Regular \$2. Saturday **\$1.68**

NEILL SHOE CO.

HAD A GREAT TIME ON BOARD THE TRANSPORT

Lieut. Fred Miller Writes
Home to His Parents
in Brantford.

The following interesting letter has
been received from Lieut. Fred Miller,
son of Captain Miller, Brant ave.,
who is with the overseas contingent.
Tyrolia, Oct. 3, 1914.

Dear Mother, Dad and All:
We are now in Gaspé harbor. We
left Quebec a week ago Friday night
and arrived here on Monday morning.
We have been here in the harbor since
Monday waiting for the rest of the
transport. The last one arrived this
morning, making 32 in all. There are
four armored cruisers to accompany
us. They are the Diana, Eclipse,
Chrybodus and Talbot. Our line when
we are sailing will extend 6 miles.
Since arriving here the weather has
been simply grand. All around the
harbor there are farms sloping down
to the water's edge. The houses are
all painted bright colors, and it makes
a most picturesque sight early in the
morning when the sun has just risen.
All communication from us is cut
off, and we are just taking a chance
of our mail getting away. We have
a sick man going ashore this morn-
ing to get one from mother, one
from Rene, one from Lili, a dwo from
Dad, also one from Mrs. Bowen.
The Hon. Minister has arrived on
the scene in a private boat, and is
making a list of all the trans-
ports before the fleet sails. We expect
him to-day.

Our boat is a good one and we are
still enjoying a comfortable trip. Our
meals are excellent, and so far we
have only one sick man (heart dis-
ease) on board.

My ever kind advice has sifted in,
and I will be glad to hear the news
words and will come back with the
same name as I have now.

Hope that everything is going well
and that you are enjoying the best
of health. The fattening process is
going on, and I am feeling better
every day.

On board we have physical exer-
cises, signalling drill and in the even-
ings, we read and study our manuals
of drill.

Fine bunch of officers with us, and
we certainly enjoy ourselves. There
are all sorts of ship games. Such as
suffle board, quoits, etc., and we
amuse ourselves with these when we
are not studying. There is also lots
of card playing. We catch jelly fish
in pairs and also the herring garrets.
We get a garnet we put a cork on
the horns and throw them back in and
it is very amusing to watch them try-
ing to get them out. Yesterday, Wed-
nesday, we saw quite a large whale and
are expecting to see more when we
get into the Atlantic.

A stray fisherman passed yesterday
and shouted some encouraging news
about the war, but the captain of the
ship shooed him away.

There are 250 nurses on board one
of the transports and the officers are
on deck with their glasses scouring
the fleet every chance they get.

Mr. Huggins, our adjutant, Mr.
Begy and myself have service for our
boys on Wednesday and Friday.
My mail will reach me in England
if you will address it to Lieut. F. W.
Miller, 4 Batt. 1 Brig. Canadian Ex-
peditionary Force, care of the Canadian
High Comm., London, England.

There is not much time left before
the man is going ashore and I want
to make sure to get this off. Will
write whenever I get a chance. My
prayers and best wishes are for you
all.

Ever
FREDERICK.

GREATER BRANTFORD BOARD.

A general meeting of the members
of the Greater Brantford Board will
take place in the secretary's office at
the Court House to-morrow night,
when those in charge of the unemploy-
ment question will explain how the
matter will be handled during the
coming winter.

Get Your Paper

If you don't get your Courier
regularly, there is only one way
for this office to know it.
That is for you to report the
matter promptly.

The Courier is each day in the
hands of the delivery boys at
such an hour as to ensure an
early delivery to every home in
the city.

We don't want to have you
missed, and you don't want to
be missed.

The advantage is reciprocal.
Subscribers are requested to re-
port each failure of delivery to
this office. It will be promptly
dealt with.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA
Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA
Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

CROMPTON'S "The House of Quality and Good Value" CROMPTON'S

\$35 Handsome Costumes Lined With Satin, Guar- anteed for Two Years For \$25

For one week only we will ac-
cept orders for tailor made Cos-
tumes lined with our "Wearwell"
guaranteed satin for \$25.00. This
same costume would cost \$35.00
elsewhere.

You may have a choice of a
score of very smart styles.

Your choice of fabrics is also
very extensive comprising our
whole stock of costume fabrics up
to \$1.50 per yard.

Place your order now at Dress
Goods Department Main Floor,
or with Saleslady in charge, Sec-
ond Floor.

Satisfaction Guar- anteed

Practical Little Serge Dresses
Very Smart Dresses for women and misses, made
fine quality serge, raglan sleeve, long Russian overskirt,
button trimmed, collar and cuffs trimmed with broad-
cloth. Colors are Copenhagen, Navy, Black,
Brown and Green. Our Special Price... **\$4.50**

VISIT THE TEA ROOM Dinner served 12 to 2; Afternoon Tea 4 to 6 —Second Floor.

E. B. CROMPTON & CO. E. B. CROMPTON & CO.

Smart Winter Coats at Lowered Prices

Women's and Misses' Winter Coats, smart raglan style,
made of heavy all wool coating, in Black and Grey, Blue and
Grey, two-tone Grey, also Blue mixture, all sizes. **\$5.48**
Good value \$7.50. Special.....

Women's and Misses' Coats, in the new Redingote style,
made of fine quality nigger head curl cloth, colors Copen-
hagen, Russian Green, Brown, Navy, Black, Military Red.
Values from \$17.50 to \$20. **\$14.50 to \$18.50**
Special.....

We are Showing a very large range of Children's and
junior's Coats in the newest styles. Prices
are..... **\$5 UP**

Stylish Corsets at Medium Prices

C/C a la Grace Models, medium or low bust, long skirt,
with hose supporters attached, rustproof, 75c, **\$1.25**
\$1 and.....

Crown and C/C a la Grace Models, medium or low bust,
double steels, very flexible, coutile or batiste, **\$2.50**
\$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2 and.....

Elastic Girdle Top, long skirt, four or six support- **\$2**
ers.....

Fine Quality Mercerised Brocade, low bust, **\$3.25**
extra long skirt, best hose supporters.....

Sole Agents for Nemo Self Reducing Corsets, medium or
low bust, extra long skirt with elastic gore sections, every
pair guaranteed satisfactory. **\$6**
\$3.50, \$3.75, \$4.50, \$5, and.....

De Bevoise Brassieres

Embroidery Trimmed Yokes,
button back or hook front models.
50c, 75c, 85c, **\$1.50**
and..... **\$2.25**

Cluny and Torchon Lace Yoke
Brassiere, 75c, 85c, **\$1.175**
and..... **\$3**

Net Brassiere, with
shield attached, 75c, **\$1.50**

—Annex, Queen and Colborne.



AN IMPERIAL MYSTERY

EDITORIAL IN THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC.

Whenever Germany and France,
with their highly centralized and
logically wrought out governments,
have contemplated the fabric known
as the British Empire, they have
smiled smiles of disdain.

If ever there was an instance of
"muddling along" through decades
and even centuries, taking things for
granted, averting issues, extemporiz-
ing expedients and working always
for the object immediately in view,
with scant reference to any principle
of outward consistency, it is supplied
by the history of making of the Brit-
ish Empire. This is a strange gal-
lery together of Crown Colonies,
Dominions, Protectorates, a Com-
monwealth, Dependencies—and In-
dia. India is directly ruled by the
Crown. Jersey, Guernsey, and the
Isle of Man are governed under their
own laws, but certain officials are
appointed by the Crown. Canada and
Australia are both self-governing, but
the Senators in Canada are appointed
by the Governor-General, while those
of Australia are elected. There is a
Secretary of State for India in the
King's Cabinet. And all gradations
of self-government may be found in
the more than ninety units of the
British Empire.

This fearful and wonderful fabric
has no central body. There is no
"Bundesrath" or Imperial Council.
No collective action of its units is
possible. The relations of them of
the Mother Country is illogical, ill-
defined. To the foreigner accustomed
to the federation of the American
States or of the units of the German
Empire the government looks plan-
less and ineffective.

All of which is preliminary to the
observation that there is not at the
present moment any more effective in-
stitution in the whole world of pol-
itical fabrics than the British Empire.
Whatever its machinery lacks ap-
pears to be supplied by its spirit. The
defects of its body are made up for
by the unity of its soul.

The fact cannot be gainsaid that
England, who does not seem to be
as logical as Germany or as system-
atic as France in matters of govern-
ment, has nevertheless the knack of
making men step out of their own free
will to die in her defence. She has
the gift of keeping alive, across
tumbling seas, round half a world,
the undying bond that unites the
heart to home. She has shown her-
self indifferent to the possession of
what matters it? Those colonies will-
ingly tax themselves to send her
warships and their sons seize their
rifles in time of strife to go to her
aid. She has the wisdom to train and
penetrate the swarthy children of alien
races, and even the foes of yester-
year, that they put their living bodies
between England and England's en-
emies. She has a fearfully muddled
theory of government, but her prac-
tice of government lays hold on the
deepest things in the soul of man.

As we contemplate this wonder of
an Empire which is an Empire of the
spirit, an Empire whose philosophy
of politics is all wrong, but for which
the costliest things within the gift
of man are poured out without stint,
we are moved to wonder whether this
is a prophecy of the future.

Will the States of the coming days
make more of the spirit and less of
the machine? Will they jockey less
constitutions and bills of rights and
fabrics of government and more of
the invisible things which touch the
soul?

We do not want to seem to degrade
a high theme; but English plum pud-
ding holds the key to the mystery of
the day when it was worth the eat-
ing. It is soggy; it is greasy; it is
flavorless; it tastes like the roller
composition, compact of glue and
sugar. It is unworthy of the great
good fruit spiced in its making, and
the good spirit burned beneath it
when it is brought to the Christmas
board. It will not compare with the
dark stout pudding of Missouri. Yet
English plum pudding is eaten on
Christmas not only from Land's End
to John o' Groat's House, but in Mani-
toba, in Kharthum in the sides of
Himalayas, under the orange groves
of New Zealand, where December is
June, and in the blistering humidity
of the Straits Settlements. Why?
We cannot tell. But eaten it is. And
English hearts, from London to Mc-
bourne and back again, answer by an
exclaiming of "God rest you, merry gen-
tlemen," and English eyes grow dim
with happy tears.

The British Empire is unscientific.
It is unreasonable. But it is mighty,
with the greatness of the soul.

740,000 Recruits, Sept. 28
London Daily Sketch, Sept. 28
The first army for which Earl
Kitchener called has already been
supplied, and of the second army of
500,000 the Daily Sketch was au-
thoritatively informed yesterday that
very nearly 240,000 men have already
been recruited, and newcomers of all
classes and of exceptionally fine
physique are flocking in at the rate
of 8,000 a day.

Cavalry recruiting is closed for the
present, and although the physical
standard has been raised to 5ft. 6in.
in height and increased by an inch
in chest measurement, there has been
no difficulty in enrolling numbers of
men.

What are wanted particularly at
present are:
Saddlers,
Shoing Smiths, and
Nagsmen, or Roughriders,
who will receive trade rates of pay.

HILARIOUS PROCEEDINGS.

A number of boys visited the Catho-
lic cemetery last night and held a ses-
sion of meritment there to the dis-
gust of many worthy citizens. They
are to be dealt with by the county
police.

RECRUITING LOCALLY IS NOT ACTIVE

38th Dufferin Regiment
Recruiting for the local units of
militia forces of Canada is proceeding
along lines which, while satisfactory
for the battery, are not quite so good
for other corps as they might be.

The Dufferin Rifles are by no means
on their feet yet, and could stand a
strong influx of smart, well-set lads.
Their recruiting has fallen off again,
and does not seem likely to revive
unless something drastic in the po-
sition of the allies provokes the sporadic
patriotism of young men. As in-
fantry regiments go, Brantford has
one which for completeness of or-
ganization and esprit de corps would
be hard to beat.

32nd Battery
The battery under Col. Ashton
seems the only live wire locally, and
has in its composition an evident
esprit de corps lacking in some ex-
tent in the older organizations. Last
drill night on parade there were 68, and
all absentees accounted for by leave
or sickness. No kick is coming from
the officers of this unit, and all is well
but that the equipment for field prac-
tise is not yet obtainable.

25th Dragoons
The 25th Dragoons are to some ex-
tent under the cloud also. Recruits
have come forward and a series of
conflicting reports as to active ser-
vice, etc., have resulted in a feeling

among the lads that the whole seem-
ed a "fak." This is not so. There
will be a real need of cavalry for the
front, and the 25th will share with
others the honor of supplying a quota.
In common with all other corps, the
commanding officer has received or-
ders to hold himself in readiness to
supply men. Those whose fitness is
not found lacking and whose training
is most thorough, will be the most
likely ones for such a section.

Manufactured a Lie
London Daily Mirror
There was a sequel to the story of
the alleged torture and murder of an
English nurse by the Germans in Bel-
gium on September 6, when, at Dum-
fries yesterday, Kate Hume, 17, was
committed for trial charged with ut-
tering a forged letter purporting to
have been written by Grace Hume,
her sister, who is a nurse living in
Huddersfield.

This letter gave rise to what has
been called the "Dumfries nurse
hoax."

Kate Hume, who had spent the
week end in the cells, seemed to feel
her position acutely.

She is a tall girl of stylish and pre-
possessing appearance. She was
dressed in a smart brown costume and
black hat, and carried her gloves in
her hands. She was not asked to
plead, the magistrate saying it was a
case that could not be dealt with in
that court.

It is proposed to raise a corps of
Australian Light Horse among Aus-
tralian now in England.

Nearly 300 Germans in England
have changed their names for British
ones by legal process since the be-
ginning of the war.

SUTHERLAND'S

Now is the Time to Buy Your WALL PAPER

We have laid aside a large number of lots,
from 8 rolls to 20 rolls each. These lots com-
prise papers suitable for bedrooms, sitting-
rooms, dining-rooms, halls and parlors, at all
prices. We will clear these at less than cost.
Bring the sizes of your rooms.

All widths, in white, cream, gold and oak
Room Mouldings. All widths and colors in
Burlap.

J. L. SUTHERLAND

DESPAIR IN AUSTRIA—COUNTRY IN MOURNING AND VERY DIRE POVERTY

A Hungarian journalist, London correspondent of a Budapest newspaper, has received the following letter, dated September 13, from Budapest (via Italy), says the Morning Post. It comes from a friend of his and gives a vivid description of the state of affairs in Hungary and Austria.

"You can imagine that our life here is by no means the brightest. The fact is that since the war began we have been living a life of terror. Great as the enthusiasm was at the beginning, equally endless is the despair now of all classes, especially as the arrivals of wounded from north and south, Galicia and Serbia, seem to be increasing. The trains are overloaded with them. All the trains which carry reinforcements to the front return with immense numbers of wounded soldiers.

Trade and Commerce Entirely Ceased.

Those who are being transported to the front now are mostly between forty and fifty years of age, and the wounded who return with the trains are all seriously injured, for those

with only slight injuries are placed in the hospitals of Vienna and the northern cities nearer to the field of operations, as well as Bukovina and Bohemia.

"Trade and commerce have entirely ceased with the exception of those lines which produce material for army purposes. The men left at home and the women and children present a pitiful sight in Budapest, as well as in Vienna and the provincial towns.

"Seventeen casualty lists have been published, and there is hardly anybody who did not find that someone belonging to him was either dead or wounded. The women who are not earning money by making mourning clothes. There is no other way of making a living.

"Horrible" Prices.

"The shops are open in Budapest and Vienna, too, but no business is done except in provisions at the prices of which, though controlled by the authorities, are horrible.

"You would not believe that a kilo of bread (2.5 of a pound) costs a crown (20 cents), and as the authorities have taken over all the baking of bread the people can only get a kilo for every three persons. There are special shops in every district where they distribute bread among the poor—a military ration for every two persons. The price of meat is so high that many restaurants have closed instead of raising the prices of dishes threefold as they would have to do. In the cafes and restaurants you can only see waitresses and grey-haired waiters. On the tramcars they have engaged women as conductors.

Fear of Revolution.

"Budapest and Vienna are full of depression and despair, chiefly because there is absolutely no news from the front. Whatever there is only gives accounts of the fighting in France and Belgium. The censorship is very severe, and some newspapers appear half empty.

"The situation is almost unbearable because of the many nationalities that make up the Austro-Hungarian Empire. One hears almost daily of arrests and executions. These, of course, cannot be mentioned in the newspapers.

"The General Staff is almost trembling from fear of insurrection or revo-

lution on the part of some nationalities, and adopts the most severe measures in order to keep them in check. Nevertheless, conspiracies are discovered daily, especially in the south of Hungary and in Bosnia and Herzegovina, where Servian agents are working by the hundreds with the object of inciting the people to rebellion.

Deciving the Emperor.

"You can imagine how ordinary people are treated if even Nationalist members of Parliament, six of them, and some members of the Croatan Diet have been already thrown into prison on charges of high treason or conspiracy. We don't know whether they are still there or have been court-martialed and executed.

"They say the old King is doing quite well because he is not told of reverses, only of victories. He is not supposed to know anything as yet of the fall of Lemberg. His attendants are afraid to communicate to him any of the bad news lest the shock would endanger his life. Otherwise he is working hard all day, signing promotion of officers, and going to church twice daily.

Pape's Diapepsin For Indigestion or Bad Stomach

Relieves Sourness, Gas, Heartburn, Dyspepsia in Five Minutes.

Sour, gassy, upset stomach, indigestion, heartburn, dyspepsia; when the food you eat ferments into gases and stoborn lumps; your head aches and you feel sick and miserable, that's when you realize the magic in Pape's Diapepsin. It makes all stomach misery vanish in five minutes.

If your stomach is in a continuous revolt—if you can't get it regulated, please, for your sake, try Pape's Diapepsin. It's so needless to have a bad stomach—make your next meal a favorite food meal, then take a little Diapepsin. There will not be any distress—eat without fear. It's because Pape's Diapepsin "really does" regulate weak, out-of-order stomachs that gives it its millions of sales annually.

Get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store. It is the quickest, surest stomach relief and cure known. It acts almost like magic—it is a scientific, harmless and pleasant stomach preparation which truly belongs in every home.

Football

Sporting Editor of the Courier:

Sir,—Would you kindly allow me space in your paper to offer our apologies to the public and patrons of football for not putting on the game last Saturday, Oct. 17, Holmedale vs. Tutela, as we found it impossible to do so. Neither of the clubs could turn out a full team on account of the game played at Agricultural park on the same date. We hope to be able to give those people who have given their support to the benefit of Dick Hart of Holmedale, a real good game. Hart has been laid off work for a good many weeks through illness, and we are trying to do our duty by him by playing this benefit. We shall play Saturday, Oct. 24th at 3:30 p.m. sharp, when we with the assistance of Tutela will put up a good game and thereby repay in some small measure for the inconvenience caused to those people who turned up last Saturday, and we will also be pleased to see as many of the sporting public present as can get there.

Believe me, sir, I remain,

Yours truly,

J. MACDONALD,
Secretary Holmedale T.F.G.C.

ONE SPOONFUL GIVES ASTONISHING RESULTS

Brantford residents are astonished at the QUICK results from the simple mixture of buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., known as Adler-ika. This remedy acts on BOTH upper and lower bowel and is so THOROUGH a bowel cleanser that it is used successfully in appendicitis. ONE SPOONFUL of Adler-ika relieves almost ANY CASE of constipation, sour or gassy stomach. ONE MINUTE after you take it, the gasses rumble and pass out. M. H. Robertson, Druggist.

SIR NIGEL

BY A. CONAN DOYLE

Copyright, 1905, 1906, by A. Conan Doyle.

The rising power of the people, the growing wealth of the Church, the increasing luxury in life and manners on the part of the nobles, all were equally abhorrent to her, so that the dread of her fierce face, and even of the heavy oak staff with which she supported her failing limbs, was widespread through all the country round.

Yet if she was feared she was also respected, for in days when books were few and readers scarce, a long memory and a ready tongue were of the more value; and where, save from Dame Emryntrude, could the young unlettered Squires of Surrey and Hampshire hear of their grandfathers and their battles, or learn that lore of heraldry and chivalry which she handed down from a ruler but a more martial age? Poor as she was, there was much to be learned from her.

Her more ready tongue upon a question of precedence or of conduct than the Dame Emryntrude Lorring. She sat up and looked back by the empty fireplace, and looked across at Nigel with all the harsh lines of her old ruffled face softening into love and pride. The young Squire was bowing and whisking softly as he worked. Suddenly he looked up and caught the dark eyes which were fixed on him. He leaned forward and patting the bony hand.

"What hath pleased you, dear dame? I read pleasure in your eyes."

"I have heard to-day, Nigel, and you came with that great warhorse which stamps in our stable."

"Nay, dame, I had told you that the monks had given it to me."

"You said so, my son, but never a word more. Yet the horse which you brought home was a very different horse. I wot, to that which was given such a thing."

"So would your father before you, and his father no less. They would sit silent among the knights when they were out of order, and listen to every man's deeds; but if perchance there was anyone who spoke louder than the rest and seemed to be eager for honor, they afterwards would whisper in his ear to learn if there was any small vow of which he could relieve him, or if he would deign to perform some noble deed of arms."

"I should think it shame to talk of such a thing."

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For, who has won such credit in the French wars and who rides ever by the King's side-arm. He was your father's friend and they were Squires together. If I sent you to court with a message, to him he would do what he could."

Nigel's fair face flushed. "Nay, Dame Emryntrude, I must find my own gear, even as I have found in battle in this tunic than owe my suit to another."

"I feared that you would say so, Nigel, but indeed I know not how else we may get the money," said the old woman sadly. "It was different in the days of my father. I can remember that a suit of mail was but a small matter in those days, for in every English town such things could be made. But year by year since men have come to take more care of their bodies, there have been added a plate of proof here and a cunning joint there, and all must be from Toledo or Milan, so that a knight must have much metal in his purse ere he puts any on his limbs."

Nigel looked up wistfully at the old armor which was slung on the beams above him. "The saddle is good," he said, "and so is the paken shield with facings of steel. Sir Roger Fitz-Alan handled them and said that he had never seen better. But the sword—"

Lady Emryntrude shook her old head and laughed. "You have your father's great sword, Nigel, but you have not the mastery of breadth of shoulder and length of limb. There was not in all the King's great host a taller or a stronger man. His harness would be little use to you. No, fair son, I wote you that when the time comes you sell this crumbling horse and the few acres which are still left, and so go forth to the wars in the hope that with your own right hand you will plant the fortunes of a new house of Lorring."

A shadow of anger passed over Nigel's fresh face. "I know not if we may hold these monks and their lawyers much longer. This very day there came a man from Guildford with claims from the Abbey extending back before my father's death."

"Where are they, my son?"

"They are flapping on the turbans of Hankley, for I sent his papers and parchments down west as fast as ever I could."

"Nay, you were mad to do that, Nigel, and the man, where is he?"

"Red Swire and old George the archer threw him into the Thursday bog."

"Alas! I fear me such things cannot be done in these days, though my father or my husband would have sent the rascal back to Guildford with his ears. But the monks and the Law are too strong now for us who are of gentler blood. Trouble will come of it, Nigel, for the Abbot of Waverley is a hard man, and he will hold back the shield of the Church from those who are her servants."

"The Abbot would not hurt us. It is that gray lean lord of a scout who may hold our land. Let him do his worst. I fear him not."

"He has such an engine at his back, Nigel, that even the bravest must fear him. The ban which blasts a man's heart would die ere I could die of a church, and what have we to place against it? I pray you to speak him fair, Nigel."

"Nay, dear lady, it is both my duty and my pleasure to do what you bid me; but would I were I could do that which we can claim as a right. Never can I cast my eyes from yonder window that I do not see the swelling bow-lands and the rich meadows, glade and dingle, copse and wood, which have been ours since Norman William gave them to that Lorring who bore his shield at Somme. Now by stroke and fraud, they have passed away from us, and many a Franklin is a richer man than I; but never shall it be said that I saved the rest by bending my neck to their yoke. Let them do their worst, and let me endure it or fight it as best I may."

The old lady sighed and shook her head. "You speak as a Loring should, and yet I fear that some great trouble will befall us. But let us talk no more of such matters, since we cannot mend them. Where is your citole, Nigel? Will you not play and sing to me?"

(To be Continued.)

"MADE IN CANADA."

From Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa, Weekly Review, October 13th, 1914.

A statement has reached the Department that Canadian municipalities and companies dealing with public utilities are buying their equipment from foreign sources. During the stress of war and with a prospect of unemployment during the coming winter it appears especially desirable that as far as possible equipment produced in the country should be obtained and the Minister of Trade and Commerce desires to direct the attention of municipal committees and companies concerned in municipal work to this matter in the full belief that patriotic sentiment will stimulate sympathy with the object of this notice.

The Inward Effects of humors are worse than the outward. They endanger the whole system. Hood's Sarsaparilla eradicates humors, cures all their inward and outward effects. It is the great alterative and tonic, whose merit has been everywhere established.

The British cruiser Hawke was sunk in the North Sea by a German submarine, and a large proportion of her crew was lost.

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Hamilton and Locals Played a Tie Game

Big Crowd at Agricultural Park—Football Match Was Good—Score 2-2.

Glorious weather prevailed on Saturday afternoon, when Brantford City Club played their first exhibition game of soccer football against a picked team from Hamilton. As early as 3 o'clock quite a crowd had gathered on the grounds, and when the two teams took the field fully 500 spectators were present. Brantford City won the toss and elected to defend the west goal, having the advantage of a strong sun behind them. Walter Jones kicked off for Hamilton at 3.35. During the first half the Hamilton team were seen to advantage, the Brantford boys being strange to one another's play. The forwards, however, worked well together, but Hamilton's defence held them in check. The first incident of interest that occurred was an offside goal. To all appearances the Hamilton back-kicked at the ball and missed it, and J. Huhey, rushing in, scored with a great drive, but Referee Farnsworth ruled it offside. Right through a terrific pace, and the excitement along the line intense. Both teams tried all they knew to secure the lead. About a minute from half-time Johnston accidentally handled the ball in the penalty area, and a penalty was awarded to Hamilton. Jones converted with a low shot in the corner of the net right out of Nigel's reach.

Half-time was called, Brantford 0, Hamilton 1.

The second half proved very interesting. Brantford had the best of it, and were for the most time engaged in the victory hat. Huhey scored the equalizer amidst great excitement. Some minutes after Hamilton again took the lead through Duncan the inside left, whom the crowd had christened "Baby." Collett put the teams on level terms after half an hour with a great shot. Towards the finish excitement was intense, the teams playing for all they were worth, but neither scored, and so the game ended two all—Brantford 2, Hamilton 2.

Supper was served at the Prince Edward Hotel. Some thirty players and officials sat down. Dr. English thanked the Brantford boys and extended a hearty invitation to Hamilton, which C. Uniacke in reply, accepted on behalf of the Brantford team. Some songs ended the proceedings.

Liverpool was recently visited by torrential rain, and one campment was flooded out, the men having to be sent home while fresh arrangements were made.

Under the famous gateway of Battle-Abbey recently, Earl Bessy made an earnest appeal for recruits and gave a splendid vindication of England's just cause.

COOK'S Cotton Root Compound

A safe, reliable, and powerful medicine. Sold by all druggists. Prepared by J. H. Cook, New York, U.S.A.

THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, CAN.

HEART SONGS COUPON

PRESENTED BY THIS PAPER TO YOU

HOW TO GET IT ALMOST FREE

Clip out and present five coupons like the above, bearing consecutive dates, together with our special price of 98c. Book on display at office of

BRANTFORD DAILY COURIER

Monday, Oct. 19, 1914

5 COUPONS 98c Secure this \$3.00 Volume

The Genuine Cardinal, Seal Grain, Flexible Binding, Red Edges, Round Corners, with 16 full-page portraits of the world's most famous singers, and complete dictionary of musical terms.

Out-of-town readers will add 10c extra for postage and packing.

"HEART SONGS" The song book with a soul! 400 of the world's most famous songs, chosen by 20,000 music lovers. Four years to complete the book. Every song a gem of melody.

THE BOY SCOUT ANNUAL

1914

New and altogether different than other year's edition. Everybody would like it; the stories run in all lines of enjoyment.

THE SELLING PRICE: \$1.75

STEDMAN'S BOOKSTORE

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J. S. HAMILTON & CO.

New Premises: 44 and 46 Dalhousie Street

CANADIAN AGENTS

Robt. Brown, Ltd., Four Crown Scotch.
Pelee Island Wine Co., Ltd., Pelee Island Wine.
H. Thomson & Co., Irish Whiskey.
Webb & Harris, Jamaica Rum.
Cady & Co., Cocoa Wine.

BRANTFORD AGENTS

Carlton Brewing Co., Ale, Stout and Lager.
H. Walker & Sons' celebrated Canadian Whiskies.
Radnor Water Co., Radnor Water.
W. A. Ross & Bro., Shoe Gin.
Haig & Haig, Five Star Scotch.

PROPRIETORS

J. S. Hamilton & Co., Brandy.
"St. Augustine" Communion Wine.
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Chateau Pelee Hocks and Clarets.

J. S. HAMILTON & CO.

Have your suit cleaned and pressed

BY **JEWELL**

348 Colborne Street
PHONR 300

Goods called for and delivered

Guaranteed Pure Italian OLIVE OIL

1-4, 1-2 and 1 Gallon Tins

—FOR SALE ONLY BY—

P. CANCELLA

Market Square and 270 Colborne St.

The Secret of a Good Figure

offer lies in the breasts. Hundreds of thousands of women wear the Bienville Brasieres for the reason that they give the figure the look of youth. It outlines the bust and back and gives the figure the look of youth. It outlines the bust and back and gives the figure the look of youth.

BIENVILLE BRASSIERES

are the finest, most desirable garments imaginable. Only the best materials are used for in-Bienville Brasieres. Washable, durable, absolutely perfect—permitting laundering without removal.

They come in all styles, and your local Dry Goods dealer will show them to you on request. If he does not carry them, he can get them for you by writing to us as shown in the illustrated booklet showing styles that are in high favor.

BENJAMIN & JOHNES
50 Warren Street Newark, N. J.

Oiled Floor Mops

Sanitary and easy to operate—Mops and oil in great variety.

We also carry a full line of **Hair Brooms, Banisters Radiator Brushes**

—REMEMBER THE PLACE—

HOWIE & FEELY

Temple Building - Dalhousie Street

O'Keefe's OLD STOCK ALE

GOLD LABEL

Medical men endorse the value of ale as a tonic and nutrient. Of course, much depends on the purity and quality of the ale—so be sure you get O'Keefe's.

Any dealer can supply you a case.

THE O'KEEFE BREWERY CO., TORONTO LIMITED

May be ordered at 47 Colborne St., Brantford

EFFICACY OF THE M EXPERIMENTS

N VIEW of the charge made by motor cars by the German army siege of Liege—the first time that special interest attaches to the experiment which was made in 1914 by the Royal Horse Artillery. The mine how motor traction can be fully substituted for horses in the portation of artillery.

For the purpose of the test it was proposed that a raiding force, supported by cruisers and destroyers, estimated at five thousand men, transports of 5,000 tons each, and objective Great Grimby.

At eleven o'clock a telegram, sent by the officer commanding West Riding Battery of 45-3.5 inch Ehrhardt guns to Fort Waltham, three miles from Great B., and await orders there. The night was dark and the moon was not seen, and about three o'clock the mine train left for the depot a good deal to the north of the town, and the mine, which left two hours later.

The principle of haulage was instead of the shafts on the mine a special shaft of steel fitted, and this was attached to a ing bollard on the chassis, which demonstrated, could be covered

FAMOUS SIEGES - CARTHAGE



Carthage Falls Into the Hands of the Romans.

By Henry M. Snevily.

FAMINE, pestilence and nerve shattering vigilance—these scourges which in the end drive besieged cities to surrender. From Carthage to Port Arthur they have hounded brave men to defeat and it is not unlikely that at Kioochon, Paris, or even Berlin, they will play their part again. The story of the siege would be grim and sordid enough were it not for the flashes of desperate valor, the wild sorties in the night, the heroic conflicts at wall or intrenchment.

The siege has always played an important part in history. Carthage, Rome's most potent, most feared rival, was wiped out by a three-year siege. The Third Punic War was inspired by Rome's determination to destroy this great city of the Phoenicians, and in 149 B. C. the Consul Manilius and Censorius, with an army of 80,000 men, which was later enormously increased, sailed against Carthage.

The city itself was built upon a mushroom shaped peninsula, the narrow neck of which was about three miles in breadth. Across this strip of land three great walls were built, the outer one about six or seven feet thick and forty feet high, with towers at intervals of 200 feet. These three walls were so connected that they formed one continuous system of masonry, embracing 200 horse-shoe-shaped stalls for elephants, storage for their fodder, stables for 4,000 horses and barracks for their riders and 20,000

infantry. On all three water sides the city was well fortified, the most vulnerable quarter being a narrow strip of land between the Gulf of Tunis and the Lake of Tunis. This neck, called the Taenia, was pierced by a narrow passage into the Lake of Tunis which was used as a harbor for the merchant fleet, and there were also two landlocked harbors built by hand where a limited number of merchantmen and the ships of war could anchor.

It was from the tops of great man-built islands in the centre of the very inner harbors that the admirals of the fleet watched the approach of the Roman vessels and soldiers as the investment of Carthage began.

Misled by Roman promises that if the city would submit to Roman rule it would be unopposed, the Carthaginians had delivered up almost all their arms and weapons of warfare at the city of Utica, which had gone over to the conquerors. It was not until the enemy appeared before their very walls that the inhabitants learned of the Roman determination to wipe out the city at any expense.

MIDST WILD SCENES IN SENATE WAR AGAINST ROME DECLARED

When the news was announced in the Senate a wild scene ensued. Members of the patriotic party who had counselled war against Rome loudly upbraided the conservatives. A delegation of matrons whose sons had been sent to Rome as hostages marched on the Senate chamber and filled the air with their cries of mourning, even threatening to attack Senators whom they deemed responsible for the catastrophe. Yet even these mothers, who thus

signed the death warrants of their sons, firmly demanded that war should be the decision of the nation.

Men ran to the quarters of the elephants which had so inspired the Romans with fear in the first Punic Wars, but though they called the trained beasts by name no friendly trumpeting echoed through the masonry walls. The animals had been delivered up to Utica, but in a single night hundreds of women cut off their hair and twisted ropes of it to repair the catapults.

Squads went from house to house stripping lead from the roofs and heaping it near the towers on the walls where great fires were kept burning so that the melted metal could be poured upon the scaling parties. Buildings were smashed down for the iron in the walls, which might be used in fashioning weapons.

Every slave in the city was set free, armed and promised liberty if he should fight for Carthage.

Thousands of men were hurled at the city, under Manlius from the land side and under Censorius from the direction of the Taenia, which was not so well fortified.

Part of the Lake of Tunis was filled in with huge stones to give the siege weapons play, and a ram operated by 2,000 men smashed a hole in the wall. Right up to the breach the Roman legions thundered, and there, to their surprise, were met by a shower of heavy rocks, great lumps of iron and spears and arrows.

Forming platforms with their shields, the infantry lifted their comrades, and some of them, brandishing their short

swords, clambered almost to the summit of the wall. This made the great market place the easy prey of the Romans.

From the market place three streets led directly to the citadel, which was three blocks, probably the length of a long city block, away. In these three short streets took place some of the fiercest fighting the world has seen.

To traverse them the Romans battled continuously for six days, suffering terrible losses. From the roofs of the houses, most of which were six stories high, the Carthaginians hurled great lumps of lead, rocks, iron and boiling oil. As the Romans entered one building and drove the defenders to the roof they retreated across planks, drawn after them, to the next roof.

Infantry was massed in the streets, while men with swords fought their way into the buildings and drove those whom they did not slay out of the windows or over the roof edge, whence they fell and were impaled on the spears of the soldiers below.

At last the streets were cleared and a handful of defenders in the citadel were all who remained between the mighty power of Rome and complete destruction of the city. From this fort the little band saw the buildings in which such a heroic stand had been made burning to the ground, while the night was hideous with the cries of women, children and aged men who had been concealed in cellars and closets.

The elder Hasdrubal sneaked from the citadel and before the eyes of his men, who hurled anathema upon him, threw himself at Scipio's feet, begged and won his life; this according to Polybius, a friend of Scipio and a witness of the fighting at Carthage. Polybius is also responsible for the story of the burning of the citadel.

GREAT MOLE OF SCIPIO FAILS TO BOTTLE SHIPS IN HARBOR

All through the year 148 B. C. little progress was made. The besieged city was receiving supplies by sea, and to prevent this Scipio caused to be erected a great mole designed to shut off entrance to the Lake of Tunis and the artificial harbors. At the end of two months the mole was completed, but on the very day that the last stone was placed a Carthaginian fleet of triremes glided out through a narrow canal and manoeuvred in the Gulf of Tunis. Had they given battle then to the Roman fleet they might have defeated it, but instead they waited several days and were badly whipped by the Romans.

Once a horde of naked Carthaginians swarmed at night through a breach and wading in the Lake of Tunis gained the artificial land made by the Romans. They were decimated by Roman archers, but they burned many of the catapults and other war engines.

One of the elder Hasdrubal's first acts upon assuming command of Carthage was to torture all the Roman prisoners in sight of their comrades and hurl their bodies from the walls. Incensed, the Romans fought with redoubled fury, and at last, through a ruse designed by Laelius,

the inner landlocked harbors were captured. This made the great market place the easy prey of the Romans.

From the market place three streets led directly to the citadel, which was three blocks, probably the length of a long city block, away. In these three short streets took place some of the fiercest fighting the world has seen.

To traverse them the Romans battled continuously for six days, suffering terrible losses. From the roofs of the houses, most of which were six stories high, the Carthaginians hurled great lumps of lead, rocks, iron and boiling oil. As the Romans entered one building and drove the defenders to the roof they retreated across planks, drawn after them, to the next roof.

Infantry was massed in the streets, while men with swords fought their way into the buildings and drove those whom they did not slay out of the windows or over the roof edge, whence they fell and were impaled on the spears of the soldiers below.

At last the streets were cleared and a handful of defenders in the citadel were all who remained between the mighty power of Rome and complete destruction of the city. From this fort the little band saw the buildings in which such a heroic stand had been made burning to the ground, while the night was hideous with the cries of women, children and aged men who had been concealed in cellars and closets.

The elder Hasdrubal sneaked from the citadel and before the eyes of his men, who hurled anathema upon him, threw himself at Scipio's feet, begged and won his life; this according to Polybius, a friend of Scipio and a witness of the fighting at Carthage. Polybius is also responsible for the story of the burning of the citadel.

DEFIANT TO THE VERY LAST. DEFENDERS BURN THE CITADEL

Realizing that they were beaten, and scornful to surrender, the gallant hand-

ful of defenders set fire to the buildings and prepared to sell their lives as dearly as might be. Hasdrubal's wife arrayed herself in all the barbaric finery of her wardrobe and, climbing to the citadel's roof, her jewelled arms flashing in the ruddy glare of mounting flames, complimented Scipio as a noble foe in glorious contrast to her perfidious husband.

Then, seizing a sword, before the eyes of the Roman host she slew her sons, and herself leaped into the raging furnace beneath.

Scipio was at last in possession of

REMARKABLE PROPHECY MADE BY VICTOR

HUGO AT THE CLOSE OF THE WAR OF 1870

ON March 1, 1871, the National Assembly of France convened at Bordeaux to ratify the preliminary articles of peace concluded with Germany. On that occasion Victor Hugo, after charging Napoleon III. with the French debacle, contrasted the futures of the contending nations. As a result of her victory Germany, he declared, would be sternly ruled by a Caesar of "divine right," whose sceptre would be the sabre, enjoining thought, muzzling the press and stifling the national conscience, while conquered France would overcome her misery under the guidance of the sovereign people, with free speech, free conscience and human rights. Amid the wildest enthusiasm he concluded with this remarkable prophecy:—"Oh! The clock will strike—and we shall hear the sound—for this prodigious revenge. Thus will begin the to-morrow when France shall have one thought alone: to collect herself, to rest from the terrible gloom of desperation, to reassemble her forces, to educate her children, to rear with sacred passion those little ones who shall become great, to form citizens; to create an army which shall be the people, to call science to the

aid of war, to study the strategy of the Prussians as Rome studied the strategy of the Carthaginians; to fortify herself, to consolidate and regenerate herself, to become again the France of 92, the France of an idea, the France of her promise.

"Then, one day, she will suddenly rouse herself. She will become formidable. She will be seen at one blow to regain Lorraine, to regain Alsace. Is it enough? No! No! She will 'capture'—listen!—Troyes, Mainz, Cologne, Coblenz!—and you shall hear France cry, 'The clock strikes my hour! Germany! Hear me! Am I thine enemy? No, I am thy sister! I have taken all from thee, I return all to thee! Upon one condition: That we shall no longer be a divided people; the France of 92, the united family, one republic. I will demolish my fortresses, thou thine. My vendetta is—brotherhood!"

"No more frontier. The Rhine, mine and thine. We shall be the same republic, we shall be the United States of Europe, we shall be the Liberty of Europe. And now let us clasp hands, for we have rendered each a reciprocal service. Thou hast freed me from my emperor. I will free thee from thine."



Hasdrubal (On the Wall) Makes Peace with the Mutineers of His Army

SCIPIO

Photos from "The Destruction of Carthage" Produced in Italy at the Ambrosina Motion Picture Studio. Controlled in the United States and Canada by the Kinowest Corporation.

DAY, OCTOBER 19, 1914
Locals
Tie Game
Football Match
2-2.

amidst great excitement, minutes after Hamilton again lead through Duncan the in- whom the crowd had christened "Collet" put the teams terms after half an hour with hot. Towards the finish ex- was intense, the teams play- all they were worth, but nee- red, and so the game ended Brantford 2, Hamilton 2.

was served at the Prince Hotel. Some thirty players sals sat down. Dr. English (the Brantford boys and ex- hearty invitation to Hamil- lich C. Uniacke in replying, on behalf of the Brantford Some songs ended the pro-

pool was recently visited by rain, and one encampment ed out, the men having to home while fresh arrange- were made.

the famous gateway of Abbey recently, Earl Brassey earliest appeal for recruits, e a splendid vindication of s just cause.

Cotton Root Compound
A safe, reliable purgative medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, \$1.11; No. 2, 85c; No. 3, 50c per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Ask for THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Invents Widdow)

GS' IN YOU

MOST FREE
 Like the above, bearing special price of 98c.

COURIER
 1914
\$3.00 Volume
 Binding, Red Edges, Round the world's most famous of musical terms.
 For postage and packing book with a total 400 of treasures of the world in one music lovers. Four years to melody.

T ANNUAL
 Different than Everybody tries run in all \$1.75
OKSTORE
 160 Colborne St.

ON & CO.
 Dalhousie Street

TS
 Lager. Whiskies.
ON & CO.

EFFICACY OF THE MOTOR IN TIMES OF WAR; EXPERIMENTS SOUND DOOM OF THE HORSE

VIEW OF THE CHARGE MADE BY ARMED MOTOR CARS BY THE GERMAN ARMY AT THE BATTLE OF LIÈGE—THE FIRST TIME IN HISTORY—SPECIAL INTEREST ATTACHED TO AN EXPERIMENT WHICH WAS MADE IN ENGLAND BY THE ROYAL HORSE ARTILLERY TO DETERMINE HOW MOTOR TRACTION CAN BE SUCCESSFULLY SUBSTITUTED FOR HORSES IN THE TRANSPORTATION OF ARTILLERY.

For the purpose of the test it was supposed that a riding force, strongly supported by cruisers and destroyers, and estimated at five thousand men in two transports of 5,000 tons each, had as its objective Great Grimby.

At eleven o'clock a telegram was received by the officer commanding the West Riding Battery of four 10-pounder 2.5 inch Ehrhardt guns to proceed to Waltham, three miles from Great Grimby, and await orders there. The battery was parked at Wentworth during the night, and about three o'clock the ammunition train left for the depot at Selby, a good deal to the north of the road, followed by the guns, which left the park two hours later.

The principle of haulage was simple. Instead of the shafts on the gun carriage a special shaft of steel had been fitted, and this was attached to a hauling bollard on the chassis, which, it was demonstrated, could be converted into

a hauling chassis in two minutes fifteen seconds. The test, of course, was whether the limber of the guns could stand the strain of travelling at a speed of more than twenty miles an hour for several hours together. The result proved they could, and was considered highly satisfactory by those responsible for the operations.

There were no "casualties" to report, the bearings had not got overheated, and a distance of nearly eighty miles had been covered at an average speed of twenty-one miles an hour—in striking contrast to the speed at which artillery can be moved by horses even at a gallop.

To show that the chassis could be equally well used for taking the guns into action, the battery proceeded to Cleethorpes, where they took up a position to command the mouth of the Humber and Grimby Harbor. They were hauled into a field over ground such as would have to be travelled over under service conditions, and were wheeled into position, unlimbered and ready to fire an effective shot in less than thirty seconds—the chassis having followed the usual practice of the gun team, and taken up a position in the rear of the battery. Hereafter the guns were limbered up again and hauled into Grimby.

LOCAL ADVERTISING RATES

CLASSIFIED ADS
Female Help, Male Help, Help Wanted, Agents Wanted, Work Wanted, Situations Wanted, Board and Lodging, Lost and Found, For Sale, Real Estate, To Let, Business Chances, Personal, etc.

MALE HELP WANTED
EXPERIENCED FARM HAND
wants employment on farm. Apply 29 Queen St. mw56

FEMALE HELP WANTED
WANTED-TWO MAIDS. Apply Matron, Ontario School for the Blind. f33f

WANTED-GIRLS, EXPERIENCED
preferred, to make paper boxes. The Hampel Paper Box Co., Cor. West and Centre Sts. f41

WANTED-LADIES TO DO
plain sewing at home, whole or spare time, good pay, work sent any distance, charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Company, Montreal. f33

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS
WANTED TO BUY-OLD OR
second-hand bicycles. Apply Box 32, Courrier. mw33

WANTED-HATS REMODELED
and trimmed. 81 Terrace Hill St. mw55

WANTED-A GENTLEMAN
wishes a furnished room (without board) in private house. Address Box 31, Courrier office. mw29

WANTED-BOARD WITH
private family. State terms and location. Box 30. mw21

WANTED-BOARDER, GENTLEMAN
or lady; conveniences; private. Apply Box 29, Courrier. mw23

WANTED-SECOND HAND
dry in good condition. Reply, giving full particulars as to size and also price asked. Box 27, Courrier. mw21

WANTED-ALL KINDS OF
high-class shoes repairing at Sycamore's, 73 Colborne St. Sycamore's, 73 Colborne St. Shoe Store manager, late of Temple. 1-106mar2615

BUSINESS CARDS
WANTED-MEN AND BOYS TO
buy bicycles from \$10 up; best in the city. F. H. Gott, 100 Dalhousie St. c

HUNT TRANSFER CO.-TAXI,
Garage and Baggage services; open night and day. Phone 515. c

GIVE US A TRIAL FOR
GENERAL carting and baggage transfer. J. A. Mathewson, 29 Queen St. Auto. phone 657, Bell phone 2113. c-apr6-15

WATCH WORK OUR WATCH
word Bronco Jeweller, Cartwright, 118 Market St. c

CONCRETES AND EXCAVATING
of all kinds-sidewalks, cisterns, etc. E. Sage, 183 Elgin St. Bell 2095. c

A. J. OSBORNE-SUCCESSOR
of the late Joseph Tilley, is carrying a full and up-to-date range of Wall Papers. 168 Market St. c

WANTED-ALL KINDS SECOND-
hand furniture bought and sold; highest cash price. Woods' Furniture Store, 49 George St. Both phones: Bell 1003, Auto. 740. c

WANTED-EXCAVATING AND
concrete work; sidewalks and cisterns put in; old and new plastering; also repairing of all kinds. A. G. Austin, 344 St. Paul's Ave., Bell phone 2124. c

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE
FOR SALE-TWO-ROOMED
house and lot, very cheap, \$300, easy terms. Also house to let at \$10.00, all conveniences. 66 Chestnut Ave., phone 786; Automatic. r33

FOR SALE-14 STOREY RED
pressed brick, 6 rooms, complete bath, laundry, furnace, 3-compartment cellar, electric lights, gas. 117 Victoria St. r31f

PAINTING
D. D. TAYLOR-GRAINING,
paperhanging and lettering, signs, raised letters, business and office signs; glass, ornamental, plate and sheet; automobile painting. 20 Colborne St., phone 392. Automobile paint shop in rear. 146 Dalhousie St. r49

DENTAL
DR. RUSSELL, Dentist-Latest
American methods of painless dentistry. 201 Colborne St., opp. George St., over Roberts & Van-Lane's Shoe Store. Phone 306. c

DR. HART has gone back to his
old stand over the Bank of Hamilton; entrance on Colborne St. 4-mar26-15

AUTO LIVERY.
MAIN LINE LIVERY, 42 Dalhousie
St., 3 doors west of Fire Hall, opposite Bell Telephone. Auto for hire at shortest notice, also all kinds of hacks, coppers, and rigs of any description, safe drivers, safe horses. Both phones 305. Open day and night. c

TO LET

TO LET-NOS. 58 AND 60 WEST
St. Apply 78 Brant Ave. t33

TO LET-COTTAGE, 11 TERRACE
Hill St. Apply 104 Market St. t33

FLAT TO RENT-MODERN
conveniences. J. J. Kelly, 48 Colborne St. t29f

TO LET-7 ROOMED COTTAGE,
\$9 per month. 115 Spring St. t29

TO LET-THREE FURNISHED
rooms. Apply 52 Victoria St. t17

TO LET-61 DARLING STREET.
Apply 100 Wellington. t45

TO LET-4 WASHINGTON ST.;
also 36 Abigail Ave. Apply 9 Buffalo St. t7f

TO RENT-HOUSE, LARGE
garden, 199 Murray St. Possession Nov. 1st. Apply 48 Sheridan St. t39

TO LET-NICE HOUSE, EAST
Ward, 4 bedrooms, has been rented for \$14; will rent for eleven. Apply 151 Colborne St. t33

TO LET-HOUSE, AT ONCE, 16
Victoria St. Apply T. J. Fair & Co., Ltd. t23

TO RENT-HOUSE AND FIVE
acres of ground. Apply 54 Albion St. t31

TO LET-SEVEN-ROOMED
brick cottage, large barn, 1 acre choice garden land, rent \$14. Apply 2003, Bell phone. t47

TO LET-NORTH WARD, DE-
sirable cottage, No. 51 Lyons Ave. Apply 14 Abigail Ave. Phones 955 or 643. t47

TO LET-LARGE LIGHT BED-
room, also sitting-room, near choice bathroom. Rooms are excellently furnished and hot water heated; desirable, central, corner location; terms reasonable. Box 33, Courrier. t39

TO LET-THREE FURNISHED
or unfurnished rooms. Apply 52 Victoria St. t31

TO RENT-39 GREY ST., HOUSE
newly decorated, possession at once. Apply 48 Sheridan St. t23

TO LET-ROOM, WITH BOARD
if desired; all conveniences; in vicinity of Brant Ave. Box 28, Courrier. t23

TO LET-TWO STOREY BRICK,
well built, 7 large rooms, bath. 156 Darling. t21

TO LET-FLAT, FIVE ROOMED,
garret, gas, electric light, \$12, separate entrance, 162 1/2 Market. Apply 24 Sheridan. t12

TO LET-SMALL TWO STOREY
house, 132 Peel St., all conveniences. Apply 195 Nelson St. t15

TO LET-GOOD HOUSE IN
Cainsville; possession Nov. 11th. David Stuart, Cainsville Post Office. t17

TO LET-FURNISHED BED-
room and sitting room, every convenience, central, suitable for two business women. Apply Box 24. t13

TO LET-2 STOREY FRAME
house, \$7.00 per month. Phone 2003. t56

TO LET-TWO STOREY BRICK,
well built, 7 large rooms, bath. 156 Darling. t56

TO LET-RED BRICK COT-
tage, East Ward, gas, \$8.00. Apply 30 Market St. t61f

TO RENT-BY 1ST OF OCTO-
ber, brick dwelling house, No. 34 Palace St., containing all modern improvements, \$25.00 per month. Apply 36 Palace St., or undersigned. A. E. Watts, Court House. t14f

ARTICLES FOR SALE
FOR SALE-BOY'S FINE
wheel. 104 Dufferin Ave. a41

FOR SALE-HAND-PICKED
Greening apples, 75c per barrel, delivered. J. B. Sloan, phone 925-32. a41

FOR SALE-\$300 INDIAN
Motor cycle at a sacrifice. People's Business Exchange, 44 George St. r33

FOR SALE-7 ROOMED HOUSE
with all conveniences; would take lot as part payment; cheap if sold at once. Apply 153 Brock St. r31f

DIED.

WOOLAMS-In Brantford, on Sun-
day, Oct. 18th, 1914, Sarah Cherry, wife of the late Dahiel Woolams. Funeral takes place on Tuesday, October 20th, at 2.30 p.m. from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Sovereign, 228 Chatham St., to Mt. Hope Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation.

COMING EVENTS

MEN WANTED-Hear Rev. Dr. Ben-
son, of Simcoe, to-night in Wellington St. Methodist Church on "Men Wanted."

W. H. A. RUMMAGE SALE, Bazaar,
Home-Made Cooking and Tea Room. W. W. C. A. Wednesday and Thursday, Oct. 22nd and 23rd, afternoons and evenings. Proceeds of rummage for the city relief. Tea room, bazaar and home-made cooking receipts to be devoted to hospital work. Those having goods to be called for on Wednesday, kindly notify any officer of W. H. A.

Local News

THE PROBS
TORONTO, Oct. 19.-The shallow
low water, which covered the Great Lakes and Middle States on Saturday, has passed to the Atlantic, and the barometer in both Ontario and Quebec has risen, with the approach of a cold area from the north. The weather continues fine and warm throughout the western provinces, but has become cooler in the St. Lawrence valley and Maritime Provinces.

Forecast:
Light to moderate winds, fair, Tuesday; moderate winds, fine, and a little warmer.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST-IN WASHROOM OF THE
Y. M. C. A. cameo sardonyx ring. Finder kindly leave at 144 Chatham. Reward. t31

LOST-ON T. H. & B. TRAIN ON
Thursday night, containing a large amount of money and valuable jewelry. Finder supposed to have left train at Jerseyville. Suitable reward. Lorena Burke, 164 Erie Ave., city.

STRAYED-ON THE PREMISES
of Ira Shaver, Cainsville, three calves. Owner may have same by paying expenses and proving property. t41

WHOLESALE

MERMAID TOFFEE (MADE IN
England) is sold by Confectioners, Grocers and Druggists. McPhail Bros., Importers. w-mar26-15

OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS

DR. CHRISTINE IRWIN-GRADUATE
of American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo. Office, Suite 6, Temple Building, Dalhousie St. Office hours: 9:12 a.m., 2-5 p.m.; evenings by appointment. Bell phone 1544. Residence, Room 61, Y.M.C.A.

DR. C. H. SAUDER-GRADUATE
of American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo. Office, Suite 6, Temple Building, Dalhousie St. Office hours: 9:12 a.m., 2-5 p.m.; evenings by appointment. Bell phone 1544. Residence, Room 61, Y.M.C.A.

RESTAURANTS
CAMPBELL'S CAFE, 44 MARKET
St.-Meals at all hours, ice cream and ice cold drinks and home-made pies, cigars, cigarettes and tobacco. Open 6.30 to 12 p.m. Sunday, 9 a.m. till 2, 5 p.m. till 12. Phone 1226. res-mar26-15

CHIROPRACTIC
CARRIE M. HESS, D.C., GRADUATE
of the Universal Chiropractic College, Davenport, Ia. Office, Balcarran Bldg., 195 Colborne St. Office hours: 9.30-11.30 a.m., 1.30-5, and evenings by appointment. Phone, Bell 2025.

CARTING
CALL A. C. HUTTON FOR ALL
kinds of teaming and carting; satisfaction and quick service guaranteed. 36 Jarvis St. Bell phones 874 and 1653.

MEDICAL
DR. R. J. TEETER, WATER-
ford, Ont., makes a specialty of Chronic Rheumatism. Phone 44, Norfolk Rural. c

LEGAL
BREWSTER & HEYD-Barristers,
etc. Solicitors for the Royal Loan and Savings Co., the Bank of Hamilton, etc. Money to loan at lowest rates. W. S. Brewster, K.C., Geo. D. Heyd.

ERNEST R. READ-Barrister, So-
licitor, Notary Public, etc. Money to loan on improved real estate at low rates on easy terms. Office, 127 1/2 Colborne St. Phone 487

MONUMENTS
THE JOHN HILL GRANITE &
Marble Co.-Importers of all foreign granites and marble; lettering a specialty; building work, etc. Alex. Marikie, representative, 59 Colborne St., Brantford. Phone 1553 or 1554.

ELOCUTION AND ORATORY
M. E. SQUIRE, M. O., HONOR
graduate of Neff College, and of the National School of Elocution and Oratory, Philadelphia. Pupils taken in Elocution, Oratory, Literature, Psychology, and Dramatic Art. Special attention paid to defective speech. Persons wishing to graduate from Neff College may take the first year's work with Miss Squire. Studio 12, Peel St.

JAPAN'S WAR LEADER.



Vice Admiral Kamimura is in command of the Japanese expeditionary naval and army forces fighting for the capture of Tsingtau, the principal port of Kiaochow, German possession in China. He is of the samurai or aristocratic class. He is sixty-five years old and has spent most of his time in Japan's naval service.

City News Items

WILL PRESIDE
Judge Falconbridge of Toronto will
preside at the High Court, which opens in the county court buildings to-morrow when there are four cases to decide.

OFFICIALLY PRESENT
Major Leonard of the 25th Brant
Dragoons, and Major Brooks, accompanied by Captain Hall of the 2nd Dragoons were present at the military church parade held yesterday.

CONDITION CRITICAL
Sir Lyman Melvin Jones has been
remanded for a week. Refina and Hamilton championship, and Nicholas Thompson played a 45-hole match with Frank Lock, the Brantford pro, and R. H. Reville, and won out by a substantial margin of points. Mr. Thompson, who was the runner-up for the Canadian open championship last year, an old one of the best known players on the continent, established a new record for the Brantford course, his two last rounds netting him 25 and 35, or a total of 70 for the 18 holes. His golf all through was of a most finished description. Lock's best single score was 37, and Mr. Adams, who commencing in the Northern limit of Ontario, viz: Being part of Block "C" in the Wilkes Tract according to registered plan No. 89 which part may be better known and described as follows: Commencing in the Northern limit of Alice Street, at a point one hundred and sixty-five feet easterly from where the easterly limit of Brock Street intersected the northerly limit of Alice Street, being at the south-east angle of the land sold and conveyed to one Edward Brunson by Deed dated September 19th, 1908, registered at No. 30605, then northerly at right angles to Alice Street two hundred and eight feet, then easterly parallel with Alice Street fifty-two feet to the lands of one Bradley, then southerly at right angles to Alice Street, then westerly along the northerly limit of Alice Street fifty-two feet to the place of beginning.

W. W. ROSS,
Sheriff of County of Brant,
Sheriff's Office, Brantford, July 3rd, 1914.

FURNITURE AUCTION SALE
W. J. Bragg, Auctioneer, will sell
by public auction on Thursday next, October 22nd, at 69 Strachan Ave., Eagle Place, commencing at 1.30 p.m., the following goods:
1 oak leather davenport, 2 leather oak rockers, 2 parlor tables, 1 rug, 7 yards linoleum and 16 yards linoleum, 1 arm rockers, 1 oak china cabinet, 1 rubber rug, 1 carriage rubber tire with top nearly new, one light sleigh, 1 cutter, 1 stalk cutter, 1 cultivator, 1 set hammers, 2 sprayers, 1 lawn rake, 1 grindstone, 1 work bench, 1 stove, 1 sewing machine, 1 set scales, 1 root pulper, 1 wheelbarrow, 2 bicycles, 3 shovels, 3 forks, 1 set single harness, 1 collar, 1 robe, 2 blankets, about 70 shocks corn, quantity mangolds, about ten tons hay, quantity of cabbage, apples, and potatoes.

Terms-All sums of \$10 and under cash; over that amount 1 month's credit will be given on furnishing approved joint notes, or 6 per cent off for cash on all sums entitled to credit. Sale starts at 1 o'clock.

John A. Eddy, S. P. Pitcher & Son, Proprietor, Auctioneers.

Unreserved Auction Sale
Of Farm Stock and Implements
S. P. Pitcher & Son, auctioneers, have received instructions from Mr. John A. Eddy to sell by auction at his farm at the foot of Grand street, better known as the Schertzberg farm on October 22nd
1 o'clock sharp:
1 Jersey cow due December 1st, 1 heifer due Nov. 1st, 9 guineas, 10 ducks, 25 white leghorn pullets, 37 white leghorn hens, 4 buff orpington hens, 6 game bantams, 1 Peerless 300 egg incubator (copper pipes), 1 Peerless 100 chick brooder (copper pipes), 1 plow, 1 mower, Massey-Harris, 1 iron rake, 1 wagon, 1 top buggy, 1 rubber tire buggy, 1 carriage rubber tire with top nearly new, one light sleigh, 1 cutter, 1 stalk cutter, 1 cultivator, 1 set hammers, 2 sprayers, 1 lawn mower, 1 grindstone, 1 work bench, 1 stove, 1 sewing machine, 1 set scales, 1 root pulper, 1 wheelbarrow, 2 bicycles, 3 shovels, 3 forks, 1 set single harness, 1 collar, 1 robe, 2 blankets, about 70 shocks corn, quantity mangolds, about ten tons hay, quantity of cabbage, apples, and potatoes.

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Unreserved Auction Sale
Of Farm Stock and Implements
S. P. Pitcher & Son, auctioneers, have received instructions from Mr. John A. Eddy to sell by auction at his farm at the foot of Grand street, better known as the Schertzberg farm on October 22nd
1 o'clock sharp:
1 Jersey cow due December 1st, 1 heifer due Nov. 1st, 9 guineas, 10 ducks, 25 white leghorn pullets, 37 white leghorn hens, 4 buff orpington hens, 6 game bantams, 1 Peerless 300 egg incubator (copper pipes), 1 Peerless 100 chick brooder (copper pipes), 1 plow, 1 mower, Massey-Harris, 1 iron rake, 1 wagon, 1 top buggy, 1 rubber tire buggy, 1 carriage rubber tire with top nearly new, one light sleigh, 1 cutter, 1 stalk cutter, 1 cultivator, 1 set hammers, 2 sprayers, 1 lawn mower, 1 grindstone, 1 work bench, 1 stove, 1 sewing machine, 1 set scales, 1 root pulper, 1 wheelbarrow, 2 bicycles, 3 shovels, 3 forks, 1 set single harness, 1 collar, 1 robe, 2 blankets, about 70 shocks corn, quantity mangolds, about ten tons hay, quantity of cabbage, apples, and potatoes.

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MEET TO-DAY.

The Board of Trade will meet this
afternoon in the Council chambers at 4.30 this afternoon.

WILD GOOSE CHASE.
Three men saw a wild goose upon
the Collegiate School lawn on Saturday night and they immediately began the chase. The bird flew away, but was not able to get clear of its pursuers who eventually caught it behind one of the houses upon Dufferin Avenue.

With the City Police

Edward Snyder, a conductor of the
street railway, received a rebuke from the Bench when he was charged with assaulting Detective Chapman. He had been grossly impertinent to the detective whilst he was travelling upon the railway, and said he would put him off the car if he ever caught him. George Cheek, with assault. He availed her naught, for the charges were dismissed.

Wray and Adrian Rowley were
found innocent when they answered a charge of damage to property preferred by William Taylor. Dismissal followed.

The theft of oats case was further
remanded for a week. Refina and Matthew Docksider are the defendants.

Golf Notes

Two well-known golfers were week-
end guests at the Brantford Golf Club. A. A. Adams, who recently won the Hamilton championship, and Nicholas Thompson played a 45-hole match with Frank Lock, the Brantford pro, and R. H. Reville, and won out by a substantial margin of points. Mr. Thompson, who was the runner-up for the Canadian open championship last year, an old one of the best known players on the continent, established a new record for the Brantford course, his two last rounds netting him 25 and 35, or a total of 70 for the 18 holes. His golf all through was of a most finished description. Lock's best single score was 37, and Mr. Adams, who commencing in the Northern limit of Ontario, viz: Being part of Block "C" in the Wilkes Tract according to registered plan No. 89 which part may be better known and described as follows: Commencing in the Northern limit of Alice Street, at a point one hundred and sixty-five feet easterly from where the easterly limit of Brock Street intersected the northerly limit of Alice Street, being at the south-east angle of the land sold and conveyed to one Edward Brunson by Deed dated September 19th, 1908, registered at No. 30605, then northerly at right angles to Alice Street two hundred and eight feet, then easterly parallel with Alice Street fifty-two feet to the lands of one Bradley, then southerly at right angles to Alice Street, then westerly along the northerly limit of Alice Street fifty-two feet to the place of beginning.

W. W. ROSS,
Sheriff of County of Brant,
Sheriff's Office, Brantford, July 3rd, 1914.

FURNITURE AUCTION SALE
W. J. Bragg, Auctioneer, will sell
by public auction on Thursday next, October 22nd, at 69 Strachan Ave., Eagle Place, commencing at 1.30 p.m., the following goods:
1 oak leather davenport, 2 leather oak rockers, 2 parlor tables, 1 rug, 7 yards linoleum and 16 yards linoleum, 1 arm rockers, 1 oak china cabinet, 1 rubber rug, 1 carriage rubber tire with top nearly new, one light sleigh, 1 cutter, 1 stalk cutter, 1 cultivator, 1 set hammers, 2 sprayers, 1 lawn rake, 1 grindstone, 1 work bench, 1 stove, 1 sewing machine, 1 set scales, 1 root pulper, 1 wheelbarrow, 2 bicycles, 3 shovels, 3 forks, 1 set single harness, 1 collar, 1 robe, 2 blankets, about 70 shocks corn, quantity mangolds, about ten tons hay, quantity of cabbage, apples, and potatoes.

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