

SCHOOL FAIR TO BE HELD ON SATURDAY.

The eighth annual Athens Rural School Fair will be held on Cross Grove, Athens, next Saturday, September 13th.

The programme of events for the day is as follows:—
10.30—All exhibits in place.
10.45—Judging commences.
11.00—Sports begin.
12.00—Lunch hour.
1.15—School parade.
2.00—Public Speaking and other contests.
2.30—Live stock judged.
3.00—Tent or hall open to children only.
3.15—Tent or hall open to adults.
4.00—Exhibits may be removed.

Races.

- 25 yard dash—Boys 8 and under.
- 25 yard dash—Girls 8 and under.
- 50 yard dash—Boys 12 and under.
- 50 yard dash—Girls 12 and under.
- 75 yard dash—Boys 16 and under.
- 75 yard dash—Girls 16 and under.
- Three-legged race for boys.
- Three-legged race for girls.
- Sack race for boys. (Bring your own sack).
- Throwing baseball, for girls.
- Teachers' race.
- Trustees' race.
- Relay race—will be run by one team, 2 two boys and two girls from each school.

Bring along your lunch baskets and enjoy a day with the boys and girls.

The admission is free and everybody is welcome.

SCHOOL FAIR DATES.

Athens	Sept. 13th
Sweet's Corners	Sept. 15th
Elgin	Sept. 16th
Westport	Sept. 18th
Chantry	Sept. 19th
Mallorytown	Sept. 22nd
Lansdowne	Sept. 23rd
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Greenbush	Sept. 25th
Toledo	Sept. 26th

SHELDON'S CORNERS.

Miss Edith Whitmore, nurse-in-training at the Brockville General Hospital, who has been spending some weeks at home, returned to Brockville Friday to resume her duties.

Mrs. Delbert Bolton is visiting friends in Syracuse.

Mrs. George Cowles, who has not been as well as her friends would wish to see her, is spending some time with her daughter, Mrs. J. Moore.

Rev. Warren and Rev. Upham were making pastoral calls in this village on Thursday.

Mrs. Wright Berny spent the week-end at Elgin-visiting her parents.

Mrs. A. Young spent Sunday at Ellsville with her brother, who is not in the best of health.

A number from here attended the Moulton and Knapp shower on Monday evening, and despite the weather there was a good crowd and all report a very enjoyable evening.

CHARLESTON.

Charleston, Sept. 8.—Miss Kathleen Beale is attending the Collegiate Institute, Brockville.

Mr. J. A. Spence and little daughter, Ruth, Mallorytown, and Mrs. H. Spence, Union Valley, were visitors here last week.

Camp Vega has closed for the season and Mr. and Mrs. Hazel have returned home. The cottages are nearly all empty, only a few remain occupied.

A great many visited the Lake on Sunday, the day being so fine.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Slack and Miss Marie Slack, Delta, were at M. J. Kavanagh's on Sunday.

Miss Elva Spence, graduate of the General Hospital, Brockville, is with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Spence.

Lawrence Botsford has given up cheese-making and moved to George Lee's house on the upper road, near Athens. His place is taken by Mr. Logan, Brockville.

A number of the patrons of Oak Leaf cheese factory have taken their milk out of the factory on account of the low grade of the cheese, and are either shipping cream to Brockville or to the Powdered Milk Co., Gananoque.

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The dances at the pavilion have closed for the season.

Special Meeting of the Ontario Religious Educational Council

Yonge and North Elizabethtown Branch

For the purpose of holding a business meeting and a social hour on Monday evening, Sept. 8th, Miss Addie Hunt, President of the Yonge and Elizabethtown branch of the Ontario Religious Educational Council invited to her home, the officers of this organization together with the S. S. teachers and workers and others interested in this line of religious service.

The downpour of rain prevented many from being present, but those fortunate enough to brave the weather went away from the meeting with a broader vision of the great need for conscientious service in Sunday School work and the vital importance of impressing on the mind of each and every child the ideals of the four square life, if we are to win the world for Christ. Each one was made to feel a keener sense of his own individual responsibility in the great task.

The President, Miss Hunt, opened the meeting with a few well chosen remarks after which Rev. H. E. Warren, pastor of the W. M. Church was asked to conduct the devotional exercise. He spoke briefly on the desired qualifications of Sunday School teachers and leaders, stressing the point that Love is the supreme essential. Love for the Master Love for the work and Love for those under our spiritual guidance.

Mr. A. M. Eaton district Superintendent of the Adult Dept. gave a very practical exposition of his views on Sunday School work with the adults, expressing first of his regret that so many adults feel that they have outgrown the S. S. when in reality they are just at the stage where their wider experiences, their more developed faculties should make them valuable material for S. S. service. The speaker dwelt mainly on how and what adults should be taught in class, emphasizing the great need of tact, sympathy, sincerity and Christian devotion on the part of teachers for adult-classes. He urged teachers to teach the Bible not the church, religious principles, not doctrine.

Rev. G. G. Upham pastor of Athens Baptist Church and District Superintendent of the Temperance Dept. addressed the meeting on Temperance lines, giving at the outset a definition for Temperance, "Temperance is the controlled and right use of our possessions in service, and abstinence from use of all things harmful, the moderate use of all things good."

He advocated the appointment of a Temperance Superintendent in each S. S., people who are alive to the great need of Temperance activity and who have a passion for saving young manhood and womanhood from the awful results of Intemperance.

Mr. Upham encouraged the use of charts, black-board drawings, object lessons etc. to vividly and lastingly impress upon the young minds and older minds as well, the truths taught in the Temperance lessons. He is a firm believer in the advantages of pledge signing.

During the session it was decided to send a delegate to the O. R. E. C. convention, to be held at Ottawa the latter part of October, the name of Mrs. R. Bresee being suggested.

Mrs. A. Parish, Secretary, gave a brief outline of the Addison Convention. After a singing of a favourite hymn, Rev. G. G. Upham closed the meeting with the benediction.

Miss Hunt then invited all to the dining room where a large table was artistically arranged and generously laden with a bounty of home-made refreshments and dainties, which were served in cafeteria style.

Mr. H. R. Knowlton moved a vote of thanks to the enthusiastic president for her untiring efforts in bringing this branch of the O. R. E. C. to its present status of efficiency and also for her kind hospitality in making possible such a profitable meeting and such an enjoyable social hour. The vigorous hand-clap from the audience manifested its hearty approval.

NEWS OF THE DISTRICT

Ogdensburg Party in Motor Accident on the Highway at Newcastle.

Lyn, Sept. 4.—During her recent visit to England and the continent, Miss Lillian Hudson had the pleasure of having an aeroplane trip from Dover, Eng., to Berlin, Germany, and was much delighted with that method of travelling.

Miss Helen Pergau has returned from having visited relatives in Gananoque.

Mr. and Mrs. William Robinson returned on Monday from their honeymoon. On Monday evening Misses Nellie and May Robinson entertained in their honor.

William Sanderson spent the week-end at his home in Elgin.

Mr. and Mrs. Muirhead and Mrs. and Miss Manuel, Brockville, were Labor Day visitors at John Squire's.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Finley and son, Earl, of Toronto, who have been visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Van Attan, Lyn Station, returned home by motor with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Heribson and daughter, Hilda, who will attend the exhibition and also motor through the western part of the province.

Misses Helen Purvis and Vera Armstrong returned last night from their trip to the Pacific Coast.

Mrs. Norton Edgley and Mrs. Valda Edgley, Lansdowne, have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Charles Heribson.

Dr. Frank Judson and Walter B. Judson have returned from visiting Toronto exhibition.

Mr. and Mrs. G. N. Jarvis are spending the week at Delta Lake attending the meetings of the Heribson Church.

Mrs. William Eaton has returned from visiting friends at Elgin. John Square has been decorated for his bride.

George Donaldson and the Misses Donaldson, of Rochester, N. Y., were recent guests of Miss Addie McLean. Miss McLean accompanied them on their return as far as Hammond, N. Y., where she is visiting relatives.

Miss Vada and Jack Clow have been visiting their grandmother, Mrs. McMillan, at Huntingdon, Que. Miss Addie Whitmarsh, Ottawa, is the guest of her friend, Miss Julia Stafford.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Fulford and Mrs. and Miss Hitchcock, Brockville, were guests at the Robinson-MacNish wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. William Hallett and baby motored from Marysville and spent the holiday with Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Willey.

Miss Sadie Cross, Gananoque, is renewing friends in town the guest of Mrs. Robert Willey.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Close and children, Brockville, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Everts.

Mrs. Gordon McLean, Mr. and Mrs. Blake McLean and friends, of Syracuse, were guests this week of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. McCrady at their cottage at Crystal Beach.

New Dublin.

New Dublin, Sept. 4.—Mr. and Mrs. Neil McKay and sons, and John Duff, of White Lake, visited Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Flood and family over the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. James Orr and son, Stuart, and J. Barr, of Providence, R.I., while on a motor trip in Canada, spent a day with Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Orr and daughter, Geraldine.

Miss Evelyn Connors, of Wilton, spent last week with her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Bowen and family. The young people of the locality were entertained by them on Thursday evening in honor of their guest, Miss Connors.

Mrs. P. Burgess, of Smiths Falls, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. David Orr this week.

The Athletic Club rooms were the scene of a large gathering on Saturday evening when a contest for a three-story fancy cake was won by Miss E. M. Horton. Lunch was served and Miss Horton cut the cake and everyone present participated in the enjoyment of its fine quality. After lunch S. C. Hawkins gave a display of fireworks which the small boys declared was far superior to that of the Brockville fair.

On Saturday evening next the Women's Institute will present the Grandmothers' Day programme at the rooms in the municipal hall. An interesting literary and musical treat is in store for all and everyone is welcome. Ice cream and cake will be served at the close.

School re-open on Tuesday with P. Miller, of Brockville, in charge.

Ena Horton, Gladys and Doris Bolton, Frank Healey and Harold MacDougall resumed their studies at the Brockville Collegiate Institute this week, and Mildred Bowen enrolled as a new pupil at the same institution.

LYN GIRL FLEW CROSS CHANNEL

BERLIN GERMANY

Miss Lillian Hudson Travels to the Continent.

WEDDING BELLS

TABER—JOHNSTON

St. Paul's Church, Athens, beautifully decorated with gladioli and asters, was the scene of a pretty wedding on Tuesday, Sept. 9th, at 6.30, when Gladys Mildred, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. Johnston was united in marriage to Walter Justice Taber, reeve of the township of the Rear of Yonge and North of the Rear of V. O. Boyle M.A.B.D., son of Landsdowne Rear officiating. The bride, who was given away by her father, was attired in an ensemble suit of penny-brown silk pile velour, with matching shades to match, and a filch throw. The witnesses were Miss Muriel Fair of Athens, and Hibbert Johnston, brother of the bride, and Ottawa, while Geoffrey Woodbody and Steacy Fair acted as ushers. Mrs. V. O. Boyle played Schubert's wedding march as the bride entered the church and Mendelssohn's wedding march as the bridal party was moving.

The happy couple left immediately for Brockville by motor where they took the boat for Montreal and Quebec. The bride was the recipient of many beautiful and useful gifts and left amid the best wishes of a church full of admiring friends. On their return they will reside at the beautiful Taber residence at Lansdowne.

DELTA

Delta, Sept. 4.—Mr. and Mrs. H. H. H. and daughter, Mary Elizabeth, of Delta, N.Y., and C. LaFleche, of Delta, N.Y., were guests in the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Ferguson, of Brockville, over the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Russell, with R. Taylor, of Athens, left on Saturday to spend the holiday in Toronto and Niagara Falls.

Mrs. J. S. Ferguson, of Ottawa, and Mr. J. S. Ferguson, of Ottawa, and Mrs. J. S. Ferguson, of Ottawa, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Ferguson, of Ottawa, over the week-end.

ALGONQUIN

Algonquin, Sept. 8.—Mr. and Mrs. Abel Root, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Andress and daughter, of Rockport, were guests at Mr. and Mrs. Charles Earl's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Bovaird, of Row's Corners, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. Throop on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Hall, of Prescott, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. Seelye.

Miss Gamble, of Montreal, returned home on Monday after having spent the past two weeks with Re. Mr. and Mrs. Walker. Miss Rocco, of Huntingdon, Que., who was also a guest of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Walker, left for New York to visit friends.

James Bell had the misfortune to break his arm on Monday morning while cranking the car.

The hum of the threshing machine can be heard in this section.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Manhard and Victor Manhard, of Fairfield, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Johns on Sunday.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Walker, Jean Stephens and Edna Earl motored to Cardinal on Saturday to attend a harvest dinner.

D. MacInnes is spending a few days in Kingston.

Mrs. Lucy Earl returned home on Sunday after having spent a holiday in Rockport with relatives.

TROOPTOWN

Trooptown, Sept. 1.—Miss Mary Carlin visited friends in Garryowen last week.

Capt. and Mrs. John Thorpe returned to Milwaukee on Friday last after having visited their many friends here.

Miss Irene Finucan left on Monday for Mallorytown, Miss Bertha McMahon for Greenfield, and Miss Catherine McMahon for Lansdowne, where they have been engaged as school teachers for the coming term.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brislin and Mrs. Fred Bennett, of Watertown, spent the week-end with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cahill and son, and Mrs. Burgau, of Syracuse, and Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Robinson, of Prescott, were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. McMahon.

Mr. and Mrs. James P. O'Neill, of Boston, Mass., and John O'Neill, of Banff, are guests of their mother, Mrs. John O'Neill.

Miss Kathleen Mallon is visiting Miss Anna McMahon.

ROEBUCK PEOPLE ARE HONORED ON LEAVING VICINITY

CONNELL FAMILY IS MOVING TO SPENCERVILLE.

NEWS OF THE DISTRICT

Mrs. Elmer Gardiner Again in Charge of the Yonge Mills School.

Roebuck, Sept. 1.—Neighbors and friends numbering about one hundred gathered at the home of R. Connell on Friday evening, August 29, to bid farewell before their departure to their future home in Spencerville. A social evening was spent in singing and recitations by Miss Marguerite Ferguson, after which a dainty luncheon was served.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Connell, Mrs. R. J. Connell and Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Ferguson were seated on chairs and after addresses had been read by Mrs. John Lawrence, Mr. Connell was presented with a gold-headed cane, Mrs. R. J. Connell with a beautiful Bible and Mrs. Ferguson with a box of chocolates.

The presentations were made by the Ladies' Aid Societies of the Methodist church.

Mrs. David Dixon is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. B. Bennett, of Algonquin.

Miss L. Brown and sister spent a few days visiting friends in this locality recently.

Charles Kelso, of New York, is spending a few days with his mother, Mrs. M. J. Kelso.

The Berea Class of the Methodist church is going to sell ice cream and cake on the church lawn on Friday evening, September 5.

Master James Connell has returned after having spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Ferguson, Bishop's Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Craig, Miss I. Craig, Miss L. Nixon, of Ottawa, and H. and L. Nesbitt, of Richmond, motored here and spent the week-end the guests of Mrs. R. J. Connell.

Miss Johnston, of Prescott, spent the week-end with her mother, Mrs. John Knapp.

FRANKVILLE

Frankville, Sept. 2.—Mrs. Jonathan, of Jasper, is visiting her niece, Mrs. L. Coad.

The hum of the threshing machine is once more heard and several of the farmers have already threshed their wheat which is reported to be a good crop. C. W. Leverette threshed on his farm 300 bushels.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Woods, Smiths Falls, spent Sunday with friends here.

Mrs. C. Giffin has returned from the Brockville General hospital, much improved in health.

A number from here attended the camp meeting at Lake Elvida on Sunday.

Ernest and Mortie Montgomery are this week attending the Toronto exhibition.

Miss Georgia Robinson, Athens, has returned home after having spent a week here with friends.

Mrs. Mills and children, of Vancouver, B.C., who have been visiting the former's aunt, Mrs. R. J. Montgomery, for the last month, left for their home on Sunday.

Dr. A. R. Hurley, Mrs. Hurley and children, of East Rochester, N.Y., who have been visiting Mrs. Hurley's sister, Mrs. C. W. Leverette, for the last two weeks, left on Friday last by motor for Toronto to spend a few days at the exhibition before returning home by way of Niagara Falls and Buffalo.

Van Allan's Corners

Van Allan's Corners, Sept. 8.—Charles Brown and Melvin MacNillage and the Misses Pearl Currie, Jennie and Minnie MacNillage were in Spencerville on Wednesday evening to attend the wedding of their cousin, Harry Grant, of Cardinal, and Miss Mamie McGuire, Spencerville.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Millar and Miss Mae, of Brockville, were recent guests of W. Selleck.

Mrs. Wellington and son, Donald, of Andrews, spent last week with Mr. and Mrs. George Norton.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Lewis and Gwen, of Ottawa, were recent guests of J. A. Porter.

Miss Viola Thompson has returned home after having spent some time in Kemptville with Mr. and Mrs. G. A. McCaughey.

Mr. Davis, of Merrickville, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. G. Morris.

Guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. MacNillage for the week-end were: Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Forrester, South Mountain; Mr. and Mrs. S. Caldwell, of Ashland, Ohio, and Mrs. E. H. Graham and Alice, of Kemptville.

AT "THE BAZAAR"

Best Flour - \$4.25
Granulated Sugar, 11 lbs. \$1.00
Coal Oil - per gal. 26c
Red Salmon, tall cans 23c
Halves, Red - 13c
Best Tea - at 70c
Fruit of All Kinds in Season
Everything for Pickling Purposes

IMERSON—The Auctioneer

Write or Phone early for dates or call the Reporter and arrange for your Sale.

H. W. IMERSON, Auctioneer

The Reporter

For High Class Printing

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New Dublin, Sept. 4.—Mr. and Mrs. Neil McKay and sons, and John Duff, of White Lake, visited Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Fyrod and family over the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. James Orr and son, Stuart, and J. Barr, of Providence, R.I., while on a motor trip in Canada, spent a day with Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Orr and daughter, Geraldine.

Miss Evelyn Connors, of Wilton, spent last week with her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Bowen and family. The young people of the locality were entertained by them on Thursday evening in honor of their guest, Miss Connors.

Mrs. P. Burgess, of Smiths Falls, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. David Orr this week.

The Athletic Club rooms were the scene of a large gathering on Saturday evening when a contest for a three-storey fancy cake was won by Miss E. M. Horton. Lunch was served and Miss Horton cut the cake and everyone present participated in the enjoyment of its fine quality. After lunch S. C. Hawkins gave a display of fireworks which the small boys declared was far superior to that of the Brockville fair.

On Saturday evening next the Women's Institute will present the Grandmothers' Day programme at the rooms in the municipal hall. An interesting literary and musical treat is in store for all and everyone is welcome. Ice cream and cake will be served at the close.

School re-open on Tuesday with P. Miller, of Brockville, in charge.

Ena Horton, Gladys and Doris Bolton, Frank Healey and Harold Macdonald resumed their studies at the Brockville Collegiate Institute this week, and Mildred Bowen enrolled as a new pupil at the same institution.

Wedding Bells

TABER—JOHNSTON

St. Church, Athens, beautifully decorated with gladioli and asters, was the scene of a pretty wedding on Tuesday, Sept. 10th, at 6.30, when Gladys Mildred Johnston, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. Johnston was united in marriage to Walter Justice Taber, reeve of the township of the Rear of Yonge and North, the Rev. V. O. Boyle M.A.B.D., pastor of Lansdowne Rear officiating. The bride, who was given away by her father, was attired in an ensemble suit of penny-brown silk pile velour, with hat in shades to match, and a filch throw. The witnesses were Miss Muriel Fair of Athens, and Hibbert Johnston, brother of the bride, of Ottawa, while Geoffrey Goodbody and Steacy Fair acted as groomsmen. Mrs. V. O. Boyle played Lohengrin's wedding march as the bride entered the church and Mendelssohn's wedding march as the bridal party was leaving.

The happy couple left immediately for Brockville by motor where they took the boat for Montreal and Quebec. The bride was the recipient of many beautiful and useful gifts and left amid the best wishes of a church full of admiring friends. On their return they will reside at the beautiful Taber residence at Delta.

DELTA

Delta, Sept. 4.—Mr. and Mrs. H. H. and daughter, Mary Elizabeth, of Delta, N.Y., and C. LaFleche, of Montreal, were guests in the home of Mrs. LaFleche over the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Whittmarsh, of Brockville, and friends here this week.

Mr. Phelps, H. Russell, with R. Taylor, of Athens, left on Saturday to spend the holiday in Toronto and Niagara.

Mrs. Ferguson, of Ottawa, and Miss M. J. Kelson, of Delta, were guests for a few days in the home of Mrs. J. Kelson.

Miss Thelma Parish, of Athens, visited her friend, Miss Helena Whaley, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Russell, who have been spending the summer holidays on the lake, returned to their home in Toronto on Friday.

Miss Luella Baker supplied in C. D. Ralph's grocery last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bell returned home on Monday from Toronto where they have been spending the past week attending the exhibition.

Mrs. A. Horton is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. C. Chan, who was seriously hurt during the electric storm on Wednesday.

Miss Trayner, graduate nurse of St. Vincent de Paul Hospital, Brockville, spent a few days at the home of Mrs. C. D. Ralph last week.

Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Sheridan and baby, Berna, Soperton, spent Sunday at the home of W. J. Birch.

Mrs. F. Knapp and son, Frank, of Westport, were visitors in the home of A. Erwin last week.

Miss Irene Baker returned on Sunday from a ten-day visit with friends in Montreal.

Miss Florence Hough, of North Augusta, who was re-engaged to teach in the junior form of the Public school, arrived on Monday.

Miss Loreen Phelps left on Monday night for Lilliville where she has been engaged to teach school for the year.

The Junior Institute met on Thursday evening at the home of Mrs. G. Snyder.

Wilfred Slack, who has been in Brockville for the past few days writing on his examinations, expects to return on Sunday to resume his duties as teacher in a school.

The Women's Institute will meet on Thursday afternoon, September 11, in the town hall. Prizes will be given for the best collection of bugs and flowers exhibited by the school children.

Mrs. G. Lewis and Charles spent Sunday in Morton, guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Wykes.

Mrs. M. Whaley is visiting her son, S. Whaley.

William Baker, who has been some time in Croghan, N.Y., is spending a few days at his home here.

ROEBUCK PEOPLE ARE HONORED ON LEAVING VICINITY

CONNELL FAMILY IS MOVING TO SPENCERVILLE.

NEWS OF THE DISTRICT

Mrs. Elmer Gardiner Again in Charge of the Yonge Mills School.

Roebuck, Sept. 1.—Neighbors and friends numbering about one hundred gathered at the home of R. Connell on Friday evening, August 29, to bid farewell before their departure to their future home in Spencerville. A social evening was spent in singing and recitations by Miss Marguerite Ferguson, after which a dainty luncheon was served.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Connell, Mrs. R. J. Connell and Mrs. M. L. Ferguson were seated on chairs and after addresses had been read by Mrs. John Lawrence, Mr. Connell was presented with a gold-headed cane, Mrs. R. J. Connell with a beautiful Bible and Mrs. Ferguson with a box of chocolates.

The presentations were made by the Ladies' Aid Societies of the Methodist church.

Mrs. David Dixon is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. B. Bennett, of Algonquin.

Miss L. Brown and sister spent a few days visiting friends in this locality recently.

Charles Kelso, of New York, is spending a few days with his mother, Mrs. M. J. Kelso.

The Berea Class of the Methodist church is going to sell ice cream and cake on the church lawn on Friday evening, September 5.

Master James Connell has returned after having spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Ferguson, Bishop's Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Craig, Miss I. Craig, Miss L. Nixon, of Ottawa, and H. and L. Nesbitt, of Richmond, motored here and spent the week-end the guests of Mrs. R. J. Connell.

Miss Johnston, of Prescott, spent the week-end with her mother, Mrs. John Knapp.

ALGONQUIN

Algonquin, Sept. 8.—Mr. and Mrs. Abel Root, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Andrew and daughter, of Rockport, were guests at Mr. and Mrs. Charles Earl's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Bovaird, of Row's Corners, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. Throop on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Hall, of Prescott, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. Seely.

Miss Gamble, of Montreal, returned home on Monday after having spent the past two weeks with Re. Mr. and Mrs. Walker. Miss Roce, of Huntingdon, Que., who was also a guest of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Walker, left for New York to visit friends.

James Bell had the misfortune to break his arm on Monday morning while cranking the car.

The hum of the threshing machine can be heard in this section.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Manhard and Victor Manhard, of Fairfield, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Johns on Sunday.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Walker, Jean Stephens and Edna Earl motored to Cardinal on Saturday to attend a harvest dinner.

D. MacInnes is spending a few days in Kingston.

Mrs. Lucy Earl returned home on Sunday after having spent a holiday in Rockport with relatives.

FRANKVILLE

Frankville, Sept. 2.—Mrs. Jonathn, of Jasper, is visiting her niece, Mrs. L. Coad.

The hum of the threshing machine is once more heard and several of the farmers have already threshed their wheat which is reported to be a good crop. C. W. Leverette threshed on his farm 300 bushels.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Woods, Smiths Falls, spent Sunday with friends here.

Mrs. C. Giffin has returned from the Brockville General hospital, much improved in health.

A number from here attended the camp meeting at Lake Elvada on Sunday.

Ernest and Mortie Montgomery are this week attending the Toronto exhibition.

Miss Georgia Robinson, Athens, has returned home after having spent a week here with friends.

Mrs. Mills and children, of Vancouver, B.C., who have been visiting the formers aunt, Mrs. R. J. Montgomery, for the last month, left for their home on Sunday.

Dr. A. R. Hurley, Mrs. Hurley and children, of East Rochester, N.Y., who have been visiting Mrs. Hurley's sister, Mrs. C. W. Leverette, for the last two weeks, left on Friday last by motor for Toronto to spend a few days at the exhibition before returning home by way of Niagara Falls and Buffalo.

Van Allan's Corners

Van Allan's Corners, Sept. 8.—Charles Brown and Melvin MacNillage and the Misses Pearl Currie, Jennie and Minnie MacNillage were in Spencerville on Wednesday evening to attend the wedding of their cousin, Harry Grant, of Cardinal, and Miss Mammie McGuire, Spencerville.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Millar and Miss Mae, of Brockville, were recent guests of W. Selleck.

Mrs. Wellington and son, Donald, of Andrews, spent last week with Mr. and Mrs. George Norton.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Lewis and Gwen, of Ottawa, were recent guests of J. A. Porter.

Miss Viola Thompson has returned home after having spent some time in Kemptville with Mr. and Mrs. G. A. McCaughey.

Mr. Davis, of Merrickville, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. G. Morris.

Guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. MacNillage for the week-end were: Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Forrester, South Mountain; Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Graham and Alice, of Kemptville.

TROOPTOWN

Throoptown, Sept. 1.—Miss Mary Carlin visited friends in Garryowen last week.

Capt. and Mrs. John Thorpe returned to Milwaukee on Friday last after having visited their many friends here.

Miss Irene Finucan left on Monday for Mallorytown, Miss Bertha McMahon for Greenfield, and Miss Catherine McMahon for Lansdowne, where they have been engaged as school teachers for the coming term.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brislin and Mrs. Fred Bennett, of Watertown, spent the week-end with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cahill and son, and Mrs. Burgau, of Syracuse, and Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Robinson, of Prescott, were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. McMahon.

Mr. and Mrs. James P. O'Neill, of Boston, Mass., and John O'Neill, of Banff, are guests of their mother, Mrs. John O'Neill.

Miss Kathleen Mallon is visiting Miss Anna McMahon.

AT "THE BAZAAR"

Best Flour - \$4.25
Granulated Sugar, 11 lbs. \$1.00
Coal Oil - per gal. 26c
Red Salmon, tall cans 23c
Halves, Red - 13c
Best Tea - at 70c
Fruit of All Kinds in Season
Everything for Pickling Purposes

"THE BAZAAR"

R. J. CAMPO PROP.

IMERSON—The Auctioneer

Write or Phone early for dates or call the Reporter and arrange for your Sale.

H. W. IMERSON, Auctioneer

The Reporter

For High Class Printing

The Delicious Flavor

drawn from the leaves of

"SALADA"

GREEN TEA

has won it millions of users. Sold by all grocers. Buy a package today. FREE SAMPLE of GREEN TEA UPON REQUEST. "SALADA," TORONTO

About the House

THE PATH TO MARY'S.

It was six months since Mary Collins had died. She had been a quiet woman and was never in the forefront of anything; but after she had gone people were amazed to find how closely she had been interwoven with all the village life. She had not indeed been in the forefront, but she had been at the warm, beating heart of it all. Even now, after half a year, no event happened in the village that some one did not say wistfully, "It seems as if Mary Collins might come in any minute!"

Martha Brooks, who had been spending the afternoon with Mrs. Thayer, had been talking of Mary for some time; Mrs. Thayer had been Mary's closest neighbor. Presently a silence fell between the two women, a tender silence full of memories.

Martha Brooks broke it. She had been looking absently out the window, and suddenly something unusual caught her attention. "Why, Ada, you've moved your dahlia bed!" she exclaimed.

Mrs. Thayer smiled. "I was waiting for you to notice that," she said. "Look along the path,—no, the other way,—the path to Mary's."

Mrs. Brooks turned. The path to Mary's led along the fence and then through an orchard; and all the way to the orchard the dahlias stood glowing and splendid in the September sun. "Why,—what,—?" Mrs. Brooks gasped.

"It was Betty's idea. She had been learning in school about the Lincoln Highway, and she proposed making a memorial path over to Mary's with my dahlias and hers."

"But it isn't nearly so good a place for them, is it?" Mrs. Brooks asked.

Mrs. Thayer caught her breath. "As if one could think of that when it was Mary!" she cried.

She was silent for a while; then, "I think of this so often, Martha. Betty isn't going to stay at home always. She will go away to college and then to her own place in life. And it may be in a city,—most of our girls do go to cities these days,—and neighbors are not so common in cities. I want Betty's little path of remembrance to be something she never can forget. She has every one of the dahlias named for some lovely gift or service. That long line of scarlet ones is for the weeks when she had scarlet fever and Mary came over every night to relieve me; the variegated one is for the bits of silk and ribbons Mary used to save for Betty's dolls,—and so on. Some of them would sound funny to you or me, but my little girl never will forget what it means to be a neighbor."

"It's a queer notion, but I guess I like it," Mrs. Brooks replied.

SELLING OLD ROOSTERS.

If you have a steam pressure cooker try using the old roosters at home. About an hour at fifteen pounds pressure will make an old rooster, in our cooker, become about as tender as a springer. The meat drops from the bones and is fine for chicken pies and pressed chicken. When you sell old roosters to private customers without steam pressure cookers they may half cook the birds and claim they were tough, which is the case. A few meals of tough chicken sicken them of poultry and soon the beef steak market is benefiting while the poultry market loses a customer.

WRIGLEY'S

After every meal

A pleasant and agreeable sweet and a 1-a-s-t-i-n-g benefit as well. Good for teeth, breath and digestion. Makes the next cigar taste better.



Sealed in its Purity Package

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT GUM

THE PERFECT GUM LASTS

MINT LEAF FLAVOR

R24

356UE No. 36—24.

One Up For Wembley

Romance in the Gorgeous Setting of the Great Exhibition that Links East and West and North and South.

PART I.

On her way from the private office of the chairman of the Boulter Line to the general office Elsie Payne had many opportunities of seeing and speaking to Jim Franklin, who was in the Freight Department.

Elsie liked Jim Franklin. He did not attempt to flirt, but he did the other clerks, and she just a little sorry for him. He seemed so utterly out of his element in an office. She knew that, after the War had crooked him up, influence had got him this job, and she was also sadly conscious of the fact that influence was at work to get him out of it.

As an ordinary, well educated, public school man, Jim Franklin was the goods, but as a freight clerk he was a washout. He made blunders in simple arithmetic every day, and Mr. Manson, manager of the Freight Department, had marked him out for destruction.

That was not entirely because Jim's arithmetic was shaky, but rather because he and Elsie Payne seemed to be getting over friendly; for Mr. Manson, a big man of about forty, who dressed very well and was generally reckoned to be a fine-looking fellow, had his own plans about Elsie, who was reported to have a big pull with the great Mr. Boulter himself, whose confidential secretary she was.

It was a sweltering day in mid-summer when Jim Franklin sat with his freight sheets before him. The names that he read set his imagination afire. Madagascar—Santiago—Vera Cruz—heaps more.

He conjured up the scenes. Surf-beaten shores, palm trees, white, sunlit houses—all that he had read about in books. He longed to visit these distant places whose names he wrote down in a big book in Cockspar Street. Travel was in his blood, yet he had never been farther afield than the trenches of France.

He forgot the work on hand. Then suddenly, a bright voice addressed him:

"Dreaming, Mr. Franklin?" Jim sat up with a start, and a very pretty girl, with dancing eyes, stood before him.

"Yes; I'm afraid I was," he confessed. "Of our big steamers. It's fine and cool on the sea to-day."

"You haven't been to the States yet?"

"No; my turn comes in November. Where ought one to go in November? South Africa, perhaps! But one can't do South Africa in a fortnight on six pounds a week."

"No," said the girl; "I'm afraid you can't. But it's lovely to see you. I've seen India and Burma and Australia."

"How ripping! It has become a kind of obsession of mine to see the world. All through making up these freight sheets, I suppose. The names have a kind of magic in them."

"I saw India and Burma last night," said the girl. "I hope to see Canada to-night."

Jim frowned. "I didn't know you were rotting!" he grumbled. "You mean you've been to Wembley?"

"Quite! I go there most nights. I live close by—at Harrow."

"Ah! I wonder if you would—"

Jim's daring invitation was interrupted by Mr. Manson's peremptory voice.

"Franklin, I want you!" James Franklin, ex-major Machine Gun Corps, D.S.O., followed the big man with the flamboyant buttonhole into his private room and faced him with a sinking heart.

In three minutes he knew the worst. "You're no good to us, Franklin!" Mr. Manson said, with relish. "No good at all. You're on a weekly basis, aren't you? Well, draw your next week's screw and beat it! Good morning!"

It was done cruelly. Jim wanted to say a lot of things, but thought it was not worth while. After all, the bouncer was right. Jim knew that he was no good at his job. He turned on his heel and left the room.

While he was finding his hat in the outer office Elsie Payne met him again.

"Going out?" she asked. "Yes—for keeps!" said Jim bitterly. "I've got the push!"

"Oh, I am so sorry!" There was real regret in the girl's eyes. "There's nothing I can do?"

"I'm afraid not; except to tell you're sorry. You've been a real brick to me while I've been here, Miss Payne!"

He wanted to say a lot more, but again the voice came from Mr. Manson's office.

"Miss Payne."

To Jim the financial crisis that had arisen was serious enough, but not nearly so serious as the thought of losing sight of Elsie. He had just realized that it was because of Elsie that he had not gone abroad. He had been suffering the drudgery of office work only because in the office he saw Elsie every day.

So Jim Franklin left the Boulter office feeling more low-spirited than any healthy young man has a right to feel. He was at a loose end; he

was afraid of his own company, his own thoughts.

Then he remembered that Elsie had said that she hoped to visit Canada that evening, and made a sudden resolve. To Canada he would also go. The chances of his meeting Elsie were about a thousand to one, but Jim had a fancy for long odds.

He caught the train for Wembley. At the Exhibition, he took notice of the bands and the gardens, the lake, and the amusements, and there, for two hours, gazed upon the exhibits. At the end of that time he felt that he never wanted to look upon an apple again.

Depositedly he left the building and wandered into the grounds, seeking the less frequented parts. The lights on the water, the sound of music, the laughter of youth—all these brought more and more melancholy upon him.

He lit his pipe and smoked savagely, seated on a chair, his hands thrust deeply in his pockets.

"I'm an incompetent fool and sentimental idiot!" he muttered to himself. "What right have I to fall in love with anybody?"

(To be concluded.)

Oddities in the News.

The startling theory that every human being is a veritable wireless station, sending out waves of varying length that aid him in his daily work, is advanced by the famous inventor, Lakhovsky. He calls these waves "human waves."

Lakhovsky believes that eventually it will be possible to eliminate maladies by overcoming radiations of microbes, and that some day men may converse at a distance by directing their own waves.

Miniature traffic towers are being used on after-dinner speakers' tables in New York to curb the flow of oratory. Amber and green lights warn the speakers that their time is about to expire, while a red light is signal for a full stop.

Skin from a patient's arm was used to make him new eyelids in an unusual operation recently performed at the Liverpool Royal Infirmary.

Five prehistoric human skeletons, standing upright in undisturbed strata in the Los Angeles, have been discovered.

Scientists believe the skeletons date from about 100,000 years ago.

At a recent meeting of the British Astronomical Association, some photographs of the moon in natural colors were shown. The general tint of the lunar surface resembles weathered stone, concrete, or dried mud. These photographs promise to increase our knowledge of the nature of the lunar surface. It is hoped to take similar pictures of some of the planets.

Five tons of fish, preserved by carbon dioxide, in place of ice, reached Montreal from Nova Scotia after a three-days' train journey as fresh as when taken from the water.

The First Envelopes.

The first envelopes of which there is any knowledge enclosed a letter sent 226 years ago by Sir William Turnbull to Sir James Ogilvie. The epistle dealt with English affairs of state, and, with its covering, is carefully preserved in the British Museum.

At that period, and long afterward, it was the general custom to fold letters and seal them with wafers of wax.

Early in the last century envelopes began to come into more general use, and stamped adhesive envelopes achieved wide popularity in England shortly after the establishment of the penny post in 1840, and by 1850 were largely used on this side of the Atlantic.

The first machine for the manufacture of envelopes was patented in 1844 by George Wilson, an Englishman, and improvements were made the following year by Warren De La Rue and E. Hill.

Solitude.

Have you breathed the faith of fir trees, by the lure of camp-fire light?

Watched the wistful shadows creeping towards the restful lap of night? Have you sent your thoughts a-homing to the source of space and time?

Felt the pulse of soul communion full and firm with the divine?

Sensed the wonders of creation? Cried the purpose of the whole?

Then you know the mystic sweetness that comes stealing o'er the soul, As on balsam boughs spread thickly on the mossy mountain sod.

One with questioning eyes looks upward to the very heart of God.

—M. D. Geddes.

Second Sight.

Small Nephew—"Did you ever fall in love with a girl at first sight, Uncle Ned?" Bachelor Uncle—"Yes, my boy. I did once, but I went back the next morning and took a second look at her."

The soul of the self-centred man will always travel in a small circle. For Sore Feet—Minard's Liniment.

Fifteen Fires An Hour.

According to statistics just published in the United States no fewer than 359 American houses catch fire in each twenty-four hours. In other words, a new fire starts every four minutes day and night, year in and year out.

Although, of course, many of these fires are promptly extinguished, yet the fire losses in the United States run to \$15 a second, \$900 a minute, or, in round figures, something like five hundred millions a year.

America is a country of wooden houses, and also of forest fires on a huge scale, and with the possible exception of Russia fire does more damage there than anywhere else.

The direct loss by fire in Great Britain is five million a month, or \$60,000,000 yearly. This is the direct loss only; it does not include the cost of fire brigades, and the heavy indirect losses of one kind and another. Take all these into consideration, and the fire bill is more than doubled.

In London alone the yearly damage by fire varies between \$2,000,000 and \$3,500,000. Nearly a hundred lives are lost in London each year through fires, and in the two countries of England and Wales the deaths from fire total nearly two thousand yearly.

The great majority of victims are children, of whom 1,200 are burned to death in a year.

In the United States the death toll, already enormously heavy, is increasing. Twenty years ago it was 10,000 a year; in 1922 the deaths from fire amounted to nearly 15,000—that is, one person was burned to death every thirty-five minutes.

The losses caused by forest fires are almost incalculable. In the province of Ontario over \$2,000,000 worth of timber is destroyed each summer. The forest fire bill for the whole of Canada is more than ten millions yearly.

It is reckoned that in the world at large fire destroys nearly \$10,000,000 worth of property daily, almost all of which would be saved if due caution were observed.

Why He Was Poor.

Once, while walking through the land of imagination, I saw a dull-eyed man, sitting at the door of a small, dingy cottage.

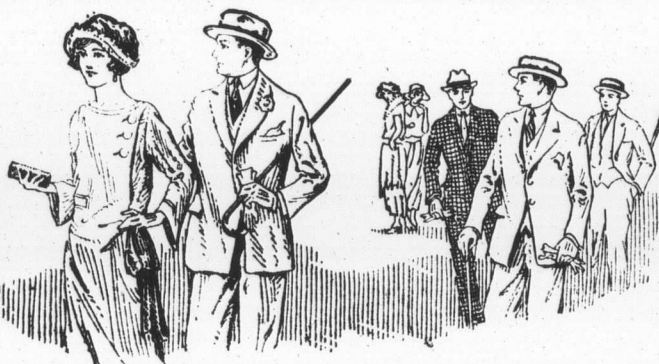
"Why are you so poor?" I asked. "I'm not poor," he answered indignantly. "There is coal underneath my garden—one hundred thousand tons of it."

"Then why don't you dig it up?" I asked.

"Well," he admitted, "at present I have no spade and I don't like digging." —Herbert N. Casson.

A SERVING HINT.

We all know the difficulties we have in eating head lettuce when we are not provided with a salad fork. One place where I was visiting the slices were cut from the head of lettuce and these slices in turn were cut in small squares after they were on the salad plate. This left the slices intact but made it much easier to eat the lettuce.



A fresh, youthful skin is admired by everyone

YOU must frequently purify your skin, antiseptically, to make and keep it healthy, to bring to it a glowing beauty.

Thousands of men and women have realized this, which is why Lifebuoy Health Soap has become the most widely used toilet soap in the world.

Lifebuoy is a scientific skin purifier—a real health soap. Yet soap cannot be made more pure, more bland, more beneficial to the skin than Lifebuoy.

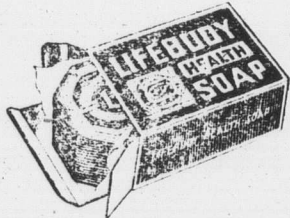
Lifebuoy protects

Its rich, copious lather releases a wonderful antiseptic ingredient which is carried down into every pore, eliminating all impurities and leaving the skin thoroughly clean and safe.

LIFEBUOY HEALTH SOAP

More than Soap—a Health Habit

LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, TORONTO



"Don't get tired—drink Bovril"



Do You Persist?

When You Change a Tire?

Then avoid tire trouble by equipping with

AERO-CUSHION INNER TIRES

No more punctures. No blow-outs. No need at all of a spare tire—and double the mileage for your castings. Easy riding.

If there is no Aero-Cushion Service Station near you write for particulars.

Aero-Cushion Inner Tire and Rubber Co., Limited WINGHAM, ONT.

KELSEY Healthy HEAT

Have Summer Heat This Winter

A Warm house and a cool cellar day and night the winter through. And a saving in your coal bills of from 25% to 50%.

A KELSEY WARM AIR GENERATOR

in your cellar will ensure this. The Kelsey is the most efficient and economical system of home heating ever devised and will heat the smallest cottage or the largest mansion properly and healthfully.

MAY WE SEND YOU PARTICULARS?

CANADA FOUNDRIES & FORGINGS LIMITED JAMES SMART PLANT BROCKVILLE ONT.

Lincoln's Rule.

I am not bound to win, but I am bound to be true. I am not bound to succeed, but I am bound to live. Up to what light I have, I must stand with anybody that stands right.

—Abraham Lincoln.

The Delicious Flavor

drawn from the leaves of

"SALADA"

GREEN TEA

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"But it isn't nearly so good a place for them, is it?" Mrs. Brooks asked.

Mrs. Thayer caught her breath. "As if one could think of that when it was Mary!" she cried.

She was silent for a while; then, "I think of this so often, Martha. Betty isn't going to stay at home always. She will go away to college and then to her own place in life. And it may be in a city,—most of our girls do go to cities these days,—and neighbors are not so common in cities. I want Betty's little path of remembrance to be something she never can forget. She has every one of the dahlias named for some lovely gift or service. That long line of scarlet ones is for the weeks when she had scarlet fever and Mary came over every night to relieve me; the variegated one is for the bits of silk and ribbons Mary used to save for Betty's dolls,—and so on. Some of them would sound funny to you or me, but my little girl never will forget what it means to be a neighbor."

"It's a queer notion, but I guess I like it," Mrs. Brooks replied.

SELLING OLD ROOSTERS.

If you have a steam pressure cooker try using the old roosters at home. About an hour at fifteen pounds pressure will make an old rooster, in our cooker, become about as tender as a springer. The meat drops from the bones and is fine for chicken pies and pressed chicken. When you sell old roosters to private customers without steam pressure cookers they may half cook the birds and claim they were tough, which is the case. A few meals of tough chicken sicken them of poultry and soon the beef steak market is benefitting while the poultry market loses a customer.

WRIGLEYS

After every meal

A pleasant and agreeable sweet and a l-a-s-t-i-n-g benefit as well. Good for teeth, breath and digestion. Makes the next cigar taste better.



ISSUE No. 38—24.

One Up For Wembley

Romance in the Gorgeous Setting of the Great Exhibition that Links East and West and North and South.

PART I.

On her way from the private office of the chairman of the Boulter Line to the general office Elsie Payne had many opportunities of seeing and speaking to Jim Franklin, who was in the Freight Department.

Elsie liked Jim Franklin, but she did not attempt to flirt with him as did the other clerks, and she was just a little sorry for him because he seemed so utterly out of his element in an office. She knew that, after the War had crooked him up, influence had got him this job, and she was also sadly conscious of the fact that influence was at work to get him out of it.

As an ordinary, well educated, public school man, Jim Franklin was the goods, but as a freight clerk he was a washout. He made blunders in simple arithmetic every day, and Mr. Manson, manager of the Freight Department, had marked him out for destruction.

That was not entirely because Jim's arithmetic was shaky, but rather because he and Elsie Payne seemed to be getting over friendly; for Mr. Manson, a big man of about forty, who dressed very well and was generally reckoned to be a fine-looking fellow, had his own plans about Elsie, who was reported to have a big pull with the great Mr. Boulter himself, whose confidential secretary she was.

It was a sweltering day in mid-summer when Jim Franklin sat with his freight sheets before him. The names that he read set his imagination afloat. Madagascar—Santiago—Vera Cruz—heaps more.

He conjured up the scenes. Surf-beaten shores, palm trees, white, sunlit houses—all that he had read about in books. He longed to visit these distant places whose names he wrote down in a big book in Cockspur Street.

Travel was in his blood, yet he had never been farther afield than the trenches of France.

He forgot the work on hand. Then suddenly, a bright voice addressed him:

"Dreaming, Mr. Franklin?" Jim sat up with a start, and his eyes, steady before him.

"Yes; I'm afraid I was," he confessed. "Of our big steamer. It must be fine and cool on the sea to-day."

"You haven't been for your holiday yet?"

"No; my turn comes in November. Where ought one to go in November? South Africa, perhaps! But one can't do South Africa in a fortnight or on six pounds a week."

"No," said the girl; "I'm afraid you can't. But it's lovely to see you. I've seen India and Burmah and Australia."

"How ripping! It has become a kind of obsession of mine to see the world. All through making up these freight sheets, I suppose. The names have a kind of magic in them."

"I saw India and Burmah last night," said the girl. "I hope to see Canada to-night."

Jim frowned. "I didn't know you were rotting!" he grumbled. "You mean you've been to Wembley?"

"Quite! I go there most nights. I live close by—at Harrow."

"Ah! I wonder if you would—" Jim's daring invitation was interrupted by Mr. Manson's peremptory voice.

"Franklin, I want you!" James Franklin, ex-major Machine Gun Corps, D.S.O., followed the big man with the flamboyant buttonhole into his private room and faced him with a sinking heart.

In three minutes he knew the worst. "You're no good to us, Franklin!" Mr. Manson said, with relish. "No good at all. You're on a weekly basis, aren't you? Well, draw your next week's screw and beat it! Good morning!"

It was done cruelly. Jim wanted to say a lot of things, but thought it was not worth while. After all, the bouncer was right. Jim knew that he was no good at his job. He turned on his heel and left the room.

While he was finding his hat in the outer office Elsie Payne met him again.

"Going out?" she asked. "Yes—for keeps!" said Jim bitterly. "I've got the push!"

"Oh, I am so sorry!" There was real regret in the girl's voice. "There's nothing I can do?"

"I'm afraid not; except to tell you're sorry. You've been a real brick to me while I've been here, Miss Payne!"

He wanted to say a lot more, but again the voice came from Mr. Manson's office.

"Miss Payne."

To Jim the financial crisis that had arisen was serious enough, but not nearly so serious as the thought of losing sight of Elsie. He had just realized that it was because of Elsie that he had not gone abroad. He had been suffering the drudgery of office work only because in the office he saw Elsie every day.

So Jim Franklin left the Boulter office feeling more low-spirited than any healthy young man has a right to feel. He was at a loose end; he

was afraid of his own company, his own thoughts.

Then he remembered that Elsie had said that she hoped to visit Canada that evening, and made a sudden resolve. To Canada he would also go. The chances of his meeting Elsie were about one thousand to one.

But Jim had never had a fancy for long odds.

Caught the train for Wembley. At the Exhibition, he took notice of the bands and the gardens, the lake, and the amusements, but straightway sought out Canada, and there, for two hours, gazed upon the exhibits. At the end of that time he felt that he never wanted to look upon an apple again.

Dependently he left the building and wandered into the grounds, seeking the less frequented parts. The lights on the water, the sound of music, the laughter of youth—all these brought more and more melancholy upon him.

He lit his pipe and smoked savagely, seated on a chair, his hands thrust deeply in his pockets.

"I'm an incompetent fool and sentimental idiot!" he muttered to himself. "What right have I to fall in love with anybody?"

(To be concluded.)

Oddities in the News.

The startling theory that every human being is a veritable wireless station, sending out waves of varying length that aid him in his daily work, is advanced by the famous inventor, Lakhovsky. He calls these waves "human waves."

Lakhovsky believes that eventually it will be possible to eliminate maladies by overcoming radiations of microbes, and that some day men may converse at a distance by directing their own waves.

Miniature traffic towers are being used on after-dinner speakers' tables in New York to curb the flow of oratory. Amber and green lights warn the speakers that their time is about to expire, while a red light is signal for a full stop.

Skin from a patient's arm was used to make him new eyelids in an unusual operation recently performed at the Liverpool Royal Infirmary.

Five prehistoric human skeletons, standing upright in undisturbed strata in Los Angeles, have been discovered.

Believe the skeletons date from 25,000 years ago.

At a recent meeting of the British Astronomical Association, some photographs of the moon in natural colors were shown. The general tint of the lunar surface resembles weathered stone, concrete, or dried mud. These photographs promise to increase our knowledge of the nature of the lunar surface. It is hoped to take similar pictures of some of the planets.

Five tons of fish, preserved by carbon dioxide, in place of ice, reached Montreal from Nova Scotia after a three-days' train journey as fresh as when taken from the water.

The First Envelopes.

The first envelopes of which there is any knowledge indeed a letter sent 226 years ago by Sir William Turnbull to Sir John's Ogilvie. The epistle dealt with English affairs of state, and, with us covering, is carefully preserved in the British Museum.

At that period, and long afterward, it was the regular custom to fold letters and seal them with wafers of wax.

Early in the last century envelopes began to come into more general use, and stamped adhesive envelopes achieved wide popularity in England shortly after the establishment of the penny post in 1840, and by 1850 were largely used on this side of the Atlantic.

The first machine for the manufacture of envelopes was patented in 1844 by George Wilson, an Englishman, and improvements were made the following year by Warren De La Rue and E. Hill.

Solitude.

Have you breathed the faith of fir trees, by the lure of camp-fire light?

Watched the wistful shadows creeping towards the restful lap of night?

Have you sent your thoughts a-homing to the source of space and time?

Felt the pulse of soul communion full and firm with the divine?

Sensed the wonders of creation? Cried the purpose of the whole?

Then you know the mystic sweetness that comes stealing over the soul, As on balsam bougias spread thickly on the mossy mountain sod

One with questioning eyes looks upward to the very heart of God.

M. D. Geddes.

Second Sight.

Small Nephew—"Did you ever fall in love with a girl at first sight, Uncle Ned?"

Bachelor Uncle—"Yes, my boy. I did once, but I went back the next morning and took a second look at her."

The soul of the self-centred man will always travel in a small circle.

For Sore Feet—Minard's Liniment.

Fifteen Fires An Hour.

According to statistics just published in the United States no fewer than 359 American houses catch fire in each twenty-four hours. In other words, a new fire starts every four minutes day and night, year in and year out.

Although, of course, many of these fires are promptly extinguished, yet the fire losses in the United States run to \$15 a second, \$900 a minute, or, in round figures, something like five hundred millions a year.

America is a country of wooden houses, and also of forest fires on a huge scale, and with the possible exception of Russia fire does more damage there than anywhere else.

The direct loss by fire in Great Britain is five million a month, or \$60,000,000 yearly. This is the direct loss only; it does not include the cost of fire brigades, and the heavy indirect losses of one kind and another. Take all these into consideration, and the fire bill is more than doubled.

In London alone the yearly damage by fire varies between \$2,000,000 and \$3,500,000. Nearly a hundred lives are lost in London each year through fires, and in the two countries of England and Wales the deaths from fire total nearly two thousand yearly.

The great majority of victims are children, of whom 1,200 are burned to death in a year.

In the United States the death toll, already enormously heavy, is increasing. Twenty years ago it was 10,000 a year; in 1922 the deaths from fire amounted to nearly 16,000—that is, one person was burned to death every thirty-five minutes.

The losses caused by forest fires are almost incalculable. In the province of Ontario over \$2,000,000 worth of timber is destroyed each summer. The forest fire bill for the whole of Canada is more than ten millions yearly.

It is reckoned that in the world at large fire destroys nearly \$10,000,000 worth of property daily, almost all of which would be saved if due caution were observed.

Why He Was Poor.

Once, while walking through the land of imagination, I saw a dull-eyed man, sitting at the door of a small, dingy cottage.

"Why are you so poor?" I asked. "I'm not poor," he answered indignantly. "There is coal underneath my garden—one hundred thousand tons of it."

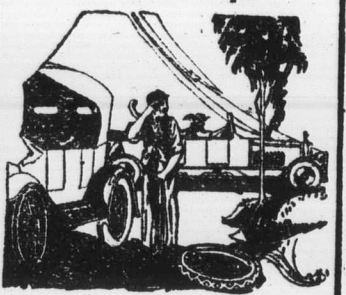
"Then why don't you dig it up?" I asked. "Well," he admitted, "at present I have no spade and I don't like digging."—Herbert N. Casson.

A SERVING HINT.

We all know the difficulties we have in eating head lettuce when we are not provided with a salad fork. One place where I was visiting the slices were cut from the head of lettuce and these slices in turn were cut in small squares after they were on the salad plate. This left the slices intact but made it much easier to eat the lettuce.

Lincoln's Rule. I am not bound to win, but I am bound to be true. I am not bound to succeed, but I am bound to live. Up to what light I have. I must stand with anybody that stands right.

Do You Perspire?



When You Change a Tire?

Then avoid tire trouble by equipping with

AERO-CUSHION INNER TIRES

No more punctures. No blow-outs. No need at all of a spare tire—and double the mileage for your castings. Easy riding.

If there is no Aero-Cushion Service Station near you write for particulars.

Aero-Cushion Inner Tire and Rubber Co., Limited WINGHAM, ONT.

KELSEY Healthy HEAT

Have Summer Heat This Winter

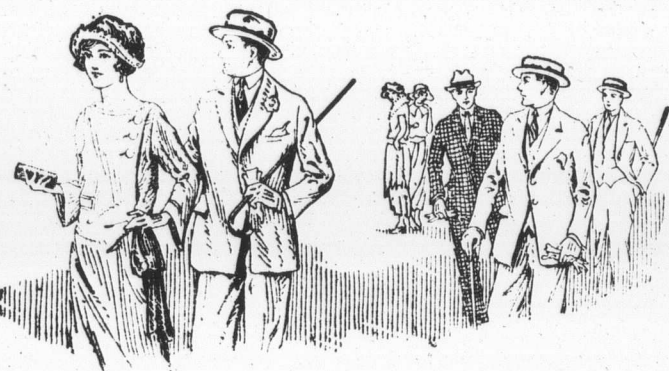
A Warm house and a cool cellar day and night the winter through. And a saving in your coal bills of from 25% to 50%.

A KELSEY WARM AIR GENERATOR

In your cellar will ensure this. The Kelsey is the most efficient and economical system of home heating ever devised and will heat the smallest cottage or the largest mansion properly and healthfully.

MAY WE SEND YOU PARTICULARS?

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A fresh, youthful skin is admired by everyone

YOU must frequently purify your skin, antiseptically, to make and keep it healthy, to bring to it a glowing beauty.

Thousands of men and women have realized this, which is why Lifebuoy Health Soap has become the most widely used toilet soap in the world.

Lifebuoy is a scientific skin purifier—a real health soap. Yet soap cannot be made more pure, more bland, more beneficial to the skin than Lifebuoy.

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Its rich, copious lather releases a wonderful antiseptic ingredient which is carried down into every pore, eliminating all impurities and leaving the skin thoroughly clean and safe.

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LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, TORONTO



"Don't get tired—drink Bournville"

RED ROSE TEA 'is good tea'

Folks who want the very best use
RED ROSE ORANGE PEKOE

HEALTH EDUCATION

BY DR. J. J. MIDDLETON

Provincial Board of Health, Ontario

Dr. Middleton will be glad to answer questions on Public Health matters through this column. Address him at Spadina House, Spadina Crescent, Toronto.

Remarkable advance has been made in the prevention and cure of disease during the past few years. This can be attributed in large part to the general improvement in sanitation and knowledge of the science of healthful living. As compared with the death rate of 1880, a million and a half lives were saved in the United States last year, according to figures just issued by the census bureau.

Wide differences in the death rate in some cases a little short of tragic are shown, while in other cases there is a healthful condition of affairs. Here and there geography may account for the differences but in others no such explanation seems adequate. Very similar conditions prevail throughout the cities and rural districts of Ontario. In some cases the general death rate is high, in some cases the infant death rate is high. Reverse conditions are found in other communities.

A city without slums and a Board of Health that really functions are two important reasons given for the low death rate in one city in Ohio. The report says: "A full time health officer laid the foundation of health work which has been continued and expanded. The enforcement of quarantine in contagious and venereal diseases has been very efficient. Mostly modern school buildings help keep down

children's diseases. Probably one factor in our health standing is the physical examination by large rubber industries of all prospective employees in connection with employers' liability laws." Another city with a low death rate has this message: "There are no slum districts or squalid tenements from one end of the city to the other. Pure water, pure milk and pure food—these are the things which count in our favor. In every case of low mortality rate the reasons given are practically the same: "Vigilance of the Health Department, and its result on pure food, the city clinic, the baby hospital, the water supply, a constant educational campaign, the services of public health nurses and similar measures." Measures that have been given credit for keeping down epidemics, especially water-borne diseases, include the system of health inspection in the schools, strict quarantine regulations among adults, the work of the anti-tuberculosis society, food inspection and well-enforced sanitary regulations generally. Added to this, and of great importance, is the medical fraternity of the cities concerned, which co-operates whole-heartedly, and a public which sensibly recognizes the value of precautionary health measures.

These points are worthy of consideration if health work is to be really effective in any community.

Mosquitoes and Malaria.

It is estimated that the deaths annually from malaria number some two millions, and this figure may probably be multiplied by two or three hundred if we would arrive at the total number of people in the world affected by the complaint.

Malaria is mainly a disease of the tropics, and is caused by a minute parasite in the blood. The parasites in one malaria patient may number anything from one hundred to a thousand and millions. In many cases there are more parasites in the system of a malaria patient than there are people on the earth, and for ages it was believed that marshes and malaria were in some way connected.

Sir Ronald Ross discovered that it was not the marsh but the mosquito which bred in the marsh which was the originator of the disease, and he declares that the parasite of malaria is, to the mosquito which carries it, as a three-penny-bit would be to a hippopotamus!

When a disease-carrying mosquito bites, it injects a saliva in which are the malaria parasites. These are carried into the human circulatory system and so throughout the body.

The cure of malaria is quinine, but the prevention of malaria is the destruction of the mosquito in which it breeds.

Sheep Tracks.

"Sheep tracks" running horizontally along the face of steep slopes, a Danish geologist says, are a natural formation. He calls the little paths "terracettes" and says they begin as a succession of horizontal cracks in the loose earth caused by the settling of the earth to a more stable position. Once the crack is started the action of the rain causes the marking to become rapidly more distinct, and it soon resembles a path made by animals. Sheep and other animals naturally use the paths, but they do not begin them.



Say "Bayer Aspirin"

INSIST! Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for 24 years.

Safe Accept only a Bayer package

which contains proven directions Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets Also bottles of 24 and 48—Druggists Aspirin is the only genuine Bayer Aspirin in Canada.

The Selfish Cuckoo.

The curious habits of the "cuckoo" will never cease to be a matter of wonderment. It appears that for a day after the young cuckoo has hatched out it lies quietly at the bottom of the nest, but on the second day of its life a change comes over it. It now becomes restless and irritable, and seems unable to bear the contact of the other young fledglings, or eggs, if any of these still remain unhatched. Indeed, it is the eggs which it first seeks to get rid of, its sides seeming to find the touch of the eggs unbearable. Therefore, in moving to the bottom of the nest, its back forms a hollow space wherein the egg sometimes rolls, and when this is the case the young cuckoo straightens itself, and moving backwards to the rim of the nest, it ejects the egg with a spring of its tiny legs, and then returns to the bottom of the nest.

Its exertions have tired it so much that for a long while it lies as if in a state of collapse, but gradually, as it again feels the pressure of the other tiny birds on his soft sides, it grows more and more irritable, and keeps restlessly jerking about. At last its movements cause a small bird to fall on its back, and again it strains every nerve to make for the rim of the nest.

Seven Modern Wonders.

The wonders of the world are usually divided into three periods—the seven wonders of the ancient world, the Middle Ages and the modern world.

Though there is some difference of opinion on the question, the seven wonders of the ancient world are usually given as the pyramids of Egypt, Pharos of Egypt, hanging gardens of Babylon, statue of Jupiter by Phylas, mausoleum of Artemisia, Colossus of Rhodes and the Temple of Diana at Ephesus. The seven wonders of the Middle Ages are as follows: Coliseum of Rome, catacombs of Alexandria, great wall of China, Stonehenge in England, leaning tower of Pisa, porcelain tower of Nankin and the mosque of St. Sophia at Constantinople.

The seven wonders of the modern world may be considered to be the telephone, radio, aircraft, radium, antitoxin, spectrum, analysis and X-ray.

Dominion Express Money Orders are on sale in five thousand offices throughout Canada.

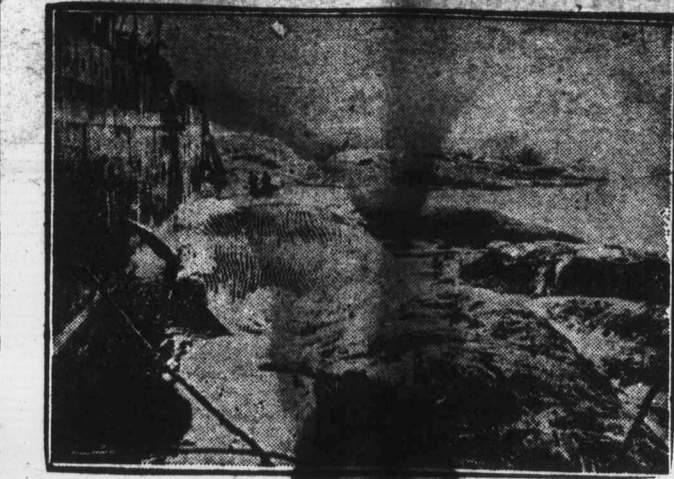
Nature's Sunshade.

During days of prolonged sunshine and tropical heat, it is not sufficiently realized that there is nothing especially healthy about a "tanned" skin. The practice of exposing one's face to direct sunlight in order to get sunburned is both absurd and dangerous.

Ultra-violet rays destroy the animal tissues of the skin, but Nature's antidote is the brown pigment underneath which develops and, acting as a filter, shuts out the harmful influence.

The most obvious precaution is a big sun hat, and if the hat furnished by Nature be acted upon, the face will be light brown.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Pain



Eighteen blue whales along the coast were the result of an expedition into the frozen south. The photograph was made at Discovery Inlet and shows the ice barrier in the background.

One Cure For All Disease.

What is disease? Is it possible that diseases are really one, and that one antidote might be discovered to cure every ill?

That is the startling theory of Mr. J. E. R. McDonagh, F.R.C.S., discussed in "The World To-day" by Mr. J. Abraham, the famous British surgeon. Mr. Johnston Abraham believes that this theory may be the beginning of a new creative crisis in modern medicine.

"Disease," he writes, "if Mr. McDonagh's thesis be accepted, is simply a successful attempt on the part of the invading organism to rob the protective particles in the blood of their free electricity; and recovery from disease is a reversal of this process, due to the protective particles finally getting the upper hand of the invading organism by recapturing this electricity."

"It will thus be seen that the idea underlying this revolutionary doctrine is based on the electron theory—the theory which has already altered all modern ideas of physics, chemistry, and electricity."

In Mr. McDonagh's view, the body possesses a general protective substance which resist generally. The basis of cure would be in every case of organic illness the strengthening of this substance; and, given certain poisonous conditions, the antidote most suitable for increasing the condensed power of the protective particles could be worked out by chemists.

This antidote would be a cure-all. It would put reinforcements into the system to fight the germs of all diseases.

CHILDHOOD INDIGESTION

Nothing is more common in childhood than indigestion. Nothing is more dangerous to proper growth, more weakening to the constitution or more likely to pave the way to dangerous disease. Fully nine-tenths of all the minor ills of childhood have their root in indigestion. There is no medicine for little ones to equal Baby's Own Tablets in relieving this trouble. They have proved of benefit in thousands of homes. Concerning them Mrs. Jos. Lunette, Immaculate Conception, Que., writes: "My baby was a great sufferer from indigestion, but the Tablets soon set her right, and now I would not be without them." Baby's Own Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

His Mother's Spirit?

A little boy, six years of age, recently ran away from his home at Aversa—about twelve miles from Naples—to escape from his stepmother, who illustrated him.

Having searched for him in vain, his father informed the police. Soon Pasqualino was discovered at Naples with his few days before, she had heard a knocking at her door, and on opening it, she had seen, to her astonishment, her small grandson standing there alone.

"Who brought you here?" she asked.

"A woman," answered Pasqualino.

"What woman?"

"I don't know," said the child, who then told his grandmother that he had run away because his stepmother beat him, but had got frightened, not knowing where to go. While he was wandering about the streets of Aversa, a woman came up to him and took him by the hand. Without speaking she lifted him on to the electric tram that runs between Aversa and Naples, holding him closely to her all the way. At Naples she led him to his grandmother's house, knocked, gave him a kiss, and left him.

"Had you never seen her before?" asked the wondering grandmother.

"Never, but she was like that," said the boy, pointing to a photograph of his own mother that stood on the table. His mother had died when he was only a few months old.

In Doubt.

He: "You are the sunshine of my life. Your smile falls like lightning into my soul. With you by my side I would defy all the storms of life."

She: "Is this a proposal of a weather report?"

The optimist is a barometer stuck "ret. f. l.": the pessimist is a barometer stuck "ret. s. l.": No sensible man would pay sixpence for either.

TRIALS OF INDIGESTION

Common Errors About This Trouble Into Which People Fall.

Many people so far misunderstand the digestive system as to treat it like a machine; neglecting it until it works sluggishly, then irritating it into work again by the use of purgatives. The stomach needs help at all times, but a study of the process of digestion will show that purgatives, as commonly taken, are seldom necessary and often harmful.

To safeguard your digestion the diet must be controlled. Over-eating is always harmful, but one must assimilate enough food to supply the needs of the blood. Remember, the blood has to carry nourishment to all parts of the body and find fuel for its energy. Hence when the blood becomes weak and fails to do its work, indigestion arises. Therefore the sure remedy for indigestion is to build up the blood. If you suffer from any form of indigestion choose your diet carefully and take wholesome nourishment. Above all, start building up your blood by taking a course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Then under the influence of the new blood supply, your digestive system will respond naturally, your appetite improve and your food will do you good. So begin to improve your digestion by starting to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills now.

You can get these pills from your druggist or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



Of Course.

Mother—"Bobby, this note from your teacher says you're the last boy in a class of twenty-five."

Bobby—"Well, it could be worse."

Mother—"I don't see how."

Bobby—"It could be a bigger class."

Butterfly Culture in France.

Butterfly culture in the south of France is rapidly growing in popularity. There, under expert scientific guidance, hundreds of beautiful specimens are bred. The farms are provided with special leafy trees and plants on which the eggs are hatched. Directly the young appear the branches are taken to a well-ventilated room, where they are placed in pans of water. As soon as the caterpillars have eaten up this first supply of leaves fresh branches are provided. Having been in an even temperature for about two weeks, the young caterpillars are taken out into the open, where they are placed on plants protected from birds by nets. When fully grown this protective net is removed and soon they retire into cocoons or roll themselves up into leaves. There are collected and stored in boxes, where in a very short time butterflies of wonderful hues are evolved. Cross-breeding has been tried and numerous experiments are conducted to obtain brilliant and original markings on the wings of these insects, which are afterwards sold to collectors or for the decoration of women's hats and dresses.

A few fellows who tried to do ge work have wound up in the penitentiary at hard work without remuneration.

Frame your mind to mirth and merriment, which bar a thousand harms and lengthen life.

CREAM

Ship your Cream to us and obtain the best results with highest price for number one quality. Daily returns, cans supplied, and express charges paid. Write for rates now.

BOWES CO., Ltd. - TORONTO

WHEN IN TORONTO VISIT THE
Royal Ontario Museum
225 Bloor St. West, near Avenue Road. Largest permanent exhibition in Canada. Archaeology, Geology, Mineralogy, Palaeontology, Zoology. Open daily, 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.; Sunday, 2 to 5 p.m. Elevator, Bay, and Church cars.

PECULIARITIES OF CANADIAN VEGETATION

New Map Shows Areas of Various Forms of Vegetation and Emphasizes Striking Features of Tree Growth

Lack of knowledge of climatic and vegetation conditions has caused many prominent travellers and visitors to Canada to unjustly criticize this country. The same and in many cases greater ignorance of Canadians has permitted much of this unjust criticism to pass unanswered and unrefuted, with the result that Canada has often been unfairly condemned.

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior, partly as a result of the great number of enquiries received, has prepared and published an exceedingly interesting Vegetation and Forest Cover Map of Canada. This shows at a glance the different zones of vegetation and their chief distinguishing characteristics, from what are known as the barren lands, that are in no sense barren but support a growth of hardy grass and vegetation peculiar to the cold climate, to what is termed the Carolinian zone, in south-eastern Ontario, where is found almost subtropical vegetation in the fruit belt.

The enormous area of Canada must of necessity provide a wide range of vegetation and forest conditions. In the northern country, extending from the shore of Hudson Bay to the Mackenzie delta, the white spruce struggles for existence, while on the south-eastern portion of Vancouver Island are found a number of Californian types of trees, the most remarkable being the madrona, or arbutus, the only broad-leaved evergreen tree in Canada.

The new map is an intensely interesting one, and one that will conduce to much study and investigation. An immense amount of hitherto unpublished information is shown thereon, much research work was entailed, and the notes of explorers and surveyors, from those of Sir Alexander MacKenzie, Sir John Franklin, Samuel Hearne and others to the more modern surveys and explorations of the different Federal and Provincial government departments, were carefully examined for authentic records. To the student of Canadian conditions the new map will be of much assistance in enabling him to segregate the several vegetation zones, approximate the possibilities of forest exploitation, and establish the areas of known farming districts.

From north to south, from east to west, all the wonderful changes in our natural vegetation are vividly portrayed on the new Vegetation and Forest Cover Map. It fills a want long experienced, and will no doubt be in considerable demand. Copies may be obtained from the Director of the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa.

Six Years of Pain.

There is a prevalent opinion on the outside of China that the custom of foot-binding among the girl children of that country has been generally abandoned, but such is not the case. The movement appears to have taken root only in the more populous districts, but at other parts the custom is still followed to a very great extent. The foot of the infant girl is turned under so that the toe is bent back toward the heel and it is tightly bound in this position. It means six years of constant pain before the foot has taken the desired shape and then it measures from three to five inches in length. At one time a law was passed forbidding foot-binding, but there was no penalty and no means of enforcing it, so that no attention was paid to it by the natives.

Twenty miles of sewing cotton may be used in the making of a fur coat.

CLEAN SEED GRAIN

Fanning Mills—I supply screens, wire cloth, zinc, repairs—Chatham Fanning Mills and other makes. Incubator supplies; Thermometers.

MANSON CAMPBELL, Chatham, Ont.

Rub It In!

For pain, stiffness, or inflammation apply Minard's and rub it in.

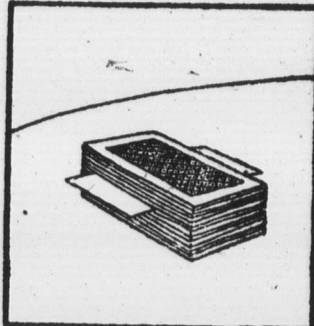


Old People

Bitro-Phosphate feeds the nerves and old people need it to make them feel and look younger. It's the one best nerve builder for weak, nerve-exhausted men and women and that is why druggists guarantee it. Price \$1 per ounce. Arrow Chemical Co., 25 King St. East, Toronto, Ont.

MONEY TO LOAN.
FARM LOANS MADE—Mortgages purchased. Reynolds, 77 Victoria St., Toronto.

EASY TRICKS The Cut Foretold



This stunt is invariably successful if it is performed in a matter of fact, straightforward manner. Observe, while shuffling the cards, which card is on the bottom of the pack. This can easily be done, and will excite no suspicion as the trick does not immediately follow. Borrow a business card, write the name of the card you observed on it and seal it in the envelope. Before doing this, place the pack of cards, face down, on the table.

Ask the spectator to cut the cards into two parts in the usual manner. Place the envelope on the packet which was the upper pack—or ask a spectator to do this and place the other packet on the envelope.

The rest of the trick consists of showing, in as impressive a manner as possible, the "fact" that before the cards were cut that you wrote the name of the card at which the spectator cut.

(Olip this out and paste it, with other of the series, in a scrapbook.)

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism.

Three golden rules of life of a centenarian who died, aged 107, never; Never to enter a ball-room; never to talk scandal; and never to enter a bar.

Dancers to the number of 10,000 can be accommodated on the new dance floor at Wembley; this is the largest in England, if not in the world.

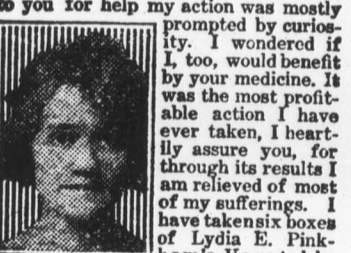


MURINE EYES IRRITATED BY SUN, WIND, DUST & CINDERS. Recommended & Sold by Druggists & Opticians. Beware of cheap imitations.

MRS. MISENER'S ACHES AND PAINS

Vanished After Using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

"Branchton, Ont.—"When I wrote to you for help my action was mostly prompted by curiosity. I wondered if I, too, would benefit by your medicine. It was the most profitable action I have ever taken, I heartily assure you, for through its results I am relieved of most of my sufferings. I have taken six boxes of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Tablets and a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Medicine, and I can honestly say I have never been so well before. I had suffered from pains and other troubles since I was fifteen years old, and during the 'Great War' period I worked on munitions for two years, and, in the heavy lifting which my work called for, I strained myself, causing pelvic inflammation from which I have suffered untold agony, and I often had to give up and go to bed. I had doctored for several years without getting permanent relief, when I started to take your medicines."—Mrs. GOLDWIN MISENER, Branchton, Ont.



Write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Cobourg, Ontario, for a free copy of Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "Ailments of Women." 0



Keep The Hair Live And Glossy With Cuticura

On retiring, gently rub spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with a soda of Cuticura Soap and hot water. This treatment does much to keep the scalp clean and healthy and promote hair growth. Sample Pack Free by Mail. Address Canadian Depot: "Cuticura," P. O. Box 2414, Montreal. Price, Soap 25c, Ointment 25c each. Trial-size 10c. Try our new Shaving Stick.

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C. G. Young, Editor and Proprietor

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Cottages at Resort Are Now Practically Deserted.

NEWS OF THE DISTRICT

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Charleston, Sept. 8.—Camp Vega has closed for the season and Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Hazel have returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Slack and Miss Marie Slack, Delta, were at M. J. Kavanagh's on Sunday.

Miss Elva Spence, graduate of the General Hospital, Brockville, is with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Spence.

A great many visited the lake on Sunday as the day was very fine.

Lawrence Botsford has given up cheesemaking and moved to George Lee's house on the upper road, near Athens.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Swayne and little daughter, Bath, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Webster for a few days last week.

There will be no more dances at the pavilion this season.

Miss Kathleen Beale is attending the Collegiate Institute at Brockville.

Mrs. J. A. Spence and little daughter, Ruth, Mallorytown, and Mrs. H. Spence, Union Valley, were visitors here last week.

EASTON'S CORNERS

Easton's Corners, Sept. 3.—Ernest Robinson, of Toronto, spent a few days here with friends.

Miss Margaret Willows, nurse-in-training, of New York, is spending three weeks' holidays at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Tweedy, Miss Mary Tweedy and Miss Bessie Kelly, of Peekskill, N.Y., who have spent a few weeks here and in Ottawa, returned home on Saturday.

Miss Doris Ferguson, of Montreal, who has spent a month here at Mrs. Lucy Patnam's, returned home on Tuesday last.

Rev. P. W. Armstrong and Mrs. Armstrong have returned after a month's holidays in Quebec.

Miss Margaret Sturgeon, of Carleton Place, was a recent guest of Mrs. E. Matthews.

Rev. J. T. E. Blanchard, Almonte, was a recent guest here of old friends.

Miss William Halpin went to Navan on Saturday to attend the funeral of her father, Mr. Walsh, which took place on Sunday last.

De. J. Hanna, Miss Ellen Hanna and Herbert Hanna, of Ottawa, were guests for the holiday at Jacob Halpin's.

Miss G. Johnston, of Smiths Falls, is visiting friends here for a few weeks.

Mrs. John Tweedy and daughter, Carol Tweedy, of Ottawa, were holiday visitors here of friends.

JENNY REMAINS PURE SHORT STRAIGHT FROCKS

A suggestion of slight change in silhouette is indicated by the use of spiral ties in the new collection presented for fall and winter by Jenny.

While a slightly raised waist-line is, in a number of cases, effected by the replacement of decorations. As a rule, however, the silhouette here retains the short, straight, and long-waisted lines, broken frequently by tunics which are sometimes cut in bias treatment.

In the trimmings, metal registers in numerous arresting treatments, especially gold. Another type of ornamentation is leopard fur, which may be the actual fur or fabrics printed to resemble it. Details of

sleeves, necklines, and cuffs form ornamental touches.

A striking use of the favorite metal are the metal scarfs in the effect which accompany tailored suits. A black suit features a higher collar made of gilt leather and touches of gilt on the cuffs.

Matching details of collars and cuffs are repeated notes, as in the case of several separate high band collars which are attached to frocks, cut with a beauteous neckline by metal galons which also trim cuffs.

For evening the use of beads is a factor, many straight sheath gowns showing bead embroidery and bead fringe, while in some models fringe is used in other mediums as well.

Jenny this year stresses the black costume, featuring it in tailor-mades as well as afternoon styles. For the former, both the long and short jacket is noted, and fabrics are chiefly repps or poplins. Black satin is favorable for afternoon.

Novelty fabrics include some plushes which simulate broadtail, also, as mentioned above, printed leopard patterns in velvet, while plaid squares, fringed, are also represented.

Plain fringed squares are used for travel costumes, and silk Ottoman is a featured fabric for the development of afternoon coats.

A wedding gown of satin illustrates the elaborate use of embroidery of rhinestones, and is trained and veiled in tulle incrustured with silver lace.

Bridesmaids are costumed in zreen frocks, these showing the same incrusturation treatment, but this time in pink, and featuring the raised waist-line motif again in the corsage.

Colored Jewels Again In Favor

Rubies, emeralds and sapphires have come back into fashion. Nobody knows how or why. It just happened like Topsy.

There is a suspicion that it is on account of Japanese pearls, which have recently been accorded the legal right to be accepted as pearls by the French courts.

Pearls are not now the privilege of the few but of the many. It was understood that jewels of color went out of fashion because they could be easily imitated, while pearls can be grown to order they have no occasion to be snobbish.

Yonge Mills

Yonge Mills, Sept. 2.—School has re-opened for the fall term under the tuition of Mrs. Elmer Gardiner, the former teacher.

Mrs. James Eligh, of Watertown, N.Y., spent the week-end with her father, Peter Ferguson.

Mrs. Cochrane and daughters returned home on Saturday after having spent a week in Sydenham with relatives.

Mrs. J. E. West, of Cleveland, O., who spent several weeks with her aunt, Mrs. M. Purvis, left on Wednesday for Alexandria Bay.

P. J. Purvis accompanied C. N. Purvis and Wilbert Purvis, of Caintown, to Alexandria Bay on Friday to attend the funeral of Dr. Louis Hartman.

George Donaldson, of Rochester, N.Y., spent Wednesday a guest of P. J. Purvis.

Jesse Shipman, of Calgary, was calling on friends Friday.

The Yonge Mills Sunday school held its annual picnic on Friday at the mouth of Jones' Creek. The day was greatly enjoyed by all.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Gardiner entertained at their cottage last week about 30 of their friends to a steak supper, it being the anniversary of their wedding. All had a jolly time.

Mrs. Turkington spent last week with relatives at Kingston Mills.

Quabbin

Quabbin, Sept. 2.—A number from here attended the sports at Athens on Wednesday last.

The wet weather is delaying harvesting in this section considerably.

A. Tournet, of Stymmer, who has been visiting friends and relatives here and at Caintown, returned to his home on Tuesday, taking with him his two nieces, Mrs. E. S. Bissell and Miss D. Evelyn Tennant.

William Brown, who secured the contract to convey the pupils of this section to the Continuation School, at Marlborough, commenced his duties on Tuesday morning with a splendid covered van and a matched team of blacks.

Miss Gertrude Cosgrave, a nurse-in-training at St. Vincent de Paul Hospital, Brockville, is spending her holidays here with her mother and brother.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Grothier attended the funeral of the latter's aunt, Mrs. J. Warren, on Sunday last.

Miss Fayman has secured the services of a young married couple from Toronto to assist him on his farm for the coming year.

Henry R. Tennant, of Potsdam, spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Tennant.

For Sale

HOUSE, 9 rooms in good repair, good furnace, hard and soft water. Terms Cash. Apply to Mrs. Bywater, next door to Reporter office.

Wanted

To rent, a house, Apply to Reporter Office.

CO-OPERATIVE SELLING

What Ontario May Learn From California Fruit Growers

An Immense Range of Business—The Market Still Growing—Organized Effort Pays the Producer—Legume Inoculation—The New O. A. C. No. 144 Out.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

The California Fruit Growers' Exchange shipped 17,857,417 boxes of oranges, lemons and grapefruit in 45,258 cars to points outside California; increased its proportion of 45,258 cars to points outside California; increased its proportion of 45,258 cars to points outside California.

The California Fruit Growers' Exchange is the oldest and largest of the California Co-operatives. In the last twenty years it has returned to its members \$546,000,000 from the sale of their products.

It is a federation of 208 local associations with 11,000 members. The locals each have their own packing houses and are fully responsible, financially and otherwise, for their own local activities.

They are grouped into 21 district exchanges. Each district exchange has one director on the board of the California Fruit Growers' Exchange, which owns the brand "Sunkist" and acts as the Central Selling Agency for all the fruit.

It has business connections with 3,500 wholesalers, who serve 400,000 retailers, who in turn serve 113,000,000 consumers in Canada and the United States.

The Market Is Still Growing.

The market demand for its products is being constantly increased by the Exchange. Twenty-five years ago the orange growers of the State were faced with what they thought was over-production.

Since then production has quadrupled and the crop is still consumed. Judicious advertising and merchandizing methods have kept demand equal to or ahead of supply.

A levy of four cents a box on oranges and 6 1/2 cents a box on lemons pays for all advertising and dealers' service work is done chiefly by the retailer and consumer.

In any cross-road village in Ontario where you could not buy an Ontario apple, you will find oranges constantly displayed according to directions worked out by those who grow the fruit in Southern California.

Lower Freight Rates Secured

Last year an arrangement was made with the railroads by which, through the use of larger cars and quantity shipments, a lower freight rate was secured on oranges.

reduction will effect a saving of \$3,000,000 a year to the orange growers of the State. This work is done by the organization's services, exclusive of advertising, is 6.86 cents per box or less than half the amount of the reduction.

Organized Effort Pays the Producer.

The oldest and best Co-operative Marketing Association of California, after a quarter of a century of successful experience, is still demonstrating that the farmers' marketing problems can only be solved through organized marketing effort by the farmers themselves.

R. D. Collette, Professor of Marketing, O. A. College, Guelph.

Legume Inoculation.

The popularity of the bacteriology Department of the Ontario Agricultural College is attested by the following statements: During 1923 a total of 4,327 cultures of legume bacteria for seed inoculation were prepared and sent out.

Of this number alfalfa was most frequently asked for, with 1,892; red clover, 886; sweet clover, 652; peas, 524; alsike, 143; soy beans, 83; beans, 71; sweet peas, 39; vetch, 31; white clover, 1. The creamerymen and the cheese-makers asked for and were supplied with 147 legume starters, and 63 Bulgarian cultures.

The multiplying influence of the various bacteria sent from the Bacteriological Department during the year had a very noticeable influence on legumes of the fields and the finished dairy products of the factories.

The New O. A. C. No. 144 Out.

The O. A. C. No. 144 oat was obtained from the Siberian variety through nursery plant selection. This oat, which matures about the same time as the Banner, has a spreading head, white grain and less than the average per cent of hull, 1.1.

The straw is strong and proven to be an excellent yield of grain.

When tested on thirty-two farms situated in twenty-one different counties in Ontario in 1923, it outyielded the O. A. C. No. 72 by 5.7 bushels, the O. A. C. No. 3 by 10.3, and the Liberty Hullless oat by 17.3 bushels of grain per acre.

In triplicate plot tests at the College in the average of the last five years, it surpassed the O. A. C. No. 72 by 4.3 and the Banner by 5.6 bushels of grain per acre.

During this five-year period the straw of this variety lodged less than either the O. A. C. No. 72 or Banner Oats.

—Dept. of Extension, O. A. College, Guelph.

JUNETOWN

Junetown, Sept. 21.—Mrs. Clinton Avery is patient in the Brockville General Hospital, where she underwent an operation last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Claude Purvis and children spent Sunday in Lansdowne, with Mrs. W. H. Foley.

Mrs. Eliza McCrimmon, of Alexandria, has returned home after a month's visit here with her daughter, Mrs. William Purvis.

Francis Fortune, Toronto, spent the week-end with his parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Sheffield and Mrs. W. Sheffield spent the week-end at Arden.

Miss Evelyn M. Earl, Brockville, spent last week with her grandfather, Walter Purvis.

Miss Belva K. Purvis visited her cousin, Miss Dorothy M. Tennant, Caintown, on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Sheridan, Brockville, were here on Sunday to see the latter's aunt, Mrs. A. B. Ferguson.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold R. Fortune, Glen Elbe, were week-end visitors at Francis Fortune's.

Miss Hattie Cochran, Lansdowne, has returned home after a week's visit with Miss Orna Fortune.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hagerman, Athens, and Andrew Hagerman, Peterboro, were recent visitors at W. H. Ferguson's.

Miss Davis, of Jersey, England, who is en route to her home, spent last week the guest of her friends Mrs. Morris Ferguson.

Dates of Fall Fairs

The Fall Fair Dates in this district as issued by J. Lockie Wilson, superintendent of the Department of Agriculture, are as follows:—

Alexandria Sept. 18 and 19

Almonte Sept. 16-18

Arden Oct. 2

Arnprior Sept. 23-2

Avonmore Sept. 30, Oct. 1

Carp Sept. 30, Oct. 1

Centreville Sept. 19 and 20

Cobden Sept. 24 and 25

Cornwall Sept. 4-6

Delta Sept. 15-17

Frankville Sept. 23 and 24

Kemptville Sept. 25 and 26

Kingston Sept. 16-20

Lanark Sept. 13

Lansdowne Sept. 11 and 12

London Sept. 12 and 13

North York Sept. 24

Odessa Sept. 16 and 17

Napanee Sept. 9-12

Odessa Sept. 25 and 26

Ottawa (Central) Sept. 5-15

Parham Sept. 10 and 11

Perth Sept. 3-5

Renfrew Sept. 16-19

Spencerville Sept. 23 and 24

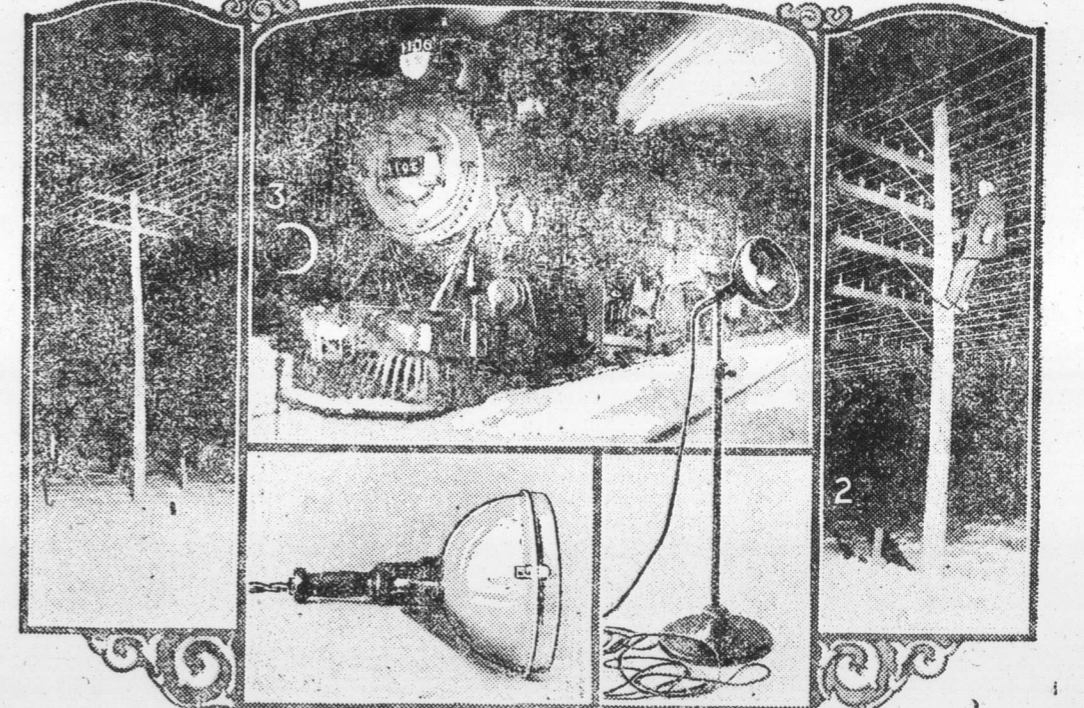
Stella Sept. 30

Vankleek Hill Sept. 25 and 26

Special till Wednesday 17th. Good Green Tea 45c. Corn Flakes 3 for 35c. Butter from 32c to 42c. Fancy Biscuits from 20c to 35c. Sherriffs Jelly Powder 3 for 25c. New Cabbage 10c. New Celery 3 bunches for 25c. Spanish Onions 3 lbs for 25c. Oranges 25c per doz. Bananas 40c per doz. A full supply of Pickling Spices. Will receive a fresh supply of Fruit Tuesday. D. DACK & SON. Groceries Confectionery Ice Cream.

Purcell's Hardware. Lest you forget. Arsenate of Lead 50c lb. Paris Green 65c lb. Muresco White 60c, Colors 65c package. House Paint 75c quart. Floor Paint \$1.00 quart. Plymouth Gold Medal Binder Twine, 650 ft. to the lb. 16c a lb. Goodyear selected dealer for Athens. Ames Holden selected dealer for Athens. White Lead, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Gasoline, Tires, Tubes and other necessities too numerous to mention. Come and give me a call. GUY E. PURCELL.

New Lamp Facilitates Night Work



1 and 2, views of wires as illuminated by lineman's lamp. 3, Looking at the engine in the same light. 4 and 5, the lamp. IN the past interruptions to telegraph service caused by damage to outside wires could only, in the majority of cases, be rectified by daylight, when the damaged section could easily be located. There is no doubt this was a disadvantage, which delayed the recovery of interrupted services. Where the trouble may have been anywhere along the line between points some 20 to 100 miles apart it was not possible to take care of the interruption especially at night. To overcome the disadvantage due to night interruptions to its wires, the Canadian Pacific Railway Telegraphs provided a special electric light and all the linemen on the system were equipped with it, enabling them to successfully take care of interruptions and do their work at night as well as by day. The special light is provided with its power from the locomotive dynamo turbines with which all Canadian Pacific locomotives are equipped. The special light in itself is of simple construction, the power is derived from the dynamo turbine from the locomotive which provides electricity for the illumination of the headlights and cab lights. A headlight globe is used and an especially designed reflector throws a beam sufficiently strong to allow working operations at a distance of 600 feet. The conducting wire attached to a socket in the cab of the locomotive is of sufficient strength to enable the operator to work any place within two car lengths of the locomotive. There is also a semi-permanent stand to which the lamp can be attached for the convenience of men working at night on bridges or, in fact anywhere that requires a steady flow of light. The lamp can also by interchange of globes be used where there is a domestic current, but not with such good effect. As there is so much that can affect the Telegraph System, such as fire, aurora, lightning, snow, wind and rain, the advantage of being able to locate the source of trouble cannot be overestimated and time and time again, when the lines have been seriously damaged during the night, it has been found that the electric hand lamp, which is now used throughout the System, has been of great benefit. During the past winter when the service experienced a considerable number of interruptions the lamp was often used during snow and sleet storms and not in one instance is it known of its having failed to meet all services put upon it. There is no doubt that the perfection of this lamp has been a decided progressive step in telegraph maintenance at night.

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Cottages at Resort Are Now Practically Deserted.

NEWS OF THE DISTRICT

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Mr. and Mrs. A. Slack and Miss Marie Slack, Delta, were at M. J. Kavanagh's on Sunday.

Miss Elva Spence, graduate of the General Hospital, Brockville, is with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Spence.

A great many visited the lake on Sundays the day was very fine.

Lawrence Botsford has given up cheesemaking and moved to George Lee's house on the upper road, near Athens. His place is taken by Mr. Logan, of Brockville.

A number of the patrons of Oak Leaf cheese factory have taken their milk out of the factory and are shipping cream to Brockville and to the Powdered Milk Co. at Gananoque.

Rev. and Mrs. W. G. Swayne and little daughter, Bath, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Webster for a few days last week. They also spent a day with Mr. and Mrs. E. Taylor at the cottage.

There will be no more dances at the pavilion this season.

Miss Kathleen Beale is attending the Collegiate Institute at Brockville.

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JENNY REMAINS PURE STAYING STRAIGHT PROCKS

A suggestion of slight change in silhouette is indicated by the use of spiral lines in the new collection presented for fall and winter by Jenny, which is a slightly raised waist-line in a number of cases, effected by the replacement of decorations. As a rule, however, the silhouette here retains the short, straight, and long-waisted lines, broken frequently by tunics which are sometimes cut in bias treatment.

In the trimmings, metal registers in numerous arresting treatments, especially gold. Another type of ornamentation is leopard fur, which may be the actual fur or fabrics printed to resemble it. Details of

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A striking use of the favorite metal are the metal scarfs in the effect which accompany tailored suits. A black suit features a higher collar made of gilt leather and touches of gilt on the cuffs. Metal buttons form another decorative note, sometimes massed into borders, and metal galons are used.

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Novelty fabrics include some plushes which simulate broadtail, also, as mentioned above, printed leopard patterns in velvet, white plaid squares, fringed, are also represented.

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A wedding gown of satin illustrates the elaborate use of embroidery of rhinestones, and is trained and veiled in tulle incrustated with silver lace.

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Mrs. Turkington spent last week with relatives at Kingston Mills.

Quabbin

Quabbin, Sept. 2.—A number from here attended the sports at Athens on Wednesday last.

The weather is clearing here, falling in this section considerably.

A. Torrant, of Stoughton, who has been visiting friends and family here and at Caintown, returned to his home on Tuesday, taking with him his two pieces, Mrs. E. S. Biss and Miss D. Vivian Tennant.

William Brown, who secured the contract to convey the pupils of this section to the Cointown School, at Mallorytown, commenced his duties on Tuesday morning with a splendid covered van and a matched team of blacks.

Miss Gertrude Cosgrave, a nurse-in-training at St. Vincent de Paul Hospital, Brockville, is spending her holidays here with her mother and brother.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Grother attended the funeral of the latter's aunt, Mrs. J. Warren, on Sunday last.

William Ferguson has secured the services of a young married couple from Toronto to assist him on his farm for the coming year.

Henry R. Tennant, of Portspan, spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Tennant.

For Sale

HOUSE, 9 rooms in good repair, good furnace, hard and soft water. Terms Cash. Apply to Mrs. Bywater, next door to Reporter Office.

Wanted

To rent, a house, Apply to Reporter Office.

CO-OPERATIVE SELLING

What Ontario May Learn From California Fruit Growers

An Immense Range of Business—The Market Still Growing—Organized Effort Pays the Producer—Legitimate Inoculation—The New O. A. C. No. 144 Out.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

The California Fruit Growers' Exchange shipped 17,857,417 boxes of oranges, lemons and grapefruit in 45,258 cars to points outside California; increased its proportion of citrus fruit grown in the state from 68.7 to 75.8 per cent.; returned 223,450 to its members; lost through failure of customers only \$3,926; did all this business at a cost of 10 per cent. of the delivered value and including advertising, 2.48 per cent. Such is the record for its last financial year of the California Fruit Growers' Exchange, whose products are best known to Canadian consumers by the brand "Sunkist."

An Immense Range of Business.

The California Fruit Growers' Exchange is the oldest and largest of the California Co-operatives. In the last twenty years it has returned to its members \$546,000,000 from the sale of its products. It is a federation of 208 local associations with 11,000 members. The locals each have their own packing houses and are fully responsible, financially and otherwise, for their own local activities. They are grouped into 21 district exchanges. Each district exchange has one director on the board of the California Fruit Growers' Exchange, which acts as the Central Selling Agency for all the fruit. It has business connections with 3,500 wholesalers, who serve 400,000 retailers, who in turn serve 113,000,000 consumers in Canada and the United States.

The Market Is Still Growing.

The market demand for its products is being constantly increased by the Exchange. Twenty-five years ago the orange growers of the State were faced with what they thought was over-production. Since then production has quadrupled and the crop is still consumed. Judicious advertising and merchandizing methods have kept demand equal to or ahead of supply. A levy of four cents a box on oranges and 6 1/2 cents a box on lemons pays for it all. Advertising and dealers' service work is done chiefly by the retailer and consumer.

In any cross-road village in Ontario where you could not buy an Ontario apple you will find oranges constantly displayed according to directions worked out by those wide-awake growers in Southern California.

Lower Freight Rates Secured.

Last year an arrangement was made with the railways by which, through the use of larger cars and quantity shipments, a lower freight rate was secured on oranges. This reduction will effect a saving of \$3,000,000 a year to the orange growers of the State. This work of \$2,000,000 a year to the growers, of advertising, is 6.86 cents per box or less than half the amount of the reduction.

Organized Effort Pays the Producer.

The oldest and best Co-operative Marketing Association of California, after a quarter of a century of successful experience, is still demonstrating that the farmers' marketing problems can only be solved through organized marketing effort by the farmers themselves.—R. D. Colquhoun, Professor of Marketing, O. A. College, Guelph.

Legitimate Inoculation.

The popularity of the bacteriology Department of the Ontario Agricultural College is attested by the following statements: During 1923 a total of 4,327 cultures of legume bacteria for seed inoculation were prepared and sent out. Of this number, 1,392 were most frequently asked for, with 1,392: Red clover, 886; sweet clover, 623; peas, 524; alsike, 142; soy beans, 83; beans, 71; sweet peas, 39; vetch, 31; white clover, 1. The creamerymen and the cheesemakers asked for and were supplied with 147 lactic starters, and 63 Bulgarian cultures.

The multiplying influence of the various bacteria sent from the Bacteriological Department during the year had a very noticeable influence on legumes of the fields and the finished dairy products of the factories.

The New O. A. C. No. 144 Out.

The O. A. C. No. 144 oat was obtained from the Siberian variety through nursery plant selection. This oat, which matures about the same time as the Banner, has a spreading head, white grain and less than the average per cent. of hull compared with the Banner. The straw is strong and is proven to be an excellent yielder.

When tested on thirty-two farms situated in twenty-one different counties in Ontario in 1923, it outyielded the O. A. C. No. 72 by 5.7 bushels, the O. A. C. No. 3 by 10.3, and the Liberty Hullless oat by 17.3 bushels of grain per acre. In triplicate plot tests at the College in the average of the last five years, it surpassed the O. A. C. No. 72 by 4.3 and the Banner by 5.6 bushels of grain per acre. During this five-year period the straw of this variety lodged less than either the O. A. C. No. 72 or Banner Oats.—Dept. of Extension, O. A. College, Guelph.

JUNETOWN

Junetown, Sept. 24.—Mrs. Clinton Avery is patient in the Brockville General Hospital, where she underwent an operation last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Claude Purvis and children spent Sunday in Lansdowne, with Mrs. W. H. Foley.

Mrs. Eliza McCrimmon, of Alexandria, has returned home after a month's visit here with her daughter, Mrs. William Purvis.

Francis Fortune, Toronto, spent the week-end with his parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. V. W. Sheffield and Mrs. Sheffield spent Sunday at Arden.

Mr. and Mrs. Evelyn M. Earl, Brockville, spent last week with her grandfather, Walter Purvis.

Miss Belva K. Purvis visited her cousin, Miss Dorothy M. Tennant, Caintown, on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Sheridan, Brockville, were here on Sunday to see the latter's aunt, Mrs. A. B. Ferguson.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold R. Fortune, Glen Elbe, were week-end visitors at Francis Fortune's.

Miss Hattie Cochrane, Lansdowne, has returned home after a week's visit with Miss Orma Fortune.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hagerman, Athens, and Andrew Hagerman, Peterboro, were recent visitors at W. H. Ferguson's.

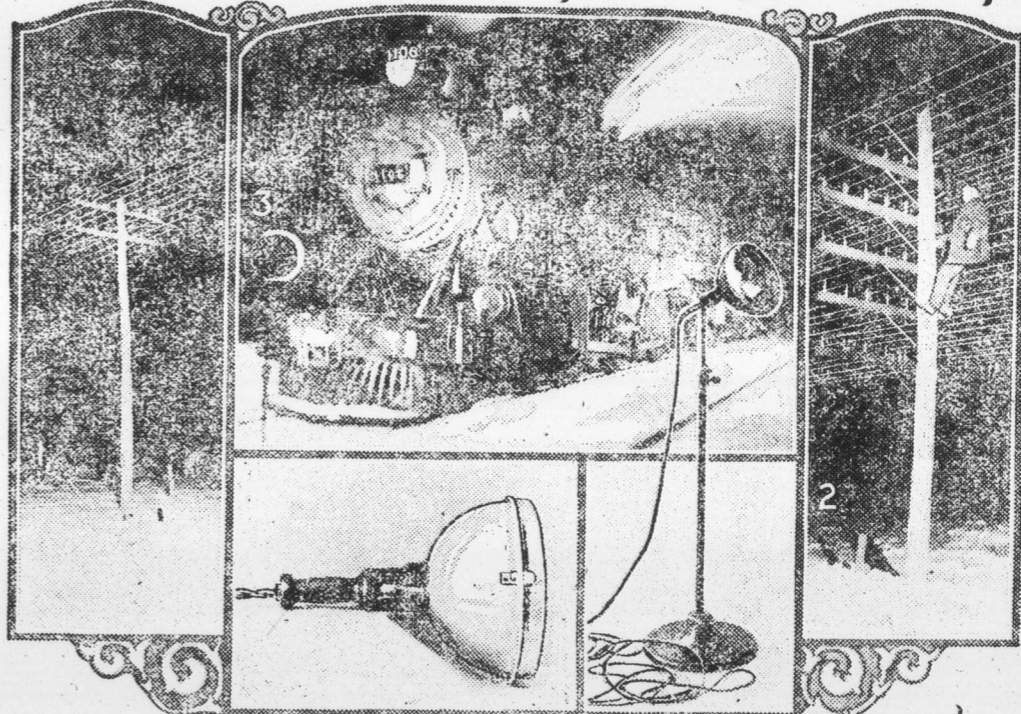
Miss Davis, of Jersey, England, who is en route to her home, spent last week the guest of her friends Mrs. Morris Ferguson.

Dates of Fall Fairs

The Fall Fair Dates in this district as issued by J. Lockie Wilson, superintendent of the Department of Agriculture, are as follows:—

Table listing dates for various locations: Alexandria (Sept. 18 and 19), Almonte (Sept. 16-18), Arden (Oct. 2), Arnprior (Sept. 23-2), Avonmore (Sept. 30, Oct. 1), Carp (Sept. 30, Oct. 1), Centreville (Sept. 19 and 20), Cobden (Sept. 24 and 25), Cornwall (Sept. 4-6), Delta (Sept. 15-17), Frankville (Sept. 23 and 24), Kemptonville (Sept. 25 and 26), Kingston (Sept. 16-20), Lanark (Sept. 13), Lansdowne (Sept. 11 and 12), Lennoxville (Sept. 12 and 13), Lennoxville (Sept. 24), Lennoxville (Sept. 16 and 17), Napanee (Sept. 9-12), Odessa (Sept. 25 and 26), Ottawa (Central) (Sept. 5-15), Parham (Sept. 10 and 11), Perth (Sept. 3-5), Renfrew (Sept. 16-19), Spencerville (Sept. 23 and 24), Stella (Sept. 30), Vankleek Hill (Sept. 25 and 26).

New Lamp Facilitates Night Work



1 and 2, views of wires as illuminated by lineman's lamp. 3, Looking at the engine in the same light. 4 and 5, the lamp. IN the past interruptions to telegraph service caused by damage to outside wires could only, in the majority of cases, be rectified by daylight, when the damaged section could easily be located. There is no doubt this was a disadvantage which delayed the recovery of interrupted services. Where the trouble may have been anywhere along the line between points some 20 to 100 miles apart it was not possible to take care of the interruption especially at night. To overcome the disadvantage due to night interruptions to its wires, the Canadian Pacific Railway Telegraphs provided a special electric light and all the linemen on the system were equipped with it, enabling them to successfully take care of interruptions and do their work at night as well as by day. The special light is provided with its power from the locomotive dynamo turbines with which all Canadian Pacific locomotives are equipped. The special light in itself is of simple construction, the power is derived from the dynamo turbine from the locomotive which provides electricity for the illumination of the headlights and cab lights. A headlight globe is used and an especially designed reflector throws a beam sufficiently strong to allow working operations at a distance of 600 feet. The conducting wire attached to a socket in the cab of the locomotive is of sufficient strength to enable the operator to work any place within two car lengths of the locomotive. There is also a semi-permanent stand to which the lamp can be attached for the convenience of men working at night on bridges or, in fact anywhere that requires a steady flow of light. The lamp can also be interchanged of globes to be used where there is a domestic current, but not with such good effect. As there is so much that can affect the Telegraph System, such as fire, aurora, lightning, snow, wind and rain, the advantage of being able to locate the source of trouble cannot be overestimated and time and time again, when the lines have been seriously damaged during the night, it has been found that the electric hand lamp, which is now used throughout the System, has been of great benefit. During the past winter when the service experienced a considerable number of interruptions the lamp was often used during snow and sleet storms and not in one instance is it known of its having failed to meet all services put upon it. There is no doubt that the perfect reflector of this lamp has been a decided progressive step in telegraph maintenance at night.

Efficient Farming

WHICH FERTILIZER SHALL I USE?

Every farmer should know what fertilizer to use on his farm and why he is using it. The use of fertilizers has increased greatly during the last decade but this increase is of little value unless the proper fertilizer was used.

Buying fertilizers by the brand name has been a practice long followed by farmers and should be discontinued if he is to get the most out of their use. Such names as "General Crop," "Wheat Grower," "Bean and Beet Special," are often misleading and do not give the farmer any idea of the total plant food present or the amount of each of the important elements. The law requires the analysis to be printed along with the name, brand or trademark, but oftentimes this is not noticed until after the fertilizer is purchased.

Knowing the analysis of fertilizer used, will go a long way toward creating a more favorable attitude toward the use of fertilizer, but it is just as important to know the kind of use under the different systems of farming, and the different types of soil.

A complete fertilizer is one carrying nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash. These constituents may vary, but as long as the fertilizer contains all three it is a complete fertilizer. Any fertilizer which has only one or two of these constituents is not a complete fertilizer. Acid phosphate, sodium nitrate, ammonium sulphate and muriate of potash, etc., are not complete fertilizers and should not be used as such. They carry only phosphoric acid, nitrogen and potash respectively. Much unfavorable attitude has occurred among farmers because some of these fertilizers which carry only the one ingredient have failed as a "Cure All" for their crops.

In using fertilizers the farmer should consider the soil on which the crop is grown and the plant food requirements of the crop. In general the use of phosphoric acid is profitable on all soils and on all crops. This cannot be said of the fertilizing constituents, nitrogen and potash. However, if acid phosphate is used alone on some of the sandy soils, the results will not be as profitable as it would be if some nitrogen were also used. The results from potash are variable but its use is highly recommended for leguminous crops, particularly alfalfa and sweet clover.

On the silt loam and clay loam soils the main requirement is phosphoric acid. Potash gives some response to sugar beets and beans, but on these crops it is often used in excessive amounts. Nitrogen is seldom needed where the farms are badly run, and green manures are not used in the rotation. Occasionally, where the soil is poorly drained or of a lighter phase, top dressings of nitrate of soda or sulphate of ammonia, have shown very noticeable effects. These effects are not the same year after year, but will be dependent largely on the spring weather. If the spring is cold so that the nitrifying bacteria are not working to their maximum, then applications of an available form of nitrogen should be made.

Nitrogen is the highest in cost of any single element in commercial plant food and for that reason should only be used when necessary. Fortunately, manures and legumes can be substituted as the source of nitrogen. It is impossible to supply enough nitrogen through the use of farm manures except where large amounts of highly concentrated feeds are purchased, and then only when good care is taken of the manure to prevent leaching and loss of ammonia through fermentation. With the use of lime and inoculation, however, alfalfa and sweet clover can be grown on most soils, and therein lies the key to the nitrogen maintenance. However, this clover should be grown in the rotation and some turned under. With the use of these legumes and the manure produced, the nitrogen balance should be fairly well maintained. On the sandy soils a top-dressing of nitrates in the spring is advisable in addition to the above treatment.

Where legumes and manure are not used it will be necessary to apply nitrogen each year. This nitrogen should not be applied in the fall in large amounts. In the case of spring crops it should be put on just before planting. On wheat or rye about twenty per cent. of the application of nitrogen should be in the fall and eighty per cent. in the spring when the plant begins to grow. On the heavier soils that are badly run down and no legumes, nor little, if any, manure available, it is sometimes profitable to use applications of nitrogen. Legumes can usually be grown on the heavier types of soil without liming. Legumes and manure should take the place of commercial nitrogen on these farms. There is usually a large amount of organic matter turned under on these soils, part of which is converted into nitrogen.

On the poorer types of soil a 2-12-2 or 2-16-2 fertilizer should be used for wheat or rye; on the better types of soil acid phosphate can be used just as well. For corn or oats, acid phosphate is usually sufficient. For alfalfa or clover, some potash should be used. If seeding alfalfa or clover alone, or with a nurse crop, such as barley or oats, an 0-14-4 might be used more profitably than the acid phosphate.

On the lighter soils the 0-14-4 or 0-12-2 are to be preferred to the acid phosphate for alfalfa or clover seedings. If the soils are very sandy and just limed, two to three per cent. of nitrogen will help the seedings.

As a general rule, applications of potash have not shown profitable returns for general crops on any but the lighter types of sands and sandy loams. Here applications of from two to four per cent. of potash has produced good increases in some of the small grains.

The use of high analysis fertilizer is an important consideration for the farmer. A high analysis fertilizer is one where the percentage of nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash totals fourteen or more. In buying a high analysis fertilizer more of the farmer's dollar actually pays for the plant food. The cost of mixing, selling and general overhead expenses is the same per ton of low grade as high grade.

With a 1-8-1 selling for \$29 per ton, \$11.50, or thirty-nine per cent. actually pays for the plant food, while sixty-one per cent. is used to pay other necessary costs. Contrast this with a 2-16-2, just twice the strength. The price of a 2-16-2 is say, \$40.50; \$23, or fifty-seven per cent., is used to pay for actual plant food. We have, then, a difference of eighteen per cent. in favor of the 2-16-2. On the other hand, the cost of handling by the farmer will be lessened. He can use just half as much 2-16-2 as 1-8-1 and the cost on the market is only thirty-nine per cent. more per ton.

It should be evident from the foregoing figures that it is cheaper to use high analysis than low analysis fertilizers. Where the difference in plant food is not so marked, the difference in saving, of course, will be less, but the higher the analysis of fertilizer the greater per cent. of the farmer's dollar that will pay for plant food. The general trend of fertilizer practices is toward high analysis goods. Using the high analysis material does not mean that the right analysis is being used, but it does go a long way in following good fertilizer practices.

The efficiency of fertilizers is dependent largely on the soil reaction. Oftentimes it is necessary to apply lime first and if the soil is strongly acid, lime should be the first consideration.

In using fertilizers it should be kept in mind that they will not overcome seasonal or climatic conditions, but when used with good judgment and other good farm practices, they will prove profitable on most Ontario farms.

Poultry

Hens will molt. It is a scheme of nature that they shall rest from their strain of egg production, build up their body weight which has decreased, renew the yellow pigment in their bodies through the addition of fat, during which time they grow a new coat of feathers.

Though the length of the molt is primarily an inherited trait in that poor producers molt slowly and heavy producers molt rapidly, nevertheless the molt in any hen can be materially speeded up by providing a few essential requirements.

First of all, molting hens should have an abundance of green feed. Trying to molt out a bunch of hens on a dry bare yard is nothing short of suicidal to the health and immediate productivity of the hens so treated. Give them a good big range covered with green grass, and above all things have it adequately provided with shade.

Increase the grain ration quite materially to molting hens, thereby enabling them to build up their body weight more quickly. Put into the laying mash which you would normally feed them increased quantities of corn meal and Old Process oil meal.

A good molting ration is one composed of three parts of cracked corn and one part of wheat as a scratch feed, and a dry mash composed of 100 pounds of wheat bran, 100 pounds of wheat middlings, 100 pounds of ground oats, 200 pounds of corn meal, 100 pounds of meat scrap and 50 pounds of Old Process oil meal.

If one has access to a considerable supply of sunflower seeds, a few of them fed at intervals is an excellent practice.

These rations just enumerated are extremely rich in fat and oils which seem especially essential in encouraging a quick rapid growth of fine quality feathers. Anything which we can do to hasten the molt, and thus shorten the rest period, is an economically sound practice.

The Blackberry.

The blackberry, points out the Dominion Horticulturist, in his bulletin on Bush Fruits, is one of the easiest fruits to propagate. The suckers, which are produced in great numbers, may be used, or if it is wished to propagate a variety even more rapidly than by suckers, root cuttings can be planted. The roots, cut into pieces two or three inches long, may be taken either in the fall or in the spring and planted in nursery rows about three inches deep. After one season's growth, if the soil has been well cultivated, there will be good plants available.

As the blackberry ripens at a try-

ing time of the year, when the weather is usually hot and dry, if there is not a good supply of moisture in the soil the fruit will dry up. In selecting a soil, one that will retain moisture well should be chosen, while the soil should be rich in plant food, an excess of nitrogen should be avoided as it is liable to induce late ripening. Hence, bottom land should be avoided in most places. In good upland clay loam, one of the best soils for blackberries, there is likely to be sufficient plant food without too much nitrogen. The soil should be well prepared, as for all other bush fruits, and a good application of well rotted barnyard

manure to most soils will be found desirable. If planted in the fall the later the better. Strong one-year suckers should be planted. As blackberries require plenty of space, the rows should be not less than eight feet apart and the plants not less than three feet apart in the rows. Where the blackberry grows vigorously, four feet apart is not too much.

Some men move through life as a band of music moves down the thoroughfare, flinging out melody and harmony through the air to everyone far and near who listens.—Henry Ward Beecher.

Ways to Make a Fair Exhibit

BY DOIS W. McCRAY.

Last year I judged the women exhibits at four county fairs. A one fair the interest seemed to center on the bread, as several women asked how soon it would be judged, and by the time I came to it there was quite a crowd gathered. Each woman had her eye on one loaf which she thought best, and they watched eagerly as the general appearance, lightness, crumb, and flavor were scored. The little lady who won first had not said a word until the ribbons were pinned on, then she proudly announced the prize loaf was hers. Several women were anxious for her recipe.

"But the recipe is not all, that's the simplest part," she explained. "It is all in the way you handle the dough. Why, I even use a thermometer in the pan of water where I set my dough, to see that the yeast will not get chilled, and another thermometer in the oven. There is so much to know before you can make a perfect loaf!"

The jellies were the most interesting to judge, and, since you cannot tell without opening them, I first dipped up a little with a knife to see the texture, for when there are many entries you can demand that the texture be perfect. A few glasses could be eliminated because they were cloudy, or tough, or syrupy; the others had to be scored carefully. The tasting never became tiresome, though one would think it a bit confusing to sample fifteen plum jellies. There seems to be some confusion as to the difference between conserves, as several glasses were entered in the wrong class.

Mrs. Kenton went to her counter prepared to win. In the long evenings she had been busy crocheting articles listed in the old premium book and pretty sure to be in the next issue of the new catalog came out. Checked entries she had to make.

It was in August that she showed her woolen material and made a dress for her daughter, trimming in red braid and carefully binding the seams. Of course it would win some last winter's dress taken at the attic at the last moment. Everyone would take the time to give a new dress to exhibit, but in that her daughter had it ready to wear on the first cool day.

Mrs. Kenton started her canning when the first tender asparagus showed above the ground. Green peas, sweet corn, beans—in fact, everything from the garden was canned when at its best. The fruits and vegetables were graded as to size, perfection, and ripeness, as is customary in canning factories. That way the pieces in each jar were evenly cooked; there were especially good jars for exhibit and for company, while others were for everyday. For exhibit, all the jars were uniform, wide-mouthed, and of clear glass rather than of glass having a blue tinge.

Every week in the year Mrs. Kenton makes bread, cake, cookies, doughnuts, and pies, standardizing the recipes and striving toward perfection. It is a sort of a game she plays with herself trying to make the bread just right every single time, and lucky is the person who happens in for a meal on the day she has baked.

The night before she plans going to the fair she sets the sponge, at the same time setting the alarm clock for an early hour. She kneads the bread, and while it rises she makes two cakes, and as soon as they come out of the oven she builds up the fire to get the oven good and hot for the pies which she has rolled out from dough mixed and kept cool from the day before. By the time the family is up for breakfast the bread is molded ready to go in the oven. She proceeds with the baking until everything is in readiness to take. She says this early rising is better than baking the

day before, as the cakes and pies reach the judges while they are still fresh. Women who win prizes in one department seem to win in other things too, and it does not seem to be just luck. Finding that Mrs. Gibney had won first in every kind of cake, I asked her for her secret of success.

She says she always measures exactly; she sifts the flour before measuring it, never thinks of dipping into the sack with any cup handy, but is careful to get the one measuring a half-pint.

"Then, too," Mrs. Gibney added, "a cake can just be ruined in the wrong kind of an oven. If it is too hot, the cake cracks; there is much to know about ovens."

Women who love to do fancywork have a good excuse for doing it when they can win prizes at the fair and still have the work left for themselves or to use as gifts for their friends.

One year I exhibited a white slip trimmed with Armenian lace sewed on by hand, which took the prize over ones made much more elaborately of colored silk. When I asked the judge how it happened, she said the white mainsook, while it was dainty, could be boiled when laundered, hence was more sanitary. Judges consider practicality and wearing qualities as well as mere beauty. If you can get a good result with less time spent on the garment, so much the better, for the number of hours spent in its construction does not count when a garment is in competition with others.

At one fair there was only one class for the "best tating article." There were many entries, and it was a mistake not having a prize offered for the best dresser scarf and for other distinctive tating articles. The superintendent of the department called my attention to a camisole she admired. I saw she was trying to get me to give it a prize. It barely missed receiving third prize, and she demanded the reason why. Her mother had made it, and the work was beautiful. Then I explained that the material of the camisole was cheap and unattractive, not good enough to combine with fine handwork, and that the pink ribbon was gaudy, spoiling the daintiness of the garment. She was surprised that these points were considered. Next year I expect to find the same yoke entered again, but attached to a different camisole.

A gingham apron unusually good in style did not get a prize; someone wondered why, but one look at the inside of the garment with its unfinished seams was convincing. The seams would pull out, and the garment would not wear well with many launderings. One farm woman said to me: "I have learned several things about sewing. I found I had finished some seams the wrong way, and have all sorts of ideas stored away in my mind about fancywork I am going to make. It is fun to exhibit, besides the pleasure of spending a cheque from the fair association. This year I am going to buy a pressure cooker. My premium money is just to be spent as I please."

Beulah Hatch, a twenty-year-old girl, exhibited canned fruit and vegetables at six neighboring fairs last year. While she had won prizes in the junior department, she had not mustered courage to compete with women twice her age. It was interesting to note that where she entered two jars of fruit one would take first and the other second prize. Where her mother had entered a jar, hers would receive second prize, and the blue ribbon would go to Beulah. The mother won \$75 in prizes and Beulah won \$150, with \$25 for her fancywork in addition. She is certain that it pays to exhibit at county fairs; but, like the woman said about ovens, "There is much to know about it."

The Sunday School Lesson

SEPTEMBER 14.

Jesus Driven From Nazareth, Luke 4: 16-30. Golden Text: He hath anointed me to preach the gospel.—Luke 4: 18.

ANALYSIS.
I. THE GREAT ANNOUNCEMENT OF JESUS, 16-22.
II. THE GREAT REFUSAL OF THE NAZARENES, 23-30.

INTRODUCTION.—It might have been expected that in Nazareth, where he had been brought up, the welcome given to Jesus on his first public appearance would have been specially warm, but the contrary proved true. To the Nazarenes, as the lesson shows, belongs the supreme ignominy of not having given no hearing to Jesus, but of having alone, among the Galilean cities, willed and premeditated the Saviour's death.

I. THE GREAT ANNOUNCEMENT OF JESUS, 16-22.

V. 16. On the first Sabbath at Nazareth, Jesus attends the synagogue service. It was the custom at such times, to call upon any teacher of religion who was present, to speak in the congregation, and this courtesy is here extended to Jesus, about whose recent work in other parts of the country, the Nazarenes have heard.

V. 17. Jesus, at the proper moment, stands up to read, and the attendant hands him a roll of the prophet Isaiah. The roll, written on parchment, would be wound on two rollers, which the reader holds in his two hands, and between them, on the uncoiled portion of the roll, is the passage which he wishes to read. It is not certain whether the passage which Jesus here "finds" was chosen by himself or was prescribed by the fixed system of "lessons" for the day. In the latter case, when the roll was handed to him, it would be open at the proper place. All the more remarkable is it that the passage to be read, supposing the lesson to be a fixed one, is one in which our Lord saw his own divine mission prefigured.

Vs. 18, 19. The passage in Isaiah predicts the anointing by Jehovah, of a prophet who should preach glad tidings of salvation to the poor, open the prison of captive souls, restore sight to the blind, free the oppressed, and announce the year of God's redeeming favor. The terms, "poor," "captive," "blind," "oppressed," are to be spiritually understood. We must think of those who in patient loyalty to God's truth, have suffered impoverishment and loss, or who conscious of the burden of sin, are yearning for forgiveness. Such are God's "poor"—the term "poor" in the Old Testament, has a religious sense.—God is their interest and their capital, and they are waiting for God to set up his kingdom, and to bestow on them his salvation. No wealth, no freedom, no sight of the eyes, no wisdom, can compare with the heavenly treasure of knowing God, and walking in the light of his love. Here then we see how the Lord Jesus apprehended his mission to the nation of Israel.

Vs. 20-22. After the reading of the lesson, the roll is wound up and given back to the attendant. Jesus sits down—the usual posture of the teacher,—and while every eye is fixed attentively on him in a breathless silence, he begins his sermon with the words, "This day is this scripture fulfilled in your ears." What followed is not recorded, but is left to our imagination. The Nazarenes are astonished at the "words of grace" which flow from Jesus, but inwardly in their hearts they are measuring him all the time by human standards, and saying, "Is not this Joseph's son?" They are unwilling or unable to realize that "the son of Joseph" may also be God's Son.

II. THE GREAT REFUSAL OF THE NAZARENES, 23-30.

Vs. 23, 24. The admiration, the astonishment, are momentary. The words of Jesus provoke the inward comment, "But what are the 'signs' of his calling?" The Nazarenes share the common view, that the spirit of God announces itself only in the extraordinary and the miraculous. They cannot see that God's spirit is supremely revealed in holy thoughts and deeds, which produce the sense of God's presence. Jesus is at once aware of this negative attitude, and in this disposition to "Physician, heal thyself," and he recalls to his hearers the reception which Elijah and Elisha formerly met with among their own people.

Vs. 25-27. No prophet is accepted in his own country. When Elijah was fleeing from persecution, there was no home in Israel to which God could safely send him, and he was directed accordingly to the house of a widow at Zarephath in heathen Sidon. When Elisha was in Israel, the only leper Naaman was a heathen Syrian, named Naaman. Naaman alone had faith in God's word, spoken through the prophet Elisha, and came to God from idols. God's messengers, the prophets, found no faith among their own people, but had to turn to the Gentiles.

Vs. 28-30. This prediction that God will look past the Nazarenes in send-

ing the word of his salvation is regarded as unpardonable, and the Nazarenes at that moment would have brought on themselves the guilt of murder. Jesus, however, protected as by unseen hands, passes unharmed through their midst. They are overawed by something in his bearing, and till Jesus' work is done, no evil can befall him. He passes serene and calm through all dangers, because God is with him.

ENMITY.
The Jews and their kinsfolk, the Arabs, have always been eager persecutors of any "new way" in religion. Many marks of that spirit are left in the Gospel records.

When Mohammed, permitted no longer to speak within the city of Mecca, preached repentance and judgment to the crowds gathered at the fair, his steps were dogged by Abu Lahab, his uncle, who made sport of the eager prophet. When the persecution became intolerable, the prophet turned on him with a fierce curse, which, finding a place in the Koran, holds Abu Lahab up to execration, as the Gospels brand Judas.

When the religion of Mohammed got the upper hand, it was just as intolerant as its persecutors had been. "Throughout the land there shall be no second creed," was the prophet's behest on his death bed. And the early Moslems went forth in a religious frenzy offering to all, "Islam, exile, or the sword!" To Abu Bekr, the mildest of the prophet's successors, even Moslems complained of the severity of Khalid (surnamed "The Sword of Allah"). "The sword of Khalid," they said, "dipped in violence and outrage, must be sheathed." "Nay," replied Abu Bekr, "the sword which the Lord hath made bare against the unbelievers, shall I sheathe the same? That be far from me."

Better Fruit Shows.

We are just entering the fruit-show season, and from now on until December, one is likely to encounter them anywhere.

They are always interesting to the fruit enthusiast, and usually to the general public, and have certainly had an important influence in molding and developing our fruit industry; but one sometimes wishes that they might be managed differently in some respects.

The two main objects in a fruit show ought to be, first, to educate the producer, enabling him to grow better fruit and prepare it better for market; and second, to interest the consumer in fruit as an article of diet, convincing him of its value and educating him as to ways in which it may be used.

It is seldom that one finds either of these objects very fully carried out in a fruit show.

In the writer's experience and observation, the following are some of the most common ways in which the average fruit show falls down:

The exhibits are not sufficiently well labeled. The visitor wanders past the show of apple varieties with nothing to tell him whether the big red apples which arouse his enthusiasm and interest are Wolf River, Spitzenburg or Wealthy. He doesn't know what the collections of varieties are intended to illustrate, and there is nothing whatever to tell him what the exhibitors are trying to show in the package exhibit.

There is not enough prominence given to fruit packages and packed exhibits. These exhibits are valuable to both the grower and the consumer if properly handled and labeled, and they ought to be in every show of any size.

There ought to be an exhibit of cooked fruit in every fruit show. Let people know that there are other ways in which the apple may be used besides in pies.

The exhibit of varieties of fruits on plates ought to be changed. More prominence should be given to collections of commercial varieties. A prize offered for the best collection of five commercial varieties of apples has real value for anyone in doubt as to what he ought to plant.

In many sections prizes for advertising exhibits may be made a valuable feature. If growers are selling either at their farms or through local groceries, the exhibit may be one suitable for a store window or a roadside stand, and the competition may be among the growers themselves, and many valuable suggestions may be passed on to less ingenious people.

Or, if the fruit show is in a city the prizes may be offered to the stores which put on the best advertising displays. In this latter case we not only get the advantage of passing on to others good ideas in advertising, but we get the advertising value of the exhibits themselves.

Doubtless many other improvements might be made, but if the above could be injected into our fruit shows it ought to put most of them on a more useful plane than they now occupy.

Ancient Experts in Dyes.

The people of Tyre were such experts in dyeing that Tyrian purple remains unexcelled to this day.

Head-hunting is still the main occupation of the cannibal tribes of the Upper Amazon; the captured heads are shrunk until they are as small as oranges, and then kept as ornaments.



The preservation of the old household arts is one of the things which was featured at the recent Royal Dublin horse show at Ballsbridge. The Irish peasant women are working on a big patch quilt.

BRITISH, FRENCH AND U.S. SAILORS PROTECT FOREIGN SETTLEMENT IN SHANGHAI

Rival Military Governors Wage War With No Material Progress Being Made by Either Side—Defenders Divided Into Three Armies, Only One of Which is Engaged in the Fighting.

A despatch from Washington says:—A protective cordon, composed of Shanghai volunteer corps and British, United States, Japanese and French sailors, will be thrown about the foreign settlement in Shanghai to prevent the entry of armed Chinese forces there.

A despatch from Shanghai says:—Although only one of the three armies of General Lu Yung Hsiang, Tuchun of Chekiang, who is fighting to retain control of Shanghai against the assaults of General Che Shieh-Yuan of Kiangsu was engaged in the battle which continued throughout Thursday, the Chekiang headquarters assert it was able to more than hold its own.

Despite the fact that its line from the Shanghai-Nanking Railway to the Yangtse River was lightly held, the Chekiang leader reported their army held their positions in the centre and made some progress in the Hwangtu sector, on the railway and in the vicinity of Liuhou on the river. Both sides are said to be rushing up reinforcements. Men and women in the affected area are being conscripted, causing a further influx of refugees into Shanghai, the Chinese quarter of which is already crowded with people fleeing to escape the fighting.

General Lu has two further lines of defence. The second, held by 20,000 men, the same number as engaged in Thursday's battle, extends from near

the boundary of Northern Chekiang to a point west of Voo Sung, the outer port of Shanghai. The third army, some 8,000 strong, is stationed in Hang Chow and Ningpo in Northern Chekiang.

Though troops estimated to number 40,000 battled throughout the day, competent eye-witnesses declared that neither side had made any material gain in the fighting.

The battlefield extended from the line of the Shanghai Nanking Railway to the Yangtse River, about 18 miles from Shanghai at its nearest point and about 25 miles at the most distant.

There was no evidence that the Kiangsu had any co-operation from naval forces on the Yangtse River. Indications were that the Chekiang troops would be able to hold that sector unless the attacking forces were heavily reinforced.

At several points the opposing fighters were hidden from each other by fields of growing grain through which the rifle and machine-gun bullets cut their way. Eye-witnesses said that undoubtedly the fighters were wasting large amounts of ammunition in the characteristic manner of Chinese troops firing wildly.

General Lu Yung-Hsiang, commander of the defending forces, styles his force. The defenders are divided into three armies, only one of which has thus far actually been engaged in the fighting.



Here is one of the most recent portraits of the Prince of Wales, who is visiting his ranch in western Canada. The picture shows the forceful character and determination which is the foundation of a king.

Canada from Coast to Coast

Amherst, N.S.—The rolling mills of the Canadian Car & Foundry Co. here are busy engaged on an order for several hundred tons of reinforcing rods to be used for construction work in Montreal. It is the first time that work of this description has been carried out at the local mill.

Fredericton, N.B.—Wool grading for the New Brunswick Sheep Breeders' Association has been completed by the Livestock Branch of the Provincial Dept. of Agriculture. The total amount of wool graded this year amounted to 25,000 pounds. The quality is declared to be the best ever handled under the co-operative arrangements.

Quebec, Que.—Tourist traffic in the Province of Quebec in the past year or two has developed into one of the province's most important industries, and in order to make better known the attractions which this province has to offer the tourist, the Provincial Government has authorized the expenditure of some \$50,000 for advertising and publicity purposes. The money will be spent in conjunction with the Quebec Tourists' Association.

North Bay, Ont.—Exports of the products of Northern Ontario to the United States for the first six months of the present year show an increase of approximately 45 per cent. over those of the same period of last year. The total value of the exports for the period was \$24,937,570 in comparison with \$17,292,808. Gold bullion exports show an increase of more than 100 per cent.; silver bullion of 30 per cent.; lath 450 per cent.; and newsprint 40 per cent.

Winnipeg, Man.—With a record attendance, including buyers from all the principal fur centres of the world, the fur auction sales held here during August, were the most successful yet experienced. Pelts to the value of \$325,000 were disposed of during the three days of sale.

Regina, Sask.—Creamery butter production in the Province of Saskatchewan during the month of July amounted to 2,284,609 pounds, according to the report of the Provincial Dairy Commissioner. This is the first time in the history of Saskatchewan that it has been possible to record an output of over two million pounds in a single month. Compared with July, 1923, this is an increase of 389,925 pounds.

Edmonton, Alta.—Completion of a new well at Wainwright, Alta., which will produce more than 500 barrels of oil a day, was announced by the superintendent and geologist of the British Petroleum, Ltd., at the annual general meeting of the company held in Vancouver.

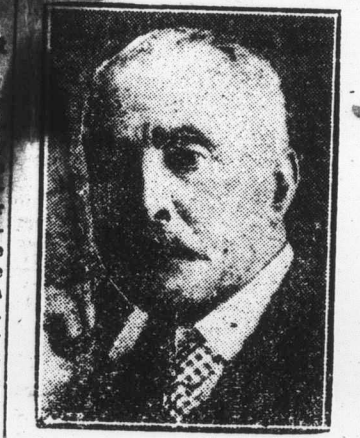
Vancouver, B.C.—Tarzan Second, largest wooden scow in the world, launched recently at the Wallace shipyards. She is one thousand tons in weight and has 300,000 feet of British Columbia lumber in her make-up. The scow will be used as a carrier for a large quantity of steel for the Sydney E.

English and German Firms Make Bids for Canada's Fruit Trade.

A despatch from London says:—Hon. S. F. Tolmie states that arrangements have been concluded whereby a Hamburg firm takes half a million boxes of Canadian apples, if procurable. Mr. Dettart, acting for the agent, sails on Saturday on the Pittsburgh for Halifax, and will see the Nova Scotian merchants there before he proceeds to British Columbia, via Kootenay. Mr. Cosgrave, of the Dept. of Trade and Commerce, has also concluded a deal with a leading British firm prepared to take an unlimited quantity of first-class fruit and freight. Mr. Dettart is also this firm's sole agent. The deal offers exceptional opportunities to the Canadian fruit trade.

Canadian Section Proposed for 1925 Exhibition at London

A despatch from London says:—F. W. Bridges, who organizes the shipping, engineering and machinery trade exhibition held yearly since 1906 at Olympia, has sailed for Quebec, to interest Canadian manufacturers in establishing a Canadian section in the exposition in November, 1925. Mr. Bridges, who is in touch with the highest class manufacturing concerns here, wishes to arrange for Canadian agents for several of them. He last visited Canada thirty-six years ago.



Lord Glenavy's difficult job is to preside over the affairs of the Senate of the Irish Free State. With boundary disputes holding sway his work has been particularly exacting of late.

Last year 64,466 automobile licenses were issued in the Province of Saskatchewan, of which 60,931 were for private cars, 2,086 for trucks, 1,225 for livery cars, and 224 for motor cycles. This represents one automobile for each 11.75 people, the population of the province being 757,510.

Dairy production in the Province of Alberta during 1924 will probably be 20 per cent. in excess of the previous year, according to the Provincial Dairy Commissioner. Last year the province produced 17,750,000 pounds of butter, and the output this year is estimated at 21,350,000 pounds.

PREMIER MACDONALD APPEALS FOR ADOPTION OF ARBITRATION

British Position on Harassing Questions of Security and Disarmament Defined—French Endorse Speech on General Lines.

A despatch from Geneva says:—Prime Minister MacDonald, of Great Britain, dominated the Assembly of the League of Nations on Thursday in an hour speech, during which he defined the British position.

He declared against military alliances by groups of nations. He declared definitely for arbitration agreements. He pleaded with the smaller nations to base their security on international arbitration agreements rather than on military pacts, and said: "History is full of military pacts, but always there have been invasions." He said the United States, Germany and Russia must come into the League of Nations. He complimented the United States for its help in the London settlement, and said: "Europe for the past few years has not offered for the States a very attractive companionship, but when the United States' own heart will incline her to come in, she will find an honored and welcome place."

He urged the convocation of a disarmament conference in Europe attended by representatives of all the nations, including the United States and Germany, and he recommended also elaboration of the covenant of the League and that the authority of the council be exercised so as to insure the continued existence and prosperity of the League.

He declared likewise that the British-Soviet treaty was a first step toward bringing Russia into the League.

The French delegation, meeting on Thursday afternoon following MacDonald's speech, decided to endorse his position in its general lines.

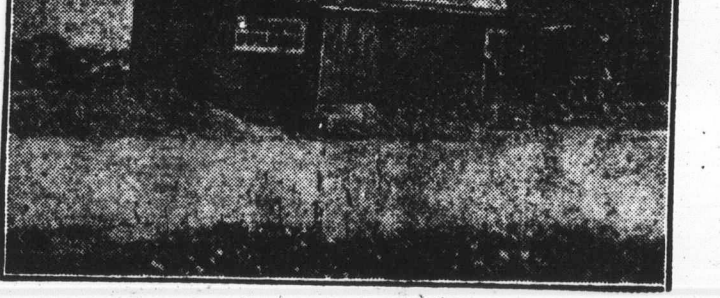
Musty Documents Found in London Bear Valuable Stamps

A despatch from London says:—During the turning over of old documents in the Record Office here, a batch of New South Wales postage stamps of the 1855 issue was discovered. Collectors value them at \$4,500.

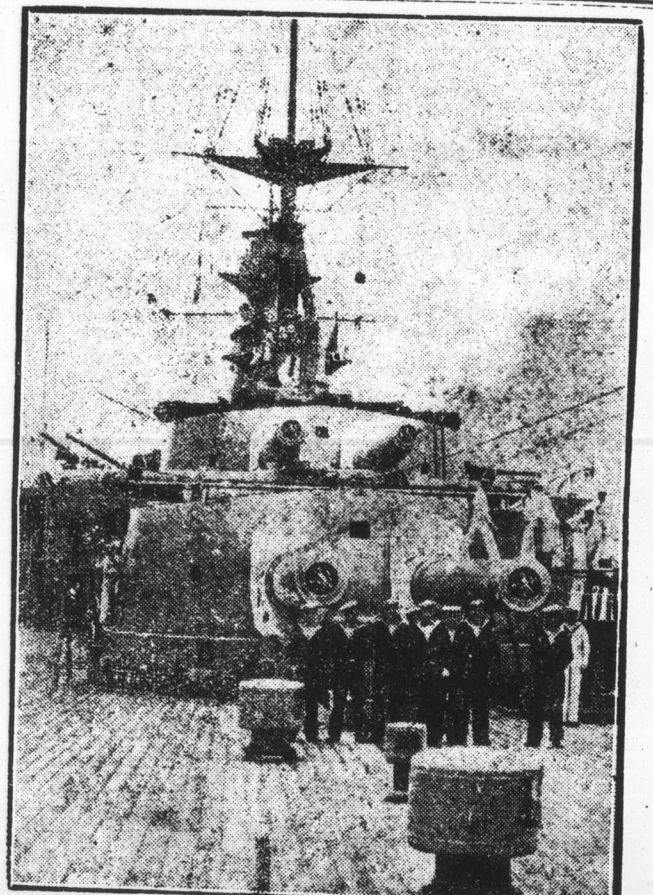
The stamps were attached to a report sent to the Colonial Secretary by the Governor of New South Wales.

Committee of Guarantees Retired for Dawes Plan

A despatch from Paris says:—The Reparation Commission decided on Thursday that, during the application of the Dawes reparation plan, the Committee of Guarantees would not exercise the attributions conferred upon it by the Treaty of Versailles and by the schedule of payments of May, 1921.



This little shack is the temporary municipal building at Haileybury, Ontario, which has served the purpose following the disastrous fire which wiped out most of the town some time ago.



Here is shown the quarter-deck of H.M.S. Hood, giving a view of some of the "big guns" of the navy. The photograph was taken while the special service squadron was at anchor off Quebec.

World's Largest Sapphire Used as Children's Plaything

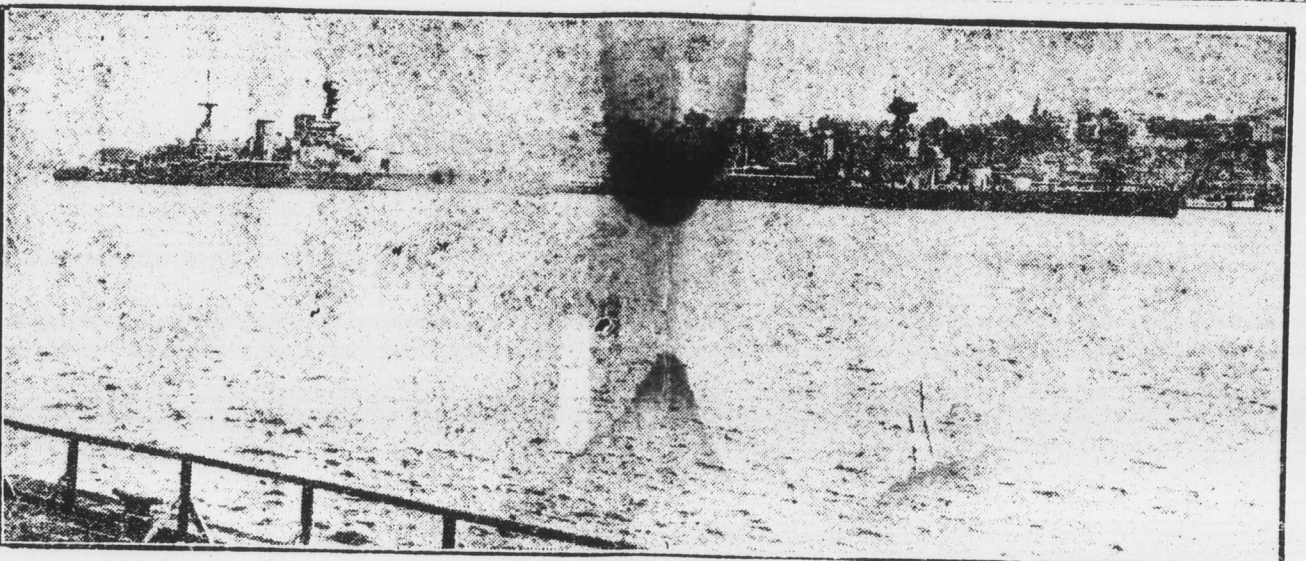
Still another attraction has been added to the British Empire Exhibition at Wembley, says a London despatch. This is the world's largest sapphire, a jewel weighing ten ounces and valued at more than \$25,000. This stone was discovered recently in the home of a Mahometan official in Hyderabad State, who had been using it for many years as a paper-weight. In fact, so little value did this man attach to the curious-looking stone, which is intricately carved in the form of an ear ornament, that he frequently gave it to his children as a pretty plaything.

The stone has a long and romantic history which has been traced from the twelfth century, when it was an ornament on a Buddha belonging to the Ballala kings of South India. It was handed down from generation to generation until it came into the possession of a white man, who eventually gave it as a present to the ancestors of its present owner.

Policy of Tax Reduction in Vogue in New Zealand

A despatch from Wellington, New Zealand, says:—New Zealand is one of the few countries which is able to steadily reduce its taxation. This year's budget reduces the land tax by 10 per cent. and the income tax by 13-1-3 per cent. Mr. Massey, Prime Minister, also intends to ask the House to reduce the amusement tax and the tobacco duty, thus making the remissions of 65,000 pounds in all.

The huge gates of Henry VIII's Chapel in Westminster Abbey are believed to have taken eighteen years to make.



When the visiting British naval squadron arrived off Quebec they were greeted by thousands of interested spectators, who lined the Quebec and Lewis shores. Here are seen H.M.S. Hood and H.M.S. Repulse. The squadron recently sailed for Newfoundland.

The Week's Markets

TORONTO.
Man. wheat—No. 1 North, \$1.44 1/4; No. 2 North, \$1.39 1/4; No. 3 North, \$1.36 1/4.
Man. oats—No. 2 CW, 61 1/2c; No. 3 CW, 59c; extra No. 1 feed, 59 1/2c; No. 1 feed, 58c; No. 2 feed, 56c.
All the above c.i.f., bay ports.
Am. corn, track, Toronto—No. 2 yellow, \$1.36.
Milfeed—Del., Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$29; shorts, per ton, \$31; middlings, \$37; good feed flour, per bag, \$2.10.
Ont. oats—No. 3 white, 50 to 52c.
Ont. wheat—No. 2 winter, \$1.12 to \$1.17; No. 3 winter, \$1.10 to \$1.15; No. 1 commercial, \$1.07 to \$1.12, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights.
Barley—Maiting, 75 to 78c.
Rye—\$7 to 80c.
Ont. flour—New, ninety per cent. pat., in jute bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, \$5.75; Toronto basis, \$5.75; bulk seaboard, \$5.65.
Manitoba flour—First pat., in jute sacks, \$7.90 per barrel; 2nd pat., \$7.40.
Hay—Extra No. 2 timothy, per ton, track, Toronto, \$17.50; No. 2, \$17; No. 3, \$15; mixed, \$13; lower grades, \$10 to \$12.
Straw—Carlots, per ton, \$9.50 to \$10.
Screenings—Standard, cleaned, f.o.b. bay ports, per ton, \$22.50.
Cheese—New, large, 20c; twins, 20 1/2c; triplets, 21c; stiltons, 22 to 28c. Old, large, 23 to 24c; twins, 24 to 25c; triplets, 25 to 26c.
Butter—Finest creamery prints, 38 to 39c; No. 1 creamery, 36 to 37c; No. 2, 34 to 35c; dairy, 28 to 30c.
Eggs—Extras, fresh, in cartons, 45c; extra, loose, 48c; firsts, 37c; seconds, 30 to 31c.
Live poultry—Hens, over 5 lbs., 20c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 17c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 15c; spring chickens, 2 lbs. and over, 25c; roosters, 12c; ducklings, 4 to 5 lbs., 18c.
Dressed poultry—Hens, over 5 lbs., 26c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 22c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 18c; spring chickens, 2 lbs. and over, 30c; roosters, 15c; ducklings, 4 to 5 lbs., 25c.
Beans—Canadian, hand-picked, lb., 6 1/2c; primes, 6c.
Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.50; per 5-gal. tin, \$2.40 per gal.; maple sugar, lb., 25 to 26c.
Honey—60-lb. tins, 18 1/2c per lb.; 10-lb. tins, 18 1/2c; 5-lb. tins, 14 1/2c; 2 1/2-lb. tins, 14 to 15c.
Smoked meats—Hams, med., 27 to 28c; cooked hams, 42 to 44c; smoked rolls, 18 to 20c; cottage rolls, 21 to 24c; breakfast bacon, 23 to 27c; special brand breakfast bacon, 29 to 31c; backs, boneless, 36 to 40c.
Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 56 to 70 lbs., \$17; 70 to 90 lbs., \$16.50; 90 lbs. and up, \$15.50; lightweight rolls, in barrels, \$32; heavyweight rolls, \$27.
Lard—Pure, tierces, 17 1/2 to 18c; tubs, 17 1/2 to 18 1/2c; pails, 18 to 18 1/2c; prints, 20 1/2 to 20 3/4c; shortening, tierces, 16 to 16 1/2c; tubs, 16 1/2 to 17c; pails, 17 to 17 1/2c; prints, 18 to 18 1/2c.
Export steers, choice, \$7.50 to \$7.75; do, good, \$6.50 to \$7; export heifers, \$6 to \$6.50; baby heaves, \$7.50 to \$10; butcher steers, choice, \$6 to \$6.50; do, good, \$5.50 to \$6; do, med., \$5 to \$5.50; do, com., \$3 to \$4.50; butcher heifers, choice, \$6 to \$6.50; do, med., \$5 to \$5.75; do, com., \$3 to \$4.25; butcher cows, choice, \$4 to \$4.50; do, med., \$3 to \$4; butcher bulls, good, \$4 to \$4.25; do, fair, \$3.50 to \$4; bolognas, \$2 to 3; canners and cutters, \$1 to \$2.50; feeding steers, good, \$6 to \$6.25; do, fair, \$4.50 to \$5; stockers, good, \$4 to \$5; do, fair \$3.50 to \$4.25; milkers, springers, ch., \$75 to \$100; do, fair, \$40 to \$50; calves, ch., \$9 to \$11; do, med., \$6 to \$8.50; do, com., \$3.50 to \$4.50; lambs, choice ewes, \$12 to \$12.50; do, bucks, \$10 to \$10.50; do, culls, \$8 to \$9; sheep, light ewes, \$6.50 to \$7.25; do, culls, \$2 to \$4.50; hogs, fed and watered, \$10.10; do, f.o.b., \$9.50; do, country points, \$9.25; do, select, fed and watered, \$10.50; do, of cars, long haul, \$10.50.

MONTREAL.

Oats, CW, No. 2, 65 to 66c; do, CW, No. 3, 64 to 64 1/2c; extra No. 1 feed, 65c; do, No. 2 local white, 61 1/2c.
Flour, Man. spring wheat pats., firsts, \$7.90; do, seconds, \$7.40; do, strong bakers, \$7.70; do, winter pats., choice, \$7 to \$7.20. Rolled oats, bag 90 lbs., \$1.55 to \$2.75. Bran, \$29.25. Shorts, \$31.25. Middlings, \$37.25. Hay, No. 1, per ton, car lots, \$16.50 to \$17. Val calves, suckers, \$7 to \$8; do, pensers, \$3 to \$3.50; lambs, \$8.75 to \$10; sheep, \$3.50 to \$6; hogs, \$8.75 to \$9.50; do, better weights, \$10 to \$10.25; sows, \$6 to \$7.

LOCAL NEWS

ATHENS AND VICINITY

Mrs. M. E. Derbyshire has sold her house and lot on Henry street to Mrs. Clara Chant.

Miss Cora Gray, Brockville, has returned to Athens and reopened her millinery store on Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Taylor, of Brighton were the guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Town.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Brown have returned home from an enjoyable trip to Toronto, where they visited friends and took in the exhibition.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Ackland left on Monday for Ottawa to spend a week with the latter's brother, Mr. H. Taplin, and will also take in the fair.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Beach and Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Slack were guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Billings, near Brockville, Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Stevens were at Ivy Lea on Sunday last visiting their daughter, Mrs. W. Guild, and husband.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Baker, of Watertown, N. Y., have been visiting friends in Athens the past two weeks.

A carload of furnace coal, consigned to G. W. Beach, came to hand Saturday last and is being quickly disposed of about town.

Mrs. J. F. Harte, entertained on Tuesday afternoon, in honour of Miss Gladys Johnston, whose engagement has been announced.

Mrs. McConkey, who resides with her daughter, Mrs. J. Fry, Soperton, has purchased the residence of Mr. G. Charlton, Church street.

Rev. Glen Sherman, of Lanark, is enjoying a three weeks holiday and with Mrs. Sherman are guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hanna, Victoria street.

Mr. John Drummond, of Toledo, and niece, Miss Grace Drummond, R.N., of Winnipeg, were recent visitors in town in the home of the former's daughter, Mrs. C. F. Yates.

Mr. Harry Webster, of Charleston, has purchased the property on Church street, the home of the late Mrs. Alice Johnston. He is having the house repaired and put in first class shape.

A. E. Donovan, ex-M.P.P., Toronto, has been spending the past week in Athens supervising alterations and improvements he is having done to his newly acquired property, Elgin street.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Plumsteel, daughter, Miss Emma, and son Perry, of Clinton, Ont., have been spending the past week in town visiting relatives, guests of the Misses Wiltse, Church street.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Brown and daughter, Mrs. Deane, and children, of Watertown, N.Y., were recent visitors in town in the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Smith.

In a recent issue of the Ottawa Journal we notice an item that will prove of interest to many Athenians, of the bravery of Arthur Merrick, 12-year-old Boy Scout, of Regina, who effected a gallant rescue of a drowning lad from Wascana creek, near Government House, Regina, recently. Merrick is a son of Arthur T. Merrick, manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia. The latter is a former resident of Athens and graduate of the Athens High School, and nephew of Mrs. J. D. Johnston, Main street east.

The September meeting of the W. M. S. was held on the 7th inst. in the vestry of the Methodist church and proved interesting from start to finish. The second vice-president, Mrs. H. E. Warren, wife of the new pastor, was introduced to the society and warmly welcomed to a place on the executive. A pleasant surprise was the presentation of a life membership certificate to Mrs. Henry Hawkins, as a token of sterling qualities, the donors being Misses Sabra, Susan and Belle Wiltse. Mrs. Thos. Jeffrey, of Oak Leaf, was present and delighted all present by giving an appropriate recitation on "The Mite Box" in her usual capable manner. Preparations are in progress for celebrating in some way next April, the fortieth anniversary of the Athens W.M.S.

The following works have recently been added to the public library: "The Amateur Gentleman," Fernold; "The Strength of the Pines," Marshall; "Brand Blotters," Raine; "The Lost Lode," Hocking; "K," Rhinohorn; "The Furthestest Fury," Wells; "Targan and the Golden Lion," Burchough; "Gunsight Pass," Raine; "Pillayana Among the Orange Blossoms," Smith; "The Covered Wagon," "Mother of Gold," Hough; "The Red Rover," Luther; "So Big," Ferber; "The Laughing Plover," Erskine; "Pink Sugar," Douglas; "Slag and Gold," Moore; "The Swindler," Deak; "Treasure Valley," Keith; "Jack Miner and the Birds," Miner; "Wonders of the Past," vols. 1, 2, 3 and 4, Hammetton.

Miss Caroline LaRosa, superintendent of the hospital at Galt, has been spending the past week in town with Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Parish.

Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Kendrick, daughter Miss Rhena, and son Douglas, of Toronto, are enjoying an outing at their summer home at Charlestown Lake, and been in the village several times calling on many of their old friends, who are pleased to welcome them back once more.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gilroy and the Misses Gilroy and Miss Philips of Brockville were guests on Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Town.

Dr. and Mrs. Stevens, and children of Westport, spent over Sunday, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Scovill.

Mr. Alvin E. Judson, of Watertown, N. Y. spent his vacation here at the home of his parents Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Judson.

The Rev. V. O. and Mrs. Boyle, accompanied by Geoffrey Goodbody, spent Monday and Tuesday of this week at Ottawa Fair.

The Rev. V. O. and Mrs. Boyle left Friday morning by motor for two weeks vacation at Port Colborne, where Mr. Boyle will visit his mother, and at Toronto, where he will attend the Alumni Conference at Trinity College. There will be no services in Christ Church on Sunday, Sept. 14th and 21st, during his absence.

The following officers for the ensuing year of the W.C.T.U. have been elected: President, Mrs. G. W. Beach; 1st vice-president, Mrs. H. E. Cornell; 2nd vice-president, Mrs. J. H. Ackland; recording secretary, Mrs. S. L. Snowden; treasurer, Miss D. Klyne; corresponding secretary, Mrs. C. C. Slack. The September meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Beach, on Thursday, September 18th, at 3 p.m. It will take the form of a flower festival, when an interesting floral programme will be given. Any lady interested in temperance work will be made welcome.

Miss Gladys Johnston, the bride of the week was the 'raison d'être' of a delightful tea given at the Rectory on Saturday afternoon by Mrs. V. O. Boyle. The rooms were beautifully decorated with a profusion of gladioli and asters while a large grate fire and candles softly shaded added warmth and cheer to the beauty of the flowers and the hearty congratulations of a large number of friends. A shower of dainty handkerchiefs in various shades of the gladioli and concealed in a pretty sunshade, fell over the bride, when it was opened by Miss Muriel Fair. After the handkerchiefs were duly admired delicious refreshments were served. Mrs. J. F. Harte poured tea, those assisting were Mrs. S. C. A. Lamb, Miss Mabel Green, and Miss Muriel Fair. Among those entertained was Miss Caroline La Rose superintendent of the General Hospital, Galt.

The Churches

Athens Methodist Church
Rev. H. E. Warren, M.A., B.D., Pastor.
Sunday, Sept. 14th, 1924.
10.30 A.M. "Heroes and Cowards."
2.30 Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7.0 P.M. - A Platform Meeting, addressed by Mr. W. T. Rogers, Chairman of the County Plebiscite Committee of Brockville, and other speakers.
NOTE—Commencing next Sunday (14) the evening service will begin at 7 p.m. Special invitation to evening meeting.

Parish of Lansdowne Rear
Rev. V. O. Boyle, M.A., B.D., Rector
Fourteenth Sunday after Trinity
Christ Church Athens, —
8.00 a.m. No Service.
10.00 a.m. Sunday School.
7.30 p.m. No Service.
Trinity Church, Oak Leaf.
10.30 a.m. No Service.
St. Paul's Church, Delta.
1.30 p.m. Sunday School.
2.30 p.m. No Service.

Baptist Church
Rev. G. G. Epham, Pastor.
Athens, —
10.30 a.m. Sunday School.
7.00 p.m. Service.
Plum Hollow, —
9.30 a.m. Sunday School.
10.30 a.m. Service.
Toledo, —
2.30 p.m. Service.
Subject for Sunday, Sept. 14, "The Chains of Freedom."

LANSDOWNE YOUNG PEOPLE PRINCIPALS IN RECENT WEDDING

Miss Muriel McKay and William C. Webster.

NEWS OF THE DISTRICT

Camp Meeting at Eloida Attracts People From the District.

Lansdowne, Sept. 3.—A very pretty wedding took place on Monday morning at Lansdowne where Miss Muriel Agnes McKay, daughter of Nathan McKay, and William Collins Webster, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Webster, also of Lansdowne were united in matrimony by Rev. I. N. Beckstedt.

Byron Stringer has taken possession of the property that he recently purchased from J. H. Warren.

J. E. Burns and W. J. Danby left by motor on Sunday for Toronto.

Mrs. W. G. Johnston has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Raymond, Perth road.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael McDonald, Kingston, were visiting friends in Warburton on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Shields, who have been at their cottage at Ivy Lea for the summer months, moved all their household effects to Ottawa on Monday. Mr. Shields has purchased property there and is taking up residence in that city.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Bradley left to-day for a ten days' holiday in Toronto.

A large number from here attended the funeral of Mrs. Warren, Rockfield, on Sunday. The service was held in the Union church and was conducted by Rev. L. S. Throop, of Escott.

Mrs. William Danby and Mrs. Wesley Burns spent a few days in Montreal last week.

Mrs. Shaw and Miss Anna Shaw left by motor on Tuesday for Toronto.

Bishop's Mills

Bishop's Mills, Sept. 8.—Mr. and Mrs. James Salter, of Franktown, and Mrs. Lacke, of Richmond, were recent visitors at the home of Mrs. Watt.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Code, of Ottawa, were visitors at the Methodist parsonage recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Seymour Bradford, Ottawa, Mrs. Kelly, Miss Kelly, Alex. Kelly, of Meriville, were visitors on Wednesday at the home of Maurice Hart.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Orr and Mrs. J. Hillis, of North Augusta, were recent visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Dool.

Mr. and Mrs. Levi Robinson, Miss A. McLellan and Mrs. W. Johnston motored to Maynard on Thursday and were visitors at the home of Mrs. H. Throop. They were accompanied on their return by Miss L. McLellan who had been spending the past week in Maynard.

Rev. M. Lehigh and family, of Maberly, are visiting relatives here. Alfred Rander, of this village, was among the successful candidates at the lower school examinations.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Greer, Lansdowne, were visiting relatives here on Thursday.

J. S. Ferguson and family motored to Kingston on Tuesday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Bishop, Mrs. J. Wilson, of Ogdensburg, and Mr. and Mrs. O. Bishop, of Oxford Mills, were visitors here recently.

Mrs. Rowe and two daughters, formerly of Tweed, Ont., who have been camping here during the holidays, left on Monday for Ottawa where Mrs. Rowe is engaged teaching school.

H. Dussin, who has been a visitor at the Presbyterian manse for the past week, left on Thursday for his home in Montreal.

The regular meeting of the Women's Institute will be held at the home of Mrs. John Wilmer on Tuesday afternoon, September 16, at two o'clock.

E. Nettleton and Leslie Eaton, of Prescott, were here duck-hunting last week.

LYNDHURST

Lyndhurst, Sept. 2.—Mrs. Dial, of Ottawa, is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. F. R. Nixon.

Mr. and Mrs. John Fitzpatrick have returned to Brockville to reside.

A large number from the village attended the funeral of E. Nixon, of Seely's Bay.

Mr. Galbraith, of the Bank of Montreal staff, has returned from holidays.

School has re-opened with a full attendance.

Mrs. W. Webster and daughter, Miss Ruby, have returned from the West where they were the guests of Mrs. Webster's daughters during the holidays.

Miss Maggie Nolan, of Phillipsburg, is on professional duty at William Webster's.

The many friends of Mrs. J. R. Nixon regret to hear she is suffering from a severe attack of neuritis.

Mrs. T. A. Warren has gone to Montreal for a week's visit with her sons, John and Frank Warren.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Pettum will occupy Mrs. Rooney's house during the winter months.

ALCONQUIN SUNDAY SCHOOL PICNIC AT ST. LAWRENCE PARK

Methodist Children Had Most Enjoyable Day.

NEWS NOTES OF DISTRICT

Fall Wheat Reported to be a Good Crop in Frankville Section.

Alconquin, Sept. 1.—The Methodist Sunday school held its annual picnic at St. Lawrence Park, Brockville, on Wednesday last. All spent a very enjoyable day together.

Miss Sadie Connell is in Toronto attending the exhibition.

The members of the Women's Institute met at the home of Mrs. Frank Throop on Monday evening and spent the evening with her. Mrs. Throop has been an invalid for two or three years. It being her birthday, she received some beautiful bouquets of flowers. Mrs. Throop thanked the ladies for their kindness in coming and afterwards a very pleasant evening was brought to a close by singing "Auld Lang Syne."

A number from here attended the camp meeting at Lake Eloida on Sunday.

Mrs. Roy McClean and two children spent a few days in Mallorytown with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Lee.

Mrs. C. B. Handcock, of Prescott, was a recent guest of Mrs. G. E. Hornibrooke, before leaving for her future home in Montreal.

Miss Beatrice Crippen, of Utica, N.Y., is visiting at the home of I. Crippen.

Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Crippen and children, of Utica, N.Y., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Hornibrooke on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Orr and son, Stewart, and Mr. Barr, of Providence, Mass., were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. I. Crippen recently.

School re-opened on Tuesday with Miss Conlon, of Athens, as teacher for the coming year.

Soperton

Soperton, Sept. 9.—Mr. and Mrs. T. White and family spent Sunday at Mr. Richards' home.

Miss Stevens, Athens, is employed by G. Sheridan.

Miss Goodbody and Hilda left last week for their home in Brockville.

Miss Greenham and Zella Greenham are attending continuation classes at Delta.

John Frye has entered Athens High School.

Miss Aleeda Greenham left this week to resume her position in a Hospital at Cleveland Ohio.

Miss Esma Davis has taken the Day School.

Our School opened with Miss M. Hollingsworth in charge.

Green and S. Latimer of Oakleaf are threshing here.

LYN-

Lyn, Aug. 30.—Mrs. Finley, of Toronto, is visiting her sister, Mrs. G. W. Judson.

Mrs. McLaren, Almonte, and Mrs. William Hall, Caintown, are spending a few days with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Barlow, Toronto, are on a two weeks' visit with the farmer's mother, Mrs. John Barlow.

On Thursday last Miss Laverty entertained a few friends to a sumptuous repast, after which a most enjoyable evening was spent.

Mrs. Buell, Mrs. John Jones and three children, who have been visiting friends in Calgary, have returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Laverty and son, spent a day in the village this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ladd are visiting relatives in New York state.

Dr. Frank Judson and Mrs. Billings motored to Toronto on Tuesday to attend the exhibition.

Riverdale

Riverdale, Aug. 28.—Rev. Mr. Merrick and daughter Mary, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lake, of Napanee, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Tooker, Point Pleasant, en route to Ottawa.

Miss Stewart, Potsdam, N.Y., is visiting relatives and friends here.

William Millar and Mrs. Millar, of Thompson, Georgia, and Miss Phillips and Miss Robinson, of West Virginia, motored all the way and were guests this week at the home of the former's brother, Alex. Millar.

Mrs. Baker, of Ellwell, Mich., visited friends at Point Pleasant this week.

Miss Turner, Ottawa, spent a couple of days here this week.

Mrs. Walter Lee is camping for a few days with Mrs. C. Gray at Point Pleasant.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Peacock and family, of Montreal, who have been camping in Walter Pattison's summer cottage, have returned home.

Rev. B. Lehigh and his sister, Mrs. McKenzie, had a pleasant motor trip over the week-end to Watertown to visit friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Milan, Toronto, and Mr. and Mrs. Finch, Emerson, Man., were callers in Riverdale recently.

Mrs. F. Pope and child are visiting in Ottawa this week.

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CAINTOWN

Caintown, Sept. 2.—A few from here attended the Camp meeting at Lake Eloida on Sunday last.

Mrs. Walsh, who has been visiting relatives and friends here, has returned to her home in Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. McDermott and children, from New York state, are at present visiting Mrs. McDermott's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Morrow.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Morris spent Sunday with the former's parents, at Glen Morris.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Dickey, Blain Dickey and Miss Shirley Dickey motored to Sherwood Springs on Sunday last.

Charles Pottinger and Miss Martha Pottinger spent Saturday night with friends in Brockville.

Wilfred Dickey spent one day last week in Brockville.

Miss May Spicer has returned to her home in Brockville after having spent a few days with her friend, Miss Shirley Dickey.

The school reopened to-day with Miss Vickery as teacher.

W. H. Powell, of Brockville, spent a day last week at his old home here.

Miss Nora Dowsley motored to Kingston on Saturday last, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. D. Williams and sons, Percy and Francis, also Mrs. Williams' mother, Mrs. Thomas Powell, of Es-

FAIRFIELD

Fairfield, Sept. 2.—Miss Gwen Greer returned last week from having visited friends at Carleton Place.

Miss Enid Manhard is visiting friends at Elgin.

Miss Inga Acheson is spending a few days with friends at Glen Elbe and Athens.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Flood, Miss Gladys and Lappan motored to Cheesboro and spent a day with J. Lappan.

School opened on Tuesday with Myrtle Kennedy, Easton's Corners, as teacher for the coming year.

The Women's Institute met on Thursday at the home of Mrs. C. Walker with 20 members present.

The following programme was well carried out: Reading, Mrs. C. Walker; instrumental music, Mrs. C. Keller; recitation, Mrs. R. W. Greer; a splendid showing of articles made from cotton bags, consisting of aprons, pillow cases, camisoles, tray cloths, table covers, curtains, undershirts, blouse and quilt. The next meeting will be held at Mrs. Roy Earle's. Response to the roll call will be by a cure for a cold or burn.

J. L. Murray, B.A., Maynard, recently returned from the Holy Land, occupied the pulpit in the Presbyterian church on Sunday evening and gave a very interesting talk on his missionary work of the past three years on in Smyrna.