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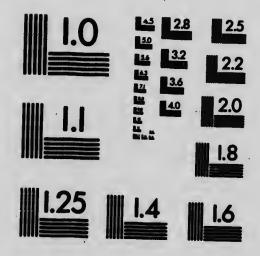
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THE VESTAL VIRGIN

A DRAMATIC POEM

BY

J. P. D. LLWYD



HALIFAX, N. S. 1920

P58523 L9 V47 To
the best of comrades
My Wife and Children;
My Son

who gave his life for the great cause

AND

My Friend CHARLES E. SHEPARD

This offspring of my leisure hours, chiefly written for them, is dedicated.

I

DRAMTAIS PERSONAE

Scene: Rome, in the early second century.

LEPIDUS: A Patrician of Rome.

HORACE: A Poet.

Lucio: A Roman Military Officer.

Oros: An Egyptian Priest.

THE PONTIFEX MAXIMUS.

CITIZENS.

TWO SLAVES.

CENTURION, CLERK, AND TEMPLE GUARDS.

NYSIA: Daughter of Lepidus.

LUCINA: Nurse to Nysia.

THE VIRGO MAXIMA.

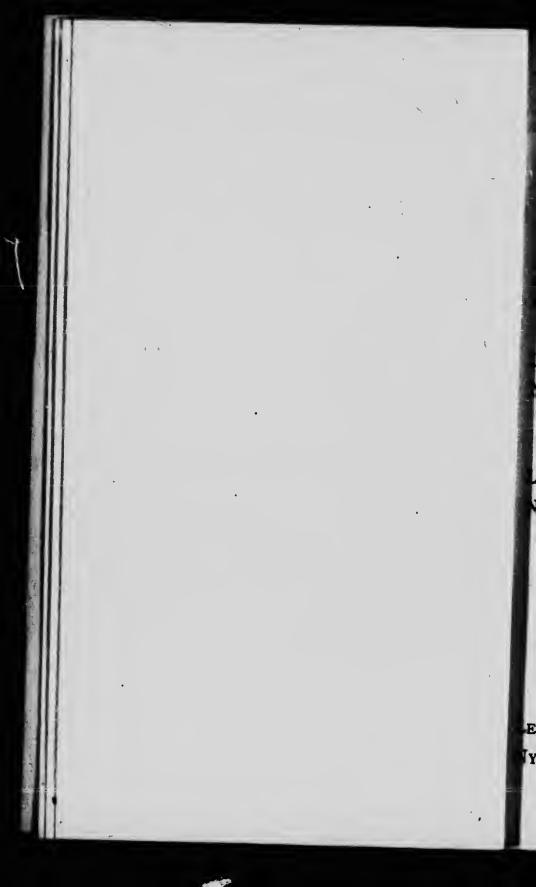
VESTAL VIRGINS.

WIDOW.

THE GRACES AND THE MUSES.

A ROUT OF MAENADS, SATYRS AND FAUNS.

VESTA THE GODDESS.



ACT ONE.

SCENE I.

A room in the interior of the mansion of the patrician Lepidus at Rome. The patrician and is daughter Nysia sitting, he in his chair, she at is feet.

LEPIDUS. Hast heard from Lucio, child?

1

Nysia.

Not yet, my lord.

Thrice hath great Dian climbed the azure sky,
Rolling her silver round from crescent unto orb,
Since last he brake the silence.

EPIDUS. It is strange.

Nysia. And yet my mind misgives me not, the bloom

On each last message is so sweet, the next Knocks like a suitor at my bosom's door, Or e'er my heart-beat from the first hath ceased. This campaign should subdue the Parthian princess

Razing her citadels and pledging prosperous war. His safety knows no danger if the kind gods List to the breath of maiden's nightly prayer. It is not strange.

EPIDUS. I would thy mother were alive tonight.

YSIA. My mother!

LEPIDUS. She was a paragon of virtue, Nysia!
Compact of all that best becomes Rome's matronhood,

Chaster than Lucrece, gracious as Brutus' Portia

A porcelain filled with essences divine.

Her sister being a Vestal, nought would please But the achieving of that high estate for thee, With all the honors budding forth from thence.

NYSIA. My destiny a Vestal's!

Two summers had scarce ripened in thy blood,
Thy gums but just the parent breast forsook,
(Filled with these laughing pearls) ere thou
wast laid

In Vesta's arms, her novice to become Mongst you bright crowd that tends the holy fire, Lest dire extinction overwhelm old Rome.

Nysia. This tidings stuns me with amazement, though

It matches well with certain pictures dim
That much of late have crossed my memory,—
Starting anew from childhood's corridors
Where Nature's cunning art had made and hung

them.

I tremble to hear more—how loosed you Vesta's bond?

How opened troth plight unto Lucio? Speak!

LEPIDUS. Twas sickness, child; whether thy weakness pined.

Pent up in those chill walls, sick with the want Of green fields and warm air and children's laughing games

I know not; only—thy novitiate still green— The Priestess brought thee, a mere waxen image, Back to thy mother's breast, which strangely filled again

With childhood's nutriment, and saved thy life.

Enter A SLAVE in Haste.

LAVE. Lucina, my lord, with tidings from Prince Lucio.

YSIA. Ah! my prince!

Enter LUCINA, panting and downcast.

Quick with thy news!

UCINA. Alas, lady, would that the goodness of my tidings

Might show as fair as does your eagerness!

YSIA. What's that?

UCINA. I come now from the priest Oros, who reports

The advent of a messenger from Greece; Who, on Rome's highway, journeying hither-ward.

Found at the roadside, a near dying man, Murdered by robbers, his poor body gashed With twenty scarlet stabs; his wallet rifled; Apparel, steed and housings, disappeared; Save one old cloak, the robber's charity To shield his nakedness. From this he drew A bloodstained writing, and with gasping breath Uttered two words—thy name and then the priest's—

And so fell back and died. The messenger Delivered it to Oros, and tis here.

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Nysia. (Snatches it from her hands, glances at Thou liest! (Swoons).

LUCINA.

Alas! would it were but

LEPIDUS. What would'st thou, woman, cease the puling tears!

Yield up thy message without more delays.

LUCINA. (Reads)

To the priest Oros from the General Lucio, greeting When this shall reach thee, know that time a place change all things. I did once affect Nystill my sight beheld a greater perfection. So whom I have conquered hath already overcome victor by her charms and shall be a wife with Lucio for her mate e'er this shall lie beneath the eyes. Thou wast Nysia's playfellow in you childhood, be to her that thou canst in my defective

LUCI LEPIDUS. Tis false, incredible, he could not do (Seizes the paper) His own hand-writing, he self same subscription!

The heavens are falling, sure the deep-la foundations

Whose bosom bears all confidence and piety Crumble beneath our feet, the solid earth Sinks from before us in this strange misfortun

LUCINA. My lord! My lord!

The blood of lustful youth, and brings old a In fell black wrinkles like the mummy, light him!

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Ye gods, ye great destroyers, who hate men, Infect his bones with all your lightnings, till In the dear topmost hour of their delight The power to joy shall vanish! What are these words!

Alas! my bird, I fear thy destiny speaks
O'er strong for our arrangements. That's the
cause!

Tis Vesta claims her own. What! Nysia, dost hear?

A greater fate than love has gripped thy life!
Twas pre-ordained that young heart should be torn
Asunder from its choice.

SIA. (Faintly) Tis true, I see my lot.

PIDUS. Wilt thou return to yon divinity;
Forget this light-o-love; tend the pure flame;
Passing chaste days in solemn hush and prayer;
Fulfilling that great dream of long ago?

I will.

Curtain Falls.

ACT ONE.

Scene II.—A Street Before the Temple.

Enter Two SLAVES.

FIRST SLAVE. A plague upon all augurs, say I There's never a true man in the tribe—a pack of canting snufflers the whole of 'em, pinching a bit of incense upon the very holy altar of the gods, and then pinching their noses at each other, forsooth. Two of the thieving rascal passed down the Via Claudia but this minute with the smell of sacrifice still hanging on their clothes, and—by the wolf-teat that suckled Remus,—one came near chuckling himself into a fever over joking with his fellow at the fat wittedness of the world. A plague upon all such false hearts, say I.

SECOND SLAVE. What! dost think that the gods do live?

FIRST SLAVE. Hast raised a hard question. This must be judged philosophically, and hast done well to propound it to me, for my master was once a philosopher. As for instance—if there be many—there will also be one—therefore the gods must be.

SECOND SLAVE. Thy reasoning may be good but thou hast a singular gift at wrapping it up in sugar-coated darkness.

RST SLAVE. I marvel that thou art so benighted in thy wisdom—hast ever seen a tree?

COND SLAVE. Aye.

rst Slave. Well, there thou hast it—is not a tree many and yet it is one. So there is one god to each country and yet many towns and farms and forests in the land. I do wonder that he can spread himself over so much ground.

COND SLAVE. I see.

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RST SLAVE. Thou wilt split thy wits if thou gazest too long at that thou seest. Wait until tomorrow and thou shalt see a sight rarer than the gods—a picture to make thy eyes run worse than an onion.

COND SLAVE. What meanest thou?

RST SLAVE. Why, the patrician Lepidus came to the temple today to make ready for the vowing of his daughter—a poor child white as a ghost—she trembled so my old heart went out to her with pity.

COND SLAVE. How comes she here?

RST SLAVE. Nay! I trow 'tis another of Cupid's castoffs. The priest Oros talked with the patrician in my hearing and I made out enough that the birdling's mate had given her the goby—a gift to Vesta of the leavings of Venus, forsooth!

cond Slave. Thou hadst better clip thy glib tongue lest thou lose it altogether speaking thus loosely of the gods.

FIRST SLAVE. The gods, bah! I do but speak according to their divinity-my tongue is ruled by the interest of their actions. It grieves me to see you poor white lamb a victim to their fancy wills.

SECOND SLAVE. Hast been to Egypt for thy scoffing, I fear. To work, here comes the priest.

Enter OROS.

How now, you lazy knaves, get you to your labor. The sun dips low and still the preparations lag. Know you not tomorrow is a solemn festival?

Exeunt SLAVES.

OROS. The fires of love consume me; not Prometheus with the vulture preying upon his vitals endured such torments; sleeping and waking Nysia's image haunts me till every several sense cries after her. Some say love purifies, but that's mere babbling. I must have her. Existence is but the fever of possession, and what signifies the will that cannot triumph over obstacles. I have poisoned her mind 'gainst Lucio-that's the first step-the second is to make her Vestal and so fix adamantine bars 'twixt her and him. Then when leisure and opportunity agree I will find time and place to woo her or compel her despite her vows. 'Tis but the fulfilment of our childhood's comradeship, so sweet and dear 'till his unlawful stealth broke in and rifled my treasure from its casket. In yonder temple where the world's shut out must not her tender soul claim its old playmate? It must and shall. Whate'er the hazard, she is mine.

Exit

ACT ONE.

SCENE III.

CENE III.—Interior of the House of Lepidus, Room of Nysia.

There is a colonnade back and broad steps leading up to it. Archway in the centre. Doors left and right. (Left is used by Nysia.) A shrine built in a niche between centre door and right under a painted serpent represented as about to take offerings from a round altar. In front is a square altar for domestic worship.

Enter NYSIA.

YSIA. It must be true—Lucina loves me well; Too well to harrow up my heart with lies: And yet—I know not—he too loved me well Whose perfidy has plunged me in this woe. If he is false then let all evidence. All tales that claim conviction be but myths, Such as the nursery babbles to our babes. On that last eve his arms around me made Love's guardian circlet, while my ravished ear Drank in such murmurs ardent and aflame With passionate worship that each several sense Thrilled to his speech like air to eloquence. He seemed a man of fire, but yet a fire Tempered with holiest gentleness and respect. "The soldier's duty to his Emperor, His oath and country, reave me from thy side;

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But neither space nor the alarms of horrid was Have power to part my constant heart from the At each morn's dayspring—listen sweet, Let thy soul listen while thy lover pays His orisons in humble reverence at thy shrine-Each hour that strikes shall waft a new perfum Blent of love's odours to thy presence dear, And night herself, drear separation's queen, Shall speed me to thee on swift wings of dreams. It cannot be! Alas, it must and can! It is too late—e'en now the temple waits To be my bosom's tomb, the last last tomb Irrevocable of my love, Lucio, for thee. (Sink down on cough).

Enter LUCINA,

Lucina, oh what hast thou done to me?

LUCINA. What! weep'st thou, little one, thousand'st have seen

That which but now hath fallen upon mine eyes
The sights and sounds Vesta hath planned for
thee.

The holy place, whose pavement is reserved For steps as pure as thine, and in whose bower Eyes bleared like these must shield their lawless gaze,—

Snowy with lilies, midst whose innocent stalks. The ram for sacrifice stands with a fleece as spotless

As, dipped therein, would turn old Tiber clean.

Nay, shed no tears my soul, thou'lt be a bride anon

With braver pageant than could wed a queen.

Nysia. A bride alas, without a bridegroom's clasp! Why woman, what dost think me? Some cold stone

That breathes not, feels not, pedestalled for aye! Without warm blood, or human anything That quickens at the kiss of lover's lips. Pygmalion's model lacking woman's breath! I love, Lucina, and I long to feel The blessed twining of accepted arms And the quick heart-leap of mine own to mine. What means to me the pomp of Dian's shrine With Lucio false, 'tis death, ah me, 'tis death! The garlands mock me—the ram's a satyr vile— The robes my shroud—the temple cell my grave— All hangings gay—cerements of wintry death. Lucina goes to her comforting her. As they turn Lepidus and Horace enter; they meet. gazes fixedly at Nysia, pauses on steps, then speaks.

HORACE. Thou canst not suffer it! It is a crime-A treason 'gainst all duty and philosophy To pen a maidenhood so warm and fair, So exquisite in fashion, and so ripe in mind, Deep in those prison walls away from sight. All wisdom, all affection as from parent unto child

With whatsoever graces of respect E'en a sire's sovereignty owes to sculptured limbs.

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And beauties chiselled in so delicate wise
(As if Apollo's self had mixed in her begetting)
Their voices all commingle in one cry
Of horror 'gainst so wicked a privation.
I have a vase, of right Pompeian tint,
Graceful in workmanship as in design,
Mirror of iris and of heavenliest dawn,
Rome's crystal miracle, the people's wonder;
Should that soft lustre in a cavern lie
Where never eye might see it nor the mind
Be gladdened by its glancings? Must the chill
death

That lurks in yonder marble prey on our young

Mating his fleshless bones with bosoms warm with sighs,

His icy clasp in horrid nuptials with red lips And sighs of love, and eyes sparkling with flames

Lit from the altar-fires of innocence?—

LEPIDUS. Peace, Roman poet, thou canst write an ode,

But not defend a daughter, nor
A father's pride—an old patrician's pride.
The scoundrel traitor to deceive my girl!
Oros speaks true, his heart's as black as hell,
To woo my child with speeches, and then sink
Into the false embrace of barbarous arms
Although a queen's—let the clear rites proceed!
Like Virgil's daughter or famed Memnon's
Nysia's fate

Demands her as a sacrifice to wounded pride.

ACT TWO.

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SCENE I.

PLACE—The Temple of Vesia.

A flourish of trumpets. Temple Guards, then Oros, then procession of Vestal Virgins robed in white; followed by slaves bearing image and shrine of the goddess, then more virgins leading ram for sacrifice, then high priestess leading Nysia.

CHORUS OF THE VESTALS.

In maiden innocence
And virgin youth,
In vowed intelligence
And plighted truth,
To Vesta's shrine we come,
To her high home
Of tranquil peace divine—
Of peace and love divine—
Her Vestals dear we come.

Hence all ye lower joys,
Delights of sense;
All Cupid's transports,
Bacchus' revels, hence!
The goddess of the bow and quiver,
From whose argent brows a river
Flows of dusky hair—
A night of dusky hair—
Charms you satyrs hence.

Lucina bids us bring
This offering meet,
A flower of purest spring,
To her unspotted feet.
Neath the magic of her crescent—
Emblem of her power all-present—
Power o'er moon and stars
The reverent silver stars—
To lay this treasure sweet.

PONTIFEX MAXIMUS. People of Rome and lovers the State

Whose mighty bosom cradles half a world, I bid you to no common festival Such as unbridles all the revel rout That makes night hideous with noise and win High thoughts befit this pageant of high deed Whoso still breathes the spirit of our sires—Of Numa and the founders of our laws—Will find this day its own best orator, The secret of its mystery to impart. Not in its legions stands a nation's power, Nor wide domains, nor victories steeped in blood But in the radiance of those altar-fires Twinkling like stars upon ten thousand hearth Whose holy place is Roman homes; their in cense, love;

And their high priest, the babe in mother's arm Whose 'leavenly patroness, above with smi serene

Approving, sits, the object of our vows, Our mild defender, Vesta, goddess-queen!

ITIZENS. All hail, great Vesta, Rome's protectress, hail!

These powers domestic find their em-ONTIFEX. blems high

By Vesta's knees and mongst her maidens pure; And all that speaks chaste love—the loyal heart, The yielding arms, and tender sigh of wedlock's chivalry.

Dreams in the ritual of this sacred flame.

To watch its burning the Eternal City brings

An offering of its richest, a young bird

Whose brooding wing shall fan the flame to life.

ITIZENS. All hail, great Vesta, Rome's protectress, hail!

ONTIFEX. Bring forth the maid who dedicates herself

In this dread ceremony.

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igh Priestess advances leading Nysia by the hand.

IGH PRIESTESS. This is the maid.

ONTIFEX. Comes she self-offered?

IGH PRIESTESS. Ay, my good lord. And in this offering does fulfil the pledge Whose sunrise shone within her childhood's face; Sickness to death postponed that novitiate Which now her ripened strength aspires to keep.

ONTIFEX. From the far past this order doth inherit

Laws and observances inviolate, on whose hinge The safety of our State and households doth depend.

How stands she toward them? HIGH PRIESTESS

The echo,—or to the bird, its down;
A perfect fit, a correspondence rare.

The threshold suits not to the door more true. Than is she mated to prescribed condition. Her parents willing, her escutcheon pure, Of free ancestry and unblemished form,

Immaculate comes she to th' immaculate shrin (Pontifex steps down from the throne and lays hand upon Nysia's head.)

Pontifex. I receive thee, Nysia, as priestess Vesta, to perform whatever sacred offices may be right for a priestess of Vesta, of perfequalifications, to perform on behalf of the Roman people of the Quirites. (He then take her by the hand and seats her upon a stone place toward the south of the temple. Veiling his has in the manner of an augur he takes his seat on he left, holding in his right hand a staff, without knot and curved at the end, called a lituus. Point ing this towards the altar, then towards the shring of the goddess, then circle-wise around the interior he prays to the gods.)

INVOCATION.

From all the gods on 'Lyman's crownéd steep Virtue and effluence on this shrine descend!

May Saturn's race

Celestial life and grace

Distil like dew, till in our spirits deep,

Apollo's light, Jove's power, Minerva's calshall blend.

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(The Pontifex then transfers his staff to his left hand, and placing his right upon the head of Nysia, offers the following prayer to Vesta.)

Now, mighty queen, thy secret will reveal; Mortal ambition thence dares no appeal; Omens august we ask on bended knee; Attest our offering by thy dread decree.

(Silence follows, in the midst of which a white dove flutters down upon the head of Nysia.)

And stamps assurance on the gift she loves.

NTIFEX. 'Tis even so. Heaven hath declared its will:

This offered life is sealed by powers Divine. Now let the maid the holy raiment don,

That marks the priestess: let those tresses fair Whose wavy fleece disports its gold around her neck.

Feel the keen knife, and with solemnity On yonder sacred bough be hung, as is our wont. Rich fruit to spring from such a blackened stem.

Nysia is taken into the temple and robed in the white apparel of a Vestal. Her hair is cut off with the sacred shears and on her reentrance into the atrium a tress is laid upon the sacred branch near the Pontifex. Meanwhile the Vestals sing:

SONG.

Thou hast girt on thine armour our sister and friend
The jewels of Latium to guard and defend;

In the dew of thy Maytime while fancy is free Thy young heart was bound to great Heaven' decree.

Through thy soul's deepest depth rang ou deity's call,

To devote to her service thy life and thy all From childhood she varied thee and fashione thee fair

Then drew to her temple thy innocence rare

We hail thee, our sister, our comrade, our friend Her altar and hearth-fire in honor to tend; From treason, from faithlessness, Vesta, we pray

To secure the high vow thou hast taken today

Exit Pontifex Maximus and train with Solem Ceremony.

HIGH PRIESTESS. It is our custom at the close of our ceremonies to admit all suppliants who may have request to make of a new Vestal Proclaim, centurion, that such have leave to enter.

CENTURION. The highest Vestal bids me proclaim that all petitioners and suppliants have leave and grace now to enter and declare their grief

Enter A Woman in widow's weeds and weeping Addresses the high Priestess.

WIDOW. Most gracious lady—

HIGH PRIESTESS. Nay, speak not unto me—there is the arbiter of fate for thee. (pointing to Nysia.)

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But she a maid too young for sorrow's tooth.

(To Nysia) Oh, that thou wert a mother, I would rend

Thy heart with the sharp dagger of my woe, And make thee die for feeling of my grief Within thy breast, throbbing like eating fire.

NTURION. Woman, whate'er your pain, it is not meet

You use such speeches to a holy maid.

SIA. Nay, let her speak. Her soul is all distraught.

A boy who was my all. Perchance I loved His lissom form too well and the gods envied me My bliss in him and his delight in me. Twas April-time with him—the down was young Upon his ruddy cheek. He snared a fawn To be his mother's pet—it was a little crime—But the stern judges sentenced him to death: By horses to be torn asunder in the games! And if he die 'twill be my death I know For life has left no being save in him.

I pray thee, priestess, give me back my son!

(To centurion) When must he suffer?

The circus opens by the will of Caesar.

SIA. Dry up thy tears, sad mother, happy in thy son

Amidst thy pain; one who may never know Either thy misery or thy happiness Will plead for thee with Caesar.

Widow. Now all the gods pour out within thy can A richer joy than mine, unpoisoned by my we

Exeunt WOMAN.

Enter LUCIO—disguised as a peasant. Nystarts on seeing him.

LUCIO. Justice, most holy virgin, justice
Against some friend whose name were have
fiend,

Who under mask of vows and protestations
Did by a slander black as his black heart
Dissolve the troth plight twixt a man and ma
Two souls in faith and honor dearly bound
As Juno unto Jove.

(Aside) Tis she—and life for: Has run its course, save that I find Whose hellish treachery has come between And then for a revenge to shake the wor

Nysia. A man! a maid! a treacherous friend! W that shoots lightning through my heart. If were Lucio and true.

(Swoons)

HIGH PRIESTESS. People away, the rack of the event,
With comprehension of such novel power,
Hath been too much for untried nerves to be Forsake the temple—(To Virgins) Bear her her cell.

ACT THREE.

Scene I .- The Garden of the Temple of Vesta.

Enter LUCIO, climbing over the wall.

A desperate man pursues a hopeless quest, A marsh-lure of the shaking bog of death, A fairy ship to some enchanted isle Strewn with a thousand dead men's bones. And I am desperate with such a grief As burns worse than a fever in my soul. 'Tis death to be found here! death to live elsewhere!

Whate'er my state, where'er my foot shall stand I have no life without her! Ah! alas! That damnéd practice should have parted thus Two trees that grew together as one stem. But who comes here? Lucina? Let me hide! Lucina walking in the near distance.

CINA. I know not how to content the poor chuck Or how hunt roses back to her pale cheeks. Nothing will medicine that fixed despair That stony melancholy whose yellow frost Holds every sense in immobility. I never saw such sorrow. What I did Was for her good but would 'twere all undone!

CIO. (Appearing) Then it was thou! I had not thought of thee!

Thou monster garbed as woman, whose chief joy

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Is to break hearts—to put eternal bars
'Twixt those whose ties were holy vows eternal bars
Why thou old hag, what mischief hast the wrought!

Thy witchcraft was it that did spell her mine. But that thou wear'st the shape of woman's se (Although I'm sure thou art not made like he. I'd summon demons from the darkest Styx To plague thee, ere my dagger end thy work!

LUCINA. The gods forgive!

Lucio. Could not thy fell and hateful mind
Brew incantations 'gainst some wanton dire,
Some walker of the camp that fawns on purit
In hope to make her foulness white by contact
But that thou must thy philtres mix from hell
To poison innocence and snow-white thought
abuse?

From my suggestion—but what then of thee,
Thou light o' love, of all men most untrue,
Who break'st a jewel as 'twere so much glass,
And feel'st no deeper than a shadow lies?

Lucio. What mean'st thou, woman?

LUCINA. She trusted thee as doth the dove its mate Her faith was thine past bounds of space or fear When thou wast gone, thou didst not go alone Her soul went with thee, and would all day lon Weave pretty fancies of thy absent doings, As, "Now he decks himself in steel", and, "There he leads the van and thinks of me," and often times

From the purest bosom ever love enshrined Would flutter bird-like prayers to the good gods For thy protection. Then thy letters failed, And then the news—

LUCIO. The news! What news! Speak, woman, quick—

A flood of fears o'erwhelms me!

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UCINA. The news! What news? Why look you, this is wit!

This speaks the humour of thy barbarous queen Preferred to Nysia—

Hast bitten of the weed that clouds the mind And in the brain plays leap-frog?

UCINA. Why, here's a coil! Tarquin repents, and Nero,

All bloody with his slaughters, hopes the prayers Of grisly victims whose pale phantoms haunt him!

Here, then, since thou wilt hear thy abominable deed

From other tongue, listen and see thyself!
Thou wooed'st and won her; then when gallant
Mars

Called for thy sword, did'st leave thy bird to pine;

Though she was happy 'twixt remembrance fond And fonder hopes—till all her airy castles

Crashed to the earth when Oros brought the word

Of thy rank perfidy with the Parthian queen, And drove her into Vesta's cold embrace.

Lucio. Oros! alas I see! He loved her and devise This plot to blacken me in her fair eyes; The cruel, cunning demon! Woman, hear m speak.

Those letters breathing falseness were not min Never did stylus grave such messages By hand of mine, or let my fingers rot And my brain too, beneath the deepest curse That Phlegethon exhales; bear witness, heave I am as true to Nysia as when first I wooed he As free and spotless from all blushful arms As she or any deity she serves.

I love her and have always loved her, yes, an

shall

Until this compound of weird flesh and fire, Quenched and dissolved, sink into dreamle night.

LUCINA. Can this be so? Such oaths bring fearth guilt Save for the guiltless!

LUCIO.

Ay, woman, it is st

LUCINA. Then where is Nysia? Let me fetch he here Swift as the feet of Mercury himself.

Lucio. Thou canst not, woman—'tis beyond the power:

The world conspires 'gainst hands that touc a Vestal:

For her there's nought but mourning—such a comes

In tender hearts when love's march ceases neve

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From pacing the blind alley of despair. As for me—

But that's not to be spoke in words. Go to her, nurse,

Thou must be husband, mother, sister—all. Ah! happy care

To me denied! If there be fates that sport with human hearts

Mocking like fiends our helpless, writhing torment,

As Nero with his torches—then be their recompense our curse!

CINA. Oh madman, stop! What would'st thou say?

I go to find thy Nysia, and if chance afford To bring her to thee.

Nay, I have no hope.

Exeunt.

ACT THREE.

Scene II.—Another Part of the Gardens of the Ten of Vesta.

Enter THE THREE GRACES AND THE NINE MUSSONG.

Tread lightly, sister Graces,
And you, ye Muses nine,
Chill Vesta's sacred places
Where virgin mortals pine.
These bowers have banished beauty,
No love may soil this shrine,
Where vows of aught but duty
Meet penalty condign.
Whence Cupid's bow and Venus' smile
For ever banished keep a far exile.

But breathe a gentle blessing
O'er star-crossed lovers here
In anguish keen professing
A luckless flame sincere.
Their star of hope is setting
In black eclipse and drear,
The chain of fate is fretting
Each aspiration dear.
And Cupid's shaft and Venus' smile
In tears are passing to remote exile.

Enter a rout of MAENADS, SATYRS, FAUNS, E

They dance and sing.

SONG

live by the day when the day is gay e Tended the roses laugh in the summer sun; e birds and the bees make our minstrelsies, dance out their song till the light is done. -Ha, Ha-Ha, good children of Pan, dance as long as dance we can we follow, we follow, through dell and through hollow

e jolly god, winebibbing, goat-footed Pan.

Mu

th frolicsome shout the forest about chase each nymph as she turns to flee, I some greenwood grot hides her pantings hot, d she shrieks at our frenzied glee. - a, Ha-Ha, we're children of Pan, e jolly god, winebibbing, goat-footed Pan. follow, we follow, through dell and through

hollow e god of the grapes and the garland, great Pan.

hoso wander as lovers near our leafy covers, e ring them around with a giddy maze I they feel the trance of our maddening dance d their senses reel along deadly ways. -Ha, Ha-Ha, to our father Pan, 'll sing a rouse and we'll drink a carouse, I the wild beasts gaze at our reckless praise the jolly god, winebibbing, goat-footed Pan.

Enter VESTA. Frowning, she waves her wand.

Rout slowly vanishes. Vesta remains standing. Enter Christ, bearing his Cross. Vesta gazes scornfull; at first, then changes, kneels, and vanishes. Lucio seen, stealing along the glade under screen of the forest.

CHANT OF THE MUSES AND GRACES.

When Apollo, the artist of all things, began To fashion a world for the dwelling of man, He took of our spirit

So Nature might share it,

And down midst the surges of primitive strife, He planted it deep in the fountains of life.

From Clio's gay lips the rose tint he had caugh Into the blood of the tulip was wrought.

That heavenly azure,

The sky's sweetest treasure, Was stolen one dawning from Aglaia's eyes Ere the light-flash could herald the first sunrise.

At the nightingale's birth he set her song To the melody flowing our souls among;

Terpsichore's feet

Lent their rhythmic beat To the wavelet's laughter on sunshine seas, And the thistle-down's dance on the flying breeze

Then the mighty Artificer smiled and said, The crown of this love-deed shall be a maid;

A goddess divine,

From creation's wine And the flowers distilled; while her motions fre Of the Muses sing, and the Graces Three.

HYMN TO APOLLO.

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hild of the sun,
hose chariot is the day,
Il Glorious One,
ad in the Lightning's ray;
Thee, Apollo, be our song outpoured,
f earth and heaven, triumphant sovereign Lord.

hy silver bow
readful with life and death,
lortals below
evere with trembling breath.
hy flooding shower of radiant arrows bright
raws shouts of praise from all, thou god of light.

ut greater far
hen e'en thy blissful lute;
han noontide's car
r Delphi's magic fruit,
he benediction falling from thy breast
n Vesta's dazzling brows, and temple blest.

Exeunt all except Lucio.

LUCIO.

These songs have shot a fever through my veins That weakens honor, melts the heart to passion, And sets the nobler self beneath the heel of impulse:

This is music's witchcraft, with strange spells to shape

The wavering mind to evil or to good; A bugle-blast can make the coward brave,

A satyr's ballad-kill cold honesty. I must await her here—I cannot bear If she be long arriving! Will she come? Will Vestal reverence shut the door on love? Perchance espial limes those fairy feet That I would kiss, or household rules unknown Will keep her caged, like creatures of rich hue Brought by some sailor from the Chersonese As gifts unto his mistress: then let all the god Who give success to desperate enterprise By men more desperate still attempted far Stand on my side, for if she come not, Whate'er the hazard, even life itself With tortures, burnings, woes unspeakable, I'll scale those white walls for a sight of her, And count all anguish, peace.

In the distance Nysia approaches fearfully leaning on Lucina. Behind Oros stealing unperceived.

What's that A fluttering garment or a leaf that stirred With the wind's breath! It is a leaf, But from the tree of life blown by the breath the heaven!

'Tis Nysia—now, ye woodland gods away! Hence, all ye pale sprites of the tree and stream Ye starry sparks, and thou cold Dian's orb; A loveller light beams from this maidenhood Clinging, all trembling, to her soldier's arms.

They embrace.

Now, powers, I thank for this, though 'twenthe last.

I am terribly afraid. SIA.

And wherefore, sweet? CIO.

Wherefore? I am a Vestal! ah, that fate-SIA. ful word

Whose flaming sword bars us from Paradise! The world's a mockery to me-a monstrous

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That lays the starving child's lips to the breast In sport malignant, only to withdraw it.

I loved, yes, love thee still, my Lucio-

But bootlessly. Dost thou remember how as boy and girl,

Our one companion a Nubian slave,

We sported hand in hand among these hills, Gazing with awe upon their hoary fanes,

The ruins of Rome that was, foundations of Rome to be:

Blowing our innocent bubble prophecies

That thou should'st fight for Rome and me thy wife?

Thou didst pick up an old wrecked helmet once, Perchance a relic of far Sabine days,

Battered, and green with rust; and with a sword Fashioned from lath, didst strut and rage around

Shaking thy head and stamping, flinging forth mannish dares,

That I did fear and think there never was so wonderful

A hero as my child-lover. But all that is changed:

Our sweethearting is past like a blown flower. We stand in mortal peril: if 'twere known That Vesta's maiden out of sacred bonds Gave love an audience, dungeons are none Of depth and blackness meet to sink her heat The monitor within my soul finds slight excus for me,

Lucina's story and thy misery have lured m

Lucio. Angel of tenderness and truth!

Nysia. I do not know myself
I came to upbraid thee, but the sight of thee
Has so o'ercome me, I am quite dissolved in low
And spare reproach—

That poured its venom in those gentle veins Branching in azure from a gentler heart. My life is crushed: thou knowest I was true: I could not be aught else; the conquered Parthia Found me austere—an iceberg to her hope. A virtue more than Roman dwells within me, Thy radiant face is my heart's sentinel. But I must meet him—meet that villain pris Whose holocaust of truth and honor to his god Works such undoing. Nysia, fly with me!

Nysia. (Shakes her head mournfully) Fly with thee, Lucio! Thou'rt indeed distraught!

Lucio. Yes, fly with me! There are barbaria lands

Hidden 'neath Afric's sun or Asia's snows, Where Roman eagles never wing their way.

There are grand forests where the pigmy dwells, To the far southward, mixed with rolling plains And sapphire lakes, o'erhung with rarest bowers Of wild rose and soft moss, bowers where the ocean's breath

Is ever fragrant, and no wedded hearts

Need fear the thrilling bugle-call of war—

YSIA interrupts. Oh no! it cannot be!

Shut out the rapturous dream—it cannot be!

UCIO. Where morning is the eye of happy work,

And eventide the ease of hard fatigue.

YSIA. Ah! tempt me not—alas, I am but woman!

UCIO. And therefore planned for love!

YSIA. Nay more, for honor!

UCIO. For honor, yes, but there's no honor dwells
In fanning altar fires to dying gods—
To gods and goddesses of man's own making.

YSIA (recoiling) Of what?

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No more than does the marble that enshrines them!

Mere phantoms born of sculptor's fantasies; As unsubstantial as you wreath of creeping mist That comes and perishes.

YSIA preparing to flee. Lucina, this is blasphemy, Lucio is mad:

Let us begone, he is beside himself! Love's magic philter

Has crazed the best brain that e'er held t seeds of thought:

Lucio. Not mad, beloved, but sane as reason's see Freed by the light from darkness and from fee Oh! Nysia, in that Parthian land afar A new light did indeed break on my soul, That taught me all these vestal vows were win Since made to beings who are nothing! "Your Roman gods cower with blanching far Before a new King's advent. Lo! the Christ So spake the greybeard seer with the strangeyes,

Near the Euphrates! Sweetheart, mistake

not!

I am not yet a Christian, but I would be.

Nysia. My vows are nothing because made nothing!

And thou almost a follower of that fanatic ser. This makes the brain reel and the senses number of the air is thick with shadows of black fate.

LUCIO supports her. Be brave, my sweet one, vor can never bind

Save as fixed firm upon the rock of truth; the

Was Oros' treason—the priest's scarlet lie— Thy heart and spirit always were with min Thy lips at Vesta's altar were no more Than a mere reed to pipe forth his false voice

LUCINA. Tis time ye parted; e'en this instant i

Methought I heard a rustling, and descri-

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A dark form stealing like a spy, whose lineaments

Seen through the gloom did dimly shadow forth

Those of perfidious Oros;—

Ah! then we are observed!

And if observéd, lost! Flee, Lucio, my beloved!

The fates o'erpower us—e'en thine own new God

Will not work miracles to ward away

The consequence that waits upon the act;—

Bid me farewell and go! Farewell, farewell for ever.

Will I await thee, ready for escape;
That which thou callest fate bows every day
To firm resolve achieved by ready hand;
Treason rides high, but breaks across the fence
Of a strong soul opposed; my flight with thee
Is neither sin nor sacrilege, but rescue—
Rescue of innocence from practice foul,
By stratagems from Tartarus made success—
Rescue for honor's sake no less than passion
To thwart calamity and set up justice.
Tomorrow midnight will I wait thee there!
Now all just Gods look on and prosper justice!

They embrace and separate. Oros comes forth from his hiding-place:

DROS. A faithless Vestal—and a Roman General, the betrayer of such an one against her oath to heaven and the people—that shall make good matter for the Pontiff. 'Twas pretty arguing—to reason one into breaking a vow or principle

and so to gain one's wish. Faith, I was almo myself a convert: yes, quite a convert, for when may not the selfsame sophistry plead later my behalf. If their heart's vow may overrid a Vestal's, why then not mine—Quintilian logic could carry it no further! But, oh! the power of a little dissimulation. Hypocris be thou my deity! Thou art the ruler of the world; the juggler of consciences; the consciences founder of beliefs; the spirit of cross-eye vision, to whom black is white and white black; the comedian who kills virtue by turning it into laughter, and whose cunning is mo deadly with the innocent in their ignorance I know myself a hypocrite, and work as such but these two lambs are snared therein w awares. Deliver me from such deceiving myself-it makes the greatest mischief of the world. Our worst harms are not deliberate but stumbled into. I would meet my punish ment with eyes open to my guilt. Now to the high priestess with the word of their meeting place. Then let chance work. It shall hard but from this swirl of circumstance cleve ness plucks the prize.

Exit.

ACT THREE.

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ENE III.—Part of the Temple Gardens near the Claudian gate. Midnight. Lucio in the background. In the distance hidden, the forms of the Virgo Maxima, Oros, and a detachment of the temple guards.

ucio. The night is soft with summer; yon faint arch

Of mystic silver heralds the moonrise; And all the air is spicéd with rich breath From shrubs and flowers unnumbered; as if earth

A mighty mother conscious of her children
Sent forth her soul in sympathy with lovers:
It is a night for all high things to prosper—
A night when faith soars higher, and the creed
Of Pagan gods gives place to noble dreams:
A night for hearts to cleave in tenderness,
But more for hearts to spill with sacrifice.
I cannot hold a base thought in this hour—
If from the dungeons of the mind the rabble
crew—

Held captive in the chainéd, sooty dark—Should break to perilous freedom, yet the charm Of this night's magic, and of Nysia's face Would drive them smitten with strange pain to duress—

Like wild beasts skulking to their dens at dawn. But soft, now comes the top of life for me! She comes in raiment like her maidenhood,

Not in a Vestal's, hurrying through the gloom Princess of love and of the night and me; Methinks her light step keeps a rhythmic put. With the world's heart-beat as it does with min

Enter Nysia dressed as a Roman maiden, accompaided by Lucina.

While she is speaking the guards silently surrous them.

Nysia. I come, beloved, though with a heavy hear Fearful of doom and presaging disaster, But leaning on thy greater mind, I come. Now let the speed of light be ours Let us not rest, nor eat, nor drink, nor sleep, Till first our eyes have feasted on the land Which thou didst speak of, o'er the sapphire sa (Virgo Maxima steps forward)

VIRGO MAXIMA. Forbear!

NYSIA (Screams) Lucio, we are lost!

Lucio. Surrounded!

And by a force too powerful to gainsay.

VIRGO MAXIMA. I claim this maiden for a Vesta loose thy hands,

Accurst blasphemer of Rome's holiest rite! Guards, seize them quick and bear them their cells

The Pontiff must be warned of such a crime, And sentence give of horrid penalty.

(Guards seize them and lead them away)

Exeunt.
END OF ACT THREE.

ACT FOUR.

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SCENE I.

The Basilica Julia in the Forum. A flourish of trumpets in the distance. Enter men with torches. Citizens swarm in, then procession. The Temple guards in armor—the Vestals with the Virgo Maxima at their head—the civic officials—the officials of the Empire—the Imperial guards in full armor—then guards escorting Nysia and Lucio. The Emperor as Summus Pontifex robed in magnificent apparel. Acclamation. Flourish of trumpets.

Enter A HERALD and sounds a call.

In the name of the most august Caesar, ruler of ne world, emperor of the Romans, dispenser of astice to the nations of the earth, there is here prolaimed a court of judgment for the trial of all offences gainst the State. Let those who seek justice and hose who answer, alike stand forth and make their lea.

Clerk steps forth, bows low to the Pontifex, and begins to read the indictment.

o the most high and reverend Caesar, sitting as ontifex Maximus, greeting:

Inasmuch as the laws and usages of the Roman cople hold in sacred reverence the name of Vestal, hreatening with death all dividers of the tie between holy maiden and the divinity whose flame she ends, therefore from thee, August Judge, do we all for instant punishment on these arraigned before hee, who plotted unfaithfulness to the Vestal vow;

she as a traitor to her oath, and he as a most dan able betrayer of a holy priestess and as an enemy greatest blackness to the State. The two who law under which accusation are these; Nysia and Luc stand forth!

Nysia and Lucio are brought by the jailers set before the judgment seat.

PONTIFEX. The penal sword swings in the hand right;

Of all offence the executioner is reason; Therefore, 'fore punishment let the who cause be heard.

Who stands accuser?

CLERK. A priest of Egypt, On

OROS. Princes and Senators, and thou illustric

Who art the sun from whom authority
Flows to us lesser men, as from its fount
High where heaven's azure bathes the loftic
peak

Of Alp or Apennine, the crystal flood Rushes to spread fertility and grace O'er Latium's forests, dells, and lovely mean In your aspects revered I venerate The bodied form of something more divine, Before whose image all my being trembles In everlasting service consecrate: 'Tis of the Roman State my tongue would speal The State whose power and glory poets sing.

CITIZEN I. He loves the State of Rome, let's he his words!

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os. Since first my foot the bank of Tiber trod, And my poor lips the air of Numa's hills, Fragrant with odors mixed in Horace's song And Virgil's, drew in sweet draughts like nectar, I have forgotten Egypt and its mysteries And do profess myself a citizen Only of Rome, a man intoxicate With all the wonders of that mighty past Whose pageant fills the whole round world with glory.

RACE. 'Tis a true soul, methinks, perhaps he has some justice.

os. Crown of our civic peace is yonder temple Where the hushed maidens wait on Vesta's flame; Beacon of wedded love, torch of the spirit-life, The star of home, of virgin innocence, Of all high thought that helps to make us men. He slays the commonwealth who kills that fire. Answer, Quirites, does he not merit vengeance? Yea, vengeance most swift, who dares pollute the source

To which we owe our laws, our wealth, our hopes, And all we have achieved! Then, hearken, friends.

This is the very guilt that must of you be judged;
The crime of these in chains—for yesternight,
Pacing in thought the gardens of the fane,
I saw their meeting—their embraces—I drew
near

In ambush, struck with amaze to note
Such manners in a priestess—heard them coo
Like doves in spring, and burst their hearts
with sighs.

Till at the last his treason did prevail— Their parting but till time for easy flight. Faithless, dishonored, stained with unholy stained impeach them to the Pontiff of the State

CITIZENS. The punishment is death. Turn down your thumbs!

Woman. Poor thing, she trembles. She's to young and sweet for death.

Lucio. (making as if to spring at Oros, but he back by the guards.)
O, smooth-tongued traitor, double-dyed in lie

CLERK. Peace, fellow, you do injure your own cause Thus to profane the majesty of justice.

HORACE. (aside) I like not that priest in spit of his praise; his words are soapbubbles; beau tiful air, but the spirit is not in them. He is an enemy, and jealous; his black brow and flashing eye disclose him. 'Tis a bad combination in a man. Would that Lepidus had hearkened to my counsel. But soft, the maiden speak

Nysia. How may I speak, whose cause stands no prejudged.

And my path shadowed with the sword of death Through breach of old inviolable laws! Whichever way I turn, whatever plead, Still lies that icy shadow just before, Chill herald of the doomsman standing there And the swift shiver of his falling blow. I have no plea but one you dare not heed—The plea of love, of love most rare and tender

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Most innocent, too; no last year's blossom Killed with the breath of an October wind; Rather a flower grown out of my deepest being So that I could not think or speak or move But all was Lucio.

Poor child, 'tis pitiful!

SIA. I cannot tell the time when love began.
There was no first or last, 'twas as the tide
Swells up in silence 'round some sleeper on a
rock,

Some tired child weary with summer play,
That knows not, feels not, till she wakes to find
The sea her cradle, and the mighty flood
Sweeping her past resistance to new shores
And worlds undreamt of. So it came to me,
Came and remained, a dawn from Paradise:
We never spoke, we simply looked and trembled
And we knew. Henceforth there were no clouds
To frown upon our trust. A royal pride
Thrilled through my soul when Rome,
Like a still greater mistress, armed him for war.
Then came my fall. A forked tongue shouted
treason.

And I believed it. My faith was questionless That one, my childhood's playmate, could not wrong me.

The cause why I stand here makes me no sorrow;
The gods have not proclaimed it sin to love—
But for that fault which brings us here as victims

Whelmed in one doom, Lucio, my love, forgive! (Commotion in the court. Order restored.)

The viper whose fell venom blinded me Was yonder smiling priest, the accuser Oros

Oros. (starting up in excitement)

I beg you, Majesty, to stop her lips.

She speaks of things aside from the indictment.

PONTIFEX. Peace, shaveling, though she stawithin her doom
And law can find no proper hold on thee,
Thy scorpion sting may yet thrust on its ow
A fate more hideous than's reserved for her

Lucio. Nobles of Rome, and thou, oh sover Lord,

For whose dominion my body wears these scar A willing victim for a cause beloved—
How shall I plead against a sentence cast, Or fit a soldier's tongue t'extenuate
A breach of law that soldiers swear defend.
Under the shadow of your judgment doom Whose clouds are black with sudden break thunder,

I know no answer, but—we are unfortunate. Thrust on our ruin, as the shipmen say. The fatal whirlpool of the north sucks unpicious crafts.

Into the vortex of its gruesome bowels.

Where grinning death usurps pale Neptur trident.

Our lives set forth upon a summer sea Like those frail barks, aglow with happin Till damnéd practice, like an undertow, Bore us unseen into uncharted zones

A-thunder with the roar of huge catastrophe. He who accuses me of treason speaks from a throat

Black with disloyalty, as if a murderer Should blame his crime upon his victim E'en while the wounds gush forth anew with blood

From his most guilty touch. I loved this maid, I gave her all that mortal heart could give, Faith, wonder, adoration; a man's richest tribute

To matchless worth, shrined in so perfect form; While from the crystal well-spring of her soul, As from a lucid mirror, she flashed back A love that made me richer for my gift. Our days were wizards bringing happy spells To bind betrothal; in her company The scented flowers breathed forth a rarer odour.

The birds in spring made pretty descants flow On Nysia's name, and e'en the silver leaves Could not keep out their voices from the chorus, But in their rustling sweetened Nature's music.

TIZEN I. Pretty i'faith.

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TIZEN II. He minds me o' the Maytime Ere Jule and I were wed.

legions swept
To the world's frontier past the Euxine Sea
Beyond the rocky crags of Caucasus.
The sands of Parthia, blown about with winds.

Hold yet one jewel, shining Ispahan

Gay with the pride of Eastern merchandise. Smoking with blood and sweat, we thrust a way

Into the palace, seized the vanquished que Whose beauty took quick vengeance—not me,

But on a namesake, Lucio of Tarentum; Who wooed and won her with the frank conser Of his superior, subject to the will Of power's dread, yet merciful well spring, Our august sovereign. I could not sleep—Oppressed with dreams and phantoms bodin ill,

Urging return to Nysia; mazed at my gloom And fearing some disease, our generous chief Granted me space for this most wished journey Till, nearing Rome, rumour with monstrous bludgeon,

Struck but one blow and shattered all my like Citizens murmur as if in sympathy.

CITIZEN I. 'Tis as black a deed as ever cursed the earth! They should have justice!

CITIZEN II. The priest Oros grew pale when or Pontiff set him down. He frowned at first like Vesuvius before eruption, now 'twould scare need the smell of incense to make him faint.

CITIZEN III. Hush, Lucio speaks again.

LUCIO. The clutch of circumstance and villain treason

Was at the throat of all our happiness,— But not for ever. Only fools set up

The fetish Fate to screen their cowardice From men and from themselves, when Conscience calls on will,

And Hercules resumes his human labours. Mighty debate stirred in me. I seemed to

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With all respect, before a holier judgment
The tribunal where but to stand condemnet.
Gnaws the soul's vitals with a direr torment
Than scorch of fagot, or the hideous jaws
Of famished leopards, rushing on their victims.
Self was the judge, and Self the questioner,
The issue—lawful Love 'gainst antique ordinance,

Love planted first, nor spited in its growth From root to blossom, till a dastard's envy Snapt its sweet flower asunder from the stem, And set the bleeding root in unkind soil By barriers of custom, cloistered rule, Locked as in prison, with the dead hand to tend it.

One verdict—one—resounded through my being; "If thou abandonest her, never again Call thyself man, nor speak of Roman faith: He is a man who for his heart's desire, With conscience smiling, so whips into order Fortune and accident, or e'en a prosperous evil, That like performing dogs they sit around him Watching their master's eye. Approve thy

The equal of thy thought; thou hast abjured Gods, who are no gods."—

Commotion and Cries.

Custom and superstition sprung from Time, And Time's long wedlock, unto use and won In rites of worship. Thus here stand I, Romans,

Scarred with your service but yet inly free From Saturn's brood of deities, and the chain Hardening from silk to most unyielding steel With which their serpent coils crush out or life.

For my allegiance, 'tis fore all to Christ, the unto iNysia,

Last to the Roman people and the State.

Cries of Down with him! He is a Christian To the lions! The lictors pass to and fro among the populace in effort to tranquillize the tumult. What quiet is restored the Pontiff speaks.

PONTIFF. He hath pronounced his sentence, and she hers!

There needs no further witness. Their join crime

Stabs at our laws, our customs, and religion. The very heart o' the State; while to be part. Of the promiscuous spawn of that impostor. Whom Pilate slew for tumult raised in Jewry. Is guilt too deep and damnable for speech. Their penalty is death, to be so executed.

Their penalty is death, to be so executed As is prescribed! Immurement in the walls The living burial, whose slow consuming horror Turns bold presumption pale and quells cold treason!

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Away! Let Folly feel the edge of Justice!
Prisoners led away. Nysia holds out her arms
Lucio as she passes. He gazes at her with infinite
iness.

Procession and Exeunt.

Scene II.—Vaults Beneath the Temple.
Oros moving around with torch.

os. The process answered to my hope, nought remains but rescue for Nysia. All is well planned, the temple guards corrupted by a few tinkling sestertii; the opportunity for my work follows, on the heels of the interment; the ship waits to bear us to Libya; a priest of my ancient creed will unite us ere the far southland makes our home. Friendless, and condemned, she cannot deny my suit, nor reft to vanish into the background of the wo. Yet 'tis strange my mind should be so shadowed. When Fortune sits high in the sun, it is not meet for the sly wolf, Conscience, to steal up behind. I must resist it. Success says not "There a a lion in the way" but "there is a prize in prospect." Soft, out with the light. I hear the laborers yonder.

Enter SLAVES with picks and crowbars, also ches. They fall to work upon the masonry of the ll.

RST SLAVE. These mutterings from the highland seem to portend mischief. A countryman yesterday spoke of it after the trial, saying that the dwellers on the slopes are prophesying

danger. One said that the earth had crack on his master's farm. Some say that 'tis to a judgment on us for the trial and the work do. Fine justice when master escapes a man suffers. Fall to thy labor. The action comes anon with the birds for our cages. Plus 'tis as black as thy kingdom!

- SECOND SLAVE. Ay, and smacks of clay, as newts, and lizards, and dead men's bones, as what not!
- FIRST SLAVE. 'Twere fit company for that Egyptic priest. I would he were prisoner and the pollamb free! To leer at her, as one may say, with the death rattling in her throat! Heigh her its an odd day when treachery goes and justic recks not.
- SECOND SLAVE. There again with thy thought 'Tis beyond me. An the pot boils o' the heart and the suckling squeals i' the shed, 'tis n well for poverty to squint at master's doin or addle its wits over why the tide loves the moon.
- FIRST SLAVE. Thou dost most wittily make deni of thine own wit. But voices are near a To work, 'tis the badge of our calling!
- Enter AEDILE, with followers, and guard leading prisoners.
- AEDILE. (To slaves) Stand aside! (To guard Lead forth the erring Vestal to her doom.

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icio. Not her first, my good lord, 'tis the man's part to lead in suffering (Aedile makes a sign) O thou great God!

YSIA. Lucio, my love, farewell! or, if thy faith be true, to our new meeting!

Slaves wall up the masonry.

To our new meeting, Nysia, farewell! ICIO. Slaves wall up second cell.

Exeunt.

Scene III.—Same, 24 hours later.

Oros, stealing into Temple vault armed with pick d crowbar.

The air is murky and the smoke grows ROS. thick.

Hades doth growl, and belches from his jaws A dust that chokes the breath; speed is the word; The vulgar mob, aghast, crowds through the streets

In headlong flood, which answers to my thought, Lending this enterprise the mantle dark

Of throngéd solitude. A prize so rich

As that I rescue, takes away all fear.

Midnight most black! The spot was here. What's that?

The earth reels; 'tis drunk! Ah! Vengeance slits the thread!

Earthquake shatters walls and kills Oros. closed apparently lifeless. Lucio alive, but in a 00n.

LUCIO. (Awaking).

What voice was that which broke forgetfulne Calling poor fortune's fool from deathlike slee To death in life. Methought 'twas Nysia's shriek

Piercing the realms of dim unconsciousness
To urge me back to life. Breathing is hard
The air is poison. How's this, 'tis moving air
The wall's in ruins! What strange hap is here
Some finer torture? Lies that villain here,
And dead! Then grim despair, farewell,
Thou vendor of the drug, the rope, the knife
The gods have ta'en revenge. (sees Nysia)
Nysia, awake!

There's hope, beloved; all is not lost to us.

The air grows heavier. Nysia, awake!

Nysia slowly awakes, casts a heavenly glance Lucio, rises, and feebly passes forth supported by him

THE END.

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ERRATA

Fly leaf: line 1, change "Drambais" into "Dramatis" Page 16: line 14, change "cough" into "couch". Page 22: line 22, change "aroundt" into "around". Page 35: line 14, change "then" into "than". Pages 34 and 35: The Chant of the Muses and the Hymn to Apollo should follow immediately after the Song on page 32.



