



L. C. MACNUTT, Editor and Manager.

FREDERICTON, N. B., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 18, 1885.

VOL. VI., NO. 29

**SEEDS**

OUR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FOR 1885, OF "EVERYTHING FOR THE GARDEN," is now ready for distribution. It contains full and complete lists of seeds and plants, with full descriptions and prices. It is a most valuable and interesting work, and one which every gardener should possess.

**PETER HENDERSON & CO.,**  
120 N. 3rd Street, New York.

**THE BEST ELECTRIC BELT EVER ONLY \$1**

Special Offer For 30 days

This belt is the only one that will cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Headache, Stomach and Bowel Complaints, and all other ailments of the back, chest, and stomach. It is made of the finest materials and is guaranteed to give relief in every case.

**W. H. PARKER,**  
110 Water Street, New York.

**VALUABLE PROPERTIES FOR SALE!**

Near Fredericton

A portion of the "Homestead" belonging to the late H. B. Rainsford, Esq., situated on the old Kingsbury Road, and containing about 100 acres of land, with a large house, barn, and other buildings. The property is well watered and is one of the best in the county.

**H. B. RAINSFORD,**  
Barrister, Fredericton.

**JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT**

FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

**PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS**

MAKE HENS LAY

CHICKEN CHOLERA

Allen's Lung Balm

THE REMEDY FOR CURING CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, CROUP.

**HARVEY'S STUDIO**

Is the place to get your PICTURES TAKEN.

Nothing but First-Class Work!

Call up and See for Yourself.

**J. HARVEY,**  
Fredericton, July 23

**Wiley's Drug Store!**

Boquets, Grasses, Everlasting Flowers, Pampas Grass, WREATHS, GROSSES, Christmas Cards, &c.

Toilet Sets, Perfumes, Perfume Cases, Pipes, Cigar Cases, Cigar Holders.

**J. N. O'BRIEN,**  
Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

**PRACTICAL PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING!**

ESTABLISHMENT.

THIS establishment now having two thoroughly practical Plumbers and Gas Fitters in their employ are prepared to attend to all work entrusted to them in a thorough workmanlike manner.

**J. & J. O'BRIEN,**  
Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

**AYER'S PILLS**

A large proportion of the diseases which cause human suffering result from derangement of the bowels. Ayer's Cathartic Pills are the best remedy for this derangement, and are sold in every part of the world.

**DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.**

**HACVARD'S PERFECT BALM**

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE.

KNOW YOURSELF.

A Great Medical Work on Manhood

Address the Publishers Medical Institute, Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 110 Water Street, Boston, Mass.

**NEW WINTER GOODS!**

Flannels, Blankets, Dress Goods, Cashmere, Suitings, Tweeds, Winceys, Fancy Wool Goods in Shawls, Jackets, Vests, Cloths, Hoods, &c.

**WILMOT'S BLOCK,**  
Queen Street, Fredericton.

**HATS and CAPS,**

for men, boys and children—great variety, cheap CLOTHING!

**SIMON NEALIS,**  
Wilmot's Block, Queen Street, Fredericton.

**Simon Nealis,**

Wilmot's Block, Queen Street, Fredericton.

Elegant New Lamps.

**Communications.**

**COLONIZATION.**

Letter from Rev. M. F. Richard.

To the Editor of the Maritime Farmer:

Sir—Having promised in my last letter to give due consideration and attention to the remarks made by the *Gleaner* on my appeal in favor of home colonization, and to endeavor to render the public service requested of me, I ask the privilege to make a few more observations on this important question. I am supposed to have acted in good faith in treating this matter, but it is alleged that my statements are incorrect, and that I was misinformed as to the grievances referred to in my first communication. I would be most happy to apologize and retract my assertion, for the sake of preserving the honorability of those charged with the administration of public interests, and of the commercial and industrial interests of the country, as a body, do not suspect the hardships and cruel treatment to which the settlers are submitted. It is for the purpose of giving gubernatorial and public information on the subject, that I venture to publish the following statements:

I am not writing on mere hearsay or on the information of disreputable parties. What I write, I am willing to take the responsibility of, and I challenge investigation on the correctness of my remarks. I am reminded that \$2,000 were expended in the settlement of Acadia, and that during the last few years. Supposing this to be the case, are there not over four hundred settlers residing in those settlements entitled to \$30 a head, according to the agreement? If not, why have they not been repaid? In lieu thereof have they not been promised to have those amounts spent on their farms? It is not \$2,000 which should have been expended, but \$12,000, according to agreement. I wonder if governments are less bound to restitution than individuals? If not, I would suggest that the balance due to the settlers be repaid, and that the settlers be put in their next spring, for I fear that great hardships will be felt in those settlements ere long.

I asserted in my first communication that the settlers were not repaid for their land, and for four or five months have received no reply. This is denied, according to the *Gleaner*, by the officials of the Crown Land Office. Intending in my next issue to write on the subject, I shall limit my remarks to that point to Acadia Ville.

Three years ago Magloin Cassey applied for a lot in Cain settlement and received a reply from the officials. Albert Arsenault (Weige) and others in 1880, applied for lots, made clearances and put in crops, and when their applications were threatened on that point by the officials. Later their lots were included in the Muller's reserve, and they had to leave.

Philippe C. Arsenault applied Nov. 1884, for lot 87, under Labor Act, and he got no reply. Joseph Gollair was similarly treated. Francis Richard, commissioner for free grants, sent me a letter on the 10th inst. stating that he had six lots granted, and the balance amounting to \$1,000. This block has been surveyed for settlers, and although several applications were sent for lots by the settlers, they have not been repaid. I mention many other cases of a similar kind, which prove that applications were often made and pressed, and that the settlers were not repaid.

Mr. McLeaver claims the right to the lumber on all lots in Acadia Ville, and on all lands adjoining it, except, of course, the lots for which he has no title. He claims that he is entitled to the lumber on all lots in Acadia Ville, and on all lands adjoining it, except, of course, the lots for which he has no title. He claims that he is entitled to the lumber on all lots in Acadia Ville, and on all lands adjoining it, except, of course, the lots for which he has no title.

Time was, and with the memory of those not very old, when salt pork with potatoes and bread constituted the staple diet of farmers in nearly all parts of the country. Only excessive hard work could make such a diet at all endurable. Thus two evils offset against each other, and made life in the country possible, though hard and disagreeable. Much of this is changed now. Farmers are not obliged to work so hard, with their hands, at least, as they did before. They have machinery to do the brunt of their work, and their labor is less and their life more comfortable.

Don't imagine that a rainy day is intended as a day of rest. You will find plenty of indoor jobs in preparing for the spring work. Bear also in mind that genuine rest consists in a change of employment, especially from physical to mental pursuits; so alternate your planning with the labor of your hands.

**Forty Years' Experiments with Fertilizers.**

In summing up the results of 40 years' experiments in continuous wheat-growing at Rothamsted, Eng., Sir John Lawes and Dr. Gilbert do state the following general conclusions:

1. A soil which in the ordinary course of agriculture would have received an application of manure before another crop was sown, has produced 40 crops of wheat in succession, averaging 14 bushels per acre, solely by means of its existing fertility. It is a strong clay soil.

2. At the commencement of the experiment, the soil contained a large amount of organic nitrogen, derived from the debris of pre-existing vegetation. It also contained a large amount of the mineral food of plants.

3. Every year a certain proportion of the organic nitrogen has been nitrified, and the nitrates formed have been employed in the growth of the wheat crop; part has been washed out of the soil, or otherwise lost.

4. Part of the nitrates formed has been employed in the growth of the wheat crop; part has been washed out of the soil, or otherwise lost.

5. The stock of soil fertility in form of organic nitrogen has been considerably reduced during the 40 years of the experiment, and has been carried on, and the amount of such reduction has been ascertained by analysis of the soil made at different periods. The stock of both potash and phosphoric acid has also been greatly reduced.

6. Although so much soil fertility has been removed, the stock that remains will appear to be sufficient to grow crops of wheat for a very long period; the produce, however, must, in process of time, necessarily be lower than it has hitherto been.

7. Mineral manures [potash and phosphates] alone, have added very slightly to the produce grown upon the soil, but when used in conjunction with organic manure, they have increased the crop.

8. The soil, which contained a stock of mineral which the wheat crop was unable to make use of, owing to the insufficient supply of nitrogen in some available form.

9. Manure containing nitric acid, or some compound of nitrogen which is easily nitrified, has considerably increased the crop.

10. The soil, which contained a stock of mineral which the wheat crop was unable to make use of, owing to the insufficient supply of nitrogen in some available form.

11. The amount of nitrogen supplied in manure is very much in excess of the amount recovered in the increase of the crop.

12. After a certain amount of growth has been reached, each increase of crop requires a proportionately larger application of manure. When the price of grain is high, large crops can be grown more profitably than when the price is low.

13. The application of a larger amount of nitrogen to the soil, than the whole crop can utilize, owing to a want of minerals, does not appear to prevent the nitrification of the organic nitrogen of the soil.

14. The stock of nitrogen of the soil itself, therefore, may be reduced, although the annual application of nitrogen may be much in excess of the amount that substance removed in the crop.

15. When large crops of wheat have been grown by the application of nitrates or salts of ammonia with mineral manure, the soil does not appear to have gained or lost fertility. Nitrification of the organic matter in the soil may have gone on as usual, but the loss has been made good by the amount of nitrogen stored up in the stable roots of the large crops previously grown.

16. A given weight of nitrogen in the form of nitric acid will produce more growth in the crop to which it is applied than the same weight of nitrogen in dung, but the influence of the nitrate upon succeeding crops will be very much less.

17. There is no evidence to show that the whole crop is greater than it is in the other.

**UNEXHAUSTED MANURES.**

18. In the absence of vegetation, or when the soil is in a state of rest, the soil contains a large amount of phosphoric acid in insoluble form [i. e., slowly soluble] compounds with the soil, and becomes available for future crops.

19. The absence of vegetation, or when the amount supplied is in excess of the requirements of the crop, nitrates and salts of ammonia do not appear to form permanent compounds with the soil, but are liable to be washed out by rain, or to be otherwise lost.

20. The application of a larger amount of nitrogen to the soil, than the whole crop can utilize, owing to a want of minerals, does not appear to prevent the nitrification of the organic nitrogen of the soil.

**Grow plenty of Fruit.**

Time was, and with the memory of those not very old, when salt pork with potatoes and bread constituted the staple diet of farmers in nearly all parts of the country. Only excessive hard work could make such a diet at all endurable. Thus two evils offset against each other, and made life in the country possible, though hard and disagreeable. Much of this is changed now. Farmers are not obliged to work so hard, with their hands, at least, as they did before. They have machinery to do the brunt of their work, and their labor is less and their life more comfortable.

**Protection of Grass Roots.**

Intelligent farmers who have given the subject attention, are fully aware that many moving fields and pastures are greatly injured by having the grass roots exposed to the extreme heat of summer, and the excessive cold of winter. Nature, if left to herself, gives the roots full protection, both winter and summer, by covering them in the summer with the growing tops, and in the winter by the tops that are dead. Man removes this protection, and he usually does it in the hottest portion of the year, often cutting the grass so near the roots that there is but little left to protect them from a scorching July sun; but if a rain follows in a few days after cutting the grass, a new crop will start up, and is soon high enough to fully protect the roots, but if no rain comes the roots are dried up to an extent that greatly injures them, and they do not start up again until the second crop grows, it is not high enough to ground as possible, and the roots are once more exposed to the hot, dry weather. Should the weather be wet and a third crop grows, this is often cut off so close just before winter sets in that there is nothing left to protect the grass roots from the sudden changes of winter.

The pastures are often fed to close in the early part of the season that when a drought comes the grass roots, many of them, are killed for the want of protection. In the autumn the cattle are kept at pasture, and the grass appears of grass is gnawed off close to the roots, thus leaving them exposed during the entire winter. With such treatment, it must be expected that pastures will rapidly run out, and the moving fields will show in the spring many spots where the grass roots have been winter-killed. If moving fields are to be kept in good condition, care must be taken not to cut either the first or second crop too close; the mower should be run high enough to leave a sufficient length of stubble to protect the roots from the hot sun and drying winds; and when autumn comes the land should not be fed so close that when cold weather sets in there is nothing left to shelter the grass roots during the winter. A little care in this respect will keep the moving fields up in good condition with the application of but a moderate amount of manure.

The pasture should receive equal care with the mowing field; it should not be overfed during the dry season, or just before winter sets in. Many pastures are thus greatly injured. The exposure of the roots of the grass to the hot sun and drying winds, and the spring up undesirable weeds, or perhaps a growth of worse. There are very many farmers who need to pay more attention to the protection of the roots of the grass in both the mowing fields and pastures.—*Ploughman.*

**The Use of Bones.**

The bone industry of the country is an important one. The four feet of an ordinary cow will make a pint of neatfoot oil. Not a bone of any animal is thrown away. Many cattle shins bones are shipped to Europe for the making of knife handles, where they bring \$40 per ton. The thigh bones are the most valuable, being worth \$50 per ton for cutting and tooth-brush handles. The foreleg bones are worth \$30 per ton, and are made into collar-bushes, parrot handles, and jewelry, though sheep's legs are the staple for parrot handles. Many cattle shins bones are shipped to Europe for the making of knife handles, where they bring \$40 per ton. The thigh bones are the most valuable, being worth \$50 per ton for cutting and tooth-brush handles. The foreleg bones are worth \$30 per ton, and are made into collar-bushes, parrot handles, and jewelry, though sheep's legs are the staple for parrot handles. Many cattle shins bones are shipped to Europe for the making of knife handles, where they bring \$40 per ton. The thigh bones are the most valuable, being worth \$50 per ton for cutting and tooth-brush handles. The foreleg bones are worth \$30 per ton, and are made into collar-bushes, parrot handles, and jewelry, though sheep's legs are the staple for parrot handles.

Before the war only the sweet potato was grown in the Southern States. Now with improved methods, it has become a staple of common potatoe are grown in the Southern States. The crop for the first season should be potatoes; for the second, oats; for the third, corn; for the fourth, potatoes again.

**THE AMERICAN FARMER SAYS:**—The points of a good cow are a robust constitution, a good appetite, a large milking capacity, long milking tendency, rich milk, and an easy milker with a good disposition. She should be a good breeder, and her calves should possess her own qualities. After these come the points of thriftness, color, and general appearance, along with the pedigree, which latter is of more or less importance, but is not thorough-bred and kept for breeding more than dairy purposes. If the former, it is the most important of all her attributes. Every cow has more or less of these qualities, but some have some objectionable features, and it is a capital exercise to write out the good and bad qualities of every cow in the herd and compare them on paper. It will aid you materially in judging the animals in your herd. If you classify them you will always know which should be parted with first, and save you many a subsequent regret.

In selecting waters for feeding, it should be borne in mind that there is as much difference in the fattening qualities of sheep as there is in cattle, and that a square, compactly-built ewe with a good spring of ribs, is much more hardy and more easily fattened than a lank, lean one that does not seem to have enough stamina to carry it out of danger. Bear this in mind, and remember that there are always a few sheep in a bunch that will not fatten, no matter how much care and feed are expended on them. Throw such animals out and make some other disposal of them, for feeding them is a losing game.

In France butter is packed in bags, not more than three inches in diameter for family use, nor more than two inches for restaurants. Each bag holds two pounds. When filled they are tied and packed in brine in tubs or casks which are hoisted tight. The cloth used must be quite free of lint, and should be very slightly stretched—just enough to make them iron smoothly—then run together, of uniform size. The bag should be in a mould of suitable size and shape while being filled. The plan may be not unworthy of trial in this country.

**Without Doubt.**

Yellow Oil is par excellence the remedy for Pain, Lame, Rheumatism, Croup, Hoarseness, Burns, Frost Bites, Stiff Joints, all all Flesh wounds, Any medicine dealer can furnish it.

**Miscellaneous.**

**Vital Questions!!!**

Ask the most eminent physician. Of any school, what is the best thing in the world for quieting and allaying all irritation of the nerves, and curing all forms of nervous complaint, giving entire, childlike refreshing sleep always? And they will tell you unhesitatingly—*Some form of Hop.*

CHAPTER I.

Ask any one of the most eminent physicians:—

"What is the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs; such as Bright's disease, diabetes, retention, or inability to retain uric acid, and all the diseases and ailments peculiar to Women?"

"And they will tell you explicitly and emphatically—'Buckley's'."

"Ask the same physicians—

"What is the most reliable and surest cure for all liver diseases or dyspepsia; constipation, indigestion, flatulency, gastritis, fever, acute, &c., and they will tell you:—

'Buckley's' or 'Dandelion'!"

"Ask the same physicians—

"What is the best remedy when combined with others equally valuable."

"Buckley's' or 'Dandelion'!"

"Ask the same physicians—

"What is the best remedy for all cases of nervousness, neuritis, neuralgia, sciatica, rheumatism, and various diseases peculiar to Women."

"People drawn out of shape from over-exercising, or from long, inflammatory and chronic suffering from scrofula."

"Buckley's' or 'Dandelion'!"

"Ask the same physicians—

"What is the best remedy for all cases of nervousness, neuritis, neuralgia, sciatica, rheumatism, and various diseases peculiar to Women."

"People drawn out of shape from over-exercising, or from long, inflammatory and chronic suffering from scrofula."

"Buckley's' or 'Dandelion'!"

**Patents.**

For years, citizens, poor, or half-witted, of Bright's and other kidney diseases, liver complaints, severe coughs, called consumptions, have been cured.

Women get nearly cured!!!!

From agony of neuralgia, nervousness, water-itching, and various diseases peculiar to Women.

People drawn out of shape from over-exercising, or from long, inflammatory and chronic suffering from scrofula.

"Buckley's' or 'Dandelion'!"

"Ask the same physicians—

"What is the best remedy for all cases of nervousness, neuritis, neuralgia, sciatica, rheumatism, and various diseases peculiar to Women."

"People drawn out of shape from over-exercising, or from long, inflammatory and chronic suffering from scrofula."

"Buckley's' or 'Dandelion'!"

**None superior without a branch of Hop on the genuine label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.**

Blood on young trees is said to keep bark from barking them.

Give cayenne pepper for crop in fowls, and wash the head with soap suds.

A top-dressing of fine stable manure in winter is a great benefit to lawns and grass plots.

See that you set aside and preserve the most valuable portion of your manure heap for the garden. It should be thoroughly fermented.

Shelter for the sow is really sheltering the pig-which she will farrow in the spring. Many pigs come weak and puny from lack of proper care and feed of their mother.

The famous Holstein cow, Echo, owned in Ithaca, N. Y., has given birth to male triplets. The calves are doing well. Echo had the largest milk record in the world and her owner had refused \$25,000 for her.

The western farmers say it is surprising how better, cleaner, pork or beef will put up in winter in a great bucket to lawns and grass plots.

Several agricultural chemists of Germany have been studying to improve heavy soils, and now recommend lime as a dressing. The crop for the first season should be potatoes; for the second, oats; for the third, corn; for the fourth, potatoes again.

Thomas M'Pher, Braconridge, writes:—"Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is the best medicine I sell. It always gives satisfaction, and in cases of scrofula, colds, sore throats, immediate relief has been received by those who use it."

Several agricultural chemists of Germany have been studying to improve heavy soils, and now recommend lime as a dressing. The crop for the first season should be potatoes; for the second, oats; for the third, corn; for the fourth, potatoes again.

Thomas M'Pher, Braconridge, writes:—"Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is the best medicine I sell. It always gives satisfaction, and in cases of scrofula, colds, sore throats, immediate relief has been received by those who use it."

Several agricultural chemists of Germany have been studying to improve heavy soils, and now recommend lime as a dressing. The crop for the first season should be potatoes; for the second, oats; for the third, corn; for the fourth, potatoes again.

Thomas M'Pher, Braconridge, writes:—"Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is the best medicine I sell. It always gives satisfaction, and in cases of scrofula, colds, sore throats, immediate relief has been received by those who use it."

Several agricultural chemists of Germany have been studying to improve heavy soils, and now recommend lime as a dressing. The crop for the first season should be potatoes; for the second, oats; for the third, corn; for the fourth, potatoes again.

Thomas M'Pher, Braconridge, writes:—"Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is the best medicine I sell. It always gives satisfaction, and in cases of scrofula, colds, sore throats, immediate relief has been received by those who use it."





Poetry

Strength for To-day

Strength for to-day is all that we need
As there never will be a tomorrow
For to-morrow will prove but another to-day
With its measure of joy and sorrow

Literature

SAVED BY STRATEGEM

Dinner was over at last, and Mr. Walker
Currie, English commissioner at
the up-country station at Huta-Bagh, in
Northern India, had gone out upon the veranda
with his wife and his two guests—
Col. Ayres and Major Armstrong of the
infantry.

FUN, FACT AND FANCY

Five Minutes Light Reading for
Everybody.
Blind people cannot be carpenters,
because they never saw.

The best Cough Medicine we know of
is Allen's Lung Balm. See advt.
"Rinkurating," meaning to skate in a
rink, is the latest new word added to
the English language.

"Come along with me and have a fine
time," remarked a policeman to a man
he had arrested. "I am afraid you are
trying to call me," replied the prisoner.
I have used Minard's Liniment for
diphtheria with perfect success. I be-
lieve it will cure diphtheria in every
case, if used according to directions.—
Mrs. REUBEN BAKER, Riverdale.

It is a little curious that a few sticks
and a little dirt will stop the water
from running down a 5-inch conductor
made for the purpose, but even solder
can't keep water out of a nail hole in
the roof.

"Ah! George, did you propose to
Vivian?" "No; she made the proposi-
tion before I had a chance to say any-
thing." "She did? What did she say?"
"She proposed that I leave the house
immediately, and I accepted."

"If a man wants to own the earth,
what does woman want?" inquired Mr.
Gray of his better half after a family
business. "What do you want, my dear?"
responded the lady in a gentle tone,
"to own the man, I suppose."

"You must join the creation soci-
ety," were the first words she said to
her husband. "What for?"
"By being such a lovely vase to
hold your feet in, you have no idea
how it will set off the nuptialpiece."

Thirteen is an unlucky number. It
is for this reason that when a shopkeeper
gives a 25-cent piece he invariably
gives you 12 cents. The shopkeeper is
a fish, and as somebody must run the
risk of bad luck, he freely takes it him-
self.

"There's two ways of doing it," said
Pat to himself, as he stood musing and
waiting for a job. "If I save me \$4,000
I must put away \$200 a year for twenty
two hundred years—now, which shall I
do?"

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is richly
worth \$10 a bottle in certain cases. For
instance, in cases of diphtheria, croup
and asthma when the sufferer is almost
unable to breathe, and something
is required to act instantly. It costs
only 35 cents.

"Your age?" asked the judge. 35
your honor, replied the woman. Judge
—"But you were 35 the last time you
were here, three years ago." She—
"You must not ask such questions
of me. I am a woman, and I know my
age."

When the blood is loaded with impu-
rities, and moves sluggishly in the veins,
an alternative is needed, as this condi-
tion of the vital fluid cannot last long
without causing disease. The best alterna-
tive purifier than Ayer's Sarsaparilla, is
puffery the blood, and impart energy to
the system.

WARREN LELAND,

whom everybody knows as the successful
manager of the
Largest Hotel Enterprises

Since then Mr. LELAND has recommended
AYER'S SARSAPARILLA in many similar
cases, and has saved his patients from
the effects of a radical cure.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla
for Rheumatism, with entire success; and,
after careful observation, declares that in
his belief, there is no medicine in the world
equal to it for the cure of Liver Disorders,
Gout, the effects of high living, Salt
Rheum, Scrofula, and all the
various forms of blood diseases.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla
for Rheumatism, with entire success; and,
after careful observation, declares that in
his belief, there is no medicine in the world
equal to it for the cure of Liver Disorders,
Gout, the effects of high living, Salt
Rheum, Scrofula, and all the
various forms of blood diseases.

Dr. J. O. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists; \$1.50 per bottle or \$5.

JAMES W. MCGREARY,

Attorney-at-Law,
Notary Public & Conveyancer,
FREDERICTON, N. B.

H. B. RAINFORD,
Attorney & Barrister-at-Law,
Notary Public,
CARLETON ST., - - FREDERICTON, N. B.

JOHN BLACK,
Barrister and Attorney-at-Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
CONVEYANCER, ETC.

OFFICE: Queen Street, Fredericton,
Opp. W. U. Telegraph Office, directly
opposite Post Office.

Dr. R. McLEARN
Physician and Surgeon,
OFFICE, - - QUEEN STREET,
Opp. Davis Drug Store.

C. Fitz-Henry Campbell, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES—Diseases of the
Nervous System, and Diseases of
Women and Children.

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY

Notice is hereby given that
we have been appointed Agents
of the above Company.

WETMORE & WINSLOW,
Fredericton, Dec. 2nd, 1884.

ASSESSORS' NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that
the public notice has been duly sworn in office
as required by law.

RATES AND TAXES

In the City of Fredericton, this 21st day
of February, 1885, I, James Farewell,
Principal Assessor, do hereby certify
that the following is a true and correct
list of the rates and taxes for the
year 1885.

DEVER BROS.

Special reductions in all departments for
the month of
DECEMBER AND JANUARY.

DRESS GOODS

SPECIAL VALUE IN
Black Silks, Velveteens, Ottoman
Cords and Mantle Brocades.

Uster Cloths

A large variety of articles suitable
for Presents.

Francis Doherty

HAS NOW IN STOCK THE
Finest Assortment
of
HATS AND CAPS
ever seen in the City.

WHY DO YOU SUFFER?

Life of Man Bitters
will cure all the diseases of the Liver
and Kidneys, including the worst cases of
Dyspepsia, Colic, and Biliousness, and
is certainly the best blood purifier
known.

Invigorating Syrup

cures Dyspepsia, Coughs, Colds, Headache,
Weakness, Acids, and all ailments, and should
be kept in every household for all emergencies.

Wise Man

Never allows
himself to be deceived by the
large number of actual settlers
available of this liberal offer by the
St. Paul, Minneapolis & Northern
Pacific Railway Co.

Worm Powders

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own
Fragrance. Is a safe, sure, and effective
destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

EBEN MILLER & CO.,

BUILDERS OF
FINE CARRIAGES,
King Street, Fredericton, N. B.

Concord Wagons, Piano Box Wagons,
Miller Spar Wagons, White Oval Wagons,
Brewster Wagons, Crown Wagons,
Iver's Wagons,
Top Phaetons,
Open Phaetons.

These Milling Tops have no rival, as a guarantee of the
patent will show for itself. It is so simple
it requires only one person to take 1,000 or 2,000
tons of grain, and when no one would think of
putting on any carriage in use. Persons ordering
Carriage or Churny Top Carriages should see
that they have the name of Eben Miller & Co. on
them. These Tops were awarded a Diploma at the
Provincial Exhibition in October, 1880.

Particular attention given to orders. Repairing done
at the shortest notice.
Price List.—BUGGY TOPS, \$38 to \$50; CANOPY, \$15 to \$25
Patented in Canada, March 21st, 1877, and in the United States, Dec. 10th, 1878.

NEW "RAYMOND,"

With Large Improved Arm, at
D. MCATHERIN'S SALES ROOM,
Phoenix Square, Fredericton, N. B.

These machines can be had at the following offices, viz:—
Fredericton, N. B., Newcombe, Miramichi, N. B., Chatham, Miramichi, N. B., Bathurst
Gloucester Co., N. B., Campbellton, Newcastle, N. B., St. Stephen, N. B.

Agents wanted for P. E. Island and Nova Scotia.
D. McATHERIN,
Manager for Maritime Provinces
Fredericton, May 13, 1884.

SEED WARRANTED TO GROW

Order refilled gratis. I have seed warranted to
grow, and I will refund the money if it does not
grow. I have seed of all kinds, and I will
refund the money if it does not grow. I have
seed of all kinds, and I will refund the money
if it does not grow.

FAY CURRANT

THE BEST SEED
FOR ALL PURPOSES.
Small fruits and grapes, low in price and
high in quality. Everything first
class.

INSURANCE AGENCY

Fire, Life and Accident Insu-
rance Companies.

CARRIAGE AND SLEIGH

FACTORY I
King St., - - Fredericton, N. B.
R. COLWELL, Proprietor.

GARRIAGES, WAGGONS

SLEIGHS and PUNGS
Built to order in the latest and most
durable styles.

FRANCIS DOHERTY

HAS NOW IN STOCK THE
Finest Assortment
of
HATS AND CAPS
ever seen in the City.

THE MILD POWER CURE

Is a 25-cent bottle of the most powerful
of all remedies. It is a 25-cent bottle
of the most powerful of all remedies. It is
a 25-cent bottle of the most powerful of
all remedies.

KNABE

PIANO-FORTES
Tune, Touch, Workmanship & Durability.
Nos. 204 and 206 West Broadway Street,
Boston, Mass.

SEEDS

RENNIE'S SEEDS ARE THE BEST
In the world. They are the best
in the world. They are the best
in the world.

BRITISH HOUSE.

JOHN McDONALD,
Opp. Normal School.

NEW FALL GOODS!

Mantle Cloths, plain and figured, Ulster
Cloths, Blankets, Comforters, Flan-
nels, Berlin Goods, Knitted
Shirts and Drawers.

WARREN LELAND,

whom everybody knows as the successful
manager of the
Largest Hotel Enterprises

Since then Mr. LELAND has recommended
AYER'S SARSAPARILLA in many similar
cases, and has saved his patients from
the effects of a radical cure.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla
for Rheumatism, with entire success; and,
after careful observation, declares that in
his belief, there is no medicine in the world
equal to it for the cure of Liver Disorders,
Gout, the effects of high living, Salt
Rheum, Scrofula, and all the
various forms of blood diseases.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla
for Rheumatism, with entire success; and,
after careful observation, declares that in
his belief, there is no medicine in the world
equal to it for the cure of Liver Disorders,
Gout, the effects of high living, Salt
Rheum, Scrofula, and all the
various forms of blood diseases.

Dr. J. O. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists; \$1.50 per bottle or \$5.

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY

Notice is hereby given that
we have been appointed Agents
of the above Company.

ASSESSORS' NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that
the public notice has been duly sworn in office
as required by law.

RATES AND TAXES

In the City of Fredericton, this 21st day
of February, 1885, I, James Farewell,
Principal Assessor, do hereby certify
that the following is a true and correct
list of the rates and taxes for the
year 1885.

DEVER BROS.

Special reductions in all departments for
the month of
DECEMBER AND JANUARY.

DRESS GOODS

SPECIAL VALUE IN
Black Silks, Velveteens, Ottoman
Cords and Mantle Brocades.

Uster Cloths

A large variety of articles suitable
for Presents.

Francis Doherty

HAS NOW IN STOCK THE
Finest Assortment
of
HATS AND CAPS
ever seen in the City.

WHY DO YOU SUFFER?

Life of Man Bitters
will cure all the diseases of the Liver
and Kidneys, including the worst cases of
Dyspepsia, Colic, and Biliousness, and
is certainly the best blood purifier
known.

Invigorating Syrup

cures Dyspepsia, Coughs, Colds, Headache,
Weakness, Acids, and all ailments, and should
be kept in every household for all emergencies.

Wise Man

Never allows
himself to be deceived by the
large number of actual settlers
available of this liberal offer by the
St. Paul, Minneapolis & Northern
Pacific Railway Co.

Worm Powders

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own
Fragrance. Is a safe, sure, and effective
destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

SEEDS

RENNIE'S SEEDS ARE THE BEST
In the world. They are the best
in the world. They are the best
in the world.