

Almanacks 1866.
N.S. New Brunswick Almanack and
for 1866, can be obtained singly
or by the dozen for retail from
J. LOCHARY & SON,
the old Farmers' Almanack always
Nov. 30, 1865.

tion of Partnership.

herely given, that the partnership
existing between James Moran and
son, of St. George, in the County of
der the firm of James Moran & Son,
dissolved by mutual consent.
wing to the said partnership are to
y the said James A. Moran, who is
a settle all debts due to and owing
rn.

JAMES MORAN,
JAMES A. MORAN.
September 16, 1865.

BE SOLD.

if applied for immediately
ied of by the 15th of April, the
ill be let and possession giv-
en on 1st May next

HAT desirable situated House for
business next to the Record Of-
ce has been newly shing and is
a good repair; contains 9 rooms and
d.

A L S O—
Town Lots in good situations for
payment. Apply to subscriber.
D. GREEN.

Rubber.

Rubbers

AT THE
Albion House.

IN S. MAGEE,

is received an assortment of
us, Misses,
Ladies,
Gent's,
ber Overshoes.

dies Rubber Balmoral Boots, a nice
the present season. Which with a
rens and Ladies Boots,
SKELETON SKIRTS,
and the balance of stock of
TER DRY GOODS,
all CHEAP for Current Money
Bills taken at the usual discount.

ORE NEW GOODS.

RECEIVED and now open for sale
the very lowest prices:

its, Bonnets,
rs, and Ribbons.
WLS. MANTILLAS.
FANCY DRESS GOODS
ey and White Cottons,
gs, Stripes, and Regattas
its,
and CORSET CLOTHS
Crashes; Towel-
ling & Table Li-
ens, Shirt-fronts,
llars, and Fan-
y Neck Ties,
ars, Rubbers,
Boots and Shoes.

e of Summer Stock lately expected
mer "Europe" and which received
old at a very small advance on at-

D BRADLEY.

ies Seminary,

F. ANDREWS, N.B.

KENDALL will receive a limited
of young Ladies as boarders, in addition
ly pupils.

one of instruction comprises the
ish, French, and Italian
Languages;
and Arithmetic, Geography, including
of the Globes; Astronomy, History,
id Singing, plain and Ornamental Needle
rench, Italian, Music, and Singing classes
to ladies who desire to pursue any of
iences of study exclusively.
reatest attention is paid to the comfort
nanners, religious instruction, and person-
ess of the pupils.

TERMS:
and Tuition, including all the branches
Italian, £50 per annum.
DAY PUPILS,
lish, £3 0 0 per ann.
ic, £8 0 0
il for season 0 0 0

REFERENCES:
Percy, D.D. Quebec; J. Thompson Esq.,
ie, Esq. high school, Wm Andrews, M.A.,
McGill College, Montreal.
Bacon, S. Benson, M.D., Henry Cunard
atham.

W. Q. Ketchum, J.W. Street and Geo. D.
Esq's, St. Andrews.

FOR SALE.

Hosiery, Gloves,
and Worked Col-
Garments for Boys & Girls
ys, Jackets, Sacks, Pants,
Waists, &c. &c.
pattern can be used with ease.)
JAS. McKINNEY.

The St. Andrews Standard.

PUBLISHED BY A. W. SMITH.]

Vol 33

SAINT ANDREWS, N. B. WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1866.

[\$2 50 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE

No 24



ELECTION.

CHARLOTTE to wit.
ALEXANDER T. PAUL, Esquire, High Sher-
riff of the County of Charlotte, having re-
ceived Her Majesty's Writ for the Election of
Four able and discreet persons to serve in the
General Assembly of this Province, for the said
County do, in obedience thereto, hereby Proclaim
and give Public Notice, that a Court will be held
by me at the County Court House, in the Town
of St. Andrews, on THURSDAY, the 7th
day of June next, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for
the purpose of the said Election; of which all
persons will take notice and govern themselves
accordingly.

And in case a Poll shall be then and there de-
manded, I do hereby further proclaim and give
Public Notice, that Polling Booths will be open-
ed on FRIDAY, the 12th day of June next,
at 8 o'clock, A. M., and will continue open
until 4 o'clock P. M., of the same day at the
following places, to wit:

For the Parish of St. Andrews at the County
Court House

For the Parish of St. David, at the head of Oak
Bay.

For the Parish of St. Stephen, at Salt Water near
the head of Tide Waters.

For the Parish of St. James, at or near the Kirk
on the Scotch Ridge, and at or near the resi-
dence of John King in the Baillie settlement.

For the Parish of St. Patrick, at Digdegue
Mills.

For the Parish of Dumbarton, at the Rolling
Dam.

For the Parish of St. George, at the Lower Falls
and at the Upper Mills.

For the Parish of Penfield, at the School House
near the Episcopal Church.

For the Parish of Leproux, at or near William
McGowan's, New River.

For the Parish of West Lake, at or near the School
House, in Chocolate Cove.

For the Parish of Campo Bello, at or near the
School House in West Pool.

For the Parish of Grand Menan, at Grand Har-
bour and at or near the residence of Lorenzo
Drake, North Head—for the purpose of
taking the said Poll.

And I hereby further Proclaim and give Public
Notice, that the said Election will be
closed on SATURDAY, the 16th day of June
next, at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., at the
County Court House, and the persons chosen to serve
in the General Assembly, will be then and there,
publicly declared. Of all proclamations
all persons will take due notice and govern them-
selves accordingly.

ALEX. T. PAUL,
High Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews,
May 16, 1866.

The following extracts from the Election Law,
are published for general information:

Sec. 31.—The resident electors shall vote in
the district in which they are registered; the non-
residents at the Court House or building used
therefor in the Shire Town, unless they have se-
lected another polling district.

Sec. 30.—Presiding Officers, Poll Clerks, Can-
didates and their agents, may poll their votes in
the district where they are acting, though they do
not reside therein, if, on the day of nomination
their names are certified and entered as qualified
by the Sheriff on the book containing the check
list, and the Sheriff shall strike such names out
of the list of the district in which they are qual-
ified to vote.

ALEX. T. PAUL,
Sheriff.

May 16, 1866.

To the Electors of Charlotte County.

GENTLEMEN.—You are again called upon to
exercise your constitutional right of selecting rep-
resentatives to serve you in General Assembly.

The adoption or rejection of the expressed
wishes of Her Majesty in respect to a consolida-
tion of the British North American Colonies is
one of the prominent subjects for your considera-
tion, upon which your mind is to be tested by
your support of such candidates who respectively
protest such adoption or rejection.

Imperial policy points to a union affecting as
reasons therefor the permanent welfare of our mer-
cantile interests, the stability and more intimate
connection of British interests, and readier and
more efficient means of defence from invading
enemies.

The practical issue upon which you are now
called to cast your vote is, FOR IMPERIAL OR
AGAINST IMPERIAL policy.

The measure of Union of one which no more
belongs to Canada than to New Brunswick or any
other Province, and embraces in its results the
whole Empire.

A scheme of Union was lately presented to you,
which from the haste in which it was pressed on
your consideration was, as not to be considered as
rejected as the safer course to be pursued, and
his by many who were in favor of union if time
for consideration had been afforded, that they
might be satisfied that such terms were obtained
as would be mutually equitable, and that it was in
accordance with Imperial desire.

The basis and conditions of a Union again being
open for negotiation, an opportunity will be pre-
sented to your representatives for the exercise of
the most watchful and enlightened statesmanship,
you having first by your free and loyal voice given
your adherence to the Imperial policy.

Recent developments have confirmed me in the
opinion I have publicly expressed in reference to
a union, to be accomplished by fair legitimate and

constitutional means, and on the best attainable
terms.

GENTLEMEN ELECTORS.—You have other in-
terests also to be protected and promoted. You
have had trial of my ability to represent you; the
ablest and most discreet men should peculiarly at
this time be your choice,—of such our constitu-
tion makes you the judges. If you are unwilling
to accede to the wishes of Her Majesty, and there
are other candidates whom you consider more cap-
able to represent you, it is your undoubted right
to select such in preference, and in this case whilst
anxiously solicitous for the welfare of our common
country, I shall feel that in yielding to the urgent
wishes of many of you to proffer my services as
one of your representatives, I have not selfishly
acted, and can retire with greater satisfaction to
the more pleasurable pursuits of private life.

I am, Gentlemen, with every respect,
Yours, &c.

JAS. G. STEVENS.

St. Stephen, May 21, 1866.

TO THE ELECTORS OF CHARLOTTE COUNTY.

GENTLEMEN.—At the coming election I shall
be a candidate for your suffrages. In so doing
I have no promises to make. I have served you
seven years. My conduct for the past must be
your guarantee for the future. I am still in favor
of a Union of the Colonies; being rejected at the
last Election, I feel that it was a Confederation that
was rejected, and not my services.

Yours truly,

JOHN MCADAM.

May 24, 1866.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

GENTLEMEN.—I will at the ensuing Election,
offer myself as a Candidate for the Representa-
tion of the County. If successful, my strongest
efforts will be made to promote a Union of the
CANADIAN and MARITIME PROVINCES. The pros-
perity of them all I believe, for many reasons, de-
pends upon their Confederation under a just and
judicious Scheme.

Your ob. Servant,
JAMES W. CHANDLER.

St. Andrews, May 28, 1866.

To the Electors of Charlotte County.

GENTLEMEN.—Yielding to the solicitations of
numerous friends from various parts of the county,
I offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages at
the ensuing general election.

Deeply impressed with the necessity of a union
of the British North American Colonies, I shall
support, if honored with your confidence, the ac-
complishment of such union, feeling assured that
it can be obtained upon terms of justice and equi-
ty to all. And while thus assenting to an Imperial
policy so affectionately urged upon me, we are re-
garding our country commercial and political
advantages of incalculable importance. If elected,
these and all other interests shall receive my most
watchful care.

I am, Gentlemen,
Yours most respectfully,
FRANCIS HIBBARD.

May 23.

To the Electors of the County of Charlotte.

GENTLEMEN.—At the urgent request of many
of my friends in the several districts, I am in-
duced to come forward, at the ensuing
Election, as Candidate for the representation of
this County in the Provincial Parliament.

For many years I have served you faithfully in
the Legislature, WITHOUT LOOKING FOR OFFICE,
POWER, OR EMOLUMENT, caring only for your
varied local interests, and the general interest of
Province at large, and will do so again if honored
by your support and confidence.

I am, Gentlemen,
Yours most respectfully,
ROBT. THOMSON.

St. George, N. B., May 17, 1866.

SUPERSTITION RESPECTING HUMAN HAIR.

—Among the English peasantry it is consid-
ered very unlucky to leave lying about, or to
throw away any, even the smallest scrap
of countrywomen in picking up and consum-
ing "each particular hair," and even sweep-
ing up the place where hair had fallen or been
cut; and scrupulously burning the sweepings in
the fire. The only explanation they would
give of this unusual care was, that if left about
the birds would build their nests with the hair
—a fatal thing for him or her from whose
head it had fallen; and that if a "pyre" (An-
glican magpie) got hold of it for any such pur-
pose—by no means an unlikely circumstance,
considering the thievish propensities of the bird
—the person's death, within a year and a
day, was sure. The solemn looks and head-
shaking accompanying these explanations, con-
vinced me that the speakers were in earnest.
This appears to be a fragment of very ancient
"lore," and I am desirous of knowing, if it is
found "alive" at the present day in other
localities. In La Motte Fouque's romance of
"Sintram," a lock of the hero's hair cut off
with his dagger, and thrown by the dwarf
allot over the sea, causes the violent storms
which Folke and his wife are detained at Cas-
tle of Biorn. I presume from Fouque's em-
ployment of this incantation in his romance,
that some superstition did actually exist in
Norway at one time. That referred to as ex-
isting here may possibly derive its existence
from the old Norse one in a changed form.—
Notes and Queries.

MY PLAIN LOVER.

I was a coquette. Many a lover's heart
I had lacerated by refusing his offer of mar-
riage, after I had lured him on to a declara-
tion. My last victim's name was James
Frazer. He was a tall, awkward, homely, un-
gaily man, but his heart was true as steel. I
respected him highly, and felt pained when I
witnessed his anguish at my objection of him.
But the fact was, I had myself fallen in love
with Capt. Elliott, who had been unremitting
in his devotion to me.

Mr. James Frazer warned me against Eli-
ott; but I charged him with jealousy, and
took his warning as an insult.

A few days afterwards, Elliott and I were
engaged, and my dreams of romantic love
seemed to be in a fair way of realization.

I had a week of happiness. Many had not so
much in a lifetime. Many awake from the
bright, short dream, to find themselves in life-
long darkness, and bondage from which is no
escape. Thank God, I was not to be so miser-
able as they!

My mother was a widow in good circum-
stances, but having very bad health. She was
also of an easy, listless, credulous nature—hat-
ing trouble, and willing to take things just as
they happen to present themselves. She
therefore made no inquiries about Capt. Eli-
ott—but believed that inasmuch as he was a
captain he must necessarily be a man of honor
and, especially as he had served in the Crimea
and in India and won medals. His regiment
was quartered in our neighborhood, and he
had the reputation of being one of the wealth-
iest, as he was certainly the handsomest
officer in it.

I remember well the day we became en-
gaged. He was on duty, but had managed to
ride over to our house in his uniform, and
while we were walking in the garden, he
made the tender avowal. I referred him to
"mamma"; he hastened to her—returning in
three minutes, and led me into her presence to
receive the assurance that her consent had
been already and freely given.

My dear mother hated trouble, and she
moreover loved me tenderly; so that she was
well pleased to find a husband presenting him-
self in a form and manner apparently so eli-
gible for her beloved and only daughter.

Well, a week passed quite delightfully, as I
have already said; and at the expiration of
this there might have been seen a gay eque-
strian party winding through our old Devon-
shire woods and quiet country roads. Elliott
and I led the cavalcade. I rode my own
beautiful brown Bess, Captain Elliott was
mounted on a handsome black horse that had
been sent him from London. Following us
was a levy of merry girls and their cavaliers;
and among them was tall, awkward and silent
James Frazer. His presence had marred all
the pleasure of my ride, and I was glad to be
in advance of them that I might not see him.

And so we rode on through the woods, and
I dreamed, well pleased to be the low but
animated words of the gallant Elliott, who
wished himself a knight and me a faire ladye
of the olden time, that he might go forth to
do battle and compel all men to recognize the
claims of his peerless love,—very eloquently
he told of the brave deeds and perilous exploits
it had prompted, wishing again and again that
he might proclaim and maintain his love be-
fore the world. It pleased me to listen to
this and to believe it sincere, though I surely
had no wish to put my lover to such a test.

A shot suddenly rang through the woods,
and a wounded bird, darting past, fluttered
and fell at the feet of brown Bess. With a
bound and a spring that nearly unseated me,
she was off.

Struggling to regain my seat, I had no pow-
er to check her, and even as she flew, the fear
of madness of the moment grew upon her. I
could only cling breathlessly to mane and
bridle, and wonder helplessly where this mad
gallop was to end. She swerved from a pass-
ing wagon and turned into a path that led to
the river. In sudden movement the reins had
been torn from my hands and I could not re-
gain them. I clung to the mane and closed
my eyes, that I might not behold the fate that
awaited me. How sweet was life in those
precious moments that I thought my last!

How all its joys, its affections, its last crown-
ing love rose up before me! I thought of the
pang that would rend Elliott's heart as he
saw me lying, mangled and dead; and then
the thought would come if he were pursuing
and trying to save me, even as he had said, at
the risk of life and limb.

I remember no more. I felt a sudden shock
a fearful rushing through the air, and knew no
more until days afterward, I woke to a faint
weak semblance of life in my chamber at
home.

I never saw Capt. Elliott again. The last
words I ever heard from his lips were those
of knightly daring. The last action his life
in connection with mine, was to follow in the
train of frightened youths who rode after me
to contemplate the disaster from the shallow
bed of the river, into which I had been thrown
when my frightened horse had stopped sud-
denly on its bank, to ride hastily off. That

evening he sent to make enquiries, and learning
that I was severely, but it was hoped not fa-
tally injured, he thenceforth contented him-
self with such tidings of my condition and im-
provements as could be gained from mere rum-
or.

At last it was known that I would never re-
cover entirely from the effects of my injury,
and that very day Captain Elliott departed
suddenly from the neighborhood. He made
no attempt to see me, nor sent me any fare-
well. When I was once more abroad, and be-
ginning, though with much unalloyed bitter-
ness, to learn the lesson of patience and resig-
nation that awaited him, I received a letter
from him in which he merely said that he pro-
sumed my own judgement had taught me, that
in my altered circumstances our engage-
ment must come to an end; but to satisfy his
own sense of honor, (his honor!) he wrote to
say that, while entertaining the highest respect
for me, he desired a formal renunciation of my
claim. Writing on the bottom of this letter,
"Let it be as you wish," I returned it to him at
once, and thus ending my brief dream of ro-
mance.

I heard of this Elliott's cowardly conduct
on that day, but now I first bethought me to
enquire who had rescued me from that im-
minent death. And then I learned that James
Frazer, already broken by the jerk with
which brown Bess tore away from him as he
caught at her bridle, had ridden after me
and had been the first to lift me from the water.
Many times daily he made inquiries con-
cerning me; his hand had been the hand that sent
me the rare flowers that had decked the room
his were the looks that I read during the days
of convalescence; and his, now, the arm that
supported me as slowly and painfully I paced
the garden walks.

I have been his wife for many years. I
have forgotten that he is not handsome—or
rather he is beautiful to me, because I see
his grand and loving spirit through his
plain features animating his awkward figure.

I have long since laid aside, as utterly
untenable, my theory that beautiful spirits
dwell only in lovely bodies. It may be a pro-
vidential compensation that, in denying physical
perfection, the soul is not dwarfed or marred
by petty vanity or love of the world's
praise.

MORE COPY.

A PARODY OF POE'S RAVEN.

Once in August, wet and dreary, sat this
writer, weak and weary, pondering o'er a
memorandum book of items used before—book
of scrawling head notes, rather—items, taken
days to gather them in hot and sultry weather
(using up much time and leather), pondered
these items o'er. While we couldn't then
slowly rocking (through our mind queer ideas
flocking), came a quick and nervous knocking
—knocking at the sanctum door. "Sure, that
must be Jinks," we muttered—"Jinks that's
knocking at our door, Jinks, the everlasting
bore."

Ah, well do we remind us, in the walls
which then confined us, the "exchanges" lay
behind us, and before us, and around us, o'er
the floor. "Jinks we Jinks wants to borrow
some papers till to-morrow, and 'twill be re-
lief from sorrow to get rid of Jinks, the bore,
by opening wide the door." Still the visitor
kept knocking louder than before.

And the scattered piles of papers cut some
rather curious capers, being lifted by the breeze
coming through another door; and we
wished (the wish was evil, for one deemed al-
ways evil) that Jinks was at the door, to
stay there evermore; then to find his level—
Jinks, the nerve-unstringing bore!

Bracing up our patience firmer, then, with-
out another murmur: "Mr. Jinks, your par-
don, your forgiveness we implore. But, the
fact is, we were reading of some curious pro-
ceedings, and thus it was, unveiling your loud
knocking thrice before—" Here we opened
wide the door. But phancy, now, our phan-
cies—for it wasn't Jinks, the bore,—Jinks,
nameless evermore!

But the form that stood before us, caused
trembling to come over and men'try boys
back again to days of yore; a days when
"items" were in plenty, and wherever the
writer went he picked up interesting items by
the score. 'Twas the form of our "devil," in
an attitude uncivil; and he thrust his head
within the open door, with "The foreman's
out of court, sir! and says he wants some
more!" Yes, like Alexander, want! "more!"

Now, this "devil" had already walked about
till nearly dead—he had sauntered through
the city till his feet were very sore—walked
through the street called Dauphin, and the
by-ways running off into the portions of the
city both public and obscure; had examined
store and cellar, and had questioned every
"feller" whom we met, from door to door, if
anything was stirring—any accidents occur-
ing—not published heretofore—and met with
success; he would rather kinder guess he felt
a little wicked at that ugly little bore, with his
message from the foreman that he wanted
"something more."

"Now, it's time you were departing, you
were departing, you scamp!" cried we, up-
starting; "get you back into the office—office
where you were before—or the words which
you have spoken will get your bones all brok-
en" (and we seized a cudgel, oaken, that was
lying on the floor. "Take your hands out of
your pockets, and leave the sanctum door;
tell the foreman there is no copy, you ugly
little bore." Quoth the devil, "Send him
more."

And our devil, never sitting, still is flitting
still is flitting back and forth upon the land-
ing just outside our sanctum door. Tears
down his cheeks are storm—strange light from
his eyes is beaming—and his voice is heard,
still screaming, "Sir, the foreman some more!"

And our soul, pierced with that screaming, it
awakened from its dreaming, and has lost the
peaceful feeling it had before; for the fancy,
which comes over us, bears the horrid words—
"We want a little more!" Words on their
foreheads glancing. "Your funny column needs
a little more!"—Jaxon.

A BRAZILIAN ISLAND.—We went gliding
sotly along water of a delicious green tint,
glassy as a lake, with broad grassy meadows
stretching down on either side, till we anchored
in the Roads, outside the harbor, which was to
shallow to admit a vessel of our size. In
our way we picked up a canoe, drifting own-
erless over the quiet waters. The cutter was
sent to board some of the ships in the har-
bor. While we were gazing at the scenery,
the green shrubs, and rocks half covered with
grass, and half bare the island spread with
way foliage, at whose feet the ripples were
just commencing to break, as the sea breeze
arose, the cutter came creeping out again, its
white sails, showing picturesquely beneath a
bank of dark haze. Light and shade char-
med each other across the green lawns, now
bright of a dazzling tint, now darker and more
sombre. Each fugitive ray of the sun, chased
by a dozen clouds leap-frog from peak peak, de-
scending the mountain side. Now it rested for
an instant on a bank of red flowery gorse, that
shot out innumerable sparkles betraying the
fugitive to the pursuing clouds, that in an
instant had drawn their veils over his resting
place. But he was not caught, no he was
lower down resting on a patch of mead-
ow, and by the time they had settled on that
he was further down still; when he had led
them to the shore, and dazzled the wavelets
that broke upon the beach, he flew straight up
again to the sun, leaving the baffled pursuers
behind, in undisputed possession of the
whole landscape. Such a gorgeous hill-side
was never elsewhere; the constantly flicking
tints could have been caught by no pencil—
more magnificent than ever clothed the artist's
canvas, or decided with ecstasy the poet's
dreams.—(Edward Witherforce.)

A terrible storm visited Buenos Ayres about
six weeks ago. It commenced very sudden-
ly, and in a few minutes the whole heavens
were obscured by driving clouds of dust, mak-
ing the day darker than the darkest night ever
known. The wind was terrific, and trees
houses, coaches, carts, boats and ships were
carried in all directions, and many lives lost.
On the farms cattle and sheep were carried
away for leagues before the wind, but not
many animals were killed. The loss of life
was not as great as was at first feared, but it
amounts to fifty or more, so far as had been
heard from.

The Belfast Journal tells the following
story: A gentleman of this city (Belfast) had
at one time in his employ an Irishman pos-
sessed of a good deal more zeal than knowl-
edge. His employer gave him a key one morning
with directions to "go to the Post Office and
get the contents of forty." Pat vanished, but
presently came back with pockets, hat and
hands filled with a miscellaneous collection of
mail matter, and the explanation—"I couldn't
open forty, sir, but I opened all I could and
here they be!"

The northern overland telegraph enterprise
is a gigantic affair. Through British America,
1200 miles; through Russia in America, 900;
across Behring Strait 183; across the Gulf of
Anadyr 210; and thence overland to the
mouth of the Amur River 1803; or a total
of 4,293 miles. At the Amur it is to be con-
tinued by a Russian line connecting it with
Irkoutsk, through Western Siberia, commu-
nicating with Nijni-Novgorod and Moscow, and
thence to St. Peterburgh. The capital in-
volved amounts to ten millions of dollars.

The ship "Mozart," Capt. Smith, of Wind-
sor, N. S., 900 tons, arrived at Halifax on the
25th inst., with 269 English and Scotch pas-
sengers.

Suddenly at Fredericton on the 15th inst.,
a Paralysis, after a few hours illness, des-
cended upon William Smithson, aged 63 years. The de-
ceased was a native of England, and has long
been known and esteemed as an active Minis-
ter in the Wesleyan Methodist in British
North America.

MEDICAL ASSISTANCE.
THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY



RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

THE GREAT INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL REMEDY.

It is the most effectual remedy for all the most distressing pains in a few minutes.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

It is the most effectual remedy for all the most distressing pains in a few minutes.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

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NEW GOODS.

JOHN S. MAGEE,

Respectfully announces that he has now received the greater portion of his Fall and Winter stock of New Goods, —upwards of—

50 Bales, Cases and Packages

consisting of all the most desirable Goods for the present season in

COTTON GOODS.

Prints, Grey sheetings, White sheetings, Striped Shirts, Regatta, Reels, Denims, Cotton Flannels.

WOLLEY'S GOODS.

1st Cloth, Tweeds, Trussings, Confederate Grey, Stone, drills, Blankets, Camp Quits, Flannels in cotton and wool, and all wool Saxons, Welton, Twined, Plain, Red, White, Blue, Yellow, Grey, Fancy Crimean Flannels.

HOMESPUNS good for

Boys and Men's wear.

Pilot cloths, Heavers and Whineys. Mantle cloths in black and coloured Sealskins, Dogskin, Tweeds, &c. &c.

DRESS GOODS.

In all the new styles, Tailors, French Merinos, British Lustrous and Colours, Tweeds, Gals Plaid in all wool and cotton & wool, Challie, Poplinettes.

A few Superior Black Silk Dresses.

Trimming Goods in all the new styles, Bugie, Tinsel Velvet, Plain Velvets, &c.

MILLINERY goods of all descriptions.

Skeleton Skirts, La Belle, Bon-ton, Promenade, Excelsior, and other styles.

Balmal shirtings, all colours.

A nice assortment of Zephyr, Himalaya and Plaid Long and Square SHAWLS.

READY MADE CLOTHING, Bikes, Woolen socks, &c. &c. Scarfs, and Mitts for gentlemen.

Ladies and Childrens

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers.

with a variety of other goods so numerous that the Standard would hardly contain their names.

To all of which public attention is invited.

Give us a call and see what we have got. All goods sold at a small advance on cost to ensure a speedy sale, and in no case can we make a second price.

JOHN S. MAGEE.

ALBION HOUSE

Water St.

Removal.

JOHN BALSON,

Shipbroker and Commission Agent

KENNEDY'S ARCADE,

Water St.

Best to announce that he has removed his place of business to that eligible stand, Kennedy's Arcade, fronting the Market Square, and two doors out of the "ALBION HOUSE," where he respectfully solicits a share of patronage, which an extensive experience, enables him to conduct

IN Store and for sale a constant supply of Flour & Provisions, Dry and Pickled Fish, and also the celebrated "Purine Oil," wholesale and retail, with Lamps, Chimneys, and Burners; all of which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

Also, 20 Barrels Choice Apples.

Exporters of Lumber can be accommodated with wharfrage to any extent, at the most central wharf in the Port, at moderate charges. Particular attention will be given to shipping business entrusted to his care.

Masters of Vessels will find it to their interest to give him a call.

St. Andrews, February 1st, 1865.

NEW STORE.

The Subscriber has opened a

Druggist Shop

the store formerly occupied by Mr. C. Stevenson, where he will keep constantly on hand a complete stock of

DRUGS, MEDICALS & CHEMICALS,

Perfumery, Powders & Fancy Soaps;

SPICES:

Ginger, Cinnamon, cloves, nutmegs, Pepper, allspice.

Flavoring Extracts.

Lemon, Rose, Vanilla, Peach, Butter Almonds, Caudied

Orange, Lemon, Citron

Sago, Arrowroot, Tapioca, Prepared corn, Irish Potatoes, &c. &c. Fine Honey, Confectionary.

BRUSHES:

Hair, Tooth, Nail, Cloth, Grose, Scrubs

Tobacco, Cigars, and Brar Pipes.

Dec 21.

J. L. STREET.

NEW FRUIT.

Ex Steamer from Boston:

30 Boxes of Layers Raisins.

Oct 13.

J. W. STREET & SON.

Earthen, rockery & Glassware

show Rooms.

29 Dock Street, St. John.

F. CLEMENTSON, has on hand and for sale

every description of the above ware direct from the manufacturers in Staffordshire which he offers for sale wholesale and retail on the most reasonable terms.

An inspection solicited.

St. John, Oct. 19, 1y F. CLEMENTSON.

WM. H. WILLIAMSON,

Druggist,

Respectfully announces to the Inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity, that he has removed his former business of a Druggist, in the shop formerly known as Dr. Gove's Medical Hall adjoining the Union Store, Water Street, where he is prepared to make up Physicians prescriptions, and medicines for cattle &c.

He has also for sale Drugs, Chemicals, Family and Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet articles, paints, oils, Vermish, Glass, putty, &c.

Every shade of paint prepared for use.

The whole will be sold low for cash. American money taken at a discount.

aug 24

E. F. LAW,

Watch and Clockmaker,

Shop adjoining H. Whitakers opposite Brad

ford's Hotel Water Street

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry neatly repaired.

St. Andrews Aug. 12, 1865.

NEW GOODS,

THE SUBSCRIBER

Has just Received

PER

Steamers "CANADA" and "ARABIA,"

VIA BOSTON

Part of our "Spring Goods" being carefully

selected from Manufacturing Houses of the "First Class" in "Great Britain,"

And will be disposed of at a very

The balance of "our stock" will arrive per steamers "Europa" and "Asia" when a full description of goods and prices will be given.

Remember our "Motto" will be

SMALL PROFITS TO MEET THE TIMES

Kerosine Oil.

Ex Steamer from Boston.

20 Casks Kerosine Oil.

Aug 1865

J. W. STREET & SON.

Anthracite Coal.

A few tons of Anthracite coal, for sale by

J. W. STREET & SON

Oct. 26th, 1865.

TEA.

30 Half chests

Souchong.

Just received and for sale by

LODD, CLEWLEY & CO.

St. Stephen.

Layer Raisins.

Ex Steamer from Boston.

20 Boxes of Best Layer Raisins.

20 Half do.

Nov. 5th, 1865.

J. W. STREET & SON.

BRANDIES.

To arrive per "Swift" from Charente,

14 Hhds. Martell & Co's best Cognac

22 Br. Casks Brandy, Pale & Coloured,

vintage 1862 and 1863.

40 Cases do do vintage 1860.

ALBION HOUSE.

Water Street, Saint Andrews, N. B.

Dress Goods, in Fares

Printed Cashmeres

Challies, Alpaccas,

Lama Cloths and Plain Bareges

Cheap Cottons,

Table Linens, Towels,

Apkins, Sheetings,

JOHN S. MAGEE

BRADFORD & CO.,

Eastport, Maine.

MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN

CLOTHS & READY MADE CLOTHING

JACQUET TRIMMINGS.

SEAMEN'S OUTFITS.

BOOTS, CLOTHING, TRUNKS, VALISES

&c. &c.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

CUSTOM WORK EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS

AND DISPATCH.

July 31, 1865.

PEACE & PLENTY.

In anticipation of the War coming to

an end this year and consequent

fall of Cotton, whether

RICHMOND FALLS OR NOT,

I will from this date, for Cash, sell

"COTTON AT COST PRICES,"

and continue the sale for three

weeks—so if you want to save

money, call at the ALBION HOUSE.

Water street, St. Andrews.

JOHN S. MAGEE,

Molasses.

HDS choice Retailing Molasses.

20 H

J. W. STREET & SON.

B. R. STEVENSON

Attorney at Law and Solicitor

Office—in Clerk of the Peace office,

St. Andrews, July 13, 1869.

DR. PARKER.

Has removed to the Cottage in Queen street

adjoining the Agency of the Commercial Bank

and nearly opposite to the Ship Office.

St. Andrews, Nov. 19, 1861.

A NEW ENGLAND SETTLEMENT IN

NEW JERSEY.

THE HAMMONTON TRACT OF

LAND IN NEW JERSEY

Has become the subject of an extensive colonization from the

New England States, and the British Provinces, with large amounts

of money, and with the view of settling the poor of the New

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