

L. P. BERNARD IN WITNESS BOX AT QUEBEC INQUIRY

Was Under Crossfire of Questions For Some Time.

INTERVIEWS OVERHEARD

Stenographer Says Mousseau Promised to Rush the Bill Through and Got \$500.

Quebec, Feb. 4.—After being successful in getting called to the witness stand, L. P. Bernard, one of the three legislators accused by the Montreal Daily Mail of accepting bribes in connection with the passing of the Montreal Fair Association bill, L. T. Marchal, counsel for the Mail, was compelled this morning to face a determined attempt by Alme Geoffrion, K. C., counsel for Mr. Bernard, to prevent his being compelled by the legislative committee of inquiry from answering certain questions.

The witnesses present included Guy B. Biddinger, the Burns detective, who, with S. C. Maloney, heard last night, in the witness box, which the legislators have been accused of falling.

G. Keys, stenographer for the Burns Detective Agency, employed on the case, described the telephone conversations between "Mr. Sampson," "Mr. Hyland" and Mr. Mousseau heard by Mr. Keys then gave reports of interviews overheard, mentioned by Edward Beck in his evidence. The first took place in Room 369, at the Chateau Frontenac, Quebec, on Dec. 3, between Mr. Mousseau and Mr. Biddinger, the latter being known as "Hyland."

Could Rush Bill Through. Mr. Mousseau had said that he could elect four or five good men on the majority side of the House, and one or two on the other side, to rush the bill through. He said Mr. Bernard would be useful in the Upper House, as he was a friend of the Premier and would never have been appointed had it not been for that friendship. Mr. Biddinger then gave Mr. Mousseau \$500. Mr. Mousseau acknowledged receiving \$500 from Mr. Sampson or Maloney. Mr. Mousseau promised to distribute the money.

Showed Stenographer. At the outset of the inquiry, L. T. Marchal formally offered to operate the stenographer for the benefit of the inquiry into the Montreal Daily Mail graft charges.

Hon. L. A. Taschereau, chairman of the committee, said his conferees and himself would be glad to see the instrument demonstrated.

After Armand Lavergne, the Nationalist member on the committee, had asked what was to be done in regard to the proposed appearance of Achille Bergevin and L. P. Bernard, Mr. Taschereau said he would allow Mr. Bernard to appear to answer questions.

Berard Called. Mr. Marchal then called Mr. Bernard, and asked him if he had met Mr. Mousseau during the session of the Legislature. Mr. Bernard said he had met Mr. Marchal—Did you meet Mr. Sampson?

Mr. Bernard—I decline to answer that question on advice of counsel.

Mr. Marchal—Meeting a man is not a criminal action. Do you say whether you met Mr. Sampson in Montreal?

Mr. Bernard—I decline to answer.

Mr. Marchal—Did you receive \$500 from Mr. Hyland?

Mr. Bernard again declined to answer.

Mr. Marchal—If you did get the money what did you do with it?

Objections Raised. Mr. N. K. Lafontaine, who represented Mr. Mousseau, objected to the question. He said Mr. Marchal was asking the same question in different ways, in an attempt to catch the witness. He had no answer and the committee should decide whether he should do so or not.

Mr. Marchal read the law in regard to evidence given before the committee and of the House, and argued that the (Continued on page 11.)

Commanding Officer Who is to Retire From 7th Regiment

LIEUT.-COL. A. A. CAMPBELL.

IS APPARENTLY NO FEVERISH DESIRE TO ENFORCE A BYLAW

Officials Unwilling to Tackle Vague Provisions of Smoke Nuisance Prevention Regulations.

There does not seem to be any feverish desire on the part of public officials to enforce the anti-smoke bylaw passed in 1909, although Ald. J. H. Murray on Monday night, called the attention of the city council to the matter.

In many parts of the city are heard complaints against the smoke nuisance, and only Monday night, Robert Kilgour told the council that the smoke from the burning of refuse in the vicinity of the plant.

The weakest point in the bylaw seems the provision regarding the method of its enforcement. No prosecution may be commenced until at least 30 days have elapsed in which it has been given by the municipality to the person to be proceeded against.

According to this clause, a manufacturer might allow smoke to issue from his plant in objectionable quantities for five months and then take the end of the warning period, five steps to choke it off. If then summoned to court, he could point to the fact that his plant was not causing a nuisance. In this way, the bylaw is very ineffective.

When it is considered that the bylaw is to prevent emission to the atmosphere of opaque or dense smoke for a period of more than six minutes in any hour, from any premises or steam engine in which fire is burned, and therefore, includes railroad engines, the difficulty of carrying out the provisions of such a measure is apparent.

The bylaw does not apply to any furnace or fire used in connection with the reduction, refinement or smelting of ores or minerals, or the manufacture of cement, or to private dwelling houses, except they be apartment houses of a class of eight to three stories and basement.

The penalty for violation of the bylaw is a fine not exceeding \$50 for each offence, in default of seizure and sale of goods and chattels of the offender. In the event of there being no distress, a jail sentence, not to exceed twenty-one days, may be imposed.

BRINGING POLITICS TO TORONTO VARSITY

Circular Tells Beliefs of Conservative Party at College.

Toronto, Feb. 4.—The introduction of political elements into Toronto University is viewed by some of the friends of the institute with something like alarm. A printed circular, unsigned, is being distributed among the students, and reads:

"The Conservative party of University College favors the principle of one language in Ontario—the English. To this end it favors that:

"1. All instruction in the schools should be in English, except that the present regulations should be continued in force for a reasonable time.

"2. All teachers should be required to show a satisfactory knowledge of English before being allowed to teach.

"3. Public school inspectors in districts in which another language is spoken should be those whose mother tongue is English.

ANOTHER WHITE STAR CUT

Rate War Brings Steerage Schedule Down to \$22.

Montreal, Feb. 3.—The White Star Line today announced a further cut in steamer rates, the second made within a week. This is regarded as an answer to the latest move by the Hamburg-American Company, which gave out a cut to \$25. On Sunday the White Star cut continental ports from \$35 to \$30. The rates as revised today now stand at \$22, going either east or west, and by all steamers without distinction. The next move is up to the German company, over which Herr Ballin is the presiding genius.

A local steamship men say that the booking, owing to the time of the year, is slow, but they admit that the rate war precipitated by the Hamburg-American may affect seriously the early spring traffic. So far it is not believed that first or second cabin rates will be reduced, though this admittedly is a possible development of the rate war.

THE WEATHER.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES. The following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London for the 12 hours preceding 8 a.m. today: Highest, 4; lowest, 28.

The official temperature for today: Highest, 35; lowest, 17.

TOMORROW—MUCH COLDER. Toronto, Feb. 4, 8 a.m.—Forecasts.

Fresh west to north winds, some light local snowfalls and furies, but mostly fair. Much colder tonight and on Thursday.

Temperatures. The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today: High, 35; low, 17.

Weather Notes. A depression which formed during the night in the lower lake region now covers the St. Lawrence valley, while the western and northern cold wave continues to increase. Light rain or snow has fallen from Ontario to the Maritime provinces, and light snow has occurred at a few points in the West.

MAJOR H. C. BECHER TO SUCCEED TO THE SEVENTH COMMAND

Will Get Advance in Rank As Result of Lieut.-Col. Campbell's Resignation.

CAPT. SPITTAL FOR MAJOR

Will Become Senior Field Officer, With Capt. Little as Junior Major.

Important changes in the officership of the Seventh Regiment are pending, according to authoritative information received today. Lt.-Col. A. A. Campbell is to retire from the command of the regiment, and Major H. C. Becher, now senior major of the regiment, will in all probability succeed him in the rank of Lt.-Col. Capt. William Spittal is to succeed to the rank of senior major, with Capt. A. T. Little as junior major.

The annual meeting of the regiment takes place the last week in this month, and it is understood that the above changes will be made at that time. Lt.-Col. Campbell's term expires in May, and his successor will probably take command about the first of that month. Annual spring drill is expected to begin in March, and for the first time the regiment will be uniformed in khaki, which hereafter will comprise the regular service uniform of the regiment. The official establishment of the regiment has been increased to 640, an increase of 150 over the present strength, and provision has been made for this number. The uniforms are now being placed in stores and will be issued shortly. The scarlet tunics and breeches will still be maintained for ceremonial work, however, and a complete issue of tunics is also among the changes promised.

FREEDOM OF LONDON FOR VOLTURNS CAPTAIN

Francis and Mrs. Inch Also Got Some Valuable Presents.

London, Feb. 4.—Captain Francis Inch, commander of the steamship Volturno, which was built in mid-Atlantic on October 31, 1913 with a loss of 135 lives was presented today with the freedom of the city of London in a silver casket, and also with a gold medal, a gold watch and chain, a purse of gold and Lloyd's silver medal. The presentation was made by the lord mayor at the Mansion House. He told Captain Inch that the presentations were in recognition of "his heroism and staunch allegiance to duty."

At the same time a diamond and sapphire pendant and a silver tea service were presented to Mrs. Inch.

The lord mayor and William Marchal, the wireless inventor, delivered eulogistic speeches, in reply to which Captain Inch modestly disclaimed having done anything but his duty.

FORMER LAMBTON MAN DIED AT WINNIPEG

John W. Thompson, Old-Time Westerner, Was M.P.P. For Minnedosa.

Winnipeg, Feb. 4.—John W. Thompson, Liberal M.P.P. for Minnedosa, died in the general hospital early this morning of pneumonia. Mr. Thompson, who was a real old-time westerner, was removed on Friday to the hospital, where death occurred.

Mr. Thompson was born near Raynewood, Lambton County, Ontario, in 1858 and came west in 1878, eventually going on a homestead at Minnedosa. He was homestead inspector from 1897 until 1910, when he was elected to the Legislature.

EXPENSIVE SMUGGLING.

New York, Feb. 4.—Lucius N. Limaux, a former member of the Legislature, was fined \$1,000 each and sentenced to six months in jail today for smuggling. The jail sentence was suspended.

STREET CAR DELAYS

Lost Time Through Richmond Street Level Crossing.

Yesterday's street railway delays caused by the blockade of the Richmond street level crossing of the Grand Trunk were as follows:

Table with columns: Line, Duration, Time Lost. Includes entries for Oxford, Wellington, Wellington, Wellington, Normal, Ridout, Ridout, Ridout, Ottawa N, Ottawa S, Ottawa N, Ottawa N, Normal.

TO INSTALL MAMMOTH PURIFIER AT FIELDS

Tilbury Natural Gas To Be Delivered to Municipalities Purified.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Brantford, Feb. 4.—The pleasing announcement was made today at a meeting of the directors of the Brantford Gas Company that steps were being taken to install a mammoth gas purifier at the Tilbury natural gas fields, which it is expected will do away with all complaints about the objectionable smell from the gas at points north of Brantford.

FIREMEN TO GET ONE DAY OFF IN EVERY SIX NOW

Controllers Recommend Addition of Two More Men to the Department.

CHIEF'S ANNUAL REPORT Asks For More Motor Apparatus and Alterations to Hall.

The board of control this morning decided to recommend the appointment of two additional firemen, in order to give the men one day off in six, instead of one in seven days as at present. There are forty men in the department at the present time, although the ratio in most cities is one for every thousand of population. At this rate, London's department is undermanned to a considerable extent.

In Hamilton, the men get one day off in six and in Toronto, one in five, and Fire Chief John Aitken told the controllers this morning that he quite agreed with the request of the men to allow them a little more time to spend at home with their families.

HERO OF THE WRECK OF STR. MONROE AFTER CRASH WITH NANTUCKET

F. J. KUEHNE, wireless operator, who gave his life to a woman and a child later slipped on the icy deck, fell into the sea and was drowned.

The chief recommended the appointment of more firemen and the purchase of additional hose, besides a motor tractor to draw the services truck and to hold a ladder in some portions of the business sections.

Chief Aitken pointed out the necessity of remodeling No. 2 fire hall and providing more apparatus, with headquarters in this city. This morning, J. C. Duffield, of the company, refused to either confirm or deny the rumor.

"We are not in a position to make a statement yet," said the spokesman for authoritative sources it is learned, however, that the negotiations are practically completed.

WILL APPEAL FOR DISCONTINUANCE OF CHEAP FARES

Board of Trade Retail Section To Fight Against the Detroit Excursions.

ARE LOSING THOUSANDS Low Rates to City of Straits Takes Money From London Businessmen.

The retail merchants of London through their new organization, the retail section of the board of trade, will ask the Eastern Canadian Passenger Association to discontinue cheap excursions to Detroit.

At a session of the standing committee of the retailers' section last night it was decided to call a meeting for Tuesday evening next, when the matter will be fully discussed and a recommendation made to the full board, along these lines.

It is pointed out that London merchants each year lose many thousands of dollars through the cheap excursions to Detroit, when scores of citizens avail themselves of the reduced rates to slip down to the border city, and lay the stores of the Eastern Canadian Passenger Association to rest.

The retailers argue that the merchants are the heaviest taxpayers and chiefly responsible for the progress, commercial and otherwise, of London, and feel that trade should be kept at home.

Another Theatre, the Lyric, of Hamilton, is said to have been added to the string owned and operated by the Canadian Theatres, Limited, with headquarters in this city. This morning, J. C. Duffield, of the company, refused to either confirm or deny the rumor.

JUDGE CHARBONNEAU REFUSED MANDAMUS

Will Not Compel Issuing of Warrants for Detectives' Arrest.

Montreal, Feb. 4.—Justice Charbonneau this morning refused a writ of mandamus compelling the issue of warrants for the arrest of the Burns' detectives concerned in the exposures at Quebec. The decision was handed out by the judge after the case had been referred to him by the chief justice.

The attempt to obtain the mandamus was made by Tancredi Marchal, who was first made application for the writs by Judge Lanctot, who later withdrew the warrants, after taking into consideration the immunity granted to the detectives by the Legislature.

FIVE KILLED AND SEVEN INJURED IN FIRE

Bemidji, Minn., Feb. 4.—Five men were dead and seven seriously injured in a fire, which destroyed a hotel at Kelleper, near Bemidji, this morning. The fire broke out at O'Neill, Dear River; Thomas Boyd, Chicago; M. Kreis, Kelleper.

The injured have been brought to a hospital here.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, Feb. 4.—Arrived: Steamer America.

New York, Feb. 4.—Steamer Lusitania, Liverpool for New York, 1,470 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7 a.m. Dock Friday evening.

THE TAFT SMILE

An Impression of the ex-President's beaming countenance during his recent visit to Toronto.

There were the objections to holding the camp in June, Col. Hodgins pointed out. In the first place, nearly all farm land is under crop at that time and it is practically impossible to secure room necessary to a successful carrying out of manoeuvres. In August the crops are nearly all harvested, and troops can move freely across country without causing any damage. Secondly, June is a busy time with the farmers and the rural regiments find it hard to recruit their full strength, the work on the farm demanding the attention of the farmers themselves and their hired men at that time.

GRAFTING A NEW NOSE AND LIPS TO YOUNG CANADIAN

Remarkable Operation Being Performed on Ross Allen.

ARM PROVIDED THE LIPS Nose Will Be Taken From One of His Ribs—Was Injured in Accident.

[Canadian Press.] Baltimore, Feb. 4.—With a part of his former substituting for new lips, Ross Allen, a young Canadian, at a hospital here, seems to be in a favorable way to have practically the whole of his face newly shaped.

When Allen accumulated about two months ago with his face disfigured from an accident in a saw mill five years ago. His nose and lips were missing.

First Operation. A section of flesh shaped to the form of his lower lip was cut on his forearm in December, and a grafting juncture made with the lip base. The arm was bound about the head until the grafting was completed.

This consumed about two weeks, when sufficient adhesion having taken place, the lip section was severed from the arm and the lip shaped.

Same Procedure. The same procedure was followed in the upper lip treatment, a section of the arm flesh being grafted across the upper gum and the arm strapped to Allen's head and shoulders until this section, too, had taken hold.

Will Try a New Nose. When Allen accumulates sufficient strength for another operation, the surgeons will try to build him a new nose. It is planned to cut away a piece of healthy cartilage from one of the ribs at the junction with the breastbone, shape it to the form of the nose with the nostril openings and insert it in place of the missing organ. The skin, which will have been previously set for the insertion of the substitute bone, is then to be drawn over the bone and healing awaited. It is expected that the cartilage will adhere to the facial bone in three become an integral part of the skull structure. Several months will be needed for the complete operation.

ANOTHER THEATRE FOR LONDON COMPANY

"Lyric," of Hamilton, Said To Have Been Bought by Canadian Theatres, Limited

Another Theatre, the Lyric, of Hamilton, is said to have been added to the string owned and operated by the Canadian Theatres, Limited, with headquarters in this city. This morning, J. C. Duffield, of the company, refused to either confirm or deny the rumor.

WORK FOR 1,000 MEN ON FARMS OF LONDON TOWNSHIP

Lack of Help Causes Farmers to Turn to Grazing and to Use of Coal While Wood Lots Remain Untouched.

"A thousand men who know anything about farm work and are able and willing to work can walk out into London Township today and find employment," said J. H. Patrick, of Rogers, in Immigration Agent John Riggs' office today.

Mr. Patrick told The Advertiser that he had been advertising for several months for an experienced stock man, and the lowest salary that any applicant would accept was \$45 a month, with free house, garden, fuel and milk. Others wanted as high as \$80 a month, with house, garden and supplies.

CHANGE DATE OF MILITARY CAMP UNTIL AUGUST

D. O. C. Wants the Annual Manoeuvres Held Later in the Year.

CONDITIONS BETTER THEN Troops Can Move Easier and Rural Regiments Can Be Recruited.

If plans now under consideration by Col. Hodgins, D. O. C., of No. 1 military district, are brought to a successful issue, the annual training of all the troops in the division will take place in August instead of June, as formerly. The annual camp will conclude with military manoeuvres on a much larger scale than those carried out at Mount Brydges last fall.

"It is making an effort now to have the time for the annual training changed from June to August," said Col. Hodgins this morning. "I have sent out letters asking for an expression of opinion from the officers, as to the advisability of this move, and although I have received no replies yet, I made it a point to visit the farm lands under crop."

There were the objections to holding the camp in June, Col. Hodgins pointed out. In the first place, nearly all farm land is under crop at that time and it is practically impossible to secure room necessary to a successful carrying out of manoeuvres. In August the crops are nearly all harvested, and troops can move freely across country without causing any damage. Secondly, June is a busy time with the farmers and the rural regiments find it hard to recruit their full strength, the work on the farm demanding the attention of the farmers themselves and their hired men at that time.

The success of the manoeuvres last year and the enthusiasm with which both officers and men took part in it, leads Col. Hodgins to believe that the proposed change would be welcomed, and there is strong probability this year the annual camp and manoeuvres on a large scale will be completed.

Whether the camp would be held at London or Goderich, Col. Hodgins could not say. "I have heard nothing whatever about it," he said.

TORONTO PAPER SAYS BECK'S CHANGES GAIN

His Friends and Hanna's Would Like Him to be Commissioner

[Canadian Press.] Toronto, Feb. 4.—While there is nothing but official silence in Ottawa as to the intentions of the Government as to the filling of the Canadian high commissionership, the impression is gaining ground that the chances of Hon. Adam Beck are improving, says the Toronto Star. No doubt this impression is based on a somewhat remarkable unanimity of opinion, favorable to his appointment.

In the first place Mr. Beck's friends would like him to get it. The position, particularly as it has been developed by Lord Strathcona, is one to which any man might aspire, and would be a fitting recognition, say Mr. Beck's friends, of his public services.

In the second place, the friends of Mr. Hanna who desire to see that gentleman succeed to the premiership of Ontario, would be pleased to see Mr. Beck get the high commissionership, particularly in this city, which would at the same time use his influence to assure Mr. Hanna's succession, and straighten out one or two kinks that have had their origin in the past in rivalry and in perhaps some jealousy.

ANOTHER SILVER VEIN AT FORT WILLIAM

Rich Samples Taken Into the City From Near Old Mine.

[Canadian Press.] Fort William, Feb. 4.—Silver ore samples, assaying \$30 to the ton, were brought into the city Monday, which were said to have been taken from a six-foot vein located about twelve miles from the city, near the old mine. The discovery is worth of silver in the other mining days of this district. The development is promised on the property early in the spring.

Toronto, Feb. 4.—Receipts at Union Stockyards this morning were: 332 cattle, 61 calves, 2,440 hogs, 248 sheep and lambs.

Hogs were slightly lower, good demand prevailing for veals. Prices were generally steady, but the market was dull.

WORK FOR 1,000 MEN ON FARMS OF LONDON TOWNSHIP

Lack of Help Causes Farmers to Turn to Grazing and to Use of Coal While Wood Lots Remain Untouched.

"A thousand men who know anything about farm work and are able and willing to work can walk out into London Township today and find employment," said J. H. Patrick, of Rogers, in Immigration Agent John Riggs' office today.

Mr. Patrick told The Advertiser that he had been advertising for several months for an experienced stock man, and the lowest salary that any applicant would accept was \$45 a month, with free house, garden, fuel and milk. Others wanted as high as \$80 a month, with house, garden and supplies.

FIVE KILLED AND SEVEN INJURED IN FIRE

Bemidji, Minn., Feb. 4.—Five men were dead and seven seriously injured in a fire, which destroyed a hotel at Kelleper, near Bemidji, this morning. The fire broke out at O'Neill, Dear River; Thomas Boyd, Chicago; M. Kreis, Kelleper.

The injured have been brought to a hospital here.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, Feb. 4.—Arrived: Steamer America.

New York, Feb. 4.—Steamer Lusitania, Liverpool for New York, 1,470 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7 a.m. Dock Friday evening.

THE TAFT SMILE

An Impression of the ex-President's beaming countenance during his recent visit to Toronto.

GRAFTING A NEW NOSE AND LIPS TO YOUNG CANADIAN

Remarkable Operation Being Performed on Ross Allen.

ARM PROVIDED THE LIPS Nose Will Be Taken From One of His Ribs—Was Injured in Accident.

[Canadian Press.] Baltimore, Feb. 4.—With a part of his former substituting for new lips, Ross Allen, a young Canadian, at a hospital here, seems to be in a favorable way to have practically the whole of his face newly shaped.

When Allen accumulated about two months ago with his face disfigured from an accident in a saw mill five years ago. His nose and lips were missing.

First Operation. A section of flesh shaped to the form of his lower lip was cut on his forearm in December, and a grafting juncture made with the lip base. The arm was bound about the head until the grafting was completed.

This consumed about two weeks, when sufficient adhesion having taken place, the lip section was severed from the arm and the lip shaped.

Same Procedure. The same procedure was followed in the upper lip treatment, a section of the arm flesh being grafted across the upper gum and the arm strapped to Allen's head and shoulders until this section, too, had taken hold.

Will Try a New Nose. When Allen accumulates sufficient strength for another operation, the surgeons will try to build him a new nose. It is planned to cut away a piece of healthy cartilage from one of the ribs at the junction with the breastbone, shape it to the form of the nose with the nostril openings and insert it in place of the missing organ. The skin, which will have been previously set for the insertion of the substitute bone, is then to be drawn over the bone and healing awaited. It is expected that the cartilage will adhere to the facial bone in three become an integral part of the skull structure. Several months will be needed for the complete operation.

ANOTHER THEATRE FOR LONDON COMPANY

"Lyric," of Hamilton, Said To Have Been Bought by Canadian Theatres, Limited

Another Theatre, the Lyric, of Hamilton, is said to have been added to the string owned and operated by the Canadian Theatres, Limited, with headquarters in this city. This morning, J. C. Duffield, of the company, refused to either confirm or deny the rumor.

JUDGE CHARBONNEAU REFUSED MANDAMUS

Will Not Compel Issuing of Warrants for Detectives' Arrest.

Montreal, Feb. 4.—Justice Charbonneau this morning refused a writ of mandamus compelling the issue of warrants for the arrest of the Burns' detectives concerned in the exposures at Quebec. The decision was handed out by the judge after the case had been referred to him by the chief justice.

CHANGE DATE OF MILITARY CAMP UNTIL AUGUST

D. O. C. Wants the Annual Manoeuvres Held Later in the Year.

CONDITIONS BETTER THEN Troops Can Move Easier and Rural Regiments Can Be Recruited.

If plans now under consideration by Col. Hodgins, D. O. C., of No. 1 military district, are brought to a successful issue, the annual training of all the troops in the division will take place in August instead of June, as formerly. The annual camp will conclude with military manoeuvres on a much larger scale than those carried out at Mount Brydges last fall.

"It is making an effort now to have the

--and the Worst Is Yet to Come



DUNDAS CENTRE CHURCH WANTS FOREST PASTOR

Quarterly Board Calls Rev. A. J. Thomas to Succeed Rev. A. J. Johnston.

At a meeting of the quarterly board of Dundas Centre Methodist Church held last evening, Rev. A. J. Thomas, M. A., B. D., of Forest, was invited to become pastor of the church for the next conference year to succeed Rev. A. J. Johnston, B.A., the present pastor, who has accepted a professorship in Victoria University, Toronto, and leaves next June.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS

Died in Arizona. Mr. Wm. A. Dier, Victoria, B. C., brother of Mrs. J. C. Pooock, Wolf street, this city, died yesterday in Tucson, Arizona. Mr. Dier had been in poor health some time and was in Tucson, accompanied by his son, Dr. Roy Dier, in hopes of recovery. Mr. Dier was formerly a drygoods merchant in St. Thomas, Ont., where his mother and two sisters at present reside. He was a widower, and leaves a family of three sons and one daughter—Mrs. (Dr.) McEwen, New Westminster, B. C.; Dr. Harry Dier, Victoria, B. C.; Dr. Roy B. Dier, Lady-smith, B. C., and Dr. Elmore Dier, of Philadelphia. The late Mr. Dier was very well known in this city.

AGED LOBO WOMAN DEAD. The death of Mrs. Eleanor Robson, wife of the late George Robson, occurred at her residence, lot 15, concession 7, Lobo Township, on Tuesday. The late Mrs. Robson was 82 years of age. The funeral will be private, and held from the family residence at 1:30 o'clock Thursday. Services will be conducted at one o'clock. Interment will be made at St. George's Cemetery.

INSPECTOR AGAINST SUPPLYING PUPILS WITH FREE BOOKS

Favors Giving Them Supplies, But Believes They Should Own Text Books.

HE CITES OTHER CITIES

In Report to Board of Education He Shows What Is Being Done Elsewhere.

School Inspector C. B. Edwards, while favoring the plan to have the board of education furnish supplies to public school pupils, thinks that each pupil should own his or her own text books. In a report submitted to the board of education yesterday, and referred to the finance committee, the inspector points out that the cost of the text books is low, especially in the junior grades, and that the books may be used by other members of the family, which is not the case when they are supplied free.

Hamilton — Pupils are charged a month of 10 cents, and according to Inspector Ballard, this covers the cost of books and supplies, which, of course, are purchased by the board and distributed to the pupils. Mr. Ballard says that this plan has succeeded well in Hamilton, and is a very satisfactory solution of the free text book problem.

Peterboro — In Peterboro Inspector Mowat says that the cost of text books average from 25 cents to 35 cents per pupil, while the supplies cost from 75 cents to 85 cents each. Different members of the same family do not use the same books, which leads to some criticism, but otherwise the plan is satisfied. A small monthly fee is charged, which, the inspector thinks, should be abolished.

Toronto—Toronto supplies her public school children with free text books and supplies. From the latest report of the board of education the following facts are obtained. Cost per pupil for text books, 12 cents. Cost per pupil for supplies, 14 cents. This seems in comparison with the reports from other cities to be very low and I can only account for it by supposing that the books for supplementary reading in history, geography, literature and hygiene are not included and that in the matter of supplies loose paper is used instead of work books.

Ottawa—Inspector Dr. Putman of Ottawa has recently reported on averages for 1911, 1912 and 1913, and these show that the cost per pupil for text books were 28 cents and for supplies \$1.93. He states that "our plan gives universal satisfaction to parents."

"It can be seen that there is quite a divergence in the cost of both text books and supplies in the different cities, but I think that the explanation given above is a reasonable one."

"With respect to what we are doing in London it may be well to state that the board supplies foolscap, pens, ink, drawing pencils, work paper for junior grades, letters of the alphabet, large pencils for junior pupils. I estimate the annual cost of these at about \$1,500, but to supply lead pencils, work books (scribblers) would cost an additional \$1,500. "For text books I estimate that it would require at least \$2,200 to \$2,500 to supply them the first year, while renewals would probably cost \$1,500 per annum. The inspector points out that the furnishing of school supplies makes a saving of about 40 per cent, owing to the reduction consequent upon buying in large quantities."



Pale Girls and Frail Women

suffer discomfort—are languid, fretful and nervous, because their blood is thin or insufficient, but if those so afflicted could fully realize the wonderful blood-making properties of SCOTT'S EMULSION they would not deprive themselves of its benefits.

Nourishment alone—not drugs or alcohol—makes blood—and Scott's Emulsion is the essence of medical nourishment free from wines, alcohols or opiates.

"GO-TO-CHURCH" SUNDAY LIKELY FOR LONDONERS

Example of Chicago, the Bad, May Be Emulated by the Local Ministers.

CENTRAL "ON THE JOB" Admonishes All Phone Users to Attend Service—Does It Sweeten Temper?

"How about a Go-to-Church Campaign for London?" Chicago, so long the bold, bad city of the American continent, but henceforth to be known as Chicago-the-Good, and to take honors along with Toronto, St. Thomas and Kelly's Sliding in the category of centres of righteousness, had marked success in a Go-to-Church campaign on Sunday.

My Meals Don't Hurt a Bit

A Little Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet Will Aid Your Exhausted Stomach To Digest Any Meal.



Isn't it a real joy to see children eat? There is almost a ridiculous humor about it. The same joy that a child feels at meal time should be experienced by "grown-ups" and would be if they would only do as children do.

The work, worries and woes of adult life exhaust the digestive apparatus and nature very often is not allowed time or opportunity to renew or repair the exhausted organs and depleted digestive juices.

Phone Forty-Four Hundred | SMALLMAN & INGRAM, Limited | Store Closes at Six p. m.

Stirring Activities Always At This Store New Spring Things Coming and Sale Goods Going

There is always something interesting at the store that gets the new things first—and February promises much in this respect, as new things are piling in every day—which, together with Extra Values and February Sales, will create the greatest activity at this store.

The Bear Came Out, Saw His Shadow, Back for Six Weeks More Winter---

Yet We Offer Furs at Half Price

We feel safe in asking for a quick response to this announcement, particularly when, according to the old tradition of the bear and his shadow, we may expect six weeks more winter.



- 1 only Beaver Stole, regular \$42.00, half price... \$21.00
1 only Beaver Muff, regular \$38.00, half price... \$19.00
1 only Gray Lamb Stole, regular \$10.50, half price... \$5.25
1 only Gray Lamb Muff, regular \$12.75, half price... \$6.37
3 only Gray Lamb Muffs, regular \$5.85, half price... \$3.92
3 only Gray Lamb Stoles, regular \$5.00, half price... \$2.50
3 only Marmot Stoles, regular \$10.50, half price... \$5.25
4 only Persian Lamb Muffs, regular \$13.50, half price... \$6.75
10 only Gray and White Squirrel, lock linings, plates, regular \$15.00 and \$18.00, half price... \$7.50 and \$9.00

above Furs—Muffs and Neck Pieces, in Mink, Ermine and Persian Lamb. We have an exceptionally fine line in each of these Furs and one quarter off will prove a most tempting inducement to buy your Furs now.

Seven Fur Coats to Clear

- 2 only Astrachan Coats, size 36 and 38, storm collar, satin lined, regular \$38.00, to clear... \$28.88
1 only Astrachan Coat, size 38 length, 50-inch, satin lined, shawl collar, regular \$62.50, to clear... \$49.38
1 only Pony Coat, western sable collar, size 38, regular \$89.00, to clear... \$59.00
2 only Muskrat Coats, storm collar, satin lined, sizes 34 and 36, regular \$55.00, to clear... \$41.25
1 only Muskrat Coat, shawl collar, size 40, regular \$55.00, to clear... \$41.25

One Table of High-grade Corsets \$1.59

These are broken lines and sizes grouped into one lot which we sorted out in stock-taking, and all taken into stock at one price. Not a full range of sizes in any one line, but all sizes collectively in the lot. All high-grade Corsets, good makes and excellent values. A rare opportunity to secure a good Corset at a very low price. \$2.00 to \$5.00 lines, to clear Thursday morning. Come early for the higher priced lines. Pair... \$1.59

Furniture Sale Begins Well

The Furniture Sale, which opened Monday, promises to be the best from the point of special values and low prices, in the history of this department. Our Furniture buyer spent a week at the big furniture exhibition held in Toronto in January for the special purpose of picking up special offerings for this sale, and was most successful in doing so.

Smallman & Ingram Limited advertisement with logo and contact information.

The Greatest Modern Educator Of Children—Mme. Montessori

on her recent tour of America included Battle Creek, the great Pure Food Center, in her itinerary. Speaking of diet for children she makes the following statement (in the public press of Dec. 31, 1913):

"Coffee and tea should never be placed within reach of a childish hand."

Besides being an educator, Madame Montessori is a physician, and bases this advice on her scientific knowledge that an ordinary cup of tea or coffee contains from 1 1/2 to 3 grains of caffeine—a poisonous drug.

In these days of liberal education the average parent is becoming informed concerning the baneful effects of tea and coffee drinking, not only on the youth, but on those further along in life.

How much better to place before the children (and older ones, too) a wholesome, nutritious, pure food-drink such as

POSTUM

Made only of prime whole wheat and a small percent of pure molasses, Postum contains only the rich native value of the grain—good for young and old. Postum is free from caffeine or other harmful substance.

Postum comes in two forms: Regular Postum—must be well boiled to bring out its rich flavor and food value. 15c and 25c packages. Instant Postum—a soluble powder. A teaspoonful stirred in a cup of hot water—with cream and sugar—makes a delightful beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same. "There's a Reason" for POSTUM—sold by Grocers everywhere. Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

LACK OF SNOW CAUSES HALT IN SAWMILL WORK

Inability to Haul Logs Means Suspension of "Over-time."

AN UNPRECEDENTED "CUT"

High Prices and Winds Directly Responsible For Exceedingly Heavy Runs of Lumber.

With the unsatisfactory sleighing condition of the roads comes a temporary suspension of the overtime work in the sawmills of Western Ontario.

Make-Man Tablets advertisement for men's health.

THE HOLLOW OF HER HAND

By GEORGE BARR McCUTCHEON
Author of "Graustark," "Truxton King," Etc.

Sara was silent for a moment. "You draw a pretty fine line, Hetty," she said gently.

Hetty flushed. "You mean that there is little to choose between wife and brother? That isn't quite fair. You know every-thing, he knows nothing. I wear a mask for him; you have seen into the very heart of me. It isn't the same."

Sara came over and stood beside the girl's chair. After a moment of indecision, she laid her hand on Hetty's shoulder. The girl looked up, the ever-recurring question in her eyes.

"We haven't spoken of—of these things in many months, Hetty," said Sara, "not since Mrs. Wrاندall and Vivian came to Niles. I was upset—dreadfully upset then, Sara. I don't know how I managed to get through with it."

"But you managed it," pronounced Sara. Her finger seemed to tighten suddenly on the girl's shoulder. "I think we were quite wonderful, both of us. It wasn't easy for me."

"Why did we come back to New York, Sara?" burst out Hetty, clasping her friend's hand as if suddenly spurred by terror. "We were happy over there, and free!"

"Listen, my dear," said Sara, a hard note growing in her voice. "This is my home. I do not love it, but I can see no reason for abandoning it. That is why we came back to New York."

Hetty pressed her friend's hands to her lips. "Forgive me," she cried impulsively. "I shouldn't have complained. It was detestable."

"Besides," went on Sara evenly, "you were quite free to remain on the other side. I left it to you."

"You gave me a week to decide," said Hetty, in a hurried manner of speaking. "I took but twenty-four hours—less than that. Over night, you remember, I love you, Sara. I could not leave you. I thought that night I could feel you pulling at my heart-strings, pulling me closer and closer, and holding me. You were in your room, I in mine, and yet all the time you seemed to be bending over me in the darkness, urging me to stay with you and love you and be loved by you. It couldn't have been a dream."

"It was not a dream," said Sara, with a queer smile.

"You do love me?" tensely.

"I do love you," was the firm answer. Sara was staring out across the water, her eyes big and black as night itself. She seemed to be looking far beyond the misty lights that bobbed with nearby schooners, far beyond the yellow mists on the opposite shore, where a town lay cradled in the shadows, far into the fast darkening sky that came up like a wall out of the east.

Hetty's fingers tightened in a warmer clasp. Unconsciously perhaps, Sara's grip on the girl's shoulder tightened also; unconsciously, for her thoughts were far away. The younger woman's sensitive gaze rested on the peaceful water below, taking in the slow approach of fog that was soon to envelop the land. Neither spoke for many minutes; inscrutable thinkers, each a prey to thoughts that leaped backward to the beginning and took up the puzzle at its inception.

"I wonder," began Hetty, her eyes narrowing with the intensity of thought. She did not complete the unspoken question. "It will never be different from what it is now, unless you make it so."

Hetty started. "How could you have known what I was thinking?" she cried in wonder.

"It is what you are always thinking, my dear. You are always asking yourself when will I turn against you?"

"Sara!"

"Your own intelligence should supply the answer to all the questions you are asking of yourself. It is too late for me to turn against you." She abruptly removed her hand from Hetty's shoulder and walked to the edge of the verandah. For the first time, the English girl was conscious of pain. She drew her arm up and cringed. She pulled the light scarf about her bare shoulders.

The butler appeared in the doorway. "The telephone, Miss Watson, is calling."

"The girl stared. "For me, Watson?"

"Yes, miss. I am sorry that you were out," very apologetically, with a furtive glance at Mrs. Wrاندall, who had turned.

"Loss of memory, Watson, is a fatal affliction," she said, with a shudder. "Yes, Mrs. Wrاندall, I don't see 'ow it happened."

"It is not likely to happen again."

"No, madam. I am sorry that you were out," very apologetically, with a furtive glance at Mrs. Wrاندall, who had turned.

"Apparently it is he who has something to say to you," said the other, still smiling. "Wait and see what it is. Please

don't neglect to say that we'd like to have him over Sunday."

"A box of flowers has just come up from the station for you, Miss," said Watson.

Hetty was very white as she passed into the house. Mrs. Wrاندall resumed her contemplation of the fog-screened Sound.

"Shall I fetch you a wrap, ma'am?" asked Watson hesitating.

"I am coming in, Watson. Open the box of flowers for Miss Castleton. Is there a fire in the library?"

"Yes, Mrs. Wrاندall."

"Mr. Leslie will be out on Saturday. Tell Mrs. Coulbong."

"The evening train, ma'am?"

"No. The eleven-thirty. He will be here for luncheon."

When Hetty hurried into the library a few minutes later, her manner was that of one considerably disturbed by something that has transpired almost on the moment. Her cheeks were flushed and her eyes were reflectors of a no uncertain distress of mind. Mrs. Wrاندall was standing before the fireplace, an exquisite figure in the slinky black evening gown which she affected in these days.

Her perfectly modelled neck and shoulders gleamed like pink marble in the reflected glow of the burning logs. She wore no jewelry, but there was a single white rose in her dark hair, where it had been placed by the whimsical Hetty an hour earlier as they left the dinner table.

"He is coming out on the eleven-thirty, Sara," said the girl nervously, "unless you will send the motor in for him. The body of his car is being changed and it's in the shop. He must have been jostling when he said he would pay for the petrol—I should have said the gasoline."

Sara laughed. "You will know him better, my dear," she said. "Leslie is very light-hearted."

"He suggested bringing a friend," went on Hetty hurriedly. "A Mr. Booth, the portrait painter."

"I met him in Italy. He is charming. You will like him, too, Hetty." The emphasis did not escape notice.

"It seems that he is spending a fortnight in the village, this Mr. Booth, painting spring lambs for rest and recreation," Mr. Leslie says.

"Then he is at our very gates," said Sara, looking up suddenly.

"I wonder if he can be the man I saw yesterday at the bridge," mused Hetty. "Is he tall?"

"I don't really can't say. He was rather vague. It was six or seven years ago."

"I wonder if Mr. Wrاندall is to come out on the eleven-thirty," explained Hetty. "I thought you wouldn't like sending either of the motors in."

"We are to send for him after Mr. Wrاندall arrives. He is stopping at the inn, wherever that may be."

"Poor fellow!" sighed Sara, with a grimace. "I am sure he will like us immensely if he has been stopping at the inn."

Hetty stood staring down at the blazing logs for a full minute before giving expression to the thought that troubled her. "To be continued."

TO KILL CIGARETTE TRADE
[Canadian Press.]
Ottawa, Feb. 3.—Andrew Broder, M. P. for Dundas, gives notice that he will introduce a resolution calling for legislation to prohibit the manufacture, sale and importation of cigarettes into Canada. A couple of years ago the National Council of Women and the W. C. T. U. sought similar legislation, but the Government did not acquiesce in the demand.

VOTES FOR WOMEN DEFEATED.
[Canadian Press.]
Winnipeg, Feb. 3.—A resolution calling for votes for women in Manitoba, was turned down by the Legislature on a straight party vote today. Twenty-three Conservatives opposed the motion and the Opposition mustered a vote of twelve.

BAILED IN SUM OF \$20,000.
[Canadian Press.]
Edmonton, Feb. 2.—Before Judge Beck in the supreme court this afternoon, Dr. Frank G. Hughes, wanted in Toronto, in answer to an indictment, charging conspiracy to defraud, was admitted to bail in the sum of \$20,000 to deliver himself within seven days to the Sheriff County at Toronto.

BADLY ULCERATED LEG

ZAM-BUK CURED HER WHEN SO BAD SHE HAD TO USE CRUTCHES.

For varicose sores, bad leg, or chronic ulcers, Zam-Buk is without equal as a healer. Proof of this is just to hand from Montreal. Mrs. T. Edwards, of 164 Amherst street, writes: "Some time ago a bad sore broke out on my left leg near the ankle. For a week or two did not heed it, but it got so bad that I could hardly walk. I sent for our doctor and he told me that I would have to lay up with the wound. I did so for three weeks. At the end of that time the ulcer healed a little, but I could only move about by using crutches. The sore then broke out badly and the doctor told me that the only thing that would cure it would be an operation, and that I should have to lay up for a year. This, I knew, was impossible, as I had a family to attend to."

"My son had cured a bad cut on his finger by using Zam-Buk, and he advised me to give this balm a trial. I did so, and in less than a week's time it gave me wonderful relief. It stopped the pain, which had been so bad that many nights I did not get a wink of sleep. In a very short time the wound was so much better that I had no more sleepless nights, and was also able to move about and do my work. I persevered with Zam-Buk, with the result that the wound is now perfectly cured, and the limb is as sound and strong as ever. To any person suffering from ulcerated sores I would say, 'try Zam-Buk.'"

Zam-Buk is just as good for piles, abscesses, boils, scalp sores, blood poison, festering wounds, cuts, burns, all other injuries and diseases. All druggists and stores, 50c box, or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Refuse harmful substitutes and imitations.

Have you tried Zam-Buk Soap? 25c tablet.

BOARD DECIDES ON TWO NEW SCHOOLS FOR SOUTH LONDON

8-Room Buildings on Grand and Riverview Avenues Proposed.

TO EXPROPRIATE PROPERTY
High Prices Asked by Owners Will Not Be Paid—Want Cheaper Fares.

The board of education yesterday afternoon accepted the recommendation of the building and grounds committee to expropriate J. H. Back's property at the corner of Riverview avenue and Wharncliffe road, for school purposes. Chairman T. H. Martyn, of the committee, reported that the property had been offered the board at \$8,000, but this figure was considered excessive.

Options are also being secured on a large block of land south of the McCormick property on Grand avenue, and with frontage on Duncas, Langley and Tecumseh avenues.

It is proposed to erect eight-room schools on the two properties. The first to look after the scholars now in the Riverview school, and also to accommodate the scholars now in the school at the corner of Wharncliffe bridge, and the second to take the place of the old Grand avenue school. The deal to purchase the McCormick property is of competitive architects' plans will be asked for.

The recommendation to have an expert report on the feasibility of putting the Princess avenue school in shape for further use was accepted in this connection. Trustee A. E. Silverwood suggested the appointment of a permanent architect.

The advisory industrial committee reported that a sub-committee had several sites in view for the proposed new industrial school, which proposed to purchase the McCormick property. Dr. R. W. Shaw to advise that the Alexandra school should be chosen as the centre of local industrial education.

Dr. R. W. Dennis, the building and grounds committee will secure an inventory of all the board's holdings.

It was also decided, at the suggestion of Trustee Dennis, to confer with the London Street Railway Company in order, if possible, to secure cheap fares for school children.

BUILDERS WANT CHANGES IN COMPENSATION BILL

Believe as it Stands it Will Add to Their Burdens.

A meeting of the Builders' Exchange was held last night for the purpose of discussing the proposed workmen's compensation act as it affects the builders.

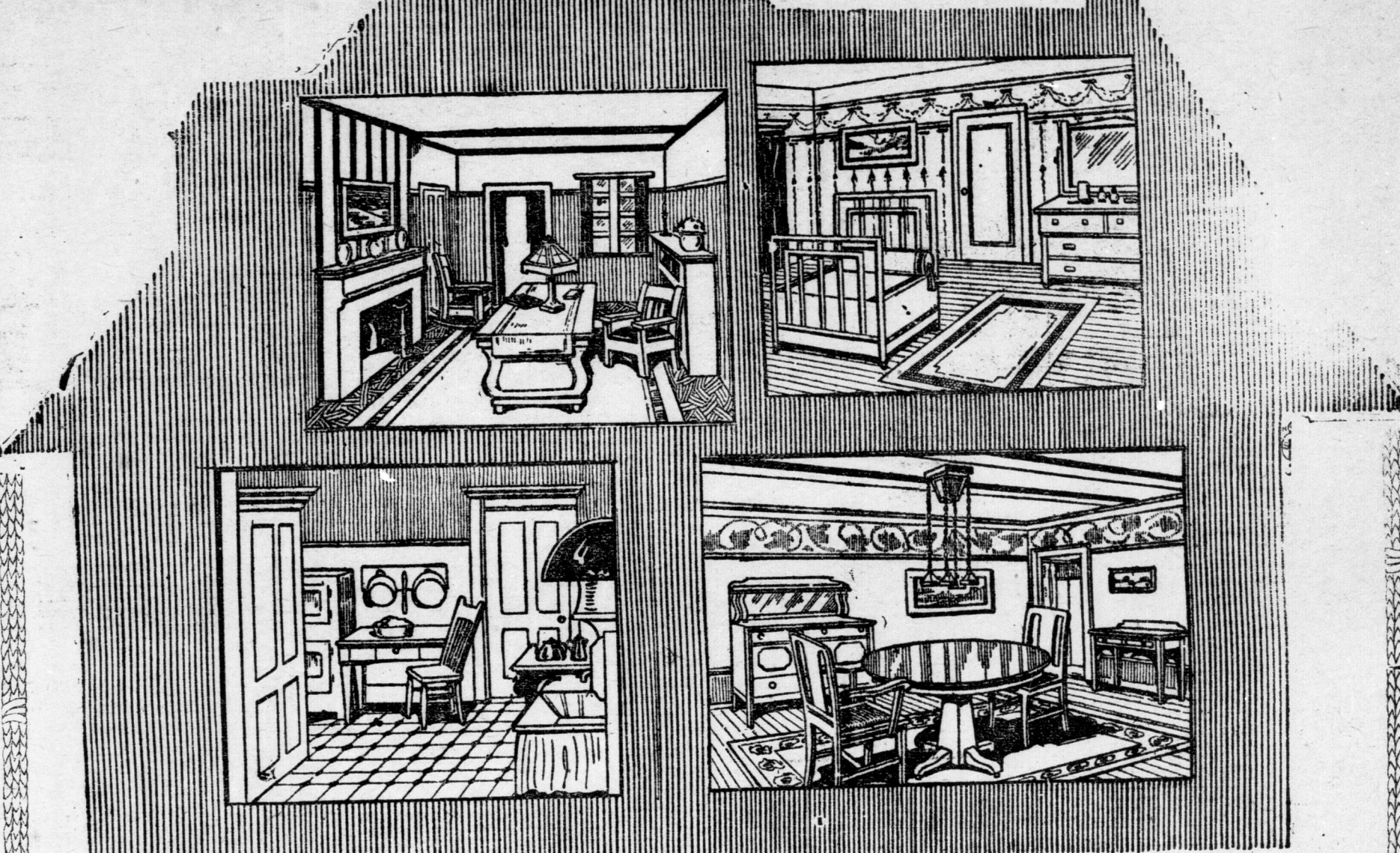
They are in favor of workmen's compensation, but object to certain parts of the act as it is now drafted, as it is expected to place heavier expenses upon them. Considerable discussion took place, but no conclusions were arrived at or definite resolutions drawn up.

Another meeting will be held shortly for further discussion.

Pre-arranged arrangements were made last night for the builders' excursion to Toronto, which will be about the 11th of July.

Mrs. Grace Dennison, Popular Journalist, Buried at Chatham

Let Us Furnish Your Home



Furniture for Every Room At Our February Sale

Read the lists below. Every price quoted here is a Genuine Reduction. Every bargain quoted here is really here. You will not be disappointed when you come. The values are the greatest ever offered in honest furniture. Goods will be stored until required. Freight prepaid within 100 miles of London.

Buffets	China Cabinets	Dressers	Dressing Tables
\$18.00 Buffet, for. \$13.50	\$15.00 Cabinets, for \$11.75	\$9.50 Dressers, for \$7.00	\$10.00 Tables, for \$7.50
\$20.00 Buffet, for. \$14.50	\$18.00 Cabinets, for \$13.50	\$12.00 Dressers, for \$9.00	\$12.50 Tables, for \$9.00
\$28.00 Buffet, for. \$21.50	\$25.00 Cabinets, for \$18.50	\$15.00 Dressers, for \$11.50	\$15.00 Tables, for \$11.50
\$35.00 Buffet, for. \$26.00	\$30.00 Cabinets, for \$22.00	\$18.00 Dressers, for \$13.50	\$18.00 Tables, for \$13.50
\$40.00 Buffet, for. \$29.00	\$35.00 Cabinets, for \$26.00	\$25.00 Dressers, for \$18.00	\$20.00 Tables, for \$14.50
\$45.00 Buffet, for. \$36.00	\$40.00 Cabinets, for \$29.50	\$30.00 Dressers, for \$22.00	\$25.00 Tables, for \$18.00
\$50.00 Buffet, for. \$38.50	\$45.00 Cabinets, for \$34.00	\$35.00 Dressers, for \$26.00	\$30.00 Tables, for \$22.00
\$60.00 Buffet, for. \$45.00	\$50.00 Cabinets, for \$38.00	\$40.00 Dressers, for \$29.00	\$35.00 Tables, for \$24.00
\$75.00 Buffet, for. \$52.00	\$60.00 Cabinets, for \$45.00	\$50.00 Dressers, for \$35.00	\$40.00 Tables, for \$29.00
\$100.00 Buffet, for. \$75.00	\$75.00 Cabinets, for \$54.00	\$60.00 Dressers, for \$45.00	\$50.00 Tables, for \$35.00
\$150.00 Buffet, for. \$110.00		\$75.00 Dressers, for \$50.00	\$75.00 Tables, for \$50.00

Rugs at Half Price

\$10,000 worth of Tapestry, Brussels, Wilton and Axminster Rugs are being cleared at one-third to one-half off. IN ALL YOUR LIFE YOU NEVER SAW SUCH BARGAINS.

Come before the last are selected. They are moving very fast.

Chiffoniers	Iron Beds	Brass Beds	Couches
\$15.00 Chiffoniers, for \$11.50	\$3.00 Beds, for \$1.95	\$15.00 Beds, for \$9.95	\$7.00 Couches, for \$4.95
\$18.00 Chiffoniers, for \$13.50	\$3.50 Beds, for \$2.50	\$18.00 Beds, for \$13.00	\$9.00 Couches, for \$6.75
\$20.00 Chiffoniers, for \$14.50	\$4.00 Beds, for \$3.00	\$20.00 Beds, for \$14.50	\$10.00 Couches, for \$7.50
\$25.00 Chiffoniers, for \$17.50	\$5.00 Beds, for \$3.75	\$25.00 Beds, for \$17.50	\$15.00 Couches, for \$11.50
\$30.00 Chiffoniers, for \$20.00	\$6.00 Beds, for \$4.50	\$30.00 Beds, for \$22.00	\$20.00 Couches, for \$13.95
\$35.00 Chiffoniers, for \$26.00	\$7.50 Beds, for \$5.00	\$35.00 Beds, for \$24.00	\$25.00 Couches, for \$17.00
\$40.00 Chiffoniers, for \$29.00	\$8.50 Beds, for \$6.00	\$40.00 Beds, for \$28.00	\$30.00 Couches, for \$22.00
\$50.00 Chiffoniers, for \$35.00	\$10.00 Beds, for \$7.50	\$45.00 Beds, for \$34.00	\$35.00 Couches, for \$25.00
\$65.00 Chiffoniers, for \$45.00	\$12.00 Beds, for \$8.00	\$60.00 Beds, for \$45.00	\$50.00 Couches, for \$35.00
	\$15.00 Beds, for \$10.00		

A Carload of Extension Tables

300 Tables at One-Third Off
From \$5.00 to \$75.00; all size tops. Thirty-eight different designs, in all woods and finishes.

Kitchen Cabinet Pillows

\$22.00 buys a regular \$35.00 Solid Oak Cabinet.
\$2.50 Pillows **\$1.25** pair
\$3.00 Pillows **\$1.75** pair
\$4.00 Pillows **\$2.75** pair
\$6.00 Pillows **\$3.50** pair

Parlor Suites

\$25.00 Suite, for **\$18.00**
\$30.00 Suite, for **\$20.00**
\$35.00 Suite, for **\$25.00**
\$45.00 Suite, for **\$35.00**
\$50.00 Suite, for **\$37.00**
\$60.00 Suite, for **\$45.00**
\$75.00 Suite, for **\$50.00**
\$100.00 Suite, for **\$72.00**

The Ontario Furniture Co.

226-228-230 DUNDAS STREET LONDON'S LARGEST HOME FURNISHERS. AGENTS FOR HAPPY THOUGHT RANGE AND OSTERMOOR MATTRESS. GOODS STORED UNTIL REQUIRED BY CUSTOMERS.

An Operation for Appendicitis was ordered by his doctor.

But Complete Cure was Effected by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

Almost anyone who has suffered from appendicitis will assure you that this trouble developed only after months or years of derangements of the liver and bowels.

Appendicitis can almost invariably be prevented, and very frequently cured, by the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

In the case described in this letter the doctors had ordered an operation, but thorough cure was brought about by this great medicine.

Mrs. J. A. Ballantyne, Sturgeon Falls, Ont., writes: "My husband was treated for appendicitis and the doctors ordered an operation. But he would not consent to an operation and began the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. Since doing so he has had no need of an operation or even of a doctor, as the trouble has completely left him. I cannot find words to speak our gratitude for his cure. Dr. Chase's medicines have proven of wonderful benefit in our home as the Ointment cured my little girl of a severe burn when nothing else would bring relief."

One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, all dealers. Sample box mailed free if you mention this paper. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

London Advertiser

MORNING, NOON, EVENING.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Morning Edition, Outside city, 10c per week, By mail, \$5.00 per year.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS: 3670 - Private Branch Exchange, Connecting All Departments, NIGHT CALLS.

TORONTO REPRESENTATIVE: F. W. Thompson, 55 Mall Building.

The London Advertiser Printing Co. Limited.

LONDON, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 4.

Does this high cost of living reduce your weight?

Man named Sampson has been charged with vagrancy. Probably too strong to work.

Yes, Maud, you are right, to be properly heated up, a locomotive has to be cooled.

Just to be up-to-date, let's call the old-fashioned barn dance the "Garage Tango."

A bag of flour sent when wanted will do much more good, than a basket of flowers sent after death.

It was a cowardly bear that went back to his den a fine day like Tuesday. The maple syrup will be running soon.

Every night, just about 20 minutes after 11, the auto patrol rushes past The Advertiser office. The hotels have just disgorged.

Judge Lindsey's bride sits beside him on the bench at Denver, but while he holds court, it's safe to say they don't hold hands.

Lady lawyer named Fuss has hung out her shingle in a western town, but if she lives up to her name too closely, she is liable to lose her cases.

There is no place like home all right and if you don't believe it, watch the corner of Dundas and Richmond streets just after the 6 o'clock whistles.

The Government's high cost of living commission is in Toronto. It is supposed to be investigating the cost of living, but its sessions are private.

A Berlin professor expects to send photographs from Germany to America by wire within a year. Perhaps he will send a picture of the emergency.

Prisoners' quarters at the county jail are overcrowded, but Jailer Carter will, no doubt, find some who are quite willing to wait until there is more room.

A New York State exchange says that a band of yeggmen is headed for the Canadian frontier seeking easy marks. But is there anything left at Hamilton to take?

We don't believe that Mr. Gompers was drunk at Seattle, but, if it had been last year, when the convention was held at Toronto, we could understand his trying to forget it—Toronto—not the convention.

When Brother W. G. is made a colonel by special arrangement of Col. the Hon. Brother Sam, there will be four colonels in the Hughes family. Brother J. L. has been a colonel of cadets for some time.

The merchants of Cornwall have asked for a customs detective to stop the smuggling of barrels of coal oil and other small articles across the border. It is to be hoped Hon. J. D. Field will see the wisdom of assigning his most competent stenists to the job.

"Eggs confiscated here a few days ago by License Inspector Brand, were found to contain wine of a high quality," says a Cobalt exchange. Some Middlesex eggs that we opened last week were found to contain something of a high quality and it wasn't wine.

Misrepresentation seems to be the standard method adopted by big navy promoters. The latest case comes from the United States, where it is alleged that first-class battleships were omitted from the official statistics to create the impression that Uncle Sam's navy needed strengthening.

Contrast our boneless cod administration at Ottawa with the activity of President Wilson's regime. Income tax, currency legislation and tariff reduction all put through inside a year, and now comes the anti-trust legislation. At Ottawa? Nothing but an attempt at violating the spirit of our autonomous constitution, a gag rule, and immense expenditure judiciously engineered by Rogers in the party interest.

WORK FOR THOSE WHO NEED IT.

THERE are men in London who claim that they are willing to work and cannot find work to do. While there is no evidence of an epidemic of unemployment, it cannot be denied that there are certain to be men who are in need at the present time. In other cities, there are 100 men out of work for every one that has nothing to do in this city.

At the same time, if it is possible, the city should do everything in its

power to provide positions for those who claim they can find nothing to do. The Advertiser has received a number of letters, asking that the council be urged to provide some sort of employment on civic contracts. The writers seem to be intelligent men, who profess to be willing to undertake any task to which they may be set. They argue that the city has much work to do that might as well be done now as any other time. One married man says that there are many other married men who are without funds to support their families, and asks that the city hasten a few contracts, which will not only facilitate the accomplishment of important municipal undertakings, but will give these men a chance to earn an honest livelihood.

THE KEYNOTE NEWSPAPER.

WIRELESS from the woolly West brings word that the Calgary Eye-Opener is thinking of enlarging its plant following its admission to the favored inner circle of Conservative newspapers. The Eye-Opener seems to have assurance that it will yet be chosen to lead Conservative thought, not only in the West (it is already the favorite literature of one wing of the party as far east as the tuning fork, from which the Although one of the unlabeled of Canada's publications, it is regarded as a moiler of Conservative opinion, in Toronto), but for the whole of Canada. Other Conservative journals with their feet in the same trough take their key.

When it is said that the Eye-Opener intends to enlarge its plant, it means that Bob Edwards is going to buy it by the hoghead instead of by the bottle. That \$2661.70 would keep his circulation in order for at least a year, and if he can do better or worse than he has done in the past, the Government will, no doubt, give him further encouragement.

The official entry of the Eye-Opener into the field of Government organs, means that some of the others will have to hurry for their honors. Although some of them have pressed the Eye-Opener in the race, Edwards has always managed to keep just a little ahead of the average Conservative journal. Strive as their editors will, there is not one that has quite reached his standard. He is in a class by himself. But the others are learning from day to day. There are one or two now, that if not "eye-openers," are qualified to offend some of the other senses.

THE LOST POUND.

THAT emergency which Mr. Borden had present before him when he asked Parliament to vote \$35,000,000 to the British Admiralty has, of late, disappeared. And we had been rather congratulating ourselves that the danger which threatened the empire would no longer disturb us with visions in the night. England's relations with Germany had become more amicable than ever; and even our most daring fire-eaters were silent. And there did not seem to be any marked symptoms of Anglophobia shown by the people of other countries.

But it seems that we were mistaken as to the status of the emergency. It really never existed in esse, only in posse; it was not present, only prospective. The Montreal Star, which from the amount of talk it has indulged in would seem to know more about the situation than anybody else, now explains it.

Mr. Borden, it appears, did not mean that there was any immediate emergency, though that was what he said. What he meant was that there would be an emergency by the time those three Dreadnoughts were ready—that is in three years. This is how the Star puts it:

"If Mr. Borden expected his 'emergency' to grow into a real and present assault upon the British Empire within twelve months, it would have been wholly useless for him to propose to build three Dreadnoughts to meet it. Obviously, when he did propose to build Dreadnoughts to meet it, he did not expect it to develop into actual war before his three Dreadnoughts could be finished, commissioned, manned and ready to fight."

This is quite satisfactory. A post-ponable emergency is one with which we can deal. If it could be postponed until the three years necessary to build the Dreadnoughts had elapsed, it can be postponed indefinitely. All Parliament has to do is to keep on refusing the proposed contribution, and attend to its own business. If, however, we have not yet got hold of the right idea—and the explanation is so nebulous that we cannot be sure of anything; if what it really means is that the emergency is not post-ponable, but was bound to come on at the end of the three years, irrespective of that contribution, then we are up against another alternative. "It would have been wholly useless," the Star tells us, for Mr. Borden to propose the building of these three Dreadnoughts if the emergency was to come on inside of twelve months. One twelve months has already passed; Mr. Borden says he will not submit the contribution plan this year; so a second twelve months must pass. Then there will be only twelve months more before the emergency is on. And to propose the building of the Dreadnoughts then would be "wholly useless" we are told. So the contribution business will have to be dropped anyhow.

And that is the best thing to be done, as we have always said. We can understand now why Mr. Foster cut short his commercial tour, and came back to Canada for this session. The contribution policy is out of his

way; and he is spared the necessity of supporting something to which he told us three years ago he was opposed. He may yet have an opportunity to renew his original policy of a Canadian navy if the Nationalists will consent.

VOCATIONAL TRAINING.

DR. Robertson's address at Hamilton on Monday night, was on a subject whose importance must impress itself more and more on the minds of every intelligent Canadian. While it was specifically "The Development of Western Ontario," it was more generally on the development of skillful Canadian men and women. Probably its application at the present time is of greatest importance to Ontario and Western Ontario, where the spirit of dissatisfaction has caused thousands of young men and women to seek new fields for their work.

The Royal Commission on Industrial Training and Technical Education, of which Dr. Robertson is chairman, is aiming to bring the field to the worker by showing the possibilities of skillful workmanship, and by making the workman competent to fill it. By the establishment of industrial and vocational schools at various centres, it proposes to start boys and girls on definite careers and to instill in them a love for the work which they may pursue, so that they may apply themselves to it intelligently and with a desire to excel. Further, it seeks to provide for their training after they have left the common schools and even after they have begun their life's work.

Every employer of skilled labor appreciates the value of a trained and interested workman. The ranks of the unemployed are not composed of men who put heart and brains into the carrying out of their tasks. To the manufacturer the question is so important that the municipality that can provide the skilled workmen can have the industry.

Prof. Robertson's Commission proposes two development funds from the Dominion Government, one of \$350,000 a year for pre-vocational training through experimental science, drawing, manual training, nature study, and domestic science, and the other of \$2,000,000 a year to supplement local efforts in providing vocational education for those who are past public school age. Dr. Robertson pointed out that the people of Ontario could draw from these funds one million dollars annually and have the help of experienced advisors in starting new schools and developing new industries.

The extent to which Western Ontario might receive assistance from the pre-vocational fund, based on population, was given as follows: London, \$18,500; Brantford, \$9,000; Windsor, Berlin, Guelph, each \$6,000; St. Thomas, \$5,500; Stratford, Owen Sound, \$5,000 each; Chatham, Galt, Sarnia, \$4,000 each; Woodstock, \$3,500; Collingwood, \$2,800.

It is proposed that the system should be under provincial control, but its active management should be undertaken by individuals in the locality who would represent the various industries, agriculture, women's occupations, including housekeeping, business and organized education. Individuals, local authorities and Provincial Governments are also expected to contribute to its support.

THE EUGENIC BABY.

Predetermined to a blameless life Before his hour of birth, Without the ills of common clay, He never kicked, he never cried, He never teased the cat, But lay and slept the hours away, And gathered pounds of fat.

He never needed medicine, He did what he was told, His pa and ma were proud of him, 'Till he was ten years old, And then, alas! for all their dreams Of mortals bred by rule, Eugenics got a knockout blow— They found he was a fool.

HE REFUSED.

After she had sung "You've Made Me Love You; I Didn't Want To Do It," he got up and began looking for his hat. "Why must you be going so early?" she asked. "If I hang around here you will make

5,000 OUT OF WORK.

Not men, but corns that were put out of business last week by Putnam's Corn Extractor. No corn can live if treated by Putnam's. It is safe, painless and sure. Use only Putnam's, 25c. at all dealers.

On the Spur of the Moment

by Roy K. Moulton.

The Road House.

(With Apologies to Sam Walter Foss.) Let me live in a house by the side of a road. And be a friend of man. Let me sell him fried chicken and eggs and fish. As only a landlord can. Let me charge him five prices for what he gets. Let me trim him of all his dough; Let me sell him gasoline at two dollars a quart. To make his gas buggy go.

Let me serve a la carte, also table d'hote Let me charge any price that I wish. Let me put high-toned names upon food that's low-browed. And charge for a millionaire's dish. 'Tis great to be friendly when you make it pay. And the boss of a road house can. Let me live in a house by the side of the road. And I'll be a friend to man.

Simple Things. Some folks are prone to mope about and find a little fault and point about their walks in life; they long to do the greatest things, and soar aloft on eagle wings, but when life's toll and strife, they seek to conquer worlds or naught, and that is why they're never sought to help in times of need; that's why they fail to make the grade, and always linger in the shade—at last to go to seed. 'Tis better far to earn a cent, than loaf

ABE MARTIN



Folks with a clear conscience kin stand almost anything—even a virtuoso concert. We all run in debt for things we wouldn't think of paying cash for.

A DEDUCTION.

(Buffalo News.) A Kansas man has been sued for divorce because a red hair was found on his coat collar. Sherlock Holmes deduces that his wife is a black-haired beauty.

ACCORDING TO PRECEDENT.

(Chicago Record-Herald.) The hen that cackles loudest may not lay the largest eggs; The mule that kicks the hardest may not have the longest legs; The tree that is the tallest may not bear the sweetest fruit; And the girl that is the fairest may not wear the smallest boot.

The man whose brow is highest may not always know the most; The hero who is bravest may not make the loudest boast; The arm that is the strongest may not have the farthest reach; And the man who talks the longest may not have the finest speech.

The rose that is the reddest may not have the sweetest scent; The man whose strut is proudest may not be the most modest; The woman who has jewels that she measures by the pack, May not have the silmilmet fingers or the most delightful neck.

The man who works the hardest may not draw the highest pay; The one with deepest knowledge may not be the most modest; And the one who blows his bugle is the one whom people hear.

From Western Ontario Press

UNEARNED HONORS.

(Woodstock Sentinel-Review.) There are many honorable men in Canada who are doing honor to the titles they wear; but unquestionably there are titles even in Canada, that are exceedingly hard to account for on any theory of honorable recognition for meritorious public service.

ONCE A WEEK.

(Brantford Expositor.) They had a "Go to Church Sunday" in Chicago yesterday as the climax of an organized effort to secure a larger attendance at divine worship. As a result thousands of people heard and answered the call to prayer who have not done so for years. In Brantford we have a "Go to Church Sunday" every week.

TROUBLES OF THE IDLE RICH.

(St. Thomas Journal.) Life is growing daily more complicated. As our comforts become greater and our opportunities vaster, so our emotions become more ponderous and corrosive. Speaking of automobiles brings up inevitably the case of father. Someone ought to pause in this very painful world and drop a tear for the father. What the automobile is doing to him is too numerous and comprehensive to be catalogued.

5,000 OUT OF WORK.

Not men, but corns that were put out of business last week by Putnam's Corn Extractor. No corn can live if treated by Putnam's. It is safe, painless and sure. Use only Putnam's, 25c. at all dealers.

CALLS COMPENSATION BILL TYRANNOUS AND UNJUST

Secretary of Lumbermen's Association Says Meredith Measure Should Be Killed.

(Canadian Press.) Ottawa, Feb. 3.—"Tyrannous, unjust and peculiarly dangerous to the state" is how Frank Hawkins, secretary of the Canadian Lumbermen's Association, summed up the Meredith compensation bill, which is to be submitted to the Ontario Legislature at its next session, in his report made at the sixth annual meeting of the association, which opened this morning in the Chateau Laurier and at which fully 100 prominent lumbermen from all parts of the Dominion are present.

Mr. Hawkins stated that the bill degrades citizenship by the abolition of common law rights; it rears arbitrary powers on an appointed commission from which there is no appeal; it imposes upon the employer the obligation of paying an injured employee as long as he lives, not exceeding 55 per cent of the wages paid him at the time of the injury; it also provides a similar penalty to be paid to the widow in the event of the workman's death for the rest of her life, or until she marries again; it provides that compensation must be paid without regard to how the injury was brought about; it puts the employer and employee in bitter antagonism to each other, and is based on the assumption that the employer is the avowed enemy of the workman, and therefore, the bill is vicious in its effects; it is the most glaring example of class legislation with which any community was ever threatened.

The secretary concludes his criticism with the contention that the bill should be killed before it becomes law.

BECKER MUST WAIT.

(Canadian Press.) Albany, N. Y., Feb. 3.—No decision was handed down today by the court of appeal in the case of Charles Becker, a New York police lieutenant convicted of the murder of Herman Rosenthal. The next decision day will be next Tuesday.

Only One "BROMO QUININE."

To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.

HEAD AND NOSTRILS STUFFED FROM COLD

"Pape's Cold Compound" Ends a Cold or Grippe in a Few Hours.

Your cold will break and all grippe misery end after taking a dose of "Pape's Cold Compound," every two hours until three doses are taken. It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages in the head, stops nasty discharge or nose-runnings, relieves sick headache, dizziness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and sniffing. Ease your throbbing head—nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only 25 cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, and causes no inconvenience. Accept no substitute.

10 CENT "CASCARETS" IS YOUR LAXATIVE

Best Liver and Bowel Cleanser and Stomach Regulator Known.

Put aside—just once—the Salts, Purgative Oils or Purgative Waters which merely force a passageway through the bowels, but do not thoroughly cleanse, freshen and purify these drainage organs, and have no effect whatever upon the liver and stomach.

Keep your "insides" pure and fresh with Cascarets, which thoroughly cleanse the stomach, remove the undigested, sour food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver, and carry out of the system all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret tonight will make you feel great by morning. They work while you sleep—never gripe, sicken, and cost only 10 cents a box from your druggist. Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never have Headache, Biliousness, Constipation, Indigestion, Sour Stomach or Constipated Bowels. Cascarets belong in every household. Children just love to take them.

HAVE DARK HAIR AND LOOK YOUNG

Nobody Can Tell When You Darken Gray, Faded Hair With Sage Tea.

Grandmother kept her hair beautifully darkened, glossy and abundant with a brew of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Whenever her hair fell out or took on the dull, faded or straggled appearance this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect. By asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy," you will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe, ready to use for about 10 cents. This simple mixture can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair and is splendid for dandruff, dry, itchy scalp and falling hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says everybody uses Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur, because it depans so natural, and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied—it's so easy to use, too. It simply dampens a sponge or soft brush and draw it through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears or, after another application or two, it is restored to its natural color. Each bottle contains 40¢ and is sold by all druggists. Write for free literature to W. T. Strong, London.

The Most Delicious OF ALL TEAS IS

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA—BECAUSE OF ITS UNVARYING GOOD QUALITY . . .

RECIPE AWARDED—ST. LOUIS, 1904. Sold only in Lead Packets. By all Grocers.

GIRLS! HAVE BEAUTIFUL, LUSTROUS, FLUFFY HAIR---25-CENT DANDERINE

No More Dandruff or Falling Hair—A Real Surprise Awaits You.

To be possessed of a head of heavy, beautiful hair; soft, lustrous, fluff, wavy and free from dandruff is merely a matter of using a little Danderine. It is easy and inexpensive to have nice, soft hair and lots of it. Just get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine now—all drug stores recommend it—apply a little as directed and within ten minutes there will be an appearance of abundance; freshness, fluffiness and an incomparable gloss and lustre, and try as you will you cannot find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your real surprise will be after about two weeks' use, when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—sprouting out all over your scalp—Danderine is, we believe, the only sure hair grower; destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp, and it never fails to stop falling hair at once.

If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair—taking one small strand at a time. Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits everyone who tries this.

THE HOME BANK OF CANADA

One dollar a week deposited with the Home Bank will amount to fifty-two dollars at the end of the year, with full compound interest to be added. How many wage-earners can say that they have not wasted, or lost, fifty-two dollars during the past year from the habit of carrying money carelessly in their pockets? Head Office and Toronto JAMES MASON, General Manager. Branches and Connections Throughout Canada. 394 RICHMOND STREET W. J. HILL, Manager. Branches in Middlesex County: DELAWARE, ILBERTON, KOMOKA, LAWRENCE STATION, MELBOURNE, THORNDALE.

FANCY HAIR ORNAMENTS

Just received from France a shipment of most artistic designs.

500 Fancy Combs 95c Each

Our Wigs for ladies and gents are manufactured right in our workshop, and are guaranteed for fit and style. The prices are from \$15.00 to \$35.00. No need to go out of town or pay fancy prices.

PROF. MICHEEL, 221 DUNDAS STREET

GET OUR PRICES FOR

Tin, Lead, Zinc, Babbitt, Solder, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe The Canada Metal Co., Limited FACTORIES: Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg.

Do You Like COCOA?

Try De Jong's GLORIA COCOA That Is the Best of All

GERMAN AVIATORS LANDED IN FRANCE

Lost Their Way and Alighted—Generals to Investigate. (Canadian Press.) Nancy, France, Feb. 3.—Another German military airplane alighted today on French territory near the village of Croismare, six miles inside the frontier, in the department of Meurthe-et-Moselle. The two aviators, Lieutenants Frislan and Gerner, of the German army, finding themselves in France, immediately called on the mayor of Croismare. As they were in their German uniforms they created considerable excitement in the village, considerable excitement for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy," you will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe, ready to use for about 10 cents. This simple mixture can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair and is splendid for dandruff, dry, itchy scalp and falling hair.

The two officers explained that they had left Strasbourg for Metz, but had lost their way in the fog and had descended to find out where they were. Their machine was damaged during the landing.

Two generals of the French army have been ordered to proceed from here to Croismare to investigate the incident.

WANT WOMEN POLICE

(Montreal, Feb. 3.—A deputation representing the Local Council of Women and Prisoners' Aid Society appeared before the board of control today and asked for the appointment of women police to the force of the city. Constables Lachapelle and Godfrey expressed their sympathy with the deputation, and asked that the request for lady police be put in writing and submitted to the board for consideration. Washington, Feb. 3.—All Asiatic exclusion amendments to the Immigration bill were defeated today in the house. The Hayes-Lenroot amendment was beaten 108 to 85, after an overwhelming defeat of a similar amendment by Representative Rakor.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c. CATARRH POWDER

Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals, cleans, stops drops, relieves the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. 25c. a box; blown free. Accept no substitutes. All dealers or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

ORRINE FOR DRINK HABIT

So uniformly successful has ORRINE been in restoring the victims of the "Drink Habit" into sober and useful citizens, and so strong is our confidence in its curative powers, that we want to emphasize the fact that ORRINE is sold under this positive guarantee. If, after a trial, you get no benefit, your money will be refunded. ORRINE costs only \$1 per box. Ask for Free Brochure. W. T. Strong, 184 Dundas street.

Every Reader Will Find Cynthia Grey's Column An Interesting Miscellany

FOR THE WOMAN OF TODAY

Follow the Horoscope. Daily Pattern Service. Women at Work and Play.

Here's a Full List of Lucky Birth-Stones

If You Were Born in June Wear Pearls—For October the Opal Is the Lucky Gem.

For January the proper gem is garnet. One of its attributes was supposed to be that it brought sleep to those subject to insomnia; riches, honor, great wisdom, constancy and fidelity in every engagement—surely a very "lucky" stone.

Our Dress and Suit Making Department

For our new store we are bringing to London Miss Hagan, of Sarnia, a dressmaker of the first rank, to take charge of and to bring to the highest standard of efficiency this department of our new store.

The Wind-Up

Our New Store Opens THURSDAY, FEB. 12th

Watch next week's paper's for the opening announcements.

Our Great WIND-UP SALE

Has Only Three More Days to Run

Big price cutting now on all broken lines or slightly soiled goods.

Soiled and Odd Lines of Linens

GUIPURE LACE, DAMASK LINENS, DRAWN WORK, EMBROIDERED LINENS, DOILIES, CENTRES, TEA CLOTHS, and many other lines are to be cleared out at the lowest prices this week.

Our Staff Not Yet Complete

There are still a few positions left vacant on our staff for the new store. We need several experienced salesladies for Ladies' Furnishings and Dress Goods Departments.

Cynthia Grey's Mail-Box

[Correspondents are requested to make their inquiries as brief as possible, and to write on one side of the paper only. It is impossible to give replies within a stated time, as all letters have to be answered in turn. No letters can be answered privately.]

Miss Grey: Would you mind re-printing the recipe for fruit cake which appeared in your columns a few weeks ago? I cut it out, but have mislaid it in some way, and oblige.

GRAY'S Limited.

Drygoods, Millinery, Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Garments. Phones 115-116.

GRAY'S LIMITED.

Agents for the Ladies' Home Journal Patterns. 150 DUNDAS STREET.

GRAY'S Limited.

WOES OF MRS. NEWLYWED

Just notice how my clothes lines sags, and yours are very tight all the time," observed Mrs. Newlywed to her friends one day.

FAVORITE OLD SONG BY THOMAS MOORE

Irish Poet Wrote Words of Tender Love Song Many Years Ago. Mrs. F. D. writes: Inclosed you will find one song you asked for, and please print "Mother's Prayer," the first lines of the first verse are:

THE HOROSCOPE

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1914. Last ill luck stay.

FEMINE FACTS

Two of four duchesses in Rockhampton, a suburb of London, are Americans. Out of 223,350 people employed in the manufacturing industries of New Jersey there are 30,452 women.

Advertiser Patterns

6799.—A Good Coat Style—Girl's Coat. Cheviot, zibeline, velvet, corduroy, serge, or broad cloth are all suitable for this model.



PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE ADVERTISER. Please send above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to:

The Home Furnishing Co. Will Credit Bearer With ONE DOLLAR. Includes portraits of two men and a large dollar sign.

Worth One Dollar At The Home Furnishing Co. This bill when presented at our store, 257 Dundas Street, is good for its face value (\$1.00) on any purchase which you might make amounting to \$10, or over.

EXTENSIVE REBUILDING SALE. Owing to our increased business we are forced to enlarge our premises. To make room for the workmen we must clear out our fine stock of Ladies', Men's and Children's Clothing, and House Furnishings.

PAY \$1.00 AND GET A McDUGALL KITCHEN CABINET delivered to your home. Send or write for our illustrated catalogue "A," given free or mailed to every prospective customer.

Hood's Pills Cure Constipation Biliousness. Dear Miss Grey: I am 5 feet 7 1/2 inches tall and weigh 128 pounds.

Yes, Better Wait. Dear Miss Grey: I have dark brown hair and blue eyes, kind of a rosy complexion.

Jewelry Repairing. We do watch, clock and jewelry repairing. All work guaranteed. Special prices on watches all this week.

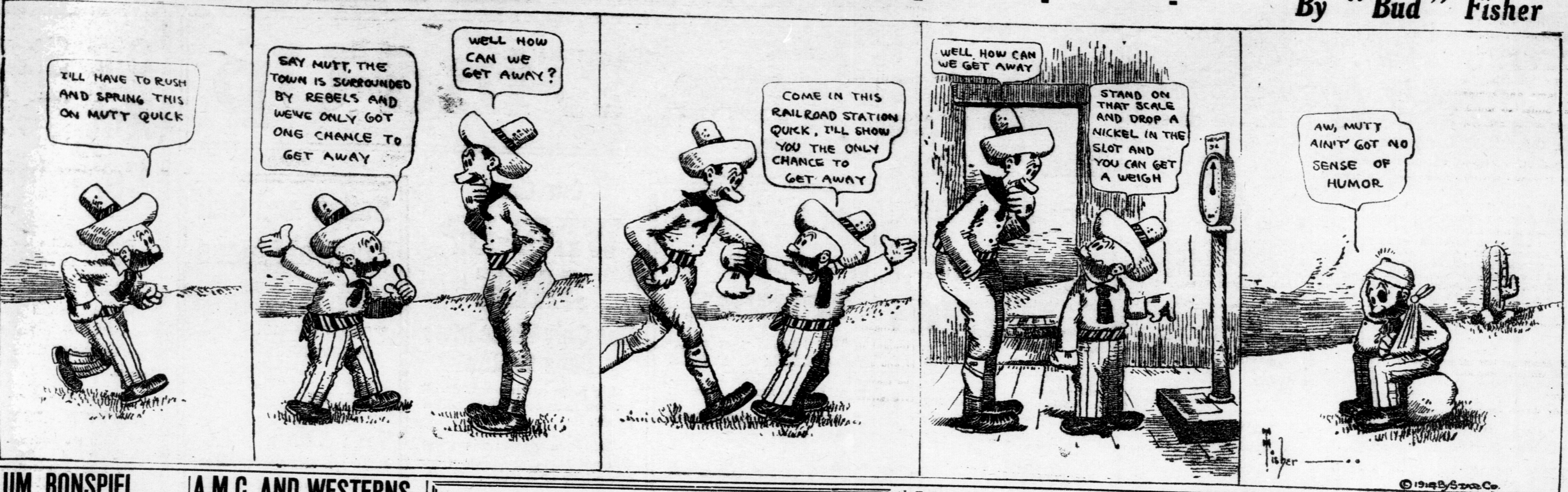
ALL THE NEWS THAT IS NEWS

A DAY IN THE SPORTING WORLD

SIDE LIGHTS ON MANY SPORTS

Mutt Never Had an Ounce of Humor

By "Bud" Fisher



ASYLUM BONSPIEL COMMENCED TODAY

Cold Spell Made the Ice Perfect For Curling.

TWO ASYLUM RINKS WIN

Three Games Played in Preliminary Round This Morning For Dr. Robinson Cup.

The Asylum Bonspiel got away to a good start this morning. The cold spell which set in late last night made the ice perfect for curling and some good games are resulting.

In the preliminary round for the Dr. Robinson trophy, two Asylum rinks and one rink each of the London and Thistle clubs were returned winners. The following were the scores:

- Dr. Smith vs. H. White, 15-10
A. Trick vs. H. H. McColl, 15-10
J. McCutcheon vs. J. Stevenson, 15-10
McCutcheon, sk. 15 W. Cox, sk. 15
London Club vs. Asylum, 15-10
T. Shaw vs. J. Stewart, 15-10
Dr. Bentley vs. W. H. Talbot, 15-10
E. McAlpine vs. R. B. Heidway, 15-10
A. J. Cardy, sk. 12 Dr. Neely, sk. 12
Asylum vs. Thistles, 15-10
R. Boyd vs. R. Lashbrook, 15-10
H. Rolleson vs. E. L. Morren, 15-10
W. Baker vs. R. Lashbrook, sk. 4
Dr. Ross, sk. 14 J. Lashbrook, sk. 4
Asylum vs. Thistles, 15-10
E. McLaughlin vs. C. A. Mann, 15-10
W. Kitchin vs. R. D. McDonald, 15-10
K. Thrower vs. L. E. Tilton, sk. 7
J. Richardson, sk. 14 L. E. Tilton, sk. 7

CHURCH LEAGUE GAMES PLAYED ON SOFT ICE

Adelaide Street Baptist and Dundas Centre Seniors and Juniors Were Winners.

Although the ice at the rinks last evening was of the uncertain variety, three fast games in the Church League were staged at the Simcoe rink.

The first and best game of the entertainment was that between the husky Adelaide Street juniors and the Wellington Street Methodist aggregation. From the drop of the rubber play was fast, the half-time score being "0-all."

The second half opened with both teams determined to annex the laurels, but the Adelaide proved too much for their opponents. The game finished 4 to 1, with the "Adies" at the large end, Dundas Centre won.

The Dundas Centre "kids" demonstrated that they could annex games as well as their big brothers. The fast "thoroughfare" aggregation piled up four points in the initial spasm, while their opponents failed to notch a single "tel-ler."

FIFTEEN CLUBS PLAY IN ONTARIO TANKARD

Toronto, Feb. 4.—Fifteen clubs, representing as many groups in the Ontario Tankard finals were on hand this morning. Palmerston, in Group 12, having failed to appear, but play did not begin at the advertised time of 9 o'clock.

Advertisement for Bodd's Kidney Pills, featuring a circular logo with the text 'BODD'S KIDNEY PILLS' and 'FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES'.

A.M.C. AND WESTERNS WILL MEET TONIGHT

Fast Game Promised in Local Northern League Series.

WESTERNS STRENGTHENED

Are Confident of Landing Army Medical Corps Team Its First Defeat.

The Army Medical Corps team and the Western University seven will meet at the Simcoe street rink this evening in a City-Northern League game. The A. M. C. has not yet been defeated, but the Westerns have been practicing hard, and they expect to give the former champions a setback tonight.

Hockey Results

- O. H. A.—Senior. Toronto (Varsity 6, Osmonds) Hall 2.
O. H. A.—Junior. Victoria Harbor 5, Orilla 2.
Kingston 4, Belleville 4.
Stratford 2, Berlin 2.
Waterloo 6, New Hamburgs 1.
Northern League. Wingham 4, Lucknow 2.
Seaforth 10, Mitchell 5.
Mount Forest 13, Palmerston 2.
Owen Sound 4, Chesley 3.
Pacific Coast League. New Westminster 8, Vancouver 2.
Intermediate. Peterboro at Whitby.
Belleville at Cobourg.
Wainland at Port Colborne.
Dunnville at Niagara Falls.
Newmarket at Riversides.
Midland at Orilla.
Preston at Berlin.
Alvinston at Watford.
Junior. Owen Sound at Meaford.

WALTER MILLER WINS WRESTLING TITLE

Winnipeg, Feb. 4.—Walter Miller, of St. Paul, retained his title of welterweight wrestling champion of the world here tonight, when he threw Otto Suter, of Cleveland, in two straight falls.

WHAT DOES THE PUBLIC WANT?

Two boxers clambered in the ring, and they were wondrous fast. They blocked and ducked and side-stepped while a hundred blows went past. To one who loved a clever bout it was a wondrous sight.

He Jumped Right In And Turned Around And Jumped Right Out Again



"KING" COLE, former Cub pitcher, who signed a Federal League contract for three years after being drafted by the New York Americans from the American Association League, then turned around and yesterday signed with the New York Club for one year. He will play for Frank Chance this coming season.

PERUVIAN PRESIDENT CAPTURED IN PALACE

Taken Prisoner by Revolutionists—Premier and Civilian Killed.

Lima, Peru, Feb. 4.—The president of the Republic of Peru, Guillermo Billinghurst, was taken prisoner today by military revolutionists, who attacked the presidential palace under the leadership of Col. Bonavides.

LOCAL OPTION RECOUNT

[Special to The Advertiser.] Aylmer, Feb. 3.—The recount asked for by local optionists of the recent by-law, took place here today before Judge Colter, of St. Thomas. C. St. Clair Leitch, of St. Thomas, represented the opponents; James Haverson, Toronto, the party in power.

Advertisement for Modern Shoe Repair, featuring the text 'WE GUARANTEE' and 'Our Waterproof Shoes. The price is also much lower than elsewhere. Drop in and see them, then ask for the price. We'll astonish you.'

London and Western Motor Club to Nail Up 1000 Signs This Year

Will Cover Western Ontario With Signs Guiding Tourists to Every Section of This Peninsula—Enthusiastic Meeting of Executive.

Several matters pertaining to the improvement of motoring in Western Ontario were dealt with at a luncheon today at the home of the executive of the London and Western Motor Club by President George M. Reid, in the Manor Tea Rooms last evening.

A boon to tourists. One of the principal steps taken at the meeting was the adoption of a motion to purchase and nail up a thousand signs throughout Western Ontario, instructing motorists in the route they wish to take, and giving the names of the villages, towns and cities along the way.

The club also dealt with the membership problem, and as a result a big effort will be made by the present members to double and triple the present number of members.

The club will also make an effort to have a ticket case in which he can keep his membership card and other identification cards. The case is pocket size, and a neat and tidy affair, and one which should make a big hit with the auto men.

INGERSOLL RUFFIANS LANDED BY POLICE

Men Who Assaulted Hagerman Will Come Up for Trial.

LONDON FANS GOT ONE

Fellow Captured by Alf. Gatecliff and Alf. Hall, is One of the Parties.

Chief Bysh of Ingersoll, notified Secretary Fyish Vining, of the London Hockey Club, that the men who committed the assault on Hagerman Monday night had been apprehended, and they will appear in the police court to answer to the charge.

WESTMINSTER TEAM TRIMMED VANCOUVER

New Westminster, Feb. 4.—Vancouver's championship aspirations received a further setback, when the Westminster team went into the lead last night, winning by a score of 8 to 2.

OAK HALL'S HALF-YEARLY SALE

You save money by buying here now. Special bargain inducements for Thursday at this live store: MEN'S SECTION.

- Men's Black and Blue Serge and Worsted Suits, regular price \$20.00 and \$22.00. Thursday special \$15.90
Men's Tweed and Tan Worsted Suits, regular \$14.00 and \$16.00. Thursday special \$10.90
Men's Black Cheviot and Melton Overcoats, regular \$16.00 and \$18.00. Thursday special \$13.90
Men's \$1.50 Pants, Thursday special \$0.98
BOYS' SECTION. Boys' Suits, sizes 31, 32 and 33, regular \$5.00 and \$6.00. Thursday special \$3.95
Boys' \$1.00 Bloomer Pants, Thursday \$0.69
FURNISHINGS. Men's \$1.00 Shirts, Thursday special \$0.69
Men's 50c Underwear, Thursday special \$0.39
Regular 50c Ties, Thursday special \$0.25
10c Handkerchiefs, Thursday \$0.10
\$1.00 Flannel Shirts, Thursday \$0.75

Thought She Would Go Mad WITH HEADACHE.

In all cases of headache the treatment should be directed to remove the cause, for with the cause removed the headache vanishes for all time.

Mrs. Althea Bowman, Hamilton, Ont., writes: "I have suffered terribly with my head for weeks at a time till I thought I would go mad. A friend advised me to give Burdock Blood Bitters a trial, so I got a bottle and found relief. I have used four bottles in all and I am glad to say that I have had no more headaches since. I would advise all sufferers to give it a fair trial."

WESTERNS TOO FAST FOR TORONTO VARSITY

Local Intercollegiate Team Won By Score of 43 to 17.

HALF-TIME SCORE 16 TO 10

Opening Game of O. A. B. A. Series Here Was Fast and Well Played.

The Western University Intercollegiate basketball team defeated Toronto University at the Y. M. C. A. last evening in a scheduled O. A. B. A. game by the score of 42 to 17.

THEY'RE ALL STARS NOW.

"I've looked at dubs," remarked a baseball fan, "I've looked at dubs for years at four bits per."

Anything You Want to Trade? Try a Barter and Exchange Ad.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES

Cut in Fares
The war is on in continental fares via all lines to and from Hamburg, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Libau, etc.

F. B. CLARKE
416 Richmond Street, next Bank of Commerce, London.

OCEAN TICKETS

outwards and prepaid, by all lines, all classes, at lowest fares. A variety of cruises and excursions to warmer climates.

E. DE LA HOOKE
422 Park Ave. (London Loan Block).

AUDITORIUM FEB. 7TH.

SCIENTIFIC MYSTERIES SOLVED
By RENO B. WELBORN, SCIENTIST. Seats, 25c, 50c, Y. M. C. A. office.

EAST END RINK-SKATING TONIGHT. Band Thursday and Saturday. Good ice.

WESTMINSTER RINK - HUSSARS' Band tonight. Admission 15 cents.

ART FOR SCHOOLS - AN EXHIBITION of two hundred pictures, representing world's masterpieces.

SIMCOE RINK - NORTHERN HOCKEY League tonight. Game called at 8:15. Admission 15 cents.

MUSIC PUBLISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets, etc.

MONDAY EVENING DANCES, PALACE Academy, choice orchestra; special programme, including tango and one-step.

ARDEN CONCERT COMPANY - SOLOIST, violinist, pianist, reed. Engagements accepted.

LONDON LADY HARPERS - ENGAGEMENTS accepted for concert and social events.

LONDON MINERAL BATHS - OPEN every afternoon, Sundays in forenoon.

DANCING - STRICTLY PRIVATE LESSONS: satisfaction guaranteed.

LOST AND FOUND.

LADY'S DIAMOND RING LOST, SATURDAY - Between Richmond and Thames.

LOST - GOLD WATCH FOR VALUED as keepsake. Kindly return to this office.

LOST - A BLACK BILL PURSE, containing \$4. Reward at Darch & Hunter's store.

LOST - SMALL PURSE CONTAINING small amount of money and a keepsake. Between Pletton and Maitland, on Dufferin avenue.

LOST - LADY'S BLACK HANDBAG - Containing \$2. Grand Trunk station, East London, on Monday afternoon.

LOST - PAIR OF RIMLESS GLASSES, in case. Reward at Stanley.

LOST - PAIR GOLD RIMLESS GLASSES. Reward at this office.

LOST - MESH PURSE, SATURDAY evening, on Ottawa car. Reward at this office.

LOST - \$8 BETWEEN HILL AND HAMILTON road, on William, or between William and Colborne, on Hamilton road. Reward at 404 York street.

STRAYED FROM 124 WILLIAM street on Sunday last, brindle and white bull terrier pup. Return for reward, 124 William street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

GOOD PAYING BUSINESS FOR SALE. drugstore, stationery and school books.

COOKS, GENERALS, AND WAITERS wanted. Mrs. Cooney, 197 Queen's avenue.

OLD MIRRORS MADE NEW - FOREST City Glass Company, 74 Fullarton street. Phone 3891.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK - Go home nights. Box 78, Advertiser.

LADIES WANTED FOR HOME WORK - embroidery, centre pieces, table runners, cushion tops, etc.

WANTED - HOUSE PARLORMAID - Reference required. Apply Mrs. F. P. Betts, 526 Queen's avenue.

WANTED - GOOD COOK - GENERAL references required. Apply Miss Hobbs, 280 Ridout street.

WANTED - COMPETENT WAIST drapers and makers and skirt makers and drapers. 443 Park avenue.

WOMEN TO KNOW HUNT'S DIAMOND Flour makes perfect biscuits.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. H. V. CATON, GRADUATE OSTEOPATH - Ten years' practice in London.

DR. A. F. BROWN, GRADUATE AMERICAN School of Osteopathy - Office and residence, 109 1/2 Dundas (near corner).

OSTEOPATHY - DR. R. C. BARKLEY, graduate and post-graduate. Largest best-equipped institution. Three years' drug success. Electricity, all forms. Corner Talbot and Maple streets. Phone 2665.

DR. MARIE H. HARKIN, DR. REGINA HARKIN - Graduate American School of Osteopathy, St. George Apartments, Wellington. Phone 1560.

DR. DETWEILER, GRADUATE AMERICAN School of Osteopathy, office and residence, 477 Colborne. Phone 3573.

NURSES.

PRACTICAL NURSE - MATERNITY cases a specialty. 423 Pall Mall street. Phone 4204.

MRS. B. EDWORTH MATERNITY nurse - Graduate Queen Charlotte's Lying-in Hospital, London, England. Box 70, Advertiser.

STOCK BROKERS.

WANTED - HURON AND ERIC LOAN shares. John Wright, stockbroker, 109 Dominion Savings Building, London, Ont. Phone 285.

BORN, MARRIED, DIED.

BORN WEEKS - To Mr. and Mrs. Earle L. Weeks, of Lexington, on Feb. 3, 1914, a daughter, Frances Elizabeth.

DEATHS MAHON - On Feb. 3, 1914, Francis, beloved wife of William Mahon, in her 74th year.

ROBSON - In Lobo Township, on Tuesday, Feb. 3, 1914, Elenor, widow of the late George Robson, in her 82nd year.

JOLLIFFE - In loving memory of Ethel Mary Jolliffe, who went to her rest Feb. 4, 1913.

MEETINGS

CANADIAN CLUB LUNCHEON

COURT ROBIN HOOD, No. 49.

Strangers and Visitors

Chorazin Lodge 190, I. O. O. F.

REGULAR MEETING, ST. G. R. C.

LONDON MINERAL BATHS - OPEN every afternoon, Sundays in forenoon.

DANCING - STRICTLY PRIVATE LESSONS: satisfaction guaranteed.

LOST AND FOUND.

LADY'S DIAMOND RING LOST, SATURDAY - Between Richmond and Thames.

LOST - GOLD WATCH FOR VALUED as keepsake. Kindly return to this office.

LOST - A BLACK BILL PURSE, containing \$4. Reward at Darch & Hunter's store.

LOST - SMALL PURSE CONTAINING small amount of money and a keepsake. Between Pletton and Maitland, on Dufferin avenue.

LOST - LADY'S BLACK HANDBAG - Containing \$2. Grand Trunk station, East London, on Monday afternoon.

LOST - PAIR OF RIMLESS GLASSES, in case. Reward at Stanley.

LOST - PAIR GOLD RIMLESS GLASSES. Reward at this office.

LOST - MESH PURSE, SATURDAY evening, on Ottawa car. Reward at this office.

LOST - \$8 BETWEEN HILL AND HAMILTON road, on William, or between William and Colborne, on Hamilton road. Reward at 404 York street.

STRAYED FROM 124 WILLIAM street on Sunday last, brindle and white bull terrier pup. Return for reward, 124 William street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

GOOD PAYING BUSINESS FOR SALE. drugstore, stationery and school books.

COOKS, GENERALS, AND WAITERS wanted. Mrs. Cooney, 197 Queen's avenue.

OLD MIRRORS MADE NEW - FOREST City Glass Company, 74 Fullarton street. Phone 3891.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK - Go home nights. Box 78, Advertiser.

LADIES WANTED FOR HOME WORK - embroidery, centre pieces, table runners, cushion tops, etc.

WANTED - HOUSE PARLORMAID - Reference required. Apply Mrs. F. P. Betts, 526 Queen's avenue.

WANTED - GOOD COOK - GENERAL references required. Apply Miss Hobbs, 280 Ridout street.

WANTED - COMPETENT WAIST drapers and makers and skirt makers and drapers. 443 Park avenue.

WOMEN TO KNOW HUNT'S DIAMOND Flour makes perfect biscuits.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. H. V. CATON, GRADUATE OSTEOPATH - Ten years' practice in London.

DR. A. F. BROWN, GRADUATE AMERICAN School of Osteopathy - Office and residence, 109 1/2 Dundas (near corner).

OSTEOPATHY - DR. R. C. BARKLEY, graduate and post-graduate. Largest best-equipped institution. Three years' drug success. Electricity, all forms. Corner Talbot and Maple streets. Phone 2665.

DR. MARIE H. HARKIN, DR. REGINA HARKIN - Graduate American School of Osteopathy, St. George Apartments, Wellington. Phone 1560.

DR. DETWEILER, GRADUATE AMERICAN School of Osteopathy, office and residence, 477 Colborne. Phone 3573.

NURSES.

PRACTICAL NURSE - MATERNITY cases a specialty. 423 Pall Mall street. Phone 4204.

MRS. B. EDWORTH MATERNITY nurse - Graduate Queen Charlotte's Lying-in Hospital, London, England. Box 70, Advertiser.

STOCK BROKERS.

WANTED - HURON AND ERIC LOAN shares. John Wright, stockbroker, 109 Dominion Savings Building, London, Ont. Phone 285.

Barter and Exchange

Many people have articles which they wish to trade at some time or other. Realizing that a "Barter and Exchange" column would help their subscribers to get in touch with persons who had something of value which they would trade for something they needed, The Advertiser decided to open one. It will be run daily, appearing in the morning, noon and evening editions, and given special attention.

BARTER AND EXCHANGE.

CHATHAM INCUBATOR. 120 EGGS: Black Orpington cock, winner, for common fowl or ducks. Box 76, Advertiser.

TO EXCHANGE - SHOTGUN, CARTRIDGES, ferret and cood, for White Lashburn pullets, or what you have? Box 74, Advertiser.

A SIX-FOOT OVAL NICKEL SHOW-CASE for sale, or will exchange for wall-case. Apply Bernard Garage, 440

TO EXCHANGE - HEAVY COILT, coming three, sound; for cattle. Box 72, Advertiser.

ROOFING.

SLATE, GRAVEL AND CEMENT ROOFING. Paint for gravel roofs. Walter Scott, 506 York street

MALE HELP WANTED

WANTED - TWO SMART YOUNG men for Saturdays; used to handling farm produce and meats. Apply, 811

THREE SMART YOUNG MEN OF good address, to represent an English company in this city and vicinity.

BUTCHER WANTED - TO TAKE charge of slaughter house and small farm of 25 acres. Must be good, reliable man. Jackson, butcher, 87 Wellington St., phone 1067.

WANTED - FIRST-CLASS OPERATORS on high grade coats. Apply J. Levy, Green-Swift's.

LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN, BRAKEMEN - Wages about \$100; experience unnecessary. Send resume to Railway, Care Advertiser. 23xt Feb 24

SMART BOY TO LEARN WATCH-MAKING. Apply Albert Findlay, 194 Dundas street.

CANVASSERS WANTED, SALARY OR COMMISSION. Apply Alfred Tyler, 355 Clarence street.

HOUSES, ROOMS, TO LET.

FIRST FLAT OR TWO OFFICES, steam heating, over 185 Dundas street. 35x-xxv

UP-TO-DATE MOVING VANS - FURNITURE and pianos packed, crated and carefully handled. 863 1/2 Colborne street. Phone 2638. Flowers & Taylor.

LARGE FRONT PARLOR BEDROOM to let, with board, suitable for man and wife. Apply 243 Queen's avenue. 44c

TO LET - STORE AND HALF BRICK house, modern. Apply 78 Anderson avenue. 44c

To Let - Furnished House

Two-story red brick, hot water heating, combination light, 5 bedrooms, laundry in basement. First-class furniture, and everything required in an up-to-date house. J. F. Sangster & Co., 208 Dominion Savings Building.

BIGGS' FURNITURE STORAGE - Clean and dry. Prices reasonable. THE FOREST CITY MOVING VANS, phone 1162, 97 Carling street.

TO LET - VACANT LOT, CORNER Wellington and York streets, 100x100 feet. Apply Alex. H. Purdom, care the Purdom Hardware Company, 7217

ON MOVING DAY REMEMBER "DAY" the Mover. Moving vans and electric vacuum cleaners. Phone 2387. B. F. Day. Office, 92 King.

NORTH END DRAY STAND - FURNITURE, baggage removed. Charges moderate. Phone 2839.

FIRST-CLASS STORAGE AT REASONABLE RATES. 101 King street.

ALEX. HENDERSON'S MOVING VANS - Largest in city. Good storage. 336 Cheapside. Phone 1121

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE - AT A BARGAIN - SEVEN-room modern equipped cottage, with large bath and lot. Apply 502 Hill street. Telephone 1267.

HOUSE AND LOT AND THREE ACRES adjoining city; also house in city. 450 Pall Mall street. 461

100-ACRE FARM FOR SALE, BEFORE MARCH 1, afterwards to rent. D. Johnson, Iderton, R. R. No. 1.

CENTRAL, TWO-STORY AND ATTIC BRICK FOUR BEDROOMS, MODERN CONVENIENCES. THIS RESIDENCE IS IN A FIRST-CLASS LOCALITY, AND HAS BEEN REDUCED IN PRICE FROM \$5,200 TO \$4,500 FOR A QUICK SALE. THOMAS C. KNOTT, No. 6 DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING. 451

FOR SALE - NICE COTTAGE, THREE bedrooms, dining-room, parlor, kitchen, bath and toilet complete. Lot 40x200. Price \$1,900. Currie & Co., 418 Talbot street.

\$2,800 - Dufferin Avenue - \$2,800. Double frame cottage, rented at \$24 per week; 40x100 feet, with drive, large bath and lot. Apply 502 Hill street. Telephone 1267.

HOUSE AND LOT AND THREE ACRES adjoining city; also house in city. 450 Pall Mall street. 461

100-ACRE FARM FOR SALE, BEFORE MARCH 1, afterwards to rent. D. Johnson, Iderton, R. R. No. 1.

CENTRAL, TWO-STORY AND ATTIC BRICK FOUR BEDROOMS, MODERN CONVENIENCES. THIS RESIDENCE IS IN A FIRST-CLASS LOCALITY, AND HAS BEEN REDUCED IN PRICE FROM \$5,200 TO \$4,500 FOR A QUICK SALE. THOMAS C. KNOTT, No. 6 DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING. 451

FOR SALE - NICE COTTAGE, THREE bedrooms, dining-room, parlor, kitchen, bath and toilet complete. Lot 40x200. Price \$1,900. Currie & Co., 418 Talbot street.

\$2,800 - Dufferin Avenue - \$2,800. Double frame cottage, rented at \$24 per week; 40x100 feet, with drive, large bath and lot. Apply 502 Hill street. Telephone 1267.

HOUSE AND LOT AND THREE ACRES adjoining city; also house in city. 450 Pall Mall street. 461

100-ACRE FARM FOR SALE, BEFORE MARCH 1, afterwards to rent. D. Johnson, Iderton, R. R. No. 1.

CENTRAL, TWO-STORY AND ATTIC BRICK FOUR BEDROOMS, MODERN CONVENIENCES. THIS RESIDENCE IS IN A FIRST-CLASS LOCALITY, AND HAS BEEN REDUCED IN PRICE FROM \$5,200 TO \$4,500 FOR A QUICK SALE. THOMAS C. KNOTT, No. 6 DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING. 451

FOR SALE - NICE COTTAGE, THREE bedrooms, dining-room, parlor, kitchen, bath and toilet complete. Lot 40x200. Price \$1,900. Currie & Co., 418 Talbot street.

\$2,800 - Dufferin Avenue - \$2,800. Double frame cottage, rented at \$24 per week; 40x100 feet, with drive, large bath and lot. Apply 502 Hill street. Telephone 1267.

HOUSE AND LOT AND THREE ACRES adjoining city; also house in city. 450 Pall Mall street. 461

100-ACRE FARM FOR SALE, BEFORE MARCH 1, afterwards to rent. D. Johnson, Iderton, R. R. No. 1.

WANTED.

Two ENGLISHMEN, OR FOUR IF convenient, require board. Terms moderate; every convenience. Reply promptly, Box 81, Advertiser.

WANTED! WANTED!

Two Hundred or More Acres of CLEAR LAND

Within 10 or 12 miles of London, near transportation and power preferred. Address Box 55, Advertiser. 46c

DR. MAHAN'S COMPASS OIL SHOULD be in every home. It quickly cures all cuts, burns, sores, scalds, chapped hands, etc. x

WANTED - DEAD HORSES AND cattle; phone 638; will go twelve miles; no animal removed without his hide on. London Fertilizer Company

SMALL APARTMENT OF THREE OR four rooms and bath, centrally located; preferably Dundas street. Box 79, Advertiser. 46c

WANTED - POSITION OF TRUST; CAN furnish best of reference and security; or would invest five thousand in good paying business. Box 77, Advertiser. 45u

THE SALVATION ARMY RELIEF DEPARTMENT, 394 Clarence street, will gratefully receive and distribute gifts of clothing and furniture during winter months. Kindly send if possible. Phone 1538. xt-Feb-25

WOMAN WANTS CLEANING TO DO. Apply 32 Brookside street, Chelsea Green.

WANTED - ONE LIVE, UNINJURED male fox. Red Bros., Bothwell, Ont. 43n

Live Stock Wanted

Cattle, Calves, Sheep, Lambs, Hogs, Poultry, etc. Drop us a card or phone us. JACKSON BROS., 87 Wellington St. Phone 1607. 23xtv

MELODEONS WANTED AT KEENE'S Antique Store, 342 Talbot street.

OLD SHOES MADE NEW BY THE Improved Shoe Repair, Phone 3716, boy will call.

WANTED - PEOPLE TO KNOW THAT Hunt's Diamond Flour makes a perfect bread.

WANTED - DRAYING TO DO. PHONE 2345 for prompt service. Reasonable rates.

WANTED BY CITY MISSION FOR FREE distribution - Clothing, carpets, furniture, etc., for the poor and needy. Phone 4420 or 2470 and a man will call for names. H. E. Wilson, superintendent. 4-1t

TAKE NOTICE

The Rapid Messenger Service and PROFESSIONAL horsehoers have opened Wellington street. Your parcels and messages delivered promptly. WM. A. WALKER, PHONE 2645.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. G. R. BARTRAM, 59 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY H. J. CHILDS, druggist, 632 Dundas.

Receives Many Replies To Ad. For Bookkeeper

Several days ago a North-End Firm advertised for an Assistant Bookkeeper and Stenographer. Their box number was flooded with replies. This is no exception, rather is it the rule. It is also what will happen to YOU if you tell the public your wants through THE ADVERTISER.

Phone Them to 3670.

LEGAL CARDS.

D. H. TENNENT, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, notary public. Money to loan. 78 Dundas.

PURDUM & PURDUM - DOMINION SAVINGS BLDG. COR. RICHMOND AND KING.

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B. A.

T. W. SCANDRETT, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, notary. Money to loan. 58 Dundas street.

McKILLIP, MURPHY & GUNN - OAK HALL BUILDING

U. A. BUCHNER, BARRISTER SOLICITOR, corner Talbot and Carling, Phone 99. Money to loan.

F. HARRY GREENLEES, 53 B. BANK of Toronto, barrister, etc. Funds to loan.

BLACKBURN & WEEKES, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc., 124 Blackburn.

MACPHERSON & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors. Money to loan, Robinson Hall Chambers.

W. G. R. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, notary, etc., 59 Dundas street.

A. H. BEATTIE, BARRISTER, ETC., 169 1/2 Dundas street. Money to loan on real estate.

CRONIN & BETTS & COLERIDGE - Frederick P. Betts, K. C., Thomas Coleridge.

GIBBONS HARPER & GIBBONS, BARRISTERS, notaries, 413 Talbot street. Carling, Sir George Gibbons, K. C.; Fred F. Harper; George S. Gibbons.

M. P. McDONAGH, BARRISTER, ETC., 425 Richmond street. Money to loan.

J. M. McEVOY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Robinson Hall Chambers, Money to loan.

GRAYDON & GRAYDON, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, 413 Talbot street. Carling, A. H. Marshall Graydon.

MONEY TO LOAN.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE on real estate. Macpherson & Perrin, 57 Dundas street.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES - Thomas C. Knott, real estate broker, Room 8, Dominion Savings Bldg.

PRIVATE AND TRUST MONEY at lowest rates, amount and terms to suit; no commission charge. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 98 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN - LOWEST rates. U. A. Buchner, corner Talbot and Carling.

DR. ERNEST WILLIAMS - HOURS 11 to 3; 7 to 8. Note change.

DR. MEEK, 330 QUEEN'S AVENUE - Speciality, diseases of women. Hours, 10 to 2.

DR. WEEKES, 436 WATERLOO street. Hours, 1 to 3 and 7 to 8.

F. H. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P., AND S. (Squibb) - Special attention diseases of women, children. Office and residence, 405 Waterloo street. Phone 257.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

THREE VALUABLE BOOKS FOR thinning men 10 cents each. Hamilton's, 338 Richmond street.

FOR SALE - GURNEY OXFORD GAS range, A1 condition. Apply 307 Pall Mall street.

PRIVATE SALE OF STOCK, ETC., OF Wood work shop Friday and Saturday, Feb. 6, 7, J. R. Calvert, Ilberton, 45c

NO. 1 CHESTNUT COAL, \$7.50; NO. 2 chestnut coal, \$7.00; stove and furnace \$7.25; pea coal, \$6.50; MARCEL HOEHN, 655 York street. Phone 1718.

FIRE SALE

Everything Must Be Sold

To prepare for the building after the fire, tremendous bargains await you. Thursday (tomorrow) morning. Come before it's too late.

Jewelry, Watches, Clocks Diamonds, Silverware Cut Glass, Mesh Bags, Etc.

Every article not injured by the fire will be put on sale at slaughtered prices, and please note that we will guarantee the quality of the goods the same as we did before the fire.

NOT ONE IN A THOUSAND SHOULD MISS THIS FIRE SALE OF THE MOST RELIABLE GOODS. IT IS BETTER TO BUY AT THIS SALE THAN LATER TO WISH YOU HAD.

A. H. TREBILCOCK

116 DUNDAS STREET (Near Talbot Street)

A CURE FOR DRUNKENNESS WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL

That Alcoholism is a disease is now recognized by Science. No man in his senses brings disgrace and ruin on himself and family through choice. Acure stops the craving for drink, builds up the system, eradicates the nerves. It is guaranteed to cure or benefit, or money refunded after a fair trial. Acure No. 1 can be given secretly by any wife or mother wanting to restore a dear one to health and usefulness. Acure No. 2 is the voluntary treatment. Can be had at the following stores only \$1.00 per box. Ask for free booklet about Acure. Anderson and Nelles, 263 Dundas St. E. L. Guillemont, 404 Richmond St. W. T. Strong, 184 Dundas St. The Taylor Drug Co., four stores.

ACID STOMACHS ARE DANGEROUS

Nine-Tenths of All Stomach Trouble Said to Be Due to Acidity. A Physician's Advice on Cause and Cure. A famous physician whose successful researches into the cause and cure of stomach and intestinal diseases have earned for him an international reputation, said in a recent lecture that nearly all intestinal troubles, as well as many diseases of the vital organs, commonly termed sour stomach, are directly caused by the acidity of the stomach, which not only irritates and inflames the delicate lining of the stomach, but also sets up a general acid stomach ulcer. It is interesting to note that he condemns the use of patent medicines as well as the treatment of the stomach, stating that he and his colleagues have secured remarkable results by the use of a simple and effective remedy, which, by neutralizing the acidity of the food, removes the source of the trouble. He contends that it is as foolish to treat the stomach itself as it would be for a man who stepped on a tack to rub liniment on the foot without first removing the tack. Remove the tack and the foot will heal itself—neutralize the acid and stomach troubles will disappear. Irritating medicines and medical treatments are useless, so long as the contents of the stomach remain acid; remove the acidity, and you will have no need for medicine—the inflamed lining of the stomach will then heal itself. Sufferers from acidity, sour stomach or heartburn should get a small bottle of bisulphated magnesia from their druggist, and take a teaspoonful in a glass of water, repeating in fifteen minutes, if necessary, this being the dose which the doctor found most efficacious in all cases. (Adv.)

THINKS KARLUK IS SAFE

Life Preserver Was Washed Ashore on Alaskan Coast. [Canadian Press.] Washington, Feb. 3.—A life preserver bearing the name "Karluik," the whaling Arctic explorer, sailed from Seattle, the northernmost point of Alaska, which was washed ashore at Kivalina, Alaska. This was reported to the United States Bureau of Education today by William Lopp, chief of the bureau's Alaska division. The life preserver was brought to shore in a great storm, but Mr. Lopp said he did not believe it came from the Karluik herself. "The Karluik is undoubtedly fast in the sea near where she was last reported," the report said, "but it is possible that a single boat crew started on a reconnoitering trip toward the south and that the life preserver is from them."

Appointing an Executor or Trustee

Which is the better, to burden one man or to give the business to a company which makes a specialty of these details? The surer, safer plan is to employ the services of a reliable company. This company solicits your favorable consideration when making your will.

The Fidelity Trusts Company of Ontario
Dominion Savings Building, London.

WEST AGAIN DEMANDS MARKET FOR ITS WHEAT

Ottawa, Feb. 3.—There was a brave battle in the Conservative caucus today between the east and west and between the free wheat and the stand-pat policy on the tariff. Conservative members from the west appointed J. A. M. Aikens, of Brandon, their spokesman, and he voiced the demand for free wheat in the name of the three western provinces, of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. This did not meet the Ontario view, where representatives of practically all the Ontario constituencies declared that the interests friendly to the administration were contending that there should be no yielding in this session to a cut in duties to meet the complaint against the high cost of living. They claimed that there was need for tariff changes this season. In fact the opinion was expressed that better times were coming, and that there should be no changes in the tariff this session, but that the Government should wait until next session until it decided upon its tariff changes this season. If times are good next winter, the manufacturers feel that the Government should not cut duties on wheat and many other articles, in order to give the manufacturers the opportunity to speedily get their business on their feet. The western members are still falling off of business during the present hard times. If it is found that times are still hard and the people complaining about the high cost of living next winter, the Government will be obliged to cut duties on many other things as a measure of relief. The western members are unhappy, and the eastern Conservatives are firm tonight.

SWINE BREEDERS MEET

[Canadian Press.] Toronto, Feb. 3.—That the association has had the most successful financial year since it began, was the statement embodied in the report of the secretary of the Dominion Swine Breeders' Association, the annual meeting of which was held here this afternoon. The association went on record as being in sympathy with the new live stock, horticultural and dairy show in Toronto, and offered hearty support. The following officers were elected: Mr. John P. Hamilton, president; Mr. J. D. Brien, Streetsville, vice-president; the representatives on the directorate of the various sections: Peter McEwen, Berksbires; Wm. Jones, Yorkshires; Wm. Little, Tamworth; W. T. Wright, Chester Whites; M. Campbell, Duroc Jerseys; George Gould, Poland Chinas; Alex. Hastings, Chinas.

How to Shed a Red, Rough, Chapped or Blotchy Skin

(From Beauty's Mirror.) This is what you should do to shed a bad complexion: Spread evenly over the face, covering every inch of skin, a thin layer of ordinary mercurized wax. Let this stay on over night, washing it off next morning. Repeat daily until your complexion is clear, soft and beautiful as a young girl's. This result is inevitable, no matter how soiled or withered the complexion. The wax literally absorbs the flimsy surface skin, exposing the lovely young skin beneath. The process is entirely harmless. It's a veritable wonder-worker for rough, chapped, red, blotchy, pimply, freckled or sallow skin. Pure powdered saxolite is excellent for a wrinkled skin. An ounce of it dissolved in a half-pint of water makes a refreshing wash-lotion. This renders the skin quite firm and smooth; indeed, the very first application erases the finer lines; the deeper ones soon follow.—(Adv.)

MIX SCHOOLS, FAIR, THEATRE AND KIDS IN WORDY WARFARE

Lively Tilts Among Trustees Over Announcement of Theatricals in Public School.

CHAIRMAN READS THE LAW

Is Answered by Dr. Shaw, Who Declares Shows Are As Good As Western Fair.

The board of education, at its meeting on Tuesday afternoon, witnessed the somewhat unusual spectacle of the chairman denouncing his throne for the floor of the house, in order to reply to the questions of a trustee. The subject that caused such procedure was not exactly new, but nevertheless it caused a great deal of interest and some amusement for certain members of the board. To have the announcement made in the differences between Chairman A. M. Hunt and Trustee R. W. Shaw regarding the theatricals in the public schools last week in connection with a Shakespearean performance at a local theatre.

Favored the Show.

Trustee Shaw stated that as a private citizen he considered that the witnessing of such a play by the pupils had great educational advantages, and after making arrangements with the manager of a local theatre to give school children special rates for a Saturday matinee, had telephoned Principal Beal, of the head office, to have the announcement made by the various principals. Chairman Hunt had not fallen in line with the idea, said Trustee Shaw, and had said that he did not attend the theatre. The result was the countermanding of Dr. Shaw's instructions. "We have no jurisdiction over the pupils on Saturday," was Dr. Shaw's statement, "and the question is, who was brought in for the chairman of the finance committee or the chairman of the board to deal with the matter? I would like to see the schools for two days in order to let the pupils attend Mr. Hunt's fair, where they have the opportunity of seeing all sorts of games of chance and other amusements, to say nothing of the Midway, with its Happy Gamblers, five-legged calves, snake charmers and others. I am here to champion a taste for good plays, and not for the others."

Contrary to Rules.

Reckoning Trustee J. P. Muggan to the chair, Chairman Hunt stepped down and read a clause in the rules of the board to the effect that no announcement of shows could be made in the school without the consent of the board. The chairman claimed that he had received a storm of protests against the announcement, and after investigating, and finding that the action was contrary to the rules, he had acted accordingly. "If I did not do right, why pass a vote of censure," said the chairman. Trustee Gammage and Silverwood fathered a motion for the enforcement of the rules, and all voted for it, including Dr. Shaw.

FRENCHMEN WANT PLACE IN SENATE APPOINTMENTS

Ask That One of Their Number Be Selected to Succeed Hon. G. W. Co. x.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Ottawa, Feb. 3.—The French Conservatives of Ontario are pressing hard for the appointment of one of their race and tongue to the vacancy in the Senate made vacant by the death of Senator George W. Co. x. It is said that Napoleon Chagnon, M. L. A., from Ottawa, stands a good chance of obtaining the place. Conservative members are starting a movement for an increase of the sessional indemnity, which was promised last session by Hon. Mr. Rogers, and which failed to materialize. It is said that there will be a strong pressure on the Government before the close of the session to raise the indemnity from its present figure of \$2,000 to \$4,000. The Government has turned down the proposal of Lord Chelmsford and Earl Grey for an overseas building in the centre of London. The centre provinces are likewise with regard to the proposal, which is something of a real estate promotion, and Ontario will have her own plan for a building in London.

Eureka Lodge I.O.O.F. Celebrates 60th. Anniversary

Three Prominent Oddfellows Who Attended Eureka Celebration.



P. T. Coupland, of St. Marys, Grand Master. Arthur Borland, of London District, Deputy Grand Master. Dr. C. T. Campbell, the only Grand Sire in Canada.

Twelve veteran jewels were presented to members of Eureka Lodge, No. 30, I. O. O. F., on the occasion of the 60th anniversary of the lodge, held Tuesday evening in the Dominion Savings Building. It was one of the largest gatherings of Oddfellows held here in many years. Oddfellows from all over the London district were present, and from points outside, notably, St. John, N. B., Warren, Pa., Detroit, Gananoque, Kingston, Oshawa, St. Marys, Palmerston, Brantford, Chatham, Kerwood, Dorchester, Exeter, Stratroy, Harrisville, Peterboro, Grimsby, Port Stanley and Melbourne. Among the leading officers who attended were P. T. Coupland, St. Marys, grand master of Ontario; Arthur Borland, London, deputy grand master, and Dr. C. T. Campbell, grand sire, and Dr. J. T. Campbell, grand sire, Jewels For Veterans. Veterans' Jewels were presented to William Robinson, Henry Pearce, Joseph Newman, Thomas Howard, P. G. Henry Terry, J. B. Ingamels, William Jury, John Atkins, P. G. H. G. Abbot, P. G. George Riddle, James Wiles and E. R. Robinson, P. G. Following the conferment of the honorary degree by the degree team of

Eureka Lodge, a banquet was held. Grand Sire Campbell referred in feeling terms to the absence of the oldest member of Eureka, who through illness was unable to be in attendance. The Past Grand William Skinner, 63 years an Oddfellow. Few of the members of Eureka knew their history as narrated by the venerable grand sire, said Dr. Campbell. There is now only seven of the pioneer lodge members that preceded that of Eureka, No. 30. As a matter of fact the charter was entitled to a preceding lower number, but in the day of the stage coach allowances had to be made for matters of this character. Beginning almost 100 years ago in the smallest and most humble manner this mile of Oddfellowship had grown to a membership considerably in excess of two million members. It is the American pioneer who has done the most for the uplifting of humanity, both male and female, and the preventative principles of avoiding poverty, had blazed the way for the government of civilization who are now vying to establish the same systems and principles for the care of the sick and the unfortunate in the establishment of

maternity and old age benefits. Go-d Work of Lodge. Grand Master Coupland also referred to the absence of the old-timer, Bros. Skinner. In 1856 only 12 lodges existed in this province. Now the No. 12 district, better known as the London district, has 12 lodges, and the membership has increased from a few hundred until now there is over 51,000 in the jurisdiction of Ontario, and 425 lodges enrolled in active service. Ontario now stands third in the army of grand lodges. District Deputy Grand Master A. Borland, confined himself to the toast of the district No. 12. The district has paid out in relief in six months \$1,500. There are only three larger districts in the province, two of which are in Toronto, and one in Montreal. He paid a high and flattering tribute to the grand master, who in his zeal for the cause has already paid No. 12 three visits. Dr. Campbell assumed the chair for a toast to Eureka Lodge, and called upon P. D. G. M. L. W. Crawford, who stated that Eureka has made over 1,000 Oddfellows. As a sample of its relief it had paid in its time \$2,000 to each of three members, and to 32 widows over \$15,000. Brother Skinner had been an Oddfellow 62 years.

FISHERMEN MAY HAVE FOUND THE LARGE FREIGHTER

Believe They Have Found Sunken Hulk of the Carruthers. EXPERT TO INVESTIGATE

Southampton Fishermen Also Surprised by Shallow Water.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Bayfield, Feb. 3.—What may be the sunken hulk of the James S. Carruthers, a large freighter, which went down with all hands on Lake Huron in the terrific storm that swept the lakes early in November, carrying death and destruction in its wake, has been located north by northeast of Alpena by several fishermen of that town. As the result of the discovery, interest along the lake is at fever heat, and speculation is general as to whether investigation will disclose the whereabouts of the lost vessel and solve the mystery that has baffled navigation experts since the boat's disappearance. Captain W. Ferguson, of Bayfield, who has navigated one of the Pittsburg Steel Company's vessels for many years, is reported to have expressed interest in the company, asking him to proceed at once to Alpena and conduct a searching investigation into the rumor. Fishermen Find Shallow Water. Following the report from Alpena came a more authoritative statement from McCauley Bros., fishermen, of Southampton. While taking soundings in anticipation of dropping their nets,

they were surprised to find that the lead touched bottom at a depth of only some eighteen feet. Continuing their investigations, the greater depth for several days, there being a clear channel for many miles around. The fishermen are at a loss to account for the phenomena, the only solution being that the submerged hulk would have been forced to the surface and that the revolutions made by the twin screws of the boat had stirred up the sand. It is thought now that the vessel had passed near the Carruthers, which, in its downward plunge, had buried its steel prow in the sand, a considerable portion of which would have been forced to the decks from the impact with the lake bed. Near Carruthers' Resting Place. Other vessels of late have observed a strange appearance on the surface of the lake at the identical spot. Even during intervals when the water is calm there is a perceptible ripple and part-breaking of the swells. It was somewhere in this latitude where the Carruthers is thought to have gone down, and conclusions point to this spot as the probable resting place of the vessel, or one of the other vessels lost in the same tragedy. On a preliminary investigation, telephoned McCauley Bros. this morning, and his further investigations will be based on their reply. Dangerous for Vessels. No time will be lost in getting to the bottom of the mystery. The spot is in the path of vessels moving up and down the lake, and fears for the safety of large-fraght boats are expressed. Should the obstruction be found by the Carruthers, or a newly-formed reef—in either case precautions must be taken to guard against further mishap. Several of the vessels which have passed over this course in their trips down the lakes have had narrow escapes. It is understood that Government inspectors will also look into the matter.

HOW TO TREAT ALL SKIN TROUBLE

GREASY OINTMENTS NO USE—MUST BE CURED THROUGH THE BLOOD.

It is not a good thing for people with a tendency to have pimples and a blotchy complexion to smear themselves with greasy ointments. In fact, they couldn't do anything worse, because the greasy closes the pores of the skin, making the disease worse. When there is an irritating rash a soothing boracic wash may help allay the pain or itching, but of course it doesn't cure the trouble. Skin complaints arise from an impure condition of the blood and will persist until the blood is purified. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured many cases of eczema and skin diseases because they make new, rich blood that drives out the impurities, clears the skin and imparts a glow of health. The following proof is offered. Mrs. Fred Tremble, Gunter, Ont., says: "For more than a year I was steadily afflicted with salt rheum or eczema. My hands were so sore that I could not put them in water without the skin cracking open. I tried all sorts of ointments recommended for the trouble, but they did not do me a particle of good. I was told Dr. Williams' Pink Pills would cure the trouble, and began taking them. I took the Pills steadily for six or eight weeks and they completely cured the trouble. This was several years ago, and I have never been bothered with it since." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or by mail for 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

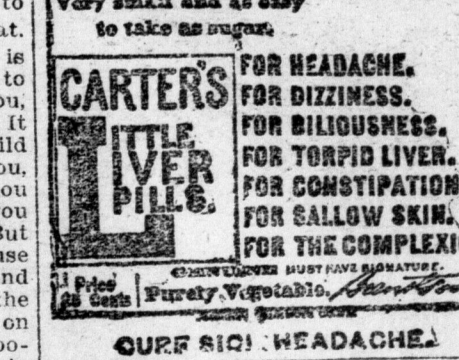
"The narrow way is a safe way. There are no lions nor ravenous beasts on that way. We are told that Satan has a den in either direction, but the Old Lion never devoured anybody on this way. Playing Into Devil's Hands. "Talking of this vale of life and your trials and troubles when you come to church, this caricaturing of religion, is playing into the devil's hands. Talk about your triumphs on the way. And then Mr. Crossley sang a verse from "Happy Day" and another from "Jesus Keeps Me Near the Cross." "The radiance of Christ blinds our eyes to the feeble light of the world that once enamored us," he said. "Are you ready?" There is no time for trifling," said Mr. Crossley in closing of the services at the time that the "Wrong Views of Hell." The pastor, Rev. J. E. J. Miliard, and Rev. D. N. McCamus, of Colborne Street Methodist Church, took part in last night's service.

Full Mental Capacity Unnecessary in Order to Be True Christian, Is Evangelist Crossley's Statement.

Continued From Page Eleven. and then he sang aloud, "I'm Thinking of Home." "You all want to go to heaven," he said, "I am sure of that. And the next best thing to heaven is the way through earth that leads to heaven. It is a costly way, not to you, but the One who made that way, it almost made heaven bankrupt to build it. The King's highway is free to you, to every loyal subject of the King. You are all going the one way, and so you don't need to turn out for anyone. But some of you got off the way, because somebody didn't treat you right, and now that you haven't got back on the way, you want to lay the blame on that somebody. Don't talk of the hypocrites in your way. If a hypocrite is in your way, you are in the same way yourself, and a hypocrite yourself. As Christians abide in the way." Speaking of holiness, Mr. Crossley said, "I don't want you to use the word, holiness in the narrow way that some do, to talk about holiness people, and holiness ministers and holiness meetings." Should Yield First. Mr. Crossley dates his conversion from June 25, 1862. "Then," he said, "I knew the experience of surrender, trust and peace. When you surrender, trust and peace instinctively. Yield first, then you will feel that you are home. The difficulty is that some people have stubborn wills, like the Roers in South Africa, who kept on fighting for months, even after they knew they were defeated. If you don't surrender, you miss forever the pearly gates and golden."

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.



Must Bear Signature of *Wm. Carter*

FRY'S COCOA SHRUNK

The Prices Are Well Shrunk At PATTEN'S Furniture store FOR FEBRUARY SALE.

Sole Agents for GURNEY OXFORD RANGES Smallman & Ingram

Palace Livery ROSS & BOSS. Carriages for funerals and all other occasions. Automobile service. 619 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 888.

SALE OF SILK AND CLOTH DRESSES

FROM \$3.95 AND UPWARDS. LONDON READY-TO-WEAR 256 DUNDAS ST.

CUT FLOWERS

F. Dicks & Son 236 Dundas St. Phone 1297. EAST END FLORAL STORE J. H. TAYLOR, PHONE 719. CUT FLOWERS AND FERNS 613 Dundas Street

IT'S STILL ON!

Our Annual Wallpaper and Picture Sale. A great many have taken advantage of it, and we have proved to them that we could save them money. Quarter to half off all Papers suitable for any room in the home.

FRAMED PICTURES

at quarter off regular price. If you have space let us sell you a picture to fill it.

A. E. JOLLY & CO.

190 DUNDAS ST. Peel's will offer Thursday 25¢ Children's Tea Sets, usually 25¢ everywhere, for 9¢ per set. Peel's, Richmond Street.

QUIT MEAT WHEN KIDNEYS BOTHER

Take a Glass of Salts if Your Back Hurts or Bladder Troubles You.

No man or woman who eats meat regularly can make a mistake by flushing the kidneys occasionally, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which excites the kidneys, they become overworked from the strain, get sluggish and fail to filter the waste and poisons from the blood, then we get sick. Nearly all rheumatism, headaches, liver trouble, nervousness, dizziness, sleeplessness, and urinary disorders come from sluggish kidneys. The moment you feel a dull ache in the kidneys or your back hurts or if the urine is cloudy, offensive or full of sediment, irregular of passage, or attended by a sensation of scalding, stop eating meat and get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast and in a few days your kidneys will act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate the kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer causes irritation, thus ending bladder weakness. Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful, refreshing, irregular of passage, which everyone should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and active and the blood pure, thereby avoiding serious kidney complications. W. T. Strong, druggist, agent, London.

An Easy Way to Get Fat and Be Strong

The trouble with most thin folks who wish to gain weight is that they insist on drugging their stomach or stuffing it with greasy foods, rubbing on useless "flesh creams," or following some foolish physical culture stunt, while the real cause of thinness goes untouched. You cannot get fat until your digestive tract assimilates the food you eat. Thanks to a remarkable new scientific discovery, it is now possible to convert into simple form the elements needed by the digestive organs to help them convert food into rich, fat-laden blood. This master-stroke of modern chemistry is called Sargol and has been termed the greatest of flesh-builders. Sargol acts through its constructive, restorative powers to coat the stomach and intestines to literally soak up the fatting elements of your food and pass them into the blood, where they are carried to every starved, broken-down cell and issue of your body. You can readily picture the result when this amazing transformation has taken place and you notice how your cheeks and bust disappear and you take on from 10 to 20 pounds of solid, healthy flesh. Sargol is absolutely harmless, inexpensive, efficient. Your druggist has it and will refund your money if you are not satisfied, as per the guarantee found in every package. Caution—While Sargol has given excellent results in overcoming nervous dyspepsia and general stomach troubles it should not be taken by those who do not wish to gain ten pounds or more.—(Adv.)

EVANGELISTS CONDEMN SOCIAL EVIL AND ACCUMULATION OF WEALTH. MAKE PLEA FOR EVERYONE TO WIELD TO GOD CATHOLIC, METHODIST AND CHRISTIAN CHURCH REVIVALS

God Does Not Consider Man's Wealth, Says Rev. G. F. Assiter at Christian Church.

"Death and Afterwards" was the subject of the opening sermon in the evangelical series by G. F. Assiter, in the Christian Church, Dundas and Elizabeth streets, last night.

The familiar story of the rich man and Lazarus formed the theme of the discourse. The speaker told of the luxury in which the rich man had lived. His gorgeous apartments and expensive clothes were contrasted to the dire poverty of Lazarus.

Public Landing of Wealth. "Public opinion and the press are apt to land a man if he dies possessed of wealth," said the evangelist. "God does not consider this phase of a man's career. The accumulation of vast sums of wealth cannot insure a man of entrance into heaven."

The evangelist asserted that the time for conversion was the present. The ancients had disposed Noah and ridiculed the building of the ark. In their eyes it was worthless until the coming of the flood that inundated the earth. In the shortest fractional interval of time their opinion had changed.

Repent Too Late. "It is so today with many people who turn aside from religion," the speaker asserted. "Not until it is too late do they repent and consider their costly error. There is ample opportunity in life to turn to salvation. There will be no attempt after death to charge God with an injustice for their lot. There is no excuse."

The speaker outlined his conception of hell particularly, the phrase, "fire and brimstone," which is interpreted in several lights. "The expressions, while figurative and intended to impress the mind with the awfulness and suggestive of the power of God," he declared. "The fire is the breath of God who made man's existence endless. Hell, after death in a man in memory, comes science and reason. When he enters his future destiny these are with him."

Nothing Can Exceed Memory. "These alone are hell enough, and of the most awful character. What can exceed the memory of an event, a record of sin and of a gospel neglected? The solution is confession and faith in God. That is the only road to salvation."

LONDON BAKERS AFFECTED BY PETROLEA REGULATION

[Special to The Advertiser.] Petrolia, Feb. 3.—At a special meeting of the police committee last evening was discussed at length.

It was decided to safeguard Petrolia people by ordering that no loaf less than a pound and a half in weight be sold.

This will likely affect several London bakers who are shipping bread here.

The committee unanimously decided to recommend to the council that every license be applied to automobile license. The result of this will be to make all persons who rent machines, pay \$12 a year for a license.

Sir George's Sister Goes To His Bedside

[Special to The Advertiser.] Nain, Feb. 3.—Miss Margaret Ross, favorite sister of Sir George W. Ross, has cut short a visit she was making with her nephew, Mr. Daniel Munroe, who resides near Beechwood, in order to go to the sickbed of her brother.

Miss Ross received a letter stating that Sir George was continually asking for her to come and she took the first train.

CANADIAN OIL DRILLERS REACH DEPTH OF 3,500 FEET IN BURMAH

D. McIntyre Writes to The Advertiser of Work Done in Far India—Advertiser Reaches There Regularly, but a Month Late.

The readers of The London Advertiser are found in every quarter of the globe. On the mailing lists will be found the names of those who have travelled into the distant lands, including Japan, China, Africa, Australia, South America and India.

No more interesting careers have been lived than those of the men from the Western Ontario fields, who have been called into almost every corner of creation in the search for the wealth that petroleum has given. Men of Petrolia and Bothwell are to be found in many places drilling for oil. Sometimes they take up the search "on their own" and at other times they receive commissions from companies. The drillers of Western Ontario have no peers.

From Minbu, Burma, India, comes the following to the editor of The Advertiser:

Just a few lines to let you know your paper is a welcome visitor in our camp each week, even if it is one month old when it gets here. We form a little party of Canadian oil well-drillers out in Burma, and we number at present six. This is a fine country, and has a beautiful climate. Today it is 85 in the shade, and it is fine at night. No cold feet out this way, and green trees all the year around. This is quite a nice country, and the Government have fine roads. It is also a fine country, and they have some very deep wells. One drilled by Americans is over 3,700 feet deep, while the Canadian outfit have reached to a depth of 3,500 feet, thus proving to the world that the Canadian put wells down as deep as required. We are all feeling fine out here, and wish your paper and staff a very happy New Year. Yours truly,

D. MCINTYRE. Burma Oil Company, Ltd. Minbu, Burma, Jan. 2, 1914. The letter reached The Advertiser on

Full Mental Capacity Unnecessary in Order To Be True Christian, Is Evangelist Crossley's Statement.

"I have known any number of people who were lacking anywhere from 25 to 40 per cent. in the upper story, and who yet were genuine Christians," said Evangelist H. T. Crossley, in Hyatt Avenue Methodist Church Tuesday night. Mr. Crossley was pointing out that the way to Zion is a plain way, and that men and women of childlike mind can understand it and not err therein.

Evangelist Crossley preaches the old-time gospel, salvation by surrender and faith, and through the blood atonement of Jesus the Christ. He intersperses his exhortations with song, and though his voice may not be as strong as when with Evangelist Hunter in the old days, the famous team of Crossley and Hunter toured the country in revivals that attracted wide attention, there still is power and persuasion in the voice.

Mental Suggestion? There was no after-meeting at the revival service last night. Apart from this omission, the service was the usual orthodox, evangelistic service, that of the gospel hymns, the prayers of the outpouring of the spirit, the frequent interplay of song and sermon, the subdued, thoughtful-sounding music or low choral singing while the appeal was made for the unconverted to stand up and come forward to the penitent bench. Hypnotism suggestion, you say? Well, that may be, or again, it may not be the case. But in this day and generation when advertisement writers have the art of suggestion and modified hypnotism reduced to a nicety, is there any more reason why the science of suggestion should be used to replenish church membership and fill vacant pews than it should not be resorted to, to boost the sales of certain brands of cigars, food, or chewing gum, or breakfast food? No doubt in all or nearly all cases, suggestion is largely made use of in the modern revival service. But there is a quiet, soul-searching, persuasive eloquence in the evangelistic methods of Mr. Crossley.

Plan For Personal Work. In opening the service, Evangelist Crossley pleaded for personal work, on the part of those already saved, to win the unconverted. Political campaigns, he pointed out, are won by individual buttonholing. Today souls are being saved in the same way, he said, by buttonholing.

Formerly retail merchants went to the wholesale houses and selected their goods. Now the drummer goes around and drums up the customers. Mr. Crossley urged the converted to do lots of drumming to bring in new converts, to get people to attend the meetings and to speak words for Christ to their friends and acquaintances and others they might meet.

Very few people, he pointed out, ever get to be introduced to anybody else, but they are usually glad to be introduced to those whom they regard as superior to themselves in some way. Just so, very few people ask to have Jesus introduced to them, but are anxious to have grateful for such an introduction.

Majority On Narrow Way. Last night, Mr. Crossley spoke on "The Narrow Way," finding his text in Isaiah, xxxv, 8, 9 and 10. "I really believe that the majority of you here tonight are on the narrow way, some of you well on the centre, but others on the outer edge," he said. "Others of you are on the broad way, but very near the narrow way. Some of you young people who say your prayers, and you moral men, you are near the narrow way, but still on the broad way. Some get off the narrow way occasionally. He referred to a Parkhill man who said he had been a Christian off and on for twenty years."

Want To Go to Heaven. Choir and congregation sang the old familiar hymn, "Will There Be Any Stars in My Crown?"

"I want that each one of you will think of your loved ones who are gone and are in heaven," said Mr. Crossley. (Continued on Page Ten.)

BLASPHEMOUS LITERATURE RECEIVED BY MEMBERS Anonymous Letters Attacking Protestants and Catholics to Call For an Inquiry.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Ottawa, Feb. 3.—Every day brings its quota of interesting troubles for those who hold the reins of government in the House of Commons. In the House of Commons an active opposition can always be relied upon to speak up on the duties of parents towards their children.

Rev. Father Phelan prefaced the sermon by urging his hearers to maintain the dignity of their manhood and to abstain from all impure thoughts and actions.

Embassies Instructed. American embassies and legations abroad were instructed last Saturday to inform their governments of the above decision. Similarly, Secretary Bryan informed the members of the diplomatic corps here, and to the effect that the policy announced at the beginning of the present administration here of keeping the nations of the world on a par.

First Step Toward Solution. No one outside of Mexico would accommodate her affairs. The withdrawal of all foreign governments of the above nature is the indispensable first step to a solution from within. From many sources, which have not been reported, the Government of the United States has received information which convinces it that there is a more hopeful prospect of the early payment of foreign obligations if Mexico is left to the forces now reckoning with another there than there would be if anything like a mere exchange of personnel were effected at Mexico City.

Civil War to Settle It. The intent is therefore to remove the inhibition on the exportation of arms and munitions from the United States. Settlement by civil war carried to its bitter conclusion is a terrible thing, but it must come unless some outside power is to undertake to sweep Mexico with its armed forces from the beginning of a still more difficult problem.

FORMER LONDON PASTOR IS INVITED TO REMAIN Rev. W. G. H. McAllister Is Very Popular With Exeter Congregation.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Exeter, Feb. 4.—Rev. W. G. H. McAllister, former pastor of Exeter, is moving in today. Before leaving London Townshipp his friends and neighbors gathered to say farewell, and in doing so presented him with a watch, each with a gold watch and chain as a token of their esteem.

CHARLES TUCKER HONORED. [Special to The Advertiser.] Exeter, Feb. 4.—Charles E. Tucker, of London Township, who purchased the name of John W. Tucker, is moving in today. Before leaving London Township his friends and neighbors gathered to say farewell, and in doing so presented him with a watch, each with a gold watch and chain as a token of their esteem.

Use "The Want Ad Way"

Fr. Nolan Condemns Double Moral Standard, and Those Men Who Entrap Innocent Girls.

St. Peter's Cathedral was filled to capacity Tuesday evening with an audience composed entirely of men, who listened to the able discourse by Rev. Father Nolan, on the evils of impurity. He attacked vigorously the social evil, saying that through it thousands of men were going down to a hell as grimly awful as that through that grave into the abyss of hell.

Body Defilers the Worst. "We look aghast with horror upon Belshazzar and his nobles, who profaned the vessels of the sanctuary by using them at the feast, and we regard with scorn the man who defiles the holy altar, who goes into a house deserving of condemnation is the man who defiles his body, which is the living temple of God," he said.

President Wilson Decides That Civil War Must Be Carried to a Finish.

Washington, Feb. 3.—President Wilson, by executive order dated today, and made public at the White House tonight, removed all restrictions against the exportation of munitions of war into Mexico from the United States, placing the conflicting elements on a basis of equality with respect to the purchase of arms and supplies in this country. The executive order emphasizes that it was the desire of the United States to be in the same position of neutrality toward the contending factions in Mexico as were the other powers.

EXPORT OF ARMS ALLOWED Both the Contending Factions Are Placed on a Basis of Equality.

Washington, Feb. 3.—President Wilson, by executive order dated today, and made public at the White House tonight, removed all restrictions against the exportation of munitions of war into Mexico from the United States, placing the conflicting elements on a basis of equality with respect to the purchase of arms and supplies in this country. The executive order emphasizes that it was the desire of the United States to be in the same position of neutrality toward the contending factions in Mexico as were the other powers.

White House Statement. "The executive order which the exportation of arms and ammunition into Mexico is forbidden was a departure from the accepted practices of neutrality—a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case here, which has now passed into history, is a deliberate departure from those practices under a well-considered joint resolution of Congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now passed into history. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted government, and to prevent the United States from being drawn into a civil war which would have a radical change. The case

Picture Framing
 WE DO THE BEST WORK
 Our services are demanded.
O.B. GRAVES
 ART STORE, 203 DUNDAS ST.

QUALITY STORE Coffee
 Are you taking advantage of our special blend of Coffee? It is of the highest quality, and you take no risk when you buy it.
 40c per pound
 PHONES: 1024-3323.
HARRY RANAHAN
 615 RICHMOND STREET.

Absolute Purity and High Quality Pure Clover Honey.
 Order a pall this week. You will agree no better honey can be secured.
 Ten-Pound Pails\$1.50
 Five-Pound Pails 75c
 Sections (well filled) 25c
T. A. Rowat & Co.
 250 Dundas St. Phone 3051-3052
 Wortley Rd. and Craig St. Phone 969

Our Double-Vision Glasses
 Are ground out of one solid piece of glass, AND HAVE NO LINES IN THE LENSES.
The Brown Optical Co.
 Eyesight Specialists,
 237 DUNDAS ST. Phone 1977.

Photographic Supplies
 We carry a full line of Cameras, from \$1.50 to \$25.
 All Supplies Are Fresh and Carefully Kept.
LET US DEVELOP YOUR FILMS.
 Most prompt service in the city and all work guaranteed.
Cairncross & Lawrence
 Chemists and Druggists,
 216 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

BARRED FROM SCHOOL BECAUSE OF POVERTY
 Children Could Not Get Clothing From Parents.
TRUANT OFFICER'S REPORT
 Says Non-Attendance Is Due to Lack of Funds—Female Teachers' Increase Referred to Committee.

Use Connell's Coal
 CHESTNUT, STOVE AND EGG, \$7.00 per ton.
 LARGE SIZE PEA COAL, \$5.75 per ton.
 We recommend our Pea Coal for the range and heater. It has the value of chestnut in these burners and saves you the difference in price, which is \$1.25 per ton.
 Offices:
 Dundas and Richmond Sts. Phone 770.
 Colborne St. and C. P. R. Phone 1096.

Fine Furs Reduced
BELTZ & CO.
 PRACTICAL FURRIERS
 LONDON AND DISTRICT

A report by Truant Officer Welr to the board of education on Tuesday afternoon to the effect that a number of children did not attend school for the reason that their parents were poor to properly clothe them, hastened the trustees to appoint the chairman a special representative to the Charity Organization to see what could be done in such cases.
 The inspector advised that truancy had been reduced to a minimum. He had sent out ten written notices this month, but had no police court cases in hand.
 The application of the women teachers in the public schools for an increase of their maximum salaries from \$800 to \$1,000 was referred to the finance committee. There are about 146 women teachers in the city.
 Continuation Schools Illegal.
 Ald. George H. Haney, in a letter to the board, suggested the establishment of continuation classes in the outlying schools to relieve the collegiate situation, but no action was taken. Inspector Edwards pointed out that carrying out of such a proposal was illegal.
 "Wherever there is a high school where no fees are charged for the first year," advised the inspector, "we cannot have these classes."
 The resignation of M. Beattie, of the public school staff, was accepted. A number of applications for positions on the staff were referred to the finance committee.
 The appointment of J. W. Firth as science master at the Collegiate Institute in succession to F. A. Stuart, resigned, was ratified.
 School Nurse Resigns.
 The resignation of Miss Barbara Gilchrist, school nurse, was accepted. Miss Gilchrist intimated in her letter that the salary advance had not been particularly rapid and that she was desirous of taking up special work. Steps will be taken for the appointment of a successor.
 No action was taken on the appointment of a successor to Mr. Erwin, resigned, on the advisory industrial committee, pending a meeting of the Trades and Labor Council, which will be held on Tuesday evening. Steps will be taken to suggest a successor to Mr. Erwin, and will meet tonight, when the matter will be taken up.
 Trustees W. W. Gammage and L. H. Martin were appointed as representatives of the board to the new industrial bureau. The board accepted an invitation from the Lorne Avenue Mothers' Club to listen to an address on the subject of developing children by good citizenship, to be delivered by A. W. Lyons, of the Men's Federation.
 The salary of Ethel Rymill, secretary of the Collegiate Institute, was increased from \$560 to \$490.
 A flood of letters from contractors seeking work on the proposed new schools, were handed over to the building and grounds committee.

LONDON'S LARGEST JEWELRY.
 Wholesale, Retail and Manufacturing.
 Our Motto: "One Price the Year Round."
234 Dundas Street.

Fine Furs Reduced
BELTZ & CO.
 PRACTICAL FURRIERS
 LONDON AND DISTRICT

LABOR MEN OPPOSE DRILL IN SCHOOLS
 Appear Before Board of Education to Protest—Instructor's Appointment Deferred.
 There was more or less discussion at the regular meeting of the board of education on Tuesday afternoon over the appointment of the new drill instructor, Mr. Keats, and the matter of a time being when the question was sent back to the committee.
 Messrs. Keats, Norman and Sargent, of the Trades and Labor Council, appeared before the board to protest against the appointment of the drill instructor. Mr. Keats said the labor men were not opposed to physical training, but resented military instruction.
 Mr. Norman spoke in a similar strain, but Mr. Sargent capped the climax with the statement, "If the Seventh Regiment needs a bandmaster, and can't get along without this tin horn man, it had better support him. Militarism does not tend to make a man self-respecting and Canada needs responsible men more than soldiers."
 Slatter was not engaged as a military instructor," advised Trustee Dr. R. W. Shaw, "but as a physical instructor. Even this was not satisfactory to the labor delegates, who were against the hiring of any man connected with the militia."
 "A soldier is not a man," said Sargent. "I have been a soldier myself, and I know how degrading it is."
 "These remarks are not in place here," interrupted Trustee F. H. Greenlees.
 Even then Sargent insisted that the life of a soldier was degrading.
 After much discussion the clause recommending Slatter's appointment was sent back to the committee for further consideration.
 Trustee Shaw's idea to provide half-hour outdoor classes in the large schools, in order to relieve the congestion, and to give the pupils more ozone than at present, was also referred back.

ED. WEST
 CHOICEST CUT FLOWERS AND PLANTS.
 Phone 2187. 249 Dundas St.
Neilson's Chocolates
 "The Chocolates that are Different."
London Conservatory of Music and School of Elocution, Ltd.
 Write or phone for particulars regarding scholarships, prizes, etc. Lottie L. Armstrong, registrar: F. Linforth Willgoose, Mus. Bacc., principal.

Fine Furs Reduced
BELTZ & CO.
 PRACTICAL FURRIERS
 LONDON AND DISTRICT

DIED AT SIMCOE.
 Simon, Ont., Feb. 3.—William Edgely Tisdale, K. C., registrar of Norfolk died at his home here this morning of pneumonia. He was in his 50th year, and was survived by a wife, mother, two children, one brother and two sisters.

G. R. GRICE
 Optical Specialist.
 Parlors, 180 Dundas Street, Upstairs.
SAME CUT PRICES ALWAYS AT BOTH STORES.
 252 Dundas Street. 344 Richmond Street
STANDARD DRUG, LIMITED.

NO CHANGE IN G. T. R. GLENCOE SCHEDULE
 Board of Trade's Idea Was Not Financial Success for Company.
 The Grand Trunk has not yet decided to take any steps toward changing its present passenger schedule to Glencoe as asked in a communication from the London board of trade.
 The railway last year changed its timetable on trying to run to Glencoe, and finding it said that the traffic did not pay for the amount of coal used by the engines, went back to the former time.
 Interment at Bradford
 Angus Gunn died at the residence of Mrs. Fraser, 419 Ottawa avenue, early this morning. Funeral arrangements have not yet been completed but the body will be forwarded to Bradford tomorrow, where interment will be made Friday.

WOMAN APPOINTED.
 [Canadian Press.]
 Dublin, Ireland, Feb. 3.—Miss Sarah Purser has received the appointment of governor and guardian of the National Gallery of Ireland from the Earl of Aberdeen, the Lord Lieutenant. The position is equivalent to that of trustee of the British Museum, and is one of the most important in the British art world. Miss Purser was already an honorary member of the Royal Hibernian Academy.
IMPORTANT CHANGES IN CANADIAN PACIFIC TRAIN SERVICE.
 Train No. 7, formerly leaving Toronto, 2:30 p. m., arriving Winnipeg 8 a. m., has been temporarily withdrawn.
 Train No. 8, formerly leaving Winnipeg 1:30 p. m., arriving Toronto 9 a. m., has been temporarily withdrawn.
 Train No. 27 has been resumed between Toronto and Sudbury, leaving Toronto 8:45 p. m. daily, arriving Sudbury 5:55 a. m.
 Train No. 23 has been resumed between Sudbury and Toronto, leaving Sudbury 10:45 p. m. daily, arriving Toronto 8 a. m.
 Standard sleeping-cars Toronto to Sudbury and Toronto to Sault Ste. Marie are carried on Train No. 27, these cars returning on Train No. 28.
 For Winnipeg and Vancouver. Leave London 10:20 p. m. Daily. Compartment library observation car; standard sleeping-cars Toronto to Winnipeg, and Toronto to Vancouver; tourist sleeping-cars; dining car; first-class coaches; colonist cars.
 Changes effective February First.
 Train No. 633, "Chicago Express," will leave London 7:30 p. m. daily, instead of 8 p. m., as at present, and Train No. 634 will arrive London 1 p. m., instead of 12:30 p. m.
 Train No. 631 leaving London 7:05 p. m., arriving Windsor 10:25 p. m., and Train No. 630 leaving Windsor 9 p. m., arriving London 11:30 a. m., will be withdrawn, and Trains No. 633 and 634 will perform the local service between London, Chatham, Windsor, Detroit and intermediate stations. 43-g

PETERS EIGHTIES
 These Chocolates have a large variety of centres. There are for instance, nougat, fruit, caramel, marshmallow, walnut, brazils, and soft, creamy centres of true fruit flavors, covered with a heavy coating of rich, smooth chocolate.
 Packed in dainty boxes at 80c, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.75.
Meet your friends at The Shop 'round the Corner for Afternoon Tea.
 --Peters

The Public Are Saving Money Every Day at
C.H. WARD & CO.'S
BIG JEWELRY SALE
 Never have greater bargains in Jewelry been offered to the public of Western Ontario.
 Come in and look around, there are hundreds of items it is impossible to list.
 Below we have listed a few of our many bargains. Keep your eye on our North Window, and Bargain Tables, as we put on new specials every day.

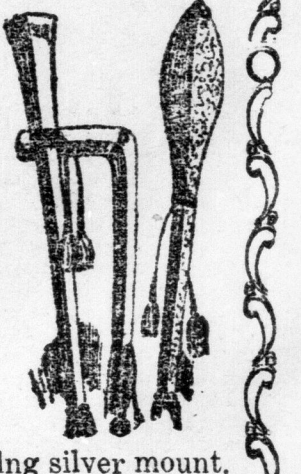
We are offering the greatest bargains for February that we have ever offered in our history. We have \$1,400.00 worth of Royal Crown Derby China at just one-half the regular price. Do not miss this opportunity, as you may never have another chance to buy this high-class China at such ridiculously low prices.

Watches at Half Price
 2 Ladies' Silver Wristlet Watches. Regular \$7.00, for \$3.50
 1 Lady's Sterling Silver Enamel Wristlet Watch. Regular \$17.50 for \$8.75
 4 Ladies' Gold-Filled Wristlet Watches. Sell regularly at \$15.00, for \$7.50
 5 Ladies' Gold-Filled Wristlet Watches. Sell regularly at \$15.00, for \$7.50
 2 Ladies' Silver Wristlets. Regular \$3.00, for \$1.50
 1 Lady's 6-Size Dueber, Gold-Filled Lady Waltham, 16-jewel movement. Regular \$25.00, for \$12.50
 Gent's Gold-Filled, Thin Model Dueber Case, 17-jewel adjusted movement. Regular \$30.00 for \$15.00
 Special—Gent's 17-jewel, 16 size Waltham, in gold-filled Fortune case, \$12.00
 Special—17-jewel Waltham, 18 size, patent regulator, Breguet hairspring, nickel finish, in Fortune gold-filled case, for \$11.00



Silver Plate at Half Price
 1 Large Casserole, with ebony handles. Regular \$12.00, for \$6.00
 1 Cruet, with four bottles. Regular \$4.00, for \$2.00
 Oval Bread Trays. Regular \$4.00, for \$2.00
 1 Sugar Sifter. Regular \$2.75, for \$1.40
 1 Coffeepot, plain. Regular \$10.00, for \$5.00
 1 Coffeepot, plain. Regular \$8.75, for \$4.40
 1 Cake Basket, with handle. Regular \$4.50, for \$2.25
 Large Round Tray. Regular \$8.00, for \$4.00
 Large Plain Tray, Hard Metal Tray. Regular \$12.00, for \$6.00
 Table Mirror. Regular \$3.75, for \$1.90
 1 Teapot Stand, with silver rim. Regular \$2.00, for \$1.00
 1 Pickle Cruet. Regular \$2.25, for \$1.15
 Silver Soap Boxes, plain and engraved. Regular \$3.00, for \$1.50
 1 Case Pearl Handled Fruit Knives. Regular \$5.75, for \$2.90

Umbrellas and Walking Sticks at Half Price
 1 Walking Stick, with sterling silver mount. Regular \$3.75, for \$1.90
 1 Walking Stick, with gold mount. Regular \$10.00, for \$5.00
 1 Walking Stick, with sterling silver mount. Regular \$5.75, for \$2.90
 1 Walking Stick, with sterling silver mount. Regular \$2.00, for \$1.00
 1 Walking Stick, with sterling silver mount. Regular \$3.00, for \$1.50
 Gent's Umbrella, with sterling silver mount. Regular \$4.00, for \$2.00
 Gent's Umbrella, with sterling silver mount. Regular \$6.00, for \$3.00
 Gent's Umbrella, with sterling silver mount. Regular \$3.50, for \$1.75
 Gent's Umbrella, with gold mount. Regular \$5.00, for \$2.50
 Gent's Umbrella, with sterling handle. Regular \$14.00, for \$7.00
 Lady's Umbrella, with blue cover and sterling mounted handle. Regular \$15.00, for \$7.50
 Lady's Umbrella, with sterling mounted handle. Regular \$6.00, for \$3.00
 Lady's Umbrella, with sterling mounted handle. Regular \$5.00, for \$2.50
 Lady's Umbrella, with pearl and gold-mounted handle. Regular \$6.00, for \$3.00



Diamonds at Half Price
 Gent's Round Belcher setting, in 14k. gold, Diamond weighs 3/8-1-16. Regular \$56.00, for \$28.00
 Lady's 9-stone Cluster, set in platinum. Regular \$100, for \$50.00
 Lady's Marquise Ring, 15 Diamonds, weighing 1 1/4-1-16. Regular \$110 for \$55.00
 Lady's Ring, set with ruby and 6 diamonds. Regular \$25.00, for \$12.50
 Lady's 9-Stone Cluster, 4 diamonds, 4 pearls, 1 ruby. Regular \$50.00, \$25.00
 Lady's 5-Stone, 2 diamonds, 3 pearls. Regular \$36.00, for \$18.00
 Gent's Fancy Belcher. Regular \$40.00, for \$20.00
 Lady's Modified Tiffany. Regular \$66.00, for \$33.00
 Lady's Modified Tiffany. Regular \$40.00, for \$20.00
 Lady's Ring. Regular \$7.50, for \$3.75
 Gent's Round Belcher, stone weighs 1-1-32. Regular \$190.00, for \$95.00
 Gent's Tiffany Setting, stone weighs 1 1/4-1-16-1-32. Regular \$250.00, for \$125.00
 Lady's Marquise Cluster, with amethyst centre. Regular \$100.00, for \$50.00
 Lady's Marquise Cluster, with turquoise centre. Regular \$100.00, for \$50.00
 Lady's Marquise Cluster, with topaz centre. Regular \$100.00, for \$50.00
 Lady's Modified Tiffany, stone weighs 7/8-1-16. Regular \$175.00, for \$87.50
 Lady's Modified Tiffany, stone weighs 3/4. Regular \$125.00, for \$62.50
 Lady's Modified Tiffany, stone weighs 3/4. Regular \$155.00, for \$77.50
 Gent's Diamond Horseshoe Tie Pin, stone weighs 7/8-1-32. Regular \$87, for \$43.50

MANTEL CLOCKS at Half Price
 Two styles of 8-Day Mantel Clocks. Sell regularly at \$8.00, for \$4.00



CUT GLASS AT HALF PRICE
 Cut Glass Lamp, with bead fringe. Regular \$12.00, for \$6.00
 Cut Glass Lamp, with bead fringe. Regular \$16.00, for \$8.00
 Large Cut Glass Lamp, with fringe. Regular \$40, for \$20.00
 Large Cut Glass Jardiniere. Regular \$15.00, for \$7.50
 Cut Glass Fern Pot. Regular \$6.00, for \$3.00
 Large Cut Glass Ice Cream Platter. Regular \$16, for \$8.00
 Vinegar Bottle. Regular \$2.25, for \$1.15
 Cut Glass Compot. Regular \$2.25, for \$1.15
 Cut Glass Compot. Regular \$2.75, for \$1.40
 Cut Glass Bon-Bon. Regular \$1.25, for each 65c
 Large Vase, with handles. Regular \$25.00, for \$12.00
 Large Cut Glass Bowl. Regular \$4.50, for \$2.25
 Large Cut Glass Pitcher. Regular \$5.50, for \$2.75
 Large Cut Glass Pitcher. Regular \$8.25, for \$4.15
 Cut Glass 8-inch Vase. Regular \$4.25, for \$2.15
 Cut Glass 10-inch Vase. Regular \$6.25, for \$3.15
 Cut Glass 12-inch Vase. Regular \$7.00, for \$3.50
 Cut Glass 14-inch Vase. Regular \$8.50, for \$4.25
 Cut Glass 12-inch Vase. Regular \$11.00, for \$5.50

Brass and Copper at Half Price
 Copper Kettles. Regular \$1.00, for each 50c
 Copper Kettles. Regular \$1.25, for each 65c
 Large Round Brass Tray, with handles. Regular \$3.50 for \$1.75
 Large Oval Brass Tray. Regular \$2.25, for \$1.15
 Large Square Tray. Regular \$3.25, for \$1.65
 1 Crumb Tray and Scraper. Regular \$2.00, for \$1.00
 Long Tray, with handles. Regular \$3.00, for \$1.50
 Brass Card Trays. Regular \$1.25, for 65c
 Brass Candlesticks. Regular 80c, for 40c
 Brass Candlesticks. Regular \$1.00, for 50c
 Brass Candlesticks. Regular \$1.25, for 65c
 Brass Candlesticks. Regular \$1.75, for each 90c
 Brass Candlesticks. Regular 60c, for each 30c
 Brass Hanging Baskets. Regular \$1.25, for each 65c
 Brass Smoking Sets. Regular \$7.00, for \$3.50
 Brass Smoking Sets. Regular \$3.00, for \$1.50

C. H. WARD & CO.
 PHONE 1084. DIAMOND MERCHANTS AND JEWELERS. 374 RICHMOND STREET