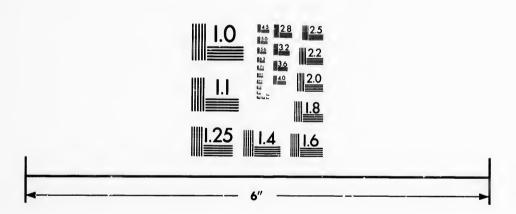


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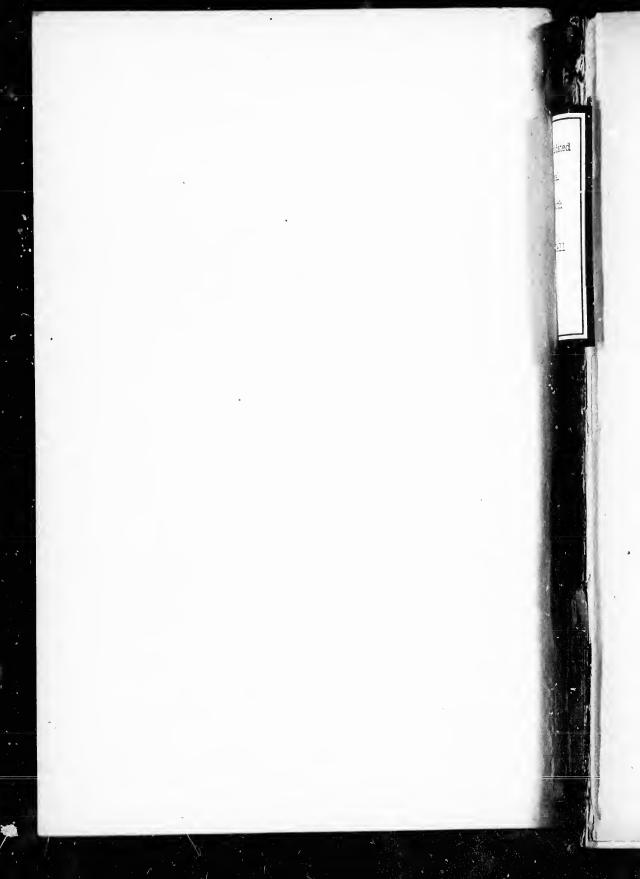
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THE

CONSOLIDATED MUNICIPAL ACT,

1883.

WITH INDEX,

 \mathbf{BY}

GEORGE BELL,

OF OSGOODE HALL, BARRISTER-AT-LAW.

Toronto:

HART & COMPANY, MUNICIPAL PUBLISHERS, 31 AND 33 KING ST. WEST.

THOROLD IS ALL TORN UP.

The Trouble Over the Salary of Clerk 28 May -

The Mayor Resigns-Hissing and Jeering.

Special to the News.

Thorold, May 26,—Never before in the history of Thorold has this town been in such a fever heat as at present, and all over the question of the salary of Clerk W. T. Flsh. At the last meeting of the Council a resolution was presented by Councillor Walton, a Govern ment employe, and Mr. Fraser, a Catholic, calling for the dismissal of the Town Clerk, and this simply because they could not get the salary reduced from \$400 to \$250 per annum, though by the way the sum of \$300 would have proved satisfactory to all concerned.

Before a vote was called for on the motion Mr. Simson, a prominent merchant, presented a petition signed by the leading ratepayers and calling on the Council to retain the clerk in office.

Some Red Hot Language. A hot discussion followed and mover and seconder were hissed and jeered at by the spectators. The action of the two was described as "cowardly" and a "stab in the back." The Mayor stated that the seconder was "crazy on the subject and neglecting his business to, cut another man's salary down, while Walton would kick like a steer if 'the handsome salary paid him by the Government for his work on the canal was cut 10 or 15 per cent."

Hot words followed, and it resulted in the Mayor being voted out of the cheir and the resolution carried. The Mayor theu addressed the audience and euded by handing in his resignation to the councillor in the chair. He was forlowed in this action by Councillors Bye and Wilson, but none were accepted, though they will be insisted upon.

To Submit it to the People. A ratepayers' meeting has been called to call on the other Councillors to resign and submit the matter to the people by a fresh election, but it is not likely that Walton and Fraser will re-

sign.
The latter two are acting under the advice of Town Solicitor Fasey, who recently stated that he was willing to accept the position at \$250.

In the meantime the Clerk has been

called upon to deliver up his books and papers, but he declines to do so on the ground that he was appointed by bylaw and cannot be dismissed on a majority sagarting sealth resolution. jority resolution.

AN ACT

TO CONSOLIDATE THE

ACTS RESPECTING MUNICIPAL INSTITUTIONS

[Assented to 1st February, 1883].

PRELIMINARY, SS. 1, 2.

PART I .- MUNICIPAL ORGANIZATION.

Title I. Incorporation, ss. 3-8.

II. New Corporations.

Division I. Villages, ss. 9-16.

II. Towns and Cities, ss. 17-26.
III. Townships, ss. 27-34.
IV. Counties, ss. 35-87.

V. Provisional County Corporations, ss. 38-52.

VI. Matters Consequent upon the formation of New Corporations, ss. 53-63.

PART II .- MUNICIPAL COUNCILS, HOW COMPOSED.

Title I, The Members.

I. In Counties, ss. 64-67. Division

II. In Cities, s. 68.

44 III. In Towns, s. 69.

44

IV. In Incorporated Villages, s. 70.
V. In Townships, s. 71.
VI. In Provisional Corporations, s. 72.

Title II. Qualification, Disqualification and Exemptions.

Division I. Qualification, ss. 73-76.
II. Disqualification, s. 77.

III. Exemptions, s. 78.

PART III .- "UNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Title I. Electors.

, ivision I. Qualification, ss. 79-87.

Title II. Elections.

Division I. Time and place of holding, ss. 88-96.

II. Returning Officers and Depusy Returning Officers, ss. 97-101.

III. Oaths, ss. 102-106.

IV. Proceedings Preliminary to the Poll, ss. 107-140. V. The Poll, ss. 141-160. 44

VI. Miscellaneous Provisions, ss. 161-175. VII. Vacancies in Council, ss. 176-184.

VIII. Controverted Elections, ss. 185-206.

IX. Prevention of Corrupt practices, ss. 207-220.

PART IV .- MEETINGS OF MUNICIPAL COUNCILS.

I. When and where held, ss. 221-230. Division

II. Conduct of business, ss. 231-240.

PART

PART V.—OFFICERS OF MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

 The Head, ss. 241, 242.
 The Clerk, ss. 243-251. Division

66 III. The Treasurer, ss. 252-255.

44 IV. Assessors and Collectors, ss. 256-259.

" V. Aditors and Audit, ss. 260-270.

" VI. Valuators, s. 271.

VII. Duties of Officers as to Oaths, &c., ss. 272-279.

66 VIII. Salaries, Tenure of Office, and Sccurity, ss. 280-283.

PART VI.—GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL MUNICIPALITIES.

Title I. General Jurisdiction of Councils.

Division I. Nature and extent, ss. 284-288.

Title II. Respecting By-Laws.

"

Division I. Authentication of, ss. 289-291.

II. Objections by Ratepayers, ss. 292, 293.

66 III. Voting on by Electors, ss. 294-330.

IV. Confirmation of, ss. 331-333. V. Quashing, ss. 334-341.

VI. By-laws creating Debts, ss. 342-358.

" VII. By laws respecting Yearly Rutes, ss. 359-370.

VIII. Anticipatory appropriations, ss. 371-373.

Title III. Respecting Finance.

I. Accounts and Investments, ss. 374-384. Division

II. Commission of Enquiry into Finances, ss. 385,

Title IV. Arbitrations.

Division I. Appointment of Arbitrators, ss. 387-398.

II. Procedure, ss. 399-405.

Title V. Debentures and other Instruments, ss. 406-415.

Title VI. Administration of Justice and Judicial Proceedings.

Division I. Justices of the Peace, ss. 416-420.

II. Penalties, ss. 421-424. "

III. Witnesses and Jurors, ss. 425-427.
IV. Convictions under By-laws, s. 428.

" V. Execution against Municipal Corporations, ss.

429, 430.

VI. Tender of amends, s. 431.

VII. Contracts void alike in Law and Equity, s. 432. "

VIII. Police Office and Police Magistrate, ss. 433, 434.

IX. Board of Commissioners of Police and Police

Force in Cities and Towns, ss. 435-450.

X. Court-houses, Gaols, &c., ss. 451-479. "

XI. Investigation as to Municipal Officers and Gov-

ernments, s. 480.

XII. When Mayor may call out posse comitatus, s. 481.

PART VII.-POWERS OF MUNICIPAL COUNCILS.

Title I. Powers Generally.

"

"

"

I. Counties, Townships, Cities, Towns, and Incor-Division

porated Villages, ss. 482-489.

" II. Townships, Cities, Towns, and Incorporated Vil-

lages, ss. 490-493.

III. Counties and Cities, s. 494.

"

IV. Counties, Cities, Sep. Towns, s. 495.
V. Cities, Towns, and Incorporated Villages, ss. 496-

Division

Division VI. Cities, Towns, ss. 504-508.

VII. Townships, Towns and Villages, s. 509.

VIII. Towns and Incorporated Villages, s. 510.

66

IX. Counties, ss. 511-520.X. Townships, ss. 521-523.

Title II. Powers as to Highways and Bridges.

I. General Provisions, ss. 524-549. Division

II. Counties, Townships, Cities, Towns, and In-

corporated Villages, ss. 550-554.

III. Townships, Cities, Towns, and Incorporated Villages, ss. 555-564.

IV. Counties, s. 565.V. Townships, ss. 566-569.

Title III. Powers as to Drainage and other Improvements paid for by Local Rates.

Division I. Townships, Cities, Towns, and Villages, ss. 570-611,

II. Cities, Towns, and Incorporated Villages, ss.

612-624. III. Counties, ss. 625-627.

Title IV. Powers as to Railways, ss. 628-631.

PART VIII .- POLICE VILLAGES.

DivisionI. Formation of, sq. 632, 633.

II. Trustees, and Election of, ss. 634-654.

III. Duties of Police Trustees, ss. 655-665.

Confirming and Saving Clauses, 88, 666-668.

TER MAJESTY, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, enacts as follows:-

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be cited as "The Consolidated Municipal Short title, Act, 1883." — walso he diministrated Armend Interest of 1881."— each 32 and subsequent acts.

2. Unless otherwise declared or indicated by the context, Interpretation

wherever any of the following words occur in this Act, they of words. shall have the meanings hereinafter expressed, namely:

- (1) "Municipality," shall mean any locality the inhabitants "Municiof which are incorporated or are continued, or become pality. so under this Act;
- (2) "Local Municipality," shall mean a City, Town, Town- "Local muniship, or incorporated Village; cipality.
- (3) "Council," shall mean the Municipal Council or Provi- "Council." sional Municipal Council, as the case may be;
- (4) "County," shall mean County, Union of Counties or "County." United Counties, or Provisional County, as the case may

272-279. urity, ss.

ALITIES.

359-370.

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ss. 385.

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ss. 496-

Division

"Township."

(5) "Township," shall mean Township, Union of Townships, or United Townships, as the case may be;

"County Town." (6) "County Town," shall mean the City, Town or Village in which the Assizes for the County are held;

"Real estate.
"Real property." (7) "Land," "Lands," "Real Estate," "Real Property," shall, respectively, include lands, tenements and hereditaments, and all rights thereto and interests therein;

" Highway."
" Road."
"Bridge."

(8) "Highway," "Road," or "Bridge," shall mean a Public Highway, Road, or Bridge, respectively;

"Electors."

(9) "Electors," shall mean the persons entitled for the time being to vote at any municipal election, or in respect of any by-law, in the Municipality, Ward, Polling Subdivision, or Police Village, as the case may be;

"Reeve."

(10) "Reeve," shall include the Deputy Reeve or Deputy Reeves, where there is a Deputy Reeve for the Municipality, except in so far as respects the office of a Justice of the Peace;

"Next day."

(11) The words "next day" shall not apply to, or include Sunday or Statutory Holidays. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 2. (36 V. c. 48, s. 1; 40 V. c. 8, s. 46.)

PART I.

OF MUNICIPAL ORGANIZATION.

TITLE I.—INCORPORATION.
TITLE II.—NEW CORPORATIONS.

TITLE I.—INCORPORATION.—Secs. 3-8.

Existing municipal corporations continued.

3. The inhabitants of every County, City, Town, Village, Township, Union of Counties, and Union of Townships incorporated at the time this Act takes effect, shall continue to be a body corporate, with the municipal boundaries of every such Corporation respectively then established. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 3. (36 V. c. 48, s. 2.)

Heads, officers, by-laws, contracts, etc., continued.

4. The head and members of the Council, and the officers, by-laws, contracts, property, assets and liabilities of every Municipal Corporation, when this Act takes effect, shall be deemed the head and members of the Council, and the officers, by-laws, contracts, property, assets and liabilities of such Corporation, as continued under and subject to the provisions of this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 4. (36 V. c. 48, s. 3.)

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5. The name of every body corporate (not being a provisional Names of corporation) continued, or erected under this Act, shall be corporations. "The Corporation of the County, City, Town, Village, Township, or United Counties, or United Townships, (as the case may " (naming the same). R. S. O. c. 174, s. 5. (36 V. c. 48, s. 4.)

- 6. The inhabitants of every Junior County, upon a Provi- Names of shall be a body corporate under the name of "The Provisional Corporation of the County of " (naming it). R. S. O. c. 174, s. 6. (36 V. c. 48, s. 5.)
- 7. The inhabitants of every County, or Union of Counties Inhabitants of erected by proclamation into an independent County or Union ships, etc., and of Counties, and of every Township or Union of Townships, of cities, towns, erected into an independent Township or Union of Townships, etc., to be a and of every locality erected into a City, Town, or incorporated rate. Village, and of every County or Township separated from any incorporated Union of Counties or Townships, and of every County or Township, or of the Counties or Townships, if more than one, remaining of the Union after the separation, being so erected or separated after this Act takes effect, shall be a body corporate under this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 7. (36 V. c. 48, s. 6.)

8. The powers of every body corporate under this Act shall Corporate be exercised by the Council thereof. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 8. (36 exercised by V. c. 48, s. 7.)

TITLE II.—NEW CORPORATIONS.

DIV. I.—VILLAGES.

DIV. II.—TOWNS AND CITIES.

DIV. III.—Townships.

DIV. IV.—COUNTIES.

DIV. V.—PROVISIONAL COUNTY CORPORATIONS.

DIV. VI.—MATTERS CONSEQUENT UPON THE FORMATION OF NEW CORPORATIONS.

DIVISION I.—VILLAGES.

When a Village may be incorporated. Sec. 9.

Restrictions as to area of Towns and Villages. Sec. 10.

Arrangements with respect to assets and debts of Townships.

Case of Village partly in two Counties provided for. Sec. 12. Arrangement as to debts when Village transferred from one County to another. Sec. 13.

Additions

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Additions to area. Sec. 14. Reductions of area. Sec. 15. Annexation of incorporated Village to adjoining Munici-

When popu-ation 750 may meorporate as a first election and a returning officer.

Chap. 18.

pality. Sec. 16.

9. When the census returns of an unincorporated Village, county council with its immediate neighbourhood, taken under the direction of the Council or Councils of the County or Counties in which the Village and its neighbourhood are situate, shew that the village, and the village and tes heighbourness, and when the residences of name place for same contain over 750 inhabitants, and when the residences of such inhabitants are sufficiently near to form an incorporated Village, then, on petition by not less than 100 resident freeholders and householders of the Village and neighbourhood, of whom not fewer than one-half shall be freeholders, the Council or Councils of the County or Counties in which the Village and neighbourhood are situate shall, by by-law, erect the Village and neighbourhood into an incorporated Village, apart from the Township or Townships in which the same are situate, by a name, and with boundaries to be respectively declared in the by-law, and shall name in the by-law the place for holding the first election, and the Returning Officer who is to hold the same. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 9. (36 V. e. 48, s. 8, part.)

Area of town or village limited.

10. No Town or Village incorporated after the passing of this Act, the population of which does not exceed 1000 souls, shall extend over or occupy within the limits of the incorporation an area of more than 500 acres of land.

Regulations as

(2) No Town or Village already or hereafter incorporated, and to enlargement containing a population exceeding 1000 souls, shall make any further addition to its limits or area, except in the proportion of not more than 200 acres for each additional 1000 souls, subsequent to the first 1000.

Existing towns or villages, area of which exceeds proportionate fimit, not to be enlarged.

(3) In the case of all Towns or Villages now incorporated, whenever the area thereof exceeds the proportionate limit above prescribed, to wit, in all eases where the area exceeds the proportion of 500 acres for the first 1000 souls, and 200 acres for each subsequent additional 1000, then in all such cases the said Towns or Villages shall not be permitted to make any further addition to their limits until their population has reached such a proportion to their present area.

How population and area may be reckoned.

(4) But in all cases, the persons then actually inhabiting the land about to be included within the limits of any Town or Village, may, for the purpose of such extension, be held and reckoned as among the inhabitants of such Town or Village; and the land occupied by streets or public squares may be excluded in estimating the area of such Town or Village. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 10. (36 V. c. 48, s. 8, last part.)

Disposition of property and

11. In all cases where an incorporated Village is separated from the Township or Townships in which it is situate, the pronici-

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ated p10sions visions of this Act for the disposition of the property, and debts when inpayments of debts, upon the dissolution of a Union of Town-lage is sepaships, shall be applicable as if the localities separated had been rated from two Townships, and the Councils of such Village and Township township. or Townships shall respectively perform the like duties as by such provisions devolve upon the Councils of separated Townships, the said Village being corsidered as the Junior Township. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 11. (36 V. c. 48, s. 9.)

12. When the newly incorporated Village lies within two or When the vilmore Counties, the Councils of the Counties shall, by by-law lage lies within two or more annex the Village to one of the Counties; and if within six counties, it months after the petitions for the incorporation of the Village shall be an are presented, the Councils do not agree to which County the them by the Village shall be annexed, the Wardens of the Counties shall county coun-memorialize the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, setting forth of difference, the grounds of difference between the Councils; and thereupon by the Lieut.the Lieutenant-Governor shall, by proclamation, annex the Village to one of such Counties.

(2) In case the Wardens do not, within one month next after In case of failthe expiration of the six months, memorialize the Lieutenant- ure of councils to act, free Governor as aforesaid, then 100 of the freeholders and house- holders, etc., holders on the census list may petition the Lieutenant-Governor may petition to settle the parties and the server the Lieutenant-Governor Lieutenantto settle the matter, and thereupon the Lieutenant-Governor Governor. shall, by proclamation, annex the incorporated Village to one of the said Counties. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 12. (36 V. c. 48, ss. 10,

13. In case any locality is, under section 12 of this Act, Liability of detached from one County and annexed to another, the Council territory deof the County to which the locality is aunexed and the Council one county and of the Village shall agree with the Council of the County from annexed to another. which such locality is detached, as to the amount (if any) of the County liabilities which should be borne by the locality so detached, and the times of payment thereof.

- (2) If the Councils do not agree within three months of the separation in respect of the said matter, the same shall be determined by arbitration under this Act; and the amount (if any) so agreed or determined shall become a debt of the County to which the locality is attached, and such locality shall, until the said amount has been paid by the proceeds of such rates, continue subject to all rates which had been, prior to the separation, imposed for the payment of County debts or for the payment of bonuses or aids granted by sections of the County to railways, or for the payment of local improvement debts.
- (3) The Council of the County or of the Village, as the case may require, shall pass such by-laws and take such proceedings as may be necessary for levying the said rates; and shall, unless such Council has previously paid the amount to the Municipality so liable, pay over the same when collected to the Muni-

cipality which is liable for the debt on account of which the rates were imposed.

(4) Where the said Councils do not agree as aforesaid, the Lieutcnant-Governor in Council may, before proclamation has been made, and upon the petition of a majority of the resident freeholders and householders of the said Village, and with the assent of at least two of the Councils of the Townships in which the said Village is situate, annul the incorporation of the said Village and restore the same to its former position as an unineorparated Village, and the same shall thereupon be reinstated to its former position to the same extent as if no proceedings for incorporation had ever been taken. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 13. (37 V. c. 16, s. 1.)

Addition to villages by Lieutenant-Governor.

14. In case the Council of an incorporated Village petitions the Lieutenant-Governor to add to the boundaries thereof, the Lieutenant-Governor may, subject to the provisions of section 10 of this Act, by proclamation, add to the Village any part of the localities adjacent, which, from the proximity of the streets or buildings therein, or the probable future exigencies of the Village, it may seem desirable to add thereto; and in case the territory so added belonged to another County it shall theneeforward, for all purposes, cease to belong to such other County, and shall belong to the same County as the rest of the Village. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 14. (36 V. c. 48, s. 12; 40 V. c. 7, Sched. A (168).)

Reducing the area of villages or towns.

15. The County Council of any County or Union of Counties, upon the application by petition of the Corporation of any incorporated Village or Town not withdrawn from the County, and with a population, as ascertained by the last Municipal enumeration, not exceeding 2000, whose outstanding obligations and debts do not exceed double the net amount of the yearly rate then last levied and collected therein, may, in their discretion, by by-law in that behalf, reduce the area of such Village or Town by excluding from it lands used wholly for farming purposes.

New limits to be defined.

(2) Such by-law shall define, by metes and bounds, the new limits intended for such incorporated Village or Town.

Population not to be reduced below

(3) No incorporated Village or Town shall, by any such ehange of boundaries, be reduced in population below the number of 750 souls.

Municipal rights of village or town not to be abridged.

(4) The municipal privileges and rights of such Village or Town shall not thereby be dimmished, or otherwise interfered with as respects the remaining area thereof. R.S.O. c. 174, s. 15: 45 V. c. 23, s. 2. (36 V. c. 48, s. 13.)

An incorporated village may become unincorpo-

16. In case the Council of an incorporated Village pass a resolution by a two-thirds vote of the members thereof, declaring that it is expedient that such Village should become rated and may unincorporated, and such resolution is approved by the electors h the

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pass a f, deecome ectors in in the manner required for by-laws creating dcbts; and in case be annexed to the Council of an adjoining Municipality, or of two or more of an adjoining the adjoining Municipalities, pass a resolution or resolutions approving of the territory comprised in the said Village being annexed to such Municipality or Municipalities, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may issue a proclamation annulling the incorporation of the said Village, and annexing the territory included therein to such Municipality or Municipalities.

(2) If the said territory is annexed to one Municipality, such Municipality shall be liable for the debts of the Village, and shall be entitled to its assets, but if such territory is annexed to two or more Municipalities, the Councils of such Municipalities shall, before the proclamation issues, agree between themselves, or determine by arbitration, as to the proportion of the debt of the Village to be borne by them respectively, and as to the assets, or proportion of the assets of the said Village, which such Municipalities shall respectively receive, and such Municipalities shall respectively be liable for the proportion of indebtedness as determined by the agreement or award.

(3) If the award or agreement instead of stating the proportion of the debt to be borne as aforesaid, states the shares so to be borne in sums of money, then the fraction which is formed by taking the sum named as the amount to be borne by any Municipality as the numerator, and the aggregate of the sums named as the amounts to be borne by the said Municipalities as the denominator, shall be the proportion of the entire debt to be borne by such Municipality, whether or not such debt is accurately stated in the agreement or award.

(4) It may be part of the arrangement between the said Village and the Municipality or Municipalities that the Village shall for a time be charged with a special rate, or that it shall be relieved of any rate, or part of a rate, imposed upon the rest of the Municipality with which the village, or part of it, is to be united.

(5) In case the Municipalities proposing to receive parts of the territory comprised in the Village are in different Counties, the provisions of this section may be acted upon with the assent (declared by resolution) of the Councils, and unless such Councils have previously agreed, or shall within three months of the issue of a proclamation under this section agree, as to the proportions in which the share of the County debt, which is referable to such Village, shall be borne by the several Counties, the same shall be determined by arbitration under this Act.

(6) Where part of the said Village is to be attached to a City or Town separated from the County for Municipal purposes, such separated City or Town shall be deemed a County within the meaning of the next preceding sub-section. *New*.

DIVISION II.—TOWNS AND CITIES.

Towns and Cities, how formed, and limits. Restrictions as to area of Towns. Sec. 10. Wards, and additions to area. Secs. 20-22. Annexation of incorporated Villages or Towns to adjacent Villages, Towns, or Cities. Sec. 23. Collection of arrears of taxes in new Towns. Sec. 24. Towns, how withdrawn from and re-united to jurisdiction

Census of towns and villages.

17. A census of any Town or incorporated Village may at any time be taken under the authority of a by-law of the Council thereof. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 16. (36 V. c. 48, s. 14.)

of County. Secs. 25-26.

Town containinhabitants into a city; and village containing a town.

18. In case it appears by the census return taken under any ing over 15,000 such by-law, or under any statute, that a Town contains over may be erected 15,000 inhabitants, the Town may be erected into a City; and in case it appears by the return that an incorporated Village contains over 2000 inhabitants, the Village may be erected into over 2,000 into a Town; but the change shall be made by means of and subject to the following proceedings and conditions:—

Notice to be given.

(1) The Council of the Town or Village shall, for three months after the census return, insert a notice in some newspaper published in the Town or Village, or, if no newspaper is published therein, then the Council shall, for three months, post up a notice in four of the most public places in the Town or Village, and insert the same in a newspaper published in the County Town of the County in which the Town or Village is situate, or if there is no such newspaper, then in the newspaper published nearest to the said Town or Village, setting forth in the notice the intention of the Council to apply for the erection of the Town into a City, or of the Village into a Town, and stating the limits intended to be included therein;

Census returns to be certified, and publication of notice

(2) The Council of the Town or Village shall cause the census returns to be certified to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, under the signature of the head of the Corporation, and under the corporate seal, and shall also cause the publication aforesaid to be proved to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council; then, in the case of a Village, the Lieutenant-Governor may, by proclamation, erect the Village into a Town by a proclamation. name to be given thereto in the proclamation;

Village may be made a town by

in case of a

town to be

made a city.

(3) In case the application is for the erection of a Town Existing debts to be adjusted into a City, the Town shall also pay to the County of which it forms part, such portion, if any, of the debts of the County as may be just, or the Council of the Town shall agree with the Council of the County as to the amount to be so paid, and the periods of payment with interest from the time of the erection of the new City, or in case of disagreement the same

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Cown hieh untywith , and f the same shall shall be determined by arbitration under this Act; and upon Town may be the Council proving to the Lieutenant Governor in Council the made a city by payment, agreement or arbitration, then the Lieutenant-Governor may, by proclamation, erect the Town into a City, by a name to be given thereto in the proclamation. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 17. (36 V. c. 48, s. 15.)

19. The Lieutenant-Governor may include in the new Town Limits of such or City such portions of any Township or Townships adjacent new town or thereto and within the limits mentioned in the aforesaid notice. thereto, and within the limits mentioned in the aforesaid notice, as, from the proximity of streets or buildings, or the probable future exigencies of the new Town or City, the Lieutenant-Governor may consider desirable to attach thereto. R.S.O. c. 174, s. 18. (36 V. c. 48, s. 16.)

20. The Lieutenant-Governor may divide the new Town or Wards. City into Wards, with appropriate names and boundaries, but no Town shall have less than three Wards, and no Ward in any such Town or City less than 500 inhabitants. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 19. (36 V. e. 48, s. 17.)

21. In case two-thirds of the members of the Council of a New division City or Town do, in Council, before the fifteenth day of July of wards in in any year, pass a resolution affirming the expediency of a towns. new division into Wards being made of the City or Town, or of a part of the same, either within the existing limits or with the addition of any part of the localities adjacent, which, from the proximity of streets or buildings therein, or the probable future exigencies of the City or Town, it may seem desirable to add thereto respectively, or the desirability of any addition being made to the limits of the City or Town, the Lieutenant-Governor may, by proclamation, divide the City or Town or such part thereof into Wards, as may seem expedient, and may Extension of add to the City or Town any part of the adjacent Township city or town. or Townships which the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, on the grounds aforesaid, considers it desirable to attach thereto. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 20. (36 V. c. 48, s. 18.)

22. In case any tract of land so attached to the Town or Where land City belonged to another County, the same shall theneeforward attached to town, etc., befor all purposes cease to belong to such other County, and shall longed to anbelong to the same County as the rest of the Town or City, other county. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 21. (36 V. c. 48, s. 19.)

23. In case the members of the Council of any incorporated Annexation of Village or Town pass a resolution affirming the expediency of incorporated villages or the annexation of such Village or Town to an adjacent Village, towns to adja-Town or City, and the Municipal Council of such last-mentioned cent villages, Village, Town or City, pass a similar resolution, and in ease the by proclamaelectors of such first-mentioned Village or Town adopt a by-tion. law to be submitted to them approving of such annexation, the Lieutenant-Governor in Councii may, by proclamation, annex

one Municipality to the other, upon such terms as may have been agreed upon by the Councils, or as may have been determined by arbitration, in case the Councils resolve to have the terms settled by arbitration.

(2) Subject to any variations made by the terms agreed upon or settled in manner aforesaid, the Municipality annexed to the other shall be subject to the provisions of this Act having regard to the annexation of territory to a Village, Town or City.

(3) In case the population admits thereof, the Lieutenant-Governor may, by the same proclamation, ereet the Village or Town to which the addition is made, into a Town or City, by a name to be given thereto in the proelamation, and may divide or re-divide the City, Town or Village into Wards. New.

Collection of taxes due on land included

24. Upon the incorporation of any new Town, in any County, the County Treasurer shall make out a list of all arrears of taxes then due and unpaid in his books upon lands situate in in a new town, the newly incorporated Town, and transmit the same to the Treasurer of the Town, who, after receipt of said list, shall have, with the Mayor, all the powers possessed by the County Treasurer and Warden for the collection of such taxes and for enforcement of the same by sale; but in such list the County Treasurer shall not include any lot then advertised for sale for taxes. 44 V. c. 25, s. 11.

Town may be withdrawn from jurisdicby by-law on certain condi-

25. The Council of any Town may pass a by-law to withdraw the Town from the jurisdiction of the Council of the tion of county County within which the Town is situated, upon obtaining the assent of the electors of the Town to the by-law in manner provided by this Act, subject to the following provisions and conditions :-

Amount to be paid by town to county for expenses of administration of justice agreement or arbitration.

(1) After the final passing of the by-law, the amount which the Town is to pay to the County for the expenses of the administration of justice, the use of the Gaol, and the erection and repairs of the Registry Office, and for providing books for tobe settled by the same, and for services for which the County is liable, as required by and under the provisions of any Act respecting the registration of instruments relating to lands, as well as for the then existing debt of the County, if not mutually agreed upon, shall be ascertained by arbitration under this Act; and the agreement or award shall distinguish the amount to be annually paid for the said expenses, and for the then debt of the County, and the number of years the payments for the debt are to be continued;

Matters to be considered in settling the same.

(2) In adjusting their award, the arbitrators shall, among other things, take into consideration the amount previously paid by the Town, or which the Town is then liable to pay, for the construction of roads or bridges by the County without the limits of the Town; and also what the County has paid, or is liable to pay, for the construction of roads or bridges

Chap. 18.

within the town; and they shall also ascertain and allow to the Town the value of its interest in all County property, except roads and bridges within the town;

(3) When the agreement or award has been made, a copy of Copy of agreethe same, and of the by-law, duly verified by affidavit, shall be ment or award transmitted to the Lieutenant-Governor, who shall thereupon the Lt.-Gov. issue his proclamation, withdrawing the Town from the juris- Proclamation. diction of the Council of the County;

(4) After the proclamation has been issued, the offices of Effect of such Reeve and Deputy Reeve or Deputy Reeves of the Town shall proclamation. cease; and no by-law of the Council of the County thereafter made shall have any force in the Town, except so far as relates to the care of the Court House and Gaol, and other County property in the Town; and the Town shall not thereafter be liable to the County for, or be obliged to pay to the County, or into the County treasury any money for County debts or other purposes, except such sums as may be agreed upon or awarded as aforesaid;

(5) After the lapse of five years from the time of agree-New agreement or award, or such shorter time as may be stated in the ment or award agreement or award, a new agreement or a new award may be years. made, to ascertain the amount to be paid by the Town to the County for the expenses of the administration of justice, the use of the Gaol, erection and repairs of the Registry Office or offices, the providing books for the same, and for services for which the County is liable, as required by and under the provisions of any Act respecting the registration of instruments relating to lands;

(6) After the withdrawal of a Town from the County all Property after property theretofore owned by the County, except roads and withdrawal. bridges within the Town, shall remain the property of the County. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 22. (36 V. c. 48, s. 20.)

26. The Council of any Town which has withdrawn from a Town may County, or Union of Counties, may, after the expiration of five after five years years from such withdrawal, pass a by-law (to be assented to drawal pass by the electors in manner provided for by this Act in respect by-law for reof by-laws for creating debts) to re-unite with such County union with or Union of Counties.

(2) The said by-law shall have no effect unless ratified and By-law to confirmed by the Council of the County or Union of Counties, have no effect from which the said Town had previously withdrawn, within by council of six months after the passing of the said by-law, and unless the county, etc. terms and conditions which the Town shall pay, perform, or be subject to, have been previously agreed upon or settled in manner following, that is to say:—

(3) Before the said by-law is confirmed by the Council of the Before by-law County, the Councils of the Town and County shall deter-ratified, the mine by agreement the amounts of the debts of the Town and the debts of County town and

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Chap. 18.

county respect County respectively which shall be paid or borne by the County tively shall be after the re-union or what amount shall be payable by a special after the re-union, or what amount shall be payable by a special rate to be imposed upon the ratepayers of the Town, over and above all other County rates, and all other matters relating to property, assets, or advantages consequent upon such re-union, and as affecting the County or Town respectively, and such other terms or conditions as appear just shall be settled by such agreement; and in default of such agreement being come to within three months after the passing of the by-law by the Council of the Town, the said matters shall be settled by arbitration, as provided by this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 23. V. c. 48, s. 21.)

DIVISION III.—TOWNSHIPS.

Townships, how attached to other Municipalities. Sec. 27. When Junior Township may become a Separate Corporation. Secs. 28, 29.

Arrangement of joint assets and debts. Sec. 30.

New Townships-Union of. Secs. 30, 31.

Seniority of Townships. Sec. 33. Effect of dissolution of union of Counties on united Townships in different Counties. Sec. 34.

New township of incorporated county may be attached to a county by proclamation.

27. In case a Township is laid out by the Crown in territory beyond limits forming no part of an incorporated County, the Lieutenant-Governor may, by proclamation, annex the Township, or two or more of such Townships lying adjacent to one another, to any adjacent incorporated County, and erect the same into an incorporated Union of Townships with some other Township of such County. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 24. (36 V. c. 48, s. 22.)

Junior township contain-ing 100 freeholders, etc., may be separated from union.

28. When a Junior Township of an incorporated Union of Townships has 100 resident freeholders and householders on the assessment roll as last finally revised and passed, such Township shall, upon the first day of January next after the passing of the proper by-law in that behalf by the County Council, become separated from the Union. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 25. (36) V. c. 48, s. 23.)

In what cases junior township contain-ing 50 freeholders, etc., but less than 100, may be separated from union,

29. In case a Junior Township has at least 50, but less than 100 resident freeholders and householders on the last revised assessment roll, and two-thirds of the resident freeholders and householders of the Township petition the Council of the County to separate the Township from the Union to which it belongs, and in case the Council considers the Township to be so situated, with reference to streams or other natural obstructions, that its inhabitants cannot conveniently be united with the inhabitants of an adjoining Township for municipal purposes, the Council may, by bylaw. ounty becial and ang to mion, such

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ut less he last it free-Council Union ers the ams or ot conjoining by bylaw, law, separate the same from the Union; and the by-law shall name the Returning Officer who is to hold, and the place for holding, the first election under the same.

(2) In case two-thirds of the resident freeholders and house- and attached holders of one or more Junior Townships petition the Council to an adjoining of the County to be separated from the Union to which they belong, and to be attached to some other adjoining Municipality, and in case said Council eonsiders that the interest and eon-venience of the inhabitants of such Township or Townships would be promoted thereby, they may, by by-law, separate such Township or Townships from said Union, and attach them to some other adjoining Municipality. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 26. (36 V. c. 48, s. 24.)

30. After the dissolution of a Union of Townships, the Disposition of following shall be the disposition of the property of the property upon dissolution of Union:

(1) The real property of the Union situate in the Junior Real property. Township, shall become the property of the Junior Township;

(2) The real property of the Union situate in the remaining Township or Townships of the Union shall be the property of the remaining Township or Townships;

(3) The two Corporations shall be jointly interested in the Other assets of the Union, and the same shall be retained by the one, or shall be divided between both, or shall be otherwise disposed of, as they may agree;

(4) The one shall pay or allow to the other, in respect of Arrangement the said disposition of the real and personal property of the as to property Union, and in respect to the debts of the Union, such sum or sums of money as may be just;

(5) In ease the Councils of the Townships do not, within How to be detlired months after the first meeting of the Council of the termined in Junior Township, agree as to the disposition of the personal agreement. property of the Union, or as to the sum to be paid by the one to the other, or as to the times of payment thereof, the matters in dispute shall be settled by arbitration under this Act;

(6) The amount so agreed upon or settled shall bear interest Amount from the day on which the Union was dissolved; and shall be settled to bear provided for by the Council of the indebted Township like interest. other debts. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 27. (36 V. c. 48, s. 25.)

31. In ease a Township is laid out by the Crown in an in-New town-eorporated County or Union of Counties, or in ease there is any within the Township therein not incorporated and not belonging to an in-limits of incorporated Union of Townships, the Council of the County or corporated United Counties shall, by by-law, unite such Townships, for united to municipal purposes, to some adjacent incorporated Township, or adjacent townships in the same County or Union of Counties. The R. S. O. c. 174, s. 28. (36 V. e. 48, s. 27.)

Townships not unions.

32. In case of there being at any time in an incorporated County or Union of Counties two or more adjacent Townships be formed into not incorporated, and not belonging to an incorporated Union of Townships; and in case such adjacent Townships have together not less than 100 resident freeholders and householders within the same, the Council of the County or Union of Counties may, by by-law, form such Townships into an independent Union of Townships. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 29. (36 V. c. 48, s. 28.)

Seniority of united townships, how regulated.

33. Every proclamation or by-law forming a Union of Townships shall designate the order of seniority of the Townships so united; and the Townships of the Union shall be classed in the by-law according to the relative number of freeholders and householders on the last revised assessment roll, or if there be no such revised assessment roll for any of such Townships, then the order of seniority shall be determined by the proclamation or by-law, as the Lieutenant-Governor or County Council may think fit. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 30. (36 V. c. 48, s. 29; 40 V. c. 8, s. 47.)

Effect of dissolution of union of counties on united townships in different coun-

34. In case the United Townships are in different Counties the by-law shall cease to be in force whenever the Union of the Counties is dissolved. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 31. (36 V. c. 48, s. 30.)

DIVISION IV.—OF COUNTIES.

Counties, how formed. Sec. 35. Seniority of United Counties. Sec. 36. Laws applicable to union of Counties. Sec. 37.

New counties how formed by proclamation, and annexed or united.

35. The Lieutenant-Governor may, by proclamation, form into a new County any new Townships not within the limits of an incorporated County, and may include in the new County one or more unincorporated Townships or other adjacent unorganized territory (defining the limits thereof) not being within an incorporated County, and may annex the new County to any adjacent incorporated County; or in case there is no adjacent incorporated County, or in case the Lieutenant-Governor in Council considers the new County, or any number of such new Counties lying adjacent to one another, and not belonging to any incorporated Union, so situated that the inhabitants cannot conveniently be united with the inhabitants of an adjoining incorporated County for municipal purposes, the Lieutenant-Governor may, by the proclamation, erect the new County, or new adjacent Counties, into an independent County or Union of Counties for the said purposes, and the proclamation shall name the new County or Counties. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 32. (36 V. c. 48, s. 31.) **36**. ated

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36. In every Union of Counties, the County in which the Seniority of County Court House and Gaol are situate shall be the Senior united counties, how regu-County, and the other County or Counties of the Union shall lated. be the Junior County or Counties thereof. R.S. O. e. 174, s. 33. (36 V. c. 48, s. 32.)

37. During the Union of Counties, all laws applicable to Laws applic-Counties (except as to representation in Parliament or the able to unon Legislative Assembly and registration of titled shall explicit to Legislative Assembly and registration of titles) shall apply to the Union as if the same formed but one County. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 34. (36 V. c. 48, s. 33.)

DIVISION V.—OF PROVISIONAL COUNTY CORPORATIONS.

Provisional Corporations, formed by separation of Junior County. Sec. 38.

Provisional officers. Secs. 39, 40.

Property may be acquired on which to erect Gaol and Court

House. Sec. 41.
Powers of Provisional Council not to interfere with united Corporation. Sec. 42.

Arrangement of joint assets and liabilities. Sees. 43-45.

Appointment of officials. Sec. 46.

Separation, when complete. Secs. 47, 48.

Effect of separation on judicial proceedings. Secs. 49-52, and 29-30 V. c. 51 ss. 52, 53, 55.

38. Where the eensus returns taken under a statute, or Separation of under the authority of a by-law of the Council of any United united counties. Counties, shew that the Junior County of the Union contains 17,000 inhabitants or more, then if a majority of the Reeves and Deputy Reeves of such County do, in the month of February, pass a resolution affirming the expediency of the County being separated from the Union; and if, in the month of February in the following year, a majority of the Reeves and Deputy Reeves transmit to the Lieutenant-Governor in Conneil a petition for the separation, and if the Lieutenant-Governor deems the circumstances of the Junior County such as to call for a separate establishment of Courts and other County insti- Appointment tutions, he may, by proclamation setting forth those facts, contion of provi-Reeves in that County a Pro-sional council stitute the Reeves and Dep visional Council, and in the proclamation appoint a time and county. place for the first meeting of the Council, and therein name one First meeting of its members to preside at the meeting, and also therein deter-thereof. mine the place for and the name of the County Town R. S. County town. O. e. 174, s. 35. (36 V. e. 48, s. 34.)

39. The member so appointed shall preside in the Council Who to preuntil a Provisional Warden has been elected by the Council side. from among the members thereof. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 36. (36) V. e. 48, s. 35.)

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 $oldsymbol{\Lambda}_{ ext{ppointment}}$ of provisional warden and other officers. Terms of office.

40. Every Provisional Council shall from time to time by by-law appoint a Provisional Warden, a Provisional Treasurer, and such other provisional officers for the County as the Conncil deems necessary. The Provisional Warden shall hold office for the municipal year for which he is elected, and the Treasurer and other officers so appointed shall hold office until removed by the Council. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 37. (36 V. c. 48, s. 36.)

Provisional council may acquire land, and crect thereon gaol and court hous

41. Every Provisional Council may acquire the necessary property at the County Town of the Junior County on which to creet a Court House and Gaol, and may erect a Court House and Gaol thereon, adapted to the wants of the County, and in conformity with any statutory or other rules and regulations respecting such buildings, and may pass by-laws for such purposes. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 38. (36 V. c. 48, s. 37.)

of union.

42. The powers of a Provisional Council shall not interfere powers of prowith the powers of the Council of the Union, and any money visional counvisional council raised by the Provisional Council in the Junior County shall be independent of the money raised therein by the Council of the Union. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 39.

Agreement upon dissolution as to joint liabilities and joint assets.

43. After a Provisional Council has procured the necessary property, and erected thereon the proper buildings for a Court House and Gaol, such Council, and the Council of the Senior or remaining Counties, may enter into an agreement for the settlement of their joint liabilities and the disposition of their joint assets (other than real estate), and for determining the balance or amount that may be due by the one County to the other, and the times of payment thereof; and in determining such balance the Scnior or remaining Counties shall assume the debts of the Union, and the Junior County be charged with such part thereof as may be just, and the value of the real estate, which upon the separation, becomes the property of the Senior or Junior County respectively, and any improvement effected by the Union which either County gets the exclusive it of, shall also be taken into account. R.S.O. c. 174, (36 V. c. 48, s. 39.)

Senior county to assume debts of union. Junior county to be charged with just proportion.

> 44. No member of the Provisional Council shall vote or take lors shall not such agreement, or the negotiation therefor. R. S. O. e. 174, lors shall not s. 41. (36 V. c. 48, s. 40.) vote.

45. In case the Councils, within one month after the period mentioned in section 43, are unable to determine by agreedisputes to be determined by ment the several matters hereinbefore mentioned with respect to their debts, assets, and property, such matters shall be settled between them by arbitration under this Act, and the amounts found County found liable shall pay to the other County the balance or amount agreed or settled to be due by such County, and such

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amount shall bear interest at six per centum per annum from the day on which the Union is dissolved, and shall be provided for, like other debts, by the Council of the County liable therefor after separation. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 42. (36 V. c. 48, s. 41.)

46. After the sum, if any, to be paid by the Junior County Appointment to the Senior or remaining County or Counties has been paid of Sheriff and other officials, or ascertained by agreement or arbitration, a Judge may be appointed, as provided by "The British North America Act, 1867," and the Lieutenant-Governor or Lieutenant-Governor in Council, as the case may be, shall appoint a Sheriff, one or more Coroners, a Clerk of the Peace, a Clerk of the County Court, a Registrar, and at least twelve Justices of the Peace, and shall provide in the commission or commissions that the appointments are to take effect on the day the Counties become disunited. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 43. (36 V. c. 48, s. 42.)

47. After such appointments are made the Lieutenant-Gov-Final separaernor shall, by proclamation, separate the Junior County from tion of united the Senior or remaining County of the Senior or remaining County of the Senior the Senior or remaining County or Counties, and shall declare proclamation. such separation to take effect on the first day of January next after the end of three months from the date of the proclamation; and on that day the Courts and officers of the Union (including Justices of the Peace) shall cease to have any jurisdiction in the Junior County; and the real property of the Cor-Property, how poration of the Union situate in the Junior County shall divided. become the property of the Corporation of the Junior County, and the real property situate in the remaining County or United Counties shall be the property of the Corporation of the remaining County or United Counties; and the other assets belonging to the Corporation of the Union, shall belong to and be the property of the Senior or Junior County, or Union of Counties respectively, as agreed upon at the separation; and, if not otherwise disposed of by agreement or arbitration, they shall belong to and be the property of the Senior County, or Union of Counties; and in the case of choses in action, they may be recovered in a suit, action, or other legal proceeding instituted or commenced in the name of the Senior County or Union of Counties. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 44. (36 V. c. 48, s. 43.)

48. When a Junior County is separated from a Union of Officers and Counties, the head and members of the Provisional Council of property, etc., the Junior County, and the officers, by-laws, contracts, property, assets and liabilities of the Provisional Corporation, shall be the head and members of the Council, and the officers, bylaws, contracts, property, assets and liabilities of the new Corporation. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 45. (36 V. c. 48, s. 44.)

49. The dissolution of a Union of Counties shall not pre-Execution and vent the Sheriff of any Senior County from proceeding upon service of process in hands of and completing the execution or service within the Junior sheriff at time County of any writ of mesne or final process in his hands at of separation.

shall vote or take uestions affecting R. S. O. e. 174,

R. S. O. c. 174,

h after the period ermine by agreeoned with respect matters shall be this Act, and the County the balance n County, and such

the time of such Separation, or of any renewal thereof, or of any subsequent or supplementary writ in the same cause; or in the case of executions against lands, from executing all necessary deeds and conveyances relating to the same, and the acts of all such Sheriffs in that behalf shall be and be held and construed to be legal and valid in the same manner and to the same extent as if no separation had taken place, but no further. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 46. (36 V. c. 48, s. 45.)

Change of place of trial in actions, etc., after separation.

50. If upon a dissolution of a Union of Counties, there is pending an action, or other civil proceeding in which the County Town of the Union has been named as the place of trial, the Court in which the action or proceeding is pending, or any Judge who has authority to make orders therein, may, by consent of parties, or on hearing the parties upon afficiavit, order the place of trial to be changed, and all records and papers to be transmitted to the proper officers of the new County. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 47. (36 V. c. 48, s. 46.)

If no special be carried on in senior county.

Proviso as to criminal proceedings.

51. In case no such change is directed, all such actions order made, proceedings to and other civil proceedings shall be carried on and tried in the Senior County; but nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to affect the provisions of sections 52, 53, and 55 of the Act of the Parliament of the Province of Canada passed in the Session held in the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, and chaptered 51, so far as the same relate to criminal proceedings. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 48. (36 V. c. 48, s. 47.)

[Sections 52, 53, and 55 of 29-30 V. c. 51, are as follows:—

to be as ordered by the court or a judge.

52. If upon the dissolution of a Union of Counties, there is pending an action, information, indictraent or other julicial proceeding in which the tion of unions, venue is laid in a County of the Union, the Court in which the action, information, or indictment is pending, or any Julge who has authority to nake orders therein, may, by consent of parties, or on hearing the parties apon affidavit, order the venue to be changed to the new County, and all records and papers to be transmitted to the proper officers of such County; and in the case of any such indictment found at any Court of Over and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, any Judge of either of the Superior Courts of Common Law may make the order.

53. In case no such change be directed, all such actions, informations, order is made, indictments and other judicial proceedings shall be carried on and tried in the Senior County. PERSONS IN PRISON.

55. Any person charged with an indictable offence, who, at the time of indictable of So. Any poison charged with an indictable offence, who, at the time of fences, how to the disuniting of a Junior from a Senior County, is imprisoned on the be disposed of, charge in the Gaol of the Senior County, or is under bail or recognizance to appear for trial at any Court in the Senior County, and against whom no indictment has been found before the disunion takes place, shall be no indiction that been found before the distinct takes place, shall be indicted, tried and sentenced in the Senior County, unless a Judge of one of the Superior Courts of Common Law orders the proceedings to be or the Superior Courts of County, in which event the prisoner or recog-conducted in the Junior County, in which event the prisoner or recog-nizance (as the case may be) shall be removed to the latter County and the proceedings shall be had therein; and when in any such case the offence is charged to have been committed in a County other than that 1882-3.

ereof, or of e cuise; or ceuting all me, and the and be held manner and lace, but no

ties, there is h the County lace of trial, nding, or any may, by conlidavit, order und papers to new County.

such actions on and tried Act contained f sections 52, the Province twenty-ninth t Majesty, and al proceedings.

is follows :-

here is pending an eding in which the nich the action, inho has authority to hearing the parties ew County, and all er officers of such and at any Court of Judge of either of rder.

ctions, informations, carried on and tried

, who, at the time of is imprisoned on the r bail or recognizance y, and against whom takes place, shall be unless a Judge of one the proceedings to be the prisoner or recogthe latter County and in any such case the county other than that in which such proceedings are had, the venue may be laid in the proper County, describing it as "formerly one of the United Counties of " &c]

52. All Courts of the Junior County required to be held Place for holdat a place certain, shall be held in the County Town of the ing courts in junior county. Junior County. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 49. (36 V. c. 48, s. 48.)

DIVISION VI.—MATTERS CONSEQUENT UPON THE FORMATION OF NEW CORPORATIONS.

By-Lares to continue in force. Secs. 53, 54. Debts and Liabilities, how affected. Secs. 55-59. Officials and their sureties, how affected. Secs. 60-63.

53. In ease any Village is incorporated, or Village or Town By-laws in (with or without additional area) erected into a Town or City, force prior to or a Township or County becomes separated, the by-laws in force therein respectively shall continue in force until repealed tions to confirm to confirm the confirmation of the confirmation or altered by the Council of the new Corporation; but no until altered such by-laws shall be repealed or altered unless they could by council of have been or can be legally repealed or altered by the Council new corporawhich passed the same. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 50. (36 V. c. 48,

54. In case an addition is made to the limits of any Muni-What by-laws cipality, the by laws of such Municipality shall extend to the limits of a muadditional limits, and the by-laws of the Municipality from hicipality are which the same has been detached shall cease to apply to the extended. addition, except only by-laws relating to roads and streets, and these shall remain in force until repealed by by-laws of the Municipality to which the addition has been made. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 51. (36 V. c. 48, s. 52.)

55. In the case of the erection of any locality into an incor- Liability for porated Village, or of a Village into a Town, or of a Town into debts at the a City, the Village, Town or City shall remain subject to the lution. debts and liabilities to which such locality was previously liable, in like manner as if the same had been contracted or incurred by the new Municipality; and, after the separation of a County or Township from a Union, each County or Township which formed the Union shall remain subject to the debts and liabilities of the Union, as if the same had been contracted or incurred by the respective Counties or Townships of the Union after the dissolution thereof. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 52. (36 V. c. 48, s. 53.)

56. After an addition has been made to a Village, Town or Debts in case City, the Village, Town or City shall pay to the Township or of an extension County from which the additional tract has been taken, such of limits. part (if any) of the debts of the Township or County as may

be just; and in ease the Councils do not, within three months after the first meeting of the Council of the Municipality to which the addition has been made, agree as to the sum to be paid, or as to the time of payment thereof, the matter shall be settled by arbitration under this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 53. (36 V. c. 48, s. 54.)

Debentures to be issued for debts, and to hind the old and new municipalities.

57. After the formation of a new Corporation by the dissolution of a Union of Counties or Townships, the Council of the Senior or remaining County or Township shall issue its debentures or other obligations for any part of any debt contracted by the Union for which debentures or other obligations might have been, but had not been, issued before the dissolution; and the debentures or obligations shall recite or state the liability of the Junior County or Township therefor under this Act; and the Junior County or Township shall be liable therefor as if the same had been issued by the Union before the dissolution. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 54. (36 V. c. 48, s. 55.)

Assessments for year pre-ceding dissolution.

58. All assessments imposed by the Council of the then Corporation for the year next before the year in which the new Corporation is formed by separation therefrom, shall belong to the then Corporation, and shall be collected and paid over accordingly, and after the separation all special rates for the payment of debts theretofore imposed upon the locality by any by-law of the former Corporation shall continue to be levied by the new Corporation; and the Treasurer of the new Corporation shall pay over the amount as received to the Treasurer of the Senior or remaining Municipality, and the latter shall apply the money so received in the same manner as the money raised under the same by-law in the Senior or remaining Municipality. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 55. (36 V. c. 48, s. 56.)

Special rates for debts con-tinued and to be paid over by treasurer of the junior county.

If the sum paid over exceeds the just amount, the excess may be recovered.

Form of action.

59. In case the amount so paid over as in the last preceding section provided, or to any creditor of the Senior or remaining Municipality, in respect of a liability of the former Corporation, exceeds the sum which, by the agreement or award between the Councils, the new Corporation ought to pay, the excess may be recovered against the Senior or remaining Municipality as for money paid or as for money had and received, as the case may be. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 56. (36 V. c. 48, s. 57.)

to exercise iurisdiction over new municipalities, etc., until new councils are organized.

60. In case any Village is incorporated, or any Village or cil and officers Town is erected into a Town or City, or any Township or County becomes separated, the Council and the members thereof having authority in the locality or Municipality immediately previous, shall, until the Council for the Corporation is organized, continue to have the same powers as before; and all other officers and servants of the locality or Municipality shall, until dismissed, or until successsors are appointed, con1882-3.

ec months cipality to sum to be er shall be , s. 53. (36

the disso-Council of ll issue its debt conobligations he ďissolute or state refor under l be liable nion before s. 55.)

f the then which the from, shall llected and all special l upon the shall conc Treasurer as received cipality, and n the same -law in the s. 55. (36 V.

last preced-Senior or rethe former greement or tion ought to or or remainoney had and . (36 V. c. 48,

ny Village or Township or the members nicipality imie Corporation is before; and r Municipality ppointed, continuc in their respective offices, with the same powers, duties and liabilities as before. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 57. (36 V. c. 48,

- 61. The separation of a Junior County or Township from a Effect of sepa-Union of Counties or Townships shall not in any case or in ration upon public officers any manner whatever affect the office, duty, power or respon- and their sibility of any public officer of the Union who continues a sureties. public officer of the Senior County or Township or remaining Counties or Townships after such separation, or the sureties of any such officer or their liability, further than by limiting such office, duty, power, responsibility, suretyship and liability to the Senior County or Township, or remaining Counties or Townships. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 58. (36 V. c. 48, s. 59.)
- 62. All such public officers shall, after the separation, be Further prothe officers of the Senior County or Township, or remaining visions as to Counties or Townships, as if they had originally been respectively appointed public officers for such Senior County or Township or for such remaining Counties or Townships only. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 59. (36 V. c. 48, s. 60.)
- 63. All surcties for such public officers shall be, and remain their sureties. liable, as if they had become the suretics for such public officers in respect only of such Senior County or Township, or of such remaining Counties or Townships; and all securities which have been given shall, after the separation, be read and construed as if they had been given only for the Senior or remaining County or Counties, or Township or Townships; but nothing herein contained shall affect the right of new Right to resecurities being required to be given by any Sheriff or by any curities not af-Clerk or Bailiff, or other public officer, under any statute, or feeted. otherwise howsoever. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 60. (36 V. c. 48, s. 61.)

PART II.

MUNICIPAL COUNCILS, HOW COMPOSED.

TITLE I.—THE MEMBERS. TITLE II.—QUALIFICATION, DISQUALIFICATION, AND EXEMP-TIONS.

TITLE I.—THE MEMBERS.

DIV. I.—IN COUNTIES.

DIV. II.—IN CITIES.

DIV. III.—IN TOWNS.
DIV. IV.—IN INCORPORATED VILLAGES.

DIV. V.—IN TOWNSHIPS.

DIV. VI.—IN PROVISIONAL CORPORATIONS.

Division

DIVISION I.—IN COUNTIES.

Councils. Sec. 64. Certificate of Election. Secs. 65-67.

County coun-

24

64. The Council of every County shall consist of the Reeves and Deputy Reeves of the Townships and Villages within the County, and of any Towns within the County which have not withdrawn from the jurisdiction of the Council of the County, and one of the Reeves or Deputy Reeves shall be the Warden. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 61. (36 V. c. 48, s. 62.)

Certificates as to election and number of freeholders Deputy Reeves.

65. No Reeve or Deputy Reeve shall take his seat in the County Council until he has filed with the Clerk of the County Council a certificate of the Township, Village, or Town Clerk, under his hand, and the seal of the Municipal Corporaby Reeves and tion, that such Reeve or Deputy Reeve was duly elected, and has made and subscribed the declarations of office and qualification as such Reeve or Deputy Reeve; nor in case of a Deputy Reeve, until he has also filed with the Clerk of the County an affirmation or declaration of the Clerk or other person having the legal custody of the last revised assessment rolls for the Municipality which he represents, that there appear upon such rolls the names of at least 500 freeholders and householders in the Municipality, possessing the same property qualification as voters, for the first Deputy Reeve elected for such Municipality, and that no alteration reducing the limits of the Municipality, and the number of persons possessing the same property qualification as voters, below 500 for each additional Deputy were last revised. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 62. (36 V. c. 48, s. 63.)

66. The certificate firstly above-mentioned may be in the Form of certificate as to following form :election, etc.

, Clerk of the Corporation of the I, A. B., of , Clerk or Township (Town or Village, as the case may be) of in the do hereby, under my hand and the seal of the said Corporation, certify that C. D., of , Esquire, was duly elected Reeve (or Deputy Reeve, as the case may be), of the said Township (Town or Village, as the case may be), and has made and subscribed the declarations of office and qualification as such Reeve (or Deputy Reeve, as the case may be).

, in the said Township (Town or Village, as the case may be), day of , A.D. 18 . Given under my hand and the seal of the said Corporation of at this

Seal of the Municipal (Corporation.)

A, B.Township (Town or Village) Clerk.

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 63. (36 V. c. 48, s. 64.)

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v 500 for each the said rells c. 48, s. 63.)

may be in the

Corporation of the , in the nd the seal of the

Esquire, was duly

of the said Town-

de and subscribed teeve (or Deputy

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ration of

67. The eertificate secondly above-mentioned may be in the Form of certificate as to following form :-

MUNICIPAL INSTITUTIONS.

freeholders

I, A. B., of Village, as the case may be) of , Gentieman, Clerk of the Township (Town or holders. do hereby declare and affirm as follows :-

(1) That I am the person having the legal custody of the last revised assessment roll for the said Township (Town or Village, as the case may be).

(2) That there appear upon the said roll the names of at least hundred (500 for each Deputy Reeve) freeholders and householders in the said Township (Town or Village, as the case may be), possessing the same property qualification as voters.

(3) That no alteration reducing the limits of the said Municipality, and the number of persons possessing the same property qualification as hundred (500 for each Deputy Reeve), has taken voters below place since the said roll was last revised.

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 64. (36 V. e. 48, s. 65.)

DIVISION II.—IN CITIES.

Councils. Sec. 68.

68. The Council of every City shall consist of the Mayor, City Councils. who shall be the head thereof, and three Aldermen for every Ward, to be elected in accordance with the provisions of this Aet. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 65. (36 V. c. 48, s. 66.)

Division III.—In Towns.

Councils. Sec. 69.

69. The Council of every Town shall consist of the Mayor, Town Counwho shall be the head thereof, and of three Councillors for cils. every Ward where there are less than five Wards, and of two Councillors for each Ward where there are five or more Wards; and if the Town has not withdrawn from the jurisdiction of the Council of the County in which it lies, then a Reeve shall be added, and if the Town had the names of 500 freeholders and householders on the last revised assessment roll, possessing the same property qualification as voters (notwithstanding that such persons may not be entitled to be voters), then a Deputy Reeve shall be added, and for every additional 500 names of persons possessing the same property qualification as voters on such roll, there shall be elected an additional Deputy Reeve. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 66. (36 V. c. 48, s. 67.)

or Village) Clerk.

Reduction of number of councillors.

Provided always that the Council of every town, where there arc less than five wards, may, upon a petition of not less than 100 municipal electors, pass a by-law reducing the number of Councillors for each ward to two; but such by-law, before the final passing thereof, shall receive the assent of the electors of the municipality in the manner provided for in section 294 and following sections of this Act.

(2) Any time after two annual municipal elections shall have been held, under a by-law passed as provided for under this section, the Council of the municipality shall, upon the presentation to the Council of a petition of not less than 100 resident municipal electors, asking the Council to submit a bylaw to a vote of the electors, for the repeal of the by-law so passed, in accordance with section 294 of this Act, without unnecessary delay, submit such repealing by-law to a vote of the electors of the municipality; the proceedings, in regard to the submission of such by-laws, both as to enacting and repeal, shall be as provided in this Act in regard to by-laws requiring the assent of the electors. 43 V. c. 24, s. 2.

DIVISION IV.—IN INCORPORATED VILLAGES.

Councils. Sec. 70.

Incorporated

70. The Council of every incorporated Village shall consist willage Coun of one Reeve, who shall be the head thereof, and four Councillors, and if the Village had the names of 500 freeholders and householders on the last revised assessment roll, possessing the same property qualification as voters (notwithstanding that such persons may not be entitled to vote), then of a Reeve, Deputy Reeve, and three Councillors, and for every additional 500 names of persons possessing the same property qualification as voters on such roll (notwithstanding that such persons may not be entitled to be voters), there shall be elected an additional Deputy Reeve instead of a Councillor. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 67. (36 V. c. 48, s. 68; 39 V. c. 7, s. 18.)

DIVISION V .-- IN TOWNSHIPS.

Councils. Sec. 71.

Township Councils.

71. The Council of every Township shall consist of a Reeve, who shall be the head thereof, and four Councillors, one Councillor being elected for each Ward where the Township is divided into Wards, and the Reeve to be elected by a general vote; but if the Township had the names of 500 freeholders and householders on the last revised assessment roll, possessing the same property qualification as voters (notwithstanding that where there ot less than number of , before the e electors of ${
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onsist of a Reeve, cillors, one Coune Township is died by a general f 500 freeholders it roll, possessing vithstanding that such persons may not be entitled to vote), then the Council shall consist of a Reeve, Deputy Reeve, and three Councillors, and for every 500 additional names of persons possessing the same property qualification as voters on such roll (notwithstanding that such persons may not be entitled to be voters), there shall be elected an additional Deputy Reeve instead of a Councillor. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 68. (36 V. c. 48, s. 69, 39 V. c. 7, s. 18.)

DIVISION VI.—In PROVISIONAL CORPORATIONS.

Councils. Sec. 72.

72. The Reeves and Deputy Reeves of the Municipalities Provisional within a Junior County for which a Provisional Council is Councils. established, shall ex officio be the members of the Provisional Council. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 69. (36 V. c. 48, s. 70.)

TITLE II.—QUALIFICATION, DISQUALIFICATION, AND EXEMPTIONS.

DIV. I.—QUALIFICATION. DIV. II.—DISQUALIFICATION.

DIV. III.—EXEMPTIONS.

DIV. I.—QUALIFICATION.

In each Municipality. Sec. 73. Nature of Estate to be possessed. Sec. 74. In new Township where no Assessment Roll. Sec. 75. Where only one qualified person for each seat. Sec. 76.

73. The persons qualified to be elected Mayors, Aldermen, Qualification Reeves, Deputy Reeves, and Councillors of any Municipality of mayors, shall be such persons as reside within the Municipality, or within two miles thereof, and are natural born or naturalized subjects of Her Majesty, and males of the full age of twenty-one years, and are not disqualified under this Act, and have, at the time of the election, in their own right, or in the right of their wives, as proprietors or tenants, a legal or equitable freehold or leasehold, or partly freehold and partly leasehold, or partly legal and partly equitable, rated in their own names on the last revised assessment roll of the Municipality to at least the value following, over and above all charges, liens, and incumbrances affecting the same.

(1) In incorporated Villages—Freehold to \$600, or lease- In incorporated villages, * Reduced - Lee S & O 1886 chap 37 sec 2. In towns:

- (2) In Towns—Freehold to \$800, or leasehold to \$1,600;
- In cities:
- (3) In Cities—Freehold to \$1,500, or leasehold to \$3,000;
- In townships;
- (4) In Townships—Freehold to \$400, or leasehold to \$800;

Property of different kinds.

And so in the same proportions in all Municipalities, in case

the property is partly freehold and partly leasehold.

But if within any Township any such person is at the time of election in actual occupation of any such freehold rated in his own name on the last revised assessment roll of said Township, he will be entitled to be elected as Reeve, Deputy Reeve or Councillor of said Township if the value at which such freehold is actually rated in said assessment roll amounts to not less than \$4,000, and for this purpose the said value shall not be affected or reduced by any lien, incumbrance or charge existing on or affecting such freehold. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 70; 43 V. c. 24, s. 3. (36 V. c. 48, s. 71.) Lust part new.

"Leasehold" defined.

Nature of estate.

74. The term "Leasehold" in the foregoing section shall not include a term less than a tenancy for a year, or from year to year; and the qualification of all persons, where a qualification is required under this Act, may be of an estate either legal or equitable, or may be composed partly of each. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 71. (36 V. c. 48, s. 72.)

In new township not having assessment

75. In case of a new Township creeted by proclamation, for which there has been no assessment roll, every person who, at the time of the first election, has such an interest in real property, and to such an amount as hereinbefore mentioned, shall be deemed to be possessed of a sufficient property qualification. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 72. (36 V. c. 48, s. 73.)

If only one person be qualified for each seat in the Council.

76. In case in a Municipality there are not at least two persons qualified to be elected for each sent in the Council, no qualification beyond the qualification of an elector shall be necessary in the persons to be elected. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 73. (36 V. c. 48, s. 74.)

Division II.—Disqualification.

Persons Disqualified. Sec. 77.

Persons disqualified from being members of councils.

77. No Judge of any Court of civil jurisdiction, no Gaoler or Keeper of a House of Correction, no Sheriff, Deputy Sheriff, Sheriff's Bailiff, High Bailiff or Chief Constable of any City or Town, Assessor, Collector, Treasurer, or Clerk of any Municipality, no Bailiff of any Division Court, no County Crown Attorney, no Registrar, no Deputy Clerk of the Crown, no Clerk of the County Court, no Clerk of the Peace, no Innkeeper or Saloonkeeper, or Shopkeeper licensed to sell spirituous liquors by retail, no License Commissioner or Inspector of Licenses, no Police Magistrate, and no person having by

\$1,600; o \$3,000:

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t least two perhe Council, no elector shall be O. c. 174, s. 73.

iction, no Gaoler , Deputy Sheriff, le of any City or c of any Munici-County Crown f the Crown, no Peace, no Inn-

l to sell spirituous or Inspector of erson having by himself himself or his partner an interest in any contract with or L. S. g.3-1884 on behalf of the Corporation, shall be qualified to be a mem- hay b 3. cap. 32 ber of the Council of any Municipal Corporation;

(2) But no person shall be held to be disqualified from being Proviso as to (2) But no person shall be held to be disqualified from being Proviso as to elected a member of the Council of any Municipal Corporation in companies by reason of his being a shareholder in any incorporated having deal-ings with corporation, or by having a lease of 21 years or lesses for 21 upwards, of any property from the Corporation, but no such years from leaseholder shall vote in the Council on any question affecting any lease from the Corporation, and no such shareholder on any question affecting the Company. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 74; 42 V. c. 31, s. 2. (36 V. c. 48, s. 75.)

Division III.—Exemptions.

Officials and Persons exempted. Sec. 78.

78. All persons over 60 years of age, all Members and Exemptions. officers of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, and of the Senate or House of Commons of Canada, all persons in the civil service of the Crown, all Judges not disqualified by the last preceding section, all Cormers, all persons in Priests' orders, Clergymen and Ministers of the Gospel of every denomination, all members of the Law Society of Ontario, whether Barristers or Students, all Attorneys and Solicitors in actual practice, all officers of Courts of Justice, all members of the medical profession, whether Physicians or Surgeons, all Professors, Masters, Teachers and other members of any University, College, or School in Ontario, and all officers and servants thereof, all Millers, and all Firemen belonging to an authorized Fire Company-are exempt from being elected or appointed members of a Municipal Council, or to any other municipal office. R.S.O c. 174, s. 75. (36 V. c. 48, s. 76.) See also as to Firemen, R. S. O. c. 178, ss. 2-4.

PART III. MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

TITLE I.—ELECTORS. TITLE II.—ELECTIONS.

TITLE I.—ELECTORS.

DIVISION I.—QUALIFICATION.

Sec. 79. Freehold, Household, Income, or Farmer's Son. Amount of rating requisite. Sec. 80.

Persons

Persons in default for non-payment of taxes. Sec. 81. Elector must be named on voters' list. Sec. 82. In new Municipality having no Assessment Roll. Where new Territory added. Sec. 84. Joint or several rating on same property. Secs. 85, 86. Householder, definition of. Sec. 87.

79. Subject to the provisions of the next eight sections the right of voting at municipal elections shall belong to the following persons, being males of the full age of 21 years, and subjects of Her Majesty by birth or naturalization, being rated to the amount beginning to the next eight sections the following persons, and subjects of Her Majesty by birth or naturalization, being rated to the amount beginning to the next eight sections the ment roll, upon which the voters' list used at the election 1884-Cap 32 is based, of the Municipality, for real property held in their own right or in the right of their wives, or for income, and having received no reward and having no expectation of reward for voting:

Freeholders.

lec 3.

Firstly. All persons, whether resident or not, who are at the date of the election freeholders of the Municipality either in their own right or in the right of their wives;

Householders and tenants.

Secondly. All residents of the Municipality who have resided therein for one month next before the election, and who are, or whose wives are, at the date of the election, householders or tenants in the Municipality;

Income voters.

Thirdly. All residents of the Municipality at the date of the election, who have continuouly resided therein since the completion of the last revised assessment roll therefor, and who are in receipt of an income from some trade, office, calling or profession, of not less than \$400. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 76, part. (36 V. c. 48, s. 77; 37 V. c. 3, s. 1.)

Farmers' sons.

Fourthly. All residents of the Municipality at the date of the election who are farmers' sons, and have resided in the Municipality on the farm of their father or mother for twelve months next prior to the return by the Assessors of the assessment roll on which the voters' list used at the election is based. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 76, part. (40 V. c. 9, s. 3.)

When more than one son so resident.

(2) If there are more sons than one so resident, and if the farm is not rated and assessed at an amount sufficient, if equally divided between them, to give a qualification to vote to the father and all the sons, where the father is living, or to the sons alone where the father is dead and the mother is a widow, then the right to vote shall belong to and be the right only of the father and such of the eldest or elder of said sons to whom the amount at which the farm is rated and assessed will, when equally divided between them, give the qualification R. S. O. c. 174, s. 76 (2). (40 V. e. 9, s. 2.)

sessment not sufficient to

(3) If the amount at which the farm is so rated and assessed living and as is insufficient, if equally divided between the father, if living, and one son, to give to each a qualification to vote, then the Sec. 81.

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sections the g to the folf 21 years, zation, being wised assessthe election held in their income, and tion of reward

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t, and if the farm cient, if equally a to vote to the ng, or to the sons is a widow, then right only of the d sons to whom assessed will, the qualification 9, s. 2.)

rated and assessed father, if living, to vote, then the father father shall be the only person entitled to vote in respect of qualify more sneh farm. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 76 (3). (40 V. c. 9, s. 2.)

(4) Occasional or temporary absence from the farm for a time Temporary or times not exceeding in the whole four months of the twelve absence. hereinbefore mentioned, shall not operate to discretitle a farmer's son to vote. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 76 (4). (40 V. c. 9, s. 3.)

(5) In this and the four next preceding clauses:

Interpreta-

"Farm" shall mean land actually occupied by the owner thereof and not less in quantity than twenty acres;

"Son" or "Sons" or "Farmer's Son" or "Farmers' Sons" shall mean any male person or persons not otherwise qualified to vote, and being the son or sons of an owner and actual occupant of a farm;

"Father" shall include stepfather;

"Election" shall mean an election for a member to a Municipal Council;

"To vote" shall mean to vote at an election; and

"Owner" shall mean proprietor in his own right or in the right of his wife of an estate for life or any greater estate either legal or equitable, except where the owner is a widow, and in such latter ease the word "owner" shall mean proprietor in her own right of any such estate. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 76 (5). (40 V. c. 9, s. 1.)

80. In order to entitle any person to vote as aforesaid in Amount of respect of real property, such property, whether freehold or sary. household or partly each, must be rated at an actual value of not less than the following:

In Townships—\$100.

In Incorporated Villages—\$200.

In Towns-\$300.

In Cities—\$400. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 77. (36 V. c. 48, s. 78.)

81. No person who has been returned by the Treasurer of Persons in Collector under section 118 as in default for non-payment of default for his taxes on or before the fourteenth day of December next of taxes not to preceding any election, shall be entitled to vote in respect of vote. Income in any Municipality or in respect of real property in Municipalities which have passed by-laws under section 490, sub-section two. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 78. (36 V. c. 48, s. 77.)

82. Except in the case of a new Municipality, for which Elector must there is no assessment roll, no person shall be entitled to vote be named in at any election, unless he is one of the persons named or purporting

to be raised.

No question of porting to be named in the proper list of voters; and no quesqualification tion of qualification shall be raised at any election except to tion of qualification shall be raised at any election, except to ascertain whether the person tendering his vote is the same person as is intended to be designated in the said list of voters. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 79. (36 V. e. 48, s. 77; 40 V. c. 12, s. 20.) See 37 V. c. 3, s. 1,

In newly erected municipalities not having any assessment roll.

83. At the first election of a new Municipality for which there is no separate assessment roll, every resident male inhabitant, though not previously assessed, shall be entitled to vote if he possesses the other qualifications above mentioned, and has at the time of the election sufficient property to have entitled him to vote if he had been rated for such property. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 80. See 36 V. c. 48, s. 79.

Where new territory added to city,

84. Where any territory is added for municipal purposes to any City, Town or Village, or where a Town with additional territory is erected into a City, or a Village with additional lage, or a new territory is erected into a Town, or in case a new Village is erty, town or village erected formed, and an election takes place before voters' lists includwith added ing the names of persons entitled to vote in such territory are the ritory, and no voters' lists made out for such new or enlarged City, Town or Village, or including such before such lists are certified by the County Judge, then all pernew territory. sons who would have been qualified as electors in such territory if the same had remained separate from the City, Town or Village, or if such Town or Village had not been erected into a City or Town, or if such Village had not been formed, shall be entitled to vote in the City, Town or Village at such election. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 81. (38 V. c. 3, s. 16.)

If owner and oscapant severally rated, both to be

85. In case both the owner and occupant of any real property are rated severally but not jointly therefor, both shall be deemed rated within this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 82. (36 V. deemed rated. c. 48, s. 82.)

When joint owners or oc cupants rated, rating to be equally divided.

86. Where any real property is owned or occupied jointly by two or more persons, and is rated at an amount sufficient, if equally divided between them, to give a qualification to each, then each shall be deemed rated within this Act, otherwise none of them shall be deemed so rated. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 83. (36 V. c. 48, s. 83.)

" Householder defined.

87. Every occupant of a separate portion of a house, such portion having a distinct communication with a public road or street by an outer door, shall be deemed a householder within this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 84. (36 V. c. 48, s. 84.)

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TITLE IL-ELECTIONS.

DIV. I.—TIME AND PLACE OF HOLDING.

Div. II.—Returning Officers and Deputy Returning Officers.

DIV. III.—OATHS.

DIV. IV.—PROCEEDINGS PRELIMINARY TO THE POLL.

Div. V.—The Poll.

DIV. VI.—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

DIV. VII.—VACANCIES IN COUNCIL.

DIV. VIII.—CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS.

DIV. 1X.—PREVENTION OF CORRUPT PRACTICES.

DIVISION I.—TIME AND PLACE OF HOLDING.

In Municipalities other than Counties. Sec. 88.

In new or altered Municipalities. Sec. 89.

Place, how fixed. Sec. 90.

In separate l Townships. Sees. 91, 92.

Election of recres, etc., in Townships and Villages. Sec. 93.

Election Divisions. Sec. 94.

Where Elections shall be held. Secs. 95, 96.

88. The electors of every Municipality (except a County) Elections to shall elect annually, on the first Monday in January, the members bers of the Council of the Municipality, except such members bers of council as have been elected at the nomination; and the persons so of municipalities (except cleated shall hold office until their successors are elected or counties), appointed and sworn into filice, and the new Council is Termsofoffice. organized. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 85. (36 V. c. 48, s. 85.)

89. In case of the incorporation of a new Township or First elections Union of Townships; or of the separation of a Junior Town-where corporaship from a Union of Townships; or of the erection of a newly erected locality into an incorporated Village; or of the erection of a or extended. Village into a Town or of a Town into a City; or of an additional tract of land being added to an incorporated Village, Town or City, or in case of a new division into Wards of a Town or City, the first election under the proclamation or by- Times of eleclaw by which the change was effected shall take place on the tions. first Monday in January next after the end of three months from the date of the proclamation, or from the passing of the by-law by which the change is made, and until such day the change shall not go into effect; but the nomination of candidates and the election of such officers as are unopposed, may, and shall be proceeded with at the same time and in the same manner as if such change had gone into effect on the last Monday of the month of December preceding such first election, or on such other day as the nominations may lawfully be held upon. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 86. (36 V. c. 48, s. 86; 40 V. c. 8, s. 49.)

Place to be fixed by by law of municipalities.

90. The Council of every City, Town and Village Municipality (including a Village newly erected into a Town, and a Town newly erected into a City), shall from time to time, by by-law, appoint the place or places for holding the next ensuing municipal election, otherwise the election s'hall be held at the place or places at which the last election for the Municipality or Wards or polling sub-divisions was held. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 87. (36 V. c. 48, s. 87.

County Council to appoint election in junior town ships after separation.

91. When in any year a Junior Township of a Union has 100 resident freeholders and householders on the then last revised assessment roll, the Council of the County shall, by a by-law to be passed before the thirty-first day of October, in the same year, fix the place for holding the first annual election of Councillors in the Township, and appoint a Returning Officer for holding the same, and otherwise provide for the due holding of the election according to law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 88. (36 V. c. 48, s. 88.)

Existing ward divisions in united townships to cease on dissolution of union.

92. In case of the separation of a Union of Townships, the existing divisions into Wards, if any, shall cease, as if the same had been duly abolished by by-law, and the elections of Couneillors shall be by general vote, until the Township or Townships are divided into polling sub-divisions or Wards under the provisions of this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 89. (36 V. c. 48, s. 89.)

incorporated villages to be by general

93. The election in Townships and incorporated Villages of reeves, etc., in Reeves, Deputy Reeves and Councillors, shall be by general townships and vote, except in the case of Deputy Reeves and Councillors in Townships divided into Wards, and shall be held at the place or places where the last meeting of the Council was held, or in such other place or places as may be from time to time fixed by by-law. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 90. (36 V. c. 48, g. 90.)

Upon petition the council may, by by-law, divide wards, etc.

94. In case a majority of the qualified electors of a Township on the last revised assessment roll petition the Council of the Township to divide the Township into Wards, or to townships into abolish or alter any then existing division into Wards, the Council shall, within one month thereafter, pass a by-law to give effect to such petition; and if such petition is for division into Wards, shall divide such Township into Wards, having regard to the number of electors in each Ward, being as nearly equal as may be, and the number of Wards for municipal purposes shall be four in all cases; and where the Township is divided into Wards, and is entitled to one or more Deputy Reeves, the Councillors shall, at their first meeting, elect from among themselves such Deputy Reeve or Reeves. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 91. (36 V. c. 48, s. 91.)

Election of deputy reeves, etc., in such case.

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95. Every election shall be held in the Municipality to Election, which the same relates. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 92. (36 V. c. 48, s. 92.) where to be held.

96. No election of Township Councillors shall be held with- Not to be held in any City, Town or incorporated Village, nor shall any elec- in taverns, etc. tion for a Municipality, or any Ward thereof, be held in a tavern or in a house of public entertainment licensed to sell spirituous or fermented liquors. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 93. (36 V. c. 48, s. 93.)

DIVISION II.—RETURNING OFFICERS AND DEPUTY RETURNING OFFICERS.

When election by polling subdivisions. Sec. 97. When not. Sec. 98. Death or absence, provision for. Sec. 99. Authority of. Secs. 100, 101. Special Constables. Sec. 101.

97. The Council of every Municipality in which the election By-law for an is to be made by Wards or polling subdivisions, shall, from wards or polling to time by hy-law appoint: time to time, by by-law, appoint:-

divisions. (a) The places for holding the nominations for each Ward;

(b) The Returning Officers who shall respectively hold the nominations for each Ward;

(c) The places at which polls will be opened in the Municipality in ease a poll is required;

(d) The Deputy Returning Officers who shall preside at the respective polling places. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 94. (36 V. c. 48, s. 94; 37 V. c. 16, s. 4.)

(2) The Clerk of the Municipality shall be the Returning Clerk of muni-Officer for the whole Municipality, and in the case of a poll cipality to be being required, the Deputy Returning Officers shall make to cer for whole him the returns for their respective Wards or polling sub-municipality. divisions. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 94. See 40 V. c. 12, s. 13.

98. In the case of a municipality in which the election is Returning ofnot to be by Wards or polling subdivisions, the Clerk shall be ficer for electhe Returning Officer to hold the nomination of candidates at wards or polal elections after the first, and shall also perform all the duties in subdivi-hereinafter assigned to Deputy Returning Officers. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 95. (36 V. c. 48, s. 95.) See 40 V. c. 12, s. 13.

99. In case, at the time appointed for holding a nomination The death or or poll, the person appointed to be Returning Officer or Deputy absence of Returning Officer has died, or does not attend to hold the officer or nomination or poll within an hour after the time appointed, deputy return or in case no Returning Officer or Deputy Returning Officer provided for.

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has been appointed, the electors present at the place for holding the nomination or poll may choose from amongst themscives a Returning Officer or Deputy Returning Officer, and such Returning Officer or Deputy Returning Officer shall have all the powers, and shall forthwith proceed to hold the nomination or poll, and perform all the other duties of a Returning Officer or Deputy Returning Officer. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 96. (36 V. c. 48, s. 96.)

Returning offi-cers and deputyreturning officers to be conservators of the peace; their powers.

100. Every Returning Officer and Deputy Returning Officer shall, during the days of the election, or of the voting of electors upon a by-law, act as a conservator of the peace for the City or County in which the election or voting is held; and he, or any Justice of the Peace having jurisdiction in the Municipality in which the election or voting is held, may cause to be arrested, and may summarily try and punish by fine or imprisonment, or both, or may imprison or bind over to keep the peace, or for trial, any riotous or disorderly person, who assaults, beats, molests or threatens any voter coming to, or remaining at, or going from the election or voting; and, when thereto required, all constables and persons present at the election or voting, shall assist the Returning Officer, or Deputy Returning Officer, or Justice of the Peace. R.S.O.c. 174, s. 97. (36 V. c. 48, s. 97.)

Special constables may be sworn in.

101. Every Returning Officer, or Deputy Returning Officer, or Justice of the Peace may appoint and swear in any number of special constables to assist in the preservation of the peace and of order at an election or at the voting of electors upon a by-law; and any person liable to serve as constable, and required to be sworn in as a special constable by a Returning Officer or Deputy Returning Officer, or Justice, shall, if he refuses to be sworn in or to serve, be liable to a penalty of \$20, to be recovered to the use of any one who will sue therefor. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 98. (36 V. c. 48, s. 98.)

DIVISION III.—OATIIS.

Of freeholder. Sec. 102.

Of householder or tenant. Sec. 103.

Of Income voter. Sec, 104.

Of Farmer's son. Sec. 105.

Administering. Sec. 106.

Oaths, etc., of person claiming to vote as a freeholder.

102. The only oaths or affirmations to be required of any person claiming to vote in respect of a freehold, shall be as follows, or to the like effect:-

You swear (or solemnly affirm) that you are the person named, or purporting to be named, in the list (or supplementary list) of voters now shewn to you (shewing the list to the voter); That 46 VIC.

ce for holdngst them-Officer, and r shall have the nominaa Returning c. 174, s. 96.

rning Officer he voting of he peace for ting is held; liction in the ld, may cause sh by fine or over to keep y person, who coming to, or g; and, when resent at the cer, or Deputy O. c. 174, s. 97.

turning Officer, in any number on of the peace electors upon a nstable, and reby a Returning , shall, if he repenalty of \$20, vill sue therefor.

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person named, or purry list) of voters now

That you are a freeholder in your own right (or right of your wife, as the case may require);

That you are a natural born (or naturalized) subject of Her Majesty,

and of the full age of twenty-one years;
(In the case of Municipalities not divided into Wards.) have not voted before at this election, either at this or any other polling

(In the case of Municipalities divided into Wards.) That you have not voted before at this election, either at this or any other polling place in this Ward and (if the elector is tendering his cote for Mayor, Reeve or Deputy Reeve) that you have not voted before or elsewhere in this Municipality at this election for Mayor, (Reeve or Deputy Reeve as the ease may be;

That you have not directly or indirectly received any reward or gift, nor do you expect to receive any, for the vote which you tender at this

That you have not received anything, nor has anything been promised to you, directly or indirectly, either to induce you to vote at this election, or for loss of time, travelling expenses, hire of team, or any other service connected with this election;

And that you have not directly or indirectly paid or promised anything to any person either to induce him to vote or refrain from voting at this

(In the case of a new Municipality in which there has not been any In new Muni-(In the case of a new Municiparity in which there has not oven any the same assessment roll, then instead of referring to the list of voters, the person cipality where assessment offering to vote may be required to state in the oath the property in respect of roll. which he claims to vote.)

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 99. (36 V. c. 48, s. 99; 40 V. c. 8, s. 50.)

103. The oath or affirmation to be required of any person Oath of claiming to vote as householder or tenant, shall be as follows, or tenant. or to the like effect:-

You swear (or selemnly affirm) that you are the person named or purporting to be named in the list (or supplementary list) of voters now

shewn to you (shewing the list to the voter); (the day certified by the day of That on the Clerk of the Municipality as the date of the return, or of the final revision and correction, of the assessment roll upon which the voters list used at the election is based) you were actually, truly, and in good faith, possessed to your own use and benefit as tenant or occupant, of the real estate in

respect of which your name is entered on the said list;
That you are (or your wife is) a householder or tenant within this

Municipality;

That you have been resident within this Municipality for one month next before this election;

That you are a natural-born (or naturalized) subject of Her Majesty and of the full age of twenty-one years;

(In the case of Municipalities not divided into Wards.) That you have not voted before at this election, either at this or any other polling

place; (In the case of Municipalities divided into Woods.) That you have not voted before at this election, either at this or any other polling place in this Ward, and (if the elector is tendering his vote for Mayor, Reere or Deputy Reeve) that you have not voted before or elsewhere in this Municipality at this election for Mayor, (Reeve or Deputy Reeve as the case

That you have not, directly or indirectly, received any reward or gift, nor do you expect to receive any, for the vote which you tender at this election;

That you have not received anything nor has anything been promised to you directly or indirectly either to induce you to vote at this election, or for loss of time, travelling expenses, hire of team, or any other service connected with this election;

And that you have not directly or indirectly paid or promised anything to any person either to induce him to vote or refrain from voting at this

roll.

(In the case of a new Municipality in which there has not been any election; In new muni- (In the case of a new municipality in which were assessment r.dl, then instead of swearing to residence for one month next no assessment no assessment before the election, and referring to the list of voters, the person offering to roll. vote may be required to state in the oath the property in respect of which he claims to vote, and that he is a resident of such Municipality.)

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 100. (37 V. c. 16, s. 2; 40 V. c. 8, s. 50; 40 V. c. 12, s. 15.)

Oath of income voter

104. The oath or affirmation to be required of any person claiming to vote in respect of income shall be as follows:

You swear (or solemnly affirm) that you are the person named (or purporting to be named by the name of mentary list) of voters now shewn to you (shewing the list to voter) 18 (the day certified by the

Clerk of the Municipality as the date of the final revision and correction of the assessment roll upon which the voters' list used at the election is based), you were, and thenceforward have been continuously, and still are, a resident of this Township (City, Town or Village, as the case may be);

That at the said date, and for twelve months previously, you were in receipt of an income from your trade (office, calling, or profession, as the

case may be) of a sum of not less than \$400; That you are a subject of Majesty by birth (or naturalization, as the case may be); and are of the full age of twenty-one years;

(In the case of Municipalities not divided into Wards.) not voted before at this election, either at this or any other polling place;

(In the case of Municipalities divided into Wards.) That you have not voted before at this election, either at this or any other polling place in this Ward, and lif the elector is tendering his rote for Mayor, Reere or Deputy Rece) that you have not voted before or elsewhere in this Municipality at this election for Mayor (Reeve or Deputy Reeve, as the case may be);

That you have not received anything, nor has anything been promised you, either directly or indirectly, either to induce you to vote at this election, or for loss of time, travelling expenses, hire of team, or any other

And that you have not, directly or indirectly, paid or promised anyservice connected with this election; thing to any person, either to induce him to vote or refrain from voting at this election:

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 101. (37 V. c. 3, s. 4; 39 V. c. 5, s. 7; So help you God. 40 V. c. 12, s. 16.)

Oath of farmer's son.

105. The oath or affirmation to be required from a farmer's son claiming to be entitled to vote shall be as follows:-

You swear (or solemnly affirm) that you are the person named (or purporting to be named by the name of , in the list (or supplementary list) of voter now shewn to you (shewing the list to the voter); , 18 (the day certified by the

Clerk of the Municipality, as the date of the return, or of the final revision and correction of the assessment roll upon which the voters' list used at the election is based, as the case requires, A. B. (naming him or her), was actually, truly, and in good faith possessed to his (or her) own use and benefit as owner, as you verily believe, of the real estate in respect of which your name is so as aforesaid entered on said list of voters;

That you are a son of the said A. B.; That you resided on the said property for twelve months next before the said day, not having been absent during that period, except temporarily, and not more than four months in all;

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Chap. 18.

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not been any one month next rson offering to espect of which ity.)

V. c. 8, s. 50;

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That you have ther polling place; That you have not polling place in this or, Reeve or Deputy his Municipality at e case may be; ning been promised to vote at this electeam, or any other

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ed from a farmer's s follows :-

erson named (or pur-,) in the list (or supthe list to the voter) (the day certified by the or of the final revision e voters' list used at the ing him or her), was (or her) own use and eal estate in respect of list of voters;

ve months next before period, except temporThat you are still a resident of this Municipality, and entitled to vote at

That you are a subject of Her Majesty by birth (or naturalization, as the ease may be); and are of the full age of twenty-one years; (In the case of Municipalities not divided into Wards.) That you have

not voted before at this election, either at this or any other polling place; (In the case Municipalities divided into Wards.) That you have not voted before at this election, either at this or any other polling place in this Ward, and (if the elector is tendering his cote for Mayor, Reeve or Deputy Reeve) that you have not voted before or elsewhere in this Municipality at this election for Mayor, (Reeve, or Deputy Reeve, as the case

That you have not received anything, nor has anything been promised you directly or indirectly either to induce you to vote at this election, may be); or for loss of time, travelling expenses, hire of team, or any other service

connected with this election;

And that you have not directly or indirectly paid or promised anything to any person either to induce him to vote or refrain from voting at this election

So help you God.

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 102. (40 V. c. 9, s. 9.)

106. Such oaths or affirmations shall be administered by the When and Returning Officer or Deputy Returning Officer as the case may how oaths Returning Officer or Deputy Returning Officer as the case may are to be be, at the request of any candidate or his authorized agent, administered. and no inquiries shall be made of any voter, except with respect to the facts specified in such oaths or affirmations. R. S. Ö. c. 174, s. 103. (36 V. c. 48, s. 101.)

DIVISION IV.—PROCEEDINGS PRELIMINARY TO THE POLL.

Nomination Meetings. Secs. 107-110. Presiding Officer. Secs. 108, 110, 113. Provision for Christmas Day. Sec. 111. Interval between Nomination and Election in Townships. Sec. 112. Notice of Nomination. Sec. 114. Proceedings at Nomination. Sec. 115. Poll, when and where to be held. Sec. 115. Resignations.—Notifications as to Candidates. Sec. 116. Votes to be given by Ballot. Sec. 117. List of Defaulters in payment of Taxes. Sec. 118. Ballot Boxes. Sec. 119. Ballot Papers. Secs. 120-123. Polling Places. Secs. 123, 124. g Officers. Secs. What to be furnished to Deputy Ret $123,\, 125,\, 128,\, 129,\, 130,\, 131,\, 134.$ Directions to Voters. Secs. 125, 126. Placards to be posted. Sec. 126. Voters' and Defaulters' Lists. Secs. 127-133. Certificates as to the Assessment Roll. Sec. 184. In Municipalities not divided into Wards, Clerk to perform

duties of Deputy Returning Officer. Sec. 135. Where Electors may vote. Secs. 136-140.

Meeting for nomination of mayor, reeve, deputy reeve,

107. A meeting of the electors shall take place for the nomination of candidates for the office of Mayor in Cities, and for Mayor, Reeve and Deputy Reeves in Towns, at the hall of the Municipality, on the last Monday in the month of December, annually, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and the Deputy Reeves shall be designated as first, second, third, etc., according to the number to be elected. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 104. (36 V. c. 48, s. 102.)

The clerk to preside.

108. The Clerk of the Municipality shall be the Returning Officer to preside at such meeting, or in ease of his absence, the Council shall appoint a person to preside in his place; and if the clerk or the person so appointed does not attend, the electors present shall choose a chairman or person to officiate from among themselves, and such Clerk or chairman shall have all the powers of a Returning Officer. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 105. (36 V. c. 48, s. 103.)

Chairman.

Meetings in cities, towns, etc., for comination of al-dermen, etc.

109. A meeting of the electors shall take place for the nomination of candidates for the offices of Aldermen in Cities, Councillors in Towns, and of Reeves, Deputy Reeves and Councillors in Townships not divided into Wards, and incorporated Villages, at noon, on the last Monday in December, annually, at the Town Hall of such Municipalities, or at such place therein, and in Cities and Towns at such places in each Ward thereof, as may from time to time be fixed by by-law, and the Deputy Reeves shall be designated as first, second, third or fourth, according to the number to be elected. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 106; 42 V. c. 31, s. 4. (37 V. c. 16, s. 3.)

In Townships divided into wards.

110. In Townships divided into Wards, the nomination of candidates for the office of Reeve shall be held at ten of the clock in the forenoon on the last Monday in December, at such place in the Township as may from time to time be fixed by by-law, and the Township Clerk shall preside; the nomination of candidates for the office of Councillor, to be elected for each Ward, shall take place at noon, at the Town Hall of the Township or at such place in the Township or in each Ward as may be fixed by by-law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 107; 42 V. c. 31, s. 5. (37 V. c. 16, s. 3.)

If nomination day falls on Christmas day.

111. When the last Monday in December happens to be nomination of candidates for the offices of in Cities, and of Mayor, Reeve, Deputy Christmas Day, the Mayor and Alde Reeve and Councinors in other Municipalities, shall take place on the preceding Friday, at the times and places and in the manner prescribed by law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 108. (39 V. c. 7, s. 20.)

County council may by bylaw lengthen

112. Every County Council may, by by-law, made on or before the first day of July in any year provide that the day for the nomination of candidates for Reeve, Deputy Reeves, and Councillors 1882-3.

Returning his absence, splace; and sattend, the to officiate urman shall S. O. e. 174,

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nomination of d at ten of the cember, at such he be tixed by the nomination elected for each ll of the Townth Ward as may 42 V. c. 31, s. 5.

er happens to be for the offices of r, Reeve, Deputy , shall take place places and in the s. 108. (39 V. c.

v-law, made on or le that the day for puty Reeves, and Councillors Conneillors in Townships shall be upon the last Monday but one nomination in December, but all the other provisions of law relating to munitation and polling in townships. cipal elections shall apply to the elections in such Townships.

- (2) Forthwith, after the passing of such by-law, the County Copy of by-law to be sent Clerk shall transmit a copy thereof to the Clerks of the Town- to townships ships to which the same relates. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 109; 42 V. affected. c. 31, s. 6. (40 V. c. 8, s. 48.)
- 113. The Returning Officer appointed for each Ward, as in Presiding section 97 mentioned, or the Clerk, as the case may be, shall officer. respectively preside at the meeting for the nomination of candidates, and in ease of the absence of such presiding officer, the meeting may choose a chairman. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 110. (36 V. c. 48, s. 105, part.)
- 114. The Clerk or other Returning Officer whose duty it is Notice of to preside at the meeting for the nomination of candidates nomination shall give at least six days' notice of such meeting. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 111. (36 V. e. 48, s. 105, part.)
- 115. At the said meetings, the person or persons to fill each Nomination office shall be proposed and seconded seriatim; and if no other and proceedings incident candidate but one for any particular office is proposed, the Clerk thereto. or other Returning Officer or chairman shall, after the lapse of one hour from the time fixed for holding the meeting, declare such candidate duly elected for such office. But if two or more Poll-when candidates are proposed for any particular office, and if a poll and where to is required by them respectively, or by any elector, the Clerk or other Returning Officer or chairman shall adjourn the proceedings for filling such office until the first Monday in January next thereafter, when a poll or polls shall be opened in each Ward or polling subdivision, at such place or places respectively as may be fixed by the by-law of the said Councils for the election, at nine of the clock in the morning, and shall continue open until five of the clock in the afternoon, and no longer. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 112. (36 V. c. 48, s. 106.)
- 116. At the nomination meeting, or at any time thereafter Any person before the polling day, any person proposed for one or more proposed may resign, or elect for which office he is to remain in default to nominated; and in default, he shall be taken as nominated for nominated; and in default, he was first proposed and seconded; the Clerk or other Returning Officer or chairman shall, on the Notice of perday following that of the nomination, post up in the office of the Municipality the names of the persons proposed for the respective offices. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 113; 42 V. c. 31, s. 7. (36 V. c. 48, s. 108.)

117. In ease of a poll at an election of persons to serve in Votes to be by Municipal Councils, the votes shall be given by ballot. R. S. ballot. O. c. 174, s. 114. (38 V. c. 28, s. 1.)

List of defaulters in payment of Taxes.

Preparation of list of defaulters.

118. On or before the day of non-instition of candidates, if the Collector's roll has been returned to the Treasurer of the Municipality, the Treasurer shall prepare and verify on oath, or if the Collector's roll has not been so returned, the Collector shall prepare and verify on oath, a correct alphabetical list of-

But tec. Cap 27 Dea 3 - and

(a) All persons who, being on the voters' list (that is to say the first and second parts thereof) by reason of their income S 58 0-1887 - the first and second parts thereof) by reason of their income on or only, have not paid their municipal taxes on such income on or before the fourteenth day of December preceding the election,

(b) In Municipalities which have passed by-laws under subsection two of section 490 of this Act, all persons on the voters' list (that is to say the first and second parts thereof), who have been assessed for real property, but have not paid their municipal taxes on such property on or before the fourteenth day of December preceding the election. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 115 (1). (40 V. c. 12, s. 6.)

List to be made for each polling divi-sion.

(2) Where a Municipality is divided into polling subdivisions, such a list of defaulters shall be made for each polling subdivision. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 115 (2). (40 V. c. 12, s. 7.)

Certified copies to be furnished.

(3) The person preparing the said defaulters' lists, shall furnish to all persons applying for the same, certified copies thereof and of the affidavit verifying the same, in the same manner and for the same compensation as copies of the voters' list are to be furnished. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 115 (3). (40 V. c. 12, s. 8.)

Ballot Boxes.

Ballot boxes to be furnished.

119. Wherever a poll is required, the Clerk of the Municipality shall procure or cause to be procured as many boxes (hereinafter called ballot boxes) as there are Wards or polling subdivisions within the Municipality.

How made.

(2) The ballot boxes shall be made of some durable material, shall be provided with a lock and key, and shall be so constructed that the ballot paper can be introduced therein, and cannot be withdrawn therefrom unless the box be unlocked.

Delivery of to deputy return-ing officers.

(3) When it becomes necessary for the purposes of an election to use the ballot boxes, it shall be the duty of the Clerk of the Municipality, two days at least before the polling day, to deliver one of the ballot boxes to every Deputy Returning Officer appointed for the purposes of the election.

Clerk to preserve boxes for future elections.

(4) The ballot boxes, when returned to the Clerk after the election, shall be preserved by him for use at elections for the Municipality; and it shall be the duty of the Clerk to have ready for use, at all times, as many ballot boxes as there are Wards or polling subdivisions in the Municipality. (5) ndidates, if surer of the ify on oath, he Collector eal list of—

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the Clerk after the at elections for the the Clerk to have boxes as there are ipality.

(5)

(5) If the Clerk fails to furnish ballot boxes in the manner Penalty on failure to furnish provided, he shall incur a penalty of \$100 in respect nish boxes. of every ballot box which he has failed to furnish in the manner prescribed.

ner prescribed.

(6) It shall be the duty of the Deputy Returning Officer in Deputy every Ward or polling subdivision not supplied with a ballot officer to box within the time prescribed, forthwith to procure one to be procure boxes made, and he may issue his order upon the Treasurer of the Municipality in which such Ward or polling subdivision is situate for the eost of the ballot box, and the Treasurer shall pay to the Deputy Returning Officer the amount of the order. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 116. (38 V. e. 28, s. 2.)

Ballot Papers.

120. Where a poll is required, the Clerk of the Municipality Ballot papers shall forthwith eause to be printed, at the expense of the to be printed. Municipality, such a number of ballot papers as will be sufficient for the purposes of the election.

(2) Every ballot paper shall contain the names of the duly Contents and nominated eandidates, arranged alphabetically in the order of form of ballot their surnames; or if there are two or more eaudidates with the same surname, then in the order of their other names. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 117. (38 V. c. 28, s. 3.)

121. The names of the candidates for Mayor in Cities, and Different sets of ballot pafor Mayor, Reeve and Deputy Reeve in Towns, shall not be pers to be included in the same ballot paper with the names of the can-prepared. didates for Aldermen and Councillors respectively; but

(2) In Cities one kind or set of ballot papers shall be pre- In cities, pared for all the Wards or polling subdivisions, containing the names of the Candidates for Mayor, and another kind or set shall be prepared for each Ward or polling subdivision eon-taining the names of the candidates for Aldermen in the Ward; and

and

(3) In Towns one kind or set of ballot papers shall be pre-Intowns. pared for all the Wards or polling subdivisions, containing the names of the candidates for Mayor and Reeve and Deputy Reeve, and another kind or set shall be prepared for each Ward or polling subdivision, containing the names of the candidates for Councillors in the Ward; and

(4) In Townships divided into wards, one kind or set of Townships divided into ballot papers shall be prepared for all the Wards, containing wards. the names of the eandidates for Reeve, and another kind or set shall be prepared for each Ward, containing the names of the candidates for Councillors in the Ward. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 118. (30 V. e. 5, s. 1.)

122. The ballot papers shall be in the form of Schedule A Form of ballot to this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 119. (39 V. c. 5, s. 2.)

Polling Places.

Clerk to furnish deputy returning officers with ballot papers,

44

123. In case of Municipalities which are divided into Wards or polling subdivisions, the Clerk of the Municipality shall, before the opening of the poll, deliver or cause to be delivered to every Deputy Returning Officer the ballot papers which have been prepared for use in the Ward or polling subdivision for which such Deputy Returning Officer has been appointed to act, and shall also furnish to the Deputy Returning Officer or see that he is furnished with the necessary materials for voters to mark the ballot papers; and such materials shall be kept at the polling place by the Deputy Returning Officer for the convenient use of voters. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 120. (38 V. e. 28, s. 5.)

Compartment wherein voters may mark votes.

124. Every polling place shall be furnished with a compartment in which the voters can mark their votes screened from observation; and it shall be the duty of the Clerk of the Municipality and Deputy Returning Officers respectively, to see that a proper compartment for that purpose is provided at each polling place. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 121. (38 V. c. 28, s. 4.)

Directions to Voters.

Clerk to furnish deputy returning officer with directions for voters' guidance.

125. In case of Municipalities divided into Wards or polling subdivisions, the Clerk of the Municipality shall, before the opening of the poll, deliver or cause to be delivered to every Deputy Returning Officer such a number of printed directions, for the guidance of voters in voting, as he may deem sufficient, and shall so deliver or cause to be so delivered at least ten copies of such printed directions; such directions shall be printed in conspicuous characters, and may be according to the form in Schedule B to this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 122. (38 V. c. 28, s. 6.) ×

Deputy returningofficers to placard the directions.

126. Every Deputy Returning Officer shall before the opening of the poll, or immediately after he has received such printed directions from the Clerk of the Municipality, if he did not receive the same before the opening of the poll, cause such printed directions to be placarded outside the polling place for which he is appointed to act, and also in every compartment of the polling place, and shall see that they remain so placarded until the close of the polling. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 123. (38 V. c. 28, s. 7.)

Voters' and Defaulters' Lists.

Proper voters list to be used at an election.

127. Subject to the provisions of the three next sections the proper list of voters to be used at an election shall be the first and second parts of the last list of voters certified by the Judge and delivered or transmitted to the Clerk of the Peace R. S. O. c. 9. under "The Voters' Lists Act." R. S. O. c. 174, s. 124. (40 V.

* also 2 copies of Bill entitled "Corrupt practices

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MUNICIPAL INSTITUTIONS. 128. For the first election of a new Municipality for which For first electhere is no separate assessment roll, the Clerk of the Municition in new municipality. pality shall provide each Deputy Returning Officer with a poll book, prepared according to the form of Schedule C to this Act instead of a voters' list, and either the Deputy Returning Officer or his sworn Poll Clerk shall therein enter, in the proper column, the names of each person offering to vote, and at the request of any candidate or voter, shall note the property on which the person claims to vote opposite his name. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 125. (See 36 V. c. 48, s. 79; 38 V. c. 28, s. 8; and

39 V. e. 5, s. 9.) 129. Where any territory is added for municipal purposes, Voters' lists to any City, Town, or Village, or where a Town with addi-section 84. tional territory is erected into a City, or a Village with additional territory is erected into a Town, or where a new Village is formed, and an election takes place before voters' lists inchiding the names of the persons entitled to vote in such territory are made out, or before such lists are certified by the Court Judge-in all such cases, the Clerk of the new or enlarged City, Town, or Village shall extract the names of the several persons who would be entitled to vote in the territory composing or added to (as the ease may be) the City, Town, or Village if such territory had remained separate from the City, Town, or Village, from the last filed or certified voters' list of the Municipality or Municipalities to which such territory formerly belonged, containing the names of the persons entitled to vote in respect of such territory, and shall place such names in lists or supplementary lists (as the case may be).

(2) Such lists or supplementary lists shall be made in the Form of supform of Schedule C to this Act, and shall be signed by the plements. Clerk, and delivered by him to the proper Deputy Returning Officers for the purpose of enabling the persons named in such lists to vote at the election. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 126. (38 V. c. 3, ss. 16, 17.) See 36 V. c. 48. s. 79.

130. In any Municipality for which there is a separate List of Voters. assessment roll, but for which no voters' list for the Municipality has been filed with the Clerk of the Peace or certified by the County Judge under "The Voters' Lists Act," the Clerk R. S. O. c. 9. of the Municipality shall, before the poll is opened, prepare and deliver to the Deputy Returning Officer for every or any Ward or polling subdivision, a list in the form of Schedule C to this Act, containing the names, arranged alphabetically, of all male persons appearing by the then last revised assessment roll to be entitled to vote in that Ward or polling subdivision, and shall attest the said list by his solemn declaration in writing under his hand.

- (2) In the ease of
- (a) Income voters, and

Persons in arrears for taxes shall be (b) excluded from list. Defaulters Ito be

(b) Persons assessed for real property, if the Municipality has passed a by-law under sub-section 2 of section 490 of this Act, the Clerk shall exclude from such list such persons as may be

returned to him by the Treasurer as being in default for not having paid their municipal taxes respectively on or before the fourteenth day of December preceding the election; and every list of voters so prepared shall be the proper voters' list to be used at the election. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 127. (38 V. c. 28, s. 8; 39 V. c. 5, ss. 6 (1), 9.) - ree also sec / 18/7 4/2

Delivery of copies of voters' list and defaulters' list to deputy returning officers.

131. In the case of Municipalities which are divided into Wards or polling sub-divisions, the Clerk of the Municipality shall, before the poll is opened, deliver to the Deputy Returning Officer for each Ward or polling subdivision, a copy, according to the form of Schedule C to this Act, certified to be correct, of the proper list of voters for the Ward or polling subdivision under section 127 and following sections; and also a copy of the proper defaulters' list for the polling subdivision, certified by the Treasurer or Collector, pursuant to section 118 of this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 128. (40 V. c. 12, s. See 39 V. c. 5, s. 5 (2).

cured from clerk of peace.

132. The copies of the voters' lists in the last section repared by mentioned, may be prepared by the Clerk of the Municipality, cterk of muni-cipality or pro- or may be procured from the Clerk of the Peace, if fi.ed under "The Voters' Lists Act," and in the latter case the Clerk of the Peace shall be entitled to receive the sum of six cents for every ten voters whose names are on the list. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 129. (40 V. c. 12, s. 10.)

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133. The defaulters' lists furnished and verified by the Detauters list
to be evidence Treasurer or Collector as aforesaid, shall be the evidence on for denuty retor deputy returning officer which the Deputy Returning Officers shall act in ascertaining as to payment the payment or non-payment of taxes by persons claiming to vote in respect of income, or in respect of real property, in the cases mentioned in section 118 of this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 130. (40 V. c. 12, s. 11.)

Certificates as to the Assessment Roll.

Clerk to give cert ficate of dates of re-turn and final revision of assessment roll.

134. The Clerk of the Municipality shall before the opening of the poll, deliver or cause to be delivered to every Deputy Returning Officer a certificate (which may be in the form of Schedule D to this Act), of (1) the day when the assessment roll upon which the voters list to be used at the election is based, was returned by the Assessor, and also (2) of the day when the said assessment roll was finally revised and corrected.

Fee for certificates.

Penalty for neglect.

(2) The Clerk shall also give such certificate upon payment of the sum of twenty-five cents, to any person applying for the same, under a penalty of \$200 in case of neglect or refusal.

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as may be ult for not or before ction; and voters' list (38 V. c. 28,

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Iunicipality uty Returnion, a copy, certified to rd or polling ections; and polling subpursuant to 40 V. c. 12, s.

last section Municipality, , if fi.ed under the Clerk of f six cents for L. S. O. c. 174, s.

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Roll.

before the openlivered to every ch may be in the he day when the o be used at the sor, and also (2) of finally revised and

cate upon payment on applying for the glect or refusal.

1882-3. (3) Such certificate, when delivered to the Deputy Returning To be evidence Officer, shall be the evidence upon which he shall act in insert- of such date at ing in the earth to be administered to votors the date of the poll. ing in the oath to be administered to voters the date of the return or final revision and correction of the assessment roll as the case may be.

(4) An assessment roll shall be understood to be finally re- When assessvised and corrected when it has been so revised and corrected be considered by the Court of Revision for the Municipality or by the Judge of Section 1 by the Court of Revision for the Municipality, or by the Judge as finally reby the Court of Revision for the Municipanty, or by the stand of the County Court in case of an appeal, as provided by "The vised and of the County Court in case of an appeal, as provided by "The corrected." Assessment Act," or when the time during which such appeal R. S. O. c. 180. may be made has elapsed, and not before. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 131. (40 V. c. 12, s. 12.)

Municipalities not divided into Wards.

135. In case of Municipalities which are not divided into In Municipali-Wards or polling subdivisions, the Clerk shall perform the divided no duties which in other eases are performed by Deputy Returning wards or Officers, and shall provide himself with the necessary ballot divisions, clerk papers, and also with the materials for marking ballot papers, to perform duties of printed directions before mentioned, copies of the voters' list and deputy returndefaulters' list, and certificate of the dates of the return and final ing officers. revision of the assessment roll, similar to those required to be furnished to Deputy Returning Officers; and the Clerk shall perform the like duties with respect to the whole Municipality as are imposed upon a Deputy Returning Officer in respect of a Ward or polling subdivision. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 132. (38 V. c. 28, s. 9; 40 V. c. 12, s. 14 (2).)

Where Electors may vote.

136. In Towns and Cities, every elector may vote in each Voting in Ward in which he has been rated for the necessary property cities. qualification, but in case of Mayor of Cities, Mayor, Reeve or Deputy Reeve of Towns, the elector is limited to one vote. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 133. (36 V. c. 48, s. 80.)

137. In Townships and incorporated Villages divided into Voting in Wards or Polling subdivisions, no elector shall vote in more than townships and one Ward or polling subdivision for the same candidate. R. S. one Ward or polling subdivision for the same candidate. R.S. O. c. 174, s. 134. (36 V. c. 48, s. 81.)

138. Every elector who is entitled to a vote in more than Wherepersons one Ward or polling subdivision shall vote for Mayor in Cities, mayor, reeve, and for Mayor, Reeve, and Deputy Reeve in Towns, and for and deputy Reeve in Townships divided into Wards, at the polling place of reeve. the Ward or polling subdivision in which he is resident, if qualified to vote therein; or otherwise where he first votes, and there only. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 135. (39 V. c. 5, s. 3.)

139. Any person who votes for Mayor, Reeve, or in Towns Penalty for 159. Any person wno votes for mayor, neeve, or in 10 wills reliably voting twice or Townships for Deputy Reeve, after having already voted for mayor, reeve or deputy reeve.

for Mayor, Reeve, or Deputy Reeve at some other polling place at that election, shall incur a penalty of \$50, to be recovered, with full costs of suit, by any person who will sue for the same by action of debt in the Division Court having jurisdiction where the offence was committed; and any person against whom judgment is rendered shall be ineligible either as a candidate or elector at the next annual elections. R.S.O. e. 174, s. 136. (39 V. c. 5, s. 4.)

Certificate to entitle deputy returning officers, poll clerks, and agents to vote where sta-tioned.

140. The Clerk of the Municipality, on the request of any elector entitled to vote at one of the polling places, who has been appointed Deputy Returning Officer or Poll Clerk, or who has been named as an agent of a candidate to attend at any polling place other than the one where he is entitled to vote, shall give to such elector a certificate that he is entitled to vote at the polling place where he is to be stationed during the polling day; and such certificate shall also state the property or other qualification in respect of which he is entitled

Right to vote on production of certificate.

(2) On the production of such certificate, such Deputy Returnto vote. ing Officer, Poll Clerk, or agent shall have the right to vote at the polling place where he is stationed during the polling day, instead of at the polling station where he would otherwise have been entitled to vote; and the Deputy Returning Officer shall attach the certificate to the voters' list; but no such certificate shall entitle any such elector to vote at such polling place unless he has been actually engaged as such Deputy Returning Officer, Poll Clerk, or agent during the day of polling; nor to vote for Aldermen in Cities, or Councillors in Municipalities divided into Wards, except in the Ward where he would other-

Who to administer oath.

wise be entitled so to vote. (3) In case of a Deputy Returning Officer voting at the polling station where he has been appointed, the Poll Clerk appointed to act at such polling place, or in the absence of the Poll Clerk any elector authorized to be present, may administer to such Deputy Returning Officer the oath required by law to be taken by voters. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 137. (39 V. e. 5, s. 10.)

DIVISION V.—THE POLL.

Bullot box to be exhibited. Sec. 141. Duty of Deputy Returning Officer. Secs. 141-144. How votes to be received. Secs. 142-144. How ballot paper to be marked. Sec. 145. Exclusion from balloting compartment. Sec. 146. Ballot papers not to be taken away. Sec. 1:7. Sec. 148. Proceedings in case of incapacity to mark ballot. Billot paper inadvertently spoiled. Sec. 149. Who may be present in polling place. Sec. 150. Counting olling place recovered, sue for the wing jurisany person gible either is. R.S.O.

quest of any ces, who has Clerk, or who ttend at nny itled to vote, is entitled to ioned during state the prohe is entitled

eputy Returnright to vote ing the polling ould otherwise turning Officer no such certitih polling place puty Returning polling; nor to Municipalities he would other-

oting at the polle Poll Clerk ape absence of the z, may administer quired by law to (39 V. c. 5, s. 10.)

141-144.

Sec. 146. . 147.

rk ballot. Sec. 148. . 149. Sec. 150.

Counting

Counting the votes—Objections—Statement. Sec. 151. Who may be present at the counting of the votes. Sec. 152. Certificates of state of poll. Sec. 153.

Returns, etc., to be made by Deputy Returning Officers.

Clerk to cast up votes and declare who is elected. Secs. 155,

Right of Clerk, Deputy Returning Officers and Poll Clerks to vote. Sec. 156.

Riots. Sees. 157, 158.

Ouths of office to be taken by persons elected. Sec. 160.

141. The Deputy Returning Officer shall, immediately before turning officer the commencement of the poll, shew the ballot box to such perturning officer to shew box sons as are present in the polling place, so that they may see empty to persons as are present in the polling place, so that they may see that it is empty, and he shall then lock the box and place his sons present seal upon it in such a manner as to prevent its being opened and seal it. without breaking the seal; and he shall then place the box in his view for the receipt of ballot papers, and shall keep it so locked and scaled. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 138. (38 V. c. 28, s. 10.)

142. Where any person claiming to be entitled to vote pre-Proceedings 142. Where any person cuming to be entitled to vote pre- Proceedings sents himself for the purpose of voting, the Deputy Returning by deputy resents himself for the purpose of voting, the Deputy Returning officer Officer shall proceed as follows:

(1) He shall ascertain that the name of such person is entered Name. or purports to be entered upon the voters' list for the Ward or polling subdivision for which such Deputy Returning Officer is

appointed to act. (2) He shall record or cause to be recorded in the proper Recording. column of the voters' list, the residence and the legal addition of such person.

(3) If such person shall take the oath or affirmation required Oath. to be taken by voters in the manner directed by sections 102 to 105 inclusive of this Act, the Deputy Returning Officer shall enter or cause to be entered opposite such person's name, in the proper column of the said voters' list, the word "Sworn," or " Affirmed," according to the fact.

(4) Where the vote is objected to by any candidate or his Objection. agent, the Deputy Returning Officer shall enter the objection, or cause the same to be entered in the voters' list, by writing opposite the name of such person in the proper column, the words "Objected to," stating at the same time by which candidate or on behalf of which candidate the objection has been made, by adding after the words "Objected to," the name only of such candidate.

(5) Where such person as aforesaid has been required to take Refusaltotake the oath or affirmation, and refuses to take the same, the the oath. Deputy Returning Officer shall enter or cause to be entered opposite the name of such person, in the proper column of the

voters' list, the words "Refused to be Sworn," or "Refused to Affirm," according to the fact; and the vote of such person shall not be taken or received; and if the Deputy Returning Officer takes or receives such vote, or causes the same to be taken or received, he shall incur a penalty of \$200.

(6) Where the proper entries respecting the person so claimturning officer ing to vote have been made in the voters' list in the manner prescribed, the Deputy Returning Officer shall sign his name to sign name or initials upon the back of the ballot paper. on ballot paper.

(7) The ballot paper shall be delivered to such person. (8) The Reputy Returning Officer may, and upon request Delivery of paper to voter. Deputy returning officer shall, either personally or through his sworn Poll Clerk, explain R. to the voter, as concisely as possible, the mode of voting. R. to explain S. O. c. 174, s. 139. (38 V. c. 28, s. 11.) mode of voting.

143. Every Deputy Returning Officer refusing, or wilfully turning officer omitting to sign his name or initials upon the back of the ballot paper, as provided for by sub-section six of section 142 of this Act, shall forfeit to any person aggrieved by such rerefusing, etc., fusal, or omission, the sum of \$10, in respect of every ballot ballot paper. paper deposited at his polling sub-division, upon which the said Deputy Returning Officer has not signed his name or initials as aforesaid; and the same may be recovered in the manner provided for the recovery of penalties by section 212 of this Act. New.

144. The Deputy Returning Officer shall place, or cause Deputy returning officer to be placed, in the columns of the voters' list, headed "Mayor," and "Country of the voters' list, headed "Mayor," and "Mayor," to note in list a Reeve," (or "Mayor and Reeve"), "Alderman," and "Countries to whom ballot papers cillor," as the case may be, his initials opposite the name of every voter receiving a ballot paper, to denote that the voter has received a ballot paper for Mayor, Reeve, Alderman, or Councillor as the case may be. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 140; 44 V. c. 24, £ 1. (39 V. c. 5, s. 5 (2).)

Marking ballot paper.

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Harring Ball sto

145. Upon receiving from the Deputy Returning Officer the ballot paper so prepared as aforesaid, the person receiving the same shall forthwith proceed into the compartment provided for the purpose, and shall then and therein mark his ballot paper in the manner mentioned in the directions contained in Schedule B to this Act, by placing a cross, thus x, on the right-hand side, opposite the name of any candidate for whom he desires to vote, or at any other place within the division which contains the name of such candidate, and he shall then fold the ballot paper across, so as to conceal the names of the candidates, and the marks upon the face of such paper, and so as to expose the initials of the Deputy Returning Officer, and leaving the compartment, shall, without delay, and without shewing the front to any one or so displaying the ballot paper as to make known to any person the names of the 1882-3.

"Refused to such person ty Returning e same to be)0.

erson so claimin the manner sign his name

n person.

upon request Clerk, explain of voting. R.

ing, or wilfully 🕽 ne back of the of section 142 ved by such reof every ballot pon which the ed his name or recovered in the s by section 212 J

place, or cause neaded "Mayor," in," and "Counosite the name denote that the r, Reeve, Alder-R. S. O. c. 174, s.

urning Officer the son receiving the ment provided for k his ballot paper tained in Schedule on the right-hand r whom he desires e division which nd he shall then ceal the names of ace of such paper, Deputy Returning without delay, and so displaying the on the names of the candidates candidates for or against whom he has marked his vote, deliver such ballot paper so folded to the Deputy Returning Officer, who shall without unfolding the same, or in any way disclosing the names of the candidates, or the marks made by such elector, verify his own initials, and at once deposit the same in the ballot box in the presence of all persons entitled to be present and then present in the polling place; and the voter shall forthwith leave the polling place. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 141; 43 V. c. 24, s. 4. (38 V. c. 28, s. 12.)

146. While any voter is in any balloting compartment for Exclusion the purpose of marking his ballot paper, no other person from balloting shall be allowed to enter the compartment, or to be in any position from which he can observe the mode in which the voter marks his ballot paper. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 142; 41 V. c. 8, s. 19. (38 V. c. 28, s. 13.)

147. No person who has received a ballot paper from the Voter not to Deputy Returning Officer shall take the same out of the poll-take his ballot paper from ing place; and any person having so received a ballot paper, polling place. who leaves the polling place without first delivering the sameto the Deputy Returning Officer in the manner prescribed, shall 70 thereby forfeit his right to vote; and the Deputy Returning Officer shall make an enlig in the voters' list, in the column for remarks, to the effect that such person received a ballot paper, but took the same out of the polling place, or returned the same, declining to vote, as the case may be; and in the latter case the Deputy Returning Officer shall immediately write the word "Declined" upon such ballot paper, and shall preserve the same; Accused and in case the Clerk of the Municipality is not himself performing the duties of Deputy Returning Officer, the Deputy Returning Officer shall return said ballot paper to the Clerk of the Municipality, as hereinafter directed. P. S. O. c. 174, s. 143. (38 V. c. 28, s. 14.)

148. In case of an application by any person claiming to Proceedings in be entitled to vote, who is incanacitated by blindness or other case of incapaphysical cause from marking his ballot paper, or in case of any ballot paper. person claiming to be entitled to vote who makes a declaration that he is unable to read, the proceedings shall be as follows:-

- (1) The Deputy Returning Officer shall, in the presence of the agents of the candidates, cause the vote of such person to be marked on a ballot paper in manner directed by such person and shall place the ballot paper in the ballot box.
- (2) The Deputy Returning Officer shall state or cause to be stated in the voters' list, by an entry opposite the name of such person in the proper column of the said voters' list, that the vote of such person is marked in pursuance of this section, and the reason why it is so marked.

(3) The declaration of inability to read, or of incapacity to mark a ballot paper, may be in the form of Schedule E to this Act, and shall be made by the person claiming to be entitled to vote, at the time of the polling, before the Deputy Returning Officer, who shall attest the same as nearly as may be according to the form given in Schedule F to this Act, and the said declaration shall be given to the Deputy Returnand the said declaration shall be given to the Deputy Returnand Officer at the time of voting. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 144. (38 V. c. 28, s. 15.)

Proceedings in case ballot paper cannot be used.

149. A person claiming to be entitled to vote, who has inadvertently dealt with his ballot paper in such manner that it cannot be conveniently used as a ballot paper, may, on delivering to the Deputy Returning Officer the ballot paper so inadvertently dealt with, and proving the fact of the inadvertence to the satisfaction of the Deputy Returning Officer, obtain another ballot paper in the place of the ballot paper so delivered up, and the Deputy Returning Officer shall paper so delivered up, and the Deputy Returning Officer shall paper, and preserve the same; and in ease the Clerk of the Municipality is not himself performing the duties of Deputy Returning Officer, the Deputy Returning Officer shall return said ballot paper to the Clerk of the Municipality, as hereinafter directed. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 145. (38 V. c. 28, s. 16.)

Who may be present at polling place.

be entitled or permitted to be present in any polling place, other than the officers, candidates, clerks, or agents authorized to attend at such polling place, and such voter as is for the time to attend at such polling place, and such voter as is for the time being actually engaged in voting; it shall at all times be law-being actually engaged in voting; it shall at all times be law-being actually engaged in voting; it shall at all times or to summon to his assistance in such polling place, any police constable or peace officer, for the purpose of maintaining order, or of preserving the public peace, or preventing any breach thereof, or of removing any person or persons who may, in the opinion of such Deputy Returning Officer, be obstructing the polling or wilfully violating any of the provisions of this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 146. (38 V. c. 28, s. 17.)

Counting the

151. Immediately after the close of the poll in every polling place, the Deputy Returning Officer shall, in the presence of the Poll Clerk (if any) and of such of the candidates or of their agents as may then be present, open the ballot box, and proceed to count the votes as follows:—

Rejected ballots. (1) He shall examine the ballot papers, and any ballot paper (which has not on its back the name or initials of the Deputy Returning Officer, or on which more votes are given than the elector is entitled to give, or on which anything, except the initials or name of the Deputy Returning Officer on the back, is written or marked, by which the voter can be identified, shall be void, and shall not be counted; and any ballot paper on which

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incapacity to chedule E to aiming to be the Deputy nearly as may to this Aet, eputy Return-4, s. 144. (38

vote, who has h manner that oaper, may, on e ballot paper he fact of the uty Returning e of the ballot ing Officer shall oon such ballot ie Clerk of the uties of Deputy cer shall return pality, as herein-. c. 28, s. 16.)

g no person shall ny polling place, gents authorized as is for the time all times be lawive present or to ce, any police conntaining order, or my breach thereof, nay, in the opinion ucting the polling of this Act. R. S.

ooll in every polling in the presence of ndidates or of their pallot box, and pro-

and any ballot paper (tials of the Deputy are given than the mything, except the Officer on the back, an be identified, shall any ballot paper on which / which votes are given for a greater number of candidates for any office than the voter is entitled to vote for, shall be void as regards all the eandidates for such office, but shall be good as regards the votes for any other offices in respect to which the voter has not voted for more candidates than he is entitled to vote for. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 147. (38 V. c. 28, s. 18 (1); 40 V. c. 7, Sched. A. (169).)

(2) The Deputy Returning Officer shall take a note of any Deputy reobjection made by any candidate, his agent, or any elector turning officer authorized to be present, to any ballot paper found in the ballot box, and shall decide any question arising out of the ballot papers at the countries objection. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 147 (2). (39 V. c. 5, s. 11.)

(3) Each objection shall be numbered, and a corresponding and number number placed on the back of the ballot paper, and initialed ballot paper. by the Deputy Returning Officer. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 147 (3). to correspond. (39 V. c. 5, s. 11 (2).)

(4) The Deputy Returning Officer shall endorse "Rejected" Endorsing on any ballot paper which he rejects as invalid, and shall endorse "Rejection objected to," if any objection is made to his decision. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 147 (4). (38 V. c. 28, s. 18 (2).)

(5) The Deputy Returning Officer shall then count up the Statement. votes given for each candidate upon the ballot papers not rejected, and make up a written statement, in words as well as in figures, of the number of votes given for each candidate, and of the number of ballot papers rejected and not counted by him, which shall be made under the several heads-

(a) Name or number of Ward or polling subdivision and of the Municipality and the date of election;

(b) Number of votes for each candidate;

(c) Rejected ballot papers.

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 147 (5). (38 V. c. 28, s. 18 (3); 39 V. c. 5, s. 14.)

(6) Upon the completion of such written statement, it shall Statement to be forthwith signed by the Deputy Returning Officer, the Poll be signed. Clerk, if any, and such of the candidates or their agents as may be present, and desire to sign such statement. c. 174, s. 147 (6). (38 V. c. 28, s. 18 (4).)

152. No more than two agents for any candidate shall be Agents enentitled to be present at the same time at the counting of the present. votes. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 148. (38 V. c. 28, s. 18 (5).)

153. Every Deputy Returning Officer, upon being requested Deputy reso to do, shall deliver to the persons authorized to attend at his turning officer polling place, a certificate of the number of votes given at that cate of state of polling place for each conditate. polling place for each candidate, and of the number of rejected poll. ballot papers. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 149. (39 V. c. 5, s. 15.) 154.

Deputy re-turning offi-cer's duties after votes are counted.

154. Every Deputy Returning Officer shall, at the close of the poll, certify under his signature on the voters' list in full words the total number of persons who have voted at the polling place at which he has been appointed to preside, and at the completion of the counting of votes after the close of the poll, shall, in the presence of the agents of the candidates, make up into scparate packets, sealed with his own seal, and the seals of such agents of the candidate as desire to fix their seals, and marked upon the outside with a short statement of the contents of such packet, the date of the day of the election, the name of the Deputy Returning Officer, and of the Ward or polling subdivision and Municipality;

Revelopes Require d

- (a) The statement of votes given for each candidate and of the rejected ballot papers;
- (b) The used ballot papers which have not been objected to and have been counted;
- The ballot papers which have been objected to, but which have been counted by the Deputy Returning Officer;
- (d) The rejected ballot papers;
- (e) The spoiled ballot papers;
- The unused ballot papers;
- A statement of the number of voters whose votes are marked by the Deputy Returning Officer under the heads "Physical incapacity," and "Unable to read," with the declarations of inability; and the notes taken of objections made to ballot papers found in the ballot-

turning officer as to use of voters' list.

(2) Before returning the said voters list to the Clerk of by deputy rethe Municipality the Deputy Returning Officer shall make and subscribe before such Clerk, or a Justice of the Peace or the Poll Clerk, his declaration under oath that the voters' list was used in the manner prescribed by law, and that the entries required by law to be made therein were correctly made; which declaration shall be in the form of Schedule G to this Act, and shall thereafter be annexed to the voters' list, and such voters' list and declaration may be inspected at any time, in presence of the Clerk, by any elector of the Municipality.

livered to the clerk of municipality.

(3) If the Clerk of the Municipality is not himself performballot papers ing the duties of Deputy Returning Officer, the Deputy Returning Officer shall forthwith deliver such packets personally to the Clerk of the Municipality; and if he is unable to do so, owing to illness or other cause, he shall deliver such packets to a person chosen by him for the purpose of delivering the same to the Clerk; and shall mention on the outside of the cover of each of the packets the name of the person to whom the same 1882-3.

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hose votes are fieer under the nable to read," the notes taken nd in the ballot-

to the Clerk of eer shall make ee of the Peace that the voters' w, and that the were eorreetly orm of Schedule annexed to the laration may be k, by any elector

himself performthe Deputy Repackets personally is unable to do so, er such paekets to elivering the same ide of the eover of to whom the same had been so delivered, and shall take a proper receipt therefor; he shall also forthwith return the ballot box to the Clerk of the Municipality.

(4) The packets shall be accompanied by a statement made Statement to by the Deputy Returning Officer, shewing the number of ballot deputy papers entrusted to him, and accounting for them under the returning heads of (1) Counted; (2) Rejected; (3) Unused; (4) Spoiled; turn of ballot (5) Ballot papers given to voters who afterwards returned the papers, etc. saine, declining to vote, and (6) Ballot papers taken from the polling place; which statement shall give the number of papers under each head, and is in this Act referred to as the "Ballot Paper Aeeount."

(5) If the Deputy Returning Officer and one or more of the If dispute as candidates or of the agents of the eandidates present at the to result arises examination and counting of the ballot papers are unable to settled. agree as to the written statement to be made by the Deputy Returning Officer the packages of ballot papers shall be broken open by the Clerk of the Municipality, in the presence of the Deputy Returning Officer and such of the candidates or of their agents as may be present on the day succeeding the polling day, at an hour and place to be appointed, and of which they have been notified by the Deputy Returning Officer, unless the distance necessary to be travelled is such that the appointed place cannot be reached on the day following the poll, in which case a reasonable time shall be allowed, and no more, for the purpose of coming before the Clerk of the Municipality; and the Clerk of the Municipality, after examining the ballot papers, shall finally determine the matter in dispute, and sign the written statement hereinbefore mentioned: and the Clerk of the Municipality shall forthwith, in the presence of the Deputy Returning Officer and such of the candidates or of their agents as may then be present, seeurely seal up the ballot papers which have been examined by him into their several packages as before. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 150; 44 V. c. 24, ss. 2, 3. (38 V. e. 28, ss. 19, 20; 39 V. c. 5, ss. 12, 13.)

155. The Clerk of the Municipality, after he has received Clerk to cast the ballot papers and statements before mentioned of the up votes and declare who is number of votes given in each polling place, shall, without elected, etc. opening any of the sealed packets of ballot papers, east up the number of votes for each candidate from such statements; and shall at the Town Hall, or, if there is no Town Hall, at some other public place, at noon on the day following the return of such ballot papers and statements, publicly declare to be elected the eandidate or candidates having the highest number of votes, and shall also put up in some conspicuous place a statement under his hand shewing the numer of votes for each eandidate. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 151. (38 V. c. 28, s. 21.)

Poll declared

156. In ease it appears, upon the casting up of the votes as In case of a aforesaid, that two or more eandidates have an equal number of tie clerk to have a casting votes, vote;

votes, the Clerk of the Municipality, or other person appointed by by-law to discharge his duties of Clerk in his absence or incapacity through illness, and whether otherwise qualified or not, shall, at the time he declares the result of the poll, give a vote for one or more of such candidates, so as to decide the

but otherwise not to vote.

(2) Except in such case, no Clerk of the Municipality shall election. vote at any municipal election held in his Municipality. See sec. 321, post.

Deputy returning officers, etc., may vote if qualified.

(3) All Deputy Returning Officers and persons employed as Deputy Returning Officers and Poll Clerks, if otherwise qualified, shall be entitled to vote. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 152. (38 V. c. 28, s. 22.)

Election not commenced, or interrupted by reason of riot etc., to be resumed.

157. In case, by reason of riot or other emergency, an election is not commenced on the proper day, or is interrupted after being commenced and before the lawful closing thereof, the Returning Officer, or Deputy Returning Officer, as the case may be, shall hold or resume the election on the following day at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, and continue the same from day to day, if necessary, for four days, until the poll has been opened without interruption, and with free access to voters for twelve hours in all, or thereabouts, in order that all the electors so intending may have had a fair opportunity to vote. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 153. (38 V. c. 28, s. 23.)

returned, and a new election ordered.

158. But in case the election has not, by the end of the prevented for fourth day from the day the same commenced or should have commenced, been kept open for the said twelve hours, the Returning Officer, or Deputy Returning Officer, as the case may be, shall not return any person as elected, but shall return his voters' list and ballot papers on the following day to the head of the Municipality, certifying the eause of there not having been an election; and a new election shall take place, and the head of the Municipality shall forthwith issue his warrant therefor. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 154. (38 V. c. 28, s. 24.) See also sec. 180.

159. When a poll has been duly held in each of such Wards election—duty or polling subdivisions, and the ballot papers and statements of the Clerk. hereby directed to be returned to the Clerk have been so returned to him, the Clerk shall, without opening any of the sealed packets of ballot papers, cast up from said statements the number of votes given for each candidate for any office in respect whereof the election has not been previously declared, together with the votes appearing by the statements previously returned for other Wards to be given for the candidate, and shall at noon on the next day, at the Town Hall, or if there is no Town Hall, at some other public place, publicly declare to be elected the candidate or candidates having the largest number of votes polled. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 155. (38 V. c. 28, s. 26.) 160. n appointed sence or inqualified or poll, give a decide the

ipality shall ipality. See

employed as erwise quali-152. (38 V.

eney, an elecerrupted after hereof, the Rethe case may lowing day at inue the same til the poll has free access to a order that all apportunity to 3.)

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eh of such Wards is and statements have been so reening any of the in said statements are for any office in reviously declared, ments previously the candidate, and Hall, or if there is blicly declare to be he largest number 3 V. c. 28, s. 26.)

160.

160. The person or persons so elected shall make the neces-Declaration sary declarations of office and qualification and assume office and assume office accordingly. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 156. (36 V. c. 48, s. 119.)

DIVISION VI.—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

Disposition of Ballot Papers. Sec. 161.
Inspection of Ballot Papers. Sec. 162.
Recount of Votes. Secs. 162-164.
Production of documents, how far evidence, etc. Sec. 165.
Offences and Penalties. Secs. 166, 167.
Secrecy of proceedings at polling places. Secs. 168-170.
Candidates may do Agents' duty. Sec. 171.
Non-attendance of Agents. Sec. 172.
Computation of time. Sec. 173.
Technical objections not to prevail. Sec. 174.
Expenses of Clerk of Municipality, etc. Sec. 175.

month all ballot papers received by him or forwarded to him how disposed in pursuance of this Act by Deputy Returning Officers, and then, unless otherwise directed by an order of a Court or Judge of competent jurisdiction, shall cause them to be destroyed in the presence of two witnesses, whose declaration that they have witnessed the destruction of such papers shall be taken before the head of the Municipality, and filed amongst the records of the Municipality by the said Clerk. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 157. (38 V. c. 28, s. 27.)

162. No person shall be allowed to inspect any ballot papers are to be inspection the custody of the Clerk of the Municipality except under to be inspected only by the order of a Court or Judge of competent jurisdiction, to be granted by the Court or Judge on being satisfied by evidence on oath that the inspection or production of such ballot papers is required for the purpose of maintaining a prosecution for an offence in relation to ballot papers, or for the purpose of a petition questioning an election or return; and any such order for the inspection or production of ballot papers shall be obeyed by the Clerk of the Municipality.

(2) Such order may be made subject to such conditions as to Order may be persons, time, place, and mode of opening or inspection as the subject to con-Court or Judge making the order thinks expedient. R. S. O. ditions. c. 174, s. 155. (38 V. c. 28, s. 28.)

(3) In case it is made to appear, on the affidavit of any Re-count of credible person, to the County Judge of the County in which votes by the County Judge, the Municipality is situated, at any time within fourteen days from the time the ballot papers are received by the Clerk of the Municipality, that any Deputy Returning Officer at any election in such Municipality for Mayor, Alderman, Reeve, Deputy

Deputy Reeve, Councillor, or Water Commissioner, in counting the votes has improperly counted or rejected any ballot papers at any such election, the said County Judge may appoint a time to re-eount the votes, and shall give notice in writing to the candidates of the time and place at which he will proceed to re-count the same.

Deposit by applicant.

(4) At the time of the application for a re-eount, the applicant shall deposit with the Clerk of the County Court the sum of \$25 as security for the payment of costs, charges and expenses that may become payable by the applicant, and the said sum shall not be paid out by the Clerk without the order

Who may be present on re-count.

(5) The County Judge, the Clerk of the Municipality with of the Judge. the ballot boxes, and each candidate and his agent appointed to attend such re-count of votes, and no other person except with the sanction of the County Judge shall be present at such

Opening of packets.

re-count of the votes. (6) At the time and place appointed the said County Judge shall proceed to re-count all the votes or ballot papers received by the said Clerk of the Municipality, and shall in the presence of the parties aforesaid, if they attend, or in the presence of such of them as do attend, open the sealed packets containing (a) the used ballot papers which have not been objected to and have been counted; (b) the ballot papers which have been objected to, but which have been counted by the Deputy Returning Officer; (c) the rejected ballot papers; (d) the spoiled ballot papers; (e) the unused ballot papers, and in re-counting the said votes care shall be taken that the mode in which any particular voter has voted shall not be discovered.

The re-count to be a continuous proceeding.

(7) The County Judge shall, as far as practicable, proceed continuously with such re-count of the votes, allowing only time for refreshment, excluding only Sundays and, on other days (except so far as he and the parties aforesaid agree), the hours between six o'clock in the evening and nine on the succeeding morning. During the excluded time the said County Judge shall place the ballot papers and other documents relating to the election under his own seal, and the scals of such other of the parties as desire to affix their seals, and shall otherwise take precautions for the security of such papers and

Procedure on re-count.

- (8) The County Judge shall proceed to re-eount the vote as follows:
 - 1. He shall examine the ballot papers.
- 2. Any ballot paper on which votes are given to more candidates than are to be elected, or on which anything except the name or initials of the Deputy Returning Officer on the back is written or marked by which the voter can be identified, shall be void and shall not be counted, but any ballot paper on

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unty Judge ers received the presence presence of containing objected to ch have been the Deputy l) the spoiled re-counting in which any

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n to more candihing except the cer on the back e identified, shall ballot paper on which 1882-3. which votes are given for a greater number of candidates for any office than the voter is entitled to vote for shall be void as regards all the candidates for such office, but shall be good as regards the votes for any other offices in respect to which the voter has not voted for more candidates than he is entitled to vote for.

- 3. The County Judge shall take a note of any objection made by a candidate or by his agent to any ballot paper found in the ballot box, and shall decide any question arising out of the objection, and the decision of the County Judge shall be
- 4. The County Judge shall then count up the votes given for each candidate upon the ballot papers not rejected, and make up a written statement in words as well as in figures of the number of votes given for each candidate, and of the number of ballot papers rejected and not counted by him, which statement shall be made under the several heads following:
 - (a) Name of Municipality;
 - (b) Names of the candidates;
 - (c) Number of votes for each candidate;
- (d) Papers wanting signature or initials of Deputy Returning Officer;
- (e) Papers rejected as voting for more candidates than
- entitled to; (f) Papers rejected as having a writing or mark by which voters could be identified;
 - (g) Papers rejected as unmarked or void for uncertainty.
- 5. Upon the completion of such re-count, or as soon as he has thus ascertained the result of the poll, the said County Judge shall seal up all the said ballot papers in separate packets, and shall forthwith certify the result to the Clerk of the Municipality, who shall then declare to be elected the candidate having the highest number of votes; and in case of an equality of votes, the Clerk of the Municipality shall have the casting vote as provided in section 156 of this Act.
- 163. Nothing in the preceding section contained shall Existing destroy or prevent any remedy which any person or persons affected. may now have under or by quo warranto or otherwise. New.
- 164. All costs, charges and expenses of, and incidental to Costs of applian application for a re-count and to the proceedings con-cation. sequent thereon shall be defrayed by the parties to the application in such manner and in such proportion as the Judge may determine, regard being had to the disallowance of any costs, charges or expenses which may in the opinion

MUNICIPAL INSTITUTIONS. of the Judge have been caused by vexatious conduct, unfounded allegations, or unfounded objections on the part either of the applicant or the respondent, and regard being had to the discouragement of any needless expense by throwing the burden of defraying the same on the parties by whom it has been caused, whether such parties are or are not on the whole suceessful.

Taxation of costs.

(2) The costs may be taxed in the same manner, and according to the same principles as costs are taxed between solicitor and elient in the County Court.

Recovery of costs.

(3) The payment of any eosts ordered to be paid by the Judge may be enforced by an execution against goods and chattels, to be issued from any County Court, upon filing therein the order of the Judge and a certificate shewing the amount at which such costs were taxed and the non-payment thereof. New.

Production of documents and endorse ments on ballot papers evidence for certain purposes.

165. Where a rule or order is made for the production by the Clerk of the Municipality, of any document in his possession relating to any specified election, the production of the document by the Clerk, in such manner as may be directed by the rule or order, shall be conclusive evidence that the document relates to the specified election; and any endorsement appearing on any packet of ballot papers produced by the Clerk, shall be evidence of such papers being what they are stated to be by the endorsement. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 159. (38 V. c. 28, s. 29.)

Offences.

166. No person shall— (a) Without due authority supply any ballot paper to any person; or

(b) Fraudulently put into any ballot box any paper other than the ballot paper, which he is authorized by law to put in; or

(c) Fraudulently take out of the polling place any ballot

(d) Without due authority destroy, take, open, or otherwise paper; or interfere with any ballot box or packet of ballot papers then in use for the purposes of the election.

(2) No person shall attempt to commit any offence specified in this section.

Penalty by

(3) Any person guilty of any violation of this section shall imprisonment be liable, if he is the Clerk of the Municipality, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years, with or without hard labour; and if he is any other person, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months, with or without hard labour. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 160. (38 V. c. 28, s. 30; 39 V. c. 1, s. 4.)

Money penalty for offences.

167. Every officer and Clerk who is guilty of any wilful misfeasance, or any wilful act or omission in contravention of sections 118 to 166, inclusive, of this Act, shall, in addition to duct, unart cither ng had to owing the om it has the whole

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ection by the is possession of the docucected by the the document ent appearing llerk, shall be tated to be by V. c. 28, s. 29.)

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his section shall ity, to imprison-, with or without imprisonment for thout hard labour. V. c. 1, s. 4.)

ailty of any wilful n contravention of hall, in addition to any other penalty or liability to which he may be subject, forfeit to any person aggrieved by such misfeasance, act or omission, a penal sum of \$400. R.S.O.c. 174, s. 161. (38 V. c. 28, s. 31.)

MUNICIPAL INSTITUTIONS.

- 168. Every officer, clerk and agent in attendance at a poll-Maintaining 168. Every officer, clerk and agent in attendance at a point maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of proceedings at polling the voting at the polling place.
- (2) No officer, clerk or agent, and no person whosoever shall interfere with or attempt to interfere with a voter when marking his vote, or otherwise attempt to obtain at the polling place information as to the candidate or candidates for whom any voter at such polling place is about to vote or has voted.
- (3) No officer, clerk, agent or other person shall communicate at any time to any person any information obtained at a polling place as to the candidate or candidates for whom any voter at such polling place is about to vote or has voted.
- (4) Every officer, clerk and agent in attendance at the counting of the votes, shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting, and shall not communicate or attempt to communicate any information obtained at such counting as to the candidate or candidates for whom any vote is giver. any particular ballot paper.
- (5) No person shall, directly or indirectly, induce any voter to display his ballot paper after he has marked the same, so as to make known to any person the name of any candidate or candidates for or against whom he has marked his vote.
- (6) Every person who acts in contravention of this section Penalty for shall be liable, on summary conviction before a Stipendiary contravening Magistrate Police Magistrate or two Justices of the Posca to this section. Magistrate, Police Magistrate, or two Justices of the Peace, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months, with or without hard labour. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 162. (38 V. c. 28, s. 32.)
- 169. The Clerk of the Municipality, and every officer, clerk Statutory or agent, authorized to attend a polling place or at the counting declaration of agent, authorized to attend a polling place or at the secrecy. of the votes, shall, before the opening of the poll, make a statutory declaration of sccreey in the presence, if he is the Clerk of the Municipality, of a Justice of the Peace; and if he is any other officer, or clerk, in the presence of a Justice of the Peace or of the Clerk of the Municipality; and if he is an agent of a candidate, in the presence of a Justice of the Peace or of the Clerk of the Municipality, or of the Deputy Returning Officer at whose polling place he is appointed agent; and such statutory declaration of secrecy shall be in the form mentioned in Schedule H to this Act, or to the like effect. R.S.O.c. 174, s. 163. (38 V. c. 28, s. 33; 40 V. c. 12, s. 19.)
 - 170. No person who has voted at an election shall in any No one comlegal proceeding to question the election or return, be required pellable to disclose his vote.

to state for whom he has voted. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 164. (38 V.

Candidates may undertake duties of an agent.

171. A candidate may himself undertake the duties which c. 28, s. 34.) any agent of his, if appointed, might have undertaken, or may assist his agent in the performance of such duties, and may be present at any place at which his agent may in pursuance of this Act be authorized to attend, but no candidate shall be present at the marking of a ballot by an incapacitated voter, or a voter unable to read, under section 148. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 165; 44 V. c. 24, s. 4. (38 V. c. 23, s. 35.)

Expressions in ss, 118-171, referring to agents.

172. When in the sections of this Act numbered from 118 to 171 inclusive any expressions are used, requiring or authorizing any act or thing to be done, or inferring that any act or thing is to be done in the presence of the agents of the candidate, such expressions shall be deemed to refer to the presence of such agents of the candidates as are authorized to attend, and as have in fact attended, at the time and place where such act or thing is being done; and the non-attendance of any Non-attenuation of sents or agent at such time and place shall not, if the act or thing is otherwise duly done, invalidate in anywise the act or thing done. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 166. (38 V. c. 28, s. 36.)

Public holidays, etc., ex-cluded in

nation and election of

mayors, etc.

173. In reckoning time for the purposes of the said sections, Sunday and any day set apart by any act of lawful authority for a public holiday, fast or thanksgiving shall be excluded; and where anything is required by this Act to be done on any 118-171, except for nomi- day which falls on such days, such things may be done on the next juridical day; but nothing in this section contained shall extend or apply to the days fixed by this Act for the nomination or election of candidates for the offices of Mayor and Aldermen in Cities, and Mayor, Reeve, Deputy Reeves and Councillers in other Municipalities. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 167. (38 V. c. 28, s. 37; 40 V. c. 7, Sched. A (170).)

No election to be invalid for want of compliance with rules if in compliance with principles of Act and result not affected.

174. No election shall be declared invalid by reason of a non-compliance with the rules contained in this Act as to the taking of the poll or the counting of the votes, or by reason of any mistake in the use of the forms contained in the Schedules to this Act, or by reason of any irregularity, if it appears to the tribunal having cognizance of the question that the election was conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in this Act, and that such non-compliance or mistake or irregularity did not affect the result of the election. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 168. (38 V. c. 28, s. 38; 39 V. c. 5, s. 16.)

Expenses incurred by officers to be refunded.

175. The reasonable expenses incurred by the Clerk of the Municipality and by the other officers and clerks for printing, providing ballot boxes, ballot papers, materials for marking ballot papers, polling compartments, transmission of the packets required to be transmitted by this Act, and reasonable fees and 4. (38 V.

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the Clerk of the erks for printing, rials for marking ion of the packets easonable fees and allowances allowances for services rendered under this Act, shall be paid to the Clerk of the Municipality by the Treasurer of the Municipality, and shall be distributed by the Clerk of the Municipality to the several persons entitled thereto. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 169. (38 V. c. 28, s. 39.)

DIVISION VII.—VACANCIES IN COUNCIL.

By Crime, Insolvency, or Absence. Sec. 176. Quo Warranto proceedings. Sec. 177. By Resignation. Secs. 178, 179. How filled—New Elections. Secs. 179-184. Seat held for residue of term. Sec. 181. Not to prevent organization of Council. Sec. 182. In certain cases Council to fill. Sec. 184.

176. If after the election of any person as member of a Seats to be-Council he is convicted of felony or infamous crime, or becomes come vacant by crime, ininsolvent within the meaning of the Insolvent Acts, or applies solvency, abfor relief as an indigent debtor, or remains in close custody, or sence, etc. assigns his property for the use of his creditors, or absents himself from the meetings of the Council for three months without being authorized so to do by a resolution of the Council entered in its minutes, his seat in the Council shall thereby become vacant, and the Council shall deelare the seat vacant and order a new election. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 170. (36 V. e. 48, s. 123.)

177. In the event of any member of any Municipal Council Quo warranto forfeiture, disqualification or vacates of set of this seat the council or his right thereto, or of his proceedings on becoming disqualified to hold his seat, or of his seat becoming vacate seat. vacant by disqualification or otherwise, he shall forthwith vacant his seat, and in the event of his omitting to do so at any time after his election, proceedings by quo warranto to unseat any such member, as provided by sections 185 to 206, both inclusive, of this Act, may be had and taken, and such sections shall, for the purposes of such proceedings, apply to any such forfeiture, disqualification or vacancy. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 171. (37 V. c. 16, s. 5.)

178. Any Mayor or other member of a Council may, with Any member the eonsent of the majority of the members present, to be en-may resign with consent tercd on the minutes of the Council, resign his seat in the of majority of council. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 172. (36 V. c. 48, s. 124.)

179. The Warden of a County may resign his office by ver-Resignation of the Council while in session, or by letter to warden provided for. the County Clerk if not in session, in which cases, and in case the County Clerk if not in session, in which cases, and in case of vacancy by death or otherwise, the Clerk shall notify all the members of the Council, and shall, if required by a majority Vacancies, of the members of the County Council, call a special meeting how filled. The fill such vacancy. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 173. (36 V. c. 48, s. 130.)

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New election provided for, and mode of conducting same.

180. In case no return is made for one or more Wards or Chap. 18. polling subdivisions, in eonsequence of non-election owing to interruption by riot or other cause, or in case a person elected to a Council neglects or refuses to accept office, or to make the necessary declarations of office, within the time required, or in case a vacancy occurs in the Council caused by resignation, death, judicial decision or otherwise, the head of the Council for the time being, or in case of his absence, or of his office being vacant, the Clerk, or in case of the like absence or vacancy in the office of the Clerk, one of the mer bers of the Council, shall forthwith, by warrant, under tax gnature of such head, Clerk or member, if procurable, require the Returning Officers and Deputy Returning Officers appointed to hold the last election for the Municipality, Ward and polling subdivision respectively, or any other persons duly appointed to those offices, to hold a new election to fill the place of the person neglecting or refusing as aforesaid, or to fill the vacancy. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 174. (36 V. c. 48, s. 125.)

Term of office of person thereupon elected.

181. The person thereupon elected shall hold his seat for the residue of the term for which his predecessor was elected, or for which the office is to be filled. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 175. (36 V. c. 48, s. 126.)

Warrant for new election;

182. In case such non-election, neglect r refusal as aforesaid occurs previous to the organization of the Council for the year, the warrant for the new election shall be issued by the head or a member of the Council for the previous year, or by the Clerk, in like manner, as provided by section 180, but such neglect or refusal shall not interfere with the immediate vent organization of the new Council, provided a majority are present of the full number of the Council. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 176. (36 V. c. 48, s. 127.)

of new election.

183. The Returning Officers and Deputy Returning Officers ing, and notice shall hold the new election at furthest within eight days after receiving the warrant, and the Clerk shall appoint a time and place for the nomination of candidates, and in case a poll is demanded, shall, at least four days before such polling, post up a public notice thereof under his hand in at least four of the most public places in the Municipality, Ward or polling subdivision. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 177. (36 V. c. 48, s. 128.)

site number of members of council if election neglected,

184. In ease, at any annual or other election, the electors pointing requirements of an any cause not provided for by sections 157 or 158, neglect site number of or decline to elect the members of Council for a Municipality on the day appointed, or to elect the requisite number of members, the new members of the Council, it they equal or exceed the half of the Council when complete, or a majority of such new members, or if a half of such members are not elected then the members for the preceding year, or a majority of them shall appoint as many qualified persons as will constitute o complet

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complete the number of members requisite; and the persons so appointed shall accept office and make the necessary declarations, under the same penalty, in case of refusal or neglect, as R. S. O. c. 174, s. 178. (36 V. c. 48, s. 129.) if elected.

DIVISION VIII.—CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS.

How validity or right of election determined. Secs. 185-195. Writ for removal, etc. Sec. 196. If election of whole Council invalid. Sec. 197. Disclaimer. Secs. 198-203. Costs. Secs. 201, 203, 204. Decision of Judge final—Enforcing Judgment. Judges may settle forms and practice. Sec. 206.

185. In case the right of any Municipality to a Reeve or Trial of contact the right of any Municipality to a Reeve or Trial of contact the right of any Municipality to a Reeve or Trial of contact the right of any Municipality to a Reeve or Trial of contact the right of any Municipality to a Reeve or Trial of contact the right of any Municipality to a Reeve or Trial of contact the right of any Municipality to a Reeve or Trial of contact the right of any Municipality to a Reeve or Trial of contact the right of any Municipality to a Reeve or Trial of contact the right of any Municipality to a Reeve or Trial of contact the right of any Municipality to a Reeve or Trial of contact the right of any Municipality to a Reeve or Trial of contact the right of t Deputy Reeve or Meeves, or in case the validity of the election tested elections or right or appointment of Mayor, Warden or Reeve, or Deputy Reeve, to elect. Alderman, or Councillor is contested, the same may be tried by a Judge of the High Court of Justice, or the Senior or officiating Judge of the County Court of the County in which the election or appointment took place; and when the right of a Municipality to a Recve or Deputy Reeve or Reeves is the matter contested, any municipal elector in the County may be the relator, and when the contest is respecting the validity of any such election as aforesaid, any candidate at the election, or any elector who gave or tendered his vote thereat, or if respecting the validity of any such appointment, any member of the Council or any elector of the Ward, or, if there is no Ward, of the Municipality for which the appointment was made may be the relator for the purpose. R.S.O. c. 174, s. 179. (36 V. c. 48, s. 131.

186. If within six weeks after the election, or one month Time within 186. If within six weeks after the election, or one month Time within after acceptance of office by the person elected, the relator ceedings to be shows by affidavit to any such Judge, reasonable ground for instituted, and supposing that the election was not legal, or was not conducted proofrequired supposing that the lection was not legal, or was not conducted proofrequired. according to law, or that the person declared elected thereat was not duly elected, and if the relator enters into a recognizance before the Judge or before a Commissioner for taking affidavits, in the sum of \$200 with two sureties (to be allowed as sufficient by the Judge upon affidavit of justification) in the sum of \$100 each, conditioned to prosecute the writ with effect, or to pay the party against whom the same is brought any costs which may be adjudged to him against the relator, the Judge shall direct a writ of Writin nature to him against the relator, the sunge shall direct determined to try of quo warranto to be issued to try of quo warranto. the matters contested. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 180. (36 V. c. 48, 187. s. 132.)

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Evidence to be used on return of writ may be taken viva voce by leave of judge, etc.

187. The Judge of the High Court before whom the Chap. 18. writ of summons is returnable, may order the evidence to be used on the hearing of the summons to be taken viva voce before the Judge of the County Court, in the presence of counsel for, or after notice to, all parties interested, and such Judge shall return the evidence to the Registrar at Toronto of the Division from which the writ of summons was issued, and every party shall be entitled to a copy thereof. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 181. (36 V. c. 48, s. 133.)

When the relator claims to be elected.

188. In case the relator alleges that he himself or some other person has been duly elected, the writ shall be to try the validity, both of the election complained of and the alleged election of the relator or other person. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 182. (36 V. c. 48, s. 134.)

When several elections complained of.

189. In case the grounds of objection apply equally to two or more persons elected, the relator may proceed by one writ against such persons. R.S.O.c. 174, s. 183. (36 V.c. 48,

Where more writs than one all to be tried by the same judge.

190. Where more writs than one are brought to try the s. 135.) validity of an election, or the right to a Reeve or Deputy Reeve or Reeves as aforesaid all such writs shall be made returnable before the Judge who is to try the first, and such Judge may give one judgment upon all, or a separate judgment upon each one or more of them, as he thinks fit. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 184. (36 V. c. 48, s. 136.)

Writ, who to issue, and return day thereof.

191. The writ shall be issued by the Clerk of the Process of the said High Court, or by the Local or Deputy Registrar, or Deputy Clerk of the Crown in the County in which the election took place, and shall be returnable before a Judge in Chambers at Toronto, or before the Judge of the County Court at a place named in the writ, upon the eighth day after service, computed exclusively of the day of service, or upon any later day named in the writ. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 185. (36 V. c. 48, s. 137.)

Service to be personal, un-less excused by judge.

192. The writ shall be served personally, unless the party to be served keeps out of the way to avoid personal service, in which case the Judge upon lug satisfied thereof, by affidavit or otherwise, may make an order for such substitutional service as he thinks fit. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 186. (36 V. c. 48, s. 139.)

193. The Judge before whom the writ is made returnable cer or deputy or is returned, may, if he thinks proper, order the issue of a returning officer may be writ of summons at any stage of the proceedings to make the order may be Returning Officer or any Deputy Returning Officer a party thereto. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 187. (36 V. c. 48, s. 138.)

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MUNICIPAL INSTITUTIONS.

194. The Judge before whom the writ is returned may allow The judge may 194. The Judge before whom the writ is returned may allow allow certain any person entitled to be a relator to intervene and defend, and persons to intervene and defend are personally are persons to intervene and defend are personally are persons to intervene and defend are personally are persons to intervene are personally are personally are personally are personally may grant a reasonable time for the purpose; and any intertervene and defend. vening party shall be liable or entitled to costs like any other party to the proceedings. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 188. (36 V. 3, 48,

s. 140.)

195. The Judge shall, in a summary manner, upon statement Judgeshall try and answer, without formal pleadings, hear and determine the summarily. validity of the election, or the right to a Reeve or Deputy Reeve or Reeves, and may, by order, cause the assessment rolls, collectors' rolls, list of electors, and any other records of the election Evidence. to be brought before him, and may inquire into the facts on affidavit or affirmation, or by oral testimony, or by issues framed by him, and sent to be tried by jury by writ of trial directed Trial. to any Court named by the Judge, or by one or more of these means, as he deems expedient; subject, however, to the provisions of section 210. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 189. (36 V. c. 48, s. 141.)

196 In case the election complained of is adjudged invalid, If election the judge shall forthwith, by writ, cause the person found not shall remove the judge shall forthwith, by with, cause the person found how shall remove to have been duly elected to be removed; and in case the Judge person not determines that any other person was duly elected, the Judge and admit shall forthwith order a writ to issue causing such other person person elected, shall forthwith order a writ to leave the Judge and admit or easier new to be a such as the person person elected, shall forthwith order a writ to issue causing such other person person elected, shall forthwith order a writ to issue causing such other person person elected to be admitted; and in case the Judge determines that no other or cause new election. person was duly elected instead of the person removed, the Judge shall by the writ cause a new election to be held. R.S. O. c. 174, s. 190. (36 V. c. 48, s. 142.)

197. In case the election of all the members of a Council If all thememis adjudged invalid, the writ for their removal, and for the electric, writ for their place, or for the admission of new members in their place, or for the admission of new election others adjudged legally elected, and an election to fill up the to go to the remaining seats in the Council, shall be directed to the Sheriff. of the County in which the election took place; and the Sheriff shall have all the powers for causing the election to be held which a Municipal Council has in order to supply vacancies therein. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 191. (36 V. c. 48, s. 143.)

198. Any person whose election is complained of may, un- Defendant less such election is complained of on the ground of corrupt may disclaim practices on the part of such person, within one week after tain again. practices on the part of such person, within one week after tain cases. service on him of the writ, transmit post paid, through the post office, directed to "The Clerk of the Judge's Chambers, at Mode of pro-Osgoodc Hall, Toronto," or to "The Judge of the County Court ceeding. may cause to be delivered to such Clerk or Judge a disclaimer of the County of signed by him, to the effect following:

"I, A. B., upon whom a writ of summons, in the nature of a quo Form. warranto, has been served for the purpose of contesting my right to the

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Chap. 18. office of Township Councillor, (or as the case may be) for the Township (or as of the case may be), do hereby disclaim the said office, and all defence of any right I may have to the same right I may have to the same. " A. B." day of

(Signed)

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 192. (36 V. c. 48, s. 144.)

Posting and registry of disclaimer.

199. Such disclaimer, or the envelope containing the same, shall moreover be endorsed on the outside thereof with the word "Disclaimer," and be registered at the post office where mailed. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 193. (36 V. c. 48, s. 145.)

Person elected may disclaim at any time before his election is complained of. Form.

200. Where there has been a contested election, the person elected may at any time after the election, and before his election is complained of, deliver to the Clerk of the Municipality a disclaimer signed by him as follows:

"I, A. B., do hereby disclaim all right to the office of Township Councillor, (or as the case may be) for the Township of as the case may be), and all defence of any right I may have to the same."

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 194. (36 V. c 48, s. 146.)

Disclaimer to operate as resignation.

Who to be deemed elected.

201. Such disclaimer shall relieve the party making it from all liability to costs, and where a disclaimer has been made in accordance with the preceding sections, it shall operate as a resignation, and the candidate having the next highest number of votes shall then become the Councillor, or other officer, as the case may be. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 195. (36 V. e. 48, s. 147.)

Duplicate disclaimer to be delivered to clerk.

202. Every person disclaiming shall deliver a duplicate of his disclaimer to the Clerk of the Council, and the Clerk shall forthwith communicate the same to the Council. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 196. (36 V. c. 48, s. 148.)

Costs against person disclaiming.

203. No costs shall be awarded against any person duly disclaiming, unless the Judge is satisfied that such party consented to his nomination as a candidate, or accepted the office, in which case the costs shall be in the discretion of the Judge. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 197. (36 V. c. 48, s. 149.)

Costs generally.

204. In all cases not otherwise provided for, costs shall be in the discretion of the Judge. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 198. (36 V. e. 48, s. 150.)

be returned to the court.

205. The decision of the Judge shall be final, and he shall, be installed to immediately after his judgment, return the writ and judgment, with all things had before him touching the same, into the Division from which the writ issued, there to remain of record as a judgment of the High Court; and he shall, as occasion requires, enforce such judgment by a writ in the nature of a writ of peremptory mandamus, and by writs of execution for the costs awarded. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 199. (36 V. c. 48, s. 151.) 206.

Mode of enforcing judgment.

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and he shall, ınd judgment, ame, into the nain of record as occasion reature of a writ ecution for the . 48, s. 151.) 206. MUNICIPAL INSTITUTIONS.

206. The Judges of the High Court of Justice, or a majority The judges to make rules, of them, may by rules settle the forms of the writs of sum- etc. mons, certiorari, mandamus and execution under this Act, and may regulate the practice respecting the suing out, service and execution of such writs, and the punishment for disobeying the same, or any other writ, or order of the Court or Judge, and respecting the practice generally, in hearing and determining the validity of such elections or appointments, and respecting the costs therein; and may from time to time rescind, alter, or add to such rules; but all existing rules shall remain in force until rescinded or altered as aforesaid. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 200. (36 V. c. 48, s. 152.)

DIVISION IX.—PREVENTION OF CORRUPT PRACTICES.

Bribery and undue influence defined. Secs. 207, 208. Certain payments lawful. Sec. 209. Evidence to be viva voce. Sec. 210. Effect of the conviction of candidate for bribery. Sec. 211. Penalties. Sec. 212. How penalties recoverable. Sec. 213. Report and record of convictions. Secs. 214, 215. Witnesses, how procured—Self-crimination or privilege not to excuse from giving evidence. Secs. 216, 217. Proceedings, within what time to be taken. Sec. 218. When penalties not recoverable. Sec. 219. Publication of the law against corrupt practices. Sec. 220.

207. The following persons shall be deemed guilty of bri- Certain persons to be sons to be bery, and shall be punished accordingly:-

(1) Every person who, directly or indirectly, by himself, or Giving money by any other person in his behalf, gives, lends or agrees to to voters, etc. give or lend, or offers or promises any money or valuable consideration, or gives or procures, or agrees to give or procure, or procuring offers or promises, any office, place or employment to or for office, etc., for any voter, or to or for any person on behalf of any voter, or to voters. or for any person in order to induce any voter to vote or refrain from voting at a municipal election, or upon a by-law for raising any money or creating a debt upon a municipality or part of a Municipality for any purpose whatever, or who corruptly does any such act as aforesaid, on account of such voter having voted or refrained from voting at any such election, or upon any such by-law;

(2) Every person who, directly or indirectly, by himself or or for persons (2) Every person who, directly or indirectly, by infiniser of or for person by any other person in his behalf, makes any gift, loan, offer, influencing by any other person in his behalf, makes any gift, loan, offer, voters. promise or agreement as aforesaid, to or for any person, in order to induce such person to procure, or endeavour to procure, the return of any person to serve in any Municipal Council

188

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or to procure the passing of any such by-law as aforesaid, or the vote of any voter at any municipal election, or for any such by-law;

Corruptly influencing voters.

(3) Every person who, by reason of any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement or agreement, procures or engages, promises or endeavours to procure the return of any person in any municipal election, or to procure the passing of any such by-law as aforesaid, or the vote of any voter at any municipal election, or for any such by-law;

Advancing, etc., money for bribery, etc.

(4) Every person who advances or pays, or causes to be paid, any money to or to the use of any other person with the intent that such money, or any part thereof, shall be expended in bribery at any municipal election, or at any voting upon a by-law as aforesaid, or who knowingly pays, or causes to be paid, any money to any person in discharge or repayment of any money wholly or in part expended in bribery at any such election, or at the voting upon any such by-law;

Voter receiving money, etc., for vote, or agreeing for money to vote, etc.

(5) Every voter who, before or during any municipal election, or the voting on any such by-law, directly or indirectly by himself or any other person in his behalf, receives, agrees or contracts for any money, gift, loan, or valuable consideration, office, place or employment, for himself or any other person, for voting or agreeing to vote, or refraining or agreeing to refrain from voting at any such election, or upon any such by-law;

Receiving money, etc. election for voting, or inducing, etc., to vote.

(6) Every person who, after any such election, or the voting upon any such by-law, directly or indirectly, by himself or any other person on his behalf, receives any money or valuable consideration on account of any person having voted or refrained from voting, or having induced any other person to vote or refrain from voting at any such election, or upon any such by-law;

Hiring teams,

(7) Every person who hires any horses, teams, carriages or other vehicles for the purpose of conveying electors to and from the polls, and every person who receives pay for the use of any horse, teams, carriages, or other vchicles, for the purpose of conveying electors to and from any polls as aforesaid. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 201. (36 V. c. 48, s. 153.)

Persons using ence.

208. Every person who, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, makes use of or threatens intimidation to be guilty of to make use of any force, violence or restraint, or inflicts, or undue influthreatens the infliction. by himself or by on threatens person, of any injury, damage or loss, or in any manner practises intimidation upon or against any person, in order to induce or compel such person to vote or refrain from voting, or on account of such person having voted or refrained from voting at any election, or who in any way prevents or otherwise interferes with the free exercise of the franchise of any voter,

Chap. 18.

MUNICIPAL INSTITUTIONS.

voter, shall be deemed to be guilty of undue influence, and be 1882-3. subject to the penalty hereinafter mentioned. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 202. (36 V. c. 48, s. 154.)

- 209. The actual personal expenses of any candidate, his Expenses of expenses for actual professional services performed, and bona candidates. fide payments for the fair cost of printing and advertising, shall be held to be the expenses lawfully incurred, and the payment thereof shall not be a contravention of this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 203. (36 V. c. 48, s. 155.
 - 210. Where, in an application in the nature of a quo war- Evidence of 210. Where, in an application in the nature of a quo war. Evidence of ranto, any question is raised as to whether the candidate or tices on ranto, any question is raised as to whether the candidate or tices on ranto. ranto, any question is raised as to whether the statement of these on application in any voter has been guilty of any violation of section 207 application in nature of quo warranto or 208 of this Act, affidavit evidence shall not be used to prove quo warranto the offence, but it shall be proved by viva voce evidence taken to be taken. before the Judge of any County Court, upon a reference to viva vore. him by the Judge of the High Court for that purpose, or upon an appointment granted by him in eases pending in such County Court. R. S. O. c. 174, sec. 204. (36 V. c. 48, s. 156.)
 - 211. Any candidate elected at any municipal election, who Penalty on is found guilty by the Judge, upon any trial upon a writ of guilty of quo warranto, of any act of bribery, or of using undue influbribery, etc. ence as aforesaid, shall forfeit his seat, and shall be ineligible as a candidate at any municipal election for two years thereafter. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 205. (36 V. c. 48, s. 157.)
 - 212. Any person who is adjudged guilty of any offence Additional within the meaning of sections 207 or 208 of this Act, shall penalties. ineur a penalty of \$20, and shall be disqualified from voting at any municipal election or upon a by-law for the next succeeding two years. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 206. (36 V. c. 48, s. 159.)
 - 213. The penalties imposed by section 212 of this Act Recovery of shall be recoverable, with full easts of suit, by any person penalties. who will sue for the same by action of debt in the Division Court having jurisdiction where the offence was committed; and any person against whom judgment is rendered, shall be ineligible, either as a candidate or municipal voter, until the amount which he has been condemned to pay is fully paid and satisfied. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 207. (36 V. c. 48, s. 160.)
 - 214. It shall be the duty of the Judge who finds any can-Judge to make didate guilty of a contravention of section 207 or 208 of this return. Act, or who condemns any person to pay any sum in the Division Court for any offence within the meaning of this Act, to report the same forthwith to the Clerk of the Municipality wherein the offence has been committed. R.S.O.c. 174, s. 208. (36 V. c. 48, s. 161.) 215.

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215. The Clerk of every Municipality shall duly enter in Chap. 18. Clerk to keep book shewing a book, to be kept for that purpose, the names of all persons a makes of the purpose, within his Municipality who have been adjudged guilty of names of persons guilty within his Municipality who have been adjudged guilty of of offences, etc. any offence within the meaning of section 207 or 208 of this Act, and of which he has been notified by the Judge who tried the case. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 209. (36 V. c. 48, s. 162.)

Attendance of witnesses.

216. Any witness shall be bound to attend before the Judge of the County Court upon being served with the order of such County Court Judge directing his attendance and upon payment of the necessary fees for such attendance, in the same manner as if he had been directed by a writ of subpæna so to attend, and he may be punished for contempt, and shall be liable to all the penalties for such non-attendance in the same manner as if he had been served with such subpæna. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 210. (36 V. c. 48, s. 163.)

privilege.

Proviso.

217. No person shall be excused from answering any quesexcused from answering on any action, suit or other proceeding in any answering on Court or before any Judge, touching or concerning any eleccrimination or tion, or by-law, or the conduct of any person thereat, or in reprivilege. lation thereto, on the ground of any privilege, or on the ground that the answer to such question will tend to criminate such person; but no answer given by any person claiming to be excused on the ground of privilege, or on the ground that such answer will subject him to any penalty under this Act, shall be used in any proceeding under this Act, against such person, if the Judge gives to the witness a certificate that he claimed the right to be excused on either of the grounds aforesaid, and made full and true answer, to the satisfaction of the Judge. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 211. (36 V. c. 48, s. 164.)

Limitation of actions.

218. All proceedings other than an application in the nature of quo warranto against any person for any violation of section 207 or 208 of this Act, shall be commenced within four weeks after the municipal election at which the offence is said to have been committed, or within four weeks after the day of voting upon any by-law as aforesaid. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 212. (36 V. c. 48, s. 165.)

No statutory penalty for corrupt prac-tices at elections, where the party charged has first prosecuted a party jointly liable.

Proviso.

219. No pecuniary penalty or forfeiture imposed by this Act or any other Act of the Legislature of Ontario, shall be recoverable for any act of bribery or corrupt practice at an election, in case it appears that the person charged and another person or other persons were together guilty of the act charged, either as giver and receiver, or as accomplices or otherwise, and that the person charged has previously bona fide prosecuted such other person or persons or any of them for the said act; but this provision shall not apply in case the Judge before whom the person claiming the benefit thereof is charged, certifies that it clearly appears to him that the person so charged took the first step towards the commission of the offence charged, and that such person was in fact the principal offender. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 213. (37 V. c. 7, s. 95.)

220. The Clerk of every Municipality shall, prior to any Copies of ss. election or voting on any by-law, furnish each Deputy Returning Officer with at least two copies of the sections of this Act, to election numbered from 207 to 220 inclusive, and it shall be the duty of the Deputy Returning Officer to post the same in conspicuous places at the polling place of the polling subdivision for which he is Deputy Returning Officer. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 214; 43 V. c. 24, s. 5. (36 V. c. 48, s. 166.)

PART IV.

MEETINGS OF MUNICIPAL COUNCILS.

DIV. I.—WHEN AND WHERE HELD. DIV. II.—CONDUCT OF BUSINESS.

DIV. I.—WHEN AND WHERE HELD.

First and subsequent meetings. Secs. 221-228. Remuneration to members. Secs. 229, 230.

221. The Members of every Municipal Council (except First meetings County Councils) shall hold their first meeting at cleven o'clock of councils. in the forenoon, on the third Monday of the same January in which they are elected, or on some day thereafter; and the members of every County Council shall hold their first meeting at two o'clock in the afternoon, or some hour thereafter, on the fourth Tuesday of the same month, or on some day thereafter. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 215. (36 V. c. 48, s. 167.)

222. No business shall be proceeded with at the first mect- No business 222. No business shall be proceeded with at the first meet-ko dustiness before declarations of office and qualifi-tions of office, ing of the Council, until the declarations of office who proceed to the council. cation have been administered to all the members who present etc. themselves to take the same. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 216. (36 V. c. 48, s. 175.)

223. The members elect of every County Council, being Election by at least a majority of the whole number of the Council when of a warden. full, shall at their first meeting after the vearly elections, and full, shall at their first meeting after the yearly elections, and after making the declarations of office and qualification when required to be taken, organize themselves as a Council by electing one of themselves to be Warden. R. S. O. c. 174, 224. s. 217. (36 V. c. 48, s. 120.)

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224. At every such election the Clerk of the Council shall preside, and if there is no Clerk, the members present shall select one of themselves to preside, and the person selected may vote as a member. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 218. (36 V. e. 48, s. 121.)

Who to have the casting ity of votes.

225. In ease of an equality of votes on the election of the head of any County Council, or Provisional County Council, event of equal then of those present, the Reeve, or in his absence the Deputy Reeve of the Municipality which has the largest number of names on its last revised assessment roll, as ratepayers, shall have a second and casting vote. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 219. (36 V. e. 48, s. 122.)

Place of first meeting.

226. The members of every County Council shall hold their first meeting at the County Hall if there is one, or otherwise at the County Court House. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 220. (36 V. c. 48, s. 168.)

Place of subsequent meeting of county council, etc.

227. The subsequent meetings of the County Council, and all the meetings of every other Council shall be held at such place, either within or without the Municipality, as the Council from time to time, by resolution on adjourning to be entered on the minutes, or by-law appoints. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 221. (36 V. e. 48, s. 169.)

Place of meeting may be in cities, etc.

228. The Council of any County or Township in which any City, Town, or incorporated Village lies, may hold its sittings, keep its public offices, and transact all the business of the Council and of its officers and servants within such City, Town or incorporated Village, and may purchase and hold such real property therein as may be convenient for such purposes. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 222. (36 V. c. 48, s. 170.)

Remuneration to councillors and commitlimited.

229. The Council of every Township and County may pass by-laws for paying the members of the Council for their attendance in Council, or any member while attending on committee of the Council, at a rate not exceeding three dollars per diem, and five cents per mile necessarily travelled (to and from) for such attendance. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 233. (36 V. c. 48, s. 172; 40 V. e. 7, Sched. A (171).)

Remuneration of mayor, etc.

230. The Head of the Council of any County, City, Town or incorporated Village may be paid such annual sum or other remuneration as the Council of the Municipality may determine. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 224. (36 V. c. 48, s. 173; 40 V. e. 7, Sched. A (172).)

Chap. 18.

Ordinary meetings to be open to public. Sec. 231. Quorum. Secs. 232, 233. Who to preside. Secs. 234, 236-238. Special meetings. Secs. 234, 236. Presiding officers may vote. Sec. 239. Equality of votes negatives question. Sec. 239. Power to adjourn. Sec. 240.

DIVISION II.—CONDUCT OF BUSINESS.

- 231. Every Council shall hold its ordinary meetings openly, Ordinary and no person shall be excluded except for improper conduct, open. but the head or other chairman of the Council may expel and exclude from any meeting any person who has been guilty of improper conduct at such meeting. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 225. (36 V. c. 48, s. 174.)
- 232. A majority of the whole number of members required Quorum. by law to constitute the Council shall be necessary to form a quorum. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 226. (36 V. c. 48, s. 176.)
- 233. When a Council consists of only five members, the In councils of concurrent vote of at least three shall be necessary to carry any resolution or other measure. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 227. (36 V. c. 48, s. 177.)
- 234. The head of every Council shall preside at the meet-The heads of ings of Council, and may at any time summon a special councils to meeting thereof, and it shall be his duty to summon a special Special meet-meeting whenever requested in writing by a majority of the ings. members of the Council. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 228. (36 V. c. 48, s. 178.)
- 235. In case there is no by-law of a Council fixing the Special meeting lace of meeting, any special meeting of the Council shall be ing, where to held at the place where the then last meeting of the Council was held, and a special meeting may be open or closed as in May be either the opinion of the Council, expressed by resolution in writing, open or closed, the public interest requires. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 229. (36 V. c. 48, s. 171.)
- 236. In case of the death or absence of the head of a Town When reeve or Council, the Reeve, and in case of the absence or death of both deputy reeve of them, the Deputy Reeve, and in ease of the death or absence of the head of a Village or Township Council, the Deputy Reeve shall preside at the meetings of the Council, and may at any time summon a special meeting thereof; but if there be more than one Deputy Reeve, the Council shall determine which of them shall preside at their meeting. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 230. (36 V. c. 48, s. 179.)

Chap. 18. 76

MUNICIPAL INSTITUTIONS.

46 VIC.

Absence of head, etc., provided for.

237. In the absence of the head of the Council, and in the ease of a Town, Village or Township, in the absence also of the Reeve, if there be one, and also of the Deputy Reeve or Deputy Reeves, if there be one or more, by leave of the Council or from illness, the Council may, from among the members thereof, appoint a presiding officer, who, during such absence, shall have all the powers of the head of the Council. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 231. (36 V. e. 48, s. 180.)

Casual absence provided

238. If the person who ought to preside at any meeting does not attend within fifteen minutes after the hour appointed, the members present may appoint a chairman from amongst themselves, and such chairman shall have the same authority in presiding at the meeting as the absent person would have had if present. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 232. (36 V. e. 48, s. 181.)

Head may vote.

239. The head of the Council, or the presiding officer or chairman of any meeting of any Council, may vote with the other members on all questions, and any question on which there is an equality of votes shall be deemed to be negatived. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 233. (36 V. e. 48, s. 182.)

Question negatived in case of equality of votes.

240. Every Council may adjourn its meetings from time to time. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 234. (36 V. e. 48, s. 183.) Adjournment.

PART V.

OFFICERS OF MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

DIV. I.—THE HEAD.

DIV. II.—THE CLERK.

DIV. III.—THE TREASURER.

DIV. IV.—ASSESSORS AND COLLECTORS.

DIV. V.—AUDITORS AND AUDIT.

DIV. VI.—VALUATORS. DIV. VII.—DUTIES OF OFFICERS RESPECTING OATHS AND DECLARATIONS.

DIV. VIII.—SALARIES, TENURE OF OFFICE AND SECURITY.

DIVISION I.—THE HEAD.

Who to be. Sec. 241. Duties. Sec. 242.

Who to be head of council.

241. The head of every County and Provisional Corporation shall be the Warden thereof, and of every City and Town the the

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81.) cer or Mayor thereof, and of every Township and incorporated Villago the Reeve thereof. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 235. (36 V. c. 48, s. 184)

242. The head of the Council shall be chief executive officer Dr. ... of ho of the Corporation; and it shall be his duty to be vigilant and of Council. active at all times in eausing the law for the government of the Municipality to be duly executed and put in force; to inspect the conduct of all subordinate officers in the government thereof, and, as far as may be in his power, to cause all negligence, carelessness and positive violation of duty, to be duly prosecuted and punished, and to communicate from time to time to the Council all such information, and recommend such measures within the powers of the Council as may tend to the improvement of the finances, health, security, cleanliness, comfort and ornament of the Municipality. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 236. (36 V. c. 48, s. 185.)

DIVISION II .-- THE CLERK.

Appointment and duties of. Sec. 243.

Absence of. Sec. 244.

Records and papers may be inspected. Sec. 245.

Return of statistics. Secs. 246-249.

Penalty for not making returns. Secs. 246, 247.

Returns to be laid before the Legislature. Sec. 250.

Effect on municipalities of clerk not making returns. Sec. 251.

243. Every Council shall appoint a Clerk; and the Clerk shall Appointment truly record in a book, without note or comment, all resolutions, decisions and other proceedings of the Council, and, if required by any member present, shall record the name and vote of every member voting on any matter submitted, and shall keep the books, records and accounts of the Council, and shall preserve and file all accounts acted upon by the Council, and also the originals or certified copies of all by-laws, and of all minutes of the proceedings of the Council, all of which he shall so keep in his office, or in the place appointed by by-law of the Council. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 237. (36 V. c. 48, s. 186.)

244. The Council may by resolution provide that, in ease Provision for the clerk is absent, or incapable through illness of performing of clerk, his duties of Clerk, some other person to be named in such resolution, or to be appointed under the hand and seal of such Clerk, shall act in his stead, and the person so appointed shall, while he so acts, have all the powers of the Clerk. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 238. (36 V. c. 48, s. 187.)

Minutes, etc., to be open to inspector.

Copies to be charges therefor, etc.

245. Any person may inspect any of the particulars aforesaid, as well as the assessment rolls, voters' lists, poll books, and other documents in the possession of or under the control of the Clerk, at all seasonable times, and the Clerk shall, withfurnished, and in a reasonable time, furnish copies thereof to any applicant at the rate of ten cents per hundred words, or at such lower rates as the Council appoints, and shall, on payment of the proper fee therefor, furnish within a reasonable time, to any elector of the Municipality, or to any other person intererested in any by-law, order or resolution, or to his attorney, a copy of such by-law, order or resolution, certified under his hand and under the corporate seal. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 239. (36 V. c. 48, s. 188.)

Clerk to transsayers to the Provincial Treasurer.

246. The Clerk of every City, Town, incorporated Village return of rate. and Township shall, on or before the first day of December in each year, under a penalty of \$20, to be paid to the Treasurer of Ontario in case of default, transmit to the Treasurer of Ontario a true return of the number of resident ratepayers appearing on the revised assessment roll of his Municipality for the year, and shall accompany such return with an affidavit of the correctness of the same made before a Justice of the Peace verifying the same in the following form:-

Oath of verification.

I, A. B., Clerk of the Municipality of the City, Town, Township or Village (as the case may be), of make oath and say, that the (above, within written, or annexed, as the case may be) return, contains a true statement of the number of resident ratepayers appearing on the assessment roll of the said City (Town, Township or Village) for the year one thousand eight hundred and

A. B.(Signed)

Sworn before me, &c.

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 240. (39 V. c. 48, s. 189.) See also R. S. O. c. 28, s. 5.

To make a yearly return to the county clerk.

247. The Clerk of every Township, Village and Town shall in each year, within one week after the first day in March, under a penalty of \$20 in case of default, make a return to the Clerk of the County in which the Municipality is situate, of the following particulars respecting his Municipality for the year then last past, namely:

What such return shall shew.

eads of columns to be varied ording to the form of the ssment rolls required by according to assessment n law.

- 1. Number of persons assessed.
- 2. Number of acres assessed. 3. Total actual value of real property,
- 4. Total of taxable incomes.
- 5. Total value of personal property.
- 6. Total amount of assessed value of real and personal property.
- 7. Total amount of taxe, imposed by by-laws of the Municipality.
- 8. Total amount of taxes imposed by by-laws of the County Council.

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- 9. Total amount of taxes imposed by by-laws of any Provisional County Council.
- 10. Total amount of taxes as aforesaid.
- 11. Total amount of income collected or to be collected from assessed taxes for the usc of the Municipality.
- 12. Total amount of income from Licenses.
- 13. Total amount of income from Public Works.
- 14. Total amount of income from shares in incorporated Com-
- 15. Total amount from all other sources.
- Total amount of income from all sources.
- 17. Total expenditure on account of roads and bridges.
- 18. Total expenditure on account of other public works and property.
- 19. Total expenditure on account of stock held in any incorporated Company.
- 20. Total expenditure on account of Schools and Education, exclusive of School Trustees' Rates.
- 21. Total expenditure on account of the support of the poor, or charitable purposes,
- 22. Total expenditure on account of debentures and interest thereon.
- 23. Total gross expenditure on account of Administration of Justice in all its branches.
- 24. Amount received from Government on account of Administration of Justice.
- 25. Total net expenditure on account of Administration of Justice.
- 26. Total expenditure on account of salaries, and the expenses of Municipal Government.
- 27. Total number of sheep worried by dogs, and the amount paid therefor by the Municipality.
- 28. Total expenditure on all other accounts.
- 29. Total expenditure of all kinds.
- 30. Total amount of liabilities secured by debentures.
- 31. Total amount of liabilities unsecured.
- 32. Total liabilities of all kinds.
- 33. Total value of real property belonging to Municipality.
- 34. Total value of stock in incorporated Companies owned by Municipality.
- 35. Total amount of debts due to Municipality.
- 36. Total amount of arrears of taxes.
- 37. Balance in hands of Treasurer.
- 38. All other property owned by Municipality.
- 39. Total assets.

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R. S. O. c. 174, s. 241. (36 V. c. 48, s. 190.)

248. The Clerk of every County shall, before the first day County clerk of April in each year, prepare and transmit to the Provincial to make a Secretary a statement of the aforesaid particulars respecting return to the all the Municipalities within his County, entering each Muni-Secretary. cipality in a separate line, and the particulars required oppo-

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site to it, each in a separate column, together with the sum total of all the columns for the whole County, and shall also make at the same time a return of the same particulars respecting his County, as a separate Municipality, and also of the following particulars:-

- 1. Number of Public School Inspectors.
- 2. Amount paid to School Inspectors.
- 3. Total amount paid to Sheriffs.
- 4. Total amount paid to County Crown Attorney.
- 5. Total amount paid to Clerk of the Peace.
- 6. Total amount paid for constable and police service. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 242. (36 V. c. 48, s. 191; 40 V. c. 7, Sched. A. (173).

And also and towns.

249. The Clerk of every City and Town separated from a clerks of cities County shall, before the first day of April in each year, make a return to the Provincial Secretary of the particulars in section 247 mentioned respecting his City or Town. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 243. (36 V. c. 48, s. 192.)

Provincial Secretary to lay returns before the Legislative Assembly.

250. The Provincial Secretary shall, as soon as may be after the commencement of every Session, lay before the Legislative Assembly a copy of all returns hereinbefore required to be made. R.S. O. c. 174, s. 244. (36 V. c. 48, s. 193.)

Moneys payable to municipality to be retained if returns not made.

251. The Treasurer of the County shall retain in his hands any moneys payable to any Municipality, if it is certified to him by the Clerk of the County that the Clerk of such Munieipality has not made the return hereinbefore required; and the Treasurer of Ontario shall retain in his hands any moneys payable to any Municipality, if it is certified to him by the Provincial Secretary that the Clerk of such Municipality has not made the returns hereinbefore required. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 245. (36 V. c. 48, s. 194.)

DIVISION III .-- THE TREASURER.

His appointment, security, duties, etc. Secs. 252-254. Powers of successor, when Treasurer is dismissed or absconds. Sec. 255.

Treasurer to be appointed.

252. Every Municipal Council shall appoint a Treasurer, who may be paid either by salary or by a percentage, and every Treasurer, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall give such security as the Council directs for the faithful performance of his duties, and especially for duly accounting for and paying over all moneys which may come into his it shall be the duty of every Council in each and hands: to inquire into the sufficiency of the security given by such freasurer, and report thereon. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 246.

To give security.

Annual inquiry as to sufficiency of.

(36 V. c. 48, s. 195.)

253. Every Treasurer shall receive and safely keep all To receive and moneys belonging to the Corporation, and shall pay out the take care of and disburse same to such persons and in such manner as the laws of the moneys, etc. Province and the lawful by-laws or resolutions of the Council of the Municipal Corporation, whose officer he is, direct; but no member of the Council shall receive any money from such Treasurer for any work performed or to be performed; and His liability such Treasurer shall not be liable to any action at law for any moneys paid by him in accordance with any by-law or resolution passed by the Council of the Municipality of which he is the Treasurer, unless where another disposition is expressly made of such moneys by statute. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 247. (36 V. c. 48, s. 196.)

(2) In case of the death of a County Treasurer the Warden Appointment for the time being may, by warrant under his hand and seal, or treasure. appoint a Treasurer pro tem. for such special purpose or purposes as the Warden may deem necessary, who shall hold office until the next meeting of the Council, and all acts performed by him authorized by said warrant shall be as valid and binding as if performed by a Treasurer regularly appointed; Provided always that the Warden shall in and by such warrant Proviso. of appointment direct what security shall be given by such Treasurer pro tem. for the faithful performance of his duties and especially for duly accounting for and paying over all moneys which may come into his hands, and he shall, before entering upon his duties, give such security, but he shall not interfere with the books, vouchers, or accounts of the deceased Treasurer until a proper audit shall be made. 42 V. c. 31, s 8.

254. Every Treasurer shall also prepare and submit to the Half-yearly Council half-yearly a correct statement of the moneys at the statement of credit of the Corporation whose officer he is; and in Cities, Towns, incorporated Villages and Townships which have passed by-laws requiring this to be done, the Treasurer shall, on or Annual list of before the twentieth day of December in each year, prepare persons in deand transmit to the Clerk of the Municipality a list of all persons who have not paid their Municipal taxes on or before the fourteenth day of said month of December. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 248. (36 V. c. 48 ± 197.) See ss. 81, 490 (2).

255. In case any Treasurer is dismissed from office or ab-Provision on seends, it shall be lawful for his successor to draw any moneys diffice. belonging to such Municipality. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 249. (36 V. c. 48, s. 198.)

DIVISION IV.—Assessors and Collectors.

(See also R. S. O. c. 180, ss. 10, 11.)

Appointment of. Secs. 256, 257.

Assessment Commissioner—Board of Assessors—Percentage on unpaid taxes. Sec. 257.

Township Collectors to act for Provisional Corporations -Disposal of moneys. Secs. 258, 259.

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Assessors and qualification

256. The Council of every City, Town, Township, and incollectors, appropriated Village shall, as soon as may be convenient after the pointment and corporated Village shall, as soon as may be convenient after the annual election, appoint as many Assessors and Collectors for the Municipality as the Assessment Laws from time to time authorize or require, and shall fill up any vacancy that occurs in the said offices as soon as may be convenient after the same occurs; but the Council shall not appoint as Assessor or Collector a member of the Council.

> (2) The same person may, in a City, Town or Township, be appointed Assessor or Collector for more than one Ward or polling sub-division.

> (3) In Municipalities which have passed by-laws requiring taxes to be paid on or before the fourteenth day of December, it shall be the duty of the Collectors, on the fifteenth day of December in each year, upon oath, to return to the Treasurer the names of all persons who have not paid their municipal taxes on or before the fourteenth day of the said month of December. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 250. (36 V. c. 48, s. 199.)

In cities, asmissioner may

257. In Cities, the Council, instead of appointing Assessors sessment com- under the foregoing section, may appoint an Assessment Commissioner, who, in conjunction with the Mayor for the time instead of such being, shall, from time to time, appoint such Assessors and Valuators as may be necessary, and such Commissioner, Assessors, and Valuators shall constitute a Board of Assessors, and shall possess all the powers and perform the duties of Assessors appointed under the last preceding section; and the Council shall also have power by by-law to determine the number of Collectors to be appointed, and prescribe their duties, and may by by-law require the payment of taxes to be made into the office of the Treasurer by a day to be named, and in default may in said by-law impose an additional percentage charge on tional percent- every unpaid tax or assessment, which shall be added to such unpaid tax or assessment, and collected by the Collectors as if the same had originally been imposed and formed part of Tenure of office such unpaid tax or assessment; and any Commissioner, Assessor of commission or Collector to be appointed by any City need not be appointed annually, but shall hold office at the pleasure of the Council; and all notices, in other municipalities required to be given to the Clerk of the Municipality in matters relative to assessment shall in such city be given to the Assessment Commissioner. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 251. (36 V. c. 48, s. 200.)

On default of payment of age may be imposed.

er, assessors,

Collector of provisional council.

Payments.

258. The Collectors of the several Townships in a Junior County of a Union of Counties shall ex officio be Collectors in such Townships for the Provisional Council, and the Collectors shall pay over to the Provisional Treasurer the money they collect under any by-law of the Provisional Council. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 252. (36 V. c. 48, s. 201.)

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259. The money so collected shall be deemed the money of Moneys, how the Union, so far as necessary to make the Collectors and to be disposed their sureties responsible to the Union therefor; and in case the Corporation of the Union receives the same, such Corporation shall immediately pay the amount to the Provisional Treasurer, retaining the expenses of collection. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 253. (36 V. c. 48, s. 202.)

DIVISION V.—AUDITORS AND AUDIT.

Appointment and duties. Secs. 260, 261.

Abstract of receipts and expenditures. Sec. 262.

Publication of audit. Sec. 263.

Returns to Government. Sec. 264.

Council to finally audit. Sec. 265.

County Council to regulate and audit County moneys.

Sec. 266.

Audit, how often to be made. Sec. 267.

Special provisions relating to Toronto. Secs. 268-270.

260. Every Council shall, at the first meeting thereof in Auditors, every year after being duly organized, appoint two Auditors, one of whom shall be such person as the head of the Council nominates; but no one who, at such time, or during the preceding year, is or was a member, or is or was Clerk or Treation for office surer of the Council, or who has, or during such preceding year had, directly or indirectly, alone or in conjunction with any other person, a share or interest in any contract or employment with or on behalf of the Corporation, except as Auditor, shall be appointed an Auditor. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 254. (36 V. c. 48, s. 203.)

261. The Auditors shall examine and report upon all accounts affecting the Corporation, or relating to any matter under its control or within its jurisdiction for the year ending on the thirty-first day of December preceding their appointment. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 255. (36 V. c. 48, s. 204.)

262. The Auditors shall prepare an abstract of the receipts, To prepare expenditures, assets, and liabilities of the corporation, and also a detailed statement of the said particulars in such form as the ment of Council directs, and report in duplicate on all the accounts audited by them, and make a special report of any expenditure expenditure, made contrary to law, and shall file the same in the office of the Clerk of the Council within one month after their appointment; and thereafter any inhabitant or ratepayer of the Municipality may inspect one of such duplicate reports at all seasonable hours, and may, by himself or his agent, at his own expense, take a copy thereof or extracts therefrom. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 256. (36 V. c. 48, s. 205.)

263.

Clerks to publish abstracts and statements.

Chap. 18.

263. The Clerk shall publish the Auditors' abstract and report (if any), and shall also publish the detailed statement in such form as the Council directs, and in case of a minor Municipality the Clerk shall transmit to the Clerk of the County Council a copy of such abstract and statement, and the same shall be kept by the Clerk of the County Council as a record of his office. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 257. (36 V. c. 48, s. 206; 40 V. c. 7, Sched. A (174).)

Abstract to be sent yearly to Provincial Secretary.

264. The Clerk shall, on or before the first day of June in each year, under a penalty of \$20 in case of default, transmit to the Provincial Secretary a certified copy of the Auditors' abstract statement of the receipts and expenditures of the preceding year, and also a certified copy of the assets and liabilities of his Municipality as prepared by the said auditors. 43 V. c. 24, s. 6.

The council to audit finally, etc.

265. The Council shall, upon the report of the Auditors, finally audit and allow the accounts of the Treasurer and Collectors, and all accounts chargeable against the Corporation; and in case of charges not regulated by law, the Council shall allow what is reasonable. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 258. (36 V. c. 48, s. 207.)

Audit of moneys to be paid by Treasurer.

266. Unless otherwise provided, every County Council shall have the regulation and auditing of all moneys to be paid out of the funds in the hands of the County Treasurer. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 259. (36 V. c. 48, s. 208.)

Audit of accounts in cities and towns.

267. In Citics and Towns the Council may also appoint an Auditor, who shall, daily or otherwise as directed by the Council, examine and report and audit the accounts of the Corporation, in conformity with any regulation or by-law of the Council; and in other Municipalities the Auditors shall also, monthly or quarterly, as directed by by-law, examine into and audit the accounts of the Corporation. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 260. (36 V. c. 48, s. 209.)

In other municipalities.

Appointment of auditors by the city of Toronto.

268. Notwithstanding anything in this Act, the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto shall, during the month of December in each year, appoint two Auditors. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 261. (35 V. c. 77, s. 1.)

Mode of filling vacancies.

(2) The said Council in the event of a vacancy happening by death, resignation or otherwise may, by by-law, fill such vacancy, and the person so appointed shall hold office for the remainder of the year for which the original appointment was made.

Audit of accounts before payment.

(3) The said Council may also, by by-law, provide that the said Auditors shall audit all accounts before payment. 43 V. c. 24, s. 22.

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269. Notwithstanding as aforesaid, the Auditors for the Monthly said City shall every mouth, commencing at the end of the first audit by audimonth in the following year, and so on to the end of such year, Toronto. examine and report upon all accounts affecting the Corporation, or relating to any matter under its control or within its jurisdiction. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 262. (35 V. c. 77, s. 2.)

270. The said Auditors shall discharge the duties imposed Annual report upon Auditors by section 262 of this Act within one month city of Toafter the thirty-first day of December in each year. R. S. O. ronto. c. 174, s. 263. (35 V. c. 77, s. 3.)

DIVISION VI.—VALUATORS.

Appointment and Duties. Sec. 271.

271. The Council of every County may appoint two or County countmore Valuators for the purpose of valuing the real property cil may appoint the County, whose duty it shall be to ascertain in every tors, their fifth year at furthest, the value of the same in the manner duties, etc. directed by the County Council; but such Valuators shall not exceed the powers possessed by Assessors; and the valuation Equalization so made shall be made the basis of equalization of the real property by the County Council for a period not exceeding five years; and the equalization of personal property shall be as heretofore. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 264. (36 V. c. 48, s. 21).)

Division VII.—Duties of Officers Respecting Oaths and Declarations,

Declarations of office and qualification. Secs. 272, 274.

Before whom made. Sec. 275.

Certificate of Declaration. Sec. 275.

Persons to administer oaths and declarations. Sec. 276.

Record and deposit of. Sec. 277.

Oaths respecting matter before Council. Sec. 278.

Penalty for refusing office, or not making or refusing to administer declarations. Sec. 279.

272. Every person elected or appointed under this Act to Declaration of any office requiring a qualification of property in the incum-office by cerbeut shall, before he takes the declaration of office, or enters on his duties, make and subscribe a solemn declaration to the effect following:

I, A. B., do solemnly declare that I am a natural born (or naturalized) Declaration of subject of Her Majesty; and have and had to my own use and benefit, in qualification. my own right (or have and had in right of my wife, as the case may be),

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as proprietor (or tenant, as the case may be), at the time of my election (or appointment, as the case may require), to the office of

Form of.

hereinafter referred to, such an estate as does qualify me to act in the office of (naming the office) for (naming the place for which such person has been elected or appointed), and that such estate is (the nature of the estate to be specified, as an equitable estate of leasehold or otherwise, as the case may require, and if land, the same to be designated by its local description, rents or otherwise), and that such estate at the time of my election (or appointment, as the case may require) was of the value of at least (specifying the value) over and above all charges, liens and incumbrances affeeting the same.

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 265. (36 V. c. 48, s. 211.)

(2) But where any person has been elected as Reeve, Deputy Reeve, or Councillor of any Township Council he may instead of the foregoing declaration make and subscribe a solemn declaration to the effect following:

I, A. B., do solemnly declare that I am a natural born (or naturalized) subject of Her Majesty; and have and had to my own use and benefit, in my own right (or have and had in right of my wife, as the ease may be) as hereinafter proprietor at the time of my election to the office of referred to, such an estate as does qualify me to act in the office of (naming the office) for (naming the place for which such person has been elected), and that such estate is (the nature of the estate to be specified and the land to be designated by its local description), and that such estate at the time of my election was in my actual occupation, and was actually rated in the then last revised assessment roll of this Township (naming it) at an amount not less than \$4000. New.

Declaration of office by certain officers.

273. Every Returning Officer, Deputy Returning Officer and Poll Clerk, every Member of a Municipal Council, every Mayor, and every Člerk, Assessor, Collector, Constable, and other officer appointed by a Council, shall also, before entering on the duties of his office, make and subscribe a solemn declaration to the effect following:

Form of deela. I, A. B., do solemnly promise and deelare that I will truly, faithfully ration of office. and impartially, to the best of my knowledge and ability, execute the office of (inserting the name of the office), to which I have been elected (or appointed) in this Township (or as the case may be), and that I have not received, and will not receive, any payment or reward, or promise of such, for the exercise of any partiality or malversation or other undue execution of the said office, and that I have not by myself or partner, either directly or indirectly, any interest in any contract with or on behalf of the said Corporation.

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 266. (36 V. c. 48, s. 212.)

Auditor's declaration.

274. The solemn declaration to be made by every Auditor shall be as follows:

Form of.

I, A. B., having been appointed to the office of Auditor for the Municido hereby promise and pal Corporation of declare that I will faithfully perform the duties of such office according to the best of my judgment and ability; and I do solemnly declare, that I had not directly or indirectly any share or interest whatever in any eontract or employment (except that of Auditor, if reappointed) with, by, or on behalf of such Municipal Corporation, during the year preceding my appointment, and that I have not any such contract or employment, except that of Auditor for the present year.

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 267. (36 V. c. 48, s. 213.) 275.

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- 275. The head and other members of the Council, and the Before whom subordinate officers of every Municipality, shall make the de-declaration claration of office and qualification before some Court, Judge, Police Magistrate, or other Justice of the Peace having jurisdiction in the Municipality for which such head, members or officers have been elected or appointed, or before the Clerk of the Municipality; and the Court, Judge, or other persons before Certificate of whom such declarations are made, shall give the necessary cer-declaration. tificate of the same having been duly made and subscribed. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 268. (36 V. c. 48, s. 214.)
- 276. The head of any Council, any Alderman, Reeve or Certain offi-Deputy Reeve, any Justice of the Peace and Clerk of a Muni-cers may administer cipality may, within the Municipality, administer any oath, certain oaths, affirmation or declaration under this Act, relating to the busi-etc., within ness of the place in which he holds office except where other ness of the place in which he holds office, except where otherwise specially provided, and except where he is the party required to make the oath, affirmation or deciaration. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 269. (36 V. c. 48, s. 215.)

277. The deponent, affirmant, or declarant shall subscribe Oath or declaevery such oath, affirmation, or declaration, and the person ration to be administering it shall duly eertify and preserve the same, and deponent and within eight days deposit the same in the office of the Clerk of deposited with the municipality to the affairs of which it relates. R. S. O. c. cipality. 174, s. 270. (36 V. e. 48, s. 216.)

278. The head of every Council, or in his absence the chair. Head of man thereof, may administer an oath or affirmation to any administer person concerning any account or other matter submitted to certain oaths, the Council. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 271. (36 V. c. 48, s. 217.)

279. Every qualified person duly elected or appointed to be Penalty for a Mayor, Alderman, Reeve or Deputy Reeve, Councillor, Police refusing to accept office or Trustee, Assessor or Collector of or in any Municipality, who administer derefuses such office, or does not within 20 days after know-claration, etc. ing of his election or appointment, make the declarations of office and qualification where a property qualification is required, and every person authorized to administer any such declaration, who upon reasonable demand refuses to administer the same, shall on summary conviction thereof before two or Howenforced. more Justices of the Peace, forfeit not more than \$80, nor less than \$8, at the discretion of such Justices, to the use of the Municipality, together with the eost of prosecution. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 272; 43 V. c. 24, s. 7. (36 V. c. 48, s. 218.)

DIVISION VIII.—SALARIES, TENURE OF OFFICE AND SECURITY.

Appointment and remuneration of officers. Sec. 280. Tenure of office and duties. Sec. 281. Gratuities to retiring officers. Sec. 282. Security to be given by officers. Sec. 283. Criminal liabilities of officers. 29-30 V. c. 51, ss. 187, 188.

Salaries of officers.

280. In case the remuncration of any of the officers of the Municipality has not been settled by Act of the Legislature, the Council shall settle the same, and the Council shall provide for the payment of all Municipal officers, whether the remuneration is settled by statute or by by-law of the Council.

Mode of appointment.

(2) No Municipal Council shall assume to made any appointment to office, or any arrangement for the discharge of the duties thereof, by tender or to applicants at the lowest remuneration. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 273. (36 V. c. 48, s. 219.)

When munici-

(3) Where an attorney, solicitor or counsel, is employed by pality employ any municipality, whose remuneration is wholly or partly by ing solicitor at a salary may salary, annual or otherwise, the municipality shall, notwithrecover costs. standing, have the right to recover and collect lawful costs in all suits and proceedings in the same manner as if such attorney, solicitor or counsel, was not receiving such salary, when such costs are by the terms of his employment payable to such attorney, solicitor or counsel as part of his remuneration in addition to his salary. 44 V. c. 24, s. 5.

Tenure of office. Duties.

281. All officers appointed by a Council shall hold office until removed by the Council, and shall, in addition to the duties assigned to them in this Act, perform all other duties required of them by any other statute, or by the by-laws of the Council. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 274. (36 V. c. 48, s. 220.)

A gratuity may be given in certain cases.

282. Any Municipal Council, other than a Provisional Council, may grant to any officer who has been in the service of the Municipality for at least 20 years, and who has, while in such service, become incapable through old age of efficiently discharging the duties of his office, a sum not exceeding his aggregate salary or other remuneration for the last three years of his service, as a gratuity upon his removal or resignation. R.S.O. c. 174, s. 275. (36 V. c. 48, s. 221.)

Corporations, etc., may accept security of certain companies for their officers.

283. The bonds or policies of guarantee of any incorporated or Joint Stock Company, empowered to grant guarantees, bonds or policies for the integrity and faithful accounting of public officers and other like purposes, may be accepted instead of, or in addition to, the bond or security of any officer or servant of any Municipal Corporation, in all cases where, by the provisions of this or any other Act or of any by-law of such Corporation, such officer or servant is required to give security,

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either by himself, or by himself and a surety or sureties, and where the parties directed or authorized to take such security see fit to accept the bond or policy of such Company as aforesaid, and approve the terms and conditions thereof; and all the Provisions provisions in any such Act relating to such security, to be respecting such security given by any such officer or servant, or his sureties, shall apply to apply. to the bonds and policies of guarantee of such Company as aforesaid, which may be taken instead of, or in substitution of, any existing securities, if the parties directed or authorized as Existing bonds aforesaid see fit, whereupon such existing securities shall be may be candelivered up to be cancelled. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 276. (27-8 V. e. 7. s. 2.)

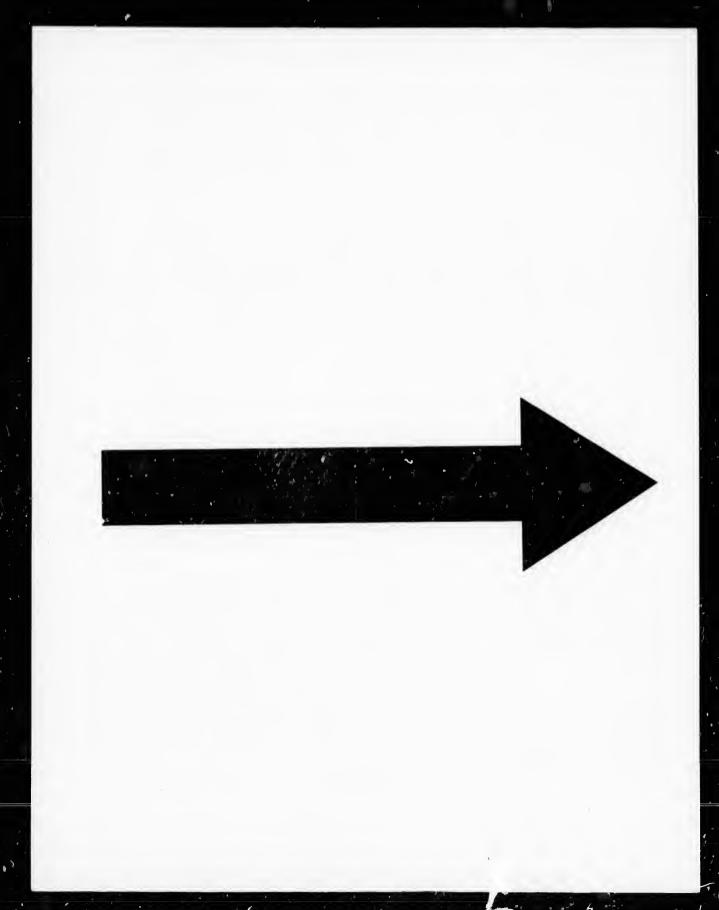
[The following enactments, creating criminal liabilities, are made by Sections 187 and 188 of 29-30 V. c. 51:-

EMBEZZLEMENT OF BOOKS, MONEYS, ETC.

187. All books, papers, accounts, documents, moneys, and valuable Embezzlesccurities respectively, by any person or officer appointed or employed by ment by munior on ochalf of any Council, kept or received by virtue of his office or cipal officers. employment, shall be the property of the Corporation; and in case any such person or officer refuses or fails to deliver up or pay over the same respectively to the Corporation, or to any person authorized by the Council to demand them, he shall be deemed guilty of a fraudulent embezzlement thereof, and may be prosccuted and punished in the sauc manner as a servant fraudulently embezzling any chattel, money or valuable security of his master; but nothing herein shall affect any remedy of the Corporation or of any other person against the offender or his surcties, or any other party; nor shall the conviction of such offender be receivable in evidence in any suit, at Law or in Equity, against him.

STEALING WRITS OF ELECTION, POLL-BOOKS, ETC.

188. If any person steals, or unlawfully or maliciously, either by vio-Stealing or 188. If any person steals, or unlawfully or maliciously, either by vio- Stealing or lence or stealth, takes from any Deputy Returning Officer or Poll Clerk, destroying, or from any other person having the lawful custody thereof, or from its etc., certain lawful place of deposit for the time being, or unlawfully or maliciously decuments destroys, injures or obliterates, or causes to be wilfully or maliciously municipal destroyed, injured or obliterated, or makes or causes to be made any elections to be a constant of the property of the p erasure, addition of names or interlineation of names, into or upon, or felony. aids, counsels or assists in so stealing, taking, destroying, injuring or obliterating, or in making any erasure, addition of names or interlineation of names into or upon any writ of election or any return to a writ of election, or any indenture, poll-book, certificate or affidavit, or any other document or paper made, prepared or drawn out according to or for the purpose of meeting the requirements of the law in regard to municipal elections—every such offender shall be guilty of felony, and shall be Punishment. liable to be imprisoned in the Provincial Penitentiary for any term not exceeding seven nor less than two years, or to be imprisoned in any other place of confinement for any term less than two years, or to suffer such other punishment by fine or imprisonment, or both, as the Court shall award; and it shall not in any indictment for any such offence be neces- Value of docusary to allege that the article in respect of which the offence has been ment need not committed, was or is the property of any person, or that the same was or be stated. is of any value.]



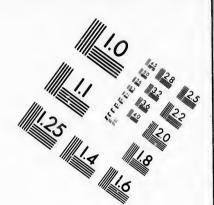
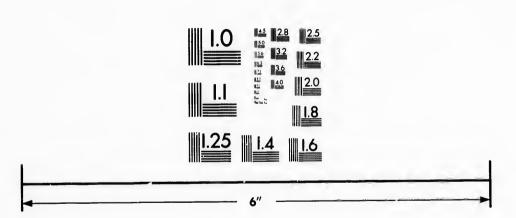
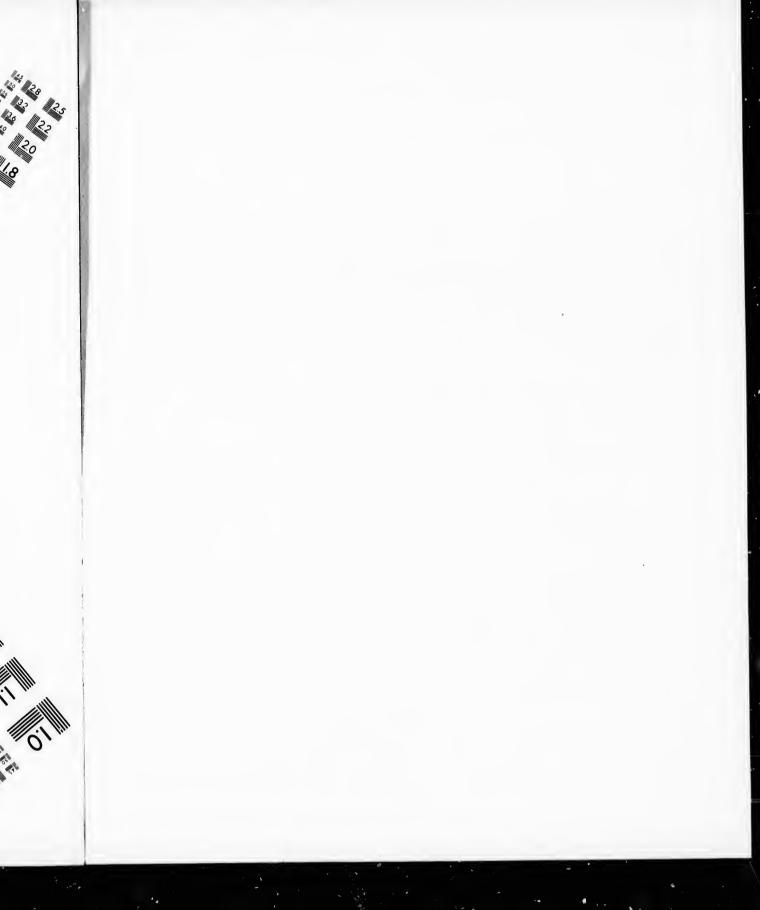


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PART VI.

GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL MUNICIPALITIES.

TITLE I.—GENERAL JURISDICTION OF COUNCILS.

II.—RESPECTING BY-LAWS.

III.—RESPECTING FINANCE.

IV.—ARBITRATIONS.

V.—DEBENTURES AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE AND JUDI-CIAL PROCEEDINGS.

TITLE I.—GENERAL JURISDICTION OF COUNCILS.

DIVISION I .- NATURE AND EXTENT.

Confined to Municipality—How exercised. Sec. 284. General Powers. Sec. 285. Traders' license fees. Sec. 286. May not grant monopolies. Sec. 287. Except as to Ferries. Sec. 288.

Jurisdiction of councils.

284. The jurisdiction of every Council shall be confined to the Municipality the Council represents, except where authority beyond the same is expressly given and the powers of the Council shall be exercised by by-law when not otherwise authorized or provided for. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 277. (36 V. c. 48, s. 222.)

General power to make regulations:

285. Every Council may make regulations not specifically provided for by this Act, and not contrary to law, for governing the proceedings of the Council, the conduct of its members, the appointing or calling of special meetings of the Council, and generally such other regulations as the good of the inhabitants of the Municipality requires, and may repeal, alter and amend its by-laws, save as by this Act restricted. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 278. (36 V. c. 48, s. 223.)

To repeal, alter, etc., by-laws.

Traders' license fees.

286. In all cases where, under the provisions of this Act, or of any other Act, any Council or the Board of Commissioners of Police, in any City, or either of them, is or are authorized to pass by-laws for licensing any trade, calling, business, or profession, or the person carrying on or engaged in any such trade, calling, business, or profession, the said Council and the said Board of Commissioners of Police, respectively, shall have the power to pass by-laws for fixing the sum to be paid for an

such license for exercising any such trade, calling, business, or profession, in the Municipality, and enforcing the payment of such license fee, and determining the time the license shall be in force. 42 V. c. 31, s. 23.

287. No Council shall have the power to give any person an Granting exclusive right of exercising within the Municipality any trade monopolies or calling, or to impose a special tax on any person exercising the same, or to require a license to be taken for exercising the same, unless authorized or required by statute so to do; but Proviso. the Council may direct a fee, not exceeding one dollar, to be paid to the proper officer for a certificate of compliance with any regulations in regard to such trade or calling. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 279. (36 V. c. 48, s. 224.)

288. A Council may grant exclusive privileges in any ferry Privileges of which may be vested in the Corporation represented by such ferry. Council, other than a ferry between a Province of the Dominion Exception as of Canada and any British or foreign country, or between two to certain Provinces of the Dominion. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 280. (36 V. c. ferries. 48, s. 225.) See B. N. A. Act, 1867, s. 91 (13); R. S. O. c. 112; 45 V. c. 13; and sec. 495 (4), post.

TITLE II.—RESPECTING BY-LAWS.

- DIV. I.—AUTHENTICATION OF BY-LAWS.
- DIV. II.—OBJECTIONS BY RATEPAYERS.
- DIV. III.— VOTING ON BY ELECTORS.
- DIV. IV.—CONFIRMATION OF BY-LAWS.
- DIV. V.—QUASHING OF BY-LAWS.
- DIV. VI.—BY-LAWS CREATING DEBTS.
- DIV. VII.—BY-LAWS RESPECTING YEARLY RATES.
- DIV. VIII.—ANTICIPATORY APPROPRIATIONS.

DIVISION. I.—AUTHENTICATION OF BY-LAWS.

Original. Sec. 289.
Evidence of. Sec. 290.
Proof of facts for Lieutenant-Governor. Sec. 291.

289. Every by-law shall be under the seal of the Corpora- How by-laws tion, and shall be signed by the head of the Corporation, or by to be authenthe person presiding at the meeting at which the by-law has been passed, and by the Clerk of the Corporation. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 281. (36 V. c. 48, s. 226.)

290. A copy of any by-law, written or printed, without era- Evidence of sure or interlineation, and under the seal of the Corporation,

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Chap. 18.

and certified to be a true copy by the Clerk, and by any member of the Council, shall be deemed authentic, and be received in evidence in any Court of justice without proof of the seal or signatures, unless it is specially pleaded or alleged that the seal or one or both of the signatures have been forged. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 282. (36 V. c. 48, s. 227.)

By-laws requiring assent of the Lieut,-Gov. 291. The facts required by this Act to be recited in any bylaw which requires the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, shall, before receiving such approval, be verified by solemn declaration, by the head of the Council, and by the Treasurer and Clerk thereof, and by such other person and on such other evidence as to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council satisfactorily proves the facts so recited; or in case of the death or absence of any such municipal officer, upon the declaration of any other member of the Council, whose declaration the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may accept. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 283. (36 V. c. 48, s. 228.)

DIVISION II.—OBJECTIONS BY RATEPAYERS.

When and how made. Sec. 292. When Council shall act on objections. Sec. 293.

Opposition to by-laws.

How to be

292. In case any person rated on the assessment roll of any Municipality, or of any locality therein, objects to the passing of a by-law, the passing of which is to be preceded by the application of a certain number of the ratable inhabitants of such Municipality or place, he shall, on petitioning the Council, be at liberty to attend in person, or by counsel or attorney, before the Council at the time at which the by-law is intended to be considered, or before a committee of the Council appointed to hear evidence thereon, and may produce evidence that the necessary notice of the application for the by-law was not given, or that any of the signatures to the application are not genuine, or were obtained upon incorrect statements, and that the proposed by-law is contrary to the wishes of the persons whose signatures were so obtained, and that the remaining signatures do not amount to the number nor represent the amount of property necessary to the passing of the by-law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 284. (36 V. c. 48, s. 229.)

When by-laws shall not pass.

293. If the Council is satisfied upon the evidence that the application for the by-law did not contain the names of a sufficient number of persons whose names were obtained without fraud and in good faith, and who represent the requisite amount of property, and are desirous of having the by-law passed, or if the Council is satisfied that the notice required by law was not duly given, the Council shall not pass the by-law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 285. (36 V. c. 48, s. 230.)

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DIVISION III.—VOTING ON BY ELECTORS.

Proceedings preliminary to the Poll. Secs. 294-305. The Poll. Secs. 306-320. Who to Vote. Secs. 309-311. Freeholders. Sec. 309. Leaseholders. Sec. 310. Oath of Freeholder. Sec. 312. Oath of Leaseholder. Secs. 313, 314. Proceedings after close of Poll. Secs. 315-320. Requisites of certain bonus by-laws. Sec. 321. Secrecy of Proceedings. Secs. 322, 323. Scrutiny. Secs. 324-327. Passing by-laws by Council. Secs. 328, 329.

294. In case a by-law requires the assent of the electors of If a by-law a Municipality before the final passing thereof, the following requires the proceedings shall be taken for ascertaining such assent, except electors, mode in cases otherwise provided for:

(1) The Council shall by the by-law fix the day and hour for Time and taking the votes of the electors, and such places in the Munici place of voting pality as the Council shall in their discretion deem best for the the by-law. purpose, and where the votes are to be taken at more than one place, shall name a Deputy Returning Officer to take the votes at every such place; and the day so fixed for taking the votes shall not be less than three, nor more than five weeks after the first publication of the proposed by-law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 286 (1). (36 V. c. 48, s. 231 (1); 40 V. c. 8, s. 51.)

(2) The Council shall, before the final passing of the pro-Publication of posed by-law, publish a copy thereof in some public newspa-by-law. per published cither within the municipality or in the county town, or in a public newspaper published in an adjoining local municipality, as the Council may designate by resolution, and the publication shall, for the purpose aforesaid, be continued in at least one number of such paper each week for three successive weeks, and the Council shall put up a copy of the by-law at four or more of the most public places in the Municipality. 43 V. c. 24, s. 8.

4 copies Public Places

3 weeks

(3) Appended to each copy so published and posted shall be Notice. a notice signed by the Clerk of the Council, stating that such copy is a true copy of a proposed by-law which will be taken into consideration by the Council after one month from the first publication in the newspaper, stating the date of the first publication, and that at the hour, day and place or places therein fixed for taking the votes of the electors, the polls will be held. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 286 (3). (36 V. c. 48, s. 231 (3).)

"after

295. Forthwith after the day has been fixed as aforesaid, Ballot papers for taking the votes of electors with respect to the by-law, to be printed. the Clerk of the Municipal Council which proposed the by-law

Chap. 18.

shall cause to be printed, at the expense of the Municipality, such a number of ballot papers as will be sufficient for the purposes of the voting. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 287. (39 V. c. 35, s. 1.)

Form of.

296. The ballot papers shall be according to the form of Schedule J to this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 288. (39 V. c. 35, s. 2.)

Council to fix a day for appointment of summing up

297. The Council shall by the by-law fix a time when, and a place where the Clerk of the Council which proposed the bylaw shall sum up the number of votes given for and against persons to at law shall sum up the number of tools and at the final sumto attend at the various polling places, and at the final summing up of the votes by the Clerk respectively, on behalf of the persons interested in, and promoting or opposing the passage of the by-law respectively. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 289. (39 V. c. 35, s. 3.)

Selection of agents,

298. At the time and place named the head of the Municipality shall appoint, in writing signed by him, two persons to attend at the final summing up of the votes, and one person to attend at each polling place on behalf of the persons interested in and desirous of promoting the passing of the by-law, and a like number on behalf of the persons interested in and desirous of opposing the passing of the by-law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 290. (39 V. c. 35, s. 4.)

Agent to make declaration.

2. ... Before any person is so appointed he shall make and subscribe before the head of the Municipality a declaration in the form of Schedule K to this Act, that he is interested in and desirous of promoting or opposing (as the case may be) the passing of the by-law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 291. (39 V. c. 35, 8, 5,)

Admission of agents to pulling place, etc.

300. Every person so appointed, before being admitted to the polling place or the summing up of the votes, as the case may be, shall produce to the Deputy Returning Officer or Clerk of the Municipality, as the case may be, his written appointment. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 292. (39 V. c. 35, s. 6.)

Appointment in absence of agent,

301. In the absence of any person authorized as aforesaid to attend at any polling place, or at the final summing up of the votes, any elector in the same interest as the person so absent may, upon making and subscribing before the Deputy Returning Officer at the polling place or the Clerk of the Municipality a declaration in the form of Schedule K to this Act, be admitted to the polling place to act for the person so absent. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 293. (39 V. c. 35, s. 7.)

Exclusion from polling place,

302. During the time appointed for polling no person shall be entitled or permitted to be present in any polling place other than the officers, clerks and persons or electors authorized to attend as aforesaid at such polling place. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 294. (39 V. c. 35, s. 8.)

303. The Clerk of the Municipality, on the request of any Deputy elector entitled to vote at one of the polling places, who has returning been appointed Deputy Returning Officer or Poll Clerk, or who clerks, and has been named as the person to attend at any polling place agents may other than the one where he is entitled to vote, shall give to place where such elector a certificate that such Deputy Returning Officer, they are Poll Clerk or person is entitled to vote for or against such by employed, law at the polling place where such elector is stationed during the polling day, and such certificate shall also state the property or other qualification in respect to which he is entitled to vote.

(2) On the production of such certificate, such Deputy Re- on certificate turning Officer, Poll Clerk or person shall have the right to from the clerk of the municivote at the polling place where he is stationed during the poll-pality. ing day, instead of at the polling place of the Ward, or polling sub-division where he would otherwise have been entitled to vote; and the Deputy Returning Officer shall attach the certificate to the voters' list; but no such certificate shall entitle any such elector to vote at such polling place unless he has been actually engaged as such Deputy Returning Officer, Poll Clerk or person during the day of polling.

(3) In case of a Deputy Returning Officer voting at the poll- Who to ading place at which he is appointed to act, the Poll Clerk, or in minister oath the absence of the Poll Clerk any one authorized to be presthe absence of the Poll Clerk, any one authorized to be present at such polling place, may administer to such Deputy Returning Officer the oath required to be taken of voters qualified to vote on the by-law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 295. (39 V. c. 35, s. 9.)

304. In the case of Municipalities which are divided into Who to con-Wards or polling sub-divisions, the Clerk of the Municipality duct the polling sub-divisions, the Clerk of the Municipality duct the polling sub-divisions. shall, before the poll is opened, prepare and deliver to the ties divided Deputy Returning Officer for every Ward or polling sub-divi- into wards. sion, a voters' list in the form of Schedule C to this Act, containing the names, arranged alphabetically, of all persons appearing by the then last revised assessment roll to be entitled, under the provisions of sections 309 and 310 of this Act, to vote in that Ward or polling sub-division, and shall attest the said list by his solemn declaration in writing under his hand. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 296; 45 V. c. 23, s. 15. (40 V. c. 12, s. 18 (1).)

305. In the case of Municipalities which are not divided In municipaliinto Wards or polling sub-divisions, the Clerk shall provide ties not divided into himself with the necessary ballot papers, the materials for wards. marking ballot papers, printed directions to voters, and a list of electors for the Municipality similar to the list mentioned in the preceding section; and the Clerk shall perform the like duties with respect to the whole Municipality as are imposed

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Chap. 18.

upon a Deputy Returning Officer in respect of a Ward or polling sub-division. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 297. (40 V. c. 12, s. 18 (2).)

The Poll.

Voting to be by ballot.

306. At the day and hour fixed as aforesaid, a poll shall be held and the votes shall be taken by ballot. R.S.O. c. 174, s. 298. (39 V. c. 35, s. 10.)

Proceedings to be as at municipal elections.

307. The proceedings at such poll, and for and incidental to the same, and the purposes thereof, shall be the same, as nearly as may be, as at municipal elections, and all the provisions of sections 119 to 175 inclusive, of this Act, so far as the same are applicable, and except so far as is herein otherwise provided, shall apply to the taking of votes at such poll, and to all matters incidental thereto. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 299. (39 V. c. 35, s. 11.)

For.a of directions for guidance to voters.

308. The printed directions to be delivered to the Deputy Returning Officers shall be in the form of Schedule L to this R. S. O. c. 174, s. 300. (39 V. c. 35, s. 12.) 10 Copies - See tion 125 - page 444

Freeholders who may vote on by-laws.

section 125 309. Any person shall be entitled to vote on any by-law requiring the assent of the electors, who is a male ratepayer, and, at the time of tender of the vote, of the full age of 21 years, and a natural born or naturalized subject of Her Majesty, and who has neither directly nor indirectly received, nor is in expectation of receiving, any reward or gift for the vote which he tenders, and is at the time of such tender a freeholder, either at Law or in Equity, in his own right or in right of his wife, of real property within such Municipality of sufficient value to entitle him to vote at any municipal election, and is rated on the last revised assessment roll as such freeholder, and is named or purported to be named in the voters' list of electors.

In case of new municipality sessment roll.

(2) In case of a new Municipality in which there has not been any assessment roll, the qualification of being named on such has been no as-list and of being rated on the roll shall be dispensed with, but in such case such person offering to vote shall not be entitled to vote unless he possesses the other qualifications above mentioned, and has, at the time of tender of his vote, sufficient property to have entitled him to vote if he had been rated for such property, and unless at such time he names such property to the Deputy Returning Officer; and the Deputy Returning Officer shall note such property in the voters' list opposite the voter's name, at the request of any one entitled to vote on such by-law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 301. (36 V. c. 48, s. 232; 39 V. c. 35, s. 26.)

310. Any person shall be entitled to vote on any by-law Leaseholders who may vote requiring the assent of the electors, who is a male ratepayer, on by-laws. and

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and at the time of tender of the vote is of the full age of 21 years, and a natural born or naturalized subject of Her Majesty, and who has neither directly nor indirectly received, nor is in expectation of receiving, any reward or gift for the vote which he tenders, and is resident within the Municipality for which the vote is taken for one month next before the vote, and who is or whose wife is a leaseholder of real property within such Municipality of sufficient value to entitle him to vote at a municipal election, and who is rated on the last revised assessment roll therefor, and which lease extends for the period of time within which the debt to be contracted or the money to be raised by such by-law is made payable; in which lease the lessee has covenanted to pay all municipal taxes in respect of the property leased, and which person is named, or purported to be named, in the voters' list. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 302 (1). (36 V. c. 48, s. 233, part; 39 V. c. 35,

(2) The said provisions as to the lease extending for the Leaseholders period of time within which the debt to be contracted or the who may vote on local immoney to be raised by such by-law is made payable, shall not provement byapply to a by-law respecting local improvements, under sec-laws. tion 620 of this Act. 45 V. c. 23, s. 6.

(3) In case of a new Municipality in which there has not been In case of new any assessment roll, the qualification of being named on such municipality list and of being rated on the roll, and of residence for one has been no month, shall be dispensed with, but in such case the person assessment offering to vote shall not be entitled to vote unless possessing the other qualifications above mentioned, and unless he is at the time of vender of his vote a resident of the Municipality, and then has sufficient property to have entitled him to vote if he had been rated for such property, and unless at such time he names such property to the Deputy Returning Officer; and the Deputy Returning Officer shall note such property in the voters' list, opposite the voter's name, at the request of any one entitled to vote on such by-law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 302 (2). (36 V. c. 48, s. 233, part; 39 V. c. 35, s. 26.)

311. Every unmarried woman and every widow who pos- Unmarried sesses the property qualification and other qualification which women and would, if she were a male ratepayer, entitle her to vote on by vote on by vote on by laws requiring the assent of electors, shall have the same right laws along of voting on such by-laws as male ratepayers, subject to the sunniafal laction like conditions and restrictions as apply to male ratepayers, any 20 3. 90 1884 law, statute or usage to the contrary notwithstanding. 45 V. Cas 32 Les 3, e. 23, s. 15. See sec. 482 (10).

312. Any ratepayer offering to vote in respect of a freehold Oath of freeon any such by-law, may be required by the Deputy Return-holder voting ing Officer or any ratenaver entitled to vote on any such bying Officer or any ratepayer entitled to vote on any such bylaw, to make the following oath or affirmation, or any part thereof, or to the effect thereof, before his vote is recorded:-

You swear that you are of the full age of 21 years, and a natural born (or naturalized) subject of Her Majesty;

That you are a freeholder in your own right (or in the right of your wife, as the case may require), within the Municipality for which this vote is taken;

That you have not voted before on the by-law in this Township (or

Ward, as the case may be);

Chap. 18.

That you are, according to law, entitled to vote on the said by-law; That you have not directly or indirectly received any reward or gift,

nor do you expect to receive any, for the vote which you tender That you are the person named, or purporting to be named, in the

voters' list of electors;

That you have not received anything, nor has anything been promised to you directly or indirectly, either to induce you to vote on this by-law, or for loss of time, travelling expenses, hire of team, or any other service connected therewith;

And that you have not directly or indirectly paid or promised anything to any person, either to induce him to vote or refrain from voting;

(In case of a new Municipality in which there has not been any assessment roll, then instead of referring to being named in the voters' list, the person offering to rote may be required to name in the oath the property in respect of which he claims to vote);

And no enquiries shall be made of any voter except with respeet to the facts specified in such oath or affirmation. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 303. (36 V. e. 48, s. 234; 40 V. e. 8, s. 50.)

Oath of leaseholder voting respecting local improvements under section 620.

313. Any ratepayer offering to vote in respect of a leasehold on any such by-law, other than a by-law respecting local imother than one provements, under section 620, may be required by the Deputy Returning Officer, or any ratepayer entitled to vote on any such by-law, to make the following oath or affirmation, or any part thereof, or to the effect thereof, before his vote is

You swear that you are of the full age of 21 years, and a natural born

or naturalized subject of Her Majcsty That you have been a resident within the Municipality for which this

vote is taken for one month next before the vote; That you are (or your wife is), a leaseholder within this Municipality and the lease extends for the period of time within which the debt to be contracted or the money to be raised by the by-law now submitted to the ratepayers is made payable, and that you have (or the Icssee in said lease has) covenanted in such lease to pay all municipal taxes

That you have not before voted on the by-law in this Township (or

Ward, as the case may be); That you are, according to law, entitled to vote on the said by-law;

That you have not directly or indirectly received any reward or gift, nor do you expect to receive any, for the vote which you tender;

That you are the person named, or purporting to be named, in the

That you have not received anything, nor has anything been promised to you directly or indirectly, either to induce you to vote on this by-law,

or for loss of time, travelling expenses, hire of team, or any other service connected therewith;

And that you have not directly or indirectly paid or promised anything to any person, either to induce him to vote or refrain from voting;

(In case of a new Municipality in which there has not been any assessment roll, then instead of swearing to residence for one month next before the rote, and of referring to being named in the voters' list, the person offering to vote may be required to name in the oath the property in respect of which he claims to rote, and that he is a resident of such Municipality);

And

And no enquiries shall be made of any voter, except with respect to the facts specified in such oath or affirmation. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 304. (36 V. e. 48, s. 235; 40 V. c. 8, s. 50.)

314. Any ratepayer offering to vote in respect of a leasehold Oath of leaseon any gueli by-law respecting local improvements, under sec-holder voting tion 620, may be required by the Deputy Returning Officer on by-law tion 620, may be required by the Deputy Returning Officer, respecting or any ratepayer entitled to vote on any such by-law, to make local improve-the following oath or affirmation or any part thorses or to ments under the effect thereof, before his vote is recorded:-

You swear that you are of the full age of 21 years, and a natural born (or naturalized) subject of Her Majesty

That you have been a resident within the Municipality for which this vote is taken for one month next before the vote;

That you are (or your wife is) a leaseholder within this Municipality, and that you have (or the lessee in said lease has) covenanted in such lease to pay all municipal taxes;

That you have not before voted on the by-law in this Township (or Ward, as the ease may be);

That you are, according to law, entitled to vote on the said by-law; That you have not directly or indirectly received any reward or gift, nor do you expect to receive any, for the vote which you tender;

That you are the person named, or purporting to be named, in the voters' list;

That you have not received anything, nor has anything been promised to you directly or indirectly, either to induce you to vote on this by-law, or for loss of time, travelling expenses, hire of team, or any other service connected therewith;

And that you have not directly or indirectly paid or promised anything to any person, either to induce him to vote or refrain from voting;

(In ease of a new Municipality in which there has not been any assessment roll, then instead of swearing to residence for one month next before the vote, and of referring to being named in the voters' list, the person offering to vote may be required to name in the oath the property in respect of which he claims to vote, and that he is a resident of such Municipality);

And no enquiries shall be made of any voter, except with respect to the facts specified in such oath or affirmation. 45 V. e. 23, s. 6. See R. S. O. c. 174, s. 304.

315. The written statement to be made by each Deputy Form of state-Returning Officer at the close of the polling shall be made ment to be under the following heads:-

made by deputy return-

- (a) Name or number of Ward or polling subdivision, and ing officers of of the Municipality, and the date of the polling;
- (b) Number of votes for and against the by-law;
- (c) Rejected ballot papers. R.S.O. c. 174, s. 305. (39 V. e. 35, s. 13.

316. The Deputy Returning Officer shall take a note of any Objections to objection made by any person authorized to be present, to any ballot papers. ballot paper found in the ballot box, and shall decide any question arising out of the objection. Each objection to a ballot To be numpaper shall be numbered, and a corresponding number placed bered. on the back of the ballot paper, and initialed by the Deputy Returning Officer. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 306. (39 V. c. 35, s. 14.)

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Chap. 18.

317. Every Deputy Returning Officer, at the completion of the counting of votes after the close of the poll, shall, after votes are in the presence of the persons authorized to attend, make up into separate packets, sealed with his own seal, and the seals of such persons authorized to attend as desire to affix their seals, and marked upon the outside with a short statement of the contents of such packet, the date of the day of the polling, the name of the Deputy Returning Officer, and of the Ward or polling subdivision and Municipality-

- (a) The statemer of votes given for and against the bylaw and of the rejected ballot papers;
- (b) The used ballot papers which have not been objected to and have been counted;
- (c) The ballot papers which have been objected to, but which have been counted by the Deputy Returning
- (d) The rejected ballot papers;
- (e) The spoiled ballot papers;
- (f) The unused ballot papers;
- (g) The voters' list, with the oath in the form of Schedule Gannexed thereto; a statement of the number of voters whose votes are marked by the Deputy Returning Officer, under the heads "Physical incapacity" and "Unable to read," with the declarations of inability; and the notes taken of objections made to ballot papers found in the ballot box. R. S. C. c. 174, s. 307. (39 V. c. 35, s. 15.)

Certificate and deputy return-

318. Every Deputy Returning Officer shall, at the close of declaration of the poll, certify under his signature on the voters' list in full ing officer and words the total number of persons who have voted at the return of voters list and polling place at which he has been appointed to preside, and of ballot box. shall before placing the voters' list in its proper packet as aforesaid, make and subscribe before the Clerk of the Municipality, a Justice of the Peace or the Poll Clerk, his solemn declaration that the voters' list was used in the manner prescribed by law, and that the entries required by law to be made therein were correctly made; which declaration shall be in the form of Schedule G to this Act, and shall thereafter be annexed to the voters' list: he shall also forthwith return the ballot box to the Clerk of the Municipality. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 308. (39 V. c. 35, s. 16.)

Deputy renumber of votes and rejected ballot papers.

319. Every Deputy Returning Officer, upon being requested turning officer so to do, shall deliver to the persons authorized to attend at to certify as to him allowed as a set of the number of votes given at his polling place a certificate of the number of votes given at the polling place for and against the by-law, and of the number of rejected ballot papers. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 309. (39 V. c. 35, s. 17.)

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- 320. The Clerk, after he has received the ballot papers and Clerk to cast statements before mentioned of the number of votes given in up votes and each polling place, shall, at the time and place appointed by the by law, in the presence of the persons anthorized to attend or ach of them as may be present, without opening any of the sealed packets of ballot papers, sum up from such statements the number of votes for and against the by-law, and shall then and there declare the result, and forthwith certify to the Souncil under his hand whether the majority of the electors voting upon the by-law have approved or disapproved of the by-law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 310, (39 V. c. 35, s. 18.)
- 321. Where the assent of the electors, or of the ratepayers, Clerk not to or any proportion of them, is necessary to the validity of a have casting by-law, the Clark or other officer dell not be entitled as to cerby-law, the Clerk or other officer shall not be entitled to give taln by laws. a casting vote. New.
- 322. To render valid a by-law of any Municipality for grant- Requisites to ing a bonus in aid of a railway or for promoting any manufac-validity of ture, or for taking stock in any railway company, or for lending by-laws. money to such company, or for guaranteeing the payment of money borrowed by any such company, or for lending money to any other company or person on condition of such company or person establishing or continuing a manufactory in or near such Municipality, the assent shall be necessary of two-fifths of all ratepayers who were entitled to vote, as well as of a majority of the ratepayers voting on the by-law.
- (2) In such case, in addition to the certificate required by x section 320 of this Act, the Clerk, in ease of the majority of votes being in favour of the by-law, shall further certify whether or not, as far as shewn by the voters' list and assessment roll, such majority appears to be two-fifths of all the voters who were entitled to vote on the by-law.
 - (3) In case of dispute as to the result of the vote, the Judge shall have the same powers for determining the question as he has in any case of a scrutiny of the votes. 45 V. c. 23, s. 17.
 - (4) The petition to the Judge may be by any elector, or by the council; and the proceedings for obtaining the judge's decision shall be the same, as nearly as may be, as in the case of a scrutiny. 43 V. c. 27, s. 16 (2).

Secrecy of Proceedings.

- 323. Every officer, clerk and person in attendance at a poll-Maintaining ing place shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of secrecy of the voting at the polling place.
- (2) No officer, elerk or other person whosoever, shall in- Voter not to terfere with or attempt to interfere with a voter when mark- be interfered ing his vote, or otherwise attempt to obtain at the polling place information as to the manner in which any voter at such polling place is about to vote or has voted.

No informa-

one voted.

(3) No officer, clerk, or other person shall communicate at tion to be given any time to any person any information obtained at a polling as to how any place as to the manner in which any voter at such polling place is about to vote or has voted.

Secrecy to be maintained at counting.

(4) Every officer, clerk and person in attendance at the counting of the votes, shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting, and shall not communicate or attempt to communicate any information obtained at such counting as to the manner in which any vote is given in any particular 😿 ballot paper.

Voters not to be induced to disclose votes.

(5) No person shall, directly or indirectly, induce any voter to display his ballot paper after he has marked the same, so as to make known to any person the manner in which he has marked his vote.

Penalty for contravening this section.

(6) Every person who acts in contravention of this section shall be liable, on summary conviction before a Stipendiary Magistrate, Police Magistrate, or two Justices of the Peace, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months, with or without hard labour. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 311. (39 V. c. 35, s. 19.)

Statutory declaration of secrecy to be made by officers, etc., before a poll.

324. The Clerk of the Municipality, and every officer, clerk or person authorized to attend a polling place, or at the counting of the votes, shall, before the opening of the poll, make a statutory declaration of secrecy, in the presence, if he is the Clerk of the Municipality, of a Justice of the Peace, and if he is any other officer, or a clerk, or an agent, in the presence of a Justice of the Peace or the Clerk of the Municipality or a Deputy Returning Officer; and such statutory declaration of secrecy shall be in the form given in Schedule M to this Act, or to the like effect. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 312. (39 V. c. 35, s. 20.)

Scrutiny.

Scrutiny may be had on ap-

325. If within two weeks after the Clerk of the Council which proposed the by-law has declared the result of the votpolication to which proposed the by-law has declared the County Judge, county Judge, ing, any elector applies upon petition to the County Judge, ing, any elector applies upon petition and to such persons after giving such notice of the application and to such persons as the Judge directs, and shews by affidavit to the Judge reasonable grounds for entering into a scrutiny of the ballot papers, and the petitioner enters into a recognizance before the Judge in the sum of \$100, with two sureties (to be allowed as sufficient by the Judge upon affidavit of justification) in the sum of \$50 each conditioned to prosecute the petition with effect, and to pay the party against whom the same is brought any costs which may be adjudged to him against the petitioner, the Judge may appoint a day and place within the Municipality for entering into the scrutiny. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 313. (39 V. c. 35, s. 21.)

326. At least one week's notice of the day appointed for Notice of time the scrutiny shall be given by the petitioner to such persons as of scrutiny.

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the Judge directs, and to the Clerk of the Municipality. R.S. O. c. 174, s. 314. (39 V. c. 35, s. 22.)

327. At the day and hour appointed, the Clerk shall attend Proceedings, before the Judge with the ballot papers in his custody, and the Judge, upon inspecting the ballot papers and hearing such evidence as he may deem necessary, and on hearing the parties, or such of them as may attend, or their counsel, shall in a summary manner determine whether the majority of the votes given is for or against the by-law, and shall forthwith certify the result to the Council. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 315. (39 V. c. 35,

328. The Judge shall on such scrutiny possess the like Powers of powers and authority as to all matters arising upon such scru-Judge. tiny as are possessed by him upon a trial of the validity of the election of a member of a Municipal Council; and in all cases Costs. costs shall be in the discretion of the Judge, as in the case of applications to quash a by-law, or he may apportion the costs as to him seems just. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 316. (39 V. c. 35, s. 25.)

Passing by-laws by Council.

329. Any by-law which is carried by a majority of the duly By-law carried qualified electors voting thereon, shall within six weeks there-by voters to be after be passed by the Council which submitted the same. R. council. S. O. c. 174, s. 317. (36 V. c. 48, s. 236.) But see sec. 322, ante.

330. In case of a petition being presented, the by-law shall The passing of not be passed by the Council until after the petition has been the by-law stayed on predisposed of; and the time which intervenes between the pre-senting of senting of the petition and the final disposal thereof shall not petition. be reckoned as part of the six weeks within which the by-law is to be passed. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 318. (39 V. c. 35, s. 24.)

DIVISION IV.—CONFIRMATION OF BY-LAWS.

By publication. Sec. 331. Notice. Sec. 332. When not moved against. Sec. 333.

331. Every promulgation of a by-law shall consist in the Promulgation publication through the public press, of a true copy of the by- of by-laws. law, and of the signature attesting its authenticity, with a notice appended thereto of the time limited by law for applications to the Courts to quash the same or any part thereof, and the publication aforesaid shall be in such public newspaper published either within the Municipality, or in the County Town, or in a public newspaper published in an adjoining local municipality, as the Council may designate by resolution, and the publication shall, for the purpose aforesaid, be continued in at least one number of such paper, each week, for three successive weeks. 42 V. c. 31, s. 9.

Form of notice to be pub-lished with by-law.

332. The notice to be appended to every copy of the bylaw for the purpose aforesaid shall be to the effect following:-Notice.—The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the municipal eouneil of the on the day of and approved by His Honour, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, on the day of (where such approval is required to give effect to such by-law): And all persons are hereby required to take notice that any one desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the High Court of Justice, at Toronto, within three months next after the publication of this notice once a week for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

If not moved limited, to be valid.

s. 32.

333. In case no application to quash any by-law is made against within within three months next after the third publication of such by-law and notice as aforesaid, the by-law, or so much thereof as is not the subject of any such application, or not quashed upon such application, so far as the same ordains, prescribes or directs anything within the proper competence of the Council to ordain, prescribe or direct, shall, notwithstanding any want of substance or form, either in the by-law itself, or in the time or manner of passing the same, be a valid bylaw. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 321; 44 V. c. 24, s. 33. (36 V. c. 48, s. **2**39.)

DIVISION V.—QUASHING BY-LAWS.

How to proceed. Sec. 334. Time limited for applications. Sees. 335, 336. Motion against for corrupt practices. Secs. 337, 338. Staying proceedings upon the by-law. Sec. 339. Liability of Municipality for acts under illegal by-law. Sec. 340. Tender of amends. Sec. 341.

Quashing by law.

334. In ease a resident of a Municipality, or any other person interested in a by-law, order or resolution of the Council thereof, applies to the High Court of Justice and produces to the Court a copy of the by-law, order, or resolution, eertified under the hand of the Clerk and under the corporate seal, and shews by affidavit that the same was received from the Clerk, and that the applicant is resident or interested as aforesaid, the Court, after at least four days service on the Corporation of a

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rule to shew cause in this behalf, may quash the by-law, order, or resolution, in whole or in part, for illegality, and, according to the result of the application, award costs for or against the Corporation. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 322. (36 V. c. 48, s. 240.)

335. No application to quash any such by-law, order or re-Time within solution in whole or in part, shall be entertained by any Court which application is made to such Court within one work much be unless such application is made to such Court within one made. year from the passing of such by-law, order or resolution, ex- Exception. cept in the case of a by-law requiring the assent of electors or ratepayers, when such by-law has not been submitted to, or has not received the assent of such electors or ratepayers, and in such case an application to quash such by-law may be made at any time. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 323. (36 V. c. 48, s. 241.)

336. In case a by-law by which a rate is imposed has been Time after promulgated in the manner hereinbefore specified, no appli- which by-law cation to quash the by-law shall be entertained after the avcation to quash the by-law shall be entertained after the ex-cannot be piration of three months from the promulgation. R. S. O. c. quashed, if promulgated. 174, s. 324. (36 V. c. 48, s. 242.)

337. Any by-law the passage of which has been procured Quashing bythrough or by means of any violation of the provisions of sec- by bribery, etc. tions 207 and 208 of this Act shall be liable to be quashed upon any application to be made in conformity with the provisions hereinbefore contained. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 325. (36 V. c. 48, s. 243.)

338. Before determining any application for the quashing Procedure in of a by-law upon the ground that any of the provisions of the such case. said sections 207 and 208 of this Act have been contravened in procuring the passing of the same, and if it is made to appear to a Judge of the High Court of Justice that probable grounds exist for a motion to quash such by-law, the Judge may make Inquiry by an order for an inquiry to be held, upon such notice to the County Judge. parties affected as the Judge may direct concerning the said grounds, before the Judge of the County Court of the County in which the Municipality which passed the by-law is situate, and require that upon such inquiry all witnesses, both against and in support of such by-law, be orally examined and crossexamined upon oath before the said County Court Judge.

(2) The said County Court Judge shall thereupon return the Return of evidence so taken before him to one of the Registrars of the evidence. High Court at Toronto; and after the return of said evidence, Judgment. and upon reading the same, any Judge of the said High Court. may, upon notice to such of the parties concerned as he thinks proper, proceed to hear and determine the question; and if the grounds therefor appear to him to be satisfactorily established, he may make an order for quashing said by-law, and he may Costs. order the costs attending said proceedings to be paid by the parties or any of them who have supported said by-law; and

if it appears that the application to quash said by-law ought to be dismissed, the said Judge may so order, and in his discretion award costs, to be paid by the persons applying to quash said by-law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 326. (36 V. c. 48, s. 244.)

Stay of pro-ceedings on the by-law.

339. After an order has been made by a Judge directing an inquiry, and after a copy of such order has been left with the Clerk of the Corporation of which the by-law is in question, all further proceedings upon the by-law shall be stayed until after the disposal of the application in respect of which the inquiry has been directed; but if the matter is not prosecuted to the satisfaction of the Judge, he may remove the stay of proceedings. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 327. (36 V. c. 48, s. 245.)

Municipality to be liable for acts done under illegal by-law.

340. In case a by-law, order or resolution is illegal in whole or in part, and in case anything has been done under it which, by reason of such illegality, gives any person a right of action, no such action shall be brought until one month has elapsed after the by-law, order or resolution has been quashed or repealed, nor until one month's notice in writing of the intention to bring such action has been given to the Corporation, and every such action shall be brought gainst the Corporation alone, and not against any person acting under the by-law, order or resolution. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 328. (36 V. c. 48, s. 246.)

Tender of amends.

Notice of

action.

341. In case the Corporation tenders amends to the plaintiff or his attorney, if such tender is pleaded and (if traversed) proved, and if no more than the amount tendered is recovered, the plaintiff shall have no costs, but costs shall be taxed to the defendant, and set off against the verdict, and the balance due to either party shall be recovered as in ordinary cases. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 329. (36 V. c. 48, s. 247.) See sec. 431.

Division VI.—By-Laws Creating Debts.

Requisite formalites. Secs. 342-344.

Principal may be repayable by annual instalments. Sec.

Special rates a charge on property. Sec. 345.

Assent of electors, when required. Sec. 346. When special Council meeting requisite. Sec. 347.

When repealable and when not. Secs. 348, 349.

Illegal repeal to be ignored by Municipal Officers. Sec. 350.

Purchase of Public Works, etc., by Councils. Sec. 351.

Rates to be imposed therefor. Sec. 352.

Registration of By-laws. Secs. 353-357.

By-laws for contracting debts. Terms of.

342. Every Municipal Council may, under the formalities required by law, pass by-laws for contracting debts by borrowing money or otherwise, and for levying rates for payment of such debts on the ratable property of the Municipality, for any pur-

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pose within the jurisdiction of the Council, but no such by-law shall be valid which is not in accordance with the following restrictions and provisions, except in so far as is otherwise provided in the next two sections of this Act.

- (1) The by-law, if not for creating a debt for the purchase When to take of public works, shall name a day in the financial year in which effect. the same is passed when the by-law is to take effect;
- (2) If not contracted for gas or water-works, or for the pur-When debt to chase of public works according to the statutes relating thereto, the whole of the debt and the obligations to be issued therefor shall be made payable in twenty years at furthest from the
 day on which such by-law takes effect; and if the debt is con- If for gas or
 tracted for gas or water-works, the same shall in like manner water-works,
 be paid in thirty years at furthest from the day on which the
 by-law takes effect; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 330, part. (36 V. c. 48,
 s. 248, part.)
- (3) The by-law shall settle a certain specific sum to be raised Yearly rate. annually for the payment of interest during the currency of the debentures; also a certain specific sum to be raised annually for the payment of the debt: such sum to be such as will be sufficient, with the estimated interest on the investments thereof, to discharge the debt when payable;
- (4) In settling the sum to be raised annually for the pay- Interest on inments of the debt, the rate of interest on investments shall vestments how not be estimated at more than five per cent. per annum, to be capitalized yearly;
- (5) The by-law shall provide that such annual sum shall be Property on raised and levied in each year by a special rate, sufficient which rate to therefor, on all the ratable property in the Municipality; or, if the by-law is for a work payable by local assessment, on all the property ratable under the by-law or per foot frontage as the case may be. 42 V. c. 31, s. 10.
- (6) The by-law, unless it is for a work payable by local Recitals in; assessment, shall recite:
- (a) The amount of the debt which such new by-law is in-Amount tended to create, and, in some brief and general terms, the debt; object for which it is to be created;
- (b) The total amount required by this Act to be raised Amount to be annually by special rate for paying the new debt and interest; raised annually;
- (c) The amount of the whole ratable property of the Munici- The value of pality according to the last revised, or revised and equalized the ratable assessment roll; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 330, part. (36 V. c. 48, s. 248, part.)
- (d) The amount of the existing debenture debt of the Mu-Amount of nicipality, and how much (if any) of the principal or interest is existing debt. in arrear. 42 V. c. 31, s. 11.

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malities prowing of such any purpose By-law for a ment must recite:

343. If the by-law is for a work payable by local assesswork invalded the by local assess. ment, it shall recite:

Amount and object of debt :

(a) The amount of the debt which such by-law is intended to create, and, in some brief and general terms, the object for which it is to be created;

Amount to be rained au-

(b) The total amount required by this Act to be raised annually by special rate for paying the debt and interest under the by-law:

Value of real property ratable;

(c) The value of the whole real property ratable under the by-law, as ascertained and finally determined as aforesaid;

That delet created on security of special rate.

(d) That the debt is created on the security of the special rate settled by the by-law, and on that security only. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 331; 42 V. c. 31, s. 12. (36 V. c. 48, s. 249.)

Municipal repayable by equal annual Instalments.

344. In any case of passing a by-law for contracting a debt, conneil may make principal by borrowing money for any purpose, the Municipal Council may in its discretion make the principal of such debt repayable by annual instalments during the currency of the period (not exceeding 30 years, if the debt is for gas or water-works, and not exceeding 20 years if the debt is for any other purpose) within which the debt is to be discharged; such instalments to be of such amounts that the aggregate amount payable for principal and interest in any year shall be equal, as nearly as may be, to what is payable for principal and interest during each of the other years of such period; and may issue the debentures of the Municipal Corporation for the amounts, and payable at the times, corresponding with such instalments, together with interest, annually or semi-annually, as may be set forth and provided in such by-law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 332, part. (36 V. c. 48, s. 250, part.)

What liy-law shall set out.

(2) Such by-law shall set forth a certain specific sum, to be raised in each year during the currency of the debt, which annual sum shall be sufficient to discharge the several instalments of principal and interest accruing due on such debt, as the said instalments and interest become, respectively, payable according to the terms of the by-law; and in cases within this section it shall not be necessary that any provision be made for a sinking fund. 42 V. c. 31, s. 13.

Special rates a charge on property.

345. Every special assessment made and every special rate imposed and levied under any of the provisions of this Act, and all sewer rents and charges for work or services done by the Corporation, on default of the owners of real estate, under the provisions of any valid by-law of the Council of the said Corporation, shall form a lien and charge upon the real estate upon or in respect of which the same shall have been assessed and rated or charged, and shall be collected in the same manner, and with the like remedies, as ordinary taxes upon real estate are collectable, under the provisions of the Assessment Act. 42 V. c. 31, s. 25. 346,

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ecial rate s Act, and ne by the under the said Cortate upon ssed and manner. eal estate nent Act.

346,

346. Every by-law (except for drainage, as provided for By-laws for under section 570 of this Act, or for a work payable entirely by raising money not for ordinary and the condition of the section 570 of this Act, or for a work payable entirely by raising money and the condition of the section of the sect local assessment) for raising upon the credit of the Municipality not for ordinary money not required for its ordinary expenditure, and not must (with payable within the same municipal year, shall, before the final tions) receive passing thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the Mu-assent of elec-nicipality in the manner provided for in section 294 and following sections of this Act; except that in Counties the County Council may raise by by-law or by-laws, without submitting Exception as the same for the assent of the electors of such County or Counties, for contracting debts or loans any sum or sume not or tics, for contracting debts or loans, any sum or sums not ex-contracting extra debts ceeding in any one year \$20,000 over and above the sums not exceeding required for its ordinary expenditure. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 333. \$20,000.

(2) Provided always, that where a county and city are Exception as united for judicial purposes the Council of the County or City to erecting may by by law or by laws passed at any mosting to the court house. may, by by-law or by-laws passed at any meeting of such and offices. Council, without submitting the same for the assent of the electors of such County or City, as the case may be, for contracting such debt, raise such sums of money as may be required for erecting, building and furnishing a Court House, and offices to be used in connection therewith, and for acquiring such land as may be necessary or convenient for the purposes of such Court House and offices. 44 V. c. 24, s. 6.

347. No such by-law of a County Council for contracting Certain byany such debt or loan for an amount not exceeding in any one laws of county year \$20,000 over and above the sums required for its be valid unless ordinary expenditures of the sum of the s ordinary expenditure, other than a by-law to raise money for passed at meeterecting, building and furnishing a Court House and offices called and held aforesaid, or for acquiring land as provided in the second sub-three months after notice. section of the preceding section, shall be valid, nnless the after notice, same is passed at a meeting of the Council at a meeting of the coun same is passed at a meeting of the Council specially called for the purpose of considering the same, and held not less than three months after a copy of such by-law, as the same is ultimately passed, together with a notice of the day appointed for such meeting, has been published in some newspaper issued weekly or oftener within the County (as constituted for judicial purposes), or if there is no such public newspaper, then in a public newspaper published nearest to the County, which said notice may be to the effect following:-

The above is a true copy of a proposed by-law to be taken into consider- Form of ation by the Municipality of the County (or United Counties) of notice. , in the said County (or United Counties), on the of , 18 , at the hour of o'clock in the noon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to

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R. S. O. c. 174, s. 334; 44 V. c. 24, s. 7. (37 V. c. 16, s. 8. 40

When part raised, by-law may be re-pealed as to residue.

348. Where part only of a sum of money provided for by only of money a by-law has been raised, the Council may repeal the by-law as to any part of the residue and as to a proportionate part of the special rate imposed therefor, provided the repealing by-law recites the facts on which it is founded, and is appointed to take effect on the thirty-first day of December in the year of its passing, and does not affect any rates due, or penalties ineurred before that day, and provided the by-law is first approved by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 335. (36 V. c. 48, s. 253.)

Proviso.

Until debt be repealed,

349. After a debt has been contracted, the Council shall paid certain by-laws cannot not, until the debt and interest have been paid, repeal the bylaw under which the debt was contracted, or any by-law for paying the debt or the interest thereon, or for providing therefor a rate or additional rate, or appropriating thereto the surplus income of any work or of any stock or interest therein, or money from any other source; and the Council shall not alter a by-law providing any such rate, so as to diminish the amount to be levied under the by-law, except in the cases herein authorized, and shall not apply to any other purpose any money of the Corporation which, not having been previously otherwise appropriated by any by-law or resolution, has been directed to be applied to such payment. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 336. (36 V. e. 48, s. 254.)

Nor altered. Exceptions.

No officer to neglect, etc., to carry out by-law for payment under colour of illegal by-law.

350. No officer of the Municipality shall neglect or refuse to earry into effect a by-law for paying a debt under colour of a by-law illegally attempting to repeal such first mentioned by-law, or to alter the same so as to diminish the amount to be levied under it. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 337. (36 V. e. 48, s.

Municipal councils may and contract debts to Crown,

351. Any Council may contract a debt to Her Majesty in the purchase of any of the public roads, harbours, bridges, purchase public works, etc., buildings or other public works in Ontario, whether belonging to this Province or to the Dominion of Canada, or of any elaim in respect of such works, and may execute such bonds, deeds, covenants, and other securities to Her Majesty, as the Council may deem fit, for the payment of the price of any such public work or elaim already sold or transferred, or which may sold or transferred, or agreed to be sold or transferred to the Municipal Corperation, and for securing the performance and observance of all or any of the conditions of sale or transfer; and may also pass all necessary by-laws for any of the purposes aforesaid; and all such by-laws, debts, bonds, deeds, eovenants and other securities snall be valid, although no special or other annual rate has been settled or imposed to be levied in each year, as provided by sections 342 to 344 of this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 338. (36 V. e. 48, s. 256.)

although no special or other annual rate settled.

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352. The Council may in any by-law to be passed for the Rates may be ereation of any such debt, or for the executing of any such imposed for bonds, deeds, covenants, or other securities as a foresaid, to Her of debts con-Majesty, or in any other by-law to be passed by the Council, tracted with settle and impose a special rate per anytim of such amount as settle and impose a special rate per amount, of such amount as such works. the Council may deem expedient, in addition to all other rates whatsoever, to be levied in each year upon the assessed ratable property within the Municipality, for the payment and discharge of such debts, bonds, deeds, covenants or other securities, or some part thereof, and the by-laws shall be valid, although the rate settled or imposed thereby is less than is required by the sections last mentioned; and the said sections shall, so far as applicable, apply and extend to every such bylaw, and the moneys raised or to be raised thereby, as fully in every respect as such provisions would extend or apply to any by-law enacted by any Council for the creation of any debt as provided in the said sections, or to the moneys raised or to be raised thereby. R. S. O. e. 174, s 339. (36 V. e. 48, s. 257.)

Registration of By-laws.

353. Every by-law passed by any Municipality for contract- By-laws creating any debt, by the issue of debentures for a longer term than ing debts to be one year, and for levving rates for the payment of such debts. one year, and for levying rates for the payment of such debts, on the ratable property of the Municipality, or any part thereof, shall be registered by the clerk of such Municipality, if a county, in the registry office for the county in which the county town is situate, or in ease of local Municipalites in the registry office of the registration division in which the local Municipality is situate, within two weeks after the final passing thereof by such Municipality. 44 V. c. 24, s. 28 (part).

354. Every such by-law so registered and the debentures is-Applications such Municipality according to the towns thereof and shell not registration. such Municipality, according to the terms thereof, and shall not be quashed or set aside on any ground whatever, unless an applieation or suit to quash or set aside the same be made to some eourt of competent jurisdiction within three months from the registry thereof, and a certificate under the hand and seal of the clerk of the said court, stating that such suit or proceeding has been brought or application made shall have been registered in said registry office within such period of three months.

(2) If such suit or proceeding be dismissed, in whole or When by law, in part, then the said by-law or so much thereof a is or so much not the subject of said apprination, or not quashed upon not the subject of said apprecian, or not quashed upon a application, shall be absolute and binding, according to to be valid. the terms thereof, on the expirate of three months from the date of the registration of such b. 1w; upon the dismissal of Certificate of any such suit or proceeding, a certificate to that effect may be suit. registered in the said registry office.

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Publication of notice.

(3) Notice of the passing of every by-law to which this and the preceding section refer, and which has not been submitted to the ratepayers, shall immediately after the registration of such by-law be published in some public newspaper, published either within the Municipality, or in the county town, or in a public newspaper in an adjoining local Municipality, as the Council may designate by resolution, and the publication shall, for the purpose aforesaid, be continued in at least one number of such paper each week, for three successive weeks. 44 V. c. 24, s. 28 (part). See sec. 469.

Exception as to local improvement by-laws. 355. Nothing in the two preceding sections contained shall make it obligatory upon any city, town, or incorporated village to register any by-laws providing for the issue of debentures passed under the provisions of this Act relating to local improvements, but the same may be so registered at the option of the Municipality. 44 V. c. 24, s. 28 (purt).

Form of notice.

356. The notice required to be published by section 354, shall be in the form following, or to the like effect:

Notice is hereby given that a by-law was passed by the of on the day of A.D. 18 and the purpose of A.D. 18 providing for the issue of the purpose of and that such by-law was

registered in the registry office of of the day of

A.D. 18

Any motion to quash or set aside the same or any part thereof must be made within three months from the date of registration and cannot be made thereafter.

Dated the

day of

18

Clerk.

the county

44 V. c. 24, s. 29.

Manner of registration,

357. Said by-laws shall be registered in the way and manner provided by the Revised Statutes of Ontario, chapter one hundred and seventy-six, and the Registrar shall be paid the sum of \$2 for registration thereof. 44 V. c. 24, s. 30.

Form of certificate of pending suit. 358. The certificate first referred to, in section 354, shall be in the form or to the effect following:—

In the

(name of court).

This is to certify that in a certain suit or proceeding in this court, entitled the validity of by-law No.

of the entitled a by-law

has been called in question (if a portion only of the by-law is called in question, state the fact).

Dated,

(Signed), A. B. Clerk of

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(2) The certificate of dismissal of such suit or proceeding Form of certificate of dismissal basis the form or to the attent following: shall be in the form or to the effect following:-

In the (name of court).

I hereby certify that the suit or proceeding in this court, entitled calling in question the validity of by-law No. of the

has been dismissed (or if dismissed in part and granted in part, set out the order made,

verbutim). Dated,

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{(Signed,) A. B.} \\ & \textit{Clerk of} \end{array} \qquad \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \overbrace{\text{Seal.}} \end{array} \right\}$

(3) The registrar shall be entitled to the sum of fifty cents Fee for regisfor registering either of said certificates. 44 V. e. 24, s. 31.

DIVISION VII.—BY-LAWS RESPECTING YEARLY RATES.

Amount and Limit of Rates. Sec. 359. How estimated. Sec. 360. Estimates and By-laws to be annual. Sees. 361, 332. In case of deficiency. Secs. 363, 364. In case of excess. Sec. 365. Date from which Taxes imposed. See. 366. Priority of Debentures. Sec. 367. Power to exempt from taxation. See. 368. Reduction of Special Rate. Sec. 369. Formalities in By-law therefor. Sec. 370.

359. The Council of every Municipal Corporation, and of Yearly rates every Provisional Corporation, shall assess and 'avy on the to be levied, whole ratable property within its invisibilities. whole ratable property within its jurisdiction, a sufficient sum pay all debts in each year to pay all valid debts of the Corporation, whether in the year. of principal or interest, falling due within the year, but no such Council shall assess and levy in any one year more than an Aggregate aggregate rate of two eents in the dollar on the actual value, rate limited to exclusive of school rates exclusive of sehool rates.

(2) If in any Municipality the aggregate amount of the rates Provision necessary for the payment of the current annual expenses of when such the Municipality and the interest and the principal of the aggregate not the Municipality, and the interest and the principal of the sufficient to debts contracted by such Municipality on the 29th day of pay debts pay-March, 1873, exceed the said aggregate rate of two cents in the the year. dollar on the actual value of such ratable property, the Council of such Municipality shall levy such further rates as may be

necessary to discharge obligations up to that date incurred, but shall contract no further debts until the annual rates required to be levied within such Municipality are reduced within the 8

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aggregate rate aforesaid: but this shall not affect any special provisions to the contrary contained in any special Act now or hereafter in force. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 346. (36 V. c. 48, s. 258.)

How rates to be calculated. 360. In Counties and local Municipalities the rates shall be calculated at so much in the dollar upon the actual value of all the real and personal property liable o assessment therein. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 341. (32 V. c. 36, s. 10.)

Estimates to be made annually.

361. The Council of every County or local Municipality shall every year make estimates of all sums which may be required for the lawful purposes of the County or local Municipality, for the year in which such sums are required to be levied, each Municipality making due allowance for the cost of collection, and of the abatement and losses which may occur in the collection of the tax, and for taxes on the lands of non-residents which may not be collected. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 342. (32 V. c. 36, s. 13.)

By laws for raising money by rate.

362. The Council of every Municipality may pass one bylaw, or several by-laws, authorizing the levying and collecting of a rate or rates of so much in the dollar upon the assessed value of the property therein as the Council deems sufficient to raise the sums required on such estimates. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 343. (32 V. c. 36, s. 14.)

If the amount collected falls short.

363. If the amount collected falls short of the sums required, the Council may direct the deficiency to be made up from any unappropriated fund belonging to the Municipality. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 344. (32 V. c. 36, s. 15.)

Estimates may be reduced. 364. If there is no unappropriated fund, the deficiency may be equally deducted from the sums estimated as required or from any one or more of them. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 345. (32 V. e. 36, s. 16.)

When sums collected exceed estimate, appropriation of the balance.

365. If the sums collected exceed the estimates, the balance shall form part of the general fund of the Municipality, and be at the disposal of the Council, unless otherwise specially appropriated; but if any portion of the amount in excess has been collected on account of a special tax upon any particular locality, the amount in excess collected on account of such special tax shall be appropriated to the special local object. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 346. (32 V. c. 36, s. 17.)

Yearly taxes to be computed from 1st January, unless otherwise ordered. 366. The taxes or rates imposed or levied for any year shall be considered to have been imposed, and to be due on and from the first day of January of the then current year, and end with the thirty-first day of December thereof, unless otherwise expressly provided for by the enactment or by-law under which the same are directed to be levied. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 347. (32 V. c. 36, s. 18.)

367. All debentures issued before the first day of January, Priority of in the year of our Lord 1867, by Municipal Corporations, debentures, under any by-law, and based upon the yearly value of ratable property at the time of passing such by-law, shall hold the order of priority which they occupied on the said first day of January, 1867; and each Municipal Corporation (having so How rates for issued debentures) shall levy a rate on the actual real value of paying them the ratable property within the Municipality represented, sufficient to produce a sum equal to that leviable or produced on the yearly value of such property as established by the assessment roll for the year 1866; and such rates shall be applied To be applied solely to the payment of such debentures, or interest on such solely to such debentures, according to the terms of the by-law under which

(2) In cases where a sinking fund is required to be provided, Rate for sink-either by the investment of a specific rate or amount, or on a ing funds, rate on the increase in value over a certain sum, then such a rate shall be levied as shall at least equal the sum originally intended to be set apart. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 348. (32 V. c. 36, s. 11.)

368. Every Municipal Council shall have the power of ex-Power to empting any manufacturing establishment or any water-works exempt factor water company in whole or in part, from taxation for any from taxation. period not longer than ten years, and to renew this exemption for a further period not exceeding ten years. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 349; 45 V. c. 23, s. 7 (1). (36 V. c. 48, s. 259.) And see post s. 482 (10).

369. In ease in any year, on account of a sum being on When the rate hand from any previous year, or a sum being on hand which imposed by a has been derived from the work, or from the investment of reduced. The sinking fund, or on account of the increased value of property liable to the assessment, it is found to be unnecessary to levy the full rate imposed by the by-law, in order to raise the instalment of the sinking fund and interest required to be raised for such year, the Council may pass a by-law reducing the rate for that year, so that no more may be collected than the amount required.

(2) No such by-law shall be passed unless, having regard to the time the debentures have to run, a proper proportion of sinking fund and interest has been levied according to the intention of the original by-law. New.

370. No by-law passed under the preceding section shall By-law to be valid unless, after it is passed, it is approved by the Lieu-approved by the Lieu-approved by the passing of such by-law shall, on its submission for approval, be verified in the manner provided by section 291 of this Act.

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DIVISION VIII.—ANTICIPATORY APPROPRIATIONS.

When and how made. Secs. 371, 372. On Separation of Municipalities. Sec. 373.

Anticipatory may be made.

371. In case any Council desires to make an anticipatory appropriations appropriation for the next ensuing year in lieu of the special rate for such year, in respect of any debt, the Council may do so, by by-law, in the manner and subject to the provisions and restrictions following:-

What funds may be so appropriated.

- (1) The Council may carry to the credit of the sinking fund account of the debt, as much as may be necessary for the purpose aforesaid;
- (a) Of any money at the credit of the special rate account of the debt beyond the interest on such debt for the year following that in which the anticipatory appropriation is made;
- (b) And of any money raised for the purpose aforesaid by additional rate or otherwise;
- (c) And of any money derived from any temporary investment of the sinking fund;
- (d) And of any surplus money derived from any corporation work or any share or interest therein;
 - (e) And of any unappropriated money in the treasury;

Such moneys respectively not having been otherwise appropriated.

The sources and application to be stated.

(2) The by-law making the appropriations shall distinguish the several sources of the amount, and the portions thereof to be respectively applied for the interest and for the sinking fund appropriation of the debt for such next ensuing year.

When moneys suspended for the ensuing year.

(3) In case the moneys so retained at the credit of the special retained sum rate account, and so appropriated to the sinking fund account ly rate may be from all or any of the sources above mentioned, are sufficient to meet the sinking fund appropriation and interest for the next ensuing year, the Council may then pass a by-law directing that the original rate for such next ensuing year be not levied. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 352. (36 V. c. 48, s. 262.)

By-law must recite-

The original debt and object;

The amount paid;

The annual

- 372. The by-law shall not be valid unless it recites-
- (a) The original amount of the debt, and, in brief and general terms, the object for which the debt was created;
 - (b) The amount, if any, already paid of the debt;
- (c) The annual amount of the sinking fund appropriation amount for required in respect of such debt;
- (d) The total amount, then on hand, of the sinking fund approfor sinking priations, in respect to the debt, distinguishing the amount therefund in hand; of in each in the transfer of the debt, distinguishing the amount therefund in hand; of in cash in the treasury from the amount temporarily invested;

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- (e) The amount required to meet the interest of the debt The amount for the year next after the making of such anticipatory appro-required for priation; and
- (f) That the Council has retained at the credit of the special And that it is rate account of the debt a sum sufficient to meet the next year's reserved, etc. interest (naming the amount of it), and that the Council has carried to the credit of the sinking fund account a sum sufficient to meet the sinking fund appropriation (naming the amount of it) for such year.
- (2) No such by-law shall be valid unless approved by the By-law to be Lieutenant-Governor in Council. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 353. (36 approved by Lieut.-Governor. 18, s. 263.)
- 373. After the dissolution of any Municipal Union, the Anticipatory Senior Municipality may make an anticipatory appropriation appropriation for the relief of the Junior Municipality, in respect of any debt of municipality secured by the by-law, in the same manner as the Senior palities. Municipality might do on its own behalf. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 354.

TITLE III.—RESPECTING FINANCE.

DIV. I.—ACCOUNTS AND INVESTMENTS.
DIV. II.—COMMISSION OF INQUIRY INTO FINANCES.

DIVISION I.—ACCOUNTS AND INVESTMENTS.

Accounts for Special Rate and Sinking Fund. Sec. 374.
Surplus on Special Rate, Application of. Secs. 375, 376.
Surplus on Special Rate, Investment of. Sec. 377.
General Surplus, Application of. Secs. 378-381.
Members of Corporations not to be parties to investments.
—Liability for. Sec. 382.
Yearly Returns to Government. Secs. 383, 384.

374. The Council of every Municipal Corporation shall keep Two special in its books two separate accounts, one for the special rate, and accounts to be one for the sinking fund, or for instalments of principal of kept: (1) of the every debt, to be both distinguished from all other accounts in (2) of the sinkthe books by some prefix designating the purpose for which instalments of the debt was contracted, and shall keep the said accounts, with principal any others that are necessary, so as to exhibit at all times the state of every debt, and the amount of moneys raised, obtained and appropriated for payment thereof. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 355.

375. If, after paying the interest of a debt and appropriat- When surplus ing the necessary sum to the sinking fund of such debt, or may be applied in payment of any instalment of principal, for any financial interest, and

to sinking fund.

year, there is a surplus at the credit of the special rate account of such debt, such surplus shall so remain, and may be applied, if necessary, towards the next year's interest; but if such surplus exceeds the amount of the next year's interest, the excess shall be carried to the credit of the sinking fund account, or in payment of principal of such debt. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 356. (36 V. c. 48, s. 266.)

Application of moneys with Lieut,-Governor in Council.

376. The Lieutenant-Governor in Council may, by order, direct that such part of the produce of the special rate levied, and at the credit of the sinking fund account or of the special rate account as aforesaid, instead of being so invested as hereinafter provided, shall from time to time, as the same accrues, be applied to the payment or redemption, at such value as the said Council can agree for, or of any part of such debt or of any of the debentures representing or constituting such debt, or any part of it, though not then payable, to be selected as provided in such order, and the Municipal Council shall thereupon apply and continue to apply such part of the produce of the special rate at the credit of the sinking fund or special rate accounts, as directed by such order. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 357. (36 V. c. 48, s. 267.)

Investment of surplus on special rate.

- 377. If any part of the produce of the special rate levied in respect of any debt, and at the credit of the sinking fund account, or of the special rate account thereof, cannot be immediately applied towards paying the debt, by reason of no part thereof being yet payable, the Council shall, from time to time, invest the same in government securities, municipal debentures, or in first mortgages on real estate held and used for farming purposes, and being the first lien on such real estate, or otherwise as the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may by general or special order direct; and from time to time, as such securities mature, may invest in other like securities; no sum so invested in mortgages shall exceed two-thirds of the value of the real estate on which it is secured according to the last revised and corrected assessment roll at the time it is invested.
- (2) The Council of such Municipality may regulate by bylaw the manner in which such investments shall be made. 44 V. c. 24, s. 8.

Investment of sinking fund.

378. Any Council may direct, by by-law, that any surplus moneys in the hands of the Treasurer, and not specially appropriated to any other purpose, shall be credited to the sinking fund account of any debenture debt of the municipality, and the Council may invest such sinking fund account in any of the securities named in and according to the provisions of the preceding section. 45 V. c. 23, s. 16.

Council may

379. Every such Council may appropriate to the payment apply other funds towards of any debt the surplus income derived from any public or corporation

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corporation work, or from any share or interest therein, after paying the annual expenses thereof, or any unappropriated money in the treasury, or any money raised by additional rate; and any money so appropriated shall be carried to the credit of the sinking fund of the debt, or in payment of any instalment accruing due. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 359. (36 V. c. 48, s. 269.)

380. Any Municipal Corporation having surplus moneys Certain derived from "The Ontario Municipalities Fund," or from any moneys may other source, may by by law set such complete source may be set apart other source, may, by by-law, set such surplus apart for educa-foreducational tional purposes, and invest the same as well as any other moneys purposes. held by such Municipal Corporation for, or by it lawfully ap- Investment of propriated to, educational purposes, in public securities of the Dominion, municipal debentures, or in first mortgages on real estate, held and used for farming purposes, and being the first lien on such real estate, and from time to time, as such securities mature, may invest in other like securities, or in the securitics already authorized by law, as may be directed by such by-law or by other by-laws passed for that purpose.

- (2) No sum so invested shall exceed two-thirds of the value Proviso as to of the real estate on which it is secured, according to the last investment. revised and corrected assessment roll, at the time it is so invested. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 360. (36 V. c. 48, s. 270.) See R. S. O. c. 28, s. 7; and c. 204, s. 93.
- 381. Any Municipal Corporation having surplus moneys Loans to set apart for educational purposes, may, by by-law, invest the school trustees same in a loan or loans to any Board or Boards of School Trustces within the limits of the Municipality, for such term or terms, and at such rate or rates of interest as may be agreed upon by and between the parties to such loan or loans respectively, and may be set forth in such by-law; or may by by-law Aid to poor grant any portion of such moneys or other general funds by school sections way of gift to aid poor School Sections within the Municipality. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 361. (36 V. c. 48, s. 271.) See R. S. O. c. 204, s. 94.
- 382. No member of any Municipal Corporation shall take No member part in or in any way be a party to the investment of any such of corporation moneys as are mentioned in this Act, by or on bahalf of the to be party to moneys as are mentioned in this Act, by or on behalf of the investment. corporation of which he is a member, otherwise than is authorized by this Act, or by the seventh section of "The Act respect- R. S. O. c. 28, ing the Clergy Reserves," or by any other law in that behalf s. 7. made and provided, and any such person so doing shall be held Liability for personally liable for any loss sustained by such Corporation. loss. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 362. (36 V. c. 48, s. 272.)
- 383. The Treasurer of any Municipality for which any sum Municipalities of money has been raised on the credit of the Consolidated indebted to Municipal Loan Fund, shall, so long as any part of such sum, Loan Fund to or of the interest thereon, remains unpaid by such Municipal-make annual

Provincial Treasurer.

120

ity, transmit to the Treasurer of Ontario, on or before the fifteenth day of January in every year, a return, certified on the oath of the Treasurer before some Justice of the Peace, containing the amount of taxable property in the Municipality according to the then last assessment roll or rolls; a true account of all the debts and liabilities of the Municipality, for every purpose, for the then last year; and such further information and particulars with regard to the liabilities and resources of the Municipality as the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may from time to time require, under a penalty, in case of neglect or refusal to transmit the return, account, information or particulars, of \$100, to be recovered with costs as a debt due to the Crown. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 363. (36 V. c. 48, s. 273.)

Penalty for default.

Every council to make a yearly report of the corporation debts to the Lieut .-Governor, etc.

384. Every Council shall, on or before the thirty-first day of January in each year, under a penalty of \$20 in case of default, to be paid to the Treasurer of Ontario, transmit to the Lieutenant-Governor, through the Provincial Secretary, an account in such form as may be prescribed from time to time by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, of the several debts of the corporation, as they stood on the thirty-first day of December preceding, specifying in regard to every debt of which a balance remained due at that day,

What such report must shew.

- 1. The original amount of the debt:
- 2. The date when it was contracted;
- 3. The days fixed for its payment;
- 4. The interest to be paid therefor;
- 5. The rate provided for the redemption of the debt and interest:
- 6. The proceeds of such rate for the year ending on such thirty-first day of December;
- 7. The portion (if any) of the debt redeemed or paid during such year;
- 8. The amount of interest (if any) unpaid on such last mentioned day; and
- 9. The balance still due of the principal of the debt. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 364. (36 V. c. 48, s. 274.)

DIVISION II.—COMMISSION OF INQUIRY INTO FINANCES.

When granted. Sec. 385. Expenses of. Sec. 386.

When a commision of inquiry may issue.

385. In case one-third of the members of any Council, or thirty duly qualified electors of the Municipality, petition for a commission to issue under the Great Seal, to inquire into the financial

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financial affairs of the Corporation and things connected therewith, and if sufficient cause is shewn, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may issue a commission accordingly, and the commissioner or the commissioners, or such one or more of them as the commission empowers to act, shall have the same power to summon witnesses, enforce their attendance, and compel them to produce documents and to give evidence, as any Court has in civil cases. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 365. (36 V. c. 48, s. 275.)

386. The expenses to be allowed for executing the commis- Expenses of sion shall be determined and certified by the Treasurer of On-such commis-tario and shall the paragraph become a debt due to the tario, and shall thenceforth become a debt due to the commissioner or commissioners by the Corporation, and shall be payable within three months after demand thereof made by the commissioner, or by any one of the commissioners, at the office of the Treasurer of the Corporation. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 366. (36 V. c. 48, s. 276.)

TITLE IV.—ARBITRATIONS.

DIVISION I.—APPOINTMENT OF ARBITRATORS. Division II.—Procedure.

DIVISION I.—APPOINTMENT OF ARBITRATORS.

How appointed. Secs. 387-391, 396. Failure of parties to appoint. Secs. 391, 392, Respecting real property taken by Corporations. Secs. 393, 394.

Several interests in the same property. Secs. 395, 396. Award, when to be made. Sec. 397.

Persons disqualified from acting as Arbitrators. Sec. 398.

387. The appointment of all arbitrators shall be in writing Appointments under the hands of the appointers, or in case of a Corporation, how made. under the corporate seal, and authenticated in like manner as a by-law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 367. (36 V. c. 48, s. 277.)

388. The arbitrators on behalf of a Municipal Corporation Council, or shall be appointed by the Council thereof, or by the head there-head thereof, may appoint of, if authorized by a by-law of the Council. R. S. O. c. 174, s. may appoint 368. (36 V. c. 48, s. 278.)

389. In cases where arbitration is directed by this Act, Either party either party may appoint an arbitrator, and give notice may appoint thereof in writing to the other party, calling upon such party an arbitrator to appoint an arbitrator on healf of the to appoint an arbitrator on behalf of the party to whom tice to opposuch notice is given. A notice to a Corporation shall be given site party. to the head of the Corporation. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 369. (36 V. c. 48, s. 279.)

Third arbitratur to he apprinted.

390. The two arbitrators appointed by or for the parties shall within seven days from the appointment of the lastly named of the two arbitrators appoint in writing a third arbitrator. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 370. (36 V. c. 48, s. 280.)

When more than two municipalities interested.

391. In cases where more than two Municipalities are interested, each of them shall appoint an arbitrator, and in such case, if there is an equality of arbitrators, the arbitrators so appointed shall appoint another arbitrator, or in default at the expiration of 21 days after such arbitrators have been appointed, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may, on the application of any one of the Municipalities interested appoint such arbitrator. R. S O. c. 174, s. 371. (36 V. c. 48, s. 281.)

Provision in

392. In case of an arbitration between Municipal Corporacase of neglect tions, if for 21 days, or in case the arbitration is respecting drainage works, then, if for 20 days after having received such notice, the party notified omits to appoint an arbitrator; or if for 7 days after the second arbitrator has been appointed, the two arbitrators omit to appoint a third arbitrator, then, in case the arbitration is between Townships or between a Township and a Town or an incorporated Village, the Judge of the County Court of the County within which the Townships, Town or incorporated Village are or any of them is situate, or in case the arbitration is between other Municipalities, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may appoint an arbitrator for the party or arbitrators in default, or a third arbitrator, as the case may require. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 372. (36 V. c. 48, s. 282.)

Arbitration as injured by municipal corporations,

393. In case of an arbitration between a Municipal Corporato real proper-tion and the owners or occupiers of, or other persons interested in real property entered upon, taken or used by the Corporation in the exercise of any of its powers, or injuriously affected thereby, if, after the passing of the by-law, any person interested in the property appoints and gives due notice to the head of the Council of his appointment of an arbitrator to determine the compensation to which such person is entitled, the head of the Council shall, if authorized by by-law, within 7 days appoint a second arbitrator, and give notice thereof to the other party, and shall express clearly in the notice what powers the Council intends to exercise with respect to the property, describing it. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 373. (36 V. c. 48, s. 283; 40 V. c. 7, Sched. A, (176).)

Provision if owner of property fails to name arlá. trator.

394. In any such last mentioned arbitration, if after service on the owner or occupier of, or person so interested in, the property of a copy of any by-law, certified to be a true copy under the hand of the Clerk of the Council, the owner or occupier or person so interested omits for 21 days to name an arbitrator, and give notice thereof, as aforesaid, the Council or

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the head, if authorized by by-law, may name an arbitrator on behalf of the Council, and give notice thereof to such owner, occupier or person so interested, and the latter shall, within 7 days thereafter, name an arbitrator on his behalf. R. S. O. c. 173, s. 374. (36 V. c. 48, s. 284; 40 V. c. 7, Sched. A, (177).)

395. In case there are several persons having distinct in-Where several terests in property in respect of which the Corporation is parties have desirous of exercising the powers referred to in question and desirous of exercising the powers referred to in section 393 ests in the under a by-law in that behalf passed, whether such persons are same property. all interested in the same piece of property, or some or one in a part thereof, and some or one in another part thereof, and in case the by-law or any subsequent by-law provides that the claims of all should, in the opinion of the Council, be disposed of by one award, such persons shall have 21 (instead of 7) days to agree upon and give notice of an arbitrator jointly appointed in their behalf before the County Court Judge shall have power to name an arbitrator for them. R.S.O. c. 174, s. 375. (36 V. c. 48, s. 285.)

396. If any such owner, occupier or person so interested, or County Court the head of any such Council, whether from want of authority judge to appropriate collisions. in that behalf, or otherwise, omits to name an arbitrator within tor in certain 7 days after receiving notice to do so, or if the persons hav- cases. ing distinct interests as aforesaid omit to name an arbitrator within 21 days after receiving notice to do so, or if the two arbitrators do not within 7 days from the appointment of the lastly named of the two arbitrators agree on a third arbitrator, or if any of said arbitrators refuse or neglect to act, the Judge of the County Court of the County in which the property is situated, on the application of either party, shall nominate as an arbitrator a fit person resident without the limits of the Municipality in which the property in question is situated, to act for the party failing to appoint, or as such third arbitrator, or in the stead of the arbitrator refusing or neglecting to act, and such arbitrators shall forthwith proceed to hear and determine the matters referred to them. R.S.O. c. 174, s. 376. (36 V. c. 48, s. 286; 40 V. c. 7, Sched. A, (178).)

397. In any of the cases herein provided for, the arbitra-Time for maktors shall make their award within one month after the appoint-ing award. ment of the third arbitrator. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 377. (36 V. c. 48, s. 287.)

398. No member, officer or person in the employment of any Persons dis-Corporation which is concerned or interested in any arbitration qualified from nor any person so interested, shall be appointed or act as an arbitrators. arbitrator in any case of arbitration under this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 378. (36 V. c. 48, s. 288.)

Chap. 18.

DIVISION II.—PROCEDURE.

Oath of Arbitrator. Sec. 399. Time of Meeting. Sec. 400. Form of Award. Secs. 400, 405. Registration of Award. Sec. 400. Costs. Sec. 401. Majority to decide. Sec. 402. Evidence. Sec. 403. Award, when adoption by By-law required. Sec. 404. Award, how made, and jurisdiction of Courts. Sec. 405.

399. Every arbitrator, before proceeding to try the matter Arbitrators to of the arbitration, shall take and subscribe the following oath (or in case of those who by law affirm, make and subscribe the following affirmation) before any Justice of the Peace:

"I (A. B.) do'swear (or affirm) that I will well and truly try the matters Form of oath or affirmation. referred to me by the parties, and a true and impartial award make in the premises, according to the evidence and my skill and knowledge. So help me God.

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 379. (36 V. c. 48, s. 289.)

400. The arbitrators shall, within 20 days after the appointment of the third arbitrator, meet at such place as they may agree upon, to hear and determine the matter in dispute, with power to adjourn from time to time, and shall make their award in writing, and, if the arbitration is respecting drainage works, in triplicate, which shall be binding on all parties, and one copy thereof shall be filed with the Clerk of each of the Municipalities interested, and one shall, in case the arbitration is respecting drainage works as aforesaid, be filed with the Registrar of deeds for the County or other Registration Division in which the lands affected are situate. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 380. (36 V. c. 48, s. 290.)

401. The arbitrators shall have power to award the payment by any of the parties to the other of the costs of the arbitration, or of any portion thereof, and may either direct the payment of a fixed sum, or that such costs should be taxed on either the scale of the High Court of Justice, or of the County Courts, in which case such costs shall be taxed by the officer in the County of the proper Court, without any further order, and the amount shall be payable one week after such taxation. Revision by the principal officer at Toronto may be had upon one week's notice and an appeal to a Judge in the usual manner. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 381. (36 V. c. 48, s. 291.)

402. In case of a difference between the arbitrators, the decision of the majority of them shall be conclusive. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 382. (36 V. c. 48, s. 292.)

be sworn.

Time of meeting, etc.

Costs.

Majority to decide.

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403. In the case of any award under this Act, which does Notes of the not require adoption by the Council, or in case of any award to evidence adduced to be which a Municipal Corporation is a party, and which is to be taken and made in pursuance of a submission containing an agreement filed in certain that this section of this Aet should apply thereto, the arbitrator or arbitrators shall take, and immediately after the making of the award, shall file with the Clerk of the Council, for the inspection of all parties interested, full notes of the oral evidence given on the reference, and also all documentary Arbitrators evidence or a copy thereof; and in ease they proceed partly on acting on their a view or any knowledge or skill proceed by the maken a view or any knowledge or skill possessed by themselves or ledge, etc., to any of them, they shall also put in writing a statement thereof put statement sufficiently full to allow the Court to form a judgment of the thereof in sufficiently full to allow the Court to form a judgment of the writing. weight which should be attached thereto. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 383. (36 V. e. 48, s. 293.)

404. In ease the award relates to property to be entered Award to be upon, taken or used as mentioned in section 393, and in case the binding in by-law did not authorize or profess to authorize any entry or must be adoptuse to be made of the property before an award has been made, ed by by-law except for the purpose of survey, or in case the by-law did give tain time. or profess to give such authority, but the arbitrators find that such authority had not been acted upon, the award shall not be binding on the Corporation unless it is adopted by by-law within six weeks after the making of the award; and if the same is not so adopted, the original by-law shall be deemed to be repealed, and the property shall stand as if no such by-law had been made, and the Corporation shall pay the costs of the arbitration. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 384. (36 V. e. 48, s. 294.)

405. Every award made under this Act shall be in writing Award to be under the hands of all or two of the arbitrators, and shall be made by at subject to the jurisdiction of the High Court of Justice, as if made arbitrators on a submission by a bond containing an agreement for making and subject to the submission a rule or order of such Court: and in the cases High Court. the submission a rule or order of such Court; and in the eases Powers of the provided for by section 403, the Court shall consider not only Courts in such the legality of the award but the merits as they appear from the matters. proceedings so filed as aforesaid, and may call for additional evidence to be taken in any manner the Court directs, and may, either without taking such evidence or after taking such evidence, set aside the award or remit the matters referred, or any of them, from time to time, to the eonsideration and determination of the same arbitrators, or to any other person or persons whom the Court may appoint, as prescribed in "The R. S. O. c. 50. Common Law Procedure Act," and fix the time within which such further or new award shall be made, or the Court may itself increase or diminish the amount awarded otherwise modify the award, as the justice of the case may seem to the Court to require. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 385. (36 V. c. 48, s. 295.)

TITLE V.—DEBENTURES AND OTHER INSTRU-MENTS.

To be under seal and bear signature of head. Sec. 406. Negotiating—Interest. 29-30 V. c. 51, s. 217. Railway and Bonus Debentures. Sec. 407. Defects in form. Secs. 407-409. Local Improvement Debentures. Sec. 403. Transfer of Registered Debentures. Secs. 411-413. Councils borrowing for current Expenses. Sec. 414. No issue under \$100. Sec. 415. Restrictions as to Banking. 29-30 V. c. 51, ss. 218, 219.

Debentures, bonds, etc., how to be executed.

406. All debentures and other instruments duly authorized to be executed on behalf of a Municipal Corporation shall, unless otherwise specially authorized or provided, be sealed with the seal of the Corporation, and be signed by the head thereof, or by some other person authorized by by-law to sign the same, otherwise the same shall not be valid, and it shall be the duty of the Treasurer of the Municipality to see that the money collected under such by-law is properly applied to the payment of the interest and principal of such debentures. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 386. (36 V. c. 48, s. 296.)

[Section 217 of 29-30 V. c. 51, is as follows:—

Full amount recoverable, atedatinterest exceeding six per cent., or below par.

217. Any such debenture issued as aforssaid shall be valid and recoverable to the full amount, notwithstanding its negotiation by such Corpo 4though negoti-tion at a rate less than par, or at a rate of interest greater than six centum per annum, or although a rate of interest greater than six per centum per annum is reserved thereby or made payable thereon.]

In certain cases, debentures valid rate seal, etc.

407. Any debenture issued in aid of any railway, or for any bonus, signed or endorsed and countersigned as directed without corpo- by the by-law, shall be valid and binding on the Corporation without the corporate seal thereto, or the observance of any other form with regard to the debenture than such as may be directed in the by-law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 387. (36 V. c. 48, s. 297.)

Debentures valid notwithstanding defect in form.

408. Any debentures issued under the authority of any byiaw which has been promulgated under ehapter 48, of the Acts passed in the thirty-sixth year of Her Majesty's reign, or under chapter 174 of the Revised Statutes, or under this Act, shall be valid and binding upon the corporation, notwithstanding any insufficiency in form or otherwise of such by-law, or in the authority of the Corporation in respect thereof: Provided that the said by-law has received the assent of the cleetors where necessary, and no successful application has been made to quash the same within the time limited in the notice of promulgation. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 388, part; 44 V. c. 24, s. 34. (36 V. c. 48, s. 298; 39 V. c. 7, s. 2 (Sched).)

Proviso.

409. Where any debentures have heretofore been issued by Debentures any municipality under any by-law passed by such municipality, heretofore and the interest on such debentures and the principal of such which pay thereof (if any) as shall heretofore have fallen due, has been ment has been heretofore paid for the period of two years of more, by the made for two municipality, such by-law and the debentures issued thereun-good and valid. der, or such thereof as may yet be unpaid, shall be valid and binding upon the Corporation, and shall not be quashed or set aside on any ground whatever: Provided, that this section shall Proviso. not affect any by-law, debenture, or debt which is the subject of any action or proceeding now pending and brought to quash or set aside such by-law or debenture, or any by-law or debenture, the validity of which is questioned in any suit or proceeding now pending, to which the Corporation issuing the same is a party. 44 V. e. 24, s. 27. See sec. 354.

410. Every debenture issued under section 612 of this Act, Form of loca or under the provisions of any other Act relating to the issue improvement of debentures for local improvement purposes shall been as its debentures. of debentures for local improvement purposes, shall bear on its face the words "Local Improvement Debenture," and shall contain a reference by date and number to the by law under which it is issued:

Provided always, that (in order to obviate a difficulty which Consolidation. has been found to prevail in negotiating such local improvement debentures, in consequence of many of the same having to be issued for small and broken amounts), councils may, from time to time, after the passage of the several by-laws covering the several amounts required for particular local improvements as therein specified, and without in any way affecting the liens on the lands therein named and to be improved thereby, further pass a collective or cumulative by-law consolidating such several amounts, and issue the required debentures in a general consecutive issue under such consolidated by-law, apportioning, nevertheless, the amount raised thereby, and crediting each service with the amount previously estimated and named for the same under the individual by-law passed in the first instance;

And for the purpose of more readily earrying this proviso into effect, councils desiring to avail themselves of the same, shall insert a clause in such individual by-laws, intimating that the amount of debentures to be issued thereunder is subject to consolidation, and in such ease it shall be sufficient to state in said individual by-laws that the said amount of debentures to be issued thereunder shall be issued at so many years from the date of issue of the same, without defining a specific date; and provided further that no consolidated debentures shall be issued, covering any debentures which may have been issued

or sold under any original by-law. 45 V. c. 23, s. 3.

411. Any debentures to be issued by any Municipal Coun- Mode of transcil may contain a provision in the following words:

fer may be prescribed. Chap. 18.

"This debenture, or any interest therein, shall not, after a certificate of ownership has been endorsed thereon by the Treasurer of this Municipal Corporation, be transferable, except by entry by the Treasurer or his deputy in the Debeuture Registry Book of the said Corporation at the Town (or Village) of "or to the like effect." R. S. O. c. 174, s. 390. (36 V. c. 48, s. 300.)

Debenture registry book.

412. The Treasurer of every Mumcipality issuing any debentures containing the provision in the last section mentioned, shall open and keep a Debenture Registry Book, in which he shall enter a copy of all certificates of ownership of debentures, which he may give, and also every subsequent transfer of any such debenture; such entry shall not be made except upon the written authority of the person last entered in such book as the owner of such debenture, or of his executors or administrators, or of his or their lawful attorney, which authority shall be retained by the said Treasurer and duly filed. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 391. (36 V. c. 48, s. 301.)

Registered debentures transferred by entry, etc.

4.13. After such certificate of ownership has been endorsed as aforesaid, such debenture shall only be transferable by entry, by the Treasurer of the Municipality or his deputy, in such Debenture Registry Book, from time to time, as transfers of such debenture are authorized by the then owner thereof, or his lawful attorney. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 392. (36 V. c. 48, s. 302.)

Council may authorize the borrowing of sums to pay current expenses.

414. The Council of every Municipality may authorize its head, with the Treasurer thereof, under the seal of the Corporation, to borrow from any person or bank such sums as may be required to meet the then current expenditure of the Corporation, until such time as the taxes levied therefor can be collected, and the Council shall by by-law regulate the amounts to be so borrowed, and the promissory note or notes, eovenant, or agreement to be given in security therefor. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 393; 42 V. c. 31, s. 14. (36 V. c. 48, s. 303.)

Without special authority, no bond, for less than \$100.

Proviso.

415. No Council shall, unless specially authorized so to do, make or give any bond, bill, note, debenture or other undertaketc., to be given ing, for the payment of a less amount than \$100; and any bond, bill, note, debenture or other undertaking issued in contravention of this section, shall be void: but nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect or repeal so much of the provisions of sections 218 and 219 of the Act of the Parliament of the late Province of Canada passed in the session held in the twentyninth and thirtieth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, and chaptered fifty-one, as is intended to prohibit Municipal Councils acting as bankers, or issuing notes to circulate as those of a bank. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 394. (36 V. c. 48, s. 304.)

[Sections 218 and 219 of 29-30 V. c. 51, are as follows:—

Restrictions upon councils as to banking, issuing bills, bonds, etc.

218. No Council shall act as bankers, or issue any bond, bill, note, debenture or other undertaking, of any kind or in any form, in the nature of a bank bill or note, or intended to form a circulating medium, or to supply VIC.

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or te pply supply the place of specie, or to pass as money: nor, unless specially authorized so to do, shall any Council make or give any bond, bill, note, debenture or other undertaking, for the payment of a less amount than \$100; and any bond, bill, note, debenture or other undertaking issued in centravention of this section shall be void.

219. In case any person issues or maker, or assists in issuing or mak- To issue bank ing, or knowingly utters or tenders in payment or exchange, any bond, notes, etc., bill, note, debenture or undertaking, of any kind or in any form, in the contrary to nature of a bank bill or note, intended to form a circulating medium, or this Act, de-to supply the place of specie or to page as money contrary to this Act, clared a misto supply the place of specie, or to pass as money, contrary to this Act, demeanor. such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

TITLE VI.—RESPECTING THE ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE AND JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS.

DIV. I.—JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

DIV. II.—PENALTIES.

DIV. III.—WITNESSES AND JURORS.

DIV. IV.—CONVICTIONS UNDER BY-LAWS.

DIV. V.—EXECUTION AGAINST MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

DIV. VI.—TENDER OF AMENDS.

DIV. VII.—CONTRACTS VOID IN EQUITY.

DIV. VIII.—POLICE OFFICE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

DIV. IX.—BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF POLICE AND POLICE FORCE IN CITIES AND TOWNS.

DIV. X.—COURT HOUSES, GAOLS AND PLACES OF IM-PRISONMENT.

DIV. XI.—INVESTIGATIONS AS TO MALFEASANCE OF COR-PORATE OFFICERS.

DIV. XII.—WHEN MAYOR MAY CALL OUT Posse Comitatus.

DIVISION I.—JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Justices of the Peace, Who are ex officio. Sec. 416. Jurisdiction of Mayors of Cities and Towns. Sec. 417. Qualification and Outh of ex officio Justices. Sec. 418. Jurisdiction of Justices in cases under By-laws. Secs. 419, 420.

- 416. The head of every Council, and the Reeve of every Certain per-Town, Township, and incorporated Village, shall, ex officio, be sons to be ex Justices of the Peace for the whole County, or Union of Counties, officio justices in which their respective Municipalities lie and Ald in which their respective Municipalities lie, and Aldermen in Cities shall be Justices of the Peace for such Cities. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 395. (36 V. c. 48, s. 306.)
- 417. The Mayor of a Town or City where there is no Police Jurisdiction of Magistrate, shall have jurisdiction, in addition to his other mayors over powers, to try and determine all prosecutions for offences against certain offences.

the by-laws of the Town or City, and for penalties for refusing to accept office therein, or to make the necessary declarations of qualification and office. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 396. (36 V. c. 48, s. 309.)

Qualification of certain officials.

418. No Warden, Mayor, Reeve, or Alderman, after taking the oaths or making the declarations as such, shall be required to have any property qualification, or to take any further oath to enable him to act as a Justice of the Peace. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 397. (36 V. c. 48, s. 314.)

Jurisdiction of justices under by-laws.

419. Every Justice of the Peace for a County shall have jurisdiction in all cases arising under any by law of any Municipality in such County, where there is no Police Magistrate. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 398. (36 V. c. 48, s. 310.)

Jurisdiction in cases not specially provided for.

420. In case any offence is committed against a by-law of a Council, for the prosecution of which offence no other provision is made, any Justice of the Peace having jurisdiction in the locality where the offender resides, or where the offence was committed, whether the Justice is a member of the Council or not, may try and determine any prosecution for the offence. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 399. (36 V. c. 48, s. 311.)

DIVISION II.—PENALTIES.

Recovery and enforcement thereof. Secs. 421-423. On offences against By-Laws. Sec. 422. Application of penalties. Sec. 424.

Recovery and enforcement of penalties.

in default of payment.

421. Every fine and penalty imposed by or under the authority of this Act may, unless where other provision is specially made therefor, be recovered and enforced with costs, by summary conviction, before any Justice of the Peace for the County, or of the Municipality in which the offence was committed; Imprisonment and in default of payment the offender may be committed to the Common Gaol, House of Correction, or Lock-up House of such County or Municipality, there to be imprisoned for any time, in the discretion of the convicting Justice, not exceeding (unless where other provision is specially made) 30 days and with or without hard labour, unless such fine and penalty, and costs, including the costs of the committal, are sooner paid. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 400; 42 V. c. 31, s. 15. (36 V. c. 48, s. 315.)

Penalties imposed by by laws.

Award of penalty and

422. The Justice or other authority before whom a prosecution is had for an offence against a municipal by-law, may convict the offender on the oath or affirmation of any credible witness, and shall award the whole or such part of the penalty or punishment imposed by the by-law as he thinks fit, with

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the costs of prosecution, and may by warrant, under the hand and seal of the Justice or other authority, or in case two or more Justices act together therein, then under the hand and seal of one of them, cause any such pecuniary penalty and costs, or costs only, if not forthwith paid, to be levied by distress and How levied. sale of the goods and chattels of the offender. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 401. (36 V. c. 48, s. 317.)

- 423. In case of there being no distress found out of which Commitment the penalty can be levied, the Justice may commit the offender in default of to the Common Gaol, House of Correction, or nearest Lock-up House, for the term, or some part thereof, specified in the bylaw. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 402. (36 V. c. 48, s. 318.)
- 424. Unless otherwise provided, when the pecuniary penalty Fines, how has been levied under this Act, one moiety thereof shall go to applied. the informer or prosecutor, and the other moiety to the Municipal Corporation, unless the prosecution is brought in the name of the Corporation, in which case the whole of the pecuniary penalty shall be paid to the Corporation. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 403. (36 V. c. 48, s. 319.)

[See as to summary method of enforcing by-laws, Sec. 485.]

DIVISION III.—WITNESSES AND JURORS.

Who may be witnesses. Secs. 425, 426.
Ratepayers, members, officers, etc., of Corporations liable to challenge as jurors. Sec. 426.
Compelling attendance of witnesses. Sec. 427.

- 425 Upon the hearing of any information of complaint who may be exhibited or made under this Act, the person giving or making witnesses. the information or complaint shall be a competent witness, notwithstanding such person may be entitled to part of the pecuniary penalty on the conviction of the offender, and the defendant, and the wife or husband of such persons opposing or defending, shall also be competent witnesses; and all the said persons shall be compellable to give evidence on such hearing. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 404. (36 V. c. 10, s. 4; 36 V. c. 48, s. 320.)
- 426. In any prosecution, suit, action, or proceeding in any Ratepayers, civil matter to which a Municipal Corporation is a party, no members, ratepayer, member, officer or servant of the Corporation, shall, corporation account of his being such, be incompetent as a witness; but competent they, and every of them, shall be liable to challenge as a juror, may be chalexcept where the Corporation, the party to such prosecution, lenged as suit, action or proceeding, is a County. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 405.

427.

Compelling witnesses to attend, etc.

427. In prosecuting under any by-law, or for the breach of any by-law, witnesses may be compelled to attend and give evidence in the same manner, and by the same process, as witnesses are compelled to attend and give evidence on summary proceedings before Justices of the Peace in cases tried summarily, under the statutes now in force, or which may be hereafter enacted. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 406. (36 V. c. 48, s. 322.)

DIVISION IV.—Convictions under By-Laws.

Form of Conviction. Sec. 428.

Form of conviction under by-laws.

428. It shall not be necessary in any conviction made under any by-law of any Municipal Corporation, to set out the information, appearance or non-appearance of the defendant, or the evidence or by-law under which the conviction is made, but all such convictions may be in the form following:

BE IT REMEMBERED PROVINCE OF ONTARIO, } that on the day of To Wir.

A. B. is convicted before the undersigned, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the said County, for that the County of To WIT. said A.B. (stating the offence, and time and place, and when and where committed), contrary to a certian by-law of the Municipality of the of , in the said County of passed on the day of A.D., and intituled (reciting the title of bylaw); and I adjudge the said A.B., for his said offence, to forfeit and , to be paid and applied according to law, and pay the sum of also to pay to C.D., the complainant, the sum of in this behalf. And if the said several sums are not paid forthwith (or on as the case may be), I order day of that the same be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the said A.B.; and in default of sufficient distress, I adjudge the said A. B. to be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the said County of) for the space of (or, in the public Lock-up at days, unless the said several sums, and all costs and charges of conveying the said A. B. to such Gaol (or Lock-up), are sooner paid. Given under my hand and seal, the day and year first above written

en under my hand and sear, the day and year in the said County.

(L.S.)

J. M.,

J. P.

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 407. (36 V. c. 48, s. 323.)

DIVISION V.—EXECUTION AGAINST MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

Proceedings thereon. Sec. 429.
Municipal Officers, also Officers of Court. Sec. 430.

Proceedings on writs of execution against municipalities

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429. Any writ of execution against a Municipal Corporation may be endorsed with a direction to the Sheriff to levy the amount thereof by rate, and the proceedings thereon shall then be the following:

(1)

(1) The Sheriff shall deliver a copy of the writ and endorse-Sheriff to dement to the Treasurer, or leave such eopy at the office or dwell-liver copy of ing-house of that officer, with a statement in writing of the ment of claim Sheriff's fees, and of the amount required to satisfy such execu- to treasurer. tion, including in such amount the interest calculated to some day as near as is convenient to the day of the service;

- (2) In ease the amount, with interest thereon from the day if claim not mentioned in the statement, is not paid to the Sheriff within paid, rate to one month after the service, the Sheriff shall examine the Sheriff. assessment rolls of the Corporation, and shall, in like manner as rates are struck for general municipal purposes, strike a rate sufficient in the dollar to cover the amount due on the execution, with such addition to the same as the Sheriff deems sufficient to cover the interest, his own fees, and the Collector's percentage, up to the time when such rate will probably be available;
- (3) The Sheriff shall thereupon issue a precept or precepts, Sheriff's preunder his hand and seal of office, directed to the Collector or cept to collect respective Collectors of the Corporation, and shall annex to levy rate. every precept the roll of such rate, and shall by such precept, after reciting the writ, and that the Corporation had neglected to satisfy the same, and referring to the roll annexed to the precept, command the Collector or Collectors, within their respective jurisdictions, to levy such rate at the time and in the manner by law required in respect of the general annual rates;
- (4) In case at the time for levying the annual rates next Rate rolls. after the receipt of such precept, the Collectors have a general rate roll delivered to them for such year, they shall add a column thereto, headed "Execution rate in A. B. vs. The Township" (or as the case may be, adding a similar column for each execution if more than one), and shall insert therein the amount by such precept required to be levied upon each person respectively, and shall levy the amount of such execution rate as aforesaid, and shall, within the time they are required to make the returns of the general annual rate, return to the Sheriff the precept with the amount levied thereon, after deducting their percentage;
- (5) The Sheriff shall, after satisfying the execution and all Surplus. fees thereon, pay any surplus, within ten days after receiving the same, to the Treasurer, for the general purposes of the Corporation. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 408. (36 V. c. 48, s. 324.)
- 430. The Clerk, Assessors and Collectors of the Corporation Clerk, assesshall, for all purposes connected with carrying into effect, or sors and col-permitting or assisting the Shariff to carry into effect the pro-lectors to be permitting or assisting the Sheriff to carry into effect, the pro- officers of the visions of this Act, with respect to such executions, be deemed court from to be officers of the Court out of which the writ issued and as which writ to be officers of the Court out of which the writ issued, and as issues. such shall be amenable to the Court, and may be proceeded against by attachment, mandamus or otherwise, in order to compel them to perform the duties hereby imposed upon them. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 409. (36 V. c. 48, s. 325.)

DIVISION

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DIVISION VI.—TENDER OF AMENDS.

Tender and payment into Court in actions for negligence. Sec. 431.

Tender of compensation in actions for negligence.

431. The Council of any Municipality, upon any claim being made or action brought against any such Municipality for damages for alleged negligence on the part of such Municipality, may tender, or pay into court, as the case may be, such amount as they may consider proper compensation for the damage sustained, and in the event of the non-acceptance by the claimant of such tender or the amount paid into court, and the action being proceeded with, and a verdict being obtained for a less amount than the amount so tendered or paid into court, the costs of suit shall be awarded to the defendants, and set off against any verdict which shall have been obtained against them. 44 V. c. 24, s. 25. (See sec. 341.)

DIVISION VII.—CONTRACTS VOID IN EQUITY.

Contracts with Members of Council. Sec. 432.

void in any

432. In case a member of the Council of any Municipality, members with either in his own name or in the name of another, and either the corporation to be held alone or jointly with another, enters into a contract of any tion to be held in which the Corporation is kind, or makes a purchase or sale in which the Corporation is a party interested, and which is on that account void or voidable in Equity, the same contract, purchase or sale shall be held void in any action thereon against the Corporation. R.S.O. c. 174, s. 410. (36 V. c. 48, s. 327.)

DIVISION VIII.—POLICE OFFICE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

(See also R. S. O. c. 72; 41 V. c. 4.)

In Cities and Towns. Sec. 433. Clerk of. Sec. 434.

Police Offices in cities and towns.

433. The Council of every Town and City shall establish therein a Police Office; and the Police Magistrate, or in his absence, or where there is no Police Magistrate, the Mayor of the Town or City shall attend at such Police Office daily or at such times and for such period as may be necessary for the disposal of the business brought before him as a Justice of the Peace; but any Justice of the Peace having jurisdiction in a Town or City may, at the request of the Mayor thereof, act in his stead at the Police Office.

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(2) Except in cases of urgent necessity, no attendance is re-Days on which quired on Sunday, Christmas Day or Good Friday, or any day attendance not appointed by proclamation for a Public Fast, Thanksgiving, or Holiday, or on any day set apart by the Council as a Civic Holiday. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 411. (36 V. c. 48, s. 328.)

(3) Every Police Magistrate shall be entitled to receive the Fees of police same fees and emoluments as are paid to justices of the peace; magistrate, and in case a Police Magistrate is paid by a fixed salary, the said fees and emoluments, whether received by him as Police Magistrate or as a Justice of the Peace, shall be paid to the municipality and form part of its funds; but this section shall not authorize the imposition of such fees by a Police Magistrate, who is paid by fixed salary, upon any Inspector of Licenses or upon any Provincial officer appointed under the Liquor License Act in or in respect of any case or complaint prosecuted by him or them under the said License Act or under the Canada Temperance Act of 1878, or upon any person or persons who, by the written authority of the Attorney-General of this Province, prosecutes any complaint under either of the said Acts.

(4) No Municipal Council shall have power to reduce the Reduction of salary of any police magistrate without the sanction of the salary of police Lieutenant-Governor in Council.

(5) No Police Magistrate need act in any case arising outside When police of the limits of the city, town or place for which he is Police magistrate Magistrate, unless he sees fit so to do. 43 V. c. 24, s. 9.

434. The Clerk of the Council of every City or Town, or such Clerk of police other person as the Council of the City or Town appoints for office, and his that purpose, shall be the Clerk of the Police Office thereof, and perform the same duties and receive the same emoluments as Clerks of Justices of the Peace; and in case the said Clerk If paid by is paid by a fixed salary, the said emoluments shall be paid by salary, fees to him to the Municipality, and form part of its funds, and such municipality. Clerk shall be the officer of and under the Police Magistrate. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 412. (36 V. c. 48, s. 329.)

Division IX.—Board of Commissioners of Police and Police Force in Cities and Towns.

Board, members of. Sec. 435.

Powers of Commissioners as to witnesses. Sec. 436.

Quorum. Sec. 436.

Meetings of Board in cities to be public. Sec. 436.

Licensing, etc., livery stables, cabs, etc. Sec. 437.

By-laws of, how authenticated and proved. Sec. 438.

Penalties, how recoverable. Sec. 439.

High Builiffs. Sec. 440.

Police Force, appointment of. Secs. 441, 442.

Police Regulations. Sec. 443.

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Duties of Constables. Sec. 444.

Remuneration and Expenses of Police Force. Sec. 445. Constables in Towns where no Police Commissioners. Sec.

Constables in Incorporated Villages. Sec. 446. Dissolution of certain Boards in Towns. Sec. 447. Arrests without warrant. Sec. 448. Suspension from office. Secs. 449, 450.

Board of commissioners of police in cities and towns, of whom companed.

435. In every City there is hereby constituted a Board of Commissioners of Police, and in every Town having a Police Magistrate the Council may constitute a like Board, and such Board shall consist of the Mayor, the Judge of the County Court of the County in which the City or Town is situate, and the Police Magistrate; and in case the office of County Judge or that of Police Magistrate is vacant, the Council of the City shall and the Council of the Town may appoint a person resident therein to be a member of the Board, or two persons so resident to be members thereof, as the case may require, during such vacancy; but the Council of any such Town may at any time, by by-law, dissolve and put an end to the Board, and thereafter the Council shall have and exercise all powers and duties previously had or exercised by the Board. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 413. (37 V. c. 16, s. 10.)

Powers as to witnesses,

Majority to constitute a quornin.

436. Such Commissioners shall have power to summon and examine witnesses on oath in all matters connected with the administration of their duties; and a majority of the Board shall constitute a quorum, and the acts of a majority shall be considered acts of the Board. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 414. (36 V. c. 48, s. 334; 37 V. c. 16, s. 10.)

Meetings in cities to la

(2) All meetings of the Board of Police Commissioners in open to public. Cities shall be open to the press and the public, unless otherwise decided by the Board. 45 V. c. 23, s. 8.

Licensing, etc., livery stables, cabs, etc., in cities.

437. The Board of Commissioners of Police shall in Cities regulate and license the owners of livery stables and of horses, cabs, carriages, omnibuses, and other vehicles used for hire, and shall establish the rates of fare to be taken by the owners or drivers, and may provide for enforcing payment of such rates, and for such purposes shall pass by-laws and enforce the same in the manner and to the extent in which any by-law to be passed under the authority of this Act may be enforced. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 415. (36 V. c. 48, s. 335.)

Shall make by-laws.

Where no (2) The Council of any City in which there is no Board of board, conneil Commissioners of Police shall have and may exercise by by-law, may exercise wwers under all the powers conferred upon the Board of Commissioners by this section. 45 V. e. 23, s. 9.

this section. How by laws

thenticated and proved.

438. All by-laws of such Board of Commissioners of Police shall be sufficiently authenticated by being signed by the c.

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Chairman of the Board, which passes the same; and a copy of any such by-law written or printed and certified to be a true copy by any member of such Board, shall be deemed authentic and be received in evidence in any Court of Justice without proof of any such signature, unless it is specially pleaded or alleged that the signature to any such original by-law has been forged. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 416. (36 V. c. 48, s. 336.)

- 439. In all cases where the Board of Commissioners of May be en-Police are authorized to make by-laws, either under this or any forced by other Act or law, they shall have power in and by such by-laws to attach penalties for the infraction thereof, to be re-How recovered and enforced by summary proceedings before the ed. Police Magistrate of the City for which the same are passed, or, in his absence, before any Justice of the Peace having jurisdiction therein, in the manner and to the extent that by-laws of City Councils may be enforced under the authority of this Act; and the convictions in such proceedings may be in the form hereinbefore set forth. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 417. (36 V. c. 48, s. 337.)
- 440. The Council of every City shall appoint a High Bailiff, High bailiffs. but may provide by by-law that the offices of High Bailiff and Chief Constable shall be held by the same person. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 418. (36 V. c. 48, s. 338.)
- 441. The Police Force in Citics and Towns having a Board Police force in of Commissioners of Police, shall consist of a Chief Constable cities and and as many Constables and other officers and assistants as the Council from time to time deem necessary, but in Cities, not less in number than the Board reports to be absolutely required; but this section shall not affect or apply to any city in which by the special Act of incorporation thereof, provision is made for the appointment, control and management of the police by the Council. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 419; 44 V. c. 24, s. 23. (37 V. c. 16, s. 11.)
- 442. The members of such Police Force shall be appointed Appointment by and hold their offices at the pleasure of the Board, and shall of members take and subscribe to the following oath:—
- 1, A. B., do swear that I will well and truly serve our Sovereign Lady Oath of office. the Queen in the office of Police Constable for the without favour or affection, malice or ill-will; and that I will, to the best of my power, cause the peace to be kept and preserved, and will prevent all offences against the persons and properties of Her Majesty's subjects; and that while I continue to hold the said office, I will, to the best of my skill and knowledge, discharge all the duties thereof faithfully according to law.

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 420. (36 V. c. 48, s. 340.)

443. The Board shall, from time to time, make such regu-Board to make lations as they may deem expedient for the government of the police regulations.

Chap. 18.

force, and for preventing neglect or abuse, and for rendering the force efficient in the discharge of all its duties. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 421. (36 V. c. 48, s. 341.)

Constables to be subject to the Board. Duties of constables.

444. The Constables shall obey all lawful directions, and be subject to the government of the Board, and shall be charged with the special duties of preserving the peace, preventing robberies and other felonies and misdemeanors, and apprehending offenders; and shall have generally all the powers and privileges, and be liable to all the duties and responsibities which belong by law to Constables duly appointed. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 422. (36 V. c. 48, s. 342.)

Remuneration expenses.

445. The Council shall appropriate and pay such remuneraand contingent tion for and to the respective members of the force as may be required by the Board of Commissioners of Police, and shall provide and pay for all such offices, watch-houses, watch-boxes, arms, accoutrements, clothing and other necessaries as the Board may from time to time deem requisite and require for the payment, accommodation and use of the force; but this section shall not affect or apply to any city in which by the special Act of incorporation thereof provision is made for the appointment, control and management of the Police by the Council. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 423; 44 V. c. 24, s. 23. (36 V. c. 48, s. 343.)

Constables in towns and villages.

446. The Council of every Town not having a Board of Commissioners of Police shall, and the Council of every incorporated Village may, appoint one Chief Constable, and one or more Constables for the Municipality; and the persons so appointed shall hold office during the pleasure of the Council. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 424. (37 V. c. 16, s. 12.)

Dissolution of boards of police commissioners in towns.

447. Wherever in any Town there was on the twentyfourth day of March, 1874, a Board of Commissioners of Police constituted under the Acts then in force respecting Municipal Institutions in this Province, the Council of said Town may by by-law dissolve and put an end to said Board, and thereafter the Council shall have and exercise all powers and duties which might, under said Acts, have been had or exercised by said Board; and unless and until so dissolved and put an end to, the said Board shall have and exercise all the powers and duties which, but for this section, would have been exercised or had by said Board. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 425. (37 V. c. 16, s. 13.)

Arrests by constables for mitted in their presence.

448. In case any person complains to a Chief of Police, or to a Constable in a Town or City, of a breach of the peace breachesof the having been committed, and in case such officer has reason to peace not com- believe that a breach of the peace has been committed, though not in his presence, and that there is good reason to apprehend that the arrest of the person charged with committing the same is necessary to prevent his escape or to prevent a renewal of a

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breach of the peace, or to prevent immediate violence to person or property, then if the person complaining gives satisfactory security to the officer that he will without delay appear and prosecute the charge before the Police Magistrate or before the Mayor or sitting Justice, such officer may, without warrant, arrest the person charged in order to his being conveyed as soon as conveniently may be before the Magistrate, Mayor or Justice, to be dealt with according to law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 426. (36 V. c. 48, s. 345.)

- 449. Until the organization of a Board of Police, every Until a board Mayor or Police Magistrate may, within his jurisdiction, sus- of police is pend from office, for any period in his discretion, sue Chief organized, Constable, or any Constable of the Town or City, and may, if may suspend he chooses, appoint some other person to the office during such ble, etc., from period; and in case he considers the suspended officer deserving office, etc. of dismissal, he shall, immediately after suspending him, report the case to the Council, and the Council may dismiss such officer, or may direct him to be restored to his office after the period of his suspension has expired: and the City Council shall have the like powers as to the High Bailiff of the City. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 427. (36 V. c. 48, s. 346.)
- 450. During the suspension of such officer he shall not be Incapacity of capable of acting in his office except by the written permission such officer to of the Mayor or Police Magistrate who suspended him, nor Salary to during such suspension shall he be entitled to any salary or recease. muneration. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 428. (36 V. c. 48, s. 347.)

DIVISION X.—COURT-HOUSES, GAOLS AND PLACES OF IMPRISON-MENT.

Erection and care of. Secs. 451-469, 472-475.

Use of by Maritime Court. Sec. 466.

Insurable interest of Corporations. Sec. 470.

Furniture. Sec. 471.

Who to be confined in. Secs. 459, 461, 462, 476, 479; 29-30

V. c. 51, ss. 409, 414 and 415.

Expense of prisoners. Secs. 477, 478.

- 451. Every County Council may pass by-laws for erecting, County countimproving and repairing a Court-House, Gaol, House of Correction, and House of Industry, upon land being the property of county build-the Municipality, and shall preserve and keep the same in reings; pair, and provide the food, fuel and other supplies required for the same. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 429. (36 V. c. 48, s. 348.)
- 452. Every County Council may, when a Court House is re- And for acquired to be erected within the limits of a city, pass by-laws quiring land for entering upon, taking, using, and acquiring such land for courtass may be necessary or convenient for the purposes of such cities. court house. 43 V. c. 24, s. 20.

Chap. 18.

453. The Gaol, Court-House and House of Correction of the court-houses in County in which a Town or City, not separated for all purcities, etc., not poscs from a County, is situate, shall also be the Gaol, Court-House, and House of Correction of the Town or City, and shall in the case of such City, continue to be so until the Council of the City otherwise directs; and the Sheriff, Gaoler and Keeper of the Gaol and House of Correction shall receive and safely keep, until duly discharged, all persons committed thereto by any competent authority of the Town or City. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 430. (36 V. c. 48, s. 349.)

City councils may erect, etc., certain public buildings.

454. The Council of any City may erect, preserve, improve, and provide for the proper keeping of a Court-House, Gaol, House of Correction and House of Industry upon lands being the property of the Municipality, and may pass by-laws for all or any of such purposes. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 431. 48, s. 350.)

Lock-up established by county coun-

455. The Council of every County may establish and maintain a Lock-up House or Lock-up Houses within the County, and may establish and provide for the salary or fees to be paid to the Constable to be placed in charge of every such Lock-up House, and may direct the payment of the salary out of the funds of the County. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 432. (36 V. c. 48, s. 351.)

A constable to be placed in charge.

456. Every Lock-up House shall be placed in the charge of a Constable specially appointed for that purpose by the Magistrates of the County at a General Sessions of the Peace therefor. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 433. (36 V. c. 48, s. 352.)

Lock-up houses.

457. The Council of every City, Township, Town, and incorporated Village may, by by-law, establish, maintain and regulate Lock-up Houses for the detention and imprisonment of persons sentenced to imprisonment for not more than ten days under any by-law of the Council; and of persons detained for examination on a charge of having committed any offence; and of persons detained for transmission to any Common Gaol or House of Correction, either for trial or in the execution of any sentence; and such Councils shall have all the powers and authorities conferred on County Councils in relation to Lockup Houses. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 434. (36 V. e. 48, s. 353.)

Joint lock-up houses.

458. Two or more Municipalities may unite to establish and maintain a Lock-up House. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 435. V. c. 48, s. 354.)

Land may be acquired for industrial farms, house of industry, refuge, etc.

459. The Council of every County, City or Town separated from a County may acquire an estate in landed property for an Industrial Farm, and may establish a House of Industry and a House of Refuge, and provide by by-law for the erection and repair thereof, and for the appointment, payment and duties of Inspectors, Keepers, Matrons and other servants for

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the superintendence, care and management of such Houses of Industry or Refuge, and in like manner make rules and regulations (not repugnant to law) for the government of the same.

(2) Any two or more United Counties, or any two or more Proviso as to contiguous Counties, or any City and one or more Counties, or united or contiguous counties, or any Town or one or more Counties, programme of the contiguous counties, or any Town or one or more Counties, programme of the contiguous counties, or any City and one or more Counties, or united or contiguous counties, or any City and one or more Counties, or united or contiguous counties, or any City and one or more Counties, or united or contiguous counties, or any City and one or more Counties, or united or contiguous counties, or any City and one or more Counties, or united or contiguous counties, or any City and one or more Counties, or united or contiguous counties, or any City and one or more contiguous counties, or united or contiguous counties, or any City and one or more contiguous counties, or any City and one or more contiguous counties, or any city and one or more contiguous counties, or any city and one or more contiguous counties, or any city and one or more contiguous counties, or any city and one or contiguous counties, or any city and ci any Town or one or more Counties, may agree to have only ties. one House of Industry or Refuge for such united or contiguous Counties, or City and Counties, or Town and Counties, and maintain and keep up the same in the manner herein provided. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 436. (36 V. c. 48, s. 355.)

(3) The Council may provide, by by-law, for requiring such Power to persons as may be sent to such Industrial Farm or other place compet perto work on the said Farm, or at any work or service for the said industrial Municipality at such times, and for such hours, and at such farms, etc., to trade or labour as they may appear to be adapted for respectively, and for buying and selling material therefor, and for applying the earnings, or parts thereof, of such persons for their maintenance or the mointenance of the wife and child or wife or children (if any) of such persons, or for the general maintenance of the farm or other place as aforesaid, or for aiding such persons to reach their friends (if any) or any place to which it may be deemed advisable to send them. 44 V. c. 24, s. 9.

460. The Inspector of a House of Industry or Refuge ap- Inspectors to pointed as aforesaid, shall keep an account of the charges of keep and renerecting, keeping, upholding and maintaining the House of of expenses, Industry or Refuge, and of all materials found and furnished etc. therefor, together with the names of the persons received into the House, as well as those discharged therefrom, and also of the earnings; and such account shall be rendered to the County Council every year, or oftener when required by a bylaw of the Council; and a copy thereof shall be presented to the Legislature. R. S. O. e, 174, s. 437. (36 V. e. 48, s. 356.)

461. The Council of every City and Town may respectively By-laws may pass by-laws:

- (1) For erecting and establishing within the City or Town, and houses of or on such Industrial Farm, or on any ground held by the correction. Corporation for public exhibitions, a Workhouse or House of Correction, and for regulating the government thereof. R.S.O. e. 174, s. 438 (1);
- (2) For committing and sending, with or without hard Who liable to labour, to the Workhouse, or House of Correction, or to the thereto. Industrial Farm, House of Industry, House of Refuge, or House for the Poor, Aged, and Infirm, or Loek-up, or to any work or service for the said Municipality as aforesaid, by the Mayor, Police Magistrate, or Justice of the Peace, while having jurisdiction

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jurisdiction in the Municipality, such disorderly persons, drunkards, vagrants, indigent persons, and such description of persons as are set forth or referred to in section 369 of the Aet passed in the thirty-sixth year of Her Majesty's reign, chaptered 48, and as may by the Council be deemed, and by by-law be declared, expedient; and such Farm, House of Correction, House of Industry, House of Refuge, or House for the Poor, Aged, or Infirm, Lock-up house, or ground held as aforesaid, shall, for the purposes in this sub-section mentioned, be deemed to be within the Municipality and the jurisdiction thereof. 44 V. c. 24, s. 10. See post, sec. 479.

Until houses of correction erected, the common gaols are constituted houses of correction.

462. Until separate Houses of Correction are creeted in the several Counties in Ontario, the Common Gaol in each County respectively shall be a House of Correction; and every idle and disorderly person, or rogue and vagabond, and incorrigible rogue, and any other person by law subject to be committed to a House of Correction, shall, unless otherwise provided by law, be committed to the said Common Gaols respectively. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 439. (C. S. U. C. c. 127, s. 11.)

Custody of gaols.
Keepers.

463. The Sheriff shall have the care of the County Gaol, gaol offices and yard, and gaoler's apartments, and the appointment of the keepers thereof, whose salaries shall be fixed by the County Council, subject to the revision or requirement of the Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 440. (36 V. c. 48, s. 358.)

Appointment and dismissal of gaolers. (2) Every appointment or dismissal of a gaoler shall be subject to the approval of the Licutenant-Governor. 43 V. c. 24, s. 27.

Gaoler to have a yearly salary in place of all fees, perquisites or impositions whatever.

464. The salary of the gaoler shall be in lieu of all fees, perquisites or impositions of any sort or kind whatever; and no gaoler or officer belonging to the Gaol shall demand or receive any fee, perquisite or other payment from any prisoner confined within the Gaol or prison. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 441. (C. S. U. C. c. 127, s. 5.)

County council to have care of court-house, etc.

465. The County Council shall have the eare of the Court House and of all offices and rooms and grounds connected therewith, whether the same forms a separate building or is connected with the Gaol, and shall have the appointment of the keepers thereof, whose duty it shall be to attend to the proper lighting, heating and cleaning thereof; and shall from time to time provide all necessary and proper accommodation, fuel, light and furniture for the Courts of Justice other than the Division Courts, and shall provide proper offices, together with tuel, light and furniture, for all officers connected with such Courts other than official assignees. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 442; 42 V. c. 31, s. 16. (36 V. c. 48, s. 359.) As to inspection, construction and repairing of Court Houses, see 44 V. c. 5, s. 89.

466.

- 466. In case sittings of the Maritime Court of Ontario or of Use of courtany Judge thereof are appointed to be held in any City, Town, house by Maritime Court or place in which a Court-House is situated, the Court or Judge shall, for all purposes connected with the said Maritime Court and its process, have the same authority as the County Court or a Judge thereof, in regard to the use of the Court-House, Gaol and other buildings or apartments set apart in the County for the administration of justice. 41 V. c. 3, s. 1.
- 467. In any City not being a separate County for all pur-City gaols to poses, but having a Gaol or Court-House separate from the be regulated County Gaol or Court-House, the care of such City Gaol or city council. Court-House shall be regulated by the by-laws of the City Council. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 443. (36 V. c. 48, s. 360.)
- 468. In case of a separation of a Union of Counties. all Upon separarules and regulations, and all matters and things in any statute that of our for the regulation of, or relating to Court-Houses or Gaols in gaoland conrespondence of the separation, shall extend to the Court-house regulations or Gaol of the Junior County. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 444. tinue.
- 469. Citics and Towns separated from Counties shall, as Liability of parts of their respective Counties for Judicial purposes, bear cities and parts of their respective Counties for ordicial purposes, ocar town separa-and pay their just share or proportion of all charges and ex-ted from counpenses from time to time as the same may be incurred of erect-ties for erection and processing a ing, building and repairing and maintaining the Court-House tenance of and Gaol of their respective Counties, and of the proper light-court-house. ing, cleansing and heating thereof, and of providing all necessary and proper accommodat. n, fuel, light, and furniture for the Gaol and Courts of Justice, other than the Division Courts, and shall provide proper offices, together with fuel, light, and furniture for all officers connected with such Courts, other than official assignees; and all other charges relating to Criminal Justice, payable by the County in the first instance, except Constables' fees and disbursements, and charges connected with Coroners' inquests, and such other charges as the Counties are entitled to be repaid by the Province; and in case the Reference to Council of the City or Town separate as aforesaid, and the arbitration in Council of the County in which such City or Town is situate agreement. for judicial purposes cannot by agreement from time to time scttle and determine the amount to be so payable by such City or Town respectively, then the same shall be determined by arbitration, according to the provisions of this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 445; 42 V. c. 31, s. 17 (1); 43 V. c. 24, s. 10. (39 V. c. 34, s. 1.)
- 470. The Council shall not be liable to pay for any furniture Liability for which they are required to provide under the provisions of furniture for sections 465 and 469 of this Act, unless the same has been officials. ordered by the council or by some person duly authorized by them so to do. 43 V. c. 24, s. 12.

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Insurable interests of corporations in certain cases.

471. The Corporation of any county and city or town separated from the County, are hereby declared to have respectively insurable interests in the Court House and Gaol of the county and the furniture thereof in the proportions in which they shall for the time being be liable to contribute towards the erection, building, repairing, and maintaining the same, and towards providing necessary accommodation and furniture for the said Gaol and Courts of Justice, and for the officers connected with such courts and any such Corporation may insure its said interest accordingly. 42 V. c. 31, s. 17 (2).

Liability of city to contrihouses and gaols.

472. In all cases in which any city is required to contribute bute to cost of to the cost of erecting or building a court house or gaol, not erecting court- commenced before the fifth day of March, 1880, the council of such city shall not be bound to pay for any part of the expenditure thereafter incurred in respect thereof, unless the same has been concurred in by the Council of such city, or in case of dispute has been determined by arbitration, according to the provisions of this Act, and the Council of the city shall have a voice in the selection of the site of the court house and gaol; and in case the council of the County and city shall fail to agree upon the selection of such site, the same shall be settled and determined by arbitration, a cording to the provisions of this Act. 43 V. c. 24, s. 19.

Compensation for use of court-house, etc.

473. While a City or Town uses the Court House, Gaol or by city or town House of Correction of the County, the City or Town shall pay to the County such compensation therefor, and for the care and maintenance of prisoners, as may be mutually agreed upon, or settled by arbitration under this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 446. (36 V. c. 48, s. 364.)

When the amount of compensation may be reconsidered.

474. In case after the lapse of five years from such compensation having been so agreed upon or awarded, or having been settled by statute, and whether before or after the passing of this Act, it appears reasonable to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, upon the application of either party, that the amount of the compensation should be reconsidered, he may, by an Order in Council, direct that the then existing arrangement shall cease after a time named in the order, and after such time the Councils shall settle anew, by agreement or by arbitration under this Act, the amount to be paid from the time so named in the order. R. S. C. c. 174, s. 447. (36 V. c. 48, s. 365.)

Existing lockup houses to continue.

475. Nothing herein contained shall affect any Lock-up House heretofore lawfully established, but the same shall continue to be a Lock-up House as if established under this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 448. (36 V. c. 48, s. 366.)

This Act not to affect 29-30 V. c. 51, s. 409.

476. Nothing herein contained shall be taken or construed to affect or repeal section 409 of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of the late Province of Canada, held in the twenty-ninth e

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twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chaptered fifty-one. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 449. (36 V. c. 48, s. 367.)

[Section 409 of 29-30 V. c. 51, is as follows:—

409. Any Justice of the Peace of the County may direct by warrant in Justice may writing under his hand and seal, the confinement in a Lock-up House direct impricharged on oath with a criminal offence, whom it may be necessary to charged on oath with a criminal offence, whom it may be necessary to detain until examined, and either dismissed or fully committed for trial to the Common Gaol, and until such person can be conveyed to such Gaol; also the confinement in such Lock-up House, not exceeding twenty-four hours, of any person found in a public street or highway in a state of intoxication, or any person convicted of desecrating the Sabbath, and generally may commit to a Lock-up House, instead of the Common Gaol or other House of Correction, any person convicted on view of the Justice, or summarily convicted before any Justice or Justices of the Peace of any offence cognizable by him or them, and liable to imprisonment therefor

477. The expense of conveying any prisoner to, and of Expense of keeping him in a Lock-up House, shall be defrayed in the same conveying and manner as the expense of conveying him to and keeping him prisoners. (36 V. c. 48, s. 368.)

478. The County or other Municipality in which a gaol Payment by or other place of eustody is located, and from which any person municipalities is removed by a provincial balliff under the provincian of forconveyance is removed by a provincial bailiff, under the provisions of of prisoners. "The Act respecting the removal of persons from County Gaols to Provincial Institutions," shall be liable to pay to the Treasurer of the Province, on demand, the expenses incurred in the removal and conveyance of each such person, together with sixty per centum added thereto towards the salary or other remuneration of such bailiff: Provided always Proviso. that when gaols are maintained jointly by cities and counties, or in ease of towns separated from counties, the county shall be held to be the municipality in which the gaol is located, and such eities or towns shall pay their just proportion of such salaries and expenses, and if not mutually agreed upon the same shall be determined by arbitration as provided in this Aet. See 43 V. e. 35, s. 5.

479. Nothing herein contained shall be taken or construed This Act not to affect or repeal sections 414 and 415 of the Act passed in to affect 29:30 the Session of the Parliament of the late Province of Canada, 414, 415, which held in the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of the reign of enact that Her present Majesty, and chaptered fifty-one. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 451. (36 V. c. 48, s. 369.)

[Sections 414 and 415 of 29-30 V. c. 51, are as follows:—

411. Any two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace or of the Inspectors appointed as aforesaid may, by writing under their hands and seals, may commit to the House of Industry or of Refuge, to be employed and governed according to the rules, regulations, and orders of the House—

R

Indigent,

(1) All poor and indigent persons who are incapable of supporting themselves;

Idle.

(2) All persons without the means of maintaining themselves, and able of body to work, and who refuse or neglect so to do;

Lewd.

(3) All persons leading a lewd, dissolute or vagrant life, and exercising no ordinary calling or lawful business sufficient to gain or procure an honest living;

Frequenters of

(4) And all such as spend their time and property in public-houses, public-houses, to the neglect of any lawful calling;

Idiots.

(5) And idiots.

Punishment of refractory inmates.

415. Every person committed to the House of Industry or of Refuge, if fit and able, shall be kept diligently employed at labour during his continuance there; and in case any such person is idle and does not perform such reasonable task or labour as may be assigned, or is stubborn, disobedient or disorderly, such person shall be punished according to the rules and regulations of the House of Industry or of Refuge in that behalf.]

DIVISION XI.-INVESTIGATIONS AS TO MUNICIPAL OFFICERS AND GOVERNMENT.

Investigation by county judge of charges of malfeasance by municipal officers.

480. In case the Council of any Municipality at any time passes a resolution requesting the Judge of the County Court of the County in which the Municipality is situate to investigate any matter to be mentioned in the resolution, and relating to a supposed malfeasance, breach of trust or other misconduct on the part of any member of the Council or officer of the corporation, or of any person having a contract therewith, in relation to the duties or obligations of the member, officer or other person, to the Municipality, or in case the Council of any Municipality sees fit to cause inquiry to be made into or concerning any matter connected with the good government of the Municipality, or the conduct of any part of the public business thereof, and if the Council at any time passes a resolution requesting the said Judge to make the inquiry, the Judge shall inquire into the same, and shall for that purpose have all the powers which may be conferred upon Commistioned in R. S. O. c. 17. sioners under "The Act respecting Inquiries concerning Public Matters," and the Judge shall, with all convenient speed, report to the Council the result of the inquiry and the evidence taken thereon. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 452. (36 V. c. 48, s. 370.)

Judge to have powers men-

DIVISION XII.—WHEN MAYOR MAY CALL OUT Posse Comitatus.

Mayor may call out posse comitatus.

481. The Mayor of any city or town may call out the posse comitatus to enforce the law within his municipality should exigencies require it, but only under the same circumstances in which the Sheriff of a County may now by law do so. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 453. (36 V. c. 48, s. 371.) PART

PART VII. POWERS OF MUNICIPAL COUNCILS.

TITLE I.—IN GENERAL. TITLE II.—AS TO HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES. TITLE III.—AS TO WORKS PAID FOR BY LOCAL RATE. TITLE IV.—AS TO RAILWAYS.

TITLE I.—POWERS IN GENERAL.

DIV. I.—OF COUNTIES, TOWNSHIPS, CITIES, TOWNS, AND IN-CORPORATED VILLAGES.

DIV. II.—OF TOWNSHIPS, CITIES, TOWNS, AND INCORPORATED VILLAGES.

DIV. III.—Powers of Councils of Counties and Cities.

DIV. IV.—OF COUNTIES, CITIES, AND SEPARATED TOWNS. DIV. V.—OF CITIES, TOWNS, AND INCORPORATED VILLAGES.

Div. VI.—OF CITIES AND TOWNS.
Div. VII.—OF TOWNS AND INCORPORATED VILLAGES.

DIV. VIII.—OF COUNTIES ONLY. DIV. IX.—OF TOWNSHIPS ONLY.

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DIVISION I.—POWERS OF COUNCILS OF COUNTIES, TOWNSHIPS, CITIES, TOWNS, AND INCORPORATED VILLAGES.

Respecting the obtaining of property. Sec. 482 (1).

Appointment of certain officers. Sec. 482 (2, 3).

Harbours, Docks, etc. Sec. 482 (4, 8). "

Aid to Agricultural, etc., Societies. Sec. 482 (9). " Manufacturing Establishments. Sec. 482

Road Companies, etc. Sec. 482 (11).

" Indigent persons and charities. Sec. 482 (12).

Census. Sec. 482 (13).

Driving and Riding. Sec. 482 (14).

Drainage. Sec. 482 (15, 16).

Mode of Egress from Buildings. Sec. 482 (17). "

Fines and Penalties. Sec. 482 (18-20). "

Purchase of Wet Lands. Sec. 482 (21). " Ornamental Trees. Sec. 482 (22).

Temperance Laws. Sec. 482 (23). "

Seizure of Bread of short weight. Sec. 482 (24).

" Contracts for Supply of Water. Sec. 483.

" Discovery of Crimes. Sec. 484.
Summary Remedy if By-laws not obeyed. Sec. 485.

Compensation for lands taken. Secs. 486-489.

Powers in relation to Roads and Bridges. See sec. 550, et seq.

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Councils may make bylaws-

482. The Council of every County, Township, City, Town, and incorporated Village may pass by-laws:-

Obtaining Property.

For obtaining property, real and personal, etc.

(1) For obtaining such real and personal property as may be required for the use of the Corporation, and for ereeting, improving and maintaining a hall, and any other houses and buildings required by and being upon the land of the Corporation, and for disposing of such property when no longer required; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (1). (36 V. c. 48, s. 372 (1).)

Appointing certain Officers.

Road Surveyors,

Valuators,

Road Commissioners,

(2) For appointing such— Pound-keepers, Fence-viewers, Overseers of Highways, Game Inspectors,

certain officers

May appoint and other officers as are necessary in the affairs of the Corporation, or for earrying into effect the provisions of any Act of the Legislature, or for the removal of such officers; but nothing in this Act shall prevent any member of a Corporation from acting as commissioner, superintendent or overseer, over any road or work undertaken and carried on, in part or in whole, at the expense of the Municipality; and it shall be lawful for said Municipality to pay any such member of the Corporation acting as such commissioner, superintendent or overseer; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 454 (2). (36 V. c. 48, s. 372 (2).) See R. S. O. c. 188, s. 2; Ib. c. 192, s. 5; 43 V. c. 31, s. 15.

May fix fees

(3) For regulating the remuneration, fees, charges and duties and securities. of such officers, and the securities to be given for the performance of such duties; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 454 (3). (36 V. e. 48, s. 372 (3).) See sec. 280, ante.

Harbours, Docks, etc.

Cleanliness of wharves, docks, etc.

(4) For regulating or preventing the encumbering, injuring, or fouling, by animals, vehicles, vessels or other means, of any public wharf, dock, slip, drain, sewer, shore, bay, harbour, river or water; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 460 (1); 42 V. e. 31, s. 19; (36 V. e. 48, s. 378 (1).)

Removal of door steps. etc., obstructing wharves,

(5) For directing the removal of door steps, porehes, railings or other erections, or obstructions projecting into or over any wharf, dock, slip, drain, sewer, bay, harbour, river or water, or the banks or shores thereof, at the expense of the proprietor or occupant of the property connected with which such projections are found; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 460 (2). (36 V. c. 48, s. 378 (2).)

- (6) For making, opening, preserving, altering, improving Making, etc., and maintaining public wharves, docks, slips, shores, bays, har-of wharves, bours, rivers or waters and the banks thereof; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 460 (3). (36 V. c. 48, s. 378 (3).)
- (7) For regulating harbours; for preventing the filling up or Regulating encumbering thereof; for erecting and maintaining the necesharbours, beassary beacons, and for erecting and renting wharves, piers and elevators, and also floating elevators, derricks, eranes and other machinery suitable for loading, discharging or repairing vessels; for regulating the vessels, crafts and rafts arriving in Vessels, etc. any harbour; and for imposing and collecting such reasonable Harbour dues. harbour dues thereon as may serve to keep the harbour in good order, and to pay a harbour master; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 460 (4).
- (8) For granting aid by way of bonus, for or towards the Granting aid construction of harbours, wharves, docks, slips, and necessary by way of beacons on any river, lake, or navigable water passing in bours to harthrough or forming any part of the boundary of a County whether such bonus be given by such County or by a City Town, Township, or incorporated Village situate therein, and to pay such bonus either in one sum, or in annual or other periodical payments, with or without interest, and subject to such terms, conditions and restrictions as the said Municipality may deem expedient;
- (a) No such by-law shall be passed until the assent of the Assent of electors has been obtained in conformity with the provisions of electors necesthis Act in respect of by-laws for creating debts;
- (b) Any Municipality granting such aid may take and receive Security may of and from such person or body corporate, receiving any such be taken. aid, security for the compliance with the terms and conditions upon which such aid is given. 42 V. c. 31, s. 19 (2).

Aiding Agricultural and other Societies.

(9) For granting money or land in aid of the Agricultural Granting aid and Arts Association of Ontario, or of any duly organized to agricultural Agricultural or Horticultural Society in Ontario, or of any ineorporated Mechanics' Institute within the Municipality, or within any adjoining Municipality; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (4). (36 V. c. 48, s. 372 (4); 40 V. c. 17, s. 113.) See also R. S. O. c. 35, s. 113.

Aiding Manufacturing Establishments.

(10) For granting aid by way of bonus for the promotion of Granting aid manufactures within its limits, by granting such sum or sums by any of of money to such person or body corporate, and in respect of manufactures such branch of industry as the said Municipality may determine upon; and to pay such sum, either in one sum or in annual or other periodical payments, with or without interest,

and

and subject to such terms, conditions and restrictions as the said Municipality may deem expedient.

Assent of electors necessary. Chap. 18.

(a) No such by-law shall be passed until the assent of the electors has been obtained, in conformity with the provisions of this Act in respect of by-laws for creating debts. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (5), part. (36 V. c. 48, s. 372 (5), part.) See sec. 322.

Persons interested in company not to vote on bylaw aiding same.

(b) No property owner or lessee interested in, or holding shares or stock in, any Company shall be qualified to vote on a by-law for the purpose of granting a bonus to the Company in which he is so interested as aforesaid. 42 V. c. 31, s. 34.

Security may be taken.

(c) Any Municipality granting such aid, may take and receive security for the compliance with the terms and conditions upon which such aid is given. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (5 b). (36 V. c. 48, s. 372 (5), part.) And see section 368 as to exempting manufacturing establishments from taxation.

Aiding Road Companies, Etc.

Aid for roads, bridges and harbours, (11) For taking stock in or lending money, or granting bonuses to any incorporated company, in respect of any road, bridge or harbour, within or near the Municipality, under and subject to the respective statutes in that behalf, or for granting aid by way of bonus to any incorporated road or bridge company;

Assent of electors necessary. (a) No such by-law granting such aid by way of bonus shall be passed until the assent of the electors has been obtained in conformity with the provisions of this Act in respect of by-laws for creating debts. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (6). (37 V. e. 16, s. 14; 39 V. c. 34, s. 9.)

Aiding Indigent Persons and Charities.

Aiding indigent persons and charities. (12) For aiding in maintaining any indigent person belonging to or found in the Municipality at any Work-house, Hospital or institution for the insane, deaf and dumb, blind or other public institution of a like character; or for granting aid to any charitable institution or out-of-door relief to the resident poor; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (7). (36 V. c. 48, s. 372 (7).) See post, sec. 504 (12).

Census.

Local census.

(13) For taking a census of the inhabitants, or of the resident male freeholders and householders in the Municipality; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (8). (36 V. c. 48, s. 372 (8).)

Driving or Riding on Roads and Bridges.

To regulate driving on roads and bridges. (14) For regulating the driving and riding of horses and other cattle on highways and public bridges, and for preventing racing, immoderate or dangerous driving or riding thereon; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (9). (36 V. c. 48, s. 372 (9).)

Drainage.

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Drainage.

(15) For opening, making, preserving, improving, repairing, Opening or widening, altering, diverting, stopping up and pulling down, stopping up drains, sewers or water-courses, within the jurisdiction of the water-courses, Council, and for entering upon, breaking up, taking or using etc. any land in any way necessary or convenient for the said purposes, subject to the restrictions in this Act contained; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (10). (36 V. c. 48, s. 372 (10).)

Highways and Drains Across Railway Lands.

(16) For establishing, opening, making, preserving, improving, Highways maintaining, widening, enlarging, altering, diverting, or stopand drains ping up within the limits of the Municipality any highway or lands public drain through, over, across, under, along or upon the railway and lands of any railway company, and for entering upon, breaking up, taking or using any such land in any way necessary or convenient for the said purposes, but subject to the terms and restrictions contained in "The Railway Streets and Drains Act, 1882," and provided that such highway or drain is under the provisions of this Act, within the jurisdiction of the Council. 45 V. c. 21, s. 4.

Egress from Buildings.

(17) For regulating the size and number of doors in churches, Doors, etc., theatrcs and halls, or other buildings used for places of wor- of public ship, public meetings, or places of amusement, and the street gates leading thereto, and also the size and structure of stairs and stair railing in all such buildings, and the strength of beams and joists, and their supports; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (11). (29-30 V. c. 22, s. 4.)

Fines and Penalties.

(See also secs. 421-424.)

- (18) For inflicting reasonable fines and penalties not exceed- Fines and penalties— specifies— spe
- (a) Upon any person for the non-performance of his duties For neglect of who has been elected or appointed to any office in the Corporaduty, or retion, and who neglects or refuses to accept such office, unless cept office, good cause is shewn therefor, or to take the declaration of office, and afterwards neglects the duties thereof; and
- (b) For breach of any of the by-laws of the Corporation. or breach of R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (12). (36 V. c. 48, s. 372 (11).) by-laws.
- (19) For collecting such penalties and costs by distress and Collecting sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; R. S. O. c. 174, penalties and s. 454 (13). (36 V. c. 48, s. 372 (12).)

Imprisonment when allowed, and time of.

(20) For inflicting reasonable punishment, by imprisonment with or without hard labour, either in a Lock-up House in some Town or Village in the Township, or in the County Gaol or House of Correction, for any period not exceeding 21 days for breach of any of the by-laws of the Council, in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted for any such breach, and there being no distress found out of which such fine can be levied: except for breach of any by-law or by-laws in Cities, and the suppression of houses of ill-fame, for which the imprisonment may be for any period not exceeding six months, with or without hard labour in case of the non-payment of the costs and fines inflicted, and there being no sufficient distress as aforesaid. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (14); 42 V. c. 31, s. 18. (36 V. c. 48, s. 372 (13).)

Purchasing Wet Lands.

Purchase of wet lands from Government.

(21) For purchasing from the Government or any Corporation or person, at a price (in case of Crown Lands, to be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, and which price the Lieutenant-Governor in Council is hereby authorized to fix), all the wet lands at the disposal of the Crown or such Corporation or person in any such Township; and such lands may be sold accordingly to the Corporation of any such Township; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (15). (36 V. c. 48, s. 372 (15).)

Raising money same.

(a) The purchase and draining of such lands shall be one for purchasing of the purposes for which any such Corporation may raise money by loan or otherwise, or for which they may apply any of their funds not otherwise appropriated. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (15 a). (36 V. c. 48, s. 372 (16).)

May hold or dispose of such land.

(b) The Corporation of any Township may possess and hold the land so purchased, and may, whenever they deem it expedient, sell or otherwise depart with or dispose of the same by public auction, in like manner as they may by law sell or dispose of other property, and upon such terms and conditions, and with such mortgages upon the land so sold, or other security for the purchase money or any portion thereof, as they may think most advantageous. (R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (15 b). (36 V. c. 48, s. 372 (17).)

Proceeds of

(c) The proceeds of the sale of such lands shall form part of the general funds of the Municipality. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (15 c). (35 V. c. 48, s. 372 (18).)

Ornamental Trees.

Regulations as public places.

(22) For causing any tree, shrub or sapling, growing or to trees, shrubs, etc., in planted on any public place, square, highway, street, lane, alley shrubs, etc., in planted on any public place, square, highway, street, lane, alley shrubs, etc., in planted on any public place, square, highway, street, lane, alley shrubs, etc., in planted on any public place, square, highway, street, lane, alley shrubs, etc., in planted on any public place, square, highway, street, lane, alley shrubs, etc., in planted on any public place, square, highway, street, lane, alley shrubs, etc., in planted on any public place, square, highway, street, lane, alley shrubs, etc., in planted on any public place, square, highway, street, lane, alley shrubs, etc., in planted on any public place, square, highway, street, lane, alley shrubs, etc., in planted on any public place, square, highway, street, lane, alley shrubs, etc., in planted on any public place, square, highway, street, lane, alley shrubs, etc., in planted on any public place, square, highway, street, lane, alley shrubs, etc., in planted on any public place, square, highway, street, lane, alley shrubs, etc., in planted on any public place, square, highway, street, lane, alley shrubs, etc., in planted on any public place, square, highway, street, lane, alley shrubs, etc., in planted on any public place, square, highway, street, lane, alley shrubs, etc., in planted on any public place, etc., in planted on any public place, etc., in planted on all planted on any public place, etc., in planted on all planted on any public place, etc., in planted on all planted on any public place, etc., in planted on all plante or other communication under its control, to be removed, if and when such removal is deemed necessary for any purpose of public improvement; but no such tree, shrub or sapling shall

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be so removed until after one month's notice thereof is given to the owner of the adjoining property, and he is recompensed for his trouble in planting and protecting the same: nor shall such owner, or any pathmaster, or other public officer, or any other person, remove or cut down or injure such tree, shrub or sapling, on pretence of improving the public place, square, highway, street, road, lane, alley, or other communication or otherwise, without the express permission of the Municipal Council having the control of the public place, square, highway, street, road, lane, alley or other communication; and any Council may expend money in planting and preserving shade and ornamental trees upon any public place, square, highway, street, road, lane, alley or other communication within the Municipality, and may grant sums of money to any person or association of persons to be expended for the same purposes; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (16). (34 V. c. 31, ss. 3 and 5; 36 V. c. 48, s. 372 (19).) See 46 V. c. 26.

Temperance Laws.

(23) For prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors and the Enforcing issue of licenses therefor, according to the provisions and lim-Acts. itations contained in "The Temperance Act of 1864," "The 27-28 V. c. 18. Ganada Temperance Act, 1878," and "The Temperance Act of R. S. O. c. 182. Ontario;" R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 (17). (36 V. c. 48, s. 372 (14).)

Seizing Bread, etc.

(24) For seizing and forfeiting bread or other articles when Light weight of light weight or short measurement. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 454 and short (18). (37 V. c. 16, s. 16.) See also post 503 (10).

CONTRACTS FOR SUPPLY OF WATER.

483. Every Municipal Council shall have power to contract Council may with any water-works or water company for a supply of water company for uses, from hydrants or otherwise as may be deemed advisable, water. and for the renting of any such hydrants for any number of years not, in the first instance, exceeding 10, and for renewing any such contract from time to time for such period, not exceeding 10 years, as said Council may desire, and every such Council shall also have power to purchase hydrants necessary for any of the purposes or uses aforesaid, and also to erect the same; and to purchase or rent for a term of years or otherwise, fire apparatus of any kind, and fire appliances and appurtenances belonging thereto respectively. 45 V. c. 18, s. 13; c. 23, s. 7 (2).

DISCOVERY OF CRIMES.

484. The Council of any Municipality in which a flagrant Rewards for crime is believed to have been committed, may offer and pay a apprehension of criminals.

reward for the discovery, apprehension, or conviction of the criminal, or of any person who is suspected to be the criminal. 42 V. c. 31, s. 31.

SUMMARY REMEDY IF BY-LAWS NOT OBEYED.

Mode of compelling performance of matters directed to be cil, etc.

154

485. Whenever any Municipal Council has any authority to direct, by by-law or otherwise, that any matter or thing should be done by any person or Corporation, such Council done by coun. may also, by the same or another by-law, direct that in default of its being done by the person, such matter or thing shall be done at the expense of the person in default, and may recover the expense thereof with costs by action or distress; and, in case of non-payment thereof, the same shall be recovered in like manuer as municipal taxes. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 455. (36) V. c. 48, s. 377.)

COMPENSATION FOR LANDS TAKEN.

Owners of lands taken by corporation, etc., to be compensated.

486. Every Council shall make to the owners or occupiers of, or other persons interested in, real property entered upon, taken or used by the Corporation in the exercise of any of its powers, or injuriously affected by the exercise of its powers, due compensation for any damages (including cost of fencing when required) necessarily resulting from the exercise of such powers, beyond any advantage which the claimant may derive Differences to from the contemplated work; and any claim for such compenbe determined sation, if not mutually agreed upon, shall be determined by arbitration under this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 456. (36 V. c. 48, s. 373.)

How title acwhen owned by corpora-

by arbitration.

487. In the case of real property which a Council has quired to lands authority under this Act to enter upon, take or use, without the owner's consent, corporations, tenants in tail or for life, in tail, vested guardians, committees, and trustees, shall, on behalf of themintrustees, etc. sclves, their successors and heirs respectively, and on behalf of those they represent, whether infants, issue unborn, lunatics, idiots, married women or others, have power to act, as well in reference to any arbitration, notice and action under this Act, as in contracting for and conveying to the Council any such real property, or in agreeing as to the amount of damages arising from the exercise by the Council of any power in respect thereof.

If there be no convey, etc.

(2) In case there is no such person who can so act in respect party who can to such real property, or in case any person interested in respect to any such real property is absent from this Province, or is unknown, or in case his residence is unknown, or he himself cannot be found, the Judge of the County Court for the County in which such property is situate may, on the application of the Council, appoint a person to act in respect to the same for all or any of the said purposes. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 457. (36 V. c. 48, s. 374.)

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488. In case any person acting as aforesaid has not the Application, absolute estate in the property, the Council shall pay to him the interest only at six per centum per annum on the amount to be paid in respect of such property, and shall retain the principal to be paid to the person entitled to it whenever he in the process the same, and executes a valid acquittance therefor, unless the High Court of Justice, or other Court having jurisdiction in such cases, in the meantime directs the Council to pay the same to any person or into Court; and the Council shall not be bound to see to the application of any interest so paid, or of any sum paid under the direction of such Court. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 458. (36 V. c. 48, s. 375.)

489. All sums agreed upon, or awarded in respect of such Purchase real property, shall be subject to the limitations and charges to money subject which the property was subject. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 459. (36 V. property.

Division II.—Powers of Councils of Townships, Cities, Towns, and Incorporated Villages.

Respecting Polling Subdivisions. Sec. 490 (1).

Disqualification of Electors for non-payment of Taxes. See, 490 (2).

"Billiard or Bagutelle Tables. Sec. 490 (3).
Victualling Houses, etc. Sec. 490 (4, 5).

" Licensing Transient Traders. Sec. 490 (4, 5).

" Schools. See. 490 (7).

" Cemeteries. Sec. 490 (8, 9).

" Graves. Sec. 490 (10).

" Cruelty to Animals. See. 490 (11).

" Doys. See. 490 (12, 13). Fences. See. 490 (14).

" Division Fences. See. 490 (15, 16).

"
Snow Fences. See. 490 (17).
"
Water-courses. See. 490 (18).

" Weeds. See. 490 (19).

" Filth in Streets. Sec. 490 (20).

"Burning Stumps, Brush, etc. Sec. 490 (21).

Exhibitions, Shows, etc. Sec. 490 (22).

' Trees. Sec. 490 (23, 24).

" Injury to property and notices. Sec. 490 (24, 25).

"Gas and Water Companies. Sec. 490 (26, 27).

" Public Morals. Sec. 490 (28-37).
"The Establishment of Power Law 200 (28-37).

" The Establishment of Boundaries. Secs. 490 (38), Pounds. Sec. 492.

" Publie Health. Sec. 493.

" Loek-up Houses. Sec. 457, 458.

"Tavern and Shop Lieenses. R. S. O. c. 181.

" Roads and Bridges. See sec. 555, et seq.

" Drainage, See sec. 570, et seq.

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By-laws may be made for-

490. The Council of every Township, City, Town or incorporated Village may pass by-laws - 129 Jac 25, -

Dividing city or town into wards, etc.

(1) For dividing the Wards of such City or Town, or for dividing such Township or Village into two or more convenient polling subdivisions, and for establishing polling places therein, and for repealing or varying the same from time to time; and such polling subdivisions shall be made or varied whenever the electors in any Ward, Township, Village or polling subdivision exceed 200, and shall be made and varied in such a manner that the number of electors in any polling subdivision shall not exceed at any time 200. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (1). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (1).)

And townships and vil-lages into polling subdivisions, etc.

Polling subdivisions to be the same for elections to Legislative Assembly and Municipal elections.

divisions may be united for Municipal elections.

(a) Where a Municipality is divided into polling subdivisions, the same polling subdivisions shall be used both for the clection of members of the Legislative Assembly and for Municipal elections; and the polling subdivisions for elections to the Legislative Assembly and Municipal elections shall hereafter be made the same in all cases, except that the Muni-Adjoining sub-cipal Council of every City, Town or incorporated Village, may by by-law unite for the purposes of Municipal elections, any two adjoining poiling subdivisions. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (1a). (40 V. c. 12, ss. 2 & 3.)

Disqualification of Electors not paying Taxes.

Disqualifying electors in arrear for taxes.

(2) For disqualifying any elector from voting at Municipal elections who has not paid all Municipal taxes due by him on or before the fourteenth day of December next preceding the election. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (2). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (2).) See also sec. 254.

Billiard or Bagatelle Tables.

Licensing and regulating the use of billiard and bagatelle tables.

(3) For licensing, regulating and governing all persons who for hire or gain, directly or indirectly keep, or have in their possession, or on their premises, any billiard or bagatelle table or who keep or have a billiard or bagatelle table in a house or place of public entertainment or resort, whether such billiard or bagatelle table is used or not, and for fixing the sum to be paid for a license so to have or keep such billiard or bagatelle table, and the time such license shall be in force. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (3). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (3).)

Victualling Houses, etc.

Victualling houses, etc., number and regulation of.

(4) For limiting the number of and regulating victualling houses, ordinaries, and houses where fruit, oysters, clains, or victuals are sold to be eaten therein, and all other places for reception, refreshment or entertainment of the public. O. c. 174, s. 461 (4). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (4).)

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(5) For licensing the same when no other provision exists License and therefor, and for fixing the rates of such licenses not exceed-fees for same. ing \$20. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (5). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (5).)

Licensing Transient Traders.

(6) For licensing, regulating and governing transient traders, Regulating and other persons who occupy premises in the City or Town, in-transfert corporated Village, or Township, for temporary periods, and whose names have not been duly entered on the Assessment Roll in respect of income or personal property for the then current year; and who may offer goods or merchandise of any description for sale by auction, or in any other manner, conducte by themselves or by a licensed anctioneer or otherwise; but no such by-law shall affect, apply to, or restrict the sale of the stock of an Insolvent Estate which is being sold or disposed of within the County in which the Insolvent carried on business therewith at the time of the issue of a writ of attachment or of the execution of an assignment. 42 V. c. 31, s. 22; 43 V. c. 24, s. 24.

Schools.

(7) For obtaining such real property as may be required for Acquiring the creetion of Public School Houses thereon, and for other land for public schools are Public School purposes, and for the disposal thereof when no schools, etc. longer required; and for providing for the establishment and support of Public Schools according to law. R. S. Q. c. 174. s. 461 (6). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (6).)

Cemeteries.

(8) For accepting or purchasing land for public cemeterics Acquiring as well within as without the Municipality, but not within any man in teries etc. 1887cap29. City, Town or Incorporated Village, and for laying out, imor purchased for such purpose except by a by-law declaring in express terms that the land is appropriated for a public cemetery, and for no other purpose; and thereupon such land, although without the Municipality, shall become part thereof, and shall cease to be a part of the Municipality to which it formerly belonged; and such by-law shall not be repealed; and the trustees of any burying ground may agree for the sale or transfer thereof to the Municipality which desires to acquire the same; and in cases where such grounds have not been used for burials, the Municipality may dispose thereof, and acquire other ground instead thereof; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (7). 36 V. c. 48, s. 379, (7).) See also R. S. O. e. 170.

(9) For selling or leasing portions of such land for the pur-Selling portion pose of interment, in family vaults or otherwise, and for de- of such land elaring in the conveyance the terms on which such portion shall for certain purposes. De held; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (8). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (8).) Graves.

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Graves.

Protecting graves.

(10) For preventing the violation of cemeteries, graves, tombs, tombstones, or vaults where the dead are interred; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (19). (36 V. c. 48, s. 579 (19).)

Cruelty to Animals.

Preventing cruelty to animals, and de-

(11) For preventing cruelty to animals, and for preventing the destruction of birds; the by-laws for these purposes not being inconsistent with any statute in that behalf; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (9). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (9).)

Dogs.

Regulations as to dogs.

(12) For restraining and regulating the running at large of dogs, and for imposing a tax on the owners, possessors or harbourers of dogs; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (10). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (10).)

Killing dogs.

(13) For killing dogs running at large contrary to the bylaws; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (11). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (11).)

Fences.

Fences.

(14) For settling the height and description of lawful fences, and for regulating and settling the height, description and manner of maintaining, keeping up and laying down fences along highways or any part or parts thereof, and for making compensation for the increased expenses, if any, to persons required so to maintain, keep up or lay down such last mentioned fences or any part thereof; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (12). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (12); 39 V. c. 34, s. 2.)

Division Fences.

Division fences, and cost thereof.

(15) For regulating the height, extent and description of lawful division fences; and for determining how the cost thereof shall be apportioned; and for directing that any amount so apportioned shall be recovered in the same manner as penalties not otherwise provided for may be recovered under this Act; Provision until but until such by-laws are made, the Acts respecting Line by laws made. Fences and Ditching Water-courses shall continue applicable to the Municipality; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (13). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (13).)

R. S. O. cc. 198, 199.

Barbed-wire fences.

(16) For providing proper and sufficient protection against injury to persons or animals by fences constructed wholly or in part of barbed wire or any other material; (45 V. c. 23, s. 10.)

Snow Fences.

Snow fences.

(17) For requiring owners or occupiers of lands bordering upon any public highway, to take down, alter, or remove any fence

fence or fences, subject to the provisions of "The Act respecting Snow Fences." See 44 V. c. 26.

Water-courses.

(18) For compelling the owners of lands through which any Water-open drain or water-course passes to erect and keep up water courses gates where fences cross such drain or water-course, and for preventing persons obstructing any drain or water-course; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (14). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (14).)

Weeds.

(19) For preventing the growth of Canada thistles and other Prevention of weeds detrimental to husbandry, and compelling the destructor growth of tion thereof; for the appointment of an inspector with power weeds. to enforce the provisions of such by-law; for regulating his duties, and determining the amount of renuneration, fees or changes he is to receive for the performance of such duties; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (15). (37 V. c. 16, s. 15) See also R. S. O. c. 188, and 43 V. c. 29.

Filth in Streets.

(20) For preventing persons from throwing any dirt, filth, Preventing carcases of animals, or rubbish, on any screet, road, lane, or throwing of highway; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (16). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 streets, etc. (16).)

Burning Stumps, Brush, etc.

(21) For regulating the times during which stumps, wood, Regulating logs, trees, brush, straw, shavings or refuse, may be set on fire the burning of or burned in the open air, and for prescribing precautions to be brush, etc. observed during such times, and for preventing such fires being kindled at other times; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (17). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (17).) See 41 V. c. 23.

Exhibitions, Shows, etc.

- (22) For preventing or regulating and licensing exhibitions Regulating of wax work, menageries, circus-riding, and other such like public shows, shows usually exhibited by showmen; and for requiring the sand licensing payment of license fccs for authorizing the same, not exceeding \$100 for every such license; and for imposing fines on such persons infringing such by-laws; and for levying the Fines for same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such infraction. showman, or belonging to or used in such exhibition, whether owned by such showman or not, or for the imprisonment of such offenders for any term not exceeding one month;
- (a) It shall not be lawful for the Council of any Municipal Licenses not Corporation, or the Commissioners of Police in any City, to for certain for certain times and tions Places.

Chap. 18.

tions of any work or circus-riding, or other shows of a like character, or places of gambling, or to those engaged in traffic in fruits, goods, wares, or merchandise of whatever description, for gain, on the days of the Exhibition of the Agricultural Association of Ontario, or of any Electoral District or Township Agricultural Society, either on the grounds of such Soeiety, or within the distance of 300 yards from such grounds; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 461 (18). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (18).)

Trees.

Encouraging planting of rtain trees.

(23) For allowing to any person who plants any fruit trees, or any trees, shrubs or saplings, suitable for affording shade on any highway within the Municipality, in abatement of statute labour or out of the general fund, a sum of not less than twenty-five cents for every tree so planted; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (20). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (20).) See 46 V. c. 26.

Injuries to Properties and Notices.

Ornamental trees.

(24) For preventing the injuring or destroying of trees or strubs planted or preserved for shade or ornament; and the defacing of private or other property by printed or other notices; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (21). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (21).)

Signs.

(25) For preventing the pulling down or defacing of signboards, and of printed or written notices lawfully affixed; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (22). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (21).)

Gas and Water Companies.

Authorizing gas and water companies to lay down pipes, etc.

(26) For authorizing any corporate Gas or Water Company to lay down pipes or conduits for the conveyance of water or gas under streets or public squares, subject to such regulations as the Council sees fit; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (23). 36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (23).)

Taking stock in gas and water companies.

Proviso. Head of corporation to be a director in certain cases.

(27) For acquiring stock in, or lending money to, any such Company; and for guaranteeing the payment of money borrowed by, or of debentures issued for money so borrowed by the Company: provided the by-law is consented to by the electors, as hereinbefore provided. In such ease the head of any Corporation holding stock in any such Company to the amount of \$10,000 shall be ex officio a Director of the Company in addition to the other Directors thereof, and shall also be entitled to vote on such stock at any election of Directors; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (24). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (24).)

Public Morals.

Sale of intoxichildren, etc.

(28) For preventing the sale or gift of intoxicating drink to cating drink to a child, apprentice or servant, without the consent of a parent, master or legal protector; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 461 (25). (36 V. (29)c. 48, s. 379 (31).)

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- (29) For preventing the posting of indecent placards, writ- Indecent placards, writ- and place to the contract place of the contract ings or pictures, or the writing of indecent words, or the mak-cards, etc. ing of indecent pictures or drawings, on walls or fences in streets or public places; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (26). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (32).)
- (30) For preventing vice, drunkenness, profane swearing, Vice, drunkobscene, blasphemous or grossly insulting language, and other enness, etc. immorality and indecency; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (27). (36 V. c. 43, s. 379 (33).)
- (31) For suppressing disorderly houses and houses of ill-Lewdness. fame; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (28). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (34).)
- (32) For preventing or regulating and licensing exhibitions Exhibitions, held or kept for hire or profit, bowling alleys and other places etc. of amusement; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (29). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379
- (33) For suppressing gambling houses, and for seizing and Gaming. destroying faro-banks, rouge et noir, roulette tables, and other devices for gambling found therein; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (30). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (36).)
- (34) For preventing horse racing; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (31). Racing. (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (37).)
- (35) For restraining and punishing vagrants, mendicants, $v_{agrants}$. and persons found drunk or disorderly in any street, highway or public place; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (32). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379
- (36) For preventing indecent public exposure of the person Indecent exand other indecent exhibitions; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (33). (36 posure. V. c. 48, s. 379 (39).)
- (37) For preventing or regulating the bathing or washing Bathing. the person in any public water in or near the Municipality; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (34). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (40).)

Establishing Boundaries.

- (38) For procuring the necessary estimates, and making the $_{\text{Regulating}}$ proper application for ascertaining and establishing the boun-boundaries of dary lines of the Municipality, according to law, in case the municipalisance has not been done; and for another and the first a same has not been done; and for erecting and providing for the preservation of the durable monuments required to be erected for evidencing the same. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 461 (35). (36 V. c. 48, s. 379 (25).)
- 491. In case the Council of any Township, City, Town or Placing landincorporated Village adopts a resolution on the application of marks and one half of the resident landholders to be affected thereby, or marking bounupon its own motion, that it is expedient to place durable daries of conmonuments at the front or rear of any concession or range or cessions, lots, part thereof in the Municipality or at the front or rear and etc. part thereof in the Municipality, or at the front or rear angles

R. S. O. c. 146, ss. 38-45. Chap. 18.

of the lots therein, the Council may apply to the Lieutenant-Governor, in the manner provided for in the thirty-eighth to the forty-fifth sections of "The Act respecting Land Surveyors and the Survey of Lands," praying him to cause a survey of such concession or range, or such part thereof, to be made, and such monuments to be placed under the authority of the Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Cost of survey.

(2) The person or persons making the survey shall accordingly plant stones or other durable monuments at the front or at the rear of such concession or range, or such part thereof as aforesaid, or at the front and rear angles of every lot therein (as the case may be), and the limits of each lot so ascertained and marked shall be the true limits thereof; and the costs of the survey shall be defrayed in the manner prescribed by the said statute. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 462. (36 V. c. 48, s. 380.)

Pounds, etc.

By-laws may be made for-

492. The Council of every Township, City, Town and incorporated Village, may also pass by-laws (not inconsistent with the Statutes of Canada respecting Cruelty to Animals)—

Providing pounds.

(1) For providing sufficient yards and enclosures for the safe keeping of such animals as it may be the duty of the poundkeeper to impound;

Animals running at large.

(2) For restraining and regulating the running at large or trespassing of any animals, and providing for impounding them; and for causing them to be sold in case they are not claimed within a reasonable time, or in case the damages, fines and expenses are not paid according to law;

Appraising the damages.

(3) For appraising the damages to be paid by the owners of animals impounded for trespassing contrary to the laws of Ontario or of the Municipality;

Compensation with respect to impounding animals.

(4) For determining the compensation to be allowed for services rendered, in carrying out the provisions of any Act, with respect to animals impounded or distrained and detained in the possession of the distrainer. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 463. (36 V. c. 48, s. 381.) See also R. S. O. c. 195.

Public Health.

Members of council to be health officers. R. S. O. c. 190.

May delegate powers.

493. The members of every Township, City, Town and incorporated Village Council shall be Health Officers within their respective Municipalities, under The Act respecting the Public Health, and under any Act passed after this Act takes effect for the like purpose; but any such Council may, by by-law, delegate the powers of its members as such Health Officers to a committee of their own number, or to such persons, either including or not including one or more of themselves, as the Council thinks best. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 464. (36 V. c. 48, s. 382.) See 45 V. c. 29.

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For powers of Cities, Townships, Towns and Villages as to Lock-up Houses, see sees. 457, 458; and as to Tavern and Shop Licenses, see R. S. O. c. 181, ss. 17, 21, 24 and 32.

DIVISION III.—POWERS OF COUNCILS OF COUNTIES AND CITIES.

Horse Thieves.

494. The Council of every County or City shall provide by Reward for by-law, that a sum not less than \$20 shall be payable apprehension of persons as a reward to any person or persons who shall pursue and guilty of horse apprehend, or cause to be apprehended, any person or persons stealing. guilty of stealing any horse or mare within the said County or City, and such reward shall be paid out of the funds of the Corporation on the conviction of the thief, on the order of the Judge before whom the conviction is obtained. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 477; 43 V. c. 24, s. 17. (36 V. c. 48, s. 396.) See 29-30 V.

Sub-section 27 of Section 355 of 29-30 V. e. 51, cnacts as

(27) The said reward shall not disqualify the person claiming the same Reward not to or entitled thereto, from being a witness.

DIVISION IV.—POWERS OF COUNCILS OF COUNTIES, CITIES AND SEPARATED TOWNS.

Respecting Engineers, Inspectors, Gaol Surgeons, etc. Sec.

Auctioneers. Scc. 495 (2). "

Hawkers and Pedlars. See. 495 (3).

" Ferries. Sce. 495 (4). "

High Schools. Scc. 495 (5, 6).

" Support of pupils at High Schools, Toronto University and U. C. College. Sec. 495 (7, 8).

Endowment of Fellowships. Scc. 495 (9). "

Public Fairs. Sec. 495 (10). Junk Stores. Sec. 495 (11).

495. The Council of any County, City and Town separated By laws may from the County for Municipal purposes, may pass by-laws for be made for-

$Engineers_Inspectors_Gaol\ Surgeons, cte.$

(1) For appointing, in addition to other officers, one or more Appointing Engineers, and also one or more Inspectors of the House of In-engineers, inspectors Engineers, and also one or more inspectors of the House of inspectors, dustry; also one or more Surgeons of the Gaol and other instigated surgeons, gaol surgeons, tutions under the charge of the Municipality; and for the re-etc. moval of such officers. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 465 (1). (36 V. c. 48, s. 383 (1).) Auctioneers.

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Auctioneers.

Licensing, etc., auctioneers.

(2) For licensing, regulating and governing auctioneers and other persons selling or putting up for sale goods, wares, merchandise or effects by public auction; and for fixing the sum to be paid for every such license, and the time it shall be in force; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 465 (2). (36 V. c. 48, s. 383 (2).)

Hawkers and Pedlars.

Hawkers, petty chapmen, etc. (3) For licensing, regulating and governing hawkers or petty chapmen, and other persons carrying on petty trades, or who go from place to place or to other men's houses, on foot, or with any animal bearing or drawing any goods, wares, or merchandisc for sale, or in or with any boat, vessel, or other craft, or otherwise earrying goods, wares, or merchandise for sale, and for fixing the sum to be paid for a license for exercising such calling within the county, city or town, and the time the license shall be in force:

In case of Counties for providing the Clerk of each Municipality within the County with licenses, in this and the previous sub-section mentioned, for sale to parties applying for the same under such regulations as may be prescribed in such by-laws:

Proviso.

Provided always that no such liceuse shall be required for hawking, peddling or selling from any vehicle or other conveyance any goods, wares or merchandise to any retail dealer, or for hawking or peddling any goods, wares or merchandise, the growth, produce or manufacture of this Province, not being liquors within the meaning of the law relating to taverns or tavern licenses, if the same are being hawked or peddled by the manufacturer or producer of such goods, wares or merchandise, or by his bona fide servants or employees having written authority in that behalf; and any such servant or employee shall produce and exhibit his written authority when required so to do by any Municipal or Peace Officer:

And provided also that nothing herein contained shall affect the powers of any Council to pass by-laws, under the provisions of section 496 of this Act or amendments thereto hereafter made. 43 V. c. 24, s. 13.

Ferries.

Licensing, etc., ferries, etc., R. S. C. e. 112, s. 13.

Proviso.

(*) For licensing and regulating ferries between any two places within the Municipality, under the provisions of "The Act respecting Ferries," and establishing the rates of ferriage to be taken thereon; but no such law as to ferries shall have effect until assented to by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council;

Until by-law passed, Lieut.-Governor to regulate.

(a) Until the Council passes a by-law regulating such ferries, and in the cases of ferries not between two places in the same Municipality, the Lieutenant-Governor by Order in Council may from time to time regulate such ferries respectively, and establish the rates to be taken thereon, in accordance with the statutes in force relating to ferries; R.S.O. c. 174, s. 465 (4). (36 V. c. 48, s. 383 (4).)

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Lands for High Schools.

(5) For obtaining in such part of the County, or of any City Acquiring or Town separated within the County, as the wants of the lands for people may most require, the real property requisite for erecting High Schools, ing High School houses thereon, and for other High School purposes, and for preserving, improving and repairing such school houses, and for disposing of such property when no longer required. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 465 (5). (36 V. c. 48, s. 383 (5).)

Aiding High Schools.

(6) For making provisions in aid of such High Schools as Aiding High c. 48, s. 383 (6).)

Supporting Pupils at High Schools, Toronto University, and Upper Canada College.

(7) For making a permanent provision for defraying the ex-Supporting penses of the attendance at the University of Toronto, and at certain High the Upper Canada College and Royal Grammar School in To-at University ronto, of such of the pupils of the Public High Schools of the of Toronto County as are unable to incur the expense, but are desirous of and U. C. Col and in the opinion of the respective masters of such High Schools, possess competent attainments for competing for any scholarship, exhibition or other similar prize offered by such University or College. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 465 (i). (36 V.c. 48, s. 383 (7). See also R. S. O. c. 205, s. 32 (4).

(8) For making similar provision for the attendance at any Similar pro-High School, for like purposes, of pupils of Public Schools of vision for the Municipality. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 465 (8). (36 V. c. 48, s. 383 High Schools. (8).) See also R. S. O. c. 205, s. 32 (5).

Endowing Fellowships.

(9) For endowing such fellowships, scholarships or exhibitions, and other similar prizes, in the University of Toronto, lowships in and in the Upper Canada Coilege and Royal Grammar School University of at Toronto, for competition among the pupils of the Public U.C. Coilege. High Schools in the County, as the Council deem expedient for the encouragement of learning amongst the youth thereof. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 465 (9). (36 V. c. 48, s. 383 (9).) See also

Public Fairs.

(10) For authorizing, on petition of at least 50 qualified Authorizing electors of the Municipality, the holding of public fairs at one or more of the most public and convenient places not separated from the Municipality for municipal purposes;

Purpose of such fairs restricted.

(a) The purpose for which such fairs may be held shall be restricted to the sale, barter and exchange of cattle, horses, sheep, pigs, and articles of agricultural production or requirement;

Rules to be anade for governing same.

(b) The by-law to authorize the establishment of any such fair shall establish rules and regulations for the government of the same, and appoint a person whose duty it shall be to have them carried out, and shall also fix the fees to be paid him by persons attending the said fair;

Public notice of by-law establishing same,

(c) The Council authorizing the establishment of a public fair shall immediately after the passing of a by-law for that purpose, give public notice of the same. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 465 (10). (36 V. c. 43, s. 383 (10).)

Junk Stores.

Licensing and regulating "junk" stores.

(11) For licensing and regulating "junk" stores or shops, and for fixing the sum to be paid for the license so to have or keep such "junk" store or shop. (45 V. c. 23, s. 11.)

For powers of Counties, Cities and Towns as to Houses of Refuge, see sec. 459.

DIVISION V.—POWERS OF COUNCILS OF CITIES, TOWNS AND Incorporated Villages.

Respecting Water and Water-Works. Sec. 496 (1, 2).

Tainted Provisions. Sec. 496 (3).

" Nuisances. Sec. 496 (4-9).

- " Enclosure of Vacant Lots. Sec. 496 (10). " Driving upon Sidewalks. Scc. 496 (11). "
 - Importuning Travellers. Sec. 496 (12).
- Public Health. Sec. 496 (13).
- Interments. Sec. 496 (14, 15).

" Gunpowder. Sec. 496 (16).

- " Prevention of Fires. Sec. 496 (17-30).
- " Removal of Snow, Ice, Dirt. Sec. 496 (31).
- " Obstruction of Roads and Streets. Sec. 496 (32, 33).
- Numbering Houses and Lots and Record of Streets. Sec. 496 (34, 35).
 - Naming Streets. Sec. 496 (36).

Cellars. Sec. 496 (37, 38).

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- Sewerage and Drainage. Sec. 496 (39-44).
- User of Streets. Secs. 496 (45-48), 497 (9).
- " Cab Stands. Sec. 496 (46)
- " Telegraph Poles. Sec. 496 (47).
- Accidents to Children from riding behind waggons. Sec. 496 (48).

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Respecting Inspection of Meat, Milk, etc. Sec. 496 (49).

Free Libraries. Sec. 496 (50). Markets, etc. Secs. 497-503.

Assize of Bread. Sec. 503 (13).

Village may pass by-laws:— (see Quenoline 5 & 6 1884)

Water and Water-works.

(1) For establishing, protecting and regulating public wells, Establishing, reservoirs and other conveniences for the supply of water, and etc., public wells, reservoirs. for making reasonable charges for the use thereof, and for pre- wells, rese venting the wasting and fouling of public water; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (1). (36 V. c, 48, s. 384 (1).

(2) For constructing, building, purchasing, improving, ex- Constructing tending, holding, maintaining, managing and conducting water-water-works. works, and all buildings, materials, machinery and appurtenances thereto belonging in the municipality and in the neighbourhood thereof, subject to the provisions contained in "The Municipal Water Works Act, 1882;" 45 V. c. 25, s. 2.

Tainted Meat.

(3) For seizing and destroying all tainted and unwholesome Tainted promeat, poultry, fish, or other articles of food; R. S. O. c. 174, s. visions. 466 (14). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (14).)

Nuisances.

- (4) For preventing and abating public nuisances; 44 V. c. Nuisances. 24 s. 11. (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (15).)
- (5) For preventing common begging or persons in the streets Prevention of from importuning others for help or aid in money, or deformed, begging, etc. or malformed, or diseased persons, from exposing themselves, or being exposed in the public streets to excite sympathy or induce help or assistance from general or public charity. 44 V.
- (6) For preventing or regulating the construction of privy Priv. vaults. vaults; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (16). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (16).)
- (7) For preventing or regulating the erection or continuance Slaughter of slaughter houses, gas works, tanneries, distilleries or other houses, etc. manufactories or trades which may prove to be nuisances; including the keeping of cattle and pigs, or swine, and cattle or cow-byrcs and piggeries; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (17); 44 V. c. 24, s. 12. (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (17).)
- (8) For preventing the ringing of bells, blowing of horns, Preventing shouting and other unusual noises, in streets and public places; noises. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (18). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (18).)

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Firing of guns, (9) For preventing or regulating the firing of guns or other fire-arms; and the firing or setting off of fire balls, squibs, erackers or fire-works, and for preventing charivaries and other like disturbances of the peace; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 466 (19). (36 V. e. 48, s. 384 (19).)

Enclosure of Vacant Lots.

Vacant lots. (10) For eausing vacant lots to be properly enclosed; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 466 (20). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (20).)

Driving upon Sidewalks.

Driving, etc., upon sidewalks. (11) For preventing the leading, riding or driving of horses or cattle upon sidewalks or other places not proper therefor; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 466 (21). (36 V. e. 48, s. 384 (21).)

Importuning Travellers.

Importuning travellers.

(12) For preventing persons in streets or public places from importuning others to travel in or employ any vessel or vehicle, or go to any tavern or boarding house, or for regulating persons so employed; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 466 (22). 36 V. e. 48, s. 384 (22).)

Public Health.

Public health. (13) For providing for the health of the Municipality, and against the spreading of contagious or infectious diseases; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 466 (23). (36 V. e. 48, s. 384 (23).) See also R. S. O. c. 190, and 45 V. e. 29.

Interments.

Interments. (14) For regulating the interment of the dead, and for preventing the same taking place within the Municipality; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 466 (24). (36 V. e. 48, s. 384 (24).)

Bills of mortality; and for imposing penalities on persons guilty of default; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 466 (25). (36 V. e. 48, s. 384 (25).)

Gunpowder.

Gunpowder, care of.

(16) For regulating the keeping and transporting of gunpowder and other combustible or dangerous materials; for regulating and providing for the support, by fees, of magazines for storing gunpowder belonging to private parties; for compelling persons to store therein; for acquiring land, as well within as without the Municipality, for the purpose of creeting powder magazines, and for selling and conveying such land when no longer required therefor; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 466 (26).

(36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (26).)

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Preventing Fires.

- (17) For appointing fire wardens, fire engineers and firemen, Fire comparand promoting, establishing, and regulating fire companies, nies, etc. hook-and-ladder companies, and property-saving companies; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 466 (27). (36 V. e. 48, s. 384 (27).)
- (18) For providing medals or rewards for persons who dis-Medals and tinguish themselves at fires; and for granting pecuniary aid, sons distinor otherwise assisting the widows and orphans of persons who guishingthemare killed by accident at such fires; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (28). Selves at fires, (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (28).)
- (19) For preventing or regulating the use of fire or lights in Firein stables, stables, cabinet makers' shops, carpenters' shops, and combustic tible places; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (29). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (29).)
- (20) For preventing or regulating the carrying on of manu- Dangerous factories or trades dangerous in eausing or promoting fire; R. manufactories, S. O. e. 174, s. 466 (30). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (30).)
- (21) For preventing, and for removing or regulating the Chimneys, construction of any chimney, fluc, fire-place, stove, oven, boiler, stoves, etc. or other apparatus or thing which may be dangerous in eausing or promoting fire; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (31). (36 V. e. 48, s. 384 (31).)
- (22) For regulating the construction of chimneys as to di-Regulating mensions and otherwise, and for enforcing the proper cleaning construction, of the same, and for compelling manufacturers and others to chimneys. have such ehimneys or other apparatus as shall eonsume the smoke or prevent the same from fouling the atmosphere or being carried by the wind or otherwise to other shops, houses, or premises, to the inconvenience or injury of the neighbouring premises or residents therein. 44 V. c. 24, s. 13.
- (23) For regulating the mode of removal and safe keeping Ashes, of ashes; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 466 (33). (36 V. e. 48, s. 384 (33).)
- (24) For regulating and enforcing the erection of party Party walls. Walls; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 466 (34). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (34).)
- (25) For compelling the owners and occupants of houses to Scuttles, have scuttles in the roof thereof, with approaches; or stairs or ladders, etc., ladders leading to the roof; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 466 (35). (36 V. to houses. c. 48, s. 384 (35).)
- (26) For eausing buildings and yards to be put in other re-Guarding speets into a safe condition to guard against fire or other dan-buildings gerous risk or aeeident; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 466 (36). (36 V. c. against fire. 48, s. 384 (36).)
- (27) For requiring the inhabitants to provide so many fire Fire buckets, in such manner and time as may be prescribed; and for regulating the examination of them, and the use of them at fires; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (37). (36 V. e. 48, s. 384 (37).)

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Inspection of premises.

(28) For authorizing appointed officers to enter at all reasonable times upon any property subject to the regulations of the Council, in order to ascertain whether such regulations are obeyed, or to enforce or carry into effect the same; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (38). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (38).)

Preventing spreading of

(29) For making regulations for suppressing fires, and for pulling down or demolishing adjacent houses or other erections, when necessary to prevent the spreading of fire; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (39). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (39).)

Enforcing assistance at fires.

(30) For regulating the conduct, and enforcing the acristance of the inhabitants present at fires, and for the preservation of property at fires; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (40). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (40).)

Removal of Snow, Ice, Dirt.

Removal of snow, etc.

Classing of

sidewalks. streets, etc.

(31) For compelling persons to remove all snow and ice from the roofs of the premises owned or occupied by them; and to remove and clear away all snow, ice and dirt, and other obstructions, from the sidewalks, streets and alleys adjoining such premises; and also to provide for the cleaning of sidewalks and streets adjoining vacant property, the property of non-residents, and all other persons who, for twenty-four hours, negleet to clean the same; and to remove and clear away all snow and ice, and other obstructions, from such sidewalks and streets, at the expense of the owner or occupant in case of his default; and in ease of non-payment, to charge such expenses as a special assessment against such premises, to be recovered in like manner as other municipal rates; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 466 (41). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (41).)

Obstruction of Roads and Streets.

Preventing obstruction streets, etc.

(32) For regulating or preventing the encumbering, injuring and fouling of or fouling, by animals, vehicles, vessels or other means, of any road, street, square, alley, lane, bridge or other communication; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (42). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (42).)

Removal of door.steps,etc.

(33) For directing the removal of door-steps, porches, railings or other erections, or obstructions projecting into or over any road or other public communication, at the expense of the proprietor or occupant of the property connected with which such projections are found; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 466 (43). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (43).)

Numbering Houses and Lots.

Numbering houses, etc.

(34) For numbering the houses and lots along the streets of the Municipality, and for affixing the numbers to the houses, buildings, or other erections along the streets, and for charging the owner or occupant of each house or lot with the expense incident to the numbering of the same; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (44). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (44).)

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466 (35) (35) For keeping (and every such Council is hereby required Record of to make and keep) a record of the streets, and numbers of the streets, numbered thereon respectively, and entering thereon, and every such Council is hereby required to enter thereon a division of the streets with boundaries and distances for public inspection; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (45). (36 V. (45))

Naming Streets.

(36) For surveying, settling, and marking the boundary lines for marking of all streets, roads, and other public communications, and for the boundaries giving names thereto, and affixing such names at the corners streets, etc. thereof, on either public or private property; but no by-law for altering the name of any street, square, road, lane, or other public communication, shall have any force or effect, unless and until the by-law has been registered in the Registry Office of the County or other Registration Division; and the Registrar shall be entitled to a fee of one dollar for every by-law so registered, and for the necessary entries and certificates in connection therewith; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (46). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (46); 46 V. c. 7, Sched. A (180).)

Levels of Cellars-Plans.

(37) For ascertaining and compelling owners, tenants and Ascertaining occupants to furnish the Councils with the levels of the cellars levels of heretofore dug or constructed, or which may hereafter be dug or constructed along the streets of the Municipality, such levels to be with reference to a line fixed by the by-laws; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (47). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (47).)

(38) For compelling to be deposited with an officer, to be Compelling named in the by-law, before commencing the erection of any the furnishing building, a ground or block plan of such building, with the block plan of levels of the cellars and basements thereof, with reference to a buildings to line fixed by the by-laws; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (48). (36 V.

Sewerage and Drainage.

- (39) For regulating the construction of cellars, sinks, water-Cellars, sinks, closets, privies and privy vaults, and the manner of draining etc. the same; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (49). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (49).)
- (40) For compelling or regulating the filling up, draining, relaying or repairing of any grounds, yards, low places, vacant lots, cellars, private drains, sinks, cesspools and privies; and for assessing the owners or occupiers of such grounds or yards, or of the real estate on which the cellars, private drains, sinks, cesspools and privies are requate, with the cost thereof, if done by the Council on their default; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (50).

Sewerage and drainage.

(41) For making any other regulations for sewerage or drainage that may be deemed necessary for sanitary purposes; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (51). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (51).)

Charging rent for sewers.

(42) For charging all persons who own or occupy property which is drained into a common sewer, or which by any bylaw of the Council is required to be drained into such sewer, with a reasonable rent for the use of the same and for regulating the time or times and manner in which the same is to be paid; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (52). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (52).)

Acquiring land in another municipality for drainage purposes.

(43) For accepting or purchasing any land in any other Municipality which may be required for preventing such city, town or incorporated village, or any part thereof, being flooded by the surface or other waters flowing from such other Municipality into such city, town, or incorporated village, and for providing an outlet for such waters through any other Municipality, and for opening, making, preserving, and improving drains, sewers and water-courses in the lands so acquired; Provided always that the consent of the Municipality in which the lands to be taken are situate shall be obtained before the powers conferred by this sub-section shall be exercised; 43 V. c. 24, s. 21.

Proviso.

municipality for general

purposes.

Repeated Acquiring landin another

Jec 27. page 152

chap 29

(44) For acquiring and holding by purchase or otherwise for the public use of the Municipality, lands situate outside the limits of such city, town, or incorporated village; but such lands so acquired shall not form part of the Municipality of such city, town or incorporated village, but shall continue and remain as of the Municipality where situate; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 556. (40 V. c. 25, s. 1.) See also Secs. 490 (8) and 504 (9).

User of Streets.

Regulating traffic in streets, wheels, etc.

(45) For regulating the conveyance of traffic in the public streets, and the width of the tires and wheels of all vehicles used for the conveyance of articles of burden, goods, wares or merchandise; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (54); 36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (54).

Cab Stands.

Cab stands.

Proviso.

(46) For authorizing and for assigning stands for vehicles kept for hire on the public streets and places, and for authorizing the erection and maintenance of covered stands or booths on the streets, highways and public places for the protection and shelter of the drivers of such vehicles: Provided that no such booth or covered stand shall be placed upon any sidewalk without the previous consent of the owner or lessee of the property fronting, abutting or adjoining such stand or booth; 43 V. c. 24, s. 15.

Telegraph Poles.

Telegraph poles. (47) For regulating the erection and maintenance of telegraph and telephone poles and wires within their limits; 44 V. c. 24, s. 14.

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Children Riding behind Vehicles.

(48) For preventing children from riding on the platform of Preventing cars or behind waggons and other vehicles, and for preventing children from accidents arising from such carses. 44 V. c. 24, s. 14. waggons, etc.

Inspection of Meat, Milk, etc.

(49) For appointing inspectors and providing for the inspection of tion of milk, meat, poultry, fish and other natural products meat, etc. offered for sale for human food or drink, whether on the streets or in public places, or in shops. 45 V. c. 23, s. 12.

Free Libraries.

(50) For establishing free libraries in accordance with and Establishing subject to the provisions of "The Free Libraries Act, 1882."

[Free Libraries Act, 1882.]

Markets, etc.

- 497. No municipality shall impose, levy or collect a market Market fees on feet upon any wheat, barley, rye, corn, oats, or upon any other certain prograin, or upon any hay or other seed, or wool, lumber, lath, or ished, shingles, or cordwood or other firewood, or upon dressed hogs, or cheese, or upon hay, straw or other fodder, that may be brought to market or to the market place for sale or other disposal, or upon the person bringing, or the vehicle in which the same is or shall be brought. 45 V. c. 24, s. 1 (1).
- (2) No market fee shall be charged, levied, or imposed upon Whenfeesmay or in respect of butter, eggs or poultry brought to market, or be charged upon the market place, for sale, unless a convenient and fit brought to place in which to offer or expose the same for sale shall be market. provided by the Municipality, which shall afford shelter in summer, and shelter and reasonable protection from the cold in winter. 45 V. e. 24, s. 1 (2).
- (3) When the vendor of any article brought within the Fees not to be Municipality in pursuance of a prior contract for the sale charged on thereof, proceeds directly to the place of delivery thereof, articles defender such contract, without hawking the same upon the same of streets or elsewhere in the Municipality, it shall not be lawful prior contract, to impose, levy or collect a market fee thereon, or in respect thereof or on the vehicle in which the same is so brought. 45 V. c. 24, s. 2 (1).
- (4) Where there is no prior contract as mentioned in the when fees not previous sub-section, no market fee shall be imposed, levied, or to be charged, collected upon or in respect of any article brought into any prior contract. Municipality after the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, nor on or in respect of any vehicle in which such article is so brought, unless such article is offered or exposed for sale upon the market place of such Municipality. 45 V. c. 24, s. 2 (2).

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Restriction as to by-laws requiring articles to be weighed or measured. (5) No by-law shall require hay, straw or other fodder to be weighed, or wood to be measured, where neither the vendor nor purchaser desires to have the same so weighed or measured. 45 V. c. 24, s. 3.

Limit of time for enforced sale of goods at market. (6) After nine o'clock in the forenoon, between the first day of April and the first day of November, and after ten o'clock in the forenoon, between the first day of November and the first day of April, no person shall be compelled to remain on any market place with any article which he may have been exposing or offering for sale in such market place, but may, after the expiration of such hour, proceed to sell such article elsewhere than in or on said market place: Provided that such person has paid the market fee on or in respect of such article, or the vehicle in which the same is contained. 45 V. c. 24, s. 4.

Scale of market fees. (7) No market fees shall be imposed by any Municipality higher than those contained in the following scale:—

Scale of fees for weighing or measuring. (8) No fee shall be imposed or levied by any municipality for weighing or measuring greater than as follows:—

Regulation of sale and traffic.

(9) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the Municipality may regulate the sale by retail in the public streets, or on vacant lots adjacent thereto, of any of the articles herein mentioned.

mentioned, and may regulate traffic in the streets, and prevent the blocking up of the same by vehicles or otherwise. 45 V.

498. The preceding section shall not apply to any Munici-Preceding secpality which shall pass, and so long as it shall keep in force, a tion not to annly when by-law providing that the vendors of any articles in respect of by-law in force which a market fee may under this Act be lawfully imposed, allowing sale, except at the may, without paying market fees, offer for sale and sell or market, withotherwise dispose of any such articles, at any place within the out payment Municipality, excepting only at and upon the market place or of fees; places thereof. 45 V. c. 24, s. 8 (1).

(2) Such by-law may, nevertheless, provide for the imposi-but such bytion and collection of market fees from such vendors of law may imarticles in respect of which a market fee may now be imposed, pose fees on under this Act, as shall voluntarily used to the pose fees on persons voluntarily used to the persons voluntarily u under this Act, as shall voluntarily use the market place for tarily using the purpose of selling such articles. 45 V c 24 c 8 (2) market; the purpose of selling such articles. 45 V. c. 24, s. 8 (2).

(3) And such by-law may also provide for the imposition and on others upon and collection of market fees from any person who taking advarshall remain, or cause his vehicle to remain upon that part of ket. any street immediately adjoining or surrounding or being within 100 yards of the market place, for the purpose of selling upon such street or streets such articles, so as to obtain the advantages of the sail market place, but driving through or across such portions of streets shall not of itself be deemed sufficient ground for the imposition of any fee; but this sub-section shall not apply to grain, seeds, dressed hogs or wool; provided always that where the market fees have been sold or leased in any Municipality for the year 1883 this section shall not come into force in such Municipality until the first day of January, 1884. 45 V. c. 24, s. 8 (3); 46 V. c. 17,

(4) But such by-law shall not prevent the sale of any such By-law not to articles to any person carrying on business and having an interior near actual and bona fide store, shop or other similar place of busi-sons carrying ness, en those portions of the streets in the next preceding on business in vicinity of vicinity of particles. sub-section mentioned; nor shall such by-law authorize the market. imposing or levying of any fee in respect of any article so sold, or of any vericle in which the same is contained. 45 V.

(5) It shall not be lawful for any Municipality passing such Re triction on by-law to impose a higher tariff or greater fee upon any article fees. or vehicle than was in force or imposed by such Municipality on the first day of March, 1882. 45 V. c 24, s. 8 (5).

(6) No market fee shall be levied, collected or rapposed by Fees not to be any Municipality in respect of any market place or market, or charged on markets m any portion of any such market place or market hereafter in streets. established declared or made in, on, or out of any street or part of any street within said Municipality: Provided always

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that this sub-section shall not apply to so much of any street as immediately adjoins and abuts upon any market square, either now or hereafter established as a market place. 45 V. e. 24, s. 8 (6).

Preceding s are charged.

499. The preceding section shall not apply to any Municiapply when no pality where no market fees were charged or imposed on the tenth day of March, 1882, but sections 497, 500 and 501 shall apply to such Municipality in the event of market fees being thereafter charged or imposed therein. 45 V. c. 24, s. 9.

Power to regulate sales when no fees are charged.

500. Nothing in the preceding sections contained shall prevent any Municipality wherein no market fees are imposed or charged from regulating the sale and the place of sale of any articles within the Municipality to the same extent as it might do before the tenth day of March, 1882: Provided always that market fees within the meaning of this section shall not include fees for weighing or measuring; Provided further, that after nine o'clock in the forenoon, between the first day of April and the 1st day of November, and after ten o'clock in the forenoon, between the first day of November and the first day of April, no person shall be compelled to remain on, or resort to, any market-place with any articles which he may have for sale, but may, after the expiration of such hour, sell or dispose of such articles elsewhere than in or on said market-places. 45 V. c. 24, s. 10; 46 V. e. 17, s. 2.

Inconsistent enactments to

501. When and so long as section 497 shall be in force and apply to any Municipality, so much of any Act or law as may be of no effect. be contrary to, and as shall conflict with the same, shall not be in force in or apply to such Municipality; and when and so long as section 498 shall be in force in and apply to any Municipality, so much of any Act or law as may be contrary to, and as shall conflict with the same, shall not be in force in or apply to such Municipality. 45 V. e. 24, s. 11.

Right to lease market fees.

502. Subject to the provisions of the five next preceding sections, and notwithstanding anything contained in section 35 of the Municipal Amendment Act of 1881, every Munieipality shall hereafter have, and shall be held to have had, since the first day of April, 1882, the power to sell, assign, or lease its market fees. 46 V. e. 17, s. 3.

Market bylaws.

503. The Council of every City, Town and incorporated Village may, subject to the restrictions and exceptions contained in the six next preceding sections, also pass by-laws:

Establishing markets.

(1) For establishing markets; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (2). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (2).)

Regulating markets.

(2) For regulating all markets established and to be established; the places, however, already established as markets in

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the Municipality, shall continue to be markets, and shall retain all the privileges thereof until otherwise directed by competent authority; and all market reservations or appropriations Old markets restricted in the Corporation to eipality shall continue to be continued. (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (3).)

- (3) For preventing or regularing the sale by retail in the Regulating public streets, or vacant lots adjacent thereto, of any meat, vending in vegetables, grain, hay, fruit, beverages, small-ware, and other streets, etc. articles offered for sale; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (4). (36 V. c.
- (4) For preventing or regulating the buying and selling of Regulating articles or animals exposed for sale or marketed. R. S. O. c. sales, etc. 174, s. 466 (5). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (5).)
- (5) For regulating the place and manner of selling and Sale of grain, weighing grain, meat, vegetables, fish, hay, straw, fodder, wood, produce, small-umber, shingles, farm produce of every description, small-ware ware, etc. therefor; and also for preventing criers and vendors of small-ware from practising their calling in the market place, public streets and vacant lots adjacent thereto. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (6). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (6).)
- (6) For granting annually, or oftener licenses for the sale of Regulating fresh meat in quantities less than by the quarter carcase, and sale of meat. for regulating such sale, and fixing and regulating the places where such sale shall be allowed, and for imposing a license fee not exceeding \$50 in Cities and \$25 in Towns and incorporated Villages to be paid for such license, and for enforcing the payment of the same, and for preventing the sale of fresh meat in quantities less than by the quarter carcase, unless by a person holding a valid license and in a place authorized by the Council, but nothing herein contained shall affect the powers conferred in the preceding sub-section.
- (7) For preventing the forestalling, regrating or monopoly Preventing of market grains, wood, meats, fish, fruits, roots, vegetables, forestalling, poultry and dairy products, eggs and all articles required for family use, and such as are usually sold in the market; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (7). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (7).)
- (8) For preventing and regulating the purchase of such Regulating things by hucksters, grocers, butchers or runners; R. S. O. c. hucksters, etc. 174, s. 466 (8). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (8).)
- (9) For regulating the mode of measuring or weighing (as Measuring, 197) the case may be) of lime, shingles, laths, cordwood, coal and etc., certain vol. 1.

 (10) For increase the mode of measuring or weighing (as Measuring, 197) the case may be) of lime, shingles, laths, cordwood, coal and etc., certain vol. 1.
- or short measurement in anything marketed; R. S. O. e. 174, light weight, 12 See ante, s. 482 (24).

(11)

Regulating vehicles used in market vending. (11) For regulating all vehicles, vessels, and all other things in which anything is exposed for sale or marketed, and for imposing a reasonable duty thereon, and establishing the mode in which it shall be paid; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (11). (36 V. c. 48, s. 384 (11).)

Sale of meat distrained.

(12) For selling, after six hours' notice, butchers' meat distrained for rent of market stalls; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (13). (36 V. c. 48, s, 384 (13).)

Assize of Bread.

Assize of bread, etc.

(13) For regulating the assize of bread, and preventing the use of deleterious materials in making bread; and for providing for the seizure and forfeiture of bread made contrary to the by-law; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 466 (12). (36 V. e. 48, s. 384 (12).) See ante, s. 482 (24).

DIVISION VI.—POWERS OF COUNCILS OF CITIES AND TOWNS.

Respecting Intelligence Offices. Sec. 504 (1-5).

Wooden Buildings. Sec. 504 (6).

" Police. Sec. 504 (7, 8).

" Industrial Farms—Exhibitions. Sec. 504 (9-11).

" Almshouses—Charities. Sec. 504 (12).
" Corporation Surveyor. Sec. 504 (13).

Gas and Water. Secs. 504 (14), 505-508.

By-laws may be made for 504. The Council of every City and Town may pass by-

Intelligence Offices.

Licensing intelligence offices,

(1) For licensing suitable persons to keep Intelligence Offices, for registering the names and residences of, and giving information to, or procuring servants for employers in want of domestics or labourers, and for registering the names and residences of, and giving information to, or procuring employment for domestics, servants and other labourers desiring employment, and for fixing the fees to be received by the keepers of such offices; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 467 (1). (36 V. c. 48, s. 385 (1).)

Regulation of.

(2) For the regulation of such Intelligence Offices. R. S. O., c. 174, s. 467 (2). (36 V. c. 48, s. 385 (2).)

Duration of ficense.

(3) For limiting the duration of or revoking any such license. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 467 (3). (36 V. c. 48, s. 385 (3).)

Prohibition without license, (4) For prohibiting the opening or keeping of any such Intelligence Office within the Municipality without license. R. S.O. c. 174, s. 467 (4). (36 V. c. 48, s. 385 (4).)

Fees for.

(5) For fixing the fee to be paid for such license, not exceeding \$10 for one year. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 467 (5). (36 V. c. 48, s. 385 (5).)

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Wooden Buildings.

(6) For regulating the crection of buildings, and preventing Regulating the erection of wooden buildings, or additions thereto, and erection of wooden fences in specified parts of the City or Town; and also buildings and for prohibiting the erection or placing of buildings, other than Construction with main walls of brick, iron or stone, and roofing of incom- of buildings bustible material, within defined areas of the City or Town, within fire and for authorizing the pulling down or removal, at the expense of the owner thereof, of any building or erection which may be constructed or placed in contravention of any by-law.

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 467 (6). (36 V. c. 48, s. 385 (6).)

Police.

- (7) For establishing, regulating and maintaining a police; Police, but subject to the other provisions of this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 467 (7). (36 V. c. 48, s. 385 (7).)
- (8) For aiding and assisting by annual money grant or other-Superannua-wise, as the Council may deem expedient, the establishment tion and benefit and maintenance of superannuation and benefit funds for the fit funds for benefit of the members of the police force and fire brigades, force, and of their families respectively, where police forces and fire brigades are established. 44 V. c. 24, s. 24.

Industrial Farm—Exhibitions.

- (9) For acquiring any estate in landed property within or Industrial without the City or Town for an In lustrial Farm, or for a farms, parks, public park, garden or walk, or for a place for Exhibitions, and etc. for the disposal thereof when no longer required for the purpose; and for accepting and taking charge of landed property, within or without the City or Town, dedicated for a public park, garden or walk for the use of the inhabitants of the City or Town. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 467 (8). (36 V. c. 48, s. 385 (8).) See also sees. 459, 461 and 496 (44).
- (10) For the erection thereon of buildings and fences for Buildings the purposes of the farm, park, garden, walk or place for Exthereon. Historian the Council deems necessary. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 467 (9). (36 V. c. 48, s. 385 (9).)
- (11) For the management of the farm, park, garden, walk Managing the or place for Exhibitions and buildings. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 467 same.

Almshouses-Charities.

(12) For establishing and regulating within the City or Almshouses, Town, or on the Industrial Farm or ground held for public etc. exhibitions, one or more Almshouses or Houses of Refuge for the relief of the destitute, and also for aiding charitable insti-

tutions within the City or Town. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 467 (11). (36 V. e. 48, s. 385 (11).) See sec. 482 (12), and as to Workhouses, sec. 461.

Corporation Surveyor.

Corporation surveyor.

(13) For appointing any Provincial Land Surveyor to be the Corporation Surveyor. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 467 (12). (36 V. c. 48, s. 385 (12).)

Gas and Water.

Construction: of gas and water works.

(14) For constructing gas and water works, and for levying an annual special rate to defray the yearly interest of the expenditure therefor, and to form an equal yearly sinking fund for the payment of the principal within a time not exceeding thirty years, nor less than five years. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 467 (16). (36 V. c. 48, s. 385 (17).) See 45 V. c. 25; 46 V. e. 21.

505. No by-law under the last sub-section of the preceding section shall be passed—

Estimate to be notice of tak-

First:—Until estimates of the intended expenditure have published, and been published for one month, and notice of the time appointed ing poll on by- for taking a poll of the electors on the proposed by-law has been published for two months, and a copy of the proposed by-law at length as the same may be ultimately passed, and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months, in some newspaper in the Municipality; or if no newspaper is published therein, then in some newspaper in the County in which the Municipality is situate;

Poll to be held and majority must be in favour.

Nor, secondly:—Until at a poll held in the same manner and at the same places, and continued for the same time as at cleetions for Councillors, a majority of the electors, voting at the poll, vote in favour of the by-law;

By-law to be passed within three months.

Nor, thirdly:—Unless the by-law is passed within three months after holding said poll. R.S.O. c. 174, s. 468. (36 V. e. 48, s. 386.)

If by-law rejected.

506. If the proposed by-law is rejected at such poll, no other by-law for the same purpose shall be submitted to the electors during the current year. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 469. (36) V. e. 48, s. 387.)

Provisions water company incormunicipality.

507. In ease there is any Water Company incorporated where there is for the Municipality, the Council shall not levy any water rate until such Council has by by-law fixed a price to porated for the offer for the works or stock of the Company; nor until after 50 days have elapsed after notice of such price has been communicated to the Company without the Company's having accepted the same, or having, under the provisions of

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this Aet as to arbitrators, named and given notice of an arbitrator to determine the price, nor until the price accepted or awarded has been paid, or has been secured to the satisfaction of the Company. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 470. (36 V. e. 48, s. 388.) See 46 V. e. 21.

508. The foregoing clauses or any of them shall not be eon-Proviso as to strued to apply to or affect the provisions contained in any provisions in special Act obtained or to be obtained by any Company or Municipal Corporation. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 471. (36 V. e. 48, s.

Division VII.—Powers of Councils of Townships, Towns and Villages.

509. The Council of every Township, Town or Village may Drainage. pass by-laws-

Borrowing Money for Drainage Purposes.

For borrowing money and issuing debentures therefor for 41 V. c. 9; 42 the purposes and subject to the provisions of "The Ontario Tile, V. c. 8; 43 V. Stone and Timber Drainage Acts."

DIVISION VIII.—POWERS OF COUNCILS OF TOWNS AND INCOR-PORATED VILLAGES.

510. The Council of every Town and Incorporated Village By-laws may may pass by-laws—

Licensing Vehicles, etc.

For regulating and licensing the owners of livery stables, Regulating and of horses, cabs, carriages, omnibuses and other vehicles and licensing for hire: for establishing the rates of fares to be taken by the for hire; for establishing the rates of fares to be taken by the cabs, etc. owners or drivers, and for enforcing payment thereof. R.S.O. e. 174, s. 472. (36 V. e. 48, s. 391.)

DIVISION IX.—EXCLUSIVE POWERS OF COUNCILS OF COUNTIES.

Respecting Protection of Booms. Sec. 511 (1).

Guaranteeing Debentures. Sec. 511 (2). "

Livery Stables, etc. Sec. 512. "

Board of Audit-Criminal Justice Account. Secs. 513, 514.

Improvements by either County of a Union. Secs. 515-519.

Support of Destitute Insane Persons. Sec. 520. Roads and Bridges. See secs. 565, 567.

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By laws may be made for511. The Council of every County may make by-laws-

Protecting Booms.

Protecting booms.

(1) For protecting and regulating booms on any stream or river for the safe keeping of timber, saw-logs and staves within the Municipality. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 473. (36 V. c. 48, s. 392.)

Guaranteeing Debentures.

Guaranteeing debentures.

(2) For guaranteeing debentures of any Municipality within the County, as the Council may deem expedient. 43 V. c. 24, s. 25.

Livery Stables, etc.

Regulating and licensing livery stables, etc.

Tires.

512. The Council of every County, having County gravel or macadamized roads within its jurisdiction, and under its immediate control, such roads being kept up and repaired by municipal taxation, and upon which no toll is collected, shall have power to pass a by-law or by-laws for regulating and licensing the owners of livery stables, and of horses, cabs, carriages, omnibuses, and all other vehicles used or kept for hire; and for issuing and regulating teamsters' licenses; for regulating the width of tire used on such vehicles; for estab-Rates of fare. lishing the rates of fare that may be collected or taken by the owners or drivers; for enforcing the payment of such licenses, regulating rates of fares for the conveyance of goods or passengers; and for enforcing the width of tire that may be used on such vehicles, when travelling on the aforesaid County gravel or macadamized roads. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 476, (36 V. c. 43, s. 395.)

Board of Audit—Criminal Justice, etc.

County boards of audit.

513. Every County Council shall appoint at its first meeting in each year two persons, not more than one of whom shall belong to such Council, to be members of the Board of Audit, for auditing and approving accounts and demands preferred against the County, the approving and auditing whereof provious to the nineteenth day of December, 1868, belonged to the General Quarter Sessions. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 474. c. 48, s. 393.)

Payment of members of board.

514. The Council may pay the members of the said Board of Audit any sum not exceeding four dollars each per day for their attendance at such audit, and five cents for each mile necessarily travelled in respect thereof in going to and from such audit. 43 V. c. 24, s. 16.

Improvements by either County of a Union.

Enabling either county of a union to

515. The Councils of United Counties may make appropriations and raise funds to enable either County separately to carry IC.

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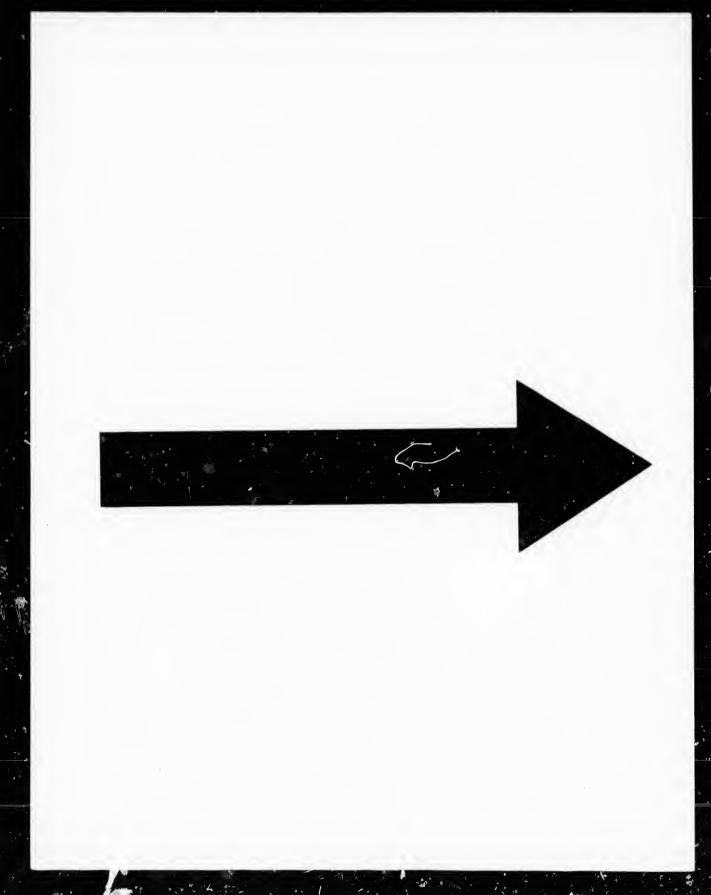
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to ry carry on such improvements as may be required by the inhabi- make improvetants thereof. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 478. (36 V. c. 48, s. 397.)

- 516. Whenever any such measure is brought under the Reeves, etc., notice of the Council of any United Counties, none but the of the county Reeves and Doputy Reeves of the County to be affected by the Reeves and Deputy Reeves of the County to be affected by the alone to vote. measure shall vote; except in case of an equality of votes, Exception. when the Warden, whether a Reeve or Deputy Reeve of any portion of the County to be affected by the measure or not, shall have the casting vote. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 479. (36 V. c. 48, s. 398.)
- 517. In all other respects, all the provisions of this Act Provisions of giving such privileges and making provision for the payment this Act for of the amounts appropriated, whether to be borrowed upon a apply. loan or to be raised by direct taxation, shall be adhered to. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 480. (36 V. c. 48, s. 399.)
- 518. The Treasurer of the United Counties shall pay over Treasurer to all sums so raised and paid into his hands by the several Col- pay over lectors, without any deduction or percentage. R. S. O. c. 174, out deduction. s. 481. (36 V. c. 48, s. 400.)
- 519. The property to be assessed for the purposes contem- The property plated in the four last preceding sections of this Act, shall be to be assessed in such cases the same as the property assessed for any other County purpose, except that any sum to be raised for the purposes of one County only, or for the payment of any debt contracted for the purposes of one County only, shall be assessed and levied solely upon property assessed in that County, and not upon property in any other County united with it, and any debenture that may be issued for such purposes may be issued as the debenture of the said one County only, and shall be as valid and binding upon that County as if that County were a separate Municipality, but such debenture shall be under the seal of the United Counties, and be signed by the Warden thereof. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 482. (36 V. c. 48, s. 401.)

Support of Destitute Insane Persons.

520. The County Council of each County shall, from time County counto time, make provision for the whole or partial support of cil to make such insane destitute persons as cannot properly be admitted provision for the destitute to the provincial asylums, either in the County gaol or some insane. other place within the County, and shall determine the sum to be paid for such support, and also the party or parties to whom such sums shall be paid by the County Treasurer. 43 V. c. 26, s. 1.



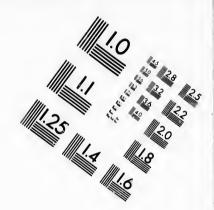
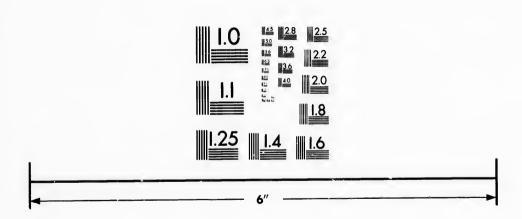


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DIVISION X.—EXCLUSIVE POWERS OF COUNCILS OF Townships.

Respecting Statute Labour. Sec. 521 (1-6).

Town Halls. Sec. 521 (7, 8).

- Obstructions to Streams and Water-courses. Secs. 521 (9-11), 522.
- " Registration of Plans. Sec. 523.
- Roads and Bridges. See secs. 566-569.

By-laws may be made for**521.** The Council of every Township may pass by-laws—

Statute Labour.

Commutation of statute labour.

(1) For empowering any person (resident or non-resident) liable to statute labour within the Municipality, to compound for such labour, for any term not exceeding five years, at any sum not exceeding \$1 for each day's labour. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 483 (1). (36 V. c. 48, s. 390 (1).)

Rate of

(2) For providing that a sum of money, not exceeding commutation. \$1 for each day's labour, may or shall be paid in commutation of such statute labour. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 483 (2). (36) V. c. 48, s. 390 (2).)

Fixing number of days' statute labour.

(3) For increasing or reducing the number of days' labour, to which the persons rated on the assessment roll or otherwise shall be liable, in proportion to the statute labour to which such persons are liable in respect or the amounts at which they are assessed, or otherwise respectively. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 483 (3). (36 V. c. 48, s. 390 (3).)

Enforcing

(4) For enforcing the performance of statute labour, or paystatute labour. ment of a commutation in money in lieu thereof, when not otherwise provided by law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 483 (4). (36) V. c. 48, s. 390 (4).)

Regulating performance, etc.

(5) For regulating the manner and the divisions in which statute labour or commutation money shall be performed or expended. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 483 (5). (36 V. c. 48, s. 390 (5).) See 40 V. c. 7, Sched. A (181).

Reducing or abolishing.

(6) For reducing the amount of statute labour to be performed by the ratepayers or others within the Municipality, or for entirely abolishing such statute labour. 43 V. c. 27, s. 21.

Town Halls.

Acquiring land for a town hall in a town or village.

(7) For acquiring lands in any Town or incorporated Village within or partly within the original boundaries of the Township, for the purpose of erecting thereon a Town Hall, or for renting or acquiring a hall, within such Town or Village, for the purpose of a Town Hall. 42 V. c. 31, s. 29.

Township and (8) Any Township owning, renting or otherwise acquiring a other meetings Town Hall in any such Town or Village may hold at such Town Hall, any meeting, nomination, or election, or post at

such Town Hall any notice, assessment roll, or voters' list, or posted at such do thereat any other act required by law to be held, nosted hall. do thereat any other act required by law to be held, posted or done in the Township at the Town Hall, and any meeting of any Mutual Insurance Company, or upon the formation thereof, which shall by any statute be held in the Municipality, may lawfully be held in such Hall. 42 V. c. 31, s. 30.

Obstructions to Streams and Water-courses.

(9) For preventing the obstruction of streams, creeks and Preventing water-courses, by trees, brushwood, timber or other materials, obstruction of and for clearing away and removing such obstructions at the streams, etc. and for clearing away and removing such obstructions at the expense of the offenders or otherwise;

(10) For levying the amount of such expense in the same Levying manner as taxes are levied;

(11) For imposing penalties on parties causing such obstruct Penalties. tions. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 484. (36 V. c. 48, s. 402.)

522. Whenever any stream or creek in any Township is When stream cleared of all logs, brush or other obstructions to the Town line in any townbetween such Township and any adjoining Township into which ship cleared of such stream or creek flows, the Council of the Township in notice may be which the creek or stream has been cleared of obstruction may served on serve a notice in writing on the head of the Council of the intrinsic or the head of the council of the intrinsic or the head of the Council of the intrinsic or the head of the council of the intrinsic or the head of the head of the head serve a notice in writing on the head of the Council of the joining muniadjoining Township into which the stream or creek flows, cipality rerequesting such Council to clear such stream or creek through to clear such their Municipality; and it shall be the duty of such last-named their muni-Council, within six months after the service of the notice as cipality. aforesaid, to enforce the removal of all obstructions in such creek or stream within their Municipality, to the satisfaction of any person whom the Council of the County in which the Municipality whose Council served the notice is situate, shall appoint to inspect the same. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 485. (36 V. c. 48, s. 403.)

Registration of Plans.

523. Where land in a Township has been or shall hereafter Enforcing be sold under surveys or sub-divisions made in a manner which registration of so differs from that in which such land was surveyed or granted division of by the Crown, that the parcel sold cannot be easily identified, land in certain and the map or plan has not been registered under the Acts in cases. that behalf, the Council of the Township may at the written request of the Inspector of Registries, or of any person interested, cause a plan of any such land to be made and registered in the same manner and with the same effect as in the case of an unincorporated Village; and the expenses attending the Expenses of getting up and filing of such map or plan shall be paid by a registration, special rate, to be levied by assessment on the lands comprised etc. in said map or plan, as described in a by-law to be passed by the Council for the purpose of levying such rate; and the Municipality shall have the like r nedies for the recovery of such expenses as it has for compelling payment of taxes. 42 V. c. 31, s. 35.

TITLE II.—POWERS AND DUTIES OF COUNCILS AS TO HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES.

DIV. I.—GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Chap. 18.

DIV. II.—Counties, Townships, Cities, Towns and Villages.

DIV. III.—TOWNSHIPS, CITIES, TOWNS AND VILLAGES.

DIV. IV. -- COUNTY COUNCILS.

DIV. V.—TOWNSHIP COUNCILS.

DIVISION I.—GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Highways defined. Sec. 524.
Freehold in Crown. Sec. 525.
Jurisdiction of Councils. Sec. 526.
Possession in Municipalities. Secs. 527, 528.
Acquiring Roads for Public Avenues. Sec. 528.
Assumption of County Bridges by Villages. Sec. 529.
Liability for Repairs. Secs. 530, 531.
County Roads and Bridges. Secs. 532, 533.
Improving and Maintaining County Roads. Secs. 534,

535.

Maintaining Township Roads. Secs. 536, 537.

Roads under joint Jurisdiction. Secs. 538–540.

Transfer of former Powers of Justices in Sessions to County Councils. Sec. 541.

Roads vested in Her Majesty. Sec. 542. Roads on Dominion Lands. Sec. 543.

Roads necessary for ingress and egress. Sec. 544. Width of Roads. Sec. 545.

Notices of By-laws affecting Public Roads. Sec. 546.

Registration of Road By-laws. Sec. 547.
Disputes respecting Roads—Administration of Oaths.

Mistakės in opening Road Allowances. Sec. 549.

Highways Defined.

What shall constitute public high-ways.

524. All allowances made for roads by the Crown Surveyors in any Town, Township or place already laid out, or hereafter laid out; and also all roads laid out by virtue of any statute, or any roads whereon the public money has been expended for opening the same, or whereon the statute labour has been usually performed, or any roads passing through the Indian lands, shall be deemed common and public highways, unless where such roads have been already altered, or may hereafter be altered according to law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 486. (36 V. c. 48, s. 404.) See R. S. O. c. 146, ss. 49, 50 and 67.

Freehold

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Freehold in the Crown.

525. Unless otherwise provided for, the soil and freehold Certain highof every highway or road altered, amended or laid out, accord-ways, etc., ing to law, shall be vested in Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Suc- Crown. cessors. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 487. (36 V. c. 48, s. 405.)

Jurisdiction of Municipal Councils.

526. Subject to the exceptions and provisions hereinafter Jurisdiction of contained, every Municipal Council shall have jurisdiction councils over over the original allowances for roads and highways and roads, etc. bridges within the Municipality. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 488. (36 V. c. 48, s. 406.)

Possession in Municipalities.

527 Every public road, street, bridge or other highway, in Streets in a City, Township, Town or incorporated Village, shall be vested cities, towns in the Municipality, subject to any rights in the soil which the rated villages individuals who laid out such road, street, bridge or highway rested in reserved, and except any concession or other road within the subject to City, Township or Town or incorporated Village, taken and certain rights. held possession of by an individual in lieu of a street, road or highway laid out by him without compensation therefor. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 489. (36 V. c. 48, s. 407.)

Acquiring Roads for Public Avenues.

528. The Council of every City and Town may respectively Acquiring pass by-laws for acquiring and assuming possession of and control over any public highway or road in an adjacent Munici-lic avenue or pality by and with the consent of such Municipality, the same walk. being signified by a by-law passed for that purpose, for a public avenue or walk;

And for acquiring from the owners of the land adjacent to such highway or road, such land as may be required on either side of such highway or road to increase the width thereof to the extent of 100 feet or less, subject to the provisions of section 486 of this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 490. (36 V. c. 48, s. 408.)

Assumption of County Bridges by Villages.

529. The Councils of every County and incorporated Assumption Village may pass by-laws for carrying out any arrangement by villages of between them for the assumption by the Village Municipality bridges under between them for the assumption by the Village Municipality control of of any bridge within its limits under the jurisdiction of the county. County Council, and for such bridge being toll free; and for the payment by the Village Municipality to the County Municipality of any part of the cost of the construction of such bridge;

After the passing of such by-laws the bridge shall be and remain under the exclusive jurisdiction of the Village Municipality;

Chap. 18.

Municipality; and the Village Municipality shall be subject to all the liabilities in the premises, which but for the transfer would have devolved on the County Municipality; and the bridge shall be and remain toll free. 41 V.c. 11, s. 1.

Liability for Repairs.

Approaches to bridges.

530. The approaches for 100 fect to and next adjoining each end of all bridges belonging to, assumed by, or under the jurisdiction of any Municipality or Municipalities, shall be kept up and maintained by such Municipality or Municipalities: the remaining portion or portions of such approaches shall be kept up and maintained by the local Municipalities in which they are situate. 43 V. c. 24, s. 18.

Liability for repair of public roads,

531. Every public road, street, bridge and highway shall be kept in repair by the Corporation, and on default of the Corporation so to keep in repair, the Corporation shall, besides being subject to any punishment provided by law, be civilly responsible for all damages sustained by any person by reason of such default, but the action must be brought within three months after the damages have been sustained:

Limitation of actions.

To what roads applicable.

(2) This section shall not apply to any road, street, bridge or highway laid out by any private person, and the Corporation shall not be liable to keep in repair any such last-mentioned road, street, bridge or highway, until established by by-la of the Corporation, or otherwise assumed for public use by such Corporation. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 491. (36 V. c. 48, s. 409.) - Que also \$ 70-1887 Cap 29 22 33

[By sections 1 and 3 of C. S. C. c. 85, it is provided that:-

Use of public roads in cities and towns vested in the municipality.

1. The right to use as public highway all roads, streets and public highways within the limits of any City or incorporated Town in this Province, shall be vested in the Municipal Corporation of such City or incorporated Town, (except in so far as the right of property or other right in the land occupied by such highways have been expressly reserved by some private party when first used as such roads, street or highway, and except as to any concession road or side road within the City or Town where the persons now in possession or those under whom they claim have laid out streets in such City or Town without any compensation therefor in lieu of such concession or side road. 13, 14 V. c. 15, s. 1.

Consequences of neglect.

3. If the Municipal Corporation of any such City or incorporated Town fail to keep in repair any such road, street or highway within the limits thereof, such default shall be a misdemeanor for which such Corporation shall be punished by fine in the discretion of the Court before whom the conviction is had. 13, 14 V. c. 15, s. 1.

County Roads and Bridges.

Jurisdiction of county councils over roads and bridges.

532. The County Council shall have exclusive jurisdiction over all roads and bridges lying within any Township, Town or Village of the County, and which the Council by by-law assumes with the assent of such Township, Town or Village Municipality as a County road, or bridge, until the by-law has strea bridg withi and o over betw 16, ss

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been repealed by the Council, and over all bridges across streams separating two Townships in the County, and over all bridges crossing streams or rivers over 100 feet in width, within the limits of any incorporated Village in the County, and connecting any highway leading through the County, and over all bridges over rivers forming or crossing boundary lines between two Municipalities. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 492. (37 V. c. 16, ss. 17 and 19; 39 V. c. 7, s. 2, Sched. B.)

533. Any County Council may assume, make and main-Boundary tain any Township or County boundary line at the expense of lines may be maintained by the County, or may grant such sum or sums from time to time county. for the said purposes as they may deem expedient. R.S.O.c. 174, s. 493. (36 V. c. 48, s. 411.)

As to Improving and Maintaining County Roads.

534. When a County Council assumes, by by-law, any Roads or road or bridge within a Township as a County road or bridge, bridges the Council shall, with as little delay as reasonably may be county count and at the expense of the County, cause the road to be planked, cils. gravelled or macadamized, or the bridge to be built in a good and substantial manuer; and further the County Council shall Maintenance cause to be built and maintained in like manner, all bridges on of certain bridges in any river or stream over 100 feet in width, within the limits of villages. any incorporated Village in the County, necessary to connect any public highway leading through the County. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 494. (37 V. c. 16, s. 18.)

535. It shall be the duty of County Councils to erect and Bridges maintain bridges over rivers, forming or crossing boundary between municipalities between two Municipalities (other than in the case of a cipalities. lines between two Municipalities (other than in the case of a City or separated Town) within the County; and in case of a bridge over a river forming or crossing a boundary line between two Counties, or a County and a City, such bridge shall be erected and maintained by the Councils of the Counties or County and City respectively; and in case the Councils of Differences to such County and City, or the Councils of such Counties, fail be settled by to agree on the respective portions of the expense to be borne arbitration by the several Municipalities, it shall be the duty of each Council to appoint arbitrators, as provided by this Act, to determine the amount to be so expended, and the award made shall be final. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 495. (37 V. c. 16, s. 19.)

Maintaining Township Roads.

536. All Township boundary lines not assumed by the Boundary County Council shall be opened, maintained and improved by lines not the Township Councils, except where it is necessary to erect county counor maintain bridges over rivers forming or crossing boundary cil. lines between two Municipalities. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 496. (See 36 V. c. 48, s. 414, and 37 V. c. 16, s. 19.)

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Township boundaries being also county boundaries.

537. Township boundary lines forming also the County boundary lines, and not assumed or maintained by the respective Counties interested, shall be maintained by the respective Townships bordering on the same, except where it is necessary to erect or maintain bridges over rivers forming or crossing boundary lines between two Municipalities. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 497. (36 V. c. 48, s. 415; 37 V. c. 16, s. 19.)

Roads under Joint Jurisdiction.

Joint jurisdiction over certain roads.

538. In case a road lies wholly or partly between a County, City, Town, Township or incorporated Village, and an adjoining County or Counties, City, Town, Township or incorporated Village, the Councils of the Municipalities between which the road lies shall have joint jurisdiction over the same, although the road may so deviate as in some places to be wholly or in part within one or either of them; and the said road shall not include a bridge over a river forming or crossing the boundary line between two Municipalities, other than Counties. R.S. O. c. 174, s. 498; 45 V. e. 23, s. 13. (36 V. c. 48, s. 416.)

Both councils must concur in by-laws re-

539. No by-law of the Council of any one of such Municipalities with respect to any such last mentioned road or specting them. bridge, shall have any force until a by-law has been passed in similar terms, as nearly as may be, by the other Council or Councils having joint jurisdiction in the premises. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 499. (36 V. c. 48, s. 417.)

Arbitration if they do not

540. In case the other Council or Councils, for six months after notice of the by-law, omit to pass a by-law or by-laws in similar terms, the duty and liabilities of each Municipality in respect to the road or bridge shall be referred to arbitration under the provisions of this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 500. (36 V. c. 48, s. 418.)

Transfer of former Powers of Justices in Sessions to County Councils.

Certain powers of justices in sessions transferred to county councils.

541. All powers, duties and liabilities which at any time before the first day of January, 1850, belonged to the Magistrates in Quarter Sessions, with respect to any particular road or bridge in a County, and are not conferred or imposed, upon any other Municipal Corporation, shall belong to the Council of the County, or in case the road or bridge lies in two or more Counties, to the Councils of such Counties; and the neglect and disobedience of any regulations or directions made by such Council or Councils shall subject the offenders to the same penalties and other consequences as the neglect or disobedience of the like regulations of the Magistrates would have subjected them to. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 501. (36 V. c. 48, s. 419.)

Roads vested in Her Majesty.

542. No Council shall interfere with any public road or Roads, etc., bridge vested as a Provincial work in Her Majesty, or in any provincial public Department or Board, and the Lieutenant-Governor in her Majesshall by Order in Council have the same powers as to such ty, etc., not to road and bridge as are by this Act conferred on Municipal with. Councils with respect to other roads and bridges; but the Proclamation Lieutenant-Governor may by proclamation declare any public by Lieut Gov. road or bridge under the control of the Commissioner of Pub- as to roads, lie Works, to be no longer under his control, and in that case, control of after a day named in the proclamation, the road or bridge Commissioner shall cease to be under the control of the Commissioner, and Works. no tolls shall be thereafter levied thereon by him, and the road or bridge shall thenceforth be controlled and kept in repair by the Council of the Municipality. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 502. (36 V. c. 48, s. 420.)

Roads on Dominion Lands.

543. No Council shall pass any by-law

(1) For stopping up or altering the direction or alignment ordnance of any street, lane or thoroughfare made or laid out by Her roads, lands, Majesty's Ordnance, or the Principal Secretary of State in whom the Ordnance Estates became vested under the Statute of the Province of Canada passed in the nineteenth year of 19 V. c. 45; Her Majesty's reign, chapter forty-five, or the Consolidated Con. Stat., Statute of Canada, chapter twenty-four, respecting the Ord-Sec 40 V. c. 8 nance and Admiralty lands, or by the Dominion of Canada; or (D.).

(2) For opening any such communication through any lands Dominion held by the Dominion of Canada; or

(3) Interfering with any bridge, wharf, dock, quay or other Bridges, etc. work vested in the Dominion of Canada; or

(4) Interfering with any land reserved for military purposes, Military or with the integrity of the public defences, without the consent of the Government of the Dominion of Not to be in-Canada; and a by-law for any of the purposes aforesaid shall terfered with be void unless it recites such consent. R.S.O.c. 174, s. 503. without (36 V. c. 48, s. 421.)

Roads necessary for Ingress and Egress.

544. No Council shall close up any public road or highway, Council not to whether an original allowance or a road opened by the Quarter close road required by Sessions or any Municipal Council, or otherwise legally estab-individuals for lished, whereby any person will be excluded from ingress and ingress, egress, egress to and from his lands or place of residence over such etc. road, unless the Council, in addition to compensation, also Proviso. provides for the use of such person some other convenient road or way of access to the said lands or residence. R.S.O.c. 174, s. 504. (36 V.c. 48, s. 422.)

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Width of Roads.

Width of roads.

545. No Council shall lay out any road or street more than 100 nor less than 66 feet in width, except where an existing road or street is widened, or unless with the permission of the Council of the County in which the Municipality is situate; but any road, when altered, may be of the same width as formerly, and no highway or street shall be laid out by any owner of land of a less width than 66 feet, without the consent of the Council of the Municipality. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 505. (36 V. c. 48 s. 423.)

Notices of By-laws affecting Public Roads.

Conditions precedent to passing bylaws, intended to affect public roads. 546. No Council shall pass a by-law for stopping up, altering, widening, diverting or selling any original allowance for road, or for establishing, opening, stopping up, altering, widening, diverting or selling any other public highway, road, street or lane;

Notice to be posted up, (1) Until written or printed notices of the intended by-law have been posted up one month previously in six of the most public places in the immediate neighbourhood of such original allowance for road, street or other highway, road, street or lane;

And published in a news-paper.

(2) And published weekly for at least four successive weeks in some newspaper (if there be any) published in the Municipality; or if there be no such newspaper, then in a newspaper published in some neighbouring Municipality; and, in either case, in the County Town, if any such there be;

Parties prejudicially affected to be heard. (3) Nor until the Council has heard, in person or by counsel or attorney, any one whose land might be prejudicially affected thereby, and who petitions to be so heard;

Clerk to give the notices on payment of expenses.

(4) And the Clerk shall give such notices, at the request of the applicant for the by-law, upon payment of the reasonable expenses attendant on such notices. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 506.

(36 V. c. 48, s. 424.) 0 /887- cap 29 20 37. Registration of Road By-laws.

By-laws under which roads are opened on private property to be

March, 1873, or hereafter to be passed by any Municipal Council under the authority of which any street, road or highway has been or is opened upon any private property, shall, before the same becomes effectual in law, be duly registered in the Registry Office of the County or other Registration Division in which the land is situate; and for the purpose of registration a duplicate original of such by-law shall be made out, certified under the hand of the Clerk and the seal of the Municipality, and shall be registered without any further proof.

As to by-laws already passed.

registered.

(2) Every by-law passed before the said day, and every order and resolution of the Quarter or General Sessions, passed before

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before said day, under the authority of which any street, road or highway has already been opened upon any private property, may, at the election of any party interested, and at the cost and charges of such party or Municipality, be also duly registered, apon the production to the Registrar of a duly certified copy of the by-law under the hand of the Clerk of the Municipality and the seal of such Municipality, or by a duly certified copy of such order or resolution of such Quarter or General Sessions, given under the hand of the Clerk of the Peace, as the case may be. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 507. (36 V. c. 48, s. 445.) See also R. S. O. c. 111, s. 73.

Disputes respecting Roads.—Administration of Oaths.

548. In case of disputes in any Municipality concerning Power to adroads, allowances for roads, side lines, boundaries or concess minster oaths in certain sions, within the cognizance of and in the course of investiga- in certain tion before a Municipal Council the boad of the Council tion before a Municipal Council, the head of the Council may administer an oath or affirmation to any party or witness examined upon the matters in dispute. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 508. (36 V. c. 48, s. 446.)

Mistakes in Opening Road Allowances.

549. In ease it appears that any Municipality in whose jurisdiction an original road, or allowance for road is situate, shall and officers open that which they take and believe to be the true site of thereof protected from the same, and in ease the Municipality, their officers and ser-actions arising vants, shall act in good faith, and shall take all reasonable from mistakes means to inform themselves of the correctness of their line and road allowwork, and in ease it appears that the road being opened, al-ances. though not or not altogether upon the true line of the original road, or allowance for road, is nevertheless, from any difficulty in discovering correctly the true line, as near to or as nearly upon the true line as under the circumstances could then be ascertained, no action shall be brought by any person against the Municipality, their officers or servants, for or in respect of the opening of such road, or allowance for road, or for any other act or matter whatsoever connected with or arising from the same. 44 V. c. 24, s. 15.

(2) The Municipality shall, however, in any case respecting Municipality the opening of an original road, or road allowance, make to to make compensation any person having title to or interest in the same, reasonable Pensation. compensation in full of all claims, and as a final settlement of the same: Provided the claims for such compensation shall be Proviso. made within one year from the time of the laying out or taking possession of such road by the Municipality or its officers, or the part thereof in respect of which compensation is claimed, and in the event of the parties not agreeing as to the amount or terms of such compensation, the same shall be ascertained and the payment thereof enforced, under the provisions of this Act relating to arbitrations. 44 V. c. 24, s. 16.

DIVISION

DIVISION II.—POWERS OF COUNTIES, TOWNSHIPS, CITIES, TOWNS, AND INCORPORATED VILLAGES IN RELATION TO ROADS AND BRIDGES.

General Powers. Sec. 550 (1). Respecting Tolls, Sec. 550 (3-5).

Timber, Stone, etc., on Road Allowances. Sec. 550 (6).

66 Pr ileges to Road or Bridge Companies. Sec. 550 (7).

Procuring Materials for Constructing or Repairing Roads. Sec. 550 (8).

Road Allowances. Secs. 550 (9), 551-553. "

Aid to adjoining Municipalities in Making Roads or Bridges. Sec. 554.

550. The Council of every County, Township, City, Town By-laws may be made forand incorporated Village may pass by-laws—

General Powers.

Opening or stopping up roads, etc.

(1) For opening, making, preserving, improving, repairing, widening, altering, diverting or stopping up roads, streets, squares, alleys, lanes, bridges, or other public communications within the jurisdiction of the Council, and for entering upon, breaking up, taking or using any land in any way necessary or convenient for the said purposes, subject to the restrictions in this Act contained; and for preventing and removing any obstruction upon any roads or bridges within its jurisdiction, and also for permitting sub-ways for cattle under any highway; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 509 (1). (36 V. c. 48, s. 425 (1).)

Roads across

(2) For establishing, opening, making, preserving, improving, railway lands. maintaining, widening, enlarging, altering, diverting or stopping up, within the limits of the municipality, any highway through, over, across, under, along, or upon the railway and lands of any railway company, and for entering upon, breaking up, taking or using any such land in any way necessary or convenient for the said purpose; but subject to the provisions contained in "The Railway, Streets and Drains Act, 1882," and provided that such highway is within the jurisdiction of the Council; 45 V. c. 21, s. 4.

Tolls.

Raising money by toll.

(3) For raising money by toll on any bridge, road or other work, to defray the expense of making or repairing the same; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 509 (2). (36 V. c. 48, s. 425 (2).)

Making regulations as to dangerous places.

(4) For making regulations as to pits, precipices and deep waters, and other places dangerous to travellers; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 509 (3). (36 V. c. 48, s. 425 (3).)

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(5) For granting to any person, in consideration or part Grantingright eonsideration of planking, gravelling or macadamizing a road, to take tollior of building a bridge, the tolls fixed by by-law to be levied on the work for a period of not more than 21 years after the work has been completed, and after such completion has been declared by a by-law of the Council authorizing tolls to be collected; and the grantee of such tolls shall, during the period of his right thereto, maintain the road or bridge in repair; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 509 (6). (. . V. c. 48, s. 425 (6).)

Timber, Stone, etc., on Road Allowances.

(6) For preserving or selling timber, trees, stone, sand or For preservagravel, on any allowance or appropriation for a public road; thon of trees but this shall be subject to the provisions of a The left road; stone, etc. but this shall be subject to the provisions of "The Act respecting K. S. O. c. 26 the Sale and Management of Timber on Public Lands" relative to Government road allowances and the granting of Crown timber licenses; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 509 (4). (36 V. c. 48, s. 425 (4).)

Granting Privileges to Road or Bridge Companies.

(7) For regulating the manner of granting to Road or Bridge Granting pri-Companies permission to commence or proceed with roads or vileges to road tridges within its jurisdiction, and for regulating the manner or bridge comof ascertaining and declaring the completion of the work so as to entitle cueh Companies to levy tolls thereon, and for regulating the manner of making the examinations necessary for the proper exercise of these powers by the Council; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 509 (5). (36 V. c. 48, s. 425 (5).) See also R. S. O. c. 152.

Procuring Materials for Constructing or Repairing.

(8) For searching for and taking such timber, gravel, stone Searching for or other material or materials as may be necessary for making and taking and keeping in repair any read or highway belonging to any materials for and keeping in repair any road or highway belonging to any roads, etc. such Municipality; and the right of entry upon such lands as well as the price or damage to be paid to any person for such materials, shall, if not agreed upon by the parties concerned be settled by arbitration in the manner provided by this Aet; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 509 (7). (36 V. e. 48, s. 425 (7).)

Selling Road Allowances.

(9) For selling the original road allowance, to the parties When the next adjoining whose lands the same is situated, when a public council may road has been opened in lieu of the original road allowance top up or sell road has been opened in lieu of the original road allowance, a road allowand for the site or line of which compensation has been paid, ance and for selling in like manner to the owners of any adjoining land any road legally stopped up or altered by the Council; and in ease such parties respectively refuse to become the purchasers at such price as the Council thinks reasonable, then

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Chap. 18.

for the sale thereof to any other person for the same or a greater price. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 509 (8). (36 V. c. 48, s. 425 (8).)

When a road is taken, such person, if he owns land adjoining, to be entitled to original road.

551. In case any one in possession of a concession road or substituted for side line has laid out and opened a road or street in place in original al. lowance with thereof without receiving compensation therefor, or in case a out compensa new or travelled public road has been laid out and opened in whose land is lieu of an original allowance for road, and for which no compensation has been paid to the owner of the land appropriated as a public road in place of such original allowance, the owner, if his lands adjoin the concession road, side line, or original allowance, shall be entitled thereto, in lieu of the road so laid out, and the Council of the Municipality, upon the report in writing of its Surveyor, or of a Deputy Provincial Land Surveyor, that such new or travelled road is sufficient for the purposes of a public highway, may convey the said original allowance for road in fee simple to the person or persons upon whose land the new road runs.

to party whose land is taken who does not own land adjoining original road.

(2) When any such original road allowance is, in the opinion of the Council, useless to the public, and lies between lands owned by different parties, the Municipal Council may, subject to the conditions aforesaid, sell and convey a part thereof to each of such parties as may seem just and reasonable; and in case compensation was not paid for the new road, and the person through whose land the same passes does not own the land adjoining the original road allowance, the amount received from the purchaser of the corresponding part of the road allowance when sold shall be paid to the person who at the time of the sale owns the land through which the new road passes. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 510. (36 V. c. 48, s. 426.)

Possession of Unopened Road Allowances.

Original allowthem.

552. In case a person is in possession of any part of a government allowance for road laid out adjoining his lot and deemedlegally enclosed by a lawful fence, and which has not been opened for possessed till a public use by reason of another road being used in lieu thereof, by-law is pass-public use by reason of another road being used in lieu thereof, ed for opening or is in possession of any government allowance for road parallel or near to which a road has been established by law in lien thereof, such person shall be deemed legally possessed thereof, as against any private person, until a by-law has been passed for opening such allowance for road by the Council having jurisdiction over the same. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 511. (36 V. c. 48, s. 427.)

Notice of By-laws for Opening such Allowances.

Notice of bylaw to be given.

553. No such by-law shall be passed until notice in writing has been given to the person in possession, at least eight days before the meeting of the Council, that an application will be made for opening such allowance. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 512. (36 V. c. 48, s. 428.) Aiding

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Aiding in making Roads and Bridges.

554. The Council of any Municipality may pass by-laws for By-laws to aid granting aid to any adjoining Municipality in making, opening, adjoining municipality maintaining, widening, raising, lowering, or otherwise improv- to open roads, ing any highway, road, street, bridge, or communication pass etc. ing from or through an adjoining Municipanty. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 513. (36 V. c. 48, s. 429.)

DIVISION III.—POWERS OF TOWNSHIPS, CITIES, TOWNS, AND VILLAGES IN RELATION TO ROADS AND BRIDGES.

Aiding Counties in opening New Roads. Sec. 555 (1). Joint works with other Municipalities. Sec. 555 (2). Repair of Township Roads, how enforced. Secs. 556-564.

555. The Council of every Township, City, Town and By-laws may be made forincorporated Village may pass by-laws—

New Roads.

(1) For granting to the County or United Counties in which Aiding counsuch Municipality lies, aid, by loan or otherwise, towards opening or making any new road or bridge on the bounds of such bridges. Municipality;

Joint Works with other Municipalities.

(2) For entering into and performing any arrangement with Joint works any other Council in the same County or United Counties for with other municipalities. executing, at their joint expense and for their joint benefit, any work within the jurisdiction of the Council; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 514. (36 V. c. 48, s. 430.)

Repair of Township Roads-how Enforced.

556. Whenever Township Councils fail to maintain Town-Township ship boundary lines not assumed by the County Council, in the council failing to perform same way as other Township roads, by mutual agreement as to their duty. the share to be borne by each, it shall be competent for one or more of such Councils to apply to the County Council to enforce joint action on all Township Councils interested. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 515. (36 V. c. 48, s. 431.)

557. In cases where all the Township Councils interested Resident rateneglect or refuse to open up and repair such lines of road in a payers may manner similar to the other local roads, it shall be computent manner similar to the other local roads, it shall be competent ty council to for a majority of the ratepayers resident on the lots bordering enforce open-on either or both sides of such line to petition the County Counon either or both sides of such line to petition the County Council to enforce the opening up or repair of such lines of road by the Township Councils interested. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 516. (36 V. c. 48, s. 432.)

Action by on petition. Chap. 18.

558. A County Council receiving such petition, either from county council Township Councils or from ratepayers, as in the preceding section mentioned, may consider and act upon the same at the session at which the petition is presented. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 517. (36) V. c. 48, s. 433.)

Amount, etc. by each town-

559. The County Council may determine upon the amount to be furnished which each Township Council interested shall be required, to apply for the opening or repairing of such lines of road, or to direct the expenditure of a certain portion of statute labour, or both, as may seem necessary to make the said lines of road equal to other roads. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 518. (36 V. c. 48, s. 434.)

Commissioners to enforce order of countv council as to such roads.

560. It shall be the duty of the County Council to appoint a Commissioner or Commissioners to execute and enforce their orders or by-laws relative to such roads. If the representatives of any or all of the Townships interested intimate to the Council or to the Commissioner or Commissioners so appointed, their intention to execute the work themselves, then such Commissioner or Commissioners shall delay proceedings for a reasonable time; but if the work is not proceeded with during the favourable season by the Township officers, then the Commissioners shall undertake and finish it themselves. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 519. (36 V. c. 48, s. 435.)

Proviso.

Sums detertownships.

561. Any sum of money so determined upon by the County mined upon to Council as the portion to be paid by the respective Townships, be paid by shall be resident to Council as the portion to be paid by the respective Townships, shall be paid by the County Treasurer on the order of the Commissioner or Commissioners, and the amount retained out of any money in his hands belonging to such Township; but if there are not at any time before the striking of a County rate any such moneys belonging to such Township in the Treasurer's hands, an additional rate shall be levied by the County Council against such Township sufficient to cover such advances. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 520. (36 V. e. 48, s. 436.)

When the several townships interested cannot

562. Whenever the several Townships interested in the whole or part of any County boundary line road are unable mutually to agree as to their joint action in opening or main-Wardens to be Township Councils may apply to the Wardens of the bordertaining such line road, or portion thereof, one or more of such ing Counties to determine jointly the amount which each Township shall be required to expend either in money or statute labour, or both, and the mode of expenditure on such road; the County Judge of the County in which the Township first making the application is situate shall in all eases be the third arbitrator. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 521. (36 V. c. 48, s. 437.)

County judge also.

Meeting of wardens

563. It shall be the duty of the Wardens of the Counties interested to meet within 21 days from the time of receiving such The ' the a ing;Coun with: R. S.

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(2)wider squar such application for the determination of the matter in dispute. The Warden of the County in which the Township first making the application is situated, shall be the convener of the meeting; and it shall be his duty to notify the Warden of the other Who to con-County and County Judge of the time and place of meeting, vene, etc. within 8 days of the time of his receiving such application. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 522. (36 V. c. 48, s. 438.)

564. At such meeting the Wardens and County Judge, or What the any two of them, shall determine on the share to be borne by county judge the respective Townships, of the amount required on the part shall deteror parts to be opened or repaired by each or both, and shall mine, etc. appoint a Commissioner or Commissioners to superintend such work, and it shall be the duty of the Township Treasurer to pay the orders of such Commissioners to the extent of the sum apportioned to each; and pathmasters controlling the statute labour on the lots adjoining such line, on the portion of such line to be opened or repaired, shall obey the orders of such Commissioner or Commissioners in performing the statute labour unexpended. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 523. (36 V. c. 48, s. 439.)

DIVISION IV.—Powers of County Councils in relation TO ROADS AND BRIDGES.

Respecting the closing of Road Allowances. Sec. 565 (1).

the Opening and altering of Roads. Sec. 565 (2).

" Trees obstructing Highways. Sec. 565 (3). " Double Tracks in Snow Roads. Sec. 565 (4).

Aid to Townships. Sec. 565 (5)

Repair of County roads in local Municipalities. Sec. 565 (6).

Mineral rights on Roads. See sec. 567.

565. The Council of every County shall have power to pass By-laws forby-laws for the following purposes:-

Closing Road Allowances.

(1) For stopping up, or stopping up and sale, of any original Disposing of allowance for roads or parts thereof within the County, which original allowis subject to the sole jurisdiction and control of the Council, in certain and not being within the limits of any Village, Town or City cases. within or adjoining the County; but the by-law for this purpose shall be subject to section 546 of this Act; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 524 (1). (36 V. c. 48, s. 440 (1).)

Opening and Altering Roads.

(2) For opening, making, preserving, improving, repairing, Opening, etc., widening, altering, diverting and stopping up roads, streets, roads etc., within or besquares, alleys, lanes, bridges or other public communications, tween several running

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running or being within one or more Townships, or between two or more Townships of the County; or any bridge required to be built or made across any river over 100 feet in width within any incorporated Village in the County connecting any public highway leading through the County, and which is in continuation of a County road, or between the County and any adjoining County or City or separated Town, or on the bounds of any Town or incorporated Village, within the boundaries of the County, as the interests of the inhabitants of the County, in the opinion of the Council, require to be so opened, made, preserved and improved; and for entering upon, breaking up, taking or using any land in any way necessary or eonvenient for the said purposes, subject to the restrictions herein contained; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 524 (2). (36 V. e. 48, s. 440 (2).) See 37 V. c. 16, s. 17.

Trees obstructing Highways.

May direct the side of highways.

(3) For directing that, on each and either side of a highway, under the jurisdiction of the Council passing through a wood, the trees (unless such as are reserved by the owner for ornament or shelter) shall, for a space not exceeding 25 feet on each side of the highway, be cut down and removed by the proprietor within a time appointed by the by-law, or, in his default, by the County Surveyor or other officer in whose division the land lies; and, in the latter ease, for authorizing the trees to be used by the Overseer or other officer for any purpose connected with the improvement of the highways and bridges in his division, or to be sold by him to defray the expenses of earrying the by-law into effect; and the Council may further pay such expenses out of County funds; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 524 (3). (36 V.c. 48, s. 44J (3).)

Double Tracks in Snow Roads.

(4) For providing for the making and keeping open of double in snow roads, tracks in snow roads, according to the provisions of "The Act R. S. O. c. 185. respecting Double Tracks in Snow Roads"; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 524 (4). (36 V. c. 46, s. 1.)

Aiding Townships, etc.

For aiding the making of roads and bridges.

Guaranteeing dehentures of local municipalities.

(5) For granting to any Town, Township or incorporated Village in the County, aid by loan or otherwise towards opening or making any new road or bridge in the Town, Township or Village, in cases where the Council deems the County at large sufficiently interested in the work to justify such assistance, but not sufficiently interested to justify the Council in at once assuming the same as a County work, and also for guaranteeing the debentures of any Municipality within the County, as the C uncil may deem expedient; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 524 (5). (36 V. c. 48, s. 440 (4).)

Repair

Repair of County Roads in Local Municipalities.

(6) For requiring that the whole or any part of any County Opening roads road within any local Municipality shall be opened, improved in local municipality and maintained by such local Municipality. R. S. O. c. 174, cipalities. s. 524 (6). (36 V. c. 48, s. 440 (5).)

Division V.—Powers of Township Councils in relation to Roads and Bridges.

Aiding Counties. Sec. 566 (1).
Closing Road Allowanees. Sec. 566 (2).
Trees obstructing Highways. Sec. 566 (3).
Footpaths. Sec. 566 (4).
Sale or lease of Minerals on or under Roads. Sec. 567.
Sale of Roads in Villages and Hamlets. Sees. 568, 569.

566. The Council of every Township may pass by-laws- By-laws for-

Aiding Counties.

(1) For granting to any adjoining County aid in making, Aiding adjoin-opening, maintaining, widening, raising, lowering or otherwise ing county improving any highway, road, street, bridge or communication roads, etc., lying between the Township and any other Municipality, and and granting for granting like aid to the County in which the Township lies in respect of any highway, road, street, bridge or communica-assumed by tion within the Township assumed by the County as a County work, or agreed to be so assumed on condition of such grant; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 525 (1). (36 V. c. 48, s. 441 (1).)

Closing Road Allowances.

(2) For the stopping up, leasing or sale of any original Stopping up, allowance for road or any part thereof within the Municipality, leasing or sale and for fixing and declaring therein the terms upon which the allowance, same is to be leased, sold and conveyed;

But no such by-law shall have any force-

Proviso.

- (a) Unless passed in accordance with section 546 of this Act, nor
- b) Until confirmed by a by-law of the Council of the County in which the Township is situate, at an ordinary session of the County Council, held not sooner than three months nor later than one year next after the passing thereof; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 525 (2); 44 V. c. 24, s. 17. (36 V. c 48, s. 441 (2).)

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Trees obstructing Highways.

Ordering trees a road.

(3) For directing that, on each or either side of a highon each side of way under the jurisdiction of the Council passing through a wood, the trees (unless such as are reserved by the owner for ornament or shelter) shall, for a space not exceeding 25 feet on each side of the highway, be cut down and removed by the proprietor within a time appointed by the by-law, or, on his default, by the Overseer of Highways, or other officer in whose division the land lies; and, in the latter case, for authorizing the trees to be used by the Overseer or other officer for any purpose connected with the improvement of the highways and bridges in his division, or to be sold by him to defray the expenses of carrying the by-law into effect; and the Council may grant out of Township funds any money that may be necessary to pay for cutting down and removing such trees; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 525 (3). (36 V. c. 48, s. 441 (3).)

Footpaths.

Footpaths.

(4) For setting apart so much of any highway as the Council may deem necessary for the purposes of a footpath, and for imposing penalties on persons travelling thereon on horseback or in vehicles. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 525 (4). (36 V. c. 48, s. 441 (4).)

Sale or Lease of Minerals on or under Roads.

Sale or lease of mineral rights under roads.

567. The Corporation of any Township or County, wherever minerals are found, may sell or lease, by public auction or otherwise, the right to take minerals found upon or under any roads over which said Township or County may have jurisdiction, if considered expedient so to do.

No sale or lease till after notice.

(2) No such sale or lease shall take place until after due notice of such intended by law has been posted up in six of the most public places in the immediate neighbourhood of such road, for at least one month previous to the time fixed for considering such by-law.

Sale or lease not to interfere with public travel.

(3) The decd of conveyance or lease to the purchaser or purchasers, lessee or lessees, under said by-law, shall contain a proviso protecting the road for public travel, and preventing any uses of the granted rights interfering with public travel. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 526; 44 V. c. 24, ss. 18-20. (36 V. c. 48, s. 442.)

Sale of Roads in Villages or Humlets.

When roads in police villages and certain hamlets may be stopped up, sold, etc., by township council.

568. In case the Trustees of any Police Village, or 15 of the inhabitant householders of any other unincorporated Village or hamlet consisting of not less than 20 dwelling houses standing within an area of 200 acres, petition the Council of the Township in which the Village or hamlet is situate, and in case the petition of such unincorporated Village

or hamlet, not being a Police Village, is accompanied by a certificate from the Registrar of the County within which the Town. ship lies, that a plan of the Village or hamlet has been duly deposited in his office according to the registry laws, the Council may pass a by-law to stop up, sell and convey, or otherwise deal with any original allowance for road lying within the limits of the Village or hamlet, as the same shall be laid down on the plan, but subject to all the restrictions contained in this Aet with reference to the sale of original allowanees. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 527. (36 V. e. 48, s. 443.)

569. The last section shall apply to a Village or hamlet When village situate in two Townships, whether such Townships are in the each of two same or different Counties and in such ease the Council of each townships. of the Townships shall have the power thereby conferred, as to any original allowance for road lying within that part of the Village or hamlet which, according to the registered plan, is situate within such Township. R.S.O. e. 174, s. 528, (36 V.c. 48, s. 444.)

TITLE III.—POWERS OF MUNICIPAL COUNCILS AS TO DRAINAGE AND OTHER IMPROVEMENTS PAID FOR BY LOCAL RATE.

DIV. I.—TOWNSHIPS, CITIES, TOWNS AND VILLAGES.

DIV. II.—CITIES, TOWNS AND VILLAGES.

DIV. III.—Counties. DIV. IV.—Townships.

DIVISION I.—TOWNSHIPS, CITIES, TOWNS AND VILLAGES.

Local drainage by-laws, and fund for. Secs. 570, 571. Complaints respecting assessments, how tried. Sec. 570 (10-15).

Quashing by-laws, limitations respecting. Secs. 572-575. Extension of works to other Municipalities. Sec. 576.

Mode of apportioning cost. Secs. 577-583. Who to keep in repair. Secs. 584-590. Damage done by works. Secs. 591, 592.

Drainage by private persons. Sec. 593. Earth may be spread on road. Secs. 594, 595.

Construction of ditch on town line between two Municipalities. Secs. 596, 597.

Construction of works affecting several Municipalities in same County. Secs. 598, 599.

Construction of works affecting several Municipalities in different Counties-Procedure. Secs. 600-611.

Municipal councils may pass by-laws for deepening streams, etc., drainage, etc.

570. In ease the majority in number of the persons, as shewn by the last revised assessment roll, to be the owners (whether resident or non-resident) of the property to be benefited in any part of any Township, City, Town or incorporated Village, petition the Council for the deepening or straightening of any stream, ereek, or water-course, or for draining of the property (describing it), or for the removal of any obstruction which prevents the free flow of the waters of any stream, creek or water-course, as aforesaid, or for the lowering of the waters of any lake or pond, for the purpose of reclaiming flooded land or more easily draining any lands, the Council may procure an Engineer or Provincial Land Surveyor to make an examination of the stream, ereek, or water-course proposed to be deepened or straightened, or from which it is proposed to remove obstructions, or of the lake or pond, the waters of which it is proposed to lower, or of the locality proposed to be drained, and may procure plans and estimates to be made of the work by such Engineer or Surveyor, and an assessment to be made by such Engineer or Surveyor of the real property to be benefited by such work, stating as nearly as may be, in the opinion of such Engineer or Surveyor, the proportion of benefit to be derived therefrom by every road and lot, or portion of lot; and if the Council is of opinion that the proposed work, or a portion thereof, would be desirable, the Council may pass by-laws-

Examination by engineer.

Plans and estimates.

For deepening streams, etc.

(1) For providing for the proposed work, or a portion thereof, being done, as the case may be;

For borrowing requisite funds, etc.

(2) For borrowing on the credit of the Municipality the fundate necessary for the work, although the same extends beyond the limits of the Municipality (subject in that ease to be reimbursed as hereinafter mentioned), and for issuing the debentures of the Municipality to the requisite amount, including the costs of arbitration, if any, in sums of not less than \$100 cach, and payable within fifteen years from date, with interest at a rate of not less than five per centum per annum; 42 V. c. 31, s. 26.

Payment of interest on debentures, how made.

(a) Any Council issuing debentures under the provisions of this section, may include the interest on the debentures in the amount payable, in lieu of the interest being payable annually in respect of each debenture, and any by-law authorizing the issue of debentures for a certain amount and interest, shall be taken to authorize the issue of debentures, in accordance with this sub-section, to the same amount with interest added, if the Council, by subsequent resolution, direct the treasurer to issue debentures in accordance with this section as aforesaid; 45 V. c. 26, s. 1 (3).

Levying rate for payment. (3) For assessing and levying in the same manner as taxes are levied, upon the real property to be benefited by the work, a special rate sufficient for the payment of the principal and interest of the debentures, and for so assessing and levying the same, as other taxes are levied, by an assessment and rate on the real property so benefited (including roads held by Joint

Stock Companies or private individuals), in proportion as nearly as may be to the benefit derived by each lot or portion of lot and road in the locality;

(a) The cost of any arbitration held in connection with the What costs to construction of any works under this sec ion, the cost of the bedeemed cost publication of by-laws, and all other expenses incidental to the construction of the works and the passing of the by-laws shall be deemed part of the cost of such works, and included in the amount to be raised by local rate; 45 V. c. 26, s. 1 (2);

- (b) Any person whose property has been assessed for such Proviso, work may pay the amount of such assessment, less the interest, at any time before the debentures are issued, in which case the amount of debentures shall be proportionably reduced;
- (c) Any agreement on the part of any tenant to pay the Proviso. rates or taxes of the demised property shall not apply to or include the charges or assessments for any works under this section, unless such agreement in express terms mentions or refers to such charges or assessments, and as payable in respect of drainage works; but in cases of contracts of purchase or of leases giving the lessee a right of purchase, the said charges or assessments shall be added to the price, and shall be paid (as the case may be) by the purchaser, or by the lessec in case he exercises such right of purchase;
- (4) For regulating the times and manner in which the assess- For providing ment shall be paid;

ment be paid.

(5) For determining what real property will be benefited by For ascertainthe works, and the proportion in which the assessment should ing the probe made on the various portions of lands so benefited, and the rate, subject in every case of complaint by the owner or person interested in any property assessed, (whether of overcharge, or undercharge of any other property assessed, or that property which should be assessed has been wrongfully omitted to be assessed,) to proceedings for trial of such complaint and appeal therefrom, in like manner, as nearly as may be, as on proceedings for the trial of complaints to the Court of Revision under "The Assessment Act;" R. S. O. c. 174, s. 529 (1-5). (36 V. c. R. S. O. c. 48, s. 447; 37 V. c. 20, s. 1; 39 V. c. 34, s. 8.)

(6) The engineer or surveyor in assessing the real property Mode of asto be benefited by any works to be executed under this sec-sessing protion, need not confine his assessment to the part of a lot perty. actually drained, but, in order that the portion to be rated may be conveniently ascertained, may make such assessment on the whole lot, or on the half, quarter, or other described part of the lot, if the person owning rt actually drained owns the whole lot, or owns such has tter, or other described part of the lot; 45 V. c. 26, s. 1 (4).

How proportion of benefit may be shewn.

Chap. 18.

(7) The proportion of benefit to be derived from any works by different parcels of land or roads may be shewn by the engineer or surveyor by placing sums of money opposite such parcels and roads, and it shall not be deemed to have been necessary to state the fraction of the cost to be borne by each parcel or road; 45 V. c. 26, s. 1 (5).

Petition for by embanking,

(8) The Council shall have the like power, and the providraining lands sions of this section shall apply in eases where the work can be effectually accomplished only by embanking, pumping or other mechanical operations, but in such cases the Council shall not proceed except upon the petition of two-thirds of the owners above mentioned in this section; R.S.O.c. 174, s. 529 (6), (40 V. c. 26, s. 1.)

Injury to low lying land.

(9) In cases provided for by the next preceding sub-section, the Council may pass by-laws for assessing and defraying the annual cost of maintaining the necessary works upon the lands and roads to be benefited thereby, according to the provisions of this Act; and may do all things necessary, and pass all requisite and proper by-laws, and enter into all proper contracts for maintaining and giving full effect to said works; and all the provisions of this and the following sections to section 626 inclusive, shall be applicable, so far as possible, to the draining of lands under sub-section 8 of this section; except that the provisions of section 587 shall not apply to any of the works mentioned in said sub-section, except during the pleasure of the Council of the Municipality in which the works are situate; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 529 (7). (40 V. c. 26, ss. 2 and 3.)

Section 587 only to apply during the

Sections 570-

626 to apply.

Council. Court of Revision to have primary jurisdiction.

(10) Trial of such complaints shall be had in the first instance by and before the Court of Revision of the Municipality in which the lands or roads lie, which Court the Council shall, from time to time as the occasion may require, hold on some day not earlier than 20 nor later than 30 days from the day on which the by-law was first published, notice of which shall be published with the by-law during the first three weeks of its publication;

Power of. R. S. O. c. 180, ss. 47-55.

(11) Such Court shall be constituted in the same manner and have the same powers as Courts of Revision under "The Assessment Act;

Transmission of assessment roll.

(12) In ease of any such complaint, the Clerk with whom the roll is deposited shall transmit to the Court of Revision a certified copy of so much of the said roll as relates to such Municipality;

Appeal to county judge.

(13) The appeal from the Court of Revision shall be to the Judge, or Junior or acting Judge, of the County Court of the County within which such Municipality is situate;

Powers of judge on appeal.

(14) In ease of appeal to the Judge, Junior or acting Judge of the County Court, he shall have the same powers and duties and the Clerk of the Municipality shall have the same powers

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aties wers and and duties, as nearly as may be, as they have respectively upon appeals from the Court of Revision under "The Assess- R. S. O. c. ment Act."

MUNICIPAL INSTITUTIONS.

207

- (15) In case, on any such complaint or appeal, the assessment Variations in is varied in respect of the property which is the subject of the assessment on complaint or complaint or appeal, the Court or Judge, as the case may be, appeal. shall vary pro rata the assessment of the said property, and of the other lands and roads benefited as aforesaid, without further notice to the persons interested therein, so that the aggregate amount assessed shall be the same as if there had been no appeal; and the Judge, or in case there is no appeal to the Judge, the Court of Revision shall return the roll to the Municipal Clerk from whom it was received, and the Assessors shall prepare and attest a roll in accordance with their original assessment as altered by such revision; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 529 (8-13). (36 V. c. 48, s. 447; 40 V. c. 8, s. 57.)
- (16) The provisions of this section shall be deemed to extend Works to to the re-execution or completion of any works which have which this secheen executed or have been partly or incufficiently executed tion applies. been executed or have been partly or insufficiently executed under any provision of any Act of this Legislature, or of the Parliament of the Province of Canada, and to any works which it may be deemed expedient to dig, construct, or make for the purposes aforesaid, or any of them, provided that the stream, lake, or pond is, for the purposes hereof, within the jurisdiction of this Legislature. 45 V. c. 26, s. 1 (1), part.

571. Such by-law shall, mutatis mutandis, be in the form Form of byor to the effect following:

A BY-LAW to provide for draining parts of (or, for the deepening of in, or as the case may be) the Township of , and for borrowing, on the credit of the Municipality, the sum of for completing

Provisionally adopted the , A.D. day of

Whereas a majority in number of the owners, as shewn by the last revised assessment roll, of the property hereinafter set forth to be benefited by the drainage (or deepening, or as the case may be), have petitioned the Council of the said Township of petitioned the Council of the said Township of , praying that (here set out the purport of the petition, describing generally the property to be benefited.)

And whereas, thereupon the said Council procured an examination to be made by , being a person competent for such purpose, of the said locality proposed to be drained (or the said stream, creek, or w ter-course proposed to be deepened, or as the case may be), and has also procured plans and estimates of the work to be made by the said and an assessment to be made by him of the real property to be benefited by such drainage (or deepening, or as the case may be), stating, as nearly as he can, the proportion of benefit which, in his opinion, will be derived in consequence of such drainage (or deepening, or as the case may be), by every road and lot or portion of lot, the said assessment so made, and the in respect thereof, and of the said drainage report of the said (or deepening, or as the case may be), being as follows: there set out the report and assessment of the Engineer or Surveyor employed.)

And whereas, the said Council are of opinion that the drainage of the locality described (or the deepening of such stream, creek or water-course, or as the case may be) is desirable:

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Be it therefore enacted by the said Municipal Council of the said Township of , pursuant to the provisions of "The Consolidated Municipal Act, 1883."

1st. That the said report, plans and estimates be adopted, and the said drain (or deepening, or as the case may be) and the works connected therewith be made and constructed in accordance therewith.

2nd. That the Reeve of the said Township may borrow on the credit of the Corporation of the said Township of the sam of, being the funds necessary for the work, and may issue debentures of the Corporation to that amount, in sums of not less then \$100 each, and payable within years from the date thereo, with interest at the rate of per centum per amount, that is to say, in (insert the manner of payment, whether in annual payments or otherwise), such debentures to be payable at , and to have attached to them compons for the payment of interest.

3rd. That for the purpose of paying the sum of \$475, being the amount charged against the said lands so to be benefited as aforesaid, other than lands (or roads, or lands and roads) belonging to the Municipality, and to cover interest thereon for (ten) years, at the rate of (five) per cent. per annum, the following special rates, over and above all other rates, shall be assessed and levied (in the same manner and at the same time as taxes are levied) upon the undermentioned lots and parts of lots; and the amount of the said special rates and interest assessed as aforesaid against each lot or part of lot respectively shall be divided into equal parts, and one such part shall be assessed and levied as aforesaid, in each year, for years after the final passing of this by-law, during which the said debentures have to run.

Concession.	Lot or Part of Lot.	Acres.	Value of Improvement,	To cover Interest for (10) years at (5) per cent,	Total Special Rate.	Annual Assessment during each year for (10) years.
	S. $\frac{1}{4}$ 6 S. W. $\frac{1}{2}$ 8 9 S. $\frac{1}{2}$ and N. $\frac{1}{4}$ 10 de to Municipality follower roads and lands)		\$ cts. 75 00 50 00 30 00 80 00 150 00 90 00 475 00 120 00 595 00			

4th. For the purpose of paying the sum of \$120, being the total amount assessed as aforesaid against the said roads (or lands, or roads and lands) of the said Municipality, and to cover interest thereon for (ten) years at the rate of (five) per cent. per annum, a special rate of in the dollar shall, over and above all other rates, be lovied (in the same manner and at the same time as taxes are levied) upon the whole ratable property in the said Township of in each year for the period of years, after the date of the final passing of this by-law, during which the said debentures have to run.

Amendment of by-law.

(2) In the event of the assessment being altered by the Court of Revision or Judge, the by-law shall, before being finally passed,

passed, be amended so as to correspond with such alteration by the Court of Revision or Judge (as the case may be). R. S. O. c. 174, s. 530, (36 V. c. 48, s. 448.)

572. Before the final passing of the by-law it shall be pub-Publication of lished once, or oftener, in every week for four weeks in such drainage bynewspaper published either within the Municipality or in the County Town, or in a public newspaper published in an adjoining local Municipality, as the Council may designate by resolution, together with a notice that any one intending to apply to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed, must, within ten days after the final passing thereof, serve a notice in writing upon the Reeve or other head officer, and upon the Clerk of the Municipality, of his intention to make application for that purpose to the High Court of Justice, at Toronto, during the sittings next ensning the final passing of the by-law. 42 V. c. 31, s. 27. See Judieature Act (44 V. c. 5), Rule 480.

(2) The said Council may, at their option, instead of such By-law may be publication in a newspaper, direct by resolution that a copy of party owners the by-law and notice, written or printed, or partly written and instead of pubpartly printed, be served upon each of the several owners, their lished. lessees or occupants, or upon the agent or agents of such owners, or be left at their places of residence with some grown up member of the family, or where the land is unoccupied and the owner or owners, or their agent or agents, do not reside within the Municipality, may eause to be sent by registered letter to the last known address of such owner or owners, a copy of such by-law and notice, and the said by-law shall not be finally passed until after the expiration of three weeks from the last of such services, and the clerk shall keep on file in his office a statutory declaration or declarations by the party or parties making such service or services, and the manner in which the same were effected. 44 V. e. 24, s. 21. See sec. 618.

573. In ease no such intention to make application to If no applicaquash a by-law is served within the time limited for that tion to quash purpose in the preceding section, or if such notice is served, made in time then in case such application is not walk or in the second of specified, bythen in case such application is not made or is unsuccessful law to be vathe by-law shall, notwithstanding any want of substance or standing deform, either in the by-law itself or in the time and manner of fects. passing the same, be a valid by-law.

- (2) Where such application is made and is successful in part so much of the by-law as is not quashed upon such application shall be valid, notwithstanding any want of substance or form aforesaid. New.
- 574. In case any by-law already passed, or which may be Power to hereafter passed by the Council of any Municipality, for the amend by law construction of drainage works by assessment upon the real when no sufficonstruction of drainage works by assessment upon the real cent means property to be benefited thereby, and which has been acted provided for upon by the construction of such works in whole or in part, the work.

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Chap. 18.

does not provide sufficient means, or provides more than sufficient means for the completion of the works, or for the redemption of the debentures authorized to be issued thereunder as the same become payable, the said Council may, from time to time, amend the by-law in order fully to carry out the intention thereof, and of the petition on which the same was founded. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 532 (2). (37 V. c. 20, s. 2; 40 V. c. 7, Sched. A (183).)

Provisions respecting by-

(2) Where any by-law which has been heretofore passed, or which may be hereafter passed under the provisions of the naws passed under the pre- preceding sub-section, has been or shall hereafter be pubceding sub-sec-lished in the manner required by section 572 of this Act, or in case of a City, Town or incorporated Village, has been or shall be notified in the manner required by section 618, section 578 shall apply to such by-law, and any by-law passed under the said preceding sub-section need not be published R. S. O. c. 34. unless the Council sees fit; and the provisions of "The Onturio Municipal Drainage Aid Act" shall apply to any debentures issued under the authority of the said sub-section which have heretofore been or shall hereafter be purchased by direction of

When debenlid though not in accordance with by-law.

575. No debenture issued or to be issued under any by-law tures not inva- aforesaid shall be held invalid on account of the same not being expressed in strict.accordance with such by-law, provided that the debentures are for sums not in the whole exceeding the amount authorized by the by-law. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 533. (37 V. c. 20, s. 3.)

the Lieutenant-Governor in Council. 43 V. c. 24, s. 23.

When work may be extended beyond limits of municipality.

576. Wherever it is necessary to continue the works aforesaid beyond the limits of any Municipality, the Engineer or Surveyor employed by the Council of such Municipality may continue the survey and levels into the adjoining Municipality, until he finds fall enough to earry the water beyond the limits of the Municipality in which the work was commenced R. S. O. c. 174, s. 534. (36 V. e. 48, s. 451.)

When lands, ing municipal. ity may be charged to such municipality.

577. Where the works do not extend beyond the limits of etc., in adjoin the Municipality in which they are commenced, but, in the opinion of the Engineer or Surveyor aforesaid, benefit lands in an adjoining Municipality, or greatly improve any road lying though works not carried in. within any Municipality or between two or more Municipality palities, then the Engineer or Surveyor aforesaid shall charge the lands to be so benefited, and the Corporation, person or company whose road or roads are improved, with such proportion of the costs of the works as he may deem just; and the amount so charged for roads, or agreed upon by the arbitrators, shall be paid out of the general funds of such Municipality or company. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 535. (36 V. c. 48, s. 452.)

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578. The Engineer or Surveyor aforesaid shall determine Report as to and report to the Council by which he was employed, whether which munici-the works shall be constructed and maintained soldly at the pality to bear the works shall be constructed and maintained solely at the expense. expense of such Municipality, or whether it shall be constructed and maintained at the expense of both Municipalities, and in what proportion. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 536. (36 V. c. 48, s. 453.)

- 579. The Engineer or Surveyor aforesaid, where necessary, Plans, etc. shall make plans and specifications of the works to be constructed, and charge the lands to be benefited by the work as provided herein. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 537. (36 V. c. 48, s. 454.)
- 580. The council of the Municipality in which the deepen- Council of ing or drainage is to be commenced, shall serve the head of the municipality Council of the Municipality into which the same is to be con- wherein work tinued, or whose lands or roads are to be benefited without to notify muthe deepening or drainage being continued, with a copy of the benefited. report, plans, specifications, assessment and estimates of the Engineer or Surveyor aforesaid; and unless the same is appealed from as hereinafter provided it shall be binding on the Council of such Municipality. New.

581. The Council of such last mentioned Municipality shall Municipality within four months from the delivery to the head of the cor- so notified poration of the report of the Engineer or Surveyor, as provided to raise necesin the next preceding section, pass a by-law or by-laws to raise sary amounts. such sum as may be named in the report, or in case of an appeal, for such sum as may be determined by the arbitrators, in the same manner and with such other provisions as would have been proper if a majority of the owners of the lands to be taxed had petitioned as provided in section 570 of this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 539. (36 V. c. 48, s. 456.)

582. The Council of the Municipality into which the work But such is to be continued, or whose lands, road or roads are to be municipality benefited without the work being carried within its limits, may appeal. may, within 20 days from the day in which the report was served on the head of the Municipality, appeal therefrom; in which case they shall serve the head of the (rporation from Proceedings which they received the report, with a written notice of appeal; thereon. such notice shall state the ground of appeal, the name of an Engineer or other person as their arbitrator, and shall call upon such Corporation to appoint an arbitrator in the matter on their behalf, within ten days after the service of such notice. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 540. (36 V. c. 48, s. 457.)

(2) When it is proposed to continue the deepening or drainage from the Municipality in which the same is to be commenced into another Municipality, and when through misapprehension or mistake the Council served with the report, plans and specifications of the engineer or surveyor, omits to appeal therefrom within 20 days, or has, when service thereof has been made since

the passing of the twenty-sixth chapter of the Acts passed in the forty-fifth year of Her Majesty's reign, through misapprehension or mistake omitted to appeal therefrom within the said time, the Judge of the County in which the Municipality so served as aforesaid is situated may, upon application at any time before the drainage works have been already commenced or the contract let for the same, or the debentures have been actually issued under the said by-law, after the said 20, days have elapsed, by order grant permission to appeal upon such terms and conditions as to costs and otherwise, as he deems just and reasonable within a time to be limited by him in the order; or the other Council or Councils interested may by resolution waive the lapse of the said time, and in either of such cases the proceedings for appeal shall be the same as would have been required if the appeal had been gone on with in the proper time.

- (3) The summons to shew cause why an appeal should not be allowed shall not be returnable in less than seven days from the service thereof, and the Council or Councils shall have power to amend any by-law or by-laws which may have been passed as shall become necessary or proper, by reason of the appeal or the result thereof.
- (4) Where the omission to appeal has occurred as aforesaid since the passing of the said twenty-sixth chapter in the fortyfifth year of Her Majesty's reign, the Municipality served shall, with the permission of the judge, be entitled to appeal within 60 days from the passing of this Act; provided such contract has not been let, or work commenced, or debentures issued, as aforesaid, at the time of the passing hereof.

Arbitrators shall be appointed, etc.

583. The arbitrators shall be appointed by the parties in manner hereinbefore provided by the sections of this Act with reference to arbitration, and shall proceed as therein directed; but in no case shall the Engineer or Surveyor employed to make surveys, plans and specifications, nor any ratepayer or person interested in the construction of any such works be appointed or act as arbitrator. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 541; 42 V. c. 31, s. 28. (36 V. c. 48, s. 458.)

Each municipality to con-tribute to maintainin⊈ the work in proportions fixed by engineer.

584. After such work is fully made and completed, it shall be the duty of each Municipality, in the proportion determined by the Engineer or arbitrators (as the case may be), or until otherwise determined by the Engineer or arbitrators, under the same formalities, as nearly as may be, as provided in the preceding sections, to preserve, maintain and keep in repair the same within its own limits, either at the expense of the Municipality, or parties more immediately interested, or at the joint expense of such parties and the Municipality, as to the Council upon the report of the Engineer or Surveyor may seem just.

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- (2) Any such Municipality neglecting or refusing so to do, Provisions for upon reasonable notice in writing being given by any party case of neglect, interested they are shall be conveiled as interested therein, shall be compellable by mandamus, to be issued by any Court of competent jurisdiction, to make from time to time the necessary repairs to preserve and maintain the same; and shall be liable to pecuniary damage to any person Liability for who or whose property is injuriously affected by reason of such damage. neglect or refusal. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 542. (36 V. c. 48, s. 459.)
- 585. After any works undertaken under section 598 are Duty of minor fully made and completed, it shall be the duty of each minor as to repairing Municipality to preserve, maintain and keep in repair the same works. within its own limits, in accordance with the requirements of the preceding section, which shall be applicable thereto. 45 V. c. 26, s. 5,
- 586. In any case wherein the better to maintain any drain Power to constructed under the provisions of the "Ontario Drainage change course Act of 1873," or of the Revised Statute respecting the expennew outlet, diture of public money for drainage works, or to prevent etc. damage to adjacent lands, it shall be deemed expedient to change the course of such drain, or make a new outlet, or otherwise improve or alter the drain, the Council of the Municipality, or of any of the Municipalities whose duty it is to preserve and maintain the said drain, may, on the report of an engineer appointed by them to examine and report on such drain, undertake and complete the alterations and improvements specified in the report under the provisions of sections 570 to 583 inclusive without the petition required by section 570. 45 V. c. 26, s. 17.

587. In any case wherein after such work is fully made Works not exand completed, the same has not been continued into any other tended beyond Municipality than that in which the same was commenced, or commencing wherein the lands or roads of any such other Municipality sme, etc., or are not benefited by such work, it shall be the duty of the benefit any Municipality making such work to preserve, maintain and keep other municiin repair the same at the expense of the lots, parts of lots and maintained by roads, as the case may be, as agreed upon and shewn in the by-municipality commencing law when finally passed.

(2) In any case where similar work has been constructed when work out of the general funds of the Municipality previous to the prior to 10th tenth day of February 1876 the Council may without petition Feb. 1876, has tenth day of February, 1876, the Council may without petition, been paid for on the report of an Engineer or Surveyor, pass a by-law for out of funds of preserving, maintaining and keeping in repair the same at the municipality repair may be expense of the lots, parts of lots and roads, as the ease may be, charged on benefited by such work and may assess such lots, parts of lots property beneand roads so benefited, for the expense thereof, in the same manner, by the same proceedings, and subject to the same right of appeal as is provided with regard to works made and completed under the provisions of this Act.

Assessment may be changed.

(3) The Council may, from time to time, change such assessment on the report of an Engineer or Surveyor appointed by them to examine and report on such work and repairs, subject to the like rights of appeal as the persons charged would have in the case of an original assessment. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 543. (36 V. c. 48, s. 460; 39 V. c. 34, s. 7.)

Drains to be kept free from obstructions.

- 588. In the event of any ditch, drain, creek or water-course that has been constructed or opened up under the provisions of "The Ontario Drainage Act," or any of the amendments thereto, or under the provisions of this Act respecting drainage to be paid by local rate, becomes obstructed, so as the free flow of the water is impeded thereby, if the aforementioned obstructions have been wilfully placed in such ditch, drain, creek, or water-course, by any party or parties through whose land, or between whose lands, such ditch, drain, creek, or water-course is situate, the party or parties causing the same shall, upon notification by the Council of the Municipality in writing, remove such obstructions, and if not so removed within the time specified, the council shall, without further delay, have the same removed at the cost of the said party or parties.
- (2) If such cost is not paid by the party or parties to the person performing the same when the work is completed, the Council shall pay the amount to the party performing the work; and the clerk of the Municipality shall place such amount upon the Collector's Roll against the party or parties, as the case may be, with ten per cent. added thereto, and the same shall be collected like other taxes, subject, however, to an appeal by the said party or parties, in respect of the cost of the work, to the Judge of the County Court of the County in which the lands are situate, in the same manner as is provided by section twelve of chapter 199 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario. New.

Power to borrow funds for repairs to drainage works.

- 589. Where the repairs, required to be made under either section 584 or section 587, are so extensive that the Municipal Council does not deem it expedient to levy the cost thereof in one year, the said Council may pass a by-law to borrow upon the debentures of the Municipality the funds necessary for the work, and shall assess and levy upon the property benefited a special rate sufficient for the payment of the principal and interest of the debentures: the by-law shall not require the assent of the electors.
- (2) The provisions of "The Ontario Municipal Drainage Aid Act" shall apply to any debentures issued under the authority of any such by-law, if such by-law, before it was finally passed, was published or notified in the manner provided by section 572 of this Act, or, after it was passed, was promulgated in the manner authorized by section 331 of this Act. New.

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590. If a drain already constructed, or hereafter con- Case of drain structed by a Municipality, is used as an outlet by another used by another municipality Municipality, Company or individual, or if any Munici-pality. pality, Company or individual, by any means cause waters to flow upon and injure the lands of another Municipality, Company or individual, the Municipality, Company or individual using such drain as an outlet or otherwise, or causing waters to flow upon and injure such lands, may be assessed in such proportion and amount as may be ascertained by the engineer, surveyor, or arbitrators, under the formalities provided in the foregoing sections, for the construction and maintenance of such drain so used as an outlet as aforesaid; or for the construction and maintenance of such drain or drains as may be necessary for conveying from such lands the waters so eaused to flow upon and injure the same. 44 V.c. 24, s. 22.

 ${f 591}$. If any dispute arises between individuals, or between Disputes as to individuals and a Municipality or Company, or between a damage done by works to be Company and Municipality, or between Municipalities, as to referred to damages alleged to have been done to the property of any arbitration. Municipality, individual or Company, in the construction of drainage works, or eonsequent thereon, then the Municipality, Company or individual complaining may refer the matter to arbitration, as provided in this Act; and the award so made shall be binding on all parties. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 545. (36 V. c. 48, s. 462.)

592. Where, on account of proceedings taken under this Damages Act, damages are recovered against the corporation or parties drainage to be constructing the drainage works beyond the amounts which charged on have been taken into consideration in estimating the cost of land liable for such works, the lands liable to assessment for such drain shall drainage. be charged with the amount so recovered on account of such drainage works, pro rata, according to their assessment, and the Council of each Township shall pass such by-laws as may be necessary for levying the same, with interest, against the lands within such Township liable thereto, either in one or more annual instalments, as the Council may deem expedient; and if the Council considers it advisable to spread such amount over several years, such Council may pass by-laws for issuing debentures in order to raise the necessary moneys to pay the said damages. 45 V. c. 26, s. 4.

593. In case any person finds it necessary to continue an Drains into under-drain into an adjoining lot or lots, or across or along adjoining lots or across highany public highway, for the purpose of an outlet thereto, ways. and in ease the owner of such adjoining lot or lots, or the Council of the Municipality refuses to continue such drain to an outlet, or to join in the cost of the continuation of such drain, then the firstly mentioned person shall be at liberty to continue his said drain to an outlet through such adjoining lot or lots, or across or along such highway; and in case of

any dispute as to the proportion of cost to be borne by the owner of any adjoining lot or Municipality, the same shall be determined by the fence-viewers in the same manner as dis-R. S. O. c. 198, putes within "The Line Fences Act," excepting as to the amount of such award, which shall be finally decided by the fence-viewers, and their award shall be final. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 546. (37 V. c. 16, s. 20.)

Power to confor drainage.

594. Where, under the provisions of sections 570 to 626, tract to spread both inclusive, of this Act, a ditch is being constructed for earth, etc., on both inclusive, of this Act, a ditch is being constructed for making ditch drainage purposes along a road allowance, contracts may be made, by the Municipal Council so constructing, for spreading the earth taken from the ditch on the road; and if the road or any part thereof is timbered, or if stumps are in the way, the timber may be removed; and not less than twelve feet of the centre of the road shall be grubbed before the earth is spread upon it. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 547. (39 V. c. 34, s. 3.)

Payment by municipality.

595. The removal of the timber, grubbing and spreading of the earth, together with such portion of the cost of the ditch as the Engineer or Provincial Land Surveyor may deem just and proper, shall be charged to the Municipality and paid out of its general funds. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 548. (39 V. c. 34,

Construction of ditch on town line bepalities.

596. Where it is necessary to construct such a ditch along a town line between two or more Municipalities, the Municipal tween munici- Council of either of the adjoining Municipalities may, on petition, as provided for in section 570 of this Act, cause the ditch to be constructed on either side of the road allowance between the Municipalities, and make the road in manner as provided in the two preceding sections of this Act, and shall charge the lands and roads benefited in the adjoining Municipality or Municipalities with such proportion of the cost of constructing the said ditch as the Engineer or Surveyor aforesaid deems just and proper; and the amount so charged for roads, or agreed upon by the arbitrators, shall be paid out of the general funds of such Municipality or Municipalities. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 549. (39 V. c. 34, s. 5.)

Secs. 570-626 to apply.

597. The provisions of sections 570 to 626, both inclusive, of this Act, shall apply, as far as applicable, to any such ditch. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 550. (39 V. c. 34, s. 6.)

Where more than one inunicipality may pass by.

598. Where any works proposed to be constructed in any locality under section 570 affect more than one Municipality, in same Coun- either on account of such works passing, or partly passing, ty affected, county council through two or more municipalities, or on account of the lowering or raising of the waters of any stream or lake, which is contemplated in the proposed scheme of drainage, either draining or flooding lands in two or more Townships, the

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County Council of the County to which such Municipalities belong, upon the application of the Council of any of the Municipalities affected, and without any preliminary petition from the owners of the property to be benefited may pass bylaws for the purposes authorized by the said section.

(2) Unless where contrary to this Act, the provisions of sec- Sections 570. (2) Unless where contrary to this Act, the provisions of sections 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 577 and 591 shall apply to any 591 to apply to works constructed under this section; but the Court to be held work under for the trial of complaints in the first instance shall be composed of three or more persons, nominated by the County Council for that purpose, who may or may not be members of the Council, as the Council may deem expedient, and any three or more of the persons nominated who are present at the sittings of such Court may proceed and adjudicate upon any complaints, notwithstanding the absence of one or more of the members of the Court. The Engineer or Surveyor who made the assessment shall not be a member of the Court of Revision.

(3) The sittings of such Court shall be held in the County Where court Town, or in such other place or places as the County Council complaints or the majority of the said Court may name. All complaints shall sit. against the assessment shall be lodged with the Clerk of the County. 45 V. c. 26, s. 2.

599. The County shall raise the money necessary for the County to construction of the said works, but each Township shall be raise necessary liable to the County for the amount payable in respect of all townships to the lands within such Township, and each Township shall be liable for pass such by-laws as may be requisite for collecting the amount assessed against the lands or roads within its jurisdiction. 45 V. c. 26, s. 3.

600. In case the Municipalities upon which the cost of the Construction works would fall are in several Counties, any of the Counties of works in may procure an examination to be made by an engineer or ties, Provincial land surveyor of the lands affected by the proposed works, and may procure plans of the work and estimates to be made of the cost thereof, including an estimate of the amount to be paid for damages, if any, and an assessment to be made by such engineer or Provincial land surveyor of the real property to be benefited, stating, as nearly as may be in the opinion of such engineer or surveyor, the proportion of benefit to be derived from such works by every road and lot or portion of lot.

- (2) Any Municipality may agree to indemnify the county, in Municipality respect of the expenses incurred in the case of the works not may agree to hairs proceeded with 45 V 20 5 C being proceeded with. 45 V. 26, s. 6.
- 601. The Council shall thereupon, if it considers it desirable If work approach to to proceed with the work, pass a resolution to this effect, and council report shall to be pub-

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shall cause a copy of the said report to be published at least copies of plans once in newspapers published in the county towns of the warden of each several counties affected, or in newspapers published in such of the said county towns as have newspapers, but it shall not be necessary that such report shall be published in more than one paper in one county town, and shall cause to be served a copy of the report, plans, specifications, estimates and assessment upon the warden of each of the other counties affected. 45 V. c. 26, s. 7.

When votes of persons assessed to be taken.

602. In case ten of the owners of the property assessed, within ten days of the first publication of the said report in a newspaper published in the county town of the county the Couneil of which procured the examination to be made, petition such Council not to proceed with the work, such Council shall, if it desires to proceed therewith, pass a by-law for taking the votes of the persons assessed upon the question whether or not the work shall be proceeded with; such by-law shall provide for holding a polling place in each municipality affected, whether within or without the county passing the by-law; and every person whose lands are assessed, or if the lands of a married woman are assessed, then the husband of such married woman shall be entitled to vote upon the question: Provided the person proposing to vote is of the full age of 21 years, and shall, if required, name the lands in respect of which he claims to be entitled to vote; and shall also, if required, take the oath or affirmation following: 45 V. 2. 26, s. 8 (1):

Proviso.

Form of oath.

You swear that you are of the full age of 21 years, and a natural born (or naturalized) subject of Her Majesty.

That you have not voted before in the township on the question now being voted upon.

That you are the owner (or as the case may be) of the lands in respect of which you claim to vote, namely (here mention the lands).

That you are, according to law, entitled to vote on the said question. That you have not directly or indirectly received any reward or gift, nor do you expect to receive any, for the vote which you tender.

That you have not received anything, nor has anything been promised to you, directly or indirectly, either to induce you to vote on the said question, or for loss of time, travelling expenses, hire of team, or any other service connected therewith.

That you have not, directly or indirectly, paid or promised anything to any person, either to induce him to vote, or to refrain from voting.

So help you God. 45 V. c. 25, Schedule.

Deputy returning officer and proceedings at poll.

(2) The Clerk of each Municipality shall act as deputy returning officer at the polling place in such Municipality, and the proceedings for taking the poll shall be the same, as nearly as may be, as the proceedings upon voting upon a by-law; 45 V. c. 28, s. 8 (2).

Who to be re-(3) The Clerk of the County Council which passed the byturning officer. law shall act as returning officer. 45 V. c. 26, s. 8 (3).

Service of "requisition of appeal,

603. If a vote of the owners has been taken, and they have decided in favour of proceeding with the work, or if such a

Chap. 18.

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vote has not been taken, then after the time for presenting a and effect petition as aforesaid has clapsed, in case the Council or Councils thereof. of the county or counties upon which two-thirds of the cost of such work fall shall have passed a resolution or resolutions to the effect that it is desirable to proceed therewith, the Council which caused the survey to be made may serve upon the warden of the other county, or each of the other counties, a notice (hereafter ealled a requisition of appeal) requiring such county to state whether or not it is content to accept the assessment made, as shewing the proper proportion to be borne by such county, and notifying such Council that if dissatisfied with such assessment they must, within 30 days from the receipt of such notice by their warden, appeal therefrom.

MUNICIPAL INSTITUTIONS.

(2) If the Council whose warden is served with a requisition Time within

of appeal do not, within thirty days of such service, serve the which notice of appeal to be warden of the Council from which they received the requisition served. with a written notice of appeal, they shall be deemed to have accepted the assessment: Provided that the High Court of Proviso. Justice, or any judge thereof, if it be shewn that the omission to serve the notice of appeal was through mistake, oversight or misadventure, may upon such terms, as to the said court or judge seem just, relieve them, and permit them to appoint an arbitrator.

(3) In case a Council whose warden is served with a requisi- Parties on tion of appeal is dissatisfied with the proportion assessed of appeal to be against the county, or with the proportion assessed against any served. other county, they shall, within 30 days of the receipt of the requisition by their warden, serve the warden of the County from which they received the requisition with a written notice of appeal, and shall also serve each of the other counties affected with a like notice.

(4) Such notice shall state the grounds of appeal, the name Particulars of an arbitrator appointed by such Council, and shall call upon which notice is the Council served to appoint an arbitrator on their behalf to contain. within ten days after service of such notice.

(5) In default of an appointment, within the said term, the Appointment judge of the county court of the county in default shall of arbitrator appoint an arbitrator for such county.

(6) Neither the engineer or surveyor who made the assess- Who may not ment, nor any officer or member of any Council concerned, shall be arbitrators. be appointed an arbitrator.

(7) In ease, after such Council has appointed an arbitrator, Provision in there is an even number of arbitrators, such arbitrators shall case there is an select an additional arbitrator, or in case of such arbitrators of arbitrators. not agreeing in such selection within 30 days after the completion of their number, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may appoint such additional arbitrator. 45 V. c. 26, s. 9.

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Arbitrators to apportion cost of work.

604. The arbitrators shall, by their award, determine the proportion of the cost of such work that is to be borne by each of the minor Municipalities whose lands are affected thereby. 45 V. e. 26, s. 10.

Decision of majority to be binding.

605. In case of a difference between the arbitrators, the decision of the majority shall be conclusive, and the arbitrators shall make their award in so many parts as may be necessary to permit of one thereof being filed with the clerk of each of the counties interested, and one shall be filed with the elerk of each such county accordingly. 45 V. c. 26, s. 11.

Application to High Court of Justice when arbitrators unable to agree.

606. In ease a majority of the arbitrators are unable, within six months of their appointment, to agree, or in ease, prior to the expiration of the said term, they by an instrument in writing, signed by the majority of them, declare their inability to agree upon a complete award, any of the counties interested may apply to a judge of the High Court of Justice to appoint an umpire, and the said umpire may make an award upon hearing the points in difference between the arbitrators stated by them, or may, if he deems necessary, re-hear the entire case, or such particular parts thereof as he considers requisite. 45 V. e. 26, s. 12.

Right of minor municipalities interested to appear on arbitration.

607. Any of the minor Municipalities interested may appear by their head, or by their counsel or agent, before the arbitrators in support of the assessment, or of any variations which they contend should be made in the proportions in which the minor Municipalities are assessed. 45 V. c. 26, s. 13.

Where several counties ing appeal

608. In ease more counties than one are concerned, no bycounties interested, by. laws for assessing the cost of the work upon the various parlawsforassess-eels and roads shall be passed until it is ascertained there is ment not to be not to be an appeal, or until after the award is made, where an appeal is had. 45 V. e. 26, s. 14.

After award expired, each county to pass by-law for raising sum required.

609. Immediately upon an award being made, or in ease made, or after there is no appeal, immediately after the time for appealing has elapsed, each county interested shall pass a by-law or bylaws to raise the sum chargeable against such county, and for assessing and levying the same, in accordance with the proportions fixed by the report of the engineer or surveyor, upon the real property within the county to be benefited by the said works, and for the appointment of a court for the trial, in the first instance, of complaints against such assessment, in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as is hereinbefore provided in respect of a county which is solely interested. 45 V: e. 26, s. 15.

Application 610. The second and third sub-sections of sections 598 and of ss. 585, 592, seetions 599, 592 and 585 shall apply to drainage works in whieh

which several counties are interested, as well as to works which only affect one county. 45 V. c. 26, s. 16.

611. In case any of the drainage works hereinbefore Powers of referred to, are to be carried through, across, under or along the municipalities railway of any railway company, in respect of which this to 45 V. c. 21. Legislature has authority in this hehalf, the powers of the Municipal Conneils are, so far as regards the railway, to be exercised, subject as nearly as may be to the terms and restrictions contained in "The Railway, Streets and Drains Act, 1882." 45 V. c. 26, s. 19.

DIVISION II.-LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS IN CITIES, TOWNS AND VILLAGES.

Local Improvements. Secs. 612-623. Sweeping, Watering and Lighting Streets. Sec. 624.

612. The Council of every City, Town, and incorporated Councils may make by laws Village may pass by-laws for the following purposes:

(1) For providing the means of ascertaining and determin- Ascertaining ing what real property will be immediately benefited by any the real proposed improvement, the expense of which is proposed to be benefited by assessed as hereinafter mentioned upon the real property im- a local immediately benefited thereby; and of ascertaining and deter-etc. mining the proportions in which the assessment is to be made on the various portions of real estate so benefited; subject in Appeal. every case to an appeal to the Judge of the County Court, in the same manner and on the same terms, as nearly as may be, as an appeal from the Court of Revision in the case of an ordinary assessment; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 551 (1). (36 V. c. 48, s. 464 (1).)

(2) For assessing and levying, by means of a special rate, the Assessing and cost of deepening any stream, creek, or water course, and levying upon draining any locality, or making, enlarging or prolonging any benefited the common sewer, or opening, widening, prolonging, or altering cost of certain macadamizing, grading, levelling, paving, or planking any street, lane, alley, public way or place, or any sidewalk, or any bridge forming part of a highway therein, or curbing, sodding, or planting any street, lane, alley, square, or other public place, or reconstructing, as well as constructing any work hereby provided for; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 551 (2); 43 V. c. 27, s. 10 (1). (36 V. c. 48, s. 464 (2).)

(3) Nothing contained in the preceding sub-sections shall be Preceding subconstrued to apply to any work of ordinary repair or mainten- apply to cerance; but all works constructed under the said preceding sub-sec-tain works. tions shall thereafter be kept in a good and sufficient state of repair at the expense of the City, Town, or Village generally;

R. S. O. c. 174, s. 554. (36 V. c. 48, s. 467.)

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Chap, 18.

- (4) The special rate to be so assessed and levied shall be an annual rate, according to the frontage thereof, upon the real property fronting or abutting upon the street or place whereon or wherein such improvement or work is proposed to be done or made, subject to the provisions following, namely:
- (a) Unless the majority of the owners of such real property, representing at least one-half in value thereof, petition the Council against such assessment, within one month after the last publication of a notice of such proposed assessment, in at least two newspapers published in such City, Town, or incorporated Village, if there are two newspapers published therein; and if there are not, then in a newspaper published nearest to the proposed improvement or work, such publication to be once in each week for two weeks;
- (b) In the event of any such petition against any such proposed assessment, sufficiently signed, being presented to the Council, no second notice of assessment for the same proposed improvement shall be given by the Council within two years thereafter; 45 V. c. 23, s. 4.
- (c) The number of the owners petitioning against the assessment and the value of the real property which they represent, may be ascertained and finally determined in such manner and by such means as are provided by by-law in that behalf. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 552, part;

Provision in case of insufficient or excessive assessment. (5) If in any case the first assessment for any local improvement proves insufficient, the Council shall make a second in the same manner, and so on until sufficient moneys shall have been realized to pay for such improvements or works, and if too large a sum shall at any time be raised, the excess shall be refunded ratably to those by whom it was paid; 43 V. c. 27, s. 10 (2).)

Regulating time and manner of levying assessments, etc.

(6) For regulating the time or times and manner in which the assessments to be levied under this section are to be paid, and for arranging the terms on which parties assessed for local improvements may commute for the payment of their proportionate shares of the cost thereof in principal sums; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 551 (3). (36 V. c. 48, s. 464 (3).)

If funds furnished by part funds provided by parties desirous of having the same effected; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 551 (4). (36 V. c. 48, s. 464 (4).)

Conditions as to sewers. (8) If the contemplated improvement is the construction of a common sewer having a sectional area of more than four feet, one-third of the cost thereof shall, before the work is undertaken, be provided for by the Council, by by-law for borrowing money, which every such Council is hereby authorized to pass for such purpose, or otherwise. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 552, part. (36 V. c. 48, s. 465.)

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613. The Council of every City, Town, and incorporated Assessment of Village may by by-law provide an equitable mode of assessing corner lots, for local improvements, works and services, corner lots, triangn- improvelar or other irregular shaped pieces of land situate at the inter-ments. sections or junctions of streets, having due regard to the situation, value and superficial area of such lots as compared with adjoining lots and pieces of land assessable for such improvements, works and services, and may charge the amount of any allowance, made on any such lot or piece of land, on the other real property fronting on the improvements or assume the same as a portion of the Municipality's share of the work or improvements; the said matters to be subject to appeal to the County Court Judge as already provided. New.

614. Where the lands on either side of a street, lane, or How proporalley in a City, Town, or incorporated Village, in the opinion of tion of cost of local improvethe Council, are from any cause unfit for building purposes, ments is to be and the Council deem it inequitable to assess the same for determined in local improvements at as high a rate as the building lots special cases, fronting on said street, lane or alley, the Council shall in all such cases determine in what proportion the cost of any such improvement shall be borne by the lands on each side of said street, lane, or alley, respectively. New.

615. Wherever in places wholly within a City, Town or in-Provision corporated Village, it shall, in the opinion of the Council, be respecting cost deemed expedient and necessary to construct or repair bridges culverts. or culverts on any street, lane, or alley, for the more immediate convenience or benefit of any particular locality, and the Council is of opinion that from any cause it is inequitable to charge the whole cost of such construction or repairs on the lands fronting thereon, the Council shall determine what lands are benefited by such construction or repairs, and the proportion in which the cost thereof shall be assessed against the lands so benefited. The assessments made under this and the preceding section shall be subject to an appeal to the Judge of the County Court in the same manner and on the same terms, as nearly as may be, as an appeal from the Court of Revision, in the case of an ordinary assessment. New.

616. The Council may permit the owner or owners to build Council may or improve the sidewalk in front of his or their lands, and any permit owners to build or street, lane or alley within a City, Town, or incorporated Vil-improve side-lage, under the direction of the Council or an officer thereof waks in front appointed for that purpose, and according to such plans and regulations as the Council may prescribe, in which case the owners or occupants of such lands shall be exempt from all taxes for improvements of a like nature so long as he or they shall keep the same in repair to the satisfaction of the Council. New.

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Power to borrow funds for local improvements. 617. For the purpose of enabling Councils to avoid the necessity of making supplementary assessments, or refunding in case of over assessments, and of ascertaining the exact cost of any work or improvement, done or constructed, as a local improvement under the provisions of this Act, they may and they are hereby authorized and empowered to make agreements with any bank or banks, or any person or body corporate for temporary advances and loans until the completion of the work or improvement, for meeting the cost thereof, and they are hereby authorized and empowered in their option to make the special assessments for the cost thereof, after the work or improvement, as the case may be, shall have been completed, and to pass the necessary by-law authorizing the issue of debentures to repay the amount of the temporary loan or advance.

Time for repayment of loans.

(2) Every by-law for borrowing money shall provide for the repayment of the loan and the maturing of debentures to be issued pursuant to such by-law, within the probable life of the work or improvement for which such debt has been incurred, as certified by the Engineer or other proper officer to be appointed by the Council for that purpose.

Where special assessments are irregular, new assessments may be made.

- (3) If in any case any debt has been incurred by the Municipality for any work or improvement done or constructed under the provisions of this Act, and after the incurring of the said debt the special assessment for such work or improvement or the by-law providing for borrowing money therefor, be set aside or quashed, either wholly or in part, on the ground of any irregularity or illegality in the making of such assessment or passing such by-law, it shall be lawful for the said Council, and they are hereby authorized to cause a new assessment or assessments to be made, and to pass a new by-law or by-laws so often as may be necessary to provide funds for the payment of the debt so incurred for such work or improvement: Provided always that nothing herein contained shall be construed as authorizing any assessment to be made or work or improvement to be undertaken, except the same be initiated in some one of the three methods by law provided, namely:
- (a) Either on the report of the Engineer or other sanitary officer and of a committee of the Council recommending the proposed work or improvement for sanitary or drainage purposes adopted by the Council; or
- (b) On a petition of the owners of the real property benefited, sufficiently signed; or
- (c) After due notice as above provided of the proposed assessment, and no petition of the owners of the real property benefited against the proposed assessment, sufficiently signed, being presented to the Council within the time limited therefor.

Property charged with local improve-

(4) Any real property specially assessed by any Council for any local improvement or work under this Act, and real pro-

perty where such improvement or work has been done with ments to be moneys provided by the owners of such real property, and exempt from real property the owners of which have constructed their own for same purworks and improvements which would otherwise have been poses. constructed by the Municipality as local improvements, shall be exempted by the Council from any general rate or assessment for the like purpose, except the cost of works and improvements at the intersection of streets, and except such portion of the general rate as may be imposed to meet the cost of works and improvements opposite real property which is exempt from such special assessments and the general rate which may be imposed to meet the cost of maintenance and repairs on works and improvements constructed under local improvement bylaws. New.

618. No by-law passed by the Council of any City, Town, By-laws need or incorporated Village, under the provisions of sections 570, not be adver-571, or 612 of this Act, shall require to be advertised notice of the or published by the said Council in any newspaper, but a sitting of the written or printed or partly written and partly printed notice ion shall be of the sitting of the Court of Revision for the confirmation of served on owners, every such special assessment shall be given to the owners, lessees, etc. lessees and occupants, or the agents of the owners, lessees and occupants, of each parcel of real estate included in such bylaws and assessment.

- (2) Each such notice shall contain a general description of the property in respect of which the same is given, the nature of the proposed improvements, work or service, the estimated total cost thereof, the amount of the assessment on the particular piece of property, and the time and manner in which the same is payable, and shall be signed by the Clerk, or the Assessment Commissioner, or other officer to be appointed by the Council for the purpose, and be mailed to the owner's address, at least fifteen days before the day appointed for the sittings of the said court, and ten days' notice shall also be given by publication in some newspaper, having a general circulation, of the time and place of the meeting of the said court, which notice shall specify generally what such assessment is to be for and the total amount to be assessed. 42 V. c. 31, s. 21.
- 619. Any real property specially assessed by any Council Property spefor any local improvement or work under this Act, shall be cially assessed exempted by the Council from any general rate or assessment from general for the like purpose, except the cost of works at the intersec-assessment for tion of streets, and except such portion of the general rate as same purpose. may be imposed to meet the cost of like works opposite real property which is exempt from such special assessment; 45 V. c. 23, s. 5, part; 43 V. c. 27, s. 11 (1), part.

(2) Where a local improvement or service is petitioned for, and the petition is by two-thirds in number of the owners of the real property fronting or abutting upon the street or place wherein or whereon such improvement or work is proposed to be done or made, the exemption may be for a specified period named in the petition and agreed to by the Council.

- (3) Or if, either with or without naming any period for such exemption, the petition requests an arbitration, the Council may accede to the proposal for an arbitration.
- (4) In case the matter is to be determined by arbitration, a sole arbitrator shall be chosen for the purpose by the County Court Judge, unless some person or persons is or are agreed to in that behalf by the petitioners and the Council.
- (5) Wherever, ty reason of a special assessment, the owners are exempted from a general rate for the like purpose, as aforesaid, the Council shall, from year to year, by by-law directing the general rate of assessment, or by some other by-law, state what proportion of the general rate is for purposes for which there is such special assessment in any part of the Municipality, and shall state the same in such manner as may give effect to this section.
- (6) Until a by-law is passed containing such statement, none of the money raised by general rate on real property specially assessed or rated for any work or service hereafter executed shall be applied to any work or service of the same character in any part of the Municipality. 43 V. c. 27, s. 11.

By-laws directing imbe made by local assessment.

620. The Council of any City, Town or incorporated vilprovements to lage may, by a by-law, passed with the assent of the electors according to the provisions of this Aet, direct that all future expenditure in the Municipality for the improvements and services, or for any class or classes of improvement or service, for which special provisions are made in sections 612 and 624, shall be by special assessment on the property benefited, and not exempt by law from assessment.

Repeal of by laws.

(2) After such a by-law has been passed in manner aforesaid, it shall not be repealed without the like assent of the electors; and, in case of such repeal, the preceding section, with respect to freedom from any general rate or assessment of property which is subject to a special rate, shall apply to all property which had been specially rated or assessed for such improvement or service, while the repealed by-law was in force. The time the exemption is to eease is to be determined in each or any case by arbitration, and the arbitrator is to be appointed by the County Judge, on the application of the Council. 43 V. c. 27, s. 12.

Assessment of places of worship for local improvements.

621. With respect to land on which a place of worship is erected and land used in connection therewith the Municipal Council may, by the by-law to be passed in that behalf, require the corporation, trustees, and other persons in whom is vested C,

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any such property, and the said property to be assessed for any local improvement in the same manner and to the same extent as the other owners and land benefited by the improvement, in the following cases, namely:

- (a) In case a by-law is passed under the preceding section;
- (b) Or in ease no such by-law is passed, but two-thirds of the owners of the real property to be benefited by the proposed improvement (excluding such corporation, trustees, or other persons aforesaid), representing at least one half in value of the remaining property, petition the Council to undertake the said improvement;
- (c) Or in ease no such by-law is passed as aforesaid, but the said corporation, trustees or other persons, and two-thirds of the owners of the real property to be benefited by the proposed improvement (including the said corporation, trustees, or other persons), representing at least one half in value of the property, including the said property so vested in the eorporation, trustees, or other persons aforesaid, petition the Council for the said improvement. Sec 43 V. c. 27, s. 13.
- 622. In case of a special assessment on property benefited Certain part of by local improvement, the Council of the Municipality (if they improvements may be chargthink fit) may by hy-law provide for constructing, at the ex-ed on general pense of the general funds of the Municipality, such part of the rates. local improvement as is situate upon or in that part of any street, lanc, alley, public place, or square, which is intersected by any other street, lane, alley, public place, or square, or as would otherwise fall on property exempt from assessment; and the Council may provide for the eost in the general rates or taxes for the year, or by the issue of debentures, or in such other manner not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, or any special Act, as to said Council may seem best, and subject to such by-laws as the Council may pass in that behalf. 43 V. c. 27, s. 14.

(2) The by-law authorizing the issue of such debentures Provisions as need not be submitted for the assent of the electors of the to "Local Municipality, and the debautures being issued to pay for that Improvement Municipality; and the debentures being issued to pay for that Improvement Debentures. part of the work payable by local assessment may, if the Council thinks fit, be issued as a series distinct from those required to pay for that part which is to be borne by the general funds of the Municipality, or all the debentures required for the work may be issued in one series, as "Local Improvement Debentures." This sub-section shall be deemed declaratory of the law on and from the fifth day of March, 1880. New.

623. The Council of any City, Town, or incorporated Village Assent of may pass all by-laws necessary, from time to time, to raise electors not loans and borrow moneys required for its share of any local by laws for improvements and works on the credit of such City, Town, raising Munior incorporated Village at large; and it shall not be peoses by cipality's share or incorporated Village at large; and it shall not be necessary of cost of local

Chap. 18.

to obtain the assent of the electors of such City, Town, or Village to the passing of any such by-law under the provisions of this Act, any special or private Act in that behalf to the contrary notwithstanding; provided always that nothing in this section contained shall be construed as authorizing an extension of the general debt of such City, Town, or Village beyond the limits thereof fixed by any Act limiting the same.

(2) It is hereby declared that the debentures issued under local improvement by-laws on the security of special assessments therefor form no part of the general debt of any such Municipality, within the meaning of any such last abovementioned Act, and it shall not be necessary to recite the amount of such local improvement debt so secured by special rates or assessments in any by-law for borrowing money on the credit of the City, Town, or incorporated Village at large as aforesaid, but it shall be sufficient to state in any such by-law, that the amount of the general debt of the Municipality as therein set forth is exclusive of local improvement debts, secured by special Acts, rates or assessments. New.

Sweeping, Lighting and Watering Streets.

Sweeping, lighting and watering streets.

- 624. The Council of every City, Town and incorporated Village may pass by-laws for raising, upon the petition of at least two-thirds of the freeholders and householders resident in any street, square, alley or lane, representing in value one-half of the assessed real property therein, such sums as may be necessary for sweeping, watering or lighting the street, square, alley or lane, by means of a special rate on the real property therein according to the frontage thereof; but the Council may charge the general corporate funds with the expenditure incurred in such sweeping, watering or lighting as aforesaid.
- (2) The Council may also, by by-law, define certain areas or sections within the Municipality in which the streets should be watered, swept and lighted, and may impose a special rate upon the assessed real property therein, according to the frontage thereof, in order to pay any expenses incurred in watering, sweeping or lighting such streets. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 555. (36 V. c. 48, s. 468; 37 V. c. 16, s. 21.)

DIVISION III.—COUNTY BY-LAWS FOR ROAD IMPROVEMENTS.

Special rates by County Councils for local improvements in Townships. Sees. 625-627.

Special rates for local improvements. 625. The Council of every County shall have power to pass by-laws for levying by assessment on all ratable property within any particular part of one or parts of two Townships to be described by metes and bounds in the by-law, in addition to all other rates, a sum sufficient to defray the expenses of making

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making, repairing or improving any road, bridge, or other public work, lying within one Township or between parts of such two Townships, and by which the inhabitants of such parts will be more specially benefited, but this section shall not apply to any road, bridge or other public works within the limits of any Town or incorporated Village. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 557. (36 V. c. 48, s. 469.)

626. No by-law under the last preceding section shall be Proceedings passed, except-

law for such

- (1) Upon a petition signed by at least two-thirds of the improvements. electors who are rated for at least one-half of the value of the property within those parts of such Township which are to be affected by the by-law; nor
- (2) Unless a printed notice of the petition, with the names Notice to be of the signers thereto, describing the limits within which the posted up, by-law is to have force, has been given for at least one month, for three by putting up the same in four different places within such weeks. parts of the Township, and at the places for holding the sittings of the Council of each Township, whether it be within such parts or not, and also by inserting the same weekly for at least three consecutive weeks in some newspaper (if any there be), published in the County Town, or if there is no such newspaper, then in the two newspapers published nearest the proposed work. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 558. (36 V. c. 48, s. 470.)

627. A County Council may, by by-law, assume or acquire Power to pass any road, bridge or other public work, lying within one or by-lawsacquirmore Townships or incorporated Towns or Villages, and may, lying within by by-law, raise by way of loan, a sum of money for the im-one or more provement of such road, bridge or public work, to be repaid townships, by a special assessment on all the ratable property within the levy special Municipalities which shall be immediately benefited by such provement road, bridge or public work.

(2) Such by-law shall state the amount to be raised for such Particulars work, and shall define the Municipalities forming the portion which are to of the County Municipality to be affected by said by-law, and the by-law. the portion of work to be performed in each Municipality, and shall provide for the raising of the said amount by the issue of debentures of the County, payable in 20 years, or by equal annual instalments of principal, with interest, and shall provide for assessing and levying upon all the ratable property, lying within the section defined in such by-law, an annual special rate sufficient for the payment of the principal and interest of the debentures.

(3) Such by-law shall, if approved by a majority of the rep- By-law to be resentatives in the County Council of the Municipalities which submitted to are defined in the said by-law, be submitted to the vote of the portion of qualified ratepayers in the portion of said County to be affected county interested by said by-law who are entitled to vote on money by-laws.

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By-law only to

Chap, 18.

(4) In case there should be a majority of votes cast against apply to those the said by-law in any one or more of the Municipalities menin which is has tioned therein, although the said by-law be carried, then the same shall only apply to those Municipalities in which it has received a majority of the votes cast, and shall not affect the other Municipalities mentioned in any way, and the amount of moncy mentioned in said by-law to be raised by way of loan, shall be reduced by the proportionate amount which the said Municipality or Municipalities, giving a majority of votes against the said by-law, would have been required to pay under said by-law.

By-law, if car-ried in some municipalities only, may be passed or dropped.

(5) In case there should be a majority of votes cast against the said by-law in any one or more Municipalities mentioned therein, although the said by-law be carried, then upon the approval of the majority of the representatives in the County Council of the Municipalities which have given a majority of votes in favour of the said by-law, the same may be read a third time and passed by the County Council, or dropped altogether; but in case the said by-law is finally passed, only the representatives in the County Council of those Municipalities giving a majority in favour of the said by-law, and to be affected by the same, shall have any voice in reference to the expenditure of the money to be raised thereby.

General provisions to apply to voting, etc.

(6) In all other respects the voting on such by-laws, and the passing and subsequent proceedings thereon, shall be in accordance with the provisions of this Act. 45 V. c. 23, s. 14.

TITLE IV.—POWERS OF MUNICIPAL COUNCILS AS TO RAILWAYS.

Aiding railways by taking stock, etc. Sec. 628. When head of Council to be a Director ex officio. Sec. 629. Townships may permit Railways to be constructed on highways, etc. Sec. 630. Grouping clauses repealed. Sec. 631.

628. The Council of every Township, County, City, Town By-laws may be made forand incorporated Village may pass by-laws—

Taking stock in certain railwavs or guaranteeing debentures. 14, 15 V. c. 61, s. 18. C. S. C. c. 66, ss. 75-78. R. S. O. c. 165, s. 31.

(1) For subscribing for any number of shares in the capital stock of, or for lending to or guaranteeing the payment of any sum of money borrowed by an incorporated Railway Company to which the eighteenth section of the statute fourteen and fifteen Victoria, chapter 51, or sections 75 to 78 inclusive of chapter 66 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, or the equivalent sections of "The Railway Act of Ontario," have been or may be made applicable by any special Act. R. S O. c. 174, s. 559 (1). (36 V. c. 48, s. 471 (1).)

(2) For endorsing or guaranteeing the payment of any de- For guaranbenture to be issued by the Company for the money by them teeing the borrowed, and for assessing and levying from time to time, debentures, upon the whole ratable property of the Municipality, a suffi-etc. cient sum to discharge the debt or engagement so contracted; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 559 (2); 36 V. e. 48, s. 471 (2).)

MUNICIPAL INSTITUTIONS.

- (3) For issuing, for the like purpose, debentures payable at For issuing such times, and for such sums respectively, not less than debentures, \$20, and bearing or not bearing interest as the Municipal Council thinks meet; R. S. O. e. 174, s. 559 (3); (36 V. e. 48, s. 471 (3).)
- (4) For granting bonuses to any Railway Company in aid of Bonuses. such railway, and for issuing debentures in the same manner as is in the preceding sub-section provided for raising money to meet such bonuses; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 559 (4); (36 V. e. 48, s. 471 (4).)

(5) For directing the manner and form of signing or endors- Form of ing any debenture so issued, endorsed or guaranteed, and of debenture. countersigning the same, and by what officer or person the same shall be so signed endorsed or countersigned respectively;

But no Municipal Corporation shall subscribe for stock or Assent of ineur a debt or liability for the purposes aforesaid, unless the electors necessary. by-law before the final passing thereof receives the assent of the electors of the Municipality in manner provided by this Aet; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 559 (5). (36 V. e. 48, s. 471 (5).) See also R. S. O. e. 165, s. 31 (3), and see, 322 ante.

629. In ease any Municipal Council subscribes for and Incertain holds stock in a Railway Company under section 628 to the cases, head of amount of 820,000 or unwayers the head of the Council to be amount of \$20,000 or upwards, the head of the Council shall ex officio a be ex officio one of the Directors of the Company, in addition director. to the number of Directors authorized by the special Act, and shall have the same rights, powers and duties as the other Directors of the Company; R. S. O. c. 174, s. 560; (36 V. c. 48, s, 475.) See also R. S. O. c. 165, s. 31 (4).)

630. The Council of every Township may pass by-laws for By-laws authauthorizing any Railway Company, in case such authority is orizing branch necessary, to make a branch railway on property of the Corpo- and other railration, or on highways, under such conditions as the Council highways. sees fit, and subject to the restrictions contained in "The Rail-R.S.O.c. way Act of Ontario," and any other Acts affecting such rail- 165. way; and may also pass by-laws to authorize companies or individuals to construct tramways and other railways along any highway on such terms and conditions as the Council sees fit. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 561. (36 V. c. 48, s. 476.)

631. So much of any enactment in private and other Acts, Grouping passed on or before the fifth day of March, 1880, as authorizes clauses in railway Acts

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before March 5, 1880, repealed.

or provides for the grouping or joining together of Municipalities or a Municipality, or part of any Municipalities or Municipality with part of another Municipality or parts of other Municipalities, for the purpose of granting Municipal aid to any Railway or Railway Company, is hereby repealed and declared to be inoperative. 43 V. c. 27, s. 17.

PART VIII,

POLICE VILLAGES.

DIV. I.—FORMATION OF.
DIV. II.—TRUSTEES, AND ELECTION OF.
DIV. III.—DUTIES OF POLICE TRUSTEES,

DIVISION I.—FORMATION OF.

Existing Villages continued. Sec. 632. New Police Villages—how formed. Sec. 633.

Existing police villages every existing Police Village shall continue to be a Police Village, with the boundaries now established. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 562. (36 V. c. 48, s. 477.)

New police villages.

633. On the petition of any of the inhabitants of an unincorporated Village, the Council or Councils of the County or Counties within which the Village is situate may, by by-law, erect the same into a Police Village, and assign thereto such limits as may seem expedient. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 563. (36 V. c. 48, s. 478.)

DIVISION II.—TRUSTEES, AND ELECTION THEREOF.

Existing Trustees continued. Sec. 634.
Trustees three in number. Sec. 635.
Qualification required for. Secs. 636, 637.
Electors, who are. Sec. 638.
Election, where to be held. Secs. 639-641.
Returning Officer, how appointed. Sec. 639.
Election not to be held in a Tavern. Sec. 641.
Nomination, how conducted. Secs. 642-644.
Polling, how conducted. Secs. 645-649.
Powers of Returning Officer. Sec. 650.
Tenure of Office. Sec. 651.
Voters' Lists, etc., to be returned. Sec. 652.
Vacancies, how filled. Sec. 653.
Inspecting Trustee, how appointed. Sec. 654.

634.

- 634. The Trustees of every Police Village existing when Present trusthis Act takes effect, shall be deemed the Trustees respectively teescontinued. of every such Village as continued under this Act. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 564. (36 V. c. 48, s. 479.)
- 635. The Trustees of every Police Village shall be three in Number of number. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 565. (36 V. c. 48, s. 480.)
- 636. The persons qualified to be elected Police Trustees Qualification shall be such persons as reside within the Police Village or of trustees, within two miles thereof, and are eligible to be elected Township Councillors, and are qualified in respect of property for which they are rated in such Police Village to the amount required so to qualify them. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 566. (36 V. c. 48, s. 481.)
- 637. If there are not six persons qualified under the preceding section, any person entitled to vote at the election may number of
 puelified persons.

 (36 V. c. 48, s. 482.)
- 638. Any Township elector, rated on the last assessment Qualification roll for such property in a Police Village as entitles him to of electors, vote in respect thereof at the Municipal Election for the Township, shall be entitled to vote at the Election for Police Trustees. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 568. (36 V. c. 48, s. 483.)
- 639. The Council by which a Police Village is established Place for holdshall, by the by-law establishing the same, name the place in ing first the Village for holding the first election of Police Trustees, and the Returning Officer therefor. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 569. (36 V. c. 48, s. 484.)
- 640. In a Police Village, after the first election, the Trus-Place for hold-tees thereof, or any two of them, shall, from time to time, by ing subsequent writing under their hands, appoint the Returning Officer, and the place or places within such Village for holding nominations and elections. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 570. (36 V. c. 48, s. 485.)
- **641.** No election of Police Trustees shall be held in a tavern, No election to or in a house of public entertainment licensed to sell spirituous he held in a liquors. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 571. (36 V. c. 48, s. 486.)
- **642**. A meeting of the electors shall take place for the Nomination nomination of candidates for the offices of Police Trustees, in meeting each Police Village, at noon on the last Monday in December, annually, at such place therein as is from time to time fixed by the Trustees.
- (2) When the last Monday in December happens to be Provision for Christmas day, the meeting shall be held on the preceding Christmas Friday. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 572. (36 V. c. 48, s. 487; 39 V. c. 7, s. 20.)

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Who to preside.

643. The Returning Officer (or, in his absence, a Chairman to be chosen) shall preside at such meeting, of which the Police Trustees shall give at least six days' notice. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 573. (36 V. c. 48, s. 488.)

If no more candidates than offices.

644. If only three candidates are proposed and seconded, the Returning Officer or Chairman shall, after a lapse of one hour, declare such candidates duly elected. R.S.O.c. 174, s. 574. (36 V. c. 48, s. 489.)

If more, and poll de-manded.

Election.

645. If more than the necessary number of candidates are proposed, the Returning Officer or Chairman shall adjourn the proceedings until the first Monday in January, when a poll or polls shall be opened for the election, at nine o'clock in the morning, and shall continue open until five o'clock in the afternoon, and no longer. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 575. (36 V. c. 48, s. 490.)

646. The Returning Officer or Chairman of the meeting

Notice of perto be posted.

sons proposed, shall, on the day following that of the nomination, post up in the office of the Clerk of the Township, if it is situated in such Police Village, and if not, then in some other public place in such Police Village, the names of the persons nominated at List of voters, such meeting; and shall, if a poll is necessary, demand in to be obtained. writing from the Clerk of the Township, or Clerks of the Townships, a list of the names of the persons appearing by the assessment roll to be entitled to vote in the said Police Village, such as is required to be furnished under the next section. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 576. (36 V. c. 48, s. 491; 40 V. c. 7, Sched. A (184).)

Clerk of townalphabetical list of voters.

647. The Clerk of the Township, or Clerks of the Township to furnish ships in which any Police Village is situated, shall, at latest on the day previous to the day for opening the poll, deliver to the Returning Officer of such Police Village a list of the names according to the form by law prescribed in the case of other municipal elections, of the persons entitled to vote at Township municipal elections, in respect of real property situate, or income received in the said Police Village, or in the portion thereof in the Municipality of such Clerk, and shall attest the said list by his solemn dcclaration in writing under his hand. R.S.O. c. 174, s. 577. (36 V. c. 48, s. 492; 40 V. c. 7, Sched. A (185).)

List to be attested by declaration.

648. The various sections of this Act relating to the prootherwise pro- ceedings at the nomination and election of Township Councillors, including those relating to the questions to be put and etc., to be had oaths to be administered to electors, and as to the appointment of a Chairman or Returning Officer, in case the person appointed is absent, and also the provisions respecting controverted elections and for the prevention of corrupt practices, shall apply and be acted on, unless where a different provision

Except where vided, same proceedings, as at elections, etc., of councillors, etc.

Chap. 18.

is herein made, in the election of Police Trustees. 174, s. 578. (36 V. c. 48, s. 498; 40 V. c. 7, Sched. A. (186).)

- 649. In case a casting vote is required to determine an Carting vote. election, the Returning Officer, whether otherwise qualified or not, shall give a casting vote for one or more of such candidates, so as to decide the election, and except in such case the Returning Officer shall not vote at any such election. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 579. (36 V. e. 48, s. 495.)
- 650. The Returning Officer shall have the like powers for Powers of the preservation of the peace as are given to Returning Offi- returning officer, cers and Deputy Returning Officers at municipal elections. R. S. O. c. 17., s. 580. (36 V. e. 48, s. 499.)
- 651. The persons elected shall hold office until their sue- Term of office. cessors are elected or appointed and sworn into office and hold their first meeting R. S. O. c. 174, s. 581. (36 V. c. 48, s. 496.)
- 652. Every Returning Officer shall, on the day after the Returning elose of the poll, return the ballot pers, voters' list and other turn ballot documents relating to the electron, to the Clerk of the Town-papers, etc., ship in which the Village is situated, or in ease the Village township, lies in several Townships, then to the Clerk of the County, verified under verified under oath before such Clerk, or before any Justice of oath. the Peace for the County or Union of Counties in which the Village lies, as to the due and correct taking of the votes. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 582. (36 V. c. 48, s. 497.)

- 653. In case of any vacancy in the office of a Police Filling Trustee, by death or otherwise, the remaining Trustee or vacancies. Trustees shall, by writing to be filed with such Clerk as aforesaid, appoint a Trustee or Trustees to supply the vacancy. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 583. (36 V. e. 48, s. 500.)
- 654. The Trustees of every Police Village, or any two of Appointment such Trustees, shall, by writing under their hands, to be filed trustees. with the Clerk of the Township, or in case the Village lies in several Townships, with the Clerk of the County, appoint one of their number to be Inspecting Trustee. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 584. (36 V. c. 48, s. 501.)

DIVISION III.—DUTIES OF POLICE TRUSTEES.

Oaths of office and qualification. Sec. 655. First meeting of. Sec. 656. Expenses of, how provided for. Secs. 657-660. Trustees to be Health Officers. Sec. 661. Regulations to be enforced by Trustees. Sec. 662.

Prevention

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Prevention of Fire. Sec. 662 (1-11). Gunpowder. Sec. 662 (13, 14). Nuisances. Sec. 662 (15). Penalties. Secs. 663-665. Neglect of duty by Trustees, how punishable. Sec. 664. Limitation of suits for penalties. Sec. 665.

Oaths of office and qualification.

655. Every Police Trustee shall take oaths of office and qualification in the same manner and within the time preseribed for Township Councillors, under like penalties in ease of default. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 585. (36 V. e. 48, s. 502.)

When first meeting to be held.

656. The Trustees of every Police Village shall hold their first meeting at noon on the third Monday of the same Jannary in which they are elected, or on some day thereafter at noon. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 586. (36 V. c. 48, s. 503.)

Expenditure. how provided

657. The Trustees, at any time previous to the first day of June, may require the Council of the Township or Townships in which the Police Village is situated to eause to be levied along with the other rates, upon the property liable to assessment in such Village, such sums as they may estimate to be required to cover the expenditures for that year in respect of matters coming within their duties, and to cover any balance for expenditures incurred during the year then last past, such sum not to exceed one cent in the dollar on the assessed value of such property. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 587. (36 V. c. 48, s. 504.)

Where village

658. In case the Village is situated in two or more Townin two or more ships, the Trustees shall require a proportionate amount from each, according to the value of the property of the Village in each Township, as shewn by the last equalized assessment rolls. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 588. (36 V. e. 48, s. 505.)

Payment of orders given by trustees, etc.

659. The Township Treasurer shall from time to time, if he has moneys of the Municipality in his hands not otherwise appropriated, pay any order given in favour of any person by the Inspecting Trustee, or by any two of the Trustees, to the extent of the amount required to be levied as aforesaid, although the same may not have been then collected. R. S. O. e. 174, s. 589. (36 V. c. 48, s. 506.)

When orders may be given.

660. No Trustee shall give any such order in favour of any person except for work previously actually performed, or in payment of some other executed contract. R.S.O. c. 174, s. 590. (36 V. e. 48, s. 507.)

Trustees to be

661. The Trustees of every Police Village shall be Health health officers. Officers within the Police Village, under "The Act respecting the Public Health." R. S. O. c. 174, s. 591. (36 V. c. 48, s. 508.)

662.

662. The Trustees of every Police Village shall execute Following and enforce therein the regulations following:

— regulations to be enforced.

Prevention of Fire.

- (1) Every proprietor of a house more than one story high, For providing shall place and keep a ladder on the roof of such house near ladders, etc. to or against the principal chimney thereof, and another ladder reaching from the ground to the roof of such house, under a penalty of one dollar for every omission; and a further penalty Penalty. of two dollars for every week such omission continues. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 592 (1). (36 V. e. 48, s. 509 (1).)
- (2) Every honseholder shall provide himself with two Fire buckets. buckets fit for earrying water in ease of accident by fire, under a penalty of one dollar for each bucket deficient. R. S. O. c. Penalty. 174, s. 592 (2). (36 V. c. 48, s. 509 (2).)
- (3) No person shall build any oven or furnace unless it ad-Astofurnaces, joins and is properly connected with a chimney of stone or etc. brick at least three feet higher than the honse or building in which the oven or furnace is built, under a penalty not exceed-Penalty. ing two dollars for non-compliance. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 592 (3). (36 V. e. 48, s. 509 (3).)
- (4) No person shall pass a stove-pipe through a wooden or Stove pipes, lathed partition or floor, unless there is a space of four inches etc. between the pipe and the wood-work nearest thereto; and the pipe of every stove shall be inserted into a chimney; and there shall be at least ten inches in the clear between any stove and any lathed partition or wood-work, under a penalty Penalty. of two dollars. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 592 (4). (36 V. c. 48, s. 509 (4).)
- (5) No person shall enter a mill, barn, outhouse or stable, Lights in with a lighted candle or lamp, unless well enclosed in a stables, etc. lantern, nor with a lighted pipe or eigar, nor with fire not properly secured, under a penalty of one dollar. R. S. O. c. Penalty. 174, s. 592 (5). (33 V. e. 48, s. 509 (5).)
- (6) No person shall light or have a fire in a wooden house or Chimneys. outhouse, unless such fire is in a brick or stone chimney, or in a stove of iron or other metal, properly secured, under a pen-Penalty alty of one dollar. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 592 (6). (36 V. c. 48, s. 509 (6).)
- (7) No person shall carry fire or eause fire to be carried into Securing fire or through any street, lane, yard, garden or other place, with-carried out having such fire confined in some copper, iron or tin streets, etc. vessel, under a penalty of one dollar for the first offence, and of two dollars for every subsequent offence. R. S. O. c. 174, s. Penalty. 592 (7). (36 V. c. 48, s. 509 (7).)
- (8). No person shall light a fire in a street, lane or public Lighting fires place, under a penalty of one dollar. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 592 (8), in streets. (36 V. c. 41, s. 509 (8).)

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Hay, straw, etc. Penalty. (9) No person shall place hay, straw or fodder, or cause the same to be placed, in a dwelling-house, under a penalty of one dollar for the first offence, and of five dollars for every week the hay, straw or fodder is suffered to remain there. R.S.O. c. 174, s. 592 (9). (36 V. c. 48, s. 509 (9).)

Ashes, etc.

(10) No person, except a manufacturer of pot or pearl ashes, shall keep or deposit ashes or cinders in any wooden vessel, box or thing not lined or doubled with sheet-iron, tin or copper, so as to prevent danger of five from such ashes or cinders, under a penalty of one dollar. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 592 (10). (36 V. c. 48, s. 509 (10).)

Penalty.

(10). (36 V. c. 4) Lime. (11) No person

Chap. 18.

Penalty.

(11) No person shall place or deposit any quick or unslacked lime in contact with any wood of a house, outhouse or other building, under a penalty of one dollar, and a further penalty of two dollars a day until the lime has been removed, or secured to the satisfaction of the Inspecting Trustee, so as to prevent any danger of fire. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 592 (11). (36 V. c. 48, s. 509 (11).)

Charcoal furnaces. Penalty.

(12) No person shall erect a furnace for making charcoal of wood, under a penalty of five dollars. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 592 (12). (36 V. c. 48, s. 509 (12).)

Gunpowder.

Gunpowder, how to be kept. Penalty. (13) No person shall keep or have gunpowder for sale, except in boxes of copper, tin or lead, under a penalty of five dollars for the first offence, and ten dollars for every subsequent offence. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 592 (13). (36 V. c. 48, s. 509 (13).)

Not to be sold at night.

Penalty.

(14) No person shall sell gunpowder, or permit gunpowder to be sold in his house, storehouse or shop, outhouse or other building, at night, under a penalty of ten dollars for the first offence, and of twenty dollars for every subsequent offence. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 592 (14). (36 V. c. 48, s. 509 (14).)

Nuisances.

Certain nuisances prohibited. (15) No person shall throw, or cause to be thrown, any filth or rubbish into a street, lane or public place, under a penalty of ore dollar, and a further penalty of two dollars for every week he neglects or refuses to remove the same after being notified to do so by the Inspecting Trustee, or some other person authorized by him. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 592 (6). (36 V. c. 48, s. 509 (15).)

Penalties.

Who to sue for penalties.

663. The Inspecting Trustee, or in his cosence, or when he is the party complained of, one of the other Trustees, shall sue for all penalties incurred under the regulations of police herein established,

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established, before a Justice of the Peace having jurisdiction in the Village and residing therein, or within five miles thereof; And b or if there be none such, then before any Justice of the Peace whom. or if there be none such, then before any Justice of the Peace having jurisdiction in the Village; and the Justice shall hear Conviction and determine such complaint in a summary manner, and may and levy of convict the offender, upon the oath or affirmation of a credible witness, and cause the penalty, with or without costs, as he may see fitting, to be levied by distress and sale of the goods of the offender, to be paid over to the Path-master or Pathmasters of the division or divisions to which the Village belongs, or to such of the said Path-masters as the Trustees may direct; and such Path-master or Path-masters shall apply the penalty to the repair and improvement of the streets and lanes of the Village, under the direction of the Trustees. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 593. (36 V. c. 48, s. 510.)

664. Any Police Trustee who wilfully neglects or omits to Penalty for prosecute an offender at the request of any resident householder breach of duty of the Village offening to address proof of an offeness against the of the Village offering to adduce proof of an offence against the regulations of police herein established, or who wilfully neglects or omits to fulfil any other duty imposed on him by this Act, shall incur a penalty of five dollars. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 594. (36 V. c. 48, s. 511.)

665. The penalties prescribed by the preceding section, or When proseby that for the establishment of regulations of police, shall be cutions to be sued for within ten days after the offence has been committed or has ceased, and not subsequently. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 595. (36 V. c. 48, s. 512.)

CONFIRMING AND SAVING CLAUSES.

666. Nothing herein contained shall be taken or construed Exceptions to affect or repeal so much of the schedules in either of the from repeal. Municipal Corporation Acts of 1849 and 1850 as defines the limits or boundaries of any Cities or Towns, being Schedule B Boundaries of of the Act of 1849, numbers two, three, four, six, seven, eight, cities and pine, top and sleven and Schodule C of the course Act, were the towns. nine, ten and eleven, and Schedule C of the same Act, numbers one, two and three, and Schedule B of the Act of 1850, numbers one, five, twelve, thirteen, fourteen and tifteen; and also Amherstburg. so much of Schedule D of the said Acts of 1849 and 1850 as relates to Amherstburg, and also so much of section 203 of the said Act of 1849, and so much of any other sections of either of the said Acts relating to any of the Schedules thereof as have been acted upon, or as are in force and remain to be acted upon at the time this Act takes effect, and all proclama-Proclamations and special statutes by or under which Cities and other tions. Municipalities have been erected, so far as respects the con-Special Acts. tinuing the same and the boundaries thereof, shall continue in force. R. S. O. c. 174, s. 596. (36 V. c. 48, sec. 513.)

667.

18

R. S. O. c. 175, not affected.

Chap. 18.

667. Nothing herein contained shall affect "The Act respecting the establishment of Municipal Institutions in the Districts of Algoma, Muskoka, Parry Sound, Nipissing and Thunder Bay." R. S. O. c. 174, s. 597. (36 V. c. 48, s. 514.)

Inconsistent enactments repealed. Exception.

668. The Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, relating to the Municipal Institutions of Ontario, excepting special Acts which have been enacted to confer specific powers on certain Municipalities are hereby repealed; but the repeal thereof shall not revive any Act or provision of law by them repealed, or prevent the effect of any saving elause therein, or the application of any such parts or Aets, or of any Aet or provision of law formerly in force to any transaction, matter or thing anterior to the said repeal to which they would otherwise apply. New.

SCHEDULE A.

(Section 122.)

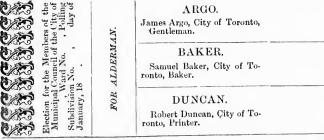
FORM OF BALLOT PAPER.

(1. In the case of Cities.)

FORM FOR MAYOR.

the Members in Polling, No., Polling ary, 18	A YOR.	ALLAN. Charles Alian, King Street, City of Toronto, Merchant.	
Election for to of the Munico Ward No. Subdivision day of Jana	FOR M	BROWN. William Brown, City of Toronto, Banker.	

FORM FOR ALDERMAN.



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(2.

(2. In the case of Towns divided into Wards.)

FORM FOR MAYOR, REEVE, AND DEPUTY REEVE.

	, Ward		YOR.	THOMPSON. Jacob Thompson, of the Town of Barrie, Merchant.	/
	own or		FOR MAYOR	WALKER. Robert Walker, of the Town of Barrie, Physician.	-
	council of the L	. 81	TE (if any).	BROWN. John Brown, of the Town of Barrie, Merchant.	
	ivision No.	day of January, l	FOR REEVE (if any).	ROBINSON. George Robinson, of the Town of Barrie, Merchant.	_
THE STATE STATES	, Polling Subdivision No.	da	FOR DEPUTY REEVE (if any).	ARMOUR. Jacob Armour, of the Town of Barrie, Pumpmaker.	•
SASSASSASSASSASSASSASSASSASSASSASSASSAS	No.		FOR DEPU (if a	BOYD. Zachary Boyd, of the Town of Barrie, Tinsmith.	_

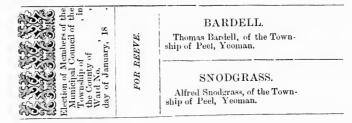
242

FORM FOR COUNCILLORS.

		_
Council of the	BULL. John Bull, of the Town of Barrie, Butcher.	_
March No. 18	JONES. Morgan Jones, of the Town of Barrie, Grocer.	
To man	McALLISTER. Allister McAllister, of the Town of Barrie, Tailor.	
Election for the Members Town of Subdivision No. FOR C	O'CONNELL. Patrick O'Connell, of the Town of Barrie, Milkman.	_

(3. In the case of Townships divided into Wards.)

FORM FOR REEVE.



FORM FOR COUNCILLORS.

in the County	BULL. John Bull, of the Township of York, Doctor of Medicine.
	JONES. Morgan Jones, of the Township of York, Farmer.
ship of danuary, 18	McALLISTER. Allister McAllister, of the Township of York, Farmer.
Council of the Towns	O'CONNELL. Patrick O'Connell, of the Township of York, Lumber Merchant.
Election of Members of the Municipal Council of the Township of of Members of the Municipal Council of the Township of the Mand No.	RUAN. Malachi Ruan, of the Township of York, Farmer.
embers of the	SCHULTZE. Gottfried Schultze, of the Township of York, Farmer.
Slection of M	WASHINGTON. George Washington, of the Township of York, Gentleman.

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(4. In the case of Incorporated Villages and Townships not divided into Wards.)

	EEVE.	BROWN. John Brown, of the Village of Yorkville, Merchant.
, in the County of	FOR REEVE.	ROBINSON. George Robinson, of the Village of Yorkville, Physician.
	ry reeve	ARMOUR. Jacob Armour, of the Village of Yorkville, Pumpmaker.
ownship) of	FOR DEPUTY REEVE (if any).	BOYD. Zachary Boyd, of the Village of Yorkville, Tinsmith.
the Village (or To		BULL. John Bull, of the Village of Yorkville, Butcher.
unicipal Council of the Polling Subdivision No.	ILLOR.	JONES. Morgan Jones, of the Village of Yorkville, Grocer.
Election of Members of the Municipal Council of the Village (or Township) of day of January, 18	FOR COUNCILLOR	McALLISTER. Allister McAllister, of the Village of Yorkville, Tailor.
Election of Men		O'CONNELL. Patrick O'Connell, of the Village of Yorkville, Milkman.

Note.—In any case where there are two or more Deputy Reewes, the ballot paper will make provision accordingly, naming them as first Deputy Reeve, second Deputy Reeve, etc.

R. S. O. c. 174, Sched. A. (39 V. c. 5, Sched. A.)

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE B.

(Sections 125 and 145.)

DIRECTIONS FOR THE GUIDANCE OF VOTERS IN VOTING.

The voter will go into one of the compartments, and with the pencil provided in the compartment, place a cross, thus \times , on the right hand side, opposite the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he votes, or at any other place within the division which contains the name or names of such candidate or candidates (43 V. c. 24, s. 4).

The voter will then fold up the ballot paper so as to shew the name or initials of the Deputy Returning Officer (or Returning Officer. as the case may be), signed on the back, and leaving the compartment will, without shewing the front of the paper to any person, deliver such ballot so folded to the Deputy Returning Officer (or Returning Officer, as the case may be) and forthwith quit the polling place.

If the voter inadvertently spoils a ballot paper, he may return it to the Deputy Returning Officer (or Returning Officer, as the case may be), who will, if satisfied of such inadvertence, give him another ballot paper.

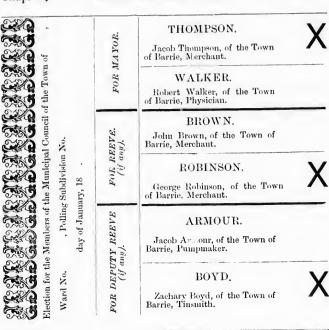
If the voter votes for more candidates for any office than he is entitled to vote for, his ballot paper will be void so far as relates to that office, and will not be counted for any of the candidates for that office.

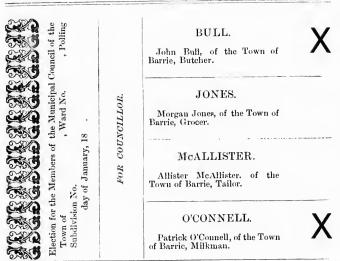
If the voter places any mark on the paper by which he may afterwards be identified, his ballot paper will be void, and will not be counted.

If the voter takes a ballot paper out of the polling place, or deposits in the ballot box any other paper than the one given to him by the officer, he will be subject to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months, with or without hard labour.

In the following forms of Ballot Paper, given for illustration, the Candidates are, for Mayor, Jacob Thompson and Robert Walker; for Recee, John Brown and George Robinson; for Deputy Reeve, Jacob Armour and Zachary Boyd; and for Councillors, John Bull, Moran Jones Allister McAllister and Patrick O'Connell; and the elector has marked the first paper in favour of Jacob Thompson for Mayor, George Robinson for Reeve, and Zachary Boyd for Deputy Reeve, and has marked the second paper in favour of John Bull and Patrick O'Connell for Councillors:—

46 VIC.





R. S. O. c. 174, Sched. B. (38 V. c. 28, Sched. B.; 40 V. c. 7, Sched. A. (187).)

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE C.

(Sections 128, 129, 130, 131, and 304.)

FORM IN WHICH THE VOTERS' LIST TO BE FURNISHED TO DEPUTY RETURNING OFFICERS IS TO BE PREPARED.

	Chap. 10.
REMARKS.	
Conneillors,	
Mayor and Reeve.	and the second s
Refusal to swear or affirm.	valigeAde-Ade-Millians - uning Australians - uning Australians - uning Australians - uning Australians - uning
Sworn or affirmed.	1
Орјестіона,	
Residence of voter.	
Freeholder, House- holder, Tenant or Farmer's Son.	
Description of Pro- perty in respect of which the voter is entitled to vote.	
E VOTERS.	
NAMES OF THE VOTERS.	
Column for mark indicating that the voter has	

Note. -In Cities, the column above headed "Mayor and Reeve" will be headed "Mayor;" and the column above headed "Councillors" will be headed "Aldermen." In Townships and Villages, the column above headed "Mayor and Reeve" will be headed "Reeve."

R. S. O. c. 174, Sched. C. (39 V. c. 5, Sched. B., 40 V. c. 12, s. 17.)

The

SCHEDULE D.

(Section 134.)

CERTIFICATE AS TO ASSESSMENT ROLL.

Election to the Municipal Council of the

of 1, A. B., Clerk of the Municipality of 1, A. B., Clerk of the Municipality of 1, do here by certify that the Assessment roll for this upon which the voters' Township (or as the case may be) of list to be used at this election is based, was returned to me by the Assessor for said Township (or as the case may be) on the , and that the same was finally revised and cor-

, 18 , 18 day of rected on the day of Dated this

Clerk. R. S. O. c. 174, Sched. D. (40 V. c. 12, Sched. B.)

SCHEDULE E.

(Section 148.)

FORM OF DECLARATION OF INABILITY TO READ, &c.

on the voters' list, for , being numbered I, A. B., of polling subdivision No.
and County of
(or as the case may be) of
, the City (or as the case may be) of
, do hereby declare that I am unable to read (or that I am from physical incapacity unable to mark a voting paper, as the case may be).

(A. B. His \times mark.) , A.D. 18 day of R. S. O. c. 174, Sched. E. (38 V. c. 28, Sched. D.)

SCHEDULE F.

(Section 148.)

FORM OF ATTESTATION CLAUSE TO BE WRITTEN UPON OR ANNEXED TO THE DECLARATION OF INABILITY TO READ, &c.

I, C. D., the undersigned, being the Deputy Returning Officer for polling subdivision No. , for the City (or as the case may be) of bereby certify that the above (or as the case may be) declaration, having been first read to the above-named A. B., was signed by him in my presence with his mark.

(Signed) C. D.Deputy Returning Officer for Polling Sub-division No. , in the City (or as the case may be) of

, A.D. 18 day of Dated this R. S. O. c. 174, Sched. F. (38 V. c. 28, Sched. E.)

SCHEDULE

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SCHEDULE G.

(Sections 154, 317 and 318.)

OATH OF DEPUTY RETURNING OFFICER AFTER THE CLOSING OF THE POLL.

I, C. D., the undersigned Deputy Returning Officer for polling subdivision No.
, of the City (or as the case may be) of , in the County of , do solemnly swear (or if he is a person permitted by law to affirm, do solemnly affirm) that to the best of my knowledge the annexed voters' list used in and for the said polling subdivision No. of the said City (or as the case may be), was so used in the manner prescribed by law, and that the entries required by law to be made therein were correctly made.

(Signed) C. D., Deputy Returning Officer.

Sworn (or affirmed) before me at

, this day of

A.D. 18 . (Signed)

(Signed) X. Y.,
Justice of the Peace.
Or A. B.,
Clerk of the Municipality of

NOTE.—The foregoing oath is to be annexed to the voters' list used at the election.

R. S. O. c. 174, Sched. G. (38 V. c. 28, Sched. F.)

SCHEDULE H.

(Section 169.)

FORM OF STATUTORY DECLARATION OF SECRECY.

I, A. B, solemnly promise and declare that I will not at this election of members of the Municipal Council of the City (or as the case may be) of , disclose to any person or persons the name of any person who has voted, and that I will not in any way whatsoever unlawfully attempt to ascertain the candidate or candidates for whom any elector shall vote or has voted, and will not in any way whatsoever aid in the unlawful discovery of the same; and I will keep secret all knowledge which may come to me of the person for whom any elector has voted.

Made and declared before me at $\,$, this day of A.D. 18 $\,$.

C. D.,
Justice of the Peace (or Clerk
of the Municipality of

R. S. O. c. 174, Sched. H. (38 V. c. 28, Sched. G.)

SCHEDULE J.

(Section 296.)

FORM OF BALLOT PAPER.

Bh stad	13.	
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A A	law arc),	
e a	n By-	AGAINST
	oting o	The By-law.
080	V. object the	

R. S. O. c. 174, Sched. J. (39 V. c. 35, Sched. A.)

SCHEDULE K.

(Sections 299 and 301.)

I, the undersigned A. B., solemnly declare that I am a ratepayer of the Township (or as the case may be) of (the Municipality the Council of which proposed the by-law), and that I am desirous of promoting (or opposing, as the case may be) the passing of the by-law to there insert object of the by-law), submitted to the Council of said Township (or as the case may be).

(Signature) A.

Made and declared before me this day of

, A.D. C. D., Head of Municipality.

R. S. O. c. 174, Sched. K. (39 V. c. 35, Sched. B.)

SCHEDULE L.

(Section 308.)

DIRECTIONS FOR THE GUIDANCE OF VOTERS IN VOTING.

The voter will go into one of the compartments, and with the pencil provided in the compartment, place a cross (thus ×) on the right hand side, in the upper space if he votes for the passing of the by-law, and in the lower space if he votes against the passing of the by-law.

The voter will then fold up the ballot paper so as to shew the name or initials of the Deputy Returning Officer (or Returning Officer, as the case may be) signed on the back, and leaving the compartment will, without shewing the front of the paper to any person, deliver such ballots of folded.

10 Copies

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folded to the Deputy Returning Officer (or Returning Officer, as the case may be) and forthwith quit the polling place.

may be) and forthwith quit the polling place.
If the voter inadvertently spoils a ballot paper, he may return it to the Deputy Returning Officer (or Returning Officer, as the case may be), who will, it satisfied of such inadvertence, give him another ballot paper.

If the voter places on the paper more than one mark, or places any mark on the paper by which he may be atterwards identified, his ballot

paper will be void, and will not be counted.

If the voter takes a ballot paper out of the polling place, or apposits in the ballot box any other paper than the one given to him by the Deputy Returning Officer (or Returning Officer, as the case may be), he will be subject to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months, with or without hard labour.

In the following form of Ballot Paper, given for illustration, the Elector has marked his ballot paper in favour of the passing of the By-law:—

FOR The By-law.	X
AGAINST The Bylaw.	
	The By-law.

R. S. O. c. 174, Sched. L. (39 V. c. 35, Sched. C.)

SCHEDULE M.

(See ion 324.)

FORM OF STATUTORY DECLARATION OF SECRECY.

I, A. B., solemnly promise and declare that, at the voting on the byhaw submitted to the electors by the Council of the Township (or as the case may be) of (and the voting on which has been appointed for this day), I will not attempt in any way whatsoever ur lawfully to ascertain the manner in which any elector shall vote or has voted, and will not in any way whatsoever aid in the unlawful discovery of the same; and I will keep scoret all knowledge which may come to me, of the manner in which any elector has voted.

Justice of the Peace (or Clerk of the Municipality of

ut

R. S. O. c. 174, Sched. M. (39 V. c. 35, Sched. D.)

 $F_{\mathbb{A}}$ R. s. C 1234456789011231456171899221222425662789333335333345336733944124344

ATABLE

SHEWING THE

ACTS AND PARTS OF ACTS

Of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, contained in

"THE CONSOLIDATED MUNICIPAL ACT, 1883,"

46 Victoria, Cap. 18.

R. S. O. c. 174.		Consoli- dated in	46 V. c. 18. R. S. O. Contin		Consoli- inued. DATED IN		46 V. c. 18.		
Sec.	Sub-s.		Sec.	Sub-s.	Sec.	Sub-s.		Sec.	Sub-s
1			1		45			48	
2			$\frac{2}{3}$		46		*************	49	
3					47			50	
4			4			(Including 29.30 V.		
5			5		48		c. 51, ss. 52, 53,	> 51	
6			6		10		55.	,	1
7			7		49			52	
8			8	1	50			53	1
10		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	10	i I	51 52		********	54	1
11			11		53			55	
12			12	t 1	54		***************************************	56	
13			13	1 1	55		•••••	57	l
14	$ \cdot \cdot $		14	1	56		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	58	
15			15	l i	57		••••	59 60	
16	J I		17	i 1	58]	*****************	61	1
17			18		59		********	62	
18			19	1	60			63	
19			20		61			64	
20			21	į l	62	i		65	
21			22		63			66	
22	l i		25		64			67	
23			26		65			68	1
24			27		66		*******	69	1
25			28	1					$ \hat{2} $
26			29		67			70	-
27			30] !	68			71	
28			31		69			72	
29			32		70			73	
30			33		71			74	
31			34		72		***************	75	
32			35		73			76	
33			36		74	• • • • • • •		77	
34 35			37 38	1	75			78	
36	• • • • •		39	: 1	76		*** **********	79	
37	• • • • •				77		***************	80	
38		•••••	40		78 79		***************	81	
39			42		80		******	82	
40			43		81	1		83	
41		***************************************	44		82		*****	84	
42			45		83		*****************	85 86	
43			46		84		*******	86 87	
44			47		85			88	

R. S. O. c. 174, Consoli- Continued. DATED IN						c. 174 , nued.	Consoli- dated in	46 V.	c. 18.
Sec.	Sub-s.		Sec.	Sub-s.	Sec.	Sub-s.		Sec.	Sub-s
					154			158	
86			89		154 155			159	!
87			90		156			160	1
88			$\frac{91}{92}$		157			161	1
89			93	1	158			162	1
90			94		159			165	1
$\frac{91}{92}$			95		160			166	1
93			96	1	161	!		167	!
94			97	1	162				1
95			98	1	163				i
96			99		164				1
97			100		165	1			
98			101	1	166	\			i
99			102	1	167 168		1		1
10.)			103		169				1
101			104 105		170		1 *****		
102			105		171	1		. 177	
103			107	1	172			. 178	1
104			108	i	173				
105			109	i	174	1		. 180	
106			110	1	175			. 181	
$\frac{107}{108}$	1	1	111	1	176			182	
109	1		112	į	177	1	·	184	
110			113	1	178			185	
111			1114		179			186	
112			115	!	180				
113				1	181			- 000	
114					188		.,	. 18:) [
115			. 118		18			1 190)
-116			119 120		18:			. 191	Li
117					186		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 193	4
118			6 4		187	7			
119					188	3		. 19	
120					189)		19	
$\frac{121}{122}$					199)		19	7
12.					19				
124			. 127		19	2			
12			128		19	3		• •	
120			. 129		19				
127					19				
128					19 19				
129					19		•••	20	4
130			* 1		19	9		20	
13			2 411		20	0		20	
1.3					20			. 26	
13			1 400		20	2		26	
13					20	3		20	
13. 13					20	4		. 21	
13			14	0	2	5			
13			14	1	20				13
13	9			2	20				14
14			14		20		.		15
14					20		***		16
14					2				17
14	3					12			18
14			. 14					$\dots \mid 2$	19
14			·· 14					1 2	20
14								2	21
14						16		2	22
14			is		2	17		2	23
14			15		2	18			24
15 15			15			19			25 26
15						20			26 27
	53		15		1 2	21		2	4

R. S.

Sec

R. S. O. c. 174, Continued. Consoli- DATED IN		46 V.	46 V. c. 18.). c. 174, inued.	Consoli- Dated in	46 V. c. 18.		
Sec.	Sub-s.		Sec.	Sub-s.	Sec.	Sub-s.		Sec.	Sub-s
222			228		290			298	
223			229		291	1		299	
224			230	i	292	1		300	1
225	1		231		293			301	1
226		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	232		294			302	
$\frac{227}{228}$			233		295			303	1
229		****************	$\frac{234}{235}$		296			304	1
230			236	1	297 298			305	
231	1		237		299			306	1
232			238		300			307 308	1
233			239		301			309	1
234			240		302	1		310	1
235			241			2		010	3
236			242		303			312	
$\frac{237}{238}$			243		304			313	
$\frac{238}{239}$		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$\frac{244}{245}$	1	305			315	
$\frac{255}{240}$	1		$\frac{245}{246}$		306			316	
241	1		247		308			317	
242			248		309			318 319	1
243			249		310			320	
244			250		311			323	
245			251		312		******	324	1
246			252		313			325	1
$\frac{247}{248}$			253	1	314			326	
249			254		315			327	1
250			255 256		316			328	
251			257	!	317			329	1
252			258		1		Repealed by 42 V.	330	1
253			259		319	}	c. 31, s. 9, now	331	
254			260		}	1 %	Repealed by 44 V.	R	
255			261		320		Repealed by 44 V. c. 24, s. 32, which	1000	1
$\frac{256}{257}$			262	1	320	,)	was amil'd in sees	332	1
258			263		001	(sion of 46 V., now)	1
259			$\frac{265}{266}$		321 322		************	333	i
260			267		323		••••••	334	!
261			268	1	324			235	
262			269	1	325			336 337	l
263			270		326			338	i
264		****************	271	į į	327		****	339	-
$\frac{265}{266}$			272	1	328			340	1
$\frac{260}{267}$			273	1	329			341	1
268	1		$\frac{274}{275}$		330	1		442	1.
269			276			2			1
270			$\tilde{2}77$			3)	T		2
271			278	1		4 5	Repealed by 42 V. c. 31, s. 10.	}	
272			279			5	c. 31, s. 10.	5	
273			280			6 a			6 a
$\frac{274}{275}$			281		i	b			b
		Including 29-30 V	282			c			C
276	}	c. 51, ss. 187, 188.	283			$\begin{cases} d \\ e \end{cases}$	Repealed by 42 V.	}	d
277			284	1	331	e)	c. 31, s. 11, now	212	"
278			285		001	a		343	! _
279			287			b			b
280			288			,,			0
281	• • • • • •		289			d {	Repealed by 42 V.	1	1 "
$\frac{282}{283}$			290			a l	c. 31, s. 12.	}	
$\frac{280}{284}$			291	1	000	e			d
285			$\frac{292}{293}$		332	1	B	344	1
286			293 294			(Repealed and new)	
2×7			294			2 4	sub-s. substituted	5	2
288			296			1	by 42 V. c. 31, s.	1	~
259			297		:		13, now.	1	

R. S. O. c. 174, Continued.						Consoli- DATED IN	46 V. c. 18.		
Conti	nuea.					1		Sec.	Sub-s
Sec.	Sub-s.		Sec.	Sub-s.	Sec.	Sub-s.			
			346	1	390			411	
333	1		347	1	391			412	
334			348		392			413	1
335				1	393		1	414	1
336			349 350	1	11	(Including 29-30 V.	1415	
337	,		351		394	1	c. 51, ss. 218, 219.	1 7 7 7 7	
338			352		395	l`	1	1 416	1
339			359	1	396	1		417	
340			360		397			418	1
341			361		398			419	1
342			362		399			420	
343			363	i	400	1		421	
344			364	1	401	1		422	
345			365		402		{	423	
346			366	1	403			424	1
347			367		404			425	
348	1		368	i	405	1		426	
349		Deported and non		1	406	1		427	
	1 (Repealed and new		1	407	1		428	
350	i <	section substit'd	>369	1	408	1		429	
000	1	in session of 46			409		1	430	
	1	V., now Repealed and new			410			432	
	1 (411	1		433	
351	1≺	section substit'd in session of 46	370		412	1		434	
		V now	1)	i	413				
0.50	1 '	V., now	371	1	414			. 430	
352			372		415			437	1
353		1	373		416			. 438	
354	1		374		417			. 439	
355			375		418			. 440	
356			. 376		419			. 441	
357	1	Repealed and nev			420			. 442	
	1	ll contion substitu	1 1 000		421			. 44.	
358	<	by 44 V. c. 24, 8	\ \>377		422			. 414	
		8, now	`()		423			. 44.	
359	. 1	0, 110 11	. 379		424			. 440	
360			. 380)	4 25			. 44	
361			381		420			441	
362			. 382	2	427			45	
363				3	428			1 45	
364					429			45	
36			. 383	5	430			45	
360			. 38		433			45	
367		1	. 1 387		43			45	
368			.1 388		433			45	
369			. 38		43	1		45	
370			. 39		43	0		45	
37			.; 39		43		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	46	o !
373	2		. 39		43			46	
37	3		. 39	3	43	8 1	(Repealed and ne		-
37			39		- 11	1	Repeated and he	1	2
37			. 39		ll .	2	sub-s. substitute by 44 V. c. 24,	a > · ·	-
37			. 39		11	i	10, now	···)	
37	7		39		40	0	10, 1101	46	2
37			. 39		43			40	
37			. 39					. 40	
38			. 40		i 44			. 40	
38			40		44		1	. 46	
38			40					. 41	
38			. 40		44			. 46	
38			. 40		44			. 47	
38			40		44		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	47	
38			. 40		44			47	75
38			40		44	0	Including 29-30	(7 Y	
38			\ 40	8	44	9	c. 51, s. 409.	1 4	76
		(Repealed and ne	w)		13	i	(C. OI, B. 400.	. 47	77
60	0	s. substituted, I	PY \ √∧1	0	45	į	Including 20-30	(7)	1
38	J	1 45 V. c. 23, s.	3, (11		45	i I	c. 51, ss. 414, 41	5 }4	79

R. S.

Sec

	O. c. 174, Consoli- ntinued. DATED IN 46 V. (6 V. c. 18. R. S. O. c. 174, Continued.		Consoli- dated in	46 V.	c. 18.		
Sec.	Sub-s.		Sec.	Sub-s.	Sec.	Sub-s.		Sec.	Sub-
452			489		461	33		400	-
453			481		401	34		490	$ \frac{36}{37} $
454	i		482	1.		35			38
- 1		See 42 W o 21 - 15		1	462			491	
	$\frac{2}{3}$	See 43 V. c. 31, s. 15		3	463 464			492	
	1 4			9	465			$\frac{493}{495}$	
	5			10	100	1		490	1 1
	a			а		$\bar{2}$			$\frac{1}{2}$
	6			, c		(Repealed and new)	-
	7			11		3 3	sub-s. substituted by 43 V. c. 24, s.		3
	8			$\frac{12}{13}$			13, now	("
	9			14	ĺ	4	15, now	,	i.
	10			15	1	5			4 5
	11			17	1	6			6
1	$\frac{12}{13}$			18		7 8			8
	14			19 20		8			8
	15			21		10			9
	16			22	466	10		496	10
	17			23		1		400	1
455	18		40=	24	1	2 3		503	1 1 2 3 4 5 7 8
456			$\frac{485}{486}$		i	3			2
457			487	1	i	4 5			3
458			488		İ	6			4
459			489		1	1 7			9 7
460	ļ ∫	Amended by 42 V.	1			8			8
400	1	c. 31, s. 19, sub-	\ 482		ì	9			9
	1	sec. 1.	,	4		10			10
-	2 3	*****		5	i	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			11
	3			6		13			13 12
461	4			7		14		496	3
401	i	•••••	490		i	(Repealed and new)	"
1	2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		$\frac{1}{2}$	i	15	sub-s. substituted	} {	4
1	$\frac{2}{3}$			3	ĺ	1 1	by 44 V. c. 24, s. 11, now	1	5
	4			4	!	16	11, now	,	6
	5 6 7 8			5	i	17			
j	7			7	!	18			8
6	8	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		$\begin{vmatrix} 8 \\ 9 \end{vmatrix}$		19			9
	9			11		$\frac{20}{21}$	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		10
	10			12		22			$\frac{11}{12}$
1	11			13		23			13
	12 13			14		23 24 25			14
	14			15 18		120	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		15
	15			19		$\frac{26}{27}$	•• •••••		16
	16			20		128			17 18
1	17	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		21		29			19
	18 19			22		30			20
	20			$\begin{vmatrix} 10 \\ 23 \end{vmatrix}$		31			$\overline{21}$
i	21			24			Repealed and new)	1
	22			25		32 {	sub-s. substituted by 44 V. c. 24, s.	>	22
	23			26			13, now)	
	24			27		33			23
I	25 26			28		34			24
	27			29 30		35			25
	28			31		36 37			26
	29			32	i	38			27
				192 1	(
	30 31			33 34 35		39 40			28 29

R. S. O.		Consoli- dated in	46 V.	c. 18.		. c. 174, nued.	DATED IN	46 V.	C. 18.
468 469 470 471 472 473 474 476 477	54		\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Sub-s. 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 45 6 7 9 10 11 11 11 12 13 14 14 14 15 16 17 18 18 18 19 14 14 19 14 19 14 14 15 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Sec. 493 494 495 496 497 498 500 501 502 503 504 505 506 507 508 509 511 511 511 511 511 511 511 511 511 511 511 511 511 511 515 525	Sub-s. Sub-s.	CONSOLI-DATED IN	Sec. 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 541 544 544 546 547 555 555 555 555 555 555 555 555 555	1 3 4 6 7 5 8 9 9 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 8 9 10 11 22 33 4 5 6 7 8 8 9 10 11 22 33 4 5 6 7 8 8 9 10 11 22 33 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 22 33 4 7 8 7 8 9 10 11 22 33 4 7 8 7 8 9 10 11 22 33 4 7 8 7 8 9 10 11 22 33 4 7 8 7 8 9 10 11 22 33 4 7 8 7 8 9 10 11 22 33 4 7 8 7 8 9 10 11 22 33 4 7 8 7 8 9 10 11 22 33 11 22 33 11 22 33
469 470 471 472 473 474 476	15 16 6 7 8 9 0 0 11 12 13 14 15 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Amended by 46 V c. 21, s. 14. Repealed and ne section substited 43 V. c. 2 s. 16, now Including 29-30 c. 51, s. 355, su	50 50 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51	5 6 77 88 00 13 14 12	51 51 51 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 55 55 55	7 8 9		55 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56	9 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 69 70
48 48 41 41 41 41	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix}$	Including C. S. c. 85, ss. 1, 3.	;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	522 524 525 526 527 528 531 532		530 531	Repealed and sec. substit'd 4 c. 31, s. 27, nc Repealed and sub-s, substiti in session of V., now	new 2 V. how new uted	571 15 572 1 573 1

532 2 574 1 589 590 534 534 575 577 590 591 59	R. S. C). c. 174, inued.	Consoli- dated in	46 V	46 V. c. 18. R. S. O. c. Continu			Consoli- DATED IN	46 V	. c. 18.
5343 575 1 550	Sec.	Sub-s.		Sec.	Sub-s.	Sec.	Sub-s.		Sec.	Sub-s
5343 575 1 550	539	2		574	1	200				-
534		-			1			*********	659	i
Signature	534							***************************************	660	
$ \begin{array}{c} 536 \\ 538 \\ \hline 538 \\ \hline 538 \\ \hline \\ 540 \\ \hline \\ 541 \\ \hline \\ 540 \\ \hline \\ 541 \\ \hline \\ 542 \\ \hline \\ 542 \\ \hline \\ 543 \\ \hline \\ 542 \\ \hline \\ 543 \\ \hline \\ 544 \\ \hline \\ 543 \\ \hline \\ 544 \\ \hline \\ 544 \\ \hline \\ 548 \\ \hline \\ 546 \\ \hline \\ 547 \\ \hline \\ 548 \\ \hline \\ 550 \\ \hline \\ 550 \\ \hline \\ \\ 550 \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $									661	
$ \begin{array}{c} 537 \\ 538 \\ \hline \\ 538 \\ \hline \\ 538 \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ 538 \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ 538 \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \hline \\$				578					662 663	1
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548 594 549 595 549 596 550 597 551 612 1 2 3 6 552 Part 8 41 V. c. 8. 4 c 19 553 Effete. 554 3 555 40 44 41 V. c. 8. 41 V. c. 9. 8cc. 553 625 554 625 555 625 556 625 557 625 560 629 561 636 562 632 563 633 564 634 565 635 566 635 567 637 570 640 571 641 572 642 573 643 576 645						i				L
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552 Part 78 4 t V. c. 8. 553 Effete. 3 4 t V. c. 8. 554 355 556 406 44 555 496 44 41 V. c. 9. 558 626 625 550 628 628 560 629 628 561 630 631 562 632 633 563 633 633 564 634 634 565 635 635 566 636 638 567 637 641 570 641 42 V. c. 24 571 641 642 573 643 7 2 576 646 647 42 V. c. 31 577 647 648 648 579 649 2 1 581 650 651		2			2	l .			100	
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	c. 31, nued.	Consoli- DATED IN	46 V. c. 18. 43		43 V.	c. 25.	CONSOLI- DATED IN	46 V.	46 V. c. 18.	
Sec.	Sub-s.		Sec.	Sub-s.	Sec.	Sub-s.		Sec.	Sub-	
11			342	6 d	1		Effete.			
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14			414		3		44		1	
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12			470		7			347		
13			495	3	8	3		. 377		
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	c. 24, inued.	Consoli- dated in	46 V. c. 18.		45 V. c. 24.		Consoli- DATED IN	46 V. c. 18.	
Sec.	Sub-s		Sec.	Sub-s.	Sec.	Sub-s.		Sec.	Sub-
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34			336 408	l il	9		Amondod bes 40 Tr	499	0
35	{	Effete, see 46 V. c. 17, s. 3.	3 502	i	10	···· {	Amended by 46 V. c. 17, s. 2.	} 500	
j	(17, s. 3.	5002		11	<u> </u>	**** **********************************	501	
14 V.	c. 25.					c. 25.	**** *****	496	2
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11	••••		24		45 V.	c. 26.			İ
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15 V.	c. 21.		j 482	16	6		***************************************	585	
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5 V.	c. 23.			- 11	14			607	
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	• • • • •		410		19		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	586	
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15		*****	627 311				Amonda D. C. C.	,	
16			378			11	Amends R. S. O. c. 174, ss. 470, 471.	507	
17			(322	1	14	1 1	Repeals R. S. O. c.		
17			1	3]	174, s. 467 (13).	(i	
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NEW SECTIONS INTRODUCED IN THE SESSION OF 46 VICTORIA.

Section.	Sub-section.	Section.	Sub-section.
16 23 73		573	
23	- 11	580	
73		582	2 3
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162	3	588	4
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	6	613	
	7	614	1
	8 11	615	
163		616	
164		617	
272	2	622	2
321	1	623	
369		668	
370			

See also 46 V. c. 17, and 46 V. c. 21, page 261.

A

AL

AL

Ay

AN

AN

INDEX.

ABSENCE-	PAG
See Municipal Officers and Elections.	LAG
ACCOUNTS-	
See Finance	. 11
ACTION—	
For damages caused by neglect to keep roads in repair	. 188 . 188 . 193
ADJOURNMENT-	
Of meeting of Municipal Council	. 76
AGENTS-	•
See Elections. Voting on by-laws—to be appointed by head of Municipality. Declaration by—form of. To produce authority before admission to polling place. Provision for absence of May vote where engaged as Certificate to entitle same.	. 94 . 94 . 94
AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATIONS—	
By-laws for granting aid to	149
Aldermen—	
Three for each ward Property qualification of May resign—when Declaration of qualification of of office of before whom to be made May administer oaths and declarations Penalty for refusing to accept office or make the necessary declarations To be a Justice of the Peace ex officio. After having taken declaration as Alderman no other qualification required	27 63 85 86 87 87 87
ALGOMA, MUSKOKA, PARRY SOUND, NIPISSING AND THUNDER BAY— Act respecting, not affected	240
LLMSHOUSES— By-laws for establishing and regulating	179
MHERSTBURG—	
Act respecting, not affected	239
MUSEMENT (Places of)— By-laws for regulating and licensing	
NIMALS—	.01
By-laws for preventing cruelty to	1.00

Annexation-	AGIS
Of Villages and Towns to adjacent Villages, Towns or Cities—when and how.	11
Anticipatory Appropriation—	
Provisions respecting	116
Arbitrations—	
Appointment of Arbitra'ors.	
In writing, under hands of appointers	121
By-law To be appointed by the Council	121
or the head thereof if anthorized By-law	121
Notice of appointment to be given to the head of the Corporation	121
Either party may appoint. The arbitrators to appoint a third	121
When more than two Municipalities interested	199
Lieutenant-Governor in Council may appoint, in case of neglect to appoint	122
When real property is taken or injured	122
(1) When owner appoints an arbitrator	122
In case several persons have distinct interests in the property	123
In default County Judge may appoint an arbitrator in certain cases Award to be made within one month after appointment of third arbitrator	123
Award to be made within one month after appointment of third arbitrator	123
Corroration officers disqualified from acting as arbitrators	123
Procedure.	
Arbitrators to be sworn	
Form of oath	124
may adjourn from time to time	124
Award to be made in writing	124
One copy to be filed with Clerk	124
Costs in discretion of arbitrators	124
may be taxed and revised	124
A majority to decide Notes of evidence to be taken—when	124
To be filed with Clerk together with documents	125
If arbitrators act on their own knowledge or skill, they are to state same	125
Award to be adopted by by-law in certain cases	125
To be subject to jurisdiction of High Court of Justice	125 195
Powers of the Court	125
Powers of the Court	125
Arbitrators—	
Persons disqualified to act as	123
Area—	
Of new Towns and Villages	6
Enlargement of—	
Towns and Villages Cities and Towns	6 11
Mode of reckoning	6
Reducing area of existing Villages and Towns—when and how made	8
Arrest-	
Without warrant for alleged breach of the peace	138
ARTS' ASSOCIATIONS—	
By-laws for granting aid to	149

В

В

B

BA

BA

1

6

1

25 25

25

23

6

8

8

	PAGE
By-laws for preventing and regulating	161
Bays— By-laws respecting	140
	140
Beacons— By-laws respecting	149
Begging— By-laws for preventing	167
Bells— By-laws respecting ringing of	167
BILLIARD TABLES— By-laws for licensing and regulating	. 156
BILLS OF MORTALITY— By-laws for keeping and returning	168 168
Birds— . By-laws for preventing the destruction of	158
Blasphemy— By-laws for preventing	161
Board of Audit— Appointment of members of	182
Board of Assessors— See Municipal Officers.	
Boilers— By-laws for regulating	. 169
Bonuses— See Manufactories and Railways.	
Booms—	
By-laws for protecting and regulating	182
Boundames— By-laws for ascertaining and establishing	. 161 . 189
Bowling Alleys— By-laws for regulating and licensing	161
Bread—	
By-laws respecting	178
Bribery— See Corrupt Practices.	
Bridge Companies— By-laws for granting pri Peges to	. 195
Bridges— By-laws respecting	. 150

3E

61

18

19

67

68

i1

69

89

31

95

By		AGE
	Who may vote on By-laws	96
	Freeholders	96
	In ease of new Municipality	96 97
	Leaseholders	96
	For local improvements under section 620	97
	Form of oath of	99
	Form of oath of In ease of new Municipality	97
	Form of oath of	98
	Unmarried women and widows may vote if qualified	97 99
	No enquiries to be made of voter except as to facts specified in oath	99
	What it shall contain	99
	Objections to ballots	99
	To be noted and numbered	99
	Duties of Deputy Returning Officer after votes are counted	100
	Deputy Returning Officer to—	100
	Certify on voters' list number of persons who have voted	100
	Give certificates of state of poll	100
	Return ballot box to Clerk	100
	Clerk to east up votes—and deelare the result To certify the result to the Council	101
	To certify the result to the Council	101
	Clerk or other officer not to have easting vote—when	101
	By-laws which require the assent of two-fifths of ratepayers—what	101
	Clerk to certify respecting. Disputes may be determined by County Judge.	101
	Who may petition the Judge	101
	Secrecy of Proceedings.	
	To be maintained at the polling	101
	Voters not to be interfered with	101
	No information to be given as to how any one voted	100
	Voters not to be induced to disclose how they voted	102
	Penalty for contravention	-102
	Declaration of secreev	16.
	Before whom to be made	192
	Form of	1.02
	Scrutiny.	
	May be obtained on petition to the County Judge	109
	Security required	102
	Time and place for to be appointed	100
	Notice to be given Clerk to attend with ballot papers	102
	Clerk to attend with ballot papers	103
	Proceedings upon	103
	Judge to have same powers as upon the trial of validity of a 500 leiphi salec-	103
	Costs in discretion of Judge	-103
	Council shall not pass the by-law until after the petition is disposed of	-103
	shall pass by-law to which the electors have assented, within six weeks.	103
	Confirmation of By-laws.	
	Promulgation of, to be by publication in the public press	103
	Notice to be appended	104
	Form of notice	. IC:
	To be valid if no application be made to quash it, within three months from third publication	104
	unita publication	104

	40.
By-Laws—Continued.	Pag
Quashing By-laws.	
Proceedings to quash by-law Who may apply What applicant must show Copy of by-law to be produced. Four days' notice of the rule to quash required To be made within one year. Except by-laws requiring the assent of the electors which has not been obtained, which may be made at any time. To be made within three months from promulgation of by-law imposing a rate. Obtained by bribery, etc. Enquiry may be directed to be made before the County Judge Witnesses to be examined orally on eath Evidence taken before County Judge to be returned to the High Court of Justice Proceedings thereon Costs in discretion of Judge. Proceedings under the by-law to be stayed after service of a copy of order directing the enquiry. Stay of proceedings may be removed—when. Action for illegality to be brought against Corporation alone Not to be brought until after by-law has been quashed And one month's notice of action required Tender of amends Costs	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
Tender of amends	100
Costs	100
By-laws Creating Debts. Council may pass by-laws for borrowing money and levying rates for payment	
Terms of— To name a day in the financial year when it is to take effect. Except for creating a debt for burchase of public works. To be repayable in twenty years at furthest. If the debt be for gas or water-works to be repayable in thirty years at furthest. The yearly rate. Interest not to exceed are per eent, per annum, to be capitalizedyearly. The special rate to be levied annually on all the ratable property. If for Local Improvements on all property ratable under the By-law. What by-law shall recite (unless for work payable by local assessment)— Amount and object of debt. Amount (if any) in arrear. Not necessary to recite the debt secured by local assessment in by-law for borrow ag on credit of Municipality at large. What by-law for work payable by local assessment shall recite, amount and object of debt. Amount to be raised annually. Value of the ratable property. That the debt is greated on search to fall the debt secured by local assessment and the ratable property.	107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107
What the by-law shall recite Special rates to be a charge on property. Collectable as ordinary taxes	108 108 108
Must receive assent of electors. Exceptions— For drainage under section 570. For work payable by local assessment.	109

By-Laws—Continued.	AGE
Exceptions— In Counties not exceeding \$20,000 in any one year	109
For erection of Court House and offices by County and City united for	109
By County Council— For extraordinary expenditure not exceeding \$20,000 in any one year Special meeting to be called	109
Form of notice	109
Council shall not apply to any other purpose moneys directed to be applied for	110
payment of the debt No Municipal Officer to neglect to carry out By-law on ground of its repeal by an illegal by law Municipal Councils may purchase public works	110 110
And contract debts to Her Majesty though no special or annual rate	110
Council may pass By-law to impose special rate for payment	111 111 111
Registration of.	
What By-laws shall be registered By whom to be registered. Within two weeks of the final passing Application to set aside registration To be within three months from registration	$\begin{array}{c} 111 \\ 111 \end{array}$
Certificate of lispendens to be registered within such three months	$\frac{111}{112}$
By-law to be valid after three months from registration unless quashed Certificate of dismissal may be registered	$\frac{111}{113}$
Publication of notice of passing	$\frac{112}{112}$
not required	112 113
Respecting yearly rates.	
Council shall levy each year a sufficient sum to pay all valid debts of the Corporation falling due within the year	
To be levied on all ratable property	113 113
the year Provisions of any special Act not affected. Mode of calculating the rates	$\frac{113}{114}$ $\frac{114}{114}$
Annual estimates to be made	$\frac{114}{114}$
When amount collected exceeds the amount required	$\frac{114}{114}$
Priority of debentures How rates for paying them to be calculated To be applied solely to the payment issued under the same by-law	115 115
Manufactories may be exempted from taxation, when	$\frac{115}{115}$
The rate imposed by a by-law may be reduced, when	115

.GE .09

.11 .11 .11 .11 .11 .12 .11 .11 .11 .13 .12 .12

		_,
31	Y-LAWS—Continued.	Pagi
	Anticipatory Appropriations.	
	Council may make anticipatory appropriation for the next ensuing year Manner in which the same may be don What the by-law shall recite Not to be valid unless approved by After the dissolution of a union the Junior Municipality Municipality may make, in aid o	. 116 . 116 . 117
	Offences Against.	
	By whom may be tried 129 Recovery of penalties Witnesses in prosecutions under who competent and consolidations.	. 130
	dence May be compelled to attend. Form of conviction Compliance with may be compelled in a summary manner in certain cases	
	(1) OF MUNICIPAL COUNCILS,	
	Agricultural Associations.	
	For granting aid to	149
	Almshouses,	
	For establishing and regulating	179
	Animals. For preventing cruelty to For restraining and regulating the running at large of	158 162
	Arts Associations	
	For granting aid to	149
	Ashes. For regulating the removal and keeping of	1.00
	Auctioneers. For regulating and licensing	164
	Arenues.	
	For acquiring property for	187
	Bathing.	201
	For preventing and regulating	1.61
		101
	For preventing the fouling of, etc.	1.10
	For removing obstructions to For maintaining, etc.	148 148 149
		11.7
	Beacens. For granting aid for construction of	149
	Assent of electors required	$\frac{149}{149}$
	Begging.	
	For preventing begging	167
	Billiard and Bagate! Tables,	
	For licensing and regulating	156

By-Laws-Continued.	OF
Bills of Mortality.	00
For keeping and returning	.68
Birds.	
For preventing the destruction of	.58
Blasphemy.	
For preventing	161
Boilers.	
For regulating	169
Booms.	
For protecting and regulating	182
Boundaries.	
For ascertaining and establishing	161
Bowling Alleys.	
For regulating and licensing	161
Bridge Companies.	
For granting aid to, by taking stock in, lending money to, or granting bonuses to	TOO
For granting privileges to	10
Bridges.	1 = 0
For regulating the driving on	197 199 200
Bread.	
For seizing and forfeiting, when of light weight For regulating the assize of For seizing bread made contrary to by-laws.	1.4 (7
Buildings.	
For erecting and disposing of	
Burning Stumps, etc.	
For regulating	159
Cabs,	
For regulating and licensing. 181	, 181 , 182
Cab Stands.	
For assigning stands for cabs, etc. For creeting covered booths.	$\frac{172}{172}$

By-Laws—Continued.	Pagi
Canada Thistles, For preventing growth of	
Carriages	
For regulating and licensing	181, 18:
Cattle,	
For preventing or regulating the keeping of	1.41
Cellars.	104
For regulating the construction of	171
For requiring levels of, to be furnished to Conneil. For regulating the construction of For cleaning of	
Cemeteries.	
For acquiring property for Provisions respecting	157
For selling or longing mati	157
For preventing the violation of	157
Census.	
For taking a census of the inhabitants	45
The state of the s	150
For granting aid to	170 180
<i>d</i>	100. 179
Chimneys.	1.24
(P. 40.1)	169
For regulating and licensing	174
(7.11)	
For supporting students at	14:5
For supporting students at	165
For preventing or regulating	167
For erecting and maintaining	
For erecting and maintaining	149
Dangerons Places.	
For making regulations respecting	194
Dehentures	
For guaranteeing by County. See Debentures.	182, 200
1)	
For erecting and maintaining	140
\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.	
For compelling the removal of	
For suppressing . Disorderly Houses.	101
Disorderly Persons,	101
For restraining and punishing	4-14
	161
For preventing or regulating.	4.45
18	

 $\frac{172}{172}$

INDEX.

Aws—Continued. Docks,	PAGE
Docks.	148
For preventing incumbering of	148
For removing of obstructions to	1.40
or removing of obstructions to or maintaining	149
regulating	149
r granting and to	149
Assent of electors required	149
or maintaining or regulating or granting aid to Assent of electors required Security may be taken	
Dogs.	158
For regulating and taxing	158
Doors.	
or regulating the size and number of, in Public Buildings	151
Drains and Drainage.	
or preventing the injuring and fouling of	148
or removing obstructions to or opening, making, etc.	15
or opening, making, etc. or opening, making, etc., across railway lands	17
or making regulations respecting	17:
or charging rent for Manicipality for	17:
or borrowing money for	18
See Local Improvements.	
Driving.	15
Driving. For regulating	16
Electors.	10
For disqualifying for non-payment of taxes	15
Elevators.	1.1
For creeting and maintaining	, , 14
Engineers. For appointing	16
For appointing	
Exhibitions.	150 16
For regulating and licensing.	15
For imposing fines for mfringing	15
For regulating and licensing. For imposing fines for infringing. Where and when licenses not to be granted	17
For acquiring lands for	17
Where and when licenses not to be granted. For acquiring lands for . For selling same, when no longer required For erecting buildings and managing .	17
Fairs. For authorizing the holding of	4.
For authorizing the holding of	10
For endowment of	16
Fences.	13
For regulating the height, etc., of	13
For protecting animals from barbed wire rences	1
For regulating the height, etc., if For protecting animals from barbed wire fences For regulating the construction of	
For regulating and licensing.	. 1
II a alating and licensing	

PAGE

. 148 . 148 . 149 . 149 . 149 . 149

. 158 . 158

. 151

. 148 . 148 . 151 . 151 . 171 . 172 . 172 . 172

.. 150 .. 168

. 156

.. 149

59, 161 ... 159 ... 159 ... 179 ... 179 ... 179

.. 165

... 165

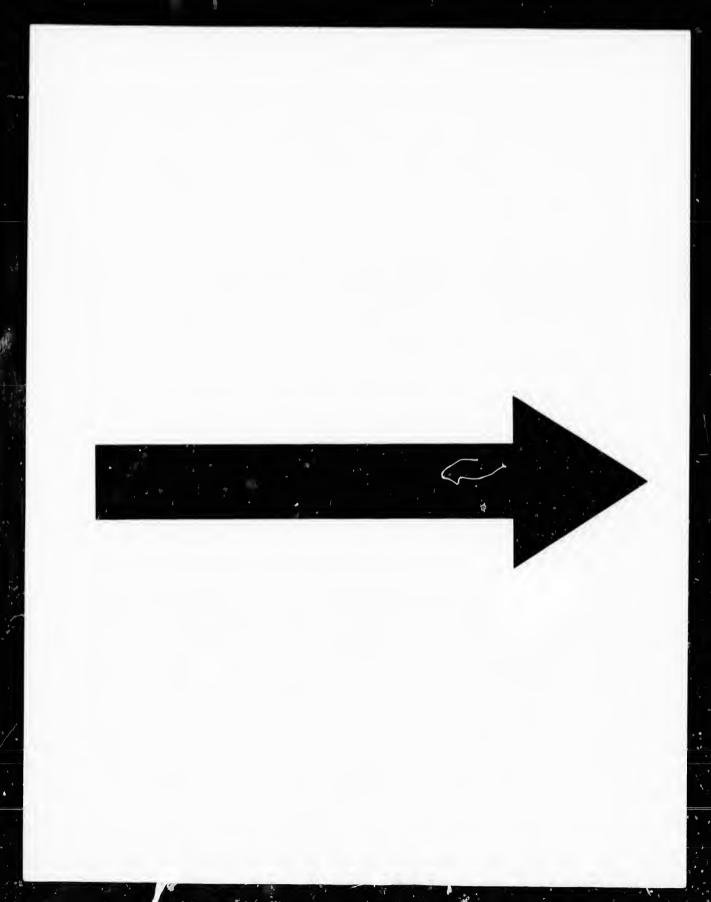
... 158 ... 158 ... 179

... 164

21	0
By-Laws—Continued.	172
Filth.	
For preventing the throwing of, into streets 15	9
Fines and Penalties,	
For inflicting, not exceeding fifty dollars, for — (a) neglect of duty or refusal to accept office 15 (b) breach of by-laws 15 For collecting penalties and costs by distress 15 For imprisonment in default of payment and distress 15 Not longer than twenty-one days 15 Except for breach of City By-laws 15 6 for keeping house of ill-fame 15	1 2
	2
Fire. For renting fire appliances For regulating the burning of stumps	9 9 9 0
Fire-arms and Fire-works. For preventing the firing of	
	3
Fire Companies. For establishing and regulating) }
Footpaths.	
For setting aside portion of highway for	
For establishing Free Libraries, 173	
For suppressing	
Gardens.	
For acquiring property for and managing	
Gas and Gas Works,	
For permitting the laying down of gas pipes, etc. 160 For aiding Gas Companies 160 Assent of electors required 160 Head of Corporation to be a Director in certain cases 160 For preventing or regulating gas works 167 For constructing gas works and levying an annual special rate for payment, 180 Assent of electors required 180 Estimates, etc., to be published 180 By-law to be passed within three months 180 If rejected no other to be submitted within the year 180	
Gravel,	
For preserving or selling on road allowances	
Francisco de la Contraction de	
For preventing violation of	

By LAWS-Continued.	AGE
Harbours.	
	148
For removal of obstructions	1.40
For maintaining	149
For preventing encumbering of, etc. For removal of obstructions. For maintaining For regulating For granting aid to.	149
For granting aid to	149
For granting and to. Assent of electors required Security may be taken	149
For regulating vessels arriving in	149
For regulating harbour dues	150
For regulating vessels arriving in For regulating harbour dues. For granting aid to – by taking stock in, lending money, or granting bonnses to	Tim
Harkers. For regulating and licensing	1454
For regulating and licensing	TOA
For providing for	
For providing for	168
115ab Schunts	
For acquiring property for and aiding	. 165
For supporting pupils at	165
Highways.	150
For regulating the driving and riding on	151
For opening and making, etc., across railway lands	. 101
See Highways.	
Horses,	
For regulating the riding and driving of	. 150
For regulating and licensing	, 105
the state of the s	
For granting aid to	. 149
Houses.	
For numbering	. 170
Houses of Ill-fame. For suppressing	161
For suppressing	
Hydrants.	153
For renting	1.717
Importaning Travellers.	
For preventing	168
Indigent Persons. For granting aid to	
Inargent resums	150
Industrial Farms.	
For acquiring property for	179
For selling same when no longer required For erecting buildings and managing	110
Intelligence Offices.	
For licensing, regulating, or prohibiting	178
Laterments.	168
$Intoxicating\ Drinks.$	
For preventing sale of, to children, etc	160

	INDEX.	277
Page	By-Laws-Continued,	PAGE
LAUS	Insuration of Property	
148	For providing for	. 173
		1 110
	Inspectors of House of Industry.	
	For appointing	. 163
149	Insulting Language.	
149	For preventing use of	141
149		. 101
149	Junk Stores,	
	For licensing and regulating	. 166
ng bonuses to. 150	Ludders.	
	For compelling the erection of	
	tor competing the erection of	. 169
	Landmarks,	
	For erecting, to mark concessions, etc	1459
168		102
	Lands,	
	For acquiring, in another Municipality for the purposes of drainage, etc	179
165	FOR acquiring, for exhibition purposes	1 (-1)
	ror industrial farms, parks, gardens, etc	170
	For acquiring, for obcuing roads, etc	104
250	For acquiring, for opening roads on railway lands, etc	. 194
	Lights,	
151	For protecting or model in the	
	For preventing or regulating the use of	. 169
	Livery Stables,	
	For regulating and licensing	
	1 of Toganiting and needsing	, 182
181, 182	Local Improvements.	
	See Local Improvements,	
	Nr. do. i	
	Manufactories.	
	For granting aid by way of bonus to	. 149
170	Assent of electors required	. 150
	Shareholder in company or person interested in not to vote	. 150
161	For preventing or regulating	. 150
	For preventing or regulating dangerous manufactures	107
	The second secon	. 103
	Markets.	
	Market regulations may be made and fees imposed, subject to certain re	_
168	strictions	2 1 12 / 1
100	rorestablishing and regulating	1 17 ()
	to regulating the sale by retail of articles in the public stroots	1 177
150	1 Of fernialing the buying and selling of animals produce most etc	1 (49 (49
	r or preventing forestating	1 (7)7
	For regulating hucksters	. 177
179	For regulating the mode of measuring and weighing of certain articles For imposing penalties for light weight, etc	. 177
	For regulating the vehicles, vessels, etc., used in the market	. 177
179	For selling meat distrained for rent of stalls.	178
	For regulating the assize of bread	150
	For preventing use of deleterious materials in bread	179
178	For seizing bread made contrary to by-law	178
168	Merhanics' Institutes,	
100	For granting aid to.	. 149
	Medals,	
160	For giving to persons distinguishing themselves at fires	100
	or the persons disting violation at most incomment	103



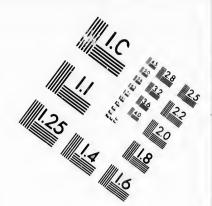
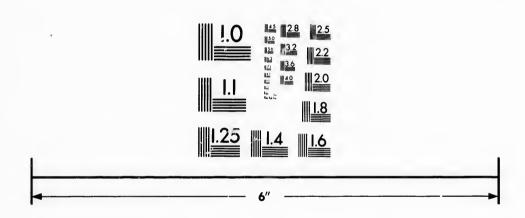


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F

By-LA	ws-Continued. P.	AGE
F	or restraining and punishing	161
	Monuments.	
F	or erecting, to mark concessions, etc	162
_	or preventing	167
F.	or preventing	101
F	Nuisances.	167
To R	o provide forecord of numbers to be kept	170 171
	Officers.	1 (0
	or appointing municipal officers	
F	Omnibuses	182
	() 1 m	
F	or removing of	152
F	or planting and preserving of	153
N	ot to be cut down by any one without permission of the Council	160
F	or preventing the destroying of	1
	or regulating	169
F		
F	Party Walls. or regulating the erection of	169
	Pedlars.	
F	Pedlars. or regulating and licensing	164
	Piggeries. or preventing or regulating	167
F		101
	Police.	170
Fo	or establishing, regulating and maintaining	179
	Polling Subdivisions.	
F	or dividing Municipality into And establishing polling places	$\frac{156}{156}$
	Poor Persons.	
F	or granting aid to	150
	Pounds.	100
F		102
	Privy Vaults.	167
F.	or preventing or regulating	171 171
r	Property.	
	Maining for use of Corporation	148
973	or selling	1.40

Br	-Laws—Continued.	AGE
	For cemeteries For preventing the destroying of. For acquiring for exhibitions, parks, etc. For selling when no longer required By Township for acquiring or renting a Town Hall For avenues and sidewalks and increasing width of roads	160 179 179 184
	Public Fairs. For authorizing the holding of	165
	For preventing	
	For preventing150,	161
	Railways.	
	For aiding—by subscribing for stock in, or lending money to, or guarantecing payment of money by For guaranteeing payment of debentures by. For levying a rate for payment For issuing debentures in aid of For granting bonuses to. For issuing debentures to meet bonuses. Form of debentures Assent of electors necessary. For authorizing building of railways or trainways on Municipal property	230 231 231
	Reservoirs. For establishing	167
	Rewards.	
	For offering, for the apprehension of criminals For offering, for the conviction of persons guilty of horse stealing For granting, to persons distinguishing themselves at fires	163
	Riding.	
	For regulating For preventing riding on cars, etc., by children	$\frac{150}{173}$
	Rivers.	
	For preventing the fouling of For preventing the obstructing of For maintaining, etc.	148 148 149
	Road Companies. For granting privileges to	195
		1.70
	Roads. For aiding—by taking stock in, lending money or granting bonuses to Assent of electors required	150
	For preventing obstructions to. For acquiring property to widen. For opening or stopping up, and for taking lands therefor. For opening, etc., on railway lands. For searching for and taking materials for repairing.	170 187 194 194 195
	For selling certain road allowances. For aiding adjoining Municipalities to open and maintain. For granting aid to County for making new roads For stopping up and sale of road allowances by County Council	197 201 199 200 201
	By Township for aiding County or adjoining County in the making, etc., of For stopping up and selling original road allowances in Villages or hamlets When Village is in two Townships	201 202 203

F

F

Aws—Continued. Sand.	AG
For preserving or selling on road allowances	19
	10
Schools. For obtaining property for use of	15
or support of	15
or support of	16
Scuttles.	
For compelling the crection of	16
Sewers and Sewerage.	
For preventing fouling of	14
or removing obstructions to	15
or making regulations respecting	-17
For elarging rent for	17
For acquiring land in another Municipality for purposes of	17
Shows,	
Shows. For regulating and licensing	15
For imposing tines for infringing	15
	Ιί
Shore,	14
For preventing eneumbering of	14
For maintaining	14
Sidewalks.	
For preventing driving on	16
For removing snow, etc., from	17
Signs. For preventing the destroying of	10
-	
Sinks. For regulating construction of	15
	1.
Slaughter Houses, For preventing or regulating	16
	. 10
Slips. For preventing eneumbering of	1.
For removal of obstructions to	1
For maintaining	. 1
For granting aid to	. 1
Assent of electors required Security may be taken	. 1
Smoke.	•
For compelling the consumption of	
Show. For compelling the removal of	1
	. 1
Snow Fences.	
For requiring owners to take down fences, etc., according to "The Act respecting Snow Fences"	-
ing Snow Fenees	. 1
Snow Roads.	
For keeping open double tracks on	. 2

	EX	

INDEA.	201
Br-Laws—Continued.	PAGE
Stairs.	
For regulating the size and structure of, in public buildings	150
Statute Labour.	
For commuting	184
Stone.	
For preserving or sching on road allowances	
Stores. For regulating	169
Streams,	
For preventing and removing obstructions to For layying expense of clearing obstructions. For imposing penalties for obstructions.	185
Streets,	
For preventing the throwing of dirt, etc., into For cleaning of For preventing obstructions to For naming and changing names of By-law changing name to be registered For regulating the user of. For aiding adjoining municipality to open and maintain See Highways and Roads.	170 170 171
Surgeons of the Gaol.	
For appointing	163
Surveyor. For appointing one for Corporation.	180
Surveys. For providing for	161 162
Swearing.	161
Swine,	
For preventing or regulating the keeping of	165
	•
For seizing and destroying	167
Tanneries. For preventing or regulating	167
Taxes.	
For disqualifying electors for non-payment of	156
Telegraph Poles. For regulating the erection and maintaining of	172
Temperance.	
For enforcing the Temperance Acts	153
Tires.	
For regulating the width of	172, 182

By-L

Cabs-L B

Cabst B

DAWS—Contented.	PAGI
Timber.	
For preserving or selling on road allowances	19
Tolls.	
For raising money by, on bridges, roads, etc	194 195
Town Halls.	
By Township, for acquiring or renting in Town or Village	184 184 184
and the second s	
For authorizing building of	231
Transient Traders.	
For licensing and regulating	157
For removing of	152
For planting and preserving of	155
not to be cut down without permission of Council	100
For encouraging the planting of	100
for clearing highways of 200,	202
Unusual Noises.	
For preventing	167
Vacant Lots.	
For enclosing of	168 171
Vagrants.	
For restraining and punishing	161
Vehicles.	
For regulating and licensing 181,	182
For preventing	161
Victualling Houses. For limiting and regulating	150
For licensing	157
-	
Walks.	
For acquiring property for and managing	179
For selling when no longer required	170
For acquiring property for	10
Water and Water Companies.	
For preventing the fouling of	148
For preventing the obstruction of For maintaining, etc	148
For maintaining, etc	149
For the supply of	15
For permitting laying down pipes, etc	100
Assent of electors required	166
Head of Corporation to be a Director in certain cases	160
Water Courses,	
	150
For opening, making, etc	185
tot bronound oppirations to, occurrent minimum	100

	AGE
Water Works.	
For constructing and maintaining For constructing and levying annual special rate for payment Assent of electors required Estimates, etc., to be published To be passed within three months after poll.	180 180 180
If rejected, no other to be submitted within the current year	180
Not to affect provisions of any special Act	181
Weeds.	150
For preventing growth of	199
Wells. For establishing public wells	167
Wet Lands.	
For purchasing, draining and disposing of May raise money by loan for May apply unappropriated funds to Terms and conditions of sale Proceeds of sale	$152 \\ 152 \\ 152$
Wharves. For preventing encumbering of For removal of obstructions to. For maintaining For regulating For granting aid to. Assent of electors required Security may be taken	148 149 149 149 149
Wheels.	
For regulating the width of	172
Works.	400
For entering upon municipal works jointly with another Municipality	197
Yards. For cleaning, draining, etc	171
For eleaning, draining, etc	111
(2) OF POLICE COMMISSIONERS.	
Power to make For licensing cabs, etc How authenticated and proved May be enfored by penalties Recovery of same.	136 136 137
(3) REGULATIONS OF TRUSTEES OF POLICE VILLAGE.	
See Police Villages.	
Cabs—	
Licensing of	136 181 182
Cabstands— By-laws for assigning stands for cabs, etc	172

CANADA THISTLES-	
By-laws to prevent growth of 1	59
CANDIDATES—	
See Elections.	
Jarriages—	
Licensing of	36 82
CATTLE—	
By-laws for preventing or regulating the keeping of 1	67
Cellars-	
By-laws for requiring levels of, to be furnished to Council	171
CEMETERIES-	
By-laws for acquiring property for	157 158
Census-	
Of Town or Village may be taken under by-laws of Council	10 150
Certificates—	
Of compliance with regulations of Council	91
CHARCOAL— Regulations of Police Village respecting 2	238
Charities—	
By-laws for aiding	174
Charivaries-	100
By-laws for preventing	168
CHIEF CONSTABLE— May be appointed in Cities and Towns having Police Commissioners	137
CHILDREN—	
By-laws to prevent sale of intoxicating drinks to	$\frac{160}{172}$
CHIMNEYS—	
By-laws respecting	169
Cigars—	
Regulations of Police Village respecting smoking of	237
Circus Riding— By-laws respecting	159
Cities	
Liability of, for maintenance of Court House, etc	144 144 144

CLEI

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Cros

Con

CoL

Сом

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Cox

Con

Con

Cos

GE
35 35
19 46 46
177
42
165 165
120 121 121
155 195
137 140
168
134
65 65 65 65 65 66 66 66 66

Controverted Elections—Continued	PAGE
Returning or Deputy Returning Officer may be made a party	66
Judge nmy allow any person entitled to be a relator to intervene and defen	d. 67
Matter to be tried summarily without formal pleadings	
Production of documents may be required	67
Evidence may be viva voce or by attidavit	67
Except to prove a corrupt practice which is to be proved by riva rocc evidence	e. 71
Issues may be framed and tried	67
If election found invalid, person properly elected to be admitted	67
Or new election ordered	67
Defendant may disclaim, when and how	67
Form of disclaimer	
To be posted and registered	
Person elected may disclaim before election contested, how and effect of	
Form of disclaimer	
Costs of person disclaiming	
To operate as a resignation	68
Who is to be entitled to seat	68
Person disclaiming to deliver duplicate thereof to Clerk	68
Costs in discretion of Judge	68
Judgment to be final	68
Fristing rules to penalty in force partil regarded or altered	69 69
Existing rules to remain in force until rescinded or altered	
corrupt practices	
cortage proceeds	
Conviction—	
Form of	132
Under by-laws of Police Commissioners	137
Cordwood—	
Measurement of, may be regulated	177
Coroners—	
Appointment of, for new Counties	19
Corrupt Practices—	
What to be deemed	69
Giving or lending money to voters	69
Procuring office, place or employment for voters	69
Gifts, promises or agreements to influence voters	
Influencing or engaging to influence voters Advancing money for the purpose of bribery	
Voter receiving money for vote, or agreement to vote, before or during election	n. 70
After the election	
Hiring teams to convey voters to the polls	70
Undue influence defined	70
Expenses of candidates, what lawful	71
Viva voce evidence required to prove	71
Penalties for	71
Recovery of penalties	71
Juage to report to Clerk of Municipality, if candidate or persons convicted	DI 71
corrupt practices Entries to be made of same by Clerk of Municipality	
Witnesses not excused from answering on ground of self-crimination or priv	i- 12
lege in proceedings for	72
Limitation of actions	72
No penalty after prosecution of party jointly liable	72
Y Except principal offender	72
Except principal offender	y
Returning Officers	73

Costs-Of Qi. Of Of Of Of Of Counc Nu Pr Pr Νι Nu Pr Ma Do Pe Counci Se Counti COURT Co To Co Of Co Co

> Ma Cit Up Lia

Cor Aft

Lia

Costs—	PAGE
Of re-count, in discretion of Judge	
Taxation and recovery of	. 60
Quo warranto proceedings apon disclaimer	68
Generally in discretion of Judge	. 68
Generally in discretion of Judge Of commission to enquire respecting finances	121
Of arbitration	10.4
On prosecution for penalties, may be awarded	130
Of conveying prisoners to Gaol and Lock-up	145
Of surveys	162
Or local improvements, what shall be deemed to be	200
Councillors—	
In Towns.	
Number of, for each ward	25
Provision for reduction of the number by by-law	26
Provision for repealing such by-law	26
In Incorporated Villages,	
Number of	26
r., m.,	
In Townships, Number of	00
Property applification of	26
Property qualification of	27 63
Declaration of qualification	86
of office	86
before whom to be made	87
Penalty for refusal to accept office or make the necessary declarations	87
Council—	
See Municipal Council.	
Counties-	
See New Corporations.	
See Iven Corporations,	
Court House—	
County Council may pass by-laws for erecting, repairing, etc	130
To be provided with fuel, etc.	139
To be provided with fuel, etc	139
Of County, to be Court House for City or Town not separated from County	140
To continue so for City until City Council directs otherwise	140
Council of City may erect and maintain	140
County Conneil to have care of	142
To appoint keepers	142
Duties of keepers	142
To provide fuel, furniture, etc. To provide offices, etc., for the Courts	142
May be used by Maritime Court	142
City Council to have care of Court House belonging to City	142
Upon separation of Union of Counties, rules and regulations respecting to	140
continue and apply to Court House in Junior County	143
Liability of Cities and Towns for erection and maintenance of Court House	143
Differences may be referred to arbitration	143
Liability for furniture, Council not liable unless it has been ordered by it or	
authorized person	143
Corporation has insurable interest in	144
Liability of City to contribute to cost of	144
Differences may be referred to arbitration	144
City to have a voice in the selection of a site	144
Compensation for use of, by City of Town	
After five years Lieutenant-Governor in Council may order existing arrange-	
ments to cease, and new ones may then be made	144

COURT OF TENTION	AGE
Constitution and powers of, on appeal against assessment for local improvements When by-law for local improvements passed by County on application of	206
Minor Municipality To be held at County Town	$\frac{217}{217}$
Corporation— See Municipal Componation.	
Cow-Byres -	
By-laws for preventing or regulating	167
Charte	
By-laws respecting	149
Dangerous Places-	
By-laws for making regulations respecting	194
By-laws respecting interment of	168
	100
Dear Persons— By-laws for aiding and maintaining	150
	100
DEATH-	
See Elections and Municipal Officers.	
DEBENTURES-	
Those issued before first January, 1867, to have the priority which they had	
on that day	115
How to be calculated	115
To be applied solely to payment of debentures	HD
To be sealed with Common Seal	126
To be signed by head of Corporation and some other person anthorized by the by-law to sign	196
Duty of Treasurer respecting	126
Full amount recoverable though negotiated below par	126
Cortain debentures valid without Common Seal	126
Defects in form not fatal, Those on whica payments have been made for two years to be valid	120
Unless proceedings pending	127
For local improvements to be so stated on face of debenture	127
Provision for consolidation of	127
Transfer of— Notice with respect to ownership may be endorsed	127
Form of	128
Debeuture Registry Book to be kept	128
Cortificates of ownership to be entered	128
Also subsequent transfers. Written authority for entries required	128
After cortificate of ownership has been given, debentures transferred only	
by entry in Debenture Registry Book	128
Pr laws for guarantonius by County 182.	200
Debentures of one of United Counties for improvements in that County, how to be issued.	183
To bind that County as though it were a separate Municipality	-183
Under Leeal Improvement By-laws	204
Not invalid, though not strictly in accordance with by-law	210
For portions of local improvements to be paid for out of general funds For aiding Railways	281
Debts-	100
By-laws creating	1111)

DEFAUI DEPUTY Ele DEPUTY Dut See DERRICE By-Desecra Per DESTROY By 1 DIRECTIO

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To To

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See Dirt— By-1

Declarations-	PAGE
Of Office,	
To be made by elected candidate To be made by members of County Council before any business is transacted. Form of Before whom to be made Certificate thereof to be given To be made by Trustees of Police Village	1. 73 86 87
Of Qualifica' 2,	
To be made by elected candidate To be made by members of County Council before any business is transacted Form of Before whom to be made Certificate thereof to be given To be made by Trustees of Police Village	. 86
At Municipal Floations Of Secr. cy.	
At Municipal Elections Form of. At voting on by-laws Before whom to be made Form of. Of destruction of ballot papers. Of auditor. Before whom declaration may be made To be subscribed by declarant Person administering shall certify and subscribe same To be deposited with Municipal Clerk	61 102 102 102 57 86 87
DEFAULTERS' LISTS— See Elections,	
DEPUTY REEVE-	
Election of, in Incorporated Villages and Townships instead of Councillors	
when Remuneration of Declaration of qualification of office Before whom to be made May adm nister oaths and declarations Penalty for refusing to accept office, or to make the necessary declarations, or to administer oaths or declarations See Reeve.	. 26 . 74 . 86 . 86 . 87 . 87
DEPUTY RETURNING OFFICER—	
Duties of, on voting on by-laws	. 99
Derricks—	
By-laws respecting	. 149
Descration of the Sabbath— Persons convicted of, may be sent to Lock-up	. 145
Destroying Papers— By municipal officers, maliciously	
Directions for the Guidance of Voters— See By-Laws and Elections,	0.0
Dirt-	
By-laws for compelling the removal of	170

DISCLAIMER-	AGE
See Controverted Elections.	
DISORDERLY HOUSES— By-laws for suppressing	161
DISORDERLY PERSONS— May be committed to House of Correction By-laws for restraining and punishing	141 161
Disqualification— See Qualification.	
DISSOLUTION— An incorporated Village may become unincorporated, when and how	8, 9
DISTILLERIES— By-laws for preventing or regulating	167
Docks-	2 40
By-laws respecting Belonging to Dominion, not to be interfered with without consent of Dominion Government	191
DOCUMENTS— Used before arbitrators, to be filed with Clerk	125
Docs— By-laws for regulating and taxing of for killing those at large contrary to by-law	158 158
Dominion Lands— Not to be interferred with by Municipalities without consent of Dominion Government	191
Doors— By-laws respecting	151
Door Steps— By-laws for removal of, when obstructing streets, etc	148
Drains and Drainage— By-laws respecting	172 173 173 173
Driving	
By-laws for regulating for preventing on sidewalks	. 150 . 168
Drunkards	
May be sent to House of Correction	. 14
Drunkenness-	1.0
By-laws for preventing	. 16

DUMB B DUTIE

S S

ELECT

To The Transfer of the Ewith P

M C T M A A T P T N C E

T H A P H T O

T C In T N D M

Dumb Persons—	PAGE
By-laws for aiding and maintaining	150
Duties-	
Of Election Officers.	
Of Municipal Officers.	
See Municipal Officers.	
ELECTIONS. Of members of Municipal Council.	
To be held annually on first Monday in January Time of holding in case of newly erected corporations Place where election to be held To be appointed by County Council in case of newly separated junior	3? 34
townships. To be in the municipality. For townships—not to be held in city, town or village	35 35 35
New Corporations. To be by general vote in townships and incorporated villages not divided into wards. In cities and towns elector may vote in each ward in which he has necessary	34
property qualification	. 47 . 47 . 47 . 47
Agents.	
May vote where engaged as, if qualified Certificate to enable same To be present when ballot of incapacitated voter marked May be present at poll At counting of votes At re-count of votes To maintain secreey of the voting Penalty for contravention To make declaration of secrecy Non-attendance of Candidates may undertake duties of Exception	. 48 . 51 . 52 . 53 . 58 . 61 . 61 . 62 . 62
$Ballot \ Boxes.$	
To be procured and furnished by Clerk to Deputy Returning Officers	. 42 . 42 . 43 . 43
Ballot Papers.	
To be printed by Clerk	. 43 . 43 . 44 . 50 . 50
Not to be taken away by votcr	

Programs - Continued PA	GE
Deputy Returning Officer to verify initials before depositing in ballot box Proceedings when voter cannot mark Proceedings in case ballot paper cannot be used Counting the ballots Rejected ballots Objections to be noted and numbered Statement of to be made and signed by Deputy Returning Officer Certificate of state of poll to be given by Deputy Returning Officer To be sealed up in packets To be returned to Clerk of municipality Statement respecting, to accompany the return To be kept for one month, and then destroyed, unless otherwise ordered by Court or Judge Inspection of not allowed except by order of Court or Judge	51 51 52 52 52 53 53 54 54 55 57 57 58 60
Certificates.	
As to Assessment Roll, Clerk to give, stating when returned by Assessor and when finally revised Penalty for neglect	46 46 47 47
Clerk (of Municipality).	
To be Returning Officer In municipalities not divided into wards to perform duties of Returning and Deputy Returning Officers at the first election	40 40 41 41
To post up names of candidates Duties of, with respect to ballot boxes and papers, and compartment for marking ballots	41 44-44 45
To give certificate to enable Agents, Deputy Returning Officers and Poll Clerks	46 48 54
Ballot papers to be transmitted to To settle disputes as to written statement to be made by Deputy Returning Officer To cast up votes and declare candidate elected	55 56 55 57 57 57 58 60 61 61 64 68 68
Entries to be made of same To furnish to Deputy Returning Officers copies of Sections 207 to 220 To preside at election of Warden	73

ELECTI

To Military

TTUTMTTTTCMCOMNPT PTT TTDDTNTDDTSWMDPTPTMT

293

Elections—Continued. Candidates.	PAGE
To be proposed and seconded seriatim	41
proposed	41 41
Those elected shall take the necessary declarations and assume office.	56
May be present at re-count May undertake duties of agent Not to be present at marking of ballots by incapacitated voter Disclaimer by Expenses of—what lawful	62 62 67
Penalty for bribery by	71 71
Deputy Returning Officer.	
To be appointed by by-law To make returns to clerk. Uses double or absence of the backgroup by cleaters.	35
Upon death or absence of, to be chosen by electors To be a conservator of the peace on election day May swear in special constables	36
To administer oaths	39
To provide compartment for marking ballots To post up directions to voters Certificate to enable to vote where stationed	44
Oath required to be taken by voters may be administered, and by whom	48
On opening of poll to show ballot box, and then lock and seal it	49
To sign his name or initials on back of ballot paper, and deliver same to vot	50 er
after proper entries have been made. Penalty for neglect	50
To place his initials in proper columns of voters' list, to denote that voter hereoved ballot paper.	50
To receive from voter and deposit ballot in ballot box To make entry if voter takes away ballot paper or declines to vote Duties of, when voter cannot mark ballot paper	51
Duties of, if ballot paper spoiled by voter. To count the ballots Note and number objections	52
To make and sign statement and give certificates of state of poll	53
Dutics of, after votes are counted	54
Statement to accompany packets	55
May vote if qualified	56
To maintain the secrecy of the voting. Penalty for contravention.	61
To make declaration of secrecy	61

By-Laws—Continued.	PAGE
Directions to Voters.	
To be furnished by clerk, and posted up by deputy returning officer Electors.	44
Electors.	
Qualification of (see QUALIFICATION).	
Whose taxes are in arrear. Must be named in votors' list, except in case of new municipality for when the control of the cont	31 i ch
there is no aggoggment roll	
If name so appears no question of qualification to be raised	04
In new municipality in which there is no assessment roll	
If new numerically in which the rated severally, both shall be deemed rated When two or more are rated jointly, who may vote	
Decades at the nell on tender of vole	*****
Weta of who refuges to he sworn or to amen not to be received	
No one but voter allowed in voting compartment	
Incapacity to mark ballot paper. Not to be interfered with when voting	51 61
Not to be interfered with when voting	61
Not required to disclose for whom vote given	02
Expenses.	
Of election to be paid by municipal treasurer	71
New Election.	
When election interrupted for four days by riot, etc	56
William and a common in Co	04
W t fem who to ignio	04
Time for holding	
Writ for to be issued to Sheriff—when	67
Nomination.	35.40
Place for holding to be appointed by by-law	40
Otherwise the Town Hall. To be held annually on the last Monday in December	40
If it is Christmas Day, then to be held on the preceding Friday	40
County Council may by by-law provide that nomination take place on Monday but one in December in townships	40
C to be two amitted to Township Clorks	41
The he held by Returning Diffeer appointed for each Ward	
Or the Municipal Clerk	
Clork or Returning Officer to give six days' notice of meeting	AT
Procedure at nomination	41
Oaths	
Of freeholder	36
Of haugahalder	01
Of income voter	38
Of income voter	39
Refusal to take	50
Poll Clerk.	
Certificate to entitle him to vote where stationed	48
Dialt to rote if applified and oath	40
To explain mode of voting	60
To maintain secrecy of the voting	01
Penalty for contravention	
The make declaration of secrecy	0.

Elections—Continued.	AGE
Polling Place.	
Where electors may vote	47
$Re ext{-}count.$	
Of votes by County Judge—when Deposit by applicant Who may be present at. Opening of packets and counting votes Care to be taken that way in which particular voter has voted be not disclosed To be proceeded with continuously Procedure on Not to take away any other remedy. Costs in discretion of Judge Taxation and recovery of costs Production of documents.	57 58 58 58 58 58 59 59 60 60
Returning Officer.	
To be appointed by by-law to hold nomination for each ward Clerk to be for whole municipality. Upon death or absence of, one to be chosen by electors. To be a conservator of the peace on election day. May swear in special constables. To administer oaths. To hold nomination for ward for which appointed. To post up at Clerk's office the names of candidates. May be made a party to writ of quo warranto. And see Deputy Returning Officer and Clerk.	35 35 36 36 39 41 41 66
Special Constables.	
May be sworn in by Returning and Deputy Returning Officers Penalty for refusing to serve	36 36
The Poll.	
Places where to be held to be appointed by by-law To be held on first Monday in January. In each ward or polling subdivision. From 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Votes to be by ballot. Mode of procedure at. Name of voter must be entered on voters' list, except in case of new municipality.	85 41 41 41 41 49
If so entered no question of qualification to be raised at Name and addition of voter to be recorded Oath to be administered to voter if required Objections to be noted Refusal to take oath or to affirm to be noted Vote not to be received after such refusal Deputy Returning selicer to sign his name or initials on back of ballot mapers	31 32 49 49 49 50 50
and deliver same to voters Penalty for neglect Mode of voting to be explained Deputy Returning Officer to note in voters' list to whom ballot papers given.	50 50 50 50
Mode of marking ballots Mode of depositing same in ballot box No one but voter allowed in voting compartment. Voter not to take away ballot papers. If taken away to forfeit right to vote If voter declines to vote, entry thereof to be made by Deputy Returning Officer Proceedings in case of incapacity to mark ballot papers.	50 51 51 51 51 51 51

En

Eq

Est

Ev

Ex

Ex

Ex

Ex

Ex

FAI

FA

FAI

FEE

FEL

FEN

FEN

Elections—Continued.	AGE
Proceedings in case ballot paper spoiled by voter	$\begin{array}{c} 52 \\ 52 \end{array}$
Counting the votes. Who may be present at counting the votes.	52 52 52
Rejected ballots Objections to be noted and numbered	53
state of the poll Not more than two agents of any candidate may be present Duties of Deputy Returning Officer after counting the votes	53 53 54 55
Disputes to be settled by Clerk of the municipality	55 55
Otherwise Clerk not to vote	56 56 56 56
Votes.	
To be by ballot Counting the Re-count of	41 52 57
Voting.	
Mode of, to be explained	50 50
Voters' and Defaulters' Lists.	
List of persons in default for payment of taxes to be prepared	42 42 42
Certified copies to be furnished First and second parts of list under "The Voters' Lists Act" to be the list In new municipality	$\frac{44}{45}$
When new territory added to city, town or village	45 45
Officers May be prepared by Clerk	46 46
Or may be procured from Clerk of the Peace His fees for same	$\frac{46}{46}$
Defaulters' lists to be evidence for Deputy Returning Officers of non-payment of taxes	46
by Deputy Returning Officer	49 50
denote that elector has received ballot paper Entries to be made by Deputy Returning Officer upon, at close of poll Declaration of Deputy Returning Officer respecting	54 54
To be returned to Clerk of municipality May be inspected in hands of Clerk	$\frac{54}{54}$
Electors-	
Who may vote on by-laws By-laws for disqualifying, who have not paid taxes by 14th December See By-Laws, Elections and Police Villages.	96 156
Elevators—	4 40
By-laws respecting	149
Embezzlement— By municipal officers	89

297

Engineer— Dy-laws for appointing	PAGE
	, 100
Equalization of Real Property— Basis of	. 85
Estimates— Sco Finance.	
EVIDENCE-	
Endorsements on ballot papers, etc On return of writ of quo warranto Viva voce required to prove a corrupt practice Of by-laws, certified copy To be filed with Clerk by arbitrators See Witnesses.	66 71 91
EXECUTIONS AGAINST MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS—	
May be endorsed with direction to Sheriff to levy the amount by rate Sheriff to deliver copy of writ and endorsement to Treasurer, with statemen of amount due	t . 133 . 133 . 133 . 133
Exemptions—	
Persons exempted from serving in Municipal Council	. 29
Exhibitions—	
By-laws respecting	, 161
Existing Corporations—	
To be continued	
Expenses	
See Costs and Elections.	
Fairs—	
By-laws for authorizing the holding of	165
Fares-	
By-laws for regulating	, 182
Farmers' Sons-	
See Qualification.	
Fees—	
Of Police Magistrate, when entitled to Of Police Court Clerk Gaoler not entitled to any	135
Fellowships	
By-laws for endowment of	165
Fences—	
By-laws for regulating the height, etc., of	158
Fence Viewers—	
See Municipal Officers.	

FIRES-B

R

FISH-B

FORES

IIIIII

CCAAC

	AGE
Privileges of, Council may grant, when	91 164
Filtii—	
By-laws to prevent throwing of, into streets	159
Finance—	
Annual estimates to be made Council may pass by-laws to raise the sums required on such estimates. When amount collected is less than amount required. When amount collected exceeds amount required How rates for paying debentures to be calculated Anticipatory appropriations. Two separate accounts to be kept (1) For special rate (2) For sinking fund Surplus after payment of annual interest, how applied Surplus may be invested In what securities	114 114 115 116 117 117 117 117
In what securities Or Lieutenant-Governor in Council may order it to be used in payment	110
or redemption of the debt Surplus moneys may be credited to sinking fund account and invested Surplus derived from Corporation work, etc., may be similarly applied and	118
invested	
Educational purposes. Investment of same May be loaned to school trustees Or granted to poor school sections No member of Corporation to be a party to any investment other than	119 119 119
authorized by law In default person so doing liable for loss Treasurer of Municipality indebted to Consolidated Municipal Loan Fund to	119
make annual returns to Provincial Treasurer Penalty for default. Council to make annual report to Lieutenant-Governor. Penalty for default.	$\frac{120}{120}$
Commission of enquiry into— When it may be granted Powers of Commissioner Expenses of Commissioner	121
FINES AND PENALTIES—	
How to be applied By-laws for inflicting, not exceeding \$50, for— (a. Neglect of duty or refusal to accept office (b) Breach of by-laws For collecting penalties and costs by distress For imprisonment in default of payment and distress Not longer than twenty-one days Except for breach of City By-laws Or keeping house of ill-fame. See Penalties.	151 151 152 152 152
FIRE-ARMS AND FIRE-WORKS-	
By-laws for preventing the firing of, etc	168
Fire Companies— By-laws respecting	169
Fires—	
Council may rent fire appliances By-laws for regulating the ourning of stumps, ctc	. 153 . 159

Fires—Continued.	AGE
By-laws for preventing or regulating the use of, in stables, etc '' for making provisions against '' for inspecting premises '' for demolishing houses to prevent spreading of '' for enforcing assistance at Regulations of Police Village respecting	169 170 170
Fish—	
By-laws for regulating the sale of	177
FOOTPATHS—	
By-laws for setting aside portion of highway for	$\begin{array}{c} 202 \\ 202 \end{array}$
Forestalling-	
By-laws for preventing	177
Forms—	
Ballot Papers.	
In Cities In Towns divided into wards In Townships divided into wards In Villages and Townships not divided into wards For voting on By-laws	$241 \\ 242 \\ 244$
By-law.	
For local improvements	207
Certificates,	
Of qualification to sit in County Council for Reeve for Deputy Reeve Of lis pendens Of dismissal. As to assessment roll Of Deputy Returning Officer respecting incapacitated voter	25 112 113 248 248
Conviction.	
For offenees against By-laws of Police Commissioners	
Declarations. Of qualification	0.0
Of office	- 86 - 86
Of secrecy	$\frac{251}{250}$
Directions for the Guidance of Voters. At elections	245
	400
Disclaimer.	
By defendant named in writ of quo warranto	
Notice.	
Of passing of by-law	
Oaths. At elections, of freeholder	
At elections, of freeholder of householder or tenant of income voter of farmer's son	$\begin{array}{ccc} . & 37 \\ . & 38 \end{array}$

	AGE
Of Deputy Returning Officer after closing of poll Voting on by-laws, of freeholder of leaseholder of leaseholder (in respect of local improvements) Of voter on by-law for local improvements	99
Of municipal clerk, verifying yearly returns to Provincial Treasurer Of arbitrator Of police officer	$\frac{78}{124}$
Voters' List.	
Of list to be furnished to Deputy Returning Officers	247
Freeholders-	
Who may vote on by-laws See Qualification.	96
Free Libraries— By-laws for establishing	170
	112
Frequenters of Public Houses— May be sent to House of Industry	146
Fruit	
By-laws for regulating the sale of	177
Fuel-	
To be provided for Court House	142
FURNACES— Regulations of Police Village respecting	237
Furniture—	
To be provided by County Council for Court House Liability of Council for, when Corporation has an insurable interest in	143
Gambling—	
By-laws for suppressing	161
Game Inspector—	
By-laws for appointment and removal of	148
Gaoler-	
To be appointed by Sheriff	$\frac{142}{142}$
Salary of	-142
GAOLS—	
County Council may pass by-laws for erecting, repairing, etc	139
To be provided with fuel, etc. The Council of a City may provide for the erection and maintenance of	139
To be houses of correction in Counties in which such houses have not been	1
erccted	$\frac{142}{142}$
Keepers of, to be appointed by Sheriff	. 142
Appointment and dismissal of To be subject to approval of the LieutGovernor	142
City Council to have care of Gaol belonging to City	. 143
On separation of union of Counties, rules and regulations respecting to continue, and apply to Gaol in Junior County	-
Liability of Cities and Towns for erection and maintenance of	. 143

GAOLS II CC II II CC CC CC AA

GARD B B GAS A

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GRAV
B
GRAV
B
GROCI
E
GUNP
B
HAMI
B
HARB

Hawi E

GAOLS—Continued.	PAGE
Differences may be referred to arbitration.	. 143
Corporation has insurable interest in Liability of City to contribute to cost of	. 144
Liability of City to contribute to cost of	. 144
Differences may be referred to arbitration	144
City to have a voice in the selection of a site Compensation for use of, by City or Town	144
After five years Lieutenant-Governor in Council may order the existin	U.
arrangements to cease, and new ones may then be made	. 144
Expenses of conveying persons to	. 145
By-laws for appointing surgeon	. 163
GARDENS-	
By-laws for acquiring property for, and managing	. 179
By-laws for selling, when no longer required	. 179
Gas and Gas Works -	
By-laws for permitting laying down of gas pipes	. 160
" for aiding Gas Companies	. 160
Assent of electors required	. 160
Head of Corporation to be a Director in certain cases	. 160
By-laws for preventing or regulating gas works for constructing gas works	180
And levying an annual special rate for payment	. 180
Assent of electors required	. 180
Estimates, etc., to be published. By-law to be passed within three months after the poll	. 180
By-law to be passed within three months after the poll	. 180
If rejected, no other to be submitted within the year	. 180
General Sessions—	
Powers, duties, and liabilities of Magistrates in, with respect to roads an	d
bridges transferred to Municipalities	. 190
Orders and resolutions may be registered, and how	. 192
Grain-	
By-laws to regulate the sale of	. 177
·	,,
GRATUITY—	
May be granted to municipal officers after twenty years' service in certai	
cases	• 00
Gravel—	
By-laws for preserving or selling on road allowances	. 195
Graves	
By-laws for preventing violation of	. 158
By-laws for regulating	177
•	
Gunpowder-	4.00
By-laws for regulating the keeping of	107
Regulations of Ponce vinages respecting	. 200
Hamlets-	
By-laws for stopping up, and sale of original road allowances in	. 202
HARBOURS-	
Declare vagagating	. 148
" for granting aid to 1-	19–150
Hawkers-	
By-laws for regulating and licensing	164
Di-turn for rollariound and recommend	

Head of Componation— See Municipal Officers.	PAOE
Health— By-laws to provide for	168
High Balliff— To be appointed by Council of every City. May be held by Chief Constable	137 137
HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE-	
Powers of, in quashing by-laws over awards	$\begin{array}{c} 104 \\ 125 \end{array}$
Нюн Schools—	
By-laws for acquiring property for, and aiding for supporting pupils at	$\begin{array}{c} 165 \\ 165 \end{array}$
HIGHWAYS-	
What are to be deemed. Original allowances. Laid out by Statute On which public money expended or statute labour performed Passing through Indian Lands. Freehold in Crown Municipality to have jurisdiction over	186 186 186 186 187
Possession to be in Municipality. May be increased in width. Right to use vested in Municipality. Boundary lines may be assumed and maintained by County By-laws respecting	187 187 189
Conditions precedent to passing certain By-laws.	
By-laws affecting public roads not to be passed until— Notices of passing by-law have been posted up for one month. And published in newspapers. And Council has heard any one whose property is prejudicially affected and petitions to be heard.	192 1 192
Expenses of notices, etc	. 192
$County\ Bridges.$	
May be assumed by Villages. Village liable for repairs County Council to have exclusive jurisdiction over Bridges assumed by County to be placed in repair To be maintained in Villages to connect highways through County Between certain Municipalities to be erected and maintained jointly Differences referred to arbitration	188 188 189 189 189
Mistakes in Opening Road Allowances.	
No action to be brought against Municipalities, their officers or servants, fo mistakes in opening road allowances	. 193 . 193
Powers of Magistrates in General Sessions.	
Transferred to County Council	. 190
Registration of Road By-laws.	
By-laws under which roads are opened on private property to be registered To be certified under hand of Clerk and Seal, and to be registered withou	t
further proof	. 192 s . 192

Hors

Нокт Н

Hous H

Highways—Continued.	PAGE
Repairs,	
Approaches to bridges to be maintained. Roads to be kept in repair by Corporation. Neglect to be a misdemeanor Action for damages for default. Limitation of action Not applicable to roads laid out by private persons unless assumed by Corporation Roads assumed by County Council to be placed in repair, and gravelled, cool	. 188 . 188
Corporation Roads assumed by Council to be placed in repair, and gravelled, cro. Roads not assumed by Council to be opened and maintained by Townships . Except bridges between Municipalities Township boundaries being County boundaries, but not assumed by County, be maintained by Townships. Except bridges between Municipalities Mode of enforcing repairs. When Township Council neglect or refuse, ratepayers may petition County.	189 to 190
Council to open and repair roads. Petition may be acted on at session of County Council at which presented County Conneil may determine the amount required from each Township an appoint Commissioners to enforce order of Council Sums determined on to be paid by County Treasurer and deducted from	197 198 d 198
Township moneys Differences to be referred to arbitration. Who to be arbitrators. What they shall determine	. 198 . 198 . 198
Roads necessary for Ingress and Egress.	
Not to be closed without making compensation and previding other read	. 191
Roads on Dominion Lands.	
Not to be interfered with by Municipalities without consent of Dominic Government.	n . 191
Roads under Joint Jurisdiction.	
When road lies between two Corporations, Councils to have joint jurisdiction	11)
over By-laws respecting, to be passed by both Differences to be referred to arbitration. By-laws for aiding an adjoining Municipality to open and maintain	. 190 . 190 . 190
Roads vested in Her Majesty.	
Not to be interfered with by Municipalities	to
be under the control of Municipalities	191
Width of Roads.	
Not to be greater than 100 or less than 66 feet, subject to certain exception See Local Improvements and Roads.	is 192
Horses—	
Licensing of By-laws respecting driving of By-laws for preventing horse racing By-laws for regulating and licensing	150 161
HORTICULTURAL ASSOCIATIONS—	
By-laws for granting aid to	149
Houses— By-laws for numbering of	150
Dy-lone for indubering of	170

Housi	E FOR THE POOR, AGED, AND INFIRM—	AGE
33	Who may be sent to, and by whom	$\frac{141}{142}$
T C C V E	E OF CORRECTION— County Council may pass By-laws for erection, repairing, etc	141 141 141 142
Hous	ES OF ILL-FAME—	404
В	By-laws for suppressing	161
C T C C F T	E OF INDUSTRY— Sounty Council may pass by laws for erection, repairing, etc	140 140 141 141 141 141 141 141 142 145
nous C	Samuel of County City and Town senarated from County may erect and	
F C I V	maintain Geepers, etc., to be appointed Rules and Regulations to be made One may be provided for several Corporations Inspector may be appointed Duties of Who liable to be committed to By whom may be committed Fo be deemed within the Municipality for certain purposes Certain persons may be sent to, by Justices of the Peace By-laws for establishing and regulating	140 141 140 141 141 141 141
	senolders—	
	SEE QUALIFICATIONS.	
Ниск І	(sters— By-laws for regulating	177
Нурі (rants— Council may rent	153
ToidI I	Nay be sent to House of Industry	146
Ible I	Persons— May be sent to House of Correction	142 146

Immon B Імрок В IMPRI Se IMPRO Se INCOM Incor Ir Se Incor M INDEC B INDIGI M Indust Co Ci Po A Infect By Ingres Re Enquir Re Insane Co

В

То В:

Inspec By

Inspect Of Du Of

INDEX.	305
Immorality— By-laws for preventing	Page . 161
Importuning Travellers— By-laws for preventing	. 169
Imprisonment— See Fines and Penalties.	
IMPROVEMENTS— See LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS.	
INCOME VOTERS— See By-Laws, Election, and Qualification.	
Incorporation— Inhabitants of every County, etc., to be a body corporate See New Corporations.	
Incorrigible Rogues— May be sent to House of Correction	. 142
Indecency— By-laws to prevent	
Indigent Persons— May be sent to House of Correction " of Industry By-laws for granting aid to	1.11
County may acquire lands for, and maintain City and Town separate from County may acquire land for, and maintain Persons sent to, compellable to work Application of earnings Who liable to be committed to By whom may be committed To be deemed within the Municipality for certain purposes By-laws for acquiring property for "for selling same when no longer required "for erecting buildings and managing.	140 140 141 141 141 141 142 179
Infectious Diseases	
By-laws for preventing Ingress and Egress— Reads required for, not to be closed without making compensation and providing other road	
Inquiry— Respecting finances	100
" conduct of officers	146
County Council to provide for	183
Inspection of Provisions— By-laws to provide for	173
Inspectors— Of House of Industry may be appointed. Duties of Of provisions may be appointed. 20	1 4 1

 J_U

Kı

L

Insulting Language—	PAGE
By-laws for preventing	. 161
Insurable Interest— County, City and Town have, in Court House, Gaol and furniture	. 144
Intelligence Offices— By-laws for licensing, regulating or preventing	. 178
Interments—	100
By-laws for regulating	. 108
Interpretation—	. 4
Bridge	
County	. 3
County Town	. 4
Floation	OL
Electors Farm	. 31
Farmon's Son or Furmors' Sons	от
Father	31
Highway Householder	4
Lond	4
Leagabald	20
Local Municipality	ა
Municipality Next day	4
Owner	01
Pool estate	4
Real property Reeve	4
Dood	4
Con on Cons	öl
To vote	31 4
Intimidation—	
See Corrupt Practices.	
Intoxicating Drinks— By-laws for preventing sale of, to children	160
Investigation—	
Respecting conduct of officers, etc	140
Investment—	
Of surplus moneys	115
Of sinking fund Of surplus moneys from "The Ontario Municipalities Fund"	11
Loans to school trustees. Only those authorized by law to be made	
JOINT OWNERS-	
See QUALIFICATION.	
JUDGES (COUNTY)—	
D f	5
a 11 matition to	10
Third arbitrator may be appointed by, in certain cases To be a Police Commissioner	12

Judges (County)—Continued.	AGE
At request of Council, to enquire respecting the conduct of officers and good government of Municipality	146 146
may appoint one	$154 \\ 206 \\ 206$
May appoint arbitrator in arbitrations between Counties respecting local improvements in certain cases	219
Jurors-	
Who are ratepayers or municipal officers, liable to challenge unless the Corporation be a County	131
JUSTICES OF THE PEACE—	
To be appointed for Junior County May administer oaths and declarations. Jurisdiction of, over offences against by-laws, where there is no Police Magistrate.	19 87 180
Under by-laws of Police Commissioners	137 130 129
May compel attendances of witnesses	134
May order imprisonment in certain cases Powers, duties and liabilities of, in General Sessions with respect to highways transferred to Municipalities	145
Junk Stores-	
By-laws for licensing and regulating	166
KEEPER OF GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION-	
To receive into the County Gaol and House of Correction persons committed from Citics and Towns	
Ladders—	
By-laws to compel the erection of	$\begin{array}{c} 169 \\ 237 \end{array}$
LAND MARKS—	
By-laws for erecting, to mark concessions	161
Lands	
Compensation to be made for Differences to be referred to arbitration Trustees, etc., to have power to act for those whom they represent If no person who can convey, County Judge may appoint one	$\frac{154}{154}$
Application of purchase money. To be subject to same charges as property was subject to	155
By-laws for acquiring, in another Municipality	172
gardens, etc	$\frac{179}{179}$
"for acquiring, for opening roads	194
on failway failes	194
Leaseholders— See By-Laws, Elections and Qualification.	
Lewd Persons—	
May be sent to House of Industry	146

Lieutenant-Governor-	AGE
May form Townships not within limits of incorporated County into a new County by Proclamation May proclaim Provisional County final separation of Provisional County	16 17 19
May authorize the payment or redemption of municipal debt instead of investment Annual report respecting finances to be made to May appoint third arbitrator in certain cases Assent of, required to ferry by-laws To regulate ferries in certain cases. May appoint arbitrator in arbitration between Counties respecting local improvements in certain cases.	120 122 164 164
Lights—	
To be provided for Court House	100
Lime— Regulations of Police Village respecting	238
Limitation of Actions—	
For penalties under Sections 207 and 208	72 188
LIVERY STABLES—	100
Licensing of	136 181
LOCAL ASSESSMENT— See By-Laws.	
LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS—	
Debentures for, to be so stated	127
Engineer or Surveyor to report thereon	
draining property, etc. For borrowing the necessary funds and issuing debentures.	204
Interest may be included in the amount payable in lieu of being paid annually.	204
For levying a special rate for payment What costs of the work shall be deemed to include.	204
What costs of the work shall be deemed to include	205
Persons whose property is assessed may pay the amount of their assessment, less the interest, before issuing of debentures Not to be paid by tenant under an agreement to pay taxes unless specially	205
montioned	200
For regulating times and manner of payment	200
For ascertaining the property liable to the rate	200
Mode of assessing property to be benefited	206
Powers of Council shall include embanking, bumping and inechanical operations	200
And doing all things necessary for manifalling the Works	200
And works of Legislature or Parliament completed	-207
Form of by-law	207
To be amended if assessment altered on complaint or appeal	200
To be amended in assessment according to be published before final passing. Copies may be served on owners of property to be benefited instead of being published.	209
published By-law to be valid unless notice of intention to move to quash be given to	
Clerk within ten days after final passing	209

	PAGE
If quashed in part the rest to be valid	209
By-law may be amended in order to complete the work	209
Provisions respecting	210
Debentures not invalid though not strictly in accordance with by-law	210
When work may be extended beyond limits of Municipality	210
carried into same	210
Engineer or Surveyor to report thereon	$\begin{array}{c} 211 \\ 211 \end{array}$
Municipality beginning the work to notify adjoining Municipality to be bene-	
nted	211
Adjoining Municipality to wise the necessary amount Or may appeal and refer the matters in difference to arbitration	211
Proceedings thereon	211
Proceedings thereon In case of mistake, time for appeal may be enlarged by County Judge	211
Arbitrators to be appointed	212
Engineer or Surveyor who made the plans not to be an arbitrator	212
Each Municipality to contribute to maintaining the work in proportions fixed	010
by engineer or arbitration	212
n case of neglect, Municipality in default may be compened to make the	, 213
necessary repair by mandamus	213
Duty of minor Municipalities to make repairs	. 215
Course of drains may be changed and new outlets made	213
Works not extending beyond Municipality, or which do not benefit any other	r
Municipality, to be insintained by Municipality commencing same	. 213
Where works constructed out of general funds, repairs may be charged or	1 - 919
property benefited	. 214
Obstructions to be removed by persons making them on notice	. 214
Obstructions to be removed by persons making them on notice	3
charged upon the Collector's Roll against such persons causing the	ð
obstructions	. 214
By-laws may be passed to borrow funds for repairs	. 214
"The Ontario Municipal Drainage Aid Act" to apply to the debenture	214
issued under such by-law in certain cases	9
assessed	. 210
Disputes as to damages to works to be referred to arbitration	. 215
Amount of damages in excess of amount for which property assessed to b	e 015
charged against property benefited	. 210
May be levied in one or more annual instalments or spread over several years Drains into adjoining lots or across or along highways may be made	. 215 215
Disputes as to amount of the cost to be borne by owner of adjoining lot of	r
Municipality to be determined by the fence-viewers	. 216
Their award to be final	. 216
Ditches along town-lines may be constructed along either side of road allowance	e. 216
And properties benefited may be charged	$\frac{216}{916}$
Certain provisions to apply County Council on application of Councils of minor Municipalities may pas	. Z10
by-laws for	. 217
Potition of property owners not required	217
Provisions to apply	217
County to raise the requisite funds	217
Each Township to be liable for and to collect the amount payable in respect	of Odr
lands therein	217
In case the Municipalities in which the lands to be benefited are situate are several Counties, any of the Counties may begin the undertaking	215
Any of the Municipalities may indennify the County	217
Any of the Municipalities may indemnify the County County beginning the undertaking may pass resolution to that effect	218
Copy of Report, etc., to be published	213
And served on other County or Counties	218

LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS—Continued.	PAGE
In case of ten owners of property assessed petitioning against work, Coun	ty
shall pass by-law to take votes of persons assessed	218
Who may vote	218
Clerk of each Municipality to act as Deputy Returning Officer	218
County Clerk to be Returning Officer	218
County Clerk to be Returning Officer	to
he served on the other County or Counties	219
Who may appeal	219
What the notice shall contain	219
County Judge may appoint arbitrator, when Engineer or Surveyor who made report and members of Councils shall r	219
Engineer or Surveyor who made report and members of Councils shall r	ot
be arbitrators	219
one	219
Ambitrators to apportion the cost of the work	220
Decision of majority to be binding	220
An application may be made to High Court of Justice when arbitrators unal	ole
to agree	220
By-laws not to be passed pending appeal	220
After the making of the award or time for appeal has elapsed, by-laws in	\mathbf{r}
raising the sums required to be passed	220
Certain provisions to apply If works are to be carried across or along railway, provisions of "The Ra	il-
way, Streets and Drains Act. 1882." to apply	221
Councils of Cities, Towns, and Incorporated Villages may pass by-laws i	tor
ascertaining property to be benefited	221
Assessing and levying upon the property to be benefited the costs of the wor	rk. 221
Not to apply to repairs or maintenance of the work	221
The special rate to be an annual rate according to the frontage of the proper	rty
to be benefited	222
property to be benefited may petition against the works	222
In which case no second assessment for the same work to be made within t	wo
years	222
by-law by-law from the control of the contro	999 999
If first assessment too low another or others may be made	222
If first assessment too great excess to be refunded ratably	222
Time and manner of levying assessment	222
One-third of the cost of sewers in certain cases to be provided by the Councillation	il 922
An equitable assessment of corner lots may be made	223
Of lands unfit for building purposes	223
For building or repair of bridges or culverts	223
Private owners may be allowed to build or improve sidewalks, and be from assessment for works of a like nature	ree - 993
Temporary loans may be made	224
Temporary loans may be made Time of repayment of loans and maturing of debentures	224
If by-laws quashed wholly or in part new assessments may be made	224
No improvement to be undertaken unless initiated in one of the method	ods 224
provided Property assessed for local improvements, or the owners whereof have many	224 ide
the improvements, not to be assessed for general rates for same purpose	225
Period of exemption may be stated in petition and agreed to by Council	226
Or determined by arbitration	226
By-law to be passed annually to give effect to this section	220 ter
in Municipality until by-law passed	226

Lo

M

M

M

M

LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS—Continued.	AGE
Certain by-laws need not be advertised But notice of sitting of Court of Revision to be given	225
What notice shall contain	225
By-laws may be passed directing that all future expenditure for certain improvements shall be raised by special rate Not to be repealed except upon assent of electors	226
Not to be repealed except upon assent of electors	$\frac{226}{226}$
Consequences of repeal	227
Assent of electors to, not required	$\frac{227}{227}$
By-laws may be passed without assent of electors for raising the funds required for the share of the work to be charged to the Municipality	227
Debentures issued under local improvement by-law form no part of general debt By-laws may be passed for sweeping, lighting and watering streets by special rate	228
County may pass by-laws for improvements to roads, etc., and levying special rates for payment	
Proceedings preliminary thereto	229
by special rate	229
To be submitted to the ratepayers in parts of the County interested	229
To apply only to Municipalities in which it receives a majority of votes If carried in some Municipalities only, may be passed or dropped General provisions to apply	230
Lock-up Houses—	
County Council may establish and maintain To provide for salary of Constable to be placed in charge	140
Constable to take charge of, to be appointed at General Sessions	140
Two or more Municipalities may unite to establish and maintain	140
Who liable to be committed to and by whom To be deemed within the Municipality for certain purposes Existing to continue	142
Certain persons may be sent to by Justice of the Peace	145
Expenses of conveying prisoners to	145
Mandamus— Municipality neglecting to make repairs to local improvements may be com-	
pelled to make them by	213
Manufactories— May be exempted from taxation	115
By-laws for granting aid to	. 150
" for preventing or regulating" " dangerous manufactories	$\frac{167}{169}$
MARITIME COURT—	
May use Court House	142
MARKET FEES—	179
Not to be imposed on certain articles	172
for sale of same	$\frac{173}{173}$
Certain articles not required to be weighed or measured if neither vendor nor purchaser desires it	174

MARKET FEES—Continued.	Pag
Scale of fees for weighing or measuring. When by-law allows sale except at market, without payment of fees	. 17- . 17! . 17! . 17! . 17! . 176 . 176
Markets-	
Council may make regulations and impose fees subject to certain restrictions	3-178 174 176
Mayor—	
To be head of City and Town Corporations 2 Property qualification of	. 27 63 74 75 85 86 87 129 130 134 136
Mechanics' Institutes—	
By-laws for granting aid to	149
Medals— May be given to persons distinguishing themselves at fires	169
Meat-	
By-laws for regulating the sale of "granting licenses for Sale of, distrained for rent of stalls	177
Menageries— By-laws respecting	1 59
Mendicants— By-laws for restraining and punishing	161
·	
MILITARY LANDS— Not to be interfered with by Municipalities without consent of Dominion Government	191
Minerals-	
On Corporation lands may be sold or leased	-202

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Monu II Muni E

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O P V I I T V S T Q M

M S F M S

NDEX.	313
NDEA.	9111

Mistakes-	PAGE
In use of election forms not to invalid election	$\begin{array}{c} 62 \\ 193 \end{array}$
Money-	
Council may borrow to meet current expenses	128
Monopolies-	
Prohibited	91
Monuments-	
By-laws for erecting to mark concessions, etc.	162
MUNICIPAL CORPORATION	
Existing Corporations continued	4
" officers, by-laws, etc., continued	4
Names of	5
Incorporation of	5 5
Area of	6
See New Corporations,	
MUNICIPAL COUNCIL—	
Conduct of Business.	H-~
Ordinary meetings to be held openly	75 75
What shall constitute a quorum	75
If Council consists of five, vote of three necessary to carry any resolution	75
The head of the Corporation to preside	75 5 76
Special meetings may be held openly or closed	
The head of the Corporation may vote with the other members	76
Question voted on negatived in case of equality of votes	
	10
Election of Warden.	73
To be elected by members of County Council	74
Who to have casting vote	74
$Jurisdiction\ of.$	
To exercise powers of the Corporation	5
Confined to the Municipality the Council represents	90
May make regulations which are not contrary to law for— (1) Governing the proceedings of the Council	90
(2) Conduct of its members	90
(3) Calling of special meetings	90
(4) Such others as the good of the inhabitants requires	
May fix license fees for exercising trades, etc., when there is no power to	
regulate same	90
Monopolies prohibited	$\frac{91}{91}$
Fee not exceeding \$1 may be charged for certificate of compliance with	
regulations	$\frac{91}{91}$
See By-laws,	91
Meetings of $(Ordinary)$.	
First meeting of Municipal Council other than County Council, when to be held.	73
First meeting of County Council— When to be held	73
Where to be held	$\frac{73}{74}$
No business to be transacted until declarations of office and qualification	
have been made	7

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL—Continued.	PAGE
Where subsequent meetings of County Council and meetings of other Councils	
to be held	74
transacted in City, Town or Village To be held openly	74 75
(Special.)	
Head of Corporation may summon	75
When head of Corporation shall summon	75
Where to be held '	75 75
Members of.	
In Counties	24
Certificates of election and qualification of Reeves and Deputy Reeves	24
In Cities	25 25
In Incorporated Villages	
In Townships	26
In Provisional Corporations	27
Qualification of	27
Persons disqualified	28
" exempted	
Term of office of	63
Vacancies in—	00
By crime, insolvency, absence, etc	63
Quo warranto proceedings on omitting to vacate office after forfeiture	63
By resignation	
Appointment of members to when election neglected	64
Corporation	133
Remuneration of Members.	
Of members of Township and County Councils	74
Of head of City, Town or Village Corporation	74
MUNICIPAL OFFICERS—	
By-laws for appointing and removing 148	-163
To be health officers	162
Powers of, as health officers may be delegated to a committee	
No action to be brought against, for mistakes in opening road allowances	193
Salaries of officers— The Council shall settle same unless provided by statute	88
Of treasurer	
Of solicitor	
Of counsel	
Costs of actions, recovery of, when salary paid to solicitor	88
Gratuity may be given after twenty years' service	88
Not by tender or to applicants at the lowest remuneration	88
Tenure of office— To hold office until removed by Council	88
Duties of officers—	
Those assigned by the Municipal Act	88
Those imposed by any other statute	88
By by-law of the Council By-laws for regulating	1.19
Security—	140
Bonds of guarantee companies may be accepted	88
By-laws for regulating	148
Embezzlement by	89
Stealing election papers	89

May Con Ten Dec Bef The Not May Col Col То Col The In (Dec Bef Per Col То Cne Per Dut To t Stat Aud The Cler Clear Pen Fins Cou

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MUNICIE

MUNICIPAL OFFICERS—Continued.	PAGE
Assessment Commissioner.	
May be appointed in Cities May appoint assessors and valuators Commissioner, assessors and valuators to constitute a Board of Assessors Tenure of office Declaration of office, form of Before whom to be made	. 82 . 82 . 82
Assessors and Collectors.	
The Council of every City, Town, Incorporated Village and Township shal appoint Not to be members of the Council. May be appointed for more than one ward Collectors to make returns on oath of persons in default for payment of taxe on 15th December Collectors in junior County to be collectors for the Townships of the provisional Council To pay over to provisional treasurer the money collected under by-law oprovisional Council Collectors and their sureties to be responsible to the union for the moneys secollected. The union to pay to the provisional treasurer the moneys belonging to the provisional County, less the costs of collection In Cities Assessment Commissioner may appoint assessors "Council may limit number of collectors and prescribe their duties Declaration of office Before whom to be taken Penalty for refusal to accept office or make the necessary declaration Collectors to collect rates to pay executious against Municipal Corporation.	. 82 . 82 . 82 . 82 . 82 . 82 . 83 . 83 . 82 . 83 . 82 . 84 . 85 . 85 . 85 . 85 . 85 . 85 . 85 . 85
Collectors to collect rates to pay executions against Municipal Corporation under precept of the Sheriff To be officers of the Court for the purpose of carrying into effect provision relating to executions.	. 133 s . 133
Auditors and Audit.	
To auditors to be appointed by Council at first meeting Che shall be nominated by the head of the Council Persons disqualified as auditor Duties of auditor To make abstract of receipts, etc To make out and file in office of the Clerk, a statement of receipts, expendi	. 83 . 83 . 83
ture, etc. Statement may be inspected in Clerk's office. Auditors' abstract to be published. The statement to be published in such form as the Council directs Clerk of a minor municipality shall transmit a copy of abstract and statemen to County Clerk.	. 83 . 83 . 84 . 84
Clerk to make return to Provincial Secretary Penalty for neglect. Final audit to be made on report of the auditors County Council shall have the regulation of money to be paid by County Treasurer.	. 84 . 84 . 84
Audit of accounts in Cities and Towns, when In other Municipalities In Toronto Vacancies provided for Audit of all accounts before payment may be required	. 84 . 84 . 84 . 84
Monthly audit Annual audit Auditors' declaration of office, form of. Appointment of members of Board of Audit Payment of members	. 85 . 85 . 86 . 182

MUNICIPAL OFFICERS—Continued.	AGE
Board of Assessors.	
In Cities—Commissioners, assessors and valuators to constitute	82
Engineers. 163,	180
Fence Viewers.	
By-laws for appointment and removal of	148
Game Inspectors.	
By-laws for appointment and removal of	148
Inspectors of House of Industry.	
By-laws for appointing	180
Overseers of Highways.	
By-laws for appointment and removal of	148
Pound Keepers.	
By-laws for appointment and removal of	148
Road Commissioner.	
By-laws for appointment and removal of	148
Road Surveyors,	
By-laws for appointment and removal of	148
Surgeons of the Gaol. By-laws for appointing	1.10
	103
Surveyors. By-laws for appointing	180
The Clerk.	
To enter names of persons adjudged guilty of corrupt practices	72
Every Council shall appoint	77
Provision for absence, etc., of Clerk	77 77
Minutes of Council, documents, etc., in possession of Clerk to be open for inspection	78
Copies to be furnished, if required	78
Fees for same	78
surer	78
Penalty for default	78 78
Form of oath	78
To make a yearly return to the County Clerk Penalty for neglect	78 78
What return shall shew	78
County Clerk shall make a yearly return to the Provincial Secretary	79
What return shall contain	80 80
Returns to be laid before the Legislature at commencement of each Session	80
Moneys payable to Municipality to be retained if returns not made	80 81
List of persons in default for payment of taxes to be transmitted to	
ment of auditors	84 84
order to make return respecting the audit to I for metal secretary	0.4

MUNICIP.
Pena
Dech
Befo
May
Pena
To si
To ft
By-k
To si
Voti

To re Copy Evide To ke To gi

To ac l To a Clerk

See I

Remote Of Cooperation of Cooperation

It	NICIPAL OFFICERS—Continued.	PAGE
	Penalty for neglect	84
	Declaration of office, form of	86
	Before whom to be made	87
	May administer oaths and declarations	87
	Populty for neglect	87
	Penalty for neglect	91
	To furnish certified copies of by-laws. By-law requiring assent of Lieutenant-Governor, to verify facts recited in by	90
	By law requiring assent of Lightonaut Caronica to sails forty miled in land	92
	solemn declaration	92
	To sign notice to be appended to by-law	93
	Voting on by-laws—	:7.5
	To print ballot papers for voting on by-laws	()17
	To sum no the veters	1743
	To sum up the voters	94
	Agents to vote where engaged	()=
	To fumial vistara! lista	95
	To furnish voters' lists Duties of, when Municipality not divided into wards	95
	To east up votes and declare the result	90
	To east up votes and declare the result	101
	To certify the result to the Council	101
	Not to have casting vote, when	101
	ro certify respecting by-aws which require the assent of two-mins of	101
	ratepayers	101
	To maintain secrecy of the proceedings To attend before County Judge with ballot papers on scrutiny	101
	To attend before County surge with pariot papers on scrittiny	103
	To register by-laws requiring registration. Copy of award to be tiled with.	111
	Evidence and documents to be filed with, by arbitrators	134
	To keep a Debenture Registry Book	128
	And enter transfers	128
	To be an officer of the Court for the purpose of carrying into effect provisions	128
	To be an officer of the Court for the purpose of earrying into effect provisions	100
	respecting execution To act as Clerk of Police Court if no other person appointed	100
	Floor for an Asing	130
	Fees for so doing	130
	ments	010
	County Clerk to act as Returning Officer	010
-	Clerk of Township to farmish list of voters for election of Police Village	#10
	Trustees	091
	See Elections.	÷01
	The Head.	
	Remuneration of	
	Of County	76
	Of Provisional Corporation	76
	Of City and Town Of Township and incorporated Village	77
	Of Township and incorporated vinage	77
	To issue writs for new elections, when	6.2
	To preside at meetings of Conneil	10
	May and when shall call special meetings	70
	May expel from meetings of Council for improper conduct	(0)
	On death or absence of, who to preside	7.5
	Duties of	76
	THE SOL THE SOL AS I'VE TO SOLUTION TO SOL	77
	To nominate one Anditor	83
	May administer oaths and declarations	87
	To sign by-laws May appoint arbitrators if authorized by by-law	101
	May appoint arbitrators it authorized by by-law	121
	Notice of appointment of arbitrator to be given to	121
	To appoint an arbitrator, if authorized by by-law, to ascertain compensation to be paid for real property taken or injured	100
	to be paid for real property taken or injured	122
	To sign debentures. To be a Justice of the Peace ex officio	126
	To be a Justice of the Peace ex officio	129

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Uni Sen Ope

To Are Diss Wh

Mod

⁴ Municipal Officers—Continued.	PAGE
To be a director of gas, water and railway companies in which Corporati holds stock in certain cases	on
may administer oaths in investigations with respect to roads, etc	193
The Treasurer.	
On the section of a new Municipality to prepare lists of lands in arrear f	or
Cannot be a member of the Council To prepare and verify on oath list of defaulters in payment of taxes on	28 or
To pay election expenses	$\frac{42}{62}$
Every Council shall appoint	80
Scentity required	90
Annual enduiry to be made as to sufficiency of security	80
Duties of	81
Limitation of his hability	81
Death of County Treasurer provided for To make statements of assets each balf year	81 81
To transmit to Clerk list of persons in default for payment of taxes	01
If Treasurer is dismissed or absenids successor may draw moneys	81
Dodlaration of office	
Form of	86
Before whom to be made To make annual returns of Municipality indebted to the Consolidat Municipal Loan Fund Penalty for default. Annual returns to be made respecting finance to Lieutenant-Governor Council.	87
Municipal Loan Fund	ou 119
Penalty for default	120
Annual returns to be made respecting finance to Lieutenant-Governor	in
Council	120
Penalty for default	120 de
To see that money collected under by-law applied in payment of the d	Ω-
bentures	to 199
be given to	133
· Trustees of Police Villages.	
See Police Villages.	
Valuators.	
May be appointed by Assessment Commissioner	0.0
County Council may appoint	82
Duties of	Q.5
Declaration of office, form of	86
Before whom to be made	87
By-laws for appointment and removal of	148
MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANIES— When Town Hall of Township is situate in a Town or Village, meetings	of
may be held at	185
New Corporations—	
City.	
Town may be erected into, when and how Mode of adjustment of existing County debts on Town being made a City	10
Limits of	11
Wards	11
New division into wards Enlargement of area of when added territory belongs to another County	11
Enlargement of area of when added territory belongs to another County	11

NEW CORPORATIONS—Continued.	PAGE
Mode of adjusting and collecting the amount of the County liabilities to be	
borne by the Village If the Councils do not agree respecting such adjustment the incorporation	7
may be annulled, when and how	. 8
Additions of area to Villages, when and how made	. 8
rectueing area of vinages, when and now made	0
Effect of formation of New Corporation.	
By-laws to continue in force until altered by new Corporation	21
of Municipality to which it is added apply	$\frac{21}{21}$
Liability of new Corporation for debts	21
before dissolution, and are to bind old and new Municipal ties	22
Assessments for year preceding dissolution Special rates to be collected and paid over to senior Municipality If junior County pays more than its share of the liabilities of the union, may	22 22
recover excess from senior County Former Council and officers to exercise jurisdiction until new ones appointed.	22
r ubit officers of the union to be public officers of the senior County or Town-	22
ship	$\frac{23}{23}$
Voters at first election	32
When incorporation to take effect	33
House and Gaol to apply to junior County	143
Noises—	1 / 1 77
By-laws for preventing	107
Nomination—	
See Elections.	
Non-compliance with Rules—	
Not to avoid election	62
Notices—	
By-laws for preventing the defacing of property by	160
Nuisances-	
By-laws for preventing and abaiting Regulations of Police Village respecting.	$\frac{167}{238}$
Numbering of Houses—	
By-laws to provide for	170
Oaths—	
Who may administer	87
To be subscribed by deponent . Persons administering, to certify and subscribe same	87
Persons administering, to certify and subscribe same	$\frac{87}{87}$
Of police officers Of voter on by-law for local improvements	
Of voter on by-law for local improvements	218 193
DBJECTIONS TO BY-LAWS—	
By ratepayers, when and how made	92

 O_{FF}

O_{MNI} I

Onta S Ornan B

INDEX	
OFFENCES AND PRINTERS	321
OFFENCES AND PENALTIES— For refusing to serve as a special constable. For neglecting to furnish ballot boxes. For neglecting to give certificate with respect to assessment roll. For receiving vote of elector who has refused to swear or to affirm. For neglecting to sign name or initials on back of ballot paper. For neglecting to sign name or initials on back of ballot paper. Relating to ballot papers. For contravention of Sections 118 to 166. For bribery by candidates. For corrupt practices For undue influence Recovery of For non-attendance of witness Limitation of proceedings for penalties under Sections 207 and 208. After prosecution of person jointly liable For neglecting to make yearly returns of number of resident ratepayer For neglecting to make yearly returns to County Clerk For neglecting to make yearly returns to County Clerk For neglecting to make returns respecting the audit of accounts to Proving Secretary For height to accept office """ to make declarations of qualification and office Embezzlement by municipal officers Stealing or destroying election papers, etc. For contravention of section relating to secreey at voting on by-laws dated Municipal Loan Fund For neglect to make annual returns respecting finance to Lieutenant-Govern for acting as bankers Recovery and enforcement of penalties In default of payment, imprisonment Whole or part of penalty may be awarded, with costs In default of distress, imprisonment How fines to be applied. For offences against by-law of Police Commissioners	PAGE
For offences against by-law of Police Commissioners How recovered For light weight, etc. Neglecting to keep roads in repair For contravention of regulations of Police Village For neglect of duty by Trustees of Police Village See Fines and Penalties. Officers	. 137 . 137
Officers—	239
See Municipal Officers.	
OFFICE	
To be provided for Courts of Justice	
Omnibuses -	140
Licensing of By-laws for regulating and licensing 1 Ontario Municipalities Fund 181, 1 See Inventor	
	36
See Investment.	.04
RNAMENTAL TREES	
By-laws respective	
By-laws respecting	52
10	0

Orphans—	AGE
Aid may be granted to, of persons killed at fires	169
Ovens—	1.00
By-laws for regulating Regulations of Police Villages respecting	237
OVERSEERS OF HIGHWAYS—	
By-laws for appointment and removal of	148
Parks-	
By-laws for acquiring property for, and managing	179
"for selling when no longer required	179
PARTY WALLS—	
By-laws for regulating the erection of	169
Pedlars— By-laws for regulating and licensing	164
By-laws for regulating and licensing	101
Penalties-	
See Offences and Penalties.	
Piggeries—	
By-laws for preventing or regulating	167
Dy man to provide a control of the c	
Pipes—	00
Regulations of Police Village respecting smoking of	237
PLACES OF WORSHIP-	
May be assessed for local improvements in certain cases	226
PLANS— To be registered in certain cases	185
Expenses of registration	185
For local improvements	211
POLICE—	
In Cities and Towns having Police Commissioners, shall consist of chief con- stable, and as many constables and officers as Council dccms necessary.	137
Not to be less in number than Board reports to be necessary	137
Not to affect any special Act	-137
To hold office at pleasure of Board	-137
Oath of office, form of	137
Regulations for government of	107
To be subject to the Board	198
Duties of police. Remuneration	138
Expanses of for offices etc	138
In Towns in which there is no Board, Council shall appoint chief constable	
and one or more constables	138
In Villages Council may appoint chief constable and one or more constables	138
When arrest may be made without warrant for an alleged breach of the peace.	138
Suspension— Mayor or Police Magistrate may suspend, when	139
May report case to Council and recommend dismissal	139
Officer not to act during supension	139
Except by verbal permission of Mayor	139
Not to be entitled to salary during suspension	133
By-laws for establishing, regulating and maintaining	179
for aiding and assisting superamidation and ponent funds	

POLIOR VILLAGES—Continued.	PAGE
Election.	•
Place for holding	233 233 234
Poll. Time and place of holding Notice of persons proposed to be posted up. List of voters to be furnished by Township Clerk Proce dings at Returning Officer to have casting vote Powers of Returning and Deputy Returning Officers. Ballot boxes to be returned to Township Clerk	234 234 235 235
Regulations.	
For providing ladders to houses	237 f four
Lights in stables, etc., to be properly enclosed Lighted pipes and cigars, persons not enter stables, etc., with Fires in wooden buildings to be properly protected Fire carried through streets, etc., to be properly protected Not to be lighted in streets Hay, straw and fodder not to be placed in dwelling-house. Ashes, linne, etc., how to be kept Charcoal furnaces not to be erected. Gunpowder, how to be kept Not to be sold at night Nuisances prohibited Penalties for default Who to sue for Before whom, and mode of recovery Prosecutions for, to be commenced within ten days after offence mitted	237 237 237 237 237 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238
Poll— See By-Laws, Elections and Police Village.	
Polling Places— By-laws for establishing	156
Polling Subdivisions— By-laws for dividing Municipality into	156
Poor Persons— By-laws for aiding	150
Posse Comitatus— Mayor may call out, when	146
Pound-Keepers— By-laws for appointment and removal of	
Pounds— By-laws respecting	162

Prisoners— Pa	
Expenses of conveying to Gaol and Lock-up 1	45
ELIVY VAULTS-	
By-laws for preventing or regulating	17.1
Production of Documents—	
By Municipal Clerk	60 67 78
Professions—	
Regulation of, liceuse fecs	90
Property—	
By-laws for obtaining and disposing of for preventing the destroying of for aequiring for exhibitions, etc. for selling when no longer required. by Township for acquiring or creeting a Town Hall	$179 \\ 179$
Provisions—	
By-laws for regulating the sale of	177
Provincial Secretary—	
Yearly returns to be made to, by County Clerk	79°
And by Clerks of Cities and Towns	80 84
Provincial Treasurer—	
Yearly returns to be made to, by Clerk of every City, Town, Village and Township To retain moneys payable to Municipality in default in making returns	78 80
Provisional County—	
Provisional County— Name of	5
Public Buildings—	
By-laws for regulating doors, etc., of	151
Public Fairs— By-laws for authorizing the holding of	165
LURCHASE MONEY-	
Of lands taken by Corporation, application of	$\begin{array}{c} 155 \\ 155 \end{array}$
QUALIFICATION	
Of Members of Municipal Council.	
See the several Members of Council and Municipal Officers. In case of new Townships for which there is no assessment roll	
beyond that of an elector	28
Persons disqualified Persons exempted from serving Declaration of, form	29 85
Form of, which may be taken by Recve, Deputy Reeve or Councillor of	

8

320	
Qualification—Continued.	G E
Of Electors.	
Freeholders Householders and tenants Income voters Farmers' sons Necessary amount of rating Persons whose taxes are in arrear Voters' name must appear in voters' list, except in ease of new Municipality for which there is no assessment roll If name so appears, no question of qualification to be raised at the poll In new Municipalities in which there is no assessment roll	30 30 30 31 31 31 32 32 32 32 32 32 33 233
QUASHING BY-LAWS— Notice of intention to apply to quash by-law for local improvements to be given to Clerk within ten days after final passing of the by-law	209
QUAYS—	
Belonging to Dominion, not to be interfered with without consent of Dominion Government	191
Quorum— See Municipal Council.	
Quo warranto Proceedings—	
See Controverted Elections. Proceedings by, on member of Municipal Council omitting to vacate seat after forfeiture	63
Racing— By-laws for preventing	161
By-laws for aiding by subscription for stock in, or lending money to, or guaranteeing payment of money by For guaranteeing payment of debentures by. For levying a rate for payment For issuing debentures in aid of For granting bonuses to. Issuing debentures to meet bonuses Form of debentures Assent of electors necessary Head of Corporation to be a director ex officio in certain cases. By-laws for authorizing the building of railways or tramways on Corporation property Provisions of Acts passed prior to 5th March, 1880, for grouping Municipalities for granting aid to railways repealed.	231 231 231 231 231 231 231 231 231
RATES—	

See By-Laws, Finance, Yearly Rates.

RE-COUNT-

See Elections.

	PAGE
To be weather of County Council	. 24
Form of for Roove	· 4"E
11 11 Danita Pouro	
Of Municipalities in junior County to be members of Provisional Council	. 41
Proporty qualification of	
May resign, when and how Remuneration of	. 74
Reeve to be head of Township and Incorporated Village	77
I toologotion of annitingtion	
(f office	00
Pofose whom to be made	01
Populty for refusing to accent office or to make the necessary declarations) L
to administer oaths or a grantation. Reeve to be a Justice of the Peace ex afficio. After having taken oath as Reeve no other qualification necessary as Justice	130
After having taken oath as Reeve no other quantitation necessary as subtree	100
Registrar-	40
Appointment of for junior County	19
Registration—	
	111
(A) 1 if it and at an it and an appropriate the contract of th	141
Of by-laws changing names of streets	128
Of debenturesOf by-laws changing names of streetsOf plans	185
REGULATIONS-	
The appropriate of police force, may be made and enforced by Trustees	of
Police Village	237
REMUNERATION—	
of A County and Township Councils	74
Of the head of County City Town and Incorporated Village	*** 17
OC 19.	00
Of C. Hiller and Councel	00
C + 1 L siver to Municipal officer after twenty years service	00
Of police Of gaoler	142
Of gaoler	
Report—	400
Annual, respecting finance, to be made to Lieutenant-Governor in Council	120
Repeal—	
of weighted at a paged prior to 5th March 1880, for grouping Muni	ici-
1'1' f marking oid to malaraya	
A to The contract of managed and the contract of the contract	240
Exceptions from repeal	239, 240
Reservoirs— By-laws for establishing, etc	16'
By-laws for establishing, etc	
Returning Officers—	
See By-laws and Elections.	
Returns-	
V and matures to be made by the Clerk of every City, Town, Village	and
Township to the Provincial Treasurer	7
Township to the Provincial Treasurer Yearly returns to be made to County Clerk by the Clerk of every Townsl	nip,
Village and Town	7

TUIL OWNER CONTINUES	AUE
Yearly returns to be made by County Clerk to Provincial Secretary And by Clerks of Cities and Towns Returns to be laid before the Legislature If not made, moneys payable to Municipality in default to be retained Annual, by Municipality indebted to the Consolidated Municipal Loan Fund	79 80 80 80
to be made to Provincial Treasurer	120
Rewards	
May be offered for apprehension of criminals May be offered for conviction of persons guilty of horse stealing May be granted to persons distinguishing themselves at fires	1653
Riding-	
By-laws for regulating	$\frac{150}{172}$
Riots—	56
Interruption of elections by	00
Rivers—	1.10
By-laws respecting	140
ROAD COMMISSIONERS—	110
By-laws for appointment and removal of	140
ROAD COMPANIES—	1.50
By-laws for aiding	195
Roads—	
By-laws for preventing obstructions to	170 186
Freshold in Crown	107
Invigiliation of Municipal Courcil over	187
Possession to be in Municipality. By-laws for acquiring land to widen	187
" for opening or stopping up and acquiring lands therefor	137 ±
lands " for selling certain road allowances	195
" for searching for and taking materials for repairing	195
whose land is taken has land adjoining original road allowance, to be entitled to it	196
When person whose land is taken has no land adjoining original allowance	196
Possession of unopened road to be decined legal until by-law opening it	196
Person in possession to receive notice before passing of by-law	197
By-laws for aiding adjoining Municipalities to open and maintain roads, etc "granting aid to County for making new roads	197
for stopping up and sale of road allowances 199 for opening and altering	-201
by County for aiding Municipalities within County in making, etc	200
for requiring the opening or repair of County roads in local Munici-	
palities	201
In incorporated Village or Hamlet original road allowance may be stopped up	
and sold	202
When Village or Hamlet in two Townships	203
Earth obtained in making local improvements may be spread on roads	216
And paid out of general funds of Municipality On making ditches along road allowances the road may be made and paid for out of general funds of the Municipality	
See Highways.	

p	AGE
By-laws for appointment and removal of	140
Doggang	
May be sent to House of Correction	142
They be bette to troub of confederal the	
Runners-	177
By-laws for regulating	111
Salaries—	
See Remuneration.	
See REMONERATION.	
Sand—	105
By-laws for preserving or selling, on road allowanees	100
Schools—	
T by we do to colved trustops	119
" for support of	107
for support of for acquiring lands for and aiding High Schools	100
O	
Scholarships— By-laws for endowment of	165
By-laws for endowment of	
Serutiny-	100
After voting on by-laws, may be obtained on petition to Cour y Judge	102
Proceedings	103
Scuttles in Roof—	169
By-laws to compel the erection of	- 0
Secresy—	
m 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	61
To be maintained at elections	101
SECURITY—	88
Bonds of guarantee companies may by accepted	00
Sewers and Sewerage—	
76.7	148
for acquiring land in another Municipality for purposes of	112
Writs for new elections to be issued to, when	67
(17)	LITO
To have eare of Gaol	
Appointment and dismissat of Reepers to be subject to approvat of Elec- tenant-Governor	
tenant-Governor	
Shingles-	455
Shingles— By-laws for regulating measurement of	. 177
Shows— Br. laws respecting	. 159
Here loans rostostills	

	PAGE
By-laws for preventing driving on	170
Signs—	1.00
By-laws for preventing the destroying of	160
SINKING FUND ACCOUNT—	
To be kept	. 117
Sinks-	
By-laws for regulating the construction of	. 171
SLAUGHTER HOUSES-	
By-laws for preventing or regulating	167
SLIPS—	
By-laws respecting	. 148
SMOKE—	
By-laws to compel the consumption of	169
Snow	
By-laws to compel the removal of	. 170
Snow Fences—	
By-laws respecting	. 158
Snow Roads—	
By-laws for keeping double tracks open in	200
Special Constables-	
See Elections.	
Special Meetings—	
See Municipal Council,	
SPECIAL RATE ACCOUNT—	
To be kept	. 117
	•
Special Tax— Prohibited	61
Prombited	. :/1
Squares—	
See Streets.	
Stairs—	
By-laws for regulating the size and structure of, in public buildings	. 150
STATUTE LABOUR—	
By-laws for commuting	
" regulating and enforcing	$\frac{184}{184}$
Statutes— Certain statutes not affected.	145
Coltain seasons have another.	140
STEALING-	
Of election papers, etc	. 89

INDEX.	331
Stone-	PAGE
By-laws for preserving or selling, on road allowances	
Stoveripes—	
Regulations of Police Village respecting	237
Stoves-	
By-laws for regulating	169
STREAMS-	
By-laws for preventing and removing obstructions	185
Streets-	
By-laws to prevent throwing of dirt, etc., into "for clearing of "preventing obstructions to "naming and changing names of. By-law changing name to be registered "for regulating the user of "sale of articles in Possession of in Municipality. By-laws for granting aid to adjoining Municipality to open and maintain Earth obtained in making local improvements may be spread on And paid for ont of general funds of Municipality. By-laws for sweeping, lighting, watering	170 170 171 171 172 177 187 187 197 216
Summary Relief—	
For non-compliance with by-laws	154
Surgeons of Gaol—	
By-laws for appointment of	163
Surplus—	
See Finance	118
Surveyor —	
By-laws for appointing one for Corporation	180
Survers By-laws for providing for Costs of	. 161
Swearing— By-laws for preventing	
SWINE— By-laws for preventing or regulating the keeping of	
TAINTED PROVISIONS — By-laws for seizing and destroying	167
TANNERIES— By-laws for preventing or regulating	167
Taverns— By-laws respecting frequenters of	. 146

Tax	AGE
Special, prohibited	91
Taxes—	
Collection of arrears upon lands situate in newly-incorporated Town	12 12 22 22
nation day	42 42
In Cities, Council may require taxes to be paid by a given day, and in default	46 82
impose an additional percentage	
For local improvements not to be paid by tenant under an agreement to pay taxes unless expressly mentioned	
Telegraph Polts— By-laws for regulating erection and maintenance of	172
Temperance— By-laws to enforce	153
Tender of Amends— Council may make, on claim being made or action brought	134
Time— Holidays excluded in computing, when	62
Timber— By-laws for preventing the obstruction of streams by	
Tires— By-laws for regulating the width of	100
by-laws for regulating the width of	102
Tolls— By-laws for raising money by, on bridges, roads, ete "for granting the right to collect, for not longer than twenty-one years	194 195
TORONTO— Appointment of auditors in City of	0.1
Vacancies provided for Provisions relating to audit	84
Town Hall-	
Township may acquire or rent in Town or Village "and other meetings may be held at	184
Notices may be posted at	184
Towns— Liability of, for maintenance of Court House and Gaol See New Corporations.	143
Townships—	
See New Corporations.	
Trades-	
By-laws for fixing license fees for exereising	90

Tranways— Pr By-laws for authorizing building of	age 231
Transient Traders— By-laws for licensing and regulating	
Travellers— By-laws for preventing importuning	168
Treasurer— See Municipal Officers.	
Trees— By-laws respecting	404
Trustees— Of Police Village See Schools.	233
Undue Influence— See Corrupt Practices.	
Unions— Of Counties.	
Seniority of, how regulated Application of laws to Provisional separation of Mode of adjusting and dividing liabilities and property of union Final separation of. Improvements may be made by the individual Counties. Reeves and Deputy Reeves of Counties interested alone to vote Warden to have casting vote. General provisions for borrowing money to apply Treasurer to pay over moneys without deduction or percentage Property in the County interested alone to be assessed Debentures of County interested to be issued and to bind it as if it were a separate Municipality.	183 183 183 183
Of Townships. See New Corporations.	
Unmarried Women— May vote on by-laws if qualified	97
Unusual Noises— By-laws for preventing	167
VACANT LOTS— By-laws for the enclosure of	168 171
Vagabonds May be sent to House of Correction	142
VAGRANTS— May be sent to House of Correction " " of Industry. By-laws for restraining and punishing	146
VALUATORS— Appointment of	

VEGETABLES-	
By-laws respecting sale of	PAGE
Vehicles—	177
By-laws for regulating and liamin	
By-laws for regulating and licensing 183	1, 182
By-laws for regulating, in harbours	140
By-laws for preventing	
TOTOMERING TIOUSES-	
By-laws for limiting and regulating	. 156
for licensing	157
By-laws for stopping up and sale of original road allowances in	202
Voters' and Defaulters' Lists— 212 S. of O. 1885 can 3. See Elections. Voting of by-laws	
Voters—	95
See Elections.	
Votes-	
To be by ballot	41
Counting of Re-count	52
"ALDEN"	57
One of the Reeves or Deputy Posses 4	
One of the Reeves or Deputy Reeves to be May resign, when Election of	24
Election of	63
W DO TO have continued	73 74
	74
To be head of County	74
TO DE a dilatice of the Poss n.	75 76
ALLET HAVING TAKAN doologoding time of the second s	29
tion necessary as Justice qualification and office no other declara-	30
New division of City	
New division of Citics and Towns into Existing wards on dissolution of union of Township to ccase	11
Division of Townships into	34
Walks-	34
By-laws for acquiring property for	
By-laws for acquiving property for, and managing 17 '' for selling when no longer required 17 '' for acquiring 17	' 9
" for acquiring	'9
WATER—	
By-laws respective	
By-laws respecting	8
for aiding water and a graph of pipes	3
Assent of electors required 160 Head of Corporation to be a director in company in certain cases 160	ŏ
160 m Certain cases 160)

W Courges	PAGE	
Water Courses— By-laws for opening, making, etc. By-laws to prevent obstructions to, etc. See Local Improvements.	150 159, 185	
WATER WORKS-		
May be exempted from taxation By-laws for construction of "for constructing and levying annual special rate for payment Assent of electors required Estimates, etc., to be published To be passed within three months after poll If rejected, no other to be submitted within the current year Not to affect provisions of any special Act. By-laws for fixing price to offer for works or stock of company incorpe for the Municipality Not to collect water rates until this be done. Differences to be referred to arbitration.	180 180 180 180 181 orated 180 180	
WAX WORK EXHIBITIONS— By-laws for preventing or regulating and licensing	159)
Weeds— By-laws to prevent growth of	159	9
Wells— By-laws for establishing public works	16'	7
Wet Lands— Council may purchase, drain and dispose of	15	2
Wharves— By-laws relating to Belonging to Dominion, not to be interfered with without consent of Do Government	14 minion 19	18)1
Wheels— By-laws for regulating the width of	17	72
May vote on by-laws if qualified	10	97 69
Witnesses— Bound to attend on Judge's order Not excused from answering on grounds of self-crimination Such answer not to be used against witness On prosecutions for offences against by-laws—	•••••	72 72 72
On prosecutions for offences against by-laws— Complainant competent witness Also wife or husband Compellable to give evidence Ratepayers, nunicipal officers, etc., not incompetent witnesses Receiving award for apprehension of persons guilty of horse stealing disqualify	1 1 g not to	31
Women (Unmarried)—		0-
Women (Unmarried)— May vote on by-laws if qualified		97
Wood— By-laws for regulating the mode of measuring, etc		177
WOODEN BUILDINGS— By-laws for regulating the erection of	•••••	179

WOODEN FENCES—	т.
By-laws for regulating or preventing the erection of	Page 179
Works-	
By-laws for entering into municipal work jointly with another Municipality	197
Workhouse-	
Council of City and Town may establish. May pass by-laws to regulate the government of Who may be committed to By whom may be committed	141 141 141
Yards	. 141
By-laws for cleaning, draining, etc	171
YEARLY RATES-	. 111
See By-Laws	110
	. 113

PAGE 179

ity.. 197

..... 141 141 141

.... 171

.... 113

