

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAR. 1, 1905

Vol. XXXIV, No. 9

Herring. Herring.

We have in stock a large quantity of HERRING in barrels, half barrels, kits and pails, also pickled and dried CODFISH.



Groceries.

Our store has gained a reputation for reliable Groceries. Our trade during 1904 has been very satisfactory. We shall put forth every effort during the present year to give our customers the best possible service.

Eureka Tea.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

Preserves.—We manufacture all our own Preserves, and can guarantee them strictly pure Sold wholesale and retail.

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Eureka Grocery,
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Gifts of Enduring Value

No man or woman is insensible to the charm of handsome articles of Jewelry or Silver, and many wish that he or she owned more of them; and is glad, indeed, to receive some suitably chosen article of the sort. We have

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From a NAPKIN RING TO A TEA SET. Also SPOONS, KNIVES, FORKS.

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Telescope Field Glasses, Chains, \$9.25 to \$20.00, Bracelets \$7.50 to \$8.00, Belt Buckles 75c to \$3.00, Ladies' Stick Pins and Gentlemen's Scarf Pins 25c to \$10.00, Brooches \$5.00 to \$20.00, Rings set with stones, \$1.50 to \$65.00, Gentlemen's Rings, \$3.00 to \$10.00. Special discounts given during this month.

E. W. TAYLOR,

Cameron Block, Charlottetown.

Well Satisfied

Is what our customers say about the quality and prices of our



Groceries,

and you will be satisfied if you get your

Winter Supplies

HERE.

Our Kerosene Oil, Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, Biscuit, Currants, Raisins, Flavorings, Nuts, or anything you want at this season of the year is the best quality.

Have you tried our INDIA TEA at 25 cts. per pound, or in caddies of about 15 pounds each at a special reduction. People wanting a supply would do well to call on us when in town. Our prices can't be beat.

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P. O. Box 576.

Grocery.

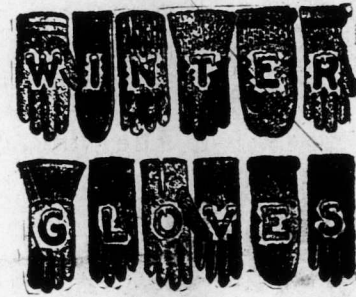
Oshorne House,

Corner Sydney and Queen Street (Near Market.)

Has lately been renovated and is fitted up with all modern conveniences now open for the accommodation of guests. Free coach to and from train and boats.

JOHN T. MELLISH, M. A., LL. B.
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY—A. L. W.
NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.
OFFICE—London House Building.
Collecting, conveying, and all kinds of legal business promptly attended to. Investments made on best security. Money to Loan.

GLOVES, GLOVES.



All winter gloves carried over, comprising Mocha, Kid, Silk lined, Fur lined, Knit gloves, and gauntlets, will be sold at 30 per cent off. Now is the time to secure bargains. These gloves are all of the best quality and latest style. Call early and make your choice.

D. A. BRUCE,

Merchant Tailor - - - Victoria Row.

Jan 25, 1904—tf

We have such an assortment of

Rattan Chairs

That one lady said "you have so many and they're all so nice, it is difficult to make a choice. However she was suited, and we can suit the most critical and economical persons in Ch'town.

Let us have the opportunity of showing you our goods; we believe both prices and quality will be sure to please.

JOHN NEWSON.

P. S.—Goods bought now will be stored until Xmas Eve if desired. J. N.

HARDWARE!

Largest Assortment, Lowest Prices.

WHOLESALE and RATEIL

Fennell & Chandler

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory,

Manufacturers of Doors & Frames, Sashes & Frames inerior and Exterior finish etc., etc..

Our Specialties

Gothic windows, stairs, stair rails, Balusters, New Posts, Cypress Gutter and Conductors. Kiln dried Spruce and Hardwood Flooring, Kiln dried clear spruce, sheathing and clapboards, Encourage home Industry.

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

PEAKE'S No. 3 WHARF.
CHARLOTTETOWN.

Do You Realize That a Neglected Cough May Result in Consumption.

If you have a Cold, Cough, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, or any affection of the Throat and Lungs, what you want is a harmless and certain remedy that will cure you at once.

There is nothing so healing, soothing, and invigorating to the lungs as the balsamic properties of the pine tree.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP Contains the potent healing virtues of the pine, with other absorbent, expectorant and soothing ingredients of recognized worth.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup checks the irritating cough, soothes and heals the inflamed Lungs and Bronchial Tubes, loosens the phlegm, and gives a prompt sense of relief from that choked-up, stuffed feeling.

Price 25 cents per bottle.

Be sure and ask for Dr. Wood's.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A delegate from Boston to a recent educational conference in Philadelphia told of the answer given by a certain pupil in one of the public schools of the Hub in answer to a question put by a professor of natural history.

The question was: What is the difference between a biped and a quadruped?

The pupil's answer was: "A biped has two legs, a quadruped has four legs; therefore the difference between a biped and quadruped is two legs."

Hagyard's Yellow Oil can be applied externally for rheumatism, stiff joints, chapped hands, chilblains, sprains, etc. It can be taken internally for croup, quinsy, bronchitis, pains in the stomach, kidney complaint, etc. Price 25c.

Josiah Quincy of Boston tells how he was once identified by a laborer who was enlightening a friend.

"That is Josiah Quincy," said the laborer.

"And who is Josiah Quincy?" demanded the other.

"Don't you know who Josiah Quincy is?" demanded the first man.

"I never saw such ignorance. Why, he's the grandson of the statue out there in the yard.

Suffered 15 Years.

Mrs. Wm. Ireland, 170 Queen St. East, Toronto, wife of the well known shoemaker suffered from indigestion and constipation for over 15 years.

Nothing did her any good till she tried Laxa-Liver Pills, which cured her.

A natural history tyro has quaint ideas about the camel. "His nest," he says, "is a very mean one, made of twigs, leaves, etc. It has a large body, and it is able to carry it full of water. It has two humps of fat on its back, on which it is able to feed when it is hungry. Its feet are webbed, in which it is able to cross the desert. It hair is used to make brushes which are used for painting. It also lays eggs. It eats worms."

The man.—The poet says that genius is akin to insanity.

The Maid.—Well, there was never any insanity in your family, was there?

If a child eats ravenously, grinds the teeth at night and picks its nose, you may almost be certain it has worms and should administer without delay Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup, this remedy contains its own cathartic.

Elsie: "Did the Doctor just give the baby to us for nothing?"

Nurse: O! no, your Papa had to buy him.

Elsie: "How many trading stamps did he get with him?"

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

HAD TO GIVE UP ALTOGETHER AND GO TO BED.

DOCTORS DID HER NO GOOD.

By the time Miss L. L. Hanson, Watford, N. B., had taken Three Boxes of MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS She Was Completely Cured.

She writes us as follows:—"Gentlemen—I feel it my duty to express to you the benefit I have derived from Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I was suffering from heart failure. At first I would have to stop working, and in doing so for a while I then got so bad that I had to give up altogether and go to bed. I had several doctors attend me, but they did me no good. I got no relief until I used your pills. I sent for the store for a box, and by the time I had taken three boxes of it I began to get relief, and by the time I had taken three boxes I was completely cured. I feel very grateful to your medicine for what it has done for me.—Miss L. L. HANSON, Watford, N. B.

Price 50 cents per box, or \$ for 12 boxes. All Dealers or

TER T. MILBURN CO., LIMITED, Toronto, Ont.

Roman Letter.

(Special Correspondence the N. Y. Freeman's Journal).

Rome, Jan. 18.—About three weeks ago a friend of Vox Urbis left Rome to realize the dream of his life—a visit to the Holy Places sanctified by the birth, life and death of our Lord. He returned yesterday, and has declared that he never regretted a pilgrimage so much. He had been prepared to find many things to try his devotion, but he had consoled himself with the reflection that, after all, he would be able to follow the very footsteps of our Saviour from the crib of Bethlehem to the Cross of Calvary. But he never got over his first feeling of surprise and dismay on discovering that the Holy Places are not altogether in the possession of Catholics. Many of the shrines, the most sacred places in the whole world, are in the keeping of the Franciscans and have been for centuries; others are possessed by Greek schismatics; in others both Greeks and Catholics have common rights; some are actually divided, so that as far as a certain mark the spot belongs to the Catholics, and beyond it to the Greeks.

This revolting condition of things has been the cause of innumerable quarrels, often ending in bloodshed. It is only a few years since the Turkish troops were obliged to use all their force to save the Franciscans from the attacks of the Greeks—in fact, two or three of the poor friars were grievously wounded.

The Franciscans have been obliged to watch day and night to prevent usurpations by the schismatics, yet in spite of all their vigilance the cunning and violence of their adversaries have succeeded in wresting from them more than one hallowed spot. It has happened sometimes that a Greek monk has been allowed to sweep a part of the ground occupied by the Catholics; the experiment has been repeated and repeated again, and finally the Greek authorities have laid claim to the place and shown their ownership in the fact that they have swept it; the situation is certainly bad enough without adding anything to aggravate it. Unhappily, something must be added. For while the Franciscans are ever on the watch to prevent Catholic shrines from passing into the hands of the Greeks, and the Greeks are constantly inventing new devices to outwit or assault the Franciscans, both sides are dependent for protection and justice—on the Turkish soldiers and the French Consul!

But to come back to my story. My friend was in Bethlehem on the Feast of the Epiphany. He enjoyed the great privilege of celebrating the Mass in the very place where the Divine Child first opened His eyes to the world and to His Blessed Mother, and on the very day, our Lord revealed Himself to the Gentiles in the persons of the wise men from the East. The day following was the Greek Christmas, and they observed it with great solemnity in Bethlehem, their patriarch and several bishops being present. The rights of both Catholics and Greeks over the Grot of Bethlehem have been clearly defined for ages by the most precise regulations. There are two staircases leading to it—that on the south side belonging to the Greeks exclusively, while the other, on the north side, is the property of the Catholics. Time and again the Greeks have endeavored to make use of the north staircase, and thus begin the foundation of a claim to it. European diplomacy has more than once had to be invoked to put an end to these attempts, but the schismatics have not by any means given up their designs. Their aim is to obtain full possession of both entrances to the Grotto, and when this is done they will be able to exclude the Franciscans altogether from the shrine. As matters stand at present the Greeks have acquired the right to increase the Grotto twice on the night of their Christmas. They did so as usual this year and retired. But an hour or so after the second ceremony the two Franciscans on duty were surprised to observe a Greek procession enter for the third time—nearly two hours after midnight. Two Greek deacons, fully vested and bearing thuribles, were seen to enter. With them were the Turkish janissaries told off to preserve order among the Christians, and after them came a score of so-called Greek monks. The smeared Franciscans were, of course, unable to prevent the ceremony, which they knew to be a usurpation, but their astorishment and indignation were still further increased when the deacons and their followers attempted to leave the Grotto by the north staircase. They took up their position at the foot of the staircase and refused to move. The next moment they were brutally assault-

ed by the schismatics, and when the Turkish soldiers without arrived they found the unfortunate friars shockingly bruised and almost lifeless. The soldiers came in time to shut the door on the north staircase through which the Greeks meant to pass out.

Meanwhile the Father Guardian of the Franciscans had been awakened and told the ugly news. He was implored by the local civil and military authorities to grant permission to the Greek deacons to use the forbidden staircase, but the Father Guardian knew with whom he had to deal and refused. Two Greek monks sent by the schismatic patriarch added their entreaties, but Father Guardian was not to be moved. Until six o'clock in the morning the Greek deacons remained down in the Grotto facing the Turkish janissaries. Then the French Consul (or his representative) and the Turkish General of Palestine made their appearance, and by their orders the door was opened at last and the deacons walked out in triumph. Both the Frenchman and the Turk, in giving the permission, made a pretense that they did so only as a temporary measure of expediency. Next day my friend left Bethlehem and the Holy Land, humiliated and grieved to see violence and bloodshed in the house of the Prince of Peace.

This revolting story is one of practical importance for Catholics all over the world. Collections are made every year in all parts of the world for the preservation and the decent keeping of the places hallowed by the presence of our Lord, and immense sums of money have been spent for this purpose. The money thus contributed gives the Catholics of all countries, and consequently the respective governments under which they live, certain legal claims over the Holy Places. Is it not time that some concerted action be taken by their representatives to put an end to the barbarous state of things above described.

There is at last a break in the black cloud that has hung over the Church in France for many years past. It is not much of a break, to be sure, but such as it is everybody in Rome is grateful for. Combes has fallen from power just when it seemed that nothing could prevent him from completing the destruction of religion in France. Very likely his successor will be anything but a friend of the Holy See, but the general opinion all over Europe to-night is that neither he nor anybody else can for the moment carry on the persecution with the intensity of Combes and his friends. It is even possible that before long diplomatic relations between France and the Holy See will be resumed, although the French Parliament has already suppressed the funds allotted hitherto for that purpose.

The first series of beatifications of the reign of Pius X., closed last Saturday, when three Hungarian martyrs who suffered for the faith at the hands of the Calvinists at the beginning of the seventeenth century were raised to the altars of the Church. And now begging the preparation for another series. There is every likelihood that important progress will be made in the near future with the causes of the Irish martyrs under the reformation, and especially with that of the Venerable Archbishop Plunkett, Archbishop of Armagh. The cause of the Venerable Duns Scotus, the great Irish Franciscan known as the "Subtle Doctor," is as good as safe; that of the Venerable Joan of Arc will certainly not be delayed much longer. Little has been heard recently about the process of the Venerable Bishop Neumann, of Philadelphia, but that, too, is making satisfactory progress. To-day the Cardinals of the Congregation of Rites met in the Vatican under the presidency of the Holy Father to discuss the cause of the beatification of the Venerable Magdalen Sophie Barat, foundress of the Ladies of the Sacred Heart of Jesus.

VOX URBIS.

Items of Interest.

Cardinal Satolli who has been dangerously ill, is reported to be well advanced on the road to recovery.

It is pleasant to read that a Protestant clergyman, the Rev. Nicholas Devereux, of London, has contributed £200 towards the cost of repairs made on the Catholic church in Kilmab, Ireland, besides making a present to the pastor, the Rev. P. Daroy, of £10.

Very Rev. Joseph Simier, superior general of the Brothers of Mary, died the other day at Nivelles, Belgium. The deceased had occupied his high office almost twenty-nine years, and enjoyed a reputation for his scholarly attainments. He visited the United States several times on tours of inspection.

The Protestants of Barton, England, have received another very rude shock through the announcement from the Anglican pulpits that Rev. A. E. Franklin, curate of St. Mary's Anglican Church, had "gone over to Rome." Mr. Franklin, who is on a holiday, has sent a letter to the vicar, the Rev. C. C. National, stating that he will be shortly received into the Catholic Church.

Even though the new French Ministry should prove to be no better than its predecessor, it is a satisfaction to know that Combes is out of it. He has been the most virulent enemy of religion among the public men of France since the Revolution, and it is good to see him forced to retire from the Premiership with his labour of hatred, incomplete.—Casket.

While Russian liberals are demanding trial by jury and freedom of the press, that their country may take its place among the progressive nations, the State of Minnesota is abolishing the grand jury, and the Governor of Pennsylvania is presenting to the Legislature a bill by which any person aggrieved by the utterances of a newspaper may petition the Attorney-General for an abatement of the nuisance by the suppression of the offending journal. This may cause the Ozar to doubt whether some of the reforms desired by his subjects are really worthy of the name.—Casket.

It is reported that Mgr. Bonomelli, Bishop of Cremona, whose untiring efforts for the bettering of conditions of Italian immigrants have made him popular in Italy, is to be created a Senator by the King. It will be the first time since 1870, that an Italian Bishop has been chosen a member of the Senate, and it is surmised the Vatican authorities were consulted regarding the matter before King Victor Emmanuel decided to make such a new departure from custom and tradition.

Our Parish Calendar of Lawrence, Mass., gives good advice when it says: "Never destroy a religious book, pamphlet or paper. No matter how old, how dilapidated, it may contain some gem of thought, a tiny seed of knowledge, a germ of salvation. Give it to some one; leave it where it may be picked up. Let it blow away rather than burn it. We have known conversions brought about by reading a detached leaf of a religious periodical, by the perusal of an old austere prayer-book, the chance picking up of a good book."

Says the New Century: "In the midst of efforts to build up a fortune, or to found a reputation, or to achieve some transient end, death comes; and very often quite suddenly, and sometimes due to over-exertion, over-zeal or despondency and despair. The good advice of the great Teacher of mankind 'Be not solicitous for the things of this world, is emphasized. We are such things as dreams are made of; and our little lives are rounded off by sleep. A true humility in the presence of the Infinite is the highest wisdom for us."

Referring to the Most Rev. Dr. O'Reilly, Archbishop of Adelaide, the "Pall Mall Gazette" says he possesses an accomplishment unusual in an Archbishop. He can set up type. He was editor of a weekly paper before he became a prelate, and his compositions went on strike. In this emergency he took to the case himself, and industriously acquired the art of type-setting. He afterwards called the strike a blessing in disguise, as it saved him the trouble of writing any more leading articles. Thereafter he put them in type straight from his head.

The Roman correspondent of the London "Catholic Times" announces the introduction of the cause of canonization of Father Dominic of the Mother of God, Passionist, the modern apostle of England, whose happiness it was to receive Cardinal Newman into the Church. "By the time this intelligence appears in England," says the correspondent, "the document of which I wrote will have been laid before the Sacred Congregation of Rites. Report speaks of prodigious orae which will be discussed in due season under the aspect of miracles alleged as wrought through the intercession of this father, who will be styled 'Servant of God' if the Congregation deliver an affirmative judgment on the prima facie case for the introduction of the cause."

Minard's Liniment relieves neuralgia.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1st, 1905. SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR. PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY JAMES McISAAC Editor & Proprietor.

DECEPTION POLICY CONTINUED

The Legislative Session has at last been opened. It has also been closed for a long adjournment, as our readers will observe. The speech put into the mouth of the Lieutenant Governor by the Executive, will be found in another column. It will surely be admitted by all that it is about as barren a document as could very well be spread over the same number of paragraphs. It fore-shadows no legislation, expresses several regrets and refers to some things hoped for in the face of direct and positive evidence to the contrary. The questions of increased subsidies and the distribution of the Halifax Fisheries Award, that have done duty for so many years, and last year occupied two lengthy paragraphs in the speech with which the session was opened, are this time compressed into one small paragraph. It must be confessed that nothing short of extraordinary temerity and unheeded confidence in the credulity of the people prompted any reference to the Fishery Award in the face of the positive declaration of the Federal Minister of Marine on the previous day. Nothing could be more glaring than the duplicity and imposition of the Government in this matter of the Fishery Award. In the speech with which the session of 1904 was opened, the Lieutenant Governor was made to say:—

"During the recess, the claim that Prince Edward Island be paid its proportion of the Halifax Fishery Award, under the Treaty of Washington has been engaging the attention of my Government in conjunction with the administrations of the other provinces. I am happy to say that the matter has received the favorable consideration of the Federal Government, and it has been arranged that a case shall be stated for the opinion of the Supreme Court of Canada, as to the rights of the Provinces interested to their share of the Award. This will finally dispose of this vexed question, and will, after payment of the fishery bounties, as heretofore, yield a large sum of money for the use of the Province, thereby largely augmenting the present revenue, and thus reducing the present rate of taxation, without affecting the rights of the fishermen of this Island." In the course of his budget speech during this session of 1904, Mr. Peters said:—"But if the Dominion of Canada, received it [the award] as our money, in right, in justice and equity and in every other principle that is known to law or justice, they are bound to pay that money over to us, and if they are bound to pay it over to us, then, Sir, they are bound to give us the income of that money. If they held the money since 1877, the year the Award was made in Halifax, and kept that money for themselves, placing it, I presume, on interest or in any other consolidated fund, then they must account to us for the use of that money and the only way you can account for the use of monies is by paying the interest. Therefore, I claim if the decision of the Supreme Court be in our favor—it will be decided next month—we are not only entitled to our share of the Award, the capital paid over, but to the interest for all the time the Dominion Government have held our money.

I do not think any lawyer or any person who has studied the question at all will deny that fact. I believe the Supreme Court will decide in our favor next month, and if we get that it requires but pencil and paper to calculate on what that would be." Mr. Peters, during the general election campaign, made this question do duty for him in his quest for votes. But now on the very eve of the opening of the Legislative Session of 1905, we have the declaration of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries at Ottawa, that the Federal Government "did not intend to distribute among the Provinces interested, the amount of the Halifax Fishery Award received by Canada. Nor was the question to be submitted to the British Privy Council or the Canadian Supreme Court. The Government also did not intend to take action with regard to the settlement of this question during

the present session." All will admit that these are most positive and definite declarations of ministerial policy, yet in the face of all this, the Provincial Government try to make the public believe this question is in course of adjustment. Could deception and duplicity go further?

The Writ for the By-Election.

A writ of election for the Second District of King's County has been issued. Nomination Day will be Tuesday March 21st, and Polling will take place on March 28th. The course pursued by the Government in causing the writ to issue appears, according to the law governing such matters, to be quite irregular and illegal. This is the contention of Mr. Mathieson, Leader of the Opposition, Mr. Morson and other legal gentlemen, in and out of the House. The resolution bearing on the case, introduced in the House by the Government and passed, reads as follows:—

"Whereas owing to the return of the Returning Officer for King's County regarding the Second District of King's County at the last General Election, held on the 7th day of December, 1904, whereby it appeared by the report of the said Returning Officer that Arthur Peters and Harvey D. McEwen, two candidates for Assemblyman contesting the said District, received an equal number of votes at said Election, to wit 515 each and that neither was declared elected:—

"Therefore Resolved, That in the opinion of this House, a writ for a new election for an Assemblyman in the said District should be issued by the Lieutenant Governor in-Council." There is no declaration in this resolution that a vacancy exists in the second district of King's, and nothing in any action taken by the Government creating such a vacancy. Consequently if there is no vacancy, why does a writ of election issue? The fact that two candidates received an equal number of votes is no evidence of a vacancy. On the contrary it is strong presumption in favor of extraordinary representation. According to English precedents both Mr. Peters and Mr. McEwen could have subscribed the roll and taken their seats. But after the election of the Speaker they could not vote, neither could they speak. The fact that they did not do this does not prove that the seat is vacant. Then again the authorizing of a writ to be issued by the Lieutenant Governor in Council is clearly contrary to law, as the act governing the case clearly sets forth that "Every writ of election for the election of a member or members to serve in the Assembly of this Province shall be issued by the Provincial Secretary and shall be addressed and directed to the Sheriff of the County." This is so clear that no one can fail to understand it. The Provincial Secretary and not the Lieutenant Governor in Council should issue the writ. These are the facts of the case, and it seems quite evident the Government have made a serious blunder.

The crossings at the Capes this winter, since the tie up of the winter steamers, have been more delayed than perhaps ever before. So long as these delays and disappointments have been in consequence of the very stormy weather, no reasonable man can find fault. If those charged with this duty do the best they can to effect a crossing whenever a crossing is possible, no exception can be taken. The delays and disappointments in the mail and passenger traffic, in consequence of the storms have been sufficient in all conscience, without adding to them through political partisanship. A case of serious delay and disappointment in consequence of political interference has very recently occurred. On Thursday last, the day of the by-election in the Bedeque District, the boats from Cape Tormentine started in the morning and landed on this side about noon. In their passage they encountered head winds and at least two miles of open water; but notwithstanding these difficulties they made a fairly good passage. The conditions that militated against the boats from Tormentine would have favored the boats from Cape Traverse, as with fair wind they could use their sails and quickly cover the open water stretch. But the boats from Cape Traverse did not start in the morning, because the boatmen were wanted to vote for Mr. Reid, the Government candidate, and by the time they were ready to go the storm was raging and they

did not start. In consequence of this all the boats were on the island side, and we have received no mail from the mainland since. No crossing from this side was made from that date until yesterday, and now all the boats are on the other side. In consequence of that delay the mails that might have crossed that morning, remained at Cape Traverse till yesterday, and the passengers, who were ready to start the same day were also obliged to wait. Among the passengers ready to go that morning was Mr. W. W. Stanley, of this city, on his way to the old country to purchase goods for his firm. By crossing on Thursday, as might have been done, he would have been able to take a steamer at Halifax on Saturday, or from Portland on Monday. In consequence of the unnecessary delay he cannot sail before Saturday, and then from New York. Others were no doubt equally disappointed. What do the people think of this?

(1) A list containing the names and respective addresses of all Agents of the Government for the sale or distribution of Government hay. (2) A copy of instructions forwarded by the Government or any member thereof or any person or persons acting for the Government to Agents for the sale of Government hay. (3) A list containing the names and respective addresses of all Agents of the Government from time to time employed for the sale or distribution of Government hay. (4) A statement showing the terms upon which the said agents were employed by the Government, giving the amount of payment or rate of commission to be allowed to each, and the amount paid to each. (5) All letters, accounts and returns received from said agents by the Government, or any person or persons acting on their behalf, and also a copy of the letters sent to said agents on behalf of the Government relating to the sale of hay. (6) The name or names with the address or respective addresses of the agent or agents residing without this Province or the Government in the purchase of hay. (7) The correspondence or a copy thereof between each mentioned agent, and any person or persons acting for the Government in that behalf. (8) The terms upon which such mentioned agent or agents was or were employed by the Government. (9) At what price or at what different prices per ton was the said hay sold to the farmers of this Province and how much was sold at each price. (10) A statement showing the price per ton paid by the Government for the said hay and the number of tons purchased at each price. (11) In any of the said hay, and if so how much remaining in the hands of the Government or their agents and in whose possession is the same. (12) How much hay purchased for the Government is now in transit to this Province and where is it at present stored. (13) What amount has been incurred for transportation charges for hay imported to this Province by the Government and to whom were the said charges paid, and how much to each? What amount has been paid on account of such charges and to whom and how much to whom? (14) Answer the same question with respect to hay purchased by the Government and now in transit to this Province. (15) Did the Government delegate to any person or persons and if so to whom the duty of procuring the said hay? (16) Upon what terms as to remuneration or were such last mentioned person or persons employed by the Government? Have any sum or sums been paid to such person or persons and if so how much to each and when? (17) Did the Government employ Captain Joseph Read in connection with the purchase and transportation of said hay and if so when and upon what terms as to payment for his services. Is he still in the employ of the Government? (18) What action if any does the Government propose to take for the relief of farmers who have not the means to procure Government hay. (19) What action if any does the Government propose to take with respect to the procuring of seed grain for the coming spring? (20) Is the Government aware that for want of fodder cattle are dying of starvation in this Province. (21) What provision is the Government making to relieve the needs of the farmers during the present interruption of navigation.

The Legislative Session

The opening of the Legislature, which had been three times postponed, took place on Friday afternoon last with the usual formalities. After the swearing in of the members and the election of Dr. Douglas as Speaker, his Honor the Lieutenant Governor entered the chamber and having taken his seat opened the session with the following:—

I hereby welcome you on re-assembling for the discharge of your important Legislative duties, on this, the first opportunity of meeting you since my appointment to the honorable position of Lieutenant Governor of this Province and I have much pleasure in congratulating you upon the general progress of the Province, although there was last year unfortunately a great shortage of crops, owing to the dry season. I regret to inform you that the Representation Case, which was argued before the Privy Council last summer, has been decided adversely to this Province. It is, however, satisfactory to know that this question has been finally decided by the highest court in the realm. The matters of the increased Provincial Subsidies and the distribution of the Halifax Fishery Award have not yet received any definite decision from the Federal Government, having been referred owing to the Federal and Provincial elections. I regret, however, that these matters will soon be adjusted to the satisfaction of this Province. The question of the funding of the Provincial debt, whereby a large saving of interest can be effected will be submitted for your consideration. During the recess our late popular Governor-General, the Earl of Minto, retired, and he has been succeeded by Earl Grey, whose appointment gives promise of being most acceptable to the Canadian people. The Government having become aware of the scarcity of fodder this year imported, and are importing a quantity of hay for distribution to those in need of it. I regret that owing to the impossibility of getting prompt transportation by rail, and to the stoppage in the winter communication between the Island and the mainland, a delay in the delivery of the hay has arisen, but I trust that as soon as communication is resumed it will be received and delivered to the farmers as quickly as possible. I am happy to be able to inform you that the Provincial Exhibition Association aided by the grant from my Government, held last fall the most successful fair in the history of Provincial Exhibitions.

I am glad to state that the tourist traffic, so advantageous to this Province, is being greatly stimulated by the distribution of descriptive literature issued by my Government. The Public Accounts for the past year will be laid before you; and the estimates of the income, and expenditure for the current year will be submitted. I feel assured that you will find that the estimates of expenditure have been prepared with due regard to economy, and the requirements of the public service. I now invoke for your labors, the blessing of Providence, in the firm conviction that your efforts will result in great benefit to our Province and people.

The members in attendance numbered twenty, five opposition and fifteen Government. The absentees on the opposition were Messrs. A. J. McDonald, Georgetown, and John Kitchham, Souris. Mr. Peter's was outside the bar, mostly in the clerk's room. Mr. Simpson occupied the Premier's seat and assisted, with the assistance of Mr. Cummings, to lead the House. After his Honor the Lieutenant Governor departed, the door keepers and messengers and some committees were appointed. At this stage Mr. Mathieson, Leader of the Opposition, asked the Leader of the House, to announce the personnel of the Government. It was most desirable, he said, that the House and the public should know who his Honor's advisers were. All precedents showed that this announcement was made in the House at the earliest possible moment after the meeting of the Legislature. To the surprise of all assembled, Mr. Simpson refused to furnish the desired information. Mr. Mathieson considered such conduct most extraordinary. Was Mr. Simpson the Leader of the House, or was he only one of the political twins, himself and Mr. Cummings, with whom he seem to advise. Well, if it was a twin leadership, would either of the twins be so kind as to give the information? Which of the twins was the elder? Was there a Government at all; had his Honor any responsible advisers? These are questions upon which some light should be thrown. But to all these questions the leadership by commission, made no reply. The House then adjourned till Saturday.

After routine on Saturday Mr. Mathieson, Leader of the Opposition, who had previously given notice of the same, asked the Leader of the Government to lay on the table of this House the correspondence or a copy thereof between the Government of this Province or any person or persons acting on its behalf and the Minister of Railways, or any person or persons acting on his behalf respecting the transportation of hay for the Government of this Province. (2) A copy of instructions forwarded by the Government or any member thereof or any person or persons acting for the Government to Agents for the sale of Government hay. (3) A list containing the names and respective addresses of all Agents of the Government from time to time employed for the sale or distribution of Government hay. (4) A statement showing the terms upon which the said agents were employed by the Government, giving the amount of payment or rate of commission to be allowed to each, and the amount paid to each. (5) All letters, accounts and returns received from said agents by the Government, or any person or persons acting on their behalf, and also a copy of the letters sent to said agents on behalf of the Government relating to the sale of hay. (6) The name or names with the address or respective addresses of the agent or agents residing without this Province or the Government in the purchase of hay. (7) The correspondence or a copy thereof between each mentioned agent, and any person or persons acting for the Government in that behalf. (8) The terms upon which such mentioned agent or agents was or were employed by the Government. (9) At what price or at what different prices per ton was the said hay sold to the farmers of this Province and how much was sold at each price. (10) A statement showing the price per ton paid by the Government for the said hay and the number of tons purchased at each price. (11) In any of the said hay, and if so how much remaining in the hands of the Government or their agents and in whose possession is the same. (12) How much hay purchased for the Government is now in transit to this Province and where is it at present stored. (13) What amount has been incurred for transportation charges for hay imported to this Province by the Government and to whom were the said charges paid, and how much to each? What amount has been paid on account of such charges and to whom and how much to whom? (14) Answer the same question with respect to hay purchased by the Government and now in transit to this Province. (15) Did the Government delegate to any person or persons and if so to whom the duty of procuring the said hay? (16) Upon what terms as to remuneration or were such last mentioned person or persons employed by the Government? Have any sum or sums been paid to such person or persons and if so how much to each and when? (17) Did the Government employ Captain Joseph Read in connection with the purchase and transportation of said hay and if so when and upon what terms as to payment for his services. Is he still in the employ of the Government? (18) What action if any does the Government propose to take for the relief of farmers who have not the means to procure Government hay. (19) What action if any does the Government propose to take with respect to the procuring of seed grain for the coming spring? (20) Is the Government aware that for want of fodder cattle are dying of starvation in this Province. (21) What provision is the Government making to relieve the needs of the farmers during the present interruption of navigation.

matter in question, the Provincial Secretary—not the Lieutenant Governor in Council—issued the writ of election. The Lieutenant Governor merely countersigned the writ. By the passage of the resolution, the House would nullify itself, and the Government. The Government has no power under the law to issue a writ of election for the second district of King's. There is no precedent for such an action. It is utterly absurd and ridiculous. The English practice in such cases is that both candidates are returned and both are entitled to take a seat in the House. But in this case neither candidate claims to do so. What additional authority, he asked, is conferred upon the council or upon anyone else by the expression of opinion of this House? What has the House got to do with the matter? Mr. Morson contended that the House had no power to act as it had been asked to do. The case is without precedent in this Province. There is no provision in the law for such a situation as now exists. A double return has been made, and no action has been taken by either of the candidates. In his opinion a statutory provision for a new election would have to be made before a writ could be issued or a new election be legally held. The only member of the legal profession on the Government side of the House maintained a discreet silence, and Hon. Mr. Cummings undertook to enlighten the House out of his great wisdom and legal knowledge. The resolution passed. A message from his Honor, the Lieutenant Governor was read to the effect that when the House adjourned it should stand adjourned until Tuesday April 4th next. When the motion to adjourn was made, the Leader of the Opposition to exception to the course the Government were pursuing. Why should the House adjourn for all this time? Was it because of an election to be held in the second district of King's? Was it necessary to adjourn for that purpose? Was the Government side so poor in talent that they had to depend upon the will of one man; were they wholly incapable to carry on the business of the Province without the assistance of Mr. Peters? He referred to the hardship arising throughout the Province in consequence of the scarcity of cattle feed, and instances cases upon the basis now obtained will be given under the Federal authority in his own observation. He considered it was the duty of the Government to

take some steps to distribute among the needy such supplies of fodder as could be found with those who had to spare, and make such regulations as would tide over the extreme case, until the hay should arrive. He also took occasion to point out the instances of wrong done in the distribution of the Government hay, when party politics was made the condition of receiving or not receiving hay contracted for. Mr. Morson followed and brought the Government severely to task for their conduct in the hay matter. Mr. McKinnon and Mr. Fraser followed on the same lines. Mr. Fraser thought the Government should take some steps to assist the people in not only paying for the hay; but should assist them in procuring seed grain. Attempts at defence of the Government were made by Messrs. Simpson, Cummings, Hazard and Hughes. The House then adjourned until Tuesday April 4th.

The Autonomy Bills.

The bills creating two new Provinces in the Northwest were introduced in the House of Commons by Sir Wilfred Laurier, on the 21st Feb. and were read a first time. Briefly summarized the provisions are the following: The provinces to be known as Alberta and Saskatchewan will contain about 275,000 square miles each, and will divide nearly equal proportions a population of about 500,000 souls. The dividing line of the two provinces will be the fourth principal meridian. The southern boundary of each will be the line between Canada and the United States; the northern boundary of each will be the present boundary between the territories of Athabasca and McKenzie. The western boundary of Alberta is the eastern boundary of British Columbia and the eastern boundary of Alberta is the western boundary of Saskatchewan, and the eastern boundary of Saskatchewan is the western boundary of Manitoba extended northward. The petition of the Territories has not been acceded to. Instead of giving the new provinces possession and control of the public land now included in the Territories the Federal Government retains these and in lieu thereof give the new provinces large annual subsidies, and other financial aid is to be given to the total amount of \$1,335,375 annually, under present conditions, with the possibility of an increase to the sum of \$2,000,000 annually. The separate schools upon the basis now obtained will be guaranteed under the Federal authority. The new provinces will be created July 1st, 1905.

More Bargains IN WINTER GOODS Blankets. We have 4 grades in the pure wool blankets. Each grade marked at a special price, \$4.05, \$5.50, \$6.25, \$7.00. Here are three special values in low price blankets. For real good value they cannot be equalled, \$2.50, \$2.90, \$3.90.

Flannelette Waists. We have a small lot of about 2 dozen Flannelette Waists in very pretty patterns and shades all new this fall. They are marked \$1.15 each. We want to clear them out at once, so to-day you take your choice at 70 cents each.

Ladies' Coats. To-day we place on sale six cloth coats at a special price of \$8.90 each. You can see them in our eastern show window. They are one of the best values we have ever offered in ladies' coats. If you need a new coat see them at once.

Ladies' Underwear. Ribbed cotton fleeces under vests long sleeve special 25 cents. White ribbed cotton fleeces, long sleeve, special price 35 cents. Ribbed union vests with long sleeves, special price 50 cents.

Hosiery. Limit. ribbed cashmere hose, regular value 20 cts., special price 16 cents. Ribbed and plain all wool cashmere hose, special price 25 cents. Special line of heavy ribbed all wool stockings, special price 30 cents.

Morson & Duffy Barristers & Attorneys, Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P.E.I. MONEY TO LOAN. Solicitors for Royal Bank of Canada. No Breakfast Table complete without EPPS'S An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact, fitted to build up and maintain robust health, and to resist winter's extreme cold. It is a valuable diet for children. COCOA The Most Nutritious and Economical.

MEET ME AT THE ALWAYS BUSY STORE HALF PRICE Sale of Ladies' Cloth Coats AT Stanley Bros. All our magnificent stock of Ladies' and Misses Cloth Coats now on sale at 50 cts on the dollar. All this season's Goods are perfection in style, fit, finish and workmanship.

LADIES' FUR COATS In ASTRAKAN, COON and RUSSIAN LAMB At Bargain Prices. Stanley Bros. To-day we place on sale six cloth coats at a special price of \$8.90 each. You can see them in our eastern show window. They are one of the best values we have ever offered in ladies' coats. If you need a new coat see them at once.

SEND IT HERE If you want anything done in first class style (in furniture repairs) by competent mechanics who understand the irwork We have the facilities and the men to turn out all kinds of repairs promptly and in first class condition. Prices Reasonable, Work the Best MARK WRIGHT Furniture Company.



LADIES' Genuine German JACKETS.

The Germans make the prettiest Jackets—there is no doubt of it. We Bought 1,000.

We have just about a thousand of the prettiest, snappiest, most stylish garments we could find among the German makers. They are ready now for your choosing.

- Black German Beaver, \$5.00 up to \$24.00
- Blue German Beaver, 5.50 up to 13.50
- Fawn German Beaver, 6.50 up to 16.50
- Black German Vicuna, 4.00 up to 10.00
- Blue German Vicuna, 4.00 up to 10.00
- Black German Frieze, 3.75 up to 5.50
- Blue German Frieze, 3.75 up to 5.50
- Fancy German Mixture, 5.50 up to 8.50

The styles and coloring are all pleasant to look upon.

CHILDREN'S

All German make, age 3 to 15 years, in short and Ulster lengths, navy, fancy piping, \$2.00 each for small size, and up according to size.

Fancy mix coat, long, belt back, stole front, very natty—cost, small size, \$2.75, up to 12 years of age at \$4.25.

A better grade in navy frieze with shoulder cape, trimmed red felt, small size \$4.50 and up to \$6.75.

Did you see that splendid silk frieze skirt we are selling at \$2.25, it's worth \$3.25 of anybody's money.

PROWSE BROS.

The Ladies' Outfitters.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

In the by election in the Bedouque District on Thursday last, Hon. S. E. Reid was re-elected by an increased majority.

Hon. Mr. Fielding, Minister of Finance arrived in Ottawa on Saturday, after an absence of nearly two months in Europe.

A Halifax despatch of Monday says: The blockade on the International is raised by the unexpected thaw. Stalled trains are all moving and likely to arrive here today. All the outward trains today left on time.

Berlin advices of Feb. 23rd., says: The German Court has been advised that the Emperor of Russia has elected to continue the war which he has prosecuted with the utmost energy, the domestic situation being within control of the authorities.

Jenkins building, a three story brick structure at Whitman, Mass., occupied by a number of business firms was burned early on Monday. Adjoining buildings caught fire several times, but the blaze in each instance was extinguished without damage—total loss \$75,000.

More than forty city blocks have been destroyed by fire at Hot Springs, Arkansas, and the most conservative estimates place the loss at a million and a half of dollars, while several insurance men say the figure will reach two millions. There were, at least three fatalities, three unknown bodies having been recovered.

Advices of Feb. 24, from Gondo Switzerland says: The piercing of the Simplon tunnel through the Alps was completed at 7:30 this morning. The work was commenced in 1895. The meeting of the boring parties Swiss and Italian, was signalled throughout Switzerland by the ringing of church bells and the salutes of cannons.

Wilberforce Graves, brakeman on the I. C. R., met with a bad accident while engaged in plowing out a wharf-riding at Monday morning with Debo's "Pig," which is a flat car rigged with flangers. The car left the track and toppled over on Graves in such a way as to break both legs. One leg was so badly broken as to require amputation, the other leg it is thought may be saved.

A New York despatch of the 27th, says: As a result of the Brick layers strike, the brick layers of this city in connection with their agreement with Masons and Builders Association will have their wages raised from 65 to 70 cents an hour on Wednesday. These are the highest wages ever paid bricklayers in this country. Under this rate of wages it will be possible for bricklayers to make \$67.50 per week. Eight hours at 70 cents an hour is \$5.60, and in a busy season, almost without exception, the bricklayers work 12 hours a day. For every hour overtime they will receive double pay, so that for the extra four hours they receive as much as for the previous eight or \$11.20 for the day. The present agreement was made last May.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

No trains, no mails, no steamers. That is the latest transportation intelligence.

The mail steamer arrived at Halifax yesterday morning from Liverpool with three hundred passengers, mostly Britishers, for the West.

There was a small attendance and a small stock at the Market yesterday. Eggs sold for 30 cts, butter 24 to 25 cts per lb, beef 5 to 6, fowl 40 to 50 cts per pair. One load of hay sold for 75 cts, per cow.

News comes from Ottawa to-day that Sifton has resigned from the Laurier Cabinet in consequence of disagreement with his leader on the educational clause of the Northwest Autonomy bill.

It is reported says the Patriot that the owners of two valuable trotting horses in King's County shot their animals owing to scarcity of fodder. They were unwilling to give them away in case they would not be treated properly.

An experienced railway manager at Halifax taking a hasty view of the railway situation says: "A million dollars will not put the railways of Nova Scotia in the position they would have been in had the season been a normal one. As for the loss of business to the Province, perhaps another million dollars—for the losses everywhere have been numerous—will be within the mark in making estimates."

The ice on the Hillsborough River is in a very bad condition; as a matter of fact it is almost impassable. The surface is covered with a few inches of light snow, and beneath this to a depth of over two feet is pure slush. It is also said that the great weight of snow is causing the ice to sink making traffic very dangerous. Horses get bogged and are unable to extricate themselves. Many leave their horses on either side and pull their sleigh over by hand.

Ladies and Misses Cloth Jackets now half price at Stanley Bros.

This is one of the best assorted stocks in the province. We hate to sell them at the price; but they are yours for just half value—and remember they are all this seasons Coats. Stanley Bros.

DIED

At Sunrise, Feb. 10th, Elsie Edward Paquet, aged 37, son of Marshal Paquet R. I. P.
At St. Mary's Road on Thursday Feb. 23rd, Bernard Hughes aged 66 years. May his soul rest in peace.
At Sunrise on Saturday Feb. 25th, Ronald McDonald, formerly of Rock Barra, aged 66 years. May his soul rest in peace.

Fishery Award not to be Distributed nor Referred to the Courts.

In the Dominion House of Commons on the 23rd., February, Mr. Prefontaine, in answer to enquiry of Mr. Martin, member for Queen's County, in the House that the Government did not intend to distribute among the Provinces interested, the amount of the Halifax Fishery Award received by Canada. Nor was the question to be submitted to the British Privy Council or the Canadian Supreme Court. The Government also did not intend to take action with regard to the settlement of this question during the present session. Mr. Prefontaine also told Mr. Martin that the Government had done nothing during 1904 to dredge the harbor at Ruston, P. E. I., as only one vessel had been stranded on the sand bar during 1904 according to reports received by the department.

A Narrow Escape.

Crosbie's newly purchased schooner, Kandahar, Capt. Kennedy, arrived at St. John's N.B. on Feb. 24th. after a record run from Halifax. On Wednesday 22nd, she ran out of Halifax taking a southern out round Sable Island. That night the wild came up with terrific force, and for two days she had to lie to with sea after sea dashing over her. On Thursday, while reaching under small sail, Capt. Kennedy noticed James Phillips of Prince Edward Island at the sea rail, when the sea struck the ship and she lurched over, and his eye caught the sailor's boots as he fell head long into the boiling sea. Calling out to all hands the captain ran to the side but could see nothing, then he ran to the stern as Phillips to the surface. It was impossible to launch a boat as the sea ran in big heaps, and all feared that one man's hours were numbered. But the captain had his log out and grasping the line he shot it over Phillips' head calling to him to hold on to it. The young seaman had full control of his senses and grasped the line, taking a turn round his wrist. Then came the difficult task of getting him on board. The crew drew him through the water watching every sea so that no extra strain injured him. Finally he was under the stern and the line was thrown over his head, and he had sufficient strength to pass it under one arm, and when the vessel dipped on the sea he was lifted over the rail to safety. It was a terrible half hours experience and the poor fellow lay perfectly exhausted on the deck. Willing hands conveyed him below, hot drinks were given him and he was rolled in blankets. He is now about again.

JOB WORK

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island

The Prices.

Butter, (fresh).....	0.00 to 0.25
Butter (tub).....	0.00 to 0.20
Cabbage.....	0.02 to 0.03
Calf skins.....	0.06 to 0.07
Carrots (per bun.).....	0.02 to 0.05
Ducks (per bun.).....	0.05 to 0.10
Eggs, per doz.....	0.00 to 0.25
Fowl.....	0.30 to 0.35
Flour (per cwt.).....	2.40 to 2.50
Hides.....	0.06 to 0.07
Hay, per 100 lbs.....	0.70 to 0.80
Mutton, per lb.....	0.06 to 0.08
Oatmeal (per cwt.).....	2.50 to 3.00
Potatoes (bush price).....	0.00 to 0.20
Pork.....	.54 to .54
Raddish (per bunch).....	0.03 to 0.05
Sheep pelts.....	0.40 to 0.50
Turkeys.....	0.00 to 0.12
Turkeys (per lb).....	0.14 to 0.14
Wheat (per lb).....	0.10 to 0.10
White oats.....	0.40 to 0.45
White cattle.....	0.39 to 0.40
Pressed hay.....	14.00 to 16
Straw.....	0.00 to 10.00

Montague Dental Parlors, 1905

Dr. A. J. FRASER, Proprietor.
Our PLATE work ARTIFICIAL teeth are made of the best material we can buy, and we GUARANTEE a perfect fit. For workmanship and finish our Plates cannot be equalled on P. E. Island. This is acknowledged by all persons who see our Plates.
While in Boston last winter taking a post graduate course I made arrangements with Stowe & Eddy, Proprietors Boston Dental Laboratory, by which I am enabled to offer to my patrons the CHASE COMBINATION PLATE. This is the best plate to-day in use.
I extract teeth for plates WITHOUT ONE PARTICLE of PAIN by the CELEBRATED CHASE METHOD free.
Office closed every Monday. Hours from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Charlottetown, P. E. Island,
January 27th, 1905.
Mr. and Mrs. Everybody and Family,
Anywhere.
Three Counties,
P. E. Island
FRIENDS,—

When in need of Cloth, Tweeds, Home-spuns, Yarns, Stockinette, Suits, Pants and Overcoats Horse Rugging, Double Width Flannel (all wool or cotton and wool, white or grey.) The kind to get is that made by Messrs. J. A. Humphrey & Son, Ltd., of Moncton, whose factories, BY USING WOOL AND LEAVING OUT THE SHODDY, have won for their goods a reputation not surpassed by any like concern in Canada.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THIS MAKE AND INSIST UPON GETTING IT. You can be examining the ticket on goods shown you assure yourself that it is the GENUINE ARTICLE. If your dealer does not keep these goods and is not willing to get them for you write us direct and we will mail you samples and prices, or any other information required. Of course if convenient a PERSONAL CALL will be profitable for you and pleasant for us.

Yours truly,
HUMPHREY CLOTHING STORE,
Charlottetown.
A. WINFIELD SCOTT, Manager.
P. O. Box 417. Phone 63.

Mammoth Slaughter Sale.

Before taking Inventory of the goods on hand we have decided to reduce our stock considerably, and in order to do so, offer

Unparalleled Reductions

On Men's and Boy's Ready-made Clothing, Furs, Ladies' Jackets, Dress Goods, White wear, etc. Such bargains are irresistible, and are bound to sweep aside all competition. Our Clothing trade this year has been the largest in the history of the store, so in order to show our appreciation, as an additional attraction towards bringing the trade "our way," we offer the following matchless values:

We were fortunate in securing these lines away below their actual values, so we can offer you the goods at prices considerably lower than we could purchase them for to-day in the regular way. Read the following list:

Men's Clothing.	
76 Men's Suits at half price	All Men's Winter Underwear 33 1-3 off
35 Men's Spring Overcoats half price	All Men's Winter Mitts and Gloves 33 1-3 off
10 Men's Ulsters half price	All Men's Hats and Caps 33 1-3 off
35 pairs Men's odd Pants half price	All Men's Ties and Braces 33 1-3 off
Men's Sheepskin lined Jackets 33 1-3 off	All Men's Cardigans 33 1-3 off
All other Men's Overcoats 33 1-3 off	All Men's Sweaters 25 p c off
All other Men's Suits 33 1-3 off	Collars and Cuffs 25 p c off
Men's Waterproofs 33 1-3 off	Men's Colored Shirts 25 p c off
Men's Overall 33 1-3 off	

Boy's Clothing.	
50 Boy's 2 piece Suits at half price	Boy's Winter Mitts and Gloves 33 1-3 off
25 pairs Boy's Pants, size 30 to 33 half price	Boy's Winter Caps 33 1-3 off
10 Boy's Ulsters half price	Boy's Ties and Braces 33 1-3 off
All other Boy's Suits 33 1-3 off	Boy's Sweaters 33 1-3 off
All other Boy's Overcoats 33 1-3 off	Boy's White Collars and Shirts 25 p c off
All Boy's Caps 33 1-3 off	Boy's Colored Collars and Shirts 25 p c off
Boy's Winter Underwear 33 1-3 off	

Fur Department.	
All Fur Capes at half price	Ladies' Coon Jackets 33 1-3 off
All Fur Lined Capes at half price	Ladies' Arachnan Jackets 33 1-3 off
3 Wababy Jackets, sizes 33, 34 and 36 half price	Ladies' Russian Lamb Jackets 33 1-3 off
1 Coon Jacket, size 30 half price	All small Furs 33 1-3 off
2 Bear Boas, worth \$6.25 for half price	Children's Furs from 1/2 to 3/4 33 1-3 off
1 Seal Collar half price	Men's Coon Coats 33 1-3 off
1 Newfoundland Seal Collar half price	Men's Beaver Coats 33 1-3 off
1 Brown Fox and Seal Collar half price	Men's Wababy Coats 33 1-3 off
Muffs in Black Persian Lamb and Grey Lamb half price	Men's Tasmania Coon Coats 33 1-3 off
Muffs in Oppossum, Seal and Chinchilla half price	Men's Saskatchewan Coats 33 1-3 off
Ladies' Persian Lamb Jackets 33 1-3 off	Men's Brown Goat Coats 33 1-3 off
Ladies' Grey Lamb Jacket 33 1-3 off	Men's Fur Collars and Gauntlets 33 1-3 off
Ladies' Electric Seal Jacket 33 1-3 off	

WE WILL HOLD OUR Annual Whitewear Sale

In the early Summer, for which we have selected and ordered a most magnificent stock for which you will do well to wait. In the meantime we will clear out all broken lines in Underwear, etc., at tremendous reductions. Read this list carefully and compare prices.

Ladies' Knickers.	
32 pair White Cotton Knickers trimmed with torchon lace and tucking, worth 35c for	19c pair
12 pairs good cotton, tucked and trimmed with embroidery, worth up to 42c for	25c pair
20 pair with tucked lawn frill, some with wide embroidery frill worth 65c for	42c pair
14 pair trimmed with insertion and tucking, worth up to 85c pair for	54c pair
15 pair fine Lonsdale, five inch Valenciennes lace frill, some with embroidery and tucking, worth up to \$1.25 for	79c pair
23 pair extra Lonsdale, tucked, lawn frill trimmed, with fine lace or embroidery, worth up to \$1.65 for only	98c pair

Pillow Cottons.	
Unbleached Pillow Cotton, 40 inches wide, worth 18c for	10c yard
Bleached Pillow Cotton, 40 inch circular, worth 18c for	13c yard
All better qualities	25 p. c. off
500 yards White Cotton for	5c yard
All White Cotton specially reduced	

Towelling.	
Roller Towelling at Better Quality at	3c yard
Linen Glass Towelling at	5c yard
Cotton Crash, fancy bordered	5c yard
Heavy Linen Crash Towelling with red bordering, worth 10c for	7c yard
Towelling worth 13c for 10, worth 15c for	12c yard
Real Russian Crash worth 18c for	10c yard

Ladies' White Skirts.	
18 White Skirts, some with wide lawn flounce, some with embroidery and tucking, worth up to \$1.50 for	79c
22 Skirts, trimmed with embroidery, some stitching or tucking, worth up to \$1.65 for	98c
44 white Lonsdale, beautifully trimmed, worth up to \$1.90 for \$1.20	\$1.20
Better grade, exquisitely trimmed, marked at specially low prices to clear	

Corset Covers.	
9 white cotton Corset Covers, worth 25c for	15c
10 white Lonsdale, trimmed with embroidery and feather stitching, worth up to 50c for	32c each
11 fine cambric, exquisitely trimmed with Val. lace and insertion, worth up to 90c for	58c
12 beautiful garments, trimmed with embroidery and insertion, worth up to \$1.25 for	69c
2 only very fine, worth \$1.60 for	89c
7 black mull Corset Covers, nicely tucked, trimmed with black embroidery, worth up to \$1.25 for	9c pair
Included in this sale is a lot of girls' and boys' pinfores, girls' white underwear, ladies' aprons, infants' slips, dresses and bibs, all reduced to prices lower than you have ever bought. Come here for bargains in white wear.	12c pair
	15c pair
	18c pair
	22c pair

Table Linens.	
Cream Linen Damask, 50 inches wide, sale price	90c yard
Heavy Unbleached Dice Pattern, 58 inches wide, sale price	40c
Heavy Unbleached Damask Pattern, worth 75c, sale price	58c
Fine Irish Grass Bleached Linen	68c
Other lines, same width, better quality	At special prices
A piece of beautiful Linen, 2 1/2 yards wide, worth \$1.65 for	\$1.00

Table Napkins.	
25 dozen Linen Napkins, size 20 x 20, special sale price	93c dozen
All better lines	20 per cent. off

Staples.	
Unbleached Sheeting, 72 inches wide, worth 22c yard, sale price	15c yard
All better lines at	20 per cent. off
Pure White Sheeting, 72 inches wide	18c per yard
Pure White Sheeting, 1willed, worth 60c for	39c yard
All other lines	20 per cent. off

Ladies' and Children's Dress Goods.	
15 pieces Dress Goods, worth 65c for	half price
A lot of black and colored Dress Dress, worth up to \$1.25 for	59c yard
All Ladies' Wrappers, worth up to \$1.25 for	79c
All Ladies' Underwear	33 1-3 off
All Wool Blankets, special sale price \$1.98 up to	\$6.00 pair
All Shirting and Ginghams at 6 pieces assorted striped Serim for window curtains, very pretty, worth 14c for	20 p c off
Print Cottons, new patterns	half price
A range of fancy check and striped Flannelette, 34 inches wide, worth 12c for	5c yard
Good washing Wrapperette and check Flannelette	8c yard
A few lines of stripped and plain Flannelette	5c yard

Samples free. Mail Orders filled promptly and satisfactorily on receipt of Cash.

M. TRAINOR & COMPANY, The Store That Saves You Money.

Ministering Angels.

BY ADRIAN PROCTOR. Angels of light, spread your bright wings and keep Near me at noon, Nor in the starry eve, nor midnight deep, Leave me forlorn. From all dark spirits of unholy power Guard my weak heart, Circle around me in each perilous hour, And take my part. From all foreboding thoughts and dangerous fears, Keep me secure; Teach me to hope, and through the bitterest tears Still to endure. If lonely in the road so fair and wide My feet should stray, Then, through a rougher, safer path-way guide Me day by day. Should my heart faint at its unequal strife, O still be near! Shadest the perilous sweetness of this life With holy fear.

The Symbolism of Church Architecture.

(Philadelphia Standard and Times.)

A deeply interesting, instructive and scholarly paper on "The Symbolism of Church Architecture" was read before the Alumni Sodality of this city on Sunday last by Emile G. Perrot.

The paper called forth a brilliant discussion of the subject on the part of several present. Mr. Sittel spoke on symbolism in Buddhism. Mr. Galbally treated the subject as manifested in the catacombs. Mr. Colt explained the defaced arch, and Father O'Connor explained the principle of symbolism in the Egyptian and in Oriental languages.

The doctrine of the Holy Trinity has left its impression in the structure of churches more than any other article of faith. As far back as the Roman basilicas we see the idea of a triple division, not only embracing the nave or central aisle and side aisles, but also the triple division embraced in the length, namely, the nave, the choir and the sanctuary.

It was not enough to impress the symbol of the Trinity in the several parts of the general plan; they went so far as to produce the sacred number in every part in such a manner that the majesty of the Most High seemed to fill the edifice.

This is very common in the grouping of the windows, the triple arrangement of which expresses the same symbolical idea, as well as the steps to the altar, which are three in number, including the pedalis or foot space; when of more we find them seven in number and never more than nine; for beside three representing the Father, Son and Holy Ghost, five represents the holy wounds of the crucified Saviour, seven the virtues of humility, chastity, meekness, temperance, brotherly love and diligence, the steps that all Christians must tread if they hope to place the seven deadly sins beneath their feet on the road to the heavenly altar of everlasting life, and nine represents the three angelic hierarchies of the three orders which, or the nine orders of angels, are always singing the divine canticle before the throne of God.

All Stuffed Up

That's the condition of many sufferers from catarrh, especially in the morning. Great difficulty is experienced in clearing the head and throat.

No wonder catarrh causes headache, impairs the taste, smell and hearing, pollutes the breath, deranges the stomach and affects the appetite.

To cure catarrh, treatment must be constitutional—alterative and tonic.

"I was ill for four months with catarrh in the head and throat. Had a bad cough and raised blood. I had become discouraged when my husband bought a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and persuaded me to try it. I advise all to take it. It has cured and built me up." Max. Houx, Roxbury, West Liscomb, N. S.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures catarrh—it soothes and strengthens the mucous membrane and builds up the whole system.

as our Mother. We also find the gross in all manner of conventional forms displayed throughout the architecture of the church, as finials, enrichments and panels, etc.

Where Father Jogues Died

Of all the heroic band of missionaries who labored among the Indians in what is now New York State and Canada, Father Isaac Jogues was the most daring and intrepid. Frail in body and quiet and gentle in demeanor, he does not at first glance attract as much attention as the more imposing figure and character of Brebeuf. Yet even this giant among the missionaries had constantly occasion to admire his adventurous spirit and indomitable courage, and invariably his superiors chose him to open up the way in unexplored territory or to save the day in difficult and dangerous situations among the Indians.

He was the pioneer missionary among the Indians in the territory now comprised in New York State, the first priest on Manhattan Island and one of his first historians.

His name is in veneration; his acts and writings are treasured in the documentary history of the Empire State; our foremost historians repeat the narrative of his life among the Indians with unfeigned admiration. All alike, without distinction of creed or nationality, pay him the tribute of affectionate regard. Just as in life he had the friendship of men who differ with him both in race and religion, so also since his death, Protestants even more than Catholics have maintained unbroken the inspiring tradition of his heroism.

Indeed, it is a matter of surprise to non-Catholics, often openly expressed, that the Church has not as yet inscribed him in the list of her saints. Even before his death he was honored by the title, "Martyr of Christ" by Pope Urban VIII., and now at last the process of his beatification is actually in progress in Quebec, the old missionary headquarters for New York and Canada.

The site of Father Jogues' torture, captivity and death in 1646 is located directly above the station for the village of Auriesville, in Montgomery county, forty miles west of Albany, on the West Shore Railroad, and 175 miles from New York city.

About twenty years ago part of this site was purchased by members of the Society of Jesus, aided by many bishops, priests and laymen, who wished to erect a memorial to the martyr on the scene of his death.

In due time it became a place of pilgrimage, visited every year by thousands who are attracted by its natural charms and sacred associations, historical as well as religious. To accommodate the vast numbers who come there in summer a temporary chapel has been erected. A Way of the Cross and several small ornaments and grotesques are placed at convenient stations over the property. Lately the entire farm adjoining has been bought, and it is now proposed to erect there a permanent chapel and a memorial statue of Father Jogues.

The chapel, which is to be built from designs of Ballinger & Perrot, architects, will be unique in several ways, as it will be practically three churches in one, with three altars and a sacristy under the large dome at the crossing of the nave and transepts. The plan of the edifice is that of a Latin cross, having transepts extended so as to make independent chapels, thus affording a commodious for three distinct pilgrimages at one time. The nave and transepts are 68 feet wide, having the centre and nave roofed over with concrete arches and heavy beamed roof, stained dark brown, which will afford a pleasant contrast with the white and gray tones of the concrete piers and walls of which the structure will be constructed.

The side aisles will be separated from the nave by an arcade roofed over with concrete vaults divided into bays. These aisles will form a perambulatory and will be entirely open to the weather, the only means of closing the building being by a light sash, which will be hung so as to raise, so that in summer time the worshippers in the chapels will have the benefits of an open-air pavilion, so to speak, instead of the customary enclosed city church.

The sacristy under the main dome will have three altars, one facing the nave and the other two facing the transepts. One unique feature of the sanctuary will be the continuous channel rail forming a large square, which will give the communicants free access entirely around the three altars. In the apex of the church will be an oratory and confessional, also parlors for the reception of

the animal of sacrifice, since his gospel starts with an account of the great priest Zachary.

St. John is represented by an eagle, because he speaks of the divinity of Christ, and with the eagle soars above the earth.

It has been my purpose in this paper to show you how symbolism forms an essential part of the architecture of a church, the same as it belongs to the offices and usage of the Church. To give you the symbol of all the ornaments we find in the great cathedrals and churches of the past would take volumes, but it is hoped that the explanation of the few given above might help to make our appreciation of them more real and raise us above the mere sensual appreciation of their intrinsic beauty.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

Confirmation.

It is THE CORRECT THING

For children to be confirmed at the first opportunity after they have made their First Communion.

For adults who neglected to receive this sacrament in their youth to do so at the first chance offered. Those who neglect to do so are guilty of a grievous sin.

Many Women Suffer Untold Agony From Kidney Trouble.

Very often they think it is from so-called "female disease." There is less female trouble than they think. Women suffer from backache, sleeplessness, nervousness, irritability, and a dragging-down feeling in the loins. So do men, and they do not have "female trouble."

Why, then, blame all your trouble to female disease? With healthy kidneys, few women will ever have "female disorders." The kidneys are so closely connected with all the internal organs, that when the kidneys go wrong, everything goes wrong. Much distress would be saved if women would only take

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS at stated intervals.

Miss Nellie Clark, Lambeth, Ont., tells of her cure in the following words:—"I suffered for about two years with kidney trouble. I ached all over, especially in the small of my back; not being able to sleep well, no appetite, menstruation irregular, nervous irritability, and brick-dust deposit in urine, were some of my symptoms. I took Doan's Kidney Pills. The pain in my back gradually left me, my appetite returned, I sleep well, and am effectually cured. I can highly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to all sufferers from kidney trouble."

Price 50 cents per box, or 3 for \$1.25. All dealers, or DOAN KIDNEY PILL CO., TORONTO, ONT.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"Can you cook?" "Yes, mum, everything."

"And wash?" "Yes, mum."

"How many nights out do you want?" "None."

"Sunday afternoon?" "No, mum."

"How often will you scrub the kitchen?" "Twice a week."

"And wash the windows?" "Ever Friday."

"Build a fresh fire every morning?" "Yes, mum."

"Do you dislike children?" "No, mum."

"How long were you in your last place?" "Four years."

"Why did you leave?" "The people went to Europe."

"How much wages do you want?" "Eight dollars a month."

"When can you come?" "Tomorrow."

Just then a keeper from the insane asylum rushed in shouting, "Oh, there you are!" bound her hand and foot, and carried her off bodily.

A Terrible Cough.

Mrs. Thos. Carter, Northport, Ont., says: I caught a severe cold which settled on my throat and lungs and my friends thought it would send me to my grave, when other remedies failed, Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup completely cured me.

When the young mistress of the house entered the kitchen she carried herself with great dignity. She had come to call the cook to account. "Mary," she said, "I must insist that you keep better hours, and that you have less company in the kitchen at night. Last night I was kept awake because of the uproarious laughter of one of your young women friends."

"Yes, mum, I know," Mary replied, "but she couldn't help it. I was telling her how you tried to make cake yesterday morning."

A Druggist's Opinion.

Mr. W. J. Sinson, Austin, Man., writes: "Our customers speak so highly of Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders that it is a pleasure to recommend them to others. They never disappoint but always cure." Price 10c. and 25c.

Minard's Liniment cures Burns, etc.

Guest.—That steak was infernally tough, waiter. I could eat only about half of it.

Waiter.—That's very queer, sir. You're the third gent that's complained about that steak today. The others couldn't eat it at all.

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FALL and WINTER UNDERCLOTHING

For Men and Boys.

You will save money if you buy your Underclothing from us.

STANFIELD'S UNSHRINKABLE,

in five different weights. Prices from \$2.00 to \$4.00 per suit.

Heavy Wool Fleece, 90 cents per suit

All Wool Scotch Knit \$1.00 per suit

Fine Heavy-Alt Wool \$1.00 per suit

Fine Lambs Wool, \$2.50 per suit

Fine Heavy Natural Wool, \$4.00

Opening today a large shipment

Mens Rainproof Coats.

GORDON & MACLELLAN,

THE STYLISH OUTFITTERS.

THE TAILORY

P. E. Island.

THE GOOD DRESSER

Is usually a man of refinement. His Wardrobe consist of the following

Evening Dress Clothes.

Tuexeda Coat.

Worsted and Scotch Tweed Suit.

Fall and Winter Overcoat.

Extra Pants, etc.

As we tailor and shape these garments you have a garment of perfection

JOHN McLEOD & CO.,

Merchant Tailors

DIARIES

FOR 1905.

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1905

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Canadian,

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AGENTS.

SCOTT'S Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil. It will nourish and strengthen the body when milk and cream fail to do it. Scott's Emulsion is always the same; always palatable and always beneficial where the body is wasting from any cause, either in children or adults.

MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS. Stimulate the sluggish liver, clean the coated tongue, sweeten the breath, clear away all waste and poisonous matter from the system, and cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, Constipation, Heartburn, Jaundice, Water Brash, Catarrh of the Stomach, etc.

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