

TWELVE PAGES.

THE "PEOPLE'S PAPER"—FORTY-SIX YEARS IN THE SERVICE OF THE PUBLIC—IS A LIVE DAILY IN A BUSY CENTRE—STUDY ITS NEWSY ADVERTISING.

TWELVE PAGES.

WEATHER FORECAST.

TORONTO (Noon)—S.W. winds
strong. Wednesday, fresh westerly
winds, fair and somewhat colder.
LISTER & THOMPSON—Bar. 29.74;
Mer. 41.

VOLUME XLVII.

The Evening Telegram

\$6.00 PER YEAR.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, TUESDAY, MARCH 3, 1925.

PRICE: TWO CENTS.

NUMBER 50.

GO TO TESSIER'S FOR

FOR SALE!

St. John's
Municipal Council.

Ford Coupe.
6-Cylinder Buick
1½ Ton Republic
Truck.

— APPLY —

Augustus Lester
Hamilton St.

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE BY TENDER, IN BRIGGS.

A house beautifully situated Dwelling House and Grounds, belonging to the late W. A. Green. House contains eight rooms, with beautiful lighting well in rear. Ideal spot for summer residence. Water and power by next pond, public wharf, and landing lot on Grave Hill. Lowest or tender offer not necessarily accepted. For particulars apply to E. J. HORNWOOD, St. John's, Executor for said estate. feb26,31,tu

FOR SALE.

Here is a good chance to secure a home suitable for a large family or boarding house, situated near the railway station, foot of Hamilton Street, containing eleven rooms, frost proof, heating, hot water, all modern conveniences; possession given on April 15th, 1925. For further information and terms apply to

JAMES R. JOHNSTON,
Real Estate Agent,
32 Prescott Street, City.

S. G. COLLIER COMPANY,

80 George St.

Undertakers and
Funeral Directors.

Prompt and Careful Service Assured.

Day Phone 614.
Night, 1696 and 1624.
mar2,1mo

Cleaning Pressing and Repairing.

Bring your costumes to us to be cleaned and pressed and you will save many a dollar. Our CLEANING AND PRESSING will give new life to your Goods, get your wearing expenses in half and amaze you at the low prices we'll ask for the work. Don't discard your things before we've passed judgment on them; it costs you nothing for our opinion.

W. H. JACKMAN,
Phone 795 39 Water St. West.
feb18,1mo

There Isn't Anything in
Town That Can Touch
This!

said a doctor who was inspecting our dispensary, and he was right. There isn't another dispensary in town that can equal ours. We know everything that experience and knowledge can teach, to assist us in doing accurate and scientific compoundings.

When you have a prescription to be compounded—bring or send to

LESTER O'MARA,

THE DRUGGIST,

THE REXALL STORE.

Notice!

FOUR WEEKS after date hereof application will be made to His Excellency the Governor-in-Council for Letters Patent for new and useful "Improvements in means to be employed in paper making and other machines wherein suction is to be employed to withdraw moisture from, or otherwise act upon, webs, sheets, or layers of paper, or other materials" to be granted to Roland Blyth Heys, of 5 First Avenue, St. Anne's Park, in the City of Bristol, England.

Dated this 3rd day of March, 1925.

McGRATH & MCGRATH,
Solicitors for Applicant.

—

ADDRESS:

Board of Trade Bldg.,
Water Street, St. John's.
feb17,24,mar3,10

Notice to Creditors

THE NEWFOUNDLAND TRAINING
AND EMPLOYMENT INSTITU-
TION FOR THE BLIND.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all parties having any claim or demand upon the Newfoundland Training and Employment Institution for the Blind and are requested to send notice of their claim duly attested to Howard J. McDougal, Commercial Chambers, St. John's, Liquidator of the said Institution or any unassigned sectors of the said Liquidation, to be held on the 31st day of March, 1925, after which date said Liquidator will proceed to distribute the said estate having regard only to those claims of which he will then have notice.

Dated at St. John's this 23rd day of February, A.D. 1925.

HIGGINS, HUNT & EMERSON,
Solicitors for Liquidator.
feb24,mar3,10,17

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the business heretofore carried on by me, the undersigned, at St. John's, Newfoundland, under the style or firm of S. G. Collier has been sold to Mr. Alfred A. Hudson, who will in future carry on the said business. I do not assume any liability for the debts of the new business. All accounts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid respectively by me.

Dated at St. John's this 10th day of February, 1925.

S. G. COLLIER.

BRICKS!

10,000 Best Fire Bricks

100,000 Building Bricks

— AND —

200 Sacks Fireclay.

H. J. STABB & CO.

feb8,1mo, tu

KIELLEY'S DRUG STORE

SPECIALS:

Pastor Koene's Nerve
Tonic, bottle \$1.10
Glycer Thymoline, bottle 75c.
Dra. Lyon's Stump, bottle \$1.10
Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder 40c.
Hutax Tooth Paste 35c.
English Grippe Water, for
children, bottle 45c.
Liquid Tan Shampoo, 60c.
Cocca Health Salve 40c.
Latexine for children 30c.
Gibson's English hard boil-
ed Candy, assorted, bot. 35c.
Honey & Honey's Hair
Dressing, bottle 75c.
Lime Juice & Glycerine
bottle 40c.
Listerine, bottle 38c.
Menthol Lather Cream, large
crock 65c.
Crown Violet Face Cream
Liquid, now 65c.
Rober & Gallet's Tooth
Paste, large Glass Con-
tainer 45c.
Erasmie Bath Powder a
pleasantly perfumed pow-
der for softening the
water, large box 60c.
Erasmie Lemon Palm, each cake
Olive Oil Soap, each cake
packed in metal soap box 40c.

Water Street East.

b3,LYT

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, TUESDAY, MARCH 3, 1925.

PRICE: TWO CENTS.

NUMBER 50.

MARINE

FIRE
LIFE,
ACCIDENT
AND SICKNESS
FIDELITY.

LIABILITY,

AUTOMOBILE,
PLATE GLASS

INSURANCE

INTRODUCING A COMPETITION OF SKILL!

WRITE YOUR OWN WINNING TICKET!

Radio "LISTENING-IN" Set FREE!

The Peidian Athletic Grounds Association have imported one of the most expensive Radio "Listening In" Sets manufactured by the Radio Corporation of America, and offer same as a Prize for THE NEAREST CORRECT FORECAST OF THE TOTAL CATCH OF THIS YEAR'S SEALFISHERY.

The competition is a simple one and your chances are just as good as anyone else's.

All you have to do is to buy a "Forecast Postcard" (price 20c.) fill in the number of seals you think the total catch will be and mail the postcard.

Postcard Postcards will be on sale Wednesday at Gray & Goodland's, J. P. Cash's, A. S. Wadens, Peter O'Mara's Ken Ruby's, Stafford's Drug Store and Harry Pedigrew's. Persons residing in the Outports may send \$1.00 for Five "Forecast Postcards" and receive a Special Secretary Forecast Competition P.O. Box E, 6017, St. John's.

The following simple rules govern the competition:—
1. A competitor may enter as many "Forecasts" as he likes, provided each "Forecast" is made on a separate "Forecast Postcard." "Forecasts" received written on anything but the special "Forecast Postcard" will not be considered in the competition.

2. In the event of a "tie" the nearest will be awarded to the sender of the first correct (or nearest correct) Forecast received.

3. The competition will close at midnight on March 31. Results will be published in this paper in due course.

BUY YOUR "FORECAST POSTCARDS" TO-MORROW!

mar3,1tu

BUICK STANDS HARD SERVICE.

BUICK STANDS HARD
SERVICE.BUICK STANDS HARD
SERVICE.

Satisfaction and "SALADA" TEA

5572
go hand in hand. Try it and see.
Fine quality tea sealed in aluminum.

The Heir to Beecham Park

CHAPTER XXII.

"Pray be sensible, Stuart," she said, sharply; "you were never like this before. It galls me, it wounds me to see you wasting your days down here, pottering about on the farms, and for what?"

"Some one must look after things, mother; my father cannot, and you have often complained to me of the bad management, so I have determined to relieve you of further anxiety."

"Pshaw! Do I want my son to turn steward? I have to-day received a letter from Lady Bayliffe strongly recommending me a manager, and I have all but settled to engage him."

"Then don't do it," promptly replied Stuart. "He is not wanted."

"He is wanted! I shall not allow you, Stuart, to do this kind of work."

"My dear mother, I am of age!"

Mrs. Crosbie was silent, and Stuart, looking up, saw the pain and perplexity on her face.

"Forgive me, mother," he added, moving toward her. "I am very selfish. Tell me—what you want me to do, and if it is in my power I will undertake it."

"I want you to rise in the world; I want you to be famous, Stuart."

"Fame is not to be bought, mother."

"It is within your reach. Contest Chesterham at the next election. You will be returned with an immense majority. The rest will follow."

"I have no brains for politics," declared Stuart. "I cannot do it."

"There is no such word as 'cannot!'" returned Mrs. Crosbie, vigorously. "If I were in your place, Stuart, how differently I would act! You are wasting your life."

Stuart walked back to the window.

"I will not give you a decided answer now, mother," he said. "Give me two days to consider."

"Willingly," she agreed, "and weigh all things well. Remember, you will afford me the greatest happiness in life if you agree to this and to another wish."

"To make you happy, mother, I would do much," Stuart responded, raising her hand to his lips. "What is it?"

Mrs. Crosbie drew a long breath. "That you will marry."

"Marry!" repeated Stuart, dropping her hand, while his face grew white and his brow darkened. "That mother, is impossible."

"I have not spoken to you on this subject before, Stuart, though it has been one very near my heart. You have been troubled; but you are not my son if you have not pride sufficient to drown and wash away forever any trace of your trouble. It is not for a Crosbie to submit to insult and humiliation."

"To submit to none!" retorted Stuart, in a quiet, clear voice.

"You have been deceived," his mother declared, coldly and proudly; "by one who was not worthy even a second thought."

"Mother!" he exclaimed, hurriedly.

A wave of compunction passed

through Mrs. Crosbie's mind when she was alone. Would Vane, after all, bring him happiness? She had tricked and deceived him. But this momentary feeling was soon lost in the glad thrill of ambition that stirred her breast. Stuart married, and in Parliament, she had nothing more to wish for.

In a maze of troubled thoughts Stuart strode down the wet paths. Vane loved him; and yet she had put her own feelings on one side and ministered tenderly, thoughtfully, kindly to him! What depths of womanly sweetness in such a sacrifice—what a generous noble nature! His heart warmed with gratitude toward her, though it cooled again as he remembered that she loved him. What must he do? Could he let her live on alone with the sorrow he knew from experience to be so bitter wearing out her heart? Would it be a generous return for all she had done, for the noble tenderness with which she had tried to bring him happiness? No, no, a thousand times no! If he could no longer have joy, if gladness were gone forever, he had still the peaceful pleasure of bringing gladness to another's heart. His mother was right—it was his duty to face the world, and Vane should be his wife.

"What has that to do with marriage?"

"I would not ask any woman to be a wife on such empty terms; it would be a sin. But it is not necessary I would do anything, mother, in my power to please you; but this I cannot."

"Are you my child?" asked his mother, quietly and coldly. "Can you waste your whole life, like a misanthrope, because a village coquette has laughed at and mocked you? There are good women's hearts still in the world, women of our world, who can love and suffer as such creatures never can."

"I will offer no woman my life without my love," declared Stuart, firmly.

"What would you say if I were to tell you that there is one who would take it gladly, one who has watched and worked for you all these months in silence, and who, through everything, is steadfast and true as steel?"

Mrs. Crosbie's hand fell on her son's shoulder as she spoke. She felt it was her last card; it might win the game. Stuart looked into his mother's eyes: a flush rose to his face.

"You mean," he began.

"Your cousin, Vane," she broke in. "Vane!"

His mother's hand slipped from its hold; but he did not move. He was in a very whirlwind or surprise, pain and doubt.

"You have not known? No; she hid her secret too well! There is a woman fit to be your wife—proud, loving, courageous, a companion to cheer, a helpmate to stimulate your ambition. Had you not been so blind, Stuart, you might have seen this. What do you say now?"

"I can say nothing," he answered, still in the same low tones. "This has stunned me. You must let me think, mother; I have not the power to speak now."

Stuart looked very handsome, and something in his manner thrilled her with joy.

"I was thinking of Crosbie," he answered. "Come to the fire, Stuart; you must be frozen. And how is Aunt Constance—and why have you come? am very glad to see you."

Stuart stood silent, slowly removing his gloves; then he moved nearer her side by the fire. Vane was looking lovely; the plaintive sadness of her face, which was tinged with a delicate flush, touched him. He had read it well in the first moment of his entrance, and, traced, as he thought, the marks of her trouble.

"I have come to see you, Vane," he told her quietly, "because I have something to ask you."

Vane felt her heart beat wildly.

"Yes, Stuart," she said faintly.

"Vane, you must know my intent heart—you were my confidante, my friend. I want to continue to be my friend, the confidante and trust of companions—I want to be helpmate, a counselor. I want you to be my wife."

Vane stood silent, her head bent. She felt faint, and, now that success had come at last, she could not speak.

(To be continued.)

"Worth \$100 to Me Relieved Eczema and Piles"

Mrs. Peter A. Palmer, Saltburn, Sask., writes:

"Dr. Chase's Ointment has completely relieved me of eczema and piles. I also used this Ointment for my baby, who broke out in eczema. A few applications were all that was necessary in her case. Dr. Chase's Ointment has been worth a hundred dollars to me—before using it I had spent a great deal more than that in unsuccessful treatment from doctors. We have also used Dr. Chase's other medicines, the Nerve Food having restored my health after suffering from severe nerve trouble when a girl."

Dr. Chase's Ointment

60 cts. a box, all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

GERALD S. DOYLE, Distributor.





90% with Profits

"The improvement in mortality will go to increase the surplus of the companies, thus making possible larger returns to the policyholders. Premiums annually 90% are insured in the participating plan." — Mr. G. D. Ridgway, Dominion Government Superintendent of Insurance, in *Toronto Globe Financial Survey*, January 1st, 1925.

The above statement referring to the combined business of all companies doing business in Canada, made with authority by the Dominion Government Superintendent of Insurance, would indicate that Canadian policyholders prefer the with-profits plan of insurance. There must be a reason.

They buy what experience teaches them is best in the long run

The Confederation Life Association issues policies "with profits" and "without profits" and also with Guaranteed Dividend.

Good profits on policies are earned, because risks are selected with care; because the Company's investments are carefully managed and yield good interest returns; and because the Company is efficiently managed.

On these three counts the Confederation Life Association has a 51-year record of success.

Write for particulars of Profit Paying Policies or ask for a representative to call.

CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION

Tear off this Coupon and Mail Now

Dugald Munn & Ernest Fox

Muir Bldg.—Water St.

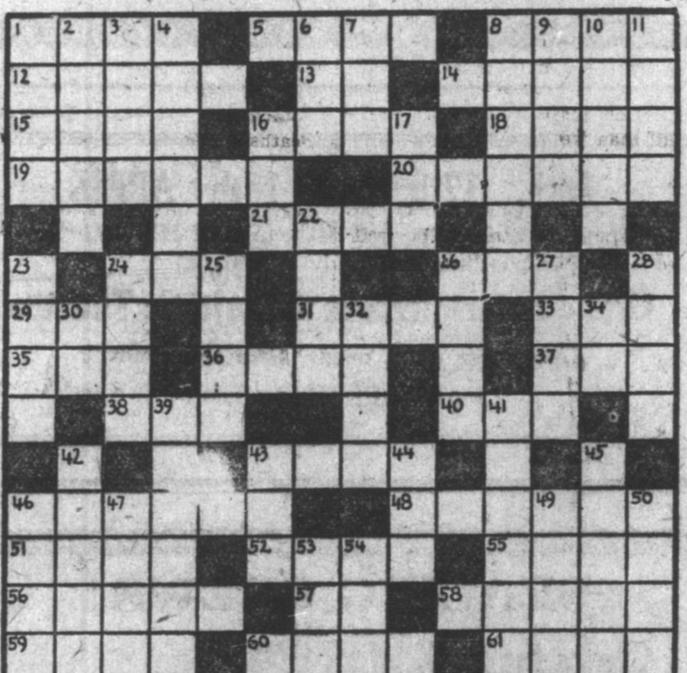
ST. JOHN'S - NFLD.

Please send me, without obligation on my part, particulars of your Profit Paying Policies.

Name _____

Address _____

CROSS-WORD PUZZLE



© THE INTERNATIONAL SYNDICATE

SUGGESTIONS FOR SOLVING CROSS-WORD PUZZLES

Start out by filling in the words of which you feel reasonably sure. These will give you a clue to other words crossing them, and they in turn to still others. A letter belongs in each white space, words starting at the numbered squares and running either horizontally or vertically or both.

HORIZONTAL

- 1—Author of a famous siege
- 2—Soon
- 3—Froth
- 4—New Englander
- 5—A species of snake (pl.)
- 6—Pertaining to the kidney
- 7—Alone
- 8—Modern province of Greece
- 9—Chair
- 10—Puritan
- 11—Sacred image or picture in Greek church
- 12—Wiles
- 13—Narrow strip of fabric
- 14—Damper and cooler
- 15—Held together
- 16—Part of the pine tree
- 17—A medieval trading vessel
- 18—to cover
- 19—to rest at length
- 20—Singing voice
- 21—to equip
- 22—Western State (abbr.)
- 23—Before
- 24—Present (poet.)
- 25—One of the months
- 26—an excuse, or its grounds
- 27—Peanut (Southern)
- 28—to pass unnoticed
- 29—a ship's jolly-boast
- 30—Girl's name
- 31—Illegal interest
- 32—Personal pronoun
- 33—Ancient Greek physician, "father of Medicine"
- 34—a state of disorder
- 35—Seven days
- 36—one of the constellations
- 37—a grating of parallel bars

VERTICAL

1—A grating of parallel bars

Solution of Yesterday's Puzzle

SHOVED PHIALS
TON GENTILE TOT
RE SALE GORE WE
E I DRENAGE PA
WOOD TENOR TEAK
NATURES RASHERS
RAREST EMPIRE
AG EN
ONIAN STANCE
DRAGGLES CRENELS
PERIOD RIDGE
TIE STEAMER L
IN FILE PRAY HA
CURL ARM SET PET
STRAWS DESIRE

Fine Old Hen

Lord Fisher tells of this blunt but amusing compliment paid to his country by an American admiral. It was at a dinner, Fisher had made a speech in which he said some nice things about America, and at the conclusion of it the admiral arose and reciprocated by saying: "It was a fine old hen that hatched the American eagle." —Boston Transcript.

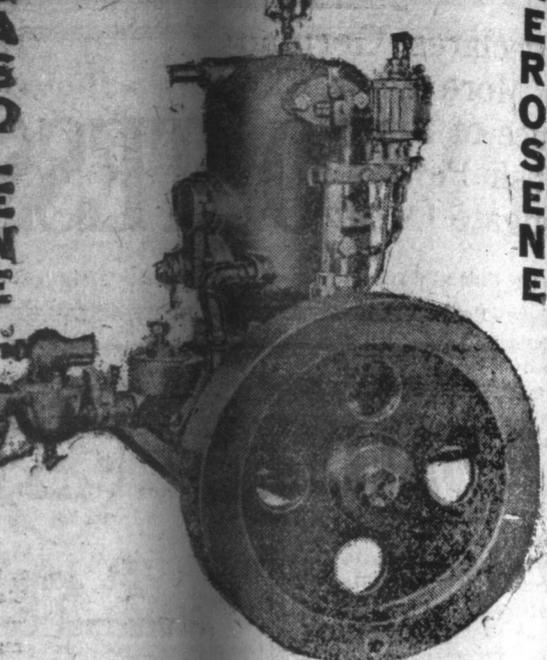
MARSHAL'S LINIMENT FOR COLDs

ACNE

MARSHAL'S LINIMENT USED BY PHYSICIANS

ACADIA ENGINES!

GASOLINE
KEROSENE



ALWAYS DEPENDABLE.

We carry a large assortment of Engine Accessories, also Schooners' Heaving and Hoisting equipment, Circular Saws, Rubber Belting, Batteries, Grease, Acadia Lubricating Oil, Hand and Power Pumps.

Acadia Gas Engines, Limited.

ST. JOHN'S.

Feb 25, 1925, 100

the new CORONA FOUR

A Portable Typewriter with standard office keyboard

HERE is the first portable with standard office typewriter features throughout.

It has a full-size standard keyboard, 12-yard, self-reversing ribbon, 10-inch carriage, self-spacing carriage return, perfect visibility.

Come in and see Corona Four—or phone for a demonstration at your home or office.

DICKS & CO., LTD., Agents.



GET IT AT GEAR'S

Insist on Cleanliness and Economy in the Home by using one or more of our Heavy

Bread Mixers

YOU WILL GET BETTER AND MORE BREAD.

GEAR & CO., Limited

Phone 404 : 340 Water Street

1924 Marriage Slump

The Registrar-General of

England, states in his quarterly re-

turns that the lowest marriage rate

ever recorded was that in the first

quarter of this year. There were 29,

712 marriages than in the last

quarter of 1923.

In the first quarter of the year 1921

there were 76,158 marriages; 1922, 382, 1923, 53,281; and 1924, 44,806.

The births registered in the sec-

ond quarter, ending June 28, were 27,

712 fewer marriages than in the last

quarter of 1923.

Crepe frocks may

be worn, or else of a slightly

intricate cut that is being shown

Persons Killed and a Church Destroyed in Quebec Earthquake

French Declares Germany's War Preparation More Than Alarming--Besco Posts Notice of Stoppage of Miners' Credit--British Parliamentary Committee to Investigate Ocean Rates.

FOCUS COMMENTS.

PARIS, March 2. Conclusions drawn by Marshal Joffre, head of the Allied Military Commission from the report of the Allied Military Control Mission on Germany, state of disarmament, insist mainly on the significance of Germany's attitude in maintaining an army to be equipped and fit for war. The Marshal's conclusion is brief but extremely pointed. He calls attention to evidence submitted to show that organization and training of the German police suggest war rather than measures for internal order. He expressed the view that the mass of information gathered by the Control Commission is more alarming as regards the determination of the Germans to keep up the war spirit, as exposing detailed instances of violations.

THEY DESTROYED BY FIRE.

WOODSTOCK, N.B., March 2. Gertrude's Roman Catholic church was destroyed by fire early morning; defective wiring is believed to have caused the fire. The damage placed at \$50,000, and is about covered by insurance.

EARTHQUAKE TOLL.

QUEBEC, March 2. Dead from shock, a stone masonry church at St. Hilarion, Quebec, collapsed on Saturday night at the time of the earthquake, according to a report received here this afternoon from the agent of the Marine and Fisheries, at Cape Salmon, who is also Mayor of St. Simeon. The church, which was built entirely of stone and only completed about two years ago at considerable expense, was one of the finest to be seen in any of the down river parishes. No one was injured, but a number of worshippers had left the church a short time before.

FOUR QUAKES.

OTTAWA, March 2. Four instead of two earthquakes, as first reported, visited Ottawa during the hours of 9.20 p.m., Saturday, and 2.06 a.m., Sunday. An official statement this afternoon by the Dominion Observatory states that with the development of the seismograph the earthquakes were recorded, other quakes had become apparent.

ANOTHER FOOLISH MOVE.

SYDNEY, March 2. Serious developments in the coal wage difficulty between the miners of District 26, United Mine Workers, and the British Empire Steel Corporation, are anticipated as a result of the Company's action to-day, in insisting notices of stoppage of all credit to miners of collieries Nos. 2, 4, and 6, in the southern areas of Cape Breton.

OCEAN FREIGHT RATES TO BE INVESTIGATED.

LONDON, March 2. Sir Burton Chadwick, Under Secretary for the Board of Trade, speaking in the House of Commons this afternoon, said he understood that ocean freight rates would probably be investigated by a Parliamentary Committee.

FIVE DROWNED WHEN BARGE FOUNDERS.

BOSTON, March 2. Five men were drowned when the coal barge James M. Hudson, in tow from Norfolk to Boston, foundered off Boston Light in last night's gale. Two of the bodies were recovered.

DEATH RAY SOLD IN U.S.

SOUTHAMPTON, Mar. 2. H. Grindell Matthews, inventor of the death ray, asserted on his arrival from the United States that he had disposed of his invention in the United States but he would not divulge the buyers' price.

SAGUENAY RIVER.

CENTRE OF DISTURBANCE.
QUEBEC, Mar. 2.

The origin of Saturday night's seismic disturbance was in the vicinity of the Saguenay River, was proved beyond doubt this morning as the result of a long distance telephone conversation with Agent Harvey of the Dominion Express Company at Murray Bay. That official gave out the surprising information that the shocks were still being experienced, the latest one was at 8 o'clock this morning. They were felt at short intervals all Saturday, according to Mr. Harvey, and all day yesterday, continuing through the night, and this morning. This official also stated that although the first shocks which shook the countryside were of a very severe nature, nothing out of the ordinary had happened, insofar as serious accidents or property damages were concerned. Apparently Bale St. Paul, Charlevoix County, about sixty miles below Quebec, suffered severely from shocks, although to date there has been no loss of life reported but several injured. Property damage was very heavy in that locality. A resident of Bale St. Paul states that general conditions there are the aftermath of the earthquake were very bad, and that many people had suffered great loss. The latest rumors were very light and the disturbed seabed seemed to be passing to the north.

FRESH CRANBERRIES.

French Sardines in Oil.
French Sardines in Tomato.
French Boneless Sardines.
French Curled Anchovies in Oil.
Anchovy Sauce.
Boys a la Bordelaise.
Hors D'Oeuvre.
(10 blocks of 6 tins).
Flounders Haddock.
Marinated Herring.
Smoked Herring.
Herring in Tomato.
Clam Chowder.
Fresh Clams.
Dry Shrimps.
Dry Prawns.

Fish (equal to Chicken).
No. 1 Pack Lobster.
No. 1 Pack Salmon.
Fresh Cove Oysters.
Sardine Paste.
Shrimp Paste.
Anchovy Paste.
Blister Paste.
Salmon Paste.

FRESH HALIBUT.

Fresh Smoked Kippers.
Smoked Salmon Fillets.
Flame Haddies.
Labrador Herring.
Fresh Frozen Cod.

FRESH BLUE POINT OYSTERS.

ent on Saturday night. The cart has apparently not completely settled back to rest, for places in the vicinity of Saguenay report that shocks have been continuing since Saturday, but that they were scarcely perceptible to-day. The deaths were all due to shock.

CHURCH COLLAPSED DURING EARTHQUAKE.

QUEBEC, March 2. With a roar and crash, the Roman Catholic Church at St. Hilarion, sixty miles below Quebec on the north shore collapsed on Saturday night at the time of the earthquake, according to a report received here this afternoon from the agent of the Marine and Fisheries, at Cape Salmon, who is also Mayor of St. Simeon. The church, which was built entirely of stone and only completed about two years ago at considerable expense, was one of the finest to be seen in any of the down river parishes. No one was injured, but a number of worshippers had been affected by operations of the Act.

THE CALDER ACT IN OPERATION.

OTTAWA, Ont., Mar. 2. The Government has been enabled to abolish 771 positions through the Public Service Retirement Act (or Calder Act), according to the report of the Civil Service Commission on operations of the Act tabled in the House of Commons this afternoon. From the Commissioners' report it appears a saving of \$471,767.76 has been effected by operations of the Act.

"Cascarets" 10c if Constipated,

Dizzy, Bilious

Feel fine! Let "Cascarets" clean your bowels and stimulate your liver. No griping or overeating. Millions of men and children take this harmless laxative—Cathartie. It doesn't sicken or upset you like pills, oils, calomel and salts. Tastes nice—acts wonderful. 10c, 25c, and 50c boxes—any druggist.

The World's Deepest Well

The deepest well in the world was completed recently by engineers near Latrobe, Pa., when they struck rock at a depth of 1423 feet, or nearly 1½ miles. Work on the well was begun in 1922, and drilling continued for 30 months. The gas is now flowing at the rate of 500,000 cubic feet a day. It has a strong odor like that of hydrogen sulphide, according to the engineers who conducted the well.

The total cost of sinking the well was about \$200,000.

New 'Vapor' Way is Best for All Cold Troubles

An Application of Vaporizing Ointment Immediately Reaches Congested Air Passages.

Mr. Robert Hand of No. 69 Gower Street, St. John's, after using Vicks Vapo-Rub in the home, gladly recommends it to his friends.

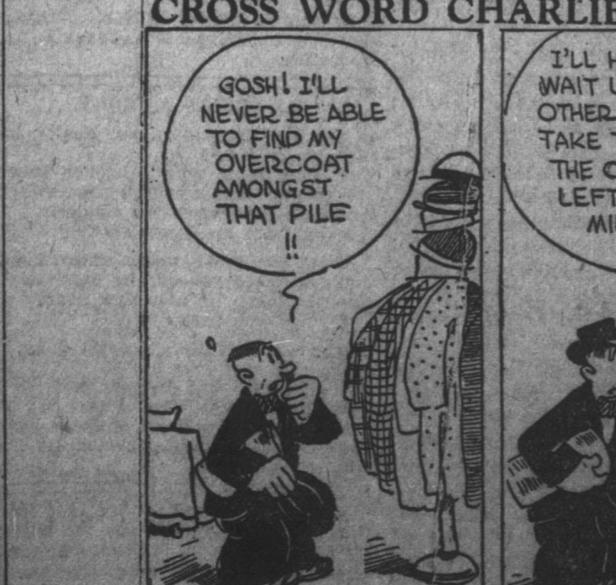
Mr. Hand writes: "There is a large family of us and I must tell you we have never found anything to equal Vicks. We will never be without it."

When Vicks is applied over throat and chest for colds, its action is twofold: Absorbed through the skin like a liniment and, at the same time, inhaled as a vapor.

Vicks contains Menthol, Camphor, Eucalyptus, Thyme and other of the best time-tested remedies for inflammations, whether of the air passages—i.e.—head or chest colds, croup, catarrh, bronchitis, etc.—or surface inflammations such as burns, bites, cuts, stings, etc.

Vicks is a standby in millions of homes. Over 17 million jars are used annually in Canada and the States.

CROSS WORD CHARLIE



KING ABLE TO STAY UP.

LONDON, Mar. 2. To-day for the first time in a fortnight, King George was allowed to leave his bed and sit up for a short time in his bedroom. His condition is improving daily, and he should

be able to return to the

front of the

war.

being strenuous

and strenuous

being strenuous



(Founded in 1879 by W. J. Herder)
The Evening Telegram
THE EVENING TELEGRAM, LTD.
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Tuesday, March 3, 1925.

A Barefaced Fraud

A starving man appeared recently in a London police court charged with stealing bread. He was a returned soldier with a distinguished military record, and possessing five medals. He had made fruitless efforts to obtain work and had refused to take the dole. In another case a returned soldier's family had been without any food for twenty-four hours; the man himself was an invalid, and yet when offered shelter in the workhouse had refused it, as he did not think it was a fit place for an ex-service man. The Magistrate in discharging the cases remarked: "There is no shame in being kept by the public during hard times, especially if one has rendered service to the country."

The spirit of these people is as highly to be admired as the conduct of those who appeared yesterday in the Police Court charged with fraudulently obtaining the dole is to be condemned, and it is a matter for regret that the Judge, who described the offences as barefaced frauds, did not avail of the opportunity to emphasize far more effectively than he did the seriousness of the misdemeanour. There were no extenuating circumstances so far as could be seen from the evidence, and leniency in such cases is only too likely to be misinterpreted by those who may be tempted to do likewise.

It is futile to quote the irregularities that have been committed by the public service in recent years as justification for further irregularities. If the morale of the community has been weakened thereby, it is all the more necessary to apply drastic treatment promptly when convictions are secured today, and while we sympathize with those who may often have to perform an unpleasant task, we cannot but express the hope that their kindly natures will not be permitted to interfere with the responsible duties with which they are entrusted.

The Prime Minister's Speech

The present Government was elected last spring by and through the influence exercised over the electorate by Walter S. Monroe. There can be no question about that. It relied, not on his political experience, for he had none; not on the promises in the manifesto for it contained but few, but chiefly upon the reputation which he had gained as a private citizen, upon the strong conviction that he would play the game, and lastly his courage in undertaking what seemed an impossible task appeal strongly to a people so largely imbued with that same quality.

The Prime Minister chose for his associates men who he felt would follow his lead, and in the speech which he delivered in the House yesterday, the public were given a clear, frank, and concise exposition of the policy adopted and the manner in which the Party was carrying it out. We feel convinced that the speech will be read with interest,

est, and will go far to assure the community that their faith was not misplaced, and that the great and responsible duties undertaken are being fulfilled in a businesslike and conscientious manner.

A Real Government

The following article taken from the Charlottetown Guardian is a tribute to the present Government which, coming from the outside, is deserving of more than passing notice:

"Isn't it good to hear of a Government reducing taxes? Already the U.S. taxation is away below ours, and now we have the Newfoundland Government announcing wholesale reductions without reserve as follows:

Repeal of the business profits tax, suspension of the income tax, and reduction of tax on banks. Just stop and think of the encouragement that will give to capital to flow unstinted into the development of the 'Ancient Colony,' and then think of our hard case where we are being practically taxed into the bankruptcy of our natural resources and of existing and potential industries. Besides the relief this abolition of taxation will give the Newfoundlanders, the Government intends further to help the people by launching a scheme for the encouragement of agriculture; and still another to encourage shipping by the construction of a \$4,000,000 dock presumably at St. John's. That is real Government for you. Wish we had it at Ottawa."

S.S. Viking Clears for Gulf

S.S. VIKING, Capt. Bartlett, with a crew of 140 men, cleared from Messrs. Bovring Bros. premises at nine o'clock this morning, bound to Channel, from which port she will sail for the Gulf in quest of the herd. After the ship left the pier she moved down stream with all flags flying, the other ships in port took their sirens and whistles, as a farewell and bon voyage, while many citizens crowded the wharves along the waterfront and cheered Capt. Bartlett and his hardy crew. Owing to the South East winds with heavy lop on the outside, the Viking was obliged to anchor off the Labrador Boundary, albeit stresses the difficulty of setting a price upon our territories.

Home anon, and find my wife quite recovered from her rage of this morning, which I am pleased for; but I do soon perceive the cause of it for I am no sooner in the house when she brings out some new hats which she tries on for my approval, and do beg me so that she may be allowed to keep one that I had not the heart to refuse her.

But Lord, what a wily wretch she is, and seems how I have not yet learned how to manage her properly.

Magistrate's Court

Three drunks were convicted and fined \$1.00 or 3 days, and blacklisted.

A wife had her husband before court this morning for assault. The charge was fully proven, and the judge bound him over to keep the peace in his own recognizances in the sum of \$100.00. Should he break his bond he will be sent down for thirty days hard labor.

Correction—The name of the man summoned yesterday by the Employment Bureau should have read William Winsor.

Express Passengers

The following passengers crossed over to Port aux Basques by S.S. Kyle at 9:30 this morning, and joined the express:—Mrs. W. Flynn, Mrs. J. Ashby and child, G. W. Meade, G. Allan, W. Pieroway, Mrs. G. Saillies, C. Skinner and 4 children, Geo. Grimes, G. Fitzgerald, N. R. Lewis and E. Suley.

Received Congratulations

Sir P. T. McGrath received a cable message last night from Viscount Burnham, proprietor of the London Daily Telegraph and President of the Empire Press Union, extending his congratulations and those of friends in that organization on his appointment as President of the Legislative Council. The Empire Press Union organized the Imperial Press Conference in 1920, which traversed the Dominion and of which Lord Burnham was President and Sir P. T. McGrath the Newfoundland representative.

McMurdo's Store News

CRISTOLAX the wonder Malt Extract with Paraffin. This preparation successfully dispenses the old-fashioned drastic purgatives and asperients, and has none of the bad effects so common to those. It is particularly valuable for infants, children, invalids and the aged. It is in the form of granular crystals and may be taken dry from a spoon or spread on bread and butter, and as it mixes freely with milk or water, it is more frequently administered in this manner.

Price 80c.

BEING ENQUIRED INTO—A magisterial enquiry into the fire at the Gorton Pew Company was continued before Mr. McCarthy, J. P. yesterday. Several persons were called and gave evidence.

Supreme Court

BEFORE FULL BENCH.

Catherine Davis, Adm'r. of Estate of Theo. Davis, and John Davis, Defendant.

Mr. Seanon McGrath for plaintiff moves for a day and asks for Monday, March 5th, Mr. Hunt for defendant consents. It is ordered accordingly.

In the matter of the Companies Act, 1890, and in the matter of the Dominion Co-operation Building Association, Limited.

Mr. Hunt for the Attorney General moves for the addition of the Royal Bank of Canada as a petitioner, and reads affidavit of F. T. Palfrey, Manager of the Royal Bank and that the order for winding up by the court go and for petitioner's costs. Mr. Plinston for Royal Bank consents. It is ordered accordingly.

EPYS BEHIND THE SCENES

March 3rd.—This day the weather mighty cold, yet thank God is dry under foot, so I stand for the first time without goloshes or garters.

Anon, strolling into the Petty Court, did see the trial of 3 men for obtaining the unemployment dole, albeit all of them working for fair wages; this methinks the first trial of its kind here and the men ordered to pay a fine amounting to the dole paid them with costs added.

Coming home this day my wife asks me if I did order the coals she did bid me get this morning, but when I did tell her that I was too busy to remember them, the wretch berates me as she never did before, and ends with a stream of tears which drove me abroad to seek cover.

The Prime Minister speaking in the House this afternoon do close the debate on the Address in Reply, and so much business like to do this done semi-ennight. Mr. Monroe discourses of many things, and do dispose of Opposition criticism with the greatest ease. Among other things did say that he would never introduce a Bill to improve the cult of fish on his own initiative, and speaks also of the Labrador Boundary, albeit stresses the difficulty of setting a price upon our territories.

Home anon, and find my wife quite recovered from her rage of this morning, which I am pleased for; but I do soon perceive the cause of it for I am no sooner in the house when she brings out some new hats which she tries on for my approval, and do beg me so that she may be allowed to keep one that I had not the heart to refuse her.

But Lord, what a wily wretch she is, and seems how I have not yet learned how to manage her properly.

Norwegian Fishery

1925.

Lofoten 3,000,000

All others 4,100,000

1924.

Lofoten 2,500,000

All others 4,000,000

6,500,000

Hydrant Smashed

A driver of a motor car, owned by a prominent citizen, whilst coming out of Baird's Cove this morning, backed his car into an anti-freezing hydrant and smashed it in pieces. The Council's men were quickly on the scene and cut off the flow of water.

Palace Fund Collection

Last Sunday's collection in the R.C. city churches for the Palace Fund exceeded last year's collection and was as follows:—

Cathedral \$4,500.00

St. Patrick's 1,052.21

St. Joseph's 257.10

Personal

Mr. W. Humphries, of Melrose, T.B., is in town for a few days, on a business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. I. F. Perlis, who had been on a visit to Canadian and American cities, arrived by S.S. Rosalind last night.

Miss Helen Rogerson returned by S.S. Rosalind, after an enjoyable holiday with friends in Nova Scotia.

Mr. Walter Chafe, who was on a business trip to New York, returned by the Rosalind.

Mr. Wm. Piercey, buyer for Messrs. James Baird, Ltd., returned from the Canadian and American markets by S.S. Rosalind.

Mr. John Howlett, formerly of the Imperial Life Assurance Company has accepted a position with the Canadian Government Railways with offices in the Board of Trade Building.

SIGNING ON CREWS—The Ranger's crew commenced signing articles at 9 o'clock this morning, and had not finished up to 1 p.m. The crews of the Terra Nova and Eagle will sign on to-morrow.

U. S. ATTORNEY GENERAL APPOINTED TO THE BENCH

WASHINGTON, March 3.

Harran Fiske Stone of New York

resigned yesterday as the United States Attorney General and took oath as an associate Justice of the Supreme Court.

TO-DAY'S MESSAGES

PLOT AGAINST CHILEAN GOVERNMENT UNEARCHED.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Mar. 2.

A state of siege has been declared in the Chilean provinces of Santiago, Valparaiso and Antofagasta, the most thickly populated sections of the country. The measure was dictated by incidents occurring Saturday which were held to indicate the existence of a plot on the part of the Unionists with the object of overturning the present Government. The principal Unionist leaders have been arrested.

CALDER ACT SAVES CANADA HALF A MILLION DOLLARS.

OTTAWA, Ont., Mar. 3.

The Government has been enabled to abolish 771 positions through the Public Service Retirement Act (or Calder Act), according to report of the Civil Service Commission on the operations of the Act tabled in the House of Commons this afternoon. From the Commissioners' report it appears a saving of \$471,376.76 has been effected by operations of the Act.

FEARS ATTACK BY THE POWERS.

MOSCOW, Mar. 3.

Since taking over the command of the Red Army from Trotsky, War Minister Frunze has been warning Russia against the danger of attack from European Powers and urging an increase in Bolshevik forces.

RELIGIOUS SERVICE AT PRESIDENT'S FUNERAL.

BERLIN, Mar. 3.

The interment of President Ebert at Heidelberg on Thursday, will be with the rites of the Roman Catholic Church. Father Maas, of Heidelberg, will read the service. This announcement was made this afternoon after there had been uncertainty as to whether there would be any religious ceremonial at the funeral.

U.S. TREASURY MORE OPTIMISTIC

WASHINGTON, Mar. 3.

The treasury officials are more hopeful now than at any time in several years that at least two of this year's foreign debtors, France and Italy, will make early moves towards funding settlements.

TURKISH GOVT. RESIGNS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Mar. 3.

The Turkish Govt. has resigned. The Turkish Cabinet with Hethi Bey as Premier was formed last November.

EXPOSURE OF GERMANY'S INFIDELITY.

PARIS, March 3.

The Inter Allied Council of Ambassadors is expected to be occupied for several weeks with the question of German disarmament which it takes up to-day. Before them the Ambassadors will have the voluminous report of the Military Control Mission with photographs and other data assembled in Germany as well as written the opinion of this report of Marshal Foch and his colleagues of the Allied War Committee. Marshal Foch and his committee in their written opinion of report say it shows the Germans are persisting in their determination to maintain a complete staff of officers for the army such as Germany had professed prior to the world war. Not only is Germany educating officers to this end, the committee believes, but she is training enough men to supply a strong fighting army, is maintaining her facilities for production of poison gas, and possesses not only patterns and moulds for the most improved type of cannon, but even unfinished ones which could be converted within short time into guns ready for use.

BRITAIN'S OBJECTION TO FACILITATING MOVEMENT OF TURKISH TROOPS.

PARIS, Mar. 3.

British Ambassador Lord Crewe called on Premier Herriot last night with reference to it is understood to permission given by the French Government for transportation by rail across Syria of Turkish troops sent to repress the revolt in Kurdistan. France in 1921 gave assurances to Great Britain that the use of railroad would never be granted for Turkish operations against Britain. The French view is that if Turkish troops are solely intended for local police purposes, Britain has not ground for objection, but the British Government is said to feel that it will have the right to complain if Turks use the facilities thus afforded to bring about concentration near Irak with a view to influencing a decision of the League of Nations council which is about to attempt a settlement of the Anglo-Turkish disputes over the Mosul district of Irak.

TOURISM IN VLADIVOSTOK.

HARBIN, March 3.

Reports from Peking say that a serious uprising has occurred among sailors at Vladivostok. Kamensko, Soviet representative at Vladivostok was killed during street rioting according to the reports.

U. S. ATTORNEY GENERAL APPOINTED TO THE BENCH

WASHINGTON, March 3.

Harran Fiske Stone of New York resigned yesterday as the United States Attorney General and took oath as an associate Justice of the Supreme Court.

VOTES FOR WOMEN--Shall We Go Forward?



Ignorant Prejudice, the hand that down the ages has baulked advancing civilization, grips us still! We but as right of way.

"Footlogger" on the Traffic Regulations

Editor Evening Telegram.

Dear Sir—Your Editorial with respect to the proposed alteration of traffic regulations, is most timely and to the point. This should call for expressions of opinion in order to help our legislators to look at the question from every angle.

You are undoubtedly correct with regard to the animal being trained to regard his place in the road, and this cannot be passed over lightly. One has only to traverse the Topsail Road for instance when a line of carts is passing over it. Often drivers are away from their horses and cannot get to them on the approach of a car, but the animal has heard the signal and takes up his correct position. I therefore very much fear, if we alter the rule of the road, for a time at least, we may expect confusion and possibly accidents.

The question is, what is the necessity for this alteration? The answer, I take it, is to encourage the American car-owner to come to Newfoundland (and why not, the Englishman) and to come

Transit Gloria Mundi.

DECLINE AND DISAPPEARANCE OF OUR GREAT SAILING SEALING FLEET.

(H. F. SHORTIS).

There are many men living in St. John's (and they are not what we call very old men), who remember the time when in St. John's, at the outports, the two great series of the seal and codfishers were the governing principles of commercial and social existence, comparatively recent years, the period of March, the day of the departure of the sealing fleet was looked upon by the citizens of St. John's something like the same sort of expectation which characterizes the legal citizens of the American public on the arrival of the 4th of July.

All classes of citizens vied with each other to be the first upon the scene to witness the departure and their voyage to our hardy sealers, countrymen as they journeyed forth to their adventurous undertakings. In those first of March was the Seal Old and young alike entered the spirit of it, and the induce would be great indeed that could make the small boy from the fore-
ster enter the enclosure of the schoolroom. For that day, at least, master or his rod had no terror for the schoolboy. His mind was full up to see "the swimmers off," and them he invariably did.

HABITS TO CONJURE WITH.

These days the man who was met on the ice, and could draw a greater number of seals in a day, was looked up to and respected. Time was, and no further back than decades ago, when it was more honor in St. John's to painted and spoken to by Captains like Halloran, William Ryan, Henry Green, Alexander Graham, Henry Peter Cummings, Richard Pike, Peter Mulowley, Bartletts, Thomas Wm. Kae, William Jackson, John Jackson, James Wilcox, Wm. Wm. Wm. Rabbits, Az. Munden others, not forgetting the great Barros, than by the highest social and political magnates in the Island. The men of those days entered the spirit of the times in which they lived. They fully appreciated the sealership meant to the nation. They knew the hardships entailed upon its production, and they looked up to the heads and leaders of their adventures with a feeling almost of reverence. They were honored by the people who worked under their directions, who fully understood their daring and capability, and as a result of this popular acknowledgment, they were honored and respected in the highest of the land.

Do not too often repeat that I am one of the deeds of my countrymen days gone by. Their adventures both by sea and land, will one day be told by the historian. Although

and for years, aye, for centuries,

the deeds of a noble people are bound, sooner or later, and through unexpected sources, to come to the surface, and with which I am fortunately provided with full particulars, it must set us thinking that there must be something wrong, and that the seals are not so plentiful as in the days of the great sealing fleet. Or is it that there are two patches of seals—one north and the other south? Anyhow one year on Labrador there was one great herd of seals on the 28th March and after, while our steamers were killing another patch in the neighbourhood of Cape John. It would be interesting and easy to ascertain particulars. The following is, I think, a correct account of the number of seals landed and manufactured in the several ports of the Island for the Spring of 1888:

At St. John's, by 98 port vessels, 91,749; at Hr. Grace, 46,837;

Carbonear, 40,019; Trinity, 33,000;

Greenspond, 11,500; Brigus, 9,200;

Spaniard's Bay, 6,200; King's Cove, 5,580; Catalina, 5,560; Fogo and Twillingate, 5,700—making a total of 341,341.

In addition to this amount there were 1,155 seals taken at Fogo, and 1,346 at Twillingate, by landmen. As I understand it, they usually calculate that 80 seals would produce one ton of oil. If so, that would give 5,245 tons imperial; but I presume this was a somewhat rough calculation, and would not pass in these days.

AT ITS ZENITH.

In the fifties and sixties of the past century the sealership may well be said to be at the zenith of its glory, as to the quality and durability of the vessels, as well as the fame and success of the masters. For the past 40 years or more I have done my very best to preserve the names and records of those heroes of our country who have done so much to bring her to her present prosperous condition. In almost every magazine and newspaper in St. John's, I have kept hammering away in my endeavours to rescue from oblivion the heroism, enterprise, adventures, escapes, etc., of our early fellow-countrymen, and it is needless for me to repeat lists of vessels and masters who sailed from St. John's, Hr. Grace, Brigus, Carbonear, Bay Roberts, Trinity, Greenspond, Catalina, Twillingate and Fogo, Conche, and other ports, and I was well aware in doing so that if I were to put it out for any length of time, no records would be found for any person to do so in the future. And I was correct in my surmise, because it is utterly impossible to obtain any real information from documents nowadays, as none are to be had, at least in the outports, previous to the sixties of the past century.

While to give the names and masters of the St. John's, Hr. Grace, Carbonear and other large vessels would occupy too much space. In fact, it would take about a month or more to publish them in the Evening Telegram. I cannot permit this opportunity to pass without giving an idea of the splendid fleet of vessels which prosecuted the sealership from the Cable City (Heart's Content), some sixty years ago.

Skins

Oct. 1st, 1786 to Oct. 1st, 1787—41,041

Oct. 1st, 1787, to Oct. 1st, 1788—37,420

Oct. 1st, 1788 to Oct. 1st, 1789—25,943

Oct. 1st, 1789, to Oct. 1st, 1790—31,910

Oct. 1st, 1790, to Oct. 1st, 1791—23,664

averaging 32,996 for five years.

When we came down to the 19th century, we found the sealership at the zenith of its glory. In the year 1828, 555,942 seals were killed and brought in. In the year 1831 there were 686,838; the year 1840 there were 631,375 and the year 1855 there were 507,624. Of course it may be said, and rightly so, that these were ex-

ceptional years, but if we take what

is normal, we find that the seals

were not so plentiful as in the

years preceding.

It will be seen from the following report that the sealership was pro-secuted by our people to a very great extent, in the 18th century. An extract from the Report of the Trade in Newfoundland before a Royal Commission, held in London in 1793, gives

the details of the prosecution of sealers.

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the details of the prosecution of sealers.

WHY THIS GREAT FORCED SALE? In order to prepare for our Spring Merchandise we are forced to turn our great stock into ready cash. It is to your advantage to come early and benefit by this Great Sale.

PRICES DASHED TO LOWEST LEVELS! : NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY! : THIS IS THE STORE!

Astonishing Savings in
Ladies' Dresses

Values such as women cannot afford to overlook Dresses of every description for every occasion.

150 Ladies' Dresses

Made in the latest styles; colors: Navy, Brown, Sand, etc... **6.98**

Dresses

Were 24.75 to 29.50

The price scarcely covers the cost of the Silk or Serges ... **14.98**

Dresses

Were 31.75 to 39.50.

Choose from silk or wool models, for every occasion ... **18.50**

189 Misses' Dresses

Plaids and Velvet; 3 remarkable price groups.

4.98 5.98 6.98

feb24,mar3

SIDE TALKS.

By Ruth Cameron.

A CHANCE TO BE A HEROINE.

"On inspection we shall find that crowd were cheering me because I even if we are not downright ashamed was so cool. Really you interrupted me at a most inopportune time. It isn't every day you get a chance to be a heroine with no inconvenience or danger. I suppose you think I'm an awful silly but I bet you're just as silly yourself sometimes."

I agreed thoroughly with her last statement, but not with the one before it.

Don't We All Pretend!

I thought of that passage the other day when after a period of silence "someone sprang the old penny for your thoughts" challenge.

A group of us had been taking a walk together: we had chattered and then fallen silent and had been walking thus for a few minutes.

Three out of the four of us responded to the challenge as most people do with evasions and feeble attempts at wise cracks.

What She Was Really Thinking.

But the fourth said: "You're afraid to tell truly; I'll stump you."

"Go on," we demanded, "the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth."

"I was having a lovely time," she admitted. "I was being a heroine. You know when I was away last summer the little hotel I was in caught fire, and we had quite a scare. They stopped it in time but if they hadn't it would have been pretty serious for us folks on the top floor. Well, something made me think of that time—you know we were talking about mountains and heights and whether they made us dizzy—and I got to thinking about that room of mine and whether I could get out into the tree by my window, and so when we stopped talking I was imagining a fire and I was having a grand time being a heroine."

Where To Tie The Rope.

I woke everyone up on my floor and got them out and finally had to go down on a rope made of sheets and blankets, and when you spoke to me I was just trying to decide what I would tie the rope to. I'd thrown out all my clothes and valuables and the

FEDER'S FORCED SALE!

FORCED SALE PRICES ON OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

Ladies' Coats

8.98 14.98 24.98

Ladies' Leatherette Coats

FORCED SALE PRICE

5.98 6.98 7.98

MEN! Get These Wonderful Values!

MEN! WHEN EVER SUCH VALUES?

OVERCOATS

9.50 14.50 19.75

Burly Overcoats for men and young men in a fine range of styles and colors; made of warm, all wool fabrics. A real buy!

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF
BOYS' SUITS and OVERCOATS
IS INCLUDED IN THIS GREAT FORCED
SALE.

MEN'S SUITS

The finest Men's Suits to be had anywhere, all taken from our regular stock and greatly reduced for this Great Forced Sale. Here are a few of our remarkable low prices:

**9.50 12.50
19.50 24.75**

Boys' Suits, 2.98, 3.89, 4.98 and up
Boys' Overcoats to clear ... 6.98

750 Pairs Ladies' Men's, and Children's

Boots & Shoes

Ladies' all leather Boots at Forced Sale Prices 2.89, 3.89 Men's genuine leather Boots 4.50, 5.50 Children's Boots, a big Forced Sale Value 2.48 Sizes 8 to 2.

D. FEDER & CO.
334-336 Water St. cor. Adelaide St.

Heavy Fleece Lined Underwear.

Extra heavy fleece. Forced Sale 95c. a gar.

Men's Warranted Waterproof Raincoats,

4.98

Men's Sleeveless Dress Shirts.

Forced Sale, 98c. each.

Men's Wool Ribbed Underwear

28c. each 1.29

Men's Odd Coats.

Made in the best American styles. Forced Sale 4.98, 6.48, 7.98

Men's Separate Pants

Heavy quality, 1.89, 2.48

ONE-CENT MAIL.

Upon the brown postoffice floor a box holds a stationery holder is stationed there is a we may dispose of circulars and things like those.

The box is emptied every day, great loads of mail are borne away and burned as though to

celebrate the folly of the feckless

skate who sends abroad his one-cent

screeds, his circulars that no one

reads. We graybeards travel sad and

slow; to get the morning mail we go;

each has his box with front of glass,

through which he squints and cries,

"Alas!" he mutters, as his mail he

lamps, "my letters all have one-cent

stamps; they're all appeals. I know

full well from men who have gold

bricks to sell;" and then he dumps

them in the box, and full of ire, away

he walks. I go, expecting to receive a

longing letter from Aunt Eve; perhaps

a note from Uncle Jones. Inclosing

check for seven bones; or kindly lines

from Pete or Mike, explaining what

the weather's like. I find my box is

full of mail, and glad emotions then

prevail, but speedily my joy decamps

—my letters all have one-cent stamps.

They all are circulars from books

who'd sell me tires and inner tubes,

and mustard plasters for my neck

and town lots in the vale of Heck.

And I denounce the dippy scamps who send me mail with one-cent stamps. I'd never buy a lock or lamp that's booted 'neath a one-cent stamp.

Pointed panels, hung from a low-placed satin girdle give the desired swinging motion to a frock of chiffon.

Frocks of lace are untrimmed except for a single ornament, and rely on beauty of cut and material.

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State of Assembly
Proceedings

MONDAY, March 2.
House met at 3 p.m.
Mr. J. J. LONG presented a petition from the residents of Point Rue and other places asking for an allocation of \$2,000 for roads and C. Lake. The petition was supported by Hon. W. E. G. Smith.

MINISTER OF JUSTICE presented a petition asking for an allocation of \$2,000 for roads and C. Lake. The petition was supported by Hon. W. E. G. Smith.

MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND MINES presented a petition asking for an allocation of \$2,000 for roads and C. Lake. The petition was supported by Hon. W. E. G. Smith.

A question was given by Semmell, Duff and Godden. MINISTER OF POSTS AND TELEGRAPHES tabled reply to questions 2 and 4 on Order Paper, and failed to have answer to No. 3 in a day or two. Question No. 3 answered verbally.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

Debate on the Address in Reply resumed by the Prime Minister.

ON THE PRIME MINISTER.— Speaker, the motion in connection with the Address in Reply has been debated for a week, and I propose to keep the House any time setting it off the order paper but progress can be made in the further business. It is a matter of great satisfaction to the Government that the Speech has been received with such length, and so far by the Honourable Members of Opposition with such little criticism. Whether it is due to the benignity of Lent, or whether it is that so sensitive as I was last seen appears to me that a much more feeling exists in the House than there was last session, and the Honourable Leader of the Opposition for his statement that proposes to pass measures which are beneficial to the people of the country, he will be the very glad us, and to show appreciation of our work. A gentleman said to me and said I was to be in politics because the country will give no credit for what you right and blame you for what is wrong. He did not know what was talking about, because according to his own expression the Leader of the Opposition himself proposes to be a member of the Government during the next three and a half years. The men of the Opposition in discussing the Address in Reply have said that there is considerable legislation yet to be introduced in this session, and it is of great interest to know what they are in the Bill that has not yet been introduced by the Department of Marine and Fisheries, and the result is that there has not been a single quintal of fish sent to Peru since Mr. Goodridge came home. So I say that the appointment of Fishery Commissioners is not a thing that appeals to me. Mr. Taylor, who was here last summer as referred to by Captain Winsor, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, recommended that four Commissioners be appointed. The Fishery Board sat on it and they decided that it is a very dangerous attitude to assume to criticize unfairly or rashly the Humber proposition, because we have to remember that we are shareholders of it and, if anything happens to that industry, the shareholders will lose their money. Of course, there may be reasons for criticizing some things done out there. We heard a lot of talk and a lot of criticism at last session about matters on the Humber; but we have a "white" Company in the Armstrong-Whitworth



LINDSEY E. PERRIN.

WEDNESDAY MATINEE

RESERVED SEATS:
Main Floor 75c. & 50c.
Balcony 25c.
Pit 15c.

SATURDAY MATINEE
NOT RESERVED.
General Admission:

Adults 50c.
Children 15c.
Balcony 25c.
Children 10c.
Pit 10c.

CASINO | Monday, Tuesday
and Wednesday.

MATINEES: Wednesday & Saturday.

CURTAIN—8:30 P.M. SHARE.

L. E. PERRIN Presents

ARLIE MARKS PLAYERS

IN
"THE OTHER MAN'S WIFE"

A Beautiful Story—A Wonderful Play.

NOTE:—Tickets ordered over 'phone and not paid for, must be taken by 8 p.m., after which they will be sold.

SEATS NOW SELLING AT HUTTON'S.

— THURSDAY —
"THE SIDEWALKS OF
NEW YORK"with
20 LOCAL BOYS & GIRLS.
A Comedy for laughing
purposes only.SEE—
DELUNA and ADDEL
in their side-splitting
Novelty Act.

MISS ARLIE MARKS.

and I think that Mr. Hickman has been evidently misinformed and that some exporter has been "passing the buck" to him, but I can tell Mr. Hickman and the exporters that they have another guess coming to them and that they have to work out their own difficulties for themselves, and if they want anything done, let them work out a scheme report to us and then we will see what can be done afterwards. The honourable member for Trinity, Mr. Halford, spoke for three hours a few days ago, and during his address he also touched on the subject of codfish, and I really do not know of one constructive suggestion that he made in all his remarks. He thought that there should be Fishery Commissioners appointed for the foreign markets. The honourable member for Fogo, Mr. Hibbs, also thought that we ought to have Commissioners to sell our fish. Now if we have any Commissioners at all we should not have them to sell our fish. I have been in the codfish business pretty well all my life and I have never required anybody to sell my fish for me. I have an agent in every place where our fish is sold and I am quite satisfied with the work they are doing. We do not want men in the foreign markets to sell our fish, although it may be alright to have men who are interested in the fishery to try and get in communication with any new markets. We have had our experience of Fishery Commissioners under the Fishery Regulations, which were thrown down because they did not have the endorsement of the Trade and the Trade was not behind them. Mr. Goodridge was sent by Sir William Coaker a few years ago to Peru to investigate conditions there and find out what the possibilities were for opening up a new market there for Newfoundland codfish. He made that investigation, presented an elaborate report, but I do not know if anybody read it or not. The report was sent out by the Department of Marine and Fisheries, and the result is that there has not been a single quintal of fish sent to Peru since Mr. Goodridge came home. So I say that the appointment of Fishery Commissioners is not a thing that appeals to me. Mr. Taylor, who was here last summer as referred to by Captain Winsor, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, recommended that four Commissioners be appointed. The Fishery Board sat on it and they decided that it is a very dangerous attitude to assume to criticize unfairly or rashly the Humber proposition, because we have to remember that we are shareholders of it and, if anything happens to that industry, the shareholders will lose their money. Of course, there may be reasons for criticizing some things done out there. We heard a lot of talk and a lot of criticism at last session about matters on the Humber; but we have a "white" Company in the Armstrong-Whitworth

people, whose name is world renowned, and they are people who can be depended on for a square deal, and the fact that they are spending thirty millions of dollars in that industry, instead of twenty millions, is to their credit and to our benefit—to our benefit, because we are security for ten million and now we have more security than before. We ought to think a lot of the Armstrong-Whitworth people because they have put in extra ten million dollars of their own money in that industry, as well as for other reasons. We have heard a lot of outside labourers being brought in to work in that region. I can quite understand the temperament and the feelings of Newfoundlanders in this connection when the outsiders are no better workers than our own people, and I can readily understand how the trouble came about. Some of the contractors of the Armstrong Company, who wanted to get some special work done and done quickly, gave it out at a special wage, and that is why, in some cases, that some people from outside, experts in their line, got more pay than some of our Newfoundlanders. But as things go on, Mr. Speaker, very shortly you will find that there will be no outsiders employed on the Humber. Last Fall they were asking for three hundred loggers and we could not get our own people to go at this work. Captains Butler and Byrne were unable to find enough loggers to go in the woods, and, accordingly, the contractors imported men to do the work, because they wanted the timber cut as quickly as possible and did not want to fall down on their contracts in supplying the people they were dealing with, and I think I would have done the same thing if the business had been mine. The result was that French Canadians came down to do the work and have been scattered around the various camps. As Mr. Warren said in his report, these French Canadians are all men of experience in this kind of work and a large percentage of our men are not experienced in it. They are fishermen and not loggers. If they get a number of Canadian expert lumbermen among our people will be able to learn the lumbering business as well as anybody else in the world. I do not think Mr. Speaker, that it is going to do any good at all, if we get a certain number of imported lumbermen. The Armstrong Whitworth people have said that the Canadian lumbermen would not get one dollar more than our men. They have their passages paid down and back if they stay a certain length of time. I think six months. Our men can get their passages back and forth also if they will agree to stay that long.

I would like to say a word about the steamer for the Gulf. The Leader of the Opposition has said that we have got the assistance of the Trade Facilities Board in building this steamer, we could have got her built ten thousand pounds cheaper in England than in Holland. But Mr. Hickman seems to have forgotten to read the message which went to the Trade Commissioner in London asking whether we could get the assistance of the Board in the building of the ship, the reply to which was that they did not think they could advance the assistance because they said that a steamer was not a public utility. I do not know how they can argue that, but I know that Mr. Baldwin, the Conservative Leader and the Leader of the Government in the British House of Commons, said recently in the House, and Mr. Sullivan happened to be there at the time, that they would have to extend the Trade Facilities to the building of steamers also. That was after the contract for the ship had been signed, and having closed that contract when we did we could not have gotten the assistance. We did get assistance for the order of fifteen thousand tons of rails which we have placed with an English firm, but we do not receive very much advantage, because if we had placed the order in Germany we could have done nearly as well. Under the present condition we are doing about five thousand dollars better with the aid of the facility board than we could do in Germany on this fifteen thousand tons of rails. Of course if we were to lose five thousand dollars by giving the order to a British firm we would rather do it than give the order in Germany after having the ship

built in Holland. With regard to the dock, we have as I explained the other day another expert looking over the proposition. It looks as if we are going to have to spend a great deal of money on the dock. We are at present waiting for the second expert to make his recommendations, we are waiting to see what they both have to say on the subject. All I can say is that everything will be brought before the House in connection with this matter and all will have the opportunity to express an opinion on it.

The Public Enquiry has been commented upon to some extent. I think that was the Hon. member for Fortune Bay who said that he thought all the names implicated should not be made public. I do not agree with him in that respect. We want to keep the public aware of what we are doing. We want to let them know what we are finding as well as we can. We are not seeking political kudos.

We are having these publications made just to let the people know that things are so, and that we are doing to get things better. If Mr. Warren's district of Fortune Bay did not spend as much money on Doctor's bills as other Districts we want the people of the other District to become as good as the people of Fortune Bay.

In connection with the public institutions we find that hundreds of people have been coming here to go into the hospital where there was no room for them. Boarding house after boarding house was being filled with sick patients, and the Government had to pay the doctors' bills and their board. It would be very much better for them to remain at home and await their turn, which has to be done in any case.

One word on the unemployment.

Nobody feels more distressed about people being out of employment than I do myself, and the members of the Government.

We certainly feel very sympathetic. But it is not the duty of the Government to find employment for every man out of work. Let that be clearly understood. It is the duty of the Government to give every encouragement to the industries that employ labour. It is not the duty of the Government, if they find a man out of a job, to give him employment.

Of course, if he is starving they should give him assistance. Now in the course of the investigations that have been made we have been told that there are not so many people badly off as there were last year, but that those that are badly off are more badly off than they were last year. Now it is probable that if the government were to give such employment as the Rock Sheds, that the people mostly in need would not be

people to get help at all. We know

that the people do not like receiving

the dole, and we do not like offering

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MAJESTIC THEATRE

BIG FEATURES TO-DAY

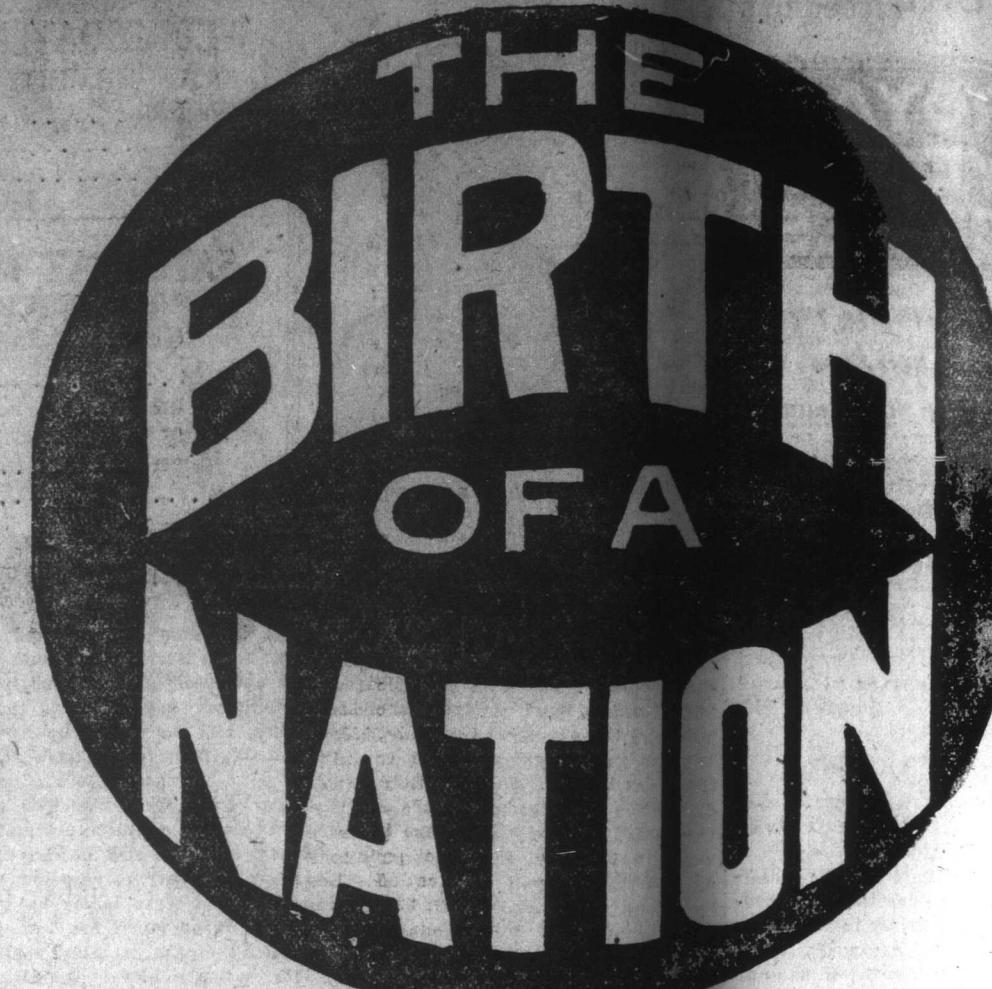
"THE FLYING DUTCHMAN"

Adapted from Wagner's Famous Opera.

JACOBSON and EVANS

- 1.—“Back Where the Daffodils Grow.”
- 2.—“Kiss in the Dark.”
- 3.—“Tosti’s Good-bye.”

- 4.—Piano Solo, selected.
- 5.—“I’m Gonna Tramp, Tramp, Tramp to see my Home in Pasadena.”



Will be Shown Monday, March 9th.

House of Assembly

(Continued from page 7.) The fishermen must be protected. We have got to remember that the Labrador property is very big. It is a hundred and twenty thousand miles. And we have to give a little consideration before we enter into any arrangement. Quebec has got water powers capable of developing seven or eight million horsepower, and if she had the Labrador she would have four million more. That is a very valuable asset, it is very valuable to them, and all that I can say is that in the negotiations that will take place we will make the best arrangements we can and then submit them to the consideration of the House.

Mr. Ashbourne in referring to the Speech from the Throne spoke about the policy of "Clean Up." We are doing some cleaning up, but as I told the House before it may take four years to clean up, but we have begun, and I don't say that we are particularly proud of the progress that we have made, but we have begun in the right direction. Sir John Crosbie has done a lot of cleaning up in the Custom House. We have got the Post Office on fairly good lines. We have got Colonel Ross putting in a new system up there. I believe it is going to be effective. Colonel Ross has suggested the appointment of a postmaster for St. John's. Mr. Milley is taking the position. Mr. Leesaurier has retired. Mr. Martin has retired at his own suggestion, and Mr. Devreux has retired. They are remaining on for one month, however, to give assistance to those following them. Their successors are promotions in the Post Office department itself. I would like to encourage that sort of thing. I would like to see every man in every department move up instead of having politicians put over their heads. It discourages them.

Mr. Speaker, I don't propose to take up any more of the time of this House this afternoon. I simply wish to make these few responses to the criticisms from the other side of the House, and to say that we believe that in the few years we have still to go we will be able to make a fairly decent showing in the policy of cleaning up.

At the close of the Prime Minister's Speech the Address in Reply passed the House without division.

When the Bill respecting the Lobster Fishery came up for second reading, Mr. Scammell asked re-

sideration of the matter as he did not think the west side of St. Barbe District wanted the close season. He suggested that the system of conservation whereby spawn lobsters were purchased by the Government and put back in the water should be again put in operation. The grant for this purpose was \$20,000, but in 1921 the Government had to abandon the system on the score of economy.

The MINISTER OF MARINE AND FISHERIES replying, said the matter of having a close season for the whole Island had been given careful consideration by the Board. He had been asked that St. Barbe not be included for the next 12 months but the Board decided otherwise in the interests of the whole country. The present, he thought, was the most opportune for a close season. The fishery had declined from 50,000 cases to 3,000, and the majority of those engaged last season did not pay expenses. The Government was making provision so that no undue hardship would be inflicted upon any of those affected.

MR. HALFYARD and CAPT. RANDELL expressed approval of the principles of the Bill. There was no further discussion and the Bill was moved to the Committee stage. Second reading of a Bill relating to Light Docks was deferred.

A Bill entitled "An Act to Amend 11 George V. Cap. 45, entitled "An Act to Incorporate the Women's Patriotic Trust Fund and for other Purposes", was given second reading. As explained by the Minister of Justice, the Bill is to facilitate the deposition of funds of the Women's Patriotic Association, which has ceased to exist.

By the Act funds are to be vested in trustees for relieving destitute sailors and soldiers who served in the Great War, and the destitute wives and children of sailors and soldiers who served in the Great War and in co-operating with the Great War Veterans' Association in relieving destitute of sailors and soldiers, their wives and children.

Second reading was given to Bill entitled, "An Act Further to Amend the Act 31 Victoria (Cap. 47, entitled "An Act relating to the Constitution of the Supreme Court, and the Acts in amendment thereof."

THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE explained that the Bill gave legal effect to a Statutory Act of 1921. Introducing the Bill respecting Companies for second reading, the Minister of Justice gave a resume of the Act. It was prepared by Mr. Justice Kent and Mr. Justice Johnson, and the former Attorney General, Mr. Warren. Although a Bill 300 pages it was not as formidable as it looked, the Minister of Justice said. On request of Mr. Hickman, second reading was deferred till a later date.

The second reading of three Bills, introduced by the Minister of Agriculture and Mines, was deferred.

A Bill "An Act to Amend the Revenue Act 1905, and the Acts of Amendment thereto"; and Bill "An Act to Amend the Act 15 e. o. V. Cap. XXI, entitled "An Act respecting a Tax on Goods Imported into Newfoundland," were discharged from the order paper at the request of the Minister of Finance and Customs.

A Bill entitled "An Act Relating to Firearms," was given a second reading.

THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE explained that the Bill was a digest of the law in the Old Country made suitable to our requirements. The Bill provides that "no person shall have in his possession, use or carry, firearms or ammunition without first obtaining a certificate from the Inspector General of Constabulary." The certificate

remains in force three years, but may be revoked for specific reasons. Exemptions for members of the police force, members of the naval, military, or air forces, an officer of the Post Office in performance of duty, gunsmiths in the course of their business, members of rifle clubs, approved by the Colonial Secretary, when engaged in drill or practice, are provided. The provisions of the Act as to the possession of firearms without a firearm certificate does not apply to firearms which are possess as trophies of war if the owner thereof gives notice of the fact to the Inspector General and the I. G. has signified that a certificate can be dispensed with, provided such trophies are not used or carried.

Second reading of Bill entitled "An Act to Provide for the Construction, Reconstruction and Maintenance of Highroads"; and "An Act to Regulate Travel on Highways and the Speed, Operation and Load of Vehicles thereon," were deferred.

The orders of the day being completed, Hon. M. S. Sullivan, before adjournment, took occasion to make a few remarks relative to the new Gulf steamer. He said the Trade Facilities Board would not give any assistance, which was evidenced by the fact that twenty British ships were now being built in Holland. The approximate amount was £14,000. Swan & Hunter or John Brown & Company would have got the tenders in England, their price being £100,000. Furthermore there were many items of electrical equipment and other equipment that the Dutch firms were willing to put into the contract, making in all another £3,000, which together with the difference between £10,000 and £89,000, making a saving to the taxpayers of £14,000. Then the loading and unloading for trial trip was offered free by the Holland firm for which the British firms wanted to charge. Mr. Sullivan was satisfied to rest his conduct as regards the placing of the contract with the people of the country who were the final judges, and he thought the saving of about \$60,000 to the taxpayers would be a nucleus for the fund to be started to repair schooners.

The House then adjourned until this afternoon.

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LUX

You cannot buy good woolens, good silks, good satins, good voiles, or in fact any good article unless you pay good price.

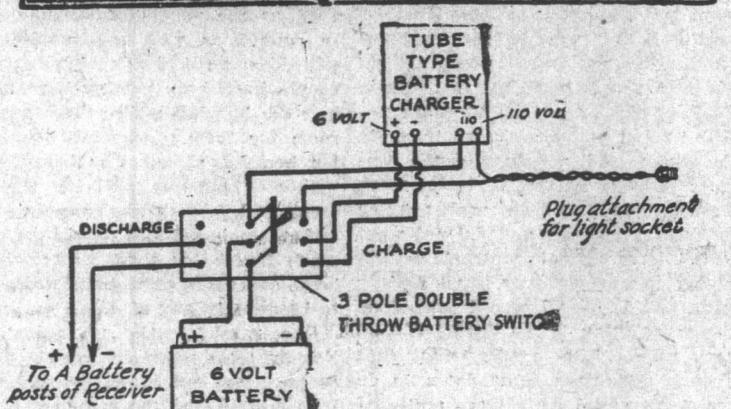
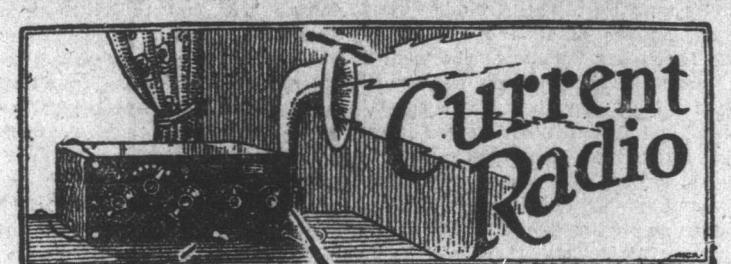
Just as Diamonds cost more than glass beads, as gold costs more than brass, so does Lux cost more than ordinary soap flakes.

If you wish to save money, don't buy inferior soap flakes, they will spoil your garments. Cheap inferior soap flakes will ruin your silks and roil your clothing. Always use Lux. Lux is made and guaranteed by Lever Brothers, Ltd., soap-makers to His Majesty King George. Lux is as pure as the most expensive toilet soap.

Wash your baby's clothing with Lux. Use Lux for washing expensive clothes, your silks, voiles, woolens, satins, crepes, etc. Lux is sold only in packages.

When you pay many dollars to get the clothing you like, it is foolish to buy inferior soap flakes which will ruin good clothing.

Lux is so pure you may use it to shampoo your hair, or in your bath. You can depend on Lux: beware of imitations, take care to get Lux, which costs only 10 cents per pack. —Janet.



Charging Storage Batteries

EDITED BY JOHN M. CLAYTON.

As mentioned yesterday, it greatly prolongs the life of your storage battery to put it on charge each night after it has been used. A 105-ampere hour battery is the standard size of radio battery, and we will refer to this as the standard.

With a 2-ampere battery charger, we can assume that it will take from 60 to 70 hours of charging to bring a fully DISCHARGED battery up to full charge. This means several days!

But if the battery is used three hours every night, and every other night allowed to be charged from the time the battery is taken off the radio set until morning, the battery will be in a fully charged condition almost all of the time. Once a month, however, it should be tested by means of a hydrometer and if each cell does not show the proper gravity (1290 in most batteries) the charger should be turned on and the battery charged until it has started to 1290 and the cells are gassing freely.

Above we show a simple charging circuit.

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Entry of Aliens

Home Secretary On Enforcement of Regulations.

Sir William Joyson-Hicks, the Home Secretary, is devoting special attention to the question of alien immigration. He inspected the arrangements at Dover for dealing with immigrants, and subsequently addressed the Immigration Officers. Sir William stated that he was extremely satisfied by the way in which the work was being done, but desired to emphasize his determination in which he had the full support of the Government, that every effort was to be made to keep out undesirable aliens, and that so long as there were anything like a million unemployed in this country no foreigner was to be allowed to come in seeking employment. As he had stated in a recent circular, the benefit of the doubt in every case was to be given to this country rather than to the alien. Sir William then went on to Folkestone, where he went aboard the Flushing boat and personally took part in the investigation of the aliens who were coming in by that boat.

Wash your baby's clothing with Lux. Use Lux for washing expensive clothes, your silks, voiles, woolens, satins, crepes, etc. Lux is sold only in packages.

When you pay many dollars to get the clothing you like, it is foolish to buy inferior soap flakes which will ruin good clothing.

Lux is so pure you may use it to shampoo your hair, or in your bath. You can depend on Lux: beware of imitations, take care to get Lux, which costs only 10 cents per pack. —Janet.

A dinner gown of heavy white satin is embroidered all over with silver thread and paillettes.

Canada's Postal Service

The record of the postal service of Canada in the fiscal year ending with March 31, 1924, has been laid before Parliament. Both in the transportation of mail matter and the banking features of the service, including the receipt of deposits and the transfer of money, more was done in 1923-24 than in the preceding twelve months. The revenue fell off slightly. The net amount was \$29,109,491, which was \$152,740 less than in the preceding year. The expenditure amounted to \$28,305,936, an increase of \$511,436.

Generally there has been expansion in the service. There were 295 new offices opened in the year, and 213 closed. This latter feature is chiefly a result of the establishment of rural mail delivery, which operates to bring the post office to the farmer's door instead of compelling him to go to the post office. The net result of the change is an increase in the total number of post offices of 82 to 12,375. Many of the offices have little to do. The department has been liberal in providing postal facilities in thinly-settled districts and if in cases it has meant financial loss it has not been uncompensated from other points of view. There has been a slowing down in the establishment of rural mail delivery, for economical reasons, and they were somewhat prominent. The newer developments of the service appear to be appreciated. The insurance of postal parcels has been largely resorted to, some 2,800,000 having been insured during the year. The system has been extended to parcels to the United States and Great Britain and Ireland. The C.O.D. service seems to meet a want, the number of articles having risen to some 50,000 a month. The number of post offices where the service is made available has been increased to 12,000, practically all in the country. It is noted that Toronto ranks first in the postal business. It reports postal revenue in 1923-24 of \$6,104,788. The other cities that show over a million dollars are Montreal with \$3,682,361; Winnipeg, with \$2,985,037; and Vancouver, with \$1,107,264.

In financial departments of the postal service, the savings Bank shows a revival in the volume of transactions. From the start of the service in 1868, there was a fairly steady increase in the yearly amount of deposits until 1909—when they reached \$10,000,000. This figure was maintained fairly well till 1920. In 1921, there was a drop to \$6,600,000, and in 1923, the amount was down to \$2,605,000. Last year, it rose to \$7,118,912. Some of the drop may have been due to investments in Government bonds, which paid from 5 to 5½ percent, compared with 3 percent interest, allowed by the post office. In money orders there was an increase in the number of issuing offices and in the number and amount of orders issued and paid. Those issued numbered 12,561,490, an increase over the preceding year of 1,500,000. The amount for 1923-24 was \$150,855,144—an increase of \$16,500,000. The greater number were payable in Canada, only \$18,234,000 being payable abroad. The cost of the service was \$1,177,321, the revenue being \$1,364,110. It is the division of the service which, with moderate charges, more than pays its way.

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WANTED!

Bon Marché
WATER STREET
ST. JOHNS
SEALERS NOTICE.

HAVING PURCHASED A BANKRUPT STOCK OF
OILED CLOTHINGWe are in a position to offer
\$2,000 Worth
of MEN'S OILED PANTS and JACKETSAll Sizes.
Guaranteed to be of the very best quality, and will outwear
any others on the market.**\$1.90 a Garment.**
These must be CLEARED WITHIN THREE WEEKS.
OUTPORT ORDERS—Cast must be remitted with all orders
and money returned if not satisfied that you have made the best
Bargain YET.

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We Take 999 Chances
TO THE ONE CHANCE YOU TAKE.

If you travel and no loss occurs, you have only spent \$5.
If you meet fatal injury while travelling, we immediately
spend \$5,000.

Your chances of loss while travelling may be small, but fatal
accidents occur very frequently.

It is worth while saving \$5 and depriving your dependents
of \$5,000? Don't take that trip UNPROTECTED.

U. S. FIDELITY & GUARANTY CO.
J. J. LACEY, N.M. General Agent.

Wanted!
A Good Reliable Machinist

Must have experience. Good weekly wage
and constant employment. Also, one or two
first class

PANTS MAKERS.
Constant employment.

W. P. SHORTALL,
The American Tailor - 300 Water St.

COAL!

Now landing ex Julius Holmlad

Best Screened North Sydney Coal.

W. H. HYNES.

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ADVERTISE IN THE EVENING TELEGRAM.

BAKE YOUR
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ROY
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CAKES

The stand
of Quaker
for over 50

years.

Product and

Trade Re-

Codfish—The ex-

port of 3,395 quin-

tals and 140 quintals

from Russell Lake,

from Oporto;

a schr. Nancy Lee

St. John's, to

the S.S. Dugald

last week to Liverpo

l S. Rosalind also

New York. The

John's are now

**Child Welfare
Association**

REPORT FOR FEBRUARY, 1925.

Visits to Homes 640
Attendances at Clinics 100
Dental Cases 5
Operations Performed 4
The work for February has been uneventful but steady.

One cannot help just mentioning the Infant Mortality for the month—four deaths, whereas in February, 1924 there were fifteen deaths under one year. The low figure for this month encourages us all the more to fight for a low death-rate for 1925.

We issued details for a Competition in mother-craft this month, the results of which will be known during Baby Week in June.

We are hoping this Competition will be of interest to many, and that we shall have a large number of entrants.

May we thank Mrs. W. Knowing, Mrs. W. H. Halley, Mrs. J. Campbell, A. Harvey & Co. and A. V. Rees for their kind interest and donations to us.

JANET A. ANDERSON,
March 2, 1925. Supt. C. W. A.

**Gorgeous Production
at the Nickel-Theatre**

"YOLANDA" SETS THE PACE FOR BEAUTIFUL PICTURES.

Marion Davies' latest Cosmopolitan production, "Yolanda," had its first showing in St. John's yesterday at the Nickel theatre and it stands out as one of the finest, most artistic productions of the entire year. It is beautiful in its settings, skillful in its direction and excellent in the acting.

The entire production is full of the glamour of fifteenth century France. The sets devised by Joseph Urban are marvels of beauty and are historically accurate. The story was adapted by Luther Reed from Charles Major's novel, "Yolanda," and was directed by Robert G. Vignola who directed Miss Davies' first big smashing film hit, "When Knighthood Was In Flower."

"Yolanda" gives Miss Davies a latitude of characterization even greater than that which she had in "Little Old New York." In both pictures she is called upon to delineate two characters that are quite different. In "Yolanda" Miss Davies appears as Princess Mary of Burgundy and as Yolanda, a burger maid. She gives a finished performance in both characterizations, proving anew that she is one of the ablest and most charming of our screen actresses.

The cast is a notable one, both in the names of the players and in the excellence of their acting. Holbrook Blinn presents a fascinating portrait of the wily King Louis XI of France, a sinister figure on the verge of insanity. Lyn Harding, whose vigorous and sure handling of the part of Charles the Bold, Duke of Burgundy, attests his mastery of screen technique, gives an even more commanding interpretation than he did in "When Knighthood Was In Flower." Other important roles are played by Ralph Graves, as handsome and resourceful Prince Maximilian of Styria, whose love affair with Yolanda gives romantic interest to the story; Gustav von Seiffertz, Ian MacLaren, Johnny Dooley, Leon Errol, Maclyn Arbuckle, Theresa Maxwell Conover, Mary Kennedy, Thomas Findlay and others.

A Beauty Aid

Richard Hudnut's Marvelous Cold Cream is a real beauty aid. It keeps the face soft, smooth and velvety and lends that adorable appearance which every woman's desires. You cannot use a nicer skin cream than Richard Hudnut's Marvelous Cold Cream. It should be used every night before retiring. All drug and department stores sell Richard Hudnut's Marvelous Cold Cream. For beauty's sake do not neglect to use it often during these cold raw days.—Feb 24, 1925.

Wedding Bells

At Trepassey, on the 11th of January, a very pretty wedding was solemnized, the contracting parties being Miss Catherine Carrigan and Thomas R. Curtis, both of Trepassey. The bride, who looked charming in a gown of white silk canton crepe with veil and orange blossoms, was attended by her sister, Miss Gertrude Carrigan, who also wore a white dress with hat to match. The services of best man were ably rendered by Peter Curtis, brother of the groom. After the ceremony a sumptuous repast was taken at the home of the happy couple, which was enjoyed by all present. The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Curtis wish them many years of wedded bliss.

Fashions and Fads.

A sleeveless, two-piece frock of rose crepe de chine is hand-painted in flower motifs.

Sleeves are of interesting cut to balance the fluttering movement of the new skirt.

They say that bows in a wide range of sizes will be good for the coming season.

KNOWLINGS ANNUAL

WHITE SALE



Convincing Proof of Our Leadership in Quality, Service and Savings. Never before have we offered such reductions for this our banner display of WHITE GOODS. These prices will surely appeal to the economical buyer. SPOT CASH--NO APPROBATION OR CHARGING.

Dress Goods Bargains

	Reg.	NOW	Reg.	FOR
White Voile, 36 in.	.78c.	57c.	Cream Silk Poplin, 54 in.	1.25
White Voile, 36 in.	1.10	88c.	Cream Hair Cord, 36 in.	.88c.
White Voile, 36 in.	.80c.	63c.	White Pique, 27 in.	.45c.
Cream Lustre, 32 in.	.75c.	58c.	White Pique, 29 in.	.80c.
Cream Lustre, 32 in.	1.10	88c.	White Pique, 38 in.	.85c.
Cream Wincey, 36 in.	1.25	93c.	White Pique, 45 in.	.90c.
Cream Taffeta, 38 in.	1.45	98c.	Indian Twill, 36 in.	.85c.
			Basket Cloth, 32 in.	.75c.

LADIES' WHITE LONG CLOTH & MUSLIN NIGHTDRESSES—Well made, finished and trimmed.

SALE PRICES 78c., 98c.

LADIES' PALE BLUE and STRIPED CREPE PINK LONGETTE NIGHTDRESSES—SALE PRICES 78c., 98c.

LADIES' WHITE FLETTE NIGHT DRESSES—SALE PRICE 1.58

LADIES' WINCEY NIGHTDRESSES—Special 3.98

LADIES' STEP-IN CHEMISES—Made of Soft Silk Muslin and best quality Cambric; daintily trimmed with Lace and Ribbon. Priced for this Sale. 39, 59, 63c.

LADIES' KNICKERS—Made of good quality Longcloth, trimmed Embroidery, 59, 63c.

LADIES' WHITE FLETTE KNICKERS—Elastic waist and knee, trimmed Galon edging. Sale Price 98c.

THIS IS A GREAT OPPORTUNITY

To Brighten Up Your Home

WHITE VALANCE NET—16 in. Reg. 45c. Now 12c.

WHITE FRILLED MUSLIN—24 in. Reg. 45c. Now 27c.

WHITE BRISE BISE—Reg. 18, 27, 45 to 50c.

Now 11, 17, 27 to 38c.

ECRU BRISE BISE—Reg. 27, 28, 45c. Now 18, 22, 32c.

WHITE MADRAS—Reg. 42c. Now 29c.

WHITE MADRAS—Reg. 48c. Now 37c.

CREAM CURTAIN NET—Reg. 25, 40, 1.00, 1.10.

Now 12, 33, 83, 87c.

LACE EDGE NET—Reg. 75c. Now 38c.

CREAM H. S. SCRIM—36 in. Reg. 57c. Now 33c.

WHITE HAIL MUSLIN—34 in. Reg. 80c. Now 58c.

CREAM H. S. CASEMENT—45 in. Reg. 1.25. Now 68c.

CREAM H. S. CASEMENT—33 in. Reg. 90c. Now 78c.

CREAM INSERTION CASEMENT—36 in. Reg. 1.00.

Now 63c.

ALL-OVER TUCKED LAWN—22 in. Reg. 60c. Now 29c.

LADIES' APRONS—With Bibs. Sale Price 58 to 88c.

LADIES' APRONS—Without Bibs. Sale Price 78 to 88c.

NURSES' WHITE MUSLIN OVERALLS—Sale Price 1.58

LACES, INSERTIONS, ETC.

FANCY COTTON and VALENCIENNES LACE and INSERTION—Sale Price 3c. yard

MUSLIN EMBROIDERY—Sale Prices 7, 9, 10, 12, 15, 18, 20c. yd.

MUSLIN INSERTION—Sale Prices 3, 6, 7, 10, 12, 15c. yd.

CAMISOLE EMBROIDERY—Sale Price 33c. yard

FLOUNCING EMBROIDERY—18 in. Sale Price 33c.

WHITE TURKISH TOWELS—Sale Prices 15, 25, 57, 73c.

SPECIAL HUCK LINEN TOWELS 68c.

mar 3, 6, 9

Specials

WHITE BLINDING

Job, 36 in. 15c.

WHITE TABLE OIL CLOTH

29 in. 39c.

WHITE FLANNELETTE

29 in. 23c.

STABLE DOMESTICS OF RELIABLE QUALITY AT BARGAIN PRICES.

WHITE TABLE DAMASK—

44 inch. Reg. 75c. Now 59c.

44 inch. Reg. 70c. Now 48c.

56 inch. Reg. 1.20. Now 98c.

WHITE PLAIN SHEETING—68 in. Reg. 1.00 for 88c.

WHITE PLAIN SHEETING—80 in. Reg. 1.15 for 98c.

WHITE TWILL SHEETING—54 in. Reg. 85c. for 63c.

WHITE DUCK SHEETING—27 in. Regular 45c. & 85c. for 38 & 63c.

LADIES' CORSETS—A discontinued line to clear, 58, 78, 98

LADIES' WHITE CAMISOLE—Made of good quality Cambric, nicely trimmed and finished 39, 45c.

LADIES' FINE JERSEY RIBBED CAMISOLE—Slightly damaged 39c.

LADIES' BRASSIERES—Remarkable value 49c.

LADIES' WHITE PIQUE JEAN GABERDINE SKIRTS—Special 89c. to 3.20

CHILD'S and MISSES' LONGCLOTH NIGHTDRESSES—Trimmed Embroidery, 88, 98, 1.08, 1.18

CHILD'S and MISSES MIDDY BLOUSES—39 to 88c.

CHILD'S & MISSES' WHITE JEAN MIDDY DRESSES.

CHILD'S and MISSES ORGANIE and MUSLIN DRESSES—To fit 5 to 12 years, 88c. to 2.59

SILK SPECIAL

TAFFETA SILK—Reg. 1.35. Now 88c.

WHITE DRESS SILK—36 and 38 inches. 1.35

JAP SILK—Reg. 1.95. Now 1.68

PAILLETTE—Reg. 2.75. Now 2.95

SATIN MOUSSELINE—Reg. 3.75. Now 4.95

SATIN CHARMEUSE—Reg. 7.80. Now 2.28

TAFFETA—Reg. 6.60. Now 3.15

WHITE CHINA SILK—20 ins. Reg. 75c. Now 50c.

WHITE CHINA SILK—36 ins. 1.65 to 3.50

WHITE JAP SILK—23 ins. Reg. 1.05. Now 85c.

WHITE JAP SILK—27 ins. Reg. 1.35. Now 95c.

WHITE SATIN—Special 1.40

WHITE TAFFETALINE—Reg. 50c. Now 35c.

GEOGETTE CREPE—Special 1.90

CREPE DE CHINE—Special 3.40

WHITE VELVETEEN—Reg. 1.50. Now 48c.

There is an elec... Hair Chesterfield, requirements of st

The conjunction of designs, results in proached individual

NOVELTY NETS AND LACES

Make dainty Sash Curtains, etc. Colours White and Cream in beautiful designs on fine Creton Net, at staggering prices,

18, 33, 48, 68, 88c. per yard

HOSIERY SPECIALS

LADIES' WHITE SILK HOSE—Slightly imperfect.

Sale Price 19c.

SHOE DEPT. SPECIALS

LADIES' WHITE DUCK PUMPS—Sizes 6 to 8 only.

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NEW YORK. HALIFAX. ST. JOHN'S

PROBABLE SAILINGS FOR MARCH

From New York:		From St. John's:
March 4th	ROSLIND	March 4th
March 5th	SILVIA	March 11th
March 6th	ROSLIND	March 18th
March 7th	SILVIA	March 25th
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THROUGH RATES QUOTED TO ALL PORTS.

WINTER PASSAGES NOW EFFECTIVE.

Round trip tickets issued at special rates with six months' advance privileges.

GOWING & COMPANY, 17 Battery Place, New York.
for further information, apply to
G. S. CAMPBELL & CO. HARVEY & CO., LTD.
HALIFAX, N.S. ST. JOHN'S, Nfld.
Agents.

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**A New Shipment
UKULELES**

The instrument easily learnt. Ideal for accompaniment. Method of playing shown to each purchaser.

LATEST FOX TROTS.**BRUNSWICK FAMOUS DANCE RECORDS.****Charles Hutton
The Home of Music.**

There is an element of fineness in Penman's All Hair Chesterfields, that goes beyond the admitted requirements of stability.

The conjunction of exclusive fabrics with original designs, results in a colourful effect of unapproached individuality.

and Cream
prices,
c. per yard1.35
1.68
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