



WOODS' FAIR

THE BIGGEST YET

Ladies, just try and think it out—
How we can sell them at the price.

Cloth Skirts \$1.25 and \$1.50 Each

No, we did not steal them! Just bought them at a ridiculously low price from a manufacturer that had a large quantity of these skirts made up, and he needed the money worse than the skirts. Two styles, the umbrella gored skirt with strapped seams and bias straps, finished with buttons. Sizes 28 to 42. Colors, navy, black and tweed; some are pleated. Price \$1.50 each. Also one style, all camel's hair cloth, in black and gray, with full gored skirts, and the gored trimmed with bands. All sizes. Special price \$1.25 each

GREAT BASEMENT SALE IN FULL SWING.

We have spent a long time in preparing for this great annual event. Our aim was to scheme to outdo anything in the sale line we have ever attempted before. One whole month of solid bargain-giving, not a bargain here and there, but you will find them all over. We don't expect to make any money, but

Must Reduce the Stock

Graniteware, all reduced, in some cases half-price.
China, all reduced, one-quarter off everything.
Dinnerware, all reduced, wholesale prices.
Toiletware, all reduced, printed sets, \$1.50 up.
Fancy Lamps, all reduced, one-quarter off all lamps.
Hardware, all reduced, at cost price to clear out.
Glassware, all reduced. Bargains Everywhere.

Get one of the 35c Granite Sauce Pans, we are selling at 15c this week.

WOODS' FAIR

J. M. THOMSON

BRITISH

The epidemic of measles in Dundee is now abating.

Last month 4,008 books were lent out from Montrose library.

This year Cullen has sent 226 114 5d to Aberdeen Infirmary.

Motor traffic is greatly annoying the roads in Morayshire.

Over 2750 is now in hand for the improvement of Fifeochy harbor.

Not for many years has the Forth winter herring been so productive.

Hawick British Women's Temperance Society has now 569 members.

In Dalbeattie last year there were 78 births, 17 marriages and 66 deaths.

In Nairn last year there were 129 births, 102 deaths and 23 marriages.

The fishing industry of the north is now almost entirely centered in Wick.

There was an increase of 166,000 tons in the coal exports from Fife last year.

The return power of Falkirk gas works is to be increased 50 per cent.

Wm. Kerr was fatally scalded at Cathcart paper mill by falling into a tank.

St. David's U. F. Church, Dundee, has been sold for use as a motor garage.

In Oban district a two years' course of forestry instruction has been inaugurated.

On several farms in Dunbar district there has been a wholesale destruction of rats.

There were 9 births, 4 marriages, and 5 deaths in Lilliesleaf, Roxburghshire, last year.

Last year the deposits in Carlisle Savings Bank, Lanarkshire, decreased by over £1,970.

The master painters of Dumfries propose to reduce wages from 7 1/2d per hour to 7d.

The instruments of Selkirk town band are in need of repair, which would cost £190.

Last year there were 185 births, 105 deaths, and 55 marriages in St. Andrews, Kinrosshire.

The rental of the Johnstone brough, Renfrewshire, is returned at £14,053, an increase of £294.

Pending the repair of the telegraphic cable to Shetland, messages are sent by wireless telegraphy.

The workmen of Loch Leven Power Works at Ballachulish died near there the other day from exposure.

At Coatbridge, Lanarkshire, the New Year's holidays extended much beyond the time the men wanted.

Owing to frosty weather, building work in North Berwick and district has been almost at a standstill.

Miss Jeanie Fernie, Leslie, Kinrosshire, has not missed a Sabbath school attendance for ten years.

Out of eight seats which they contested in the Dublin municipal election the Sinn Fein lost five.

His father to work a crane on the Belfast docks, suddenly slipped Samuel Martin, a youth, while as-

Is Your Skin Sallow?

Authorities like Dr. Hamilton who have made a study of skin diseases say that the trouble always originates in a torpid liver. You are apt to be dizzy, have bad taste and poor appetite. It isn't necessary to use a harsh medicine—get close to nature and try Dr. Hamilton's Pills which are composed of the juices and extracts of such herbs as Mandrake and Butter-nut. They are an ideal regulator for the liver, tone up this organ, make it work properly, which purifies the blood, clears the complexion, and removes all poisons from the system. Never known to fail.

No one ever used Dr. Hamilton's Pills without instant relief. A more perfect remedy can't be found. They restore the sickly to health—keep the well from becoming ill. Try them for your beauty, your vigor—5c per box, or five boxes for \$1.00, at all dealers.

THE NEW CHURCH ON HYATT AVENUE

Successful Opening Services of Methodists' Handsome Place of Worship.

The opening services of the Hyatt Avenue New Methodist Church were held yesterday, and were highly successful. The handsome edifice was crowded to capacity at all services. Rev. Richard Whiting, B. A., of Hamilton, preached both morning and evening, and Rev. James Livingstone, pastor of Wellington Street Methodist Church, preached in the afternoon.

In the morning Rev. D. E. Martin, the pastor of the church, referred to the opening services, and expressed his gratitude and the gratitude of the congregation, at the completion of their labors. The church was a credit to the congregation, and to the Methodists of the city at large. He spoke of the difficulties met with, and thanked the members of other Methodist churches of the city, who had come to their assistance in this work. The new church, he said, had a distinct part to play in the life of this rapidly growing section of the city, and was destined to be a great source of good.

Rev. Mr. Whiting spoke from two texts: "God so loved the world," and "I pray not for the world." The preacher referred to the apparent contradiction of the texts, but declared that the antagonism was apparent, not real. He prayed for those about him that they might be possessed of the Spirit of God, and influence the world around them. They were to be the distributing centers of Christianity. That was the real mission of the church—to distribute Christianity, and not to be a mere social center or anything of that nature.

In the evening, Rev. Mr. Whiting spoke on the text, "Ho, everyone, that thirsteth." He referred to the conditions in Israel at the time these words were spoken. The Jewish nation was exiled in Babylon. They had left the holy country—their home, their living on the plains among the cities, and fell in with the material life of the times. They had lost their religious life, although they had become more wealthy. And the voices of God, time, they had lost the voice of God. "The plains never spoke much to men, but the hills were never silent," declared the speaker. "There is something in the horizontal look that makes the hills full of poetry and music and hope. Men there see the stars of destiny and see the law of God. Men hear there the voice of God. It was so in the life of the children of Israel. The hills to them were always eloquent of God. When they got onto the plains they lost the vision, and the love of God, and became material and wealthy." The hills, said the preacher, always spoke to him of the mercy, and forgiveness, and truth, and ideals of God. The Israelite always connected his conscience with the hills of his country. In Babylon the hills of his magnificence of the city life, with its materialism and its sin. And there the poetry and devotion died out of the Jewish life. In the glimmer and the glamor of the life, they had lost the voice of God. They were like the leaning and drooping and withering in their spiritual life. They had more wealth, but less of God. The children of Israel were immature in a civilization that was godless to its core, and therefore their souls were unsatisfied and athirst.

Mr. Whiting declared that men's souls always thirst when they get away from God. He drew the analogy that man's life was like that of a leaf—that it should preserve its hope and joy and flavor of life. The leaves, however, withered and drooped and died, and hope vanished before its time. With men that should be the leaf, the analogy ceased. Men should preserve their hope and joy of living until the last. With the blight of sin, man withered and died. The righteous man should not droop and die before his time. The Christian should be joyful, hopeful, optimistic. "What do men need to accomplish this?" he asked. "First, they should incline their ear and hearken diligently unto God, and then 'the wicked man' should forsake his way, and the unrighteous man his thought, and let him come unto me, and I will have mercy," said the speaker.

There were so many voices in the world today that the voice of God was being lost. Men should make a business of listening unto God.

In conclusion the preacher pointed out that amid the richness and splendor of Babylon there was no life—just living. There is no life anywhere except with God. Men should get right with God.

Special music was rendered by the choir at all the services. Songs were sung by Mr. J. H. Moyer, Mr. Fred Reed, Mr. C. Pink, Miss J. Russell, Miss L. Moyer, R. H. Hudson and Mr. F. Nixon. Under the leadership of Mr. R. H. Hudson, gave several anthems in good style.

THREE PRISONERS

Were Before Judge Talbot Macbeth Saturday Morning.

Judge Macbeth was busy Saturday trying to figure out how to dispose of three most troublesome culprits.

Henry Davis, a young Englishman, and Paul Fisher and John Paul, Indian lads, were remanded for one week. The former was remanded on a charge of theft, while the disposition of the other prisoners, who pleaded guilty to theft and arson, is in doubt.

"The dogsmith will soon be busy in Alaska," said a miner of the Yukon. "He'll have his work cut out for him, too. The winter promises to be very severe. The dogsmith," the miner went on, "shoes, of course, dogs, or he wouldn't have such a name. The sleigh dogs of Alaska have, day by day, to run over miles of rough ice that is as hard on the feet as broken glass, and hence were they not shod they would soon grow so incurably lame that they'd have to be killed."

POLICE BREAK UP A TOUGH PLACE

Haines Residence on Thames Street Raided By Officers Friday Night.

The police Friday night raided the house on Thames street, occupied by Cecil Haines and his wife, with the result that Saturday morning Mrs. Haines appeared in court charged with being keepers of a disorderly house; Agnes Thomas, Kate Hamilton and Mrs. Simpson with being inmates, and Lorne Thomas, George Wilson and Neil McLeod with being frequenters.

All the young men are from the country, and as it was the first time they were up, they were let go with a warning.

Magistrate Love was most severe in his remarks to Mrs. Thomas, reminding her that after her recent trial for killing a fellow-creature, she had promised to lead a better life.

Will Be Good.

Mrs. Thomas said that she would make another attempt, and produced a letter from her husband in British Columbia, stating that he was willing to live with her again, and sending her a ticket to come to British Columbia.

Yesterday she was joined in the city by her son, and promised if let go to leave London as soon as possible and go to her husband.

Kate Hamilton, Mrs. Simpson and the Haineses were allowed to go on suspended sentence.

Remanded for a Week.

Fred Barlow and John Twitchen, the two lads who have been stealing robes from farmers' wagons, were remanded another week.

It had been discovered that both the lads are addicted to the excessive use of cocaine, and they are being treated at the jail now by the jail physician. They will appear for sentence on Saturday next.

Will Assist the Company.

Magistrate Love is firm in his conviction to assist the Grand Trunk as much as possible in freeing their yards and buildings from trespassers, and Henry Sinclair was fined \$5 and \$2.50 costs for being drunk and sleeping in one of the shanties. This is the third case which has been dealt with recently, and Magistrate Love intends to fine all persons trespassing on Grand Trunk property.

WAR ON HARRIMAN

U. S. Start to Break Up the Big Union Pacific Monopoly.

Washington, Feb. 1.—United States Attorney Hiram E. Booth acting under the direction of the attorney-general, filed today in the circuit court of the United States for the district of Utah, sitting at Salt Lake City, a petition or bill in equity in which the United States complains and the Oregon Short Line Railway Company, the Oregon Railroad and Navigation Company, the San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt Lake Railway Company, the Utah Pacific Railway Company, the Utah and Northern Railway Company, the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Edward H. Harriman, Jacob H. Schiff, Otto H. Kahn, James Stillman, Henry H. Rogers, Henry C. Frick and Wm. A. Clark, defendants.

The bill sets out in detail the several agreements, contracts and operations by which the several defendants named at various times since Jan. 1, 1901, are alleged to have secured for themselves and others the management and control of the various defendant roads, their branches and standing lines and to have ever since operated them in restraint of trade and commerce among the states and with foreign nations, in violation of the act of Congress against unlawful restraint and monopolies.

TYPOTHETAE LOSES

Court Refuses to Grant Permanent Injunction Against Pressmen.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 1.—Efforts of the United Typothetae of America, to force the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union, of North America, to live up to alleged agreement whereby the eight-hour work day would not be instituted until after Jan. 1, 1909, met with defeat today. United States Judge Thompson handed down a decision in which he says the union committee did not have the power to bind that union by the agreement it entered into with the committee from the Typothetae. The Typothetae was granted a temporary injunction some time ago to prevent the officers of the Pressmen's Union from calling a strike. They asked for a permanent injunction.

Judge Thompson held that the agreement made by the officers of the union, providing for a nine-hour day, does not bind the rank and file of the union to work nine hours, but only to work nine hours if they work at all, and he denied the petition for a permanent injunction.

Important to Ladies.

It is not often an opportunity occurs at your door to see the latest Parisian and New York styles in hair goods, yet such is the case, as Prof. Dorenwend, of Toronto, is visiting this city, and invites your inspection of these goods at his private apartments reserved at the hotel.

These hair goods styles, when properly adjusted, protect and ornament the head, soften and beautify the expression of the face, and consequently tone up an aged appearance. Be sure and see them at the City Hotel, Feb. 10th.

More patents were issued during 1906 and more money collected by the United States patent office than in any single year previous, with the exception of 1905, since the establishment of the patent office in 1836.

Weather
Probs:
FAIR AND
COLD.

Smallman & Ingram
THE SATISFACTORY STORE PHONE 655

Monday
Feb. 3

STORE NEWS TODAY.

"As the Days Lengthen, the Cold Strengthens."
Look to Your Home Comforts for the Next Two Months.

RELIABLE WOOL BLANKETS \$3.00 TO \$7.00 PAIR

This winter, apparently, is not going to prove an exception to the rule of recent years, that we experience our severe weather during the later months.

Years ago, when we passed Jan. 1, we considered our winter half gone, but of late years this date marks the commencement of our cold weather.

If you need a pair or two of these reliable Blankets, the weather of the past week strongly suggests, get your supply now.

Remember, they will be good for winters to come, and are guaranteed to be just as represented. (Second Floor.)

YOUR MONEY BACK IF NOT SATISFIED.

This is the best recommendation, and the surest guarantee we can offer.

Special Value, \$3.00 Pair

Good Union Blankets, size 60x80, splendid weight, blue or pink borders, at special, per pair \$3.00

Heavy Union, \$3.25 and \$4.00 Pair

We have these in two sizes, in blue and pink borders. A nice white blanket, thoroughly scoured. 60x78 at, per pair \$3.25 and larger size, 64x80, at, per pair \$4.00

Higher Grades, \$4.25 Up

Many prefer a fine quality Union Blanket, and these are superfine and sure to satisfy. We have them in three sizes, at, per pair ... \$4.25, \$5.00 and \$5.75

Single Bed Size, \$3.75 Up

We have a big demand for these, and handle them mostly in the better grades of fine Union, at, pair \$3.75 In Allwool, at pair ... \$4.00 and \$4.50

Special, \$2.50 for \$1.90 Pair

Good size Blankets, very fine and white, with small percentage of wool; silk-bound edges; blue or pink borders. Size 64x76, special, per pair \$1.90

Baby's Crib Blankets, very fine wool, blue or pink borders, very soft and warm, two sizes, per pair \$2.00 and \$2.75

STORE CLOSURE
AT 6 O'CLOCK
EVERY DAY
SATURDAY
INCLUDED.

Smallman & Ingram
THE SATISFACTORY STORE PHONE 655

149 to 153
Dundas
Street

FOR THE SICK

CHICKEN SOUP

Guaranteed by the Kent Canning Company, per tin, 15c; and Bovril, per bottle, 20c, 35c, 70c.

John Diprose
TWO POPULAR STORES.
56-Dundas Street-266
386-PHONES-2261.

JAPAN'S EYES ARE GLUED ON CHINA

She Wants Nothing Else To Get in the Way, Says Paris Writer.

Paris, Feb. 2.—According to the well-informed correspondent of the Figaro at Tokio, if Japan wishes for one thing more than anything else, it is peace.

"When I left Paris two months ago," he says, "I myself considered a war with the United States as probable. I have now been here a month, and everything that I have seen, everything that I have heard, shows me that I was mistaken. Japan does not want war, and to avoid a conflict with the United States will go to any length, even to the granting of concessions incompatible with her national pride. At the present moment Japan needs peace. The situation of the country is not brilliant. Her budget shows a deficit. Her gold has gone abroad to pay for purchases made during the war. This war cost dear in men. Japan is tired, and public opinion, which has at least some force, is in favor of but one thing—peace."

"If the men who rule Japan are now expressing Pacific ideas, it is because they recognize, with justice, that the Chinese question may arise at any moment more dangerous and complicated than ever. The death, of the

Coming

PROF. DORENWEND
of TORONTO,

the greatest Hair Goods Artist the world has ever known, is coming with

HAIR GOODS

WILL BE AT
CITY HOTEL, LONDON
MONDAY, FEB. 10

During this visit we will be showing the very latest Parisian and New York styles, and you are particularly invited to inspect and try on any of these creations.

We give you the same choice selection and satisfaction as you would get at our Toronto establishment. In a word, we bring our store to your door.

DORENWEND'S PATENT TOUPEE

For Gentlemen who are bald, is a masterpiece of scientific hair construction. Securely adjusted. Comb and brush them just as your own hair. Absolutely undetectable. They protect you from colds, catarrh, neuralgia, etc., and will make you look ten years younger. Over 50,000 of our Toupees are now in use. Don't fail to see them.



DORENWEND CO. OF TORONTO
LIMITED
103-105 YONGE STREET.

Empress of China, who is now 74 years old, may be regarded as almost imminent. Her death, in the present troubled state of the empire, will be an almost certain signal for revolution, a revolution that will commence by a massacre of Europeans. When that day comes Japan wants to be free. It will be the first to make itself heard at Pekin, offering to China its services as mediator with the wrathful powers of Europe.

"What will Europe do then? Will unite to prevent Japan's valiant domination? What will England do? England allied herself with Japan to check Russia's growing influence at Pekin. Russia, beaten, England childishly and sentimentally united herself with the little Jap. Hottelshelter she scurried after the victor, thus sacrificing a large part of her own influence in China. It is not of America, but of

New York City consumes 5,000,000 pounds of tea annually.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

DEATHS.
PERCY—On Monday, Feb. 3, 1908, at 154 Clarence street, this city, Margaret Percy, widow of the late Thomas Percy, in her 87th year.
 Funeral notice later.

POTTER—In this city, on Jan. 31, 1908, John Potter, in his 70th year.
 Funeral will leave his late residence, 533 Lorne avenue, on Tuesday, Feb. 4, at 12:30; service at 12 o'clock, and then proceed to Kintore Cemetery, by way of Thamesford. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation.

CHRISTIE—At Glasgow, on Jan. 31, 1908, Jessie (McDonald) Christie, beloved wife of William Christie, aged 51 years.
 Funeral from the family residence, con. 8, Glenworth, Westminster Township, on Tuesday, Feb. 4, at 2:30 p.m.; service at 2 p.m. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.
 People's Journal, Fisherville, and Perthshire Journal, Scotland, papers please copy.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

BENNETT'S NEW SHOW
WHO BEEF TRUST?
HAYS and JOHNSON
 In a delightful, refreshing comedy, "A DREAM OF BABY DAYS."
 DARING SISTERS O'EMERS, Expert Wire Artists.
GAZELLE VERNON—London Pantomime Company, in "THE ELOPEMENT."
 4-OTHER FEATURES—4

GRAND ALL WEEK
EARL BURGESS
STOCK CO.
 Tonight—Wedded and Parted.
 Change of bill nightly. All seats, 10 to 20.

WORLD'S GREATEST PRIMA-DONNA
CALL
 LONDON MONDAY FEB 3

Ocean Rush
 Campanian, Cunard Line, sailing Feb. 1, booked full third class. Lusitania, Feb. 8, booked full third class. Lusitania, Feb. 8, booked full third class. Lusitania, Feb. 8, booked full third class.

Princess Ice Palace
 Wednesday evening, Feb. 5, Hockey, O. H. A., London vs. Ingersoll. Doors open at 7 p.m. Tickets for sale at Gillies's jewelry store. Admission, 25c and 50c. Gallery, 50c. Game called at 10:15.

CONVERSATION, WESTERN UNIVERSITY, Wednesday, Feb. 12. Programme, promenade, refreshments. Tickets, 50c, at Anderson's book store. 666-2523.

FAIRLAND THE BEAUTIFUL TO-NIGHT, Westminster Rink. Grand illuminated decorations. The new air by Cadet Band, Anderson, Inc.

PRINCESS ICE PALACE—HOCKEY tonight, City League games. Doors open at 7:30. Admission, 25c and 50c.

SIMCOE STREET RINK—SKATING tonight, City League games. Doors open at 7:30. Admission, 25c and 50c.

VICTORIA RINK—SKATING tonight and every afternoon. Band-tonight. Admission, 25c.

EAST END RINK—BEST ICE IN CITY. Skating every afternoon and evening. 631st.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets, etc. Tony Vito's Italian Harmonica, 12 Queen's avenue. Phone, Dayton & McCormick.

DANCING-ADVANCED CLASS EVERY Wednesday evening. Primary classes, Ladies' Monday; gentlemen, Tuesday evening. Feb. 1908. Good program. 651st.

GRAND CONCERT AT ST. GEORGE'S schoolhouse, Tuesday evening, Feb. 4, 8 o'clock. West London, Tuesday evening Feb. 1908. Good program. 651st.

TONY CORTES—ORIGINAL LONDON Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 121 Maple. Phone 1570.

LEARN TO DANCE—PRIVATE LESSONS by R. H. Miller, 35 Princess avenue. Season open. Call and register. 351st.

HE.. WANTED.

MEN AND WOMEN TO LEARN THE barber trade, about eight weeks. Tutor free. Graduates earn from \$12 to \$18 weekly. Help secure in London. Large fee free. Motor System College, 234 Richmond street, London, Ont. 531st.

TEACHERS WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED FOR S. S. NO. 6, West Nissouri. Apply to John E. Evely. 62nd.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST ON THURSDAY—LARGE OVAL brooch, link of hair in back. Please leave at this office. 61st.

BOARDING, ROOMS, ETC.

200 BOARDERS WANTED—BIG BELL house, 111 New roads and beds, \$2.50 per week. Call 251st. 251st.

FOR RENT—STOREROOM IN GRAND Opera House building. Apply box 651st.

TO LET—A GOOD BRICK BUILDING, 20x72 feet, three stories, suitable for manufacturing; in business part of city. Apply to N. Mills, 1 Masonic Temple, London. 61st-2523.

COMFORTABLE FURNISHED ROOMS to let, 383 Burwell street. Phone 2758 K. 61st.

TO LET IN NORTH END—FURNISHED room, with board; modern couple or two gentlemen. Box 38, Advertiser. 61st.

WAREHOUSE SPACE AND A NUMBER of good offices for rent in three-story building. Green, Swift & Co., Talbot street. 61st-2523.

TO LET—NEW BUSINESS PLAN third floor, central position; well lighted and heated. For particulars apply Box 57, Advertiser office. 62nd.

FOREST CITY UNION MOVING VANS, including Bigges' business. W. A. Broughton, 455 Piccadilly. Phone 1444.

PEOPLE'S MOVING VANS—LARGEST in city. A. Henderson, corner Colborne and Chesapeake. Phone 1724.

TO LET—MODERN HOUSE, REPAIR throughout. No. 42 Waterloo street. Apply 21 Dundas street. 521st.

SIGNS.

ORDER BANNERS HERE FOR YOUR January sales. "The Signery," 276 Dundas street, upstairs. Phone 1585.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WAITER, WITH SOME EXPERIENCE. Apply Steward, London Club, between 2 and 3. 661st.

WANTED—WE ARE IN URGENT need of number young men to qualify for railroad telegraph service; operators earn forty to seventy dollars month; we can qualify you in very short time at small cost. London College Telegraphy, London. 61st-2523.

BOOKKEEPER WANTED—EXPERIENCED stenographer preferred. Apply Box 44, London. 61st.

BECOME A TELEGRAPHER WITH US, and we will secure you a good position immediately upon graduation. Send for particulars. Dominion School of Telegraphy, 9 Adelaide east, Toronto. 242-2.

AGENT WANTED, WITH HORSE AND rig. 355 Clarence street.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

EXPERIENCED GENERAL SERVANT wanted. Must be good cook. Apply 270 Central avenue. 61st.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED HOUSE-keeper; four of family; oldest girl, 12 years, youngest girl 7 years. Apply Box 85, Applin, Ont. 61st.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED, ABOUT 35 years of age, for family of four. Apply Box 89, Advertiser. 61st.

STENOGRAPHER—MUST BE GOOD writer, quick and accurate at figures, and up. Now in position to guarantee any expert. Apply Box 97, Advertiser. 61st.

WANTED A COOK, APPLY HOTEL Cecil. 61st.

WANTED—GOOD PLAIN COOK, AP-ply Box 94, Advertiser. 61st.

WANTED—CHOCOLATE DIPPER, A few experienced. McCormick Manufacturing Company. 61st.

INVESTIGATE OUR SPECIAL OFFER to students to attend Acme School of Art, 420 Talbot street. 51st.

WANTED A GIRL OR WOMAN FOR general housework. Family of three. Apply at once, 22 The Ridgeway. 51st.

HOTEL CARDS.

HOTEL WINDSOR, OPPOSITE MAR-ket, London. Rates, \$1 to \$15. Charles James.

LONDON HOUSE—REMODELED AND steam-heated throughout. Rates, \$1.50 and up. Now in position to guarantee satisfaction to old and new patrons. W. S. Lamborn. 61st.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL—1 AND 10 WARD, Dundas and Wellington. Wm. J. Wright, proprietor. 61st.

DOMINION HOUSE, ADJOINING Grand Trunk Railway station, London. J. C. Smith, proprietor. 61st.

BRITANNIA HOUSE, YORK AND Wellington. Rates, \$1 upwards. C. W. Morrow, proprietor. 61st.

DUKE OF YORK HOTEL, 65 DUNDAS street, Remodelled. Rates, \$1 upwards. Frank McLean, proprietor. 61st.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street. 61st.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

TENNENT & SHAW, VETERINARY Surgeons, Office, 137 King; residence and infirmary, King and Wellington. Phones: 666-2523, 666-2524, 666-2525.

TAMLIN & SCOTT—OFFICE AND residence, 63 Talbot street. Phone 385; residence phone 763.

ARCHITECTS.

J. LEWIS THOMAS, ARCHITECT AND Department, Central avenue, late City Engineer, 220, London; 622, St. Thomas. Phone 220, London; 622, St. Thomas.

W. FLETCHER SHEPHERD, ARCHITECT—Dundee block (late Toronto). Phone 468.

H. C. McBRIDE, ARCHITECT—SIXTH floor, Bank of Toronto Chambers. 61st.

REMOVAL—GEORGE CRADDOCK, AR-chitect, 461 Talbot. 61st.

WILLIAM G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT—114 (second floor) Masonic Temple. Phone 1571.

WANTED.

LADY DESIRES UNFURNISHED room in private family, central. Box 103, Advertiser. 61st.

WANTED BY LADY—ROOM IN PRIV-ate home, with use of piano; central. Box 102, Advertiser. 61st.

WANTED TO RENT—SIX OR SEVEN ROOM house, with stable. Apply Box 101, Advertiser. 61st.

WANTED BY STRONG BOY ATTEND-ing horse. Work after 4 and Saturday. Apply Box 100, Advertiser. 61st.

WE BUY OLD GOLD AND SILVER. S. K. Milroy, Jeweler, 394 Richmond. 51st.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR RENT—BRICK COT-tage and barn, 7 1/2 acres; one mile from Dundas, three minutes from car. Apply to St. Steel or C. Ayars, Weston street. 61st.

FOR SALE—1 1/2-STORY BRICK veneer house, all modern conveniences; 60x25 1/2 feet. Apply 397 Colborne street. 61st.

J. HARRIS & CO. HAVE REMOVED to 721 York street. Phone 2584. Dealers in real estate and insurance.

PHONE 777—FOREST CITY DRAY COM-pany, 128 York street. Prompt work guaranteed.

STOVE TRIMMINGS RENOVATED as good as new. Give us a trial. Satisfaction guaranteed. Boltz, 94 Carling street.

H. M. TAYLOR, EXPERT HAIR-dresser. Combings made up. 109 Dundas street. Phone 223.

D. CRIBBS, CARRIAGE MANUFA-cturer—Jobbing, repairing, painting. Horseshoeing a specialty. 239 Wellington street.

WHEATCROFT & McCLADDY, 23 Dundas street—Thimble's Furnace cleaned and repaired. Agents New Idea Furnace. Telephone 258.

FUR COATS, ROBES AND BLANKETS cleaned and dyed. J. Darch & Sons, 370 Talbot street. 61st.

MOST ECONOMICAL GAS AND GASO-line engines on the market. See them Scott Machine Company, Limited.

GARMENT CUTTING.

OUR PUPILS ACQUIRE A THOROUGH knowledge of pattern drafting, and a skillful method of preparing and fitting any style. Cutting School, 243 Dundas street.

CHINESE LAUNDRIES.

JOHN TOM, WAH LEE LAUNDRY Co. Goods called for and delivered. 308 1/2 Dundas. Phone 1508.

DIVORCE LAWS OF NEVADA, WITH complete information, mailed free upon request. Address: Attorney Charles B. Nagle, Nixon Bank building, Reno, Nevada.

ORDER BANNERS HERE FOR YOUR January sales. "The Signery," 276 Dundas street, upstairs. Phone 1585.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

TWO NEW MILCH COWS FOR SALE. Alf. J. Campbell, lot 8, con. 2, Lobo. 661st.

FOR SALE—SOME CHOICE NEW milch cows and springers. George Jackson, 87 Wellington street. 61st.

LAST DAYS CLEARING SALE, WALL papers, at Shuff's. Big bargains. Come early; don't postpone. 61st.

FOR SALE—GOOD VIOLIN, CHEAP. Apply 783 Colborne street. 61st.

FOR SALE—BRICK AND TILE YARD, together with 20 acres first-class soil, doing thriving business; 1 1/2 miles from village West Lorne. Apply Box 882, West Lorne, Ont. 61st.

FOR SALE—WHITE WYANDOTT cockers, Massey strain, 11 each. Apply John Huffman, Jun., Cairo, Ont. 61st.

MOTOR BICYCLE, COMPLETE, ready to assemble. Bargain for immediate sale. J. H. Cunningham, East London. 61st.

FURNITURE, STOVES, CARPETS, curtains, rugs and general house furnishings sold on weekly payments, at Wilson's big store, 375 Clarence street. 61st.

WATCH REPAIRING—L. W. THOMAS, 126 Dundas street, in Emerson's drug store. 61st.

COAL—THE BEST THAT MONEY CAN buy, also best hard wood, promptly delivered. South End Coal and Wood Yard. Phone 2700. E. Moule, manager. 61st.

ONE HANDSOME CABINET ORGAN at 251st; one Shofar square piano, \$25; and one beautiful rosewood piano, all size at \$100, payable \$4 per month. Helmeck & Co., 217 Dundas, corner Clarence. 61st.

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL THE latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job Department. 61st.

STOVES, RANGES AND REFRIGER-ators at F. Kestel's Furniture Store, 141 King street. 61st.

COAL THIS WEEK, ONLY \$5.20 A TON. Supply must be reduced. Dominion Coal Company. Phone 61st.

REPUTABLE TYPEWRITERS—REMIN-gton, Smith, Remington, Monarchs, L. C. Smiths, and all other makes, to be cleared out. United Typewriter Company, 411 Richmond street. 61st.

A FEW PAIRS LEFT OF THOSE Women's \$2.00 and \$2.50 Shoes. Selling at \$1.50 at the ROWLAND HILL SHOE STORES. 61st.

FOR SALE—HARDWOOD LUMBER, basswood, elm, black ash, and some cheap pine shingles. R. H. Smith, 151 Brighton street. 41st.

\$500 WILL BUY AN AUTOMOBILE touring car, complete; top and lamps. Horton's, London. 61st.

FLOUR AND FEED DELIVERED promptly anywhere. Phone 3389. W. T. Summers, 64 Dundas. 61st.

FRESH FISH NOW ON SALE—F. S. O'nn, Fish Market, London, 1256. 61st.

GOOD DRY WOOD, \$2 PER LOAD. prompt delivery. Forest City Bent Goods Company, 555 Bathurst street. Phone 700. 61st.

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT, OUR WORK is guaranteed, in carriage painting, repainting, woodwork, ironwork, at Smith's, Maple street. 61st.

SINGLE SOLVES THE PROBLEM OF hair-growing. Try a bottle. James Gleason, 63 Dundas. Phone 223. 61st.

"CHUMS" THE CHRISTMAS ECHO continues, to any address for 25c. See Hive Soap trade marks. London Soap Company, London. 61st.

SOME GOOD SECOND-HAND TOP delivery wagons for sale. Abbott's Carriage Works. 61st.

FOR SALE—GOOD DELIVERY WAGON. Apply Purdon-Gillespie Hardware Company. 461st.

GO TO THE BIG WATCH SIGN, KING street, for jewelry. W. J. Wray & Co., wholesale and retail. 61st.

ENGLISH, IRISH, SCOTCH PAPERS, English tobacco, cigars, postcards, novels. Empire News Company, 345 Clarence street. 61st.

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, or sell an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city, rate is a word, or three consecutive insertions for 2c a word, cash with order. Subscription, Daily, 25c a month, 12 yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application. 61st.

CHEAP HEAT—PEA COAL, \$5 TON; first-class, well screened. Lopez chestnut coal, \$5 ton; burns evenly out; no clinkers. Green & Co., 45 York street. Phone 1321. 61st.

SKATES HOLLOW-GROUND AND AT-tached to boots. Perry Hodgins, 715 Richmond street. 61st.

CALENDAR PHOTO MOUNTS FOR 1908, only 10c. McKenzie, photo supplies, opposite City Hall. 61st.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. Buchner & Gunn, corner Talbot and Carling. 61st.

MONEY TO LOAN—LOWEST RATES, no commission; easy terms of payment. Call or write H. Bartlett, barrister, etc., 38 Dundas street. 61st.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN AT LOWEST rates. M. P. McDonough, barrister, 418 Talbot street. 61st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES. Thomas C. Knott, real estate broker, Room 101, Masonic Temple. 61st.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON MORT-gage on real estate. Macpherson & Perrin, 57 Dundas street. 61st.

PRIVATE AND TRUST FUNDS TO loan at 4 1/2 to 5 1/2 on real estate security. Write or call. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 39 Dundas. 61st.

SLATE ROOFING.

SLATE ROOFING, ASPHALT CEMENT paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 501 York street, London. 61st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

GROCERY BUSINESS FOR SALE, AP-ply A. Cattnach, 674 Adelaide street. 21st.

INSURANCE.

THE ARCHIBALD McPHERSON INSURANCE AGENCY
 FIRE, LIFE, GLASS AND ACCIDENT.
 105 Masonic Temple. Phone 754.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

TORONTO COLLEGE OF MUSIC
 F. H. Torrington, Mus. Doc. (Toronto), director. LONDON BRANCH, for examinations. Room 208, Masonic Temple. Classes are now being formed in every branch. Ten teachers. Exceptional opportunities. 61st.

TWO MUSIC STUDIOS—DOWN TOWN. 21 Dundas, North End, 50 Wellington, for communications and phone 2571. J. Lamont Galbraith, singing; Mrs. Ave Galbraith, pianoforte. 2571.

CHARLES E. WHEELER—PIANO, organ, harmony and singing. Private studio, 42 Waterloo. Telephone. 61st.

V. I. HEWER, BARRISTON SOLOIST and choir leader, Wellington Street Methodist Church. Absolute voice production and concert engagements. 61st.

J. W. FETHERSTON, 35 QUEEN'S avenue—Piano, voice and strings. Tutor to beginners. Phone 1452. 61st.

GEO. C. PHILIPS, ORGANIST FIRST Presbyterian Church. Telephone. 61st.

JAS. CRESSWELL, MUSICAL DIREC-tor Grand Opera House. Violin, cornet, trombone, 408 King. 61st.

J. PARNELL, MORRIS-VOICE CUL-tured and singing. 405 Queen's avenue. Telephone. 61st.

CYRIL DWIGHT EDWARDS, BARI-tone, 291 Dundas and Colborne. Phone 1000. In art of absolute tone production, breathing and singing. Concert and other engagements. 61st.

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

LANGLEY, MY VALET—CLEANING, pressing, repairing. 253 Dundas. Phone 123. 61st.

J. A. YOUNG PREPARES PUPILS FOR matriculation, etc. Class in civil service examination. 375 Princess. 61st.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. ERNEST WILLIAMS, 363 QUEEN'S avenue—Eye, ear, nose and throat. Special attention to diseases of children. 61st.

DR. GEORGE McNEIL, NORTHEAST corner Dundas and Waterloo streets. Telephone 2103. 61st.

DR. FINGEL-OFFICE, 44 WELLING-ton street, London. Electrical treatment of diseases of women and specialties. 61st.

DR. NORMAN H. BEAL, RETURNED from England. Office, 534 Dundas street. Phone 889. 61st.

DR. McLELLAN, EYE AND EAR SUR-geon—Removed to 544 Richmond, opposite Albert. Hours, 10 a.m. to 7 p.m. 61st.

HADLEY WILLIAMS, F.R.C.S. (ENG-)land—Specialist surgical diseases. 439 Park avenue. 61st.

DR. PARDNER-BUCKE, 307 QUEEN'S avenue—Eye, ear, nose and throat. 61st.

DR. SEPTIMUS THOMPSON, 443 PARK corner Queen's—Eye, ear, nose and throat. 61st.

DR. SPENCE-OLIVER, 120 RESID-ence, 435 Hamilton road. Bourne block. Phone 1622. 61st.

DR. JOHN D. WILSON—OFFICE AND residence, 291 Dundas and Colborne. Special attention paid to diseases women and children. 61st.

London Advertiser.

FOUNDED IN 1863.

TWO EDITIONS DAILY-WEEKLY.

TELEPHONE CALLS:

Business Office107

Job Department175

Editorial Departments134 and 136

The London Advertiser Company,

Limited, 191-193 Dundas street, London, Ont.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Readers of The Advertiser are requested to favor the management by reporting any irregularities in delivery. Communicate with the Circulation Department, or 'phone 107.

LONDON, MONDAY, FEB. 3.

THE TRAGEDY AT LISBON.

The horror at Lisbon is the offspring of events which have been chronicled in these columns from time to time.

The name of liberty could not justify a crime so abhorrent, and in this case it is even doubtful whether freedom was on the side of the assassins.

The late King and his Prime Minister, Franco, professed to be animated by a reforming zeal and the highest patriotism in governing without a Parliament since the dissolution of the last one by royal decree, nearly a year ago. They defended the step as absolutely necessary to purge the country of political corruption, and preserve it from bankruptcy. It is claimed that parties in Portugal existed only for the spoils of office, and that Parliament had become merely a battleground for rival forces of graft and plunder.

Franco, who came to the front as the head of a so-called Liberal ministry, found his measures blocked by a combination of other parties, and secured the sanction of the King to a dissolution of the chambers, in May last. Since then he has placed the royal finances in order, and effected economies in many branches of the public service. In cutting off innumerable sinecures, he made powerful enemies, who have fomented public disorder. A more questionable policy was the increasing of the pay of the army and navy, which was characterized as a bribe, but the loyalty of the military was necessary to his regime. It was Franco's plea that the suspension of Parliamentary Government, was only an emergency measure, and that the chambers would be re-convened when warranted by the condition of the country.

The new King is only a boy, and his proclamation was written or inspired by Franco himself. The Premier is more than ever master of the country, and the revulsion of feeling caused by the assassination may rally to him a greater measure of public support. A prolonged dictatorship, however, is impossible in a country which is accustomed to popular Government, and in the end he will have to give way unless he can command a majority in a Parliament.

The situation derives added interest from the intimate relations of the British and Portuguese Governments. It is said these are cemented by a treaty which may now require Great Britain to interfere in the internal affairs of Portugal.

THE CARE OF THE BLIND.

Like the Province of Ontario, the State of New York recognizes it as a duty to provide for the education of blind children. Some three hundred of these unfortunate are being cared for and educated at the expense of the state. The facilities are inadequate, and it is found that three hundred others attend no school of any kind, and are growing up in ignorance and helplessness, so that unless something is done for them they must in time become numbered among the helpless blind—a class for whose care or education the state makes no provision whatever. The matter has been taken up by the Association for the Blind, which is moving to have the education of the afflicted children made compulsory. The secretary of this association, Miss Holt, who has given the subject much study, is a firm believer in the needfulness and justness of compelling the education of the blind by law, just as the education of children of normal physical type is made a matter of compulsion. It is a fact that may not be generally known, that the education of blind children along with those who have their sight has in some instances been successfully carried on in public schools. Indeed, many blind students consider this the natural and proper plan. Miss Holt's theory is to minimize the amount of blindness, compel blind children to go to public schools, and at the same time make the latter suitable places to receive the few blind children which there would be when proper preventive measures are enforced. The effect of this method would be to keep the blind children in their own homes, thus preventing their being institutionalized, thinking themselves a class of defectives, who need the special treatment, while all they really need is a strong body and special methods for reading and writing.

So far as this Province is concerned, the Institution for the Blind at Brantford has thus far met all requirements, being always open to as many as desire admittance. But here, as in New York and everywhere else, parental affection and a prejudice against such public institutions, often result in the keeping of blind children at home, greatly to

their disadvantage and injury. Such institutions as that at Brantford must of course be maintained; for it would be most unfortunate were there no place provided for the care and training of children so sorely afflicted. At the same time, in view of the prejudice against "institutionalizing" that seems to be by no means uncommon, the suggestion of Miss Holt, providing, as it does, a means of educating blind children without taking them from under the parental eye, is entitled to some consideration.

THE IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

The absence in the King's speech of any reference to the House of Lords probably means that no definite move against the Upper Chamber will be made by the Government during the present session. Likely enough the plan of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman is to give the peers a little more rope, in expectation that they will take advantage of it, and make easier the ending of conditions that have become well-nigh intolerable. The unusually large number of evidently popular domestic measures forecasted in the speech gives strength to this supposition. Some of these are avowedly in the interest of the working classes, and should the Lords deal with them as they did last session with the education bill and the Scottish small holders' land bill, the result would be to intensify the popular feeling against the Upper House. Both these measures are to be reintroduced this session, and it may be taken for granted that they will meet the same fate as before.

Of the promised labor legislation, the bills for better housing, and for establishing an eight-hour day for miners, while intended to meet the demands of the masses, are not likely to find much sympathy in the House of Lords. Then there is the question of universal old-age pensions, in the direction of which the Government proposes to make a beginning. Although Mr. Chamberlain, who may be presumed to be still influential in the Unionist party, was one of the first advocates of old-age pensions, it is not certain that the Tory peers will be prepared to follow him in so radical a measure. The promised bill to increase the effectiveness of local option, and otherwise multiply restrictions upon the liquor traffic, has already alarmed "the trade," which is looking to the Lords for protection.

The Irish legislation promised in the speech, particularly the bills for the compulsory purchase of grazing lands, and relating to assessment and taxation of land, being designed for the betterment of the condition of the Irish peasantry, can hardly be expected to be acceptable to the landlords; indeed, it is almost too much to expect that a Liberal ministry could prepare legislation of that kind which would successfully run the gauntlet of a hostile majority in the Upper House.

It would seem, therefore, that while no legislation affecting the House of Lords is just now contemplated, the present session will witness a contest between that body and the Government, which will be a preliminary to the real struggle.

It is unfortunate that the health of the Premier is not such as to permit him to take an active part in this important session; nevertheless, the principles for which the Liberal party and Government are fighting will be in good hands, whether Mr. Asquith, Mr. Morley or Sir Edward Grey is placed temporarily in the leadership.

REDISTRIBUTION IN ONTARIO.

[Toronto News.] It is expected that a measure of redistribution will be introduced at the approaching session of the Legislature. Nothing has transpired to suggest that purposes is contemplated. It is even stated that the British practice will be followed, and a committee representing both parties, and the Federal redistribution of 1903, while attacked by the Opposition in some particulars, respected municipal boundaries, and upon the whole held the balance even between the two parties. Indeed, in this respect our political methods have shown a great improvement in the last quarter of a century, and if rumor is to be trusted, Mr. Whitney will adhere to the better fashion.

DEATH TO THE RAT.

[Toronto Mail and Empire.] In his work on British mammals, Sir Harry Johnston says: "The brown rat is one of the few mammals that would be virtuous to completely exterminate." The New York Tribune declares it to be "the most universally detested animal on the face of the earth." It carries death and disease; it destroys birds and poultry, grain and fruit, books, clothing and furniture; it undermines houses, and causes fires by gnawing matches. It terrifies women and attacks children, and not one single useful function does it fulfill, such as even toads and flies are credited with. To support its rat population Canada is unwillingly taxed millions of dollars. It is time we made an end of it.

THE EVILS OF DIVORCE.

[Chicago Record-Herald.] Not a few of the matrimonial failures are due to the fact that a good many women get married merely to keep the public from supposing they have never been proposed to.

A SENSIBLE VIEW.

[Hamilton Spectator, Can.] In very many respects the treaty relations with Japan is a good thing for Canada. To lose the advantages it offers by an abrogation brought about through the passing of the Bower bill in British Columbia, would be a distinct loss to Canadian trade. Unlike the Pacific coast province, the rest of the Dominion seems to be pretty well satisfied that Japan's assurances to Hon. Mr. Lemieux, though they are but verbal, will be honestly lived up to and will meet the situation complained of. In any

event, the feeling is that Japan should have a chance to make good; if she fails there will still be opportunity to resort to the drastic measure. And if in the meantime the Premier is forced by British Columbia to choose between two chances—the loss of the treaty or the loss of a province—the voice of the rest of the Dominion would unanimously suggest the latter.

TO COUGH PROPERLY.

[Health.] Few people know how to cough properly. It never occurs to the ordinary individual that there is a right way and a wrong way of doing it. Yet it is a matter of no small importance. If every sign means a drop of blood out of the heart, as people say, every cough means some greater or less proportion of time knocked out of one's life. Most people cough as loudly and forcibly as they can, and it is rather costly noise, for the single reason that it tears and inflames the lungs. The lungs consist of an extraordinarily delicate sponge-like tissue, which sometimes gets inflamed and choked with phlegm. When we try to get rid of this substance we cough. But obviously, if we remove it violently, we must necessarily injure the delicate lung tissue. Therefore, treat yourself to cough as gently as possible.

HIS PATRIOTISM.

[Chicago Record-Herald.] He lifts his hat when the flag goes by. When the Star-Spangled Banner is played he stands; He hires a lawyer whose pay is high. To keep him out of the marshal's hands. He believes, "My country, 'tis of thee," With a feeling and fervor that few men show. He breaks the laws when they chance to be. In the way of the profits that tempt him, though.

A picture of Lincoln hangs in his hall. He sighs as he mentions the martyr's name. But, greedily wishing to "get it all," He wrongs his land and he brings it shame.

FUELISHNESS.

Oh, by the way, whatever became of that man who was going to make fuel out of ashes?—New York Evening Post. He? Oh, he's now engaged, like the rest of us, in making ashes out of fuel.—Indianapolis News.

This bit of cartilage may be classed as mere fuelishness.—Pittsburgh Post.

TIME AND THE MAN.

[James Bryce, in Pall Mall Gazette.] Someone may suggest that if Cromwell and Napoleon Bonaparte and Bismarck and George Washington and Abraham Lincoln had not appeared to do the work they did, other men would have stepped in capable of doing it, though perhaps in a different way. To this suggestion there are two answers. One is that it is pure conjecture. The other answer is that history shows us many occasions when the great man was needed, and when the need of him was acutely felt, and yet when he did not appear, and the consequences were largely due to his absence. Other men, perhaps more brilliant, achieve less than their powers seemed to promise, because they were not quite in key with their own age. Perhaps they were ahead of it.

AN UNFLATTERING REASON.

[Exchange.] A Scottish priest and minister was one day talking to one of his parishioners, who ventured the opinion that ministers ought to be better paid. "I am pleased that you think so much of the clergy," said the minister. "I am pleased that you think we should have bigger stipends?" "Aye," said the old man; "ye see, we'd get a better class of men."

TO FACILITATE WEDDINGS.

[Washington Post.] As an incentive to matrimony the next census should show how many women there are in this country who faithfully and diligently labor to support their husbands.

AS TO AGE.

[Philadelphia Press.] "What?" exclaimed Miss Gattie, "Surely you're not going to marry Mr. Rodey? Why, he's old enough to be your father." "Very likely," snapped Miss Bright; "but I beg you to remember that I'm old enough to be his wife."

MOST SUICIDES IN VIENNA.

[Vienna Correspondent.] Vienna has long enjoyed an unenviable pre-eminence for its number of suicides. Unfortunately the figures for last year tend to enhance this reputation. The official records show that 356 men and 108 women committed suicide, as compared with 335 men and 100 women in 1906. The figures of 1907, however, are not yet available. Besides this, there were no fewer than 728 attempts at suicide, 441 by men and 287 by women. The proportion of suicides to the population appears somewhat striking—three to one—but taking the cases of actual suicides and attempts together, this proportion is reduced to less than one to one. Illness and mental disorders were responsible for more than a fourth of the total suicides; unemployment, poverty, and distress accounted for 22, and dissatisfaction with their surroundings for 25. The highest number of suicides took place in April, when the lowest in May and September, with 31 each.

NICE GRADUATIONS.

[Argonaut.] When Napoleon left Elba, the Montebello, the official organ of the Restoration, marked his progress across France with the following amusing remarks: "The cannibal left dead and sailed. The tiger has arrived at Gap. The monster slept at Grenoble. The tyrant has been seen at Dijon. Bonaparte is advancing quickly on Paris, but he will never enter the city. The Emperor has arrived at Fontainebleau. His Imperial Majesty made a triumphant entry into the castle of the Tuilleries, in the midst of his faithful subjects."

FINERY IN EAST AFRICA.

[Frank G. Carpenter.] One of the great troubles that the British Government had while building the Uganda Railroad was to keep the natives from stealing the telegraph wires. The women use such wire as jewelry. They bind it around the legs from the ankle to the knee. They wrap it in great coils around their waists and pieces of it go round disks, which they tie to the lobes of their ears. They steal all sorts of railroad bolts and nuts for personal ornamentation, and brass wire and pieces of bronze are so much in demand that they will pass current as money. All the way here I have seen natives loaded with wire of one kind or another. Some had little more than the wire on their heads, and the clothes of most were conspicuous by the absence of buttons. Some had a string along the Uganda road is small pieces of cotton. Some of the men wear breeches, and some of the women have short skirts. Further up the line I understand they wear nothing, and at the terminal stations both men and women go about as naked as when they were born.

VON BUELOW MAY KEDAH FUNNY

HAVE TO RESIGN

Enemies of the Talented German Chancellor Are Busier Than Ever.

Berlin, Feb. 1.—It is current gossip among officials and diplomats here that Chancellor Von Buelow will soon retire from office. He has held his post seven years despite the machinations of a strong party at court composed of disappointed office seekers and men and women of the nobility whose lax principles he has censured. Without a following among his own class and constantly menaced by court intrigue, he has now aroused a fury of hatred among the Socialists, who hold him responsible for all their wrongdoings. The son and heir of Bernhard Ernest Von Buelow, minister of state when Prussia was a separate kingdom, and secretary of state for foreign affairs under the German empire, he is an aristocrat of the old, dominant, and conservative, and alterably opposed to Socialist aims. He seems to have no conception of the possibilities of power in their ever-increasing ranks and he makes no effort to placate them in granting even a small measure of their demands. The exquisite tact and charm of manner characteristic of the man in his social relations he throws aside in dealing with Socialists, although it might do much toward conciliating them.

His Life Romance. The Harden exposure left Von Buelow unscathed. But the fact remains and is known throughout Germany, that his marriage to the young and lovely Princess Marie Camporeale was achieved only after an elopement from Count Charles Von Dönhoff, the rich but aged husband to whom she had been wedded by her impoverished, ambitious parents. It occurred in 1875, when Von Buelow was secretary in the German embassy at Rome, he being then 28 years old, strikingly handsome and with a patrician manner and bearing, a scholarly cultivation and taste, and a passionate love for music that made him one of the most sought-after men in Rome.

The young prince was one of the best amateur musicians in Rome, as she now is in Berlin. She was lonely in the big palace with a husband old enough to be her grandfather, and she and Von Buelow began to see a better life in each other's company and playing together. They soon conceived for each other the most genuine, sympathetic and permanent of attachments. It was a "grande passion," such as only great souls are capable of approaching. They recognized it as such, and declared it openly, and, shortly afterward the princess left Rome, with Von Buelow, without any attempt at secrecy. The husband afterward divorced his wife so that the union with Von Buelow could be legalized, which was done 11 years after the elopement.

Won His Way Up.

Few people at court in Germany in those days would have given much for Von Buelow's chances of advancement in diplomatic life. But the appealing charm of his wife, even then only a mere child, and her fidelity, combined with Von Buelow's undoubted talents, kept him in imperial favor. He was transferred to St. Petersburg, then to Vienna and in 1878 was made secretary of the important and famous Berlin congress, going thence to Paris as secretary of legation, and finally back to Rome, this time as ambassador. Both he and the countess were received with the greatest cordiality and there was never the slightest question of their position as the least legitimate of the most exclusive set in society.

The Von Buelows have led a congenial, irreproachable life. They still come and play together that being the relaxation in which the chancellor finds the greatest pleasure. They read much together and one is seldom seen in public without the other. But when Von Buelow has attempted to regulate court morals, his enemies have had a weapon ever ready to use against him.

The opposition to the marriage of the crown prince to Cecile, daughter of a Russian grand duchess, whose escapades have been the talk of Europe for a quarter of a century, turned the crown prince and princess against him, and he was influenced, especially that of the crown princess, who has proved a model wife and mother—has gained rapidly upon the Emperor in the last year. This is now combined with all the other antagonistic forces at court and about the empire against the chancellor.

MONTH OF JANUARY.

January is called from Janua, a door, and its god was Janus, whose two faces over the gate looked both ways, one in and one out, as we today look backward and forward. The most inspiring vision in prophetic Scripture is the final one from the open door, which no man could shut; of a new heaven and a new earth wherein all old things and evil things are passed away and all things have become new. This is the prospect before us, as we, at this season, look forward joyously to lengthening days. There is certainly no reason in the world that needs changing. As the Yorkshire preacher said, enlarging on the passage about those who had turned the world upside down, "Firstly: Te woordal is opgesaen daan. Secondly: It's got to be turned right side up; and, thirdly, and most important of all: It's us that has the doin' on it." By the time everybody is busy about this job, the vision will be well on her full-blown. The job is a big one.—Montreal Witness.

The Berlin Tageblatt publishes the following from Constantinople: "One of the leading members of the London group of Rothschilds is negotiating with Turkey to raise a loan of £2,200,000, the consideration for which is to be a monopoly of the sale of matches in Turkey. Austria has assented, and the agreement of Britain is now being sought."

A libel suit is generally nothing but the penalty for violating the gossiping speed limit.

Discretion is what makes a man prefer an obscure life to the pomp of a hero's funeral.

In the morning the great problem is as to whether or not the fun was worth the headache.

THE LIFE OF A PRISONER IN MALAY

Municipality Is Comic Opera Existence.

Penang, Feb. 1.—Just enough of western civilization and methods have been engrafted on the Malay state of Kedah to make a fine operation of conglomeration of it. What a funny little state it is shown by the reports of G. C. Hart, its adviser, and Dr. A. L. Hoops, state surgeon, who have been connected with it a little over a year in those capacities. The area of the country is 3,948 square miles, its population about 219,000. Mostly Malays and some Chinese. It lies adjacent to Wellesley Province, in the Malay Peninsula.

The report of Dr. Hoops tells the queer pranks westernizing has played with Kedah's prison system. Under the old regime it appears, imprisonment was one of the lifetime social states, a sort of distinction that afforded all that a native Kadhah might desire. Dr. Hoops says of the prison of Alor Star, the capital, where half the prisoners were serving time because they had been forgotten after being incarcerated:

Could Leave Jail. "There was no fixed work for the prisoners, the bulk of whom were allowed to leave the jail in the morning, and stroll about the town until the midday meal, smoking, sitting in shops and conversing with their friends. A few were engaged in stone breaking, but were not compelled to do any more than they felt inclined. At my first visit to the jail I found both doors open; there was no warden on duty either there or inside. A prisoner who was leaning against a tree in the street, enjoying a cheroot, kindly volunteered to call one from his house to show me round."

"The warders," the report continues, "were mostly without uniforms; dirty, insubordinate, and, with the exception of the head and second warders, ignorant of their duties." Indeed, so attached were the prisoners to their free-and-easy penitentiary that one man, who had been in confinement for 27 years, on being twice turned out, remained howling at the gate until let in again.

Dr. Hoops rather spoils this example by describing the man as a "lunatic Chinaman," but even answering that description will nowadays be less anxious to stay at the prison, for since the arrival of Mr. Hart, the old prisoners have been tried, and many of them discharged, while for all new prisoners he has established a labor system, in which the minimum task is seven cubic feet of stone-breaking per man per working day of eight hours.

A Comic Opera Capital.

Alor Star seems to have been badly chosen for a capital, for it is on low, swampy ground, liable to be flooded when there are heavy rains, while the water supply is from the sewage-polluted and muddy river. The dispensary in this comic opera capital is a better building than the hospital, which is an "attap shed" in the last stages of decay, raised slightly off the ground, and with a constant accumulation of sewage under it. Dr. Hoops is improving the sanitation in Alor Star and other places, but in the meantime he does not encourage in-patients.

The report of Mr. Hart shows that the first year has been spent in organizing the various central offices and getting the heart of the administrative machine into working order. The staff is inadequate, and the means of communication between important points in the state are quite insufficient. This it is hoped to remedy as the territory develops, and gradually a thorough police system will be organized.

Revenue From Opium.

The revenue of the state comes chiefly from the contract for the opium farm, which is leased to capitalists along with the Penang opium farm, so that there is no friction between the opium farmers and less incentive to smuggle the drug across the frontier of Wellesley Province. Rice is grown in sufficient quantities to export, and ten rubber concessions have been granted, there being specially favorable soil for rubber culture. Mineral wealth lies also in the state, and on the eastern boundary, toward Rahman, the prospects are said to be very rich, indeed.

A great blow to Kedah was the death of Rajah Muda last May at the age of 37. Mr. Hart describes him as "one of the most brilliant Malay princes of the age," whose ability, courtesy and generosity would have made him a remarkable man in any country. His funeral was the occasion of a remarkable demonstration of respect, both by natives and Europeans.

The present sultan is the brother of Rajah Muda, but he is a weak-minded man without the late Rajah's grasp of western ideas and languages, and he is surrounded by a group of violent reactionaries, so that the assistance given to the European advisers is now by no means so ready as when Rajah Muda was appointed president of the state council. The presence of the advisers in Kedah came about through the extravagance of the sultan, for the state became bankrupt in 1904, after a series of weddings of members of the ruling house. Rajah Muda procured a loan from the Bank of England, and western advisers followed, to endeavor to turn a native state into the order of western organization.

A libel suit is generally nothing but the penalty for violating the gossiping speed limit.

Discretion is what makes a man prefer an obscure life to the pomp of a hero's funeral.

In the morning the great problem is as to whether or not the fun was worth the headache.

FATE DOGGED

POOR WOMAN

Regarded as "Ogress," Is Accused of the Murder of Several Children.

Paris, Feb. 1.—The court at Bourges acquitted Jeanne Weber, who had become known throughout France as "The Ogress," and ordered her to be set free immediately. This is the last act of one of the most extraordinary judicial tragedies in the history of the country. Nearly two years ago Jeanne Weber was denounced by her sisters-in-law and the neighbors as a murderess. The crime of which she was accused was the horrible one of having strangled two of her own children and two of her little nephews. In each case the child had died after it had been alone with Jeanne Weber.

The newspapers gave the woman the title of "Ogress," and, as French newspapers often do, prejudged the case and found the woman guilty. During her trial all sorts of terrible stories about her past were published, but not one of these stories could be proved, and eventually, after a long trial, Jeanne Weber was acquitted of all free.

She was obliged to change her name, as no landlord would take her in, for nobody with children would live in the same house with her. For a few months she lived unmolested in a wretched lodging in Paris. But one day a former neighbor recognized her in the street, followed her home, denounced her, and she had to go again.

She decided on suicide, and threw herself into the Seine, but she was rescued, and the magistrate before whom she was taken gave her money to go out into the country, where it was thought she would be safe.

But a strange fatality dogged her footsteps, and two months ago, in the house of a woodcutter, where she had taken refuge, a small child died of cerebral fever. At first there was no excessive fuss. A doctor saw the little boy, signed the necessary paper, and the child was buried. When it was discovered that the woman on whose knees the child had died was Jeanne Weber, and her persecution began again.

The unfortunate woman was imprisoned again, and subjected to ferocious cross-examination by the examining magistrate, who declared himself convinced of her guilt.

The body of the dead child was taken from its coffin, re-examined by several doctors, and it was proved that the child had died from natural causes. Yet there was another trial, and the Bourges tribunal acquitted Jeanne Weber.

"HACK" WINS EASILY

World's Wrestling Champion Defeats Rogers for Title.

London, Jan. 2.—George Hackenschmidt, the world's champion wrestler, easily defeated Joe Rogers, the English challenger for the title, at the Oxford Ring in this city on Tuesday afternoon. The Russian Lion took the contest, which was a catch as catch can struggle, best two out of three falls, with but little effort. The first fall went to Hackenschmidt in 7 minutes and 55 seconds, and after a ten minutes' rest he grappled with Rogers again and secured the second and winning fall after 6 minutes and 45 seconds.

The Oxford was crowded from floor to ceiling when Hackenschmidt and Rogers took the mat. The former was a strong favorite, but it was generally thought that Rogers would make a good showing. At the beginning there was an exchange of a give and take character. Hackenschmidt, if anything, appearing the more anxious. For a minute or two there was little to choose between the two, but Hackenschmidt took the aggressive and soon with an air of ease rolled him over with a "backbreaker" move.

In the second bout it was apparent from the start that Rogers had decided to act on the defensive and wait for a possible, though very improbable, moment of weakness on the part of Hackenschmidt, who, however, took the aggressive from the start, again got his man down and won the match.

Hackenschmidt will now complete his arrangements for a visit to the United States, where he is practically matched to meet Frank Gotch, the American wrestling champion.

The match between Hackenschmidt and Joe Rogers aroused considerable interest in this city and vicinity, because of the fact that Rogers, although English born, has lived for many years in New York. His showing against Hackenschmidt was nothing compared with that made by Tom Jenkins, the American titleholder, in his bout with Hackenschmidt at Madison Square Garden two years ago. In that contest the Russian threw Jenkins in two straight falls, but the time consumed was nearly four times as long as in the London bout yesterday.

Admiral Walker believed heartily in marriage for sailors. He always urged sailors to wed. Strolling in New York one day he met a young ship broker. Admiral Walker hailed the young man delightedly. He slapped him on the back, wrung his hand and cried: "Congratulations on your marriage. No more sewing on of buttons, now, eh?" "No, indeed," said the ship broker sharply. "I wear a belt now. It keeps me so busy rubbing the money to pay my wife's bills that I have no time to sew on buttons."

Wisdom would never be gained if there was no one in the world big enough to trash you.

The water of the natural brine springs at Droitwich, is twelve times stronger than sea water.

How to Cure Stitch in the Back

This is a peculiar sort of rheumatic trouble that affects the muscles about the loins. Severe spasms of pain shoot in all directions, and become more severe on stooping or standing. It is necessary to keep the back warmly covered to prevent such a chill, and to freely apply a plaster trating liniment like Nerville. Through all the cords and muscles the healing power of Nerville penetrates, and quick as a wink the pain and stiffness disappear. To prevent congestion returning, a second or third rub with Nerville is advisable, and then a Nerville Porous Plaster should be put on the weak spot. Those who have employed the Nerville Treatment say it is quicker and more efficient than anything else.

SPORTING TALK OF INTEREST

Continued From Page Seven.

Herz had become a "squealer" or had merely lost his head because of heavy losses.

A well-known broker who raced several horses here last year is anxious to buy the 2-year-old filly Nasturtia, by Nasturtium-La Gascon, who won impressively at New Orleans on Monday. He hunted up W. F. Mathews, owner of the filly, and made an offer of \$7,500 cash for her, but after considering the matter the young turfmen decided not to part with Nasturtia just yet, as they believe that she will develop into a second Nonsuila, the 2-year-old filly that came up from the Crescent city last spring. The Mathews boys bought Nasturtia at the fall yearling sales at Lexington for \$500 and think they have a bargain. She is eligible for this year's Futurity, Splanaway and Great Filly Stakes, and will be saved for the metropolitan campaign. Nasturtia ran three furlongs on Monday in 0:31 4-5, the fastest time for the distance made by any of the 2-year-olds this winter. The last furlong was run in 0:11 4-5 over a track that was not fast. Over a much better track Nasturtia recently showed a furlong in 11 seconds. She is in the hands of Bobby Shannon, who is also training Bellweather, Park View and Jersey Lady for the Mathews boys.

Including the races run last Saturday during the O'Neill led the owners at New Orleans with \$12,915. Walter Fizer & Co. were second with \$10,925 and L. A. Cella third with \$9,100. Noter still led the jockeys with 35 winners, 28 seconds and 16 thirds, followed by V. Byrd with 32, 25 and 24 respectively. McDaniels being third with 24, 21 and 23. At Oakland, S. C. Hildreth assumed the leadership in the list of successful owners with \$15,125. Keene Bros. were second with \$15,425, and R. Carman third with \$12,915. Walter Miller headed the jockeys with 72 winners, 44 seconds and 36 thirds, being unplaced 106 times. G. Burns, second in the list had ridden 27 winners, while E. Lynch was third with 26.

Walter Miller has left Oakland for Arcadia track, together with several of Thomas H. Williams' horses. He began riding on Monday, but failed to land a winner, although he got two of his mounts inside of the money. His stay will not be permanent.

The first thoroughbred foal at James B. Haggin's Elmhurst Stud at Lexington this year was arriving. It is a bay filly by Greenleaf and Vandyke. There are about 300 mares at this establishment, and it is predicted that more colts and fillies will be bred there this year than ever before.

Baseball sharps who remember the Brotherhood war in 1890 are particularly interested in the Pullman controversy just now if only because of the attitude of James H. O'Rourke, of Bridgeport. In 1890 O'Rourke was one of the most rabid Brotherhood leaders, who said that the players of the National League were in the right when they deserted their employers and jumped the reserve rule in their contracts to form the Players' League. At the time works wonders, for O'Rourke is now the advocate of a blacklist, rule which would banish all players who jumped contracts two years ago to the Players' League, which was a year ago an outlaw league organization. As was the Players' League eighteen years ago, O'Rourke is a "magnate" now, which has probably caused him to change his views as to the "downtrodden baseball slave."

President Navin, of the Detroit Club, has backbone. He says that Ty Cobb, the star outfielder of the American League champions, who has refused to sign a contract unless he can get \$15,000 for three years, will have to accept the club's terms or get out of baseball. Navin says that Cobb has been treated with extreme fairness in regard to salary for this year, and that the latter's stand is both unreasonable and foolish. Cobb can sign a one-year contract for \$5,0

THE HEIRESS OF DENSLEY WOLD

BY FLORENCE WARDEN

"What is the matter? Ah, Mr. St. Quintin, it is you? How is it, Saunders, that you did not tell this gentleman that we are not receiving today?"

"Your servant did his duty, Monsieur Leblanc, and told the lie you ordered him to tell. But as I felt sure it was a lie, I presumed to disregard it. I have come to see your niece, my fiancée, and as I know she is in the house, you can scarcely deny me the right to see her."

"It is not unusual for gentlemen," said Monsieur Leblanc, with a slight stress upon the word, "to disregard an order given by a lady?"

St. Quintin smiled drily.

"Do you mean to say that Marie gave that order, that she was not to be at home if I called?"

"I gave it," said Monsieur Leblanc, suddenly becoming bolder, though he still spoke very quietly, and was very pale.

The footman had retreated, leaving his master and the visitor to fight their battle out by themselves. St. Quintin stood his ground.

"Am I to understand, then, that you deny me the right to see your niece?"

"As a right, yes, I do deny it. It is not true that you are engaged to her—yet. That may come, I hope will come, when Mr. Williams—"

"Oh, Mr. Williams be hanged! Give me his address, and I'll settle that difficulty without delay."

The young man had raised his voice, speaking angrily and with impatience; Monsieur Leblanc dragged him hastily away from the drawing-room door, and thrusting him inside the dining-room, went in, shut the door, and faced him, frowning.

"You are behaving in a very singular fashion, Mr. St. Quintin. You surely cannot think you have a right to try to bully me in accepting you as a suitor for my niece?"

"Of course not," said St. Quintin, trying to keep as quiet as the Frenchman, but not succeeding in keeping his voice well under control. "All I ask is that I may be allowed to see her when I know she is in the house. That is a very

Advertiser Patterns

DESIGNED BY MARTHA DEAN.



4310—A COMFORTABLE YOKE NIGHTGOWN.

This new design for a nightgown for a girl will be appreciated by the mother who does her own family sewing. It is equally suitable for making in muslin or flannel, and may be trimmed as shown or more elaborately. The gown may be made high-necked and finished with a turndown collar, or it may be cut square and edged with beading and lace. The sleeves may be made long or short, as desired. To develop the gown in the 13-year size requires 4 1/2 yards of 36-inch goods.

4310—SIZES, 11, 13, 15, 17 years.

The price of this pattern is 10c.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE ADVERTISER.

Please send the above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to

Name

Street Address

Town

Province

Measurement: Bust..... Waist.....

Age (if child's or misses' pattern)

CAUTION.—Be careful to inclose above illustration and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure you need only mark 32, 34, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26 or whatever it may be. If a skirt give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 10 cents in cash or in postage stamps.

Address—

PATTERN DEPARTMENT,

LONDON ADVERTISER.

"Indeed, Monsieur Leblanc, I think it would be the most satisfactory thing for us both to meet and understand exactly how we are being treated by you," he said drily.

"Do you mean to insinuate, sir, that I am treating either of you except as I should?"

"When I have seen Captain Darnell I can tell you better."

Monsieur Leblanc shrugged his shoulders and waved his hands deprecatingly. But for a few moments he said nothing. He was evidently considering what was the best course to pursue with this obstinate and presumptuous young Anglo-Saxon. St. Quintin, however, was impatient, and in no mood to be specially gentle. He remembered the condition in which Ince had returned from his call at the lodge, and although he did not know exactly the circumstances which had thrown his friend into such an unusual state of agitation, he was quite sure that the solution of the mystery would prove to be unfavorable to Monsieur Leblanc.

He therefore abruptly decided to take fresh counsel with his friend as to making the acquaintance of Captain Darnell, and turned to the door.

"Perhaps, monsieur, you are right," he said. "I can make Captain Darnell's acquaintance on a future occasion, if you feel disinclined to receive me now."

And he was opening the door and leaving the room, with no other farewell than an inclination of the head, when his host, probably seeing that nothing could be worse, from his point of view, than to see the outsider go away offended to consult with his legal friend, changed front with great rapidity, and coming towards him with outstretched hands and a spasm of glacial vivacity cried:

"No, no, I am wrong. Why should I mind your meeting each other? After all, you know my niece has other suitors, do you not? and that you must not count too much on my favorable opinion of your pretensions, until we have seen Mr. Williams also and learned his views?"

St. Quintin was about to suggest that the lady's views were the most important factor in the case, but he wisely decided to be satisfied with having gained his point, and said nothing. Monsieur Leblanc went on:

"You say your friend, Mr. Ince, is outside? In which direction? I will send a servant out to ask him to join us. We cannot do so, I am afraid, if you. We could not be so inhospitable!"

To this St. Quintin agreed, wondering very much how these two would meet, each other, and whether he should be able to find out by their demeanor what had occurred on Ince's first appearance.

The next moment Monsieur Leblanc rang the bell and told Saunders, who answered the summons, to go outside to look for Mr. Ince, and to ask him to come in. He thus avoided the danger of allowing the two young men to consult together before being introduced into the society of the ladies.

Then Monsieur Leblanc led St. Quintin across the hall into the drawing-room, where Marie was sitting with her aunt and Miss Stanley and Captain Darnell. This new acquaintance proved to be a tall, thin, pallid young man, slightly bald, and with a long, dark, mouse-colored mustache. He had a cold manner, and wore a single eyeglass.

These were the salient features that St. Quintin remarked as their host introduced them to each other.

Miss Densley flushed deeply when St. Quintin looked at her with her hand with a faint and timid smile, which was reassuring on the one hand as to her interest in him, but alarming on the other, as it lacked the impulsive ease with which she had treated him on his previous visit.

On the whole, the reassurance he felt was stronger than the alarm. The one thing he wanted to be doubly sure of was that she cared for him. If that were so, since he believed implicitly in her purity and faith, he could look upon all the unpleasant circumstances which surrounded her as so many obstacles to be overcome on the way to their happiness together.

The other ladies, however, joined so rapidly and so effectively in the conversation, which they instantly made general, that there was no opportunity for these two young people to do more than shake hands. Then St. Quintin was given a seat at the table, and Miss Densley, and instantly found himself wedged in between the two elderly ladies, while Captain Darnell was left with Marie and Monsieur Leblanc hovered about the only person standing, like an evil genius over the assembly.

And a very few minutes later the door opened and the footman, who was still pale and nervous, as St. Quintin duly noted, and announced:

"Mr. Ince."

(To be Continued.)

FIRE ON THE MAJESTIC.

Southampton, Feb. 1.—A fire on the White Star steamship Majestic this afternoon gutted the smoking-room and several cabins before it was checked.

The Majestic is scheduled to sail for New York, on Feb. 5.

It was said at the office of the White Star Line in this city yesterday that the Majestic would miss one trip because of the fire, which caused damage estimated at about \$5,000. All the passengers had been landed when the fire occurred. The first-class smoking-room had been gutted and a large portion of the second cabin burned, besides four staterooms on the after section of the upper deck.

"I've Had Experience"

"With Hood's Sarsaparilla, and am convinced it is a great medicine," this is the substance of 49,366 letters by actual count, received in two years. They tell of cures of all blood diseases, loss of appetite, rheumatism, after-fever weakness, that tired feeling, nervous weakness, dyspepsia, catarrh.

Rheumatism—"I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla the best medicine for rheumatism. Both my husband and myself have tested its value, and it has helped me out from pain now." Mrs. O. W. POWELL, Coburg, Ont.

Eczema—"I had eczema and tried every kind of medicine, but nothing helped me until I took Hood's Sarsaparilla. Thanks to its medicine," GEORGE VANALSTYNE, South Bethlehem, N. Y.

Clives Strength—"We have used Hood's Sarsaparilla for three years and have always found it the best giving medicine." GORDON SAGE, 8 Duke St., Bradford, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold everywhere. 100 Doses One Dollar. Prepared only by C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

CANADIAN

Mrs. C. Bowman, of Preston, is dead.

Mrs. Martha Ward, of Kingsmill, is dead, aged 23.

Mrs. Herbert Bedford, of Windsor, is dead, aged 26.

Newmarket has installed seventy-nine electric meters.

Citizens eligible to serve on the jury number 884 in Collingwood.

Alfred Wood is chairman of the Hamilton board of education.

Maple Public Library is embellished by \$50 worth of new books.

Ministers' salaries in the Manitoba Cabinet are to be increased \$2,000.

Wentworth jurors ask for an increase to \$2.50 per day from \$2.

Hon. A. S. White has been appointed a puisne judge of New Brunswick.

Rev. A. J. Miller is the new pastor of St. Paul's Lutheran Church, Galt.

Roland Hills, secretary of the Canada Life for forty-six years, is dead, in Toronto.

Senator Landry asked for the appointment of a French minister for the Senate.

Miss Mary Proudfoot, well known in Galt, is dead at her Blair road residence.

Parliament is asked to incorporate the Security Life Assurance Company of Canada.

Bishop Williams confirmed a large class at Trinity Church, St. Thomas, yesterday.

Turkey-shooting season up North York was wound up with a big match at Zephyr.

Farmers from Rugby took their teams into Orillia to help in the local option fight.

Havelock ratepayers will vote on a bylaw to raise the hotel license fee to \$500.

The C. P. R. is to push its line through from Coldwater to Orillia next summer.

Owen Sound snowfall measured 52 inches up to Jan. 1, plus sixteen inches up to Jan. 12.

Freelton neighborhood loses its oldest inhabitant in the death of Joseph Sutton, aged 90.

W. C. Forbes, jeweler, is president of the Retail Merchants' Association of St. Thomas.

The G. T. P. telegraph line from Portage la Prairie to Winnipeg, has been completed.

Several rooms in the public school at Preston had to be closed during the cold weather.

Edward Cromwell, of Denver, Col., a descendant of the great Protector, is dead, aged 87.

Galt board of trade asks for more letter boxes in the town and more frequent deliveries.

Potato King Farm is the full name of one of the prize places of Orange Valley.

The Bowmanville Statesman describes its own Chief Jarvis as "a terror to horse thieves."

The G. T. R. has nearly 100 engineers, each drawing over \$100 a month, running out of Sarnia.

Tenders for the Winnipeg Union Station will be called for by April 1, Wm. Mackenzie says.

Jan. 1, 1857, fifty years ago last New Year's day, the date of Collingwood's incorporation as a town.

Navigation in the Niagara River at Niagara-on-the-Lake was blocked on Wednesday by floating ice.

P. H. Roy, mayoralty candidate of Montreal, is suing Ald. Payette, his opponent, for \$25,000 damages.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Dutcher, of Bradford, have celebrated the 60th anniversary of their wedding.

The appointment of Mr. Justice F. E. Barker as chief justice of New Brunswick, has been gazetted.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Wingham, reports one of the most successful years in its history.

Mr. and Mrs. Elgin Ben, of South Fredericksburg, lost three of their children by scarlet fever in ten days.

The customs revenue of Canada, judged to the early closing law, was \$49,421,802, an increase of \$6,917,473.

Pricedrive, Grey County, was the scene of a dance, at which Arch. McMillan of Montana, was floor manager.

The Great West Railway petitions Parliament to have its head office at Nelson, B. C., removed to Port Arthur, Ont.

Thomas Johnson, of Bracebridge, is deputy judge of the district during the absence on leave of Judge Mahaffy.

Dundas pays \$950 to its public school principal, and \$375 as minimum and \$500 as maximum for assistant female teachers.

After twelve years' service in the teaching profession, Miss Sadie Galt, of Baldwin Schoolhouse has retired.

Orillia General Hospital fund was enriched by a contribution of \$500 from the Standard Lumber and Stone Company.

A creamery is to be established at Orono to serve the surrounding fifteen mile area in Clarke and Darlington Townships.

Good sleighing is the reason why Parry Sound is able to buy first-class greenwood at \$2 per cord, and even less, this winter.

Well-diggers at Harpley, Parkhill district, have to go down 110 feet to the rock and four feet into the rock, before they strike water.

Peterboro boasts of the genuine prize hog, a dainty little creature, weighing 412 pounds, bred by J. Moore, Smith Township.

Parry Sound notes a sign or two of a slight mining revival, a few claims having been applied for in Strong Township, and other points.

Carnia Canadian boasts that its place of publication is the best town for railway men on the whole G. T. R. system, from Chicago to Portland.

A couple of Newmarket youths were fined \$1 and costs for thumping a high school boy who wanted them to stop annoying girls skating on the pond.

Chainworks, with forty forges, is

now running at Sarnia, with thirty hands a week, and 100 to be employed when the whole plant is operated.

Thomas Whitten, a life-long resident of St. Catharines, is dead, aged 53 years.

Hiram A. Calvin, ex-M. P., has resigned from Frontenac County Council as a protest against the present expenditure.

The funeral of the late Premier Peters took place at Charlottetown Friday, and was attended by thousands of people.

The Very Rev. Dean B. J. O'Connell, pastor of St. Mary's Catholic Church, Mount Forest, was found dead in bed, Sunday morning.

Two train loads on the Grand Trunk were snowbound between Toronto and Owen Sound. The line is completely blocked with snow.

The crew of the Canadian barkentine Aquilla, reduced to a derelict in mid-Atlantic, lived on sea-soaked biscuits for five days.

A number of bills failed to get their second reading in the Senate because Senator Landry found that they were not printed in English.

The three-masted schooner wrecked on Little Duck Island ledges, off the Maine coast, is the Perry Company, of Portsmouth, N. S.

Wm. Proudfoot, K. C., of Goderich, has been nominated by West Huron Liberals for the Legislature, as M. G. Cameron, M. P., is retiring.

Lightweight butter seized from farmers at the Guelph market is given to hospitals instead of having the owners appear in police court.

Mr. Ambrose Zapke, of Strathroy, was presented with a handsome gold-headed umbrella prior to his departure for Brussels, by the St. Johns choir.

North Bay board of trade are strongly in favor of the Georgian Bay ship canal, and consider a commission would only delay the project.

A petition signed by 9,000 electors asking that Winnipeg's hotels be subjected to the early closing law, was presented to the Manitoba Government.

Senator Landry told the Senate Friday that that day was the last day of the second term of Sir Louis Jetté, as Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec.

F. E. Armstrong, of Roseland, tells with regret that three Sudbury lots which he sold for \$50 each twelve years ago, brought \$5,700 a short time since.

The G. T. R. water meter on the Galt street water meter is to be thrown out by the town, owing to its failure to record the gallons supplied to the railway.

Probably lame for life is the fate of Mrs. Guy, who was shoved off the platform of the trolley station at Sutton the day of the Conservative picnic last summer.

Rather than contest Allan Huber's motion to unseat Mayor Tuttle, of Berlin, the whole council will resign after its next meeting, and a new election will be held.

W. J. Shreve, the defeated candidate for the deputy reeve of Lehigh Township, will take proceedings to upset an election, as there are said to be many irregularities.

Hamilton council has appointed a special committee to consider the erection of a street lighting plant and the making of a power contract, and the members want to meet other Western Ontario municipalities.

FRANCE LIKES TREATY

No Doubt New Arrangements Will Develop Trade Between Nations.

Paris, Feb. 2.—The report on the Franco-Canadian treaty was presented in the Chamber of Deputies by M. Jules Siegfried, member for Havre, in the name of the customs committee, and has been issued as a parliamentary paper. M. Siegfried's report is in favor of the ratification of the treaty, as it leaves France free to do as she likes in the revision of her tariffs. He had no doubt the new arrangement will develop trade between the two countries. French exports will be stimulated by the lowering of the duties on French products, and on the other hand, many Canadian products will profit by the French minimum tariff. But France has agreed to no permanency in the dates of this tariff. M. Siegfried does not believe the increased sale of Canadian products in France can do any serious harm to French agriculture or industry.

COUNT SZECHENYI'S "DOT"

Five Millions Deposited for Him in a Bank at Budapest.

New York, Feb. 2.—Five million dollars were deposited yesterday in the Hungarian Discount and Exchange Bank, in Budapest, in the name of the Count and Countess Szechenyi.

The money came from New York, according to dispatches received here last night, and was in the shape of a credit draft upon one of this city's largest institutions, known to be a depository of part of the Vanderbilt wealth.

It was the first tangible evidence of the "dot" which the young heiress brought to her titled husband. Ever since their engagement was announced, however, the sum has been generally reported as five millions.

As the deposit in the Budapest bank was made in the joint names of the count and countess, and not solely in Szechenyi's name, it lends credence to one of the stories told before the wedding, to the effect that the count would not be allowed to spend more than a certain sum each year without his wife's permission.

Glady's Vanderbilts' brothers, it is said, insisted that the contract should be so arranged that in the event of death or divorce the money could not go out of the family.

None of the Vanderbilts who were in town last night would discuss the five million dollar settlement. Neither would Attorney Morris Cukor, who drew up the contract for the count.

Count Dionys Szechenyi, the bridegroom's eldest brother, admitted the other day: "Yes, Lizzie got a 'dot' from the Vanderbilt family. Why not? It is the universal European custom. But he did not get any fabulous amount. It was rather modest." Persons who heard the news last night were wondering what Szechenyi would call a fabulous dot.

The young bride and bridegroom are still in their secluded honeymoon hiding place. They will remain there until the week after next, when they take passage for their future home in one of the Szechenyi castles in Hungary.



A Notable Display of New

Spring Dress Goods

This store will strengthen its already established Dress Goods leadership with the beautiful and comprehensive assortment of new spring fabrics which it has assembled.

We single out for special mention:

Venetians, Voiles and Delaines. Of these we show a splendid assortment, in modish shades of golden brown, light tans and Copenhagen blues.

A variety of smart Fancy Weaves, including stripe effects on dark and light ground.

A specially strong showing of Staple Black Dress Goods and Silks.

Select Woolen Fabrics, including Poplins, Panamas, Ribbon Stripe Voiles and Venetians.

An extensive variety of New Silk in fancy stripes and plain shades.

The fabrics that fashion strongest favors are here—all the plain shades and fancy mixtures, which through their tastefulness and beauty have a right to popularity, are shown; and faultless quality, as ever, distinguishes the entire new stock.

From the outset our prices will gain instant recognition as the lowest to be found on perfectly desirable New Dress Fabrics.

50¢ PER YARD—All-Wool Poplins, Voiles, Wool Taffeta, Shadow Stripes, Serges and Henrietta. Just the weight you need for a spring dress; colors are brown, navy blue, tans, green, Copenhagen blue, and also black.

75¢ All-Wool Venetians, 46 inches wide, bright, lustrous finish, fine even weave; in all the new colorings, such as blue, brown, green, tans, Copenhagen blue and black.

BLACK SATIN STRIPED VOILES—These come in a variety of stripes, both wide and narrow stripes; others are embroidered in silk, most of these are exclusive dress patterns. Come early and get first choice.

RIBBON STRIPE SILK. Tussor Silks in ribbon stripes and fancy patterns. Material color ground with colored stripes, such as red, green and blue. The proper silk for suit or waists. The price is only **50¢**.

69¢ BLACK CHIFFON TAFFETA. This Black Silk is a fine bright quality, soft finish. It will not cut. We believe the like cannot be matched under 85¢, anywhere. Our price is **69¢**.

Our dressmaking department is now in a position to turn out a dress or suit in a week or ten days' notice. Come and get your order in now, and save delay.

Gray & Parker

PHONE 1182

150 DUNDAS STREET

MAKES STURDY, ROBUST YOUNGSTERS
Every Morning Give 'Em Plenty of

SHREDDED WHEAT

Biscuit and Milk for Breakfast. Triscuit Toast for Luncheon.
All grocers, 13c a carton; 2 for 25c.

PUBLIC SCANDAL SCAPEGOAT

London, Feb. 2.—The Pall Mall Gazette says that the result of the viceregal commission's inquiry into the mysterious disappearance of the jewels of the Order of the Knights of St. Patrick was that the fact of the disappearance of the jewels and of their recovery, if they have been recovered, are still an official secret.

It is believed that behind the theft there is a hideous scandal similar to that recently exposed in the German courts.

Gentlemen Who Are Bald.

Investigate and see for yourself the art covering in wigs and toupees. Prof. Dorenwend patent toupees are now worn on over 50,000 heads, by all classes, in all stations of life.

In this particular structure the ventilation is perfect; as light as a feather; is securely adjusted to the head; can be combed just as your own hair; they make any man look ten years younger, besides the protection you get from catarrh, colds, neuralgia, etc. Call and see them at the City Hotel, Feb. 10th.

66c zwf bw



The Sporting World

Hockey, Basketball, Curling, Bowling.



The Other Side of Goderich Tale Clinton's Version of the Story

Clinton, Feb. 1.—Clinton News-Record: The attendance at the hockey match a week ago Friday evening was only equalled by the capacity of the rink. Had there been room there would, no doubt, have been a couple of hundred more spectators.

The game was all contested and close, with the odds much in favor of the local team, when Wiggins, of Goderich, for being warned off the ice for foul play, abused and assaulted the referee. This was a signal for the Goderich rowdies, and about 150 of them crowded on the ice, and for half an hour pandemonium reigned. These rowdies—drunken rowdies rather—attacked the policeman with sticks. Chief Wheatley was surrounded and knocked down and so badly cut, and bruised that he has since been confined to his home. The attack upon him had every appearance of being premeditated, which makes it all the worse. It was a disgraceful scene, and another such incident will kill hockey in this district. It is up to Goderich to clear its team of the rough element and teach its rowdies that booze and bullying are not countenanced by decent people.

What Rowdies Can Do.

Clinton News-Record: Chief Wheatley, who was assaulted by a number of rowdies from Goderich on Friday evening last, is still confined to his home as the result of injuries he received. It is up to the authorities to see that officers of law are protected in the discharge of their duty—and that the aforesaid rowdies get their desserts.

"Y" Win First From the Barracks

Thirty-nine goals to 33 was the score of the long-looked-for basketball battle between the Y. M. C. A. and the Barracks teams at the armories on Saturday, and the former won. At half-time the "Y's" led by 19 to 17.

A slippery floor made many plays go awry, but the game was interesting and well contested, nevertheless.

The second contest will take place at the armories next Saturday. The line-ups were as follows:

Barracks.....Y. M. C. A.
Dunkley.....Forward.....Harvey
Gilmore.....Forward.....Skinner
Oakley.....Center.....Strauch
Hymmen.....Guard.....Wood
Davidson.....Guard.....Brook

How Jim Jeffries Reached the Top

The record of the retired heavy-weight champion of the world, James J. Jeffries, is not a long one, but is nevertheless excellent in point of worthy opponents and quick results.

The big Californian was never defeated in the prize ring, the nearest he ever came to losing being when he failed to stop Jack Munroe in a four-round exhibition at Butte, Mont.

Later he made the minor look like a skat.

Jeffries' record follows:

Born	April 15, 1875	Carroll, Ohio	Height	6 feet 1½ inches	Weight	220 pounds
Heavyweight	Color	White				
1896	July 2—Dan Long	K	San Francisco, Cal.	2		
1897	April 9—T. Van Buskirk	K	San Francisco, Cal.	2		
	May 18—Henry Baker	K	San Francisco, Cal.	9		
	July 17—Gus Rubin	D	San Francisco, Cal.	29		
	Nov. 30—Joe Choyinski	D	San Francisco, Cal.	29		
1898	Feb. 23—Joe Goddard	W	Los Angeles, Cal.	4		
	March 22—Peter Jackson	W	San Francisco, Cal.	3		
	April 22—Peter Everett	W	San Francisco, Cal.	3		
	May 6—Tom Sharkey	W	San Francisco, Cal.	29		
	Aug. 5—Bob Armstrong	W	New York	10		
1899	June 3—Robert Fitzsimmons	K	Coney Island	11		
	Nov. 3—Tom Sharkey	W	Coney Island	25		
1900	April 6—Jack Finnegan	K	Detroit, Mich.	1		
	May 11—Jim Corbett	K	Coney Island	23		
1901	Sept. 17—Frank Griffith	W	Los Angeles, Cal.	4		
	Sept. 24—Joe Kennedy	W	Los Angeles, Cal.	2		
	Nov. 15—Gus Rubin	D	San Francisco, Cal.	5		
1902	July 25—Bob Fitzsimmons	K	San Francisco	8		
1903	Dec. 14—Jim Corbett	K	San Francisco	10		
	Dec. 19—Jack Munroe	*	Butte, Mont.	4		
1904	Aug. 26—Jack Munroe	K	San Francisco	2		

SPECIAL MEETING EASTERN LEAGUE

Sale of Montreal Franchise Arranged for By President McCaffery.

Toronto, Jan. 1. — President J. J. McCaffery, of the Toronto ball club, has returned from Montreal, where he assisted in the disposal of the Montreal franchise to local parties.

The leading spirit among the Montreal interests is William Strachan, a wealthy soap manufacturer, and it is proposed to form a company, with a capital of \$25,000.

A special meeting of the Eastern League will be held in New York next Wednesday to ratify the sale of the franchise, which Montreal people have agreed to take over. Jersey City, which has purchased Jimmy Casey from Brooklyn, will be asked to relinquish him so that he may become manager of the Montreal club.

The league may talk of the schedule for the coming season.

Arthur Irwin Coach.

Arthur A. Irwin has signed a contract to coach the University of Pennsylvania baseball team this year. Mr. Irwin has been negotiating with the Pennsylvania management for about a month. Senator Francis A. McIlhenny, chairman of the baseball committee, representing Pennsylvania. All that is necessary to make Mr. Irwin coach at Penn is the ratification of the contract by the faculty athletic committee, which has a general supervision of all Red and Blue athletics.

Major-General Head, who was the Australian officer attached to the Japanese army during the war with Russia, saw some amusing shop signs in Tokyo—"Head-over an egg" and "Extract of Poultry" over an egg seller's, and "Ladies Furnishings" over an "Upstairs" in front of a drapers. He had a memorable twenty-four hours' railway journey in a compartment crammed with forty men, women and children. He made a resolution not to fall asleep, but he woke up in the morning to find that a patient little Japanese lady had been supporting his head on her shoulder.

PACKEY'S PUNCH LACKS POWER

Eastern Ring Followers Say He Is Not of Championship Material.

Detroit, Feb. 1. — That Packey McFarland, the Chicago lightweight, is not a powerful hitter, was the opinion of eastern ring followers, who saw him in a six-round battle with Young Loughrey, at Philadelphia on Tuesday evening. McFarland demonstrated pretty clearly that he possessed unusual cleverness and in that particular he outclassed his opponent rather easily. But the experts said that if McFarland had been able to hit with the power of Gans or Nelson he would have put Loughrey to sleep before the limit of the bout was reached. It was a fast fight from start to finish, and on several occasions it looked as if McFarland would score a knockout, but at these critical points the Chicago boxer weakened perceptibly. Loughrey was down for the count in the second and third rounds and went to his knees a couple of times in other rounds, but he always came back in good physical condition, and at the end was swapping punches with his clever antagonist.

In fact, when the bout ended Loughrey jumped out of the ring and ran to his dressing-room, apparently as fresh as when he started the mill. McFarland when he failed to stop Bert Keyes in Boston in a 12-round contest a couple of weeks ago also created the impression among eastern ring sharps that he was not a hard puncher, but was merely a scientific boxer with a cool head. Because of this apparent defect, therefore, it is not generally believed that McFarland is made of real championship material. Both Keyes and Loughrey are second-rate fighters, who would probably be easy marks for Gans. McFarland came east with a great reputation, but so far, the sports say, that he has not lived up to it.

While a Chaffley, England, laborer was in the act of yawning a wasp entered his mouth and stung his tongue.

PLATE ENTRIES CLOSE MARCH 2

The Race for His Majesty's
Guineas Will Be Run
May 23.

Toronto, Feb. 3.—The Ontario Jockey Club yesterday announced the conditions of four stakes, to close March 2. The King's Plate is for this year, the Breeders' and Maple Leaf stakes for last year, and the Stanley Produce stakes for 1911. The events are:

King's Plate, estimated value \$5,000; for Province-bred maidens; a mile and a quarter; to be run May 23, 1908.

Breeders' stakes, \$1,000 added; for Dominion-bred and owned three-year-olds, a mile and a furlong; to be run at the spring meeting, 1909.

The Maple Leaf Stakes, \$1,000 added; for three-year-old fillies, bred and owned in Canada; a mile and a sixteenth; to be run at the spring meeting, 1909.

Stanley Produce Stakes, \$1,500 added; for foals of 1908, by subscription \$5 each for mares covered in 1907; a mile and a quarter; to be run in the spring or autumn meeting of 1911, as the Ontario Jockey Club may direct.

As it costs only \$5 to make a nomination for any of these valuable events, the response to the club's offerings by breeders and owners should be a generous one.

SATURDAY NIGHT'S HOCKEY SCORES

O. H. A.—Intermediate.
Dunnville 3, Port Colborne 5.
E. C. H. A.
Ottawa 14, Montreal 7.

THE TANKARD FINALS

Tuesday Night Set for Finals of the Series.

Toronto, Feb. 3. — Tuesday at 9 o'clock is the time set for the finals in the Ontario tankard series. The district winners and runners-up are as follows:

Group 1—Lindsay and Newmarket.
Group 2—Paris and Niagara Falls.
Group 3—Orillia and Collingwood.
Group 4—Caledonia and Owen Sound.
Group 5—Caledonia and Owen Sound.
Group 6—Sarnia and Windsor.
Group 7—Plattsburgh and St. Marys.
Group 8—Southampton and Durham.

NEIL BADLY BEATEN

His Second Throw Up Sponge in His Fifth With Attell.

San Francisco, Feb. 1.—Abe Attell, of Chicago, champion featherweight pugilist of America, last night gave Frankie Neil, of this city, such an unmerciful beating that the latter's seconds, fearing serious injury, entered the ring in the thirteenth round and threw up the sponge as a token of defeat.

In the first six rounds Neil scarcely landed a blow, while Attell peppered Neil with left and right jolts and uppercuts. Only in the seventh and eighth did Neil fight Attell to any advantage.

Neil protested against the action of his seconds in throwing up the sponge.

THE PRO LEAGUE GOES UP SPOUT

Ottawa, Feb. 3.—The Upper Ottawa Valley Hockey League, made up of Renfrew, Arnprior, and Pembroke, is no more. The cancellation of last night's game with Pembroke means the disbandment of the organization, which has been in existence for a number of years.

One season and a half of high-priced hockey is all it could stand. Renfrew has won three victories and no losses. What the next movement will be is unknown. There is a likelihood of Ottawa Victorias arranging a series with Renfrew. Renfrew will probably stick together and play exhibition games for the rest of the season.

TREE LIFE.

Brazilian coconut palms live from 600 to 700 years, and the Arabs assert that the date palm frequently reaches the age of 200 to 300 years. Wallan's oak near Paisley, Scotland, is known to be more than 700 years old, and there are eight olive trees on the island of Olives, near Jerusalem, which are known to have been flourishing in 1009. The yews at Fountains Abbey, Yorkshire, were old trees when in 1132 the abbey was built, and a redwood in Mariposa Grove, California, is a magnificent centurian. Baobab trees of Africa have been computed to be more than 5,000 years old, and the deciduous cypress at Chapultepec is considered to be of a still greater age. Humboldt said that the Dracena Draco at Orotava, on Teneriffe, was one of the oldest inhabitants of the earth.—Dundee Advertiser.

Sporting Notes

Harry Ardagh, the former St. George hockey goal-tender, is now picking oranges in California, and inspecting "Lucky" Baldwin's new race track. Harry reports that the oranges and the track are both round and beautiful.

J. B. Hay, who recently resigned the sporting editorship of the Toronto News, will open up in business in Peterboro shortly. He will conduct a high-class bowling club in the old "opry house," and Peterboro can rely upon getting something real good from Joe.

Frank D. Woodworth, formerly of the Toronto Mail and Empire, is now attached to the sporting department of the Brooklyn Eagle. He has charge of the bowling department, and will represent the Eagle at the Cincinnati, Rochester, and Toronto tournaments.

Negroes of Pittsburgh have plans nearly completed for the organization of a national negro baseball league, to be known as the Colored National League.

It is to be an eight club league, with teams in the following cities: Pittsburgh, Chicago, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Philadelphia, St. Louis, and Cleveland.

RESULTS IN THE "PRO" LEAGUES

Montreal, Feb. 3.—The Montrealers were no match for Ottawa on Saturday night, and lost 14 to 7. Ottawa led by 5 to 2 at half-time. The lineup:

Ottawa.....Goal.....Finlay
Messier.....Forward.....Leader
Taylor.....Forward.....Cameron
Westwick.....Rover.....Hooper
Walsh.....Center.....Eveleigh
Harrison.....Right.....Murphy
Phillips.....Left.....Malles
Referee, R. Bowie.

No Game at Quebec.

Quebec, Feb. 2.—Owing to the non-arrival of trains from Montreal yesterday, due to the storm, the scheduled hockey match between Quebec and the Shamrocks did not take place.

Brantford Defeated.

Toronto, Feb. 3.—Brantford Pro's were defeated here on Saturday at the Mutual street rink by 19 to 7. The lineup:

Toronto.....Goal.....Mickus
Tyner.....Forward.....Brown
Young.....Cover.....McDonald
Lalonde.....Rover.....Taylor
Morrison.....Center.....Ward
McIntyre.....Right.....Marks
Ridpath.....Left.....Miller
Referee, F. C. Waghorne.

SPORTING TALK OF INTEREST

New York, Feb. 2.—A novel complaint has been made to the stewards at Oakland by Emil Herz, the well-known turf operator and former owner of Montgomery, winner of the Burns Handicap. Herz says that James Blute, trainer of R. E. Carman's big stables, has been giving him misleading information. Last Saturday, according to Herz, Blute told him that Carman's Mark Anthony II. was a "real hot" at the last evening of the day, and that this tip caused Herz to wager \$1,800 on the horse. But Herz tells the stewards that he afterward learned that Carman instead of backing Mark Anthony II. was practically left at the barrier, only to run up into third place, this handicap evidently making it impossible for the Carman horse to overtake Deutschland, who won. Herz also states that he had laid his plans to bet heavily on Montgomery to win the Burns Handicap, but that Blute told him to stay off and bet on Carman's Rifleman, as the latter could not lose.

Herz admits that he followed Blute's advice in the matter against his own judgment and asks the stewards to conduct a rigid investigation. In other words Herz takes exception to the fact that Blute "touted" him off two weeks ago, a practice that many well-known trainers have unconsciously indulged in. It has often been said that trainers know less about their own horses than anybody else. There are countless instances to show that big bettors, in asking for information from supposedly competent racehorse handlers, have been misled. In some cases the trainers have purposely handed out false information, but as a rule the tips have been based upon supposed judgment. If Herz can show that there was anything wrong with the running of the two Carman horses the stewards may take some action, but if it is merely a case of mistaken judgment the protest will probably be overruled.

Herz went broke here last year, presumably because he followed the information handed to him by Frank Brown, his trainer, but he made no kick. Carman has been betting heavily on the Coast this winter and has had more than ordinary success. He was a big winner on the local tracks in 1907. Blute, who was once in the employ of George Gould, did not attract attention as a trainer until several years ago, when he caused a mild sensation by his ability to transform cheap selling platters into stake winners. In spite of many queries as to his method he has managed to keep it a secret. Local turf speculators who heard of the story yesterday said that Continued on Page Four.

SOME TALES OF THE DRIVERS

Geers and Other Famous
Trainers Noted for
Sobriety, Etc.

Buffalo, Feb. 2.—If there is one place more than another where the drinking of hard and spirituous liquors does not "go" that place is the trotting turf. Sobriety all the year round is the watchword, and so far as the trainers and drivers are concerned they are, practically to a man, prohibitionists.

Begin with Geers, who may be taken, one way and another, as the foremost man in the business. Mr. Geers does not use liquor—never did. He was brought up by Godfearing parents, was naturally a quiet, shy boy, always looking to keep away from trouble, and yet if it came he could meet it—or at least be ready, as he demonstrated when a mere child by arming himself with a claspknife and going forth to pass a certain point at which, on previous occasions, a big dog had stamped him. Thinking the matter over the lad decided he was not to be bossed by a dog, no matter how big he was, and that led to his marching up to the scene of previous scares, knife in hand. His bravery cowed the dog.

The only time Geers deliberately ran into a man on the race track occurred right at the outset of his career, many years ago, and way down south. A local driver of the bullying sort had taken the youth all over the track during several heats of a race, and finally was notified that one more foul drive would result in a collision. The man persisted; into him went Geers' horse, sulky, and all, and there was a mixup and a tearing apart of sulkeys that made the crowd hold its breath. Geers was right, and he knew it, and it was the last time he had occasion to assert himself in that way. "I could race horses with Geers without any judges in the stand," a driver once said, which shows how he stands with his fellows.

Geers in the matter of appetite, has two weaknesses—mild cigars and ice cream. It would be hard to tell how many cigars he smokes during the long days of the training season, when he keeps sixty to eighty miles in the sulky before dawn and dark, and about the only time "Pop" really loosens up in conversation is in the evening after a few bowls of ice cream and a cigar have melted him. Geers will not work a horse on Sunday unless the animal's race comes so it is absolutely necessary to give it some "blow out" miles that day. He uses no coarse or profane language, "doggone" being his usual expletive when the occasion calls for emphasis, and in every way he is the most delightful companion to a man who loves horses that can be imagined.

The great drivers who preceded Geers were likewise total abstainers. Cobble, Turner, Hickok, and Splain being notable examples. Not one of them uses liquor. Splain and Hickok did not smoke, but it took a box of high-priced cigars every three days to keep Cobble going, and Turner liked a fragrant weed. He was frugal, however, even in his luxuries, and carried his economies into every branch of his business, with the result that his patrons benefited when the expense bills came around. Edwin Thorne, a Quaker of Dutchess County, N. Y., a man who had plenty of money, once told me that he had campaigned horses in the stables of all the prominent trainers of the day, and that it cost far less with Turner than with any other.

On the other hand, some trainers drive customers away by their excessive and foolish charges. I know of one man who found in the account rendered by an eminent reinsman an item calling for cash on account of the time spent by the driver "superintending the shoeing of ———." That, however, was the limit. It is usually conceded that in the shoeing department of a trotter's career the blacksmith is perfectly able to put down all that is coming to him, and for the benefit of the uninitiated it may be said the shodder's grand total shoe's charge for a set of plain shoes is \$5.

When it comes to the fancy work designed to correct faults of gait the prices soar, and I knew of one driver who was taxed \$15 by a gentleman wearing a leather apron for shoeing a trotter on the eve of an important race. Every prominent trainer takes along his own blacksmith, paying him by the month, and some of the nail drivers draw salaries during the summer akin to that of a prima donna.

PERSISTENCE OF RUSSIAN POLICE.

The persistence with which the Russian police follow up a revolutionist is illustrated in the case of Nicholas Tschakovsky, who, a short time ago, was arrested at St. Petersburg. Tschakovsky was the founder of the first revolutionary circle in St. Petersburg, during the reign of Alexander II. He was arrested in 1895 and was to have been sent to Siberia, but he escaped and went to England, where he lived ever since, aiding the patriots as well as he could from such a distance. Some months ago he visited the United States in the interest of the patriotic movement in Russia. After his return to England he became convinced that it was his duty to return to Russia to work for the cause. He entered the Russian border, he was taken into custody. It is feared that he will now either be put to death or exiled to Siberia. The old patriot's misfortune has excited pity for him among all friends of liberty.—Leslie's Weekly.

SPORTING GOSSIP

CITY LEAGUE HOCKEY TONIGHT. Western University and the Hermits start the fun, and the Waterloos and St. Johns conclude the bill of fare.

Owing to business outside the city, Archie McMahon will not referee tonight's contests. At the time of writing no one else had been selected.

MR. FRED BOLE, WHO RECENTLY PUT THE LONDONERS THROUGH GOOD PRACTICE, with the result that they have improved wonderfully in combination play, is as modest as his clever brother Davy.

"I haven't done much for the boys yet," he said this morning, "but if they want me to, I will stick out the season with them and do what I can to help them."

The elder Bole, like Davy, learned to play hockey where they turn 'em out—Winnipeg—and he knows the game to a dot. Under his coaching the improvement should be marked.

BILLY FULTON'S GALLANT RINK is becoming famous as barnstormers. Apparently it doesn't matter whether the games take place at home or out of town. The result is always the same—the locals win.

At the present rate of going the champions will have enough tinware stowed away by the time the season closes to start a boiler factory.

THE AMATEUR BOXING MOVEMENT IS STILL UNDER WAY and promises to be successful. There is apparently no reason in the world why the citizens of this city should not be accorded the same privileges of witnessing clean, harmless bouts, as well as those of Toronto, Hamilton and every other Canadian city.

Every prominent businessman in the city that has been approached, has expressed himself as being in favor of the movement.

Up-to-Date Bowling Dictionary

Split—What a bowler does when the pins do the same thing.

Poodle—A long-eared, brown-haired ball that prefers to roll in the gutter.

Double—Used when a bowler gets two bowling strikes, not baseball strikes.

Cleaning—Denoting the intended action of the bowler toward the dirty and smutty splits.

Turkey—Denoting three strikes, but shows that the bowler, instead of going out, is just coming in.

Spare—What the bowler mercifully does to the pins, although in his bowler's heart he wants to kill 'em all. Some of the pins are left up.

Strike—The exact antithesis of the meaning of the same word in the baseball language. In this instance it means that instead of missing the bowler hits everything he wants to hit.

Blow—What would be bowlers do to spares, meaning that they miss the pins left standing. Corresponds to fizzle in golf, strike in baseball, fumble in football, unintentional feint in boxing, and unusual puntkicks in every other sport.

SCHEDULE OF WEEK'S O. H. A. GAMES

Secretary Hewitt, of the O. H. A. publishes the following schedule of this week's contests in the Toronto Star:	Hamilton at St. Catharines.
Monday.	Junior.
Port Perry at Toronto Rowing Club.	Piston and Port Hope at Belleville.
Simcoe at Niagara Falls.	Midland at Victoria Harbor.
Dunnville at Welland.	Thursday.
Grimshy at St. Catharines.	Intermediate.
Junior.	Seaford at Preston.
Barrie at Gravelhurst.	Junior.
Victoria Harbor at Midland.	St. Michael's College at Parkdale, at 8 p.m.
Brantford at Paris.	Island A. A. A. at Corticeil.
Tuesday.	Friday.
Intermediate.	Senior.
Preston at Seaford.	Stratford at Galt.
Lindsay at Brockville.	Intermediate.
Junior.	Brockville at Lindsay.
Simcoe at Upper Canada.	Dunnville at Niagara Falls.
Wednesday.	St. Catharines at Hamilton.
Senior.	Ingersoll at London.
Berlin at Toronto A. A. C.	Junior.
Intermediate.	Markham at Upper Canada.
Niagara Falls at Port Colborne.	Saturday.
	Senior.
	Kingston at Parkdale.

A REMINDER.

At home stations the private soldier's washing is usually done by the married soldiers' wives, who are expected to sew on missing buttons and do little repairs, for which a small sum is deducted from the private's pay.

Private McGinnis had a great deal of trouble with his laundress. Saturday after Saturday had his shirt come back with the neck button off or else hanging by a single thread. He had spoken to her on the subject, and she had promised to see after it, but still the button was not on properly.

He got out of patience one Sunday, when the missing button made him late for parade, and exclaimed, "Bad 'cess to the woman; I'll give her a hint this time, anyhow." He took the lid of his tin blacking box—about three inches in diameter—punched two holes in it with his fork, and then tied it on the neck of the shirt that was next to be washed.

Next Saturday, when his washing came back, the whole room gathered round him to see if she had taken the hint; she had—she had made a button-hole to fit it!—Tit-Bits.

LITERATURE AND LIFE.

We even number among our acquaintance certain average men and women who insist that the novel bores them. These persons—and there are many such—are not of those who entertain the popular fallacy that a thing is "literature" simply because it gets itself printed between book covers, and that the work of the reporter on the daily newspaper is beneath their respectful notice. With Balzac behind us, we ourselves are not ashamed to avow that the shabby drama of Broadway and the sorry romance of the "best seller" not infrequently pale

before the unpretentious narrative of the police reporter.

Similarly, if we except the productions of a few recognized masters, we venture the opinion that the year's tale of humor in book form would make a melancholy showing compared with a collection of reporters' "stories" compiled from the ephemeral pages of the New York press.

Behold us marooned on the suppositions of "desert island"—deprived of our 40 monthly magazines, bereft of our daily novel. Our acute sufferings move you to pity, and to counsel with the publisher. Reserving for yourself the few volumes in the output of 1907 that will be worthy of shelf room a twelvemonth later, you mercifully consign to us the rest—and how willingly, oh how willingly, will we barter those books, bepraised by publisher and critic, for an annual subscription to our indispensable daily paper.—Life.

At the express invitation of the Queen of Roumania, J. W. Lawson, a blind man, 30 years old, living in Leeds, England, is going to Bucharest to act as instructor in cabinetmaking in the settlement of the blind which the good queen is establishing there.

A South African newspaper contains descriptions of the successful 18,000-acre irrigated farm of Dr. Eduardo Sandanba. The plantation, on which is being planted thousands of tropical and temperate zone fruits, is situated on the banks of the Umbeluzi River, near the Swaziland railway.

SATURDAY BARGAINS
The best is none too good for you. That is why we are offering any 10 cent cigar made in London, four for 25 cents.
OMEARA'S CIGAR STORE
Phone 246. Grand Opera Block.

Busy Night Ahead for Council Many Bylaws To Come Up

Southeast End Citizens Anxious For a Fire Hall in That Section.

The council will meet this evening, and the various bylaws passed at the recent municipal elections will have to be confirmed. The Niagara power by-law will be given its third reading with the rest, but the details of the contract with the Hydro-Electric Commission will have to be dealt with at a later date. Nothing definite will be done until the action of the Government is learned regarding the Hamilton Radial bill, which may have a considerable part to play in the matter of cheap power.

The Fire Halls Bylaw.

One of the most important matters will be the fire hall bylaw. The disposition of the council is to build the two halls as stated in the bylaw, and leave the east end hall just as it is at present. A large number of the aldermen think the southeast end of the city is entitled to a fire hall.

A Dumb Man and a Scot Fight

Magistrate Love placed Henry Hart, a sixteen-year-old boy on the Indian list this morning after finding him guilty of being intoxicated. This is the fourth individual that the magistrate has taken under his care as a result of the arrangement made with Inspector Galpin. The plan so far is working admirably.

Two first time drunks were allowed to go.

What looked like a police court case developed in the hallway of a local

rink on Saturday night, when a big Highlander and a dumb man got into an altercation. In the crush of entering, the dumb man thought the Scotchman had taken something from his pocket, and when he intimated this by sign language, the big man got mad and struck him. The other hit back, but the two were separated. A few minutes after the dumb man came up behind the other and hit him a terrific smash. The result was that there were charges laid, but by mutual consent they were withdrawn this morning.

BAD ROADS MAKE A POOR MARKET

The almost impassable condition of the country roads is having a telling effect on the market today, and as a consequence there was nothing offered for sale outside the stalls but one small load of oats.

On Saturday but one or two of the stages succeeded in getting through, and today there is but one standing on King street.

Huge snowdrifts block the roads at frequent intervals, and the task of sleighing is no light or agreeable one.

FIRST MEETING OF REVISION COURT

Mr. A. T. McMahon was elected chairman of the court of revision at its inaugural meeting on Saturday night. He was nominated by Mr. Philip Pocock, and the nomination was carried unanimously.

There were several cases before the court. Mr. J. W. Thompson asked that his assessment be lowered. It developed that through an error Mr. Thompson was assessed twice, and one assessment was struck off. Mr. J. Coley appealed against a business tax, and the

matter was referred to the relief officer to report on. Mr. Hull applied for the transfer of the assessment of Nell's store to himself, but the application was refused. The court had no power.

The petition for a cement walk on Maitland street was also confirmed, as was the petition for a cement-asphalt pavement of Adelaide street, between Dundas and King streets.

CUT DOWN THE PLUG

Local Tobacconist Sees Trouble for The Plug Smoker.

Those who delight in taking a huge plug of tobacco in one hand and a knife in the other to fill their pipes will doubtless be interested to learn that a strong movement has been inaugurated to have the duties on all forms of tobacco raised, with a view to increasing the demand for the Canadian product.

A prominent Richmond street tobacconist today stated that there is before the present Parliament a bill to increase the duties on all tobaccos, and that the farmers who grew the weed in this country were back of the movement.

Ten years ago the duty on foreign tobacco was raised, and as a result all plug tobaccos were reduced in size about one-fourth.

The speaker stated that if the proposed bill went through it meant that two-ounce plugs, which at present sell for 10 cents, would be cut down to one ounce and a half, and sold at the same price.

American and Havana cigars would go up in proportion. The proposed increase in duties, it is said, will not affect leaf tobacco and cigars.

Such changes as a rule throw the factories back two months or more, while the dies used for cutting the plugs are changed, and the price lists and other arrangements completed.

TOOK PARIS GREEN IN TEA

Sad Suicide of a Young Girl of 16, in Hespeler.

Hespeler, Feb. 3. — Miss Hannah Lamb, about 16 years of age, took a dose of Paris green on Saturday night and died after, notwithstanding that everything possible was done by the doctors who were called in to save her young life.

The girl admitted to the doctors that she had put the Paris green in her tea. No reason is known for her act.

New York's Zoological Park has 2,243 birds.

In Hungary traveling is as cheap as three miles for a cent.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

DEATHS. — On Feb. 3, 1908, Beatrice Margaret, beloved wife of Dr. W. Waugh. Funeral notice later.

DELANEY. — In this city, on Feb. 2, 1908, Frederick James, dearly beloved son (twin) of Frederick and Ethel Delaney, aged 11 years and 3 months.

Funeral from the parents' residence, 50 Front street, on Tuesday, Feb. 4, 2:30; service at 2. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. Interment at Woodland Cemetery.

WANTED—PARTY TO SHARE IN CAR to Saskatoon, by March 1. Apply 688 Elias street. 6c-2at

Local Items

—The Rev. Robert J. Garrett, pastor of the Christian Workers' Church, has taken up his residence at 193 Horton street.

—The board of education will meet tomorrow afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. Matters of general business will be discussed.

—Rev. G. F. Salton, of Stratford, will deliver an illustrated lecture entitled "Search of the Angels' Lily," at the Askin Street Methodist Church, tomorrow night.

—The Charities Organization wish to acknowledge the gift of \$5 from Warden Hodgins for the children, and also \$5 from a stranger, to be applied to needy cases.

—The musical service at Dundas Center Church last evening included the celebrated trio by Nicolai, "Protect Us," sung by Miss Reid, Miss Morris, and the musical director, Mr. Morris. The voices blended perfectly and the rendering was most spirited.

—The condition of Medical Health Officer Hutchinson shows marked improvement this morning, and his recovery is now practically assured.

—Moving Their Store. The Pardon-Gillespie Hardware Company has bought the store at sent occupied by Lang & Co., and will move in shortly.

—Will Meet Mr. Everett. President Everett, of the London Street Railway, will be in the city this week, and Mayor Stevely and Ald. Beattie, chairman of No. 1 committee, will talk the matter of the purchase of the railway with him.

—A Conversation. The students of the Western University are arranging for a convocation, to be held in convocation hall, the week after next. No pains is being taken to make the affair a big success. This will be the first affair of this kind that has been held in the university for three years.

—Bound by Children. Inspector Edwards is showing a very handsome bound copy of an essay on Dickens by the pupils of the city schools. The work was all designed and done by the pupils, and is a distinct credit to them. A copy has been sent to the Minister of Education as an example of the work done by the pupils of London schools.

—To Succeed Mr. J. C. Taylor. A. W. Massey, of Morrisburg, Ont., will fill the vacancy in Windsor College Institute, caused by the resignation of J. C. Taylor to accept a position on the staff of the London College.

—A specialist in mathematics, and has had a long experience in teaching.

—Claimant for the Coat. A hawker has turned up for the coat that was at the police station, which was found on a William street veranda the other morning, and which caused a certain lady much loss of sleep. The coat, it will be remembered, contained a handsome pipe and a \$5 bill. The man to whom it belongs, it is said, told the police that he was the owner, and he came to leave the coat there.

—Their Golden Wedding. Mr. and Mrs. James Kilgour, of this city, are today receiving the congratulations of their many friends all over Ontario, this being the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding.

—Late Mrs. Vanbuskirk. The remains of the late Mrs. Vanbuskirk were laid to rest in Mount Pleasant Cemetery on Friday last, the funeral taking place from the residence of her brother-in-law, Mr. A. Burnip, 689 York street. The service was conducted by Elder Shields, of the latter Day Saints' Church. The pall-bearers were S. Pope, A. Lockard, T. Trimball, O. W. Cambridge, W. Constable, and Mr. Butler.

—The Police Commission. The inaugural meeting of the police commission was held on Saturday, at which Mayor Stevely was elected chairman. A vote of thanks was tendered the retiring member, ex-Mayor Judd. The chief was instructed to call for tenders for the clothing for the department. No other business transacted. Those present were Mayor Stevely, Judge Macbeth, P. M. Love and Chief Williams.

—Reached a Settlement. Mr. J. M. McEvoy, K. C., returned on Saturday from Regina, where he has been for several days in the interests of Mr. Alex. Darrach, of St. Thomas, who had been made the defendant in several land cases. These were dismissed. The trouble arose over a misunderstanding between Mr. Darrach and Mr. Brown, of Regina, who sold a number of lots to the former, with the understanding that they were to be taken up at a stated time. A settlement was arrived at almost as soon as Mr. McEvoy arrived at Regina.

—O. H. A. on Wednesday. Owing to a misunderstanding between the O. H. A. executive and the management of the local team it was given out on the sporting page today that the contest here with Ingersoll would take place on Friday night next. The game will be pulled off on Wednesday night at the Princess Ice Palace. This will be the last district contest of the season, and it should be a hummer. Ingersoll has a strong team, and will give the locals all they want in the fast hockey line. However, on ice, and with the confidence borne of a previous victory over the same team, London should win.

—Upsets in the Snow. Several upsets are reported caused by the snowstorm of Saturday. Dr. Piper was thrown from his cutter yesterday at the corner of Richmond and York streets but escaped injury. Another cutter had an upset at the same spot, which resulted in the man being dragged a considerable distance before the horse was stopped. Nobody hurt.

—No London Teachers. On Friday the St. Thomas Journal, in describing a hockey match which took place there the night previous, between teams from the London and

Strong's Baking Powder

By the analytical chemist of the Dominion of Canada:

"Strong's Baking Powder is found to have very high aerating power. It is a cream of tartar powder, containing no alum or phosphate, and it is not adulterated."

Alum baking powders are sold to consumers at from 10c. to 20c. a pound. So detrimental to health are alum baking powders considered that in many countries their sale is prohibited.

Strong's Baking Powder, 25c. per lb.

W. T. STRONG Dispensing Chemist, 184 Dundas St.

St. Thomas Collegiate, stated that the London team was composed chiefly of teachers. The members of the latter seven desired to state that the only teacher noted on either line-up was Page, who played goal for the railroad village students. It is also stated that the correct score was not 8-0, but 20-0, in favor of London.

CALLED BY DEATH WHILE SHOPPING

Mr. Thomas Fawkes, a Well-Known Citizen, Ruptured a Blood Vessel.

Mr. Thomas Fawkes, a well-known resident of this city, died suddenly on Saturday evening in a downtown book store. He took a fall today, and left his home at 616 Wellington street, to get some papers. Upon his arrival at the store Mr. Fawkes complained of the effects the cold wind had upon him, and asked to be allowed to sit down for a few minutes. The warmth of the store evidently overcame Mr. Fawkes, for he apparently went to sleep, but a short time after, when an attempt was made to rouse him, all efforts proved fruitless, and a physician was called.

The woman, who is a widow with four children, lost all her belongings, including \$300 which she had hoarded in her home, preferring to keep her money there rather than place it in a bank.

All the boarders lost what clothing they had in their rooms.

SUDDEN DEATH AT PETROLEA.

Petrolia, Feb. 3. — Wm. B. Bowen suffered a paralytic stroke one day last week and died this morning at 1 o'clock. Mr. Bowen carried on a carriage and implement business, and was well and favorably known all over the country. He leaves a widow, three sons and two daughters all grown up. Another sudden death took place this morning, being that of Mrs. Charles Farr, sen., at the East End.

BAD FIRE AT WINDSOR.

Windsor, Ont., Feb. 3.—Fire totally destroyed the boarding house owned by Mrs. Shepan, near shaft No. 4 of the Michigan Central tunnel, last night.

The woman, who is a widow with four children, lost all her belongings, including \$300 which she had hoarded in her home, preferring to keep her money there rather than place it in a bank.

All the boarders lost what clothing they had in their rooms.

SOME MYSTERY SURROUNDS REMOVAL OF Mother Eddy to New Home.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 1. — Sudden removal to a \$200,000 mansion at Chestnut Hill makes no difference in the daily routine of Mrs. Baker G. Eddy, founder of the Christian Science church. She took a walk today, as was her daily custom at Pleasant View, Concord, N. H. Her secluded new quarters, however, with guards patrolling the spacious grounds and with lock gates at the entrance, permit more privacy than was possible at the village estate. Her carriage and black horses arrived from Concord at noon today, and within an hour the usual routine of the day was resumed.

Mrs. Eddy's secretary, and then at the big porte-cochere. Her drive after fifteen minutes this afternoon was cut short by a snowstorm.

When the carriage neared the estate, Mrs. Eddy was on duty to swing the gate open. She was assisted to the house by several members of the household. The main gate leading to the estate has been kept closed since the estate yesterday afternoon entered the Christian Science house. When she returned it was unlocked again, and then as carefully fastened as before.

So secret was the departure of Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy from Concord that the people of the city in general were not aware of what had happened until they read the story in the newspapers, next morning. This was the opinion of leading members of the local Christian Science Church.

Now that the city is informed as to the fact, there is a practically unanimous expression of regret at the occurrence. Directly, by her gift to many public enterprises and philanthropies, and indirectly by the number of her followers who came to Concord as frequent visitors, the municipality profited greatly.

There are some in Concord who take the view expressed by William E. Chandler, and believe Mrs. Eddy did not make the change of her own volition, but under the influence of the leaders in one of the two rival parties to the Christian Science movement.

Others, who are not content to believe the official statement that the change is permanent, and was made through the influence of the mother church of her creation, see the reason in her recently expressed desire to found a Christian Science college.

MONTREAL'S BLOCKADE

Embargo Slowly Lifting—The Worst in Many Years.

Montreal, Que., Feb. 3.—This city surrounding country are slowly extricating themselves from the effects of the great snowstorm and blizzard which raged all Saturday and Sunday, among the greatest storms in many years.

Street cars are running well today, but the streets are not yet in good shape for vehicular traffic.

All trains due in the city today are delayed owing to the heavy drifts. Railway traffic has suffered so severely for many years.

Ton of Coal Each Evening.

Beginning Tuesday evening the management of the Grand Opera House and the manager of the Earl Burgess Company, will award to the holder of the lucky coupon, a ton of coal each evening. The drawing will take place each night at the close of the performance.

R. J. YOUNG & CO. FIVE DAYS OF OUR GREAT AFTER STOCKTAKING SALE HAVE PASSED

Only Five More Full Days of Saving Opportunities—Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday. Better Come Tomorrow.

\$45 Fur-Lined Coats for Women, Sale Price \$29

Three only Women's Coats, black broadcloth shells with marmot lining, large sable collar and revers; three high-class coats that look worth every cent of \$45.00. Save sixteen good dollars by buying one of these tomorrow.

\$8.50 Tweed Coats, \$4.95

Six only 50-inch Tweed Coats, half lined, semi-fitting backs, smart materials and stylishly made.

Japan Taffeta Silk Waists \$2.49 instead of \$3.50

Fifteen only Cream Silk Waists, trimmed with eight rows valenciennes insertion and five rows fine tucks, lace yoke, collar and cuffs.

Stylishly Tailored Skirts \$7.50 and \$8.00

Fifteen only Walking Skirts in all-wool venetians, broadcloths and panamas. Colors—black, navy, green and browns. Attractive assortment of new styles. All sizes in the lot. On sale 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

45c Black French Panama

After stocktaking sale price, per yard

25c

Five pieces splendid Wool Panama, 40 inches wide, French dye, black only. A GREAT BARGAIN at a quarter.

All-Wool Blanket Cloth, cardinal and navy, \$1.00 value, 54 inches wide. After stocktaking sale price, per yard.....75c

54-inch White Bearcloth. Regular \$1.50. After stocktaking sale price.....\$1.10

27-inch Wool Eiderdown. Regular 50c. After stocktaking sale price.....29c

A Rush Sale of Wrappers

Tuesday morning. Regular \$1 and \$1.25 Wrapperette Wrappers, full sizes and well made. After stocktaking sale price.....69c

50 Doz. Knitted Underwear

Acknowledged the best 25c line on the street.

Vests and Drawers in Gray and cream. After stocktaking sale price.....19c

Women's \$1 Knitted Drawers.....75c

Women's 75c Knitted Drawers.....50c

R. J. YOUNG & CO.

LATEST STOCK MARKET REPORTS

H. C. Becher, stockbroker, received the following by private wire from Bartlett, Frazier & Carrington today.

New York, Feb. 3.—Heavy liquidation in the market today, with the public taking the lead, and all sorts of rumors were current about reorganization and receiverships of the Rock Island.

The President of the Northern Pacific comments on the late message to Congress, and made an emphatic statement that railroads had not overcapitalized, and that examination of the Northern Pacific could prove the fact.

And he is quite right, comparing even with 1901, the percentage of gross to capitalization. There also have been some disturbing rumors relative to the retirement or suspension of certain institutions, but nothing definite. The public is not interested in this market, and general commission business is quite small.

The support is chiefly by the large banking interests, who would prevent demoralization. Shortly after noon the market is doing better, led by Reading. Not much recovery in Rock Island stock or bonds. Sales to noon 234,000.

NEW YORK. Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Letter, For The Advertiser.

New York, Feb. 3. Open. High. Low. 2 p.m.

Amal. Copper 50 51 50 50 50 50

American Sugar 11 1/2 11 1/2 11 1/2 11 1/2

Amer. Foundry 25 25 25 25 25 25

Amer. Cotton Oil 25 25 25 25 25 25

Achison, com. 7 1/2 7 1/2 7 1/2 7 1/2

Baltimore & Ohio 25 25 25 25 25 25

Brooklyn Transit 45 45 45 45 45 45

Canadian Pacific 14 1/2 14 1/2 14 1/2 14 1/2

Chesapeake & Ohio 25 25 25 25 25 25

Col. Fuel & Iron 15 15 15 15 15 15

Chicago & N. W. 14 1/2 14 1/2 14 1/2 14 1/2

LOCAL MARKET.

Monday, Feb. 3.
The market today was a blank, as there was no hay, straw, or oats offered, and the shipment of live hogs did not take place.
The country roads are in a badly drifted condition. The stages, which usually come to the city, had a hard task to reach here.
There should be a brisk demand for all classes of farm produce at Tuesday's market, and prices for the same are likely to be firm.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Toronto, Feb. 3.—The produce market opened the week dull, with prices in the same. Buyers are not anxious.
Wheat—Manitoba No. 1 northern, \$1.17½; No. 2 northern, \$1.15½; feed wheat, 60c; No. 2 feed, 55c; Ontario No. 2 white, 55c; No. 2 red, 55c; No. 2 mixed, 55c.
Barley—No. 2, 70c outside.
Four—Winter wheat patents offered at \$2.70 for export; no bids; Manitoba patents, special brand, \$5.90 to \$6; second, \$5.20 to \$5.40; strong bakers, \$5.10 to \$5.20.
Peas—No. 2, 90c to 95c outside.
Corn—No. 2, yellow American, 52½c to 53c; Toronto freights; old corn about 72c; none offering; inferior, 65c.
Duckwheat—No. 2, 65c to 66c.
Milled—Bran, 12c; oatmeal, shorts, 24c; bran sold at \$24 at Toronto, to arrive.
Oats—No. 2 white, 50c outside, 53c on track at Toronto; No. 2 mixed, 48c to 49½c outside.
BEAN MARKETS.
DETROIT.
Detroit, Feb. 3.—Beans—Spot, \$2.10; February, 1908, nominal; May, \$2.12 bid.

7 PER CENT

Bank of England rate (first time in 33 years) comes down to 7 per cent, and is a new price.
H. G. BECHER 432 Richmond
Phone 213

OIL MARKETS.

OIL CITY.
Oil City, Pa., Feb. 3.—Credit balances, 11.73.
LONDON.
London, Feb. 1.—Petroleum, American refined, 9 15-16; refined, 7½d.
ANTWERP.
Antwerp, Belgium, Feb. 1.—Petroleum, 22 francs.

SUGAR MARKET.

Toronto, Feb. 1.—Sugar—Firm; Montreal consolidated, in barrels, \$4.40; yellow, \$4.10; Acadia, \$4.25; Ontario beet, \$4.25; in bags, 5c less.
NEW YORK.
New York, Feb. 1.—Sugar—Raw quiet; fair refining, 3.50c; centrifugal, 90c test, 3.75c; molasses, 10c; refined, 10c; Molasses—Quiet.
LONDON.
London, Feb. 1.—Raw sugar—Centrifugal, 11s; Muscovado, 10s 10½d; beet sugar, February, 10s 10½d.
COTTON MARKETS.
NEW YORK.
New York, Feb. 1.—Cotton—Futures closed steady. Closing bids: February, 10.50c; March, 10.50c; April, 10.50c; May, 10.50c; June, 10.50c; July, 10.50c; August, 10.50c; September, 10.50c; October, 10.50c.
Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 10.50c; middling Gulf, 10.50c; no sales.

LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, Feb. 1.—Cotton—Spot quiet; prices 10 points lower; American middling, fair, 6.30; good middling, 6.50; middling, 6.50; low middling, 6.50; good ordinary, 6.50; ordinary, 6.50.
The sales of the day were 5,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export, and including 4,500 American. Receipts, 2,500 bales, including 13,000 American.
Futures opened quiet and steady, and closed quiet. American middling, C. O. C. February, 5.50c; February and March, 5.50c; March and April, 5.50c; April and May, 5.50c; May and June, 5.50c; June and July, 5.50c; July and August, 5.50c; August and September, 5.50c; September and October, 5.50c; October and November, 5.50c; November and December, 5.50c.

OIL MARKETS.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 3.—Oil opened and closed at \$1.13.
LIVE STOCK MARKETS.
OLD COUNTRY PRICES.
Liverpool, Feb. 1.—John Rogers & Co. quote: States steers, 11½c to 12½c; Canadian, 11½c to 12½c; cows, 11c; bulls, 10c; ranchers, finished, 10c; trade, 10c.
HAY MARKET.
TORONTO.
Toronto, Feb. 1.—Baled Straw—Slow, at about \$30 per ton, on track here.
Baled Hay—Timothy, 10c to 11c; clover, 11c to 12c, in car lots on track here.

THE LIBERAL PARTY

IN FIGHTING TRIM

Never Was in Better Shape Than Now

Says Hon. A. G. MacKay

Toronto, Feb. 3.—A flying visit was paid to Toronto last week by the Hon. A. G. MacKay, who at the opening of the Provincial Legislature next Wednesday will for the first time take his official place in the House as the leader of the Opposition.

For some time past Mr. MacKay has been engaged in visiting various parts of the Province, and attending the conventions called for the purpose of selecting the candidates who are to be the standard bearers of the Liberal party at the next Dominion and Provincial elections.

Discussing his tour, Mr. MacKay on Saturday expressed the greatest satisfaction with regard to the spirit which he found animating Liberals throughout the Province. In places where he had been told that the people did not usually express their feelings with any great degree of warmth, he had been received with the greatest enthusiasm and cordiality.

Never, in fact, had the leaders of the party such good reason as at present to feel encouraged as to the future, for never was the party in better fighting trim.

With regard to the approaching session Mr. MacKay indicated that it was likely to be one of considerable stress.

COLLISION AT URCOT

Montreal, Feb. 2.—An accident occurred on Saturday night on the Grand Trunk, by which two engine men lost their lives at Urcot village. The Ottawa passenger train crashed into the two engines, which were coupled together at Urcot, and Engineer A. M. and Fireman R. Smith of the Ottawa train were killed.

There was a blinding snowstorm at the time, and although there was a watchman stationed beside the engines to protect them from the wind, the wind was so strong that he was unable to flag the Ottawa express. Owing to the accident and the storm the train to Ottawa was canceled.

Famous Victims of Assassins

Thomas a'Becket	Dec. 29, 1170
Albert I., Germany	Jan. 1, 1308
James I., Scotland	Feb. 21, 1437
Alessandro de Medici	Jan. 5, 1537
Cardinal Beaton	May 29, 1546
David Riccio	March 9, 1566
Lord Darnley	Feb. 10, 1567
James, Earl of Murray (Regent)	Jan. 23, 1567
William of Orange	July 10, 1584
Henry II., France	Aug. 1-2, 1589
Henry IV., France	May 14, 1610
Villiers, Duke of Buckingham	Aug. 23, 1628
Wallenstein	Feb. 25, 1634
Archbishop Sharp	May 5, 1639
Gustavus III., Sweden	March 16, 1792
Marat (by Charlotte Corday)	July 13, 1793
Gen. Kleber, at Cairo	June 14, 1800
Czar of Russia	March 24, 1801
Spencer Perceval, Premier	May 23, 1812
Duke of Wellington	March 23, 1819
Duc de Berri	Feb. 13, 1820
Charles III., Duke of Parma	March 26, 1854
President Lincoln	April 14, 1865
Michael, Prince of Serbia	June 10, 1889
Marshall Prim	Dec. 28, 1870
President Carnot, France	May 24, 1871
Earl of Mayo (Governor-General of India)	May 24, 1871
Sultan Abdul Aziz	June 4, 1876
Alexander II., Czar of Russia	March 13, 1881
Lord Cavendish and T. H. Burke, Ireland	May 6, 1883
President Sadi Carnot, France	June 24, 1894
Ex-Premier Stefan Stambuloff, Bulgaria	July 15, 1895
Premier Canovas Del Castillo, Spain	April 22, 1897
President Juan Idiarte, Uruguay	Aug. 25, 1897
Empress Elizabeth, Austria (Geneva)	Sept. 10, 1898
President Ulysses Heureux, San Domingo	July 26, 1899
King Humbert, Italy	Jan. 29, 1900
President McKinley	Sept. 6, 1901
Alexander of Serbia	June 11, 1903

Terrific Storm On Atlantic Coast
Halifax and St. John Hard Hit

Halifax, Feb. 2.—One of the worst storms ever experienced on the Canadian Atlantic seaboard swept this province last night, and today telephone and telegraph services are practically cut off, and poles and wires, representing thousands of dollars in labor, are strewn along the roads. A few tons of the storm's debris, opening with a heavy snowstorm, accompanied by a wind which later approached the velocity of a cyclone, blowing at 40 miles an hour. At midnight this turned to a rain, which fell in torrents. Shortly after a terrific electrical storm broke and great damage was wrought. At 2 a.m. a bolt struck the 125-foot chimney of the Nova Scotia insane asylum, toppling 40 tons of brick out. The debris passed through the windows of the building, injuring one woman, an employee. The roof of the engine room underneath was damaged, and the engineer and firemen slightly hurt.

SIX MORE WEEKS OF WINTER
ACCORDING TO BRER BRUIN

Six more weeks of winter is the message that the bear sent to a frost-bitten world yesterday. Early in the morning of Candlemas Day, Brer Bruin ambled out to look at himself. The first thing that met his gaze was his own shadow. Not so robust or healthy or sleek-looking as when he last saw it, nevertheless a shadow. Then he looked at his paw. He jabbed his paw in his mouth and went to sleep again. The groundhog also came out. He was overcome with curiosity and crawled out into the frosty air to get a whiff of ozone. But he walked right back again into his corner. He jabbed his chin.

THAW GOES TO THE ASYLUM
ON ADVICE OF HIS COUNSEL

No Habeas Corpus Action To Be Taken at Present, Say Lawyers.

New York, Feb. 1.—Adjudged not guilty of the murder of Stanford White by reason of insanity at the time the fatal shots were fired, Harry Kendall Thaw today was held by the court to be a dangerous lunatic, and was whisked away to the state hospital for the criminally insane at Middletown. It was a quick transition from the dingy little cell in the Tombs which had been the young man's home for more than eighteen months, to the splendid wards of the big asylum, tucked away on the river, and surrounded by banks of the Hudson River, 50 miles above the city. The verdict came after 25 hours of waiting, and when the case had been argued over and over again, and abandoned all hope of agreement ever being reached in this or any other trial. Four hours after the foreman's lips had framed the words "not guilty," with the accompanying insanity clause, Thaw, protesting that he was sane, was on his way to Middletown. A little after midnight he had been received in the institution under commitment papers, which directed his detention "until discharged by due course of law."

An Unwilling Patient.
No more unwilling patient ever made a journey to a state institution. Thaw's train on its way to Fishkill Landing, where a carriage was taken to Middletown, passed beneath the very walls of grim Sing Sing, but at no time since his arrest on the night in June had the young Pittsburgh millionaire ever held the thought that he would see the inside of that famous prison, and he heeded it not.

The first thrill of the words of acquittal brought Thaw to his feet in the courtroom, and with that lack of grace of action which always has characterized his movement, awkwardly, almost hurriedly, bowed his acknowledgments to the twelve jurymen as they were discharged by the court. A smile played about his pallid features, and there was every reason to believe that he was entirely pleased with the outcome. It was after he had heard the words of Justice Downing committing him to Middletown on the ground that his release, in the opinion of the court, would endanger the pub-

granted a delay until 3 o'clock in the execution of the commitment papers, so that counsel might consult with the defendant. Mr. Littleton informed Thaw that there was such a thing as public sentiment in New York.

"But I shall not go to Middletown," Thaw is reported to have repeated many times.

"You will have to go," replied Mr. Littleton. Daniel O'Reilly joined in this decision. It was marked later that Mr. Littleton went neither to the station nor to the asylum, with his client. He was said to be well-worn out, however, from his arduous work during the trial, which was rushed to its conclusion at highest possible speed, and with the trying wait for a verdict.

Thaw had no opportunity to bid his mother farewell. The court order commanded his commitment forthwith, and Deputy Sheriff Bell, who had him in charge, was anxious to take the first train leading up the Hudson. The mother and Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, all visitors being barred from the institution on Sunday.

Daniel O'Reilly announced at Fishkill Landing tonight that the writ of habeas corpus is sent out on Thaw's behalf—if such action shall be decided upon in the near future—the application probably will be made at Poughkeepsie, where the county seat of Dutchess County, in which Middletown is located.

Cheered by Crowd.
Thaw was cheered by a crowd of several hundred persons as he was whisked away from the Tombs without means of mobility. If he heard he paid no heed. The machine was so filled with deputies that he could not see the crowd. Thaw nor his wife were visible from the waiting throngs. It was at first planned to have Thaw enter the automobile from the rear of the building, but the crowd in White street became so dense that the chauffeur was directed to drive into the Tombs yard. The party then crossed the Bridge of Signs, and entered the waiting vehicle without trouble. Few people at the Grand Central Station knew of Thaw's coming, and the party was little noticed in the crowd of the week-end throngs bound for the suburbs. A special car was attached to the regular 4:20 train, and at 15:15 minutes' delay in the departure. Thaw smoked and talked with his counsel throughout the journey.

The Verdict.
From the moment that word came from the jury room at 12:40 p.m. that a report was about to be made, the closing events of the trial moved with almost electric rapidity. For a day and a night there had been absolute silence on the part of the jury. Not a suggestion or request for adjournment was made, and when Justice Dowling came down to his chambers late in the morning he announced that he would not send for the jury until after 10 o'clock.

Little Hope of Verdict.
The report of last night that the jury stood eight to four for acquittal on the ground of insanity, persisted up to the time of the verdict. The C. P. R. line of coming into court, and all concerned with the case had abandoned hope in a definite conclusion of the second trial.

Few spectators were allowed in the room, and an impatient demonstration was shown by the crowd when they arrested Theodore Roosevelt. Pell, the well-known amateur tennis player, for a burst of applause. Pell was flung \$25 by Justice Dowling, and he was told to get out. In custody until friends could be summoned, Thaw was the only member of the press. Thaw's family in court when the verdict was announced. The young woman Dowling, who was the wife of the juror, and followed Mr. Littleton's example in shaking hands with them. All the defendant's counsel were elated by the verdict. It was just what they hoped for. District Attorney Jerome was almost as well pleased. His vision of a cold and cheerless Thaw was medically if not legally insane, and his efforts this year had plainly not been directed toward a verdict of murder in the first degree. Mr. Littleton, and both counsel and jury joined in congratulating Justice Dowling, who presided at the trial, and who had been so kind to both sides. The jurymen expressed their thanks to the judge for his kindly and liberal attitude toward them, and their confidence in his judgment. They were to serve under such a fair-minded, just and considerate jurist. The proceedings in the trial were well conducted, and at no time was there the semblance of a dramatic effort.

Mrs. William Thaw, it was said tonight, had confidently expected that her son would be committed to some private institution, and it was to effect this end that she had been so anxious to have the trial. Neither will he willingly consent to his transfer to a sanatorium.

The verdict of insanity returned by the jury lent striking interest to a letter written some years ago by Stanford White to Howard Nesbit, a brother of Evelyn Nesbit. The letter, which was given out by the court, declared that Thaw was not a sane man, and that he was a dangerous lunatic.

Arrives at Middletown.
Middletown, N. Y., Feb. 1.—Harry K. Thaw arrived here tonight, and was immediately assigned to the observation ward of the state hospital for the criminally insane, where he will remain for a week or two until the authorities can make his mental condition, and make some definite arrangements for his future stay in the institution. The new patient slept tonight in a small iron bed in a dormitory where about fifty other men are quartered. An attendant constantly is on guard to prevent any of the men from arising. The arrival at Fishkill Landing of the train bearing the Thaw party attracted considerable attention in the town. Photographers from New York city had come on an earlier train, and a dozen flashlight charges were exploded as the train pulled up at the station. Mr. Thaw, stepped from the private car in which the journey from New York had been made, and was hurried to a waiting carriage, and the drive to Middletown was begun. The trip from New York was made with Thaw's wife and two children, and with his attorneys, and smoked several black cigars.

When Dr. Robert B. Lamb, medical superintendent of the hospital, was told that Harry Thaw had been committed to the institution, he said the prisoner would be given no special privileges while there. "The first thing I will do with him," said Dr. Lamb, "as with all patients, is to place him in the observation ward. There he will remain for a week or two, and probably longer, until we note his mental condition. This is the customary plan, and it will be adhered to in his case. Then we can, after studying his case, decide whether or not to assign him to some particular ward in the hospital. He cannot have any special quarters, for all the patients here are treated alike."

"During the day Thaw will associate with the other men and dine at the table in the main dining-room. Thaw will be given no special work to do. He can take daily walks in the large court, and if he is so disposed can have tobacco and dainties sent to him, or he can, on an order accompanied by the cash, procure any articles he desires for his comfort in Fishkill. The hospital is now crowded far above its capacity. We have 713 patients, and the institution was originally planned to hold only 500."

ALL-NIGHT FIGHT WITH DRIFTS
(Continued From Page One.)
Adventure in the Drift.
A very rough experience is reported from the Southwestern Traction Company. The car went into a drift near Glendale about 11 o'clock Saturday night with a large number of passengers aboard. Four young men volunteered to walk to London and report. They started, but had a fearful trip. For hours they battled with the storm and drifts. One of their number became exhausted, and the others had to drag him into a farmhouse. He was like a dead man when they reached the house, and it took several hours to get him back to normal. After they had rested, another start was made, and it took them about twelve hours to reach the city. They are none the worse this morning for their trip, but would not attempt it again for a lot of money. Mr. Elsinore, W. H. Kreutzer, F. Banaugh and Col. Colman of the Southwestern Traction Company were some of the party. Farmer's rigs were sent for the passengers and they were all dug out, after a great deal of difficulty, and taken to Lambeth and London. It took some of them twelve hours to reach the city.

The experience of the boys on that tramp will never be forgotten. "It was a terrible experience," said one of them this morning. "I feel all right now, but I do not want another trip like that in a hurry. We were only two miles from Lambeth, but we preferred to come the longer distance, as we would have the storm in our backs most of the way. It seemed almost impossible to make any headway. The snow was awful. We had to pick our way along, and I did not think we would get through, but we managed it all right. One fellow was in bad shape. He wore a big overcoat, and the weight of it exhausted him completely. He acted like a dead man when we got him into the farmer's house. When we got rested we started out again. Just imagine making one mile in three hours. That seems like a long time. We have no marks to show for it. It is a wonder we were not frozen to death. No more for mine."

Another lot of Londoners had a rough experience. They waited for the Traction Company's car at St. Thomas, and when it was found that it would be some time before they could get a car they decided to try the Michigan Central.

They waited until 1 a.m. for the train to start, and still it did not move. They were obliged to spend the whole night in the car, and in the morning they were informed that there would be no train to London. Eventually they took the Wabash train from St. Thomas yesterday afternoon for Glendale, reaching here at 3 o'clock, tired and sleepy.

All through the county come reports of blocked roadways. Several funerals have had to be postponed owing to the fact that the roads, many of the leading roads being completely blocked, making vehicular travel out of the question. Many farmers got into drifts on their way home from market and had to shovel their way out.

STIFFER PENALTIES FOR FRAUD

IN BILLS BEFORE THE COUNCIL

Ottawa, Feb. 2.—Government bills to amend the election laws and respecting the railway commission were before the cabinet in council yesterday afternoon, and were discussed in detail. The measures are finally drafted will be presented to Parliament shortly. In addition to providing stiffer penalties for all forms of election frauds and the changing of some of the present regulations with a view to more adequate guarding against ballot-switching, etc., the new election act will, it is understood, follow the English act in respect to compelling the publication of election expenses in greater detail than is at present required.

In connection with the bill respecting the railway commission the Government is now trying to draft a satisfactory clause, providing for the interchange of messages among all telephone companies operating in Canada. The problem is somewhat complicated by reason of the fact that independent phone companies have different systems from the Bell Company, and the latter object to transmitting long-distance messages over their lines from other companies whose equipment is poor and whose lines are not adapted for long-distance telephoning. In case of complaints arising from unsatisfactory service to customers the Bell Company fear that they would suffer for the fault of other companies.

COURTHOUSE
DATES FAR BACK
Building From Which Present One Was Reconstructed Was Erected During 1828.

Since its erection in the year 1828, the county courthouse has been a constant source of unfavorable discussion among jurists, judges and citizens, of both the county and the city.

The following excerpts, taken from an atlas of Middlesex County, published by a Toronto firm in 1878, should prove of interest:

"In 1826 a survey was made of the town plot by Col. Mahlon Burwell, who was employed by the Government for that purpose, and the lots were given to actual settlers upon payment of \$20 for the patent, and erecting a small house on the lot. Col. Talbot was appointed by the Government to locate the town, and the new town, from its location, being without means of communication with the early centers of trade, was for some time a place of little importance, and of slow growth."

In 1827, Parliament constituted London a city, and the western district, and a courthouse was immediately erected. This was, however, only a temporary expedient to supply the immediate and pressing wants of the district, and the lot was given to the present structure (since reconstructed) was built. The structure was then considered a stately and imposing pile, and was the pride of the neighboring settlers. It was built, as indeed everything else was done at that time, to suit the taste of Col. Talbot, and was supposed to be an imitation of the baronial castle of Malahide, in Ireland, the home of the eccentric pioneer of this region. A degenerate modern taste, however, fails to appreciate the grandeur of that style of architecture, and as a consequence nearly every assize affords an opportunity for the president of the court to order the removal of the building to the present site, and the old building is now a ruin.

The building formerly faced the river, and was faced with brick. At the time of reconstruction the bricks were given a covering of concrete, and the entrance made to face Ridout street.

MIKADO AFTER CANADA EXPERTS
Makes Handsome Offers To Mechanical Engineers in Maritime Provinces.

St. John, N. B., Feb. 2.—For the past month emissaries of the Mikado have been endeavoring to engage expert mechanical engineers of this city to aid in the construction of new Japanese battleships and to lay out fortifications contemplated by the Government. Princely salaries are being offered, with contracts of three and five years, the engineers to report at Tokyo or Kobe at once.

B. H. Francis, who superintended the installation of the Chiqueto power plant at Amherst, N. S., is now on his way from Vancouver to Japan to take a position at the Kobe naval yards. Another prominent St. John marine engineer has just refused a lucrative offer to install turbine engines in six warships now building at Kobe.

Reports from other Canadian provinces say that similar offers are being made there for engineers to enter the service of the Japanese army and navy.

WILLIAM FIFE INJURED.
Glasgow, Feb. 1.—William Fife, the Glasgow designer, was seriously injured at his shipyard at Fairlie yesterday. While superintending the construction of Sir Thomas Lipton's new racing yacht Mr. Fife fell from the deck into the hold. He struck his head and was rendered unconscious. He was carried to his home, where he is still unconscious this morning.

FELL ON SCISSORS.
Ottawa, Feb. 2.—Adelard Boldue, a foreman of the Ottawa Transportation Company slipped and fell on the street in Hull on Saturday, and a pair of scissors in his pocket were driven through his heart. He died almost upon the same spot where his daughter was killed by an electric car a short time ago.

SOCIETY LADIES

AS ARMY NURSES

The Daughters of High French Families Are Working in Morocco.

Paris, Feb. 1.—M. de Valence, secretary-general of the French Red Cross Society, who has just arrived in Casablanca, gave some interesting information about the work which is being accomplished in the French hospitals by a number of Parisian society women. "Our work is particularly interesting," he said, "because it is the first time that we have ever made such an experiment. The war office having accepted our offer, we sent a squad of twelve volunteer nurses to Casablanca to organize and take care of the hospital service. All of these amateur trained nurses were women of the very best families. For example, one was the daughter of a French major-general. Their names you will notice have been scrupulously kept out of the newspapers. Well, these young women, whom we are used to seeing in Paris dressed in the height of fashion, at the opera, and on the first nights at the principal theaters, donned the white blouse and stuck to it with the ease and patience of the most experienced nurses. These two go 24 hours practically without sleep. And they have plenty to do at Casa Blanca there is a continual average of 30 sick."

"The moral effect has naturally been considerable. Even our rough Algerian sharpshooters in the presence of such nurses are full of respect and subordination. The soldiers swallow without protest the bitterest medicine and follow the hardest regimen with good grace. And these young women, who are so used to being waited on by their servants, are now waiting on the sick. I have seen one of them, a daughter of a French major-general, who has just done a big day's work washing when I called on her. She was wearing a white blouse and a white apron, and she was washing a soldier's head. These things were of the coarse, heavy kind worn by our soldiers. It is extraordinary."

"You may imagine how hard their work is when I tell you that these young society women, who are so used to being waited on by their servants, are now waiting on the sick. I have seen one of them, a daughter of a French major-general, who has just done a big day's work washing when I called on her. She was wearing a white blouse and a white apron, and she was washing a soldier's head. These things were of the coarse, heavy kind worn by our soldiers. It is extraordinary."

"Strange as it may seem, not one of these delicately reared women, so used to Parisian luxury, has suffered in health from this experience. And Casa Blanca is not exactly a pleasure resort for women used to Paris. The whole city is ruined and almost deserted."

ASLEEP THREE YEARS
All Efforts to Awaken Slumbering German Have Failed.

Berlin, Feb. 2.—Prof. Eulenbarg, the eminent specialist in nervous diseases, gave a remarkable description before the German Physiological Society here of a Government official named Arnheim, who has been continuously asleep since June 10, 1904.

The professor attributes Arnheim's strange condition to a blow to the back of the head caused by a fall from a horse. Arnheim, who was then unable to discover any injury to the brain, but ten days later he fell asleep, and he has been sleeping continuously ever since.

Prof. Eulenbarg says the patient is lying on his back, his head, the head being slightly inclined to the right side. The forehead is wrinkled, as though the sleeper were disturbed by a bad dream. The limbs can be freely moved.

The skin has lost its sensitiveness. Deep needle pricks do not produce the slightest effect, and other incisions in the flesh, painful for normal beings, do not disturb the sleeper. Deafening noise made close to his ears fails to arouse him, and dazzling lights turned on the eyes are likewise ineffectual.

The sleeper is regularly fed. He slowly chews the food placed in his mouth, and swallows it instinctively. During the last three months Arnheim has never once opened his eyes, spoken a syllable, or even betrayed the least sign of consciousness.

Sometimes Arnheim's wife, who tends him incessantly, with patient care, removes him from the bed, clothes him, and places him in an armchair. In this position he pre-sents an uncanny appearance. He is ghastly pale and motionless, and recalls a figure placed in a natural position in a wax-work show to deceive naive visitors into the belief that it is a human being.

Prof. Eulenbarg considers a sudden awakening is still possible. Many medical experts have visited Arnheim, and have watched the sleeper for long periods without coming to any definite conclusion as to the cause of his long sleep.

A little blindness is sometimes the greatest kindness that one can indulge in.

O. B. GRAVES, Ltd.
203 Dundas Street.
—WALL PAPERS
—DECORATING
—PICTURES.
—PICTURE FRAMING.
—WINDOW SHADES
—MADE TO ORDER.

HIGHEST GRADES OF
**BURNING OIL,
LUBRICATING OIL**
AND ALL OTHER
PETROLEUM PRODUCTS
The Queen City Oil Co
Limited,
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.
London Branch, York St. East.

Wall Paper
This is a good time of the year to have your rooms papered and painted, before the spring rush begins. We are now showing our new spring Wall Papers.
COLERICK BROS.
23 DUNDAS STREET.

R. K. COWAN
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.,
County Buildings, next Court House, London.

**London Conservatory of Music
and School of Elocution**
Examinations January 30, 31
and February 1.
Application should be made
at once.

RELIABILITY
THE WESTERN BUSINESS
and SHORTHAND COLLEGE
110 Dundas St., London,
has been established 25 years, and has
a standing in the community. It will
pay you to take a course in an up-to-
date college, where you will receive
instruction from practical teachers.
Individual instruction. Pupils may
join classes at any time.
WM. C. COO, C. S. R., Principal

**DO IT OVER
AGAIN**
If you use cheap, unreliable
paint, your rooms tapered and
work to do over in a short
time. That's where you lose.
**HERE'S WHERE
YOU SAVE**
Buy the Sherwin-Williams
Paint, the brand that is not only
guaranteed, but has been tested
and found good; any shade, any
quantity. Ask for Color Card.

THE
**Purdum-Gillespie
Hardware Co.**

D. L. & W.
SCRANTON COAL
Have you tried it? If not, do so
and you will use no other, as it
is bright and free from clinkers
and comes in box cars.

HEAMAN & SON
Office and Yard, Burwell and G. T. R.
Phone 312.

The vicar of Dwygytygliw, Pen-
maenmawr told the royal commission
of the church in Wales recently that he had
been at Elyty-cum-Carnagwau, Llang-
fui-cum-Treglan, Llanfyllan-cum-Llan-
fair and Arlechwedd.

Centipedes are eaten in some parts
of South America.
The Rev. F. W. Schenck, a well-
known clergyman of Little Falls, N.
Y., has written a public letter in which
he advocates starving tramps out of
their bad habits.

The Emperor of Japan has 30 phy-
sicians and 60 priests.

Whitefish, 12½c lb.
Halibut and Large Herring.

J. A. WILSON
Phone 1120, Market Lane and Square

C. P. C. SPECIALS.



This week we offer 500 pieces of lean
pickled bacon at 11½c per pound.
Sixty rolls corned beef, 6c per pound.

The Canadian Packing Co.

Pianos Are Like People

In that they possess an in-
dividuality. Some Pianos
create a most favorable im-
pression at first but on in-
imate acquaintance prove
deceitful—tone deteriorates,
action becomes unreliable,
etc.

But the "Nordheimer"
proves a trustworthy, life-
long friend. It is built on
honor. The pure, sweet,
sympathetic tone is a per-
manent feature, and its won-
derfully elastic action is
lasting. It's an investment
you'll always be glad you
made.

Nordheimer's
J. J. Callaghan,
MANAGER

THIRD
NEXT TO BENNETT'S
A GOOD PLACE TO BUY
SHIRTS

QUALITY STORE
The Right Kind of
COFFEE
possesses that deli-
cious flavor, clear,
rich, pleasing color,
and invigorating,
healthful effect.
40c lb.
The same price as or-
dinary Coffee.

HARRY RANAHAN
Phone 1024, 515 Richmond St.

Sterling Flatware
1 Single Teaspoon \$1.00 to \$1.50
Half-dozen Teaspoons in case.....
.....\$5.00 to \$9.00
Half-dozen Coffee Spoons, in
case.....\$3.75 to \$6.00
Two and three fancy pieces, in
combination in case \$2.50 to \$7.50
FROM a single teaspoon to a
complete cabinet of all the useful
pieces for table use, we can show
you patterns and give estimates.

W. G. Young
214-647 Dundas St.

City and District

—Mr. Joseph Gleason and family, of
this city, are removing to Hamilton.

—Miss Olive Tuno, of this city, is
visiting the Misses Hornbrook, at
Toronto.

The funeral of the late Wm. H. Head-
ford was held Saturday morning at the
residence of his mother, 166 Mill
street, to Woodland Cemetery, and was
of a private nature. The services were
conducted by Rev. R. S. W. Howard, of
Christ Church.

—The ladies of the Women's Mis-
sionary Society of Christ Church are
providing a supper for the laymen of
the parish on Wednesday evening, when
Mr. Westgate, of West Africa, will ad-
dress them in connection with the mis-
sionary movement.

—Mr. and Mrs. James Delaney, of 50
Front street, will have the sympathy of
a large circle of friends in the death
of their eldest son, Frederick James De-
laney, which occurred yesterday. De-
laney was in his 12th year, and at-
tended Grand avenue school. The
funeral arrangements have not yet
been completed.

—Mr. F. G. Myers, who is proprietor
of the Big Bell Restaurant on King
street, will allow his place of business
to be used for a dance every second
week for charitable purposes. A
nominal fee will be charged for ad-
mission, and the money received in
this way will be distributed to the
best advantage by Mr. Myers and Mr.
Sanders, of the Charities' Organiza-
tion.

Next Tuesday.

The water commission will meet on
Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

"At Home" Postponed.
Owing to the death of Mr. D. S. Per-
rin, the annual "At Home" of the em-
ployees has been indefinitely postponed.

Interred in Woodland.
The funeral of the late L. H. Col-
well was held Saturday morning at the
undertaking parlors of D. A. Stewart
to Woodland Cemetery. Services were
conducted by Very Rev. Dean Davis.
Called To Vancouver.

Mr. Alfred Tripp, son of Mr. D. Tripp,
who has been visiting friends and re-
latives in this city after an absence
of twenty years, has been suddenly called
to his home in Vancouver, B. C., by
sickness in the family.

New Store and Warehouse.
It is understood that a handsome
new store and warehouse will shortly
be built on the former site of the

Women's \$2 Shoes

We are offering a thoroughly
good line of Shoes at this price.
They are made from splendid lea-
thers, over stylish lasts, in a care-
ful manner, by careful workmen.

They are serviceable and they
are durable.
Nothing slighted because the
price is moderate.

We want every woman who
wears \$2 00 Shoes to come here,
and be fitted.

J. P. Cook Co
LIMITED.
Good Shoes for All the Family.

167 Dundas St. 398a Richmond St.

**USE
Hazel-Rose**
for all
Irritations of the Skin

Instantly Soothing
and Delightful to Use
25c Per Bottle

Cairncross & Lawrence
Chemists and Druggists,
216 Dundas St. London, Ont.

Removal Sale
BELTZ'S
Furs must be sold
before we move to W.
F. Boughner's old
stand.

Brewster building, which was destroyed
in the Reid disaster.
Sunday School Tea.

The annual tea and entertainment of
the First Congregational Sunday
school will be held Tuesday evening
next. The children of the Children's
Aid Shelter have been invited to at-
tend.

Postponed.
The Grand Trunk authorities have
decided to postpone the inquiry into
the cause of the recent accident at the
Grand Trunk roundhouse, by which
Mr. Nicola may lose his right arm,
until the patient is able to leave the
hospital. It will be some time.

Late W. H. Headford.

Engagement Announced.
The engagement of Miss Bessie A.
Stunbaugh, daughter of Mr. and Mrs.
Joseph Stunbaugh of Lima, Ohio, to
Mr. Wallace J. Mills, of Sarnia, Ont.,
is announced. The wedding will take
place at the home of the bride's par-
ents on Feb. 12.

Fireman's Hard Run.

The firemen had a run on Saturday
night about 9 o'clock, to Mrs. Mc-
Cann's home, 394 Central avenue. In
thawing out some water pipes the
floor caught fire. The blaze was ex-
tinguished by the chemical without
much damage. The run was a hard
one, owing to the heavy snow.

Oedema Caused Death.

The post-mortem held on the body
of the late William Pollock, who died
so suddenly at Victoria Hospital on
Friday, showed that the cause of
death was oedema, one of the stages
of pneumonia. The remains have been
sent to Paris, where interment will
take place.

An Appreciation.

The following letter explains itself:
710 Waterloo street,
To the Veteran Firemen's Association,
London, Ont.:
Gentlemen,—I beg of you to accept
our grateful and heartfelt thanks for
the sympathy extended to us during
our recent bereavement, also for your
beautiful and appropriate floral trib-
ute to the memory of our dear father,
who often spoke of, and appreciated,
your many acts of kindness shown
him.

Our most sincere wishes attend you
in all that you may do.
Signed on behalf of the family, yours
most respectfully,

AMELIA CHRISTIE.

SEND CHILDREN HERE

**Dr. McNamara Advocates It From the
Good Results Obtained.**

London, Feb. 1. — Dr. McNamara,
in a report to the local government
board, as a result of an investigation
into the working of the older and
newer systems of manufacturing and
educating children under the care of
the poor law guardians, says since
1883 more than 7,000 children have
been emigrated, the vast majority to
Canada. Reports show that under ex-
isting conditions the children are do-
ing well in Canada. Dr. McNamara
speaks highly of the system of emi-
gration, and advocates it in the
cases of strong and healthy children.

Bus-ride parties supplied. Reason-
able rates. Hueston's Livery.

There are about 1,530 theaters in
Europe. Italy possesses more than
any other country.

The bicycle craze has at last reach-
ed the Mexican city of Vera Cruz.
There is also a motor cycle in town.

MRS. MARGARET PERCY FOUND DEAD IN BED

Mrs. Margaret Percy, widow of the
late Thomas Percy, was found dead in
bed at her home this morning. Mrs.
Percy was in her 64th year and had
been ailing since last spring with
heart trouble. She had lived in this
city for a number of years and was
greatly esteemed by a large circle of
friends. Two daughters, Mrs. J. W.
Rouson, of Kinlow, and Mrs. Frank
Irwin, of this city, and three sons—
Fred, of St. Thomas, and Messrs. Chas.
E. and James, of this city—survive.
The funeral will be held on Wednesday
afternoon to Woodland Cemetery.

**Features of the Services
In London Churches Yesterday**

**Opening of New Askin Street
Sunday School—Excellent
Discourses.**

Yesterday marked the opening of
the new Askin Street Sunday School
as a church until the old edifice is
remodeled and can be used again as
such. The day was spent in religious
exercises, the first being a sunrise
prayer meeting, which started at 7
o'clock, and was held under the
auspices of the Epworth League. The
service was conducted by the presi-
dent, Mr. J. F. Maine.

At 10 o'clock the quarterly love feast
and fellowship service was conducted
by the pastor, Rev. K. Birks, and
was a meeting of much interest.

At 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. eloquent and
impressive sermons were preached by
Rev. W. G. Howson, of Wingham, a
former pastor, to congregations that
taxed the capacity of the church. Mr.
Howson took as his morning text
the words found in Deuteronomy
ix, 9: "Lest thou forget." He em-
phasized the benefits that accrue to
man by recalling the tender associa-
tions of other days, and that God uses
these experiences to mellow us and
draw us to himself.

In the evening the preacher dis-
coursed upon Matthew vi, 33: "Seek
ye first the kingdom of God, and his
righteousness, and all these things
shall be added unto you." The preacher
pointed out in a most convincing
manner that no creature could pos-
sibly live outside of its environment,
and the kingdom to which it naturally
belonged. He gave several fine illus-
trations from nature in proof of his
assertion, and maintained that in the
spiritual kingdom man found life
only in God.

The singing of special hymns by
the school at all the services was very
fine. They were led by a quartet
of ten instruments under the direction
of Mr. Quantz. The numbers rendered
by the male quartet, consisting of
Messrs. Robins, Quantz, Harding and
Lunt, were greatly appreciated. Miss
Norris presided at the piano. The
platform was becomingly decorated
with palms and ferns.

The open session of the Sunday
school at 3 p.m. was largely attended
when over 800 were present. The
programme consisted of orchestral
numbers, singing by the school and
short addresses from former superin-
tendents of the school. Mr. A. M.
Hunt, the efficient superintendent,
presided, and was assisted by Dr. S.
P. Reynolds. The gentlemen who
spoke were Mr. Geo. C. Gibbons, K.
C., the first superintendent of the
school when it was organized over 20
years ago, and Messrs. Dunn, Copp,
Maine, Learn, Brenton and Rev. W.
G. Howson. The early reminiscences
of the speakers were especially
interesting and instructive.

Centennial Methodist.

A striking feature of the services in
the Centennial Methodist Church in
the evening was the music. The choir,
numbering about 50 voices, under the
direction of Mr. Bert Wehr, sang "At
Even, Even the Watchmen" (Turner),
and "The Hallelujah Chorus" from
"The Messiah" (Handel). The men's
chorus sang, "Under His Wing." The
ladies' quartet, composed of Mrs. Page,
Misses Rutherford, Carrie and Alan,
sang "Now the Day Is Over." Miss
Clay's Reid sang "My Redeemer and
I."

An excellent address on the missionary
work that is being done in West Africa
was given in the Memorial Church at
night by Rev. Mr. Westgate, who for
some time has been engaged in the work
there.

"The Army Work Was Never Better" Bright View of Commissioner Coombs

"Salvation Army work in Canada was
never in better shape," said Commissioner
Coombs, in his address to the army
brought out by the army. The
prospects for immigration for 1908, as
far as the army is concerned, are very
bright, and during the month of January
more applications have been received for
farm help in the spring than in any other
month since the work was commenced.
We are doing our utmost to discourage
people from coming to the cities, unless
they have situations. We do not guaran-
tee them work in the cities. There
are plenty of people in the cities now for
all the work there is to do, and for all
that will be undertaken for some time to
come."

On Saturday evening and all day on
Sunday Commissioner Coombs conducted
revival services, at which large numbers
were present, both in the Citadel and in
the Auditorium. On Sunday evening he
gave his famous lecture, "From Betle-
hem to Calvary," illustrated by a very
beautiful series of pictures.

the rule with Mr. Burgess, popular
prices will prevail.

Lots of Mail Orders.

Judging from the large amount of
mail orders sent in to the Grand for
the coming engagement of Madam
Emma Calve in Bizet's operatic mas-
terpiece, "Carmen," at the Grand on
Monday, Feb. 17, there is every reason
to believe that standing-room will be at
a premium to hear this wonderful
singer.

The municipality of Liverpool, Eng-
land, has accepted with gratitude the
offer of Nathan Straus to furnish the
city with a pasteurizing plant for the
preparation of milk for infants. The
Dublin City Council is considering a
similar offer made through Richard
Croker, who says Mr. Straus is one of
the greatest philanthropists in Amer-
ica.

AYLMER CHICKEN SOUP

The best chicken soup made in
Canada. We can recommend this
soup because it is made with
selected chickens (not veal), by
reliable canners, and has the real
chicken soup flavor25c tin

South London Phone, 969.
Dundas street Phone, 1866 and 317.
T. A. ROWAT & CO.

A. SCREATON & CO.

20 PER CENT DISCOUNT SALE

Special inducements in
every department. Goods
purchased during the sale
stored and delivered when
required.

A. SCREATON & CO.
HOME FURNISHERS

**IMPERIAL BANK
OF CANADA**

London Branch: Cor. Richmond and King Streets
Capital, Paid up - - \$4,875,000.00
Res - - - - \$4,875,000.00

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
\$1 opens an account. Interest paid at highest
current rate four times a year.
R. ARKELL, Manager.

DISAPPEARS WHEN CZAR BEGINS SUIT

Defendant in Manitoba Case Is
Alleged To Be Dangerous
Anarchist.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 2. — Since
suit was started here in the court of
king's bench by the Czar of Russia
against Stefan Ludokofsky, formerly
treasurer of Turkestan, to recover
340,000 roubles, amounting to \$160,000
in Canadian currency, which Stefan is
alleged to have embezzled, once sena-
tion has followed another, and now
it transpires that Ludokofsky is one
of the most noted anarchists of the
present time. When the sheriff served
attachment writs against Ludokofsky's
property it was found that he and the
beautiful woman with him, had fled.
One of the men with him here says
he went to California two days be-
fore the writ was issued.

Ludokofsky had fled from Turkestan
in 1906, having become associated with
the murderous mutineers of the Bo-
tomkin, who, after killing their offi-
cers, fled to Roumania. Many of
them, however, succeeded in reaching
the States, and in New York state
Ludokofsky founded a community
farm, which was worked by those
mutineers on shares. According to a
man here, who came from New York
with him, Ludokofsky organized a
chapter of anarchy in New York city,
which planned several assassinations,
but the New York police and Russian
secret service agents got wind of the
affair and he fled to Japan, sending
his supposed wife, Marie Heman, who
incidentally is the wife of a high Rus-
sian official, to Winnipeg, where he
met her some six months ago after
returning from Japan.

The property seized here is not
worth more than \$20,000, and includes
a house on St. James street, as well
as a Japanese fancy goods store in
the center of the city, which was filled
with Japanese goods of all descrip-
tions, and would have been opened
in a few days had not Ludokofsky re-
ceived word that the Russian secret
police were again on his track.

One of the men engaged to work in
Ludokofsky's store here describes him
as a violent anarchist, and is of the
opinion that the Czar cares nothing
for the paltry roubles, but is ex-
tremely anxious to get Ludokofsky.

CRIMEAN VETERAN DEAD
A Former Resident of London Passes
Away at Chatham.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Chatham, Feb. 2.—Charles Edmunds,
aged 75 years, a veteran of the Cri-
mean war, and for a number of years
a resident of London, Ont., is dead. He
was born in South Wales, England.
While serving on his majesty's ships
before Kinburn Bay he was badly in-
jured, and put in a long time in a hos-
pital. While a resident of London he
lost two sons in the Victoria, catas-
trophe on the Thames in 1881.

When a man achieves success every-
body else realizes how better they
themselves could have done.
Every year there are 25,000 letters post-
ed in England without addresses.

In Amsterdam there is a factory where
400,000 diamonds are cut annually. Most
of the work is done by women.

PARIS WOMEN RISE UP

Paris, Feb. 2. — Minister Briand's
new instructions to the courts order-
ing that workmen be included in
juries trying criminal and civil cases
are generally approved, as they ac-
cord completely with the idea of popu-
lar justice, but they had one unex-
pected result. Today the feminists
are rising up and demanding similar
rights and Mme. Hubertine Auclert,
the leading French suffragette, is or-
ganizing public demonstrations similar
to those which have taken place in
London, against the injustice of hav-
ing women judged by men.

Mme. Auclert said she believed the
fight for woman suffrage would be
won ultimately by beginning with an
agitation for representation on juries.
Frenchwomen, she said, being more
readily moved by sentiment than by
logic, would soon be convinced that
women accused of distinctly feminine
crimes had the right to be tried by
juries composed of women.