

The Standard,  
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY  
A. W. Smith,  
At his Office, Market Square, Saint Andrews, N. B.

TERMS.  
12s 6d per annum—if paid in advance.  
16s, if not paid until the end of the year.

ADVERTISEMENTS  
Inserted according to written orders, or continued  
till forbid, if no written directions.  
First insertion of 12 lines and under 4s.  
Each repetition of Ditto 1s. 4d.  
First insertion of all over 12 lines 4d per line.  
Each repetition of Ditto 1d per line.  
Advertising by the year as may be agreed on.

# The Standard,

OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

No 33] SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 13, 1856. [Vol. 23

LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPERS  
Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions. If Subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers, the publisher may continue to send them till all arrearages are paid. If Subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they have settled their Bill, and ordered their papers to be discontinued. If Subscribers remove to other places without informing the publisher, and the paper is sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

### One Week later from Europe!

New York, Aug. 5  
The Atlantic arrived last night. The English news is unimportant. Parliament would adjourn about the 30th.

From Spain there are contradictory reports, but it appears the insurrection had been put down in Madrid with the loss of two hundred killed. In other parts of the country the insurgents are making head way.

Money.—The London Money Market was unchanged.

Breadstuffs were generally firm; the better grades of flour exhibit a slight improvement, but lower grades had a declining tendency. In wheat, the better grades had advanced one penny, while other descriptions were about two pence per bushel lower. Corn was firm but transactions small. Other markets unchanged.

The weather was unsettled.

### Effects of Poverty on the Domestic Affections.

The most delicate sentiments find much to chafe them in the abodes of indigence, a family crowded into a single and often narrow apartment, which must answer at once, the ends of parlour, kitchen, bed room, nursery, and hospital, must, without great energy and self-respect, want neatness, order, and comfort. Its members are perpetually exposed to annoying petty interferences. The decencies of life can with difficulty be observed. Woman, a drudge and in dirt, loses her attractions. The young grow up without the modest reserve and delicacy of feeling, in which purity finds so much of its defence. Coarseness of manners and language, too sure a consequence of a mode of life which allows no seclusion, becomes the habit almost of childhood, and hardens the mind for vicious intercourse in future years. The want of a neat, orderly home, is among the chief evils of the poor. Crowded in filth, they cease to respect one another. The poor man's table, strewn with broken food, and seldom approached with courtesy and self-respect, serves too often to nourish only a selfish animal life, and to bring the partakers of it still nearer to the brute. We speak not of what is necessary and universal for poverty, under sanctifying influences, may find a heaven in its narrow home; but we speak of tendencies which are strong, and which only a strong religious and moral influence can overcome.

A good story is told of an officer in the American army, during the war of 1812-14, who was, and is still, more accustomed to the use of the sword than the pen. While stationed on the Lake frontier, two of his soldiers, brothers, by the name of Kennedy, and usually called Kennedy, deserted. The officer of whom we are speaking, wrote an order, and issued it to a subaltern, to take a file of men and proceed to a place named, and take the two Kennedys. The order was peremptory, and not to be trifled with. The officer looked at his instructions, and prepared to obey them, but he remarked he did not believe he could take more than one of the provinces without a reinforcement!

[This story smacks strongly of being made up of a trifle of Yankee braggadocio.]

### One open nail-hole in a sheet of copper upon a vessel's bottom, will allow the worm access to ruin its work of destruction. All kinds of wood used in shipbuilding are attacked by it. To secure the bottoms of ships from the salt water worm, and from coral deposits, Mr. Jarvis recommends putting three coats of white zinc paint on the dry bottom of the vessel, then copper them; and to make the whole invulnerable put three more coats of white zinc paint upon the outer surface of the copper. To preserve piles, drive them with the bark on. There is no danger while the bark remains. The barnacle on piles does no injury. Charring is excellent, provided the fissures are well filled with hot coal tar, or zinc paint, which will be found excellent to keep the shell fish from the wood where piles may have the bark broken off before being driven.

### THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

The Morning Post says:—We are enabled to state that her Majesty has appointed Lieut. General, Sir Robert Peel, to the command of the Duke of Cambridge to be Commander in Chief of the army in the room of Viscount Hardinge, whose state of health is such as to have induced him to resign.

The Daily News, in its leading article says:—The attack of paralysis which Lord Hardinge was seized with at Aldershot has not seriously impaired his mental faculties, and is so little of a mortal character that there is every reason to hope the gallant officer's life may for some years be spared to his family and friends.

KILLING MADE EASY, should be the title of

Judge Crawford's charge to the jury on the first trial of the Herbert case. The substance of the doctrine laid down from the bench, is, that a man may provoke a quarrel and then, if he thinks he is in danger of the antagonist whom he has forced into the fight, whether he be really in danger or not, he is justified in killing him.—On this ground, if Mr. Sumner had not been stung by the first blow of Mr. Brooks, but had risen in self defence, and Mr. Brooks had shot him, as he intimates he should have done, it would have been justifiable homicide.—[Providence Journal.]

### Hazel-Eyed Girls.

Major Noah said "a hazel eye inspires at first a Platonic sentiment, which gradually but surely expands into love, as securely founded as the Rock of Gibraltar. A woman with a hazel eye never elopes from her husband, never chafes scandal, never sacrifices her husband's comfort to her own, never finds fault, never talks too much or too little, always is an entertaining, intellectual, agreeable and lovely creature." "We never knew," says a brother editor, "but one uninteresting or unamiable woman with a hazel eye, and she had a nose which looked, as the Yankee says, like the little end of nothing whittled down to a point. The hazel is the sign of shrewdness and talent; great thinkers and captains have it. In women it indicates a better head than heart. The dark hazel is noble in its significance, as well as in its beauty. The blue is amiable, but may be feebly; the black, take care!"

### Lawyers Consulted.

Not far from the city of Montgomery in Alabama, on one of the stage roads running from the city, lives a jolly landlord by the name of Ford. In fair weather or foul, in hard times or soft, Ford would have his joke. It was a bitter stormy night or rather morning, about two hours before daybreak, he was aroused from his slumbers by loud shouting and knocks at his door. He turned out, but sorely against his will, and demanded what was the matter. It was dark as tar and he could see no one, he cried out, who's there? Burder, Yaney, and Elmore, from Montgomery, was the answer, on our way to Tuscaloosa to attend court. We are benighted, and want to stay all night.

Very sorry I can't accommodate you so far, gentlemen. Do anything to oblige you, but that's impossible.

The lawyers for they were three of the smartest in the State, and all ready to drop down with fatigue, had a brief consultation, and then, as they would do no better and were too tired to go another step, they asked, Well, can you stable our horses, and give us chairs and a good fire till morning?

Oh, yes cin do that gentlemen.

Our learned and legal friends were soon drying their wet clothes by a bright fire, as they composed themselves to pass the few remaining hours in their chairs dozing and then sweating a word or two of impatience as they waited till daylight did appear.

The longest night has a morning, and at last the sun came along, and then in due time a good breakfast made its appearance; but to the surprise of the lawyers, who thought the house was crowded with guests, none but themselves sat down to partake.

Why Ford, I thought your house was so full you couldn't give us a bed last night!

Said Burder, I didn't say so, Ford replied.

You didn't? what in the name of thunder then did you say?

You asked me to let you stay here all night, and I said that would be impossible, for the night was nigh on to two thirds gone when you came. If you only wanted beds, why on earth didn't you say so?

The lawyers had to give it up. Three of them on one side, and the landlord alone had beat them all.

According to the statement of Marshal O'Donnell, the war minister of Spain, the recent disturbances at Valladolid, Valencia, and other towns, may be traced to the influence of Socialist doctrines. It is said that these ideas, which strike at the root of all respect for property, are very prevalent in Spain, and that the cry of "Death to the Rich" was frequently heard in the mouths of the insurgents of Valladolid. Voe to a country where treason to society of this description finds a resting place amongst the people.

The English Revenue Returns for the year and quarter just ended have been published. In the twelve months ending June 30, the increase has been four millions, and of this increase three millions and a half are due to the income tax. In the Excise there has been a decrease of £300,000; in the Customs an increase of £650,000. The general result may be briefly dismissed with this remark, that the war has had little or no disturbing power on the national finances.

The Corporation of London has presented the freedom of the City to General Sir

W. F. Williams, of Kars, Bart. KCB. with a sword of the value of 100 guineas.

A letter from Paris asserts, that should the King of Naples transmit an unfavourable reply to the joint remonstrance of France and Great Britain, a combined fleet will immediately appear before his Majesty's capital.

### ANNIE LAURIE.

Maxwellton's braes are bonnie,  
Where early fa's the dew,  
And it's there that Annie Laurie  
Gie'd me her promise true;  
Gie'd me her promise true;  
Which ne'er forgot will be;  
And for bonnie Annie Laurie  
I'd lay me doone and dee.

Her brow is like the snaw drift—  
Her throat is like the swan—  
Her face it is the fairest  
That e'er the sun shone on—  
That e'er the sun shone on;  
And dark blue is her eye;  
And for bonnie Annie Laurie  
I'd lay me doone and dee.

Like dew on the gowan leys,  
Is the fa' o' her fairy feet;  
And like winds in the summer sighing  
Her voice is low and sweet;  
Her voice is low and sweet;  
And she is a' the world to me,  
And for bonnie Annie Laurie  
I'd lay me doone and dee.

### ANECDOTE OF SHERIDAN.

Holland's theatre, the handsomest in the kingdom, was destroyed to a short existence, being totally burnt down on the night of Feb. 24, 1806. When it had stood only fifteen years.—The following authentic anecdote in connection with the building, has not before, as we believe, appeared in print. Holland could never obtain a settlement, or an interview on the subject, with Sheridan. He hunted him for weeks and months at his own house, at the theatre, at his usual resorts, but he was nowhere to be seen. At last he tracked him to the stage-door, rushed in spite of the opposition of the burly porter, and found the manager on the stage conversing with a party of gentlemen whom he had invited, to show them the theatre. Sheridan saw Holland approaching, and knowing that escape was then impossible, put a bold face on the matter.

"Ah! my dear fellow!" exclaimed he, "you are the very man I wanted to see, you have come most apropos. I am truly sorry you have had the trouble of calling on me so often, but now we are met, in a few moments I shall be at liberty; we will then go into my room together and settle our affairs.— But first, you must decide an important question here. Some of these gentlemen say there are complaints, and loud ones, that the transmission of sound is defective in your beautiful theatre—that, in fact, the galleries cannot hear at all—and that is the reason they have become so noisy of late."

"Sound defective! not hear!" reiterated the astonished architect, turning pale and almost staggering back; "why, it is the most perfect building for sound that ever was erected, I'd stake my reputation on it, the complaint is most groundless."

"So I say," retorted Sheridan; "but now we'll bring the question to issue definitely, and then have a paragraph or two in the papers. Do you, Holland, go and place yourself at the upper gallery, while I stand here on the stage and talk to you."

"Certainly," said Holland, "with the greatest pleasure."

A lantern was provided with a trusty guide, and away went the architect through a labyrinth of dark and winding passages, almost a day's journey, until he reached his distant and elevated post.

"Now, Mr. Holland," cried Sheridan, "are you there and ready?"

"Yes," was the immediate answer.

"Can you hear me?"

"Perfectly, perfectly, Mr. Sheridan."

"Then I wish you a very good morning!"

So saying Sheridan disappeared, and was two or three miles off before Holland could descend. Another long interval occurred ere he was able to chase the fugitive to his lair.

### AN INGENUOUS RIDDLE.

"It was done when it was begun; it was done when it was half done; and yet it wasn't done when it was finished. Now what was it? Of course you can't guess. Will this do?—" Timothy Johnston courts Susannah Dunn." It was Dunn when it was begun; it was Dunn when it was half done; and yet it wasn't Dunn when it was done—for it was Johnston.

An honest Hibernian called at a newspaper office with an advertisement, the price of which, he was told, would be 2s. 6d. for

the first time, and 1s. for the second. "Faith, then," said he, "I'll have it in the second time, and not the first at all."

### JAPAN-PEA.

Dr. Wilson Dennis, of Applebachville, Bucks County, Pa.—writing to a neighboring paper regarding the Japan pea, says—

Among the different varieties of seed I have recently received from the Patent office, was a new species of pea called the Japan pea, which created considerable interest among cultivators here, on account of its prolific qualities and the ease with which it may be cultivated. As an instance of its great productiveness, I may mention the case of a single plot cultivated in this neighborhood which had upon its branches over four hundred pods, the larger portion of which contained from 2 to 3 peas, mostly three, yielding about one thousand per cent. This from a single pea, in a single year's growth, is something worthy of notice. If each pea possessed the qualities of reproduction in the same degree we should have in the second year's growth, nearly half a million of peas. I will leave it to others (who are perhaps better skilled) to estimate the number of bushels this would make, and what number of pounds its produce, at sixty pounds to a bushel, the weight of peas and wheat to the bushel, being nearly identical.

This new and rare plant is found well adapted to our soil and climate, and yields beautifully, whether planted on rich or poor soil. It grows from two and a half to three and a half feet high, putting forth long branches, soft and woody like a shrub. The leaves are large, resembling those of an ordinary bean, growing in sets of three, with long quadrangular arms. The flowers, which are small and white, but rather inconspicuous, grow in thick clusters, nearly covering the branches. These are succeeded by downy pods, from an inch to an inch and a half in length, each containing from two to three oval peas. When boiled, the pea is very nutritious in its qualities, and makes an excellent food for man or beast. It should be planted about the usual time for planting corn, in rows from two and a half to three feet apart, one or two in a hill, and cultivated in the same manner. It requires a long season to ripen, but matures its seeds where Indian corn can be grown.

The plant was obtained in 1851 from some Japanese sailors, who were wrecked on a coral island in the Pacific and saved by some American seamen. The crew of the wrecked vessel had supported themselves for a number of days solely on these peas. One of the sailors obtained some and took them to Oregon or California, thence to Ohio, from which they were disseminated through the Patent office over the Union. Should any of the readers of this paper wish to make a trial of the above pea, I will forward a few (gratis) as far as they will go, and should I be unable to supply all this spring, I will try to supply the others next fall. A letter enclosing a pre paid envelope superscribed with the applicant's post office address, will insure a return of peas."

### AGRICULTURAL.

ASHES IN AGRICULTURE.—Wood ashes is one of the most important fertilizers.—It is easily obtained in any quantity, and at little or no expense. Take them carefully away from your hearths and save until your corn and potatoes have risen two or three inches from the ground, and then take a basket on your arm, and from it a small handful of ashes and cast them at the root of your plants and hoe them soon, so as to cover over the ashes.

Ashes contain all the inorganic substance of the wood or plants which are consumed; part of these are soluble and part insoluble.—But the soluble substances, mixed with water, will dissolve the insoluble. This potash will dissolve silica and prepare it for glazing the stalks of corn, wheat, &c.

Not a particle of ashes should go to waste. Leached ashes has parted with most of its potash, but still retains its phosphoric acid and most of its lime.

Ashes neutralize acids in the soil; they warm cold, messy, wet places; they are very destructive to insects; they assist to break down and dissolve the coarse fibres and stalks in compost heaps; tender hard clayey soils open, loamy and fertile.

The potash, so material to most crops, can be obtained here only from ashes. In granite regions potash is obtained from the dissolution of the felspar, but we have none in this region of country. Wheat contains a large proportion of potash. Fifty-nine per cent. of the ash of corn is potash; one half of the earthy portion of Irish potatoes is pure potash.

Save your ashes, therefore, as carefully as you do your five and ten cent pieces, apply them to your crops with care, and you will find them a rich deep green color while growing, and heavy with nutriment at harvest.—[Ancient City.]

A RAFT INFERED!—A modern traveller in Germany gives a description of the immense falls which occasionally descend the Rhine.

He states it is nine hundred feet long and two hundred wide on which was built a village for accommodation of the boatmen and the passengers, consisting of one thousand persons. There were cattle, hogs, and other animals on board—and also a shop where the passengers could be supplied with every necessary article.

### DEEDING THE ST. LAWRENCE.

The work of deepening the channel of the St. Lawrence between Quebec and Montreal is making satisfactory progress. The principal field of excavation is Lake St. Peter, where a powerful dredging machine is at work, bringing up the hard clay from the bottom of the lake at the rate of fifteen hundred to two thousand cubic yards daily. Last year two million of cubic yards were thus excavated, lifted into bateaux, and transported to the flats. When this work is completed, the trade of Montreal and Quebec, will reap a decided benefit. The Montreal Transcript says, that vessels of upwards of one thousand tons burthen can already come to that port deeply loaded, and all that is required to make Montreal a port easy of access at all times to ships adapted to the conveyance of western produce is a channel of 20 feet deep throughout, when the water is at its lowest. The channel is already 16 1/2 feet deep.—[State of Maine.]

### PRETTY GOON.

As the bridge Pinta of Ellis, worth lay at South Boston bridge on Friday afternoon, her forlorn condition (as reported under marine head in our last) attracted a large crowd of idlers, most of whom were Irishmen. "Cap. Harlan and his crew had been hard at work all day trying to right their vessel. They had just rigged a block and tackle from the mast of the brig to a neighboring wharf, and Cap. H. was endeavoring to coax the bystanders to give him a pull. One of the Irishmen said, "Arrah, now, and why didn't ye save some of the tar yer put on the priest in Ellsworth, and put it on your vessel, and ye would not be so the state yer in."—[Argus.]

### RELICS OF GIANTS.

The Burlington (Iowa) State Gazette says, that while some workmen were engaged in excavating for the cellar of Governor Grimes' new building on the corner of Main and Valley street, they came upon an arched vault, some ten feet square, which, on being opened, was found to contain eight human skeletons, of gigantic proportions. The walls of the vault were about fourteen inches thick, well laid up with cement or indestructible mortar. The vault is about six feet deep from the base to the arch. The skeletons are in a good state of preservation, and we venture to say are the largest human remains ever found, being a little over eight feet long.

### NAPOLEON III.

When the Emperor Napoleon III. undertook his last trip to Angres, he took particular pains to inquire which of the inundated districts were inhabited by the most violent of his opponents, and forthwith betook himself to the place indicated, attended only by the Bishop and Prefect of the Department. Here he mingled familiarly with men whom he knew were thirsting for his blood, and when he got into a boat to visit the scene of ruin, he selected his boatmen from among the most avowed and fanatical of his Republican enemies. The utter contempt of danger thus manifested, produced a complete reaction in the minds of people; and persons who had been his bitterest opponents ever since the inauguration of his dynasty, were the first to rent the air with the shout of *Vive l'Empereur*.

### SHOCKING ACCIDENT.

We learn by telegraph from Digby, that a young woman named Pappoon, in Lower Granville, on Monday last, while assisting her husband in stowing hay, fell from the mow upon the pitchfork in his hand, which penetrated her heart, causing instant death!—She had been married only a fortnight previous.—[Yarmouth Herald.]

Smith and Brown running opposite ways round a corner struck each other.

Oh dear! said Smith, how you make my head ring.

That's a sign it's hollow, said B.

Didn't yours ring, said Smith.

No.

Then that's a sign it's cracked, replied his friend.

I find, Dick, that you are in the habit of taking my best jokes, and passing them off as your own. Do you call that gentlemanly conduct.

To be sure I do, Tom. A true gentleman will always take a joke from a friend."

One of the best rules in conversation is never to say a thing which any of the company can reasonably wish we had rather left unsaid; nor can there ought be well more contrary to the ends for which people meet together, than to part unsatisfied with each other or themselves.

S REMEDY  
GIOUS AGENT  
Dintment.  
AL REMEDY.  
cope, we see how  
the surface of our  
this Ointment,  
is carried to any  
Diseases of the  
Liver, affections  
of the Lungs,  
Coughs, here by us  
Every house-  
hold is freely through  
thickness. This  
ore readily pene-  
or fleshy part of  
the most dangerous  
cannot be reached

HEUMATISM  
IC HUMOURS  
one so much for  
a Skin with fever  
is this Ointment.  
ofula, or Erysipela-  
nd over many parts  
principal hospitals  
giving advice as  
has thus been the  
ntial numbers to

E BREASTS,  
ULCERS.  
ntific surgeons now  
cured if the  
d in over the pain  
following the  
d each pot.  
Pills should be used  
g cases:  
sago-foot  
hilbain  
happed hands  
orns (soft)  
contracted and Enfl-  
Janus  
istulas  
laudular Swelling  
umbago  
iles  
hematism  
calds  
ore Nipples.

ment of Professor  
(near Temple Bar  
Lane, New York  
Druggists and  
nes through the  
a, at 1s. 3d., 3s. 3d.,  
Pat.  
nsiderable saving by  
for the guidance of  
order, are affixed to  
Medicines through  
by A. H. Thompson,  
ngs & Dyer, Eastport,  
S. C.

& TURNER,  
OF St Andrews,  
the County Charlotte

Cart, &c.  
NTIFORD,  
ale,  
ELBARROWS, &c.  
Boards, Hemlock Bark  
nary Produce, taken in  
arse for Sale.

Crosby,  
ILRY, & SILVER  
E,  
on Street,  
on Street, Boston.

nde Factory  
N.  
turning thanks for the  
received for the last  
nforms his friends and  
late disastrous fire in  
a new Factory in  
best distance above the  
ing Dunn's Steam Mill,  
receive and execute or-  
ders and the trade gen-  
ing a good article, striv-  
to give satisfaction.  
GEO. WOODS,  
(Patent Dr.)

UTICA from Bos-  
Extra Superfine  
Flour,  
good for family use.  
J. W. STRENT.

European Intelligence.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP ASIA.

New York, Aug. 8th. The steamship Asia arrived last night bringing Liverpool dates to the 26th July. The insurrection in Spain was mostly subdued. In Barcelona the people fought desperately for three days, losing 1200 killed when the city submitted to the Royal troops.

The London Morning Advertiser of Saturday says that the Central American question has been settled on the basis of ceding the Bay Island to Honduras, with the provision that that power shall always retain them.

Cotton unchanged. Beadstuffs dull; good Flour 91 to 1s decline; lower grades unsteady. Wheat and Corn 6d lower. The weather was fine for agriculture. No change in provisions. Cattle 95 1/2 to 95 3/4.

EUROPEAN ITEMS.

The large failures noticed in the last steamers news were—John Munns, Cotton Broker, Liverpool; Jos. Wright & Co, Spinners, Stockport; Lane & Co, Corn Merchants, Manchester; Baxter & Co, and four other houses. The liabilities were all large, and the assets small.

A serious riot occurred at Aldershot camp on the nights of the 17th and 18th, between the troops and a party of the first regiment (the foreign legion); two Germans were killed, and several soldiers wounded on both sides. The immediate cause of the outbreak was not known, but for some time there had been an alarming state of excitement.

When the British troops evacuated Kertch the other day, the Russian soldiers fraternised cordially with them.

ITALY.—Serious disturbances had broken out at Cassena, in the Papal States, and also at Naples. A Republican conspiracy had been detected in the two Sicilies. It is said the Russian Ambassador at Rome has arranged all difficulties with the Holy See, relative to the nomination of Bishops for Poland.

SPAIN.—Navarres now in Exile in France is expected to return to Spain to take advantage of the present state of affairs.

Telegraphic communication between Paris and Madrid ceased on the 17th.

SUB-MARINE PHENOMENA.—The Cleveland Herald publishes a letter from Harrington the diver employed to recover the safe of the Atlantic which contains some facts of interest. It will be recalled that a marvellous account of what the diver saw on his sub-marine excursion was published in many of the papers. We stamped the account at the time as 'Monchhausenish,' and are not surprised to find that our surmise was correct.

The Atlantic lies careened, her larboard side being 175 feet, and the water on her starboard 160 feet deep. The safe was about 157 ft. from the surface. Upon her deck Mr. H. found a light sediment of three or four inches depth. He could see nothing, and encountered nothing but the wood work chains glass and chest.

The water was very chilly and Mr. H.'s hands were so numb that he could not by mere feeling distinguish glass from wood. It was only by the former's breaking that he knew its material. He thinks his strength when below not more than one-tenth that he has when in open air. He suffered but little from pressure except two or three times, when such was the rush of blood to the head, that as he says, he saw bright flashes in his helmet, like electric sparks.

RAILWAY PROGRESS.—At last we are enabled to announce that Contracts have been accepted by the Chief Engineer, and Commissioner of the European and North American Railway for the completion of the Line from Shediac to this place.

A number of tenders had been handed in three of which from among the lowest, were approved of as follows, viz: First Section commencing at Point de Chene, thence to the 9 mile stake, including the Scadook Viaduct, by Messrs. Walker, Rankin & Walker, of Canada.

Second or Middle Section, by Mr. Wm. Stevens, formerly Manager of the late firm of Messrs. James Sykes & Co.

Third Section, including Hall's Creek Bridge, by Mr. John Brookfield, the late well-known Contractor of the St. Andrews and Quebec Railroad.

These Contractors we believe are men of experience and high standing as Railway Builders, and we have been assured that it is the determination to proceed with the work forthwith, and this being the case we hope now to see matters progress rapidly to a conclusion of which we think there is at length a reasonable prospect.—Westmorland Times.

English and French Rifles.—A shooting match recently came off near Paris, between Capt. Wellington Guernsey, lately returned from Turkey, and Lieut. Arnaud, for a purse of five hundred francs, to be decided by the shooting of twenty-five pigeons, with single bullets, at a distance of one hundred and fifty yards. Lieut. Arnaud used one of Minie's improved rifles and killing eighteen birds, out of the twenty five; Captain Guernsey used one of the English military rifles, which are now used in the British army, and killed twenty four out of twenty five, only missing the last shot.

DROWNED.—On the afternoon of Friday last while bathing in the River opposite the residence of the late Colonel Shore—Frederick William eldest son of James Robb, Esq. M.D., Professor King's College, Master Robb was in the 11th year of his age, and in addition to his being a universal fa-

vourite was a youth of much promise. We most sincerely sympathise with the bereaved parents in this distressing visitation.

AN ANTAGONIST FOR BROOKS.—An old lady, Mrs. Elizabeth Mapes, of Concord, Mass., offers to meet Bully Brooks on the same terms as he met Mr. Sumner. He must be seated with a desk before him, so that he cannot rise, and she will approach him with a broom-handle. If Brooks accepts, he is to address Mrs. Mapes immediately. He dare not fight Burlingame; now let us see if he has courage enough to encounter Mrs. Mapes.

THE REV. MR. CHURCHILL.—This gentleman, after a residence of four years in this city, as pastor of the Wesleyan Church, departed for Halifax, with his family on Tuesday last, in accordance with his appointment as Book Steward to the Conference, and Chairman of the Halifax district. No minister of religion has ever officiated in Fredericton with greater zeal and more commanding talents than those of Mr. Churchill, and none ever received, not only from his own congregation, but from all other denominations, a larger share of Christian consideration and esteem. It was impossible to know without respecting him, for the spirit of his Divine Master appeared on all occasions to support him in his work and endear him to the hearts of the people. We believe there are many who will join us in the opinion that it would be hard to find the Christian Minister and the English Gentleman better exemplified than in the life and manners of Mr. Churchill.—[Fredericton Reporter.

MIRAGE ON LAKE ONTARIO.—The Lockport Journal says: "A beautiful mirage was witnessed by the passengers on board the steamer Bay State, on her recent trip from Youngstown to Oswego, when nearly opposite Wilson, on Lake Ontario. It occurred just as the sun was setting, at which time some dozen vessels were seen reflected on the horizon in an inverted position, with a distinctness and vividness truly surprising. The atmosphere was overcast with a thick haze, such as precedes a storm, and of a color favorable to represent upon the darkened background vividly the full outlines of the rigging, sails, &c., as perfect as if the ships themselves were actually transferred to the aerial canvass. The unusual phenomena lasted until darkness put an end to the scene.

APPALLING!—The Ohio Gazette contains the following letter respecting the murder of Laban Parker from Cleveland, Ohio, at Blue Spring, in Kansas. Three persons append their names to the letter and say:— "Yesterday morning we were going to Tecumseh, but when about eleven miles from that place, we were appalled by the sight of the body of a murdered man tied firmly to a tree by the roadside. He was tied with his back to the tree, with his hands and feet partially around it. He had been shot just above the left eye, with, as we suppose, a rifle ball. A huge hunting knife was sticking in his breast. It had been driven clear through him and the point was two or three inches in the tree. He was evidently murdered yesterday or the day before. There was a toadstool tied to the knife-handle, on which the following inscription was written:— Let all those who are going to vote against slavery in Kansas, take warning!"

OUTRAGE AT CAPE MAY.—On Sunday afternoon an outrage occurred at the Mount Vernon Hotel, Cape May. Several young men were seated in a room, and one of them drinking wine. A waiter, Joshua Gibbs, who is said to be a very civil and inoffensive man, was passing below, when for mischief, a glass tumbler was thrown at him. He remarked that "the act was not that of a gentleman," and then made his way back to the hotel with the object of making complaint. At this one of the young men, the son of a highly respectable citizen of Washington, became excited, and hastened down stairs, armed with a pistol and a dirk. A collision took place, and the waiter was stabbed in the back. The wound is said to be about an inch deep and not dangerous. The father of the young man expressed himself as deeply pained by the occurrence, and proffered all the assistance and reparation in his power. The affair, however, was the theme of conversation throughout the evening, and the colored waiters generally were much incensed. When will the hot headed young men of this country learn to control themselves? And when will the cowardly practice of carrying deadly weapons be abolished. [Philadelphia Inquirer.]

The Explosion of the "Empire State."—The coroner's jury on those killed by this accident, have returned a Verdict to the effect, that there appears to have been the usual amount of water in the boiler at the time of the explosion, and no want of care or attention on the part of the engineers and fireman, and that therefore this accident is to be regarded as one of the unforeseen casualties incident to steamboat travel, and for which no persons can be held accountable.

REMARKABLE ESCAPE.—The Rochester, (N. Y.) Union, notices a remarkable escape on the Central Railroad, near Lockport.—A small boy, son of Mr. Richardson, was struck by the locomotive and thrown a distance of eighty five feet by actual measurement. The fireman said he first saw the child in the air some fifteen feet from the ground, and supposed it was a dog. Though at first insensible, the child had nearly recovered.

"GO WHERE GLORY WAITS THEE."—We are gratified to learn, that our fellow towns-

man, Mr. Frederick H. Ruel, Lieut. Royal Marines, has returned to Chatham Barracks, where he with his companions "the Jollies" of the saucy Agamemnon, were greeted with a delighted populace. Mr. Ruel has "toughed" it through the whole Crimean campaign, and now wears on his breast the well earned honorary medal with two clasps, for Balaclava, and for Inkerman. "Honor to the brave."—[Chronicle.

The Rock Islander says that one of the Mormon women who was in the company of the late crowd which has passed through that town for Salt Lake, had no less than four husbands. She is an intelligent, pleasant looking individual. She contended that women had as good a right to have a number of husbands, as a man had to have as many wives as he wished, provided the men were all members of the Mormon Church.—[Boston Atlas.

BALTIMORE, AUG. 6.—The Baltimore up-train last night, run over a cow near Gray's Ferry, and the engine, baggage car and two passenger cars were thrown down an embankment and demolished.

A special train has been sent down to the scene of the disaster with several physicians on board. It was found that the only person severely hurt was A. Schuremann, canvasser for the Argus, whose spine is hurt, and who is internally injured. Josiah S. Ball, mail agent, is cut and bruised severely; John Fox fireman, had his thigh fractured, and was otherwise injured. The engineer escaped injury. There was between 300 and 400 passengers on the train.

To our Subscribers.—As we are about to purchase a supply of type, &c. for our Office, we respectfully request those indebted to us to pay the amounts of our bills without delay. Money may be sent by mail at our risk.

The Standard.

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 13, 1856.

The present Government have given evidence that they are resolved to carry on the Public Works in the Province with vigor.—The line of Railway from the Bend to Shediac has been let by Contract in three sections. The first to a Canadian firm, the second and third to two of the best men from the St. Andrews Railroad viz: Mr. Brookfield, one of the partners of the firm of J. Sykes & Co., contractors on the St. Andrews & Quebec R. R., and Mr. Stevens their foreman.—The opposition press however is not content, it keeps growling and grumbling in the most approved style, and complains that the Government do not intend to carry on the Railways provided for by the act. We do not believe that the former Government ever seriously intended to carry on all the Railways; and the present Administration; has more regard for their character as statesmen, and the welfare of the Province than to attempt to carry out so wild and visionary a scheme.

As one of the late Government's pet electioneering projects for a Railroad we need only instance the line from Fredericton to Woodstock, which we learn from those well acquainted with Railway construction would cost upwards of £15,000 per mile; and when in operation would not have sufficient traffic to pay the working expenses. In addition to which the Province would be taxed an enormous sum, for many years to pay for its construction.

A great hue and cry has been raised against the Cabinet for not filling up all the principal offices—but no allusion is made to the length of time which elapsed before the Fisher government filled up the Council even to seven members. Of this the opposition may rest assured, that when the appointments are made, competent men will fill the offices, and the Government will act constitutionally, and not select from the Upper Branch, as their predecessors did.

All that the Government requires is a fair field and no favor—if they find the business of the country cannot be carried on by them, without running the Province over head and ears in debt, they will resign the reins into other hands.

The Submarine Telegraph is now in successful operation between Newfoundland, Cape Breton, and Prince Edward's Island.—By the completion of this work, it has put at rest all doubts as to the laying of a cable from one point of land to another across the ocean. Newfoundland is now in connection by telegraph with the whole American continent; and when the new steamers which are to touch at Newfoundland commence running, English news may be received in America, in five or six days; and it is not improbable that before 1860—a continuous line of submarine telegraph may be in successful operation between Great Britain and this Continent.

The Hon. Joseph Howe, we understand, forwarded to England by the last steamer the copy of a pamphlet on the notorious Enlist-

ment business, which is to be printed and circulated in that country.

OBITUARY.

It is our melancholy duty this morning to record the sudden death of the Hon. HARRIS HATCH, which took place on Saturday last, 9th inst., in the 76th year of his age. While presiding at the Special Sessions on Friday, he was taken suddenly ill, and was conveyed to his residence. Medical aid was at hand, but all efforts to restore him proved unavailing; he continued to linger until 2 o'clock A. M., when his spirit returned to Him who gave it.—Mr. Hatch while an infant, came to this country with his father one of the Loyalists, who was an officer in the British service during the American Revolution; he was educated at Windsor College, Nova Scotia; and for many years held a number of important offices in this County, of which he was one of the oldest and most respectable inhabitants—he was a member of the Legislative Council, President of the C. C. Bank, Judge of Probates, President of the Agricultural Society, and held other offices.

Mr. Hatch complained of debility since his return from Fredericton;—the heat and fatigue he underwent during the short Session, having overcome his usually robust constitution.

In common with the community, we sincerely sympathise with his amiable partner (who has been for some time in ill health,) in her affliction, and condole with her large and respectable family in their bereavement.

The United States' papers are busy discussing the relative merits of their favorite Candidates for the Presidency. From what we have seen, the main issue, the present election, is, slavery or no-slavery. Mr. Buchanan is the favorite with the slave holding States and the old line Democrats; while Col. Fremont is the universal favorite of the Northern and Western States, as he would be also of the Provinces had they a word to say, or a vote to cast on the subject. Political feeling appears to have no bounds with our neighbors "across the lines;" they adopt the most loose style of abusing their prominent men (of course there are exceptions, but they are rare) when set up for office. The Republican party are more select in their language than the "black Democracy," as they are termed, and argue their case with much force and ability for Col. Fremont. A respectable Democrat put the following question for Mr. Buchanan to answer. Alluding to the late brutal attack of Mr. Brooks upon Mr. Sumner in Congress, he says:—

"I want to see such vulgar conduct reprimanded, and I, as an old and true democrat of sixteen years' standing, as a late Pierce elector, would respectfully request Mr. Buchanan to make known his sentiments on Parliamentary cudgelings, and whether free and enlightened America is to relinquish the glorious emblem of the stars and stripes for emblems of clubs and sling shoes."

The Weather for the last fortnight, has been unpropitious for the haymakers, owing to the fog which has been a daily visitor, accompanied by occasional showers of rain. Large fields of grass were cut in this neighborhood some days ago, and owing to the weather were left in swarth, until in many instances they became discolored. For the last two days the weather was more favorable, and the haymakers are "making hay while the sun shines." Oats, barley, wheat and potatoes, promise a large yield.—The "potato rust" has made its appearance, but there is no apprehension of any serious damage, as it is confined to certain localities, which are but slightly touched.—Carrots, turnips and mangold wurtzel, are abundant, of large size and excellent quality, a small field of about two acres, in the town plot, owned by Lathlan Donaldson, Esq., will compare favorably with a field of equal extent in any part of the Province, both as to quality and quantity, if it does not surpass it.

The French Loss in the Crimea.—The Paris Monitor publishes a complete list of the losses of the French army in the Russian war, showing a total of 62,492 men, of whom 56,805 were privates, 4,402 non-commissioned officers, and 1,284 commissioned officers. This does not include the wounded. Even supposing this to be accurate, it is a fearful reckoning, and France has paid dearly for the glory won in the war; but the best information leads to the belief that the total is at least three times as great as that stated.

A SURE CURE FOR A FELON.—This we know will be gladly received by all our readers. When the soreness first commences, or even when far advanced, it can be relieved and entirely cured by holding the finger or part afflicted in Perry Davis' Pain Killer for half an hour. It has been thoroughly tested, and proves a never-failing remedy. A felon is a troublesome thing, and we would advise all so troubled to test the remedy.

St. STEPHENS RURAL CEMETERY.—The last Patriot contains a brief notice of the grounds recently laid out for a Cemetery in the vicinity of St. Stephens; and concludes his remarks with the following merited tribute to the ability of our friend, WALTER M. BUCK, Esq. —

"We cannot close these brief remarks without saying a word in favour of Mr. Buck, a civil Engineer, of St. Andrews—that gentleman, we believe, laid out the grounds—and prepared plans and specifications of the same."

The St. Stephen Rural Cemetery Committee, we believe, as well as their Secretary, Mr. David Brown, are highly satisfied with the talent, taste, and ability displayed by Mr. Buck, whom they employed for the occasion.

A gentleman possessing such Engineering attainments, combined with exceeding good taste in the profession, merits, we think, a much more extended sphere of usefulness than is to be found in the vicinity of St. Andrews. We may say this without any intention of penning a word disparagingly of our sister town."

Holloway's Ointment and Pills—an effectual cure for Hemorrhoids (commonly known as Piles.) Nearly half of the human race suffer with this distressing malady, unconscious that these celebrated remedies are a certain cure for it. Professor Holloway has received during the past year upwards of 1400 Testimonials from parties who have been cured by Holloway's Ointment and Pills. The delicate nature of the complaint prevents Professor Holloway from giving publicity to names, but their astonishing efficacy in this peculiar class of diseases render them invaluable to the patient who pines with suffering, unwilling to let the world know the amount of agony endured, to which these medicines afford almost immediate relief, and by persevering a lasting cure.

Married.

At St. John, on the 7th inst. by the Rev. Charles Stewart, Mr. John Whibley, of Carleton, to Miss Margaret Deborah Smyth, late of Geanville, N. S.

Died.

At St. George, on the 30th July, Miss Eliza Andrews, eldest daughter of the late Eliza S. Andrews, Esq.

At St. John, on Saturday morning last, after a short illness, Charles S. McKay, aged 9 months, only child of Mr. Ross Woodrow, of that city.

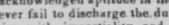
At same place on Thursday morning, suddenly, William, infant son of Rev. Charles McKay, aged two months.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber begs leave, most respectfully, to call the attention of the Inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity, to the fact, that he has opened SCHOOLS in that conveniently situated School-house of Mr. T. BRAY'S, lately occupied by Mr. GEMMELL, which is accessible to all, without respect to Sex or Denomination; and flatters himself (from former success and acknowledged aptitude in the art,) that he will never fail to discharge the duties incumbent on him, with impartiality and discretion, and thereby give general satisfaction to all who may favour him with their patronage. Terms moderate, viz:—

For Spelling, Reading or Writing, 0 5 0 per quarter, per scholar, "Arithmetic, English Grammar, or Geography, 7 6 "Book Keeping, Mensuration, Geometry, or Algebra, 10 0 "English Composition, French, Latin or Greek, 15 0 "Extra for Fuel, 7 6

JAMES PETERSON, Teacher. St. Andrews, Aug. 13, 1856.



Crown Land Office.

July 31st, 1856.

THE Petitions of the undermentioned persons for Land under the Labour Act, (12 Vic. c. 4.) are complied with, subject to the Regulations of 29th May, 1856, but no Commissioner under the said Act is to allow work to be done in payment for any unsurveyed Land, nor for any Land at present in the occupation of any other person. And the Commissioners are required in every instance to satisfy themselves that the representation which the applicant has made to Government, that he owns no land already, is correct.

CHARLOTTE.

Samuel Ash, Hugh M'Quade, Thomas Boyne, Charles Ash, Patrick Curran, Patrick M'Callum, Joseph Christophers, Francis O'Neill, Joseph Campbell, Arthur Sutherland, George Gegan, JOHN MONTGOMERY, Surveyor General.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber being about to leave the Province, requests all persons indebted to him to call and settle their accounts immediately, and all persons having any demands against him, to present them for adjustment. He also forbids all persons trusting any one on his account, without an order from him. JOHN HANSON. St. Andrews, Aug 12, 1856.

Notice

MAILS FOR 1856.—Sunday, 10th, Tuesday, 12th, per U. States; Friday, 15th, British post; Tuesday, 19th, per U. States; Sunday, 24th, Tuesday, 26th, United States; Friday, 29th, British Post.

The Postage for fax, is 7 1/2 single Packet 10d, and 1/2 pre-payment option.

Post Office, St. Aug. 6, 1856.

CRUSHED

Ex "Imperial" JUS TEA—20 CHELSEA CRUSHED SUGAR—20 PIPES—20 LEAF SHEET LEAF WHITE PALE

DECK SPIKE, Boxes T.N. & Co.

July 5, 1856.

Best S

Just received e Jolphia, via Calhoun Barrels best

July 9th 1856.

BRITI

NEW

JUST received St. John P Middleton, and

21 BAL.

A SPLENDI

Silks, Wool

Which will be unprecedented

St. Andrews, J

House a

To sell or

Frederick street is situated in of the Town, Court House, water in the ya with Fruit-Trees—besides caes. Terms of

St. Andrews, I

THAT

St. Andrews, I

Flo

Just received 30 Bbls fancy from me 0 Chests super

HENI 153 WAS

Just Publish containing trade Amater Brass I Directly o

Phre

Rooms o

For the sale Character, incli pation, Selection prentices, &c., & ment of Children Liabilities, Mer

Cemetery.—The first notice of the for a Cemetery in is, and concludes wing merited friend, WALTER M.

such Engineering with exceedingly vision, merit, we died sphere of use in the vicinity of any this without word disparaging.

id Pills—an effect (commonly known of the human race g malady, uncond remedies are a sor Holloway has year upwards of parties who have Ointment and Pills, complaint prevent giving publicity to ng efficacy in this under them involu- f (from former suc- tude in the art.) that rge the duties incum- and discretion, astiation to all who r patronage. Terms

July 9th 1856.

Best Superfine Flour.

July 9th 1856.

BRITISH HOUSE.

NEW GOODS.

JUST received, and now opening, per St. John Packet Ships John Barbour, Middleton, and John Duncan.

21 BALES AND CASES, CONTAINING,

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF Silks, Woollens, Linens, and Cotton Goods,

Which will be sold wholesale or retail, at unprecedented low prices. (See handbills.)

D. BRADLEY, St. Andrews, June 11, 1856.

House and Lot for Sale.

To sell or Let, and immediate possession given, that commodious and comfortable COTTAGE, on west side of Frederick street, owned by the Subscriber; it is situated in one of the pleasantest parts of the Town, in close proximity to the Court House. There is a well of good water in the yard, a Garden plot stocked with Fruit Trees—Apple, Plum, and Cherry—besides currants and gooseberry bushes. Terms of payment made easy.

JOHN SNELL, St. Andrews, 15th July, 1856.

To Let.

WHAT valuable Property on Water street, at present occupied by Mr. J. M. McGroarty as a Fancy Dry Goods Store, the House and out-buildings are in good repair. Possession will be given on the 1st day of May next. For particulars, apply to Mr. John Bradley, St. Andrews, or to the Subscriber at Mayport.

SAMUEL KYLE, St. Andrews, Feb. 25, 1856.

Flour, Tea, &c.

Just received by steamer from Boston, via ST. JOHN:

30 Bbls fancy superfine family flour made from new wheat.

0 Chests superior Congou tea.

J. W. STREET.

HENRY TOLMAN, 153 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

Publisher of Music, Importer of Musical Merchandise, and Manufacturer of Musical Instruments.

Just Published—TOLMAN'S AMATEUR BAND BOOKS, containing twelve pieces arranged for Military Amateur Brass Bands: price \$3 00.

Directly opposite the Old South Church.

Phrenological Rooms.

113 Washington Street, BOSTON.

Rooms open Day and Evening.

For the sale of Books, and description of Character, including advice as to choice of occupation, Selection of Health of all kinds, Clerks, Apprentices, &c. &c. Also Education and Government of Children, Matrimonial Alliances, Health Liabilities, Mental and Physical Diet, &c. &c.

D. P. BUTLER.

Blanks for sale

At this Office.

Notice to the Public.

MAILS FOR ENGLAND, AUGUST, 1856.—Sunday, 10th, 9 A. M., via Halifax. Tuesday, 12th, 5 A. M., via New York, per U. States packet. Friday, 15th, 9 A. M., via New York, per British packet. Tuesday, 19th, 6 A. M., via New York, per U. States packet. Sunday, 24th, 9 A. M., via Halifax. Tuesday, 26th, 6 A. M., via New York, per United States Packet. Friday, 29th, 6 A. M., via New York, per British Packet.

The Postage for the United Kingdom via Halifax, is 7d single rate, via New York by British Packet 10d, and by United States Packet 1s. 5d pre-payment optional.

By Order, G. F. CAMPBELL, P. M. Post Office, St. Andrews, Aug. 6, 1856.

TEA, CRUSHED SUGAR, PAINTS, &c.

Ex "Imperial" from Liverpool via St. John, JUST RECEIVED: TEA—20 Chests } Fine Congou TEA } 10 half } CRUSHED } 3 hds. Refined Crushed SUGAR } SUGAR } PIPES—20 Boxes Glasgow T. D.'s SHEET LEAD—1 Roll, 3 lbs. WHITE PAINT—10 Cwt. best White Paint DECK SPIKES—22 Cwt. assorted sizes Boxes TIN, &c.

July 5, 1856.

Best Superfine Flour.

Just received ex schr. "Bonita" from Philadelphia, via Calais: 60 Barrels best superfine Philadelphia Flour.

July 9th 1856.

BRITISH HOUSE.

NEW GOODS.

JUST received, and now opening, per St. John Packet Ships John Barbour, Middleton, and John Duncan.

21 BALES AND CASES, CONTAINING,

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF Silks, Woollens, Linens, and Cotton Goods,

Which will be sold wholesale or retail, at unprecedented low prices. (See handbills.)

D. BRADLEY, St. Andrews, June 11, 1856.

House and Lot for Sale.

To sell or Let, and immediate possession given, that commodious and comfortable COTTAGE, on west side of Frederick street, owned by the Subscriber; it is situated in one of the pleasantest parts of the Town, in close proximity to the Court House. There is a well of good water in the yard, a Garden plot stocked with Fruit Trees—Apple, Plum, and Cherry—besides currants and gooseberry bushes. Terms of payment made easy.

JOHN SNELL, St. Andrews, 15th July, 1856.

To Let.

WHAT valuable Property on Water street, at present occupied by Mr. J. M. McGroarty as a Fancy Dry Goods Store, the House and out-buildings are in good repair. Possession will be given on the 1st day of May next. For particulars, apply to Mr. John Bradley, St. Andrews, or to the Subscriber at Mayport.

SAMUEL KYLE, St. Andrews, Feb. 25, 1856.

Flour, Tea, &c.

Just received by steamer from Boston, via ST. JOHN:

30 Bbls fancy superfine family flour made from new wheat.

0 Chests superior Congou tea.

J. W. STREET.

HENRY TOLMAN, 153 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

Publisher of Music, Importer of Musical Merchandise, and Manufacturer of Musical Instruments.

Just Published—TOLMAN'S AMATEUR BAND BOOKS, containing twelve pieces arranged for Military Amateur Brass Bands: price \$3 00.

Directly opposite the Old South Church.

Phrenological Rooms.

113 Washington Street, BOSTON.

Rooms open Day and Evening.

For sale or to Let, and possession given immediately.

THAT pleasantly situated FARM on the Bay side, now occupied by Mr. Berrington, containing 12 acres, all under cultivation. On the premises are a newly finished Cottage, containing 4 rooms on the ground floor, with attic chambers, a new shed and large Barn with all the modern improvements. There is also on the premises, a large and deep well of excellent water. Terms, which will be moderate, made known on application to Mrs. ELIZA STINSON, St. Andrews, June 10, 1856.

TRAVELLERS HOME.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has rented that well known stand, opposite Dr. McStay's, for the purpose of keeping—

A comfortable Establishment for the reception of BOARDERS AND TRAVELLERS; and hopes by strict attention with a desire to please, that he will merit and receive a share of public patronage.

On the premises is a well finished Barn, with a supply of good Hay and Grain; every attention will be paid to Horses put up in his stable.

JOHN McCARTY, St. Andrews, May 5, 1856. (Proprietor.)

THE UNDERSIGNED

HAVING appointed D. J. Mowat, Esq. his Attorney, forbids all persons, residing or paying any other person on his account.

W. H. MOWAT, St. Andrews, May 1, 1856. (Impd.)

TO LET.

THREE good ROOMS and a SHOP, on the first floor of my House in Water street, formerly occupied by Mrs. Kennedy.

J. W. STREET, April 23, 1856.

BAKER'S CHURCH MUSIC.

WE are now prepared to fill our orders for this valuable work, which is spoken of in the highest terms by all musicians who have examined it.

117 Washington street, Boston. By A. N. Johnson, assisted by B. F. Baker and E. H. Frost.

The above names alone will recommend this work to all in want of a new book. Published by BOSTON.

THE UNION STORE

At Robbinston, Has just received a full stock of desirable FALL AND WINTER GOODS, which are now offered at the lowest prices above the cost of production, for cash. Particular attention is invited to our new and fresh invoices of—

Stuff and Dress Goods, Comprising a great variety of styles, entirely new and never before offered in this market.

OUR SUPPLY OF GROCERIES & WEST INDIA GOODS is, as usual, complete, and sold on truly Protective Union Principles.

RUFUS GATES, Agent, Robbinston, Oct. 23d, 1855.

F. & F. Rice, WHOLESALE GROCERS—116 & 118, State street, Boston.

SELLING OFF! AT THE BRITISH HOUSE, ST. ANDREWS.

In order to make room for EXTENSIVE IMPORTATIONS this spring, the Subscriber is determined to SELL OFF THE REMAINDER OF HIS STOCK at such prices as will ensure a clearance.

He has on hand a large assortment of FANCY & STAPLE DRY GOODS which at the reduced prices will be found exceedingly cheap.

D. BRADLEY, April 16, 1856.

House and Land for sale

TO be sold, a convenient Cottage residence owned and occupied by the Subscriber, with about twelve Acres of Land, adjoining the Town Plot of St. Andrews. The House contains—Dining room, Parlour, entrance Hall, five good Bed-rooms, Kitchen &c. There are also a new Barn, and other out-buildings on the premises. The House is pleasantly situated, commanding good views of the bay and river.

For particulars, apply to Messrs. Odell & Turner, St. Andrews, or to the subscriber, March 30.

C. H. RICE.

NOW IS THE TIME! WHO WANTS A GOOD CARPET? FOR A LITTLE MONEY!

As I am about to change my business, I propose to close off my Stock of Carpets and Window Shades, at a Discount.

Please call soon at 163 Hanover Street, Boston, and examine for yourselves. S. MARTIN.

ST. JOHN AND LIVERPOOL LINE OF PACKET SHIPS,

Appointed to Sail from Liverpool on under—

Table with columns: Ships, Captains, Tonnage, To sail. Includes ships like Eudocia, John Barbour, Marshall, etc.

These Ships are built of the best materials, sail remarkably fast, and are equipped with the most improved machinery.

They are commanded by men of the greatest experience and nautical skill, and no expense or exertion will be spared to make this line efficient in every respect for the safe and speedy conveyance of Goods.

For shipment of Goods by this line are respectfully solicited.

For Freight or Passage, apply in Liverpool, to Messrs. ERNE BROTHERS & Co, Water Street, Water Street, or at St. John, to

April 23, 1856

WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES.

HAVING purchased from HALL & FAIRBANKS, their entire STOCK of West India Goods and Groceries, the undersigned now offers for sale low—

45 Chests and 10 Hds. Congo TEA, the following brands—Chebucto, Chalmers, Eagle Wing, Horatio, Golden Gate, Wild Pigeon and Huzzar;

18 aft. chests Orange Pekoe favorite brands 25 chests from 15 to 20 lbs each; 30 hds Masovado MOLASSES;

19 do Clayed do; 5 do SUGAR; 6 boxes TOBACCO; 240 bags Coarse and Fine SALT; 3 bbls Pine Oil; 2 casks Pickles; 2 casks INDIGO;

1 bbl VITRIOL; 120 lbs NITROGENS; 40 boxes common and pale Yellow Soap; 10 do Castile; 40 lbs roselle; 35 Green Woodstock PIPES;

150 lbs Teal; 12 REDWOOD; 1 cask ANNOTA; 2 cases Colman's No 1 starch; 3 bales CANE WICK; 2 bags COFFEE; PAINTS, OILS, Glass Dye Stuffs, Spices, &c., with a large variety of other GOODS.

W. E. STRONACH, St. John.

New Grocery Store.

THE Subscriber has taken the Store lately occupied by W. H. Knowles, corner of Water and Wm. Henry Street, where he will keep for sale; a general stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS. He takes this opportunity of returning thanks to his customers at his late stand, and hopes for a continuance of their patronage.

JOHN INGRAM, May, 28, 1856

BOSTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

DIAMOND LIGHT; OR, ROSIN OIL LAMP. Producing a most beautiful and perfectly safe Light, at a cost not exceeding 1 1/2 a cent an hour. Lamps from \$2 to \$10; oil, 50 cents per gallon. For sale, wholesale and retail, by W W UPHAM, Treasurer Tremont Oil Factory, No 10, BROAD STREET, Boston, Call and see it.

N. B.—Agents wanted.

Old Stand Union Store.

W. G. A. MANSFIELD, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in, Boots, Shoes, and RUBBERS, LEATHERS AND FINDINGS, No. 4 Market Square, and 5 North Street, Opposite North side Faneuil Hall, BOSTON.

Marble Work at Reduced Prices. A. WESTWORTH & CO., Now offer their stock of Chimney Pieces and Monuments, of various qualities and patterns, being the largest and best assortment in New England.

15, 17, and 60, Haverhill Street, and 6, 8, 10, and 12, Beverly street Boston.

J. I. HEALEYS, For Garden and Cemetery Fences, and Balustrades. No. 51 Spalding Street, Boston. J. I. H. has one of the largest and best selected assortments of elegant designs of ORNAMENTAL RAILING, to be sold in the State, which he offers, at prices the most desirable in New England. All orders in City or Country promptly attended to.

NEW ENGLAND WIRE RAILING Manufactory. Nos. 90 & 92, UTICA STREET BOSTON. Wrought and Cast Iron Fence, Patent Railings, Window Guards, Balconies &c., of every description taken to order. OTIS HINMAN. THEO. LYMAN.

AMARIAH STORRS, Dealer in every variety of Cards, Card Board, R. R. Tickets, Stock, Fancy Papers, &c. 54 and 56 Cornhill, Boston.

Papers of every shade manufactured to order, and Cards or Tickets cut to patterns, a hort notice.

Opposite the old South Church, in Boston BURDETTS HAT, CAP, AND FUR STORE.

All goods sold on the lowest terms. All HATS, CAPS, or FURS of the finest quality, and latest fashions always guaranteed. 147 Washington Street, directly opposite the old South Church which is familiar to all New England people.

IRVING'S WASHINGTON Colton's Gazetteer, FRANKLIN'S SELECT WORKS, PARKER & Co's Book and Print-store 49 and 51 Cornhill, Boston.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF Colds, Coughs, and Hoarseness.

Prepared, Mass., 20th Dec., 1855. Dr. J. C. AYER, I do not hesitate to say that the best remedy I have ever found for Coughs, Hoarseness, Influenza, and the commonest symptoms of a Cold, is your Cherry Pectoral. Its constant use in my practice has proved its superiority for the treatment of these complaints. JOHN KENNEDY, 36 1/2.

A. B. MORTLEY, Esq., of New York, writes: "I have used your Cherry Pectoral in my family for several years, and I have never found a more effective remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Hoarseness. With a bad cold I should sooner pay twenty-five dollars for a bottle than do without it, or take any other remedy."

Group, Whooping Cough, Influenza. BROOKER AYER: I will cheerfully certify your Pectoral is the best remedy I have ever found for Whooping Cough, Croup, and the chest disease of children. We of your family in the most appropriate your skill, and commend your medicine to our affection. HENRY CONNELL, M. D.

AMOS LEE, Esq., of New York, writes, 20 Jan., 1856: "I had a tedious Influenza, which continued for six weeks; my many medicines without relief, finally tried your Pectoral by the advice of my clergyman. The first dose relieved the asthma in my throat and lungs; the second completely cured me as completely well. Your medicine are the cheapest as well as the best we can buy, and we commend you, Doctor, and your remedies, as the poor man's friend."

Asthma or Phthisis, and Bronchitis. Wm. MORTIMER, Pa., Feb. 4, 1856. Dr. J. C. AYER: I am performing many cures in this section. It has relieved several from the most distressing cases of consumption, and is now curing a man who has labored under an affection of the lungs for the last forty years.

HENRY L. PARKS, Maryland. A. A. RAMSEY, M. D., of New York, writes, 20th Dec., 1855: "During my practice of thirty years I have found nothing equal to your Cherry Pectoral for giving ease and relief to consumptive patients, or curing such as are curable."

We might add volumes of evidence, but the most convincing proof of the virtue of this remedy is found in its effects upon trial.

Consumption. Probably no cure has ever been known which cured so many and such dangerous cases as this. Some so human aid can reach; but even to those the Cherry Pectoral should be used and comfort.

APRIL 1856. Dr. J. C. AYER, New York City, March 5, 1856. From you what your Cherry Pectoral has done for my wife, she has had Phthisis, and she has been cured. I do not know of Consumption, from which, as we would procure your medicine, and we have been cured. I have been cured of my wife, and she has been cured of her Consumption. I have been cured of my wife, and she has been cured of her Consumption. I have been cured of my wife, and she has been cured of her Consumption.

ORLANDO SHELLEY, of SHELLVILLE, Consumption, do not despair till you have tried AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It is made by one of the best medical chemists in the world, and its cure all round us, keep the high merits of its virtues. Philadelphia Ledger.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

THE sciences of Chemistry and Medicine have been taxed to their utmost to produce the best, most perfect purgative which is known to man. It is a common error to suppose that these Pills have virtue which surpasses in excellence the ordinary medicine, and that they will infallibly speed the recovery of all men. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. Their penetrating purgative stimulates the vital activities of the body, removes the obstructions of the system, purifies the blood, and expels disease. They purge out the humors which breed and give rise to disease, and they do not injure the system, or cause any of the dangerous effects of other purgatives. They are free from any risk of harm, and they are free from any of the dangerous effects of other purgatives. They are free from any risk of harm, and they are free from any of the dangerous effects of other purgatives.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with some other pill which makes no profit on Ask for AYER'S PILLS, and take nothing else. No other pills give you comfort and relief in its intrinsic value or curative power. The risk is not the best and there is no other that they should have it.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass. Price, 25 Cts. per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

SOLD BY ODELL & TURNER, Agents for St. Andrews.

ADMIRAL AND ADELAIDE.

FOR BOSTON & PORTLAND: Steamer Admiral, Capt. Small, on Mondays. Steamer Adelaide, Capt. Winchester, on Thursdays.

FOR ST. JOHN: Steamer Adelaide on Tuesdays. Steamer Admiral on Fridays.

Steamer Queen will leave St. Andrews in season to connect with the above Boats at Eggborough.

TICKETS for the above places, and for all parts of the Western Country, and Canada, can be had from

W. WHITLOCK, Agent St. Andrews, May, 1856.

Boston Type Foundry.

THE OLDEST IN NEW ENGLAND. JOHN K. ROGERS & CO Spring Lane, Boston.

American Harness and Coach Hardware. EDWARD DANA, AGENT AND MANUFACTURER 29 KILBY, (near State street,) BOSTON.

CLOTH, Lace Bands, Bolts, Washers, Common, Half Patent and Patent Axes; Elliptic and Side Springs, Warranted quality malleable Iron; Extra Enamelled Top and Dasher Leather Superior Enamelled Cloth, Black and fancy colors; Best Sams & Hubs; shafts, &c. Particular attention given to orders. May 21, 1856.

Shingle Machine FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD a SHINGLE MACHINE, Amos Webster's patent, nearly new; the only one of the sort in the Province. Apply at the Office of this Paper.

St. Andrews, May 28, 1856.

Budley, Russell & Chapman, Successors to Fessenden Brothers, Importers and Dealers in Watches, Jewelry & Silver Ware, No. 205 Washington, cor. of Bromfield St., BOSTON.

CARD ENGRAVING, AND COPPERPLATE PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT

AND DEPT FOR THE SALE OF ENAMELLED CARDS, AND ENVELOPES. THE Subscriber would call the attention of Printers and the trade to his large and well selected stock of Fancy Cards, Note Paper, and Envelopes, Beautifully Illustrated Paper, for Bills of Fare, Invitations, &c. Ball Cards of new and beautiful patterns, Wedding Stationery such as Enamelled and plain Envelopes, Cake Boxes, &c.

Wedding, Invitations, Address and business cards engraved to order in the highest style of art. The Trade respectfully invited to call and examine specimens. N. S. DEARBORN, 21 School Street, Boston.

STEREOTYPING AND ELECTROTYPING

BOSTON STEREOTYPE FOUNDRY CHARLES J. FETTER, agent, No. 4 Spring Lane—up stairs—W. o. s. on.

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

COMPLETE supplies of materials for Oil Painting and Crayon and Grecian Painting. Winsor & Newton's superior Oil Colors in Tubes for sale wholesale and retail, by M. J. WATSON, 35 Cornhill, Boston.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, his Farm situated 5 miles from St. Andrews, fronting on the River St. Croix, and bounded in the rear by Chamcook Lake, containing 190 A. c. s. more or less, of excellent land, divided equally for Tillage, Pasturage, and Wood Land.

There are on the premises a substantial STONE HOUSE, 40 ft. by 28 ft., well adapted for a large family, with a never failing Spring of Water in the Center, also a good BARN, 40 ft. by 30 ft., with a cellar. The land yields about 90 tons of hay, with other crops.

There is a cove in front, where any quantity of Sea Manure may be obtained at all seasons of the year, likewise a SHIP YARD, and a Fish Weir, in which were caught during the past season, 30 barrels of Mackerel, Salmon, Herrings, and other fish.

The above farm is pleasantly situated in a remarkably healthy and good neighborhood. If applied for early, will be sold for less than first cost. Please address, CARL JOHN MOWAT, Bay side, St. Andrews.

Feb. 6, 1856.



ST. JOHN STONE WORKS, SOUTH SIDE KING SQUARE, ST. JOHN, N. B.

THE Proprietor of the above Establishment, gives notice to the Public, that he has entered into Partnership with his Brother under the firm of J. & R. MILLIGAN, and they have added largely to their stock of different Stone and Marble, and are prepared to supply at the shortest notice—Monuments, Headstones, Tombs, Vaults, Fountains, Mantel Pieces, and Table Tops, &c. &c. of all designs and patterns, and all kinds of cut stone for Building.

They also beg to intimate, that they are not under the necessity of importing their stone from the United States to execute their work, but believe that as good, if not superior workmen may be found in this City, without sending for foreigners, and thereby throwing out people out of employment. Our motto is "Protection to our own Mechanics."

JAMES MILLIGAN, ROBERT MILLIGAN, We have always on Hand, a great variety of—

Finished Monuments, Tombstones, and Head Stones, Of all shapes and the best quality, and sold at lower prices than can be purchased anywhere else in the same style.

Also—Grindstones, and Stone Pipe Stones of all sizes, sold cheap.

# SHERIFF'S SALES

to take place at the Court House.

Real Estate of Julius L. Inches Aug. 23  
Do Edward Lynott 23  
Do James Magwood Sep. 6  
Do R. Brockway jr. & Nov 1  
Do Samuel Joy Dec 6

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday the 24 day of August next, at 12 o'clock at the Court House, in St. Andrews:

Two following Properties situated in the Parish of St. Patrick, viz:

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of JULIUS L. INCHES, of St. Stephens, Merchant, to that tract or parcel of LAND, containing 160 acres more or less, beginning at a Spruce stump on the Western shore of the Boacabe river, thence running North till it comes to a lake or pond &c.

That tract or parcel of Land, being part of lot No. 8, containing 40 acres more or less, being on the South side of the Highway, adjoining the lot now, or lately owned by Charles Gairick.

That tract or parcel of Land, containing 106 acres, bounded Northerly by a lot granted to one William Smith.

That lot of Land, commencing 19 chains and 20 links, North 79 degrees West of a marked tree standing on the South end of the Western side line of Robert Hanson's grant, containing 400 acres more or less, being the Western part of the tract of land granted to Lieut. J. Clarke.

And also, that Lot No. 15, being the middle division of Isaac Young's parcels of lot No. 12, as per grant to James Turner and others, containing 100 acres more or less.

Together with all the improvements, erections and buildings thereon.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution at the suit of George Greenwood Teley, endorsed to levy £133 5s. 3d, besides Sheriff's fees &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, 19th Jan. 1856.

The above sale is postponed till Saturday the 23d inst. at 12 o'clock.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

St. Andrews, Aug. 1, 1856.

On Saturday the twenty third August next will be sold at the Court House in St. Andrews, at 12 o'clock, by Public Auction—

ALL the right, title, interest and claim whatever, of Edward Lynott, to the following Properties, situated in the Parish of St. George, viz:

All that LOT, now occupied by the said Edward Lynott, in the town of St. George, with the House and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

AND ALSO, All that certain LOT of LAND, No. 53, in the Mascarene Grant, bounded on the North by the river Magaguadavic, and containing 50 acres, more or less, formerly owned by William Lockett.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution in favor of Thomas S. Magee, endorsed to levy £207 4 5, &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, 12th Feb'y, 1856.

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction, on Saturday the 6th September, 1856, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House in St. Andrews:—

ALL the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand, of JAMES MAGWOOD to all that certain lot, piece, or parcel of LAND, containing One Hundred Acres, more or less, situated in the Parish of St. James, deeded by Mary Ann Magwood to James Magwood—beginning at a stake placed where the North Western line of lot No. 2, granted to Levi Weston, strikes the North Eastern side of the road from Saint Stephens to Clarke's Point, &c.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution in favor of John Magwood, jun., endorsed to levy £42 14 2, &c. &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, 26th Feb. 1856.

TO BE SOLD at PUBLIC AUCTION, on Saturday the 1st day of November next, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House in St. Andrews:—

ALL the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand, of REUBEN BROCKWAY, JUNR., SILAS BROCKWAY, and WILLIAM BROCKWAY, to the following properties, viz:—

All that certain Mill Site, or Lot, together with the Mill thereon now occupied by the said Reuben Brockway, junr. and William Brockway, situate, lying and being, on the Western side of the river Magaguadavic, at the second Falls thereof in the

# SHERIFF'S SALES

Parish of St. George, together with all the rights, privileges, sluices, sluice ways, dams, water courses, and piers to the same belonging.

ALSO, That half of FARM Lot. No. 2, situated on the Western side of the Magaguadavic river, at the second Falls thereof, in the Parish of St. George, and now occupied by Reuben Brockway, Junr. opposite the Meeting House.

And all other the Real Estate, and possessory right of the said Reuben Brockway, junr. Silas Brockway, and William Brockway, or either of them, wheresoever situated in my Bailiwick.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution in favour of Tobias G. Mealy and Samuel Johnson.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, 19th April, 1856.

# SHERIFF'S SALE

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday the 6th day of December, 1856, at the Court House in St. Andrews:—

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of Samuel Joy, of St. Andrews, to that PIECE OF LAND, situated on the Eastern side of the road leading to Clarke's Point, containing ONE ACRE, more or less, purchased by the said Joy from Samuel Gatchell.

To satisfy an execution at the suit of Seth Kimball, endorsed to levy £48 12 0 Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, 19th May, 1856.

# To Let,

THE HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Joseph Walton, on the corner of Water & Elizabeth streets; to which is attached a large Garden. Possession given 1st May next. Apply to

G. F. CAMPBELL, St. Andrews, 26th March, 1855.

# Ufford's Smoke Consuming Patent Lamp.

It is warranted to produce, without smoke and with only the poorest quality of oil or grease, at an expense of less than half a cent per hour, a light equal at least to four wax candles. Extremely simple and durable, less injurious to the eyes than any other artificial light, and will prove the truth of these statements.

Price \$1 25, &c. 67c.

We have one of the Lamps in use, and are able to conform to the favorable testimony of the traveler, having found it answering well to what it claimed for it. (Parian Recorder.)

No person who has ever tried one of the Lamps would be willing to give it up for ten times its cost, if it could not be replaced. [New England Farmer.]

Boston, 117 Court street, head of Sudbury.

# PARKS & FOLSON,

236, Washington St., Boston.

P. & F. would respectfully give notice, that they still continue to manufacture the Melodeon and Seraphine, in a variety of styles, which, in point of finish and tone, are not surpassed by any other manufacturers.

Also, the Melodeon Organ, with a sub base, suitable for Churches, Vestries and Halls. The public are invited to call and examine before purchasing.

Dealers supplied on favorable terms.

However Caused!!

TESTIMONY.—Mr. Editor: Seeing an advertisement that the Deaf might be relieved by applying to DR. BOARDMAN, 304 Washington street, corner of Suffolk Place, BOSTON, I was induced to leave home and test the Doctor's skill. I was so deaf that I was unable to hear ordinary conversation. To my astonishment, in twenty minutes my hearing was perfectly restored. I recommend all persons to try the Doctor's new method of cure.

FRANCIS RICHARDSON, of Sloughden.

Letters, post paid, attended to.

Remedies and Apparatus sent by express.

# Garden and Agricultural SEEDS.

Per ship "Rover's Bride," from Liverpool.

WINDSOR and Bush BEANS, Marrowfat, Dwarf, Imperial, and Sugar PEAS, varieties of Cabbage SEEDS, Cauliflowers, Horn Cabbages, Celery, Lettuce, varieties of Lettuce, do. Onions, Radishes, &c. &c.

AGRICULTURAL, Purple Top Sward Turnip, White Norfolk, Vetches, English Cabbages, Field Beans, Marrowfat, &c. &c., warranted fresh and true to their kinds. A large assortment of new style

Paper Hangings.

O'DELL & TURNER, St. Andrews, April 15, 1856.

# "ADMIRAL" STEAMER

For EASTPORT, PORTLAND, and BOSTON

STEAMER "ADMIRAL," CAPT. M. SMELL.

will leave St. John every MONDAY, at Eight A. M., for Portland and Boston; returning, leaves Boston on Thursdays. For Freight, or Passage, apply to

GEORGE THOMAS, Agent, 82, Water Street.

"SOUTHERN and WESTERN STATES and CANADA.—Through Tickets to all the principal places on the Southern and Western States and Canada can be obtained at the Admiral's Office.

St. John, 9th April, 1856.



# LET US REASON TOGETHER.

# HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

# WHY ARE WE SICK?

It has been the lot of the human race to be weighed down by disease and suffering. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are specially adapted to the relief of the WEAK, the NERVOUS, the DELICATE, and the INFIRM, of all climes, ages, sexes, and constitutions. Professor Holloway personally superintends the manufacture of his medicines, and offers them to a free and enlightened people, as the best remedy the world ever saw for the removal of disease.

# THESE PILLS PURIFY THE BLOOD

These famous Pills are expressly combined to operate on the stomach, the liver, the kidneys, the lungs, the skin, and the bowels, correcting any derangement in their functions, purifying the blood, the very fountain of life, and thus curing disease in all its forms.

# DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINTS.

Nearly half the human race have taken these Pills. It has been proved in all parts of the world, that nothing has been found equal to them in cases of disorders of the liver, dyspepsia, and stomach complaints generally. They soon give a healthy tone to those organs, however much deranged, and when all other means have failed.

# GENERAL DEBILITY, ILL HEALTH.

Many of the most despotic Governments have opened their Custom Houses to the introduction of these Pills, that they may become the medicine of the masses.—Learned Colleges admit that this medicine is the best remedy ever known for persons of delicate health, or where the system has been impaired, as its invigorating properties never fail to afford relief.

# FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

No Female, young or old, should be without this celebrated medicine. It corrects and regulates the monthly courses at all periods, acting in many cases like a charm. It is also the best and safest medicine that can be given to children of all ages, and for any complaint; consequently every family should be without it. Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following Diseases:—

- Ague
- Asthma
- Bilious complaints
- Blisters on the skin
- Bowel complaints
- Colic
- Constipation of the Bowels
- Consumption
- Debility
- Dropsy
- Dysentery
- Erysipelas
- Female Irregularities
- Fever of all kinds
- Fits
- Gout
- Head-ache
- Indigestion
- Inflammation
- Jaundice
- Liver complaints
- Lumbago
- Rheumatism
- Retention of Urine
- Scrofula, or King's Evil
- Sore Throats
- Stone and Gravel
- Secondary symptoms
- Tie Douleur
- Tumours
- Ulcers
- Veneral Affections
- Worms of all kinds
- Weakness, from whatever cause &c. &c.

Sold at the Establishments of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, near Temple Bar, London, and 50 Maiden Lane, New York, also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World, at the following prices:—

1s 4d; 3s 6d; 5s 6d each box.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

Sold by all Vendors of Medicines throughout New Brunswick, and by A. H. Thompson, St. Stephen; Billings & Dyer, Eastport, and

O'DELL & TURNER, Of Saint Andrews.

Wholesale Agents for the County Charlotte, January 15, 1856.

# ATHENEUM FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON.

Capital £2000,000 Sterling.

Ed. Hus. the Earl of GLENARL, Chairman.

THIS Office insures against Loss or Damage by Fire all descriptions of Buildings, including Mills and Manufactories, and the Goods, Wares, and Merchandise in the same; Household Furniture, Linen, Wearing Apparel, &c.; Ships on the stocks, in harbour or in dock; River Craft and their Cargoes; and Farming Stock of all descriptions in Great Britain and Ireland and the Colonies, and also in Foreign Countries.

HENRY SALTER, Manager, 30 Sackville Street, London.

WM. WHITLOCK, Agent for Saint Andrews.



# AYER'S PILLS,

A new and singularly successful remedy for the cure of all Bilious diseases—Constipation, Indigestion, Jaundice, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Fever, Gout, Humors, Nervousness, Irritability, Inflammation, Headache, Pains in the Breast, Side, Back, and Limbs, Female Complaints, &c. &c. Indeed, very few are the diseases in which a Purgative Medicine is not more or less required, and much sickness and suffering might be prevented, if a harmless but effectual Cathartic were more freely used. No person can feel well while a costive habit of body prevails; besides it soon generates serious and often fatal diseases, which might have been avoided by the timely and judicious use of a good purgative. This is alike true of Colds, Feverish symptoms, and Bilious derangements. They all tend to become or produce the deep seated and formidable distempers which lead the leaves all over the land. Hence a reliable family physic is of the first importance to the public health, and this Pill has been perfected with consummate skill to meet that demand. An extensive trial of its virtues by Physicians, Professors, and Patients, has shown results surpassing anything hitherto known of any medicine. Cures have been effected beyond belief, even they not substantiated by persons of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of truth.

America's eminent gentleman to whom we are allowed to refer for these facts, are

PROF. VALENTINE MORR, the distinguished Surgeon, New York.

DOCT. A. A. HAYES, Practical Chemist of the Port of Boston, and Lecturer for the State of Massachusetts.

DOCT. MOORE, M. D., an eminent Surgeon and Physician, of the City of Lowell, who has long used them in his extensive Practice.

DR. C. A. DAVIS, M. D., Capt. and Surgeon of the United States Marine Hospital, at Chelsea, Mass.

Do not suppose, however, that we mean to disparage the certificates of these eminent public men. It is shown in their effects upon trial.

These Pills, the result of long investigation and study, are offered to the public as the best and most complete which the present state of medical science can afford. They are compounded not of the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical processes, in a state of purity and combined together in such a manner as to insure the best results. This system of composition for medicines has been found to be the most successful, and the most safe, and the most efficacious remedy that had hitherto been obtained by any process. The reason is perfectly obvious. While by the old mode of composition, every medicine is laden with more or less of acrimonious and injurious qualities; by this, each individual virtue only that is desired for the curative effect is present. All the inert and obnoxious qualities of each substance employed are left behind, the curative virtues only being retained. Hence it is self-evident, that the effect should be as they have proved more purely remedial, and the Pills a surer, more powerful antidote to disease than any other medicine known to the world.

As it is frequently expounded that my medicines should be taken under the counsel of an attending Physician, as it is a cold and improper practice to remedy without knowing its composition, I have supplied the accurate Formula by which both my Pills and Pills are made to the whole body of Practitioners in the United States and British American Provinces. If however there should be any error in its use, I am not responsible, they will be promptly forwarded by mail to his address.

Get all the Patent Medicines that are offered, how far they differ from the original, and how they are made. Their true composition is their mystery. I have no mysteries.

The composition of my preparations is laid open to all men, and all who are competent to judge on the subject, freely acknowledge their convictions of the inferiority of the others. The latter Pills were pronounced by scientific men to be a wonderful medicine before its efficacy was known. Many eminent Physicians have seen the same kind of Pills, and even more candidly, and are willing to certify that their antipathy were more than counterbalanced by their beneficial qualities.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal organs to purify the blood and stimulate it to healthy action, remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their regular action to health, and by correcting wherever they exist such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Being sugar wrapped they are pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

For minute directions, see the wrapper on the Box.

Prepared by JAMES C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.

# E. D. SPEAR, INDIAN DOCTOR.

15 Kneeland Street, BOSTON, Mass.

THE great success which has ever attended the Indian Practice of Medicine, as perfected by E. D. SPEAR, M. D., excites envy in the hearts of the most ardent advocates of Mercury. Many of his remedies, as the public have already learned from newspapers of the day, are prepared from recipes which are believed to have originally been received from the Indians one hundred and seventy years ago. No other remedies deserve the name of Indian.

DR. SPEAR'S GREAT INDIAN MEDICINES.

(For names and description see his "Family Physician," to be had, free, at his office, or sent to order, prepaid on receipt of a paper postage stamp.)

Are certain cures for

Asthma, Ague and Fever, Barber's Itch, Bile, Bronchitis, Cancer, Colds, Constipation, Coughs, Costiveness, Cramps, Debility, Diabetes, Derangement of the Bowels, all humors in the blood, Giddiness, Headache, Inflammation of the Eyes, Jaundice, Kidney Complaints, Liver Complaints, Loss of Hair, Lumbago, Milk Leg, Nightmare, Palpitation of the Heart, Pains in the side, back, and other parts of the body, Painful Menstruation, Pin Worms, Rheumatism, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Scrofula, Shortness of Breath, Sore Throat, Spinal Complaints, Strangury, &c.

Dr. Spear's Female Medicines have become very celebrated, and it is now admitted that his treatment of Female Weakness, Erysipelas, Vertigo, Irregularities and Suppressions is far superior to every other treatment for these complaints.

DR. SPEAR'S

Is also celebrated in the treatment of children. His medicines being vegetable, do not poison the system, but are safe, free, at his office, or sent to order, prepaid on receipt of a paper postage stamp.

Dr. Spear is now being visited by one thousand patients every month, some of whom travel hundreds of miles to consult him and to obtain his medicines.

Dr. Spear will warrant a cure in every curable case. After giving his remedies a fair trial, if a cure is not effected, he will pay any other physician, who will effect a cure, his bill, not exceeding \$100.

Persons at a distance can consult him by letter, enclosing a stamp to pay the answer.

Dr. Spear consults with patients at his Office, No 18 Kneeland street, upon all conditions and diseases of the system, free of any charge.

# GOVERNMENT EMIGRATION OFFICE

St. John, 10th April, 1856.

NOTICE is hereby given, that JONAS SHANNON, has been appointed keeper of Hospital Island in the County of Charlotte, and of the public buildings thereon.

M. H. PERLEY, H. M. Emigration Officer for New Brunswick.

# A MARVELLOUS REMEDY FOR A MARVELLOUS AGE!

# Holloway's Ointment.

# THE GRAND EXTERNAL REMEDY.

By the aid of a microscope, we see millions of little openings on the surface of our bodies. Through these, this Ointment, when rubbed on the skin, is carried to any organ or inward part. Diseases of the Kidneys, disorders of the Liver, affections of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Asthma, Coughs and Colds, are by its means effectually cured. Every housewife knows that salt passes freely through bone or meat of any thickness. This healing Ointment far more readily penetrates through any bone or fleshy part of the living body, curing the most dangerous inward complaints, that cannot be reached by other means.

# ERYSIPELAS, RHEUMATISM AND SCORBUTIC HUMORS

No remedy has ever done so much for the cure of diseases of the Skin, as this Ointment. Scurvy, Sore Heads, Scrofula, or Erysipelas, cannot long withstand its influence. The inventor has travelled over many parts of the globe, visiting the principal hospitals dispensing this Ointment, giving advice as to its application, and has thus been the means of restoring countless numbers to health.

# SORE LEGS, SORE BREASTS, WOUNDS & ULCERS.

Some of the most scientific surgeons now rely solely on the use of this wonderful Ointment, when having to cope with the worst cases of sores, wounds, ulcers, glandular swellings, and tumours. Professor Holloway has dispatched to the East, large shipments of this Ointment, to be used in the worst cases of wounds. It will cure any ulcer, glandular swelling, stiffness or contraction of the joints, even of 20 years' standing.

# PILES AND FISTULAS.

These and other similar distressing complaints can be effectually cured if the Ointment be well rubbed in over the parts affected, and by otherwise following the printed directions around each pot.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bad Legs, Chiefo-foot

Bad Breasts, Chilblains

Burns, Chapped hands

Bunions, Corns (soft)

Bite of Mosquitoes, Cancers

and Sand Flies, Contracted and Stiff Joints

Coco-bay, Fistulas

Elephantiasis, Glandular Swelling

Gout, Lumbago

Scurvy, Piles

Sore Heads, Rheumatism

Tumours, Scalds

Ulcers, Sore Nipples.

Wounds, Yaws

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and 50, Maiden Lane, New York, also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World, in Pots, at 1s. 3d., 3s. 3d., and 5s. sterling, each Pot.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder, are affixed to each Pot.

Sold by all Vendors of Medicines throughout New Brunswick, and by A. H. Thompson, St. Stephen; Billings & Dyer, Eastport, and

O'DELL & TURNER, Of St. Andrews.

Wholesale Agents for the County Charlotte, Dec'r 28, 1855

# Waggons, Carts, &c.

EDWD. STENTIFORD, offers for sale,

WAGGONS, Carts, WHEELBARROWS, &c. N. B.—Fine & Spacious Boards, Henlock Bark Laths, Shingles, and Country Produce, taken in payment.

An Excellent Harse for Sale.

Samuel J. Crosby, WATCHES, JEWELRY, & SILVER WARE.

65 Washington Street, 3 doors south of Court Street, Boston.

# Soap and Candle Factory