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The Vancouver Times

TWICE-A-WEEK EDITION.

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1907.

No. 32.

SUCCESSFUL RALLY AT OAKLANDS

Electors Heard Main Issues of the Campaign Discussed By Three of the Liberal Candidates.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

A representative body of Oaklanders assembled at the fire hall there last night to hear Messrs. Drury, Hall and McNiven deliver campaign speeches. These adventuresome candidates for provincial honors had the keenest interest in the facts laid before them. A belief in the principles of Liberalism and a sense of camaraderie were the dominant features in one of the most interesting meetings held during the present campaign.

In incisive and logical language, the candidates for provincial honors laid bare the turpitude and machinations of the McBride-Socialist government, and held up in glowing contradiction the sound principles enunciated by the Liberal leader, A. J. Macdonald.

James Manton, in opening the meeting, said that he did not think that the present government was qualified to serve another term. "It has been weighed in the balances and found wanting. It will go down to history as one of the blackest and worst governments that the province had ever known. At the conference at Ottawa, whether Premier McBride had gone to seek for better terms, he had betrayed himself by going mad, and the man who goes mad is beaten."

"It has been a question of graft," said the chairman in conclusion, "right along the line, and I have no doubt that upon this occasion you will vote the way you think right, and I have no hesitation in saying that your ballots will be cast for the great Liberal party."

J. D. McNIVEN.

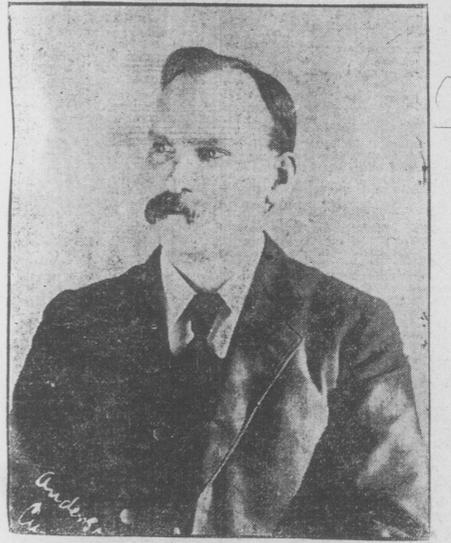
J. D. McNiven was the first of the candidates to speak. In opening he

of the law, and of their issuance Mr. Green must have been aware. "There is the Kalen Island deal by which 10,000 acres were transferred to the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company through the medium of a band of adventurers. These adventuresome bargains from whom were included Mr. Bodwell, Mr. Jimmie Anderson and Mr. Larsen, said to the government: 'We will give you a dollar an acre for this land. We will try to sell it to the G. T. P., and if this corporation refuses to buy, we will return the land and get our money back again. And so this trio went to Montreal, sold the land to the G. T. P. for \$40,000, and came back and paid the government \$10,000, and pocketed the balance of \$30,000. And the McBride party made a good bargain, and made it direct with the G. T. P."

"Compare with the Digby Island deal by which the G. T. P. got from the Indians, 13,000 acres of land, at a price of \$7.50 an acre. In my opinion the Indians discounted the provincial government's bargain from a business point of view.

"With regard to the Prince Rupert townsite, Premier McBride is no more responsible for the saving of an interest in it for the province than I am. 'This interest has been guaranteed by an amendment to the land act of 1896, and is now a law on the statute book.

"Going to another department, we find that the minister of education has bungled school affairs. Before the present administration, there was a good school law. But the McBride government wanted to economize. As a consequence it threw on municipalities the greater part of the cost of carrying on schools. The result is,



J. B. BENNETT, Liberal Candidate for Comox.

spoke of the magnificent resources of British Columbia.

"We have here," he said, "the richest province in Canada to guard and to husband. That is exactly what the McBride government has not done. On the contrary it has been administered for the benefit of speculators."

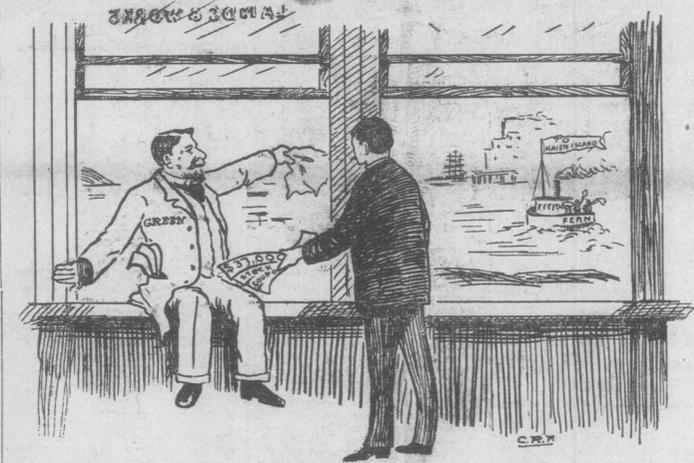
"The present government bases its claim for re-election on its past record and on the question of better terms. We must record a creditable one? Well, we must look to the lands and works department for a large share of the existing prosperity. We find that the opposition has had to resort to special commissions to secure information to lay before the House.

"The Klondike land scandal has shown conclusively that crown lands have been granted to the friends of the government without the knowledge and consent of the government. Mr. Green said, of the government. 'It is an undoubted fact that speculators secured these lands with the connivance of the lands and works department. When Mr. Drury laid his water before the premier he said he was nothing above it. On inquiry, however, it turned out to be the case. These grants were issued in violation

that now it is impossible to get qualified teachers to take up schools and to keep them open. Unqualified teachers in many cases now have control of schools, and they are paid as low as \$40 a month. Surely this is one of the last departments upon which the principle of economy should be exercised.

"If anyone points to one act on the statute book that was initiated by the present government for the benefit of the workingman, it has been said by the Socialists that I have lied with regard to my work in the legislature. It is said that I voted against the Eight-Hour Act. That is a deliberate falsehood. All I would ask of fair-minded men is that they should go through the records of the House and point to one act detrimental to the workingman which I did not vote against. If such is found I will forfeit \$50 to any charitable institution in the city."

Mr. McNiven went on to speak of the Bi-monthly Pay Act which had been introduced into the House and had passed two readings. He told how the premier had supported it until the deputation headed by H. B. Thomson had appeared on the scene. How then



GREEN—"Don't bother me, MacKay. Keep that little thing, can't you see I'm busy."

the premier had told Mr. Thomson that he need not be a bit alarmed about the bill, as it would never do any harm, and how subsequent to this the bill was shelved.

In conclusion Mr. McNiven pointed out the expenses incurred by the members of the present government which had to be paid by their province. He deprecated this method of wasting public funds, and said that they might be much better employed in building good roads throughout the country. "If you consider carefully all these matters," he said, "you will cast your votes for the men who will work for your interests, and who have clean records. Vote for the solid four and by that means swell the Liberal majority."

"On sitting down Mr. McNiven was the recipient of loud and prolonged applause.

RICHARD HALL.

R. Hall was the next speaker, and in opening he said that they were now in a campaign in which was involved much scandal. It was furnished by the present government. He considered that this state of affairs had a bad and lowering effect.

"Continuing," he said that the Dominion government, which was Liberal, had brought prosperity to Canada. He discounted the belief that the men of high education were the best men to govern a province, and pointed out that the man who had served out his own fortune was the ideal candidate for political honors.

He went on to allude to the fact that the present government had borrowed money from a bank which had assured it that the province was on the verge of insolvency, and as a consequence had charged 5 per cent. interest. From this argument he showed that there could have been no business man at the head of affairs. Of this money only a part had been spent, and the remainder was lying idle drawing interest at 3 per cent., while the government was paying 5 per cent. for it. "There is not one measure on the statute book that the government has framed that is for the betterment of the workingman. They have done nothing."

Mr. Hall then touched on the question of better terms. He ridiculed the idea of better terms as a war cry, and said that it was a question for the Dominion government, and was in no way a provincial question. When the premier had left the conference at Ottawa he had been met at the door by Mr. Fielding who had told him to go and see Sir Wilfrid Laurier. He refused. Does this show that he was really anxious that the province should get better terms?

"The McBride government had introduced a bill placing our higher education under a private concern and taking away from us a provincial college. At the next session of the House the McGill college will come to ask for funds and land grants. In my opinion the education of the province should be carried out by the people themselves. "This government is now before you, crippled at every point, and is asking for an expression of your opinion. The Liberals are before you with a constructive platform. One of its planks is the establishment of a bureau of labor. You now have a strike here right in your midst. I allude to that at the shipyards. I did my best to mediate between the employers and the men. My efforts were unavailing. This strike is having a depressing effect on the city of Victoria. When we have a bureau of conciliation it will bring to an end, or to a happy issue, such strikes."

"In Mr. Macdonald, our leader, you have a man of marked ability, and one in whom you can place reliance and trust. If you place in his hands the administration you will do an action that you will never regret."

R. L. DRURY.

R. L. Drury, the last speaker, was the recipient of loud and continued applause. In opening he told of the alliance between the premier and Mr. Hawthornthwaite. He compared the government to a man who had drawn a cheque on a bank and when that cheque had been presented there were

no funds in the bank to meet it. If Mr. McBride is in the same invidious position as the result of this election, he will again ally himself with the Socialists.

Continuing, Mr. Drury said that Mr. Eberts had said last night at Holeskine road that the present government was the first that had produced a surplus for a great number of years. But where did that surplus come from? It had been given by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and came from the increased taxes on the Chinese who came into the province, which the Dominion government had relinquished to the province. "You remember the Bowdoin Relief Bill, which was run right through and we had no opportunity of investigating it."

"The prospects this election are much brighter than they were last time. There is no doubt that we will be victorious. When we went to the country three years ago the province was in a very disordered state. We were hoodwinked on that occasion. When the election date was fixed, it was suddenly altered to a month earlier. We were even then within two seats of winning, although in five constituencies there were no official Liberal candidates."

The speaker then dealt with the Fenwick ballot box scandal. He told how the returning officer had hid himself away to the mountains where no legal process could be served on him. On that occasion this province was put to considerable expense, which the Conservatives should have paid, but instead the money came out of the treasury of the province.

In conclusion Mr. Drury told of the elections whose lot was cast on the lonely shore at Clo-oo-oo. How the government would provide no ballot box for them. How they had to travel to Cowichan via Victoria, and spend from a week to ten days in recording their votes. He told how these electors—all good Liberals—were on their way to the polls, and drew therefrom a legal process could be served on him. On that occasion this province was put to considerable expense, which the Conservatives should have paid, but instead the money came out of the treasury of the province.

He told how in the case of the Hetty Green mine, where the electors had been supposed to be Conservatives, a ballot box had been shoved right under their noses, and characterized such antics as the government as discreditable and scandalous.

The meeting, which was generally voted a splendid testimony to the faith reposed in the Liberals, then came to a conclusion, when refreshments were served out to all those present.

PREMIER SCOTT.

Making Progress Towards Recovery—Will Spend the Balance of Winter in the South.

Regina, Sask., Jan. 31.—With to-day being the seventh week of Premier Scott's illness, Dr. Low, the attending physician, states that while his patient is progressing, convalescence is slow. Very satisfactory progress has been made this past few days, and Mr. Scott is now allowed to be up and around the house a portion of each day. Dr. Low says he has advised Mr. Scott that he must go south for the balance of the winter. He will probably be accompanied by Mr. Geo. W. Brown. They intend starting as soon as Mr. Scott's condition permits, but Dr. Low states that it is yet too early to say when they will be fit to travel.

TIMOTHY EATON DEAD.

Elk Departmental Store Man Passes Away at Home.

Toronto, Jan. 31.—Timothy Eaton, head of the departmental store of this city, and whose name is world-wide in connection with the business which bears it, died.

MACKENZIE KING'S MISSION.

Ottawa, Jan. 30.—A strike of Toronto telephone operators on account of hours is imminent. Mayor Coatsworth has asked a cheque on a bank and when that cheque had been presented there were

SIR M. J. FOSTER DEAD.

Was Unionist Member of Parliament for London University.

London, Jan. 30.—Sir Michael J. Foster, Unionist member of parliament for London University since 1900, died yesterday. He had been in ill health for some time. Sir Michael Foster was born in 1815 and was professor of physiology at Cambridge University 1833 to 1862.

ADRIET ON ICE.

Fourteen Fishermen Have Been Carried Out to Sea.

Riga, Russia, Jan. 29.—Fourteen fishermen are adrift on the ice in the Gulf of Riga. The men were fishing and when the ice broke they found themselves being blown out to sea by a strong wind. Steamers are now searching for the fishermen.

IMMEDIATE AID IS NECESSARY

OUTBREAKS AMONG STARVING CHINESE

Awful Conditions in Relief Camps—Disease May Add to Horror of Famine.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Further serious consequences are expected in the Chinese famine districts unless immediate aid is forthcoming.

According to state department advices outbreaks are daily occurrences, and an epidemic is feared by relief workers. Great camps have been formed in the south of China, where thousands of starvings live under awful conditions.

Estimates have been made that it will cost \$20,000 daily to feed the 4,000,000 persons who are starving.

A story is told of one family, the mother, father and two children. The mother left home in search of food, and the father departing of aid threw both children into the river. The mother returned and learning what had happened, drowned herself. The grief-stricken father followed.

The government is selling grain and salt where it can.

LIBERALS AND THE GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC

Speaking at Grand Forks, J. A. Macdonald the Liberal leader, dealt with the question of the Liberal party's attitude to the Grand Trunk Pacific.

With regard to pioneer roads, Mr. Macdonald said it might be necessary to assist roads of that kind, and as far as the Liberal party was concerned, it's policy was "to encourage the opening up of unsettled districts by the construction of railways, etc. In such circumstances, the interests of British Columbia must be safeguarded, and for any assistance rendered there must be an adequate quid pro quo." So far as the Liberal party is concerned, it has no connection of any kind whatever with the G. T. P. company. We believe the G. T. P. means very much to B. C., but we believe the G. T. P. has received enough already and we see no reason why B. C. should supplement this assistance in any shape or form whatever. I told Morse personally that the Liberal party could not consider any grant to the G. T. P. under any circumstances whatever."

THE PREFERENCE.

The Dominion Government's Offer to the Commonwealth.

Ottawa, Jan. 30.—The Dominion government made a direct offer to Australia of mutual preferential arrangements. It was sent December 8th through D. H. Ross, Canadian agent at Melbourne. It read as follows: "Suggest to the Australian government that the Canadian government will agree to give the British preference on everything they produce. Ask for concessions on fish, lumber, paper, agricultural implements. Fish, lumber and paper might be absolutely free. Will you ascertain what concessions they desire."

Correspondence on the subject was presented to parliament yesterday. It shows that through an oversight the communication of Premier Deskin was dated November 25th, and was pigeon-holed here. Sir Wilfrid Laurier made ample apology. Negotiations will be conducted verbally by representatives of the Dominion and Commonwealth governments in London next April.

REVIVALS AND COURTSHIPS

CLERGYMAN GETS SIX YEARS FOR BIGAMY

Accused Pleading Guilty and Says He Married Whenever the Spirit Moved Him.

Chicago, Jan. 31.—A dispatch from Toledo, Ohio, says: "Charged with bigamy and credited with having thirteen wives. Rev. Albert Holden, reported to have two sons also under indictment for bigamy, pleaded guilty yesterday, and was sentenced to serve six years in the penitentiary."

"He says he married whenever the spirit moved him. His courtships always took place during one of his revivals, and his victims were always one of those whom he had taken into the church. We do not want the charter amended. If this committee intends to do so, we will ask for the charter to be cancelled. We shall ask for the appointment of a receiver, for our assets to be distributed, and we will do the best we can without an exchange. We are tired of being called thieves and robbers."

It is probable a conference of the Grain Growers' Association will be held here to consider the situation.

LABOR TO DEFEAT HAWTHORNTHWAITE

Nanaimo, Jan. 31.—There is a great boom here for Harry Shepherd, the popular independent labor candidate. He is almost sure to defeat J. H. Hawthornthwaite, the Socialist dictator. David Thomas at Ladysmith, independent labor candidate, will defeat Parker Williams, Socialist. Hon. W. Manson is gone in Alberni and Robert Grant, the Conservative in Comox, is very shaky.

THE PRUSSIAN DISASTER.

More Bodies Taken From Galleries in the Reden Mine.

Zaarbrücken, Prussia, Jan. 30.—The search of the galleries of the Reden mine, where an explosion occurred January 28th, continued throughout the night. More bodies were brought up and identified as being among the list already given out for dead.

The fire has been extinguished and the engineers affirm that there is no danger of any further explosions. Therefore the work of clearing the galleries is progressing.

Prince Leopold of Prussia, took part in the funerals of the victims.

MORGAN PLANS ALASKAN ROAD

HE WILL CONSTRUCT ALONG COPPER RIVER

M. K. Rogers, Formerly of Nickel Plate Mine, is Now Identified With Corporation.

M. K. Rogers, formerly in charge of the Nickel Plate mine at Hedley, but now engaged in connection with railway and mining corporations in Alaska, is in the city at the present time a guest at the Driard. Mr. Rogers has little to say concerning his movements or the business with which he is connected.

It is reported, however, that he is now identified with J. P. Morgan in the latter's railway and mining propositions in Alaska particularly on the Copper river. It is expected that during the coming summer there will be built along this line about 400 or 500 miles of the road, the charter for which is held by the Morgan interests. The area of mining country to be tapped is supposed to be very rich, and has been attracting a great deal of attention during the past few years.

From time to time there has been speculation as to where the company would begin construction from the coast. Valdez and other seaports have had their advocates and considerable has been spent, probably approaching a million dollars, in preliminary work. It is now reported that it is questionable whether a great part of the work already done in this connection will not be lost, and that work will commence from a new terminal point presumably Cantala, to be selected by the new management.

Mr. Rogers, while uncommunicative with respect to these matters, admits that the country which the railway will tap promises to be a very rich one. He will not return to the north for some little time.

LIBERAL OUTLOOK IN CHILCOTIN

Soda Creek, Jan. 30.—A meeting was held here last night, addressed by Harry Jones and R. Yorston, the Liberal candidates for Cariboo, and Dr. Wade, who made an exhaustive arrangement of the government, pointing out how the timber resources were wasted for the benefit of speculators. R. F. Green's connection with the coal lands scandal was dwelt upon.

This is notoriously a Conservative section, but the indications are that many will split their votes at the point. Chilcote is conceded by the Conservatives as an even proposition. Hitherto it has always gone strongly Conservative. The outlook is the very brightest for the return of two Liberals with Chas. Wilson at the foot of the poll.

FOUND GUILTY.

Toronto, Jan. 30.—Mrs. Lillian Miller, who was on trial for two days in the last session court, was found guilty on the charge of furnishing noxious drugs to Mrs. Ames-Bridant. On the charge of administering drugs she was acquitted. Mrs. Miller is liable to imprisonment for two years. Mr. Godfrey, for the defence, insinuated that two-thirds of the doctors in the city were prescribing the same drugs. Justice Clute's charge was very short. He pointed out the seriousness of the crime, and said if it were allowed to flourish it would ruin the womanhood of the country. He also told the jury that they must not allow their sympathy to go out to the prisoner because she was a woman. They must bring in a verdict according to the evidence.

FOR RAILWAY WORK.

Nearly Sixty Thousand Laborers Will Be Required During Coming Season.

Winnipeg, Jan. 30.—The department of immigration officials here have been making a careful estimate of the number of laborers required for railway work in the West during the coming season, their figures being for the guidance of the department in its propaganda in Europe and elsewhere. The result is a surprise, indicating that there will be 59,500 laborers required, at least, by contractors, an army of men which is quite indicative of the amount of extensions involved.

NOT GUILTY.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 31.—The jury in the case of Lieut. Ralph Drury and Private John Dowd, United States army, charged with the murder of W. H. Crowley, a boy who was shot while trying to escape from lines in progress.

Prince Leopold of Prussia, took part in the funerals of the victims.

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GREEN

Macdonald

JOHN PIERCY AT ROYAL OAKS

D. M. Eberts Again Treated to a Hearing and Again Severely Handled By Liberal Speakers.

speaker, which he said: "I do not know if you can't prove on your life, not on a sensation when..."

(From Thursday's Daily.) The meeting at the Royal Oaks last evening in the interests of John Piercy was a most gratifying one so far as the Liberal cause was concerned.

Mr. Eberts, the Conservative candidate, attended, but after a night's rest he apparently realized that he had made a fatal blunder by his attempt at "bulldozing" the evening previous.

Walter Heald was elected chairman, and presided over the meeting with credit to himself. His decisive action with a lack of all ostentation precluded all unnecessary wrangling.

FARMERS' SONS WANTED Knowledge of farm stock and fair education to work in an office.

the conscientious work done by Mr. Tanner, the former representative of the riding. The School Act was alluded to, and Mr. Cameron said that the opposition had vigorously opposed the passage of the act which was regarded as a retrograde measure.

John Piercy, the Liberal candidate, was greeted with hearty applause when he rose to speak. He explained that after residing for some years in the district, his interests were those of the farmers whom he addressed.

Mr. Eberts, who had arrived late at the meeting while Mr. Piercy was speaking, was then offered thirty minutes in which to speak before Gordon Grant, the last speaker, should address the gathering.

Mr. Eberts, however, explained that it was his meeting; that he was treating Mr. Eberts fairly, and he would have to accept that proposition.

Important matter for all in the district, namely, the establishment of an experimental farm on Vancouver Island. Mr. Piercy said that he had been delighted to receive the assurance of the establishment of this farm in the province, that the industry prospered.

Mr. Piercy said he was proud of the Liberal party. It was coming into power he felt sure. It was but right that an opportunity should be given to the Liberal party to show what they could do.

The present government had handed over the higher education of the province to McGill University. He did not blame McGill for making this effort.

Mr. Eberts objected that ten minutes would not permit him to read the documents, but the audience shouted out for him to cut the reading out.

Gordon Grant followed for the Liberals. Speaking on the question of the Social Alliance, he took issue with Mr. Eberts. He pointed out that J. Ramsay Macdonald, secretary of the Labor party in Britain, who had visited Victoria, who had explained that the Socialists in the Imperial parliament, who had visited the Dominion, who had visited the Labor party, were not of the same type as Mr. Hawthornthwaite and some of the Socialists in the United States.

Mr. Eberts said that it was impossible to have the regulation of the fish traps in the hands of the fishermen. He pointed out that the fishermen were not of the same type as the Socialists in the United States.

Mr. Eberts said that he would attend to that later, and admonished Mr. Eberts to attend to his subject and not bother about anything else.

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ASK GRANTS FOR NEW SCHOOLS

VICTORIA WEST AND NEW CENTRAL BUILDING

School Board Pass Their Annual Estimates--Strike Committees for the Year.

A meeting of the school board was held last night with Mr. Jay in the chair. After the adoption of the minutes of the last meeting the standing committees were reported as follows: Finance--Messrs. Lewis, Huggott and Mrs. Jenkins.

The question of provision for extra school accommodation provoked considerable discussion. Mr. Huggott suggested that the board consult with the people interested in this matter and act in accordance with their wishes in securing a site for a new building.

Mr. Huggott favored the High school extension. The work of the present building was sufficient for legitimate High school pupils. The rooms which should be given to the school were such classes which had no right to be there. Any addition would encroach upon the grounds as to deprive the students of proper space for athletics.

Mr. Huggott gave notice of motion as follows: "That the superintendent be requested to report to the board the number of visits made each month, as well as the classes visited."

Mr. Huggott referred to his letter in the Times, calling attention to the injustice done him in the above report. He did not wish to cast any reflection on the board, but an effort had been made to take the matter as at the last election, to defeat him. Further, he was in possession of information from an unimpeachable source which compelled him to believe that that effort was due to a political element in municipal affairs.

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J. Piercy & Co., Victoria, B. C.

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EPPS'S COCOA. A delicious drink and a sustaining food. Fragrant, nutritious and economical. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

STEEDMAN'S SOOTHING POWDERS. Relieve FEVERISH HEAT. Prevent FITS, CONVULSIONS, etc. Preserve a healthy state of the constitution in CHILDREN. Please observe the EE IN STEEDMAN.

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NOTICE. Sixty days from date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described land, as under Sec. 4 (1) (b) of the Land Act, for the purpose of cutting and carrying away timber, said land being the open Crown land of the peninsula lying between Forward Inlet, Winter Harbor, and the Lagoon on the west, north and east side, and the entrance to Quatsino Sound on the south side.

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THE Gillette Safety Razor.

We are now enable to save you the duty on this razor.

THE Gillette Safety Razor. \$5.00. \$5.00. It is said, "Once you get used to the Gillette way, it is the only way you will go."

CYRUS H. BOWES Chemist. 98 GEORGE STREET NEAR YATES STREET.

FLUJAW. The first remedy to give relief to the sufferer from Fluja Jaw. It relieves the pain and restores the teeth to their normal condition.

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that, 30 days after date, we intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands in Rupert District, B. C., situated in Estero Basin, Coast District, Province of British Columbia, as follows:

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Learn Veterinary Dentistry. \$2000. We teach you at home in three months of your spare time by illustrated lectures and grant diplomas with degree. Particulars free. The Detroit Veterinary Dental College, Detroit, Mich.

SOCIALISM AND STABILITY.

"Leave well alone," say the supporters of the McBride administration in submitting their otherwise discredited cause to the people. This is intended as a special appeal to the business interests of the province. Is it well for the business interests of British Columbia, or for any section of the people of British Columbia, that the affairs of the province should be handed over to an insignificant band of revolutionaries in order that a government may enjoy in its own peculiar way the fruits of office? We shall again call the attention of business men, and of all men who honestly desire stable government, government that will inspire confidence and promote development, to the statement of Mr. Davidson, one of the Socialists in the late legislature and again a candidate in the constituency of Slocan—a statement that has not been, and cannot be, contradicted, that all bills prepared by the government had to be submitted to the Socialist members before they were brought before the House.

That was the condition that obtained during the past three years of McBride rule. It is the condition that is going to obtain during the coming four years in case the McBride government be returned again, as it hopes to be returned, with the support of Comrade Hawthornthwaite and as many of his revolutionary colleagues as happen to secure election. We ask if it will be well for the prospects of any interest in British Columbia, for any class in British Columbia, if the fact should be published to the world that the government of the province is dominated by a band of Socialists, who have in the past and will in the future be permitted to pass on all government legislation submitted to the House and dictate whether or not it shall be permitted to pass into statutory enactment? That is the point it behoves the people to consider carefully and to weigh well in their minds.

The fact has been particularly obvious during the course of the campaign that not a single Conservative candidate, not a single Conservative newspaper, has dared to say a word condemnatory of the Socialist propaganda. Comrade Hawthornthwaite has repeatedly given utterance to revolutionary, even treasonable, statements. He has emphatically declared that he and his deluded followers will never be satisfied until the British flag has been replaced on all public buildings by the red flag of anarchy. Conservative newspapers which profess to be of a particularly loyal type, to be just a little superior to their neighbors in their devotion to existing institutions, have had repeated opportunities to express their opinions of Comrade Hawthornthwaite's ravings. But their mouths have been closed—their pens have refused to perform their office. They dared not say a word, because they know the Premier has no hope of continuing in power except under the conditions that have prevailed during the past three years. Yet they plead that "well shall be left alone." Business stability and industrial confidence demand it!

It is not apparent that the future well-being of British Columbia depends that the regime of Socialism through McBrideism shall be brought to an immediate end or a worse thing befall? It is not imperative upon all thoughtful electors to mark their ballots in the manner that is most likely to restore responsible government, not to speak of honest and clean government, to the province of British Columbia?

IN DESPAIR.

The question is, why did Premier McBride run away? A few days ago he came over to Victoria and surveyed the situation, straightway heing himself over to the Mainland, where he is now booked to address several public meetings on behalf of his candidates. Was the Premier appalled by what his supporters told him in regard to the situation here, or was he called back to Dewdney in the hope of his presence stemming the flood of condemnation that threatens to overwhelm him in his own particular pocket borough? Whatever may have been the cause of the panic that has overtaken Mr. McBride and his supporters, we believe it will be generally agreed that he has not treated either his candidates or his voters as constituents in Victoria fairly, leaving the trivial consideration of courtesy out of the matter entirely.

It will be claimed, of course, that the Premier is ill; that the arduous work of the campaign has strained his physical constitution to the breaking-down point, and that on the advice of his physician he has been compelled to forebear from further active political work. But when he was a couple of days ago the Premier was in good health. Why did he not take advantage of the opportunity, face his constituents here, explain the reasons of his un-

questioned hostility to Victoria, and by his actual presence, if not by the effectiveness of any defence he could make, cheer up the hearts of his dispirited and beaten fellow-members on the Socialist-Conservative ticket? There are two reasonable explanations of his apparently pusillanimous course. He recognized that which is quite apparent to all persons who have followed the course of the campaign here: His presence on the ticket in this city has weakened the hopelessly weak trio who were nominated by the packed convention or in the forlorn hope of making secure his seat in the Legislature he has gone back to Dewdney to endeavor to counteract the strong personal influence of Mr. Robert Jardine there.

When ten days ago the Times was formed that Premier McBride would not dare to face a Victoria audience during the campaign, and endeavor to show cause why he should receive the support of the electors of the city, we received the suggestion with what we considered to be justifiable incredulity. But that prediction has been amply justified by the course of the Premier. He has indubitably shirked the ordeal. He has dealt with characteristic treachery towards his three colleagues on the Socialist-Conservative ticket who depended on his personal influence (which is admittedly not of much account), and his claimed platform ability (which is confessedly a negligible factor), to help them in the fight. By his action he has in the most compelling fashion admitted the hopelessness of his cause. He has conceded Vancouver Island to the Liberal party, and he has gone over to the Mainland dispirited and a beaten leader in the hope of securing the election of sufficient followers there (with the assistance of the Socialists) to enable him to retain his position on Premier of British Columbia. That is the situation. We ask the electors of Victoria to mark it well and their ballots right. The political situation on the Island represents the political situation in all sections of the province.

A CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S FOLLY. If it be true, as the Premier says, that Mr. Green was the best Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works British Columbia ever had, why was he permitted to resign from the government? Holding such an opinion, surely Mr. McBride will not deny that Mr. Green's prestige as an efficient, honest and honorable administrator would have been of almost inestimable value to the government during the present campaign. And, holding such an opinion, it is quite clear Mr. Green did not resign with the Premier's consent. Having said so much, Mr. McBride should now, in order to clear up the situation completely, tell the public the truth with respect to Mr. Green's resignation. It is quite evident that the whole truth has not been told. The story about pressure of private business is far from satisfactory, because pressure of private business has raised no objections to the release of reserves in localities which promise to be thickly populated simply because it is desirable in the interests of the Indians themselves that they should be removed from the proximity of cities and towns, where their presence, as we know from experience in Victoria, creates problems that are difficult to solve and reach a certain stage.

It has been asserted that the Dominion government and the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company apropos of this Digby Island reserve question are in collusion for the purpose of getting the better of the province. It is not easy to see how such a thing can be when all the facts are taken into consideration. It is claimed that if the railway company obtained the release of the reserve it might make its terminal townships, and thus detract from the value of the fourth interest in Kaituma Island which is inherent in the province according to the provisions of a statute passed in 1856 on the initiative of Mr. Fred Hume, now Liberal candidate in Ymir. Is the covenant of the Anderson-Larsen syndicate, to procure the location of the railway, with all the round houses, etc., which usually go therewith, of so little value that the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company can really place the terminals and the stations where it pleases? It will be remembered that at one time the only excuse put forward on behalf of the government for the deal with the band of adventurers was that but for the bargain no one knew where the terminals might be located—that British Columbia might lose them altogether.

However, the explanations and the apologies for this peculiar transaction have been so various and so curious that they need not be considered seriously. If they were not regarded as calling for apologies we should never have had the Digby Island matter placed over against the Kaituma Island in order to attempt to distract public attention. And if the bargain between the Indians and the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company was examined, we do not see wherein the friends of the government can find any foundation for the claim that they have saved the province millions of dollars. Some of them assert that the refusal of the McBride government to surrender the province's reversionary rights may benefit British Columbia to the amount of millions of dollars. Now we should like to be informed at what date in the future the province is likely to come into this rich inheritance. The province can have no right or title to that land while a mem-

ber of a strong tribe remains in existence. If the tribe remains on its present reserve and the growth of the city of Prince Rupert increases the value of that reserve to millions of dollars, will the Indians of Digby Island be likely to remain as obedient as the Indians of the Songhees, reserve adjacent as jealous of their rights? The advocates of the cause of the McBride government know that not only has that government not saved the province a cent by its attitude on the reserve question, it has sacrificed millions in its dealings with the Kaituma Islanders, and it would have given away property worth millions if there had not been a barrier in the way in the shape of the statutory provision which retains for the public a quarter interest in all townships.

INTENSIFIED FRUIT JUICES AN IMPROVEMENT ON NATURE A Discovery that is Revolutionizing Medicine.

Remarkable Success Attends the Finding of a New Medicinal Compound by Combining the Juices of Apples, Oranges, Figs and Prunes

Fruit helps to keep one healthy. Fruit, in itself, will not cure disease. The medicinal principle of that part of fruit which has a curative effect is in such infinitesimal quantities, that it is unable to overcome a diseased condition of the stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys or skin. To make it more valuable still, this physician added the finest tonics and antiseptics, and then, by evaporating the entire compound to a powder, made it into tablets. This, in short, is the method of making "Fruit-a-lives"—these wonderful tablets—the most reliable cure for Constipation, Biliousness, Stomach Troubles, Kidney and Bladder Disease and Skin Affections. Being made from fruit, "Fruit-a-lives" may be taken by women and children, without fear of ill-effects.

Don't take a substitute. If your druggist does not handle them, send 50c. for a box to Fruit-a-lives, Limited, Ottawa.

Cyphers Incubators and Brooders. Poultry Foods and Drinking Fountains. These goods have a wide reputation for high standard of excellence. FOR SALE BY Watson & McGregor, 88, 90 and 92, JOHNSTON STREET.

Notice is hereby given that, 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated in Rupert District, B. C.: Township No. 3, Section 31, Township No. 4, Section 31, Township No. 5, Section 31, Township No. 6, Section 31, Township No. 7, Section 31, Township No. 8, Section 31, Township No. 9, Section 31, Township No. 10, Section 31, Township No. 11, Section 31, Township No. 12, Section 31, Township No. 13, Section 31, Township No. 14, Section 31, Township No. 15, Section 31, Township No. 16, Section 31, Township No. 17, Section 31, Township No. 18, Section 31, Township No. 19, Section 31, Township No. 20, Section 31, Township No. 21, Section 31, Township No. 22, Section 31, Township No. 23, Section 31, Township No. 24, Section 31, Township No. 25, Section 31, Township No. 26, Section 31, Township No. 27, Section 31, Township No. 28, Section 31, Township No. 29, Section 31, Township No. 30, Section 31, Township No. 31, Section 31, Township No. 32, Section 31, Township No. 33, Section 31, Township No. 34, Section 31, Township No. 35, Section 31, Township No. 36, Section 31, Township No. 37, Section 31, Township No. 38, Section 31, Township No. 39, Section 31, Township No. 40, Section 31, Township No. 41, Section 31, Township No. 42, Section 31, Township No. 43, Section 31, Township No. 44, Section 31, Township No. 45, Section 31, Township No. 46, Section 31, Township No. 47, Section 31, Township No. 48, Section 31, Township No. 49, Section 31, Township No. 50, Section 31, Township No. 51, Section 31, Township No. 52, Section 31, Township No. 53, Section 31, Township No. 54, Section 31, Township No. 55, Section 31, Township No. 56, Section 31, Township No. 57, Section 31, Township No. 58, Section 31, Township No. 59, Section 31, Township No. 60, Section 31, Township No. 61, Section 31, Township No. 62, Section 31, Township No. 63, Section 31, Township No. 64, Section 31, Township No. 65, Section 31, Township No. 66, Section 31, Township No. 67, Section 31, Township No. 68, Section 31, Township No. 69, Section 31, Township No. 70, Section 31, Township No. 71, Section 31, Township No. 72, Section 31, Township No. 73, Section 31, Township No. 74, Section 31, Township No. 75, Section 31, Township No. 76, Section 31, Township No. 77, Section 31, Township No. 78, Section 31, Township No. 79, Section 31, Township No. 80, Section 31, Township No. 81, Section 31, Township No. 82, Section 31, Township No. 83, Section 31, Township No. 84, Section 31, Township No. 85, Section 31, Township No. 86, Section 31, Township No. 87, Section 31, Township No. 88, Section 31, Township No. 89, Section 31, Township No. 90, Section 31, Township No. 91, Section 31, Township No. 92, Section 31, Township No. 93, Section 31, Township No. 94, Section 31, Township No. 95, Section 31, Township No. 96, Section 31, Township No. 97, Section 31, Township No. 98, Section 31, Township No. 99, Section 31, Township No. 100, Section 31, Township No. 101, Section 31, Township No. 102, Section 31, Township No. 103, Section 31, Township No. 104, Section 31, Township No. 105, Section 31, Township No. 106, Section 31, Township No. 107, Section 31, Township No. 108, Section 31, Township No. 109, Section 31, Township No. 110, Section 31, Township No. 111, Section 31, Township No. 112, Section 31, Township No. 113, Section 31, Township No. 114, Section 31, Township No. 115, Section 31, Township No. 116, Section 31, Township No. 117, Section 31, Township No. 118, Section 31, Township No. 119, Section 31, Township No. 120, Section 31, Township No. 121, Section 31, Township No. 122, Section 31, Township No. 123, Section 31, Township No. 124, Section 31, Township No. 125, Section 31, Township No. 126, Section 31, Township No. 127, Section 31, Township No. 128, Section 31, Township No. 129, Section 31, Township No. 130, Section 31, Township No. 131, Section 31, Township No. 132, Section 31, Township No. 133, Section 31, Township No. 134, Section 31, Township No. 135, Section 31, Township No. 136, Section 31, Township No. 137, Section 31, Township No. 138, Section 31, Township No. 139, Section 31, Township No. 140, Section 31, Township No. 141, Section 31, Township No. 142, Section 31, Township No. 143, Section 31, Township No. 144, Section 31, Township No. 145, Section 31, Township No. 146, Section 31, Township No. 147, Section 31, Township No. 148, Section 31, Township No. 149, Section 31, Township No. 150, Section 31, Township No. 151, Section 31, Township No. 152, Section 31, Township No. 153, Section 31, Township No. 154, Section 31, Township No. 155, Section 31, Township No. 156, Section 31, Township No. 157, Section 31, Township No. 158, Section 31, Township No. 159, Section 31, Township No. 160, Section 31, Township No. 161, Section 31, Township No. 162, Section 31, Township No. 163, Section 31, Township No. 164, Section 31, Township No. 165, Section 31, Township No. 166, Section 31, Township No. 167, Section 31, Township No. 168, Section 31, Township No. 169, Section 31, Township No. 170, Section 31, Township No. 171, Section 31, Township No. 172, Section 31, Township No. 173, Section 31, Township No. 174, Section 31, Township No. 175, Section 31, Township No. 176, Section 31, Township No. 177, Section 31, Township No. 178, Section 31, Township No. 179, Section 31, Township No. 180, Section 31, Township No. 181, Section 31, Township No. 182, Section 31, Township No. 183, Section 31, Township No. 184, Section 31, Township No. 185, Section 31, Township No. 186, Section 31, Township No. 187, Section 31, Township No. 188, Section 31, Township No. 189, Section 31, Township No. 190, Section 31, Township No. 191, Section 31, Township No. 192, Section 31, Township No. 193, Section 31, Township No. 194, Section 31, Township No. 195, Section 31, Township No. 196, Section 31, Township No. 197, Section 31, Township No. 198, Section 31, Township No. 199, Section 31, Township No. 200, Section 31, Township No. 201, Section 31, Township No. 202, Section 31, Township No. 203, Section 31, Township No. 204, Section 31, Township No. 205, Section 31, Township No. 206, Section 31, Township No. 207, Section 31, Township No. 208, Section 31, Township No. 209, Section 31, Township No. 210, Section 31, Township No. 211, Section 31, Township No. 212, Section 31, Township No. 213, Section 31, Township No. 214, Section 31, Township No. 215, Section 31, Township No. 216, Section 31, Township No. 217, Section 31, Township No. 218, Section 31, Township No. 219, Section 31, Township No. 220, Section 31, Township No. 221, Section 31, Township No. 222, Section 31, Township No. 223, Section 31, Township No. 224, Section 31, Township No. 225, Section 31, Township No. 226, Section 31, Township No. 227, Section 31, Township No. 228, Section 31, Township No. 229, Section 31, Township No. 230, Section 31, Township No. 231, Section 31, Township No. 232, Section 31, Township No. 233, Section 31, Township No. 234, Section 31, Township No. 235, Section 31, Township No. 236, Section 31, Township No. 237, Section 31, Township No. 238, Section 31, Township No. 239, Section 31, Township No. 240, Section 31, Township No. 241, Section 31, Township No. 242, Section 31, Township No. 243, Section 31, Township No. 244, Section 31, Township No. 245, Section 31, Township No. 246, Section 31, Township No. 247, Section 31, Township No. 248, Section 31, Township No. 249, Section 31, Township No. 250, Section 31, Township No. 251, Section 31, Township No. 252, Section 31, Township No. 253, Section 31, Township No. 254, Section 31, Township No. 255, Section 31, Township No. 256, Section 31, Township No. 257, Section 31, Township No. 258, Section 31, Township No. 259, Section 31, Township No. 260, Section 31, Township No. 261, Section 31, Township No. 262, Section 31, Township No. 263, Section 31, Township No. 264, Section 31, Township No. 265, Section 31, Township No. 266, Section 31, Township No. 267, Section 31, Township No. 268, Section 31, Township No. 269, Section 31, Township No. 270, Section 31, Township No. 271, Section 31, Township No. 272, Section 31, Township No. 273, Section 31, Township No. 274, Section 31, Township No. 275, Section 31, Township No. 276, Section 31, Township No. 277, Section 31, Township No. 278, Section 31, Township No. 279, Section 31, Township No. 280, Section 31, Township No. 281, Section 31, Township No. 282, Section 31, Township No. 283, Section 31, Township No. 284, Section 31, Township No. 285, Section 31, Township No. 286, Section 31, Township No. 287, Section 31, Township No. 288, Section 31, Township No. 289, Section 31, Township No. 290, Section 31, Township No. 291, Section 31, Township No. 292, Section 31, Township No. 293, Section 31, Township No. 294, Section 31, Township No. 295, Section 31, Township No. 296, Section 31, Township No. 297, Section 31, Township No. 298, Section 31, Township No. 299, Section 31, Township No. 300, Section 31, Township No. 301, Section 31, Township No. 302, Section 31, Township No. 303, Section 31, Township No. 304, Section 31, Township No. 305, Section 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Township No. 339, Section 31, Township No. 340, Section 31, Township No. 341, Section 31, Township No. 342, Section 31, Township No. 343, Section 31, Township No. 344, Section 31, Township No. 345, Section 31, Township No. 346, Section 31, Township No. 347, Section 31, Township No. 348, Section 31, Township No. 349, Section 31, Township No. 350, Section 31, Township No. 351, Section 31, Township No. 352, Section 31, Township No. 353, Section 31, Township No. 354, Section 31, Township No. 355, Section 31, Township No. 356, Section 31, Township No. 357, Section 31, Township No. 358, Section 31, Township No. 359, Section 31, Township No. 360, Section 31, Township No. 361, Section 31, Township No. 362, Section 31, Township No. 363, Section 31, Township No. 364, Section 31, Township No. 365, Section 31, Township No. 366, Section 31, Township No. 367, Section 31, Township No. 368, Section 31, Township No. 369, Section 31, Township No. 370, Section 31, Township No. 371, Section 31, Township No. 372, Section 31, Township No. 373, Section 31, Township No. 374, Section 31, Township No. 375, Section 31, Township No. 376, Section 31, Township No. 377, Section 31, Township No. 378, Section 31, Township No. 379, Section 31, Township No. 380, Section 31, Township No. 381, Section 31, Township No. 382, Section 31, Township No. 383, Section 31, Township No. 384, Section 31, Township No. 385, Section 31, Township No. 386, Section 31, Township No. 387, Section 31, Township No. 388, Section 31, Township No. 389, Section 31, Township No. 390, Section 31, Township No. 391, Section 31, Township No. 392, Section 31, Township No. 393, Section 31, Township No. 394, Section 31, Township No. 395, Section 31, Township No. 396, Section 31, Township No. 397, Section 31, Township No. 398, Section 31, Township No. 399, Section 31, Township No. 400, Section 31, Township No. 401, Section 31, Township No. 402, Section 31, Township No. 403, Section 31, Township No. 404, Section 31, Township No. 405, Section 31, Township No. 406, Section 31, Township No. 407, Section 31, Township No. 408, Section 31, Township No. 409, Section 31, Township No. 410, Section 31, Township No. 411, Section 31, Township No. 412, Section 31, Township No. 413, Section 31, Township No. 414, Section 31, Township No. 415, Section 31, Township No. 416, Section 31, Township No. 417, Section 31, Township No. 418, Section 31, Township No. 419, Section 31, Township No. 420, Section 31, Township No. 421, Section 31, Township No. 422, Section 31, Township No. 423, Section 31, Township No. 424, Section 31, Township No. 425, Section 31, Township No. 426, Section 31, Township No. 427, Section 31, Township No. 428, Section 31, Township No. 429, Section 31, Township No. 430, Section 31, Township No. 431, Section 31, Township No. 432, Section 31, Township No. 433, Section 31, Township No. 434, Section 31, Township No. 435, Section 31, Township No. 436, Section 31, Township No. 437, Section 31, Township No. 438, Section 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Township No. 472, Section 31, Township No. 473, Section 31, Township No. 474, Section 31, Township No. 475, Section 31, Township No. 476, Section 31, Township No. 477, Section 31, Township No. 478, Section 31, Township No. 479, Section 31, Township No. 480, Section 31, Township No. 481, Section 31, Township No. 482, Section 31, Township No. 483, Section 31, Township No. 484, Section 31, Township No. 485, Section 31, Township No. 486, Section 31, Township No. 487, Section 31, Township No. 488, Section 31, Township No. 489, Section 31, Township No. 490, Section 31, Township No. 491, Section 31, Township No. 492, Section 31, Township No. 493, Section 31, Township No. 494, Section 31, Township No. 495, Section 31, Township No. 496, Section 31, Township No. 497, Section 31, Township No. 498, Section 31, Township No. 499, Section 31, Township No. 500, Section 31, Township No. 501, Section 31, Township No. 502, Section 31, Township No. 503, Section 31, Township No. 504, Section 31, Township 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may be being warm-... of his old com-... in the Egyptian

THAW'S COUNSEL MAKE STATEMENT

REGARDING THE LINE OF DEFENCE

Say Accused Will be Set Free on Strict Application of State Laws.

TER XLII. body battle of Toak... 20th Hussars—by the... Sir Francis Grant... Wad en Nelum, with... several thou-... killed, with one... captured. The... Pasha... to Cairo.

New York, Jan. 28.—The trial of Harry K. Thaw for the killing of Stanford White will be resumed to-day before Justice Fitzgerald in the criminal branch of the supreme court.

It will probably be at least two days before the five jurors still needed will be obtained.

The line of defence for Thaw was decided on yesterday in an important conference held in the apartments of D. M. Delmas, counsel for Thaw.

Thaw's counsel issued the following statement last night: "Harry K. Thaw will be freed on the strict application of the laws on the statute books of the state of New York."

Nine Jurors Selected. When court adjourned this evening there were nine men in the jury box, one having been added during the morning and a second just before the hour of adjournment, 5 o'clock.

IN THE COURTS.

Appeal Heard Yesterday Forenoon in Victoria City vs. Belyea.

The Full court resumed its sittings yesterday. The appeal in City of Victoria vs. Belyea is being argued. In this case, an appeal is taken by the city from the decision of Judge Lampan relative to the question of the revenue fees claimed by the city from practicing barristers in Victoria.

Judgment has been given in the Empire Manufacturing Company vs. Levy & Co. by the Full court. The case was an appeal from a decision of Judge Fortin.

BIG BLAZE AT WINNIPEG.

Loss is Estimated at Over Two Hundred Thousand Dollars. Winnipeg, Jan. 28.—Fire which broke out to-night in the warehouse owned by Bright & Johnston and occupied principally by representatives of Eastern wholesalers and manufacturers, caused a loss estimated at over \$200,000.

DR. CHOWN'S MEETINGS.

Spoke Four Times Last Sunday Upon His Special Subject, "Temperance." Rev. Dr. Chown held some large audiences in the city Sunday. He spoke four times, preaching in the Centennial and the Agricultural Association, asking the aid, Vincent and Fell voting against it.

WOMAN'S AUXILIARY.

Will Aid the Work of Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. As the collecting for the Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals is being commenced throughout the town, it is thought wise that the public should be made accurately acquainted with the work by which this work is being conducted.

SAYS HE NEVER RECEIVED STOCK

Nelson, Jan. 28.—Nell F. MacKay, who was in Nelson yesterday, said: "With reference to the charges made by the Vancouver World, I wish to say that Mr. Green's statement as to how Sir Adolphe Caron was asked to issue stock in the Transcontinental syndicate is absolutely correct."

LEGAL NEWS.

Appeals in Full Court—Judgment Given by Judge Lampan. In the Full court to-day, the appeal in McMillan vs. Fernie is being argued. It will occupy all day.

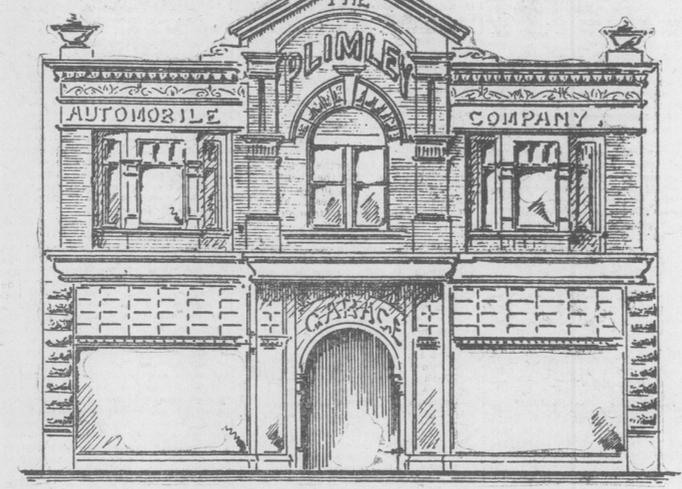
SERGEANT MURRAY RETURNS.

Witnesses in the Alleged Murder Case at Salt Spring Island Summoned. Sergeant Murray, of the provincial police, has returned from Salt Spring Island, where he has spent several days gathering information relative to the murder of Alfred Douglas.

SUICIDE ON RAILWAY.

With Arms Entwined Man and Woman Stood on Track and Were Killed by Train. Camden, N. J., Jan. 28.—With arms entwined an unknown young man and woman stood on the tracks of the Pennsylvania electric railroad over Newton creek, yesterday, and calmly waited until an electric train ran them down. Both were killed and their bodies hurled into the water.

BODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. THE GREAT KIDNEY DISCOURSER. GENUINE BODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. BODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. BODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.



THE INVASION OF JAMES BAY.

The above is the new building which is shortly to be erected on the corner of Government and Superior streets for the Pimley Automobile Company. It will be the first business house which has a frontage on James Bay; a centre which many believe will play an important part in the future of the city.

agents for Canadian, American and foreign firms. Repairing supplies of every description will also be carried. An automobile tally-ho, capable of seating sixteen people, will be an innovation provided by the company.

NEW COUNCIL TRANSACTS BUSINESS

Many Matters Come Before His Worship and the New City Fathers. At the regular meeting of the city council held Monday all the aldermen were present except Dr. Hall.

SOCIALIST LEADER HEARD LAST NIGHT

Premier McBride's Ally, Paints in Lurid Colors the Policy of His Party. (From Tuesday's Daily). "Our object is to get the reins of government. Here and in the wide world, it is the policy of the Socialists to get back the means of life which have been robbed from the wage-earning class."

RECORD LUMBER CARGO.

The steamship Totemham has now almost completed loading and when she sails from Vancouver she will carry the largest cargo of lumber that has ever been shipped from the Pacific coast. Her destination is Port San Marquese and she will probably sail within the next few days.

QUEEN CITY ARRIVES.

On Tuesday the steamer Queen City reached Victoria, having been far north as Cape Scott. Fine weather and light winds favored her during the trip. She brings from Sechart 10 tons of coal and 100 barrels of oil.

AGAIN IN COMMAND.

Captain Thomas O. Griffin, of Victoria, who was in command of the steamer Princess Victoria when she ran into the steamer Chehalis in Burrard Inlet last July, involving the loss of life and the motive of the crime still remains a mystery.

MARINE NOTES.

C. P. R. Princess May replaced the Princess Beatrice on the Victoria-Seattle run. She carries 121 passengers and 274 tons of general cargo for this port.

TWO WEEKS' TRIP TO VOTE.

Electors of Clo-oose, Denied a Ballot Box, Journey to Cowichan. Rev. A. C. Dockstadter and several other voters from Clo-oose arrived on the Queen City Tuesday on their way to Cowichan to record their votes on election day.

MAN DROWNED.

Vancouver, Jan. 28.—Geo. W. Stratton also was in the memory of those who were drowned in the Cowichan river falls on Friday afternoon and his body has not yet been recovered.

GOING TO WIN.

Prospects For Return of Liberals Regarded as Bright. Ottawa, Jan. 28.—Private letters and telegrams received here from British Columbia from Conservatives as well as Liberals go to show that the Liberals are going to win.

THE MURDER OF MERCHANT.

Verdict of Coroner's Jury—Nature of Crime Still a Mystery. London, Jan. 28.—A verdict of wilful murder was rendered by a coroner's jury this morning against Horace George Raynor, the man who shot and killed William Whiteley, the well known West-Scottish grocer merchant, on January 24th.

ELECTIONS IN GERMANY.

Berlin, Jan. 28.—According to the latest returns of the Reichstag election, held Saturday, received by the Wolf bureau, the Socialists have gained one and lost two seats; the two Conservative parties have gained nine and lost six seats; the Clericals have gained five and lost two seats; the National Liberals have gained nine and lost one seat; the Radical groups have gained five and lost two seats; the Poles have gained two; the Guelphs have lost three and the Agrarian and anti-Semitic groups have gained two and lost five seats each.

RAILWAY COLLISION.

Fireman Killed and Several Other Trainmen Hurt. Dickinson, N. D., Jan. 28.—A mix-up in orders, it is alleged, caused a collision between Northern Pacific passenger train No. 4, eastbound, and No. 5 westbound, four miles east of Dickinson early this morning.

Ask your grocer for Canadian Wheat Flakes

BRACKMAN-KER MILLING CO., LTD. NATIONAL MILLS. Each packet contains a very handsome premium of fine chocolate.

GOVERNMENT MAY HOLD INQUIRY

Report that a Commission Will be Appointed to Investigate the Affair. London, Jan. 28.—According to a Kingston, Jamaica, dispatch to the Sun under date of yesterday, as a result of the attitude of Governor Sweetnam in regard to the American debt, the British government is likely to order a commission to inquire into the alleged report to Admiral Davis.

SHAWNIAN LAKE FROZEN.

Ice Reported to Cover the Whole Surface—Cattle Birds Suffering. (From Tuesday's Daily). For the second time in the memory of residents of the district Shawniang lake is now frozen over. Skaters yesterday were afforded an opportunity of having seven miles of clear ice at their disposal, and quite a number took advantage of the opportunity.

BEATRICE FOR SKAOGWAY ROUTE.

The initial trip of the C. P. R. steamer Princess Beatrice on the Victoria-Skaogway route will be inaugurated to-morrow. The steamer will leave the Belleville street dock at 12 noon for Skaogway, calling at Port Essington, Prince Rupert and Port Simpson, as well as other intermediate points.

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WHERE EBERTS MET "HIS WATERLOO"

Conservative Candidate For Saanich Bested in Argument By R. L. Drury and John Piercy at Boleskine Road.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

After being allowed three extra periods of two minutes each, in addition to the thirty minutes, which, according to the agreement under which he came there, was to be his sole period to speak, Mr. Eberts, K. C., ex-minister of a British Columbia government, ex-member of various British Columbia parliaments and Conservative candidate in Saanich, opposed his unaided vocal cords to the "booms" of an almost unanimous audience, and rushed from the platform screaming "Overruled" in tones that were almost articulate from rage. It was after an exhibition to which electors of Anglo-Saxon origin are seldom treated. It was after the same gentleman had been accorded a fair hearing, by his opponents, John Piercy, the opposing candidate; R. L. Drury and the other speakers. It was after Mr. Eberts, with a charm of manner peculiarly his own, a verve and diction quite unexampled, had slung his opponents, exchanged compliments with various individuals in the audience, had volunteered to slap the face of one of the other speakers upon the platform and had refused to accept the rulings of the chairman, or to desist in making personalities, that this climax occurred at St. Mark's schoolhouse, Boleskine road, last evening.

And the audience, with the exception of the few bona fide Conservatives present, enjoyed it thoroughly. The Saanich electors present were mostly Liberal in sentiment, but a strong body of Conservative heeled had been brought from town in Mr. Eberts' interest.

The meeting opened at 8:15 o'clock, with a speech from the chairman, Alfred Fawcett, who touched briefly upon various misdoings of the present government. He called upon D. Stevens to speak.

D. STEVENS.

In opening, Mr. Stevens contrasted the records of the two candidates in Saanich, John Piercy, a man who has a long and honorable record behind him, who had proved in his own affairs that he had business ability and the capacity to look after their interests with that of his opponent, Mr. Eberts, who had a parliamentary record of 13 years and upon that past record you can judge of his future performance, if elected. His record in the past was not such as to recommend his return.

The speaker referred to the road-making scandals when Mr. Eberts was member for Saanich, when he had gross favorites, some receiving \$3,000 to \$4,000 per foot in an instant, and the chairman had to interpose to save order. He besought Mr. Eberts not to be personal.

"Yes, sir," Mr. Eberts remarked, "I have an affidavit in which a man declares that Mr. Piercy called me a rogue."

Mr. Eberts walked across and ground his feet upon the floor. He said that he was unable to find the affidavit. Later he produced it. It was signed by Wm. Sinclair, of Cadboro Bay, in which he was a resident. He said that a gentleman named Sears had carried him for his vote on January 25th. On his refusing Mr. Piercy said: "Why do you refuse to go to vote for Eberts. He was turned out of two governments for roguery."

Mr. Piercy denied using this in the sense quoted, and Mr. Sears, who was in the audience, confirmed his statement. Mr. Sears further asked if Mr. Eberts' informant had told him also that there was in it if he voted for Piercy.

This statement was received with applause by the audience. Mr. Eberts called out: "If you won't keep still down there, you'll have to get out. Keep still for we've got the men here to turn you out."

Mr. Eberts then pointed to Mr. Tatlow's financial policy. If he had found it necessary to borrow \$1,000,000 at 5 per cent, the annual payments would be \$50,000. On this they paid \$25,000. Tatlow was obtaining interest at 3 per cent from the province's moneys in the bank. This reduces the interest they had to pay on the loan this year to less than \$10,000. It would in a year or so wipe it out.

The speaker then went into the Kalen Island matter. He defended the government's bargain and reviewed it at length. He contrasted it with the Dominion government's dealing with the Grand Trunk Pacific in the affair of Digby Island, when the Dominion government had endeavored to persuade the provincial legislature to waive its reversionary rights.

The government had dealt directly with the T. T. P. and had made a splendid bargain.

Mr. Eberts' time elapsed at this moment. He was informed of the fact by the chairman. He complained that he would be sandwiched between several Liberal speakers, which was unfair, but always the policy of his opponents.

The chairman introduced R. L. Drury, who was received with applause.

R. L. DRURY.

Mr. Drury, on rising, asked that the meeting grant Mr. Eberts time to reply to their speech. Mr. Eberts' remarks were granted, and the space of fifteen minutes was specified.

Mr. Drury pointed out that the necessity for the \$1,000,000 loan had been established. The government realized the loan in March, 1904. In the June following, they had over \$500,000 to their credit in the bank. They were paying 5 per cent for the money borrowed and receiving but 3 per cent on the money banked. For one year and a half they were making 5 per cent on an overdraft on the bank, when they had the money to pay it and all that

was necessary was to write out a cheque transferring it.

He referred to the opposition's suggested alternative plan whereby the country could later have availed themselves of the easier money conditions. Where did Tatlow get his surplus? He got it because he was seeing a chance to give better terms to the province, had turned back to this province the increased tax on the Chinese amounting to \$250,000. This was money that the Conservatives had ever done. It was a free gift from Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Mr. Drury referred to Mr. Eberts' statement that it was the house, not the government, which had defeated the proposal to exempt improvements on farm lands. He read from the minutes of the house. It was the Liberals who voted in favor. All Conservatives and Socialists who voted against. Mr. Eberts was compelled to confess Mr. Piercy had been correct in his original statement.

"Cries: 'Good boy, Drury!'"

Mr. Drury then referred to the Kalen Island matter. Mr. Eberts had said Mr. Anderson did not receive a cent from the G. T. P.

"That was a quibble. He had got \$10,000 from Larsen and 3,000 acres of valuable coal lands also. What did Larsen get from the G. T. P.?" (Applause.)

Mr. Eberts praised the government for retaining quarter of the townsite. They could do nothing else. This was provided for by law, a law which had been placed on the statute books through the instrumentality of a Liberal, Mr. Hume. (Applause.)

Columbian Western Railway.

Mr. Drury then referred to the Columbian Western railway. The C. P. R. had never carried out the agreement which was to build right through to Penton. The road was only built to Midway. They had failed in the spirit of the contract and it was right that they should suffer. Yet the government had given them 800,000 acres of land. In doing this the government had not imposed a condition that their freight and passenger rates should be subject to provincial control. They had voted down the opposition amendment.

Preservation of Forests.

Mr. Drury then launched out on his favorite topic—the preservation of the

forests from fire and speculators. In a telling speech he showed that the government had refused to act in the first matter, and so now there was more timber burned yearly than cut up in the mills.

Mr. Drury referred to the plea of the government for their retention in power on the ground that a change would destroy prosperity.

Specifically he showed that the present prosperity was due to the activity in the lumber trade, due to the Dominion government's immigration policy and the consequent increased demand in the Northwest; the railway construction at present under way in the province—the Grand Trunk Pacific and the V. V. & E., both built under the auspices of the Dominion government, which the Conservatives had opposed; the mining activity, in which the Dominion government had not interfered, but which the Dominion government had bonused; the fisheries, which was altogether under Dominion control.

IN REBUITAL.

Mr. Eberts was received with jeering cries, and was asked to speak on better terms. He became angry and denounced his hearers several times. When one gentleman held up a volume containing the report of the commission with regard to the Columbian Western railway and asked Mr. Eberts if he knew, that gentleman volunteered the statement that he was perfectly familiar with the speaker's "ugly mug."

He defended the Andersons and said they had only benefited as other people could have. They did not own coal lands within miles of the Kalen Island townsite.

Mr. Eberts further plunged into the history of the Columbian & Western railway, and endeavored to justify the government's action in regard to that railway, when his time had elapsed Mr. Eberts refused to resume his seat. Despite the chairman's efforts he insisted on holding the floor.

Finally Mr. Drury was permitted to reply. He scarified Mr. Eberts' defence of the Andersons and the Kalen Island "if you condone this action, we know

HE ALSO USED A SPECIAL

New Denver, Jan. 29.—The Liberal leader, J. A. Macdonald, broke into the premier's class yesterday when he travelled on a C. P. R. special in order to keep his appointment to speak at New Denver. Arriving at Sandon from Kaslo he missed connections there, and was forced to walk the track to Three Forks, where a special palace hand-car, manned by two husky section hands, carried him in the face of a howling snowstorm to New Denver.

Mr. Macdonald wound up his campaign here last night, and leaves to-day for Rossland. The meeting here in Mr. Decker's tavern was a great success. Mr. Macdonald, in spite of a severe cold, making a splendid effective speech. He made many Liberal votes.

Ottawa, Jan. 29.—P. C. Martineau, barrister, Montreal, has been appointed judge of the Superior Court for St. Hyacinthe district.



J. A. MACDONALD.

AGAINST THE SOCIALISTS.

Parties in Germany Are Combining to Defeat Them.

Berlin, Jan. 29.—Political parties are combining against the Socialists in the ballot which is to be taken in the districts where none of the candidates for the Reichstag are Socialists. The party leaders met yesterday and decided not to support any of the Socialist representatives of the Conservative party from all the states of the empire and determined to unite with all other parties against the Socialists. The delegates of the National Liberals and two Radical groups met today to devise a plan to co-operate for the remainder of the campaign.

BOARDING HOUSE BURNED.

Narrow Escape of Inmates—Two Men Slightly Injured.

New Westminster, Jan. 29.—The old Port Moody House, at Port Moody, went up in smoke early on Sunday morning, and many of the inmates were fortunate in escaping with their lives. Several small sums of money were lost and a large quantity of personal property.

The building was one of the landmarks of the city, and had lately been used as a boarding house, with Mr. Milburn as proprietor. A member of the Milburn family, who slept downstairs, was awakened about four o'clock on Sunday morning by smoke in the room. He quickly roused the others, and a rush for the street was made in the very scant clothing that could be gathered up. The fire was extinguished, but it was only a few minutes before the flames had licked it up. Charles Collett jumped from the second story window and sprained his ankle badly, and Leonard Crawford was so badly burned about the face and hands that a doctor had to be summoned to attend him. All the fixtures were destroyed and a number of boarders sustained losses, one of them \$10 in cash, besides his trunk and clothing. Mr. Milburn lost \$80 which was lying in his room. The property loss is partly covered by insurance.

ANOTHER NEW JUDGE.

Ottawa, Jan. 29.—The cabinet has appointed Mr. Brunson, M. P., judge of the Sorel district in place of Mr. Justice Charbonneau, who goes to Montreal to take the place of Mr. Justice Taschereau, made chief justice of the Court of Appeals.

SUFFERING AMONG CHINESE.

Famine Worst in Forty Years—Officials Unable to Cope With Situation.

Washington, Jan. 29.—Mail reports from Chinese consuls and officers in China which have reached the State department regarding the famine and the resulting conditions still further confirm the reports of suffering and hardship among the people in the districts affected.

Consul Haynes at Nanking says that the famine is ten times worse than anything known in the past forty years of the Empire for the past forty years. The Chinese officials, he says, upon information given him by the viceroys, admit their inability to cope with the situation. The government is trying to help the starving people to keep their cattle, and to this end is taking out of the treasury in pawn for two taels each, keeping them thus until next spring, when it will return them. Consul-General Haynes declares that the financial standing of the province, which was in a state of ruin before the outbreak in November he placed his views squarely before the party. It will be noticed how much nearer the senator is in accord with the views of his namesake the liberal leader than with his juvenile title chief, Mr. McBride.

SENATOR MACDONALD ON BETTER TERMS

Views of the Veteran Conservative on the Bunting of Premier McBride at the Ottawa Conference.

Senator Macdonald, one of the old school of Conservatives in this province, is not in accord with the bluster and bragadocho campaign on better terms inaugurated by Premier McBride. In letters to the government organ in November he placed his views squarely before the party. It will be noticed how much nearer the senator is in accord with the views of his namesake the liberal leader than with his juvenile title chief, Mr. McBride.

BETTER TERMS.

Sir—May I be allowed an opinion on the part acted by our Premier at the recent conference of Premiers at Ottawa, as one who has presented on more than one occasion to the Dominion government and parliament the financial standing of this province, all of which must be well known to these two public bodies, and to the provincial Premiers to whom the parliamentary reports were forwarded. Our right to special financial consideration was clearly shown. No doubt, the intention of the Premiers was to discuss the claims of the provinces with a committee of cabinet Dominion ministers for adjustment, and not solely by themselves, and not that any group of Premiers should recommend to the special province should receive. How, or why the deliberations took this form, or why our Premier acquiesced in taking the turn, I cannot say. It is a dangerous thing in the heart of China, and that such conditions and circumstances will have a great effect upon the foreign interests, politically as well as commercially. China's new year, which luckily falls late this year, beginning in the second week of February, is watched for with no small degree of uneasiness.

Mr. Rodgers concludes: "My deliberation is that the next few months will see the development of dangerous things in the heart of China, and that such conditions and circumstances will have a great effect upon the foreign interests, politically as well as commercially. China's new year, which luckily falls late this year, beginning in the second week of February, is watched for with no small degree of uneasiness."

EXPRESS AND FREIGHT COLLIDE

FIVE EMPLOYEES OF RAILROAD KILLED

Bodies of Victims Badly Burned by Fire Which Followed the Collision.

Deerfield, Mass., Jan. 29.—Five persons were killed and several other injured in a collision between an express train and a special freight on the Fitchburg division of the Boston and Maine railroad, near South River today.

The killed were all employees of the railroad. The injured included railroad employees and several passengers.

The collision was caused by a sudden stopping of the express train, the freight crashing into the rear car before the danger signals could be set.

Conductor Geo. B. Busno, of the express train, living at Troy, New York, 47 years of age, married; the baggage-master of the express, C. W. Harrington, living at Troy, N. Y.; M. Fitzpatrick, living at Troy, New York, 47 years of age, married; the baggage-master of the express, C. W. Harrington, living at Troy, N. Y.; M. Fitzpatrick, living at Troy, New York, 47 years of age, married; the baggage-master of the express, C. W. Harrington, living at Troy, N. Y.; M. Fitzpatrick, living at Troy, New York, 47 years of age, married.

OFFICERS APPOINTED.

By Grand First Principal of Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons.

Toronto, Jan. 29.—Grand First Principal of the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons of Canada, M. E. Comp. John Leslie, of Winnipeg, has made the following appointments: Comp. J. W. Sanders, Port Hope, grand secretary; V. E. Comp. S. Kips, Toronto, grand junior warden; R. T. Comp. R. J. Nixon, Toronto, lecturer; V. E. Comp. Alex. Currie, London; sword bearer; V. E. Comp. Geo. H. Lanigan, Hamilton, master of first veil; V. E. Comp. S. B. Mince, N. E. Townsend, Rossland, master of third veil; V. E. Comp. Arch. Graham, Brockville, master of fourth veil; V. E. Comp. A. McCree, Vancouver, standard bearer; V. E. Comp. J. T. Cameron, Carleton Place, director of ceremonies; V. E. Comp. J. W. Patterson, S. S. Marie, organist; V. E. Comp. W. E. Millward, Grimby, pursuivant; V. E. Comp. F. A. Campbell, Kenora, steward; V. E. Comp. J. E. Bate, Millard, steward; V. E. Comp. J. T. Macdonald, Regina, steward; V. E. Comp. J. P. Kennedy, M. D., Wingham, steward; V. E. Comp. W. M. McGuire, Simcoe, steward; V. E. Comp. Richard Douglas, Dawson City, steward; V. E. Comp. W. T. Wilkinson, Amherstburg, steward; V. E. Comp. J. H. Fish, Orangeville, steward; V. E. Comp. W. E. Bain, Toronto, steward. The executive appointments are: H. A. McKibbin, Fort Arthur; Wm. Forbes, Grimby; D. H. McKillop, Carleton Place; F. W. Harcourt, Toronto; Oliver Elwood, London; Jas. McLaughlin, Owen Sound.

IN CRITICAL CONDITION.

No Improvement in Condition of Daughter of Earl and Lady Grey.

Ottawa, Jan. 29.—The Russell theatre on the occasion of the opening of their Excellencies theatrical and musical competition was a matter of beauty last night. There was a tone of sadness, their Excellencies, the prime movers in this unique movement of the Dominion, are very absent. The reason is the critical condition of Lady Victoria Grenfell, eldest daughter of their Excellencies, who arrived from Mexico two weeks ago, and was immediately stricken down with typhoid fever. Yesterday was a critical day, and her condition was decidedly serious, so much so that Dr. Tyrell, of Toronto, was hurriedly summoned to Ottawa. He arrived last evening and will remain in the capital for some days in attendance on Lady Victoria.

Two Ottawa companies held the boards last night. Their work was very good.

EXPLORATIONS IN ARCTIC.

Paris, Jan. 29.—The French academy of science has received from the Prince of Monaco a report on the chief features of his scientific campaign in the Arctic last winter. Aboard the two vessels 8 nationalities were represented among the active scientists, the most difficult work was the geodetic survey of the hitherto unexplored mountain region of Spitzbergen under the guidance of Capt. Isaacson, who with Sverdrup was on the Fram expedition. A party of seven Norwegian and one Frenchman covered 1,600 miles over the interior of the island, and covered the crests without any other resources than those carried by dog train.

The party obtained a complete chart of the region, and discovered the glaciers, only the summits of the mountain showing. The experiments were interesting. Flood balloons dispatched from the Princess Alice floated in the atmosphere up to the height of 3,000 feet. The air was so pure that the tiny balloons which only measure three by four feet could be shot up to the sky for a distance of 125 miles.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

London, Jan. 29.—Three ministerial appointments are announced. Walter Runciman, parliamentary secretary to the local government board, becomes financial secretary of the treasury; Chase, E. Hobhouse, Liberal member of parliament for Bristol, under secretary of state for India, and Thomas J. McNamee, Radical, M. P. for Cambridge, parliamentary secretary of the local government board.

About 1,500,000 acres grow the world's tobacco.

SMALL GREAT

WANTED—Male Help. Advertisements under this head word each insertion.

WANTED—Water, at Empire, ant, 35 Johnson street.

WANTED—Boy for delivery work, 15 years old, 210 Cook street.

WANTED—A reporter. Apply Editor, Times Office.

I MADE \$2000 in five years in one business; began with \$50; can do the work home. Send me; tell me how to get started. Box 576, Lockport, N. Y.

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSONS \$10 to \$100 monthly commission for advertising. Experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Press 8, Lockport, N. Y.

SMART BOY WANTED—At one Campbell's, 46 Government street.

WANTED—Messenger boys. A. F. R. Telegraph Office.

HELP WANTED—The above mentioned positions are open. Times attracts the attention of help in every line.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP

Advertisements under this head word each insertion.

WANTED—Shirt operators, collar makers, button hole operators, etc. Apply 207 St. James street, Smith, Blair & Co., Vancouver.

WANTED—Stenographer for law office. Experience unnecessary. Address Box 5, Times Office.

WANTED—Reliable general wages \$5. Mrs. H. H. Jones, 107 St. James street, Vancouver.

WANTED—A household help. Apply 118 Yates street.

WANTED—Young woman, to assist in housework. In comfortable home. Inquire 4 Douglas street, N. Y.

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSONS

earn \$5 to \$100 monthly commission for advertising. Experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Press 8, Lockport, N. Y.

SITUATIONS WANTED—M. Advertisements under this head word each insertion.

C. S. MOORE, late Public Works Department, is now acting as interpreter for Hindi labor. O. Box 41, Phone 1890.

ACTIVE MAN wants job as well as money of any kind. Address this office.

CONTRACTORS—We can furnish with labor, or \$75,000 of work. Italian, Lithuanian, etc. Box 100, 18 Norfolk street, N. Y.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS

Advertisements under this head word each insertion.

WANTED—Old copper, brass, etc. Send to Jacob Adams, a new on-hand store, 46 Johnson street, Vancouver.

WANTED—Unfurnished house, modern, moderate. Address Box C.

WANTED—Room house, with furniture, near station, for rent. Inquire 4 Douglas street, N. Y.

WANTED—Old coats and vests, guns, revolvers, overalls, etc. cash price paid. Will call at 46 Johnson street, Vancouver.

SUNLIGHT SOAP COUPONS WANTED—Toilet soaps given in exchange for coupons by C. R. King, 46 Johnson street, Vancouver.

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head word each insertion.

TO LET—One story cottage, with conveniences. Inquire 108 street.

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS and rooms to let in Bayard House, 108 street, near City Hall, cold water.

BAKERY TO LET—in good order all the necessary outfit. Apply Times Office.

TWO ROOMS TO LET—Furnished, in town. Apply—Times Office, 21 Blanchard street, N. Y.

TO LET—Close to City Hall, nice room, with board, suitable for young men, modern conveniences. Inquire 46 Johnson street, Vancouver.

WANTED—To rent, small farm full particulars. Address Box 100, 18 Norfolk street, N. Y.

TO RENT—Suite of offices on Bank of Montreal Building. Inquire 46 Johnson street, Vancouver.

LOST AND FOUND.

Advertisements under this head word each insertion.

LOST—A leather car case containing ticket for Vancouver. Return to 46 Johnson street, Vancouver.

LOST—Between city and pumping gold watch, with monogram. Finder will be suitably rewarded. Return to 46 Johnson street, Vancouver.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say you saw this announcement in the Times.

WANTED

We are instructed to purchase on reasonable prices, real estate and acreage property. Send full particulars.

The Winnipeg Broker

HANNA BLOCK, YATES

SMALL IN SIZE GREAT IN RESULTS

WANTED-MALE HELP

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED-FEMALE HELP

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

SITUATIONS WANTED-FEMALE

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED-MALE HELP. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED-FEMALE HELP. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

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SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

SITUATIONS WANTED-FEMALE. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED. We are instructed to purchase...

A. B. McNEILL. 34 BROAD ST. PHONE 645.

HOUSES. FIVE ROOM COTTAGE-Hulton street, \$2,200.

HOUSE AND 2 LOTS. 120x135 ft. on Oak Bay Avenue, \$2,200.

HOUSE-14 apartments, Henry street, \$2,700.

HOUSE AND 2 LOTS. 120x135, Belcher avenue, all modern and fully planted out, \$4,900.

FOR SALE-7 roomed modern house, with every convenience, electric light, hot water, etc., lot 60x200 feet, on the best street of Victoria, at 250 Yates street, sunny side, price only \$4,500, terms, \$100 per month, will only sell property.

FOR SALE-8 roomed house and 4 lots, flowers and fruit, electric light and gas, \$2,800, on Douglas street, corner of Hammond, 34 Douglas street.

FOR SALE-1/2 acre of all land, Cadboro Bay Point, \$200, new cottage with 4 lots, \$1,200, good farm, Salt Spring Island, \$750. Apply to owner, E. J. Sullivan, 210, or F. O. Box 72.

FOR SALE-10 acres, 4 miles out, off the Burnside road, nearly all good, high yielding, \$1,100. Apply to J. J. Fisher, 210 Douglas street.

FOR SALE-Four fresh cows with calves, good heavy horses, fifteen hundred sheep, four-inch iron wagon and harness, etc. Apply to J. J. Fisher, carriage shop, corner Herald and Store streets.

FOR SALE-Cheap for cash, heavy and light trucks, express wagons, bicycles and cars, and wagonettes. 56 Discovery street. W. A. Robertson & Son.

THE BEST WAY to let the people know that your proposition is a good one is through the advertising columns of the Times.

ENGINE FOR SALE-10 horse power. Can be seen in operation at the Times Building, 25 Broad street, running Times machinery.

FOR SALE-Naptha launch Blanche, of the following dimensions: Length, 35 ft.; beam, 14 ft. 3 in.; depth, 2 ft. 6 in.; in first-class condition. For particulars apply to E. B. Marvin & Co., 71 Wharf street.

THE B.C. INFORMATION AGENCY, LTD. 78 Douglas St. Phone 345.

12 ACRES-All cultivated, 9 acres of which is full bearing orchard, several thousand small fruit bushes, loganberries, strawberries, rhubarb beds, two good houses, outbuildings, three miles from Victoria P. O. This is a going concern and will pay handsome returns. Terms.

FRUIT LAND, in quantities to suit purchaser, close to town.

CRAIGIE LBA FARM-Property having been sub-divided into lots affording excellent sites for building residences. The George car line within a few minutes walk of most of the property renders this specially desirable property.

SEVENTY-NINE ACRES, with frontage on Sooke harbor.

THREE ACRES LAND in Esquimalt town, at car terminus.

T. G. RAYNOR & CO. REAL ESTATE BROKER.

WE HAVE FARMS, building lots, fruit lands, orchards, market gardens, wild land, and every kind of property.

COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 2 I. O. O. F. meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Hall, Douglas Street, R. Fawcett, Rec. Sec., 24 South Government street.

COMPANION COURT PAR WEST I. O. O. F. No. 273, meets first and third Wednesdays each month in K. of P. Hall, corner Douglas and Pandora streets, at 8 o'clock. Janet W. Carlow, financial secretary, 10 Amelia street.

L. O. L., 126 and 128, meet in A. O. U. W. Hall, Yates street, the first and third Mondays each month. Three meetings fourth Wednesday.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD-Victoria Camp No. 2, Canadian Order of the Woodmen of the World, meets in the U. W. Hall, Yates street, 1st and 3rd Fridays in the month. Wm. Jackson, clerk.

K. O. F. No. 1, Far West Lodge, Friday, K. of P. Hall, cor. Douglas and Pandora Sts. H. Weber, Sec. of R. & S. Box 54.

A. O. F. COURT NORTHERN LIGHT. No. 550, meets at K. of P. Hall 2nd and 4th Wednesdays. W. F. Fullerton, Secy.

PARSONS, LOVE & CO. REAL ESTATE. 14 DOUGLAS ST. PHONE 1265.

\$7,500-Residence, Dallas road, 8 rooms, heated with hot water, good cellar, cement floor, conservatory, good stable and coach house, fruit trees and ornamental trees, 1/2 acre land.

\$2,200-Residence, Rithet street, cottage, 3 rooms, electric light.

\$2,000-Residence, Niagara street, two story house, electric light.

\$5,500-Residence, Michigan street, house in good condition, stable, some fruit trees.

\$1,750-Residence, Caledonia avenue, 5 rooms, bath room and pantry, electric light, sewer connection, stable.

\$5,000-Residence, Richmond avenue, 5 rooms, bath and pantry, hot and cold water, electric light, 20 fruit trees and small fruit, 1 acre of land.

\$1,150-Residence, corner Bevan and Belton streets, cottage, 4 rooms.

\$1,000-Lot on Niagara street.

\$450-Lot on Lee avenue.

\$700-3 lots on Esquimalt car line, \$700 each.

\$250-Lot on Rock Bay avenue.

\$250 EACH-Three lots on Joseph street.

\$300 EACH-Four lots on Joseph street.

LEE & FRASER, REAL ESTATE AGENTS. 11 TROUCE AVENUE, VICTORIA, B. C.

PANDORA AND BROAD STREETS-Known as the A. K. site 80 feet on Pandora and 105 feet 10 1/2 inches on Broad street; price \$15,000.

BURNSIDE ROAD-Cottage and 3 lots for \$2,800.

GORGE ROAD-3 roomed 2 story residence, lawn, half an acre of land, for \$6,500.

JAMES STREET, JAMES BAY-3 roomed cottage and large lot, price \$1,600.

CAREY ROAD-3 lots, 60x120 feet each, for \$750.

ESQUIMALT ROAD-2 large lots, 138 feet on Esquimalt, price \$1,300.

FIVE ACRES-Cleared land and fenced, 3 miles from City Hall, \$1,500.

MONTREAL STREET-Several lots for \$450 each.

SIMCOE STREET-Good lots for \$450 each.

SUPERIOR STREET-Lot, 60x150, price \$2,000.

OAK BAY AVENUE-Corner lot, this side Paul Bay road, \$500.

GREEN STREET-2 lots, \$700.

LEE & FRASER. FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE. 22 FORT STREET.

VICTORIA AND DISTRICT REALTY CO. 6 METROPOLITAN BLOCK, OPP. POST OFFICE.

1-1/2 acres of land, \$100. Very good, all fenced and cleared, corner lot, small barn and stable, in the city and close to water.

1-1/2 acres of orchard, \$2,500. All fenced and cleared, brick house, good outbuildings and fences, school handy, and corner lot.

8-Chicken ranch, \$5,500. 1 1/2 acres, all cleared and fenced, 7 chicken houses, good house. The land is most suitable for chickens, good orchard and well black loam.

10-19 acres of land, \$5,000. Suitable for milk ranch, with good outbuildings and steel house, 3 miles from town. Land is of the very best quality and full of fruit trees; will raise anything.

11-21 acres, \$10,000. All beautifully cleared land, with fine large house, barn and outbuildings, everything in apple-orchard and repair.

28-17 acres and 10 roomed house, 2 miles from tram car, close to water (except 100 ft. beach), and every convenience.

58-30 acres, 30 acres swamp, 10 acres clear, 3 small houses, the wood alone would make a fine farm, 1 1/2 miles from city, price \$1,500.

68-15 acres, overlooking lake, not cleared but shaled, \$1,800.

67-19 acres, 4 miles from town, 4,000 strawberry plants, house, barn, etc., \$4,200.

68-2 acres of nearly cleared land, with large house, very well built and good stable and chicken house, 2 1/2 hours (celebrated), close to car line and new line will pass it, \$4,000.

70-2 acres, just outside of city limits, fine house, commands fine view, and a number of fruit trees in full bearing. Clear 1/2 acre, Douglas in the distance, west, \$5,500.

113-5 acres, all cleared and fenced, absolute level, splendid land, 20 fruit trees, fine modern 10 roomed house, view, excellent heating and fishing, close to Victoria, \$20,000.

72-23 acres, Gordon Head, mostly shaled and partly burnt, \$2,500.

BEAUMONT BOGGS. REAL ESTATE AGENT. 42 FORT STREET. Phone 30.

WATER FRONTAGE-58 acres, fine land, 500 yards water frontage, adjoining Crofton, price \$20 per acre.

ESQUIMALT WATER FRONTAGE-Several very choice five and six-acre blocks, close to tram line, suitable for sub-division, price \$1,000 per acre.

BUNGALOW-Facing Beacon Hill Park, 2 lots.

DWELLING-3 rooms, stone foundation, stable, no house, a frontage 120 ft., 135 ft. depth, orchard of 50 trees and ornamental shrubs, close to Oak Bay avenue, price \$4,500.

JAMES BAY-Cottage, large lot fronting Erie and Ontario streets, price \$1,300.

BLANCHARD AVENUE-Modern residence, very central, corner lot, stable, 2 1/2 acres, etc., price \$5,000.

ESQUIMALT-Lots 60x120, price \$150 to \$250 each.

SAANICH-Farm, about 50 acres, near Royal Oak, mostly cultivated, cottage and barns, low price for quick sale.

MOUNTAIN VIEW-1/2 acre, with lake and frontage, only 2 miles from tram line, about 10 acres, cultivated, very choice, price \$50 per acre.

BUSINESS-Southeast corner Port Quadra and Meares streets, having 3 cottages and store thereon, price \$10,000.

STRAWBERRY VALE-10 acres, very choice land, nearly all planted in fall wheat, close to school, 4 miles from city, price \$50 per acre.

OAK BAY-6 acres, out in half acre lots, price \$1,000 per acre.

FOUL BAY-Water frontages. DWELLING-7 rooms, over 19 acres land, orchard, garden and pasture, stream of running water, stable and chicken houses, owner will take \$100,000. The drainage and crop, cut in blocks of 1/2 acre, early buyers secure low prices, terms fixed.

WANTED

We are instructed to purchase...

WANTED

We are instructed to purchase...

FOR SALE

A Second-Hand Store, with largest stock of new and second-hand goods...

FOR SALE

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

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LOCAL LIBERALS' GRAB RALLY

Powerful Address By Ex-Judge Henderson of Vancouver—Three Candidates Deliver Addresses.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)
The Liberal meeting at the A. O. U. W. hall was in every respect a success. From the time the chair was taken, until its close, there was evidence of the closest sympathy between the speakers and audience.

The chairman, A. Huggett, expressed his appreciation of the honor done him by the Liberal Association in asking him to preside. He believed that no fault could be found with the present members, either in their public or private life. They must return members of the association with confidence. He believed the solid four would be returned on February 2nd. (Applause.)

Turning to the educational affairs of the province, the speaker mourned the insincerity of the McBride government in this respect. They had on different occasions waited on the executive, but had always been met by promises and promises alone. Had Mr. McInnes remained in the cabinet, the educational facilities would be adequate to the needs of the province. He had, however, been called to a responsible position in the Yukon, which he had filled alike with credit to himself and honor to the province. (Applause.)

Continuing, he wished to thank them for returning him at the head of the polls. It was much to be regretted that there was a political element in the municipal affairs in the city. Municipal politics should be run on non-partisan lines. Such was not the case. The present school trustees were obliged to do McBride's bidding. He alone was free from this baneful influence, and would continue to be free from all such influence, no matter which side it came from. (Loud applause.)

In closing, he said he believed February 2nd would see a continued expression of confidence in the present members, and that Victoria would honor herself by returning the solid four, who had done so well in the past, and would with a Liberal government in power.

W. G. CAMERON.
W. G. Cameron was given a warm reception on arising.

He regretted Mr. Drury's absence. He was away helping Mr. Piers to uphold a good cause. (Applause.) They had with them Messrs. Henderson and Peters, who would deal fully with current questions. He desired to express reference to their past record. Their record, private and public, was before them and he was confident there was no man in the province who could do so much better terms as an election cry, by which to divert attention from the government misdeeds. He would fall as he deserved, and he would be glad to see Mr. Drury's name on the ballot on February 2nd be triumphant from Cariboo to the coast. (Applause.)

As a result after February 2nd probably the four Liberal candidates for Victoria had been designated, by one who was worthy of his party, of the principles for which he stood, and of the dignity and honor of the province. Victoria's representatives sitting at the right hand of the Speaker, would be able to get what they asked in a way to satisfy their constituents. (Applause.)

The party which had sent seven delegates to Ottawa would be victorious on February 2nd. (Great applause.) The chairman referred to the speaker's absence, as a matter to be regretted. He had, however, gone to meet Mr. Fberts and to contribute his quota to the fight against the speaker. He would be glad to see Mr. Drury's name on the ballot on February 2nd. (Applause.)

The Liberals had tried to get Mr. McBride to meet Mr. McInnes on Friday night. But he was afraid to come and to date had sent no reply. The people had now an opportunity to free themselves from the control of McBride and his confederates, and if this was done the country had a brilliant future before it, under Macdonald's administration. Their mines, forests and fisheries would be developed, and British Columbia stood as she should in the forefront of the provinces.

J. D. McNEVEN.
Mr. McNeven said that after three years and a half of service, they were again before the people seeking re-election. They had been met by the hostility of McBride and his confederates in their endeavor to secure Victoria's rights. The executive council regulates affairs, and it was impossible to point to one act of McBride's which would commend itself to their good judgment.

The main administration of the lands and works department was enough to condemn the government. For three years they had been obliged to resort to commissions of inquiry to get information in each case the government was worsted. They had issued crown grants for the Klondike lands, an unheard of thing, and an act meriting the severest condemnation. McBride claimed that a dollar an acre was a good price for the lands the government sold at Klondike, but the Indians for land adjoining had received \$7.50 an acre for their right. This did not include the title to these lands, which title was vested in the British Columbia legislature. Who was the shrewdest bargainer, the government or the Indians? (Laughter.)

The credit for that law which retained one-quarter of the Klondike lands to McBride, but to Mr. Hume, Liberal candidate in Ymir.

The McBride government had by a false economy crippled the schools of the province, and to-day there are 200 unqualified teachers teaching therein. They had likewise bungled things in dealing with the Kootenay oil lands. These were first given to the C. P. R. and then taken away and thrown open to speculators. The British Columbia courts had declared the order-in-council, which made this possible, worthless, but the net result was that thousands of acres had been taken from the people and tied up so that no one could use them.

He himself was a laboring man, and believed labor had never received

fair play at McBride's hands. All that labor to-day had, she owed to Smith Curtis. (Applause.) He hoped to see him again on the floor of the House. (Great applause.) A labor bureau should be established. British Columbia was the only province without one. The Dominion government's bureau of labor had been a marked success, and was to-day accumulating information which would be of the greatest benefit to labor. Macdonald was a man of his word. He had promised a fair wage bill and other benefits, and they could rest assured he would be as good as his word. (Applause.)

At this juncture Mr. Huggett called on Mr. Peters. But the latter was suffering from a severe cold, and was unable to be present.

RICHARD HALL.
Mr. R. Hall was then called upon. After paying a graceful tribute to Judge Henderson's ability and personality, he referred to the speaker's presence. They were before them seeking re-election. Personally, he believed, he and his colleagues had nothing to be ashamed of in their past record. They had done their best for British Columbia and for Victoria. (Applause.)

The same could not be said of the McBride government. Taxation had been increased without giving any adequate return to the people. Not one foot of land had been reclaimed. Whatever property had come to the country was due to the splendid immigration policy of the Dominion government, which was stilling up the Northwest. This prosperity had helped the lumbermen of British Columbia.

McBride's cry for "better terms" for eighteen years the Conservatives were in power at Ottawa there had been no talk of better terms. The building of the G. T. P. was returning to the province all it ever paid out more. McBride was endeavoring to destroy Sir John A. Macdonald's policy of nationalism and foster sectionalism and provincialism. The people would have none of such a policy or such a man. We could not at our pleasure alter the terms of Confederation. There could be no appeal to a privy council save by joint resolution.

McBride was careful to say nothing about the \$150,000 British Columbia received the year before last, which which Whitney, a Conservative, had moved.

Mr. Fielding was willing to give better terms, but McBride sought not so much better terms as an election cry, by which to divert attention from the government misdeeds. He would fall as he deserved, and he would be glad to see Mr. Drury's name on the ballot on February 2nd be triumphant from Cariboo to the coast. (Applause.)

As a result after February 2nd probably the four Liberal candidates for Victoria had been designated, by one who was worthy of his party, of the principles for which he stood, and of the dignity and honor of the province. Victoria's representatives sitting at the right hand of the Speaker, would be able to get what they asked in a way to satisfy their constituents. (Applause.)

The party which had sent seven delegates to Ottawa would be victorious on February 2nd. (Great applause.) The chairman referred to the speaker's absence, as a matter to be regretted. He had, however, gone to meet Mr. Fberts and to contribute his quota to the fight against the speaker. He would be glad to see Mr. Drury's name on the ballot on February 2nd. (Applause.)

The Liberals had tried to get Mr. McBride to meet Mr. McInnes on Friday night. But he was afraid to come and to date had sent no reply. The people had now an opportunity to free themselves from the control of McBride and his confederates, and if this was done the country had a brilliant future before it, under Macdonald's administration. Their mines, forests and fisheries would be developed, and British Columbia stood as she should in the forefront of the provinces.

J. D. McNEVEN.
Mr. McNeven said that after three years and a half of service, they were again before the people seeking re-election. They had been met by the hostility of McBride and his confederates in their endeavor to secure Victoria's rights. The executive council regulates affairs, and it was impossible to point to one act of McBride's which would commend itself to their good judgment.

The main administration of the lands and works department was enough to condemn the government. For three years they had been obliged to resort to commissions of inquiry to get information in each case the government was worsted. They had issued crown grants for the Klondike lands, an unheard of thing, and an act meriting the severest condemnation. McBride claimed that a dollar an acre was a good price for the lands the government sold at Klondike, but the Indians for land adjoining had received \$7.50 an acre for their right. This did not include the title to these lands, which title was vested in the British Columbia legislature. Who was the shrewdest bargainer, the government or the Indians? (Laughter.)

The credit for that law which retained one-quarter of the Klondike lands to McBride, but to Mr. Hume, Liberal candidate in Ymir.

The McBride government had by a false economy crippled the schools of the province, and to-day there are 200 unqualified teachers teaching therein. They had likewise bungled things in dealing with the Kootenay oil lands. These were first given to the C. P. R. and then taken away and thrown open to speculators. The British Columbia courts had declared the order-in-council, which made this possible, worthless, but the net result was that thousands of acres had been taken from the people and tied up so that no one could use them.

He himself was a laboring man, and believed labor had never received

the Yukon had used the name of the association to forward a protest to Sir Wilfrid Laurier. This was sent to Mr. McInnes. Naturally the latter was somewhat surprised at the nature of the communication. Upon inquiry it was found that no meeting had been held, no resolutions passed and that the gentlemen in question had no right to represent the association. The resolution formed by those who withdrew from the regular association also passed resolutions rectifying the evils from which the Yukon had suffered during Mr. Congdon's administration, and affirming their great confidence in Mr. McInnes and his administration. (Applause.)

Copies of these were forwarded to Mr. McInnes and Sir Wilfrid Laurier. There was therefore no dissatisfaction with Mr. McInnes' administration, and the attempt to destroy him would fall as all other attempts had done.

He was glad no such attacks had been indulged in here. He would like to meet his opponents, but not in connection with personal animus. But their present course made that impossible. They (the Conservatives) conceded three seats in the Legislature in Vancouver. But he was sure of all. (Applause.)

The Conservatives claimed that the Liberals were running a campaign of "bribe" against the government. He would be glad to see the Liberals in power, but he was sure of all. (Applause.)

At this juncture Mr. Huggett called on Mr. Peters. But the latter was suffering from a severe cold, and was unable to be present.

RICHARD HALL.
Mr. R. Hall was then called upon. After paying a graceful tribute to Judge Henderson's ability and personality, he referred to the speaker's presence. They were before them seeking re-election. Personally, he believed, he and his colleagues had nothing to be ashamed of in their past record. They had done their best for British Columbia and for Victoria. (Applause.)

The same could not be said of the McBride government. Taxation had been increased without giving any adequate return to the people. Not one foot of land had been reclaimed. Whatever property had come to the country was due to the splendid immigration policy of the Dominion government, which was stilling up the Northwest. This prosperity had helped the lumbermen of British Columbia.

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the splendid immigration policy of the Dominion government. The prosperity of British Columbia was due to the demand created in the Territories for her lumber and fruit. Not one iota was due to McBride or his colleagues. Taylor, the late Conservative, when at Ottawa, had said it was due to the law preventing the exportation of logs. If it were so then the credit for that law belonged to Mr. Wells.

Shakespeare says: "The evil that men do lives after them. The good is oft interred with their bones." If it were so, then their evil would consign the present government to oblivion forever. And their good would need but a shallow grave. (Laughter and applause.)

The Conservatives were very anxious that things should be left alone. Was it well to leave the lands and works department alone? Was it well that an example such as that set by the present government should be daily before the eyes of our young men?

Was it well that they should see continued office those who had lowered the standard of public morals, as had the McBride administration? We should strive to clothe the souls of men with noble ideals and high aspirations, so that when we were but a handful of dust we should be succeeded by a noble, generous race, worthy of their sires, worthy of their beautiful and wealthy province, and worthy of the great and glorious destiny of the broad Dominion.

Judge Henderson closed with Lowell's famous ode: "Once to every man and nation comes the moment to decide. In the strife 'twixt truth and falsehood, for the good of evil side. Some great cause, God's new Messiah, offering each bloom or bight, Partis the cause upon the right, And the choice goes by forever, 'Tis the darkness and the light."

Now is the time to choose. And he was sure they would choose wisely. He would be glad to see the Conservatives here, as they would do on the Mainland. (Continued applause.)

Meeting closed with cheers for the candidates and the Liberal party.

FAMISHED CATTLE INVADE MACLEOD MOUNTED MEN TRY TO DRIVE THEM OUT

The Animals Are Very Weak and Every Night Many of Them Die.

Macleod, Alb. Jan. 30.—The town was invaded last night by fully 6,000 head of half famished range cattle and a host of mounted men are now endeavoring to drive the animals outside the town limits.

Range cattle are in exceedingly bad shape, and the losses this winter will run high. As a result of walking through crusted snow legs of many animals are raw and bleeding. Many of them can hardly stand, and every night many die from exposure and weakness.

The Chinook wind which visited this part last week was warm, but of brief duration. It lasted the prairie in many places was covered with water and slush. "Ten minutes after the Chinook dropped the prairie was one sheet of ice, and before morning drifts could be crossed on horseback.

WASHINGTON TRAGEDY.
Woman and Child Found Dead.—Husband Taken Into Custody by the Police.

Washington, Jan. 30.—Answering a call from W. C. Copley, a census office clerk, Dr. John S. Dorsey, a physician, rushed to the home of a woman, who was reported to have had a strong, happy, graceful woman. Miss Eberline Viland, St. Germain, Que., says: "While attending school my health began to give way. I suffered from headaches and dizziness, my appetite left me and I grew pale as a corpse. As the doctors did not help me any my father got me a supply of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Before I had used two boxes there had been an improvement, and when I had taken a half dozen I was again in perfect health. I believe all weak girls will find new health if they take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Thousands of growing girls, and thousands of women owe health and happiness to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They keep the blood rich and pure, and regular. They banish headaches and aches and backaches, and they bring the rosy glow of perfect health to pale and sallow cheeks. But you must get the genuine with the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on the wrapper around each box. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

France published the first newspaper in 1622. The first English newspaper appeared in 1622.

Only 7 per cent of the men in the French army exceed five feet eight inches in height.

REVOLT SUPPRESSED.
Amsterdam, Holland, Jan. 30.—A brief encounter with the troops shot down the scene of the native revolt in the island of Java, Dutch East Indies, sufficed to suppress the rebellion. The rebels who had been killed and many wounded.

"HELLO" GIRLS FAVOR STRIKE

WILL QUIT WORK IF HOURS ARE LENGTHENED

Man Arrested Charged With Having Attempted to Murder Woman—The Grain Commission.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 30.—Four hundred female employees of the Bell Telephone Company voted last night to strike on Friday if the new rule lengthening their hours goes into effect.

Montreal, Jan. 30.—The C. P. R. has bought the Quebec Railway Light & Power Company, thus obtaining a through line to St. Anne de Beaupre and thirty miles beyond Quebec. The Quebec company has \$2,000,000 of bonds, the same of common stock and \$500,000 preferred.

Montreal, Jan. 30.—Aquila Ranco, for whom the police have been searching for two weeks for having attempted to murder Mrs. Vereschia at her home, is in custody. He is charged with having fired five shots at Mrs. Vereschia on the night of January 15th. A year ago the woman's husband became jealous of her fondness for Ranco, and he tried to kill her with a razor, and he is now serving a penitentiary term for failing to regain favor with the Italian woman. Ranco tried to kill her, it is alleged.

Winnipeg, Jan. 30.—With yesterday's session of the royal grain commission, the body practically terminated its labors so far as Canada is concerned. The commissioners will remain in Winnipeg for a few days longer, and while here will journey to Halifax, St. John, N. S., Portland, Me., and New York, where further evidence will be taken, after which they will set out for Britain to inquire into all conditions there which affect Canadian grain trade. A full report of the commission will not be presented to parliament until next session.

Willemsstad Island of Curacao, Jan. 29.—According to advices received here from Caracas to-day, Governor Mata, at the head of a body of armed troops, sailed for the island of Curacao, at the yard of Vice-President Gomez at Caracas, Venezuela, during the night of January 17th, and in the fighting which followed Governor Mata and several others were killed and a number including the commander of the troops were wounded. Dr. Louis Mata, ex-minister of public works of Venezuela, was appointed governor of the federal district of Caracas on the recent return of general Castro to the presidency.

She Should Carefully Guard the Health of Her Growing Daughter—Her Future Happiness Depends Upon the Change From Girlhood to Womanhood.

Every mother should watch with the greatest care the health of her growing daughter. She is a girl to-day—to-morrow a woman. The happy health of womanhood depends upon this vital change from girlhood. When nature makes new demands upon her blood supply, you must build up her blood with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Her system is unequal to that strain if her back aches, if she is pale or thin, dull, or languid. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will give her new, rich, red blood and tide her over the crisis. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will make her delicate, and regular—they will make her a strong, happy, graceful woman. Miss Eberline Viland, St. Germain, Que., says: "While attending school my health began to give way. I suffered from headaches and dizziness, my appetite left me and I grew pale as a corpse. As the doctors did not help me any my father got me a supply of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Before I had used two boxes there had been an improvement, and when I had taken a half dozen I was again in perfect health. I believe all weak girls will find new health if they take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

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DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

Specialists in the Treatment of Nervous, Blood, Private and Sexual Diseases of Men and Women. 25 Years in Detroit.

No. 1. NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that, 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situate on Mary Basin, Nooka Island, Nooka District: No. 1, beginning at a post planted on the southeast corner of No. 2, as shown on plat No. 13, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

No. 2. NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that, 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situate on Mary Basin, Nooka Island, Nooka District: No. 2, beginning at a post planted at the northeast corner of No. 2, as shown on plat No. 13, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

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\$1.00 in

VOL 38.

THE M

After a campaign of six covered the province and of Conservative government of Saturday. The fight throughout, wives in all probability will all others, the composition. The victory hinged upon Victoria. The Liberals had ture at least three in Vancouver is explained by the fact dates in the field, Dr. Ernest vote. The fact that the McB general prosperity of the pr another four years of Social otherwise have maintained. A feature of the contest party in the last house. De wating gains one follower in Forks. Clear and cold, Saturday d as large a vote polled as in election. Thirty-two hun forty ballots were cast. Th bringing the electors to th booths in the old Grand on street commenced long before. The returning officer mislan and as a result many electo arrived for the opening at were compelled to wait until