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## PROGRESSIVE ARITHMETIC

## FIRST BOOK



AUTHOHIZED BY THF MINISTFR OF FDUCATION JOK USE IN BRITISH COLUMBLA

TORONTO
MORANG EDUCATIONAL COMPANY LIMITED

Coptriont, 1906 and 1908, it WILLIAM J. MILNE.

Corybight, 1907, Tonto.
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This book is designed to cover the first lour ongen of arithmeti. In many of our largest and best schools the thetruction of the first year and a half or two years of the course is given orally. In such schools the matter found in Part I may be omitted, but inasmuch as this is a thorough and complete review of the instruction usually given during the first two years, it may be used as a text during the first part of the third year, or even earlier. The instruction for the third year is given in Part II, and for the fourth year in Part III.
The amount of work that may be accomplished in a half year has been taken as the unit of classification, and within that unit the various subjects have been treated topically though, of course, not exhaustively. With this order of presentation it is believed that the most satisfactory results may be obtained.
Abundant and varied practice, both oral and written, is given in order to secure accuracy and facility in computation, and the method of development is such that the pupil cannot fail to gain an intelligent comprehension of all the processes that are presented. The presentation always proceeds by very easy and progressive steps from the known to the related unknown.
The large number of exercises and prohlems will be a welcome relief to teachers wino have heen under the necessity of

## PREFACE

devising and preparing a great amount of supplementary work. It is generally conceded that supplementary exercises are not only burdensome for the teacher, but usually unsatisfactory as to results, because of the great waste of time for both teacher and pupil.

Yet the book is not merely a book of exercises. Each new concept is carefully presented by questions designed to bring-to the understanding of the pupit the ideas he should grasp, and then his knowledge is applied. The formal statement of principles and definitions is, however, reserved for a later stage of the pupil's progress.

The problems have been prepared with much care. They have been made both rational and practical, and they relate to a wide range of subjects drawn from modern life and industries. The several types of problems form a continuous graded series throughout the book. They have been olassified as scientifically as the abstract work.
It is believed that the book will be found interesting to children, because the study of numbers is made interesting by leasy progressive steps and by thorough and satisfactory drills.

Acknowledgment is made to Mr. J. D. Buchanan, of the Provincial Normal School, Vancouver, B.C., for valuable assistance in preparing this edition.

## CONTENTS

## PART I

Reading and Whitino Numbrrs - to 100 PAOR
Adnition ..... 7
Halves and Fourtus - of objects only ..... 10
Trleino Time - to half hour and quarter hour ..... 17
Measurino Liquids ..... 20
Subtraction ..... 22
Thirds and Sixtis - of objects only ..... 24
Measurino Lenotil - inch, foot, yard ..... 31
Parts of Groups - of objects odly ..... 33 ..... 33
Numbrrs to Fifty - 2's, 8's, 4's, 5's, and inverses ..... 36 ..... 36
Review ..... 37
Measurino Weloht - ouncs and noudd ..... 45
Perimeter and Arfa - square inch, squars foot, and square yard ..... 48
Measurino Time - to minutes - calendar ..... 49
51
Readino and Writino Numbers - to 1000
Addition - "carrying". ..... 55
Maeino Chanoe - up to 1 ..... 58
Subtraction - "borrowing " ..... 64
Multiplication - by 2, 8, 4, and 5 ..... 66
Division - by 2, 3, 4, add 5 ..... 7379
PART II
Readino and Writing Numbers - to 10,000 .....
84 .....
84
Addition - of 4 -figure dumbers
Addition - of 4 -figure dumbers
87
87
Subtraction - of 4 -figure numbers
Subtraction - of 4 -figure numbers .....
92 .....
92
Roman Numerals - to C
Roman Numerals - to C
97
97
Numbers to Seventy - 6 's, 7 's, and inverses .....
99 .....
99 ..... 111
Multiplication - by 2 to 7 .
Multiplication - by 2 to 7 .

## CONTENTS

Division-by 2 to 7 P10n Volume - cubic inch and cuble foot ..... 116
Comparison of Meabures ..... 121
Andition and Subtraction - review ..... 124
Numbers to One II undred- $8^{\prime}$ e, $8^{\prime}$ ', $10^{\prime}$ ', and inverses ..... 126
Multiplication-by 2 to 10 ..... 130
livision - by 2 to 10 ..... 137
heview ..... 140
Canadian Money. ..... 147
Addition and Surtraction - of dollars and cents ..... 151
Fractions - halves, fourths, thirds, sixths ..... 153
Reduction, addition, subtraction, finding parts. ..... 157
Multiplication-by 2 -figure numbers Division - by 11, 12, 21, 22, 31, 32, etc. ..... 109
Review ..... 175182
PART III
Reatino and Writino Numrers - to $1,000,000$ .....
189 .....
189
addition and Suntraction - of 5 -figure numbers
addition and Suntraction - of 5 -figure numbers
191
191
Fractions - business fractions
Fractions - business fractions ..... 198
Reduction, addition, subtraction, finding parts and wboles.
Numbers to One Hundred Forty-four - 11's, 12's, and inverses
214
214
Measuring - tables, drawing to scale
Measuring - tables, drawing to scale
218
218
Multiplication-by s-figure numbers
Multiplication-by s-figure numbers .....
229 .....
229
Division - by 3 -figure numbers
Division - by 3 -figure numbers
235
235
Review
Review
246
246
Addition and Suntraction - review Multiplication-review ..... 250
Measuring - tables, reduction ..... 252
Fractions - denominators vithin multiplication tables ..... 258
More extended informal work witb fractions. ..... 263
Division - more difficult work
Decimal Fractions ..... 277
Billis ..... 282287

## PROGRESSIVE ARITHMETIC FIRST BOOK <br> PART I <br> READING AND WRITING NUMBERS

1. 2. Count the windows in this room. Count the desks in the first row; the books in this bookease; the children in your elass.
How far ean you count?
1. Write the numbers to ten, using words and figures.


| One two three fovr ive in ueven oight | aine | ton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |

3. Ten and one are eleven, written 11 ; ten and two are twelve, written 12; ten and three are thirteen, 13; ten and four are fourteen, 14; ten and five are fifteen, 15.
4. Write the word and the figures that stand for ten and six, the number of books in the ease; for ten and seven; for ten and eight; for ten and nine.
5. 6. The figure 0 stands for nothing. It is called naught, or zero. Thus, 10 means one ten and no ones.
1. Two tens are twenty, written 20 , whieh means 2 tens and 0 ones; three tens, thirty, 30 ; four tens, forty, 40 ; five tens, fifty, 50.

## 8

## PROGRESSIVE ARITHMFTIC

3. Write the word and the figures that stand for six tens; for seven tens; for eight tens; for nine tens.
4. Ten tens are one hundred, written 100 .
5. 6. 11 means 1 ten and 1 one; 12 means 1 ten and 2 ones; 13 means 1 ten and 3 oncs.
1. In the same way, tell what 14 means; $15 ; 16 ; 17$; 18; 19; 20.
2. 21 means 2 tens and 1 onc; 22 means 2 tens and 2 ones.
3. In the same way tell what each of these numbers means: $23,24,25,26,29,30,31,40,44,56,60,85$.
4. Each of these bundles of stieks contains ten sticks. How many sticks are there in each group of tens and ones?

5. Copy and fill blanks :

| Fluurs | Mraning |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 46 | 4 tens and 6 ones | Forty-six |
| 62 | - |  |
| 39 | and |  |
| 50 | 5 tens and 0 ones | Fifty |
| 80 | - |  |
| 90 | and |  |
| 99 |  |  |

7. Read each number and tell what it means:

| 27 | 38 | 40 | 56 | 67 | 98 | 53 | 48 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 32 | 70 | 57 | 28 | 20 | 63 | 81 | 100 |

e. Write in figures, placing ones under ones and tens under tens:

Three tens and five ones.
Forty-fivc.
Twenty-two.
Six tens and two ones.
Seventy-nine.
Thirty-six.
Seven tens.
Five tens and nine ones.

Seventy-one.
Ninety-nine.
Sixty.
Eighty-four.
Thirty-three.
Nincteen.
Seventy-two.
Eighty-nine.
9. Observe that the first figure, counting from the right, stands for ones, and the second figure stands for tens.
4. 1. How many cents in a ten cent coin? How many cents are in 2 ten cents? 3 tens? 5 tens? 10 tens?

> 10 cents equal 1 ten cent coin. 100 cents, or 10 tens, equal 1 dollar.
2. 3 ten cent coins are worth how many cents? 1 ten and 5 cents? 2 tens and 5 cents? 6 tens and 3 cents?
3. The sign $\ell$ stands for cents; $\$$ for dollars.

Thus, $57 \not \subset$ means 57 cents; $\$ 57$ means 57 dollars.
4. Read: $45 \frac{1}{F}, 38 \frac{1}{F}, 17 \notin, \$ 6, \$ 25, \$ 88,60 \%, \$ 90$.
5. Write: sixteen cents, forty cents, sixty dollars.

## ADDITION

5. 6. How many balls are 5 balls and 7 balls?
1. How many lemons are 9 lemons and 6 lemons?
2. How many are 7 and 5 ? 8 and 3 and 5?
3. You have been uniting two or more numbers into one number.

This process is ealled addition.
3. Here is a short way of writing " 4 and 2 are 6 ":

$$
4+2=6 .
$$

6. The sign + means and. It is called plus. The sign a means are or equal (sometimes is or equals). It is ealled the sign of equality.
7. Copy, complete, and rend:
$4+5=$
$9+5=$
$6+6=$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3+2+4= \\
& 1+5+3=
\end{aligned}
$$

e. Numbers to be added are usually written like this with the result below:
The result is ealled the sum.

## EXERCISES

6. Add quickly, naming only the sum:
7. 1
1
1
7
4

- 

3

| 7 |
| :--- |
| 5 |


| 4 |
| :--- |
| 6 |

8

5
3
2. 3
2
3
1
5
$\underline{5}$
6
2
6
4
8
7
-
$\underline{-}$
4
8
1
7
9

|  | HIHST BOOK |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3. 9 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 7 | 9 |
| 8 | 5 | $\underline{2}$ | 3 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 7 | 2 |
| 4. 6 | 8 | 5 | 8 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 5 |
| 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 | $\underline{7}$ | $\underline{9}$ | 2 | 1 | 9 |
| 5. 1 | 7 | 8 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 5 | $\theta$ |
| 9 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 3 | 8 | 9 |

These boys and girls are adding 2 to each number around the ring.
6. Begin at 1 and see how quiekly you ean go around the ring in eithe: direetion, adding 2 to each number without making a mistake.

Begin at 3 and go in cither direetion. Begin at 2 ; at other numbers.
7. Instead of 2 put
 3 in the ring and add as before; put 4 in the ring and add; tlien $5 ; 6 ; 7 ; 8 ; 9$.
8. Clara picked 9 yellow asters and 8 red ones. How many asters did she pick?
9. Guy had 9 melons in his school garden. Paul had 7 more than Guy. How many had Paul?
10. Sarah pressed 6 autumn leaves and Julia pressed 9 more than Sarah did. How many leaves did Julia press?

## Expectere

7. Add, giving results instantly:
8. $1 \quad 11 \quad 21 \quad 31 \quad 41$
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrr}1 & 11 & 21 & 31 & 41 & 51 & 01 & 71 & 81 & 01 \\ 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 0 & 6 & 6 & 0\end{array}$
Add 1 instead of 6 ; then add $2 ; 3 ; 4 ; 5 ; 7 ; 8$.
9. $\begin{array}{llll}2 & 12 & 22 & 32\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{rrrr}4 & 4 & 42 & 32 \\ - & 4 & 4\end{array}$
4252
$52 \quad 62 \quad 72$


Add 2 instead of 4 ; then add $1 ; 3 ; 5 ; 6 ; 7$.
3. 313

| 3 | 13 | 23 | 33 | 43 | 44 | 54 | 04 | 74 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
|  | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |
| dinstend of 2 ; then add $1 ; 4 ; 5 ; 6 ; 7 ; 8 ; 9$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

4. $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrr}5 & 15 & 25 & 35 & 45 & 46 & 56 & 66 & 76 & 86 \\ 5 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 5\end{array}$

Add 6 instead of 5 ; then add $1 ; 2 ; 3 ; 4 ; 7 ; 8 ; 9$.
ง. 7
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrr}7 & 17 & 27 & 37 & 47 & 48 & 58 & 68 & 78 & 88 \\ \underline{4} & 4 & \cdot 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4\end{array}$ Add 2 instead of 4 ; then add $1 ; 3 ; 5 ; 6 ; 7 ; 8 ; 9$.
6. $9 \quad 19$
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrr}9 & 19 & 29 & 39 & 49 & 59 & 69 & 79 & 89 & 49 \\ 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 \\ \text { Add 1 instead of } 8 ; & \text { then add } 2 ; 3 ; & 4 ; & 5 ; 6 ; & 7 ; 9 . & \end{array}$

## sextciate

8. 9. In this diagram, add the three numbens in each of three columns, or vertical rows; in each of three horizontal rows; in each of two slanting rows.

| 1 | 0 | 7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8 | 5 | $-\frac{2}{2}$ |
| 4 | 0 | 3 |

2. See how rapidly you can find these eight sums without making a mistake.

Practice with the numbers changed about.
Add rapidly:
3.

| 4 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 7 | 8 |
| 3 | 6 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 |

Add upward and test your result by adding downward:

| 4. | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 7 |
|  | 5 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 8 | 0 | 3 | 6 |
|  | 3 | C | 4 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 9 | 7 |
|  | 2 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 7 | 9 | 1 | 9 |
| 8. | 5 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 0 |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1 | 3 | 8 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 9 |
|  | 2 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 8 | 7 | 3 | 9 |
|  | 1 | 2 | 9 | 0 | 8 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
|  | 2 | 8 | 6 | 3 | 8 | 5 | 7 | 9 |
|  | - | - | $\underline{-}$ | 8 | 2 | 8 | 9 | 9 |

6. Un Halloween a boy paid $4 \ell$ for a mask, $8 \&$ for a wig, and 5 \& for a horm. How much did he pay for all?
7. Draw ou paper 6 horizotal lines, 8 vertical lines, 6 slauting lines, and 7 more verticul lines. How many linea lave you drawn altogether?
8. A postinan left \& letten at Mr. Brown's house, 4 at Mr. Ward's, 8 at Mr. Joy's, 5 at Mr. Clark's, and 6 nt Mr. Boyd's. How many did he deliver to all?
9. 2. How many oncw are 5 onem and 2 ones? How mmy tens are 5 tens and 2 tens? Write 5 tens.

Add rupidly:

| 2. 4 tens 3 tens |  |  | 20 | 30 | 10 | 20 | 50 | 60 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 30 | 10 | $\underline{20}$ | 40 | 20 | 30 | 20 |
| 3. | 30 | 20 | 60 | 40 | 80 | 40 | 20 | 50 |
|  | 40 | 80 | 30 | 40 | 10 | 20 | 70 | 50 |
| 4. | 35 | 43 | 75 | 20 | 40 | 30 | 16 |  |
|  | 40 | 30 | 20 | 42 | 55 | 65 | 50 | 70 |

1. Add 24 and 63.

24
$\frac{63}{87}$
How many ones are 3 ones and 4 ones? Write the sum of the ones under the ones. How many tens are 6 tens and 2 tens? Write the sum of the tens under the tens. How do you read 8 tens and 7 ones? What, then, is the sum of 24 山inc $\mathfrak{6 3}$ ? Tell what you did to find the sum.

## Add:

2. 16
3. 33
4. 38
5. 62
6. 45
22
14
11
$3 i$
$2 \cdot 1$
7. 31
46
e. 43
34
8. 15
24
9. 58
10. 17
20
32

Add upward and test your answer by udding downward:

| 12. 62 | 13. 41 | 14. 33 | 16. 14 | 10. 22 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | 23 | 32 | 52 | 23 |
| 13 | 12 | 33 | 21 | 33 |
| 17. 10 | 20. 21 | 19. 12 | 20. 22 | 21. 26 |
| 11 | 23 | 3 | 33 | 40 |
| 12 | 24 | 50 | 2 | 12 |
| 13 | 30 | 4 | 30 | 21 |

WRITTER EXERCISES
10. 1. If the Montreal baseball club played 24 ganes at home and 15 away from home, how many games did it play?

Model Solution

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 24 \text { games (at home) } \\
& \frac{15}{39} \frac{\text { games }}{\text { games (away from home) }} \text { (the number played) } \\
& 24 \text { games }+15 \text { games }=39 \text { games. }
\end{aligned}
$$

2. A conductor collected 22 fares on one trip and 26 on another. How many did he collect on both trips?

テ. Charles has í4 cents in his bank, and Edward has 14 cents more than CLarles. How much money has Edward?
4. At a party there were 17 boys and 22 girls. How many children were there at the party?
5. A boy sold 16 morning papers and 33 evening papers. How many papers did he sell that day?
6. Stephen has 44 rare stamps, and Henry has 23 more than Stephen. How many stamps has Henry?
7. If 33 boys rode to a pienic in one car and 36 in another, how many rode in both cars?
Add and test each result:

| 8. | 9. | 10. | 11. | 12. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $16 \%$ | 72 boys | 45 guns | 24 balls | 4 bats |
| $42 \phi$ | 13 boys | 10 guns | 40 balls | 33 bats |
| $31 \&$ | 3 boys | $\frac{32 \text { guns }}{}$ | $\underline{12 \text { balls }}$ | $\underline{41 \text { bats }}$ |
| 13. | 14. |  | 15. | 16. |
| $\$ 23$ | 35 gi. 1 s | 43 pins | 14 dolls | 26 bags |
| 14 | 2 girls | 24 pins | 13 dolls | 30 bags |
| 50 | 62 girls | 11 pins | 12 dolls | 13 bags |

In examples like 13 , the sign $\$$ is written only with the first number and the answer.
18. Mary has ironed 22 towels, 11 napkins, and 5 handkerchiefs. How many pieces has she ironed?
19. George spent $14 \phi$ for a bat, $25 \phi$ for a ball, and $40 \phi$ for a glove. How much did all cost?
20. A boy had $35 \&$ left after spending $50 \&$ for a fishing rod and $11 \&$ for hooks and lines. How much money had he at first?
ls. How
ig papers.

## 23 more

nd 36 in
12.

4 bats
33 bats
41 bats
17.

26 bags 30 bags
13 bags
the first
hand-
nd 40 ¢
fishing y had
21. Graee spent $20 \&$ for bananas, 12 for grapes, $22 \phi$ for nuts, and $24 \varnothing$ for figs. How inuch did all cost?
22. On Dominion Day I eounted the flags on four buildings. There were $21,13,23$, and 20 . How many flags
23. How mueh did Ella's party cost, if her expenses were $10 申$ for lemons, $6 \notin$ for sugar, $20 \&$ for eake, and $40 \&$ for iee eream?

## halves and fourths

11. 12. Into how many parts is the apple divided? the eircle? each square? the oblong?

1. How do the two parts of the apple eompare in size? the parts of the eirele? of each square? of the oblong?
2. Make a eirele, two squares, and an oblong, out of paper. Fold eaeh paper to find the line that divides it into two equal parts and eut along this line.
3. One of the two equal parts of anything is ealled one half of it.
4. Show one half of the eirele; one half of eaeh square; one lialf of the obleng. Show two halves of eaeh.
5. Draw a line and divide it into Lalves. What do you do to anything to get one half of it?

$$
\text { FIRGT PROG. AR. }-2
$$

## PROGRESSIVE ARITUMETIC

7. What part of each of these circles is shaded? What part is light?
 two halves of any circle equal? four halves of equal circles?
8. One half is written $\frac{1}{2}$; two halves, $\frac{2}{2}$.
9. 10. Divide an apple into halves; divide cach half into two cqual parts. Do the same with a circle; with two squares; with an oblong.

1. Into how many cqual parts has cach object becn divided?
2. One of the four equal parts of anytling is called one fourth, or one quarter of it.
3. Make a paper oblong, and by folding divide it into halves and then into quarters.
Do the same with a paper circle.
4. How would you cut a pie into quarters?
5. What part of a pic is one half of one half of it ?
6. How many fourths of a pie make one half of the pie?
7. Draw a line and divide it into fourths. Show one fourth of it; two fourths; three fourths.

## FIRST BOOK

9. What part of the first square is shaded? How many fourths are light?
10. How many fourths of the second square are shaded? how many are light?

11. One fourth is written $\frac{1}{4}$; two fourths, $\frac{3}{4}$.
12. Write three fourth four fourths.

## EXERCISES

13. Using a cent piece, mark and cut out some paper circles. Fold and cut some of them into halves, others into quarters.
14. On a shect of paper paste 1 whole circle; then enough half circles to make 1 whole circle; then enough quarter circles to make 1 whole circle. Compare them thus:
been
called
into


1 circle $=2$ half circles $=4$ quarter circles.

$$
\begin{array}{rll}
1 & =2 \text { halves } & =4 \text { fourths. } \\
1 & =\frac{2}{2} & \\
& =\frac{4}{4} .
\end{array}
$$

Using parts of circles as in exercise lo show that
2. $\frac{1}{2}=-$ fourths.
3. $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{4}=-$ - fourths.
4. Complete and show with circus and parts of circles: $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}=$

$$
\frac{2}{4}+\frac{2}{4}=
$$

$$
\frac{2}{4}+\frac{1}{4}<\cos ^{2}+4=
$$

## TELLING TIME

14. 15. Write with figures the numbers from 1 to 12 .
1. The Romans used letters for these numbers:

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 0 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | III | IV | V | VI | VII | VIII | IX | X | XI | XII |

3. We often find these Roman numbers on the face of a clock, except that there the number four is writtin IIII, instead of IV.

Read the numbers on the clock facc.
4. To what number is the long hand of this clock pointing?

The long hand is called the minute hand.
5. To what number is the short
 hand of the clock pointing?

The sho.t hand is called the hour hand.
6. By this clock it is nine o'clock.

To what number will the hour hand be pointing at ten o'clock? at six o'clock? at three o'clock?
7. When the minute hand has passed from XII to III, it has yassed over one quarter of the clock face.

The hour hand has moved a little past IX.
It is then a quarter past nine o'lock.
8. When the minute hand has passed from XII to VI, it has passed over one half of the clock face.

The hour hand has moved halfway from IX to X. It is then half past nine o'clock.
9. When the minute hand has reached VI, how many quarter hours have passed sinee nine o'eloek?

When the minute hand has reached IX, how many quarter hours have passed sinee nine o'eloek?

The hour hand is then near $X$.
How many more quarters of the clock face will the minute hand have to nove over before it gets to XII?

When the minute hand is at IX and the hour hand is near $X$, we "- y it is " a quarter before ten," or "a quarter to ten," instead of "i!ree quarters past nine."
20. When the hour hand is at $X$ and the minute hand is at XII, what time is it?
15. 2. How long does it take the minute hand to move over the face of the clock?
2. How long does it take the hour hand to move from IX to I ? from X to XI ? from XI to XII?
3. How many half hours are there in an hour?
4. How many quarter hours are there in an hour?
5. How many quarter hours are there in a half hour?
6. Read the time shown on each of these clock faces.

7. Draw the face of a clock, the hands showing a quarter past ten; laalf past ten; a quarter to eleven; half past one; a quarter to eight.
8. Jessie's bedtime is lalf past eight. One night she sat up half an loour later. At what time did she go to bed?
9. Mary starts for school at a quarter to nine. Saralı lives farther away and starts a quarter of an hour carlier. At what time does Sarill start for school?

## MEASURING LIQUIDS

16. 17. The smallest measure holds just one pint and is called a pint measure.
1. Fill it with water and empty it into the next larger ineasure. Is the larger measure full?

Do the same thing again. Is the larger measure full now?
3. Tell how many
 pints of water there are in it.
4. The larger measure holds two pints, or one quart, and is called a quart measure.
5. How many pints of water equal a quart of water?
6. How many pints of milk cqual a quart of milk?

> Two pints equal one quart. $2 \mathrm{pt} .=2 \mathrm{qt}$.

We write pt. for pint or pints; qt. for quart or quarts.
17. 1. Fill the quart measure with water and empty it into the largest measure.

Do this several times until you have filled the largest measure.
2. How many quarts of water lave you poured into it?
3. The largest measure holds four quarts, or one gallon, and is called a gallon measure.
4. How many quarts of water equal a gallon of water?

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Four quarts equal one gallon. } \\
4 \mathrm{qt} .=1 \mathrm{gal} .
\end{gathered}
$$

18. 19. Pour a pint of water into the quart measure.

Notice how far up the water is in the quart measure.
One pint is what part of one quart?
2. Pour two quarts of water into the gallon measure.

Two quarts are what part of a gallon?
3. Pour out one quart of the water. What part of a gallon remains?
4. How many quarts are there in $\frac{3}{4}$ of a gallon?

## EXERCISES

19. 20. Roy has poured 2 qt. of water into the pail shown in the pieture, John 1 qt., and Elsie 1 qt.

If each pours in another quart, how many quarts will there be in the pail? how many quarts more than a gallon? how many quarts less than 2 gallons?
2. If each again poure in 1 qt. and this fills the pail, how many quarts of water docs the pail hold?
3. Measure any pitehers, basins, jars, or other dishes
you niay liave. that you niay lave.
4. How many pints are 2 qt. and 1 pt ? How inany quarts are 1 gal . and 3 qt ? $\frac{3}{4}$ of a gallon and 2 qt.?
s. Stella's mother bought 3 pt . of milk one day, 2 pt . the next, and 4 pt. the next. How muel milk did she buy in the three days?
6. A woman had a jug containing 2 gal. of vinegar. After she had put in 3 qt . Inore, low many quarts were in it?

## SUBTRACTION

20. 2. How many more cars are 9 cars than 4 cars?

Which is niore, 8 or 10 ? 7 is how many more than 5 ?
2. How many cents are 8 eents less 5 cents?

How many are 10 less 4 ? 9 less 7? 8 less 3?
3. You have been finding the difference between two numbers, or taking part of a number from it and finding how many are left.

These processes are called subtraction.
4. Here is a short way of writing " 8 less 3 are 5 ":

$$
8-3=5
$$

5. The sign -- means less. It is called minus.
6. Copy, complete, and read:

| $9-5=$ | $7-3=$ | $10-5=$ | $8-8=$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| $6-3=$ | $8-5=$ | $9-3=$ | $7-2=$ |

7. The isumbers are ftell written like this 8 with the result below:

The resuit is called the difference, or remainder. $\frac{3}{5}$

4. | 8 | 4 | 10 | 12 | 9 | 15 | 6 | 13 | 12 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\underline{8}$ | $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{8}$ | $\underline{5}$ | $\underline{2}$ | $\underline{7}$ | $\underline{6}$ | $\underline{8}$ | $\underline{0}$ |
5. | 9 | 12 | 7 | 1 | 10 | 13 | 8 | 7 | 14 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{2}$ | $\underline{1}$ | $\underline{7}$ | $\underline{9}$ | $\underline{7}$ | $\underline{1}$ | $\underline{9}$ |

| 6.10 | 13 | 0 | 11 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 9 | 11 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 9 | $\underline{6}$ | $\underline{1}$ | $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{6}$ | $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{9}$ | $\underline{2}$ |

7. Edward had 14 chickens, but a fox eaught 5 of them. How many chickens were left?
8. Nora had 10 windows to wash. After she had finished 3 of them, how many had she to wash?
9. Twelve things equal a dozen. There were a dozen lilies in a pond, and Gertrude pieked 4 of them. How many were left?
10. Draw a dozen rings on the board, and rub out 7. How many are left?
11. Mrs. Case baked a dozen rolls for dinner, and the family ate all but 3 of them. Ilow many rolls were eaten?
12. He id are you? In low many years shall you be 11 yeam old?
13. Elln has read 0 pages of a story 18 pages long. How many pages has she yet to read?
14. Ilenry comuted 17 wild dueks in a pond. When 8 of them flew away, how inamy were left?
15. A farmer had 16 turkeys. If he sold 9 of them at Thanksgiving time, how many did he have left?
16. There were 14 persons that took dinner at Frank's house Thanksgiving Day and 8 at Helen's. How many more dined at Frank's than at Helen's?

## Exercises

22. 2. Subtract, correctly and rapidly, each number around the ring from the number within, beginning with 3 and going in either direction.

Begin with 8 ; with 5 ; with 0 ; with other numbers.
2. Put 10 in the ring instead of 9 and subtract the numbers outside as in exercise 1 .

3. Put 11 in the ring and subtract the numbers outside; put 12 in the ring and subtract; then $13 ; 14 ; 15 ; 16 ; 17$; 18; 19.

## BIIST BOOK

Subtract, giving results instantly :
4. $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrr}19 & 29 & 39 & 49 & 59 & 69 & 79 & 89 & 09\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrr}1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -- & - & - & - & - & - & 1 & 1\end{array}$
Subtract 2 instead of 1 ; then $3 ; 4 ; 5 ; 6 ; 7 ; 8 ; 9$.
6. $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrr}10 & 20 & 30 & 40 & 50 & 60 & 70 & 80 & 90\end{array}$

| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 70 | 80 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |

Subtract 1 instead of 2 ; then $3 ; 4 ; 5 ; 6 ; 7 ; 8 ; 9$.

7. $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrr}11 & 21 & 31 & 41 & 52 & 62 & 72 & 82 \\ 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 \\ \text { Subtract } 1 \text { instead of } 8 ; & \text { then } 2 ; & 3 ; 4 ; 5 ; 6 ; 7 ; 9 .\end{array}$
8. $\begin{array}{lllllllll}13 & 23 & 33 & 43 & 54 & 64 & 74 & 84 & 94\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrr}7 & 7 & 7 & 7 & 7 & 7 & 7 & 7\end{array}$
Subtract 1 instead of 7 ; then $2 ; 3 ; 4 ; 5 ; 6 ; 8 ; 9$.
9. 15

| 15 | 25 | 35 | 45 | 56 | 66 | 76 | 86 | 96 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |

Subtract 1 instead of 6 ; then $\approx ; 3 ; 4 ; 5 ; 7 ; 8 ; 9$.
28. Subtract rapidly :

2. From 97 nubtract 52 .

97 How many ones are 7 ones less 2 ones?
52 Write the difference of the ones under the ones.
45 How many tens are 9 tens less 5 tens? What, them, is the difterence of the tens under the tens. Tell what you did to find the difference.
Teat. - The ansu ir when added to 52 should give. 97 .
Subtract, and test cach result :
2. 33
3. 63
4. 48


3
9. 87
$\underline{22}$
14. 44

14
5. 82

51
10. 98

44
15. 79

27
16. 88

36

Sinbtract and iest:

32. 37
33. 84

26
34. 85

4
35. 67

17
36. 76

43

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

24. : Mr. Hale had $\$ 86$ in the bank and drew out $\$ 25$. How much money had he left in the bank?

> Monel Solution $\$ 86$ (in the bank at first) $\$ 20$ (drawn out) $\$ 61$ (left in the bank) $\$ 86-\$ 25=\$$ fil, for $\$ 25+\$ 61=\$ 86$.
2. There are 34 badges in a box. If 21 belong to John and the rest to Earl, how many does Earl own?
3. I have 28 cherries. If $I$ give 11 of them to Clara and the rest to Grace, how many cherries will Grace have?
4. There are 43 rooms in the Bavside Inotel. When 30 of them have been swept, how many more are there to sweep?
5. Frank printed 36 photographs and gave away 22 of them. How many had he left?
6. A horse dealer had 64 horses and sold 40 of them. How many horses had he left?
7. Mary had 78 cents and spent 25 cents for the use of a rowboat. How mueh money had she left?
8. Frank has 63 y and wishes to buy a wagon costing 75 ¢. How much more money does he need?
9. A man had 32 eleetric lamps and bought enough more so that he had 48. How many did he buy?
10. A girl went to the grocery store with $87 \%$ in her purse. She spent all but $35 \%$. How much did she
spend?
11. If there are 34 girls and 22 boys in a class, how many more girls are there than boys?
12. Harry is 14 years old, and his uncle is 37 yaars old. How much older is Harry's unele than Harry?
13. If John has $44 \phi$ and Beatrice has $67 \%$, how much less money has John than Beatrice?
14. If you blow 38 soap bubbles and I blow 23, how many more soap bubbles do you blow than I?
15. Mary's mother paid $15 \phi$ for eheese and $38 \phi$ for butter. How much less did she pay for cheese than for butter?
16. At a fair a peddler sold 48 red balluons and 26 blue ones. How many more red balloons did he sell than blue

## THIRDS AND SIX'IGS

25. 26. Into how many equal parts has Ruth eut the eake?
1. One of the three equal parts of anything is called one third of it.
2. If Ruth cuts each piece into two cqual pieces, into how many equal pieees will the cake then be cut?
3. One of the six equal
 parts of anything is called one sixth of it.
4. How many fixths of a cake are there in one third of a cake? What part of a cake is one half of one third of it?
5. Draw a line and divide it into thirds; into sixths.
6. What part of the first oblong is light? How many thirds are shaded?
7. What part of the second oblong is shaded? How many sixths are light?

8. How many thirds of an oblong are there in one oblong? how many sixths?

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |

10. How many sixths of this oblong are shaded? how many are light?
11. One third is written $\frac{1}{3}$; one sixth, $\frac{1}{6}$.
12. Write two thirds; three sixths; five sixths; six sixths.

## EXERCISES


26. 1. How many thirds of a circle are there in one circle? how many sixths?

$$
Q=Q=Q \quad Q=Q=O
$$

2. How many sixths are there in $\frac{1}{2}$ ? in $\frac{1}{3}$ ? in $\frac{2}{3}$ ?
3. If I divide an orange into thirds and give 1 third to John, how many thirds do I lave left? $\quad 1-\frac{1}{3}=\square$.
4. If I then give 1 third to William, how many thirds do I give to both boys?

How many thirds do I have left?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{3}= \\
& 1-\frac{2}{3}=
\end{aligned}
$$

5. Floy gave $\frac{1}{6}$ of a pie to Ruth and $\frac{1}{6}$ to Janc. How many sixths of it did she give away?

How many sixths were left?
To how many thirds are $\frac{2}{6}$ equal? $\frac{4}{6}$ ?
6. Floy gave $\frac{1}{6}$ of the pie to George. How many sixths had she then given away?

How many were left?
To how many halves are $\frac{3}{6}$ equal?
$\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{6}=$
$1-\frac{3}{6}={ }_{6}-\frac{3}{6}=\square$.
$\qquad$ $1-\frac{2}{6}=\frac{6}{6}-\frac{2}{6}=$ $\qquad$
7. $\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{6}=\square$.
9. $\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{6}=$
8. $1-\frac{4}{6}=$
10. $1-\frac{5}{6}=$

## MEASURING LENGTH

27. 28. Examine your rule. Notice the long marks that are nuinbered.

Notice the distance between two of these marks.
2. This length is ealled one inch.
3. Using your rule to measure, draw on the board a line twelve inches long.
4. This length is called one foot.
5. How many inches are there in one foot?

> Twelve inches equal one foot. $12 \mathrm{in} .=1 \mathrm{ft}$.
6. Count the inches on your rule. How long is it?
28. 1. Make a paper rule one foot long, and mark the inches on it as shown in this drawing, which is made smaller than a foot rule.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | $i_{1}$ | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

2. Fold the rule, bringing the ends together. How many inch spaces are there in each half of the rule?

$$
\frac{1}{2} \text { of } 1 \text { foot }=\square \text { inehes. }
$$

3. Fold the rule again and find how many inches there are in one fourth of a foot.

$$
\frac{1}{4} \text { of } 1 \text { foot }=-\quad \text { inches. }
$$

4. Count the inches in two fourths of a foot; in three fourths of a foot.
5. How many fourths of a foot make one half of a foot? jibst proo. $\operatorname{sk}$. -3
6. Make another paper rule and fold it at the 4 -inch and 8 -inch marks.

What part of a foot is 4 inches? How many thirds of a foot are 8 inches?
7. Taking the rule as it is now folded, fold it again in the middlc. What part of a foot is $\frac{1}{2}$ of $\frac{1}{3}$ of a foot?

Count the inches in $\frac{1}{6}$ of $a$ foot ; in $\frac{3}{6}$ of a foot.
How docs $\frac{3}{6}$ of a foot compare with $\frac{1}{2}$ of a foot?
We may write " $\frac{1}{2}$ of a foot" in a short way like this: $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. What does $\frac{\mathrm{ft} . \mathrm{mean} ? \frac{1}{\frac{~ f t .}{?}} \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{qt} . ? ~ \& \text { gal.? }}{}$

## EXERCISES

29. 30. Without measuring, draw a line as nearly 1 ft . long as you can. Test it by measuring with a rule. How many inches too long or too short is your line?
1. In the same way draw a line $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. long and test your estimate; $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{ft}$. long; $\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{ft}$. long; 2 in. long.
2. Estimate the length of your desk. Measure it.
3. Estimate the width of the door; the width of the window. Test your estimates by measuring.
4. Estimate and measure the length, width, and height of the table; the length and width of your pencil box.
5. Estimate how much wider your copy book is than this book. Test by measuring.
6. Is this book more or less than $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. wide? $\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{ft}$.? $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{ft}$ ? How many inches more or less in each casc?
7. Which is longer and how much, a 7 -inch line or one $\frac{2}{3} \mathrm{ft}$. long? an 8 -inch line or one $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{ft}$. long?
8. 9. Draw a line one foot long on the blackboard; extend it a foot ; extend it another foot.

How many feet long is the whole line now?
2. This length is called one yard.
3. How many feet are there in a yard?

> Three feet equal one yard. $3 \mathrm{ft} .=1$ yd.
4. What things are measured by the yard?
31. 1. Draw a 1 -yard line and mark it off into fect. What part of 1 yard is 1 foot? 2 feet?
2. Measure and count the inches in $\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{yd}$. ; in $\frac{2}{3} \mathrm{yd}$.

$$
12 \mathrm{in} .+12 \mathrm{in} .=-\mathrm{in} .
$$

3. Measure and count the inches in $\frac{3}{3}$ yd., or in 1 yd .

$$
12 \mathrm{in} .+12 \mathrm{in} .+12 \mathrm{in} .=\sim \mathrm{in} .
$$

4. How many inches are $\frac{1}{3}$ of 36 in .? $\frac{5}{3}$ of 36 in ?

## EXERCISES

32. 33. How many yards long do you think the sehoolroom is? how wide? Measure to see.
1. Estimate, in yards, the length of each blackboard in the room. Test your estimate by measuring.
2. Draw a line $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. long and another 1 yd . long. Which is shorter? how many inches shorter?
3. Take a string 1 yd . long and eut it in the middle. Measure one piece and compare it with a 2 -foot line. Which is longer, and how many inches longer?

## PARTS OF GROUPS

33. 34. If 6 pears are separated into two equal groups, how many are in cach group?
1. What part of the pears is in each group? How many pears are $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 pears?
2. Soparate 6 pears into three equal grot.ps. How many pears
 are $\frac{1}{3}$ of 6 pears? $\frac{3}{3}$ of 6 pears?
3. Take 12 splints. Separate them into 2 equal groups. How many splints are $\frac{1}{2}$ of 12 splints?
4. Separate them into 3 equal groups. How many splints are $\frac{1}{3}$ of 12 splints? $\frac{2}{3}$ of 12 splints?
5. Separate them into 4 equal goups. How many splints are $\frac{1}{4}$ of 12 splints? $\frac{2}{4}$ of 12 splints? $\frac{3}{4}$ of $12 ?$
6. By properly grouping the splints, find $\frac{1}{6}$ of 12 . How many are $\frac{2}{6}$ of 12 ? $\frac{3}{6}$ of 12 ? 委 of 12 ? $\frac{5}{6}$ of 12 ?

III II\| IIII II\|I II\|IIII IIIIII
8. What is $\frac{1}{2}$ of 8 ? $\frac{1}{2}$ of 10 ? $\frac{1}{3}$ of 9 ? $\frac{1}{4}$ of 8 ?
9. What part of it dozen buttons are 3 buttons? 6 buttons? 9 buttons?
10. What part of a dozen buttons are 4 buttons? 8 buttons?
11. How many buttons are there in $\frac{1}{2}$ of a dozen buttons? in $1 \frac{1}{2}$ dozen? in $\frac{1}{4}$ dozen? in $1 \frac{8}{4}$ dozen?


## NUMBERS TO FIFTY

## 34. Counting by twos.

1. Count the boys in this procession by twos.

2. Count them in such a way as to tell how many times you have counted two boys, thus: "One 2 is 2 ; two 2 's are 4 ; three 2's are 6;" and so on.
3. How many boys are two times 2 boys? three times 2 boys? Continue to tell times 2 boys.
4. How many pints are there in 1 quart? in 2 qt.? in 3 qt.?
5. In 4 quarts there are 4 times 2 pints, or 8 pints. Tell in the sance way how many pints there are in 5 qt ; in 6 qt. ; in 7 qt .; in $8 \mathrm{qt} . ;$ in 9 qt .; in 10 qt .
6. Instead of the word "times" the sign $\times$ is used.
7. This is the table of twos to 10 times 2.

Copy it ; then commit it to memory.

| $1 \times 2=2$ | $6 \times 2=12$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| $2 \times 2=4$ | $7 \times 2=1:$ |
| $3 \times 2=6$ | $8 \times 2=16$ |
| $4 \times 2=8$ | $9 \times 2=18$ |
| $5 \times 2=10$ | $10 \times 2=20$ |

85. 86. If 4 boys march by twos, how many twos will there be? How inany 2 's are there in 4 ?
1. How many 2 's are there in 6 ? in 8 ? in 10 ? in 12 ? in 14? in 16 ? in 18? in 20 ?
2. How many times cun 2 apples be taken out of this busket, if it contains 12 apples? if it contains 14 apples? 16 apples? 18 apples?
3. Count by twos to 20 , and as you name each number tell how inany times it contains 2 , thus: " 2 contains 2 once; 4 contains 2 two times;" etc.
4. Another way to say " 12 contains 2 six times" is to say " 12 divided by 2 is equal to 6 ."

In writing we use the sign + for "divided by."
Thus, $12+2=6$ means " 12 contains 2,6 times," or " 12 divided by 2 is equal to 6 ."
6. Read, filling blanks:

4 times $2=8 ; \quad 8$ contains $2-$ times.
5 times $2=10 ; \quad 10$ contains $2-$ times.
6 times $2=12 ; 12$ contains $2-$ times.
10 times $2=20 ; 20$ contains $2-$ times.
$\begin{array}{llll}2+2= & 6+2= & 10+2= & 14+2= \\ 4+2= & 8+2= & 12+2= & 16+2=\end{array}$
7. $6=3$ twos, $\|\left|| |\right.$; $\frac{1}{3}$ of 6 is -
$8=4$ twos, $\|$ || $\mid$ | $\|$; $\frac{1}{4}$ of 8 is
ฮ. Find $\frac{7}{2}$ of 4 ; $\frac{1}{8}$ of 3 ; $\frac{2}{3}$ of $6 ; \frac{3}{4}$ of $8 ; \frac{1}{6}$ of 12 .

## Exercises

36. Here are ten columns of 2 's. The number of 2 's in each column is written at the top. C(py on the blackbourcl.

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (3) | (6) | (7) | (A) | (1) | (10) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
|  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
|  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 9 | 2 |
|  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |

1. Add the columns in this way: "One 2 is 2 , two 2 's are 4 ," etc. Also add in this way: "Once 2 is 2 , two times 2 are 4," etc. Do this rapidly.
2. Name the sums only, as rapidly as you can, as the teacher points to various columns.
3. Beneath cach column write its sum. Which column shows 6 divided into 3 equal parts?

Tell about tire column thus:
" 3 times 2 are 6 ; $\frac{1}{3}$ of 6 is $2 ; 6$ contains 2,3 times."
4. Tell about the column whose sum is $4 ; 8 ; 12 ; 20$.
5. Which column shows 8 divided into 4 equal parts? How many 2 's are there in $\frac{1}{4}$ of $\bar{\delta}$ ? in $\frac{3}{4}$ of $\delta$ ? $\quad \frac{3}{4}$ oi $\delta=$ —.
6. In the same way find $\frac{2}{3}$ of $6 ; \frac{2}{6}$ of $12 ; \frac{5}{6}$ of 12 .
7. Count the parts of this oblong. How do they compare?
8. One of the fiec equal partes of anything is called one fifth of it.

One fifth is written fo.
9. II || || || ||

$$
10=-2 \prime 8
$$


fof $10=$ $\qquad$
10. Answer quickly:

| $2+2+2=$ | $5 \times 2=$ | $14+2=$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ of $4=$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 is $\frac{1}{3}$ of - | 2 is $\frac{1}{5}$ of | $18+2=$ | $\frac{0}{3}$ of $6=$ |
| $4 \times 2=$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ of $12=$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ of $8=$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ of $10=$ |
| 2 is $\frac{1}{4}$ of - | $12+2=$ | $\frac{3}{4}$ o1 $8=$ | $\frac{8}{8}$ of $12=$ |

## 3\%. Counting by threes.

1. Albert is buying 30 cggs. The grocer is putting them into the basket thrie at a time. Count for Albert by threes to 30 .
2. Count to 30 thus: "One 3 is 3 ; two 3 's are $6 ; "$ and so on.
3. How many eggs are 2 times 3 eggs? $3 \times 3$ eggs? $4 \times 3$ eggs? $5 \times 3$ eggs? Continue to $10 \times 3$ eggs.

4. How many feet are there in 1 yard? in $2 y \mathrm{~d}$.? in 3 yd .?
5. In 4 yards there are 4 timess 3 fect, or fect. Tell in this way how many feet there are in 5 yd . ; in 6 yd . ; etc.
6. Memorize this table of threes.
7. How inany times 3 ім 6? Answer in this way: " 6 is 2 titnes $3 . "$

How many times 3 is 9 ? 12? 15? 18? 21?
8. Read, filling blanks:

| $1 \times 3=3$ | $6 \times 3=18$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $2 \times 3=6$ | $7 \times 3=21$ |
| $3 \times 3=9$ | $8 \times 3=2.1$ |
| $1 \times 3=12$ | $9 \times 3=27$ |
| $6 \times 3=15$ | $10 \times 3=30$ |

8 times $3=2 \cdot 1 ; 2 \cdot 1$ contains $3-$ times.
9 tunes $3=27, \quad 27$ contains $3-$ times. 10 times $3=30 ; \quad 30$ contains $3-$ times. $\begin{array}{lrlll}3+3= & 1+3= & 15+3= & 21+3= & 27+3= \\ 6+3= & 12+3= & 18+3= & 24+3= & 30+3=\end{array}$
9. $6=2$ threes, III III ; $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 is
10. Find $\frac{1}{4}$ of $8 ; \frac{1}{4}$ of $12 ; \frac{1}{3}$ of 6 ; $\frac{1}{2}$ of $6 ; \frac{1}{3}$ of $9 ; \frac{1}{8}$ of $10 ; \frac{1}{8}$ of $15 ; \frac{1}{6}$ of $12 ; \frac{1}{6}$ of 18 .
11. Compare $2 \times 3$ with $3 \times 2$.

## 38. Counting by fours.

1. Write these columns of 4's and others, increasing in height until the tallest contains ten 4's. Under each column write its sum.

$$
\begin{array}{r} 
\\
\\
\\
44 \\
444 \\
4444 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

2. Read the sums in this way:
"One 4 is 4 ; two 4 's are 8 ;" and so on to ten 4's.
3. Suppose that each 4 stands for 4 guarts, or 1 gatlon. How many quarts are there in 3 gallons? in 4 gal.? in 5 gal.? in 6 gal.? in 7 gal .? in 8 gal.? in 9 gal.? in 10 gal .?
4. Memorize this table of fours.
5. How many f's are there in 8? in 12? in 16? in 20)? in 21? in 28? in 32? in 36? in 40?
6. Copy, romplete, and rull:

| $1 \times 1=1$ | $6 \times 1=26$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $3 \times 1=8$ | $8 \times 1=28$ |
| $1 \times 1=12$ | $8 \times 1=29$ |
| $1 \times 1-16$ | $9 \times 1=216$ |
| $5 \times 1=30$ | $10 \times 1=40$ | $\begin{array}{lllll}1+1= & 12+1= & 20+1= & 28+4= & 36+1= \\ 8+1= & 16+1= & 24+1= & 32+4= & 40+1=\end{array}$

7. Look at your colnmons of 1 's, and their sums, sund tell what part 4 is of 8 ; of 12 ; of 10 ; of 20 ; of 24 .
8. Find 虽 of $12 ;$ of $16 ; \frac{1}{5}$ of 20 ; $\frac{1}{8}$ of $24 ; 8$ of 24 .
9. What phart of agallon is I puart? '2 ut.? B ut.?
10. What part of a dozen is 4 ? How do you know? 11. Compare $2 \times 4$ with $4 \times 2 ; 3 \times 4$ with $4 \times 3$.

## EXERCISES

39. 40. Tell quickly the value of each of the following:

| $4 \times 3$ | $7 \times 2$ | $11+2$ | $30+3$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ of 15 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $5 \times 2$ | $8 \times 1$ | $15+3$ | $32+4$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ of 12 |
| $1 \times 4$ | $6 \times 3$ | $16+2$ | $40+4$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ of 20 |
| $6 \times 2$ | $10 \times 2$ | $18+2$ | $\frac{1}{3}$ of 6 | $\frac{3}{4}$ of 8 |
| $5 \times 4$ | $8 \times 3$ | $18+3$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ of 8 | $\frac{2}{3}$ of 12 |
| $7 \times 3$ | $9 \times 4$ | $24+3$ | $\frac{1}{3}$ of 12 | $\frac{8}{6}$ of 12 |
| $8 \times 2$ | $10 \times 4$ | $24+4$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ of 12 | $\frac{1}{6}$ of 18 |
| $5 \times 3$ | $8+4$ | $27+3$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ of 10 | $\frac{2}{3}$ of 9 |
| $6 \times 4$ | $12+2$ | $28+4$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ of 16 | $\frac{3}{4}$ of 16 |

2. Compare 8 and 2 thus: $\forall$ is 1 times $2 ; 2$ is $f$ of 8. Cco.pare in the sane two ways:
3. 6 anl 2.
4. 12 and 3 .

- \$16 and \$1.

4. 6 and 3 .
5. 12 and 2.
6. 10\% and 28.
7. 12 and 1 .

- 15 und 3.

11. Is lir. and is hr.
12. Counting by fives.
13. Let us keep tally while the coal man carries in the coal.

Wir will make one mark for ench bitg emptied, drawing every fifth mark across the precoding four, thus: NW.
2. When the tally is OW NH, how many bags
 have been emptied? How many are two 5 's, or $2 \times 5$ ?
3. Show the tally for three 5's, for four 5's, and so on to ten 5 's, telling each time how many bage it stands for.
4. What is the value of 2 five-cent coin? of 3 such coms? of 4 ? of 5 ? of 6 ? of 7 ? of 8 ? of 9 ? of 10 ?
5. Memorize this table of fives.

| $1 \times 5=5$ | $6 \times 5=30$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $2 \times 5=10$ | $7 \times 5=30$ |
| $3 \times 5=10$ | $8 \times 5=40$ |
| $4 \times 5=20$ | $3 \times 5=4 \overline{4}$ |
| $5 \times 5=25$ | $10 \times 5=60$ |

6. How many 5's are there in 10? in 15? in 20?

Tell how many tintes each oî these numbers contains 5 : $2 \overline{5}, 30,3 \overline{5}, 40,45,50$.
7. Copy, complete, and read:

$$
\begin{array}{rrrr}
5+5= & 15+5= & 25+5= & 35+5= \\
10+5= & 20+5= & 30+5= & 40+5= \\
& & 50+5=
\end{array}
$$

8. A half dollar is worth 50 cents, and a quarter dollar 25 cents. How many five-cent picces is cach worth?
9. What part of $20 \%$ is $5 \xi$ ? Find $\frac{1}{4}$ of $20 \%$; $\frac{3}{4}$ of $2 C \%$.
10. Find $\frac{1}{5}$ of 25 ; $\frac{2}{5}$ of 25 ; $\frac{2}{3}$ of $15 ; \frac{1}{6}$ of 30 ; 唇 of 30 .
11. Conıpare $2 \times 5$ with $5 \times 2 ; 3 \times 5$ with $5 \times 3 ; 4 \times 5$ with $5 \times 4$.

## EXERCISES

41. 42. The first circle is for drill on the table of 5 's. Give the results rropidly, beginning with 25 's and going in either direction. Begin with other numbers around the circle.

1. How rapidly can you go around the first circle when the number inside is $2 ? 3 ? 4$ ?
2. How many 3's are there in each number around the second circle? Give the results rapidly.
3. How many 4 's are there in each of these numbers:

$$
4,12,20,8,40,36,28,16,12,24 ?
$$

5. How many times do these numbers contain 5 :

$$
5,15,35,45,25,10,20,30,40,50 ?
$$

## REVIEW

## EXERCISES

42. 43. Count these dots by 4's; by 2's; by 5 's; by 10's. You should get the same answer each time.
1. Count by 2 's from 0 to 50 , thus: $0,2,4,6$, etc.
2. Count by 3 's from 0 to 60 ; by 4 's from 0 to 80 ; by 5 's from 0 to 100 ; by 10 's from 0 to 100 .
3. Count by 2 's from 1 to 49 , thus: $1,3,5,7$, etc.
4. Count by 3 's from 1 to 58 ; from 2 to 59 .
5. Count by 4 's from 1 to 77 ; from 2 to 78 ; from 3 to 79 .
6. Count by 5's from 1 to 96 ; from 2 to 97 ; from 3 to 98 ; from 4 to 99.
7. Count by 10 's from 1 to 91 ; from 2 to 92 ; etc.
8. Carrie bought 7 cents' worth of plums at 3 for a cent. How many plums did she buy?
9. At 3 plums for a cent, how many cents would she have nceded to buy 30 plums? 24 plums?
10. When milk costs 4 cents a quart, how much must be paid for a gallon at the same rate? for 6 qt.?

How many quarts can you buy for 20 cents? for 32 cents? for 28 cents? for 36 cents?
12. When you have read 4 pages more, what will be your page number?

Add or subtract as the signs indicate:
13. $21+8$
14. $39-6$
15. $72+5$
16. 58-5
17. 42
$+7$
21. 77
$-20$
18. 58
$-3$
22. 61
$+30$
19. 81
20. 64
$+5$
24. 99
23. 29
25. When lemons cost 2 cents cach, how much will 3 lemons cost? half a dozen lemons? 5 lemons? 8 lemons? 10 icmons?
26. When Ella had set 10 toy cups and saucers on her table, how many dishes were there on it?
27. How many lemons costing 2 cents cach can you buy for 10 cents? for 14 cents? for 8 cents? for 18 cents?
28. When milk costs 5 cents a quart, how much will 3 quarts of milk cost? a gallon? $\frac{1}{2}$ gal.? 2 gal.? How many quarts can you buy for 20 cents? for 35 cents?
29. Jennie has 20 cents. How many 5 -cent measures of peanuts can she buy? how many 4-cent measures?
30. How much money do you need to buy 5 3-cent bags of pop corn? 4 bags? 7 bags? 9 bags?
31. Threc boys sold lemonade and earned $\$ 9$, which they divided equally. How much money did each receive?
32. How much do 3 roses cost at 4 cents each? 4 roses? 6 roses? 10 roses? At this price, how many roses can you buy for 20 cents? for 32 cents? for 28 cents?
33. Find the sum of 50 cents and 25 cents.
34. How many inches are there in 1 foot and 6 inches?
35. Robert pickeci 9 chestnut burs and found 2 chestnuts in each. How many chestnuts did he find in all?
36. Eva made 45 penwipers for a fair but only 25 were sold. How many were left?
37. In a game of prisoner's base there were 12 children free on one side and 10 on the other, and 7 were prisoncrs on the bases. How many children were playing?
38. Ralph caught 9 fish, 3 of which were trout. What part of Ralph's fish were trout?
39. What part of a dozen fish did Ralph catch ?
40. John has 72 cents in his bank. If he puts in 5 cents and then 2 cents, how much money will then be in the bank?
41. On Thursday night there were 16 bonfires on Main St. and 12 on Maple St. How many bonfires were there on both streets?
42. When oil costs 12 cents a gallon, how much will a quart of oil cost?

A quart is $\frac{1}{4}$ of a gallon.
A quart of oil will cost $\frac{1}{4}$ of 12 cents, or - cents.
43. When tarts cost 20 cents a dozen, how much will 3 tarts cost at the same rate? ,
44. When molasses costs 14 cents a quart, how much will a pint of molasses cost?

## measuring weiget

43. 44. What are these children doing? For what are the weights used? Point to the smallest weight.
It is called an ounce weight, for it weighs one ounce.
1. Point to the largest weight.
It weighs as muels as sixteen of the ounce weights, or one pound, and is called a pound weight.

2. How many ounces are there in a pound?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Sixteen ounces equal one pound. } \\
& 16 \mathrm{oz} .=1 \mathrm{lb} .
\end{aligned}
$$

4. The weight that just balances the box is half a pound. How many ounces does the box weigh ?
5. If George puts the quarter pound weight on the scales with the half pound weight, what part of a pound of sand will he have to pour into the box to make the scales balance again? how many ounces of sand?

How many ounces do box and sand together weigh?
6. What part of a pound are 8 ounces? 4 ounces?
7. 1 pound less 9 ounces $=$ ?
9. 14 oz . less $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{lb} .=$ ?
s. $\frac{7}{7}$ ounces and $\frac{1}{2}$ pound $=$ ?
10. $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{lb}$. plus $3 \mathrm{oz}=$ ?

## PERIMETER AND AREA

44. 45. Draw an oblong 5 inches long and 2 inches wide. How many inches is it around the oblong?
1. This distance is called the perimeter of the oblong.
2. Cut out of paper an oblong 6 in . long and 3 in . wide, or " 6 in. by 3 in.". Find its perimeter.
3. Find the perimeter of an oblong 5 in . by 4 in .
4. What is the perineter of a triangle whose sides are each 4 in. long? 5 in . long?
5. 6. Mcasure the sides of this square. How long is it? How wide is it?
1. A square whose sides are each 1 inch long is called a square inch.
2. Take a piece of paper 2 in . by 1 in . and fold : $H_{\text {, }}$ into square inches. How inany square 1 is of paper are there?

3. Cut three strips of paper each 3 in. by 1 in. How many square inches does each contain?
4. Arrange two of the strips to form an oblong 2 in . wide. How long is the oblong?

How many square inches does it contain?

$$
2 \times 3 \text { sq. in. are }- \text { sq. in. }
$$

6. Use the three strips to make a square.

How long is the square? How wide is it? How many square inches does it contain?

$$
3 \times 3 \text { sq. in. are }- \text { sq. in. }
$$

A square 3 in . by 3 in . is called a 3 -inch square. jigot prog. AR. -4
7. This picture represents an oblong 5 in . by 3 in. divided into square inches.

How many square inches are there in 1 row? in 2 rows? in 3 rows?
 How many square inches does the oblong contaiu?

$$
3 \times 5 \text { sq. in. are }- \text { sq. in. }
$$

8. Draw an oblong 4 in . by 2 in . Find its area. In one row of square inches there are 4 sq . in. In two rows there are $2 \times 4$ sq. in., or - sq. in.
9. This is ealled the area of the oblong.
10. A square whose sides are each one foot long is ealled a square foot; a square whose sides are each one yard long is called a square yard.
11. How long and how wide is a 5-inch square? a 3 -foot square? a 10 -yard square?
12. How many square feet are there in a 3 -foot square?
in a yard square?
13. How many square feet are there in a square yard?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Nine square feet equal one square yard. } \\
& 9 \text { sq. ft. }=1 \text { sq. yd. }
\end{aligned}
$$

46. Find the perimeter and area of :
47. A 4-inch square.
48. A 5 -foot square.
49. An oblong 4 in . by 3 in .
50. A rug 3 yd. square.
51. A table top 4 ft . square.
52. A card 7 in. by 5 in.
53. A blotter 8 in . by 4 in . 10. An envelope 6 in . by 3 in .

## MEASURING TIME

47. 48. Read the letters on the elock face. Tell what they mean.
1. Observe the little spaees marked on the rim just outside of the letters.

These are minute spaces.
3. Count the number of minute spaces between XII and I; I and II; X and XI.


How many minute spaces does the minute hand pass over in moving from XII around to XII again?
4. What time is it when both hands point toward XII?

Where will the liands be pointing onc lour later?
How many minute spaces will the minute hand move over during that time?
5. How many minutes are there in an hour?

> Sixty minutes equal one hour. $60 \mathrm{~min} .=1 \mathrm{hr}$.
6. How niany minutes are therc in half an hour? in a quarter of an hour? in three quarters of an hour?
7. Draw a clock face to show a quarter past four o'clock; a quarter to $5 ; 20 \mathrm{~min}$. past $7 ; 25 \mathrm{~min}$. to 8 .

When the time is more than half past an lour, we may tell it by giving the number of minutes to the next hour.
8. What time is it when the minute hand is at III, and the hour hand is a little past X ? when the minute hand is at VIII and the hour hand nearer VI than V?
9. For " 20 minutes past 1 " we often say "one twenty," and write 1:20; for "20 minutes to 2," "one forty," and write 1: 40.
10. Read in two ways: $11: 20 ; 2: 50 ; 3: 15 ; 10: 35$; $4: 05 ; 6: 10 ; 8: 40 ; 2: 45$.
12. What time is it when the minute hand points to I, and the hour hand is near VI? when the minute hand points to X , and the hour hand is near XII?
12. Where do the hands of a clock point when it is 25 min. past $4 ?$ a quarter to 12 ? ten fifty? six thirty? onc ten? 5:50? 7:10? 3:48? 6:05? 1:55?
48. 1. Count on the clock facc the number of hours from 9 o'clock to 9 o'clock again.
2. At what time in the morning does school begin? To what number does the hour hand point at that time?
3. What time of day will it be the next time the hour hand points toward IX? How many hours will that be from the time school began in the morning?
4. How many hours will it be from 9 o'clock at night until school begins the ncxt morning?
5. How many hours is it from school time one morning until school time the next morning? how many days?
6. How many hours are there in a day?

> Twenty-four hours equal cse day. $24 \mathrm{hr} .=1 \mathrm{da}$.

This means both the day time and the night time.
7. For telling time the day is divided into two parts.

The time from midnight to noon is called forenoon, and the time from noon to midnight is called afterroon.
We write A.m. for forenoon and p.s. for afternoon.
Thus, "ten minutes after 9 in the moming" is written $9: 10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}$, and "ten minutes after 9 in the evening" is written $9: 10 \mathrm{c} \cdot \mathrm{m}$.
8. If you start for school at 8:20 A.m. and arrive at $8: 50 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}$., how long are you on the way?
9. How long a time is it from $11: 25 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}$. to noon?
10. How many hours is it from 9 A.s. to 4 P.M.?
49. 1. What day of the week is this? Name all the days of the week. How many are there?

## Seven days equal one week. $7 \mathrm{da} .=1 \mathrm{wk}$.

2. Find on this calendar the short ways of writing the names of the days.
3. How many days are there in December? how many weeks and how many days over?
4. December is the last

1907 DECEMBER 1007

| Sun. | Xon. Tue. | Wed | Than. | Vri. | Sat. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 8 | 4 | 8 | 6 | 7 |
| 8 | 0 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 18 | 14 |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 | 31 |  |  |  |  | month in the year. January is the first month in the year. Can you name all the months? How many are there?

The names of the months are often written in this way: Jan., Feb., Mar., Apr., May, June, July, Aug., Sept., Oct., Nov., Dec.
s. On what day of December does Christmas come?

The date of Cliristinas Day, 1907, is written, Wednesday. Dec. 25. 1907.
6. Write the date for New Year's Day in 1908; the date of to-day; of to-morrow; of a week from to-day.
7. Write the date of your next birthday; of the next holiday; of other holidays.
8. If you leave home at $7: 40 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}$. on Friday and are gone 20 hours, at what tine do you return?

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

50. Here are two problems about an oblong 4 inches by 2 inches.
51. What is the area of moblong 4 in. by 2 in.?

$$
\text { Area }=2 \times 4 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{in} .=8 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{in} .
$$


2. What is the perimeter of an oblong 4 in . by 2 in ? Perimeter $=4 \mathrm{in} .+2 \mathrm{in}+.4 \mathrm{in} .+2 \mathrm{in}=.-\mathrm{in} .=-\mathrm{ft}$.
Make and solve as many problerns as you can about:
3. $\Lambda$ window 5 ft . by 3 ft ., with panes 1 foot square.
4. A room the floor of which is 6 yd . by 5 yd .
5. A week less 2 days (Saturday and Sunday).
6. The number of days in 4 weeks.
7. An hour less 20 minutes.
e. Two books, one weighing 12 oz ., the other 24 oz .
9. The number of days in December after Dec. 11.
10. The number of hours from 8 P.M. to 7 A.M.

## READIWG AND WRITINO NUMBERS

61. 62. Count by ones from 1 to 10 , thus: " 1 one, 2 ones," ete. Write each number as you name it.
a. What is the largest number of ones that ean be written with one figure? How many figures are needed to write tan ones?
1. 10 means either ten ones or 1 ten (and 0 ones). In what place,
 counting from the right, does 1 stand when it means 1 ten ?

Show this with other numbers than 10 , as 11,12 , etc.
4. Calling 10 " 1 ten," count by tens from 10 to 100 . Write each number as you name it.
5. What is the largest number of tens written with two figures? How many figures are needed to write ten tens?
6. 100 means cither ten tens or 1 hundred (and 0 tens and 0 ones). In what place, counting from the right, does 1 stand when it means 1 hundred ?
7. What does 1 neean when it stands in ones' place? in tens' place? in hundreds' place? What does 2 inean in ones' place? in tens' place? in hundreds' place?
8. Write in figures:

3 ones.
3 tens.
3 hundreuds.

| Four hundred. | Seven hundred. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Five hundred. | Eight hundred. |
| Six hundred. | Nine hundred. |

9. Ten hundred, written 1000 , is called one thousand.
10. Read: $10,30,00,00,100,200,600,700,000,1000$.
11. 12. The number that is 1 greater than 100 in 101 , read "one hundred one." The number that is 2 greater than 100 is 102 , read "ono hundred two."
1. Count from 100 to 109 , writing the numbers in a colunin as you name them, with hundreds uncer hundreds, "ens under tens, and ones under ones.
2. 110 is rend "one hundred ten." Name the numbers from 110 to 119 and write them in a column by the side of your first column of numbers.
3. Continue naming numbers until you $\sim$ ach 149 , writing them in columns of ten numbers each.


2 uundreds


5 tons


8 ones
s. What number is shown in this picture? Write the number and tell what each figure menns.
6. Tell what each figure means in these numbers:

| 10 | 100 | 112 | 167 | 260 | 307 | 999 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 25 | 110 | 240 | 384 | 502 | 222 | 1000 |

7. In numbers that are written with three figures, the first figure, conenting from right to left, stando for ones, the second figure for tens, and the third figure for hundreds.

## Exircise

88. 2. Read theen numbers:

| 375 | 822 | 610 | 100 | 300 | 202 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 462 | 565 | 100 | 601 | 251 | 009 |

2. Write in figures, placing hundreds mader hundreds, tens under tens, and ones under ones:

Four hundred sixty-five. Nine hundred.
Two hundrod forty-eight. Eight hundred one.
Six hundred sixty-one. One hundred twelve.
One hundred ninety-six. Six hundred thirty. Three hundred forty-four. Ninety-nine. Five hundred eighty-eight. Nine hundred nine. One hundred reventy-two. Eight hundred five. Three hundred forty-three. Eight hundred fifty. Seven hundred seventy-six. One thousand.
3. 463 means -_ hundreds - tens and -ones.
4. Tell in the same way what these numbers mean: 756, 242, 403, 250, 632, 190, 333, 444, 206.
s. What number is 1 less than 10 ? than 100 ? than 200? than 550 ? than 910 ? than 1000 ?
6. What number is 10 greater than 100 ? 10 less than 100? 10 less than 550? 20 greater than 760 ?
7. Name and write the numbers that are 100 greater than the following; also the numbers that are 100 less: $300,225,6844,522,332,105,204,900,777$.
e. What is the smallest 3-figure number? the largest?

## ADDITION

54. Express each sum as tens or as tens and ones:
55. $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 1\end{array}$
5

| 6 |
| :--- |
| 4 | | 8 |
| :--- |
| 2 | 8 $1 \quad 5$


| 7 |
| :--- |
| 3 |

2. 40
30
45
46
47
48
48
48
35
34
33
32
33
34

## WRITTEN EXICRCISES

1. Find the sum of 48 and 34 .

48 How many ones are 4 ones and 8 ones?
34 In 12 ones there are 1 ten and 2 ones.
Write the 2 ones uider the ones, and keep the 1 ten to add to the 3 tens and 4 tens.
How many tens are 1 ten and 3 tens and 4 tens?
Write the number of tens under the tens.
What, then, is the sum of 48 and 34 ?
Tell all you did to find the sum.
Add the following:
2. 57
3. 49
4. 46
5. 69
6. 36
15
14
37
26 $\underline{64}$
7. 46
26
8. 32
9. 19
10. 29
11. 78
45
47 $\underline{22}$
12. 65
17
13. 43
14. 47
38
47
15. 59
16. 36

Add upward and test your answer by adding downward:
17. 33
18. 28
19. 65
20. 28
21. 17
24
33
41
$\underline{22}$
23. 37
22. 44
16
$\underline{23}$
27. 22
35
18
7
28. 16
29. 37
30. 24
3:. 18
13
48
16
32. 18
33. 26
27
19
$\underline{28}$
ง3. 8
38
19
34. 37
35. 19
36. 18
18
9
$\underline{28}$
17
18
29
18
29
18

WRITTEN EXERCISES
55. 1. Ruth weighs 48 pounds and Edith 45 pounds. How much do both weigh?
2. Isabel picked 17 poppies and 28 pinks. How many flowers did she pick?
3. If 26 days since the term began have been sunny and 18 cloudy, how many days have passed?
4. Percival telephon. 134 times in May, 29 times in June, and 25 times in July. How many times did he telephone in the three months?
3. John and Ira went nutting. John got 12 pounds of nuts and Ira 18 pounds. How many pounds did both get?
6. John had 37 walnuts and 48 butternuts. Ira had 54 walnuts and 49 butternuts. How many walnuts had both boys? how many butternuts?
7. The next time they went nutting they got 56 pounds of walnuts, 18 pounds of hiekory nuts, and 25 pounds of hazelnuts. How many pounds of nuts did they get in all?
8. Into a dish they put 26 walnuts, 17 hazelnuts, 25 hiekory nuts, and 8 butternuts. How many nuts were there in the dislı?
9. How many yards is it around this eroquet ground?
20. What is the perimeter $i$ an oblong lot that is 36 yards long and 13 yards wide?

11. What is the perimeter of a 25 -foot square?
12. Measure the length and width of your sehoolroom and find its perimeter.
13. It is 29 miles from Albion to Berne, and Canton is $\xrightarrow[B]{B}$
18 miles farther on than Berne. How far is $i_{i}$ from Albion to Canton?
14. If you ride on the train from Albion to Canton and baek again, how many miles do you ride?

Add and test:

26. Mrs. Chase went to do her Christmas shopping. She spent $\$ 14$ for books, $\$ 28$ for other useful articles, $\$ 5$ for toys, $\$ 1$ for a Christmas tree, and $\$ 2$ for decorations. How much did she spend?
27. This is a picture of Ella's garden. How many feet is it around the garden?
26. My bookcase contains 18 books on the top shelf; 16 on the next; and 21,15 , 14, 12, in order to the bottom. How
 many books are there in the bonkcase?
29. A milkman had five cans of milk on his wagon, containing 24 qt ., 16 qt ., $20 \mathrm{qt} ., 17 \mathrm{qt}$., and 19 qt ., respectively. How many quarts of milk were there in the five cans?
56. 1. Express as hundreds: $50+50 ; 40+60 ; 70+30$.
2. Express as hundreds and tens: $70+40 ; 70+50$; $70+80$.
3. How many hundreds are 5 hundreds +2 hundreds? $500+200$ and $50+50 ? 500+200$ and $40+60 ?$
4. Add $500+70$ and $200+30$; or add 570 and 230 .
5. Add:

$$
\begin{array}{llllll}
550 & 540 & 570 & 570 & 570 & 570 \\
250 & 260 & 230 & 240 & \underline{250} & \underline{280} \\
\cline { 1 - 6 } & \underline{y} & \underline{0} &
\end{array}
$$

1. Find the sum of 574 and 289.

574 Add the ones. What is their sum?
$289 \quad 13=1$ ten +3 ones. Write only the 3 ones.
863 Add the tens, beginning with the 1 ten not yet written. 1 ten +8 tens +7 tens $=$. 16 tens $=1$ hundred +0 tens. Write only the 6 tens.
Add the hundreds, beginning with the 1 hundred not yet written. 1 hundred +2 hundreds +5 hundreds $=$

Read the sum. Tell all you did to obtain it.
Add the following:
2. $\left.\begin{array}{rrrrr}435 & \text { 3. } 243 & \text { 4. } 625 & \text { 5. } 367 & \text { 6. } 573 \\ \underline{128} & \underline{581} & \underline{299} & \underline{484} & \underline{369} \\ \text { 7. } & \text { 8. } 627 & \text { 9. } 486 & \text { 10. } 548 & \text { 11. } 281 \\ \underline{294} & \underline{275} & \underline{314} & \underline{252} & \underline{719} \\ \text { 12. } 324 & \text { 13. } 518 & \text { 14. } 489 & \text { 15. } 269 & \text { 16. } 587 \\ 249 & \underline{173} & \underline{256} & \underline{347} & \underline{166}\end{array}\right]$

FIRST BOOK
Add and test:


## fROGRESSIVE ARTTHMETIC

## Making change

67. For the excreises below, pach pupil who orders a

ULSTER LUNCH

| Bill of Fare |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Hain Sandwleh . 6 | Oysters . . . . 20 |
| Egg Sandwich. . 5 | Rolls, each |
| Chicken Sandwich 10 | Baked Bcana . . 15 |
| Egga, each . . . 5 | Coffee . . . . 5 |
| Egg on Toast . . 7 | Coffee with Cream 8 |
| Potatoes . . . . 5 | Tea . . . . . 5 |
| Ham \& Eggs - . 20 | Chocolate |
| Beefateak . . . 25 | Milk . |
| Porix Chops. . . 15 | Ple or Cake |
| Lamb Chope . .15 | Ice Cream | lunch should have a half dollar and two quarter dollars, or something to represent these coins.

The teacher appoints a waiter and a cashicr.

The cashier has red slips of paper marked 1 for 1-cent coins, white slips marked 5 for 5cent coins, and blue slips marked 10 for ten-cent coins.

## EXERCISES

1. This is Edith's order: "Beefsteak, 2 rolls, coffee." The waiter announces the cost, " 34 cents." Is he right? Edith gives the cashier 50 cents.
The cashier soys " 34 cents"; then gives Edith 1 cent, and says " 35 "; then 5 cents, and says " 40 "; then 10 cents, and says " 50. ."

Has Edith received the right change?
In the following exercises the cashier should count out change as he did in exercise 1. If the waiter or the cashier makes an error, he should be discharged and another employed in his place.
2. Alfred orders 2 ham sandwiches; he pays with $25 \%$.
3. Roy orders coffee with cream; he pays with $25 \%$.

Order other lunches. Here are some specimen orders, each with the amount given to the cashicr in payment:
4. Egg on toast ; $25 \%$.
3. Ham and eggs ; 50\%.
6. Bcefsteak, pic ; 50 \&.
7. Chicken sandwich; $25 \%$.
e. Chocolate, 3 rolls ; 25 \&.
9. Egg on toast, tea; $25 \%$.
10. Oysters, tea, pie; $50 \%$.
in. Ice cream, cake; $50 \%$.
12. Oysters, beans; $50 \%$.
13. Pork chops, 1 roll : 25 e.
14. Ham sandwich, milk; 25 \&.
15. Milk, 3 rolls; 25 f.
16. Egg sandwich, coffee with cream; $25 \%$.
17. Milk, pie, ice cream; 25
18. Beefsteak, potatoes, milk; $50 \nLeftarrow$.
19. Ham and eggs, 3 rolls, coffee with cream ; $50 \%$.
20. Oysters, 2 rolls, chocolate ; $50 \%$.
22. Beefsteak, egg on toast; $50 \%$.
22. Beans, pork chops, fried potatoes, 1 roll ; 50 \&.
23. Lamb chops, 3 rolls, chocolate, apple pie; $50 \%$.
24. Egg on toast, beefsteak, oysters; $75 \%$.
25. Oysters, beefsteak, coffee with cream, cake; $75 \%$.
26. Pork chops, potatoes, beans, ice cream; $\$ 1$.
27. Baked beans, 3 rolls, coffee with cream; $50 \%$.
28. Beefsteak, egg on toast, potatoes, coffee with cream, cranberry pic, cake, ice creain; $\$ 1$.
29. For 4 boys: 8 eggs, 8 rolls, 4 glasses of milk; $75 \%$.
30. For 2 persons: 6 rulls, 2 eggs, $\overline{2}$ beefsteaks, 1 cup of coffee with cream, 1 glass of milk; $\$ 1$.

## PROGRESSIVE ARITHMETIC

## SUBTRACTION

68. Subtract: 8 tens 2 tens

| 80 | 15 | $80+15=95$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 20 | $\underline{7}$ | $\underline{20+7}=27$ |

## WRITTEM Exircises

1. From 95 subtract 27 .

95
27 68

Can you subtract 7 ones from 5 ones?
Then take 1 ten from the 9 tens to unite with the 5 oncs.

How many ones are 1 ten and 5 ones?
Now subtract 7 ones from 15 ones. How many ones are left? Write the difference under the ones.
How many tens have you already taken from the 9 tens? How many tens are left?
Then subtract the 2 tens from 8 tens. How many tens are left? Write the difference under the tens. What, then, is the difference between 95 and 27 ?
Tell all you did to find the difference.
Subtract, and test each result as on page 28 :
2. 47
28
3. $\begin{array}{r}70 \\ 33 \\ \hline\end{array}$
4. 92
5. 43
6. 33
8. 64
7. 61

43
48
9. 56
10. $\varepsilon$ is
11. 58
12. 25
13. 98

19

## 79

14. 60

26
15. 55
16. 83

36
48

## 67

## Subtract and test:



## WRITTEX EXERCISES

59. 60. Eliza has $50 \%$. If she were to spend $35 \%$ for a doll, how much money would she have left?
1. If instead of the doll she were to buy a set of dishes costing $32 \xi$, how much money would she have left?
2. Suppose she gave 28 \& to John to buy a knife worth half a dollar. How much more money would he need?
3. How much more than 28 would he need to buy a knife worth $75 \&$ ? $60 \not f ? 40 \not \subset$ ?
4. Roy can jump 50 inches and Clarence 38 inches. How much farther can Roy jump than Clarence?
5. How many days are there in December? How many days of December are left after Dec. 15 ?
6. How many minutes is it from 9:15 A.m. to 10 А.м.?
e. Lucy has 90 picture post cards, and Sarah has 75. How many more has Lucy than Sarah?
7. Cut a foot of string from a piece 30 inches long. How many inehes of string are left?
8. When Frank went to visit his uncle, ho had to ride 40 miles in an automobile. When he hud ridden 25 miles, how far liad he yet to ride?
9. How far had Frank ridden when he ladd only 12 miles farther to ride?
10. George can throw a ball 36 yards, and Paul can throw it 60 yards. How inuch farther can Paul throw the ball than George?

Subtract and test:

| 3. | 14. | 15. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$53 | \$40 | 81 | 16. | 17. | 18. |
| \$27 | 818 | \$81 | \$96 | \$37 | 86 |
|  | \$18 | \$14 | \$77 | \$13 | 368 |
| 19. | 20. | 21. |  |  |  |
| 55 | 42\% |  | 22. | 23. | 24. |
| 28\% | 25 | $50 \%$ | 62\% | 36\% | 98\% |
|  | $\underline{25}$ | 34\% | 49 f | 17\% | 69\% |

25. Henry bought 90 eggs for hatching, but 18 of them failed to hatch. How many chickens did he get from the whole number of eggs?
26. Fifteen of the chickens died before three months. How many chiekens were left at the end of the three months?
27. Of the chickens that were left, all except 18 were sold. How many were suld?
28. Speckle ate 52 yrains of corn and Flufly ate 36. How many more grains did Speckle cat than Vlufly?
29. Hilufy laid 54 eggs while Speekle !aid 49. How many more eggs did Flufly lay than Speckle?
30. Subtract:
$\begin{array}{llllrr}\text { 1. 5) hundreds } & 500 & 800 & 460 & 150 & 180 \\ 2 \text { hundreds } & \underline{200} & \underline{000} & \underline{300} & \underline{70} & \underline{00}\end{array}$
31. 700
140
300
80
9
5

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 700+140+9=849 \\
& 300+80+5=385 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$

3. 800
110
40
8
$800+110+8=018$
2

$$
500+40+2=542
$$

WRITTEN EXERCISES

Subtract and test:

1. 849
385
2. 918
3. 239
72
4. 550
5. 827
283 562
6. 580

257
7. 636
84
8. 453
428
9. 145
10. 769
288
11. 646

339
12. 865
13. 648

70
14. 452
239
15. 860

528
16. 888

79
17. 918
18. 243
19. 487
20. 365

395
84

## PRUGRESSIVE AMITHMETIC

61. Subtrnet:

| 1. 000 <br> 400 | $\begin{array}{r} 150 \\ 70 \end{array}$ | 13 | $\begin{aligned} & 600+150+13=763 \\ & 400+70+6=475 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. 800 | 120 | 14 |  |
| 200 | 80 |  | $800+120+14=934$ |
|  |  | 0 | $200+50+6=256$ |
|  |  | Ex= |  |

1. From 034 subtract 250 .

- 14

034
$\frac{256}{678}$

Can you subtract 6 ones from 4 ones ?
Then take 1 ten from 3 tens to unite with the 4 ones. To how many ones is 1 ten equal? 1 ten and 4 ones?
How many ones, then, are 14 ones -6 ones?
Write 8 under the ones.
How many tens have you already taken from the 3 tens? How many tens are left?

Can you subtract 5 tens from 2 tens?
Then take 1 hundred from the 9 hundreds to unite with the 2 tens. To how many tens is 1 hundred equal? 10 tens and 2 tens?

How many tens are 12 tens -5 tens?
Write 7 under the tens.
How many hundreds have you taken from the 9 hundreds? How many hundreds are left?

How inany hundrec's are 8 hundreds -2 hundreds? Write 6 under the huidreds.
You have subtracted 250 from 934.
Read the difference. Tell all you did to find it.

FIUST BOOK
Subtract and tert:
2. 432
3. 578
4. 342
3. 801
85
476
6. 426
154 290
5
9. 838

849
20. 075

305
2. 777
7. 864

306
88 549 $\rho_{i}$ 11
12. 234

75
13. 580
-
297
14. 344

69
15. 7uj
483
27
62. Subtract:

1. 400

200
90
14
6

> | $400+00+14=504$ |
| :--- |
| $200+20+6=226$ |

2. 600

90
30
12
8
$600+00+12=702$
500
20

WRITTEN EXERCISES
2. From 702 subtract 538.

- 12

702
$\frac{538}{164}$
Can you subtract 8 ones from 2 ones?
Can you take 1 ten from 0 tens?
Then take 1 hundred from the 7 hundreds, change it to 10 tens, and take 1 of these tens to unite with the 2 units; that is, change 7 hundreds 0 tens and 2 units to 6 hundreds 9 tens and 12 units, and subtract.

Subtract and test:
2. 307
3. 806
169
4. 400
91
8. 504
346
6. 902 705
7. 701
8. 208
79
9. 803
10. 105

47
11. 600

579
12. 900

101
13. 707
$\underline{278}$
14. 306
99
18. 505
268
16. 807

629
WRITTEN EXERCISES
63. Subtraci and test:

1. 758

324
6. 947

684
11. 666
-99
16. 406

348
21. 375

243
26. 740

309
2. 596

206
3. 435

98
8. 708
640
13. 111

35
18. 263

249
22. 808

709
27. 403
$\underline{272}$
23. 633

38
28. 987
832
14. 876 345
19. 300

31
24. 263

184
29. 800

508
30. 585

396

## MULTIPLICATION

64. 65. In this oblong, how many squares are there in each hcrizontal row?

Count the squares by 4's.
2. How many squares are there in each vertical row, or column?

Count the squares by 3 's.

3. Compare 3 times 4 squares with 4 times 3 squares.
4. In what two ways have you found the number of squares? Compare three 4's with four 3's in this way:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Three } 4 ' s=\text { four } 3 \text { 's, or } \mathrm{i} 2 . \\
& 3 \times 4=4 \times 3, \text { or } 12 .
\end{aligned}
$$

5. Count these dots by 5's. Count them by 3's. Compare three 5's with five 3 's, and write the result as in exercise 4.
6. Using squares, or dots, or buttons, etc., compare three 2 's with two 3 's as in exercise 4.
7. Add three 6's. Add six 3's. Compare the sums, and write the result as above. Also compare three 7's with seven 3's.
8. Copy and complete as in the first column:

| $2 \times 6=6 \times 2=$ | $3 \times 6=$ | $4 \times 6=$ | $5 \times 6=$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $2 \times 7=7 \times 2=$ | $3 \times 7=$ | $4 \times 7=$ | $5 \times 7=$ |
| $2 \times 8=-=$ | $3 \times 8=$ | $4 \times 8=$ | $5 \times 8=$ |
| $2 \times 9=\square=$ | $3 \times 9=$ | $4 \times 9=$ | $5 \times 9=$ |
| $2 \times 10=\square=$ | $3 \times 10=$ | $4 \times 10=$ | $5 \times 10=$ |

## ExERCISES

65. 66. Give the table of 2 's, from $1 \times 2$ to $10 \times 2$.
1. In tire same way give the tables of 3 's, 4 's, and 5 's.
2. Besides these you have learned the 6 's to $5 \times 6$, the 7 'e to $5 \times 7$, the 8 's to $5 \times 8$, the 9 's to $5 \times 9$, and the 10 's to $5 \times 10$. Give thest tidules as $1: r$ as you can.
3. Tell quickly the value of each of the following:

| $5 \times 3$ | $3 \times 7$ | $2 \times 7$ | $9 \times 4$ | $4 \times 10$ | $5 \times 6$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $4 \times 7$ | $4 \times 6$ | $4 \times 5$ | $2 \times 6$ | $4 \times 8$ | $2 \times 9$ |
| $6 \times 4$ | $3 \times 6$ | $2 \times 8$ | $7 \times 3$ | $4 \times 9$ | $9 \times 5$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| WRITEEN EXERCISES |  |  |  |  |  |

66. 67. How many are four 32 's, or 4 times 32 ?


32
32
$\frac{32}{128}$, sum

The sum of four 32 's is 128 .
Four 32's may be added also in this way:

Four 2's are 8, the number of oner; four 3's are 12, the number of tens; 12 tens +8 ones $=120+8=128$.
Here is a shorter process for finding 4 times 32.
32
$\frac{4}{128}$, product

$$
\text { Write } 4 \text { under the last figure of } 32 .
$$

4 times 2 ones $=8$ ones.
4 times 3 tens $=12$ tens.

$$
12 \text { tens }+8 \text { ones }=120+8=128
$$

You have multiplied 32 by 4.
The answer, 128, is the product of 32 and 4.

Here are two short ways of writing $32+32+32+32$ :
First voay. $4 \times 32$, read " 4 times 32."
Second way. $32 \times 4$, read " 32 multiplied by 4 ."
This shows that $\times$ is read "times" when it is before the number to be multiplied, and " multiplied by" when it follows the number to be multiplied.

## 32

$\times 4$ means " multiply 32 by 4 "; or, "find 4 times 32. ."
2. Find the value of $23+23+23$ by adaition and then by multiplication.
3. Fina in two ways the value of $41+41+41+41+41$. Which is the shorter way:

Find results and compare them:

| 4. |  |  | s. |  |  | c. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 12 |  |  |  | 6. |
| 24 | 24 | +12 | 12 |  | 62 |  |
| +24 | $\times 2$ |  | 12 |  | +62 | 62 |
|  |  | +12 | $\times 3$ |  | +62 | $\times 3$ |
|  | 7. | 8. | 9. |  |  |  |
| Multiply | 14 | 31 | 92 | 10. |  | 11. |
| By | , |  | 92 | 21 |  | 40 |
|  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |  | 3 |
|  | 12. | 13. | 14. |  |  |  |
| Multiply | 53 | 82 | 91 |  |  | 16. |
| By | 3 |  |  | 80 |  | 71 |
|  | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |  | 3 |


|  | 17. | 18. | 19. | 20. | 21. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Multiply | 40 | 22 | 31 | 50 | 81 |
| By | 4 | $\underline{4}$ | -4 | - | 5 |

22. Multiply 47 by 5 .
$5 \quad 5$ times $7=35$, or 3 tens and 5 ones.
$\stackrel{\text { Write } 5 \text { in the product, under the ones, }}{235}$ and keep the 3 tens to add to 5 times 4 tens. 5 times 4 tens $=20$ tens, and 20 tens +3 tens $=23$ tens. Write 23 in the product, before 5 . The product is 23 tens and 5 ones, or 235. Tell all you did to find the product.

Multiply, testing each result by addition:
23. 48

2
28. 86

2
33. 53

5
34. 24

5
29. 37

3
30. 63

4
35. 92

5
26. 75
27. 95
-
32. 26

4
36. 64
37. 16

5
32. 44

4

Multiply :
38. 22 by 5
39. 29 by 2
40. 7 ? by 4
42. 36 by 3
42. 53 by 5
43. 99 by 2
44. 49 by 3
45. 88 by 4
46. 76 by 5
47. 86 by 3
48. 99 by 4
49. 78 by 4
50. Find the product of 75 and 4 ; of 3 and 66 .

Suaarstian. - Multiply the larger number by the smaller.
Find the product of :
51. 48 and 2
32. 61 and 5
53. 38 and 3
54. 82 and 5
55. 89 and 4
56. 96 and 3
57. 2 and 65
58. 5 and 52
59. 3 and 97
e0. 4 and 85
61. 4 and 57
62. 2 and 99
63. 85 and 4
64. 5 and 38
65. 95 and 5
66. 2 and 89
67. 87 and 4
68. 5 and 99

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

67. 68. How much will 2 quarts of ice cream cost at 35 cents a quart?
$\frac{2}{70}$ or $70 \%$.
1. How much money does a boy need to buy 4 collars at 15 cents each?

Find the cost of the following:
3. 2 quarts of oysters at 45 cents a quart.
4. 5 pineapples at 15 cents each.
3. 2 boxes of honey at 14 cents a box.
6. 5 bunches of celery at 16 cents a bunch.
7. 3 pounds of nuts at 18 cents a pound.
8. 3 gallons of syrup at 33 cents a gallon.
9. 5 pounds of figs at 18 cents a pound.
20. How many inches are there in 4 feet?
21. Charles planted 5 rows of tulip bulbs, 56 in each row. How many tulip bulbs did he plant?
12. How many ounces are there in 2 pounds?
13. Mary's bed of pansies is 18 feet long and 4 feet wide. What is the area of the bed?

Multiply :

24. How many minutes are there in 5 hours?
25. Twenty things equal a score. Mabel's grandfather is fourscore ycars old. How many years old is he?
26. John's cousins number twoscore. How many cousins has he?
27. How many hours are there in 3 days?
28. A square garden 95 feet on each side is inclosed by a fence. How long is the fence?
29. How many tomato plants are there in 4 rows, if there are 13 in each row?
30. Find the number of cabbages in 3 rows, if there are 38 cabbages in each row.
32. Find the area of a turnip bed 87 feet by 5 feet.

## Division

68. 69. Four 3 's are -. Three 4's are -. What is the product of 4 and 3 ?
1. How many times does the product of 4 and 3 contain 3? How many times does the same product contain 4?

$$
4 \times 3=? \quad 12+3=? \quad 12+4=\text { ? }
$$

3. Count these squares by 2 's; by 4 's. How many times does the product of 4 and 2 contain 2? How many times does it contain 4 ?

$$
4 \times 2=? \quad 8+2=?
$$



$$
8+4=?
$$

4. How many times does $5 \times 3$ contain 3? How many times does $5 \times 3$ contain 5 ? How do you know?
5. How many times does $8 \times 2$ contain 2? How many times does $8 \times 2$ contain 8 ? How do you know?

## EXERCISES

69. Answer quickly:
70. $6 \times 2=12+2=12+6=$
71. $7 \times 2=14+2=14+7=$
72. $8 \times 2=16+2=16+8=$
73. $9 \times 2=18+2=18+9=$
74. $10 \times 2=20+2=\quad 20+10=$
75. $6 \times 3=18+3=18+6=$
76. $7 \times 3=21+3=21+7=$
77. $8 \times 3=24+3=24+8=$
78. $27+3=$
79. $27+9=$
80. $30+3=$
81. $30+10=$
82. $24+4=$
83. $24+6=$
84. $28+4=$
85. $28+7=$

Answer quickly:
37. $32+8=$
20. $50+10=$
23. $35+7=$
12. $36+9=$
22. $30+10=$
24. $45+9=$
19. $30+6=$
29. $40+10=$
28. $40+8=$
28. How many boxes of Christmas candiles costing 6 cents a box can be bought for 24 cents?
27. Ruth has 32 lily bulbs to plant. If s'u plants 8 in a row, how many rows will she have?
28. A man wishes to plant 45 trees in 5 cqual rows. How many trees shall he plant in each row?
29. Last summer Louise spent 21 days at her uncle's. How nany weeks did she visit him?
30. A large milk can holds 32 quarts. How many gallons does it hold?
31. Clara's fathei gave her 50 cents in 5 equal coins. What coins did he give her?
32. How many yards of ribbon costing 9 cents a yard can be hought for 27 cents?
70. 1. Find $\frac{1}{2}$ of 8 . Find how many times 8 contains 2. How do your answers compare?
2. $8+2$, read " 8 divided by 2 ," means cither "Find $\frac{1}{2}$ of 8 ," or "Find how muny times 8 contains 2 ."

Another way to write $8+2$ is $2 \lcm{8}$.
3. $12+3$, or 3$) 12$, means cither "Find $\frac{1}{3}$ of 12 ," or "Find how many tinies 12 contains 3."

What two meanings may $6+2$ have? 4 12 ? 5 $\lcm{10}$ ?

Give results quiekly:
4. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6
$6+2$
3. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 15
$3 \lcm{15}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\frac{1}{8} \text { of } 6 & 6+3 \\ \frac{1}{5} \text { of } 20 & 5 \lcm{20}\end{array}$
6. $3 \lcm{9}$
$3 \longdiv { 9 \text { tens } }$
3) 90
3) $\underline{90+3}$
7. $2 \boxed{8}$
2) 8 hundreds
$2 \lcm{800}$
$2 \lcm{800+60+4}$

WRITTEN ExERCNH

1. Find $\frac{1}{2}$ of 64 .

How many tens are $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 tens?
$2 \lcm{32}$ Write the number of tens under the tens.
32 How many ones are $\frac{1}{2}$ of 4 ones?
Write the number of ones under the ones.
The answer is 3 tens and 2 ones, or 32.
Test. $-3:+32$, or 32 multiplied by 2 , is equal to 64 .
Find:
2. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 42
3. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 39
4. $\frac{1}{6}$ of 88
6. How mヶny tines is 2 eontained in 864 ?

2 is contained in 8 hundreds, 4 hun2) 864 dreds times. 432 Write 4 under the hundreds. 2 is contained in 6 tens, 3 tens times.
Write 3 under the tens.
2 is contained in 4,2 times. Write 2 under the units.
You have divided 864 by 2, and found that 2 is contained 432 times in 864.

The result, 432, is called the quotient.
Test. -432 multiplied by 2 gives 864 , the number divided.

Copy, divide, and test the quotient by multiplication:
6.
$2 \lcm{48}$
16.
$2 \lcm{804}$
7.
3
e.
-
10.

| 11. | 22. | 13. | 14. | 18. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2 \lcm{440}$ | $2 \lcm{(020}$ | $2 \lcm{842}$ | $2 \lcm{406}$ | $2 \lcm{208}$ |
| 16. | 17. | 18. | 19. | 20. |
| $2 \lcm{804}$ | $2 \lcm{202}$ | $3 \lcm{09}$ | $3 \lcm{36}$ | $3 \lcm{66}$ |
| 21. | 22. | 23. | 24. | 25. |
| $3 \lcm{33}$ | $3 \lcm{360}$ | $3 \lcm{903}$ | $3 \lcm{609}$ | $3 \lcm{390}$ |

17. 

2 $\lcm{202}$
22.
$3 \lcm{360}$
$2 \lcm{84}$
$2 \lcm{68}$
$2 \lcm{680}$

Find the value of each of the following:
26. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 80
27. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 63
30. $44+4$
28. $\frac{1}{1}$ of 48
29. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 99
32. $84+4$
32. $55+5$
33. $505+5$
34. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 622
35. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 366
36. $\frac{1}{2} 844$
37. f of 550

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

71. 72. If 63 pens are divided equally among, 3 classes, how many pens will each class receive?
$\frac{36}{21}$ pens 21 pens.
1. If 48 picture cards are divided equally betwcen 2 children, how many will each receive?
2. Four boys made a boboled. It cost them 84/, and they shared the expense equally. How much did each pay ?
3. If $\mathbf{4 2}$ ehildren choose sides for a game of prisoner's base, how many children will there be on each side?
4. A $\log 04$ feet long was aawed into two parts of equal length. How long was each part?
5. Mr. Giles has 08 apricot trees growing in 3 nows, each containing the same number of trees. How many aprieot trees are there in each row?
6. If a cardic earns $\$ 2$ a week, how many weeks will it take him to earn \$46?
> \$2 $\lcm{\$ 46}$
> 23 times
> 23 weeks

The number of weeks it will take him is the same as the number of times that $\$ 2$ is contained in $\$ 40$.
$\$ 2$ is contained 23 times in $\$ 46$. Therefore it will take hinı 23 weeks to earn $\$ 46$.
8. How many 2 -eent stamps can be bought for $66 \neq$ ?
9. If 48 boys march "four abreast," or in 4 columns, how many boys will there be in each column?
10. How many 5 -cent stamps ean be bought for 55 ?
11. Tell how many quarts there are in 28 pints.
12. How many gallons are there in 40 quarts?
13. Anna's mother made 39 glasses of jelly. One third of it was quince jelly. How many glasses of quince jelly had she?
14. How many yards wide is a road that is 66 feet wide?


## MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART

(ANSI and ISO TEST CHART No. 2)


## PART II

## READING AND WRITING NUMBERS

72. 73. Count by ones, or units, to 10 ; by tens to 100 ; by hundreds to 1000; by thousands to 10,000 ( 10 thousand).
1. How many units are there in 1 ten? tens in 100 ? hundreds in 1000 ? thousands in 10,000 ?
2. Read: $100 \quad 400 \quad 700 \quad 500 \quad 900 \quad 1000$

What is the largest number of hundreds that ean be written with three figures?

In what plaee, counting from the right, does 1 stand when it means 1 thousand?
4. Read: $2000 \quad 5000 \quad 7000 \quad 9000 \quad 10,000$

What is the largest number of thousands that ean be written with four figures?
5. Read:

1000
1100
1110
1111
What does 1 mean when it stands in thousands' place? in hundreds' place? in tens' place? in units' place?
6. Read:
3000
3300
3330
3333

What does 3 mean when it stands in thousands' place? in hundreds' place? in tens' place? in units' place?
7. Tell what each figure means in these numbers:

| 40 | 126 | 2742 | 7420 | 3009 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 65 | 304 | 6037 | 4600 | 2704 |
| 32 | 790 | 3491 | 8000 | 9085 |

8. In four-figure numbers, the first, counting from right to left, stands for unics; the second, for tens; the thirl, for hundreds; and the fourth, for thousands.
9. 10. The number that is 1 greater than 1000 is 1001 , read "on thousand one."
1. Coun; from 1000 to 1009 and write the numbers in a column as you name thein, placing thousands under thousands, hundreds under hundreds, ete.
2. One thousand ten is written 1010.

Name the numbers from 1010 to 1020 and write them in a column as you did the other numbers.
4. Name and write in a column ten numbers in order, beginning with 1095.
74. 1. Read:

## EXERCISES

| 5839 | 3246 | 2000 | 5007 | 3960 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4444 | 5438 | 4100 | 9024 | 7500 |
| 3621 | 4187 | 8360 | 2050 | 6006 |
| 8295 | 7352 | 5942 | 6703 | 3080 |

## Write in figures:

2. Four hundred twenty-four.
3. Eight thousand two hundred sixty-one.
4. Three thousand nine hundred seventy-six.
5. Five thousand seven hundred fifty-eight.
6. Nine thousand three hundred twenty-seven.
7. Four thousand eight hundred seventy-three.
8. Read:

| 1374 | 604 | 2400 | 869 | 6030 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 4209 | 7008 | 920 | 5555 | 8742 |

9. Write in figures, placing thousands under thousands, hundreds under hundreds, etc.:

Ten thousand.
Two thousand nine.
Five hundred forty.
Six thousand sixty.
Nine thousand one. Four thousand two hundred one. Six thousand one hundred ten. Eight hundred seventy-three. Two thousand five hundred six.
75. Sometinies in reading four-figure numbers the thousands and hundreds are read together as hundreds; thus, 2460 mny be read, "twenty-four hundred sixty."

## ExERCISES

1. Read the following in two ways:

| 6152 | 2066 | 1732 | 1898 | 1905 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3720 | 1492 | 1620 | 1776 | 1864 |

2. Write in figures:

Nineteen hundred.
Sixty hundred fifty.
Fifteen hundred four.
Sixteen hundred seven.
Fifty-six hundired sixty-one.
Eighteen hundred eighty-two.

## FIRST BOOK

## ADDITION

## EXERCISES

76. Add, giving results instantly :
77. 8

7 5 | $r$ |
| :--- |
| 5 | 9



9 5

8
9
2. 52

6
74
5
3
24
63
7
3

| 92 | 34 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 5 | 4 |

3. 5
$\underline{75}$
43
$9 \quad 74$
57
78
6 $\underline{72}$

6
$\underline{4}$
2
3
4. Count by. 2's from 0 to 20 ; from 1 to 31 .
5. Count by 3 's from 0 to 30 ; from 1 to 43 ; from 2 to 50 .
6. Count by 4's from 0 to 40 ; from 1 to 49 ; from 2 to 58; from 3 to 63.
7. Count by 5's from 0 to 50 ; from 1 to 56 ; from 2 to 67 ; from 3 to 73 ; from 4 to 79.
8. Add rapidly and test results:

| 2 | 5 | 4 | 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| 6 | 2 | 3 | 8 |
| 9 | 1 | 7 | 5 |
| 0 | 7 | 9 | 8 |
| 7 | 8 | 1 | 5 |


| 9 |
| :--- |
| 3 |
| 6 |
| 7 |
| 5 |
| 8 |

## EXERCISES

77. 78. How many snowballs did Elmer make if he had 7 in one pile, 8 in another, and 6 in another?
1. A farner sold a calf for $\$ 9$ and 3 sheep for $\$ 4$ each. How much did he receive for all?
2. A lady bought 5 Christmas cards at $3 \&$ each and paid $8 \notin$ for envelopes for them. How much did all cust?
3. Edith fed 4 nuts to each of 5 squirrels, and 8 to a chipnıunk. How many nuts did she use?
4. There were 14 boys and 8 girls skating on the pond. When 9 of the children went home, how many were left?
5. One caddie earried 8 golf sticks, another carried 5 , and 3 others carried 3 each. How many did they all carry?

## EXERCISES

78. Add, giving answers at sight:

| 1. 64 | 20 | 48 | 13 | 30 | 56 | 24 | 40 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 10 | $\underline{52}$ | $\underline{40}$ | $\underline{70}$ | $\underline{17}$ | $\underline{10}$ | $\underline{30}$ | $\underline{23}$ |
| 2. | - | 16 | 30 | 71 | 60 | 26 | 50 |
| 30 | $\underline{40}$ | $\underline{56}$ | $\underline{20}$ | $\underline{37}$ | $\underline{60}$ | $\underline{44}$ | $\underline{30}$ |
| $\underline{-}$ | - | - | $\underline{11}$ | 22 |  |  |  |
| 3. 21 | 42 | 36 | 44 | 23 | 61 | 11 | $\underline{12}$ |
| $\underline{23}$ | $\underline{41}$ | $\underline{32}$ | $\underline{44}$ | $\underline{23}$ | $\underline{12}$ | $\underline{22}$ |  |
| 4. 14 | 55 | 41 | 66 | 32 | 22 | 74 | 44 |
| 11 | $\underline{22}$ | $\underline{21}$ | $\underline{33}$ | $\underline{21}$ | $\underline{44}$ | $\underline{12}$ | $\underline{33}$ |

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

79. 80. Find the sum of 2495,3983 , and 1678.

2495 In adding do not think, " 8 and 3 are 11 3983 and 5 are 16 ," but add the units rapidly
1678
$\overline{8156}$ like this: " $8,11,16$."

Write 6 under the units and add the 1 ten to the tens, thus: " $1,8,16,25$."
Write 5 under the tens and add 2 with the hundreds: "2, 8, 17, 21."

Write 1 under the hundreds and add 2 with the thousands: " $2,3,6,8$." Write 8 under the thousands.

Read the sum. Tell how you found it.
Add upward and test by adding downward:
2. $1 \check{24}$
3. 3375
4. 5209
5. 2481
$50 \%$
1109
2986
3467
1872
1667
2369
3986
6. 7999
1888
7. 4567
8. 6472
9. 5316
$\underline{3879}$
2328 4684
10. 2384
11. 7621
1246
2968
$\begin{array}{r}978 \\ 1346 \\ \hline\end{array}$

| 12. | 4636 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 2534 | 13. |
| 5426 |  |
| 856 |  |

14. 3427
1902
2345
1063
15. 6286
16. 4578
17. 3888
726
1222
1967
1777
2648
2345

Add and test:

| 18. 346 | 19. 099 | 20. 562 | 22. 727 | 22. 473 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 791 | 888 | 875 | 008 | 189 |
| 588 | 123 | 88 | 649 | 694 |
| 699 | 456 | 769 | 878 | 780 |
| $\underline{247}$ | $\underline{789}$ | $\underline{373}$ | $\underline{999}$ | $\underline{876}$ |
| 23. 98 | 24. 45 | 25. 71 | 26. 56 | 27. 99 |
| 75 | 9 | 36 | 92 | 88 |
| 46 | 76 | 28 | 6 | 47 |
| 87 | 88 | 42 | 80 | 76 |
| 49 | 7 | 97 | 8 | 85 |
| 66 | $\underline{37}$ | $\underline{86}$ | $\underline{87}$ | $\underline{78}$ |

28. $2368+74+318+4092$
29. $3491+2350+1634+2396$
30. $136+934+673+549+732$

## written exercises

80. 81. What was the value of a farmer's crop, if his corn was worth $\$ 325$, oats $\$ 298$, and potatoes $\$ 663$ ?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Model Solution } \\
& \$ 325 \text {, corn } \\
& 298 \text {, oats } \\
& \text { 663, potatoes } \\
& \$ 1286 \text {, value of crop }
\end{aligned}
$$

2. How many books are there in three bookcases, if one contains 241 bonke, another 190 , and the third 275?
3. A milh' dealer's sales for a day were 152 quarts from one wagon, lsu from another, and 148 from another. How many quarts of milk did he sell that day?
4. A fire engine cost $\$ 4625$ and a chemical wagon $\$ 2075$. How much did both cost?
5. A school has 269 pupils in the first reader class, 198 in the second reader class, and 152 in the third book. How many pupils are there in the whole school?
6. If one of Mr. Fay's horses weigls 1473 pounds and the other 1514 pounds, how much does the tean weigh?
7. A fruit dealer bought four crates of oranges. There were 150 oranges in one, 172 in another, 126 in the third, and 128 in the fourth. How many oranges did he buy?
8. A railway station is 186 feet long and 112 feet wide. What is the distance around it?
9. There are 31 days in March, 30 in April, 31 in May, 30 in June, 31 in July, and 31 in August. How many days are there in these six inonths?
10. A grocer's wagon carried a barrel of flour, 196 pounds, and a barrel of potatocs, 180 pounds. The barrels weighed 36 pounds and the driver 155 pounds. What was the veeight oi the load?
11. Mr. Hall bought a city lot for $\$ 1345$ and built a house on it for $\$ 6739$. How much did the property cost?
i2. In a military parade there were 234 men from the tenth ward, 142 from the eleventh, 287 from the fourteenth, and 358 from the sixteenth. How many men were there from these four wards?

## SUBTRACTION

## ExERCISES

81. Subtract, giving resultes instantly:
82. 11
10
12
16
12

13 | 12 | 11 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 9 | 8 |

2
2. 10

11
$14 \quad 1$
$12 \quad 1$
$15 \cdot 11$
$11 \quad 15$
18
6
4
7
6
$-9$
3. 30
$44 \quad 16$
13
90

| 62 | 11 | 04 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 4 | 3 | 8 |

4. 13

9
5. 36
-
$53 \quad 74$
81
47
23
62
93
6. Count backward by 2 's from 20 to 0 like this: " 20 , $18,16,14,12,10,8,6,4,2,0 . "$

Count backward by 2 's from 31 to 1 .
7. Count backward by 3 's from 30 to 0 ; from 43 to 1 ; from 50 to 2.
8. Count backward by 4's from 40 to 0 ; from 49 to 1 ; from 58 to 2 ; from 63 to 3 .
9. Count backward by 5 's from 50 to 0 ; from 56 to 1 ; from 67 to 2 ; from 73 to 3 ; from 70 tu 4 .

## ExERCISE

82. 83. Clyde has 16 jackstoncs and Ruth has 0 . How many more jackstones has Clyde than Ruth?
1. I bought some sugar and gave the grocer $2.0 \%$. If he gave me $7 \%$ in change, how much did the sugar cost?
2. If a man buys pens at 8 f a dozen and sells them for If estch, how much does he gain on a dozen?
3. A boy had 18\%. Ife bought some peanuts for tif and some candy for $4 \%$. How inany cents had he left?
4. Oliver had 14 tin soldiers. He broke 5 , and his mother bought him 8 more. How many had he then?
5. Eveline had two kinds of ribbon, 20 yd . in all. She used all but 4 yd . of the white and 3 yd . of the red for Christınas packages. How many yards dic' she use?

## ExERCISES

83. Subtract, giving results at sight:

| 1. 61 | 28 | 41 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 10 | 41 | 85 | 92 | 67 | 59 | 62 |
|  | 10 | 30 | 50 | 20 | 50 | 20 | 40 |
| 2. 44 | 87 | 98 | 74 | 86 | 03 |  |  |
| 20 | 70 | 40 | 20 |  | 93 | 89 | 71 |
|  |  | 4 | 20 | 40 | 30 | 60 | 30 |
| 3. 26 | 35 | 68 | 29 |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | 31 | 64 | -22 |  |  | 89 | 95 |
|  |  |  | -22 | 53 | 42 | 84 | 92 |
| 4. 69 | 46 | 85 | 67 | 76 |  |  |  |
| 39 | $\underline{26}$ | 55 | 57 | 26 | 13 | 31 | 79 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underline{-39}$ |

## WRITTEM ExERCIEE

84. 85. From 4573 subtract 1625.

4573 Subtract as follown: 5 from 13 leaves 8;
1625 write 8 under the unite.
$2048 \quad 2$ from 6, 4; write 4 under the tens. 6 1 from 3, Iroin 15, 0 ; write 0 under the hundreds. I Rad the remainder. Tell how you found it. Teot. - Add 1025 and 2048. The result should be 4573. Subtraet a.. 1 test:

| 2. $\begin{array}{r}3561 \\ 1846\end{array}$ | 3. 7326 35.12 | 4. $\begin{array}{r}5438 \\ 4250\end{array}$ | 5. 9627 2008 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6. 431 J | 7. 8094 | ๑. 7843 |  |
| 2684 | 4568 | 5786 | $2150$ |

10. From 1608 subtract 843 .

Subtract: 3 from 8, 5; write 5 under the 1608 units. 4 from 10, 6 ; write 6 under the tens. $\frac{843}{765} \quad 8$ froin 15,7 ; write 7 under the hundreds.

Read the remainder.
Tell how you found it.
Subtract and test :
11. 1406
572
15. 1672
048
12. 1924
980
13. 1736
848
14. 1802
971
19. I'rom 7000 aubtract 700 .
$\% 000$ Subtract: 0 from 10,$4 ; 0$ from 0,$0 ; 7$ 790 from 9, 2; nuthing from 6, 0 - writing each 624 figure of the result in its proper place.

Read the remaindser. Tell how you found it. Subtract and test :
20. 4000
821
21. 1000
248
22. 0000
732
23. 8000
508
24. 5004
756
23. 7005 680
26. 2000
561
27. 3002
499
WRITTEN ExERCISES
85. Subtract and test:

1. 506
2. 4642

2925
3. 7050
4182
7. 1791

384
8. 1920

981
9. 304

125
10. 6208
11. 4281

3462
12. 5007

2574
13. 981

587
14. 8796

4321
15. 3642

2975
16. 9700

1811
17. 613

103
18. 2790
1882
19. 7849
2994
20. 5555

3678

## WRITAEN EXERCISES

86. 2. Mr. Pond's salary is $\$ 864$ a year and his expenses are $\$ 598$. How inuch money does he save each year?

> Model Solution
> $\$ 864$, salary
> $\$ 598$, expenses
> $\$ 266$, savings
2. The Eiffel Tower is 984 ft . high and one of the Egyptian pyramids is 481 ft. high. How nuch higher is the tower than the pyramid?
3. From a box containing 360 lemons a fruit dealer sold 156 . How many of the lemons were left?
¿. A loaded wagon weighed 3678 lb., and the wagon alone weighcd 1235 lb . How much did the load weigh?

5. There are 75 eggs in a box. How many will be left after 4 dozen of them are sold?
6. How much change should Mrs. Bell receive out of a dollar, if she buys apples for $25 \phi$ and potatoes for $30 \& ?$
7. A man who had $\$ 5750$ bought a house for $\$ 2425$. How much money had he left?
8. From 4 cases of canned tomatoes containing 24 cans each, 49 cans werc sold. How many were left?
9. While coasting, Floyd's slcd went 716 ft . and Roy's 674 ft . How much farther did Floyd's sled go than Roy's?

## ROMAN NJMERALS

87. 88. You have learned that the Romans wrote numbers with letters. These letters are called Roman numerals.
1. There are seven Roman numerals. Only three have been used so far. Can you tell which they are?
2. I stands for 1 . V stands for 5 . X stands for 10 .
3. When the Romans wrote 2, they used two I's, II.
4. When they wrote 3 , they used three I's, III.
5. 4 is 1 less than 5 , or 1 before 5 , so for 4 the Romans wrote I before V, IV. Sometines they wrote it, IIII.
6. 6 is 5 and 1 , or 1 after 5 , so for 6 they wrote I after V in this way: VI.
7. 7 is 2 after 5 . They wrote 7 this way : VII.
8. 8 is 3 after 5 . They wrote 8 this way: VIII.
9. 9 is 1 before 10 . This is the way they wrote 9 : IX.
10. What Roman numeral is on a 5 -dollar bill? on a 10-dollar bill? Where have you seen Roman numerals? 88. 1. 11 equals 10 and 1 , or 1 after 10 .
11. How do you think the Romans wrote 11 ? Read XI.
12. Using Roman numerals, write: $12 ; 13$
13. 14 equals 10 and 4 . How did the Romans write 10 ? 4? How do you think they wrote 14 ?
14. Read: XIV ; XII; XIII ; XV ; XVI; XVIII; XVII. XIX.
15. How did the Romans write 10 and 9 , or 19 ? Read
16. Write the first 19 numbers with Roman numerals.
firar proo. 4 b. -7
17. 18. How many 10 's are there in 20 ? How many X 's are needed to write 20 ? Write 20 with letters.
1. Read: XXII; XXIV; XXV; XXVI; XXIX.
2. How many 10 's are there in 30 ? Write 30 with letters.
3. Use letters to write all the numbers from 20 to 39.
4. 5. The Roman numeral that stands for 50 is L .
1. 40 is 10 before 50 . What two letters are used to write 40 ? Which one is written before the other? Write 40.
2. Arrange the same letters so that they will stand for 60 .
3. Read: XLI; LIV; XLVII; LV; LXV; LXIX.
s. Write with letters the numbers from 40 to 69 .
4. 5. Write the letter that stands for 50 , and just after it write the letters that stand for 20.
1. How many are 50 and 20? Read LXX.
2. How many are 50 and 30 ? Read LXXX.
3. Use letters to write the numbers from 75 to 85 .
s. Read: LXXII; LXXXVII; LXXIV; LXXXIX.
4. 5. The letter C stands for $100, \mathrm{D}$ for $500, \mathrm{M}$ for 1000 .
1. 90 is 10 before 100 . Read XC; XCII; XCIX.
2. Write the following, using Roman numerals:

| 53 | 88 | 73 | 38 | 56 | 91 | 79 | 500 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 92 | 46 | 66 | 81 | 24 | 34 | 97 | 1000 |

4. Read the following:

| MC | XLIII | LXVI | XCVII | XXVIII |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| DCC | XCVII | XXXII | LXXXI | LXXXIX |

## NUMBERS TO SEVENTY

## 93. Counting by sizes.

Here is a pieture of some daffodils. The parts of each flower extending outward from the center are sepals.

1. How many sepals has 1 daffodil? How many have 2 daffodils? 3 daffodils? 4 daffodils?
2. Tulips, also, have 6 sepals. How many sepals have 5 tulips? 6 tulips? 7 tulips? 8 tulips? 9 tulips? 10 tulips?
3. When asparagus is not eut off to eat, it grows tall and bears red berries, each containing 6 sceds.

How many seeds are there in 2 berries? in 3 berries?

4. How many seeds are 4 times 6 seeds? $5 \times 6$ seeds? $6 \times 6$ seeds? $7 \times 6$ seeds? $8 \times 6$ sceds? $9 \times 6$ seeds? $10 \times 6$ seeds?
5. Count these squares by 6 's in columns.

How many squares are there? Test your answer by counting them by 10 's in rows.
6. Count by 6's in this way:

"Once 6 is 6 , two times 6 are 12 , three tim" 6 are 18 ," and so on.

Continue to ten times 6.
7. Memorize this table of sixes:

| $1 \times 6=6$ | $6 \times 6=36$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| $2 \times 6=12$ | $7 \times 6=42$ |
| $3 \times 6=18$ | $8 \times 6=48$ |
| $4 \times 6=24$ | $9 \times 6=54$ |
| $5 \times 6=30$ | $10 \times 6=60$ |

8. The numbers $6,12,18$, etc., are called multiples of 6 , because each is produced by multiplying 6 by some number.

Write the first ten multiples of 6 in a row.
9. Draw an oblong 10 inches by 6 inches and divide it into inch squares. Counting the squares by 6 's, write the multiples of 6 in the bottom row, as shown in exereise 5 .
10. How many 6 's are there in 12 ? in 18 ? in 24 ? in 30 ? in 48 ? in 60 ? in 42 ? in 54 ?
11. Copy, complete, and read: $\begin{array}{rllll}6+6= & 18+6= & 30+6= & 42+6= & 54+6= \\ 12+6= & 24+6= & 36+6= & 48 \div 6= & 60+6=\end{array}$
12. Look at the first 12 squares that you have counted. They are arranged in 2 columns of
$\frac{1}{2}$ of 12 squares $=$ squares. $\quad \frac{1}{2}$ of $12=$ ?
13. In the same way find $\frac{1}{3}$ of 18 ; $\frac{2}{3}$ of 18 ; $\frac{1}{4}$ of 24 ;雬 of $24 ; \frac{3}{4}$ of $24 ; \frac{1}{5}$ of $30 ; \frac{1}{6}$ of 36 .

## EXERCISES

94. Answer quiekly, reading across the page:
95. $2 \times 6=6 \times 2=$
$12+6=$
$12+2=$
$\frac{1}{2}$ of $12=$
96. $4 \times 6=6 \times 4=$
$24+6=24+4=$
$\frac{1}{4}$ of $24=$
97. $5 \times 6=6 \times 5=$
98. $3 \times 6=6 \times 3=18+6=$
$30+5=\quad \frac{1}{6}$ of $30=$
$18+3=\frac{1}{3}$ of $18=$

## FIRST BOOK

Supply the missing numbers:
8. $6 \times 6=$ ?
6. $18+?=6$
$36+6=?$
$18+?=9$
7. $10 \times 1=60$
$9 \times ?=54$
8. $24+8=$ ?
9. $? \times 6=30$
10. $7 \times ?=42$
$30=? \times 6$
$40=? \times 5$
$60=10 \times$ ?
$\frac{1}{8}$ of $36=?$
$?=7 \times 6$
$\frac{1}{2}$ of $?=6$
$\frac{1}{8}$ of $?=6$
$6=\frac{1}{4}$ of ?
$6=\frac{1}{8}$ of ?
95. Counting by sevens.

1. Here is a picture of Flora's bed of tulips.

How many tulips are there in the first horizontal row? in each row?
2. Count the tulips by 7 's.

How many are $7+7$, or two 7 's?
 $7+7+7$, or three 7's? four 7's? five 7's?
3. How many tulips has Flora? How many tulips would she have, if she had 1 more row of 7 tulips?

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
5 \times 7=? & 35+7=? & 6 \times 7=?
\end{array}
$$

4. How many tulips are 6 times 7 tulips and 7 more tulips?

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
6 \times 7=? & 42+7=? \\
49= & 7 \times 7=?
\end{array}
$$

5. $49=-7$ 's $49+7=$ $\qquad$ -
6. $56=-7$ 's
$56+7=$ $\qquad$ $49+7=$ ?
$8 \times 7=$ ?
7. $63=-7$ 's $63+7=$ $\qquad$ $56+7=$ ?
$9 \times 7=$ ?
8. Count rapidly by 7's froin 0 to 70. times 7 are 14 ;" and so on.
9. Count by 7's to 70 in this way: "In 7 there is one 7 ; in 14 there are two 7's;" and so on.
10. How many days are there in 1 week? in 2 wk.? in 3 wk .?
11. In 4 weeks there are 4 times 7 days, or -_ days.

In the same way tell how many days there are in 5 wk .; in 6 wk . ; in 7 wk.; in 8 wk .; in 9 wk .; in 10 wk .
13. How many weeks are there in 7 days? in $\mathbf{1 4}$ days?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 21 \text { days }=\square \text { weeks } . \\
& 28 \text { days }=\square \text { weeks. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Continue in this way to 70 days $=\longrightarrow$ weeks.
14. Memorize:
$1 \times 7=7 \quad 6 \times 7=42$
$2 \times 7=14 \quad 7 \times 7=49$
$3 \times 7=21 \quad 8 \times 7=56$
$4 \times 7=28 \quad 9 \times 7=23$
$5 \times 7=35 \quad 10 \times 7=70$
15. Copy, eomplete, and read:

| $7+7=$ | $42+7=$ |
| ---: | :--- |
| $14+7=$ | $49+7=$ |
| $21+7=$ | $56+7=$ |
| $28+7=$ | $63+7=$ |
| $35+7=$ | $70+7=$ |

16. Copy the columns of 7's and write the sums beneath.

Compare 14 and 7 thus:

$$
14=\square \times 7 ; 7=\square \text { of } 14
$$

17. In the same way compare 21 and $\begin{array}{lllll}7 & 7 & 7 & 7 & 7\end{array}$ 7; 28 and 7; 35 and 7.
18. Find $\frac{2}{3}$ of 21 ; $\frac{2}{4}$ of 28 ; $\frac{3}{4}$ of $28 ; \frac{2}{5}$ of 35 .

## ExERCISES

98. Tell the number of 7's in the sum, then tell the sum:
99. $7+7=$
s. $7+7+7+7+7+7=$
100. $7+7+7+7=$
101. $14+7+7+7=$
102. $7+7+7=$
103. $21+7+7+7+7=$
104. $7+7+7+7+7=$
e. $35+7+7+7+7+7=$
105. Tell the missing numbers in this mixed table of 7 's:

| $x —$ | $=35$ |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | $=21$ |
|  | $=42$ |
|  | $=56$ |
|  | $=14$ |


| $\square$ |
| ---: | :--- |$\quad=70 \quad$|  | $=7$ |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | $=63$ |
|  | $=28$ |
|  | $=49$ |

Answer quickly, reading aeross the page :
10. $2 \times 7=7 \times 2=14+7=14+2=\frac{1}{2}$ of $14=$
11. $4 \times 7=7 \times 4=28+7=28+4=\quad \frac{1}{4}$ of $28=$
12. $6 \times 7=7 \times 6=42+7=42+6=\frac{1}{6}$ of $42=$
13. $3 \times 7=7 \times 3=21+7=21+3=\quad \frac{1}{3}$ of $21=$
14. $5 \times 7=7 \times 5=35+7=35+5=\quad \frac{1}{5}$ of $35=$
15. When you can buy 7 marbles for a cent, how many can you buy for 5 cents? for $8 \&$ ? for $10 \&$ ?
16. Julia bought 4 pounds of rice at 7 cents a pound. How much did the rice cost her?
17. If a pound of almonds costs 28 cents, what part of a pound can you buy for 7 cents?

## trexcraze

7. 2. Give the table of 2 's to 10 times 2 .
1. How many are five 2 's? seven 2 's? $4 \times 2$ ? $9 \times 2$ ? $12+2 ? 16+2$ ? How many 2 's are there in 14 ? in 18 ?
2. Give the table of 4 's to 10 times 4.
3. How many are two 4's? six 4's? $5 \times 4$ ? $10 \times 4$ ? $12+4$ ? How many 4's are there in 16 ? in 32 ? in 36 ?

Tell the missing numbers:
8. Multiples of 3

| 15 | $=5 \times 3$ | $24=$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 9 | $=$ | $12=$ |
| $21=$ | $6=$ |  |
| 3 | $=$ | $27=$ |
| 18 | $=$ | $30=$ |

6. Multiples of 6
$30=5 \times 6 \quad 48=$

| $18=$ | $24=$ |
| ---: | :--- |
| $42=$ | $12=$ |
| $6=$ | $54=$ |
| $36=$ | $60-$ |

7. How many 3 's are there in 6 ? in $2 \times 6$ ? in $5 \times 6$ ?
8. Give the table of 5 's to 10 times 5 .
9. How many are $2 \times 5$ ? $4 \times 5$ ? $8 \times 5$ ? $9 \times 5$ ? How many are $\frac{1}{5}$ of 35 ? $\frac{1}{5}$ of 15 ? $\frac{1}{5}$ of 50 ?
10. Give the table of 7 's to 10 times 7 .
11. How many are $7 \times 7$ ? $3 \times 7$ ? $9 \times 7$ ? $42+7 ? 35+7$ ?
12. How many dots are 8 times 4 dots? 4 times 8 dots? What is the product of 4 and 8 ? $8 \times 4=$ ? $4 \times 8=$ ?
13. In a similar way fine' the product and 9 ; of 6 and $8 ;$ 故 5 ; of 5 6 times $8=? 6$ times $9=? 6$ times $10=$ ?
14. Find the product of 7 and 8 ; of 7 and 9 . 7 tines $8=? 7$ times $9=? 7$ times $10=$ ?
15. Copy and complete as in the first column :
$2 \times 8=8 \times 2=16$
$3 \times 8=-$
$5 \times 8=$

| $2 \times 9=$ | $5 \times 9=$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $3 \times 9=$ | $6 \times 9=$ |
| $4 \times 9=$ | $7 \times 9=$ |

16. See how rapidly you can go around the first ring, naming the inultiples of 3 without naking a mistake. Begin with any number and go in either direction.

17. Give the multiples of 6 in the same way.
18. Give the multiples of 3 and 6 in pairs, beginning at the top of the circle, thus:

$$
12,24 ; 15,30 ; 6,12 ; \text { and so on. }
$$

19. See how rapidly you can go around the second ring, multiplying by 5 ; by 6 .
20. Next inultiply each number around the second ring by 5 and 6 in succession, beginning at the top, thus:

$$
10,12 ; 25,30 ; 40,48 ; \text { and so on. }
$$

21. Tell products rapidly :

| 8 | 7 | 5 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 6 | 9 | $\underline{7}$ | $\underline{6}$ | 7 | $\underline{9}$ | $\underline{8}$ |

22. Helen, Arthur, and I have 21 cookies in our lunch basket. How many are there for each of us?
23. One day every weok Ifelen dusts 4 rooms for her mother. How long dors it take her, if she spends 10 min utes dusting each root.4

How many such rooms could Helen dust in an hour?
24. Arthur carries in the wool for the kitchen range, 6 stieks at a time. How many trips does he make to carry in 30 stieks? 48 sticks?
25. Every Saturday 1 fill the coal box. It holds 24 hods of eoal. I draw it from the coal shed on my sled, 3 hods full at a time. How many sled loads does it take to fill the coal box?
26. We get the morning paper 6 days a week and Helen pays for it every Monday inorning. It costs 3 cents a day. How much does she pay for it per week?
27. We pay the inilkman every Wednesday morning for 7 quarts of milk at 6 cents a quart. How much does milk cost us a week?
28. On Friday our cook bakes 4 pans of rolls, with 9 rolls in each pan. How many rolls doess she bake?
29. We have 8 flatirons at our house. Each weighs 7 pounds. How much do all weigh?
a0. In a catalogue I found these prices for flatirons: Weight, $4 \mathrm{lb} ., 5 \mathrm{lb} ., 6 \mathrm{lb} ., 7 \mathrm{lb} ., 8 \mathrm{lb} ., 9 \mathrm{lb} ., 10 \mathrm{lb}$. Prine, $\quad 20 \%, 25 \notin, 30 \%, 35 \%, 40 \%, 45 \phi, 50 \%$. How much do flatirons costy a pound?

## FIlBT HOUK

98. Inezact diviaion.

## ExERCIES

1. Find the value of $7+7+7+2$.

Think "Three 7's and 2; $21+2 ; 23$. " Name the sum, 23.
Find the value of:
2. $5+5+2$
7. $6+6+6+2$
3. $2+2+2+1$

อ. $5+5+5+5+4$

- $4+4+4+3$

อ. $6+6+6+6+5$
b. $6+6+2$
6. $3+3+3+1$
10. $7+7+7+7+2$
11. $2+2+2+2+2+2+1$
22. Frank bought cight 4 -cent stamps and a 2 -cent stamp. How nueli money did he expend for stamps?
13. A girl had seven 5-cent pieees and a 1 -cent piece in her purse. How much moncy had she in her purse?
14. Andrew bought 9 pencils at 3 cents apiece and had 4 cents left. How mueh money had he at first?

Find the value of :
15. $5+5+5+5+5+3$
26. $4+4+4+4+4+1$
27. $6+6+6+6+6+3$
18. $7+7+7+7+7+4$
19. $6+6+6+6+5$
20. $10+10+10+10+2$
22. $1+7+7+7+7$
22. $2+6+6+6+6+6$
23. $3+4+4+4+4+4$
24. Nine 2's and 1
25. Seven 3 's and 2
26. Six 7 's and 5
27. Eight 3 's and 1
28. Nine 4's and 2
29. Seven 5 's and 1
30. Eight 6 's and 5
32. Ten 5's and 3
32. Nine 7's and 6

## EXERCIER

9. 10. Find the value of $2(3-4-4-4-4-4-4$. shink "26 lean mix 4 'n ; 26-21; 2." Name the remainder, 2. Find the value of:
1. $11 \cdot-5-5$
2. $18-5-5-5$
3. 10-six 3's
4. 8-3-3
c. $20-6-6-6$
5. $30-$ nine $4 ' s$
6. $17-7-7$
7. $10-4-4-4$
8. $3 \overline{5}$-three 10 's
9. How many are 13-4? 13-4-4? 13-4-4-4?
10. What is the greatest number of 4 's contaned in 13 , and what is the remminder?
$12=$ three 4's. $\quad 15-12=1 . \quad 13=$ three 4 's and 1 over.
Read, filling blanks:
11. In 8 there are - 3 's and over.
12. In 19 there are - 2 's und -over.
13. In 21 there are - 4's mad -- over.
14. In 32 there are - 5 's and -over.
15. 5 is contained in 26 - times and -over.
16. 4 is nontained in 41 times and -_over.
17. $30+6=$ $\qquad$ ; $31+6=$ $\qquad$
18. $20+4=-$;
$23+4=$ $\qquad$ over.
19. $2 \lcm{11}$ - and - over.
20. $3 \lcm{26}$

- and - remainder.

22. $7 \longdiv { 3 6 }$

- and - over.

24. 5) 46

- and - remaiuder.

Find quotients and remaindens:
25. $2 \lcm{9}$
30. 5) 12
26. $3 \lcm{28}$
40. $6 \lcm{57}$
24. $3 \lcm{16}$
31. $3 \longdiv { 2 3 }$
36. 6) (0j
41. $8 \lcm{25}$
37. $4 \lcm{18}$
32. 6) 23
37. 7 10
42. $5 \lcm{33}$
28. $2 \lcm{17}$
33. $4 \longdiv { 3 8 }$
39. $4 \lcm{27}$
ง3. $0 \lcm{19}$
29. $4 \longdiv { 2 1 }$
34. $3 \lcm{32}$
39. 7$) 25$
44. $10 \lcm{75}$
45. Divide by 3,4 , and 0 , naming quotiente aud remainders: $7,14,19,22,10,17,2 i, 11,31,29$.
46. Divide by 5,7 , atd 10 , nauing quotients and remainders: $11,17,23, .20,13,44,38,43,27,48$.

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

100. 101. A boy bought 0 ormuges nt i cents each and had 14 cents leit. How much money had he at first?

4 \& for 1 orange
$36 \%$ for 9 oranges $14 \& \mathrm{left}$
$50 \%$ at first

1 orange cost $4 d$.
9 oranges cost 9 times $4 \%$, or $36 \%$.
9 times $4 f$ and $14 \&$ over is equal to $30 f^{2}+14 \%$, or $50 \%$.

He had 50 at first.
2. Robert bought 3 school papers at 10 eents cach and had 5 cents left. How much money had he at first?
$\therefore$ Grace bought 4 dolls' beds at 8 cents each and had 12 cents left. How inuch money had she at first?
f. I ilave I cent anore money than I need to buy seven 5 -cent pencils. How much money have $\ddot{\imath}$ ?
8. Percy has 36 cents. How many 5-cent Christmas toys can he buy, and how much money will he have left?

5\&
The number of toys he can
7 times, $1 \&$ over 7 tops, $1 \&$ over buy is the same as the number of times $36 \neq$ contains $5 \%$.
$36 \neq$ contains $5 \& 7$ times with $1 \&$ over. He can buy 7 toys, and will have 1 left.
6. Frank has 55 cents and wishes to buy Christmas toys costing 10 cents each. How many can he buy? How much moncy will he have left?
7. Alfred has 45 cents. How many rubber balls can he buy for his brother, and how much money will he have left, if he buys as many 4 -cent balls as he can? 7-cent balls?
8. If Helen has 30 cents and buys 4 Christmas presents at 7 cents each, how much money will she have left?
9. Be'le's mother bought 5 dozen Christmas candles at 6 cents a dozen and gave the dealer 35 cents. How much change was due her?
10. Eva has 35 cents and wishes to buy 6 yards of tinsel for a Christmas tree. How much money will she have left, if she pays 4 cents a yard? 5 cents a yard? How much more money does she nced to buy the 6 -cent kind?
11. Mabel expended 47 cents for 6 dolls and a tea set. If each doll cost 7 cents, how much did the tea set cost?
12. John bought a toy locomotive for 40 cents and 4 cars at 9 cents each. Find the cost of the train.

## MULTIPLICATION

## ExERCISES

101. Multiply at sight:

| $\therefore$. | 4 | 3 | 2 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 5 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 5 | $\underline{9}$ | $\underline{9}$ | $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{9}$ | $\underline{7}$ | $\underline{10}$ |

2. $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrr}40 & 30 & 50 & 60 & 70 & 20 & 40 & 30 \\ \underline{2} & \underline{5} & \underline{3} & \underline{7} & \underline{2} & \underline{9} & \underline{4} & \underline{6}\end{array}$
3. David has four 5 -cent coins in his bank. How much less than a quarter of a dollar has he?
4. Joseph has nine 5 -cent pieces in his bank and 8 cents besides. How much money has he?
5. Which costs more and how much more, a 50-cent tool chest or 8 carnelian marbles at 7 cents each?
6. How many dimes are 6 times 3 dimes and 2 dimes more?

H'w many tens are 6 times 3 tens and 2 tens more?
7. How many tens are 7 times 6 tens and 4 tens more?
8. How many hundreds are $7 \times 500$ and 200 more?

Multiply :


## WRITTEN EXERCISES

102. 103. Multiply 756 by 5.

| 756 | 5 times $6=30 . \quad$ Write 0. |
| ---: | :--- |
| $\frac{5}{3780}$ | 5 times $5=25,25+3=28$. |
|  | Write 8 before the 0. |
|  | 5 times $7=35,35+2=37$. |

Write 37 before the 8 . Read the product.
Test your answer by adding five 750 's.
In the following exercises, test the answers for the first row. Multiply :
2. 627
3.. 762
4. 250
5. 84
6. 288
2
3
8. 96
7. 851
9. 807
10. 85
11. 344

2
4
12. 176
13. 555
14. 89
13. 625
16. 506

2
17. 760
18. 389
19. 578
20. 444
21. 757

7
22. 518
$\qquad$
23. 98
24. 770
25. 543
26. 444

27. 125

7
28. 609
29. 99

6

## ExERCISES

103. 104. If you live 7 blocks from the schoolhouse and can walk a block in 2 minutes, in how many minutes can yo walk to school? At what time must you start to reach school at five minutes to ninc. or at $9: 55$ ?
1. When we ride behind our horsc, Jim, he trots 7 miles an hour. How far can we ride in 5 h urs?
2. Lucy sailed on a steanıboat for 4 hours. If the steamboat went 12 miles an hour, how far did Lucy sail?
3. If each of 7 children drops 5 cents into a slot machine, how much money do they all drop in?
4. If there are 8 rows of desks in a class room and 6 desks in each row, how many children will the room seat?
5. How far can you ride in 6 hours on a train that goes at the rate of 40 miles an hour?

Find the change out of a quarter of a dollar for each of the following purchases:
7. 7 newspapers at $2 \phi$ each; at $3 \phi$ cach.
8. 4 calendars at $3 \phi$ each; at $5 \&$ cach.
9. 30 rubber bands at 3 for $1 \phi$; at 6 for $1 \phi$.
10. 4 papers of pins at $5 \&$ a paper; at $6 \&$ a paper.
11. Find the cost of 4 ,ounds of sugar at 6 cents a pound and a pound of ham, 20 cents.
12. At the baker's I bought 3 cakes at $20 \&$ each and a pie for $10 \%$. How much money did I spend there? first prog. $\angle \mathrm{A} .-8$

## WRITTER EXIRCISES

104. 105. A grocer bought three boxes of lemons. There were 360 lemons in each box. How many lemons did he buy?

360 lemons


He bought 3 times 360 lemons, or 1080 lemons.
2. At the fruit store Caroline saw 4 boxes of oranges with " 150 " stamped on the end of each box, showing that each box contained 150 oranges. How many oranges did the 4 boxes contain?
3. A fruit dcaler bought 2 car loads of oranges. There were 362 boxes in each car. How many boxes of oranges did he buy?
4. How many pincapples are there in three crates, if two of them cuntain 24 each and the third contains 36 ?
5. Hope bought 2 pounds of coffee at $35 \%$ a pound and gave the grocer $\$ 1$. How much change was due her?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
35 \& \text { for } 1 \mathrm{lb} . & \$ 1=100 \% \\
\frac{2}{70} \% \text { for } 2 \mathrm{lb} . & \frac{-70 \%}{30 \%}
\end{array}
$$

6. A woman bought 3 pounds of butter at $28 \&$ a pound and paid the dealer $\$ 1$. Find the change due her.
7. A man bought 6 pounds of beef for roasting at $14 \%$ a pound. How much had he left out of $\$ 1$ ?

Find the change out of a dollar for each purchase:
8. 2 pounds of tea $8 . t 42$ cents a pound.
9. 5 pounds of beefsteak at 18 cents a pound.
10. 7 bunches of celery at 14 cents a bunch.
11. 6 pounds of chcese at 15 cents a pound.
12. 4 dozen bananas at 22 cents a dozen.
13. 3 pounds of butter at 32 cents a pound.
14. A flour barrel holds 196 poi 'ads of flour. How many pounds of flour will 5 such barrels hold?
15. A small bag of dairy salt holds 56 pounds, and a large bag holds 4 times as much. How much more does a large bag hold than a small one?
16. How much more than half a dollar is needed to buy 5 dozen ears of sweet corn at 13 cents a dozen?
17. Saturday morning our grocer had 2 whole cheeses, weighing 40 pounds each, and 25 pounds of another cheese. How many pounds of cheese had he?

Find the amount of the purchases at cach store :
18. At the hardware store, 2 cans of paint at 30 cents a can and a paint brush for 35 cents.
19. At the drygoods store, 5 yards of ribbon at 15 cents a yard and a 25-cent handkerchief.
20. At the florist's, a bunch of violets for 50 cents and 3 ruses at 15 cents each.
21. At the bookstore, a 25 -cent book and 2 boxes of note paper at 35 cents a box.

## DIVISIOR

## Exirncises

105. Divide at sight :
106. $2 \lcm{10}$
$3 \lcm{18}$
$4 \lcm{24}$
$5 \lcm{35}$
6) 48
$7 \lcm{28}$
2. $3 \lcm{27}$
$9 \lcm{45}$
7 $\lcm{42}$
$8 \lcm{32}$
$5 \lcm{45}$
$4 \lcm{16}$
3. $2 \lcm{46}$
3 $\lcm{960}$
$5 \lcm{500}$
$4 \lcm{480}$
$6 \lcm{66}$
7 $\lcm{707}$

Tell quotients and remainders:

| 4. | s. | 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2 \lcm{20}$ | $2 \lcm{21}$ | $2 \lcm{44}$ | $2 \lcm{45}$ | $3 \lcm{18}$ | $3 \lcm{19}$ |
| 10. | 11. | 12. | 13. | 14. | 15. |
| $4 \lcm{45}$ | $4 \lcm{83}$ | $5 \lcm{50}$ | $5 \lcm{53}$ | $5 \lcm{57}$ | $6 \lcm{68}$ |
| 16. | 17. | 18. | 19. | 20. | 21. |
| $3 \lcm{360}$ | $3 \lcm{362}$ | $4 \lcm{485}$ | $5 \lcm{506}$ | $5 \lcm{559}$ | $6 \lcm{668}$ |

22. How many weeks are there in 63 days?,
23. How many weeks are there in a month of 31 days, and how many days over?
24. If 45 boys march 4 abreast, how many rows will there be and how many boys over?
25. How many gallons are there in 36 quarts?
26. If Richard can skate around a pond in 10 minutes, how many times can he skate around it in half an hour?

## Divide rapidly:

| 27. $3 \lcm{6}$ | $3 \lcm{60}$ | $3 \lcm{66}$ | $3 \lcm{666}$ | $3 \lcm{6666}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 20. $6 \lcm{12}$ | $6 \lcm{120}$ | $6 \lcm{1200}$ | $6 \lcm{1206}$ | $6 \lcm{1266}$ |
| 29. $3 \lcm{21}$ | $3 \lcm{219}$ | $3 \lcm{2190}$ | $3 \lcm{2196}$ | $3 \lcm{2197}$ |

## WRITTEN ExRRCISES

## 106. 1. Divide $219 \%$ by 3.

3) $\lcm{2197}$

732, 1 remainder

3 is contained in 21 (hundreds), 7 (hundreds) times. Write 7 under 1 , in hundreds' place.
3 is contained in 9 (tens), 3 (tens) times. Write 3 under 9 , in tens' place. 3 is contained in 7, 2 tines with 1 remainder. Write 2 under 7, in units' place.

After 2 write a eomma and then " 1 remainder."
Teat. - If the answer is correct, then 3 times 732 and 1 more should give 2197. Test it by multiplying 732 by 3 and adding 1.
Do not write 732 and 3 again, but look at the process and note that $3 \times 2=6$ and $6+1=7$, which gives the units of 2197 ; $3 \times 3$ tens $=9$ tens, the tens of $2197 ; 3 \times 7$ hundreds $=21$ hundreds, the hundreds of 2197.

Divide and test:

| 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2 \lcm{1485}$ | $3 \lcm{1565}$ | $2 \lcm{1667}$ | $3 \lcm{2468}$ | $4 \lcm{1649}$ |
| 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. | 11. |
| $5 \lcm{1557}$ | $4 \lcm{2043}$ | $5 \lcm{2059}$ | $3 \lcm{1861}$ | $4 \lcm{1282}$ |
| 12. | 13. | 14. | 15. | 16. |
| $6 \lcm{307}$ | $4 \lcm{325}$ | $3 \lcm{2737}$ | $5 \lcm{4052}$ | $5 \lcm{4558}$ |

27. Divide each of these numbers by 2 : 126, 185, 208, 405, 4248, 0265, 1400, 1483.
28. Divide each of these numbers by 3 ; also by 0 : $126,185,248,306,367,6605,2400,2461$.
29. Divide each of these numbers by 5 : $100,105,108,1000,1055,5508,4057,3006$.
Divide and test:

| 20. | 21. | 22. | 23. | 24. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $4 \lcm{843}$ | $3 \lcm{1290}$ | $5 \lcm{1500}$ | $4 \lcm{287}$ | $6 \lcm{421}$ |  |
| 25. | 26. |  | 27. | 28. | 29. |
| $7 \lcm{144}$ | $0 \lcm{549}$ | $6 \lcm{4262}$ | $5 \lcm{259}$ | $4 \lcm{8004}$ |  |
| 30. | 31. | 32. | 33. | 34. |  |
| $3 \lcm{9301}$ | $2 \lcm{4621}$ | $7 \lcm{2175}$ | $4 \lcm{165}$ | $7 \lcm{1403}$ |  |
| 35. | 36. | 37. | 38. | 39. |  |
| $5 \lcm{157}$ | $4 \lcm{3606}$ | $7 \lcm{5672}$ | $5 \lcm{358}$ | $6 \lcm{5409}$ |  |

107. 108. $10 \xi=$ - times $2 \phi ; 2 \phi=\square$ of $10 \phi$.

In the same way compare:
2. $12 \xi$ and $3 \%$.
3. $15 \%$ and $5 \%$.
4. 18 eggs and 3 egge
5. 10 hats and 5 hats.
6. 8 sleds and 16 sleds.
7. 12 tops and 4 tops.
8. 15 apples and 3 apples.
9. 1 quart and 1 gallon.
10. 1 foot and 1 yard.
11. $\$ 20$ and $\$ 5$.
12. $\$ 20$ and $\$ 4$.
13. 1 pound and 8 ounces.
14. If 2 lemons cost 5 cents, how much will 6 lemons cost at the same price?

Modrl Solution
2 lemons cost $5 \nmid$. 6 lemons are 3 times 2 lemons. 6 lemons will cost 3 times 5 , or $15 \%$.
15. If 4 peaches cost 5 cents, how much will 12 peaches cost at the sanie price?
16. If 2 pairs of shoe laces cost 5 cents, how much will 8 pairs cost at the same price?
17. If you can walk 3 miles in 2 hours, how far can you walk in 4 hours at the same rate?
18. ' a dozen oranges cost 30 cents, how much will 4 oranges cost at the same price?

Monfl Solution
12 oranges cost 30 cents. 4 oranges are $\frac{1}{8}$ of 12 oranges. 4 oranges will cost $\frac{1}{f}$ of $30 \%$, or $10 \%$.
19. If a dozen eggs cost 32 cents, how much will 3 eggs cost at the same price?

Find the cost of :
20. 4 buns at 18 cents a dozen.
22. 21 plums at 3 plums for 5 cents.
22. 48 pears at 6 pears for 5 cents.
23. 6 bananas at 22 cents a dozen.
24. 36 marbles at 4 marbles for 5 cents.

Find the cost of:
25. 6 pounds of grupes nt 2 lb , for 15 f .
28. 8 looxes of berries .. ! boxes for 2 ij ¢
27. 3 cans of tomatoes at 12 cans for $\$ 1$.
20. 2 prekages of oatineal at 8 packages for $\$ 1$.
29. 18 cakes of sonp at 6 cakes for a quarter dollar.
30. If a street cir suns 0 blocks in 5 minutes, how far will it run in 20 minutes? Suppose it runs 7 bloeks in 5 minutes; 8 blocks in 5 minutes.

## WRITTEN ExERCISES

108. 109. How many chairs at $\$ 2$ each ean be bought for $\$ 120$ ? for $\$ 75$, with how many dollars over?
1. A blacksmith has 162 horseshoes. How many horses can he shoe with 4 shoes each? How many shoes will be left?
2. A furniture dealer paid $\$ 2460$ for beds at $\$ 6$ each. How many did he buy?
3. If 2000 soldiers march 8 abreast, how many rows of 8 soldiers will there be?
4. A certain church will hold 420 persons, if 6 persons sit in each pew. How many pews are there?
5. Three of the rows of trees in a large orchard contain 1500 peach trees, each row containing the same number of trees. How many trees are there in each row?
6. In a fire drill 365 children marched out of the sehool building 2 abreast. How many rows of children were there and how many over?

## VOLUME

100. 101. How many comens has a cube? how many edges?

How do the rlges of a cube compare in length?
2. How many flat sides, or fuces, has a cube? How do they compare in shape? Are they nepuares or oblongs?

How do the faces of a cube compare in area"
3. How long is the front face of this cube? how wide?
4. What is the area of the front face of this cube?

What is the area of each face?
5. Each face of this cube is a squar: inch.

6. A cube whose faces are cach a square inch is called a cubic inch.
7. How long is a cubic inch? how wide? how high?
8. If each face of the cube were a square foot, what would the cube be called?
9. How long is a cubic foot? how wide? how high?
110. 1. The box in the pieture is 2 inches long, 1 inch wide, and 1 inch deep (measured on the inside).

How many cubic-inch blocks will the box hold?

a. If this büx were 1 inch longer than it is, how many cubic-inch blocks would it hold?
3. Phae 3 enbie-inch blocks in a row: then, 3 blecks more in mother row, and put these rown mide by mide as in this picture.

How many tinaces 3 eubic juches do
 you we in the picture? how many cubie inches?
4. Arrange another layer of eubic-inell blocks like the one in the finst pieture mad pat one layer on top of the other us in this picture.

How many times $\mathbf{3}$ blocks are there in each layer? llow many times $2 \times$ 3 blocks are there in the pile?

There are $2 \times 3$ bloeks in a layer and 2 times $2 \times 3$ blocks, or blocks,
 in the pile.
s. How long is the pile? how wide? How high?
6. How many rubic-inch blocks are there in a pile 3 inches loug, 2 inches wide, and 2 inches high?
7. Here is a picture of a blo $k$ of wool 4 inches long, 2 inches wide, and 3 inches high. It is marked to show cubic inches.

How many cubic inches are there in a row runuing the longest way? in 2 rows, or 1 hayer?

How many cubic inches are there
 in 2 layers? in 3?

Hov many cubie inches does the block contain?
3 timos $2 \times \frac{4}{4}$ eubie inches are - cubic inches.
0. Ablock in 5 in . long, 4 in . wide, and 3 in. high. limal how many cuhic inches it conhains.

Think of rown and layen of cubic inches.
In I row there ure is cubie inchew.
It. 1 hayer there are $4 \times 5$ ein. in., or - int. in.
In 3 layers there are 3 times $4 \times{ }^{2}$ ) ('ll. in., or - en. in. Then the block contains -allin.

- This is called the volume of the block.


## WRITTEN EXERCISES

111. 112. Find the volume of a block 4 in. long, 2 in. wide, and 2 in. high.
1. A box (metsured inside) is 4 in. ! $\quad 3,3$ it: wille, and 3 in . deep. How many cubie inches of sand will it hold?

2. Ilow many cubic inches does $x$ cube contain, if its edges are 3 in. long? What is the nreat of its surface?

Such a cube is called a i-inch cube. What is a $\delta$-inch cube? a 2-foot cube?
4. In loading a wagon with clay a man dug a hole 6 ft . long, 2 ft . wide, and 2 ft . decp. How miny cubic feet of clay did he put into his wagon?
5. How many cubic feet of water will a tank hold, if it is 5 ft . long, 4 ft . wide, and 4 ft . deep, inside?

气. Find the volume oî a 4 -foot cube of granite. Find the area that is polisbed, if 5 of its faces are polished.

## COMPARISON OF MEASURES

## EXRRCISES

112. 113. How many inches are there in $a$ foot? in $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ ? in $\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{ft}$.? in $\frac{2}{3} \mathrm{ft}$.? in $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{ft}$.? in $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{ft}$.?
1. How many feet are there in 1 yd . ? how many inches? How many feet are there $\mathrm{i} \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{yd}$.? how many inehes? What part of a yard is 2 feet? 24 inches?
2. Which is longer, and how much, 8 ft . or $3 \mathrm{yd} . ? 2 \mathrm{ft}$. or 22 in . 6 y.d. or 17 ft .?
3. This picture shows a square yard tivided into square feet. How many square feet are there in $1 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd}$.? in $\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd}$.?

What part of a square yard is $6 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$.?
5. How many pints are there in 1 qt .?
 in 4 qt ? in 1 gal.?

What part of a gallon is 1 qt ? 2 qt ? 3 qt ? 2 pt ? 4 pt.? 6 pt.?
6. Which is greater, 1 gal. or 7 pt.? 2 gal. or 18 pt.?
7. How many ounces are there in a pound? in $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}$.? What. part of a pound is 4 ounces? 12 ounces?
8. How much heavier is 35 ounces than 2 pounds? how mueh lighter than $2 \frac{1}{2}$ pounds?
9. How many months are there in a year? What part of a year is 6 months? 3 mo.? 9 mo.? 4 mo.? 8 mo.?
10. Flora spent June, July, and August in the country. What part of the year was she in the country?
11. What part of 28 days is 1 week?
12. Jennic had 3 weeks' vacation, and Mary h d ${ }^{1}$ days. Which girl had the longer vacation? how many dajes !encor?
13. How many hours are there in a day? in $\frac{1}{2}$ of a day? in $\frac{1}{4}$ of a day? in $\frac{3}{4}$ of a day?

What part of a chay is 8 hours? 16 hours?
14. Florence spends 6 hours of the day in school What part of the day is she in school?
15. How many minutes are there in $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{hr}$.? in $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{hr}$.? in $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{hr}$ ?
113. 1. Each square here represents a square inch. How many square inches are there in the oblong? in $\frac{1}{3}$ of it?
2. What part of the oblong is 1 row? How many square inches are there in $\frac{3}{t}$ of the oblong?

s. What part of the oblong is 1 column of squares? How inany square inches are there in $\frac{1}{5}$ of the oblong? in $\frac{2}{8}$ of it? in $\frac{4}{5}$ of it? in $\frac{3}{5}$ of it?
4. Which has the greater area, $\frac{3}{4}$ of the oblong or $\frac{4}{5}$ of it? how many square inches greater?
5. This block, 5 in. long, 4 in. wide, and 3 in . high, is marked into cubic inches. How many are there in the bottorn layer? in 2 layers? in the whole bloca?

How many uabic inches are there in $\frac{1}{3}$ of 60 cubic inches? in $\frac{2}{3}$ of 60 cubic inches?
6. How many cubic inches are shown along the side of the block? What part of the block do they form?

How many cubic inches is $\frac{1}{4}$ of 60 cubic inches? $\frac{2}{4}$, or $\frac{1}{2}$, of 60 cubic inches? $\frac{3}{4}$ of the block?
7. How many cubic inches are slown on the front end of the block? What part of the block do they form?

How many cubic inclics is $\frac{1}{8}$ of 60 cubic inches? $\frac{2}{5}$ ? How many cubic inches is $\frac{3}{5}$ of the block? $\frac{4}{5}$ ?
8. Which is greater, and how inuch, $\frac{1}{3}$ of the block or $\frac{1}{4}$ of it? $\frac{1}{5}$ of the block or $\frac{1}{4}$ of it ?

## ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION

## EXERCISES

114. Add and test :
115. 6
$\begin{array}{r}8 \\ - \\ \hline\end{array}$
116. 4
117. 7
118. 8
119. 9
120. 5
7
6
8
7
5
9

| 5 |
| :--- |
| 7 |
| 6 |
| 6 |
| 8 |
| 4 |

8
2
2
6
9
9

Find results rapidly :
7. $8+7+4+8+5+9$
11. $8+6+9+0+9+7$
8. $6+8+0+9+8+7$
12. $9 \div 7-5-4+6-9$
9. $7+9-5+8-7+6$
10. $9-7+8+9-6-8$
13. $7+6+4+9+8+5$
24. $5+9+8-0-6-7$

## EXERCISES

115. Give answers at sight:
116. $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrr}38 & 85 & 27 & 56 & 69 & 72 & 61 & 44 \\ +\underline{40} & -\underline{20} & +\underline{60} & -\underline{26} & -19 & +\underline{22} & -\underline{31} & +\underline{11}\end{array}$
117. $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrr}45 & 20 & 76 & 88 & 55 & 48 & 87 & 60 \\ -15 & +57 & -26 & -33 & +\underline{40} & +\underline{30} & -\underline{82} & +\underline{17}\end{array}$

| 576 | 698 | 326 | 441 | 247 | 324 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| +20 | -58 | +400 | -141 | -30 | +22 |

$\begin{array}{rrrrrr}642 & 521 & 798 & 335 & 411 & 847 \\ -32 & +\underline{221} & -58 & -\underline{235} & \underline{+66} & -\underline{500}\end{array}$

## EXERCISES

116. 117. Edwin has read 30 pages o. his reader. How many pages more must he read to finish 50 pages?
1. Twenty boys and 15 girls were coasting on Scovel's hill. How many ehildren were coasting?
2. A farmer has 56 cows in two stables. If there are 30 cows in one stable, how many are there in the other?
3. Roy earned $35 \phi$ shoveling snow one week and $40 \phi$ the next. How mueh did he earn in both weeks?
4. A milliner had 325 hats and sold 125 of them on her opening day. How many had she left?
5. A boy bought skates for $60 \ell$ and a hockcy stick for 20¢. How much ehange did he receive out of $\$ 1$ ?

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

117. Find the sum and the difference:
118. 4621
119. 6040
2894
120. 1838
979
121. 5078
3849
122. 8260
584

1668
7. 4305
2572
8. 7241

2514
Add and test:


Find results:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { 18. } & 6209+2768-3689 \\
\text { 19. } & 8000-4825+794-247 \\
\text { 20. } & 2368+4542-2699+364-88 \\
\text { 21. } & 431+980+165+85-426-248 \\
\text { 22. } & 9423-526+94-1395+234-27 \\
\text { 23. } & 49+(8+37+84+45+72-59-86 \\
\text { 24. } & 5841-278-92+2406-4209-466-59
\end{array}
$$

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

118. 119. How many fect of fence are needed to inclose a lot 125 feet by 218 feet?
1. Mr. Hayes has 9248 bricks in two piles. If one pile contains 4135 bricks, how many are there in the other?
2. Maud washed 8 plates, 4 cups, 5 saucers, a dozen knives, 10 forks, and a dozen spoons. How anany things did she wash?
3. If I buy grocerics for $35 \&$ and meat for $28 \&$, how much change should I receive from $75 \phi$ ?
4. Oliver counted the cars in six trains. There were $23,37,41,38,45$, and 28 . How many cars did lic count?
5. If Ellen's father is now 37 ycars of age, in what year was he born?
6. From a piece of cloth containing 46 yards, 13 yards were sold at one time and 15 at another. How many yards remained unsold?
7. The postman delivered 185 letters on Monday, 246 on Tuesday, 219 on Wedncsday, and 227 on Thursday. How many letters did he deliver in the four days?
8. Mr. Howard bought three loads of coal, the first weighing 3245 lb ., the second 2984 lb ., and the third 3163 lb . How many pounds of coal did he buy?
9. A man bought a sofa for $\$ 65$, a chair for $\$ 18$, and paid for them with a 100 -dollar bill. How much change did he receive?

## NUMBERS TO ONE HUNDRED

## 119. Counting by eights.

1. How many hooks are there in the top row?
2. How many hooks are there in 2 rows? in 3 rows?
3. How many boys can hang their hats on all the hooks?

4. How many hooks are 2 timan 8 hooks? $3 \times 8$ hooks? $4 \times 8$ hooks?
5. How many hats are 4 times 8 hats and 8 hats more? How inany hats are 5 times 8 hats?
6. Five $8 ' s=40$

$$
\frac{\text { One } 8=8}{\text { Six } 8^{\prime} s=-}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{rr}
6 \times 8=- & 7 \times 8=- \\
+8 & \frac{+8}{8 \times 8=-}
\end{array}
$$

7. How many are $8 \times 8$ ? Add 8 to $8 \times 8$ and find $9 \times 8$. Add another 8 and find $10 \times 8$.
8. Count by 8 's from 0 to 10 times 8 .
9. Memorize :

| $1 \times 8=8$ | $6 \times 8=48$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $2 \times 8=16$ | $7 \times 8=56$ |
| $3 \times 8=24$ | $8 \times 8=64$ |
| $4 \times 8=32$ | $9 \times 8=72$ |
| $5 \times 8=40$ | $10 \times 8=80$ |

10. Copy, complete, and read:

| $8+8=$ | $48 \div 8=$ |
| ---: | :--- |
| $16+8=$ | $56+8=$ |
| $24+8=$ | $64+8=$ |
| $32+8=$ | $72+8=$ |
| $40+8=$ | $80+8=$ |

## 120. Counting by nines.

1. How many men do you see in the nearest boat? in the seeond boat? in each boat?

2. How many men are there in 2 boats? in 3 boats? in all the boats?
3. How many men are 2 times 9 men? $3 \times 9$ men? $4 \times 9$ men? $4 \times 9$ men and 9 men more, or $5 \times 9$ men?

$$
5 \times 9=45
$$

4. Add 9 to $5 \times 9$, or to 45 , and find $6 \times 9$, as shown here.
5. Add another 9 and find $7 \times 9$.
6. $7 \times 9=63$. Then how many are $8 \times 9$ ?
7. $8 \times 9=? \quad 72+9=$ ? $9 \times 9=$ ? $\quad 10 \times 9=$ ?
8. How many square feet are there in 1 square yard? in $2 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd}$.? in $3 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd}$.? in $4 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd}$.? in $5 \mathrm{sq} . y \mathrm{yd}$ ? How many square feet are there in 6 sq. $y d . ?$ in 7 sq. yd .? in $8 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd}$ ? ? in $9 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd}$.? in $10 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd}$ ?
9. Count by 9 's from 0 to 10 times 9 .
10. Memorize this table of nines:

| $1 \times 9=9$ | $6 \times 9=84$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $2 \times 9=18$ | $7 \times 9=63$ |
| $3 \times 9=27$ | $8 \times 9=72$ |
| $4 \times 9=36$ | $9 \times 9=81$ |
| $5 \times 9=45$ | $10 \times 9=90$ |

23. How many times is 9 contained in 9 ? in 18? in $27 ?$ in $36 ?$ in 45 ? in 54 ?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
63+9=? & 72+9=? \\
81+9=? & 90+9=?
\end{array}
$$

121. Counting by tens.
122. How many wires are supported by the highest eross-arm of this telephone pole?
123. How many wires will there be when two of the eross-arms, eounting from the top, are full? when three are full? four?
124. How many wires will the pole support on the eross-arms now empty? How many will all the eross-arms support?
125. Count by 10 's from 0 to ten 10 's.

126. Memorize :

| $1 \times 10=10$ | $6 \times 10=60$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| $2 \times 10=20$ | $7 \times 10=70$ |
| $3 \times 10=30$ | $8 \times 10=80$ |
| $4 \times 10=40$ | $9 \times 10=90$ |
| $5 \times 10=50$ | $10 \times 10=100$ |

6. How many 10 's are there in $10 ?$ in 20 ? in 30 ?

$$
\begin{array}{cr}
40+10=? & 50+10=? \\
60+10=? & 70+10=? \\
80+10=? & 90+10=? \\
100=? \times 10 ; & 100+10=?
\end{array}
$$

## REVIEW EXERCISES

122. Tell the missing numbers:
123. Multiples of 5 .

| $15=3 \times 5$ | $25=$ | $12=2 \times 6$ | $24=$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $20=$ | $50=$ | $36=$ | $6=$ |
| $35=$ | $10=$ | $18=$ | $30=$ |
| $5=$ | $45=$ | $42=$ | $54=$ |
| $40=$ | $30=$ | $60=$ | $48=$ |

3. Count these stars by $\star \star \star \star \star \star \star$ $3 ' s$; by 2 's; by 6 's; by 4's; by 8 's.

How many stars do you count in each case?

$$
24+3=? \quad 24+8=? \quad 24+6=? \quad 24+4=?
$$

Tell the number of 10 's in the suni, then tell the sum:
4. $10+10+10$
5. $20+10$
6. $40+10+10$
7. $10+50+10$
8. $60+5+5+10$
9. $70+10+5+5$

Tell the number of 8 's, or of 6 's, ete., then the sum:
10. 8
8
8
16
11. 6
6
18
6
12. 7
14
7
13. 9
18
14. 9
9
27

Which is greater and how much greater:
15. $2 \times 9$ or $3 \times 7$ ?
15. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 24 or $\frac{1}{4}$ of 24 ?
16. $6 \times 8$ or $5 \times 9$ ?
17. $8 \times 8$ or $7 \times 9$ ?
18. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 18 or $\frac{1}{3}$ of 18 ?
20. $\frac{1}{5}$ © 40 or $\frac{1}{4}$ of 40 ?
128. The following exercises are for frequent reviev.

Give answens instantly :

| 1. | $4 \times 3$ | $10 \times 7$ | $20+4$ | $6 \times 4$ | $10 \times 10$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 2. | $7 \times 3$ | $4 \times 4$ | $12+0$ | $3 \times 3$ | $72+9$ |
| 3. | $2 \times 9$ | $10 \times 8$ | $50+10$ | $2 \times 6$ | $10 \times 4$ |
| 4. | $5 \times 3$ | $5 \times 5$ | $32+4$ | $3 \times 9$ | $10 \times 6$ |
| 5. | $2 \times 7$ | $10 \times 9$ | $100+10$ | $7 \times 10$ | $49+7$ |

6. $2 \times 5$
$6 \times 10$
$48+6$
$9 \times 6$
$28+4$
7. $4 \times 9$
$2 \times 8$
$25+5$
$3 \times 8$
$10 \times i$
8. $5 \times 8$
$3 \times 10$
$7 \times 9$
$48+8$
9. $4 \times 5$
$6 \times 3$
$6 \times 5$
$\therefore \div 7$
10. $6 \times 8$
$4 \times 10$
$9 \times 3$
$10 \times 3$
11. $9 \times 7$
$8 \times 8$
12. $5 \times 6$
$9 \times 9$
$64+8 \quad 7 \times 4$
$\frac{1}{2}$ of 12
13. $8 \times 4$
$4 \times 6$
$63+7$
$8 \times 2$
$\frac{1}{3}$ of 21
14. $5 \times 9$
$7 \times 8$
$24+4$
$4 \times 8$
$\frac{1}{4}$ of 24
$\frac{1}{5}$ of 15
15. $7 \times 2$
$9 \times 4$
$81+9$
$5 \times 7$
$6 \times 6$
$\frac{1}{3}$ of 24
16. $8 \times 3$
$8 \times 7$
$56+7$
$30+3$
$7 \times 7$
$\frac{1}{2}$ of 18
17. $2 \times 10$
$6 \times 9$
18. $6 \times 2$
$3 \times 6$
19. $3 \times 7$
$9 \times 2$
$35+5$
$8 \times 6$
$\frac{1}{4}$ of 20
$42+6$
$9 \times 5$
$\frac{1}{5}$ of 30
20. $5 \times 4$
$6 \times 7$
$16+2$
$4 \times 7$
$\frac{1}{3}$ of 27
$72+8$
$7 \times 6$
$\frac{1}{2}$ of 14
21. $8 \times 5$
$3 \times 5$
$3 \times 9$
$24+3$
$20+10$
$9 \times 8$
$8 \times 10$
$\frac{1}{4}$ of 32
$\frac{1}{5}$ of 45
22. 23. Draw a 10 -inch square and divide it into inch squares.
1. In the first column of squares write the numbers 1,2 , $3,4,5,6,7,8,9$, and 10 , beginning at the top.
2. Now fill the first row with the multiples of 1 from $2 \times 1$ to $10 \times 1$, as shown below. Next fill the second row with the multiples of 2 , then the third row with the multiples of 3 , and so on until all the rows ure full.

Here are the first two rows:

| 1's | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 6 | $\frac{8}{2}$ | $\frac{9}{2}$ | $\frac{10}{}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | $\frac{16}{}$ | $\frac{18}{20}$ | $\frac{2}{20}$ |

4. In your table of multiples find the number that represents $4 \times 2 ; 5 \times 3 ; 6 \times 10 ; 8 \times 4 ; 4 \times 8 ; 3 \times 6 ; 6 \times 3$; also $1 \times 1 ; 2 \times 2 ; 3 \times 3 ; 4 \times 4 ;$ and so on to $10 \times 10$.
5. Find and compare $6 \times 8$ and $8 \times 0 ; 3 \times 9$ and $9 \times 3$.
6. In your table find 24 in four places. What does 24 stand for in cach place?
7. 8. What numbers have 10 for their product? 12? 18 ?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 10=5 \times 2, \text { or } 2 \times 5 \\
& 12=4 \times 3, \text { or } 3 \times 4, \text { or } 6 \times 2, \text { or } 2 \times 6 \\
& 18=9 \times 2, \text { or }- \text { or } 6 \times 3, \text { or }
\end{aligned}
$$

Give numbers that have the following as products:
2. $4,6,8,9,10,12,14,15,16,18,20,21$.
3. $24,25,27,28,30,32,35,36,40,42,45,48$.
4. $50,54,56,60,63,64,70,72,80,81,90,100$.

Draw in as many way as you can oblong having the following areas:
อ. 12 sq . in.
7. 18 sq. in.
6. $16 \mathrm{mq} . \mathrm{in}$.
-. 20 sq . in.
-. 24 sq. in.
123. Tell quotients and remminders:

1. $5 \longdiv { 3 8 }$
c. $8 \lcm{08}$
2. $6 \lcm{64}$
3. $4 \longdiv { 3 9 }$
4. $7 \longdiv { 4 4 }$
5. $9 \lcm{85}$
6. 7 $\lcm{76}$
7. $8 \lcm{77}$
8. $9 \lcm{(60}$

9. $8 \lcm{62}$
10. $9 \lcm{89}$
11. $8 \lcm{50}$
-. $6 \lcm{47}$
12. 5 $\lcm{53}$
13. 10$)(65$
14. $7 \lcm{05}$
15. $8 \longdiv { 8 4 }$
16. $7 \lcm{48}$
17. $10 \lcm{97}$

Tell quotients and remainders:
2. $-68+7$
21. $66+7$
22. $84+9$
23. $85+8$
24. $71+7$
25. $92+10$
26. $68+7$
27. $75+8$
28. $88+10$
29. $71 \div-8$
30. $80+9$
31. $76+7$
33. $96+9$
34. $69+8$
35. $59+6$
127. 1. Horace bought a box of paints for $50 \%$ and 3 brushes at 9 f each. How much money did he spend?
2. I have 50\%. How many 8-cent lamp chimncys can I buy, and how many cents shall I have left?
3. Harrict bought 6 glasses and a pitcher for $75 \%$. The glasses cost $9 \&$ each. How much did the pitcher cost?
4. Ida bought a tea kettle for 49 and 3 dippers at 10 \& each. Find the cost of the four articles.
3. Frank has a dollar. If he buys 4 tiekets for a ball game at 10 each, how mach muney will he have left?

## FIRST HOKK <br> multiplication

## Exyrciam

128. Multiply at sight:

| 1. 5 | 7 | 0 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 50 | 500 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |

2. What figure written after 5 will change it from 5 units to $\overline{5}$ tens, or to 10 times $\overline{5}$ ?
3. What figure written after 7 will give 7 tens, or 10 times 7? What figure written ufter 12 will give 12 tens, or 10 tines 12 ?
4. How can you multiply 15 by 10 ? 22 by 10 ? 18 by 10? nny number by 10 ?

Multiply by 10 :
5. 4
6. 9
7. 10
8. 16
9. 10
10. 24
12. 52
13. 60
14. 750
15. 816
16. 884
17. 900
18. 965
19. 999
21. 48

Find the number of:
20. Days in 10 wk.
21. Ounces in 10 lb .
22. Minutes in 10 hr .
23. Cents in 10 dollars.
24. Pints in 10 gal.
25. Square feet in 10 sq. yd.
26. If a trolley ear travels 18 miles every trip it inakes, and if it makes 10 taips por day, hūw many miles does it travel per day?

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

129. Multiply :
130. 22
131. 34
132. 65
133. 99
134. 99
7
135. 372
136. 777
137. 707

7
13. 502
14. 545
15. 888

6
16. 608
17. 625

9
12. 382

8
8
18. 907
19. 392
20. 999


6
Find the product of :
21. 75 and 8
24. 360 and 5
27. 9 and 435
22. 49 and 7
25. 940 and 7
23. 68 and 9
26. 480 and 9
28. 8 and 598
29. 9 and 989
30. Find the cost of 24 chairs at $\$ 2$ each.
\$24
$\frac{2}{\$ 48}$
Find the cost of :
31. 25 hats at $\$ 4$ each.
32. 32 pears at $3 \notin$ each.
33. 325 books at $\$ 2$ cach.

Find the value of :
34. 96 ten-dollar bills.
35. 38 five-dollar bills.
36. 750 two-dollar bills.
37. If you can solve 3 excreises in a minute, how many can you solve in an hour at the some rate?
33. I bought a dozen cans of tomatoes at 9 cents a can. How much more than a doller did I spend?
39. A woman bought 15 packages of flower seeds at 6 cents a package. How much did they cost?
40. The tailor has a pressing iron that weighs 14 pounds. How much did it cost, at 5 cents a pound?

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

130. 131. The sidewalk in front of these lots is 9 feet wide. Mr. A's lot is 32 feet wide, Mr. B's 64 feet, and so on, as marked. Find the length and area of the sidewalk.

1. How many square feet of sidewalk must each man keep clear of snow in the winter time?
2. How many square yards of flagging did it take to make the sidewalk?
3. Mr. A's lot is worth $\$ 8$ a front foot, or 32 times $\$ 8$. Find the value of each of the six lots at the same rete.
4. Mr. E's lot is worth $\$ 448$, and his house is worth 7 times as much. How much is his huise worth?
5. When the street was paved, Mr. A had to pay $\$ 128$, and Mr. B had to pay twice as much. How much was Mr. B obliged to pay?
6. How many cubic feet of water will a trough hold that is 16 ft : long, 2 ft . wide, and 2 ft . deep?
7. How many cubic feet of snow will a cart hold that is 9 ft . long, 4 ft . wide, and 3 ft . deep?
8. The leg of a table was 28 in . long, 3 in . wide, and 3 in. thick. How many cubic inches did it contain?

## DIVISION

Exercises
131. Divide at sight:

1. $8 \lcm{40}$
2. $6 \lcm{60}$
7) $\lcm{56}$
$9 \lcm{54}$
$6 \lcm{48}$
$5 \lcm{45}$
$9 \lcm{81}$
$8 \lcm{64}$
$8 \lcm{72}$
$8 \lcm{56}$
$9 \lcm{63}$
4)$\lcm{36}$
$10 \lcm{80}$
$10 \lcm{100}$
3. $8 \lcm{480}$
6 $\lcm{540}$
$3 \lcm{150}$
9)450
$8 \lcm{640} 7 \lcm{630}$
9) 810

Tell quotients and remainders:

| 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $7 \lcm{280}$ | $7 \lcm{282}$ | $9 \lcm{360}$ | $9 \lcm{365}$ | $9 \lcm{270}$ | $9 \lcm{545}$ |
| 10. | 11. | 12. | 13. | 14. | 15. |
| $9 \lcm{630}$ | $9 \lcm{810}$ | $9 \lcm{636}$ | $8 \lcm{649}$ | $9 \lcm{369}$ | $8 \lcm{729}$ |
| 16. | 17. | 18. | 19. | 20. | 21. |
| $8 \lcm{567}$ | $9 \lcm{458}$ | $9 \lcm{188}$ | $6 \lcm{545}$ | $9 \lcm{906}$ | $8 \lcm{807}$ |

22. How many 10's are there in 30 ? in 50 ? in 100? in 120 ? in 150 ? in 240 ? in $480 ?$ in 500 ? in 6400 ?
Read all the numbers in this exercise as tens.
23. When a number ends in 0 , how can you find how many times it contains 10 ?
24. Read as tens and units; then divide each number by 10 , giving quotients and remainders:
$34,56,106,128,265,381,576,5760,5762$
25. Which figure, or figures, of a number tells how many times it contains 10 ? Which figure tells the remainder, if any? If there is no remainder what is the units' figure?

Divide by 10 :
26. 75
27. 98
28. 162
29. 107
30. 287
31. 356
32. 400
33. 850
34. 9580
35. 4253

Divide:
36.
$4 \longdiv { 4 0 + 1 2 }$
$4 \lcm{52}$
$4 \longdiv { 4 0 + 2 0 }$
$4 \lcm{60}$
$4 \longdiv { 4 0 + 3 2 }$
$4 \lcm{72}$
37. $5 \longdiv { 5 0 + 1 0 }$
$5 \lcm{60}$
$5 \longdiv { 5 0 + 1 5 }$
5 $\lcm{65}$
$5 \lcm{50+45}$
5 $\lcm{95}$
38. $6 \lcm{60+18}$
$6 \lcm{78}$
$6 \lcm{60+24}$
6) 84
$6 \longdiv { 6 0 + 4 8 }$
6 108

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

132. 133. Divide 98 by 7 .
7) $\lcm{98}$

14

7 is contained in 9 tens, 1 ten tirnes, with a remainder of 2 tens, or 20 . Write 1 in tens' place, under the 9 tens. 7 is contained in $20+8$, or in 28,4 times. Write 4 in units' place, under the 8 units. Read the quotient.

Test. -7 times $14=98$.
2. Divide 45 by 3.
3. Divide 54 by 3 .
4. Divide 64 by 4.
5. Divide 84 by 6 .

Divide and test:
6.
$5 \lcm{70}$
7.
6)$\lcm{96}$
8.

9.
10.
11.
7 $\lcm{105}$
12.
13.
14.
15.
16.
6 $\lcm{198}$
5 $\lcm{125}$
$8 \lcm{120}$
9) $\lcm{108}$
$8 \lcm{200}$
17.
6 $\lcm{216}$
18.
8 $\lcm{272}$
19.
20.
21. Divide 980 by 4.
4) $\lcm{980} 4$ is contained in 9,2 times with a remainder 245 of 1 ; in 18,4 times with a remainder of 2 ; in 20, 5 times. Read the quotient.
Divide and test:
22.
3)$\lcm{747}$
23.
$2 \lcm{576}$
24.
$4 \lcm{932}$
29.
$5 \lcm{1345}$
2) $\lcm{1104}$
$7 \lcm{2359}$

6 $\lcm{1524}$
25.
$8 \lcm{920}$
30.
31.
$5 \lcm{1880}$

Find quotients:
32. $133+7$
33. $282 \div 6$
37. $1074+3$
42. $1620 \div 9$
43. $7839 \div 9$
44. $7848+8$
45. $8010+9$
46. $5816+8$

## ExERCISES

133. 134. If 6 roses cost 30 , how much will 4 roses cost?

Model Solution
6 roses cost $30 \%$.
1 rose will cost $30 \phi+6$, or $5 \%$. 4 roses will cost 4 times $5 \%$, or $20 \%$.
2. If 2 pencils cost 8 cents, luw much will 7 pencils cost?
3. Find the cost of 10 quarts of oil when 4 quarts cost 12 cents.
4. Find the cost of 5 quarts of molasses at 36 cents a gallon; at 28 cents a gallon.
5. The rate of postage on books is $1 \&$ for 4 ounces. How much will it cost to mail a bor*. weighing one pound?
6. Find the cost of 9 pints of milk at 6 cents a quart.
7. If 5 t . hone calls cost 25 cents, how much will 8 calls cost?
8. When 6 peaches cost 12 cents, how much must be paid for 10 peaches?
9. Albert bought 3 egg plants for 27 cents. At that price how much would 8 have cost?
10. A woman bought 10 pineapples for a dollar and sold 3 to a neighbor at cost. How much did she receive for the pineapples she sold?
11. If 5 railroad tickets cost a dollar, how much will 8 such tickets cost?

## Exercises

134. 135. Point to $\frac{1}{3}$ of 12 marks. Now point to $\frac{2}{3}$ of 12 marks.

## ||11 |||| ||||

2. $\frac{3}{3}$ of 12 marks $=$ - times $\frac{1}{3}$ of 12 marks $=$ -
3. Find $\frac{3}{3}$ of 20.

Solution-f of $20=4$; f of $20=2$ times $4=8$.
Find the value of :
4. $\frac{9}{3}$ of 21
5. $\frac{8}{4}$ of 28
7. $\frac{2}{4}$ of 24
10. $\frac{?}{5}$ of 35
8. $\frac{3}{8}$ of 30
11. $\frac{4}{6}$ of 25
12. $\frac{2}{3}$ of 27
13. $\frac{3}{8}$ of 50
14. $\frac{3}{4}$ of 32
6. $\frac{2}{8}$ of 15
9. $\frac{2}{3}$ of 18
15. 委 of 45
16. Find the cost of $\frac{2}{3}$ of a yard of oilcloth at 30 cents a
17. Find the cost of $\frac{3}{4}$ of a pound of meat at 16 cents a pound.
135. 1. If 4 boys divide 1 pie equally, what part of the pie will each receive?

$$
\frac{1}{4} \text { of } 1=- \text { fourth. }
$$

2. If 4 boys have 2 pies to divide equally instead of 1 , how many fourths of a pie will each boy receive?
$\frac{1}{4}$ of 2 pics $=\frac{2}{4}$ of 1 pie.
$\frac{1}{4}$ of $2=-$ fourths of 1 , or - fourths.
3. How does $\frac{1}{4}$ of 3 pies compare with $\frac{1}{4}$ of 1 pie? $\frac{1}{4}$ of $3=-$ fourths.
4. How does $\frac{1}{8}$ of 3 pies compare with $\frac{1}{5}$ of 1 pie?古 of $3=$ fifths. cost?
5. If 4 hats cost $\$ 3$, what part of a dollar does 1 hat
6. Five boys hire a boat for \$2. What part of a dollar should each pay?
7. If 3 girls divide 2 muskmelons equally, what part of a melon will each receive?
8. If 3 girls divide 4 melons equally, each girl will receive 1 melon and _- of a melon more.
$\frac{1}{3}$ of 4 melons $=1$ melon $+\frac{1}{3}$ melon $=1 \frac{1}{3}$ melons.

## EXERCISES

1. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 5 apples $=1$ apple $+\quad$ apple $=-$ apples.
2. $\frac{1}{5}$ of $\$ 6=\$ 1+\$ \frac{1}{5} \quad=\$ 1 \frac{1}{5} ; \quad \$ 6+5=\$ 1 \frac{1}{6}$.
3. $\frac{1}{5}$ of $\$ 7=\$ 1+\$==\$$ $\qquad$ ; $\$ 7+5=$
4. $\frac{1}{\delta}$ of $\$ 8=\$ 1+\$ \square=\$$ $\qquad$ ; $\$ 8+5=$
5. $\frac{1}{\delta}$ of $\$ 12=\$ 2+\$==\$$ $\qquad$ : $\$ 12+5=$ Find:
6. $\frac{1}{4}$ of $\$ 7$
7. $\frac{1}{4}$ of $\$ 9$
8. $\$ 15+2$
9. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 23 ft .
10. $\frac{1}{2}$ of $\$ 11$
11. $\$ 11+5$
12. $\frac{1}{4}$ of $\$ 33$
13. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 19 qt .
14. $\frac{1}{3}$ of $\$ 10$
15. $\frac{1}{3}$ of $\$ 16$
16. 13 hr. +3
17. 16 min. +5

Answer quickly:
18. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 14
22. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 25
19. $\frac{1}{5}$ of 28
23. $\frac{1}{5}$ of 49
20. $\frac{7}{4}$ of 33
24. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 28
21. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 19 FLRET PROG. AR, -10
26. $21+2$
30. $25+6$
27. $20+3$
31. $30 \div 7$
28. $15+4$
32. $19+8$
29. $32+5$
33. $38+9$

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

136. Divide:

| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | $s$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2 \lcm{575}$ | 3)473 | $4 \lcm{839}$ | 5)643 | 8) 1007 |
| $287 \frac{1}{2}$ | 157 ? | 2093 | 1288 | 8) $125 \frac{7}{8}$ |
| 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. |
| $2 \lcm{347}$ | $2 \lcm{1451}$ | $3 \lcm{419}$ | 4)751 | 4)5263 |
| 11. | 12. | 13. | 14. | 13. |
| 5 $\lcm{867}$ | $5 \lcm{3744}$ | 6) 493 | $6 \lcm{8507}$ | 7)9936 |
| 16. | 17. | 18. | 19. |  |
| 6 $\lcm{9041}$ | $8 \lcm{755}$ | $7 \longdiv { 5 8 3 3 }$ | $8 \lcm{6663}$ | 9) 1000 |
| 22. | 22. | 23. | 24. | 25. |
| $8 \longdiv { 2 0 0 5 }$ | 10 $\lcm{4371}$ | $9 \lcm{5665}$ | $10 \lcm{8433}$ | 9) 6847 |
|  |  | exercises |  |  |

137. 138. How many valentines can be bought for 15 cents at 2 valentines for 5 cents?

## Model Solution

2 valentines cost $5 申$. $15 \%=3$ times $5 \%$. 154 will buy 3 times 2 valentines, or 6 valentines.
2. When 4 jelly glasses cogt 10 , how many can be bought for $20 \notin$ ? How much will a dozen cost?
3. Mabel expended 25 cents for peaches at 0 for 5 cents. How many peaches did she buy?
4. If a boy can read 2 pages of a book in 3 minutes, how many pages can he read in half an hour?
s. At the store Eva saw piles of oranges marked thus:

She had 40 cents. How many oranges of the first kind could she buy? of cach of the other kinds?
6. Find the cost of a dozen oranges of each kind.

## REVIEW

## cxercises

188. 189. Count by 6 's from 1 to 49 and back again; from 3 to 57 and back; from 5 to 65 and back.
1. Count by 7's from 2 to 58 and back again; from 4 to 67 and back; from 6 to 76 and back.
2. Count by 8 's from 3 to 59 and back again; from 5 to 77 and back ; from 7 to 87 and back.
3. Count by 9 's from 4 to 76 and back again; from 6 to 87 and back ; from 8 to 98 and back.

Find results rapidly:
5. $3+4-2+5+7-3+4+2-7-6+9+0-5$
6. $9+8-0+4-6+2-8+5+6-5+3+9-6-4$
7. 150
410
$4 \lcm{280}$
6) 300
999
2000
$\begin{array}{r}-60 \quad \times 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$
$+1$
$-100$
3. Read: $101,110,1010,4005,0099,8056$.
2. How many pans costing 0 cents each can be bought for 50 cents, and how many cents will be left?
20. A street ear conductor exchanged a dollar bill for 5 -cent coins. How many 5 -eent coins did he receive?
21. If a boat sails 10 miles an hour, how long will it take to sail 120 iniles?

How far will it sail in 24 hours?
12. How many yards are there in: 96 feet?
13. A inan had $\$ 650$ in the bank and drew out $\$ 240$. How inuch money had he left in the bank?
14. How many hours is it from 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.?
15. A pudding put into the oven at $10: 30 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. is to bake 40 minutes. At what time will it be done?

## Written exircises

139. 140. Write in words: $1001,2005,4056,8$.
1. Add: seven hundred twenty, sixty-nine, four thousand eight hundred seven, ninety-six.
2. Divide two thousand forty-five by five.
3. Find 6 times 857 , then 4 times 857 . Add the produets. The answer should be - times 857 .
4. How much less than $\$ 1000$ is $\$ 825$ ?

Multiply :
6. 485 by 3
i. 766 by 8

Multiply:
Divide:
9. 307 by 9
12. 1208 by 4
10. 448 by 7
12. 519 by 10
13. 3699 hy 9
24. 7280 by 8

Add:
18. $2504+833+275+688$
16. $4820+725+187+853$
17. $408+1269+672+6220$
18. $198+1827+222+1889$

Find the value of :
23. of 1000
24. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1860
29. If a boy goes 2 feet at every step, how far will he go in 20 steps? in 100 steps?
30. How long will it take an automobile to run 168 miles at the rate of 8 miles an hour?
32. Edward stood halfway between two street lights that were 330 feet apart. How far was he from each?
32. A baker made 90 pies. If $\frac{1}{4}$ of them were lemon pies, how many lemon pies did he make?
33. If a eow gives 8 quarts of milk twice a day, how much milk does she give in a week?
34. If 1 lb . of checse can be made from 10 lb . of milk, how much cheese can be made from 1280 lt . of milk?
35. How many ounces are there in 8 pounds?
36. Find the volume of a briek 8 inehes long, 4 inches wide, and 2 inches thick.
37. If it costs 15 cents to telephone 3 minutes from Vancouver to Steveston, how much will it cost a man who speaks 15 minutes?

## vxerciazs

140. Make and sotve ms many problems as you can about the following:
141. Paul has 00 inarbles, George 10 marbles.
142. Marbles cost $1 /$ for $6,1 \neq$ for $3,2 \&$ for $6,3 f$ for 5 , $1 /$ each, $2 /$ each. Use prices in your city.
143. A wild rose has 5 petats.
144. A spider has 8 legs; a tree, 6 legn; a home, 4 legs.
145. A cat has 5 toes on each fore paw and 4 toes on each hind paw.

The following are prices at a fruit stand:
6. Dates, 8 \& $n$ pound.
7. Figs, $20 \%$ a pound.
B. Bananas, 2 for 3 f.
9. Oranges, 2 for 5 f, 3 for $10 \%$.
10. Nuts, $16 \rho$ a pound.
11. Iemons, $2 \&$ each.
12. Grapes, $15 /$ a pount.


Here are some prices at a stationer's store:
13. Pencits, $1 \&, 2 \&, 3 \&, 5 \not f$ each ; $10 \&$ a doz. $25 \&$ a doz.
14. Pens, 6 for $5 \%$.
15. Books, from 25 to $\$ 1$ each.
16. Blotters, 8 for 5 f.
17. Ink, $5 \frac{1}{x}$ a bottlc, small size ; $2 \overline{4}$ a bottle, large size.

## Canadian money

141. 142. Write, using the sign 8: eight dollars; eleven dollars; twenty-five dollars; one hundred five dollars; six hundrod forty-eight ciollars.
a. One dollar thirty-eiglit cents is written in this way: \$1.38.

The period that is used to separate the dullars from the ecints is called the decimal point.

Read

| $\$ 3.25$ | $\$ 7.42$ | $\$ 18.69$ | $\$ 145.75$ | $\$ 168.94$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 9.81$ | $\$ 5.36$ | $\$ 48.20$ | $\$ 201.47$ | $\$ 500.60$ |

Write: two dollans forty-five cents; twelve dollans forty cents; ten dollars eleven cents; one hundred twenty dollars seventy-two eents; five hundred thirty dollars sixty-one cents.
3. Eighty-five cents is written in this way: $\mathbf{\$ . 8 5}$.

When there are no dollars the sign $\$$ is written, then the deeimal point, and nfter that the number of cents.

Sometimes 0 is written just before the decimal point in this way: $\$ 0.85$.

Read

| $\$ .75$ | $\$ 0.24$ | $\$ .50$ | $\$ 0.72$ | $\$ .44$ | $\$ .13$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ .86$ | $\$ 0.99$ | $\$ .25$ | $\$ 0.94$ | $\$ .60$ | $\$ .49$ |

Write the following in two ways, using the sign \$:
Ten cents. Sixty-four eents. Thirty-six cents.
Forty cents. Thinty-tinu cents. Ninety-five cents.
Eleven cents. Eighty-one cents. Seventy-nine cents.
4. Three dollars nine cents is written in this way: $\$ 3.09$. When the number of cents is less than 10 , the figura 0 is written in the first place after the decimal point.

Read: $\$ 1.05$; $\$ .03$; $\$ .09$; $\$ 0.08$; $\$ 8.06$; $\$ 25.04$; \$840.07; \$264.00; \$326.01.
Write: two dollars five cents; cight cents; five hundred dollars six cents; eight hundred twenty-five dollars; sixtythrce dollars seven cents.

## EXERCISES

142. 143. Read the following:

| $\$ 8.08$ | $\$ .70$ | $\$ 80.60$ | $\$ 139.79$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 0.62$ | $\$ .15$ | $\$ 49.25$ | $\$ 375.00$ |
| $\$ 3.02$ | $\$ .06$ | $\$ 93.38$ | $\$ 608.04$ |

2. Write in columns so that decimal points shall stand in a column:

Thirteen cents.
Twenty-four dollars.
Eight dollars four cents.
Fifty dollars one cent.
Sizty dollars ten cents.
Fifty-six dollars two cents.
Thirty-eight dollars sixty-nine cents. Seventy-seven dollars twenty-three cents. One hundred seventy-five dollars fifty cents. Four hundred twelve dollars five cents. Seven hundred eighty dollars eighteen cents. Nine hundred ninety-nine dollars ninety-nine cents.

## ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION

## Expecises

## 143. Add quickly:

1. $\$ 25$

34
$\$ 37$
$\$ 42$
$\$ 23 \quad \$ 64$
$\$ 56$

Subtract:
2. $68 \%$
75
$24 \not \subset$
42申
$89 \%$
$53 \%$
76

| $88 \%$ |
| :--- |
| $35 \%$ |

$94 \%$

Give answers at sight:
3.

| $35 \phi$ | $\$ .35$ | $69 \phi$ | $\$ .69$ | $\$ .33$ | $\$ .84$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $+13 \%$ | +.13 | $-25 \phi$ | -.25 | +.54 | -.31 |

4. $100 \%$
$\$ 1.00$

$$
+40 \%
$$

156
$\$ 1.56$

$$
\begin{array}{rr}
\$ 2.34 & \$ 3.86 \\
+.25 & -.62 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

| 5. |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 2.20$ | $\$ 4.68$ | $\$ 5.37$ | $\$ 5.96$ | $\$ 3.75$ | $\$ 6.23$ |
| +.65 | -.32 | +.22 | -.43 | -.52 | +.66 |

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

144. 145. Find the sum of $\$ 39.82, \$ 7.31, \$ .49$, and $\$ 18.08$. $\$ 39.82$
7.31
.49
$\frac{18.08}{\$ 65.70}$
Arrange the numbers so that the decimal points shall stand in the same column.

Add as you have added other numbers.
Put the decimal point in the sum under the other decimal points. Read the cum.

Copy, add, and test:

| 2. $\$ 22.68$ | 3. $\$ 16.83$ | 4. $\$ 46.32$ | 3. $\$ 28.75$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 15.96 | 45.67 | 19.87 | 6.42 |
| 32.11 | 9.84 | 20.78 | .53 |
| 19.84 |  | 20.45 | $\underline{14.85}$ |
| $\$ 16.46$ | 7. $\$ 27.34$ | 8. $\$ 35.44$ | 9. $\$ 17.45$ |
| 2.39 | .05 | 10.10 | 12.99 |
| 8.47 | 41.20 | .16 | 58.80 |
| 9.26 | 13.98 | 46.89 | 18.34 |

Subtraet, putting the decimal point in the remainder under the other decimal points:
10. $\$ 4.09$
$\underline{2.75}$
14. $\$ 9.13$
5.64
18. $\$ 7.36$
.98
22. $\$ 6.24$
4.85
26. $\$ 9.00$
8.46
11. $\$ 18.72$
9.38
15. $\$ 54.00$
.75
19. $\$ 80.00$
14.37
23. $\$ 74.84$
6.95
27. $\$ 40.41$
9.66
12. $\$ 83.04$
24.96
16. $\$ 67.18$
39.28
20. $\$ 91.07$
45.45
24. $\begin{array}{r}\$ 85.05 \\ 56.31\end{array}$
28. $\$ 90.06$
38.39
13. $\$ 60.35$
39.76
77. $\$ 94.62$
8.94
21. $\$ 58.27$.
.85
25. $\$ 77.77$
8.88
29. $\$ 96.03$
73.05
30. How much more is $\$ 87.24$ than $\$ 28.56$ ?
31. Find the difference between $\$ 36.03$ and $\$ 9.45$.

These examples have been added and tested in less than 8 minutes. Practice until you can do as well or better.

48. What is the sum of $\$ 27.94, \$ 6.81, \$ 45.30$, and $\$ 18.00$ ?
49. Find the sum of $\$ 9.34, \$ .69, \$ 34.15, \$ 8.75$, and $\$ 47.07$.

## WRITTEN EXTRCISES

145. The following table shows how much money the children in the third grade of a certain school deposited in their school savings bank from January to June, and how unuch they drew from the bank each month.

| Jan. . . . . | 4 class |  | B class |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dkrourted | Withdawn | Dkroutrad | Wtrudawn |
|  | \$1.36 | \$0.18 | \$1.41. | \$0.37 |
| Mar. | 1.35 | . 42 | 1.19 | . 15 |
| Apr. . | 1.56 | - . 28 | 1.48 | . 39 |
| May . | 2.25 | . 50 | 1.62 | . 25 |
| June. . . . | 1.75 | 1.19 | 1.96 | . 37 |
| June. - . .ll | 1.73 | 1.05 | 2.10 | .37 1.15 |

1. During January how much more did the A class deposit than they withdrew, or how much did they save?
2. Did the $B$ class save more or less than the $A$ class during January, and how much more or less?
3. How much more did the A class deposit during February than the B class?
4. Which class saved the greater amount of money d iding February, and how much greater?
5. Compare the savings of the two classes during March; during April; during May; during June.
6. At the end of January, how much money was there in the bank belonging to each class? t" both classes?
7. Which class had the greater amount of money in the bank at the end of June, and how much greater?

## FRACTIONS

146. 147. Into how many equal parts is this oblong divided? What is each part calied?

How many fourths are shaded? how many halves?
How many fourths are there in $\frac{1}{2}$ of the oblong? To how many fourths is $\frac{1}{2}$ equal?
2. Into how many equal parts is this oblong divided? What is each part called?

How many sixths are shaded? how many halves?
How many sixths are there in $\frac{1}{2}$ of the oblong?
To how many sixths is $\frac{1}{2}$ equal?

3. How many sixths of this oblong are shaded? how many thirds?

How many sixths are there in $\frac{1}{3}$ of the oblong?
To how many sixths is $\frac{1}{3}$ equal?

4. How many sixths of the oblong are light? how many thirds?

How many sixths are there in $\frac{2}{3}$ of the oblong?
To how many sixths is $\frac{2}{3}$ equal?
5. One or more of the equal parts of anything is called a fraction. Name some fractions.

## EXERCISES

Draw lines or oblongs and divide them to show that:

1. $\frac{1}{2}=\frac{2}{4}$
2. $\frac{3}{6}=\frac{1}{2}$
3. $\frac{1}{3}=\frac{2}{6}$
4. $\frac{4}{6}=\frac{2}{3}$
5. $\frac{1}{2}=\frac{3}{6}$
6. $\frac{2}{4}=\frac{1}{2}$
7. $\frac{2}{6}=\frac{1}{3}$
8. $\frac{2}{3}=\frac{4}{6}$

## 147. Adding and subtracting halves.

1. How many halves are 1 half and 1 half? how many ones? How many halves are 2 halves +1 half? how many ones and how many halves over?
 $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}=? \quad \frac{2}{2}+\frac{1}{2}=? \quad 1+\frac{1}{2}=?$

$$
\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}=?
$$

2. How many halves are there in 1 ? How many halves are 2 halves less 1 half? $\frac{2}{2}-\frac{1}{2}$ ? $1-\frac{1}{2}$ ?

How many halves are $\frac{s}{2}-\frac{1}{2}$ ? how many ones? How many are $1 \frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2} ? \quad 2-\frac{1}{2} ? \quad 2 \frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2}$ ?

## Exercises

148. Give answers:
149. $\$ \frac{1}{2}+\$ \frac{1}{2}$
150. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{OZ} .+\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{oz}$.
151. $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{qt} .+\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{qt} .+\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{qt}$.
152. $2 \mathrm{ft} .-\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
153. $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb} .+2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}$.
154. $3 \mathrm{pt} .-\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{pt} . ~-\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{pt}$.
155. $3 \frac{1}{2}$
156. $1 \frac{1}{2}$
$+2$
157. $6 \frac{1}{2}$
158. $4 \frac{1}{2}$
$-2 \frac{1}{2}$
$+3 \frac{1}{2}$
159. 5
$-\frac{1}{2}$
160. $4 \frac{1}{2}$
$-1 \frac{1}{2}$
161. $7 \frac{1}{2}$
$+\frac{1}{2}$
$+2 \frac{1}{2}$
162. $8 \frac{1}{2}$
163. 3
$+2 \frac{1}{2}$
164. $9 \frac{1}{2}$
$-6 \frac{1}{2}$
165. Find the sum of $2 \frac{1}{2}$ gal., $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., and $5 \frac{1}{2}$ gal.
166. Edna bought 6 yards of ribbon and used $3 \frac{1}{2}$ yards of it for her dress. How many yards did she have left?
167. If it takes $2 \frac{1}{2}$ yards of cloth for a jacket and $6 \frac{1}{2}$ yards for a skirt, how many yards are needed for both?

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

149. Find the sum and the difference:
150. $48 \frac{1}{2}$
151. 39
152. $28 \frac{1}{2}$
153. $62 \frac{1}{2}$
154. 30
$22 \frac{1}{2}$
$24 \frac{1}{2}$
$\xrightarrow{9 \frac{1}{2}}$
37
$14 \frac{1}{2}$
155. $72 \frac{1}{2}$
156. $61 \frac{1}{2}$
157. 51
$42 \frac{1}{2}$
25 $\frac{1}{2}$
158. $44 \frac{1}{2}$
159. 82
$31 \frac{1}{2}$

Find answers:
11. $64-20 \frac{1}{2}$
13. $20-14 \frac{1}{2}$
15. $46 \frac{1}{2}+28-36 \frac{1}{2}$
12. $43 \frac{1}{2}-25 \frac{1}{2}$
14. $67-46 \frac{1}{2}$
16. $31 \frac{1}{2}+24 \frac{1}{2}+9 \frac{1}{2}$
17. What is the perimeter of a room that is $20 \frac{1}{2}$ feet long and 17 feet wide?
18. From a piece of dress goods $40 \frac{1}{2}$ yards long a mer chant sold $14 \frac{1}{2}$ yards. How many yards were left?

## 150. Adding and subtracting thirds.

1. How many thirds are $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}$, and $\frac{1}{3}$ ? how many ones? How many thirds are $\frac{3}{3}$ and $\frac{2}{3}$ ? how many ones and how many thirds over?
 $\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{3}=? \quad \frac{\frac{3}{3}}{3}+\frac{2}{3}=? \quad 1+\frac{2}{3}=? \quad \frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{3}=?$
2. How many thirds are there in 1 ? How many thirds are $\frac{3}{3}-\frac{1}{3} ? ~ 1-\frac{1}{3}$ ? $\frac{3}{3}-\frac{0}{3}$ ? $1-\frac{2}{3}$ ?

How many thirds are $\frac{5}{3}-\frac{2}{3}$ ? how many ones?
How many are $1 \frac{2}{3}-\frac{2}{3} ? \quad 1 \frac{2}{3}-\frac{1}{3} ? \quad 1 \frac{2}{3}-1$ ?

## ExRCI 8

151．Add and subtract：
1． $1 \frac{1}{3}$
2． 3
3． $2 \frac{2}{3}$
4． $0 \frac{0}{3}$
6． $4 \frac{1}{3}$
直
2学
11
$4{ }^{n}$
$\underline{2}$

Add：
6． 3

| $1 \frac{2}{8}$ |
| :--- |
| 4 |

7． $2 \frac{1}{3}$ 11
31
8． $4 \frac{1}{3}$
3
2等
9.
$\begin{array}{r}5 \frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} \\ 3 \frac{1}{3} \\ \hline\end{array}$
10． $3 \frac{2}{4}$
2 2
$1 \frac{1}{3}$

34．From $7 \frac{2}{3}$ dozen subtract $3 \frac{1}{3}$ dozen．
12．How many years are $3 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{3}}$ yr．， $2 \frac{2}{3}$ yr．，and $1 \frac{1}{3}$ yr．？

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

152．Add and s：ibtract：
1． $27 \frac{2}{3}$
2． $46 \frac{3}{3}$
14
311
3． 78
191
4． $51 \frac{1}{3}$
26直
s． $47 \frac{2}{3}$
39？
Add：
6． 25
7． $37 \frac{1}{3}$
$23 \frac{1}{3}$
13
8． $35 \frac{2}{3}$
$18 \frac{1}{3}$
9． $\begin{array}{r}42 \frac{2}{3} \\ 15 \frac{1}{3} \\ 18 \frac{2}{3} \\ \hline\end{array}$
10． $25 \frac{2}{3}$
$22 \frac{2}{3}$
412

Find the value of ：
11． $23+18 \frac{2}{3}+35 \frac{1}{3}$
14． $79-24 \frac{1}{3}+16 \frac{2}{3}$
13． $97-38 \frac{1}{3}-43 \frac{1}{3}+12 \frac{1}{3}$
14． $36 \frac{2}{3}+14 \frac{1}{3}-27 \frac{1}{3}-18$

## 168. Adding and subtracting fourths.

1. How many fourths are $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{k}, \frac{k}{4}$, and $\frac{1}{4}$ ? how many ones?

How many fourths are $\frac{4}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ ? how many ones and how many fourths
 over?

$$
\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{4}=? \quad \frac{4}{4}+\frac{1}{4}=? \quad 1+\frac{1}{4}=? \quad \frac{3}{4}+\frac{1}{4}=?
$$

2. How many fourths are there in 1? How many fourths are $\frac{4}{4}-\frac{1}{4} ? 1-\frac{1}{4} ? \quad \frac{4}{4}-\frac{3}{4} ? \quad 1-\frac{3}{4} ?$

How many fourths are $\frac{5}{4}-\frac{1}{4}$ ? how many ones?

$$
1 \frac{1}{4}-\frac{1}{4}=? \quad 2 \frac{1}{4}-\frac{1}{4}=? \quad 1 \frac{1}{4}-1=? \quad 2 \frac{1}{4}-2=?
$$

3. How many fourths are $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ ? how many ones and how many fourths over?

How many halves are $\frac{?}{?}$ ?
Then $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ are how many ones
 and how many halves over?

In answers, for $\frac{2}{4}$ we should always write $\frac{1}{2}$.

## ExERCISES

154. Find the value of:
155. $\frac{1}{4}+\frac{3}{4}$
156. $\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{4}$
157. $\frac{3}{4}-\frac{1}{4}$
158. $1 \frac{3}{4}-\frac{3}{4}$
159. $\$ \frac{3}{4}+8 \frac{1}{4}+\$ \frac{1}{4}+8 \frac{1}{4}$
160. $\$ 1-\$ t-\$ t-\$ 1$

Add and subtract:
7. $5 \frac{3}{4}$
8. $6 \frac{9}{4}$
9. 8
10. 48
22. 6
24
24
fibat paog. Ar. -11
22. What is the sum of $\$ 3\}, \$ 4 \frac{3}{8}$, and $\left.\$ 1\right\}$ ?
23. How much more is $3 \frac{4}{4}$ pounds than $1 \frac{1}{4}$ pounds?
14. Mrs. James bought 5 gallons of coal oil and at the end of a week there were $2 \frac{1}{2}$ gallons left. How many gallons had she used?

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

185. Add and subtract:
186. $24 t$
187. $63!$
16
254
188. 593
189. 35
190. 61
323
194
$33 \frac{3}{4}$

Add:
6. $13 \frac{1}{1}$ 24 161
7. 528
8. 254

38 ?
$17 \frac{1}{4}$
9. 128
44
369
10. 233
$32 \frac{3}{4}$
413
156. Adding and subtracting sixths.

1. How many sixths are there in 1 ? How many sixths are $\frac{6}{6}+\frac{1}{6}$ ? how many ones and how many sixths over?

How many are $1+\frac{1}{6} ? \quad 2+\frac{1}{6} ? 2 \frac{1}{6}+2$ ?


2. Find $\frac{6}{6}-\frac{1}{8} ; 1-\frac{1}{6} ; \frac{6}{6}-\frac{5}{8} ; 1-\frac{6}{6}$.

How many are $1 \frac{1}{6}-\frac{1}{6}$ ? $2 \frac{1}{6}-\frac{1}{6}$ ? $1 \frac{1}{6}-1$ ? $2 \frac{1}{6}-2$ ?
3. How many sixths are $\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{6}$ ? how many thirds?

How many sixths are $\frac{1}{8}+\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{6}$ ? how many halves?
How many sixths are $\frac{5}{6}-\frac{1}{6}$ ? how many thirds?
In answers we should write $\frac{1}{8}$ instead of $\frac{8}{6}$ : $\frac{1}{2}$ instead of $\frac{5}{8}$, and $\frac{5}{3}$ instead of $\frac{4}{6}$.

## FIRST BOOK <br> WhtTren Exarciezs

187. Add and subtract:
188. 45
189. 78
190. $\begin{array}{r}57 \% \\ 23 t\end{array}$
191. 388
s. 438
121
148
23t
21卉
325

Add:
6. $13 t$

14
13
7. 250

อ. $38 t$
9
$14 \frac{1}{6}$
$\begin{array}{r}326 \\ 6 \frac{1}{6} \\ \hline\end{array}$
9. 308
10. 16
$12 \frac{1}{6}$
78
508
158. Adding and subtracting halves and fourths.

1. We wish to add $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$. Can we do so without ehanging cither fraction?

To how many fourths is $\frac{1}{2}$ equal? How many fourths, then, are and $\frac{3}{4}$ ? how many ones and how many fourths over?


Then what is the sum of $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ ?
2. Can you find $\frac{8}{4}-\frac{1}{2}$ without ehanging either fraction? Which fraction should be changed? To whate equal fraction should it be changed?

Then what is the value of $\frac{3}{4}-\frac{2}{4}$ or of $\frac{3}{4}-\frac{1}{2}$ ?
159. Find the value of:

1. $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{4}$
2. $\frac{8}{4}+2 \frac{1}{2}$
E. $\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{6}$
3. $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{6}$
4. $1 \frac{3}{4}-\frac{1}{3}$
5. $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{4}-\frac{1}{4}$

Add and subtract:
7. 21
-. 7
11
14
-. $\begin{array}{r}3 t \\ 3 t \\ \hline\end{array}$
10. $\begin{array}{r}61 \\ 2 \\ \hline\end{array}$
11. 8 $\begin{array}{r}4 \\ 4\end{array}$
12. Find the perimeter of an oblong rug 3 3 feet long and 24 feet wide.
23. Edna had $1 \frac{\mathrm{q}}{\mathrm{q}}$. of lemonade. When $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{qt}$. of it was used, how much was left?
14. Ralph has earned $\$ 2 \frac{\$}{3}$, and his brother $\$ 1 \frac{1}{2}$. How much have both boys earned?
25. From a pound of sugar, $\ddagger$ lb. was used for coffee and $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}$. for a pudding. What part of a pound was left?

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

160. Find the missing numbers:
161. $25 \frac{1}{2}$

- 

$\overline{124}$
2. 424
3. 583
-
$\overline{37 t}$
4. 587
$\overline{22 \frac{1}{2}}$
5. 613
-
48 亲

Add:
6. $41 \frac{1}{2}$
7. 234
8. 324
154
$45 \frac{1}{2}$
24
35 晏
9. $59 \frac{1}{2}$
$\begin{array}{r}83 \\ 27 \frac{3}{4} \\ \hline\end{array}$
10. $17 \frac{1}{2}$
281
$16 \frac{1}{2}$

30 | $36 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| :--- |
| $44 \frac{1}{2}$ |

Find answers:
12. $14 \frac{1}{2}+181+20 \frac{3}{4}$
12. $85 \frac{3}{4}-28 \frac{1}{2}+133$
13. $44 \frac{1}{4}+39 \frac{1}{2}-81-214$
14. $76-14 \frac{4}{4}-30 \frac{1}{2}+10 \frac{3}{4}$

## 161. Halvee and olxthe, thirds and olxthe.

1. Which of the fractions or $\frac{1}{}$ must be changed before we can add them?

To how many sixths is $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ equal?
How many sixths are $+\frac{f}{8}$ ? how many ones and how many sixths over? how many thirds over?

Then what is the sumn of $\frac{8}{8}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ ?
2. How many sixths are $-\frac{8}{8}$ ? how many thirds

Then what is the difference between of and $\frac{1}{2}$ ?
3. How inany sixths are there in $\frac{1}{3}$ ? in $\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{6}$ ? How many halves are $\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{6}$ ?
4. How many bixths are there in $\frac{f}{j}-\frac{f}{f}$ ?



## Exirctses

162. Find the value of:
163. $\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{2}$
164. $\frac{8}{8}-\frac{1}{3}$
B. $3+1 \frac{1}{3}-2 \frac{1}{6}$
165. $\frac{2}{3}-\frac{1}{6}$
166. $\frac{8}{4}+\frac{3}{3}$
167. $4 \frac{5}{6}-2 \frac{1}{2}+5$

Add:
7. $\begin{array}{r}3 \frac{1}{3} \\ 4 \frac{5}{6} \\ \hline\end{array}$
8. $6 \frac{1}{3}$
9. $4 \frac{1}{8}$
10. $5 \frac{1}{3}$
11. $3 \frac{2}{3}$
21
5
$1 \frac{1}{6}$
$2 \frac{8}{6}$

Find the missing numbers:
12. $8 \frac{1}{2}$
$\overline{-\overline{36}}$
13. 41
14. 21
$+\overline{68}$
16. $9 \frac{08}{6}$
18. $\begin{array}{r}7 \frac{8}{6} \\ -\overline{4 \frac{2}{3}}\end{array}$
27. Mabel picked $4 \frac{1}{3}$ dozen violets and $1 \frac{4}{6}$ dozen tulipa. How many dozen flowers did she pick?
18. From a bunch of bananas containing $8 \frac{8}{6}$ dozen a dealer sold $2 \frac{1}{2}$ dozen. How many dozen had he left?

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

163. Add and subtract:
164. $42 \frac{5}{6}$
165. $36 \frac{1}{2}$
166. $\begin{array}{r}52 \frac{3}{8} \\ 34 \\ \hline\end{array}$
167. $63 \frac{1}{3}$
168. $38 \frac{?}{3}$
$28 \frac{1}{2}$
$14 \frac{1}{6}$
$34 \frac{1}{8}$
$25 \frac{1}{6}$
$19 \frac{1}{6}$

Add:
6. $14 \frac{1}{2}$
7. $31 \frac{5}{6}$
$25 \frac{1}{6}$
$46 \frac{1}{2}$
$9 \frac{1}{3}$
$24 \frac{1}{6}$
8. $48 \frac{2}{3}$
$6 \frac{1}{6}$
$37 \frac{1}{3}$
9. $\begin{array}{r}27 \frac{1}{3} \\ 12 \frac{1}{6} \\ 42 \frac{1}{6} \\ \hline\end{array}$
10. $\begin{array}{r}64 \frac{1}{6} \\ 5 \frac{1}{2} \\ 13 \frac{5}{6} \\ \hline\end{array}$

Find answers:
11. $12 \frac{1}{3}+25 \frac{5}{6}+8 \frac{2}{3}$
12. $75-13 \frac{1}{6}-24 \frac{2}{3}$
13. $4 \frac{5}{6}+29 \frac{1}{2}-14 \frac{1}{6}$
14. $88 \frac{2}{3}-17 \frac{1}{6}+8 \frac{1}{3}$
15. Anna has a flower bed in the shape of a triangle, the sides being $22 \frac{1}{3}$ feet, $19 \frac{5}{6}$ feet, and $21 \frac{2}{3}$ feet long. How far is it around the bed?
16. Homer threw a baseball $40 \frac{2}{3}$ yards, and Alfred $38 \frac{1}{6}$ yards. How much farther did Homer throw it than Alfred?
17. Louise is $28 \frac{1}{2}$ years younger than her mother. How old is her mother, if Louise is $9 \frac{1}{6}$ years old?

How old will Louise be in $23 \frac{2}{3}$ years?

## 164. Pinding parts of numbers.

1. How many are $\frac{1}{3}$ of $6 ? \frac{2}{3}$ of 6 ? $\frac{3}{3}$ of 6 ?
2. Find $\frac{1}{4}$ of 12 ; of 12 ; $\frac{3}{4}$ of 12 ; $\frac{4}{4}$ of 12 .
3. How many are fo of $20 ? \frac{2}{8}$ of 20 ? $\frac{3}{8}$ of $20 ? \frac{8}{5}$ of 20? 5 of 20 ?
4. Find $\frac{1}{8}$ of 30 ; $\frac{2}{6}$ of 30 ; $\frac{3}{8}$ of 30 ; 垂 of 30 ; $\frac{5}{8}$ of 30 ; $\frac{6}{6}$ of 30 .

## EXERCISES

165. 166. Find $\frac{5}{6}$ of 42.

$$
\frac{1}{8} \text { of } 42=7 ; \frac{8}{8} \text { of } 42=5 \text { times } 7=35 .
$$

Find:
2. $\frac{2}{3}$ of 15
6. $\frac{4}{5}$ of 20
10. $\frac{5}{8}$ of 48
14. $\frac{3}{8}$ of 40
3. $\frac{3}{4}$ of 40
7. $\frac{5}{8}$ of 36
11. $\frac{3}{8}$ of 25
15. $\frac{3}{4}$ of 32
4. $\frac{2}{8}$ of 45
8. $\frac{2}{3}$ of 18
12. $\frac{3}{4}$ of 24
16. $\frac{6}{5}$ of 50
3. 矢 of 27
9. $\frac{2}{5}$ of 40
13. $\frac{2}{5}$ of 45
17. $\frac{5}{8}$ of 54
18. Find the weight of $\frac{4}{8}$ of a 30 -pound checse.
19. Find the cost of $\frac{2}{3}$ of a dozen eggs at 21 cents a dozen.
20. How much will $\frac{3}{4}$ of a poind of coffee cost at 36 cents a pound?
22. George paid 35 cents for a ball and $\frac{2}{5}$ as much for a bat. How much did the bat cost?
22. If it takes William $\frac{5}{6}$ of an hour to walk to school, how many minutes is he on the way?

## WRITTYN EXERCISES

## 166. 1. Find $\frac{3}{4}$ of 572.

4 $\lcm{572}$
143
$\frac{3}{429} \quad$ of $572=143$; $\frac{3}{*}$ of $572-3$ times $143=429$.
Find:
2. $\frac{2}{3}$ of 168
6. $\frac{8}{6}$ of 720
3. $\frac{2}{5}$ of 145
7. $\frac{s}{8}$ of 455
4. $\frac{3}{4}$ of 224
8. $\frac{2}{3}$ of 516
5. $\frac{6}{6}$ of 250
9. $\frac{3}{4}$ of 896
1c. $\frac{2}{3}$ of 762
11. $\frac{3}{4}$ of 624
12. $\frac{3}{5}$ of 845
13. $\frac{8}{6}$ of 936
14. George can run $\frac{4}{8}$ as fast as Edward. How far can George run while Edward is running 55 yards?
15. A park contained 63 elm trees and $\frac{2}{3}$ as many maple trees. How many niaple trees did it contain? 16. Henry has 350 stamps, and Frank has $\frac{3}{5}$ as many. How many stamps has Frank?
17. Helen counted 225 roses in the garden, and $\frac{2}{5}$ of them were white. How many white roses were there?
18. Stephen's kite string is 120 yards long, and Arthur's is $\frac{5}{6}$ as long. How long is Arthur's kite string?
19. Our snowball bush bore 90 snowballs this year. We gave away $\frac{3}{6}$ of them. How many did we give away?
20. Mr. Avery's salary is $\$ 984$ a year, and his expenses are $\frac{3}{4}$ as much. How mueh are his expenses a year?

## MULTIPLICATION

## Exercises

167. Multiply at sight:
168. 72
3
840
71
410
81
622
169. 61
6
711
906
4
843
709
823
170. 85
475
94
10
10
386
80
792
10
10
10
10
10
171. If 2 hats cost $\$ 3$, how much will 20 hats cost at the same price?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 20 \text { hats are }- \text { times } 2 \text { hats. } \\
& 20 \text { hats will cost }- \text { times } \$ 3 \text {, or }
\end{aligned}
$$

5. How long will it take a boy to work 42 problems at the rate of 6 problems in 5 minutes?
6. If a woman can make 4 buttonholes in 10 minutes, how long will it take her, at that rate, to makc 36 ?
7. If 2 pairs of shoes cost $\$ 7$, how much will a dozen pairs cost at the same price per pair?
8. A man earns $\$ 3$ in 8 hours. At that rate how much will he earn in 72 hours?
9. Find the charge for telephoning 18 minutes between two distant places at $\$ 5$ for every 3 minutes.

## WRITTEN ETERCISES

168. Multiply :
169. 465
170. 574
171. 867
6
172. 745
173. 684
5
6
174. 488
175. 527
8
9
176. 789
8
177. 867
178. 994
9
7
179. Multiply $\$ 4.86$ by 5 .
$\$ 4.86$
$\frac{5}{\$ 24.30}$ in the produ 486 by 5 , plaeing a decimal point

Write the dollar sign before the point. the product. Read the product.
Multiply :
12. $\$ 2.40$
13. $\$ 3.25$
14. $\$ 1.44$
15. $\$ 7.75$

8
18. $\$ 7.65$
19. $\$ 9.27$
$\begin{array}{r}7 \\ \hline\end{array}$
17. $\$ 9.89$

4
21. $\$ 0.95$
22. $\$ 3.66$

23. $\$ 8.24$

24. $\$ 0.75$
26. $\$ 6.25$

30. $\$ 1.85$
32. $\$ 2.60$
2. $\$ 7.77$
25. $\$ 4.96$
29. $\$ 4.86$

7
$\begin{array}{r}8 \\ \hline\end{array}$

## ExERCISEA

109. 110. How many are 2 times 5 ? 4 times 5 ? Find the suin of 2 tines 5 and 4 times 5 .
1. Find the sum of 2 times 5 and 4 times 5 , in this way: 2 tinies 5 and 4 times 5 are 6 tines 5 , or 30 .
Find the sum of:
2. 7 times 2 and 3 times 2 .
3. 3 times 4 and 2 times 4 .
4. 9 times 6 and 3 times 6 .
5. $6 \times 8$ and $4 \times 8$.
6. $2 \times 7$ and $5 \times 7$.
7. $4 \times 9$ and $6 \times 9$.
8. How many 2 's are $10 \times 2$ and $1 \times 2$ ? What is the sum of $10 \times 2$ and $1 \times 2$ ? What is the value of $11 \times 2$ ?
9. Let us find the value of $12 \times 6$. How many 6 's must be added to ten 6 's to give twelve 6 's?

$$
12 \times 6=2 \times 6 \text { added to } 10 \times 6 \text {, or } 60+12 \text {, or } 72
$$

11. Find the value of $13 \times 5$ as follows:

$$
13 \times 5=3 \times 5 \text { added to } 10 \times 5=
$$

In the same way find the following products:
12. $12 \times 4$
17. $13 \times 6$
13. $12 \times 5$
18. $13 \times 7$
14. $12 \times 7$
19. $13 \times 4$
15. $12 \times 8$
20. $13 \times 8$
16. $12 \times 9$
21. $13 \times 9$
22. $14 \times 3$
27. $11 \times 7$
23. $14 \times 5$
28. $11 \times 8$
24. $15 \times 6$
29. $11 \times 9$
25. $16 \times 4$
30. $16 \times 6$
26. $17 \times 3$
31. $18 \times 5$
32. A street car conductor had 165 -cent pieces in one pocket. How much money had he in that pocket?
33. Find the cost of 18 rockets at 3 cents each.

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

170. 171. Multiply 43 by 12 .

|  | 43 | 43 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 12 | 12 |
| 2 times 43 |  | 86 |
| 10 times 43 | 430. | 43 |
| 12 times 43 | $\overline{516}$ | 516 |

Explain the first process.
What figure has been omitted from the second process?
In the second process we inultiply 43 by 2 (units) and write the product 86 as units by placing 6 in units' column.

We then multiply 43 by 1 (ten) and write the product 43 as tens by placing 3 in tens' column.

The right-hand figure of each product is written under the figure by which we are multiplying.

Multiply :
2. 32 by 12
3. 41 by 12
4. 56 by 11
5. 51 by 13
6. 35 by 13
7. 27 by 14
8. 62 by 15
9. 73 by 14
10. 64 by 15
11. 33 by 16
12. 18 by 17
13. 22 by 18
14. 31 by 19
15. 50 by 18
16. 84 by 16
17. 92 by 15
18. Multiply 34 by 20 .

340 (units) times $34=0$ (units). Write 0
$\frac{20}{680}$ in units' place in the product. 2 (tens)
680 times $34=68$ (tens). Write 68 before the 0 .

## FIRST BOOK

Multiply :
19. 24
$\underline{20}$
20. 32

30

60
25. 84

60
24. 72
21. 45

30
26. 36
70
70
22. 42

40
23. 36

50
27. 49

80
2. 66

90
29. Multiply 62 by 23 and test the result.

| 62 | 23 |
| :---: | ---: |
| $\frac{23}{186}$ | $\frac{62}{46}$ |
| $\frac{124}{1426}$ | $\frac{138}{1426}$ |

Test. - The correctness of the result obtained by multiplying 62 by 23 may be tested by multiplying 23 by 62 as in the second process.

Multiply, and test results:
30. 45
24
33. 75
32. 61
33. 92
25
32
31
34. 66
39
35. $\begin{array}{r}54 \\ 45 \\ \hline\end{array}$
36. 58
37. 94
38. 51
39. 68
29
49
55
40. 64
41. 94
63
69
42. 77
43. 82
4. 83
71
75
79

Multiply :
45. 85 by 81
47. 99 by 88
48. 132 by 11
49. 225 by 12
ㅇ. 275 by 12

Multiply:
81. 462 by 14
57. 122 by 69
6. $\$ 2.65$ by 30
32. 585 by 15
s8. 118 by 78
64. $\$ 6.25$ by 14
63. 332 by 25
69. 106 by 81
60. $\$ 1.36$ by 92
54. 261 by 31
60. $\$ 1.08$ by 88
66. \$5. $\%$ hv 17
35. 128 by 47
62. $\$ 4.27$ by 23
67. $8: .1$ by 26
56. 135 by 52
62. $\$ 0.75$ by 84
68. $\$ 2.88$ by 20

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

171. 172. Find the cost of 4 pairs of skates at $\$ 1.50$ per pair.
1. Which of these roofs has the groater area and how much greater?

2. There are 30 dozen eggs in a case. How many dozen eggs are there in 18 cases?
3. How many crates of strawberrics are there on a train of 20 cars, each of which contains 225 crates?
4. How much must be paid for 50 crates of strawberrics at $\$ 2.85$ per crate?
5. A man bought 44 crates of cantaloupes at $\$ 2.50$ per crate, and sold them at $\$ 3.15$ per crate. How much did he gain on each crate? on all?

# FIRs' BOOK 

## DIVISION

## Exizcises

## 172. Divide at sight :

1. $7 \lcm{28}$
3) $\lcm{24}$
$2 \lcm{14}$
5 $\lcm{35}$
4) $\lcm{36}$
5) 54
8 $\lcm{64}$
$9 \lcm{63}$
2. $3 \lcm{189}$
2 $1 \mathbf{1 6 8}$
$4 \longdiv { 1 6 4 8 }$
$7 \lcm{217}$
6) $\lcm{4260}$
7) $\lcm{4590}$
3. $7 \lcm{2877}$
6) $\lcm{3066}$
$2 \lcm{1462}$
$8 \lcm{4088}$
$3 \lcm{1536}$
$9 \lcm{2709}$

Answer quickly:
4. $\frac{1}{2}$ of $18=$ $\frac{1}{3}$ of $15=$ $\frac{1}{4}$ of $20=\quad t$ of $50=$
5. $\frac{1}{3}$ of $21=\frac{1}{6}$ of $24=\quad \frac{1}{5}$ of $35=\quad \frac{1}{8}$ of $24=$
6. $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ of $120=\frac{1}{2}$ of $88=\quad \frac{1}{3}$ of $960=t$ of $100=$
7. $\frac{1}{8}$ of $1200=\frac{1}{3}$ of $\mathbf{6 3 6}=\frac{1}{4}$ of $2408=\frac{1}{5}$ of $1550=$
8. If 3 valentines cost 10 cents, how many valentines of the same kind ean you buy for 40 eents?
9. Eliza bought 6 small flags for 5 cents. At the same price how many could she have bought for 25 cents?
10. One Saturday Hiram saw 24 robins and $\frac{1}{6}$ as many bluebirds. How many bluebirds did he see?
11. John planted 40 beans, but only $\frac{4}{5}$ of them came up. How many did not eome up?
12. Lewis had 20 cents, which he expended for glass marbles at 4 for 5 eents. How many did he buy?
13. Anna has 21 cents to buy Easter cards. How many ean she buy at 3 for 7 centa?

## WRITTER EXINCIERS

178. Divide, testing each answer:

179. Find $\frac{1}{4}$ of $\$ 38.72$, or divide $\$ 38.72$ by 4 .
4) $\$ 38.72$ Divide 3872 by 4 , placing a decimal point $\$ 9.08$ in the result under the other decimal point. Write the dollar sign before the dollars of the answer. Read the answer.

Tout. -4 times $\$ 9.68=\$ 38.72$.
Find the value of the following, testing each answer:
14. $\frac{1}{2}$ of $\$ 7.44$
17. $\frac{1}{3}$ of $\$ 17.55$
20. $\frac{1}{6}$ of $\$ 20.22$
15. $\frac{1}{3}$ of $\$ 9.24$
18. f of $\$ 27.45$
21. $\frac{1}{5}$ of $\$ 48.85$
16. $\frac{1}{4}$ of $\$ 3.72$
19. $\frac{1}{6}$ of $\$ 31.68$
22. \% of $\$ 59.82$

Divide:
23. $\$ 55.44$ by 6
24. $\$ 64.75$ by 7
25. $\$ 4374$ by $\$ 6$
26. $\$ 7452$ by $\$ 6$
27. $\$ 5288$ by $\$ 8$
28. $\$ 55.58$ by 7
29. $\$ 47.34$ by 9
30. $\$ 31.12$ by 8
31. $\$ 96.30$ by 9
32. $\$ 99.92$ by 8
33. $\$ 47.75$ by 5
34. $\$ 97.35$ by 5
35. $\$ 78.64$ by 8
36. $\$ 80.82$ by 9
37. $\$ 79.76$ by 8

## FIRs'r BUUK

174. Multiply:
175. $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrr}11 & 11 & 11 & 11 & 11 & 11 & 11 & 11 & 11 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9\end{array}$

Divide:
2. $11 \lcm{44}$

11 $\lcm{5 i}$
$11 \lcm{77}$
$11 \lcm{110}$
$11 \lcm{88}$
$11 \lcm{99}$
3. $11 \lcm{22}$

112220
$11 \lcm{33}$
11) $220+33$
$11 \lcm{253}$

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

1. Divide 253 by 11 .

|  | 23, quotient |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subtract | 11) $25^{253}$ | 23 |
|  | $20 \times 11=220$ | 11) 253 |
| Subtract | 33 left to be divided | 22 |
|  | $3 \times 11=33$ | 33 |
|  | 0 | 33 |

How many 11 's are subtracted from 253 the first time? How many more 11's are subtracted afterwards? How many 11's are subtracted in all? Can more 11's be subtracted? Then how many 11's are there in 253 ?

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { The } \\
\text { five steps } \\
\text { in } \\
\text { dividing }
\end{gathered}\left\{\begin{array}{l}
\text { (1) Divide . . . Thus, in shorter process, } 25+11=2 \\
\text { (2) Write quotient figure . . . . . . . . Wultiply . . . . . . . . . . . . . } \\
\text { (3) Srite } 2
\end{array}\right.
$$

Tert. $-11 \times 23$ or $23 \times 11$ ghould


## MICROCOPY RESOIUTION TEST CHART

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Point out the steps in the following:
2.

11) | $\frac{672}{7392}$ |
| :---: |
| $\frac{66}{79}$ |
| , $\frac{7}{2 i}$ |
| $\underline{22}$ |

」.
$1 1 \longdiv { 5 6 3 }$
$\frac{55}{69}$
$\frac{66}{33}$
33
4.
$1 1 \longdiv { 7 1 8 }$
$\frac{77}{19}$
$\frac{11}{88}$
88

Divide:
5. $1 1 \longdiv { 4 7 3 }$
6. $1 1 \longdiv { 3 8 5 }$
7. $1 1 \longdiv { 2 8 6 }$
8. $1 1 \longdiv { 5 1 7 }$
9. $1 1 \longdiv { 2 5 8 5 }$
10. $1 1 \longdiv { 3 5 8 6 }$
11. $1 1 \longdiv { 5 9 5 1 }$
12. $1 1 \longdiv { 4 5 9 8 }$
13. Divide 420 by 12 .


Since 42 contains 10 only 4 times, 42 does not contain 12 more than 4 times, but perhaps only 2 or 3 times.

The first figure of the quotient cannot be 4 , for 48 canr be subtracted from 42. It is not 2 , for the remainder 18 , being larger than 12, will contain 12 again. It is 3 , for $3 \times 12$ can be subtracted from 42, and the remainder 6 is less than 12.

Since $60+10=6$, try 5 for the second figure of the quotient. Since $5 \times 12=60$, there is no remainder. Then the quotient is 35 .

Divide and test:
14. $1 2 \longdiv { 2 7 6 }$
16. $1 2 \longdiv { 6 3 6 }$
18. 12 $\longdiv { 2 5 8 0 }$
20. $1 2 \longdiv { 1 7 0 4 }$
33. $1 2 \longdiv { 3 8 4 }$
17. $1 2 \longdiv { 5 2 8 }$
19. $1 2 \longdiv { 2 8 0 8 }$
21. $1 2 \longdiv { 5 0 5 2 }$

Find quotients:
22. $616+11$
26. $957+11$
30. $1404+12$
23. $648+12$
27. $912+12$
31. $2100+12$
24. $803+11$
28. $1353+11$
25. $564+12$
29. $3465+11$
32. $2057+11$
33. $6248+11$
175. Divide:

1. $2 \underline{6}$ $\underline{\text {-times }}^{\$ 2 \lcm{\$ 6}} \stackrel{\text { times }}{ }$ 2 tens) $\frac{6 \text { tens }}{- \text { times }}$
20) 60

- times

2. $3 \lcm{12} 3$ dimes $\lcm{12}$ dimes 3 tens $\lcm{12}$ tens $30 \lcm{120}$
3. $4 \lcm{8} 4$ doz. $\lcm{8 \text { doz. } 4 \text { tens) } 8 \text { tens } 40 \lcm{80} \quad 40 \lcm{800}}$ WRITTEN EXERCISES
4. Divide 840 by 20 .

2ф) $\frac{84 \phi}{42}$ $840=84$ tens; $20=2$ tens.
84 tens contains 2 tens as many times as 84 contains 2.
Then cut off or cancel the last figure of each number and divide 84 by 2 . What is the quotient?

Divide:
2. 640 by 20
8. $\$ 650$ by $\$ 50$
3. 960 by 30
9. $\$ 420$ by $\$ 60$
4. 750 by 30
10. $\$ 870$ by $\$ 30$
5. 360 by 20
11. $\$ 1200$ by $\$ 50$
6. 760 by 40
12. $\$ 1560$ by $\$ 40$
13. $\$ 3450$ by $\$ 50$
14. 720 by 60
15. 490 by 70
16. 540 by 90
17. 5600 by 80
18. 5120 by 80
19. 6580 by 70
20. Divide 1395 by 31 .
$45 \quad 31$ is not containcd in 1 nor in 13 , but is
$3 1 \longdiv { 1 3 9 5 }$ containcd in 139 about as many times as 12430 is contained in 139 , or about as many 155 times as 3 is contained in 13 , or 4 times.
155 Write 4 in the quotient over 9 , the last figure of 1395 used. Multiply 31 by 4, giving 124. Subtract 124 from 139, giving 15 for a remainder. Does this remainder show that 4 is the correct figure in the quotient? Tell why.

Tell how the process is completed. Test the answer.
Find quotients and test:
21. $525+21$
28. $1071 \div 21$
35. $1364 \div 22$
22. $672 \div 21$
29. $1147+31$
36. $1088 \div 32$
23. $744+31$
30. $1224+51$
37. $1134 \div 42$
24. $496 \div 31$
31. $2132 \div 41$
38. $1872 \div 52$
32. $2601+51$
39. $1664+52$
26. $943 \div 41$
33. $1488 \div 31$
40. $1536 \div 32$
34. $1100 \div 22$
41. $2444+52$

## Divide:

42. 5661 by 51
43. 6500 by 52
44. 9828 by 42
45. 9922 by 41
46. 7392 by 32
47. 9982 by 31
48. 9086 by 22
49. 9345 by 21
50. 1672 by 22
51. 2079 by 21
52. 2728 by 31
53. 3040 by 32
54. 2856 by 42
55. 3567 by 41
56. 4284 by 51
57. 3900 by 52
58. 8601 by 61
59. 8733 by 71
60. 9020 by 82
61. 2976 by 62
62. 4608 by 72
63. 3645 by 81
64. 3094 by 91
65. 4784 by 92

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

176. 177. If a gallon of choice maple syrup costs $\$ 1.12$, how inuch will a quart of it cost at the same price?
1. Mrs. Day bought half a dozen spoons for $\$ 3.90$. How much airi they cost apiece?
2. Philip bought an 8 -pound basket of cherries for $\$ 1.20$. How much did he pay for them per pound?
3. A fruit grower packed 3000 pears in boxes holding 60 pears each. How many boxes did he use?
4. A man boarded 8 days at a hotel and was charged $\$ 20.00$. How much did it cos! him a day?
5. Dora's hoop rolls 11 feet in making one turn. How many turns will it make in going 154 feet?
6. I have 1001 strawberry plants to set out in 11 rows. How many plants are there for each row?
7. There were 132 bananas in a bunch. How many dozen bananas were there in the bunch?

## REVIEW

exircises
177. Add at sight :


Tell the missing numbers or amounts of money :
9. 80
$\frac{+}{100}$
14. $\$ 1.00$

19. 1

$$
\pm \frac{}{1 \frac{2}{3}}
$$

10. 75

11. \$
12. 40

13. $\begin{aligned} \$ \\ \frac{-.80}{\$ .70}\end{aligned}$
14. $5 \frac{1}{2}$
$+$
15. $3 \frac{3}{4}$
16. 32

$$
\frac{+}{52}
$$

13. 100 $-$
14. $\$ 1.00$
15. $\$ 1.50$
$\frac{-.70}{8}$
$+$
$\$ 2.00$
16. $\$ 1-\$ \frac{1}{2}=\$ —$, or - .
17. $\$ 1-\$ \frac{3}{4}=\$--$, or $-\phi$.
18. $\$ \frac{1}{4}+\$-=\$ \frac{3}{4}$, or $-\$$.
19. Add each nuinber of cents outside the ring to 100 cents, or $\$ 1$, and then to 99 cents. Give answers in dollars and cents. Add rapidly in either direction.
20. Next subtract each number of cents outside the ring from 99 cents and
 then from $\$ 1$, or 100 cents. Give answers in cents. Subtract rapidly in either direction.

Subtract from $99 \&$, then from $\$ 1$ :
29. 794
30. 694
31. $49 \not 4$
32. 58 \&
33. $88 \not \subset$
34. $68 \nLeftarrow$
35. $55 \phi$
36. 85
37. 35
38. $84 \varnothing$
39. 76
40. $43 \%$

Find the cost of :
41. 3 dozen canem films (a) 40 .

This means " 3 dozen camera films at in cents a dozen."
42. Developing 4 filins at $24 \&$ dozen.
43. Printing and mounting 7 photographs © $9 \neq$.
44. 2 tennis balls at $30 \&$ each; and a racket, $\$ 2.25$.
45. A baseball, $25 \%$; a bat, $20 \%$; and a glove, 80 p .
46. A fisling rod, $95 \%$; hooks, $5 \not /$; and a line, 10 .
47. How much rope does Ralph need to make a swing like this? It reaches to within 1 foot of the ground. The limb is 15 feet from the ground. The sides are $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. It takes $3 \frac{1}{2}$ feet of rope to tie both ends of the rope to the limb.
48. A grocer bought raspberries at 98 a box and sold them at $12 \frac{1}{2} \phi$ a box.


How mueh did he gain on every box that he sold?
49. If 3 boxes of strawberries cost a quarter of a dollar, how much will a dozen boxes cost at this price?
50. Miss Smiley bought 6 bunches of rhubarb at $7 \&$ for 2 bunches. How much did she expend for rhubarb?
51. If a dozen eggplants cost $90 \&$, how much will 4 plants cost at the sanie price?
52. If 3 bunches of beets cost $5 \phi$, how many bunches at this price can be bought for half a dollar?
53. If 5 bunches of mint cost $30 \&$, how much will 9 bunches cost at the same price a bunch?

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

178. 179. Write in figures and add : six dollars cight cents, seventeen dollars, ten dollars seventy-five cents, eight dollars seven cents, ninety-two cents.

Add the following, testing the suin of each column as you find it:

| ${ }^{2}$. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 618.4 | \$68.27 | \$29.90 | \$77.6? | \$58.00 |
| 6.96 28.79 | 9.39 | . 87 | 16.08 | 6.86 |
|  | 15.83 | 40.66 | 4.82 | 27.99 |
| 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. |  |
| \$39.95 | \$17.77 | \$12.00 | 10. 829.05 | 13. |
| 8.49 | 9.36 |  | \$29.95 | \$35.99 |
| 6.67 | 8.98 | 8.85 | 8.78 | 9.87 |
| 16.84 | 7.69 | 7.76 95 | 7.89 | 7.97 |
| . 88 | 8.67 | .95 8.57 | 9.88 | 16.89 |
| 8.75 | 38.84 | 8.57 9.29 | 7.96 | . 85 |
|  |  | 9.29 | . 99 | 18.85 |
| 12. | 13. | 16. |  |  |
| \$36.64 | \$18.81 | \$16.68 |  | 16. |
| 8.85 | 8.98 | 16.68 6.79 | \$27.00 | \$42.75 |
| 13.37 | 17.96 | 6.79 5.99 | 6.95 | 8.55 |
| 9.69 | 17.87 | 5.99 | 7.88 | 9.95 |
| 7.89 | 6.49 | 12.09 | 9.99 | 9.85 |
| 9.58 | 8.89 | 8.69 | 4.97 | 8.95 |
| 10.67 | 8.89 | 9.21 20.65 | 8.55 | 9.95 |
|  |  | 20.65 | 2.99 | 9.95 |

## Subtract:

| 17. | 10. | 19. | 20. | 21. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$10.00 | \$10.00 | \$10.00 | \$10.00 | \$1C00 |
| 8.68 | 7.85 | 9.62 | 9.23 | 8.55 |
| 22. | 23. | 24. | 25. | 26. |
| \$20.00 | \$20.00) | \$15.00 | \$25.(\%) | 850.00 |
| 18.75 | 15.67 | 12.70 | 22.52 | 47.25) |
| Multip |  |  |  |  |

27. 78 by 64
28. 96 by 73
29. 89 by 56
30. 87 by 78

Divide:
39. 4386 by 51
40. 4828 by 71
41. 4650 by 62
42. 4779 by 81
43. 4992 by 52

Find answers:
54. $30 \times 24$
35. $40 \times 81$
56. $60 \times 75$
57. $70 \times 32$
58. $80 \times 47$
32. 223 by 36
32. 119 by 59
33. 176 by 48
34. 365 by 27
44. 5538 by 71
45. 5734 by 61
46. 5332 by 62
47. 6039 by 61
48. 4176 by 72
35. 92 by 85
36. 80 by 89
37. 96 by 95
38. 99 by 94
49. 6561 by 81
50. 5904 by 72
52. $8: 31$ by 91
52. 7872 by 82
53. 8740 by 92
69. One day this shoemaker did the following work:

Soling and heeling i pair men's shoes, $\$ 1.25$, and 2 pains ladies' shoes @ 75s; rewing 4 seams (a) 10f; 3 patches, 10\%, 15\%, 20\%. How much did he recoive for this work?
70. Find the receiptsthat day for the work of :an assistant: 1 pair sewed oak tups, $\$ 1.00 ; 2$ pairs nailed tips@ $\$ .75$; 3 pains leather heels (a) $\$ .25$.

72. Another assistant put on a pair of rubiber soles and heels, $\$ 1.50 ; 3$ pairs rubber heels © $\$ .50$; and cmented 3 patehes @ 10f. Find tho receipts tor his work
72. Find the total receipts of the shop that day.

Finc the cost of the following tools and supplies
73. 4 knives ( 3 13f; 2 hammers (a) 30\%; 2 heel hur: $25 \%$ and $40 \%$; 3 shoe rasps (a) 3.if: 2 doz. awls (a) 1
74. A side of sole leather, 27 II . @ $\$ .33 ; 8 \mathrm{lb}$. pari es (3) $\$ .38$; 4 doz. pairs half soles (a) $\$ 2.25$, and $\frac{3}{4}$ doz. pair. .. $\$ 3.20$.
75. 10 balls thread at $\$ .25$ for 2 balls; $\frac{1}{2}$ doz. litl. wax (ai) 10q; 40 oz . bristle: @ $\$ .85$.
76. 3 qt. pegs (a) 5\%; 4 Ib. nails @ 4\&; 8 lb . naiis @ 10 \&.
77. 5 lh, sheet rubber (3) $\frac{5}{3} .5 \overline{5}$; 3 iuttles cement (a) $9 \%$, 12 pairs rubber heels @ $\$ .20$.

## Exprcises

170. Make and molve problems about the following:
171. Ruth is $9 \frac{1}{2}$ yeans old; P'auline is $8 \frac{1}{2}$ yeans old.
172. A toy lind \$if and afterward spent \$ $\$$.
173. A girl bought a pie, ate $f$ of it, und gave $f$ away.
174. Alfred had 42 marbles. He lost $\frac{f}{f}$ of them.
s. Hornce bought some tissue paper for u kite at 3 wheets for 2 cents.
175. The tail of Horace's kite was 6 yards long at finst. Afterward llonce cut off 4 feet of it.
176. The kite string was 180 feet long. We of ten measure string in yards.
177. Falward spent $\frac{1}{2}$ of his money for a goat and $\frac{1}{6}$ of his money for a wagon.
178. Patrick had $\$ 1$ and bought severul rosebushes at 20 cents each.
179. Julia planted 300 sweet peas. Sonse did not come up.
180. It takes 3 weeks for eggs to hatch into chickens. The hen has been sitting 9 days.
181. Edna and Mabel colored 2 dozen eggs ior Easter. One third of them were red and two thirds were blue.
182. A horse can gallop 20 miles in 2 hours.
183. Frank has 60 cents. The price of oranges is 3 for 10\%. The price of bananas is $20 \phi$ a dozen.
184. Some berry pickers picked $8 \frac{1}{2}$ erates of strawberries in the forenoon and 44 arateg in the aftomoon.

## PART III reading and writing numbers

180. 181. Coumt hy tens to 100 ; by humedreds to 1000 ; by thousands to $10,0(\mathrm{OKO})$; by ten-fhouscmeds to $1(10),(\mathrm{KXO})$ (100) thousand); by humidred-thousamels to $1,000,000$ ( 1000 thousund, or 1 milition).
1. How many terns are there in 100)? hundreds in 1000? thousands in 10,000 ? ten-thousands in 100,000 ? hundredthousands in $1,000,000$ ?
2. Corme by thousands from 10 thousand to 20 thousand, thus: " thousiand, 11 thousind, 12 thousand," ete.

Count .gy thousmands from 40,000 to 50,000 .
4. To help in reading numbers, we use commas to separate the figures into groups of three, beginning at the right.
These groups are called periods.
There may be only one or two figures in the left period.
3. Read:

| 20,000 | 22,000 | 36,000 | 80,000 | 125,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21,000 | 25,000 | 57,000 | 99,000 | 342,000 |

6. Write in figures:

Thirty thousand. Ninety-nin. thousand.
Thirty-eight thousand. One hundred thousand. Seventeen thousand. Nine humire
Forty-seven thousand. One million.
7. The number 264,895 is composed of 264 thousands, and 895 units; and is read, "Two hundred sixty-four thousand, eight hundred ninety-five."

## EXERCISES

181. 182. Read, and then write in words:

| 19,632 | 40,285 | 278,718 | 580,058 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 52,969 | 64,047 | 352,387 | 709,045 |
| 94,151 | 56,309 | 485,704 | 920,004 |
| 73,100 | 81,006 | 246,070 | 800,025 |

2. Write in columns, with units under units, tens under tens, ete.:

Seventy-five thousand.
Eighty-seven thousand, one.
Twenty-six thousand, thirty.
Sixty thousand, four hundred eighteen.
Forty-four thousand, eight hundred seventy.
Ninety-seven thousand, three hundred fifty-two.
One hundred seven thousand, three hundred ninety.
Five hundred thirty thousand, eighty-three.
Nine hundred sixteen thousand, five hundred four.
Six hundred thousand, four hundred sixty-seven.
Three hundred sixty-five thousand, fifteen.
Four hundred seventy-eight thousand six hundred seventy-seven.

Seven hundred eighty-three thousand, eight hundred thirty-four.

Nine hundred ninety-nine thousand, nine hundred ninety-nine.

## FIRS'I BOOK

## ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION <br> EXERCISES

182. Add and subtract rapidly :
183. 38

| 38 | 43 | 55 | 72 | 94 | 69 | 51 | 86 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 10 | $\underline{30}$ | $\underline{20}$ | $\underline{40}$ | $\underline{60}$ | $\underline{30}$ | $\underline{40}$ | $\underline{50}$ |
| 65 | 72 | 98 | 56 | 84 | 93 | 78 | 67 |
| $\underline{40}$ | $\underline{30}$ | $\underline{60}$ | $\underline{20}$ | $\underline{50}$ | $\underline{40}$ | $\underline{20}$ | $\underline{40}$ |

3. 47 First add the tens of one number to the
+25 whole of the
+25 whole of the other and then the units to that result, thus: $47+20=67 ; 67+5=72$. Add rapidly in this way: " $47,67,72$. ."

In the same way add:
4. 48
4. 48

24
43
36
22
$\begin{array}{ll}55 & 77 \\ .38 & 17\end{array}$
$7 \quad 31$

2. | 65 | 72 | 98 | 56 | 84 | 93 | 78 | 67 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 40 | 30 | 60 | $\underline{20}$ | 50 | $\underline{40}$ | $\underline{20}$ | $\underline{40}$ |
3. 34

| 34 | 65 | 28 | 57 | 48 | 64 | 26 | 88 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 59 | $\underline{25}$ | $\underline{43}$ | $\underline{29}$ | $\underline{38}$ | $\underline{27}$ | $\underline{66}$ | $\underline{19}$ |

Subtract rapidly in this way : " $85,25,19$."
6. 85
32
56
78
33
92
84
$66 \quad 14$
$\underline{28} 17$
49
57
69
7. 72

| 72 | 61 | 43 | 57 | 94 | 62 | 47 | 73 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\underline{48}$ | $\underline{35}$ | $\underline{25}$ | $\underline{38}$ | $\underline{46}$ | $\underline{35}$ | $\underline{29}$ | $\underline{36}$ |

8. Two electric cars were chartered for 83 children for an excursion to Ocean Beach. 45 rode in the first car. How many rode in the second?
9. Thirty-six iminutes after starting they reached Castle Rock, and after another period of 48 minutes they arrived at Ocean Beach. How long werc they on the way?
10. The conductor said that it was 18 miles to Castlc Rock and 25 iniles farther to Ocean Beach. How far was it to Ocean Beach?
11. The children collected 37 starfish and 25 sea urchins. How many sea animals did they collect?
12. They collected 44 diffcrent kinds of shells for their school cabinet, which already containcd 26 of these kinds. How many new kinds did they find?
13. They collected 55 specimens of rock, but kept only 17 of them for the cabinet. How many did they throw away?

## EXERCISES

183. 184. Count by 2 's from 1 to 99 ; by 3 's from 2 to 98 ; by 4 's from 3 to 99 ; by 5 's from 4 to 99.
1. Count by 6 's from 1 to 97 ; from 3 to 99 . Count by 7's from 2 to 100 ; from 5 to 96.
2. Count by 8 's from 4 to 100 ; from 7 to 95 . Count by 9 's from 5 to 95 ; from 8 to 98 .
3. From 100 count backward by 2 's to 0 ; jy 3 's to 1 ; by 4 's to 0 ; by 5 's to 0 ; by 6 's to 4 ; by 7 's to 2 ; by 8 's to 4 ; by 9 's to 1 .

These columns have been added and tested in less than 2 minutes. Practice until you can do as well or better.
3. 3
6. 7
4
6
9
$\begin{array}{ll}7 & 5 \\ 2 & 2 \\ 5 & 7 \\ 4 & 1 \\ 8 & 3 \\ 7 & 9 \\ 3 & 5\end{array}$

9. 5

| 5 |
| :--- |
| 2 |
| 9 |
| 7 |
| 3 |
| 4 |
| 6 |
| 7 |
| 2 |
| 8 |
| 9 |

10. $\begin{array}{r}8 \\ 7 \\ 9 \\ 7 \\ 9 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 8 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 7 \\ \hline\end{array}$
11. 7
12. 9
7
6
5

| 8 |
| :--- |
| 9 |
| 8 |
| 7 |

9
6
5

| 8 |
| :--- |
| 9 |
| 8 |
| 7 |



| 8 |
| :--- |
| 9 |
| 8 |
| 7 |


و.

8
9
4 8
stercIses
184. Tell answers at sight :

1. $\begin{array}{rrrrrrr}3 \frac{1}{2} & 8 \frac{8}{4} & 2 \frac{1}{3} & 7 \frac{5}{6} & 6 \frac{1}{4} & 4 \frac{1}{6} & 9 \frac{2}{3} \\ +5 \frac{5 \frac{1}{2}}{4} & -\underline{4 \frac{1}{4}} & +5 \frac{1}{3} & -3 \frac{1}{6} & -2 \frac{1}{4} & +5 \frac{1}{6} & \underline{7 \frac{1}{8}}\end{array}$
2. $\begin{array}{rrrrrrr}55 & 43 & 78 & 61 & 89 & 34 & 95 \\ -32 & +\underline{26} & -34 & +28 & -54 & +\underline{63} & -\underline{44}\end{array}$
3. $\begin{array}{rrrrrrr}75 & 63 & 47 & 54 & 25 & 67 & 82 \\ +\underline{34} & +76 & +81 & +93 & +84 & +\underline{72} & +\underline{67}\end{array}$

| 4. | 103 | 126 | 114 | 165 | 148 | 153 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| -43 | -36 | -54 | -85 | -63 | -71 | -45 |
|  | -13 | - | - | - | - |  |

## ExElCISES in maxing change

185. In these cxercises use toy money, if it is obtainable; if not, unt colored slips of paper - a different color for each coin. Write on each slip its value.

Give each pupil, except the storekeeper, a dollar bill and two half dollars. The storekeeper may have several of these; also quarter dollars, 10 cent, 5 -cent, and 1 -cent pieces.

Let each pupil be the storekeeper for five or ten sales, and let a record be kept of his mistakes, the others keeping close vatch of his work and taking turns as buyers. The buyer has first chance to correct
 errors. If he neglects to do so, it counts against his record for the day, and the class may then make corrections.

When the storekceper announces the cost, the buyer pays with as few and as small coins as possible. The storekeeper then counts out the change, naming the cost first.

1. Emily buys three cans of corn, $25 \%$; and 1 lb . of coffee, $39 \%$. The storekeeper announces the cost, " 64 cents." Is he right?

Emily hands him \$1, and he hands back a cent, 10 cents, and a 25 -cent piece, saying as he does so, " 64 cents, $65,75,1$ dollar." Is he right?
2. Buy of the storekecper 2 doz. pickles (a) $10 \%$.
3. Buy 6 lb . rice at $7 申$.
4. Buy 5 qt. beans @ 8\&.

Conduct these excreises as suggested on the previous page and supply others, if needed, by changing prices.
5. 2 lb . tea @ $40 \%$.
6. 3 lb . honey 1317 .
7. 4 lb . almonds @ 18\%.
e. 1 lb . coconut, $19 \%$; and 8 lb . prunes © $8 \%$.
9. 10 lb . sugar © $6 \%$; and 2 lb . codfish © $13 \%$.
10. A pint bottle of ole oil, $35 \%$; and a pound of baking powder, $60 \%$.
11. 3 lb . lard @ $14 \%$; and 1 sack flour, $80 \%$.
12. $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}$. chocolate (a) $40 \%$; and 2 lb . mixed nuts (a) $18 \%$.
13. 1 qt. maple syrup © $\$ 1.00$ a gal.; and 3 lb . butter (a) $30 \%$.
14. 4 lb . figs @ $15 \%$; and 5 lb . raisins @ $20 \%$.
15. 9 doz. clothespins at $5 \&$ for 3 doz.; and a clothesline, $17 \%$.
16. 1 doz. bars laundry soap at $25 \&$ for 6 bars; and $\frac{1}{2}$ doz. cakes toilet soap at $8 \&:$ cake.
17. 5 lb . cheese © $16 \%$; 4 doz. eggs (a) $24 \%$.
18. 6 boxes breakfast food at $2 \overline{5} \neq$ for 2 boxes; and 8 lb . oatmeal © $4 \%$.
19. 3 lb . cornstarch @ $9 \neq$; $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{lb}$. mustard © $32 \phi$; and 2 gal. coal oil @ 12 \&.
20. 1 lb . dates © $8 申$; 3 doz. oranges @ $40 \xi$; and 1 doz. lemons (a) $25 \%$.
21. Basket of peaches, $70 \neq ; 3$ baskets of grapes (a) $17 \%$; and 2 bunches of celery @ 18\%.

## WRITTEN ExERCIBES

186. The excrcises in the first row have been added and tested in less than 4 minutes, "nd all on the page in less than 15 minutes. Practice until you can do better.


Add and subtract:
16. $57 \frac{1}{2}$
17. $83 \frac{2}{3}$
18. 35 \%
$32 \frac{1}{2}$
$41 \frac{1}{3}$
$17 t$
19. $62 \frac{6}{5}$
281
80. 5 ?
21. 894
46
22. $64 \frac{1}{2}$
$35 \frac{1}{6}$
23. $48 \frac{6}{6}$
291
24. $56 \frac{1}{2}$
$37 t$
25. 918
$\underline{492}$
26. From 93,064 sulitract 57,625 .

93,064 , minuend
57,625, subtrahend Teat.-Add the remainder to the 35,439 , remainder minuend.

Subtract and test:
Practice until you can do exercises $27-46$ correctly in less than 5 minutes.

| 27. | 26. | 29. | 30. | 31. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 52,849 | 87,246 | 20,000 | 68,930 | 94,328 |
| 24,638 | 9,384 | 374 | 12,598 | 72,789 |
|  | 33. |  | 34 |  |
| 35. |  | 36. |  |  |


| $\$ 374.6$ |
| ---: |
| $\quad 98$. |
| 39 |


| \$574.33 | -304. 20 | 39. | 40. | 41. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $293.84$ | \$304.20 | \$623.59 | \$840.00 | \$419.35 |
|  | 92.50 | 45.39 | 463.25 | 243.77 |
| 42. | 43. |  |  |  |
| \$200.00 | \$ 8640.84 | $\$ 900.06$ | ${ }_{4}^{45 .}$ | 46. |
| 173.20 | 375.96 | 85.29 | \$507.13 | \$724.05 |
|  |  | 85.29 | 168.19 | 299.16 |

## WRITTEN ExERCISES

187. 188. The sum of two numbers is 8391, and one of them is 5624 . What is the other number?
1. A boy's kite string was broken into three pieces, $32 \frac{1}{2}$ yards, $57 \frac{1}{4}$ yards, and $41 \frac{1}{2}$ yards long. How long was the string?
2. Shakespeare was born in 1,04 and died in 1616. How old was he when he died?
3. Floy's wateh cost her father $\$ 32.50$, and the ehain $\$ 12.35$. How mueh change did he reecive out of $\$ 50.00$ ?
4. From a 1000 -gallon tank of water 573 gallons ran out, and 247 gallons ran in. How inany gallons were there then in the tank?

## The British Regnlar Army*

| Cavalry . | ()¢ruskn |  |  |  |  |  |  | Exlintri May |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | - | - | 562 |  |  |  | $13,974$ |
| Infantry . |  |  | . | 3325 |  |  |  | $94,391$ |
| Artillery |  | - |  | 1342 |  |  |  | 32,582 |

6. How many offieers are there in these three branehes of the army? how many enlisted men? how many of both?
7. How many more enlisted men are there in the infantry than in the eavalry? than in the artillery?
8. Additional branches of the army, as engineers, scouts, hospital corps, ete., are not included in the table above. If the total strength of the army is 9757 offieers and 180,243 enlisted men, how many offieers belong to these branches? how many enlisted men?
[^0]
## FRACTIONS

188. 189. How many whole circles do you see? how nanny fourths of a circle over?

Write two; tliree fourths; two and three iourths.

2. A number that stands for one ow more whole things is called a whole number, or an integer.
3. An integer and a fitction together are called a mized number.

Add and subtract these mixed numbers:
4. $3 \frac{1}{2}$
5. $7 \frac{3}{4}$

6. 50
31
7. $8 \frac{1}{2}$
$5 \frac{1}{6}$

8. | $6 \frac{2}{3}$ |
| :--- |
| 31 |

WRITTEN EXERCISES

## 189. 1. From $68 \frac{1}{4}$ subtract $25 \frac{3}{4}$.

681 Can you subtract $\frac{3}{4}$ from $\frac{1}{4}$ ?
$25 \frac{3}{4}$ Then take 1 from the 8 to unite with $\frac{1}{4}$.
$42 \frac{1}{2}$
How many fourths are $1+\frac{1}{4}$, or $\frac{4}{4}+\frac{1}{4}$ ?
How inany fourths are $\frac{5}{4}-\frac{3}{4}$ ? how many halves?
Write $\frac{1}{2}$ under the fractions.
How many units have been taken from the whole number? Then subtract 25 from 67 instead of from 68.

Read the entire answer. Tell how you found it. Add and subtract:
2. $45 \frac{1}{3}$
3. $88 \frac{1}{2}$
ㅈ. $\overline{\text { in }}$
5. $75 \frac{1}{3}$
$\underline{25 \frac{5}{6}}$
$38 \frac{6}{6}$
6. $95 \frac{1}{6}$
24等
$43 \frac{3}{4}$
$\underline{ }$
$57 \frac{1}{2}$
7. A tank contnined 081 gallons of coal oil. How many gallons were left after $22 \frac{1}{2}$ gallons had been sold?
-. Ellen has saved \$25겨, and her brother \$15\%. ILow much more money has Ellen saved than lier brother?
2. An iec house is 1523 fect loug and 568 feet wide. How much greater is its length than its width?
10. From a chense weighing $30 \frac{1}{2}$ pounds a grocer sold $6 \frac{1}{2}$ pounds to one person and 34 pounds to another. How many pounds of the cleese were left?

## 190. Eighths and twelfths.

1. This rule is 4 inches long. Into how many equal parts is the first inch divided?

2. One of the eight equal parts of anything is called one eighth of it.
3. Look at the second inch and tell how many cighths are equal to $\frac{1}{2}$; to $\frac{2}{2}$.
4. Look at the third inch and tell how many cighths are equal to $\frac{1}{6}$; to $\frac{2}{4}$; to $\frac{3}{4}$; to $\frac{4}{4}$.
5. In the right-hand inch point to $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . ; \frac{1}{6} \mathrm{in} . ; \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{in}$.
6. Draw a rule 6 inches long and divide it into halves, fourths, and cighths of an inch. How many half inches will it contain? how many quarter inches? how many cightill inches?
7. Into how many equal parta is this oblong divided?
8. One oi the tivelve equal parts of anything
 is called oree twelfth of it.,
9. How inany twelfthes of this oblong are shaded? how many halves?

How t any twelfths are equal to $\frac{1}{2}$ ?

10. How many twelfths of this oblong are shaded? how many thirds?

How many tweifths are equal to $\frac{1}{t}$ ?
2. Look at the oblong again und tell how many twelfths are equal to $\frac{f}{3}$.
12. Look at this oblong and tell how many twelfths are equal to $\frac{1}{6}$; to 4.

13. How many twelfths are equal to $t$ ? how many are equal to $\frac{5}{8}$ ?
14. How many inches are there in a foot? Then what part of a foot is 1 inch: How many twelfths of a foot are 2 inches? how many sixths of a fost?
15. What part of a foot are 3 in.? 4 in.? 5 in.? $1:$ in.?

## WRITTER EXERCISES

191. Draw lines and divide them to show that :
192. $\quad \frac{6}{8}=\frac{1}{2}$
193. $\boldsymbol{I}^{4} 2=\frac{1}{3}$
194. $\quad \frac{9}{1}=\frac{\hat{7}}{12}$
195. $\frac{1}{2}_{2}^{2}=\frac{1}{6}$
196. $\frac{1}{3}=\frac{2}{8}$
197. $\frac{3}{12}=\frac{1}{4}$
198. $\frac{1}{3}=\frac{3}{12}$
199. $\frac{1}{2}=\frac{8}{12}$
200. $\frac{1}{3}=\frac{4}{12}$
201. $\frac{1}{2}=\frac{4}{8}$
202. $\frac{10}{12}=\frac{5}{6}$
203. $\frac{3}{4}=\frac{6}{8}$
204. $\frac{9}{I}=\frac{3}{4}$
205. $7_{2}^{8}=\frac{2}{3}$
206. $\frac{0}{8}=\frac{3}{4}$
207. $\frac{5}{6}=\frac{10}{12}$

## 104. Comparing fractions.

1. Into how many equal murares is thin oblong divided? How many squares ame there in $\frac{1}{}$ of it? in $\frac{f}{}$ of it?

Which is greater, $f$ of the oblong or $f$ of it? how many squares grenter? how many twelfths of the oblong grenter?
a. How niany squares are there in $\frac{1}{2}$ of the oblong? in $\frac{1}{3}$ of it?


Which is loss, $\frac{1}{2}$ of the oblong or $\frac{1}{3}$ of it? how many squares less? how many twelfths lews? how many sixths?
2. Which is greater, $\frac{1}{f}$ of the obloug or $\frac{f}{6}$ of it? what part of the oblong greater?
4. Looking at the oblong compare $\frac{1}{2}$ aud $\frac{1}{3}$; $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{8}{6}$

## WRITTET ExERCISES

193. Draw an oblong 1 inch long and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch wide, and divide it into squares $\downarrow$ inch on a sidc.

Looking at your oblong, compare :

1. $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{1}{8}$
2. $t$ and $\frac{1}{8}$
3. $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{5}{8}$

4 $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{7}{8}$
Draw oblongs or lines, and dividing them into parts, compare:
5. $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{6}$
9. $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{1}{12}$
13. $\frac{2}{3}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$
6. $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{3}{8}$
10. $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{12}$
14. $\frac{5}{8}$ and $\frac{?}{3}$
7. $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{5}{6}$
12. $\frac{2}{3}$ and $\frac{7}{12}$
15. $\frac{3}{8}$ and $\frac{8}{4}$
ع. $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$
1童. $\frac{2}{1}$ and $\frac{1}{12}$
16. $\frac{5}{8}$ and $\frac{5}{12}$

## 104. Adding and subtracting oighthe.

1. How many eighths are $\frac{19}{}+\frac{1}{2}$ how many ones and how many eighths over? how many one and how many fourths over?

How many eighths are $f-1$ ? how many halves?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{2}=\text { ? } \\
& \frac{1}{6}-1=? \\
& 1+1=\text { ? }
\end{aligned}
$$

2. In it possible to add $\frac{8}{8}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ without
of the fractions? How many eighths are
there in $\frac{1}{2}$ ? Then, how many eighths there in $\frac{1}{2}$ ? Then, how many eighths are $\frac{8}{8}+\frac{1}{2}$, or $\frac{5}{8}+\frac{t}{8}$ ? how many ones and how many eighths over?

? $f$ ?

How many eighths are $\frac{5}{8}-\frac{1}{2}$, or $\frac{5}{8}-\frac{1}{6}$ ?
3. Find the sum:

## ExERCISES

195. Do as the signs indicate, giving results promptly:
196. $\frac{1}{8}+\frac{1}{8}$
197. $\frac{5}{8}-\frac{8}{8}$
198. $\frac{3}{8}+\frac{1}{3}$
199. $\frac{1}{4}-\frac{1}{8}$
200. $\frac{3}{8}-\frac{1}{8}$
201. $\frac{1}{4}+\frac{3}{8}$
202. $\frac{7}{8}+\frac{1}{8}$
203. $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{8}$
204. $\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{1}$
205. $\frac{8}{8}+\frac{7}{8}$
206. $\frac{4}{4}-\frac{3}{8}$
207. $\frac{7}{8}-\frac{1}{2}$
208. $\frac{7}{8}-\frac{5}{8}$
209. $4+\frac{5}{8}$
210. $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{7}{8}$

Add nad subtract :
17. 4 量
-
18. $f \frac{7}{6}$
$1 \frac{1}{4}$
23. $8 \frac{\mathrm{~K}}{8}$

5
20. $5 \frac{5}{2}$
$3 \frac{1}{8}$
21. 978

67
22. $\frac{1}{4}+\frac{6}{8}+\frac{3}{4}=$ ?
24. $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{8}=$ ?
26. $\frac{8}{1}+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{8}=$ ?
23. $\frac{7}{8}-\frac{3}{4}+\frac{3}{8}=$ ?
25. $\frac{5}{8}+\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{4}=$ ?
27. $\frac{7}{8}+\frac{1}{4}-\frac{1}{2}=$ ?
28. Some children ate $\frac{8}{8}$ of a watermelon. What part of the rielon was not eaten?
29. Earl caught two trout, one weighing 4 lb . and the other $\frac{8}{8} \mathrm{lb}$. How much did both weigh ?
30. When Eleanor had used $3 \frac{3}{8} \mathrm{lb}$. of butter from $8 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}$. that she bought, how many pounds were left?
31. A druggist made $2 \frac{1}{2}$ gal. of sirawberry syrup and $\frac{1}{4}$ gal. less of pineapple syrup. How much syrup did he make?

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

196. 197. From $62 \frac{1}{4}$ subtract $38 \frac{7}{8}$.

Add and subtract:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 62 \frac{1}{4}=62 \frac{2}{8}=61 \frac{10}{8} \\
& \underline{38 \frac{7}{8}}=38 \frac{7}{8}=\frac{38 \frac{7}{8}}{23 \frac{3}{8}}
\end{aligned}
$$

2. $41 \frac{1}{8}$
3. $68 \frac{1}{4}$
4. $36 \frac{5}{8}$
$24 \frac{1}{2}$
$42 \frac{3}{8}$
$19 \frac{3}{4}$
5. $75 \frac{1}{2}$
6. $41 \frac{1}{8}$
$38 \frac{7}{8}$
$21 \frac{1}{4}$
7. $\begin{array}{r}56 \frac{1}{4} \\ 29 \frac{5}{8}\end{array}$
8. $84 \frac{1}{8}$
$\underline{29 \frac{5}{8}} \quad \underline{373}$
9. $\begin{array}{r}65 \frac{3}{8} \\ 28 \frac{1}{2}\end{array}$
10. $90 \frac{3}{8}$
11. $72 \frac{3}{4}$
$\underline{28 \frac{1}{2}} \quad \underline{34 \frac{3}{4}}$
$46 \frac{7}{8}$
12. John weighs $71 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}$. and Edward $64 \frac{5}{8} \mathrm{lb}$. When both ride on their pony, what weight docs the pony carry?
13. Edward drew on his cart $24 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}$. flour, 16 ı.). sugar, $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{lb}$. mustard, and $\frac{3}{8} \mathrm{lb}$. ginger. How much did the load weigh ?

## FIRST BOOK

## 197. Adding and subtracting twelfths.

## EXERCISES

1. Find the sum and the difference of $\frac{11}{12}$ and $\frac{8}{12}$.

Solutions. $\quad \frac{1}{2}+\frac{5}{12}=12=1 \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{2}=1 \frac{1}{d}$, the sum.
$\frac{1}{2}-\frac{T^{3}}{2}=\frac{A^{\prime}}{12}=\frac{1}{2}$, the difference.
2. Find the sum and the difference of $\frac{7}{12}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$.


$$
\frac{7}{12}-\frac{1}{3}=1^{\frac{7}{2}}-\frac{4}{1_{2}}=\frac{3}{12}=\frac{1}{1}, \text {, ifference. }
$$

Find the sum and the difference of:
3. $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{12}$
7. $\frac{5}{12}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$
4. $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{12}$
8. $\frac{7}{12}$ and $\frac{1}{6}$
5. $\frac{2}{3}$ and $\frac{1}{12}$
9. $\frac{5}{12}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$
10. $\frac{11}{12}$ and $\frac{5}{6}$

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

6. $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{5}{12}$
7. Add and subtract:
8. $45 \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{2}$
$31 \frac{1}{2}$
9. $54 \frac{3}{4}$
$27 \frac{1}{12}$
10. $48_{1 \frac{1}{2}}$
$25 \frac{7}{12}$
11. $33 \frac{5}{12}$
12. $64 \frac{1}{3}$
13. $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{7}{12}$
14. $\frac{5}{6}$ and $\frac{5}{12}$
15. $\frac{1}{12}$ and $\frac{2}{3}$
16. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{11}{12}$
17. Helen's height is $4_{12}^{8} \mathrm{ft}$. and her mother's is $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. How much taller is Helen's mother than Helen?
18. red rowed down the river for 23 hr ., and it took him $3_{x y} \mathrm{hr}$. to row back. How long was he gone?
19. Richard could jump $31 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$., but by running he could jump $6 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{ft}$. How much farther could he jump by running?

## 199. Adding and subtracting halves and thirds.

1. Can you add the fractions $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$ as they stand? Can you subtract one from the other?
2. How many sixths are there in $\frac{1}{2}$ ? in $\frac{1}{3}$ ?
3. Add $\frac{8}{6}$ and $\frac{2}{6}$. Subtract $\frac{2}{6}$ from $\frac{3}{6}$.
4. What must be done to different kinds of fractions before they can be added or subtracted?

$$
\text { 5. } \frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{3}=\frac{3}{6}+\frac{2}{6}=\text { ? }
$$

$$
\text { 6. } \frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{3}=--=\text { ? }
$$

## EXERCISES

200. Do as the signs incicate:
201. $\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{2}$
202. $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{2}{3}$
203. $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{3}$
204. $\frac{2}{3}-\frac{1}{2}$
205. $1 \frac{1}{3}-\frac{1}{2}$
206. $1 \frac{1}{2}-\frac{2}{3}$

Add and subtract:
7. $15 \frac{2}{3}$
8. $10 \frac{1}{2}$
9. $17 \frac{1}{3}$
10. $14 \frac{1}{2}$
11. $16 \frac{1}{3}$
${ }^{8 \frac{1}{2}}$
$6 \frac{1}{3}$
$5 \frac{1}{2}$
11年
$9_{2}^{1}$
12. How many hours are $11 \frac{1}{2}$ hours and $3 \frac{1}{3}$ hours?
13. What is the sum of $5 \frac{2}{3}$ years and $7 \frac{1}{2}$ years?
14. Find the difference between $6 \frac{1}{2}$ yards and $4 \frac{2}{3}$ yards.

## 201. Adding and subtracting thirds and fourthe.

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

1. Find the sum of $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$.

Solution.

$$
\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{1}=\frac{4}{12}+\frac{8}{12}=\frac{7}{12} .
$$

2. Subtract $\frac{2}{3}$ from $\frac{3}{3}$.

Solution.

$$
\frac{8}{4}-\frac{2}{8}=\frac{8}{12}-\frac{8}{12}=\frac{1}{12} .
$$

Find answers:
3. $\frac{3}{4}+\frac{1}{3}$
4. $\frac{2}{3}-\frac{1}{4}$
5. $\frac{3}{4}-\frac{1}{3}$
6. $\frac{2}{3}+\frac{3}{4}$
7. $\frac{1}{4}+\frac{2}{3}$
8. $\frac{1}{3}-\frac{1}{4}$
9. $1 \frac{1}{4}-\frac{1}{3}$
10. $1 \frac{1}{3}-\frac{3}{4}$
11. $23 \frac{1}{4}$
12. $54 \frac{3}{4}$
13. $76 \frac{1}{3}$
14. 271
15. $63 \frac{1}{3}$
$+42 \frac{1}{3}$
$-19 \frac{1}{3}$
$-38 \frac{1}{4}$
$+46 \frac{2}{3}$
$-24 \frac{3}{4}$
16.
17. $38 \frac{1}{3}$
18. $14 \frac{3}{4}$
19. $66 \frac{2}{3}$
20. 98 ?
$-56 \frac{2}{3}$
$+\underline{45 \frac{3}{4}}$
$+83 \frac{2}{3}$
$-29 \frac{1}{4}$
$-57 \frac{3}{4}$
Find the miswing numbers:
22. $38 \frac{1}{4}$
$+\overline{62 \frac{1}{3}}$
22. $24 \frac{2}{3}$
$+$
23. $52 \frac{2}{3}$
$+\overline{81 \frac{1}{4}}$
24. $36 \frac{3}{4}$
$+\overline{94 \frac{1}{3}}$
25. $41 \frac{3}{4}$
$+$
$\overline{78 \frac{2}{3}}$
26. If it takes $3 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{hr}$. to drive to Niagara Falls and $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{hr}$. to go by train, how much time does it save to go by train?
27. It takes $14 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{yd}$. of carpet for our hall and $10 \frac{2}{3} \mathrm{yd}$. for the stairs. How many yards are needed for both?
28. $\Lambda$ bunch of bananas contained $10 \frac{2}{3}$ dozen. How many dozen were left after $6 \frac{1}{4}$ dozen had been sold ?

202．Finding parte of numbers．

## Exircises

1．Find $\frac{1}{2}$ of $12 ; \frac{1}{3}$ of 15 ；$\frac{2}{3}$ of $15 ; \frac{1}{6} 20$ ；$\frac{8}{4}$ of 20 ； $\frac{1}{5}$ of 25 ；$\frac{3}{8}$ of 25 ．

2．How many are $\frac{1}{3}$ of 18 ？$\frac{2}{3}$ of 18 ？$\frac{1}{8}$ of 30 ？告 of 30 ？各 of 30 ？古 of 36 ？$\frac{5}{8}$ of 36 ？

3．Find $\frac{1}{4}$ of $40 ; \frac{3}{4}$ of $\frac{1}{2}^{\prime} \frac{1}{6}$ of $18 ; \frac{5}{6}$ of $48 ; \frac{1}{8}$ of 56 ； $\frac{5}{8}$ of 56 ；$\frac{5}{8}$ of $64 ; \frac{7}{8}$ of 80 ．

Find：
4．$\frac{1}{2}$ of 30
9．$\frac{1}{8}$ of 72
14．$\frac{3}{4}$ of 28
19．$\frac{3}{8}$ of 45
5．$\frac{1}{3}$ of 90
10．$\frac{1}{2}$ of 46
15．$\frac{4}{5}$ of 35
20．$\frac{3}{4}$ of 36
6．$\frac{1}{4}$ of 80
11．$\frac{1}{3}$ of 39
16．$\frac{5}{8}$ of 40
21．$\frac{5}{8}$ of 54
7．$\frac{1}{5}$ of 55
12．$\frac{1}{4}$ of 88
17．$\frac{5}{6}$ of 60
22．$\frac{3}{8}$ of 64
8．$\frac{1}{6}$ of 42
13．$\frac{2}{3}$ of 24
18．$\frac{3}{8}$ of 48
23．$\frac{7}{8}$ of 32

24．How many minutes are there in $\frac{1}{2}$ of an hour？in $\frac{1}{3}$ of an hour？

25．If you breathe 18 times in a minute，how many times do you breathe in $\frac{2}{3}$ of a minute？

26．Of the 36 boys in the third class last year $\frac{3}{4}$ were promoted．How many were promoted？How many were not promoted？

27．A hen had 12 chickens．If $\frac{5}{6}$ of them were yellow and the rest black，how many were there of each color？

2ะ．Kenneth had $45 \%$ ，and he paid $\frac{3}{8}$ of it for a purse． How much did he pay？How much did he have left？
203. Find:

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

1. $\frac{1}{6}$ of 336
2. $\frac{3}{8}$ of 408
3. $\frac{2}{3}$ of 423
4. $\frac{5}{8}$ of 744
5. $\frac{1}{8}$ of 648
6. $\frac{7}{8}$ of 872
7. $\frac{3}{4}$ of 512
8. $\frac{5}{8}$ of 968
9. Since cach part of rope $b$ sustains $\frac{1}{2}$ the weight of the barrel, the man must pull only $\frac{1}{2}$ its weight to raise it. How many pounds must he pull to raise the barrel of flour, which weighs 196 lb. ?
10. When a pound cf tea is worth $60 \%$, how much will $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{lb}$. cost?
11. I bought a horse for $\$ 176$ and sold him for $\frac{7}{8}$ of the cost. How much did I get for him? How much did I lose?
12. James had $\$ 1.75$, and he paid $\frac{4}{5}$ of it for a hat. How much did the hat cost?
13. Andrew and Oliver bought a box containing 144 screws. Andrew used $\frac{8}{8}$ of them and Oliver $\frac{1}{4}$ of them. How many screws were left in the box?
14. Pauline bought 2 packages of gilt tacks, 100 in each package. She used $\frac{7}{8}$ of them. How many did she use? How many were left?
15. Mark had $\$ 2.25$. He spent $\frac{2}{5}$ of his money for a pair of skates and $\frac{f}{5}$ of it for straps. How much money did he spend? What part of the $\$ 2.25$ had he left?
[^1]
## 204. Multiplying by a mized number.

1. How many cents are 4 times 6 cents? $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 eents? the sum of $4 \times 6 \mathrm{~F}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 f ?

Then how many cents are $4 \frac{1}{2} \times 6 f$ ?
You have multiplicd $6 \&$ by $4 \frac{1}{2}$, by multiplying $6 \&$ by 4 , finding $\frac{1}{2}$ of $6 f$, and adding the results.
2. In a similar way multiply 8 in. by $2 \frac{1}{2} ; 4$ doz. by $3 \frac{1}{4}$; 5 gal . by $6 \frac{1}{5}$.
3. Find $7 \frac{1}{6}$ times 10 min . $4 \frac{1}{3} \times 6 \mathrm{hr} . ; 5 \frac{1}{8} \times 8 \mathrm{yd}$.

## EXRRCISES

205. 206. How many dollars are $5 \frac{1}{3} \times \$ 9$ ?

Solution. $-5 \frac{1}{8} \times \$ 9$ means the sum of $5 \times \$ 9$ and $\frac{1}{8}$ of $\$ 9$. $5 \times \$ 9=\$ 45$, and $\frac{1}{5}$ of $\$ 9=\$ 3$; then $5 \frac{1}{3} \times \$ 9=\$ 45+\$ 3=\$ 48$.

Find:
2. $3 \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \mathrm{ft}$.
3. $2 \frac{1}{3} \times 6 \mathrm{mo}$.
4. $5 \frac{1}{4} \times 8$ gal.
5. $3 \frac{1}{3} \times 9 \mathrm{~min}$.

Find:
6. $2 \frac{1}{6} \times 12 \mathrm{qt}$.
7. $1 \frac{1}{8} \times 16 \mathrm{yd}$.
8. $7 \frac{1}{5} \times 10 \mathrm{pt}$.
9. $1 \frac{1}{4} \times 24 \mathrm{~min}$.

Multiply:
10. $\$ 30$ by $3 \frac{1}{3}$.
11. 20 hr . by 44 .
12. $40 \phi$ by $2 \frac{1}{8}$.
13. 60 min . by $1 \frac{1}{2}$.
14. How many quarts are therc in $4 \frac{1}{2}$ gallons?
15. Find the cost of $5 \frac{1}{4}$ yards of ribbon at 8 cents a yard.
16. How many ounces are there in $1 \frac{1}{4}$ pounds?
17. I buy pens at $8 \phi$ a dozen and sell them at $1 \phi$ each. How much do I gain on 1 doz,? on $1 \frac{1}{2}$ doz.? on $5 \frac{1}{4}$ doz.?
18. How many feet are there in $8 \frac{1}{3}$ yards?
19. There are 8 pints in 1 gallon. How many pints are there in $3 \frac{1}{2}$ gallons? in $7 \frac{1}{4}$ gallons? in $9 \frac{1}{8}$ gallons?
20. How much will $4 \frac{1}{2}$ pounds of nuts cost at 20 cents a pound?
21. At 32 cents a pound, how asuch will $1 \frac{1}{8}$ pounds of butter eost?
22. Find the cost of $2 \frac{1}{6}$ dozen bananas at 12 cents a dozen.

## Written exercises

206. 207. Multiply 376 by 7 .

$$
376
$$

376 multiplied by $\frac{3}{4}=\frac{.73}{282}$
376 multiplied by $7=2632$ 376 multiplied by $7 \frac{8}{4}=2914$
Multinly :
2. 48 by $5 \frac{2}{3}$
3. 65 by 8 ?
5. 284 by $9 \frac{3}{4}$
6. 195 by $7 \frac{4}{5}$
7. 464 by $8 \frac{5}{8}$
8. 735 by $24 \frac{3}{3}$
9. 896 by $72 \frac{7}{8}$
10. 942 by $89 \frac{5}{6}$

## Find the cost of :

11. 73 yards of eloth © $\$ \mathbf{8 2}$.
12. $8 \frac{2}{3}$ yards of carpet @ $\$ 1.08$.
13. 123 dozen window pulleys @ $\$ .40$.
14. $15 \frac{3}{8}$ gallons of molasses (a) $\$ .24$.
15. $25 \frac{5}{\frac{5}{4}}$ dozen ears of green eorn © $\$ \mathbf{1 8}$.
16. $11 \frac{2}{3}$ dozen eggs for hatehing © $\$ .90$.
17. A few days before Thanksgiving Day our grocer bought turkeys, weighing in nll $72 \ddagger$ pounds, at $\$ .16$ per pound. How much money did he invest in turkeys?
18. We bought a turkey of him nt $\$ .20$ n pound. It weighed 10 pounds when he bought it and 93 pounds when he sold it to us. How much did he gain?
19. He bought a brg of mixed nuts containing 96, pounds, for which he paid $\$ .12$ a pound. He sold them at $\$ .18$ a pound. How much did he gain?

How inueh did we have to pay for $2 \frac{1}{2}$ pounds?

## 207. Finding the whole when one part is given.

1. A pie : cut into 4 equal pieces worth 5 eents each. How much is the whole pie worth?

If $\frac{1}{4}$ of the cost of a pie is 5 cents, what is the whole cost?
a. If $\frac{f}{f}$ of the cost $f f$ a haseball bat was 9 cents, how much did the bat cost?
3. If $\frac{1}{3}$ of $\Omega$ number is 4 , what is the number?

## EXERCISES

208. Find the cost of :
209. A pint of cream, when $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. costs $10 \%$.
210. A pound of coffee, when $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{lb}$. costs $9 \&$.
211. A dozen bananas, when $\frac{1}{6}$ (loz. costs $3 \&$.
212. A pound of tea, when $\frac{1}{8} \mathrm{lb}$. costs $8 \notin$.
213. A pound of cocoa, when $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{lb}$. costs $11 \%$.
214. A yard of velvet, when $\frac{1}{8}$ yd. costs $12 \%$.
215. If $\frac{1}{2}$ of a cake costa 20 cents, how much will the whole cake cost?
216. If $\ddagger$ of 14 pound of macaroons costs 10 rents, how much must be paid for a pound?
217. Julia bought half a pound of candy for 30 cents. How much did she pay for the candy per pound?

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

209. 210. A bookcase was sold at auction for $\$ 128$, which was only half of its value. How much was it worth?
1. I sent out 16 Christmas cards, which was $\frac{1}{5}$ of the number I had bought. How inany cards did I buy?
2. If $\frac{1}{4}$ of a yard of flannel costs 15 cents, how inuch does the flannel cost per yard?
3. Mr. Sage owns $\frac{1}{3}$ of a store. He values his share at \$850. How inuch does lie think the store is worth?
4. Some boys bought a football. Jannes paid $\$ .35$ toward it, and this was $\frac{1}{8}$ of the cost. Find the cost.
5. A man bought a lot and paid $\frac{1}{4}$ of the cost in cash. He paid $\$ 225$ cash. Find the cost of the lot.
6. A house rented for $\$ 375$ a year, or for $\frac{1}{8}$ of its valu. What was the value of the house?
7. If $\frac{1}{6}$ of the inhabitants of a city vote, and tice voters nuinber 8200 , what is the population of the city?
8. An excursion ticket to Toronio cost 50 cents, or 5 cents less than haif of the regular fare. What was the regular fare?

## NUMBERS TO OAE HUNDRED FORTY-FOUR

## 210. Counting by elavens.

1. Multiply, then give the table of 11 's to 8 times 11 :

| 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 7 | 8 | 9 |

2. How is a number multiplied by 10 ? How many, then, are ten times 11?

110
$+11$
110
$+22$
3. How muny are ten 11 's and one 11, or 11 tinnes 11 ?
4. Ilow many are ten 11's and two 11 's, or 12 times 11 ?
5. Give the table of 11 's to 12 times 11 .
6. Meinorize :

8. Compare 11 times 10 with 10 times 11.
9. Tell the number of 11 's in the sum, then the sum:

| 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 44 | 44 | 44 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 11 | 11 | 11 | 44 | 66 | 22 | 33 | 66 |
| 11 | 22 | $\underline{33}$ | $\underline{11}$ | $\underline{11}$ | $\underline{33}$ | $\underline{55}$ | $\underline{11}$ |

10. Find $\frac{1}{2}$ of 22 ; $\frac{1}{3}$ of 33 ; $t$ of 60.11 is $\frac{t}{f}$ of what number? $\ddagger$ of what number?

## 211. Counting by tweives.

1. Tell the number of 12 's in the sum, then the sum:

| 12 | 24 | 36 | 48 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 60 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 12 | 12 | $\underline{12}$ | 12 | 12 | 24 | $\underline{36}$ | $\underline{48}$ | $\underline{00}$ |

2. Multiply, then give the table of 12 's to 10 times 12 :

| 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 7 | 8 | 0 | 10 |

3. How many eggs are 2 dozen eggs? 3 doz.? 4 doz.? 5 doz.? 6 doz.? 7 doz.? 8 doz.?
s. How many pens are 9 dozen pens? 10 doz.? 11 doz.? 12 doz.?

12 dozen $=144=1$ gross.
4. Memorize:

| $1 \times 12=12$ | $7 \times 12=84$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2 \times 12=24$ | $8 \times 12=96$ |
| $3 \times 12=36$ | $9 \times 12=108$ |
| $4 \times 12=48$ | $10 \times 12=120$ |
| $5 \times 12=60$ | $11 \times 12=132$ |
| $6 \times 12=72$ | $12 \times 12=144$ |

6. Compare 12 times 10 with 10 times 12 .
7. Compare 12 times 11 with 11 times 12 .
8. How many 12 's are there in 24? in 36? in 48 ? in 60? in 72? in 84 ? in 96 ?

$$
108+12=? \quad 120+12=? \quad 132+12=? \quad 144+12=?
$$

9. Tell the number of 12 's in the sum, then the sum:

| 150 | 103 | $i 2$ | 120 | 108 | 72 | 84 | 96 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 12 | 24 | 60 | 24 | 36 | 72 | 60 | 48 |

## ExiRCISE

812. 813. How many aquares ure 12 times 2 squares? How many. nguames are 2 times 12 mijuares?

1. Compare 12 times 2 with 2 times 12 . What is the proluct of 2 and 12 ?
2. Draw an oblong 11 inches long and 3 inches wide; divide it into inch aduares. Count the mquares by 11 's; by 3 's. Find in two ways the product of 11 and 3.

Find in two whys the propluct of:
4. 12 and 5
6. 7 and 11
6. 11 and 8
5. $12 a n!$ -
\%. 6 and 12
9. 10 and 12
10. Since $\cdot$ times $11=4 \cdot 1,11$ times $4=-$. Find 12 times 4.
11. Give the table of 4 'n to 12 times 4 .

Drill on this table, giving the inultiples of 4 , fi. $t$ in regular order up and down the ladder, next in various orders, pointing to different rungs of the ladder.
12. In the same way extend the talite of 5's to 12 times 5 , and drill on the table. Give these tables nad drill on each:

13. The 6's to 12 times 6 .
14. The 7 's to 12 times 7 .
15. The 8 's to 12 times 8 .
16. The 9 's to 12 times 9 .
17. Give the tahle of 10 's to 12 timen 10 .

Answer quickly, thus: looking at 32 ary " 4 times 8."
20. Multiples of 8. 10. Multiples of 12. 20. Multiples of $\theta$.

| 32 | 80 | 24 | 108 | 36 | 27 |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 18 | 10 | 48 | 120 | 51 | 45 |
| 61 | 88 | 06 | 72 | 72 | 90 |
| 24 | 08 | 36 | $1 \cdot 14$ | 108 | 81 |

21. Multiples of 6 . 22. Multiples of 7. 23. Multiples of 11.

| 36 | 24 | 14 | 28 | 11 | 77 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 72 | 48 | 35 | 42 | 55 | 121 |
| 18 | 30 | 70 | 81 | 110 | 44 |
| 54 | 66 | 63 | 77 | 132 | 99 |

24. Write all the multiplication tables to 12 times 12 , thus: $\begin{array}{llll}1 \times 1=1 & 1 \times 2=2 & 1 \times 3= & 1 \times 4=\quad \text { und so on } . \\ 2 \times 1=2 & 2 \times 2=4 & 2 \times 3= & 2 \times 1=\end{array}$
etc.
etc.
etc.
etr.
25. $\frac{1}{3}$ of $30=$ ?
26. $\frac{1}{1}$ of $44=$ ?
27. $\frac{1}{8}$ of $60=$ ?
28. $\frac{1}{6}$ of $66=$ ?
29. $\frac{1}{8}$ of $96=$ ?
30. 3 of $33=$ ?
31. 亲 of $60=$ ?
32. $\frac{3}{8}$ of $88=$ ?
33. 亲 of $72=$ ?
34. $\frac{2}{5}$ of $55=$ ?
35. $\frac{5}{3}$ of $96=$ ?
36. $\frac{7}{4}$ of $48=$ ?
37. $\frac{t}{5}$ of $55=$ ?
38. $\frac{f}{6}$ of $66=$ ?
39. $\frac{7}{8}$ of $96=$ ?

Give quotients, and remainders if there are any:
40. $4 \lcm{50}$
4. $२ \lcm{90}$
48. $8 \lcm{75}$
52. $11 \lcm{100}$
41. $5 \longdiv { 6 0 }$
45. $9 \lcm{100}$
49. $9 \lcm{75}$
53. $12 \lcm{100}$
42. $0 \lcm{70}$
46. $8 \lcm{100}$
50. 12) 7
54. $11 \lcm{120}$
43. $7 \lcm{80}$
47. 7$)_{-5}^{7}$
31. $1 2 \longdiv { 1 2 5 }$
55. $12 \lcm{120}$

## MEASURING

## 213. Measuring dry and bully articles.

1. What measures are used to measure milk? oil? Are the same measures used to measure oats? potatoes?
2. Dry and bulky artieles, as grain, vegetables, berries, ete., are measured by these measures. Name chem.

3. Take a pint measure such as is used to measure peanuts or cranberries. Fill it with grain (or sand) and empty it into the quart measure.

Do this again. Is the quart heasure full now?
How many pints of grain equal a quart of grain?
4. How many pints of nuts equal a quart of nuts?
5. A quart of eranberries $=$ - pints of eranberries.

## 2 pints equal 1 quart.

6. Fill the quart measure with grain and empty it into the peek measure.

Continue to neastire by quarts until you find how many quarts equal a peek.
7. How many quarts of heas equal a peek of peas?

> FIRs' BOOK

219
a. A peek of beans $=$ quarts of beans.

## 8 quarts equal 1 peck.

9. Measure by peeks and find how many pecks equal a bushel.
10. How many peeks of corn equal a bushel of corn?
11. Learn this table of dry measures.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
2 \text { pints }(\mathrm{pt.}) & =1 \text { quart (qt.) } \\
8 \text { quarts } & =1 \text { peck (pk.) } \\
4 \text { pecks } & =1 \text { bushel (bu.) }
\end{array}
$$

## EXERCISES

214. 215. How many quarts are there in 2 pk.? in 3 pk.? in 1 bu.? in $\frac{1}{2}$ bu.? in $\frac{3}{4}$ bu.? in 2 bu.?
1. John's father bought $1 \frac{1}{2}$ bushels of tomatoes. Ho many pecks of tomatoes did he buy? how many quarts?
2. How many quarts are there in $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{pk}$ ? in $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{pk}$.? What part of a peck is 1 qt.? 2 qt.? 4 qt ? 6 qt ?
3. Mr. Davis bought a 2 -bushel bag of oats for his horse. He gave the horse 4 quarts of oats at a feed. For how many feeds did the oats last?
4. How many quarts of strawberries or of peaches will a bushel crate hold?
5. Mrs. White bought 24 quarts of fruit. How many pecks of fruit did she buy? How much less than a bushel of fruit did she buy?
6. Lester picked 10 quirts of plums off his plum tree. How many peeks of plums did he piek?
7. Mary pieked a 10 -quart basket of cherries full 4 times. She pieked 1 bu. and - qt., or - pk.
8. A potato barrel sometimes holds 10 peeks of potatoes. How many bushels does such a barrel hold?
9. If a pint of peanuts costs 5 cents, how much will a quart cost at that price? a peck?
10. How many bushels of corn meal are required to feed 32 cows, if 1 quart is given to each cow?

How many bushels of corn meal are required per day to feed 32 cows 2 quarts apiece, both morning and evening?

## 215. Measuring length or distance.

1. How many inches are there in a foot? in a yard? How many feet are there in a yard? in $\frac{1}{2}$ yard?
2. Which of these three measures should you use to measure the width of this book? the width of the street? the length of a piece of cloth?
3. Measure $5 \frac{1}{2}$ yards along a board in the floor. This distance is called one rod.
4. Stand 1 rod from the door. Walk 1 rod.
5. How many fect are there in 5 yards? in $\frac{1}{2}$ yard? in $5 \frac{1}{2}$ yards? in 1 rod?

$$
5 \frac{1}{2} \text { yards, or } 16 \frac{1}{\underline{\underline{1}}} \text { feet, equal } 1 \text { rod. }
$$

6. What measures might be used to measure the length and width of a lot? of a pasture? the length of a fence?
7. Tell the distance between some two towns or cities near you; between the ends of some long street. What measure is used to measure long distances?
8. Mention a place about a mile from the schoolhouse.
9. In some cities 20 blocks make a milc. In such cities a bloek is 10 rods long. How many rods equal a mile?
10. In other cities 12 blocks equal a milc, and caelı block is 440 feet long. How many fect equal a inile?
11. Learn this table of measures of length:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 12 \text { inches (in.) }=1 \text { foot (ft.) } \\
& 3 \text { feet }=1 \text { yard (yd.) } \\
& 166_{2}^{1} \text { feet }=1 \text { rod (rd.) } \\
& 320 \text { rods }=1 \text { mile (mi.) } \\
& \text { A mile is equal to } 5280 \text { feet. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## WRITTEN EXERC-SES

216. 217. How many yards are $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{yd} .+5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{yd}$., or 2 rd .? How many feet are there in 11 yd ., or in $2 \mathrm{rd} . ?$ in 4 rd .?
1. The bases of a baseball diam'ond are 90 feet apart. How many yards must a boy run to make a home run?
2. A football field is 110 yards long. Express the length in feet. Compare the length with that of a block in your city.
3. How many rods of fence are required to inclose a farm $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile long and $\frac{1}{8}$ of a mile wide?
4. How many yards are there in a mile? in $\frac{1}{8}$ mile?

## EXERCISES

217. 218. In this map, or plan, 1 inch represents 64 feet. If you measure the plan of the house, you will find that it is 1 inch long. Then the louse is 64 feet long.


SECOND AVENUE

2. Since 1 inch represents 64 feet, what distance does $\frac{1}{8}$ in. represent? $\frac{1}{4}$ in.? $\frac{3}{8}$ in.? $\frac{5}{8}$ in.? 2 in.?

Using a rule divided to eighths of an inch, find:
3. Width of lot.
4. Length of lot.
5. Width of house.
6. Length of barn.
7. Width of barn.
8. Widtll of alley.
9. Widtll of Pine Ave.
10. Width of Second Ave.
11. How wide is each sidewalk on Pine Ave.? on Second Ave.? How wide is each street between the sidewalks?
12. How far is the house from the front of the lot on Pine Ave.? from the side of the lot on Second Ave.? from the other side of the lut? from the back of the lot?

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

218. 219. In drawings we do not write the words "feet" and " inches."

In this plan of the floor of a room, 16 feet is written $16^{\prime}$; 11 inches is written $11^{\prime \prime} ; 3$ feet 4 inches is written $3^{\prime}-4^{\prime \prime}$.

In the plan, 1 inch represents 8 feet, or the scale is $1^{\prime \prime}=8^{\prime}$, or " 8 feet to the inch."

2. Draw the plan of a roon 20 ft . by 16 ft ., using 1 inch to represent 4 feet. Write $20^{\prime}$ and $16^{\prime}$ on the plan in the proper places, and write the scale below.

Draw the plan of each of the following:
3. A room, 21 ft . by 18 ft ., seale $1 \mathrm{in} .=4 \mathrm{ft}$.
4. A garden plot 42 ft . by 37 ft ., seale $1 \mathrm{in} .=8 \mathrm{ff}$. A eroquet ground, 30 yd. by 20 yd., seale $1 \mathrm{in} .=5 \mathrm{yd}$.
6. A tennis court, 78 ft . by 30 ft ., scale $1 \mathrm{in} .=12 \mathrm{ft}$.
7. A hall, 30 ft . by 8 ft ., paved with tiles 2 ft . square, seale $1 \mathrm{in} .=4 \mathrm{ft}$. Show the tiles in the plan.
8. A celery patch, 75 ft . by 27 ft ., with 9 rows of celery 3 ft . apart, seale $1 \mathrm{in} .=8 \mathrm{ft}$. Show rows by dotted lines.
9. An orehard, 40 rd . by 25 rd ., seale $1 \mathrm{in} .=8 \mathrm{rd}$. Divide the ground into squares 2 rd. on a side, and show a tree in the middle of each square, thus: $\oplus$

## 219. Measuring area.

1. How long is each side of an inch square? of a foot squam? Can a foot square be drawn on this page?
2. In this picture of a square foot divided into square inches, the scale is $1^{\prime \prime}=8^{\prime \prime}$. The square is drawn one eighth size.

On the blackboard draw a square foot divided into square inches, full size.

Draw another one, on paper, one half size. Draw another one, one fourth size.
3. Since there are 12 inches in a


Scale 1 foot, how many square inches are there in each row? in 2 rows? in 3 rows? in 12 rows, or in 1 square foot?

## 144 square inches equal 1 square foot.

4. Draw full size on the blaekboard a yard square divided into foot squares. Draw the same one half size; one fourth size.
5. This is a yard square drawn to a still smaller scale. Measure, and find the scale. Express the scale in the form, seale: $1^{\prime \prime}=$ $\qquad$

6. How many square feet are there in a square yard?
7. Learn this table of measures af area :

$$
\begin{aligned}
144 \text { square inches (sq. in.) } & =1 \text { square foot (sq. ft.) } \\
9 \text { square feet } & =1 \text { square yard (sq. yd.) }
\end{aligned}
$$

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

220. 221. Find the area of an oblong 6 ft . by 4 ft . Moiel. Solution
In 1 row there are 6 sq. ft.
In 4 rows there are $4 \times 6$ sq. ft., or 24 eq. ft.

$$
\text { Area }=24 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft} .
$$

Draw, and fina, as above, the area of:


Scale: $1^{\prime \prime}=8^{\prime}$
2. An oblong, 8 in . by 10 in ., scale $\frac{1}{2}$.
3. An oblong, 9 in . by 7 in ., scale $\frac{1}{4}$.
4. A square, 7 ft . by 7 ft ., scale $1 \mathrm{in} . \square 8 \mathrm{ft}$.
5. An oblong, 18 yd . by 9 yd ., scale $1 \mathrm{in} .=4 \mathrm{yd}$.
6. A table top, 6 ft . by 5 ft ., scale $1 \mathrm{in} .=4 \mathrm{ft}$.
7. A floor, 6 yd . by 9 yd ., scale $1 \mathrm{in} .=4 \mathrm{yd}$.
8. A rug, 4 yd. by 7 yd., scale $1 \mathrm{in} .=4 \mathrm{yd}$.
9. An oblong kite, 30 in . by 18 in ., scale $\frac{1}{6}$.
10. A window, 7 ft . by 3 ft ., scale $1 \mathrm{in} .=2 \mathrm{ft}$.
11. A roof, 40 ft . by 28 ft ., scale $1 \mathrm{in} .=8 \mathrm{ft}$.
12. A flower bed, 25 ft . by 15 ft ., scale $1 \mathrm{in} .=10 \mathrm{ft}$.

For review or for class work vary the foregoing exercises thus:
(a) Let each pupil draw the figure for one exercise to some convenient scale, and write the scale below.
(b) Let the pupils exchange papers.
(c) Let each pupil find, by measuring the figure received and by using the scale, the true length and width and then the area.

How many square inches are there in:
13. 2 sq . ft.?
14. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ sq. ft.?
15. $2 \frac{1}{4}$ sq. ft.?
16. $5 \frac{7}{8}$ sq. ft. ?
17. $3 \frac{3}{4}$ sq. ft.?
jibat prog. Ax. -16
18. $4 \frac{5}{8}$ sq. ft.?

How many square feet are there in:
19. 2 sq. $y d$. ?
20. 15 sq. yd.?
23. A room is 24 ft . long and 21 ft . wide. How many yarls of carpet 1 yard wide are needed to cover the floor? Explain with a plan, scale $1 \mathrm{in} .=4 \mathrm{yd}$.
24. Draw a plan of a garden 160 ft . by 80 ft . to the scale $1 \mathrm{in},=16 \mathrm{ft}$. Find the perimeter and the area.
25. Find the area and the perimeter of a city lot 32 feet wide and 150 feet long.
26. Estimate the length, width, area, and perimeter of your schoolroom floor. Measure the length and the width; find the area and the perimeter.

Draw a plan of the floor, to any convenient scale.
27. Estimate and find by measuring, the area of doors, windows, blackboards, etc., in your schoolroom.

## 221. Measuring volume.

1. The inside of this box is 1 foot long, 1 foot wide, and 1 foot deep. How many subic feet will the box contain?
2. To find how many cubic inches it will hold, put a layer of inch cubes in the bottom of the box, as in the picture.

Since the bottom of the box is
 1 foot square, how many cubic inches are there in this layer?
3. Sinee the box is 1 foot high, how many such layers are required to fill the box? Find by multiplication the number of cubie inches in a cubic foot.
4. Each edge of this block is 1 yard long. What is the volume of the block?
s. Since the top face of the block is 1 yard square, how many cubic feet are there in the top layer of foot cubes? in each layer?

6. Since the block is 1 yard high, how many such layers are there? $1 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{yd}=-\mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$.
7. Learn this table of measures of volume :

$$
\begin{aligned}
1728 \text { cubic inches (cu. in.) } & =1 \text { cubic foot (cu. ft.) } \\
27 \text { cubic feet } & =1 \text { cubic yard (cu. yd.) }
\end{aligned}
$$

WRITTEN EXERCISES
222. 1. Joel's wagon box is 20 inches long, 16 inches wide, and 5 inches deep, measured on the inside. How many eubic inches of sand are required to cover the bottom to a depth of 1 in.? 2 in.? 4 in.?

How much more or less than a cubic foot of sand will the wagon box hold?
2. How many eubic feet of ice are required to fill a wagon box 9 feet long and 3 feet wide to a depth of 1 foot? to a depth of 2 feet?

How many cubic yards of ice are required to fill the wagon box to a depth of 3 feet?

ง. Mr. Sheldon has $\Omega$ water tank 18 ft . long, 4 ft . wide, and 3 ft . deep. How many cubic feet of water are there in the tank when the water is a foot deep in the tank? 2 ft . deep? when the tank is full?
4. A man loaded a car that was 8 ft . wide and 7 ft . ligh, inside measurements, with boxes 2 ft . by 2 ft . by 1 ft ., laying the boxes flatwise. How many boxes were required for one tier across the end of the ear?

How many boxes did the car hold, if it was 38 ft . long?
5. How much more than 2 cu . ft. of space will a ernte like this occupy?
6. Each half of the crate is 12 in . by $11 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. by $11 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$.,
 inside dimensions. How much less than $2 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. will the crate hold?
7. George and Alfred estimated the dimensions of a room, then found the exact dimensions by measuring, thus:

|  |  |  | Length | Width |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| George's estimate | nelght |  |  |  |
| Alfred's estimate . . . | 20 ft. | 20 ft. | 11 ft. |  |
| Measured dimensions | . | 22 ft | 18 ft. | 10 ft. |
|  |  | 21 ft. | 18 ft. | 9 ft. |

What was the actual volume of the room?
What was the volume according to George's estimate? How many cubic feet too much did his estimate give?

What was the amount of error in Alfred's estimate? Whose estimate was the more accurate?

Some boys and girls did the following work in estimating and measuring. Only the best estimates are given here. Find the true volume and the error in each case.

# Thing Measured Eathmaterd Dimeusions Sonairol immenalons <br> 8. Box $16^{\prime \prime}$ by $12^{\prime \prime}$ by $9^{\prime \prime} 15^{\prime \prime}$ by $12^{\prime \prime}$ by $10^{\prime \prime}$ <br> 9. Chalk box $7^{\prime \prime}$ by $4^{\prime \prime}$ by $4^{\prime \prime} \quad 6^{\prime \prime}$ by $4^{\prime \prime}$ by $3 子^{\prime \prime}$ <br> 10. Room $1^{\prime}$ by $14^{\prime}$ by $9^{\prime} 18^{\prime}$ by $12^{\prime}$ by $9^{\prime}$ <br> 11. Buokcase $50^{\prime \prime}$ by $16^{\prime \prime}$ by $60^{\prime \prime} \quad 54^{\prime \prime}$ by $14^{\prime \prime}$ by $60^{\prime \prime}$ <br> 12. Stone step $96^{\prime \prime}$ by $12^{\prime \prime}$ by $12^{\prime \prime} \quad 90^{\prime}$ by $10^{\prime \prime}$ by $10^{\prime \prime}$ <br> 13. Coal bin $15^{\prime}$ by $6^{\prime}$ by $8^{\prime}$ 14' by $5^{\prime}$ by $8 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime}$ 

14. Estimate and measure the dimensions and volume of various things, as boxes, rooms, cabinets, ete.

## MULTIPLICATION

## EXERCISES

223. Add in this way: "two 13 's, 26 ; three 13 's, 39 ;" etc.
224. 13

13
26
14
28
15
30 16

32
-
13
14
14
$\begin{array}{lll}15 & 15 & 16\end{array}$
16
2. 17

17
18
19
20
21
22
23 24
-
Multiply rapidly :
3. 13

13
14
14
15
15
16
16
$\underline{2}$
4. Multiply the numbers from 17 to 24 by 2. $2 \times 2 \overline{5}=$ ?

## Phemiltansive allithmbitic

3. Give the table of 2 's to 25 times 2.
4. (ive the $t$ of 3 's to 10 times 3 .

Multijuy rapidly:
7. 12

- 9
$21 \quad 11$
0
8

| 16 | 9 | 12 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 7 | 11 |

5 $\quad 15$
12
2.)
5 0
10
$\square \quad 1.5$
7
12
2
10 12
9. If 2 pineapples cont 30 cents, how much will 24 pineapples cost at the wane price?
10. If 3 peaches cost 2 cents, how much will 4 duzen peaches cost?
11. If 3 apples cost 2 cents, how inuch will 45 apples cost at the same price?
12. If 1 plun tree beam 13 peeks of plums, how many pecks will 3 such trees bear?
13. If 5 coffee trees yield 8 pounds of coffee, how many pounds will 60 trees yield? 600 trees?

Tell products at sight :

| 14. | 3000 | 3100 | 2110 | 120 | 110 | 80 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 7 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 11 | 12 |
| 15. | 1300 | 12 | 150 | 3000 | 91 | 120 |
|  | 3 | 50 | 30 | 16 | 80 | 12 |
| 16. | 142 | 121 | 303 | 202 | 194 |  |
|  | 30 | 70 | 14 | 17 | 20 | 16 |

## WRITTEN ExERCIEES

get. When you multiply by 11 or ly 12 , you should ohtain the produet by a simgle multiplication.

1. 465
$\frac{11}{5115}$
2. 523
$\frac{12}{6276}$
3. $\cdot 1051$
$\frac{12}{48612}$

Multiply by 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, and 12 :
4. 75
9. 127
14. 1025
19. (0) 87
5. 59
10. 243
15. 1962
20. 5871
6. 84
11. 506
16. 2888
21. 6009
7. 78
12. 782
17. :507
22. 7407
8. 96
13. 365
10. 3670
23. 8333
24. Multiply each of the following numbers by 5 , writing only the products:

| 48 | 96 | 87 | 58 | 344 | 4001 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 64 | 75 | 128 | 242 | 504 | 5280 |

25. Multiply the same numbers by 6 ; by 7 ; by 8 ; by 9 ; by 11 ; by 12 .

## EXerCISES

225. 226. How many are 10 times 4 ? $10 \times 12$ ? $10 \times 2.5$ ? How may any number be multiplied hy 10 ?
1. How many are 100 times 5 ? $100 \times 7$ ? $100 \times 11$ ? How many zeros annexed to 5 will change 5 units to 5 hundreds?

How may any number be multiplied by 100 ?
3. How many are 1000 times 3 ? $1000 \times 16$ ? : $000 \times 150$ ? How many zeros annexed to 3 will change 3 units to 3 thousands?
How may any number be multiplied by 1000 ?
Multiply :
4. 256 by 10
7. 225 by 100
5. 481 by 10
8. 105 by 100
6. 5000 by 10
9. 400 by 100
10. 75 by 1000
13. 364 by 1000
12. 100 by 1000

## WRITTEM Exercises

226. 227. Multiply 43 by 2000 .

43 1000 times $43=43,900$.
$\frac{2,000}{86,000} \quad 2000$ times $43=2$ times 43,000 .
8 86,000 First write three zeros in the product, for the product must be some number of thousands. Next multiply 43 by 2 to find the number of thousands. Multiply :
2. 81
3. 411
2000
6. 256 by 70
7. 409 by 80
8. 890 by 90
9. 67 by 110
10. 82 bj 120
11. 175 by 120

| 2. 81 $2000$ | $\begin{aligned} & 411 \\ & 300 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2314 \\ \quad 20 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 5. 163 <br> 120 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6. 256 by 70 | 12. 27 by 800 | 18. | 15 by 7000 |
| 7. 409 by 80 | 13. 166 by 600 | 19. | 44 by 2000 |
| 8. 890 by 90 | 14. 225 by 400 | 20. | 32 by 3000 |
| 9. 67 by 110 | 13. 625 by 120 |  | 480 by 1200 |
| 10. 82 kj 120 | 16. 435 by 200 |  | 750 by 1100 |
| 11. 175 by 120 | 17. 875 by 110 | 23. | 23 by 4000 |

24. Multiply 346 by 278.

346, multiplicand 2768 is the first partial product; 278, multiplier 2422 tens, or 24,220 , is the second 2768 2422 692 96188 , product partial product; 692 hundreds, or 69,200 , is the third partial product.
The sum of the partial products, or 96,188 , is the entire product.
Test the answer by multiplying 278 by 346.
Find products and test:
25. $135 \times 247$
26. $225 \times 144$
27. $396 \times 95$
28. $89 \times 788$
29. $415 \times 175$
40. Multiply $\$ .47$ by 206.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\$ .47 \\
\frac{206}{282} \\
00 \\
\frac{94}{\$ 96.82}
\end{gathered}
$$

30. $78 \times 967$
31. $166 \times 585$
32. $228 \times 417$
33. $756 \times 121$
34. $537 \times 145$
35. $99 \times 999$
36. $830 \times 87$
37. $281 \times 281$
38. $197 \times 287$
39. $199 \times 267$
$\$ .47$
206
282
$\frac{94}{\$ 56.82}$

Find products and test:

| 41. $16 \times 436$ | 43. $89 \times 77$ | 45. $101 \times 202$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 42. $106 \times 436$ | 44. $89 \times 707$ | 46. $308 \times 207$ |

Find the cost of:
47. 144 hats @ $\$ 2.25$.
48. 800 horses @ $\$ 132$.
49. 704 books @ $\$ 1.10$.
so. 64 pianos @ $\$ 475$.
51. 48 rings @ $\$ 16.75$.
52. 120 bicycles @ $\$ 37$.
53. 56 watches @ \$15.85.
54. 200 hammocks @ $\$ 1.35$. 62. 326 bottles perfume @ $\$ 85$.
63. Find how much it will cost to fence in a lot 18 rods long and 8 rods wide at $\$ 1.25$ a rod.
64. How much will it eost to construct a sidewalk 12 feet wide in front of a lot 33 feet wide, at $\$ 2.25$ per square yard?
65. A man bought 20 bushels of wheat for $\$ 17.50$. Afterward he bought 400 bushels at the same price. How much did the second purchase cost him?
66. How many eubic feet are there in $11 \xi$ cubic yards?
67. A car contained 170 barrels of flour. A barrel of flour weighs 196 pounds. How many pounds of flour were there in the car?
68. Find the eost of 8 dozen boxes of writing paper at $\$ .27$ per box.
69. A yard 165 feet square is inclosed on three sides by a tight board fence 6 fcet high. Find the cost of painting both sides of the fence at $\$ .15$ square yard.

## DIVISION

## ExERCISES

227. Answer quickly :
228. $8 \lcm{48} \quad 9 \lcm{63} \quad 11 \lcm{99} \quad 12 \lcm{96} \quad 11 \lcm{121} \quad 12 \lcm{108}$
229. $\frac{1}{8}$ of $81=$ ? $\frac{1}{12}$ of $144=$ ? $\frac{1}{6}$ of $84=$ ? $\frac{1}{11}$ of $132=$ ?
230. $26+2=$ ? $\quad 26+13=? \quad 32+16=$ ? $48+3=$ ?
$45+15=? \quad 42+3=$ ? $\quad \frac{1}{3}$ of $39=$ ? $\frac{1}{2}$ of $34=$ ?
231. Of what two numbers is 12 the product? Give two others.
232. Of what two numbers is 24 the product? Answer the question in as many ways as you can.
233. Do the same with other numbers from 10 to 50 .

When eggs cost $24 \phi$ per dozen, find the cost of :
8. 1 egg; 7 eggs; 12 eggs +7 eggs, or 19 eggs.
9. $\frac{1}{3}$ doz. eggs, or 4 eggs; 12 eggs +4 eggs, or 16 eggs.
10. Find the cost of 15 oranges at 36 cents a dozen, without finding the cost of 1 orange.
11. When photographs cost $\$ 4$ a dozen, how many photographs can be bought for $\$ 1$ ? for $\$ 10$ ?
12. I paid the milkman $\$ 2$ for 34 quart tickets. How many quarts of milk did he sell for a dollar?
13. A woman paid 42 cents for 3 dozen buttons. How much did they cost per dozen?
14. When 2 hoxes of berries cost 15 cents, how many boxes can be bought for 45 cents?

Tell quotients at sight:
15. $11 \lcm{77}$
$11 \lcm{770}$
7) $\lcm{5600}$
$7 \lcm{5670}$
$7 \lcm{5607}$
$\begin{aligned} & \text { 16. } 8 \lcm{6400} \quad 9 \lcm{5418} \quad 11 \lcm{2233} \\ & \text { WRITTEN EXERCISES }\end{aligned}$
228. 1. Divide 3072 by 12.

$\frac{60}{72} \quad$ The first process is called long division; the second, short divisior

Hereafter you should always use short division when the divisor is not greater , 12 .

Practice on the folum.ng exercises until you can work them all correctly in 3 minutes or less:
2. $2 \lcm{16170}$
8. $8 \lcm{50792}$
1s. $12 \lcm{1728}$
3. $3 \lcm{48210}$
9. $9 \lcm{77778}$
15. $12 \lcm{10056}$
4. $4 \lcm{70204}$
10. $8 \lcm{10000}$
16. $11 \lcm{79387}$
5. $5 \lcm{32615}$
11. $9 \lcm{10152}$
17. $11 \lcm{10505}$
6. $6 \lcm{43224}$
12. $8 \longdiv { 9 1 0 5 6 }$
18. $12 \lcm{11088}$
7. $7 \longdiv { 2 9 4 4 2 }$
13. $11 \lcm{10010}$
19. $12 \lcm{89424}$
20. Find $\frac{1}{12}$ of 20,000 .
$12 \lcm{20000}$
$1666_{1}^{\frac{8}{2}}$, or $1666 \frac{2}{3}$
How units remain to be divided by 12 ? How is $\frac{1}{12}$ of 8 , or $8+12$, written as a fraction? In what other form may we write $\frac{8}{12}$ ?

Find the value of:
22. $\frac{1}{8}$ of 1860
22. $\frac{1}{6}$ of 2726
23. $\frac{1}{1}$ of 3895
24. $\frac{1}{8}$ of 4273
25. $\frac{1}{8}$ of 2874
16. How many feet are there in $\frac{1}{8}$ of a mile?
37. A dozen collars cost $\$ 1.80$. Find the cost of one.
38. If 12 boys weigh 1032 pounds, what is their average weight; that is, the weight of eaeh, supposing that all weigh the same?
39. Louise received 86 marks in arithmetic, 78 in language, 88 in geography, and 91 in history. What was her a verage 0 .- marks in these four studies?
40. If a man earns $\$ 22.50$ in 6 days, how much does he earn per day?
41. A block of eandy 1 foot square and 1 ineh thiek was eut into inch eubes and divided equally among 9 ehildren. How many eubes did each ehild reeeive?

## ExERCISES

229. 230. Divide 90 by $10 ; 120$ by $10 ; 200$ by $10 ; 450$ by 10 . How may any number be divided by 10 ?
1. How many times is 100 contained in 500 ? in 900 ? in 1100? How may a nuniber be divided by 100 ?
2. How many times is 1000 contained in 4000 ? in 24,000 ? How may a number be divided by 1000 ?

Divide:
4. 470 by $10 \quad$ 8. 1600 by $100 \quad$ 12. 10,000 by 1000
3. 3750 by 10
9. 8900 by 100
13. 53,000 by 1000
6. 3800 by 10
10. 9000 by 100
14. 100,000 by 1000
7. 5000 by 10
11. 10,000 by 100
15. 720,000 by 1000
230. Divide:

1. 2 dimes $\lcm{18 \text { dimes }} 2$ tens $\lcm{18}$ tens $20 \lcm{180}$
2. $\$ 5 \lcm{\$ 15} 5$ hundreds $\lcm{15}$ huncireds $500 \lcm{1500}$
3. $4 \phi \lcm{12 \&} 4$ thousands $\lcm{12 \text { thousands } 4000 \lcm{12000}}$

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

1. Divide 360 by $40 ; 1600$ by $400 ; 76,000$ by 4000 . $4 \emptyset \lcm{96 \emptyset}$

$4000) \frac{76 \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset}{19}$
4 tens is contained in 36 tcus as many times as 4 is contained in $36 ; 4$ hundreds in 16 hundreds, as many times as 4 is contained in $16 ; 4$ thousonds in 76 thousands, as many times as 4 is contained in 76 .

## Divide:

2. 920 by 40
3. 5760 by 80
4. 5280 by 110
5. 1080 by 120
6. 7680 by 120
7. 33,500 by 50
8. 49,630 by 70
9. 39,000 by 130
10. 32,000 by 1600
11. 45,000 by 1500
12. $\$ 48,000$ by $\$ 240$
13. $\$ 34,170$ by $\$ 170$
14. $\$ 42,140$ by $\$ 140$
15. $\$ 54,000$ by $\$ 2000$
16. $\$ 81,000$ by $\$ 3000$
17. How many lots eosting $\$ 500$ eaeh can be bought for $\$ 16,000$ ?
18. How long will it take a train to run 600 miles at the rate of 40 miles an hour?

## EXARCISES

231. 232. How many times is 12 eontained in 24 ? How many times is 8 contained in 24 ? Why is the quotent larger in the latter ease?
1. Divide 60 by 12 ; by 10 . Whieh result is the larger? Whieh gives the larger quotient, $480+12$ or $480+10$ ? Why is the quotient larger?

Tell quotients: Estimate quotients: Estimate quotients:
3. $60+12=5 \quad 60+11=5+$ rem. $60+13=4+$ rem.
4. $-20+20=5 \quad 100+19=5+$
$100+21=4+$
5. $160+20=8 \quad 160+19=$ ? $160+21=$ ?
6. $210+30=$ ?
$210 \div 29=$ ?
$210+31=$ ?
7. $160+40=$ ?
$160+39=$ ?
$160+41=$ ?
8. $250+50=$ ?
$250+49=$ ?
$250+51=$ ?
9. $240+30=$ ?
$240+28=$ ?
$240+32=$ ?
10. $320+40=$ ?
$320+38=$ ?
$320+42=$ ?

Give quotients at sight, reading across the page:

| 13. $180+20$ | $180+19$ | $180+21$ | $180+22$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12. $270+30$ | $270+29$ | $270+31$ | $270+28$ |
| 13. $200+40$ | $200+39$ | $200+41$. | $200+42$ |
| 14. $400+50$ | $400+48$ | $400+52$ | $400+49$ |
| 15. $360+60$ | $360+59$ | $360+61$ | $360+63$ |
| 16. $420+70$ | $420+68$ | $420+72$ | $420+67$ |
| 17. $320+80$ | $320+77$, | $320+81$ | $320+84$ |
| 18. $450+90$ | $450+88$ | $450+92$ | $450+87$ |

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

232. 233. Divide 25,272 by 78 .

324 Sinee 78 is only a little less than 80 , the
78) $\mathbf{2 5 2 7 2}$ first figure of the quotient is estimated by

234
187
156
312
$\underline{312}$ dividing 252 by 80 , or 25 by 8 , whieh gives 3. Multiplying 78 by 3 and subtraeting the product from 252 gives a remainder less than the divisor. Therefore 3 is the eorrect figure in the quotient.
The seeond figure of the quotient is estimated by dividing 18 by 8 , giving 2 , which is shown to be the correet figure by multiplying and subtracting as before.
Since $31+8$ is nearly 4 , and the true divisor is a little less than 80 , we estimate the last figure of the quotient to be 4. The test by multiplication and subtraction shows that 4 is the correct figure, and that the division is exaet.
The quotient, then, is 324 .

## Divide:

2. 456 by 10
3. 672 by 21
4. 980 by 29
5. 1302 by 31
6. 1092 by 39
7. 1066 by 41
8. 1218 by 29
9. 2842 by 49
10. 2346 by 51
11. 1716 by 52
12. 4425 by 59
13. 2074 by 61
14. 1922 by 62
15. 1449 by 69
16. 2414 by 71
17. 3318 by 79
18. 2916 by 81
19. 3738 by 89
20. 4914 by 01
21. 3168 by 09
22. 1616 by 101
23. 4687 by 109
24. 2664 by 111
25. 3027 by 119
26. 4114 by 121
27. 5246 by 122

## ExERCISES

233. Estimate the first figure of the quotient; test your estimate by multiplying inentally: (Read across the page.)
234. $1700+32 \quad 2000+42$ $2600+52$ $3200+62$
235. $2160+54$
$2500+64$
$2970+74$
$3700+94$
236. $1380+23 \quad 3200+53$
$3100+53$
$4250+73$
237. $1080+36$
$1400+46$
$3000+76 \quad 2900+96$
ร. $3840 \div 52 \quad 4400+62$
$5040+72 \quad 5700+82$
238. $3600+18$
$5740 \div 28$ that prog. at. -16
$7790+38 \quad 1360 \div 68$

## WRITTEN EXERCIAEA

284. 285. Divide $\$ 10,812$ by $\$ 53$.

| $\frac{204}{204}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 5 3 \longdiv { 1 0 8 1 2 }$ | $3 5 3 \longdiv { \$ 1 0 8 1 2 }$ |
| $\frac{103}{21}$ | $\frac{100}{212}$ |
| $\frac{00}{212}$ |  |
| 212 |  |

What is the first remainder? Annexing 1, what is the new dividend?

When we see the new dividend 21 , why do we write 0 in the quotient?

The figures 00 written under 21 may be omitted, as in the short process. As soon as 0 is written in the quotient, 2, the next figure of the dividend, may be brought down to form the next new dividend.

Teat the answer by multiplying $\$ 53$ by 204.
Divide, and test:
2. $\$ 1792$ by 32
3. $\$ 6150$ by 82
4. $\$ 2156$ by 22
5. $\$ 4745$ by $\$ 73$
6. $\$ 2438$ by $\$ 53$
7. $\$ 3196$ by $\$ 94$
8. $\$ 1035$ by $\$ 45$
9. $\$ 3612$ by 84
10. 33,852 by 84
11. $\$ 2080$ by 65
12. 19,630 by 65
13. 17,408 by 68
14. 12,654 by 57
15. 15,756 by 78
16. 13,068 by 99
17. 17,475 by 75
18. 21,952 by 64
19. 28,992 by 96
20. 16,037 by 79
21. 29,078 by 67
22. 28,101 by 87

## Exurctice

235. Fatinate the fint figure of the quotient ; test your estimute by multiplying mentally: (Rend neross the page.)
236. $1610+23 \quad 2350+33 \quad 3000+43 \quad 3790+53$
237. $2010+67 \quad 2310+77 \quad 2700+87 \quad 2900+97$
238. $5400+18 \quad 8400+28 \quad 2000+68 \quad 2700+38$
239. $1840+46 \quad 2640+60 \quad 35(00+86 \quad 22(0)+56$
240. $2040+34 \quad 8425+14 \quad 4411+7.1 \quad 7377+94$
241. $5700+19 \quad 880(0)+29 \quad 1160+39 \quad 1500+49$
242. $3780+54 \quad 50000+7.4 \quad 1600+24 \quad 3000+44$
243. $5120+64 \quad 6720+84 \quad 2800+34 \quad 7500+94$
244. $2450+35 \quad 3180+45 \quad 5700+85 \quad 4500+65$

## WRITTEN ExERCISES

236. Find quotients, and remainders if there are any:
237. $1,671+23$
238. $2,400+77$
239. $2,750+87$
240. $3,700+53$
241. $4,440+63$
242. $2,760+87$
243. $5,598+18$
244. $2,108+68$
245. $20,468+63$
246. $26,664+46$
247. $2,904+46$
248. $8,428+14$
249. $5,629+74$
250. $3,080+54$
251. $27,381+54$
252. $6,100+19$
253. $5,000+74$
254. $12,597+39$
255. $18,375+75$
256. $17,328+57$
257. $18,174+78$
258. $19,900+99$
259. $51,712+64$
260. $21,312+48$
261. $\cdot 65,195+85$
262. $41,985+27$
263. $76,641+46$
264. $90,816+86$
265. $21,864+24$
266. $40,000+99$

## WRITTEN EXPRCIEES

887. 2. Divide 8512 by 243 ; alse 85057 by 243 .
$\frac{35}{243) 8512}$
$\frac{729}{1222}$
$\frac{1215}{7}$
$2 4 3 \longdiv { 8 5 0 5 7 } \frac { 3 5 0 _ { 2 } } { \frac { 7 2 0 } { 1 2 1 5 } }$
$\frac{1215}{7}$

Divide:
2. 0,900 by 156
3. 50,160 by 114
4. 27,375 by 125
3. 86,450 by 133
6. 33,785 by 145
7. 51,500 by 150
8. 41,976 by 198
9. 12,100 by 354
10. 85,580 by 389
11. 11,571 by 133
12. 58,410 by 177
13. 71,111 by 176
14. 32,107 by 331
15. 25,801 by 344
26. 46,420 by 844
17. 30,649 by 928
18. 35,310 by 535
19. 34,899 by 646
20. 34,515 by 767
21. 34,720 by 868
22. 77,895 by 577
23. 97,350 by 244
24. 63,875 by 666
25. 43,967 by 999
26. 98,175 by 187
27. 84,668 by 244
28. 76,874 by 266
29. 84,501 by 229

## WatTTEN ExERCISES

288. 289. How many dayes are there in 2520 houns?
1. A fruit dealor lought 44 crntes of pineapples for 803.80. Find the price per crate.
2. If 25 village lota cont $8312 \%$, low much will 1 lot cost? 7 lots?
3. At a elambake 2160 clans were provided for 135 persons. How many were provided for a fmaily of four?
4. The cost of making a mile of new gravel road was 83840. How much did it cost per rod?
5. A newspaper press has a capacity of 308 papers pel minute. How long will it take to print 18,480 pmpers?
6. A bushel of wheat weighs 60 pounds. How many bushels are there in a car load weighing 31,200 pounds?
7. A car containing 672 bushels of grain was unloaded in 16 minutes. How many bushels were unloaded in 1 minute? in 5 ininutes?
8. All electric letter-stamping machine in use in $\Omega$ German post office stamped 70,200 letters in 39 minutes. How mony letters did it stamp per minute?
9. A fast freight ran 992 miles from Port Arthur to Montreal in 55 hours. Find its rate per hour.
10. The copper ore taken from a mine in one year was valued at $\$ 88,972$. How many tons of ore were mined, if the average value per ton was $\$ 58$ ?
11. A grueer tuugitt a car load of oranges, 362 boxes, for $\$ 814.50$. How much did he pay for a box? for 50 boxes?

## REVIEW

239. 240. What measures are used in measuring short lengths or distances? long ones?
1. Give the table of measures of length.
2. What measures are generally used to measure milk? oil? peanuts? meat? potatoes? candy? rice? corn? molasses? sugar? cloth? carpet? area of a floor? volume of a small box? volume of a room?
3. Give the table of liquid measures; of dry measures; of area measures; of volume measures.
4. Draw a diagram and show that a square yard equals 9 square feet. Show that $1 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{yd} .=27 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$.
5. Show how the number of square inches in a square foot is obtained; the number of cubic inches in a cubic foot.

## ExPRCISES

240. Name these fractions in order of size, beginning with the fraction of least value in each case:
241. $\frac{3}{6}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{5}{6}$.
242. $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{4}$.
243. $\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{9}{8}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{8}, \frac{5}{8}$.
244. $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{12}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{7}{12}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{2}$.
245. How many dozen oranges are there in a box containing 96 oranges? 126 oranges? $1 \%$ oranges?
246. Our Thanksgiving Day turkey weighed $14 \frac{1}{4}$ pounds. Find the cost at $\$ .20$ a pound.
247. Percy spent 5 cents, or $\frac{1}{6}$ of his moncy, for peanuts. How much money had he at first? What part of his money had he left?
248. Ethel had 25 cents and spent $\frac{5}{5}$ of her money riding on a merry-go-round. How much money did she spend? What part of her money had she left?

Frank, Clara, Mabel, and Alfred made pop corn balls and candy according to the following recipes:

| Por Corn Balla | Pranut Candy | Walnet Candy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. molasses | $\frac{8}{4}$ pt. molasses | 1 pt . molasses |
| $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}$. butter | $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{lb}$. butter | $\frac{1}{8} \mathrm{lb}$. butter |
| 4 lb . red sugar | 5 qt . peanuts | $\frac{8}{4}$ lb. brown sugar |
| $2 \frac{1}{2}$ lb. shelled pop corn | salt | $2 \frac{1}{2}$ lb. English walnuts |
|  |  | 1 tablespoon vinegar |

9. Frank bought the molasses. How many pints did he buy? How much did it cost at $\$ .32$ a gallon?
10. Clara bought the butter at $\$ .24$ a pound and the pop corn at $\$ .10$ a pound. How much did she expend?
11. Mabel bought the sugar. She paid 4 cents a pound for brown sugar and 2 cents an ounce for red sugar. How much did she expend for sugar?
12. Alfred bought the peanuts at 5 cents a quart and the English walnuts at 16 cents a pound. How much did both cost?
13. Find the cost of all the materials, allowing 1 cent for the cost of salt and vinerar.

## WRITTEN EXERCISEA

241. 242. Add: $\$ 150, \$ 17.85, \$ 42.60, \$ 984.10, \$ 2012$.
1. Subtract these numbers from $100,000: 100$; 1000 ; 10,000 ; 576 ; $8576 ; 62,384$.
2. Subtract from $\$ 5.00$ :

| $\$ 4.10$ | $\$ 3.27$ | $\$ 3.16$ | $\$ 1.85$ | $75 \notin$ | $\$ .63$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 4.75$ | $\$ 2.50$ | $\$ 4.19$ | $\$ 2.71$ | $48 \&$ | $\$ .82$ | Multiply:

4. $\$ 426$ by 8
5. $\$ 375$ by 9
6. $\$ 785$ by 11
7. $\$ 496$ by 12
8. $\$ 989$ by 70

Find parts:
19. $\frac{1}{8}$ of 3275
20. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 7623
22. $\frac{1}{6}$ of 3252
22. $\frac{1}{8}$ of 5280
23. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 3212
24. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 1624
25. $\frac{1}{8}$ of 5004
26. $\frac{1}{4}$ of $\$ 38.76$
27. $\frac{1}{8}$ of $\$ 32.64$
28. $\frac{1}{12}$ of 17,028
9. 264 by 120
10. 322 by 130
11. 303 by 160
12. $\$ 796$ by 87
13. $\$ 948$ by 96

Find quotients:
29. $\$ 5720 \div 65$
30. $\$ 3510+\$ 78$
31. $\$ 2442 \div 37$
32. $\$ 3648 \div \$ 48$
33. $\$ 4089 \div 47$
34. $\$ 5226+\$ .8$
35. $\$ 87 f^{?} \div+127$
36. $\$ 7303 \div 109$
37. $\$ 9591 \div 139$
38. $\$ 9652 \div 508$
14. 751 by 128
15. 265 by 379
26. 301 by 103
17. 285 by 320
18. 909 by 102

Divide:
39. $57,420 \div 660$
40. $45,280 \div 56$
47. $29,811+828$
42. $73,855 \div 746$
43. $82,940+319$
44. $26,680 \div 117$
45. $86,245 \div 98$
46. $89,991+09$
47. $98,010 \div 99$
18. $64,280+309$

## WRITTEA ExERCISES

242. 243. Hugh's horse Dexter lost a shoe, and the other three were loose. At Mr. Daly's shop he found that it cost $\$ .35$ a shoe to reset the old shoes and $\$ .50$ for a new shoe; but he had 4 new shoes put on. How much less would it have cost to use the old shoes?
1. It took 2 hours to shoe the horse. If shoes, calks, and nails cost $34 \%$,
 how much did Mr. Daly receive per hour for his work?
2. Mr. Daly selected 21 -ounce shoes for the front feet and 18 -ounce shoes for the hind feet. He shaped the shoes and welded a toe calk weighing 3 ounces to each shoe. How much did Dexter's shoes weigh?
3. Mr. Daly told Hugh that he had shod a race horse with 11 -ounce shoes in front and 6 -ounce shoes behind; also a draught horse with 30 -ounce shoes all around. How much heavier shoes did the draught horse wear than the race horse?
4. The nails used in the draught horse's shois were $2 \frac{3}{8}$ inches long, and the shortest ones in. the race horse's shoes $1 \frac{9}{16}$ inches. Find the difference in length.
5. A 100 -pound keg of horseshoes contained 65 horjeshoes and cost $\$ 5.20(520 \%)$. Find the cost per poun. $i$ and per shoe.

## ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION ExERCISES

248. 249. Count by 3's from 1 to 100 ; by 4's from 2 to 98 ; by 5 's from 3 to 98.
1. Count by 6 's from 2 to 98 ; from 4 to 100 ; from 5 to 95.
2. Count by 7's from 1 to 99 ; from 3 to 94 ; from 6 to 97 . Count by 8 's from 1 to 97 ; from 3 to 99 ; from 6 to 94.
3. Count by 9 's from 2 to 92 ; from 4 to 94 ; from 7 to 97 .
4. Count by 10 's from 4 to 94 ; by 11 's from 5 to 93 .
5. Count backward from 100 by 2 's; by 3 's; by 4 's; by 5 's; by $6 ' s$; by $7 ' s$; by $8 ' s$; by $9 ' s$; by $10 ' s$; by 11 's.

## EXERCISES

244. Add and subtract rapidly :

Add in exercise 1, thus: " $45,65,72$. ." Subtract in this way:

| $\text { 1. } \begin{array}{r} 45 \\ 28 \end{array}$ | 66 | 82 | 43 | 54 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 42 | 69 | 37 | 34 | 75 | 96 | 88 |
|  |  |  |  | 38 | $\underline{24}$ | 52 | 43 |
| 2. 61 | 43 | 36 | 28 | 46 | 55 | 64 | 83 |
| 32 | 15 | 28 | 19 | 28 |  | 64 | 83 |
|  |  |  | 19 | 28 | 37 | 46 | 57 |
| 3. 72 | 67 | 94 | 65 | 48 | 86 | 42 | 74 |
| 29 | 58 | 18 | 26 | 39 | 47 | 19 | 74 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |
|  | 82 | 53 | 46 | 75 | 37 | 97 | 88 |
| 48 | 37 | $\underline{29}$ | 45 | 57 | 26 | 68 | 49 |

3. A farmer who had 51 cows sold 17 of them. How many liad he left?
4. A woman paid $56 \%$ for a pound of tea and $39 \%$ for a pound of coffee. How much did both cost?
5. From a barrel containing 50 gallons of paint, 18 gallons were sold. How much was left?
6. Roy traveled 64 miles. He went 17 miles in a sleigh and the rest of the way by train. How far did he go by train?
7. There are 16 boys in the arithmetic class and 31 girls. How many pupils are there in the class?
8. Oscar spent $54 \%$ for valentines, and his brother spent 38\%. How much did both boys spend?

How much more did Oscar spend than his brother?

## WRITTRN ERRCISES

245. Subtract and $\mid$ st:

Practice until you can do exercises $1-15$ in less than $3 \frac{1}{2}$ minutes.

| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$275.50 | \$589.72 | \$326.17 | \$603.00 | \$428.62 |
| 113.24 | 297.86 | 89.68 | 446.36 | 147.93 |
| 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. |
| \$790.74 | \$235.40 | \$823.95 | \$361.33 | $\$ 993.81$ |
| 346.98 | 65.75 | 536.28 | 84.66 | 798.47 |
| 11. | 12. | 13. | 14. | 15. |
| \$420.53 | \$706.04 | \$900.00 | \$640.30 | \$805.07 |
| 25.86 | 472.85 | 639.22 | 350.64 | 99.99 |

Add and test exercises $16-25$ in less than 8 minutes:

| 16. | 17. |  | 10. | . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39,636 | 23,809 | 18. | 19. | 20. |
| 14,684 | 23,803 7,634 | 4,68 | 7,348 | 28,398 |
| 49,871 | 19,872 | 4,689 57,923 | 42,789 | 76,495 |
| 27,588 | 56,391 | 57,923 | 16 | 48,973 |
| 89,663 | 5,391 4,589 | 12, 37 | 8,547 | 52,798 |
| 68,942 | 73,862 | 12,463 | 96,873 | 86,698 |
|  |  | 899 | 8,439 | 98,765 |
| 21. | 22. | 23. | 24. | 25. |
| \$134.50 | \$896.38 | \$475.89 | \$563.47 | ¢807.69 |
| 296.22 | 147.99 | 742.7 | \$503.47 | \$897.69 |
| 452.31 | 89.74 | 74.78 9.27 | 28.69 | 576.39 |
| 235.54 | 5.30 | 9.27 | 8.00 | 768.48 |
| 648.25 | 67.28 | . 63 | . 96 | 947.96 |
| 379.86 | 795.89 | 27.45 | . 08 | 678.89 |
| 523.75 | 427.76 | 638.03 | 89.76 | 836.78 |
|  | 427.76 | 277.54 | 798.65 | 458.99 |

## MULTIPLICATION

## EXERCISES

246. 247. Count by 2 's from 0 to 100 ; by 3 's to 99 ; by 4's to 96 ; by 5 's to 100 .
1. Count by 6 's from 0 to 96 ; by 7 's to 98 ; by 8 's to 96 ; by 9 's to 108 .
2. Count by 10 's from 0 to 120 ; by 11 's to 132 ; by 12 's to 144 .
3. Count by 13 's from 0 to 52 ; by 14 's to $4 \overline{2}$; by 15 's to 45 ; by 16 's to 48 .

## multiplication table

247. Thoroughly review and memorize:

| $\begin{array}{r} 1 \times 1=1 \\ 2 \times 1=2 \\ 3 \times 1=3 \\ 4 \times 1=4 \\ 5 \times 1=5 \\ 6 \times 1=6 \\ 7 \times 1=7 \\ 8 \times 1=8 \\ 9 \times 1=9 \\ 10 \times 1=10 \\ 11 \times 1=11 \\ 12 \times 1=12 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \times 2=2 \\ 2 \times 2=4 \\ 3 \times 2=6 \\ 4 \times 2=8 \\ 5 \times 2=10 \\ 6 \times 2=12 \\ 7 \times 2=14 \\ 8 \times 2=16 \\ 9 \times 2=18 \\ 10 \times 2=20 \\ 11 \times 2=2 \\ 12 \times 2=24 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \times 3=3 \\ 2 \times 3=6 \\ 3 \times 3=9 \\ 4 \times 3=12 \\ 5 \times 3=15 \\ 6 \times 3=18 \\ 7 \times 3=21 \\ 8 \times 3=24 \\ 9 \times 3=27 \\ 10 \times 3=30 \\ 11 \times 3=33 \\ 12 \times 3=36 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \times 4=4 \\ 2 \times 4=8 \\ 3 \times 4=12 \\ 4 \times 4=16 \\ 5 \times 4=20 \\ 6 \times 4=24 \\ 7 \times 4=28 \\ 8 \times 4=32 \\ 9 \times 4=36 \\ 10 \times 4=40 \\ 11 \times 4=44 \\ 12 \times 4=48 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{r} 1 \times 5=5 \\ 2 \times 5=10 \\ 3 \times 5=15 \\ 4 \times 5=20 \\ 5 \times 5=25 \\ 6 \times 5=30 \\ 7 \times 5=35 \\ 8 \times 5=40 \\ 9 \times 5=45 \\ 10 \times 5=50 \\ 11 \times 5=55 \\ 12 \times 5=60 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \times 6=6 \\ 2 \times 6=12 \\ 3 \times 6=18 \\ 4 \times 6=24 \\ 5 \times 6=30 \\ 6 \times 6=36 \\ 7 \times 6=42 \\ 8 \times 6=48 \\ 9 \times 6=54 \\ 10 \times 6=60 \\ 11 \times 6=66 \\ 12 \times 6=72 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rl} 1 \times 7 & =7 \\ 2 \times 7 & =14 \\ 3 \times 7 & =21 \\ 4 \times 7 & =28 \\ 5 \times 7 & =35 \\ 6 \times 7 & =42 \\ 7 \times 7 & =49 \\ 8 \times 7 & =56 \\ 9 \times 7 & =63 \\ 10 \times 7 & =70 \\ 11 \times 7 & 7=77 \\ 12 \times 7 & \times 84 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \times 8=8 \\ 2 \times 8=16 \\ 3 \times 8=24 \\ 4 \times 8=32 \\ 5 \times 8=40 \\ 6 \times 8=48 \\ 7 \times 8=56 \\ 8 \times 8=64 \\ 9 \times 8=72 \\ 10 \times 8=80 \\ 11 \times 8=88 \\ 12 \times 8=96 \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{r} 1 \times 9=9 \\ 2 \times 9=18 \\ 3 \times 9=27 \\ 4 \times 9=36 \\ 5 \times 9=45 \\ 6 \times 9=54 \\ 7 \times 9=63 \\ 8 \times 9=72 \\ 9 \times 9=81 \\ 10 \times 9=90 \\ 11 \times 9=99 \\ 12 \times 9=108 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \times 10=10 \\ 2 \times 10=20 \\ 3 \times 10=30 \\ 4 \times 10=40 \\ 5 \times 10=50 \\ 6 \times 10=60 \\ 7 \times 10=70 \\ 8 \times 10=80 \\ 9 \times 10=90 \\ 10 \times 10=100 \\ 11 \times 10=110 \\ 12 \times 10=120 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \times 11=11 \\ 2 \times 11=22 \\ 3 \times 11=33 \\ 4 \times 11=44 \\ 5 \times 11=55 \\ 6 \times 11=66 \\ 7 \times 11=77 \\ 8 \times 11=88 \\ 9 \times 11=99 \\ 10 \times 11=110 \\ 11 \times 11=121 \\ 12 \times 11=132 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \times 12=12 \\ 2 \times 12=24 \\ 3 \times 12=36 \\ 4 \times 12=48 \\ 5 \times 12=60 \\ 6 \times 12=72 \\ 7 \times 12=84 \\ 8 \times 12=96 \\ 9 \times 12=108 \\ 10 \times 12=120 \\ 11 \times 12=132 \\ 12 \times 12=144 \end{array}$ |

## 5xperaze

848. Multiply, giving results instantly :

| 1. | 5 | 7 | 8 | 2 | 11 | 6 | 3 | 10 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\underline{6}$ | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{9}$ | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{0}$ | $\underline{7}$ | $\underline{9}$ |
| 2. | 7 | 6 | 0 | 7 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 7 |
|  | $\underline{7}$ | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{11}$ | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{12}$ | $\underline{9}$ | $\underline{6}$ |
|  | - | $\underline{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

3. $\begin{array}{llllllll}8 & 5 & 11 & 8 & 6 & 4 & 11 & 12\end{array}$
4. 10

| 10 | 9 | 7 | 9 | 7 | 5 | 0 | 7 | 8 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 7 | 9 | 8 | 11 | $\underline{9}$ | $\underline{12}$ | $\underline{6}$ | $\underline{12}$ | $\underline{9}$ |

5. $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrr}12 & 10 & 9 & 11 & 10 & 8 & 11 & 11 & 12\end{array}$

| 8 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 12 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

6. $\begin{array}{lllllllll}13 & 13 & 13 & 14 & 14 & 15 & 15 & 15 & 16\end{array}$

| 2 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

7. $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrr}16 & 17 & 18 & 20 & 20 & 20 & 24 & 25 & 25 \\ 3 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 2 & 3 & 4\end{array}$
8. What is the perimeter of a 12 -foot square?
9. If a horse travels 6 miles an hour, how far at that rate will he go in 8 hours?
10. If a window contains 6 panes of glass, how many panes do 11 such windows contain?
11. How many quarts of milk are there in 12 сй containing 8 quarts?
12. Find the cost of 2 lb . of beefsteak at 18 f a pound.
13. Find the cost of 2 collars (a) 15\% ; of 3 ties (a) $25 \%$.
14. When sugar is sold at the rate of 16 pounds for $\$ 1$, how many pounds can be bought for $\$ 3$ ?
15. Find how many square rods there are in a lot 9 rods wide and 12 rods long.
16. At $\$ 3$ an acre, how much will it cost to plow a field containing 15 acres?
written exircise
17. Multiply by $6,7,8,9,11$, and 12 :
18. 48
19. 97
20. 269
21. 848
22. $\$ 74.89$
23. $\$ 476.25$
24. 319.72
25. $\$ 638.63$

Multiply :
2. 276 by 400
12. 89 by 2000
13. 78 by 5000
14. 99 by 7000
22. $\$ 74.39$ by 49
22. $\$ 83.76$ by 65
23. $\$ 68.92$ by 78
26. $\$ 8.39$ by 759

Find products and test:
3. $873 \times 507$
27. $237 \times 456$
28. $468 \times 509$
29. $608 \times 258$
30. $805 \times 387$
32. $594 \times 603$
32. $706 \times 498$
34. $908 \times 702$
35. $689 \times 508$
36. $796 \times 609$
37. $857 \times 786$
38. $968 \times 897$

## measuring

## Exirctare

250. 251. Find the number of inehes in a yard; in $\ddagger y$ d.; in $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{yd}$. ; in $\frac{4}{4} \mathrm{yd}$. ; in $1 \frac{1}{\mathrm{yd}}$. ; in 101 yd .
1. Draw a line 1 yard loug. Divide it into halves. Mark off the feet. How many feet are there in $\frac{1}{2}$ yd.?
2. How many feet are there in 1 yd .1 ft .? in 1 yd . $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ ? in $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{yd}$ ? in $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{yd}$ ? in $5 \frac{1}{3} y \mathrm{dd}$ ?

What is the distance $5 \frac{1}{2}$ yards called?
4. How many rods are there in a mile? in $\frac{1}{2}$ mile? in $t$ mile? in $\frac{8}{4}$ nile? in $\frac{1}{8}$ mile?
s. Give the table of measures of length.
6. How many square inehes are there in a square foot? How many square feet are there in a square yard?

$$
\frac{1}{\mathrm{Iz}} \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft} .=-\mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{in} . \quad \text { is sq. } \mathrm{yd} .=\square \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft} .
$$

7. Give the table of measures of volume.
$\frac{9}{3} \mathrm{eu} . \mathrm{yd} .=-\mathrm{eu} . \mathrm{ft} . \quad 1 \frac{1}{\mathrm{~s}} \mathrm{eu} . \mathrm{yd} .=\square \mathrm{eu} . \mathrm{ft}$.
e. Give the table of liquid measure ; of dry measure.
8. How many quarts are there in 1 gal. 2 qt.? in $1 \frac{1}{2}$ gal.? in $2 \frac{3}{4}$ gal.? in 5 gal. 1 qt .? in $10 \frac{1}{2}$ gal.?
9. How many pints are there in a gallon? in $\frac{1}{2}$ gal.? in $\frac{7}{8}$ gal.? in $1 \frac{1}{2}$ gal.? in $12 \frac{1}{2}$ gal.?
10. How many peeks are there in 1 bu .2 pk .? in $2 \frac{1}{2}$ bu.? in $1 \frac{3}{4}$ bu.? in $2 \frac{1}{4}$ bu.?
11. How many quarts are there in a bushel? in $\frac{8}{8}$ bu.?

## WRITTEN ExBRCISES

261. 262. How many feet are there in 5 yards 2 feet?
a. How many quarts are there in 5 bushels?

## Solution

$1 \mathrm{yd} .=3 \mathrm{ft}$.
$5 \mathrm{yd} .=5 \times 3 \mathrm{ft}=15 \mathrm{ft}$.
$8 \mathrm{yd} .2 \mathrm{ft} .=15 \mathrm{ft} .+2 \mathrm{ft} .=17 \mathrm{ft}$.

Solution
$1 \mathrm{bu} .=4 \mu \mathrm{k} . ; 1 \mathrm{pk} .=8 \mathrm{qt}$.
$1 \mathrm{bu}=4 \times 8 \mathrm{ft}-32 \mathrm{qt}$. $5 \mathrm{bu} .=\delta \times 32 \mathrm{qt} .=160 \mathrm{qt}$.

Finding the number of feet in 5 yurls 2 feet is called reducing 5 yards 2 feet to feet. Finding the number of quarts in 5 bushels is called reducing 5 bushels to quarts.

Reduce:
3. 14 yd .2 ft . to feet.
3. 8 gal. 2 qt. to quarts.
4. $5 \mathrm{yd} .1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. to feet.
6. 12 pk .4 qt . to quarts.
7. 11 gal. to pints.
9. 3 bu. to quarts.
10. 2 lb .5 oz . to ounces.
11. 3 mi .20 rd . to rods.
13. 3 yd . to inches.
22. 23 mi . to rods.
e. 5 sq. $y$ d. 5 sq. ft. to sq. ft.
14. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ sq. yd. to sq. in.
15. Mt. Ste uen is 10,450 feet high (above sea level). How many feet less than 3 miles high is it?
16. A can for maple syrup is 5 in . by 5 in . by $9 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. How much more or less chan a gallon ( $277 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{cu}$. in.) will it hold?

## 252. Measuring time.

1. Write the present date. What time measures are used in writing dates? Name several smaller time measures.
2. How many hands has a watch? The smallest liand is called the second hand.
3. How many little apraces does the second hand move over while the minute hand moves over one minute space?

How many secouls, then, equal one minute?

4. Learn this table of measures of time:

$$
\begin{aligned}
60 \text { seconds (sec.) } & =1 \text { minute (min.) } \\
60 \text { minutes } & =1 \text { hour (hr.) } \\
24 \text { hours } & =1 \text { day (da.) } \\
7 \text { days } & -1 \text { week (wk.) } \\
365 \text { days } & -1 \text { year (yr.) }
\end{aligned}
$$

5. There are 12 months in n year. Name them.
6. Four of these months have 30 days each. All the rest, except February, have 31 days each.

February usually has 28 dnys, but once in four years it has 29 days. The yenrs in which February has 29 days are called leap years. Leap years have 306 days.

Thirty days have September,
April, June, and November.
All the rest have thirty-one,
Save February, which alone
Has twenty-aight: and one day morn
We add to it one year in four.

## WRITTEN ExR2cIaE

258. Reduce and exphain each reduction:
259. 58 min. to meconds.
$\&$. lir. 20 min. to minutes.
3 yr. 15 da. to days.
260. 16 wk. 3 da. to days.
261. $2 \frac{1}{g} \mathrm{hr}$. to secoulds.
c. 3 da. 12 hr. to hours.
watch gained 2 minutes duriug Septenuber. How 111.y seconds did it gain a day?
262. A home trotted a mile in 2 min. 12 sec. How many lid? the horse trot per secuid?

## 254. Measuring welght.

1. Name things sold by the pound; by the ounce.
2. The butcher sells moat by the pound. He buys it by the hundred pounds, or hundredweight.

How do you think cattle, hogs, and sheep are sold?
3. The dairyman often suys bran and feed by the hundredweight.

The dealer buys such things in larger quantities, by the 2000 pounds, or ton.

Mention other articles sold by the ton.

4. How many hundredweight are there in a ton?
s. The British ton is 2240 ponnds, called a long ton. It is used in Canada for weighing coal at the mines.
6. Learn this table of measures of weight:

```
    16 ounces (02.) == 1 pound (lb).
100 pounds = 1 hundredweight (cwt.)
    20 hundredweight =1 ton (T.)
2240 pounds = }1\mathrm{ long ton (L.T.)
```


## WRITTEN EXERCISES

205. Rcduce, and explain cach reduction:
206. 4 lb .8 oz . to ounces.
207. $7 \frac{3}{4}$ T. to cwt.
208. 121 cwt . to pounds.
209. $\frac{1}{10}$ T. to ounces.
210. 3 T. 375 lb . to pounds.
211. 5 cwt. 80 lb . to lb.

Find the cost of :
7. $2 \neq$ T. of hay at $\$ 11.60$ per ton.
8. 2 '.$~ 6 \mathrm{cwt}$. of bran at $\$ 1.20$ per cwt.
9. 32 T . of coal at $\$ 4.50$ per ton.
10. $7 \frac{1}{2}$ cwt. of beef at $\$ 10.40$ per cwt.
11. 145 cwt . of bar iron at $\$ 2.05$ per cwt.
12. 200 long tons of stecl rails @ $\$ 28$.
\%.55. Measuring land.
入. What is the area of a building lot 30 ft . by 150 ft .?
2. A square, each of whose sides is 1 rod long, is called a square rod (sq. rd.).
3. What, then, is the area of a pasturc lot 10 rods by 16 rods? of a garden 20 rods by 8 rods?

160 square rods is called an acre (A.).
4. Tell in acres the area of the pasture lot mentioned in exercise 3; the area of the garden.
5. What is the area in acres of a peach orchard 40 rods square? of a cotton ficld 30 rods long and 60 rods wide?

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

257. 258. Several years ago Mr. Taylor bought the tract of land 160 rods square, shown in this $n a_{1}$, with its corners marked $\oplus$. How much did the land cost him at $\$ 25$ an acre?
1. When the roads on the east and west sides were laid out, each 4 rods wide, half the width of each was taken from Mr. Taylor's land. How many acres less had he than before?

2. Mr. Taylor sold the north half of his farm, between the roads, to Mr. Holden, at $\$ 45$ an acre. How much did he receive for that part of his farm?
3. Later he sold the southwest quarter, 78 rd . by 80 rd ., to Mr . Hall, at $\$ 65$ per acre, and the southeast quarter to Mr . Lee at $\$ 75$ per acre. How much did he receive for each of these farms?
4. Mr. Lee's corn field is 80 rd . by 46 rd ; his meadow, 60 rd. by 32 rd . ; and the lot for buildings, garden, etc., 20 rd . by 32 rd . Find the number of acres in each part.

- Before Prince St., Princess St., and Pearl St. were laid out, Mr. Adams paid $\$ 120$ an acre for a piece of land $26 \frac{2}{3}$ rd. iy 24 rd., shown here with the corners marked $\oplus$.
Find the cost of the land.

7. When the streets and the alley were laid out, Mr. Adams divided the land left into lots, each 40 ft . by 132 ft ., except A and B.

He suld four 40 -foot lots at $\$ 150$ each. How much did he receive for them?
8. Later he sold eight 40 -foot lots at $\$ 15$ a front foot, and still later five more at $\$ 22$ a front foot. How much did he receive from these sales?
9. He sold lot B, 36 ft . by 132 ft ., at $\$ .30$ a square foot. How much did he receive for lot B?
10. Later, one man offered him $\$ 60$ a front foot for lot A, which is 76 ft . wide ; and another man offered him $\$ 5000$ for the lot. Which was íhe better offer, and how much ?
11. When Prince St. was paved, the owner of lot C had to pay ior a strip of pavement 40 ft . by 39 ft . Find the expense to him at $\$ 2.25$ per square yard.
12. Find the cost of paving the alley, 12 ft . by 396 ft ., at $\$ 1.75$ per square yard.

## FRACTIONS

258. 259. What is a fraction? Write a fraction.
1. Write the fraction that stands for 3 of the 4 equal parts of $1 ; 5$ of the 6 equal parts of 1 .
2. The fraction $\frac{7}{8}$ stands for 7 of the 8 equal parts of 1 .

In this fraction 7 is called the numerator, and 8 the denominator; 7 and 8 are called the terms of the fraction.
4. What is the numerator of the fraction $\frac{3}{5}$ ? the denominator? What are the terms of the frection?
5. What are the terms of $\frac{1}{6}$ ? of $\frac{5}{8}$ ? of $\frac{4}{6}$ ?
259. Reducing fraction 3 to lower or higher terms.

1. How many tenths of this oblong are shaded? how many fifths? Then $\frac{4}{10}=$ ?

Which fraction has the smaller, or lower, terms, $\frac{4}{10}$ or $\frac{2}{5}$ ?


Changing $\frac{4}{10}$ to the equal fraction $\frac{2}{5}$ is called reducing $\frac{4}{10}$ to lower terms.
2. What number will exactly divide both terms of $\frac{4}{10}$ ? What fraction is obtained by dividing the terms of $\frac{4}{10}$ by 2 ?

Then how may $\frac{4}{10}$ be reduced to lower terms?
3. Can you reduce $\frac{2}{5}$ to lower terms?

Then $\frac{4}{10}$ reduced to lowest terms is $\frac{2}{8}$.
4. Reduce to lowest terms: $\frac{2}{4} ; \frac{6}{8} ; \frac{3}{8} ; \frac{6}{9} ; \frac{2}{8} ; \frac{3}{12} ; \frac{4}{12}$.
5. Look at the oblong and tell the number of tenths in $\frac{8}{8}$. Changing $\frac{3}{8}$ to $\frac{6}{10}$ is called reducing $\frac{3}{5}$ to higher terms.
6. Multiply both terms of $\frac{3}{8}$ by 2. To what fraction does this change $\frac{8}{5}$ ? Then how may $\frac{3}{8}$ be reduced to tenths?
7. How may $\frac{1}{2}$ be reduced to sixths? $\frac{1}{3}$ to ninths? 1 to eighths? of to tenths?
8. Reduce to twelfths: $\frac{1}{2} ; \frac{1}{3} ; \frac{1}{6} ; \frac{1}{6} ; \frac{2}{3} ; \frac{3}{4} ; \frac{5}{6}$.

Multiplying or dividing both terms of a fraction by the same number does not change its value.

## Exercises

260. 261. Change $\frac{1}{2}$ to eighths; to tenths; to twelfths; to sixteenths; to twentieths; to twenty-fourths.
1. Change $\frac{2}{3}$ to sixths; to ninths; to twelfths; to fifteenths; to eighteenths; to twenty-fourths; to thirtieths.
2. Reduce to twentieths: $\frac{1}{4} ; \frac{1}{5} ; \frac{1}{10} ; \frac{3}{4} ; \frac{7}{5} ; \frac{3}{10} ; \frac{4}{8} ; \frac{7}{10}$.
3. Reduce to twenty-fourths: $\frac{3}{4} ; \frac{5}{6} ; \frac{3}{8} ; \frac{5}{2} ; \frac{7}{8}$.
4. Reduce to hundredths: $\frac{1}{2} ; \frac{3}{4} ; \frac{7}{8} ; \frac{7}{10} ; \frac{3}{20} ; \frac{8}{25} ; \frac{17}{87}$. Reduce to lowest terms:
5. $\frac{5}{10}$
6. 19
7. $\frac{21}{28}$
8. $\frac{25}{100}$
9. $\frac{39}{88}$
10. $\frac{8}{12}$
11. $\frac{10}{12}$
12. $\frac{12}{32}$
13. $\frac{49}{100}$
14. $\frac{24}{}$
15. $\frac{4}{16}$
16. $\frac{18}{20}$
17. $\frac{18}{3} 8$
18. $\frac{50}{100}$
19. 橎
20. $\frac{9}{12}$
21. $\frac{18}{24}$
22. $\frac{18}{46}$
23. $\frac{78}{100}$
24. 홍ㅇ
25. Reducing integers and mixed numbers to fractions.
26. Which is less, the numerator of $\frac{3}{4}$ or the denominator? the numerator or the denominator of $\frac{4}{5}$ ? of $\frac{3}{8}$ ? of $\frac{8}{8}$ ? A fraction whose numerator is less than its denominator is called a proper fraction.
27. Which is less, $\frac{8}{4}$ or 1 ? $\frac{6}{8}$ or 1 ? $\frac{5}{8}$ or 1 ? $\frac{5}{8}$ or 1 ?

A proper fraction is less than 1.
3. How does the numerator compare with the denominator in $\frac{2}{2}$ ? in $\frac{3}{2}$ ? in $\frac{4}{8}$ ? in $\frac{5}{4}$ ? in $\frac{6}{6}$ ?

A fraction whose numerator is equal to or greater than its denominator is called an improper fraction.
4. How does $\frac{2}{2}$ compare with $1 ? \frac{8}{2}$ with $1 ? \frac{4}{3}$ ? $\frac{5}{4}$ ?

An improper fraction is equal to or greater than 1.
5. How many fourths are there in $1 ?$ in 2 ? in 3 ? in 3 and $\frac{1}{4}$ ? in $3 \frac{1}{4}$ ? in 5 and $\frac{3}{4} ?$ in $5 \frac{?}{4}$ ?
6. How many fifths are there in 3 ? in $3 \frac{?}{5}$ ? in $5 \frac{4}{6}$ ?
7. Reduce 2 to halves; 4 to thirds; 3 to fifths.
8. Reduce $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to halves; $4 \frac{2}{3}$ to utirds; $3 \frac{4}{5}$ to fifths; $5 \frac{1}{6}$ to sixths; $4 \frac{3}{8}$ to eighths; $6 \frac{8}{10}$ to tenths.

## Exrrcises

262. Reduce to an improper fraction:
263. $7 \frac{1}{2}$
264. $5 \frac{1}{8}$
265. $4 \frac{3}{5}$
266. $2 \frac{5}{8}$
267. $3 \frac{1}{6}$
268. $9 \frac{1}{4}$
269. $8 \frac{2}{3}$
270. $6 \frac{3}{4}$
271. $5 \frac{3}{8}$
272. $7 \frac{5}{6}$
273. $4{ }_{10}^{3}$
274. $8 \frac{6}{12}$
275. $10 \frac{4}{5}$
276. 12 妾
277. $-11 \frac{7}{8}$

## written exercises

263. 264. Reduce 27 to halves; to thirds; to fourths.
1. Change 32 to a fraction whose denominator is $3 ; 5 ; 8$.

Reduce to an improper fraction:
3. $25 \frac{1}{2}$
5. $19 \frac{3}{4}$
7. $34 \frac{5}{6}$
9. $48{ }_{\text {I }}{ }^{9}$
11. $26 \frac{13}{6}$
4. $43 \frac{2}{3}$
6. $27 \frac{4}{5}$
아. $18 \frac{7}{8}$
20. $35 \frac{11}{12}$
12. $14 \frac{7}{20}$
264. Reducing improper fractions to integers or mized numbers.

1. How many half dollars does it take to make $\$ 1$ ?

Then how many dollars are there in 4 half dollars? in 7 half dollars? in 10 ? in 13 ?
2. Find the value in dollars of 8 quarter dollars; of $\$ \frac{8}{8}$; of 9 quarter dollars; of $\$ \frac{8}{2}$; of $\$ \frac{12}{2}$; of $\$ \frac{1}{4}$; of $\$ \frac{15}{4}$.
3. What is the value of $\frac{4}{2}$ ? $\frac{5}{2}$ ? $\frac{\pi}{3} ? \frac{8}{3} ? 1_{6}{ }^{2}$ ? $\frac{15}{4}$ ?

The value of a fraction is the quotient of its numerator divided by its denominator.
4. Change to an integer: $\frac{\pi}{3} ; \frac{10}{2} ; \frac{15}{8} ; \frac{12}{3} ; \frac{20}{4}$.
5. Reduce to a mixed number: $\frac{7}{2} ; \frac{10}{3} ; \frac{13}{4} ; \frac{14}{8} ; \frac{17}{8} ; \frac{21}{8}$.
6. Tell how to reduce an improper fraction to an integer or a mixed number.

## EXERCISES

265. Reduce to an integer or to a mixed number:
266. 7
267. $\frac{8}{2}$
268. $\frac{9}{6}$
269. $\frac{18}{6}$
270. $\frac{24}{6}$
271. $\frac{27}{8}$
272. $\frac{32}{4}$
273. $\frac{37}{10}$
274. $\frac{41}{6}$
275. $\frac{45}{8}$
276. $\frac{17}{2}$
277. $\frac{3 \beta}{4}$
278. $\frac{28}{6}$
279. $\frac{68}{18}$
280. $\frac{72}{12}$

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

266. Reduce to an integer or a mixed number:
267. $\frac{56}{4}$
268. $\frac{68}{5}$
269. $\frac{86}{6}$
270. $\frac{91}{7}$
271. $\frac{72}{3}$
272. $\frac{88}{8}$
273. $\frac{127}{5}$
274. $\frac{153}{9}$
275. $\frac{136}{10}$
276. $\frac{268}{8}$
277. $\frac{284}{12}$
278. $\frac{351}{15}$
279. $\frac{482}{16}$
280. $\frac{536}{20}$
281. $\frac{758}{2 \frac{8}{2}}$

## 267. Adding and subtracting fractions.

1. Compare the denominators of $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{3}{3}$; of $\frac{4}{12}$ and $\frac{\pi}{12}$. The fractions $\frac{4}{12}$ and $\frac{9}{12}$ have a common denominator.
2. What must be done to fractions that have different denominators before they can be added or subtracted?
3. Reduce $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ to fractions having a common denominator; $\frac{5}{8}$ and $\frac{1}{3} ; \frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{2}{3} ; \frac{1}{8}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$.

Add $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2} ; \frac{5}{6}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$. Subtract $\frac{1}{2}$ from $\frac{2}{3} ; \frac{1}{6}$ from $\frac{1}{4}$.

## Exircises

268. Give answers:
269. $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{2}{3}$
270. $\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{4}$
271. $\frac{7}{8}-\frac{3}{4}$
272. $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{8}$
273. $\frac{2}{3}-\frac{1}{6}$
274. $\frac{1}{8}+\frac{1}{3}$
275. $\frac{5}{8}-\frac{1}{2}$
276. $\frac{3}{4}+\frac{5}{6}$
277. $\frac{9}{10}-\frac{3}{8}$
278. $\frac{2}{3}+\frac{3}{2}+\frac{1}{3}$
279. $\frac{3}{4}-\frac{2}{3}+\frac{5}{4}$
280. $\frac{5}{6}+\frac{1}{6}-\frac{7}{12}$
281. Count by $2 \frac{1}{2}$ 's from 0 to 50 , thus: " $2 \frac{1}{3}, 5,7 \frac{1}{2}$," etc. Count back by $2 \frac{1}{2}$ 's from 50 to 0 in this way: " $50,47 \frac{1}{2}$, 45," etc.
282. Count by $3 f$ 's from 0 to 50 and back; count by 41 's from 0 to 42 and back.

Add and subtract:
15. $7 \frac{1}{3}$
16. 54
17. $6 \frac{2}{3}$
18. $8 \frac{3}{4}$
$5 \frac{1}{2}$
23
4
3 妾
19. $9 \frac{2}{5}$
20. If the hole in this iron plate is $\frac{1}{2}$ " square, how wide is the plate?
21. How far is the hole from the right end of the plate?


## WRITTEN ExERCIER

209. 210. Add $\frac{3}{3}$, $\frac{3}{5}$ and $\frac{7}{10}$.

What must be done before these fractions ean be added?
Can they all be reduced to tenths? to twentieths? to fortieths?
$\frac{8}{4}+\frac{z}{5}+\frac{7}{10}=\quad$ Why is it better to reduce
$\frac{1}{2} \frac{8}{2}+\frac{8}{20}+\frac{1}{20}=\frac{3}{2} f=1 \frac{17}{2}$ the fraetions to twe. lieths than to fortieths?
By what number must the terms of $\frac{8}{4}$ be multiplied to reduee the fraetion to twentieths? the terms of ? ? of Io?

Observe that the common denominator is a multiple of eaeh of the given denominators, 4,5 , and 10 .

Do as the signs indicate:
2. $\frac{3}{4}-\frac{3}{8}$
3. $\frac{7}{12}+\frac{8}{8}$
3. $\frac{8}{3}+\frac{4}{5}$
4. $\frac{7}{8}-\frac{1}{6}$
6. $\frac{25}{24}-\frac{23}{8}$
7. $\frac{27}{8}+\frac{9}{2} \frac{4}{5}$
8. $\frac{1}{2} \frac{7}{4}-\frac{1}{3} \frac{3}{6}$
9. $\frac{3}{8} 6+\frac{2}{2} 8$
10. $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{6}-\frac{1}{2} \frac{4}{5}$
11. $\frac{3}{4}+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{7}{8}$
12. $\frac{2}{3}-\frac{3}{8}+\frac{8}{8}$
13. $\frac{2}{5}+\frac{5}{8}-\frac{1}{4}$

Add and subtraet:
14. $43 \frac{1}{6}$ 27妥 15. $36 \frac{7}{12}$
16. $84 \frac{3}{8}$
$51 \frac{7}{16}$
17. $75 \frac{5}{12}$
18. $97 \frac{18}{6}$

38 $\frac{14}{4}$

19. How long is this anvil?
20. The top is $33^{\prime \prime}$ wide, and the square hole is $1 \frac{5}{16}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ from eaeh side. How wide is the hole?
21. ' A 135-pound anvil after several years' use weighed $132 \frac{5}{16}$ pounds. Find the loss of weight due to wear.

## 270. Finding parts of numbers.

## ExERCISA

Find:

1. $\frac{8}{4}$ of 48
2. $\frac{3}{10}$ of 70
3. $\frac{3}{8}$ of 56
4. If of 120
5. $\frac{6}{5}$ of 55
6. It of 90
7. $\frac{5}{8}$ of 04
8. $\frac{7}{12}$ of 108
9. 8 of 72
10. $\frac{8}{12}$ of 84
11. $\frac{7}{n}$ of 96
12. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ of 144
13. How many minutes are there in ${ }^{5} 2$ of an hour?
14. A boy who had 80 cents spent $\frac{9}{10}$ of it on the First of July. How many cents did he spend?
15. How many quarts of oats had Mr. Gould fed his horse when he had fed him $\frac{7}{8}$ of a bushel?

## WRITTEX EXERCISES

271. Find:
272. $\frac{3}{4}$ of $\$ 2.68$
273. $\frac{8}{6}$ of $\$ 4.92$
274. $\frac{3}{8}$ of $\$ 6.88$
275. $\frac{8}{8}$ of 392
276. $\frac{7}{8}$ of 4984
B. $\frac{7}{10}$ of 860
277. $\frac{8}{12}$ of 948
278. $1^{\frac{7}{2}}$ of 6396
279. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ of 8076
280. Find the cost of $\frac{8}{8} \mathrm{~A}$. of land at $\$ 136 \mathrm{~A}$.
281. Mr. Harmon set out 228 tomato plants, and Mr. Gage $\frac{5}{8}$ as many. How many plants did Mr. Gage sct out?
282. Find the cost of $\frac{4}{5}$ of $a$ ton of coal at $\$ 6.25$ a ton.
283. A farmer stored 384 bushels of potatoes, and $\frac{5}{12}$ of them decayed. How many bushels decaycd? How many did not decay?
284. I paid $\$ 4632$ for a house and sold it for $1 \frac{1}{2}$ of the cost. For how much did I sell it? How much did I lose?

## 27:. Multiplylag by a mized aumber.

## Multiply:

## ExRCIER

2. 9 by $7 \frac{1}{8} \quad$ 3. 10 by $4 \frac{1}{5}$ 8. 24 by 2$\} \quad$ 7. 10 by 2 尔
3. 8 by 98 4. 12 by $5 \frac{1}{6}$
4. 15 by 3 ?
5. 20 by 3 ?
6. Find the cost of $2 \frac{1}{2}$ pounds of cheese (c) 14 f .
7. When eggs are worth 20 a dozen, how much must be paid for $3 \neq$ dozen?
8. Mr. Ford bought $2 \frac{1}{8}$ bushels of corn at $40 / \mathrm{a}$ bushel. How much did the corn cost?
9. Multiply :

## WRITTEN EXERCIEES

1. 78 by $6 \frac{8}{3}$
2. 84 by 98
3. 948 by $478 \frac{8}{12}$
4. 96 by $8 \frac{8}{6}$
5. 225 by $47 \frac{8}{8}$
6. 680 by $89{ }^{\text {r }}$ ?
7. 576 by 146
8. 464 by $56 \frac{6}{8}$
e. 768 by $325 \frac{7}{8}$.

Find the cost of :
10. $12 \frac{1}{2}$ gallons of vinegar @ \$.28.
11. 254 acres of land © $\$ 96$.
12. $37 \frac{4}{5}$ tons of hay $@ \$ 15.50$.
13. 447 yards of silk @ $\$ 1.12$.
14. A dressmaker bought a piece of velvet containing 242 yards at $\$ 2.25$ a yard. Find the cost.
15. If an express train runs at the rate of 48 miles an hour, how far will it run in $23 \frac{7}{12}$ hours?
274. Pinding the whole when one or more parts are given.

1. If 3 oranges cost 9 cents, how much will 1 orange cost ? 4 oranges?
2. If 3 fourths of a cake cost 9 cents, how much will 1 fourth of it cost? 4 fourths, or the whole cake?
3. If $t$ of the cost of a top is 9 cents, how mueh is $\frac{t}{}$ of the cost? $\frac{4}{6}$, or the whole cost?
4. If $\frac{7}{}$ of a number is 9 , what is $f$ of it? What is the number?
5. If $\frac{f}{}$ of a number is 10 , what is $\frac{1}{6}$ of it? what is the number? If $\frac{2}{3}$ of a number is 8 , what is the number?

## Exircises

275. 276. If $\frac{8}{8}$ of a number is 15 , what is the number?
1. 12 is $\frac{3}{3}$ of what number?
2. 18 is $\frac{8}{4}$ of what number?
3. 20 is $\frac{5}{8}$ of what number?
4. $2 t$ is $\frac{8}{8}$ of what number?
5. IIelen spent 各 of the money she had for a fan. If the fan cost 40 cents, how much money had she at first?
6. If $\frac{5}{8}$ of the number of pupils in the fourth class are girls and there are 25 girls, how many pupils are there?
7. Find the cost of a pound of mustard, if $\frac{3}{4}$ of a pound costs 24 cents.
8. Mr. Hay bought $\frac{5}{8}$ of a bushel of corn for 30 cents. At that rate how much would a bushel cost?
9. Elmer weighs 55 pounds, and his weight is $1 \frac{1}{2}$ that of Henry. How much does Henry weigh?


## MICROCOPY :ESOI'JTION TEST CHART

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## WRITTEN EXERCISES

276. 277. Mr. Day has $\$ 278$ in the bank, and this is $\frac{2}{3}$ of all the money he has. How much money has he?
2) $\begin{array}{r}\$ 278 \\ \$ 139\end{array}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\$ \frac{3}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \text { of his moncy }=\frac{1}{2} \text { of } \$ 278, \text { or } \$ 139 \\
\$ 4+7 & \text { His money }=3 \text { times } \$ 139, \text { or } \$ 417 .
\end{aligned}
$$

$\frac{2}{3}$ of Mr. Day's money $=\$ 278$.
2. Find the cost of a horse, if $\frac{8}{4}$ of the cost was $\$ 135$.
3. How much is a ton of coal worth when $\frac{5}{\delta} \mathrm{~T}$. costs $\$ 3.75$ ?
4. A man owning a mill offered to sell $\frac{5}{6}$ of his interest for $\$ 7675$. At that rate how much was the mill worth?
5. If $\frac{4}{8}$ of the cost of a farm was $\$ 2964$, find the cost.
6. Mr. Stone paid $\$ 2.25$ for $\frac{8}{8}$ of a bushel of grass seed. How much was a bushel worth at the same rate?
7. If $\frac{5}{12}$ of the garrison of a fort received wounds and 385 soldiers were wounded, how many were in the fort?
277. Finding what part one number is of another.

1. What part of the whole oblong is 1 vertical column of squares? 2 columns?

How many squares are there in the oblong? how many are shaded? What part of the oblong is shaded?


Then 8 squares is what part of 20 squares?

$$
8 \text { is } \frac{8}{20}, \text { or } \frac{2}{5}, \text { of } 20 .
$$

2. How many squares of the oblong are light? What part of the oblong is light? Then 12 is what part of 20 ? 12 is $\frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{0}$, or $\frac{8}{5}$, of 20 .
3. How many squares are there in 2 horizontal rows? What part of the oblong is 2 rows?

Then 10 is what part of 20 ?
4. What part of the oblong is 3 horizontal rows? Then 15 i what part of 20 ?
5. What part of 24 is $S ? 9 ? 12 ? 16 ? 18 ? 20 ? 22$ ?

## EXERCISES

278. What part of :
279. 15 is 5 ?
280. 16 is 4 ?
281. 18 is 6 ?
282. 12 is 9 ?
283. 18 is 12 ?
284. 30 is 20 ?
285. 36 is 18 ?
286. 40 is 25 ?
287. 50 is 30 ?
288. 48 is 36 ?
289. 60 is 48 ?
290. 75 is 50 ?
291. What part of 100 is 10 ? 20 ? 25? 30? 40 ? 45 ? 50? 60? 70? 75? 80? 90?
292. What part of $\$ 1$ is $10 \notin ? 20 \notin ? 25 \phi ? 50 \notin$ ? $75 \phi$ ?
293. Mr. Boyd feeds his horses 12 quarts of oats per day. What part of a bushel does he feed them each day?
294. What part of an hour is 15 minutes? 20 minutes? 30 minutes? 45 minutes?
295. Robert lives 80 rods from the sclioolhous What part of a mile does he have to walk in going to seliool?
296. What part of an acre is there in a lot that is 10 rods long and 8 rods wide?
297. Mr. Gay bought 500 pounds of bran. What part of a ton did he buy? How mueh did it cost at $\$ 16$ a ton?
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279. Finding the cost when the price can be expressed as an easy fraction of a dollar.
280. How much will 12 hats cost at $\$ 1$ each ? at $\$ .50$ ? Wh. at part of $\$ 1$ is $\$ .50$ ? Then what part of the cost of 12 hats at $\$ 1$ is the cost of the same number at $\$ .50$ ?

An easy way to find the cost of 12 hats at $\$ .50$ each is to find $\frac{1}{2}$ of the eost at $\$ 1$ each.
2. From the cost of 16 yards of eloth at $\$ 1$ a yard, find the cost at $\$ .25$, or $\$ \frac{1}{4}$, a yard; at $\$ 1.25$, or $\$ 1+\$ \frac{1}{4}$, a yard.

From the cost at $\$ \frac{1}{4}$ a yard, find the cost at $\$ .75$, or $\$ \frac{3}{4}$, a yard.
3. What part of $\$ 1$ is $\$ .20$ ? How mueh will 15 books cost at $\$ .20$ each ? at $\$ 1.20$ each?

## EXERCISES

280. In a similar way find the cost of :
281. A dozen handkerehiefs at $25 \&$ each.
282. 24 towels at $50 f$ each.
283. 40 napkins at 75 each.
284. 1 case of eggs ( 30 doz.) at $20 \&$ a dozen.
285. 44 yards of earpet at $\$ 1.25$ per yard.
286. 15 baskets of plums at $40 \&$ per basket.
287. 35 pounds of tea at $60 \&$ per pound.
288. 30 hammoeks at $\$ 1.20$ each.
289. 14 yards of silk at $\$ 1.50$ per yard.
290. 25 pounds of choice eandy at $40 \&$ per pound.
291. 70 galloris of maple syrup at $\$ 1.10$ per gallon.

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

281. 282. Mr. Hopkins bought 236 bushels of oats at $\$ .25$ a bushel. How much did they cost him?
4) $\$ 236$
$\$ 59$

At $\$ 1$ a bushel 236 bushels of oats would cost $\$ 236$. ( $\$ .25=\$ \frac{1}{4}$.)

At $\$ \frac{1}{4}$ a bushel the oats cost $\frac{1}{4}$ of $\$ 236$, or $\$ 59$.
2. A grocer bought 400 pounds of butter at 25 cents per pound. Find the cost.
3. At a fair 324850 -cent tickets were sold in one day. Find the gate receipts for that day.
4. A farmer sold a load of hops weighing 2880 pounds at $\$ .20$ a pound. How much did he receive for them?
5. An orchard yielded 840 bushels of peaches. How much were they worth at $\$ 1.50$ per bushel?
6. How much will a boy earn in 28 days at $\$ .75$ per day?
7. A car contained 175 barrels of apples. How much were they worth at $\$ 1.40$ per barrel?
8. A cargo of lemons consisting of 25,000 boxes was bought for $\$ 1.60$ per box. Find the cost of the cargo.
9. Thirty olive pickers and an overseer received $\$ 50$ a day. If each picker received $\$ 1.50$ per day, how much did the overseer receive?
10. Find the cost of this lot at $\$ .80$ per square foot.
11. Find the cost of sending 30,000 pounds of oranges from California to Winnipeg at $\$ 1.25$ per hundredweiglit.

## 28:. Comparing fractions.

1. Irto huw many small squares is the oblung divided?

What part of the oblong is each small square?


The oblong is also divided into lulves ard into fourthe.
Point to $\frac{1}{8}$ of the oblong ; to $\frac{1}{4}$ of it ; to $\frac{1}{2}$ of it.
2. How many fourthe are there in $\frac{1}{2}$ ?

Compare $\frac{1}{2}$ with $\frac{1}{4}$ in this waty: " $\frac{1}{2}$ is 2 times $\frac{1}{4}$."
What part of $\frac{1}{2}$ is $\frac{1}{4}$ ?
Compare $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ in this way: " $\frac{1}{4}$ is $\frac{1}{2}$ of $\frac{1}{2}$."
3. How many eighths are there in $\frac{1}{2}$ ? What part of $\frac{1}{2}$ is $\frac{1}{8}$ ?

$$
\frac{1}{2} \text { is }-\operatorname{times} \frac{1}{8} . \quad \frac{1}{8} \text { is - of } \frac{1}{2} .
$$

4. How many eighths are there in $\frac{1}{4}$ ? What part of $\frac{1}{4}$ is $\frac{1}{8}$ ? Compare $\frac{1}{4}$ with $\frac{1}{8} ; \frac{1}{8}$ with $\frac{1}{4}$.

## EXERCISES

283. By observing this oblong compare:
284. $\frac{1}{2}$ with $\frac{1}{10}$
285. $\frac{1}{10}$ with $\frac{1}{2}$
286. $\frac{1}{5}$ with $\frac{1}{10}$
287. $\frac{1}{10}$ with $\frac{1}{5}$

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | - |  |

Draw oblongs, and by dividing them properly, compare:
5. $\frac{1}{2}$ with $\frac{1}{6}$
9. $\frac{1}{2}$ with $\frac{1}{12}$
13. $\frac{1}{4}$ with $\frac{1}{12}$
6. $\frac{1}{6}$ with $\frac{1}{2}$
10. $\frac{1}{12}$ with $\frac{1}{2}$
14. $\frac{1}{12}$ with $\frac{1}{4}$
7. $\frac{1}{3}$ with $\frac{1}{6}$
11. $\frac{1}{3}$ with $\frac{1}{12}$
15. $\frac{1}{11}$ with $\frac{1}{12}$
8. $\frac{1}{6}$ with $\frac{1}{3}$
12. $\frac{1}{12}$ with $\frac{1}{3}$
16. $\frac{1}{12}$ with $\frac{1}{6}$

# FIRST 1300に 

## DIVISION

## EXERCISES

284. Give quotients at sight:
285. $48+3$
286. $63+7$
287. $50 \div 2$
288. $32+8$
289. $42+14$
290. $88+11$
291. $3 \cdot 4+17$
292. $99+11$
293. $8:+12$
294. $26 \div 13$
295. $: 32+16$
296. $72+6$
297. $: 30+15$
298. $28+14$
B. $60+12$
299. $39+13$
300. Write " 72 divided by 8 " in these three ways:
(1) Use the division sign, + .
(2) Use a curved line between 8 and 72.
(3) Use a fraction whose terms are $7 \dot{2}$ and 8.

Read, using the words " divided by "; answer carefully:
18. $\frac{140}{8}=$
19. $140 \mathrm{bu} .+7=$
23. 12 int.$) 96 \mathrm{in}$.
24. $1 2 \longdiv { 1 3 2 \mathrm { ft } }$.
28. $\frac{45 \mathrm{ft}}{3}$.
20. $7 \lcm{140 \text { days }}$
25. 108 in. $+12=$
21. 7 da. $\lcm{140}$ da.
26. 144 in. +12 in. $=$
29. $\frac{45 \mathrm{ft}}{3 \mathrm{ft}}$.
22. $120 \phi+40 \neq$
27. $48 \mathrm{oz} . \div 16 \mathrm{oz}=$ 30. $\frac{72 \mathrm{pk}}{8 \mathrm{pk}}$.

Answer carefully, reading across the page:
31. $\frac{3) 6 \mathrm{yd} .+1 \mathrm{yd}}{2 \mathrm{yd} .+\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{yc}!}$
$\frac{3 \lcm{7 \mathrm{f} \cdot \mathrm{d}}}{-\mathrm{yd}}$.
$4 \lcm{13} \mathrm{gal}$
-gal
32. $4 \mathrm{qt} . \frac{8 \mathrm{8qt}+1 \mathrm{qt}}{2+\frac{1}{4}}$

4 qt.$) \underline{\mathrm{qt}}$
$\$ 5) \$ 22$
33. We find $\frac{1}{6}$ of 17 pecks by dividing 17 pecks by 4.
$4 \longdiv { 1 7 } \mathrm { pk }$
-pk
4 pk.) 17 pk. contains 4 pecks by dividing 17 by 4.

Tell what each indicated division means; then answer:
35. $2 \lcm{27} \mathrm{gt}$.
36. 4) 39 bu . 39. $2 \mathrm{pt} . \lcm{31 \mathrm{pt}}$.
37. $5 \lcm{41 \mathrm{mi}}$.
40. 4 pk .50 pk .
43. $\frac{\$ 47}{2}, \frac{\$ 47}{\$ 2}$
41. $3 \mathrm{ft} . \lcm{62 \mathrm{ft} \text {. }}$
44. 420 inn. +60
38. $1 6 \longdiv { 3 6 \mathrm { lb } }$.
42. 12 in.$) 30 \mathrm{in}$.
45. 300 see. +60 see.

Find the cost of 1 article at the rate of :
46. 3 for 25 \&
48. 8 for 50 \&
50. 3 for 50 )
47. 4 for 25 ¢
49. 8 for $\$ 1$
31. 12 for $\$ 1$

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

285. 286. Reduce 101 in . to fact and inches; 75 in . to feet.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Solutions } \\
& 12 \mathrm{in} . \frac{101 \mathrm{in} \text {. }}{8,5 \mathrm{in} . \text { remainder }} \\
& 101 \mathrm{in} .=8 \mathrm{ft} .5 \mathrm{in} . \\
& 12 \mathrm{in} . \frac{75 \mathrm{in}}{6 \mathrm{l}^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\
& 75 \mathrm{in} .=6_{12}^{3} \mathrm{ft} .=61 \mathrm{ft} .
\end{aligned}
$$

Reduce:
2. 46 ft . to yd . and ft .
3. 95 qt . to gal. and qt.
4. 220 min . to hr . and min .
5. 200 in . to ft .
6. 110 pk . to bu .

## Reduce:

8. 125 qt . to pk. and qt.
9. 177 mo , to yr. and mo.
10. 1000 oz . to lb . and oz .
11. 110 ft . to yd .
12. 120 qt . to $p \mathrm{k}$.
13. If a train runs 500 miles in 12 hours, how many miles does it run per hour?
14. A barrel of flour weighs 196 pounds. How much does a quarter of a birrel of flour weigh?

Find the weight of $\frac{1}{8}$ barrel of flour.
16.
$\frac{100) 75 / 60}{75 \frac{6}{100}}=75 \frac{3}{5}$

18.
$2,0 0 \longdiv { 9 6 0 } \underset { 4 \frac { 1 8 } { 2 6 0 } } { 6 0 } = 4 \frac { 4 } { 5 }$

Divide:
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 19. } 570 \text { by } 100 & \text { 23. } 420 \text { by } 200 & \text { 27. } \$ 1250 \text { by } 1000\end{array}$
20. 350 ty 100 24. 960 by $200 \quad$ 28. $\$ 7500$ by 3000
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 21. } 720 \text { by } 100 & \text { 25. } 1200 \text { by } 500 & \text { 29. } 5000 \mathrm{~T} \text {. by } 2000\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 22. } 2440 \text { by } 100 & \text { 26. } 1500 \text { by } 800\end{array}$
30. 2500 lb . by 2000 lb .

Reduce:
31. 210 sec. to minutes.
32. 440 min . to hours.
33. 500 sq . rd. to acres.
34. 1800 rd . to miles.
35. 2840 lb . to ewt.
36. 5500 lb . to tons.
37. Express 875 as dollars and cents.
38. Find the cost of 3000 lb . of hay at $\$ 12.50$ per ton.
39. Find the value of a farm 120 rods long and 110 rods wide at $\$ 56$ an acre.

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

286. 287. Divitle 4572 by 48.

$432 \quad 12+48=\frac{1}{4}=\frac{1}{4}$.
252 The quoticont is 9.$)_{1}^{2}$.
$\frac{240}{12}$ Test the answer by miltiplying 18 by 914 .
Divide aud test:
1. $17.37+18$
2. $4319+56$
3. $6226+66$
4. $2976+36$
5. $1356+32$
6. $2922+.51$
7. $5818+72$
8. $1652+2.4$
9. $15.34+16$
10. $39(x)+8 t$
11. $2676+132$
12. $5388+1.44$
13. If 28 boys weigh 2114 pounds, what is their average weight?
14. A bushel of wheat weighs 60 pounds. How many bushels of wheat are there in a car that contains 37,545 pounds of wheat?

## Divide:

16. 189,175 by 235
17. 380,672 by 5,36
18. 407,886 by 471
19. 288,750 by 750
20. 166,957 by 427
21. 311,812 by 548 22. 406,224 by 496
22. 727,155 by 585
23. 555,111 by 333
24. 780,781 by 409

## WRITTEN EXERCISRS

287. This electric milway comects two towns 7 miles apart.
288. If the cars ruil from one town to the other in $1: 5$ minutes, how m:n! miles per hour do they run?
289. Lach steel rail is 30 feet long and weighs 6 a pounds per.
 yard. How much does 1 ratil weigh?
290. Find the cost of all the mils at $\$ 28$ per long ton.
291. The ties are 10 inches wide and the spasees between them 14 inches wide. How many are there per mile ?
292. Find the cost of ties for a mile of track at 60 cach.
293. There are 44 poles for every mile of track. Hlow many feet apart are the poles?
294. Fint the cost of all the poles at $\$ 2.75$ rach.
295. "t w many posts 1 rod apart atre required for both feness? Find their eost at $18 \phi$ eath.
296. How many pounds of wire are required for both fences, if 15 feet of wire weigh a pound?
297. The copper trolley wire weighs 21 ç pounds per mile. Find its eost at $16 \xi$ per pound.

## DECIMAL FRACTIONS

288. 289. When anything is divided into 10 equal parts, what is ench part called?

One tenth may be written in theme two ways: $\frac{1}{10}$ nald . 1.
The period before the figure 1 is culled the decimal point.
IRead: $1^{3}$; .3 ; $10 ; .5 ; .6 ; .9 ; .8$.
Write in two ways: 2 tenths; 4 tenths; 7 tenths.
2. It each tenth of anything is divided into 10 equal parts, into how many equal parta will the whole thing the divided?

When anything is divided into 100 equal parts, what is each part called?

One hundredth may be written in these two ways: xod and .()1.

Read: $\frac{3}{180} ; ~ .03 ; ~ 180 ; ~ .07 ; ~ 205 ; ~ .25 ; ~ 100 ; ~ .50 ; ~ .37 ; ~$ $.06 ; .18 ; .45 ; ~ .09 ; ~ .75$.

Write in two ways: 8 hundredths; 15 hundredthe; 35 hundredths ; 4 hundredths; 62 hundredths.
3. If each hundredth of anything is divided into 10 equal parts, into how many equal parts will the whole thing be divided?

When anything is divided into 1000 ectual parts, what is each part called?

One thousandth may be written in two ways: 1000 and . 001 .

Read: $\frac{3}{1000} ; .003 ; \frac{19}{1080} ; .019 ; \frac{225}{1500} ; .225 ; ~ .007$; .045; .372; .608; .250; .009; .075.

Write in two ways: 5 thousandths; 25 thousandths;

452 thousandths; 8 thousundthas ; in) thousindthe; 86 thoussundths; $\mathbf{9 0 0}$ thonsindelis.
4. How many thonsmodths ure there in 1 humdreith? hundredthe in 1 tenth? tenthe in 1 mait?

Fractions that axpresw tenths, hundroiths, thousandehs, etc., are called declmal fractions, or dectmsis.

Other fractions are called common fractlons.
3. Read these decimals:

| .1 | 0.01 | .001 | .111 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| .3 | .03 | .00 .3 | .333 |

llow many figures are needed to express tenthe? hundredths? thousandths?

What does 1 mean when it stands in the first place at the right of the decimal point? in the second place? in the third?

What does 3 mean when it stands in tenths' place? in hundredths' place? in thousandths' place?
6. One and 1 tenth may be written, 1.1; 1 and 1 hundredth, 1.01 ; 1 and 1 thousandth, 1.001 .

Write: 5 and 7 tenths; 23 and 9 hundredths; 247 and 139 thousandths; 4 and 56 hundredthe; 17 and 8 thonsandths; 9 and 24 thousandths.

Read, using the word and between the integer and the decimal, but not elsewhere: $3.4 ; 5.9 ; 8.25 ; 19.07 ; 6.146$; 25.037 ; 30.002.
7. A number expressed by an integer and a decimal is called a mixed number, or a mixed decimal.

## EXERCISES

1. . 5
2. . 04
3. . 325
4. 6.4
5. 8
6. 85
7. . 032
8. 3.08
9. .24
10. . 005
11. . 430
12. 7.875

Write each of the following in another form :
13. $\frac{9}{10}$
16. . 11
19. . 27
22. $\frac{295}{1005}$
14. T80
27. . 011
20. . 016
23. $4 \frac{33}{100}$
15. 1000
18. . 111
21. . 375
24. $3_{1000}^{7}$

Write as decimals:
25. 6 tenths; 2 hundredths; 3 thousandths.
26. 12 and 25 hundredths; 14 and 125 thousandths.
27. 100 and 4 hundredths; 1000 and 1 thousandth.
290. Reducing decimals to common fractions.

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

1. Reduce .2 to a common fraction; also .75 .

$$
.2=\frac{2}{10}=\frac{1}{5} \quad .75=\frac{75}{100}=\frac{3}{4}
$$

Reduce to a common fraction in its lowest terms:
2. . 4
8. . 60
14. . 06
20. . 005
3. . 6
9. .80
15. . 200
21. . 250
4. . 8
10. . 50
16. . 500
22. . 025
5. .20
11. . 32
17. . 020
23. . 750
6. .25
12. . 05
18. . 050
24. . 400
7. . 40
13. . 04
19. . 002
25. . 800
291. Reducing common fractions to decimals.

## EXERCISES

1. Reduce $\frac{1}{2}$ to a decimal; also $\frac{18}{60}$.

$$
\frac{1}{2}=\frac{5}{10}=.5 \quad \frac{18}{60}=\frac{3}{10}=.3
$$

Reduee to tenths and write as a decimal:
2. $\frac{1}{8}$
3. $\frac{3}{5}$
4. $\frac{4}{6}$
5. $\frac{n}{20}$
6. $\frac{1}{3} \frac{8}{0}$
7. $\frac{2}{4} \frac{8}{0}$
8. $\frac{30}{80}$
9. $\frac{3}{5} \frac{5}{0}$

Reduce to hundredths and write as a decimal:
10. $\frac{1}{2}$
12. $\frac{1}{4}$
13. $\frac{1}{5}$
13. $\frac{3}{4}$
14. $\frac{4}{50}$
15. $\frac{3}{25}$
16. $\frac{1}{200}$
17. $\frac{60}{500}$

Reduce to thousandths and write as a dccimal:
18. $\frac{1}{2}$
19. $\frac{1}{5}$
20. $\frac{3}{6}$
21. $\frac{1}{4}$
22. $\frac{3}{200}$
23. $\frac{7}{50}$
24. $\frac{128}{2000}$
25. $\frac{48}{3000}$
292. Adding and subtracting decimal fractions.

## WRITTEN EXERCLSES

1. Add 1.125, 4.27, and 6.075 .
1.125 Units are written in one column, tenths in
4.27 another, etc. When this is done, the decimal
6.075 points stand in a column.
11.47 Adding and placing the decimal point under the other decinal points, the sum found is 11.470 ; but since $\frac{470}{1000}=\frac{47}{100}$, we write 11.47.

Add:
2. 4.7 and 3.8
3. 6.75 and 2.63
4. $1.235,6.41,2.567$
5. $3.625,1.05,3.385$
6. $24.63,0.75,61.006$
7. $45,3.5,10.05$
8. $3.6,4.82,5.756$
9. $34.704, .436,2.47$
10. $17.205, .495,3.7$
12. Subtract 2.34 froin 5.8 .

$$
5.80
$$

$\frac{2.34}{3.46}$
The minuend 5.8 has fcwer decimal places than the subtrahend 2.34 . But since $\frac{8}{10}=\frac{80}{105}$, the minuend may be written 5.80 .
Subtract:
13. 1.56 from 2.5
15. 3.822 from 25.4
14. $7.405^{\text {from }} 9.64$
16. 5.218 from 6.434
17. From 10 subtract: $7.5 ; 2.5 ; 6.67 ; 1.625$.
18. From 100 subtract: $4.8 ; 44.8 ; 63.75 ; 33.33$.

Add or subtract as indicated:
19. $3.1 \mathrm{ft} .+2.48 \mathrm{ft}$.
20. 6.75 in. -4.37 in.
22. 1.1 gal. +99.9 gal.
21. $28.72 \mathrm{yd} .+3.58 \mathrm{yd}$.
23. 10 in. -4.75 in.
25. A man who had a farm of 120.75 acres sold 44.37 acres of it. How many acres had he left?
26. Edward rode 381.4 miles on the train in going from Boundary to Moncton, and 185.9 miles in going from Moncton to Halifax. How many miles did he ride?

## BILLS

293. 294. Mr. Charles H. Thompson bought the following articles at Mr. A. B. MeLaurin's grocery store:

Apr. 20, 5 lb . of butter (a) $\$ .27$;
Apr. 21, 3 qt. of beans @ \$.06,
and
2 pk . of potatoes © $\$ .25$;
Apr. 24, 3 doz. oranges (a) $\$ .35$.
How much did Mr. Thompson owe the grocer for butter? for beans? for potatoes? for oranges? for all?
2. When Mr. Thompson bought the oranges he asked how much he owed. The grocer then made this bill:


Find whether $\$ 3.08$ was the correct amount, or footing.
3. When the bill was paid, Mr. MeLaurin receipted it by writing below it, "Received payment" and his name.

## WRITTEN EXERCISES

204. Suppose that you own atore and have sold the following goods to several customers (your classmates or others). Make out a bill to each, and present it for payment. If found correct, and paid, receipt it.
205. 2 pitiry of seissors (a) $75 \%$; 16 papers of tacks (a) $4 \notin$; 4 planes @ $80 \not \subset$; 3 hammers (1) $65 \not \subset$.
206. 3 chisels (a) $45 \%$; 2 screwdrivers (a) $55 \% ; 4$ augers, $11 \notin, 14 \neq 17 \phi, 20 \neq 6$ bits © $20 \neq$.
207. 3 wrenches @ $25 \%$; 2 pairs of pliers @ $45 \phi ; 8$ dozen bolts @ $24 \phi ; 2$ lawn mowers © $\$ 4.75$.
208. 2 tents @ $\$ 8.25$; 4 rubber blankets @ $\$ 2.75 ; 2$ camp stov's © $\$ 5.50$.
209. 2 fishing rods, $\$ 2.50 ; 2$ reels, $75 \% ; 100 \mathrm{yd}$. fish line (a) $40 \%$ per 25 yd ; 5 doz. trout flies (a) $35 \%$.

Make out and foot bills for the following sales:
The seller may be a merchant known to you; the buyer, one of your classmates.
6. 5 doz. oringes @ $35 \not \subset ; 8$ doz. bananas © $15 \not \subset ; 12$ qt. peanuts @ 5 ¢.
7. 9 collars (a) $15 \not \subset ; 6$ pairs euffs @ $25 \not \subset ; 4$ ties @ $50 \&$; 6 shints @ $\$ 1.50$; 18 hindkerchiefs (a) $20 \%$.
8. 1 couch @ $\$ 25$; 6 chairs @ $\$ 1.75$; 6 chairs @ $\$ 4.25$.
9. 3 hoes @ $25 \phi ; 2$ rakes as $35 \%$; 1 spade, $75 \phi ; 2$ shovels @ $65 \nmid ; 75 \mathrm{ft}$. hose @ $15 \%$.
10. 85 yù. carpet @ $\$ 1.25 ; 24$ yd. hinoleum @ $\$ 1.35$.

## ANSWERS

## TO MILNE'S PROGRESSIVE ARITIIMETIC-FIRST BOOR

Page 15
89, 2. 38
8. 47

1. 49
2. 97
3. 60
4. 77
5. 77
6. 39
7. 78
8. 40
9. 88
10. 79
11. 98
12. 87
13. 78
14. 46
15. 88
16. 69
17. 87
18. 99
§ 10, 2. 48 fares
19. 68

## Page 16

4. 30 chlldren
5. 49 papers
6. 67 stamps
7. 09 boys
8. 89 ,
9. 88 boys
10. 87 guns
11. 78 balls
12. 78 bats
13. $\$ 87$
14. 09 glrls
15. 78 pins
16. 39 dolls
17. 69 bags
18. 38 pieces
19. $79 \phi$
20. $98 \%$

Page 17
21. 78 .
22. 77 flags
23. 76 \%

Page 28
2. 12
3. 21
4. 13
8. 31
6. 38
7. 12
8. 22
9. 85
10. 64
11. 61
12. 32
13. 18
14. 30
16. 62
16. 62

Page 29
17. 23
18. 62
12. 30
20. 23
21. 11
22. 32
23. 31
24. 34
25. 63
28. 50
27. 34
26. 30
29. 12
80. 23
31. 32
32. 11
33. 43
34. 41
36. 50
86. 33
2. 13 badges
8. 14 cherries
4. 13 rooms

## Page 30

5. 14 photographs
6. 24 horses
7. 63 ¢
8. 12 \%
9. 16 lamps
10. 52 \&
11. 12
12. 23 years
13. 23 \%
14. 15
15. 23 /
16. 22

## Page 58

2. $7 \dot{8}$
3. 63
4. 83
5. 95
6. 100
7. 72
8. 61
9. 64
10. 76
11. 100
12. 82
13. 81
14. 84
15. 88
16. 60

Page 59
17. 0
18. 91
10. 04
20. 82
21. 72
28. 83
23. 83
24. 65
25. 85
26. 85
27. 82
29. 03
99. 94
©. 8.80
81. 77
82. 92
83. 01
34. 92
35. 94
36. 72

1. 93 lb .
2. 45 flowers
3. 44 days
4. 88 times

## Page 60

6. 30 lb .
7. 01 walnuts;

97 butternuts
7. 99 lb .
8. 76 nuts
9. 66 yd .
10. 98 yd .
11. 100 ft .
13. 47 mfles
14. 04 miles

## Page 61

15. 80 weeks
16. 80 days
17. 100 mln .
18. 83 lb .
19. 72 uz
20. 870
21. $\$ 82$

## ANSWERS

Page 61
(Continued)
29. 85
2. 88
24. 894
25. 81
26. 60
27. 06 ft .
98. 96 books
29. 90 qt .

Pege 62
2. 563
8. 824
4. 024
5. 861
6. 042
7. 802
8. 002
-. 800
10. 800
11. 1000
12. 678
18. 001
14. 745
16. 616
16. 753

Pege 63
17. 761
18. 953
19. 653.
20. 801
21. 913
22. 804
23. 031
21. 824
25. 678
28. 953
27. 844
28. 832
29. 765
36. 843
31. 610
32. 547
33. 929
34. 804
35. 802
36. 1000
37. 581
88. 602
30. 895
40. 912
41. 1000

## Page 66

2. 18
3. 37
4. 18
b. 17
5. 18
6. 18
7. 18
-. 39
8. 45
9. 29
10. 6
11. 10
12. 34
13. 19
14. 35

## Page 67

17. 38
18. 16
19. 6
20. 88
21. 37
22. 14
23. 18
24. 45
25. 14
26. 28
27. 9
28. 18
29. 27
30. 22
31. 15
32. 30
33. 17
34. 39
35. 63
36. 35
37. $16 \%$
38. 184
39. $22 \phi$
40. $47 \%$; $32 \varphi ; 12 \phi$
41. 12 in .
42. 31 da. ; 16 da.
43. 15 min.
44. 15 pront cards

## Page 68

9. 18 ln .
10. 16 miles
11. 28 milles

1y. 24 yd .
18. 26
14. 22
15. 87
18. 810
17. 818
18. $\quad 18$
19. 27
20. 17
21. 16 p
22. 13 \%
28. 10 .
24. 20 p
25. 72 chlekens
28. 67 chlckens
27. 39 chickens

## Page 69

28. 16 grains
29. 5 eggs
30. 464
31. 876
32. 107
\&. 273
b. 285
33. 323
34. 652
35. 25
-. 70
36. 481
37. 387
38. 358
39. 678
40. 213
41. 332
42. 809
43. 278
44. 152
45. 02
46. 281

Page 71
2. 279
3. 279
4. 267
8. 886
6. 78
7. 100
C. 689
9. 289
10. 679
11. 188
12. 169
12. 289
14. 275
15. 249
18. 689

## Page 72

882, 2. 138
8. 658
4. 309
B. 168
8. 197
7. 275
6. 129
9. 837
10. 88
11. 21
12. 709
18. 429
1.. 267
15. 287
18. 178
§ 63, 1. 434
2. 390
3. 367
4. 324
5. 187
6. 263
7. 322
6. 68
-官 119
16. 186
11. 567
12. 63
13. 78
14. 531
15. 677
16. 58
17. 468
18. 14
19. 269
20.
21. 132

## ANSWERS

Page 72 (Consinued)
23. 00
89. 806
4. 70
96. 128
86. 431
27. 131
28. 155
20. 202
s0. 180
Page 75
2. 60
8. 205
4. 48
3. 36
6. 180
7. 28
8. 62
9. 184
10. 68
11. 120
12. 150
18. 246
14. 182
15. 180
16. 218

## Page 76

17. 100
18. 88
19. 124
20. 250
21. 405
22. 98
23. 162
24. 198
25. 225
26. 100
27. 172
28. 111
29. 252
30. 104
31. 176
32. 285
33. 120
34. 460
35. ?290
36. 04
37. 110
38. 88
39. 308
40. 108
41. 206
42. 43. 
1. 147
2. 852
3. 380
4. 258
5. 304
6. 312

Page 77
80. 300 ; 108
51. 46
82. 805
88. 114
64. 410
55. 350
88. 288
57. 180
58. 200
69. 291
60. 340
61. 228
69. 108
68. 340
64. 100
65. 475
68. 178
67. 348
68. 405
2. 60 ,
8. $90 \%$
4. $75 \%$
8. $28 \rho$
6. 80 \&
7. 549
8. $99 \%$
9. $90 \%$

Page 78
10. 48 ln .
11. 280 bulbs
12. 32 oz
13. 72 sq. ft.
14. 8125
15. 48 pens
16. 108 stars
17. 06 trees
18. 195 ft .
12. 225
20. 110 days
11. 216 boys

⒐ 440 books
23. 392 jb .
24. 300 min .
25. 80 уеam
28. 40 cousing
87. 72 hr .
20. 380 ft .
20. 52 plants
80. 114 cabbages
81. 485 sq . fl.

## Page 81

2. 21
3. 13
4. 22

Page 82
6. 24
7. 18
8. 42
9. 34
10. 340
11. 220
12. 318
18. 421
14. 208
15. 104
16. 402
17. 101
18. 28
19. 12
20. 22
21. 11
22. 120
23. 321
24. 208
25. 182
28. 48
27. 21
28. 12
28. 33
80. 11

81, 31
32. 11
83. 101
84. 311
36. 184
83. 211
87. 110
8. 24 cards

## Page 83

1. 21 ,
2. 21 children
3. 32 ft .
4. 32 treen
5. 38 stampe
6. 12 boys
7. 11 stamps
8. 14 qt .
9. 10 gai .
10. 13 glasses
11. 22 yd .

Page 89
2. 8021
8. 9828
4. 0450
b. 8134
8. 0887
7. 8440
8. 8800
9. 10,000
10. 6508
11. 9045
12. 8620
18. 10,000
14. 8737
16. 9005
18. 0019
17. 0232

Page 90
18. 2671
19. 3255
20. 2667
21. 4101
22. 3012
23. 421
24. 262
25. 300
28. 329
27. 473

2ง. 6.0
29. 8871
30. 3024
2. 712 books

Page 91

1. 430 qk
2. 36700
3. 019 pupile
4. 2087 ll .
5. 576 oranges
c. 600 fl .
6. 184 days
7. 1.17 lb .
8. 8084
9. 1021 men

## Page 94

2. 1716
3. 3781
4. 1170
5. 7350
c. 1835
6. 3526
c. 2037
7. 3247
8. 834
9. 014
10. 888
11. 831
12. 724
13. 205
14. 274
15. 054

Page 95
( 84, 20. 8179
21. 752
22. 5208
23. 7402
24. 4248
25. 8325
26. 1439
27. 2503
\$85, 1. 105
2. 1717
3. 2808
4. 1395

万. 239
6. 7453
7. 1407
8. 039
9. 179
10. 4776
11. 810
12. 2433
18. 304
14. 4475
15. 007
16. 7880
17. 208

1. 008
2. 4865
3. 1877

## Page 96

2. 603 ft .
3. 204 letnons
4. 2443 lb .
5. 27 eggs
6. 30 \%
7. $\$ 3325$
e. 47 cans
8. 42 fl .

Page 109
2. 35 ;
8. 44
4. 30 \%

## Page 110

8. 5 toys, bo left
9. 11 balls, 1 , left ; 6 balls, 3 left

- $2 \beta$

9. 5 \&
10. 11F; 5 ; ; 1 .
11. 5 f
12. 768 Page 112
13. 1254
14. 2286
15. 1000
16. 252
17. 570
18. 1702
19. 384
20. 4035
21. 605
22. 1032
23. 352
24. 222
25. 634
26. 2500
27. 3542
28. $65 \% 0$
29. 778
30. 1734
31. 2414
32. 1642
33. 1684
34. 100
35. 3080
36. 3801
37. 3108
38. 875
39. 2436
40. 504
41. 3330
42. 4005

## Poge 114

2. 000 orargen
3. 724 boxen
4. 84 pineapple:
5. $16 \%$
6. $16 \%$

## Poge 115

C. 10 P
9. 10 F
10. 28
11. $10 \beta$
12. 12 f
13. tf
14. 080 lb .
15. 168 lb ,
16. $15 \%$
17. 105 lb .
10. $95 \%$
19. 1
20. 06 F
21. 05 \%

## Page 117

2. 742, 1 rem.
3. 521,2 rem.
4. $833,1 \mathrm{rem}$.
5. 822,2 rem.
6. $412,1 \mathrm{rem}$.
7. 311,2 rem.
8. $510,3 \mathrm{rem}$.
9. $411,4 \mathrm{rem}$.
10. $620,1 \mathrm{rem}$.
11. 320,2 rem.
12. 51,1 rem.
13. 81,1 rem.
14. 012, 1 rem.
15. 810,2 rem.
16. 011, 3 rem.

Page 118
17. 63; 02, 1 rem. ; 104; 202, 1 rem. ; 2124 ; 3132, 1 rem. ; 700; 741, i rem.
18. lly 3:

42; 11,2 rem.;
82,2 rem. ; 102; 122, 1
rem. ; 2201, 2
rem.; 800; 820,
1 retn.
By 6 :
21; 30, 5 rem. ; 41, 2 rem. ; 61; 61,1 rem. ; 1100, 5 rem. ; 400 ; 110, 1 rem.
19. 20 ; $91 ; 21,3$ rem.; 200 ; 211; 1101, 3 rem.; 811, 2 rem.; 601, 1 rem.
20. 210, 3 rem.
21. 430
28. 300
23. 71, 3 rem.
24. 70, 1 rem.
25. 20, 4 rem.
26. $01,3 \mathrm{rem}$.
27. 710, 2 rem.
28. $51,4 \mathrm{rem}$.
29. 2001
30. 3100,1 rem.
81. 2310,1 rem.
32. 310,5 rem.
38. $41,1 \mathrm{rem}$.
34. 200, 3 rein.
85. 31, 2 rem.
36. 001,2 rem.
37. $810,2 \mathrm{rem}$.
89. 71, 8 rem.
39. 901,3 rem.

## ANSWER8

Page 180

1. 60 chaln ; 37 chairs, 81 over
2. 40 hormes ; 2 ahoes
a. 410 beds
3. 250 rows
4. 70 pew
5. 800 treen
6. 182 rows, 1 child over

Page 123

1. $16 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{in}$.
2. $38 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{in}$.
3. $27 \mathrm{cu} . \operatorname{in} . ; 64$ aq. In.
4. $24 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$.
5. $80 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$.
6. $64 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$; 80 sg. th.

Pogo 128

1. $8470 ; 772$
a. 8034 ; 3146
2. 2817 ; 850
3. $7077 ; 3070$
4. $4800 ; 1478$
5. $8844 ; 7676$
6. 6877; 1738
7. $9755 ; 4727$
8. 8716
9. 9889
10. 9708
11. 9874
12. 2747
13. 2653
14. 8106
15. 2785
16. 2804
17. 8288
18. 3722
19. 4487
20. 887
21. 7803
22. 210
23. 3143

Fage ins

1. 688 ft .
2. 8113 bricks
3. 81 thloge
4. 12
5. 212 car
6. 18 yd .

- 877 lettora

9. 0302
10. 17

Page 138

1. 170
2. 308
3. 455
4. 306
5. 801
6. 1760
7. 2480
8. 2604

อ. 6003
10. 4242
11. 2448
18. 8060
18. 4016
14. 4880
18. 7002
10. 8472
17. 8625
18. 4886
10. 2352
20. 7902
21. 600
22. 848
28. 612
24. 1800
25. 6580
28. 4820
27. 3915
28. 4784
29. 8001
81. 100
82. 89
88. 650
34. 860
86. 8190
88. 1500
87. 180 exercises

## Page 139


39. 00 ,
40. $70 \%$

1. 3it) ft. ; 2970 49. ft.
2. A. 228 aq. ft. ; B, 676 aq. ft.; C, 252 sq. ft. ; D, 840 mg . ft.; $\mathrm{E}, 80 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{fl}$.; F. $810 \mathrm{eq} . \mathrm{fl}$.
3. 330 my yd.
4. A's, 5260;

B's, 812 ;
C's, 824 ;
D's, 480 ;
E's, 148 ; F's, 8720
6. 83188
6. 250

Paga 140
7. $64 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$.
8. $108 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$.
2. $252 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{in}$.

## Pege 141

8. 16
9. 18
10. 18
11. 14

Poge 142
6. 14
7. 16
8. 42
9. 12
10. 84
11. 16
12. 25
18. 15
14. 12
16. 28
16. 33
17. 36
18. 34
19. 55
20. 66
22. $24 \theta$
23. 288

朔 283
25. 118
26. 144
187. 260
24. $86 \%$
2. 837
20. 264
81. 376
82. 19
23. 17
4. 28
8. 49
86. 27
27. 288
38. 150
89. 170
40. 233
(i. 627
49. 180
43. 871
4. 081
46. 800
46. 727

Page 186
6. 1781
7. $726 \frac{1}{3}$

อ. $130 \%$
g. $187 \%$
10. 1816 \&
11. 178 영
12. 748 4
18. 82$\}$
14. 14174
16. 1837
16. $1608 \frac{8}{8}$
17. 04\}
18. 8337
19. 832 \%
20. 111
21. 2504
82. 4371
89. 6291
24. 843 !
25. $760 \%$

## Page 148

2. 5092
3. 409
4. 10 times 857 , or 8570
vi

Page 140 (Condinved)
3. 176
c. 1460
7. 0128
8. 831
9. 2763
10. 3130
11. 6100
18. 302
18. 411
14. 910

Pece 149
15. 4360
16. 0891
17. 88139
16. $87: 16$
18. 315
20. 841
91. 1285
23. 3720
23. 400
24. 080
2. 76
8. 850
27. 488
24. 1700
29. 40 ft ; 200 ft .
80. 2! hr.
41. 165 ft .
88. 24 lemon ples
83. 112 qt .
34. 128 lb .
3. 128 oz .
88. $64 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{in}$.
37. 75 \%

## Page 154

8. $\quad 00.69$
9. 82.79
10. 8101.82
11. $\$ 87.80$
12. 86.58
13. $\$ 82.67$
14. 92.69
15. $\$ 107.68$
16. 1.34
17. 8.8 .84
18. 58.08

19. 8.40
20. 63.98
21. 827.00
22. $8 \%, 08$
23. 88.23
24. 68.63

2n 46.02
21. 67.42
20. 11.89
88. $\quad 07.80$
24. 28.71
25. 88.80
2. 8.54
27. $\quad 30.75$
24. $\quad 61.07$
29. 10.08
80. $\quad 18.08$
21. 826.68

Pege 155
28. 83,38
88. 800.20
34. 808.17
35. $\quad 80.25$
88. 35,44
87. 08.68
88. 800.87
89. 82.75
40. 41.68
41. 100.00
42. 80,00
18. 100.00
4. $\$ 80,33$
46. 100.00
46. 87.34
47. 8100.00
48. 88.05
49. 100.00

Page 156

1. $\$ 1.18$
2. Lens ; 14
3. 8.16
4. $\mathbf{B}$ class ; 8.11

3 A class, 8.10 more ; A class, 8.38 more: $\mathbf{B}$ class, 1.03 mace; B class,


## ANSWERS

## ANAWERA

Page 168
(Continned)
10. 831
11. 401
18. 37
18. 201
14. 701
16. 031 ft
10. 2$\} \mathrm{yd}$.
17. 371 yeam: 328 yoars

Pago 168
2. 112
8. 58
4. 108
3. 200
-. 000
7. 273
8. 844
9. 672
10. 608
11. 488
12. 807
18. 780
14. 14 yd .
16. 12 maple treen
18. 210 stamps
17. 90 white rones
16. 100 yd .
19. 64 anowballa
90. 738

Page 170

1. 2325
2. 8444
3. 5202
4. 5215
5. 4788
6. 4210
7. 4392
8. 6812
9. 7803
10. 8940
11. 814.40
12. 822.75
13. 11.52
14. 891.00
15. $840.2 \overline{5}$
16. 89.56
17. 30.00
18. 40.15
19. $\quad 34.25$
20. 13.80
21. 821.00
22. 80.44
23. 0.00
24. 134.72
25. $\quad 50.00$
26. 16.40
27. 361.30
28. $\quad 38.88$
29. 13.06
30. 828.40

## Page 172

2. 384
3. 402
4. 816
5. 003
-. 468
6. 378
7. 030
8. 1022
9. 86
10. 628
11. 300
12. 800
13. 880
14. 800
15. 1344
16. 138 v

## Page 173

18. 480
19. 06
20. 1860
21. 1680
22. 1800
23. 4320
24. 5040
25. 2620
26. 3020
27. 5040
28. 1080
29. 1875
30. 1952
31. 2852
32. 2877
33. 2430
34. 2784
35. 2733
36. 2400
37. 8740
38. 4032
39. 04805
40. 60197
41. 6150
42. 0007
43. 0880
44. 0120
45. 8712
46. 1452
47. 2700
48. 8075

Page 174

1. 0468
2. 8775
3. 8300
4. 8001
5. 0016
6. 7020
7. 8418
8. 204
9. 8688
10. 05.04
11. 08.21
12. 03,00
13. 103.35
14. $\quad 87.60$
15. -88.32
16. $\quad 07.75$
17. 94.64
18. 83.52
19. 0.00
20. The second ; 380 sq . ft.
21. 640 dozen
22. 4600 crates
b. 142.50
23. $8.68 ; 828.60$

## Page 176

1. 456
2. 577
3. 638
4. 682

も. Tū̃
6. 405

7880
A. 117
3. 8800
10. 786
11. 070
18. 087
14. 3.72
18. 13.08
10. 0.03
17. 8.86
18. 5.40
18. 87.122
20. 13.37
81. $\quad 0.77$
82. 0.57
23. 00.24
84. 0.25
20. 720
2. 1242
27. 001
29. 7.04
89. 5.26
80. $\quad 3.80$
81. $\quad 10.70$
62. $\quad 12.40$
83. 0.55

ห. $\quad 10.47$
68. $\quad 0.83$
85. 8.98
87. 10.97

Page 178
6. 43
c. 35
7. 26
8. 47
9. 285
10. 326
11. 641
12. 418

Fage 179
14. 23
15. 32
18. 83
17. 44
18. 215
18. 234
20. 142
21. 421
89. 68

## vili

## ANBWFIRs

Page 179 (Condfured)

- 4

4. 78
5. 17
M. 87
6. 76
7. 123
8. 316

3v. 117
11. 176
32. 187
23. 6 낸

Page 180
3. 32
2. 88
4. 25
b. 18
6. 10
7. 7
e. 18
0. 7
10. 29
11. 24
12. 30
12. 00

1. 12
2. 7
3. 6
4. 70
5. 64
6. 10
7. 26
8. 32
9. 24
10. 16
11. 48
12. 23
13. 31
14. 81
15. 37
16. 24
17. 62
18. 51
19. 48
20. 50
21. 62
22. 34

䊉 ${ }^{7}$
19. 35
23. 32
c. 18
41. 47

## Page 12

4. 111
5. 126
6. $2: 3$
7. 212
8. 231
9. 129
10. 413
11. 146
12. 76
13. 00
14. 88
15. 05
16. 68
17. 87
18. 84
19. 76
20. 141
21. 123
22. 110
23. 18
24. 64
25. 16
26. 84
27. 82
28. 8.28
29. 8.66
30. 0.15
31. 80 borea
32. 2.80
33. 14 turnn
34. 01 planta
35. 11 dozen

## Page 185

1. 812.82
2. $\quad 54.20$
3. 83,40
4. 81.43
5. $\quad 88.67$
6. $\quad 02.85$
7. 81.58
8. 81.31
9. 817.42
10. 88.45
11. 800.42

1言
119. 78.96

1480,10
10. 60.10
18. 00.08

## Page 106

17. 1.32
18. 22.16
19. 8 , 34
20. $\quad .77$
21. 1,46
22. 1.28
23. 14.24
24. 82.30
25. 2.48
※. 82.75
26. 1002
27. 7000
28. 1044
29. 6780
30. 8028
31. 7021
32. 8448
33. Patas
34. 7820
35. 7021
36. 0120
37. 0300
38. 89
39. 69
40. 76
41. 80
42. 08
43. 78
44. 84
45. 89
46. $P 9$
47. 88
48. 81
49. 82
50. 91
51. 06
52. 06
53. 720
54. 3240
55. 4500
56. 2240
57. 3760
58. 37
59. 19
60. 18
61. 14
62. 87
63. Bh.0a
c5. 11.00

64. $\quad 17.16$
65. $\quad 31.78$

Page 189
0. 8.8 .00
70. 3.28
71. 8.8.50
72. $\quad 10.16$
78. 8.02
74. 38.80
75. $\quad 14.70$
78. 81.11
77. $\quad 6.12$

## Page 100

1. $\quad 342.18$
2. 024.10
3. 1823.00
4. 1024.78
5. $\quad 1020.80$

- 0411.60

7. 1162.30
8. 0004.23
9. 864.14
10. 8025.16
11. 19,718
12. 241,823
13. 262,138
14. 30,850
15. 408,007

Page 187
16. $00 ; 28$
17. 125 ; 12\}
19. $63 ; 184$
10. $01 ; 34$ ?
20. 126$\}$; 20
21. 130\}; 431
23. 601; 201
93. $78 /$; 104
24. $031 ; 10\}$
25. 145 ; 38$\}$
87. 28,211

오. 77 ?
29. 10.620

Page 199
(Condingad)
20. $6,8,852$
11. 31,030
83. 276,87
23. 891.08
24. $\quad 79.00$
35. 385.01
30. 177,0c
87. 1280,10
15. 211.70
30. 8678.20
40. 1370,75
41. 178.58
43. 8 en. 80
4. 270,88
4. 814.77
4. 1338.04
45. 424.80

Page 190

1. 2707
2. 131 fl .
3. 82 years
4. 8.16
5. 074 gal
6. $5220 ; 140,047$; 148, 178
7. 80,$417 ; 01.800$
8. $4528 ; 30,208$

Pege 199
9. $70 ; 201$
3. $132\{$; 41$\}$
4. $70 ; 27\}$
3. 114$\}$; 30$\}$
C. 152 ; 37 ?

## Page 200

7. 861 gal .
8. 01
9. 06 ft .
10. 201 lb .

Page $20 \%$

1. In greater than $\mid$
2. in in greater than
3. In flom then
4. In flame than
e. In 1 grealor than 1

- It In greater 1

7. IW | lem than 1
8. In if lom than

- is is greater than $\frac{1}{2}$

1. If if greater than $\frac{1}{8}$
2. In if greater than ?s
3. If if greater than $n$
4. In it lemethan 1
5. In I greator than $\frac{1}{1}$
6. If if lema than 1
7. In it greater than $A$

Haze 204
2. $711 ; 221$
8. 1101 ; $25 \%$
4. $801 ; 18 \%$
b. 1141 ; 301
6. 02 ! ; 107
7. $867 ; 201$

ค. 121 ; 40$\}$
9. 037 ; 33 \%
10. 156\}; 554

12. 130 flb .
13. 41 fl .

## Page 205

1. 77 \&i14
2. 81 1871
3. 7811 28
4. 14/1:2111
5. 07f:31 h
B. $1301 ; 31\}$
6. 100 六; 27 ?
7. 1121;301
8. $081 ; 88$
9. 12014: 351
10. 11
11. In
12. 

Page 204
14. $1 / \frac{1}{2}$.
18. of hr .
16. 2 f f.

Page 207
3. 14
4. A
8. A
8. it
7. 1
3. It
e. 11
10. It
11. 6 By $_{3}$
19. 30 f
10. 38
14. 7311
18. 38 \%
16. $255^{7}$
17. 841
15. 081
19. $37!$
20. $40 i j$
91. $24 \hat{1}$
82. 4018
23. $28 \mathrm{~T}^{7}$
24. 587
2. $301 \%$
26. 2 高 hr
97. 28 h yd.
82. If dossa

Pase 2c

1. 6
2. 288
e. 81
3. 884
4. 183
5. 020
6. 705
7. 108
8. 800
9. 1371
10. 4650
11. 7002
12. 04 lb .
13. $46 \%$
14. 164: 22
15. $\$ 1.40$
16. © ncrewi
17. 178 tacks; 28 thack:
18. 1.38 ;

Pege 211
8. 272
2. 846

1. 450
2. 2769
3. 1521
4. 4002
5. 18,081
6. 06,298
7. 84,628
8. 8.68
9. 80.38
10. $\quad 5.10$
11. 33.60
12. 84.66
13. 810.60

## Page 212

17. 811.58
18. 8.30
19. $35.70 ; 8.46$

Pago 213

1. $\$ 250$
2. 80 cards
3. 00 f

## ANSWERS

Page 213
(Continued)
4. $\$ 2850$
3. 2.80
6. 000
7. $\$ 3000$
8. 49,200
9. 81.10

Page 221

1. $11 \mathrm{yd} . ; 33 \mathrm{ft}$. 60 ft .
2. 120 yd .
3. 330 ft .
4. 240 rd .
5. 1760 yd ; 220 yd.

Page 225
2. 80 sq . in.
3. 63 scq . in.
4. 49 sq . ft .
5. $102 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd}$.
6. 30 sq. ft .
7. $54 \mathrm{gq} . \mathrm{yd}$.
8. $28 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd}$.
9. 「 40 sq . in.
10. $21 \mathrm{gq}, \mathrm{ft}$.
11. 1120 sq . ft .
12. 875 sq . ft .
13. $288 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{in}$,
14. 210 sq . in.
16. 324 sq . in.
16. 846 sq . in.
17. 540 sq . in.
18. $066 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{in}$.

Page 226
19. 18 sq , ft .
20. 135 sq . ft.
21. $15 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$.
22. $39 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$.
23. 56 yd .
24. 480 ft . 12,800 sq. ft.
25. 4800 sq. ft .; 364 ft .

Page 227

1. $320 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{in}$; 040 cu in. $;$ 1280 cu. in. ; $128 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{in}$. less
2. $27 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}^{2}$; 84 cu. ft. ; 3 cu. yd.

Page 228
8. $72 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}^{\text {. ; }}$ $144 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. $216 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$.
4. 28 boxes ; 532 boxes
5. 444 cu . in.
6. 282 cu . in.
7. $3402 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. ; $4400 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. 998 cu. ft.; $558 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. ; Alfred's

## Page 229

8. $1800 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{in}$. ; $72 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{in}$.
9. $84 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{in}$. ; 28 cu in.
10. $1944 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. ; $108 \mathrm{cu}, \mathrm{ft}$.
11. $45,360 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{in}$. ; 2640 cu . in.
12. 9000 cu. in.; $4824 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{in}$.
13. $595 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$.; $125 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$.

Page 231
4. 375 ; 456; 525 ; 600; 675; 825; 000
5. 295 ; 354 ; 413 ; 472; 531; 649; 708
6. $420 ; 504 ; 588$; 672; 756;024; 1008
7. $390 ; 468 ; 548$; 624: 702; 8E8; 838
e. $480 ; 576 ; 672$; 708; 804; 1050; 1162
9. $635 ; 762 ; 889$; 1010; 1148; 1397; 1524
10. $1215 ; 1458$; 1701; 194; 2187; 2073; 2910
11. 2630 ; 8030 ; 3612; 4048; 4554 ; 8500 ; 6072
12. 3010 ; 4002;

5474; 6256;
7038; 8802;
0384
18. 1825 ; 2100 ;

2555 ; 2920 ;
3285 ; 4015 ;
4380
14. 5125 ; 6150;

7175 ; 8200;
9225; 11,275 ;
12,300
15. 0810 ; 11,772 ;

13,734;
15,600;
17,658;
21,582; 23,544
16. 14,440 ;

17,828;
20,216;
23,104;
25,092;
31,768;
34,656
17. 26,035 ;

81,242;
36,449;
41,056;
48,883;
57,277;
62,484
18. 18,350 ;

22,020;
25,090;
29,360;
33,030;
40,370;
44,040
19. 80,485 ;

88, U22;
42,000;
48,090;
64,788;
68,957;
73,044
20. 20,355 ;

85,220; 41,007;
46,908;
52,839 ;
64,581;
70,452
91. 30,045 ; 30,054; 42,063; 48,072; 84,081; 66,000; 72,108
22. 37,035 ; 44,442; 51,849;
59,256;
66,683
81,477;
88,884
28. 41,665; 49,098 68,331 ; 68,804 ; 74,097; 91,663; 09,803
24. In order by columns: 240; 320; 480: 375;
435 ; 640;
290; 1210;
1720; 2520;
20,005; 20,400
25. By 6, in order by columns :
288; 384 ;
576; 450;
522: 788
348; 1452;
2064 ; 8024 ;
24,$000 ; 31,680$

Page 231
（Continued） By 7，in order by columns ： 830 ；448； 672；525； 600； 800 ； 498 ； 1094 ： 2408； 3528 ； 28，007；30，430 By 8 ，in order by columns：
384；512；
768；600；
000 ； 1024
404；1930；
2752；4032
32，008；42，240 By 9 ，in order by columns：
432； 576 ；
804； 675 ；
783；1152；
522；2178； 3000 ； 4536 ； 30，009 ；47，520 By 11，in order by columns： 528：704； 1056；825； 957；1408； 638 ； 2062 ； 3784；5544； 44,011 ； 58,080 By 12 ，in order by columns ： 576；708； 1152； 800 ； 1044；1530； 696；2004； 4128； 6048 ； 48，012 ；63，360

Page 232
2． 162,000
3． 123,300
4． 46,280
5． 19,560
8． 17,020
7． 32,720
8． 80,100

9． 7870
10． 9840
11． 21,000
12． 21,600
13． 09,000
14． 80,000
15． 75,000
16． 87,000
17． 98,250
18． 105,000
19． 88,000
20． 98,000
21． 576,000
22． 825,000
23． 92,000

## Page 233

25． 33,345
28． 32,400
27． 37,620
28． 70,132
29．72，625
30．75，426
31． 97,110
32． 95,076
33． 91,476
34． 77,805
35． 98,001
88．72，210
37． 78,901
38． 56,539
38． 53,133
41． 0976
42． 46,216
43． 6853
44． 02,923
45． 20,402
46． 63,756

## Page 234

47． 8324.00
48． 8105,600
49．$\$ 774.40$
50．$\$ 30,400$
51． 8804.00
52．$\$ 4440$
53．$\$ 887.00$
54．$\$ 270.00$
55．$\$ 930.60$
56． 8606.75
57． 8945.00
58． 837,125

59． 114.00
60．$\quad$ 007．20
61． 8840.00
62． 8277.10
63． 805.00
64． 00.00
65．8350
68． 310 scu ．ft．
67． $33,320 \mathrm{lb}$ ．
88． 825.92
89．$\quad 09.00$

## Page 236

2． 8085
8． 16,070
4． 17,551
5． 6523
8． 7204
7． 4200
8． 6349
9． 8642
10． 1250
11． 1128
12． 11,382
13． 010
14． 144
15． 838
16． 7217
17． 955
18． 924
19． 7452
Page 237
21． 2324
25． 454
28． $556 \frac{\square}{7}$
24． $474 \frac{3}{3}$
25． 3501
26． 7978 ？
27． 0608
28． 08801
29． $7530 \frac{2}{3}$
80． 73281
31． $3462 \frac{1}{10}$
32． $900{ }_{1}^{1}$
33． $2683 \frac{1}{3}$
34． 8192 It
95． 8072 年
36． 660 ft ．
37．$\$ .15$
－ 27

85． 80 lb ．
89． $85!$
40． 3.75
41． 16 cuben．

## Page 239

2． 23
8． 72
4． 48
5． 0
8． 64
7． 070
8． 700
9． 300
10． 20
11． 30
12． 200
18． 201
14． 301
15． 27
18． 27
17． 32 iots
18． 1 u hr ．

## Pat： 241

2． 24
8． 32
4． 34
5． 42
6． 28
7． 26
8． 42
9． 58
10． 46
11． 33
12． 75
18． 34
14． 31
15． 21
16． 34
17． 42
18． 38
19． 42
20． 54
21． 32
22． 16
23． 43
24． 24
25． 33
26． 34
27． 43
－
$\qquad$
Page 239
$\qquad$
70

$\qquad$

$\qquad$
，

24

42
28
26
58
46
33

17． 42

1． 32
16
43

## i



## 

## ，

## ANSWERS

Page 242
2. 56
8. 75
4. 888
5. 65
6. 16
7. 34
. 23
9. 83
10. 408
11. 832
12. 308
18. 256
14. 222
15. 202
16. 132
17. 238
18. 348
19. 302
20. 208
21. 434
82. 323

Page 243

1. $72,15 \mathrm{rem}$.
2. $31,13 \mathrm{rem}$.
3. $31,53 \mathrm{rem}$.
4. $69,43 \mathrm{rem}$.
5. $70,30 \mathrm{rem}$.
6. $31,63 \mathrm{rem}$.
7. 311
8. 31
9. 301
10. 579,30 rem.
11. 63,6 геш.
12. 602
13. 76, 5 rem.
14. 57,2 rem.
15. 607,2 rem.
16. 321,1 rem.
17. 67.42 rem .
18. $32 \%$
19. 245
20. 304
21. 233
22. 201, 1 rem.
23. 808
24. 444
25. 767
26. 1555
27. 1666,5 rem.
28. 1050
29. 911
30. 404,4 rem.

## Pago 244

2. $44 \frac{3}{15}$
3. 440
4. 219
5. 050
6. 238
7. 330 78\%
8. 218
9. 3486
10. $220^{\circ}$
11. 87
12. 330
13. 404 I 7 c
14. 97
15. 75 Itx
16. 55
17. 33 舛
18. 66
19. $54 \frac{18}{64}$
20. 45
21. 40
22. 135
23. 399
24. $95 \frac{1}{88} 8$
25. 44 M
26. 525
27. 347
28. 289
29. 369

## Page 245

1. 106 days
2. 1.45
3. $\$ 125 ; \$ 875$
4. 64 clams
5. $\$ 12$
6. 1 hr ,
7. 520 bu .
8. 42 bu.; 210 bu.
9. 1800 letters
10. $18{ }^{3} \mathrm{mi}$.
11. 1534 tons
12. 82.25 ; $\$ 112.50$

Page 248

1. $\$ 3208.55$
2. 00,$000 ; 09,000$; 00,$000 ; 00,424$; 91,424; 37,016
3. In order by columns: 8.90; 8.25; 81.73; 82.50; 81.84; 8.81 ; 8.15 ; 82.20; 84.25; 84.62; 4.87; 84.18
4. 83408
5. 83375
6. 8035
7. 85 vi 2
8. 60,230
9. 31,680
10. 41,860
11. 48,480
12. 869,252
13. $\$ 01,008$
14. 96,128
15. 100,435
16. 31,003
17. 01,200
18. 92,718
19. 655
20. 2541
21. 542
22. 600
23. 803
24. 408
25. 556
26. 0.69
27. 84.08
28. 1419
29. 88
30. 45
31. 868
32. 76
33. 887
34. 67
35. 869
36. $\$ 67$
37. $\$ 69$
38. $\$ 19$
39. 87
40. 808 部?
41. $30{ }_{3} \frac{3}{2} \mathrm{~J}$
42. 907 ł8
43. 200
44. $2288_{1}$ ty
45. 880 t
46. 800
47. 400
48. 208 y

## Page 249

1. 8.45
2. 83 f
3. 00 oz .
4. 86 oz .
5. 18 in .
6. $5700 \%$; 8 ;

## Page 251

1. 162.20
2. 8201.86
3. $\$ 236.49$
4. $\$ 156.04$
5. 8280.60
B. $\$ 443.76$
6. 8160.65
7. 8287.67
8. 8276.67
9. 105.34
10. 8894.07
11. 8233.19
12. 8260.78
13. 8289.66
14. 8705.08

Page 252
16. 200,384
17. 186,157
18. 174,448
19. 164,012
20. 302,127
21. 82670.43
22. 82430.34
23. $\$ 2171.50$
24. $\$ 1480.61$
25. $\$ 5105.18$

## Page 255

1. $288 ; 330 ; 384$; 432; 528; 576
2. $582 ; 679,770$; 873; 1067; 1104

Page 255 （Continued）
8． 1614 ； 1883 ； 2152；2421； 2050； 3228
4． $6088 ; 5036$ ； 6784 ；7032； $0328 ; 10,176$
6． 118.32 ； 8188．04； 8167．76； 8177．48； － 216.02 ； 8230.64

6． 449.94 ； 8524.23 ； \＄500．12； 8074．01； 8823.79 ； 8898.68

7． 82857.50 ； 83933.75 ； 88810.00 ； 84280.25 ； 86238.75 ； $\$ 5715.00$
8． 83831.78 ； $\$ 4470.41$ ； 86109.04 ； 6747．07； © 7024.93 ； ． 7663.56
9． 110,400
10． 445,200
11． 661,600
12． 178,000
13． 300,000
14． 093,000
15． 201,270
18． 767,160
17．723，760
18． 8148.52
19． 8200.55
20． 8373.02
21．$\$ 3645.11$
28． 85444.40
23． 85375.76
24． 81706.04
25．$\$ 3767.98$
28． 86388.01
27．108，072

23． 288,212
99．156，84
30． 811,636
81． 368,182
38． 351,588
23． 442,611
81．837，416
85． 330,012
86． 484,764
37． 673,602
38． 808,200
Page 257
3． 44 ft ．
4． 161 fl ．
5． 34 qt ．
8． 100 qt ．
7． 88 pt ．
8． 50 sq ． ft ．
9． 96 qt ．
10． 37 oz ．
11． 080 rd ．
12． 880 rd ．
13． 108 in ．
14． $1044 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ln}$ ，
15． 5300 ft ．
19． 46 cu ．in．less

## Page 259

1． 345 sec ．
2． 200 min ．
8． 745 days
4． 116 days
5． 9000 sec ．
8． 84 hr ．
7． 4 sec ．
8． 40 ft ．

## Page 260

1． 72 oz ．
2． 1225 ib ．
36375 lb ．
4． 155 cwt ．
5． P ？ 200 oz.
9．+30 lb ．
7．$\$ 26.1 \mathrm{C}$
8． 865.20
9．$\$ 144.00$
10．$\$ 78.00$
11．$\$ 297.25$
12．$\$ 5000$

Page 261
1． 4000
9． 41 ．
3． 3510
4． 2635 ； 82025
8． 23 A．； 12 A．； 4 A ．

## Page 262

9． 480
7． 8800
8． 80200
9． 1425.00
10．Second ； 8440
11． 300
12． 8024
Page 265
1．繁；䨽；${ }^{192}$

8． 3
4． 182
6．$\frac{32}{4}$
8． 182
7． $2 g^{2}$
8． 192
9．$\frac{48}{10}$
10． 48
11．428
12．$\frac{287}{20}$

## Page 266

1． 14
2． $13 \frac{5}{3}$
8． $14 \frac{1}{1}$
4． 13
5． 26$\}$
8． $12 \frac{1}{2}$
7． $25 \frac{2}{3}$
8． 17
9． $13 \frac{5}{5}$
10． $33 \frac{1}{2}$
11． 233
12． 23 륵
13． 27
14． $26 \%$
15． 311

## Page 268

2．A
3． 114
4． 14
6．18
9．It
7． 11
8． 1
9．1105
10．180
11． 21
12．is
16．$\frac{18}{8}$
14． $7011 ; 15{ }^{5}$
18． 50 咅；101
18． 1364 ； 3218
17．113；363
18． $121 \frac{1}{7}$ ； 73 3 多
19． $24+\mathrm{g}^{\prime \prime}$
20． $1^{\prime \prime}$
21． 2 fl lb ．

## Page 269

1．$\$ 2.01$
2．$\$ 4.10$
3．$\$ 2.58$
4． 245
8． 602
8． 395
7． 4381
8． 3731
9． 7403
10． 851
11． 190 plants
12． 85.00
18． 160 bu．；
224 bu．
14．$\$ 4246$ ；$\$ 386$

## Page 270

1． 520
2． 819
3． 818
4． 10.710
b． 20,274
8． 80,996
7． 84,628

## ANSWERS

Page 270
（Continuod）
B． 250,272
9． 453,689
10． 98.00
11． 2472
12． 885.90
13． 80.26
14． 855.50
16． 1182 ml ．
Page 272
2． 180
8． 0.25
4． 80210
6． 83705
6． 0.00
7． 924 soldiers
Page 275
2． 100
8． 81624
1． 8578
5．$\$ 1200$
6． 821
7．$\$ 245$
3． 840,000
9．$\$ 5.00$
10． 85184
11． 8375
Page 278
2． 15 yd .1 ft ．
8． 23 gal .3 qt ．
4． $3 \mathrm{hr}, 40 \mathrm{~min}$ ．
5． 163 ft ．
6． $27 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{bu}$ ．
7． 331 g gal．

## Page 279

8． 15 pk .5 qt．
9． 14 уг． 9 mo．
10． 62 lb .8 oz ．
11． 363 yd ．
12． $15 \frac{1}{9} \mathrm{pk}$ ．

13．6）da．
14． $11 \frac{\mathrm{si}}{\mathrm{mi}}$
16． $49 \mathrm{lb} . ; 241 \mathrm{lb}$ ．
10． $8 \%$
20． 31
21．7\％
98． $24 \frac{5}{6}$
23． 21
24． $1 \frac{1}{6}$
25． 2 ？
28． 17
27． 14
28． 824
29． 21 T．
30． 1 \}
81． 31 min ．
38．7it hr．
33． $3 \neq A$ ．
34． $5 \frac{\mathrm{ml}}{} \mathrm{m}$ ．
85． $28{ }_{3} \mathrm{cwt}$ ．
96． 2 T T ．
37． 8.75
38． 18.75
39． 4020

## Page 280

4． 0012
3． $7 i \frac{1}{4}$
4． $04 \frac{1}{2}$
5． 82 ？
6． 42 F
7． $54 \frac{1}{6}$
8． 81 \％
9． $68 \frac{5}{8}$
10． 05 ？
11． 46 费
12． $20{ }^{\frac{1}{1}}$
18． $37 \frac{1}{12}$
14． $75 \frac{1}{\mathrm{lb}}$ ．
15． 625 亲 bu．
16． 805
17． 860

18． 386
10． 891
20． 809
12． 727
28． 819
29． 1248
24． 1607
25． 1000

## Page 281

1． 28 ml ．
2． 640 lb ．
3． 80,020
4． 2640 ties
万．$\$ 1584$
6． 120 ft ．
7． 8847
8． 4480 posts ；
3806.40

9． $24,640 \mathrm{lb}$ ．
10． 82383.36
Page 284

8
8.
8.
4.
6.
6.
7.
8.
9.
11.
10.
15.
14.
15.
16.


| 17. |
| :--- |
| 18. |
| 19. |
| 20. |
| 21. |

19． 36
20．
21．
$\frac{1}{4}$

| 82． |
| :--- |
| 29． |
| 81． |
| 85． |

Page 286
2． 3.5
8． 0.88
4． 13.212
5． 8.03
6． 80.386
7． 58.65
8． 14.176
9． 37.81
10． 21.4
11． 14
18．． 04
14． 2.235
16． 21.578
16． 1.216
17． $2.5 ; 7.5 ; 3.33$ ；
8.375

18． 95.2 ； 66.2 ；
36.25 ； 60.07

19． 5.08 ft ．
20． 2.38 in ．
21． 32.3 yd ．
29． 101 gal ．
23． 5.25 in ．
24． 7.58 A ．
25． 76.88 A ．
26． 567.8 mi ．

288
1． 87.20
2． 94.2 \％
8．$\$ 18.07$
4． 888,60
6． 80.85
6．$\$ 3.55$
7． 817.45
8．$\$ 1$
9．$\$ 14.75$
10．$\$ 138.65$



[^0]:    - Exclusive of the troops in India.

[^1]:    FIRST FROG. AR, -14

