

Chignecto Post.

Sackville, N. B., March 1, 1877.

THE SEAL.

An important question has arisen in Nova Scotia as to the legality of various acts of the Government in not using the Great Seal of the Province. It appears that in 1868 on the passing of the British North American Act, the Colonial secretary sent a despatch to the Governor-General informing him that Her Majesty had been pleased to order new Provincial Seals for the different Provinces, and in 1869, new Seals were sent out to Canada to be used in place of the old seals, which were to be returned to London for the purpose of being broken. The seal for the Province of Nova Scotia was received by the Provincial secretary Mr. Vail and by him locked up in his safe where it is now. This took place at the time of the anti-confederation excitement, and it is alleged that the reason for the Government not using it, was that by doing so they would be giving assent to confederation. The new seal directed by Her Majesty to be used instead of the old one has never been used. Appointments of public officers, grants of land, etc., which require the Great Seal, granted since 1869 it is contended are void, as not being under the Great Seal of the Province. The matter is now before the Supreme Court in Halifax and if the account given in the Opposition papers be reliable, their decision is already determined upon, and will be fatal to all acts of the Government requiring the use of such Seal. It is claimed that not only will it make void the grants of land and other documents issued out of the Provincial secretary's office, but also the Government officers themselves, the Legislative Councilors, the House of Assembly, and all Acts of Legislation passed since 1869. The position taken is that the Queen being the source of Honor, has the prerogative right of directing what the Great Seal shall be, and none other will answer in its stead. This, if correct law, will create immense confusion in Nova Scotia, and the only remedy will be for the Governor to reappoint under the proper Great Seal, the different departmental officers, then dissolve the Assembly, call for a new House, and pass an ex post facto law to legalize all that has been done. With next week, however, we will have fuller developments of this exciting subject.

The Todd Scandal and the "Times."

Since Mrs. Sears' first attempt to regain her property from Messrs. Todd and Cahill to the present time, we have never expressed an opinion editorially as to the merits of the alleged frauds, nor have we from first to last acted otherwise than in a most courteous spirit to Mr. Todd giving him the same privilege to use our columns as we accorded to Mrs. Sears. So great was our desire to keep this matter out of our columns, that during last summer we refused to admit any communication from Mrs. Sears' behalf, until August last, when Mr. Todd appearing in print under his own name, gave her the right to reply, which we accorded her. Since then our columns have been as much at the service of Mr. Todd as of Mrs. Sears. The Editor of the Moncton Times ignoring these facts makes in his last issue an attack on this paper in which the following appears: "The lowest depth..."

"The lowest depth..."

"When Mr. Chris. Milner announced in his five column letter that he was about to sign it, he evidently did not intend to use only his individual efforts, but resolved to make a sort of cess-pool mortar of the newspaper he controls, and gather there the vilest filth from the feeblest sources with a view to its discharge against a Minister whose high character he can no more appreciate than any other imp of darkness could appreciate the angel Gabriel."

"We assert that Mr. Chris. Milner did not write the letter signed 'Honor' that he had nothing whatever to do with it. He never read it until it was in print. To impute to him the authorship of this letter in question is a LIE. It is a LIE, because it is made without a title of evidence or a shadow of reason. We denounce it as a LIE without excuse or justification. It is a BARE LIE because it imputes unworthy motives in a professional man's professional conduct. It is a MALICIOUS LIE because it was published with deliberate intent to stir up hatred against and injure the reputation of Mrs. Sears' lawyer."

"MARTIME UNION.—In the House of Assembly, Nova Scotia on Friday, Hon. P. C. Hill gave notice that he would move to authorize the Government in Council to confer with the Governments of New Brunswick and P. E. Island on the subject of Maritime Union, the conference to report at the next session of the Legislature."

"THE FRAUD IS COMPLETE.—WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—The Election Commission has reported to the Oregon Gov. for Hayes and Wheeler. The members of the Commission stood the same as in the case of Florida and Louisiana."

"NORTHERN LIGHTS" arrived at Georgetown this morning after a two days passage from Plover.

LEGISLATIVE.

On 22nd, Mr. Crawford's bill to continue the Grand Central Railway Act was discussed. Mr. Austin moved a three months' adjournment on the ground that he felt that by the encouragement already given by the policy of the Legislature and the material facilities which are now offered for railway construction, the Province was having its resources unduly crippled and the tide of railway expenditure ought to be checked. Mr. Davidson supported the motion. Mr. Covert opposed it, denouncing the conduct of the Government in not coming down on these Railway schemes before. Messrs. Butler and Pickard opposed it. Mr. Burns said the Government had inspired the motion, they had not the courage to oppose the bill. The Motion was supported. Mr. Covert's speech.

Hon. Mr. Fraser referring to the misapprehensions prevailing as to the Finance of the country, stated the balance at the end of the fiscal year 1876, was \$81,355.87, but to get at the net balance you must deduct the amount of expenditures of Public Works Department accounts \$7,981.37, and on Immigration accounts \$1,036.54, leaving on warrant account at the bank after the settlement of the accounts of the year 1876, the sum of \$72,339.16. In the same way take the warrant accounts for 1876. The balance shown in the accounts before the House is \$128,876.71, and deduct for over expenditure on Public Works, Mining and Immigration accounts amounting to \$15,828.07, and we have a true balance for 1876, of \$115,048.64. All these liabilities were paid. Now what is the net gain of the year? It is the difference between the above net balance of 1876 and that of 1875 of \$40,709.48. By the additional act of the Legislature, the table pursuant to the Speech, it is shown that between the close of the fiscal year, and the opening of the session on the 8th inst., \$264,159.39 were received making the total amount in hand the day of opening of the Legislature, including the balance at the end of the fiscal year was \$338,036.10. Now the natural question is, where is that balance, and of what does it consist? The papers laid on the table show that the warrants drawn between 31st October 1876, to the day of opening was \$195,855.87. The details of which are shown. After going into the details of these expenditures which he thought referred the slanders against the Government he proceeded to show the debt owing by the Province: Provincial Debtors at \$333,000, issued prior to the 31st of October last, and \$66,000 since, or a total of \$399,000 on debentures account. Then there was the estimated cost of the Normal School, \$50,000. He proposed when the latter item came up for a vote to give the House full information as to what had been done under that head. He would also deal with the loans to the St. John and St. Stephen School Boards. The amount required to meet the existing railway obligations, a statement of which was on the table, was \$387,000, made up by \$900 as balance in full on the Petrolinae and Egan Branch Railway, \$76,000 on account of the St. Martins and Upland Railway, and \$311,000 on the Grand Southern. The Albert Railway subsidy, was to be paid out of monies lying at the credit of the Province with the Dominion, and did not, therefore, become a Provincial liability.

On 26th Mr. Humphrey introduced a bill to incorporate the Moncton Driving Park Association, with petition in favor of same. In supply, Great Roads \$86,000 passed. A lengthy debate took place on the \$70,000 for by roads. Mr. Covert said the same amount had been asked for last year and yet \$15,000 more had been expended. Mr. Davidson asked the Chief Commissioner to state how much of the great road appropriation was already expended. The Chief Commissioner said the return was on the table. Mr. David son complained that the answer was not courteous. Mr. Pickard said there was an impression abroad that liabilities were kept back until after the great was made, so that very little of the appropriation was left. Mr. Smith addressed the House on the subject of the Dorchester bridge, and asked the Chief Commissioner if he intended to go on with that. Hon. Mr. Kelly replied that that was one of the bridges contemplated for the present year.

Mr. Smith said he saw large amounts charged to wharf erection, while a very necessary wharf had not yet been erected in Shediac. He wanted \$1,000 for the wharf at Shediac. If the Chief Commissioner would spend so much money in his own Country and neglect Westmorland then it would be better to have a change and get the Chief Commissioner for Westmorland.

Mr. O'Leary introduced a bill to provide for the establishment of a almshouse in Kent, with petition in favor of same.

Cape Tormentine Railway. A deputation, consisting of Senators and member, specially interested, waited on the Premier on Saturday morning in support of a memorial which had been addressed to him, setting forth the desirability of changing the route of the "Northern Light" from between Georgetown and Plover to between Tormentine and Cape Traverse. The deputation discussed the matter fully, and the Premier promised to give due consideration to their representations.

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PARLIAMENTARY.

Mr. Edron.—The usual waiting and playing at the beginning of a session is passed and the members are very hard at work. This session will be remembered as that in which an invocation of the Divine Blessing was first introduced in the House. It being ordered that Mr. Spenser should read the prayers at the opening of the House each day, in his own language. A discussion did arise over the question of reading them in French and English, but the Hon. Mr. Mills settled it by remarking that as the prayer was addressed to the Almighty, he would not be troubled by the language used to the House, he thought it entirely unnecessary; so the prayers were translated, printed, and laid on the desk of each member.

Mr. Diamond one of the most inveterate personal enemies of Sir John, thought he had got the "old fellow" at last when he let open the notable refund of \$25,000 of secret service money, but as usual when he went to lay his hand on him he was gone. The Right Hon. gentleman had received a lecture upon honesty from the Kingston Times, which said: "If he were honest why did he not keep the money in the bank at his call." In explaining the matter Sir John said: "I kept the sum of \$30,000 secret service money in the Montreal bank until certain claims growing out of the Fenian raid, chargeable to that fund should be settled, which claims amounted to \$6,600 for which I drew one check to my order and for the balance I drew a check payable to the Receiver-General, I never touched the money."

Last Thursday the Minister of Finance made his budget speech. The speech was most exhaustive, complete and able defence of the Government. The Hon. gentleman admitted there was a deficit of \$1,300,000, and was very glad it was the first time he had to announce a deficit. He finished a speech of over 3 hours by moving a resolution changing the tariff in a few particulars, the most noticeable being a reduction of the duty on coal oil of 10 to 5 cents on the gallon, and an increase of 2 cents on tea. The Hon. Dr. Tupper followed in one of the most able speeches that has ever been delivered from the floor of the Commons. He defended the policy of his Government, showed that they had protected the home manufactures, decreased the public debt by \$18,000,000, reduced the taxation, and at the end of 7 years left the country prosperous, happy, united, and a surplus in the treasury, after being denounced as "the most extravagant government under the Heavens" but after 3 years of the present rule the country is crushed; disorder and anarchy prevail, \$3,000,000 of fresh taxation has been added, and a deficit of \$2,000,000 is thrown into the bargain. Mr. MacKenzie followed but was reported as having yawned at the Hon. Member from Cumberland to make a speech, and after beating the air for a while, he resumed his seat. Sir John then took the floor and condemned the "unofficial, unparliamentary speech" of the Premier. He defined Dr. Tupper and said, "When the financial policy of the government goes to the country a great wall of desolation will be heard over the whole land from North and South Ontario even unto Kamouraska. The plain of the saying is in the fact that during vacation, the quiet members of North and South Ontario died and Mr. Gibbs —, were returned, while the news of the election of Mr. Roy for Kamouraska over the nominee of the Minister of Agriculture had just that day been received. Mr. Roy arrived in town on Monday and will be received with a torchlight procession and escorted to the Commons."

I believe that the opposition in tend to make the new duty on tea a test question, and they have largely upon the strength of the following of Sir John, but there is doubtless a very strong feeling even among the following of the Ministry that unless they change their tune the electors will request them to remain at home. Mr. Palmer arrived in town on Thursday.

Mr. Botsford appeared to be well he gave a short speech in the Senate the other day upon the Washington and Ashburton treaty.

Mr. McLean, an old student of Mr. Allison, has been admitted to the Senate with one of the most brilliant efforts recorded there, he contended the policy of the Government, one sentence will tell the whole, "Every word and every line of their financial history is rocking and dripping with extravagance."

The old grey headed politicians of the Senate have been sitting with closed doors taking a few lessons upon parliamentary usage from the newly appointed Senator of Nova Scotia, the youthful Mr. Power. Doubtless they are highly gratified to the young gentleman for his earnest endeavours for their good.

This whole month has been very mild the snow is so nearly done that wheels have been called into general use.

Nix. The Militia.—The Major General Selby says the recommendations the advisability of maintaining the militia in a state of as great efficiency as the finances of the country will permit. He suggests the advisability of establishing three infantry training schools (but in this he would not overlook the importance of the military college already in existence), one at St. John, one at Kingston, and one at Toronto. He further proposes that these should be capable of training 9 officers 240 men. Each school, it is estimated, would cost the country at the rate of \$37,750 per annum.

HEAVY FAILURES.—Lord, Porter & Co., of Yarmouth, N. S., ship-owners, are reported insolvent; liabilities \$150,000, assets \$20,000. John Cyprian & Sons, of Halifax, West India merchants, have also failed.

The British Columbia House opened on Saturday. The Government is engaged by Camarons wishes in regard to the Railway.

Honor to Whom Honor is Due.

DEAR SIR:—The Moncton Times of last week contained the following:— "Last week, finding the Sears estate scandal a source of injury to gentlemen (Mr. Todd), had been placed on, exhausted and exploded, it resorted to the publication of anonymous correspondence which contained charges so vile, so unfounded, so base and baseless that the devil himself must have been alarmed to think he had so clever a rival in connection with the office of the Post. We have heard of efforts at blackmailing—attempts to destroy good men's reputation, and the like, but anything so disgraceful, so utterly disgraceful to journalism, under all the circumstances, as the publication of the letter of 'Honor' we have never known and for the credit of the profession, sincerely hope we shall never know again."

I need not remark on the readiness with which the Times stamps all my statements as vile, base, etc., without the slightest enquiry or investigation; it appears to be the style in Moncton to receive the order of things by pronouncing judgment before the trial had. Others might be deterred by such coarse and violent attacks, and frigh end from telling the plain truth. I have no fear of either the committee or the Times, for I am justified. The Baptist people are brave and honest enough to stand by him who deals in the truth. The Times denials my statements and now for the proofs. On one occasion took a deed from a dying man to the property. The creditors were so delighted at the very ingenious and honorable way in which they were "done" that they refused to take any more of the kind. The deeds in question to and from Mr. Todd himself may be seen at the Registry office for the County of Westmorland at Dorchester, on 24th July, 1869, Folio 167, Libro B. 3, No. 28, 029, and on 24th July, 1869, Folio 168, Libro B. 3, No. 28, 027.

The surrounding circumstances connected with the deed in question, course would not appear on Record can be learned of almost any resident of Sackville where the circumstances took place and the creditors live. If the Church committee really desire to get at the truth, the proper way to proceed will not be to call "Honor" a devil, and hold an open investigation where the witnesses live, the events took place and seek to prove it by the evidence of the fact. My statements are then shown to be unfounded it will be time enough to heap abuse on the head of "Honor." Will the committee do this? Will they not rather (judging by their past judicial efforts) most, pass a resolution of censure on the committee, innocent, resolve that "Honor" and the Post are liars and assassins, and call upon Heaven and Earth to witness that their Pastor is a persecuted man!

Another statement was that, He obtained a conveyance of property from a man who was reported as being insane. He would have kept the deed, but when the wicked man he saw sober, he took council with his wicked neighbors and they compelled a cancellation of the conveyance.

The deed given to a protégé of Mr. Todd's was annulled on 12th April, 1867, and back from him on 10th June following.

Another statement was that, Another transaction shows his extreme benevolence. To discourage a neighbor from borrowing money, he offered him 10 per cent per annum. The neighbor became "discouraged" brought an action to recover his money, and the result was the needless factor paid back over \$100!

Peer.—A writ was issued on 28th Sept., 1874, in which Leonard Dixon was Plaintiff and Thomas Todd was Defendant. The Sheriff of King's County served it on the 14th Oct., following, has a record of it. The following is an extract from the particulars of the Plaintiff's demand and attached to the Writ of Summons: "Cash, illegally and unauthoriously had and received by you from Plaintiff for the sum of \$25, borrowed of me on 12th April, 1867, and back from him on 10th June following."

The amount actually repaid by Mr. Todd was \$123.25 (exclusive of costs and expenses), being usurious interest received by him from 1865 to '71. I do not believe it accords with the spirit of him who taught, Mr. Kingdon is not of this world, to take money. I do not remember reading anywhere that when he told his disciples and followers to go and preach the gospel unto all the world, that he told them to lend money at usury. I do remember however reading in a book called the Merchant of Venice, where one Shylock lent monies—3,000 ducats—and for his usury said: "The pound of flesh which I demand of you."

So dearly bought, 'tis mine, and I will have it."

Will this second letter be the signal for another burst of abuse, or will the committee apply itself de novo and make an honest, unbiassed investigation that will satisfy the Baptist people in this as in other communities that the Sears' and other charges against the Rev. Mr. Todd are untrue? Better a thousand times to the Baptist heart to know the worst and the truth, even if it affect a most trusted Minister, for "if thine eye offend thee pluck it out."

CARDINAL CULLEWIN in a letter to the O'Mahony general committee, says:—"I am unaware that O'Mahony contributed any signal service to this country, but rather provoked hostile legislation against us. I have been unable to learn that he was a great benefactor of the Church. On the contrary he is said to have written in a spirit hostile to it. He was Head Centre of the Fenians, and collected large sums to promote their ghastly movements even after Fenianism had been condemned by the church. If I were to allow the remains in the Cathedral, I should seem to approve his religious and public conduct and his projects relative to Ireland, a responsibility I am not at all inclined to assume."

The funeral of O'Mahony took place in Cork on Sunday. The procession was a mile long. The hearse was drawn by six horses, and the coffin was carried by the American and Irish flags. 20,000 people were present. There was but little enthusiasm.

INAUGURATION.—The New York World says Hayes will take the oath of office next Sunday, at noon, in presence of General Grant and the Cabinet, at the Executive Mansion. The Chief Justice will officiate. The inauguration will take place on Monday.

Mount Allison.

Exhibition—Second Term. The examinations for the second term were concluded on Monday night, and on Tuesday evening the Public Exhibition took place at Lingley Hall, before a large audience. The following was the programme: I. Devotional Exercises, Rev. C. Stewart, D.D. Music—Oh, by Rivers by whose Falls. II. Declaration by Students, Male Academy, "Regulus before the Roman Senate," Edgar Wilson. "Bevy and I are out," Wm. Humphrey. "A selfish influence of Christianity," Newton Bell. III. The Web of Life, - - - M. Lodge Music—Piano Trio, H. H. Woodworth, Verdi. Misses Crothers, Carrizt and Vorrall. Reading Essay, &c., by young Ladies. I. The Grammar of Life, (reading) Miss A. Smith. II. Woman's Mission, (reading), Miss A. Robertson. III. Retrospect and Prospect, (essay), Miss A. French Dialogue. Music—Praise the Lord, - - Chorus Class.

Incidents of College Students. 1. Incident of Fire of Hamburg, S. B. Grigg. 2. The Farmer, - - - W. Arthur Black. 3. Pollocks Description of Byron, - - - L. R. Smith. 4. Oath of the Highlanders, W. L. Goodwin. Music—Laughing Song; Trio, Misses F. Smith, Crothers and Prof. Sterne. Reports, &c. Music—Spring Delights are now returning, Chorus. The declamation by college students was as usual good. "The Farmer" was an original production by Mr. W. Arthur Black and exhibited a good deal of literary merit. Mr. Black took a highly pleased production of the most agreeable features of the evening. It was from Racine's "Esther." The music was composed for it by Prof. Sterne, and was admirably conceived not only in the spirit of the play, but was also most successful in displaying the voices of his pupils. The leading chorists, Miss Florence Smith and Miss Hibbard, are noticeable for the admirable manner in which they executed their parts.

We have so often of late noted in eulogistic terms the high character of the music furnished by Prof. Sterne and his pupils, it is only necessary to say the other music on the programme fully sustained the standard of excellence attained at Mount Allison. Principal Inch in his report stated that the attendance during the past term was 71. Of 58, of whom standing first were kept, 49 obtained the first rank in department, and in literary standings, 23 were in the first rank and 23 the second. The term had been a very successful one in every way. Vice-Principal Kennedy reported an attendance of 72 at the Male Academy last term, of these, 64 attained the first rank in department—a most marked and gratifying improvement. In literary standings 12 were in the 1st rank, 13 second and 13 third. The Vice-Principal hoped he would be able to confer a diploma on those who had attended from two to four years, similar to that, that is issued by the Commercial College. He would suggest it be adorned with a picture attractive to every Academician. He did not refer to the dining hall—(chers) but to the Ladies Academy, (prolonged applause) not of the interior; of the highly organized beauties of the drawing rooms, but of the exterior, of the Academy in her rejuvenated state. The Doctor referred to an erroneous impression prevailing respecting the Commercial College. He did not profess to say it was an institution to learn people how to become rich; it did not lead to infallible issues of business success, but he did believe that young men attending it could obtain ideas of great and permanent value to carry into the active business of life. A number, he was happy to say had already realized the benefits of this institution.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—The Telegraph says that a young man named Winter, stopping at the Barker House, Fredericton, attempted self destruction on Wednesday night, by shooting himself in the head. The wound is a serious one, and may prove fatal. The young man was presented himself at the hotel, said that an attempt had been made to murder him, and denied that he tried to kill himself.

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SMOKED

PORK, HAMS & BACON. 6 tons Pork, Hams and Bacon, Of Superior Quality. Also, a lot of Choice SUGAR CURED HAMS, selected, for family use. Those wishing to purchase, please send in early. J. L. Black.

New Goods! 1 CASK SUGAR, 6 DOZ. BROOMS, 2 CASKS & 1 CASK DRUGGIST'S Sundries, 4 cases Assorted Dry Goods, 1 Lot Hair Braids, FOR SALE LOW. J. L. Black.

APPLES, APPLES. 15 BARRELS NOVA SCOTIA BALDWIN, Consigned from prompt sale. They will be sold cheap. J. L. Black.

FLOUR & POT BARLEY. 200 BBLs. FLOUR 1000 LBS. Ont. Pot Barley. For Sale at Lowest Rates. J. L. Black.

Kerosene Oil. 10 CASKS KEROSENE OIL, of extra quality just received. Will be sold very low by cask, at retail for cash. J. L. Black.

Fish & Smoked Herring. 20 QUINTALS POLLOCK & 5 quintals HALIBUT, 100 boxes SCALED HERRING; J. L. Black.

FURNITURE. 3 Dozen Bedsteads, AND A FEW BEDROOM SUITS. Which we can sell very low. Please call and see them. J. L. Black.

SOLE LEATHER. 40 SIZES NOS. 1 & 2 B. A. SOLE LEATHER, Very Cheap for Cash. J. L. Black.

TURPENTINE I 2 casks Spirit Turpentine, Just received and for sale cheap. J. L. Black.

WORTH KNOWING! FROM British, American and Canadian Markets, we have now in store and to arrive, the most varied and valuable Stock of Goods ever offered our customers, which we are offering at prices so low as to command a ready sale. Below we enumerate some of our stock and invite examination: 120 bbls. Montreal and Quebec Green Apples; 5 Dry Apples; 5 Onions; 12 bbls. Molasses; 5 Sugar; 125 bbls. Liverpool Salt; 10 Butter Sals; 25 quintals Pollock and Codfish; 30 barrels Herrings; 5 Am. Refined Kerosene Oil; 16 Canadian; 25 chests Superior Quality TEA; 12 boxes Tobacco; 10 Soap; 1000 lbs. Rice; 50 boxes Hams; 1000 lbs. Dairy and Factory Cheese; Confectionery, Spices, Currants; Coffee, &c.; White and Colored Paints; Putty, Oil, Varnish, Japans; Spirit Turpentine, &c.; 20 tons IRON, full assortment sizes; 2 tons Spring, Nigh Shoe and Shed Shoe STEEL; 1000 lbs. Short Link Chain; 1000 lbs. Horse and Ox Nails; 60 kegs Cat Nails, all sizes; 60 boxes Window Glass; 8 bbls. Glassware, viz.: Pitchers, 17 bbls. Lamps, Fruit Dishes, &c.; 10 boxes Axes; 1 gross Hickory Axe Handles; 15 cases Shelf and Heavy Hardware; 1000 lbs. Shear Lip Paper; 4 cases Cloths; 3 Mirrors; 8 dozen Manure Shovels and Forks; 100 lbs. Halls; 13 Brooms; 1000 door Hinges, Rollers & Hangers; Crosscut, Buck-Saws and Hand Saws; J. L. Black.

Advertisements This Day.

GOODS! AT COST! THE BALANCE OF STOCK OF Overcoats, Reefers, and Fur Goods, Are now being offered at Cost for Cash! Good Bargains will positively be given, and customers will save money by purchasing now. J. F. ALLISON.

Hams! Hams! 1 TON Hams & Shoulders, For sale Cheap for Cash. J. F. ALLISON.

Molasses! Molasses! DEMERARA MOLASSES, a splendid article, at market rates. J. F. ALLISON.

APPLIES! 15 BARRELS N. S. APPLES, all first class varieties. For sale very low. J. F. ALLISON.

GROCERIES! USTAL STOCK of first class GROCERIES, at usual low prices. J. F. ALLISON.

BUSINESS CHANGE. THE Subscriber is continuing the Business formerly conducted by the late S. F. CRANE, Esq. of B. V. Verté, and has now in Stock FULL LINES of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERYWARE, FLOUR & MEAL, BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS, &c. The above Stock will be largely added by SPRING IMPORTATIONS. Country Produce wanted, and highest prices paid. F. C. HARPER. B. V. Verté, Feb. 21, 1877.

Assessors' Notice. HAVING received the WARRANT OF ASSESSMENT for the Parish of Sackville, Notice is hereby given that all persons liable to be assessed, are requested to bring in to the Assessors, within thirty days from date, true statements of their property and income liable to be assessed. The Valuation List will be posted in the Post Office on the twenty-fifth day of April next for the inspection of rate payers. The Secretary of each School District of the Parish is requested to have a list according to law of all persons liable to be assessed for District School purposes. J. F. ALLISON, Assessors S. A. ZAVY, ET AL., A. R. McLELLAN, R. A. TRIVEMAN, R. A. Sackville, Feb. 28, 1877.

Wood Land at Auction. TO be sold at Public Auction on TUESDAY the third day of April next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Store of David G. Dixon Sackville: That lot of WOOD LAND situated in Westcott, in the Parish of Sackville, and known as the Glebe Lot. J. D. H. BROWNE, Rector, D. G. DIXON, Church J. F. ALLISON, Wardens Sackville, March 1st, 1877.

NOTICE. THERE is at the Subscriber's barn one TON, supposed to be five year old. The owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses; otherwise, the OX will be sold in due time. ANDREW DUPUIS, Memramcook, Feb. 28, 1877.

Opening To-day! SEVEN CASES FELT HATS, Spring Styles, C. & E. EVERETT, Hatters and Furriers, ST. JOHN, N. B. DONATION. THE FRIENDS of the REV. GEO. F. MILLES purpose making him a Donation Visit at the Hall, in MIDGIC, on THURSDAY, 8th of March next, at 4 p. m., and extend an invitation to all interested. ISAAC ANDERSON, Midgic, Feb. 27, 1877.

Advertisements This Day.

LECTURE! THE REV. ALEX ROBINSON will deliver a Lecture on "The of the Great Events of unfulfilled Prophecy," in the Protestant Church, on MONDAY evening, 8th inst., at 6.30. A collection in aid of the lecturer will be taken at the close of the lecture. ALEX. FLEMING. Sackville, 1st March, 1877.

NOTICE. AN AGRICULTURAL CLUB MEETING will be held in UNION HALL, Upper Sackville, on WEDNESDAY evening, March 7th, at 7.30. Subject: "The importance and application of Manure to the soil." J. T. CANTER. Feb. 28, 1877.

W. D. MAIN & CO., HAVE MOVED INTO THEIR NEW SHOP, IN THE Douglas & Pugsley Block AMHERST, N. S. Feb 14 AUCTION SALE.

In pursuance of a power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage and dated the 21st day of February, A. D. 1866, and made between Jas. Callison, Senior, of Hopewell, in the County of Albert (since deceased), of the one part, and Peter McClellan of Hopewell, aforesaid (since deceased), of the other part: Notice is hereby given that for default of payment of the moneys secured by the said Mortgage the undersigned, Executors of the Will of the said Peter McClellan deceased, will, for the purpose of satisfying the said moneys, sell at Public Auction, in the front yard of the Court House, at Hopewell, on SATURDAY, the 26th day of MAY next, at noon: All that lot or tract of marsh-land, situated on the Hill Dyke, so called, in Hopewell, aforesaid, in the said Indenture, described as, bounded as follows, viz.: Easterly, by land of the said McClellan; Southerly, by the Proprietors' Road, so called; Westerly, by lands of Mrs. Gilbert and of Dr. Samuel Shaw, and Northerly, by lands of said Shaw, containing 13 acres more or less; being the same lot of marsh heretofore leased for a term of years, not yet expired, by the said McClellan to the said Peter McClellan, and Dated the 20th day of February, 1877.

Valuable Hotel Property FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBER is anxious to retire from the Hotel business, and will sell his Hotel property at a reasonable price. The property is situated within a minute's walk of the Railway Depot, and in the centre of the business portion of the town; has been enjoyed for a long time a very extensive patronage, and offers to any one desirous of purchasing a chance second to none in the Province. A portion of the purchase money may remain on the property, if not sold by the 1st of May next, it will be leased to a responsible party. J. R. LAMY. Amherst, Feb. 13th, 1877.

PHOSFOZONE. A NEW discovery in medicine which will purify the system from the waste caused by disease or by excess of any kind. It is composed of Calcium, and the OZONIC COMPOUNDS of PHOSPHORUS, and in building up the constitution is unequalled. It is prepared in the Laboratory of F. VANS, 25, CHURCH ST., MONCTON, and for sale at the Sackville and Amherst Drug Stores. JUST RECEIVED—Cane Seat Chairs, Cane Seat and Back Chairs, large and small; Wood Seat Rockers, large and small; Double and Single Wicker Seat Chairs; Children's Rockers and High Chairs; Cane Nest Hocking and Cane Chairs; Light frames of Dining Chairs; Walnut Chairs; Bedsteads; Bureaus; Centre Tables; Extension and Fall Leaf Tables, &c. For sale low. Feb 14 G. E. FORD.

Potatoes! Potatoes! I WANT 3000 BUSHELS of GOOD POTATOES, will pay the highest price in Goods and Cash, and will take them now. GEO. E. FORD. Sackville, Feb. 14, 1877.

Switches, Curls & Braids, 1 CASE REAL & IMITATION Hair Switches, Braids, Curls &c. For Sale Low by GEO. E. FORD. Feb 14—41

NOTICE. ALL ACCOUNTS due the Subscriber, as up to 31st December last, and not settled, will be put in process of collection. GEO. E. FORD. Sackville, Feb. 12th, 1877.

WANTED. OATS, Barley, Puck, Green, Turkey, Chickens, Ducks, Geese, Turkeys, and loose Butter, Cranberries, good hocks and Mitts, 300 tons English Hay. GEO. E. FORD. JOHN FORD, Jr.

