

Montreal Daily Telegraph

and The News

VOL. L

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 21, 1911

NO. 75

FUSILIERS WILL BE HOME THIS MORNING

St. John Regiment Had a Great Time

Breakfasts, Luncheons, and Banquets Showered on Them

Boston Press Loud in Praise of New Brunswick's Crack Regiment and Their Gentlemanly Conduct at the Hub—Given a Big Send-Off on Departure.

Special to The Telegraph.

Boston, June 19.—With many regrets on the part of guests and entertainers, the 8th St. John Fusiliers said good-bye to their friends today and left in the afternoon for the North Station where a great crowd cheered as Col. J. L. McAvity's men boarded their special train. The regiment expects to arrive home early tomorrow morning.

The forenoon officers went the guests of the Boston Business Men's Association at breakfast at the City Club. At noon the officers and men were entertained by the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company at the latter's armory, Faneuil Hall. Following informal remarks by officers of both organizations the Fusiliers went to the South Armory, secured their arms and marched by the North Station.

Through an error it was stated in a dispatch last night that the Fusiliers attended to Trinity church yesterday. The dispatch should have read Trinity rectory. At the City Club breakfast officers of the 8th Infantry, M. V. M., of the old guard of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company and representatives of the British Legion and other organizations were guests also. Prof. C. W. Woken was toastmaster, and speeches were made by W. T. Fitzgerald for the City Club; Secretary Leahy, for the Ancient; Captain McDonald, for the Artillery; Col. Grover, of the 8th Infantry; and Capt. J. G. O'Brien, of the British Legion. The men suffered somewhat from heat during the march from South Armory to the station. A large crowd was present when the train started. Boston is very much pleased with the splendid appearance and bearing of the St. John men, and they were given the most cordial farewells. The press comments on the New Brunswick Fusiliers continue most interesting. The Transcript tonight said editorially:

SOCIALIST SPEAKER THREATENED AT ALBERT

Crowd Took Objections to Mr. O'Brien's Remarks About Some Boys' Conduct and a Clash Was Barely Averted.

Hopewell Hill, June 14.—Postmaster D. W. Stuart, of Albert, who had a sudden seizure of illness on Monday, was able to get out to his office today, though still feeling the effect of his attack. There was quite an exciting time for a while at Albert last evening, when C. M. O'Brien, a member of the Alberta legislative assembly, and a pronounced Socialist, was the target for missiles from a juvenile crowd, and the object of strong condemnation from a number of the full grown citizens, who objected to his remarks in reference to the action of the boys who had been seen in Boston streets.

(Monday's Boston Globe) It was indeed Sweet Adelaide at Nantasket, and wherever they went they were met by a crowd who later on were indignantly quieted down.

CASTORIA

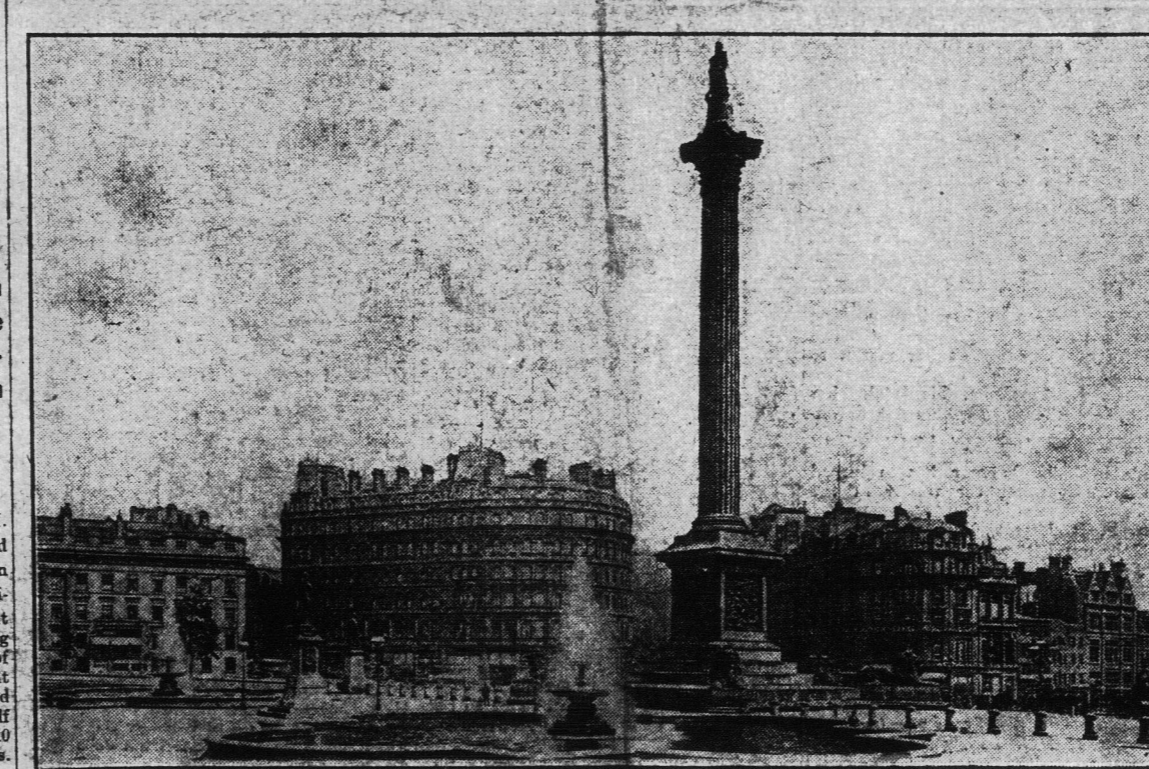
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Should hold its own for at least five years. It needs no soap, ammonia or any strong cleaning agent. A simple wiping with a cloth, just moistened with warm water, is all that is needed.

KING DISTRIBUTES MANY CORONATION HONORS

Premiers Ward and Fisher, Morris Made Privy Councillors—Dr. Osler Knighted; Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Dr. Falconer and Others Honored—Rain Threatens to Ruin London Decorations—Thousands of Londoners Fleeing to Other Places to Escape Crush of People.



TRAFALGAR SQUARE AND NELSON'S MONUMENT

London, June 19.—The coming coronation of King George V. is signalled by a free-handed distribution of honors. Sir Joseph G. Ward, prime minister of New Zealand, is promoted to a baronetcy. Andrew Fisher, premier of Australia, and Sir Edward Morris, premier of Newfoundland, are made privy councillors.

Dr. Robert Alexander Falconer, president of Toronto University, and Charles C. James, deputy minister of agriculture, Toronto, are made companions of St. Michael and St. George.

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FOUR MONCTON BOYS PLEAD GUILTY TO BURGLARY CHARGE

Two of Them Are Under Suspended Sentence Now—Barachois Suspects Let Go by Parrsboro Authorities.

Moncton, June 19.—Four young boys, George Fawcett, Leonard Moore, John Capson and Charles Scullion, were arraigned before Police Magistrate Kay today charged with breaking into M. J. Steves' store. They pleaded guilty and were remanded until Wednesday for sentence. Capson has three months' suspended sentence hanging over him for stealing rubbers from doorways, and Fawcett is out on five years' suspended sentence in the reformatory.

BRITISH ADMIRALS PETITION AGAINST THE DECLARATION OF LONDON

Beresford and 104 Others Protest to Premier Asquith Against Its Adoption.

London, June 19.—A score of prominent British admirals met this afternoon under the presidency of Admiral Lord Charles Beresford and unanimously condemned the Declaration of London, the international agreement governing prizes of naval warfare, adopted at a conference of the chief naval powers two years ago. One hundred and four admirals already have signed a petition to Premier Asquith pleading with him not to ratify the declaration.

OUTLOOK FOR ENORMOUS WHEAT CROP IN THE WEST

Ottawa Official, After Inspection Trip, Figures Yield at About 225,000,000 Bushels.

Ottawa, June 19.—W. J. White, superintendent of Dominion immigration agencies in the United States, returned today from a trip in the west. He says that crop conditions were never better and that the yield this year will be enormous. In the three provinces there are approximately 10,000,000 acres of wheat, which will probably yield from 220,000,000 to 225,000,000 bushels. The increase in acreage is thirty per cent over last year.

EIGHT AUSTRIAN ELECTION RIOTERS KILLED BY SOLDIERS

Vienna, June 19.—Eight persons were killed and two others fatally injured when troops fired a volley into a crowd of election rioters at Drohobycz today.

LAURIER FIRES BROADSIDE INTO UNIONIST RANKS

London, June 19.—The Right Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, the Unionist leader and former prime minister, welcomed the colonial premiers at a luncheon at the Constitutional Club yesterday afternoon.

HALIFAX 4 1-2 PER CENT BOND ISSUE BRINGS 98.05

Halifax, June 19.—(Special)—The tender of the Royal Securities Corporation, Montreal, for a civic loan of \$60,000 at 4 1/2 per cent to retire school bonds, was accepted today. They offered 98.05 per cent equivalent to a cash payment of \$59,340.

BORDEN STANDS FOR CHINESE POLICY

SUSSEX CAMP OPENS TODAY

Between 1,100 and 1,200 Soldiers Are Expected to Be in Attendance

TENTED CITY READY

Advance Parties Will Have Everything in Readiness—Colonel Humphrey, Commandant, and His Staff on the Ground—Heavy Rain Last Night Hampered Work.

Special to The Telegraph.

Sussex, N. B., June 19.—The arrival of between 1,100 and 1,200 troops here tomorrow will mark the opening of the first military camp, elaborate preparations for which have been in progress during the past few days. The advance parties arrived on the scene this morning and by evening much of the preliminary work for the way of marking off lines and erecting tents had been got under way.

Colonel W. M. Humphrey, camp commandant, accompanied by several members of his staff, took up his quarters in the staff line Saturday. Beyond going a little yesterday very quietly. He is looking forward to a most successful camp and expects everything to be in full swing by tomorrow night or Wednesday noon.

With troops pouring in an every train, tomorrow promises to be a particularly busy day. Those expected here are the 6th, 7th and 10th, 12th and 13th field battalions with one section of No. 8 Army Medical Corps, the 5th company, Royal Canadian Regiment and a detachment from No. 8 Signalling Corps, St. John.

Thunder showers, accompanied by a heavy rain fall, visited the town this evening and for a time interfered with the work of the advance parties who are engaged in getting everything in readiness by tomorrow, are putting every moment to advantage.

THREE ONTARIO BROTHERS DROWN

Toronto, June 19.—(Special)—Word was received here today of the drowning of three boys, aged sixteen, fourteen and twelve, sons of Thomas Fawcett, who reside at Shewanigan Station on the Canadian Northern Ontario railway, seventeen miles north of Parry Sound. The family last year suffered the loss of their home and household effects by fire.

"Let Well Enough Alone," He Cries

Fears Annexation Will Result if Reciprocity Passes

Tory Leader, at Winnipeg, Promises Permanent Tariff Board if Returned to Power—Thinks Canadian Farmers Will Be Ruined by Cheap American Produce.

Winnipeg, June 19.—R. L. Borden opened his western campaign here tonight. Mr. Borden referred to the unfair discrimination of the government in the boundaries of the three prairie provinces. He also said the Liberal Conservative party, under Sir Charles Tupper, embodied the Hudson Bay railway in its policy. He had been returned to power in 1896 that line would now be in operation.

Mr. Borden also advocated state control and operation of terminal elevators and the placing of the chilled meat industry on an encouraging basis. He went on, in part: "Last year this great western country was honored by a visit from the prime minister of Canada, who came in rather curious guise; he came as a free trader who had promised for many years before 1896 to stay protection as soon as he achieved power. He came as a free trader who had maintained protection for fifteen years. Having been protected a doctor in this country for fifteen years he lamented his unfortunate mistake to carry out his real trade policy. And he pledged his word that no revision of the tariff would be undertaken unless a tariff commission had thoroughly investigated the whole subject."

"Notwithstanding the government have entered into a compact with the United States which constitutes a reversal of Canada's fiscal policy for the past thirty years. In 1897 it had been decided to secure reciprocity, and on many occasions since, the prime minister pledged himself to three things: "First—That reciprocity with the United States was no longer desirable and that no effort or concession would be made to secure it. "Second—That the surest and most effective way to maintain friendship with the United States is to be absolutely independent of them. "Third—It is said that these proposals open up wider markets for Canada in produce. Reciprocal trade preferences within the country would give us the advantage of the trade with countries which require our products and which can offer us commodities that this country does not produce. But the statistics of the government are for reciprocal trade with a country which produces a surplus of nearly every commodity that we produce, a surplus of the world. The United States has a vast area of unutilized land still to be developed. It is a country in which, according to the United States board of tariff experts, prices of nearly all agricultural and food products are lower than in Canada."

CHICAGO PACKERS MUST STAND TRIAL

Chicago, June 19.—Judge Carpenter, in the United States District Court, denied a motion of J. Ogden Armour and nine other Chicago packers for a hearing of violation of the Sherman anti-trust act. This means the packers must stand trial.

Cameron Made the Swede Quit

Amberst, N. S., June 19.—(Special)—Cameron and Ljungstrom met in the Ramblers grounds this evening in a 15-mile race. Cameron took the lead at the start and increased his lead until in the seventh mile he had put a full lap between himself and the Swede.

CHILD BURNED TO DEATH IN FORESTERS' ORPHANAGE

Toronto, June 19.—(Special)—Baby Leonard, one of the little orphans at the Foresters' Orphanage at Oakville, was burned to death today. The child in some way obtained a match and accidentally set fire to her clothing.

SACKVILLE

Sackville, June 14-Mrs. A. L. Colburn, who has been spending several weeks with her mother, Mrs. J. W. Colburn, returned to her home in Rothesay on Monday.

BORDER TOWNS

St. Stephen, N. B. June 14-A very pleasant social event was the bridge party given to Mr. and Mrs. John S. Scott last Friday evening to the music of the orchestra.

MONCTON

Moncton, June 15-Mr. Clifford Robertson, of Montreal, is spending a few days in town, the guest of his mother, Mrs. William Robertson.

DORCHESTER

Dorchester, June 14-Miss Florence Armstrong, of St. John, arrived in town last Friday to spend a short vacation with her mother, Mrs. A. D. Richard.

NEWCASTLE

Newcastle, June 16-Mrs. H. A. Brown, of O'Leary (P. E. I.), who has been the guest of several of her friends in town, returned yesterday for Fredericton, where she will remain until the 20th.

PARRSBORO

Parrsboro, June 15-Miss Alice York, of Montreal, is spending a few days in town, the guest of her mother, Mrs. A. G. Leach.

WESTFIELD BEACH

Westfield Beach, N. B., June 15-Mrs. J. H. Rankine, of the city, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. A. Rankine, in St. John, returned to the city on Sunday.

St. John, June 14-Mrs. J. S. Black went to Point du Chene on Saturday in her new auto. Mrs. J. S. Black is a visitor from the city.

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(Continued on page 7, fourth column)

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THE DAILY TELEGRAPH THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH THE EVENING TIMES New Brunswick's independent newspapers. These newspapers advocate British connection.

Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News ST. JOHN, N. B., JUNE 21, 1911.

DESERTED FARMS IN NEW ENGLAND

"Industrial Canada," the organ of the Manufacturers Association, still keeps up an apparently enthusiastic campaign against reciprocity. Its constituency, which is wedded to high protection, must be convinced that the passing of that pact would be the greatest evil that could happen to the country.

Under the nice taste of the present day, some of the ancient preachers would stand condemned, Isaiah, for instance, would fall in all the tests that Dr. Forrest applies in his assembly sermon.

It is clear that the cultivation of the power of clear thinking is not considered one of the aims of this magazine. Neither is it to transmit accurate information.

A RECORD OF PROGRESS

One of the inspiring annual publications in Canada is the report of the Berlin, Ontario, board of trade. The report for the year ending March 31 has just been received.

\$140,000 was spent on permanent local improvements. There are now more than 100 manufacturing industries in the town.

The president gives some information which may, perhaps, be of value to other cities, including St. John. He states that in the early part of last year the advertising committee of the town council and board of trade decided to advertise for industries in leading trade journals of the United States.

"Judging from our experience in the past, I am of the opinion that while every effort should be made to secure outside industries, Berlin's future industrial development must largely be from within."

The Berlin board of trade has 350 members, or almost as many as the St. John board, which has more than three times the population to draw upon.

It is unfortunate that the Tory press should continue to give to the world the impression that Canadian nationality is a cheap thing to be purchased by any chance trader that has trade to offer in exchange.

PREACHING

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CANADIAN PATRIOTISM

There is still heard in the Tory press and in belated discussions elsewhere, echoes of the patriotic argument against reciprocity, from which too much was hoped of a few months ago.

dividuality of isolation. Intercommunication is making life free and rational instead of local and accidental.

Had the politicians stopped to think for a moment they would have discovered that the whole of our history and development have been the result of this slandering upon British institutions and Canadian character.

They reclaimed land which was supposed to be about useless. By digging a little deeper it was redeemed, and they have more than 500 acres well cultivated and fruitful.

It is unfortunate that the Tory press should continue to give to the world the impression that Canadian nationality is a cheap thing to be purchased by any chance trader that has trade to offer in exchange.

LOYALTY AND TRADE

The Victoria Colonist, Conservative, reminds its readers that the Imperial unity which binds South Africa to the Empire is not based on considerations of trade.

NOVA SCOTIA'S VERDICT

There is still some dispute among the newspapers as to what pact reciprocity played in the Nova Scotia elections.

MR. W. S. LOGGIE, M. P.

Mr. W. S. Loggie, M. P., has been re-nominated by the Liberals of Northumberland county. Mr. Loggie has proved himself an excellent representative, and his nomination may be regarded as equivalent to his election for another term.

them will not long keep up the attempt to show that the verdict was a condemnation of reciprocity.

SOME RURAL PROBLEMS

The problem of keeping young people on the farms is social as well as economic. The chief objection to farm work is not only in the long hours or hard toil or poor results, but in the dearth of social pleasures.

SOCIAL EXPERIMENTS

Thirty years ago in Westphalia, Germany, a number of pastors sought to do something for the epileptics, and they organized with Pastor von Bodeich in charge of the work.

Good roads, if added to such a plan of quickened social interest as has been outlined, would give the country districts a new way of life.

NOTE AND COMMENT

Last week's rain relieves what was becoming anxiously in the country districts because of the long continued drought.

RESULTS OF THE PHARMACEUTICAL EXAMINATIONS

The results of the pharmaceutical examinations held in the society's rooms in the Market building, on Thursday and Friday, were announced last night as follows:

NEW COMPANIES

Under the name of the "Hartland Woodworking Co." application has been made for incorporation of J. T. Carr, D. H. Nixon, A. G. Baker, S. S. Miller, W. D. Keith, W. H. Keyes, J. E. McCollum, M. L. Hayward, Lorne McIntosh, H. R. Nixon, F. N. Clark, R. J. Potts, W. C. Craig, J. K. Fleming, G. B. Nixon, and Ziba Oreher, all of Brighton, Carleton county.

BURGLARS CRACK SUSSEX SAFE

Sussex, N. B., June 17.—Last night the Sussex Cheese and Dairy Company's premises here were broken into, the safe blown open, and its contents taken, including about \$50 in cash, a purse and some valuable papers.

UNCLE WALT THE POET PHILOSOPHER

The boy stood on the burning deck— an orator was he; and in that scene of the wreck he spoke quite fluently. "The men who hold the public purse should all be fired," he cried; "they should make room for worthy ones who will wait their turn outside. True virtue always stands without, and vainly yearns and toils, while wickedness in office shoves and passes round the spoils.

declaration of Miss Guida Seares, who was arrested with him in Farmington (Me.) where the atrocious murder occurred.

That Marshall Taylor, guide and hunter, who has confessed he led his wife to a grave he had dug, shot her to death and buried her, was happier after the murder than she had ever seen him was the declaration of Miss Guida Seares.

The firm of "John Abrams Sons, Ltd." of Montreal, has been granted letters patent to take over the business of John Abrams Sons, and continue it with a capital of \$40,000.

The examiners were: M. V. Paddock, St. John, chemistry; Aubrey D. Johnson, St. Stephen, dispensing; N. B. Smith, St. John, pharmacy; E. R. W. Ingraham, St. John, materia medica; Dr. G. U. Hay, St. John, general subjects.

The incorporators have been granted a general power of attorney to conduct a general business, under the name of the "Acadia Tungsten Mines, Ltd." with a capital stock of \$20,000.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Hathorn. In Use For Over Thirty Years.

CENTRAL FIGURES IN ATROCIOUS MAINE MURDER

Mrs. Marshall Taylor, guide and hunter, who has confessed he led his wife to a grave he had dug, shot her to death and buried her, was happier after the murder than she had ever seen him was the declaration of Miss Guida Seares.

FOG IS GOOD THE APPLE

Land Along the Bay a Great Place for Orchards Says Archibald HIS REASONS Well Known Orchardist on Twentieth Century Has Much to Say New Brunswick Fruit

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INTEL STOCK THE WORK Proper Care and Feeding paid by Better This is the time of year team is abused by the more than at any other field is pressing at all times only a limited time in work, the natural tendency of the horse to the field where it works, however, in the morning and care, we can save and at the same time a efficiency.

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INTERESTING AGRICULTURAL FEATUURES FOR OUR COUNTRY READERS

GASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of J.C. Ayer & Co. In Use For Over Thirty Years. ATROCIOUS MAINE MURDER

ATROCIOUS MAINE MURDER

Charles of Miss Gilda Scarle, who was arrested with him in Farrington (Maine) where the atrocious murder occurred, Miss Scarle, who was Taylor's housekeeper, was discharged in court. Taylor's defence will be mental irresponsibility.

mining business, under the name of the "Acadia Tungsten Mines, Ltd." with a capital stock of \$80,000. Application is to be made for incorporation under the name of the "Furnishers, Limited" by H. P. Robertson, Luella Dunn, H. A. Prebble, and S. B. Bastin, with the chief office in Lancaster, and a capital stock of \$20,000. To conduct a real estate business in Moncton, letters patent have been granted to W. H. Levine and M. L. Meyers, of Centralia, Ill., W. B. Chandler, A. A. Allen and Alex. Amos, of Moncton. The same applicants with a capital of \$5,000 have been granted permission also to conduct a real estate business under the name of the "Candian Realty Co."

(Hartford Courant). A man living in a New England village lost a horse the other day, and falling to find him, went down to the public square and offered a reward of \$5 to any one who could bring him back. A half-witted fellow who heard of the offer volunteered to discover the whereabouts of the horse, and, sure enough, he returned in half an hour leading the animal by the bridle. "Tell me, how did you find him?" "To which the other made answer: "Well, I thought to myself, where I would go if I was a horse, and I went there, and he had."

Walt Philosopher... An orator was he; and in that sense of 'fire' "The man who held the public square should be called to the public square to give outside. True virtue always stands without a toils, while wickedness in office shouts, and should govern one fair land—a rule that should be aimed to let some new ones in. All mill or shop, should know that labor's null The farmer should forsake his plow, the it should get busy now, and look around for perform, when we have homes enough; why when statesmen are the stuff? Why should bores or meat; when politicians point the way came a burst of thunder sound: the boy—O that all around with lungs bestrode the sea."

STOCK THE WORK HORSE

Proper Care and Feeding Will Be Repaid by Better Service.

This is the time of year when the work team is abused by the careless owner more than at any other season. As the field is pressing at all times and there is only a limited time in which to do the work, the natural tendency is to crowd the work horse to the limit. There are many cases, however, in which, by feeding and care, we can save the work horse and at the same time add to our own efficiency.

The horse hard at work is entitled to plenty of good feed and a comfortable rest, away from the flies, at night. This does not mean working him to death and forcing for his keep, just because there happens to be plenty of good pasture. Pasture grass is necessary, soft feed, and a splendid thing for idle horses, does not build up the hard flesh and vitality that are necessary to sustain hard work. The time for the work horse should be the endeavor to hold over for each summer sufficient grain, preferably oats, and clean hay to last the work horses until they are new feed comes around. In the barn the horses should not be compelled to fight flies, and mosquitoes at night. Keeping the harness and the stable clean will prevent flies in that locality. For the manure pile is the breeding place for flies. It is best to screen the doors and windows if you are to keep the horses perfectly comfortable. The horse which is hard at work should be watered frequently. The man who is hard at work will realize why this is true. Having a small stomach and a short alimentary canal, he can absorb but a little each time rather than being compelled to drink all he wants at meal times. In addition, he can attend to the most frequent cause of colic and other digestive troubles. To avoid this difficulty, some careful horsemen take water to the horse when working a long haul from the house. A barrel on wagon or stone-blast taken to the field will solve the problem. Water the work horses frequently if at all possible as it will undoubtedly pay.

The matter of careful grooming is quite as necessary in summer as in winter. Keep the horse's hair and stable dirt kept from coming in contact with his skin. A horse to be comfortable must have a clean skin and open pores. In nature, the horse cleans himself by rolling, but when confined in the stable, grooming must be substituted. A good stiff broom brush is the best implement to use, the curly comb being used only for loosening dirt and dried perspiration. Especial attention should be paid to keeping the neck and withers clean. If harness scores are to be avoided, bathing with water at night is beneficial when chafed spots appear. A horse at work all day relishes a good roll in the dust when the day's work is done and the harness is removed. It's a good plan to judiciously. Be careful of your horse this summer. They deserve this care in the first place. In addition, it pays. The amount of field work you are able to do depends directly on the efficiency of your work teams. Efficiency and health depend absolutely on proper care and attention to details in the stable.

GOOD HOG FENCES

If your fences will not turn hogs, better get the fences before you do the hogs. I know we cannot have all good fences at once, for at most a time, but unless we have safe fences around the lots and pastures where we keep hogs, we had better wait with the hogs until we do have the fences. The kind of hog fence for this day and age is made of wire. There are many kinds now on the market and most all are good and each man must choose the style he likes best. We have seen enough to keep small pigs within the heights can be had to suit. The 26-inch woven wire fencing with 2 and 3 barbs is the best. It makes a good fence and has much favor with the farmers of today. One reason why this kind is in favor is because many farmers already have the barbed wire fence and it is about the proper thing to do if you have it, but where you have to buy all the wire, buy the 4-foot woven wire fencing. This will cost little or no more than the 26-inch and 3 barbs wire. In putting up the fence have the corner posts set into the ground and have a solid corner you almost have a solid fence. As far as you can put up good fences around the hog lots and then around the pastures and on until you have a whole farm fenced. In this way you can turn a hog anywhere, you can have better rotation of crops and pastures, and most important of all, you can have a little expense when you buy, but you have it once for a good many years and you cannot make much from hogs if you do not have a good fence to keep them in. The wire is fastened to posts set 25 feet apart, and the bottom wire being 3 inches from the ground.

HOGS ON PASTURE

There is no better place to carry on the hog-raising business than in the pasture. Grass makes the cheapest kind of feed for him. Everybody admits that much grass makes muscle and bone, which the hog needs when he is growing. Land and establishment in the higher walks of life. Once men ate berries from thorny bushes, and sloes and pears and choking cherries. A thousand years ago the market sold apples the size of crabs, with their bitter acid flavor. From the British Isles and Europe our ancestors brought seeds and plants for home companionship. To stretch across America, some grapes from those planted in Maritime Canada have overgrown three feet in diameter, and are bearing two hundred or more to the bush. Hedges, improved means better fruits and grains. There is a fascination the gardener finds in turning soil chemicals into pure to accomplish a great thing. The boy whose soul inclines to learn the process and the art of marketing is learning things valued more in keeping with real life and solid worth to him than other avenues can give. In our sweet childhood we sat down in the old-fashioned orchard which had no care, and ate their bitterness with pride. Today the Annapolis Valley ornaments the world in the quality of its fruit achievements. Less than a century measures the progress.

The main coast lines of the Bay of Fundy are walled by mountain ranges six hundred feet in height, which hold the fogs against their sides until clouds within those which brought them in drive them back to sea or send them upward by summer ways. Cape Blomidon, on the east of the bay, is a large mountain peak extending into Minas Channel. In its majesty it stands in magnificent view from the Longlow monument at Grand Pré, now to be erected in a park of its own. Behind this hook the fog is driven by the southwest winds and pressed to density for nearly one hundred miles in length. Through this bank of fog passes the briny air as through a strainer, moving on and over the crest of the mountain into the Annapolis Valley, lying in the sunlight below.

The resonance of buttercups and sweet ferns, daisies and blooming fields of grain and grasses, with sweet-smelling meadows of new-mown hay in well-watered vales, wedded with woodland perfume, floats upon the breeze and scents freshly this cleanly atmosphere silted in the growing and maturing fruit is inevitably given it that spicy, fragrant, agreeable taste now conventionally sought after. The salty sirs of the fish and ocean blown through the stranded fogs are strained of ocean chill and impurities, cleansing and softening these appetites into pure, balmy currents, picking up the dust fragrances of their way. These important their choicest aromas to growing apples, such as the Gravenstein, Blenheim, Kings, crisp and spicy that England always calls for and loves so well. On the opposite side of the Bay of Fundy, fruit conditions are the same. It is well to apprehend these natural changes in a climate story, for upon the character of the climate rests vastly greater importance than on any set of soil conditions, good as they may be, for growing fruits possessing aroma richness. It is in such silted air as Fundy's fog supplies that these apples reach their super quality state. This process of nature cleansing and refining airs for fruit grows is of intrinsic value, and never can be over-estimated on our coast. The coldness and asperities of the air in motion are changed into balmy warmth, made redolent with dusty odors by strain, set in groves and not in woods. Humid leaves behind on a lower altitude on the mountain's outer side. There is a natural beauty in this unvaried Garden-of-the-Empire to accentuate its strength, and there is a glory of the spirit in men to enhance and preserve it. The home of the Mayflower is a fragrant land, fertile in the natural opportunities for production. Our people have the easy contentment of men of action. They are planting roadside orchards, and laying hold of the export opportunities of the Maritime Canada. The cold Arctic stream that passes Cape Breton across the "uniting" line of the Atlantic water and this bay, so that the waters of the Bay of Fundy are several degrees colder in summer than those of Northumberland Strait. For sea and tidal waves are north than any points considered in this chapter but is completely encircled by two tidal currents from the Atlantic which meet at Cape Tormentine. These two ocean currents, one of which is comparatively warm, ensure the island eventually becoming a great fruit-growing country. For sea and tidal waves are paramount to all other influences combined in this matter of raising fruit. Hence these provinces will forever stand unequalled in natural opportunities for producing what is best and choicest in their flavors. Maritime Canada will continue to grow apples for the English palate as a delightful food for our people have the character and the quality so well defined by the motherland through a thousand years of cultivating taste and the use of fruits grown in every quarter of the world.

HIS TROUBLE

Hobo—I'd be glad to chop de wood, mmm, but I'm too weak. Lady—Noneless! You look like a strong, man, but you're as weak as a kitten. Hobo—It's in me character, mum. I ain't got de iron resolution necessary for a job of work. If a white mayonnaise is wanted, select white shelled eggs which have pale yellow yolks than the dark ones, and use lemon juice instead of vinegar for acidity. It, whipped cream folded in at the last moment improves mayonnaise for most purposes. On the opposite side of the Bay of Fundy, fruit conditions are the same. It is well to apprehend these natural changes in a climate story, for upon the character of the climate rests vastly greater importance than on any set of soil conditions, good as they may be, for growing fruits possessing aroma richness. It is in such silted air as Fundy's fog supplies that these apples reach their super quality state. This process of nature cleansing and refining airs for fruit grows is of intrinsic value, and never can be over-estimated on our coast. The coldness and asperities of the air in motion are changed into balmy warmth, made redolent with dusty odors by strain, set in groves and not in woods. Humid leaves behind on a lower altitude on the mountain's outer side. There is a natural beauty in this unvaried Garden-of-the-Empire to accentuate its strength, and there is a glory of the spirit in men to enhance and preserve it. The home of the Mayflower is a fragrant land, fertile in the natural opportunities for production. Our people have the easy contentment of men of action. They are planting roadside orchards, and laying hold of the export opportunities of the Maritime Canada. The cold Arctic stream that passes Cape Breton across the "uniting" line of the Atlantic water and this bay, so that the waters of the Bay of Fundy are several degrees colder in summer than those of Northumberland Strait. For sea and tidal waves are north than any points considered in this chapter but is completely encircled by two tidal currents from the Atlantic which meet at Cape Tormentine. These two ocean currents, one of which is comparatively warm, ensure the island eventually becoming a great fruit-growing country. For sea and tidal waves are paramount to all other influences combined in this matter of raising fruit. Hence these provinces will forever stand unequalled in natural opportunities for producing what is best and choicest in their flavors. Maritime Canada will continue to grow apples for the English palate as a delightful food for our people have the character and the quality so well defined by the motherland through a thousand years of cultivating taste and the use of fruits grown in every quarter of the world.

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Dr. J. Collis Browne's Cholera Remedy. THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE. DIARRHOEA, CHOLERA, VOMITING, BRONCHITIS, GOUT, RHEUMATISM. Wholesale Agents - - Lyman Bros. & Co., Limited, Toronto.

ground. One barbed wire is set midway between the bottom horizontal wire and the ground. One barbed wire is fastened to the posts 3 inches higher than the top wire. Two barbed wires are attached 8 inches apart to pieces of 2 by 4 scantling nailed to the posts above the wire with 20-penny nails. These pieces are set outwards and upwards with the points. Cost of Material—Red cedar posts, 12 1/2 cents each; woven-wire fence, 37 1/2 cents per rod; four barbed wires, 15 cents per rod; total, 65 cents per rod. The 2 by 4 scantling costs about 315 per thousand and adds another 1 cent per rod to cost of the fence. Any other closely-constructed fence would answer the same purpose.

DAIRY THE DAIRY BUSINESS

Some Pointers That Will Help to Make It Pay. Dairying is a great business and the man who is making a success of it is the one who is striving to keep up with the times. He is always looking for ways in which to advance. He has learned that he must study the breeds and find which is best adapted to his farm and the branch of dairying that is being pursued. He must know the scientific method of selection, economical production and the grading up of a herd by breeding along proper lines. The kinds of food and how to proportion them so as to get the best results both in production of milk and in the promotion of the health of the herd; the proper construction and equipment of his barn; the use of the cow and how to use his results. These are some of the things he must study continuously, so that he will be ever improving and keeping up with the times. He must produce more and at less cost. The cows themselves are the first consideration. They must be of the breeds that have been bred up for dairy purposes and that are of the best quality. He must know what a dual purpose cow is, only a cow is either good for dairy purposes or for beef; she can be profitable for both. The finest dairy cows today are composed of Ayrshires, Guernseys, Holsteins, Jerseys that have, through the many years past, been bred for milk-producing purposes alone. There are plenty of bulls of these excellent breeds and by a careful system of breeding any herd should be graded up to a high standard. No matter how carefully bred up a herd is, the best results will not be obtained unless economical methods of feeding are used. Do not mean starve a cow, but balance the cow's rations so that they will give best results. The rations of grain, grasses and roots must be so fed that the cow will get

the proper elements for producing milk and maintaining her own health and vigor. The average net profit per cow per month over cost of feed was \$8.88 with the silage ration and \$2.46 with the grain ration. Upon the conclusion of the experiment each lot of cows was found to have gained in live weight: The silage-fed cows an average of 47 pounds per head, the grain-fed cows an average of 37 pounds per head. Ordinary pastures are uncertain always and rarely to be depended on for more than six weeks. Soiling crops are all right, but are more expensive to feed than ensilage, because the latter is put up at one time when the dairyman is making a business of it, and it is at hand to be fed without making a special trip abroad when other work is pressing. It seems to me that the one crying need of our dairies is a summer silo. It is easy to raise corn, and if the feed is held until dry weather it keeps up the flow of milk and the creamery check at a time when nothing else besides grain will do it. As it saves the price of grain at this season of the year it saves just so much money, which is no small item. Should the season prove uncommen, and pasture last longer, it will pay to buy a few more cows. The more feed we raise the better our farms become, the more we can put into our pastures, and the more we have to spend, providing cream is the only product sold. It would seem as if farmers would realize this, and not be caught short summer after summer with their dairies and every equipment or no profit about the bare cost of maintenance.—Milo D. Beach, Michigan Farmer.

ONE DEAD AND FOUR INJURED IN G.T.R. WRECK

Newcastle, Ont., June 16—(Special)—While traveling at the rate of sixty miles an hour on the Grand Trunk Railway, the International Limited was wrecked this afternoon, through the breaking of an axle on the first truck of the first passenger car. The train was bound for Toronto. Mr. W. G. Cobour, (Ont.), rib broken. Fred Allison, Toronto, rib broken. Thomas P. Stinson, Kingston. The injured are: Hector Deuphinas, St. Hyacinthe (Que.), broken ribs; G. J. McInnis, St. Catharines, St. Paul (Minn.), knee hurt and scalp wound, at St. Michael's Hospital, Toronto.

DECLARATION OF LIBERTY IN CUMBERLAND

Liberal Candidates Have Larger Majorities Than First Announced—Conservatives File Protest. Amherst, June 17—(Special)—This was declaration day and the proceedings brought about no change in the results, but it is claimed by the officials that the majorities. The totals were: Ralston (Lib.), 4,108; Carter (Lab.), 4,154; Gilroy (Con.), 4,630; Smith (Con.), 3,617. During the proceedings C. R. Smith, acting for himself and Gilroy, filed a protest against the return of Ralston and Carter on the ground that the "Robroy" booth was not located in Rodney but within the bounds of Springhill, and also on the ground that the returning officer had not accounted for the full 180 ballots sent to him. The Rodney booth has always been held within the limits of the town and is claimed by the officials that only 120 ballots were sent to the Rodney poll, although it is admitted that the certificate with regard to the number of ballots read 180. It is not expected that the protest will be pressed, as the full Rodney vote was cast and the agents for all the candidates were present in the booth; when the next election is held a change will probably be made in the location of the booth.

PRESENTATION AT GREER

Greer, St. John county—In the Methodist church, at the close of the prayer meeting on Wednesday evening, June 14, Miss E. A. Perry, organist of the church, was presented in the church and presented with a purse, accompanied by an address. The pastor, Rev. H. O. Dalzell, made the presentation and G. E. Charlton read the address. When the purse was opened the sum of \$10 was found, Miss Perry, who was taken from a street car, and was seen in the reply, and expressed her thanks in a very courteous manner. The community felt much pleased that she has decided to remain in Greer for another term as teacher of the public school. In front of the church and mainline, place a piece of fine cambric between the iron and the material. Never stir a sponge cake batter. If that is done the air is allowed to escape.

grown on a heavy soil when changed to a light soil. The fertility of the soil and methods of culture followed have more to do with the maintenance of yielding power of a variety than any other controllable factor. It would pay large growers who cannot get all of his potato land into a high state of fertility, to highly enrich a portion of it each year for the production of his next year's seed stock, and, when doing so, the best possible system of culture and the principles of selection previously given.

POULTRY PULLETS FOR LAYING

In the selection of pullets for laying, the Maine Experimental Station has the following to say: Only investigation and an occasional poultryman can afford the equipment and the expense involved in operating trap nests, but every poultryman can, by closely observing his young stock during the autumn, select the pullets that are commencing or preparing to lay, and secure evidence of it by its early exercise. In the next season's brooding a pen of birds that have the functions of egg production so strongly developed that they give evidence of it by its early exercise. In the next season's brooding a pen of birds that have the functions of egg production so strongly developed that they give evidence of it by its early exercise. In the next season's brooding a pen of birds that have the functions of egg production so strongly developed that they give evidence of it by its early exercise.

GENERAL CHANGING POTATO "SEED"

Experience indicates that in growing potatoes much may often be gained from changing the "seed." Large growers find it profitable because of the increased yield obtained. They watch in the fall for potatoes which they consider to be as good as, or better than, their own, and buy them for their own use. They do not buy potatoes, but rather select a few of the best and grow them themselves. It is also believed advisable to try small quantities of seed potatoes of the desired variety from reliable potato specialists. There is no gain little is lost. The chances of gain are so high, however, that it is worth while trying. Several efforts with different firms should be made before it is given up. Where the potatoes have become badly run down, quicker results may often be obtained by renewing the seed stock than by selection alone. Changing from one kind of soil to another often seems to be beneficial within one locality, as well as to be so in others. This is especially true of potatoes.

of interest to Women

When making salmon salad add a hard-boiled egg or two, chopped and mixed with a can of shrimps and apples on a bed of shredded heart leaves of lettuce, with French dressing, to which has been added a tablespoonful of onion juice, makes a delicious salad. To eradicate red ants from the kitchen cabinet scald it thoroughly, move the cabinets an inch from the wall, and wrap the legs with yarn saturated with turpentine. Fresh turpentine should be poured on the floor two or three times a week. When the weather is darker than it should be, and you strongly suspect that that part of the general gruesomeness is soot, there is a ready remedy in cold water. Do not use warm water as it is likely to turn the paper yellow. When it is necessary to measure any liquid by the drop one may dispense with the pipette. Cut a small notch at the edge of the cork, just large enough for a drop to come through at a time; push the cork in tight and popper up. For bruised furniture wet the part with warm water, double a piece of brown paper five or six times, soak it in warm water, lay it upon the place, and steam for a warm flat iron till the moisture is evaporated. If the bruise is not gone repeat. To remove perspiration stains from silk wash the place over with cold water, and with a clean white rag wet in powder; then cover completely with wetted prepared chalk. Let it dry thoroughly and brush off carefully with a soft brush. In freezing ice cream put the ice and salt in the freezer and press from newspapers close around the top, covering all with the ice sack. Turn the crank a few minutes and let it stand ten or fifteen minutes. It will then freeze with about five minutes of turning warm water as it is likely to turn the paper yellow. When it is necessary to measure any liquid by the drop one may dispense with the pipette. Cut a small notch at the edge of the cork, just large enough for a drop to come through at a time; push the cork in tight and popper up. For bruised furniture wet the part with warm water, double a piece of brown paper five or six times, soak it in warm water, lay it upon the place, and steam for a warm flat iron till the moisture is evaporated. If the bruise is not gone repeat. To remove perspiration stains from silk wash the place over with cold water, and with a clean white rag wet in powder; then cover completely with wetted prepared chalk. Let it dry thoroughly and brush off carefully with a soft brush. In freezing ice cream put the ice and salt in the freezer and press from newspapers close around the top, covering all with the ice sack. Turn the crank a few minutes and let it stand ten or fifteen minutes. It will then freeze with about five minutes of turning warm water as it is likely to turn the paper yellow.

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Y. M. C. A. Boys Duped

About three weeks ago he came to Montreal and started operating in a mild way in a bucket shop. His eloquence started him giving lectures to Y. M. C. A. youths and when he was seen to be giving the youths full credit it was entrusted Sheldon with their tents and twenties to "invest." Sheldon did so well with these things that more money came rolling in. He went up with desk room in an office on St. Francis Xavier street, and began to advertise in a quiet way. Twenty per cent a month was what he claimed to pay by beating the market. Newspapers began to question Sheldon's profits. Here was where the secret showed in his persuasive powers, and in the face of a batter-ramming opposition, he was able to talk his victims round so well that money poured in by the hundreds of thousands. On one day he took in \$375,467, but on the other hand the public got frightened. After paying out several hundred thousand dollars Sheldon found he could not stem the tide and he disappeared. On Columbus Day, October 13, 1910, the New York market was closed. Sheldon's place of business was also closed. A note on the door said it was closed for Columbus day and that it would open the following day. The morning found the office left to the mercy of creditors and speculators. On the twenty-fifth of March, Sheldon was located in Pittsburg under the name of Ross. He had been playing the market again and apparently did not have a cent. He was brought back to Montreal and arrested in the city on April 1. He elected a summary trial before a judge, and was tried last Thursday, June 8, before Judge Langelle. Sheldon had operated under different names in several United States cities. Never stir a sponge cake batter. If that is done the air is allowed to escape.

SMOKE SHAMMOC PLUG. Finest Quality.

CONFERENCE 1911 TO 9 FOR CHURCH UNION

Vote Taken After Brief Debate

Strong Plea for Union Made By Dr. Inch

Large Subscriptions to Mount Allison Forward Movement Fund—Missionary Reports and Interesting Addresses By Rev. Thomas Marshall, Mrs. Sanford and Mrs. Chipman.

The most important matter occupying the attention of the Methodist conference yesterday was the question of church union. The vote recorded on the matter was 101 for union to nine against. There did not seem to be any marked division of opinion on the question at issue and there was comparatively little debate. Dr. R. Inch made a fine address in favor of the project and Rev. Charles Sampson, of Fredericton, spoke against accepting the basis of union.

During the afternoon the claims of the forward movement in Mount Allison University were well presented by Rev. Dr. B. C. Borden.

The question of union was taken up, there was a communication read from Rev. T. Albert Moore, containing directions on the mode of procedure.

Dr. Inch moved the following resolution: In accordance with the instructions of the general conference of the union of the Methodist, Presbyterian and Congregational churches in New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island having taken into consideration the various bodies submitted by the general union committee, hereby expresses its belief that such union if consummated to promote the highest interests of the Redeemer's kingdom throughout the world, and approval of the basis of union submitted to us for acceptance or rejection."

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RESOLUTION ON NE TEMERE DECREE

Debated Keenly on Saturday and Will Come Up Again

COMMITTEE'S REPORT

Question of Missions Dealt With at Morning Session—Letter of Condolence to Mrs. Magee—Col. Moore Appointed to Succeed J. N. Harvey.

Monday, June 19. Owing to the unfavorable state of the weather the members of the Methodist conference were prevented from assembling on Saturday afternoon. Two brief sessions were held, but very little business of importance was transacted. In the morning the subject of missions was discussed, and Colonel Moore, of Charlottetown, was elected the representative of the conference on the general board to succeed J. N. Harvey, who is now in Vancouver.

During the afternoon a committee consisting of five members who had been appointed to draw up a resolution regarding the Ne Temere decree, reported. This was presented by Rev. J. L. Batty, who had acted as secretary of the committee, and was as follows:

"Whereas it has been amply demonstrated that the Roman Catholic church in Canada has adopted a policy of aggression towards all other churches, it is hereby resolved that this conference express its conviction that there never was a time in the history of our country when as a church we should be more determined to oppose any further encroachment of the Roman Catholics, particularly any claim which touches the civil rights of the people.

"Further resolved, that we utter a most emphatic protest against the claims put forth by the decree commonly known as the 'Ne Temere'.

"Further resolved that we express our belief that the time has come when the only way to preserve intact the civil rights of citizenship on the question of marriage is for our federal parliament to make a common marriage law instead of each province having its own law on the vital question of marriage.

"Further resolved that we urge all the people called Methodists throughout the province to this conference to give diligent study to the subject of marriage, which study we have confidence to believe will result in the conclusion that no other interest touching the public welfare can surpass this in importance when the Canadian people are called upon to settle questions of state at the polls.

"Further resolved that in face of the fact that evidence has been given in the courts of Canada that Roman Catholic priests have on more than one occasion interfered in the home and in the marriage relation, that Canada follow the example of Italy and that we ask for legislation as would safeguard the sacred rights of the people by providing that marriage by either clergyman, minister or priest, a criminal offense.

"And be it further resolved that we express the hope that some measure will be immediately taken to secure concerted action voicing the views and wishes on this matter of the Protestants of Canada so that the hierarchy of the Roman Catholic church, and the rights of our land may know the determination of Protestantism and the will of the people."

The preamble of this resolution was debated keenly for the space of two hours, and it was finally sent back to the committee who will report again some time today.

Previous to the bringing in of this resolution Rev. T. Albert Moore, general secretary of the conference, read a letter of condolence to Mrs. Magee, whose tragic death, he said, had recently occurred.

The notice of motion of Rev. H. E. Thomas calling for the abolition of the vote was debated for a time, but was finally passed on the table.

Commercial Diplomas—Alfred H. Belliveau (with great distinction), Fredericton, N. B.; Leo P. Roy, with great distinction; St. Leonard, N. B.; Arthur J. Legier, with distinction; Memramook, West, N. B.; Gordon B. Carr, with distinction; St. John, N. B.; Rev. Wilbur J. Beaulieu, with distinction; St. Flavie, P. Q.; Philippe J. Bellevue, with distinction; Pre-den-Haut, N. B.; Claude A. Diggle, Baker's Brook, N. B.; Edmund J. Lavoy, St. Flavie, P. Q.

Prize of Honor—(Seniors)—Books presented by Rev. M. LeBlanc, St. Martin, P., awarded to Frederic Bellevue, Jungs Mines, N. S.; honorable mention—Sini Chasac, Albertine, N. B.

Prize of honor (Juniors)—Five dollars in gold, presented by Rev. G. A. Dion, C.S.C., Provincial, Cote-des-Neiges, P. Q., awarded to Edgar LeBlanc, St. Ann's, N. B.; honorable mention—Camille Legier.

The Far Famed Liniment. To be taken internally on sugar for Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Croup, etc. JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT. 100 Years in Use. Thousands of cases of Cuts, Bruises, Sprains and other injuries have been cured by it. The stand-by liniment for the home. Sold everywhere. 25c and 50c Bottles. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

ST. JOSEPH'S UNIVERSITY CLOSING EXERCISES

St. Joseph's, N. B., June 16—The scholastic year of 1910-11, which marked the 47th anniversary of St. Joseph's University, was fittingly brought to a close this morning when an interesting programme was carried out in the Lefebvre Memorial Hall. Rev. Father Leclercq, superior, presided and there was a large and representative audience.

The weather conditions were ideal and the accustomed spirit of joy and happiness was everywhere in evidence. Decorated with flags and streamers the college buildings presented a very gala appearance.

The morning exercises were commenced at 9:30 o'clock, and consisted of conferring of degrees, awarding of diplomas and diploma of prize exercises.

The valedictory was given in French and English by Dominate D. Cormier, of Shediac (N. B.). An address by John R. Nugent, of St. John, was also presented by Rev. J. O. LeBlanc, of St. John, N. B., and Rev. Louis Ozanan, A. Model (Catholic) Lyman.

The diplomas and prizes were presented by Rev. L. V. Frouilland, C. S. C., prefect of English studies, and Rev. Louis Guerin, C. S. C., prefect of French studies.

The degree of M. A. was conferred on Louis J. Slattery, B. A., '07, of this city. At the close of the exercises Rev. Father Leclercq, president of the university, delivered a very able address. He reviewed the work of the year and characterized it as being in many ways one of the most successful in the history of the institution. In speaking of the future, he said that the university among other things planned on strengthening its mathematics and higher science courses. This, however, would not be done to the detriment of the philosophy course, which he held to be one of the most important branches in a university.

He complimented the students on their general department during the past year. The commencement exercises were formally opened Thursday evening when the Lefebvre Memorial Hall was the scene of a musical and literary entertainment. The programme included music, a discourse on Louis Pasteur by Placide LeBlanc, a declamation, Only a Soldier, by Gordon Barry, Le Reveil de L'Écclie, by Rev. A. Robichaud, presented by the students; discourses on Civil Government in Canada by J. R. Donovan; The Catholic Church in Canada, by E. J. Henchery, St. John, N. B.; and The City of Dreadful Night, by Arthur Allen and Timon Goxen, as well as singing by the students and music by the college band.

All the participants acquitted themselves in a very creditable manner, and their work was warmly applauded by the large audience which crowded the hall.

The degrees were conferred as follows: Master of Arts—Rev. J. E. Mouton, C. S. C., St. Joseph, N. B.; thesis: The Poetry of Corneille. J. Louis Slattery, St. John, N. B.; thesis: "The Church and Social Reform."

Bachelor of Arts—Dominique D. Cormier, Shediac, N. B. Bachelor of Letters—Leonice E. Plante, Montreal, P. Q.

Commercial Diplomas—Alfred H. Belliveau (with great distinction), Fredericton, N. B.; Leo P. Roy, with great distinction; St. Leonard, N. B.; Arthur J. Legier, with distinction; Memramook, West, N. B.; Gordon B. Carr, with distinction; St. John, N. B.; Rev. Wilbur J. Beaulieu, with distinction; St. Flavie, P. Q.; Philippe J. Bellevue, with distinction; Pre-den-Haut, N. B.; Claude A. Diggle, Baker's Brook, N. B.; Edmund J. Lavoy, St. Flavie, P. Q.

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WANTED Reliable Agent. Good Pay Weekly. Exclusive stock and Our agencies are PELHAM NURSERY Toronto, Ont.

WANTED—A second of... Wanted—A second of... Wanted—A second of... Wanted—A second of... Wanted—A second of...

FOR SALE. CREAM SEPARATORS. PORTLAND AGENTS—W...

Cures You No Doctors NEEDED. Osypen (or Osone) medicine. Cures you of all ailments.

For a Few. Until the Bell Building is friends will find us at the St. John, near the church, near the post office.

KILLED WOMAN REFUSED. New York Man Shot Objections Dead as She Her Arms.

PRESENTATION AT FLORE. Floreilleville, N. B. June 19th and gathering took place evening of the 14th inst.

AMERICAN SEPARATOR. A brand new, well made, easy running, easily cleaned, perfect skimming separator for \$13.95.

AMERICAN SEPARATOR CO. BAINBRIDGE, N. Y. A brand new, well made, easy running, easily cleaned, perfect skimming separator for \$13.95.

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SON'S... 100 Years in Use... Thousands of cases of Cuts, Bruises, Burns and other injuries have been cured by it.

UNIVERSITY... LOSING EXERCISES... Honors—List of Degrees, Diplomas—Prominent Catholics Present.

WANTED... Reliable Agents... Good Pay Weekly. Outfit free. Exclusive stock and territory.

FOR SALE... CREAM SEPARATORS... PORTLAND CEMENT... AGENTS WANTED

MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived. Thursday, June 15. Stmr Gladby, 1404, Jones, Philadelphia.

Thursday, June 15. Stmr Sobos, 2223, Bridges, Halifax, Wm. Thomson & Co.

PORTLAND CEMENT

Portland Cement. The following charters are reported: American schooner George W. Anderson, 169.

CANADIAN PORTS

Quebec, June 15—Arr. stms Nees, Barbados for Montreal (and proceed); Glenmont, Sydney (C.B.); Batiscau, do for Montreal; Horstead, do for do; Wacouta, do for do.

NEW YORK MAN SHOT OBJECT OF AFFECTION DEAD AS SHE HELD INFANT IN HER ARMS.

New York, June 16—Because Mrs. Carolina De Gracia, twenty years old, walked toward a man, John O'Connell, who was holding a child in his arms, she was shot and killed.

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PRESENTATION AT FLORENCEVILLE

Florenceville, N. B., June 16—A pleasant gathering took place on Wednesday evening, the 14th inst., in the form of a presentation at the home of Mr. John Thompson.

FOREIGN PORTS

New York, June 16—Passed St. John, bound east, stmr Dana, Windsor (N.S.); bound east, stmr Dana, Windsor (N.S.); bound east, stmr Dana, Windsor (N.S.).

FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

Tronized. Never before has it been possible for passengers north of Woodstock to go to John, St. Stephen, Fredericton, by train, and return the same day.

FLORENCEVILLE

Florenceville, June 14—There were two interesting meetings held on Tuesday, the 14th inst., in the afternoon.

HOPEWELL HILL

Hopewell Hill, June 15—Thought of short duration, the electric storm that passed over the town on Tuesday, the 15th inst., was of great violence.

CHATHAM

Chatham, June 15—Joseph E. Riggs, of the local staff of the Bank of Montreal, is visiting friends in town.

REXTON

Rexton, N. B., June 16—The recent rains are being carried by the country.

GRAND FALLS

Grand Falls, June 15—George Langstroff has moved his family here from Hampton and has taken rooms at the Carlton House for the summer months.

SHEDIC

Shediac, N. B., June 15—Mr. and Mrs. W. Humphrey, of Moncton, accompanied by their daughter, Mrs. George Prescott, of Albert, visited Shediac on Sunday.

MARRIAGES

EVANS-CRAWFORD—At Winnipeg, on Wednesday, June 14, by Rev. G. K. B. Adams, Herbert, recently of St. John, to Katherine M. Crawford, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Crawford, of Westfield (N.B.).

DEATHS

JOHNSTON—In this city, on the 14th inst., John Johnston, in the 73rd year of his age, leaving a wife, three sons, four daughters, and three sisters to mourn.

REV. GEO. J. BOND CHAIRMAN NOVA SCOTIA CONFERENCE

Yarmouth, N. S., June 16—Special—Rev. G. J. Bond was elected president of the Nova Scotia Methodist conference, which opened today.

W. S. LOGGIE, M. P., AGAIN CHOSEN AS NORTHUMBERLAND LIBERALS' STANDARD BEARER

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