

SIR HUGH GRAHAM TO GO TO QUEBEC FOR THE ENQUIRY

Mr. MacNab Asks For Subpoena for Owner of Montreal Star.

INTERESTING DAY IN GRAFT HEARING.

Member of Legislature Demands that Gouin's Cabinet Confere Publicly Apologize for Punching Editor in Nose.

Quebec, Feb. 5.—There were two features in today's happenings in connection with the Quebec graft inquiry. In the legislative assembly Mr. Jean Provost, in the most direct and scathing terms denounced the assault on Mr. MacNab yesterday by Chas. Lanctot, deputy attorney general of the province, and right hand man of Sir Lomer Gouin in the council committee of investigation. Mr. MacNab moved that Sir Hugh Graham be subpoenaed to appear before the committee and give evidence as to whether the information gathered by the Bureau detectives had been submitted to him when the ownership of the Herald had been sold. The significance of Mr. MacNab's request is that the appearance of Sir Hugh will probably tend to throw light upon recent happenings in the journalistic field in Montreal and disclose some of the motives which inspired those who were the protagonists in the drama.

Raising a question of privilege Mr. Provost said that Mr. MacNab was there on an order of the house. As such he was entitled to the protection of the house, whose duty it was to see that he received the fullest measure of fair play. If Mr. Lanctot and with the chief of the provincial police standing beside him at the time, had struck Mr. MacNab unaware and brutally, he was aware that the latest issue had apologized to Mr. MacNab before the legislative committee and that Mr. MacNab had accepted his apology like a gentleman, but he moved, therefore, that Mr. Lanctot be summoned to appear before the bar of the house, and there apologize to the speaker and the members for the shame and ignominy to which his action had subjected them.

Hon. L. A. Taschereau, chairman of the assembly investigation committee, read the apology made by Mr. Lanctot to Mr. MacNab and Mr. MacNab's remarks in accepting the apology. There was no doubt, he said, that the unfortunate affair was regretted by all as the eyes of everyone were upon Quebec at this period. The trouble was that the public was apt to mistake insinuations for accusations and Mr. Lanctot had felt the mention of his name very keenly.

Premier Gouin much regretted the incident in view of the high position occupied by Mr. Lanctot. However, he apologized manfully and Mr. MacNab had accepted the apology like a gentleman.

Mr. Tellier, leader of the opposition, said that as far as a private matter, it had been closed by the tendering and acceptance of the apology. But as a public offence it was deplorable that the highest officer of the government should assault a man who had come to Quebec under an order of the house and under the protection of the house.

In the council committee Mr. Beck said that after the detectives had concluded their operations and collected their information, the ownership of the Herald had been changed. He had submitted his evidence to the new men in control of the Herald, but

CONTROL OF FREIGHT RATES BY COMMISSION

Bill Would Give Railway Commission Control of Freight Charges on Vessels in Coasting and Inland Waters

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Feb. 5.—To give the Railway Commission power to control freight rates on vessels engaged in the coasting and inland water trade in Canada is the purpose of a bill which J. E. Armstrong, M.P. for East Lambton, will introduce shortly. Mr. Armstrong states that he has the assurance of the Minister of Railways and Canals that the object of the measure has the sympathy of the government and that it will be accepted.

CAPTAIN OF BARGE INDICTED FOR MURDER

Body of Annie Walsh Found Partly Dismembered on His Boat.

Taunton, Mass., Feb. 5.—An indictment charging murder in the first degree for the death of Annie Walsh at New Bedford last month, was returned today against Charles Matroni, captain of the barge Salpe.

The body of the deceased was found on board the barge and nearby was a blood stained axe.

They would not take the responsibility of publishing it. Then he took it and laid it before Messrs. Nichols and MacNab.

Mr. MacNab asked to whom Mr. Beck had sent his resignation and if he had submitted his evidence to them.

Aerial War Fleet For Mexican Rebels

Carranza to Order Aeroplanes for Attack on Northern Mexico—Taking Advantage of Removal of Embargo on Export of Munitions from States to Mexico.

Culiacan, Sinaloa, Mexico, Feb. 5.—Military aeroplanes will be among the war munitions to be ordered at once from the United States by General Carranza, the rebel chieftain. This was announced today after Carranza had made hasty arrangements to take advantage immediately of the American government's action in lifting the embargo on the exportation of arms. The aeroplanes will be used in campaigns in Northern Mexico.

Fourteen thousand rifles with sufficient ammunition for a long campaign already had been ordered.

mounts suitable for use aboard vessels which will be armoured for operations against the Pacific coast forces still held by the Huerta forces. The organization of aerial war fleet will be effected by General Angeles, sub-secretary of war in the Carranza cabinet. It will be commanded by Capt. Frederico Cervantes, who recently returned after having spent three months as a student in military aviation camps in France.

Only Mexican aviators will be used, including two members of Carranza's staff who are qualified for pilots. The 14,000 rifles contracted for will be used to equip rebel troops in Chihuahua and Zacatecas.

PRES. WILSON BELIEVES EXEMPTION FOR AMERICAN VESSELS IS UNFAIR

Believes it a Breach of the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty.

WILL TRY TO HAVE CONGRESS CHANGE IT

Intends to Ask U. S. House to Revoke Exemption Clause—Senate May Block It, However.

Washington, Feb. 5.—President Wilson announced today that he would endeavor to have repealed at the present session of Congress that provision of the Panama Canal Act which exempts American coastwise ships from the payment of tolls.

He made his position clear to callers today in unequivocal terms. The President believes that the Hay-Pauncefote treaty with Great Britain guarantees equal treatment to all nations, including the United States, in the matter of tolls, and that the United States is in honor bound to charge American vessels the same tolls it imposes upon those of foreign nations. The President expressed upon his callers that he would use every legitimate influence at his disposal to have the exemption clause eliminated from the Panama Canal Act.

This announcement was expected by administration leaders at the capitol. The President's views will be carried out in the house with little difficulty, according to Representative Adamson, chairman of the Interstate and Foreign Commerce, who said to-night Congress undoubtedly would act quickly by "a straight cut repeal."

Not so certain, however, are some of the Democrat leaders in the Senate that the President will be sustained in his resolve on the question which has agitated American relations with Great Britain for several years and has been a subject of internal controversy since the passage of the Panama Canal Act in August 1912. Senator O'Gorman, chairman of the late-Oceanic Canals Committee, which had charge of the bill, and who led the victorious fight in the Senate to exempt American coastwise vessels from tolls, tonight declared his purpose to stand by his convictions, and fight the President's desire.

Other senators pointed to the recent action of the foreign relations committee in recommending the British general arbitration treaty for extension as an indication that the senate is ready to rescind its actions on the tolls question, fear of having to submit to arbitration having delayed its extension by the senate last summer. Senator Stone who voted for the provision, has said he would vote for the repeal, taking the position that, although, under the treaty the United States still has the right to levy any tolls it wishes, the exemption should be stricken out in deference to international good feeling and in line with a desire to avoid any ill-feeling with Great Britain.

The President's announcement grew out of a report that he did not seek action at the present congress. Senator O'Gorman, on leaving the White House today, said he had discussed the tolls question casually with the president and expressed the view that congress could do little else at the present session besides passing the trust bills and appropriation measures. The president sought to make clear today that this was Senator O'Gorman's own expression of the legislative situation, but that so far as he was concerned he earnestly hoped for action at the present session.

Suspend Clause For Two Years

There has been considerable talk in this connection of the resolution introduced by Representative Adamson, which would suspend for two years the operation of the exemption, so that it might be definitely determined whether or not the canal could be self supported, and at the same time allow time for further diplomatic parley. The President, however, has abandoned any idea of having the question suspended or postponed and wishes a settlement of it from the present Congress, so that the great waterway may be opened at the beginning of next year with the nations of the world on a basis of equality and with friendship unimpaired by any pending issues of diplomacy.

The illness of Chairman Bacon of the Senate foreign relations committee, which is holding up consideration of the arbitration treaties, including one with Great Britain, also may delay action in Congress on the tolls. The President already had communicated his views on the subject of tolls to the committee.

There have been no developments on the diplomatic side of the controversy since the last note of Sir Edward Grey was received in the closing days of the Taft administration.

ELECTED WITHOUT OPPOSITION IN KINGS AND CHARLOTTE

St. Andrew, N. B., Feb. 5.—Nomination proceedings in Charlotte County passed very quietly. Only two nominations were filed, those of Hon. George J. Clark and R. Watson Grimmer. The Sheriff closed his court at two o'clock, having declared the gentlemen nominated duly elected.

REPORT ON TECHNICAL EDUCATION HELD UP BY FAILURE TO COMPLETE

Government Unable to Act Until Dr. Robertson Has Handed in Complete Record of Findings.

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Feb. 5.—Great annoyance is expressed in government circles at the report of the Technical Education Commission has not yet been handed in complete by Dr. J. W. Robertson.

The Minister of Labor has not yet received the fourth and last volume of the report, the most important as it deals with conditions in this country as the commissioners found them. The delay is the more serious as the question of technical education affects the provinces more than the Dominion, although the commission was appointed and financed by the Federal authorities.

When the report complete is in the hands of the government copies of it will be sent to the provincial authorities and a meeting will be called by the Dominion government to discuss the views of the provinces have been obtained and a scheme agreeable to all has been formulated.

BUYING OLD ARMY RIFLES FOR MEXICO

Secretary of War Approached in Reference to Sale of Discarded Guns—Refusal Most Probable.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Persons supposed to be representing the Mexican constitutionalists are trying to buy from the United States government discarded army rifles which the arsenal are well stocked. Secretary Garrison said today that he had been approached on this subject and while he declined to give names he indicated that he at least suspected that the would-be purchasers were Mexicans. He said he had not made up his mind what the war department's answer would be, but in official circles, it was regarded as highly improbable that a sale would be made.

SCHMIDT IS FOUND GUILTY

Convicted of Murder in First Degree—Insanity His Defence—Will be Sentenced Today.

New York, Feb. 5.—Hans Schmidt was found guilty of murder in the first degree for killing Anna Ammiller, a young woman he had married through a self performed ceremony, while acting as a priest at St. Joseph's church. The penalty of the crime is death in the electric chair. He will be sentenced next Wednesday. Schmidt's defence was insanity.

GRITS IN DREAD OF EXPOSURE OF CRIME THEY PERMITTED

NEW ROLLING STOCK FOR THE C.N.R.

Ten Million Dollar Order to be Placed for Equipment—Hope to Have it Ready Before Summer.

Winnipeg, Feb. 5.—Orders to the value of ten million dollars are shortly to be placed for additional rolling stock for the Canadian Northern Railway to operate its main line between Quebec and Port Arthur. Every effort will be made to have the stock delivered early in the summer when the line will be almost ready for operation.

Orders for close upon one million have already gone in. This will include early delivery of twelve steel first and second class passenger coaches, fifty-five colonists and thirteen baggage cars. The \$10,000,000 order applies to locomotives, passenger coaches, dining cars, sleepers and baggage cars.

NOT KEEN FOR PRESIDENT'S JOB AGAIN

Ex-Pres. of Peru Hears of the Downfall of Billinghurst, but Says He Has No Aspirations for Presidency.

London, Feb. 5.—Ex-President Augusto B. Leguia of Peru, who was deported from Callao in August last by President Billinghurst, and who now is residing in London, received a number of cablegrams today from his brother, Carlos Leguia, a member of the Peruvian senate, telling of the overthrow of the Billinghurst administration.

According to Senator Leguia, the revolution against the Peruvian government was due to President Billinghurst's decision to dissolve Congress because it had refused to sanction his budget. The arrest of the President, Senator Leguia called, was in defense of the Peruvian constitution and, he added, "as a result of this glorious action of our army, we are free of Billinghurst, who now is in the penitentiary."

Ex-President Leguia, commenting on the military revolt at Lima, declared he had no aspirations for re-election to the presidency, but he said he rejoiced in the joint action of Congress and the army in restoring by constitutional methods that which had been destroyed by President Billinghurst.

PREMIER BORDEN CONFINED TO HOUSE

Ottawa, Feb. 5.—Premier Borden is again confined to his residence with recurrence of the blood disorders which have caused him frequent inconvenience of late. In his absence from the commons today, Hon. Geo. E. Foster acted as government leader.

Wants Fisheries Treaty in Effect

U. S. Senator Flood Introduces Bill to Have Agreement Regarding Fishing in Waters Contiguous to Canada Become Operative.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Representative Flood, chairman of the house committee on foreign affairs, today introduced a bill to give effect to a treaty of April 1908, between the United States and Great Britain concerning fisheries in waters contiguous to the United States and Canada, and to create international fisheries in the United States fish commission to carry out the conditions of the convention. The measure would authorize the president to promulgate regulations to govern the seasons and methods of fishing in the Great Lakes, regulations to be effective after January 1, 1915.

Revelations in Connection with Surrender of Indian Reserve Promise Sensation.

BILL FOR ABOLISHING TITLES DEFEATED.

Report of Commission on Cost of Transcontinental Before House Next Week and Interesting Developments Are Looked For.

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Feb. 5.—Contrast the policy of the present government with that of the previous administration. The Conservatives find that one of the government vessels, the Alert, has been used for political purposes. They suspend the officer responsible and the vessel is put out of commission, pending an inquiry. Under the old government these things were winked at and encouraged.

Mr. Borden, with that high sense of honor, which is characteristic of his life and conduct, has set out to give the Dominion of Canada a clean administration, he formed a cabinet of men of the same principle and the Alert is an example of it.

That the St. Peter's Indian reserve case is going to create intense interest was shown in the house today, when Hon. Frank Oliver, the former minister of the interior, who was in charge of the department when that notorious deal was allowed to go through, asked Hon. Dr. Roche if the statement which appeared in The Standard to the effect that the government had given instructions to two of its agents in Manitoba ordering them to take action in the Manitoba courts to have the surrender of that reserve declared void was correct.

Dr. Roche and Hon. C. J. Doherty replied that the report was correct. "But the sooner kind and the Minister of Interior resumed his seat than half a dozen of the lawyers on the opposition benches, including their leader, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, jumped to their feet and tried to put questions to both the Minister of Interior and the Minister of Justice. They wanted to know why the government did not do this or do that. Why were they going to the Manitoba courts, why not to the Supreme Court of Canada, why not to the Exchequer Court and so on. They also wanted the Minister of Justice to explain all about why the government had come to this decision. Mr. Doherty obliged them.

But the in the lobbies that one sees the keenness of the excitement. The surrender of the St. Peter's Indian reserve, purchased with liquor, bribery and corruption, is the blackest crime of its kind in the recent political history of the Dominion. The revelations are expected to be of the most disgraceful kind and to show a practice of the rotten character had been in vogue in the Department of Indian Affairs under the Liberal administration. The reports of the case when it comes up in the Manitoba courts will arouse the country from end to end.

Still Worried About the Alert. E. MacDonald of Pictou again brought up the case of the customs steamer Alert, reading a telegram which stated that the Alert had gone on another trip carrying Conservative workers. He asked the Minister of Customs if there was any information regarding this.

Hon. Mr. Reid stated that about the 20th of December last, custom officer Angus Young of Nova Sydney, had telegraphed that there was an American schooner fishing within the three mile limit at Nell's Harbor and suggesting that the Alert be sent to investigate. On the 20th of January an order was issued to send the Alert to get the information and it sailed on the 22nd when the weather was good, reaching Nell's Harbor on the 28th. It was on this trip that passengers were carried, whose presence was brought up in the house a few days ago, and the intimation given that there was also liquor on board. The minister said that two flour barrels and one case had been taken on board and it

Continued on page 2.

Local and Foreign Shipping Notes

SIGNAL SERVICE BULLETIN. Issued by Authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries. 10 a. m. Cape Race, 720—Clear, strong north- west. Light fall of snow last night. February 4, eight p. m. Sicilian abeam Inward. Sable Island, 880—Cloudy, light north- west. February 4, eleven forty- five p. m. Teutonic abeam, bound St. John. Cape Sable, 138—Cloudy, moderate north. Brier Island, 61—Fair, fresh north. Point Lepreau, 22—Clear, light northeast. Partridge Island—Clear, light north- east. 3 p. m. Cape Race, 720—Nine fifteen a. m. Uranium 185 miles southeast, inward. Sable Island, 330—Cloudy, light north- west. Tea thirty a. m. Sicilian 148 miles southeast, bound Halifax. Halifax, 267—Steamer Kristiania- Jord arrived yesterday 8:30 p. m. Cape Sable, 138—Cloudy, strong east. Teutonic 120 miles east at 8 a. m. Brier Island, 61—Fair, moderate north. Point Lepreau, 22—Fair, moderate east. Partridge Island—Fair, moderate northeast.

THE WHITE STAR LINER. The White Star liner Teutonic, the first of this fleet to come into the port of St. John, is reported to dock this morning about six o'clock.

COMING TO ST. JOHN. The Australian and New Zealand line steamer Kio Ora, sailed from London on February 1st by Sydney, C. B. She will be due at St. John February 15.

ICE BOUND VESSELS. Curling, N.B., Feb. 4—U. S. naval tug Foamco arrived off Bay of Islands today from Norfolk, Va. to assist the icebound herring schooner Hiram Lowell and Francis Willard.

SHIP ON FIRE. Boston, Feb. 4—Fire was discovered at 8:30 this morning in store- room in the after part of the steamer which arrived yesterday from Huelva; the flames were confined to the ship's stores, and damage is not considered heavy.

VESSLS DAMAGED. Loudon, Feb. 4—St. Jupiter (Ger. Davinson, from Gulfport Jan 13 for La Plata, has arrived at Kingston, Ja., with propeller shaft broken and propeller bent. Steam yacht Warrior, previously reported ashore off the northwest coast of Colombia, has been floated and is being towed into Kingston, Ja.

INSURANCE RENEWED. The insurance renewal of the Coast- wise Transportation Co.'s fleet, Boston has just been completed at London. The fleet consists of six steamers and four barges. The steamers are covered at 4 per cent, with an average clause of \$4,850 on the lora form of policy. The barges range from \$350,000 down to \$250,000. The barges are covered against total loss only and shipowners' liability at a rate of 7.35 per cent.

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE. Montreal that the interrupted sailings of the C. P. R. Mediterranean service, which were suspended during the months of February and March, would not be resumed; but an official denial has been given to these reports. The Ruthenia will resume sailings from Trieste on April 25, returning from Montreal May 25, while the Tyrolia will sail from Trieste may 23 and from Montreal June 20. Monthly sailings from either side will be maintained until the end of the St. Lawrence navigation season for 1914. The vessels employed on the route will call at Naples both ways, as usual.

SAN FRANCISCO NOTES. San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 31—Str. Pectan, from Taltal for Port San Luis (before reported ashore on Miguel Island) seems to be in a bad position; is afloat at both ends but is held fast amidships; work is progressing satisfactorily. Bark Hawaii, from Eureka Jan. 11 by Sydney, NSW, which put here today, report Jan 18, 100 miles WSW of Cape Blanco, during a hurricane, 1st deckload of 300 M lumber, smashed two lifeboats and stove in forecastle and galley; lost royal yard, foresail, forestaysail and mainsail.

DANGERS TO NAVIGATION. New York, Feb. 5—Reported to the Hydrographic Office: U. S. revenue cutter Onondaga reports that a thorough search failed to locate the obstruction reported by tug Cumberland and Jan 2, when a barge she was towing, drawing 8 feet of water, struck heavily on some obstruction; Cape Henry bearing SSW and Tall of the Horseshoe lightship bearing W by S. The reported position was dragged over to a depth of 12 feet without locating an obstruction. Relative to the sunken wreck of a schooner to the northward of Diamond Shoal lightship, of which numerous reports have been received, the revenue cutter Onondaga reports: "Jan 28 located the wreck 10 1/2 miles N 1/2 E of Diamond Shoal lightship. The heels of four lower masts were projecting 8 to 10 feet out of water, their heads held down by rigging attached to the hull. Numerous small spars, such as topmasts, gaffs, etc., were floating by, held by their rigging. The hull of the schooner was resting on bottom in 17 fathoms of water and there was 11 fathoms of water over it. It was apparently a four-masted oak laden schooner. Two of the lower masts were removed by explosion; also most of the small wreckage. While the other two lower masts were left floating heel up, held by the rigging, and a topmast and a gaff floating between these two spars, it is not believed that the wreck is now a serious menace to navigation. An attempt will be made shortly to remove all trace of the wreck." Str. East Point reports Jan 31, lat

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived Thursday, Feb. 5. Coastwise—Str. Donors Bros, 64, Warnock, Chance Harbor; schr Fred and Norman, 31, Cheney, Grand Harbor. Cleared. Steamer Orithia, Morris, Baltimore, Robt. Reford Co. Sailed. Steamer Calvin Austin, Mitchell, Boston, A. E. Fleming.

DOMESTIC PORTS. Nainaimo, Jan. 31—Arrd strm Kenta, Turler, Prince Rupert. Halifax, Feb. 4—Arrd strm Kansa, St. John.

BRITISH PORTS. Liverpool, Feb. 4—Arrd strm Camp- lania, New York. Avonmouth, Feb. 4—Arrd strm Roy- al Edward, St. John. Liverpool, Feb. 4—Sld strm Victo- rian, St. John. London, Feb. 2—Arrd strm Rappo- hannock, Hanks, St. John and Halifax. Manchester, Feb. 3—Arrd strm Man- chester Inventor, St. John for Man- chester.

FOREIGN PORTS. Rockland, Feb. 3—Arrd schr B I Hazard, St. John for Boston. Vineyard Haven, Feb. 3—Arrd schr Minnie Slauson, Port Johnson for St. John, N. B. Havana, Jan. 27—Arrd schr C W Mills, Mobile; 29th, schr Annie M. Parker, St. John. Sld Jan. 27, schr Cheslie, Pasca- goula. Rockland, Feb. 4—Arrd schr E B Hall, Bridgewater, N. S. Gloucester, Feb. 4—Arrd schr Edna, St. George; Silver Spray, Port Read- ing; Rhoda Holmes, New York. Portland, Feb. 4—Sld schr Ann Louise Lockwood, New York. Vineyard Haven, Feb. 3—Arrd schr Minnie Slauson, Port Johnson for St. John.

CIVIC PAY DAY. Cashier Willet yesterday paid out \$6,245.98 in wages to civic employes for the half month, ending January 31, as follows: Officials \$1,622.90 O'Connell 790.25 Ferry 1,037.53 Sundry 1,007.73 Market 1,507.91 T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams Fire and Salvage 1,226.66

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Stetson, 271, laid up, J. W. Smith. J. Arthur Lord, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. Jennie Stubbs, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. J. L. Colwell, 99, J. W. Smith. Laura C. Hall, 99, Master. Mary A. Hall, 241, P. McIntyre. Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, Peter McIntyre. Oriole, 124, J. Splane Co. Orozimbo, 121, A. W. Adams. Peter Schulte, 373, A. W. Adams. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

MINIATURE ALMANAC. February Moon Phases. D. H. M. First Quarter ... 3 6 33 a. m. Full moon ... 10 1 36 p. m. Last quarter ... 17 5 23 a. m. New moon ... 24 8 2 p. m.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Stetson, 271, laid up, J. W. Smith. J. Arthur Lord, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. Jennie Stubbs, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. J. L. Colwell, 99, J. W. Smith. Laura C. Hall, 99, Master. Mary A. Hall, 241, P. McIntyre. Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, Peter McIntyre. Oriole, 124, J. Splane Co. Orozimbo, 121, A. W. Adams. Peter Schulte, 373, A. W. Adams. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Stetson, 271, laid up, J. W. Smith. J. Arthur Lord, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. Jennie Stubbs, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. J. L. Colwell, 99, J. W. Smith. Laura C. Hall, 99, Master. Mary A. Hall, 241, P. McIntyre. Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, Peter McIntyre. Oriole, 124, J. Splane Co. Orozimbo, 121, A. W. Adams. Peter Schulte, 373, A. W. Adams. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Stetson, 271, laid up, J. W. Smith. J. Arthur Lord, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. Jennie Stubbs, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. J. L. Colwell, 99, J. W. Smith. Laura C. Hall, 99, Master. Mary A. Hall, 241, P. McIntyre. Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, Peter McIntyre. Oriole, 124, J. Splane Co. Orozimbo, 121, A. W. Adams. Peter Schulte, 373, A. W. Adams. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Stetson, 271, laid up, J. W. Smith. J. Arthur Lord, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. Jennie Stubbs, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. J. L. Colwell, 99, J. W. Smith. Laura C. Hall, 99, Master. Mary A. Hall, 241, P. McIntyre. Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, Peter McIntyre. Oriole, 124, J. Splane Co. Orozimbo, 121, A. W. Adams. Peter Schulte, 373, A. W. Adams. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Stetson, 271, laid up, J. W. Smith. J. Arthur Lord, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. Jennie Stubbs, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. J. L. Colwell, 99, J. W. Smith. Laura C. Hall, 99, Master. Mary A. Hall, 241, P. McIntyre. Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, Peter McIntyre. Oriole, 124, J. Splane Co. Orozimbo, 121, A. W. Adams. Peter Schulte, 373, A. W. Adams. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Stetson, 271, laid up, J. W. Smith. J. Arthur Lord, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. Jennie Stubbs, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. J. L. Colwell, 99, J. W. Smith. Laura C. Hall, 99, Master. Mary A. Hall, 241, P. McIntyre. Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, Peter McIntyre. Oriole, 124, J. Splane Co. Orozimbo, 121, A. W. Adams. Peter Schulte, 373, A. W. Adams. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Stetson, 271, laid up, J. W. Smith. J. Arthur Lord, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. Jennie Stubbs, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. J. L. Colwell, 99, J. W. Smith. Laura C. Hall, 99, Master. Mary A. Hall, 241, P. McIntyre. Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, Peter McIntyre. Oriole, 124, J. Splane Co. Orozimbo, 121, A. W. Adams. Peter Schulte, 373, A. W. Adams. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Stetson, 271, laid up, J. W. Smith. J. Arthur Lord, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. Jennie Stubbs, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. J. L. Colwell, 99, J. W. Smith. Laura C. Hall, 99, Master. Mary A. Hall, 241, P. McIntyre. Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, Peter McIntyre. Oriole, 124, J. Splane Co. Orozimbo, 121, A. W. Adams. Peter Schulte, 373, A. W. Adams. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Stetson, 271, laid up, J. W. Smith. J. Arthur Lord, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. Jennie Stubbs, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. J. L. Colwell, 99, J. W. Smith. Laura C. Hall, 99, Master. Mary A. Hall, 241, P. McIntyre. Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, Peter McIntyre. Oriole, 124, J. Splane Co. Orozimbo, 121, A. W. Adams. Peter Schulte, 373, A. W. Adams. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived Thursday, Feb. 5. Coastwise—Str. Donors Bros, 64, Warnock, Chance Harbor; schr Fred and Norman, 31, Cheney, Grand Harbor. Cleared. Steamer Orithia, Morris, Baltimore, Robt. Reford Co. Sailed. Steamer Calvin Austin, Mitchell, Boston, A. E. Fleming.

DOMESTIC PORTS. Nainaimo, Jan. 31—Arrd strm Kenta, Turler, Prince Rupert. Halifax, Feb. 4—Arrd strm Kansa, St. John.

BRITISH PORTS. Liverpool, Feb. 4—Arrd strm Camp- lania, New York. Avonmouth, Feb. 4—Arrd strm Roy- al Edward, St. John. Liverpool, Feb. 4—Sld strm Victo- rian, St. John. London, Feb. 2—Arrd strm Rappo- hannock, Hanks, St. John and Halifax. Manchester, Feb. 3—Arrd strm Man- chester Inventor, St. John for Man- chester.

FOREIGN PORTS. Rockland, Feb. 3—Arrd schr B I Hazard, St. John for Boston. Vineyard Haven, Feb. 3—Arrd schr Minnie Slauson, Port Johnson for St. John, N. B. Havana, Jan. 27—Arrd schr C W Mills, Mobile; 29th, schr Annie M. Parker, St. John. Sld Jan. 27, schr Cheslie, Pasca- goula. Rockland, Feb. 4—Arrd schr E B Hall, Bridgewater, N. S. Gloucester, Feb. 4—Arrd schr Edna, St. George; Silver Spray, Port Read- ing; Rhoda Holmes, New York. Portland, Feb. 4—Sld schr Ann Louise Lockwood, New York. Vineyard Haven, Feb. 3—Arrd schr Minnie Slauson, Port Johnson for St. John.

CIVIC PAY DAY. Cashier Willet yesterday paid out \$6,245.98 in wages to civic employes for the half month, ending January 31, as follows: Officials \$1,622.90 O'Connell 790.25 Ferry 1,037.53 Sundry 1,007.73 Market 1,507.91 T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams Fire and Salvage 1,226.66

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Stetson, 271, laid up, J. W. Smith. J. Arthur Lord, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. Jennie Stubbs, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. J. L. Colwell, 99, J. W. Smith. Laura C. Hall, 99, Master. Mary A. Hall, 241, P. McIntyre. Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, Peter McIntyre. Oriole, 124, J. Splane Co. Orozimbo, 121, A. W. Adams. Peter Schulte, 373, A. W. Adams. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Stetson, 271, laid up, J. W. Smith. J. Arthur Lord, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. Jennie Stubbs, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. J. L. Colwell, 99, J. W. Smith. Laura C. Hall, 99, Master. Mary A. Hall, 241, P. McIntyre. Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, Peter McIntyre. Oriole, 124, J. Splane Co. Orozimbo, 121, A. W. Adams. Peter Schulte, 373, A. W. Adams. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Stetson, 271, laid up, J. W. Smith. J. Arthur Lord, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. Jennie Stubbs, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. J. L. Colwell, 99, J. W. Smith. Laura C. Hall, 99, Master. Mary A. Hall, 241, P. McIntyre. Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, Peter McIntyre. Oriole, 124, J. Splane Co. Orozimbo, 121, A. W. Adams. Peter Schulte, 373, A. W. Adams. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Stetson, 271, laid up, J. W. Smith. J. Arthur Lord, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. Jennie Stubbs, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. J. L. Colwell, 99, J. W. Smith. Laura C. Hall, 99, Master. Mary A. Hall, 241, P. McIntyre. Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, Peter McIntyre. Oriole, 124, J. Splane Co. Orozimbo, 121, A. W. Adams. Peter Schulte, 373, A. W. Adams. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Stetson, 271, laid up, J. W. Smith. J. Arthur Lord, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. Jennie Stubbs, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. J. L. Colwell, 99, J. W. Smith. Laura C. Hall, 99, Master. Mary A. Hall, 241, P. McIntyre. Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, Peter McIntyre. Oriole, 124, J. Splane Co. Orozimbo, 121, A. W. Adams. Peter Schulte, 373, A. W. Adams. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Stetson, 271, laid up, J. W. Smith. J. Arthur Lord, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. Jennie Stubbs, 159, laid up, A. W. Adams. J. L. Colwell, 99, J. W. Smith. Laura C. Hall, 99, Master. Mary A. Hall, 241, P. McIntyre. Margaret May Riley, 241, A. W. Adams. Moama, 284, Peter McIntyre. Oriole, 124, J. Splane Co. Orozimbo, 121, A. W. Adams. Peter Schulte, 373, A. W. Adams. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Spearmint. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Spearmint. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Spearmint. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A. W. Adams. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy. Harry Miller, 246, J. W. Smith. Isaluk, K. Spearmint. Priscilla, 117, laid up, A. W. Adams. Ravilla, 123, laid up, J. W. Smith. Sallie B. Ludiam, 199, D. J. Purdy. T. W. Cooper, 150, laid up, A. W. Adams. W. E. & W. L. Tuck, 295, Gregory.

VESSLS IN PORT. Orithia, Robert Reford Co. Steamer. Arthur M. Gibson, 296, J. W. Smith. Calabria, 431, J. Splane, laid up. Cora May, 117, N. C. Scott. Dosme, 299, J. E. Moore. Eskimo, 99, G. M. Kerrison. Elma, 298, A. W. Adams. Harold B. Cousins, 360, P. McIntyre. H. H. Chamberlain, 365, A.

COURTESY DAY WORK WILL BE RUSHED TO COMPLETION

J. Norton Griffiths Assures Council of Board of Trade that Contract will be Finished on Time—Expert Gives Opinion—May Build Concrete Quays.

J. Norton Griffiths, M. P., met the Council of the Board of Trade yesterday and gave them his official assurance that the work on the Courtesay Bay contract will be finished well within the time specified. Mr. Griffiths was accompanied by P. R. Warren, chief engineer of the Norton Griffiths Company here, and John F. Stevens, chief engineer on the Panama Canal up to the time the supervision of that work was taken over by the military engineers of the United States, and prominently connected with the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway and other large contracts.

Mr. Griffiths opened his remarks to the Council with the assurance that it was a pleasure to him to meet the members of the Board and discuss with them the work which had been entrusted to him, and that he desired to place himself on record as desirous of giving the fullest information in regard to the work at all times and to co-operate with the Board in the general interests of the city.

Mr. Griffiths said that he realized the progress on the contract had been almost entirely due to relying on sub-contractors. While the breakwaters had progressed very favorably, it was a well known fact that the sub-contractor which had the dredging in hand had not had the plant nor been in a position to carry out the work.

When his company took over this contract they had at once ordered two dredges; one unfortunately had met with a serious accident and they were not counting on her to continue the work. They had now practically completed negotiations for a second dredge of the ladder type which should arrive about the end of March and a third to arrive about the 1st of May. In addition to these they hoped to build two powerful suction dredges which would be partially constructed at St. John. Mr. Griffiths called on Mr. Stevens to give an independent testimony in regard to the work, and stated that while Mr. Stevens was not in the employ of his company, he would be engaged to come to St. John during the time when Mr. Griffiths would not be able to give the work his personal attention, to consult with the local engineers and criticize the progress being made on that contract.

Mr. Stevens further stated that probably by evening arrangements would be completed whereby his company would take over the only remaining sub-contract, and that from this out the work would be done by the Norton Griffiths Company themselves, who alone were responsible to the Government.

John F. Stevens

Mr. Stevens then addressed the meeting and told of his work in connection with the Panama Canal. Mr. Stevens said in regard to the Norton Griffiths contract, that the crux of the whole thing is the dredging, and that while the figures in the contract sound formidable, it is only a matter of detail and of plant. Mr. Stevens bore testimony to the fact that a suction dredge is available on this side of the Atlantic, nor for that matter in Europe, and that under those circumstances it is necessary to fall back upon the class of the Don Frederico for the present, but that it is the company's intention to construct two suction dredges to be ready for the first of June and first of July respectively, and with the equipment arranged he wished to go on record as stating that, excluding extraordinary accidents, such as earthquakes and wrecks, and with ordinary, not extraordinary, good business management, the work should be completed, if not before, at any rate, quite within the contract time.

P. R. Warren

Mr. Warren gave some figures in regard to the quantity of work to be done, time for completion and capacity of the plant, and spoke of the handicap suffered by the present dredges on account of insufficient steam horsepower, which had lately been supplemented. The ordinary wooden dredges had been unable to hold the fine silt dredged, and necessitated the work being done over twice.

In regard to work on quays Mr. Griffiths said that an excellent design had been submitted to the government for the construction of these wharves in reinforced concrete, and that, if the government approved the change, his company were willing to undertake the responsibility for their construction, as it would considerably facilitate the work, and the supply of timber for crib work, under the present plan, was one of the most serious problems at present facing the company. Mr. Stevens and other prominent engineers had testified to the superiority of the new design.

The following telegram was sent

Nervous Energy Is Limited

There is only so much energy in the human body. A few people have an abundance, but more have not enough. Hence the necessity of conserving vitality.

If wasted by mode of living, disease or worry there must be a re-energizing, and a more healthy condition. It may be headaches and weak, aching eyes; it may be nervous indigestion, or it may be merely lack of energy and ambition, and feelings of fatigue or helplessness. Of course, sooner or later exhaustion of the nerves leads to prostration, paralysis or locomotor ataxia, but there is no need to let the trouble develop that far.

By using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food you can restore to the feeble, wasted nerve cells the energy they have lost. It will take some effort on your part to give up worry and anxiety, but you should realize your serious condition. Rest and use this great food cure and you are bound to improve in health and vigor.

The Hon. J. D. Hazen in this connection: HON. J. D. HAZEN, Dept. Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

This board approves of the suggestion that Norton Griffiths Company provide a concrete wharf instead of timber construction, provided that the design of the structure is entirely satisfactory to the government engineers, and that the change will expedite the construction. It is very important in the interest of the port that this matter should be decided quickly.

SECRETARY.

St. John Board of Trade. Mr. Griffiths stated that he was submitting a diagram of the proposed work on the contract to the government, as soon as possible, after the matter of quay structures should be decided, and that he would have much pleasure in presenting a copy to the board in order that the members might watch the progress made, month by month, and tell just where they exceeded the estimate of work and where they fell behind.

The matter of dry dock dimensions was discussed, and it was felt that this was a very important matter, warranting the attention of the council at a special meeting. The council was therefore called to meet on Monday morning at eleven a. m.

The vice-president, who was in the chair, thanked Mr. Griffiths, Mr. Stevens and Mr. Warren for attending the meeting and giving this information, and the meeting adjourned.

A CHILD'S LAXATIVE IS "SYRUP OF FIGS"

Made from fruit—Can't harm tender stomach, liver and bowels.

If your little one's stomach is coated, it is a sure sign—the stomach, liver and bowels need a gentle, thorough cleansing at once. When your child is cross, peevish, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally; if breath is bad, stomach sour, system full of cold, throat sore, or if feverish, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the clogged-up, constipated waste, sour chills and undigested food will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

Sick children need to be coaxed to take their laxative. Millions of mothers keep handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure. They also know a little given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company." Don't be fooled!

EXPECT TO DO BIG BUSINESS WITH REBELS

Caranza Besieged with Messages from Arms Manufacturers as Result of Raising of Embargo.

Culiacan, Sinaloa, Mexico, Feb. 5.—As a sequel to the lifting of the embargo on exportation of arms from the United States, General Carranza's headquarters here were flooded today with telegrams from arms manufacturers in many parts of the world. The propositions offered showed the action of President Wilson had aided the credit of the revolutionary party.

If, as expected, the United States delivers up the arms and ammunition confiscated along the border since the beginning of the rebellion, the insurgents would have the elements necessary to begin at once an aggressive campaign. It was estimated that about 1,000,000 cartridges and nearly three thousand rifles have been confiscated by American authorities within a year.

IS IDENTIFIED AS MAN WHO RELIEVED PASSENGERS OF MONEY

Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 5.—Harry Warner, the man who went through a coach on an early morning Baltimore and Ohio passenger train here a week ago, was today positively identified by Michigan Central Railroad porters as the man who robbed passengers on a Michigan Central train near Jackson, Mich., a few weeks ago and got away with \$5,000. His real name is believed to be Lee Costello. Sheriff Frick captured a letter from his prison addressed to Mrs. Costello at Columbus, which is believed to be his mother.

Her Hopes Dashed. He—"I called to see your father this afternoon." She—"Suttering visibly"—"Oh, did you?" He—"Yes; he has been owing our firm a little bill for some time."

SALVATION ARMY WILL BUILD HOME

No Definite Steps have been taken yet—City to Consider Giving Assistance Monday.

Colonel Rees, social secretary of the Salvation Army, arrived in the city yesterday from the headquarters in Toronto, to take up the matter of providing for the establishment of a home to take the place of the Metropole. Last evening the Colonel said that their plans had not been fully formulated, but that he expected they would be able to make an announcement as to what they would do. "It is the intention," said the army officers, "to put up a new home here that will be equal to any similar establishment in the control of the army in Canada, if a proper measure of support is secured from the public."

Yesterday afternoon Col. Rees and Adjutant Cummings had a conference with Mayor Frink, and pointed out that they would be glad of assistance from the city, either in the way of a site for a new home, or a money grant, or both. The Mayor expressed his sympathy with the project to build a new shelter here, and said he would bring up the matter of giving assistance to the Army at the meeting of his council on Monday. His Worship also suggested that it might be worth while for the Army at the meeting of the council to make a contribution to the building of a new home, which would be a great help to the many who could not afford to make large contributions would probably be glad to give smaller sums.

RESENTS ATTACK UPON THE MEN

105 Douglas Avenue. Editor Daily Standard, St. John: Sir,—A letter in the Evening Times of Saturday, January 24, under the heading "A Woman's Experience," is of a most destructive force in a community where it is to be found gentlemen of the moral calibre. The abolition of the roadhouse would be productive of every good result—nobody would dispute it. But objections are certainly in order when the writer warns her sex "not to trust men."

When the writer of this article can gather sufficient mental acumen to prove conclusively that the moral fibre of a man is superior to that of men in the smallest degree we will regard her effort with an essence of truth, referring to the "I didn't know," in her letter. This innocent virgin having visions of her first auto ride with this "horrible creature," why did she descend to accompany him after his second invitation, more especially when the aroma of alcohol was detected? Would not the modern style of the less cultured women cause satan with his host of angels to blush?

In these cases the most brilliant colors of extreme fashion are chosen in order to attract male attention and while the preacher of all denunciations stands in the pulpit appealing to God for forgiveness these senseless super-civilized beings are seen going down to the tongueless silence of immorality.

You, the correspondent of the Evening Times on Saturday, January 24, dare stand up and say to the female sex: "Don't trust men," knowing that while the fashion artists of gay Paris continue to rob woman of her sacred clothing the male looks, stagers and falls at the females' delight. It puts one in mind of the soldier who juts the sword through his brother on the battlefield and then prays to a Jesus whose tenderness is exhibited by the meekness of a lamb. Oh, woman, so innocent!

INVESTIGATION INTO BRIBERY CHARGES MADE BY JOHNSON

Editor of Chicago Paper Produces Telegram from Negro Pugilist that he Left \$20,000 for Officials

Chicago, Feb. 5.—F. W. Lawrence, city editor of a morning newspaper, testified before the federal grand jury today and produced the telegram from Jack Johnson which made charges that Johnson gave \$20,000 to be distributed among federal officials before the negro pugilist went to France. The grand jury is investigating the Johnson charges and the assistant district attorney in charge of the investigation today said "We are not concerned with the publication of the Johnson charge but we want to know about the accuracy of the claims made by the pugilist."

WILL FORCE ELECTION ON HOME RULE

Unionists Decide to Bring Question before Parliament Soon after Opening—Promise Drastic Methods.

London, Feb. 5.—The Unionist leaders decided today to raise the question of Ulster and the necessity of a general election upon the Irish Home Rule issue immediately after the opening of parliament. They met at Lansdowne House to draft their plan of campaign for the coming session, and according to their spokesman the fight will be opened "in a way which will mark as memorable British parliamentary procedure."

It has been freely rumored that the Unionists intend to adopt extraordinary methods of warfare in order to "force" the government to appeal to the country.

HEART WAS SO BAD Could Not Do Her Housework

Many women get run down and are unable to look after their household duties owing to the nervous action becoming impaired or the heart system unstrung. To all such sufferers Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills will give prompt and permanent relief.

Mrs. Thomas Melville, Saltcoats, Sask., writes:—"I thought it my duty to write and tell you how much your Heart and Nerve Pills did for me. My heart was so bad I could not sleep, eat nor walk about the house. I could not do my housework at all, and what my husband could not do to go on doing. I had two small children depending on me besides three men to cook for, and it worried me to not be able to do anything. My husband had taken some of your pills some years ago, and insisted on my trying them, so I started, and before I had taken them two weeks I was considerably better, and before I had taken two boxes I was doing my own work again. Any one suffering from heart or nerve trouble should just give your pills a trial. If anyone cares to write me I will gladly give them all the information I know concerning your wonderful medicine."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50 cents per box, or three boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Two Meanings

He (in a rage)—That man is the biggest fool in the world. His wife (comfortingly)—Henry, Henry, you are forgetting yourself.

SAYS LEADERS INCITED MOB TO ANARCHY

Minister of Defence in South Africa Says Deporting of Strike Leaders Justified.

Cape Town, Feb. 5.—After speaking for four hours yesterday in the parliament of the Union of South Africa, General Jan Christian Smuts, minister of defence, continued today his justification of the government's action in declaring martial law during the recent general strike and in deporting the strike leaders.

The minister declared that the labor leaders had planned serious military operations, had organized small commands of dynamiters and had deliberately inflamed the spirit of the mob and incited it to crime till the strike had developed into sheer anarchy. Every industry, the minister continued, was to be brought to a standstill by the strikers but the declaration of war by the Federation of Trades was made by the proclamation of martial law and the mobilization of the citizens' defence force by the government.

The situation had been practically one of civil war, the minister continued. Thousands of miners were in possession of dynamite, a native outbreak was threatened and food supplies were scarce. The government, he said, was therefore amply justified in proclaiming martial law, which had proved effective and the threatened great tragedy had passed away without bloodshed.

HEART WAS SO BAD Could Not Do Her Housework

Many women get run down and are unable to look after their household duties owing to the nervous action becoming impaired or the heart system unstrung. To all such sufferers Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills will give prompt and permanent relief.

Mrs. Thomas Melville, Saltcoats, Sask., writes:—"I thought it my duty to write and tell you how much your Heart and Nerve Pills did for me. My heart was so bad I could not sleep, eat nor walk about the house. I could not do my housework at all, and what my husband could not do to go on doing. I had two small children depending on me besides three men to cook for, and it worried me to not be able to do anything. My husband had taken some of your pills some years ago, and insisted on my trying them, so I started, and before I had taken them two weeks I was considerably better, and before I had taken two boxes I was doing my own work again. Any one suffering from heart or nerve trouble should just give your pills a trial. If anyone cares to write me I will gladly give them all the information I know concerning your wonderful medicine."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50 cents per box, or three boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

SECOND ONLY TO BLACK FOX INDUSTRY

H. H. Ramsay, of Truro, Says Skunk Ranching is Destined to Prove a Profitable Enterprise.

Herbert W. Ramsay, of Truro, a director of Ramsay's Fur Farm, Ltd., says that skunk farming as a money making business is second only to the black fox industry, and is running close up to that business. "Skunk ranching," said Mr. Ramsay, in the course of an interview, "is now about where the black fox industry was five years ago. You will remember that when that time people would laugh when they heard of \$2,000 being asked for a pair of the foxes. Today there is not a smile at the price of such a pair being quoted at from \$20,000 to \$30,000. The industry has to go through about the same channel as did the fox business."

The Ramsay's Fur Farm Company, Limited, is organized under the Nova Scotia Joint Stock Companies Act, for the purpose of purchasing, breeding, selling and dealing in black and other skunks and their pelts and products in which business the prospects for large profits seem exceptionally good. The company is capitalized at the moderate figure of \$20,000 in 800 shares of \$25 each, and with its low capitalization the expectation is that the profits earned will pay large dividends, the first of which will be due in November next. Among the provisional directors are Dr. M. A. McAllister, of Halifax, and Leonard O'Brien, and Mr. Ramsay, of Truro.

The concern is purchasing outright a ranch and skunk business being established near Summerside, P. E. I., consisting of a five acre ranch ideally situated and buildings to be erected and equipment installed under Mr. Ramsay's supervision, the ranch to be stocked, under the agreement with 300 skunks, of which 225 are grades A and AA or star skunks, from United States ranches. The capital stock issued is to pay in full of the ranch completed, the animals and all running expenses until November. The concern is fortunate in securing a ranch caretaker H. O. Ramsay, who has made a special study of skunks and experimented with them. Last spring nine females gave him an increase of seventy-five kittens. The company has already sold options to ensure a dividend of 25 per cent. on next year's business.

As showing what can be done in skunk ranching Mr. Ramsay states that a ranch starting with 300 skunks, 225 of them females, the litters are from 5 to 13, but averaging at 8, there would be 1,800 kittens the first year, 800 of which could be marketed at \$25 each, a total of \$20,000, while the output the second year, owing to natural increase would yield about \$38,000, or nearly three times the amount of the capital stock.

Owing to the fact that everything known as Alaska Sable is made from skunk, and to the scarcity of the animal, the demand is increasing daily. At the London fur sales in March last skunk pelts sold at from \$6.50 to \$10. Skunk oil sells at \$5.25 a gallon in the United States, and even the scent of the animal is of value, being used for medicinal and chemical purposes. But on a pelt basis alone the operations promise to show a profit of 100 per cent. the first year, and he states that the investment would seem one of the safest and most remunerative propositions on the market.

A quantity of the stock has been taken by prominent Halifax parties, and only two or three thousand dollars worth is now available for the public. It is issued on 40 per cent. payment with shares and the balance on allotment. The head office of Ramsay's Fur Farm, Ltd., is at Truro, N. S.

Ungar's Laundry. Fifty pieces for 75 cents. Phone 58. "What is the secret of success?" asked the Fool. "The ability to conceal your lack of ability," replied the Sage.

FREE
of pain is the way we extract teeth by the famous Hale method, which is used exclusively at our offices. WE CHARGE ONLY A NOMINAL FEE—25 CENTS.
We make the most beautiful artificial teeth in Canada.
Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty
GODWIN DENTAL PARLORS,
427 Main St.—445 Union St.
DR. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor,
Tel. Main 633.
Open 9 a. m. until 9 p. m.

COAL
Full measure of heat, no clinkers and very little ash. High grade coal and perfectly clean is the kind we sell.
CCC CONSUMERS COAL CO. LIMITED
331 Charlotte Street
Phone Main 2670

A Pure Food Masterpiece
BUTTERNUT BREAD
—Light, healthful, substantial. Has a flavor all its own. Try a Loaf.
GROCERS SELL IT

With Every Batch of bread you make with Regal Flour successfully, you will wonder why you didn't try it before. No use waiting. Get REGAL FLOUR
now, and avoid baking-day troubles. Too many cooks spoil the bread by using inferior flour. Don't you make this mistake, but always insure success in baking by using only REGAL FLOUR. Acknowledged to be the most uniformly excellent of any flour sold.
Get a barrel from your grocer. If it isn't satisfactory, we'll refund your money.
The St. Lawrence Flour Mills Co., Ltd., Montreal, Canada

A DELIGHTFUL TREAT For Every Occasion
COWAN'S EVERYBODY'S Children love Maple Buds.
The little ones because they taste so good. The older ones (and there's no age limit), because nothing but the pleasant memory lingers after indulgence in these dainty and easily digested sweets.
Pure chocolate, pure milk and pure sugar. A delicious solid chocolate confection. Could anything be better?
THE COWAN COMPANY, LIMITED, TORONTO, CANADA

A DELIGHTFUL TREAT For Every Occasion
COWAN'S EVERYBODY'S Children love Maple Buds.
The little ones because they taste so good. The older ones (and there's no age limit), because nothing but the pleasant memory lingers after indulgence in these dainty and easily digested sweets.
Pure chocolate, pure milk and pure sugar. A delicious solid chocolate confection. Could anything be better?
THE COWAN COMPANY, LIMITED, TORONTO, CANADA

All the Latest News and Comment From the World of Finance

WAITING FOR NEW INFLUENCES TO SWING THE MARKET

New York, Feb. 5.—The trend of the stock market today was toward a lower range but no movement was slow and hesitating and the average change was small.

CURRENT PRICES ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Table with columns: Previous, High, Low, Close. Lists various stocks like Am Cop, Am Car and F, Am Can, etc.

LAIDLAW & CO'S LETTER ON CLOSING OF THE STOCK MARKET

New York, Feb. 5.—Today's stock market was hesitant of undertone without developing weakness.

MORE SHIPMENTS OF GOLD TO NEW YORK PROBABLE NOW

New York, Feb. 5.—Montreal exchange which towards the end of last month showed a weaker tendency, has now moved to a heavy premium.

A Broken Resolution!

Have you not overlooked that Partial Payment Plan investment you had intended starting at the first of the year?

THE DAY'S SALES ON THE MONTREAL MARKET

Table listing various market sales including Cement, Amos, Montreal, etc.

CLOSING PRICES OF BOSTON STOCKS

Table with columns: Asked, Bid. Lists Boston stocks like Adventure, Allouez, Arcadian, etc.

FARRAR COMPANY HAS DIVIDEND OF TEN P. C.

Montreal, Feb. 5.—The annual statement of the Farrar Transportation Company, presented to the shareholders at the meeting in Collingwood, showed the most successful year in the history of the company.

CANADA STEAMSHIP, LTD. ISSUE LIKELY THIS WEEK

Montreal, Feb. 5.—Active preparations have been on foot for some time for the public issue of the Canada Steamship Lines, Ltd., \$5,000,000 five per cent. debenture stock.

JUDSON & CO'S COTTON LETTER

New York, Feb. 5.—The action of the revision committee in deciding to make no change of local differences was a disappointment to many recent buyers.

NEW CAPITAL ISSUES IN LONDON FOR JAN. 1914 ESTABLISHES RECORD

London, Feb. 5.—London cable statistics compilation of new capital issues in the London market for January shows a total of \$44,228,000.

MONTREAL CLEARINGS STILL BELOW MARK

Montreal, Feb. 5.—While clearings at the Montreal clearing house at the week ending today showed considerable improvement over the January clearings, still a deficit of \$335,888 is shown over the corresponding week last year.

MONTREAL UNLISTED SALES

Table listing unlisted sales for Porcupine, Tram Power, W. C. Power, etc.

PRODUCE PRICES IN CANADIAN CENTRES

Table with columns: Wheat, High, Low, Close. Lists produce prices for various locations.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Table with columns: Wheat, High, Low, Close. Lists Chicago grain and produce prices.

THE FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT

The financial department of this newspaper is conducted by J. M. McCullough, financial editor of the Montreal Star.

Opportunity Double Your Savings Bank Income in Sound Municipal Bonds Yielding 6 p. c.

London and New York State Bond Sales indicate plainly an advancing market similar to 1908.

Advertisement for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, listing prices and benefits.

Advertisement for Maritime Telegraph and Telephone Company, mentioning 1912 bond interest.

Advertisement for F. B. McCurdy & Co., Members Montreal Stock Exchange, 105 Prince William St.

Advertisement for Fire Insurance Agents, Jarvis & Whittaker, St. John.

Advertisement for Underwood Typewriter, 'The Aristocrat of the Typewriter World'.

Advertisement for Thomas Bell & Co., St. John, N. B., Lumber and General Brokers.

Advertisement for A. C. Smith & Co., New Brunswick Agents for Molascuit.

Advertisement for Dominion Trust Company, 'The Perpetual Trustee'.

Advertisement for F. B. Young, Civil Engineer and Land Surveyor.

Advertisement for Structural Steel, 'Steel Beams or Girders, all weights cut to desired lengths.'

Advertisement for Estey & Co., Selling Agents for Manufacturers, 49 Dook Street.

QUOTATIONS IN THE CLOSING LETTER ON MONTREAL CHANGE

THE ST. JOHN MARKET

Prices in the wholesale market yesterday were about the same as last Thursday. Hay, oats and feed showed a slight advance. The prices yesterday were:

Table with columns for Country Market, Eggs, Fowl, Lamb, Mutton, Pork, Potatoes, Turkey, and various fruits like Apples, Almonds, Bananas, etc.

Table for Groceries including Yellow eye, Cornmeal, Cream of Tartar, Cheese, Currants, Molasses, Peas, Barley, Raisins, etc.

Table for Canned Goods including Corned Beef, Beans, Baked Beans, String Beans, Clams, Corn, Herring, Mackerel, etc.

Table for Fish including Salmon, Haddock, Halibut, Swordfish, etc.

Table for Flour including Standard, Bright yellow, No. 1 yellow, Paris lumps, etc.

Table for Provisions including Pork, Beef, Lamb, etc.

Table for Fish including Bloaters, Cod, Fresh, Large dry, Medium, Small, etc.

Table for Hay, Oats and Feed including Brant, Cornmeal, Hay, etc.

Table for Oils including Royalite, Palatine, Turpentine, etc.

Table for Hides, Skins, Etc. including Beef hides, Sheep skins, etc.

PAUSE IN RATE CHOPPING A SURPRISE TO ENTHUSIASTS

Montreal, Feb. 5.—John Bull has been doing some vigorous chopping of money rates lately, but has evidently decided to take a rest as he failed to chop another fraction today as hoped for by many enthusiasts.

It seemed hardly likely that the Bank of England after three reductions aggregating 2 per cent. in a month would keep on welding the axe without some pause, but the market having been kept up by unprecedented developments of late and prepared for anything.

The reductions of the Berlin and Vienna rates will afford some room for the stability of the London rate. One of the Wall Street views now is that business should be allowed to catch up with the improvement.

The market has been a rather one-sided affair for some time, with the bull side somewhat overworked, but it has now reached the stage where there are bound to be speculative differences of opinion where there were few in the early stages of the rise.

It takes many minds to make a market. The market has been a rather one-sided affair for some time, with the bull side somewhat overworked, but it has now reached the stage where there are bound to be speculative differences of opinion where there were few in the early stages of the rise.

There appears to be some nervousness regarding Cement common. Yesterday afternoon it sold up to thirty-one and a half, but this morning it opened at twenty-nine and three-fourths.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

QUOTATIONS FOR MARITIME SECURITIES

Table for Maritime Securities including Acadia Fire, Acadia Super, Acadia Sugar, etc.

Table for Miscellaneous securities including N. B. Telephone, N. B. Car, etc.

Table for Bonds including C. B. Electric, N. B. Steel, etc.

Table for Stocks including N. B. Underwear, Porto Rico, etc.

Table for New York and Boston Curbs including Nipissing, Rose, etc.

Table for Boston Curbs including East Butte, Franklin, etc.

Table for Victoria including Andrew A. Allen, E. A. Harting, etc.

Table for Literary Journals including The Journal des Savants, etc.

Table for Mothersill's Seasick Remedy including various ailments.

Table for Five Roses Flour including various flour types.

Table for Fish including Bloaters, Cod, etc.

Table for Hides, Skins, Etc. including Beef hides, Sheep skins, etc.

DECREASE IN BANK CLEARINGS GENERAL FOR MONTH OF JANUARY

St. John. Total clearings for week ending Thursday were \$1,581,250, and for the corresponding week last year, \$1,717,557.

Ottawa. Ottawa, Feb. 5.—Bank clearings for the week ended today are \$3,910,757 as compared with \$4,274,292 for the same period last year.

Quebec. Quebec, Feb. 5.—Bank clearings for the week ended today are \$3,179,839, corresponding week last year, \$3,210,631.

Toronto. Toronto, Feb. 5.—Bank clearings for the week ended today show only a small decrease compared with last year, according to the figures of the Toronto Clearing House.

Winnipeg. Winnipeg, Feb. 5.—Winnipeg bank clearings for the week ended today were \$2,135,654; last year, \$2,837,231.

LIFE IMPRISONMENT FOR DIST. ATTORNEY'S MURDER. Marsville, Calif., Feb. 5.—Richard (Blackie) Ford and H. D. Suhr, said to be industrial workers of the world, convicted of the murder of District Attorney Manwell of Yuba county during a riot of hop pickers, August 31, were sentenced to life imprisonment today.

COME IN and Ascertain the Cost. No Order Too Small or Too Large. THE STANDARD JOB PRINTING COMPANY. 82 Prince Wm. Street. St. John, N. B.

DOUGLAS FIR DOORS. The doors which we handle are exceptionally well manufactured. We are unloading a carload of these now and can offer them at lowest market prices. LUMBER. A large stock of 1 and 2 Mer, Spruce, Timber, Hemlock Boarding and Ref. Deal and Boards on hand in our yards. HALEY BROS. & CO. 1-23 Broad Street.

COAL AND WOOD. COAL. OLD MINE SYDNEY—Especially adapted for grates. SPRINGFIELD ROUND—A splendid range coal. RESERVE SCREENED—Gives excellent results for all household purposes. All sizes of BEST HARD COAL always in stock.

R. P. & W. F. STARR, Ltd. 40 Smythe St. 228 Union St. SCOTCH COALS. Now landing all sizes SCOTCH HARD COAL. Let me have your order early. JAMES S. MCGIVERN. Telephone 42. 5 Mill Street.

500 TONS OF Best Lehigh American Hard Coal. LANDING. Also plenty of Scotch Hard Coal in Chestnut, Nut or Jumbo sizes, and Old Mine Sydney, Pitou Egg and Broad Cove soft coal. GIBBON & CO. 61-2 Charlotte St. No. 1 Union St. Telephone Main 2838.

Dry Hard Wood, \$2.25 Laid, Delivered. Dry Soft Wood, 1.50. Soft Coal from 3.50. Foot Germain St. Telephone 1116. Geo. Dick. 46 British St.

THE ST. JOHN MARKET

Prices in the wholesale market yesterday were about the same as last Thursday. Hay, oats and feed showed a slight advance. The prices yesterday were:

Table with columns for Country Market, Eggs, Fowl, Lamb, Mutton, Pork, Potatoes, Turkey, and various fruits like Apples, Almonds, Bananas, etc.

Table for Groceries including Yellow eye, Cornmeal, Cream of Tartar, Cheese, Currants, Molasses, Peas, Barley, Raisins, etc.

Table for Canned Goods including Corned Beef, Beans, Baked Beans, String Beans, Clams, Corn, Herring, Mackerel, etc.

Table for Fish including Salmon, Haddock, Halibut, Swordfish, etc.

Table for Flour including Standard, Bright yellow, No. 1 yellow, Paris lumps, etc.

Table for Provisions including Pork, Beef, Lamb, etc.

Table for Fish including Bloaters, Cod, Fresh, Large dry, Medium, Small, etc.

Table for Hay, Oats and Feed including Brant, Cornmeal, Hay, etc.

Table for Oils including Royalite, Palatine, Turpentine, etc.

Table for Hides, Skins, Etc. including Beef hides, Sheep skins, etc.

PAUSE IN RATE CHOPPING A SURPRISE TO ENTHUSIASTS

Montreal, Feb. 5.—John Bull has been doing some vigorous chopping of money rates lately, but has evidently decided to take a rest as he failed to chop another fraction today as hoped for by many enthusiasts.

It seemed hardly likely that the Bank of England after three reductions aggregating 2 per cent. in a month would keep on welding the axe without some pause, but the market having been kept up by unprecedented developments of late and prepared for anything.

The reductions of the Berlin and Vienna rates will afford some room for the stability of the London rate. One of the Wall Street views now is that business should be allowed to catch up with the improvement.

The market has been a rather one-sided affair for some time, with the bull side somewhat overworked, but it has now reached the stage where there are bound to be speculative differences of opinion where there were few in the early stages of the rise.

There appears to be some nervousness regarding Cement common. Yesterday afternoon it sold up to thirty-one and a half, but this morning it opened at twenty-nine and three-fourths.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

QUOTATIONS FOR MARITIME SECURITIES

Table for Maritime Securities including Acadia Fire, Acadia Super, Acadia Sugar, etc.

Table for Miscellaneous securities including N. B. Telephone, N. B. Car, etc.

Table for Bonds including C. B. Electric, N. B. Steel, etc.

Table for Stocks including N. B. Underwear, Porto Rico, etc.

Table for New York and Boston Curbs including Nipissing, Rose, etc.

Table for Boston Curbs including East Butte, Franklin, etc.

Table for Victoria including Andrew A. Allen, E. A. Harting, etc.

Table for Literary Journals including The Journal des Savants, etc.

Table for Mothersill's Seasick Remedy including various ailments.

Table for Five Roses Flour including various flour types.

Table for Fish including Bloaters, Cod, etc.

Table for Hides, Skins, Etc. including Beef hides, Sheep skins, etc.

DECREASE IN BANK CLEARINGS GENERAL FOR MONTH OF JANUARY

St. John. Total clearings for week ending Thursday were \$1,581,250, and for the corresponding week last year, \$1,717,557.

Ottawa. Ottawa, Feb. 5.—Bank clearings for the week ended today are \$3,910,757 as compared with \$4,274,292 for the same period last year.

Quebec. Quebec, Feb. 5.—Bank clearings for the week ended today are \$3,179,839, corresponding week last year, \$3,210,631.

Toronto. Toronto, Feb. 5.—Bank clearings for the week ended today show only a small decrease compared with last year, according to the figures of the Toronto Clearing House.

Winnipeg. Winnipeg, Feb. 5.—Winnipeg bank clearings for the week ended today were \$2,135,654; last year, \$2,837,231.

LIFE IMPRISONMENT FOR DIST. ATTORNEY'S MURDER. Marsville, Calif., Feb. 5.—Richard (Blackie) Ford and H. D. Suhr, said to be industrial workers of the world, convicted of the murder of District Attorney Manwell of Yuba county during a riot of hop pickers, August 31, were sentenced to life imprisonment today.

COME IN and Ascertain the Cost. No Order Too Small or Too Large. THE STANDARD JOB PRINTING COMPANY. 82 Prince Wm. Street. St. John, N. B.

DOUGLAS FIR DOORS. The doors which we handle are exceptionally well manufactured. We are unloading a carload of these now and can offer them at lowest market prices. LUMBER. A large stock of 1 and 2 Mer, Spruce, Timber, Hemlock Boarding and Ref. Deal and Boards on hand in our yards. HALEY BROS. & CO. 1-23 Broad Street.

COAL AND WOOD. COAL. OLD MINE SYDNEY—Especially adapted for grates. SPRINGFIELD ROUND—A splendid range coal. RESERVE SCREENED—Gives excellent results for all household purposes. All sizes of BEST HARD COAL always in stock.

R. P. & W. F. STARR, Ltd. 40 Smythe St. 228 Union St. SCOTCH COALS. Now landing all sizes SCOTCH HARD COAL. Let me have your order early. JAMES S. MCGIVERN. Telephone 42. 5 Mill Street.

500 TONS OF Best Lehigh American Hard Coal. LANDING. Also plenty of Scotch Hard Coal in Chestnut, Nut or Jumbo sizes, and Old Mine Sydney, Pitou Egg and Broad Cove soft coal. GIBBON & CO. 61-2 Charlotte St. No. 1 Union St. Telephone Main 2838.

Dry Hard Wood, \$2.25 Laid, Delivered. Dry Soft Wood, 1.50. Soft Coal from 3.50. Foot Germain St. Telephone 1116. Geo. Dick. 46 British St.

THE ST. JOHN MARKET

Prices in the wholesale market yesterday were about the same as last Thursday. Hay, oats and feed showed a slight advance. The prices yesterday were:

Table with columns for Country Market, Eggs, Fowl, Lamb, Mutton, Pork, Potatoes, Turkey, and various fruits like Apples, Almonds, Bananas, etc.

Table for Groceries including Yellow eye, Cornmeal, Cream of Tartar, Cheese, Currants, Molasses, Peas, Barley, Raisins, etc.

Table for Canned Goods including Corned Beef, Beans, Baked Beans, String Beans, Clams, Corn, Herring, Mackerel, etc.

Table for Fish including Salmon, Haddock, Halibut, Swordfish, etc.

Table for Flour including Standard, Bright yellow, No. 1 yellow, Paris lumps, etc.

Table for Provisions including Pork, Beef, Lamb, etc.

Table for Fish including Bloaters, Cod, Fresh, Large dry, Medium, Small, etc.

Table for Hay, Oats and Feed including Brant, Cornmeal, Hay, etc.

Table for Oils including Royalite, Palatine, Turpentine, etc.

Table for Hides, Skins, Etc. including Beef hides, Sheep skins, etc.

PAUSE IN RATE CHOPPING A SURPRISE TO ENTHUSIASTS

Montreal, Feb. 5.—John Bull has been doing some vigorous chopping of money rates lately, but has evidently decided to take a rest as he failed to chop another fraction today as hoped for by many enthusiasts.

It seemed hardly likely that the Bank of England after three reductions aggregating 2 per cent. in a month would keep on welding the axe without some pause, but the market having been kept up by unprecedented developments of late and prepared for anything.

The reductions of the Berlin and Vienna rates will afford some room for the stability of the London rate. One of the Wall Street views now is that business should be allowed to catch up with the improvement.

The market has been a rather one-sided affair for some time, with the bull side somewhat overworked, but it has now reached the stage where there are bound to be speculative differences of opinion where there were few in the early stages of the rise.

There appears to be some nervousness regarding Cement common. Yesterday afternoon it sold up to thirty-one and a half, but this morning it opened at twenty-nine and three-fourths.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

QUOTATIONS FOR MARITIME SECURITIES

Table for Maritime Securities including Acadia Fire, Acadia Super, Acadia Sugar, etc.

Table for Miscellaneous securities including N. B. Telephone, N. B. Car, etc.

Table for Bonds including C. B. Electric, N. B. Steel, etc.

Table for Stocks including N. B. Underwear, Porto Rico, etc.

Table for New York and Boston Curbs including Nipissing, Rose, etc.

Table for Boston Curbs including East Butte, Franklin, etc.

Table for Victoria including Andrew A. Allen, E. A. Harting, etc.

Table for Literary Journals including The Journal des Savants, etc.

Table for Mothersill's Seasick Remedy including various ailments.

Table for Five Roses Flour including various flour types.

Table for Fish including Bloaters, Cod, etc.

Table for Hides, Skins, Etc. including Beef hides, Sheep skins, etc.

DECREASE IN BANK CLEARINGS GENERAL FOR MONTH OF JANUARY

St. John. Total clearings for week ending Thursday were \$1,581,250, and for the corresponding week last year, \$1,717,557.

Ottawa. Ottawa, Feb. 5.—Bank clearings for the week ended today are \$3,910,757 as compared with \$4,274,292 for the same period last year.

Quebec. Quebec, Feb. 5.—Bank clearings for the week ended today are \$3,179,839, corresponding week last year, \$3,210,631.

Toronto. Toronto, Feb. 5.—Bank clearings for the week ended today show only a small decrease compared with last year, according to the figures of the Toronto Clearing House.

Winnipeg. Winnipeg, Feb. 5.—Winnipeg bank clearings for the week ended today were \$2,135,654; last year, \$2,837,231.

LIFE IMPRISONMENT FOR DIST. ATTORNEY'S MURDER. Marsville, Calif., Feb. 5.—Richard (Blackie) Ford and H. D. Suhr, said to be industrial workers of the world, convicted of the murder of District Attorney Manwell of Yuba county during a riot of hop pickers, August 31, were sentenced to life imprisonment today.

COME IN and Ascertain the Cost. No Order Too Small or Too Large. THE STANDARD JOB PRINTING COMPANY. 82 Prince Wm. Street. St. John, N. B.

DOUGLAS FIR DOORS. The doors which we handle are exceptionally well manufactured. We are unloading a carload of these now and can offer them at lowest market prices. LUMBER. A large stock of 1 and 2 Mer, Spruce, Timber, Hemlock Boarding and Ref. Deal and Boards on hand in our yards. HALEY BROS. & CO. 1-23 Broad Street.

COAL AND WOOD. COAL. OLD MINE SYDNEY—Especially adapted for grates. SPRINGFIELD ROUND—A splendid range coal. RESERVE SCREENED—Gives excellent results for all household purposes. All sizes of BEST HARD COAL always in stock.

R. P. & W. F. STARR, Ltd. 40 Smythe St. 228 Union St. SCOTCH COALS. Now landing all sizes SCOTCH HARD COAL. Let me have your order early. JAMES S. MCGIVERN. Telephone 42. 5 Mill Street.

500 TONS OF Best Lehigh American Hard Coal. LANDING. Also plenty of Scotch Hard Coal in Chestnut, Nut or Jumbo sizes, and Old Mine Sydney, Pitou Egg and Broad Cove soft coal. GIBBON & CO. 61-2 Charlotte St. No. 1 Union St. Telephone Main 2838.

Dry Hard Wood, \$2.25 Laid, Delivered. Dry Soft Wood, 1.50. Soft Coal from 3.50. Foot Germain St. Telephone 1116. Geo. Dick. 46 British St.

THE ST. JOHN MARKET

Prices in the wholesale market yesterday were about the same as last Thursday. Hay, oats and feed showed a slight advance. The prices yesterday were:

Table with columns for Country Market, Eggs, Fowl, Lamb, Mutton, Pork, Potatoes, Turkey, and various fruits like Apples, Almonds, Bananas, etc.

Table for Groceries including Yellow eye, Cornmeal, Cream of Tartar, Cheese, Currants, Molasses, Peas, Barley, Raisins, etc.

Table for Canned Goods including Corned Beef, Beans, Baked Beans, String Beans, Clams, Corn, Herring, Mackerel, etc.

Table for Fish including Salmon, Haddock, Halibut, Swordfish, etc.

Table for Flour including Standard, Bright yellow, No. 1 yellow, Paris lumps, etc.

Table for Provisions including Pork, Beef, Lamb, etc.

Table for Fish including Bloaters, Cod, Fresh, Large dry, Medium, Small, etc.

Table for Hay, Oats and Feed including Brant, Cornmeal, Hay, etc.

Table for Oils including Royalite, Palatine, Turpentine, etc.

Table for Hides, Skins, Etc. including Beef hides, Sheep skins, etc.

PAUSE IN RATE CHOPPING A SURPRISE TO ENTHUSIASTS

Montreal, Feb. 5.—John Bull has been doing some vigorous chopping of money rates lately, but has evidently decided to take a rest as he failed to chop another fraction today as hoped for by many enthusiasts.

It seemed hardly likely that the Bank of England after three reductions aggregating 2 per cent. in a month would keep on welding the axe without some pause, but the market having been kept up by unprecedented developments of late and prepared for anything.

The reductions of the Berlin and Vienna rates will afford some room for the stability of the London rate. One of the Wall Street views now is that business should be allowed to catch up with the improvement.

The market has been a rather one-sided affair for some time, with the bull side somewhat overworked, but it has now reached the stage where there are bound to be speculative differences of opinion where there were few in the early stages of the rise.

There appears to be some nervousness regarding Cement common. Yesterday afternoon it sold up to thirty-one and a half, but this morning it opened at twenty-nine and three-fourths.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

There was a rare spectacle in South Kensington the other night—that of a plumber, and a loss how to enter a certain item in a bill to a customer.

QUOTATIONS FOR MARITIME SECURITIES

Table for Maritime Securities including Acadia Fire, Acadia Super, Acadia Sugar, etc.

Table for Miscellaneous securities including N. B. Telephone, N. B. Car, etc.

Table for Bonds including C. B. Electric, N. B. Steel, etc.

Table for Stocks including N. B. Underwear, Porto Rico, etc.

Table for New York and Boston Curbs including Nipissing, Rose, etc.

Table for Boston Curbs including East Butte, Franklin, etc.

Table for Victoria including Andrew A. Allen, E. A. Harting, etc.

Table for Literary Journals including The Journal des Savants, etc.

Table for Mothersill's Seasick Remedy including various ailments.

Table for Five Roses Flour including various flour types.

Table for Fish including Bloaters, Cod, etc.

Table for Hides, Skins, Etc. including Beef hides, Sheep skins, etc.

DECREASE IN

ALL THE LATEST NEWS FROM THE ATHLETIC WORLD

ST. STEPHEN CURLERS LOST TWO MATCHES

The four rinks of St. Stephen curlers who played in the city yesterday had not only a long stretch of play but were defeated by the Carleton and the Thistles.

Morning and afternoon the visitors played Carleton and were defeated by a total score of 54 to 46. Afternoon and evening the curlers from the Border city played against the Thistles and lost the match by a total score of 64 to 33.

The following is the score by rinks for the two matches:

Morning Game.

Carleton.	St. Stephen.
S M Westmore	D S Grimmer
Rev H E Thomas	James Green
Percy Brown	Geo McAndrew
Er Taylor	Dr Laughlin
J F Belyea	J T Whitlock
James Scott	J F Douglas
Murray Brown	J A Upham
Wm Ruddick	D M Bruce
skip..... 16	skip..... 9
Total..... 54	Total..... 46

Afternoon.

Thistles.	St. Stephen.
Geo Stubbs	F W Why
Dr Malcolm	J Green
G S Bishop	Geo McAndrew
McClelland	Dr Laughlin
skip..... 6	skip..... 10
E S Murray	J Whitlock
A J Machum	J A Upham
H C Olivé	J F Douglas
F A McAndrew	D Bruce
skip..... 17	skip..... 8
Total..... 64	Total..... 33

At the close of the match last night the visitors were entertained to lunch by the Thistles.

FREDERICTON WON FROM MARYSVILLE

Fredericton, N. B., Feb. 5.—Fredericton led Chatham for the leadership in the N. B. H. L. when they defeated Marysville here tonight. The game while not a good exhibition of hockey was very exciting, especially so in the third period when Marysville tied the score and then forged ahead.

Fredericton took a brace and Mike Murphy went the length of the ice, passed to Frechette who netted the disc and the score was again tied. The winning tally was notched by Burden who received a pass from Arnold, one minute before time was up. It looked like an off-side play, and the Marysville rosters paid their respects to Referee Staples in no uncertain way.

The first period ended with Fredericton in the lead five to one. Marysville made a better showing in the second period and the Fredericton team were only leading seven to five when the bell rang.

Mike Murphy was mainly responsible for Fredericton's victory, his individual run which resulted in the score being tied in the third period putting new life into the Fredericton team which finally carried them through.

The teams line-up as follows:—

Fredericton Goal Marysville

Titus..... Fullerton

Burden..... Brogan

M. Murphy..... Hughes

J. Murphy..... McMorris

Coward..... Robertson

J. Arnold..... Black

Frechette..... W. Arkoid

Referee, Sandy Staples.

Scoring Summary

First period: 1, Marysville, Robertson, 30 seconds; 2, Fredericton, Arnold, 5 minutes; 3, Fredericton, Frechette, 15 minutes; 4, Fredericton, Murphy, 17 minutes; 5, Fredericton, Murphy, 18 minutes.

Second period: 7, Marysville, McMorris, 15 seconds; 8, Fredericton, Burden, 1 minute; 9, Marysville, McMorris, 15 minutes; 10, Marysville, McMorris, 16 minutes; 11, Marysville, McMorris, 18 minutes; 12, Fredericton, Frechette, 19 minutes.

Third period: 13, Marysville, W. Arkoid, 2 minutes; 14, Marysville, Robertson, 5 minutes; 15, Marysville, Black, 12 minutes; 16, Fredericton, Frechette, 18 minutes; 17, Fredericton, Burden, 19 minutes.

Penalties

Fredericton: Frechette, 3 minutes; Arnold, 2 minutes; M. Murphy, 3 minutes; total, 8 minutes.

Marysville: Brogan, 2 minutes; Black, 3 minutes; Hughes, 2 minutes; total, 7 minutes.

HOCKEY TONIGHT

Sussex and St. John meet at the Queen's rink tonight for the last time of the series. With the fine ice the home team are this time confident of winning.

CHAMPION TWO-YEAR-OLD RACING AT CHARLESTON.



Sir Edgar, a chestnut colt by Cunard-Stumpy, owned and trained by J. W. Johnson, won the first two-year-old race of 1914 at Charleston, January 1, and again was victorious on January 8. The distance of the first race was three furlongs and the running time thirty-eight seconds. This was slow, due to the heavy condition of the track. His second race was on a fast track and indicated his versatility.

MATINEE RACES YESTERDAY; ARTHUR B. BREAKS A LEG

There was a good crowd of people at Moosepath Park yesterday afternoon, when the Matinee Driving Club gave some very interesting races. The track was not as good as could be expected owing to the mild weather and open bad feature of the afternoon's sport was the loss of Arthur B. which started in the class A pace. There was four horses in this class and Arthur B. which is owned by Wm. A. Reed of Fairville, and was looked on as a most promising pacer, finished in third place in the first heat of the race. The horses got away well in the second heat of this class and had hardly got to the first turn of the track when Arthur B. fell. It was soon found out that the pacer had broken a leg and had to be destroyed. The loss to Mr. Reed, the owner, is a severe one.

The following are the results of the afternoon's racing:

Class A, Trot

Happy Ladd..... 1

Nan Paterson..... 2

Parkola..... 3

Time 1:20.

Green Class

Shamrock..... 1

Lon..... 2

Montbelle..... 4
Prince..... 4
Time 1:23 and 1:22 1/2.

Class A, Pace

Pearl Pick..... 1

Black Boss..... 2

Buchanan..... 3

Arthur B..... 4 dis.

Time 1:18 and 1:17.

LOCAL BASKETBALL YESTERDAY

The St. John (Stone) church junior basketball team defeated the team from St. Andrew's church, yesterday by a score of four to one.

The line-up follows:

Stone church: Knodell, Waddington, forwards; Emery, centre; Francis, Manning, defence.

St. Andrew's: White, Christie, forwards; Scott, centre; Junis, McAllister, defence.

Referee, Fred. Myles.



Russell Ford

Recent reports say that Russell Ford has signed with the Chicago Federal team, led the New England League in batting and base stealing last year, signed a contract today with the Boston Americans. Wilson was a Bowdoin College athlete several years ago.

THIS DATE IN RING ANNALS

1911—Dave Smith defeated Cyclone Johnny Thompson in 20 rounds at Sydney, Smith, like so many other great boxers of the Antipodes, began fighting in New Zealand, where he was born. He began fighting as a professional at the age of twenty-three, and most of his early bouts were won by knockouts. He came into prominence in 1910 when he won on a foul from Billy Papke. The following year he defeated Thompson and Jimmy Clabby, and Australian fight fans were jubilant in the belief that another great middleweight had been discovered. Their joy was brief, however, for a little later Smith was knocked out by Billy Papke, and in 1912 Eddie McGoorty disposed of Smith when he came to America.

1909—Joe Jeannette stopped Croton in the 2nd round at Paris.

1911—Packey McFarland defeated Bert Keyes in 6 rounds at Pittsburgh.

SIGNED BY BOSTON.

Boston, Feb. 5.—George P. Wilson who, as first baseman of the Lynn team, led the New England League in batting and base stealing last year, signed a contract today with the Boston Americans. Wilson was a Bowdoin College athlete several years ago.

SPORTOGRAPHY "GRAVY"

Tomorrow will mark the anniversary of two of the greatest battles for the heavy weight championship of America. It was on Feb. 7, 1849, that Tom Hyer defeated Yankee Sullivan in the first battle ever held for the American title, and it was thirty-three years later, on Feb. 7, 1882, that John L. Sullivan won the big title by defeating Paddy Ryan.

America's first championship bout was held at Rock Point, Md. Tom Hyer, in taking to the fighting game, before he gave away his ring earnings, and in his latter years was dependent upon friends.

The fight between John L. Sullivan and Paddy Ryan, by which the former became champion, was staged at Mississippi City, Miss., Feb. 7, 1882. Ryan had won the American title two years before by whipping Joe Goos in an eighty-seven round bare fist bout in West Virginia, and his friends thought he would have an easy time with the "Boston Strong Boy." On the contrary, it took John L. just nine rounds to lick Ryan.

WALSH, THE PITCHER.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—Ed. Walsh, pitcher, reported at the White Sox headquarters today en route to Pasadena, Calif., where he will begin training in advance of other members of the team. Walsh believes that with some extra work his arm will regain the power that made him a big factor in the Sox until last summer.

Anniversary of Two Famous Championship Battles.

moves might give him the advantage. The battle was with bare knuckles, of course, and under the old "slaughter house rules." For fifteen rounds Sullivan fought gamely, but in the sixteenth he was groggy and shaky, and Hyer knocked him out.

By this battle Hyer became the first of a long line of American champions. Four years after whipping Sullivan he challenged Perry, "the Tipton slasher," to battle for the heavy weight championship of the world, but Perry refused. Hyer retired from the ring soon afterward, but he lived to be sixty-eight years old. Always open-handed, he soon before he gave away his ring earnings, and in his latter years was dependent upon friends.

The fight between John L. Sullivan and Paddy Ryan, by which the former became champion, was staged at Mississippi City, Miss., Feb. 7, 1882. Ryan had won the American title two years before by whipping Joe Goos in an eighty-seven round bare fist bout in West Virginia, and his friends thought he would have an easy time with the "Boston Strong Boy." On the contrary, it took John L. just nine rounds to lick Ryan.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

The reason then that the Balkan peoples seem to be so hard on the Bulgarians is not because they are so hard on the Bulgarians, but because the Bulgarians are so hard on the Balkan peoples.

KING GEORGE IV
Scotch Whisky

The favourite beverage, not only here, but throughout the many lands of the British Empire, because of its mature ripeness, soft refinement, and exquisite flavour.

ONE OF THE PRINCIPAL BRANDS OF
THE DISTILLERS COMPANY, LTD.
Largest Scotch Whisky Distillers in the World.
EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND.

FOR SALE IN ST. JOHN BY R. SULLIVAN & CO.

FOR SALE BY
The J. A. McDonald Piano & Music Co.
7 Market Square, St. John, N. B.

The Victor-Victrola brings all the music of all the World into your home.

There is a "His Master's Voice" dealer in your town. Call and let him play your favorite music for you, on the Victrola. Victrolas \$20 to \$300, sold on easy payments, as low as \$1 per week if desired. Victor Records are 90c for ten-inch double-sided. Write for our musical encyclopedia listing over 5000 Victor Records.

Berliner Gram-o-phone Co. Limited
18 Lenoir Street, Montreal.
Dealers in Every Town and City

FOR SALE BY
J. & A. McMILLAN
98 and 100 Prince William Street
Wholesale Distributors of Victor Gramophones and Records. Also Berliner Machines and Supplies.

VICTROLA IV. \$20

VICTROLA VI. \$32.50

LOCAL BOWLING YESTERDAY

Last night on Black's alleys the Nationals in the City League took three points from the Wanderers.

In the Commercial League the M. R. A. Ltd. team took the four points from the Emerson & Fisher team. The individual score follows:

CITY LEAGUE.

Nationals.

Brown..... 76 78 90—244 81 1-3

Garvin..... 75 90 78—243 81

Campbell..... 79 73 90—242 80 2-3

McLeod..... 86 74 77—237 79

Cosgrove..... 95 87 98—279 93

410 402 433 1245

Wanderers.

R. Johnson..... 93 82 85—260 86 2-3

Gill..... 72 77 78—227 75 2-3

B. Johnson..... 90 91 80—261 87

Christie..... 80 69 74—223 74 1-3

Logan..... 79 80 76—235 78 1-3

414 399 393 1206

COMMERCIAL LEAGUE.

M. R. A. Ltd.

Henderson..... 74 77 83—234 78

Drinan..... 76 81 81—238 79 1-3

Holman..... 77 77 83—237 79

Jenkins..... 102 81 75—258 86

Stubbs..... 67 75 80—216 72

350 291 402 1183

Emerson & Fisher.

Kelley..... 71 78 73—222 74

Harley..... 82 77 76—235 76 1-3

McCarthy..... 68 74 76—218 72

Dunham..... 76 85 79—240 80

Chase..... 80 77 80—237 79

375 391 378 1144

Master of Temperament

"I have brought this record back. It is so good."
"Try it again. This is a song by Mme. Squallini, the great soprano. She is so temperamental that sometimes her records will work and sometimes they won't."

GRECE
OF
National Gr
Makes App
cans for

DEFAMATION
ABSOLUTE

By Declaring
Victims of
garians Hop
Sympathy.

For some time
and started border
been called to the
paths of the Am
emphasis and
great suffering and
by exists—the cause
and devastating w
lingness or inabil
government and a
patriotism and so
give with condition
out of chaos. Let
St. Andrews: White, Christie, fo
ward; Scott, centre; Junis, McAlli
ter, defence.
Referee, Fred. Myles]

By declaring them
not the perpetrator
cruelities and wanto
have sought to "put
er's foot." Their
broadest dissemin
literature concern
teachers and young
America they have
ranted publicity a
ranted in that the
Bulgarian atrocities
ric record and are
any one who will
ascertain them.
Unfortunate! The
tions" proved so
were valed upon w
tain journalistic in
no thought of the
set forth as facts t
Greeks of America
dignant" they have
from any other
titude thousands at
co-operated in stre
to suffice to these
they do demand a
justice and a fair
American people,
that is now condu
big caper in the
for Bulgaria. R
sums not six mont
ing:—"With the
Greeks, who obser
of humanity and
the Balkan peoples
selves to be horde
savages." The pr
his publication can
change of convict
remain the same—
Bulgaria, they are
history of the
The reason then th
national elements
sympathizers with
Bulgarians durin
with the close of
war, they began fr
systematic slaught
non-combatants in
looting and total
country. The first
French legation at
der instructions fr
visited Serbia Doo
immediately after o
garians. His pers
of defenseless Gre
sacred in a manne
Tartar ingenuity c
or executed. The
and Italy at Salon
and after official
smoking ruins of t
city and the quest
survivors confirm
the righteousness
test of the Greek
Even the few Bul
of the devastated ar
to the insane fury
alists, denouncing
and bandits who s
combatants nor th
man.

The wholesale ar
ter of the Mokamm
the Bulgarians dur
in war was offic
British foreign min
Grey's accusations
British consular r
donia and Thrace.
aligned, however, t
details of the matt
consular reports we
moreover that he
lish reports from
concerning the m
by the Turks. Now
a question of "Ge
"Forgive us, O G
If, in an endeavor
garian atrocities,
you by comparing
traditions of hono
posterity," wrote
Vagrini, war corr
Messagero of Rom
of Milan, after his
and Thrace during
war, when he beh
the towns and villa
Bulgarians and the

CRIMINAL CHARGES OF ATROCITIES BY BULGARS

National Greek Organ Makes Appeal to Americans for Justice.

DEFAMATORY REPORT ABSOLUTELY FALSE

By Declaring Themselves Victims of Perpetrators of Wanton Cruelty Bulgarians Hope to Gain Sympathy.

For some time past the suffering and starving hordes of Bulgaria have been called to the attention and sympathy of the American public with emphasis and persistence—so be it—great suffering and distress undoubtedly exists—the consequence of terrible and devastating war, and the unwillingness or inability of a grasping government and a people lacking both patriotism and co-ordination to grapple with conditions and bring order out of chaos. Let generous America give generously if she will—Greece does not ask for arms—but she is voicing her protest against the accusations of wholesale atrocities, murder and rapine publicly and officially brought against her by Bulgaria, in an effort to excite sympathy, and most of all, to distract attention from the proved and acknowledged atrocities committed by her troops, which shocked and incensed the whole civilized world.

By declaring themselves the victims, not the perpetrators, of unspeakable cruelties and wanton destruction, they have sought to divert attention from their own crimes. Their activities in the broad dissemination of defamatory literature concerning Greeks have reached every corner of the United States. They have been given unwarranted publicity and credit—unwarranted in that the dreadful results of Bulgarian ferocity and national fanaticism are at the disposal of any one who will give the time to ascertain them.

Unfortunates, the "Turk allegations" proved so colorful that they were seized upon with avidity by certain journalistic interests, and, with no thought of the matter of accuracy, set forth as facts to the public. The Greeks of America are rightfully indignant—they have not asked help from any one, but they have been constituted thousands at home—they have co-operated in strenuous self-sacrifice to suffice to these pressing needs, but they do demand and expect common justice and a fair hearing from the American people. The very paper that is now conducting a whitewashing campaign and passing on the hat for Bulgaria printed in its columns not six months ago, the following:—"With the exception of the Greeks, who observed the principles of humanity and Christian warfare, the Balkan peoples have shown themselves to be hordes of murderers and savages." The present attitude of this publication cannot be due to any change of conviction—for the facts remain the same—the shame of Bulgaria, they are now a part of the history of the Nineteenth Century. The reason there must be in the sensational elements involved. Let the sympathizers with the "Heroes of the Balkans" urge their readers to help the stricken nation, but when it comes to denunciation of those responsible for the prevailing misery existing now, not only in Bulgaria, but over the Balkans, let them place the blame where it belongs or else pass silently over the whole tragic subject. Have they forgotten the massacre of the Edward Grey in the House of Commons or the results of the French investigations? Yet Mr. Pichon, minister of foreign affairs, unqualifiedly confirmed the accusations and the protest of the Greek government against the Bulgarian army, when with the close of the second Balkan war, they began in their retreat the systematic slaughter of the Greek non-combatants in Macedonia and the looting and total devastation of the country. The first secretary of the French legation at Athens, acting under instructions from the home office, visited Serres, Doxato and Nigritia immediately after evacuation by the Bulgarians. His personal report was of the most revolting nature—hundreds of defenseless Greeks had been massacred in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

Even the few Bulgarian inhabitants of the devastated area gave testimony to the insane fury of their conditioners, denouncing them as assassins and bandits who spared neither non-combatants nor their own countrymen.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

Even the few Bulgarian inhabitants of the devastated area gave testimony to the insane fury of their conditioners, denouncing them as assassins and bandits who spared neither non-combatants nor their own countrymen.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

INDIGESTION ENDED, STOMACH FEELS FINE

"Pape's Diapiesin" fixes sour, gassy, upset stomachs in five minutes.

DEFAMATORY REPORT ABSOLUTELY FALSE

By Declaring Themselves Victims of Perpetrators of Wanton Cruelty Bulgarians Hope to Gain Sympathy.

For some time past the suffering and starving hordes of Bulgaria have been called to the attention and sympathy of the American public with emphasis and persistence—so be it—great suffering and distress undoubtedly exists—the consequence of terrible and devastating war, and the unwillingness or inability of a grasping government and a people lacking both patriotism and co-ordination to grapple with conditions and bring order out of chaos. Let generous America give generously if she will—Greece does not ask for arms—but she is voicing her protest against the accusations of wholesale atrocities, murder and rapine publicly and officially brought against her by Bulgaria, in an effort to excite sympathy, and most of all, to distract attention from the proved and acknowledged atrocities committed by her troops, which shocked and incensed the whole civilized world.

By declaring themselves the victims, not the perpetrators, of unspeakable cruelties and wanton destruction, they have sought to divert attention from their own crimes. Their activities in the broad dissemination of defamatory literature concerning Greeks have reached every corner of the United States. They have been given unwarranted publicity and credit—unwarranted in that the dreadful results of Bulgarian ferocity and national fanaticism are at the disposal of any one who will give the time to ascertain them.

Unfortunates, the "Turk allegations" proved so colorful that they were seized upon with avidity by certain journalistic interests, and, with no thought of the matter of accuracy, set forth as facts to the public. The Greeks of America are rightfully indignant—they have not asked help from any one, but they have been constituted thousands at home—they have co-operated in strenuous self-sacrifice to suffice to these pressing needs, but they do demand and expect common justice and a fair hearing from the American people. The very paper that is now conducting a whitewashing campaign and passing on the hat for Bulgaria printed in its columns not six months ago, the following:—"With the exception of the Greeks, who observed the principles of humanity and Christian warfare, the Balkan peoples have shown themselves to be hordes of murderers and savages." The present attitude of this publication cannot be due to any change of conviction—for the facts remain the same—the shame of Bulgaria, they are now a part of the history of the Nineteenth Century. The reason there must be in the sensational elements involved. Let the sympathizers with the "Heroes of the Balkans" urge their readers to help the stricken nation, but when it comes to denunciation of those responsible for the prevailing misery existing now, not only in Bulgaria, but over the Balkans, let them place the blame where it belongs or else pass silently over the whole tragic subject. Have they forgotten the massacre of the Edward Grey in the House of Commons or the results of the French investigations? Yet Mr. Pichon, minister of foreign affairs, unqualifiedly confirmed the accusations and the protest of the Greek government against the Bulgarian army, when with the close of the second Balkan war, they began in their retreat the systematic slaughter of the Greek non-combatants in Macedonia and the looting and total devastation of the country. The first secretary of the French legation at Athens, acting under instructions from the home office, visited Serres, Doxato and Nigritia immediately after evacuation by the Bulgarians. His personal report was of the most revolting nature—hundreds of defenseless Greeks had been massacred in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

Even the few Bulgarian inhabitants of the devastated area gave testimony to the insane fury of their conditioners, denouncing them as assassins and bandits who spared neither non-combatants nor their own countrymen.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

Even the few Bulgarian inhabitants of the devastated area gave testimony to the insane fury of their conditioners, denouncing them as assassins and bandits who spared neither non-combatants nor their own countrymen.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

PROBATE COURT

Real estate situate in the Parish of Simonds, \$500. Personal estate, \$1, 900. J. King Kelley, K.C., proctor.

DEFAMATORY REPORT ABSOLUTELY FALSE

By Declaring Themselves Victims of Perpetrators of Wanton Cruelty Bulgarians Hope to Gain Sympathy.

For some time past the suffering and starving hordes of Bulgaria have been called to the attention and sympathy of the American public with emphasis and persistence—so be it—great suffering and distress undoubtedly exists—the consequence of terrible and devastating war, and the unwillingness or inability of a grasping government and a people lacking both patriotism and co-ordination to grapple with conditions and bring order out of chaos. Let generous America give generously if she will—Greece does not ask for arms—but she is voicing her protest against the accusations of wholesale atrocities, murder and rapine publicly and officially brought against her by Bulgaria, in an effort to excite sympathy, and most of all, to distract attention from the proved and acknowledged atrocities committed by her troops, which shocked and incensed the whole civilized world.

By declaring themselves the victims, not the perpetrators, of unspeakable cruelties and wanton destruction, they have sought to divert attention from their own crimes. Their activities in the broad dissemination of defamatory literature concerning Greeks have reached every corner of the United States. They have been given unwarranted publicity and credit—unwarranted in that the dreadful results of Bulgarian ferocity and national fanaticism are at the disposal of any one who will give the time to ascertain them.

Unfortunates, the "Turk allegations" proved so colorful that they were seized upon with avidity by certain journalistic interests, and, with no thought of the matter of accuracy, set forth as facts to the public. The Greeks of America are rightfully indignant—they have not asked help from any one, but they have been constituted thousands at home—they have co-operated in strenuous self-sacrifice to suffice to these pressing needs, but they do demand and expect common justice and a fair hearing from the American people. The very paper that is now conducting a whitewashing campaign and passing on the hat for Bulgaria printed in its columns not six months ago, the following:—"With the exception of the Greeks, who observed the principles of humanity and Christian warfare, the Balkan peoples have shown themselves to be hordes of murderers and savages." The present attitude of this publication cannot be due to any change of conviction—for the facts remain the same—the shame of Bulgaria, they are now a part of the history of the Nineteenth Century. The reason there must be in the sensational elements involved. Let the sympathizers with the "Heroes of the Balkans" urge their readers to help the stricken nation, but when it comes to denunciation of those responsible for the prevailing misery existing now, not only in Bulgaria, but over the Balkans, let them place the blame where it belongs or else pass silently over the whole tragic subject. Have they forgotten the massacre of the Edward Grey in the House of Commons or the results of the French investigations? Yet Mr. Pichon, minister of foreign affairs, unqualifiedly confirmed the accusations and the protest of the Greek government against the Bulgarian army, when with the close of the second Balkan war, they began in their retreat the systematic slaughter of the Greek non-combatants in Macedonia and the looting and total devastation of the country. The first secretary of the French legation at Athens, acting under instructions from the home office, visited Serres, Doxato and Nigritia immediately after evacuation by the Bulgarians. His personal report was of the most revolting nature—hundreds of defenseless Greeks had been massacred in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

Even the few Bulgarian inhabitants of the devastated area gave testimony to the insane fury of their conditioners, denouncing them as assassins and bandits who spared neither non-combatants nor their own countrymen.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

Even the few Bulgarian inhabitants of the devastated area gave testimony to the insane fury of their conditioners, denouncing them as assassins and bandits who spared neither non-combatants nor their own countrymen.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

PROBATE COURT

Real estate situate in the Parish of Simonds, \$500. Personal estate, \$1, 900. J. King Kelley, K.C., proctor.

DEFAMATORY REPORT ABSOLUTELY FALSE

By Declaring Themselves Victims of Perpetrators of Wanton Cruelty Bulgarians Hope to Gain Sympathy.

For some time past the suffering and starving hordes of Bulgaria have been called to the attention and sympathy of the American public with emphasis and persistence—so be it—great suffering and distress undoubtedly exists—the consequence of terrible and devastating war, and the unwillingness or inability of a grasping government and a people lacking both patriotism and co-ordination to grapple with conditions and bring order out of chaos. Let generous America give generously if she will—Greece does not ask for arms—but she is voicing her protest against the accusations of wholesale atrocities, murder and rapine publicly and officially brought against her by Bulgaria, in an effort to excite sympathy, and most of all, to distract attention from the proved and acknowledged atrocities committed by her troops, which shocked and incensed the whole civilized world.

By declaring themselves the victims, not the perpetrators, of unspeakable cruelties and wanton destruction, they have sought to divert attention from their own crimes. Their activities in the broad dissemination of defamatory literature concerning Greeks have reached every corner of the United States. They have been given unwarranted publicity and credit—unwarranted in that the dreadful results of Bulgarian ferocity and national fanaticism are at the disposal of any one who will give the time to ascertain them.

Unfortunates, the "Turk allegations" proved so colorful that they were seized upon with avidity by certain journalistic interests, and, with no thought of the matter of accuracy, set forth as facts to the public. The Greeks of America are rightfully indignant—they have not asked help from any one, but they have been constituted thousands at home—they have co-operated in strenuous self-sacrifice to suffice to these pressing needs, but they do demand and expect common justice and a fair hearing from the American people. The very paper that is now conducting a whitewashing campaign and passing on the hat for Bulgaria printed in its columns not six months ago, the following:—"With the exception of the Greeks, who observed the principles of humanity and Christian warfare, the Balkan peoples have shown themselves to be hordes of murderers and savages." The present attitude of this publication cannot be due to any change of conviction—for the facts remain the same—the shame of Bulgaria, they are now a part of the history of the Nineteenth Century. The reason there must be in the sensational elements involved. Let the sympathizers with the "Heroes of the Balkans" urge their readers to help the stricken nation, but when it comes to denunciation of those responsible for the prevailing misery existing now, not only in Bulgaria, but over the Balkans, let them place the blame where it belongs or else pass silently over the whole tragic subject. Have they forgotten the massacre of the Edward Grey in the House of Commons or the results of the French investigations? Yet Mr. Pichon, minister of foreign affairs, unqualifiedly confirmed the accusations and the protest of the Greek government against the Bulgarian army, when with the close of the second Balkan war, they began in their retreat the systematic slaughter of the Greek non-combatants in Macedonia and the looting and total devastation of the country. The first secretary of the French legation at Athens, acting under instructions from the home office, visited Serres, Doxato and Nigritia immediately after evacuation by the Bulgarians. His personal report was of the most revolting nature—hundreds of defenseless Greeks had been massacred in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

Even the few Bulgarian inhabitants of the devastated area gave testimony to the insane fury of their conditioners, denouncing them as assassins and bandits who spared neither non-combatants nor their own countrymen.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

Even the few Bulgarian inhabitants of the devastated area gave testimony to the insane fury of their conditioners, denouncing them as assassins and bandits who spared neither non-combatants nor their own countrymen.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

PROBATE COURT

Real estate situate in the Parish of Simonds, \$500. Personal estate, \$1, 900. J. King Kelley, K.C., proctor.

DEFAMATORY REPORT ABSOLUTELY FALSE

By Declaring Themselves Victims of Perpetrators of Wanton Cruelty Bulgarians Hope to Gain Sympathy.

For some time past the suffering and starving hordes of Bulgaria have been called to the attention and sympathy of the American public with emphasis and persistence—so be it—great suffering and distress undoubtedly exists—the consequence of terrible and devastating war, and the unwillingness or inability of a grasping government and a people lacking both patriotism and co-ordination to grapple with conditions and bring order out of chaos. Let generous America give generously if she will—Greece does not ask for arms—but she is voicing her protest against the accusations of wholesale atrocities, murder and rapine publicly and officially brought against her by Bulgaria, in an effort to excite sympathy, and most of all, to distract attention from the proved and acknowledged atrocities committed by her troops, which shocked and incensed the whole civilized world.

By declaring themselves the victims, not the perpetrators, of unspeakable cruelties and wanton destruction, they have sought to divert attention from their own crimes. Their activities in the broad dissemination of defamatory literature concerning Greeks have reached every corner of the United States. They have been given unwarranted publicity and credit—unwarranted in that the dreadful results of Bulgarian ferocity and national fanaticism are at the disposal of any one who will give the time to ascertain them.

Unfortunates, the "Turk allegations" proved so colorful that they were seized upon with avidity by certain journalistic interests, and, with no thought of the matter of accuracy, set forth as facts to the public. The Greeks of America are rightfully indignant—they have not asked help from any one, but they have been constituted thousands at home—they have co-operated in strenuous self-sacrifice to suffice to these pressing needs, but they do demand and expect common justice and a fair hearing from the American people. The very paper that is now conducting a whitewashing campaign and passing on the hat for Bulgaria printed in its columns not six months ago, the following:—"With the exception of the Greeks, who observed the principles of humanity and Christian warfare, the Balkan peoples have shown themselves to be hordes of murderers and savages." The present attitude of this publication cannot be due to any change of conviction—for the facts remain the same—the shame of Bulgaria, they are now a part of the history of the Nineteenth Century. The reason there must be in the sensational elements involved. Let the sympathizers with the "Heroes of the Balkans" urge their readers to help the stricken nation, but when it comes to denunciation of those responsible for the prevailing misery existing now, not only in Bulgaria, but over the Balkans, let them place the blame where it belongs or else pass silently over the whole tragic subject. Have they forgotten the massacre of the Edward Grey in the House of Commons or the results of the French investigations? Yet Mr. Pichon, minister of foreign affairs, unqualifiedly confirmed the accusations and the protest of the Greek government against the Bulgarian army, when with the close of the second Balkan war, they began in their retreat the systematic slaughter of the Greek non-combatants in Macedonia and the looting and total devastation of the country. The first secretary of the French legation at Athens, acting under instructions from the home office, visited Serres, Doxato and Nigritia immediately after evacuation by the Bulgarians. His personal report was of the most revolting nature—hundreds of defenseless Greeks had been massacred in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

Even the few Bulgarian inhabitants of the devastated area gave testimony to the insane fury of their conditioners, denouncing them as assassins and bandits who spared neither non-combatants nor their own countrymen.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

Even the few Bulgarian inhabitants of the devastated area gave testimony to the insane fury of their conditioners, denouncing them as assassins and bandits who spared neither non-combatants nor their own countrymen.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

The wholesale and inhuman slaughter of the Mohammedan population by the Bulgarians during the Greco-Turkish war was officially confirmed by the British foreign minister. Sir Edward Grey's accusations were based on the British consular reports from Macedonia and Thracia. The minister declared, however, in a manner that only a madman Tartar ingenuity could have imagined or executed. The consuls of Austria and Italy at Salonica visited Serres, and after official inspection of the smoking ruins of the once flourishing city and the questioning of the few survivors confirmed in every detail the righteousness of the bitter protest of the Greek government.

Classified Advertising

One cent per word each insertion. Discount of 33 1-3 per cent on advertisements running one week or longer if paid in advance. Minimum charge 25 cents.

WANTED.

Expert Salesmen

Wanted for the Maritime Provinces by the manufacturers of a staple food product of largest consumption. Must be experienced salesmen with high references. Apply Box A. S. F., Standard office.

WANTED—Boys, fourteen to sixteen years of age residing in St. John, wanted for wholesale dry goods. Apply immediately to "Wholesale," care of Standard.

AGENTS WANTED—Salesmen \$50 per week, selling one-hand egg-beater. Sample and terms 25c. Money refunded if unsatisfactory. Collette Mfg. Company, Collingwood, Ont.

WANTED—Agents to sell boxes for immediate delivery and 1914 delivery. Fundy Fox Co., 86 Princess street, St. John, N. B.

WANTED—Two first-class harness makers. Apply Edward Hogan, 47 Waterloo street.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

LEARN BARBER TRADE—Few weeks required; tools free; positions secured; Moler System; twenty-two years established; modern method of teaching; write for particulars—MOLAR BARBER COLLEGE, 62F. St. Lawrence Blvd., Montreal.

FOR SALE.

SEWING MACHINE NEEDLES

All kinds, half dozen 17C by mail; New Home machines twenty per cent discount during the holidays; Wilcox & Gibbs machine \$15; W. & W. manufacturing machine \$10; White machine \$7; Domestic and all machines repaired—William Crawford, 105 Princess street, St. John, N. B.

SAW MILL MACHINERY FOR SALE

Turbine water wheels, Half-up, Rotary Saw, Carriage and saws; Edger, Trimmers, Cross Cut and gear, Lath Machine, Planer, Turning Lath, Shafting, Belling, Elevators, and rollers. All in good condition and fit to install in a new mill. Address Parker Eakins Co., Ltd., Meteghan Station, Digby Co., N. S.

FOR SALE—Passenger Elevator in good repair. Apply Raymond and Doherty Ltd.

FOR SALE—Pores for sale; seven pairs unimpaired live red foxes for breeding purposes; good color; Northern New Brunswick caught—Murdock Mackenzie, Sparke, N. B. Telegraph address, Bristol, N. B.

FOR SALE—A good lot of work horses and one or two drivers. Apply The Hubbard Co., Limited, Fredericton, N. B.

SAWMILL PROPERTY FOR SALE OR RENT

Steam and water power plant in Victoria County is being offered at very low cost for immediate sale. Suitable terms can be made for renting and sawing out this season's cut of spruce and hardwood. Capacity about three million feet. For further particulars write P. O. Box 376, St. John, N. B.

FOR SALE—Fifty ash sleighs for sale at Edgescombe's. Send for prices and catalogue. Edgescombe's, 115 City Road.

TO LET.

TO LET—Large basement under Royal Hotel Sample Rooms, German St., suitable for storage. Can be occupied at once. Apply Raymond and Doherty, Ltd.

TO LET—From May 1st large office in Dearborn building, Prince William street, now occupied by Jardine & Rice.

FLATS TO LET—Metcalfe street, 2 flats, new house, modern improvements. Apply 68 Durham street. Phone 6541.

TO LET—Rooms newly furnished, electric light, and heated, 168 King street east.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

A BILL entitled "AN ACT TO AMEND THE MUNICIPALITIES ACT" will be presented for enactment at the next session of the Legislature of New Brunswick. The objects of the Bill are to fix a date for filing voters' lists in Municipal Elections; the enlargement of the term of Councillors to 3 years; and an indemnity of \$100. The Bill is intended to apply only to the Parishes in the County of Saint John.

Dated the 26th day of January, A. D. 1914.
JAMES KING KELLEY,
County Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

There will be sold at public auction on 7th of February, 1914, at Chubb's Corner, Saint John, at 12 noon, in suit Lancaster Loan, Limited, vs. William G. Lee and others, all the interest of defendants in leasehold property situate in said City on Wall Street adjoining St. Paul's Church, having 62 feet 8 inches on Wall Street, 75 feet in the rear, 145 on Burpee Avenue and 121 feet on its southern line.

For particulars and terms apply to undersigned solicitor.
Dated 24th November, 1913.
AMON A. WILSON,
Master in Chancery.
STEPHEN B. BUSTIN,
Plaintiff's Solicitor.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of two-and-one-half per cent, upon the paid up Capital of this Institution has been declared for the three months ending 31st January, 1914, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this City and at its Branches, on and after Monday, the Second Day of March next, to Shareholders of record of 31st January, 1914.

Dated at Saint John, N. B., the 28th day of January A. D. 1914.
HERBERT E. WARDROP,
Common Clerk.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Just a Little Castoria*
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA

NA-DRU-CO

Syrup of Linseed, Licorice and Chlorodyne
The Next Time a Cold Strikes You—
Strike Back! Don't submit meekly—don't let it wear you down and keep you miserable for two or three weeks. Knock it out at once with a few doses of
This splendid household remedy is pleasant to take—absolutely safe—quickly in action—sure in results. It gives immediate relief from coughs, colds, bronchitis, hoarseness, loss of voice, pains in the chest or any similar throat or lung trouble.
Get a 25c. or 50c. bottle from your Druggist and keep it in the house as a safeguard. 320
NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c. CATARRH POWDER

Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the cathartic action of the powder, stops discharge, relieves irritation, and cures Catarrh of the Bladder, Uterus, Vagina, etc. All Dealers in Medicines, St. John, N. B., Limited, Toronto.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST MINING REGULATION.

COAL—Coal mining rights may be leased for twenty-one years, renewable for ten more years. No more than 2,560 acres can be leased to one

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—Fine and decidedly colder.

Toronto, Feb. 5.—Pressure is decidedly high tonight over the northern half of the continent, while a depression situation in the southwest states is becoming important. Cold weather prevails throughout the Dominion, with decidedly low temperatures in the west.

Temperatures.

Place	Min.	Max.
Victoria	23	34
Kamloops	12	zero
Edmonton	24	18
Calgary	28	zero
Medicine Hat	28	18
Battleford	36	16
Port Arthur	12	6
Parry Sound	10	14
London	17	28
Toronto	18	22
Kingston	22	8
Ottawa	22	8
Montreal	4	12
Quebec	2	8
St. John	18	26
Halifax	22	28

*—Below zero.

AROUND THE CITY

Gundry's for high grade watch repairs.

Coasting Accident.
While coasting on Church Avenue, West End, yesterday seven narrow boats were involved in a collision, sustaining a nasty cut in the head. Dr. Allingham dressed the wound.

Body Brought Here.
The body of Harry Palmer, of Hants County, N. S., who was killed by a train near Millandale a few days ago, was brought to the city last evening for to be taken to Kings County, N. S., for interment.

Averted Collision.
By driving his car full tilt into a snow bank, Alex. Fowler narrowly averted a collision with a horse and team at the corner of Duke and Gea. Main streets yesterday afternoon. Mr. Fowler took considerable risk, but fortunately escaped without any damage to his car or person.

KILLS HIMSELF IN CHANCEL OF CHURCH

Providence, Feb. 5.—On his knees in the chancel of Grace church, John Ogden, former town treasurer of North Providence, drew a revolver and shot himself in the head today. He died almost instantly. Before he approached the chancel, Ogden had been sitting in a pew in the rear of the church writing in a book, which he later handed to a deaconess. In the book were found notes to his wife and to the superintendent of the mill which he had been employed as bookkeeper. About a year ago Ogden was accused of irregularities in the office when treasurer, but was acquitted by the courts.

MARIE LLOYD AGAIN REFUSED ADMISSION

Vancouver, Feb. 5.—Marie Lloyd, an English vaudeville singer, was refused re-admission to the United States today, when she made formal application for permission to cross the international border after the completion of a theatrical engagement in Vancouver. She was refused on the ground of "moral turpitude," the provision in the American immigration regulations under which her admission was considered when she first applied for admission at Ellis Island at New York. An appeal in the present case will be made directly to the secretary of state.

OBITUARY

Robert Burns.
Hantsport, N. S., Feb. 4.—On January 30th an old St. John resident passed away in the person of Robert Burns. Mr. Burns had been ill for six months. By trade he was a rigger and served his time with the late Samuel Dickson, rigging many ships around St. John and in King's County.

He was born in 1840 in St. James' street, St. John, and leaves many friends in South End who will remember him. Mr. Burns' wife was a Miss Beattie Wood of Dublin and they were married by Rev. William Armstrong, at that time pastor of St. James' parish. He is survived by one sister in California and four sons, Fred, sailing out of New York on the Ward Line, William in British Columbia, Frank in Montana and Charles in Boston. His wife predeceased him some years ago.

Mr. Burns moved to Hantsport from St. John in 1874. His funeral took place on Tuesday from St. Andrew's church, the services being conducted by Rev. Canon Powell.

KING'S COLLEGE.

A meeting of the executive of the board of governors of King's College, Windsor, was held yesterday morning in the school room of Trinity church. Among the members present were His Lordship Bishop Richardson, Rev. Canon Powell, president of the college; Rev. Canon Smithers, Rev. G. P. Scoville, Rev. Y. E. Harris and Dr. M. D. Smith. Routine business only was transacted. At the afternoon meeting of the board in addition to the members of the executive the following were present: R. W. Hawson of Montreal, D. D. Bent of Amherst, Rev. W. J. Wilkinson of Springfield and Rev. R. M. Fenton of McAdam Junction.

Miss King of the Marr Millinery Co., left last night for Montreal, Toronto, and New York in search of millinery novelties for the spring.

Gundry's for diamonds and precious stones.

LITTLE TOT ONLY WANTED A QUIET NAP

Seven Year Old Frank Nickson went in Search of Nice Place to Sleep—Brother Cried.

Because the crying and twitching of his little brother in bed kept him awake at night, little Frank Nickson of 59 St. Patrick street tired of his home, and yesterday morning instead of going to school, the seven-year-old tot piloted himself through the streets of the North End in quest of a quiet spot where he might repose in peace and make up for rest lost through the midnight wailing and kicking of the brother with whom little Frankie was obliged to sleep.

"No Sir, I couldn't get to sleep with my little brother crying and kicking at night, so I came over here to get a rest," said little Frank, explaining his troubles to a policeman at the North End station, and at the same time he cuddled up in a cosy corner prepared to slumber, unmolested, to his heart's content.

This was the second time that Frank's determination to sleep in peace prompted him to leave his home, and the boy has caused his parents many anxious hours. Dispatched to school yesterday morning the seven-year-old lad wandered to the North End and, when at noon he failed to return for dinner, members of the family grew anxious, but it was not until late in the afternoon that the boy was located and word sent to the parents.

The routine school work along with his private domestic troubles, was too much for Frank, and he simply wanted to change his ways of living. At noon, when the parents were wondering what had become of the little chap, a resident of Simonds street encountered Frank wandering carelessly along the street and after he had taken dinner with him the boy was taken to the North End police station.

According to the little fellow, the annoyance caused by his brother's crying and making a fuss, was not his only trouble. He had a heap of them, which he confided to Officer Corbett at the station; and when, reluctantly, he was being taken away, the boy circled his arms about the parental blue-coat and delivered a parting kiss. No doubt arrangements will be made to see to it, that in future Frankie's slumber is not disturbed. Just the noise with which he later went to bed when he becomes an octogenarian is difficult to estimate.

LABOR PARTY WILL HOLD A CONVENTION

The Trades and Labor Council to put up candidates for Civic Commission.

At the meeting of the Trades and Labor Council, last evening, the question of running candidates at the next civic elections was discussed, and the secretary was instructed to send out letters to all the affiliated trade unions, requesting them to elect three delegates to a meeting to be held on February 16 to nominate one or more candidates for the civic commission.

Letters were read from Premier Borden, Hon. J. D. Hazen, Hon. Mr. Crothers, acknowledging receipt of the resolutions of protest against the treatment of the miners on Vancouver Island, and saying that the matter would be considered by the government. A letter was also received from the under secretary of state, saying that the Governor General had considered the resolutions of protest, but that it was a matter in which he could not interfere.

The carnival committee reported that owing to mild weather the carnival on the 22nd of January had not been a success, and that a deficit would have to be met.

CANADA WILL LIKELY FOLLOW ITS OWN PLAN

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Feb. 5.—A special meeting of the cabinet was held today to discuss the question of the "Aldwich site" in London. This is a scheme proposed by Earl Grey to group together in London the British offices of all the overseas dominions of the Empire.

Lord Chelmsford, former governor of Queensland and New South Wales, has been in Ottawa for a week and has seen most of the cabinet ministers, urging Canada's participation in the scheme. It is understood that the government decided at today's meeting to take no part in the proposal but to proceed, when convenient, with its own proposal regarding new offices of its own in London.

DELIVERED AT ONCE

New supply fresh mined Broad Cove coal for immediate delivery. All sizes and best, ideal for open fires. To be had from Consumers Coal Co., Ltd., 381 Charlotte street (opposite Broad street.) Phone M-3676.

INCORPORATE FAIRVILLE IS THE INTENTION

Enthusiastic Meeting of Fairville Board of Trade. Last Evening—Street Railway Extension.

At a special meeting of the Fairville Board of Trade last evening, marked by lively and enthusiastic discussion by those present, a movement was launched to have Fairville incorporated as a town, and an active committee was appointed to investigate conditions and take the necessary preparatory steps in the matter.

The meeting was held in the Court House in Fairville, and A. W. Anderson, vice-president of the Board of Trade, presided.

An interesting discussion was held and steps were taken to have the necessary laws for incorporation passed. The position of the residents of Fairville in the matter was plainly set before the members of the board by several of those present. Among the speakers of the evening were James McMurray, F. V. Hamm, R. Catherwood, Joseph L. O'Brien, Glendon H. Allan, W. Stymest, George H. Blisset, Frank Flewelling, J. J. Hennessy and others.

Appointed on the committee to investigate and report on the matter of incorporation were William Linton, F. V. Hamm, James McMurray.

The residents in general are strongly in favor of incorporation, and every support will be lent to the movement. The matter of street railway extension was also discussed last evening and after several speakers had been heard a resolution was passed with effect that the Lancaster Board of Trade as a body petition the Highway Board to come to terms with the St. John Railway Company and urge the extension of the company's lines to Manchester's corner as soon as possible.

DEAL WITH SLANDERS

Board of Trade Sent Out Letters to 150 Newspapers—Preparing full Report.

Yesterday the Board of Trade sent out a letter to 150 newspapers dealing with the slanders against the Bay of Fundy which were given circulation following the wreck of the steamer Cobsequid on Trinity Bay, Fundy, mouth, Nova Scotia. The letter points out that all these slanders were refuted by the report of the wreck commission, which placed the blame on the captain of the ship and censured him for his error of judgment in following the Nova Scotia coast instead of the usual route taken by vessels coming into the Bay of Fundy.

The board some time ago sent out a letter showing that the percentage of wrecks in the Bay of Fundy had been unusually small and a more detailed report on the subject is now in course of preparation.

WILL CELEBRATE THE BATTLE ANNIVERSARY

Preliminary arrangements for the celebration of the 60th anniversary of the battle of Bannockburn on June 24, will be made at the quarterly meeting of St. Andrew's Society last evening. A strong committee was appointed to select some suitable programme for the celebration.

The meeting took place in the Knights of Pythias' rooms, Germain street. Alex. Macaulay, the president, presided, and the Rev. Andrew Malcolm, first vice-president, occupied the chair. A resolution regretting the illness of Mr. Macaulay was passed.

John Rogers presented to the society a walking stick that was at one time the property of the late Thomas Cameron, a past president. The stick will be suitably engraved and placed with other property of the society.

THIRTY THOUSAND SWEDES WILL CARRY PETITION TO KING

Stockholm, Feb. 5.—Thirty thousand patriotic Swedes were gathered in the outskirts of the Swedish capital today, waiting there till tomorrow when they will march in procession before King Gustave and present a petition to him asking for the reinforcement of the national defenses.

The petition which urges the proper maintenance of the defenses of the country demands an increase of its armaments without delay. It is regarded in many quarters as indicative of the fears of many Swedes of possible Russian aggression. The participants in this unique demonstration are mostly small land owners and farmers gathered from every district of Sweden many of them coming from villages 700 or 800 miles away.

Gundry's for special watch 0 and 12 size.

PERSONAL

Miss King of the Marr Millinery Co., left last night for Montreal, Toronto and New York.

Frank Hamilton, of the C. P. R. passenger department, left last evening for Halifax from where he will take passage for Liverpool on the Allan liner which sails Saturday.

DIED.

MOWRY—At her residence, 217 Newman street, on the 4th inst., after a short illness, May J., widow of W. Herbert Mowry, leaving three sons and one sister to mourn.

Funeral on Friday, 6th inst., from her late residence. Service begins at 2:30 o'clock.

ROACH—Suddenly at Roschville, on January 27th, Gertrude, eldest daughter of Oscar and Ella Rosch, aged eight years and ten months.

CARD OF THANKS.

The Misses Pugsley wish to thank their many friends for their kindness and sympathy in their recent sad bereavement.

PROTECTIONIST MAKES SURE OF ACCOMMODATION

Homeless Man Rang up Police Station and Requested Cell be Reserved—Policeman Dazed.

Owing to the goodness of kindly government, for many years past police stations all over the country are sometimes turned into improvised lodgings for the homeless, where they are accommodated when the homeless are without the price. Even in this city where from time to time harsh things have been said about the police station, this form of securing a night's lodging has been ever popular but never in the annals of the local police has a lodger rung up before hand and requested that a berth be saved, or a room reserved for him. This happened last evening when the following conversation over the telephone took place.

Guardroom: "Hello."

Police station: "Is this the police station?"

G. O.—"Yes."

Police station: "Please, sir, will you kindly keep a place for me tonight? I'll be up later."

G. O. (In dazed manner)—"What?"

Police station: "Please, sir, reserve a room for me?"

G. O.—"Well, I'll be —. Say, what do you think this is, a hotel?"

Police station: "It'll be right up."

G. O. (To those gathered in the guardroom)—"Wants a room. I don't know what this town is coming to."

When the upstater of traditions arrived he was greeted with the coldness he deserved, and was observed with great suspicion. However, he got a bed together with the other fifteen protectionists, who although they didn't have the forethought to engage quarters in advance received the same accommodation.

Owing to the destruction of the Salvation Army shelter many homeless men have been without a permanent place to stay for several days and nightly the cells in the police station usually occupied by drunks and other disturbers of the peace, are filled with wanderers. One night over twenty seven sought warmth in the cells, and although the quarters were rather dreary seemed to enjoy themselves immensely. It was considered quite a society event in police cell circles, intensely interesting addresses on many subjects causing the ban of silence to be put on at an early hour.

The patronage of the police station is steadily on the increase, not counting the fire sufferers, and if this popular place continues to add to its list it will soon rival with the famous stopping places of the old world.

TIMBER HERE IN SIX WEEKS FOR WHARVES

Manning W. Doherty, in Interview, Says Work will be Commenced at Once—Employ 200 Men.

"The timber for the new wharves at West St. John will be delivered here within six weeks and work will be started immediately," said Manning W. Doherty of the Maritime Dredging and Construction Co., on his return from Ottawa yesterday. "We will make a start next week levelling up the site and placing in place, in preparation for the concrete. Our concrete plant will be assembled immediately and everything made ready for rushing the construction."

"We have arranged for another reclamation plant in addition to that already at work and the fill for the site of the new wharves will be completed by August 1st."

"Two hundred men will be employed on the work and two new berths will be completed by December 1st."

The company has taken over the contract formerly held by Connolly and Charlton and will have the new wharves and sheds completed and ready for handling steamers and their freights next season.

Jenkins Valves

The universal reputation of the products of Jenkins Bros. is well known to the trade.

We have a good stock of Globe, Angle, Check and Gate Valves.

Prices quoted on application.

W.H. THORNE & CO. LTD.
MARKET SQUARE & KING ST.

CANADA'S BEST

QUALITY AND DURABILITY

THE WILLIS

BEHIND WILLIS pianos and players stand public and artistic approval. THE WILLIS occupies a unique position among the great pianos of the world, and it is everywhere held in the highest esteem by artists and musical leaders, and is regarded as peerless in tone, touch, workmanship and durability.

WILLIS & CO., LTD. - Manufacturers - MONTREAL

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVES:
WILLIS PIANO & ORGAN CO.
HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN

Have You Seen the Enterprise Magic Range?

It is the finest stove in Canada for the money, and one of the best of the products of the Enterprise Foundry.

OUR STOVE SHOWROOM is full of interest to everyone who requires a stove for any purpose. The values we offer are better than ever before.

We invite a careful comparison of goods and prices.

ABSOLUTE SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

HALF-PRICE SALE OF FURNITURE---SEE AD. TODAY ON PAGE 2

Bargains in Abundance in All Kinds of Furnishings for Men and Boys AT THE ANNUAL SPRING SALE NOW ON.

Advance Showing New Spring Costumes

Among these may be found the Combination costume consisting of a fancy many striped coat with cuffs, reverse and buttons of large blue and white check. Coat has the new kimono sleeve with yoke effect in front. Skirt is of a large check to match trimmings of coat and is made in peg-top style with pleum of blue stripe as coat.

Another very smart style is made up in a fawn or grey honeycomb check. Coat is in Eton style with girle effect and ends at back. Brown satin pipings and lace collar make the trimmings of coat. The skirt is in plain peg-top style.

Brocades are also very new and one pretty model is offered in Eton style and pleum on coat and the drop shoulder sleeve. Coat has silk girle and heavy lace collar. Skirt is plain slightly pleated at waist and draped front.

Also Costumes in fawn or navy honeycomb cloth with short Eton coat, made with kimono sleeve and yoke effect front and back. Collar of coral crepe embroidered in green. Skirt is plain with small slit seam, peg-top with satin girle to match.

Another handsome costume is in navy, navy or black of the brocade cloth. Short cutaway coat and fancy braided collar. Skirt plain with girle and lace collar.

Some of the new costumes are featuring the brocade satin vests and collars, others are showing suspender effects.

A very fetching costume is in navy blue Rep. cerise embroidered collar. Coat in Eton style with suspender back. Skirt with minaret and peg-top and pleum in black satin.

Another very fashionable costume is in Black Serge with short cutaway coat, black moire seam and collar, kimono sleeve and loose panel back. Draped overskirt with short slit at front seam. There are also to be seen a great many other styles and shades.

HERE ARE JUST A FEW OF THE NEW SPRING COATS

Short Cutaway Johnnie Coat in black and white broken check, very loose kimono sleeve, roll collar.

Short Johnnie Coat belted and patch pockets, drop shoulder, rough finish Harris Tweed in broken check.

Short Johnnie Coat, square corners, belted back, fancy shawl collar, kimono sleeve, fancy plaid Tweed.

COSTUME SECTION, SECOND FLOOR. SEE KING STREET WINDOW DISPLAY.

Bargains in Boys' Suits and Pants at the February Sale

BOYS' TWO-PIECE SUITS, ages 7 to 10 years. Coats double-breasted, plain and Norfolk styles. Mixtures, stripe and check effects in grey and brown Tweed and Worsted. Two pairs of bloomer pants with some of these suits.

February Sale Prices, \$2.90, \$4.90, \$4.75, \$4.95 up to \$9.00

BOYS' TWO AND THREE-PIECE SUITS, ages 13 to 16. Norfolk and regular double-breasted coats. Tweeds, Worsted and Saxony, in browns and greys. Many of the suits with two pairs of bloomer pants. February Sale Prices, \$4.25, \$4.75, \$4.95, \$5.95, \$6.50 up to \$9.00

BOYS' TWO AND THREE-PIECE SUITS, with straight pants, double-breasted coats. Wonderful bargains, to fit boys 13 to 16 years. Tweeds and Worsted in light, medium and dark greys and browns. February Sale Prices, \$2.25, \$2.90, \$3.60, \$4.10

BOYS' PLAIN AND BLOOMER PANTS, in good strong, durable Tweeds and Homespuns, plain and fancy mixtures and stripes, in medium and dark greys and browns. Ages 6 to 17. February Sale Price, pair 70c.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited