

# THE TOLLER

Official Organ of the Toronto District Labor Council. Published Weekly in the Interests of the Working Masses.

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OPEN 7 TO 9 EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT.  
JAMES MASON, Managing Director.

## HARD TIMES AHEAD

So Says the Canadian Manufacturers' Association.

Nothing could show more plainly the utter heartlessness of capitalism and its callous indifference to the misery inflicted upon the working people by its methods than the immigration propaganda now being actively promoted by the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, with the assistance of the Dominion immigration officials. The capitalists of the Dominion have apparently come to the determination that trades unionism must be crushed out at any cost. To this end they are making the laws for restraining strikers in perfectly legitimate acts more stringent; they are increasing the militia forces, and above all they are securing wholesale immigration under false pretences, solely in order to flood the labor market and confront strikers with a crowd of hungry competitors for bread. The Canadian Manufacturers' Association have circulated in England the most outrageous falsehoods as to the number of men needed in Canadian workshops and factories. One of their latest official statements asserted to be compiled from returns sent in reply to circulars addressed to manufacturers last April, puts the number required at 11,104. They represent to the British people that those who emigrate in dependence upon this supposed demand will be sure of finding permanent employment at good wages. Yet this same Canadian Manufacturers' Association, months before this fraudulent and misleading statement was sent out, admitted that the industrial activity now prevailing was only temporary, and proclaimed that the country was on the verge of hard times. I will give their own words on the subject.

On March 19 a deputation of the association interviewed the Dominion Government, asking for increases in the tariff. They were introduced by Mr. Cyrus Birge, of Hamilton, president of the association, in a speech reported in the Globe of the 20th, from which the following is an extract:

"He freely admitted that Canada was prospering as it never did before, but while not a pessimist, there were evidences that hard times were at hand. There was no immediate danger while the home demand taxed to the utmost the capabilities of the manufacturers in the United States and Germany—but when the domestic demand fell off, Canada would be deluged with the surplus products of these countries at a low price. The present was therefore regarded as an opportune time to take advantage of the situation and prevent as far as possible the trouble that would come when the slump came in the United States."

The deputation presented to the Government a memorial which had been unanimously adopted by the association at a meeting on the 12th of March, which contains the following statement:

"It is quite true that some of our most important industries are suffering to-day, but even those who are engaged in a measure of prosperity look into the future with grave apprehension, knowing by experience the ruin which will certainly sweep over us when the state of prosperity begins to subside, and the first signs of depression are felt in the great republic to the south. This change is not far distant, has already been pointed out by some of the highest economic authorities, and some of the keenest minds in the United States. Now what can be more villainous, more degrading, than the action of men who, foreseeing an impending calamity, seek to deprive many who are already in want of employment, deliberately seek to induce tens of thousands of others to come here, even when poverty and destitution awaits them? The utterances of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association above quoted ought to be widely republished."

**When you are buying a Cigar Look for this Label**

IT SIGNIFIES BEST WORKMANSHIP UNDER BEST SANITARY CONDITIONS

**REMEMBER** That the Gurney Foundry Co. of Toronto  
Makers of  
**OXFORD STOVES AND RANGES**  
—ARE—  
**SITLL UNFAIR TO ORGANIZED LABOR**

**The Nasmith Baking Company**  
IS UNFAIR TO ORGANIZED LABOR.

"Why," replied the Duke, "may ancestors fought for it hundreds of years ago. Then," says the tramp, "it is time we fought for it again."  
Walter H. Roebuck.

## Some Municipal Trading Results—Facts and Fiction.

**BULL TRAMWAYS.**  
From the report of the Hull city treasurer, Mr. Milner, for the year ended March 31 last, it appears that the expenditure for the electric tramways on capital account during the twelve months has been \$30,490,158.94, making a total to date of \$241,042,564.50, subject to the addition of the proportion of cost of paving works in course of progress. The sinking fund has been increased by instalments charged to the revenue and interest on accumulations, making together \$9,662,108. The income from fares has been \$21,491,165.10, against which the working expenses and maintenance have been \$48,088,243.34, leaving a net revenue of \$43,403,147.74. Out of this have been met charges for market (29,082,155.64), sinking fund (29,147,148.34), and \$10,673,481.00 has been carried to the reserve fund. The remaining \$14,500 will be carried to the city fund for the relief of the rates. The working expenses have been \$2,666 per cent of the receipts, compared with \$3,212 per cent the previous year. The number of passengers carried was 22,062,703, the highest number in one day being 172,521 on the 9th of August last. The amount of the credit of the reserve fund is now \$36,572,188.93, being 10.7 per cent of the outlay on works.

**LOUGHBOROUGH GAS.**  
The revenue account for the year ended 31st March last, shows that the cost of manufacturing gas was \$11,005,381.00, distributed cost \$1,041,881.84, management expenses \$221,383.44, other items bringing the total expenditure to \$12,268,646.28. The sale of gas realized \$12,211,488.81, and of residual products \$3,164,082.24, and the total receipts are \$15,375,571.05, leaving a profit of \$3,106,924.77 on the year's working of the undertaking. Against this profit balance there was a set-off of \$3,395,158.34 for payment to sinking fund, interest on loans and income tax, the deficiency being chargeable on the district fund. Since July 1st the price of gas has been reduced by 2d per thousand feet.

**WASHINGTON GAS.**  
The gross receipts for the year ended March last are \$16,522, which is the largest since the purchase of the gas works, and \$6,000 more than the average of previous years. After deducting the charge for sinking fund, interest, etc., there is left a profit of \$3,281. To be transferred to the relief of rates. The transfer will make a total sum of \$20,000 contributed since the work has been in the possession of the corporation. \$2,075 has been placed in reserve, and has accumulated by interest to \$10,000. There has also been a reduction in charges for street lighting of 14¢ per lamp, which affords 1,511 lamps. A reduction of 1d per 1,000 feet is to be made, and this will absorb \$1,150 profit. A greater amount was not thought advisable this year, owing to the large increase in charges on the rates, owing to the education rate, etc.

**GAINSBOROUGH GAS.**  
Pessimists predicted a bad future for the Gainsborough gas undertaking when it was taken over by the urban district council. But the report presented at the week's meeting showed a very different state of affairs. The cost of the undertaking was \$260,000. Mr. Housham, the chairman, said the enterprise had not proved to be the "white elephant" some people supposed it would be, and he could tell them that it would never be a burden to the rates. During the year they had manufactured 76,555,000 feet of gas, while the old company made 64,287,000 feet during the last year they had the works. The expenditure for the production of this gas had been \$5,744,510. The income from all sources was \$13,238,188, and when the cost of production was deducted there remained a profit of \$4,493,158.84. From this they had deducted the repayments of the principal and interest and sinking fund of \$4,300,158.70, leaving a net profit for the twelve months of \$193,000. In addition to this they had spent \$1,087,344 in repairs, etc. The increase in consumption since the council took over the works had been very great. The concern was undoubtedly a good one, but it would require careful watching for a good many years ere they were in easy circumstances.—Municipal Journal.

**LOS ANGELES TIMES APPROVED.**  
Oria Receives a "Testimonial" From the United-Haters and Labor-Skinners.  
Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 12.—(Special Correspondent.)—As previously mentioned in this correspondence, the notorious Los Angeles Times is backed up by every union-baiter and labor-skinner in Southern California. The policy of that paper in vilifying members of labor organizations is hailed with delight. This assertion has been proved beyond all doubt by a "testimonial of appreciation" presented to Oria, editor of the sheet, the same being signed by every man in Los Angeles known to be opposed to the rights of the working men and women. It is a great share of tribute, the Times published this testimonial last Sunday.

The labor organizations of Southern California are exceedingly thankful for this expression of their esteem, as the unions have been enabled to learn exactly who composes the camp of the enemy. The would-be union-breakers will be dealt with in a manner not at all to their liking.

Union men and women all over the country can help down this aggression by bringing pressure to bear upon advertisers in the notorious Los Angeles Times. Write one letter to each of the following advertisers, requesting that the Times be no longer patronized:  
Murray H. H. Bennett Co., 33rd and Jefferson St., Philadelphia, Pa.  
Royal Baking Powder Co., 150 William St., New York, N.Y.  
Fallo-Hay Specialties Co., Newark, N.J.

## 26 lbs. REDPAT'S BEST GRANULATED SUGAR \$1.00

With every order which includes one pound of our 40c. Tea, or 2 lbs. of our 25c or 30c Tea or Coffee.

## FANCY DAIRY BUTTER, IN PAILS . . . 16c.

The very best Butter in one pound prints, fresh from the dairy every day . . . 17c.

## Picnic and Camping Goods

We pack and ship goods to out of town places with care and promptness. We carry a full line of the best brands of Canned Meats, Fish, Sardines, Lobsters, Etc., and it will pay you to examine our prices.

Jellied Lunch Tongue . . . . .lb.	20	Vim, Life Chips, Quaker Oats,	
Jellied Ox Tongue . . . . .	27	Tilson's Oats . . . . .	9
Pressed Corned Beef . . . . .	124	10 Bars best Laundry Soap . . . . .	25
Best Cooked Ham . . . . .	25	Shredded Wheat Biscuits . . . . .	124
Bologna . . . . .	9	Malta Vita or Force . . . . .	124
Picnic Ham . . . . .	124	Gold Seal Tea, in pkgs . . . . .	25
Rolls, mild cured . . . . .	124	6 Cakes good Castile Soap . . . . .	10
Large Hams, very fine . . . . .	14	Naptha Washing Powder . . . . .	5
Choice Lean Bacon, mild . . . . .	15	The largest package and best goods on the market. If not pleased we will return the money.	
Skinned Back Bacon . . . . .	17	6 cakes good Toilet Soap . . . . .	10
5lb pail Marmalade . . . . .	29	15 lbs. Cooking Salt . . . . .	10
15c Fancy Biscuits for . . . . .	94	3 five-cent bags table Salt . . . . .	10
Imported Sauce, worth 15c for . . . . .	8	4 ten-cent pkgs Corn Starch . . . . .	25
Headquarters for Olives . . . . .	10c to 60	15c Extracts . . . . .	74
Armour's Soup, several kinds . . . . .	10	15 large Nutmegs . . . . .	10
Armour's Ham Loaf . . . . .	124	Shredded Coconut 15c, 2 lbs for 25	
Gold Seal Oats, 2 pkgs . . . . .	15	3 large bars Soap, extra quality . . . . .	25
Grape Nuts or Malt B. Food . . . . .	124	New Jam in glass, worth 10, for . . . . .	74
New Jam in glass, worth 10, for . . . . .	74	Very Best Jam, 5 lb. pails, only . . . . .	29
Very Best Jam, 5 lb. pails, only . . . . .	29	Red Cross Mince, in tins, reg. 15c for . . . . .	6

## Thompson Company Limited,

PHONE MAIN 3715.  
530 & 532 Queen St. West,  
495 Yonge St., Phone North 1015  
356 College St., Phone N. 1232  
347 Yonge Street, near Gould.

"Castoria"—The Centaur Co., 77 Murray St., New York, N.Y.  
"Cuticura"—Peter Drug & Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.  
"Postum"—Postum Cereal Co., Battle Creek, Mich.  
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.  
"Scott's Emulsion"—Scott & Bowne, 409 Pearl St., New York, N.Y.  
"Wright's Indian Vegetable Pill Co.," New York, N.Y.  
"Ghirardelli's Ground Chocolate"—D. Ghirardelli, San Francisco, California.  
Write letters to the above firms, telling them that it is useless to expect working men and women to patronize any advertiser in the union-hating Los Angeles Times.

## WOMAN'S INFLUENCE

Every woman is delighted when her husband's hours of work are shortened, and yet so many women make a point of keeping the storekeeper and his staff (especially the grocer and butcher) until eleven on Saturdays, and yet she thinks her husband's employer very hard if he is not off duty at 1 o'clock. Now, if every woman in Toronto did all her buying before 5 o'clock each day and 1 o'clock on Saturday, I'm sure inside of one month there would be few stores open after those hours, and if the large stores down town close, why not all do the same. I hope the women be, and especially the union men's wives, will wake up and help the early closing movement along with all possible haste.  
Pauline.

## SHOW YOUR APPRECIATION OF THE ANIMOSITY OF THE MANUFACTURERS BY MAKING LABOR DAY AT THE ISLAND THE BIGGEST THING ON RECORD.

## MUNICIPAL SERVICES AT FORT WILLIAM.

The municipal telephone plant at Fort William does not appear to have been the success that has been claimed for it, judging from the following statement in the Times-Journal of 23rd July, of that town, over the signature of Mr. A. F. Woodhead, a prominent citizen:

"The public (electric light and telephone) services have been administered with inefficiency and inaptitude, culminating in the destruction of the Town Hall, with its valuable records, a costly lawsuit in which the town has been, really worsted, and to-day we have another breakdown in the electric light plant, simply through sheer mismanagement, which will cost a large sum, and deprive the citizens of light for probably some weeks. The municipal telephone service is so bad that every user of it is disgusted, and supporters of legitimate ownership are chagrined and disappointed."

## LABOR DAY, MONDAY, SEPT. 7TH, PICNIC AND GAMES AT THE ISLAND.

Don't you see that if you continue to spend all you make you will be poor all your life.

A Savings Account at The Bank of Toronto, branch at the corner of King & Bathurst Streets, will help you to Save money.

## THE SCOTTISH LAUNDRY

Our Work Stands on its own merits. Goods Called for and Delivered.  
High Gloss or Domestic Finish as Desired. Soft Buttonholes.  
230 Gladstone Ave.

## Connell's Coal Best Hard

We are now booking orders for your next winter's supply at lowest summer rates, with or without deposit.

## STYLES THE NEWEST QUALITY THE BEST THE PRICE RIGHT

That is our aim in the Emmett Shoe, and we think we have reached that high standard. Union Label on all Goods.

## THE EMMETT SHOE STORE

119 Yonge St.  
All Styles  
One Price 3.50 One Quality  
The Best

## Special Summer Sale

Of all kinds of Boots and Shoes now on  
**D. Hanna & Co.**  
462 SPADINA AVE.  
Union Make Our Specialty.

## NOTICE

The following are the Factory Inspectors of the Province of Ontario:  
JOHN T. BURKE, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.  
JAMES B. BROWN, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.  
MARGARET ANGLER, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.  
O. A. BOGUE, Orleans, Ontario.  
Persons having business with any of the Inspectors will find them at the above address.  
JOHN DEYOUNG,  
Minister of Agriculture.

## EVERYBODY

Looks natty who wears one of **SIM'S** Nobby Fitting Suits.

And you can always get the **Union Label** 343 Queen St. West.

## PATENTS

Trade Marks and Designs Procured in all Countries. Special Attention Given to Patent Litigation. Pamphlet Sent Free on Application.

## Ridout & Maybee

103 Bay Street, Toronto.

## Hotel Majestic

824 Queen West (Cor. Hackney). J. J. CLARK, Proprietor (Late Dominion Express Co.)

## A Nice Bundle OF CLEAN LINEN

Makes Anyone Cheerful. There's something regenerating to a tired body in just the very look of snowy, sweet-scented linen. Why not have us do your work regularly and then you can rely on the quality. Try us with your next order.

## The Perfection Laundry Co.

607 Queen West. Don't Forget It.

## Important Notice

We have secured the Sole Agency for the famous **OSHKOSH OVERALL** Union Label Cap to Match. None better in the world. Every Garment guaranteed.

## JOHN A. QUINN

Cor. Queen & Northcote Ave.

## Not a Day Too Soon To See About the New Suit or Clothing LABOR DAY

**D. G. DOUGLAS & CO.** Custom Tailors. 346 QUEEN WEST. MAIN 2862. Will make you Happy, Comfortable and Just Right at a Very Moderate Price.

## Eat Babbit Metal

Hercules is powerfully good for your machinery.

## CANADA METAL CO.

Manufacturers. 31 WILLIAM ST., TORONTO.

## PATENTS FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO TORONTO, CANADA.

## HANLAN'S POINT

The Favorite Summer and Amusement Resort. **BIG FREE SHOW** Every Afternoon and Evening.

## SACRED BAND CONCERTS

Every Sunday Afternoon and Evening With Solos.

## Boats from Yonge and Brock Sts.

## NIAGARA RIVER LINE

Steamers CHICOORA, CHIPPEWA, CORONA. 5 Trips Daily (Except Sunday). Steamers leave Yonge Street Wharf (east side) at 7 a.m., 9 a.m., 11 a.m., 2 p.m. and 4:40 p.m.

## NIAGARA LEWISTON and QUEENSTON

connecting with Central and Hudson River R.R., Michigan Central R.R., International Ry. (Can. Div.), and Niagara Gorge Ry. R. W. FOLEY, Manager.

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Courses by mail in Industrial Chemistry, Electricity, Commercial Work, Etc. Write or call to-day. Address—40-46 King Street West, Toronto, Ont.

## EDUCATION THE REMEDY.

The salvation of the world is in useful scientific education. All progress comes from the brain. People must be taught their true relations to each other.

All those who do no useful work must be supported by those who do, and to keep the workers in ignorance is the chief business of the drones and parasites.

If truthful instruction could be given in hygiene, law and theology, resolving the complex into the simple, real earnest workers would take the place of useless fakirs.

If political economy and its true relation to history was understood and taught to our children, capitalism would disappear forever and a new race of men and women arise whose work would bless the world.

The stuffing of children's brains with dead languages and the shony polish which aims to emulate the rich and select classes will produce codices, snobs, loafers and finally criminals.

Let children be taught that one kind of labor is as honorable as another—there are no classes in labor—and that the most cowardly dishonest act is to live on the labor of others. The intellectual robber who preys on his brothers and sisters who have weaker brains is a worse criminal than the physical robber who overcomes by brutal force.

Useless education has the approval of all those who prey on honest toil. They have not dared to oppose openly, but cunningly suppress education that does not educate. Ignorance is the whip with which they keep their slaves in subjection.

Some system should be inaugurated to instruct children in what the greatest and noblest have said and done. Lectures on the great poets, philosophers and scientists should be given, and the truth told by honest professors whose jobs do not depend on the whim of some millionaire whose enjoyment a college is fishing for. Millions who would lay their lives rather than submit to physical slavery cheerfully give their minds into bondage—carelessly toss their souls to the god of gold.

Not while a single human mind owns a master can slavery cease to cast its shadow on the world.

**WHY OF COURSE.** Mr. Justice Falconbridge continued an injunction against the Globe newspaper last Thursday, restraining the paper from publishing an advertisement to carriage makers, stating that a strike is on in Toronto. John Dixon & Co. carriage makers, who have had trouble with their men, applied for the injunction. The advertisement was inserted by the local union in order to keep men away from Toronto. Mr. Falconbridge did not decide upon the merits of the case at all, but simply continued the injunction till the date of trial.



John Yates

RUNS THE ONLY UNION BARBER SHOP ON SPADINA AVE. WHERE YOU CAN SEE THE UNION CARD AND WHO EMPLOYEES UNION MEN.

386 Spadina Ave.

Merchant Tailors

Using this Label are fair to organized labor.



Tailors Union ask that you patronize the following firms.

- James Sim 343 Queen St. W. D. G. Douglas & Co. 346 Alex. Ross 1134 J. Smith 216 J. J. Ward & Co. 1298 Smith & Co. 286 J. Dunlop 164 Queen St. E. Geo. Barnes 723 H. N. Morrison Toronto Junction Warren & Ham. Victoria Chambers A. J. J. 19 Richmond St. E. C. McClure, Room 10, 11 Richmond St. E.

Gold Seal EXPORT LAGER.

Is the very finest beer made in Canada - If you try it, just once you'll say so. Nearly every dealer has it - those who have not will get it for you if you insist.

The Sleeman B. & M. Co., Limited, Guelph, Canada.

THE CHAS. ROGERS & SONS CO.

Furniture and Upholstery Mantles, Grates, Tiles INTERIOR WOOD WORK 97 YONGE ST.

Dominion Brewery Company



484 QUEEN ST. W.

I respectfully inform all Trades Unionists and their friends that I have a full line of MEN'S SUITS MEN'S PANTS MEN'S OVERALLS, SHIRTS, Etc.



R. R. SOUTHCOMBE Tailor & Clothier 484 QUEEN STREET WEST Cor. Denison Ave.

LABOR WORLD

News and Views of the Ever Advancing Army of Workers

RE UNIFORM

Montreal trades unionists have decided to start a labor paper, printed in the French language.

VISITORS FROM ALL PARTS AT THE ISLAND, MONDAY, SEPT. 7TH.

A letter from a Labor Gazette correspondent contains the following interesting information in reference to the demand in some quarters for increased allowance to correspondents:

There are now about twenty quarrymen's unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, as federal unions, for the Executive Council to have under consideration the formation of a quarrymen's international union.

LABOR DAY, MONDAY, SEPT. 7TH. PICNIC AND GAMES AT THE ISLAND.

In spite of the Shous Regulation Act, which prohibits barber shops from being open and plying their trade at Niagara Falls, Ont., barbers have been doing a good Sunday trade. The police have notified them all that in the future anyone caught violating the act will be prosecuted.

"Speaking of politics—the man who takes no interest usually lacks principle."—Blacksmiths' Journal. It all depends on what Brer. Slocum means by "politics." If he means "party politics," unionists disagree with him. If he means politics—the science of government—then they agree. Trade unionists stand for the latter.

REMEMBER YOUR DAY AT THE ISLAND, MONDAY, SEPT. 7TH.

The Hamilton labor correspondent is in receipt of a communication in which Miss K. M. Lizar, Missnaga Hotel, Gravenhurst, Ont., makes the following inquiry: "About what is the value of the machinery and general industrial plant introduced into Hamilton within the last twelve or eighteen months, and about what is the general effect on prosperity of the local market?"

VISITORS FROM ALL PARTS AT THE ISLAND, MONDAY, SEPT. 7TH.

Six years in state prison may appear a severe sentence, recently meted out to Lawrence Murphy, ex-treasurer of the Stonecutters' Union of New York City, who was charged with accepting bribes, thereby selling out his fellow-workers. In times of war anyone caught selling out to the enemy is branded as a traitor, and unceremoniously taken out and shot.

LABOR DAY, MONDAY, SEPT. 7TH. PICNIC AND GAMES AT THE ISLAND.

"Be sure your sins will find you out." A delegate (under suspicion) to the recent convention of the Brotherhood of Trainmen accidentally dropped a note book which was picked up by one who was watching him. The book was an official note book of the Third Detective Agency of New York and contained convincing evidence of his guilt. These are the men being employed by the Employers' Associations, of which D. M. Parry and John J. Kirby are the leading spirits.

REMEMBER YOUR DAY AT THE ISLAND, MONDAY, SEPT. 7TH.

At the last session of the Executive Council of the A. F. of L., upon the application of the local unions of hat tip printers, whose membership comprises 90 per cent. of these workers, to form an international union of hat tip printers, it was moved and adopted that President Gompers issue a call for a convention of delegates from the local unions of hat tip printers at such time and place as may be arranged through correspondence with the unions for the purpose of forming an international union.

The action of the Hamilton Trades Council in condemning the practice of housing operators on factory premises, when a local canning factory brought a lot of women from Buffalo some time ago and allowed them to lodge on the premises, did not end there. By seeking the advice of the Ontario factory inspector and further agitation, it has been made illegal for any person or persons to lodge on domestic factory premises. Another amendment also provides that horses must be kept separate from bake shops, laundries and factory premises.

"Why Some Strikes Have Been Lost" is the title of an editorial in the Woodworker, and some good reasons are given, among which are: "Such strikes as the Chicago laundry workers, the waiters and freight handlers could easily have been satisfactorily adjudicated had the advice of experienced unionists been heeded. But the new trade unionist rushes in where more experienced men fear to tread, and a compromise that would be satisfactory to a veteran in the movement is spurned with contempt by the recent convert."

At the regular meeting of Executive Assembly, 2305, K. of L., on Saturday evening the Secretary was instructed to write to the Secretary of the Congress of Chambers of Commerce to call attention to the fact that the hundreds of labor unions throughout the empire have been ignored out of the meetings of the Congress; also to point out the injustice of the immigration policy which floods the labor market with the cheapest of cheap labor, while the capitalist manufacturer often has protection to the extent of fifty per cent.

There are few concerns in the United States who employ as many members of different trades unionists exclusively as the firm of Whitehead & Herz, butchers and badge manufacturers, of Newark, New Jersey. They employ members of Typographical Union No. 131, Bookbinders No. 18, Lithographers No. 1, Carpenters and Joiners No. 119, Carpenters and Joiners No. 120, Brass Polishers and Buffers No. 44, Photo-Engravers No. 28, Toolmakers No. 350, National Lithograph Artists, Engravers and Designers' League of America, Stationary Engineers No. 68, National Brotherhood of Electrical Workers No. 52.

UNIFORM WAGES

A Uniform Benefit to Employer, Employee and the Public Generally.

The early system of American industry was relatively stable; the present is as changeable and as threatening a craft as the shifting surface of the half-frozen Polar sea.

The writer of the complaint against the locking of the door of a Hamilton knitting mill may help the girls by notifying the factory inspector, as the factory act prohibits the locking of doors while employees are on the premises.

Iron Molders' No. 26, of Hamilton, has assessed its members 25 cents per week, to assist the Toronto Molders, on strike at the Canada Foundry Company. The amount totals about \$100 weekly.

The despatches state that Senator Bruce's bill respecting free labor was further amended and made more stringent. The senators may make the dose so strong that it may, when it reaches the Commons, act like an overdose of poison, and not kill, that which it was intended.

"My personal experience in the matter is that I made out seven or eight schedules last month, as well as my regular correspondence. I was also forced by instructions to go to a neighboring town for information, and was not allowed expenses, making a very heavy amount of work, for which I received, net, about \$6.50 for the month."

The walking delegate seems to be a terrible nightmare in the minds of editors and reporters who are under the control of local organized capital. With all his faults, the walking delegate is a gentleman and a scholar—when compared to the business agent of a trust who bribes legislators and hires ignorant members to vote for cure of corruption.—Florida Labor Journal.

The National Foundrymen's association thought it an easy matter to induce about 200 Scotch and English molders, under false pretences, to come to Canada and act as strike breakers. But when "Sandy" and "Jack" arrived in Canada and found a strike on, they said "we fought side by side with the Canadian boys in South Africa, and now we do not intend to fight against them."

The Amalgamated Society of Carpenters' annual report for the year 1902 shows that the union disbursed the following amounts in benefits: Unemployed, \$234,315; sick benefits, \$194,450; death benefits, \$34,000; accident benefits, \$21,375; replacing tools, \$18,700; strike benefits, \$10,385, \$210,385. To superannuated members, \$122,420 has been paid. Grants from the benevolent fund to members in distressed circumstances amount to \$21,085, making a total disbursement of benefits to members during the year 1902 \$817,335, nearly one million dollars.

The International Woodworker official organ of that body appears in a new dress, instead of the previous large paper form. It is now a weekly magazine, and is a credit to Thomas I. Kidd, who edits the same. It contains a London letter from Thomas Reece, a Washington letter, several well-written editorials, a mail bag, and several pages of technical information, which cannot but be helpful to the craft, as several designs and cuts accompany the information. The cut of D. D. Mulahy, grand president, well known to Hamilton unionists, adorns one of the pages. There are about eight pages of German matter for the German members of the International union.

China has often been pointed to as the country without strikes or lockouts. This can no longer be done. Although in a crude form, the Chinese have started to organize, not into trade unions, but into guilds. But this is perhaps only the beginning, and in a few years even the "heaven Chinese" may not be compelled to work in his native land for 3 cents a day. In Canton alone, there are 75 recognized guilds, many of them with a membership well up into the thousands. Each city has its separate guilds, there being no federation of the trades through the empire. The employers claim regular hours of labor, food furnished by employer, wages and general treatment of his workers. At Hong Kong, where members of Canton, Amoy and Swatow guilds work in close cooperation between the members of these guilds, even to the extent that workmen of a certain trade will not return the next day if a member of any guild is put to work with them.

Questions arise in this age of surprise. That are stranger than truth or fact. But the tough nut to crack and make our brains rack. Is the question of trade jurisdiction. About two-thirds of the time at the last session of the executive council meeting of the A. F. of L. was taken up with jurisdiction hearings. The painters and decorators protested against the amalgamated glass workers doing putty glazing. The painters and decorators also protested against the carriage and wagon workers painting vehicles. The broommakers claimed jurisdiction over the brushworkers. Bricklayers and masons over tuck-pointers and front cleaners; maintenance of way employees over crossing watchmen; stationary engineers over engineers in breweries (who now belong to the brewery workers); international association metal mechanics over machinists' helpers (who are now admitted into the international association of machinists); woodworkers over carpenters, and vice versa; glass bottle blowers over flint glass workers; team drivers over teamsters, etc., etc. And so the merry war goes on. Trades unions should copy the capitalists—when they want jurisdiction they simply merge, and that settles it.

When the slaves begin to think, the masters begin making war maps. When some man gets too much, some other man gets too little. The Globe, of Fall River, Mass., calculates that war claims forty million victims every century.

THE TOILER

Consolidation of Public Works

By an act passed at the 1901 session of the Ontario Legislature a Bureau of Labor has been established for the purpose of collecting, compiling and publishing information relating to Employment, Wages, Hours of Labor throughout the Province, Co-operation, Strikes, or other Labor Difficulties; Trades Unions, Labor Organizations, Industrial and Sanitary conditions of wage workers, and the permanent prosperity of the industries of the Province, as the Province may be able to gather.

For which purpose the co-operation of Labor Organizations and others interested in the general prosperity of the Province is invited.

F. R. LATCHFORD, Commissioner of Public Works

R. GLOCKLING, Secretary The Labour Bureau

expended? No difference what kind of money was used in making exchange, no one would have any money unless he did something to deserve it. And this condition of equality would continue as long as all men had free access to the only source of wealth. Is this not true? Now let us make a slight but most vital change. Give half a dozen of us the keys to the doors of this storehouse of raw material, what will be the result? Will we not have in our control the lives and happiness of all the others? Shall we not have the power to extract from the producers all they make, except a poor living? Let invention go so far in aiding labor to produce wealth as human mind can imagine could not we, who hold the keys, still take all but a bare living? And in case of short crops or failure, would not the producers be compelled to borrow of us key-holders? And as debts increased and invention lessened the amount of labor required to produce wealth, things would be cheaper. Then would it not be in order for some one to turn reformer and advocate the making of more money—money that would not buy so much, but would pay their obligations to the monopolizers with less labor? And if they succeeded in getting more money, or cheaper money, or would not prices soon adjust themselves to the new or more money, and while it would enable them to liquidate their present indebtedness, would not future obligations be just as hard to pay as the present ones are now? Would more money decrease the share of wealth taken by the key-holders and increase the share going to the producers? For you cannot make a people rich or prosperous by giving them cheap money or high wages (measured in money). Give them free raw material, free access to land.

R. T. Sudler, 415 Everett Ave., Kansas City, Kan.

A PARABLE (From The Public.)

In the early springtime a certain man, whose name was Labor, planted seeds of gain in a field, the name of which was Opportunity.

Then Nature, who was Labor's mother, sent sunshine and warmth, the rain and the dew, and behold, the seeds sent forth tiny shoots, and the man Labor was exceeding glad.

The growing plants he nourished tenderly, like unto his own children; and in their youth he christened them Wealth and Capital.

Now, when another moon had passed, behold certain straggling plants grew in the field of Opportunity, and their name was Monopoly plants, though the man knew it not. For when the man Labor was a little feller he went with the other little fellers to a certain Rocky Peller's school, in which great and wise men taught the little fellers many strange and wondrous things.

Now it happened the wise men lived on Monopoly plants, and the great man who built the school—he, too, lived on the same strange food; and the Monopoly plants lived on the plants of Wealth and the Capital plants which the man Labor had planted.

So the wise men fooled the little feller, and taught them to call all plants in the field Opportunity, Wealth and Capital plants.

Now the man was filled with a great hate for Monopoly plants; and he cursed the wise men of his youth with a great curse, because they taught him all plants in the field of Opportunity were Capital plants. And he went with a great ho into the field to cut down the strange plants which had eaten of the fruit of his labor.

WE KNOW THE BOYS

and we know their needs thoroughly.

The youngster of 8 to 16 years, frequently knows, or thinks he knows, better than his parents what he wants for clothing.

If you will bring him to this store, you can turn him loose to select for himself with perfect confidence, because he cannot go wrong among the Suits of his size. There is nothing here that is even a little bit out of style; there is nothing here but what is thoroughly dependable in every seam; there is nothing here that you would be ashamed to see him dressed in, and there is nothing here but what is excellent value for the price.

THE LITTLE FELLOWS OF 3 to 10 YEARS

are cared for in exactly the same manner, and the variety of Sailor Blouse Suits, Russian Blouse Suits and Washable Suits is simply enormous. We invite you to come in at your earliest convenience and see the results of our preparations for this season. In this same department you will find every one of the little articles of Haberdashery that the boys will want for any occasion and each marked at the lowest possible price consistent with dependable quality.

Gough Bros.

Sellers of "Union Made Clothing."

Two Entrances: 186 Yonge St. and 6-8 Queen St. W. TORONTO.

"THE LABOUR BUREAU"

ONTARIO

By an act passed at the 1901 session of the Ontario Legislature a Bureau of Labor has been established for the purpose of collecting, compiling and publishing information relating to Employment, Wages, Hours of Labor throughout the Province, Co-operation, Strikes, or other Labor Difficulties; Trades Unions, Labor Organizations, Industrial and Sanitary conditions of wage workers, and the permanent prosperity of the industries of the Province, as the Province may be able to gather.

F. R. LATCHFORD, Commissioner of Public Works

R. GLOCKLING, Secretary The Labour Bureau

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# Nordheimer Piano

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 "Health and vigor depend upon the quality and quantity of the blood." HUMANITARIAN

The liver is the great secreting organ of the body, and when it fails to perform its office, bile accumulates and the blood becomes poisoned, causing many unpleasant symptoms, such as: dull, heavy, languid feeling; indigestion; a coated tongue; constipation; dizziness of the skin; rashes; and night sweats.

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 Have long been recognized as the superior treatment. These are made from the formula of an eminent Canadian physician, who has used the prescription in his practice for many years with most satisfactory results.

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 During the hot and trying months of August mothers need have no fear if baby is given Carter's Teething and Fever Powders for dealing and relief.

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# To the Rev. Ezra Nemechemiah

THIRD EPISTLE.

It is quite true, as you stated in a late sermon, that there is a flood of immigration now finding its way into the new territories of this country, and therefore do not wonder at the zeal you display in appealing for funds to send the necessary to these multitudes.

But what fills my mind with amazement is the fact that, while you are evidently very anxious to send men to preach, you give not the faintest hint as to the manner in which these missionaries will meet with in those new settlements.

There are two distinct ways of teaching goodness. One is to teach by the example of the children by inflicting cruel punishment, when the mere words of the catechism or the Bible were not fixed in the memory.

Nothing can exceed the grandeur of the faith with which religion deals. Let those truths once have their full realization in the government of humanity, and would we have the monstrous conditions which disgrace our civilization?

Now I ask you seriously, what good you expect to accomplish when you send a man to proclaim the doctrines of justice, equity, fair dealing and righteousness, when you at the same time send laws which set these doctrines at naught?

With the lips we proclaim one kind of gospel, and with our institutions we proclaim another. In this way every man has a chance for self employment. No man under that system was compelled to beg a brother of the earth to give him leave to toil.

THE NATIONAL LIFE.  
 The late Professor Drummond, in his "Natural Law in the Spiritual World," says that "Life is the sum total of the functions which resist death."

# ADAMS Store Closes 5.30 To-day at.

## AUGUST Furniture Sale

THE big Sale got away to a good start—people were waiting for the doors to open and they weren't long in snapping up some of the best of the Specials advertised for opening days—you know where values are biggest—you know where stocks are largest—you know where you can make your dollars go the farthest—that's the secret of your buying at ADAMS. Watch our Store News every day, it will be interesting—compare values—compare prices—we court it.

A DAY WITH THE COUCHES  
 Couch upholstered in tapestry, fringed all round, spring head and seat. August Sale price, 5.25  
 Couch covered in velours spring seat, fringed, covered in velours and seat. August Sale price, 5.90  
 Couch in best velours, spring edge, buttoned top, fringed all round, 6 feet 2 inches long and 36 inches wide. August Sale price, 7.90  
 Couch in velours, fringed all round, 6 feet 2 inches long and 36 inches wide, spring head and seat. August Sale price, 8.25  
 Couch upholstered in best figured velours, fringed all round, spring seat and head, 36 inches wide, 6 feet 2 inches long, August Sale price, 8.75  
 Couch in solid oak frame, upholstered in best velours, spring edge, buttoned top, fringed all round, 6 feet 2 inches long and 36 inches wide. August Sale price, 8.75  
 Couch upholstered in velours, spring seat and head, 36 inches wide, 6 feet 2 inches long, August Sale price, 8.75  
 Adjustable Bed Lounger, drop back, deep velours, August Sale price, 16.50  
 Same in tapestry covers, 14.50

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 VISIT THE MODEL HOUSE  
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 Running Shoes and Canvas Bals in all sizes in Men's, Women's and Childrens, from 40c up to \$1.50  
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Blacksmiths' Tools  
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 Call or write.  
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CANADA'S LIVE STOCK AND FORESTRY.  
 An Exhibit at the World's Fair, in which the Canadian Live Stock and Wood Pulp Industries are Lead-Features.

World's Fair Grounds, St. Louis, Mo., July 21.—Mr. Henry Wade, of Toronto, Ontario, the Registrar of Live Stock for Canada, writes F. D. Coburn, Chief of the Exposition's Department of Live Stock, as follows:  
 "We are working up a large exhibit for your exhibition next year; have already written on Hon. Sydney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, asking him for a large grant of money, which I hope and expect we will receive."  
 "Canada made an exhibit of rare excellence at the World's Columbian Exposition in 1893," says Col. C. F. Mills, Secretary of the Live Stock Department, "and is not a few of the classes received the larger portion of the prize money. In addition to the prizes given by the Provincial Government, Canadian exhibitors at Chicago, the Columbian man-

# THE TOILER

agament awarded prizes to the breeders of Ontario and Quebec as follows:—On cattle, \$3,900; horses, \$1,305; sheep, \$5,200; swine, \$1,395; total, \$11,800.  
 "The prize fund provided for the live stock exhibit at the World's Fair—year will be nearly three times as large as the amount awarded at Chicago in 1893, and the skillful breeders of Canada, of whom there are many, can be depended upon to exhibit stock of such superior quality as to justify the large increase in the liberal share of the quarter of a million of dollars set apart by the Louisiana Purchase Exposition for stock shown at St. Louis in 1904."

Canadian breeders have never been backward in carrying off prizes. At Chicago, the premium list was \$160,000 of which \$20,300 went to the Canadian breeders. Of the prepared wood pulp the total value of prizes was \$40,000, and the Canadians secured 15 per cent. At St. Louis they expect to do still better and it wouldn't be at all surprising to secure one-fifth of the whole award.

As already stated, Canada intends to spring a surprise at the Exposition next year with her exhibit of lumber and pulp. Of the prepared wood pulp the people of the United States, perhaps, is the record of Canada in the wood pulp industry last year. The Statistical Year Book of Canada, just published and compiled by George Johnson, F.R.S., the official statistician of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, summarizes the wood pulp industry as follows:

The wood pulp industry of Canada for the calendar year 1902 was carried to by thirty-five mills which had an output of 240,989 tons of wood pulp. Of this quantity 155,210 tons were mechanical pulp, 74,735 sulphite and 9,044 soda. The corresponding quantities for 1901 were: Mechanical, 169,360 tons; sulphite, 84,500 tons; and soda, 10,740 tons. The total value of the output of 1902 was \$4,383,182.

The growth of the industry is considerable. In the census of 1881 there were five establishments, with an output of \$63,000. In 1891 there were twenty-four, with an output of \$1,571,317. The census returns for 1901 have not yet been tabulated. For 1902 the returns to the statistical branch preparing the Year Book, show an output of thirty-five establishments with an output of \$4,383,182.

Of the product of Canadian mills the returns show that during the calendar year 1902 the export amounted to \$2,511,664, leaving \$1,871,518 for home use. In a general way, therefore, Canada exports about 57 per cent. of her production.

The market for this product in the United Kingdom is large. In the calendar year 1902 the requirements of Great Britain were of the value of \$11,671,367, of which the seven Canadian mills supplied about 8 1/2 per cent. of the total. Canada's export in 1902 to Great Britain was about 5 1/2 per cent. of her needs.

# DOMINION EXHIBITION 1903 - TORONTO - 1903

AUG. 27th to SEPT. 12th  
 The Agricultural, Manufacturing and Natural Resources of Canada will be exhibited on a scale never before attempted.  
 DAILY PARADES OF LIVE STOCK

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 OF IRISH MANUFACTURE  
 A CARNIVAL IN VENICE  
 W. K. McNAUGHT, President  
 J. O. ORR, Manager and Secretary

# UNION MEN Chew the BEST BRITISH NAVY

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ALIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL TORONTO  
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 Thomas Ross, 725 Queen East  
 Mail Job Print, 17 King St.  
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 Miss Hinchman, 34 King West  
 Witherby Print. Co., 74 Walsley St.  
 The Star Printing Co., 25 Adelaide West  
 E. Barber & Co., 34 Front West  
 The Toiler, 87 Adelaide West  
 Wm. H. Apley, 44 Temple St.

non-sense rule by which to raise public revenues without robbing anyone to do it. If agreed on national law, let us investigate for truth. The fact that government takes ground rent for taxes does not make a man a renter any more than paying his taxes does under the present system, where only a part of ground rent is taken. How could the public appropriation of a public fund constitute the government a landlord oppressor? When government fails to collect the fund, but permits certain individuals to appropriate what belongs equally to all, then government becomes an oppressor through inaction with robbery. When government takes what belongs to the individual, it commits direct robbery. The only excuse for such conduct would be the necessities of war. When all could get the all the valuable land they wanted to use, the fear of poverty would vanish, and the desire for the esteem of our fellows would dominate us, bringing about a condition when war and other crimes would disappear.

A HIGH-GRADE SCHOOL  
 THE BRITISH AMERICAN BUSINESS COLLEGE, Y. M. C. A. Building, Toronto, offers exceptional advantages to young men and women preparing for business life. It is the only college in the city teaching the famous Gregg Shorthand. This system of shorthand, because of the ease with which it is acquired, has created very favorable conditions. The College is in affiliation with the Institute of Chartered Accountants. A catalogue giving full particulars of the different courses may be had upon application to J. W. Westervelt, C.A. Principal.

# Vol. III. No. 36

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Union Label Cap to World  
 None better in the market. Every Garment guaranteed.

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Not a Day Too Soon  
 To See About the New Suit or Clothing  
 You need before LABOR DAY

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 Custom Tailors  
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 Will make you Happy, Contented and Just. Right again.  
 Very Moderate Prices.

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 Strengthens and Tones up the Nervous System  
 25 and 50 Cents  
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