

ROSSLAND WEEKLY MINER.

Per Year \$2.50.

ROSSLAND, B. C., THURSDAY, JULY 16, 1903

Eighth Year, Number 37

THE WEEK'S MINE NEWS

Full Working Week Increases Shipments Substantially.

Jumbo on Shipping List—Review of Week's Work.

An uninterrupted week's operations at the mines had the effect of bringing the production of ore up to normal dimensions. Something over 1000 tons of ore was mined every day last week and shipped to the smelters treating Rossland's product. This is a substantial improvement over the previous week's record, when holidays interfered so seriously with mining operations. The 1000 tons average will bring the camp's aggregate for the year many thousands in advance of last year's mark.

The Spitzee is now actually at work underground, and a few days hence will employ a crew of twenty men or thereabouts on the property. The Jumbo has made its first shipment of ore and is loading steadily with a view to continued shipments. Both the Jumbo and Kootenay mines will increase their output when teams are available for enhanced activity, and the same applies to the Velvet mine, which has, perhaps, suffered more severely from the lack of shipping facilities than any other property in the camp. At the Gold Hill property work has been commenced, and a bright future is predicted for the mine, in view of the excellent values carried in its vein.

In connection with concentration, advances have been made. Le Roi Two works have progressed rapidly, every effort is being made to take full advantage of the excellent weather now prevailing. At Silica the War Eagle-Centre Star mill is operating regularly, and the announcement during the week that the White Bear company is applying for water rights at the Canadian Smelting Works on an Trail creek is taken as evidence that the White Bear's plans for the construction of milling works are even more advanced than was generally supposed.

THE OUTPUT.

Shipments from the Rossland camp for the week ending July 10th and for the year to date are as follows:	Week	Year
Le Roi	8840	96,280
Centre Star	1470	43,678
War Eagle	1170	30,945
Kootenay	270	3,140
Le Roi No. 2	450	14,992
Velvet	125	3,201
Giant	60	635
Jumbo	100	100
I. X. L.	20	20
White Bear	25	25
O. K.	20	20
Homestake	90	90
Totals	7485	192,228

AMONG THE MINES.

SPITZEE—The new compressor and hoisting machinery having been thoroughly tested and given satisfaction, underground operations were started early in the week. Two shifts are engaged in carrying the main shaft down from the 100 station, and when a depth of fifteen or twenty feet is secured it is proposed to construct the bulkhead for the protection of the men in the shaft and commence drifting on the first level. Eight men are now engaged, and about twice as many more will be at work in the course of the week.

KOOTENAY—Two additional machinists were added to the force at the Kootenay mine during the week, this being rendered necessary by the action of the management in commencing a big sill floor on the fourth level. Stopping is under way on the second, fourth and intermediate levels as usual, and as much ore as the teams can handle is being carried ahead steadily. A small tonnage is being drawn daily from the No. 1 dump. At the smelting works in Northport all six furnaces are operating steadily, with the prospect that at a comparatively early date the supply of coke will be drawn exclusively from East Kootenay, with consequent large reductions in the costs of treating ores.

LE ROI TWO—No variation from the usual program is reported for last week. The Josie and No. 1 mines are being operated steadily, and work is progressing rapidly on the company's milling plant. It is generally believed that the expiration of the company's contract for the sale of ore next month

may have an important effect on the interior economy of the mine, in the direction of increasing production.

WAR EAGLE-CENTRE STAR—Mining, development and stopping along the usual lines are reported from the Centre Star and War Eagle mines without any variation or incident of note.

GIANT—Bad weather interfered somewhat with the output of Giant ore, but a good tonnage was brought down on the days when teaming was possible. At the property development and stopping are progressing, operations being confined principally to the first level.

VELVET—The past week saw renewed activity at the Velvet mine, with reported excellent results. Ore is being teamed to the railroad for shipment to the Northport smelter as rapidly as the available teams can handle the product.

O. K. & I. X. L.—The reports from the west end free gold properties is that in both the lessees are making good progress with development and stopping under way, and that additional shipments may be expected at an early date.

GOLD HILL—J. S. Bedier is opening up the property on a small scale as yet, and will probably devote his attention to getting out a trial shipment at a comparatively early date from the excellent showing in the shaft.

NICKEL PLATE—Pumping is still under way at the mine. Last week a couple of days were lost through a slight accident to the engine, but the damage was quickly repaired, and hauling is progressing actively. The water is practically down to the sixth level, and complete unwatering will not be deferred.

WHITE BEAR—Considerable surface and underground work is under way at the property, a crew of twenty-four being employed. It is expected that sinking will now be under way shortly.

BOUNDARY SHIPMENTS.

Last week the Granby smelter treated 5391 tons, making a total of 160,023 tons for the year.

	Week	Total
Granby	1757	170,121
Mother Lode	2352	52,587
Snowshoe	1740	27,560
B. C.	630	17,065
Emma	360	9,776
Sunset	1216	7,165
Providence		612
Althea	140	140
E. Pluribus Unum		108
Oro Denoro	60	60
Totals	14,595	235,365

CELEBRATION DATES

WILL PROBABLY BE AUGUST 25th AND 26th—SETTLED TODAY.

The dates for the Rossland celebration in honor of the Canadian Pacific employees' picnic will probably be August 25th and 26th. These days are the last Tuesday and Wednesday in the month, and are recommended by the trainmen for various cogent reasons. A telegraphic dispatch has been sent to ascertain if the dates specified are to be final, and the reply to this query will be in hand before tomorrow night's meeting of the general committee.

The general committee will, therefore, be in a position to proceed without delay with the details of the celebration. Conductor James G. Irving, chairman of the Trainmen's committee in connection with the picnic, writes Mayor Dean, honorary chairman of the general committee, to the effect that he received great encouragement during his trip through the Boundary country, and that he is satisfied that the Canadian Pacific will be taxed to its utmost to handle the crowds that will flock into the Golden City on celebration day. For the express purpose of accommodating the Boundary people Mr. Irving avoided Friday and Saturday as celebration days, as the Boundary people could not get home on Sunday.

He states that from his canvass of the country he finds the proposed picnic a cross match will be the all-powerful attraction for the celebration. A ball game between all-Canadian and all-American nines would also be an excellent feature, while many approving references were made to the proposed firemen's races and tug-of-war. Throughout his trip through the country he states he found people enthusiastic on the subject, and predicts a great success for the celebration. The Trainmen are ready to start advertising the attraction at once.

The time intervening before the proposed dates gives ample opportunity to complete all arrangements.

IT'S GREAT!

What Rossland Mining Men Think About Boundary Country.

Andrew G. Larson, E. M., returned to the city last night from Boundary, whether he went a few days ago on a combined business and pleasure trip. While in Boundary Mr. Larson visited the Oro Denoro mine, through the kindness of Robert Anderson, superintendent, and expressed the opinion that the showing on the property is most remarkable; he has never seen anything as promising during his professional career. At Phoenix Mr. Larson was shown over the Granby properties by William Yolen Williams, at the Mother Lode he was the guest of Mr. Keffer, and at Boundary Falls smelting works he was personally conducted by Albert J. Goodell, general manager. "It's a wonderful country," is Mr. Larson's succinct opinion of the Boundary with its great ore-producing mines. Mr. Larson leaves this morning for Lardeau to examine several properties

General News Of the Kootenay

EAST KOOTENAY.

A terrible accident took place on the steep incline leading to No. 1 mine last week at Morrissey, in which Grant Howard Wilson was instantly killed, and George Grant received very serious injuries. The men were engaged in conveying timbers up the hill to the mine by means of a steam hoist.

The Crow's Nest Coal brewery at Morrissey is now ready for business, and will soon have its product on the market. The brewery has a capacity of 30 barrels a day.

A night school is being established at Morrissey.

James Lightley has received the appointment of check-weighman for the miners. The appointment meets with general approval.

Coal Creek Mines can now boast of having one of the finest bands in this section of the country. Some of them are realists. Why not let us enjoy a little more of their music these fine evenings?

The Crow's Nest Coal company is still busy on its new houses. Some of them are nearing completion, and from all accounts will not be long without occupants on account of location.

George Goldie has been appointed mining recorder, pro tem, for the Fort Steele mining district.

So far 272 names have been registered on the voters' list at Golden. This is considered about sixty per cent of the total vote.

Reports from the upper Columbia country are to the effect that the crops in that section are a decided success.

THE SLOCAN.

The American Boy is shipping to Everett.

Three men are working on the McAllister property.

The Ruth will soon have over 75 men on its payroll.

The force at the Mercury is to be increased to six men.

A long tunnel, 1500 feet or more, is to be run on the Antoine.

It is reported that the Reco mine will shortly resume operations.

The Rambler-Cariboo will put in a compressor about two miles from the mine. At this point by fluming two creeks a water supply can be obtained without excavation.

Ground sluicing continues on the Nancy Lee. This property is on Silver mountain, on the next ridge to the Hartney, and is owned by Messrs. Stege, Clever and Goetsche.

William Hunter has ten men at work on the Comstock and is already able to keep two ore sorters busy packing ore. On the surface between No. 4 and No. 5 tunnels ten inches of ore is exposed.

The Jackson mine, at McGulgan, has started up with a few men and the force will be increased before long. This property has paid \$20,000 in dividends and is owned by the Alexanders, and has been shut down a long time.

The Lorna Doone is being worked under lease and a good grade of ore is being mined and will shortly be placed on the shipping list. The property occupies ground between the Hewitt and Vancouver, which have good records as ore producers.

At the Wakefield mine work is being rushed in both the mine and mill. The concentrator is being remodelled under the supervision of Gus King of Spokane, a mill man of considerable experience both in Idaho and Colorado. When completed, the mill will handle from 100 to 150 tons of ore per day. At the mine sufficient ore is already blocked out to keep the mill running at full capacity the whole season.

J. Frank Colloom, of the Arlington mine, will make application to the gold commissioner on the 15th inst. for 400 inches of water to be taken from Springer creek. This move on the part of Mr. Colloom may be regarded as one of the main preliminaries looking to the establishment of the big mill for the economic treatment of Arlington ores.

The Sandon municipal council is taking steps to fill the vacancy in the board caused by the departure of Thomas Brown. A nomination meeting for the election of an alderman and school trustee will be held Monday, July 20th.

Work on the Hewitt is confined solely to development work. This consists of a continuation of the lower tunnel. The last 125 feet has all been in ore, the width of which is not known as the whole tunnel is in the ore, which has not been crossed.

The Ernest Mansfield outfit is in luck, an exceptionally promising strike having been made on the Black Hawk and Daisy claims, near Slocan City. While assessment work was being conducted a new ledge was uncovered in the face of a precipitous bluff. The new vein uncovered is six feet wide, carrying a quartz seam from 10 to 14 inch paystreak, heavily impregnated with ruby silver. Samples have been sent to the company in Europe, and if they should decide to open up the claims, it is said they would have a paying investment.

one leg was broken in two places, below the knee and near the ankle. He was sent to the hospital at New Denver and is doing nicely.

Frank Wells is reported to have cut a fine bunch of ore on the Hydrabad, situated on the south side of Springer creek. When the property was first located a big blowout of ore was found, which was subsequently dug out. The present find is said to appear permanent.

Trout fishing at Bear lake is in full swing. Big catches and fine sport occur daily.

The Boston mine continues to ship steadily, sending out its usual shipment of 100 tons a week.

The Lost Tiger, on Silver mountain, is showing up well. A new strike shows nine inches of galena.

Fourteen men are working at the Cork mine, the manager of which is driving a 900-foot tunnel.

Haying is in full swing in Sandon. E. M. Sandhills is harvesting his crop, yielding about two tons to the acre.

The Hartney shipped a car of ore this week and the property is expected to start extensive operations before long.

The Vancouver shipped a car of ore last week to the smelter. The property is under lease to W. R. Rathborne, of Silverton.

The Byron N. White company has entered into a contract with the Treat smelter for the Star output. Shipments will be renewed shortly.

THE BOUNDARY.

One shipment from the Lucile Dreyfus mine have been started to the Granby smelter.

The tunnel in the Ruby, near Boundary Falls, is now in about 100 feet and ore has been reached.

The third furnace for the Sunset smelter was shipped from Spokane last week, and will be put in place as soon as possible.

In June the Quip mine, Republic, shipped 89 cars of ore, 19 of which went to the Granby smelter, the balance being sent to the Tacoma smelter.

Thos. McDonnell and H. S. Simmons have entered a lease and bond on the Roderick mine, in Long Lake camp, and will start development work in a few days.

Development work has been started on the Betts and Hesperus claims in South Wellington camp, by the Chicago capitalists that recently took hold of the property.

Harry H. Shallenberger has resumed work on his Crescent claim in Sky-lark camp. This property is in the high grade belt, and the work already performed has made a splendid showing.

Returns for the last car of Providence ore gave \$225 per ton. The net weight of ore was 37,323 pounds; the gross value of which was \$4,256.27. The mineral contents per ton were: Gold 1.92 ounces, silver 37.58 ounces, and lead 6.39 per cent.

Last week the long expected 150 horse power boiler for the Snowshoe was received from the makers, the Jencks Machine company, of Sherbrooke, Que., and will be installed without delay. This is said to be the largest boiler yet installed at any mine in the Boundary.

At the last monthly payday at the Granby mines, the amount disbursed for wages was about the same as last month, or a trifle less than \$25,000. The Snowshoe's payday will run close to \$10,000 for the month.

The ore shipments from Republic to the Granby, Hall, Tacoma and Crofton smelters for the six months ending June 30th, 1903, aggregated a total of 371 cars. The average per car was 30 tons. This brings the tonnage up to 11,730, or 1950 tons per month. Of the total tonnage 4380 tons were shipped in June, which is most gratifying, as it shows the strides that are being made in the ore production of the camp.

W. H. Covert, a rancher near Grand Forks, is about to build a 5000 foot flume from the Fourth of July creek to his lower fruit orchard. The water will be used for irrigation purposes. The contract has been awarded to William Carter, the well known contractor of Grand Forks.

S. Spraggett superintendent of roads, silver river men started last week to extend the wagon road through Franklin camp, on the North Fork of the Kettle river. Work was started at the second rock slide, about 23 miles from Grand Forks. The government has appropriated \$5000 for the purpose. Later on the road will probably be extended to the coal fields.

THE LARDEAU.

A. E. Phipps, manager of the Revelstoke branch of the Imperial bank, accompanied by J. Macdonald, manager of the Ferguson branch of the same bank, spent Friday in Camborne. These gentlemen were looking over the situation with a view to establishing a branch of their institution in Camborne.

Good ore is being found on the Goldfly on Lexington mountain, near the Criterion. J. A. Gray, M. McMillan, John Ennest and John Lewis are working the property.

The Standard group on Meshinick creek, owned by Messrs. Beck & Marty, has turned out to be a splendid property. The Euille is looking very promising under present operations.

ning steadily and the result of the next clean-up is awaited with interest.

Framing is all completed at the Ophir-Lade stampmill and raising of the structure has commenced.

The DeBeers on Scott creek, owned by Gus Sandham and George Young, is showing up very well under the present development operations. A five-foot vein of grabbit was encountered a few days since, which adds materially to the future prospects of the property.

J. H. McDonald and A. Matheson, two well known Rosslanders, located a promising claim they have called the Rossland Belle, about five miles up Fish river, on Goat mountain. Samples which they brought to town from their outcrop consist of good looking quartz, similar in appearance to the gold bearing quartz of Lexington mountain. Mr. McDonald says there is a great field for prospectors here.

Mining in the vicinity of Goldfields is being most actively prosecuted and many developments show the richness of this, at present the only producing portion of Fish river camp. The North-western mill has been running steadily for some time and, when the clean-up is made, will surprise those who do not realize the presence of mountains of free milling gold quartz in this vicinity.

An important strike was made last week on two claims, owned by Clarence McDowell and Henry Bodine, the Darrell and Spangle. Although only a small amount of work has been done, a lead 14 feet wide has been uncovered and the specimens brought down show visible gold. The rock runs from \$75 to \$100 to the ton and the lead has been traced for a distance of 500 feet.

Another well known property in the vicinity, the Copper Dollar, situated on the Fish river side of Lexington mountain, is also being actively developed.

On the Pool creek side of Lexington mountain work is progressing steadily and it will be a very short time before the Eva and Ophir-Lade will become shippers. Further work on the Gravenhurst group, on Camborne mountain, has exposed ore bodies largely exceeding expectations, and altogether Fish river camp is making more than satisfactory progress.

Instructions have been given to have the wagon road from Beaton to Goldfields put into shape at once and this prompt action on the part of the government will result in the big free gold camp of the province being much more accessible than at present.

W. Roberts has built a handsome hotel at Goldfields, and is now ready for the travelling public.

Messrs. Brock and Boyd, of the Dominion geological survey, started last week on the geological survey of the Lardeau, of which a map will be issued by the department, and will be of immense value to mining men. The survey will take in the mineral belt from Fish creek to Kootenay lake, including the country around Camborne, Trout Lake and Ferguson, Mr. Atwood, on behalf of the Great Western and Silver Cup companies, has kindly offered them an assistance in his power. Mr. Brock has charge of the geological and Mr. Boyd of the topographical work.

COKE SHIPMENTS FOR JUNE, 1903.

	Tons	cwt	Tons	cwt
B. C. Copper Co.	1,901	10	63	08
Trail smelter	3,145	17	104	17
Granby smelter	4,798	05	159	19
Hall Mines	363	01	12	02
M. & Boston	1,771	05	69	07
Northport	1,243	17	41	09
	13,223	15	441	02

Coal shipped to C. F. Railway.

	Tons	cwt
From Fernie	6,658	12
From Michel	6,655	02
	13,223	15

NO LABOR TROUBLE.

"I see that many newspapers refer to possible trouble in East Kootenay on the labor question," remarked Mr. Tonkin, touching on another aspect of the situation, "but I wish to state that since the agreement between the company and its employees was signed I have had no visit from a grievance committee or any intimation that everything was not satisfactory to the employees. There has been such a complete absence of any hint of dissatisfaction, that I feel justified in stating that labor matters were never in better shape than at the present moment. Recently I advanced the wages of coke drawers from 80 to 85 cents on small ovens and to a dollar on the large ovens. Then the wages of surface employees have been advanced from \$1.85 to \$2.25. Both advances were altogether voluntary on the part of the company—the former schedule was set forth in the agreement for two years and the increase came from us without any solicitation on the part of the men. As to the agreement I may state that the company has not violated any of its items in word or deed, and the men have taken the same attitude.

"The increases to the men are responsible for the advance in coke from \$4.25 to \$4.50. We could not produce coke at a profit at the former price, in fact I may state that except for disposing of our slack I would much rather sell raw coal only and close up the coke business. At \$9 per ton for raw coal we are much better off than with coke at \$4.50, and the demand for coal is in excess of the output. I can understand to a large extent the criticism on the question of coke supply, and am prepared to admit that the Boundary people had ground for protest. It must always be borne in mind, however, that when a copper furnace is installed at a cost of \$20,000 or thereabouts we are compelled to erect 100 coke ovens to take charge of that one copper furnace. A coke oven costs up \$1000, so that our investment in 100,000 coke ovens smelter spends \$20,000. Nor can we put in a hundred ovens as rapidly as a smelter can install a furnace.

"However, the outlook is now excellent for ample coke for all smelters handling Canadian ores, with some to spare."

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PLENTY COKE QUITE SOON

So Says Manager John H. Tonkin of Crow's Nest Company.

Talks About the Conditions at the Big Collieries.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

"I am absolutely sure that by September 1st the Crow's Nest Coal company will not only have coke enough to supply the Canadian smelters and the Le Roi plant at Northport, but will have an excess for which a market will have to be sought in the United States. We have had our troubles in connection with increasing the coke supply, but the future looks bright now, and there is a steady increase in the output of coke and coal. This month we expect to produce 100,000 tons of coal. Coke ovens at Morrissey and Michel are rapidly nearing completion, and the first 100 ovens at Morrissey will be in operation this month. The balance, together with the new ovens at Michel, will be blown in during August, which justifies the prediction that the supply of coke will on September 1st be in excess of the demand in this country and at Northport."

This is from John H. Tonkin, general manager of the Crow's Nest Coal company.

Mr. Tonkin came into Rossland yesterday with Walter H. Aldridge, general manager of the Canadian Smelting Works at Trail. The Crow's Nest coal manager is on tour through the smelting centres. This morning he leaves for Grand Forks to go over the Granby works, and tomorrow he will visit Northport. The favorable report as to coke supplies will be received with gratification, especially in view of the probable large increase in the production of lead ore due to the operation of the bonny.

"Many people are curious to know what becomes of the coke we are now producing," remarked Mr. Tonkin, "but the figures for the month of June will show just how the output of the collieries and ovens was sent out. Following is the statement:

	Tons	cwt	Tons	cwt
From Fernie	6,658	12		
From Michel	6,655	02		
	13,223	15		

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July 9, 1903

Independence Day, we freed us from England. Independence let's declare our nation's tyrant snare, shake off this despotism that freed your name."

ce

Special bargains in all the books, and are headquarters for Idaho, Washington and Columbia stocks.

EDDIN-JACKSON Co.

Limited Liability. Established 1895. Rossland and Spokane Stock Exchange.

17 E. Columbia A. Wash. Rossland, B. C.

ET, FRASER RIVER AND BOO GOLD FIELDS, LIMITED, IN LIQUIDATION.

Properties to be Sold by Private Pursuant to the Directions of the Liquidators.

Group Mining Division—Group (better known as the New Group), comprising nine patented mineral claims, or fractions, situated on Great Northport, above Ferguson, B. C., with two blocks of land, Lot 114, situated just west of a townsite, and Lot 249, situated two miles north-easterly Ferguson on the North Fork of river, at the foot of Great mountain, situated on Galena bay, Upper lake. Three blocks of land in all, about 650 acres.

City of Spokane and "Northport" mineral claims, together with buildings and equipment thereon.

Neta mineral claim, crown-situated in what is known as "Camp," and the "Queen of mineral claim, crown-granted, and what is known as "Camp."

East Mining Division—Manark Group, comprising 15 patented mineral claims, or fractions, situated on the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway, near Selkirk, B. C.

Particulars and conditions of terms of tender (which are not in later than the 15th 1903), may be obtained gratis from liquidators, College Hill Chambers Hill, London, E. C., and Armstrong, Revelstoke, British Columbia.

15th June, 1903.</

TO CONTINUE THE STRIKE

The Decision Arrived at by Cumberland Coal Miners.

Developments in Fight for the Dunsmuir Property.

VICTORIA, July 9.—The majority of the Cumberland miners have decided to continue the strike, after having received a report from delegates who conferred with Moore at Ladysmith. About twenty, however, were dissatisfied with the outlook and have signified their intention of seceding from the union and resuming work next week. The Western Federation is distributing funds today to the extent of \$1000. The news that the government intends to enforce the coal mines act, excluding Chinese from coal mines, no doubt influenced the men to stay out. A double shift of Asiatics was put on to work in numbers five and six pits this week, thus greatly increasing the coal output.

Mackenzie King, who has been working with Chief Justice Hunter and Rev. Dr. Rowe on the royal labor commission's report, left last night with that document for Ottawa to present it to the minister. It is expected that it will be submitted to the house before the close of the session. The report is a unanimous one.

The big bill suit brought by Edna Wallace Hopper, the actress, against James Dunsmuir, ex-employer and mine owner, seeking to break the will of his brother, Alexander Dunsmuir, on the grounds of undue influence and incompetency, was further adjourned this morning. When the court reconvened this morning the plaintiff's counsel asked for an adjournment to allow for Sir Richard Musgrave, brother-in-law of James and the late Alexander Dunsmuir, coming from Ireland and a sister of the deceased Alexander Dunsmuir to come from Russia. Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, who has no status in the action, but is watching the interests of Mrs. Joan Dunsmuir, mother of the defendant, and other members of the Dunsmuir family, stated that these witnesses, who are held to be necessary by the plaintiff's side, are willing to come. The defendants objected to adjournment, producing an affidavit of an interview with Judge Coyne, who is watching Miss Hopper's interests in New York, in which Judge Coyne is alleged to have stated that he knew of this evidence, and the defence alleged that plaintiff's counsel should have secured it without delaying the action. Finally the case was adjourned until tomorrow on the understanding that callograms will be sent to the witnesses in Ireland and Russia, and if they express willingness to come, the action may be adjourned pending their arrival.

When the case of Edna Wallace Hopper vs. James Dunsmuir comes up again it is understood that Mrs. Joan Dunsmuir, mother of James Dunsmuir, and his sisters will join issue with the well known actress in the effort to break the will. Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper has been attending court as watching counsel for Mrs. Dunsmuir and the sisters of the defendant, and he requested that he be given a status in the action two days ago, but this request was refused, as the Dunsmuir family were not parties to the action.

A company has been formed here, headed by the Chemalun mills, to construct a five-masted schooner of 1600 tons at Chemalun.

IN DISTANT FIELDS

ROSSLAND MAN HOME FROM PORT SIMPSON AND SKEENA COUNTRY.

SOME DISAPPOINTMENTS ENCOUNTERED—UNRELIABLE BLUEBOOKS.

(From Friday's Daily.)

That government bluebooks sometimes are the very reverse of accurate is the testimony of John Stinson, a well known Rossland miner and prospector. Mr. Stinson is just home from a tour of the Port Simpson and Lower Skeena country. His mission was largely stimulated by certain statements in the provincial publications from the mines department. These statements he found to be absolutely incorrect and unreliable.

In other respects the trip was exceedingly interesting as a jaunt into virgin districts.

As a sample of the absolute unreliability of the bluebook on which he relied, Mr. Stinson states that in one instance a certain stream was described as having a seventy-foot waterfall of great volume one mile above its confluence with the Skeena river. A close search of the stream failed to reveal any waterfall at all. The report further stated that a large deposit of hematite existed at a certain point on a particular stream, but on reaching the ground Stinson couldn't find any trace of hematite, and afterwards learned absolutely that no such deposit existed. A third statement in the report was that Douglas fir existed in profusion throughout the country; Mr. Stinson speedily found there wasn't a stick of Douglas fir in the whole country. The explanation of these remarkable departures from accuracy and truth was that the government agent went to Port Essington and spent his time collecting information from Indians without making the slightest endeavor to verify the free and easy statements of the aborigines.

Describing his trip and his impressions of the country, Mr. Stinson says: "From Vancouver to Port Simpson is approximately 600 miles, and usually a four days' trip. Almost the entire course is through inland waters, between precipitous shores, and in many instances most picturesque. Port Simpson is a small, but ancient town of 600 inhabitants, prettily situated on what the residents assert to be the best harbor in northern British Columbia. The shore slopes gently from the harbor, and the area available for towmate purposes is probably many times greater than will ever be required. Everybody in the north knows John Finlay, who occupies the dual post of government agent and customs officer to the satisfaction of all concerned, while the Dominion government is further represented by a lady of more than ordinary capacity, who acts as telegraph operator and weather clerk. The present industries of the Skeena district are fishing and mining, both in a healthy condition.

"In common with other parts of British Columbia, the Skeena country suffers from unwise legislation. All the most promising sections are covered with reserves, for what purpose no one knows. The most outrageous reserve extends from Kitimat Arm to Hazelton, embracing some 4000 square miles, much of which is valuable for agricultural purposes. A second reserve covers Graham Island, forty by sixty miles, which is known to possess coal and oil. The information contained in the government bluebooks concerning the district I found to be absolutely unreliable in respect to the section dealing with the Hazelton river. From personal observation it is certain that the matter was never compiled by anyone who had been on the ground."

GRAND TRUNK ROAD

THE SCHEME LAID BEFORE THE LIBERAL MEMBERS IN CAUCUS.

A MAN AND A PAIL BREAK THROUGH THE CHAMBER CEILING.

OTTAWA, July 9.—There was a large attendance at the government caucus today, which was held in the new railway committee room on account of the other rooms being too small. The meeting started at 10:30 and adjournment was reached at 1 o'clock. The whole of the time was taken up with the Grand Trunk Pacific proposition. The premier outlined the project, which is practically the same as published. There were a good many suggestions thrown out in respect to details, but there was practically no opposition to the scheme. One prominent member present said after the close that everything passed off very satisfactorily, and that the proposed transcontinental line as arranged between the government and the Grand Trunk was endorsed. The bill granting aid will be introduced in parliament very soon.

The following have been awarded contracts for supplies to the British Columbia peninsula: Flour, R. F. Fitzthum & Co. and George Adams; fresh meat, Retchenbach company; coal, Gilley Brothers; sole leather, W. G. Fisher and E. E. Roseau; leather and findings, F. W. Knight; hardware sundries, R. F. Anderson & Co.; dry goods sundries, the Hamilton company; staples, the Hamilton company; groceries sundries and staples, George Adams; drugs, Parke & Parke; cats, Brackman-Ker Milling company; lumber, B. C. Mill, Timber and Trading

\$10,000 FOR OUR ARMORY

A Statement That This Sum Has Been Granted as Starter.

Speculation as to Date of Commencing the Construction.

(From Friday's Daily.)

The first definite statement as to the construction of the Rossland armory in the shape of an announcement that William A. Gallher, M. P., has succeeded in securing an initial grant of \$10,000 for the building. It is further stated that the vote has either passed the house or will be put through immediately, all of which is very satisfactory from the local viewpoint.

Speculation is now being indulged in as to the date of commencing construction.

The presumption is that under ordinary circumstances a month will intervene between the passage of the initial vote and the actual commencement of building operations. This time is said to be necessary for the receiving of tenders and the arrival of the successful tender on the scene. It is possible the time might be reduced in view of the fact that, so far as is known here, the plans for the building are practically completed at the present moment. Recently the department of public works, under whose supervision the structure will be erected, sent to Rossland for various details required to finish the plans, which leads to the impression that the plans were then in course of preparation.

That construction should be started as soon as possible is obvious to all familiar with local conditions and with the fact that the summer is the proper time to proceed with out-door construction. Should two months elapse before the work is commenced, September will be well advanced and the period during which the work can be carried ahead rapidly will be materially shortened, with the possible result that the armory will not be ready for occupation until much later than is desirable in the interests of the city militia and the community generally.

The Rossland militia company is looking forward with keen interest to the construction of the drill hall, and matters military locally will to all intents and purposes be in statu quo until the building is finished. Once the premises are occupied, the militia company will come rapidly to the fore, and it is confidently predicted that Rossland will speedily evolve the smartest and most efficient militia corps in the interior.

It may be of interest to state that the Nelson militia armory cost some \$17,000 up to the present time.

STARTED WORK

A Promising Property in Vicinity of Grand Forks.

GRAND FORKS, July 9.—Development work on the Betts and Hesperus group, owned by the Hesperus Gold and Copper Mines company, a Chicago corporation, was started this week. The properties are situated in Hardy mountain, four miles from Grand Forks, and owing to the large ore bodies that have been opened up promise to be big shippers in the near future. The ore is self-fluxing. The president of the company is Charles Magee, of Chicago. Mr. Magee is here directing the initial operations. A glory hole is being opened up. Shipments will be made to the Granby smelter at an early date.

THE TRADE OUTLOOK

Agencies Report a Continuation of Brisk Business.

Crops in All Parts Look Well and Merchants Are Busy.

TORONTO, July 10.—Bradstreet's trade review says: Trade at Montreal has been fairly active the past week, considering that the hot weather and the fact that this is the holiday week and about the dullest part of the year for business. The factories and mills are very busy working on goods for fall and winter. Labor is well employed at good wages. The demand in eastern and western provinces for staple goods is very firm. There are no surplus stocks offering, and prices are firmly maintained. Large shipments of fall orders are now being made. Payments and maturing obligations are being well met, and mercantile failures are few.

In Toronto there has been a very fair movement in mercantile trade this week for this season. Travelers are sending in numerous and well distributed orders for the fall, and large distributing houses here are busy now making shipments to various retail trade centres of the country. Values of staple goods are firmly held, and there is no cutting in prices. While there is a general absence of speculative purchases by the retail merchants, the buying is generally on a larger scale than in former years.

Business conditions at Quebec, considering the midsummer season, are fairly active. The good crop prospects have caused country merchants to order freely. The general outlook continues favorable, and although payments in some quarters are rather slow, on the whole satisfaction is generally expressed. A marked dullness is noticeable in shipping circles.

Business at Hamilton is active. The wholesale trade are still busy making large shipments to their customers. The sorting trade has been stimulated by the hot weather and retailers reporting large sales of seasonal goods. The outlook for business is encouraging. In Ottawa wholesale trade, as reported to Bradstreet's, has been fairly active. The excellent crop outlook, and the steadily advancing prices of raw materials, which are now being reflected in the prices of the finished goods, have caused a better demand for the fall. The prospects for the immediate future in trade are very encouraging.

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Hides are higher. Wool firm, with offerings limited. Butter and cheese are weaker. The wheat market is stronger with some large sales of Manitoba for export. Money market unchanged, with call loans at 5 1/2 per cent. From our London office we learn that the whole western district, without exception, at the present time looks most luxuriant. Fruit of all kinds is abundant, with the possible exception of apples, which in some quarters at least will be only an average yield. Crop prospects are promising although the yield of hay is likely to be on the short side. Failures are 24, against 19 last year.

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BOUNDARY'S OUTPUT

SHIPMENTS FROM THE VARIOUS MINES FOR THE PAST SIX MONTHS.

COMPARISON WITH THOSE OF LAST YEAR—COKE SHORTAGE EFFECTS.

PHOENIX, July 10.—Figures for the totals of the ore tonnage from Boundary mines for the first half of 1902 are now available and disclose the fact that for the six months from January to July inclusive, nearly 275,000 tons of ore have been broken down and shipped from our mines, and the same amount practically was treated at the three Boundary smelters. Notwithstanding the fact that this total does not begin to come up to the expectations of the beginning of the year, because of coke shortage at the smelters, it yet shows a substantial advance over the shipments for the first half of last year, when the tonnage was 255,371. If there had been a plentiful supply of coke, the shipments for this year so far would undoubtedly have been increased by from 25,000 to 50,000 tons, as every shipment mine in the Boundary could easily have increased its output from 25 to 100 per cent.

In the table herewith giving the record of each of the large shipping mines of this section will be noted for the half year, as well as the record for the month of June:

	June 1903
Granby mines	21,491
Mother Lode	11,811
Snowshoe	8,788
B. C. mine	5,990
Sunset	1,772
Emma	945
Miscellaneous	750
Totals	50,997

LEAD MINES' BOOM

THE TRAIL SMELTER MANAGER SPEAKS OF BOUNTY'S OPERATION.

A DECIDEDLY BENEFICIAL EFFECT LIKELY—TRAIL'S PROSPERITY.

"The effect of the lead bounty will undoubtedly be to stimulate ore production in East Kootenay, Slovan and Lardeau districts, which in turn will enable many furnaces now idle to be blown in. Coke is being received in such quantities as to justify the starting of another furnace at Trail as soon as men can be obtained."

So says Walter H. Aldridge, general manager of the Canadian Smelting Works at Trail.

Mr. Aldridge's remarks are brief, but reading 'twixt the lines it will be seen that the granting of the half million dollar bounty to lead producers is certain to have a very important effect throughout the country, and that the Rossland camp will profit directly and indirectly. If it is correct, as has been stated on numerous occasions, that Rossland business men draw quite extensively from Trail, the stimulus to that city by the employment of almost 600 men at the smelter will bring gists to the mills of local business houses, while the demand for fluxing ores of the Kootenay type should have an important effect locally.

It is intimated that within a month or six weeks at the outside, the effect of the bounty will be strongly in evidence throughout the lead producing districts. Then the Trail smelter will be receiving ample ore to operate its entire battery of three lead stacks, and the crew will increase to the dimensions stated. By that date, according to John H. Tomlin, the Crow's Nest Coal company will have enough coke to supply all the smelters in Canada, so there will be no obstacle in the way of running the Trail smelter at its full capacity.

The announcement as to the bounty has been received with satisfaction wherever there are investors in Canadian lead mines. This is what the Spokesman-Review says about it: "A number of Spokane mining men will profit from the bonus of \$15 per ton on lead ore granted by the Canadian government. It is conceded that the bonus will stimulate lead mining in East Kootenay and the Slovan. The St. Eugene mine, near Moyie, B. C., in which John A. Finch and James Cronin of Spokane are interested, is one of the greatest silver-lead mines in America, but it closed down more than a year ago on account of the low price of lead. That metal has ranged in price

CANADIAN BRIEFS

Nearly an Inch of Water Fell in the Course of Half an Hour at London Recently.

A Loss of \$5000 was Occasioned by Fire to the Main Building of the Quebec Garrison Club.

Hon. Hugh John Macdonald, who has been seriously ill at Winnipeg, is progressing rapidly each day.

Mrs. Hartman, Ernestown Station, on the G. T. R. near Kingston, on July 1st celebrated her 102nd birthday.

While playing along the canal bank at Bobcaygeon, six-year-old George Gallagher fell in and was drowned.

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BOUNDARY COAL MINES.

Decision to Bond the Property to an Eastern Man.

SPOKANE, July 10.—The directors of the Boundary Coal Mines, Ltd., at a meeting last evening at the office of the company here decided by a unanimous vote to bond the property of the company to J. R. Carling of Exeter, Ont. The directors present were: C. E. Mitchell, president; E. T. Bartlett, vice-president; W. H. Meyers, treasurer; Percy F. Godenrath, secretary; W. E. Wing and George A. McLeod. J. R. Carling was also present at the meeting, accompanied by J. A. Mackay of Saginaw, Mich. The gentlemen represent New York capital which is going into the mines of the Boundary district upon a large scale.

The terms of the bond provide for the expenditure by the purchasing parties of sufficient money to put a diamond drill outfit upon the property and to thoroughly exploit the claims. Work is to be started within the next four weeks, by which time the property is to be inspected by experts.

The deal provides for the formation of a company to be capitalized at \$2,500,000, in which the Boundary shareholders receive share for share. Of this capital stock \$1,500,000 is to remain in the treasury.

The company was formed a few months ago by P. F. Godenrath and a number of local men. The capital is 1,200,000 shares with 500,000 in the treasury. The property comprises 2560 acres in the North Fork coal basin, 50 miles north of Grand Forks. George A. McLeod, of Grand Forks, was instrumental in interesting the eastern parties.

IN NEW GOLD BELT

A PROSPECTOR'S REPORT ON THE POPLAR CREEK AND NEARBY FIELDS.

PLACER AND QUARTZ GROUND—THE RAILWAY NEARLY IN SHAPE.

KASLO, July 10.—Joseph Carlon, who went in last week with a small crew to prospect the Meadow, Cascade, Poplar and Tenderfoot creeks for placer ground, returned here this morning, leaving men at work on some promising ground on Meadow creek.

Mr. Carlon says: "The district where we are is a very extensive one, covering a space ten miles long and possibly as wide, that has been but very little prospected and is a magnificent field for either gold placer prospectors or for metalliferous quartz prospectors. We have some excellent prospects in Meadow creek, that appear to be deposits of considerable extent.

"We are getting ore from a lead seven feet wide with paystreak that is as yet of uncertain width, that gives values of \$85 in gold, silver and copper. However I don't want to say much about what we have. I am satisfied this mineral belt is undoubtedly the same one from which the phenomenally rich returns secured by Winquist and Marquis and Gilbert, on Poplar creek, and the Handy group and Joseph Rutherford, on Tenderfoot, were secured.

"While the country itself is a pretty rough one to traverse it is very accessible by water and rail transportation. Nearly all of those who have searched for minerals in that country have been looking for galena and copper ores, and as a consequence the gold ores have been overlooked. The lake straits have drawn attention to the exceeding richness of the belt of gold, and as a consequence I believe that strikes will be made of even greater magnitude. I did not do any prospecting along Poplar creek, as I figured that that particular district would be more than covered by others. I was told that Finch and Campbell of Spokane, Reddin and Jackson, J. Fred Ritchie and C. D. Rand all had representatives working along Lynch, Poplar and Tenderfoot creeks.

"The railway was almost in shape for business through to Trout Lake when I came down, and by Monday a regular service will be running. There seems by all accounts to be a good opening at Poplar for an hotel, many going in not properly equipped for roughing it in those hills."

A large quantity of supplies and mining outfit left here tonight by steamer Kokanee for the new gold fields. The C. P. R. is accepting freight for all points on the new road.

YIMIR NOTES.

Are From Elise Mine—Carelessness With Dynamite.

YIMIR, July 10.—The lessees of the Elise mine on the North Fork of Wild Horse creek are shipping a car of fire handling dynamite. As will be remembered, this property only recently was bonded to Nelson parties, and they seem to be meeting with much encouragement. The first three wagon loads of ore came down today, being drawn by the Wilson and Harshaw teams.

There is going to be a disaster one of these days in Yimir owing to carelessness in the way dynamite is being handled. It is a common occurrence to see 500 pounds or more of this explosive put off the train and kept over night. Only within a few days there was a shipment of one-half ton brought to town, and to your correspondent's knowledge 300 pounds of this was stored away in the cellar of one of the merchants here, sufficient to blow the whole town to pieces. The law for storage of explosives should be rigidly enforced.

CITY

(From Fri)

A brand new organization will be organized in Rossland under the leadership of the Knights of the Golden Rule. The society has been in existence for several weeks and with the result that prominent business men have all had movement. Strongly established Vancouver and cities. The Rosslandize tonight at Mal officers will be appointed.

Tomorrow Prof. pupils in mining college will break Hill, and conclude session in the morning. Thyrng returns hopes to take a two week college re-opens of the party are the Bean Pot property. The members of an excellent impression will be welcomed.

The school trustees afternoon and afternoon of Miss Blair and McTaggart of the h ably sever his constitution this sum to all three teachers before school resumes.

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CITY NEWS

(From Friday's Daily.) A brand new fraternal and social organization will blossom forth shortly in Rossland under the title of the Knights of the Golden Horseshoe. For several weeks an organizer of the society has been laboring in Rossland, with the result that a couple of score prominent business and professional men have allied themselves with the movement. Strong branches are already established in Nelson, Winnipeg, Vancouver and various other Canadian cities. The Rossland lodge will organize tonight at Masonic Temple, when officers will be elected and committees appointed.

Tomorrow Professor Thyng and the pupils in mining at the Pullman state college will break camp on War Eagle Hill, and conclude the summer field session in the mining course. Professor Thyng returns to Pullman, and hopes to take a trip to New York before college re-opens. Two members of the party are to go to work on the Bean Pot property on Sophie mountain. The members of the party have made an excellent impression in Rossland and will be welcomed back at any time.

The school trustees met yesterday afternoon and accepted the resignations of Miss Blair and Taylor. Principal McTeagart of the high school will probably sever his connection with the institution this summer, and successors to all three teachers must be secured before school resumes in September.

William M. Wood has returned from Grand Forks, whither he went as the representative of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church to attend Presbytery. The invitation extended by St. Andrew's to Rev. A. L. Burch was considered and endorsed by Presbytery, and negotiations with Mr. Burch will now be continued actively. A decision is expected in a fortnight or slightly more.

The high school and teachers' examinations under way here will conclude tomorrow. Four candidates are taking the examinations for third class certificates, and two teachers are qualifying to follow their profession in British Columbia. Principal Clark, who has officiated as presiding examiner, returns to Nelson on Saturday evening. The results of the examinations will not be known for several weeks.

James McGregor, provincial inspector of mines, was in the city yesterday. He is leaving at once for the Lardeau, and on concluding his duties there will go into the Slocan, where a number of mines propose resuming operations as the result of the granting of the bounty on lead ores.

Report has it that the Carnival Queen at the Spokane celebration next month is to be attended by nine princesses selected from towns and cities adjacent to Spokane, and that Rossland will be asked to select a princess for the occasion. If this is correct, and the selection is by popular vote, as is done in other places, the political campaign will be forced into the background until the fair representative of the Golden City is selected.

The city library is locked up tight, and the indications are that it will not be re-opened in the immediate future. The finance committee of the city council has the matter in hand, but has taken no action as yet. The attitude of the members seems to be that while they would not object to paying \$15 to \$20 to a janitor to look after the institution they feel it would be a waste of money to spend a cent on the library under existing conditions, when the premises cannot be occupied because of the odor from the stables nearby. This odor might be abated, but the expenditure to accomplish the end might be considerably larger than the city can afford at this juncture.

(From Friday's Daily.) Rev. Father McKinnon, rector of the Sacred Heart church, left last evening per Canadian Pacific for Halifax, N. S., accompanied by his brother, D. McKinnon. Both gentlemen will spend a month at their home in the Atlantic province. During Father McKinnon's absence his place will be taken by Father Childs, S. J., of Gonzaga college, Spokane. Rev. Father Brown, S. J., arrived in the city last night to hold a retreat for the sisters at the hospital. The retreat will last a week.

The Jumbo mine will ship 100 tons of ore to the Northport smelter today. The company has been hauling ore all week for this shipment, and it will constitute a smelter test. Additional cars will be "spotted" on the Josie siding immediately, the management of the Jumbo is intending to continue shipping reopened.

Charles LeMoine, who is a partner of C. E. Fortin in the interior work now under way at the postoffice, remained in the city yesterday examining the progress made. The installation of the fittings is likely to be delayed by the non-arrival of some brackets required to complete the work. Certain screens for the lobby are also missing, and must be had before the building is used. The customs officers are almost completed, however, and if the customs officials desire they will probably be able to occupy their offices a week or two before the downstairs office is gularly.

The registration of voters for the Rossland city electoral division is proceeding more slowly than for the first week or two after the lists were opened. About 400 voters have been entered up to date. Tonight the Liberals hold a special rally at their committee rooms, and tomorrow night the usual weekly Conservative rally is announced.

The board of trade meeting called for last night has been postponed for a week. On Wednesday afternoon next the council of the board will meet to deal with important business to be

brought before the board at the general session in the evening.

The school trustees will meet this afternoon after all. The fact that a number of teachers propose severing their connection with the schools at the close of the present month makes it necessary that the trustees take steps to replace them, and the demand for teachers is such that action must be commenced forthwith. Hence the session today.

The contract for the construction of the Hamilton-Fraser block on Columbia avenue will be let in the course of the next day or two. As already stated, the structure is to be of brick on a heavy stone foundation, and will be a decided improvement to the south side of Columbia avenue.

(From Saturday's Daily.) The Rossland Tennis club will play an interclub match with Trill this afternoon on the home courts. With fair weather a series of good games will eventuate. The drawings provide for three men's doubles and two singles, and the schedule so far as arranged is that Buckingham & Claudet of Rossland will meet LaBarthe & Blaylock of Trill, this match being the semifinal in the Nelson tournament as well. Phipps & Dewdney will play Aldridge & Miller of Trill, and the third Rossland double will be Davis and Carmichael. The Rossland singles will be Phipps and Buckingham.

The payroll at the Le Roi mine yesterday was \$26,000. At the smelting works in Northport the payroll was \$26,000.

A pleasing incident occurred at the Hotel Allan yesterday afternoon, when Almas N. Vars, late office manager, was presented with a handsome gold chain and locket by a number of friends who regret the business arrangements that will take him to Camborne at an early date. The proceedings were of a felicitous nature.

The Conservative association held a well attended rally at the Columbia avenue committee rooms last night. Nothing of a special nature is reported as eventuating.

The Canadian Pacific announces the resumption on Monday of the regular train and boat service between this city and Trout Lake City, which has been interrupted through damage to the roadbed during the spring freshets.

Indians and Chinamen are selling blueberries around the city, and the report from the hills is that the luscious fruit is plentiful.

(From Sunday's Daily.) Howard Stanley of Rossland was killed at a late hour on Friday night at the Canadian Pacific yards in Nakusp. He was employed as a brakeman and was crushed to death while at work. Stanley went to Nelson from Rossland on July 1 to take a position on the Canadian Pacific. Previously to that he had been about the city for a time, coming from Spokane. An effort is being made to locate his relatives. Stanley was probably known by sight at least to hundreds of Rosslanders; he was almost a giant in stature, standing six feet eight inches. When in Rossland he wore a small black moustache, dark coat and trousers and by reason of his stature was usually conspicuous wherever he went.

A communication from the office of the Provincial Mining association directs attention to the fact that there are now twenty branches in the province, and that other points are seeking information with a view to organizing. An appeal is made to all branches to put forth every effort to increase membership in the hope that the president's ideal of 12,000 members may be realized by the first of the year.

Property owners should note carefully that under the Assessment Act Amendment, 1908, all taxes to the provincial government unpaid on August 1 become delinquent and the property is liable to sale. It is important that the fact should be generally known, as considerable inconvenience to the public is certain to obtain in any event.

The police department was notified yesterday morning that the warehouse on South Washington street owned by Levy & Co., tobacconists, had been entered during the night, and a quantity of tobacco extracted. When the stock was checked it was shown that 2000 cigars and two caddies of tobacco had been stolen. The door leading to the warehouse was forced. The matter is being investigated.

A telegraphic message was received yesterday from Rev. Malachi VanSickle, pastor of the First Baptist church, stating that he was detained at Elkton, N. S., in consequence where there will be no services at the church today.

Andrew Sutherland, master mechanic at the Velvet mine, has been appointed government boiler inspector for the Kootenays, in place of George O. Madigan, who is removed to the coast in a similar capacity.

J. A. Macdonald and Robert W. Grigor have returned from Nelson, where they attended a session of the Interior District Liberal council. A variety of business was transacted at the meeting relative to the nomination of Liberal candidates in all the ridings covered by the council.

A Nelson man has advanced an interesting idea in connection with the attraction of tourist travel to the Kootenays. He suggests that a collection of half a dozen big Kootenay trout be packed on ice and placed on exhibition in an attractive case at the Banff hotel, which is the stopping place for all mainland American and English tourists. By replacing the fish in the exhibit one or twice a week the originator of the idea believes numerous tourists would be attracted to Slocan Junction and other points where the fishing is especially good. The proposition is original and worth a trial.

George C. Tunstall, the popular representative in Kootenay of the Mamliton Powder company, is shortly to leave for pastures new. He has been appointed a special agent of the great Scotch firm of powder makers, known as the Nobel Powder company, for South Australia, and will be leaving to take up his new duties before long. Mr. Tunstall will be succeeded in Nelson as agent for the Hamilton Powder works by E. W. Monk of Greenwood.

Two hundred and thirteen years ago today William of Orange led his victorious army across the Boyne river, and members of the Loyal Orange order throughout the world hold today in special honor for various reasons. Locally the Orangemen are not observing the occasion. At Nelson a picnic was held on the lake yesterday, and today the Orangemen and True Blues attend divine service.

Yesterday Professor Thyng and his pupils in the mining course left for the Washington State college left for the Northport to spend a day or two at the Le Roi smelter. This is the closing incident in the summer session of the class, and Professor Thyng departs for home immediately. On Friday the party from the Washington State college were entertained at luncheon at the War Eagle hotel by Messrs. Cosgro, Sorenson, Strout and Oliver.

A friendly match between the Civilian and Military Rifle associations is now under way. The Ferrandale ranges are being used, and several marksmen fired yesterday, the balance arranging to fire today.

The Knights of the Golden Horseshoe meet tomorrow evening at Masonic Temple. Several candidates will be initiated, the degree work in the fraternity being exemplified for the first time. An interesting session is expected, and the initiatory work will be commenced promptly at 8 o'clock.

A communication has been received from the secretary of the Chambers of Commerce congress enent the forthcoming trip of delegates through the Kootenays, the terms of which are not nearly as curt as in previous letters. This leads to the hope that the effort to secure an alteration of the itinerary to include Rossland may be successful.

Mayor Dean recently wrote a series of letters to influential parties in respect to the forthcoming visit to Canada of a party of British parliamentarians, having in view the securing of a definite assurance as to the visit of the party to Rossland. Anthony J. McMillan, managing director of the Le Roi, wrote from London recommending his worship to communicate with Dr. Lunn, who will personally conduct the lawmakers, and stating that personally he was urging the responsible parties not to pass Rossland by. Dr. Lunn writes to his worship that the matter will have careful consideration, but that he has no time to come west at this particular juncture as he originally intended.

The members of the Salvation Army corps here are looking forward with keen interest to a visit on Tuesday from Brigadier McMillan, provincial officer. The brigadier will be accompanied by Staff Captain Taylor of Spokane. A welcome meeting will be held at the barracks on Tuesday.

The Knights of the Maccabees have tendered the use of their hall to the Ladies of the Maccabees for next Thursday evening, when visiting delegates will be hospitably entertained.

(From Tuesday's Daily.) Captain Charles Summers, of the lacrosse club, announces that as there is a prospect of a match being arranged at an early date all players and beginners are especially requested to be at the Black Bear grounds every Monday, Wednesday and Friday night at 8:30 sharp. He points out that because a few men are on the wrong shift just now is no reason why the balance of the club should neglect practice, and that he expects every player to do his duty in future in this respect. He also draws attention to the fact that no attention should be paid to the report invariably to be encountered that "there will be no practice tonight" unless the notice comes from him personally or through an authorized paragraph in the press.

J. M. McCloskey, who lost his eyesight in a Boundary mine accident last year, gave an entertainment at Union hall last night. The program included elocutionary and musical numbers by Mr. McCloskey, who proved to be an excellent entertainer. His natural talent was evident throughout the evening. The hall was well filled.

The Knights of the Golden Horseshoe initiated candidates at Masonic hall last night. The proceedings were of a lively and interesting nature. Several sojourning brethren were in attendance.

The adjourned monthly meeting of the board of trade takes place tomorrow night. A series of interesting and important matters of business will be brought upon for disposition.

The public meeting called last night to arrange for the forthcoming celebration in connection with the Canadian Pacific employees' picnic adjourned without transacting any business. The general committee was well represented, but a number desired to leave to fill other engagements. In opening Mayor Dean commented in strong terms on a certain criticism against the notice for the meeting, describing the comment as "a scurrilous attack." The meeting will resume on Thursday evening, when sub-committees will be drafted to handle the details of the celebration. The exact date has not been announced by the Canadian Pacific men having the choice.

The militia company and bugle band are ordered to parade in uniform tonight at the skating rink. It is intended to resume drills in anticipation of inspection at an early date, and a large turnout of members is desired for this purpose.

The corporation is making an effort to interest the Great Northern railroad people in the drainage of the swamp bounded by Fourth avenue, Washington street and Queen street. The city's drain to the edge of the swamp is almost completed, and the idea now is to get the railroad people to cut drains here and there through the swamp, centering at a point where the water can be taken away in the city conduit. The railroad company's property could be very materially improved at slight outlay for drains.

The delay in the delivery here of the lion's head faucet required for the drinking fountain on the "Father Pat" memorial is explained on the ground that the manufactory where the faucet and other fittings were ordered has been tied up for some weeks with a strike. It is believed that the goods are now en route to Rossland.

A change is contemplated in connection with the city offices of the Canadian Pacific railroad here, which have been under the direction of Alexander C. McArthur for some time. Mr. McArthur is retiring from the company's service for the purpose of returning to his old home in Nova Scotia, and will be succeeded by John Procter, of Nelson. Mr. Procter is expected in the city at once, and Mr. McArthur will remain here at the offices for several weeks, prior to proceeding to the Atlantic province.

A daylight burglary took place on Sunday afternoon at Harper & McArthur's establishment on Columbia avenue. At 4:30 o'clock Mr. Harper entered the premises to find a man overhauling the till. The burglar decamped, while the proprietor gave the alarm. It was discovered that the thief had found a box containing \$24.50 in cash and got away with the contents. The box was hidden among a number of other boxes, which leads to the suspicion that the burglar was familiar with the method of hiding spare cash over Sunday. O'Hearn's store was also entered and \$1.50 in silver abstracted from the till.

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(From Friday's Daily.) Mrs. Thomas E. Norton and family are in Slocan City, the guests of Mrs. William Bole. Charles Dempster left last evening for Toronto. R. W. Grigor left last night for Nelson on a brief business trip. John Kirkup, government agent, left last night for Vernon on business. John Foff of Vancouver, who has been in the city for several days, leaves this morning for the Boundary. John Stinson, well known in the Rossland camp, has returned to the city after spending some weeks on a trip to Fort Simpson and district. Edwin Durant returned last evening from a business trip to Spokane. Al Pratt, a well known Rossland man, has returned to the city after spending several months in East Kootenay. Phil J. Hickey, manager of the Ivanhoe mine at McGeigan, was in the city last night en route to the Slocan from Spokane. Mr. Hickey says he has not scrutinized the lead bounty scheme closely enough to determine exactly how the Ivanhoe will be affected. Kenneth Pringle, well known and popular as an erstwhile member of Rossland's police force, left yesterday for a trip through the Northwest Territories. Mrs. C. F. Jackson has returned from a visit to Grand Forks, where she has been to see her son Norman. J. C. Carruthers, a well known Nelson commercial man, is at the Hotel Allan. L. G. Barron, a Walla Walla produce man, is registered at the Hoffman House. Mr. Barron was formerly in business in Rossland. R. Cooper, a well known Vancouver commercial man, is registered at the Hotel Allan. Mrs. Edward Duthie served tea at the tennis courts yesterday afternoon. Mayor Neelands of Vancouver was in the city yesterday on a flying visit. Edward Grant and Mrs. Grant, with

(From Saturday's Daily.) George Funk left yesterday for Spokane, having been notified by wire of the serious illness of his sister, Mrs. Layton. W. Harry Goodeve is expected to return to the city tomorrow evening or Monday. D. R. Ker of Victoria, president of the Brackman-Ker Milling company, is at the Hotel Allan. Mr. Ker is inspecting the firm's branches in the interior. A. E. McNaughton of Vancouver, a well known commercial man and ex-lacrosseist, is in the city. Mr. McNaughton is registered at the Hotel Allan. C. T. Cross, a Silvertown mining man, spent yesterday in the city. John H. Stone, the well known Spokane contractor, is registered at the Hoffman House.

(From Tuesday's Daily.) Alle H. Vars left last evening for Camborne, where he will make his home. A host of friends wish him unbounded prosperity. Robert Smith, P. L. S., returned to Rossland last night after spending the past two months on a survey through the Peace River country. James G. M. King returned to Seattle yesterday. G. H. Lawson, Canadian Pacific traveling auditor, is in the city. Joseph S. Carter, district passenger agent of the Canadian Pacific, was in the city over night. W. J. McGregor of Kaslo is in the city to relieve Charles M. Oliver, local manager of Canadian Pacific Telegraphs. Mr. Oliver has obtained a well earned vacation and leaves at once on a trip to New York. John E. Procter of Nelson has arrived in the city. Mr. Procter will succeed A. C. McArthur as local commercial representative of the Canadian Pacific.

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COPYING RUSSIA.

Just at the moment when President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay are declining to forward to Russia an American petition bearing on the Kischneff massacre, a mob at Evansville does its best to duplicate the Russian atrocity. The United States is placed in the better position by the authorities there having adopted strong measures to check the ruffians who were on murder bent. Still our neighbors have the uncomfortable assurance that in their number are included a band of men quite as brutal in their instincts as the mob who murdered the Jews in Kischneff. The great body of the population will deplore the fact and will cordially approve of the measures adopted to check the mob evil. The Seattle Post-Intelligencer no doubt reflects the views of the enlightened Americans when it says: "Who awakens the mob spirit awakes a most deadly enemy of the republic. It is by the respect which the people show to the laws of their own enactment alone that the people of a republic show themselves capable of that self-government to which they have claimed a right. The mob spirit has been awakened in this country, and its exhibitions are witnessed with alarming frequency. At the moment but one race, individual members of which have unfortunately sometimes done much to arouse the spirit, is the victim of attack; but this in itself involves a deadly peril. The people of both races, black and white, are equally citizens of the country and have equal rights to the protection of the laws. The two races are here, side by side, for all time. They must dwell together in concord. Without this, the condition of the country will be one of absolute anarchy. The men who deliberately incite race riots are playing around powder magazines with loaded torches. Each one of them is a public enemy of the worst description. When the country witnesses such an occurrence as that at Evansville, it faces a crisis. There is just one thing to be done; to suppress such riots sternly, and to punish every man who engages in them with the bitterest rigor. There has been too much pattering with this matter; too many excuses framed for the hideous work of brutal mobs, whose ghastly methods and insane fury tend to brutalize and degrade the American character, and too many for apathetic authorities. We have come to a toleration, and in many quarters to an approval, of a mob violence which has taken the most brutal, degrading and demoralizing form. From being directed at individual criminals, we have witnessed the same form of violence directed at all negroes; and this in a northern community, and without any such inciting cause as has led to the worst of the recent negro lynchings. It is time for the decent people of the United States to unite in upholding the majesty of the law, and in bringing to punishment of the law those who are destroying the institutions of a free country, and degrading the American name in the eyes of the world."

SILVER-LEAD PROSPECTS.

There is at present a much improved prospect before the silver-lead mines in this province which have lately been through so many vicissitudes. The owners have obtained what they asked in the way of bounty from the Dominion government, and for five years at least the mines should have a good chance of profitable operation. By the expiration of that term perhaps some factor will have arisen to help insure a permanent improvement in conditions. It is satisfactory in the meantime to have the outlook so much brightened as it has been by the decision of the Ottawa government to grant the bounty. The London dispatch to the New York Herald, which is reproduced in this issue, would appear to indicate another cause for an upward movement in the lead situation. Possibly there is some exaggeration in

the correspondent's estimate of the probable shortage in the London market, but it may reasonably be supposed that there is some basis for his prognostication. A keener London demand, even much less in degree than is predicted, would help the Kootenay mine owners. Altogether there is reason for general gratification in the improvement which the lead situation is about to undergo.

GIVE LIBERALLY.

When the celebration committee gets down to practical work, the members thereof are entitled to the heartiest support of every resident of Rossland. The celebration will be on a larger and grander scale than anything of the kind heretofore attempted in the Golden City. It must be remembered that an affair of this kind will entail a considerable financial outlay. It is therefore very necessary that the subscription list shall contain substantial figures after each name. Rossland is zealous of her reputation for hospitality and cannot afford to be stingy in a matter of this kind; besides, the town will benefit in more way than one by the presence of some 2000 visitors. Give all you can reasonably afford. Some will benefit very considerably by the presence of so many visitors, but that is only a reason why they should donate more money towards the expenses of the occasion. Nobody should want to make local patriotism and hospitality subservient to money making in an affair of this kind.

B. C.'S WEALTH IN IRON.

The magnificent iron deposits of British Columbia are not receiving from capital the attention they deserve. Prospecting for iron in this province has not been carried on to any great extent. However enough has been done to prove conclusively that B. C. has an almost unlimited supply of this material. The hematite variety found in immense quantities in East Kootenay and at the Coast is equal to anything found elsewhere. And now the Similkameen Star announces the exposure of another large deposit on Otter creek. The lead is said to be in the neighborhood of 100 feet wide and traceable for a length of 1600 feet. It has been exposed by numerous open cuts. The ore body lies between a magnesian limestone and a schist, and along one wall a band of iron pyrites 10 feet in width parallels the hematite. The iron pyrites is in a quartz gangue, while the hematite is in a matrix of lime.

When it is remembered that many of the biggest fortunes have been made in the iron industry, this province is indeed fortunate in having such a valuable asset as these hematite deposits. It would not surprise us if the precious metal industry of B. C. were eclipsed by the iron industry, and that at no distant date.

A REVISED FISCAL SYSTEM NEEDED.

The Miner has frequently had occasion to refer to the grossly inequitable manner in which the provincial tax is levied. Under existing conditions the poor man, the small holder and struggling miner have had to bear the major portion of the cost of government, while the C. P. R., the Dunsmuir and the rich men generally do not begin to pay their fair proportion. The present system must be changed at the earliest opportunity in order to remedy all this in a thoroughly equitable and satisfactory manner. There is no reason why the burden of taxation should not be considerably lessened on the less prosperous element of the community, and, by a more rigorous levy upon the big dividend-paying corporations and the richer class, a surplus instead of a deficit shown in the provincial finances.

The latest exposure of the rottenness of the present system is made by the Kootenay Mail. That journal shows how R. P. Rihet of Victoria and San Francisco owns a large block of valuable land at Butte Inlet which he secured through "The Family Compact" while he was a member of the legislature, and from which he will realize an immense sum on the completion of the Canadian Northern railway to that point. Yet on that land, obtained by trickery similar to that by which the C. P. R. sought to obtain the large blocks in East Kootenay, Mr. Rihet pays only about 5 cents an acre taxation while it is proposed to tax the struggling prospector, who is endeavoring to open up the country, 30 cents an acre on the mineral claims he holds.

BOUNDARY'S COMING PROSPERITY.

There can be no doubt but that the mining and smelting situation in the Boundary is steadily improving. The Granby people have secured a large shipment of coke from Fairfax, Washington; three furnaces are now running; a fourth will be blown in next week, and two additional furnaces will be ready in a few weeks. This will give six furnaces in all with a capacity of 2300 tons daily. The Montreal & Boston company will blow in the second furnace next week, and the third will soon be here, and the B. C.

Copper company has its two furnaces running. The capacity of all these furnaces is about 3500 tons daily, which if running full blast for six months would treat over 600,000 in that time. But shortage of coke, accidents and other causes may intervene to keep the output down. In any case it is safe to state that the total this year will show a healthy increase over last year.

ALASKA BOUNDARY.

The case for the United States before the Alaska boundary commission is said to be completed, and the United States commissioners are to leave for London soon. As Justice Armour's regrettable illness has removed him from the commission Canada will necessarily be called upon to appoint a representative in his stead. The announcement in regard to the completion of the American case draws forth some comments from the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, which is more or less mad on this boundary question. It says on this occasion:

"Notwithstanding the widely spread opinion that no results will be accomplished by the commission, but that it will divide on national lines, there is really sound reason to believe that not only will a decision be reached but that the decision will be favorable to the American contention. The American case is almost impregnable and it certainly is so strong as to carry conviction to any unprejudiced lawyer. . . ."

"It is accepted beyond question that the American members of the commission will vote for the boundary as claimed by the United States. They will do so not because of a desire to uphold their country's side of the controversy, right or wrong, but because the American contention is right and in exact accordance with the original agreement between Russia and Great Britain; a fact which has never been seriously disputed by the Canadians, who are responsible for the present demand for a new interpretation of the boundary treaty."

"An amicable settlement of the matter is to be expected because the deciding vote rests with an eminent British jurist, who is asked to pass upon nothing save a naked question of law and who can approach that question almost entirely unembarrassed by political considerations. It is expected that he will decide in favor of the American contention merely because the American case is overwhelmingly strong; and because a sound and unbiased lawyer would find it impossible to decide otherwise if the matter was submitted to him for a judicial opinion."

If this be all correct, why should our neighbors have been so averse to submitting the dispute to an independent arbitration tribunal? The man with an "impregnable case" is not usually afraid of an honest judge, yet the United States has for years and years "funkt" most unmistakably in this matter. What a pitiable spectacle for a "grown-up" country to present!

THIS IN ONTARIO.

Highly moral Ontario, the province that sets itself up as an example to the rest, posing as altogether superior, possesses a plague spot. Perhaps this is well, for without an evident weakness or two the good old province might think itself altogether too superior. The plague spot is Fort Erie, just across the river from Buffalo, and the peculiar feature of the case is that Buffalo and other United States towns are allowed to do things there that they cannot do in their own country. This condition has been allowed to exist for many years, but the tough place seems to have grown so very tough that at last a crusade against it has been undertaken. The Toronto Globe has been looking at Fort Erie, and it is moved to remark: "The prize-fighting and race-track gambling carried on openly and defiantly at Fort Erie are insulting to Canada. The one is an insult to Canadian public opinion, the other an insult to Canadian law. Elsewhere in this issue of the Globe will be found a report of the events of Saturday last. This one instance is typical of the situation at Fort Erie, and we take the responsibility of publishing the indisputable facts of that report. We venture to call the attention of the attorney-general of Ontario and the minister of justice of Canada to an American organization which dares not operate in the United States, but which flourishes in Canada. This is a disgrace and an insult; and self-respecting Canadians will feel it to be intolerable. It is intolerable that brutalities which are not permitted in New York state can be practiced in Ontario, that this province should be placed on a level with Nevada, that a little Canadian town should be made the rendezvous for the baser sort of Buffalo sports and 'thugs' and 'toughs' of other American cities. Prize fights such as that of Saturday last are prohibited by the laws of most of the States, but, under the pretence of 'boxing,' which is permitted by Canadian law and is not objectionable, prize fighting has been conducted at several points in Canada." All this is true and well said, and Ontario should go to work to renovate itself. Anything that is too tough for the American side of the line is surely unfit for harborage in Canada. The high officers of the law ought to move in the matter without delay.

WORK OF JUDGE LYNCH.

Rev. Robert S. MacArthur, pastor of Calvary Baptist church, New York, declares that the spirit of lawlessness shown by recent strikes and lynchings causes Americans to be classed with murderous Serbians and tyrannical Russians. He said:

"The spirit of lawlessness is rife in the land today. It is manifest in strikes as well as in lynchings. Every American aspiration is blunted, every hope darkened and every State is dishonored, for we are one people. Great Britain has three and a half times the territory of the United States and five times the population, and yet such scenes as we have witnessed in recent lynchings have never been known on British territory."

In the light of Rev. Dr. MacArthur's remarks it is interesting to take a glance over the cases adjudicated in by Judge Lynch. Up to the time of the recent lynching in Wilmington, Delaware was one of five states in which mob vengeance had not prevailed over orderly processes during seven years and a half years of record. Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Utah now remain on the honorable list of the exempt.

Mob law is thus shown to be the distinct manifestation of no section. The far west has dealt out a great deal of it to horse and cattle thieves. But out of 2516 lynchings recorded by the Tribune up to the end of 1900 the south furnished 2080. Of the victims 1678 were negroes, 801 were whites, 21 Indians, 9 Chinese and 7 Mexicans. Summary death was the penalty, mob administered, for 114 different offences, murder and criminal assault heading the list. One man was lynched for slapping a child; another for jilting a girl. Two paid the penalty for writing insulting letters, two for gambling, three "for being unpopular" and two for practicing "voodooism."

Even as late as 1901 the lynchings in the Union were seventeen more than the legal executions, the numbers being 185 and 118 respectively.

More than fifty women have been victims of lynching parties. The southern States with the largest number of recorded lynchings are Mississippi, Texas, Louisiana, Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee. Indiana leads in the north, with 36 mob murders. New Jersey had a lynching in 1886. New York had one in 1892 and another in 1896. Connecticut had one in 1886.

Any impression that the practice of lynch law is dying out, and that no steps are necessary to restrain it, is corrected by these tables. There were 90 lynchings in 1885 and 135, as stated, in 1901. Between these two years the number shifted back and forth, going as high as 235 in 1892.

CANADIAN-ENGLISH M. P.'S

A recent number of a current magazine, in commenting on Secretary Chamberlain's plan for reciprocal trade between the colonies and England suggests that if Great Britain wants to unite her whole system by one central power a much better way would be to give the colonies representation in the government of the empire. While Canada has no direct representation in the house of commons a recent Canadian article points out that the band of Canadian-born M. P.'s now in the British parliament has increased from two to nine within a very short time. Not all of these are Canadians in the sense of having grown up with and thus become identified with the country, but they know Canada's needs and are in sympathy of them. A good many of them were educated at Canadian colleges.

On the opposition side the Hon. Edward Blake is a strong Irish Nationalist who left Canada some years ago with a brilliant reputation as a partisan for Canadian home rule. Among the ministerialists Sir Gilbert Parker has considerable prominence—not because he writes good stories, but because he won his Tory seat against the Harmsworth Conservative candidacy and influence. General Laurier was a notable figure in the Canadian half-breed troubles twenty years ago. Young George Mackenzie Brown is one of the youngest members of the house of commons, and is a good representative of the publishers of two continents, for he is the manager of an old New York and Edinburgh publishing house, born and educated in Canada.

Each one of the others has some special reason for remembering the colonial days of for strongly desiring to further colonial interests. As a writer in the Montreal Star puts it, "these nine Canadian members may prove to be the herald of a day when Canada will have her freely elected and responsible representatives in some real parliament of the empire."

LOUBET'S VISIT TO LONDON.

The French president visited London, and he was warmly received by King Edward and his people. Loubet is the first president of the French republic to visit the British metropolis. In fact, no French ruler has set foot on English soil since 1855, when Napoleon III and the Empress Eugenie visited London in

state. Of course, that unfortunate pair and their son obtained an asylum in England after the fall of the empire in 1870, but they were no longer rulers of a nation.

Loubet's visit to England was in response to the invitation of King Edward when the latter visited the French president at Paris on his way home from Lisbon and Rome. It is a matter of considerable international interest and possibly of unusual political importance. Louis Napoleon's visit to London made France and England allies for years. As neighboring countries, whose peoples have many commercial interests in common, it would seem to be to their mutual advantage to maintain the most friendly relations. But since the establishment of the third republic France and England have been both envious and suspicious of one another. This condition has added materially to the discomforts of both nations and increased their expenses enormously in the construction of great navies which both conceived necessary for the proper preservation of the balance of power in Europe. On several occasions they have been dangerously near the brink of war. Of the various presidents which the republic has had since it was established, none of them save Loubet has apparently had the sense or sagacity to comprehend that it is wise for France and Britain to live in perfect amity with each other. Whether the initiative toward a rapprochement came from King Edward or from President Loubet, the latter recognized in the former's advances France's opportunity for the abandonment of the foolish policy of an unfriendly rivalry which was constantly driving both nations near the danger line. Loubet's brief response to the toast offered by King Edward at the Buckingham Palace banquet was a model of grace and good taste and friendly sentiment. His visit will unquestionably lead to the cultivation of more cordial relations between the two nations, and that will go far, also, toward guaranteeing the peace of the world.

COAL IN B. C. AND PENNSYLVANIA.

By taking money from the consumers at the rate of \$30,000,000 a year more than they have paid before, the Pennsylvania coal trust is more than making up any losses it may have suffered by reason of the strike last year. Making liberal allowance for increased wages, the trust is still taking from the public about \$20,000,000 a year more than it is entitled to on a basis of former expenses and prices. The trust does this because it can—not because it is just or right. Its managers know they are dealing with a public that is patient because that public has been taught to believe it is powerless against such monopolies.

Although we have a coal monopoly in the Kootenays, the people of this section are not so patient or indifferent as those of the Eastern States. It is an easy matter to break up this monopoly opening up the crown lands containing coal in the Flathead valley, and Kootenaians know it and intend to see that it is done without further delay. The prosperity of the country depends almost entirely upon an adequate and cheap supply of smelter fuel, but we shall never experience a full measure of prosperity until more coal areas are developed and the source of supply comes from competing collieries.

JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN.

Whether among his friends at home or his enemies abroad, whether among politicians who trust and follow him or those who condemn and suspect his every action, the name of Joseph Chamberlain stands for strength, courage and hard common sense. He is no dreamer of dreams; he is a practical politician who daily considers each step he takes. There are no blind, unconsidered leaps in the dark to be found in the history of his shrewd career. Like Napoleon, he never starts upon a campaign without considering every contingency, every eventuality—even to defeat. Let that be first remembered before you pass judgment upon those Imperial proposals of his that have set so many people by the ears.

BEHOLD THE CANDIDATE.

The Ledger, B. C.: Behold the candidate. He cometh up like a flower and retreateth from the race busted. His friends fill him with false hopes and atmosphere. He swelleth like a toad and calleth the earth his'n. He smilith upon all mankind and sloppeth over with good humor. He kisseth the children and scattereth his microbes among the innocent babes. He prively chaweth a cigar when he meeteth a preacher, and as he converseth with him in pious tones he standeth to leeward and curbeth his breath with a strong bit. He goeth home late at night to his weary wife with a beery breath and cold feet. He riseth up betimes and hicketh forth without his breakfast, saying, "I go to see a man." The deadbeat, who lieth around in wait, then pulleth his leg to a queen's taste. He "nalleth a lie," but before election day cometh he runneth short of nails. He giveth liberally to the church, he

subscribeth a goodly sum for the band; he contributeth to the man whose barn was burned; he bestoweth alms; he signeth his friend's note; he sendeth a small keg hither and a large keg thither; he yieldeth up his substance with apparent alacrity. After the election he goeth out back of the barn and kicketh himself and teareth his hair and calleth himself a Rotterdam fool. He returneth to the house and addresseth himself to the wife of his bosom: "Behold a driveling idiot; look now upon a dordrotted fool; gaze upon a dodgasted simpleton; cast your eye upon a beetle-headed dunce, who hath not sense enough to carry entrail to a bear." Then his wife replieth: "I told you so," which causeth him to go forth and drown his sorrow in drink.

B. C. HANDICAPPED.

The development of mining interests of all kinds is advancing very rapidly all along the Pacific coast, with the single exception of British Columbia.

Yet British Columbia has more real reason to advance than any other section of the Pacific coast.

The difference between British Columbia and the Pacific coast states lies in the fact that our neighbors to the south are unhampered by the pernicious and preposterous practice that obtains in this province, viz., the placing of "reserves" on rich mineral districts for the particular benefit of big corporations.

It is an incontrovertible fact that the iniquitous practice of establishing "reserves" in British Columbia is a sure prevention of general prosperity in this province.

There is, however, a plain and unmistakable provision in the laws of this province that allows a prospector to acquire title to any mineral lands, regardless of the fact that the surface rights may be temporarily withheld by the Crown. But although this provision does exist, it is often a difficult matter for the enterprising prospector to get the requisite license from the Department of Lands and Works. The reason for this is that the province has been cursed for some years past by administrations so wantonly corrupt and hopelessly incompetent that they have brought the wheels of progress almost to a standstill in all the mining districts.

The only thing that stands between the Kootenays and great prosperity is the abolition of these outrageous "reserves" and the immediate and specific performance of duty on the part of those in authority.

RAILWAY TYRANNY.

"It was but a week or so ago that a Conservative member of the house of commons called attention to the action of the Canadian railways in adopting a new classification of freight and collecting charges according to the new schedule, without first submitting the proposed changes to the railway department at Ottawa, as they are required by law to do. Another example of corporate lawlessness was the attempt of the Toronto Street Railway company to secure recently an extension of its line under cover of night, in defiance of their agreement with the city." So says the Toronto Weekly Sun.

These are not isolated cases. They are fair examples of cases that are constantly arising. Month after month the public service corporations of our great cities openly break their contracts, and the municipal authorities have to be constantly on the alert to protect the public rights. But the great law-breakers are railways. The case cited by the Conservative member is but one of many. Every day they break that section of the law which provides that in the matter of rates they shall not discriminate against individuals or localities. Every day they charge between some stations higher rates than the statute allows. Every day they disregard the law which declares that they shall erect suitable and efficient cattle guards at all highway crossings. Yet, if their own interests are threatened, the law is put in force with rigor. If an individual should be disposed of a railway ticket he is arrested and fined or imprisoned for his heinous crime.

The public is largely to blame for this corporate lawlessness. Sir Thomas Shaughnessy and Mr. Hays, as the respective heads of our two great railway systems, should be held individually responsible for the breaches of the law committed by themselves or their officials. Public sentiment should be as strong against them as it is against the common lawbreaker whom we send to jail to pay the penalty for his crime. Yet our government recommends Mr. Shaughnessy for knighthood, and Mr. Hays spends much of his time now-days hobnobbing with cabinet ministers and basking in official favor. When, the other day, Mr. Maclean, a Conservative representing East York in the house of commons, ventured to assert that farmers had some rights, and that the railroads should be compelled to concede them, he was denounced by the Liberal premier, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who held him up to opprobrium as a disturber of "vested rights."

One political party is as fully responsible as the other for this continued disregard of the laws. Both parties are equally subject to the influences of wealth and corporate power. It rests with the people to see that the laws are made supreme and equal for all.

THE DYING

At this hour when lies on his deathbed, world unite in honoring man. As the head Catholic church, he is power throughout the are millions who do the tenets for which too, join in paying tribute character, a prowess, of high ideal of love and devotion

The pope of Rome of unparalleled dignity grave responsibilities factor in temporal much to do with pr well as the moral t one of the remarkable century and of church

A GRADUAL E

A marked change in Rossland politics in years. The people have by adverse conditions the rampant demagogued. The "hot air" sp his day. Acrimonious labor and capital is. The corporation "hee tiously flouted and de The advocate of class to empty benches.

The electorate has hard thinking. Every population is looking vation. There is an and for the fighting. The old-time conditio intolerable. The peopl perity; they are tired in the financial dole the sails of the ship catch the trade winds ing for the boatswain to pipe all political A action and man the gr fight against the black at the peak of adverti

Most of us come to in search of fortune. get rich quickly and t turn home to enjoy o most approved fash and a half per cent on and the dreams of th yet to be realized. W our advent to B. C. sojourn. A year or so and then the happy ending. It was a caution. What did we politics of these west thought did we give the province? A sord son's Bay government toria. There was a so of chuckle-headed neighbors told us of practices of that ext and we were remind or had large visions, fur traders made bro paddling a dugout, a mindful once more of we were going to tak

It took us some tim a considerable period elapse before we could ed on the road to for months and years roll ally awoke to the ster the best portion, if no ance, of our lives wu bucking an inexorable not till then, did we t grave doubts as to th a continued indifferen administration of pub

A new era has daw ate, disgusted at the ties, stupidity and cor partisan legislature, de tually obtained stral There is no longer a part of the general p is on the qui vive an to have a more respo er standard of gove hitherto been the ca

The electorate is di Conservatives and the rank and file on nom ing upon the nomin men available, Both parties are li respect. In fact the D so in many instances lowed Martinism wit corruption and trick from the straight an rectitude. But it is connection to state t

THE PREMIER IN ROSSLAND

Addresses Local Conservatives on Some Provincial Issues.

Predicts Success for the Party at the Next Elections.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)
Hon. Richard McBride, premier of the province, arrived in the city last night on a flying trip through the Kootenays. Mr. McBride is accompanied by his secretary, Mr. McNeill.

A delegation of Conservatives was at the C. P. R. depot to meet the premier and escort him to the committee rooms at the Grand Union hotel. He was well received, and no time was lost in calling upon him for a speech. The premier graciously complied.

Owing, probably, to the lateness of the hour—for it was approaching midnight—there were not so many present as might have been desired; but regardless of that fact, those in attendance listened to Mr. McBride with rapt attention.

The premier's remarks were a decided fillip to local Tories. He referred to the prospects of the party throughout the province, and predicted a great victory for it next October. In his opinion—and he spoke with conviction—the result could not be otherwise.

There was, however, considerable disappointment on the part of many of those present that the premier failed to refer to vital issues of great local importance.

The opinion prevails in this city that the Kootenays, and Rossland in particular, stand in dire need of remedial legislation and administration that have hitherto been totally absent from the policies of past governments. "Constructive statesmanship" is the watchword and the slogan of this and neighboring constituencies. The district needs building up. Kootenaians are only too anxious and willing to do this much for themselves. Incidentally they would appreciate any material assistance that the Victoria government may extend.

But they demand an amelioration of their present hampered conditions. They insist upon the sovereign right to create for themselves and the province a full measure of prosperity. They demand, under and by virtue of the law, an elimination of all restrictions upon them in this respect.

The Miner is fully in touch with this enterprising and splendid sentiment. It stands for Rossland and the Kootenays first, last and all the time. It does not believe in equivocation on the part of public men, and will not tolerate for one moment "hot air" when "straight flung words and true" are in demand by the common people.

It is not to be understood by the readers of The Miner that Mr. McBride did equivocate or attempt to shirk the responsibilities of his great office. He is an ambitious man, and makes no secret of his desire to assist in the promotion of the public weal. He is a young man, and of the Coast "Coasty." It is fair to presume that he is not too fully acquainted with the public needs of the Kootenays. Nevertheless he desires the credit of being open to conviction. He is, undoubtedly, as the leader of the Conservative party of B. C. It is entirely necessary that he should grapple, with the greatest intelligence and utmost honesty, with the great, broad, grand questions that involve the be-all and the end-all of Southern British Columbia's illimitable natural resources.

It is a thousand pities that Mr. McBride spoke more of the success of his party than the crying needs of the country. The Miner deals with the incident in this way because its ideas and ideals place the country and its welfare first and party afterwards.

By his visit here, Mr. McBride and the Conservative party have not lost prestige. He and the party have slumped to a great opportunity. This, it is to be hoped, will be remedied in due course, and quickly, too. Despite his omissions he must not be accused of "impartial commissions at the present time. It is not so much that he has erred, as he has overlooked. And in this particular respect he is no worse than the social and mercenary Grits, who are without either a leader, a platform, or any sound political principles.

The Miner has lost no idol by virtue of the incident. Mr. McBride has simply overlooked an opportunity. It is well to speak plainly at all times, and the Miner never hesitates to do so when occasion demands.

If Mr. McBride has overlooked the important fact that Rosslanders, like the gentleman from Missouri, "have got to be shown," Rosslanders will not overlook the fact that they have "got to show Mr. McBride."

In the approaching contest it is the unquestionable duty of the electors to stand by and for the cause of good government. They will find their salvation in the Conservatives. It is absolutely hopeless to look for it from any other old-established party. Local Conservatives need not feel discouraged in any sense of the word. They should be quite capable of doing that which McBride has omitted somewhat carelessly to do, viz., show the electors that they are capable of conducting a campaign in keeping with all popular demands. Should they, however, fall to accept this simple responsibility, they are certain to go down to utter and ignominious defeat next October.

Mr. McBride leaves for the Boundary this morning. He will spend a day or so there and then proceed to the Coast.

FOLEY REPATRIATED.

Former Rossland Man Takes Out Naturalization Papers.

(From Sunday's Daily.)

When the applications for naturalization were read in the county court yesterday one name was mentioned that caused the people in the courtroom to lean forward and listen, says the Vancouver Province.

J. Edward Bird, the barrister, was reading an application and an affidavit in support thereof. He was not speaking very loudly, and little attention was paid the formal reading until the name, Chris Foley, was heard.

Sure enough Christopher Foley was applying to be taken back to the arms of his beloved country Great Britain. Mr. Foley wants to become a subject of King Edward once more. It was stated that Mr. Foley had become a naturalized United States citizen many years ago, but that he had been repatriated upon taking up his residence in Kootenay years afterwards. The certificate of repatriation was lost, however, and Mr. Foley had nothing to show to prove his nationality if he were put to the test. To avoid any possible future trouble, Mr. Foley decided to take the oath again, and have the fact that he is a British subject recorded in black and white in the registrar's books.

THE LARDEAU'S FAME

DISTRICT ATTRACTS THE ATTENTION OF OUTSIDE CAPITAL.

A REPRESENTATIVE OF MINNESOTA PEOPLE PAYS IT A VISIT.

KASLO, July 13.—Dr. A. H. Hocking, of Granite Falls, Minnesota, arrived here on the steamer Kaslo this afternoon on his way on a prospecting trip into the now famous Lardeau district.

Dr. Hocking comes as the representative of a number of Minnesota capitalists who are seeking mining ventures of merit in the Kootenays, and who have been attracted by the phenomenal finds on Poplar creek.

He says: "Some of my people are already interested in the Handy group, on Lynch creek, and we are so well pleased with the future prospects that we are again in the market for meritorious investments in the same territory. The developments on the Handy group have been especially gratifying, and ample funds are being provided by my people for the operating of those properties now controlled by us, as well as for the purpose of prospecting any new ventures offering. This is certainly a delightful country, and you seem to have untold treasures of wealth laid up in your hills and valleys. It seems to me to be a tourist's paradise, and from all accounts is equally as attractive to the sportsman."

ARE COSTS TOO HIGH

BOARD OF TRADE ASKED TO PETERITION FOR REDUCED COURT COSTS.

THE PRESIDENT PRESENTS A MEMORANDUM DEALING WITH THE MATTER.

(From Thursday's Daily.)
The matter of costs of litigation in this province will be taken up at the board of trade tomorrow night. Recently a memorial passed by the New Westminster board was received with the request that it be endorsed in Rossland. The memorial was referred to A. H. MacNeill, K. C., president of the board for an opinion. Mr. MacNeill has drafted some extended notes on the question, which will be presented to the board.

The general tenor of President MacNeill's memoranda seems to be opposed to the idea set forth in the New Westminster memorial.

That men of moderate means fear to engage in litigation to secure just rights lest they should be ruined by excessive costs or worn out and harassed by too great facility now afforded for appealing to the courts is a sentiment set forth in the Coast board's presentation of its case. Mr. MacNeill says certain actions can be remitted to the county court, thereby escaping the excessive costs referred to, and points out that a person who desires to appeal rarely thinks the facilities too great. Mr. MacNeill also points out that if an appellant is successful, thereby demonstrating that he was wronged by the original judgment, he can see no reason why the right of appeal should not be granted.

Paragraph "A" recommends the extension of the county court's jurisdiction to \$2500 from \$1000, and Mr. MacNeill gives the opinion that no objection can be taken to this, but believes that most litigants with claims exceeding \$1000 would prefer bringing action in the supreme court. Section "B" proposes that in actions of contract or tort (damage suits) where the sum recovered does not exceed \$500 only county court costs should be allowed in the supreme court. Mr. MacNeill says that many such actions are brought to settle disputes, and as to titles and various rights, where the damages proven are small, yet where the principle is of great importance, and it would be rather hard on parties under such circumstances to confine them to county court costs. He believes that the present practice in that the matter of appeals is to be referred to the New Westminster suggestion that appeals should only be on a question of law and in the shape of a case stated, and not then unless judgment exceeds \$500. It is not the practice of the court of appeal to interfere on pure questions of fact, so nothing would really be gained.

"D" section of the memorial proposes that costs of appeals from the county court are to be fixed on the county court scale. Mr. MacNeill takes objection to this on two points, one that the county court has no scale governing, second, all practitioners living at a distance from the courts of appeal would be shut out from practice in the courts of appeal. Mr. MacNeill does not express any decided opinion as to the proposed change of the law respecting champerty.

An interesting feature of the memorial is a suggested alteration of supreme court practice whereby costs in actions of libel or slander where a verdict is returned for a lesser sum than \$25 no more costs than damages be allowed. A case is quoted in the supreme court where a verdict of \$10 was given and the costs taxed against the defendant were \$187, exclusive of the defendant's own costs.

FOR MORE ORE CARS

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT MARPOLE DISCUSSES BUSINESS ON C. P. R.

A SHAY ENGINE FOR ROSSLAND—BUNGALOW AT SLOCAN CROSSING.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)
"While we have had no absolutely definite information on which to base the belief that there will shortly be an increase in the ore carrying business on this division, fifty new thirty-ton ore cars of the standard type have just been delivered on the division and are in use, while another lot of fifty is to be ordered immediately," said Richard Marpole, general superintendent of the Pacific division, on his arrival here last night. Continuing, he remarked: "The bounty on Canadian lead will make a great difference to the silver-lead producing districts and to the Kootenays generally. The government has taken just the action required to assist the lead miners for the next five years and set them on their feet permanently, we hope."

Mr. Marpole is registered at the Hotel Allan with his party, and will leave tonight for the main line. His visit is simply one of inspection.

"An order for a new Shay engine has been placed for several months, and we expect delivery here in September," remarked the general superintendent, referring to business on the Rossland branch. "Two of these Shays are now running on the Eholt section, and are admirable down grade and up, and especially suited to handling heavy ore cars on the grades we have to overcome between Rossland and Smelter Junction."

"It is too late this season for building operations at Slocan Junction," he continued in reply to a query as to the company's intentions about a summer hotel at the famous fishing pools, "but by next summer I think we will have something of the kind on the bungalow principle for the accommodation of tourists and fishermen. I am taking the plans of the proposed building back to Vancouver, and will submit them to Mr. J. L. G. Abbott for his advice as to location, etc. Our idea is to erect a structure that will be suitable for visitors during the summer months, and which will be so constructed as to permit of extensions should the patronage warrant. In various details the opinion of Mr. Abbott, who is thoroughly familiar with the ground, will be of value."

Up to the present time the press has contained practically nothing as to the Fraser river strike instituted by the United Brotherhood of Railway Employees, information being apparently wanting entirely. Mr. Marpole did not say anything about the closing incidents of the trouble, but makes no secret of the fact that the company won on every point at issue, leaving the inference that the U. B. R. E. was defeated on all points it sought to establish.

Mr. Marpole is in excellent health and spirits, and learned with pleasure of the decided change for the better in respect to Rossland's future. He is accompanied by D. G. Ross, superintendent of the Kootenay-Boundary division, and F. F. Busted, of Vancouver, divisional engineer. A. F. Armistead, is also a member of the party.

IN THE FIELD OF SPORT

(From Sunday's Daily.)

Max Crowe is out with a deft in four figures. He is a nameless Cornish wrestler in Butte who will be here for the sports in connection with the Canadian Pacific picnic. Max will match his champion against all comers for \$1000 to \$1500, only requiring that the referee be impartial and that the bout be governed by Cornish wrestling rules. The Count declares he is very much in earnest, and is anxious to talk business to anyone. No wrestler is barred, the stipulation being that the match eventuate in Rossland.

TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS.

E. Temple Cornwall, honorary secretary-treasurer of the Victoria Tennis club, requests The Miner to publish the appended list of events at the Victoria annual tournament:—Championship of British Columbia. Winner takes first prize and is entitled to play the present holder of the challenge cup, Mr. A. T. Goward, for championship of British Columbia. Winner of latter event is entitled to hold the cup for one year. Cup must be won three times in succession before becoming the property of any holder. Entrance fee, \$1.00.

Gentlemen's Doubles.—Entrance fee, \$2.00 each pair.
Ladies' Singles.—Championship of British Columbia. Winner takes first prize and is entitled to play present holder of trophy, Miss M. Coward, for championship of British Columbia. Winner of latter event is entitled to hold trophy for one year. Trophy must be won three times in succession before becoming the property of any holder. Entrance fee, \$1.00.
Ladies' Doubles.—Entrance fee, \$2.00 each pair.
Mixed Doubles.—Entrance fee, \$2.00 each pair.

Entries must be sent into and received by the honorary secretary on or before Thursday, 30th July, 1908. The rules of the Lawn Tennis association of England will be observed. All games to be played in grass. No games to be played without at least two line-men to assist the umpire. Entrance to grounds \$1.50 for the week, or 50 cents a day. All visiting players will be admitted free. Entrance fees are in all cases payable in advance. All matches will be decided by the best of three sets, except in finals, which will be the best of five sets. Advantage sets throughout.

'VANTAGE OUT.

Rossland and Trail Tennis clubs met here yesterday afternoon, with results that were not particularly satisfactory to the home players. The Trail club had intended to play the full club match series, but at the last moment was disappointed in securing several players, so that the match will be concluded later. Two doubles and a single were played as follows:
LaBarthe & Blaylock, Trail, defeated Buckingham and Claudet, Rossland, 6-0, 3-6, 6-3. This game was the semi-final in the men's open doubles for the Nelson tournament, and leaves Trail to meet Nelson in the final game.
Buckingham, Rossland, defeated Blaylock, Trail, 7-5, 6-1.
Kamm & Turnbull, Trail, defeated Phipps & Carmichael, Rossland, 8-6, 7-6, 6-2.

The result of the games so far as the club match are concerned is that Rossland wins the event and Trail two, with two matches yet to be played.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

This is what Charles E. Summers, captain and secretary of the Rossland Lacrosse club, has to say about the national game:

"The local lacrosse situation remains about the same, with the boys practicing faithfully as conditions permit. It was the intention of the executive of the Rossland club to try to work in with the forthcoming celebration and arrange for a game here. Arrangements will likely be made for a match some time this month, probably with Nelson. The lacrosse enthusiasts probably think the Rossland team will stand no show with the Nelson aggregation, but there may be a surprise in store for somebody, for the home team is improving wonderfully and there is no telling what the boys can do. They are like kids, and in the second game in Rossland against Revelstoke they played an entirely different game, and Otto Becker, secretary-treasurer of the Nelson club, who saw both games, remarked after the last one that he never for a moment imagined it was the same team that played at Kaslo, and if he did not know some of the boys personally he would not have believed it. It must be remembered this was some time ago. Now the improvement is still going on at about the same rate, so why should the boys doubt their ability to make it warm for Nelson, even if Nelson did put up such a good game against New Westminster? Even if Rossland cannot defeat Nelson at present it is a certainty they will never be able to do so unless they play them and keep after them until they can beat them, and the home team is confident that any match against Nelson will be well worth watching and not a one-sided affair as many might suppose."

The Nelson team deserves great credit for the scene and bagged both men. Gleason's gun was secured, but the knife that Marshall was supposed to have flourished was not in evidence when the arrest was made.

A little later a cutting affray took place at the Central hotel. The victim was John McKinnon, and his assailant was Otto Jackson, a Finn. The story is that the men had trouble and Jackson drew a hunting knife with which he attacked McKinnon. The latter was painfully cut across the thigh, but it is stated that his wounds are not dangerous. Jackson ran from the place and at last reports had not been captured. McKinnon was removed to his home for treatment.

BORELLI'S COMET.

Prof. Campbell Says It is Daily Growing Brighter.
SAN JOSE, Cal., July 13.—Professor W. W. Campbell, of Lick observatory, says: "The comet discovered by Borelli at Marselles three weeks ago has been under observation by the various members of the Lick observatory staff. It promises to be an unusually interesting object. Its brightness has increased very much, until it is now as easily visible as a fourth magnitude star. On Monday evening observers should experience no difficulty in detecting it about one or two degrees southwest of the bright star Alpha Cyni. Its motion is carrying it southwest about five degrees daily. Our photographs have recorded two prominent tails, each several degrees in length. While it is always unsafe to make predictions as to how bright a comet will grow, yet there is little doubt that this one will be a fairly conspicuous object in the evening sky. In fact I expect it to be the brightest comet of the past ten years."

BLOODSHED IN BROOKLYN.

NEW YORK, July 13.—John Boland, a driver for the International Packing company, ran foul of a number of Italians in Brooklyn today and was stabbed to death by one of the foreigners. The stabbing created a great deal of excitement in the neighborhood, for the reason that it was in the same block earlier in the day that two shooting affrays, in which Italians were wounded, took place.

round. Let the citizens be generous in this matter and the ball and lacrosse clubs will endeavor to do their part towards making the proposed celebration the grandest success possible."

BOUNDARY MINING.

A Large Number of Men Employed at Mines and Smelters.

PHOENIX, July 11.—Over a thousand men are now directly employed in the mines and smelters of the Boundary country, and the indications are that this number will be considerably increased in the near future, if the smelters, now all in full blast, can secure the necessary coke to keep them running. This the Crow's Nest people have promised this week through Mr. Tonkin, the manager, who visited the Granby smelter on Thursday. Not only have the low grade mines, the largest shippers, a considerable number on their respective payrolls, but the high grade properties cut no small figure in the total of those employed. The following is a list, approximate, of the mines, with the number of employees at each, the number at the larger properties varying, of course, from time to time:

Mine	No. Men
Granby mines	300
Mother Lode	100
Snowshoe	100
Sunset	14
B. C. mine	40
Emma	20
Oro Denoro	8
Elkhorn	15
Providence	40
Athelstan	5
Flourish Unum	9
Gold Pinch	8
Miscellaneous	30
SMELTERS.	
Granby	250
Mother Lode	100
Sunset	80
Total	1119

THE LAW OFFENDED

TWO BURGLARIES, ONE SHOOTING, ONE CUTTING, IN TWO DAYS.

A REMARKABLE RECORD FOR ROSSLAND—NO ONE HURT MUCH.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)
Two burglaries, a shooting affray and a cutting affair is the record on the police blotter for the past forty-eight hours. This is quite remarkable for Rossland, where violence of the more serious description has been conspicuous by its absence for several years at least. The Golden City had a touch of genuine high western life during the last two days.

Two men are under arrest, one is at home badly hurt and two men are booked for the lockup as soon as the police can locate them.

The burglaries occurred on Sunday afternoon at McArthur and Harper's and O'Hearn's stores. The thief was found in McArthur and Harper's but got clean away with \$24.50 in cash, and \$1.50 from O'Hearn's establishment. Mr. Harper, who detected the nifty thief, can give the police no description that helps them to locate the man wanted.

Yesterday afternoon Pat Gleason and Paul Marshall, miners employed at the Le Roi, had a mix-up on Columbia avenue. The fight that might have had decidedly serious results. It is understood that the men had trouble over their work, but at any rate when they met yesterday afternoon Gleason produced a gun and fired at Marshall. None of the bullets took effect, and it is claimed that Marshall turned on Gleason with a knife. Constable Stewart appeared on the scene and bagged both men. Gleason's gun was secured, but the knife that Marshall was supposed to have flourished was not in evidence when the arrest was made.

A little later a cutting affray took place at the Central hotel. The victim was John McKinnon, and his assailant was Otto Jackson, a Finn. The story is that the men had trouble and Jackson drew a hunting knife with which he attacked McKinnon. The latter was painfully cut across the thigh, but it is stated that his wounds are not dangerous. Jackson ran from the place and at last reports had not been captured. McKinnon was removed to his home for treatment.

PRINCE OF WALES.

Paid a Visit to the U. S. Flagship at Portsmouth.

PORTSMOUTH, July 13.—The Prince of Wales visited the United States European squadron this morning and breakfasted with Rear Admiral Cotton on the flagship Kearsage. All the ships in the harbor and the channel fleet at Spithead dressed ship, manned sides and fired a royal salute as the prince boarded the American flagship. The prince was received on the quarter deck of the Kearsage by Admiral Cotton and his officers, and the party descended to the admiral's cabin for breakfast, at which President Roosevelt and King Edward were toasted.

Admiral Cotton subsequently escorted the Prince of Wales around the ship, after which the prince landed, with the warships firing another salute, and took train for London.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

A Bolt Among Men Who Had Gathered in a Boat House.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—During a terrific thunder storm here yesterday lightning struck a boat house near the Potomac river in which a dozen men had taken refuge. One man was killed, another so badly injured that he may die and still another was severely hurt. The dead man is Robert B. Smith, aged 33.

Seriously injured: Charles Slaughter, colored, may die; William Lyons, will recover.

All 12 felt the effects of the thunder bolt. The structure itself was wrecked. C. H. Hannigan, the policeman on duty at the beach, while hurrying to the emergency hospital for aid, was twice rendered temporarily unconscious from the effects of lightning striking trees near him. Physicians from the hospital succeeded in restoring most of those who had been hurt to consciousness and the remainder were taken to the hospital.

SILVER FOR COINAGE.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The director of the United States mint today purchased 75,000 ounces of silver, for account of Philippine coinage at 53.85 cents an ounce delivered in Philadelphia.

PROGRESS IN BOUNDARY

Mines Need More Facilities for the Shipment of Ore.

Granby Smelter Nearly Ready for Extended Operations.

PHOENIX, B. C., July 13.—A few days ago the C. P. R. completed the work of putting in one sidetrack for the accommodation of the Oro Denoro mine, on the Phoenix branch, and shipments were started from that property to the Sunset smelter at Boundary Falls. Another sidetrack is also being laid at the same mine to facilitate shipments from other parts of the quarries on that property. This all means the gradual increase of the force employed there.

During the last week there has been some complaint by the mines on the Phoenix branch because of the shortage of cars and power on the part of the C. P. R. It is understood that neither the Granby mines, the Snowshoe nor the other mines will be as much as desired on that account. Superintendent Ross, of the Kootenay-Boundary branches of the C. P. R., is expected in this section shortly, to better familiarize himself with the requirements of the situation, after which an improvement will doubtless be effected, he having taken but one flying trip through here since he was appointed in charge.

There now seems to be every probability that there will be six furnaces in operation at the Granby smelter in about six weeks, or by the first of September. In fact, the two additional furnaces now being installed by the Granby company are expected to be completed and ready for placing in blast before that date, making, for the present, a complete battery of six furnaces.

H. N. Galer, of Grand Forks, assistant manager of the Granby company, who has been making a visit of inspection to the company's mines here, stated that all the machinery of every kind for the company's furnaces is now on the ground, and the work of erection is well under way, so that there seems but little doubt that in the course of six weeks they will be ready for operation. Mr. Galer was also asked about the probable coke supply by that time and said:

"At present we have a good supply of coke, considering the amount coming in from Estlin, Wash., and more is arriving every day, so that for the present we are all right for four furnaces. I notice that Mr. Tonkin, manager of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal company, is reported to have staked in Rossland a few days ago that by the first of September he will have a continuous supply of coke for all the smelters in the province, and will even have to look for an outside market for the surplus. Should this prove to be the case, we will have no trouble in keeping all the six furnaces in blast for an indefinite period, as we can readily get out ore enough for twice that number at our mines, and we will have all the power we need. The thing required is plenty of coke, about 300 tons daily for the six furnaces. Of course, the operation of these furnaces will also require a larger force of men in our employ at both mines and smelter."

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C. P. R. CO

Big Railroad Be Held

1000 Excursions

The big excursion employees on the railway division of the C. P. R. to Rossland. This conference held on between the B. and the committee of Railway Trainmen spaces the excursion. All the negotiations a basis of 1000 plan in the outing. The greater, but it is ed that the figure g reached.

The civic deputa night from Nelson, the outcome of the ly understood that the picnic up at start Rossland had when it was known posed celebrating, trainmen were unan

The civic deputa Dean, Michael P. der C. McArthur and The committee of resented by Messrs. Ir Halkett. After Ros tives had stated in they could offer in t tainment, the railroo voted to have the J. City. Conductor J. sub-committee to vis immediately with a ing the date that the company's employe of the division. Wh finished the exact o will be settled, and celebration will be commence active w

The celebration w As an evidence of propose putting on tr tertainment for the Rossland deputatio lowering rough drafs to alteration or add eral committee: Procession of orga Lacrosse match, N Coast.

Baseball matches, nines vs. picked Ame thing mine drilling co comers.

Double hand drill boys. Single hand drill Foot racing—men, Tugs of war betw smeltermen from Trail, Phoenix, Gra wood and Ymir. Horse racing.

Hose reel races—P Grand Forks, Green son and Ymir. Ball on first night Caledonian sports, contest.

Boxing and wrestl Brass banded tourn Tugs of war for r Trainmen vs. Engin Prizes for best si driving turnouts. The foregoing was, for the purpose of a committee an idea expected here. In ev being eliminated, it stitute therefor a m ture.

As soon as definit In respect to the dat it is intended to call bration committee to is the demonstrati of the railway men's generally received, and Rosslanders will paring the biggest, station that the G witnessed.

BUSY AND A Satisfactor

Conditions at Nor

E. J. Wilson, man port smelter, return ing, having conclu that brought him to son states that ma are moving ahead. nances are in operat Prospect is that th maintained. He ha as to the permanen ply.

The Northport sm yards beyond 40,000 ore, and this tonna steadily. It is app of things that the Rol mine must be tially at an early d has already been tal by the shipment of ore from the No. 1

RESS IN BOUNDARY

ed More Facilities e Shipment of Ore.

Smelter Nearly y for Extended perations.

B. C., July 13.—A few C. P. R. completed the in one sidetrack for of the Oro Denor Phoenix branch, and ship- started from that property smelter at Boundary Falls. track is also being laid at line to facilitate shipments parts of the quarries on that his all means the gradual the force employed there.

last week there has been t by the mines on the h because of the shortage power on the part of the is understood that neither mines, the Snowshoe nor could ship as much as that account. Superintendent of the Kootenay-Boundary the C. P. R., is expected on shortly, to better famil with the requirements of after which an improve- will be effected, he hav- out one flying trip through e was appointed in charge. seems to be every proba- there will be six furnaces at the Granby smelter in weeks, or by the first of In fact, the two additional y being installed by the npany are expected to be ready for placing in that date, making, for the complete battery of six fur- ler, of Grand Forks, assist- en making a visit of inspec- company's mines here, stat- the machinery of every kind npany's furnaces is now op- and the work of erection is way, so that there seems ight in the course of they will be ready for opera- Galer was also asked about le coke supply by that time

ent we have a good supply of nizing the same coming in ax Wash, and more is ar- day, so that for the present ight for four furnaces. I Mr. Tonkin, manager of the est Pass Coal company, is have stated in Rossland a that by the first of Sep- will have a continuous supply all the smelters in the pro- will even have to look for market for the surplus. Should be the case, we will have no keeping all the six furnaces r an indefinite period, as we get out ore enough for twie er at our mines, and we will power we need. The only red is plenty of coke, about ally for the six furnaces. Of operation of these furnaces require a larger force of men ploy at both mines and smel-

PRINCE OF WALES. visit to the U. S. Flagship at Portmouth. FOUTE, July 13.—The Prince visited the United States Eu- adron this morning and break- Rear Admiral Cotton on ship Keersage. All the ships and the channel fleet dressed ship, manned ships a royal salute as the prince the American flagship. ce was received on the quar- of the Keersage by Admiral his officers, and the party to the admiral's cabin for at which President Roosevelt Edward were toasted. Cotton subsequently escorted e of Wales around the ship, the prince landed, with the ling another salute, and took LONDON.

UCK BY LIGHTNING. ong Men Who Had Gathered in a Boat House. NGTON, July 13.—During a under storm here yesterday struck a boat house near the river in which a dozen men refuge. One man was killed, e badly injured that he may ill another was severely hurt. man is Robert B. Smith,

injured: Charles Slaugh- ed, may die; William Lyons, er. t the effects of the thunder structure itself was wreck- Bannigan, the policeman on the beach, while hurrying to yency hospital for aid, was dered temporarily uncon- the effects of lightning strik- near him. Physicians from al succeeded in restoring most who had been hurt to consci- and the remainder were taken pital.

VER FOR COINAGE. NGTON, July 13.—The direc- United States mint today 75,000 ounces of silver, for Philippine coinage at 53.85 ounce delivered in Philadel-

C. P. R. MEN COME HERE

Big Railroad Picnic (Will Be Held Here Next Month.

1000 Excursionists Figured on—Some Other Details.

The big excursion of Canadian Pacific employees on the Kootenay-Boundary division of the system will come to Rossland. This is the outcome of the conference held yesterday at Nelson between the Rossland deputation and the committee of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, under whose auspices the excursion will take place. All the negotiations were conducted on a basis of 1000 picnickers participating in the outing. The number may be greater, but it is confidently expected that the figure given will be at least reached.

The civic deputation returned last night from Nelson well satisfied with the outcome of their mission. The trainmen desire it to be distinctly understood that they did not put the picnic up at auction—from the start Rossland had the preference, and it was known that citizens proposed celebrating, the committee of trainmen were unanimous in deciding that Rossland would be the objective point of their excursion. The exact date of the affair will be settled in the course of the next few days. It will eventuate between August 1 and 21, and the management of the division has taken the most complacent attitude in respect to raising and provision of equipment to handle the crowd.

The civic deputation included Mayor Dean, Michael P. Villeneuve, Alexander C. McArthur and Harry McIntosh. The committee of trainmen was represented by Messrs. Irving, McIntyre and Halkett. After Rossland's representatives had stated approximately what they could offer in the shape of entertainment, the railroad men's committee voted to bring the picnic to the Golden City. Conductor James Irving is a sub-committee to visit Boundary points immediately with a view to ascertaining the date that will best suit the company's employees on that section of the division. When his mission is finished the exact day of the picnic will be settled, and the committee of citizens charged with arranging for the celebration will be called together to commence active work.

The celebration will last two days. As an evidence of what the citizens propose putting on in the shape of entertainment for the celebration, the Rossland deputation submitted the following rough draft of events, subject to alteration or addition by the general committee:

- Procession of organizations and industries, with prizes for best turnout.
- Lacrosse match, Nelson-Rossland vs. Coast.
- Baseball matches, selected B. C. mines vs. players from American cities.
- Machine drilling contests, open to all comers.
- Double hand drilling for men and boys.
- Single hand drilling for men.
- Foot racing—men, boys and girls.
- Tugs of war between miners and smelters from Rossland, Nelson, Trail, Phoenix, Grand Forks, Greenwood and Ymb.
- Horse races.
- Hose reel races—Phoenix, Rossland, Grand Forks, Greenwood, Trail, Nelson and Ymb.
- Ball on first night of celebration.
- Caledonian sports, including bagpipe contest.
- Boxing and wrestling contests.
- Brass band tournament.
- Tugs of war for railroad men only—Trainmen vs. Enginemen, etc.
- Prizes for best single and double driving turnout.

The foregoing was, of course, drafted for the purpose of giving the railway committee an idea of what might be expected here. In event of any feature being eliminated it is proposed to substitute therefor a more attractive feature.

As soon as definite word is to hand in respect to the date of the excursion it is intended to call the general celebration committee together and organize the demonstration. The decision of the railway men's committee will be generally received with gratification, and Rosslanders will be a unit in preparing the biggest and best demonstration that the Golden City has yet witnessed.

BUSY AND ALL WELL.

Conditions at Northport Smelter in Satisfactory Shape.

E. J. Wilson, manager of the Northport smelter, returns home this morning, having concluded the business that brought him to the city. Mr. Wilson states that matters at Northport are moving ahead smoothly, six furnaces are in operation steadily and the prospect is that this standard will be maintained. He has few doubts now as to the permanency of the coke supply.

The Northport smelter has now in its yards between 40,000 and 45,000 tons of ore, and this tonnage is being reduced steadily. It is apparent on the face of things that the output of the Le Roi mine must be increased substantially at an early date, in fact a step has already been taken in this direction by the shipment of the second class ore from the No. 1 dump.

BRITISH SUBJECTS NOW.

List of Foreigners Legally Born Again as Britishers in Court.

Appended is the list of foreigners who duly took the oath of allegiance at the last sitting of the county court here and are now full-fledged British subjects:

Nicolaus Thompson, Steve Barbara, Emil Johnson, Paul Marshall, John Edward Johnson, Frank Amante, Francis Nichols, William Carfou, Amadas Lippe, Vincenzo Discuti, Dominico Ferraro, Sebastiane Lippe, Charles Notti, Peter Notti, Rafael Venilo, Tony Albo, Joseph Allegranzi, Charles William Cluett, Christine Ballo, Barney Gaddo, Pasquati Gualtieri, Frank Giacaco, Fellicio Zecchin, John Covello, Angelo Scerbo, Equazio Vittri, Frank DePonzo, Antonio Rouse, Samuel John Beck, Antonio Spertoforo, Giuseppe Pecoraro, Alphonzo Jacellii, John Cassetto, Frank Bandiers, Mosei Potestio, Axel E. Noran, Joseph Anselmo, Attilio Mondoli, Andrew Beckman, Mike Novosel, Frank Golshek, Samuel Lappano, Matt Mateo, Frederick William Stranger, Angelo Sutti, John Ruckins, Frank Leslie Johnson, Joseph Lardi, Paltunato Palestia, John Eugene Miller, Luigi Caputo, Genaro Quida, Americo Petroni, John Rivers, Matt Myers, Sabatino Palogr, and Tony Lippe.

NEWS FROM THE EAST

MONTREAL, July 10.—The Star's London cable says: Andrew Carnegie has been compelled by the editor of the Ironmonger to admit that the Ironmonger interview belittling Canada was quite accurate. Carnegie's recent disavowal in the Canadian papers referred to another interview. Therefore Carnegie stands as declaring that Canada has no future except as a part of the United States.

MONTREAL, July 10.—A New York special says Ernest Kennedy, formerly a resident of Rossland, wanted by the management of the Holland Hotel, New York, for passing bad drafts to a large amount a year ago, was located in Chicago yesterday. Upon being located by detectives, Kennedy immediately offered in settlement three hundred shares of stock in the Milwaukee Traders' Co-operative company, and also packages said to contain jewelry ornaments for women's wear.

TORONTO, July 10.—The News' London cable says: The team to represent Canada in the Palma trophy contest has been chosen as follows: Hayhurst, Jules, King, O'Brien, Peddie, Simpson, Stuart and Whyte. The Palma trophy contest is exciting even greater enthusiasm than the King's prize contest. The commandant of the American team said he hoped the trophy would be taken to North America, either to Canada or the United States. So far the Americans have shown the best form at practice.

OTTAWA, July 10.—Redistribution was commenced this morning in the re-arrangement of electoral districts in Ontario. Seats are practically the same in Ottawa as before.

WINNIPEG, July 10.—The Galt football team defeated the Manitou team at Manitou, 4 to 0.

The estimated value of the building operations in this city for the present year is six million dollars. This is the first estimate given by the official building inspector and is based on the early part of the season as compared with that of last year.

An Edmonton, N. W. T., dispatch says excellent progress is being made with the grading for the Canadian Northern at Edmonton. The weather has been cloudy the last few days, with occasional light showers of rain. Crops are well advanced on the country has a fine appearance.

William Stewart, aged 45, was tried at the police court and sentenced to five years' imprisonment for incest.

The safes in the G. T. R. station at Waterloo were wrecked by nitro-glycerine, but the burglar got no money. Sixty-three new postoffices were opened in Canada in June, four were closed, and the names of six were changed.

It is said that Hon. H. T. Duffy, late treasurer of Quebec, left an estate valued at \$75,000 or \$80,000. The cabinet attended the funeral.

John McDonald, a young stonemason who had recently arrived from Scotland, was drowned while bathing in the Red River at West Selkirk.

Mr. Kirk Cameron has been appointed principal of Galt Central school at a salary of \$800, in succession to Mr. R. Alexander, who recently resigned.

MUCH OBLIGED, MR. GALLIHER!

The Rossland board of trade has forwarded the following telegraphic message to William A. Galliher, M. P., who is at present at Ottawa. The telegram bears the date of the 8th inst. and reads as follows:

"The Rossland board of trade highly appreciates your efforts on behalf of the silver-lead miners, and congratulates you on the measure of success you have attained. (Signed)

"A. B. MACKENZIE, Secy."

TREAT ZINC AND LEAD

What the Trail Smelter Is Understood to Be Doing.

Experimenting With Zinc and Erecting Lead Refinery.

Reports to hand daily indicate that the passage of the bounty on Canadian lead promises to do all that was expected of it in the direction of stimulating the production of lead ores, and thereby regenerating the various important silver-lead producing camps of the country. In some quarters it is feared that the effect of the bounty may be to "bear" the lead market in London, but the statistics as to supply and demand seem to indicate that the danger for this for a considerable period is slight.

The Trail smelter will share in the prosperity that is inaugurated in the silver-lead mining camps. As is generally known, the Canadian Smelting works has for some months had the matter of zinc smelting in close contemplation, and a more or less active campaign has been conducted having in view the compilation of information that would affect the installation of an addition to the works for the purpose of treating zinc-blende. The excessive cost of erecting such works is the principal drawback to its adoption, when coupled with the uncertainty as to the supply of zinc-blende obtainable in the Kootenays, and the wide variation in the ores with respect to their zinc contents. At the present time the smelter has its field force at work on the problem, while at the plant continuous investigation is being carried on with a magnetic separator. The result of these investigations is that the properties of the country are being catalogued, with a statement of the average zinc production so far as can be obtained from the tests now under way. The matter of inaugurating zinc smelting is claimed to involve more issues than even the average mining man conceives of, on the same ratio that smelting on a zinc basis is several times more costly than smelting on a lead basis and many times more expensive than copper-base smelting.

The construction of the refining department at the Trail smelter is proceeding steadily. It is understood to be the company's intention to provide for the refining of all the lead required for local consumption in Canada, which is in the neighborhood of 13,000 to 15,000 tons annually. Lead matte produced in excess of the amount required to constitute this tonnage of refined lead will probably be handled along the lines at present followed. The \$5 bounty on refined lead has been cancelled in view of the larger bonus on lead in ore to mine owners.

STRAIGHT TO POINT

BOARD OF TRADE TAKES UP THE QUESTION OF POOR PASSENGER SERVICE.

DOESN'T EVADE THE ISSUE BUT GOES DIRECT TO THE POINT.

The Rossland board of trade has taken up the question of inadequate, inconvenient and uncomfortable passenger service in and out of the Golden City on both lines of railroad. In its communications to the railroad people, the board goes straight to the point without mincing matters, and the hope is expressed that if the protest is well grounded the companies will take action to remedy the matters in complaint.

The railway committee has addressed letters to the railroads as follows: To A. B. Ross, Superintendent Canadian Pacific: The passenger accommodation between Robson and Rossland has been gradually growing worse instead of better. We would indeed be pleased to hear from you advising us what you intend doing in connection with the discrimination in the fare and the Golden City on the subject of passengers from the Coast and other points en route to the Boundary country.

The complaints we have in connection with the passenger service are as follows: The train leaving here at 6:15 in the evening is a mixed train with exceedingly poor coach accommodation, and we do not consider that it is safe to haul passenger coaches behind freight cars on account of the excessive grade between Rossland and Trail. We also consider that we are entitled to one up-to-date coach on each train. The train leaving Nelson at 6:40 in the evening, and which is supposed to arrive in Rossland at 10:15, is simply a cattle train, as invariably a cattle car is picked up at Robson and hauled to Trail. During the time that said cattle car is attached to the passenger train it is an impossibility for a person to stand the odor, provided the windows of the coach are open. This same train is sidetracked at Robson almost every evening. The Nelson train comes in from the Boundary and is given a preference over the Rossland train and, in fact, when the bat is late a special train is very often made up which carries the passengers to Nelson and the Rossland passengers are compelled to wait from five to six hours until the boat arrives, and then, after all kinds of shunting and other delays, the Rossland train proceeds on its journey and reaches Rossland at all hours. Another great delay is caused

on account of the power not being sufficient to haul the train from Trail to Rossland. It is quite a common occurrence for engines to stop five or six times to steam up between the two points given above. There are several other grievances which we might mention, but if the above are rectified we will be satisfied for a while.

To R. C. Morgan, Superintendent Spokane Falls & Northern: The inadequate and unsatisfactory passenger service provided by your railway system in and out of Rossland has been discussed by the Rossland board of trade, and I was instructed to ask if you would not treat this city better.

Complaints are made that the one coach from Northport into Rossland is invariably filthy, and all classes of passengers are mixed up together, much to the discomfort and inconvenience of ladies who wish to keep clean. Again, the train is often late on account of freights being included. One remedy that suggests itself is to run the buffet car into Rossland, and I can assure you that any improvements you may make in the passenger service will be much appreciated.

THE GILDED SMITHS

NEW ORDER FORMALLY AND SUCCESSFULLY INSTITUTED HERE.

ROSSLAND LODGE, KNIGHTS OF GOLDEN HORSESHOE, FORMED.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

Last night saw a brand new fraternal and social order instituted in the Golden City, when Rossland Lodge No. 11, Knights of the Golden Horseshoe, was formally and successfully organized at Masonic Temple. The lodge starts out with a substantial membership roll, and admirable prospects of success in its special sphere. The objects of the fraternity are similar to those of the Elks, and the ritual is described as decidedly spectacular. The social feature is much to the front in the order. Similar lodges exist at Nelson, Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster in British Columbia and in scores of towns and cities in the east.

J. W. Husted of Toronto, deputy supreme organizer of the order, has been working on the proposition here for several weeks, with the result that a most promising lodge has been instituted. The charter members are as follows:

- Dr. D. Campbell, Dr. A. W. Kenning, Charles E. Barrett, W. Ray Wilson, J. Stephen Deschamps, J. Stillwell, J. W. Blinn Johnson, Dr. W. L. Couthard, William Thompson, Frank D. Fortin, John D. Macdonald, Harry Daniel, T. Russell Morrow, Lorne A. Campbell, James H. Young, Robert S. McKibbin, Alexander C. McArthur, Frank A. Empey, Donald Guthrie, Hollis P. Brown, Neville F. Townsend, James M. Jordan, Dalby B. Morkill, Emile A. Ewert, George A. Mitchell, George W. Urquhart, H. Hayman Claudet, Charles V. Jenkins, John P. Cosgro, Roland A. Laird, Archibald N. Patterson, Archibald B. Barkar and J. K. Cram.

The officers elected and installed last night at the initial meeting of the lodge were as follows:

J. Stillwell—Clute-Commander.
Charles V. Jenkins—Vice-commander.
J. Blinn Johnson—Past commander.
Archibald B. Barkar—Chaplain.
George A. Mitchell—Marshal.
Charles E. Barrett—Recorder.
Lorne A. Campbell—Treasurer.
Harry Daniel—Guide.
Donald Guthrie—Aide.
James H. Young—Watchman.
Frank D. Fortin—Inside guard.
William Thompson—Trustee.
T. Russell Morrow—Trustee.
Hollis P. Brown—Trustee.
Neville F. Townsend—Sentinel.

The lodge will probably meet on alternate Mondays at Masonic Temple, but this and other details are in the hands of committees to be disposed of at subsequent meetings of the new lodge.

SICKLY BABIES.

Weak, sickly babies are a great trial to mothers. They need constant care both night and day and soon wear the mother out. Baby's little stomach is the cause of the most of the trouble; it is very weak, and in consequence very easily upset. Baby's Own Tablets will cure all baby troubles. They are mildly laxative and give prompt relief. Concerning them Mrs. R. J. Balfour, Omemee, Ont., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for stomach troubles and constipation from which my little girl suffered and they entirely cured her. They produced sound, refreshing sleep, and I regard them as indispensable in any home where there are little ones."

Mothers from all parts of Canada write in favor of Baby's Own Tablets, proving the claim that they are the very best medicine for all the minor ills of infants and young children. Guaranteed to contain no opiates or other deleterious drugs. It is sold in a box at all druggists or direct from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Lorne, the six-year-old son of W. McMann, strayed away from his home at Barrie and was found floating in the bay. It is believed he was playing and slipped in.

With a score of 149 out of a possible 200, St. Thomas Cadet Corps won Mayor Beck's shield in the musketry competition at London, in which nine teams competed.

Judge Moegrove, junior judge of Carleton county, is critically ill. The order-in-council appointing Judge Lidell, of Cornwall, as acting senior judge has been passed.

The Bell Telephone company has agreed to pay \$500 a year for the use of the streets, etc., erect a \$12,000 building and expend \$40,000 in improving the service in Kingston.

Nine large cattle stables at the Winnipeg Industrial Exhibition grounds were completely destroyed by fire, causing a loss of \$10,000.

GOOD REPORT FOR LONDON

Director Dealty of Le Roi Two Is Much Pleased.

Talks of Company's Situation and Bright Future.

"I found the affairs of the Le Roi Two company in much better shape than I or the other directors expected, and will return home with a bright report of the company's property. It is difficult to speak of 'ore in sight,' but I am confident that an immense tonnage of payable ore will be mined on the company's properties here, and look forward to a prosperous period."

So says A. B. Dealty, director of the Le Roi Two company, who left last night per Canadian Pacific for the coast en route home. Mr. Dealty will go south to San Francisco, thence east and across the Atlantic.

"It is too early to speak of our new arrangements for treatment of ores," remarked Mr. Dealty in reply to a social exercise afforded entertainment up to a late hour. Rev. William J. Wood, locum tenens, was much in evidence and assisted the ladies gallantly in promoting the success of the affair.

YMIR NOTES. Important Deal on the Gold Cup Group.—The Foghorn's Progress.

YMIR, July 8.—Yesterday there was an important deal put through in the Ymir camp, when Messrs. Conrad Wolfe and J. F. Davault of Spokane took a bond on the Gold Cup group, comprising the Ryan, Donnelly and Gold Cup mineral claims, situated about two and a half miles north of Ymir and within two miles of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railroad.

This property is considered one of the best free milling propositions in the Ymir camp, and the property has undoubtedly an exceptionally great future. By the terms of the bond a force of men are to be kept at work continuously during the life of the bond. Men are being sent up today to commence operations. A steam hoist and drill plant are here in town and will be taken to the property at once, in fact it is a red letter day in the history of this camp for the way this deal has gone ahead and work commenced.

The ledge on the property is a strong quartz ledge four feet in width that carries free gold and will average across the ledge and the whole depth of the shaft \$21 in gold, with some additional values in silver and copper. The ledge lies in a porphyry formation and becomes stronger as it goes down. The walls are free and the ledge well defined. The situation is an excellent one; the property can be worked very cheaply and the ore can be shipped without much cost. Conrad Wolfe is well known in Spokane. He is manager of the Foghorn mine here, and it is due to his experience and enterprise that this property is looking up so well. In conversation with him yesterday your correspondent found out that the big tunnel on the Foghorn is in 1000 feet, the big ledge is expected to be struck at any time, and from indications already noted is going to be something extraordinary. He further reports that the drift on ledge No. 1 is showing up splendidly. This drift is in 100 feet. A large force of men are employed on the property and the manager is sending up additional help.

ANCIENT AND TRAVELLED.

Is the Dominion Express "Happy Hooligan" Derby.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

Very much disgraced but very much in the ring is the "Happy Hooligan" hat brought to the city yesterday by the Dominion Express company and placed on exhibition at the company's Columbia avenue office.

The legend in connection with the hat is that it started on the road in 1883 at Richmond, Cal., and that it has been travelling steadily ever since. It is asserted that the hat has circled the globe, but this seems to be incorrect. However, there is little doubt that the headpiece has seen Cuba, Mexico, Japan and China as well as every province and state in Canada and United States. The battered and disreputable relic of what was once a derby hat bears a hundred or more tags from various points on the continent, most of which are endorsed with remarks humorous and otherwise. One of the most original of the lot is from Mesenger Choate at Ehol, who appends his photograph with the hat at arm's length. The Grand Forks people certainly got busy when the "Happy Hooligan" hat struck the Gateway City, for half a dozen tags are required to carry the sentiments of Grand Forks people who handled the headpiece.

Hal Smith, of the Dominion Express, brought the hat into Rossland, and before it departed there were fresh tags affixed to demonstrate that the ancient headgear in its unending travels had not passed up the Golden City, which shows that even a "Happy Hooligan" hat may have more discernment than the Montreal magnates who are arranging the Commerce Congress delegates' trip in British Columbia.

A TRAIN COLLISION.

Missouri Pacific Fast Express Dashed Into Excursion Train.

KANSAS CITY, July 15.—The Missouri Pacific fast mail, No. 7, which left St. Louis at 8 o'clock yesterday morning, dashed into an excursion train south-bound from Kansas City that had become stalled at "Dead Man's curve," between Little Knob and Lee Summit. Three persons were killed, two of them tramps, and 50 others were injured. With the exception of one or two of the crew on the fast mail all the injured were on the excursion train. Most of them were Kansas City negroes. Eighteen were seriously hurt. The injuries of the others consisted of cuts and bruises. None of the passengers on the mail train were hurt.

dainty tea tables were placed along the walls. The chandeliers were hung with bunting and paper lanterns, the ensemble being particularly striking and attractive.

The affair as a whole was under the direction of Mrs. Richard Bennett, president of the association, with Mesdames Boulbee and Charles W. Simpson, officials of the organization. "Rebecca at the Well" was portrayed by Mrs. Baxter, whose costume was attractive and appropriate. Misses Adams and Hamilton wore dainty Japanese costumes that gave a touch of color to the scene. In the ice cream booth were Mesdames C. E. Simpson, Harry McIntosh and Shilney Hobbs. The tea table was admirably administered by Mesdames Long, Copp and Stuart, while the Misses Hobbs waited on the tables in a most charming manner.

The function commenced shortly after noon, when afternoon tea was dispensed to many visitors. In the evening the hall was crowded. Dancing and social exercises afforded entertainment up to a late hour. Rev. William J. Wood, locum tenens, was much in evidence and assisted the ladies gallantly in promoting the success of the affair.

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The engine, the mail and baggage cars on the fast mail went down an embankment, but the rest of that train remained upright, as did the excursion train. The dead: Roy Swain, Kansas City, stealing a ride; Willie-man, 3912 Russell avenue, St. Louis; unknown man.

WAS NOTHING DOING

EXPECTED ANIMATION AT CITY COUNCIL DIDN'T MATERIALIZE.

EFFORT TO OUST FINANCE MINISTER DROPPED WITH EXPLANATIONS.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

There was nothing doing at last night's session of the city council, the effort to oust Alderman Daniel from the chairmanship of the finance committee, so far as the signing of civic checks was concerned, being dropped with explanations. A number of ratepayers gathered in anticipation of an exciting session, but they were disappointed.

While there was no special excitement the proceedings were enlivened to some extent by an argument between the chief magistrate and the chairman of the finance committee.

When council opened it was evident that something was brewing, and it took five minutes to secure a quorum. Alderman Daniel's motion for the adoption of the previous meeting's minutes. The bone of contention was the notice of motion in respect to civic checks, but when Mayor Dean explained that to adopt the minutes didn't mean to endorse the motion, Alderman McKichan sprang into the breach and the minutes were adopted without dissent.

Matters progressed swiftly through the reading of a few unimportant communications to the committee reports and then to motions. This was where the rub came. Alderman Embleton, who fathered the notice of motion transferring the power to sign civic checks from Alderman Daniel to Alderman Dunlop, rose to remark that as Alderman Daniel had affixed his official signature to the check over which the trouble arose he did not wish to press his motion, and would move that it be laid on the table. Alderman McKichan seconded the motion to shelve the question.

Alderman Daniel was not satisfied, however, to allow the question to go without comment. While he had signed the check, there was no doubt that he had no right whatever to sign it. (Mayor Dean—"I call you to order on that!") Alderman Daniel continued it was a duty he owed the public to state that whereas the account was for \$10.50 only \$8.50 had passed the council. He didn't propose to refuse to sign checks when instructed except on proper business grounds and he considered that in this instance he had only done his duty.

Mayor Dean—No! You exceeded your duty, and you have made a wrong statement at this time when you say the account was not passed.

Alderman Daniel—I repeat that I had no right to sign the check and call for the resolution in respect to the account.

Mayor Dean—I will make a little explanation myself.

Alderman Daniel—Then with all due deference I suggest that your worship vacate the chair while making any such explanation.

Mayor Dean—No! I don't have to. Alderman Daniel—I know you don't have to when you possess the whip hand.

His worship then proceeded to state that when accounts had passed committees it was a mere matter of book-keeping to lump them in one sum. If Alderman Daniel didn't believe this he should consult the city solicitor so as not to make such a mistake in the future. His action had brought his colleagues into disrepute with the business man interested, and it was to be hoped the incident would be closed now and never occur again.

Alderman Daniel demanded that the reports be scrutinized, and the finance committee's report of May 18 was read wherein the account in dispute was specified at \$8.50. Alderman Daniel contended that this supported his position, and Mayor Dean insisted it was a matter of bookkeeping only, and the question was dropped without further discussion. The resolution to shelve the question was carried unanimously.

EXTEND GLAD HAND

LADIES OF MACCABEES PREPARING FOR VISIT OF SUPREME COMMANDER.

INCIDENT NOTABLE IN LOCAL FRATERNAL CIRCLES—ALL INVITED.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The Ladies of the Maccabees belonging to Rossland Hive—and their energy and zeal in the work of the order has justified the name by which the lodge is described—are sparing no pains to make their visit to Rossland of Lillian M. Hollister, supreme commander of the order, a notable event in local fraternalism. In view of their past achievements it goes without saying they will succeed in the undertaking—they've succeeded in everything tackled up to date.

The visit of the executive head of any great fraternity to the Golden City is an event of far more than ordinary interest.

Incidentally it may be stated that the Ladies of the Maccabees have requested The Miner to announce that they will greatly appreciate any courtesy to their order and its esteemed head. The ladies suggest that merchants hoist flags and display in their windows the colors of the order, which are black, red and white. The request is reasonable and Rossland's business men possess the brand of enterprise that will promptly grasp the suggestion.

Mrs. Hollister reaches Rossland by tonight's Canadian Pacific train, and will be met at the depot by the reception committee, which includes Mrs. Desllets,

deputy provincial commander, Mrs. McQuarrie and Mrs. Humble. In addition most of the hundred members of the hive and a strong deputation of the local lodge of Knights of the Maccabees will be in attendance to back up the reception committee. A deputation of members of Grand Forks hive is expected on the same train. Warm expressions of welcome will be presented to the supreme commander as she alights, and after general introductions, Mrs. Hollister will be escorted to the Hotel Allan in a carriage provided specially for the occasion.

On Thursday afternoon at 1 o'clock a reception will be given at the parlors of the Hotel Allan. The public is invited to attend and meet Mrs. Hollister, and a special invitation is extended to resident clergymen, teachers and members of fraternities. Mrs. Hollister is a member of the Rebekah order and Daughters of the Eastern Star, the members of which are also specially invited to attend the reception.

At 2:30 o'clock the public initiation takes place at Union hall, and invitations have been issued for this event. A class of forty candidates will present themselves for initiation into the fraternity.

On Thursday evening, after the departure of Mrs. Hollister, who leaves on the evening train, a social evening will be held at Odd Fellows' hall by the Knights and Ladies in honor of the Grand Forks members in the city for the occasion.

BUSY DAY FOR THEM

POLICE HAD HEAVY BLOTTER AT YESTERDAY MORNING'S COURT.

NONE OF SERIOUS OFFENCES WERE GONE INTO AT SITTINGS.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The appearance of the blotter at the police court yesterday morning seemed to indicate that the department was in for a busy day, but it eventuated that none of the serious cases on the calendar were proceeded with. Since no successor has been appointed to the late city solicitor, no one was present to represent the crown, and Magistrate Boulton declined to proceed until the crown was represented and the prosecution properly looked after by a solicitor. All the cases were adjourned, and it is expected that some provision will be made this morning for an acting city solicitor.

The matters arising from Monday's rough house in the city attracted quite a number of spectators, and the array of legal talent was impressive. Pat Gleason, alleged to have fired a revolver at Paul Marshall, was charged with carrying a weapon with intent to do an injury, under Section 108, Criminal Code, while Marshall, who is alleged to have mixed it up with Gleason, was charged with common assault. Other minor cases were on the docket, but the magistrate declined to proceed with the heavy matters for the reason stated. Otto Jackson, charged with cutting John McKinnon, was arraigned later in the day for the offence of wounding with intent to do grievous bodily harm. Gleason was represented in court by J. A. Macdonald, and Charles E. Gillan appeared for Marshall.

McKinnon, who figured as the victim in the cutting affray at the Central hotel, had a decidedly serious time during the night after the cutting, but yesterday he was reported out of danger, although likely to have a slow convalescence. He was slashed about the lower part of the body, and an artery was severed, which threatened to exhaust the vital fluid until an operation was performed at the hospital.

Dr. W. J. Harvey, O. D., M. F. E. C. O., Professor of Physiological Optics in the Empire College of Ophthalmology, Toronto, is scheduled for a visit to our city, and may be consulted free about all errors of Refraction, Accommodation, Convergence, and general anomalies of sight, or the fitting of spectacles, at Rossland Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, July 27th, 28th and 29th.

HOME FROM AFRICA. Major A. E. Hodgins is interviewed in Toronto.

Major Arthur E. Hodgins, a son of Judge Hodgins, arrived home on a visit after nearly three and a half years spent in South Africa. Major Hodgins formerly resided at Nelson, B. C., and went to South Africa with the first contingent. He is a graduate of the Royal Military College at Kingston, and is now attached to the Imperial service in the construction of railways in South Africa, under Sir Percy Girouard, as superintending engineer, in the Orange River Colony. Major Hodgins has four months leave of absence.

Chatting with a representative of the Globe last evening, Major Hodgins said that some \$5,000,000 were being expended on new railroads in the Transvaal and Orange River Colony, and between seven and eight hundred miles of road were to be constructed and equipped. Most of the money for this work is being furnished by the British government, and is with a view of opening up the country for settlement and development.

The labor question, Mr. Hodgins explained, was giving them a good deal of trouble in connection with their railroad construction. They could not get men enough at present to man the mines. Before the war there were 97,000 men working in the mines, now there were but 70,000, while the mine owners said they could use 150,000. One reason for the scarcity of labor was that the Kaffirs had made too much money, and would not come out and work. There was a proposal to import Chinamen, but this met with the opposition of the white labor. The government were, too, considering whether they should not bring in some 40,000 coolies from India, to place them on railroad work. They could be sent back to India when their work was completed.

The entire development of the country, in the opinion of Major Hodgins, depended upon the labor question, and if they could not get Chinamen they must get coolies.

Some of the railroad lines under construction, Major Hodgins considered, would be of the greatest importance in developing the country, such as a line from Springs to Ermelo, running towards the Swaziland border, and which it was intended should connect with Delagoa Bay. The new lines are being laid with the 40-pound rail, while heavy 102-ton engines were being placed on them.—Globe.

Consult Dr. W. J. Harvey, O. D., M. F. E. C. O., about those headaches, pains in the eyes, eyes crossed, double or indistinct vision, loss of muscular power, or any error of refraction, or the fitting of spectacles that are absolutely correct and will so neutralize the defect as to enable you to see without an effort, at Rossland Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, July 27th, 28th and 29th.

AROUND THE CITY

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Rev. Father Caidi, S. J., of Gonzaga college, Spokane, arrived in the city last night to assume the pastorate of the Sacred Heart church during the absence on vacation of Rev. Father McKinnon. Father Bruster, who officiated at the Sacred Heart church on Sunday, returned to Coiville yesterday morning.

The board of trade meets tonight. The question of law costs, the effort to secure a visit to Rossland by the Commerce Congress delegates, matters relating to the railroads and other issues of importance will be broached for discussion, and an interesting and animated session is looked for.

Captain Hart-McHarg, late of No. 1 company, Rocky Mountain Rangers, has been gazetted to a company in the Sixth Regiment, Duke of Connaught's Own Rifles, at Vancouver. Captain Hart-McHarg has had command of a company of the Sixth for some months and has distinguished himself at the rifle ranges.

The Miners' Union dance tomorrow night promises to be one of the most successful functions of the season. At supper time the Union will serve supper at the Palace hotel, and a free 'bus will ply between the hall and the Palace for the accommodation of guests.

The creditors of the defunct firm of Hamon and Blison met yesterday and appointed W. J. Robinson, deputy sheriff, receiver. The assets are estimated at \$10,000, with liabilities of \$14,000.

All liquor licenses expire today, and the city clerk will be busy all day taking in the fees for renewals. It is stated that three saloons will suspend business for the present at least, which will leave twenty-four licensees places to supply Rossland's thirsty ones.

The Le Roi No. 2 company distributed \$10,500 in wages among its employees on the June payroll.

The police commissioners held a session yesterday. It was decided to retain W. J. Nelson as crown prosecutor in the serious cases now before the police court. This procedure is governed by Section 232 of the Municipal Clauses Act.

Charles M. Oliver, local manager of Canadian Pacific Telegraphs, leaves this morning for the Lardeau country. He is interested in the Mohican group, one of the most promising propositions on the rich Gaynor creek reefs.

PERSONALS

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

J. W. Parker was ticketed to Vancouver yesterday over the Spokane Falls & Northern.

Hon. Richard McBride and W. O'Neill, secretary, left yesterday morning per Canadian Pacific for other Kootenay and Boundary points.

George O. Madigan of Nelson is in the city today. Mr. Madigan is making his last visit to the city in his capacity of provincial boiler inspector, prior to leaving for the coast, where his new district is located.

J. S. Carter of Nelson was in the city over night.

George S. Williams of Spokane, traveling freight agent of the Great Northern, is in the city. Mr. Williams is registered at the Hotel Allan.

Judge J. M. Miller of Minneapolis is in the city today.

SHAKY NERVES. Sufferers from Nervous Troubles Are In state of Continuous Torture—Suggestions as to How the Trouble Can be Overcome.

When your nerves are shaky your self-control is shattered—your will power is broken. Sudden sounds startle you; your temper is irritable; your hands tremble; there is weakness in your knees; your skin is pale and parched; you are restless at night and tired when you wake. It all comes from nervous exhaustion, perhaps due to overwork and worry, late hours, hot days, and want of blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is the only cure. They make new, rich red blood. They brace up jangled nerves and strengthen tired backs. They give health and energy to dull, weary, despondent men and women. Strong proof is offered in the case of Mrs. Wm. Wescott of Seafort, Ont., who says: "For a long time my health was in a bad state. I was subject to headaches, dizziness and nervous exhaustion. My appetite was poor, and I was so badly run down I could not stand the least exertion. I tried several medicines and consulted different doctors, but they did not help me any. One of my neighbors strongly urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and before the second box was finished the turning point for the better had been reached, and by the time I had used a half dozen boxes, to the

surprise of my friends and neighbors I was again enjoying good health, and have since been strong and well. I do not know anything to equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills when the system is run down."

What the pills have done for others they will do for you, if you give them

AT HIGHEST SPEED.

The U. S. European Squadron to Drive Across Atlantic.

PORTSMOUTH, July 14.—Captain Hemphill, of the U. S. flagship Kearsage, received instructions to clean the warships' propellers, fill their bunkers with the best coal and go at highest speed with natural draft to Frebesa's Bay, Maine. This is the first occasion in time of peace that an American battleship has been subjected to such a severe test. Divers commenced work this morning cleaning the propellers and 1500 tons of coal will be delivered tomorrow. Captain Hemphill will leave Portsmouth at 9 o'clock Friday morning. Admiral Lord Walter Kerr inspected the Kearsage today. The Kearsage returned the courtesies extended to the U. S. European squadron here by a reception this afternoon.

EXCLUSION TACTICS.

U. S. Immigration Law as Applied to the Philippines.

LONDON, July 14.—The Times' correspondent at Hong Kong in a dispatch referring to Collector Schuster's decision that no foreigner under contract be allowed into the Philippine islands says this interpretation of the United States immigration law menaces all foreign business houses and banks, which are chiefly British. The British firms concur in the decision as an attempt to drive them from the islands in order that Americans may secure the trade.

CAUSE OF THE MASSACRE.

Kishineff Murderer Whose Deed Started the Slaughter.

KISHINEFF, July 14.—The murderer of the boy Doubassay, whose death was charged to the Jews, and which was the immediate cause of the massacre, had been discovered. He is a gardener, and confessed that he and the boy's uncle committed the crime. The new governor of Kishineff has exchanged visits with the leading Jews of the city.

RUSSIA DENIES.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 14.—The report that the Russian minister to China had advised the Russian civilians to leave New Chwang, Port Arthur and Corea by a certain date is semi-officially declared to be entirely unfounded.

THE DOMINION GOVERNMENT IS OFFERING A Bonus of \$15 per Ton on Lead Mined in Canada.

For This Reason WE RECOMMEND ALL OUR CLIENTS TO INVEST IN BRITISH COLUMBIA SILVER STOCKS

THEY ARE SURE TO MAKE A LARGE ADVANCE.

Write For Full Particulars The REDDIN-JACKSON Co. Limited Liability.

Established 1895. Members Rossland and Spokane Stock Exchanges.

808 Rookery B'ld, 127 E. Columbia Ave., Spokane, Wash. Rossland B. C.

MINING INVESTMENTS

There is a revival in the mining business throughout the Northwest and more money is being made at present than at any time in past history by investments in securities of a conservative and reliable character.

"There is a tide in the affairs of men which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune"

GOOD MINING PROPERTIES FOR SALE

We have some special bargains both in the listed and unlisted stocks.

Our 1903 Booklet sent on request

J.L. Whitney & Co.

Miners and Stock Brokers

ROSSLAND, B. C.

Jim Dumps and wife invariably had "Force" for Sunday evening tea. When cook went out that afternoon. "Tis but a saucer and a spoon To wash—a task not grim— And all are pleased," laughed "Sunny Jim."

FORCE

The Ready-to-Serve Cereal

pleases everybody in every way.

We Like It. "We use 'Force' at home and like it exceedingly." H. R. SAUNDERS.

"Let the GOLD DUST (twins do your work.)"

This would be a cleaner, brighter world if every housekeeper used

GOLD DUST

It Multiplies—your pleasures; Divides—your efforts; Subtracts—from your cares; Adds—to your life.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Montreal, Chicago, New York, Boston, St. Louis—Makers of GOPCO SOAP (toilet cake).

THE LATE JUDGE ARMOUR.

Remains to be Sent to Canada by Steam-Tunisian.

LONDON, July 14.—The body of Hon. Justice John Douglas Armour, of the supreme court of Canada, and a member of the Alaskan boundary commission, who died July 11th, leaves Thursday for Canada by the Allan line steamer Tunisian. The two daughters of the deceased will accompany the body. A memorial service will be held this afternoon at the Temple church, and will be attended by representatives of the bench and bar and other prominent personages.

Thomas S. Gilmour, ACCOUNTANT.

Mining Agent and Stock Broker. Member Rossland Stock Exchange

Shares Bought and Sold Strictly on Commission.

Personal Attention to Interests of Clients Living out of City.

Cable Address "WHITEHALL" Rossland. Codes Bedford McNeill, Clough.

Wallace Building, Rossland, B. C.

LILLOOET, FRASER RIVER AND CARIBOO GOLD FIELDS, LIMITED. IN LIQUIDATION.

List of Properties to be Sold by Private Tender, Pursuant to the Directions of the Liquidators.

Trout Lake Mining Division—Alpha Group (better known as the Broadview Group), comprising nine crown-granted mineral claims, or fractional claims, situated on Great Northern mountain, above Ferguson, B. C., together with two blocks of land, namely, Lot 1144, situated just west of Ferguson townsite, and Lot 2449, situated about two miles north-easterly from Ferguson on the North Fork of Lardeau river, at the foot of Great Northern mountain.

Lands situated on Galena bay, Upper Arrow lake. Three blocks of land comprising, in all, about 650 acres. Rossland Camp—The "City of Spokane" and "North Star" mineral claims, together with

the buildings and equipment thereon. Boundary District—The "Nets" mineral claim, crown-granted, situated in what is known as "Brown's Camp," and the "Queen of Spades" mineral claim, crown-granted, situated in what is known as "Central Camp."

Illicilewest Mining Division—The Lanark Group, comprising 15 crown-granted mineral claims, or fractional claims, situated on the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway, near Illicilewest, B. C.

Further particulars and conditions of sale and forms of tender (which are to be sent in not later than the 15th August, 1908), may be obtained gratis of the Liquidators, College Hill Chambers, College Hill, London, E. C., and J. V. Armstrong, Revelstoke, British Columbia.

Dated 15th June, 1908.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

Notice.

Benbolt and Big Casino mineral claims, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district.

Where located: On Lookout mountain, near Rossland, B. C.

Take notice that I, Charles Robert Hamilton, free miner's certificate No. B75,473, acting as agent for John Weir, free miner's certificate No. B80,164, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining crown grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

CHARLES ROBERT HAMILTON, Rossland, B. C. Dated the 10th day of July, A. D. 1908.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

VULCAN FRACTIONAL MINERAL CLAIM.

Situate in the Trail Creek Mining division of West Kootenay district.

Where located: About 1 1/2 miles east of Rossland, bounded by the Caro, Mammoth, Antelope and Venus mineral claims.

Take notice that I, Thomas S. Gilmour, free miner's certificate No. B75,143, acting as agent for Andrew D. Provand, London, England, free miner's certificate No. B37,144, intend, 60 days from the date hereof to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action under section 37 must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated the 11th day of May, 1908. THOS. S. GILMOUR.

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