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## VOLUME

## BOOK 1.

raptains, Cook and Clerke appointed to the Refolutine and Difowery-Preparations for the Voy-age-Occurrences preceding their fatting JailDeparture of the Refolution - Proceedr to Temo-riff- Some Accourist of the Ilainds Inbabitants, Eic- Function with the Difcovery at the Cape of Good Hope-Pajage through Prince Edward's Ifands-Arrival at Chriftmas Harbour-Tbe Coafi of Kerguelan's Land sexplored-Arrival at Van Diemen's Land-Interview with the Nq-tives-Their Perfons, Drefs, Bebaviour, and Habitations-Arrival at Queen Charlott'\& Squind -Intercourfe with the Natives-Particulars of the Horrid Maflacre of the adventure's Boat Crew-Curious Remarks on the Inbabitegits. Countrys E'c.-Departure from Nevu-Zealand.

## BOOK II.

debaviour of the two New-Zealand Youths $-T$ be Ifanid of Mangeea with its Inhalitants deforibed -Vifit and Behaviour of Mourooa-Difpogition. avd Mamers of the Mangecans-Wateno Dif. $\mathrm{A}_{2}$
courrod-Mon: Gores, Burnoy, and-Anderjon, ruits Omai, Jun on foom- Lcoount of thair R.. ception-Omais's Mreting and afoni/bing Adventure with bis countrympn- Remarls comeoving Watecoo- Departure from it-O Oabociaia or $W_{5}$ -noa-ette Vifud rijgerlarisy je the Natives of Hervay's Jfand-submarms Grotso at Palmer. foon's Ihand Arrival at the Friendly IflesAmiable characier of the Nativeri-Propenfio ty to thieving-Of their perfons-I ranfactions suith them-Expecition topperent thoir depredan










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INTRODUCTION
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INTRODUCTION.

## -I ranfactions

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LTHOUGH Great Britain cannot vaunt
of being an early Stoop to the fpirit of frovery, but in that refpect muft give placis to e Dutch, yet it may with truth be afferted at the has ince far furpaffed them, event in eir own track. In the fifteenth and fixteenth enturies, fóme fpirited enterprifes were underken; but afterwards, the firit of Difcovery, emed to have totally fubfided, till about the ear 1741, when by the command of his late. fajefty, a voyage was undertaken under the dip Etion of Captain Middleton, for difcovering a, orth-weft paflage through Hudfon's Bayo in 46, two fhips were fitted out by fubleription the fame purpofe, under the command of; ptains Smith and Moor But it was referd for his prefent Majefty, by that munificence: d patronage, which every liberal purfuit meets, th from him, to open friendly communicati$s$, with fome receffes of the Clobes hitherto explored. Captain (now Admiral) Byran. th the fhips Dolphin and Tamar, in $7764-6$; allis and Carteret, with the Dolphin and Swal. A 3 low.
low, in $17664-94$ and Cook, with the Endervour, in $1768 \rightarrow 71$, and with; the Refolution and Adventura, in $1772-5$, ccarried ion arplan of Difcovery, which it weras the puripofe of the prefent voyage to finifh., yr,

The intimate canneftion betweon thefe voyages, renden it wery meceffarty to flato mo Phort Iy as poffible, inhec cobjeets accomplifhed by the precedity Noyages, and/haw, fat the intention of the profent one has boen ionfinerediols enfl yout

In generva it may, be praemifed, that the un. niverfabipbject sfin wh the whater of ahe pnefent
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Falkeng's J Alands in the South Atlantic 0 cean weate boyiely lanownatorexiBtibeforexanfon; and Co serspecous was avend hisideal of thems that he, confideref enepys Fliandiend Falk landisoliles to be, different. places of theres main bo inol doube that thex are the fame, frembyyon andf Misinide's joint toftimiony a and of thems wi havg as exad charts, zas of the Coafts of Gneatr, Brixien itfetfo Befides, thisp the difoovery/ of: Sandsuich hatede the moft Sautherly ; point, yetilkaiowthat mad the cartain accounts: we have of ithoulae pf Fodorgia, are all to bqabuributed to Cookonsinifoln Nity borough gave us very imperfea accounte an

Iagalha andiri curate nids, ${ }^{2}$ fis, wl ould di aticicor ntec ablinns pok ha with 1 Fhand carso: Thele di liend seferol ididinets cormen theirod ccas an Pustrow elity 1 Ax Withmy delbelw tums bod nixiqu D:vaps mith Woght, be cowe : andor Hiteriale fia from mobuing intemaion of yly bad How that the sun The lporfent on whichext Heiniphere; hich had thi sonfidered as undri plaufible nt cincomena ripurpofey 1 iv fontoris erizx Athatic 0 efore $\times$ Anfon; of thems that Ikland 'sdIIles beichal doubt madra/kinide's aver as exad Brixtinn fofelfic Snish 帾andey What mad the eppfigongity, in John Notr accounts so
Magalhaens
lagalhaen's Strates, but Captains Byron, Wal3 and Caiteret, 'heve furnillied tas with very curate recbunts of nits coaft, thatbours, headrids, bayteg iflandej, tides, founilmgs, and curnts, which are a very vallubble acquiftion, and ould detefrany futwrowdvertusery from feering at icourfon efperially liwhen thuch fafer enrince cmay l be that to the'c Padifia Ocean, by
 pok has cledrly forwny why ho meats attendwhith frols danger mymighi be vuppelied from thandtripsting de atherefis 1 willeentatsfot and
 Thelfenfoit in worlalofary derebligel to ha-



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 ropoliis. ifo M

Other Navigators in thefe feas, generally fol. lowed the Spanifh track: as indeed, their fole blifinefs there, was either for the purpole of conmerce or hoftilities with them. It is probable then, that after paffing Terra del Fuego, they would hold a northerly courfe to the uninhabited Illand of Juan Fernandes, and thence fril along the American coaft from Chili to Ca: Jifornia, but they would either return to the Atlantic ly the fame courfe, or feeer the track of the Phillipine galleons, as trade or rapine could be benefited by no other. In latter years, the enterprifing Dutch have made fome more certain and edicetual refearches in the foutherm latitudes of this ocean, In 1642 Tafman's voyage will ever be remembered, for the dif coveries he made in a circuit, reaching from: high fouthern latitude, fo far North as New Guinea. Le Maine and Schouton in 1616, and Rogginein in 1772, croffing whe fouth tropic traverfed this occan, from Cape Horn to the Laft Indies. But even the difcoveries the made, can only be confidered as a proof how much might be done. If they difcovered coaf, they often declined to land or if they yentured, their enquiries and obfervations were fo futile, as not to fatisfy common curiofity minch lefs philofophical enquiry.

While we thus muft allow the Dutch to have been our harbingers, it is alfo to be obferved, that we afterwards went beyond them, even in their own track. And now fucceffively hi Majefty's Lhips have penetrated into the obfow
generally fol ed, their fole ie purpole of m. It is pro ra del Fuego, rfe to the une es, and thence 1 Chili to Ca: return to the teer the track de or rapine in latter years, le fome more the fouthern +42 Tafman's , for the dif. aching from North as Nem in $16: 6$, and fouth tropic, Horn to the Coveries ther a proof how difcovered dy or if thes ervations were hon curiofity Dutch to have be obferved them, even in ucceffively hi hto the obfcu
 ar from neitell of theit tacior git extemfite cuminas, which have adjufted the groginghy So couitiderable e part of the globe . Thertorerel tands mentioned to hare been. coviered by preceding mavijetores, whathe buifh or Dutch have beèn daigenter fought tes 3 and thoft of ithofe which appegred to be myy confequenice, foumd ent tand viftecd, when ry method wan put in pradiec to courreet fons (mintasess mid fupply former deficiecces. Mes the famrous:Tiom ro, whichitwa alwaysiconfidered it part of a thern icontinent, Capprinici Copk has defined true poftioy and bbouinds, in thes Anchipelago
 Sut ibefides, perfectiog the diftow eficis of their doceffors, Bur late nayiguond lave added a g citalogut of theix"O wha, to anrich geogrecol trowied ge: By repontedif traverfing the fificiOcean, within the fouth tropics? Comit endtofs perofurion of ibabitrable pots of tand - found I Ilands intorferesfed, through the
 her feparatcly featerged or grouped in mume Is clutters; and fich amplenecounts have we eived, both of chem and thein inhabitants, t, to make ufe af the Captain's own words' lader left live merd to be popie in that part. Byon, Walb, and Carteret all contributed ards inereafing our knowledge of the ifles in Pacifie Ocean, within the limits of the thern tropic but how far that ocean exténided
tended to the weft by what lands it was bound ed on that fiac and the coppection of thor land with the former dicoveries remained uo Enown, tili Captain Cook, after his frip voyage brought back a fatisfactory decifion to the po que foons With "bonderful thit and perteverance ámide perplexitieq difficultiés and dangers, h traced this coatt almof 2000 miles from the $3{ }^{3}$ Of Goulh latitude acrots the tropicito th
 northern extremity, within $10^{\circ}$ and a half of the equinoctial, where it joined the land, alre dy exppred ${ }^{3}$ the Durch which they have de nominated $\psi$ 而 Honapa. Tarman's dicoveric in the taft century is now completed by Captai Conght vism coo gind circumtence of this vart body of land whic
 Aithqugh tafman was the fift Dfico verer New-Zealand, yet the mall portion of At alon Whatheiflled, wendered his me Wirgot Which he ifled, rendered his a ccount of it imperfect that it was the gencral opinon geodaphers, that New ealand was part of Southern Comethent running North nd Souf from the $33^{\text {b }}$ to the $64^{6}$ of fouth latitud Capthin Cook havisg fpent ix months in th country 16 and all its coats, fo that from his accounts, well as that of other Vitiors, it is eftablifhed be no patt of a continent, but containing th largeft 11 ands $4 t$ herto difoovered in the outh ern hemilphefe.

Again, Captain Cook has put beyond doul that there is fid junction between New-Hollan


## INTRODGCTION.

$t$ mas boundqus of thof rempined un fire vopage to thef que pertevemance dangers, h es from the tropics to it and a half o e land, alrea they have de ns ancoverie
 ted with th Eland Whic So the $G 10 b$ e
d New Gưnear as he failed through betheg m. TThough Mr Dálrymple and othérs had mm . covered fome traces of fuch a paffage, yet the certainty of its practicability as wel as the botance of the drfovery may be judged of reflecting that Moni Bougaipvile in 1708 ? her than attempt fuch a paffage, failed hine leagues about, white reduced to feed on fea ns from of the yards and riggings for wah provifions
or a fimilar difcovery to the indebted to Captain Cartenet named by Captain Dampier New Britaing fifts of two large and feveral fmaller inlands? bugh which, by Sir George's Channel, "is a th better and ithorter paffage, whether from caft-ward or weft-ward, than round all Iflands and lands to the north-ward Byron, Wallis and Carteret were principaly poyed in exploring the fouth Atlantic, and w no more of the fouth Pacific, than accitally occurred in the direct trate they held: as Captain Cook's mair object in his firt age was to obferve the tranfit of Venusat 0 ite, his anxiety to be there in proper time, enting his vifiting that part of the South Pa, where the fiches and mine of difcovefuppofed to exift. To put an end to all ectures on this matter, Captain Cook was out with the Refolution and Adventure, in 2, on the moft enlarged plan of difcovery erto attempted, viz. to circumpavigate the be in high fouthern latitudes, and carefully

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tion of foure old difcoveriesy but made there many meiv ones, and lefty I conceive, very litele b-be donc in that part. Thuin I flatter myfelf hat the intention of the voyage hats, in every epeet, been fully atifivered; the fauthern hei ifphere fufficiemely exploreds and a final enil teitoithe feirching afier a foatherw cowinent, hich his, at times, sengroffed the attention of phe of the maritime powers foe mearstwo cenWiey Faft, and been a favourite theory amongf ographers of all nations.
Prein the geninal fietech we have already giiof the preceding vayages, it is evident that, megh the untiof taccefible extremittes of the wheds hem' iple e bid been wifted, yet our Hidd pot / and ic rempined a quefion, how rainentherris paffage betwernithe Alontic and FeificiDocan nvas praclicable; cither by failing efinind moated Nopthy America, or ceqapardy, Could fuch a paffage be effeded, it would cathy thopten paffages, to Japan, China, and 4 Faff Ialiesing gencrat, But all the attempts

Notwith oninding the infuperable bars which cfellifferent navigators had experienced, the atiining a northerly paffage was ap objet fo. firable, that it was determined to bring, the. NoL I. $\quad$ B

- The principal of thefe attempts were made by, $\mathrm{In}_{\text {, }}$ bot, in 1496 , whodifeavered Newfoundiand zand the Lae dore coatr; td, Probifier, in ity 63 3t - Jamer mad Rox.
 contuent, ip z74i: Sth, Gaptaing Smith and Moore, by pivate fociety, in 1746 ; lanly, Lord Malgráre, ift 1773 .


## inthoselepparas:


 Thu's 'was this x inuable córtinatider hagain eqeiled E8 expole himfelf to new toils maldadgersy in the fryile of nientind, althoughs ofterswat he hat alread dote he might have enjoged himi

 3 The darions operations propofed were ro new. and exten"ive, that they can be beft jadged of from the following Inftructions, ander which he failedt

our lat ou witl oyage, mmas od Cap Cou ase ith the roodit:
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## SECRETIISTRUCTIONS for Captefin

 - James Cook Gommander of his materty - DOLLAREAS the tar of Sandwich had Re nified io us his Majecty y beafure that an attempe frould be made to find oula North em pafge by, fes, from the pacific to the Aling tic Oceam sind whereas, we hayez in purfuane thereaformifed his Masftys floops, Refolution and Difogiery; to be fitte in all repeets, prob fer to procech apon ${ }^{2}$ voxag for the $P$ trpo bove mentioned, and, from the explerience The had 96 sous abilities and good sording to
out 5 Paptain tatert cervanda brgininealled Vidangersy in terowat he minoyed him whowt tany hri tand dive were ro new Madged of der which he © 4andysinu frify en ub cour if ash \& hwoy. 1 O uting the office mantasyand $2\}^{2}: 31 \mathrm{JM}$
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for Cajstin his majents - 960 RI 20 (n) W10 eframig wich had fi gleafore that outa North to the Anam Malix 0 in purfuane 3 R'érolution Cefpeats, pro a the purpo oxperience bd conduct par coscy bo
our late rogagen, havei thought fit to intmup ou with the conduet of the ererent intended ojage and with that vifers appointed you tp ommand; the firft mentipngd forn and diregs ed CaptainjClerkesowho commandes the otere follow our onders, for hisfurther procec dings Gou are themeby nequirgd and, dirimted top procef ith the faid two lloops dirent in to the cape of



 fo, taking care to semain there no longer an maytermecfingy fae thit yurepofe.
On your arrival at the Cape of Good Hope,
 Huf the foop 18 fretuptydd witho mucli rovifions and water as they tath tảbeniently
Qwh aot voribig to feave the capoze ood Hope by the thit br Qctoble, br, whe beinning of November athet itind prededoted he with-ward in fearch of fome inands faid to have
 F $4 \mathrm{~B}^{\circ}$ o foutk had abotit qhe mietidin of hauritius $1 h^{2 c}$ cas ot frat thofelinfids, you ce to examine the thoroughy for algod han. Our and upof difcovering one, make the not Hary obfervactots id faclitate the finding it in a as a good port, in that cituation, ming eveafter prove very ufeful, although it thouht ford littilc or nothing more than fhelter, wooks




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 pers cefrringtha maninderto diffibute ampag
 the Northerg. Hemifphergat And haying refretho ad thepogherbthorgg to the goppsamder your comininty madther 9 pbogrid fughywood ana woter asther mays refpestiyely fand in need ofs you are to lesve thof jilapds im the beginning of Fobruary or foaper fif rou ondly judge, it ner ceffry, and then proceed, in as direct a cours sis you cah to the coaf of New Albion, endeavouring to fall in with it in the latitude of $45^{\circ}$ o' north; and taking care, in your way thither, not to lofe any time in fearch of new lands, or to fop at any you may fall in with, unlefs you find it neceffary to recruit your wood and water!

Youlare alfo, in your way thither, friety enjoined
cepjolined not to toucti upon any part of the Spiinif dominions on the Weftern' continent of $x$ merica, unlefs driventhither by fome phavoich able accident; in which cafe you are to frayino longar there than thall be abfolutely neceflary, and to be very cáreful not to give any umbrage or offence to any of the rinhabituats or fubjeces of his Catholic Majefy. And fif, in your furthet progrefs to the north-ward; as hereafter directed, you find any fubjects of any European Prince or State upon any part of the coalt you may think propert to vift, you are fiotto difturb them, or give them any juft caufe of offence, but, on the contrary, to treat them with etvility and friendolip. i
Upon your artival in the coaft of New Albit ons you are to pot into the firft cotiverient part to recruit your wood and water, apd prócure refreflimients, and then to proded torth-ward
 further, If you date not obfthacted by lands or ice ysaking care tot to Pfe any tibie infexplo. ring rivers or ithlets, or uponiny oither account, until you get hato the before mentioned laritude of $65^{\circ}$ wliere we could iwith you to arrive in the month of gunt next. Whem you get that lerige you are tery carefthy to fearch for, and to exs plore, fuch rivers or inlets as may appenr to be of a confiderable extent, and pointing towards Hudfon's or Baffin's Bay'; mat ff, from your awn obfervations, or from any information you may receive from the natives, (who there is rear Con to believe are the fame race of people, and
fpeak athe fand langiangespof which jou are fur. n.fhed with 's e evod bularys as the E(quimaux), therevfifll mppear to be la cectuaintys or even a probabilitys of n water paffuge into the afore. mentioned KMs, or'cither of thems, you lare, in fleh gites teolite your wimoft endeivolirs to pafs thifoughiowth toreoof both of the illoopay 1 unlefs you mall bee of opimion thatithe paffage mity be effecéd withiliniofe sertionty we with gireated probibility, by ffinallet wefrels \% in which cafe you are to fet upatiof fratase dif one oti bothutheifmall veffeds whtirwhita foot are providedy wands when


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 ing io thaifing thooftigit en for their forther priceceling, affetiey fooult: focceed whethe ato






 In taélyau thaifbe fatified that there is no parfage thifougte to the abbvomentioned bays fanficiefit'for the ptupofes of navigation, your are at the proper rellon of the year;'vo repair to the puff of SePteté aialst Pail in Kamtechatka, of phirivitafe yotrindigade more propers H2m:

Jou are furefquimaux); atys or even to the afore you lare, in avoirs to pals lolopis 4 unlefs affage min be with sigreater hich cafe gor othuthia ${ }^{2}$ mall dy yonds when obpedyl getted; xalippatcht one foproper iafitit pettor officers; unpt the thid Mtheint rejoin stheit forther ed whectic: ato sedientimBut; asedigible to sthoriariabodve iobvicy afif the teltuthere obe); t to your dif coordingly. there is no mohed bays tion, you are orepair to the ntfchatka, on fe propers in order
der to refrefl your peqpia, andopnit the winit p; and tin the fpring of the enfuing yetry 78 , to preceed from thenco taithe nompewards fat asy incyoun pitudences you may thinke peapes er, in further fearch of imiNosthat Wen paif.gor bm the Pacife Ocearininto the Atlaption Occant the NorthiBeal 3 and ifs from ojgunampoht, dvations oz̈lapyoinforsnation you umay Incigcivey rec. Shalliappear to be a probahility inf fuchor fages you iaver ta proceed ahons, dinoQud.











 di longitudie se the maniosian 19 fit the pesithe


 Oo to furvery malke charts, and take views of ch baye, harbouss, and different parts of the efts and to make fuch notations thereon, ${ }^{\text {Ph }}$ Ty be ufeful either to navigation or commerce? ou are alfo carefully to oblerve the nature ofs: $e$ foil, und the produce thereof, the animale Id fowls that inhabit or froguent its the 5 fing b: :)
thist

## menimworen.

there cin poiba found in the riverv or tpow the conty nudi in what plentys tand 's in cefect then The enay peciuliar to fuck places, to deferibe ethem ve minintely; and to make as accurate drawingsw theith, za you cmin; sand, If yourifind any metalk mincerids, of waluable fonces, or any exaraneour Soffing you are to bring home feccimenis of each
 fruits, and grains, peculiar to thofe phaces, you maxy be able to colle\&t and to tranfinit then so ouristervetary; that proper examination and experimentes may be made of thenus. You ary likevife to obberve the genilum, temper, difpaif tiens' ' and ' number of the matives and annhals rantsy There you' fand ahy a and to endocrocury by : ofl propery mecans; to cultivaze /a friendind Wht theyny making ehem prefents of fuch urint keteline you have on board, and they may: Liby beft; Inviting them rottafficis and fliewing thes overy kind of cyility hand regzatds but taking
 farprifed by thictis, batitio be always on your guayt againfxiany deceiderits.
Qisou are alfo, with the confent of the native to talle porfeffiony tin the mame of the King o Girent Britain, of convenient fituations in fus countres as you may difcoter, that have no Aheidy y tioen difcovered or wifted by ang othc Euxopeain power; , and to difribute amon the lahabitants fich things as will remain.? firiees and teftimonies of your having beenthere but if you find the countries fo difcovered ar miniohabited, jou ane to tolke poffeftion of them Wis
or opow the in eafe them leferibe them edrawingser d any metalk, y ezeraneou nens of each moubs, plants ofe places, tranfinit them mination and mor You art hper, difposi "and Inhabs - endersout el friendthis of fuch trin hey may likes fthewing the IS but taking yourfelf to b ways on your of the native the King o ations in fud that liave no by any othe ribute amon ill remain? ng beenthere difcovered ar offiop if them

yourionders, the famey in every refpenty nas whth you were actuallyion boand the Refolution siand in cafe of youri inabilityy by fiskineferer othem - sifgrevarrxy thefe Infmuctions intoseyectution 7ouate to be carefoldo lecive them wiutithe men
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 . Mik bs SANDWICH.


 By command of their Lordihips fity, ninsit bis rovojio bas adHh NIEDBENS
 - Somerumedaty now oheartily iniscarnoft, no glected no: frop fwhich mightecthd to proinote th object ininiview. To liedr 74 ger a dave ihad pafied io: fering ai donation ofs Itri20;a0e to itheo difco averetiofia Northern paffige throngb: Hatfonis Bay in which his Maje fyy'siflipstweraexcluded. TThi wasunder extended to anyy thip belonging to his Majoity, itr any of huisifutyect yy amelithe areftrig tiontto Hadfon's Bay cancelled, bearing that th difcoverer wif a patfiage by tea, between the A fanticiand $P$ acificl Ocean in any direction, or py called of the Nofthern Hemilphese y thoukt entisied, t\&c. LAs alfo a reward of five thqutan pounds; to any fhip that hyould approach to w shin $Y^{\circ}$ of the North Role Intlye begining d fummer ${ }^{1776}$, Captain Pickerigill was appoint

Com d oteat arac. ffin's ch vie ight $b$ oe ca ckerfg d in I poline As th unede nexed arch 1 ${ }^{6}$ Th enfen alum fea, d to d then efúlly bht ap Hudf npt a luit ha d carcif and inting empt ur to But th
fpecty as whim folutione And inefor or octher nto soyeciution, 1 viplithe mex byarequired to heicand siof
 Hhs Hightoxind njxsel ail dit NDWICH. SXIENGER:
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anit a fisxema uty mind HENS (2)
Is 1ad shot tion oinearneft, no to proingse the thad paffed of toitheg difico b: Hand fons is Bo oxclucied. Thi elonging to hif mallyhe refric earing that th tween the $A$ inection, or $p 4$ ese s thoukl f $f$ ive thquitung pproach to wi hebeginning ill was appoint
brommender of thexiarned ebrigithantiong id ordered to proceedito Daviess Straitr, 4 up roted the Britifh fifhersly and in order to facio pata Captain Cooks expedition, to prooeed ity uffin's Buyy and make fuch charts cand take ch wiews of the feveral bays, harbours, \&xifas ight be inteful to inavigatorsi and others sy and oe carentil to return in the fatt of the year. ckerfgill failedrim executing his commiffions, d in March following Lieptenantury oungimas politetrío fúceed him.
As the object of this voyage is immediately unected with that of Captain Cook, we have nexed a fummary of his inftructions, dated
 "That as the Rofolution and Difcovery had en fent out under the command of Capt. Cook, rat mpt the difeovery of a northurn pmiges: fea, from the Pacific to thei Adantic Docany d to run as far up as chei6 $5^{\circ}$ of northilatitudes d there, and as far north as ne judged it.properts efully to learch for fuch rivers ot intets as 3ht appear to him pointing tovards Háfin's Hudfon's bay, or the north feas; ;cand to:ato mpt a paffage by tiele if: poffible: fo, on the wh hand; you are to proceed to Baffin's Bays, d carefully to explore the weftern thores there-: and if an inlet or river is difcovered feeming inting towards the Pacific Ocean, you are to empt navigating the fame; and if not, ondenur to return to England once this year" But this expedition was of no fervice; Young
mas found morercalculated to affit in the glory of a vietory, than explore icy mountains. ${ }_{15}$ On examining thefe inftructions, it may be queftioned, why Captain Cook was not direeted to commence his fearch, before he arrived a $65^{\circ}$ ? Why not examine Hudion's Bay, on our fade of America? Why was the weftern fea of John de Fuca in latitude $47^{\circ}$ and $48^{\circ}$, the Ar chipelago of St Lazarus of Admiral de Fonte from $50^{\circ}$ to $55^{\circ}$; and the rivers and lakes to the north eaft-ward, neglected $/$ It may eafily be thewn that there pretended difcoveries are mere fictions, and that the Orders, not to be gin his fearch before the $65^{\circ}$ of morth latitude was founded upon a thorough knowledge of the coaft to the fouth-ward of that point.

Captain Middieton, the commander of the expedition in Hudfon's Bay, in 1741, and 42 had entertained a notion of the probability of difcovering a paffage to the Pacific, and in fearch of it, had proceeded further north than any of his predeceffors; but he found it utterly impracticable. Mr Dobbs, however, the patron of the interprife, up in the information of fome of Middleton's officers, ventured to accufe him of mifreprefenting facts, and that from his own accounts of an inlet running weft-wand in latitude $65^{\circ}$ or $66^{\circ}$ it was evident he had not ta. ken proper pains. To be at a point upon this, he prevailed upon a lociety of merchants and gentlemen to fit out the Dobbs and California to inveftigate this very inlet, having previoully got the L. 20,000 premium eftablifhed.

At in the glory untains. +1 ns, itumay be is not dirested he arrived a s Bay; on our weftern fea of $4^{80 \%}$ the Ar irial del Tonte and Ialses to It may endily difcoveries - are rre, not to be north latitude owledge of the Dint.
nander of the 1742, and 42 probability of and in fearch th than any of it utterly imb $r$, the patron bation of fome o accufe him from his own wand in latie had not ta int upon this, herchants and nd Californis ng previoully lifhed.

But this voyage abundantly eftablimedCaptair Middleton's opinion; for the fuppofed ftraits vas found to beb frefh twater ifiver! 580 high rad expectation heen talfeth favodir df thit fup sofed paflage, thet notwintiftarding The faifure of this expediliohy fo wist till confidered as ats hinablery fro places were mexifoned as the Doft probablej the arte etrenterfitio or 18 owden's
 my in hatitede ofarThis haf, the cominittee who


 Thd ithe totitier chaza becti furly edploted and

 dyades"Vy Cxprain ehriftother, in the Hoop
 0 Betides thiefer fen foyages, the matter is fiuct lizeidated ty the Joanty of M H Feathe who as fent but by the Prudfons Bay"company to Well bver land, as far as the Coper Reine $R i$ Sh whild had been much poten of by Mr obbs and dtfter fatoodters of the feheing. He $t$ out in Decembert 1770 , from Fort Prince of Vales, on Chürchills River hat. $50^{\circ} \mathrm{Fo}$, and is tranfactiohs are priferved in his wriften jour5I. It is much to be wilhed that this journal ere publifhed, as it contains a'very difmal acount of the wretcled fitbation of the miferable thabitants of that part of the globe. His gecral Eourfe was to the north-weft. In June 771, when at a pláce called Conge Catha woha


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## RITRODOUNEION.

4 hoge hedetermined By two goodd obfervations, That this place is fituated $24^{\circ} 2^{\circ}$ wept montitutle of Churchill Rivef, and in $680^{\circ} 46$ nofth 4 atitude. On the 1 eh of July, he reached Copper Nine River, and conttary to the dea he had been left to form of it, found it fearcely navigable for a canoe Withbut entering particularly into the account Mr Hearne gives of this river, it is fufficient for our purpofe to mention, that he found it by no means navigable for the finallent veffels, and impoffible to be made fo. On our general chart, the particular fituation of this river, as well as the country in general, through which Nr Hearne paffed, is accurately laid down. In fine, Mr Hearne's travelling 1300 miles before he arrived at the fea, makes it clear that the continents of North America fretches frôm Hudfon's Bay, at leafthat dif tance to the notth-welt, while his moft wefter ly diftance from Hudfon's Bay was about 600 miles $;$ and the Indians who attended him a guides were convinced that there exifted a vall track of continent, fretching on in the fam direction. What we have now tmentioned, be ing fufficiently known to the firf Lord of th Admiralty, was a good reafon for his orderin Captain Cook to commence his fearch in lati tude $65^{\circ}$, and not more to the fouth-ward. Bu if there are any, we are ftill inclined to think thould have begun earlier. We beg leave to re commend to them a perufal of the Spanil voyages, particularly that on the coalt of Amo rica in 1775 , publifhed by:Mr Danes Barripgton
in the prefen dea $m$ pe don The b ated ID, $A$ Is But eve vo ff.trea ain C and wh mprac piy hav A $B$ difcour sies, att great of the ocky:
fhoals
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which, Bart of
I thy fcene courfe height any con highly be mad on the f lave ta
fobrexvations, deltMongitude $46^{\prime}$ north 4 ati aChed Copper re dea he had fearcely navi ing particularives of this rife to mention, rigable for the :o be made fo. lar fituation of ry in general, 1, is accurately ne's travelling he fea; makes Torth America leaft hat dif is moft wefter was about 600 tended him a exifted a vall $n$ in the fame nentioned, be fit Lord of the r his ordering fearch in laththeward. Bu ned to thinki eg leave to re f the Spanif coaft of Ame nes Barrington

In the general Asetch We have novgiven of ther prefent and preceding vayages, a pretty difing: dea may be formed, of what vras intended to ec done and, what was reafly accomplifica. The benefits arifing from them may be enume. gated as follows:

- I. All vifionary fpeculators and fohemers, fuch Is Buffon, Camphetis and de Broffes, will fiod eve votaries to fupport their airy fanciful dreams of treafures and paradifes in thefereas as Capain Cook las fufficiently ingeftigated what is nd what is not to be Epund there fo many mpracticable undertakings which would próbabiy have taken place, willpe pntirely prevented. it $\alpha$, But unprofitable, earches will not only be Jifsauraged, but the difrefes and inconvenienkies attending the navigation of the e feas, in a great meafure prevented Nhe exact fituation of the different iffands are properly laid down; rocky hores, perplexing currents, dangerous Aoals, and narrow itraits accurately defcribed; gefides many other advantages to enumerate Whichy it iyould be neceffry to trancribe great oart of the jpurnals of ourfeveral Commanders. By thus leffening the danger of thefe voyages, 2 fcene of commerce comes in view, that in a courfe of years will probably come to fuch a height as is impoflible for us at prefent to have iny conception of nay, in our own day, it is highly probable that fome fpeedy advances will be made to form fome commerctal eftablifhments In the fouth Pacific; at leaft, if we do not, we ave taught the Ruffians and Spaniards fome C 2 important
important leffons in the ©kin-trade, and otherwife, which they will not fail to imptove.

3. The valuable acceffions which human knowledge has made by the continued plan of difcovery carried on in the prefent reign, cannot fail to diftinguifh Britain as taking the lead in the moft arduous enterprifes, for the benefit of, mankind And were no real benefit to accrue to us, either in this or a future age, as mentioned in the preceding article, certainly no grcater fcope was ever given to the dignified exercife of the powers of the human mind, particularly in the aftronomical lines.
4. It is commonly obferved, that acquiftions in one fience, aregenerally followed by acquifiLions in other branches; fo here, the difcovery of fo many new places in the globe prefents to our view frefh objects of fcience. Upon the report of any common failor, much infornation may be obtained; but when we confider that in thefe voyages, the labours of fome of the moft eminent men of the times are united, we nnuft be fatisfied that every thing new and valuable throughont the wide extent of their refearches are collected and recorded. It is neceffary here to mention that in his fecond voyage, Captain Cook was accompanied by Sir Jofeph Banks; the obligations which (if we may ufe the expreffion) fcience lies under to this great man cannot be better expreffed thar in the words of Mr Wallis, which we beg leave to tranferib.
"That branch of niatural knowledge wiuch may be called nautical afronomy, was undoubted-
ly in i undert which fo late fary, lifhed in con ted an the alt moft $f$ ken wi fix, fer tho w to the Cook's few, e obferve

* The rine figr roient n the dan clle de iunis dc ercat $6^{\prime} 8$ It muf Caille, tl of difcov culations fars; bu his fucce of affordi ved for I Preface t fraction tude, un fefior of Cambrid


## and other

 prove. ich haman ued plan of reign, caning the lead - the benefit onefit to acage, as mencertainly no dignified exmind, parti-
## acquifitions

 d by acquifihe difcovery prefents to Jpon the reinformation onfider that Come of the united, we new and vaof their re-It is necefond voyage, Sir Jofeph may ufe the $s$ great man he words of tranfcrib: ledge wiuch undoubted-

Iy in its infancy, when thefe voyages were firft undertaken: Both mftruments and ob:ervers, which deferved the name, were very rare; and fo late as the year 1770, it was thought neceffary, in the appendix to Mayer's tables, publifhed by the loard of Longitude, to tate facts, in contradiction to the affertions of fo celebrated antronomer as the Abbe de la Caille, that the altitude of the fon at noon, the eafief and moft fimple of all obfervations, could not be talien with certainty to a lefs quantity than five, fix, feven, or even eight minutes. * But thofe Who will give themfelves the trouble to look into the ffronomical bbfervations made in Captain Cook's laft royage, will find that there were few, eren of the pety officers, who could not obferve the diftance of the moon from the fun, C 3 or *The Abbe"s words are. "Si ceux qui prometent the fi grande precifion dans ecs fortes de methodes, ayoient navigue quelque tenps, ils auroient vu fouyent, me dans l'obfervation la plus fimple de toutes, quat clle de la hautcur du foleil a nidi, denx obfervations, hunis de bons quartiers de reflexion, biens rectifies, difereat entreeux, lozfqu'ils obfervent chacin a part, de
 - It mut be however mentioned, in juftice to M. de la Caille, that he attenpted to introduce the lunar method of difcovering the longitude, and propofed a plan of calculations of the moon's diftance from the fun and fixed fars; but, through the imperfecion of his inftruments, his fuccefs was much lefs than that method was capiable of affording. The bringing it into general ufe was referved for Dr Mafkelyne, our Antonomer Royal. See the Preface to the Tables for correcting the Effects of Refraction and Parallax, publified ly the Board of Longitude, under the direction of Dr Shepherd, Plumian Profelior of Afronomy and Experimeatal Philofophy at Cambriage, in r $_{7} 72$ :
or a ftar, the moft delicate of all obfervations,
"The with fufficient accuracy. It may be added, that the method of making and computing obfervations for finding the variation of the compafs is better known, and more frequently practifed by thofe who have been on thefe voyages, than by moft others. Nor is there, perhaps, a perfon whe ranks as an officer, and has been concerned in them, who would not, whatever his real inill may be, feel afhamed to have it thought that he did not know how to obferve for, and compute the time at fea; though, but a fhort while before thefe voyages were fet on foot, fuch a thing was fcarcely ever heard of amongft feamen; and evem fint-sate aftrono--mers doubted the poffiblility of doing it with fufficient exactnes":"
"The

- In addition to Mr Wallis's Remark, it may be obfarved, that the proficiency of our naval officers in taking obfervations' at fea muft ultimately be attributed to the great attention paid to this impoŕtant object by the Board of Longitude at home; liberal rewards having been given to mathematicians for perfecting the Lunar Tables, and facilitating calculations; and to artifts for conltructing more accurate inftruments for obferving, and watches better adapted to keeping time at fea. It appears, therefore, that the voyages of difcovery, and the operations of the Board of Longitude, went hand in hand; and they muft be combined, in order to form a juft efimate of the extent of the plan carried into execution fince his. Majefty's acceffion, for improving aftronomy and navigation. But, befides the eftablifiment of the Board of Longitude on its prefent footing, which has had füch important confequences, it mun alfo ever be acknowledged that his prefent Majeffy has extended his patronage to every branch ofthe liberal arts and ufefulficiences. The munificent prefentto the royalSociety for defraying the expence of ohferving the Tranfit of Venus;-the infitution of the A.
hes of
efe voy
rtant $a$ thefe d a unex ves to inftanc e tide $r$ sean; what $n$
d calcul "The ake alfo 11 be for on this me, an 1 every ote, but lge of $!$ ofe who cr. T $T$ mber of
emy of $P$ nts allotts Royal A rden of $E$ : $s$ fent tot gementaff departme ell, which improve nces whick guifhed hi ronef tho vigation b cademy
fervations, dded, that g obfervae compafs y practifed ages, than perhaps, a d has been whatever d to have to obferve hough, but ere fet on r heard of te aftronoit with fuf-

4: mis?
"The nay be obfefin taking obd to the great the Board of g been given Tables, and conltructing and watches pears, theree operations d; and they if eftimate of ion fince his and navigupard of Lon. fuch imporwredged that age to every emunificent ppence of ohis of the A . cademy

- The number of places at which the rife and nes of flowing of tides have been obferved, in efe voyages, is very great y , and hence an in-: rtant article of ufeful knowledge is afforded. thefe obfervations, fome very curious and en unexpected circumftances have offred ther:ves to our confideration. It will be fufficient inftance the excéedingly fmall height to which e tide rifes. in the middle of the great Pacific. cean; where it falls fhort, two-thirds hat leaft, what might have been expected from theory:
 "The direction and force of currents at fea;", ake alfo an important object Thefe voyages. Il be found to contain much ufefulinformation this head, as well relating to feas nearer me, and which, in confequence, are naviga1 every day, as to thofe which are more reote, but where, notwithftanding, the knowIge of thefe things may be of great fervice to ofe who are deftined to navigate them hereer . To this head alfo we may refer the great. mber of experiments which have been made. for lemy of Paintipgand Sculpture;-the magnificent apartints allotted to the Royal and Antiquary Societies, and to Royal Academy, at Somerfet Place;--thefupport of the Irden of Exptige at Kew, to improve which, Mr Mafon os fent totheextremities of Africa;-the fubftantial encousement affordedjolearned men andlearued works, in varidepartments; and particularly, that afforded to Mr Herell, which has, emabled himito devote himfelfentirely 10 . - improvement of afronomy ; thefe, and many other in: nces which, might beenumerated, would have greatly difguifhed his Majefty's reign, even if he had not been the tronof thofe fuccefsful attempts to perfect geography and. vigation by fo many voyages of difcovery.
for inquiring into the depth of the fea, its temperature, and faltenefs at different depths, and in $\alpha$ variety of places and climates."
"An extenfive fomdation has alfo been laid for improvements in magnetifin, for difcovering the caure and nature of the polarity of the nee dle, and a theory of its variations, by the number and variety of the obfervations and experiments which have been made, both on the va. riation and dip, in almoft all parts of the worid Experiments alfo have been made, in con e guence of the late voyages, on the effeets of gravity, in different and very diftant places, which may ferve to increafe our ftock of natural knowledge. From the fame fource of infor. mation tre have learned, that the phenomenon, ufually called the aurrora borialis, is not pecculiar to high: Northern latitudes, but wlongs equal ly to all cold climates', whether they be North or South."
" But perhaps no part of knowledge has been fo great a gainer by the late voynges, as that of botany. We are told * that, at leaft, twelve hundred new plants lhave been added to the krown fyftem; and that very confiderable additions have been made to every other branith of matural hiftory, by the great fkill and indur. try of Sir Jofeph Banks; and the other gentlemen $\dagger$ who have accompanied Captain'Cook for that purpofe."
$-$
- See Dr Shepherd's Preface, as above.
+ Dr Sólander, Dr Forfter and his fon, and Dr Sparman. Dr Forfer has given usa fpecimen of the botañicaldifcoreries ofhis voyageinthe Characteres Generum Plantariin, te.
fea, its tem. pths, and in

Ifo been laid $r$ difcovering $y$ of the nee by the numand experi$h$ on the va. of the worid. c, in con he effects of ftant places, cek of natu. arce of infor. henomenon, not peculiar longs equal. ve Nörth
bwledge has voyages, as at, at leaft, en added to confiderable pther branith 1 and indu: ther gentle. ain Cook for

1 Dr Sparman anicaldifcorc antarivin, \&e.

To Captain Cook himfolf, we are indebted or another improvement, which was the general realth of his crew, during his long voyages, and hat may be obferved particularly in every pafage of the fucceeding volumes. Another good ffiect of thefe poyages, and that not the leaf of hem, is the opportunity they have afforded of tudying human nature in various fituations boik hterefting and uncommon. However fecluded rom the reft of mankind any tribe may appear: 0 be at this time, yet if any traces, remain of a puondam acquaintance with any fect or race, by iftory or our own obfervation, there cannot be Een uncultivated nature. And in this flate he IIands eontiguous so the continent of Afia eem to be whut our interpriling difcoreret ad occafiem to obferve, in the center of the Pacific Ocean, tribes of fellow creatures hithero unknown; their manners, cuftons, religion, aws, their every thing, the production of na. ure and necefity. What a foil for philofophsal enquiry I
On the one hand, our admiration is raifed, in bferving their fongs, their dances, their games, heir proceffions, and on the other, our deteftaion in obferving them feed on human flefh. The Scholar and Antiquarian confider it as valuable acquifition to difcover fome relique of: Roman
nd much curious philofophical matter is contained in his
 Ifo, on his return to Sweden, favoured us with a publicaon, in which lie expatiates on the advantages accruing to atural hiftory, to aftronomy, geography, general phyfics, nd navigation, from our Souilh Sea voyages.

Ronufn orGrecian morkmanflips but how miuch mbre ie ie not icuriofity cawakenedy y cin obferving theingonions invencions of our nevily diffovered friends in ithe Sandwich Illes? What ruafy colv loftion of antiques tan vie with the valuable addition made by Cook to Sir Ahton Lever's sepofitory? And the expence of all hite three vayages does nor exceed the expence of digging out the buried contents of Herculaneum. In a nation fo faradvanced in refinement as this the contraft mult be very friking, and to trace the tranfition from barbarifayto civility truly pleas fing.
*The philofopper will find a newv field of difcuffion opended for him, in what may be termed the natural hiftory of the human fpeciess . For oxample; the 'queftion concerning therexiftence of giants is now determined $y$ as apon the joint teftiniony of Byron, Wallis; and Carteret, we are affured that the tinhabitants of a diftrict bordering on the north fide of the frrait of Magalhaens, confiderably exceed the bulkiof mankind in ftature:

No fubject can be more entertaining than to trace the various migrations of thofe who firt peopled the Globe. It was formeriy known, that the Afiatic nation, called the Malayans, traded confiderably in the Indies, not only on the fide of Afia, but alfo on the African coaft, particularly to Madagafcar. But we are indebted - Captain Cook for the information, that the fame nation, who are alfo called Phoenicians, vifited, made fettlements, and founded colonies,
thow minch ns obferwing y difcovered atrunte col he valuable ton Lever's H his shree of digging leum. In a as this, the to trace the rtruly pleaamounsty field of difbe termed eciess: For werexiftence mis the joint larteret, we f. a diftriet trait of: Maalkiof man-
ing than to re who firft rly known, Malayans, not only on frican coaft, re indebted n , that the enicians, vied colonies,
at different inlands and places at whit diftances from orie anothery and tha cestending from the caft fide of Africa to the weft fide iot in inperich, a fpace, including above half the circumference of the Globe; this he denmonftrates, by the furef of all proofs, viz: the affinity of language.

Connected with this, we thall mention a very important benefit refulting from thofe. difcoveries, vie. the effectual anfwer, we have now to give thofe cavillers againft the Mofaic account of peopling the earta; the vicinity of the two continents of Afia and America is fully establifhed.

- When the receffes of the globe are inveftigated in order to promote generaliknowledge, and not with a prof pectrof enlarging private dominitong whan we craverfa the globeto vititnew tribes of our fellow kreatures, as friends, iwilhing to learn their exifterice, for the exprefs purpofe of bringing them within the pale of the offices of humanity, and to relieve their wants, by communicating to them our fuperior attainnents; the voyages projected by his gracious Majefty George the Third, and carried into execution by Captain Cook, have not, it is prefumed, been entirely ufelefs. - Some rays of light mutt have been darted on the Friendly Society, and Sandwich inlands, by our repeated intercourfe with them. Their ftock of deas ruft naturally be enlarged, and new materials muft have been furnifhed them for the cxercite of their reafon, by the uncommon objects we exhibited to them.

Convinced, by comparing themfelves to their Englifh vifitors, of their extreme inferiority, they win probably y endeayour to emergefrom it, and to rife nearer to a level with thofe who left behind them fo many proofs of their generofity and hamatity The ufeful animals and vege. tables introduced amongt them will certainly contribute to the comforts and enjoyments of


When Geat Britan wess fientwifted by the Phonicians, the infabitants were painted favages, much lels civitzee thath thote of Tongata. boo, or Otaheite; and it is not impollible, but that our late voyages may is procers of time, fread the beting of civilization amongt the numerous itajders of the Sguth Pacific Ocean and be the means of absilinhiog theithoomizable reports, yind Atmafiequify abominable farforices Great A hriften cegitté tame $w$ If Mt

 ved in pud, as he nor car 17 ears ol Great A the late tharge 0 hood lin

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Ives to their inferiority, ergefrom it, ofe who left ir generofity Is and vegeill certainly joyments of
 ifued by the sainted favaof Tongata. pollible, but cef suf time, pinonget the aific Ocean thbomina able ble facribces mos


## CAPTAIN JAMES COOK:

## INGLUDINO, MANY PARTIGULARS NOT MENTIOKED IN: TEE LIE RUBLIBHED ET AUTEORITY

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## SOYAE SOC1ETY.

TAMES COOK was born a Marton, in Cleverand, a village about four miles from Great Ayton, in the county of Yorks, and was hrifened there, as appears from the Parifh kegifér, Nov. 3,173 g. His father, whofe hamo was likewife James, was a day-labourer to If Mitwburn, a very refpectable farmer, and ved in a fmall cottage, the walls chiefly of hud, as was generally the cafe at that time in he northern part of the kingdom. In the ear 1730, when our Navigator was about twa ears old, his father removed with his family to Great Ayton, and was employed as a, bind by, the late Thomas Scottowe Efl; haying the tharge of $a$ confiderable farm in that neighhourhood known by the name.of Airyholm.
As the father continued long in that truf, Captain Cook was employed in anfifing him in rarious kinds of hufbandry flited to his yeary

## ( xxxviii )

until thie age of 13 . At that period he was put under the care of Mr Pullen, a fchool-matter Who taught at Ayton, where he learned arithmetic, book-keeping, \&c. and is faid to have fhewn a very early genius for figures. About January 1745 , at the age of 17 , his father bound him apprentice to William Saunderfon for four years, to learn the grocery and haberdathery buffinefs, at Snaith, a populous fifhingtown about ten miles from Whitby'; but after 2 year and a half's fervitude, having contracted a very ftrong propenfity to the fea, (owing probably to the maritime fituation of the place, and the great number of fhips almoft conftantly paf fing and repaffing within fight, between London, Shields, and Sunderland), Mr Saunderfon was willing to indulge him in following the bent of his inclination, and gave up his indentures. While he continued at Snaith, by Mr Saunderfon's account, he difoovered much folidity of judgment, and was remarkably quick in accounts. In July, 746 , he was bound apprentice to Mr J. Walker of Whitby, for the term of three years, which time he ferved to his mafter's full fatisfaction. He firft failed on board the Chip Freelove, burthen about $45^{\circ}$ tons, chiefly employed in the coal trade from Newcaftle to London. In May, 1748 , Mr Walker ordered him home to affift in rigging and fitting for fea a fine new thip, named The Three Brothers, about 600 tons burden. This was defigned as a favour to him," as it would greatly contribute to his knowledge in his bu-
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## ( xxxix )

iod he was hool-mafter arned arithaid to have es. About his father Saunderfon and haber ous fifhing. ; but after a contracted a wing proba: place, 'and ftantly paf tween Lon[r Saunderllowing the $p$ his indenith, by Mr I much folisly quick in bound aptby, for the e ferved to rft failed on about $45^{\circ}$ trade from
1748, Mr $t$ in rigging named The den. This as it would e in his bufinés
finefs. In this veffel he failed from Whitby in the latter end of JuneII After two coal yoyages, the fhip was taken into the fervice of Government, and fent as a tronfport to Middleburgh to carry fome troops from thence to Dublip. When thefe were landed, another corps was taken on board, and brought over to liverpool. From thence the hhip proceeded to Deptrord, where fhe was paid off in April 1749 , Theremaining part of the feafon, the veffel was employed in the Norway, trade.

In the fring, $1750, \mathrm{Mr}$ Cook fipped himfelf as a feaman, on board the Maria, belonging to Mr John Willkifon of Whitby, under the command of Captain, Gafkin. In her he continued the yearian the; Baltic trade. Mr Walker is of opinion he lefs this flip in the winter, and failed the following fummer, vis 4 75 , in a veffel belonging to Stockton; but neither the thip's name, nor that of the owner, is now reipempered by Mr Walker. Early in February, 17.52. Mr Walker fent for him, and madehipemate of one of his veffels, called The Friendghip, of about 400 tons burthen. In this ffation he comtinued till May or June, 1753 , in the coal trade At that period Mr Walker made him an offer to go commander of that thip; but he declined it; he foon after left her at London, and entered cn board his Majefty's thip Eagle, 2 frigate of 28 or 30 guns, " having a mind," as he expreffed himfelf to his mafter, "to try his fortune that way." Not long after, he applied to Mr Walker for a letter of recommendation

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mendation to the captain of the frigate, which was readily granted. On the receipt of this he got fome fmall preferment, which he gratefully acknowledged, and ever remembered. Some time after, the Eagle failed with another frigate on a cruife, in which they were very fucceffful. After this Mr Walker heard no more of Mr Cook, until Auguft, 1758, when he received from him a letter, dated Peinbroke, before Louifburgh, July 30,1758 , in which he gave a diftinct account of our fuccefs in that expedition, but does not fay what fation he then Gilled.

He received a commiflion as Lieuterant, on the firt day of April, 1760 ; -and foon after gave a fecimen of thofe abilities which recommended him to the commands which he executed fo highly to his credit, that his name will go down to pofterity as one of the moft fkilful navigators which this country hath produced.

In the year 1765 , he was with Sir William Burnaby on the Jamaica fration; and that offfcer having occafion to fend difpatches to the Governor of Jucatan, relative to the Loywoodcutters in the Bay of Honduras, Lieutenant Cook was felected for that employment; and he performed it in a manner which entitled him to the approbation of the Admiral. A relation of this Voyage and Journey was publifhed in the year 1709, under the title of "Remarks on a Paffage from the River Datife in the Bay of Honduras to Merida, the Capital of the province of
jate, which t of this he e gratefully ed. Some ther frigate fuccefsful. iore of Mr ae received ke, before ich he gave hat expediin he then
teriant, on foon after lich recomch he exenane will noft fkilful roduced. ir William 1 that offihes to the Loywood. nant Cook Id lie pered him to relation of hed in the narks on a y of Honrovince of Jucatan

Jucntan in the Spanioh Wert-Indies, by Lieutenant Cook," in an 8vo parnphlet.

To a perfect knowledge of all the duties belonging to a lea-life, Mr Cook had added a great \&ill in aftronomy. In the year 1767 , the Royal Society refolved, that it would be proper to fend perfons into fome part of the South Seas, to obferve the Tranfit of the Planet Venus over the Sun's difk; and by a memorial delivered to his Majefty they recommended the Inands of Marquefas de Mendoza, or thofe of Rotterdam or Amfterdam, as the propereft place then known for making fuch obfervation. To this memorial a favourable anf wer was returned, and The Endeavour, a Thip built for the coaltrade, was put in commifion, and the command of her given to Lieutenant Cook. But before. the veffel was ready to fail, Captain Wallis returned from his voyage, and pointed out Otaheite as a place more proper for the purpofe of the Expedition, than either of thofe mentioned by the Royal Society. This alteration was approved of, and our Navigator twas appointed by that learred Body, with MriCharles Green, to obferve the Tranfit.

On this occaifion Lieutenant Cook was promoted to be Captain, and his commiffion bore date the 25 th of May, 1768 . He immediately hoifted the pendants and took command of the thip, in which he failed down the river on the 3oth of fuly. In this voyage he was accompnnied by Jofeph Banks, Efq; fince Sir Jofeph, and Dr Solatider ${ }^{\text {On }}$ the $3^{\text {th }}$ of October he

## ( xlii )

arrived at Rio de Janeiro, and on the inth of April, 1769 , came to Otaheite, where the Tranfit of V.enus was obferved in different parts of the ifland. He ftaid there until the $13^{\text {th }}$ of July, after which he went in fearch of feveral iflands, which he difcovered. He then proceeded to New-Zealand, and on the 10th of, October $\mathbf{1 7 0}$, arrived at Batavia, with a veffel almoft worn out, and the crew much fatigued, and very fickly. The repairs of the fhip obliged him to continue at this unhealthy place until the 27th of December, in which time he loft many of hisfeamen and paffengers, and more in the paffage to the Cape of Good Hope, which place he reached on the $15^{\text {th }}$ of March, 1771 : On the 14th of April. he left the Cape, and the Ift of May anchored at St Helena, from whence he failed on the $4^{\text {th }}$, and came to anchor in the Downs on the 12 th of June, after having been abfent almoft three years, and in that time had experienced every, danger to which a voyage of fuch a length is incident, and in which he had made difcoveries equal to thofe of all the Navigators of this country, from the time of Columbus to the prefent. The narrative of this Expedition was written by Dr:Hawkefworth, which as the facts contained in it have not been denied, nor the excellence of the compofition difputed, has certainly been treated with a degree of feverity, which, when every thing iss confidered, muft excite the aftonifhment of every Reader of tafte. and fenfibility.

Soon after Captain Cook's return to England,
it was re the difoo had long plored p -Gentlo met with been ver afcertain Ixxpedit that cou fhips we ceffary undertal led the Cintain comman them fai 1772, a on the thence time unt endeavo they we ferving directio weft.
Seas, an turned of Marc on, the: and eig
he ${ }^{3} 3^{\text {th }}$ of e the Tranpartsof the of July, afral illands, oceeded to ff: October effel almoft ed, and veiged him to the 27 th of $y$ of hisfeapaffage to he reached $n$ the $14^{\text {th }}$ ft of May ce he failed the Downs seen ablent had experiie of fuch a had made Navigators olumbus to Expedition hich as the lenied, nor fputed, has of feverity, ered, muft der of tafte

It was refolved to equip two thips to complete the difcovery of the Southern Hemifphere. It had long been a prevailing idea, that the unexplored part contained another continent, and a * Gentleman, whofe enterprifing fipirit has not met with the encouragement he deferved, had been very firmly perfuaded of its exiftence. To. afcertain the fact was the principal object of this Ixpedition; and that nothing might be omitted that could tend to facilitate the enterprife, twa thips were provided, furnifhed with every neceffary which could promote the fuccefs of the undertaking. The firft of thefe fhips was calr led the Refolution, under the command of Cantain Cook; the other, The Adventure, commanded by Captain Furneaux. Both of them failed from Deptford on the gth of April, 1.772, and arrived at the Cape of Good Hope on the 3oth of October. They departed from thence on the 22 d of November, and from that time until the i 7 th of January, 1773, continued endeavouring to difcover the continent, when they were obliged to relinquilh the defign, obferving the whole fea covered with ice from the direction of fouth-eaft, round by the fouth to weft. They then proceeded into the South Seas, and made many other difcoveries, and returned to the Cape of Good Hope on the 21 it of March, 1774 and from thence to England, on, the : riti, of July ; having, during three years and eighteen days (in which time the voyage

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## ( x xiv )

was performed), loit but one' . man, by ficknefs, in Captain Cook's Thip ; although he had navigated through all the climates from $52^{\circ}$ north, to $71^{\circ}$ fouth, with a company of an hundred and eighteen men.

The relation of this voyage was given to the Public by Captain Cook himeelf, and by Mr George Forfter, fon of Dr Forfter, who had been appointed by Governinent to accompany him for the purpofe of making obfervations on fuch natural productions as might be found in the courfe of the navigation. That publifhed by Captain Cook has generally been afcribed to a Gentleman of great eminence in the literary world; but if the teftimony of one $t$ who was on board the fhip, and who made lan extract from the Journal in its rude uncorrected fate, may be relied on, there feems no reafon to afcribe the merit of the woit to any other perfon than he whofe name it:goes under.
The want of fuctefs which attended Oaptain Cook's s attempt to difcover a fouthern cominent, did not difcourage andther plan being refolved on, which had been recotnmended fonte time before. This was no other than the finding out a north-weft paffage, which the fancy of fome chimerical projectors had conceived to be aptractieable fcheme. The dangers which oar Navi-

[^1]n, by fickugh he had 3, from $52^{\circ}$ pany of an
iven to the nd by Mr ho had been any him for 1 fuch natuthe courfe by Captain , a Gentleary world; as on board $\uparrow$ from the te, may be afcribe the on than he

Cd Captain comtinent, g refolved fonte time biding out y of fome beap pracour Návigator in a arbotify, bferred ti that. ough and $p$. ver left him, che came on
gator :had:twice bravediand efcaped from; would have exempted him from being folicited a third time to venture : his perion in anknown countries, : amongft defert iffands, mhofpitable climates, and in the midft of favages; but, on his ppinion being afked concerning the perfon who would be the moft proper to execute this defign, he once more relinquifhed the quiets and comorts of domeftic life, to engage in feenes of urbulence and confufion, of difficulty and danger. His intrepid pipirit and inquifitive mind inluced him again to offer his fervices; and they were accepted without hefitation. The manner in which the had deported himfelf on former occafions, left no room to fuppofe a fitter man could be felected. He prepared for his depar ure with the utmoft alacrity, and actually failed in the month of July, 1776.

A few months after his departure from England, notwithtanding he was then abfent, the Royal Society voted him Sir Godfrey Copley's Gold Medal, as a retvad for the Account which he had travimitted to that Body, of the method taken to preferve the health of the crew of his fhip; and Sir John Pringle, in an oration prohounced on the 30 th of November, obferved "how meritorious that perfon muft appear who had not only made the moft extenfive, but the moft inftructive voyages; who had not only difcovered, but furveyed vaft tracts of new coafts; who had difpe'id the illufion of terra anfifalis incognita, and fixed the bounds of the habitable earth, as well as thofe of the naviga-

## ( xivi )

blexpeean in the fouthern hemifphere; but that howetcr amplesa field for praife thefe circum ftancestiwould afford, it was a nobler motive that had prompted the Society to notice Cap tain Cook in the honourable manner which had occafioned his ithen addrefs: 1 Afrer/defanting on the means ufed on the voyage to preferive the lives offthe failors, he concluded his difcourfo in therefor terms bu Alow me then, Gentlemen, to deliver this Medals with his unperifhing name engraven upon it, into the hands of owe who will be happy to receive that truit, and to hear that this refpectable body never more cordially nor more meritorioufly, beftowed that faithful, fymbol of their efteem and affection. For if Rome decreed the Civic Crown to him who fa ved the life of a fingle citizen, what wreaths are due to that inan, who, having himfelf faved ma. ny, perpetuates in your Trinlactions the means by which Britian may now, on the moft diftan: yoyages, fave numbers of her intrepid fons, her Mariners; who, bravingo every danger, have fo liberally contributed to the fame, to the opu; lence, and to the matitime empire of their country ?"

It will give pain to every fenfible mind to re flect, that this honourable teftimony to the me. rit of our gallant Commander never came to his knowledge. While his friends were waiting with the moft earneft folicitude for tidings con. cerning him, and the whole nation expreffied an anxious impatience to be informed of his fuc.

## ( xivii ) -

re; but that thefe circum obler motive notice Cap er which had defcanting preferve the his difcourfe Gentlemen, rilhing name of owe who and to hear ore cordially, that faithful ion. For if him who fal $t$ wreathe aro elf faved ma. ns the means moft diftant id fons, het ger, have $f_{0}$ to the opu, $f$ their coun mind to re. y to the me. came to his ere waiting tidings con. in expreffied d of his fuc cefs,
efs, advice was received from Captain Clerke"; n a letter dated at Kamtfehatka, the 8th day ff Junes 1779 ; advifing, that Captain Cook vas killed on the x the of February. 4779.
Captain Cook was a married man, and left everal children behind him. On each of thefe is Majefty has fettled a penfion of 2 gta per anum, and 2001. per annum on his Widow. It 3 remarkable, if true as reported, that Captain Cook was godnfather to his wife $;$ and at the ory time the was chriftened declared that he had determined on the union which afterwards ook place between them.

> - Captain Clerke went Midhipman with Captain Cook his firf Voyage, and was appointed by him a Lieutein nt on the death of Mr Hicks, who died about three weeke efore the fhip arrived in England.






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## ( xilix )

## TO THE MEMORY OF

## CAPTAIN JAMES COOK,

The ablef and mof renowned mavigator this or any other country hath produced.

HE raifed himfelf, folely by his merit, from a very obfcure birth; to the rank of Polf Captain in the royal navy, and was, unfortunately, killed by the Savages of the Iland Owhythec, on the 14 th of Tebruary 1779 ; which Illand; he had not long before difcovered, when profecuting his third voyage round the globe.
He poicffed, in an eminent degree, all the qualifications requifite for his profetion and great undertakings ; together with the amiable and worthy qualities of the beft men.

Cool and deliberate in judging: fagecious in determining: afive in executing: fteady and perfevering, in interprifing from vigilance and unremitting caution , unfubfided by labour, dif-s ficulties, and difappontments : fertite in expedients; never wanting prefence of mind: always poffeffing himelf, and the full uie of 2 . found underfanding.

Mild, juff, but exae in drfcipline: he was a father to his people Who were attached to him from affection, and obedient from confidence. Voln I .

His kno ledge, his experience, his fagacity, rendered him 0 , jhtirely mafter of his fubject, that the greateft oftacles were furmounted, and the molt dangeroug navigations Became eafy, and almoft fafe under his direction.

He explored the Southern Hemifphere to a much higher latitude than had ever been reached, and with fewer accidents than frequently befal thof who nayigate the coaft of this ifland.

By his-benevolent and unabating attention to. the welfare of his fhip's company, he difcovered and introduced a yiftem for the prefervation of the health of reamen in long voydges, which has proved wonderfally efficacious: 'for in his fecond royage round the wortd, which continued upwards of three years, he loft only one man by diftemper, of one hundred and eighteen, of which his company confitted.

The death of this eminent and valuable man was a lofs to mankind in general; and partitus larly to be deplored by every nation that fefpects ufeful, accomplimments, that howburs fetiences, and loves the benowolent and aniable atieetiofis of the heart. It is itill more to be deplorea by this copntry which may lutily boat of hazing - poduced a man hitherto unequalled for nauti--cal talents ; and that forrow 13 further aggravated, by the refiction, that his country was deprived of this ornament by the enimy of a people, from whom, indeed, it might have been drended, but from whom it yas not deferved. For, aduated always by the moft attentive care and tender compation for the favages ingenerfl,
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vourie fears, their terpor them injure Th and rica, ${ }^{2}$ by; the $T$ ерци? fkilla phys. difclo
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bere to a en reachrequently his ifland. attention he difco-prefervavotyages, ious : for d, which lof only dred and Ated.
able man 1 partitus t feppects fience, afections plareaby f having or nautier aggrantry was inty of a lave been deferved. tive care ageneral, this
this excellent man was ever affiduoufly endeavouring, by kind treatment, to dinpate tieir fears, and court their frenfonip ; overiogtotio their thefts and treacheries, and frequenty iff terpofing, at the hazard of his ife, to protect them from the fudden refentrient of hif own injured people.

The object of his laft mimion was to difcover and afcertain the boundaries of Afia and Ame rica, and to penetrate into the Northern Ocean briche North Eaft cape of Afia.

Travellér contemplate, admire, reverç and enulate this great mater in hispot rions whofe njil and labours have enarg d natura phi6fol phyin have mented nautical fience and yave dimcloffor the long concealed and adamirable argangements of the Almighty in the formation of this giobe and at fihe fane time, the arro-
 their poculatips for the rads by which we was pleated tat create in it wisw ditovered BeYong all douht that the fame Great being who create the thavert by the fid by the fame brdained our cath to keepa jum poife, zuthdatea
 correfponding toumarnconitident - tand it ades for Ho frotches out we Nbfth over ate einpty place amp fanget the efth upon rothing' Job $x$ vita 5
If the arduous but exace refearches of this extraordinary man have'Hot difcovertarane ne
 and unknown before They have thate us deguainted with iflands, people, and production,

of which we had no conception. And if he has not been fo fortunate as Americus to give his name to a continent, his pretenfions to fuch a diftinction remain unrivalled; and he will be revered, while there remains a page of his own roodeft account of his voyages, and as long as mariners and geographers fhall be inftructed, by his new map of the Southern Hemifphere, to trace the various courfes and difcoveries he has made.

If public fervices merit public acknowledgements; if the man who adorned and raifed the fame of his country is deferving of hongurs, then Captain Coor deferves to have a monument raifed to his memory, by a generous and grateful nation.

> Pirtesis uberrimium alimentum of bonar. VaL. Maximus, Lib. 2. Cap. 6.

Oaptai and renc Refo the 1 core Pria bous rival tive tion cour Maf marl from

3the $R$ receiv cedin

1 if he has 0 give his to fuch a will be ref his own as long as ructed, by fphere, to ies he has
nowledgeraifed the hohours, e a monucerous and
2. Cap. 6.


Oaptains dooz and Ciraze appointed to the Refolution and Difcovery-Pxparations for the Voyag-Occurrencea preceding sher ferting Sail-Departure of the Refolution-Proceeds to Teneriff-Some account of the Ifand, Inhabitants, \&c:- JunQtion with the Difo covery at the Cape of Good Hither-Pafige through Prince tedward's LAander-Arrival at Chritmas Hars bour - The coaft of Kenguclen's Land Explored - Ar rival'at Van Diemen's Land-Interview with the na-tives-Their Perfons, Dreff, Behaviour, and tiabita, tions-Arrival at Queen. Charlotte's Sound-liter: courfe with the Natives-Particulars of the Horrid Maffacre of the Adventure's Boat Crew-Cufious Re, marks on the Inhabitants, Couniry, טृ-Departare from New-Zealandi

0
N the foth of February, 1776 , Captain: Cook went on board his Majefty's Doop the Refolution, and hoifted the pendants haring. received a commiffion to command hef the pret. ceding day. The Difcovery, of threellipndred.
tons, was, at the fame time, prepared for the Service, and Captain Clerke appointed to the command of her. It may be neceflary to obferye, that Captain Clerke had been Captain Cook's Second Lieutenant on board the Refolution, in his fecond voyage round the world.

Thefe two fhips were then equipping in the dock at Deptford, for a voyage to make farther difcoveries in the Pacific Ocean, under the di--rection of Captain Cook.

The Refolution was hauled into the river on the 9 th of March to complete her rigging, and take in ftores and provifions for the voyage. Both hips indeed, were abuadantly fupplied with every thing requifite for a voyage of fuch duration. We failed on the 29th of May, and arrived the next day at Long Reach, where our powder; and fot; vand other ordnance fores were received.

- On the 8th of June, while we lay in Long Reach, we had the fatisfaction of a vifit fiom the Earl of Sandwich, Sir Hugh Pallifer, and others of the Board of Admiralty, to examine whether ever'y thing had been completed purfuant to their ordersy ind to the convenience of thofe who were to embirls. They honoured Capt.Cook with their company to dinner on that day; and were faluted on their coming on board, and on their going afhore, with feventeen guns and threcechecrs. To convey fome permanent benefit to the in hattants of Otaheite, and of the other illands which we might happento vifit, his Majefty commanded fome ufeful animals to be taken out. On
ed for the ted to the ary to oben Captain the Refoen world.
ing in the ake farther ler the di-
ce river on gging, and re voyage. fupplied e of fuch May, and where our nee fores


## $y$ in Long

 $t$ from the und others ie whether nt to their who were with their were faluyhair gowechecrs. to the iner illands iefty cominout. On theMr Anderfon, Surgeôn of Captain Cop po added to his profeffional abifities a gireat probiciency in natural hifory. He had already vifited the South-Sea Ifands in the fame naip, and enabled the Captain to enrich his relation of the preceding voyage with remarks of ufe and value.
Tho' feveral young men, among the' Thubficers, were capable of béing employed in confructing charts, drawing plans, and taking views of the cobaftsand head-lands, Mr Webber was engaged to embark with Captain Cook, for the purpofe of fupplying the defefes of written accounts, by taking accurate and mafterly drawings of the mof memorable feenes of our cranfactions.
The necemary preparations being completed, Caprain Cook recceived opd diss to yroceedxo Plymouth, and to take the Difcovery under his command. In confequence of which, he ordered Captain Clerke to carry his fhip alfo round to Plymouth.
The Refolution, with the Difcovery ir company, failed from Long Reach on the 1 th of June, and anchored at the Nore the fame evening. The Difoovery proceeded the next day in obedience to Captain Cook's order, and the Refolution remained at the Nore, till Captain Cook, who was then in London, Thould join hef.

It being our intention to touch at Oraheite and the Society Mands, it had been detcranhitd to carry Omai back to his native country :accordingly Captain Cook and he fet out from London earit on the 244, and reached Chatham beiween ten and eleven ocilock, where they
dined

## $A$ Voyage to the Pasiffe Ocean.

dined with commiffioner Proby, who afterwards ordered his yacht to convey them to Sheernefs, where the Captain's boat was waiting to take them on board the Refolution.

Though Omai left London with fome degree of regret, whenhereflected upon the favours and indulgences he had received, yet, when mention was made of his own iflande, his eyes fpartled with joy. He entertained the hirheft ideas of this country and its inhabitants; but the pleafing profpect of returning home, loaded with whit would be deemed invaluable treafures there, and of obtaining 2 diftinguifhed fuperiority among his countrymen, operated fo tar as to fupprefic: very uneafy fenfation; and when he got onboard the Thip, he appeared to be quite happy.:

Omai was furnithed, by his majefly, vith quantities of every article that were fuppofed to be in eftimation at. Otabeite. He alfo received feveral prefents frem Lord Sandwich, Mribák and many others. Every method had, indeed, been employed, during his abode in England, and at his departure, to make him the intrument of conveying to his countrymen, an exalted opinion of Britifh grealnefs and generofity.

About noon on the 25 ch we veiglied ancliop; and madefail for the Fowns, with a gentle breeze at north-weft by weft. At nine the fame dayiwe anchored, with the North Foreland bearing fouth by eaft, and Margate Point fouth-weft by fouth.

On the 26th, at two o'clock, we weighed, and ftood roind the Foreland; and at eight $0^{\circ} \mathrm{cock}$ the fame morning anchored in the Downs. Here

Captain

## 

Captain Cook received tyo boatson board, which had betn built for him th Deal afd thenextday, at two decock limthe aterthoon, We got under fail, but trie wreye yoir qed away, , and we anchored aginf? Akten o'clock the fame night we weighed agaid, zate procéeded do nithe ehannel.

We anchored at Plynouth Sound on the 3oth at three oclock in the aftemion. The Difcovery had arifided there thite diys" before. We faluted Md miral Amherft, whote fag was flying on bowd the Otear, and he returned the complisideth?
 in replacing the water and proviaions we hadexpended, and 9 Hecelving on boifd fuypty of

 proced to He Cape of Goot Hope Wht the Refolution; with arrection afo to deave an' orden for Captait Clerké to follow Siin, hs foon as he fhould join his haip, he being it that timg in London.
The officet and men on board the gerfot tion (including marines) were one hupdred and twelve, and thofe on board the Difeovery, wete eighty

On the roth of July the proper perfons came on board, and paid the officers and crew up to the 3 oth of laft month. The petty officers and feamen received alfo two months wages in advance. Such indulgence to the fatter is coffot mary; but the payment of what whis ate to the fuperior officers, was in confideration of ouf pe-

## A Vajage to the Pacift Ocan.

ud, which chextday, got under hd twe $2 n$. enidht we eehanoel.
fons came fee up to ficoers gad es ith adis coffo deto the of ot pe culliar
culiar fituation, to enable us to defray the expence of furnifhing ourfelves with neceflaries for a voyage of fuch uncommon duration.
In the morning of the 1 th Captain Cook delivered into the hands of Mr Burney, Firft Lieutenant of the Difcovery, Gaptain Clerke's failing orders; a copy of which he alfo left with the commanding officer of his Majeft's Thips at Plymouth, to be delivered to the Captain on his arrival. In the afternoon we weighed with the ebb, and got out beyond all the fhipping in the Sound, where we were detained moft of the following day. At eight o'clock in the evering, we weighed again, and food out of the Sound, with a gentle breeze at north-wef by weft.

Soon after we came out, of Plymputh Sound, the wind came nore wefterly, and blew frefh, which obliged us to ply down the channel, and we were not of the Lizard till the sith at eight in the evening.

On the ibth at noon, the fight-houre of St Agncs on the illes of Scill b hare porth-wert by weft, diftant about feven or eight miles ; and on the 17 th and 18 th, we Were off Ulhant
On the 1gth we food weftward till eight o'clock in the morning, when the wind fifted, and we, tacked and fretched to the fouthward: bere webeheld nine fail of large fhipsp which we fuppofed to be French men of war Ont the 22d, at ten in the morning, we faw Cape Ortegal about four leagues diftant.
We had calm weather on the 22 d and 23 d , and on the afternoon of the $24^{\text {th }}$, we paffed CapFinifterre,

## 8 1. Vijaget wh the Paijk Ocan.






 noon; and at day-light on the firft of Augut,


 thomswate Try
 gate tho ${ }^{2}$ moth




 and to pouthe , chitictes,

 politely compled nith cappai Buok tequeft, and fent an, fificer on board to conjphmat Eim

 offices ; and before lif retidatato this thip befpoke fome corn and fray ordexda a pantify: of wine, and made an agtecterit hor a fupply of water.
The road of Santa Chuz is fruated on the fouth-caft fide of the illand, before the town of the famo name. It is faid to be the pringipal road of Teneriffe for fhelter, capacity; and the goodnefs

## 4. Koyare watbe Pacifc Ocean.

hosthicant. Tumility fitrutifin 4theum fawréne1 trie hafterof Augant, the tiliand Hictond of in ${ }^{2} 23$ Ened disisu for bnyt $+1015$
arivi ay ch ition
find 2 + +1 y $x^{2}+1$ into (1)
 wnisuld lingot $110,00=$ ise thelis 8
3
3
3 $2 x^{2}$ - -8 fupply
d on the e town of prirgipal , and the goodnefs
gapdyefspfits bottom. The water to fupply the hHpwas and tar, the He on, the inhapitants of Smanlina p deriyed from arivilet that runs fromithe hilts, which is convoyed into the town in wooden tropughs. As thefe roughs were at thus time repairing, freh watgi, was extremely fcarce
Thom the appearapce of the country about. Santa Cruz, it misht Maturily be concluded that Teneriffe is a barren tpot; we were convinced, however, from the ample fupplies we received,
 own inhabitapts, bit alfo enourgh to fpare for vifitore 3 : Though we of the chic produce of the iffond beef meit be had at about hree-pence
 leas and ponerut Shage, goationga and poultrys mat he had op terms equaty refonable. A great Narictypfifule, are to be ha in plenty, as pears, tig\% grapes mulberries mifk melong \& $c_{0}$ befide oftiefp that vere not then in fearon. The pymeinfepotqper and wion which grow here, are oxcfleft?
Indian ody is produced pp this ifinid, and is fold atat about three fillings and fix pence per buthel i, the futits and yegetables are, in gene-: ral, very cheap. Tho the inhabitants are but indifferently fivpified with filh by the adjoining feas, they are engaged in a conituerable fifherg on, the coaft of Brarry, and the produce of it fells at a very moderate price.
$T$ eneriffe is certainly amore eligible place than Madeira, for hips to touch at which are bound Vol. I.

## $A$ Vojage to the Pacific Octan.

on tong voyinges but the Urine of the latere is inf intely ruperior is that of the fortint the diffrence of the b) yas fold for tv: Ele potinds a pipt, "whercés'a pipe of the ' ber Nradejra was worth'confidetably more than double that fum.

Behind the town of Santa Cruz, the country Nifes gradually to a moderate hefght; afterwards it continues to rile fouth-weft-ward towards the celébrated pie of Teneriffe. But we were nuch diappoinfed in our expectations with relpect'to TK 2 pparancemo
Ho simand, eattward of Santa Cruz, appears perteq barren. MRidges of high hills run"towards the fea, bef ween whith are deep vallies, terpinating at mountans that run acrof and ăre higher than the formers.

On the if of Alugut in the afternoon, Mrr Anderfon (Captain Cook's furgeon) Went on Shore to one of thefe vallies, intending to reach the top of the rempter hills, but time woild not permit him to get farther than their foot. The lover hills produce great quantities of the cupporbia canariciffs. The people on the foot imagine its juice to be fo cauftic as to ergde the fkin; blt Mr. Anderfon convinced them to the contrary, by thrufting his finger into a plant full of it. The inhabitants dry the buithes of the euphorbia, and

- In Sparto's Hifory of the Royal Society, page 200, \& c. *is an acequitof a journey to the top of the pic of Tenerifie. A modern iraveller, viz. the Chevalier de Borda, who meafured the height of this mountain in Auguft 1776 , makes it $\mathbf{1 2 3 4 0}$ Englifh feet.


## A Vognge toathe Pacific Oecan.

he litter is itrity the 'confidera' critfe wifie whercas's infiderably
he country afterwards swards the weire niuch relpect to Win "ojws z, appears Hs run'toep vallies, ols and atre $\rightarrow$ 94:41
noon, Mr
went ${ }^{\text {on }}$ g to reach would not oot. Thie the euiffort imagirie Tkin; but contrary, of it. The iorbia, and
carry ige $300,8 \mathrm{c}$. ITemerifie. a, who mea1776, makes
carry them home for fuel, Santa Cruz, though not large is a mell built, city. Their churthes have mas a magnificent appeamense without but they are decept, and tolerobs, handiome Withip Almof fraing the fope pier which rum into the fee from the town, is a ma ble colump lite ly ereeted, enriched with human Ggirea brich reflect honour on the Aatury

On.the 2d of Aygut in the affripoh, Mr Anderfon pnd three others hired mites fo flde to the city of Laguna, bout he difance of iour mile from santa Cryz They arpived therenttween five and fix in the evening but the hgit of it did not rewayd us for our trouble he the roads migre very bed, and, pur catte bat indiffe-
 deferves to be, dignifed with the farme da arcity: There is fome good houres but the aifpgition of the freets is pery irregular Laguna flarger than Santa mathy modingerd to te in

The road from Spata Cruz to La ona wains up a feep barpen hit, bur, lower down, wefaw fome figtrees ang corm-tieds. The errh ho erer is not produced here whthat greatlb bour, the ground being greaty encumberes with fones. Nothing ere prefente iftels, ferving notife, except, a fu aloeplants in flower on the fide of the road.
The laborious wort in this ifland is ckiefly performed by mules, horfes being farce, and referved for the ufe of the officers. Oxenare alfo much employed here, Some hawks and
and parrots were feen, which were natives of the ifland; an, alfo, the, fancryallowes fentgulls, partridges, fwallows, caneryrbirde and bijactbirds. There are alfo lizardsylpenfls, and whée or four forts of dragon-ilien.
Mr Anderfon wat enformed, by a gendernai of peckomledged veracity that a trub is common here agrecing oxpetly with tha defeription given by Linnerut of the tenofhrub, as groming in China and Japan- It is confidered, as a meged and large guantitien are rooted put of the viop yards every zear Tho, Epaniands houcyer who inhabit the iflond, formetimes mate yfe of it, and aforibe to it all the qualities of she sea imported Erapp China.
 derfom another botanical purigfor whith is called the impregrated lempary If is a, dintinof and perfat temon malofed within another.

A certin fort of grape gepring here is deemed an excellent remedy in phthificat complaints The air ind climate arc sempricandy heahhfal, and particulariy adapted to alotion fe lief in, fuch campluintro, By iceciding a \& diferfot heights in, the inand it is in the pawer of ony one to procure; fuch a empenature of pirda may. be bef fuited to has sonftitutiono Hf may continue where it is mild, and falubrionto or herrag afcend till the cold becomes intolcifles in perfon, it is fate can live comfortably withina mile of the perpendicular height of the, pic 戏ter the, ynonfh of Auguft Smoke, continuilly iffues frompart the ten of the pic, but they mad or 1 Wef fider neri filter T Span dif Span may tall, tawt $\operatorname{tanta}$ and fting
Tho
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## 4 Vogage to the Paific Oiean.

The trade of Tenerife is very confiderable's forty thoufand fipes of whe being anntally made there; whill is confuned ih the in a 4 , or made into brandy, and fent to the Spanion Weft-Indies. Indeed the wine is tlie only confiderable article of the foreign cornnerce of $T$ neriffe, unlef we feckon the large guantities of filtering fones brónghe from Grand Canary.

The sace of inhabitants foutnd here whenthe Spaniards difcovered the Canaries, ate no longer a diftinct people, laving intermarried with the Spanifh fettlers; their defcendants ${ }^{2}$ fowover, may be known, from their being remarkably tall, frong, and large boned. The men are tawny, and the women are pale. The inhabitants, in general, of Teneriffe, are decent, grave. and civil; retaining that folemn caft which difinguiftes thofe of their country from others. Though we are not of opinion that our manuers: are fimilar to thofe of the Spaniards, yet Onini declared, he did not think there was inuch difference: He faid, indeed, that they did not appear to be fo friendly as the Inglif ; and that their perfons nearly refembled thofe of his counttrymen.

Flaving got our water and other articles on baard, we weighed anchor on the 4 th of Auguft quitted Teneriffe, and proceeded on our veyage,

## 14 A Voyage to the Racific Ocean.

Onithe roth, \# nine orelocti in thelevening wet faw whe int ind of Bondivitat bearing fouth," diftaft abbuta league; though trie then thought ourfelves much farther off, but it foon appeared wewere miftiken; fory tafter hataling to the ealtwardysto clear the furnken ropks thatilie neartis the ffouthaceaft point of the iflond, (we found our-sis felve clofetapontilemy iand blarely weathefed the breakefs. Oumfturgion waby for fotme minutesy: fo deryi alsimingi that CuptainiCook did not: cheifertoo foundylas that mighty have increafed the dange of whiche day poffibility of teffening it. 1.

Havigckowed the rodks we ftectred betweenis Bonaviftavandithe lifland of Mayos intendingito lookhtep Torsstaya for the Difcoverys, as Chpo: tain Cook had told Captaits Clerke thatherfould
 foatheweft of Botravith, ibearing foutheeaft, di-s:
 Chpenonday the in eth, ait fix $0^{\circ}$ elock in the moinfigs, we the of May a Borel fouthsfouth-v.

 diffitde be thited or four miles from this iland: we: fa not the lebint appeatance of wegetation ; nothing profented itelf to our viewy chat thati lifeleifl browng fo common in priwootid coun-

During our contimuance among theferiflandsy: we fiat gentle breezes of wind, varyieg firont the fouth eafe to enft, land fome calmsu On the 1 thi, we nine $0^{\prime}$ clotk in the morning, wet arris:
 bepaloms
where brigant being $t$ fouth+

We
after $w$ on the fouther princip rally b and is of flogs and se andifec enable: eft pas

Eve ed fron ther ac ought with $f$ to cho Thefer vedion we enj fick th voyage
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## A Vojagge to the Pacific Orean,

vening fouth, hought peared beealt ie neant? ad our-rit fed the c inutes didinot: citafed ning $i{ }^{2}+1$ etweehs: ljagito ch chis hould rrocids aft, di-
 in the: south-foishad-o: Atthe inands: ation $;$ \% that cqua 1fl|s is flandsy: prithe where
where two Dutch Eaft-India fhips and 2 fmall brigantine, were at anchore the Difcovery not being thete; we did/not go in in but food to the


We lof the north-caft trade; wind the day after we left the Cape de Werder iflands $w$ and, on the igoth, got!thati whidh thlows! fratn the fouth-taft The windy dyining inisingaryids was principally in the fouthriwef quateniO It geperally blew a gonteiturgezie, tbut fometimass frefh, and in fquallsiso We had fetr ealrise nididothofe of thert dúration: Beffrcen the latitude, ofrit $2^{\circ}$,
 and frequertly painy infomutharthot sweinvere enabled to faverasimichrwater af filletitregeneateft part oflonariempay cafres hot beil 2005

Every badiconfoquenice is to be approhended from the fer rainsjuand the olofe fultrysweather accompanying them Gommanders of fhips ought carefilly to purify, the air rbetwenn? dacios with fires land fonake, and tooblige-the popple. to change Wheir algthes vat everys apppttimity.
 vedion board the Refolution and Difeovery ond we enjoyed the advantage of it, having, fewer fick thanion eiker of Captain Cook's former voyages. Our Maps however, was veryilenky: in all her upper worksorrThe fultry; weather had openctither feams fo wides ithat, the rain-watere paffedrthrough as it fell. 7 The officens, in the: gurimoin were dniven from their cabins, by the wate chat, came thro the fides ind and hardly a. $\operatorname{man}_{2}$ uld hie dnyin his bed. Thic gaul hep empare
employed.

## 4 Voyage to the Pacific Oceam,

employed to repair theferdefets, as foon as we got into fair fertled weatlier/s bat Captain Cook would nust trat thom over the fites whine we


On the at of September, we croffed the c quator, tin the longitude of $2_{2} 7^{6} \quad 3.8$ wef and paffed the afterthoon in performing the "old ceremony of educeritig therey Whatil not croffed
 tle to the fouthward of Cape St Augurtine. We propeddeddaivoun bayas, twithbut any remark:

 $7^{\circ} 45^{5}$ wefty and calms for three fucceffive diays. For fofrie days beforriwe had ceen albatrohes, and pintadow and we then raw thre perigulins. In eonfequence of this we fuanded, but found no ground with aline of one Himdred and fifty afthoms We fhot a fet birds, one of which was a black petrel, abont the fize of $\mathrm{a}^{3}$ crow.

In the evening of the Bth, a bird, which the failors call a noddy, fettled on our rigging, and was takent it was larger than a common Englifh blackbird, and nearly of the fame colour, except the upper part of the hedid, which was white: It was web-footed, had black legs, and a long black bill Though it is faid thefe birds never venture far from tand, we knew of none nearer our fation thán Gouth's of Richimond ifland, which could not be lefsthan one hithdred leagues But, as the Atlantic Ocean, routh. ward of uis, has been but little frequented' there
may pe A fred calny terway twenty returne the $2 p$ chored fterante fentran vernor, guns, 8 the firm were ip hgmew Afier Shores waited veppor, troppa. with th particul figance tain Co meft for the tox altitude ther th erswer tanco
$-1 . M$ feenind no fifty afich was ich the og, and n Eng. colour, ch was gs, and fe birds ofrione himond Mind Coath If there
may
may poffibly be more iflands than wéknow of. A freOh gik fromytherngth-wiff fucceedad this calny yeatherg which cempinued /two daysan Af terwards, we had wgrinble light gives Ene aboui twenty-four hours, when the north-meftywind. returned, rand blaw Gepheriona the in petimenfor the ape of Cood H ogex and anithes whthenno
 Anter receiping the y palivifiti from ther Meox fer-attepdpnt, and sthe Syrgeony $O$ pt in Goch fentran afficerto Baspnc Plotyentayboit the Gew

 the func gumber. 'I wo Prench forfthdianmin Were in the hays she qigentersor yand the ot her. hgmeward bounds svitsonol gotrlt rol ervino but

After havingifilutedt Coptain! Copltimt on Shofe, accampanied br fome of hiaroficem gnal waited on the Governor she Limumantrfor veroor, the Fifcels and the Compander of tho troppst There gentlemen respived fapioin Coolh with the gregrelt civilitsemnt she Gomapoto in particular solyntorits psomifed himoverty of fifance that the places of ond ded boffote, Cape tain Cook returned on bomitho atdered creft ment greens gic to be provideckeviry day for the hip's company to Joq tenga

On the pad metixed ouriments and oberantofy tht next das we barare to pbcrist equal altíudé of the fyn, inorderito difgovernow. the the watch had altered its rate ers, were fet to wark to caplo the ohip tin Cook had concerted meafures for fupplying

both fhipy withufich pprotrifions abrmere twanted； and urquilhelfewidalidericteg ofibf the ARefolution wexd gotrreadyoghtidy wererimulediatelly convey e ed on boundomuligir sfit lis bishives quert e＂init
The himenewied b bund 1 Frencla ：hip failed far Europer on the iat thy and by her we ifentietters to Etiglandov The next day the Homplaire Eaft－ India thipy，from Bencrole ens anchoredin the bay． On the $z_{3}$ iftiof Qxititble wiexceffively haird at fouthieaft，and continued for three dayan ir he Refolution wasthe oniy flaip in therbay shat rode out theghle withony dratging hiter ariohots cinild
The ftorint ocafodrome therizdiof Novi mad on the Gthy who frampifhire failed for Ingland，in whichviaptain Gopolifont homeriaininvalidito On

 of．Apguit panisb woind harve baciar whixs a week

 fromotroglandos leftiono ef his maninesidy falling




 expedits hiadupplyi pfoprajifienionand jwatery
Havingwhy the Goperpbry pessoiffops itaken our cettle on flosey pa，the nightriprefecting the 14th，fome dogs got in among ft the sheeps forced them out of the pen，killed four，and difperfed the reft．We recovered fix of them the next day；but among thofe which were mifing were
twotria whole boaft：o tain＇s 0 calistof trouble loweits the litwo fo mife he woul Mus obliging Captain fentifior the offe parpofe inthet喠eminy fieepter tratedab whollig of theter prodace fidesilit Cape $\mathbf{T h}$ tails，调 Whif cution of odrof of the m lates \％he si角 thi vember， tworcans, sand ewoiof the cmeit wewes in the whole flodkent Thioughisthe 1 Dutah frequently boaft of the police ab the Capeylyetrthe Captain's Sheep evaded all the vigilancervothe Fifcallsfofficers ind peoplesinad lengthanfter much trotable and expence; byi employing fome afi the lowert fellonsis of the pluce wersecoveredl all but
 fo mifdribigitons by the degs, that we thought he wouhd weverifecoveramminor bits efise, ofy: - Modtemmy the fixutemant-Govemor, Ivery obligingly coffareditgrnake hapthis horjy by giving Captain Code zapanifi ram, out offoud he had
 the offlry shinking iel would coppailgantwodo his
 hithiti ho weverande Captalin fintsinitaleodonMr FFomitiyehald undeatorwed bdiatrdduce Tugopean faeepuothe dapis. butatyhis ditemptoverefituftratediby theobothady of che countog people,


 fidesil indoedst tre of of tofnarlabledhithoin the Cape fieep is thesterigth and thidnerpor cheir tails, whels weigh fromiten to fifuen potands.

Whiterthe ind were repairing for the profecution ofort ofagejMr Anderfony and fome of odt bficers ginde andexctrfion, to take afurvey of the netionoorring country, OMAAnderfon relates theirffoceedingsto the following effect: isth the forenobon of Saturday the I6th of No vember, he, and five others, fet outlay waggon,

## 20

 AT Vojage to the Pacijc Occan.to wike a view of the ebainery: They croffed the
 entifcly's whid fand s reteribling that which is cointionty found ion beichesen At five in the af-
 corn-fields and vine-yards, fruated beyond the plath, where the foll appikred werth cultivating. Aviteven they werived at Stelleniboind ' wicolony,

The village fland dat the foot of Pithe range of totey miroumtaingestbontituentey mites to the caitWhid of Capeef Towns, afidi comfles of about ithir-

 its fintifethingi fatida pural profpeet in this defert: doymridy is theoto are foustedhitwivg winte-

 thaps midech mayy bolowing ned the uncorinmionfe-

At this ferfonsof the y yeirg Mi An Anderfocrecould find but few plitits in flowery tand dinfectaitivere very farioes He Herind: his tompmions defte StelHontoofr the wext miomingyramel fooni devived at ther howif they'shad paffedion Giaturdedy Mr Cloeder, the owner iof which 'l having fent themin an mivitavidn to vift himy they, mpeo entertained by this gentlemani widle great politenefe and hofpitality. They were received with a iband of mufic, which continued pleying while they mere at dinner ; which, in that fituationi, might be reckoned elegant. In the afternoon they croffed the country, and paffedrfore longe plantan tions.
tiongind th thar evening chess spriyed at a 3 farm-

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 low hillosand, is ofian obloug Pappestrubded on

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On the 20th, in the morning, they fet out from the Pearl, and going a different road, paffed through an uncultivated eounity to the Tyger Hills, where they beheld foine tolerable पq工. I.

## 22 AVoyage to the Pacific Ocean:

corn-fields. About noon they ftopped in a valley for sefrefhment, where they were plagued with a yaft number of mufquitoes $;$ and, in the evening, arrived at Cape-Town.
${ }_{70}$ Op Saturday the 23d, we got the obfervatory, clock, \&cc. on board. From the refult of feveral calculations and obfervations, we had reafon to conclude, that the watch, or time-piece, had performed well all the way from England.

Captain Cook fearing a fecond difafter, got his fheep and other cattle on board as foon as poffible. Héalfo increafed his tock by purchafing two bulls, two heifers, two ftone-horfes, two mares, two rams, fome ewes and goats, fome poultry, and fome rabbits,

Both ohips being fupplied with provifions and wrater fufficient for two years and upwards, and cvery other neceffary، article, and Captain Ccok having given Captain Clerke a copy of his infructions, we repaired on board in the morning of the 3 oth. A brecze fprung up at fouth-eaft, at 5 in the afternoon, with which we weighed and food out of the Bay; at nine it fell ealm, and we anchored. At three o'clock the next morning we weighed and put to fé, with a light breeze at fouth, but did not get clear of land till the $3 d$ of December in the morning.

On Thurfday the g th, a fquall of wind carried away the mizzen top-maft of the Refolution, but we had another to replace it. On the eveniits of the 6 th, being then in the latitude of $39^{\circ} \cdot 14^{\prime}$ fouth, and in the longitude of $23^{\circ} 56^{\prime}$ eaft, we obferved feveral fpots of water of a red-
difh 1 thate fmall to ref W a mou to x 0 troubl males, to feel On ed 1 an
the
rito b the for intcire nume fe 40 iflkindst mitute a) partor and flu The the ed du Fre
Januad of Co they th Southe two the ott
Crozet
a vallagued in the
dith hue. Upon etamining fome of this whter that was taken up, we perceived a number of fmall animals, which the microfeope difcovered to refemble cray Erith.

We continued to the fouth-caft, followed by a mountainous rea; which occalioned the thip to roll exceedingly, and rendered our cattie troublefotine. Several goats efpecially the males, died, and fome theep. We now began to feclithe cold ni vers fenfible qegree.

On Thirftay the 2 th, at noon, ie dincovered Ind extending from fouthoedto fouth, to athereaft by edft entra, at length, urfodvered
 the fouth, appeared to bed aboure fifteen lezgues in ecircut grand the hionlumonetzyone about
 1. We pated atran cutu viftance froto voth intands anducauld not diftotar cifherdtee or fatibo of ethef of them! 10 Lhef fegeatro hivve $a^{\prime \prime}$ fock yhdfeg and rexecptrif the fouth-aft parts is ridye ar Varren monntand whore tides
 There twatianasy and four btate mofeta. the edet; were difeovered by ceaptalis Mation dit Frefne ànd Crbet, French navigators, in Januaty s 772 of their paflage from the Cape of Good Hope to the Prilippine fiatids As they have ho'thames in the French chartafthe
 two tre now faw Prince Edward's Jlanilst the other four by the name of Marions aind Crozet's Iflands.

## 24

 A Voyage to the Pacific Ocean.We had now, in general, ftrong gales, and very indifferent weather. After leaving Prince Edward's Illands, we fhaped our courfe to pafs to the fouthward of the four others; to get insto the latitude of the land difcovered by Monfieur de Kerguelen.

Captain Cook had received inftructions to examine this iffand, and endeavour to difcover a good harbour. On the 1 6th we faw numbers of penguins and divers, and rock-weed floating in the fea; and on the 2 if we faw a very large feal. The weather was now very foggys and a we hourly expected to fall in with the lands navigation was both dangerous and todious.

On the 24th, at fix in the morning the for cledring away a little, we faw lond yibotirin fouth-louth-eaft, which we afterwarde fouind to be aif ifland of confiderable heights and $Z$ voit three teagues in circuit. We foon aften difeovered another of equal magnitudes about orle leagie to the eaftward, and, bei yeen thefe tivo, Come fmaller ones, In the direction 10 f fouth hy eaft, another high ifland was feen. HWe did but juft weather the illand laf mentionedt it was a high round rock, named Bligh's : Cape. Captain Cook fuppofed this to be the fanee that Monficur de Kerguelen called the Me of Reodezvous; but he knew nothing that cquld rendezvous at it but the fowls of the piry foritwas certainly inacceffible to every otherimnimald

The weather beginning to clear uppoputiele ven, we tacked, and feered in for the landag $a$ noon we were enabled to determine the latitu 5

## $A$ Voyage to the Pacific Ocean.

 of Bligh's Cape to be $48^{\circ} 29^{\prime}$ fouth, and its longitude $68^{\circ} 40^{\prime}$. We pafled it at three $0^{\prime}$ clock, with a frefh gale at weft.Prefently-after we clearly faw the land, and at four o'clock it extended from fouth-eaft, to fouthweft by fouth, diftant about four miles. The left extreme, which Captain Cook judged to be the northern point of this land,' called in the French chart of the fouthern hemifphere Cape Francois, terminated in a high perpendicular rock; and the right one in a high indented point.
F Towaids the middle of the land there appearto be an inlet; but, on our approaching it, we faw it was only a bending on the coaft; we, therefore, bore up to go round Cape Francois. Having got offthe Cape, we obfervedthe coaft to the fouthwdra, much indented by points and bays, and, therefore; fully expectedto find a good harbonr, Wefoondifcovered one, into which we begai to ply; but it prefently fell calm, and we anchored in forty-five fathoms water: the Dif covery alfo anchored there foon after. Mr Bligh, the mafter, was ordered to found the harbour; who reported it to be fafe and commodious.

Early in the morning of the 25 th we weighed anf having wrought into the harbour, we anchoted in eight fathoms water. The Difcovery got in \#two oclock in the afternoon; when Cdptan Clerke informed us, that he had with Hfficuley efcaped being driven on the fouth point -f the harbour, his anchor having ftarted before he cpuld fhorten in the cable: They were, therefores obliged to fet fail, and drag the anchor af-

## 26 A Voyage to the Pacifie Dcean.

ter them, till they had room to heave it up, when they perceived that one of its palms was broken off.

Immediately after we had anchored, Captain Cook ordered all the boats to be hoifted out, ${ }^{\text {and }}$ the empty water-calks to be got ready! In the mean time he landed, to fearch for a convenient Spot where they might be filled, and to obferye what the place afforded.

He found vaft quantities of penguirs, and other birds, and feals, on the thore. The latter were not numerous, but fo lifentible of fear that we killed as many as we chofe, and ma ufe of their fat and blubber to make oil for oun lamps and other purpofes. Frefh water was exceedingly plentifil; but notia fingle tree of Thrub was to be difcovered, and but little herbage of any kind, though we hid flattered ouffelves with the hope of neeting with fomething confiderable growing here, having obferved the fides of foine of the hills te be of a lively green. Before Captain Cook returned to his nip, he afcended a ridge of rocks, rifing one above another, expecting, by that means, to obtain a view of the country; but before he had reached the top, fo thick a fog came on, that it was with difificulty he could find his way down again. Towands the evening we hauled the feine at the hedd of the harbuur, but caught no more then half a de en fmall fifh; nor had we any beter fuccefs the next day, when we tried with ho and line Ouri only refource, therefore, for gh provifions, was birds, which were innumerwit.

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Though it was both foggy and rainy, on Thurday the 26 th, we began to fill water, and to cut grafs for our cattle, which we found near the head of the harbour. The rivulets were fwelled to fuch a degree, by the rain that fell, that the fides of the hills, bounding the harbour, appeared to be covered with a theet of water.

The people having laboured hard for two fuccelfive days, and nearly completed our water, Captain Cook allowed them the 27 th of December as a day of reft, to celebrate Chriftmas. In confequence, af which, many of them went on Thore, and made, excurfions into the conntry, which they found defolate and barren in the ex--treme. In the evening one of them prefented a quart battle to Captain Cook, which he had found on the north-fide of the harbour, faftened, with fome wire to p projecting rock. This pottle contuined, piece of parchment, with the following infcription:


It s equdent from this infeription, that we Were not the firt Europeans who had vifited this harbour Captaif Cook fuppofes it to have been left by Monfieur de Boilguehenneu, who went on thore the 13 th of Febtuary 1772, the day Hat Monleur de Kerguelen difoovered this land; n 1 The $d$ is probably a contraction of the word Domino
land; but the Captain appears to be for once miftaken; for how could Monfieur de Boifguehenneu, in the beginning of 1772 , leave an inEcription which commemorates a tranfaction of the following year ?

Captain Cook, as a memorial of our having been in this harbour, wrote on the other fide of the parchment as follows:

> Naves. Refolution at Difcovery de Rege Magne Britannix,

> Decombris 1776:

He then put it again into the bottle, accompanied with a filver two-penny piece of $177^{2}$, covered the mouth of the bottle with a leaden cap, and placed it the next morning in a plle of ftones, arected for that purpofe on an eminience, near the place where it was firf found. Here Captain Cook difyiayed the Britifh flag, and named the place Cbrifmas Harbotr, it being on that feftival we arrived in it.

It is the firft inlet that we meet with on the fouth-eaft fide of Cape Francois, which forms the north fide of the harboar, and is the northern point of this land. The fituation fufficientI) diftinguifhes it from any of the other iniler3: and, to make it fill more remarkable, its fouth point terminates in a high rock, perforated quite through, forming an appeinance like the arch of a bridge. The head of the harbour lies open to orly two points of the compafs, and thefe are covered by iflands in the offing, fo that a fea

## n. or once 3oifguee an inEtion of having fade of



Fea cannot fall in to hurt a fhip. It is high water here about ten o'clock at the full and change days, and the tide rifes about four feet.

In the afternoon, Captain Cook, accompanied by Mr King, his Second Lieutenant, went upon Cape Francois, expecting from this elevation to have had a view of the fea-coaft, and the llands lying off it. But they found every diftant object below them; hid in a thick fog. The land even with them, or of a greater height was vifible enough, and appeared exceedingly naked and defolate; except fome hills to the fouthward, which were covered with fnow. When they returned to the thip, they found her unmoored, and ready to put to fea; but we did not weigh anchor till five o'clock the next morning.

As foon as the fhips cleared Chriftmas Harbour, which was on funday the 29 th, we Reered along the coaft in a fouth-eaft direction; and notwithfanding for fome time paft, fogs had prevailed more or lifs every day; we had a fine breeze at north-ivefts and clear weather. Tho we kept the lead conftantly going; we feldom ftruck the ground with a fixty fathom line.

About eight o'clock, we were off a promontory, which Captain Cook named Cape Cunberland. It is fituated about a league and a half from the fouth-moft point of Chriftmas Harbour; and between them is a bay with two -arms. Off Cape Cumberland, is a finall $\cdot$ but high ifland, on the top of which, is a rock fome. what like a fentry-box, which occafioned our giving

## 30

 1. Vayage to the Pacific Oceans.giving it that name. "Two miles farther to the eaftemand die a group of other fmall iflands between rwhich and Sentry-box fland we failed, the olytunet being a fullimile broad; and forty fathoms deep, having founded with a line of that length.

Having paffed through this channel, we difcovered a bay running in three leagues to the waftward, which is formed by Cape Cumberfand to the north, and a proinoniory to the fouth- This the Captain nained Point Pringle, in compliment to Sir Jolin Pringte, Prefident of the Royal Societyi The bottom the bay is named Cumberlandis Baydspritin

To the fouthward of this a fifth bay is formeds which was named White bay, on account of fome white fands or rocks in the bottom. There are alfo feveral leffer bays or coves, whick appeared to be fheltered fromall winds. Off the fouth point, feveral rocks raife their heads "above water, and probably there ave many others that do note

Thus far wwe had fteered in a divection parallel to the coant, and at no time more than: two miles from to We obferved the beach to be fandy, and freguently /warming with birds, but all along refwing the fame barcon and naked appearance.

Having kept on our larboard bow, the land which we firft diftovered off Cape Francois, in the direstion of fouth $53^{\circ}$ eari, we took for an ifland, and expected to find a paffage between it and the main; but we found it to be a penin-
fula, jo ifthmus Captain ern poin Forelan Onio ber of $r$ the eaft one. A the char and the to be 48 crowded and of a ferved $u_{1}$ Havin mentione checquer fible wer of water withftand nearly to makes it examining them, by they were as a mill-I ly going, a line of manner fo even with was fuffici precaution

## $A$ Vyage to the Pacific Occann.

fula, joined to the reft of the coaft by a low ifthmus. The bay formed by this peninfulay' Captain Cook named Repulfe Bay. The north-: ern point of the peninfula was named Howe's: Foreland, in honour of Lord Howes

On our approach to it, we difcovered a numb ber of rocks and breakers, and two iflands to the eaftward of it, which at firft feemed but one. About noon, we were in the middle of: the channel, , hying fteered betwixt the ifland and the foreland when our latitude we found to be $4^{\circ} 5^{1}$ fouth. The coaft is but low and crowded with fea-birds. Theland is pretty high and of a rocky fubftance. Soize feals were obferved upon the beaches.

Having cleared the rocks and iflands before mentioned, we found the fea before us, to be checquered with fea-weeds, which we were fenfible were faft to the bottom. A great depth of water is fometimes found on fuch fhoals; notwithftanding of which, the tops of fome rocks nearly touched the furface of the water: This: makes it dangerous to fail over them without examining them. We endeavoured to avoid them, by failing through the channels whereby they were feparated, The fea was as fmooth as a mill-pond, and we kept the lead continually going, yet never ftruck the ground, even with a line of fixty fathoms. Having run in this manner for an hour, we difcovered a large sock even with the water, amidit a bed of weeds : this was fufficiently alarming, to make us take every precaution to avoid danger.

## 38: - H. $\angle$ Wrayge to the Pacifo OVedr.



 iflands, and beds of fea-reodystbutrutheinimperearedito be winding channiels batugach thamarowe riever for mochei embarraffed s withy thefequhdals, that warhaulad loffitoathe eaftureond hin' heghte of saxtericatiaguoutfelves fromit ouridifficulticize bat this plinged issaintor greatexis land wo fothand, it



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We were fearcie festled whemortit wind hats. vany frongs it howe ver contintred frisy thed the fags heing difperfed, we got tugoad vietwrof the cpuntryy round: Mr Bligh the Mafteriof Capmain Cook's yeffel, was ordered afhore with twobbciets, to, furvey the uppers part of the harboung and


He alfo detired Captain Clerk s, to fend his Mafter, to found the channel fouth of the fmall Hes, inleg, paniec on the be ma Fro had $y$ as Hor feveral it, witl of the was. dis
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$A$ grem chs app the fou fawno tham by Whil ding th a:hilt, y boat wra thingto pretipic barren a Hhirboun was heit fort, anch rifhed. waiting $\leq$ Penguin thof bir frefh wat difficulty. Vol. I
iflesy and went himfulf in his own boaty, aceonpanied by Mr Gore and Mr Bailey, and landed on the north point to fee what difcovery copld
 From the highef hill over the point, they had a pretty good view of the fea-coaft, as far as Howe's Foreland. It is much indented, and feveral rocky points feemed to fhoot out from it, with coves and inlets of unequal extento One of the latter, the end of which theycould not fee, was. digjoimed from that in which the fhips were at anchor, by the point; they then flood upon, A great many frall iflands, rocks, mad breakevis appearted fcattered along the coafy at well to thie fouthward as towthe northward; and they faw novbetier channel to get out of the himbour, tham by the one throl thich they had emtered it. ai While Captwin Cook and MrBBilegititée ma* *ing thefe obfervationigy Mis Gore encompafied a hilts $v$ and/joined thicen ati the place where the boat was attending foretheiw Therel was now thing to obftitict their walk, except fome craggy pretipicdag the county sbeing if poffible more barren and defolate than that abous Chriftmas Lhabbuivs With regitenheobrenveds that thero wat neither foodinor covering for cattle of any: fort, and if hee had loft any; they muft have pew vifhed. In Inelidelecoves whiffe their boat was: waiting for themy (Which Captain Cook called Pengun Cove, from the immenfe number of thof birds appeaving there), is a finc river of frefh water, whish we could approach without diffieulty: Some large feals; flags, and a few
VOL. I.
deackegowere ifeen here; and Mn Bailey had a

 bithey got on bioard at niney and Mr Blighiset twied foom after : the neported that he badibsen tour miles cup the harbour probably nean the top of it ; he found its direction to be fouth-wefts sits bireadth wearither fliposiabioutta mille, bint narrowenfother hip: ofte found the countryserysrackys and weyyilitule sietduse fof anyı kind. \% Penguins. fondoolitartbirds) wate foen in igneat, numbers. if
 Lefting gatmed the iharbourl Port Pallifer of it is indated $49^{9}$ cy fouth tatituide, and $69^{\circ}$ it $37^{\prime}$ eaft lonititerdes sind Hes above fiveleagues fouth-caft


At four leagues diftance, they perceived a mointutubill lilice axitigat slodif iwhich was named Micurdicautpbell pia low pointy beyond which wollidd wasatol woil feen; bore fouth-eaft at at obut itwenty iniles diffancos awe were then two lenguis from shores: The land is doive and levet The mithattains end iabout fige lengues from the How poilty lectring a drocut extent lof ilow land,
 motutains feem to be eoonpofed of inaked sacks, whofoiffinunits iwere covecied with fnow and tothiing but ferility was to beifecmin the villies. yidite: noonlwe pdrceived lowt land, opening off theilow pointijut mentionods in the edirection of fauth-fouthioaftia It proved toi banthe eafiern exticmity of thiss lands and wim nemed Gape Bigbjed The fhore forms one great bay from

# A Voyage: wh Ph Pajffe Ociath. 

Cape Digby wo Howe's Poreland is which paot duces a vaf quatrity lof.fenw wadedg of that fout which Mr Banks diatinguilies byithe name nof fiveris giganteusit Though the ftem of this wheed is not much thicker than a man's thumb, fome of it grows to the amazing length of faxty ifachoms. 1.We obferved a frall bending in the coan; aboat one o'clock; on the notth . Gide of Cape Digby, for which we fteered intendingtohischor, which, finding impoffibley ine fatetchod forward, to make what farther obforvations we could that night: TThercoaft, frominaper Digit by, trends inearly fouttundoftiby foukhitbsarlorio point, to which Captain Caok, bin bomolitiof her Majefty, gave the manter of Point IChart
 2Six leagues from Cape Digby, inthe lireotion of fouth-low hi-weft $\frac{3}{4}$ weft is 2 pretty High prote jecting points whick was called Princoof WalentPoteland y and fix leagues loeyond thaty in the

 mof foutherly point af the wholecoalt owhich he diftinguifhed by the mame of Cape Georgos in honorr of his Majeftyod as fresit angintriciot 6 Between point Charlotte and the Prince of Wales's Fowelandy we difcovered a deep inlet, which wap called Royal Soundey and, advarcing' to the fouthy we fa m another inlet into the Roje al Sound find one fouthweft fide of the Pringe of Wates's Foreland:s On the fouth-weft fide of the Royal Sound, all the land to Cape George, H 2


## IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)


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Mr Anderfon, faygoon, of, the Redotitot. ompoyed himeff in examining thecouthy wh employed himfor ingefaininipg the corfhry du.
 remarks on the inhabitants zo d hir 14. and his account af the natur hic adation Hot and he acp
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 dered almort impaftable by brakes of fern, thíubs. Ec. The foil on the flat land, and pa the lowe part of the hille, is, fandy of confits of a rellowz ith sayth and in fomenarts of a reddifle flay hat father tip he hillp it is of a grey tough: con whitis spuptrystapon the whole bear inc nymons of beng very dryand he hen apperwic to he great No mineret bodifs nor fone of Solken - $\mathbf{I}_{2}$ any

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 P-3






Hinonis a variet of fim we caught fonne latge ray, humb, leather jackets, brean, pats, flout ders, guritards ahd etephattring befides apott
 and When partates or the nitutetuh of d buta


* : other fidt fith; and upon the beach fe found


## A. Hopen 4 the Resing Qmer:

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 and a large blach ant whoteb hit inflids igityemp
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 trivance in their method of qutting theirs args and bodies in lines of diferent dinegtionsifite Ca above the turface of, the frin to their ference for curi prefentso theirggeneral inatede fipn, tand, want of curiofity drare 3 Erix refinekablennd sentified up acyteners of undertinatis ing Their complection is z dull hach mint they fometimas heighten be mutt ing theirbodiesp as we foppofed fropt theiflezing a manos behind an auy clean fubfoncet Theirghit is perfectly wooltr and is clotted with greafeand red oohre, like ohat of the Hottenthts, stheir nofes:are broad and full, and the tower pant of the face projeftsconfiderably. Thetr eyesarat of a moderate qizes and though they are nof If ry quick or piercing, they give the cgmitter nancea frank, chearf 4 , and pleafing caft. Their teethy are not wery whife, norivell fet ipnd their mouths are to o wide, they weat theif, beatys long anit elgted with paint. The Rece yonn the whale well proppotioned, thoughtheir bit ly is ingher protyberath Their fakpunte att tude is to ftand with one fide fonwpyduntionf

## 50

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 thlea the thore in the hay niwe obferved fome
 bark jobnthere fegmed to havedecon onty tem. porary, and they had converted many of their largeft trees into more comfortable and, cimmo-, dious habitations. The trankgiof thefe's vere. hollowed out, to the height pffititor feviduifet, by means of fire. That theys fometimessdarill
 middle made of clay, round which fouryor five. perfons might fit. Thefe places of theltese are rendered durablegy by their leaving paedide/of the tree found, fot that $\mathrm{it}_{1}$ Gontitues gropring with great luxuriance.

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At theighabitants of New- Holland feem all to haye fryung from one, comionon fource) there is nothipg, wery pegiliar int theng, fonthey greaty refemble the favages of the iffandsiof Tanma and, Mamisolary There is ezen domer rectanafor fuyppong that they may originaly yhavericone from the fame place with all the nationewnicthe Pacific Qrean: for of aboukten fiondowhich

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## 52 


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 as CaptaincCooks wat well known to all of them; and ationter mainin in particular among the prefent groupg had diecepfeteated diy him wifh dif fing guithed kibdheff duyingla formern nogagen Thisman, hoomevery scduld iflot byiany imeans be prevailed



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## 54

## A Floyage to the Pacifir Ocian.

## Enchnewa: BiBefider fing, we hadrothier zeffefter

 anmmine fumdameov Scirvy-grefs, celanyinid pototle foups were boiled every day with the Whet and penfe s and wo had fpruce beer for oint drink I Such a kegimen foon removed all Chde of the feury ifrom onr peoples if any them had contracted it. But indeed, on out attival herès we ligel oply tive anvalidg in both n We were occafionally vifited by ather natives befiden thofe who lived clofe to ung Theiniarticlee ofitraffic were fithic curiofities iand womens the two fire of which werefpeedily difpofed of,
 andtotesin had conceised/ a difikerto them. Ceptan Cook ebletivee upon thia aecifion, that he connitad at a comerion with women, be caufe he could not prevent it; but that he never enoburged it, hecrufe be dreaded its confegurencen بnimpont cour pecafipngt vifitows wan a chicf Fallof Kohopmo tho handed the pporty that cut oficaptain Fuencaux th propléy-ditemas far from phe belovid by his countrymens fome of whom entimpertuned Captain Cook to hill him, at the fame time exprefing their difapprobation of him in the fevereft ferms. A fuiking proof of the divifions that prevall among there people
 lage by tum folicited our Commodore to de-


Captain Cook, on the sth, wention a been to fearch for grafs, and vifited the hippah, of fartified village, at the fouthweft poink of the
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illand of Motuara. He obferved no inhabitants at this village, though there were evident marks of its having been lately occupied, the houfes and palifades being in a ftate of cod repair: Not the fmallef veftige remained englifh garden-feeds which had been planted whis hippah in 1773, during Captain Cook's fecond voyage. They had probably been all rooted out to make room for buildings; for, at the other gardens then planted, we found radifies, onions; leeks, cabbages, purflain, potatoes, E\%c. Tho the natives of 1 ew-Zealand ore fond of thelaftmentioned root, they had not planted a fingla one, much leff any of the other articles wel introduced among them.

Early in the morning of the 16th, the tains Cook and Clerke, and feveral of the offcers and failors,' accompanied by Omai and two New-Zealanders, fet out, in five boats, to colleet fridder for the cattle. Having proceeded about three leagues up the Sound, they land ed on the eaft dide, where they cut a fufficient quantity of grafs to load the two laynches. On their return down the Sound, they patd a vifit to Grafs Cove, the place where Captain Fure neaux's people had been maffacred. They here met with Captain Cook's old friend Pedro, who is mentioned by him in the hiftory of his fecond voyage. He, and another New-Zealanderf, received them on the beach, armed with the Ypear and patoo, though not without manifeft figasof fear. Their apprehenfions, however, were quickly diffipated by a few prefents, which brought

## 56 is ryoue wo that Poife Ocan.

was difeharged, the nitives rufted firiouty orpon our people, and being fuperior in number,Changod thom all. Pedre and his companionsalforpointed out the very fpot where thie fracasbappened, and the place where the boot layg inwhich o bhel farvant of Captenia Jumeimus had black grve him oviolent Wow with e Aick. This countrymen hearing his eries at foove dif tapoc, imagined the mas lalled, and inmediately anticked our people, who, befone shey could ponct the biont, or propare themfalver ugint

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Towards the eveningi fro wincesiathe twiod weorring to the eartuyluroughtimanfar gastherpA On 1 Tuedday whe tichas PPedto tondstis whole family





 NrVoL. I.
which,

## A Vegage to the Pacife Ocom.

which, both our thipe Atruck their yards and tof-mafts. Thefe tempefts are frequent here; and the nearer the fhore, the more fenfible ane their eficefts.

On Priday the 2 Ift, a tribe or family of about thithty perfons came from the upper part of the Sound to vifit us. Their chief was named Tomatongeauooranuc : he was about the age of for-ty-five, and hacha frank, cheerful countenance; and, indeed, the reft of his tribe were, upon the whole, the handfomeft of all the New:Zealanders that Captain Cook had ever feen. By this time upwards of two-thirds of the natives of Queen Charlotte's Sound had fétrled near us, numbers of whom daily reforted to the fhips, and our encampment on fhore; but the latter was moft frequented, during the time when our people there were making feal blubber; for the favages were fo fond of train' oil, that they relined the very dregs of the calks, and fimmings of the kettle; and confidered the pure ftinking oil as a moft delightful feaft.

When we had procured a competent fupply of hay, wood, and water, we ftruck our tents, and the next morning, which was the 24 th, weighed out of the Cove. But the wind not being fo fair as we could have wifhed, we were obliged to caft anchor again near the INe of Mo-- tuara: While we were getting under fail, Tomatongeauooranuc, Matahouah, and many others of the natives, came to take leave of us. Thefetwo chiefs having requefted Captain Cook to prefent them with fome hogs and goats, he
gave to Tomatongeauooyanuc. two pige a boar and a fows and to Matahouah two goath, a male and female, after they had promifed not to defroy them. As for the animals, which Captain Furneaux had left here, Captain Cook was now told, that they were all deads but be was aftervards informed, by the two New-Zealand youths who rent away with us, that Tiratou,a popular chicf, had in his poffeffion many cocks and hens, befides a fow.

Before we had been long at anchor near Mothara, feveral canoes, filled with patives, came towards us, and we carried on a brif trade with them for the curiofities of this place In one of thefe canoes was Kahoosa, whom Omai inmediatels pointed out to Captain Cock, and folicited him to thoot that chief: he alfo threatened to be himfelf his ezecutioner, if he fhould ever prefume to pay us another vifit. Thefe menaces of Omai had fo little influence upon Kahoora, that he returned to us the next morning, companied with his whole family Omai, het ving obtained Captain Cook's permiffion to aft him to come on board, introduced him into the cabin, faying, 'There is Kahoorz; difpatch him.' But, fearing perhaps that he fhould be called upon to put his former threats in execution, he infantly retired. He foon, however, retufned; and perceiving that the chief was unhurt, he earneftly remonftrated to Captain Cook on the fubject, faying, that if a man killed another in England, he was hanged for it; but that Kahoora hadd killed ten, and therefore juftly de-

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\mathbf{K}_{2} \quad \text { ferved }
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## 6 ò

 $A$ Voyage to the Pacific Ocean.ferved death. Thefe arguments, however plaufible, had no weight with our Commodore, who defired Onai to alk the New-Zealand chief; why he had deftroyed Captain Furneaux's people? Kahoora, confounded at this queftion, hung down his head, folded his arms, and feemed in expectation of immediate death : but, as foon as he was affured of fafety, he became chearful. He appeared, howvever, unwilling to anfwer the queftion which had been put to him, till after repeated promifes that no violence fhould be ofered to him. He then ventured to inform tus, thit one of the natives having brought a ftozehatchet for the purpofe of traffic, the perfon to whom it was offered took it, and refufed either to return it, or give any thing in exchange; upon which the owner of it feized fome bread by way of an equivalent; and this gave rife to the quarrel that enfued. He alfo mentioned, that he himfelf, during the difturbance, had a narrow efcape, for a mufquet was levelled at him, which he found means to avoid by fikulking behind the boat; and another man, who happened to ftand clofs to him, was fhot dead: upon which Kahoora attacked Mr Rowe, the officer who commanded the party, who defended himielf with his hanger, with which he gave the chief a wound in the arm, till he was overpawered by fupcriority of numbers. Mr Burney, whom Captain Furneaux difpatched next day with an armed party in fearch of his people who were mifing, had, upon difcovering the melancholy proofs of this cataftrophe, fired fe-
ver: the rid fupp upos fon whic

M pect on 1 and 1 ftifie and $n$ this, often dore. made not hi fcapin him : quefti entert: in the defired and fat withou tain Co with th for he declara been a nue in reafon
veral vollies among the natives who were ftill on the foot, and were probably partaking of the horrid banquet of human flefh. It was reafonable to fuppofe that this firing was not ineffectual ; but upon enquiry it appeared, that not a fingle perfon had been killed, or even hurt; by the fhot which MriBurney's people had difcharged.

Moft of the natives we had met with, expected that Captain Cook wrould take vengeance on Kahoora for his concern in the maflacre; and many of them not only wifhed it; but tefified their furprize at the Captain's forbearance and moderation. As the chief mutt have known this, it was a matter of aftonifhment that he fo often put himfelf in the power of our Commodore. His two laft vifits, in particular, were made under fuch circumftances, that he could not have flattered himfelf with a profpect of e fcaping, had the Captain been inclined to detain him : and yet, when his firft fears, on being queftioned, had fubfided, fo far was he from entertaining uneafy fenfations, that, on feeing in the cabin a portrait of a New-Zealander, he defired that his own likenefs might be taken, and fat till Mr Webber had finifhed his portrait, without the fmalleft token of impatience. Captain Cook admired his cournge, and was pleafed with the confidence which he repofed in him; for he placed his whole fafety in the uniform declarations of the Captain, that he had always been a friend to the natives, and would continue in the fame fentiments till they gave him reafon to behave otherwife: that he fiould $K_{3}$ think
thin' no more of their barbarous treatment of our countrymen, as that tranfaction had happened long ago; but that, if they fhould ever venture to make a fecond attempt of that kind, ther might reft affured of meeting with an adequate punifhment.

Before our arrival in New-Zealand, Omai had expreffed a defire of taking one of the natives with him to his own country. He foon had an opportunity of gratifying his inclination, for a youth named Taweiharooa, the only fon of a deceafed chief, offered to accompany him, and took up his refidence on board. Captain Cook caufed, it to be made known to him and all his friends; that if the youth departed with us, he would never return. This declaration, however, had no effect. The day before we quitted the Cove, Tiratoutou, his mother, came to receive her laft prefent from Omai; and the fame evening the and her fon parted, with all the marks of the tendereft affection. But the faid the would weep no more, and faithfully kept her word; for the next morning, when the returned to take her laft farewel of Taweiharooa the was quite cheerful all the time fhe remained on board, and departed with great unconcern. A boy of about ten years of age accompanied Taweiharooa as a fervant; his name was Kokoa. He was prefented to Captain Cook by his own father, who parted with him with fuch indifference, as to ftrip him, and leave him entirely naked. The Captain having in vain endeavoured to convince thefe people of the great imptobar

## $A$ Vojage to the Pacific Octan.

ment of ad hapuld ever jat kind, $h$ an ad-

Omai had e natives on had an ion, for a fon of a him, and tain Cook and all his rith us, he ion, howewe quitted came to red the fame with all the But the faid hfully kept then the reloweiharooa he remained unconcern. ccompanied was Kokoa. by his own ach indiffer-entirelynaendeavoured eat inprob ba: bility
bility of thefe youths ever, returning home, at length confented to their going.

The inhabitants of New-Zealand feem to live under continual apprehenfions of being défroyed by each other; moft of their tribes having, as they think, fuftained injuries from fome other tribe, which they are ever eager to revenge : and it is not improbable; that the defire of a good meal is frequently a great incitement. They generally fteal upon the adverfe party in the night, and if they chance to find them unguarded, which is feldom the cafe, they kill every one without diftinction, without fparing even the women and çildren : when théy háve completed the inhuman maffacre, they either gorge themfelves on the fpot, or carry off as many dead bodies as they can; and feaft on them at home, with the moft horrid acts of brutality. If they are difcovered before they have time to execute their fanguinary purpofe, they ufually fteal off again, and fometimes they are purfued and attacked by the adverfe party, in their turn. They never give quarter, or take prifoners, fo that the vanquifhed muft truft to flight alone for fafety: From this ftate of perpetual hoftility, and this deftructive mode of carrying it on, a New-Zealander, derives fuch habitual vigilance and circumfpection, that he is fcarce ever off his guard : and, indeed, thefe people have the moft powerful motives to be vigilant, as the prefervation of both foul and body depends on it : for it is a part of their creed, that thic foul of the man whofe flefh is devoured by his enemies,
. $\quad \Delta$ Vayage to the Pacific Ocean-
is condemned to an inceffant fire; while the foul of him whofe body has been refcued from thofe that llew him, as well as the fouls of thofe who die a natural death, afcend to the manfions of the gods. Captain Cook having aiked them, whether they eat the fleih of fuch friends as had loft their lives in war, but whofe bodies had been prevented from falling into the enemy's hands, they anfwered in the negative, and expreffed their abhorrence of the idea.

Their ordinary method of difpofing of their dead is to commit their bodies to the earth; but when they have more of their flain enemies than they can conveniently eat, they throw them into the fea. There are no morais, or other places of public worfhip among them; but they have priefts, who pray to the gods for the fuccefs of their temporal affairs. The principles of their religion, of which we know but little, are ftrongly inftilled into them from their infancy. We obferved a remarkable inftance of this in a youth, who abftained from eating during the greateft part of the day, merely on account of his hair being cut, though every method was practifed that could induce him to change his refolution. He faid that the eatoon, or deity, would kill him if he eat any thing on that day. 'Towards the evening, however, his religious fcruples gave way to the importunate cravings of appetite, and he eat, though faringly.

Notwithftanding the divided fate in which thefe people live, travelling frangers, whofe defigns are honourable, are well received and entertained;

## $A$ Vorge to the Pacyfe Oieam

ile the d from of thofe nanfions od them, iends as dies had enemy's and ex-
of their arth; but i enemies ey throw rais, or $0-$ hem ; but ods for the The princiknow but from their ple inftance from eating merely on ough every uce him to the eatoon, ay thing on ever, his rertunate crah fparingly. te in which gers, whole eceived and entertained ;
entertained; but it is expected that they vill remain no longer than their bufinefs requires. It is thus that a trade for green tale, which they call poenammoo, is carried on. They informed us, that none of this fone is to be found, except at a place which bears its name, near the head. of Queen Charlotte's Sound. We were told many fabulous and improbable fories concern: ing this ftone, one of which is, that it is originalIy a fifh, which they frike with a git in the water, and having tied a rope to it, drag it to the fhore, to which they faften it, and it aftert wards hardens into a ftone. As it is fiffied out of a large lake, it is probable that it may be brought from the mountains, and depofited it the water, by means of the torrents. This lide is called by the inhabitarts Tavie Poenammon, ot the water of greeni talc.

The New-Zealanders have adopted polygamy among them; and it is common for ore mant to have two or three wives. The women are ripe fote marriage at an early age; and thofewho are unmarried, find difficulty in procuring fabfiftence.

Thefe people feem perfeetly contented with the fmall degree of knowledge they poffefs, for they make no attempts to improve it. They are not remarkably curious, nor do new objeets frike them with much furprife, for they fearce fix their attention for a moment. Omai, indeed being a great favourite with them, would fometimes attract a circle about him; but they hiftened to his fpeeches with very little eagernefs. On our enquiring of Taweiharooa, how many fhips,
fhips, refemblingours, had everarrived in Queen Charlotte's Sound, or in its neighbourhood, he gave us an account of one entirely unknown to us. This veffel, he faid, had put into a harbour on the north-weft coaft of Teerawitte, a few years before Captain Cook arrived in the Sound in the Endeavour. He further informed us, that the Captain of her, during his continuance here, had cohabited with a female of the country, who had born him a fon that was ftill living, He alfo mentioned, that this fhip firft introduced the venereal difeafe among the natives of N - w-Zealand. This dreadful diforder is now but too common anong them; The only method they put in practice as a remedy; is to give the patient the ufe of a kind of hot bath, produced by the fteam of certain green plants placed over hot ftones.
Taweiharooa's intelligence induced us to believe, that a fhip had realiy been at Teerawitte previous to Captain Cook's arrival in the Endeavour, as it correfponded with what the Captain had formerly heard, for, towards the latter end of 1774, foine of the natives informed him of a fhip's having put into a port on the coaft of Teerawitte.
We had another piece of information from Taweiharooa, importing that there are here fnakes and lizards of an enormous fize. The latter were defcribed by him as being eight sel long, and equal to a man's body in circumterence. He faid that they burrow in the ground; that they fometimes feize and devour men, and are
kille hole ref wha
very on a T vatio 6' fo Th count Oapta mark curate altoge $A b c$ uncom from tances fea in behind ufually more c throug fea.

The fhore, dy fon is laved horizon The ind fembles in thick

## A Voyage to the Pacific Ocean.

Queen od, he lown to harbour a few e Sound med us, tinuance he counas ftill liip firft inhe natives ler is now only meis to give sath, proints placed.
lus to be-
Teerawitte a the Enthe Capds the lat$s$ informed port on the
onfrom Tahere \{nakes The latter Ecclong, umterence: bund : that $n$, and are killed
killed by making fires at the mouths of their holes. We could not mifunderftand him with refpect te the animal; for, in order to how us what he meant, he drew, with his own hand, very good reprefentations of a lizard and frake on a piece of paper.

The longitude of Ship Cove, by lunar obfervations, is $174^{\circ} 25^{\prime} 15^{\prime \prime}$, eaft ; its latitude $41^{\circ}$ 6 ' fouth.

Though much has been faid concerning this country and its inhabitants, in the accounts of Oaptain Cook's two former voyages, yet the remarks of Mr Anderfon, being the refult of accurate obfervations, muftnot be confidered as altogether fuperfluous. They are as follow:

About Queen Charlotte's Sound, the land is uncommonly mountainous, rifing immediately from the fea into large hills. At remote diftances are vallies, tefminating each towards the fea in a fmall cove, with a pebbly or fandy beach, behind which are flat places, where the natives ufually build their huts. This fituation is the more convenient, as a brook of fine water run's through every cove, and empties itfelf into the fea.

The bafes of thefe mountains, towards the thore, are conftituted of a brittle yellowifh fan. dy ftone, which acquires a bluilh caft where it is laved by the fea. At fome places it runs in horizontal, and, at others, in oblique ftrata. The mould or foil by which it is_covered refembles marle, and is, in general, a foot or two in thicknefs.

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 hilltis whichs fruppofing cheworots torbe cleat edraway o veotldsleade it lés proplecfoy yrafur ago ihat flat landis and Infinitelyleffifo for culs tivation, which couth never bereffectolyey by
 The targe trees on the hills are ynticionty of twa foresfa One of thethy of the nach largent firs, grows nearliw after thetrich or

## $A$ Vogage to the Pacife Orians.

paluatiohs yy of stitie othe foin, d fourifiaro tofford of theif fudre the getaniondis, adulent ative tho' the wemther le fonor ulta eroopllt ine y rofpect to +rfornidsuto netuer uctetufting pof famitite dilupurged ed. Zo eovia! \% good, ritris which, how (ot hatabore podthe fitert for ederemely s sodide cleart Wfory wafturt Ofifo for culb Eted 9 Cutb by yillyse for e pracijuty opyex hevithot

This fupplied the place of fpruce in' suaking beers which weidid, with a docoction of ins leaves fempented with fugar or treacla and thif liquon was acknowledged to be little inférios to American fpruce-beer. The other fort of tree is like a maples and often grows very largo, but is fit only for fuels the wood of that, and of the preceding, being too heavy for mafts, or yards, E'G.

A greater variety of trees grow on the flats be hind the beaches : two of thefe bear a kind of plum, of the fize of prunes; the one, which is yellow, is called karraca, and the other, which is black, called maitao; but neither of them had a pleafant tafte, though caten both by our people and the natives.

On the eminences which jut out into the fea, grows a fpecie of philadelphats, and a tree bearing flowers almoft like myitle. We ufed the leaves of the philadelphus as tea, and found them an excellent fubfitute for the oriental fort.

A kind of wild celery, which grows plentifully in almoft every cove, may be rechoned - mong the plants that were ufeful to us; and zonotherthat we ufed to call feurvy-grafs, Both forts were boiled daily with wheat ground in a mill, for the people's Breakfaft, and with their peape-fid far dinner. Sometines alfo they were ufed as fid, or drefied is greenss In all which Why they are excellent 3 ind, rogether wibh the efth , rils which fle were amply fupplied, his ${ }^{2}$ hed 2 moft dénibla refeflument.

## 1

## A. Toyare to the Pacific Ocenp.

ci The known kinds of plinth to be found here
 pecdyelly fonthiton Hirgos bower vapelloes
 Geed ruhcephirughes fas athenl, AmeFichn night-liads knofgrais brambles gifBright and gound lel out the fpecies of each are diffrent from any we have in Europe.

There area great number of other plants, but ome in particular déferves to be noticed hete 2 s hotcarinents of the natives are made foon it. 2 fin frk ina is produced fromit, fuperior in appearance to thy thing we have.in this country,
 मaar the ferand onotimes contiderable way up the hits in bunches or tifts bearing yelFovif fowers po a dopg atak
is is zemarkabley that the greaset part of the meesind 1 pantsweye ofthe berry bearing kind; of wich and other feds, Mr Anderfon brought givy about hirty differen forts.

The birds of which there is a tolerable good Got ${ }^{2}$ re almolt entirely peculiar to the pace. It would ba dificult and fatiguing to fullow them, on account of the quantity of underwood, and the climbing plants; yet any per on by continuing in one place, may inoot as many in a day as yould rerye feven or eight perfons. The pripcipal kinds are large brown parrots, with gry heads. green paroquets ${ }^{\text {a large wood pi }}$ geons, and two fort of cuckoos. A - Brolp-beak, sbout the fize of athrif if fitequent a is 15 a frall green bird, whichis almót the onigni

## A Vigage ro the Paitio Ocriñ.

$3 t$
nd heye thiritis ancelloc 11
stal one to be found here, but humeloay is fo freet and hity hotest th varied, erbat any one would limgine himear furrounded by friate dred different ford of bitls, when' the litile warbler is exerting hinfelf. Trom thys circuinfance it was named the mockive-bitrot Thère are alfo thire or fout forts df fitialter birdsty atit, among the tocks ate found biact rezaple with red bill, and crefted thags, ot teitlech Ebtour. About the thore, thire ate a few entgits, fome blue herons, mild ducks, ployters his i8fite




 Trge conger-els, and whit of fute wight, caned a moge br hit native. . With thot and the we caughr atite find fhe 22 led chte-fith by the teamen, But diftithe detat is from that of the hame hime in turtbpe. We


 mackarel, and leatherfackets beftes akotfler, which is extremely farce, of the tigue of a dolphin, a black coldor, and ftrong bony jaws. Thefe, in genera, are excellent to eat; but the fmall falson, cole-fif, and mogge, are capefor to the thets. Great quantries of exceltent thurcles inhabit among the rocks; one fort of Whtch excedla a foot In tength. Many cockles are 6 und buted in the fand of the friall beachBy
$\mathrm{L}_{2}$

## 92 $A$ Voyase to the Pacijc. Occan.

 Cs; and in fome places ojfleres; which; though very Gmall' have ian execllient flavoary There ftet-fiby 'andifome" beautiful fendears, wany of which are pecouliar rod the thataces The narives
 - Thfeas herdiare mot wethy numeróos: we faw fome buttranilids wwo forts of drigon ities, fome fmall girioftrepperss' feserent forti of fiders, fome

 Hy, which ce thite only moxievit onej ite very u-
 the mulfquidevas sthe only reputiles we fan there,
 In thiponetimice tand, it it rentavkenble that There fifootur wiot eden bbs the whece of any quaidruped, "excepfatefent fatsei iand ithind of foxdog, whididis thept by ithe nativer aise domeftic



 mader? Thâs is held in thighicfimation among them; ;and they entertalin fome fuperfitious notion's about the mode of fts goneration, which we could thot comprehend they fray it is taken from a large river far to the for thaward; it is difpofed in the earth in detached pieceen like flints, and, like them, the edges are coveted with $k$ whitifh cruff.
The natives, in general are not fo well formed, efpecially about the limbs, as the Europeans,

## 

non do theyroscendithem: inn:fatarat itheair fisving fo manch on thiointhanss, and baing deprived,
 of ufing that lindidef exmerifathith wowidd wender the boily Araight mand well ipmaportionedy is probably the occafion of Alter wate ofidwe proportion. Many of phemy indeedyspe, perfatly. formedy and, fome we very lerge bopped amos staufcular \& but very fow among the omen ingoppulemt. IT Their fentures aves vamioune fome, refimbling Europerips tand ahoir ablour in of dichmenicaity from derpifa bhack toran oliven on wallowith
 southy ctheir il ipa methen fults and theifrmofer,
 acquiliseinafe was thot ta bo frop rmangt them: their cyeth, are darget a aud it their oteesthonfegigitmonly troad, whiteo and regulas xthen hair, in gemerraly is black, sfuroingen agid, ifteight ; itit is commonly cut fhort on the hinder pantsiand the nefi fied ion thatorown of the hradi Figme, indoed daquar boyn hairy and, gutherna font that
 of the goung is generally free andiqpenshbit, in many of the men, it has, a ferieus or culten caft. The men ane taiger then ther wonmen; and the latter ave nof diatinguifhed by peculiar greces, yeither of form or ifeatertes. fry it of th th
 gammentimede pf theifiligy fiax alrtadymention ed, about five feet in length; and four in breadth: This appears to be their principal manufacture, which is performed by knotting: Two corners
of this garment pars over the fhoulders, and they faften hit on the breaft with that which cos vers the body is be isigain (faftemed about the belly with a girdlelmader of mat. Sometimes they cover it wwith doghtaid or lange feathers. Mary of them wear coats over this garment, exteidding from the flaulders to the heels. The mide colmaionsotering however, is a quantity of the fedgy plantinbove-mentioned badly manufactaredy faftened a of tring and thrown over the fhoullders whemee ivifalls downion all fiete tolthe widdle of the thighst WWhen they. fat down in this hiabity othey could dardlly be diftinguiftied from larage greguftonesy ifitheir black hexds did not projeg begord thitir coverings. Ih: - Thiey adorn their haids with feachers, ticombs of hone wo wod, whit peatly fhelly and the inner llim of leates. Both men and women have their ear's fitit in which are hung beads, pieces of jafuer, or bits bf cloth Some have the fceptuan of the viofe bored in itshower part, but we never faw any ofnament wore in that part ; tho, aitwig was pdrfed through it by dine of ahem, to fliev that it wasiogeafionally ufed for that. purpofe:
Many are flained in the foree with curious figures; of a black or dark blue colour; but it is. not certain whether this is intended to be, ornamentat, or as 2 mark lof particulan diftinction: the women are marked onlylon their lips and. chins and both fexes befmear their heads and laces with a greafy reddifh paint. The woz men alfo wear necklaces of hark's teeth, of bunches
bunches of long bends; and a few of them have fmall tringular apronsuradpraed twith feathers orpieces of pearl thellajsfotened abput the wairt withia double orimelble fetroficords.
They live in the frall coves already mentioned, fametimes in finglefamiliesy and fometimes in companies of perhapsiforty or fifty +1 Their hutsy which are in generat mort miferaple lods ging places, arci builticontighousito eagh other. The beft fe faw was built in tha manner of one of our country barns, and was, abput dis fet in haight, fifeen in breadh, tand thairty three in lengthir Therinfide was fheongand regular, well faftened by meansoftrithessoforiand painted red andiblacke ratst one ond ichiad a hole ferving as adoor toingrap lout htwand, another confiderably fmaller, sfenaingly for, the purpofe of letting out the fmokerainhts, howiever, pught to beconfidered as one of their palaces, for many of their huts ane not of half the fize, and feldom are more than four feet ip height.

They have no other furniture thanigntew. fmall bags or bafkets, in which they depofit their fifhing-hooks and other trifles. They fit down in the middle round 2 fmall fire, and probably fleep in the fame fituation, without any other covering than what they have worn in the day,

Wifhing is their principal fuppart, in which they ufedifferent kinds of nets, or wooden fifhhooks pointed with bone, but made in fo extraordinary 2 manner, that it appears afonifhing how they can anfwer fuch a purpofe.

Their

## 16 













They dref's their Gifh by ndationg, or tacther













 Efient to varylulieindiler Conilidurablenumbers of theie dogs are:-alfo bred for food bute chey


 4. Thiey ar was filliny in their: feeding we in their perfons, which often emit a verg offenfive effluvia,

## A Vogage to the Pacijic Occem.

fluvia, from the quantity offgreare, abryt them, and from theic nemer wanting, theip chopthe: their heads are plentifully Rocked with mèrming, which they fometimes alatw Imarge quantitieg of fting train oil, and hluhber of fealfor they wopld eagerly devour of When an boasd the fijp they not only emptied, the fappisiputianatily friat
 the inhabitantsi ofiV Jandiemen'sahnad wowld not exen tafter our bread, thero, pepplaige ured it with the greateft eagernefs: spengwhy iwas yotten and mayldye rd mit sigfo zloibivent
 any uncivilimed podiageisunder funilatifiricume fancesi Iforyingithat the zfifance ofrmptel



 tormed in tho manien of amsadrexinnd brajule
 gouge are furnifhed from the fametrontioh though they tre fometimequelmpofed difineck
 piece, which appears upanisthegomof trithing things: the ornaments on the heade of their canoes, not ondy difplay much defign, but, execution e Their cordage for filling lines in not inferior ta that of this country, and their nets are equally geodiounA thelt, 2 bit of ling or jafper, is their fubstitute for a knife: and a fhark'e tooth fixed in the end of a piece of trood, is thoir auger They have a faw made

## 8 A Whage ito the Pacificiorean.

 mood nitedy coursed in bat thisith hifea for ho 0 . ther purporis, tham to cuir ip the bodies of thofe
 focthoughno people are inore ineady to refeit *ainjufly yet they take every opportitinity of bning infletents when they tip pretend titere is obidangeriof punifimett, whecrice le mayy be cemplided that ibeir edgerneßf to 'tefent injuries,
 gent brivergy Theygate chatidrally zinintuint-





 thaing tischy if dhery fuppope they ofin eetape doteofionghandy in finding whicy rethrivelinted to

 fionthed deom Jinghly pleafedif thic' habe bvef-
 Such condiedindeed is inot futpriwdig when it is confidereded that there efferears to beb bit fitice fubordinationg and fewyrm theny, Alaws' for the
 rity extends beyond his own fatitly, and when they joing bet anis times for mutuill déferize or fafety, thofe among them whed bife imoft encinent fort valour and prudent conduet, iare' direelots. 3.TTheir public contentions wrethnobe perpetual, for martis their principal profeffions as apperass from
fro teri pats firf har eigh a ha to b halb ing or f in ${ }^{2}$ kepi work comp their teft, th ftance fult cuttin the bo ing th pleafür dy m wh 6 muft $b$ ing: ar in 2 ma Both ${ }^{2}$ relation miferabl gathes in or pieces

## 4. Kyyage tpo tbe Pacifc. Orean.

2 piece of for no es of thof
 to refent intuthity of 1 there is It may be nt injuries, ation than finitinftinget seThips, obferving he yhould tod the laft ing ${ }^{\text {divinthin }}$ terape deinclifited to they' n ever rexáninahave bverHfuruist
Wigr when 64604 atitle Ws for the an's'autho. and when atefter or of eminert directiofs. tperpetual, 2as ${ }^{2}$ 2ppeans from
from their number of weapond, and thoir dexterity in ufing them of Their arms areif pears, patoos and halberts, and fometimes fomes; The firft are from five to thirty feet longs made of hard wood and pointed She patoo is about eighteen inches long, of an elliptical fhape, with a handle made of woods fone, \&c. and appears to be their prizcipald dependonce in battle whithe halbert is about five of if feet in length tapering at oine end with a carved heads an of roair or flat with oharp esfee, ilat the other.
 sampanied, with the moft harrid diftoritions of their tongues sper and poouthe, in orstet to deteft their menipen Tolthia fucbeeds ib circumftance that is nopt hoerid cruel, lahd difgrac:ful to buman matume niwhichel, is pand difgrace-
 the bodies pf their ancmies z iands after rôaf: ing them deypuring their fem wish poculiar pleafire and fatisfaction tegra mill poculiar It migh naturally be fuppofedy thar thofe wh feruld be capable of fuct iex cefs that thofe muft be totally, deftitute of every haman cruelty, ing is and yet they lamemt the lofs of theirffiends in a manner the molt tender and affectionate. Both mase and, women, upon the deathiof their miferable cries; at the fame time cutting large gathes in their checks and forecheads, with fhells, or pieces of fint, till the blood flows copioufly,

## 80

## $A$ Vogage to the Pacific Ocean.

and mixes with their tears. They alfo carve a recemblance of an human figare, and hang it about their necks a tyemorial thofe who were dear to them. They alfo perform the ceremony of lamenting and cutting for joy, at the

- return of a friend who has been fome time abfent.

The practices of the tathers, wlather good or bad their children are, at an early age, inftrue in; fo that youkind a child of either fex, the age of ning or, ten years, able to Imitate the frightful motions and geftures of the men. They alfo Gigg, and with fome degree of melbdy, the traditions and actions of their forefathers, with which they are immoderately, delighted, and pafs much of their timeain, there amurements accompanied fomethty wht thit of fiute.

Their language is neither harfly nós diffgree. ashe. Whatever qualities afe requifity topithate a tanguage mufical, obtain to a confiderable degree in this, if we may judge fiom thomeledy of their fongs. It is not, indeed, foreontptaten
 perfection to Kong und grad 6 impropgumen

## - ${ }^{2}$.

$$
\text { Korty igetionethtur } 4
$$

AnVExGE : time ab-

## 82

## AVagage to the Pacific Ocean.

about feyen leagues diftant, we had a fine gale, and ffeered to wards the northeaf. As foon as we had loft fight of land, ourt tro soung NewZealanders heartily repented of the adventurous fiep they had, taken. Though we endeavoured, as far as lay in our power to, footh them, they wept, both-in public and private; and gave veat to their forrows in a kind of fong, which feem ed to exprefs their praifes of their country and feap op which they were now, in all probabil a be for ever feparated. They contimued in this flateffor feveral days, till, at length, the engitation of o their minds began to fubfide, and sheir fea-fycknelfs, which had aggravated their grief, more off Their lamentations then Tecimelefs and lof's frequent ; their native counug theif windred and friends, were gradually Songotion and they appeared to be firmly at-
 gomithe pith af agqna being in the lhityde of an h1 $17^{\prime}$ fouth, and in the longitude of 17,70 1.7 tuaty se tagkodspout and food to the fouthtafth the gentle breeze at eaff-mortheent, Whitbafterwards reered to north-eals in wich point she wind reinained two days fometiones Dowing a frefh gin with fqualis ind raine. On the ad of March thifted to north-wef, and aftertards to fouth weft, between which point and thenomt it continyed to blow, fometimes Iver moderately and $\frac{2}{} t$ other times ffrong gale With this wind we ftecred nothedet by cait and eaf, with all the fail we could carry, till Tueflay the 1ith, when it veered to north-

## 4 Vagage to the Pacifc Ocean.

eaft and fouth-eaft; we then food to the north and the foutiseaf, astte wiod would permit, till the ioth, whed hating a gale from the north, we food to the eaft. Me néxt day we proceed ed to the northeaftrotit, the the wind frequenty veefed to cant and eaftondrth-eaf, we often made fo better thah a fottherly courfe. The hopes, fowever, of the witd coming more foutherly, or from che teftward, a little without the rropic of Captiddrys encounared the Commodore to kee this'tourfe It indeed
 proceeding to the north thls fumither, in profecution of the princtigur bobect of the expleditiont, chifry y epended $6 \mathrm{~m}^{\prime \prime}$ par thaving a quick pafo. The to othette bethe Sdrety Iacaing It Whecrofted the TPopicion the $2 \%$ th, the wind,
 timbot Invatiably fixed \&t'eallulbutheeation In nill this run we obferved nothing that eould induce us to flapott wellad falled near hay land, exceptioccarompury tropic bind. In the jatitule of $34^{\circ} 25^{\circ}$ lo hitude't9 $9^{\circ}$, tre pafied the trunk of atrey Whicf appech much weather-bert. Tett anid was dayered With barnactes. 'On the " 20 the as we were flanding to the north-eaft, the Difeovery mided the fignal of feeing lanid. We foon tourd ict be a friall illand, and food For it till the avening f when it was at the diftance of two or tiree leagues. The nextmorneing th dap \$read, we bore up for the weft fide Vof the inath, and faw feveral people wadingto "Hereet, whete, is they obferved the Chip lear

## 84

 A Vorage to the Paigic Ocran. ing them quickly they temained. But others, who foon appeared, followed her courfe and forne of them affombled ita fmall bodies, making great \$houts.Upon our hearer approach to the fhore, we Jaw many of the natives running along the beach, zat, by the affiftance of our glaftes, could perctive that they were arined with long fpears and clubs, which they brapdimed in the air whith figne' of threatening or, as fome of us luppoAd . invitations to land. Mof of them Wete hed, except haying a kind of sirdle, Which was brought up between their thighs; tat lome of them wore obout their, fhoulders Jitece of clow of various colours, , Whith, Asip et, os, cingquerad o and almof hal of them had about thoi heads a white wrapper, in fome degree refembling a turban. Thes werco of a tawny completion, rebuft, and about, the middle fize. A At the fame time a fonall canoe was launched from the farther end of the beach ; and, a man getinig into tho pet off as with a view to reach the rhip : Onf this, the Captaip hroteght to, that thetright recelye the vifit sbut the man's refolution tailing, he foon returned towards, the beach, where, aften forme time, amother man joined him th the canoe; and then they both paddled towards, the fhip. They Gopt fhort, however, as afrait to mpproach, until Omai, wh addeeffed the in the Otaheite language, in fome ineafure quieted theiri appreherifork. They then came niga enough to take fome tends and tails, which were ticd to a plece of woud,

## 4. Vepage wo the Pacijpe Ocam.

tothers, fer and mating
ores we se beach, rild per. sears and ar with is fuppo of then f pirdle, thighs; houlders 3 or $\ln ^{2}+$ hem Kad fome defatawny tale fuze. launched i, $\quad$ man to reach teght to, io man's rards the het man iex both it hort, i. $\mathrm{Bm}_{\mathrm{mai}}$ anguage, hentrons. ce plece of woud,

- wood, kind thrown into the canoed They feemed affaid to touch thefe things, and put the piece of wood afide, without untying them. This however might arife from fuperftition; for Omai faid, that when they faw us offering them prefents, they afted fomething for their Eatooa, or god. He alfo, porhaps iniproperly, put the queftion to thein, whether they ever catiany human feff? which they tiftered in the negative, with a mixture of indignation and abhorrence. One of them whofe naine ir Monforchead, anfwered; that it was in confequence ple of an inlindy which lies towards the northcaft, whio fometines carne to invade them. They afterwards toole he'd ef a roper Still, however, they swould not venture oni board, but told Omaig that their countrymen wad given them this cautions; at the fame time directhe náme of the Captain. Theif chief, theyifaid, was called Ordoaeelka. Upen our onquiring the name of the ifland, they told us it was infameya, or Afargeea; to which they fometimes edded, nood, naij nalwa. it it tad ometimes added Manraoa whs lufty btit not very tally his featurts were agrecabte, and disisdifpofition feemingIy nof leff foy for tie made feverial droll gefticulations the hich indicated both good nature, and a Pare of humour. He alo made others, whith feemed of a ferious kind, and repeated fome words $x$ th a devout air, before he ventured to $\mathrm{M}_{3}$


## 86 

 lay holder of therropery whilch waer probabiy tor rocommend himafif toy the proteation of fome? divitity. Hfis colour was nieailys of the fame: caf with that compinon to the more foutharn. Europtans!. The other man wasmotifo handa) foime. vo Dothiof them thad ftrongy fteair hairs! of a jet colour, tied together on the crown of, thetiend witherbit of clothe They wore giridies, whileth wore a fubftahceunade from the morrus ippen pytyepad in the fame mannetcas atthe ocher iflavids insikion opandsil It was ghazed litico the fortufed: by the ridetestat the Friendyy Ifandspobut the cioth onithditif Aexded wad whites clike that which

 gainithed tough corilvrochoust Their beards were
 fiothldeta torthe siopew fand foomid otherpparty


 or sumber ality anditadfuch wijen thy that one of thein fetcherthere a troffenadiforne bexdey which
 had two polifhed pearl Thells; mand a banchuof hentan have loofely wowiffed heingingr abpot/his neckeopThescanceytheyitame ine wids not above:

 fafthed ther aty yand projocting outh to pretitat the feageting in or plunging Theitowet jart was of white woods bit the upper part was
blac
the and
anv nate
dled.
ward
$A$
Capta to fin of th purt of canoe uerb: $\mathrm{tacion}_{3}$ the $\mathrm{Ca}_{2}$ erwhe ted us with imprad theinif? werem are, 20 cable's 1 vitherepo
fhasper Whil Mangree metyryinh iacthe bo hapugex froin tam hapay of black,

## An Iopagn the Pacifyenomun

blackijuadd theirupaldlow were made af wood of the far's coloiting a thefefs vere broad an ompinend and filunted, anduabout three feet long. It had. an uprigh ferm, fire feet high, whieh termip nated ate the top in a kind of fork. Theyr padr died indifferently ffeithor end of ahe capoe for-
 - As foon az the Thips iwetrelin: a proper ftotions, Captain Cook fent outstivo thonesite endeay ant to find a cobpenient places for Janding in in ope. of them ihe wreat ilimenfer and I had noc foopier putic off from the thipyraban the two mant in the canoexpaddied tionmerder hispbonat siand tham they
 tacionywftept imeofheni viDopais twhes mas mith the Captring whe defircel to staquire pfrdheiffande erwhetenwo condel land s i upon which headinacted us toatrworplaceens Butivar fopm abferyod, with eegnety thati tho atternety sither pliesesns impranticabled onitccouint of the; futsinnplefait
 where we more focecoffut in ounferrch fomaphiorage, 20 velcould fintid ur bottbm fill widhin-a cable's lehgte of the ibreithets, swhetracimen imat

 InWhile Enta thua rocgnnoitwedi thes fhose of Margecag the natioxes; thro gedid dow upop the
 ie the bolit vitht Maptain Cobl vitthintipigonper-
 from tindinge commanded, them ta iretiree As hanyy of thom, oomplieds te imaginedy that he

## 68 4 Voyage wo the Pacije Ocedot

 We ditinot miforiderftend himit the wis brother to the king of the ifland Beteral of them, int ftigated by curiofity' fiwam ffom the ©hore to the boatsy and camie/ on bobard them without referve.
 out, and could fcarce prevent their piffering whitevan they coild tay their hindst uponif At lenyth, when they oobiferved tas' rectursing to thie Thiph they allinefo ives exceept Mourooa, who, though not without mamitef ind icications of fear, actompanied the Comimbidete on board the Reyolitition u, The centie ind other niew objects that
 farprifey hil mind, perrhaps, being too müch becipipied about his own fafety, to allow him to areind to aiher hings: : He feemed very uneafy, and gave wo but little new intelligence; and therefforef sifter the had continutd a fhort time on bourd, Oaptain Cook ordered a boat to' carry hin towards the land ir In this way ot of the cabing happensing tio ftamble over one of the goith hd fopppedy llooked at the 'animal, and afted Domsi what bird ic was ! bot not teceiving an immedfate anfwor fow him, he put the fame queftion to fome of the peefple who were upon
 Sitrg helowped iatg the wazery and fwath thore.

 frad liaded, ; in which fatiation they remaind when we lof fight of them. Wo hoifted in the boat as foon as She returned, arid mande fail
to $t$ Leav pabl tuate the 1 'TI fall $\mathbf{u}$ of Col tinual lèagus derpte clear In the whenc wry not ve by the fandy of here ab feem to Thore, cies of land. minates land is broad b lows. were of fonie of with coc trees of, the hills covered
deed, brothet iem, int reto the referve. ing them pilfering on At ng to thie oa, who, ns of feár, the Rebjects that ith much too mituch ow him to ery uneafy, nee ; and fhort time bat to carry ort of the one of the himal, and ot receiving ut the fame tiere apon imntar the van ithore. His what Pountas he y rampind hoited in id tonde fail
to the northward. Thus vere we obliged to Leave this fine ifland tunnifted, which feerifed teat pable of fupplying all oun neoertiers:ctis is nh tuate in the longitude of $201^{\circ} 53^{\text {h }}$ eaft, antrin-


Thofe parks of Ahe coaft of Mangefar cavisteth fall under oyr obforstaionilare guaxdeab byed re't of coral rock, againft whiche heatry funf if eotic. tinually breaking it The thdid lox wovit ffict
 derpte and pretty equal height, imay te feer th
 In the interior proth il wiforline finatlcions, whence there is an eafy idefent so fire tiores

 by the dafhing of the wavew gaitinyertownin. fandy fone, of whidete confified inthe dtilethe. here abounds with troes of aldelepigreen, whilen feem to be all of onpe forts cescepo incaitent tite Thore, where ave obretued nuinborstof thitupe cies of dracema found in the voods of adavertexc laid. The fhore on the chouth weftrparts tev minates in a fandy theach beybod which the land is braken into, finall thafins, vanet hats $\alpha$ broad border of trees which refemble tall will lows. Farther up, on the afcent, the trees were of the deep green above-mentioned, which fome of us imagined to be the rima, internited with cocoa palms, and a few ouher fortsir Some trees of a higher fort were thinly factered on the hills, the ather parts of which were eithet covered with fomething like fern, or were bare, and
ard of fareddih colanpo The ifland nupan the Wholes fhas $\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{p}}$ pleafing appgata木see And mights bx proper cyltivations beqmade puery beautifal
 The natices appeasing to be boith numerous. ant, well, fed, it is, highly prabables thar fuch pricice of provifion an thes ifland produces are found, in igreat ahumdnencen nil Pur friend Mop-
 dogs fhough they had, beanid of boshart ede, gni-









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 fer to tupporfen that they haxe Gipuilar methods of iving ifore though we, had noptipm;pppartunity of feeing many, pf theirdahitztions, we obferved onf houfe naar the, heachaw wich, in its mode of caphtrugiog differed ligete from thofe of Otapeite. It appeaniof to hariferen ore eight feet high and about thitst in lengithowith an open end, which xeprefented, an ellipfe, on oyph, tranfrerfily, divided. It was. pleafanty ituated in
in joflidit forlat fome wort? laos, thivis Maut fow 30 h: cotirle atithe internis thin fo
 fige w mitich Tridto Hfefte preter furfili rair to unfodr to feew ing. thifee Gofes ing we plied burt noes co to the 1 No YÓn ducted:

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m a youvatithere people caldee trangers bs
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 thin four: gles of it. It now appraxed to us totueta. At itherty of the gane exfent trith
 mideh कुither, whthato defried righta-head.
 freftredothe laigerone, as beifg moft thely to furnilidood for the cattle eorvethertfort made sarto vap dat there weing littéford, aht yhat

 ing Trie doffnodore, fobit afte, Hiffactid thite drmed bodys thuter the comingad of Wir Gofes histirft becterant in learch of a land ingolace and anchbing tyroand. Mean-while we plidede under the syand triththe Thips. As Duf boats were patting off, we faw feteral canoes coming from the Horge fintich repaired firt to the Bifcovery, as that thif was the nearef. Not long sfter, three of thete canoes each conducted by dine ran, came along-fide of the Re-
folution,

## 92 $A$ Voyage to the Racific OceaM.

folution. Theylure long and natrow, and dre Gupported by oungigers o the head is fat alope, but prome likebelows and the flern is nbouts Squer fees high. We beftowed on our cicifitores fanna Enives beads, and other trifles y and they gave us fome cocoawnuts in confequerice of our hainguaked forithem; but they did noe part with them by wayiof exchange, as they fectined to ligye na iden of bayter or trafficut Oner of them, after 2 little perfiafione came on botwo ing the otheritwo foon fotlowvedhise example. PYtey appeared to be perfedtly og gafoy ond free ofyom 31 apprehenfionn a Aftentheir departtrey Baginn grrived in, another capoe, bripging ax bindek of plantains as a prefent to Captain Coutes whogedve him, in return, a piece of ped cloth andinguate.
 this prefent hadiscem fendfrotarithe hing of dite inlung soon aftery a double canoeyproptotition trelve of, the iflanders, cape fo wardotanis On appraaching the fhip, xher reciked orme womds in capcert, by way of chorug spe of then firft giving the vord beforexerchreporitionys $x$ itwitg GiniPhed this folemn apant, chef (cameatolngifide and afted for che:chiof yingotogn adOaptsin Oook had made hisiappearance, a pig and some cocoanuts, were conveyed into the ghipy modthe Captsin was alfo prefented withn piece of matting, by the principal perfonin the cappe, when he and his companions had gotson board: Thele new vifitors were introduced into the cabin ind conducted to cther partsef dieinhip: Inpugh Comenobjects feemed to fupprife them, nothing
not afir Wh As derf is a ranc as th anyit there ifenc hoge 9ung twe-f muf knewnil the C蚴號 prefens The C eagenty: of anim? $^{2}$ natives of the cqived uty frem, $x^{n}$ ed in $h^{i}$ Theo
nges we not unii flowed, 1 on the er itheas, f
Wiont

## AVoyage Xa the Pacific Occan.

nothing could fix their attentions They ywere afuid tat venture acarethogonue and borfeg of Whip Ge thture ther ccould forme inolicomocption. As for that thee andigoats they gave ur puindeffands that they knem themito be birdevilt is a matter of gofonifhmenty that hamam ignorance squld ever minko fo ridicalous a niffate, as thers is not the f mallert refamblance betwoen.
 there, proule feepmed upacquainted with thejor-

 onangoptapidifiseposters rery different fropithe.
 muf kolougoto tha dattery clingugi which they knewn thitene whis greet variety of fpecies. Tho?

 prefencin yet ha (se medifomowhatidif ppointed. The Coptaine ner afterwenderin iormedithat he eagenly win ed, so procure adog of a hioh kind of animpls this ifland wis defitute, though the nativestenew that the emee exiftedin other iflands of the Dorcific Ocema incoptrin Mlerle had res cqived on funilarepoeftot, with, he, fame, vieve from, phother maps, who rescgualy idifeppointe,

Tho iflanders wham wo hadi feap in thofe can npes were in generel of the middle flature, and not unliko the Mangompt Wheir hair ceither Alowed, loafly aver thoin fhoulders, or was tied on the mown of the head, tad though in fome it was frizeled, yetl thaty as mell wasithe Arpight Monis.

## 94 4 Voyge to the Pacifce Ovam.

forts was long. Some of the joung men were handfome. Like thie inhabitants of Mangece, they wore girdles of glazed cloth, or fine mattings the ends of which were brought betwgen their thighs. Their ears were bored, and they wore about their necks, by way of ornament, a fout of broad grafs, fained with red, andfygig with berries of the night-inade. Many efthem were curioufly marked or tatooed from the middie downwards, pirticularly upon their lege; which made them appear as if they wore boots. Thoir beards were long and they har a kind of fandils op their foet, They weref frank and cheerful in their deportment, and very fitehdy athe good natured.

Lieutenant Gore returned from his excurfion in the afterioon, and inforned Captain Cools, that he had examined the weft fide of the fitand, without being able to find 2 place whore the flips could ride in fafety, or a boat could hand, the thore being bounded by a fieep coral rock, againf which a continual furf broke with extraordinary violence. But as the inhabitants feemed extremely friendly; and as defirous of our thading as we ourfelves were, Mr Göre was of opinion, that they might be prevailed upon to bring off to the boats beyond the forf, fuch articles as we were moft in need of. As we had little or no wind, the delay of a day or two was of firall confideration; and therefore the Commodore refolved to try the expeyment the next morning. We obferved, foon after day break, fome canoes coming towards the fhips; one of
EtMe $A$ whick
wh tio plaz tha thif one dib nid of 1 cóal Hibw
siom tieno \# riter 4 ple Th Bris) 6b? Catel Won ing a 5 put 6 wast it: 5 withour flantlet cluiding othiers patient rerving trem fut requite, as Whas doum

## $A$ Vajage to the Pacific Oceaus.

which directed its courfe towards the Refolution plantaing, and a hog; for which the natives demarded a dog from uss refuting every other thifig that weeffered by way of exchange. Tho' onefof fotirg gentlecten on board had a dog and bittehb which were great muiftivees in the thip, sand thieilh inight have ferved tod propagate á tace of fo tifeful an anima in this intind, yet he could Hiot be prevailed ap wito part with then. Flburevir, to gratify trene people, 0 mai 4 gaje Gech whtorivite dog he had broughbfrech Creat Hyithty twith whioh haqeifition they were high-
 The fame morning, which was the 3d of ABrin, Captain Cook détacted Mo Gore with tirce botes to make erial of the experiment which thatlefficter had prepofed. Fin wo of the natives, Who hod beetí on boand accompraniod hithy tand Dhaidderedsu an interpreter. Whe flips being z fallyetgte from the ifland when the boats put offy aute the' Windubeing inconfiderable, it wast itwelve attloek before wercould worle up to it: s We then perceived our three botes jait without the furf, anden amazing number of the ffanters on the thote aibreaft of theminticonCludinigfont chity flant Lieutenant Gore, and others of our Fouple, hid landed, we were imparielt to know the eveht ditha view of obterving their motionsy and being reidy to afford them fuck affiftance as they might occafionally requite! the Cominodobe ike pt as hikar the ohore Ts was confifent with predence. He was conHidy $\mathbf{N}_{2}$ vinced,

## 26. 1 Vayge to the Pacific Occan.

vinced, showevar, that the reef was a very effagual barrier hetween us and our fricadsiwho had landed, anid put thepoicomplotely inout of the reach $\rho$ 解 $\rho$ ur protectionum But the matives, in all prappbility we were not ifo fenfible of this cifcupittange in we wrercal N Some of thems now
 and emphanged theny for hatevers swit ofted themen ithererpccafiond xifits diminishet the Coptain folicituder hond ousspepple who whad landed fof forg thopathone souldfprocurcuno intelligence, fompry, mifitotas yst their aremaing andoned femed too implys that thoircountrymen on hore hady mado no impropertinfe of the corifinnefirepofid in themiv Atralangth, to Wand the crening, wha hadsthe fativeatipr of Ifenog the boets, tet arn Win When eut peoplegot
 Som, Mr, Bupney inndranaivevere theionhziperTons who bad landed. sh Theiociatrences of the
 byMr Gore . Ma Andarfon'ghtucount of their tyanfactioncw whichs was siery citoumdtatialy and included fome obferwations on the iflandand its inhobitanteracyastovthe follovingupurpert anitls A Theyisosedetomardsya fandy peachy where a great number a theifithes had affembled, nind came to anmpahoriatheriditpace of mihandred
 fwapa off hringing óncpa-puts with them puand Omai gape them tolunderfand, that.our pectile were defroms, of Janding. Soon aftery thouce noes came off; and to infpine the natives wich'a greater nds who hinout of enatives, e of this seme now theaflipe, ideffeed nitheil the who thad urestoiniventeming ircountrydinfe of the lengthy toEnfaltion of - pooplegrot Mr: Auder-Heionlypareences of ithe Dorinimodore inth of their At mialyand fland urport ;atids chy where a Cembled, und of wih madred the iffanders $i$ them surand at our peopite ifterg t moicer hatives withia greater
gropter cosfidence, Mr Gore ands Kis companions refolinedt to go tunarmedy and to runithe fiaandiof being tweand well ow ill stiton smation:
 ing attentively the motions of tho furfeg landed Mn Bumey and uyyfolfry thot were initice firft canoe fafaly upen the recefy tn iflander took hold of each of fusy ebvioully , witheigh, fintention to fupport us in walking over thietagged rida, to the beachy: where feyerth os the oftien met usprholdiag the greomibuighis of a fpecter tof minofors ini chelis bavds, rand faluted nst by join-

 - 5 A gignt erowd fidelet with eager cediofty to loole at us giand wround hade prevented our proceeding, had noy fomey who feemedil to wave authorityondeale blows, with little dintinetion $y$ mongsthesa, to heep thitu off We were then led up an avepive of cotonepolins; and foon carte to An numbir Wif meng arranged in two rows; anta drmed with clubsy which they hold on their fhoulderkimuch in she fame manner as we reft a mufquet, After walking ralltale way among thefe, med found $x$ parfon who feemed a chief, fittingoontheground: crofsleggedy xtoling himfelf with a fort of trianguletifat fuade from 2 leafrefthe socomplaimy iswith p polimied handle of bliterman, fixed to oneidornotsintit histedrs
 which pointel fowwerd But he had no other marky penfotmment, to difinguids hint from the ref of the people though they all obeyed x $\mathbf{N}_{3}$ him

## $\times 9$ <br> A Vysis to the Padific Oran.









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in moving thair fingens very rimbly, at the fene - time biolding thair hands in a yrone poffion nour their facey and now and thenen alfo clapping them itogethernogn Thaip motiony and fong wase performed in fuch ezact concert, thet it ohhould feemithey hadibomenaughy with great cares and probably thoy were feleoped for entiry casemping, las few of thpfe whipm heifive in the crowdergalit led them in beauty.in In generals they wer mavither fout than: Alenders with black hain fopwing inin vinglets down the meets and of an oliyc copn-
 tham what we iallow to parfees bequije9and muchallbés vbut theireyes. Fere of a deep black, and cach hounterance empreffed ajdegree pf fomplacency and madertyy peculiar to she fex $\ln \mathrm{e}$ very part of tithe worled it but perhap mure confopicuove heres, where ninture precensed us with - her productions in that fullert perfections uipbiaffed in fentiment hy, qufom, or puyeftrained in mameńry axt , Their Mape aud limberwere e-- logantly iormed. Foryas their dyefs confficed only offa piece of glazed sloth faftened about the wriff, and fcarcely seaching 8 o low, as, the nknees, many we had Gy Ppportunity of obfervingereny parto This dance was not finithod, what wre heard a noife, ta if fome, horfes
 - afike, we aiw the people, armed with clubs, who pohad boen defired : as wafuppoffa to entertain us Q apith the fighreftheirgmapener of fighting This isile er now did one party purguing nnother who
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## 100 WiVojage Bo the PacifinOcean.

 uvif hor me fipppereduthereciemonis of bting ithtrodered to the chicfa man now at paiedly wes hegap tolook aboutSor MroGore pad Gmai : vaid, that hasictos diviould handly Cuffer regitormoine, verin Jeweth facundithem x coining yp, we mumh inceramodud by the prople mas tointid bremy neid introduceditar thie 5 rame mampor, to stive three chiof. Each of thefe expeetied in pretantign and Mry: Gore gaye them firchathinge fin he had brought ivith dive fnom: the ship) formathat pirr. pofive ziAftowshis making arfe of Omni be hiasinsaryeters he informediphojchicfe ath mint incention melnad seme on fhoviag bintsude girent to inderfand oithet bermuft velit:tilli shopincesituday, and them haf ? Bulld have: what was watited ins is ys They nom feemed to talke forma pinsita deparatems fromeach othens and ectery inc. of us had his zefperive circleg to fuaroynd mongaze anchour apant from mif frie wadd when Ltold therobiefy vith whem I Rit, that I twaised to frent to 0 pais inct peremptorily inefufede my requefobiv: Attithes feme stime, I found the people begmatafal ferematrifling things which 1 ihad in $m y$ seackety and when I opmplained to the chice of this treatment, he juftified iti.e From thefe sinciumitanceis I now entertained apprehenfionse that they hod a defigni ato detain us mongit them. They did noty rindeed, Seem to be efie difpoftrion fo faragejiad tormake, ins anziouia for the fafety of orir perfons; but it mas, neverthelefs, vexing to thinke we ihad hazuded being detained by their curiofity In thisiftu-號 ation,
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## A Kyage ve the Pacijfe Ooron.

ationsilathed for fomething to ant \& thd they readily, brought me fome cocoa-mute ? thent. fruit, andio lont of foit pudding, which mas prefented by /a womin. Ahd on my ippmoryining muen of the ihem cocifioned hy the sromet, the chiol himifetf conclefgended to fan mannd gave mid Sinatlipieve of flothy which he thid







 found Ompirtait tanining che renear apishingfions: But ho hath an herfareled ay wown


 he could a ligutno other if iffingors ohty fion
 tifed by thelNatiofs of New mealdadis Nophte went fo far os E0 a fue them the luthtion lat which thay were grdatis min prifedy fedings innetarny, whether chat was a cuifomuthit if ${ }^{2}$ Mp.


 us, of their baing eaphble officict butality en lif: - In this manner moinere detritited aty gians.
 and fonctinnes feparated gout alwayvin a ctowd;却部?

## 102 A Vogage to the Pacific Oceam.

 who not fisfed. With gazitg at us, frequentQ defied us to uncover parts of out din 2 the Hoht of which commonly produced a general murmur of admiratior. at the ame time, they add notomit thee oppotunities of riang our poche sand at lat, ohe of them fratched 2 - mat basonet from Mi Gore, Whoh hung in a Theathy his fide This was reprefonted to the chief who geteraco to find fome perfors in सfacho $b$ on all probability he coun. tenuedtachas 50 or oon ah or, Omal had - प 0 , fole pom firs fide in the fame man-





 fodenother ond in the evoutg, defted tue

 oou Hiners eqaig they gave to to inder mand,
 thitue faw, foon witer, 多ing ment the oven, which they had prepared and heated, endoved
 reffind made is thinkt mghere thended
 fome bcople procure toge the catte, but it us not tifl are in the antrudothe we faw


 tomped actin to go to the beach g btenarn we artived,
arrived feemed pore reef, 0 dragged of coral again; to take ed fome be permi Mr Burn on comin wrong in the cufto to ftrang naturalize ing them

- Findir better trea to their wi had left: Should hav after we ha prepared fc - Accort tioned, hav ftool of ola and difectir large ring, derable nifi and, Dhortly ficient guánt adozen perf
arrived, found ourfelves watched by people, who feemed to have been planted the e for thit purpofe. for, when tritd to wade in upon the reef, one of them tool hold of my clothes, and dragged me back. I picked up fome fmall plecep: of coral, which they required me to throw down again; and; on my refula, they made no ftyple to take them forcibly from me 1 had gathered fome fmall plants ; but thefe alfo I could not be permitted oo retan; and they took a fan from Mr Burneys which he had recelod as a prefent on coming aftope, Omai faids we had done wrong in takng ag any thing on it wht not? the cuftom here to armit freedoms of trit lind to ftrangers tif they had, in lome meafure, naturalized then to the country by entertain? ing them with frfivity two or three days,
- Finding that the onf method of procuring better treatment wis to yield implicit obedience to their will, woutent up again to the, place we had lef $\frac{1}{\text { and }}$ they now promifed, that wt Should have a cange to carmy tis of to our bouts after we had eaten of a repat which Had"ben prepared for us.
- Accordingy, the fecond chief before omen tioned, having terted himfelfupon a ld broad. ftool of blackith hard wood, tolerably polified and difecting the multitide to make a pretty large ring, thade us fit down by him. A confiderable nipmber o cocoa-nuts were now brought, and, fhortly after, a long green bafket, with a nuf. ficient guantity of batod ylantains to have ferved. a dozen perfons. A piece of the young hog that had
had heen dreffed, was then fet before each of uys of which we wete defired to cat. Our appetitet however, had failed, from the fatigue Ohele day: and though we did eat a litte to pleafe them, it was without fatisfaction to ourfelves
6 It being now near fun-fef, we, told them it was time to go on board. This they allowed; and fent down to the beach, the remainder of the vietuald that had been dreffed, to be carcied with ys to the flip. We foind a cange rendy to put us off to pur boats, which the hativee did with the fane caution ts when we landed, They put us on boand the boata, with, the cacom-nuts, plantains, and other grovifion, which they had broughth and we rowed to the Ghiph, yery well pleared that, we at laft had gotiont of the hands of our, troublefome maftere ${ }^{2}$ f

The reftrained fitugtion of thefe genglemen gave them vey little opportinnity of observing the country: for they werefeldow a hundred yatde from, the place where they had beeningroducod to the chiefs, and confequently mere confined to the furrounding objects. The, finf thing that attinfed their notice was the number of poople, which murt have beemat leafl two thoufahd. Epecpt a Eow, thofe who had conce on boand the thips were all of aninferior clafs for a great number of thofe thatiour gentlemen met with an morey had a fupecior dicnity of der meanout, and their complexion was, much , thitef. It genemal, they had their hain; nhioh wes lows apd black, tied, on the erown of thaluend.

Many

## 4 Vogage to the Prinif: Occan.

each of
Our apie fatigut 3 litcle to on to our-
id them it allowed; nainder of be carried anas xedy hative did ded. They cосоав-puts, hathey, had , werf: well d the hands gentlemen foblerxing - $\quad$ pundred 1 bean intros y mere cQpo he, fift thing 4. number of at woo thout hd concéion or clafis for natemen met


Man I of the foung men were perfeq thodels in thape, and of a delicate comprection. The old men wete, nany of them cot porlent; and they, as well is the young, had a remarkable fmoothfers of fin. Their general drefs confifted of a piece of cloth wrapped about the waitt, but fome had pieces of mats moft curioufly variegated with black and white, for med into a killd of jacket without fléves; while 6 thers wore conical caps hade of the eore of a cotoanhut, inter Noven with beads. Th their ears, which were pierced, they liung pieces off the membraneous Part of fofter plamt, of fuck there fonte © \& St iferous Howetrec Pfe chiefs, fand other
 mon Yaire, sqiflue of oboup x which the y thang Hourd thetr Heeks whet phalf cordronked fes
 bprdintsiction's for nentertit the firefs, antil the
 or the then wete puritured all forer the fides
 ornament (if tidencres fhat name) on their legis. The elderly womth Hid their hair cropped frort; and many of themt were cat in over the fore part of the body if obtique lines. The wife or a cthef thppeated with her chira, laid in a piece of red cldth; Which had been prefented to her hufband fiflie fucked the infant mueh after the fattat mantein of bur women, Another chitef intuduted Fils dateghter, who thas youngy. be that) ard méchett ${ }^{2}$ No perfonal deformitis texo dorervedrin either fexy exceptia few $\checkmark$ vel. 1

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individuals

## * 8 A Frayage vo. the Paciff Ocem:

individuals whe had fears of broad ulcers remaining on the face and other parts.
IgMany ot the natives were armed with fpears and clubs the latter of which were generally about fix feet long, made of a hard black wood, neathy polifhed. The fpears were formed of the fame wood, fimply pointed, and were in general twelve feet long; but fome were fo fhort as to feem intended for darts.

They preferved their canoes from tie fun under the fhade of various trees. Our gentlemen faw eight or ten of them, all double ones; that is, two fingle ones faftened together by rafters lafhed acrofs. They were about four feet deep, and in length about twenty feet, and the fides were rounded with a plank raifed upon them. Two of thefe canoes were curioully fàined all over with black in inumerable fmall figures, as triangles, fquares, E'c, and were far fuperior to any, thing of the kind Mr Anderfon had ever feen at any other ifland in the South Sea The paddles were almoit elliptical, and about four feet long.

Moft of the trees obferved by Mr Anderfon, werecocoaypalms, fome fpecies of bibifcus, a fort of euphorbia, and many of the fame' kind he had feen at Mangeea. The latter are tall and flender, refembling a cyprefs; and are called by the natives etoa. He alfo faw 2 fpecies of convolvuIus, and fome treacle-muftard; befides whigh, there are doubtlés other plants and fruit-trees which he had not an opportunity of feeing. The foil, towards the fea, is nothing more than a
bank
bank thoul expo chan reef: to dif fembl colour water it lach firf wh Tho the me royage cipal ot wetcar from th Yt this ex Gores petform tives ág ple, our arims we be gave a little a told the board w ing our people them wa one thot gurn's wét

## AVojage to the Pacije Ocomro

 n general 1ort as toefun unjentlemen nes; that by rafters - feet deep, the fides pon them. ftained all áll figures, far fuperior on had ever Sea The about four

Anderfon, bifcus, a fort kind he had 11 and flencalled by the of comvolvufides whigh, d fruit-trees y of feeing. more than a bank
bank of coral, generally feep and rugged, which though it has probably been for many centuries expoled to the weather, has fuffered no further: change than becoming black on its furface. The reef or rock, whth which the fhore is lined, rums to different breadths into the fea, where it refembles a high ftees wall : it is of a brownifh colour, and nearly even with the furface of the water; and though its texture is tather porouss it is capable of withtanding the wathing of the
 15 Though the landing of otrifgentlethen wat the means of enircting the daradate of the voyage with the greceding particulaty the print cipal object in tiche waspartly unatedatis, for we fearee procured anf thing worthementionitay
 It wis mentibned, that Omat where leftipon this expedition" afd, perhaps拥is buiftg Mt Gores interpreter, was not the onlyperviee itte performed this day. He was afted by the mit tives a great many queftionstoncerning our peet ple, our fhips, our country, and the fort of arms we ufed : ands according to the account Re gate to Captain Cook, his anifters were not a little apon the marvellous. Our country, he told them, had fhips as large as their ifland; on board which were inftruments of war (defcribing our guns) of fuch dimenfions, that feveral people might fit Within them; and that one of them was fufficient to cruif the while illand at pne thot. Ypis led them to afk white fort of guns wete on tobard Captain Cook's Amps. He $\mathrm{O}_{2}$
faid,

## 10 4 Valast thatbe Pacijc Ocrat.

fridy that though thoy were but fimall in compasiton with thaf he had defcribed, yet, with fach as they wore, they could, whith the greatef eafe, and at the diftance the fhips were from the thore, deftroy the ifland, and kill every fout in it. They then inquired by what means this could be done, and Omai explained it as nelll as he could. He happened luckily to have a few cartridges in his pooket Thefe he produced s the ballsy and the gun-powder that was to fet them in motion, were fubmitted to infpeftion satind to fupply the defeets of his defeription; an appeal was made to the Genfes of the fpeitators. The multitude had been formeds as befoice mentioned into a circle. This furnifhed Omai with a convenient flage for his exhibition. In the centre of this the fmall quantity of gun 9 powder collefted fnom his cartridges) was properly difpofed upon the grounid, and fer on fire by in piece of burning woed from the oven. The fudden blaft, and loud report, the mingled flame and fmoke, that inftantly fircceeded, filled the whole affembly with aftoniffment. They no longer doubted the tremenduous poweriof our weapons, and gave full


If it had not been for the tefrible idea they conceived of the fhips guris, from the fpecimen of their mode of operation; it was thought they would have detained the gentlemen all night, For Omai affured them, that if he and his companions did not return on board the fame day? they might expect that the Captain = would fire
upon neare done ved. tı that t therel in the gain o was to to this Thi Europ in it. found country the dif iflan'ds, ing, wis bitants for a pa loft; fu dently well be Gituation adventur which w deferve

It ma
fatisfactio
in conve
Twenty board a: neighbou
upon the ifland. And as the fhips ftoad in nearer the land in the evening than they had done any time before, of which they were obfers ved to take great notice, they probably thought that this formidable attack was meditatings and therefore they fuffered their gueits to depart; in the expectation, however, of feeing themiagain on fhore next morning. But Captain Cook was too fentible of the riik they had already run; to think of repeating the experiment
This illarid, though néver before vifited by Europeans, had actually other ftrangers refiding in it. Omai, when he landed with Mr Gore, found amongft the crowd, three of his own countrymen, natives of the Society Iflands. At the diftance of about 200 leagues from thofe iflands, an immenfe unknown ocean intervening, with fuch wretched feamboats as their inhabitants are known to make ufe of, and fit only for a paffage where fight of land is feareely ever loft, fuch a meeting, at fuch a pláce, fo accidently vifited by Captain Cook's people, may well be looked upon as one of thofe unexpected fituations, with which the writers of feigned adventures love to furprife their readers, and which when they really happen in common life; deferve to be recprded for their fingularity a It may be imagined, with what furprife and fatisfaction Omai and his countrymen,engaged in converfation. Their fory is very affecting. Twenty perfons of both fexes, had cinbarked on board a canoe at Otaheite, to crofs over to the neighbouring ifland Ulietea. A violent conU42 $\mathrm{O}_{3} \ldots$ trary

## 110

## $A$ Voyage to the Pacifin:Octant.

trais vind arifing, they could neither reach the Lantersinonger back to the förmores Theirsinat tendect spafagee being a werry Chort one, their ftach of provifions cwasi feanty, and foon ex: haufod, trithe hardShips |theyl fuffered, while driven by the form they knew not whithery are nat top berconceivedif They paffed many days minhout any thing to eat on dripk. Worn out by famine apd fatigue, itheir numbers gradually diminifhed in Four menronly furvived, when the canoe overfet; and then the perdition of chefe featned (imevitablou offowever; they kept hatging liyyits fidey diuring fomeiof ithe laft days, till Providence provight thema in tight of the people of this iland, wholimmediztely fent: out candes, and ibrought themiafhore of os the four thas faved sone was fince dead githei other three, who tived to giverthis account of ctheirs almoft iminaculous tnamfplantation, ofpoke highly of the. Kind tratment thay here met with; a dand they there fo wrell fatisfied swith their profent fituation, that theylirefuifeds the offer made to them at Ommi'si tequefir of giving them a paffage to theirn matives illands. pa The finilarity of mamners andilanguage diad mare than naturalized them tol thin fpoty minde the frefh connedtions they had here formed, and which it would have been painful to have broken off, after fuch a length of time; stufficiendly zepount for this refufal. They had amrived upon this ifland at dedft twelve years ago if
Theilanding, fayst Captain Cook, sof our gentlemen on this illand, cannot but be confu-

## $A$ Vyage to the Pacifce Ocean.

ch the cirsinu , their on es: bowhile tery: are ny days Torn out radually when the of thefe ptharigdays, till ne people at cances, four thus دer three, eir almoft hly of the nend they Cent fituale to them paffage to fimanners ized them is they had have been th a length his tefufal. d at leaft
k, sof of our at be confi dered
dered as a very fortunate circumftance Ik has proved the means of thus bringing to ous know. ledge a fxet, notionly very curiousjibut veryin:ftruetiver The application of the liabove nasrative is obviousan It will ferve to explain, better than a thoufand conjectures of fpeculativensenfoners, how the detachied parts of theceurth, and in particular, how the iftands of the South Sea, may have been fivit peopled ys efpecially thofe thatvlie remote from any inhabited conki-
 - Arcording to Omairs leccount of whariné learned in converfation with his threé country men, the manners of thofe inlanders, their method of treating ftrangers, and their igeneral ha:bitsibf tifo, are much tike thoferthat prevail'st Otaheite and its ineighbouring iflesw Sheity yew ligious ceriemonies and opinions are affor nearly the fame. if from every circumitance, ihdeed; it is indubitable, that the natives of Watetoo fprang originally, from the fame focks, which has fpreadsitfelf fo wonderfully sall over the immenfe extent of the SouthoSed: une would fuppofe, however, that they putimy thein elaim to a mone illuftrious extraction of for Omaisfald that thoy dignified their ifland/wich the tappele lation of Wenooa no te Eatooa, that iss a latid of gods; efteeming themfelves a fort of divinities and poffeffed with the firit of Entooad Thio wild enthufiaftic notion Omai feemed much to approve of : obferving, that there were inftances of iits being entertained at Otaheite; but that it was univerfally prevalent among the inhabitants

## riz

 $A$ Vogage to the Pacific Oceens. inliabitants of Mataia; or Ofnaburgh illand: Omai, and our two New-Zenlanders perfecelly undertood their language, which was pretty much the fame as at the other inands. Any peculiarities in it cannot be pointed out, as the Memorandum Book, in which Mr Anderfon had put down a fpecimen of it was ftolen by the natives.- Having failed in procuring any fupplies of confequenec in Wateeoo, and the eafterly fwell having carried the fhips to fome diftance from the ifland; on the night of the 3d of April; early next morning Captain Cook ftecred for the inland which he had difcovered three days before.
About ten o'clock next morning they got up to it, and Mr. Gore was immediately difpatched with two boats, tolook out a landing place, and procure provender for the cattle. Thougli a reef furrounded the lland here, as at: Watecoo, and a confiderable furf broke againft the rocks, our boats no fooner reached the weff fide of the ifland but they ventured in, and Mr Gore and his attendants arrived fafe on fhore. Captain Cook feeing they had fo far-furcceeded, fent a fmall boat to know if further affifance was required. Shie waited to take in a lading of the produce of the ifland, and did not return till three oclock' in the afternoon : being cleared, fhe was fent again for another cargo; the Jolly boat was alfo difpatched upon the farme bufinefat, with orders for Mr Gore to return with the boats before night, which orders were punctually obferved.

1 ifland perfectly as pretty ds. Any ut, as the Anderfon len by the upplies of terly fwell tance from April; early ir the ifland before.
hey got up difpatched $g$ place, and Thougli a at Watecoos, At the rocks, A fide of the Ir Gore and re. Captain eded, fent a ance was reding of the t return till eing cleared; yo ; the Jolly ame bufintisis inn with the were punctu-

The

The fupply obtained here was about two hundred cocoz-nuts for ourfelves, and for our cattle fome grafs, and a quantity of the leayes and branches of young eocoastrees, and the pandarius

This inland lies about three or faur leaguen from Watecos, the inhabitants of whioh call it Otakotaia. It is in the latitude of $19^{\circ}$ is fouth and the longitude of $201^{\circ} 37^{\prime}$ eaft, and is fup pofed not to exceed three miles in circuit ot Het
This illand is entirely deftitute of matere: Cocoa-pilimis were the only common trees found there, of which there were feveral cluftens, and greit quantities of the wharray or pandonufe. There were alfo the callopbillonms fiwriama, with a few other shrubs ; alfo a ifort of bind-wonds treacle-muffard, a fpecies of Spurge, and the , mas rimat tityifolia; st the fruit of which in fometrines. caten by the natives of Otabeite Omaiy who landed with the party, dreffed fame of it for their dinner, but they thought it veryandifferent: - A beautiful cuckoo, of a chefnut brown, vin riegated with black, was the only bird feen an mongt the trees; but, upon the thore, were a fmall fort of curlew, blue and white herons, fome egg-birds, and great numbers of poodies
One of the company caught a lizard running up a tree; though fmall, it had a moft forbidding afpect. Many of another fort were alfo feen. Infinite numbers of a kind of moth, alegantly fpeckled with black, white and red, frequented the buthes sowards the fea. Some other forts of moths and prétty butterflies were fees.

## 114

## A Vognge to the Pacifce Occans.

9. At this time there were no fixed inhabitants upon the illand; but we difcovered a few empty huts, which convinced us of its bering, at leaft, occafionally vifited, Monuments, confifting of reveral large fones, were alfo evected under the Thade of fome trees : there were alfo Some fmaller ones, with which feveral places were inclofed where we fuppofed their dead hàd been buried. We found in one placeagreat miny coctle-fhells; of a particytar fort, finely grooved, and larger than the filt, from which it whe conjegured, that the fland had been vifited by perfons vho fometimes feed on hell ofh. Din Cort left fome nalls and 'a fatchet in one of the huts, of the ufe of thofe who utght vift the inahd in future. The bottelying hoired in we made fatt a gait to the itorthward, reftying to try our fortand at He wef liand, whigh was difcovered
 We got figh of habout aq break in the thorning lof the oth at the difance of about three teagues. Weapproached labout eight oclock, ind oberted Ceverat cano coming from the Silofe to wards the thips. Wre were rather furprifed at this circumflance, ds ho traces or figns of lahabitants were feen when the Hand was firt difcovered: this, indeed, might be owing to a brikk wind that then blew, and prevented their catoes venturing out.
Advancing fitl to wards the ifland, fix orlfeven double canoes immediately came near us, with from three to fix men in each of them.

## A Yoyper th th Parifir eccam.

inhabitants - fey empbeing, at its, confiftinected unwere alfo eral plates théir dead laceagreat ort, finely om which been vifitThell thi. $t$ in one of nighe vift
ide fotl a Your for difcovered if voynge the thornSout three ht oclock, from the ather fures or figns Mand was be owing prevented
fix on ff-- near us, of them. At the diftapce of about a 115 the fhip they fopped, and it wone's throw from that Onai prevailed on was with difficulty fide; but they could them to come alangthemfelves on tould not be induced to trutt b haviour did board. Indeed, their diforderly us, or to treat us well. They pifition to truft fome oars out of theDi. They attempted to fteal a man for endeavoring tovery's boat, and fruck alfo cut away a net cong to prevent them. They over the ftern of containing meat, which hung reftore it, thou that fhip, and at firf would not to purchafe it fro they afterwards permitted us: bout the Refollom then. Thofe who were aly and daring, fon, behaved equally diforderof a long ftick, they with a fort of hooks made us of feveral thing openly endeavoured to rob longing to one of and actually got a frock bethey had a know our people, it appeared that changed fome fifh for of bartering, fof they ex of which they were extravagantly fond naile called them goorc. Pieces of papty, fond, and ther trifling grticle that was paper on any othey caught with the geas thrown to them, what was thrown fie greareft avidity ; and if diately plunged in to into the fea, they immoThough the difto wim after it. and Wateeoo is diftece between Hervey's Ifland differ greatly fiot very great, the inhabitants and difpofitrom each other, both in perfon Hervey's Ifland is of colour of the natives of of them had a fis of a deeper caft, and feveral tives of New-Zeala favage afpec, like the naof 2 ew-Zealand, though fome were fairer. Their

## 116 <br> $\$$ Voyage to the Pacific Octan.

Their fair was long and black, either hanging loofe about'their noourders, ortied inwa banch on the top bf the g héad. Sbme few inget, had it cropped fhort, adid, in two br three of ther, it ins of a red or brownin colour. The ir cloathing was a nitrtow piece of mat, bound teveral times round the lower part of the body, and paffing between the thighs? We Jaw fine cap of red feathers lying in ofie of the dafooes, and foure ariong them were brnamerited) with the fhell of 'a peatroytery polffied' and hang


The triode of ornament fo prevalemt among the natives of this"oceat, of pumeturing or tatooing theindodies, not one of them had adopted ; but thoughathey were fifigular fin this refpect, theirs beng of the fame commonitace is riot to be doubredy Their language more refembled the didlect ${ }^{2}$ of Otalieite, thany that of Marged of Watedod Like the natives of thofe iflands they lenquited from whence we camé, whitherbound athe fhips hante, thed name of our chief, and the number of thenown sbeard. Sueh queftions? wie propofed to thems, teley very readily anfotered Thery informed uss, 2mong other things, that thoyl had before feen two large ikips, like oursy but had nee fpoken to them as they paffed Thefer wetey fidoubtlefs, the Refolution and Adrentureantithoy acquainted us hat the name of their inland was Terouggemou Atoon gand likquife, ithat they were fubjest to Teervatoudahyindigy of Wateeoo.

Their

## A Voyige to the Pacijic: Oceasa

Their food, they faid, confifted of cocoannuts, filh, and turtic, being deftitute of dogs and boge, and the ifland not producing bread fruit or plantains. Their canoes (near thirty of which appeared one time in fight) are tolerably large, and well built, and bear fome refemblance to thofe of Watesoo.

We drew near to the north-weft part of the illand about one o'clock. This feemed to be the only part wherewe could expect to find anchorage, or a landing place for our boats. Captain Cook immediately difpatched Lieutenant Wing, with two armed boats, to found and reconnoitre the conft. The boats were: no fooner hoifted out, than our new vifitors fufpended their traflic with us; pulhing for thare as faft as poffibley and came no more neaz us
ith The boats roturnod at thueceiclock, and Mr King informed Captain Cook, that he could find no anchorage forithe thips; and that the boats could advance ine farther than the outer edge of the reef, which was almoft a quarter of a mile from the dry land. That a nunber of the natives came ypon the reef, armed with clubs and long pikes; meaning, as he fuppofed, to oppofe his landing.g though, at the fame time; they threw cocon-nuts to our people, and requefted them to come on fhore; and, notwithfanding ehis feeming friendly treatment, the women were very áctive in bringing down a Ifefh fupply of daits and fpears.
Capmin Cook confidered that, as we could not bring the ifhips toian, anchor, the attempt Vol. I.

Pe procurei grafs whene, dsfy antrdangerox Being laturaydifoppointods in ath Ghe tilands after onr lieaning Now Thealind, atrd having from variety of ciricumftances, been Whatoidably retarded in ourrpiobguefsy vit (wastin Wain to think of doing anyathinglthis glearein Whe hightatitudes of the uathern hemifphere,
 sivisi then they feilon for souid bperations there. TThis fituated, ir was neceflary to purfiuel foch ineafures as appented belt talculalitead, to preferve our cattle, and fave the foores and previfions of the fhips; the better to enablontis io profecute bur nothernidifcoveries, which could mptingw commence till a year later than was intended. If we could fortunately have procured a fupply of water and grafs, at: any of the iflands we had lately vifited, Captain Cook intended to have food back to the fouth, till he had got a wefterly wind. But, without fich a fupply, the certain confequence of doing this, would have been the lofs of the cattle, befored it was poffible for tis to reach Otaheite, without gaining a fin: gle point of advantage refpecting the grand obfeet of our voyage.

The Captain, therefore, determined to bear away for the Friendly Ilands, where helknew he could be well fupplied with erery thing he wanted: and, it being neceffary to run night and day, he ordered Captain Clerke to keep a League a-head of the Refolution yibecaufe his Atip could beft claw of the land, which we might poffibly fall in with, in our paffage.

Capera ductriur hapis? laftetill next d had 56 we fou Palmier Cooknd ceffitys: rimor dered el during: gallions: Thedf the rout from th afternuo with inh rain-wat thefe fay unfettleic the next weft, at breeze Weiv teeth, la find thor to exprof diver ion Haindy 1 of about

## $A$ Viyage to the Pacific Qceam.

1497
ded bintod in Trealeind, lous, heen vit livastin is syearein mifpliere, athot onsothere. ulfue! fach to preferve coivifions of ; profecute dd mon now intended. ured afupe iflands we intended to re had got a afupply, the would have fwas poffible aining a finbe grand obhined to bear ere he/knew ery thing he 0 run night alse to keep a 3 becaufe his bich we might e. We

Wo fiecindiveftby fouth, ivith nifine bereze.: CaprainiCoole psoptofectito proceed firft to Middlowughy or Eocis thinkinginwe maight, per-s haps, ? haver peowifin enorigh for the cattles to laf till wre thouldarniveidt thatifland s But the next day flaboutinopn, thofe faint breezes that hadifollong netarded us; again returned ; and, we found it neceffuy tel got into the imitude of Palmerfor's and Savage fifnids, which Captain Cooksidifoveredrimot774s what, imigale of neceffity recourde might be had to the anite ar monder odo favesonit watery Captain Gogk ordered ehertilhtoldealaept, ady vorls la whole day; during which timer vej psocured rabaushifteen
 "Hhéferlighé brootes/soontinuéd tilly. Thuyfday
 from the inorthigandingth northiow of in: In the afternoon we had fome veiny heavy;waln attended
 rain-water as filled fize of fourpugsheons of When thefe fquils hid blownovenj the wind was wery unfettledgy bothoiniftrengths and in parition, till the next day ntinbaplar when id fixed jatononthweft, and north-north-weftygnd blewna frefh
 Weivere thus penfecuted with a wind ia our teeth, land had the ladditionals montification to find thereqerywinds herag whichiwe had reafon to expece farther fouth) (At day break, hoycisery yonthengtigh we perceived Palinetfon's Glands beardinglwef by fouth fat the diftance of about fivgleagues; but did not get up with

## 120. A Voyage to the Pacific Octak.

it tht the nextomorming, at eight. Captom Cóbk ther aidpatched tirree bliats from theorefohttiong and one foont the Difcovery, with a pito por offices iexexhy ta fearch for a comvenient landinge placey wie being now under an abfolute iseceflive of procitring here fome provender for our catule, on we mutt certainly haveloft them. in What ise called Palutierfon's Ifland, confifts of a group of frallutilets, hout nine or teri in nuaber, leondected togethe! " y a reef of coral rocks, and lying ine areuthr difection The boats ifforexuminded the moft fouth eafterly illet; and not fineceeding thiefe, fan down to the fc condy (were theye itituediately Ianded. Captaint Cook then bore down with the fips, tilt we vere abretaf of the "flece, wherewe keptitniding off aned ony there being zo botton to be forime to anclior wpon, whisy however, was of no material comiequence, the there were no humam belngs upon the Tfland, except the party who had landed from orat boats.
At ener o'elock orise of the boats returned, luden whi furwh-grafs ond yotung cocobitrees, which was, at this time, a moft extellent repaft for our animals on boara, A meflage was alfo brought from Mr Gore, who commanded the party"upon this expedition, auquainting us that the ifland abounded with fuch produce, and alfo with the whartatree and cocoztrits. In confequence of this information, Capedin Cook refolved to get a fufficient fupply of thefe articles before he quitted this ftation, and accordingly went ou thore ia a fimall boat, accompad nied
nied
iflanc and level 2 cor moule rotte

Th
fame
at O fo gre ber of torts 0 eggs, to take of a tropic fort, b with re a deepi derable not the ly accep confine crabs c caught treated, At on lake witl was a lat enchanti ed to the not be fe

## $A$ Voyage to the Pacific Ocear.

nied By the Captain of the difcoverytin The inand does not exceed a mile in circumference, and is not eleyated above three feet beyondidhe level of the fea. It copfifted almof entirely of. 2 coral fand, with a fmall mixture of blackift mould, which appeared to be produced from rotten vegetables
This poor foil, is, however, covered with the faine kinds of Chrubs and buthes as we had feen at Otakoptaia or Wenooa-ette, though not in fo great variety. We perceived a great number of man of war birds, tropic birds, and two Borts of boobies, which were then laying their eggs, and fo exceedingly tame as to permit us to take them off their nefts, which confift only of a few fticks lootely put together. Thefe tropic birds differ effentially from the common fort, being of a beautiful white, lightly tinged with red, and having two leng tall feathers of a deepih crimfon. Our people killed a confiderable number of each fort, which, though not the moft delicate kind of food, were highly acceptable to us, who had been a long time confined to a falt diet. We faw plenty of red crabs creeping about among the trees, and caught feveral fith, which, when the fea Tetreated, had been left in toles tipon the ref.

At one part of the reff, which bound the lake within, almolt even with the furface, there was a large bed of coral, which afforded a moft enchanting profpect. Its bafe, which was fixed to the hhore, extended fo far that it could not be feen, fo that it ppeared to be fufpended :

## 122 <br> $\lambda$ Voyige to the Pacific Octan.

prove wale. p The'fet was then uht the sefulgence of the fux iepponedythe vartors


 the hite geanl heightened by Poangles of the


 Thiltitut of fithes that genily julded wlong
 cotours wergeth motrberutral thit cimbermab gined blat yellowblick, red ac. far ux. gined inue cllow, black, red, *c. tar ux. celing an tham tut qail Be? produtedoty, am.


 preating tran port, accompanied, therrame fime with fegret, that a work fo aftomithingly chanftigula te cotcealed in a place fo feldom axpored by the hathan eye, thesceptaticce of a canoe that was found u-
 hutants haidig evergich here; ahd prodably that my hatye blech arifted from foutb other that ate wese forbrifed however at perilland , we were farprifed, however, at perdevting oome thall brown rats on thishtetiand; $t^{2}$ circumitatue, pertaps, not eafly acedunted for chats we adinit the pombility of their beTind imported in the canoe of which we fave the
 remains.
Athe boats beiny tader, Captain CobletarnAndon Doard, léaving Mr Gore ind hit party to Dafs

## A Voyage to the Pacific Ocean.

fiffed a aht 1 te dartor ract of fome Wher gutiecy sand ngles of the tar of linge "Evén his dedoby the Hided whorig' urity 4 Their vimberinafarlex: ace loftre giteatits $3^{\text {and }}$ and the ced whiouta dat therfane diftomithingly tace fofldom
 hods found uberable of in. thad prodsably a foom other vever, at perhishtueltand; Hy cedodnted y of their be ch the faid the bint 5 th Cobereturn. (id his parey to pals
paft the might op, Ahare, tob be roady for bufige fir


 principalty of tender brnacher of the what


 cuted by fun-St $x$ Cangin Cog ordered ant the



 purpofe, wre tept fanding offand on alt wgol

 Co mon obr bats, widh itele difficulth vithepeon
 soaninuts, which wr foutg in thegrracter ploty; But fir was a tedigus operation fo fonvey them to our bogts, being pliged to carry them hath a mile over the reef, up to the midde te Fiter. Oinai, who ascompanied Hs, Dgercas c cad bit With iffropprith $3 x$ magy ff a fuptied the
 quantity to eachinipo Men of war, and troplebirds, were found here in abundance $\frac{1}{3}$ fo titat we fared mof fiqutuoufly. In théc axiturions to the uninhanted iflapds, O mai what of the greatef fervich sonys. He caught the hat, apddeffel themer as whas the pirds we lothed an ter the fafhion of kis country, with a dexterity and chearfolnefstint did him honour Before thiphting the bogts raade wro rrips and were each

## A Voyage to the Pacific Octan:

timo heary ladent with the laf, Captain Cook returned on board, leaving his Third Lieutemandy Me Willianfons with z party to prepare another lading for the hoate againf the next mprningt ith 5 ,
Hecprdinger Giptain Cook difpatched them about feven ochlock and, by noph they returned hadeny No delay was made in Lending them bade for pother carg9s with orders for all to he on board by fun-fet. Thefe orders being pundmally pbeyed, we hoifed in the bpats, and Giled to the wertward, with a light air from the noth.
Whailet we laft came from is fome what larFithan the other, and almof givered with coconpalms. The other prodjctions were the fame as at the firit illet. On the beach were foupd two pieces of board, one of which was rudely caryed, and an elliptical paddle. Thefe suveres perpaps, a part of the fame canoc, the remains of which wehad feen on the other beach, the two ifets being within half a mile of each Ghar. There wese not fo many crabs here as -at the laft place but we found fome for pions and other infects, and a much greater number of fif upon the reefs. Among the reit were fome heautiful large fotted cels, which would raife themfelves out of the water, and endeayour to thite their purfuers: There were alf $Q$ fappers, parnot-6in, and a browr fpoted rock- fifh, not Jurger than a haddock, fo tame, that it, woind xumain fixed, and gaze al us. If we had been Ftaily in want, a fufficiect fupply mioht enafily fais

- have
have 1 upón' thioes of fied fharks by our at that
M oni fitor murqui and faiw thb ciuk alfo feer The Palubet mits of a thin ed and plat ifland o Havis weft, in hat vari: and muc ous, we and, as 4 hour, by we laid more tro The treure fot difagreed apprehen is, howet
${ }^{2}$ Coot Lieuteprepare 29. next . , 教种 d them return. 1 og them ir all to rs being pats, and from the
what larred with were the ach were Hich was

Thefe c, the reer beach, e of each here as at pions and number of were fome pald raife deayayr to fnappers, $\therefore$ fifl, not 3t it, rohld Ghad been iohe enfily her have
have been had; for thoufands of the clames fuch upon the reef, many of which wolghed twa or: thise pebuads, " There warotife fome ofter fomts of fliell fints ands, when the tiad fowed, feveral, fharks came with it, fome of which were killed by our peoples but their prefence mendered it. at that time, unfafe to wall in the watend $u$ urd
Mr Williadnfon and lis phetys whio werwest oii fionet wire inueth peftefed in the night witlou? mufquitoed Sophe of Chomil hot ture cuplewes: and faw fonic plowets upoily the proreg ingeion two cuckoos, like thofe at Wenoodetto were

The illets comprehended ufder thit naside of

 a thin cone of lands though drathod withe troes and plants, like the tow grouris of the lyigh

Having left Palmerfion's Ifland we gavedh weft, in order to proceed ted Annamoden We. had variable windss with fqualls, foato thandery. and much raind The fiowers being ivery copin ous, we faved a cahiderible quantiry of water; and, as we could erocure a greater fupply in one? hour, by the rain, than by diftilatom in a month, we laid the ftill wide, as being atsended with more trouble than advantage. Po tisg dinthy
The beat which had continued to the ax-. treme for about a monthy became mudh-mpuat difagreedibe in this clofe ritiny weether, and we apprehended it would foon be noxioussing It is, howicher, rembarkable that there was not then:

## 146 - A Voyago botio Paçfic Ocedin

thema. Amplequerforifick on abbind iother of the
 wille yofted Suxagethand, whith Capolin Cook

 occock in the morning, we faw the elifumats to
 wett abouk Ave dietgice diftard whe Wetred to the fouthry and wheinqhauled up rot Mnminooka.


 4ute hald featecty anctioneds, when two cances:



 Towards eventiggo wesmadd Thoievivifitu fromin an-






 twolibbacto nin: bityier zot prooqte reffuéfhments, anid thade stide fifgnat tor wodgh abiffivelito pro-

 ven vanowy whiebsibro foums, two pigs, . feveral large wododipigeonhs,
 fruite and roots of warious kinds, for which we.
gatat がc.
marce, orders till the ceptel bs Mis beqn, Theich nothers Kingon and pro procure ty of fri animals vations not nun and alm Thet mooka; to go bet crs at th met with us to reli ward. 14 it meceff was dark every dis lighe we. preceding in oparyin - 25 We có overactur

## A Voyage to the Pacific Ocaun.

gave thepa in exabangei tieadom hatachats, remils, \&c. They had various other afticles of agmmarcegi but Captalion Conk hidigivenjripatienlar ordersy that wei hheuld purchefer no cuntioftilen, till the hips were fupplied, with provifionsj pox-


Mit Kingis party returmed about noops haviag bcenn, treated/with greget siviliky at korgapiga, The chief of the cifind rintoobgulangeesinandonothery:named Thipa, came, on board, with Mr Kingontifhey profented a hog to the Captap, and promifed him more next day*oy Mraiking procured feven hogs foine fawls, ind, a quantity of fruits and roots w, with fomte gralsf) fat iour animals, 'They reported, that froin aby olwervations they could make, the inhabitantsiswere not nume ous; their huts were very indifferent, and almoft joined to one another.
The boats being aboard, we ftood for Annamooka ; and, having little wind, wf intended to go between Annamooka-ette*, and the breakers at the fouth $e$ ealt 3 sbut; ond drawing neary; we met with very irregular foundings, whichobliged us to relinquith the defigns, and igator the foththward. This aarsied) sis to leawardy and we found it neceffany to foend, the night under feill It was dark and raings and whe had the wind from every direction. The next morning, at daylight we were farther off than we hidd boen the -precedingievdning gigad the wind was now right
 We cóncinued to ply to very little parpofe,
 - Little Annamook.



## IMAGE EVALUATION

 TEST TARGET (MT-3)




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#  

Whan live aty ind ip tieievenifos inichand Whituyn fathoma strest the ece of

 Whet prou in, brou git of fome hagetoc Cip. tain Coolt we obrained octimy by laterns, Wrion the different equot thit followad a, and
 thore whie Whited w fori the IAlands, esthat
 arimiet to my oblebor Cupini Conk.




 2-ms tres did and tultre fatione depehiof 4 ?
 - whidsy butathat no fiefh witar wasio Ebekal but











 71.
 C.Whio tech. Several women too appeated tin the
 - 2

[^2]

## べ\&

## 1










 - Ater etre gron:-



















cance us $y$ the p and d $\operatorname{ten} \mathrm{E}$ calt to mile d fation Annar where apchor The watcinin forencon others, fervateaj $u s$ permi civility which an the clit
Coole mix
fant Spat
wat Gitro
Nas Cur
fore chery
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the mota:
houfe.

## 4 Kynge w Whe Pajif Orian.

cannes i incinds perbaph by cuiiofity to vifit us $y$ though they were as earneft io battering 0 the mens mad ufectitie paddle with equal int and detiority. We cathe to àn anchior ificidh teen fithoms whter, the ufland exwinind from caft to fouth-meft, about three quarters of it mile ditant. Thus Oaptain Cook reffmed the ftation, which he had occupied vhen he vifited Anmamoika three years before ; and probably where Tafman, who firft difeopered thim iffind,
 Thepant doryduring the preparations for watcringy Crptain Cook went ahones in the forenoons iecompanied by Captain Clerkes and others, to fix on a pleee for fetting up the obs fervatorien, the atives having renitity $g^{r}$ med us permiffion. Tuey ficwed us every mark of civility mad sccommedated wir with b boatilhoufy which zunfered the prupde of tent. Toobow the chief of the ilands ronctueted Coptaid Cook end Onalito his houft, fituated on a pplezfant frat in the centre of his plantatiow. It was fotrounded with a grafs plot, which he faid was for the pupofe of claning their feet, bofore they eatered his habitationt Such anv ate tention to cleanlifefi we had nexes obferved bed fore, whacter we lid pieted ing this ocean of thougtrye oftervarde fanid it to be very common at the Friendls iflonds. No carpet in en: Biggith drowing room could be kept inemer, tio mate which covered the flow- of Toild, It houfe.
Whle wo were onl Ahope, we bettered hor?

## 139 

 bourdjatim Prings, were, crowded, with, the, natiyss. Anivepy fem of them camp empty handed sows Wercefipeodily. fypplied with every, refrefthment: sudp the afternoon, Captain Cook landed aguiny wish a party of marines s and fuch of the patale aqumere, in :a weakly fate,' were fent on Ohore wisth bim. Having fettled every thing to hin fatisfactions, he returned to the :lhip in the erening orileaving Mr King in command upon the ifland. Taipa was now become our trufty friend, and, in order to be near our party, had a houfe carried a quarter of a mile, on men's Thoulders, and placed by the fide of the Thed which our party occupied.
Our various operations on thore began the next day. Some were bufied in making hay, others in filling.our water-caflis, and a third parE in cutting wood On the fame day, Meffrs Pog and Bailey began to obferve equal altitudes of the fun, in order, to get the rate of our timekeepers. In the evening, Taipa hamangued the patives for fome time; but we could ponly guefs a* the fubject, and fuppofed he was inftrueting them how to sreat uss and advifing them to briag the iproduce of the ifland to market. His doquence had the defired effect, and occafioned us to receive a plentiful fupply of propifions, the next day. IT,
Wy On the ath of Mays, the Difonery lop ther fmalibower anchor, the cable beingefirting twe. by the rocks:
On the othy a chief whefe name wai Paeanou,

## $A$ Tougivent Pacife Doants.

## 43

egan the cing hay, third pary, Meffrs altitudes our timeagued the paly guefs nffructing
thein to rleet. His accafioned vifions the





 ed his eothing for Annainookal thationitemien






 tofd wett his whitest swereoind hoen Reppofered










 He was' not the'mun twhion he temembered to bide feet durfing the forther odyage in the chat aider ofthe zing, Lifier the fing falutation, he queftioned him on that point; when Taipa, with gicated ditienteplied, that be was the fovereign
 In a fipat time, our grand vifitor, accompanied
 sam
$Q^{2}$
Captain

132

## 1 Kogetind Patice amit.

 Wred thre thogstrol te coweyed thito the boat, Ta a tetuthe for "the phefens he hid oreceived.








 - priterif


 th convalfioms: The perfery who gavicthe blow,



 Wards dhueteturfuetian fof liewing, that the poor
 WThe bdetom there then infovery tajy being
 minid tia nime it farcher to the wootwardv. The
 The fitent andher, and theave fheit itpon the bethowergitht the whitedgyter of the whole nimerst fhip's frequently overtlowed with people of both fera. For the women of the Eriendly infes have the privilege of eating with the meh, which is tr: the cafe at Otaheite.
We had frequent oceafions to obfene the dexterity which thefe people poffifs at pilfering: the veryechiefs as times practifed oftrtev. Thving before the arrival of Foongoy had a tange. junk axe ftolen out of the fhip, shithicre could impute to none but the mativen thar Captiain coupplained to him, and requiredite would ite his authority to get it refforents he impediarcly gave orden for that purpofe, and before dimin? was finifhed, it was brought ush aboter , lfoch wadthe explicitebbedlence paid to his co mmands. On the geth of Moys one of them was detreited 15xen

## 134 4. Noynge to the Pajin OWili.

entringoutif the Phip, the bolt halongingito the
ftewe


 angadita berconfinedstill the paide heg for, his Yheinded Thouthy miter: this cingumatance, we -abeotmocbledifuntith ndi mone thiceves of mank, their fervants or flaves were conftautly employ-




 tavourdidd oflebriedviferustodall themuic(This

 priathorout astrejh smpre aliden infenfitile caf the



 endexifs the fel hends te be doniplitely thaved,
 Anolvopuntrystech and put ouppeople apitn their

 -d IWmownad fo fond offourloompribysthat he thed on bond every day rishoughely he did not
 fiontothroaghthidew mofis whiphty had beten
 yemes cocoa-nut liquor had been urfodrinficad
 flewed?
ftome. lea() fointo dered but, $t$ it was imitat Har ifland day th fhoregt that w the ${ }^{\text {Di }}$ anctor to proo dhintto fion 50 will hise otrn iflandey wherey plentifu evech off In icouff choice o Europiona jeef tol O On 13 ohor tra ing of fit Andinenc n Thou Woy 9

## $\Delta$ Vorgese to the Pocific Ocriom.

ftewedy (pechape in sa wroden vefelingithertione Hent mon de Cap eblaphfor, his ftomes) ard it was carried on boardon aijhert"" leaf) Captain Cookitafted of the mafignidumas Soincell ploafed with ity that hermernemeroes deted fone fifhito be dreffodinin the famemays but, thoughihis cook fucciveded itsoletably ivellb it was mnch inferior to the difihheatizupted to
 Having, vinuargreate meafurejinthemfted the iffand of almoft everpo stiloce ef afoody gni Cyipday tho wi th of $u$ Maygu wou respovedy fifom the Thong theodfervatoriets horfequand echerthings that we hadilandedy initend ing tien fait iastfoom as the (Difoovichy fhould have forndolicer beft hower
 to proviecd tailiongatbegoi teathoflly ortereated thinito alben his planis oxpmeffing as murchinnerfion tonity amifs by rdimertingighios from its ine wilhoditouprochote fome, ipartioulamianteref of his otrux $x$ He warmily recommended a jgreup of iflandey called drapaee, lying to the not th-eats; wherey hes affqnedo us, we acould the ealis and plentifully fupplied (waith every refiechoneung: and eveh offaned ioonccompanks, us, thithening perfons In coonfogpence of his radvict, Hapqte was imeds choice of $;$ and as it thadnnot bieen vifited by an) Europeapy dhipas thatfurveying it becama aniobjoft to Captain Cooko ing yove waid to by th

 ing affitie, itatho, wa got anders faile catad itaf
 * Though this infandis fanambay bighor that ftewed Low ?

## 3 



 Thaerever Alipy lay comfiniof a Aoup, tugged, tedrat reck, about nine or tet! feet nighy encept twoifnidy berchess 'which giter defundifrom the fea, toym reff of the faine fort of recky In thie centre of the ifland there is a falt-water lake, Cablowt mitc wind 2 half in breadthy round which therghound thes with a gridual weent, and we coulu het tracevits having any communteation twith the read On the rifing parts of the ifland, and elpeciaily towards the fea; the foil is either of a blickin thofe mould; or a reddifh clay; bate there is not a ftream of frefle water to be found in any part of the inand.
43y The land here is well cultivated, except in a Sev places; and, though forne parts appeat to Ifie wafte, they are only left to tecover the Yereingth exhaufted by confant culloure; for 'we often fay the natives at work upon thefe fpots, in ofder to plant them again. Yums and plantation form their principal plantations 3 many of Which are very extenfive, and inclofed with tencestor reed about fix feet high. Fencet of lefs compafs were often feen within thefes farroundTing the houres of the principali people. The bread-fruit and cocon-nut trees whe minterfperfed Whithout why regular order, but principthly hear thefliabitation of the natives. The vicher parins of the iflatd, efpecially tovzards the fous and Hound the lake, are covered with Whaniant Trets Tha buftes; among which there wie ayotut ma' numication the illand, ill is either difh clay ; rater to be
 except in a sappear to ecover the ure; for'we thefe Tpots, ss and plan63 many of ed with fenencet of lels es farioundoples The interfperfed aciperlly hear cother pirtis the fens and mantiant wetes "ayruat ma'潞.
 and fouces abousther iflend are eficoml cetart in one place, ta the mintutefe the fardy, treach wheperchneio is rocky Mifabowt ametinywiventiot. in bighty iof in cilomeove ftones and of a yelo
 ave toilbe foepriofothe funetictural reck, wilthis
 10. Whe Ramatimetisinufedinourfelmen iormell -ing up the couthaty mid frootingiwild itudaty neforis bling unn widgoomp which infervery sium andebs to the filtaigitege da moll ins cini tho poediwhtred nis procured oun water: onWis funnd, fimithere por

 without ontertainting thithat lenftr cenfuicion bi thint.
 perty that a than onged to cheth. , trimomothic, eits
 the nucives inesel inativel leolloved ithen the bocoh, fimed thet thecer would ibe no greit dicfculty in inotratigg ani pecurate eotmputicion of thein numbargitbuts thaticontinualis defont of itio fitors, frombepher lifandajinendened is impof. ble. LLomaver, wiontermevorifain ithopoythan thoufand perfetie roollected at one time, itif may be reafont if fitppofety that there ate abogit 4wice thiti etember, upon the ifland. Whithe:

In this dince stusetito illapace, whither me were nowibund th to thé nompha sad noerthicafe of. Annamookity ${ }^{\text {athat }}$ numberiof fimall iffec ure



## 13. 

a Aret piffle forvilipy of fucti titiagititudeasoars; theighisho inxivernflled through thie intervals ina their encose p therefofret whith we weighed 2mabort fiomis)Antamooka, we fected to got to the wein-ward of the above if ands, , affid pooth novthemetitiowards IISb, and © Toofoos, two iffainds remaintable for thelr great hieights, and the moit wefterly of theof in fightib Neeniou; with his at-
 nocepil andsoblew antered thiellarge failing ednote, whleh had brought hinitifiotr Tohigataboo, and flood inamanong fartheclefter bf fillands, of which
 - TThey ane feanteredy wer unequan' diffaticess'jund mof ef ishomarate ast high ay Ainnaintiooka. Somie of vhempabe two or thrtee mifiles in "léngth' and

 madilailed mify mid othon tive fandy betintes, extending alinofit thoip. whole teni getin' In'general, they are entirely conthed witheicesf among Whith onaro mmany cobseanpulims, ench thiving the appearance of cardeautifoll garder phaced sh the fencol The fercene widather (We ' inww hial" "contri" buted greatly itosheighten the 'feete; satd the whole mighteconveg yinidea of the realization of fome fairg land. It Inpperars, that fome of there iflands haveibeen formede wa Palme'fition's IAlaind wee Suppofed to hivve beeny for lorite of them is nom entirely fands and another the bute - ingle
 In the afternoony about fourrotelocky wre ftetred to the morthy leasing Toofotand kse on our

## - Koyngeata ton Pacija Ocan.

hrboard, Wha intendod to have anohionedorbs the night, hut, it arrived before we could find placeinin lef, than fifty fathoms water's and we rather chafe to fpend the night under faills than come, to in fuch aidepth. In the afternoon, wee had been within two leagues of Toofoa, and obforved the finoke of it feveral times in the day. ,There is a volcano upon it, of which the Friendly Llanders enter: tain fome fuperfitious notions, and call it Kollo. fera, fayingo it is an Otood, or divinity. We were informed, that it fometimes throws up very large fones, and the crater is compared to the fize of a fmall illet, which has not ceafed. fmoking in the memory of the inhabitants ; now: have they any tradition that it ever did. We fometimes fav the fmoke from the centre of the illand, even at Annomooka, the diftance of at leart ten leagues. Wre were told that Toofoa Was but thinly inhabiteds but that the water upon it was excellent.
At day-breaky on the $s$ th, we were not far. from Koa, which is a large rock of a conic-figure, we fteered to the paffage between Foo tooha aud Hafuiva, with a gentle breeze at: fouth eaf, Abopt ten o'clock, Feeniou came on board eand cpptinued with us all dayr. He broughy with him:al quantity of fruit and twe hogs in wh in the courfe of the day feveral camoer eameg do barter quantities of the former. article, which was very acceptable to ur, as our ftock degan to be low, At noon, our latitude Tas $199^{\circ}+49^{2} / 45^{\prime \prime}$ fouth, and noon, our latitude miles

## 446 <br> 1 193

 siles of forpitwad from Anmamookz After hantha prite
 rocks, and there being but intere vind, tr as attended with foine difficulty to keep gen of
 then. Having pafled this Yeet, we hute up


 any to whm yon ancrorage, but ure agan dinppointed;

 recton, the reaw unfathomablegepainIf haw in the courfe of this hight falmes liff ing from the volcano upon rodat ? At daroreak on che 10 h, we fergeg, whth
 a gante oreeze at ounteat, for mpace, whicn - Was how in righ a and percerved fer oe gow
 water. At nine oclock vec aw it panh abith-



 of the flands, apperare to be or a hathenoght,

 rengta. The mot northert or thent canco



 By fun-fet, ve gor doquh cid Honthombt

 aftres ror wan or anchorage thyide an the

 vet afrection. Trenou, whotap eenton boad very arecton. reenougho nad oech propard
all day, went forwardio hate all day, went forwara to rapaee nothe evtanigy

## 4 Voxue to the Paifife Occav. <br> 141

 and tocis Qnai zith him in the cander He was potupuind int of ar diconathtritaton and kotiperogd fire the nhole nighty 6 2 Inadmart. m Athc geturn of dat light, on the 1 hath be . ing then clofe in with Foa, we perceived it was inand to the othere evewith ohe furface or the Fea. Comain coo difpatchedde hort to look for anghorages and epropr placow found abreain p a repf which jems lufoog te Ioat havipg twonty four futhom deph of water In. this fationat the northera point of trapace bore noth $19^{\circ}$ eaf. Wh werenotabove thre guarters of a mite from the thore and as ore lay befogearcreth in the refe, it wh convenient landrantith timeng anongrif if ist motron os we had achoped anit were furrounded ben mutitudcos cotocs, and our Ghi wrefprefetty thede Hith the gatives. Thev propght fith them hogs fowl Crait , apd fPptros, which thiy ergharged for cloth
 Apai havips cape gh boan ze for 1 the more
 peoples of the illand, hefoon ccompapied them en fugne for that puspefeo The chof canduegad the aptain th hut fruated chote to the acerbed nhech ras brought thither but a fomminet ( f metothis

 Winden appamel fonting them oin the out-敬 R fide;

## 742 AVogasn to the Pacifugpram



 deted to fit by p, pand weclate thisto the peot phe the thén triningued chemrinsporidontwly sol the folloring purporty tas the fuen wardy wefé
 yount, tortookiapont CaporimCbok ases ffritend thol moantrea contimue ivith bhempariof days;
 abt fteal any thing ofroth hioit; tbirroftend chimin may othersmannersis $H$ He informed then, that it





 that it was neceffary hofthourd mankecia prefertit to Raroupas the chief of ithe isandur The Cap. toiny being not rydprepared for chits, brgave him fuche áticles vas far. droeetlod his expleftations This liberality creftedofimitary demandorifoin two chiefs of other illes who ware prefenty indseven from Taipa himfelfit Soon after he had made the laft of thefe prefents, Feenoo returned, and exprefled his difpleafure with raipa for fuffering me to be follavifh of my favours. But this was, doubtlefs, a fineffe, as he certainly adtedin concert with the otherss
 rolupe to fit by hideys and hajegogio the people as Taipe had dones which he did nearlyto the fame
atuch
fag
One and
Onh
bakec
to be
vited
Hen
ngmeic
Dtatice

Sia, pn andions fupply day, brien t quantifs $-\mathrm{GO} \mathrm{Cs}$ Fiechow the chic Mophtion paniedtet tedito ite precedin
comestitur he inneng incagituks nor coul -s.56apir - Alday Pirchorypion 3me?

## AdIVinge ta a be Paciffo Ocian.

franapreppow Theferecremonies vxar, the chicf:

 one of which the witer way deed tolerable, and the fituation zonivenien of for filligg otr cafks. On his returakio hia former ffation he found as baked indy idind fomic yambs, fmolding thoty rexidy to batconivéjedion board fon hisisclianess, He in in vited Eeemout ardd his friendsicto partakeiof fathe
 nonaidbit: himidelf fat down with uus has table. \#itaner, being ioven the Oapain comducted thew on /Ahore p ande before big returnidy received, 2sia prefentiffomithe chicfy le fine targe turite,
 fupplyd off peovilifontel fapis itin the coovife of the
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# 144 1 Vonge to the Pacije Ocinit 




 zal fowliy and te thofe upton the leffy $5 x$ pigs two tardes. Earoupe fetitid himfer betho ariliks en the wift fidd, mid moothet gildi before thofe en pibe tighty sthey being it Tosfopeqied intie evto athicts who hat procented then y odde of Feenou, who was as impprcitiby obeycd heres, at he had been at, Annartiooka, ad who bid probably haid this tux upeo the chate of Thapot for the profent occariounc 10. Whien ahi thumficent edtection iof peovifions
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 about for a fem minuates, cand theri one thalf of thito ritired to ont lidey and the iother balf to the orher fides gating thomethee befare the fepofatorst Piefonty izfer, they fircelfively motertinied us with fingle coombars, ont ehambpion from one fide challenging thofe of the other fide, partly by words, butit more by expref. five geflited, to fend one of their pary to opfore itm. The chationge was, in goneril, $2 \mathrm{c}-$ cepted the tho pontratants placed thenfelves in proper autitudes, and the engegentur begagn, whic haminued till one of thein ylelald, or till their whpons were troken? He the concluffion

















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## 4 Vojage to the Pacific Occan.

of each combat, the victor fquatted himfelf down before the chief, then immediately yofe up and retired Some old men, whanfeemed to prefide as judges, gave their plandit in a very few words; and the multitude, efpecially thofe on the fide of the conqueror, celebrated the glory he had acquined in two or three loud huzzas. This ontertainment was fometimes fufpended for a thort Ipaoe; and the intervals of time were filed up: with wrefting and boxing-matelies: Thefirfowere performiod in the method pratifed at. Otalite, and thic fecond differed very slittle wenches inext Repped forth, and, without ceremonys bogan boxing with as much dexterity as the men, . This conteft however, was but of floort dufation, for, in the face of hatf a minute, onf of them gave it up. The vietorit ow heroingwas applayded by the fpectators, in The fratie manner as the fuccefiful combatancesiof approbation at this part of the entertainment, it did not hinder two othor femsles from énters. ing tholifti; who feenied to be fpirited gidts. and, if thoold women had not finterpofed to paet them, woudd probally have given cadit io. ther egood deudbitic riActean thateathoument norers wited, pactant whici ithefe cowbats witrencermoft pond wevery thing wéas conduettil atiough fomieiof the good humovir onall gides; receivelibloses uwhich apampions, of both fezes? R:3 effec:

## 146. ATyige wi the Pacife: Onans.

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gaged;
gaged seach having an inftrument in his handes refembling a piddles; two feet and a half lon'ys with authim blade, and a fmall handle. With thefe inframentelvatious flourifher were made; each of which wasiactompsinied with a differtat movement, brin idifierent attitude of the wods: At firtupthe edrucergitanged themfelvet to thirete lines, and fo changed their ftations by differett? evolutionay chanithofew whe had beten fow the retre. came inte the front the Atrond pletiof thogitho














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 Theis monnef of dancing fwav nowichanged to a gaicker meafurey in which trbey made a Eind of half tuypiby leaping, and clapping their hands and fappped their fingerk, repeating fome Whds in sonimingionmith the ohowng veoward the ende as the quicknels of the hationinereas


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 inturvaly siwelve iother tréni iter a tonifiterable themfetvers inv dobiblebrows, cirvanced, plading
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 womeng who fat down optofite thes were nine the chief had placed himfelf zely rofer dand gave ithe A man immediblow on the back withe firft of thefe women a treated the fecond and both his fifts joimed. He ner ; but whenhe can third in the fame manher upon the breaf came to the fourth, he fruck fon inftantly riling wi, Upon feeing this, a per-
 - The Editor here inferts ane knocked eitract from the ' if anferts a note, in which he gives an The near tefemblance tres Edifiantec: E: Curieufes,' tio Ghew Catolime Manders, at chet ween the fongs and dances of the cific Ducapis eind ahofforithmet Pef diftance in the North Pa inhabitamis of the Southerm P Ffichdy'iffandert, and ochcr idea of theirbeing all derived Pafif; wherice hodeducesthe from therch Lectete are inferfperfed various other extracta. formity in language, religionerfed, to Thew the famie con:-

kencelied thive down with a blow on the head, and beimen quienty carried amay. But thiendidid not excurfe the other five women from fo cilimar ordinnery a difoipline; for they were treated in the frime manner by a perion who fucceeded him. When thefe nine women dancedy their performance was twice difapproved $\rho f_{y}$ and they were obliged to repeatithaggin, Thefe mas no great difference between this dance and that of the firft women, except ithat , befo fometimes suifed the, body upen ione legg and then upon the other, aiternaiely, by a fort of double mootions
Soon mifer, aperfonenexpectedly entered, mar king fome ludicrous semanks on the fire-morks that had been exhibited, which extontod a burf of laughere from the crowd. We hed then a dance by the attendants of Feenous; they formed a doublie circle of twenty-four each round the chonmo and joined in a geatle foothing fong, mecompanied with the moxions of the head and heads whieh gradaally became more and nmore repid, and fmally, glofed with feveral very ingenious tranfpoftions of the twio circles.
The two laft dances were univerfally appro. ed by all the fpectators. They were perfectly in time, and fome of their geftures were foce cxpreflive, that it might juftly be faid, they fpoke the language that accompanied them. Theugh the concourfe of people was pretry large, theit number was meth inferior to that affembled io the foretoon, when the marinet perfiomed theis

## AVFagis to tbe Pacijn OVeam.





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## $\Lambda$ Voyage to the Pacific Octan.

and its breadth, in fome places, is not above three miles. The caft fide has a reef, projec-: ting confiderably, againt which the fea breaks with great violence. It is a continuation of this reef that joins Lefooga to Foa, which is but half a mile diftant; and, at low-water, the natives can walk upon this reef from one illand to the other. The thore is either a fandy-beach, or a coral rock.

When the Captain returned from his excurfion, and went on board, he found a large failing canoe faftened to the ftern of the Refolution. In this canoe was Latooliboula, whom the Commodore had feen, during his laft voyage, at Tongataboo, and who was then fuppofed by him to be the king of that inand", He could not be prevailed upon to come on board, but continued fitting in his canoe with an air of uncommon gravity. The iflanders called him Arecke, which fignifies King $\boldsymbol{y}$ a title which we had not heard any of theth give to Feenou, however extenfive his authority over them had ap: peared to be. Latooliboula remained under the ftern till the evening, and-then departed. Feenou was on board the Refolution at that time; but neither of thefe chiefs took the fmalleft norice of the other.

The next day, fome of the natives ftealing 2 tarpailin and other things, Captain Cool applied

- In Captain Cook's narrative of that voyagey the name. of this chief is faid to be Koba-geoetoo Fallangor, which is totally different from Latoolitonla. This may perhaps be aceounted for by fuppofing one to te the fatme of the perfon, and the other the defeription of hit rank or title.
plied to thonity, red; but the 23 d . Feenou a longride were goin faid, abou Hapaee. their voya fupply of for Omai defired us would be i nou wauld tain Cool chief, who the 24th; bout by fo fembled ou we left it, was alfo re that inand, thefe new appeared, $t$ foundation. purpofe the unlefs we fu of getting $u$ other.
On Sund to a houfe w of a child, w
plied to Feenou, defiring him to exegt his aur thovity, for the purpofe of getting them reftored y but this application-was of no effect. On the 23 d , as we were preparing to leave theilland, Feenou and his prime-minifter Taipa, came a-long-ide in a canoe, and informed us that they were going to Vavaoo, an ifland fituate, as they faid, about two days failing, to the northward of Hapaee. They affared us, that the object of their voyage was to procure for us an additional fupply of hogs, befides fome red-feathered caps for Onai to carry with him to Otaheite; and defired us not to fail till their return, which would be in four or five days; after which Fees nou wrould accompany us to Tongataboo. Captain Cook confented to wait-the return of this chief, who immediately fet out for Vava00. On the 24 th, a report was induftriouly fpread about by fome of the iflanders, that a thip refembled ours had arrived at Annaniooka fince we left it, and was now at anchor there. It was alfo reported, that Toobou, the chief of that ifland, was haftening thither to receive thefe new vifitors. After enquiry, however, it appeared, that this report was totally void of foundation. It is difficult to conjecture, what purpofe the invention of this tale could anfwer; unlefs we fuppofe it was contrived with a view of getting us removed from one ifland to the other.
On Sunday the 25 th, Captain Cook went into a houfe where a woman was dreffing the eyes of a child, who feemed blind. The inftruments S 2
> 156. A Vagage to the Pacific Oreani.

ufed by this female oculift were two flender wooden probes, with which fle brufhed the eyes fo as to make them bleed. In the fame houfe he found another woman thaving a child's hend with a thark's tooth, fluck into the end of a ftick: She firft wetted the halr with a rag dipped in water, and then making ufe of her inftrument, took off the hair as clofe as if a razor had been employed. Captain Cook foon after tried upon himelf one of there remarkable inftruments, which he found to be an excellent fubftitute. The natives of thefe illands, howcver, have a different method of gaving their beards, which operation they perform with two fucils; one of which they place under a part of the beard, and with the other, applied above, they firdpe off that part: in this manner they car tradve vety clofe, though the procefs is rather tedious: There are among them fome men who feem to profefs this trade : for it was as common for our failors to go ahore to have their bedrds fcraped off after the mode of Hapace, as it was' for their chicfs to come on board to be fhaved by our barbers.

Captain Cook finding little or nothing of what the fifland produced was now brought totheflips; deternined to cliange his ftation, and to wait Feenou's return in fome other anchoring-place, where we might fill meet wit refrefhments. We accordingly, on the 26 th, made fail to the fouthward along the reef of the ifland, and having paffed feveral ihoals, hauled into a bay, that lies between the north end of Hoolaiva, and
the fout had no 1 fter of $t$ bay whe Cook; ac ed on the frefh wat weft fide cial moun ty feet his the diame this maun and ia half coral rock iflanders, was feen al ta Areckee" the mount kings. On and: Mr Go carne back found from with a botto
Lefooga a other by a ter. Some the laft men eft mark of except a fing to catch fifh ble that it of

## A Voyage to the Pacijic Occan.

the fouth of Lefooga, and there anchored. We had no fooner caft anchor, than Mr Bligh, Mafter of the Refolution, was fent to found the bay where we were now ftationed; and Captain Cook; accompanied by Ljeutenant Gore, landed on the fouthern part of Lefooga, to look for frefh water, and examine the country. On the weft fide of the IIland, they obferved an artificial mount of confiderable antiquity, about fórty feet high, and meafuring about fifty feet in the diameter of its fummit. At the bottom of this mount was a ftone fourteen feet high, tivo and a half thick, and four broad, hewn out of coral rock; andithey were informed by the iflanders, that not more than half its length was feen aborve ground. They called it Tangata Areckee*; and he faid it had been fet up, and the mount raifed, in memory of one of their kings: On the approach of night, the Captain and Mr Gore returned on board, and Mr Bligh carte back from founding the bay, in which he found from fourteen to twenty fathoms water, with a bottom principally of fand.

Lefooga and Hoolaiva are feparated from each other by a reef of coral mocks, dry at low water. Some of our gentlemen, who landed in the laft mentioned ifland, found not the fmalleft mark of cultivation, or habitation, upon it, except a fingle hut, in which a man employed to eatch fifh and turtle refided. It is remarkable that it fhould remain in this defolate cond:S 3 tion,

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## 158 A Voyage to the Pacific Ocean.

tion, fince it communicates fo immediately with Leforga, which is 'fo well cultivated. The weft. fide of it has a betiling, where there feems to be good anchorage ; and the eaft fide has àreef, us well as Lefooga! Uhinhabited as Hoolaiva is, an artificial mount has been raifed upon it, equal in height to forme of the furrounding trees.

On Tuedday the 27 th, at break of day, the Commodote made the fignal to weigh ; and as he intended to attéript, in his way to Tongataboo, a paffage to Amamooka, by the fouthweft, anóng the intermediate inles, fie fent Mr Bligh in a boat td fbund before the flipss But before tre got under fall the wind became fo va riable and unfectled, as to render it unfafe to attempe $\frac{1}{}$ faffage with which we were fo little acquainted ghe triciefore lay taft and made the lignal for the Mafter to return.

CaptaillConk had now an opportunity of difcoverifig that Feenou was not the King of the Friendly Illands, but only f fubordinate chief*:

- 'By a pradent regulation in their government;' fay* CaptainGook, the natives have an officer over the police, or fomething like it. This department, when we were amongh them, was.adminittefed by Feenou; whofe buffnefs, we were told, it was, to punith all offenders, whether $x^{-}$ gainf the fate, or againf individuales He was alfo Generalifimo, and commanded the warriors, when called out upon fervice; but, by all accounts this is very feldom. The King, frequently, took fome pains to inform us of Feenou's office; and, among other things, told us that if be himfelf fhauld become a bad man, Feenou vould kill him. What I underfood, by this expreflion of being a bad man, wai, that if he did not govern according to law or cuftom, Feenou would be ordered, by the other great men; or the peo* ple at large to put hum to death. Thene figuid feem to be-
for that faihe, or 1 gataboo, a the Refole ing my in my inclina without in fuming tit underfood could not be with him as though not could give w tainly the m had feens fo unweildy, an He feemed $t$ ftraight hair, deal from the
Poulaho as After he had ed many per fired him to this fome of ing, that if $h$ that people w could not be Captain gave fhould prefum deck which wa
no doubt, that a $s$ and punifhed for defpetic monarch.


## $A$ Vogage to the Pacifc Ociano.

for that title, it appeared, belonged to Futtafaihe, or Poulaho, whofe refidence was at Tongataboo, and who now came under the ftern of the Refolution, in a large failing canoe, 'It be-. ing my intereft; fays the Captain; sos well as my inclination, to pay court to all the great men, without inquiring into the validity of their, affuming titles, I invited Poulaho on board, as I underftood he was very defirous to come. He could not be an unwelcome gueft; for he brought with him as a prefeht to me, two good fat hogs; though not fo fat as himfelf. If weight of body could givo weight in rank or power, he was certainly the moft eminent man in that refpects. We had feen; for, though not very tall he was very unweildy, and almoft hapelefs with corpulence. He feemed to be about forty years of, age, had ftraight hair, and his features differed a good deal from thofe of the bulk of the people?

Poulaho appeared to be fedate fenfible man. After he had feen every object on deck, and afked many pertinent queftions; the Captain defired him to walk down into the cabin. To this fome of his attendants objected g obferving, that if he were to do fo, it muft happen, that people would walk over his head, which could not be permitted. Io obviate this, the Captain gave them to underfand, that no one fhould prefume to walk on that part of the deck which was over the cabin. Whether this : would:
no doubt, that a Sovereign, thus liable to be controuled, and punifhed for an abufe of power, cannot be called a defpetic monarch.'

## 160 $A$ Vogage to the Pacific Occan.

would have fatisfied them was far from appearing; but the King himfelf, lefs fcrupulous, waved all ceremony, and walked down without any Atipulation. He fat down with them to dintier; but eat little, and drank leff. When he arofe from the table, he defired the Captain to accompany him athore. Omai was afked to be of the party; but he had formed the clofert connection with Feenou, with whom (as the ftrongeft proof of it) he had excl:inged names, and he was too faithfully attached to him, to flew any attention to his competitor. He, therefore, excufed himfelf. The Captain, in his pwn boat, attended the King afhore; having firft made him prefents that furpaffed his expeetations; in return for which, Poulaho ordered two more hogs io be fent on board. The chief was then carried out of the boat, by his own fubjects, on a board refémbling a hand-barrow 3 and immetliately feated himfelf in a fmall hovife near the fhore. . He placed the Captain at his fide; and his attendants formed a fericincle before them, on ahe outfide of the houfe. An old woman fat clofe to the chief, with a kind of fan in her hand, to prevent his being incommioded by the flies:. The various articles which his people had procured by trading on boand the fhips, being now difplayed before him, he attentively looked over them all, enquired what they had given in exchange, and, at length, ordered every thing to be returned to the refpective owners, except a glafs-bowl, which he referved for himfels. Thofe who
brought

## A. Voyage to the Pacific O, cean.

brought thefe things to him firf fquatted themelves down befure him; then depofited their purchafes, and inftantly rofe and retired. They obferved the fame ceremony in taking. them away $;$ afd not one of them prefumed to Speak to him Atanding. His atcendents, juft before they left him, paid him obeifince, by bowing their heads down to the fole of his foot, and touching it with the upper and under fide of the fingers, of each hand. Captain Cook was charmed with the decorum thato wan maintained, on this occafion, having fcarce, feen the:like any where even' among more civilized nations.
When the Captain arrived on board, he.found the Mafter returned from his expedition, who: informed him, that, as far, as he had proceeded. there was a paffage for the Mipsy and tolerable. anchorage: but that, tovvards, the fouth and fouth-eaft, he obferved numerous fionici, breake. ers and fmall illes. In confequence of this seport, we relinquithed all thoughts of a paffage that way ; and being refolved to returnito Annamooka by the, fame route which we liad fo lately experienced to be a fafe one ${ }_{2}$ we hould have failed the next morning, which was the 28th, if the wind had not been unfettled. Poulaho came early on board, bringing a red-feathered cap as a prefent to Captain Cook. Thefe caps were greatly fought after by us, as we knew they would be highly valued at Otaheite: but not one was ever brought for fale, though very: large prices were offered; nor could a perfon in either fhip make himfelf the proprietor of

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## A. Voyege to the Pacifc Ocran.

one, except the two Captains and Omai. They ane compofed of the tail feathers of the tropic bird, intermixed with the sed feathers of the parroquet $;$ and are made in fuch a manner, as to sie on the forchead without any crowng and lave the form of a femi-circle, whofe radius is eighteen or twenty inches. But the beft idea of them will be conveyed by Mr Webber's reprefentation of Poulaho; ormainented with one of thefe caps or bornets. The cluief left the Aip, in the evening; but his brother, whofe Hine atfo was Futafaihe, and fome of his attendants, remained all night on board.
On the 29th, at day-break, we weighed, with a fine brecze at eaft-north-eaft, and made fail to the weftward followed by feveral failing canoes in one of which was Poulaho the king, who getting on board the Refolution, enquired for his brother, and the others who fiad continued with us all night. We now found that they had ftaid without is permiffion, for he gave them fuch a reprimand as brought tears from their eyes: however, he was foon reconciled to their making a longer flay; for, on his departure from the fhip, he left his brother, and five attendants, on board. We were alfo honoured with the company of a chief named Tooboueitoa, juft then arrived from Tongatabon; who, as-foon as he came, fent away his canoe, declaring, that he, and five others, who came with him, would fleep on board; fo that Captain Cook now had his cabin filled with vifitors. This inconvenience he the more willingly en. cured,
dured, provifion met with In the ceeded by Our cour were oblig fetched th o'clock in up to Lofa隹 or nort but the bo breakers lyi Kotoo, exp It was dark finding no paffed the $r$ the 3 rits: at nel which is rocks lying approach, w us through. fide of the re till near twel we made no apprehenfive fo many of and food bac Footooha and frefh, with $f$ night, the Re vind, fetching sear sunning

## $A$ Vosage to the Pacific Ocrant.

dured, as they brought with them plenty of provifions as prefents to him, for which they met with fuitable. .eturns.
In the afternoon the eafterly wind was fucceeded by 2 frefh breeze at fouth-fouth-eaz. Our courfe being now fouth-fouth-weft, we were obliged toply to wind-ward, and barely fetched the northern fide of Footooha by eight o'clock in the evening. The next day we plied up to Lofangay and got foundinge, under then tee or north-weft fide, in forty fathoms watery but the botton being rocky, and a chain of breakers lying to leeward, we ft:etched away for Kotoo, expecting to find better anchorage there. It was dark before we reached that illand, where finding no convenient place to anchor in, we paffed the night in making fhort boards. On the 3 Ift, at day-break, we food for the chan: nel which is between Kotoo, and the reef of rocks lying to the weftward of it; but on our approach, we found the wind infufficient to lead us through. We therefore, bore up on the outfide of the reef, and fretched to the fouth-weft till near twelve o'clock, when, perceiving that we made no progrefs to windward, and being apprehenfive of lofing the iflands while we had fo many of the natives on board; we tacked and food back, and fpent the night between Footooha and Kotoo. The wind now blew frefh, with fqualls and rain ; and, during the night, the Refolution, by a fmall change of the vind, fetching too far to the wind ward, was very near sunning full upon a low fandy ifle, named

Pootoc

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Pootoo Pootooa, encompaffed with breakers. Our people having fortunately been juft ordered upon deck, to put the lhip about, and moft of them being at their refpective flations, the neceffary movements were performed with judgment and alertnefs; and this alone preferved us from deftruction. The Difcovery, being aftern, incurred no danger.

This narrow efcape fo alarmed the natives who were on board, that they were eagerly defirous of getting afhore: accordingly; on the return of day-light, a boat was hoifted out, and the officer who commanded her was ordered, after landing them at Kotoo, to found for anchorage along the reef that projects from that ifland. During the abfence of the boat, we endeavoured to turn the fhipsthrough the channel between the reef of Kotoo and the fandy ifle; but meeting with a ftrong current againft us, we were obliged to defift, and caft anchor in fifty fathoms water, the fandy ifle bearing eaft by north, about the diftance of one mile. Here we remained till the $4^{\text {th }}$ of June, being frequently vifited by the king, by Tooboueitoa, and by people who came from the neighbouring iflands to traffic with us. Mr Bligh was, in the mean time, difpatched to found the channels between the iflands fituate to the eaftward; and Captain Cook himfelf landed on Kotoo, to take 2 furvey of it. This inland, on account of the coral reefs that environ it, is fcarcely accefirble by boats. Its north-weft end is low; but it rifes fuddenly in the middle, and terminates at the
fouth
fouth-ea duces th cent illar thinly ind While th our peopl cattle; an returntot ty brackio was confic We we with a fre towards A next morn we had, fol after went: cy buly in for traffic. two hundre and traded that they b abfence, in feveral large our late vifit yams were $n$ we obtained change for ir one boead, ho he had fown foutid sto hid hav beoin de
ing a theivining invol. I.
fouth-eaft end in reddifh clayey cliffsof It preduces the fame fruits and roots with the adjacent illands, and is tolerably cultivated, though thinly inhabited. It is about two miles in length. While the Commodore was walking all orer it, our people were occupied in cutting grafs for the cattle; and we planted fome melon feeds. Onour returntotheboat, we paffed by fome pondsof dirty brackioh water, and faw a buryingplace, which was confiderably neater than thofe of Hapaee.

We weighed in the morning of the 4 th, and with a frefh gale at eaft-fouth eaft, made fail towards Annamiooka, where we anchored the next morning, nearly in the fame ftation which we had, fo lately occuipied. Captain Cook foon after went on fhore, and found the iflanders wezy bufy in their, plantations, digiging up yams for traffic, In the courfe of the day; about two hundred of them affembled on the beachs and traded with great eagernefs It appeared, that they had been very diligent during out abfence, in cultivating; for we now obferved feveral large plantain fields, in places which, in our late vifit, we had feen lying wate w The yams were now in the highefl perfection; and we obtained a good quantify of themy in ex. chang for iron. Before the Captain returned o boand, he vifited the feveral places where he had fown meloni and cucumber feeds y bat foundsto his gieat regret, that mof of them: had beein defiroyed by verming thought fome pinoepple plants, which he lind alfo left, were ina thriving condition. hembet 3tive ivon. I.

T
On

On Friday the 6th, about noon, Feenou arrived from Vavaoo, and informed us, that feveral canoes, laden with hogs and other provifions, had falled with him from that ifland, but had been lof in the late tempeftuous weather and overy perfon on beard of them had perifhed. This melancholy tale did not gain much credit with us, as we/were by this time fufficiently acquainted with the character of the relater. The truth perhaps was, that he had been unable to procure at Vavaioo the expected fupplies; or, if he hind oltained any there, that he had left them at Hapree, which lay in his way back, and where he muft hitve heard that Poulaho had come to vifit us, witho therefore, he knew, would, as his fup riop, teap all the merit and reward of procuring thefe fupplies, without having had any participation of the trouble. The invention, however, of this lols at fea was not illimagined; for we had lately had veny ftormy weather. On the fueceeding morning, Poulaho, and fome other chiefs arrived; at which time Captain Cook happered to be afthore with Feencus; who now 3ppeared to be fenfible of the impropriety of hist conduct, in arrogating a character which he had no juft claim to; for he not only aclanowledged Poulaho as fovereign of Tongataboo and the adjacent ifles, but affected to infint much on it. The Captain left him, and went to pay a vifit to the king, whom he found ftting with a few of the natives before him, but grear humbers hamtening to pay their refpects to him, the circle increafed very faft. When Fee
nou appr reft that Majefty. confufed his agitati thefe two Captain te ble. Fee in the ufu fovercign the cabin, neither cat On the for Tongat caft. We teen failing very one of canpe was d bundle of g end of a po noe in the At five in th iflands, at it weftward; and the othe ated in the : leagues from According to who had bee only five men Hoonga Ton proceeded on gth faw feve

## A Voyage to the Pacific Octam

nou approached, he placed himfelf among the reft that fat before Poulaho, as atteridants on his Majefty. . He at firft feemed to be fomewhat confufed and abafhed; bat föon recovered from his agitation. Some converfation paffed between thefe two chiefs, whe went on board with the Captain to dinnerg but only Poulaho fat at table. Feenous, after having made his obeifance in the ufual mode, by faluting the foot of his fovereign with his head and hands, retired from the cabin; and it now appeared, that he could neither eat not drink in the king's prefence. On the 8th, we weighed anchor, and ftered for Tongatabao, with a gentle breeze at northeaft. We were accompanied by fourteen or fifteen failing veffels belonging to the iflanders, every one of which ontran the Mhips. The royal canoe was diftinguifhed from the reft by a fmall bundle of graf $_{5}$ of a red colour, fafiened to the ond of a poles and fixed in the fern of the cznoe in the fame manner as our enfign ftaffs. At five in the afternoon we defcried two fmall iflands, at the diftance of four leagues to the weftward; one was called Hoonga Hapaee, and the other Hoonga Tonga. They are fituated in the latitude of $20^{\circ} 36^{\prime}$ fouth, about ten leagues from the weftern point of Annamooka. According to the information of two illanders who had been fent on board by Peenou as pilots, only five men refided on Hoonga Hapaee, and Hoonga Tonga had no inhabitants. We fill proceeded on a fouth-weft courfe, andion the gth faw feveral little iflands, beyond which T2 Eooa

Eooz and Tongataboo appeared. We had at this time twenty-five fathoms water, the bottom confifted of broken coral and fand, and the depth gradually decreafed, as we approached the abovermentioned fmall illes. Steering by the direction of our pilots, for the widef fpace between thofe ifles, we were infenfibly drawn upon a large flat, on which lay innumerable rocks of coral, belew the furface of the fea. Notwithiftanding our utmoft care and attention to avoid thefe rocks, we were urable to prevent the fhip from friking on one of them: nor did the Difcovery, though behind us, keep clean of them. It fortunately bappened that neither of the thips fluck faft, nor fuftained any damage. We ftill continued our courfe; and the moment we found a place where we could anchor with any degree of fafety, we came to; and the Mafters were difpackied, with the boats, to found. SSon after we had caft anchor, feveral of the natives of Tongataboo came to us in their canoes; and they, as well as our pilots, affured us, that we fhould meet with deep water further in, free from rockse Their intellin gence was true; for, about four o'clock, the boats made a fignal of having found good anchoring ground. We therefore weighed, and ftood in till dark, when we anchored in nine fathoms water, with a clear fandy bottom ${ }^{2}$ During the night, we had fome naing but early in the morning, the wind becoming foutherly, and brioging on fair weather, wie weighed ygaiw, and worked tawards the Rhore of Tongatabon.

While wh king con and at th of fmall $c$ not gettir heranqu cern. At Refolution ful to Caj boo in his had, at th Furneaux. and ahog, they receiv

We arri o'clack in It was a ve flate of $T$ little infes o our fhips a, the depth fance fron smile. Wehad boo, when accoimpanie They found beichy who new the iw it, and talde vice during: fore they ho circle of the

## $A$ Foyage to the Pacific Ocian:

While we were plying up to the harbours the king continued failing round us in his canoe; and at the fame time there was a great number of fmall canoes about the thips. Two of thefe. not getting out of the'way of his royal veffel, he ran quite over them with the greateft anconcern. Among thofe who came on board the Refolution, was Otago, who had beenifo ureful to Captain Cook when he vifited Tongataboo in his laft voyage; and one Joobous who had, at that time, attached himfelf to Captain Furneaux. Each of them brought fame yams and whog, in teftimony of friendlhip; for which they received a fuitable return.
We arrived at ourintended ftation about two o'clack in the afternoin of the ioth of June. It was a very convenient place, formed by the flaste of Tongataboo on the foutheeaft, and two little illes on the eaft and north-eaft. Hete both our fhips anchored over a fandy bottom; where the depth of water suas ten fathoms. Our diftance from the thore exceeded a quarter of a smile.
Wehad not been long at anchor off Tongataboo, when Captain Cook landed on the illard accompanied by fome of the officers and Omai, They found the king waiting for them ons the beichy who conducted them to a fmall neat houfe neat ithe woodsg: with an extenfive area before it, and tald the Captaing that it was at his fervice during his continuance on the ifland: Before they lad been long in the houfe, a large circle of the natives affembled before them, and ritates)

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feated themfelves upon the area. A root of the kava plant being brought to the king, he commanded it to be fplit in pieees, and diftributed to feveral people, of both fexes, who began to chew it, and foon prepared a bowl of their favourite liquor. Mean while, a baked hog, and a quantity rof baked yams, were produced, and divided iato ten portions. Thefe chares were given to fome of thofe who were prefent; except one, which remained undifpofed of, and which was probably. referved.for the king himflif. The liquo was next fervediout; and the firft cup being brought to his majelty, he order ed it to be given to a perfon wha fat near him: the fecond was alfo brought to him, which he lhepe : the third wasgiven to Captain Cook; biut their mode of preparing the liquor having given bim a diftafte forit, it was brought to Omai. The remininden of it: wao diftributed to different people 2 and one $e f$ the cups being carried to Poulaho's brothers he retired with this, and: with his Ahare of the provifions. Some others alfo withdrew from the circle with their pors tions, becaufe they conld neither eat nor drink in his majefty's prefence: but there were others of an inferior rank, of both fexes, who both eat and drank before himo Sooniafterwards; the greater part of them weat awayy carrying with them. what they had not ate of their fare of the feall. It is worthy of remarl, y thatite ferwants, who difributed the meat and the the ena, delivered it fitting, notwonly to the king, that to : iphe others.

Captai went in conducted water was inland. 1 of Pangin tioned, co ticle he we found ther any he had pool being cleaned s a ter-cafks. 7 ed near the for our ufe. then landed there as ag at an incor tent; ; and I fhore, to di tend all oth occupied in for the fhips to conduet $t]$ flocked from yams, cocoazthat our land thips sere: x Feenou refidi dailir rooofs c ) coonthuan Who mas equa as fcarcely ad

Captain Cook, before he returned on board; went in fearch of a watering-place, and was conducted to fome pands, in one of which the water was tolerable, but it was at forte diftance inland. Being infomed that the fmall ifland of Pangimodooy near which the fhips were ftationed, could better fupply this impostant ar ticle he weat over, to it the next: morning, and found there a pool containing frefher water than any he had met with among thefe iflands. This pool being extremely: dirty, he caufed it to be cleaned; and here it was that we filled our wai ter-calks. The fame mornings aitent was pitched near the houfe which the king had affigned for our ufe The honfes, cattle; and fheep, were then landed, and a party of marines ftationed there as a guard.. The obfervatory was fet up at an inconfiderable diftance fnom the other tent; and Mr King took ap his refidence on fhore, to direet the obfervations, and fuperintend all other neceffary bufinefs. A party was occupied in cutting wood for fuel, and planks for the fhips $;$ and the gunners were apointed to conduet the traffic with the inhabitants, who flocked from all parts of the illand with hogsy yams, cocoa-nuts, and otheriarticles, infomuch, that our land ftation refembled a fair, and our fhips sere remarkably crowided with vifitants. Feenop refiding in our neighbourhoods we had daild feops of his opulence and generofity, by t. cco puance of his valuable donations. PouWho wis equally attentive to us in this refpect. as farcel 2 day paffed without his favouring us. shoter with

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with confiderable prefents. We were now informeds that a perfon of the name of Mareewagee was of very high rank in the ifland, and was treated with great reverence, nayy if our interpreter Omai did not mifunderftand him informers, that he was fuperior to Poulaho himfelf; but that, being advanced in years, he lived in retirement, and therefore was not inclined to pay us a vifit. This intelligence exciting the curiofity of Captain Cook, tie fignified to Poulaho his intention of waiting upon Marcewagee; and the king having agreed to accompany him, they fet out the next morning in the pinnace, Captain Clerke joining them in one of his own boats. F They proceeded to the caftward of the little inles which form the harbour, and then turning towards the fouth, entered a fpacious bay up which they rowed about three miles and landéd amidf a great concourfe of people, who received them with fhouts and acclamations. The crowd inftandy feparated, that Poulaho might pafs, who took ourgentlemen intora fmall enclofure, and changed the piece of cloth he vore, for a new piece, very neatly folded: an old woman affificed in dreffing himg and pit a large mat over his cloth Being now afked wherie Mareewagee was, he faid, to the great furpuife of the gentlementy that he was gone down te the inips. Howevery he requeted thiem to accompany him to a malowe, so whoufe of pablic sefort; and when they came to a large mow (before it, he feated himfelf in thoipath, abrice they, at bisidefive, wallited up to the frov
houfe,

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houfe, and fat down in the front. After waitby the medium of Omai, whether they were to be introduced to Mareewagee? But receiviag no fatisfactory anfwer, and being incliped to fuf pect that the aged chief was purpofely conceal ed from them, they feturned to their beats much piqued at their difappointment, It afterward appeared; that Mareewagee had not beep theres qud-that, in this affair, fome grofs miftakes had been made, Omai either having been mifinform ed, or having nifundeyftood what was told hima concerning the old chief.
The place out gentlemen went to was a, rery pleafant village, delightfully fituated on the banks of the bay or inlet, where moft of the principal perfons of the ifland refida. Jach of thefe has his heure in the midf of a fmall plantation, with a kind of out-houres, and offices for fervants. Thefe plantations are neately fenced round, and in general, have only one entrance: which is by a door faftened on the infide with a propof wood. Between each plaintationt there are public roads and narrow lanes. A confider able part of fome of thefe enclofures is laid out in grafs plots, and planted with fuch things as feem lefs adopted for ufe than for ornament. In fuch other plantations as were not the refidence of perfons of high rank, every article of the regetable produce of the ifland was in great plenty. Near the public roads are fome large houfes, with fpacious grafe-plots before them, which were faid to belong to the king and, are probably

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probably the places where their public meetings aine held.
On Friday the 13 th, about twelve o'clock; Marcewagee came within a fmall diftance of our poft on thore, attended by a great number of people of all ranks. In the courfe of the afternoons the two captains, and others of our gentlemen, accompanied by Feenous went athore to yilit him. They found a perfor fitting under a troe, with a piece of cloth about forty yards long, fpread before him, round which numbers of people were feated. They imagined shat this was the great perfonage, but were unceceived by Teenou, who informed them, that another, who was fitting on a piece of mat, was Mareewagee. To him they were introduced by Feenous and he received them very gracioufly, and defired themto fit down by him. The chief, who fat under the tree, was named Toobou, whom we fhall for the future call Old Toobou, to diftinguifh hins from his namefake, who has been already-mentioned as Captaia Furneaux's friend. Both he and Marcewagee were venerable in their appearance. The latter was flender in his perfon, and feemed to be near feventy years of age. Old Toobou was fomewhat corprient, and almof blind from a diforder in his eyes : he was younger than Mareewagee. Captain. Coof not expeeting on this occafion to meet with two chiefs, had brought on fhore'a prefent for one only: this therefore he was abliged to. divide between them; but, as it happened to be confiderable, both of them appeared to be fatisfied.
fatisfied. bout an ho French horr of a piftol th ket, feemed gentlemen te the large pie fented to $\mathbf{C}$ cocoa-nuts. came on boas alfo vifited C prefent was:n ficiency was Marcew agee fationed on 1 whatever we admiration at crofsicut faw noon, Poulahi him his fon, age. He dine fon, though pi down with hi convenient to $h$ ever he was ph cafe) every oth lable, and few abbin : whereas board, the c ipportunate tol dmitfed at that whe confequem \$ mas foon-5
fatisfied. Our party now entertained them about an hour with the performance of two French horns and a drum : but the firing off of a piftol that Captain Clerke had in his pocket, feemed to pleafe them mof. Before our gentlemen took their leave of the two chiefs, the large piece of cloth was rolled up, and prefented to Captain Cook, together: with a few, cocoa-nuts. The next morning, Old Toobou came on board to return the Captain's vifit: he alfo vifited Captain Clerke; and if our former: prefent was not fuifficiently confiderable, the doficiency was now fupplied. In the mean time, Mareewigee went to fee our people who were: fationed on fhore; and Mr King thewed himwhatever we had ther. He was ftruck with: admiration at the fight of the cattle; and the crofs-cut faw rivetted his attention. - Towards: noon, Poulaho came on board, bringing with him his fon, who was about twelve years of age. He dined with Captain Cook; but the fon, though prefent, was not permitted to fit down with him. The Captain found it very convenient to have him for his gueft; for, whenever he was prefent, (which was frequently the cafe) every other native was excluded from the table, and few of them would continue in the abin : whereas, if neither he nor Feenou were: pa board, the chiefs of inferior rank were very mportunate to be of the dining party, or to be dmitted at that time into.the cabin, which be? the confequently very mach crowded. The ing was foon reconciled to our cookery, and.
whe fond of our wine. He now refided at the matiace near our tent, where he this evening entertained our people with a dance, in which he himfelf, though focorpulent and unweildy, engaged.
On the 1 th, Captain Cook recelved a meffage from Old loobou, importing, that he was defirous of feeing him on Thore. He and O mai accordingly waited on that chief, whom they found fitting, like one of the ancient patriarchs, under the fhade of a tree, with a large plece of cloth the manufacture of the iflands, spread out before him. He defired them to place themfelves by him; after which he told Omai, that the cloth, with foine cocoanuts; and red feathers, conftituted his prefent to CaptainCook. The lorter thanked him for the donation, and afted him to go on board with Bim, Omai, being fent for by Poulaha, now left the Captain, who was informed by Feenous, that young Fatthfaihe, the king's fon, defired to fee him He immediately obeyed the fummons, and found the young prince and Omai feated under a canopy of fine cloth, with a piece of a coarfer kind, feventy-fix yards long, and feven and a half brond, fpread wifore them and under them. On one fade was a quantity of cocon-nuty; and, on the other, a large boars A multitude of people fat round the cloth's and among them was Mareewage, with other perforts of ranli. The Goptain wa requefted to feat himfelf by the puince; and then Otnai informied him that he bidebeen infricied by Powlalio, to tell him, that, nive
as his Mis hoped th heinded is as a certin the prince greed to $t$ dine with young priz or four fuk high rank, thip. Mat of cloth; the fleirts 0 on purpofe rived on bo: to Captain not one af t . moriel of an faid; which five meaning prohibited. prefent, was prefents to th ty by fhowing Captain cond boat had reace others innmed prince followe rewagee, wh fame obeifance to receive; an the old ladies, rarki of refpo

## 1 Vogage to the Pacific Ocran.

as his Majefty anid the Captain were friends, he heped that his fon Fattafaihe might be comprehended in this friend/hip; and that the Captain, as a teftimony of his confent, would accept of the prince's prefent. Captain Coolo readily agreed to this propofal, and invited them all to dine with him on board. Accordingly, the young prince; Old Toobou, Mareewagee, three or four fubordinate chiefs, and two old ladies of high rank, accompanied the Commodore to the of cloth, with fix patches of red feathers on the flirts of it. This drefs was probably made on purpofe for this vifit; for, as foon as he arrived on board, he put it off, and prefented it to Captain Cook. When dinner was ferved up, not one of them would even fit down, or eat a morfel of any thing, asithey were all taboo, they faid; which word, though it has a comprehenfive meaning, generally fignifies that a thing is prohibited. Why they were thus reftrained at prefent, was not accounted for. Having made prefents to them all, and gratified their curiofity by fhowing them every part of the fhip, the Captain conducted them fathores. When the boat had reached the land, aFtenou and feveral others inmediately ftepped out; and the young prince followed them, wasicitled back by Marewagee, who now paid the iheir apparent the tame obeifance which the kinginas aceuftomed to receive; ind when old-Toobeeng and one of the oldladies, had honoured hine the the fame marks of refpeet, he was fuffered to tanda. After

## $1788^{\circ}$ A. Voyage to the:Pacifi Occam.

ter this ceremony, the old people ftepped out of the boat into a canoe, which was waiting to convey them to their place of refidence. Captain Cook was pleafed at being prefent on this occafion, as he was thus.furnifhed with the moft convincing proofs of the fupreme dignity of Poulaho and his fon. By this time, indeed, he had gained fome certain information with regard to the relative fituation of feveral of the chiefs. He now knew, that old Toobou and Mareewagee were brothers. Both of them were men of wery confiderable property, and in high eftimation with the people: Mareewagee, in particular, had obtained the honourable appellation of Motood Tonga, which implies, father of Tonga, or of his country. We alfo now underftood, that he was the 'king's father-in-law, Poulaho having efpoufed one of his daughters, by whom he had young Fattafaihe; fo that Mareewagee was grandfather to the prisce. As for Feenou, he was one of the fons of Mareewagee, and Tooboucitoa was another.

Captain Cook, on his landing, found Poulaho in the houfe adjoining to our tent, who immediately made him a prefent of a quantity of yams and a hog. Towards evening, 2 number of the illanders came, and having feated themfelves in a circle, fung in concert with the mufic of bamboo-drums, which were placed in the centre. Three of them were long onés, and two were fhort. With thefe they Atruck the ground endwife. There were two others that lay fide by fide on the ground, one
of whic tinued t fongs w. tainmen e'clock. we. paim In th mal othes which fo
following country vated, t] growing yond this which ar tions. tent, the flowed ev retires, rock, inte and near are vaft $n$ innumera fpot, but proached, baffle all deavour t of art, w and perfer way, whic fes with a where its being abo

## $A$ Kojage to the Pacife Ocian:

of which was partly folit; on thefe a perfon continued beating with two fticks. They fung three fongs while the Captain ftaid; and the entertainment lafted, after he left them, till ten o'clock. They: burned the leaves of the whar*a palm for:a light.

In the mean time, Mr Anderfon, with feveral others, made an excurfion into the country, which furnifhed him with obfervations to the following effect: Weftward of the tent, the country for about two miles is entirely uncultivated, though covered with trees and bulhes. growing maturally with the greateft vigour. Beyond this a pretty large plain extends itfelf, on which are cocoa-trees, and fome fmall plantations. Near the creek, which runs weft of the tent, the land is perfectly flat, and partly overflowed every tide by the fea.. When the water retires, the furface is feen to confift of coral rock, interfperfed with holes of yellowifh mud; and near the edges, where it is rather more firm, are vaft numbers of little openings, whence iffue innumerable finall crabs, which fwarm upon the fpot, but are fo very nimble, that, when approached, they inftantaneoully difappear, and baffle all the dexterity of the natives who endeavour to catch them. At this place is a work of art, which teftifies fome degree of ingenuity and perfeverance : on one fide is a narrow caufeway, which, gradually increafing in breadth, tifes with a gentle afcent to the height of ten feet, where its breadth is five paces, the whole length being about feventy-four paces. Adjacent to U 2
this
this is kind of a circus, thirty paces in diameter, about one or two feet higher than the eaufeway that joins it $;$ and in the middle of this circus fome trees are planted. On the oppofite fide, another caufeway defcends, which is partIy in ruins, and not above forty paces in length. The whole is built of large coral fones, with earth on the furface, which is overgrown with thrubs'and low trees. From its decaying in feveral places, it is probably of: fome antiquity. It leems to be of no fervice at prefent; whatever may have been itsufe in former times. All the intelligence concerning it, that Mr Ainderfon could procure from the natives, was, that it was called Etchee, and belonged to the kinge of

In the morning of the 16th, Captain Cook and Mr Gore took a walk into the country ; in the courfe of which they met with an opportunity of feeing the whole procefs of making cloth, the principal manufacture of thefe iflands, as well as of many others in the South-Sea. An account of this operation, as performed here, may not improperly be fubjoined The manufacturers, who are of the female fex, take the Ifender ftalks or trunks of the paper-mulberry, which tarely grows more than feven feet in height, and about the thicknefs of four fingers. From thefe ftalks they ftrip the bark, and fcrape off the exterior rind; after which the bark is rolled up, and macerated for fome time in water; it is then beaten with a fquarc inftrument of wood, full of coarfe grooves, but fometimes with a plain one. The operation is often repeated
peated b teveral. bably int texture. pieces be length, are joine glutinous being the large pied vofed of
man f:aing di bark of a the piece furface ar and the t impreffion fraining b the requif They gen broad, at ends, unit pieces have fpare bits $u$ that of th of produci of the kokk nut called, cloth, whi cold drefs ;
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## A Vagage to the Pacifc Occant:

peated by another perfon; or the bark is folded teveral times, and beat larger, which is probably intended to clofe rather than divide its texture. It is then fpread out to dry; the pieces being from four, to fix or feven feet in length, and about half as broad. Thefe pieces are joined by fmearing part of them with the glutinous juice of a berry called stion ; and, after being thus lengthened, they are placed over a large piece of wood, with a fort of flamp, comoffed of a fibrous fubftance, laid beneath them:
ee manufacturers then take a bit of cloth, and 1a ing dipped it in a juice expreffed from the bark of a tree called koika, rub it brifkly over the piece that is making. This leaves upon the farface a dry glofo; and a dull brown colonim and the famp malies, at the fame sime, a flight impreffion. Theis they proceed, joining and fraining by degrees, till a piece of cloth, of the requifite length and breadth, is produced: They generally leave a border, about a foot broad, at the fides, and rather fonger at the ends, unfained. If any parts of the originat pieces have holes, or are too thin, they glue fpare bits upon them, tilh their thicknefs equals that of the reft. Whenever they are defirous of producing a black colour,' they mix the juice of the kokke with the foot procured from an oily nut ealled dooedoce They affert, that the black cloth, which is - tually mot glazed, makes a cold drefs ; but the other, a warm one.

The Commodore and Mr Gore, meeting with Reenow on their return from their excurfioist (4)
$U_{3}$
took him, and another chief, on board to dinner; which being ferved up, neither of them would eat a morfel, alledging that they were taboo avy; but when they found, that, in drefe. fing a pig and fome yams, no avy (water) had been made ufe of, they, both fat down, and eatvery heartily, and drank fome wine, on being affured that there was no water in it. From this circumftance we infeared, that they were at this time, for fome particular reafon, forbidden to ufe water; or that; perhaps they did not like the water we then ufed, it being taken out of: one of the places where the iflanders bathed. The following day, which was the 17 th, was fized upon by Mareewagee fore giving a grand baiva, or entertainment, at which we were all itvited to attend. Before the temporary hut of this chief, near our land ftation, a large fpace had been cleared for that purpofe. In the mornt ing, vaft: numbers of the natives came in from. the couniry, every one of whom bore on his fhoulder a long pole, at each end of which 2 jam was fufpended. Thefe poles and yams being depofited on each fide of the open fpace, or area, formed two large heaps, decorated with fmall fifh of different kinds. They were Mareewagee's prefent to the Captains Cook and Clerke. The neceflary preparations being made, the iflanders began, about eleven o'clock, to exhibit various dances, which they call mai. The band of mufic at firft confifted of feventy. men as a chorus, amidft whom were placed three inftruments that we called drums, though
they d'd cylindrical feet in len 9 man of They are and open three inch of the drui wood is ho df fome dif the natives towards the it, with two as the wrin which meav found, is p the Anergai likewife cha the end, or There we each, in the hands a fin two feet in oblong padd are called pa tions; fuch as on one fide, at the fame i oppofite fide with great qu and twirling terity; with motions, whi bis eis

## A:Vogage to the Pacife Octans.

they d'd not much refemble them. They are cylindrical pieces of wood from three to four feet in length, fome of them twice as thick as: 2 man of ordinary fize, and fome not fo large. They are entirely; hollow, but clofe at each end, and open only by a chink, about the breadth of: three inches; running nearly the whole length: of the drumis. By this opening, the reft of tho wood is hollowed ; which muft be an operation df fome difficulty. Thisinftrument is called by the natives naffo; and, having the chink turned towards them, they fit and beat vigoroully upon: it, with two cylindrical pieces of wood, as thick as the wrift, and about a foot in length; by which means a tude, but loud and powerful: found, is produced. Tiey occafionally varys the fuengri and rate of their beating; and: likewife change the tones, by beating towards: the end, or in the middle of the inftrument. There were four ranks, of twenty-four men each, in the firf dance. There held in thein: hands-a fmall thin wooden inftrument; above two feet in length, refembling in its : fhape an oblong paddle. With thefo initruments, which are called pagge; they made many different motions; fuch aspointing then towards the ground on one fide, and inclining their bodies that way at the fame inftant, ithen flifting them to the oppofite fide in the fame manner: paffing them with great quicknefs from one hand to the other; and twirling them about with remarkable dexterity $;$ with various other manouvres. Theirs motions, which were flow at firft quickened

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2s the drums beat fafter ; and they repeated fentences the whole time in a mufical tone, which were anfwered by the chorus; but; in a fhort time, they all joined, and ended with a fhout. After a ceffation of a few minutes, they began as before, and continued with chort intérvals; upwarde of a quarter of an hour; and then the rear-rank dividing, moved Aowly round each end, met in the front, and formed the firft rank; during which time the whole number continued to recite fentences. The other ranks fucceffively did the fame, till that which was foremof became the rear; and this evolution did not ceafe till the laft rank regained its former fituation. A much quicker dance, though now at firft, was then begun, and they fung for ten minutes, when the whole body, in a two-fold divifion, retreated, and then advanced, forming. yldind of circular figure, which concluded the dance; the chorus retiring, and the drums being removed, at the fame time.
In the fecond dance theree were forty men as t chorus, with only two druims; and the dancers, or rather aetors, confifted of two ranks, thie foremof of which had feventeen perfons; and the other fifteen. Feenou was in the mid. de of the firft rank, which is confidered, on there occafions, as the principle place. They. danced and repeated fentences; with very fhort intervals for half an hour, fometimes תlowly; and at other times quickly, with the highef degree of exactnefs and regularity. Towards the clefe, the rearimank divided, came round, and

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occupied the place of the front, which afterwardé refumed its priftine fituation. This dance being finifhed, the drums were taken away; and the chorus retired, as in the preceding dance.
Three very large drums were now brought in, and feventy men ferved as a chorus to the third dance. This confifted of two ranks; of fixteen men eacl having young Toobou at-their head, who was uplendidly ornamented with a kind of garment covered with red feathers; Thefe, perfons danced, fung, and twirled the pagga; fo as to meet with the continual applaufe of the fpeftatprs, who were particularly pleafed with a motion in which they held the face sfide, as if ralhamed, with the pagge, before it. - Thehindermoftrank clofed before the front one, whichy foon after tefumed its place, as in the firff nad fecond dances: then beginning again, the) ed a triple row, divided, retreated to eacl of the aren; and left the ground in a great op fure clear. Two men rufhing in at that inftant, began to exercife the clubs which they make ufe of in battle. They firf twirled them in their hands; and made circular ftrokes before them with great quicKnefs, managing with fuch fkill, tuat, though they ftood clofe to each other, they never interfered. They fhifted the clubs, with uncommon dexterity; from one hand to the ather; and, after fome time, kneeled down, and made various motions, toffing up thei clubs in the air, and catching them as they fell. Thiey then retired as haftily as they had entered. They had pieces of white cloth about theirheads, faftened

## 186 1 Vogage to the Pacifc Ocran.

fiftened at the crown with a wreati of folliagt round their forcheads.: and, that they might be free from all incumbrance, they had only a very fmall piece of cloth tied round the waint. $A^{i}$
 put kimfelf in a menacing attitudes as if the intended to frike with his weapon at one of the prople in the crowd; at the fame time bending: the knee a litte, and trembling as it were with fury He continued in this pofition near a minute, and then moved to the other fide, where, having food in the fame pofare, he: haftily re-. treated from the area: During all this time, thie dancers who had divided themfelves inta two partie, continued to repeat fomething flowys a and they now came forward, and joined agaity conclading the dartee with general ap ptew . This dance was probably confidered as Ex pital periforminice, as fome of the principal people were engaged in it; one of the drums being beat by Futtafaihe, the king's brother, another by Feenour' and the third by Mareewagee Wimferf.
In the fourth and laft dance, there were forty men as a chorus; with two drumss. The performers were fixty men, arranged in three rows, having twent-forir in front. Before they commenced, wee were eatertained with a preliminary harangue, in which tho whole number maderePponfes to an individual fpeaker. They recited fentences alternately with the chorus, and made with the pagge many quick: motions. They diwided into two parties, with their backs to each other in
other; the prece being fuc clubs, as the dance turns witt terminate Thefe o'clock till who atten who were or ftraggi thoufand, a mile. II in this ente gaihed muc nius and cu fpectators tions, when the pleafurc the fentime cited. Ho ferved our nefs of the and the ex with which In the er bomais or ni the tempora continued th twelve of th fame manng then, whick

## A. Vogage to the Pacife Ocan.

other; formed again, hifted their ranks (as in the preceding dances) divided, and retreated, being fucceeded by two men who exercifed their clubs, as before, after whom came two others; the dancers in the mean time repeating in their turns with the chorus: they then advanced, and terminated the dance.
Thefe amufements continued from eleven o'clock till nearthrec. The numbin of iflanders who attended as fpectators; together with thofe who were round the trading-place at the tiots or ftraggling about, amounted in at leaft ten thoufand, all within the compafs of a quarter of a mile. If, we had underftood swat was fpoicen in this entertuinments, we might probably have gaihed much information with regard to the genius and cuftoms of thefe people. Though the fpectators conftantly applauded the different motions, when well made, a confiderable share of the pleafure they received, feemed to arife from the fentimental part, or what the performers recited. However, the mere acting part well deferved our notice, on account of the extenfivenefs of the plan, the variety of the motions, and the exact unity, eafe, and gracefulneff, with which they were performed. In the evening we were entertained with the bomia, or nightedances, on a large area before the temporary dveling-place of Feenou. They continued three hours; during which time:about swelve of them were performed, nearly in the fame manner as thofe at Hapaee. In two of them, which were performed by women, a pararos:

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## $\Lambda$ Vopge to the Panjfc Ocean.

ty of men came and formed a. circle within theiry. In another, which conlifted of twentyfour men, many motions that we had not before feen, were made with the hands, and met with great applaufe. The mufic was once changed in the courfe of the evening; and, in one of the dances, Feenou himfelf appeared at the head of fifty men: he was well dreffed in linen, and fome fmall pictures were hung round his neck.

Though the whole entertainment was, condueted with better order than could reafonably have been expected, yet our utmoft care and attentife could not prevent our being plundered by the natives, in the moft daring and infolent manner. There was fcarcely any thing which they did not endeavour to fteal. They once, in the middle of the day, attempted to take an mehor from off the Difcovery's bow; but without effect. The only violence of which they mere guilty, was, the-breaking the fhoulderbone of one of our goats; in confequence of which be died foon after. On Wednefday the sith, an iflander got out of a canoe into the Refolution, and tole a pewter-bafon; but being detected, he was purfued, and brought alongfide the fhip. Upon this occafion, three old women in the canoe made loud lamentetions over the,prifoner, beating their faces and breafts with the palms of their hands in a very violent manoer, but without fhedding a teap. This mode of expreffing forrow occafions the mark which moft of thefe people bem on the face, over
over thei inflicted and caufe wound is been mac they cut t ment.

The fat prefents which hat preceding. exhibited tion in ret through th late dance evening, fo at the fam chiefs; an prefent. thent; but, they were f tion. The drum, or $F$ ring the in one, no pe him; and, ftruction, $n$ but a lane, tors from $h$ for playing While th evening exh eft part of $t$ Vol. I.
over their cheok-bones; for the repeated blows inflicted by them on this part, abrade the fkin, and caufe fome blood to flow out; and when the wound is recent, it looks as if a hollow circle had been made by burning. On fome occations; they cut this part of the face with an initrument.

The fame day Captain Cook beftowed fome prefents on Marcewagee, in return for thofe which had been received from that chief the preceding day ; and as the entertainments then exhibited called upon us to make fome exhibition in return, he ordered all the marines to go through their exercife, on the fpot where the late dances had been performed; and, in the evening, fome fire-works were alfo played off at the fame place. The king, the principal chiefs, and a valt multitude of people, were prefent. The platoon firing feemed to pleafe thenr; but, when they beheld our water-rockets, they were filled with aftonifhinent and admirmtion. They did not much regard-the fife and drum, or French-horns, that were playing during the intervals. Poulahe fat behius every one, no perfon being pernitted to fit behind him; and, that his view tright receive no obftruction, none fat immediately before him; but a lane, as it were, was made by the fpectators from him, quite down to the face allotted for playing off the fire-works.

While the natives were in expectation of this evening exhibition, they engaged for the great-: eft part of the afternoon, in wrefling and boxVoL. I. $\quad \mathbf{X} \quad$ ing

## $A$ Voyage to the 'Pacijic Ocean.

ing. When a perfon is defirous of wrefling he gives a challenge by croffing the ground in a kinc. of meafured pace, and clapping fmartly on the elbow joint of one arm, which is.bent, and fends forth a hollow found. If no opponent fteps forth, he returns and fits down; but if an antagonift appears, they meet with marks of the greateft good nature, generally finiling, and deliberately adjufting the piece of cloth that is faftened round the waift. They then lay hold of each other by this cloth, and he who fuc--ceeds in drawing his opponent to him, inftantly endeavours to-lift him upon his breaft, and threw him on his back; and if he can turn round with him in that pofition two or three times, before he throws him, he meets with great applaufe for his dexterity. If they are more equallj matched, they quickly clofe, and attempt to throw each other by, entwining their legs, or raiing each other from the ground; in which ftruggles they difplay an extraordinary exertion of frength. When one of them is thrown, he immediately retires; while the conqueror fits down for near a minute, then rifes and goes to the fide from which he came, where the victory is proclaim. ed aloud. After fitting for a fhort time, he rifes again, and challenges; and if feveral antagonifts appéar, he has the privilege of choofing which of them he pleafes to engage with : he may alfo, if he fhould throw his competitor, challenge again, till he himfelf is vanquifhed; and then the people on the oppofite fide chant the fong of victory in favour of their champion.

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It frequently happens, that five or fix rife from each fide, and give challenges together; fo that it is not uncommon to fee feveral fets engaged on the field at the fame time. They preferve great temper in this exercife, and leave the font without the leaft difpleafure in their countenarf ces. When they find that they are too equat ly matched, they defift by mutual confent; and if it does not clearly appear which of them has had the advantage, both fides proclaim the virtory, and then they engage again. But no otis, who has been vanquilhed, is permitted to engage a fecond time with his conqueror.

Thofe who intend to box, advance fide-ways, changing the fide at every pace, having one arm Aretched out before, the bther beinid; and holding in one hand a piece of cord, which they wrap clofely about it, when they meet with an opponent. This is probably intended to prevent a diflocation of the hand or fingers. Their blows are dealt out with great quekisefs and activity, and are aimed principally at the head. They box equally well with eitber hand. One of their moft dexterous blows is, to turn round on the heel, juft aft theg have ftruck their ad verfary, and to give him another pretty violent blow with the other hand backward. In boxingmatches, unlefs a perfon ftrikes his antagonift to the ground, they never fing the fong of victory; which thews, that this diverfion is lefs approved among them than wreftling. Not on1y boys engage in both thefe exercifes s but it not unfrequently happens, that little girls box X 2

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 A Voyage to the Pacife Ocean.with great obitinacy. On all thefe occafions; they do not confider it as any difgrace to be overcome; and the vanquifhed perfon fits down with as much indifference as if he had never engaged. Some of our people contended with them in both exercifes, but were generally worfted.
Captain Cook intending to leave behind hin fome of the animals he had brought, thought proper to make a diftribution of them before his departure. He therefore, on the igth, affembled the chiefs before our houfe, and marked out his intended prefents to them. To the King he gave a bull and a cow $;$ to Mareewagee, 2 cape rum and two ewes; and to Feenou: a horfe and a mare. He infructed Omai to tell them, that no fuch animals exifted within feveral months fail of their ifland; that we had brought them, with a great degree of trouble and expence, for their ufe; that, therefore, they ought not to kill any of them till they had multiplied confiderably; and, finally; that they and their pofterity ought to remember, that they had received them from the natives of Britain. Omai alfo explained to them their refpective Mes, as far as his limited knowledge in fuch points would permit his The Cap:ain had intended to give old Toobou two or three goats; but finding that chief indifferent about them, he added them to the fhare of Poulaho. It foon appeared, that fome of the natives were diffatisfied with the allotment of our animals; for the next morning, two of our turkey-cocks; and being determined to get them reftored, feizid on three canoes that were alongtide the fhips; then went on thore, and having found his majefty, his brother, Feenou, and fome other chiefs, in our houff, he immediately appointed a guard over them, and intimated to thein, that they malt continue unider reftraint, till not only the turkeys and the kid, but the other things of which we had been plundered at various times, were reftored to us. They affured him, that the things in queftion fhould all be returned; and then fat doivn to drink kava, with an ap pearance of unconcern. Soon afterwards, an axe, and ant iron wedge, were brought to us. Some armed natives, in the mean time, begain to affemble behind the houfe; but they difperfed when a part of our guard marched againft them; and the chiefs at the infligation of the Commodore, gave orders that no more thould appear. When he invited thein to dine with him on board, they readily confented. Some of them having, afterwards objected to Poulaho's going, he rofe up immediately, and declared that he would be the firn nain. Accordingly the chiefs went on board whe Captain dolock. He then conducted them aflore; and, yot long after, the tid and one of the turkeys were reftored to him. On their promifing that the other turkey hould be broughit back the text morning, he releafed both them and the

Captain Cook now walked out with Omai, with a view of obferving how the natives in our neighbourhood fared; for this was the ufual time of their meals. He found that they were, in general, ill fupplied; a circumftance not to be wondered at, fince moit of the yams, and other provifions that they brought with them, were difpofed of to us; and they were unwilling to return to their own habitations, while they could procure any fuftenance near our poft. That particular part of the ifland, where our ftation was, being uncultivated, there were none of the natives who had a fixed refidence within half a mile of us. Thofe therefore who were at our poft, were obliged to live under trees. and bufhes, or in temiporary fheds; and the co-coa-trees were ftripped of their branches, for the parpofe of erecting huts for the chiefs.

Omai and the Captain, in the courfe of their walk, found fix or feven women at fupper together, two of whom were fed by the others. On their afking the reafon of this circumftance, the women replied, taboo mattee. Upon further. enquiry it appeared, that one of them, about two months before, had wafhed the corple of a chief, on which account the was not allowed to handle any food for five months; and that the othen. had performed the fame office to the dead body of a perfon of inferior rank, and was therefore under a fimilar reftrictiom, though not for to long a fpace.

On. Saturday the 2 if, early in the mornin- $0^{-}$ Poulaho came on board to invite Captain Coo.
to ed his to c was after foun ing, ry lo from yams fticks diftan from yams, yams they. each 'They two ba a livin half-w which able. accum fo of b which fifh, fome ro compo! About begun. the firf
to a baiva or entertainment, which he defigned to give the fame day. He had already had his head befmeared with red pigment, in ordew to communicate a red colour to his hair, which was naturally of a dark brown. The Captain, after breakfait, attended him to the fhore, and found the iflanders very bufy in two places, fixing, in a fquare and upright pofition, four very long pofts, at the diltance of near two feet from each other. They afterwards filled up with yams the face between the pofts $;$ and faftened ficks acro. 3 , from one poft to another, at the diftance of every four feet; to prevent the pofts from feparating, by the wieight of the inclofed yams, and alfo to afcend by. As foon as the yams had reached the fummit of the firtt pofts, they continued to faften others to them, till each pile was thirty feet or more in height. 'Lhey placed, on the top of one of the piles 2 two baked hogs ; and, on the top of the other, a living one: and they tied another by the legs half-way, up. The facility and difpatch with which thefe two piles were raifed, was remarts able. After they had completed them, they. accumulated fome other heaps of yams, and alfo of bread-fruit; on each fide of the area; to which a turtle, and a great quantity of excellent fifh: were added. The whole of this, with fome red feathers, a mat, and a piece of cloth, compofed the king's prefent to Captain Cook About one o'clock the mai, or dances, wers begun. The firft of thefe very nearly refembled the firft that was performed at Mareewigec's if
entertainment.
enitertainment. The fecond was conducted by young Toobou; and in this, four or five women were introduced, who equalled the men in the emactinefis and regularity of their motions. Near the end the perforners divided, in order to leaive room for two champions who exercifed their clubs. In the third dance, which was the laft, two other men, with clubs, exhibited their fill and activity. The dances were fucceeded By boxing and wrefting; and one man entered the lifts with a kind of heavy club, made.from the fiem of a cocoa-leaf, but could meet with no opponent to engage him in to rough a diverfion. Towards the evening, the bemai, or night-dances, begany, in which the king himfelf, apparelled in Englifh manufacture, was a performer: but neither thefe, nor the dances in the day-time, were focapital as thofe of Fenoiu, or Mareewigee. The Commodore, in order to be prefert the whole time, dined on Piore. Poulaho fat down With him, buit neither eat nor drank, which was owing to the prefence of a female, who had been admitted, at his requeft, to the dining party, and who, as we were informed in the fequel; was of fuperior taink to himfelf. This lady had to fooner dined, than the walked up to PoulaHe, who applied his hands to herifeet, after. Which The retired. He immediately dipped his. Bigers into a glafs of wine, and then all her pt Widatsts paid him obeifanec. At his defire fome of our firc-works were played of in the everring; but being damaged, they did-not anfwer tite ex-


No more entertainments being expected on either fide, and the curiofity of the populace being in a great degree fatisfied; moft of them defer ed us the day after Poulaho's Saiva. Still, however, we had thieves among us, and had continual inftances of their depredations.

Some of the officers of both hips, who had made an excurfion into the interior parts of the illand, returned the 22 d of June in the evening; after an ablence of two days. They had taken their mukkets and neceffary ammunition with them, befides feveral finall articles of the favou? rite commodities; the whole of which the nai tives had the dexterity to freal from them, in the courfe of their fhort jounney. Inconvenient confequences were likely to have atueinded this affair; for, when our plundered trevellers returned, they employed Omai, withouteonfulting Captain Cookg to complais to the king of the treatment they had received He, not knowing how the Captain would proceed in this affairy and appreliending that he might again lay him under reftraint, fet off early the next morning, and Feenou followed his example; fo that not a chief of authority now remained near us. The Captain was offended at this bufinefs, and reprimanded Omai for having prefuined to interfere in it. This reprimand induced him to endeavour to bring back his friend Feenou, and he fucceeded in his negociation, by affuring him that no violent meafures, would be purfued to oblige the natives to return what they had ftolen. Trufting to this declaration,

Feenou came back in the evening, and was favourably received. Poulaho alfo favoured us with his company next day.

Upon this occafion the two chiefs very. juftly obferved to Captain Cook, that, whenever any of his people wanted to take an excurfion into the country, they ought to be made acquainted with it, that they might order proper people to attend them, to prevent fuch outrages. . And, had this precaution been taken, it is $n$ nt to be doubted but that a man and his property would have been as fafe here, as in other parts of the more civilized world. Thaugh the Captain did not afterwards endeavour to recover the articles taken upon this occafion, the whole of them were returned, through the interpofition of Feenou, except one muiket, and a few other infignificant articles. By this time alfo, we recovered the tools and other matters, that had been ftolen from our workmen.

On W.ednefday the 25 th of June, two boats, Which Captain Cook had fent in fearch of a commodious channel to fea, returned. The commanders of them reported, that the channel to the north, through which he came in, was imminently dangerous, being full of coral rocks; that there was a good channel to the eaftward, though contracted, in one place, by the fmall iflands; confequently a wefterly wind-would be neceffary to get through it. We had now recruited our fhips, and repaired our fails, and had little more to expect of the produce of the ifland; but, as an eclipfe of the fun was to hap-

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 to $f$ ferv H Cool laho, Moo ther ing $u$ in co They a doz thewe арреа Tal party, and la we we on fhy ho's ho ed to fituated himfel came t the oth prepar bake f ready, king's. went to place, a It belon largihpen on the 5 th of July, the Captain determined to ftay till that time, to have a chance of obferving it.

Having now fome leifure before us, Captain Cook, and a party of us, accompanied by Poulaho, fet out the next morning, in a boat, for Mooa, a kind of village, where he, and the other men of confequence ufually refide. . Rowing up the inlet, we faw fourteen canoes fifhing in company ; in one of which was Poulaho's f They had then taken fome fine mullets, about a dozen of which they put into our boat. They thewed us their whole method of fifhing, which appeared to be an effectual one.

Taking leave of the prince and his fifhing. party, we were rowed to the bottom of the bay. and landed where we had done before, when we went to fee Mareewagee. As foon as we got on fhore, we were conducted to one of Poulaho's houfes; which though tolerably large, feemed to be his private place of refidence, and fituated within a plantation. The king feater himfelf at one end of the houfe, and thofe who came to vifit him, fat down in a femi-circle at the other end. A bowl of kava was immediately prepared for us, and directions were given to bake fome yans. While thefe were getting ready, Tome of us, together with a few of the king's attendants, and Onai as our interpreter, went to take a view of a fiatooka, or burying place, at a fmall diftance from the habitation. It belonged to the king, and confifted of three largifh houfes, fituated on a rifing ground, with

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a fmall one not far off, all ranged longitudinal15. The largett of thie three firt was the middle
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## A Foyage to the Pacific Octan.

udinalmiddle ty-four ce feet. mounts. the tops and the of coral one fide, y carved, e natives here) what that they had been reprefentáts, it is preappeared to
ies had been no tharks of The carved ch had been depofited in d was a grafses were planf thofe called cyprefsind of low pilms outes. fome pravifiour thips, we he country, aters, who would not
not fuffer any of the rabble to follow us, and obliged thofe whom we met upion our progrefs, to fit down while we were paffing; a inark of refpect due only to their fovereigns. The greatof part of the country was cultivated, and moit of their plantations fenced round. Some parts, indeed, lay fallow, and others in a ftate of nature; the latter afforded large quartities of timber.

We found many public and-well beaten paths leading to different parts of the illand. Trä velling here was, indeed, very commodious the roads being excellent, and the country level. We were conducted to feveral pools and fprings: of water, but they were, in general, either brackifh or ftinking.

In the duik of the evening, we returned from ${ }^{\dagger}$ our walk, and found our fupper in readinefs. It confifted of fome fin and yams, and'a bakede. hog, in which all the culinary arts of the in had been difplayed. There being nothity, amufe us after fupper, we lay down to fleep, ae. cording to the cuftom of the country, on mats fpread upon the floot, and had a covering of cloth. The king, who became happy with wine and brandy which we had brought, alfo fopt in ${ }^{\text {s }}$ the houre, as did feveral othiers of the natives? Before day-break; they all rofe; and entered fint to converfation by moon-light. As fooh as it was day, they difperfed different ways, but it ${ }^{t}$ was not long before they all returned, accomph: nied by feveral of their conntriymen.
While thoy were prepaindig a bant of katas Vol. I.

Captain Cook went to pay a vifit to Toobou, Captain Furneaux's friend, who had a houfe not far diftant, which for fize and neatnefs was hardly exceeded in the place. Here alfo we found a company preparing a morning draught. The chief made a prefent to the Captain of a living $\log _{2}$ and one that was baked; alfo a quantity of yams, and a large piece of cloth. Returning to the king, we found him and his attendants drinking the fecond bowl of kava. That bufinefs being performed, he informed Omai that he was going to perform a mourning ceremony, called tooge, in memory of a fon who had been some time dead, and defired us to accompany him. Naturally expecting to fee fomewhat new or curious, we readily complied with the requeft.
The king fepped out of the houfe, attended by twoold women, and put on a new cloathover which were placed an old ragged mat, h. might probably have ferved his grandfather upon a fimilar folemn occafion. His attendats were habited in the fame manner, excepting that, in point of autiquity, none of their mats could vie with that of their mafter. Thus equipped, we marched off preceded by eight or ten perfons in the fame uniform, each of them having likewife a green bough about his neck Puulaho, who held his bough in his hand till he approached the place of rendezvous, then aljo put it about his neck. We now entered a frall inclofure, wherein was a neat houfe, and a man fitting before it. As the company enter-

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## $A$ Vogage to the Pacific Occah.

ed they took the branches from their neeks, and threw them away. The king feated himfelf, and the others fat before him in the ufual manner. By the arrival of other perfons, the circle increafed to upwards of an hundred, pripcipally old men, all dreffed in the manner above defcribed. The company being affembled, a large root of kava was produced by, one of the king's fervants, and a capacious bowl that would contain five or fix gallons. Many perfons now began to chew the root, and the bowl was filled with liquor up to the brim Others were employed in making drinking-cups of plaintain leaves The firft cup that was filled, being prefented to the king, he ordered it to be given to- another perfon; the fecond was alfo prefented to him, and he drank it; the third was ofo fered to Captain Cook. Aterwards a cup was given to feveral others, the lill thor was cxthautted; and, though not half the company partook of ir, no one appeared in the leaft fatisfied. Each cup, as it was emptied, wha thrown upon the ground whence it was taken up, and carried to be filled again. All this time the chief, and his whole circle, fat with a great deal of gravity, hardly fpeaking a fyllable to each other.

All this while we were in expectation of feeing the mourning ceremony begin, when to our great furprife, as foon as the kava was drank out, chey all rofe up; and difperfed; and Poulaho informed us, he was now ready to attend us to the fhips.

We had fometimes feen the drinking of kava
at other illands, but no where fo frequent as here. The kava is a fpecies of pepper, which they iefteem a valuabie article, and cultivate for this purpofe, carefully defending the young plants from any injury $;$ and it is ufially planted about their hoifes. It does not often exceed the height of a man, though they are fometimes feen much higher. It has large heart-hhaped leaves, and jointed ftalks.

Only the root of the lava is ufed at the Friendly Ihands: after being dug up, it is giyep to the fervants, who, breaking it in pieces, frrape the dirt off, and each chews his portiop, which he afterwards fits into a piece of planthin leaf. Thofe, who are to prepare the liquor, collect thefe mouthfuls together, and depotit. them in a large wooden bowl, adding a fufficient quantity of water to make it of a proper ffrength. It is then well mixed up with the hands, and wrung hard, in order to make it - Doductive of as much liquid as poffible.

- About a quarter of a pint of this beverage is ufuelly put into each cup. It has no perceptible effeet upon thefe people, who ufe it fo frequentsy; but, on fome of ours, it operated like our fpirits occafioning intoxication, or rather fupefaction.

The mourning ceremony being over, we left Moo,2, and fet oution our return to the thips. Rowing down the inlet, we met with two canoes retu: ning from fifhing. Poulaho ordered them to approach him, and took from them every fifh and fhell. He afterwards ftopped two other canoes,

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eanoes, fearched them, and found nothing. He gave us fome of the fith, and the reft were fold by his fervants on board the thip. Proceeding *lown' the inlet, we.overtook a large failing canoe, when every perfon on board her fat down till we had paffed; even the man who fteered, though he could not poffibly manage the helm, but in a fanding pofture.

Having been informed, by Poutahoand others, that there was fome good water at Onevy, a fimall ifland, about a league off the mouth of the inlet! we landed there, in order to tafte it, and found it to be extremely brackih. This ifland fs quite in's natural ftate, and only frequented as a fifhing-place; having nexily the faume productions as Paimerifon's Iffand.:-
$\therefore$ When we returned to the thip, Captain Cook was informed that every thing had been quiet cluring his abfences not a fingle theft having been committed; of wl:ch, Feenou and Fut tafaihe, the King's brothery, who liad underta ken the management of his countrymen in tive Captain's ablence, boafted not a hittle. This evisces what power the chief have when they are inclined to execute it $;$ which is not often to be expected; for whatever was folen from us, weds generally conveyed to them.

The next days fix or eight of the natives atfaulted fome of our people who wexe fiwing planks; in confequence of which the were fred on by the fentry; one of them was fup: poied to be wounded, and three were taken, The latier were confined, till night, when they

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 A Voyage to the Pacific Occan. were punifhed, and fet at liberty. After this, their behaviour was yery decent and circumfpect; occationed, as we imagined, by the man being wounded: for, till this time, they had only beard of the effect of fire-arms, but now they had falt it. We were not miftaken in our conjecture, for Mr King, and Mr. Anderfon, in an excurfion they took into the country, met with the very man, and found indubitable marks of his having been wounded with a mufket-ball.Nothing worthy of notice happened at the fhips for two days; we fhall therefore fill up that interval with an account of Mr Anderfon's excurfion, above-mentioned. On Monday the 3oth of June; Mr King, and he, accompanied Futtafaine as vifitors to his houfe, which is not far from that of his brother. Poulaho; at Mooa. Soon after they arrived, a largith hog was killed, which was effected by repeated ftrokes upon the head. The hair was then curioufly fcraped off, with the fharp edge of pieces of fplit bamboo, and the entrails taken out by the fame fimple inftrument. Previous to this, an oven had been prepared, which is a large hole dug in the earth, the bottom of which is covered with ftones, about the fize of a man's fift, which are made red hot by kindling a fire over them; then they wrapt up fome of thefe ftones in leaves of the bread-fruit tree, with which they filled the hog's belly ; fuffing in a quantity of leaves to. prevent their falling outs and thrufting ai plug of the fame kind in the anus. This being done, the carcafe was placed upon fome aticks laid a-.

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fed the xiv 5 ing able At toa-1 nate havi not mool were $\mathrm{O}_{1}$ bakec fome yams. the $m$ mann Tho' the $w$ took a partak tafaihe morfel

Din and $h$ Poulah They 1 of the Upon rcume man had it now in our fon, in $y$, met e marks cet-ball. 1 at the fill up derfon's nday the mpanied ch is not at Mooa. was killkes upon y fcraped plit bamfame fimoven had. lug in the red with which are hem; then leaves of filled the leaves to ing à plug eing done, cks laid acrofs
crofs the fones, and covered with plantzinleaves. The earth was afterwards dug up all round; and the oven being thus effectually clofed, the operation of baking required no further aid.

They afterwards amufed themfelves by walking about the country, but faw nothing remarkable, except a fiatooka of about thirty feet high. At a fmill diftance, there was a number of e-toa-rrees, on which were vaft quantities of Tirnate bats, making a moft horrible noife. Not having their mulkets at that time, they could not kill any of them, but fome, taken at Annamooka, meafured almoft a yard, when the wings were extended.

On their return to Futtafaihe's houfe, the baked hog was produced, accompanied with fome cocoa-nuts, and feveral baikets of baked yams. The perfon who prepared the hog in the morning, now cut it up in a very mafterly manner, with a knife made of fplit bamboo. Tho' the weight of it was at ieaft Gfty pounds, the whole was placed before them; when they: took a fmall part, and defired the reft might be partaken of by the people fitting round. Futtafaihe could hardly be prevailed upon to eat a morel.

Dinner being ended, they went, with him, and his attendants, towards the fpot where Poulaho's mourning ceremony was performed. They faw nothing but a kind of continuation of the fame folemn rites, by way of condoience. Upon enquiring upon whofe account it was now tranfacted,
tranfaeted, they were informed, that it was in memory of a chief who had long fince died at Vavaoo; that they had practifed it ever fince, and fhould continue to do fo for a confiderable length of time to come.
They were entertained, in the evening, with a pig for fupper, dreffed like the hog, and, like that, accompanied with yams and cocox-nuts. When the fupper was over, a large quantity of cloth was brought for them to fleep in; but they were difturbed in their repofe, lay a fingular inftance of luxury, in which their men of confequence indulge themfelves; that of being thumped or beat while they are afleep. Two women, who fat by Futtafaihe, performed this operation, which they call tooge, tooge, by ftriking his body and legs, with both fifts, till he fell afleep, and, with fome intervals, continued it the whole night. The perfon being faft afleep, they. abate a little of the ftrength and brifknefs of the beating; but, if they obferve any appearance of his awakening, they refume it. In the morning they were informed that Futtafaihe's women relieved each other, and went alternately to fleep... Such a practice as this, in any other country, woild be fuppofed to be defructive of all reft ; but here, it operates like an opiate, and ftrongly thews what habit may effect.

They fet out with Futtafaihe the next moming, and walked to the point; down tlie eaf-fide of the bay. The country all along this fide appeared to be well cultivated, but not to much

## 1 Voyage to the Pacific Ocean.

inclofed as at Mooa. They found, that in typvelling, Futtafaihe exercifed a power, which fhewed the great authority the principal men ane invefted with. To one place he femt for filh; and to another, for yams; and his ordess were as readily obeyed, as if he had been abfolute mafter of all the people's property.

They crofled the bay, in the evening, to their ftation, in a canoe procured by Futtafaihe; by exercifing his authority in calling to the firft that appeared; he ad alfo a large hog at this place, and wanted them to accept of a bundle of cloath; but, the boat being fmall, they objected; and he ordered it to be taken to them the next day. Thus ends Mr Anderfon's account of his excurtion.

Captain Cook had prolonged his ftay at this ifland; on account of the approaching eclipfe; bur, on looking at the micrometor, ion the 2 d of July) he found fome accident had happened to it, and that it was renclered ufelefs, till repaired; which could not be done kefore the time it was intended to be ufed. We therefore got on board, this day, all the cattle and other animals, except thofe that were deftined to remain, The Captain defigned to have left a tur-key-cock and hen, but two hens being deftroyed by accident, and wifhing to carry the breed to Otaheite, he referved the only remaining pair for that purpofe.

We took up our anchor the next day, and moved the fhips behind Pangimodoo, to be ready for the firft favourable wind to take us through
through ie narrows. The king, who was of our company one day at dinner, 1 obferved took particular notice of the plates. This occafioned me to make him an offer of one, either of pewter or of earthen ware. He chofe the firft; and then began to tell us the feveral ufes to which he intended to apply it. Two of them are fo extraordinary, that I cannot omit mentionung tw. . He faid, that whenever he fhould have occafion to vifit any of the other iflands, he would leave this plate behind him at 'Tongataboo, as a fort of reprefentative, in his abfence, that the people might pay it the fame obeifance they do to himfelf in perfon. He was afked what had been ufually employed for this purpofe before he got this plate; and we had the fatisfaction of learning from him, that this fingular honour had been conferred on a wooden bowl in which he wained his hands. The other extraordinary ufe to which he meant to apply it in the room of his wooden bowl, was to difcover a thief. He faid, that when any thing was folen, and the thief could not be found out, the people were all affembled together before him, when he wathes his hands in water in this veffel; after which it was cleaned, and then the whole multitude advanced, one after another, and touched it in the fame manner that they touch his foot, when they pay him obeifance. If the guilty perfon touched it, he died immediately upon the fpot ; not by violence, but by the hand of Providence; and if any one refufed to touch it, his refufal

- was n.clear proof that he was the man. In the morning of Saturday the 5 th of July, the day of the eclipfe, the weather was cloudy, with fome thowers of rain. About nine o'clock, the fun broke out at fmall intervals for about half an hour, but was totally obfcured juft before the beginning of the eclipfe. The fun again appeared at intervals till about the middle of the eclipfe; but was feen no more during the remainder of the day, fo hat we could not ohferve the end. This diappointment was the lefs to be lamented, as the longitude was fufficiently determinied by lunar obfervations.

The eclipfe being over, we packed up the inftruments and every thing was conveyed on board. None of the natives having taken any care of the three fheep allotted to Mareewagee, the Commodore ordered them to be carried back to the fhips. He was apprehenfive; that if they had been left there, they would probably be deftroyed by dogs. Thefe animals did not exift upon the ifland in 1773 , when the Commiodore firft vifited it ; but there is now a plenty of them; partly from the breed left by him, and partly from fome imported from an ifland; called Feejee. At prefent, however, the dogs have not got into any of the Friendly Iflands, except Tongataboo.
Mr Anderfon has given us the following defrription of this ifland. Amfterdam, Tongatabuo, or Tonga' (as it is fometimes called by the natives) is about twenty leagues in circumference, rather oblong, though broadcft at the eaft end, and its greateft length is from eaft to

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 $A$ Voyage to the Pacific Ocean.weft. The fouth Thore is ftraight, confifting of coral rocks of about eight or ten feet high; terminating perpendicularly, except in fome few places, where there are fandy beaches. The weft end is about five or fix miles broad and has a fhore like that of the fouth fide; but the north fide is environed with fhoals and iflands; and the eaft fide is, moft probably like the fouth.

This illand may, with propriety, be called a low one; the anly eminent part, to be obferved from a fhip, is the fouth-eaft point, though many gently rifing and declining grounds are perceivable by thefe who are on thore. Though the general appearance of the country does not exhibit that beautiful kind of landfcape, produced by a variety of hills and vallies, rivulets, and lawns, yet it conveys an idea of the moft exuberant fertility. The furface, at a diftance, feems entirely clothed with trees of various fizes: but the tall cocoa-palms raife their tufted heads high above the reft, and are a noble ornament to any country that produces them. The bongoo, which is a fpecies of the fig, is the largett fized tree upon the ifland; and the moft common bufhes and fmall trees, on the uncultivated pots, are the pandanus, the faitanoc, feveral forts of hibifcus, and a few others.

The climate of Tongataboo, from the fituacion towards the tropic is more variable than' in countries far within that line; though that might, perhaps; be occafioned by the feafon of the year, which was now the winter folftice. The winds, are generally from fome point be- The weft nd has a the north ands ; and efouth. ie called a e obferved hough mads are per Though ry does not lfcape, proes, rivulets, of the molt t a diftance, of various their tufted a noble orduces them. he fig, is the and the moft n the unculthe faitanoc, others. m the fituavariable than' though that the feafon of inter folftice. me: point between
tween fouth and eaf. The wind, indeed, fometimes veers to the north-eaft, or even northweft, but never continues long, nor blows ftrong from thence, though often accompanied with heavy rain, and clofe fultry weather.

The vegetable productions are never fo much affected, refpecting the foliage, as to fhed it all at once; but every leaf, as it falls, is fucceeded by another, which caufes the appearance of univerfal fpring.

A coral rock appears to be the bafis of the ifland, that being the only fort that prefents itfelf on the thore. There was not the appearance of any other ftone, except fome fmall blue pebbles about the fiatookas, and the fmooth black ftone, of which the natives make their hatchets; and thefe have, perhaps, been Brought from other iflands in the neighbourhood. Though, in many places, the coral projects above the furface, the foil is, in mofe parts, of a confiderable depth. In cultivated places, it is, generally of a loofe black colour, feemingly produced by the rotten vegetables.

The principal of the cultivated fruits in this illand, are plantains, of which they have tifteen varieties; the Jambu, and the eeevee; the latter being a kind of plum; and vaft quantities of fhaddocks, as often found in a natural ftate as planted.

Of yams there are two forts; one black, and fo large as to weigh from twenty to thirty pounds; the other white and long, feldom exceeding a pound in weight. There is a large Vor. I. root,

## 24 <br> ATVogat it it Pe Parije Oram:

- root, called kappet, amother like our white potaToes, ealled mawhahaty the taloo, thind the jecjec! , They' have vaft numbers of cococo-ntil thed thic three other fotts of palms. One fy ethed beeto, growing ilmant as high has theicocoantrec, and having very large lewives, platied hice a fan. The bther is a kind of cabbage-tree, muich ree tembling thacocoaj buttrather thicker. A Athird fort' is ealled ongoiongo; it feldom grows higher than five or fix feet. Plenty of excellent fit-gar-cane is cuttivated here, alfo gourds, bamboo, turmeric, and a p pecies of fig, called matte; ; bat the catalogue of uncultivated plamts is too large to be enumicrated.

There are no quadrupeds in this ffland, bot his dogs, and a few rats. Fows of a large breed are domefticated here.

Among the birds, are parrots, and parroquets, cuckoos, king-fifhers, and ${ }^{2}$ 'bird of the thrufh kind, of a dull green colour, which is the only finging bird we could find here; but it compenfates in a great degree, for the want of 0 thers, by the force and melody of its voice.
Among the other land birds, are rails about the fire of a pigeon, of a variegated grey colour; 2 black f t : t with reddifh eyes; latge violet toots, with red bald croivns; two forts of fly ceatchers; * fmall fwallow ; and three forts of pigeons.

Of water-fowl, are the ducks feen at Annamooka'; tro ic birds; blue and white herons; noddies; white terns; a new Ypecies of a leaden eolour: 2 fmall blurith curtem: and a large Spoted plower:

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d parroquets, of the thrufh h is the onty but it compe want of 0 its voice. are rails about dgrey colour; géviolet coots, ffy catchers; of pigeons. feen at Annawhite herons; ecies of al lead7 : and a large
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Ampare the animale of the reptilè or infect
 ahout three fiot long with alterng black and, whim cisc/e t fope forpions, and centipedes: 2foigreap, guanoet, obout aightoen incher long. and two fmoller forts, Here are foma beautin ful moths and butterfies, and fome very- largos fpiderss together with others, making in the whole, about fifty different farts of infects
Though ther fea aboundo with fith, the varipty is lef than might be imagined thofe ja the greateif plenty ate mullens, flver- 6 ioh, old wives, paprot-fifh, folese leather-jackets, albicores, bonneton, ecil like thofe about Palmer. foon's Inand, rayes, $a$ fart of pire, and foma devil-fifo.
IThere are an endlef variety of fhell filh a Lut the reefs and fhoals; among, which are the hain. mer oyfter: ; large indented oyfter, and many Qthers; bat none of the common fort; 2 gigantic cockle; panamas; cones; pearl-1hell oyfters, Eoi: Alfo feveral forts of fea-eggs; many currious ftar-fifa; crabos cray-file Ers. and foveral forts of fpunge.
Though we were now: ready to fail, we had not fufficient day-light to turn through the marrows; the morning flood falling out too earlys? and the evening thood too late. Wie; were therefore under a neceffity of waiting two or three 'days, unles we, fhould be fortunate enough to: have a leading wind.
This delay gave us an opportunity to be prefent at a public folemnitys to which the king, $\mathrm{Z}_{2}$. had

## A Vajage to the Pacijic Orean.

hod invited us, and which was to be performied on the 8th. He and all the people of comfegivence gepaired to Mooa on the 7 ih, where the foleinnity was ta be exhibited. Several of us followed them the next morning Ioulato had informed tis that his for was now to br initiated into certain privileges s one of which was, that of eating with his father; an bounour he had not hitherto enjoyed.

About eight oflock in the morning we arrivedgt Mooa, where' we found the ling, with a nusiber of attendants fitting before binh, within a fmall dirty enclofurce. They were', as ufual, bufied in preparing a bowl of kavi. As this was not liquor for us, we went to pay \& vifit to $\mathrm{f}^{-4}$ - of our friends, and to obferve what prephations were making for the ceremony, which was foon expected to begin.
A bout ten oclock, the people affembled in a large area: before the maloee, or great houfe. At the end of a road, opening into this area, ftood feveral men with fpears and clabs, inceffantly reciting fhort fentences, in mournful accents, which conveyed an idea of diftrefs. This was continued about an hour; during which time, many people came down the road, each having a yam tied to the middle of a pole, which they laid down before thofe who continued repeating the fentences. At length, the king and prince arrived, and feated themfelves upon the area; and we were requefted to fit down by them, to take off our hats, and to untic our hair. The bearers of the yams having all entered,


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Photographic Sciences
Corporation

reved, eseli pole was taken $p$ between two men, who camred it over their houlders. They a fin terwerd formed themferves into companiegop? ten oe thelve cichy aud marched acrofs, the plyce, nthe a spid price each company headed by tipe wh had a chet or fpear, and defented onth if t, b/ 11 others, armed with3 diluper ens 480 ut two hundred and 6ifte perme whed it the proceffion, which wasictor $x \rightarrow$ midying on a perch a llive ligap-ct 4 and 0
 elier w, th th 7 .
 give ut the infortati n w weguired, fome of oris, tienvere, follownd the proceffion, feemingly contanyforbit ig smant
They whed beftrea wor fatook of one houte fowith uppa almoutt, about a quarteri of iamile frow bere thififift affembled:I Hero: they depointed tio ysmed ad gutigred then in to bandees but for whe purpoif, We codeld thot
 ithem offorec or uneafintf, we quinted them! and yeturned io: Poulalog tho yadvifed yo to ai mufe ouflive by, viling about pe nething would be done for th confiderabletime o, ctope fiear of lofing the fight of anyypart of the ecret. monys prewotied ourbing long abfent. Whan we retumed to the king he defired Coptria Caok to onder the bepthate not, to prefume to ftir from the boat, for every thing would, very, foon, be tabo; and if any of our pegplt

## 248. AiVonegt to the Pacije Ocrarn:

or of thair iown, finowld be foem walking about, chough they would certainly be knoeleed down with: clubs is nay mated; that is, billed क् \& He elifo in-1 formed us, that we could not be prefeit at the ceremony: but that ve fhould be placell in fiveli affuation, as to be able to fee everf thing that paffed. Our drefs whe particulay is objocod tox and we were told, that, to qualify ue to beopit fent, we mult be naked 25 low as the hneaft, and pur hats taken offsand our bir, whitiede Omai readily agreed to conform to the pagh fith, find immediately begn to folp but ohier
 ede oqually with curctives.

Not relifhing this refrietion, the Captain fiole out, to fee what might tow be going forward. Very few people, hovere, tore to be fom, cxcepe thofe who were drefted to matend thicictemony; forme having in thicir hand fielt polet, about four feet in leitged, te the that pert of which were fiftened tion or three other fmall ficks, about fix inches long- thefe mee were going towaris, the morai, Coptain Cooktoblk the fame road, and vas froquently Aopped by them, all crying out tuda. Hiowever he ved tured ta sp forward till he came in fight of ther mart, and of atie people fitting boficol.the wa Hon Aro blyurged ta go thek, ind, not ka, wing whe mi, beithe comf 1 ereer of a echpit he pompliod, Fe had olfermed, that thef , tho a ried the polet, pefiedithe mow $\%$ aid igiefing from this circumítance that foure thinge wha tranfacting beyond lit het had fomo tole
thoughts
this pur by thire putting fhake: lans, wh afterwai but he whe hat hish. +1 came wi La orim people n juft befo which th he could pany fre thither, Then tisured in thayiquit of in pro pair carry poles on 1 that the f poles; we they were atically. placed on polty iss if the weigh they alt This proct
A Fyyeve the Paiffc Otato.
thoughts of advancing by making a round for this purpofe ; but he wai fo harrowly obferyed; by three men, that he had ro opportunity of puxing his defign ith enecution. In order to Thake off thefe fellows, he returned to the mo: laots where he had parted from the ling and afterwards rimade an lopement a fecond time. Gut he infiantly met with the fame three men; whe had doubelefs reecived iniftrudions to watch hith. He paid no atfention to them, cill het came wilhin fight of the kinge principil fatowe tha or morai, before wioh a great number of people were fitting beisig thofe whom he hat juAt before feen pafs by the other morai, from: which this was but a litile diftant. Seeing that he could obferve the proceedings of thie company' from the king's plantation, he repaired thither, accompanied by feveral of his people. The number of perfons at the fatoith, cont timed increafing for fome time ; and at lengthy theyiquitted their fitting poffure, and marchech off in proceffion. They wallied ir pairs, evers pair carrying between them, one of the fmall poles on their ftioulders. © We were informed, that the fmall pieces of licks, faftened to the poles, were yams $s$ it is therefore poobable, that: they were meant to reprefent this root emblentatically. Whe hindmoft man of each couples placed one of his hands to the middle of the polt, as if it were not frong lenoughtite caty the weight that hung to it; and undec which they alt feomed to bend, as they procoeded. This proceffion confifted of one huridredizadt
eight
eight pairs，and principally men of rank． Ha － ving feen them all pafs，we repaired to Pou－ laho＇s houfe，and faw him going out．We were not permitted to follow him；but were immediately conducted to the place alloted to us，behind a fence adjoining to the area of the factooka，where the yams had been depofited in the morning．

Arriving at our ftation．we faw two or three hundred people，fitting on the grafs，near the cad of the road opening into the area of the whai；and others were continually joining them． At length，arrived a few men，each carrying fome fmall poles and branches，or leaves of the cocoannut tree．As foon as they appeared，an old man feated himfelf in the road，and pro－ thounced a long oration in a ferious majeftic tone． Fie then retired，and the others advancing to the middle of the area，began to erect a fmall Hied or hat 3 employing，for that purpofe，the materialsalready mentioned．Their work being finimed，they all fquatted down，for a moment， before it，then rofe up，and joined the reft of the company．Poulaho＇s fon arrived foon af－ ter，preceded by four or five men：After them： appeared about twelve or fourteen women of the firt rank，advancing fowly in pairs，each： pair carrying between them a narrow piece of： white cloth，about two or three yards in length． They approached the prince，fquatted ddwn be－ fore him，and wrapped fome of the pieces of the cloth round his body；they then rofe epp und retired in the fame order，to fome dinanger on尚教多

## 1. Voage to te Pacifc Ocain.

 labo now made hie ppearance, preceded by four men, walking two and two abreaft, and. fitdow on his fon's left hand, at a fmall diftance froin him. The young prince then quitted his firt pofition, and ieated himfelf under the Ahed, with his attendants $\}$ many others placed themfelves on the grafs before this royal canopy. The prince fat facing the people, with hii back to the morai. Threc companies of about ten or a dozen men in each, tarted up from among the crowd, foon after each of her, adds running baftily to the oppofite fide, hat down for few feconds; and then returned in the fame manier, to their former ftations. To them fucceeded two men, each having a fmill green branck in bis hand, who rofe and advanced towarde the prince, fitting down, for a few feconds, threedifferent times as they approached, and retired in the fame manner, inclining their branches to each other as they fat. After wards two other repeated the fame cereitony The grand proceffion, which marched from the other morai, now began to come in. As they entered the area, they proceeded to the right of the Thed, and having proftrated themfelves on the grafs, depofited their pretended heavy burthens, (the poles), and faced round to the prince. They then rofe up, and retired in the fame order, clofing their hands with the moft ferious afpect, and feated themfelves along the front of the area. While $t$ humerous band were entering, and depofting their poles,
## 

## wive

 in) gra Sin th ta upio Whth finftead ryterex Mápe the prin pitcedit the king difutife Hinh \$it fint 4 There tothe the doficter We thcideded
4y bred ano then Conmodores exanined themp; andt Tof ded thatit to the middle of dachs two or three small nieks ere tied $x$ as her boen related. They Tare. probobly, iutended as oorly antifcial repretfritation of flnall rame

- Our fuppet, confining of fifi and yans, was. gor pendy abour feven o'chock. The king fupped, with ub, and drank fo freely of brand y and waten, thec: he retiredito bed with a fufficient: dofer. We gontinued the whole nighe int the: fame hooff with him and his attendonte.
 hade er boolafter which, a woman, one of thofos:

paring: a were intir to our the va arinke We ral ot ther morning. Returnitg a retired h mis oh his arofe 'again again lay and waitey


## mantiage to the Pacjo. Oceann.

whio getitrally attetided upon the chief, tanie
 ghthe fint opertion whish had been practif
 wh the clinched fifts, on the thighs. This, inftead bf wating to his fopole, had the contra.
 ry eatect, and tre wrote.
sacaptain Cool and Onialinow paid autit to the printee, who had parted from us etaly thit preceding evenlig; for he aid not lodge with the king, but in apartments of his own, at fome
 vilm with a circle df boys, about his own ago, fing Gefore tim; and an old man and women. Where were oftiers of both fexcs, employed $x$ What their neceffary aftairs, who probably, te dodived to his trourehold.

- We then returned to the king whi hida crovad levee before him, confirting primghe 4y of tid men. While a bowl of zava was ${ }^{2}$ paring, a baked hog and yams, frioling tiot were introduced; the greatef part of which fell to our thare, for theee people efpecially the kava trinkers, eat very little in a morning.
We afterwards walked out, and viffed feveral other chiffs; all of whom were takfing their motning dranght, or they had already taken tit. Retarnitg to the king, we found him afteep ip. 2 retred hut, with two women zappigg or frikmin this breach. About eleven oclock he arofe again, and ate fome firh and yams, and again lay down to fleep. We now lefthim, and waitey on the prince, with a pretent of cloth,


## 4 Vogage na the Pacife Ocan.

cloth, beads and other articles. There was a fufficient quantity of cloth to make him a complete fuit, and he was immediately clad in his new habilements. Proud of his drefis, he firt went to exhibit himfelf to his father, and then conducted Captain Cook to his mother, with whom were about a dozen other, women of a yery; refpeftable appearance. Here the prince changed his apparel, and made Captain Cook a prefent of tivo pieces of the cloth which had been manufacured in the inand.
i. If was now about noon, when, by appointment, the Captain repaired to the palace to dinner; which was foon after ferved up, and congifted of two pigs and fome yams. The dronfy monarch was roured to partake of what he hed appointed for our entertainment, Two mullets; and fonve fhell-fifh, were introduced, as if intended for his, feparate portion. But he added it to our fare, fat down with us, and made a yey heury meal.
1 Wher being over, we were informed that the creemony would foon begin, and were frictly enjoined not to venture out. The Commodore had refolved, however, to peep no longer from behind the curtain, but, if poffible, to mix, with the actors themfelves. With this view he walked to wards the morai, the feene of the folemnity. He was frequeprly defired to return, bnt he paid no regaid to the admonitions he received, and was permitted to pafs on. When arrived at the morai, he faw a number of men feated on the fide of the aren. A few

## 4. Vorage to the Pacific Oran.

ere was a im a comclad in his fs, he firt , and then ther, with omen of a the prince in Cook a which had

7 appointace to din, and conhe drgery lat he had o myllets; , as ifinhe added id made a
rmed that vere frict-Commono. longer offible, to $h$ this view ne of the red to reInonitions pals on. a number A few were
were alfo fitting on the oppofite fides and two men in the middle, with their faces turned to the morai. When Captain Cook had got inito the midft of the firt company, he fas defred to fit down, which he accordingly did. Where he fat, there were lying a number of fmall bundles, compofed of cocoa-nut-leaves, and faftened to fticks made into the form of hand-barrows. All the information he could get concerning them was, that they were taboo. From time to time, one or another of the company turned to thofe who were coming to join us; and made a thort freech, in which we remarked, that the word arefkee, (king) was generally mentioned. Something was faid by one man that produoed loud burfts of laughter from all ajound, others of the, feakers, were alfo much applauded. The Captain was frequently defred to leave the place; but, de length, find ing him determined to ftay, they requefted himy to uncover, his thoulders as theirs were., This he readily complied with, and then thet no longer feemed uneafy at his prefence.

The prince, the women, and the kin length appeared, as they had and the king, at ing day. The prince being placed under the thed, two men, each with a; piece of mat, came, repeating fomething in a very ferious ftraing and put them about him. The people now began their operations, and different companies ran backwand and forward acrofs the area, 23 . two men, in the middle of the reas made: thort

Short fpeech, and then the whole compeny rofe uip, and placed themfelves before the thed in which tho prince, and three or four men were fented. Onie of the company who feemed very deffirous of obliging Captain Cook, procured him fuch a fituation, that if he could have made ufe of his eyes, nothing could have efcaped him. But it was neceffary to have a demure countenance and downcaft looks.
The proceffion foon after arrived, as on the ,preceding day 3 a pole, with a cocoa-nut-leaf plaited round the middle of it, being carried on the Thoulders of every two perfons. Thefe were depofited with the fame ceremonies as on the day before. After this fucceeded another proceffion, compofed of men, who brought hafieter, made of palm-leaves, fuuch as are generalliy ufed by this people to carry provifions in. A third proceffion followed, in which a variety of fmall fifh, each placed at the end of a forked flick, vere broughti. An old man, who fat on the prince's right hand, without the fhed, received the bafkets; each of which he kept in his hand, making a fhort fpeech or prayer; then laying that afide, he called for another, repeating the fame kind of prayer; he proceeded in this mannier till he had gone through the whole number of bafiets. Two men, who, till this time, had in their hands green branches, and were feated on the left, rececived the fifh one by one, as they: were prefented to them on the forked ficks. The firft fifh they laid down on their right, and the fecond on their left. The third being préfented,
pref hind did ever hind, Sionj hold What and ll fion: touchi (very throue he has thim; The pe finh, $d$ mannet had bee of thel or preay fignal b paces, prince. look bee by this prince $h$ and from honour roifted that purg Soon: kind of $?$

## 1. Vornge to the Pacijic Fcran.

prefented, a fousich man, who was feated behind the other two, endeavoured to feize it, 20 did alfo the other two at the fame time. Thus every fifh was contended for 3 but the man behinds on account of hin difadvantageous fitustionj got ionly pieces; for he never quitted his hold till the: fifh was torn out of his hanch What the others got, were laid on the right and left. At latt the perfon behind got poiteffion of a whole filhy the other two not even touching itoly Upon this, the word marsoni, (very goid) was pronounced in a lown voice throughoue the whple erowdx It appeared, that he had mow doste (oll' thati was expeeted from thim; forihe didinot, cenargud for the other fith The perfona whoibroughe in thefe ballete and filh delivered them listing $;$ and in the fame manners, the poles carried ip the firft proceffion, had been placed upon the ground. At the clofe of the laft proceffion, there was fome fpeaking or praying by different perfons. Then, om a fignal being given, we all rofe up, ran feveral paces, and lat down, with our backspto the prince. The Commodore was requefted not to look behind him ; but he was not difcouraged, by this injunction, from facing about. The prince had now turned his face to the morai, and from that moment he was adinitted to the honour of eating, with his father ; and a piece of roaited yam was prefented to each of them for that purpofe.
Soon after, we all turned about, forming a kind of femicircle before the prince, and leaving

A 12

## 2 Vyage to the Pacific Ocican.

an open fpace betiveen us. Prefently fome mers adyanced towàrds us, two and two, bearing large poles upon their fhouldersy waving their hands ass they proceeded, and making a noife like finging. When they came near us, they made a ffiew of walking; quick, without advancing a fingle ftep. Several men; armed with large Afticks, immediaxely ftarted from the crowd, and san towands the new wifitors, buit they inftantly made off, hhaving thrown down the poles from their fhoulders. The others attacked ethe ipoles, and having beat them mioit unmercifally st seturned to theif ylaces: She formar as they ran aff, gave the challenge uffed here incwrefling; and, in a :fhort time, fourte tuilet felliews camic Irom the fame quarice, wepeatudy the chatlenge as they approached Thefe were refifted by h company; who axived at:that inflant from the oppofite fide. Both parties, thowever, returnd to their own quarter, idfar having paraded about the area for fome minutes. Afterwards for the fpace of half an hour, wrefling and boxing-matches fucceeded. Speeches were then delivered by two men, who feated thémifelves before the prince, with which the folenanity ended, and the whole affembly broke up.

- In vain did we endeavour to find out the purport of the folemnity, called Natebe. All the anfwer we received to our enquiries, was taboo; which, as has been already obferved, is applied to many things. There was a inyfterious folemnity in the whole tranfaction; and from the manner of performing it, as well as the place
where
where there on. 1 drefs a that or that w crofs-he ther. the chil ed in the cele evident flyes a Being, From It may b few yam not be in Was intio confectrat We w face of $t$ ed a mor cafion, th vapo, and to the chi efficing peopte. enquiring practice, fary pirt o the Deity
The day
xigumo
where it was performed, it was evident, that there was a mixture of religion in the inftitution. Upon no occafion had they regarded our drefs and deportment; but now it was required, that our hair thould nuw about our fhoulders; that we hrould be uncovered to the raift, fit crofstegged; and have our hands locked together. It hhould be obferved alfo, that none but the chief people, and thofe who were concerned in the ceremony, were admitted to affift in the celebration of it. . All thefe circumftancés evidently pointed out that they fuppofed themfelves acting under the infpection of a Suprenie Being, upon this occafion?

From the above account of the prefent natche, It may be confidered as merely figurative. The few yams which were feen the firft day, could not be meant 2 general contribution; and it was intimared to us, that they were a portion confecrated to the Oroo, or Divinity.
We were however informed, that in the fpace of three months, there whuld be reprefented a more important folemity; on which occafion, the tribute of Tongataboo, Hapaee, Vavapo, and all the other illands, would be brought to the ehief, and more a fully confirmed, by facrificing ten human victims from amongt the people, : A horrid folenmity itdeed I On our enquiring into the occafion of fo barbarous a practice, ive were informed, that fit was hecerfary phit of the Natche; and that, if omitted, the Deity would deftroy their king. xithe day was far ppent boforethe oreaking up yightorss A A 3 . An of

## 23.

 AToyage to the Pacific Occan.of the affembly; and as we wrere at fome diftance from the fhips, we were impatient to fet out from Moon. Taking leave of Poulaho, he preffed us carnefly to ftay till the next day, in order to be prefent at a funeral ceremony. The wife of Mareewagee, his mother-in-law, had lately died; and, on account of the natche, her corps had been carried on board a canoe in the lagoon. Poulaho told Captain Cook, that when he had paid the laft offices to her, be would attend him to Eooa but if he did not chife to wait, that he would follow him thither. He would gladly have feen this ceremony, had not the tide been now favourable. The wind too, which had been very boifterous, was now moderate and fettled. Befides, we were informa ed, the funeral ceremonies would continus five days, which, as the fhips lay in fuch a fituation, that wre could not get to fea at pleafure, was too long a time to ftay. The Captain, however, affured the king, that if he did not immediately fail, he would vifit him again the next dayWhereupon we all took leave of him, and arrived at our thips about eight o'clock in the evening.

While the Commodore was attendigg the matche, at Mooa, he ordered the horfes, bull, and other cattle, to be brought thither, think. ing they would be fafer there, than at a place. that would be, in a great meafure deferted, the moment after our departure. Befides, tee had left with our friends here, 2 young Englift boarp and thice joung Englifh fans. They wereexceedingly
ceeding
ing tha
breed, two ral which failed. to thefe boo is a extremel Wew o'clock turned t ifles callo at firf, to the lag that from of the lag fions fro thefe difa exceeds $t$ there can rocks, in where a pools. T defign he when mes wards of if ral. He, сетемопу, ous afityat the tho tid out either findenly $g$


## A Vosage to tbe Pasifc Octane.

ceedingly defirous of them, naturally fuppof ing that they would greatly improve their own breed, which is but fmall. Feenou alfo got two rabbits from us, a buck and a doe, from which young ones were produced before we failed. If the cattle fucseed, the acquifition to thefe iflands will be great; and as Tongataboo is a fine level country, the horfes will be extremely ufeful.
We weighed anchar on the noth, about eight o'clock in the morning, and, with a fteady gale, turned through the channel, between the fmall illes called Makahaz and Mongoafai. The food, at firf, fet Aror; in our favour, till leading up to the lagoon, where the eaf-ward flood meets that from the wef. This; with the indraught of the lagon, and of, the Boals before it, occar foons frong riplings and, whirlpools. Befides thefe difadvantages, the depth of the channel exceeds the length of, 2 cable; confequently there can be no anchorage, except clofe to the rocks, in forty and forty five fathoms water. where a hip would be expofed to the whirlpools. The Captain; therefore, abandoned the defign he had formed of coming to an anchor, when we nerp through the narrows, and atier wands of making an excurfion to fre the fune: ral. He rather chofe to be ablent from that ceremony, than to leave the fhips in fo dangerous afiturtion. We plied to vind-rard, between the two tides, till it was near high water, with. out cither gaining or lofing an inch, when we fiddenly gotinto the inflyeqce of the foftran

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## AVorage to the Facific Occan:

tide, where we expected the ebb to run Atrong to the eaftoward in out favour, It proved, fowever, very inconfiderable. Convinced that we goudd not' get to fea before it was dark, we anchored under the Thore: of Tongataboo, in for-ty-five fathoms water. The Difcovery dropped anchot under our fternybut drove off the bank before the anchor toak fiold, and dia not recover it till about midnight.

After remaining in this ftation till eleven $0^{\circ}$ doct the next das, we weighed and plied to the eafthard. At ren odtock at bight we weathered the eaf end of the illand, and ftretched awne for Niddleburg, or- Ecea (as the inhabitants call it) where we mehored, about eight the fiect morning, in forty fathoms water, being nearly the fame place where the Captain took his flation in 1773 . when He natied it
 Ti Ne foom as we had anchored, Thoofa the chief, and feveral of the natives, vifited us on boaft, and feemed rejoiced at our antival This Thoofa had been Captain Codl's Tayo when he Was here in 1773 , and therefore the were not firangers to eich other. The Captain decomptaied Him on fiore in fearch off freffir water, the procuring of which was the chid object that bifught him to Codal FHe hatheard at Toaghatibo ofy fream here, wich sdo from the hills tinto the feag but this was not the eufe at prefent. He was cotidueted to a Dramh Apripg, among focks, befween tow ayt Jigh
 3011

## A Voyage to the Pacije Occan.

Arong ,hewsat we we anin forropped ve bank treco
even $0^{\prime}-$ plied to we weatretched inhabiut eight ofer ; beCaptain axised it
 onfa the ed us on 1. ${ }^{2}$ This when te were not 1 aecomin water, tr ofject Heard at do from the care - $2+1+1$ 40, 1121 $4(5)+4)^{2}$ adrbitue did
did not approve of this, we were fhown a little way into the illand; where, in a deep chafm, we found fome excellent water; which, though attended with fome trouble, might be conveyed to the fhore, by means of fpouts or troughegthy might be provided for that purpofe: : but rather than undertake thrat tedious tafk the Captain contented himefelf with the fupply the fhips had. received at Tongat aboo. WiBefore hereturned on board, he began a traffic for hogs and ayams. Of the former, weicould rot procure manys but, of the datter, pleinty. At thiis tifland we: landed the ram rand two ewes, of the Papo of Good Hope breed, and comonitued themiterthe care rof Taoofa, who feemed dolightedrwith his charge.) It wats pertidips anfore tumate circumftance thait Mareewagee, to whom they had been given, as before related, flighted the prefente as booa had no dogs upon itat proo fent it feemed to be a fitter place for the searing iof flieep than llongataboo. as: y, y While we were lying at anchor, this ifland had a very different afpect from any that we had lately feen, and formed a moft pleafing landfcapers It is the higheft of any we had feen finge we had left New-Ze:land, and from itseto which appears to be almoft fat, decline fgadoroally towards the feas The other Mles, which from this clufter, being level, the eye cannot difcover any thing except the trees that cover them; but here the land riing gently upwards, prefents an extenfive profpect, where groves of trees, in beautiful diforder, are interfperfed at liयुl. irregular:

## 334. A Voyage to the Pacific Oceun.

sirregular diftances Near the thore, it is quite Shaded with 2 variety of trees, among which are erected the habitations of the natives; and to the right of where we were fationed, was one of the moft extenfive groves of cocoa-palms that we had ever feen:

In the afternoon of the I 3 thy a party of us $f$ fcending the highef part of the ifland, a little to the right of our fhips, to have a perfect: view of the conntry. Having advanced about half way up; we croffed a deep valley, the botton and fides of which were cloathed with trees. We found plenty of coral till we approached the Ifummits of the, higheft hills; the foil near the top isg in general, a reddifh clay; whichy in: many placesy is very deep. On the mioft elio yated part of the ifland we faw a round, platform fupported by a wall of coral fones. Our conduetore informed us, that this mount, bad been raifed by the direction of theijr chief; and that they met there, occafionally, to drink kava. They called it Etcber; by which name an crection was diftinguifhed which we had feen at Tongataboo. At.a finall diftance from it was a spring of moft excellent water; and, about a mile lower down, a f: eam, which, we were told, an into the fea when the rains were copioiv. We alfo difcovered spater in feveral fmall holes; and fuppofed that plenty might be found, by digging.

From this elevation we had a complete viev: of the whole illand, except a fmall part to the fouth. The fouth-eaf fide, from which the
hills we with grea Sea ; 10 the north tufts of tit a moft de view. W cnchanting idea, that the fame e ed with eat and that th lent purpo tions, woul had not bee befides the illes, a fpec tree.
All, or in were told, boo : the int fals, to then cafe at all th mooka, whe with fome ki was much eft was tempted chief of this i them; and $h$ ed the offer, contrary by be thought $h$ native ilfe.
hills we were now upon are not far diftant, rifes with great, inequalities, immediately from the fea; fo that the plains and meadows lie all on the north-went fide; which being adorned with tufts of trees, intermixed with plantations, form a moft delightful landfeape in every point of view. While Captain Cook was furvering this enchanting profpeet, he enjoyed the pleafing idea, that fome future navigators might, from the fame eminence, behold thefe meadows facked with cattle, brought by the Mips of England; and that the completion of this fingle benetolent purpofe, exclufive of all other conifiderttions, would fufficiently prove that our voyages had not been ufelefs. We found, on this height, befides the plants common on the neighbouring illes, a fpecies of acroficum, melafioma, and ferntree.
All, or moft of the land on' this ifland, we were told, belonged to the chiefs of Tongataboo: the inhabitants being only tenants, or vaffals, to them. This feemed, indeed, to be the cafe at all the neighbouring ifles, except Annamooka, where fome of the chiefs feemed to act with fome kind of independence. Omai, who was much efteemed by. Feenou and many others, was tempted with the offer of heing appointed a chief of this ifland, if he would continue among them's and he feemed inclinable to have accepted the offer, had he not been advifed to the contrary by Captain Cook, though not becaufe he thought he would do better for himfelf in his native ifle.

## 2ge. $A$ Fogacito the Rarific Octaph

Returning from our country excurfion, we heard that a party of the natives in the guarter where our people traded; had fruck one of their own people with a club, which fractured his Mull, and afterwards.broke his thigh with the fame inftrument. No figns of life were, remaining when he was cyrriedto 3 neighbouring houff, but in a fiort time; herfecovered a little. On our defiring to know the reafon of fuch feverity ${ }^{\circ}$ we were informed, that he had been difcovered in an indelicate fituation with a wo $\operatorname{man}$ who was taho'do We foon underftood, hopever, that the was no otherwife tabiodd than by belonging to another perfon, who was fuperior in rank to her gallant. We difcovered from this circumftance, how there people punißh fuch infidelities, But the female finner, as we,were informed, has a much milder punifhment for. hem middemeanours and only receives a xemonfrance and a yery fight beating
Captain Cook, the next morning, planted a pino-apple, and fowed the feeds of melons, and other articles, in the chief's plantation. He had reafons indeed, to fuppofe, that his endeavours of this kind would not be fruitlefs; for a difh of turnips was, this day, ferved up at his dinner - which was the produce of the feeds he had leffithere in $1 / 73$.
THe Captain having fixed upon the 15th for failige Taoofa preffed him to fay a little longekin order to receive a pjefent which be had prepared for him. His intreaties, together with the daily expectation of receiving a viff from fome
fome of his friends at Tongataboo, induced him to defer his departure. The next day he received from the chief the prefent; confirting of two little heaps of yams, and a quantity of fruit, which feemed to be collested as at the other illes. On this occafion the greateft part of the inhabitants of the illand had affembled; and, as we had many times experienced on fuch numerous meetings among their neighbouring iflanders, it gave no fmall trouble to prevent their pilfering. Cudgelling, wreftling, and boxing, were exhibited for our entertainment ; and in the latter, combatants of both fexes engaged. The diverfions were intended to have been finithed with the bomai, or night-dance; but an accident happened that either put a total fop to it, or at leaft, prevented our flaying on Thore to fee it. One of our people was furrounded by twenty or thirty of the natives, fome of whom knocked him down, ftripped him, and carried off all his cloaths. Hearing of this, the Commodore feized two canoes, and a large hog; and infifted on the chiefs not only caufing the apparel to be reftored, but affo on the offenders being delivered up to him. Taoofa feemed greatly concerned at what had happened, and took the neceflary fteps to fatisfy him: The people who were affembled were fo alarmed at this affair, that mof of them immediately fled: However, when they were informed that the Captain meant to take no other meafures to revenge the infult, they returned. One of the delinquents was foon delivered up to him, and a fhirt and a Vow, $\mathbf{I}$ B b

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pair of trowfers reftored. The remainder of the folen goods not coming in before the evening the Commodore was obliged to leave them, in order to go aboard; the fea running fo high, that it was extremely difficult for the boats to get out of the creek even with day-light, and would be attended with much more danger in the dark. He came athore again the next morning, bringing with him a prefent for Taoofa, in return for what he had received from him. Being early, there were but few peopleat the land ing place, and even thofe few not without thein fears and apprehenfions; but on the Capt in's defiring Omai to affure them, that we did not mean to injure them; and having refored the carioes, and relealed the offender, who had been delivered up to him, they refumed their ufual chearfulnefs, and a large circle was prefently formed, in which the chief and the principal men of the illand took their refpective places.

The remainder of the cloaths were at length brought in, but, having been torn off the man's back by pieces, they were not thought worth carrying on board, Taoofa fhared the prefent he had received with three or four other chiefs, referving only a fmall part for himfelf. This donation fo far exceeded their expectation, that a venerable old chief told the Captain, they were not deferving of it, confidering how little he had received from them, and the ill treatment one of his people had met with. Captain Cook continued with them, till they had emptied their bowl of keva; and then, after paying for the hog,
hog, wl turned one of piece of fteem fo prefent We breeze a Taoofa, found, ble had fides thi: nilhing $f$ Prefently the creel thips: A ducted by ving but confiderat informed, which we tions to th hogs ; and would be days, The return to reafon to but, being fufficient i ally, as we vifions to $l=$ fides Taoof tity of yam

## A: Vorage to the Pacific Occan.

hog, which he had taken the day before, returned on board, in company with:Taoofay and one of Poulaho's fervants, by whom he fent a piece of bar iron, as a parting mark of his efteem for that chief, that being as valuable a prefent as any he could poffibly make:
We weighed foon after, and with a light brecze at foutheaft, flood out to fea, when Taoofa, and fome other natives, left us. We found, on heaving up the anchor; that the cable had been much injured by the rocks! Befides this, we experienced, that a mof aftonilhing fwell rolls in there from the fouth-weft: Prefently we obferved a failing canoe entering the creek before which we had anchored our thips: A few hours after, a fmall canoes conducted by four men, came off to us: for, having but very little wind, we were ftill at no confiderable diftance from the land. We were informed, by thefe men, that the failing canoe; which we had feen arrive, had brought directions to the people of Eooa, to furnifh us with hogs ; and that the king and the other chiefs, would be with us in the fpace of two or throe days. They requefted, therefore, that we would return to our former flation.. There was no reafon to doubt the truth of this information; but, being now clear of the land, it was not a fufficient inducement to bring us back; efpecially, as we had, already, a fufficient ftock of provifions to laft us in our paffage to Otaheite. Befides Taoofa's prefent, we received a large quantity of yams at Eooa, in exchange for nails E'r. Bb 2
and

## 4. Voysge to the Pacijic Orren,

and added confiderably to our fupply of hoge. Finding that we would not return, thefe people loft us in the evening, as did fome othere, who had come off in two canoes, with cocoso-nuts and fhaddocks, to barter. for what they could get; their eagernefs to poiffefs more of our commodities, inducing them to follow us our to fea, and to continue their intercourfe with ur even to the laft moment.
We have now taken lenve of the Priendly Ihands, and their inhabitante, after a coordial intercourfe with the latter for between two and three months. Some differences, indeed, oceafionolly happened, on account of their natural propenfity to thieving, thougb too frequently encouraged by the negligence and inattention of our people. Thefe ditiferences, however, were never attended with any fatal confequencess and fewr, belonging to our flipss, parted fromitheir friends without fome regret.

- The time emplojed among the natives of the Friendly IIlands,' fays Captain Cook, 's was not thrown away. We expended very little of our fea provifions; fubfiting in general, upon the produce of the inlands, while we ftaid 3. and carrying away with us a quantity of refrefhments fufficient to laft till our arrival at anothen fration where we could dopend upon a frefh fupply. I was not forry, befides, to have liad an opportuinity of bettering the condition of thefe good: people, by leaving feveral very ufeful apimals among them; and, at the fame time, thofe defigned for Otakitit, received frefh frength in:
the paftures of Tongataboo. Upon the whole, therefore, the advantages we received, by touching here, were very great s and I had the additional fatisfaction to reflect, that they were received, without retarding one moment, the profocution of the great object of our voyage $s ;$ the feafoe for proceeding to the North, being, as has been already oblerved, loft, before I took the refolution of bearing away for thefe illands.' Iron tools are the beft articles for traffic here. Axes, hatchets, nails of all tiacs; knives, rafps, and files, are much demanded. Redeloth, white and colomed tinen, looking-glaffes and beads; are alfo in great eftimation; but of the latter, thiofe which are blue are preferred to all others, efpo cially the white ones. A hog might, at any times be purchafed, by a ftring of large blue beads: it foould, fieverthelefs, be obferved, that articles; imerely ornamental, may be highly efteemed at one time, and difregarded at another. On our firft arrival at Annamooka, the people were un' willing to take them in exchange for fruit $\{$ but, when Feenot arrived, his approbation of them brought them into vogue, and ftamped them with the value abovementioned.

In return for the commodities jurt enumerated, all the refrefliments that the illands procluce mayy be procured. The yams, produreed by: the Friendly Iflands, are exca"emt, ind when grown to purfection, preferve well at fea: but their port, plantains, and bread-fruit," are in" ferior in quality to the fame articles at Otaheite. the - Good water is fearce in thefe illands. It may

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## 1 Voydge to the Pacific Ocean. .

be found, indeed, in all of them, but not to ferve the purpofes of navigators; for either the fituations are too inconvenient, or the quantities too inconfiderable. Whilft we lay at anchor under Kotoo, we were informed, that there was a ftream of water at Kao, which ran from the mountains into the fea, on the fouth-weft fide of the Ifland." This intelligence may probably deferve the attention of future navigators.
We muft include, under the denomination of Friendly Iflands, not only the group at Hapaee, but alfo thofe which have been difcovered to the north, nearly under the fame ineridian, as well as fome others under the dominion of Tonga-: taboo, which is the capital, and feat of government.
From the beft information we could receive, this archipelago is very extenfive. One of the natives enumerated one hundred and fifty iflands and Mr Anderfon procured all their names. Six. ty one of them are marked upon our chart of the Friendly Iflands, and upon the fketch of the harbour of Tongataboo. Keppel's and Bofcawen's Iflands, two of Captain Wallis's difcoveries in 1765; are doubtlefs comprehended in Mr Anderfon's lift.

But the moft confiderable of all the illands that we heard of in this neighbourhood, are Hamoa, Vavaoo, and Feejee; each of which is larger than Tongataboo; but it does not uppean that any European lias ever yet feen any one of them.

Hamoa lies two days fail north-weft from $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{a}}$ -
vaoo. It is faid to be the largeft of all their iflands; affori- harbours and good water, and produces, in abundance, all the articles of refrefhment that are found at the places we vifited. Poulaho frequently refides upon this ifland; and the people here are in high eftimation at. Tongataboo.

- Feejee lies in the direction of north-weft by weft, about three days Gail from Tongataboo. It abounds with hogs, dogs, fowls, and fuch fruits and roots as are to be found in any of the others; and is much larger than Tongataboo; but not fubject to its dominion, as the other ilands of the archipelago are. Feejee and Tongataboo often engage in war againft each other and the inhabitants of the latter, are often fo much afraid of this enemy, that they bend the body forward, and cover the face with their hands, to exprefs the fenfe of their own inferiority to the Feejee men. This is, indeed, no matter of furprife, for thofe of Feejee have rendered themfelves formidable; by their dexterity in the ufe of bows and flings; but more fo, by their favage practice of eating fuch of their enemies as they kill in battle.

It has ben infifted on, that extreme hunger firit ogef foned men to feed on human flefh; but where could be the inducement for the Feejee poople to continue the practice in the midit of plenty? It is held in deteftation by the inhabitants of Tongataboo, who feemed to cultivate the friendfhip of their favage neighbours of Feejee through fear; though they occafionally, ven-
ture to flirmin with them on their own territority and carry off large quantities of red feathers. as trophies. When a profound peace reigns between the two iflands, they have frequently intercourfe together; tho it is probable, they have not long been known to each other; or, it might be fuppofed that Tongataboo, and its neighbouring iflands, would before this time, have been fapplied with a breed of dogs, which are numerous at Feejec, and were not brought to Tongataboo, when Captain Cook firft vifited it in 1773.

The colour of the natives of Feejee was, at leaf, a fhade darker than that of the inhabjtants of the other Friendly IIands. We faw one of the natives of Feejee, who had his left ear. fitt, and the lobe fo fretched, that it almoft'extended to his fhoulder; which fingularity had been oblerved by Captain Cook at other iflands of the South Sea, during his fecond voyage. The Feejee men were much reverenced here; not only on account of their power and cruelty in war, bat alfo for their ingenuity; for they greatly excel the inhabitants of Tongataboo in workmanthip. Specimens, were fhewn us of their clubs and fpears which were ingenioufly carved. We were alfo thiewn fome of their beautifully chequered cloth, variegated mats, earthen pots, and other articles, all of which difplayed a fuperiority ir the execution.:

Feejee, as has been already mentioneds is three days fail from Tongataboos thefe people having no other method of dilcovering the diftance from ifland to illand, but by mentioning.
the tin canoes. fome p their c log, fou tle gale, from th as in ge miles an ever, is $n$ for wher no more or ten or morning fecond, day, they night, by can only $b$ the winds at that tin they are intended The fory driven to that thofe ways lof.

The har taboo is fuy thefe inland its capacity we ran in caution eve ing that pai
the time required for the voyage in one of their canoes. That this might be afcertained with fome precifion, Captain Cook failed in one of their canoes, and by repeated trials with the $\log$, found that the went clofe hauled, in a gentle gale, feven miles in an hour. He fuppofed. from this, that they will fail, with fuch breezes as in general blow in their feas, feven or eight miles an hour on an average. Each day, however, is not to be reckoned at twenty-four hours for when they talk. of one day's fail, they mean no nore than from the morning to the evenings or ten or twelver hours at the moft. From the morning of the firf day till the evening of the fecond, is, with them, two day's fail. In the day, they are guided by the funs and, in the night, by ftars. When thefe areobfcured, they can only have recourfe to the points from whence. the winds and waves come upon the veffel. If at that time, the winds and waves thould fhift, they are quite bewildered, often miffing their intended port, and being never heard of more: The ftory of Omai's countrymen, who were driven to Wateeoo convinces us, however, that thofe who are not heard of are not al. ways loft.

The harbour and anchoring place of Tongataboo is fuperior to any we have met with among thefe iflands, as well from its great fecurity, as its capacity, and goodnefs of bottom. The rilk we ran in entering it from the north, -hould caution evecry future commander from attempting that paffage again, efpeciaily with $a$ fhip of burden
burden, fince that by which we left it may be purfued with greater eafe and fafety.

Though the harbour of Tongataboo, has the preference, its water is exceeded in goodnefs, by that at Annamooka, and yet this cannot be reckoned good. Tolerable water may, neverthelefs, be procured, by digging holes near the fide of the pond. Befides, Annamooka being nearly in the centre of the group, is the beft fituated for procuring refrelhments from the others. There is a creek in the reef on the north fide of the inand, wherein two or three fhips may lie fecurely.

Thofe who are defirous of having a more particular defcription of the Friendly Iflands, muft have recourfe to the chart, where every thing is delineated as accurately as circumftances would permit. To the fame chart, recourfe may alfo be had for tracing the feveral ftations of the fhips, and their route.

Whàt may have been here omitted, concerning the geography of thefe illands, will be found in the hiftory of Captain Cook's laft voyage*; to which narrative the reader is referred $t$, for fuch particulars as he had then. obferved. At prefent, we fhall only relate fuch interefting circumfances, as either were omitted in that account, or were imperfectly and incorreetly reprefented.

After living among them between two and three months, it is reafonable to expect, that
we
Cook's Voyage, Vol. re.p. 211. 213- $\quad 4$ bide p. 243. 225.
we tho and to manner as relig with us as well terprete talk. thing c tion, wo tent kno was cert we were troubled when he ideas wer differed $f$ counts, in ed us. Be mong the inclinatio ed. And offended : deemed $f$ where we was likew the countr but few in as with the fo that we the doment That we co bring away
we fhouid be able to clear up every difficulty, and to give a tolerably good account of their manners, cuftoms, and inftitutions, civil as well as religious; particularly as sve had a perfon with us, who, by underftanding their language as well as ours, might be enabled to act as an interpreter. But Omai was not qualified for that tafk. Unlefs we had before us the object or thing concerning which we wanted information, we found it difficult to obtain a competent knowledge from his explanations. Omai was certainly more liable to make miftakes than we were; for, having no curiofity, he never troubled himfelf with making remarks; and when he attempted to explain matters to us, his ideas were apparently fo limited, and, probably, differed fo much from ours, that his confufed accounts, inftead of inftructing often only perplexed us. Befides, we could feldom find a perfon, among the natives, who had both the ability and inclination to give us the information we required. And many of them; we obferved, appeared offended at being afked, what they, perhaps, deemed frivolous queftions. At Tongataboo, where we continued the longeft, our fituation was likewife unfavourable; being in a part of the country, where, except fifhers, there were but few inhabitants. With our vifitors, as well as with thofe we vifited, it was always holiday; fo that we could not obferve, what was really the domeftic way of living among the natives. That we could not, therefore, in this fituation, bring away fatisfactory accounts of many things,
is not the leaft furprifing. Some of us, indeed, endeavoured, by diligent obfervation, to remedy thofe difadvantages; and we are indebted to Mr Anderfon, for a confiderable fhare of what information we obtained.

The Friendly Iflanders feldom exceed the common ftature, (though fome here were above fix feet in height) and are ftrong and well proportioned. - Their fhoulders are, in general, broad; and we faw feveral who were really handfome, though their mufcular difpofition rather conveyed the idea of ftrength than of beauty. Their features are fo various, that, unlefs it be by a fulnefs at the point of the nofe, which is common, it is impoffible to fix any general likenefs by which to characterife them. On the other hand, many'genuine Roman nofes, and hundreds of European faces, were feen amongft them. They have good eyes and teeth ; but the latter are neither fo well fet, nor fo remarkably white as among the Indian nations. Few of them, however, have that uncommon thicknefs about the lips, fo frequent in other iflands.

The women are lefs diftinguifhed from the men by their features, than by their general form, which feems deftitute of that ftrong flefhy firmnefs that appears in the latter. Though the features of fome are very delicate, and a true index of their fex, laying claim to a confiderable fhare of beauty and expreffion; yet the rule is not, by any means fo general as in many other countries This is generally, however, the moft exceptionable part; for the bodies and limbs of meft
mo fom fige the lica peti copt men the prob fun; the quen mong frequ peopl hue, the p may b We fe at An been $f$ appreb than a

Upo or deff we obf inward difeafes with th tifh fer anothei Voz
indeed, to remeidebted to e of what xceed the vere above well pron general; cally handtion rather of beauty. lefs it be by tich is comral likenefs I the other 1, and hann amongft teeth; but fo remarkions. Few mon thickher iflands. d from the eir general rong flefhy Chough the and a true confideraet the rule manyother , the moft d limbs of melt
moft of the females are well proportioned - and fome; abfolutely, perfect models of a beautiful figure. But the moft remarkable diftinetion in the women, is the uncommon finallinefs and de licacy of their fingers, which may be put in competition with the fineft in Europe.

The general colour is a caft deeper than the copper brown; but feveral of the men and women have a true olive complexion; and fome of the lafi are even a great deal fairer; which is probably the effect of being lefs expofed. to the fun; as a:tendency to corpalence, in a few of the principal people, feems to be the confequence of a more indolent life. It is alfo amongft the laft, that a foft clear Elin is moft frequently obferved. Amongft the bulk of the people, the fkin is, more commonly, of a dull hue, with fome degree of roughnefs, efpecially the parts that are not covered; which; perhaps, may be occafioned by fome cutaneous difeafe. We faw a man and boy at Hapace, and a child at Annamooka, perfectly white. Such have been found amongft all black nations; but, I apprehend, that their colour is rather a difeafe, than a natural phænomenon.
Upon the whole, however, few natural defects or deformities are to be feen among them ; tho' we obferved two or three with their feet bent inwards. Neither are they exempt from fome difeafes. Vaft numbers of them are affected with the tetter or ringworm, which leaves whitifh ferpentine marks behind it. - But they liave: another difeafe of a more milchievous confert Voz. I.

C
quence
quence, which is alfo very frequent, and appears on every part of the body, in large broad ulcers, difcharging a thin, clear pus, fome of which had a very virulent appearance, pa-iicularly on the face. Some; however, appeared to be cured of it, and others mending; but it was generally attended with the lofs of the nofe, or a confiderable part of it. lt being certainly known, and even acknowledged by themfelves, that the natives were fubject to this difeafe before they were vifited by the Englifh, it cannot be the effect of venereal contagion, nowithftanding : the fimilarity of the fymptoms; unlefs we adopt a fuppofition, that the venereal diforder, was introduced here by our people, in 1773. It certainly was amongt them at this time; for, foon after we arrived there, fome of our people received the infection; and Captain Cook had the mortification to learn from thence, that all the care he took in 1773 , to prevent the communication of this dreadful difeafey had proved ineffectual. They do not feem, however, to regard it much; and, as wé: did not fee many inftances of its deftroying effects, perhaps the climate, and the way of living of thefe people, may abate its virulence. Two other difeafes are common among them; one of which is a firm fwelling, which affects the legs and arms ; the other is a tumour in the tefticles, which fometimes exceed the fize of the two fifts. In other refpects, they are remarkably healthy, hot a fingle perfon, having, during our ftaj, been confined to the houfe by any kind of ficknefs. Their

Are fiver exer they rous of in
T whic perfo as 2 laugb ly fou inequ Th the at they vage rous A cy, tha reftric fuch a fteadin fame ti ed; th chiefs, fuch a and has

Thei ced, fro have me of offer tinely, inhabita

Arength and activity are, in every refpeet, anfwerable to their mufcular appearance; and they exert both, in fuch a manner, as to prove, that they are as yet little debilitated by the numerous difeafes that are the natural confequence of indolence.

The graceful mien and firmnefs of ftep with which they walk, are obvious proofs of their perfonal accomplifhments. They confider this as a thing fo neceffary to be acquired, that their laughter was excited when they faw us frequently fumbling upon the roots of trees, or other inequalities, in walking.

Their countenances very remarkably exprefs the abundant mildnefs, or good nature, which they poffefs; and are entirely free from that favage keennefs which marks nations in a barbarous ftate. One would, indeed, be apt to fancy, that they had been bred up under the fevereft reftrictions, to acquire an afpect fo fettled, and fuch a command of their paffions, as well as fteadinefs in conduct. But they are, at the fame time, frank, chearful, and good-humoured; though fometimes, in the prefence of their chiefs, they put on a degree of gravity, and fuch a ferious air, as becomes ftiff and awkward, and has an appearance of referve.

Their peaceable difpofition is fufficiently evinced, from the friendly reception all ftrangers have met with, who have vifited them. Inftead of offering to attack them openly, or clandeftinely, as has been the cafe with moft of the inhabitants of thefe feas, they have never apCc2 peared,

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## $A$ Voyage to the Pacific Ocean.

peared, in the fmalleft degree, hoftile; but, on the contrary, like the moft civilized people, have courted an intercourfe with their vifiters; by bartering, which is the only medium that onites all nations in a fort of friendfhip. Perhaps, no nation in the world traffic with more honefty and lefs diftruft. We could wiways fafely permit them to examine our goods, and to hand them about, one to another; and they put the fame confidence in us. If either party repented of the bargain, the goods were re-exchanged with mutual confent and good-humour. Upon the whole, they feem poffeffed of many of the moft excellent qualities that adorn the human mind; fuch as induftry, ingenuity, perfeverance, affability, and, perhaps, other virtues which our fhort ftay with them might prevent our obferving.
The only defect fullying their character, that we know of, is a propenfity to thieving; to which, we found thofe of all ages, and both fexes, addicted; and to an uncommon degree. It fhould however, be confidered, that this exceptionable part of their conduct feemed to exift merely with refpect to us; for, in their general intercourfe with one another, 1 had reafon to be of opinion, that thefts do not happen more frequently (perhaps lefs fo) than in other countries, the dilhonef practices of whofe worthlefs individuals are not fuppofed to authorife any indifcriminate cenfure on the whole body of the people. Great allowances thould be made for the foibles of thefe poor natives
nat ove new amo of $t$ ing pitue rules
extr of rc iflan quen had to lef folely fefs fis tomer ple f haps, feemi are in be do tice $\mathbf{w}$ into $t$ l The thick, it bull pears fome ple col The fil ing a water,
natives of the Pacific ocean, whofe minds wore overpowered with the glare of objects, equally new to them, as they were captivatinga Stealing; amongft the civilized, and enlightersed nations of the world, may well be confidered as denoting a character deeply ftained, with moral turpitude, with avarice unreftrained by the known rules of right, 'and with profigacy producing extreme indigence, and neglecting the means of relieving it., But at the Friendly and other iflands which we vifited, the thefts fo frequently committed by the natives of what we had brought along with us, tnay be fairly traced to lefs culpable inotives. They feemed to arifes folely; from an intenfe curiolity or defire to polfefs fomething which they had not been accurtomed to before, and belonging to a fort of pcople fo different from themfelves. And, perhaps, if it were poffible, that a fet of beings, feemingly as fuperior in our judgment, as we are in theirs; thould appear amongit us, it might be doubted, whether our natural regard to juftice would be able to reftrain many from falling into this error:

The hair of thefe iflanders is, in general, thick, ftraight, and frong; though fome have it buthy or frizzled. Thee natural colour appears to be black, but many of the men, and fome of the women, ftain it of a brown, or purple colour; and a few give it an orange caft. The firft of thefe colours is produced by applying a fort of plafter of burnt coral mixed with ratives water, the fecond by the rafpings of a reddifix
wood, mixed into a poultice, and laid over the hair; and the third is faid to be the effect of turmerio root.

They are fo whimfical in their' faftions of wearing their hair, that it is difficult to fay which ig moft in vogue. Some have none on one fide of the head, while it remains long on the other fide; fome have only a part of it cut thort ; others have parted with the whole, except a fingle lock on one fide. Some permit it to grow to its full length, without any of thefe mutilations. The women ufually wear it fhort. The beards too are cut fhort ; and both fexes Srip the hair from their arm-pits. The men are ftained with a deep blue colour from the middle of the belly, to half way down the thighs. This is effected with a flat-bone inftrument full of fine teeth, which by a froke of a bit of ftick introduces the juice of dooe dooe into the fkin, by which means indelible marks are made. Lines and figures are thus traced, which, in fome, are very elegant. The women have only fome fmall lines, thus imprinted, in the infide of their hands. As a mark of diftinction, their kings are exempted from this cuftom. The men are not circumcifed, but rather fupercifed; the operation confifts in cutting off only a piece of the forefkin at the upper part, which is thus rendered incapable of ever covering the glands. They have no other aim in this operation, and only practife it from a notion of cleanlinefs.

The drefs of both fexes is the fame; confifting of a piece of cloth or matting, about two yards
yards in breadth, and two yards and a half in length. It is double before, and, like a petticoat, hangs down to the middle of the leg. That part of the garment which is above the girdle, is plaited into feveral folds, which extended, is fufficient to draw up and wrap round the fhoulders. This, as to form, is the general drefs $\}$ but the fine matting, and long pieces of cloth, are worn only by the fuperior clafs of people. The inferior fort are contented with fmall pieces, and, very often, have only 2 covering made of leaves of plants, or the maro, a narrow piece of cloth, or matting, like a fafh. They pafs this between the thigts and round the waif. It is feldom ufed but by the men; in their baivas, or grand entertainments, they have various drefles, which, though the fame in form, are embellifhed, more or lefs; with red feathers.

Both men and women occafionally defend their faces from the fun with little bonnets, made of various forts of materials.

The ornaments, worn by thofe of either fex, are the fame. Thofe which are moft common are necklaces, made of the fruit of the pandamus, and various fweet fmelling flowers, known by the general naine of kabulla. Others confift of fmall fiells, Thark's teeth, the wing and legbones of birds, \&\&c. all which are pendant upon the breaft. In this manner, they often wear a polifhed mother-of-pearl Ahell, or a ring, on the upper part of the atm; rings of tortoifeShells on the fingers; and feveral of thefe, joined together, formed into bracelets on the wrifts.

Two holes are perforated in the lobes of the ears, in which they wear cylindrical bits of ivo$\mathbf{r y}$, of the length of three inches, introduced at one hole, and drawn out of the other; or bits of reed, filled with a yellow pigment. This appears to be a fine powder of turmeric, which the women rub all over their bodies, in the farme manner as the European ladies ufe their dry rouge upon their cheeks.

Perfonal cleanlinefs is their delight, to pro duce which, they bathe frequently in the ponds. Though the water has an intolerable ftench in moft of them, they always prefer them to the fea; and they are fo fenfible that their fkin is injured with falt water, that, when they areobliged to bathe in the fea, they have frefh water poured over them to wath off its badeffects. They are extravagantly fond of cocoa-nut-oil; a great quantity of which they pour upon their head and fhoulders, and rub the body all over with a finaller quantity.

The domeftic life of thefe people is neither fo laborious as to be difagreeable, nor fo free from employment as to fuffer them to degenerate into indolence. Their country has been fo favoured by nature, that the firf can fearcely occur; and their difpofition appears to be a fufficient bar to the laft. By this fortunate concurrence of cincumfances, their neceffary labour feems to yield, in its turn, to their amufements and recreations, which are never interrupted by the thoughts of being obliged to recur to bufinefs, till they are induced by fatiety to wifh for
$f$ the ivoed at c bits is aphi the fame dry
that tranfition. The employment of the women is not difficult; and is generally fuch as they can execute in the houfe. The making of cloth is entirely entrufted to their care; the procefs of which manufacture has been already defcribed. Their cloth is of different degrees of finenefs : the coarfer kind does not receive the inpreffion of any pattern; but of the finer fort, they have various patterns, differently coloured. The cloth, in general, is able to refift water for fome time; but that which has the ftrongeft glaze, is the leaft liable to be penetrated by that fluid.

Another manufacture, which is alfo confignoed to the women, is that of their mats, which excel thofe of moft other countries, both with refpect to their tepxture and their beauty: Of thefe mats there are feven or eight different forts, which they either wear or fleep upon; and many are merely ornamental. The laft-are principally made from the tough, membraneous part of the ftock of the plaintain-tree; thofe that they wear, are generally compofed of the pandanus; and the coarfer kind, on which they fleep, are formed from a plant called cuarra. There are feveral other articles of lefs importance, that employ their females; as combs, of which they make great quantities; and fmall bafkets made of the fame fubftance as the mats, and others compofed of the fibrous huifk of the cocoa-nut, either interwoven with beads, or plain; all which are finifhed with extraordinary neatnefs and tafte.

The province of the men is, as might reafonably be expected, far more laborious and extenfive than that of the other fex. Architecture, boat-building, agriculture, and fifhing, are the principal objects of their care. As cultivated roots and fruits form their chief fubfiftance; they find it neceffary to practife hufbandry, which they have brought by their diligence to fome degree of perfection. In planting yams and plantains, they dig fmall holes for their reception, and afterwards root up the furrounding grafs. The inftruments ufed by them for this purpofe are called 600 ; and are nothing more than fakes of various lengths, flattened and fharpened to an edge at one end; and the largeft ones have a fhort piece fixed tranverfely, by means of which they prefs the implement intq the ground with the foot. When they-plant the two above mentioned vegetables, they obferve fuch particular exactnefs, that, which every way you turn your eyes, the rows prefent themfelves complete and regular.

The bread-fruit and cocoa-nut-trees, are difperfed about, without any order; and, when they have arrived at a certain height, give them. little or no trouble. The fame may be faid of another large tree, which produces a roundifh compreffed nut, called refee; and of a frialler tree bearing an oval nut, with two or three triangular kernels. The kappe is, in general planted regularly, and in large fpots; but the maeubaba is interfperfed among other things, as are alfo the yams and jecjee. Sugar-cane is: ufually
afon-xtenEture, e the ivated ; they which de deplan ption, grafs. upofe ftakes lto an have a which 1 with menticular 0 your te and
re difwhen them faid of undifh maller ee tri-plantc ma+ as are ufually
in fmall fpots, clofely crouded. The mulberry, of which the cloth is made, is kept very clean, and has'a good fpace allowed-for it. The pandanus is commonly planted in a row, clofe together, at the fides of the fields:

They difplay very little tafte or ingenuity in the conftruction of their houfes. Thofe of the lower clafs of people are wretched huts, fearce fufficient to fhelter them from the weather. Thofe of the better fort are larger, as well as more commodious and confortable. A houfe of a middling fize is of the following dimenfons, viz. about twelve feet in height, twenty in breadth, and thirty in length. Their houfes are, properly fpeaking thatched roofs or Sheds, fupported by rafters and pofts. The flooris raifed with earth fmoothed, and covered with thick matting . Some of their habitations are open all round; but the major part of them are'enclofed on the weather fide with ftrong mats, or with branches of the cocoa-nut-tree, plaited or interwoven with each other. A thick mat, about three feet broad, bent into a femicircular form, and placed edgeways, with the ends touching the fide of the houfe, enclofes a fufficient fpace for the mafter and miftrefs to lleep in. The reft of the family fleep upon any part of the floor, the unmarried men and women lying apart from each other. If the family is large, there are little huts adjoining, in which the fervant fleep. Their whole furniture confifts of fome wooden fools, which ferve them for pillows; bafkets of different fizes, in which they
put their combs, fifh-hooks, and tools; two or thiree wooden bowls, in which they make kava;
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They are very fkilful in building their canoes, which, indeed, are the moft perfect of their mechanical productions. The double ones are made fufficiently large to carry about fifty perfons, and fail at a great rate. Upon them they generally fix a hut or fhed, for the reception of the mafter and his family. They are made of the bread-fruit tree, and the workmanflip is extremely neat. They appear on the outfide as if they were compofed of one folid piece; but, upon clofer infpection, they are found to confift of a great number of pieces, which fit each other exactly, and by means of a ledge on the infide are fecured together with cocoa-nut line. The fingle canoes are furnifhed with an outrigger. The only tools which they make ufe of in the conftruction of thefe boats; are hatchets, or adzes, of a fmooth black fone; augers, made of thark's teeth : and rafps, compofed of the rough $\mathbf{1 k i n}$ of a fifh, faftened on flat pieces of wood. The fame tools are all they have for other works, except fhells, which ferve them for knives. Their cordage is made of the fibres of the cocoa-nut hum, which, though not above ten inches long, they plait about the fize of a quill, to whatever length is required, and roll it up in balls; from which the ropes of a larger fize are made, by twifting feveral of thofe together. Their fifhing-lines are as frong and
; two or ke kava; d a bun-
ir canoes, of their ones are fifty perhem they eeption of e madel of aninip is outfide as iece; but, nd to conch fit each lge on the ra-nut line: an outrighake ufe of e hatchets, e; augers, mpofed of flat pieces ey have for ferve them of the fibres ugh not aput the fize quired, and ropes of a ral of thofe frong and even
even as our bef cord. Their fmall hooks connfift entirely of pearl-fhell $i$ but the large ones are only covered with it on the back: and the points of both, are, in general, of tortoife-fhell. With the large hooks they catch albicores, and bonnetos, by putting them to a bamboo-rod, about twelve feet long, with a line of the fame length. They have allonumbers of fmall feines fome of which are of the moft delicate texture.

Their mufical reeds or pipes, which refemble the fyrinz of the ancients, have cight or ten pieces placed parallel to each other, moft of which are of unequal lengths. Their fiutes are made of a joint of bamboo, about eighteen inches long, and are clofed at both ends, having a hole noar each end, and four others; two of which, and only one of the-firf, are ufed by them in playing. They clofe the left noftril with the thumb of the left hand, and blow into the hole at one end with the other noftril. The fore finger of the right hand is applied to the lowef hole on the right, and the middle finger of the left to the firit hole on that fide. In this manner, with only three notes, they produce a pleafing, tho fimple; mufic. Their naffa, or drum, has been already defcribed. aw,

Their warlike•weapons are clubs, curioufly ornamented, fpears, and darts. They alfo mike bows and arrows; but thefe are intended fiar amufement; fuch as fhooting at birds, and not for the purpoles of war. Their fools, or rather pillows, are about two feet long, but only four or five inches in height, and near four in Vol. I.

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breadth.
breadth, inclining downwards towards the middle 3 with four ftrong legs and circular feet; the whole compofed of brown or black wood, neatly polifhed, and fometimes inlaid with ivory. They likewife inlay with ivory the handles of fly-flaps ; and, with a fhark's tooth, fhape bones into figures of men, birds, $\mathcal{E}^{\circ} c$.

Their vegetable diet principally confifts of plantains, cocoa-nuts, bread-fruit, and yams. Their chief articles of animal food are hogs, fifh, and fowls; but the common people frequently eat rats. Their hogs, fowls, and turtle, however, feem to be only occafional dainties, referved for perfons of rank. Their food is, in general, dreffed by baking, as at Otaheite ; and they make, from different forts of fruit, feveral difhes, which are very good. . They fometimes boil their fifh in the green leaves of the plantain-tree, which ferve as a bag to hold both fifh and water: having tied them up, they :wrap them again in three or four other leaves, and place them upon fones heated for the purpofe: when they are fufficiently done, they not only eat the fif, but drink the liquor or foup. They are not very cleanly either in their cookery, or their manner of eating. Their ufiual drink at their meals is water or cocoa-nut milk, the kava being only their morning beverage. The food that is ferved up to the chiefs, is generally laid upon plantain-leaves. The king, ${ }^{+t}$ his meals, was commonly attended upon by three or four of the natives, one of whom cut large pieces of the firm, or of the joint, a-
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the midfeet ; the od, neatith ivory. andles of ape bones onfifts of nd yams. are hogs, eople freand turonal dain-「heir food Otaheite ; s of fruit, d. . They n leaves of ag to hold m up, they her leaves, for the purlone, they liquor or her in their Their u-cocoa-nut ning. beveo the chiefs, eves. . The tended upne of whom he joint, another
nother afterwards divided it into mouthfuls, and the reft ftood by with cocoa-nuts, and whatever elfe he might happen to want. We never obd ferved a large company fit down to a fociabld meal, by eating from the fame difh. The women are nor excluded from taking their meals with the men; but there are certain ranks that are not allowed either to eat or drink together. This diftinction begins with his majefty, but we know not where it ends.

They rife at day-break, and retire to reft as foon as it becomes dark. They, for the moft part, fleep alfo in the day time, when the weather is very hot. They are fond of affociating together; in confequence of which, it is not uncommon to find feveral houfes empty; and the poffeffors of them affembled in fome other houfe, or upon fome convenient fpot in the neighbour hood, where they relax themfelves by conv fation and other amufements. Their private diverfions chiefly confift of dancing, finging, and mufic. When two or three women fnap their fingers, and fing in concert; it is called oobai; but when there are more, they form feveral parties, cach of which:fings in a different key; which conftitutes an agreeable melody, and is termed beeva or haiva. The fongs are generally accompanied with the mufic of their flutes. The dances both of the mien and women, are performed with an eafe and grace which are difficult to be deferibed.

We could not determine with precifion, whether their marriages were rendered durable by

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any
any kind of folemn contract : it is certain, however that the major part of the people contented themfelves with one wife. The chiefs, indeed, commonly have feveral women, though there was only one who (as we thought) was confidered in the light of miftrefs of the fami5. Though female chaftity feemed to be held in little eftimation, not a fingle breach of conjugal fidelity happend, to our knowledge, during our whole continuance at thefe iflands; nor were the unmarried women of rank more liberal of their favours. But there were great numbers of a very different character.

The concern shewn by thefe illanders for the dead is a ftrong proof of their humanity. Befides the tooge, which we have mentioned before, and burnt circles and fcars, they frike a fhark's tooth into their heads till the blood flows confiderably, beat their teeth with ftones, and thruft fpears not only through their cheeks into their mouths, but alfo into the inner part of their thighs, and into their fides. The more painful operations, however, are only practifed when they mourn the death of thofe who were moft nearly connected with them. When one of them dies, he is wrapped up in mats and cloth, and then interred, The fiatookas feem to be appropriated to the chiefs and other perfons of diftinction, as their burial places; but the inferior people have no particular fpot fet apart for their interment, It is uncertain what part of the mourning ceremony follows immediately afterivards; but there is fomething befides the
ain, how-contentchiefs, in1, though ught) was the famito be held ch of conledge, duAlands; nor more libegreat num-
ders for the inity. Bened before, ke a fhark's flows contones, and cheeks innner part of The more aly practifed fe who were When one in mats and ookas feem to ther perfons es; but the pot fet apart h what part immediately befides the general
general one which is continued for a confiderable time, the funeral of. Mareewagee's wife being attended with ceremonies of five days duration. They feem to confider death as a great evil, to avert which they practife a very fingular cuftom. When Captain Cook, during his fecond voyage, firft vifited thefe iflands, he obferved that many of the natives had one or both of their little fingers cut off; of the reafon of which mutilation he could not then obtain a fatisfactory account. But he was now informed; that they perform this operation when they are afflicted with fome dangerous diforder, which they imagine may bring them to the grave. They fuppofe, that the little finger will be accepted of by the Deity, as a kind of propitiatory facrifice fufficiently efficacious to procure their recovery. In cutting it off, they malie ufe of a ftone hatchet. There was fearcely one perfon in ten who was not thus mutilated; and they fometimes cut fo clofe, as to encroach upon that bone of the hand which joins the amputated finger. It is alfo common for the lower clafs of people to cut off a joint of their little finger, on account of the ficknefs of the chiefs to whom they refpectively belong.

When the rigid ftrictnefs with which they perform their mourning and religious ceremonies is confidered, it might be expected, that they endeavoured thereby to fecure to themfelves eternat liappinefs; but their principal objeet regards things merely temporal; for they have apparantly litte conception of future punifhment Dd 3
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## $26 \%$ $A$ Voyage to the Pacijcic Ocean.

for fins committed in the prefent life. They believe, however, that they meet with juft punifhment upon earth; and, therefore, put every method in practice to render their divinities propitious. They admit a plurality of deities, all of them inferior to Kallafootonga, who they fay is a female, and the fupreme author of moft things, refiding in the heavens, and directing the wind, rain, thunder, E'c. They are of opinion, that when the is much difpleafed with them, the productions of the earth are blafted, many things confumed by lightning, and themfelves afficted with ficknefs and death;: but that when her anger abates, every thing is. immediately reftored to its former fate. Among their fubordinate deities, they mention Futtafaibe, or Footafooa, who has ne adminiftration af the fea, and its productions ; Toofoa-boolootooy god of: the clouds and fog; Tallettboo, Mattabay Tareceava, and others. The fame fytem of religion does not extend all over the Friendly, Illands; the fupreme deity of Hapaee, for inftapce, being called Alo Alo. They entertain very abfurd opinions relative to the power and various attributes of thefe beings, who, they: fuppofe, have no farther concern with them afs ter death. They have, hawever, jufter fentiments refpesting the immortality and immaterin ality of the foul ; which they call life, the living principle, or an Otooo, that is, a divinity. They. imagine. that immediately after death, the fouls of their chiefs are feparated from their bodies, and go to a delightful region called Boobotocos, the:
god they corc fitor veye feaft tive fully infer fer (the) upon T creat
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Among on Futtainiftration aa-boolootoos, Mattaba, tem of re-
Friendly. e, for inentertain power and Who, they: h them afa fter fentiimmaxerif the living ty. They , the fouls eir bodies, Boolootog, the. god:
god of which is named Goolebo. By this Gookebo they probably perfonify death. His country, according to their mythology, is the general repofitory of the dead; and thofe who are once conveyed thither, are no more fubject to death, but feaft on all the favourite productions of their native foil, with which this blifffal abnde. is plentifully furnifhed. A: for the fouls of people of an inferior clafs, they are fuppofed by them to fuffer a kind of tranfmigration; or are eaten up (they fay) by a bird called loata, which walks upon the graves with that intent.

They do not worlhip any vifible part of the creation, or any thing made by their own hands. They make; no offerings of dogs, hogs, and fruit, (as is the cuftom at Otaheite), unlefs emblematically. But there feems to be no reafon to doubt of their offering up human facrifices. Their fiatookas; or morais, are in general, burying grounds and places of worthip: fome of them, however, appeared to be appropriated only to the former purpofe $;$ but thefe were fmall, and greatly inferior to the reft.

We are very little acquainted with their form of "government. A fubordination, refembling the feudal fyftem of our anceftors in Europe, is eftablified among them; but of its fubdivifions, and the conftituent parts, we are igno rant. Though fome of them informed us' that the king's power is unbounded, and that he has the abfolute difpofal of the lives and properties of his fubjects : yet the few circumftances that offered themfelves to our obferyation, contradieted,

## $A$ Voyage to the Pacific Ocran.

dieted rai her than confirmed, the idea of defpotic fiway. Mareewagee, Feenou, and Old Toobou, aeted each the part of a petty fovereign, and not unfrequently counteracted the meafures of the king. Nor was his court fuperior in fplendour to thofe of Old Toobou and Mareewagee, who next to his Majefty, were the moft potent chiefs in thefe illands; and, next after them, Feenou appeared to ftand higheft in rank and authority. But, however independent on the king the principal men may be, the inferior people are totally fubject to the will of the chiefs to whom they feverally belong.

Theiflands of Tongataboo is divided into numerous diftricts, each of which has its peculiar chief, who diftributes juftice, and decides difputes, within his own territory. Moft of thefe chieftains have eftates in other iflands, whence they procure fupplies. The king, at Itated times, receipes the product of his difant domains at Tongataboo, which is not only the ufual place of his refidence, but the abode of moft perfons of diftinction among thefe iflands. Its inhabitants frequently call it the Land of Chiefs, and ftigmatize the fubordinate ifles with the appellations of Lands of Servants.

The chiefs are ftiled by the people lords of the earth, and alfo of the fun and fiky. The royal family affume the name of Futtafaihe, from the god diftinguifhed by that appellation, who is probably confidered by them as their tutelary pateron. The king's peculiar title is fimply $T_{\text {ab- }}$ ce Tonga, The order and decorum oblerved in
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ver der fion, the fect Suct able bod quer mof hara purg of $\mathbf{C}$ for $t$ litcle
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his prefence, and likevvife in that of the other chiefs, are truly admirable. Whenever he fits down, all the attendants feat themfelves before him, forming a femicircle, and leaving a fufficient fpace between them and him, into which no one, unlefs he has particular bufinefs, prefumes to come. Nor is any one fuffered to fit, or pafs behind him, or even near him, without his permiffion. When a perfon wifhes to fpeak to his majefty, he comes forward, and having feated himfelf before him, delivers in 2 few words what he has to fay; then, after being fayoured with an anfwer from his feat, unlefs he is to receive an order; in which cafe he rifes from his place, and feats himfelf crofs-legged * before his majefty. To fpeak to the king ftanding, would here be confidered as a glaring mark of rudenefs.

None of the moft civilized nations have ever exceeded thefe iflanders in the great order and regularity maintained on every occafion, in ready and fubmiffive compliance, with the commands of their chiefs, and in the perfect harmony that fubfifts among all ranks. Such a behaviour manifetts itfelf in a remarkable manner, whenever their chiefs harangue a body of them affembled together, which frequently happens. The greateft attention and moft profound filence are obferved during the harangue; and whatever might have been the purport of the oration, we never faw a fingle inftance,

[^5]ftance, when any one of thofe who were prefentthewed figns of his being dififleafed, or feemed in the leaft inclined to difpute the declared will: of the fpeaker.

It is a peculiar privilege annexed to the perfor: of the king, not to be punctured, nor circumcifed, or rather fupercifed, as all his fubjects are. Whenever he walks out, all who meet-him mufte fit down till he has paffed. No perfon is fuffered to be over his head; but, on the contrary, all muft come under his feet. The method of doing homage to him, and the other chiefs, is as follows: the perfon who is to pay obeifance, fquats down before the great perfonage, and bows the head dewn to the fole of his foots. which he taps or touches with the under and: upper fide of the fingers of each hand; then rifing $u p$, he retires. We had reafon to think, that his majefty cannot- refufe any one who is defirous of paying him this homage, which is called by the natives moe moea; for the people would frequently think proper to fhew him thefe marks of tubmiffion when he was walking; and he was on thofe occafions obliged to ftop, and. hold up one of his feet behind him, till they had performed this refpectful ceremony. This, to fo corpulent and unwieldy a man as Poulaho, muft have been painful and troublefome; and we have fometimes feen him endeavour, by running, to get out of the way, or to reach a convenient place for fitting down. The hands, after having been thus applied, become, in fome cafes, ufelefs for a little time; for, till they are
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he perfon: r circumjects are. him mutt. is fuffercontrary, nethod of chiefs, is obeifance, nage, and his foots. under and and; then to think, ne who is. , which is the people him thefe king; and fop, and , till they ig. This, s Poulaho, ome; and r, by runach a conhands, af$\xi$, in fome II they are wathed,
wafhed they muft not touch food of any fort. This prohibition, in a country where water is far from being plentiful, would be attended with inconvenience, if a piece of any juicy plant, which they can immediately procure, being rubbed over the hands, did not ferve for the purpofe of purification. When the hands are in this fituation, they term it taboo rema; the former word generally fignifying forbidden, and the latter implying hand. When the taboo is incurred, by doing homage to a perfon of rank, it may thus eafily be wathed off: but, in feveral other cafes, it muft continue for a certain period. We have often feen women, who have been taboo rema, not fed by themfelves, but by others. The interdicted perfon, after the limited time has elapied, wathes herfelf in one of their baths, which are, in general, dirty ponds of brakifh water. She then waits upon the fovereign, and, after having paid the cuftomary obeifance, takes hold of his foot, which the applies to her fhoulders; breaft, and other parts : he then embraces her on both fhoulders; and fhe immediately retires, purified from her uncleannefs. If it be always necefflary to have.recourfe to his majefty for this purpofe (of which .we are not certain, though. Omai affured us it was) it may be one reafon for his travelling very frequently from one ifland to another.

The word taboo has a great latitude of fignification. They call human facrifices tangata taboo.; and when any particular thing is prohibited to be eaten, or made ufe of, they fay it is taboo.

They

They informed us, that, if the king fhould go into a houfe belonging to one of his fubjects, that houfe would in confequence become taboo, and could never be again inhabited by the owner of it ; fo that, wherever his majefty travels, there are houfes peculiarly affigned for his accommodation. At this time Old Toobou prefided over the taboo; that is, if Omai did not mifunderftand thofe who gave him the intelligence, he and his deputies had the infpection of all the produce of the ifland; taking care that each ind rininal thould cultivate and plant his quota, it directing what fhould, and what fhould nur, be eaten. By fo prudent a regulation, they take effectual precautions againft a famine; fufficient ground is employed in raifing provifions; and every article is fecured from unneceffary confumption.

When we take into confideration the number of illands of which this fate confifts, and the diftance at which fome of them are removed from the feat of government, attempts to throw off the yoke of fubjection might be apprehended. But they informed us, that this circumfance never happens. One reafon of their not being thus embroiled in domeftic commotions may be this; that all their principal chiefs take up their refidence at Tongataboo. They alfo fecure the dependence of the other ifles, by the decifive celerity of their operations; for if a feditious and popular man thould fiapt up in any of them, Feenou, or whoever happeas to hold his office, is immediately difpatch-

## A. Voyage to the Pacific Ocean.

hould go fubjects, ome taboo, the ownty travels, for his acobou preai did not the intelliIfpection of care that plant his and what nt a regulais againft a ed in raifing ed from un-
a the numconfifts, and are removattempts to might be ap13, that this he reafon of omeftic comeir principal Tongataboo. of the other operations : - hould fiapt vhoever haptely difpatch-
ed thither to purt him to death ; by which means they extinguith an infurrection while it is yet in embryo

The different clafles of their chiefs feemed to be mearly as numerous is among us ; but there are few comparatively fpeaking, that are lords of extenfive diftriets of territory. It is faid, that when a perfon of property dies, all his poffeffions devolve on the fovereign $;$ but that it is cuftomary to give them to the eldeft fon of the decenfed, with this condition annezed, that he fhould provide out of the eftate, for the $0-$ ther children. The crown is hereditary y and we know, from a particular circumftance, that the Futtafaities, of which fainily is Poulaho, have reigned in a direct line', for the fpace of at leaft one handred and thirty five jears, which have clapfed between our prefent vifit to thefe illands; and Tafman's difcovery of thein: Upon our enquiring of them, whether any traditional secount of the axrival of Tafinan's fhips had been preferved amoag them till this time, we found, that this hitory had been dolfivered down to them from their anceftors, with Igreat accuracy: for they faid that his two fhips refembled eure, and alfo mentioned the place where they hird lain at anchor, their hawing continued bata few days, ard their quitting that Atation to go to Annamooka: 3 und, tor the purpofel of informing us how long ago this affair hide happenieds they commanicated to us the nime of the Tht:tafaihe who reigned atthatitimes audithofe who hadifroceeded him in the ifovereigaty down to Nail. In Ee

Poulahoo

Poulaho, who is the fifth monarch fince that period.
It might naturally be imagined, that the prefent fovereign of the Friendlyilles had the higheft rank of any perfon in his dominions. But we found it to be otherwife; for Latoolibooloo, who has been already mentioned, and three women, are fuperior, in fome refpects, to Paulaho himfelf.: Thefe great perfonages are diftinguifhed by the title of Tammaba, which implies a chief. When we made enquiry concerning them, we were informed that the late king, father of Poulaho, left him behind a.fifter of equal rank, and older than himelf; that She, by a native of Feejee, had a fon and two daughters; and that thefe thiree perfons, as well as their mother, are of higher rank than the king. We endeavoured to difcover the reafon of this pre-eminence of the Tammabas, but without effect. The mother, and one of her daughters, named Tooeela-kaipa, refide at Vavaoo. The other daughter, called Mongou-. laikaipa, and Latoolibooloo the fon, dwell at Tongataboo. Mongoula-kaipa is the lady who has been mentioned as having dined with Captain Cook on the 2 Ift of Jurie. Latoolibooloo was fuppofed, by his countrymen, to be difordered in his fenfes. At Eooa, or Middleburg, they thewed us a confiderable quantity of land, whici was faid to be his property; and we faw there a fon of his, a child, who was honoured with the fame title that his father enjoyed.

The language of thefe illands bear a ftuiking
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at the prethe highons: But oolibooloo, and three dpects, to onages are da, which quiry conat the late chind a.fif. nfelf; that $n$ and two ons, as well $k$ than the the reafon mabas; but one of her ofide at Va 1. Mongoun , dwell at ce lady who 1 with Cap. atoolibooloo to be diforMiddleburg, tity of land, and we faw as homoured njoyed. ar a fuiking refemblance
refemblance to that of New-Zealand, of Otaheite, and the Society Ifles. The pronunciaation of theft people differs, indeed, in many inftances, from thet both of Otakeite and NewZealand; but notwithftanding that, a great number of words are either very little changed, or exactly the fame. The language, as fpoken by the Friendly Iflanders, is fufficiently copious to exprefs all their ideas; and, befides being tolerably harinonrous in common converfation, is eafily adapted for the purpofes of mufic. They have terms to fignify numbers as far as a hundred thoufand, beyond which they either would not, or could not, reckon.

The latitude of that part of Tongataboo, where our obfervatory was erected, which was near the middle of the north fide of the illand, was, according to the moft accurate obfervations, $25^{\circ}$ $\mathbf{a}^{\prime \prime}$ /4 $19^{\prime \prime}$ fouth ; and its longitude was $184^{\circ} 55^{\circ}$ $18^{\prime \prime}$ eaft.
The tides are more confiderable at the FriendIf Iflands, than at any other of Captain Cook's difcoveries in this ocean, that are fituate within cither of the tropics. At Annamooka the tide rifes and falls about fix feet, upon a perpendicular, At Tongataboo, it rifes and falls four feet: and three quarterrs, on the full and change days; and three feet and a half at the quadratures.

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## VOYAGE

TOTHE

## PACIFIC OCEAN.

## BOOK III.

CONTENTS.

Inand of Toobonai difcoveled-Arrival at OtaleiteC'mai's Recéprion - Otahoite vifited by the Spaniards -Their Attempts to depreciste the Character of the Englifh-Interview with Waheiadooa, the Chief of Ti-araboo-Omai's imprudent conduct-Poultry and Cattle left on the Ifand-Captain Cook admitted into a Council of the Chiefs-Reflections on a human Sacri-fice-Heevas defcribed-Girle dreffed to bring a Pre-fent-Manner of preferving the body of a dead Chief -Riding on Horfeback-Mock Fight between two War Canoes-Manner of conducting a War-A curipus Medical Operation-Otno's Art-Omai's War Canoe-Naval Power, \&ce.

WE had now taken our final leave of the Friendly Inands. On the 17th of July, at eight o'clock in the evening, Eooa bore north-eaft by north, diftant 3 or 4 leagues. The wind blew a frefh gale at eaft We ftood to the fouth, till after fix o'clock the next morning, when, from the fame direction, a fudden fquall
fquall took our ship aback; and before we could trim the fhips on the other tack, the main-fail and the top: gallant fails were conliderably torn.

On the 19th and 20 th, the wind kept between the fouth-weft, and fouth-eaft ; then it vecred to the eaft, north-eaft, and north.

We ftretched to the eaf-fouth-eaft, without meeting with any thing remarkable, till the 2 gth , at feven o'clock in the evening, when we had a very heavy fquall of wind from the north. We were, at this time, under fingle-reefed top-fails, courfes, and ftay-fails. Two of the latter were almoft demolifhed by the wind, and it was with the utmof difficulty that we faved the other fails. This fquall being over, we law feveral lights moving about on board the Difcovery; whence we conjectured that fomething had given way; and, the next morning, we perceived that her main-top-matt had been loft. Both wind and weather remained very unfettled till noon, when the latter cleared up, and the former fettled in the north-weft quarter. Our latitude was now $23^{\circ} 6^{\prime}$ fouth and our longitude was $198^{\circ}$ ${ }^{2} 3^{\prime}$ ealt . We faw fome pintado-birds, which were the firft we lad feen, fince we left the land. zoAt noon, on the 3 1ft, Captain Clerke made a fignal to fpeak with Captain Cook; and afterwards informed him, that the head of the mainmaft had fprung, and in fuch a manner, as to reader the rigging of another top-maft extreinely dangerous; that he muft therefore rig fomething lighter in its place He further informed him, that he bad loft his main-top-gallant-yard; hergeman E E3 and
and had not another on board, nor a fpar to make one. Captain Cook fent him the Refolution's fprit-fail-top-fail-yard, which fupplied this want for the prefent. The next day, by getting up a jury-top-maft, on which he fet a mi-zen-top-fail, he was enabled to keep way with the Refolution.
We feered eaft-north-eaft, and north-eaft; without meeting with any: rema kable occurrence till the morning of the 8th of Auguif, at eleven o'clock; when land was obferved bearing north-north-eaft, about nine or ten leagues diftant. At firft it appeared like fo many feparate iflands; but, as we approached, we found it was all connected, and formed one and the fame ifland. We fteered direfty for it with a fine gale, and, at half paft fix in the afternoon, it extended from north by eaft to north-notheaft, diftant three or four leagues.

At day-break, the next morning, we ifteered for the north-weft fide of the ifland, and as we ftood round its fouth-weft part, we faw it guarded by a reef of coral-rock; extending; in fome places, at leaft a mile from theland; and a high furf breaking upon itt As we drew near, we faw people walking or rumbing along fhosest on feveral parts of the coaf, rath, in a fhort time after, when we had reached the lee-fide of the ifland, we faw two tanoes launched, in which were about a dozien of thefis who paldled to-
 In order to give thefe cafroertime to come up with us, as well as to foundfor utchorage, we fhortened
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Capt: a fair appea requi tain fore, to pr we m ving was? $23^{\circ}$ TH reetio howe confi
a fpar to e Refoluplied this ; by getfet a miway with orth-eaft; le occurAuguft, at ved bearen leagues nany fepawe found ae and the rit with a afterinoon; rth-north
weifteered and as we w it guardg; in fome and 2 high w near, we g fhore; on Thort itime -fide of the 1, in which pauddled to-
fhortened fail, and at the diftance of half a mile from the reef, we found from forty to thirtyfive fathoms water. The canoes, after having advanced within piftol hhot of the hips; fuddenly ftopped: Omai was defired, as was ufual on fuch occafions, to endeavour to prevail upon the men in them to come nearer; but no arguments could induce them to truft themfelves within our, reach. They often pointed eagerly to the thore with their paddles, at the fame time calling to us to go thither ; and many of their people who were ftanding upon the beach, held up fomething white in their hands, which we conftrued as an invitation for us to come to land. We could eafily have accomplifhed this, there being good anchorage without the reef, and an opening in it, through which the canoes had paffed, which had no furf upon it. But the Captain did not chufe to rift the advantage of a. fair wind, in order'to examine an ifland, that appeared to be but of little confequence. We required no refrefhments, if we had been certain of meeting with them there, and therefore, after making feveral unfuccefsful attempts to prevail upon Gefe people to come near us, we made fail to the north, and left them; having firft learned that the name of their ifland was.Toobouai. It is Gruated in the latitude of $23^{\circ} 25^{\circ}$ fouth; and in $210^{\circ} 37^{\prime}$ eall longitude.

The greateft extent of this ifland, in any direction, is not above five or fix miles. Small, however, as it appr ars, there are hills in it of a confiderable elevation; at the foot of which, is
a narrow border of flat lafid, extending almoft all round it, bordered with a white fand-beach. The hills were covered with herbage, exeept a few rocky cliffs, with patehes of trees interfperfed to their fummits. This ifland, as we were informed by the men in the canoes, is plentifully focked with hogs and fowls; and produces the feveral kinds of fruits and roots that are to be met with at the other iflands in this neighbourhood.
ii From the converfation we had with thofe who came off to us, we difcovered that the inhabitants of Toobouai ppeak the Otalieite language : an indubitable proof that they are of the fame nation. Thofe, whom we faw in the canoes, were a ftout copper-coloured peop.e' fome wearing their hair (which was ftraight and black) flowing about the fhoulders; and others laving it tied in a bunch on the crown of the head. Their faces were roundifh and full, but the features flat; and their countenances expreffed a degree of natural ferocity. Their covering was a piece of narrow ftuff wrapped round the waift, and paffing between the thighs 9 but fome of thofe whom we beheld apon the beach, were completely clothed in whiten Some of our vifitorss in the canoes, had their necks ornamented with pearl-fiells ; and ond of them continned blowing a large conch whelk, to which a reed, of about two feet long, was fixed; he began in a long tone, without any variation; and afterwards converted it into alkind of mufical inftrunent . Whether the blawing of the conch portended
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## $A$ Voyage to the Pacific Ocean.

ling almort fand-beach. c, exeept a trees interland, as we canoes, is fowls; and ts and roots $r$ iflands in
with thofe that the intalieite laney are of the in the caed peop.e' ; fraight and , and others rown of the and full, but ances exprefheir covering de round the las F bint fome ebeach, were eiof our vifiks ornamenthem continuwhich a reed, he began in $h$; and afternuifical inftruheiconch portended
tended any thing, we cannot fay, but we never found it the meffenger of peace.

The length of their canoes appeared to be about thirty feet, and they sofe about two feet above the furface of the water, as they floated. The fore-part projected a little; the after-part rofe to the height of two or three feet, with a gradual curve, and, like the upper part of the fides, was carved all over. The reft of the fides were ornamented with flat white fhells curioully difpofed. There were eight men in one of the cances, and feven in the others. They wert conducted with fmall paddles, whore blades, were almoft circular; and they fometimes paddled with the two oppofite fides fo clofe together, that they appeared to be but one boat; the rowers occafionally turning their faces to the ftern, and pulling that way, without paddling the canoes round. Seeing we were determined to leave them they food up, and repeated fomething aloud; but we knew not whether they were expreffing their enmity, or friend Mip. It is certain, however, that they had not any weapons with thein; nor could we with our glaffes difcover, that thofe on fhore were armed.
leaving the inland, we fteered to the north with a frefh gale, and at day-break, on the 12 th, we perceived the ifland of Maitea. Otaheite appeared foon after; the point of Oheitepeha Bay bearing weft, about four leagues diftant. We fteered for this bay, intending to anchor there, in order to draw fome refrefhments from
the fouth-eaft part of the ifland, before we prom ceeded to Matavai, where we expected our principal fupply. We had a frefh gale till two $0^{\prime}$ clock in the afternoon; when, at about a league: from the bay, the wind fuddenly died away. About two hours after, we had furden fqualis: with rain, from.the eaft. About nine o'clock; we were obliged to ftand out, and fipend the: night at fea.
When we came near the ifland, feveral chnoes came off to the fhip, each conducted by: twvo or theee men. But, as they, were common fellows, Omai took no particular norice of thems nor they of him. They did not even feem to perccive that he was one af their countrymen, altho' they converfed with him for fome time. At length, a chief whom I had known befores. nemed Ootee, and Omai's brother-in-law, who. chanced to be now at this corner of the illand, and three or four more perfons all of whom knew Otrai, before he embarked with Captain Furncaix, caine on board. Yet there was nothing either tender or ftriking in their meeris On the contrary, there feemed to be a pertect: indifference on both fides, tili Omai, having taken his brother down into the cabir, opened the drawer where he kept' his red feathers, and gave him a few. This being prefently known; amongit the reft of the natives upon deck, the face of affairs Nivas entirely turned, and Ootee, who would hardly fpeak to Omai before, now: begged that they might be tayos (friends) and exchange names. Omai accepted the honour:
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anc hos tha Wer his mor gue fion Dm I Ou but
60 from the, of $m$ the 1 Soci pene gree ry to repea and 1 rignir
$T H$ on bo fhore gun t
round with At fir what chafe
and confirmed it with a prefent of red feathers; and Ootee, by way of return, fent afhore for a hog. But it wis evident to every one of us, that it was not the man, but his property, they were in love with. Had he not ihewn to them his ticafure of red feathers, which is the commodily in greateft eftimation at the Illand, I queftion much whether they would have befowed even a cocoa-nut upon him.- Such was Dmai's firf reception among his countrymen. I own never expected it would be otherwife; but nill I was in hopes, that the valuable carof prefent with which the liberality of his fricnds in England had loaded him, would be the means of raifing sian into confequence, and of making him refpected, and even courted, by the firlt perfons throughout the extent of the Society Illands. This could not but have happened, had he conducted himfelf with any degree of prudence. But, inftead of it, I am forry to fay, that he paid too little regard to the repeated advice of thofe who wifhed him well, and fuffered himfelf to be duped by every defigning knave.

The important news, of red feathers being on board our fhips, having been conveyed on fhore by Omai's friends, day had no fooner begun to break next morning, than we were furrounded by a multitude of canoes, crowded with people bringing hogs and fruits to market. At firft, a quantity of feathers, not greater than what might be got from a tom-tit, would purchafe a hog of forty or fifty pounds weight. But,

But, as almoft every body in the fhips was poffeffed of fome of this precious article of trade, it fell in its value, above fix hundred per gent before night. However, even then, the balance was much in our favour; and red feathers continued to preferve their fuperiority over every other commodity. Some of the natives, would not pare with a hog, unlefs they received an axe in exchange; but nails, beads, and other trinkets, which, during our former noyages, had fo great a run at this illand, were now fo much defpifed, that few would deign to look at them.

In the morning of the 13 th, Captain Cook came to anchor in a bay called Oheitepeha. Soon after, Omai's fifter came on board to fee him; and the Captain was happy to obferve, that much to the honour of each, their meeting was marked with exprefions of the moft tender affection. After this moving feene, $\mathbf{O}$ mai and the Captain went ạhore. Here, the attention of the former was foon drawn to an old woman, the fifter of his mother. She was already at his feet, and had bedewed them plentifully with tears of joy. The Captain left him with the old lady, encircled by a number of people, in order to go and take la view of a houfe and crofs erected by the Spaniards. When he returned, he found Omai kolding forth to a large company s and it wac with forpe difficulty he could be got away to accompany the Captain on board. Captain Cook, it feemes had found, from the natives, that two Spanifh Ships from Lima had twice put into Oheitopeba Bay, fince
his dog firt four the flip ers, a fh but at a en $n$ to $h$ occa It w: the ftead the r the $h$ the Ther air-h fire found en cr

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uttain Coolk Oheitepeha. board to fee to obferve, their meetof the mort ag frene, 0 Here, the drawn to an She was d them plentrain left him number of a view of a bards: When lig forth to : prine difficulty the Captain ${ }_{s}$ had found, h fhips from ba Bay, fince his
his laft vifit in 1774. They had left fome hogs, dogs, goats, a bull, and a ram, on thore. The firft time they came, they built a houfe, and left four men behind them, carrying away four of the natives. In about ten months, the fame flips returned, bringing back two of the illanders, the other two having died at Lima. After a fhort ftay, they took away their own people, but left the houfe fanding. This was fituated at a fmall diftance from the beach. The wooden materials of which it was compofed, feemed to have been brought, ready prepared, to fet up. occafionally; for all the planks were numbered. It was divided into two fimall rooms; and, in the inner one, were a bench, a table, a bedftead, fome old hats, and other trifles, of which the natives feemed to be very careful, as alfo of the houfe itfelf, which had fuffered no hurt from the weather, a fhed having been built over it. There were fcuttles all round, which ferved as air-holes; and perhaps they were alfo meant to fire from, with mufquets, if ever it fhould be foundneceffary. At fome diftance, ftood awooden crofs, on the tranfverfe part of which was cut Christis Vincit.
And on the perpendicular part was Carolus III. Imperit. 1774.
On the other fide of the poft, Captain Cook took care to preferve the memory of the prior vifits of the Englifh, by infcribing

Geongius Tertius Rex, Annis 1767.

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\text { 1769, 1773, 1774; שo } 1777 \text {. }
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Near the foot of this crofs was the grave of the Commodore of the two hips, who died here, while they lay in the bay, the firft time. The Spaniards feemed to have taken great pains to ingratiate themfelves with the inhabitants, who, on every occafion, mentioned them with the itrongeft expreffions of efteem and veneration. The former, however, did not fucceed in their attempts to depreciate the character of the Englifh. One of the four potrons whom they left behind, and whom the rattves called Mateema, thade himfelf very popular. He took uncommon pains to fudy their language, that he might be enabled to imprefs their minds with the moft exalted 'ideas of the greatyefs of the Spanifh monarchy, and make them think meanIy of the Englifh. He even went fo far as to affure them, that we no longer exitted as an independent nation ; that Pretane was only a fmall illand whick they (the Spaniards) had entirely deftroyed, and that as for Captain Cook, they had met with him at fea, and with a few hot, had fent his thip, with every foul in fer, to the bottom. AT1 this, and many dther improbable falfehoods, did the Spaniards make this people believe. But, if Spain had no other views, in this expedition, than to depreciate the Englifh, fhe had better have kept her Thips at home; for Captain Cook's return to the iflarld (which, in courfe, was quite unexpected) was confidered as a complete refutation of all that Mateema had faid.

Waheiadooa, Sovereign of Tiaraboo, (which

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Om: form by f ter nor coun all th rema matio Span defir heite that fon, this i far fr he w? rende of ev that t cy of
who died firft time. reat pain's habitants, them with id veneraot fucceed sarateter of ons fhom ives called

He took uage, that minds with Defs of the hink meanCo far as to ed as an inonly a fmall ad entirely Cook, they a few fhot, fer, to the improbable this people er views, in the Englifh, thome; for (which, in onfidered as lateema had
boo, (which
was

Was the name of thio part of the ifland) now abfent. Howewer, he foon afters meffage to notify his arrival, and to de . whe the Captain would vifit him ahore. This was not the fame perfon, though of the fame name, with the chief, whom Captain Cook had feen here during his laft voyage; but his brother, a boy about ten years old, who had fucceeded on. the death of the elder. Waheiadooa, about twenty months before, and was now under the tutorage of a chief, named Etorea. The celebrated Queen Oberea was dead. Accordingly, Omai and the Captain prepared to make him a formal vifit. On this occafion, Omai, affifted by fome of his friends, dreffed himfelf: not after the Englifh falhion, nor that of Otaheite, nor that of Tongataboo, nor in the drefs of any country upon earth; but in a,ftrange medley of all that he was poffeffed of. There was nothing remarkable in this interview, except the information which Captain Cook received, that the Spaniards, when they vifited the ifland, had defired the chiefs not to fuffer him to enter $\mathbf{O}$ heitepeha Bays if he fhould return again; for that the illand belonged to them. But the perfon, fays Captain Cook, who addrefled me with this information, affired me, that they were fo far from paying any regard to this requeft, that he was authorifed now to make a formal furrender of the province of Tiaraboo to me, and of every thing in it; which marks very plainly, that thefe people are no ftrangers to the policy of accommodating themfelves to prefent cir-
cumftances. At length, the young chief was directed, by his attendants, to come and embrace me; and, by way of confirming this treaty of friendihip, we exchanged names. The ceremony being clofed, he and his friends :accompanied me on board to dinner.

Omai had prepared a maro, compofed of red and yellow feathers, which he intended for Otoo, the king of the whole ifland, and, confidering where we were, it was a prefent of very great value. I faid all that I could to perfuade him not to produce it now, wihhing him to keep it on board till an opportunity fhould offer of prefenting it to Otoo with his ownhands. 1: But he had $T 00$ good ah opinion of the honefty and fidelity of his ccuntrymen to take my advice. Nothing would ferve him, but to carry it alhore, on this oceafion, and to give it to Wabeiadooa, to be by him forswarded to Otoo, in order to its being added to the royal marro. He thought by this management, that he fhould oblige both chiefs; whereas he highly difobliged the one; whofe favoun was of the mort confequence to him, without gaining any weward from the, duher. What I had forefeen happened, , for Wraheiadoo kept the maro himfelf, and only fent to Otoo a very finall piece of feathers; not the twentieth part of what belonged to the magnificent prefent. - On the sth, Captain Cook recoived from the young chief, a prefent of iten or a dozen of hogs fome cloth, and a quantity of fruit In the evenings; we exhibited fome fire-works, which both pleafed and aftonifhed the numerous' fpectators:
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## $A$ Voyage to the Pacijic. Ocian.

chief was and emg this treanes. The friends :ac-
ofed of red d for Otoo, confidering ry great vaade him not keepit on rof prefentBut he had didelity of $\therefore \quad$ Nothing lore, on this roa, to be by to its being ught by this both chiefs; res whofe fao him, withher. What heiadoo kept Otoo a very ventieth part at prefent. ved from the lozen of hogs In the even-
which both us fpectators:

Some

Some of our gentlemen, in their walks, difcovered, as they thought, a Roman Catholic chapel. They defcribed the altar which they faid they had feen, and every other conftituent part of fuch a place of worfhip. They mentioned, however;' that two perfons who had the care of it, would not permit them to go in; on which-account the Captain imagined they were miftaken, and had the cutiofity to pay a vifit to it himfelf:- The fuppofed chapel happened to be a toopapaoo, in which the body of the late Waheiado lay, in a kind of ftate. It was in a pretty large houfe, enclofed with a low palifade. The toopapaon was remarkably neat, and refembled one of thofe little awnings over theirdarge canoes. It was hung and covered with cloths and mats of a variety of colours, which had a beautiful effect. One piece of fcarlet broad cloth of the length of four or five yards, appeared confpicuous among the other ornaments; which had probably been received as a prefent from the Spaniards. This cloth, and fome taffels of feathers, fuggefted to our gentlementhe idea of a chapel; and their imagination fupplied whatever elfe was wanting to create a refemblance; hearing that the Spaniards had vifited this place, might alfo operate on their minds upon this occafion, and add to the probability of its being a chapel. Small offerings of fruits and roots feemed to be daily made at this fhrine, fome pieces being now quite frefh. Thefe were depofited on a kind of altar, whick foood without the palifades; within which we

## 4. Foyage ta the Pacific: Octran.

were nat permitted to enter. wiwo men conGantly attended here, both night 1 and day; as Well to wotch over the place, as to dref and undrefs the toopapáa, When Captain Cook
tha not
W went to furvey it, the cloth and its appendagos were rolled up; but, at his requef, the two attendants placed it in order, but hot till after they had dreffed themfelves in clean white cobes. The chief, we were informed, had been dead

Having provided a frenh Bipply of waten, and finifhed all pur neceffaryoperations, on the 22d we brought off our innimals from hiore, and made radysfor feagre While the- onips vere unmooringe Qmai , and, Candain Cook landody in the morning of fathe agdisto atale sleave of the young chiefot While they werenwith him, onic of thofer petfonsmwhom theyicall Eatoosg frons a perfunfign that theyr paffef 9 the enirit of the divinity perefentedadimfelf before thene wide had all the appearancesi of siaf apity gabouto hima and his poly goxeringums prughtity of pplantain leaves swapped, routh shisionifin Heinatterad what he hadrta fai in milarsdfquedring voicaj. to as hardry soube indexntandankutinarani faid. he perfectly comprehended hims. and that he was advifing Wahojadmoyntiot to roiccomprimy Captain Cook to, Matayaistanjexpeditigh which he had neyer known that he intemeded, her fhad: the Captain quer made cueh iorproperalston Ain. The Eatoon alfo predicted that the baips ivould not arrive that day at Matavinusing this; hown? ever, he was mißtaken st thotghuappearances; at

## A. Voyaga to the Pacific: Occañ.

men cond day; as drefo and : ain Cook ppendages he two att. till after hite pobes. been dead

## Merosiod

water, and on the 2:2d hore, rand os were, unlandeds ia save of the h himg orie Jatooss frow pirit of the theme wided abquito hima off plantian Heintterad ding rycical warand faid nd athatiche (Ricsompithy ition which ed f hen had: Dalsitor Itms faips itwould हthisyohquin? earancess:at that
that time, favoured his affertion, as thete wos not a lingle. breath of wind in any direction. While he was delivering his prophecy;' a heaty fhower of rain came on, which occafioned all to run for helter, except himfelf, who appeared to difregard it.. He continued fqeaking about half an hour, and then retired. No attention was paid to what he uttered, though forne of che natives. laughed at him.

Captain Cook alked the chief, whether he wres an Earce or a Totutow ? The anfwer he rerived was, that he was taata wo, that is, a bad man. And yet, notwithfanding thisy and the little notice taken of the mad prophets fuperfition for far governs the natives, that they abfo lutely believe fach perfons to be poffeffed with the fpirit of the Eatoan Omai feemed to be well inftructed concerning them. He faids that during the fits, with which they are feized, they know nobody; and that if any oric of them is a man of property he will then give away every moveable the pofiofies iswig finiends du not put them out bif his reachigiandy whentie fecders; he:feems notspihave the leaft remembrance of what ho hadudonetaring the time the fit vas
 Foom after the Captain got on board, a light. breaze fpringing up at eaf, we got urder fall, and ther Refolation anchored, the finte evening, if atiMhtavaig Bajy g but the Difcovery did tiot get intill theqdat morning conifequently:the inan's prophecy was half fulfilled. Fis sent atixif son
Ora the «ath of Augufty Captain Cook left the
the Bay of Oheitepeha, and in the evening anchored in Matavai Bay, in another part of the ifland, whence he expected his principal fupply. Here he and Omai had an Interview, on thore, with Otoo, the King of the whote illand. $\mathbf{O}$ mai, fays the Captain, had prepared himfelf for, this ceremony, by drefling himfelf in his very beft cloaths, and behaved with a great deal of refpect and modefty. Neverthelefis, very little notice was taken of him. Perhaps, envy had fome fhare in producing this cold reception. He made the chief a preferit of a large piece of red feathers, and about two or three yards of gold cloth; and I gave him a fuit of fine linen, a gold taced Sat, fome tools, and, what was of more value than all the other articles, a quantity of red feathers, and one of the bonnets in ufe at the Friendly Iliands:
After the hurry of this wift was over, the King, and the whiole Royal Fanily, aceompainied me on board, followed by feveral canoes, laden with all kinds of provifions, in quantity fufficient to have feefeed the companies of both fhips for a week. Each of the famimy owned, or pretended to own, a part, fo that I had a prefent from. every one of them; and every one of them had a feparate prefent in weturn from me; which was the great 'object in view. Soon after, the King's mother, whio had not been prefent at the firt interview, came on board bringing with her a quantify of provifions and cloth, which fhe divided between me"and Ormai. For, although he was buit little noticed at fiff,

- by his know court as $1 . \mathrm{cc}$ Otoo. anima able tc ment
I knev his nal ted.
my ad dent a of Oto Otahe bonds piunde they worth. rily dr chiefs, from a fents, people, Cap the po ifland. a tarks a drak Oparre greefe a At Op tives fa
ning anrt of the 1 fupply. on thore, ind. 0 mfelf for his very at deal of very little envy had rcception. e piece of yards of ane linen, tat was of 1, a quanonnets in
over, the accomparal canoes, n quantity les of both ly owned, hat had every one turn from ew. Seen not been on board vifions and and Ontai: ed at firft, by
* by his countrymen, they no fooner gaiacd the knowledge of his riches, than they began to court ins friendfhip. I encouraged this as much as 1 couid; for it was my wih to fix him with Otoo. As I intended to leave all my European animals at this ifland, I thought, he would be able to give fome infruction about the manager ment of them, and about their ufe. Befides; I knew, and faw, that the farther he was from his native ifland, he would be the better-refpected. But, unfortunately, poor Omai rejected my advice, and conclucted himfelf, in fo imprudeat a manner, that he foon loft the friendfhip of Otooa, andiof every other perfou of note in Otaheite, Hevaffociated with none but vagabonds and, Prangers nwhofe fole vienss were to nunder him. tind, if I had, not interfered; they would not have left him a fingle article worth carrying from the ifland. This neceflit rily drew upon him the ill-will of the principal chiefs sho found that the coiald not procure; from any one inn the ofips, ch valuable prefents; as Omai befowed, or the lower of the people, hisicempanionsois 7

1. Captain Cook twas next engaged in landing the poultry, with which he was to tock the iflands They confifed of a peacock and hen, a turkey-cock and hen, a gander and three geefe, n drake and four duckso All thefe he left at Oparre, in the poffefion of Otoo ; and the geefe and ducks began to breed before he failed: At Oparre, he found a gander, which the natives faid was the fame that Captain, Wallis had
given Oberea ten years before; feveral goats ; and the Spanifh bull; which latter could have been of no ufe, if Captain Cook had not arrived; as the Spaniards had left no cows ahhore. Probably, they died in their paffage from Lima. Captain Cook fent three cows to this bull; and the bull which he himfelf had brought, with the horfe and mare, and. Theeps he put afhore at Matavai. He likewife planted a piece of ground with feveral articles, very few of which he believed the natives would ever look after. Some melons, potatoes, and two pine-apple plants, were in a fair way of fucceeding, before he left the place. He alfo planted feveral fladdock trees, which he had brought from the Friendly Ilands. Thefe, he thought, could hardly ail of fuccefs, unlefs their growth fhould be impeded by the fame premature curiofity, which deftroyed a vine planted by the Spaniards at Oheitepelha. A number of the natives got together, for tafe the firf fruit it bore; but; as the grapes were fill four, they confidered it as little better than poifon, and it was unanimoufly dertinined to tread it under foot. In that fate, Oifilifound it by chance, and was overjoyed at the difovery for he had a full confidence, that if he had but grapes, he could eafily make wine. Accordingly, he had feveral alps cut off from the tree, to carry away with him; and the remainder of it was pruned, and put in order. Perhaps, becoming wife by O mai's inftructions, they may now fliffer the fruit to grow to perfection, and not pafs. fo hafty? fentence
fente tend fet ul and, for t ? ple as partm entrú aftron we rc were The I and $m$ Our' our in compl the br found At tercou are re and, w Spania hima in app he had them when not fai could. Wé young real na
eral goats; could have ad not arws a ahore. rom Lima. bull; and ught, with put: afhore a piece of w of which look aften. pine-apple ling, before everal fhadit from the ight, could owth fhould e curiofity, e Spaniards natives got re ; but; as fidered it as unanimoufot. In that d. was over2 full confile could eahad feveral away with pruned, and wife by O fer the fruit S. fo hafty? fentence
fentence upon it again. As Captain Cook intended to continue here a confiderable time, we fet up our two obfervatories on Matavai Point; and, adjoining to them, two tents were pitched, for the reception of a guard, and of fuch pecple as might be left on thore, in different departments. The command at this ftation was entrufted to Mr King ; who alfo attended the aftronomical and other obfervations. While we remained here, the crews of both Chips were occupied in many neceffary operations. The Difcovery's main-maft was carried ahore, and made as good as it had ever been before. Our'fails and water-cafks were repaired; both, our fhips were caulked; and the rigging was completely over-hauled. We likewife infpected the bread that we had on board in calks, and found that but little of it was damaged.

At Matavai, Captain Cook renewred his intercourfe with all his pld friends, whofe names, are recorded in his account of his fecond voyage; and, while there, one of the natives, whom the Spaniards had carried with them to Limaj paid him a vifit. Though not to be diftinguifhed, in appearance, from the reft of his countrymen, he had not forgot fome Spanifh words. Among them the moft frequent were $\sqrt{2}$ Senjor; and; when a ftranger was introduced to him, he did not fail to rife up and accoft him as well as he could.
We alfo found here, fays Captain Cook, the joung man whom we called Oedidee, but whofe real name is Heeteheete. I had carried him from 1774; after he had vifited the Friendly IAlands, New Zealard, Eafter Ifland; and the Marquefes, and being on board my hip, in that extenfive navigation, about feven months. He was at leaft as tenacious of his good breeding, as the man who had been at Lima; and yes, Sirf, or if you pleafe, Sir, were as frequenily repeated by him, ha s Sennor, twas by the other. Heeteheete, who is' a native of Bolatbola, had arrived in Oraheite, about three months before; with no other intention, that we could learn, than to gratify his curiofity, or, perhaps, fome other favourite paftion; which are, very often, the only objects of the purfuit of other travelling gemlemen. It was evident, however; that he preferred the modes, and even garb, $6 f$ 'his countryuteng to ours. - For' though I gave him fome cloaths, which our Admiralty Board had been plefed ta fend for his ufe to which I added a cheftoftools; and a few other articles, as a prefent from mipfelt), he decilined wearing them after a fevidays:-This infiancefand that of the perfon who had been at Lirias may be urged as a proof of the frong propenfity natural to man, of returning to habits aequired at an early age, and only interrupted by accident. And, perhaps, it may be concluded, that even Omai, who had imbibed alnoft the whole Eniglifh manners, will, in a very fhort time after our leaving him, like Oedidee, and the vifito of Lima, return to his own native garmernts. II the morning of the 27 th, a man from 0 . heitepeha
heil
had and fom got that they days whic the a difpa look time; defen peace that a opene fon to impor doubt follow that $h$ no $\mathbf{t h}$ there of the told $u$ vented they c they 'f to qui tants might there

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## $A$ Vojage to the Pacific Ocean.

im back in dly ILands, e Marquethat exten1. He was ding, as the es, Sirs, or if repeated by er. Hectehad arrived before; with learn, than ps, fome overy often, ther travelowever; that garb, of his h I gave him ty Board had p which I adther articles, thried weáring noct, atrd that firix', may be openfity natuss aequired at 2 by accident. ed, that even fe whole Engtime after our the vifitiof of arments.
màn from 0 heitepeha
heitepeha informed us, that two Spanif thips had anchored in that bay the preceding night; and to confirm this intelligence, he produced fome coarfe blue cloth, which, he faid, he had got out of one of the fhips. He further faid, that Mateema was in one of the fhips ; and that they would come to Matavai in two or three days.: Thefe, and fome other circumftances, which he mentioned, gave the ftory fo much the appearance of truth, that the Commodore difpatchied Lieutenant Williamfon in a boat, to look into Oheitepeha Bay; and, in the menn time; both our thipe were put in a pofture of defence. For, tho England and Spain were at peace when he left England, he did not know but that a different feene might; by this time, have opened. Upion enquiry, however, we had reafon to imagine, that the relater of the ftory had impofed upon us, and this, was put beyond all doubt, when Mr Williainfon returned the day following, who made his report to CaptainCook, that he had been at Oheitepeha, and found that no fhips were there at prefent, nor had any been there fince we left it. The people of this part of the illand, where we niow were flationed, told us, indeed, at firf, that it was a fiction invented by thofe of Tiaraboo. But what view they could have, we could not conceive, unlefs they fuppofed that the roport would induce us to quit the illand, and thus deprive the inhabitants of Otaticite-nooe of the ad vantages thex mightothervife reap from our thips remaining there; the natives of the two parts of the iltand Voz. I.

G $\mathbf{g}$
being

## 29

 A. Voyage to the Pacific Occan.being inveterate enemies to each other. Since we arrived at Matavai, the weather had been unfettled till the 29th; before which day we were unable to get equal altitudes of the fun for afcertaining the going of the time-keeper. The caulking, and other repairs of the ohips, were alfo retarded by the fame caufe. In the evening of this day, the iflanders made a precipitate retreat, both from our land ftation, and from on board the fhips. We conjectured that this arofe from their knowing that fome theft had been committed, and apprehending punifhment upon that account. At length, we became acquainted with the whole affair. One of the Surgeon's mates had made an excurfion into the country to purchafe curiofities, and had taken with him four hatchets for the purpofe of exchange. Having been fo imprudent as to employ a native to carry them, the fellow took an opportunity of running off with fo valuable a prize This was the reafon of the fudden flight, in which Otoo himfelf, and all his family, had joined; and it was with difficulty that the Captain ftopped them, after following them for the face of two or three miles. As he had determined to take no meafures for the recovery of the hatchets, that his people for the future might be more upon their guard againft fuch negligence, every thing quickly refumed its former tranquility.

The next morning, fome meffengers arrived from Eimeo, with intelligence, that the people of that ifland were in arms $;$ and that Otoo's
part
fite quar in 1 form tain the a ref fucce ed n gers, the $\mathbf{C}$ the $h$ cil. nefs purp affair: chiefs was o minc fome coruir ry tur that $t$ diet. as the ftored ed; ar ly, th Otoo Thofe war, a and al

> A Voyage to the Pacific.Occan.

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r. Since had been $h$ day we he fun for er. The ips, were the evenprecipitate and from d that this theft had unifhment became acne of the on into the had taken ofe of ex$t$ as to emw took an valuable a the fudden his family, ty that the g them for he had dehe recovery the future rainft fuch med its for-
ers arrived the people hat Otoo's partizans
partizans there had been obliged by the oppod fite party to retreat to the mountains. The quarrel between the two iflands, which began in 1774, had partly fubfided ever fince. A formidable armament had failed foon after Captain Cook left Otaheite in his laft voyage; but the malecontents of Eimeo had made fo gallant a refiftance that the fleet had returned without fuccefs; and now another expedition was deemed neceffary. On the arrival of thefe meffengers, the chiefs affembled at Otoo's houfe, where the Captain actually was at that time, and had the honour of being admitted into their council. One of the meffengers opened the bufinefs with a fpeech of confiderable length, the purport of which was to explain the fituation of affairs in Eiineo, and to excite the Otaheitean chiefs to arm on the occalion. This opinion was oppofed by others who were againft commencing hoftilities; and the debate was for fome time, carried on with great order and decorum. At length, however, they became very tumultuous, and the Captain began to expent that their meeting would conclude like a Polifh diet. But the contending chiefs cooled as faft as they grew warm, and order was fpeedily reftored. In the end, the party for war prevailed $;$ and it was refolved, though not unanimoufly, that a flrong force Ghould be fent to Eimeo. Otoo faid very little during the whole debate. Thofe of the coancil, who were inclinable for war, applied to the Captain for his affiftance; and all of them were defirous of knowing what Gg2 . part
part he would take. Omai was fent for to act as interpreter; but, as he could not be found the Captain being under a neceffity of feaking for himfelf, told them, as well as he could, that as he was not, perfectly acquainted with the difpute, and as the natives of Eimeo had never given him the leaft caufe of offence, he could not think of engaging in hoftilities againt them. With this declaration they either were, or appeared to be fatisfied. The $r$ uncil was then diffolved ; but before the Captain retired, Otoo defired him to come again in the afternoon, and bring Omai with hin.

A party of us accordingly waited upon him at the appointed sime; and he conducted us to bis father, in whofe prefence the dippute with Emeo was again difcuffed. The Commodore being yery defirous of effecting an accommodation, founded the old chief on that fubject; but he was deaf to any fuch propofil, and fully determine to carry on hoftilities. On our enquiring into the caufe of the war, we were informed, that feveral years ago, a brother of Waheindaoo of Tiaraboo, was fent to Eimeo, at the defire of Maheine, a popular chicf of that ifland, to be their king; but he had not been there many days, before Maheine haying caufed him to be put to death, fet up for himfelf, in oppofition to Tieratabconooe, nephew of the deceafed, who now became the lawful heir, or perhaps had been appointed, by the people of Otaleite, to fucceed to the government on the death of the other.

Towha,

## A Voyage to the Paijfic Ocan.

for to act e found the peaking for ld, shat as th the difd never gic could not ainft them. vere, or apil was then tired, Otoo erioon, and

1 upon him lueted us 10 lifpute with Commodore accommodafurbject; but nd fully deo our enquiwere informof Waheiameo, at the t that ifland, been there caufed him lf, in oppoof the deful heirs or e people of ment on the

Towha,
parted, Towha gave to Otoo two or three red feathers, tied up in a tuft; our party then reembarked, having taken on board a prieft who was to affift at the folemnity.

As foon as they landed at Attahooroo, which was about two o'clock, Otoo defired that the failors might be ordered to continue in the boat; and that Captain Cook, Mr Anderfon, and Mr Webber, would take off their hats as foon as they fhould come to the Morai, to which they immediately proceeded, attended by numbers. of men, and fome boys; but not one woman was prefent. They found four priefts, with their affiftants, waiting for them The dead body or facrifice, was in a fmall canoe, that. lay on the beach, fronting the Morai. Two of the priefts, with feveral of their attendants; were fitting by the canoe; the others at the Morai. Our company ftopped at the diftance of twenty or thirty paces from the priefts. Here Otoo placed himfelf; our gentlemen, and a few others, ftanding by him, while the majority of the people were removed at a greater diftance.

The ceremonies now commenced. One of the attendants of the priefts brought a young plantain-tree, and laid it down before the king. Another approached, bearing a fmall tuft of red feathers, twifted on fome fibres of the cocoan nut hufk, with which he touched one of Otoo's feet, and afterwards retired with it to his companions. One of the priefts who were feated at the morai, now began a long prayer; and at particular times, fet down young plantain-trees, which
whic this ciatir in or the allow tooa. the? down rying renev tain-t times
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three red then reprieft who
oo, which 1 that the the boat; n, and Mr as: foon as which they 7 numbers. ne woman iefts, with The dead anoe, that i. Two of attendants, at the Modiftance of ffs. Here and a few majority of diftance.

1. One of ht 2 young e the king. tuft of red the cocoan e of Otoo's to his coms were feated yer ; and at ntain-trees, which
which were placed upon the facrifice. During this prayery an illander, who ftood by the officiating prieft, held in his hands two bundles, in one of which, as we afterwards found, was the royal maro; and the other, if we may be allowed the expreffion, was the ark of the Eatooa. The prayer being finifhed; the priefts at the morai, with their affiftants, went and fat down by thofe who were upon the beach, carrying the two bundles with them. They here renewed their prayers, during which the plan-tain-trees were taken, one by one, at various times, from off the dead' body, which, being wrapped up in cocoa-leaves and fmall branches, was now taken out of the canoe, and laid upon the beach. The priefts placed themfelves around it; fome ftanding, and others fitting; and one, or more of them, repeated fentences: for ajoout ten minutes. The body was now ftripped of the leaves and branches, and placed parallel with thefea-fhore. Then one of thepriefts, ftanding at the feet of the corpfe, pronounced a long prayer, in which he was occafionally joined by the others, each of them holding a tuft of red feathers in his hand. During this prayer, fome hair was pulled off the head of the intended facrifice, and the left eye was taken out; both which being wrapped up in a green leaf, were prefented to the king; who, however, did not touch them, but gave, to the man who prefented them, the tuft of red feathers which-he had received from Towha. This, with the ege and hair, was taken to the priefts. Not

Not long after, his majefty fent them another piece of feathers. In the courfe of this laft ceremony, a king fifier making a noife in the trees, Otoo turned to Captain Cook, faying, "That is the Eatooa;" and feemed to confider it as a favourable prognoftic.

The corpfe was then carried a little way, and laid under a tree; near which were fixed three thin pieces of wood varioufly carred. The bundles of cloth were placed on a part of the morai ; and the tufts of red feathers were hid at the feet of the dead body, round which the priefts ftationed themfelves; and our gentlemen were now permitted to go as near as they pleafed. He who tremed to be the chief prieft fpoke for about a quarter of an hour, with different tones and geftures; fometimes appearing to exportulate wilh the deceafed; at other times, afking feveral queftions; then making various demands, as if the dead perfon either had power hinifelf, or intereft with the deity, to engage him to grant fuch requefts ; among which he defired him to deliver Eimeo, Moheine its chief, the women, hogs, and other things of the illand, into their hands; which was, indeed, the exprefs object of the facrifice. He then prayed mear half an hour, in a whining tone, and two other priefts joined in the prayer, in the courfe of which a prieft plucked fome more hair from the head of the corpfe, and put it upon one of the bundles. The chief prieft now prayed alone, holding in his hand the feathers received from Towha. Having finifhed, he gave them to ano-
ther pri the tuft dies of this pla

The confpict and the beat 10 laid agai the foo feated $t$ their pr. a hole al they, thr ftones at the bod upon wh was the the meai duced, ${ }^{2}$ hair was taken of they wer heart, an put on $h$ dog, afte was, wit priefts, w ing. T ! over the very louc in a loud faid, was
ther prieft, who prayed in like mauner ; then all the tufts of feathers were placed upon the bundles of cloth, which concluded the ceremony at this place.

The dead body was now carried to the moft confpicuous part of the marai, with the feathers, and the two bundles of, cloth, while the drums beat llowly. The feathers and bundles wcre laid againft the pile of fones, and the body at the foot of them. The priefts haxing again. feated themfelves round the corpfe, renewed their prayers, while fome of their affirtants dug a hole about the depth of two fect, into which they, threw the victim, and covered, it over, with fones and carth While they were committing the body to the grave a box fqueaked aloud, upon which Omai Gid to Captain Cook, that it was the Eatool. A fre haying boen made in the mean time, a lean half farved dog was produced and kiligd by twiting his, neck. The hair was then finged off and the entrails being taken out, were thrown into the fire, where they were left to be confumed; bit the kidney, heart, and liver, were only roafted, by being put on heated fones and the carcafe of the dog, after being rubbed over with the blood, was, with the hiver, \&sc. laid down before the priefts, who were feated round the grave, praying. They for fome time uttered ejaculations over the dog, while two men, at intervals, beat very loud on two drums; and a boy freamed, in a loud fhrill voice, three times. This, they faid, was to invite the Eatooa to feaft on th
banque
banquet that they had provided for him. When the priefts had finifhed their prayers, the body, heart, liver, E'c. of the dog, were placed on a whatta, or fcaffold, about fix feet in height, on which lay the remains of two other dogs, and of two pigs, which had been lately facrificed. The priefts and attendants now gave a kind of fhout, which put an end to the ceremonies at prefent. The evening being arrived, our genitlemen were conducted to a houfe belonging to Potatoit, where they were entertained, and lodged for the night. Having been informed, that the religious rites were to be renewed the next morning, they would not quit the place while any thing remained to be feen. Some of them repaired to the fcene of action early in the morning; and, foon afterwards, a pig was facrificed, and laid upon the fame fcaffold with the others. About eight o'clock, Otoo took our party again to the morai, where the priefts, and a great multitude of people, were by this time affembled. The two bundles occupied the place where they had been depofited the preceding evening; the two drums were in the front of the morai, and the priefts were ftationed beyond them. The king placed himfelf between the drums, and defired Captain Cook to ftand by him.

The ceremony of this day began with bringing a young plantain-tree, and laying it at $\cdot$ his majefty's feet. A prayer was then repeated by the priefts, holding in their hands feveraltufts of red feathers, and alfo a plume of oftrich feathers ${ }_{3}$
feathers to Otoo had enc tion, ar tlemen: who hac ceding tinued n the tuft upon th four pig: mediatel ken to a One was four Otaheite of the cl full leng bout fift quarter the fame of cloth, the wain red feath One end about th edges wo other en ricus len rows, in pleafing forne of to the un

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When he body, laced on eight, on ogs, and acrificed. a kind of nonies at our genionging to ned, and informed, ewed the the place Some of arly in the ig was fafold with too took he priefts, re by this cupied the the preere in the ere ftationhimfelf be1 Cook to
ith bring, it at his 1 repeated everaltufts of oftrich feathers ${ }_{3}$
feathers, which the Commodore had prefented to Otoo on his firft arrival. When the priefts had ended the prayer, they changed their ftation, and placed themfelves between our gentlemen and the morai. One of them, the fame who had performed the principal part the preceding day, began another prayer, which continued near half an hour. During this prayer, the tufts of red feathers were put, one by one upon the ark of the Eatooa. Not long after, four pigs were produced, one of which was immediately killed, and the three others were taken to a neighbouring fye.

One of the bundles was now untied; and it was found to contain the maro, with which the Otaheiteans inveft their kings. When taken out of the cloth, it was fpread on the ground, at full length, before the priefts. It is a girdle about fifteen feet in length, and one foot and a quarter in breadth, and is probably put on in the fame manner as the common mare, or piece of cloth, ufed by thefe iflanders to wrap round the waif., It was ornamented with yellow and red feathers; but principally with the former. One end of it was bordered with eight pieces, about the fize and figure of a horfe-fhoe, whofe edges were fringed with black feathers. The other end was forked, having the points of varivus lengths. The feathers were ranged in two rows, in fquare compartments, and produced a pleafing effect. They had been firft fixed upon fome of the ciuth of the ifland, and then fewed to the upper end of the pendant which Captain Wallis

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Wallis had left flying on thore, the firf time of his arrival at Matavai. The priefts pronounced a long prayer, relative to this part of the ceremony; and after it was ended, the badge of royalty was folded up with great care, and put into the cloth.

The other bundle, which we have already mentioned, under the name of the ark, was next operied, at one end; but our party were not permitted to approach near enough to examine its myfterious contents. The intelligence they obtained refpeeting it, was, that the Eatoon, (or rather what is fuppofed to reprefent him) was concealed in it. This facred repofitory is compofed of the twifted fibres of the huak of the cocos-nut $;$ and its figure is soundifh, with one end confiderably thicker tham the other.

The pig that had been killed was by this time cleaned, and its entrails taken out. Thefe happened to have many of thofe convulfive motions, which frequently appear in different parts, when an animal is killed; and this was confidered as 2 very favourable omen to the intended expedition. After being expofed for fome time, the entralls were carried and laid down before the priefts. While one of them prayed, another clofely infpected the entrails, and continued turning them gently with a ftick. Having been fufficiently examined, they were therr thrown into the fire. The facrificed pig, aud its liver, heart, \&ec. were now put upon the feaffold where the dog had been depofited; and then all the feathers, except the oftrich pliume, being fited; and ich plume, being


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being clofed in the ark, an end was put to the whole folemnity.

Four double canoes remained upon the beach, all the morning, before the place of facrifice. A frall platform, covered with palm-leaves, faftened in myfterious knots, was fixed on the fore part of each of thefe canges; and this alfó, is clled a manai. Some plantains, cocoanuts, "bread-fruit, fifh, and other articles, lay upon each of thefe naval morais. The vatives faid, that they belonged to the Eatooa, and that they were to attend the fleet that was to bafent tagaint Bimeo.
The umfirtunate victim, offered on this oc eafion, wes, to appearance, a middle-age man, and was one of the lowef clafg of the people. But idid not appear, that they had fixed upon atcount of hil having commitied any Palculht vxime, that deferved death. It is cert. fain, thowever, that tney ufually felect; fuch guilty perfons for their facrifices, or clic, vagebonds, who have no, vifible way of procuring an honeß livelihood. Our gentlemen having examined the body of the unhappy fufferer, noir offered upito the object of thefe people's Thip, oblerved, that it was bloody aboue in 3 head and face, and much bruifed upon the right temple, which denoted the manner in which he had been killed. And they were informed, that We had been knocked on the head with a ftone. The wretches who are deftined to fuffers on thefe occafions, are never previoufly appeized of their fate. Whenever any one of the principal NoL. 1. Hh chiefs

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chicf deents a human facrifice necelliy $y$, on any great emergency, he fixes upon the vilaim, and then difipatches fome of his trufty fervants, who fall upon fim fruddenly, and seithet Atone him to death, or best out his brains with a club. The fovercign is next ac quiainted with Ht, whote -prefence is 'hid to be abolutely requifite at the folemnirites that follow; and indeed, on the late occafion, Otoo bore a capital part. The folemnity itfors is termed Paore Eres, or the priyet of the chitef; and the vidim is called STe ta id abo or confecrated min.

The mora; where the late fácifice wab offered, isalamays appropitated for the burial of the Iaing of the whole illand, and likewife of his family and fome other perfons of diftinguilhed rank It differs litele, except in extent, from the common moraí, Its principal part is 2 lhige oblong pile of fones, about thirteen feet In heighty, and contricted townends the top, with - quadrangular area on each fide, loofely paved mith pebbles, under which the bones of the chiefs rie depofited. Not far from the end nearef the th, it the place of facrifice, where is a very large When, or fcaffold, on which the offerings of 2nies, and ocher vegetables; are placed, but the inimels are laid on a finitler one, fint the hudine Gecifices are interrid under the pavement. Thereare feteral religued fatefered about the ploce i fich easimall fones raifed in various parts the pavethent, fome with bits of cloth fafternroupd them, ochers eatirely covered with its and ' upon the fide of the large pile, fionting
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Jon any Retimy and rants, who ftome him th a club. hit, whofe ifite at the id, on the rart. The e, or the 2 is called was offerwial of the fife of his iftinguilh tent, from part is a rteen feet top, with Cely paved thechiefs nearef the very large rerings of I; but the Stie hum paveineent. boont the jous parts th faftend with its
fronting the
the asea, are a great number of pieces of carved wood, in which their godra are fuppofed to re fide occifionally. There is a heap of ftones, at one end of the largefcaffold, with a fort of platform on onte fide. On this theg depofit all the fivils of the human facrifices, which they tile up after they have remained under giopmd for fome monthis. Juft above them, many of the carted piecee of trood are pluced; and here the mavo, and the other bandle, which was fuppofedito contain the god Ooro, vere laid during the celebration of the late folemin rites.
It is prob sle that, thio barbarofe cuftom of aficing hoinn victury previls ingl, or mof of the ilands of the Pacific Qoem, however diftant from each other fome of them may be And though we fiould tippory tint not mote than one perfoo is facrificed at one time, either at Otaheite, or othier Mands, yet thefe occefions, in all probability, occur fo frequently, as to make a terrible havoc of the human fee cies 3 for Captain Coot reckoned no lefs than fort, nine ftulk of former victims, ljing before the mordi, at Attahooroo; and as noge of thote Evilh appeared to have fuffered any confiderable change, or decay from the weather, it may be infered, that but a fhort time had elapfed, fince thefe ridim bad been offered. This horrid practice, though no confideration whatever can make it ceafe to be detertable, might, perhaph, be thought leff detrimental, in fome zefpeits, If it contribed to imprefs any awe for the Deity, of heration for religion, ypon the Hh 2
minds
minds of the fpectators. But this was fo far

- from being the cafe on the late occafion, that though a vaft multitude of people had affembled at the morai, they fhewed very little reverence for what was tranfacting. And Omai happpening to arrive, after the ceremonies had begun, many of the iflanders thronged round him, and were engaged, for the remaining part of the time in making him recount fome of his adventures; to which they liftened with great eagernefs of attention, regardlefs of the folemn offices which their priefts were then performing. Indeed, the priefts themfelves, except the one who fuftained the principal part, either from their being familiarized to fuch ob jeets, or from their repofing no great degree of confidence in the efficacy of their religious inftitutions, maintained very little of that folemnity which is neceffary to give to acts of devotion their proper effect. Their habit was but an ordinary one; they converfed together with great familiarity; and the only attempt they made to preferve decorum, was by exerting their authority to prevent the populace from encroaching on the very foot where the rites were performed, and to fuffer our gentlemen; as ftrangers, to come forward. They were, however, very candid in the anfwers which they gave to any interrogatories that were put to them, with regard to this inhuman inftitution. And, particularly, on being alked, what was the defign of it, they replied, that it was an an"cient cuftom, and was highly agreeable to their-


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was fo far fion, that ad affemittle reveInd Omai ionies had red round ining part fome of ened with lefs of the then perelves, exipal part, fuch ob degree of igious inlat folemof devotiwas but ther with mpt they
exerting hace from the rites entlemen; hey were, hich they re put to fftitution. what wan zas an ane to their. god,
god, who came and fed upon the facrifices; in confequence of which, he granted their petitions. It was then objected, that he certainly did not feed on thefe, as he was neither obferved to do it, nor were the bodies of the facrificed animals foon confumed; and that as to the corpfe of a human victim, they prevented his feeding on that, by interring it. In anfwer to thefe objections, they gave it as their opinion, that he came in the night, invifibly, and fed only on the foul, or immaterial part, which (thefe people fay) remains about the place of ficrifice, till the carcafe of the vietim is totally wafted by putrefaction.

Human facrifices are not the only barbarous cuftom that fill prevails amongt the inhabitants of Otaheite, though, -in many others refpeets, they have emerged from the brutal maniners of favage life. Befides cutting out the jaw-bones of their enemies flain in battle; which they carry about with them as trophies, they, in fome meafure, offer up their bodies to the Eatooa: Soon after an engagement, in which they have come off vidtorous, they collect all the dead, and bring them to the morai, whiere, with great form and ceremony; they dig a large hole, and bury them all in, as fo many offerings to their divinities.

They treat, in a difficent manner, their nwn chiefs that fall in battle. Their late king, Toptaha, Toubourai-tamaide, and another chief, who were all flain in an engagement with thofe of Tiaraboo, were brougin to the morai at Atta.

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hooroo. There the priefts cut out their biowels before the great altar; and their dead bodies were afterwards interred in three different places, near. the great pile of ftones above mentioned; and the common men, who loft their lives in the battle, were all buried in one hole, at the foot of the fame pile. This was performed the day after the battle, with much pomp and formality, amidit a numerous concourfe of people, as a thankfgiving offering to the deity, for the victory, they had obtained the preceding day. The vanquifhed, in the mean time, had taken refuge in the mountains, where they remained upwards of a week, till the fury of the vietors began to abate. A treaty was then fet on foot by which it was agreed, that Otoo fhould be proclaimed king of the whole ifland; and the folemnity of invefting him with the maro, or badge of royalty, was performed at the fame morai, with great magnificence.

At the clofe of the very extraordinary fcene exhibited at the morai, our party embarked about twelve o'clock, in order to return to Matavai; and, in their way, paid a vifit to Towha, who had continued in the little ifland, where they met him the preceding day. Some converfation about public affairs paffed between Otoo and him; and the latter entreated Captain Cook, once more, to join them as an ally, in their war againf Eimeo. By his pofitive refußl he entirely loft the good opinion of this chief

Before they feparated, he interrogated our gentlemen concerning the folemnity, at which

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ir biowels dies were ices, near. ed; and 1 the batfoot of ie day aformality, le, as a the vicay. The taken reremained e victors $t$ on foot hould be and the maro, or the fame
ary fcene arked $2-$ to $\mathrm{Ma}-$ to Tow e illand, Some between Captain allys, in re refuial schief ated oure at which they
they had been prefent; and afked, particularly, if it anfwered their expectations; what opinion they entertained of its efficacy; and whether fuch acts of worfhip were frequent in their own country.? They had been filent during the celebration of the horrid ceremony; but, as foon as it was completed, freely expreffed their fentiments upon the fubject to Otoo, and his attendànts; confequently Captain Cook did not conceal his deteffation of it, in this converfation with Towha. Exclufive of the barbarity of the bloody cuftom, he urged the unreafonablenefs of it, alledging that fuch a facrifice, inftead of making the Eatioa propitious to their nation, would excite his vengeance; and that; from this very circumftance, he concluded, that theirintended expedition againt Maheine would be unfuccefsful. This was proceeding to great. lengths upon conjecture; but there was littie danger of being miftaken; for, refpecting this war, there were three parties in this illand, one violent for it, another perfectly indifferent about it; and the third avowed fupporters of Maheine, and his caufe. Under thefe circumfances, it was not probible that fuch a plan of military operations would be fettled; as could infure fuccefs. Omai acted as interpreter, in conveying the Captain's fentiments to Towha, on the fubject of the late horrid facrifice; and he fupported his arguments with fuch firit, that the chief appeared to be extremely angry'; efpecially, on being informed, that if he had taken away the life of a man in England, as he had
had done here, his rank would not have protected him from an ignominious death. Upon this, he exclaimed, maeno! maeno!' (vile! vile!) and would nor hear a fyllable more about it:. Many of the natives were prefent at this debate; particularly the attendants and fervants of Towha; and when Omai mentioned the punifmment that would in England be inflicted upon the greateft man, if he dared to kill the meaneft fervant, they liftened very attentively: and, perhaps, on this fubject, they thought differently from their mafter.

Leaving Towha, our gentlemen proceeded to Oparre, where Otoo folicited them to pafs the night. They landed in the evening $;$ and, on their way to his habitation, had an opportunity: of obferving how thefe people amufe themelves, in their private beevas." They faw abont'a huncred of them fitting in a houfe ; in the midft of whom were two women, and an old man behind each of them, beating gently upon a drum; and the women, at intervals, finging with great foftnefs and delicacy. The affembly were very attentive, and feemed, as it were, abforbed in the pleafure the mufic gave them; few of them taking any notice of the frangers, and the pert formers never once ceafing. When the party arived at Otoo's houfe, it was almof dark: Here they were entertained with one of their public hecvas, or plays, in which his three fifters reprefented the principal characters. This thicy eall a Beeva raa, and no perfon is fuffered to ento the houfe or area, where it is exhaibited

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Whil fent fro fupplied After t] pany as us, amc Omai, of fifh, being back to vants ready fo was a la fence. whole It was ro, and fraped, felf. nèls, w:
ve protecJpon this, vile! and t: Many ate ; par. f Towha; ment that e greatef fervant, perhaps, thly from
ceeded to p pafs the and, orr portunity remfelves, ht a hunmidet of I man be1 adrump rith great were very forbed in of them the perthe party of dark. of their ree fifters This they ed to enwhibited

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This is always the cafe, when the royal fifters are the performers. Their drefs, on this occafion, was truly elegant and picturefque, and they acquitted themfelves in a very difinguifhed maniner; though fome comic interludes, wherein four men were the performers, feemed to afford greater entertainment to the audience, which was numerous. The Captain and his companions proceeded, the next morning, to Matavai, leaving Otoo at Oparre ; but his mother, fifters, and many other women, attended the Captain on board; and Otoo followed a fhort time after.

While Otoo and Captain Cook had been abfent from the fhips, they had been fparingly fupplied with fruit, and had not many vifitors. After their return, we had abundance of company and provifions. On the $4^{\text {th }}$, a party of us, among whom was Otoo, dined afhore with Omai, who provided excellent fare, confifting of fifh, fowls, pork, and puddings: Dinner being over; Captain: Cook accompanied Otoo back to his dwelling, where he found all his fervants bufy, in getting a quantity of provifions ready for him. Amongft other articles, there was a large hog, which they killed in his prefence. There was alfo'a large pudding ; the whole procefs in making which the Captain faw. It was compofed of bread-fruit, plantains, taro, and palm or pandanus-nuts, each rafped, fcraped, or beat up very fine, and baked by itfelf. A quantity of the juice of cocoa-nut-kernels, was put into a kind of wooden tray. The other

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other articles, hot from the overn, were put into this veffel; together with. fome hot fones, in order to make the contents firmer. Three or four perfons were emploged in fitirring up the: feveral ingredients, till they were perfectys incorporated; and the juice of the cocoa-nut was: turned to oil ; and the whole mafs, at laft, was nearly of the confiftency of 2 .hafty-pudding. The hog being baked; and the pudding being made, they, together with two living hogs, fome bread-fruit, and cocoa-nuts were fent on board the Captain's flip in a canoe, followed by him and all the royal family.
A young ram, of the Cape-breed, that had been lambed; and carefolly brought up on board Captain Cook's fhip, was killed by a dog the following day, This was the more to be regretted; as it. was the only one of that breed that we hads and only one of the Englifh breed was now remaining.
On the $\boldsymbol{\gamma}$ thy in the evening, we exhibited fame fire-works before a valt concourfe of people, fome of whom were highly entertained, but the greater number were much terrified with the exhibitions; infomuch, that they could hardly be prevailed on to keep together, to fee the whole of the entertainment. What concluded the bufinefs, was a table-rocket. It flewt of the table, and difperfed the whole crowd in an inftants even the moft refolute amongft them now fled with precipitation.

On the .8th of Seprembor, a party of us dined with our former :lhip-mate, Oedidee, onit
fifh an pound it was ble, w when was fu he faid cordin I found a prod fingula of clo was h the rer under let fall, over th
2 circu the our of diff ably in five or this fin could $f$ or brea and gi equipp Ahip, ty of $f$ fent to ther fe but Ib large pi

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ffli and pork. The hog weighed about thirty pounds $;$ and it may be worth mentioning, that it was alive, dreffed, and brought upon the table, within the hour. We had but juft dined, when Otoo came, and alked me, if my belly was full ? On my anfwering in the affirmative, he faid, 'IThen, come, along with me.' I accordingly went with him to his father's, where I found fome employed in dreffing two girls with a prodigious quantity of fine cloth, after 2 very fingular fallion. The one end of each piece of cloth, of which there were a good many, was held up over the heads of the girls, while the remainder was wrapped round their bodies, under the arm-pits. Then the upper ends were let fall, and hung down in folds to the ground, over the other, fo far as to bear refemblance to 2 circular hoop-petticoat. Afterward, round the outfide of all, were wrapped feveral pieces of differently coloured cloth, which confiderably increafed the fize; fo that it was not lefs than five or fix yards in circutt, and the weight of this fingular attire was as much as the poor girls could fupport. To each were hung two taames, or breaft-plates, by way of enriching the whole, and giving it a pieturefque appearance. Thus equipped, they were conducted on board the fhip, together with feveral hogs, and a quantity of fruit, which, with the cloth, was a prefent to me from Otoo's father. Perfons, of cither fex, dreffed in this manner, are called atee; but I believe, it is never practifed, except when large prefents of cloth are to be made. At leaft,

I never faw it practifed upon any other occafion; nor, indeed, had I ever fuch a prefent before; but both Captain Clerke and I had cloth given to us afterward, thus wrapped round the bearers.

The next day, Captain Cook received a prefent of five hogs, and fome fruit from Otoo; and one hog, and fome fruit from each of his fifters. Other provifions were alfo in great plenty. Great quantities of mackarel had been caught here by the natives, for two or three fucceffive days; fome of each were fold on board the fhips.

Otoo was equally attentive to fupply our wants, and contribute to our amufement. On the 10th, he treated a party of us at Oparre, with a play. His three fifters were the perform-1 ers, and their dreffes were new and elegant, much more fo than we had met with in any of thefe iflands.
The principal object, however, that the Captain had now in view, in going to Oparre, was to fee an embalmed corpfe; near the refidence of Ctoo. On enquiry, fays he, I found it to be the remains of Tee, a chief well known to me, when I was at this ifland, during my laft voyage. It was lying in a toopapaoo, more elegantly conftructed than their common ones. It was in a pretty large houfe, enclofed with a low palifade It refembled one of thofe little houfes, or awnings, belonging to their large canoes. When we arrived at the place, the body was under cover, and wrapped up in cloth, within the toppapaoo; but, at my defire, the man who had the
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er occafion; lent before; cloth given the bearers. eived a prerom Otoo; each of his fo in great el had been vo or three ere fold on fupply our ment. On at Oparre, ae perform-1 nd elegant, in any of
at the Capparre, was e refidence found it to ${ }^{\circ}$ known to ing my laft , more eleon ones. It with a low ittle houfes, rge canoes. dy was unwithin the n who had the


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the care of it, brought it out, and laid it upon a kind of bier, in fuch a manner, that we had as full a view of it as we could wifh; but we were not allowed to. go within the pales that enclofe the toopaproo. After he had thus exhibited the corpfe, he hung the place with mats and cloth, fo difpofed as to proluce a very pretty effect. We found the body not only entire in every part; but, what furprifed us much more, was that putrefaction feemed fcarcely to be begun, as there was not the leaft difagreeable fmell proceeding from it ; though the climate is one of the hotteft, and 'lee had been dead above four months. The only remarkable altc-: ration that had happened, was a lhrinking of the mufcular parts and eyes: but the hair and nails were in their original ftate; and fill adhered firmly; and the feveral joints were quite, pliable, or in that kind of relaxed ftate which happens to perfons who faint fuddenly. Such were: Mr Anderfon's remarks to me, who alfo told me, that on his enquiring into the method of effecting this prefervation of their dead bodies, he had been informed, that foon after their death, they are difembowelled, by drawing the inteftines, and other vifiera, out at the anus; and the whole cavity is then filled or ftuffed with cloth introduced through the fame part ; that when any moifture appearch on the fkin, it was carefully dried up, and the bodies afterward rubbed all over, with a large quantity of perfumed cocoa-nut oil; which, being frequently repeated, preferved them a great many Vol. I. Ii months;

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months ; but, that, at laft, they gradualty moulder away. This was the information $\mathbf{M r}$ Anderfon received; for my own part, I could not learn any more about their mode of operation, than what Opai told me, who faid, that they made ufe of the juice of a plant which grows amongf the mountains; of cocoa-nut oil; and of frequent wafhing with fea-water. I was alfo told, that the bodies of all their great men, who die a natural death, are preferved in this manner; and that they expofe them to public view for a very confiderable time after. At firt, they are laid out every day, when it does not rain; afterwards, the intervals become greater and greater ; and, at laft, they are feldom to be feen.
We quitted Oparre in the evening, leaving Otoo, and all the royal family. The Captain faw none of them till the 12th; when all, except the chief himfelf, honoured him with a vifit. He was gone, they faid, to Attahooroo, to affift at another human facrifice, fent by the chief of Tiaraboo to be offered up at the morai. This fecond inftance, within fo fhort a period, was a melancholy proof, that the victims of this bloody fuperftition are very numerous amongft this humane people. The Captain would have been prefent at this facrifice alfo, had he been earlier informed of it, but now it was too late. For the fame reafon, he omitted being prefent at a public tranfaction, at $O$ parre, the preceding day, when Otoo, with great folemnity, reftored to the adherents of the late king Tootala, the
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lands and poffeffions, of which, after his death, they had been deprived.

Otoo returned the next evening, from exercifing the moft difagreeable of his royal duties; and, the next day being honoured with his company the Captains Cook and Clerke, mounted on horfeback, and rode round the plain of Matavai, to the aftonifhment of a vaft train of fpectators. Once or twice before this, Oinai had, indeed, attempted to get on a horie; but he had as often fallen off, before he could contrive to feat himfelf properly; this was, therefore, the firft time they had feen any body on horfeback. What the Captains had begun; was repeated daily, by one or another of our people; and yet the curiofity of the natives continued unabated. ., After they had feen the ufe that was made of thefé animals, they were greatly delight* ed with them ; ánd we were of opinion, that they conveyed to them a better idea of the greatnefs of other nations, than all the novelties that their European vifitors had carried amonft them.

The next day, Etary, or Olla, the god of Boiabola, removed from the neighbourhood of Matavai, to Oparre, attended by feveral failing canoes. Otoo, we were told, did not approve of his being fo near our ftation, where his people, could more conveniently invade our property. Otoo, it muft be acknowledged, took every prudent method to prevent thefts and rob-- beries; $;$ and it was principally owing to his regulations, that fo few were committed. He had erected a finall houfe or two behind our

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poft; and two others near our tents, between the river and the fea. Some of his own people continually kept watch in all thefe places; and, as his father ufually refided on Matavai Point, we were, in a manner, furrounded by them. They not only defended us in the night from thieves, but they had an opportunity of obferving every thing that paffed in the day; and were ready to receive contributions from fuch girls, as were privately connected with our people, which was ufually done every morning; fo that the meafures he had taken to fecure our fafety, anfwered the more effential purpofe of enlarging his own profits.

Otoo acquainted Captain Cook, that his prefence, was required at Oparre, where an audience was to be given to the great perfonage from Bolabola, and begged he would accompany him thither. The Captain readily confented, expecting to meet with fomething deferving his notice. Accordingly, they fet out on the 16th, attended by Mr Anderfon. Nothing, however, occurred, that was interefting or curious. Etary and his followers, prefented fome coarfe cloth and hogs to Otoo, with fome ceremony, and a fet fpeech. After this, a confultation was held between them and fome other chiefs, about their expedition to Eimeo. Etary, at firft, difapproved of it ; but his objections were at length over-ruled. It appeared, indeed, the next day, that it was too late to deliberate upon this bufinefs; for in the evening, a meffenger arrived with intelligence, that there had been fome fkir-
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at his pree an audimage from npany him ented, exerving his the 16 th, 1g, howepr curious. me coarfe ceremony, tation was iefs, about firft, dife at length next day, this bufiar arrived fome 1 kir mifhes,
mifhes, but that the lofs or advantage, on either fide, was inconfiderable.

Captain Cook, Mr Anderfon, and Omai, in the morning of the 18 th , went again to Oparre, accompanied by Otoo; taking with them the fheep which the Captain intended to leave upon the illand. They confifted of an Englifh ram and ewe, and three Cape ewes; all which he made a prefent of to Otoo. All the three cows had takenthe bull, he therefore thought it advifeable to divide them, and carry fome to Ulietea. With this view, he ordered them to be brought before him, and propofed to Etary; that if he would have his bull with Otoo, he fhould have this, and one of the cows. To this propofal, Etary, at firft ftarted fome objections; but, at laft, agreed to it; however, as the cattle were putting into the boat, one of Etary's followers oppofed the making any change whatever:

The Captain, upon this, fufpecting that Etary: had agreed to the arrangement, for the prefent, only to pleafe him, dropped: the idea of an exchange; and finally determined to leave them all with Otoo; whom he frictly enjoined not to fuffer them to be removed from Oparre, till he fhould have got a ftock of young ones; which he might then difyofe of to his friends, or fend to the neighbouring iflands.

This matter being fettled, our gentlemen left Etary and his party, and attended Otoo to another place, not far diftant, where they found the fervants of a chief, waiting with a hog, a pig, and a dog, ass a prefent from their matter
to the king. Thefe were delivered with the ufual ceremonies, and an harangue, in which the fpeaker inquired after the health of Otoo, and of his principal people. This compliment was re-echoed in the name of Otoo, by one of his minifters; and then the difpute with Eimeo was formally difcuffed. The deputies of this chief were advocates for profecuting the war with vigour, advifing Otoo to offer a human facrifice on the occafion. A chief, who conftantly attended the perfon of Otoo, oppofed it, feemingly with great ftrength of argument. The Captain was now confirmed in his opinion, that Otoo never entered heartily into the firit of this war. He received repeated meffages from Towha, urging him to haften to his affiftance.

Having dined with Otoo, our party returned. to Matavai, leaving him at Oparre. This day, and the 19th, we were very fparingly fupplied with fruit. Otoo being informed of this, he and his brother, who had particularly attached himfelf to Captain Clerke, came from Caparre, with a large fupply for both fhips. All the royal family came the next day with prefents, fo that we now had more provifions than we could confume.

Our water being all on board, and every thing put in order, the Captain began to think of quitting the ifland, that he might have a fufficient time for vifiting others in this neighbourhood. We therefore removed our obfervatories and inftruments from the fhore, and bent the fails.

Early the next morning, Otoo came on board to inform Captain Cook, that the war canoes of

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Matavai, and of three other diftricts, were going to join thofe belonging to Oparre, and that: part of the ifland; and that there would be 2 general review there. The fquadron of Matavai was foon after in motion; and after parading for fome time about the bay: affembled ahore, near the middle of it. Captain Cook now went. in his boat to take a furvey of them.

What they call their war canoes, which are thofe with fages, on which they fight, amount to about fixty in number; there are nearly as: many more of a fmaller fize. The Captain was. ready to have attended them to Oparre; but. the chiefs foon after formed a refolution, that they would not move till the next day. This appeared to be a fortunate delay, as it afforded him an opportunity of getting fome infight into their manner of fighting. He therefore defired. Otoo to give orders, that fome of them fhould go through the neceffary manœuvres. Two were accordingly ordered out into the bay; in one of which, Otoo, Captain Cook and Mp King, embarked; and Omai went on board the other. When we had got fufficient fea-room, we faced, and advanced upon each other, and retreated by turns, as quick as our rowers could paddle. During this, the warriors on the ftages flourifhed their weapons, and played a hundred antic tricks, which could anfwer no other end, in our judgment, than to work up their paffions, and prepare them for fighting. Otoo ftood by the fide of our ftage, and gave the neceffary orders, when to advance, and when to yetreat.

In this, great judgment, and a quick eye, combined together, feemed requifite, to feize every advantage that might offer, and to avoid giving any advantage to the adverfary. At laft, after advancing and retreating to and from each other, at leaft a dozen of times, the two canoes clofed, head to head, or fage to ftage; and, after a fhort conflict, the troops on our ftage were fuppofed to beall killed, and we were boarded by Otrmi and his affociates. At that very intant, Otoo, and all our paddlers leaped overboard, as if reduced to the neceffity of endeavonring to fave their lives by fwimming.

If, Omai's information is to be depended upon, their naval engagements are not always conducted in this manner. He told us, that they fometimes begin with lafhing the two veffels together, head to head, and then fight till all the warriors are killed, on one fide omthe other. But this clofe combat, I apprehend is never practifed, but when they are determined to conquer or dice Indeed, one or the other muft happen; for all agree, that they never give quarter, unlefs it be to referve their prifoners for a more cruel death the next day.

The power and Atrength of thefe inlands lie entirely in their natives. We never heard of a general engagement on land ; and all their decifive battles are fought on the water. If the time and place of conflict are fixed upon by toth parties, the preceding day and night are pent in diverfions and feafting. Toward morning they launch the canoes, put every thing in
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nded upon, yss conducthey fomeIs together, the warricher. But ever praco conquer At happen; parter, unfor a more
inlands lie heard of a their de f. If the upon by night are ard mornthing in order,
order, and with the day, begin the battle the fate of which generally decides the difpute. The vanquifhed fave themfelves by a precipitate flight; and fuch as reach the flore, fly with their friends, to the mountains ; for the vidtors, while their fury lafts, fpare neither the aged, nor women, nor children. The next day, they affemble at the morai, to return thanks to the Eatooa for the victory, and to offer up the flain as facrifices, and the prifoners alfo, if they have any. After this, a treaty is fet on foot; and the conquerors, for the moft part, obtain their own terms; by which particular d:?ricts of land, and, fometimes, whole iflands, change their owners. Onaai told us, that he was once taken a prifoner by the men of Bolabola, and carried to that inland, where he and fome others wonld have been put to death the next day, if they had pot found means to efcape in the night.

As foon as this mock-fight was over, Omai put an his fuit of armour, mounted a ftage in one of the canoes, and was paddled all along the fhore of the bay; fo that every one had a full view of him. His coat of mail did not draw the attention of his countrymen fo much as might have been expected. Some of them, indeed, had feen a part of it before; and there were others again, who had taken fuch 2 diflike to Gmai, from his imprudent conduct at this place; that they would hardly look at any thing, however fingular, that was exhibited by him.

Otoo

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Otoo, and his father, came on board, in the morning of the 22d, to know when Captain Cook propofed failing. For hearing that there was a good harbour at Eimeo, he had informed them, that he fhould vifit that ifland on his paffage to Huaheine; and they propofed to accompany him, and that their fleet fhould fail at the fame time, to reinforce Towha. Being ready to take his departure, he fubmitted to them the appointment of the day; and the Wednefday following was determined upon; when he was to receive on board Otoo, his father, mother, and the whole fannily. 'Thefe points being agreed on, the Captain propofed immediately fetting out for Oparre, where all the fleet was to affemble this day, and to be reviewed.

As Captain Cook was getting into his boat, news arrived that a treaty had been concluded between Towha and Maheine, and Towha's fleet had returned to Artahooroo. From this unexpected event, the war canoes, inftead of rendezvoufing at Oparre, were ordered to their refpective! diftricts. Captain Cook, however, followed Otoo to Oparre, accompanied by Mr King and Omai. Soon after their arrival, a meffenger arrived from Eimeo, and related the conditions of the peace, or rather truce, it being only for a limited time. The terins being difadvantageous to Otaheite, Otoo was feverely cenfured, whofe delay, in fending reinforcements, had obliged Towha to fubmit to a difgraceful accommodation. It was even currently reported, that' Towha, refenting the treat-
ment media would attack declar intere fumed weigh their i

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his boat, concluded 1 'Towha's From this inftead of d to their however, ed by Mr arrival, a elated the uce, it berins being is feverely reinforceto a dif-currenthe treatment
ment he had received, had declared, that immediately after Captain Cook's departure, he would join his forces to thofe of Tiaraboo, and attack Otno. This called upon the Captain to declare, that he was deternined to efpoufe the intereft of his friend-; and that whofoever prefumed to attack him, thould experience the weight of his difpleafure, when he returned to their ifland.

This declaration, probably, had the defired effect, and, if Towha did entertain any fuch hoftile intention at firft, we heard no more of the report. Whappai, the father of Otoo, highly difapproved of the peace, and cenfured Towha for concluding it. The old man wifely confidered, that Captain Cook's going with them to Eimeo, might have been of fingular fervice to their caufe, though he fhould not interfere in the quarrel. He-therefore concluded, that Otoo had acted prudently in waiting for the Captain; though it prevented his giving that early affiftance to Towha which he expected.

While we were debating on this fubject at Oparre, a meffenger arrived from Towha, defiring the attendance of Otoo the next day, at the morai. in Attahooroo, to return thanks to the Gods for the peace he had concluded. Captain Cook was afked to attend; but being much out of order, he chofe rather to decline it. Defirous, however, of knowing what ceremony might be exhibited on fo memorable an occafion, he fent Mr.King and Omai to obferve the particulars, and returned to his hip, attended

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by Otoo's mother, his three fifters and feveral other women.

- At firft,' fays Captain Cook, ' I thought that this numerous train of females came intormy boat with no other view than to get a paffage to Matavai. But when we arrived at the fhip, they told me, they intended paffing the night on board, for the exprefs purpofe of undertaking the cure of the diforder I complaiwit of; which was a pain of the rheumatic kincors extending from the hip to the foot. I accepted the friendly offer, had a bed fpread for them upon the cabin floor, and fubmitted myfelf to their directions. I was defired to lay myfelf down amongft them. Then, as many of them as could get round me, began to fqueeze me with both hands, from head to foot, but more particularly on the parts where the pain was lodged, till they made my bones crack, and my fleth became a perfect mummy. In fhort, after undergoing this difcipline about a quarter of an hour, I was glad to get away from them. However, the operation gave me immediate relief, which encouraged me to fubmit to another rubbing down before I went to bed; and it was fo effectual that I found myfelf pretty eafy all the night after. My female phyficians repeated their prefcription the next morning, before they went affore, and again, in the evening, when they returned on board; after which, $I$ found the pains entirely removed; and the cure being perfected, they took their leave of me the following morning. This they call romee; an operation
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ught that : into my paffage to fhip, they night on dertaking f; which extending e friendly upon the their dif down am as could with both articularly d , till they: became a ndergoing pur, I was ver, the owhich enbing down effectual night aftheir prehey went when they found the being perhe followan operation
tion which, in my opinion, far exceeds the flefhbruih, or any thing of the kind that we make ufe of externally. It is univerfally practifed amongft thefe Iflanders; being fometimes performed by the men, but more generally by the women. If at any time, one appears languid and tired, and fits down by any of them, they. jmmediately begin to practife the romee upon his legs; and I have always found it to have an exceedingly good effect.'

On Thurfday the $25^{\text {th }}$ of September, Otoo, Mr King, and Onai, retuined from Attahooroo; and Mr King gave a narrative of what he had feen to the following effect: "At funfet, we embarked in a canoe, and left Oparre. About nine o'clock we landed at that extremity of Tettaha, which joins to Attahooroo. The meeting of Otoo and Towha, I expected, would be interefting. Otoo and his attendants feated themfelves upon the beach, near the canoe in which. Towha fat. He was then afleep; but being awakened, and Otoo's name mentioned to him, a plantain-tree and a dog were immediately laid at Otoo's feet; and feveral of Towha's people came and converfed with him. After 1 had been for fometime feated clofe to Otoo, Towha neither ftirring from his canoe, nor faying any thing to us, I-repaired to him. He alked me if Toote was difpleafed with him; I anfwered, No; and that he was histuio ; and that I was ordered to go to Attahooroo, to let him know it. Omai then entered into a long converfation with this chief; but I could not

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 A Voyage to the Pacific Octan. gather any information from him. On my returning to Otoo, he defired that I fhould go to eat, and then to fleep ; in confequence of which Omai and I left him. On quettioning Omai on that head, he faid, Towha was lame, and therefore could not ftir; but that:Otoo and he would foon converfe together in private. This was probably true; for thofe we left with Otoo came to us in a little time; and about ten minutes after, Otoo himfelf arrived, when we all went to fleep in his canoe.The ava was the next morning in great plen:ty. One man drank to fuch excefs that he loft his fenfes, and appeared to be convulfed. He was held by two men, who bufied themfelves in plucking off his hair by the roots. I left this fpectacle to fee a more affecting one. It was the meeting of Towha and his wife, and a young girl, who was faid to be his daughter. After the ceremony of cutting their heads, and difcharging plenty of blood and tears, they wafhed, embraced the chief, and feemed perfectly unconcerned. But the young girl's fufferings were not yet concluded. Terridiri (Oberea's fon) arrived; and fhe, with great compofure, repeated thofe ceremonies to him which fhe had juft performed on meeting her father. Towha having brought a war canoe from Eimeo, I enquired if he had killed the people belonging to her; and was informed, that there was not a perfon in her when the was captured.

About ten or eléven o'clock we left Tettaha, and landed clofe to the morai of Attahooro early
in the on the hogs i would but no Potato meo, which fed for ten re Otoo heard,

The ven or near brough Towha was co brough dle of head o three $p$ grave; branch heath

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On my retould go to e of which ning Omai lame, and too and he ate. This with Otoo ut ten mihen we all great plenthat he loft ulfed. He emfelves in I left this It was the d a young ter. After s, and difthey wafhd perfectly fufferings i. (Oberea's compofure, fich fhe had r. Towha meo, I. enlonging to was not a ft Tettaha, hooro early
in the afternoon. Three canoes lay hauled upon the beach, oppofite the morai, having three hogs in each. We expected the folemnity would have been performed the fame afternoon; but nothing was done, as neither Towha nor Potatou had joined us. A chief came from Eimeo, with a fmall pig, and a plaintain-tree, which he placed at Otoo's feet. They converfed fometime together, and the Eimeo chief often repeating the word, Warry, Warry, (falle, Otoo was probably relating to him what he had heard, and the other contradigted it.

The next day, Towha and Potatou, with feven or eight large canoes, arrived, and landed near the morai. Several plantain-trees were brought to Otoo, on behalf of different chiefs. Towha remained in his canoe. The ceremony was commenced by the principal prieft who brought out the maro, wrapped up; and a bundle of a conic fhape. Thefe were placed at the head of what I fuppofed to be a grave. Then three priefts fat down, at the other end of the grave; having with them a* plantain-tree, a branch of fome other kind of tree, and the Gheath of the flower of the cosoa-nut-tree.

The prieft's feparate!'y repeated fentences; and at intervals, two, and fometimes all three, chanted a melancholy ditty, very little, attended to by the natives. This kind of recitative continued near an hour. Then, after a fhort prayer, the chief prieft uncovered the maro, and Otoo rofe up and wrapped it ahoit him, holding in his hand a bonnet, compoled of the red $\mathbf{K} \mathrm{k}_{2}$ feathers

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feathers of the tropic bird, mixed with other blackilh feathers. He itood oppofite the three priefts, who continued their prayers for about ten minutes; , when a man rifing fuddenly from the crowd, faid fomething ending with beiva! and the crowd echoed back to him three times Earee! The company then repaired to the oppofite fide of a large pile of ftones, where is the king's morai; which is not much unlike a large grave. Here the fame ceremony was again performed, and ended with three cheers. The maro was now wrapped up, and ornamented by the addition of a fmall piece of red feathers.

The people now proceeded to 2 large hut, near the morai, where they feated themfelves in folemn order. An oration was then made by a man of Tiaraboo, which ended in about ten minutes. He was followed by a man of Attahooro ; Potatou fpoke next, and with much more fluency and grace than any of them. Tooteo, Otoo's orator, exhibited, after him, and then a man from Eimeo. Some other feeeches were made, but not attended to. Omai faid, that the fubftance of their fpeeches recommended friendfhip, and not fighting; but as many of the fpeakers expreffed themfelves with great warmth, there were, perbaps, fome recriminations and proteftations of their future good intentions. In the midft of their harangues, a man of Attahooroo rofe up having a fling faftened to his waift, and a large fone upon his fhoulder. After parading for about fifieen mi-
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vith other the three for about lenly from ith heiva! hree times o the op, where is unlike a ny was aee cheers. ornamentfed fea-
large hut, emfelves in made by a about ten n of Attavith much em. Toohim, and r fipeeches Dmai faid, commend-
as many with great recriminagood inangues, ${ }^{2}$ fling fafe upon his fifieen minutes
nutes in the open fpace, ánd chanting a few fhort fentences, he threw the fone down. This fone, together with a plantain-tree that lay at Otoo's feet, were, at the conclufion of the feeches, carried to the morai; one of the prielts, and Otoo with him, faying fomething upon the occafion.

Returning to Oparre, the fea-breeze having fet in, we were obliged to land, and had a pleafant walk from Tettaha to Oparre. A tree, with two large bundles of driedleavesfufpended upon it, pointed out the boundary of the two diftricts. We were accompanied by the man who had performed the ceremony of the fone and fling. With him Otoo's father held a long converfation, and appeared extremely angry. He was enraged, as I underfood, at the part which Towha had taken in the Eimeo bufinefs;'

From what can be judged of the folemnity, as related by Mr King, it had not been only a thankfgiving, as Omai told us, but rather a confirmation of the treaty. The grave, mentioned by Mr King, appears to be the very fot where the celebration of the rites began, when the human facrifice was offered, at which Captain Cook was prefent, and before which the victim was laid. It is here alfo, that they firit invelt the kings with the maro. Omai, who had feen the ceremony when Qtoo was made king, defcribed the whole folemnity, when we were here $;$ which is nearly the fane as that now deferibed by Mr King; though perhaps, upon a very different occafion. The plantain-tree is al$\mathrm{Kk}_{3}$

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ways the firft thing introduced in all their religious ceremonies, as well às in all their public and private debates; and probably, on many other occafions. While Towha was at Eimeo, he fent one or more meffengers to Otoo every day. Every meffenger, at all times, carried a young plantain-tree in his hand, which he laid at the foot of Otoo, before he mentioned his errand ; then feated himfelf before him, and related the particulars of his meffage. When two men are in fuch high difpute that blows are expec.ad to enfue, if one thould lay a plantain-tree before the other, they both become cool, and proceed in the argument without further animofity. It is, indeed, the olive branch of thefe. people upon all occafions.

As our friends knew that we were upon the point of failing, they all paid us a vifit on the 26th, and brought more hogs with them than we wanted; for, having no falt left to preferve any, we had fully fufficient for our prefent ufe.

Captain Cook accompanied Otoo, the next. day, to Oparre; and before he left it, took a. furvey of the cattle and poultry, which he had configned to his friend's care, Every thing was in a promifing way; and feemed properly attended to. Two of the geefe, as well as two of the ducks, were fitting; but the pea-hen and turkey-hen had neither of them begon io lay. He took four goats from Otoo, two of which he intended to leave at Ulietea; and to referve the other two for the ufe of any other iflands he might touch at in his paffage to the north.

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- A circumftance,' fays Captain Cook, 'which I hall now mention, will fhew, that thefe people are capable of much addrefs and art, to gain their purpofes. Amongft other things, which, at different times, 1 had given to this chief, was a fpying-glafs. After having it in his poffeffion two or three days, tired of its novelty, and probably, finding it of no ufe to him, he carried it privately to Captain Clerke, and told: him, that as he had been his very good friend; he had got a prefent for him, which he knew would be very agreeable. 'But,' fays Otoo, you muft not let Toote know it, becaufe he wants it, and I would not let him have it.' He then put. the glafs into Captain Clerke's hands; at the fame time, affuring him, that he came honefly by it. Captain Clerke, at firft, declined accepting it; but Otoo infifted upon it, and left it with him. Some days after, he put Captain: Clerke in mind of the glafs; who, though he did not want it, was yet defirous of obliging Otoo; and thinking that a few axes would be of more ufe at this ifland, produced four to give him in return. Otoo no fooner faw this than he faid, 'Toote offered me five for it.' -'-Well,' fays Captain Clerke, ' if that be the cafe, your friendihip for me fhall not make you a lofer, and you fhall have fix axes.' Thefe he accepted; but defired again, that I might not be told what he had cone.
- Our friend Omai got one good thing, at this ifland, for the many good things he gave away. This was a very fine double failing canoe, completely


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completely equipped, and fit for the fea. Some time before, I made up for him a fuit of Englifh colours; but he thought thefe too valuable to be ufed at this time; and patched up a parcel of colours, fuch as flags and pendants, to the number of ten or a dozen, which he fpread on different parts of his veffel, all at the fame time ; and drew together as many people to look at her, as a man of war would, dreffed, in an European port. Thefe ftreamers of Omai were a mixture of Englih,' French, Spanifh, and Dutch, which were all the European colours that he had feen. When I was laft at this ifland, $I$ gave to Otoo an Englifh jack and pendant, and to Towha a pendant; which I now found they had preferved with the greateft care.

- Omai had alfo provided himfelf with a good ftock of cloth and cocoa-nut oil, which are not only in greater plenty, but much better, at $\mathbf{O}$ taheite, than at any of the Society Iflands; infomuch, that they are articles of trade. Omai would not have behaved fo inconfiftently, and fo much unlike himfelf, as he did, in many inftances, but for his fifter and brother in-law, who, together with a few more of their acquaintance, engroffed him entirely to themfelves, with no other view than to frip him of every thing he had got. And they would, undoubtedly, have fucceeded in their fcheme, if I had not put a ftop to it in time; by taking the moft ufeful articles of his property into my poffeffion: But even this would not have faved $\mathbf{O}$ mai from ruin, if I had fuffered thefe relations of
his to his inte they ha ther $v$ fhew th ed in $t$ too wel
$\cdot{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{On}$ formed he defi home, no Pret that he tance. this ma entirely him the he fully for the ceived: had be war ; b bah, abo feemed was ded work, As it w could or but it w his pref
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with a good ich are not etter, at $\mathbf{O}$ ands; infoide. Omai Itently, and in many inher in-law, f their ac$y$ to themPrip him of would, unfcheme, if y taking the nto my pofave faved 0 erelations of his

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his to have gone with, or to have followed us to, his intended placeof fettlement, Huaheine. This they had intended; but I difappointed their further views of plunder, by forbidding them to Thew themflves in that ifland, while I remained in the neighbourhood; and they knew me too well not to comply.

- On the 28th, Otoo came on board, and informed me, that he had got a canoe, which he defired I would take with me, and carry home, as a prefent from him to the Earee rabie no Pretane; it being the only thing, he faid, that he could fend, worth his Majefty's acceptance. I was not a little pleafed with Otoo, for this mark of his gratitude. It was a thought entirely his own, not one of us having given him the leat hint about it $\overline{\text { and }}$ and inewed, that he fully underftood to whom he was indebted for the moft valuable prefents that he had received. At firft, I thought, that this canoe had been a model of one of their veffels of war ; but I foon found, that it was a fmall iváhab, about fixteen feet long. It was double, and feemed to have been built for the purpofe; and was decorated with all thofe pieces of carved work, which they ufually fix upon their canoes: As it was too large for me to take on board, I. could only thank him for his good intention; but it would have pleafed him much better, if his prefent could have been accepted.
- The frequent vifits we had lately paid to this ifland, feem to have created a full perfuafion, that the intercourfe will not be difconti-
núed,


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nued. It was frrictly enjoined to me by Otoo, to requeft, in his name, the Earee rabie no Pretane, to fend him, by the next Mips, red feathers, and the birds that produce them; axes; half a dozen mufquets, with powder and fhot; and, by no means to forget horfes..

When thefe people make us a prefent, it is cuftomary for them to let us know what they expect in return; and we find it. convenient to gratify them; by which means our prefents come dearer to us than what we get by barter. But, being fometimes preffed by occafiowal fcarcity, we could have secourfe to our friends for 2 fupply as a prefent, when we could not get it by any other method. Upon the whole, therefore, this way of traffic was full as advantageous to us as to the natives. Captain Cook, in general, paid for each feparate article as he received it, except in his intercourle with Otoo. His prefents were fo numerous, that no account was kept between him and the captain. Whatever he afted for, if it could be fpared, the Captain never denied him, and he always found him moderate in his demands.

Captain Cook would not have quitted Otabeite fo foon as he did, if he could have prevailed upon Omai to fix himfelf there. There was not even a probability of our being better fupplied with provifions elfewhere, than we continued to be here, even at the time of our leaving it. Befides, fuch a friend(hip andconfidence fublifted between us and the inhabitants, as could hardly be expected at any other place; and,
and, it
been on cidert, been a is proba conduct a traffic fhare of tain by was, in view wit Captain the mon fer them Omai w: ing inftr them th conduct, tend a d not alwa they are plain of luable th Cook, the day the fame From th ments to and the being fo The few are high afking u

## A Voyage to the Pacific Occan.

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efent; it is what they avenient to ir prefents by' barter. fiomal fcarfriends for 1 not get it vole, therelvantageous ook, in geas he rewith Otoo. no account in. Whatd, the Capfound him
uitted Otad have prere. 'There peing better han we conz of our leadconfidence abitants, as ther place; and,
and, it was rather extraordinary, had never been once interrupted or fufpended by any accidert, or mifunderftanding; nor had there been a theft committed, worthy of notice. It is probable, however, that their regularity of conduct refulted from their fear of interrupting a traffic, which might procure them a greater fhare of our.commodities, than they could obtain by plunder or pilfering. This point, indeed, was, in fome degree, fettled at the firf interview with their chiefs, after our arrival. For Captain Cook declared then to the natives, in the moft decifive terms, that he would not fuffer them to rob us, as they had formerly done. Omai was fingularly ufeful in this bufinefs, being inftructed by the Captain to point out to them the happy confequences of their honeft conduct, and the fatal mifchiefs that muft attend a deviation from it. But the chiefg have it not always in their power to prevent thefts; they are often robbed themfelves; and complain of it as the worft of evils. The moft valuable things that Otoo received from Captain Cook, were left in the Captain's poffeffion till the day before we failed; Otoo declaring, at the fame time, that they were no where fo fafe. From the acquifition of new riches, the inducements to pilfering muft certainly have increafed; and the, chiefs are fenfible of this, from their being fo extremely defirous of having chefts. The few that the Spaniards left amongt them are highly prized; and they were continually afking us-for fome. Captain Cook had one made cight feet in length, five in breadth, and about three in depth. Locks and bolts are not confidered as a fufficient fecurity; but it muft be large enough for two people to fleep upon, and confequently guard it in the night.

It may appear extraordinary, that we cotild never get any diftinct account of the time when thre Spaniards arrived, the time they flayed, and when they departed. The more we made inquiry into this matter, the more we were convinced of the incapability of moft of thefe people to remember, calculate, or note the time, when paft events happened; efpecially if for a longer period than eighteen or twenty months. It however appeared, by the infcription upon the crofs, and by the information of the moft intelligent of the natives, that two fhips came to Oheitepeha in 1774, not long after Captain Cook left Matavi, which was in May the fame year. The live flock they left here, confifted of one bull, fome goats, hogs, and dogs, and the male of another animal; which we were afterwards informed was a ram, and was, at this time, at Bolabola.

The hogs are large; have already much improved the breed originally found by us upon the ifland; and, on our late arrival, were very numerous. Goats are alfo in plenty, there being hardly a chief without fome. The dogs that the Spaniards put afhore are of two or three forts : if they had all been hanged, inftead of being left upon the ifland, it would have been better
better ram fi have: remail
'Iwo time soved the in Itaid peha, days. have )
Shews deavo ftill in bring and m ifland tain C return which him; on of his pe how heite, never been ing $h$ ducte tablit them ever V

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which were and about e not conflit mult be upon, and

* we colild time when ftayed, and e. made ine were conthefe peothe time, lly if for a ty months. iption upon of. the moft fhips came ter Captain ay the fame e, confifted dogs, and h we were nd was, at
much imoy us upon were very , there bede dogs that o or three inftead of have been better


## A Voyage to the Pactiv On

better for the natives. Captain Cook's younis ram fell a victim to one of thefe animals. have already mentioned the four Spaniards that remained on the ifland after their thips left it. I wo of thefe were priefts who refided the whole time in the houfe at Oheitépeha; but Mateema roved about continually, vifiting many parts of the illand. After he and his companions had Itaid ten months, two thips arriving at Ohitiopeha, took them aboard, and failed again in five days. Whatever defign the Spaniards mijuk have had upon this ifland, this hafty departure fhews they have now laid it afide. They enp deavoured to make the natives believe, that they fill intended to return; and that they would bring with them houfes, all kinds of animals and men and women who: were to fettle on the ifland. Otoo, when he mentioned this to Cap. tain Cook, added, that if the Spaniards foould return, they thould not come to Matavai Fort; which, he faid, was ours. The idea plenfed him; but he did not confider that the completion of it would deprive him of his kingdom, and his people of their liberties. Though this fhews how eafily a fettlement might be made at Oth heite, it is hoped that fuch a circumftance will never happen. Our occafional vinits may have been of fervice to its inhabitants, but (confidering how moft European eftablifhments are conducted among Indian nations) a permanent eftablithment amongft them would probably, give them juft caufe to lament that our fhips had evér difcovered it. Indeed, a meafure of this Vol I. Ll received a vifit from one of the two natives is illand, who had been taken to Lima by Bpaniards. It is fomewhat semarkable, that ever faw him afterwards, efpecially as the ain received him with uncommon civility. Captain, however, fuppofed that Omai had him at a diftance from him, from motives loufy, he being a traveller, that in fonse en, might vie with himfelf. Our touching neriffe was a lucky circumftance for Omai; prided himfelf in having vifited a place beig to Spain, as well as this man. Captain e; who has feen the other man, fpoke of a low fellow, a little out of his fenfess is own countrymen entertaimed the fame in of him. In fhorts thefe two adventuremed to be held in little or $n o$ efteen. had not been fo fortunate, indeod, as to home with fuch valuable property as had. beftowed upon. Omai ; whofe advantages going to England were fo great, that if he fink into the fame fate of infignificance, only himfelf to blame for it.

THE END CE VOLUME WIRST.

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hought of, s of public at Captain two natives to Lima by skable that ally' as the 10n civility. Omai had orin motives at in fonse ur touching for Omais 2 place be-- Captain 1, fpoke of his fenfes 5 the fame b adventupo efteen. cod, as to erty as had advantages , that if hie gnificance,




[^0]:    - Alexander Dalrymple, Efq.

[^1]:    gator

    - This was a confumption terminating ini a droffy, Mr Pattern Surgedn of the Refohurion, obfervedithat, this man began fo early to complain of a couyh and po. ther confumptive fymptome which had never left him, and his lunge, munt have been affected before he came on board.
    t Mr Hodges.

[^2]:    4exam by

[^3]:    moms 9

    - The $E_{d}$ extral from the near tefe Carbitite Mai cific Olocerip, al inhabitants idea of thicir fiall here, of from therecile Sormity in lan

[^4]:    Tougata, in the language of thefe pcople is man; Aresibe, king.

[^5]:    - It may be proper to mention here, on the authority of Captain King, that this pofture is peculiar to the men; for the females always fit with both their legs thrown 2 Little on one fide.

