

U.S. AND GERMAN BREAK

Relations Severed; Bernstorff Dismissed; Gerard Recalled

War Practically Certain to Follow, Though Severing of Relations Does Not Necessarily Involve Hostilities---Action Came After Deliberation and Consultation by the Government

By Courier Leased Wire.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Diplomatic relations with Germany have been broken. Count von Bernstorff has been handed his passports and Ambassador Gerard has been ordered from Berlin.

Notice of the break is outlined in detail in the address President Wilson delivered to a joint session of Congress at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

In spite of the fact that this became known definitely, officials at the White House and State Department would not discuss the situation in any form.

The President completed his message to Congress early this morning and arrangements for its appearance were immediately made.

Whether the break with Germany would be accompanied by a similar break with Austria-Hungary, could not be learned definitely. Inasmuch as Austria is understood to have endorsed the action of Germany, however, this action is expected to follow if it has not already been taken.

The State Department notified Ambassador Gerard to ask for his passports.

The decision to break was reached after the President's conference with the cabinet and members of Senate yesterday. The President by those conferences came to the conclusion that the country would stand solidly behind him in breaking off diplomatic relations with Germany.

Breaking off diplomatic relations with Germany does not mean war, but easily may lead to war. It is an act of protest characterized in the usage of nations as a "measure short of war."

The President's address to Congress, while guarded closely, reviews the negotiations with Germany, climaxed by the note giving warning that the Berlin government had removed restrictions on submarine warfare.

The decision to break was taken for granted by many senators with whom he talked late yesterday and by members of his cabinet. Although he did not give his decision in these conferences his outline of the situation gave such a serious picture that it was generally believed that he had come to the conclusion that he could follow no course, but break relations with Germany.

Mr. Wilson remained in his study in the White House throughout the morning and saw no callers. It was learned he began the preparation of his address to Congress shortly after his return from the Capitol last night.

While the steps leading up to the break were being taken, apparent calm prevailed at the White House and State Department.

ACTION TAKEN.

Washington, Feb. 3.—No one other than officials and employees of naval yards and stations is to be admitted to such government reservations. Orders to this effect, Secretary of the Navy Daniels, announced today had been issued and would be effective immediately.

Washington, Feb. 3.—The United States has formally demanded of Germany the immediate release of the Americans who were taken prisoners on prize ships by the raiders in the South Atlantic.

Newport News, Va., Feb. 3.—A coast guard cutter has gone alongside the German prize ship Appam, and it is thought the German prize crew will be taken off immediately. Two torpedo boat destroyers joined the super-dreadnaught Arkansas off the Virginia caps on emergency duty.

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HOLLAND HOPES FOR SETTLEMENT

Conference of Shipping Concerns May Smooth Out Difficulties

By Courier Leased Wire.

The Hague, via London, Feb. 3.—Nothing has been allowed to become public concerning further conferences held this afternoon between the ministers and the representatives of shipping concerns. In official quarters everyone is reticent but in shipping circles the impression seems to prevail that despite the great difficulties placed in the way of shipping by the new German submarine order a way will be found by which Dutch navigation may be resumed to some extent, although with increased risks.

The Amsterdam Telegraaf says Germany's design has failed "in that in no neutral state an authoritative voice has arisen demanding that this German menace of war on the whole world be met with by intervention for peace which at present is for Germany alone a question of life or death."

Spain Petitions

London, Feb. 3.—A Madrid despatch to Reuter's says that the Spanish government has telegraphed the Central Powers asking that the time allowed Spanish ships to return to port be extended.

Many towns are protesting against the note of the Central powers, and have sent appeals to the government to support with dignity the interests of the nation. The administration has prohibited an anti-German meeting which was called at Santander. The coexistence of Central powers at Barcelona and the camp of interred Germans near that city are being guarded by the police.

P.T.E. W. C. HEWSON KILLED IN ACTION

Young Man With Canadian Mounted Rifles Was Former Brantfordite

The news was received to-day by Mrs. A. D. Hardy, of the death of her nephew, William Curtis Hewson, who was killed in action in France on his twentieth birthday, January 9th. Private Hewson left with his regiment, the 13th Canadian Mounted Rifles in July last from McLeod, Alberta, and on his arrival in England was transferred to the Strathcona Horse. He was killed during the Somme fighting with a detachment of his regiment and was then attached to "C" company, 27th Canadian Infantry, at the time of his death, being a member of the machine gun squad, having been on the firing line continuously since September.

He was the eldest son of John Arthur Hewson, Darraugh Ranch, McLeod. His mother, formerly Miss Emily Curtis, daughter of the late David Curtis, Esquire, having been born here and residing in this city until the time of her marriage. Many of her old friends in this vicinity will learn with sincere regret this sad intelligence.

WILL OCCUPY CHAIR

Mr. Peter Rober, President of the Labor Council, will occupy the chair at the patriotic meeting for men only at the Brant Theatre, Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Mrs. H. E. Beckett has been called away through the sudden and unexpected death of her father, Mr. E. Misener of Jordan.

Weather Bulletin

Toronto, Feb. 3.—The weather has been for the most part fair, and very cold over the Dominion, except on the British Columbia coast, where it has been mild and rainy.

Forecasts Strong west to north west winds, local snow falls or flurries, and very cold to-day and on Sunday.

GERMAN NOTES CONCEIVED IN HYPOCRISY TO CLOAK CRIME

The London Press Looks For an Immediate Break Between the United States and Germany; Wilson is Flouted by Huns

By Courier Leased Wire.

London, Feb. 3.—The extreme public eagerness to learn what course the United States will take, is mirrored by the newspapers, which feature the question predominantly, and print long despatches from America and other contributions dealing therewith. The editorials mostly speculate somewhat gingerly.

For U. S. to Decide

"It is not for us," says the Daily Telegraph, "to judge the issue between the United States and Germany or to offer advice. The government of the United States is the keeper of the American conscience, as it is also the leader of the neutral states."

The paper also says: "Americans would hardly be human if they did not resent the cowardly effrontery of Germany's conduct toward the President. He has been flouted in the eyes of the world by the German Emperor's spokesman, who declares that all notes are conceived in hypocrisy and are merely a cloak for crime deliberately contemplated to be executed when the moment comes."

Clash Must Come The Daily News says: "It is difficult on the face of it to see any escape from a more or less immediate collision between

Germany and the United States, for America cannot tolerate the new German plan of campaign, because, putting aside questions of principle, it practically destroys the whole of her export trade except to Spanish America. Germany, on the other hand, cannot retreat from the position taken without confessing her defeat and equally confessing that the imperial chancellor's speech in the reichstag was nonsense."

ACROSS FIELDS OF SNOW, WHITE CLAD RAIDERS ASSAILED BRITISH TRENCHES

With the British Armies in France Feb. 2.—via London.—(From a staff correspondent of the Associated Press) The German raiders who made two attacks yesterday morning against the British trenches south of the Ypres salient looked for all the world like the famous Ku Klux Klan, the crusaders of reconstruction days in the Southern States of America. They were clad in white sheets fashioned in a sort of snook, wore white hoods and masks and sought thus to cross the snow covered No Man's Land without detection.

Raiders Hurdled Back The raiders came over in two waves only to be hurled back with heavy losses in killed and wounded. They swept into a perfect storm of machine gun fire and there were crimson splashes in the snow wherever one of the strange white figures fell. There was a ghostly aspect to this affair throughout. It was attempted at the misty hour when the

CHIEF SLEMIN REPLACES A SINGLE MAN ON THE POLICE FORCE WITH A RETURNED SOLDIER

On Thursday of this week Chief Slemin assembled the men of the Police Force and pointed out that in this time of Empire crisis, every man able to do so should be offering his services for the great cause.

Eleven members had thus far gone from the force and there were two single men now on whom he thought should offer themselves. One refused to do so and was at once laid off. His place will be filled by a returned soldier, Frederick Thomas Palmer, with the Canadian Division Ammunition Column, and at

DEFIANCE HURLED AT UNITED STATES BY PRESS OF GERMANY

the front until time of discharge, almost from the first of the war. The other single man is considering the matter and if he offers and fails to pass the medical test will be retained. Otherwise a returned soldier will be given his place.

TWO PROMINENT SPEAKERS

Mr. Harry Frost, President of the Associated Boards of Ontario, and Mr. Bruce Carey, Governor of the Rotary Clubs, will address the Patriotic Fund workers at the Tea Pot Inn headquarters on Monday night.

Call is Made For Adherence to Submarine Warfare Though America May be Driven by it to Side of the Allies

By Courier Leased Wire.

Berlin, Feb. 2, via London.—The first editorial expressions on the submarine issue from the United States, which were eagerly awaited, were received here in the course of the day. They included short excerpts from the leading New York papers. The Lokal Anzeiger, commenting on the despatches, says:

League of Destruction

"It would seem that some circles believe that Germany can be affected by threats to change her course. This opinion is completely erroneous. It would certainly not be a matter of unconcern here if the only remaining neutral great power should join the league which is bent on the destruction of Germany, but Washington should not doubt that even this possibility, with all its consequences has been duly weighed and is considered as a lesser evil to the renunciation of our strongest weapon against the most unscrupulous of Germany's foes. On the other hand it would be wrong to accept this or that editorial opinion from the New York or Washington press as an adequate criterion of the government's views."

The Lokal Anzeiger concluded: "Our entire attention should be turned now to the German submarines, to which we have entrusted our fate."

COLLISION IS NOW INEVITABLE

Between Germany and Neutral Nations, Russia Believes

By Courier Leased Wire.

Petrograd, Feb. 3.—The Russian Government views Germany's blockade announcement as an "arbitrary and piratical act." An expression obtained from the foreign office to-day was to the effect that inasmuch as Germany's fleet is bottled up, her only means for enforcing the blockade is the use of submarines. From the nature of these craft, and their inability to take off crews and passengers of vessels, it was stated, the use of submarines is a violation of all principles of international law.

CONSPIRATORS ON TRIAL IN LONDON

Quartette Who Attempted Life of Lloyd George In Court

By Courier Leased Wire.

Derby, Feb. 3.—The Guild Hall was crowded, and many persons were unable to obtain admission when Attorney-General Sir Frederick E. Smith to-day opened the case against the four persons accused of conspiracy to murder Premier David Lloyd George and Arthur Henderson, member of the war council. The accused are Mrs. Alice Wheelton, her two daughters, Miss Ann Wheelton, and Mrs. Alfred George Mason and Mr. Mason's husband.

The attorney-general, in his closing, referred to the prisoners as desperate, dangerous people, bitterly hostile to the country. They were, he declared, shelterers of fugitives from the army, who were doing their best to injure Great Britain in her present crisis. The prisoner, Mason, he pointed out, was a chemist of very considerable skill, who had made a special study of poison, and might be considered an expert in such a matter.

FACTORYMEN'S BRANCH

A meeting called last evening for the Factorymen's Branch of the Patriotic Fund to complete plans for the coming campaign, failed to materialize owing to a misunderstanding as to the time set, and nothing was accomplished, it being necessary to postpone the meeting for some future date.

The Annual Meeting

CONSERVATIVE ASSOCIATION

FOR BRANTFORD RIDING

Will Take Place at--

TO-NIGHT

at Conservative Headquarters corner of Dalhousie and King Streets. Proceedings commence at 8 p.m. and all Conservatives are cordially invited.

There will be election of officers and speeches by W. F. Cockshutt, M. P. and others.

N. D. NEILL Secretary H. COCKSHUTT, President

THEATRE Home of Refined Features

Bartlett Trio Singing and Dancing

Anton, Bell and Seranton Sensational Wire Novelty

Chas. M. Shelton Famous Story—Martyrdom of Philip Strong Robert Conness Mabel Trunnelle. Spilling Story Tea—A Tremendous Les

7th Episode The Shielding Shadow

Gazette—Mult and Jeff Comedy

ing Mon., Tues., Wednesday Online Frederick ette of the Wilds

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or Sale

Brothers Touring \$900 Brothers Touring \$850 rs have had very little, nearly all city Ford, shock absorbers, tire carrier, meter, only driven miles. Have other second cars for sale.

NT MOTOR CO. Dalhousie St. Phones 370, 515, 2253. Auto Phone 270.

AUCTION SALE. Fragg, auctioneer, will sell auction on Tuesday next, 6, at 21 Rose Ave., Eagle 1:30 p.m. sharp. The following: 14 yards Brussel carpet, table, oak rocker, mahogany, 16 yards linoleum, example, 3 leares, 6 H. B. dials, Sunbeam coal heater, couch, Singer sewing machine, 9 yds. wool carpet, dishes, cutlery, fruit cylindrical coal range, kitchen boiler, baby carriage, 3 springs, mattresses, dressings, carpets, bedding, curtains blinds and all utensils. Also 1 sleigh for purposes. On Tuesday next, 6, at 21 Rose Ave., at 1:30 p.m. reserve. Terms cash. Emma Crandell, proprietress Fragg, Auctioneer.

CABS

What Society is doing

Mr. Fred Heyd, Sheridan street, is spending a couple of weeks in New York.

Captain and Mrs. A. H. Boddy spent the week-end in Evanston and Dunnville.

Miss Ellison Newman, Queen St., was a visitor in Hamilton for a few days this week.

Mrs. Geo. Watt, Dufferin Avenue, was a visitor in Toronto for a few days this week.

Mrs. M. F. Muir, Ava Road, is spending a few weeks in Evanston and Chicago, the guest of her sister.

Capt. W. N. Andrews was in London on Monday on business in connection with the Western University.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Heyd, of Toronto formerly of this city, are spending a few months in the Southern States.

Mrs. Jack Fiskin and Miss Fiskin of Toronto are the guests of Mrs. George Wilkes, Chatham Street.

Lieut. Matheson, of Toronto, was a week-end guest at the home of Mrs. A. J. Wilkes, Darling Street.

Mrs. Stevenson Brown of Montreal arrived in the city on Thursday and is the guest of her sisters, the Misses Phillip, Darling St.

Mrs. James Cockshutt, Lorne Crescent, is visiting in Toronto, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. George Baker.

Mrs. Walter Blair, Dufferin Ave., was the hostess at a "bridge" on Tuesday evening, three tables playing.

Lieut. J. Langmuir of Toronto spent the week-end in the city, the guest of Mrs. J. W. Digby, Wellington street.

Miss Batty Bachus of Hamilton was a week-end visitor in Town, the guest of the Misses Digby, Wellington St.

Professor M. Mackenzie of Toronto, spent the week-end with his parents, Archdeacon and Mrs. G. C. Mackenzie.

Miss Marion Boyd of Kitchener was a week-end guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Brewster, Chestnut Ave.

Miss Florence Leeming left last week to join her father, Dr. Leeming, in West Baden, Mich., returning with him early in the week.

Miss Marjorie Bennett, Brant Ave., left on Thursday for Norwich, N.Y., where she is spending a few weeks with her cousin, Miss Clare Mason.

LL-Col. Harry Cockshutt and Mr. Wedlake left on Wednesday for New York en route for Havana on business in connection with the Cockshutt-Flow Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Perley of Irvington-on-the-Hudson, are visitors in town, the guests of Mr. Perley's sisters, the Misses Perley, Wellington street.

An enjoyable dance was held at the Conservatory of Music on Wednesday evening, the hostess being Messrs. Charlton and Bellhouse of St. George, Mr. Reg. Bellhouse's orchestra was in attendance, and a very large crowd was in attendance from St. George and vicinity. A number of guests were also there from Brantford and vicinity.

The Rev. Archdeacon G. C. Mackenzie celebrated his 80th birthday on Thursday, Feb. 1st. A number of members of the congregation of Grace church called upon the Archdeacon and Mrs. Mackenzie, to offer their congratulations, and Miss Bennett presented the Archdeacon with a purse of gold from members of the congregation as a slight token of esteem.

Miss Graham, of San Diego, is the guest of Miss Sibbit, William St.

Mrs. Mabel Acret, has been accepted as nursing sister for overseas, and expects to leave shortly for England.

Mrs. C. C. Fissette, Darling St., entertained informally at the tea hour on Thursday afternoon.

Lieutenant W. Fair, of Toronto, was a week-end guest at the parental home, Park Avenue.

Mrs. J. F. McLaren, the Alexandra Apartments, Toronto, a former well known resident of Brantford, left on Thursday, for Dansville, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. George Wilkes expect to leave shortly on a trip to Bermuda. Mrs. W. F. Cockshutt will accompany them.

Miss Arkell, of Detroit, has been visiting Miss Grace Breeden, Brant Avenue, returning home early in the week.

Miss Altha Avey, grand-daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mulligan, has left for Philadelphia and Washington, D.C.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren H. Littlefield, announce the engagement of their daughter, Estelle, to Mr. Robert Lang, of Shanghai, China.

Mrs. Edwards Merrill gave a small one yesterday, with Mrs. S. Alfred ones of Brantford, as its raison d'être.—Toronto Globe.

The King has been pleased to promote Grace Julia, Lady Drummond, from Lady of Grace to Lady of Justice in the Order of St. John of Jerusalem.

Sir Gilbert Parker has arrived in Canada on what he declares is a "vacation," and is at his old home in Belleville, where his mother and sister live.

Miss Dorothy Thomson, Paris, was the hostess at a High Tea last Monday, at her home, Banfield Ave., several guests from Brantford being present.

Mrs. Cairnduff of St. George, was the guest of the Misses "Wye," Dufferin Avenue, attending "The Messiah" on Thursday evening, at the First Baptist Church.

The February examinations of the Western University, will be held at the Conservatory on Thursday next, Feb. 8th. Mr. Thomas Martin, of London, will conduct the examinations.

Miss Nora Hanna, Wellington St., who has been a very popular visitor in town the past few weeks, left on Thursday evening for St. Luke's Hospital, New York, to continue her course as nurse-in-training.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Houlding, have sold their farm on Tutela Heights, and have purchased a residence at present occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Fox, at 121 Park Avenue, and will move into the city in the course of the next few weeks.

Letters received in the city recently from Sergeant Alfred van-Someren of the 125th Battalion, state that he is at present taking an officers course at Crowborough, England.

Among those entertaining informally for Mrs. Henry, of Windsor, the past week or so, are Mrs. H. McK. Wilson, Mrs. W. C. Boddy, Mrs. Frank Cockshutt and Miss Pyke.

Mrs. Graham K. Stratford, (formerly Miss Nora Wallace, of Brantford) received for the first time since her marriage on Friday, Feb. 2nd, at her home, The Madison Apartments, 93 Madison Ave., Mrs. R. Thompson, her sister-in-law, a former Brantfordite, assisted Mrs. Stratford, Mrs. Chester Harris, formerly of Brantford, was also assisting.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Perley, of New York, are visiting Miss Perley, Wellington street, for a few days.

Dr. and Mrs. Hanna accompanied Miss Hanna to New York on Thursday evening.

Lieut. George Cockshutt and Dr. Charles Crompton, were the hosts at a very enjoyable sleigh ride last Saturday evening, the party adjourning to the home of Mrs. J. W. Digby, for refreshments.

Mrs. Reaman, of Woodstock, who charmed her audience on Thursday evening by her artistic rendition of the soprano solo work in the oratorio "The Messiah," was the guest of Mrs. Frank Leeming while in the city.

Word has been received in Montreal of the death of Lieut. the Hon. Alan B. de Blaquiere, son of Lord and Lady de Blaquiere, formerly of Woodstock and Montreal, now residing in Bath, England. The family of de Blaquiere was well known to many old Brantfordites who will regret to hear of the death of Lieut. de Blaquiere, who was drowned when H.M.S. Laurentic was torpedoed.

Mr. Mitchell of the Dominion Association of Archivists, was in town this week in connection with securing historical material for a history which is being compiled and which is being stored in the Archives at Ottawa until the end of the war. Mr. Mitchell was most enthusiastic about the historical material which he collected here, appertaining to the colors of the Iroquois and other matters of interest, which information was given him by Mrs. J. Y. Brown.

Mr. Mitchell stated that the material he collected here was by far the most valuable he had as yet received while in the city he was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. Y. Brown, Nelson street.

Banks in Brantford and elsewhere in Ontario, are not the only ones where women are making good. In a certain Chicago bank having deposits of more than \$1,000,000, says The Woman's Journal of Boston, the savings department is presided over by a woman. This department is run entirely under her direction, and for all its additions and improvements she is sponsor. She manages all the advertising, the soliciting for accounts among big corporations, the placement of all the advertising in the press; in fact, nothing goes in or comes out, no question arises in the course of the operation of the large business of a day but is carefully considered by her.

It may be said that Oak Park, the old home of the late Hon. David Christie, was never the scene of a more memorable gathering than that of the Military euchar given on Thursday evening for the Red Cross purposes, by the Women's Institute of Moyle-Tranquility. The success was due in great part to Mr. and Mrs. Bailey for lending their commodious home for the occasion and to their excellent arrangements for the comfort of their guests. The spacious rooms were artistically decorated with flags of the Allies, which gave a military appearance to the keeping with the occasion. Mrs. Wood, the President, and Mrs. Clump, the Secretary, received with Mr. and Mrs. Bailey. About two hundred and fifty guests were present, many coming by special cars, and upwards of \$150 was realized for the Red Cross.

Forty-three tables were arranged for the dining room and library, the other rooms being reserved for dancing and music, in charge of Mr. Harry Bailey. The tables with their tiny flags of France, England, Italy and Russia were in charge of Mrs. Armstrong, Mrs. Saylor, Miss Sharpe and Mr. Leslie Sanderson. No. 15 held the fort, with a possible score of twenty, the winners being a quartette from Paris.

An excellent supper, which was in charge of Mrs. Greenwood and Mrs. Richard Sanderson, was served at 11.30, when dancing was resumed until the arrival of the special cars at 1.30. The Women's Institute are deeply grateful to the officers of the Grand Valley R.R., who were so kind about running the special cars from Brantford and Paris.

The Women's Institute of the County have done exceptionally good work since war was declared, and Moyle-Tranquility has been among the foremost and they are to be congratulated on having at the time imposed the hospitality and assistance of Mr. and Mrs. Bailey in their worthy work.

WINNERS OF "SILVER DOLLAR." Since our last report in the paper on Jan. 13th, we have had many inquiries regarding our "Silver Dollar Bread," which has brought in many new customers. Following are the names of those reported since Jan. 15th: Mrs. B. Brown, 151 Brantwood; Mrs. Rice, 130 Eagle Ave.; Mrs. E. Spiece, 1 Gilkison; Mrs. Tate, 110 Eagle Ave.; Mrs. Day, Cainsville; Mrs. Adams, Birketts Lane; Mrs. Ousick; Mrs. Buckwell, Birch P.O.; Mrs. Aeklin, Brighton Row; Mrs. Boney, 154 George St. Anybody receiving the "silver dollar" loaf are requested to phone Almas' Bakery, 522.

MILK AND HIGH COST OF LIVING

Committee Proceeded With Examination of Dairy-men Last Night

The question of the price of milk occupied the attention of the committee on the high cost of living at its meeting last night. Although representatives from three of the leading dairy businesses of the city were believed to have been summoned to the meeting, Mr. John H. Halner, manager of the Hygienic Dairy, was the only one to put in an appearance, and he was accordingly examined by the committee upon the matter in hand. The opinion expressed by Mr. Halner, was to the effect that whatever increases had taken place in the price of milk during the war were entirely justifiable, from the standpoint of both the producers and the retailers, and that there was at the present time much less profit in the business than in the past.

The Examination. At the outbreak of the war, Mr. Halner's firm had sold pasteurized milk at eight cents per quart, and the unpasteurized at one cent less. Near the first of December last these prices had been increased to nine and eight respectively. In July, 1914, \$1.50 per hundred pounds, at 15 cents per gallon, had been paid by the firm for its milk. The present price was \$2.15 per hundred pounds, or 21.2 cents per gallon, an increase of 6 1-2 cents. Mr. Halner considered that there would be between 25 and 30 wagons delivering milk in the city at the present season. His firm employed virtually five drivers, using four wagons and one car.

One year ago, the cost of delivery approximated 3 cents per gallon, today 4 1-2 cents. The price of bottles has increased over 10 per cent in the past year, costing now 43 cents while a year ago they had been purchasable for 19 cents per thousand. Bottles had increased 21 per cent in price, milk cans over 100 per cent, costing now 85 pieces as against \$2.40 before.

The labor involved in the pasteurizing process had increased practically 30 per cent. The total cost of production, Mr. Halner estimated, at 7 cents per gallon. A central delivery system of milk throughout the city would be productive of but slight benefit. Mr. Halner stated that although admitting that the cost of transportation would be diminished by such a system.

Mr. Halner was aware of no milk dealers' association or a combination existing among the dealers to fix the price of milk in the city, and believed that any concerted action in changing prices was due to action by the farmers in changing their charges for supplies.

Increase Not Exorbitant. The speaker considered that both the wholesale producer and the retail dealer had been fully increasing by current conditions. The increase placed upon the price of milk, and that conditions for the dealer were in fact worse than a year past.

Cold Storage. Ald. McBride inquired whether any action could be taken against the practice of cold storage dealers of storing up large quantities of eggs for future sale. Discussion ensued upon the subject. Ald. Hollander styling the practice as criminal. The canning business came in also for discussion, Mr. Keen submitting figures upon the subject to show that employees were working in many cases fifteen hours per day in such factories.

It was shown that the manufacturers were deriving the profits from the business, and that the retail grocer gained nothing. "If you hit the cold storage dealers and the canners," declared Ald. MacBride, "you have touched the crux of the present high cost of living."

Coal Question. Mr. Keen submitted figures to show that coal dealers in this city were charging 25 cents per ton more than in Guelph, while the cost of transportation to the latter city was 22 cents per ton more than Brantford.

An Investigation. The corresponding secretary was instructed to conduct an investigation into the matter. He has recently in a London paper, purporting to have come from the municipality of this city upon the high cost of living. The committee expressed surprise at such a statement, and repudiated its sentiment.

The Program. At next week's session of the committee, the examination of the milk dealers will be continued, and the cold storage question, following the suggestion of Ald. MacBride, will be taken up.

Stocktaking Sale J. M. YOUNG & CO. "QUALITY FIRST" Stocktaking Sale

2 Days More of Stocktaking Sale

Your chance to save Money during this Sale of Winter Goods, such as Furs, Winter Coats, Suits, Comforters, Suiting, Cloaking, Etc. Stocktaking Sale of White Cottons, Sheetings Etc., at a Great Saving.

Ladies' Tailor Made Suits \$8.90

One lot of Ladies Tweed Suits in grey, brown and black and white mixtures, in Norfolk and tailored styles, medium sizes worth up to \$20.00 to clear at... \$8.90

Winter Coats to Clear at Half Price

The balance of this season's Cloth Coats in Tweed mixtures, freeze and wool plush kersey and zebelines. A good assortment of colors and sizes, coats worth up to \$32.50 to clear at half price.

Odd Fur Neck Pieces to Clear at \$9.00

One lot Fur Ruffs in pieced Persian, natural coon, Isabella Fox, Oppossum and Marmot, worth in the regular way up to \$16.50 to clear at each... \$9.00

Remnants Ends of Table Linen, Towelling, Cotton Shirting, Flannelette, etc., all to clear at special prices.

Blanket Cloths \$1.00

10 Ends Blanket Cloth Coating, 54 inches worth to-day \$2.00 and \$1.75, sale price per yard... \$1.00

Great Bargains in White Cotton 12-1/2 yd

7 Pieces of Heavy White Cotton, 36 inches wide, nice even thread, free from dressing, worth 17c yard, sale price per yard... 12 1/2c

Ladies' White Flannelette Night Gowns, high neck, long sleeves. Sale price... 79c

Ladies' Combination Light and heavy weight, regular \$1.25. Sale price... \$1.00

Ladies' Undershirts, in Satene, Moire and Regal Taffeta, black and colors. Sale price... \$1.00

Corduroy Velvets 59c

27 inch wide Heavy Corduroy Velvet, suitable for boys school wear, in navy, brown, green, alicé, rose and white, and worth 90c. yard sale price, yard... 59c

French Coating Serge \$1.50

50 inches wide All Wool French Coating Serge, in navy, brown, green and black, extra heavy weight old dyes, worth today 2.00, sale price per yard... \$1.50

Black Taffeta Silk Worth \$2.25 Sale Price \$1.75

1 Piece 36 in. wide Black Taffeta Silk, best of French dye, a silk recommended for wear and worth \$2.25 sale price yard... \$1.75

Ladies' Sweater Coats \$2.98

Ladies' Wool Sweater Coats in black, navy, cardinal, and white, worth up to \$4.00, sale price, each... \$2.98

Trimmed Millinery \$1.00

Trimmed Millinery, balance of this season's shapes in black and colors, hats worth up to \$6.50 sale price... \$1.00

Boys' Underwear 25c

Boys' Fleece Lined Underwear, Shirts and drawers to match, sizes up to 32, sale price, each... 25c

Ladies' Silk Crepe de Chine Waists in black and colors, worth up to \$5.00. Sale price... \$2.98

Children's Dresses in Serge, Velvet, etc., navy, cardinal, brown, green, sizes up to 14 years, regular \$6.50, sale price... \$3.98

J. M. YOUNG & CO.

ADDRESSED THE HOCKEY CROWD

Pte. Sam Landers Spoke in Intermission at the Rink

That the recruiting now in progress with the object of securing new members for the 215th battalion, is to remain before the attention of Brantfordites, was demonstrated last night in the intermission between the second and third periods of the hockey match at the Alfred Street Rink between the Brantford and Ingersoll Juniors. Shortly after the players had left the ice, Private Landers appeared on the ice and commenced to address the crowd of spectators. This met at first with little encouragement, but the speaker persisted, and when Manager Ed. Gould came out and asked for silence he received a hearing. "All we ask for, boys, is a fair chance, the same as you would give to your opponents in a game of hockey," football or baseball. "This appeal to the sportsmanship of his hearers made an impression, and he then secured a megaphone and spoke a few words, pointing out that the friends, brothers, fathers and other relatives of the spectators were fighting at the front, and were greatly in need of a little rest which they could not obtain because there was no one to relieve them. "We are not attempting to force you to go, but if you can see your way clear to don the khaki, we would like you to enlist," he concluded.

Men Wanted for the Navy

The Royal Naval Canadian Volunteer Reserve, wants men for immediate service Overseas, in the Imperial Navy

Candidates must be from 18 to 38 years of age and sons of natural born British subjects. PAY \$1.10 per day and upwards. Free Kit. Separation allowance, \$20.00 monthly. Experienced men from 38 to 45, and boys from 15 to 18 are wanted for the CANADIAN NAVAL PATROLS. Apply to COMMODORE AMELIUS JARVIS, Naval Recruiting Officer, Ontario Area, 103 BAY STREET, TORONTO, or to the Department of Naval Service, OTTAWA.

Contributions to Relief Funds

The board of trade acknowledges with thanks the following contributions for Belgian Relief. "Lionel" \$ 1.00 "Mack" 1.00 A. Winters 1.00 M. J. O'Donohue 5.00 Mrs. R. H. Palmer 5.00 Mrs. E. Palmer 5.00 D. G. Buck 2.50 S. N. 10.00 A. and Amy Smith 1.00 Miss E. Hazelton .50 Mrs. W. T. Jones 15.00 Class No. 7 Zion Church 2.50 Mrs. T. Lamb 2.50 Miss F. Davies 30.00 Miss F. Davis 15.00 Miss Woodvatt 5.00 M. Wilbee 5.00 Friend 2.00 \$118.25

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in the country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces, i.e. urethra, catarrh, etc. Send for testimonials. Write to: "Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation," sold by Druggists, price 50c. R. J. CHERRY & CO., Emps., Windsor, O.

DR. DE VAN'S FEMALE PILLS

medicine for all Female Complaints or three for \$10. at drug stores. address on receipt of price. The R. P. O. St. Catharines, Ontario.

PHOSPHORUS FOR MEN

For Nerve and Brain Weakness. A Tonic—will build you up. 35c per bottle. at drug stores, or by mail on receipt of price. The R. P. O. St. Catharines, Ontario.

- FURS -

SABLE

SABLE (Skunk) is to be one of the fashionable furs for next year, now is the time to buy it when prices are right—

Muffs and Neckpieces

Muffs from \$2.00 up to \$50.00, according to grade and size. Neck Pieces, suitable for wearing with a suit, \$12 up to \$30. Also the fashionable cape at... \$65

Dempster & Co.

PLAIN MARK

Personally I do not like gambling. Many small investors "Quick" germ take to time they find it but a experience. The man who would few hundred dollars trading for, in my opinion opposed to each other. Some brokers attend same thing as buying exactly true, for when yours as long as you purchase on margin can out note. No broker as is close to the exhaust he can do so if he so. What I dislike a or later makes a gamb securities simply to future earnings, or div. Experience has their money in margin statement with figures if. The investor who while the investor who he makes his purchases gives clients honest advi. Your own intellig depend on your broker judgment, for where y position the broker has. In addition the b information that is not have the right kind of a less he is fully satisfied. My firm (Mark) THROUGH their client just as careful in reco be if their own money w. We could make n trading, for margin tr commissions, as you kno. We want all the want them at the expe would mean if we recom. We have the same started business and we long as we treat them r. These customers commended by the firm trading. This condition w

The Next Plain Talk BOSTON NEW Y

In making an investm important factor. WR

Members Sta

Standard

Telephone MAIN 722

Take Note

The annual meeting of bers of the County of Bra Mutual Fire Insurance will be held in the Coun room, Court House, in Brantford, on Thursday, 1917, at two o'clock, p.m., and dispose of the finan and Auditor's report directors and Auditors an such other business as m sidered for the welfare of pany. The retiring Directors McIntyre, Hugh Allan and Knight, all of whom are re-election. DUNCAN MILLER JOHN H. CAMP

AUCTION SALES

W. J. Bragg, auctioneer by public auction on Tue February 6, at 21 Rose A Place, at 1.30 p.m. shap following—14 yards Brus new parlor table, oak rogan rocker, 16 yards l tension table, 3 leaves, 6 ing chairs, Sunbeam co sideboard, couch, Singer s chine, 2 rockers, 9 yds. v glassware, dishes, cuttery, stal, Peninsular coil ran table, tub boiler, baby c iron beds, springs, mattres, ers, commodes, carpets, pictures, curtains blind kitchen utensils. Also 1 delivery purposes. On Tu February 6, at 21 Rose A sharp. No reserve. Terms Miss Emma Crandell, W. J. Bragg, Auctioneer

DR. DE VAN'S FEMALE PILLS medicine for all Female Complaints or three for \$10. at drug stores. address on receipt of price. The R. P. O. St. Catharines, Ontario.

PHOSPHORUS FOR MEN For Nerve and Brain Weakness. A Tonic—will build you up. 35c per bottle. at drug stores, or by mail on receipt of price. The R. P. O. St. Catharines, Ontario.

PLAIN TALKS ON MINING

BY MARK HARRIS

MARGIN TRADING

Personally I do not approve of margin trading as I consider it akin to gambling.

Many small investors after becoming inoculated with the "Get Rich Quick" germ take to margin trading as a short cut to wealth but in time they find it but a trap where they rarely emerge with anything but experience.

The man who works hard for his money and manages to save a few hundred dollars with a view to investing should beware of margin trading for, in my opinion, investment and margin trading are diametrically opposed to each other.

Some brokers attempt to defend margin trading by saying it is the same thing as buying a house with a mortgage on it but this is not exactly true, for when you buy a house with a mortgage the home is yours as long as you pay interest on the mortgage, while the stock you purchase on margin can be sold by the broker at any time with or without notice.

No broker as a rule will sell out a client's stock until the margin is close to the exhausting point, but according to the rules of the game he can do so if he so elects.

What I dislike about margin trading is the fact that it sooner or later makes a gambler out of a man and in time he buys and sells securities simply to make a quick profit without giving intrinsic value, future earnings, or dividends any consideration.

Experience has taught me that fully 90 per cent. of investors lose their money in margin trading and any honest broker will confirm this statement with figures from his books.

The investor who buys on margin sooner or later loses his money, while the investor who buys outright seldom loses a penny providing he makes his purchases through some responsible brokerage house that gives clients honest advice.

Your own intelligence will convince you that it is far better to depend on your broker when selecting investments than on your own judgment, for where you have one opportunity of investigating a proposition the broker has twenty.

In addition the broker has ways and means of getting confidential information that is not open to the average investor, therefore, if you have the right kind of a broker, he will never recommend an investment unless he is fully satisfied it is meritorious in every way.

My firm (Mark Harris and Co.) policy is to make their profits THROUGH their clients not OUT of them, and consequently they are just as careful in recommending a purchase to a client as they would be if their own money was involved.

We could make more money for a short time by advising margin trading, for margin trading means many additional commissions and commissions, as you know, are the backbone of a broker's business.

We want all the commissions we can honestly earn but we don't want them at the expense of our clientele and that is exactly what it would mean if we recommended margin trading.

We have the same clients on our books to-day that we had when we started business and we know these customers will remain with us as long as we treat them right.

These customers have made money through good investments recommended by the firm and they are contented and happy and so are we.

This condition would not prevail had we recommended margin trading.

Yours faithfully,

Mark Harris

The Next Plain Talk on Mining will appear on Feb. 7.

BOSTON NEW YORK BUFFALO MONTREAL

In making an investment the selection of the security is the most important factor. Write for advice before making a purchase

MARK HARRIS & CO.

Members Standard Stock and Mining Exchange

BROKERS

Standard Bank Building, Toronto

TELEPHONE MAIN 272 Send for copy of "Canadian Mining News"

Take Notice

The annual meeting of the members of the County of Brant Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Company will be held in the County Council room, Court House, in the City of Brantford, on Thursday, Feb. 15th, 1917, at two o'clock, p.m., to receive and dispose of the financial statement and Auditor's report, to elect directors and Auditors and transact such other business as may be considered for the welfare of the company.

The retiring Directors are Chas. McIntyre, Hugh Allan and Edward Knight, all of whom are eligible for re-election.

DUNCAN MILLER, President
JOHN H. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

AUCTION SALE

W. J. Bragg, auctioneer, will sell by public auction on Tuesday next, February 6, at 21 Rose Ave., Eagle Place, at 1.30 p.m. sharp, the following:—14 yards Brussels carpet, new parlor table, oak rocker, mahogany rocker, 16 yards linoleum, extension table, 3 leaves, 6 H. B. dining chairs, Sunbeam coal heater, sideboard, couch, Singer sewing machine, 2 rockers, 9 yds. wool carpet, glassware, dishes, cutlery, fruit crystal, Peninsula coal range, kitchen table, tub boiler, baby carriage, 3 iron beds, springs, mattresses, dressers, commodes, carpets, bedding, pictures, curtains blinds and all kitchen utensils. Also 1 sleigh for delivery purposes. On Tuesday next, February 6, at 21 Rose Ave., at 1.30 sharp. No reserve. Terms cash.
Miss Emma Crandell, proprietress
W. J. Bragg, Auctioneer.

DR. DEVAN'S FEMALE PILLS Restores monthly medicine for all Female Complaints. 25¢ a box or three for \$1.00, at drug stores. Mailed to you on address on receipt of price. THE SCORRELL DRUG CO., St. Catharines, Ontario.

PHOSPHONOL FOR MEN Restores vitality for Nerve and Brain. Increases "grey matter." A tonic—will build you up. \$3 a box or two for \$5, at drug stores, or by mail on receipt of price. THE SCORRELL DRUG CO., St. Catharines, Ontario.

Good Roads System Occupies Attention of County Council

Mr. A. McVicar is Appointed Superintendent at a Salary of \$1,600—Law Library Gets Quarters Occupied by Board of Trade

The major portion of the two sittings of the County Council Friday was consumed by a discussion relative to the Good Roads System adopted by that body. To comply with the provisions of the Act it was necessary for the county, once they had decided to enter the scheme, to appoint a road overseer, subject to the approval of the "Minister of Public Works for the Province of Ontario." The application of Mr. Archie McVicar of the Township of Brantford was considered favorably by the councillors, and he was therefore appointed to the position of County Roads Superintendent with a salary of \$1,600, his entire time to be devoted to the duties of that office. His duties will commence on the first of March, and he will be required to give two months notice of his intention of severing his connection with the county, should he wish to do so.

The question was then introduced of a committee to assist the superintendent, and it was thought by a majority of the councillors, that a small committee would be more efficient and at the same time less expensive to the ratepayers. Second Deputy Reeve Seace of Brantford Township took the stand that as this was the first year following the adoption of the scheme, and as there would necessarily be more consideration than actual work done, he favored a larger committee on which all the various municipalities would have a representation. He was supported in this contention by Messrs. McCann of Brantford Township, and who reminded the council that some members would probably not be again re-elected next year, and that if any of the few comprising the committee should be defeated, the benefit of the knowledge gained by them during their year's experience would be lost to the county. Some doubt existed as to the conditions governing the appointment of the committee, and on the suggestion of the Warden, it was decided to delay the selection of the members of the committee until after the return of the roads and bridges committee from conferring with the good roads department of the provincial government in Toronto next week, when the desired information will be secured.

A deputation consisting of the Warden and Messrs. Watts and Seace was delegated to wait upon the city council for the purpose of explaining what roads have been taken over by the county, and soliciting a grant, to which they are entitled under the Act. The trouble that has existed for some time between the counties of Brant and Oxford, concerning the Puttoun bridge account, owing to Messrs. Bain and Ross, was brought to the attention of the councillors. The County of Brant have paid their share of the account, but the neighboring county have expressed a desire to repudiate the debt. A delegation consisting of Messrs. McCann, Greenwood and Burdett was given power to meet with the Oxford County Council or a committee thereof, for the purpose of arriving at a suitable settlement of the difficulty.

Brant County Law Library Association, waited on the council at its inaugural meeting asking that the present quarters occupied by that body be replaced by more commodious and adequate rooms, and suggested those now occupied by Secretary George Hately of the Board of Trade. Whereas the rooms are really at the disposal of Crown Attorney Wilkes, who has allowed the occupancy of the Board of Trade on account of his not utilizing them, he having a business office in the central portion of the city, the council were unanimous in approving of the stand taken by the Law Library Association, and were instructed in this attitude by the fact that it was granted by Mr. Geo. Hately without lawful authority, fitted and constituted the County Law Library, the county council being prepared to supply the Crown Attorney and clerk of the peace for the county with proper offices as required by the statute in that behalf, and that the buildings and grounds committee of the council be instructed to carry out the terms of this resolution.

An amendment to the county roads by-law was suggested by Warden Ross, which provided for a portion of the Township of Onondaga. He claimed that under the present circumstances the proposed roads to be improved would not give the most satisfactory service to the residents of that locality. After some discussion his point was granted by the council, who ordered that the words in the by-law, "Lots sixty-one and sixty-two" be substituted for the words, "Lots seventy-eight and eighty-four."

To Enlarge Burford Boundaries A few minutes before the meeting was adjourned until Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Deputy Reeve Blackwell Doran of Burford brought up a matter concerning the police village of Burford, the residents of which were desirous of including another twenty acres within their boundaries. He stated that a petition was being prepared for this purpose, and that it would probably be presented to the council at its next meeting. He was assured of the most sympathetic consideration of the petition when it appeared.

THE REJ. With projection now as nearly perfect as possible to obtain, and an excellent run of pictures with punch and grip far above the average, the new program to become more popular daily. The bill featuring with Theda Bara in "Under Two Flags," and the opening episode of the great serial, "The Purple Mask" featuring Francis Ford and Grace Cunard, the popular Universal stars, in one of the best picture programs ever seen in Brantford. For Monday and Tuesday, Robert Warwick will be seen in "Sudden Riches" featuring Francis Ford and Grace Cunard, the popular Universal stars, in one of the best picture programs ever seen in Brantford. For Monday and Tuesday, Robert Warwick will be seen in "Sudden Riches" featuring Francis Ford and Grace Cunard, the popular Universal stars, in one of the best picture programs ever seen in Brantford.

MARKETS
Fruits, Basket, small, 0.00 to 0.50
Fruits, Basket, large, 0.15 to 0.70
Peas, Basket, 0.25 to 0.50
MEATS
Bacon, side, 0.31 to 0.83
Bacon, back, 0.33 to 0.83
Beef, per lb., 0.15 to 0.20
Beef, hind, 0.14 to 0.18
Butter, 0.25 to 0.30
Geese, 1.75 to 3.00
Chickens, each, 75 to 1.00
Ducks, 0.80 to 1.00
Dry salt pork, 0.18 to 0.20
Dressed Pork, 0.20 to 0.25
Kidneys, 0.10 to 0.12
Lamb, 0.25 to 0.30
Live Hogs, 0.45 to 0.50
Smoked shoulder, 0.18 to 0.20
VEGETABLES
Beans, quart, 0.08 to 0.10
Beets, 3 bunches, 0.10 to 0.00
Celery, 0.10 to 0.15
Carrots, basket, 0.12 to 0.15
Cauliflower, 0.10 to 0.25
Horse radish, bottle, 0.15 to 0.00
Cabbage, each, 0.10 to 0.05
Cabbage, doz., 2.00 to 0.00
Onions, pk., 0.50 to 0.00
Potatoes, basket, 0.50 to 0.00
Potatoes, bushel, 1.25 to 1.25
Parsnips, bag, 0.25 to 0.50
Turnips, bushel, 0.00 to 0.50
FISH
Halibut, steak, lb., 0.20 to 0.00
Kipper, herring, 0.13 to 0.15
Pickled, 0.12 to 0.15
Perch, 0.12 to 0.00
Salmon, trout, lb., 0.17 to 0.00
Whitefish, lb., 0.15 to 0.00
DAIRY PRODUCTS
Butter, creamery, per lb., 0.48 to 0.50
Butter, dairy, 0.45 to 0.50
Eggs, per doz., 0.05 to 0.00
Lard, 0.05 to 0.00
Tallow, clover, 0.25 to 0.00

Law Library
A committee representing the

MARKETS

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Lard, 0.05 to 0.00
Tallow, clover, 0.25 to 0.00

MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa, until noon, on Friday, the 23rd day of February, 1917, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on the proposed contract for four years, six routes per week over Brantford, No. 1 Rural Route, from the 1st of April, 1917.
Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Brantford, Eagle's Nest, Brantford, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector, London.
G. C. ANDERSON
Superintendent
Post Office Department, Canada, Mail Service Branch, Ottawa, 12th January, 1917.

BASKETBALL
The girls of the Collegiate Institute took a visiting basketball team from Hamilton into camp last night and doubled the score upon them in the course of the administration of an 8-4 defeat. The line-up was as follows:—Hamilton—E. Seymour, L. Seymour, H. Brunt, I. Pollington, M. McFarlane, B. C. I.—C. Morris, H. Fuller, M. Whiteman, D. Wood, E. McConkey.

Financial and Commercial

50-Acre Farms For Sale

No. 5382—50 acres situated 2 miles from Gobles, 7 from Woodstock. Buildings—frame house, cellar full size; frame bank barn, 34x45, hay barn, pigpen, chicken house, stabling for 18 head, drive house 20x20. Price \$3,500. Payable \$1,400 cash, balance 5 per cent. The owner will also sell implements and stock at a very reasonable valuation.
No. 5384—50 acres situated on Cockshutt Road near Burch P. O., buildings—2 storey frame house, frame barn, blacksmithshop, chicken house, pigpen, orchard of 3 acres apples, plums, cherries, grapes, etc. Price \$4,750.
No. 5388—50 acres 4 miles south and 1 1/2 miles west of Burford, about 2 miles from Harley. Frame house and barn. Price only \$3,000, half cash.
No. 5392—50 acres in Walpole Tp., 10 miles from Port Dover, 1 1/2 storey rough cash house, 5 rooms, frame barn. Price \$2,500, payable \$1,000 cash, balance 5 per cent. Would exchange for city property.
No. 5394—50 acres Wyndham Tp., 1 1/2 miles from Teeterville, 4 1/2 miles from Wyndham Centre, 2 storey brick house, bank barn 34x54, drive house 40x20, stabling 15 head, 1 1/2 acre apple orchard. Price \$4,200. Owner would sell stock and implements at valuation, and would exchange for city property.
Write to or call upon us for further information and make appointment with us for inspection of properties.

S. G. READ & SON, Limited
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REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND BROKERS
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129 COLBORNE STREET. BRANTFORD

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COBALTs, PORCUPINES, COPPERS, MOTOR, OIL and INDUSTRIAL STOCKS for cash or on moderate margin. Our fifteen hundred mile private wire system reaches all markets. Weekly market letters free.
Branches—Boston, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, Milwaukee, Providence, Worcester, Springfield, Hartford.
NO PROMOTIONS

KITCHEN UTENSILS

Now is the time to replenish your worn out cooking utensils. Let us supply your needs from our complete stock of enamelware, Aluminum ware and Galv. Ware. All goods first quality and prices right.

Tea Kettles Granite or nickel plated
Tea and Coffee Pots Granite or Aluminum
Sauce Pans Granite or Aluminum
Galv. Tubs All sizes.
Boilers Tin or Copper
Preserving Kettles All sizes.
And other articles too numerous for special mention.
W. S. STERNE
120 MARKET STREET — Open Evenings

FOR EXCHANGE—A very fine farm in Norfolk County, would exchange a city property not to exceed \$1,800. This is a good farm, well situated, and in high state of cultivation.
FOR IMMEDIATE SALE—Two red brick houses, 84 and 86 Ontario St.
FOR SALE—One of the best Confectionery stores in Brantford. For terms and particulars apply to S. F. Pitcher and Son, 43 Market Street, Brantford, Ont.
S. F. Pitcher & Son
Auctioneer and Real Estate Broker—Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
42 MARKET ST.

3 Bargains
Three people leaving the city, have just placed their properties in my hands for quick sale. Two full 2-storey, new red brick, and one bungalow. All conveniences. See these. Don't wait.
FARMS
For Sale or Exchange.
L. Braund
Real Estate Fire Insurance
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Phone 1553; Open Evenings

OUR BIG Motor Truck
is for long distance moving and the rapid handling of Pianos, Furniture, etc.
We do all kinds of teaming and carting.
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COMPANY, LIMITED
Temple Bldg., Dalhousie St.
(Ground Floor)
Wood's Great Peppermint Cure
The Great English Remedy
Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new blood in old veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Power, Depression, Loss of Energy, Prostration of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price \$1 per box, six boxes \$5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOODS MEDICINE CO., BRANTFORD, ONT.

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Velvets 59c
Corduroy Velvet,
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old dyes, worth to-
\$1.50
Silk Worth
Price \$1.75
Black Taffeta Silk,
silk recommended
\$2.25 \$1.75
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98
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wear 25c
Underwear, Shirts
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12 1/2c
Wants in black and
\$2.98
Velvet, etc., navy,
up to 14 years, reg-
\$3.98
CO.
the Navy
an Volunteer
mme-
15 to 18
TROUS.
Ontario Area,
WA.
menial Relief.
Monthly, 2.00
bird, 1.00
W. Henderson, 2.50
Waterous, 3.50
den, 2.50
\$12.00
total monthly to
\$249.73
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APPLICATIONS, as they
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for testimonials, see
Family Pills for constipa-
sugars, price 5c.
Y. & Co., Toronto, Toledo, St.

THE COURIER

Saturday, February 3rd, 1917.

THE SITUATION

The overwhelming fact in connection with recent war occurrences is the circumstance, as conveyed over the Courier's leased wire to-day, that the United States has severed diplomatic relations with Germany, that Bernstorff, the German Ambassador at Washington, is to be given his walking ticket, and that Gerard, U. S. Ambassador at Berlin, is to be ordered home.

The breeze has come at last; the wonder is that it should not have sooner done so. To many, the murderous sinking of the Lusitania and the Sussex, looked like prime reasons for the extreme step, but Wilson and his advisers withheld their hands with amazing, not to say, dubious self-control.

The last ultimatum of the Kaiserites, however, has proved more than flesh and blood could stand even in the case of a tenth rate power. For the United States, which is in the front rank among the countries of the world, its acceptance was not only intolerable but impossible.

The plunge which Uncle Sam has now taken will in all probability be closely followed by other neutrals, so that the spectacle is likely to be presented of practically a whole world in arms. This is the awful climax to which the lust of the Kaiser and his war lords has brought civilization. In their desperation, they are ready, if they can, to bring the whole fabric tumbling down, but they will not succeed. More than ever, there will be the united determination to crush the Teutons and their Allies into the dust and to destroy their power for future evil.

MR. COCKSHUTT'S SPEECH
Elsewhere in this issue The Courier gives the complete report from Hansard of the speech which Mr. W. F. Cockshutt, M.P., recently made in the Dominion House. The member for Brantford spoke with his usual cogency and the effort takes rank as a very notable contribution to Parliamentary discussion of this or any other session.

As was to be expected at such a period of Empire stress, Mr. Cockshutt devoted himself entirely to the war, and matters cognate thereto. Speaking of Camp Borden he was able, by personal experience to confute the disparaging statements made previously in the debate by Mr. Nesbitt, member for North Oxford and his testimony fully agrees with that of Col. Hal Donly of the Simcoe Reformer (Liberal) who, as the result of more than one visit to said Camp, has quite often taken occasion in his paper to call to account those who have sought to traduce the really excellent location and equipment.

Mr. Cockshutt voiced his just pride in the fact that he lived in No. 2 Military District, which has already furnished its full quota of the 500,000 men promised from the Dominion and in this regard he paid fitting tribute to the splendid response from Brantford and Brant County.

In this respect he made the claim that "it is up to other parts of Canada, if recruiting is slack to be getting busy and doing something." The speaker of course had special reference to Quebec and later on he made that very clear.

He expressed his high admiration for such men as Briand, Joffre and Nivelle, but most emphatically not as waved by Bourassa, Lavergne, or Cannon—Laurier's protegee in the Dorchester bye-election. Mr. Cockshutt dwelt in eloquent terms upon the glorious part taken by the French in the present struggle, especially emphasizing Verdun, and thought that the call to their French compatriots in the Dominion should resound throughout Quebec. He believed that the leaders of that province could make it so resound if they did their plain duty.

Brantford's member devoted a good deal of scathing criticism to the amusing course of President Wilson in seeking to find what the war was about, and he quoted the forcible words of ex-President Roosevelt with reference to United States inaction.

Mr. Cockshutt also again drew attention to a resolution which he had introduced in the House some eighteen months previously with regard to the control of foodstuffs, both as to prices for home consumption and as to export. He pointed out that such steps had been taken by almost every country engaged in the great struggle and re-affirmed his belief that a similar step could be taken in Canada to the distinct advantage of the working classes.

Those are some of the main points touched upon by Mr. Cockshutt in an address which was alike admirable in tone and characterized by thoughtful consideration. Courier readers will find themselves thoroughly repaid by the perusal of his remarks.

Laid at Rest

MRS. CRAWFORD
The funeral took place Thursday, at Greenwood cemetery of Mrs. Crawford, from her residence, 11 Hart St. The services at the house and grave were conducted by the Rev. Llewellyn Brown, pastor of the First Baptist Church.

HENRY ROWLAND
The remains of the late Henry Rowland, were conveyed Friday morning from 77 Brighton Row to St. Mary's Church, where mass was celebrated by the Rev. Father Padden. Interment took place in St. Joseph's cemetery.

Music and Drama

At the Grand
"Daddy Long-Legs," the extraordinarily successful play that comes to the Grand Opera House in this city on Tuesday, Feb. 6, tells the charming story of a young girl's romance. Its scenes are laid in New England and in New York City. In the original book form the story was told in a series of letters written by the grateful heroine of the romantic comedy to the mysterious benefactor who gives her the big chance in life for which she has yearned. In the comedy naturally there is visualized the story suggested in the letters. This story is built around a pretty girl, for many years an inmate of a New England home for foundlings, who is rescued from her cheerless life by a man of the world who has philanthropic ideas, and placed in an ultra-fashionable college for girls where she is given a liberal spending allowance, scores of pretty frocks, and all other advantages possessed by daughters of wealthy families. The modest benefactor stipulates that she is not to know him and never to hear his name, but is to write the history of her progress at college in letters addressed to "Mr. John Smith."

But the girl, Judy Abbott, is bright and witty, and she is not spoiled by her new found advantages. When Jervis Pendleton, the philanthropic young bachelor, sits by his lonely fireside in New York night after night, reading and re-reading the quaint, whimsical, occasionally wistful letters from the little Cinderella to whom he is playing the role of Prince Charming, there is aroused to him a keen desire to see the interesting young object of his charity in her happy new surroundings. He arranges to do so easily, for Judy Abbott is rooming at college with his own niece. He goes to call on the girls and finds Judy just as fascinating as her letters indicated. She confides to him very frankly some of the little intimate details of her life and refers plaintively to the fact that her dear old "Daddy Long-Legs" never answers her letters but probably throws them into the fire unread.

In drifting along of events, Jervis Pendleton finds himself more interested in the pretty young orphan girl than he had supposed he could become interested in any person or thing in life. At the same time Judy is overcome by remorse when she awakens to a realization of the fact that her interest in her chum's uncle is weakening the allegiance she feels is due "Daddy Long-Legs." This is the beginning of the tenderest love story unfolded on the American stage in many years. The comedy will be interpreted here by a company that was specially organized by Mr. Henry Miller.

Nanette of the Wilds
One of the most difficult roles which the motion picture producer can ask his stars to play is that of the girl of the wilds—the uncouth, unkempt creature, dressed in rag, with hair streaming, lacking all the little feminine touches and adornments which are dear to the heart of every girl and upon which so many of them rely for a large measure of their personal attractiveness.

Such a role is Nanette, in "Nanette of the Wilds," a Famous Players production in which Pauline Frederick is being starred on the Paramount Program. The story is an original one written by Willard Mack, the well known playwright, author and actor, who also takes an important part in the picture. Those who saw Miss Frederick in the Famous Players adaptation of Mary Johnston's celebrated novel "Audrey" will remember what a stunning figure she made even in the cheap attire in which she at first appeared in that picture. Though her costume is perhaps even less ornamental in "Nanette of the Wilds," Mrs. Frederick will undoubtedly prove even more attractive to the audience of the Brant Mon., Tues., and Wed., when the picture is featured there next week, because there is more fire and courage in the newer character.

Nanette is the daughter of a French-Canadian smuggler who has been rearred in the woods and into whose hatred of all things pertaining to the law. It is part of her father's strict code that death or injury to a Red Coat—a member of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police—is a benefit to humanity. The Mounted are the great enemies of the liquor smugglers because they will go to any length and will brave any danger to run the smugglers down.

Though she does not know the meaning of the word fear, so far as her own safety is concerned, Nanette is in constant dread of the law for her father's sake. The battle of wits which she wages with O'Brien of the Royal Mounted in the effort to protect her father and at the same time shield Rattiste, a half-breed, who has killed one of the Constabulary, makes an intensely thrilling photoplay and the

News of the Churches



II. Cor. 12:14—"I Seek not yours, but you"—Paul

WAIT A MINUTE!!
Read This—
The YOUNESS of YOU

3 Questions:
1. Did YOU ever stop and think that of the billion, nine hundred thousand people supposed now to be living, that there is not a person in all this world quite like YOU?
2. If every single life is a plan of God, then God has a plan for you and the question is have YOU found it?
3. Will YOU come to-morrow evening, Sunday, February 4th, and hear the sermon by the pastor at the

First Baptist Church
Entitled
"The Best Life for YOU"

YOU WILL
Like the Music
Hear a Good Message
Find a Hearty Welcome
Be helped by the Service
If YOU Don't Come—Then we both Lose
Bring YOUR Pal with YOU
West and Chatham Streets

BRANT AVENUE
METHODIST CHURCH

10:00 a.m.—Love Feast.
11:00 a.m.—Communion Service
Rev. A. A. Bowers.
2:45 p.m.—Sunday School.
7:00 p.m.—Special Choral Service.
Morning Music:
Solo—"Entreat me not to leave Thee"
Gounod
Anthem—"Hear me when I Call"
Marchant
Soloist—Miss Jean McLennan

Special Choral Service
of American Music
at 7 p.m.

Anthem—"Tarry With Me"
S. A. Baldwin
Solo—"Jesu, Jesu, Misere"
E. Nevin
Anthem—"Still, Still With Thee"
Oley Speaks
Solo—"Jerusalem"
H. Parker
Offertory—"Slumber Song"
E. Nevin
Anthem—"God Who Needest"
Dudley Buck
Soloists—Miss Jean McLennan, Miss Alda Shultis.
Come and worship with us
Organist and Choirmaster—Mr. Clifford Higgin.

picturesque surroundings amid which the action takes place adds greatly to the effectiveness of the picture.

In addition to Mr. Mack, those who appear in support of Miss Frederick are Charles Brant, Frank Joyner, Wallace MacDonald, Macey Harlan, Daniel Pennell, Jean Stewart and Robert McMillan.

The third episode of the classy society serial, Gloria's Romance, featuring pretty Billie Burke will also be shown.
"Less Than The Dust."
Manager Moule of the Brant Theatre announces for Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Feb. 12th, 13th, 14th, an engagement extraordinary in the first appearance of an independent star of the most famous motion picture actress of them all, Mary Pickford. Her newest and most elaborate play of her long career is called "Less Than The Dust" and was written especially for her by Hector Turnbull, whose name on a manuscript is complete evidence of superlative merit. He credits his inspiration for the story of "Less Than The Dust" to a poem of the same name written by Laurence Hope. As developed and elaborated the play tells the story of a little English castaway who is living in India, practically an outcast and regarded by the natives as actually "less than the dust," which they stir up as they walk. In her conception of the heroine Miss Pickford takes full advantage of the opportunities offered for the display of the whole run of emotions from tear-compelling characterization to the well-known ability of the little star for extracting clean and wholesome fun from the situations provided by the author.

"Less Than The Dust" contains many really big scenes, many of which are furnished by an uprising of the natives against England. A complete city was erected for the filming of these scenes, hundreds of extra people were employed and various zoological exhibits were ransacked for the rare animals required to convey the necessary atmosphere. Picturesque indeed are the settings provided for Mary Pickford and a company of supporting players of high and evenly balanced merit will be seen when "Less Than The Dust" is presented by Artcraft Pictures Corporation, which was organized especially to distribute the new Mary Pickford pictures throughout the entire world.
"The Yellow Pawn."
The cruel, merciless methods of the "third degree" for criminals have been raised to the nth power by the modern detective and police heads. The amount of labor they will go through to entrap, ensnare, and bring forth a confession of the person they believe guilty, is shown in the most graphic manner in the Jesse L. Lasky production of "The Yellow Pawn" which will be seen at the Brant Theatre next week, with the two clever stars, Cleo Ridgely and Wallace Reid in the principal roles.
The play has to do with the intrigues of a district attorney, jealous of his wife's infatuation of a young artist, and the methods he employs in a vain endeavor to send an innocent man to the gallows, and how, while furthering his nefarious crime, he loses his life, just as he is about to take the life of another.
In the cast supporting the two stars, are Tom Forman, G. H. Geldert, William Conklin, Olive Golden, George Webb, and others.
THE INWARD EFFECTS of humors are worse than the outward. They corrode the blood, and Dr. Cassell's Kidney Pills eradicates all humors, cures all their ailments, and restores the system to the great alternative and tonic, whose merit has been everywhere established.

"He that rejecteth Me, and receiveth not My words, hath one that judgeth him: the word that I have spoken, the same shall judge him in the last day."—John 12:48.

A glad fellowship awaits you at
Park Baptist Church

Cor. Darling and George Sts.
Pastor, Wm. H. Wrighton, will preach (D. V.) morning and evening.
11 a.m.—Communion Service and Reception of members.
Anthem—"And now, oh Father, mindful of the Love"—Price
(Miss P. Harris and Mr. N. Buck, Soloists)
3 p.m.—Bible School and Adult Classes. None too young, none too old.
7 P. M.
Evangelistic Service
Anthem—"O Jesus Thou art Standing"—Shepard—Miss E. Kay, Soloist.
Old time hymns—that the people love to sing will follow.
Sunday night. Believers will witness to Christ in Baptism.

Anglican

GRACE CHURCH
Rev. J. B. Potheringham, M.A., Rector.
11 a.m. Morning Prayer. Holy Communion.
7 p.m. Evening Prayer.
The Rector will preach at both services.
Subjects: Morning, "Our National Debt." Evening, "The Glory and the Scandal of the Universe."

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH
(Corner of Elgin and Brock Streets)
Septuagesima Sunday, Feb. 4, 1917.
8 a.m. Holy Communion.
11 a.m. Matins and sermon.
7 p.m. Evensong. Preacher, Rev. Charles Paterson-Smyth, M.A., B. D.
Sunday school and Bible classes at 2.45 p.m.

Methodist

COLBOURNE ST. METHODIST
Rev. W. E. Baker, Pastor.
10 a.m. Brotherhood and class meeting withdrawn in favor of quarterly fellowship meeting.
11 a.m. Sacramental service.
2.45 p.m. Sabbath school.
7 p.m. Rev. James H. McBain of Simcoe will preach.
A.M. Music. Solo. "He was Despised" (Messiah) by Miss Gladys Garvin. P.M. Anthem by choir; solo by Mr. Geo. W. Crooker.

WELLINGTON ST. METHODIST
10 a.m. Quarterly Love Feast in the Lecture Room.
11 a.m. Public service. The pastor, Rev. Dr. Geo. W. Henderson, will deliver a brief address. Communion service immediately follows.
2.45 p.m. Sunday School for old and young.
7 p.m. Public service. Subject of the pastor's sermon, "No More Sea." Choir music under direction of Mr. Thomas Darwin, as follows:

Presbyterian

ALEXANDRA PRESBYTERIAN
Rev. D. T. McIntock.
10 a.m. Brotherhood.
11 a.m. Communion. "They shall look upon Him whom they pierced."
3 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m. "The place of the Individual in the thought of God."

BETHEL HALL

Sunday, 11 a.m., Breaking of Bread.
3 p.m., Sunday school and Bible class conducted by Mr. W. J. Craig.
7 p.m., Gospel service. Dr. T. H. Bler will speak. Subject, "The wrath of God." Is it taught in the Bible?

Morning Anthem, "Great and Marvellous." (Turner)
Mrs. Frank Leeming will sing.
Evening Anthem, "Through Peace to Light." (J. H. Roberts). Anthem "Through the day Thy love has spared us" (Shelly). Solo. "Only a little way" (Briggs). Mrs. Leeming. Welcome to all!

MARLBORO STREET CHURCH
Rev. J. E. Peters, Minister.
10 a.m., Quarterly Love Feast.
11 a.m., Members one of another.
2:45 p.m., Sunday School
7 p.m. Be Not Overcome of Evil.
The sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered at the close of the evening service.
We extend a most cordial welcome to all services of the day.

Congregational

CONGREGATIONAL
A helpful message for you! Tomorrow at the Congregational Church, corner of George and Wellington Streets.
Rev. J. W. Thompson, Minister.
Church services, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Morning sermon: "The Protection of Life."
Evening sermon: "The Provision of Life."
Efficient choir, excellent music, special soloists.
Sunday School, 3 p.m., Mr. J. L. Dixon, Supt.
Large adult Bible class, Mr. H. P. Hoag, teacher.
You are cordially invited. Come! Morning Anthem, "Rock of Ages" (Buck)
Evening Anthem, "The Lord is My Light." (Fletcher)
Mixed Quartette "Beyond" (Harkness) Miss Phipps, Mrs. Brooks, Messrs Styles and Kerr.
Anthem, "Father Keep Us in Thy Care." (Sullivan)

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH
Dalhousie Street
11 a.m. "The Importance of Self-Mastery."
7 p.m. "Is the Kaiser in League with God or with the Devil."
This will interest you. Come and hear about it.
Sunday School at 2:45 p.m. Communion in the morning.
Music by the choir and Sergeant Ordham of the 215th.

Non-Denominational

CHRISTADELPHIAN
"The World's Dark Night. What of the Dawn?" is the subject for Sunday at 7 p.m. in C. O. P. Hall, 136 Dalhousie St. opp. the Market, by Mr. J. Parkin, of Hamilton. All welcome. Seats free. No collection.
Sunday School and Bible Class, 3 p.m., as usual

Presbyterian

BETHEL HALL
Sunday, 11 a.m., Breaking of Bread.
3 p.m., Sunday school and Bible class conducted by Mr. W. J. Craig.
7 p.m., Gospel service. Dr. T. H. Bler will speak. Subject, "The wrath of God." Is it taught in the Bible?

OLD FOLKS NEED

"CASCARETS" FOR LIVER, BOWELS

Get a 10-cent box now.
Most old people must give to the bowels some regular help, else they suffer from constipation. The condition is perfectly natural. It is just as natural as it is for old people to walk slowly. For age is never so active as youth. The muscles are less elastic. And the bowels are muscles. So all old people need Cascarets. One might as well refuse to aid weak eyes with glasses as to neglect this gentle aid to weak bowels. The bowels must be kept active. This is important at all ages, but never so much as at fifty.
Age is not a time for harsh physics. Youth may occasionally whip the bowels into activity. But a lash can't be used every day. What the bowels of the old need is a gentle and natural tonic. One that can be constantly used without harm. The only such tonic is Cascarets, and they cost only 10 cents per box at any drug store. They work while you sleep.

WANTED

LADY BOOK KEEPER

With knowledge of Stenography for retail store. Must be experienced. Apply Box 25, Courier.

LODGE NOTICE, I. O. O. F.

Past Grand's Night will be held Monday evening, Feb. 5th, when a degree team consisting of Past Grand of old Gore Lodge will confer the Initiatory Degree. All Odd-fellows welcome.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 20 years, has borne the signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WINNER or WASTER

Which Are You?

On a recent public occasion the Honorable the Minister of Finance for Canada, in addressing a representative Canadian audience, dealt with the urgency of everybody doing, even in the smallest way, their share towards aiding the Empire. It is well to remember that every dollar thrown away extravagantly does one hundred per cent. more good to the enemy than one dollar saved by ourselves.
The wealth of the world finally filters through individual dollars, and the curse of extravagance strikes deeply enough, our ruin is bound to follow. Save a dollar TO-DAY and do a hundred per cent. more for the Empire than your extravagant neighbor does for the enemy.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Dalhousie and George, facing Market

The 1917 Ford Runabout

\$475.00
(F.O.B. Ford, Ontario)

The Ford Runabout is the car for you if you have to cover a lot of ground through business or other necessity.

It finds particular favor because it can give constant service, if necessary, without annoying stops for tinkering or attention. It saves your time, keeps down the gasoline expense with a minimum wear on tires. It is the readiest aide a busy man can have.

We invite you to try the Runabout at once, so that we can book your order early—

C. J. MITCHELL

DEALER
Garage Darling St. Tel. 632

WANTED

LADY BOOK KEEPER

With knowledge of Stenography for retail store. Must be experienced. Apply Box 25, Courier.

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Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA



LOCAL

TRANSFERRED
Mr. L. A. Dosts of the Bank has been transferred as manager, and has left charge of the branch there.

FINANCE COMMITTEE
The regular meeting of the finance committee of the was held last evening in office.

CONTRACT AWARDED
At the meeting of the light committee this week a contract for supplying uniforms for the department was awarded to Chris. Sutherland.

FIVE SONS AT THE FR
Mrs. A. MacBride, of Ont., arrives in the city on an extended visit to her M. M. MacBride, Alfred MacBride is the proud mother of five sons who are now over Majesty's service.

INSURANCEMEN'S BAN
The annual banquet of the Insurance Association was held on Tuesday of the members will first performance at the Gr. House, where seats have been sold.

CANDLEMAS.
In memory of St. Blaise feast is to-day, the coronation of the Catholic church city. To-morrow, the candlemas, the ceremony of candles, will be carried out, preceding High Mass.

FILLED POSITION
Mr. T. Y. Thomson, of the Bureau of Labor, reported filled these positions: month of January last; girls in factories 12; shell making 15; grinders 7; drill office men 2; salesmen 5; machine hands 7; Total 125.

WILL GIVE A BAZAAR
Arrangements are being made for a bazaar in aid of the orphans of sailors. The bazaar will be held in the Tea Pot Shop, on Saturday, Feb. 10th.

Owing to a peculiar defect in vision many children who can read books close at hand cannot see the blackboard defect corrected by carefully made men's glasses.

Jarvis Optical

Limited
OPTOMETRIST
52 MARKET
Just North of Dalhousie
Phone 1293 for appointments
Open Tuesday and day Evenings

NEILL

We would properly comfort you before. EXPERT KN

Neill

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

TRANSFERRED

Mr. D. A. Davis of the Merchants' Bank has been transferred to Lynn as manager, and has left to take charge of the branch there.

FINANCE COMMITTEE

The regular meeting of the finance committee of the city council was held last evening in the Mayor's office.

CONTRACT AWARDED

At the meeting of the fire and light committee this week the contract for supplying uniforms to the fire department was awarded to Mr. Chris. Sutherland.

FIVE SONS AT THE FRONT

Mrs. A. MacBride, of Armprior, Ont., arrives in the city this evening on an extended visit to her son, Ald. M. M. MacBride, Alfred street. Mrs. MacBride is the proud mother of five sons who are now overseas in His Majesty's service.

INSURANCE MEN'S BANQUET

The annual banquet of the Metropolitan Insurance Association, will be held on Tuesday of next week. The members will first attend the performance at the Grand Opera House, where seats have been reserved.

CANDLEMAS

In memory of St. Blaise, whose feast is to-day, the ceremony of the blessing of throats was observed today in the Catholic churches of the city. To-morrow, the feast of Candlemas, the ceremony of blessing the candles, will be carried out immediately preceding High Mass.

FILLED POSITION

Mr. T. Y. Thomson, of the Brantford Branch of the Government Bureau of Labor, reports having filled these positions during the month of January last: Men in factories 32; girls in factories 19; farmers 12; shell making 15; machinists 9; grinders 7; drill hands 9; office men 2; salesmen 3; moulders 5; machine hands 7; coremakers 5. Total 125.

WILL GIVE A BAZAAR

Arrangements are being made for a Bazaar in aid of the widows and orphans of sailors. The Bazaar will be under the auspices of the Kitchen Klub, which is composed of ten little tots who have already given \$250.00 for patriotic purposes raised through their own efforts. The Bazaar will be held in the Tea Pot Inn, Dalhousie Street on Saturday afternoon, Feb. 10th.

THE MARKET. The intense cold weather prevented a large number of the farmers from attending the local market this morning, and this coupled with the scarcity of vegetables, that has been prevalent since the early fall months, was responsible for the poor showing of produce on the market to-day. Dairy products and meats only were offered for sale, the former experiencing a slight decrease in price. Of vegetables or apples there were none.

CARPET BALL. For a second time this week the No. 1 Carpetball team of the 215th met and defeated their comrades of the No. 2 team. Both were league games and were keenly contested. The No. 1 team stand at the top of the league, and are not giving anything away, they play for a win. The scores and teams: No. 1. Sergt. Monkman T. Hoe Pte. S. White J. Hise Pte. Fulcher 39 A. White... 49 Pte. E. Costen A. Jones Pte. McDonald 52 R. Easton Sergt. Barr 38 Total 91 78

Owing to a peculiar defect in vision many children who can read books close at hand cannot read what is written on the blackboard. This defect corrected by our carefully made children's glasses.

Jarvis Optical Co. Limited OPTOMETRISTS 52 MARKET ST. Just North of Dalhousie St. Phone 1293 for appointments. Open Tuesday and Saturday Evenings

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

NEILL SHOE COMPANY For Tired, Aching Feet We would suggest an ARCH SUPPORT properly adjusted—which will give comfort such as you have never known before. EXPERT KNOWLEDGE at Your Service. Neill Shoe Co.

BEAUTIFY CITY WITH FLOWERS

Horticultural Society Desires to Encourage Growth of Plants

Every home in Brantford may have in its garden this summer a rose bed, the bushes of which will bloom until the coming up of the frost once more, and will bloom more and more beautifully every year in the future. The greater cultivation of flowers, both annual and perennial, in the city, is the aspiration of the Brantford Horticultural Society, and the assistance of this association is ready and welcome to anyone wishing to make his home beautiful through cultivation. The society suggests, a "City Beautiful," with countless gardens of luxuriant flowers, and advocates the instillation into the minds of the younger generation of a love of flowers. Trees, and shrubs, plants, rose bushes and bulbs are not only given as premiums, but may be bought at special prices from the society. For beginners, as well as more experienced growers, books upon planting and the care and cultivation of plants may be procured at a very small sum. Information regarding the ordering of plants from the society can be readily obtained from either Mr. E. E. C. Kilmer, chairman, Mr. H. S. Tapscott, secretary, both of whom will be ready to reply to any queries upon the subject.

LOOKS LIKE MORE WINTER. Yesterday, February 2nd, bruin was supposed to awake from his winter nap and sally forth. Forty days of additional winter is promised because the old bear saw his shadow.

PREPARATORY SERVICES. Rev. Mr. Thompson, pastor of the Congregational Church, assisted the Rev. D. T. McClintock at the preparatory services held in Alexandra church last evening, and gave a most interesting address.

Meeting of Water Commissioners

The regular meeting of the city Water Commissioners was held in the City Hall Thursday afternoon with Messrs John Fair, chairman, and C. J. Waterous present. A thorough discussion took place regarding requirements for the year 1917.

ARRIVED HOME. Corp. Alfred Styres the direct descendant of Jos. Brant returned from the front arriving in Hagerstown Friday morning. He has been in the Battle of Ypres with the Cameron regiment. He went with the first contingent and has been in the trenches since the arrival of the Canadians in France. He was wounded seriously at the Somme and was in the Battle of Ypres when Cameron fell. The notice of his return was very short. The formal reception was given at the residence of Mrs. Chas. Porter, Oshweken, assisted by the Women's Patriotic League of Brantford. A public reception will be given him next Wednesday at the Baptist Church, Oshweken.

BIG SALE. Practically a record sale of seats has been experienced by the management of the Grand Opera House since the opening of the sale for "Daddy Long Legs" and Manager Whitaker is desirous of impressing upon the public the necessity of placing their orders, phone orders in particular, as early as possible. All should be made by Monday night at the latest, as the seats cannot be held.

THE MARKET. The intense cold weather prevented a large number of the farmers from attending the local market this morning, and this coupled with the scarcity of vegetables, that has been prevalent since the early fall months, was responsible for the poor showing of produce on the market to-day. Dairy products and meats only were offered for sale, the former experiencing a slight decrease in price. Of vegetables or apples there were none.

News From Terrace Hill.

Quite a large number of people from the Hill attended the performance of "The Messiah" in the First Baptist Church on Thursday evening. Most people heard it for the first time. The rendering of this celebrated Oratorio by the choir to be really magnificent and one that will not easily be forgotten. The soloists left nothing to be desired in their beautiful rendering of the different airs, but to many the manner in which the choir rendered the choruses was most impressive. The emphasis and expression was almost perfect and the splendid manner in which they delivered the inspiring messages of the text was most inspiring. The manner in which "The Messiah" was rendered was certainly a credit to Brantford.

The funeral of the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Duckworth to Mt. Hope cemetery took place Thursday afternoon last.

Mrs. W. T. Soutley of Niagara-on-the-Lake has been paying a visit with Mrs. Soutley of Dundas St.

The many friends of Rev. Mr. Smyth of the Methodist Church are glad to learn of Mrs. Smyth's steady improvement. The latest news is that the doctors report her condition as distinctly favorable and encouraging.

Private Whitfield of the Construction Corps is spending the week end with his family on Grand St. The Corps expect to go overseas about the first of March.

The appeal of the Patriotic Fund will, we feel certain meet with a ready response from the people of Grand View and Terrace Hill, who will do their part towards providing for the families of our brave men abroad.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY WANTED—Fireman and night watchman. Apply Y. M. C. A. m/8 WANTED—Men to harvest and store ice. Apply Brantford Ice Co. m/41f. FOR SALE—A pony carriage and harness, in first class condition. Apply Box 26 Courier. A/10 WANTED—Cotton ring, spinner and winders. For particulars Apply Slingby Mfg. Co. F/10

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SEWING WEEK

Your Opportunity to Buy and Save

Beautiful Embroideries To Give the Finishing Touch to Spring and Summer Wear Things—Values Never Better



Visit Our Tea Rooms

Fine Embroidery Edgings, 4 to 5 inch on fine nainsook, cambric and Swiss muslins, with blind or velvet work, well scalloped edges, prices yard... 10c., 12 1-2c., 15c. Baby Flouncing, fine Swiss Baby Flouncings, 27 inches wide, dainty designs in floral, Swiss dot and trailing patterns, square or round scalloped edges, so nice and dainty for Baby's Layette, at 49c Yard Semi-made Baby Dresses embroidered with fine French work on very sheer Swiss muslin, also some in poplin, scalloped neck and sleeves, and at bottom of dress pretty designs, prices \$1.50 to \$3.50 Cambric Flouncing, pretty floral and conventional designs, eyelet work on fine cambric, 12 inches wide, price, per yard... 29c Main Floor

Helps to Spring Sewing

Needles Cases, leather cover, contains darning, embroidery and sewing needles of first quality, regular 35c. Special 23c Bindings and Bellings Ten yard pieces of white tape, good quality— 1-4 inch... 5c 3-8 inch... 6c 1-2 inch... 7c 5-8 inch... 8c 3-4 inch... 9c 7-8 inch... 10c 1 inch... 12c Bias Seam Tape, of white lawn, piece... 15c Dress Shields 30c S. and G. Shields, per pair... 25c 35c Silk Covered Shields, per pair... 30c Main Floor



Needles and Pins 5c Sewing Needles, paper, each... 3c 5c Darning Needles, paper each... 3c 5c Hair Pins, now... 3c 8c Black Head Pins, card, each... 6c 8c Sheet of 36 belt pins, each... 5c

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAYS

Towelings Are Worth Noticing These Days Some Old Values at Old Prices Bordered Roller Towelling part linen, very absorbent and strong, 16 inches wide per yard... 11c Red Border and Grey and White Striped Towelling, will give good wear and satisfaction, 17 inches wide, per yard... 12 1-2c Grey and White Striped Crash, all linen, strong and very absorbent, cannot be repeated, 17 inches wide, yard... 15c Superior Quality Scotch Linen Crashes, washed previous to leaving the mill; extra strong quality. In various widths. When these are exhausted it is absolutely impossible to get more at these prices. 18 inches at... 18c 20 inches at... 20c 24 inches at... 25c Check Glass Towelling, Blue or Red, splendid for kitchen use; strong and absorbent, four pieces only, yard... 15c Glass and Tea Towels, typed and plain, hemmed ready for use, splendid size and absorbent quality. Dozen \$2.50 and... \$3.00 Main Floor

Coatings Too—of the Latest Weave—Enter the Sewing Week

Civet Cloth New Odesa Broadcloths for the separate Coat, 54 inches wide, all wool, in greys and tans and other light shades at \$1.50, \$2.00 In all wool, old dye, suitable for skirt, suit or coat, 54 inches wide, worth up to \$4.00, special at... \$3.00

New Spring Suitings In Time For Sewing Week Good range of Broadcloths in plain and fancy designs, also gabardines, light tweeds and serges. All at special prices while they last. \$2.00, \$2.25, \$3.00, \$3.50 Main Floor

SILKS and DRESS GOODS

This Sewing Week opportunity will save you money on silks and Dress Goods of the newest weave and color. Included are fabrics that will be worn into late spring. New Paisley Silks and Satins, the very newest in silk for blouses and trimmings in all the newest colorings, prices, per yard \$1.00 to... \$3.00 French Floral Poplin, 36 inches wide, all silk, suitable for dresses and suits, price, yard... \$3.00 Khaki Kool, first showing for the season in colors of pink, grey, blue, white and black, 36 inches wide, special per yard... \$1.50 Black Satin Duchess, 36 and 38 inches wide, old dyes and pure silk for suits and dresses, prices \$1.50, \$1.75 \$2.00 and... \$2.25 Silk and Wool Materials, in poplin, crepe granites, crepe Eoline in all colors and old dyes, prices \$2.00, \$2.25 and... \$2.50 Taffeta Silk for spring, for dresses, skirts and suits in all colors, prices \$1.50, \$2.00 and... \$2.25 Fine Wool Dress Serges in navy, brown, grey, black, open, suitable for the straight line dresses at \$1.00, \$1.50 and... \$2.00 Santoy and Poplins, in all wool, old dye, these goods are worth seeing at very special prices \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and... \$2.00 Main Floor



E. B. Crompton & Co., Limited

COMING EVENTS

DUFFERIN RIFLES CHAPTER, I.
O. D. E., annual meeting, 8 p. m., at the Armories, Monday, February 5th.

RESERVE TUESDAY, FEB. 13th,
to hear Miss Ada Ward, who has entertained the boys in the trenches, give her cheery talk with black board illustrations, in Wellington Street Church.

DIAMOND MEDAL CONTEST, A. O. F. Hall, Thursday, Feb. 8th, 8 o'clock. Exceptionally good program. Net proceeds donated to Patriotic Fund. Admission 25 cents. Come.

BAZAAR AND TEA—Auspices "Kitchen Club," Saturday afternoon, February 10th, Tea Pot Inn. Proceeds for widows and orphans of sailors. Needlework, fortune telling, cooking.

THE WORLD'S DARK NIGHT. What of the Dawn? is the subject for Sunday at 7 p.m. in C.O.F. Hall, 136 Dalhousie St., by Mr. J. Parkin, of Hamilton. All welcome. Seats free. No collection.

THE ECHO PLACE IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION will hold an open meeting Thursday, Feb. 8th, in school house, at 8.00 p.m. for reorganization, and election of officers.

BIBLE SOCIETY ANNUAL MEETING, Wednesday, February 7th, at 8 p.m. in Zion Presbyterian Church. Speaker, Ven. Archdeacon Cody, rector of St. Pauls Anglican Church, Toronto. Subject: "The Spirit of the Sword and the Sword of the Spirit." Ministers have kindly consented to give up prayer meeting for that evening, so that all may have an opportunity of hearing Archdeacon Cody. Special collection in aid of the Bible Society. A very liberal offering is asked for. In order to have this meeting clear for Archdeacon Cody a special business meeting of the Bible Society will be held on Monday, February 5th, at 4 p.m., in the Y. M. C. A. parlors for the election of officers and presenting the annual reports, to which the public is invited.

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CARD OF THANKS.
Mrs. Price and family of (Oakwood Park) West Brantford, wish to express their thanks to their many friends for their kindness and sympathy extended to them in the recent loss sustained by them of John Wm. Price.

YOU can free yourself from the disagreeable gas fumes. Use the National Electric Range for your cooking. No longer an experiment.

T. J. MINNES
Phone 301. 9 King St.

Automatic Base Ball Game
Open day and night
Clifford's Old Stand
78 Colborne St.
The high score for yesterday
George Keiki (26)
(Twenty-six)

Brantford Juniors Tied With Ingersoll 1-1

Best Exhibition of Hockey Staged Here During Winter; Decisive Game Comes on Monday Night

The best exhibition of the winter pastime staged in Brantford this season, easily excelling all the other games yet played, was the hockey match last night at the Alfred Street rink that resulted in a 1-1 tie score between the Brantford and Ingersoll juniors. The play was exciting and fast, from the commencement until the sound of the gong, the keen ice assisting materially toward a speedy contest. A terrific pace was set throughout by the players of both teams, but the staying powers and excellent condition of the local was vastly superior to that of their opponents, a fact that became more evident as the game progressed. The game, hard fought battle was maintained by the green and white and they were only prevented by the narrowest of margins from securing a substantial lead that would be an important factor in the final decision of the series, which will be won on the largest number of goals for the round of two home and home games. To select the star performers of either seven would be difficult, but the work of Stewart in goal for the locals was of an exceptional character while Forrester played his usual brilliant game, notching the only tally that passed through the Ingersoll nets. Carruth and Adams showed greatly improved form, the former having lost all hesitancy in getting into the game, while the speedy skating and general good work of the Brantford rover was also worthy of notice. Hayes, Kelly and Hurley played consistently throughout, making desperate efforts to end the game with a local advantage.

The visitors demonstrated a ready ability in nearly all departments in the game, their combination play in the early stages, outclassing that of their opponents, but as the hard rube began to tell on their physique they deflected more and more on individual brilliancy, while the Brantford boys improved in this regard, especially in the last period when they repeatedly rushed the length of the ice by means of splendid combination effort, only to be robbed of goals by the narrowest of chances.

Referee Burgoyne was the best in that capacity seen here this winter, allowing little to escape him and at the same time not being rigid enough to slow up the play, in spite of the rapidity of the play and the close checking, the game was remarkably free from accidents although both teams under the excitement were willing to indulge in "rough work" this being particularly true of Wilford who displayed a strong tendency to mix things up, and was warned on two occasions by the referee to cease such tactics, he also suffered several penalties for his unsportsmanlike conduct.

The First Period
This period began with the play situated mostly in the Brantford end, but the locals soon found themselves and broke away carrying the rubber up to the other end where after about thirteen minutes of play a goal was gained by Forrester, who had made a specialty all season of starting things off and who did not fall on this occasion to sustain his record. Ingersoll came right back and after a few moments Hoppe evened up the score and concluded the scoring for the game by beating Stewart on a hard shot. From this time on both teams strained hard for another goal but the period ended 1-1.

The Second Period
was merely a continued repetition of the latter stages of its predecessor, being featured by rushes and close checking by both defenses that showed up very strongly, with some advantage for the locals. The green and white also forced through with greater facility than the boys from

The Line Up.
Ingersoll
Stewart Goal
Hayes Defence
Kelly defence
Hurley centre
Adams rover
Carruth left wing
Forrester right wing
Referee, Stanley Burgoyne, Toronto.

Penalties—(Three minutes each—1st Period, Brantford, Carruth; Ingersoll, Hanford. 2nd Period—Brantford, Forrester, Carruth; Hurley; Ingersoll, Wilford. 3rd Period—Brantford, Forrester, Adams, Kelly; Ingersoll, Henry, Wilford.

United States and Germany Break

Continued from page one.
What It Means.
Washington, Feb. 3.—Breaking off diplomatic relations with Germany does not mean war, but certainly may lead to war. It is an act of protest and characterized in the usage of nations as a "measure short of war."

The danger that war may follow is accentuated by the diplomatic history of the world. Modern times show no instance of a diplomatic break between two first class powers that has not been followed by hostilities.

The rights of Germans in the United States and of Americans in Germany are practically unaffected by the severance of diplomatic relations. No treaties are terminated or suspended, but remain in full force and effect unless either government later decides to denounce them, which under international practice generally calls for a notice of one year.

German consuls in the United States and American consuls in Germany holding their places by virtue of treaties continue to perform their usual functions, but they no longer work under supervision of diplomatic officers.

There should be no sequestration or confiscation of private property, either in the United States or Germany, although it may be taken for use under certain circumstances.

The ninety-five or more German merchant ships tied up in American ports since the beginning of the war may be used by the United States, but the German owners ultimately must be compensated. Only in case of war is there possibility of their being absolutely confiscated and even then such action is doubtful for the United States in the world court of nations, has been the leading exponent of the inviolability of private property.

Mails will continue to move under the Geneva convention and other existing special conventions. There should be no restriction upon the free movement of travellers between the two countries, other than the fixed policy of the United States to issue no passports to Americans wishing to visit the war zone, unless they have pressing business there. In fact, so far as individuals are concerned, the status remains practically unchanged by a break in diplomatic relations. On the conduct of Americans in Germany and the conduct of Germans and German sympathizers in the United States depends the attitude of the respective governments regarding them.

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You NEED one of these in which to keep your Dominion Government War Loan Bonds or other securities, which are payable to bearer.

Enquire at office of the Company.
38-40 Market Street
Brantford

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

TO WIN THE WAR

SCHOOL CHILDREN VOLUNTEER!

Every public and-separate school room in Brantford was visited during the week, and the children promise to spread the news that

400 Men Are Needed for the 215th

IN ADDITION THERE WILL BE HELD

2 MASS MEETINGS SUNDAY

—3 P. M.—

Pte. S. L. LANDERS

EDITOR LABOR NEWS, HAMILTON

Will speak at the Brant to men only on "WHY TRADE UNIONISTS SHOULD FAVOR THE CANADA MILITIA ACT OR EVEN COMPULSORY SERVICE TO WIN THE WAR"

—8:30 P. M.—

AT THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE, Capt. (Chaplain) McKegney and Pte. S. L. Landers will speak on—

"Why We Need More Men"

An Advertisement to the Men of Brantford

By The 257th Battalion

THE 257th Railway Construction Battalion does not intend to beg, badger or bulldoze men to join the Corps.

THIS Battalion wants men—wants them fast—and knows it will get them as quick as the men know what the 257th is going to do.

Railroads are the need of the hour in France—needed for moving troops—needed to bring up munitions—needed to keep up the supply of food for the men in the trenches—needed to beat out any possible move of the enemy.

So great is the need that France has made a special call upon Canada to build them as rapidly as it is possible to lay them—the railway companies of Canada, in turn, have been asked to lend steel rails, engines, switches, and operating crews, so as to get the roads into operation with the least possible delay—and practical railroad builders in Canada have been called upon to organize battalions to go to France right away to construct these emergency lines of track.

This is a special job to Canada—given because the Canadians have proved to be the fastest, most efficient railroad builders at the front.

These are the facts.

This is why the 257th is being organized. It is answering a hurry-up call. It will go to France as a unit. It will not be held in Canada or in England one minute longer than is absolutely necessary.

To go to France without delay is the desire of hundreds of men, who object to long waits before getting across.

That is one reason why the 257th got one full company the first week it started recruiting.

Another reason is that the physical test is not so severe. Thousands of men in Eastern Canada want to go to France to do their bit who have been stopped because they couldn't read a 10 point D at a hundred paces, or for some other minor cause. Eyes slightly off color, or a hammer toe, or a stiff finger joint, or any of the less important disabilities won't keep men out of the 257th.

This battalion can take men who are in good general condition who are able to do a good day's work. If you are that kind of a man, you are one man we want.

Think it over. Talk it over at home. You want to go. We take that for granted.

It is a case of making up your mind to act. That is what we ask you to do—act!

If you delay, you won't go with this battalion, because it's going to be recruited in a hurry. If you hold back, you'll stay at home. Get in quick and you'll be in France, in the midst of the biggest happenings in the world's history, before spring.

Again we say—think it over.

The man who has built a piece of railroad in Canada has the satisfaction in later years of pointing to it and saying: "I helped to build that line." He can take a justifiable pride in it as one achievement he actually helped in. That is nothing to the satisfaction the men of the 257th Battalion will have, when, in the years following the war, they can point to a stretch of railroad in France, and say:—"There is a piece of road I helped to build during the Great War—it formed part of

"The Road to Victory"

Recruiting Depot Bank of Hamilton Bldg., Brantford

The 257th Railway Construction Battalion

THIRD SECT

STIRRING HOUSE B

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Mr. W. F. Cockshutt, B. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ma observations upon the speed the Throne, which is now be House, but before doing so I assume I may be allowed to c all the flattering expressions gentlemen with regard to th er, of the mover and seco the Address, and to our dis ed Governor General. I w take up the time of the Ho orating in that regard.

The War
After another year of war ourselves confronted with on perhaps, as serious as has confronted this Empire ern times. I do not desir either a pessimist or an op the few remarks I shall in regard to the war, I look es of the various benefice staggering, simply astound have not heard any gentler has spoken so far attempt the House how many the qualities have been. We ha the Dominion casualties p about 70,000, but the casu the two great contending have not been mentioned. I know. I made a rough es few weeks ago and tried servative in my figures. I that up to that time the c on both sides amounted to e and a half millions. That an astounding number, and afraid that I had over-esti A few days later, however, Von Hindenburg, who ha heard of considerably dar war, gave an interview to t in which he stated that t to the Allies alone amounte ten million men. My statemnt, I began to thin been fairly conservative in the figure at 16,500,000. ualties on the German sid are all published in amoun wards of 4,000,000 at the e of the year, according to t lists. The French casualties reported, and therefore v very well tell what the are. The Russian casuall run into several millions, 6,000,000 to 8,000,000; fo be remembered that Russi ing almost entirely along 1,000 miles of battle front assistance of only a small Roumania. The recent e Roumania into the war b brought that advantage to lies that we perhaps at fir ed, and I very much regret entry into the war should be signaled by such severe e they sustained almost imp and which they apparent continued to sustain up to ent time. Evidently they prepared for the encounter was their adviser, and why tered before they were re revealed later on, and I

Cedric's Slee



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THE COURIER, BRANTFORD, CANADA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1917.

STIRRING SPEECH IN THE DOMINION HOUSE BY MR. W. F. COCKSHUTT M.P.

Aid in Winning the War is the One Object Which Should Animate Everyone—Leaders in Quebec Should Put the Matter More Strongly Before the People—The Interfering of President Wilson—Member For Brantford Believes That Steps Should be Taken With Regard to Food Prices and Food Export

Mr. W. F. Cockshutt, Brantford, Mr. Speaker, I desire to make a few observations upon the speech from the Throne, which is now before the House, but before doing so I presume I may be allowed to concur in all the flattering expressions of hon. gentlemen with regard to the Speaker, of the mover and seconder of the Address, and to our distinguished Governor General. I will not take up the time of the House elaborating in that regard.

The War After another year of war we find ourselves confronted with a situation perhaps, as serious as any that has confronted this Empire in modern times. I do not desire to be either a pessimist or an optimist in the few remarks I shall make in regard to the war. I look upon the war as the supreme question that is before this country, just as it was a year ago, and the winning of the war should be the first duty of all Canadian citizens. The men who are out to win the war are the men that ought to be esteemed for their work's sake, and any Government that leaves anything undone that could be done to win the war will not commend itself to the people of Canada, or of the Empire. In reviewing the operations of the past year we find that comparatively little progress has been made on either land or sea. That, we confess, and where progress has been made it has been made more in the wrong direction than in the right. The losses of the various belligerents are staggering, simply astounding. I have not heard any gentleman who has spoken so far attempt to tell the House how many the total casualties have been. We have heard the Dominion casualties placed at about 70,000, but the casualties of the two great contending parties have not been mentioned so far as I know. I made a rough estimate a few weeks ago and tried to be conservative in my figures. I figured that up to that time the casualties on both sides amounted to sixteen and a half millions. That seemed an astounding number, and I was afraid that had over-estimated it. A few days later, however, General Von Hindenburg, who has been heard of considerably during the war, gave an interview to the press in which he stated that the losses to the Allies alone amounted to fifteen millions. When I saw that statement, I began to think I had been fairly conservative in putting the figure at 16,500,000. The casualties on the German side, which are all published, amounted to upwards of 4,000,000 at the beginning of the year, according to their own lists. The French casualties are not reported, and therefore we cannot very well tell what their figures are. The Russian casualties have run into several millions, probably 6,000,000 to 8,000,000; for it must be remembered that Russia is holding almost entirely alone about 1,000 miles of battle front with the assistance of only a small country, Roumania. The recent entry of Roumania into the war has not brought that advantage to the Allies that we perhaps at first expected, and I very much regret that her entry into the war should have been signalled by such severe losses as they sustained almost immediately and which they apparently have continued to sustain up to the present time. Evidently they were not prepared for the encounter. Who was their adviser, and why they entered before they were ready, will be revealed later on, and I think it

will appear as it has appeared on many other occasions, that some one has blundered. Our hon. friends on the other side of the House, who have pointed out a good many of what they consider blunders on the part of this Government, must admit that those blunders are very small in comparison with the blunders that have been committed across the water by almost all the countries engaged in the war. But what is to be expected? It is only natural. All men are human, and all err more or less, and it is to be expected that in so great a matter as this mistakes will be made. My hon. friend from North Oxford (Mr. Nesbitt) who has just spoken—and I give him credit for making a speech that was fair; he has not tried to be unfair, I am sure—has told us of a few blunders that he thinks the Government has made, and among others he mentioned Camp Borden. I do not know whether he ever visited that camp or not. I hardly think he did, or he would not have made the sweeping statements he did. Personally, I spent two days at the camp and they were two of the worst days of the summer when the temperature was between 90 and 100 in the shade, and from my experience I can tell my hon. friend that he vastly over-estimates the damage which he thinks was done recruiting by reason of the existence of Camp Borden.

A Good Camp As camps go, it is an excellent piece of ground, and those who put in the winter at Salisbury Plains could tell my hon. friend if he has not heard from them already, that it would be like an oasis in the desert as compared with the mud that they endured for about six months at Salisbury Plains, and that even at the camp near Quebec, Valcartier, that he has referred to as being very adequate and efficient, the mud conditions were just as bad as were the dust conditions at Camp Borden. We all regret that stumbling blocks have come in the way of recruiting, and it is only just that a good deal of attention should be paid to it. The matter of recruiting should cause us all a good deal of thought at the present time. The figures that were presented by my hon. friend from South Simcoe (Mr. Boyd) a few minutes ago and which I now hold in my hand, are worthy of the study of hon. gentlemen, and I can scarcely see, when we are enlisting under the voluntary system, why any member from any particular part of the Dominion should feel sensitive when the figures of his constituency or his province are mentioned, unless he himself feels guilty that he has not done what he should have done with regard to his own community and has not taken the leadership of the men in his community to enlist in this great struggle. That the figures speak for themselves is evident, and they tell this lesson, that while the voluntary system may be all right for a small war, there are a great many citizens in every country who do not realize the value of freedom, who are not prepared to make the necessary sacrifices for freedom, but who would rather stay at home and pile up wealth at their ease and let the other people do the fighting. I do not wish to speak about anything I may or may not have done in the war; I have tried to do my duty; but I am proud to say that I belong to the only division in that list, Division No. 2, of the Province of Ontario, that has

furnished its full quota of the 500,000 promised. Mr. Broder: I think No. 3 has done so, also. The Good Record of Brant Mr. Cockshutt: Unless No. 3 has caught up very recently, No. 2 is the only one that has completed its full quota. Toronto, of course, is a big town and is capable of taking all the bouquets that may be thrown to it, but Brantford is also in No. 2 Division, and it has helped Toronto a little, and so has Hamilton, which is not a small town, and so has St. Catharines. The result is that from that district we are credited with \$1,550,000 up to the end of the year. No. 1 Division, in which London is the centre, and No. 3 Division, of which Kingston is the centre, have both made an excellent showing, and the figures are such that they can be read with satisfaction by any member from any part of the province. The figures for the whole province are 148,914. Since the end of the year, of course, there have been further additions, and I think the total is now nearly 180,000. Six per cent of the population of 2,600,000 would make 150,000, so in the whole of Canada, if we are to raise the whole of the 500,000 promised, the proportion should be not less than six per cent. The County of Brant from which I have the honor to come, is named after the great chief who led the forces under the British over a hundred years ago and maintained the British flag in the western part of the province of Ontario, and saved a great part of Canada to the Empire at that time. The first men from the County of Brant who fell in the present war were also named after the great chief, and were the Six Nation reserve, showing that there are some people in the Dominion of Canada who although they do not have British blood in their veins know a good government when they see it, and know good institutions when they see them, and who are able to appreciate what British justice and British honor means not only in this country, but wherever the British flag flies, as an Indian tribe that has lived in this country for the last 100 years, forfeiting their rights in the States when they moved from the Mohawk valley. This should be mentioned in order that other citizens who have come in from other countries may realize that they have a duty and should be called upon to discharge their share the same as the aborigines of this country. We have a population of about eight millions in round figures, of which probably five million are of British stock and the rest speaking anywhere from fifty to seventy-five different languages, not including the Indian languages of the various tribes scattered throughout our North country. Therefore, we have plenty of languages that we can speak in, but very few of these people who have come into the Dominion of Canada have taken up their part as citizens of the Empire and have entered this war on the side of liberty, justice and civilization. That we regret, I do not want to be harsh in anything that I shall say. I think I may say that I have in my heart the one desire, and that is that the best shall be done that Canada can do, and that we shall sustain our part and finally win the war, but I do not think there is any use in blinking at facts, and the facts of those figures are that there are certain parts of the Dominion of Canada that, un-

der the voluntary system, are not doing their duty. I am sorry to say that, but those of us who have made the sacrifice—and I come from a community that has done so both in men and money—and have filled up the full quota, think it is up to other parts of Canada, if recruiting is slack to be getting busy and doing something. I have had the privilege of being in close communication with many men from the front ever since the war began, not only members of my own family and immediate circle, but many officers who have gone from the city of Brantford and county of Brant. I have had from them accounts of everything that is going on, but I have yet to meet the first man or to receive the first letter that has not spoken in the highest terms of our rendition of our valourous ally, the French, as they are found in old France. The feeling that is in the hearts of the boys who have gone from Canada is that, although British has done well and although Russia has done well, the honours of the war, so far as the Allies are concerned, must be yielded to the glorious land of France. Some of our boys too, very fond of our own flag, very fond of the flag that waves now, are just as ready to fight under the tri-colour of France in this war as they are under the Union Jack, and will give just as good account of themselves. But when I say that, Sir, I want you to understand that it is the tri-colour as it is unfurled by such men as Briand, Joffre and Nivelle at the front, and not the tri-colour as it is waved by such men as Bourassa, Lavergne or Cannon. That is the tri-colour that our Canadian boys are ready to fight under; it is the tri-colour as it is waved in the land of France, the land of chivalry, the garden of romance, as we are told by the poet, which in this war has laid out the altar of her race every man, woman and child that can do a useful service.

As To Quebec When this war broke out I said: At last Canada will be a united country; nothing can keep Canada from doing her full duty to the Empire now. I was very much surprised, when I read the figures that show what our neighboring province is doing in recruiting when the land from which their forefathers came is bleeding to death and is calling for help from her sons on this side of the water. Surely they have not forgotten the hole of the pit from whence they were dug. Surely a call such as this should resound throughout the province of Quebec. I call upon the leaders of that province while it is not too late—I only regret that I cannot speak French or I should be glad to go there and speak—to give their help to the dear old land of France may be brought from under the foot of the enemy. I think this call should come to them as strongly as Ontario or to the plains of the West. I believe it does, but it has not been carried into that province as it has been carried throughout Ontario, every school-house, every cross-road, every platform, every pulpit, has been made use of for recruiting meetings. In the county from which I come we have recruited almost ten per cent of the total population, and most of these men are at the front or across the water. If this were done everywhere there would be no call for more men to-day. The Prime Minister has given us the figures, and for my part, I think they are optimistic, yet they show that we are nearly 100,000 men short, and I think even that does not fully allow for wastage. So, there is still more to do. Men of Canada, everywhere of every race and creed, let us get together to win this war. For hon. gentlemen opposite will not be in power, nor shall we be in power, if we let the Germans win the war, you can bet on that, there will be no government of this kind in Canada in that case. The appeal comes to us now, while the war is yet in the winning, to see to it that the boys at the front are supported, and that the necessary recruits shall go across steadily and freely.

The Glory of French Arms At Verdun I have spoken of the valour of France. It is written on Verdun. Verdun is the proudest spot in the whole history of the Allies in this war. I do not know whether we fully realize what the French did there but I will occupy a few moments—and I do not often trouble the

House—to read something of what Verdun has meant: The execution of the coup was entrusted to General Mangin in charge of four divisions respectively commanded by General Muteau, Guyot de Salinas, Carnier, du Pleisis, and Passaga. The opposing German forces consisted of five divisions, the attack being timed for 10 a.m. on December 15. The French went through the Germans like butter, despite their inferior numbers, and simply shattered the enemy. They took between 11,000 and 12,000 prisoners, including nearly 300 officers, capturing several seemingly impregnable positions, of which Pepper Hill was the centre, and regaining all the ground they had lost since February 21. In addition the German killed and wounded amounted to over 30,000, no fewer than 160 guns were taken or destroyed, while the most marvellous part of this great feat of arms was the French losses, which all told, did not exceed 1,500.

A Proud Story This is a piece of work, there is something to be proud of. I would like to have that story told at every cross-roads in the province of Quebec, to show that the old race from which the people of Quebec have sprung is more than a match for the Germans to-day. And are the French in this country any less able to meet the enemy in the gate than are the French of old France? I am glad to see that my right hon. friend who leads the Opposition (Sir Wilfrid Laurier) nods to me. I am sure he knows that the French race are as valourous as any race in the world, and as valourous as they have proven themselves on many a battlefield of the past. This quarrel is more France's quarrel than Great Britain's; France has more to lose in the war to-day than has Great Britain. Britain has been immune, not one enemy has set foot upon her soil except as a spy or prisoner; France at this moment finds her most valuable territory in the hands of the enemy. Nine millions of her people have been barred from their homes and driven to other places in which to rest their heads. Their coal and other mines, requisite for the industrial people, are in the hands of the Germans. Is it a time yet to talk of peace? I like the style of our good friend, Colonel Denison, in a crisis such as this, believe he sent a cable across the Atlantic to our Prime Minister (Sir Robert Borden) and I do not discuss peace until every soldier is withdrawn from Belgium, France, and Serbia, and all the resources of these countries given back to those to whom they belong.

The Making of Peace It seems a big proposition to make the war; it is going to be a bigger proposition, or at least quite as big, to make peace. When you consider the confusion into which the world has fallen, you cannot but wonder how this turmoil can be brought to an end. I believe that our Prime Minister (Sir Robert Borden) is going to England to attend a conference in which, possibly, peace may be discussed. Though I am not a believer in the immediate advent of peace, we cannot forget that some day the peace that we hope for will arrive. I desire to say a word on the making of peace.

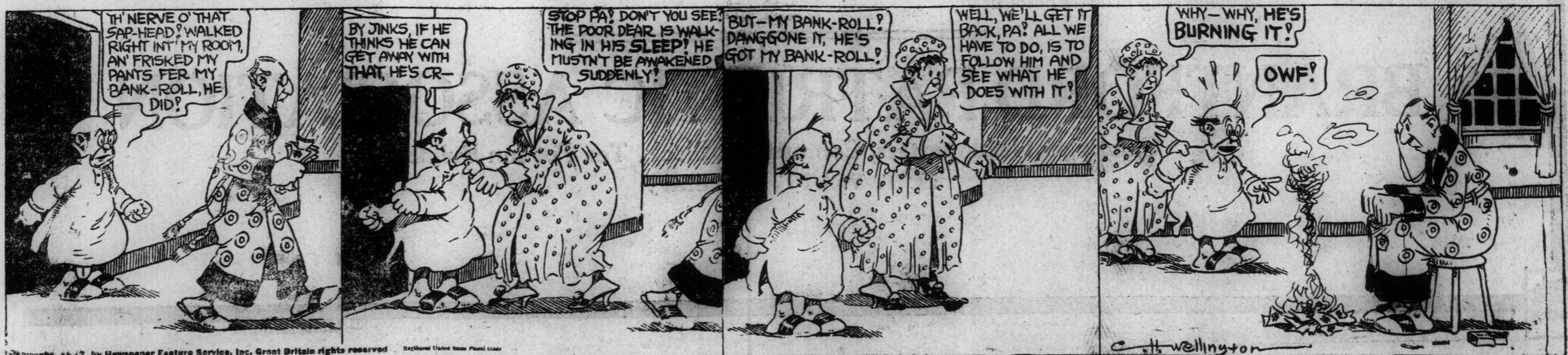
As To President Wilson. I was brought up in the old school; I was brought up largely on oatmeal porridge and the Scriptures and I have not forgotten some of the things that were put into me in both respects in my early days. I was taught that the man who will not work shall not eat. And recently, in discussing the position of our neighbors to the South and the stand taken by President Wilson, I thought a parallel might be made to those Scripture terms and that as we say that he who will not work shall not eat, so we might say: He who will not fight shall not say. In other words, I believe that the entry of President Wilson into the war at the present time with his pen is not opportune. That is my opinion; it may be wrong. I have some press clippings here, and I am going to read two or three of them. It appears to me that the idea that President Wilson has launched is most inopportune and most inapplicable to the situation as we find it. He told us in the document that was issued in December that he could see no difference between the aims and objects of the two sides. Well, I am rather sorry for a man who cannot see the difference, and I think that if we

We have just received a shipment of Burr's Moulders Tools. You will find your requirements in this line in stock at any time in the future. Howies EST'D 1880 Successors to Howie and Feely Temple Bldg. 76 Dalhousie St.

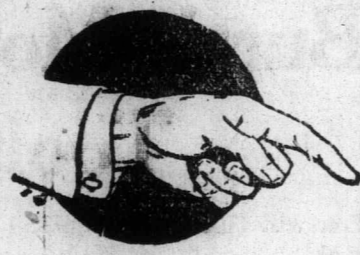
The Great EDISON Edison's Name is a Guarantee of the Best. Is in a class ahead of all others. You have only to compare the different makes to be convinced. LOOK AT THIS LIST OF GREAT ARTISTS: Anna Case (The Miracle Girl of the Metropolitan), Albert Spalding (America's Premier Violinist), Marie Rappold (Prima Donna Soprano of Metropolitan), Thomas Chalmers (Baritone of Boston Opera Company), Otto Goritz (Baritone of Metropolitan Opera Company), Zenatello (Recently Knighted by the King of Italy). We may also mention Martinelli, Bonci, Cisneros, Karl Jörn, Heinrich, Carl Flesch, and many others. Edison Phonographs are sold by— H. J. Smith & Co. 112 Colborne St. Open Evenings.

ROSE BUSHES The Brantford Horticultural Society offer Merryweather's Famous English Roses at Four for \$1.00 Make your selection and leave it with the Secretary, H. S. Tapscott, 24 Market St., NOT LATER THAN FEB. 15. FIREMAN KILLED By Courier Leased Wire. Quebec, Feb. 2—Adelard Filion, fireman for the I.C.R. was instantly killed at seven this morning in a collision between a light engine and a sub-train taking workmen to Levis. The damage was slight and there were no other casualties. CATHEDRAL DESTROYED By Courier Leased Wire. Kenora, Ont. Feb. 2—St. Albans Cathedral, Anglican, here, was destroyed by fire this morning, causing loss estimated at \$15,000. The fire is supposed to have originated in the furnace room.

Cedric's Sleep is an Expensive Luxury



That Son-in-law of Pa's



YOU Who Work in a Factory-- YOU Who Have Steady Jobs--

You folks at home get plenty to eat, go to the shows, and generally enjoy life!

But Suppose :

You were to throw up your job and go to the front, and then were to hear that your women folks were living from hand to mouth, suppose you heard your kiddies couldn't go to school because they hadn't boots.

COULD YOU FIGHT YOUR BEST?

Would you think the people you were fighting for were giving you a square deal? No? Well then give the man who gave up his job to fight for you a square deal---a square deal for his wife, his kiddies or his mother. Next week you will have your chance to do the square thing by your friend in the trenches by subscribing your utmost in

The Victory Campaign

February 6th, 7th and 8th

\$150,000 IN 3 DAYS

What is Your Share ?

Think of what your donation means to you. Does what you intend giving involve any sacrifice. If not, then you should double it, treble it or increase it until it means sacrifice to you. If you do not give until it hurts, what part will you have had in this war? What will your soldier friends think of your subscription when they hear its amount?

BRANTFORD PATRIOTIC ASSOCIATION

Campaign Headquarters, Commercial Block, Tea Pot Inn Building
H. T. WATT, Secretary



When I am well I josh and say his pills are made of which never cured a human that all his science is a fa roast him bitterly because h handy with his saws, and s anxious to remove one's b from its old time groove. B my organs all go wrong, and longer hale and strong, but up with grievous pains, cle my fetlocks to my brains, f for is my only hope; I cla his pills and dope. And if h his saw and spade, and s

SIDE

By RUTH

Is it not queer how ven of us are apt to look at certipie in our acquaintance thro opposite of rose color glasses ever color that may be? Everything these particular say or do is colored by these s Or if the word or deed itse yond evil, the anti-rose sp help us find some unamiable A recently married couple know have just left the plac they were boarding and house-keeping. They have a little home but it is not c because they cannot buy ju things they want all at onc being wise, they prefer going to taking substitutes. She Keeps Them for Her H Cousin.

Now the wife is a very sw pered generous woman but si pair of these anti-rose color tacles, which she keeps for a of her husband, an older wo more means than they. This woman made them a visit recently. She is a bit p but I think she tried to make agreeable. In vain! Thin pleasant enough on the surf all she said and did was res the young wife. If she offe help clear the table between that was accenting the fact t



Little Miss Ptarmigan put dress of white feathers wh winter came and started n call on Old Man Year. Now, Old Man Year was s old fellow. For every day th ped into his hut he grew a n in his snow-white beard. M he grew old so fast you'd ne lieve it. By the time three h and sixty-five days had arr his hut he looked as old as Time himself. And always last day he packed all his d gether in a bag and went of where where the years meet t a century. Little Mrs. Ptarmigan fou rather cross. "Mr. Year," she began tin "My name," rumbled the o crossly, "is Old Man Year. body calls me that." "Old Man Year," began Mrs. Ptarmigan again, "I-- you to give me an autumn "Give you a day," cried O Year, staring at her. "Wha "To make a dress," said lit Ptarmigan bravely. "Eve takes me for a grouse and thought if I changed my dress with the seasons nobod possibly think it." Old Man Year was too am speak. To think of anybody for a day! And such a fool son! "Do you realize," he cried if I gave you a day there'd terrible hubbub about it? G

"If adver could be based up each thou buyers w of them would. I not have therefore ardzied r NO OTH QUALIT PART."

The Courier culation in ers are peop

Rippling Rhymes

Walt Mason

TWAS EVER THUS

When I am well I josh the doc, and his pills are made of chalk, which never cured a human ache; that all his science is a fake. I roast him bitterly because he is too handy with his saws, and seems so anxious to remove one's backbone from its old time groove. But when my organs all go wrong, and I'm no longer hale and strong, but doubled up with grievous pains, clear from my fetlocks to my brains, the doctor is my only hope. I clamor for his pills and dose. And if he brings his saw and spade, and says he

thinks he'll have to wade all through my system with the same, I say, "Go on, and hew my frame!" And when I'm lying on my bed, with poultices upon my head, I murmur softly to the nurse, "The good old doc no more I'll curse! His science kept me from the grave, and after this I will behave." But when I'm on my feet once more, I hang around the corner store, and say the doctor is a fake who couldn't shoe away an ache. Thus when our cares hay-taken wings, we hoot and jeer at solemn things.

SIDE TALKS

RUTH CAMERON

ANTI-ROSE SPECS.

Is it not queer how even the best of us are apt to look at certain people in our acquaintance through the opposite of rose colored glasses (whatever color that may be)?

Everything these particular people say or do is colored by these specs.

Or if the word or deed itself is beyond cavil, the anti-rose spectacles help us find some unnamable motive.

A recently married couple whom I know have just left the place where they were boarding and set up house-keeping. They have a dear little home but it is not complete because they cannot buy just the things they want all at once, and being wise, they prefer going slowly to taking substitutes.

She Keeps Them for Her Husband's Cousin.

Now the wife is a very sweet tempered generous woman but she has a pair of these anti-rose colored spectacles, which she keeps for a cousin of her husband, an older woman of more means than they.

This woman made them a short visit recently. She is a bit peculiar but I think she tried to make herself agreeable. In vain! Things were pleasant enough on the surface but all she said and did was resented by the young wife. If she offered to help clear the table between courses, that was accenting the fact they had

no maid. When she went off on a little trip by herself to lighten the burden of her entertainment, that showed she was not satisfied with what they did for her.

After she went away she sent them a lovely wicker and cretonne chair for the guest room and a beautiful book for the baby.

She Called the Chair a Hint

What do you think the young wife's comments were?

On the chair, "I think it was rude of her to hint that she hadn't been comfortable."

On the book, "It's altogether too old for the baby. It was a perfectly absurd thing to send."

On both gifts, "I'd rather she had not sent them than have to write the thank note."

She Would Have Been Grateful To Anyone Else.

If anyone else had sent the things she would have loved them for she is naturally very grateful.

That's how anti-rose colored glasses can distort the vision.

Don't you sometimes realize that you are using these spectacles on people? I do. And I am so ashamed. Besides I'm scared because I know that it is a trick of these glasses that the ugly light they shed appears to those who see you using them to fall upon yourself rather than your victim.

GOOD TALKS

Leona Dalrymple

OLD MAN YEAR

Little Miss Ptarmigan put on her dress of white feathers when the winter came and started north to call on Old Man Year.

Now, Old Man Year was a queer old fellow. For every day that slipped into his hut he grew a new hair in his snow-white beard. Moreover he grew old so fast you'd never believe it. By the time three hundred and sixty-five days had arrived at his hut he looked as old as Father Time himself. And always on the last day he packed all his days together in a bag and went off somewhere where the years meet to make a century.

Little Mrs. Ptarmigan found him rather cross.

"Mr. Year," she began timidly.

"My name," rumbled the old chap crossly, "is Old Man Year. Everybody calls me that."

"Old Man Year," began little Mrs. Ptarmigan again, "I—I'd like you to give me an autumn day—"

"Give you a day!" cried Old Man Year, staring at her. "What for?"

"To make a dress," said little Mrs. Ptarmigan bravely. "Everybody takes me for a grouse and so I thought if I changed my feather dress with the seasons nobody could possibly think it."

Old Man Year was too amazed to speak. To think of anybody asking for a day! And such a foolish reason!

"Do you realize," he cried, "that if I gave you a day there'd be a terrible hubbub about it? Goodness

knows what would happen! What would I do when I came to pack my bag of days at the end of the year? What would mortals say if a day were missing?"

Mrs. Ptarmigan didn't know. She just hung her head. Old Man Year glanced at her sternly.

"Now, then," he said, "you'd better hurry back where you came from as fast as you can, and don't worry whether or not you're called a grouse. You're warm in all those feathers and that's enough."

So Mrs. Ptarmigan went back without the autumn day and told Peter Stitch all about it.

"It's all right now," she said, "while I'm wearing this new winter dress and feathers on my toes. But when the summer comes, I'll look just like a grouse again."

And she did.

"If advertising space in newspapers could be sold at standardized rates—based upon a fixed price per line for each thousand of circulation—space buyers would rejoice. At least, some of them seem to think that they would. But advertising space does not have a standardized VALUE, therefore cannot be sold at a standardized rate. IN THE CASE OF NO OTHER COMMODITY DOES QUALITY PLAY A STRONGER PART."—Editor and Publisher.

The Courier rightly claims "Quality" circulation in Brant County. Its subscribers are people of real purchasing power.

HEALTHIEST ONE IN THE FAMILY

No Sign Of Dropsy And Kidney Trouble Since Taking "FRUIT-A-TIVES"



HATTIE WARREN
Port Robinson, Ont., July 8th, 1915.

"We have used 'Fruit-a-tives' in our house for over three years and have always found them a good medicine. Our little girl, Hattie, was troubled with Kidney Disease. The doctor said she was threatened with Dropsy. Her limbs and body were all swollen and we began to think she could not live. Finally we decided to try 'Fruit-a-tives'. She began to show improvement after we had given her a few tablets. In a short time, the swelling had all gone down and her flesh began to look more natural. Now she is the healthiest one in the family and has no signs of the old ailment. We can not say too much for 'Fruit-a-tives' and would never be without them."

WILLIAM WARREN.
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

CAINSVILLE NEWS

A merry sleigh load of friends from the city drove out to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Foulger on Friday evening and held a "Hard Time" party. A very enjoyable time was spent by all.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Roy, Miss Laura Roy and Mr. and Mrs. G. H. McCann, city were the Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. McCann, Bridge Road.

Miss Kathleen Campbell has been quite ill.

Mrs. Bonny of Burford was visiting Mrs. D. Campbell on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Clark celebrated their golden wedding on Wednesday. A large number of friends and relatives were present.

Our Women's Institute meeting will be held at Mrs. C. Wilson's on Monday, Feb. 5th. The change of date is being made to accommodate the Government delegate, Dr. Sotheringham of Toronto. We have been very fortunate to secure this talented delegate to address the meeting, and a full attendance of all the members is expected.

PROTEST DISREGARDED

By Courier Leased Wire.
Montreal, Feb. 2.—Major Frank Robinson, president of the N. H. A. to-day threw out the protest of the Canadians against the game with Toronto last Wednesday. The protest was made on the grounds that Dr. Woods the referee, was not a member of the corps of authorized officials.

OUR DAILY PATTERN SERVICE

Valuable Suggestions or the Handy Homemaker—Order Any Pattern Through the Courier. Be Sure to State Size.

LADY'S ONE PIECE DRESS.

By Anabel Worthington.



Almost every one piece frock one sees proves that the "straight way of Paris," or the long, slender silhouette is something to be reckoned with for an indefinite time.

We might say that the "chemise frock" is looming largest on Fashion's horizon without fear of contradiction. One thing in its favor is the tendency it has to produce youthful effects and to give the wearer grace in moving about—quite enough to keep it in the limelight.

In this illustration you see one of the season's best. One of those models cut straight from the shoulder; the long, narrow girde goes twice around without confining the fulness to any noticeable degree. A neck finish that is in high favor is the roll collar that believes distance from the neck lends enchantment. Novelty pockets are style features that make much of the skirt section of this one piece dress. A plait in each seam is a feature to gain the necessary fulness without showing it.

Contrasting goods contributes the collar and cuffs on rather full sleeves; the fancy banding which trims the pockets may encircle the skirt at the lower edge, if you like, or fur banding may be employed if the dress is for afternoon wear.

Velveteen, satin, serge, broadcloth, wool poplin and like weaves are suitable for developing. You owe it to yourself to copy the model if you really want to "dress up" at little cost.

The dress pattern No. 8,108 cuts in sizes 34 to 42. To make in size 36 requires 5 1/2 yards 36 inch material, 3 1/2 yards banding 3 1/2 yards ribbon, or 6 yards 36 inch all one material.

To obtain the pattern send 10 cents to the office of this publication.

FORMER PASTOR PARK CHURCH

And Also Wife of Another Former Pastor Become Honored

Ministers Hold Farewell Luncheon (Victoria B.C., Daily Times.)

There was a meeting of the Ministerial Association yesterday at the Y.W.C.A. for the purpose of presenting an address to Rev. Robert Cameron, retiring pastor of Tabernacle Baptist church, who is leaving by the 4.30 boat this afternoon for Seattle, to take up his residence there. The gathering took the form of a luncheon, after which the ministers adjourned to the reception room for the speech-making part of the proceedings. Rev. R. A. MacConnell was in the chair, and about twenty members of the association were present. Rev. A. deB. Owen, rector of the Reformed Episcopal church, read the address, which was as follows:

"Rev. Robert Cameron, D.D., 'Pastor of the Tabernacle Baptist Church, Victoria, B.C.—Your brethren of the Ministerial Association of Victoria have learned with deep regret that you feel constrained to ask to be relieved of your pastorate in this city, and they take this opportunity of assuring you of their appreciation of your high Christian character, your varied attainments, and the success of your ministry among them. Coming amongst us, bearing the fruitage of a lengthened pastoral experience and of a life-long study of the Word of God, your broad sympathies permitted us all to share the wealth that you had thus richly gathered. Your loyalty to conviction, your unyielding adherence to what you regarded as the will of God, and your homiletic skill in the presentation of your views, have made your intercourse with us a benediction to us all.

"In the regular meetings of our association, as well as in our more informal gatherings, your contributions to the discussions have been as highly prized as they have been freely given. While presiding over our deliberations during the past year your conduct was ever marked by kindness, patience and wisdom.

In going out from us now you leave behind you many grateful memories, and we trust that those you carry with you will not be less pleasing.

"We are glad to know that although you now retire from the exacting labors of the pulpit the Church of Christ is still to enjoy your ministry in the editorial chair, from which, for so many years, you have wielded a far-reaching influence. With your whole time now devoted to Watchword and Truth, with confidence we wish both you and the magazine many years of increasing usefulness.

"Will you be good enough to convey to Mrs. Cameron our very best wishes for her continued health and happiness.

(Sgd.) "R. A. MACCONNELL, President.

"M. THEODORE HAERESHON, Secretary."

Dr. Cameron, who afterwards was the recipient of many personal good wishes, responded briefly to the address, expressing his appreciation of all the kind comments; hoping to meet all of his clerical brethren in his new home at some future time.

(From the St. John N.B. Telegraph) Prominent among the church

Canada must 'Carry On' If Belgium's Children Are To Be Saved

To punish the violation of Belgium and free its land from the Huns has been one of the strongest rallying cries of British and Canadians throughout this war. For it our men have fought hard and long, and stronger and more determined now than ever, they are "Carrying on" to the finish.

When the soldiers first went out to fight the despoilers of Belgium, we who could not go undertook to help feed the starving women and children who were victims of German savagery. Are WE carrying on as the soldiers are doing? Or has our enthusiasm cooled—our sympathy died out—our help lessened or ceased?

Certainly the Belgians' need of help has not lessened, but rather increased! Three million women, children and old men are depending for food—for life itself—on the Belgian Relief Commission. The Commission in turn depends on us Canadians for a substantial share of the necessary food, or the money with which to buy it. If we fall short in our contributions, thousands of Belgian kiddies must go painfully, if not fatally, short in their food supply. Already an alarming number of them, weakened by scanty rations, are falling victims to tuberculosis.

There would be little merit in restoring Belgium to a nation whose motherhood and youth we had allowed to be decimated and weakened by hunger and resulting disease. Let us at home carry on the relief work as unselfishly, as steadfastly and as successfully as our soldier boys are carrying on the fighting! If YOU have not been helping, now is the time to give a hand and do your bit.

Send your subscriptions weekly, monthly or in one lump sum to Local or Provincial Committees, or

Send Cheques Payable to Treasurer

Belgian Relief Fund

58 ST. PETER STREET, MONTREAL

The Greatest, Most Efficiently Organized Relief Work The World Has Ever Seen.

Subscriptions may be sent to and will be acknowledged by THE COURIER

STEDMAN'S Fountain Pen

The best \$1.00 value on the market. A guaranteed gold nib with radium tip, fine, medium and stub points

Price \$1.00 Ea.

STEDMAN'S BOOKSTORE LIMITED

Both Phones 569 160 Colborne St

The Supreme Rules

To successfully sell goods there are two outstanding rules to follow:

- 1st. ESTABLISH THE QUALITY OF YOUR PRODUCT. The best advertising on earth will never sell an inferior article.
- 2nd. ADVERTISE. And do it continuously. People have short memories these days. Don't think for a moment that because you or your business are well known you do not need to advertise.

Keep your business before the public through the best local medium—THE DAILY COURIER.

SUTHERLAND'S

This is a Splendid Time to Buy Wall Papers

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Jas. L. Sutherland

Importer of Paper Hangings

STIRRING SPEECH IN THE DOMINION HOUSE

Continued from page 11. should point out the difference to him it would be a blessing.

Mr. Pugsley: It is claimed in the United States that what he said was "as claimed by their respective governments, and as announced to their own people." This is the qualification that is put upon it there.

Mr. Cocksbutt: Unless my hon. friend is an emissary from the President, I do not think I can quite accept his interpretation.

Mr. Pugsley: I happened to be in the United States when the note was sent, and when it was quoted in the newspapers. That is the interpretation that was put upon it.

Mr. Cocksbutt: My hon. friend was probably reading it in the apology for the first remarks. It is very clear to my mind, though it may not be clear to the hon. member for St. John city, that the President sees very little difference between the aims of the respective sides. That, I think, he has made clear. He sees very little difference in the objects for which we are striving, and he thinks it is a good time now to call it off. He says that there can be no peace with victory; that neither side will get the victory; that neither side will misrepresent the President of the United States; he is very high up and I am very low down. My hon. friend thinks that I misquoted him, or misunderstood him. If that is the case I do not care to cut very much of these clippings on Hansard, but I wish to read expression of opinions held by others with regard to the utterance of the President. The following appeared yesterday in the local press, copied from the London Globe—not the Toronto Globe.

"And then you wrote a second note, and then a third, because you were seeking the suffrage of electors in whose ears the last cries of their drowning countrymen were smothered beneath the tinkle of piling dollars."

"You did not dare resent the piracy and murder and now, forsooth, we who have given our rest and bravest by the hundred thousand and treasure by the thousand million to save the world, we must at your bidding lay down our arms and dream with you your foolish dream of peace."

"You and the great nation whose chief magistrate you are, stirred no finger to save public law from being violated. You may say, and say truly, that the United States had not the power. How, then, did you ask us to trust our lives and liberties, the future of our race, the safety of our Empire and the destinies of all mankind to the flimsy guarantees with which you would buckler the peace of the world?"

"The men who tore up the scrap of paper; the men who laughed at your notes and sunk fresh ships while you were thinking of fresh phrases, will respect force and nothing else."

"That is one view of a British paper. Here is a view from the land of France:—"

"A peace which has for its beginning the greatest crime in history will not be a just nor solid peace. First we wish sanctions and reparations—if President Wilson accepts these indispensable guarantees, the future is easy."

"This French paper thinks that we would be building a peace on the greatest crime in history. I have only one other expression of opinion here; it is that of a man who has occupied the same position as Presi-

dent Wilson and is, therefore, entitled to some consideration. I refer to Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, who should know something about what the attitude of a president of the United States should be. The article says:

"The colonel bitterly announced that until an emphatic stand is taken by the American government on the attitude of a president of the United States should be. The article says:

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Automobile Industry Faces Fresh Problem

What is to be Done With the Second-Hand Car? Some New Uses for It Must be Found

What is the automobile industry going to do with its second-hand car problem? With used cars backing up on the dealers and dealers, with the record production of last year, and with plans under way for an even greater production this year, the second-hand problem seems to have broken through this inner circle, and is now engaging the attention not only of those in the automobile industry, but of advertising men and bankers as well.

Only the other day Printers' Ink comes news that gives evidence of a growing appreciation of the importance of the second-hand problem and its necessary solution. Even advertising men are asking themselves what will happen to the present volume of automobile business, if the advertiser's distributing channels become choked with second-hand cars.

Strange as it may seem, the second-hand car problem is not a problem of demand, but a problem of supply. The demand for used cars is growing, but the supply is not keeping pace with it. The result is that the dealer finds himself with a surplus of cars that he cannot sell. This surplus is not only a financial loss to the dealer, but it is also a loss to the consumer, as the dealer is forced to lower the price of his cars to get rid of them.

The Milwaukee Plan. So then it becomes clearer how the second-hand problem directly affects the maker and advertiser of automobiles. But it is not so clear what the user and maker of automobiles can do to divert this growing menace. The Trade Associations of both Chicago and New York have done good work along these lines, especially in maintaining a uniform standard of values on second-hand cars. But automobile manufacturers and dealers interviewed by Printers' Ink seem to feel that the problem is still a long way from being solved. That it will be solved, and solved in the very near future, few of the more representative manufacturers seem to doubt. But how, none was prepared to say.

Of all the plans which have been tried out the one which seems to come nearest to a solution is what is known as the 'Milwaukee' plan. This plan was explained to Printers' Ink by a Chicago dealer. "It is still too early to say whether the Milwaukee plan is going to succeed or not," he said, "but it looks promising and is being very closely watched by all the manufacturers. As I understand this plan the various members of the Milwaukee dealer's association got together and agreed that something had to be done about ridding their skirts of the trade-in and second-hand problem. After some discussion they decided that the easiest way to get rid of it was to rid themselves of it. So they all agreed that after a certain date they would no longer accept used cars in part payment for new ones."

But they realized that a used car had to be taken off a prospect's hands before he could be induced to buy a new one, and they realized too that, properly handled, it was possible to make good money out of these second-hand cars. They all agreed, however, that it was a business in itself; that selling second-hand cars and sending new cars were just as much apart as selling paste pearls alongside of real ones. It takes one kind of a salesman to sell a paste pearl and another type to sell a real one, and for the same reasons it takes one kind of a salesman to sell second-hand automobiles and another kind to sell new ones which the factory stood behind, and which were a credit, rather than a black mark, to the good name of the dealer's selling item.

"Apparently no one in the automobile business seemed to have fully grasped the fact that dealing in second-hand cars is a business in itself. But in that thought the Milwaukee dealers saw the solution for their troubles, so far as used cars were concerned. Why not all chip in and start a second-hand business together?" spoke up one dealer. A \$100,000 corporation was formed, and the stock subscribed to by all the dealers. The sole purpose of this company was to deal in second-hand cars, and it is spoken of in the trade as the 'clearing house.' No member of the association will touch a second-hand car. But he will honor the clearing house's certificate.

"Now let's see how this plan works out from the standpoint of the dealer. When a buyer gets ready for his new car, instead of taking it from dealer to dealer, playing one against the other to extract the biggest allowance, he is referred at once to the clearing house. The clearing house manager appraises his car, and pays him the scheduled price for it. This payment is made in the form of a certificate, which any member of the clearing house will accept as cash in payment on the car he finally decides to purchase. The dealer making the sale in turn takes the certificate back to the clearing house, which redeems it at its 'full cash value.'

Such a plan, it would seem, should go far to remedy an already bad situation in cities having trade associations. It leaves the dealer and his salesman free to give all their time to pushing the manufacturers' cars, and puts the whole used-car problem into the hands of experienced men who are able to give it their entire attention. In this way the distributing machinery of the manufacture is speeded up decidedly all of which means more money for the dealer, more for the manufacturer, more for the advertiser—with less risk for the banker."

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Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

BRANT MOTOR CO.

- Agents for the following cars
- Dodge Bros. Motor Cars
 - Touring and Roadster \$1,100 and freight
 - Winter Touring and Roadster \$1,335 and freight
 - Convertible Sedan—Price \$1,685 and freight
 - Hupmobile
 - Touring and Roadster \$1,650 and freight
 - Maxwell Cars
 - Touring \$ 890
 - Roadster \$ 870
 - Cabriolet 1235
 - 5-Passenger Sedan 1400
 - 6-Passenger Town Car 1300
- All Cars f. o. b. Windsor.

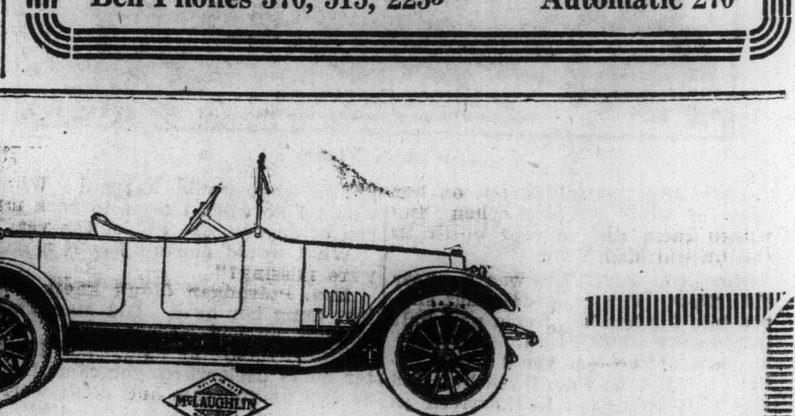
We are Agents for General Motor Truck's Ranging from 3-4 Ton to 5 Ton.

Every facility for washing and repairing cars in an up-to-date manner. Cars Stored.

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D45—Special

A McLaughlin Model

Made in Canada—By Canadian Workmen—For the Canadian Public

GOOD AS THE WHEAT

In the estimation of the Canadian public McLaughlin Valve-in-Head motor cars hold equal rank with wheat as a staple product. Judged by the insistent and ever growing demand for McLaughlin cars and by the enthusiastic acclaim with which each year the new models are received, it is more and more apparent that the people look upon McLaughlin motor cars as an actual economic necessity of life.

Buyers everywhere insist upon McLaughlins. Motorists have learned that there is no other car with a motor like the noiseless, powerful Valve-in-Head McLaughlin motor. Owners know that no other car has greater durability and serviceability than is built into every part of the McLaughlin chassis—frame, axles, steering gear, transmission. People everywhere admire the unsurpassed beauty in every line of McLaughlin bodies.

Back of the great demand for McLaughlin cars is confidence in the proven correctness of McLaughlin design and the permanence of the great McLaughlin organization.

The McLaughlin Service Garage

J. H. MINSHALL

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GRAY-DORT

The First Impression Lasts

First sight of the 1917 Gray Dort will impress you. The trim, smart lines—the new conveniences and the comfortable, substantial atmosphere of the car carry great conviction. Then get down to brass tacks. Look under the hood, under the body. Learn for yourself the absolute honesty and service-giving sturdiness of every working part. Ride in the car—put it to every test. Find out how it performs under every condition of service. Your first impression of quality will be verified. See the 1917 Gray Dort, a better car than ever.

A. Tweedle, Dealer, 194 Dalhousie St., Phone 230

\$885

F.O.B. Chatham, Ont. Westinghouse Starting and Lighting

"Built in Chatham"

THE GRAY-DORT MOTOR, Limited, Chatham, Ont.

STIRRING SPEECH IN DOMINION

Continued from page 11. to these guarantees he put in us with regard to a further war. I like the phrase; it is a great phrase; more, and no more great war. Mr. Burnham: Is that that passeth all understanding? Mr. Cocksbutt: The man is getting up into the heaven; I was dealing with sent war. I say that the has been proposed is a Ure that has never been yet in the world, and I think sident Wilson will have forgotten before it is es Theodore Roosevelt remains one fact, in this article the read, when he talks about for the future. He is ready to join every one's on in a guarantee for fu for all time. That sounds big and mighty good; but surely Theodore Roosevelt his attention to the fact United States is one of the to the Treaty of the H to the neutrality of Belg if their guarantees for the not prove to be more valu their guarantees of the past not advise anybody to faith in them.

The Peace Talk. My friend beside me (Mr. bro) says that there is the nature with regards to the of Belgium, very very future. Have they now, at years of war, raised one s test against anything that has done either in Belgi northern France? Outrages unspeakable have been c by the enemy, but I have learn that President Wilde his high seat, has ever v voice or made one protes many with regard to the which have been inflicted people in Europe and the antors of the neutrality agum. They appear to the pen and ink is all that is to be used. President Wilson ly a thorough believer in that the pen is mightier sword; but I think that, like this war, will find, if he the battlefields of Europe, sword is still supreme, and pen which may be very u of Belgium, will not cut figure on the battlefield. war of iron and blood; more men engaged in war, world began. Our Finan made some time ago as that if all the wars of all were added together they make a war of the size of I have shown you that ties have run up to nearly 009, and there are perhaps 004 of men in the field. I tell you that in my jud this talk about peace, an talk about the enemy being to death, is, at the size of simply moonshine, and is to stop us in the enterpris ting our recruits in line, taining the war. We shou any attention to such t should prepare to go on work and to fill up the ra are a long way from the position. We cannot take any chances with this war. All we have is we have asked many after thought we should do after I have been asked by news give my opinion as a busi as to what I think is going pen. In every case I say, you, what do you think? there is only one question, be thinking about at this, that is the winning of the the relieving of the world terrible load that it is cu the tyrant's heel that is pressing on the neck of tion, big and little, that h his foot upon, and grip their life, their liberty and stands for right. I say the one question is to talk the conclusion of the war is ignore the conditions with are confronted with the mo I may for a moment, for ill I place myself in the posit nation, it is as if my wife, drop, all my possessions, the heirs of a long line of ances in my house, and all my fre, straining every nerve and ery means at our disposal, nish the fire, some foolish the street rushed in and sa I have a plan for a new I had the strength, I wou him out of the front door— he came in—that would be wise. We must know what going to have left after the over before we can chalk plans, and the winning of the first necessity of the in, we have no land to give do not beat out the enemy have no invitations to seas for people to come to quarters of the earth, if selves go down under the enemy. Under the thees would all be his pe and we would be taxed fo tions to come to pay an indemnity, which some of have already met at a high as twelve to fifteen dollars. We know the way my have taxed Belgium an of of northern France, a of Roumania. Everything able in the way of valu thing in the way of art, e that can be removed, has moved that immense tax been placed on all the cities of which they have possession. All that has taken place.

Recruiting. Now are we going to let my beat us out? Because what it means if we stall.

STIRRING SPEECH IN DOMINION HOUSE

Continued from page 14.
to these guarantees he purposes giving us with regard to a future peace forevermore. I like the sound of that; it is a great and glorious phrase: glorious peace forevermore, and no more great wars.
Mr. Burnham: Is that the peace that passeth all understanding?
Mr. Cocksbutt: The hon. gentleman is getting up into the seventh heaven; I was dealing with the present war. I say that the peace which has been proposed is a Utopian idea that has never been established in the world, and I think that President Wilson will have been long forgotten before it is established. Theodore Roosevelt reminds him of one fact, in this article that I have read, when he talks about guarantees for the future. He says he is ready to join every one of the nations in a guarantee for future peace for all time. That sounds mighty big and mighty good; but unfortunately Theodore Roosevelt calls his attention to the fact that the United States is one of the signatories to the Treaty of the Hague and to the neutrality of Belgium; and if their guarantees for the future do not prove to be more valuable than their guarantees of the past, I would not advise anybody to put much faith in them.
The Peace Talk.

My friend beside me (Mr. Middlebro) says that theirs is the first signature with regards to the neutrality of Belgium—the very first signature. Have they now, after two years of war, raised one single protest against anything that Germany has done either in Belgium or in northern France? Outrages that are unspeakable have been committed by the enemy, but I have yet to hear that President Wilson, from his high seat, has ever raised his voice or made one protest to Germany with regard to the outrages which have been inflicted on these people in Europe—and that the signatories of the neutrality of Belgium! They appear to think that pen and ink is all that is necessary to use. President Wilson is evidently a thorough believer in the idea that the pen is mightier than the sword; but I think that in a war like this he will find, if he gets on the battlefields of Europe, that the sword is still supreme, and that the pen which may be very mighty in the office of the President of the United States will not cut much of a figure on the battlefield. This is a war of iron and blood; there are more men engaged in war since the world began. Our Finance Minister made some time ago an estimate that if all the wars of all the ages were added together they would not make a war of the size of this war. I have shown you that the casualties have run up to nearly 20,000,000, and there are perhaps 20,000,000 of men in the field at present. I tell you that in my judgment all this talk about peace, and all this talk about the enemy being starved to death, is, at the present time, simply moonshine, and is calculated to stop us in the enterprise of getting our recruits in line and continuing the war. We should not pay any attention to such talk, but should prepare to go on with the work and to fill up the ranks. We are a long way from the present position, and we cannot afford to take any chances with regard to this war. All we have is at stake. I have been asked many times what I thought we should do after the war. I have been asked by newspapers to give my opinion as a business man as to what I think is going to happen in every case I have been obliged to say that in my judgment there is only one question for me to think about at this time, and that is the winning of this war and the relieving of the world from the terrible load that it is carrying of the tyrant's heel that is simply pressing on the neck of every nation, big and little, that he can put his foot upon, and grinding out their life, their liberty and all that stands for right. I say there is but the one question. To talk today of peace and what will be done after the conclusion of the war is simply to ignore the conditions with which we are confronted at this moment. If I may for a moment, for illustration, place myself in the position of my children, all my possessions, including the heirlooms that I have inherited from a long line of ancestors, were in my house, and my house was on fire, while I and all my friends were straining every nerve and using every means at our disposal to extinguish the fire, some foolish man from the street rushed in and said to me: "I have a plan for a new house for you, what do you think of this? If I had the strength, I would chuck him out of the front door as fast as he came in—that would be his answer. We must know what we are going to have left after this war is over before we can chalk out any plans, and the winning of the war is the first necessity of the case. We will have no land to give away if we do not beat out the enemy; we will have no invitations to send overseas for people to come from here, there and everywhere, from all quarters of the earth, if we let ourselves go down under the heel of the enemy under that condition these would all be his possessions, and we would be taxed for generations to come to pay an enormous indemnity, which some of our enemies have already set at a figure as high as twelve to fifteen billions of dollars. We know the way the enemy have taxed Belgium and the allies of northern France and Serbia and Rumania. Everything movable in the way of valuables, everything in the way of art, everything that can be removed has been removed and in addition to moved and in taxes have been imposed on all the towns and cities of which they have obtained possession. All that has already taken place.

Recruiting.
Now are we going to let the enemy beat us out? Because that is what it means if we stall now, and



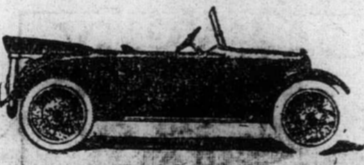
Undoubtedly the Industry's Crowning Achievement

From your point of view this announcement is most important.
For herein we set forth the achievement toward which the Willys-Overland organization has aimed for the last eight years.
This achievement in a word is the completion of the gigantic Willys-Overland organization to a point where a complete line of automobiles can be made and marketed under one head.
This means tremendous economies—much greater than ever before.
This means the elimination of all waste, all lost motion and much greater factory efficiency.
This means an even higher grade of cars at much more attractive prices.
All of which means a substantial saving for you on the next car you buy.
For now and for the first time in the history of the automobile business we as one single organization offer the public a full and complete line of automobiles.
This concentration—this greater efficiency—this more effective means of pulling together is going to set a new standard of low priced high-grade automobile values.

For we operate on the basis of—
—one executive organization
—one factory management
—one purchasing unit
—one sales expense
—one group of dealers
—to plan, produce and sell all Overland, Willys and Willys-Knight models.
Buying power is concentrated. Costs are distributed over all these cars. The savings are enormous.
As a result we are producing cars of exceptional quality—and marketing them at unusually low prices.
Every car is built to a rigid standard of performance, comfort and appearance.
The new models are listed in this announcement. They include Overland models from the snappy comfortable \$930 Light Four to the beautiful Light Six Sedan at \$2220.
They include also the big, handsome Willys-Knights from the Four at \$1800, to the super efficient Eight at \$2730.
These new models establish price records, value records and performance records which we believe will prove to the public conclusively that the vast economies of vast production are the key note and manufacturing secret of the greatest value for the least amount of money.

JOHN A. HOULDING
DEALER.
22 Dalhousie St. Phone 1201

Overland Light Four Models



Roadster, 104-in. wheelbase . . . \$ 910
Touring, 106-in. wheelbase . . . \$ 980
Sport Model—Country Club—(Illustrated) \$1050

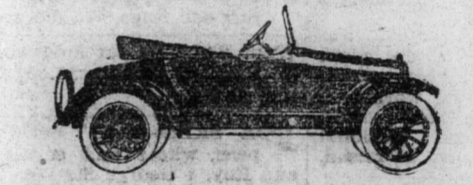
Overland Big Four Models



Roadster, 112-in. wheelbase . . . \$1170
Touring, 112-in. wheelbase—(Illustrated) \$1190
(See also Closed Cars)

Willys-Overland, Ltd.
Head Office and Works
West Toronto, Canada

Overland Light Six Models



Roadster, 116-in. wheelbase—(Illustrated) \$1300
Touring, 116-in. wheelbase . . . \$1380
(See also Closed Cars)

Willys-Knight 7 Passenger Models



Four Overland Touring, 121-in. wheelbase \$1800
Eight Overland, 125-in. wheelbase—(Illustrated) \$2730
(See also Closed Cars)

Overland and Willys-Knight Closed Cars



Overland Big Four Coupe, 112-in. wheelbase \$1750
Overland Big Four Sedan, 112-in. wheelbase \$2090
Overland Light Six Coupe, 116-in. wheelbase \$1940
Overland Light Six Sedan, 116-in. wheelbase \$2220
(Illustrated)
Willys-Knight Four Coupe, 114-in. wheelbase \$2370
Willys-Knight Four Sedan, 121-in. wheelbase \$2730
Willys-Knight Four Limousine, 121-in. wheelbase \$2730
All prices f. o. b. Toronto

We seem to have become somewhat stalled. I am sorry to say it; I am sorry to confess it, but recruiting is today almost dead. The feeling that was rampant a year ago with regard to enlisting exists no more, and we have not done our part, and we have not won the war. Great Britain is training every nerve. There they have reconstructed two governments already, and men, no matter how good they were, such as Asquith and Sir Edward Grey, have been put out of power. The name of Lloyd George is on the lips of every man today, and we hear such expressions as: Here is a victory government and a victory loan. We want a victory government and a victory loan. I believe that our Government is doing everything possible, but if anything can be done to strengthen their hands, let us all do it. If anything can be given to increase their resources for carrying on the war successfully, let us all give it, let us not hang back, because there will be no place of repentance found though they seek it, and we are heartily with them. I am referring now to the control of food prices. This is carried on in almost every country that is at war. I do not know of any country except Canada that has not done something along that line; if anybody does know of such a country I should like him to mention it. Every country has been obliged to do it. I am not sure that the Minister of Labour (Mr. Crothers) has not committed himself somewhat along that line. At any rate, a good many of the people whose interests he looks after have done so, and I have received documents from several labour organizations with whom the pinch in regard to food is a live question now. The pinch is being felt in some of our cities and towns. And this is not a question in relation to food alone. If clothing is too high I am quite prepared to have the Government take any measures they may think necessary to control the prices, during war time. Let me mention one item, one that appeals to the heart of every Irishman particularly, as well as to us all—potatoes. The situation in regard to potatoes seems to have become very acute not only in Canada, but throughout the world. Prices that were never before dreamed of are being obtained for potatoes in these days. I am sorry that my hon. friend from Carleton (Mr. Carvell) is not here to tell us about the New Brunswick potatoes. An hon. member: He is here.
Mr. Cocksbutt: We have had New Brunswick potatoes in the district from which I come for the first time in our history, and I am sorry to say that the people of New Brunswick are not sending the best they have. If they are, then their best are not so good as the potatoes we can grow in Ontario.
Hon. Mr. Hazen: Perhaps my hon. friend is prejudiced.
Mr. Cocksbutt: I may be pre-

judiced, but fifteen bags of New Brunswick potatoes were not recently for a small Home of which I happen to be chairman. They looked nice and red and rosy, and appeared to be perfectly sound, but the matron telephoned me the other day that she regretted to report that about half of the potatoes were bad. I only mention potatoes as one item, but it is a big item in the working-man's daily food, and I think that, if the Government could make a few suggestions to our friends who sell potatoes that two dollars, or two and a half dollars per bag is too high a price, they might have some effect. I for one believe that if we were to prevent the export of potatoes the same as every other item necessary we could control the prices. We are a food exporting country, and are in exactly the opposite position from that of Great Britain, which is a food importing country. She produces very much less than she requires for the people, she grows only from thirty-five to forty per cent of her requirements, while we in Canada grow far more than we require. All we have to do to regulate prices is to prevent too much of our food going out of the country.
Mr. Carvell: What about the home market that we heard so much about some years ago?
Mr. Cocksbutt: I am finding fault because you are not supplying potatoes at a reasonable price. You are supplying them at two and a half dollars a bag from New Brunswick, and that price is too high.
Mr. Pugsley: My hon. friend talks about the Government taking charge of potatoes and regulating the prices which the farmers would get, would he also approve of the Government taking charge of the flour mills of the country so as to regulate the price of flour?
To Prevent Export When Necessary.
Mr. Cocksbutt: My idea is, as I set it forth in a resolution over eighteen months ago, that whenever any of the necessities of life are unduly advanced in price either by speculation, or by the holding of immense quantities, the Government should say that no export should take place of any of these articles until such and such a price is reached. It has been done in Australia; it is being done there now. It has been done in India, and in Great Britain, and in other countries of Europe. There the prices of food are being controlled by government. It is a proper proposition, and the workmen in Western Ontario are very much concerned about it at present. I have had several communications in that regard. The Government may be a little hesitant; it is a drastic measure, but in war time you cannot expect everything to go on the same as in peacetime. We are at war, and we must adopt war measures. If it is necessary to prevent exports, we must take the necessary action. What ever is necessary ought to be done, because the winning of the war should be our first object. The Government have interfered a little, but only a little, with exports. Let me give one example, the exportation of electricity. That is a matter which we would like to see a little further in our section of the country. The hon. member for Wentworth (Mr. G. C. Wilson) referred to that. About ten years ago I delivered a speech in this House on this very question. That was in May, 1906. I think, and you may find it by reference to Hansard. A full discussion took place with regard to the exportation of electricity from Niagara

to the United States and the handing of the power from Niagara Falls. We in Western Ontario have been denied the necessary power because the Americans are getting what ought to be coming to Ontario. That is not as it should be. The power is wanted in the munition factories, and in other ways. The Government have a regulation; they issue licenses from time to time, and these are regulated from the Department of Inland Revenue. They are within their rights in doing that. This Government have the power to regulate the export of electricity, and my contention is that it would be proper for them and competent for them to exercise that power in regard to other matters. I look for a very acute crisis with regard to some foods in the near future, and particularly with regard to potatoes. Where the farmers in our section of the country are going to get their seed spring is a problem. Many farmers who had from two to three acres of potatoes in our district did not dig enough potatoes to give them the seed, owing to the conditions that prevailed. I live in a part of Canada that grows in normal times an enormous quantity of potatoes for export. Some farmers grow eight or ten acres of potatoes and make an excellent profit at seventy cents or seventy-five cents a bag. This year the price is two and a half dollars a bag, and potatoes are almost unobtainable. What is going to happen in the spring in regard to the seed, I do not know; it cannot be found. I make the suggestion to the Government that they consider the necessity of regulating the export. We have heard a good deal about pulp and paper. I am not sure that

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Stirring Speech in Dominion House

Continued from page 15.

some regulations are not already in force with regard to these articles. If not they can easily be put in force. I am merely mentioning these articles with the view of suggesting to the Government the advisability of regulating the exports.

Trade Returns

I do not know that I need detain the House at any greater length. I may just refer to the trade returns that have already been the subject of considerable comment. I think they are perhaps the most outstanding feature of the war situation, indicating as they do the tremendous prosperity that has accompanied the war so far as Canada is concerned. The total trade imports and exports are somewhere in the neighborhood of two billion dollars for the twelve months. This is beyond the expectations of the most sanguine. Whether or not honorable gentlemen opposite are ready to give me credit for praise to the Minister of Finance (Sir Thomas White) it appears to me that he has handled the situation very well. It seems to me that there could not have been very much wrong with the trade conditions of this country. My honorable friend from Picout (Mr. Macdonald) said he did not see how we could stomach the amount of trade we had had with the United States, and he accused the Conservative party of having declared during the last election that there should be no trade with the United States. I think he was totally misrepresenting the situation so far as our intentions at that time were concerned. What we did say was that the trade conditions between the United States and Canada were already sufficiently good without us bargaining for and buying favours that we did not think we needed. The Yankee may be trusted to look after himself. We were doing quite enough trade with him already without giving him additional facilities. Their proposition was to buy further advantages in a market where, in my judgment, they were already doing too much business. I think we should do more business with Great Britain, Australia, and the other dominions, and our Allies, rather than with the United States. But we were going on trading with the United States and increasing our imports and exports, though, after all, a very large part of the increase in our exports has been with Great Britain herself and our Allies. We are doing an immense and very satisfactory trade with them.

In conclusion, if any of my fellow-members in the House think some of my remarks rather harsh, I hope they will take it from me that I was actuated solely by a most sincere desire that Canada, a great



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back, but I think probably no good could be done by that. A great many of these cases have come under my attention, and I have taken them up, and I know they must be very bewildering to the Government. I think the hon. member for North Oxford (Mr. Nesbitt), must know that it is not possible in an army such as ours to have all the men, majors and captains and colonels; we must have privates as well. That is about the situation. There are just as many good men probably in the ranks as are occupying the posts of lieutenants, majors, captains, etc. We cannot all be commanders; some of us must follow; some of us must be privates in the ranks; and that is the reason why many of the requests that have been made from time to time have not been listened to. I thank you, Mr. Speaker, for your kind hearing, and I trust the remarks I have made will be received in the spirit in which I have endeavoured to make them.

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Expecting That Sam Will D in His Horns; ard Not Yet pared For Dep ure

By Courier Leased Wire. Berlin, via London, Feb. 5.—The news of the breach of diplomatic relations between the United States and Germany was made known to-day through newspaper cables. No official information had been received at either the States embassy or the foreign office on account of the German Ambassador Gerard's plan not being definitely decided, probably leave Germany by Denmark and return home by Russia, taking the trans-railway. It is expected that can interests will be entrusted Brazilian minister.

Italy's View. Rome, via Paris, Feb. 5.—Germany's view of the diplomatic relations between the United States and Germany is likely to lead to war, partly because of the of armed conflict between the German emperor returned to his quarters on account of the situation.

"Probably the neutral press says the paper, after press suspend the departure of German envoys to avoid further complications, hoping thus to hasten of the conflict. Consequent German threat would seem out effect."

Huns Confer. London, Feb. 5.—The German emperor, according to a Reuters patch from Amsterdam, is headquarters on Friday with suite and visit the Bulgarian at Doestyn, where the monarch is undergoing treatment. The two rulers conferred privately for several hours. German emperor returned to his quarters Sunday evening.

France Acclaims W States; Neutrality

By Courier Leased Wire. Paris, Feb. 5.—"President has accepted Germany's proposals (George Legyes, president of the Foreign Affairs committee Chamber of Deputies in a given out here for publication, accomplished with calm firmness, is characteristic of eminent statesman, who offer the great American respect for their rights and elementary laws of humanity Among other commentaries

Weather Bulletin Toronto, A fairly ant disturbed centred in western of the e The west had greater the Dominion is now sitting in term pur

"Zimmie" Forec fresh westerly winds; fair today Tuesday, not much change perature.

Think O