

AGAINST ST. JOHN.

Board of Trade Protests Against Unfair Discrimination of Canada-Jamaica Line.

W. E. Earle interestingly discusses South African Trade Possibilities—New Almanac to be issued—Wooden Blocks for Paving.

The attention of the members of the Board of Trade, at their regular meeting yesterday, was directed chiefly toward the extension of the city's business with the West Indies and South Africa. In the first instance they received a vigorous protest against the discrimination made against St. John by the Canada Jamaica line, and regarding the South African trade they listened to an exceedingly interesting address by W. E. Earle on the resources and possibilities of this great country. Mr. Earle leaves for South Africa next week to look after the extension of his own business there, and is enthusiastic at the chances opening there for Canadian trade.

President W. M. Jarvis was in the chair. The members present were G. F. Fisher, C. F. Kinross, R. H. Harley, J. H. Sutherland, W. H. Bullock, W. G. Fisher, F. L. Potts, D. J. McLaughlin, W. A. Lockhart, J. A. Clarke, John E. Irvine, W. E. Earle, John Seely, Geo. Robertson and M. E. Agar.

Secretary Allison read the summary of proceedings of council, showing that the subject of trade with South Africa has engaged the attention of the council the last month, and the secretary has been instructed to enter into correspondence with the South African boards of trade with a view to its promotion. The council having learned that W. E. Earle, a member of the board intends visiting South Africa shortly, has requested him to go there to do what he can to assist in the extension of business relations between Canada and South Africa, which is now made possible by the establishment of a line of steamers running between the countries.

The council having learned that it was probable that no Almanac would be published by Messrs. J. & R. McMillan for the coming year, therefore, has made arrangements under which the New Brunswick Almanac will hereafter be issued by the McAlpine Publishing Co. in an improved and extended form.

It having been claimed that St. John is unfairly discriminated against in rates of freight by the Canada Jamaica S. S. Co., a letter has been sent by the president to the Canadian Pacific Railway Co., asking that, as the steamers of the Jamaica service are under the direction and patronage of the C. P. Railway, the railway company will investigate the matter and see that the traffic from St. John is carried on an equal terms.

The president has communicated with the minister of railways and canals requesting the use of a berth at the harbor for the Donaldson line of steamers, it being understood that if the use of that berth can be secured a weekly instead of a fortnightly service can be arranged for.

The council having been informed that Mr. de la Parrelle was visiting the North Shore of the province with a view to obtaining wooden blocks for paving purposes, has communicated with the Hon. Mr. Tweedie asking him to arrange that Mr. de la Parrelle may also visit St. John, where it is believed that these blocks can be furnished on favorable terms. Mr. de la Parrelle was unable to come to St. John at the time, but will return about the end of the year, when a meeting will be arranged.

The council has been advised that the subject of the redemption of worn silver coinage will be one of the subjects to be considered at the meeting of the Canadian Bankers' Association at Toronto this month.

The letter in connection with the Canada-Jamaica S. S. Line was read as follows:

Oct. 21st, 1902.
Dear Sir: At a meeting of the council of the St. John Board of Trade yesterday, I was instructed to bring immediately to the notice of your railway the unfair discrimination in freight rates against St. John, made by the Canada Jamaica Steamship Line. At your request last February special meeting of the Board of Trade was called to further the interests of this steamship company. At that meeting, which was held on the 21st of February, the rates of freight charged by these steamers should never exceed those from Halifax and St. John. From the very inception of the undertaking they did not carry out this policy. They began by charging 50c per barrel on pickled fish from St. John to Kingston, as against 50c, the regular uniform rate from Halifax, and to this they added a 50c surcharge when the line got well started the rates would be looked into and overcharges rectified. The contrary, however, happened, in July the rates on pickled fish were raised to 50c to Kingston and to 1.25 in exports, as against 50c to Kingston and 50c to exports from Halifax, being fifty per cent. against the city, a discrimination enormous and without precedent of reason.

I have taken pickled fish as a standard, but increases were the same or greater on other goods. The consequence was that our shippers stopped direct shipment, sent their goods by rail to Halifax, had them put on board the March & Marsh steamers there, and after paying rail freight actually saved some fifteen dollars per car of 50,000 lbs. Many efforts have been made to get something like fair rates quoted, one shippers offering to load his freight free on board steamers if he got Halifax rates, but all to no purpose.

The steamers are under the direction and patronage of your railway, and certainly dependent on you. You give them very valuable privileges, free wharves and facilities, and you are unwilling to give them the same treatment that this line is managed in a way greatly damaging to the interests of St. John. We cannot conceive any reason why you would restrict your railway to one line, take up the matter and have it remedied. We feel that the interests of the Canadian Pacific Railway and the interests of St. John are mutual and identical, and a discrimination against the port is a discrimination against the Canadian Pacific Railway.

I might enlarge and say more, but you are personally conversant with the whole matter, and I would ask you to only bring it before your head office.

Yours truly,
W. M. JARVIS,
President St. John Board of Trade.

President Jarvis announced that the communication was receiving the attention of the C. P. R. He told of the causes that had led to the line calling at Halifax for return freights, from which actions had arisen. The discrimination complained of and hoped for an immediate remedy.

Mr. Sutherland said the C. P. R. had nothing to do with the line calling at Halifax. It was an independent line and called where it pleased. The president gave particulars of Messrs. McMillan's scheme for a provincial almanac in place of the one published by Messrs. J. & R. McMillan, and asked for the support of St. John business men. He announced that the decision of the government's rejection of the additional winter port berth at the I. C. R. wharf had been favorable.

Ald. Bullock asked if it were true that the New Brunswick line was being shipped to various foreign ports via Boston, instead of St. John on account of the excessive port wharfage here. The president said it was true in the case of those goods that were fitted to the terpsie of Boston people in securing shipments rather than on account of any wharf charges here.

Mr. Sutherland said a great deal of hay was sent from here to Boston, but he did not know what was done with it there. He never heard of freight being driven from this port by wharf charges.

C. E. Lockhart explained such shipments by stating that but a small amount of deals was shipped from Boston and steamers being there, were often kind to take up a very low rate. Top wharfage had nothing to do with it.

Some discussion followed regarding the South African trade. W. E. Earle, who during his trip through that country had promised to look into conditions, asked the board if any members had decided to try to get any trade there. Nobody responded. Mr. Earle then exhibited some maps of Africa, showing that from St. John was the shortest route to South Africa and that this city was immediately fitted to be the terminus of a regular service with that country. Discussing the future of South Africa, he quoted Lord Milner's prediction that in five years the population of Johannesburg would be 5,000,000. The Kimberly district would also bring incalculable wealth, not to mention the minerals scattered all over the country. Personally he expected a tremendous development and looked confidently forward to a wonderfully prosperous and federated South Africa under British rule. He was going out there to do business with that belief and he thought that the country afforded a splendid opening for Canadian trade.

He named Durban as the most desirable destination for Canadian shipments. The African business, he said, was now largely done by New York firms which had a great number of commercial travelers all over the country, who would offer sharp competition to Canadian merchants. Australia and New Zealand also did a large trade, and he thought that Canada could easily supply were in dried fish, canned meats, canned vegetables of all kinds, apples and other fruits, rough and finished lumber, farm implements, boots and shoes, butter and cheese, and furniture. He urged the business men of St. John if they wished to do any business there to get to work at once. Many of them wished to discuss the matter with him and he would be glad to meet them and give them any information at his disposal.

President Jarvis on behalf of the board warmly thanked Mr. Earle for the information he had so interestingly presented and expressed the hope that Canadian business men would wake up to the great opportunities offered them in South Africa.

Meeting adjourned.

ELLIOTT-WHEATMAN.

LAURENCE TOWN, N. S., Oct. 28.—One of the grandest events of the season took place at the residence of Murray Elliott on Wednesday morning, 22nd, at 9:30 o'clock, when his youngest daughter, Miss Gladys Elliott, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Ernest R. Whitman, in the presence of about one hundred and thirty invited guests. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. L. Outlaw, assisted by Rev. Jos. Gaetz. The bride, who was given away by her father, was handsomely dressed in white brocade, trimmed with ribbon and chiffon, and wearing a bridal veil. She carried a beautiful bouquet of roses and maidens' fern. She was attended by Miss Fredette Foshee, who was also dressed in white, trimmed with satin and lace, also by fairly sized attendants attired in white. The groom was supported by his cousin, Walter Langley of Paradise. After partaking of a sumptuous repast served by eight basted waiters, the happy couple were driven to the station by Mr. Marshall's handsome turnout, where amidst friends and relatives they boarded the west bound train for Boston. The bride was the recipient of numerous and valued presents. The groom's gift was an elegant gold watch and chain. She received from her father a cheque of \$450. The groom's gift to the bride was a handsome gold brooch. The young couple's friends unite in wishing them a long life of wedded bliss and prosperity.

BROKE HIS NECK BY A FALL.

HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 4.—Edward Fox fell from the top deck of MacKenzie and Macdonald's new pier at Port Hastings today to the water below, a distance of 85 feet. His neck was dislocated and death resulted instantaneously. Mr. Fox was unmarried, and a brother of the late Daniel Fox, who was drowned at McNamara's Point on Thanksgiving day, and was the only support of his brother's widow and family. Since his brother's drowning he was continuously searching for his brother's body, and only went to work on the pier this morning. Dr. P. A. McDonald, coroner, impelled a jury and a verdict of accidental death was rendered.

WARTS REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN.

Putnam's Painless Corn and Wart Extractor never fails to remove Warts, Corns or Bunions without pain in 24 hours. Refuse a substitute for Putnam's; it's the best.



Pure, Fragrant and Cleansing. BABY'S OWN SOAP. IS UNRIVALLED FOR NURSERY AND TOILET USE. Don't risk irritation on baby's delicate skin. ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., MFRS., MONTREAL.

FRANK HIGGINS VISITED.

His Mother Sees Him Again Yesterday—Prisoner Stands Strain Well.

Mrs. Higgins paid her visit to her son Frank yesterday. She was only allowed to see him for about fifteen minutes at a time and then one of the jail officials is always present as she talks to him through the doubly barred door of the condemned cell. Her belief in Frank's innocence is unshaken, so she does not use any one of her previous fifteen minutes in questioning him about the deed that placed him where he is. Sure as she is in the outside world so which he has been a stranger these months. She says that the boy looks a little paler and thinner than when he stood in the court room to receive his sentence. But under the mercy of the waiting for the word of mercy or of death from the minister of justice, he bears up well. He eats well, sleeps well, and to all appearances, he is as care free as he was all through the ordeal of the trial.

The next visiting day is Tuesday, Nov. 12. Unless the crown interferes, Frank Higgins will hang one month from that day.

ARRANGING EXTRA BERTH.

Traffic Manager Tiffin in Town Looking into Request for Berth at I. C. R. Wharf.

In response to the request made to the minister of railways for a berth at the I. C. R. terminal wharf for one of the lines of winter port steamers, preferably the Donaldson line, the Worshipful Mayor White received the following telegram this morning:

OTTAWA, Nov. 3.—I have been endeavoring to arrange about the use of the berth at the I. C. R. terminal wharf for the Donaldson line. Have given consideration to our traffic manager to go to St. John at once to see the arrangements.

A. G. BLAIR.

Accordingly, Traffic Manager Tiffin came down from Moncton yesterday afternoon and will remain in the city through today consulting with those interested in the matter. Last night he was unable to state definitely what the intentions of the I. C. R. were. The road, he said, was desirous of doing everything possible for the benefit of the port of St. John, but he had not yet been definitely informed regarding the exact nature of the requests forwarded to the minister of railways, and until he had consulted with the minister he had no information to give.

Asked about the prospects for freight business at the port, from over the winter, Mr. Tiffin said he had had reason to hope for a busy season. It was evident that the demand for freight would be larger than usual. He expected that the elevator would be an active service handling the large grain crop of Ontario for shipment to European ports, though the season has been so far advanced for the making of definite arrangements.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

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CAPTAIN KINNEY KILLED.

Captain John E. Kinney, marine surveyor for Lloyd's agency at Tacoma, Washington, died on October 27th from the result of injuries sustained by falling through the hatchway of the British ship Balmaha to the hold, some 35 feet below. The Victoria Colonist says of him: "Captain Kinney was well known in Victoria, especially to the Nova Scotia colony. He was born in Yarmouth, N. S., in 1815, and was 87 years of age. When nine years of age he went to sea, and at the age of 21 was master of a British ship. He was remarkably adept in navigating, and there are few ports that he had not visited during his long term of service on the ocean. About 14 years ago he sailed to the Puget Sound and made Tacoma his home. During his long career on the seas he had amassed a considerable fortune."

FREDERICTON.

FREDERICTON, Nov. 3.—In the police court today James McCoy was convicted of violation of the Scotch Act. No defence was offered. The complainant, Rev. J. J. Colter, is trying to convict McCoy of a third offence, he having been twice convicted within a few months. The defence will fight the third offence conviction on legal technicalities.

Rev. J. H. Hector, the Black Knight, spoke on temperance to a crowded house at the Opera House this evening.

KING'S WAR MEDALS.

Particulars Regarding the Conditions of the Grant.

(MILITIA ORDERS, No. 245.) Headquarters, Ottawa. 1. Army Order 223, of October 1, 1902, respecting the granting of the King's South African War Medal, is published for the information of all concerned.

GRANT OF A SECOND SOUTH AFRICA WAR MEDAL.

1. His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve that a second war medal, bearing His effigy, shall be granted in recognition of the services rendered by the troops in the later phases of the campaign in South Africa, and to reward those soldiers who, by their long service in the field, have brought the war to a successful termination. This medal will be known as the "South Africa Medal."

2. The medal will be orange, white, and green stripes of equal width, and shall be on the green stripe of which they served.

3. Provisions of the medal are approved by the commander-in-chief, the medal, in silver, will be issued to all officers, warrant officers, non-commissioned officers and men, who have distinguished themselves in the British, Indian, and Colonial Forces; to civilian medical practitioners and others employed with military hospitals in South Africa; and to all nursing sisters, as defined in Army Order 135 of 1901; provided that (a) they were actually serving in South Africa on or after the 1st January, 1902, and (b) that on that date they had completed 13 months war service, or subsequently completed such service before the 1st June, 1902.

4. In interpreting this rule, the actual period of absence from duty either at home or in South Africa on account of wounds, or sickness directly attributable to service in the field will be allowed to count, to make up the period of 13 months.

5. The medal will also be granted to officers, warrant officers, non-commissioned officers and men, who have been invalided by reason of wounds received in action prior to the 1st January, 1902, thereby being unable to complete an aggregate service of 13 months in South Africa, provided they returned, and served there for any period between the 1st January, 1902, and the 31st May, 1902, both dates inclusive.

6. Two clasps will also be granted—(a) a clasp, "South Africa, 1901," to all who served in South Africa between 1st January, 1901, and 31st December, 1901, both dates inclusive. (b) a clasp, "South Africa, 1902," to all who served in South Africa between 1st January, 1902, and 31st May, 1902, both dates inclusive.

7. The above clasps will be worn with the medal granted by Army Order 94 of 1901, by those qualified to receive them, if they are not entitled to receive the medals granted by this Order. If they are entitled to receive the medals granted by this Order, the above clasps will be worn with it.

8. The names of officers and warrant officers who have been invalided by reason of wounds received in action prior to the 1st January, 1902, and served there for any period between the 1st January, 1902, and the 31st May, 1902, both dates inclusive, will be sent to each unit concerned, and a supply will also be kept at the headquarters of each regimental district, for the use of individuals detached from their regiments.

9. The names of officers and warrant officers who have been invalided by reason of wounds received in action prior to the 1st January, 1902, and served there for any period between the 1st January, 1902, and the 31st May, 1902, both dates inclusive, will be sent to each unit concerned, and a supply will also be kept at the headquarters of each regimental district, for the use of individuals detached from their regiments.

10. The names of officers and soldiers, except staff officers, will be entered on the roll of the unit to which they actually belong when the roll is prepared. The roll should also include the names of all individuals who have served with the unit during the war. In the event of inquiries having to be made regarding any individual claims which cannot be certified by the officer commanding the unit, the roll should not be delayed pending the result of the inquiries, but these names should be excluded, and a supplementary roll rendered later.

11. In cases where it is known that individuals have served with more than one unit during the campaign, a note should be made in the column of "Remarks" on the roll showing the unit with which they previously served, and their rank and regimental number therein.

12. General Officers who have relinquished their commands in South



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CANADA SCORED

By British Press Over Her Ministers' Attitude.

MONTREAL, Nov. 4.—The Star's London cable says: Disappointment is the most widespread note of comment upon today's official report of the colonial conference. Especially is disappointment felt among the friends of imperial unity at Canada's attitude. It is discovered that the Canadian ministers left the entire initiative in every subject to British, Australian, New Zealand and South African ministers. Not a single Canadian notice of motion or suggestion for discussion appeared on the agenda.

Every other colony, even Newfoundland, increased or instituted contributions towards the naval defence of the empire. The Canadian ministers not only declined contributions but submitted a memorandum condemning the whole movement for unity in defence so much to expense as to be objected to by the principle of self government.

Answering Mr. Brodric's assertion that the colonial forces which were sent to South Africa could not be pitted against European troops, the Canadian ministers explained that improvements to the Canadian force were now being made and promised to make all reasonable efforts in co-operation with the imperial authorities to secure efficiency so far as consistent with the principle of self government.

They were also prepared to cooperate in the creation of naval reserves among Canadian fishermen. Owing to Canada's attitude the imperial defense proposals fell through, or, in the diplomatic language of the report, "discussion will be continued in correspondence."

The result leads the Morning Post to declare that the blue books show how very far the empire still is from receiving organization for any great end.

The Times' comment on Canadian preference runs as follows: "An appendix dealing with Canadian trade is illustrated in a curious way how little may result even from liberal preferential treatment when general fiscal arrangements are highly protective. Notwithstanding a preference of 3 1/4 per cent. in favor of British goods, the ad valorem burden upon British exports to Canada is actually higher than the ad valorem burden borne by Canada's general trade with other countries sending goods into Canada. Taken as a whole, our exports to Canada pay 18 per cent. ad valorem in spite of the preference while American goods pay on the whole only 12 per cent., and the burden upon all Canadian imports taken together is 15 per cent."

Mrs. Newman Crandall of Chipman, N. B., is visiting her daughter, Miss May, who is ill, at Acadia Seminary, where she is a pupil.

Married, at Woodside, Long Island, N. Y., Saturday evening, Nov. 1st, at the residence of the bridegroom's sister, Mrs. John T. Dunbar, in the presence of a large number of invited guests, members of both families, by the Rev. G. O. Webster, of Woodside, Theodore Kessler, to Miss Gertrude Louise Chandler of New York (late of St. John, N. B.). The reception room and parlors were profusely decorated with white and yellow chrysanthemums, American beauty and bridal roses. The bride's dress was of white Chantilly, elaborately trimmed with white lace and quantities of white baby ribbon. She carried a large bunch of bridal roses, and looked very graceful and charming. The bridesmaid, Miss Leonora Kessler, sister of the groom, wore pink, and carried pale pink roses. The bride's gift to the bridesmaid was a very rich and beautiful pin, in the form of a wishbone, entwined with four-leaved clovers, set in pearls. The groom's gift to the bride was a handsome pair of cut links. After the ceremony an elaborate supper was served. The presents were many and costly, including several substantial cheques, and some very elegant furniture. Mr. and Mrs. Kessler have taken an apartment in Brooklyn, where they will begin housekeeping on their return from the south, where they have gone to spend the honeymoon. The bride's travelling dress was of navy blue broadcloth, with velvet hat of the same shade. The bride and groom were accompanied by the bride's father, Mr. Charles H. Chandler, who married Miss Lillian A. B. Doane, of St. John, and granddaughter of Edward Baron Chandler, formerly lieutenant governor of New Brunswick. Her maternal grandmother was Mrs. Adine Paddock, formerly Miss Isabelle Melick of St. John.

CARELESS USE OF GUN.

NOTRE DAME, Kent Co., Nov. 4.—On Sunday evening, 2nd inst., as Philip B. White was approaching the house of Oliver Hebert, about 1 1/2 miles from here, his progress was suddenly stopped by a load of shot coming from a gun in the hands of Mr. Hebert. Being somewhat annoyed by the mischievous pranks of his neighbors, Mr. Hebert threatened to shoot the next person that he caught around his premises. Mr. White was walking up to the door when his footsteps were heard by Mr. Hebert, who jumped to the conclusion that it was some of his tormentors, and seizing his gun he fired through the open door at the approaching figure. Fortunately the gun went wide of the mark, except two shots which lodged in the abdomen. No serious results are anticipated, but Mr. White had a close call.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 4.—The republicans carry the state by a margin as large as that of 1898.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 4.—The republicans elect their governor by over 15,000 plurality. Legislature will be republican by over 100 majority. All four republican congressmen are elected.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The returns from the national district of Columbia show the republican house of representatives with 234 members, the democratic 195. The republican majority is 39. The republican majority in the senate is 23 to 17. The republican majority in the house is 163 to 103. The republican majority in the senate is 23 to 17. The republican majority in the house is 163 to 103.

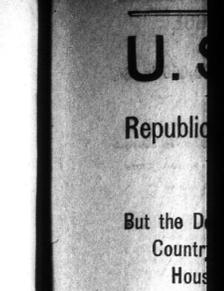
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U. S. ELECTIONS

Republicans Elect Their Governor in New York

But the Democrats Make Great Gains in Many Parts of the Country—Republicans Will Control U. S. Senate and House of Representatives By Reduced Majorities.

CANADA SCORED

British Press Over Her Ministers' Attitude.

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Writings here smile at the implied suggestion that the Australian and New Zealand are less careful than Canada of the principle of self government. Answering Mr. Brodick's assertion that the colonial forces which were sent to South Africa could not be sent against European troops, the Canadian ministers explained that improvements to the Canadian force were now being made and promised to go all reasonable efforts to co-operate with the imperial authorities secure efficiency so far as consistent with the principle of self government.

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The result leads the Morning Post to declare that the Canadian attitude is very far from the empire still is from being organization for any great purpose.

The Times' comment on Canadian defence runs as follows: "An attitude dealing with Canadian trade is treated in a curious way how little result even from liberal preferences treatment when general fiscal arrangements are made protective, withholding a preference of 33 per cent. in favor of British goods, ad valorem burden upon British goods to Canada is actually higher in the ad valorem trade with other countries sending goods into Canada as a whole, our exports to Canada pay 18 per cent. ad valorem in the preference, while American goods pay on the whole only 12 per cent., and the burden upon all Canadian imports taken together is 18 per cent."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Although the returns from the doubtful congressional districts were slow in arriving, the indications at midnight were that the republicans would control the next house of representatives by a narrow margin. In the present house, with a membership of 387, the republicans have 41 majority. Under the new apportionment the 58th house will consist of 388 members, a majority of which is 194.

The thirteen southern states, not counting West Virginia, but including Missouri, have 135 representatives. The democrats have carried 116 of these districts and the republicans probably five, two in Tennessee, one in Kentucky and two in Missouri, with two in North Carolina, one in Virginia and one in Alabama, doubtful according to latest returns.

To obtain a majority in the next house it was necessary therefore for the democrats to secure 73 votes in the north and west. In this territory they have at present 52 representatives. The latest returns indicate that this strength has been held, with the exception of one seat each from Idaho, Montana and Nevada, as to which the returns at this hour are inconclusive. Adding 49 to 116 gives the democrats 165. The returns show that they have made a gain of three in Pennsylvania, one on Nebraska, one in Delaware, one in Wisconsin, two in Maryland, one in Colorado, and probably four in New York, swelling the total to 178. This leaves them sixteen short of a majority, with the result in five doubtful southern districts to be heard from, and doubtful districts in the north and west from which the returns are as yet inadequate, as follows: West Virginia, 2; Ohio, 1; Indiana, Illinois, 2; Iowa, 1; Nebraska, 1; Kansas, 1; Minnesota, 2; Michigan, 1; California, 2; and Utah, 1, a total of 21.

The next U. S. senate will be republican by at least 15 majority against the present majority of 20.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Returns at 1 o'clock add one democrat in New Jersey, one in Minnesota, one in Illinois, one in Alabama, and two in North Carolina, to the democratic representation, a total of six. But two of the gains credited to the democrats in Pennsylvania should properly be set down as fusion republicans, making the democrats actually elected by the returns thus far received 184, with the doubtful districts in Minnesota having gone democratic, the one in Kansas republican, Kansas having gone solidly republican, and the one in Iowa republican. Three of the four doubtful southern districts went democratic.

AMES IN THE 3RD, TIRRELL IN THE 4TH. Ames in the 3rd, Tirrell in the 4th, Roberts in the 5th, Gordon in the 6th, Keilner in the 7th, McCall in the 8th, Sullivan in the 11th, Powers in the 12th, Greene in the 13th, and Lovring in the 14th. The democrats are Thayer, Kather, McNary and Sullivan.

The surprise of the election outside the big vote was the defeat of Eugene N. Foss in the 11th district. Mr. Foss ran in the new district, which includes a number of strong republican wards in Boston, and after defeating Adams in the caucus seemed almost sure of an election. His campaign against Adams, in which he advocated changes in the tariff, met with little success, and he apparently did him little good at the polls, as he was badly cut in all the wards.

The strength of the socialistic movement was also a feature and that party gained one representative in the house, by polling a good vote for the candidate for governor.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 4.—The republicans have undoubtedly secured full control of the state, as a majority decreased somewhat from last year in the house and with the possible exception of the chief executive, they have elected their state ticket.

If the democrats continue to gain in the same ratio as has held true during the early evening, the election of Hon. P. L. C. Gavril of Cumberland over Governor C. D. King of Providence, the republican candidate, seems likely.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 4.—The republicans carried Ohio by next to highest plurality on record. At midnight Chairman Dick said: "Returns to this hour do not change our estimate of the state as so many that it is impossible to give a reliable estimate of the result. It is generally conceded that the republicans have made heavy gains throughout the state."

LOWELL, Mass., Nov. 4.—Gaston carried Lowell by 500 votes, reversing the verdict of last year when Crane had 775 plurality. The republicans carried the city by 896, but the loss was insufficient to give him the state majority, which is approximately 100,000. The republicans carried the city by 896, but the loss was insufficient to give him the state majority, which is approximately 100,000. The republicans carried the city by 896, but the loss was insufficient to give him the state majority, which is approximately 100,000.

MONTANA. BUTTE, Mont., Nov. 4.—The latest returns give the state to the republicans almost beyond a doubt, although defeat has not yet been conceded by the democrats.

NEW YORK STATE. NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—In spite of a phenomenal gain in New York and Kings county for Blodgett, the returns up to a late hour tonight indicate the republicans will carry the state, to the governorship of New York.

CONNECTICUT. NEW HAVEN, Nov. 4.—Connecticut today elected the full republican ticket for state offices and all the five republican candidates for congress. Returns received up to midnight from 150 of the 168 towns in the state, not including the important cities of New Haven, Hartford, Bridgeport, Waterbury, indicated that the plurality for Chamberlain, the republican candidate for governor, would be at least 15,000, an increase of 1,000 over the plurality of two years ago.

PENNSYLVANIA. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4.—Today for the first time in the history of the state, more than one million votes were cast in an election. Samuel W. Pennock (R.), was elected governor by an estimated plurality of 115,000, and the republican ticket was generally successful in the various counties. The democrats elected two and possibly three of the 32 congressmen. The legislature will be more strongly republican than ever before, with the exception of the 1897 session, and it is certain that Penrose will succeed himself in the U. S. senate.

THROUGH DEMOCRATIC EYES. WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—At midnight Chairman Griggs made a statement claiming the house would be democratic by from 10 to 12 votes.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Mr. Coler, the democratic candidate for governor, was asked tonight what he thought of the result of the election. He said: "You can quote me as saying that I don't give it up. I cannot imagine how, with the magnificent vote I received in Greater New York, there should be such a peculiar vote in the upper part of the state. I am convinced that there has been a little of that peculiar 'heaven Chinese' business going on."

MASSACHUSETTS RETURNS. BOSTON, Nov. 4.—Lieut. Gov. John L. Bates of Boston was elected governor by the republicans in the state election today, defeating Wm. A. Gaston, the democratic candidate, by 37,473 plurality, the vote being: Bates (R.), 185,941; Gaston (D.), 148,468.

The republicans also elected the rest of the state ticket and ten out of fourteen congressmen. The state legislature remains unchanged, the senate standing, according to the late returns, 23 republicans and 7 democrats, and the house, 133 republicans, 75 democrats, and 3 socialists.

The result exceeded the expectations of the republicans and was correspondingly disappointing to the democrats, who had waged a spirited campaign and hoped to win the republican plurality to less than 20,000, and even perhaps win out by a small margin. The superb weather, however, brought out a tremendous vote, especially in the country towns, and the total was well up to the big vote of 1900.

The congressmen elected are Lawrence in the 1st, Gillett in the 2nd,

Ames in the 3rd, Tirrell in the 4th, Roberts in the 5th, Gordon in the 6th, Keilner in the 7th, McCall in the 8th, Sullivan in the 11th, Powers in the 12th, Greene in the 13th, and Lovring in the 14th. The democrats are Thayer, Kather, McNary and Sullivan.

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THE CURSE OF MANKIND IS CONSTIPATION.

Ninety-tenths of the ailments we have can be traced to constipation. The bowels are for no other earthly purpose but to cleanse and keep clean and in working order our systems. Constipation is more prevalent among women than men, but it is too common in both. You may imagine you have dyspepsia, or chronic headache, or rheumatism, or heart affections, or bad blood causing eruptions—you may feel dull and ambitionless. Unless your case has been diagnosed and you know otherwise, the chances are your trouble is constipation.

Laxa-Cara Tablets, if taken after meals, draw nature into her natural course and keep the bowels regular and in healthy action. Ordinarily a short treatment will prove sufficient. In stubborn cases several boxes may be needed. It is only a question of a short time, however, when the whole intestinal system will be made strong and naturally active. Then Laxa-Cara Tablets should be stopped.

They come in small, chocolate-coated form, easy to take and palatable. From the first day you will feel their gentle but sure effect. Price 35 cents a box at your druggist's, or by mail postpaid on receipt of price.

FRANK WHEATON
SOLE AGENT FOR CANADA.
FOLLY VILLAGE, N. S.

LONDON CONFERENCE.

Official Statement of the Canadian Minister of Finance.

OTTAWA, Nov. 5.—The following official statement was handed out by the minister of finance today:

"The blue book issued in London contains several speeches by members of the imperial cabinet, introducing subjects to the conference, but the debates which followed were treated as confidential, and therefore are not included in the published report. All the resolutions adopted by the conference are published. In several matters of special importance documents were submitted by members of the conference, and these are included in the published report. On the subject of preferential trade the members of the imperial cabinet were inclined to minimize the value of the preference given by Canada. The British board of trade submitted elaborate statistical statements on the trade between the United Kingdom and the colonies and also a special memorandum on the subject of Canada. In this it was argued that the Canadian tariff was still high and that the preference did not very materially benefit Great Britain.

"This memorandum was met by another prepared by the Canadian ministers, giving the history of the preferential tariff, showing the increase that had taken place in trade between Canada and the mother country and contending that this increase was to a very considerable extent due to the preference. Debates on these questions took place, and the matter was also considered by committees. In the course of the negotiations suggestions were made as to further advantages that might be given to Great Britain in return for a preference in the British market.

"The president of the board of trade, Right Hon. Gerald Balfour, submitted to the conference a memorandum giving the substance of what the colonies were supposed to grant in return for such a British preference. The memorandum is as follows:

"Memorandum. The president of the board of trade, the Canadian minister of finance, and the Canadian minister of commerce were highly appreciative of the communications which have taken place in it is understood that the representatives of the colonies, hereinafter mentioned, are prepared to recommend to their respective governments preferential treatment of British goods on the following lines:

"(a) By further reducing the duties in favor of the United Kingdom. (b) By raising the duties against foreign imports. (c) By imposing duties on the free list.

"Australia—Preferential treatment not yet definite as to nature or extent. (New Zealand)—A general preference by ten per cent. all round reduction of the present duty on British manufactures and goods, or an equivalent in respect of lists of selected articles on the lines proposed by Canada, namely:

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"Ultimately a resolution on the subject of preferential trade was adopted by the conference and Canadian ministers summarized the proceedings on the subject in a memorandum, which was in the Blue Book. The resolution of the conference reads as follows:

(1) That this conference recognized the principle of preferential trade between the United Kingdom and His Majesty's dominions beyond the seas would stimulate mutual commercial intercourse and would by permitting the development of the resources and industries of the several parts strengthen the Empire.

(2) That the conference recognized that in the present circumstances of the colonies it is impracticable to adopt a general system of free trade as between the mother country and the British dominions beyond the seas.

(3) That with a view, however, to promoting the increase of trade within the Empire it is desirable that those colonies which have not already adopted such a policy should as far as their circumstances permit give substantial preferential treatment to the products and manufactures of the United Kingdom.

(4) That the prime ministers of the colonies respectfully urge upon His Majesty's government to adopt the principle of preferential trade to the Empire it is desirable that those colonies which have not already adopted such a policy should as far as their circumstances permit give substantial preferential treatment to the products and manufactures of the United Kingdom.

(5) That the prime ministers present at the conference undertake to submit to their respective governments at the earliest opportunity the proposals of the resolution and request them to take such measures as may be necessary to give effect to it.

(6) The following is the Canadian minister's final memorandum on the subject of preferential trade:

"This subject has frequently engaged the attention of the conference. At an early stage Mr. Chamberlain suggested that the question could most conveniently be dealt with by the representatives of each colony placing themselves in each colony with the president of the board of trade, Gerald Balfour, and the Canadian minister of commerce. Accordingly the Canadian ministers had several protracted interviews with these gentlemen and discussed the whole subject very fully. Opportunity was also taken to present the Canadian view to Mr. Chamberlain. These discussions were natural, reached by the private character. Now the conference is drawing to a close it is desirable that the course of the negotiations and the conclusions reached should be outlined in official form to be placed on record. From the beginning of the proceedings the Canadian ministers have claimed that in consideration of substantial preference given by Canada for some years to the products of the mother country, Canadian food products should be exempted in the United Kingdom from the duties recently imposed. Representatives to this effect previously made through the high commissioner for Canada were supplemented by the ministers, presenting in writing and occasional interviews with the imperial ministers.

Mr. Chamberlain, on behalf of the imperial government, was unable to agree to the proposals of the Canadian government. He represented that the imperial government were highly appreciative of the good feeling manifested by Canada in the granting of preferential treatment, but did not think that the material advantages to the trade of the United Kingdom were as great as the Canadian ministers claimed. He further said that the change desired by Canada would be an important departure from the established fiscal policy of the Kingdom, and that if the proposals could be entertained at all as to which he was not prepared to commit himself, it would be necessary for Canada to offer some material concessions beyond those which she had already voluntarily given.

RICHES FOR LORD DUNDONALD.

The London Telegraph thus summarizes the will of Mrs. Hesketh, mother-in-law of Lord Dundonald, commander of the Canadian militia:

Mrs. Ellen Bamford-Hesketh of Coway House, Torquay, who died on Aug. 27 last, at Gwrych Castle, Aberystwyth, left personal estate to the net value of £172,000, and the gross value of the whole of her estate is £174,000. She bequeathed her leasehold house, No. 34 Portman Square, to be held upon like trust with those on which the Forth estate is held under the marriage settlements made in 1878 of her daughter, the Countess of Dundonald, and the testatrix left the residue of her property in trust for her said daughter during her life, and subject to her life interest in trust for such one or more of her children, other than said eldest child, who may succeed to the said estate, as Lady Dundonald may appoint, or in default of appointment, for all her children, other than such eldest child, or if there should be only one child, then for that child.

KRUGER'S POLLY.

PRETORIA, Nov. 5.—A decision which has been handed down by the supreme court declaring ex-President Kruger's proclamation of Oct. 1899 abrogating the payment of rent and interest during the South African war, to be invalid, has produced consternation here and in Johannesburg. Although it is expected that many of the better class landlords and creditors will accept a compromise, this decision means ruin to many who relied upon the proclamation to escape payment of rent, etc.

STUDENTS-AT-LAW.

M. G. Duffy, M. L. Hayward, Mabelle P. French and J. Lewis Millmore are the successful applicants for admission as students-at-law at the examination recently held at Fredericton.

Archibald C. Calder, J. Wallace DeB. Ferris, Richard E. Hanson, Frederick Forster, Hill, Peter J. Hughes, George A. Hutchinson, Fred A. Morrison and Alphonse Turgeon are undergoing the examination for admission as attorneys. S. A. Worrall and Homer D. Forster from the St. John's school will be admitted by virtue of their degrees.

ANOTHER STEAMER.

QUEBEC, Nov. 3.—S. S. Iberian of the Leyland line, which went ashore on Friday last at Red Island, is now in Louisbourg, and is said to be badly damaged. It is necessary to keep the pumps in constant action. The Iberian was on her way to Quebec when she grounded, and was to be the first steamer to take grain from the new extension of the Great Northern elevator.

KNIFE BLADE IN BRAIN.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—After having carried a knife blade one and one-quarter inches long in his brain for 22 years, P. J. Kent has undergone a successful operation for its removal. The blade had broken off into a skull and the point had been inserted squarely into the brain. Kent suffered from frequent epileptic seizures. The physicians say Kent will now recover full control of his muscles.

CHAIN OF HOTELS.

OTTAWA, Nov. 3.—J. K. Paisley, of Toronto, this morning completed the purchase of the Grand Hotel and will make it one of a circuit of hotels extending from Halifax to Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Toronto, and the development of tourist traffic. The Grand Union will be reconstructed.

Tired Tatters—"De perlice Jedge said he'd let me off if I'd promise ter go clean out uv de state." Weary Walket—"And did you promise?" Tired Tatters—"Partly, I promised ter go out uv de state."—Chicago News.

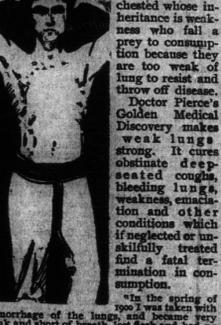
Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Narrow Chests

The old theory that consumption was inherited is utterly discredited by modern medical science. The germ of consumption must be received from without. These germs are every where. They are constantly being received and cast out by the healthy system. It is the narrow chest which is the danger zone. Inheritance is weakness which falls a prey to consumption. It cures obstinate coughs, bleeding lungs, weakness, emaciation and other conditions which if neglected or unskillfully treated find a fatal termination in consumption.

"In the spring of 1900 I was with hemorrhage of the lungs, and became very weak and lost of breath, but food had no appetite," writes Mr. E. L. Roberts of Jersey, N. J., "I was advised to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. The first few bottles would soon be a victim of the dread disease, but I continued to take it, and my friends persuaded me to give up 'Golden Medical Discovery' a fair trial. I had taken six more bottles. I weigh 160 pounds now, and I am contented. I only weighed 120 pounds when I commenced. This claimant will be pleased to answer any inquiry."

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." Nothing "just as good." Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse the clogged system from impurities.



ADVERTISING RATES. \$1.00 per inch for ordinary transient advertising.

SUN PRINTING COMPANY. ALFRED MARKHAM, Manager.

NOTICE. When a subscriber wishes the address on the paper changed to another Post Office, the OLD ADDRESS should ALWAYS be sent with the new one.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN. ST. JOHN, N. B., NOVEMBER 8, 1903.

HOW CANADA WAS EFFACED. Canada should have taken the first and leading place in the colonial conference.

THE DOCTRINE OF DISENTANGLEMENT.

Professor Edward Spencer Beesly, the author of the "Frontiers of Empire," has written for this publication an article which is said to be a "striking deliverance."

So far as can be learned, the element of danger grows out of the fact that the United States would like to annex Canada.

Britain would be disentangled from the affairs of America, Asia, Africa, and Europe.

AFRAID OF MR. PREFONTAINE. It was remarked by this paper the other day that in case Mr. Prefontaine should be taken into the cabinet the three liberal journals of Montreal

would have much to take back. Le Patriote, however, will probably not take back anything.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN AND SIR WILFRID.

The fuller report of the colonial conference bears out the conclusion formed from the first brief abstract.

THE BOGUS POSTAL SURPLUS.

Sir William Mulock has figured out a surplus for the post office department.

ANOTHER ISSUE.

The sensational defeat of Tammany in New York is not, as it is necessarily inconsistent with the democratic majority given by that city on Tuesday to the democratic state and national ticket.

The Sun has great pleasure in reprinting the latest burst of humor of the brilliant Telegraph.

And what do the average newspaper reader, and the advertisers, think of the editorial and news policy of the Sun?

We do not observe from a study of the government press of other provinces that the party papers show the great alacrity in coming to the help of Mr. Blair in his advocacy of a government railway to the Pacific.

GUY FAWKES' DAY.

St. John and its Suburbs Celebrated the Anniversary With Fervor.

At White's restaurant Wednesday the officers and members of St. John District Orange Lodge celebrated the anniversary of the gunpowder plot with a banquet which was in every respect creditable to the place of entertainment.

CELEBRATION IN CARLETON.

True Blue L. O. L. No. 11, held a very pleasant celebration of Guy Fawkes' Day at the Odd Fellows hall, Carleton, last evening.

AT THE NORTH END.

Dominion Loyal Orange Lodge, No. 141, held a largely attended and decidedly interesting public meeting at the Orange hall, Simonds street, last evening.

ON THE QUESTION OF IMPERIAL DEFENCE.

The British ministers desired the colonial contributions to the navy and the establishment in the colonies of a self-defence force, to be available in the event of a contingency in any portion of the empire.

OTHER RESOLUTIONS.

The resolutions of conference on other subjects were as follows: "That it would be to the advantage of the Empire if conferences were held as far as practicable at intervals not exceeding four years.

IN FAIRVILLE.

Willis Lodge of Fairville held a supper in their hall at Fairville last evening which was largely attended.

GUY FAWKES' DAY AT HAMPTON.

Hampton L. O. L. No. 52, celebrated Guy Fawkes' day by a public meeting in Orange hall, Wednesday evening.

LONDON CONFERENCE.

(Continued from Page Three.)

CANADIAN MINISTERS' FINAL MEMORANDUM.

The Canadian ministers' final memorandum on the subject of preferential trade said: "From the beginning of proceedings the Canadian ministers have admitted that in consideration of a substantial preference given by Canada for some years to the products of the mother country, Canadian products should be exempted in the United Kingdom from duties recently imposed."

Chamberlain, on behalf of the imperial government, is unable to agree to these proposals. He represented that the imperial government, while appreciating the good feeling manifested by Canada in the granting of preferential treatment, did not think its material advantages to the United Kingdom were as great as the Canadian ministers claimed.

GERMAN COMMENT.

(Special to the Sun.) MONTREAL, Nov. 5.—The Star's London cable says: The Vienna correspondent of the London Standard makes this comment: "By the colonial conference disclosures people realize the fact that England, if attacked, is fully able to strike back."

WHOSE WIFE IS SHE?

The famous St. Jesebel narrative is one of the choice stories of a present bishop of Baltimore.

WHY AMERICANS HAVE SMALL FAMILIES.

According to Professor Vierkandt, a German sociologist, the question whether American superiority can make itself felt in the world at large depends on the size of the American families.

THE LARK SUPERIOR.

It is now expected the Superior will be towed to Esquaport next week. Men are now engaged fitting up her bottom and as soon as the tides will permit of it an additional plate will be screwed on her bottom under the stoke hold.

WOOLLEN COMPANY'S INCREASE.

(Montreal Herald.) There is to be an increase in the capitalization of the Oxford Woollen Mills Company.

IRISH LEAGUE.

Proposes to Raise \$100,000 in Six Months.

Aim is to Politically Destroy Balfour and His Colleagues—Appeal Ends With "God Save Ireland!"

The following address of the national officers and committee of the United Irish League of America has been issued from the headquarters in Chicago and the secretary in Boston: Friends and Fellow Citizens—At its first national convention, held in Faneuil hall, Boston, on Oct. 20 and 21, 1902, the United Irish League of America pledged itself to raise an Irish national defense fund of \$100,000 for the maintenance of Ireland's struggle for land and liberty within the period of six months.

In addition, it made a pledge to raise \$100,000 for the maintenance of the fund for the purpose of crushing the resistance of the Irish people—and thus give to Ireland the most practical help that can be given her under existing conditions.

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CITY.

Recent Events.

Together With from Co and P

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WANTED—A

KUMFORT Poy from ten to twelve The new paper issued in Germany mark a fine port

It is stated

al, now on the rise and Bay C trips on the 19th Sterling B. Lo a contract for a building on 900 feet of his sections.

Capt. B. R. A

from a friend in ber of beautiful illus shell. Ther ers, in the city. John Richards Messrs. S. A. Cre died there Mond illness of pneum years.

Chronic Const

money back. L never fall. Sm easy to take. The King's bir ed at Canter Orangerem m church for a sermon b All are cordiall J. D. Hazen, McInerney will St. George on next week and d Saturday eve. A suitable hall in the holding of a

There is at pre

ply of fresh po purchased within consequence price and in the long houses there will be a Mr. Mowatt a assisting him in at the Carleton through with ad Large quantities shipped to ton and Grand

A Norton cor

people of Nortio welcome Rev. after a long so Saturday eve. ly improved in tions performed. quite successful. Charles Butt owner of the W. Auburndale, Ma Saturday eve. largest antlers Brunswick, Que He had as guide A. H. Home, Que

Most enjoya

at Nauwig Saturday eve. choir and other opened the Daniel gave a c number of contr included Mr. All Thompson, the Freeze and the acted as accompanist. The ladies of the freshments in at sent, and when shod Coun. Giv cakes and thing were realized to church at that

Geauga, coide, no

are quickl benefactors. HOPK Rev. T. J. Del evening united D. Hopkins of the most dealers and daughter of Johr The ceremony w home of the bric number of fric conso cures, a bridesmaid and bride's brother.

PEAR OF

Most people v are victims of Mrs. W. Franci Kingston, was in ney disease. She back and legs, flesh and felt a d friend recommen noy-Liver Pills complete cure. more reliable, no dube a thorough 25 cents a box.

IRISH LEAGUE

...to Raise \$100,000 in Six Months.

...to Politically Destroy Balfour and His Colleagues in Boston.

...With "God Save Ireland!"

The following address of the national officers and committee of the Irish League of America has been issued from the headquarters in New York...

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CITY NEWS.

Recent Events in and Around St. John.

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges.

The Furness liner Carlisle City sailed yesterday for London via Halifax.

Wm. Morrison has been reported for working in the city without a license.

In East Simcoe we boast of Mr. Good, Mr. Goodenough—and even, Mr. Goodgood—Orilla Packet.

WANTED—A case of Headache that KUMPOUR Powders will not cure in from ten to twenty minutes.

The new paper money, soon to be issued in Germany, has as a watermark a fine portrait of the Emperor.

City market will close at ten o'clock Saturday night, Nov. 8th. Commencing Monday, Nov. 10th, will open at 7.30.

It is stated that the steamer Admiral, now on the route between Dalhousie and Bay Chaleur, will stop her trips on the 18th.

Sterling B. Lordly has just finished a contract for supplying the Immigration building on the west side with 1,000 feet of his celebrated birch silt settees.

Capt. B. R. Armstrong has received from a friend in South Africa a number of beautiful specimens of the Nautilus shell. There are few, if any others, in the city.

John Richards, confidential clerk for Messrs. S. A. Crowl & Co., Yarmouth, died Monday night after a brief illness of pneumonia. He was aged 65 years.

Chronic Constipation surely cured or money back. LAXA-CARA TABLETS never fail. Small, chocolate coated, easy to take. Price, 35 cents. At druggists.

The King's birthday is to be observed at Canterbury Station by the Orangemen marching to Trinity church for public service and listening to a sermon by Rev. J. E. Flewelling. All are cordially invited.

J. D. Hazen, M. P., and Geo. V. McInerney will address meetings at St. George's on Thursday evening of next week at Milltown on the Friday evening following. The want of a suitable hall in St. Stephen prevented the holding of a meeting there.

There is at present quite a large supply of fresh pork in the city, chiefly purchased within the provinces, and in consequence prices are rather easy, but so much is being used up in the packing houses there is no telling when there will be a big jump in quotations.

Mr. Mowatt and those who are assisting him in stripping the salmon at the Carleton fish pond, have got through with about two-thirds of the fish. Large quantities of ova have been shipped to Bedford, Cape Breton and Grand Falls.

A Norton correspondent writes: The people of Norton were delighted to welcome Rev. Father Byrne home after a long sojourn in Carney Hospital, Boston. Father Byrne has greatly improved in health, and the operations performed on him have proved quite successful.

Charles Buttler, proprietor and owner of the Woodland Park Hotel, Auburn, Mass., U. S., brought out of the woods one caribou, having the largest antlers of any taken in New Brunswick thus far; also one moose. He had as guide John Taylor of Hunter's Home, Queens Co., N. B.

A most enjoyable entertainment was given at Nauyasgowan, Kings Co., last Saturday evening by the Robesay choir and others. Councillor Gilbert operated the phonograph and Mr. Daniel gave a capital recitation. The other contributors to the programme included Mr. Allen, Mrs. Taylor, Miss Thompson, the Misses Gilbert, Mr. Freese and the choir. Mr. Thompson acted as accompanist and Rev. A. W. Daniel as chairman. After the concert the ladies of the place provided refreshments in abundance for all present, and when the report was finished Coun. Gilbert auctioned off the cakes and things that remained; \$20 were realized towards shingling the church at that end of the parish.

Coughs, colds, sore throats and other ailments are quickly relieved by Vapo-Cresol, 25 cents per box. All druggists.

HOPKINS-NIXON. Rev. T. J. Delmstadt on Wednesday evening united in marriage Frank B. D. Hopkins of the Union street firm of meat dealers and Miss Winifred Nixon, daughter of John Nixon, Peters street. The ceremony was performed at the home of the bride in the presence of a number of friends. Miss Rosina M. Hopkins, sister of the groom, was bridesmaid and Percy Nixon, the bride's brother, was groomsmen.

FEAR OF THE FUTURE. Most people who dread the future are victims of some terrible disease. Mrs. W. Francis, 204 Colborne street, Kingston, was in a bad state with kidney disease. She had severe pains in back and legs, was gradually losing flesh and felt a dread of the future. A friend recommended Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and the result was a complete cure. There is no medicine more reliable, none so certain to produce a thorough cure. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box.

H. L. SHAW PROMOTED. FREDERICTON, N. B., Nov. 4.—Leroy Shaw, son of A. McN. Shaw, St. John, has been appointed Manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia at Fredericton, N. B. Mr. Shaw has in the employ of the Bank of Nova Scotia at Fredericton, St. John, and St. John's, Nfld., and is very popular young man.

GETS HALE AND MURCHIE LIMITS.

One of the largest timber sales effected here for a long time was made at Chubb's corner yesterday at noon, when John G. Murchie of Colchester secured crown lands...

Many of the principal lumbermen of the St. John river district were present or were represented at the corner this morning. Some of them took an active part in the sale, while others apparently made no bids. Shortly after noon Auctioneer Geovry read the notice of sale, giving in detail the number of the limits on the Tobique and vicinity, consisting of about three hundred square miles. There was also offered one-third interest in thirteen square miles of limits held by Michael Kelly, and the title or interest formerly belonging to Hale & Murchie in the land or license held by F. W. Winslow for F. H. Hale and Adams, Burns & Co.

Terms of sale ten per cent cash down. What am I offered for this property? said the auctioneer. "Twenty-five thousand dollars," replied W. H. Murray.

That started the ball rolling and the bidding was then commenced in lively fashion with F. H. Hale, J. Murchie and John E. Moore as the principal bidders. At about \$35,000 Mr. Hale dropped out, but the others sent the price up by jumps of five hundred thousand dollars. At \$40,000 W. T. Whitehead, of Fredericton, took a hand in the sale and it was between him and the other two that the bidding went on until the sixty-eight thousand mark was reached. At that stage Mr. Murchie gave the price a boost of two thousand, another thousand was added, and Mr. Murchie capped that with a bid of \$72,000, and was given possession.

DEATH OF JONATHAN TITUS. For Many Years a Well Known Retail Merchant.

The death occurred Thursday at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. D. W. Stillwell, 25 Richmond street, of Jonathan Titus, who for many years was a well known merchant in St. John. Mr. Titus was born at Titusville, Kings Co., and came to St. John about fifty years ago. He opened a grocery store on Charlotte street, where Puddington & Merritt's store now is, and remained there for some years. After that he was in partnership with several persons, the last time with William Dykeman, at the Y. M. C. A. block, where Mr. Chisholm is now. Still later he opened a store of his own on North Market street. Twelve years ago he retired, but in 1918 he was confined to his bed with rheumatism.

Mr. Titus was twice married. His first wife was Anna Frost, daughter of the late Ezra Frost. His second wife, who is now in the Home for incurables, was Miss Mary Wade.

He leaves two daughters, Mrs. (Rev.) W. W. Weeks of Toronto, and Mrs. Stillwell with whom he lived. One brother, James Titus, lives at Hampton. There are three sisters, Mrs. Benjamin Smith of Hopewell, Cape Breton; Mrs. W. D. Dykeman, of St. John, and Mrs. J. C. Titus, of Titusville.

For about forty-eight years Mr. Titus was actively identified with the Methodist church, of which he was a senior deacon. A wide circle of friends will mourn his death.

GUESTS AGAIN. (Yesterday's Star.)

The Telegraph this morning publishes a story from the Canadian Magazine about a match race from Fredericton to St. John between a moose owned by Sir Edmund Head, governor of this province, and a team of horses owned by Lord Hill, of the 2nd regiment. A very searching and extended examination was given to the different exceptions, the morning paper's decision may be correct. Lord Hill and his regiment were stationed here in 1838, and left shortly after that time. Sir Edmund Head was appointed governor of the province in 1848, and was therefore not in office during the stay of the 2nd regiment. Lord Hill, however, was a principal in a rather exciting race, but his competitor was Sir Edmund Head, but a well known driver, Larry Stevens. The race was between horses owned by these gentlemen, and the course was from St. John to Fredericton. Stevens died in July, 1838, ten years before Sir Edmund's appointment.

PATENT REPORT. Following is a list of patents recently granted by the Canadian government through the agency of Marion & Lalor, patent attorneys, Montreal, Can., and Washington, U. S. Information relating to any of these patents will be supplied free of charge by applying to the above named firm.

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7,774—Julius Lagarde, Clermont-Ferrand, France, improvements in type-writing machines.

"The Inventor's Help," a book on patents, will be sent to any address upon request.

Mrs. Longley, wife of Attorney General of Nova Scotia, has been seriously ill at Annapolis for several weeks is now convalescent.

FRED GOODSPPEED.

What His Mother Says of His Condition and Frame of Mind.

Fred Goodspeed's mother visited him in the jail yesterday for the third time since his arrest. No definite arrangement has been made whereby Mrs. Goodspeed is permitted to see her son, and her visits have not been regular. She is admitted to the jail only at intervals and has frequently been denied admission.

In speaking to the Star this morning Mrs. Goodspeed said that Fred was looking very well. He is growing quite fat and his color is good. In fact he looks much better than she expected, and says that he feels just as well as he looks.

While with her son in jail yesterday Mrs. Goodspeed urged him to tell all he knew of the Doherty murder. She pointed out that it would be to his benefit to tell her anything, and advised him, if he has been hiding anything back, to do so no longer. Fred told his mother that he had said everything. He could not even suggest any motive for the murder and has not the faintest idea why it was committed. This statement he persists in and adds that on the way to Doherty's cell neither the murdered boy nor himself knew that Higgins had a revolver in his possession.

Goodspeed said of his own approaching trial and expressed himself as deserving of punishment. He said he knew he had done wrong and was not sorry to be punished for it. He said he might be imposed upon him. He also announced to his mother that he intended to give a good boy when he came out of jail.

Mrs. Goodspeed says that Fred spoke of Higgins and remarked that it was a pity Higgins had not told the truth at the trial. He has heard of Higgins' remarks and is sure that he would correct that he himself told the truth.

The boy's cell in the jail is on the south side of the new wing, looking toward Hastings street. He never leaves his cell except for the purpose of going to the bath room at the end of the corridor. A few books have been given to him by S. E. Morrill, his solicitor, and other books sent to him by some of his friends, but as these latter contained stories of shooting and similar incidents, she has thought it best not to give them to him.

Goodspeed's trial begins on Tuesday, Nov. 25th.

ORDINATION COUNCIL AT SALLISBURY, N. B.

Pursuant to a call from the Salisbury church, delegates from invited churches met in the Baptist meeting house at Salisbury on the afternoon of Tuesday, Nov. 4th, to consider the advisability, and if found advisable, to open a grocery store on Charlotte street, where Puddington & Merritt's store now is, and remained there for some years. After that he was in partnership with several persons, the last time with William Dykeman, at the Y. M. C. A. block, where Mr. Chisholm is now. Still later he opened a store of his own on North Market street. Twelve years ago he retired, but in 1918 he was confined to his bed with rheumatism.

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HIGGINS CAN APPEAL.

Mr. Mullin Granted Leave by Supreme Court to Ask for New Trial.

He and Attorney-General Pugsley Will Argue Case Next Tuesday—Points on Which Appeal Chiefly Based.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Nov. 4.—At the Michaelmas term of the Supreme Court, which opened this morning, all the judges present, Daniel Mullin, K. C., moved this afternoon for leave to appeal in the Higgins murder case on the following grounds:

First—That the judge was in error in reference to his ruling as to selection of talesmen.

Second—That the judge was in error in not discharging the jury and empanelling a new one when it appeared that one of the jurors John A. Pooley, who had already been sworn stated that he could not give the preceding a fair trial as he had his mind already made up.

Third—Error in admitting rebuttal testimony of Harry McGinley and Mrs. Goodspeed.

Fourth—Misdirection of learned judge with reference to comments made by his honor on the silence of the prisoner after consulting counsel and inference which might be drawn from such silence.

Upon Mr. Mullin's first point, the judges were clearly against him, and it also seemed that they were adverse to admitting Mr. Mullin's contention with reference to empanelling a new jury. So far as might be judged from remarks let fall by his honors whilst the counsel was arguing the third point, two at least were disposed to agree with him. Upon the fourth point it is thought that their honors may be equally divided.

The court considers and will give decision some day during term. Mr. Mullin returned to St. John upon this evening's train.

The supreme court now in session at Fredericton has granted Frank Higgins leave to appeal.

Their decision was a surprise to many and is by no means a small victory for Mr. Mullin, who applied for that leave earlier in the week. His grounds for so asking were based on alleged irregularity in empanelling the jury list; on the fact of the proposed prejudices of some of the jurors; on the irregular admission of evidence by the crown in rebuttal and on alleged direction by Judge Landry in his charge to the jury.

The particular grounds upon which the leave is granted were not stated, but from the observations of the judges during Mr. Mullin's argument of the motion it is inferred that it is the comments of the trial judge in his charge to the jury respecting the prisoner's silence after his arrest and employment of counsel.

The decision means that Mr. Mullin has leave to appeal. He was granted permission on Tuesday next to appeal before the full bench for a new trial for his client. His grounds for so appealing will be the same as those upon which he based his argument for leave to appeal early in his case. Attorney General Pugsley will appear and will present the crown's argument against Mr. Mullin's contentions.

Legal opinion in St. John seems to think that the application for a new trial is not based upon sufficient grounds to justify the court in granting the plea. The acts of 1887 with reference to appeals says: "A new trial shall not be granted on the ground of misdirection or improper admission of evidence unless the opinion of the court some substantial wrong or miscarriage has been thereby occasioned in the trial of the accused. It is for the present bench to decide whether the evidence of Mrs. Marshall and Harris McGinley was improperly admitted, and if it was whether it was strong enough to substantiate the charge, and whether Judge Landry's reference to the prisoner's silence until the trial moment in the case could be considered as material evidence, and such being the case, if it did materially influence the jury.

20 YEARS OF ITCHING PILES. Mr. Alex. McLaughlin, Bowmanville, Ont., writes that for twenty years he suffered terribly from itching piles. Seven years ago he asked a druggist for the best cure for piles and was told to use Dr. Chase's Ointment. He continued this treatment until entirely cured, and as he has never had any return of his old trouble considers his cure permanent and remarkable on account of the length of time he suffered.

WHY THIS DELAY? FREDERICTON, Nov. 4.—At a meeting of the Barristers' Society held last evening, the following resolution was passed:

That the council of this society be requested to enquire into the cause of the delay that now exists in the publication of the New Brunswick reports, and be also requested to memorialize the provincial government to take such action in this matter as will bring about the desired remedy and obtain prompt publication of such reports.

SMALLPOX IN KENT. MONCTON, Nov. 5.—The smallpox scourge appears to be again on the increase in Kent, recently appearing in seven houses in the parish of Wellington and there are two new cases in the parish of St. Mary's. Notwithstanding repeated requests of the county board of health, backed by a resolution passed at a special meeting of the county council, it is said the local government has so far declined to give authority for compulsory vaccination.

To cure Headache in ten minutes use LIMPOT Headache Powders.

JERUSALEM NOTES.

Harry W. Woods, of Welsford, visited here last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Inch and Nat. Inch, of Fredericton, arrived last Saturday to attend their father's funeral. Mrs. Ker, of St. John, and her son, Ambrose, have been visiting Alf. Burgess the past week or two.

Thos. Donohue, of St. John, spent the last two weeks here in search of game. John Inch, sr., was buried here last Sunday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. W. E. Johnson with Rev. H. Hayward assisting at the church.

Rev. C. W. Hamilton, of St. John, is to lecture in the Methodist church here next Tuesday evening, Nov. 11th. Subject: My English Trip.

A fine large moose was seen Monday at Clonsie, quite near Mr. Wilson's house.

Mrs. Hutchinson sells her stock, etc., by auction next Monday.

Rev. C. W. Hamilton will lecture at Oak Point Methodist church on missionary work next Monday evening at 7.30.

Rev. B. Gaskin is assisting Rev. W. E. Johnson in a series of revival services at the Clonsie church, Nov. 11th.

Rev. H. Hayward is holding special meetings in the Baptist church.

HOPWELL HILLS.

HOPWELL HILLS, Nov. 4.—Managing owner E. W. Lynds received word of the arrival of the bark W. W. McLaughlin at Shelburne today. The bark was ordered to Bear River to load for Buenos Ayres.

Capt. A. W. Burns, first officer of the government steamer Lansdowne, spent Sunday at his home at Hopewell Cape. The remains of Henry Philomey, who died at Amherst this week, were brought to Albert Mines yesterday for interment. The deceased, who was about 88 years of age, lived at the place for some time and was held in respect by all who knew him. He leaves a wife, who is a daughter of William Lander of Albert Mines, and four small children. The body was accompanied here by a member of the Orange order.

Reuben Woodworth has sold his farm and lumbered property at Hopewell Cape to Job Stiles, who is lumbering in that section again this season.

FREDERICTON NEWS.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Nov. 2.—The steamer Aberdeen arrived at seven o'clock tonight to go on the Fredericton-Woodstock route. The river has risen about five feet since Tuesday last and is now at a standstill.

Rev. J. H. Hector, the Black Knight, addressed the members of the Opera House this evening upon the subject of temperance.

The value of goods entered for completion at this port in the month of October was \$1,848,000, compared with \$3,721 in the corresponding month last year. The detailed statement is as follows:

Table with columns: State, Dem., Repm. Lists various states and their political affiliations.

The eight Tennessee and the first and second California districts are not included in this table, being classified as doubtful, leaving three votes to be added to the columns according to later returns.

A. H. HANINGTON IN BUTTE. (Anacosta Standard, Oct. 30.)

A distinguished visitor in Butte yesterday was A. H. Hanington, K. C., of St. John, N. B. Mr. Hanington was en route to Helena, where he will appear before the supreme court today in connection with the Bear Gulch mining case. Three-fourths of the stockholders of the capitalist are New Brunswickers and Mr. Hanington is in Montana in the interests of those stockholders. Mr. Hanington is one of the most prominent lawyers in Eastern Canada.

Mr. Hanington visited a number of old Canadian friends yesterday and was entertained by James Berry of the Hennessy Mercantile company, an old-time friend.

HOW TO BEAUTIFY THE COMPLEXION. To have a soft, smooth skin, free from eruptions and pimples, the blood must be healthy and pure. Ferrozine invigorates enfeebled blood, and cleanses it of all impurities and poisons. It brings color to the lips and cheeks, brilliancy to the eyes, whitens the teeth and sweetens the breath. Ferrozine compares with Ferrozine in rapid action and permanent results. Try it. Price 15c, at Druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont. Dr. Hamilton's Pills Cure Headache.

O. J. McCULLY, M. D. M. B. C. S. LONDON. PRACTICE LIMITED TO DISEASES OF EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT. 165 GERMAIN STREET. Office Hours—10 to 12; 1 to 4 p. m.

VETERINARY COURSE BY MAIL. FARMERS' BOYS WANTED to take a practical Veterinary Course. The study is the simplest of English language and completed at your home. The Diploma granted several are wanted now in full positions. Write at once for full particulars. THE EDITOR VETERINARY CORRESPONDENT, ENOCH SCROOPE, Kingston, Ontario, Canada. 1200.

WANTED. AGENTS AND OTHERS, get this book. "How to Get Rich" contains 700 money-making and trade secrets. Price 5c. RELIABLE BOOK CO., Box 87, Toronto.

NOTICE.

The canvassers and collectors for the SEMI-WEEKLY SUN are now making their rounds as mentioned below. The Manager hopes that all subscribers in arrears will pay when called on.

I. D. Pearson is in P. E. Island.

Edgar Canning is in ALBERT COUNTY.

F. S. Chapman in Kings County, N. B.

J. K. Austin in the Counties of Queens and Sunbury, N. B.

U. S. ELECTIONS.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The latest returns received up to 10.30 o'clock tonight show that the republicans (including in this description the fusionists, elected from the Pittsburgh-Allegheny districts in Pennsylvania), will control the next house by a vote of 204 republicans to 175 democrats, with one district, the eighth Tennessee, and two California districts remaining so much in doubt that the official returns will be needed to decide the result. The totals given are believed to be correct, although there are a few districts, such as two in Colorado and one in Minnesota, where the republican and democratic party managers respectively do not concede defeat, but the general result could not be affected even should their claims prove well founded. The table by states is as follows:

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