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TWICE-A-WEEK.

Victoria Times.

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NO. 23

SULTAN IS ALARMED

Arabia, the Most Vulnerable Part of the Turkish Empire, is Now in Revolt.

The Ex-Grand Vizier Had to Fly for His Life for Suggesting Reforms.

Turkey is Now at the End of Its Tether, and Can Trifle no Longer.

London, Nov. 12.—A dispatch to the Standard from Constantinople says that the Sultan is alarmed because of the present critical state of affairs. From Arabia, the most vulnerable point of the Turkish empire, news has arrived of a conflict between Turkish troops and the Arabi Bedouin, in which thirty persons were killed. Despite the reports of trouble in the Arabian provinces, the last detachment of troops sent to Arabia was detained five days at Port Said for lack of money to pay canal dues.

London, Nov. 12.—It is expected that war against Ashanti will be declared at the next cabinet council. The authorities at Woolwich arsenal have received orders to forward all the necessary stores to Accra.

London, Nov. 12.—A dispatch to the Times from Constantinople says that the Sultan is still very ill. He was suffering severely when he embarked on the steamer ordered to take him to Smyrna by the Turkish government, but members of his family received significant hints that it would be advisable for him to depart at once. Not one of his friends were allowed to approach the house or the boat for the purpose of bidding him farewell.

Another dispatch to the Times from Constantinople says that reports have been received there of the new disturbance at Mush. The British embassy at Constantinople is in possession of the reports, but so far no details have been received.

Constantinople, Nov. 12.—Sir Phillip Currie, the British ambassador to Turkey, is expected back to his post at the end of the week. He was called to London in order to consult with the foreign office and other government officials regarding the situation here, and the affairs of the British charge d'affaires, has been in charge of the embassy during his absence.

An official note was issued by the Porte today expressing the Sultan's thanks for the "energetic measures taken by the imperial authorities in view of the disturbances and revolts which have broken out in certain provinces of Asia Minor, which were due to the seditious intrigues of Armenian agitators."

The note adds: "Order has now been restored in all the districts which were recently the scene of riots and conflicts and precautions have been taken to secure the maintenance of the situation here. Each day a strong force is on duty to guard the garrisons, and to-day is no exception to the rule. The reply of the Porte to the communications of the ambassadors yesterday had been awaited with some curiosity, as the representatives of the Powers used much time in their interviews upon being immediately informed as to what steps the Turkish government intended to take to restore order in the disturbed provinces of Asia Minor."

The Porte today, replying to the identical notes of the ambassadors of Germany, Austria and Italy, simply said that the information regarding the scheme for reform in Armenia will be forwarded to the representatives of the Powers without delay, in other words, these three ambassadors obtained no satisfactory answer at all. It is not yet known if the notes of the ambassadors of Great Britain, Austria and France have been replied to, but it is presumed that they also were assured that their requests for information regarding the proposed reforms would be complied with "without delay."

Advices received here to-day announce fresh disturbances at Marash, Bitlis and Sivas, with attendant massacres. It is also announced that a battalion of Turkish troops, which was in garrison at Zeitoun, and which recently distinguished itself by surrounding and slaughtering a number of Armenian insurgents, was later besieged in the barracks by the Armenians, to whom the soldiers eventually capitulated with arms and ammunition, bag and baggage. It is added that the Armenians now occupy the quarters at Zeitoun previously occupied by the Turkish soldiers. The Armenians, it is further stated, have garrisoned all the important positions in and about Zeitoun, and are gathering ammunition and provisions, throwing up fortifications, and in every way preparing to hold the place.

THE PANIC AVERTED

Rothschild and Other Big Bankers Come to the Rescue of the Paris Bourse.

The Atlantic Liner Had a Rather Rough Time of It This Voyage.

Yellow Fever Finds Its Way to England in a British Ship—Business Prospects.

London, Nov. 12.—The Paris correspondent of the Times says it is understood that only the intervention of the Rothschilds on Saturday prevented the panic at Paris from becoming positively disastrous. A dispatch to the Daily News from Berlin says that but for the assistance rendered by the Rothschilds on Saturday the Bourse prices would have been still weaker. The panic could not have been worse on the eve of a general European war. At Vienna, according to the Daily News correspondent, the newspaper offices were thronged Saturday night with people who were clinging to the hope that Lord Salisbury's speech Saturday at London might possibly put an end to the panic. At a meeting today at Vienna of the directors and managers of the principal banks it was resolved, in case the panic should continue, to initiate collective action for the purpose of preventing the further fall of securities. A dispatch to the Times from Vienna says that since Friday Credit Mobilier shares have fallen 20 florins, Austria state railway shares 40 florins, Turkish tobacco shares 44 florins. Since the memorable collapse of 1873 no such startling panic has occurred in Vienna.

For the first time since his incarceration, Oscar Wilde was brought into the open air to-day for the purpose of being publicly examined in the bankruptcy court regarding his assets.

Wilde looked pale and weary, and was but a shadow of his former nonchalant self. His liabilities were £3301, with no available assets. It transpired in the course of the examination that there was a marriage settlement in favor of Wilde's wife of £800 a year.

A violent southwesterly gale prevailed at Queenstown throughout Saturday and Sunday, accompanied by heavy seas. While anchoring in her harbor the Canadian steamship Milet, from Montreal, was blown to the eastern bank where she grounded. Two tugs are still at work trying to float her. H. M. S. Speedy and Halcyon, and many other vessels, are now sheltering in the harbor.

Business on the stock exchange this morning was of a fluctuating nature, but during the afternoon a decidedly better feeling in both foreign stocks and mining shares was visible.

Newcastle-on-Tyne, Nov. 12.—The Norwegian ship Milet, from Montreal, has been towed here with eleven of her crew prostrated with yellow fever. Two members of her crew died on the voyage of that disease. Everything possible is being done for the sick men, and the ship will be thoroughly disinfected before anything or anybody is allowed to land from her.

EMBARGO ON HIDES REMOVED. For importation into the United States from Various Countries.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 12.—The President today issued a proclamation dated on the 8th instant, reciting that all countries from which hides are imported into the United States, are now free from contagious diseases among meat cattle, and in consequence of the prohibition of importation of cattle and hides from Norway, Sweden, Holland, Great Britain, Ireland and the Channel Islands and the countries of North, Central and South America, including Mexico, all importations of cattle are, however, to be made under regulations prescribed by the secretary of agriculture, and of hides under the regulations of the secretary of the treasury.

BROKE THE FISHERY LAWS. Seizure of American Fishing Boats—Pleading for Her Son.

Ottawa, Nov. 12.—The commander of the Petrel, which seized the United States fishing tug Telephone on Saturday in Lake Erie near Amherstburg, has reported to the department. He says the case is one of gross infraction of Canadian law and rights. The vessel was at least seven miles within the territorial waters of Canada. There was a fog at the time and this may be urged in extenuation.

The government has received no advice of the seizure by the Russians of any Canadian sealing vessels in Okhotsk sea. If any sealing schooners are in custody, as reported, they are American. All the Canadian vessels are either at home or wintering in Japan. Moreover, the Okhotsk sea is not famous as a sealing ground, there being only one rocky cove there, upon which the American company procured 1900 seals in 1893 and none in 1892.

George G. Foster, of Montreal, is here to-day, accompanied by Mrs. Shortis, mother of Shortis, now under sentence of death at Beaulieu, and has presented a petition to Sir C. H. Tupper asking for a commutation of the death sentence to imprisonment for life.

"CHAPLEAU HELP US"

Shipwrecked and Leaderless Tory Party Pleading for a Capable Navigator.

But Chapleau Wants a Guarantee of Good Faith Before Taking the Helm.

No Decision Reached in the St. John Mail Subsidy—Deep Water Ways Commission.

Ottawa, Nov. 13.—Lieutenant-Governor Chapleau has given Premier Bowell a definite answer to the appeals made to him to come to Ottawa. It is that he will not on any account come here before the approaching session of parliament, and as to whether he will come or not afterwards depends upon how the government will treat the school question during the session.

Efforts are now being made to induce Mr. Pelletier to accept Mr. Angers' place. He also hesitates, because such an action would be viewed in Quebec as condemning Mr. Angers for resigning.

The Dominion government has appointed three Canadian commissioners to meet the United States commissioners, recently appointed by President Cleveland, and confer with them on the question of the deep water way communication. The commissioners are T. C. Keefer, C. E. Thomas, Munro, C. E., and O. A. Howland, M.P.E. All are in every way fitted for the service they are to perform.

At the customs department to-day \$500 consignment money was received from a resident of Washington, D.C.

The matter of the proposed steamship line between St. John and Liverpool is under consideration in the council. The government fully intended reaching a decision on the subject, but owing to the late arrival in the city of Messrs. Hughes, of Halifax, and Burnett, of Boston, representing the Furness line, who desire to submit a tender for the proposed service, the subject was not finally disposed of. The Furness line people have made an offer to the Beaver line, but the latter has declined it, and it is said the Beaver line will not entertain the proposal.

Lieut. Governor Dewdney left for home to-day. Before going he advertised his house, in which Hon. Mr. Daly is staying, for sale.

ARMENIANS ARE AGGRESSIVE

The Worm Has Turned, and Now the Persecuted Have Become the Persecutors.

Nearly 15,000 Armenians Murdered in Recent Riots—American Gun Boats on Hand.

Constantinople, Nov. 12.—According to official Turkish advices received by the government to-day, the Armenians of Zeitoun have, since capturing the battalions of Turkish troops and practically obtaining Tschoukourkissar, killed 35 Mussulmans, pillaged a house at Dughel and carried off the arms and cattle of the inhabitants of that neighborhood. The Armenians are also said to have assassinated the secretary of the collection of customs of that part of the country.

The Vall of Aden, a town situated some distance from Zeitoun, and nearer the coast, telegraphs that 200 Armenians, disguised as Circassians, have attacked and plundered the Mussulman villages of Zeitunabel and Narl, killing a number of the inhabitants.

It is believed in some quarters that the estimate of 10,000 Armenians killed during the recent massacres, and ascribed to the Associated Press last week, may turn out to be considerably under the real total, and that the number may come nearer 15,000 than 10,000. Reports from Armenian sources place the number of killed at Diarbekir at over 2000; but this needs confirmation. It is admitted that there has been terrible bloodshed and that a large part of the town was burned.

Constantinople, Nov. 13.—It is now believed that the Powers will not take definite action against the Porte until all the naval squadrons are assembled in Turkish waters, which will be about the time the British ambassador to Turkey, Sir Philip Currie, has returned here after consulting with his government as to the future action of Great Britain. In the meanwhile the state of suspense is decidedly weighing. The ambassadors themselves will be greatly relieved when the hour for action upon the part of Europe has arrived. Nobody doubts that this time is coming, and now it seems only a question of a few days.

Washington, D.C., Nov. 13.—The Turkish legation at Washington received from the Sublime Porte the following telegram under yesterday's date: "The Armenian rioters of Zeitoun attacked the village of Tschoukourkissar, killing 35 Mussulmans and carried away with them arms, cattle and belongings to the Mussulman villages of Dughel, and murdered the secretary of the tax collector. The wife and four children of this functionary are missing."

According to fresh advices from Diarbekir, the Armenians are alone responsible for the recent disorders, which were originated solely by the rebels firing on the mosque and by their attacking the Mussulman. The fire which broke out in Diarbekir was started by Armenian incendiaries, for 10 per cent. of the shops were destroyed, as also every article of merchandise burned belonging to the Mussulmans.

FROM THE ISLAND REPUBLIC

Hawaii Sends Her Minister to Washington—The Cholera Taught Honolulu a Lesson.

Sanitation will be Properly Attended To—Russia Competes With American Fish.

San Francisco, Nov. 13.—The Occidental and Oriental ship Coptic arrived here last night from the Orient and Hawaii.

Among the passengers from the latter place was A. T. Hatch, late minister of foreign affairs for the island republic, and recently appointed Hawaiian minister to the United States to succeed Minister Thurston.

The Coptic called at the ports which quarantine officials call infected, and it will be late this morning before she will depart. All the cabins with a few exceptions have been pardoned. Ex-Queen Lili has been ill, but it is reported that her sickness was not serious.

Cholera has disappeared, but the lesson it has taught will not be forgotten. The drainage of Honolulu has been perfected, creeks walked up to the top and swamps have been cleared up.

Business was badly depressed by the cholera, but with the removal of the quarantine embargo it is now improving. The situation of the government is said to be absolutely unchanged.

Another passenger of importance was Major-General D. T. Subovitch, of the Russian army, lately stationed at Vladivostok. He talks of the commercial and industrial development of Russia, attaching the greatest importance to the trans-Siberian railway. He says Russia plans the establishment of great fishery canneries on the Asiatic coast. This operation means competition with United States fishing interests.

BOYS WORSE THAN DEMONS.

San Antonio, Tex., Nov. 13.—A report from Granada, West Indies, dated Nov. 10th, says: "A school building here in which 150 children were present, caught fire and before anything could be done, the whole building was ablaze. In spite of the heroic efforts of the people, the building was destroyed. Thirty-one children's bodies, as well as that of the teacher, have so far been taken out."

The fire is believed to be of incendiary origin, and two boys, who had been severely punished by the teacher, and suspended from school, are believed to be the authors of the crime. They have been arrested, but, so far, have not confessed.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 13.—The wire and factory of Philip Townsend & Co. of this city, was to-day destroyed by fire. Loss, \$250,000. About 2000 persons are thrown out of employment.

Washington, Nov. 13.—At the request of the Interior department, General Watson, commanding the Department of Colorado, has been instructed to hold his cavalry in readiness to leave if necessary for the scene of the killing of the two Indians on the Southern Ute agency, Colorado.

ROYAL Baking Powder

has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

NOT WORTH MENTIONING

Lord Salisbury Evidently Attaches But Little Importance to the Venezuelan Question.

So That the American Jingoists Find They Have Been Howling About Nothing.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Lord Salisbury's failure to mention the Venezuelan question in his Guildhall speech is regarded as a most significant omission. The speech is supposed to sum up the premier's position on all foreign questions that are regarded as of pressing importance, and this avoidance of all mention of Venezuela is construed to mean that the premier attaches less importance to it than has been supposed.

GROUNDING OF THE QUADRA

Investigation Being Held This Afternoon by Captain Devereux.

Captain Devereux, superintendent of the Esquimaut dry dock, is conducting an investigation into the cause of the grounding of the Dominion steamer Quadra on Fulford Reef on the 25th of October last. The investigation is being held at the office of Captain Gaudin, agent of marine, and is a most searching one, the minutest details being inquired into. The witnesses are Captain W. W. Brin, his officers and crew and Keeper Brin, of the Discovery Island lighthouse.

Captain Walbran was in the witness box all morning. His statement is to the effect that on account of the smoky weather that prevailed at the time he and his officers mistook Cadboro Point for the one farther south, and having some departmental work to carry out in Baynes Channel the course of the vessel was altered for that passage, with the result that they ran on Fulford Reef. The deviations of the compass were well known and often ascertained by Captain Walbran, and there were no errors made in the intended course to Discovery Island.

The first witness this afternoon was Keeper Grimm, of Discovery Island lighthouse, who stated that the weather on the 24th and 25th of October was foggy and smoky, and in consequence of this the fog horn was blowing continually. He was followed by First Mate Owen, who corroborated the captain's statement as to the foggy state of the weather, and also told of everything that transpired as far as he knew up to the time of the accident. At 4 o'clock Second Mate Barrow is in the witness stand, and as there are yet a number of witnesses to be heard the investigation will probably not be concluded till to-morrow.

AMERICAN NEWS.

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CHOLERA TAUGHT HONOLULU A LESSON.

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W. H. Ward.

A LIFE SAVED BY TAKING AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

Several years ago, I caught a severe cold, attended with a troublesome cough that allowed me no rest, either day or night. The doctors pronounced my case hopeless. A friend, learning of my trouble, sent me a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. By the time I had used the whole bottle, I was completely cured, and I believe it saved my life. W. H. WARD, 8 Quincy Ave., Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Highest Awards at World's Fairs. Ayer's Pills the Best Family Remedy.

THE VICTORIA TIMES TWICE-A-WEEK. Issued Every Tuesday and Friday. PRICE, \$2 per annum, in advance. Single Copies, 5c. The Best Advertising Medium IN BRITISH COLUMBIA. PRICES ON APPLICATION. ddr: TIMES P. & P. CO., VICTORIA, B. C. WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager.

ANOTHER N. P. TRIUMPH.

Poor old Quebec does not seem to have much reason to bless the N. P. In a recent issue of the Chronicle, the Tory paper there, occurred the following wall. "The deportation of laboring men which waited upon the provincial government on Monday, asking the government to institute relief works for the benefit of the destitute, is another evidence of the distress threatening our laboring population during the coming winter, in consequence of the utter collapse of the shipping trade of the port during the present season. The great bulk of the population of St. Sauveur, and of Champlain and Montcalm wards gain their daily bread by work on board ship, and the decay of the shipping trade means great distress among those poor people. It is not creditable to our moneyed men to allow two of our largest shoe factories to be shut up, and to remain idle. These factories have made a great deal of money for their proprietors, and it is cruel to the operatives to see them shut up. Why could not a joint stock company be formed to work them both? And why would not some of our capitalists build a couple of iron ships, or some railway cars, as an experiment? If iron shipbuilding were tried we feel sure the Ottawa government would give a reasonable bonus. It must go rather hard with a journal that has perseveringly belauded the N. P. to be compelled to confess the failure of that precious policy in this humble way. The building of ships and the making of shoes are industries supposed to be snugly kept under the protective wing of the high tariff, but Quebec's experience, according to its fostering powers, where are the prophets of Baal, that they do not call upon their god to awake and help the Ancient City in its distress? Once there was shipbuilding in Canada, as the Montreal Herald points out, while under a fleet increased from 767,654 tons in 1867 to 1,332,004 tons in 1879. It has decreased under a protection tariff by some 30 per cent. Canadian ship yards employed 3046 men in 1871 and only 3101 in 1891 according to the census. In 1878 Canada sold ships abroad to the value of \$1,218,145 and it has been below a half million dollars since that time. The tonnage of vessels built in Canada in 1878 was 100,873 and in 1893 28,410 tons. Tory journals sometimes seek refuge from these facts under the plea that the decadence of Canadian shipbuilding is due to the substitution of iron for wooden ships, but they can hardly forget that the N. P. was devised for the very purpose of meeting such exigencies. Canadians were to be able to build or manufacture any article of commerce that could occur to man's imagination, when once the magic policy should find itself in fair working order. Seventeen years of its operation have gone by, and the industry it has fostered most effectively seems to be that of apology-making for its numerous failures.

IN A PITIFUL PLIGHT.

"In extremis" fairly describes the condition of the Bowell government. Listen to the wail of the Toronto World, one of the chief Conservative organs: "For some time past there has been considerable talk of cabinet reconstruction at Ottawa. The World, believing that the future progress and prosperity of the country depends upon the maintenance in power of the Liberal-Conservative, desires to see as strong and able a body of men administering affairs as can be found in the country. The recent expression of opinion in these columns in favor of Hon. J. A. Chapleau being invited to join the ministry has been endorsed from one end of the country to the other, and the World is in a position to announce, with satisfaction, that negotiations are now in progress looking to the return of Lieut-Governor Chapleau to federal politics at no distant date. But Mr. Chapleau's accession to the ranks of the government will not suffice. More is required. Reports have been current in the city for two or three days past that Mackenzie Bowell is contemplating a bold coup. As to the precise method in which the proposed cabinet shuffle will be carried out, we are satisfied that the premier will do that which is best for the country and the party. That the Ontario contingent requires to be strengthened is generally admitted, and the World receives with satisfaction a suggestion that Hon. William Ralph Meredith, chief justice of the common pleas for Ontario, should step down from the bench to enter the federal ministry. There are few able men in Canada than Mr. Meredith. There is certainly no man in public life to-day with a clearer or more honorable record. Honorable and eloquent, there is possibly nobody in Ontario to-day better calculated to lead the Conservative hosts to victory, and to rally the young men of the province around his banner, than the judge. For years in the local legislature he led the opposition members with marked ability, and now that a request again comes to him

to enter the federal arena, the World trusts that Mr. Meredith will not be unresponsive to the call." The World is a good judge, and when it opines that Mr. Chapleau must be called out from his snug Quebec retreat and Mr. Meredith must be called down from the bench to save the government from everlasting smash, no doubt it "speaks by the card." Many others of its party have expressed similar opinions. According to to-day's dispatches, Mr. Chapleau does not care about leaving the calm of Spencerwood for the turbulent arena of Ottawa, especially while such a troublesome factor as the school question is to the fore. It is quite likely that Mr. Chapleau lacks faith in his own ability to play the savior as efficiently as the World represents. There is still less probability of Chief Justice Meredith getting off the bench to rescue the government from its quagmire. He could not rescue it if he did get down, and it is rather cruel for any Conservative journal to call upon him for so great a sacrifice. The Hamilton Spectator, another Conservative paper, on that point says: "But is it not rather cheeky of the Conservative party in Ontario to ask the chief justice to come to its rescue now? Is it not rather too much for Ontario Conservatives, who failed to do their duty to Mr. Meredith when last he asked for their help—and at a time when their help would have put him into the premier's chair—to ask him now to sacrifice his comfort to their interests?" The situation from the government's point of view is sadly lacking in comfort. Expects within its own party say that nothing can save it but the help of Messrs. Chapleau and Meredith, but those gentlemen are not at all likely to respond to the call. And they couldn't save the government from wreck if they did respond.

DEMORALIZED.

Conservative papers have a good deal to say at present on the advisability of reconstructing the cabinet at Ottawa. Reference has already been made to the demand that Lieut. Governor Chapleau and Chief Justice Meredith should be induced to leave their comfortable offices and offer themselves as props to support the crumbling fabric. The latest scheme, according to the Colonial's Ottawa correspondent, is to give Mr. Daly a judgeship, make Sir Hibbert Tupper minister of the interior and bring Mr. Meredith in as minister of justice. It is hoped that ultimately Hugh John Macdonald will be ready to re-enter public life, when the portfolio of the interior will be transferred to him from Sir Hibbert Tupper. This significant sentence is added: "Before the dissolution there is likely to be a shuffle of portfolios, and Sir C. H. Tupper will take charge of one of the great spending departments." No one will be found to dispute the likelihood of this change, for fondness of a "great spending department" is a well known feature of the Tupperian character. Sir Hibbert resembles his father closely enough to make his desire for a change quite probable. None of this disquietude and dissatisfaction voiced by the Conservative press would be found if the situation at Ottawa were not really desperate. But the proposed "swapping of horses" in the middle of the stream goes further than the changing of subordinate ministers of which the papers openly talk. There is a strong feeling among a very large section of the party that the change should extend to the premiership itself, though the difficulty of uniting on a successor to Sir Mackenzie Bowell is a decided stumbling-block. An Ottawa correspondent referring to the endeavor to get Mr. Chapleau into the cabinet points to the fact that he is not likely to accede to the request as long as Sir Mackenzie is at the head of the government. The correspondent continues—"This fact is known to the members of the cabinet in Ottawa, and they are doing their utmost to make it impossible for Sir Mackenzie Bowell to remain at the head of the Government. They cannot, of course, demand in plain terms that he must resign, but they can make it so uncomfortable for him that he will seize the first decent opportunity. Whether that opportunity will be afforded before the approaching session remains to be seen, but it is altogether likely that the change will not be made until after the session, if the government succeed in pulling through that long. There is a resolve on the part of a majority of the cabinet, shared by an overwhelming majority of their supporters in parliament, to have a change of some kind before the appeal to the country. They are aware that Mr. Chapleau will only come in upon his own terms, and it is more than likely that Mr. Chapleau is aiming at the premiership. Such a change would be unpopular in Ontario, where Sir Mackenzie Bowell, if not admired, is respected and trusted by a considerable section of the party. Mr. Haggart is opposed to Mr. Chapleau coming in at all, because it is well known that he has thwarted Sir Mackenzie Bowell at every step, with the object of securing a vacancy in the premiership, and putting Dr. Montague into it. He still clings to that idea, and if called in himself by Lord Aberdeen, would recommend His Excellency to send for the secretary of state. It is a significant fact that the last issue of the Canadian Gazette, of London England, which is usually inspired by the high commissioner, declares emphatically in the first article of the issue that Mr. Chapleau is not going to join the ministry, and that all statements to that effect cabled to the London Times from Ottawa are absurd. This means that

the high commissioner believes the best premier the party could have is Sir Hibbert Tupper. The Canadian Gazette could not profess to know more of the situation at Ottawa than the Ottawa correspondent of the London Times, except by the inspiration of the high commissioner. A New Brunswick member of parliament, who is in the city at present, on being asked to-day who would be premier in the event of Sir Mackenzie Bowell resigning, replied: "Mr. Foster, of course." The Conservative forces are pulling in different directions, and it is not difficult to see where they will land the government. There has never been a weaker administration in Canada than that which now rules at Ottawa. Its life will be short. The writer who described the Samouy disaster in the November number of the Cosmopolitan Magazine has aroused the ire of the St. John Telegraph by penning the following passage: "At about noon, while we were drifting helplessly about in the trough of the sea, the hull and spars of Her Majesty's ship Calliope suddenly loomed up on our quarter. 'My anchors are gone,' shouted Captain Kane, 'and I am going to try to force my way out to sea.' 'Good luck to you,' answered Admiral Lambert, and then our boys swarmed up into the rigging, and there roared from the 400 Yankee tars such a rousing cheer of 'God speed' as to send the blood tingling through the Britons' veins and give a new impetus to their desperate undertaking. They succeeded in forcing their way through the channel after several hairbreadth escapes, and weathered the storm without loss of life or serious injury. Captain Kane said afterwards, in speaking of this episode: 'My men were thoroughly demoralized before we passed the Trenton. Our chance of escape was so slender, and our perilous path, all traces of lightness and insubordination vanished, and I knew then that the Calliope was safe.' This should rather excite to laughter than to anger, for it can be readily recognized as the cheap patronizing in which American writers of a certain class are prone to indulge. Still, in the patronizing process the writer has contrived—very likely without malice—to cast a reflection on the captain and crew of the Calliope. We do not suppose for a moment that Captain Kane ever made the absurd statement with which he is credited, or that the crew of the Calliope needed any encouragement whatever in their dangerous situation. This much can be said without detracting in the least from the record made by the Trenton's crew. It will take \$140,000,000, says an exchange, to pay the pensions of United States veteran soldiers for the year ending June 30th, 1896. The annual report of the commissioner of pensions shows that up to June 30, 1894, there were 999,644 pensioners, and that during the past year 39,185 new pensions were granted and 4206 restored, making an aggregate roll of 1,012,035. There were 27,816 deaths, and 14,575 pensions dropped during the past year, making the number on the rolls on June 30, 1895, 970,524, an increase, during the year of 690. Certain laws recently passed provide for an increase in payments so that for some years the cost of maintaining the pension list will not be much less than the appropriation for this year. The huge size of the United States pension roll is directly attributable to the anxiety of politicians to catch the "old soldier" vote. If the nation were to think the subject over calmly it could hardly regard with patience the enormous burden thus placed upon its shoulders by political schemers. The Globe—According to the Canadian Grocer the salt producers have formed an organization which has enabled them to advance the price about twenty cents a barrel on table and dairy salt, sixteen cents on barrel salt and ten cents on sack salt. All the salt wells, with one exception, are within the agreement, and that has an understanding with the organization. The Grocer states that the barrel salt has sold as low as 43 cents. Allowing 21 cents for the barrel, this would leave 22 cents for 280 pounds of salt. The duty is five cents and 7-1-2 cents per 100 pounds, the difference being one of the incomprehensible tariff distinctions regarding the methods of packing. At the low price recorded this duty would be from 63 to 95 per cent. With the advance of price the tariff but not the actual increase will be lessened. The combination is secure at the present price, and will doubtless be able to make still further advances in the security of the existing rate of encouragement. Halifax Chronicle—It is a well known fact that Mr. Chapleau was virtually squeezed out of the Dominion government by the pressure of the Ontario wing of the Conservative party. In view of this fact the spectacle of Conservative Ontario organs frantically calling on Mr. Chapleau to return to the political arena and help save the Conservative party from destruction is something unique in the history of Canadian politics—it must be as humiliating to Conservatives as it is gratifying to Mr. Chapleau. The latter is having his revenge. Harsh purgative remedies are fast giving way to the gentle action and mild effects of Carter's Little Liver Pills. Try them they will certainly please you.

SCHOONER BEATRICE'S LOG

Captain Olsen Explains in Court His Method of Recording the Seal Catch.

The Evidence on Both Sides Taken and Argument for the Defence Offered.

From Wednesday's Daily. The trial of the Queen v. the sealing schooner Beatrice was commenced this morning at 10.30 before Chief Justice Davis. Hon. C. E. Pooley, Q. C., appeared for the crown and E. V. Bodwell and G. H. Barnard for the defence. Hon. C. E. Pooley opened and stated what the prosecution's case was shortly. The schooner was seized by the U. S. steamer Kish, and the charge against her was that the number and sex of the seals captured each day were not entered by the master in the official log book as required by the Behring seal award, 1894. The schooner, which belonged to Charles Doering, of Vancouver, was after the seizure sent to Dutch Harbor and handed over by the Rush to Commander Garforth, of H. M. S. Phoenix, and then sent to Victoria, where the skins were by consent sold for \$1,518, and the money paid into the bank to abide the result of the action. Lieut. J. G. Ballinger, of the Rush, was in charge of the boarding party that seized the Beatrice on the 20th of August last in Behring sea, in latitude 54 degrees 54 minutes 03 seconds north, longitude 168 degrees 31 minutes 21 seconds west. He inspected the ship's papers and the rest of the boarding party under Lieut. Van Boskerck overhauled the skins. The official log was produced and identified by the witness. At the time of the seizure no entries had been made since August 14th and 61 skins were shown by the book. The captain of the Beatrice when notified about the log asked to be allowed to write it up before it was sent to the Rush. This was refused. Cross-examined by Mr. Bodwell he admitted having seen a book purporting to contain an account of the skins on board. He did not examine the book. Lieut. Van Boskerck gave evidence as to the counting of the skins on the Beatrice by the boarding party. There were then on board 147 skins. The witness was not cross-examined. This closed the case for the crown. Mr. Barnard said the defence had not denied the facts, but contended that there had been no breach of the act; if the logbook should hold to the contrary, the defence would contend that it was not a case for condemnation or forfeiture, but rather for the imposition of a penalty. Captain Olsen, of the Beatrice, would be the only witness. A counter claim for damages was set up, but pressed no evidence of damages would be given, but if his lordship should be of the opinion that there was a case for damages a reference would be asked for. Louis Olsen, the captain, was called in answer to Mr. Bodwell's questions their usual course was to lower the boats about 5 o'clock in the morning. Three men remained on board, consisting of himself, the mate and the cook, whose duty it is to look after the boats, i.e., follow them up and keep them in sight. When the weather is thick the captain says on deck all day. He entered the number of seals in an account book, after having first kept an account of them on a piece of paper or in a small book. The seals were passed over to him, as soon as convenient thereafter he would go below and enter the catch in his account book. The account book was produced, in which entries had been made day to day. In the official log he made the entries when convenient and when not engaged in working the vessel, and he would have made the entries the omission of which is complained of on the first fine day when the boats were passed over to him, or to the mate or another officer, if he was relieved from not making the entries. Had the seizure not taken place sealing would have been carried on for another month. To Mr. Pooley the master said he did not know the sealers had to be entered in the official log every day, but he thought the Merchant Shipping Act was complied with if the entries were made within 24 hours after arrival in port. This closed the evidence, and which also required that all entries shall be made within 24 hours after the arrival of the vessel in port. In this case there was no reason for not making the entry other than the unfavorable state of the weather—no benefit could accrue to anyone from the omission. If any breach took place it was provided for by the act, which imposes a penalty against the master. The spirit of the act, which is for the protection of the seals in Behring Sea, was not violated. From Thursday's Daily. The trial of the sealing schooner Beatrice was concluded last night and judgment was reserved. Chief Justice Davis at the conclusion of the Beatrice case said he would deliver judgment in the Shelby case at 10.30 Friday morning. How to Get "Sunlight" Books. Send 12 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers to Lever Bros. Ltd., 23 Scott St., Toronto, who will send post-paid a paper-bound book, 160 pages. For 5 "Lifebuoy" Cartboard Soap wrappers, a similar book will be sent. This is a special opportunity to obtain good reading. Send your name and address written carefully. Remember "Sunlight" sells at six cents per twin-box, and "Lifebuoy" at 10 cents. One cent postage will bring you two wrappers by leaving the ends open.

THE GREEN-WORLOCK ESTATE

Suit Commenced to Set Aside the Transfer of the Moss Street Residence.

Judgment Reserved in the Cases of the Schooners Beatrice and Shelby.

This morning the divisional court, consisting of Justices Crease and Drake, heard the plaintiffs' appeal in Beaven v. Fell. The plaintiffs are the trustees of Green, Worlock & Co., and the defendants are Thornton Fell, Mrs. Green and Mrs. Worlock. In the summer of 1883; F. H. Worlock, as attorney in fact for Mrs. Green, executed a transfer of the house and grounds on Moss street in which Mrs. Green now lives to Thornton Fell and Mrs. Worlock as trustees for the infant children of the late Alexander Green. The present action is brought by the trustees of the bank, which failed in the summer of 1884, to break the transfer as a fraud on the creditors of the bank. The plaintiffs applied to examine Mr. Fell on oath before the trial, and Mr. Justice Walkem refused the application with costs on the ground that the infants, the real parties interested, had not been made parties, and from that order the plaintiffs now appeal. Mr. E. V. Bodwell for the appellants and Mr. Gordon Hunter contra. Chief Justice Davis and Mr. Justice Crease are this afternoon hearing the appeal in Hudson's Bay Company vs. Hazlett. Some time ago the Chief Justice gave his judgment holding that book debts are not exempt from forced seizure under the Homestead Act, and the defendant gave notice of appeal from that judgment. On the 14th August Mr. Justice Drake made an order for security for costs of appeal in the sum of \$50, and from that order the defendant now appeals on the grounds that there is no jurisdiction to order security for costs on appeals from interlocutory orders. Mr. J. A. Aikman for the plaintiffs raised the preliminary objection that leave to appeal had not been obtained as required when the appeal was made, under \$100. The court over-ruled the objection, as the amount involved in the suit is over \$300, and the argument was proceeded with. Mr. Archer Martin, for the appellant, and Mr. J. A. Aikman contra. YALE RUINS YOUNG MEN. Says a Baptist Lady—Split in Christian Endeavor Ranks. Newhaven, Conn., Nov. 14.—This is the last day of the Christian workers' convention, and it contributed the most sensational episode of the term. Mrs. Poole, wife of the Rev. P. M. Poole, pastor of Calvary Baptist church, where the convention is being held, during an address said: "I would as soon send a son of mine to hell as to Yale college. I make this statement before the newspaper reporters, and I would make it to President Dwight himself." She said she had seen many Christian young men ruined at Yale. The first year they were good, the second they had pipes in their mouths, and the third they had abandoned all semblance of righteousness. Boston, Mass., Nov. 14.—John G. Wolley, who has a controversy with President Francis E. Clarke, of the Christian Endeavor Society, has written a letter to the society at large in which he says: "The president of the corporation that controls the united societies of Christian Endeavor is also chief owner of the Golden Rule. There are some 3,000,000 of its shares. We have no president, no trustees, no secretary, no treasurer, no newspapers, no 'voice,' and so I am forced to address you individually by mail or submit to the injustice and tyranny of boss rule, which I refuse to do for your sake no less than my own. It would doubtless be an advantage if the 3,000,000 had less chaperoning and more responsibility. Death Seemed Preferable to the Agonizing Pain. Mrs. Roadhouse, of Williscroft P. O., Ont., writes: "I have used Dr. Agnew's cure for the heart since last fall, having taken in all nine bottles, and I now feel entirely like another woman. I am 54 years old and have been troubled with heart disease for more than 20 years; sometimes for five hours at a time suffering such agony that death seemed preferable to the pain. The cold sweat would stand out in great beads upon my face. The Heart Cure gave me relief from almost the first dose and has provided a great blessing. "You are at liberty to publish this letter if you think by so doing any good may be accomplished." For sale by Dean & Cryderman and Hall & Co. American News. Minneapolis, Nov. 14.—Surprise was created in business circles this evening by the announcement that C. M. Loring, considered to be financially one of the solid men of the Northwest, has made an assignment. Two years ago he was worth \$800,000. The statement filed with the deed of assignment shows the total assets to be \$755,000; personal liabilities, \$165,000; liabilities on account of indorsements, \$206,000. The necessity of making an assignment was on account of the falling due of the indorsed paper, which could not be met by the makers. There are said to be assets enough to pay all the indebtedness and leave a substantial balance in the bank if the property is not sacrificed. The assignee is the Northern Trust company, of which ex-Governor McGill is president. Mr. Loring's attorney is Judge Hound. The assets are scattered about in various enterprises and property. Toledo, O., Nov. 14.—The Standard Oil Company this morning raised the price of crude oil north of Lima, 80 cents; south of Lima, 75 cents; Indiana, 71 cents. This is a rise of 5 cents. There is great excitement among the oil men and increased activity in drilling. New London, Conn., Nov. 14.—The Will positively cure sick headache and prevent its return. Carter's Little Liver Pills. This is not talk, but truth. One pill a dose. See advertisement. Small pill. Small dose. Small price.

SCHOOL BOARD MEETING

Board of School Trustees Decide to Appoint a Trust Officer for the City.

Movement to Do Away With Closing Exhibition in the Provincial Schools.

The board of school trustees at its regular meeting last evening decided to appoint a trust officer. They will also endeavor to enlist the co-operation of other city boards in order to secure the doing away with exhibitions in connection with the closing examinations. Chairman Hayward presided and all the members were present. M. J. Conroy tendered his resignation as a trustee. He advised the board to appoint a man who could devote his whole time to this important work. The resignation was accepted. Miss Cameron, of the South Park school, informed the board that there were a number of children of school age in that district who do not attend any school and advising the board to compel their attendance by the aid of a trust officer. Mr. Merrifield wrote to the board in reference to the punishment of his boy by one of the teachers of the Central school. Mr. Merrifield disagreed with the report sent to the board by Mr. Netherly and asked for an investigation. This matter, and a complaint from Mr. Philip Phillips of a similar nature, will be investigated by the board at a special meeting to be held at the Central school on Friday afternoon. In this connection Trustee Glover advised the board to prohibit the use of the rod in the schools, and thus do away with the continual complaints of parents. The Smead Dowd company asked for the \$70 still due them on account of work done in the South Park school. The chairman and Trustee Glover will inquire into the matter. F. W. Howay, secretary of the board of school trustees of New Westminster, wrote for information regarding the methods adopted by the board in the arrangements for the closing half yearly examinations. Trustee Glover moved that in the opinion of this board there is an unwarrantable waste of school time attending the existing custom of half yearly examinations, and the board would therefore advise the co-operation of other boards of trustees throughout the province with a view to having the school year ended as to do away with the present system of semi annual examinations attending the closing exercises, and further that the school boards be given the power to lengthen the school hours if they so desire, and that the trust officer and chairman be a special committee to draft a circular letter upon these matters. This resolution was seconded by Mr. Marchant and carried. Some of the principals reported these teachers who were absent on children's day at the exhibition, but the board decided not to deal with the matter until all the principals report. A number of requests from the different schools were referred to the supply committee and the usual amount of monthly bills to the finance committee. The monthly report showed the average daily attendance to be 1754.42; average actual, 1728.71; the number of children attending, 2906, and the average per teacher 42.07. Trustee Marchant moved "That at the next regular meeting the board appoint a trust officer at a salary of \$40 per month, the duties of such officer to begin the first of next year." Mr. Marchant thought that as the government gives a per capita grant of \$10 per year based upon the average attendance, the trust officer by compelling the attendance of those children not now attending school would more than earn his salary. The compulsory clause of the school act had not been amended and it was the duty of the board of trustees to see that every child secured at least an ordinary common school education. Trustee Mrs. Grant supported the resolution, and in doing so expressed the hope that when the appointment was made lady applicants should have the same chance as those of the sterner sex. Trustee Lewis, while in sympathy with the object sought, was of the opinion that the objection was already costing too much in the city, and when the trust officer was paid directly by the board or by reason of the per capita grant of the government the money came from the pockets of the people. After further discussion the motion was carried. Trustee Lewis alone voting against it. Mrs. Marvin was granted the use of the Pemberton gymnasium after school hours, and the board decided to secure 100 diplomas for presentation to successful pupil teachers at the half yearly examinations for the same. A seal will also be secured for the use of the board. The board adjourned at 9.45. NORTHERN PACIFIC LAND. Washington City, Nov. 14.—Secretary Smith decided a very important case to-day, holding that the eastern terminus of the Northern Pacific is at either Thompson, Minn., or Superior, Wis., instead of Ashland, Wis., as has always been claimed by the company. About 800,000 acres of land are involved, which are lost by the company. The secretary does not undertake to say whether the grant begins at Thompson or Superior City, but directs all negotiations for indemnity between these points to be held for further consideration. He does declare, though, that the grant to the Northern Pacific does not extend east of Superior City. —For a pain in the chest a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of the pain, and another on the back between the shoulders, will afford prompt relief. This is especially valuable in cases where the pain is caused by a cold and there is a tendency toward pneumonia. For sale by all druggists. Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

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MEETING

Trustees Decide To Meet

Trustees of the school decided to meet on Monday next.

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A CABINET CRISIS IN SPAIN

Caused Mainly by General Campos' Attitude With Reference to Reforms in Cuba.

Campos' Treachery to the Insurgents Causes Indignation—British Subjects Arrested.

New York, Nov. 14.—A dispatch to the world from Havana says: Dispatches from Spain to-day announce that the cabinet has been reconstituted, and that the elements in the Spanish cabinet have been reconciled, and that the policy of the cabinet will henceforth support the policy of the king.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 12.—Rev. W. T. Lee, of Benton, a suburb of this city, has been found guilty of a charge of indecent familiarity with some of the women of his flock. Some time ago he left an invalid wife and child; one woman member of his church disappeared at the same time, and it is charged that they eloped together.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 12.—A collision on Friday last during a dog fence, of the bark William Hales and steamship Margara, resulted in the sinking of the former. Five of the crew were drowned.

Washington, Nov. 12.—The nineteenth annual convention of the general assembly of Knights of Labor began to-day. The sessions will continue about ten days, and all business transacted will be guarded with the utmost secrecy, only delegates being admitted.

Havana, Nov. 14.—A son of General Campos is said to have been among the prisoners given up by Insurgent General Rego at Camanayagua in Santa Clara province. The Spanish first sent a volunteer major to parley with General Rego, but the general would only negotiate with a commanding officer of the rebels.

San Francisco, Nov. 12.—The American ship Bohemia, arrived from Philadelphia this morning with stories of mutiny and disaster. The crew, headed by Second Mate Egan, mutinied after the ship had been through a storm off Rio de Janeiro, and against the will of the captain he had to make port.

London, Nov. 14.—Reuter's learns in well informed quarters that the Italian squadron may join the British squadron at Salonika at any moment.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 14.—Disquieting rumors regarding the security of Christian teachers in Turkey between Trebizond and Erzerum were about the state department to-day, but the officials refused to allay the popular apprehension.

St. John, Nfld., Nov. 14.—The persons having in charge the liquidation of the Union Bank have issued a call upon all stockholders, assessing them the amount of the reserved liability, hoping thereby to be able to pay the 25 per cent. dividend which has been promised for next week.

London, Nov. 14.—The correspondence of the British government with Sir Julian Pauncefote upon the question of the Behring sea compensation from May, 1894, to August, 1895, was issued to-day.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 14.—Anent Jim Hill of the Northern Pacific and his designs on the Northern Pacific, the St. Paul Dispatch comments in an interesting manner as follows:

OUR NEIGHBORS' BUSINESS

An Unfaithful Shepherd Disgraced—Convention of Knights of Labor.

Robbers Have a Snap at Colorado Springs—Lady Lawyer Lease Has a Case.

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TWENTY-MEN-OF-WAR

Belonging to Great Britain, at the Sultan's Door—They Will be Joined by Others.

Italy, Russia and France Taking a Hand—Action is Now Expected Daily.

Russia is Most Likely Playing a Dark Game on Her Own Account.

Constantinople, Nov. 14.—There is very little change in the situation here this morning.

San Francisco, Nov. 14.—Although the Japanese officials have denied that the Mikado will spend \$200,000,000 in warships, it is reported in advices by the steamer Oplite to-day that ten vessels are to be built abroad.

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Havana, Nov. 14.—A filibuster expedition has been organized from this city for Cuba. The Spanish colony in New York, showed a reporter a letter from his brother in Buenos Ayres giving an account of the departure of the expedition.

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AFRAID TO FIGHT

Only Two Warrants for Bye-Elections Issued So Far—Cardwell One of Them.

Montreal Not Opened—Probably on Account of the Local Election Result.

Irish Settlers in Ottawa County Will Imagine Themselves on the Old S. d.

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Has Created Interest—What Are Her Intentions?

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THE CUBAN INSURGENTS.

Another Filibuster Expedition Landed Under the Spaniards' Noses.

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THE HYAMS MURDER TRIAL

Defense Scores Another Important Point in Yesterday's Evidence.

Toronto, Nov. 13.—To-day both sessions of the Hyams trial were taken up by the crown with witnesses to prove that no obstruction was in the elevator shaft, as the defense claims.

The testimony of the builders, John Aldridge and John Featon, was most important. Featon described the elevator and said that admitting the possibility of there being an obstruction in the shaft which the weight would live when striking, it would not cause sufficient slack in the rope to let the weight hit and fall.

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HOLMES SEEKS A NEW TRIAL

On the Grounds That the Verdict Was Against the Law and the Evidence.

Philadelphia, Nov. 14.—H. H. Holmes, the alleged multi-murderer, who was recently convicted of the murder of H. E. Pictzel, to-day, through his counsel, filed his reasons for a new trial.

The grounds laid, which will be argued next Monday, are mainly that the verdict was against the law and the weight of evidence; new matter discovered since the trial for the reason of the district attorney in his opening speech made statements which related to other crimes which could not be a part of the evidence, and they were of such a terrible nature that their effect upon the jury was so adverse to the prisoner that it was impossible for them to decide purely on the evidence in this case.

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THERE IS GREAT REJOICING

In St. John Over the Beaver Line Obtaining the Subsidy.

St. John, N. B., Nov. 14.—There is great rejoicing in St. John to-night. The Beaver line, making Montreal its terminus in summer and Boston in winter, has been awarded a subsidy to run direct between this port and Liverpool.

The first steamer, the Lake Superior, will leave Liverpool on the 23rd instant with a general cargo and immigrants; the latter to be forwarded by the Canadian Pacific railway.

Washington, Nov. 14.—The Supreme Court to-day advanced the arguments in the Stanford case, setting it for the first Monday in January, and giving an hour additional time to each side for argument.

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HARRISON FOR PRESIDENT

His Friends Are Pushing Him Along as a Candidate for Presidential Honors.

A Movement on Foot to "Crystallize Public Sentiment" Strongly in His Favor.

New York, Nov. 12.—In a communication to the Herald, F. T. Roots, a prominent Indiana politician, an intimate friend of Benjamin Harrison, and a delegate to the two national conventions which nominated him, defined his understanding of the attitude of the president's friends with regard to a nomination in 1896. Mr. Roots' letter says: "When away from my home in Indiana, I am confronted with the question: 'Is Mr. Harrison a candidate, and what steps are being taken to help his candidacy?' In answer, I will say that I do not believe Mr. Harrison has confided that great secret to any living man. In answer to the question, 'What significance attaches to the meeting of Mr. Michener and other politicians recently at Indianapolis, and the active work of several prominent politicians in Texas and other sections of the country?' I unhesitatingly venture to assert that there is a concerted movement on the part of Mr. Harrison's friends to crystallize public sentiment in his favor and so concentrate that sentiment in the various states that when the first ballot shall be taken at the convention in 1896, Benjamin Harrison will have a very formidable showing.

"Instead of having only one little state, Vermont, solid for him, and instead of having his own state divided on the first ballot, we will have several states, and Indiana will be asked to help him to a man. And why should Mr. Harrison not be nominated? What we want and what is imperative is a business man's administration, manned and piloted by one who has been tried, tested and not found wanting."

Mr. Roots quotes from a letter received by him previous to the Minneapolis convention from one of the present members of the Republican national committee, who is, he says, one of Mr. Harrison's most bitter political enemies. The quotation follows: "I want the man nominated who has the best chance of success at the polls, and I believe Harrison is the man. The political delegation from Indiana may well feel proud if they can sustain the reputation made by their predecessors at the convention of 1888 for earnestness and zeal in the support of our distinguished fellow citizen. My advocacy of Harrison's nomination is wholly due to my desire for party success, and because I believe he can best meet the requirements of the hour. I shall be glad to assist in whatever work our delegation may deem necessary and shall report for duty upon arrival."

Mr. Root publishes also a letter written to him by General Harrison, which, he thinks, will tend to dispel any impression that the ex-president is a gold man in his personal attitude towards members of his party. The letter is: "Executive Mansion, Washington, City, Jan. 4, 1892.—My Dear Mr. Root: It has been the grief and chief burden of this place that I have had only a choice as to what I would disappoint, it being decreed beforehand in every case that I must disappoint one or more. In the case of my Indiana friends, I can hardly tell how much grievous trouble I have had over the thought that friends felt aggrieved. I have tried to be fair and kind, and one of the few things I am sure of, connected with the administration, is that I have never willingly hurt any of my friends. I have not heard of any serious complaints by any Republican friends of any public act of the administration, and it is a comfort to know that nothing has been found insalubrious, and that most of those who have been disappointed in getting office have acted with generosity and friendliness. With kind regards, very sincerely, Benjamin Harrison."

AND STILL ANOTHER GONE.

Another American Girl Who Couldn't Find a Husband at Home.

New York, Nov. 12.—The Paget-Whitney wedding at St. Thomas' church at noon to-day was a notable event. President Cleveland was seated in the front pew, and behind him were the secretary of the navy, Mr. Herbert, secretary of war, Mr. Lamont, and the diplomatic corps, including Sir Julian Pauncefote and Mavre Yari Bey. The arrangements for the wedding were complete, carte blanche having been given as to the floral decorations.

THE HYAMS MURDER TRIAL.

Evidence for the Prosecution Not As Strong as Was Expected.

Toronto, Nov. 11.—So far as the crown has presented a much more connected case in the present trial of the Hyams twins than at the spring assizes. The first week of the trial was taken up with testimony as to the condition of Wells' body. Though the witnesses widely disagreed in their evidence, a new fact came out that not only was there a wound over the right eye, but there was also one over the left. This goes to support the crown's contention that Wells was struck by some instrument before the elevator weight fell on him. A witness whom the crown put on the stand to-day gave evidence which it claims has a direct bearing on the preparation for the crime. Considerable evidence was taken to prove the time of the occurrence in the warehouse but that testimony was so much shaken in cross-examination that the defense practically supported its contention.

Several witnesses gave a description of the elevator and weight, the most important one being James Rankin. He gave full details as to the way in which the book was fastened to the weight and stated emphatically that no man could lift the weight of the book. He said that at the time when he saw the elevator it was in perfect working order and the sides well caulked. Charles Lee was called and told about repairing the elevator and changing the weight, which he said was substituted for one just half the original size. He stated that when he finished repairing the elevator it was perfectly safe.

TO ASSASSINATE PULLMAN

Crazy Man Prevented From Killing the Magnate and His Manager, in Chicago.

Important Movement to Consolidate the Receivership of Bankrupt Roads.

LORD SALISBURY'S SPEECH

At the Lord Mayor's Banquet Had a Reassuring Effect on the Stock Market.

The Market is Generally Stronger—Although Some Slight Trouble is Unavoidable.

New York, Nov. 11.—The Evening Post's special financial telegram to-day is as follows: The city warmly approves of Lord Salisbury's speech at the Lord Mayor's dinner, and considers it reassuring on account of the statement that the European Powers are acting in concert. In the afternoon prices were generally better, although closing a shade below the rest console has been at 109 1/2, but closed at 109 3/4. The settlement in mining shares has commenced here. The differences to be met are enormous, but the account open has been generally reduced and the position of our markets is probably healthier than for months past. Several failures are expected in the general settlement, but it is hoped that no very big firm will fail. The continent remains the weakest spot, especially Paris and Vienna. It is understood that French bankers have decided to support the Bourse by lending money freely, but nothing will be done to encourage the continuance of further mining speculation there. The English public are beginning to buy mines again at lower prices.

Americans opened flat, but later went better, and at the close were steady, with good buying for Paris and Berlin. Conditions were better from start to finish on Lord Salisbury's reassuring speech. The general outlook favors the opinion that while we may have seen the worst the future is uncertain, and perhaps dull markets will be likely for some time.

The accounts of a firm interested in 80,000 shares, of which 30,000 are chartered, are now being closed. Many others, mostly small, it is feared, will succumb. At the opening the stock market was utterly demoralized through the sharpness of last week's fall and the uncertainty of the financial situation on the continental Bourses.

The Imperial Bank of Germany to-day raised its discount rate to 4 per cent, and its rate of interest on advance to 4 1/2 per cent.

Foreign developments again exerted paramount influence upon the transactions on the New York stock exchange markets. Previous to the opening, higher prices for American securities in London and more encouraging reports as to the foreign financial and political situation caused a more cheerful sentiment, despite expectation of gold engagements for export. Under this stimulus, the market opened strong and active and material advances occurred in some of the leading shares. A feature of the early trading was the execution of buy orders from London for both accounts of some of the international stocks which had recently borne the brunt of foreign liquidation. The edge of the improvement was soon taken off by a fall in the industrial group. The way list was also easier, although the losses were unimportant. In the first hour realizing caused fractional recessions in the general market. The closing was heavy, but the net changes were as a rule, wins.

Berlin, Nov. 11.—The Official Reichsanzeiger this evening said that at a meeting of the Reichsbank Imperial Bank, Dr. Hoch, director of the institution, explained that the raising of the bank's rates was unavoidable. Previous to the meeting, he added, had decreased 30,000,000 marks, 80,000,000 in gold had been withdrawn since December, and the note reserve was 30,000,000 marks less than on October 20. Therefore, in view of the fact that private discount had risen at least as the bank rate, and taking into account the stringency of money, the Reichsbank was compelled to raise the rate.

Paris, Nov. 11.—Le Temps, referring to the financial situation, says: "Whatever the result of the intervention of the Rothschild and other bankers take, it will not aim at raising prices. Such a result would facilitate foreign Bourses on the Paris market, to the detriment of the latter. It will suffice to arrest the fall of certain stocks which have declined heavily, removing the fears of small investors and obliging speculators to settle at any cost before the end of November."

Vienna, Nov. 12.—In the Reichsrath to-day, after a speech by Chevalier de Pittinski, minister of finance, who declared the Bourse to be in a sound condition, the proposition from some of the members that the government assist the Bourse was rejected, a motion asking the government to inquire into and report upon the causes of the panic of last Saturday, however, carrying.

Paris, Nov. 12.—Le Soir hears that the bankers have formed a guarantee fund of 200,000,000 francs for the purpose of facilitating liquidation in the Bourse.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair. Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed on exhibit at the World's Fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the true and forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's Fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the class of nostrums. It is here on its merits.

AMERICAN COAST DEFENCE

General Miles Thinks Uncle Sam Should Set His House in Order.

Washington, Nov. 13.—The report of General Miles was made public to-day. The general believes the peaceable condition of the Indians is largely attributable to the presence of troops near the reservations and the admirable conduct of the experienced officers in charge of the various agencies. He says coast defenses require immediate attention. San Diego and Puget Sound are entirely at the mercy of foreign fleets, which could blockade every Pacific coast port in 30 days. He says we are as far behind in modern appliances of war as China or Japan. Except slight progress at San Francisco, no advance in coast defence has been made in years. He recommends the construction of high power guns and a thorough system of defence. General Miles also argues for an increase in the strength of the army and the proper distribution of regiments. He approves of the use of bicycles and motor wagons as part of the military equipment.

A DARK INVESTIGATION.

Too Much Secrecy about the Tacoma Hoax Investigation.

Tacoma, Nov. 13.—President W. H. Harris, of the city council, was a witness before the Laxow committee last evening. The session was one of the liveliest yet held, although Mr. Harris gave the committee no information on which to institute criminal proceedings.

Many people are disposed to view with suspicion the work of the investigators on account of the fact that the meetings of the committee are held with closed doors and all members pledged to secrecy. Even from those who appear to testify a promise is extorted to keep the proceedings secret, and all reporters are rigidly excluded from the committee rooms. Councilman Harris does not consider this course wise, and so told the committee. He at first refused to appear, but said he would gladly testify at a public investigation. Harris went over the condition of the city finances, with particular reference to Boggs' deposits in broken banks.

THE UNION BANK SCANDAL

Of Newfoundland, Has Been Enquired Into—Decision is Expected on Friday.

St. Johns, Nfld., Nov. 13.—The steamer Neptune, which has been engaged in salvaging at the wreck of the Mariposa at Port, Pen Bay, Labrador, returned to-day with a second cargo of 11,000 deals, 500 pieces of the ship's furniture, etc. The officers of the Neptune report that the wreck is still holding together, is sheltered from the storms, and suffering little injury. The harbor where the wreck is located speedily froze over after the accident occurred and consequently no danger is apprehended to the boat until next spring. A diver accompanied the Neptune and he says the hull is practically unharmed and that it will be possible to float her with the proper appliances when navigation re-opens.

The Union Bank inquiry ended to-day. The magistrate reserved his decision until next Friday.

A family of twelve persons was abandoned at Labrador last week owing to the fact that the vessel belonging to them was unable to reach them because of contrary winds. They were scantily provisioned, and must perish if impediments to navigation continue, and so the government has promptly dispatched a steamer from the northern coast across to Labrador to search for them.

EX-CONSUL WALLER'S CASE.

Mr. Waller May be Released as a Matter of Diplomatic Friendliness.

Washington City, Nov. 13.—Secretary Olney has been for some time endeavoring to secure the consideration of ex-Consul Waller's case by the new French minister of foreign affairs. He has succeeded as far as to gain an intimation from Ambassador Eustis that the French government may order Waller's release on a basis of friendship for the American government and on account of Waller's serious and possibly fatal illness. The state department has not asked for the ex-Consul's release, but has intimated to the French government that any intimation shown him would be appreciated by the president. While Waller's case has not been finally acted upon here, it is known that from the evidence already in hand, Secretary Olney is unable to find any basis for a request for his release as a right.

HONEST HELP.

Thousands of men are suffering because they lack the courage to make known their early errors and to endeavor to remedy them. Nervous weakness, loss of manhood and the many ills due to early indiscretions, excesses or overwork can be quickly, successfully and permanently cured, if you will only let the right people know what ails you. Write to me in confidence and I will tell you, free of charge, how to get cured. I have nothing to sell, but am desirous of honestly helping you. Perfect secrecy assured. Describe your case and address with stamp—L. A. Edwards, P. O. Box 55, Jarvis, Ont.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Washington, Nov. 13.—The purpose of Japan is to evacuate Port Arthur and the Liaotung peninsula by February 16, next, which is three months from the date of the payment by China of the thirty million taels agreed upon for the evacuation.

While three months is fixed as the time within which the evacuation may be made, it is probable that the Japanese will not take the limit of time, but will get about retiring from Port Arthur immediately on the payment of the thirty million taels on next Tuesday, as the cost of the maintenance of an army there is very heavy.

It is understood also that a further feature of the evacuation is the evacuation of Port Arthur is that its evacuation by Japan will not be followed by a cession of the fortress to any other power. An unofficial statement to this effect has been made and is credited here, but the Japanese legation has received no official advice.

Late mail advices to the legation satisfy the officials that the rebellion in Formosa is over and that the rebel leader has surrendered. He offered to make a conditional surrender some time ago, but the Japanese would not give any conditions to the rebels. Since then, the officials believe, he has yielded unconditionally and the war, or rebellion, is at an end.

CUBA'S PRESIDENT CRITICISED.

The Diario Delta Marina Calls For His Resignation.

Havana, Nov. 13.—Diario Delta Marina, the leading reformist organ of Cuba, published an editorial to-day in which it makes a strong attack upon Senor Cannozas del Castillo, the Spanish premier, directly insinuating that Captain-General Martinez de Campos is backing his policy. The article also makes strong charges against the present policy of favoring the Conservatives and says that the resignation of Cannozas del Castillo can save us. The rebellion was started in a small portion of the province of Santiago de Cuba, and by his policy has increased, sweeping like a wave into the provinces of Puerto Principe, Santa Clara and Matanzas, and even the province of Pinar del Rio is threatened.

LENZ & LEISER, IMPORTERS OF Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, ETC. Nos. 9 and 11 Yates Street, VICTORIA, B. C.

ROYAL SCALP FOOD, Price \$1.00, 6 Bottles \$5.00 Exp. Per. ONE HONEST MAN AND BUT ONE RELIABLE HAIR FOOD. NO DYE. We feed the Hair that which it lacks and nature restores the color. THEORY. ROYAL SCALP FOOD destroys the diseased germ of the scalp and a healthy action is set up. It contains the principal properties of the hair that it fertilizes the scalp the same as you do a field of corn and growth is certain. It penetrates the scalp, cleanses it and thoroughly eradicates all dandruff, which is the forerunner of baldness. It is the ONLY remedy ever discovered that will restore the Life, Beauty and Natural Color to the hair without harm. MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED. SEND FOR FREE PAMPHLET. RETAIL AND LOCAL AGENTS WANTED. CURES BALDNESS, STOPS FALLING HAIR, CURES DANDRUFF, RESTORES FADED AND GRAY HAIR TO NATURAL COLOR AND VITALITY. PERFECTLY HARMLESS. WARRANTED. CLEAR AS WATER. NO SEDIMENT. NO LEAD. SULPHUR OR CHEMICALS. ROYAL SCALP FOOD CO. Box 305, WINDSOR, ONT.

R. P. RITHET & CO., LIMITED. Wholesale Merchants, Shipping & Insurance Agents. Proprietors Victoria Wharf, Outer Harbor, Proprietors Columbia Flouring Mills, Enderby. AGENTS FOR: Victoria Canning Co. of British Columbia, Fraser River, Skeena River and River's Inlet Canneries. Skeena River Packing Co. Skeena River. Lowe Inlet Packing Company, Lowe Inlet. Giant Powder Co., Con. (Works, Cadboro Bay). Pacific Coast Steamship Co., San Francisco. Puget Sound Tug Boat Co., Port Townsend. Queen Insurance Co., of America, (Fire). Lancashire Insurance Co. English and American Marine Insurance Companies. Wells, Fargo & Company. Lloyd's Agency Hawaiian Consulate.

Never Mind the Weather. Don't allow the cold snap to deter you from ordering your groceries. Christmas is coming and you want your plum pudding. We have it ready made, also condiments for making it. Raisins: Off Stock Valencias, California Clusters, Layer Valencias, California Loose Muscatels, Now Due from London: Fine Dehasas, Zanti Currants, Jordan Almonds, and New Figs. A Choice Selection of Wines and Liquors. DIXIE H. ROSS & CO., 127 Government Street.

A Drink that Cheers and Strengthens. There is In a Cup of Real Enjoyment as well as Solid Benefit. Johnston's Fuid Beef. When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE B... Action of Ward... Other By Reg... There w council la and BRAG... A comm... Tippins, O... ing agin... port agin... in the pe... by the la... last. Ald. Hu... ving a... with dang... he thought... with plank... Ald. M... that the st... ed to say... with side... have done... Ald. Pa... necessity i... upheld the... work if th... poses. Ald. M... ravine one... in the ci... he did p... same. T... further di... the actio... dored. Ald. M... The W... Company... effect the... bricklayer... electric st... that the... defective... assume m... that migh... Ald. M... the Ham... to enter... foundation... in the... merely a... obligation... tric light... William... that he... W. Rid... the unsat... trap and... be held re... at present... the matte... J. L. R... his report... pipe be... Smith &... at present... this stree... The ma... beds, also... missioner... till she... tractor... nominal... Dr. G... asked per... agent for... The requ... W. No... agent, re... Grant has... police un... 500,000... finance... mittee on... Tenders... tric light... Moskisin... Electric... referred... and the p... act. A petit... other res... ing for... a fire ward... Chief D... to the su... with r... approval... I respect... for fire d... at night... ance at a... knowledge... over to... circumstances... son a, bre... a determina... ter used... the suspec... ests of the... ion attac... called by... fire chief... compiled... and a res... man again... a bad per... and refer... our prom... named me... that I... I now ask... superiors... der my o... With the... good serv... from men... considered... forgot my... men; but... considered... owes to... I think... action in... that the... this matt... approval... the head... of duty... The fir... subject fo... To His V... Alder... Gentlem... based on... and refer... on Sept. 9th... called by... the invari... but pow... at the W... the applic... there, as... was cons... by the st... by the st... Ald. P... let Mr. P... spt. they... that he w... ing to fo... other cou...

THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN

Action of Chief Deasy and Fire Wardens Regarding R. Ledingham, Sustained

Other Business Disposed of at the Regular Meeting Held Last Evening.

There was a short session of the city council last evening. Ald. Williams and Bragg were the only absentees.

A communication was read protesting against the action of the council in not laying the sidewalk where suggested by the petition presented to the council by the ladies of Oaklands in October last.

Ald. Humphrey explained that the paving on the opposite side of the street was dangerous to the public safety, and he thought it better to cover this ravine with planking.

Ald. Macmillan and Cameron stated that the street committee was instructed to lay the sidewalk on the opposite side of the street, and they should have done so instead of planking ravines.

Ald. Partridge said there was a great necessity for planking the ravine, and he upheld the action of the street committee, but suggested the laying of the sidewalk if there were funds for such purposes.

Ald. McLellan and Wilson thought the ravine one of the most dangerous places in the city and that the street committee did perfectly right in planking the same. The communication was, after further discussion, received and filed and the action of the street committee endorsed.

The William Hamilton Manufacturing Company sent a communication to the effect that they had instructed their bricklayer to repair the brick work at the electric station and notifying the council that the foundation of the street committee was defective and that the company would assume no responsibility for any damage that might occur through the same.

Ald. Macmillan said that the time for the Hamilton Manufacturing Company to enter their protest against defective machinery, and their letter was merely a quibble to get rid of their obligations in connection with the electric light plant.

William Grimm informed the council that he could not get paid for repairs to sprinklers. The matter was referred.

W. Ridgeway Wilson complained of the unsatisfactory working of a sewerage trap and intimating that the matter would be held responsible unless the matter was attended to. The sewerage committee and the city engineer will inquire into the matter.

J. L. Raymur, water commissioner, in his report, recommended that the water pipe be laid on North street. M. R. Smith & Co. cannot get sufficient water at present for their bakery located on this street. The report was adopted.

The matter of filling up the old filter beds, also suggested in the water commissioner's report, will not be dealt with until the council will order whether the contractors will undertake the work at a nominal cost.

report, as the orders of the head of the fire department should be obeyed in every case.

Ald. Macmillan maintained there were extenuating circumstances that should be taken into consideration. Mr. Ledingham had asked for a bell in his house and none was put in, although other firemen had bells provided free of cost.

Ledingham was moving closer to the fire hall and would be able in the future to hear alarms and attend to all fires. Although Ledingham admitted his non-attendance at some fires, still he (Ald. Macmillan) thought a suspension of nearly a year was sufficient punishment.

Mr. Ledingham's chief offense seemed to be that he complained of favoritism on the part of Chief Deasy. The chief is responsible to the council and should not be upheld when he did wrong.

Ald. Partridge asked Ald. Macmillan if he did not state that the fire wardens could not pursue any course other than dismiss Mr. Ledingham.

Ald. Macmillan replied that he did say that the fire wardens did right in sustaining the action of the chief in suspending Ledingham, and he said so still, but suspension was not dismissal.

Ald. Wilson thought a good deal of the trouble was caused by a gentleman on the outside who freely used printers' ink to say that Ald. Wilson was a 'funny' gentleman, that he was no 'funny' and he would support Chief Deasy only so long as he did right.

None of the witnesses at the investigation, although questioned regarding the matter, accused the chief of favoritism in the fire department. If efficiency is to be maintained in the department there must be discipline.

Ald. McLellan moved the adoption of the wardens' report, and in doing so reiterated the statement that discipline must be maintained and the action of the chief upheld. The motion was carried.

Ald. Humphrey thought the language used by the chief in his report was unwarranted and uncalled for. Ald. Macmillan could not see how ex-Ald. Ledingham could ask for his brother's re-statement when he was not suspended at the time he (Ledingham) was an alderman and a fire warden.

The chief's report was finally adopted and the meeting adjourned at 9:30 a.m.

COUNCIL OF WOMEN.

Interesting Discussion on the Establishment of Kindergarten in the City.

When the Times went to press last evening the delegates present at the meeting of the National Council of Women were discussing the resolution in reference to the establishment of kindergartens in connection with the public schools of the city and province.

CONSUMPTION CONQUERED

A P. E. ISLAND LADY RESTORED TO HEALTH.

Attacked With a Hacking Cough, Loss of Appetite and General Feeling of Lassitude—Pink Pills Restored Her Health After Doctors Failed.

From the Charlottetown Patriot.

Times without number have we read of the wonderful cures effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but generally the testimonials telling the tale had laid the scene in some of the other provinces.

This time however, the matter is brought directly home, and the testimony comes from a much respected and Christian woman. Mrs. Sarah Strickland, now residing in the suburbs of Charlottetown, has been married for nearly twenty years and with a large family and although never enjoying a robust constitution had, until a year ago, been in comparatively good health.

About that time she began to feel "run down," her blood failed and a general feeling of lassitude took possession of both her mind and body. Her family and friends viewed with alarm the gradual development of her illness, and when a cough—at first inconstant, but afterwards almost incessant, especially at nights—set in, doctors were summoned and everything that loving, tender care and medical skill could do was resorted to in order

to save the affectionate wife and mother, whose days appeared to be numbered. Her appetite was almost completely gone. Food was paraken of without relish, and Mrs. Strickland was unable to do even the ordinary lighter work of the household. She became greatly emaciated and in order to partake of even the most dainty nourishment a stimulant had at first to be administered. While this gloom hung over the home and the sick lady was making up her mind how she would have to say farewell to her young family, she was induced by a friend to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Though utterly discouraged, and almost disgusted with medicine, she yielded more in a friendly way than she would have done. After using the pills for a short time a gleam of hope, a wish to get well again took possession of her and the treatment was cheerfully continued.

She changed her mind and made the first effort of the assizes at New Westminster, thus obviating the necessity of keeping the future over Sunday.

We are gratified to notice that the public business of the district is so efficiently discharged, before the chief justice and our two resident judges.

We recommend that the statute be changed so as to make the Monday the first day of the assizes at New Westminster, thus obviating the necessity of keeping the future over Sunday.

We regret to see the number of cases respecting Indians, all of which are traceable to illicit liquor traffic. A grand jury suggest that greater precautions should be adopted by the authorities to guard against this evil, and the laws on the subject might, with public advantage, be amended.

Mr. Justice Bole thanked the grand jury for their presentation, and promised to lay it before the proper authorities, and he had no doubt the matters referred to therein would receive proper attention. He was very glad the grand jury had requested the government to change the day of opening the assizes from Thursday to Monday. It would be a great advantage in many ways, while involving no drawbacks. His lordship, continuing said the presentation was an excellent one from beginning to end, and at once proved the utility and importance of the grand jury. In sending the presentation to the proper quarter, he would take the greatest pleasure in stating that very item on it had his entire approval.

The grand jury was then dismissed from further attendance.

Mr. Tenny rose and said he had the assurance of the honorable attorney-general that the office of registrar of the Supreme Court would be filled.

AUSTRIA'S KAISER,

Like His Brother Ruler, William, Emperor Francis Joseph Dislikes the People.

He Will Govern Without Them, but Has Stirred Up a Hornet's Nest.

Irish Politicians Object to Publicity—U. S. Ambassador Bayard Feted in Scotland.

Vienna, Nov. 13.—Dr. Lueger, the anti-Semite leader in the Reichsrath, who was re-elected burgomaster of this city in October last, and whose election Emperor Francis Joseph refused to sanction, was again elected burgomaster to-day in accordance with his announced intention of having himself elected over and over again until the government yields approval to his holding office.

Dr. Lueger intimated his readiness to accept the office, whereupon Dr. Fritz, president of the imperial council, which was appointed last May to administer the municipal affairs of the city on account of the abolition for the time being of the municipal body, has announced on behalf of the lieutenant-governor, the dissolution of the civic council. The members of that body then left the hall amid great excitement, and were greeted with tremendous cheers from crowds assembled outside.

The demonstration lasted for some time and the police were eventually compelled to make several arrests and disperse the gathering.

A mob of about 100 men afterwards proceeded to the imperial Hofburg grounds "Long live Lueger." The police stopped the mob and men engaged in this demonstration, but some succeeded in forcing a way into the palace grounds from which they were eventually ejected by the Life Guards.

Dublin, Nov. 13.—There were 100 delegates present at the meeting of the Irish National Federation this afternoon, called to consider the resolution expelling Mr. Tim Healy from the organization. This is the result of charges against the Irish parliamentary party at the national convention at Omagh, county Tyrone, in July last. The motion of Mr. Healy to-day to admit representatives of the press to the meeting was rejected.

London, Nov. 13.—A dispatch to the Chronicle from Coburg, says that it is expected that the accumulation of the Czarina will take place about the end of November.

Proceedings in the suit brought by Dr. Conyers Herring to recover \$15,000 from the loss of his schooner yacht Mohican, were continued this morning. Two yacht brokers testified that they could replace the Mohican for less than \$20,000.

At Aldridge's repository to-day twenty-four good looking Canadian horses belonging to McCain, of Lucknow, Ont., were disposed of at an average of 24 guineas, the highest, a sky half, sold for 31, and the lowest, 17 guineas.

It is expected that the decision of the privy council in the matter of the right of Ontario to control the manufacture and traffic of liquors within the province will be promulgated early next week.

Dundee, Scotland, Nov. 13.—United States Ambassador Thomas F. Bayard was presented with the freedom of this city to-day by the civic authorities. In accepting, he said no duty was so agreeable to him as representing international comity between two great civilized peoples. In time of peace they should do everything possible for the good of each other and do no more harm generally than is needed for their self-respect.

Glasgow, Nov. 13.—A stock broker defaulted here to-day, and other defaulters are expected as a result of tomorrow's settlement.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Fatal Railway Accident—Young Man Killed in a Mill.

THE WOMAN'S COUNCIL.

Irregular Resolutions—The Countess of Aberdeen Presiding.

In addition to the hundred or more delegates present at the adjourned meeting of the National Council of Women, held this afternoon, a large audience listened to the debates of the day. Among these were His Excellency the Governor-General, Hon. Col. Bakr, Rt. Rev. Bishop Perrin, Rev. D. MacRae, Rev. Mr. Barber and many ladies.

The Countess of Aberdeen presided. Before taking up the resolutions still standing upon the programme, Her Excellency pointed out that the rule of the National Council requiring two months' notice and a reply from each of the affiliated societies not having been complied with, the resolutions set for discussion could not legally be rejected or adopted. She regretted this unfortunate state of affairs but now there was no help for it and nothing to be done but face the situation.

The programme was then taken up and the remaining resolutions provoked an interesting discussion, but because of the irregularity mentioned no action could be taken. At four o'clock the resolutions are still being discussed. After their disposal Her Excellency will take charge of the question drawer, to which has been sent in a large number of questions.

"These hastily snatched kisses," exclaimed the Barclays, irritably, as Le struggled to extricate himself from a delicately arched eyebrow, "make me weary."

"Turn the rascals out!"—the familiar cry—may be applied to microbes as well as to men. The germs of disease which lurk in the blood are "turned out" by Ayer's Sarsaparilla as effectively as the old postmasters are displaced by a new administration.

THE NORWEGIAN COLONY.

First Anniversary of the Settlement at Bella Coola Celebrated.

Bella Coola, Nov. 6.—On Wednesday, Oct. 30th the Bella Coola Norwegian colony celebrated the first anniversary of the landing of the colonists at Bella Coola. At 9 o'clock in the morning everyone from far and near was on the grounds ready to participate in the festivities. A fine programme had been drawn up by the festival committee. The morning was fine and bright, so it always is at Bella Coola, and everyone patiently waited for the time of the opening. A quarter past ten o'clock Mr. C. Carlson, chairman of the festival committee, called the house to order and asked the Rev. Mr. Saugstad to offer the opening prayer, after which the Bella Coola church choir sang one of their well selected hymns. Mr. Carlson then proceeded to make his speech of welcome, from which nothing appropriate was omitted.

The first speaker introduced was the Rev. Mr. Saugstad, president of the colony. Mr. Saugstad said he had been called upon to speak but had been so busy with his penic and ax that he had not prepared for the occasion, but would try to give his listeners some history and some facts. The speaker dwelt at some length on the measurements of the agricultural lands in Bella Coola, as well

as side valleys, especially in Snoodley and Neutrackly valleys. In conclusion the speaker said that on this day last year the outlook in Bella Coola was quite dark, but to-day it is bright, and now we can see away into the future. In referring to the climate the speaker said it could not be compared, as it had no counterpart. As to marking the products of the colony, he said they for the first fifteen years to come they had a chance to sell all their products right at home. The speaker touched upon the great opportunity that is afforded this valley in getting a trunk road to Bella Coola from the great stock-raising country of Chilcotin. This, the speaker said, would make Bella Coola one of the best districts of British Columbia. He urged them to continue to believe in the Lord and no one shall be in want.

Rev. Thomas Neville was introduced. He showed how necessary it is to give thanks at all times, and continued that the people were gathering to give thanks now, as much as Noah did in the days of old. The speaker referred to the liberty of the British empire, but also said he wanted unity among ourselves. He showed the great necessity of the common schools in promoting the education of the growing generation. He pointed out that of the wealth of British Columbia not half has been made known. The timber has barely been touched and the fisheries not half utilized. In concluding his remarks he urged them to be bound together and all work for the same measure and all would make better citizens in our province, the land of our adoption.

Mr. B. Brynaldson was asked to speak, but said that his voice was so often heard in the colony that he would prefer to step aside to give room for someone more eloquent.

Mr. I. Fougur was introduced and commenced his oration, showing how the Norwegians first discovered America, and continued on how they had spread all over, even come to Bella Coola. The speaker in conclusion said he would hope to see twice as many participate in the celebration a year hence.

Mr. H. Christenson, the last speaker, said many a place worse looking than Bella Coola is settled, and showed the audience that it is the character of the old country that makes the Norwegians stand out in the crowd of pioneer life. Mr. Saugstad closed the day with prayer and everyone went home well delighted over the first anniversary celebration in Bella Coola.

Mr. B. Brynaldson, manager of the Bella Coola Mercantile Company, returned from Victoria by the last steamer, where he has been buying the winter supply for their new store, and is now doing a thriving business.

Rev. Thomas Neville is back after an absence of four weeks in the capital city, and says there is no place like Bella Coola.

Mr. C. Carlson was married at the residence of Mr. Saugstad on the 28th to Miss Ovidia Borley, of Seattle, Wash. The newly married couple after receiving the congratulations of their friends, are now domiciled at their home in New Saturn.

Miss Georgie Saugstad is still in Victoria, conducting a mother's course, and will join the company at Vancouver and probably be home by next week.

The first Japanese newspaper appeared only twenty-five years ago. It was published monthly by a druggist under an advertising medium. Now there are over four hundred journals in the realm of the Mikado.

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For every 12 "Sunlight" Wrappers sent to the Canadian Soap Co., 22 Booth Street, Toronto, Lever Bros., Ltd., will send postpaid a useful paper-bound book, 30 pages.

WANTED, Young Men and Women or older ones if still young in spirit, of undoubted character, good talkers, ambitious and industrious, can find employment in a good cause, with \$60.00 PER MONTH and upwards, according to ability.

WARNING \$100 Reward Will be given to any one who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons imitating our trade mark by stamping plugs of tobacco with counterfeit names and designs to lead consumers to believe that they are receiving our MYRTLE NAVY TOBACCO

Each plug of which is stamped with T & B IN BRONZE. Our Cheiving Tobacco is stamped with T & B Tin Tag. The Geo. E. Tackett & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.

Consumption. Valuable treatise and two bottles of medicine sent free by mail. Write to Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

ER, Goods, T.C. TORIA, B. C. OD, \$100, 00 Exp. Pa. T MAN RELIABLE OD. which it lacks the color. O., ng & Skeena. ulate. your groceries. We have it. Musters, Muscatels, onds, and. ment Street. thens Cup of ston's id Beef.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

KASLO.

Nelson Tribune. In compliance with the representations of the mine managers and to meet the immediate requirements of their traffic, the contractors of the Kaslo & Slocan railway are converting twelve of their flats into box cars.

NEILSON.

Nelson Tribune. It is said that the Tacoma smelter has been ordered for the output of the Slocan star mine, but the length of time is not reported.

Fourteen men are at work drifting and cross-cutting the Starlight, on Trout Lake. The drifts are in 50 feet on the vein from the crosscut tunnel.

Peter Larsen, the railway contractor, has become interested with George W. Hughes in the Best mineral claim in the Slocan district, and active development will be prosecuted during the winter.

J. E. Cutler, manager of the Deadman, was in Kaslo a day or two this week. He reports that he has about 300 tons of high grade ore ready for shipment as soon as it can be raved.

Jap King is over in East Kootenay working as foreman for Finch & Cronin on the St. Eugene mine. He is said to be in the showings. The ledge is enormous size and crops out for half a mile. There is plenty of clean galena and for the work done the mine is looking extremely well.

Very complete surveys are being made for the narrow gauge railroad to be constructed from the Kaslo to the Star mine. A party of engineers have been at work all the past week running a branch from the main line of the proposed road to the dumps of all the principal mines.

W. S. Norman, of Spokane, arrived on Tuesday evening and immediately began preparations to put in a system of water supply. Associated with him are John A. Finch, Patsey Clark, Ross Thompson, Louis Blue and others.

The receipts of freight at Ashcroft for the past few months have been enormous. Many men are now coming down the Cariboo road to winter at Ashcroft and on the Soudm. A few are going to the Kootenay.

ROSSLAND.

William L. Benedict, of New York, arrived a week ago to expert the Cliff and other properties for the Lilboe, Trout Valley and Garboe Gold Fields company, and has been very busy ever since.

Hoatson has gone to the Slocan country, but will return here in a few days. George Sargeant, of Anacosta, confidential representative of Marcus Daly, arrived Tuesday evening.

The big boiler for the Center Star compressor was hauled through town by sixteen horses yesterday. The remainder of the machinery is at Trail and will be brought up immediately.

The tunnel on the Jumbo is now in fifty feet with but little ore in sight. The ledge proper has not been found, the cap rock being very thick.

Superintendent Gilliam hopes to get the new machinery of the Lee and Maid of Erin running to-day or Monday.

Mr. Daniel of the Gold Hill company has sold his treasury stock to eastern people at 7 1/2 to 10 cents a share. The amount of stock sold was 11,600 shares, 11,000 shares being individual.

Both walls in the Deer Park are now in sight but it is fifty feet below them. The cross-cut to the hanging wall was completed Wednesday.

Very good progress is now being made in sinking the Le Roi shaft, and the work will soon be completed.

Work is in progress on the Gem, which is one of the group near the Crown Point. It is said to be in the showings.

One of the most important events of the week was the strike made in the St. Elmo. For more than one hundred feet the men had followed a seam not wider than a knife blade, with a good smooth wall on the left, or hang side.

It is understood a glee club will be formed among the members of the athletic club. The sale of work at St. Alban's yesterday was followed by grand entertainment and concert in the evening.

at present prices, is worth about \$110 per ton. Mr. Kinman disposed of a quarter interest in the American to Abrahamson Bros. yesterday.

Captain John Grant seems very well pleased with the progress made at the Maple Leaf, Illecillewaet, where he has been superintending operations and has just let a contract for two hundred feet of tunneling.

The assays received heretofore from these finds gave \$5.50 in gold and over 400 ounces in silver per ton. There is every indication of very large bodies of ore, all of which has helped to convince the captain that the north fork will be a great producer.

It is upon good authority that your correspondent is informed that a general store, consisting of dry goods, groceries, hardware, etc., will be opened on Galiano Island during the coming winter months.

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GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S BALL

Several Hundred Victorians Guests of Lord and Lady Aberdeen Last Night. The Drill Hall Elaborately Decorated for the Very Brilliant Event.

Between seven and eight hundred ladies and gentlemen attended the state ball given last evening by His Excellency the Governor-General and the Countess of Aberdeen in the drill hall.

The drill hall was grandly decorated. Part of it had been cut off for the supper rooms, the partition being one mass of flags. The walls and ceiling were festooned with flags, usually look so bare, were not there last night, or rather the decorations had so completely covered and interlarded them with flags, bunting and evergreens that they were not recognized.

The supper room, which was in charge of Mr. Thomson, His Excellency's steward, and Mr. Brown, steward of the flagship, had received particular attention. Pretty designs made of flags covered the walls, and the long tables were very tastefully decorated with flowers.

Upon the arrival of the viceregal party, the procession was formed at the door. His Excellency and the Countess passing up to the ballroom preceded by their aides. Mr. Dewdney was accompanied by Rear-Admiral Stephenson.

The signal was given for the first set of dances. The set of honor was formed as follows: Governor-General and Mrs. Dewdney, Admiral Stephenson and Lady Aberdeen, Chief Justice Davis and Mrs. Macdonald, Senator Macdonald and Mrs. Davie, Senator McInnes and Mrs. Walker, Mr. Justice Grease and Mrs. Burnard, Mr. Justice Drake and Mrs. Gaird, Mr. T. Earle, M.P., and Mrs. Turner.

A programme of eighteen dances and three extras, followed, and the merry party continued until an early hour this morning. Everything possible had been done to ensure the comfort and pleasure of the guests.

The following were the invited guests: Mr. and Mrs. Anderson, Jas. and Mrs. Angus, Mrs. Mary Adney, Tappan Adney, Miss Agnew, Mr. and Mrs. Aspland, Forrest Angus, the Misses Angus, V. H. Abbott, J. S. Ansell, Mr. N. J. Aikman, J. W. Anderson, J. J. and Mrs. Austin, Miss Austin, L. G. Anderson, Wm. and Mrs. Atkins, A. H. Arlington, H. W. B. Alexander, H. M. and Mrs. Appleby, Capt. O. B. Barnes, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Baker, H. Hyde Baker, Rev. Canon and Mrs. Beaulieu, G. Brown, W. G. and Mrs. Beattie, J. M. and Mrs. Bell, Dr. A. S. G. Bell, R. N. and Mrs. Blanchard, Mrs. Bouchard, A. F. B. and Mrs. Barnham, W. and Mrs. Burn, R. and Mrs. Bayne, Mr. and Mrs. Bostock, J. and Mrs. Blackwood, Mr. and Mrs. Brown, H. E. and Mrs. Brewster, W. Brown, R. H. and Mrs. Breeding, Miss Bloomingdale, Mrs. E. B. and Mrs. Brown, E. S. and Mrs. Brien, E. S. and Mrs. Barnard, L. C. and Mrs. Barr, Thomas and Mrs. Bamford, W. H. and Mrs. Bock, H. W. R. Bette, H. and Mrs. Burrows, Mr. and Mrs. Bell, E. 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