

Guelph Evening Mercury

VOL. 1. NO. 23.

GUELPH, ON., CANADA, THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 15, 1867.

PRICE ONE CENT

Apprentices Wanted.
WANTED, three apprentices to the tailoring business. Enquire at
JOHN HILL'S, Merchant Tailor,
Guelph, 30th July, 1867. Quebec Street.

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A FULL ASSORTMENT!
CHEAP!

AT DAY'S BOOKSTORE,
OPPOSITE THE MARKET.

Guelph, 20th July, 1867.

STORE to LET in ACTON

A COMMODIOUS STORE and Dwelling House in Acton, situated in a good locality for business. This presents a favourable opening for a Dry Goods or General Store. Apply to
W. DARLING & CO., Montreal,
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W. H. STOREY, Acton.
August 3rd, 1867. 4-17

THE BEST OF STATIONERY

AT THE LOWEST PRICE,

AT DAY'S BOOKSTORE,

OPPOSITE THE MARKET.

Guelph, 20th July, 1867.

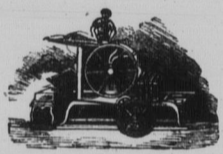
THE EVENING MERCURY

CHEAP BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING HOUSE!

FIRST HOUSE EAST OF THE GOLDEN LION.

Macdonnell Street, - - GUELPH.



MCLAGAN AND INNES,

HAVE much pleasure in intimating to their numerous patrons and the public in general that they have

REMOVED

Their Printing Establishment to more extensive and commodious premises, specially erected for the requirements of their extensive business.

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In connection with the EVENING and WEEKLY Mercury Newspapers we have the Largest and most complete JOB DEPARTMENT west of the City of Toronto. We have within the next few days added an immense assortment of

Beautiful New Scotch Type,

Imported direct from Miller & Richards, Edinburgh. We have also in constant operation

THREE POWER AND TWO HAND PRESSES,

Thus enabling us to turn out work on the shortest possible notice. Having such facilities at our command, employing none but the best of workmen, and using good stock, we enjoy great advantages in the execution of all kinds of

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL

BOOK and JOB PRINTING.

Our changes in the future, as in the past, will be moderate, at least

20 per Cent. under any other Office in the County,

While the style and quality of the work will be fully up to that of the large cities.

THE BUSINESS MAN

Will find it specially to his advantage to give us a call and examine specimens and learn prices.

All Orders by Post Promptly attended to.

MCLAGAN & INNES,
EVENING MERCURY OFFICE,
Macdonnell St., Guelph.

Evening Mercury.

THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 15.

Local News.

CENTRE RIDING.

It is reported that the Conservatives intend to bring out Mr. Ferrier in opposition to the Reform candidates for the Local Legislature for this Riding. We shall have something to say on the subject in a day or two.

At a meeting of the Guelph Rifle Company, held in the Drill Shed, on Tuesday night, Capt. Bruce awarded a prize of \$5 to Corporal Trap for the best attendance at Drill, and \$2.50 to Color Sergt. Clegghorn, as being second for regularity.

SUNDAY SCHOOL FETE.—The Fete annually given by the Venerable Archdeacon Palmer to the Children of St. George's church Sunday School takes place this afternoon at his residence, Tyrcaathlen. At 2 o'clock p.m. the amusements commenced, at six refreshments will be served, and at nine, a bonfire will be kindled. A pleasant time may be anticipated.

Local Electioneering.

"This known what shifts we make to live, Perhaps your Honors may forgive."

Yes, that is all very good, but no single individual knows half the shifts or devices of his neighbor, when his neighbor "goes round canvassing." We remember reading something about the manner in which the lion attacks the horse. Beginning at a considerable distance from him, he goes round and round in a circle, always making the diameter shorter until he has arrived within a proper distance for making a spring on the horse's back. Tactics somewhat similar were practiced the other day, by a rosy, good-natured-looking gentleman of the Conservative and John Bull persuasions while out on an electioneering expedition. He singled out his man, who was standing in his kitchen-garden, and approached him slyly as follows:—

"Good morning, Mr. T."
"Good morning to you, Mr. B."
"Mr. B.—Got good cucumbers, I see."
"Mr. T.—Very good, indeed, sir, very good. I took great care in the raising of 'em."

"Mr. B.—Ah! so I observe; any of 'em ripe yet?"
"Mr. T.—Yes, a few."
"Mr. B.—Yes, a few, and the remainder are like the Anti-coalitionists, somewhat green!"
"Mr. T.—Can't see the joke, sir; can't see the joke."

"Mr. B.—No! I'm rather surprised at that; but did Mr. Blair call on you when he was in Town to ask your vote and influence in favor of the Union candidates?"

"Mr. B. laid great stress on Union; he thought that was an irresistible word."
"Mr. T.—He did not; it would have been useless, for he has turned his coat."
"Mr. B.—I beg your pardon, sir; he has not turned his coat."
"Mr. T.—Did Mr. Blair call on you?"
"Mr. B.—He did."
"Mr. T.—Then certainly there must have been coat-turning. Blair must have turned his, or he would not have called upon you, and you must have turned yours, or you would not be going about to assist him. As for me, I never turned mine, and I never will."

"Mr. B. took his departure without asking for a cucumber."

No EXCUSE.—The Hamilton Times of yesterday has the following:— "Some of the Ministerial journals are endeavoring to excuse the formation of a Coalition on the ground of necessity. They tell us that the Conservative party was not strong enough to obtain a working majority in Parliament. For our own part we should not deem that a sufficient reason for forming a Coalition. If we are not able to carry on the Government, why then the only patriotic course would have been to retire and allow those to carry it on who are strong enough to do so. But even this poor lame shadow of an excuse is utterly at fault. Sir John himself has branded it as a lie."

In his speech at London, the Premier said that if they had gone to the country on a purely Conservative platform, they would have run the Reformers "neck-and-neck" in Upper Canada; would have secured 50 of the 65 in Lower Canada, 12 of the 15 in New Brunswick, and one-half of the representation of Nova Scotia. Thus, according to Sir John A. Macdonald, the Conservatives would have had a majority of 44 in the new House of Commons in a purely party struggle.

Where, then, the necessity for a Coalition? And if it cannot be justified on the grounds of necessity, on what possible ground can such a monstrous be defended? Only on the ground that the bandits of the Apennines justify their coalitions—the common love of plunder.

But there is one more view of the matter that ought not to be lost sight of. We have just recorded the Premier's opinion that the Conservatives would have obtained a majority of 44 all over the country in a purely party struggle. Now no reasonable supporter of the Government will claim such a majority for the Coalition. It is apparent that the Government will be defeated in Upper Canada. The Conservatives and Ministerial Reformers, taken together, will not number as much as the opposition. It is therefore clear that Sir John has injured himself by allying with the Radicals, has injured his own Government, whilst at the same time he has killed the Conservative party.

The dredge at work upon the Saginaw river improvement is said to be a wonderful piece of mechanism. It was built in Scotland at the cost of \$75,000, and has been service upon the Clyde. The boat is 130 feet long and 27 feet wide, and the dredging is done by 36 iron buckets attached to an endless chain, which revolves in a canal in the centre of the dredge. A continuous stream of earth is thus thrown up and carried off on lighters. The dredge is capable of excavating 700

Hurrah for Puslinch!

Mr. Leslie beaten at his own Meeting.

Immense majority for Sturton and Gow.

CONSTERNATION IN THE TORY CAMP.

Messrs. Stone and Leslie's Committee issued bills some four or five days ago, calling a meeting of the friends of the "Union" candidates at Morrison, last (Wednesday) night. The meeting came off in the Town Hall according to notice, where a very large assemblage of the intelligent farmers of the Township were convened by eight o'clock. The Hall was crowded in every part, and those who know its capacity are confident there could not have been less than 500 present. Shortly after the proceedings commenced the sound of the bag-pipes was heard in the street, and on enquiring the cause, it was found that the "men of Badenoch" to the number of 150 were on their way to the Hall. Like stalwart and true men as they are, they marched to the Hall to the martial strains of the "Campbells are Coming," and on entering were loudly cheered. Quite a number of Messrs. Stone and Leslie's friends from Guelph were present, as also several of the friends of Messrs. Sturton and Gow. The proceedings lasted from eight o'clock until half-past eleven, and though the electors were jammed together like so many herrings in a barrel, and although many good-humoured and laughable interruptions took place, such as putting questions to the speakers, and an occasional witty remark, the business was conducted in the most orderly manner, and the best feeling prevailed. It was evident from the very first that Messrs. Stone and Leslie's friends were fearful in the minority, and had it not been that the members of their Committee from Guelph kept up their drooping spirits somewhat, it is feared they would have lost heart altogether.

Dr. Keating was appointed chairman, and in opening the proceedings hoped they would be quiet and orderly, and give an impartial hearing to the speakers on both sides. He then read the notice calling the meeting, and said that as it was called by Mr. Leslie's friends, he would first speak, then some of the members of Mr. Stone's Committee would speak on his behalf, after which Mr. Sturton or any other gentleman on the other side would have an opportunity of addressing the meeting.

Mr. Leslie then rose and said he felt a good deal of diffidence in appearing before them. He had never made a political speech. The reason why he had come as a candidate was in having been presented with a requisition so numerous signed. (He showed the document to the meeting.) After a long pause he resumed and said the fact was there was no real measure before the country except whether the government should have an opportunity of expounding their views or not. He was of opinion they should have fair play. It was not right to condemn men before they were tried. He was totally opposed to factious opposition. It had been the ruin of the country heretofore. Now that Confederation was secured the old party cries were done away with. They all knew him, that his ability in regard to public speaking was not very good. They knew him personally, and that during the twenty years he had acted as a servant of the Municipality he had never in a single instant voted against the interests of Puslinch. If they saw fit to honor him with a seat in the Legislature, he would do all he could for the interests of the County of Wellington and for the Township of Puslinch. Having said this much he retired.

Mr. Charles Davidson then came forward, and said he appeared in the interest of Mr. Stone, and as a member of his Committee. Before Mr. Stone left for England he had placed himself in the hands of his friends, and said he would serve them if they saw fit to elect him.—He trusted he would be able to show them good reasons why they should do so. He then referred to the state of political parties in 1864, when the leading Reformers joined the Government in order to obtain a solution of our difficulties. Mr. Brown in doing so said that bygone should be forgotten. Well, the basement of Confederation was laid, but the super-structure was not yet erected. The mere sanction of the Queen was not sufficient to carry it out, and it could be shown that Mr. Geo. Brown in reply to Mr. McGivern said that he intended to remain in the Government after that sanction was given in order to carry out the object for which it was brought about, such as the construction of the Intercolonial Railroad, securing the Northwest Territory, &c. While Mr. Brown was in the Government everything went fair and smooth. But he saw fit to retire on a point which he never sufficiently explained. The question in dispute lay not with the Government, but with an individual member of it. If Mr. Brown had foreseen that Mr. Galt would have to retire on the School question, he would have remained in the Government and been Finance Minister to-day. Until the delegates went to England, Mr. Brown made little or no opposition, and it was expected he would carry out in good faith what he had said, that all the past would be forgotten. But if differences are to arise, if the Government is not to receive fair and honorable treatment, if they are to receive factious opposition at the very outset, what will be the result?

A Voice.—What about the Brown-Dorion government?
Mr. Davidson—I have nothing to do with that, two blacks don't make a white. If such a course was wrong then, is it not wrong now? He then spoke about the late Reform Convention at Toronto, and said Mr. Sturton's vote at that meeting shook the faith of many in the Riding. Ever after that they were in doubts what his views were, and he had to explain one ambiguous part of his address by stating that if a fool brought forward a motion of want of confidence he would vote for it. (The Conservatives) then took the stand and brought out Mr. Stone against him. He then went into a long eulogy of Mr. Stone—what good he had done to the country by importing cattle, and how well fitted he was to decide on questions regarding the tariff, &c. Mr. Stone would go to Parliament free and untrammelled. He would be the means of allaying past asperities. He would not stick to party and vote merely on

Mr. Stone's good qualities he brought up the old story about the Reformers of Upper Canada being obliged to coalesce with those of Lower Canada, who are for the most part annexationists, and those of Nova Scotia, headed by Mr. Howe, who if not an annexationist, was afraid to be one because of the fortress at Halifax. He wound up by saying that he hoped the electors would see it to be their interest to elect Mr. Stone.

Mr. W. S. G. Knowles then mounted the platform. On commencing to speak he was hailed with cries of "Tory," which he met by saying, "Yes, a Tory, a real Tory if you please." If you want honesty and righteousness in a nation go to a Tory. (Derisive cheers.) He came down as a supporter of Mr. Stone, as he believed he would make a proper representative of the Riding. Objection had been made to him that he was not a politician. On this very account he preferred him to Mr. Sturton. He held that Mr. Sturton was not independent. He was bound hand and foot to the Globe.—(Groans.) He was so identified with Brown and his party that it was altogether impossible for him to give a party vote. On the other hand Mr. Stone was independent and would act entirely on his own judgment. Mr. Sturton had enjoyed the privilege of being their representative for ten years, and what had he done? He had been appropriating the public money to the tune of thousands of dollars. (Groans.) He had tried his pretence hand at legislation, and the result stands on the Statute book in the shape of the Thistle Bill, which he considered an abortion. This was all he could show for ten years of pay and honor. We did not like to see men like him returned who were bound hand and foot. He then went on to speak about Reform Conventions and said he did not believe in them. He spoke of Mr. Leslie, and believed him to be an honest and straightforward man, and a faithful public servant, although he was not a public speaker. We don't want men who will speak by the hour. We want good working men, who will see that we have economical government, and not waste time with long speeches. He was intimately acquainted with Municipal matters and in every respect qualified for the position. After another thing at the late Reform Convention he concluded they would have some thing to do to get their men in, and if they could they would try and elect their candidates.

Calls were then made for Mr. Palmer but he had left the room. Mr. Saxton then stepped on the platform, but objection was made to him speaking as he is not an elector in the Riding. After some discussion in which cries were continually made for Sturton, Mr. Saxton was allowed to say that he was one of Mr. Stone's committee and that he hoped when next in such he would be treated with more courtesy. He then withdrew and along with the rest of Mr. Stone's committee left the room.

Mr. Sturton then came forward and was received with deafening cheers. He said he no wish to speak till all the members of Mr. Stone's committee were dead. Having waited a short time, and no one appearing, he proceeded. He said he had often addressed public meetings in Puslinch, but never such a large assembly as that now before him. He was glad to see so many taking an interest in public matters, as it showed how highly they valued their rights and privileges. He and his friends ought to thank Mr. Leslie and his friends for this opportunity of addressing them. It had been truly said to-night that the object for which they had met was one of the first importance. They were about to be called on to exercise the most valuable right in declaring what they thought in regard to the qualifications and abilities of the individuals now asking for their suffrages; to weigh all that may be said and decide according to the dictates of justice. They had heard a good deal to-night about the danger the country was in. This was invariably the cry of the Conservatives when they were in danger of being deprived of power. They got up a cry of some kind, such as that of annexation. It was all nonsense. He believed no man in Canada was disloyal. He thought better of Mr. Howe than to believe he had the slightest leaning that way. Who lauded him more than the Conservatives when some three years ago in Detroit he manifested a patriotism and ability never equalled. Were a man to have no sympathy with Mr. Howe in his opposition to Confederation, and if he came to Parliament and offered any proposition which would tend to weaken it (which he did not believe) he would frown down at the tempt. (Cheers.) Mr. Leslie, who now solicits their votes is no stranger to them. But he might be a good neighbour, a passable Reeve, a good Division Court Clerk and a fair merchant, and yet when he tells you he is no politician what will you think of him. He never before heard this advanced as a reason why a man should be elected. Were a man to come to any of you and asked to be hired, and were he to say that he knew nothing of farming, what would you think of him? (Hear, hear.) If this holds good in every other calling or profession, why not in politics? A man who would make such a confession is not fit for the position to which he aspires.—(Cheers.) It was an insult to the electors. Mr. Leslie said the government should get a fair trial. The cry was got up that they (the Reformers) were going to condemn them unheard. He explained at length how this was impossible. (See Mr. Sturton's speech at Aberfoyle.) It was charged against him that he had said he would vote want of confidence in the Government if a fool brought up such a motion. He said he had always opposed the bringing up of these motions, but an imprudent or foolish person might do so. Still it was the resolution itself, and not the individual, that he had to consider.—(Hear, hear.) They had heard Mr. Leslie make his debut in public life to-night, and after the exhibition he had made they were quite able to judge whether he was competent to fill the seat without saying a word more on the point. He had never taken the slightest interest in politics, and the same statement applied to Mr. Stone. In fact he never took an interest in anything unless it was for his personal interest. (Cheers.) In regard to what Mr. Davidson had said about Mr. Brown's reply to Mr. McGivern, he could only say that he was surprised that Mr. Davidson could so misrepresent the matter. During the debate on the Quebec Resolutions Mr. McGivern asked Mr. Brown a question about the Intercolonial Railroad—the North West, &c. He never stated that he would remain in the Government till these measures were carried out. They

had to use that term. The people of Upper Canada were disloyal. (Cheers.) A term Mr. Leslie used spreading abroad a lie to taunt Conservatives, how long is it since the Washington McDougall him. He also referred signed the annexation. Rose who did the same was a rebel in 1838; to the same in 1848; to the Parliament buildings their treatment of Lord but not least to the acted in Kingston during Wales' visit. Mr. Dav absurd statement which in the last studied ashamed to make. He alone was responsible the Reciprocity question retired from the ministry in politics known measure brought in introduced in the Cabinet pride in saying he no vote in municipal affairs customary for people Reformers had often Leslie for Reeve, and Our opponents said a party. But why did it Conservative government foist such a miserable If the rule will work at both ways. He went consistency of J. Sand M. C. Cameron in taking stating publicly that in Confederation. The sincere in working it Howe's position in the care it to Mr. Davidson for saying he did form Conventions. He not expect he would, him to approve of the he felt sure that after his speech was pointed retiring he was lustily

Dr. Keating was away, and Mr. Kenne appointed chairman in the interest of Guelph. He would not have referred to these services only that Mr. Knowles compelled him in self-defence to notice them. In referring to Mr. Blair's position he said that in conversation with him lately, he [Mr. Blair] had said that when he came to Guelph in old times every one had a good word to say of him. Now they were not saying very pleasant things about him. This showed how strong public opinion was against the present government, and against Mr. Blair for joining it. He concluded an excellent speech which was listened to with the greatest attention. We are sorry we can find room for only a few leading points in it. Before sitting down he expressed his regret that Mr. Gow's illness prevented him from being present, and invited Mr. Leslie to attend all his and Mr. Gow's meetings, as they wished to have a full and fair discussion. He resumed his seat amid loud cheers.

Mr. Robert Melvin came forward on behalf of Mr. Gow, and said he occupied a delicate position in having to apologize for Mr. Gow's absence. Nothing but serious indisposition would have prevented him from being present to-night, and as he had given a close attention to public matters, he felt sure he could have interested them much more than he (Mr. Melvin) could. He would not say one word about the candidates personally. Messrs. Knowles and Davidson had said there were no politics now. What would they say when he told them there was not a single man on Messrs. Stone and Leslie's Committee but were Conservatives, and always had been. Did that bear out the statement that there was no politics? These gentlemen had called the government a coalition, but it was not a coalition. Messrs. Macdougall, Howland and Blair went into it without asking the consent of the Reform party, and against their will. How different was it in 1864, when Mr. Brown called his party together and consulted them before he went into the coalition. And the very man who moved that he and his friends should do so—John S. Macdonald—now confessed that he did it for the purpose of demoralizing the party. But Mr. Macdougall and his colleagues first went into the government, then called their friends together, and said "gentlemen, we have taken office, we would like if you would support us, but if not we don't care." Only three out of the whole number said they did right? Do these three constitute the Reform party? Very far from it. He then told a very laughable anecdote, which illustrates the position of the present government. (Our readers will find it in to-day's paper, under the head of "Local Electioneering.") From the way in which Mr. Davidson spoke, one would be led to think that the thirteen men in the present government were the only ones in the United Provinces who could carry on the affairs of the government.—If so, it will be an awful calamity if any of them dies. (Laughter.) He argued that, none but those who had helped to pass Confederation could carry it out. He would ask if a man buys a piece of machinery does he also buy the man who put it together to run it? Such talk was mere clap-trap. Confederation is complete in itself; it only requires a good, honest, government to carry out its well understood provisions. He pointed out what would be the effect of a Coalition as illustrated in some of the acts of the late one, when the tariff bill and bank act were forced through Parliament, the whip being held over the Reform party, and the threat made that the Government would resign if they did not vote for them. The same course would be carried out again, if another Coalition was formed. They talk about giving the Ministry fair play. Did the Brown-Dorion Government get fair play? And yet every Conservative approved of the way they were turned out, and do so still, and none more so than Mr. Stone. He showed how debasing, how immoral it was for the members of the Government to be running from Gaspe to Sandwich trying to influence public opinion. It is now six weeks since the Government was formed, and yet we have had no inkling of their policy. Yet the Brown-Dorion Government was condemned because they had not their policy ready in twelve hours, and turned out when the members had no chance to defend themselves.—(Hear, hear.) In coming down to-night he saw the bill calling this meeting headed "Union Candidates."

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TO-DAY TELEGRAMS

Special Despatches from

From I
Detroit, Aug. 14th.
Ball tournament is in progress. Many of the best try are present. The for to-morrow will be the champion clubs of sylvania.

From Ne

New York, Aug. 14
Omaha says a hard for Indians and whites of karnes, on the 2nd claimed for three hours. Indians reported at 6 number wounded.
Southern despatch

From I

New York, Aug. 14
via Havana says Juan Santa Anna be tried of January, 1862, he was tried, and undation of a prisoner for a conviction. V close confinement. prisoner, and was o tal. Among the of Salm; his wife is re President Johnson convened in Novemb election will take Santa Anna's son in Seward against the says that the Wa must have been h Liberals who are s

A Havana says a serious morns, during attempted to kill the wild bulls, was mortally was compelled troops was a negro been deno arrested. The island are rep

WARD COMMITTEES!
Meeting of Ward Committees
on Friday Evening

KEY'S HOTEL,
MACDONNELL STREET.
Check for full attendance of all
requested.
18th Aug., 1867.

Office Removed

"Mercury" Office has been
moved to the NEW MERCURY
BUILDING, on Macdonnell-st.,
Wyndham-st., and in rear of
the Lion.

Evening Mercury

DAY EVENING, AUGUST 15.

Mr. Sturton's

Mr. Sturton and Mr. Leslie and his friends are surely desperate, or else they would resort to such bare-faced falsehoods to prop up their cause. In the Spectator of yesterday we reported the meeting at Abernethy, which beats in the way of lying we have in the Mercury.

It must have been written by some "nice young man," Mr Leslie, who made such a fool of himself trying to get off his speech, but which he seemed unable to read. To show the members of Puslinch what mischief Mr Leslie is resorting to in giving these lies from the *seriatim*.

"Messrs Sturton and Gow to give the usual allowance of water extracts from the Globe, in an unsupported charge against Mr Leslie and Mr Stone, candidates."

Sturton and Gow did not give the usual allowance of water extracts from the Globe, they allude to that paper at all.

Mr Sturton was asked by Mr Smith, Esq., if a vote of confidence in the Ministry was would you, without hearing Mr Leslie, vote for the motion? In his hesitation, Mr Sturton replied, "I would support such a motion."

Mr Sturton did not answer such a question, his answer as given above is the facts. He said, "that it would be impossible for any other one to vote in the Ministry in support of their policy, as it is shown in the Speech of the day."

Such a state were that the candidates for the Ministry when attempting to get into the honours of the honest.

Mr Sturton and Mr Leslie were from wholehearted parties were Conservatives who kept interrupting the speakers.

One assertion only is produced to show their dishonesty: Mr Sturton coolly informed the meeting that two-thirds were present when you saw a Conservative?

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tation cast on them by Mr. Leslie and his friends. It is true Mr. Smith did throw it in Mr. Gow's teeth that he was a shoemaker. Mr. Gow said he felt proud that he was a mechanic, and that he had earned his bread by the sweat of his brow.

SIXTH LIE:—"Mr. W. M. Jackson then proceeded to address the meeting, and in a clear and forcible manner exposed the fallacies advocated by the Anti-Unionists."

This is the "nice young man" we before alluded to. We thought before, he had a pretty large share of vanity, but we are now confirmed in our opinion, else he would never have written the above of himself. A more silly, weak, and childish attempt at a speech we never heard, and if Mr. Jackson had any sense of shame at all he would keep shady in future. Every one who heard him, will, we are sure, agree with us.

SEVENTH LIE:—"Seeing the ground would be lost by allowing this, Mr. Sturton interrupted Mr. Jackson, and taking possession of the floor, attempted to refute his statements. Allowing this discourtesy to pass unnoticed, Mr. Jackson continued his address until forced by the clamor of the roughs to give way."

Mr. Sturton did not interrupt Mr. Jackson. With the latter's consent Mr. Sturton made an explanation. Nor was Mr. Jackson forced by the clamor of the roughs to give way. He blundered through his remarks and voluntarily retired amid the laughter of the people.

EIGHTH LIE:—"No doubt whatever is entertained here (in Puslinch) of the triumphant return of Messrs. Leslie and Stone, and the utter route of the factionists."

The people of Puslinch have very grave doubts about it—indeed, they have no doubt at all that Mr. Stone and Mr. Leslie will be badly beaten. We appeal to the honest farmers of Puslinch if such unblushing falsehoods are not calculated to damage the cause of any candidate. Mr. Leslie will find this out, and find out also that it would have been much better for him if he had kept his hirelings at home, attending to their own business. They are certainly altogether at sea in politics.

Honest Correspondence.

The two Tory papers, the Hamilton Spectator, and our local contemporary, the Advertiser, are particularly fortunate in having secured the services of an able correspondent in Puslinch. This "nice young man," Mr. Jackson, possesses one qualification which is likely to raise him to eminence—he is the most faithful liar, that ever wrote a line of correspondence for a newspaper. The New York Herald had a Canadian correspondent who rendered himself notorious some time ago for the power of his imagination; he could lie nearly to the extent required by that disreputable journal, but we entertain not a doubt that the talented Puslinch correspondent, if he would aim a little higher, and be successful in an application to be taken as an *attache* of Bennett's paper he might make a fortune, since a prolific liar is much better paid by the N. Y. Herald, than by the Spectator, or even by the Advertiser. That the thing was entirely false from beginning to end, any man possessed of even less than ordinary acuteness must have observed. He would certainly be the veriest idiot, who, seeking for the suffrages of farmers would cast a reflection on their occupation; and besides, scarcely any one does it, for there are but few so ill acquainted with the resources of Canada as to be ignorant that the prosperity of the country and the sustenance of the mental labourers are dependent on the toils of the agriculturist. The Spectator must have known that Mr. Gow was not likely to be so imprudent, nor would he attempt to bring into disrepute a class, of which his friend, Mr. Sturton is proud to account himself one; and the Editor of the Advertiser knew better than he knows that there is a head on his body that Mr. Gow possesses too much of a gentlemanly spirit to stigmatize any honest occupation as dishonourable. The report winds up with a flourish about the splendid progress which the union cause is making in Puslinch. We will not attempt to gainsay the statement, but the union cause which is making such rapid strides towards a glorious triumph is the cause of Reformers, and not of Conservatives. Our report of the meeting, held at Morrison on Wednesday night last, will prove whose star is in the ascendant

A Sorry Spectacle.

Under this heading, the Waterloo Chronicle gives the following vivid description of the appearance of the two members of the Ministry who were present at the meeting in Galt on Monday evening last:—"The most sorry and pitiful spectacle we ever cast our eyes upon was to be seen in a back corner of the platform of the Town Hall, Galt, at the recent great political meeting where Sandfield Macdonald and W. Macdougall had stowed themselves away while Mr Young was making a most scathing speech against the inconsistent and untenable position that they and Cowan occupied. Though we think they richly deserved all they got, yet still we really pitied poor Sandfield and his friend Macdougall as they tried to hide not only their faces, but their entire bodies from the crowd. On their countenances was depicted sadness, remorse, vexation, and almost despair. Such a glorious victory was obtained by the noble-hearted and true Reformers of Waterloo was too much for even these two hardened and brazen-faced 'practical' politicians to endure, for they got up and left their own meeting in remorse, long before Mr Young was through with his eloquent speech, by which he carried every thing with him. Truly the way of the transgressor is hard, and the lot of the traitor unenviable."

The Condition of Ireland.

In the House of Commons, on the 26th of July, Sir Colman O'Loughlin drew attention to the grievances of Ireland, and contended that the government had made no effort to remove them. A most interesting discussion followed, in the course of which several Tory members made speeches, from which one would suppose Ireland was the happiest country in the world. Mr. Maguire declared that the legislative neglect of Ireland had aroused the bitterest possible feeling against England in the United States. The Chancellor of the Exchequer agreed that the state of Ireland was most unsatisfactory, but that arose, not from the acts of the present or last government, but from the efforts of an exterior agency. At some length he proceeded to declare that the government's effort at legislation for Ireland had met with no support, and he held out no hopes of more being done.

A Case for Investigation.

DEAR SIR,—I think my fellow electors of the South Riding should be made aware of the contemptible tricks attempted to be played on the people of this Township in the way of obtaining names to the Leslie and Stone requisition. Every means of misrepresentation that can be imagined are resorted to, and in many cases people were put out of bed at night by the two Division Court Bailiffs, in the employ of their master the Clerk of the Court, Mr. Leslie. The Justice is freely asked here, whether Judge Macdonald, who is universally respected, can be aware of the way in which some of his subs are acting—bringing the influence which they must naturally exercise over many to coerce the electors and tamper with their political opinions.

MISS WHYTE'S CLASSES

Will commence on MONDAY, the 2nd of September, 1867. A first-class Drawing Teacher in attendance.
Guelph, 18th July, 1867.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.
We have Reduced all our Ready-made Clothing
20 PER CENT
GREAT BARGAINS. CALL.
HOGG & CHANCELLOR.

Wool, Hide and Leather DEPOT,

No. 4, Day's Old Block, Gordon Street.
Guelph, July 31, 1867. (dw) D. MOLTON

WATCH DOG WANTED.

WANTED, a good watch dog, Bull Terrier preferred. Apply to
Guelph, 7th Aug., 1867. J. MIMMACK. d-4in

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS Wanted for a Stone House.
TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to noon of the 16th inst., for the erection of a Stone House in Guelph.
Plans and specifications and all particulars can be seen by applying to the Proprietors of the Wellington Hotel, Guelph.
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REMOVAL.

THE MISSES ELLIS will continue to carry on the Straw and other Millinery work, at their residence, next to Mr. Pirie's, East Market Square
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Private Grammar School

Corner of Wyndham and Woolwich Streets.
MR. MOYLES will re-open his school (D. V.) on Monday the 12th instant. Vacancies for three boarders.
Guelph, 5th Aug., 1867. dwt

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR sale, in the Township of Culross, County of Bruce, 101 acres of splendid land, about 35 acres cleared, with log house and stables, being lot No. 24, 4th Concession of the Township of Culross, 24 miles from Teeswater, and near the gravel road. There is a fine spring creek running through the lot, and the timber is unsurpassed.—It is one of the finest wheat growing sections of Canada. The soil is limestone and clay loam.—This eligible farm is now offered for the low price of \$1,700, for which a clear title from the Crown will be given. Address (post-paid)
SAMUEL SOFTLEY,
Guelph, 29th July, 1867. (4m) Guelph P O

SOUTH RIDING OF WELLINGTON.

To the Electors of the South Riding of Wellington.
GENTLEMEN.—In compliance with the unanimous request of the delegates of the Reform Convention of the South Riding of Wellington, I am a candidate for the representation of this Riding in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario.
My residence amongst you extends to nearly a quarter of a century; and having for the greater portion of that time taken an active part both in municipal and political matters, my antecedents are consequently well known to most of you. I need, therefore, only briefly state that, in the future as in the past, I will give a hearty support to the Liberal party—to whose long, consistent and faithful advocacy of their principles we are chiefly indebted for the great constitutional changes we are now about to enjoy—believing that their principles and policy are the best adapted to promote the general interests and prosperity of the country.

I have been an earnest and zealous advocate for the Confederation of the Provinces, and now heartily rejoice at its final consummation. I feel deeply grateful to our beloved Sovereign the Queen, and the British Parliament, for so cheerfully concurring in the new Constitution for the Government of the Dominion of Canada.

I rejoice in our new Constitution, because it gives us entire control of our local affairs, recognizes the just principle of representation by Population, and consolidates those hitherto isolated Provinces into a nation—strengthens the ties between us and the mother country, and increases our power of defence against invasion.

Holding these views, I shall ever be ready, whether in or out of Parliament—to heartily cooperate with all true lovers of our country in advancing such measures as are calculated to perpetuate and extend our Union, until the whole of British North America, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, shall have been joined in one grand confederation.

Regarding the working of our new Constitution, I am decidedly in favor of a pure party government as being, in my estimation, best adapted for the proper carrying out of the British system of Responsible Government.

I am opposed to Coalition Governments for ordinary administrative purposes, as being more reckless and extravagant, and more prone to venal and corrupt practices, as their history both in Great Britain and Canada abundantly testifies.—But while sincerely holding these views, I wish it distinctly to be understood that I shall discountenance anything like faction, and shall resolutely oppose everything having a tendency to produce a rancorous, virulent state of party feeling in the politics of our new Dominion.

The new Constitution provides that the Legislature of the Province of Ontario shall consist of the Lieutenant Governor and one House, styled the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, composed of eighty-two members, five of whom shall form the Executive Council. Thus the Assembly shall have exclusive powers to legislate on the following subjects:—The raising of revenue by direct taxation, the establishment and sale of Provincial Offices, the management and maintenance of Prisons, Asylums, Hospitals, &c., the Municipal Institutions of the Province, the management of all local Public Works, Incorporation of Companies with Provincial objects, all matters relating to property and civil rights, the administration of justice both of civil and criminal jurisdiction, and all other matters of a purely Local or Provincial character. These subjects have a wide range, including as they do the whole of our internal government; and just in proportion as they are well or ill administered, so shall we have contentment and prosperity as a people.

I regard the immediate settlement of our Wild Lands as a subject of paramount importance, and one that has been too long neglected. I shall give a hearty support to any liberal, well digested measure that has this object in view, and the encouragement of immigration to the Provinces.

Our new Municipal and Assessment Acts, although in many respects improvements on previous legislation, are still defective in several points. I shall give these matters my careful consideration, so that I may be prepared to aid in their improvement.

To the many other subjects that will engage the attention of the first House of Assembly of Ontario, and the various questions that must of necessity from time to time arise, I shall be prepared to give a careful and dispassionate consideration, and decide in all cases to the best of my judgment, ever keeping in view the general interests and prosperity of the Province at large.

I will advocate the most rigid economy in all the departments of the Government, consistent with the efficient administration of the public service, and shall oppose all unnecessary expenditure of the public funds.

The question of Defence belongs exclusively to the General Government, but I will heartily cooperate with your representative in the Commons to promote every prudent measure for the proper defence of the Dominion.

Gentlemen, should you honor me with your confidence, I shall endeavor to discharge the responsible duties devolving upon me as your representative faithfully and honorably to the utmost of my ability.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your most obedient servant,
PETER GOW
Guelph, 6th Aug., 1867.

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Your most obedient servant,
PETER GOW
Guelph, 6th Aug., 1867.

GUELPH
BOOT & SHOE FACTORY

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

F. PREST

BEGS to inform his friends and customers that he has taken into partnership Mr. W. D. HEPBURN, for the purpose of manufacturing our own goods, which we will sell as low as any of the Montreal or Penitentiary goods can be sold, and we will guarantee to supply

BOOTS AND SHOES

Worth at least FIFTY PER CENT. more than any other Manufactured Goods sold in the Dominion of Canada.

We have long felt the necessity of bringing into market a better class of Boots and Shoes than we ever have been able to procure, and we now are prepared to offer better goods, and at

AS LOW A PRICE AS ANY HOUSE in the TRADE

NO MATTER WHAT THEIR PRETENSIONS MIGHT BE.

WE ARE NOW SELLING OFF OUR

Summer Stock of Imported Goods

AT COST PRICE.

And we are determined to supply our customers with **BOOTS AND SHOES** which cannot fail to give perfect satisfaction.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

are invited to call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere, as we are prepared to sell Goods at wholesale which, for quality, cannot be excelled.

SUPPORT HOME MANUFACTURE!

And buy your Boots and Shoes from **PREST & HEPBURN.**

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE.

The Old Penitentiary Boot and Shoe Store!

REPAIRING DONE AS USUAL.

PREST & HEPBURN.

Guelph, 1st August, 1867. (dw-12)

THE RUSSELL WATCH!

A FEW REASONS THAT MAKE IT SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.

1st—It proves itself a reliable time-keeper beyond all question.

2nd—The RUSSELL WATCH being made on correct and scientific principles, it must follow as a natural consequence that it will keep time.

3rd—Each part of which the RUSSELL WATCH is composed is a reflex of the perfect machine by which, under skilful direction, it is produced.

4th—Truth is the essential of each part.

5th—Uniformity and conformity must therefore characterize the several parts in fulfilling the purpose for which they are made and brought together.

6th—Reproduction, as regards watch work, is simply an application of the principle that "things which are equal to the same things are equal to one another," and if there is any merit, the RUSSELL WATCH possesses that merit to a demonstration.

7th—The greatest variety of price, quality and size, that confidence and perfection will admit, afforded by the RUSSELL WATCH.

8th—The RUSSELL WATCH stands pre-eminently above all competitors for public favor and patronage.

9th—Proofs of the foregoing—the universal testimony of all Watchmakers who have sold, and the positive statements of the thousands in Europe, the United States and Canada, who have worn the RUSSELL WATCH.

TESTIMONIAL.
To Robert Cuthbert, Watchmaker, Wyndham Street, Guelph.

If Society was as perfect in its organization, and was as obedient to the dictates of truth as the RUSSELL WATCH I bought from you is in indicating time, evil would be swallowed up in good, and happiness would become monotonous.
G. RENNIE, Guelph.

IMPORTANT!

ROBERT CUTHBERT,
WATCHMAKER, WYNDHAM-ST., GUELPH.

has always on hand a large variety of the celebrated RUSSELL WATCHES. His stock of Clocks, Jewellery and Fancy Goods will be found equally large and attractive.
Guelph, 20th July, 1867. dw-tf

Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies,
CHURCH STREET, - - GUELPH.

MISS WIGHTMAN begs to announce that her

ANGLO-AMERICAN HOTEL,
MOUNT FOREST, ON.

BEST accommodation for the travelling public. The choicest brands of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., always on hand. The largest and best Music Hall in town is attached to this hotel.—Stairs to Ferris, Guelph, Durham, Owen Sound.

TEA, COFFEE!

TEA!

SUPERIOR QUALITY

AND FINE FLAVOR.

W. B. COWAN, M. D.
HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, SUR-

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Subscribers wishing to take the Evening Mercury by the week, or for a longer period, will please leave their names at the office, and it will be regularly delivered at their residences. Subscribers whose papers are not regularly left by the Carrier Boys, will please call at the office at once and inform us of the neglect.

Guelph Evening Mercury

THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 15.

NORAH CUSHALEEN

OR THE
HAUNTED CASTLE.

At a late hour he heard the peculiar knock upon the oaken door, which was the signal that his master had come to visit him. Andrew hesitated a little about opening it, for he thought it might be the ghost imitating his master's knock in order to gain admittance; but in a moment or two he reflected that a ghost could gain access independently of an open door. He therefore concluded that it would be in reality Mr. Hargreave.

The latter was about to repeat the knock, when the bolts were cautiously drawn, and the door as cautiously opened.

'Anything wrong, Andrew, that you are so slow and careful to night?' asked Hargreave anxiously, while Terry, who stood behind him, asked the same question with his eager face.

'No—nothing,' answered Andrew, with apparent unconcern. 'I—I think I was half asleep.'

'Oh is that all. I am glad that nothing calamitous has taken place here. It would have been a doubly bad business, Terry, if we had come to hear of a misfortune as well as to tell of one.'

'Mighty bad, yer honour,' sighed Terry. 'But it's myself wouldn't have been surprised if we had, for bad luck never comes but there's run for it.'

'I am sorry to say we bring evil tidings to you,' said Hargreave to Andrew, after the latter had fastened the door, and followed them to his chamber, receiving the joyous demonstrations of Dash by the way.

'I'm grieved to hear o't,' returned Andrew. 'It will be something about that monster, her husband.'

'No it concerns Terry. He has been robbed of all his California savings.'

'That's vexin', said Andrew in a concerned tone. 'Did the robbers break into yer house?'

'Faix, I wish that had been the way of it,' replied Terry, 'for one would have a chance of savin' it, but the blackguards didn't let the boxes come as far as Dundarra.'

'Boxes?' repeated Andrew, inquiringly.

'Yes, I had three of them filled with gold dust, and—'

'Three?' cried Andrew, seizing Terry by the arm.

'Man alive, don't frighten me,' cried Terry. 'Three, yes three white boxes.'

'White?' cried Andrew again, in breathless excitement.

'Oh, misha, sure and he's gone crazy,' said Terry, looking half bewildered at Hargreave.

'Tell me, were they white wadded boxes,' repeated Andrew, with unabated excitement.

'Troth and they were, if it'll do ye any good to know,' answered Terry.

'Hurrah! hurrah!' shouted Andrew, quitting his hold of Terry's arm, and dancing with great agility round the chamber.

'Man, he cried, 'that's the best news I have heard this lang time.'

'It is?' said Terry. 'Then it's meself takes the liberty to think that ye're mighty aisy pleased with news.'

'And me been frichtenin' myself a day wi' thoughts o' a ghaist,' cried Andrew, bursting into a roar of laughter.

'Oh murder! murder!' exclaimed Terry, who considered that Andrew's senses had quite deserted him.

'Murder!' roared Andrew. 'That's just what I thought. Three coffins for one body, and a funeral at midnight—Oh, I can laugh at it now, but a feared heart I had at the time.'

'For heaven's sake, Andrew, explain yourself,' said Hargreave, who had witnessed his servant's behaviour with unmitigated surprise.

'Come here, sir; come baith o' ye,' said Andrew, beckoning them towards the loop hole.

'They silently obeyed, and the Scotchman, pointing with his finger, remarked—'

'Dae ye see yor corner, that the mun's licht fa's ae sweetly on? Let us gang and howk yonder, and we'll find something worth while.'

'Pooh, pooh! you are fooling us, said Hargreave, impatiently.

'Am I?' returned Andrew coolly.—'Then come wi' me, and I'll tak the fire-shovel and howk myself.'

Not knowing what to make of it, they accompanied Andrew to the outside, and he led them into the enclosure, and began to dig with great alacrity in one corner. The earth was very soft, and the shovel easily removed it. Presently the latter struck on wood, and something white appeared in the moonlight; and Andrew bent down, and with great quickness, lifted three boxes, one after the other, and laid them on the ground.

'Thunder and ouns, if these aren't my boxes!' exclaimed Terry.

'There's me doot o' that,' returned Andrew, with great composure.

'And how could they possibly come here?' said Hargreave, who was not less amazed than Terry himself.

Andrew, who was breathing pretty hard after his exertion, sat down on the boxes, and told what had transpired on the previous night, the idea he had formed from the sight he saw, and the fear and perplexities he had experienced all that day.

The recital was met by a wild joyous whoop from Terry, who immediately began to caper round the enclosure, and throw up his heels in the most extravagant manner.

TO BE CONTINUED.

ENTIRELY ORIGINAL.—The Toronto correspondent of the Hamilton Spectator thus talks of a forthcoming picnic, by the printers apprentices of Toronto.—The rising generation of typos propose holding their annual picnic next Tuesday in the Queen's Park, where they will assemble in the afternoon, and in the evening will adjourn to the Town Hall, Yorkville, where dancing will be indulged. The programme announces two new pieces entitled, 'The Printer's Joy,' and the

For Sale or to Rent.

FOR sale or to rent, a house and lot of five acres, with a large barn, situated near Judge Macdonald's. Apply to GEO. SMITH, Collector. Guelph, 15th Aug., 1867. dw-1m

FOR SALE.

FOR sale, the unexpired term of a first-class Hotel in Guelph, or a partnership therein.—The furniture to be taken at a valuation. For particulars apply to McLENNAN & O'CONNOR Solicitors, &c., No. 8, Day's Block, Guelph. Guelph, 15th Aug., 1867.

GUELPH CASTLE GARDEN SALOON TO LET.

THE "Castle Garden Saloon," in the Town of Guelph, directly opposite the Market, consisting of a Two-story Stone Building 25x56 (with ample Cellarage and Kitchen below), having double frontage on Market Square and Macdonell-st. The lease of the present occupant expires on the 1st September, when possession can be given. Apply to DAVIDSON & CHADWICK, General Agents, Town Hall Buildings, Guelph. Guelph, 15th August, 1867. 2m Globe and Leader three insertions.

Public Meeting! IN PUSLINCH.

STIRTON & GOW!

A MEETING of the Electors of Puslinch will be held in McMaster's School House, in School Section No. 7.

On Saturday, 17th Instant,

when Messrs. Stirton and Gow will be present and address the electors. A full attendance is requested. Chair to be taken at 7 o'clock. Guelph, 15th Aug., 1867.

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of Brooke Lamprey

AN INSOLVENT.

A MEETING of the Creditors of the said Insolvent will be held at the Law Office of Messrs. Blair & Guthrie, in the Town of Guelph, on Monday the 20th day of August, 1867, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of giving their advice as to the course to be pursued to realize the Estate of the Insolvent. Dated at Guelph, in the County of Wellington, this 12th day of August, A. D., 1867.

SUPERIOR

YOUNG HYSON

75 cents per lb.

Equal in quality and flavor to a Tea at a higher price.

GEORGE WILKINSON.

Guelph, 5th Aug., 1867. (i)

CHURCH DOOR

HINGES!

JUST RECEIVED!

JUST RECEIVED, a large lot of Patent Church Door Hinges.

JOHN HORSMAN.

Guelph, 12th August, 1867.

A NEW NAME,

CALLED to ACCOUNT

BY ANNIE THOMAS.

Good Words, Sunday Magazine, Leisure Hour, Sunday at Home, Chamber's Journal, FOR JULY. AT DAY'S BOOKSTORE, OPPOSITE THE MARKET. Guelph, 10th August, 1867.

CENTRE RIDING OF WELLINGTON.

To the Electors of the Centre Riding of Wellington.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition signed by 416 of the most influential electors from different parts of the Riding, requesting me to allow myself to be put in nomination for the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, in compliance with the said requisition, I now offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages for the representation of your constituency.

My address has been circulated throughout the Riding. To it I would refer you for my views on the political topics that are now agitating the country, also for my views on the powers conferred on the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, and for my views on the duties of your representative under the new state of things inaugurated under the Confederation Bill.

I shall endeavor to see as many of the electors as time and circumstances will permit at the meetings that I intend holding before the election comes on, when I shall explain myself more fully on the political questions of the day.

I am, Gentlemen, Your most obedient servant, JAMES LOGHRIN. Erinosa, 6th August, 1867.

WILLIAM BROWNLOW,

(Late Tovel & Brownlow), Carpenter and Undertaker, In rear of the Wellington Hotel, DOUGLAS STREET, GUELPH

THE Subscriber begs to return thanks for past favors, and hopes by prompt attention to business and moderate charges, to merit a continu-

English Magazines for July

TO HAND.

English Woman's Belgravia London Society Cornhill All the Year Round Temple Bar

Bow Bells Family Herald London Journal Cassell's Monthly The Quiver English Mechanics

Argosy People's Magazine Boys' Own Boys' Monthly Leisure Hour Sunday at Home Good Words Sunday Magazine Christian Society Kind Words Children's Friend Infants' Magazine

Sunday Teachers' Treasury British Workman British Workwoman Band of Hope Christian Treasury Father William's Stories.

AT DAY'S.

Guelph, 22nd July, 1867.

INDIA & CHINA TEA CO'Y.

Home Depot at London and Liverpool. Canada Depot, 23 Hospital Street, Montreal.

THE India and China Tea Company beg to call the attention of the Canadian community to their directly imported Teas, which for PURITY and EXCELLENCE will be found unequalled.

The Company have made arrangements whereby they have secured the entire produce of some of the best plantations in Assam and on the slopes of the Himalayas, and by a judicious blending of these magnificent Teas with the best varieties of China produce, they are enabled to offer to the public Teas of quality and flavor hitherto unknown to the general consumer. These Teas are in high favour in England and France, and a single trial will prove their superiority.

The Company supply two qualities only, either Black, Green or Mixed. Their Black Teas will be found to possess great briskness and flavour, combined with colour and strength and to be entirely different to the flat and rapid article usually sold as Black Tea; while their Green Teas are altogether free from the deleterious mineral powder so commonly used for coloring the leaf.

PRICES: Rich, full-flavoured Tea for family use a real genuine and fine article, 70 cents per lb. Finest quality procurable, one dollar per lb.

The above can be had either Black, Green or Mixed. To be had in packets of Quarter Pound Half Pound, One Pound, and upwards, or in tin canisters of 5 lbs. and upwards, from the Company's Agents in all the chief towns of Canada.—N. B. All the packages are lined with tin foil paper, and the Tea will consequently retain its flavour any length of time.

Osanyre.—All packages have the Company's trade-mark, without which none are genuine.

MR. N. HIGINBOTHAM Agent, Guelph. Guelph, August 3, 1867. daw-ly

DR. GUY'S ENGLISH CHOLERA REMEDY

IS the only medicine when taken as a specific For Cholera Morbus, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, &c.

Is quick and certain in its action, pleasant to take, and never fails to cure. Don't trust to Pain Killers and other trash, but get a bottle of GUY'S Great English Remedy.

Sold wholesale and retail by Lyman, Elliot & Co., Toronto; Winn & Co., Hamilton; N. Higinbotham, A. B. Pettie, E. Harvey, and J. Holden, Guelph, and retailed by all medicine dealers. For testimonials see circulars and wrappers.

Guelph, 2nd August, 1867. (dw-2m)

TROTTER & GRAHAM.

DENTISTS!

GUELPH and BRAMPTON,

Members of the Dental Association of the Province of Ontario.

(Successors in Guelph to T. Trotter.)

OFFICE: Over Mr. Higinbotham's Drug Store

REFERENCES.—Rev. Archdeacon Palmer, Drs. Clarke, Parker and Herod, Guelph; A. F. Scott, Esq., County Judge; George Green, County Attorney; Dr. Pattullo, M. C.; Rev. Mr. Arnold—Brampton. Dr. Barnhart, Warden of Peel; Dr. Hampton, resident Surgeon Toronto Hospital.

The new anæsthetic agents used for extracting teeth without pain.

R. TROTTER, W. K. GRAHAM. Guelph, 2nd August, 1867. (dw-1y)

DOMINION BITTERS

R. HOPKINS & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY inform the inhabitants of Guelph and surrounding country, that they are prepared to fill all orders for any quantity of

The Dominion Bitters

Put up in barrels, half-barrels, kegs and bottles N. B.—Purchasers will not confound the "Dominion Bitters" with the "New" or "Old" Dominion Bitters.

Manufactured in five doors West of the Wellington Hotel, Wyndham Street. Guelph, July 23, 1867. daw-1f

LOT FOR SALE.

FOR sale, a valuable lot on the main street in the village of Hanover, on the Durham Road, with a Blacksmith's Shop, 24x36 ft., and a Dwelling House attached 18x24 ft. Will be sold cheap, and on reasonable terms. The owner being a way-gonemaker would like to sell to a good blacksmith. For particulars apply (post-paid) to

JAMES C. CLARK, Hanover P. O. July 18th, 1867. (2m)

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR sale, a first-class farm, being the North east half of Lot No. 19, 2nd Con. of the Township of Pilkington, containing one hundred acres, with about 80 acres under cultivation, well

New Advertisements.

No. 2, DAY'S BLOCK.

UNDER A NEW NAME,

E. CARROLL & CO.

THE UNDERSIGNED beg to notify the public that they have purchased the

BANKRUPT STOCK OF KIERAN BROS.

at one half its actual cost, and will be open on WEDNESDAY, 7th Instant with a large and choice stock of

Groceries, LIQUORS, Crockery and Glassware.

and hope by strict attention to customers' wants, to merit a share of the public patronage. Remember the stand—opposite Horsman's Hardware Store.

E. CARROLL & CO. Guelph, 5th August, 1867. dw

NOVELTIES

NOVELTIES JUST RECEIVED IN

GOLD BROOCHES!

Gold Ear-rings, Ladies' Gold Chains, Gents' Gold Albert Chains, Jet Ear-rings.

D. SAVAGE. Guelph, 5th Aug., 1867. dw-ly

FRESH GROCERIES

FOR SALE BY

JAS. MASSIE & CO.,

IMPORTERS, GUELPH, ON.

Just Received, Ex. Ship LAUREL, from London.

Boxes Selected Valencia Raisins, Barrels New Currants, in very fine order, Java Coffee, Fresh Sardines.

Just Received, Ex. HERON, from Bordeaux.

Barrels French Prunes, Cases Salad Oil, Bags Sicily Filberts, Bags Grenoble Walnuts, Barrels Bordeaux Vinegar.

ALSO,

Hhds. DeKuyper's Gin, Red Case DeKuyper's Gin, Green Case DeKuyper's Gin, Hhds. Martell's Brandy, Cases Martell's Brandy, Hhds. Jules, Robin & Co's Brandy, Cases Hennessy's Brandy, Cases Otard Duprez Brandy, Cases Claret, Cases Champagne, Green Seal

DAILY ARRIVAL OF TEAS.

WE are daily adding to our Stock of TEAS, which for quality are unequalled; and being imported direct, we can offer special inducements to purchasers, and supply the trade at Montreal Wholesale Prices.

J. MASSIE & CO. Guelph, 24th July, 1867. dw

GREAT ANNUAL SALE!

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!

A. O. BUCHAM,

is now selling off his entire and complete stock of

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods

Including the Newest and most Beautiful Dresses, Mantles, MILLINERY, STRAW GOODS AND PARASOLS, THE WHOLE AT HALF-PRICE.

NOTICE.

THE SALE WILL CONTINUE FOR TWO WEEKS, and the greatest bargains ever offered in Guelph can be obtained for CASH.

TROUSERINGS, TWEEDS, DOESKINS, SHIRTINGS, TICKINGS

Denims and Cotton Goods, of every description, at a tremendous sacrifice in price.

Terms Cash, and only one price.

FRUITS

MRS. ROBINSON

Has just received at

Dominion Grocery, FANCY STORE

Ripe Tomatoes, Lemons, Cherries, varied stock of General Groceries. Don't forget the stand, next door to the Hotel, Upper Wyndham Street.

Post Office Store

Apply to Mrs. Robinson, or at the Guelph, August 1, 1867.

GUELPH Melodeon and Cabinet FACTORY

Mr. Wood has worked in some of the best of the United States and Canada, and has practical knowledge of the business branches; his tuning has invariably first prize wherever exhibited. Mr. Wood worked as case maker in the best has a thorough knowledge of all its branches. All our instruments are warranted. Illustrated Catalogues sent free on application. Pianos tuned to order at Toronto. Factory guaranteed in every instance. \$47 First-class PLANOS for sale. Guelph, 18th July, 1867.

BELL BR

WOULD respectfully intimate to the Dominion that they have partnership with Messrs. B. B. Wood, under the style and firm of BELL, WOOD

Mr. Wood has worked in some of the best of the United States and Canada, and has practical knowledge of the business branches; his tuning has invariably first prize wherever exhibited. Mr. Wood worked as case maker in the best has a thorough knowledge of all its branches. All our instruments are warranted. Illustrated Catalogues sent free on application. Pianos tuned to order at Toronto. Factory guaranteed in every instance. \$47 First-class PLANOS for sale. Guelph, 18th July, 1867.

JAPANESE

THE only effective preparation for killing Moths, Bugs, Fleas, Cockroaches, &c.

Prepared by WALLS, CLON LONDON, ENGLAND.

For sale by N. HIGINBOTHAM

CONDY'S PATENT DISINFECTING FLUID

THE safest and best disinfectant ever much superior to the chlorides of Soda. In bottles, with full directions. For sale by N. HIGINBOTHAM

A CHOICE LOT OF

DYE STUFFS

INCLUDING Indigo, Madder, Extra wood, Cudbear, Fustic, Shikus, Brazil, Peachwood, &c. Also, a small quantity of the 'ANALINE DYES,' of excellent form to suit purchasers.

N. HIGINBOTHAM Medical

PETRI

CHOLERA AND Diarrhoea Remedy

A unparalleled remedy for Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, and Summer Complaint. All the above diseases can be cured by use of this remedy.

Particular Attention Must be given to the premonitory symptoms, especially Diarrhoea, and if taken in time will result fatally. Every Family should be provided with a bottle. Price --- 25 Cents per bottle. Compounded and Sold by ALEX. B. PETRI, Chemist, Market Square, July 22, 1867.

ROCKWOOD ACADEMY

COMMERCIAL, MATHEMATICAL, CLASSICAL

The Thirty-Fourth Semi-annual Session commences the 15th August.

THIS Institution is better located, more efficient, and presents a more thorough and extensive curriculum of studies than any private institution in the Dominion, containing—

1st.—A thorough English Education, the higher mathematics, with special reference to the wants of first-class Teachers at the time.

2nd.—A complete Commercial course, including instructions of the most practical kind, department of Book-keeping, as Banking, Book and Railroad, Domestic and Foreign, Commission, Exchange, Insurance, and the routine, Commercial Law and the Plain and Ornamental Penmanship.

3rd.—A preparatory Classical course, University or the professions.

The best of references given to the Pupils received at any time during the year. Terms—Tuition, Board, and extra. Send for a Circular.

McCAIG August 1 1867.

MONEY TO

THE Subscriber has a large quantity of class farm securities, and is prepared to sell at a low price, the security money, title and value. Loans of \$500 to \$1000, on moderate terms. Apply to G. S. P. Hamilton, August 1, 1867.

INTECH (1984) associates

1025 Hargrieve Rd., Unit 3,
London, Ontario N6E 1P7

Phone: (519) 686-1970
After Hours: 657-0390

THIS ORIGINAL DOCUMENT IS IN VERY POOR CONDITION

Kingston Penitentiary

NEW SPRING GOODS!

Boot and Shoe Store.

SPRING STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE IN EVERY LINE.

QUALITY AND PRICES WILL BEAR AN EXAMINATION.

Inspection Invited... JOHN CRIDFORD, Guelph, May 2, 1867.

COUNTY OF WELLINGTON BLACKSMITH SHOP in Full Operation Once More.

THE Subscriber having enlarged and improved that well-known Blacksmith Shop which has braved the battle and the breeze for the last thirty years...

LONG CREDIT GIVEN. Kept always on hand a great variety of Fancy Ornamental and useful articles...

NEW GOODS!

AT MRS. HUNTER'S Berlin Wool & Fancy Goods Store, Opposite the Market, Guelph.

Money Market. JACKSON'S EXCHANGE OFFICE, Guelph, Aug. 15, 1867.

MONTREAL MARKETS. By Special Telegraph to "Evening Mercury."

HAMILTON, August 14, 1867. Wheat \$1.15 to \$1.20; spring \$1.25 to \$1.35.

WANTED at the GUELPH Packing House, ANY QUANTITY OF LIVE HOGS!

From August 1st, and all through Fall and Winter, Weighing from 200 lbs. upwards, for which the Highest Price will be Paid.

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, Market and Lumber Waggons. PARKER & MILLER.

Jobbing of all kinds done. On the shortest notice. Painting, repairing, and retinning as usual.

Notice of Contractors. SEaled TENDERS. WILL be received by the undersigned at his office in the Town Hall, Guelph, until 12 o'clock, noon.

On Monday, 2nd Sept. next, for the construction of the Guelph, Elmhurst and Peel GRAVEL ROAD.

Plans, specifications and form of tender can be seen upon application to Mr. Hobson, who will remain at his office on the 20th, 21st and 22nd next, for the purpose of giving information to parties desirous of tendering for the work.

GEORGE PALMER, BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public and Conveyancer. Office, No. 2, Day's Block, Guelph.

ICE CREAM, ICE CREAM, ICE CREAM.

Pickled Beef!

MUTTON & PORK. FOR SALE over 2,000 lbs. Pickled Beef, Mutton, and Pork, at Five Cents per pound.

F. M. WILSON, LATE BRAY'S, EXCHANGE OFFICE!

GENERAL PASSAGE AGENCY, No. 5, James Street, HAMILTON, C. W.

American Money and Silver Bought and Sold. DRAFTS ON NEW YORK.

AGENT FOR INMAN LINE STEAMSHIPS. Wednesdays and Saturdays from New York.

PASSAGE CERTIFICATES. At this Office. Application by letter, or otherwise, will receive prompt attention.

GUELPH STEAMFOUNDRY AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS, Wyndham Street, Guelph.

MILLS & MELVIN. HAVE now on hand a complete assortment of Gray and Paterson's celebrated Steel PLOUGHS!

CULTIVATORS, SCARIFIERS, HORSE HOES, DRAG SAWS.

REMOVAL, WM. C. TAYLOR, Veterinary Surgeon.

Insurance at Moderate Rates. WESTERN Assurance Company.

FIRE AND MARINE. Head Office, Church Street, Toronto.

STEPHEN BOULT, ARCHITECT and BUILDER, Office, Woolwich Street, nearly opposite Douglas Street.

Plans, Specifications & Estimates. Supplied, and work superintended in all its branches.

STEPHEN BOULT having succeeded to the old established Lumber Yard of Thos McCrae, Esq., begs a continuation of public patronage.

Planing Done to Order, AND ALL KINDS OF Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds, and Machine Joiners' Work.

Thomas McCrae thanks the public for past favours, and recommends Mr Boult to their favourable consideration.

F. J. B. FORBES, LICENSED AUCTIONEER, FOR CO. OF WELLINGTON.

AGENT for the Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company of England, and for the Home Fire Insurance Company of New Haven, Conn.

CHEAP CLOTHING

AT THE SIGN OF THE ELEPHANT!

OPPOSITE THE MARKET SQUARE, SMITH & BOTSFORD.

Guelph, 11th July, 1867.

MIDSUMMER CLEARING SALE.

BOOTS AND SHOES. GOODS MARKED DOWN!

IN order to clear out our Summer Stock, believing the first loss always the best, we have determined to sell all LIGHT WORKING PRICES which must command READY SALES.

Ladies' Prunella Gaiters from 88 cts. Upwards.

MORRISTON REAL MORGAN GRAIN CRADLES!

PORCELAIN KETTLES, FRUIT JARS, in great variety, FURNITURE, STOVES, &c. MARRIAGE LICENSES.

A GREAT REDUCTION

IN THE PRICE OF DRY GOODS.

OUR STOCK IS WELL ASSORTED, and up to the times. Old and new customers will need at the Old Stand.

THE RUTHERFORD HOUSE. JUST RECEIVED.

A Large Stock of Dry Goods! Consisting of Splendid Dress Goods and Prints, of Choice Patterns.

Splendid Ready-made Clothing! made under our own supervision, and warranted the best in town.

Choice Bacon and Smoked Sugar-cured Hams! We have also a large and select assortment of CROCKERY, of various Patterns, by the dozen or sets to suit purchasers.

AHEAD OF THE TIMES! GREAT CLEARING SALE.

READY-MADE CLOTHING. HATS, CAPS, &c.

At the Canada Clothing Store. N. CROFT.

The Sale will Commence on the 22nd Instant, and continue till the FIRST of AUGUST, as the whole stock must be cleared out by that time to make room for Fall Importations.

THE CUSTOM DEPARTMENT will receive prompt attention. Agent for the latest improved Sewing Machines. N. CROFT.

THE BRYANT, STRATTON & ODELL Business College and Telegraph Institute.

Express Buildings, 55 Yonge-st., TORONTO.

Located in 46 of the largest cities of the States and Canada, under the management of J. D. ODELL, Principal.

A SCHOLARSHIP issued from this College is good for an unlimited time, and entitles the holder to the advantages of instruction and influence in obtaining situations.

ICE CREAM, ICE CREAM, ICE CREAM.

GREAT SPRING AND Summer Medicine!

Bristol's SARSAPARILLA! In quart Bottles. The Best Purifier of the Blood.

Are you afflicted with Boils? Purify the Blood. Have you Ringworms or Tetter? Purify the Blood.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla. It never fails. Contains no minerals. And is safe for infants and delicate persons.

REMOVED TO TORONTO. OLD DR. ANDREWS' Dispensary for Private Diseases.

DR. ANDREWS' FEMALE PILLS. Infallible in correcting irregularities, removing obstructions from an acute catarrh, and the only safe, sure, and CERTAIN REMEDY for all those afflicting complaints so peculiar to the female sex.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA. North American Steamship Company.

Every Twenty Days. Rates for First, Second and Third Cabin VERY LOW.

PICTURES. W. MARSHALL. BEGS to announce to his customers and others that he has engaged the services of a First-class COPYIST.

BEST PHOTOGRAPHS, of any size, at MARSHALL'S. No. 5, DAY'S BLOCK, Opposite the Market House, Guelph.

Lubricating Oil. THE Subscribers have now on hand, and prepared to fill orders of not less than a barrel of Pure.

Unadulterated Lubricating Oil! from the Wells, at a Cheaper Rate than any of the Manufacturers of Oils of good quality can be sold.

DAVIDSON & CHADWICK. Oldest Accident Insurance Co. in America.

INSURE against Accidents in the original Travellers' Insurance Company of Hartford. Net cash assets, Jan. 1, \$741,337.02.

CHARLES THAIN, MANUFACTURER of Ploughs, Harrows, Cultivators, Horse Rakes, Double Drill Turnip Sowers, Scarifiers and Turnip Cutters on hand.

THE subscriber, in thanking his friends for past favours, would intimate that he will give such inducements to CASH Purchasers as have never before been offered in Guelph.

ICE CREAM, ICE CREAM, ICE CREAM.

ICE CREAM, ICE CREAM, ICE CREAM.

ICE CREAM, ICE CREAM, ICE CREAM.

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ICE CREAM, ICE CREAM, ICE CREAM.

INTECH (1984) associates

1001 Hurlstone Rd., Suite 1,
London, Ontario, N6E 4P7

Phone (519) 686-1970
After Hours: 657-0390

THIS ORIGINAL DOCUMENT IS FOR YOUR INFORMATION ONLY

Police Magistrate
Show charge
with having beat
and prayed his
summarily against
Fined \$2 and costs,
high for forbearing husband paid.
Chief Constable Kelly charged John
deTague with being disorderly on
sex-st. This was the male of the
appen case, for it was for abusing
rs. Lappen that the accusation was
rought against him. Fined \$2 and
sts.

The third case was that of the Chief
onstable against Thomas Herbert
reen, for having stolen a bay mare
Mr. Wm. Jackson who lives in
township of Dumfries near Galt.
charges against this unfortunate
ung man are fast accumulating during
the fourth. There was first
orse stealing, that on which he was
st convicted, then two separate at-
mpts to break, grab and fasten this
e, for which he was brought before
is morning to take his trial in a
Police Court. He is a sad looking
g spectacle, and much afflicted
disease. In consequence of the
licate state of his health his trial
is postponed for a few days.

Col. Miguel Lopez, the traitor who
trayed the Empress Mary and
only went to Pueblo to visit his wife
his recollection were decidedly good.
is wife advised to invent high school
his little son by his hand and
dressed him thus. Sir, here is
ur son, we came to visit him in his
ke him. You are a base coward
d a traitor. You have betrayed
ur country and your benefactors.
rom this hour we are strangers, for I
all this day retire to my family. Good

COMMERCIAL

MEMBERY OFFICE, 40 QUEEN ST. W.
August 17, 1907

Wheat	1.00	1.00
Barley	1.00	1.00
Oats	1.00	1.00
Rye	1.00	1.00
Corn	1.00	1.00
Flour	1.00	1.00
Beans	1.00	1.00
Pulses	1.00	1.00
Meat	1.00	1.00
Fish	1.00	1.00
Butter	1.00	1.00
Eggs	1.00	1.00
Oil	1.00	1.00
Sugar	1.00	1.00
Tea	1.00	1.00
Coffee	1.00	1.00
Spices	1.00	1.00
Wool	1.00	1.00
Cotton	1.00	1.00
Iron	1.00	1.00
Steel	1.00	1.00
Coal	1.00	1.00
Timber	1.00	1.00
Lumber	1.00	1.00
Bricks	1.00	1.00
Stone	1.00	1.00
Clay	1.00	1.00
Glass	1.00	1.00
Porcelain	1.00	1.00
China	1.00	1.00
Textiles	1.00	1.00
Leather	1.00	1.00
Gold	1.00	1.00
Silver	1.00	1.00
Copper	1.00	1.00
Aluminum	1.00	1.00
Zinc	1.00	1.00
Lead	1.00	1.00
Nickel	1.00	1.00
Platinum	1.00	1.00
Mercury	1.00	1.00
Antimony	1.00	1.00
Arsenic	1.00	1.00
Bismuth	1.00	1.00
Cadmium	1.00	1.00
Cobalt	1.00	1.00
Iron	1.00	1.00
Nickel	1.00	1.00
Copper	1.00	1.00
Zinc	1.00	1.00
Lead	1.00	1.00
Aluminum	1.00	1.00
Silver	1.00	1.00
Gold	1.00	1.00

MONTREAL MARKETS

Wheat 1.00
Barley 1.00
Oats 1.00
Rye 1.00
Corn 1.00
Flour 1.00
Beans 1.00
Pulses 1.00
Meat 1.00
Fish 1.00
Butter 1.00
Eggs 1.00
Oil 1.00
Sugar 1.00
Tea 1.00
Coffee 1.00
Spices 1.00
Wool 1.00
Cotton 1.00
Iron 1.00
Steel 1.00
Coal 1.00
Timber 1.00
Lumber 1.00
Bricks 1.00
Stone 1.00
Clay 1.00
Glass 1.00
Porcelain 1.00
China 1.00
Textiles 1.00
Leather 1.00
Gold 1.00
Silver 1.00
Copper 1.00
Aluminum 1.00
Zinc 1.00
Lead 1.00
Nickel 1.00
Platinum 1.00
Mercury 1.00
Antimony 1.00
Arsenic 1.00
Bismuth 1.00
Cadmium 1.00
Cobalt 1.00
Iron 1.00
Nickel 1.00
Copper 1.00
Zinc 1.00
Lead 1.00
Aluminum 1.00
Silver 1.00
Gold 1.00

WHO IS MRS. WINSLOW

As this part of the population is so
large, it is not surprising that
many of the mothers of the
country are ignorant of the
best means of caring for their
children. It is not surprising
that many of these mothers
are ignorant of the best means
of caring for their children.
It is not surprising that many
of these mothers are ignorant
of the best means of caring for
their children. It is not
surprising that many of these
mothers are ignorant of the best
means of caring for their
children. It is not surprising
that many of these mothers are
ignorant of the best means of
caring for their children.

Men's LUNG Balsam

For the cure of CONSUMPTION, and all
Diseases that lead to it, such as Coughs,
Croup, Hoarseness, Pain in the Chest, and
all the other symptoms of the
Disease. I can truly say
that I have seen many
of these cases cured by
this Balsam. It is a
most valuable remedy,
and one that every
man should have in his
house. It is sold by all
Druggists and Dealers in
Medicines. Price 25 cents
per bottle. Beware of
cheap imitations.

Kingslon Penitentiary!

NEW SPRING GOODS!

Boot and Shoe Store.

At the Kingslon Penitentiary

BLACKSMITH SHOP

At Full Operation Once More.

LONG CREDIT GIVEN

At Mrs. Hunter's

NEW GOODS!

At Mrs. Hunter's

Wool of Every Kind

At Mrs. Hunter's

NOTICE TO FARMERS

Packing House

LIVE HOGS!

CARRIAGES

BUGGIES

Market and Lumber Waggon

Parker & Miller

Jobbing of all kinds done

Notice to Contractors

SEALED TENDERS

On Monday, 2nd Sept. next

GRAVEL ROAD

ICE CREAM

ICE CREAM

ICE CREAM

Pickled Beef!

MUTTON & PORK

At Five Cents per pound

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CHEAP CLOTHING

AT THE SIGN OF

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MIDSUMMER CLEARING SALE

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MORRISTON REAL MORGAN

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FRUIT JARS

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Splendid Ready-made Clothing!

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AHEAD OF THE TIMES!

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At the Canada Clothing Store

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THE SALE WILL COMMENCE ON THE 22nd INSTANT

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The Best Purifier of the Blood

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