

The Glencoe Transcript.

Volume 45--No. 10.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1916.

Whole No. 2304.

GLENCOE PICTURE SHOW

TOWN HALL

Saturday Night, March 11, 1916

The management presents

Our Enemy's Spy

in three parts

Simple Faith

A drama of the sea.

Also Max Asher, in one of his roaring comedies, entitled

What Happened to Schultz

Five reels of good, clean film

Special for this Saturday night.—We have secured the services of the wonderful whistler

WILL HARMSWORTH

who will give a number of his latest selections. Don't fail to hear him.

TWO SHOWS 7.30 and 8.45

Popular Prices, 10c and 15c

Men Wanted.

Wanted—men to retail Rawleigh Products. Town and country. Largest and best line. One of the oldest and largest companies in the world. Seven factories and branches. Quick service, low freight. We want only industrious men who can earn \$100.00 and up per month and expenses. Must have means for starting expenses and furnish contract signed by two responsible men. Address W. T. Rawleigh Company, Limited, Toronto, Ontario, giving age, occupation and references.

TAX NOTICE

TOWNSHIP OF MOSA

Notice is hereby given that all taxes for 1915 of the Township of Mosa must be paid without fail not later than Saturday, 18th March, to avoid costs.

JOHN C. SIMPSON, Collector.

Dated Mosa, February 24, 1916.

C. C. McNaughton

Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Plate Glass and Automobile Insurance

Phone Bethwell U. & R. 40 P. O. Newbury No. 441 R. R. No. 2.

CHANNY FARM

Shorthorn Cattle and Lincoln Sheep; also S. G. Dorking Fowls

ED. DE GEX, Kerwood, Ont.

DENTISTRY

R. J. MUMFORD, D. D. S., L. D. S. Offices over Howard's Furniture Store. Phone R.

JAMES POOLE

Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world, and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario.

Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

GEORGE WILSON,

Clerk of the Division Court, Conveyancer, &c. Justice of the Peace for the County of Middlesex. Commissioned in R. C. J. Office—Main Street, over Lumley's drug store.

J. B. COUCH & SON

Furniture Dealers Funeral Directors

MAIN STREET - GLENCOE

Phone: Day 23, Night 93

Western Farmers' Weather Insurance Company

Insure your buildings against wind and tornado in the largest weather company in Ontario. Insurance in force, nearly 11 million. Our rate is lowest permitted by government.

E. T. Huston, Agent, Glencoe

Got a Cold?

You should aid Nature to throw it off promptly. To loosen the cough, relieve the lungs and heal the inflamed throat tissues, try the old reliable

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

It is quick acting and very effective. Keep a bottle always on hand. All druggists. Price 25c and 50c.

Farm for Sale.

64 acres, lot 21, Gore, Ekfrid, 2 1/2 miles to Glencoe, close to school, 7 roomed house, barn 30 x 50, orchard, 30 trees bearing, 10 acres in fall wheat, 12 acres seeded, 12 fall ploughed, etc., balance creek watered pasture. Apply to A. L. Lovell, R. R. 3, Glencoe, Ont.

Housekeeper Wanted.

Wanted—housekeeper for modern dwelling, small family, good wages. Address Mrs. C. B. Sheppard, Wardsville, Ont. Box 32.

To Rent for Pasture.

South half lot 4, con. 7, Mosa. Contains 110 acres and has flowing well. For further particulars apply to Mrs. Annie McLachlan, Fleming, Sask., or to James A. Carruthers, Route 4, Glencoe, Ont. Box 32.

Cream Wanted.

Will receive cream daily throughout the week, but ask you to avoid Saturdays as much as possible. Cream wagon will be on its routes again this summer. Cash for eggs.—Alex. McNeil.

Farm for Sale.

South half lot 8, first range north Longwoods Road, at Woodgreen; 94 acres, good buildings.—Isaac Watterworth.

House and Lot for Sale.

In Glencoe, on Concession St.; corner lot containing one-quarter of an acre, with good barn.—Isaac Watterworth.

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Fancy Dress Carnival

IN THE GLENCOE RINK

ON THE EVENING OF

Thursday, March 9th, 1916

The following Prizes will be awarded:

Best Dressed Lady—1st prize, China Jelly Dish, value \$2.00

" " " 2nd prize, box Chocolates, value \$1.00

" " " Gent—Fountain Pen, value \$2.25

" " " Comic Boy—Gold Tie Pin, value \$1.00

" " " Girl—1st prize, Leather Hand Bag, value \$1.75

" " " " 2nd prize, box Chocolates, value 75c

" " " Boy—Gold Cuff Links, value \$1.25

Prizes on display in Davidson's Jewelry Window

1st prize, Cash, 75c

2nd prize, Cash, 50c

1st prize, Cash, \$1.25

2nd prize, Cash, 75c

Admission, 20c and 15c; Judging costumes at 8.30

Barrel Race

ONE MILE RACE

Open to all

Admission, 20c and 15c; Judging costumes at 8.30

Keith's Cash Store

Sweeping Reductions in all Winter Goods.

Millinery, Velvets and Corduroys. Men's and Boys' Overcoats, Gloves, Mitts and Robes.

P. D. KEITH

Mitchell & Hagerty

Hardware Merchants, Glencoe, Ontario

HALTERS HORSE BLANKETS

We have just received our fall order of Stoves and Ranges. Call and inspect our line of Stoves before buying. Let us help you pick out a first-class Range from our stock. We have also a full line of Stable Fittings, such as Glass, Rollers, Litter Carriers and Stall Fixtures.

STOVE PIPE

FROST WIRE FENCING

ESTABLISHED IN NEW PREMISES

We are now fully established in the McCreery & Young old stand. Our whole attention will be given to Staple and Fancy Groceries, Domestic and Foreign Fruits. We are heavily stocked with new goods and can quote you interesting low prices, quality considered. Call and be convinced.

Highest market prices given for good Table Butter and Eggs in cash or trade.

We sell Parnell's Homemade Bread at 5c a loaf—the kind mother makes—healthiest.

Try our specials in Bulk Teas and Coffees.

Goods promptly delivered anywhere in town.

W. A. CURRIE & CO.

Do you realize that clean Coal means a saving of fifty cents a ton. Our

D. L. & W. Scranton Coal

is well screened, no slag nor clinkers.

McPHERSON & CLARKE

Planing Mill and Lumber Yard

GLENCOE, ONT.

District and General.

Aldborough council meets at Rodney on Saturday, March 25th.

Minneapolis club women have discovered that good cooks marry early.

The people's share of Ontario's bar income decreased nearly \$80,000 last year.

Another advance in prices of paper was announced last week by the wholesale dealers.

The high prices for gasoline are declared to be checking the use of automobiles in the States.

The congregation of Chalmers church, Guelph, will observe their diamond jubilee in June.

Horsebuyers are in Alvinston and Glencoe districts, purchasing horses for shipment to Montreal.

Forty dollars was raised for the Red Cross by an entertainment held in the school house at Campbellton.

W. E. German, Grand Trunk agent at Alvinston for upwards of 18 years, has been transferred to Sarnia.

Flax raising will be undertaken quite extensively by some of the farmers around Alvinston this season.

It is predicted in some quarters that gasoline will reach from 40 to 50 cents per gallon by the middle of next summer.

Hon. Finlay Macdonald, of West Elgin, minister of public works, is being "groomed" for premier of Ontario.

King George has presented his famous stallion Amner to the Canadian Government for remount breeding purposes.

The Moravian and Muncie Indian recruits for the 135th, numbering about 100, are now quartered at Strathroy.

It is eighteen years since the Maine was sunk. There have been a lot of vessels sunk since then and little said about them.

The Dominion Cannery will operate their factory at Blenheim this coming season for tomatoes. Last year the factory was idle.

Twenty-three husky Indians from the Moravian reserve have signed up with the 135th Battalion. They are all fine, strong fellows.

Wm. Farris, of Plympton, is selling his farm and implements by auction and has bought a farm implement business and residence in Wyoming.

Henry Hardy has been elected police trustee of the village of Mt. Brydges to fill the vacancy caused by the unseating of John A. Lamont.

The average price paid in Canada for remounts for the Canadian forces since the beginning of the war has been \$102.53 according to a statement given in the House of Commons.

Recruiting for the 135th (Middlesex County) Battalion is continuing at a rapid rate and now it appears only a matter of a few weeks before this battalion will be up to full strength.

A cross-eyed man was watching the activity of Niagara. "What a great waste," he remarked to his friend. A very stout lady standing near by called at him angrily, "Mind your own business."

Lent Tardy This Year.

Lent did not begin this year until March 8th. It is the most tardy penitential season that the world has known in many years.

Easter Sunday this year will be April 23rd. In 1915 Easter Sunday was 19 days earlier, on April 4th. Ash Wednesday, the beginning of Lent, last year was Feb. 17th.

Within the last few years, the only time Ash Wednesday has fallen nearly so late was in 1911, when it came on March 1st.

Easter Sunday is the first Sunday after the first full moon following March 21st. The earliest possible date for Easter is March 22nd, the latest April 25th.

Ladies' Patriotic Account.

Previously acknowledged. \$1,357.70

Proceeds of house parties given by Mrs. Stuart and Mrs. Young 25.00

Donation from Mrs. Oxley 5.00

" " Mrs. Jas. McAlpine 10.00

Donation from Miss M. Young 2.00

Net proceeds of first concert given by the Glencoe Dramatic Club and donated to the Senior Red Cross 74.00

Total contributed up to date. \$1,473.70

The Red Cross Society appreciate the efforts of the Glencoe Dramatic Club in raising funds for them.

Mrs. Geo. Dennes is visiting friends in Simcoe.

J. D. Burr, of Detroit, is visiting in the vicinity.

Mrs. Andrew Adams is around again after an attack with la grippe.

Wm. Bolton and wife were Chatham visitors last week.

A number from Shetland took in the play at Aughrim Friday night.

Mrs. N. and Andrew Nevills visited at John Fleming's during the week-end.

Badgley's garage is overflowing at present, with crippled autos. It takes something besides gasoline to run a car.

A fine baby girl was presented to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Moorhouse Friday last.

Hired men are as scarce as hens' teeth around here.

Ernest Brown was away holidaying last week.

Everybody seemed to enjoy the doings Thursday evening, especially the music and debate, the former for its harmony, the latter for the equilibrium of its discord.

Roland Moorhouse enlisted last week for overseas service, going to London, where he is taking an officers' course.

Shetland.

Seen a robin yet?

Cussing and discussing war news are the general "doings" these days.

Beans are selling out here by the dozen.

Ice harvest has begun.

Fred Napper left for the Peace River country Saturday.

T. H. Moorhouse is still confined to his bed.

Dunc. Bolton lost a valuable mare last week by having her leg broken.

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Glencoe Council.

The regular monthly meeting of Glencoe municipal council was held in the council chamber on Monday evening, March 6th. Present—J. A. McLachlan, reeve; P. D. Keith, A. McPherson, Jas. Harris and A. J. Wright, councillors.

Moved by Mr. McLachlan, seconded by Mr. McPherson, that C. George act as secretary in the absence of the clerk, George Wilson. Carried.

The municipal auditors submitted their report of the audit of the town books, which was accepted by the council. Each department showed a credit cash balance, while the net debt of the town has been diminished by the amount of over four thousand dollars.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid:—A request that \$100 be placed to the credit of the library board; J. C. Congdon, for snow plowing, \$4; D. M. Stuart, acting trustee officer and constable from March 1st, 1915, to March 1st, 1916, \$10; fines received, \$28.50, one-half of which is due D. M. Stuart, \$14.25; S. Thompson, salary for February, \$37.50; Duncan Crawford, 391 cords of wood at \$3.50, \$1367.50; Municipal World, assessment notices, sheets and postage, \$2.00.

Moved by Mr. Harris, seconded by Mr. Keith, that the auditors receive \$30 each for their services. Carried.

Moved by Mr. McPherson, seconded by Mr. Wright, that C. George be paid \$10 for making out the returns of births, marriages and deaths for six years—1910-11-12-13-14-15. Carried.

On the request of the treasurer the sum of \$500 was ordered paid to the Public School Board as grant for 1915 in part.

The clerk was instructed to order five copies of the Municipal World.

Moved by Mr. McPherson, seconded by Mr. Wright, that Mr. Harris and Mr. Keith be a commission to look after the streets and trees. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Harris, seconded by Mr. Keith, that Mr. McPherson and Mr. Wright be a commission to look after sidewalks, ditches and hand instruments. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Keith, seconded by Mr. Wright, that the reeve have full power to purchase any wood required. Carried.

On motion of Messrs. Wright and Keith the council adjourned.

C. GEORGE, Clerk pro tem.

Mosa Council.

A meeting of the Mosa council was held at Newbury on Saturday, Feb. 19th. Members all present. The minutes of the last meetings of the council were read and approved.

Moved by A. Gardiner, seconded by D. N. Munroe, that the council purchase a new blade for the township road grader. Carried.

Moved by F. J. James, seconded by D. N. Munroe, that the auditors report be accepted as read and that the clerk be hereby instructed to have 100 copies of the report printed. Carried.

Moved by D. N. Munroe, seconded by C. S. Morrison, that Alex. Clements be paid \$4.00 for damages to his cart owing to a deep rut opposite lot 10 on road between concessions 5 and 6. Carried.

Moved by A. Gardiner, seconded by F. J. James, that the following accounts be paid:—Charles Chapman, \$2, for binding assessment and collector's rolls; C. C. McNaughton, \$35, express charges on rolls; A. E. Sutherland, \$61.25, for printing to date; R. W. McKellar, \$6, for refund of statute labor; John C. Simpson, \$88, for services as collector, and postage; P. O'Malley, \$20, and H. Harvey, \$20, salary as auditors.

The council adjourned to meet at Glencoe on Saturday, March 18th, at 10 o'clock a.m.

C. C. McNaughton, Clerk.

Case of a Cow.

Division court was held before Judge Macbeth at Glencoe on Tuesday. An interesting jury case, Walker vs. Ellwood, was heard. The action was brought to reverse a decision at the last court in which judgment was given for Wm. A. Ellwood against Joseph Walker for payment of a note claim for \$55.00, amount of purchase price of a cow at an auction sale held by Ellwood. It was contended that the cow had tuberculosis when sold and had to be destroyed shortly afterwards by Walker, who was in consequence not liable for the purchase price. Three witnesses were heard on each side, and it was then left to the jury to say whether or not the cow had tuberculosis when sold. The jury found that it had not and verdict was accordingly given in favor of Ellwood.

High School Notes.

A meeting of the High School Literary Society was held on February 24th, the president, Miss Bayne, presiding. After the discussion of business matters, the secretary's report was read and the following program rendered: Solo, Miss Cleo Sutton. Debate, "Resolved that Canada would be better if independent"; affirmative, E. McDonald and E. Hussey; negative, Miss H. Sutherland and Miss S. McKellar. The debate was decided in favor of the negative. Instrumental duet, Miss Johnson and Miss Graham; impromptu speeches, W. Lethbridge, G. Grant; critic's report, A. E. Aldred. The meeting closed with the national anthem.

Auditors Make Report.

At a meeting of Glencoe council on Monday evening, Dr. McLachlan and Chas. George, municipal auditors, reported their annual report, covering the finances of the village for the year 1915. From the report, which is a very comprehensive one, we quote a few of the more interesting items.

Taxes, 1914, \$11,585.15; unpaid Dec. 31st, 1914, \$6,584.80; taxes, 1915, \$12,258.21; unpaid Dec. 31st, 1915, \$3,202.79.

Five per cent. added to unpaid taxes after Dec. 31st, 1915, brought in \$4,655.13 more than at same date 1914.

Debt due December 31st, 1915, \$24,487.74; interest paid in 1915, \$1,501.00.

E. L. Com. lighting receipts, 1914, \$2,874.28; 1915, \$2,622.44.

Net debt Dec. 31st, 1914, \$17,804.81; 1915, \$13,740.46; reduction of debt, \$4,064.35.

Insurance on town hall, power house, schools and library \$29,230.

In concluding their report the auditors have this to say:—"We are pleased to report the greatly increased usefulness of the Public Library since its reorganization, and to commend the generous, patriotic action of the council in granting the use of part of the town hall to the soldiers in training."

"We regret that the electric light plant has not been valued, to enable your auditors to make a profit and loss account, and that the council has failed to pay the E. L. Commission for lighting streets, &c., as agreed upon, but has paid the annual interest and sinking fund charges on electric light debentures, which should have been paid by the commission, thus rendering it impossible to make a report in proper form. We would also call attention to the Municipal Act, 3 Edw. vii, c. 10, s. 312, in regard to business dealings by members of the council with the corporation in violation of the Declaration of Office, and subversive of the true ideals and standards of public life."

"In conclusion, we congratulate you upon your successful financial management, on improvements for streets and sidewalks, and on the large reduction of village indebtedness. The village collector and treasurer are not bonded."

Methodist Church.

REV. W. G. HOWSON, MINISTER

The subjects selected for next Sunday's services are:—11 a. m., "The divine wonder"; 7 p. m., "The story of Ongole, India; and some other interesting facts." Good music. Brief, bright services. All welcome.

About the House

Useful Hints and General Information for the Busy Housewife

Try Variety at Meal Time.

No one problem is daily more vexatious than "What shall we have to eat?" Not only once, but many times a day does the same plaint arise. Most families are in a peculiar rut as to their eating and manner of cooking. For instance, in one family there is too-frequent appearance of pot roast, mashed potatoes and brown gravy. Another family will not tolerate anything but broiled meat and runs up expensive bills for chops and steaks. A third family never has soup, and still another has every dessert a pudding.

Is it not possible, and easy also, to more greatly vary our menus? Is not this just the time of year to install some new methods of cooking the old, familiar dishes? Why must rice always be used as a cereal or as a basis of tasteless rice pudding? Other countries use it with meat, with a spiced gravy, and make it the basis of a meal either as a curry or "pilaf." Is it not possible to take the piece of shoulder chuck and cook it some other way than unending pot roast? It could be seasoned with dressing and served with a tomato instead of a brown sauce. In the matter of soups, many of us go on in the same unvarying way of vegetable bouillon and tomato bisque. How about all the other purées, green dried peas, yellow split peas, onions, carrots? How about the many kinds of soups with meat balls or noodles? There is not a foreign nation but excels us in the variety of its soups. So, too, with potatoes. Why always the same mashed, boiled or creamed? Under the hands of a competent cook they become tasteful, varied and really interesting. Cheese, brown stock, lemon juice, all these can be added to potatoes, and there is even a book on 101 different kinds of potatoes.

No one thing will make for greater economy in our cooking than greater variety. Instead of the steak that we think must always be broiled we can use a "skirt steak," or flank, and have a delicious casserole dish at half the price. Instead of the soup that uses expensive vegetables, we can have a simple stock or puree for less money. Instead of a dessert needing three eggs or more, we can create substitutes which taste and look just as attractive, but in which only a single egg or none is used. Variety in cooking—new dishes, new flavors. These will help the housewife set a better table at less money.

Old Saskatchewan Dishes.

Forty miles out from Winnipeg, living apart on immense sections, I met some of the happiest women I have seen in my life.

In spring and summer, and until early fall, the farming, with its extra hands, brings much work to the housewife. After harvest the delightful visiting from homestead to homestead is begun, with dances and entertainments galore.

They think nothing of motoring or driving a team or sleigh from 20 to 40 miles and dancing till sunup (sunrise). When the blizzards come, compelling them to remain indoors, they have famous times. Being of English, Dutch and French ancestry, they cook many dishes which may be unusual in this section.

Sausage.—Clean a head of a pig and a set of feet and put on to boil in cold water; cook until tender, remove the meat, strain the liquor, pick all meat from bones and chop fine. Return to kettle and season with sweet marjoram, thyme, parsley, salt and pepper. Thicken with equal parts of cornmeal and buckwheat. Set on back part of stove, to prevent burning, for five hours; pour in large bologna that has been previously wet with cold water; use knife or back of spoon to smooth in places, when cold turn out, cut in thick slices, dip in flour and brown in hot pan.

Milk Dumplings.—Work 4 ounces of butter, very slightly warmed; 3 eggs and 8 ounces of fine bread crumbs; add a teaspoonful of salt and a pinch of pepper; mold in small balls and boil in 2 quarts of milk for 15 minutes. When ready lift with skimmer and add yolks of 2 eggs to milk; pour over all dumplings and serve.

Black Bread Soup.—Cut 2 carrots, 2 heads of celery, 2 parsnips and 2 very large onions into very fine slices, put in pan with ½ pound of butter and stew gently for ½ hour. Pour over this 2 quarts of soup stock, add 2 pounds of black bread (rye bread), cut in pieces, boil this nearly one hour, strain through fine sieve. To this now add 2 quarts more of soup stock, bring to boil, add juice of lemon, and it is ready to serve. Egg balls and noodles may be added if liked. This soup may be made in small portions, and is very good.

Offengo.—Make hash with 1 cup of meat (cold cooked, cut in small slices) 2 cups of potatoes, 1 small cup of onions (potatoes and onions cut in dice); put onions on to fry in 4 tablespoonsful of fat when soft add potatoes and meat, 1 cup of hot water, cover and cook one-half hour. Season with salt and pepper to taste, and just before lifting beat 3 eggs in bowl and pour over all. Put in oven 10 min-

utes to cook eggs, turn on dish, mold nicely, and send to table.

Useful Hints.

Fresh shoulder of pork stuffed is delicious.

Lamb when fresh is a bright red color with white fat.

Dusters, kitchen clothes, etc., should be washed last of all.

Shirts should be suspended from the bottom on the clothes line.

Boston baked beans require about eight hours in a slow oven.

Fried food should never become chilled before serving.

Before stoning raisins soak them in a basin of warm water.

Olive sandwiches are improved by adding a little mayonnaise.

To prevent blue from streaking clothes mix one dessertspoonful of soda in the bluing water.

When making a mustard plaster mix with it the white of an egg, this will prevent the plaster from causing a blister.

Grate all scraps of stale cheese and place in a tightly corked bottle or tin for flavoring soups, sauces, and similar things.

When tomatoes have become soft and wrinkled they can be restored to their original freshness by soaking in cold water for an hour.

Organdies, chambrays and fine cambrics may be washed without danger of fading if they be washed first in clear water in which a cupful of very coarse salt has been dissolved.

Soap and powdered chalk mixed and rubbed on mildew spots will remove them. To expedite matters let the spotted article lie in the sun for a few hours, dampening it again as it dries.

It is a good idea to clean the glass over pictures with a cloth wrung from hot water and dipped in alcohol. Polish them immediately until they are dry and glossy with camellia or tissue paper.

To whiten ivory knife handles cut a lemon in half, dip it into common kitchen salt and rub over the handles. This will remove the dirty yellow look and make the ivory as bright and white as new.

To ventilate a room having double windows that do not open bore a number of holes in the lower edge of the outer window frame and fit the holes with cork stoppers. The inner window may then be raised and the corks taken out to admit fresh air.

The Fashions

Spring and Summer Fashions.

Quite as interesting, at the opening of a season, as the new designs themselves and a thousand and one odd little fads which Fashion always presents at her openings, are the new materials in which to fashion these stunning modes. It is amusing to note to what an extent serge is still being used this spring for suits and one-piece frocks. It is not an exaggeration to state that at least nine-tenths



One of the New Bordered Voiles.

of the new spring suits are being made of dark blue serge.

White cotton and wool mixtures, striped or barred with pale tones of gold, blue, green, and thin lines of black are unusually modish. For sport wear there are any number of effective materials; some loose weave

plaids with backgrounds of white, pastel broadcloths, barred and plaided in more vivid tones, and some particularly effective hopsacking in plain colors and plaids which may be used for street suits or sport skirts or coats.

Silk Suitings Popular.

The new silk suitings, fraile, and the numerous other twilled silks, tussahs, gros de Londres, and heavier ribbed silks are very much the vogue. These silks are particularly well suited to the full skirts of the moment, affording the bouffant effect, and lending themselves most effectively to the cordings, quillings, pleatings and similar trimming notions now smart.

These silk suitings come in all shades of tan, buff, blue, rose, mauve and gray.

Taffetas are being used considerably for suit purposes too; there are quantities of plain taffetas being used in combination with bayadere effects, white stripes on black, blue or green grounds. Checks and stripes are particularly



Rose Linen With White Vest.

particularly smart in taffetas. Pompadour taffetas will be used generally for wraps and the trimming of suits. Light colors will predominate in these suits as in the wool mixtures. It may be safely said that the silk suit will be the mainstay of spring and early summer.

The Novelty Cottons.

There is no paucity of novelties in the new spring and summer cottons; they are most charming, both in coloring and design. Voile forms the basis of the majority of these fabrics; there are printed and striped voiles; voiles striped and barred with openwork or needlework patterns and voiles striped and barred with artificial silk.

The openwork checked voiles are printed and embroidered with bright colored flowers, oftentimes with quaint precise, art nouveau figures.

Soft white batistes show hairlines of color, and are bordered in plain white, edged with the color; these are the new handkerchief embroidered batistes and are used for lingerie gowns and blouses.

Plain lawns and organdies in all the soft pastel tones, and in plain white are exceptionally good this season. The organdies are being used for entire frocks over slips of a stiffer organza. In white these are unusually pretty for graduating frocks and summer dance dresses. One of the prettiest notions for a summer dance frock seen for many a season, was a dainty pale blue organza with short, full-gathered skirt flecked here and there with a small cluster of pink rosebuds; the surprise closing bodice had full drop-shoulder sleeves, and was finished at the throat with a fine pleated ruff of the organza, closed on one side with small bunches of the buds, and long narrow ribbon streamers of pale pink. The idea of a high-necked dance frock is somewhat out-of-the-ordinary, but that is just what most of us are looking for. A bit of bare throat showing in a V-shaped opening below the dainty ruff gave just a suggestion of décolleté which was all that was needed.

The silk striped and checked voiles show grounds of one color, striped and barred with contrasting tones, for instance rose, striped with pale green, blue with grey, mauve with gold and many other cool, opalescent effects.

Trimmings for Summer Frocks.

Lace in shadowy patterns and cobwebby weaves such as Chantilly, Maline, and the cheaper shadow laces, will be used for flouncings and trimmings for both gowns and blouses; lace is being used considerably in millinery also, draping the picture hat to accompany the organza frock. Many metal laces are shown for trimming purposes, too, some of them carrying out the patterns of the dress designs. Valenciennes lace will be a favorite for the regulation lingerie frock and for children's dresses.

These patterns may be obtained at your local McCall dealer or from The McCall Company, Dept. W., 70 Bond Street, Toronto, Ontario.

ACHIEVEMENTS OF LORD FISHER

RESPONSIBLE FOR GREATEST BRITISH VICTORY.

Ten Strokes of Genius Which Have Made Him Britain's Greatest Naval Chief.

In an article in London Opinion calling on the British people to unite in an irresistible demand for the recall of Lord Fisher to the post of First Lord of the Admiralty, and writing as a land lubber for land lubbers, James Douglas thus sums up the achievements of the great British seaman:

There is no statesman in England who can deny the dazzling genius of Fisher. It is a truism. Let me catalogue a few of his achievements. His first stroke of genius was the scrapping of 162 warships which could neither fight nor run away. How that stroke was executed! How it was denounced! But by it he made possible another stroke of genius, the system of nuclear cruisers, which put into each ship its brains, leaving the beef to come along when it was wanted.

Fisher's third stroke of genius was the adoption of the water-tube boiler—the biggest revolution on record, a revolution which put the fire where the water was and the water where the fire was, the consequence being that instead of taking seven or eight hours to get up steam, you take only twenty minutes, you keep your boilers clean, you have your fuel, and you are ready whenever your enemy arrives.

Fisher's fourth stroke of genius was the adoption of the Parsons turbine in the teeth of the bitterest opposi-



Lord Fisher.

tion. Fisher discovered the turbine in a penny steamer. He went to its inventor, Parsons, and said: "Will you see me through?" Fisher saw him through. To-day, 80 per cent. of the horsepower on the seven seas is turbine. And yet all the mandarins turned up their noses at the turbine.

There are many to-day who put their trust in boards and committees, and not in men of genius. Let me warn them that the records are against them. The Board of Admiralty was hostile to the introduction of steam into the navy. Its wooden-headed stupidity is embalmed in a minute. The Board of Admiralty was hostile to the iron ship. Its wooden-headed hostility is embalmed in an entire minute, which solemnly declared that wood was better than iron because wood floats, whereas iron sinks!

Introduced Oil Fuel.

Fisher's fifth stroke of genius was the introduction of oil fuel into the navy, again in the teeth of authority. When Fisher left the Admiralty, official idiots went back to coal and stopped the development of oil fuel. They laid down battleships using coal only. These very battleships have now been transformed into oil-using ships. Once more, Fisher was proved to be right, and the reactionaries were found to be wrong.

Fisher's sixth stroke of genius was the concentration of our navy in the North Sea. A simple thing, you say. Yes, but the simplicity of genius. Nobody had thought of that simple thing. Fisher divined it and did it silently and secretly, thus checkmating the strategy of Tirpitz. There you have the Fisher touch in its purest form.

Fisher's seventh stroke of genius was the creation of the Dreadnought, the ship that baffled German ambition and converted the Kiel Canal for years into a useless ditch. Do the British people realize that the Grand Fleet, which now stands between Germany and the dominion of the world, is Fisher's fleet? From the Dreadnought to the Queen Elizabeth and the Inflexible it is all pure, unadulterated Fisher.

Fisher's eighth stroke of genius was the creation of the battle-cruiser—the greyhound with the big guns. When, after a series of disasters, Fisher was called in a year ago, the first thing he did was to send his battle-cruisers to sink Von Spee's

GILLETT'S LYE

HAS NO EQUAL. It not only softens the water but doubles the cleansing power of soap, and makes everything sanitary and wholesome. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

squadron. He must have stratted the barnacles when he issued his famous order. One can imagine their doubts and fears, their waverings, and hesitations, their prayers for delay, their appeals for caution. But Fisher swept aside the barnacles, unloosed his greyhounds, and boldly chose as their admiral the very man who had been honestly and profoundly sceptical about them before they were born!

Greatest Victory of War.

Fisher divined the game of Von Spee. He guessed that he was making for Cape Town. There he meant to sink the South African squadron, destroy Botha's transports on their way to German South-West Africa, and then get on to the Atlantic trade routes, where he might have cut off our food supply for weeks. Instead of which, Fisher's greyhounds caught him at the Falkland Islands and sent him and his ships to the bottom. It was not victory; it was annihilation. Superior speed kept Von Spee outside his own gun-range; superior gun power destroyed him. The Falkland Islands are the greatest British victory of the war. It was won through Fisher's strategy by Fisher's ships.

Fisher's ninth stroke of genius was the hunting down of the German submarines. He organized that great hunt. The collapse of the submarine piracy was due directly to Fisher's daring initiative. Fisher's tenth stroke of genius was his protest against the Dardanelles "gamble" which has now come to a disastrous close. His last stand probably saved the Queen Elizabeth and other capital ships from sharing the fate of the Majestic. The New York will open auspiciously if the nation demands the recall of Lord Fisher, the man who has always been right.

BUILDER OF A CIVILIZATION.

The Remarkable Experiences of Alfred Ilg in Abyssinia.

Buried among the crowding war news of last month, there was in "The New York Times" a dispatch that told of the death of Alfred Ilg, for twenty years the premier of Abyssinia. The name can have meant nothing to most of those who saw it, but it is that of a man who had an extraordinary career, and who in his own corner of the world played a wonderful part.

Alfred Ilg was a Swiss by birth. He received the education of an engineer at the famous Polytechnic School of Zurich, where he distinguished himself, and then he settled down to practice his profession at Bern. One day, in 1878, he had a word from one of his old instructors that Menelik, Negus of Abyssinia, had sent to Zurich for an engineer who could build forts and public works for him. They would recommend Ilg if he would accept the place.

At that time Abyssinia was almost as unknown to the world as Tibet; it professed a primitive Christianity, but as far as material civilization was concerned it was scarcely above the savages of Central Africa. But Menelik was determined to start his nation on the upward path. Ilg agreed to go to Abyssinia; but he was directed by Menelik to take a course in medicine and surgery before leaving Switzerland.

He did almost everything during his thirty-five years in Abyssinia. He built fortifications, bridges, railways; opened mines and dug canals; introduced blast furnaces and electric lighting; in fact, he created a modern civilization from the beginnings, for when he arrived the simplest tools were unknown. There was not even a carpenter's square in the kingdom.

The story of the bridge that Ilg built across the Hawash River shows what manner of man and natural obstacles he had to contend with. The Hawash separated Shoa, the southernmost province of Abyssinia, from

lands of the Gallas, a tribe of fierce, pastoral nomads who were much dreaded by their Christian neighbors. Ilg persuaded Menelik that a bridge was needed to subdue them. He argued that if an Abyssinian army could cross to get at the raiders, they would have to submit or abandon their vast herds, some of which numbered a hundred thousand head of cattle.

Menelik was convinced with difficulty, and the Swiss constructed a model to illustrate his argument. The swarthy potentate put his hand upon the model and crushed it, and Ilg had to build another, too strong to be broken, before he got reluctant permission to carry out the project. But the Gallas are to-day loyal Abyssinians thanks to Ilg's bridge.

In building the bridge, the timber had to be carried on human shoulders over a distance of ten miles. Quarries had to be opened and stone-masons trained before the piers could be built. Every nail, screw, clamp and bolt had to be forged by hand. It took three hundred men three days to carry one beam over the ten miles—a feat of agility easily beaten by the hyenas, who used to steal Ilg's pillow from under his head while he slept!

Ilg was also kept busy for months at a time superintending his sovereign's movements. When Menelik got tired of one site, his capital and his pet lions had to be transported to a more congenial locality. A new city had to be built, and Ilg acquired quite a facility in this work that any Western boom-town promoter might envy.

Those frequent moving days impressed him with the advantages of good roads and the necessity of wagons. Menelik was opposed to the innovation at first, and declared:

"If you had such good horses and mules in Europe as we have in Abyssinia you wouldn't need smooth roads and rolling wagons."

Finally Ilg got permission to construct a piece of roadway and a wagon. The horses hitched to the vehicle ran away, frightened by the strange monster rumbling at their heels, they dashed the wagon into splinters, and for many years Menelik would hear nothing of such dangerous contrivances.

But Menelik's confidence in his "man-who-can-do-anything" steadily grew. He became chief diplomatic adviser and premier as well as court physician. He repaired the royal clocks, and took all the photographs of his dusky majesty. He prospected for coal and assayed gold from the rivers. It was owing to his reorganization and equipment of the Abyssinian army that the Italians were soundly beaten at Adowa in 1906.

In 1895 Ilg returned to Switzerland and brought a wife back with him to Abyssinia. Menelik had always been eager to learn handicrafts, and took an especial delight in carpentry; and when Ilg returned, his sovereign made him a wedding present of a house designed by the royal hands and built under Menelik's supervision.

She Ought To.

"Do you know the nature of an oath, madam?" "Well, I ought to, sir. We've just moved and my husband has been laying the carpets."

The Other Way About.

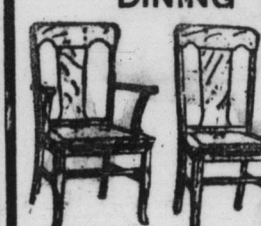
"Wonder how old Roxleigh came to select such a young wife." "He didn't. She selected him."

Debt collector—"Is your master at home?" Servant (cortly). "No, he isn't." Debt collector (suspiciously).—"But I can see his hat hanging in the hall." Servant—"Well, what's that got to do with it? One of my dresses is hanging on the line in the back-garden, but I'm not there."

A Special From Our Catalog No. 16

Exactly as represented in illustration

DINING ROOM CHAIRS



Five small and one Armchair, in solid oak and solid leather. Regular \$20.00 the set. Special price \$12.98

We defy competition. Our prices are the lowest in the Dominion of Canada.

WRITE FOR OUR CATALOG It is full of House Furnishing Specials.

CITY HOUSE FURNISHING COMPANY

1340 St. Lawrence Boulevard,

Montreal, Que.

WAR WORRY NEW ENGLISH REMEDY

EFFECT OF THE CONFLICT ON PEOPLE'S NERVES.

Has Become a Distinct Disease—Women More Likely Victims Than Men.

Women are, perhaps, more prone to the new malady which is making itself felt than men. War worry in England has become a definite disease. Its symptoms are very like those of neurasthenia. The victim becomes depressed, nervous, starting at any unexpected sound, is in a constant state of agitation, is ready to cry at the slightest difficulty, and is generally in a morbid condition of mental and physical health.

What is the cause of this distressing trouble? When a woman has a relative or friend, husband or sweetheart, or son at the front in deadly peril of his life, the day-by-day agony of mind, the anxiety as to his safety, the expectation of a fateful missive from the English War Office, this dreadful anticipation of the worst naturally produces an effect that can only result, if allowed to operate, in complete breakdown.

But the same painful state is to be observed in many people who have no direct cause of preoccupation with the war. There is an unhealthy craving for news. Every day, every hour, in London, some dramatic development is looked for, and the brain, seeking continually for fresh sensations, magnifies and distorts such information as is available. Rumor is called up to supply what the newspapers, which have only the authentic messages to work upon, cannot provide.

More Work and Less Play.

The expectation of visits by the Zeppelins, too, in spite of the calm way in which the British public has behaved, cannot fail to create a certain overcharged atmosphere in which nervous troubles are likely to show themselves.

In those towns which are darkened, the absence of light and the curtailment of pleasure all help to foster the complaint.

Then there is an actual excess of work, a burden of toil which is too heavy to be borne by many of the weaker sex. Nothing is so calculated to tell upon the system of women as physical labor which is beyond their strength.

Housekeeping cares, intensified by the war, are also to be held responsible. Other causes might be enumerated, but what is of more importance is the remedy for these ills.

The doctors are helpless. Drugs are useless. There is one way and one way only by which sanity may be preserved. It is a method little known, and yet the recipe is worth much gold. It is simple and it is sure.

Try the restfulness of relaxing. Whenever things seem bad, so bad that they could not well be worse, sit quietly back and deliberately, consciously let yourself go.

Let every limb fall limp. Do not allow a single muscle in the body to be stressed. To close one's eyes and put oneself in this attitude of entire peace is not as easy as it sounds, but it can be accomplished with a little practice.

Clutching the Paper.

Notice the way in which you are sitting at this moment. You are probably holding this paper with tightly clenched hands, and are reading it with straining eyes. Your mouth is tightly set, your neck is rigid; your very toes are, as it were, clutching the floor. You are clinging with your body to the chair.

Don't do these things. The chair will hold you. You need not hold the chair. If you will allow yourself to be at ease, with every fibre free for a space of five minutes, you will get up filled with new energy.

Practice this continually. Pause when you are weary and worried. Sink into complete abandonment. No war worry can stand against this treatment, for the tonic is lasting. A new woman, bright and happy, will take the place of the old, tired and troubled creature who had suffered from an unnatural and a killing tension.

Liked the Sample.

Jacky had been asked out to a "grow-up" dinner. Swelling with pride, he took his seat at the bottom of the table and looked round—slightly awestruck—at the imposing collection of aunts and uncles.

Then his attention became fixed on the ancient relative who was carving an enormous turkey, and his mouth watered as he saw the big helpings being handed around.

But the carver who did not know much about the little boy cut off a tiny portion for Jacky.

"Is that the part of the bird you like, my little man?" he asked, as the servant handed Jacky the plate. Jacky looked at it a moment and then handed it back.

"Yes," he said; "I'll have some of that, please."

The Doctor—"Madam, you must take more exercise. I should advise walking every day." Mrs. Newlyriche—"Walking! My dear doctor, you must be accustomed to attending poor people."

Young Folks

Chums.
My Tiger knows!
Why, he's the wisest dog, I guess,
In all the world—unless
Some other boy like me
Has one as wise as he!
Everywhere he goes,
Just when he passes by,
The people say, "Oh my,
How cross he looks!"

But I know they are wrong;
I've had him, oh, so long—
Before I read in books!
He's never cross to me,
But good as good can be,
That cross look, I suppose,
Is just because he knows!

Tiger understands!
When I go out, you know,
He always trots along,
And never guesses wrong
The place I want to go.
If I have in my hands
A bit of lunch to eat—
Perhaps it's something sweet,
He knows he'll get his share.

And then again I'll throw
A stick across the snow;
Then like a flash he's there
To bring it back to me.
He's wise as wise can be!
And oh, what fun to play
With Tiger every day!

Queer Water Folk.
Suppose you were fishing and felt
A big tug on your line, and when you
started to pull it in you suddenly got
a powerful shock of electricity. You
would probably drop the line in fright
and wonder what had taken your
hook. Something of that kind would
happen if you caught a torpedo fish.

Sometimes fishermen who are haul-
ing in their net receive an electric
shock. They know then that they
have caught a torpedo fish in the net,
and that the shock it sent out has kill-
ed all the other fish in the net.

The strange power of sending out
a strong electric shock has been given
to the torpedo fish to enable it to
catch the fish it lives on, for it is a
very slow swimmer, and could not
overtake even the slowest of the fish
that it uses for food. The torpedo
fish hides in the growth of seaweed,
and when a fish comes along it sends
out its current, which kills its victim
before it even suspects there is so
terrible a foe at hand.

The torpedo fish is a living electric
battery. When full-grown it can send
out shocks so powerful that they will
severely injure a human being.

It is curious to think that nature
gave to fish the power of using elec-
tricity thousands of years before man
discovered it and found a way to
make it light his houses and drive
street cars for him to ride in.—Youths
Companion.

BRITAIN WANTS FISHERMEN.

Needed to Man the Trawlers and De-
mand is Acute.

Good fishermen are worth almost
their weight in gold at Grimsby, Eng-
land, so scarce have they become since
the war's outbreak. Notwithstanding
the paucity of so many parts of the
North Sea and other waters adjacent
to the British Isles the industry has
suffered no decline. There are just as
many fish and the demand for them
is greater than ever. The difficulty
in catching them is due to the fact
that so many fishermen and their
boats have been pressed into the
Royal Naval Reserve Section to man
the mine sweepers and other vessels
on war service.

The original steam-fishing fleet at
Grimsby, which in peace times num-
bered more than 600 vessels, has been
materially depleted. The type of fish-
erman has undergone a change, com-
prising largely the class of man who
works only when necessity demands.
Trawler owners are offering big wages
to good fishermen, the highest in
years along the English coast, and the
decrease in the number of trawlers
available for fishing has had the ef-
fect of creating a financial boom
among owners whose vessels have not
been interfered with by the Admiralty.
Voyages are now profitable in the
widest sense of the term. Prices for
fish have more than quadrupled, and,
with the continuous shortage, due not
only to the naval requirements in re-
gard to vessels, but also to the re-
stricted fishing area, there is always
an overwhelming demand from all
parts of the country.

WILL SOON BE CRUSHED.

Germany's Powers of Endurance Not
Sufficient to Hold Out.

"Germany must at no long date be
crushed to death."

This was the confident statement
made by Lord Rosebery when he
was entertained at lunch by the Edin-
burgh Rotary Club of business men.
"I think it is quite clear, from all
reports of the varying number of
millions of men that she has lost,
that Prussia must be nearly ap-
proaching the stage of exhaustion."

"We shall have, I dare say, many
dark days yet to pass, but whatever
happens however long the war may
be, we are certain to win by the
over-chaunce which has always
favored our national enterprise."

NEURASTHENIA THAT FOLLOWS LA GRIPPE

Rest and a Tonic Is the Proper Treatment Dis-
tinguished Medical Authority Says

There is a form of neurasthenia
that follows la grippe. Doctors call
it "post-grippal" neurasthenia.
One of the foremost medical au-
thorities of New York city in a lec-
ture in the international clinics, said:
"Broadly speaking, every victim of
la grippe will suffer from post-grippal
neurasthenia also. Lowering of
nervous tone with increased irritabil-
ity is the most striking effect of the
disease, languor of mind and body,
disturbed, fitful sleep and vague pains
in the head and elsewhere. The treat-
ment calls for rest and a tonic."

If you have had la grippe read those
symptoms again: "Languor of mind
and body, disturbed, fitful sleep and
vague pains in the head and else-
where." If you have any or all of
them it means that you are still suf-
fering from the effects of la grippe
and that you will not be well and free

from danger of relapse until your
blood is built up.

The treatment, says the distinguish-
ed physician, quoted above, is rest and
a tonic. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, a
non-alcoholic tonic, are particularly
suited for building up the blood and
strengthening the nerves after an at-
tack of grippe. The rich, red blood
expels the lingering germs from the
system and transforms despondent
grippe victims into cheerful, healthy,
happy men and women.

If you have had la grippe do not
wait for a relapse or for the neuras-
thenia that so often follows grippe,
but get a box of Dr. Williams' Pink
Pills now from the nearest drug store
and begin the treatment at once.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills
from any medicine dealer or by mail,
at 50 cents a box or six boxes for
\$2.50 from The Dr. Williams Medi-
cine Co., Brockville, Ont.

PERSONAL POINTERS.

Specially Selected Notes About Fam-
ous Men and Women.

King Manuel is a first-rate domino
player.

M. Briand, the French premier,
never wears gloves.

Since the outbreak of war, Queen
Mary has not purchased an evening
gown.

Sir George Reid, the Australian
High Commissioner, is a crack shot
with a revolver.

Prince Alexander of Teck is now
serving with the Belgian Army as
British Military Attache.

The Duchess of Norfolk has a col-
lection of parasols of all countries,
said to be worth £500.

Sir Felix Schuster says that his ex-
perience in business has raised his
opinion of human nature.

The Duchess of Connaught plays a
good game of draughts, and the game
is her favorite indoor recreation.

General Sir Douglas Haig is one
of the best linguists in the Army. He
speaks French and German perfectly.

The favorite dish of the Crown
Prince of Sweden is a salad made of
chicken, bananas, grape-fruit, and
wine sauce.

King George has now two valets; the
Kaiser has seven valets, the King of Spain
five.

Four English mouservants in the
German Royal Household were interned
in Germany a week after the out-
break of war.

Lieut. von Tirpitz, son of the Ger-
man admiral, who is a prisoner of war
in England, is the best lawn-tennis
player in the German Navy.

One of the boasts of Dr. Von Beth-
mann-Hollweg, the German Chan-
cellor, is that he has never had to pay
a visit to a dentist since he was four-
teen.

Autographed photographs of the
Czar and Czarina were sold at a pri-
vate auction in Petrograd for \$2,500
each. The proceeds went to a war
charity.

The Prince of Wales a little while
ago had a pipe knocked out of his
mouth by a flying fragment of a shell
that burst within thirty yards of his
Royal Highness.

The titles held by Lord Stamford-
ham and Lord Ribblesdale will become
extinct owing to their heirs having
been killed in the war, unless they
are granted "special remainders" by
the King, as was done in the cases
of Lord Roberts and Lord Wolseley.

THE FIRST TASTE.

Acquired the Habit When a Boy.

If parents realized the fact that tea
and coffee contain a drug—caffeine—
which is especially harmful to chil-
dren, they would doubtless hesitate
before giving them tea or coffee to
drink.

"When I was a child in my mother's
arms and first began to nibble at
things at the table, Mother used to
give me sips of coffee. And so I
contracted the coffee habit early."

"I continued to use coffee until I
was 27, and when I got into office
work I began to have nervous spells.
Especially after breakfast I was so
nervous I could scarcely attend to my
correspondence." (Tea produces about
the same ill effects as coffee, because
they both contain the drug, caffeine.)

"At night, after having had coffee
for supper, I could hardly sleep, and
on rising in the morning would feel
weak and nervous."

"A friend persuaded me to try
Postum."

"I can now get good sleep, am
free from nervousness and headaches.
I recommend Postum." Name given
by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor,
Ont.

Postum comes in two forms—
Postum Cereal—the original form—
must be well boiled. 15c and 25c pack-
ages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder
dissolves quickly in a cup of hot wa-
ter, and, with cream and sugar, makes
a delicious beverage instantly. 30c
and 50c tins.

Both forms are equally delicious
and cost about the same per cup.
"There's a Reason" for Postum.
—sold by Grocers.

THE ENGLISH ARE AHEAD.

How They Sent a Man to an Address
By Parcel Post.

The parcel post has made its use-
fulness felt in many ways, unexpected
as well as foreseen. But the English
parcel post does one surprising thing
that has not yet been introduced into
our own system.

An Englishman wished to reach a
customer living in a remote part of
Baltimore, one of the suburbs of Lon-
don, and it was very necessary that
he find him quickly. Knowing nothing
of the district, he called at the gen-
eral post office at St. Martin's Lane,
Grand, to consult a directory. On ex-
plaining his case to a clerk, he was
amazed to learn that he could be sent
to the address by parcel post by pay-
ing a fee of three pence a mile.

The gentleman had never heard of
such a thing, and it is said that very
few persons in England know that it
can be done. He was placed in
charge of a messenger who was fam-
iliar with all parts of the city, and
was soon on his way. The boy car-
ried a printed slip on which was writ-
ten a description of the "parcel" in
charge, under the heading, "Article
required to be delivered," and before
leaving the customer's house both the
customer and the gentleman had to
put their signatures on the paper. The
limit in weight for anything delivered
by parcel post in England is gener-
ally under 10 pounds, but there is one
exception that reads: "A person may
be conducted by express messenger to
any address on payment of the mileage
fee."

AN EXCELLENT REMEDY FOR THE CHILDREN

Mrs. Laura Jackson, Brantford,
Ont., writes: "I have found Baby's
Own Tablets such an excellent remedy
for children that I have no hesitation
in recommending them to all moth-
ers." Thousands of mothers say the
same thing concerning the Tablets.
Once a mother has used them she
would use nothing else. They are
for sale at all druggists or by
mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr.
Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville,
Ont.

CHILDREN MAKING SHELLS.

10,000 Boys Work in the Arsenal at
Woolwich.

Ten thousand boys too young to
fight are doing what they consider
the next best service for their coun-
try—turning out munitions in the
Government arsenal at Woolwich. In
ordinary times many would have be-
come office boys, clerks, or telegraph
messengers, but to-day the majority
come from points miles from the fac-
tory, and help the older men make the
shells and guns needed by the men at
the front.

The pay is attractive. A smart boy
can earn \$7.50 a week, or even \$10,
if he has a good machine and can keep
steadily at work for as long as 12
hours a day. Parents who have to
choose between putting their boys to
learn a trade at \$2 or \$2.50 a week,
and allowing them to go into the ar-
senal at the higher remuneration are
naturally inclined to decide on the
quickest return, but seems to be in
the national interests as well.

Social workers who have the boys'
welfare at heart are inclined to lament
that so many should be entering what
may not perhaps prove a permanent
occupation. They say that their future
is not unlikely to become a problem
after the war, and that the country
might well remember then that the
great army of boy munition workers
played no small part in the difficult
time.

The daily life of these boys shows
what sacrifices they are making. Thou-
sands leave an hour's journey from
the factory, and some have to leave
home as early as 6.30 in the morning,
and cannot get back till 9.30 in the
evening. All work 12 hours a day,
starting at 8 and finishing at 8. They
take the night shift, too, also for 12
hours, and often a boy may be seen

asleep from sheer exhaustion on his
way home in tramcar or train.

Every effort is made by the Ministry
of Munitions to safeguard the health
of the youngsters, but the problem is
a difficult one. Eight-hour shifts
are being made to improve the trans-
portation facilities to and from the
arsenal. One of the latest suggestions,
and the one most likely to be carried
out is to build miles of huts close to
the arsenal, where the boys could live
while engaged in shell-making.

"Cutting Off It's Retreat."

In the little village school room the
children were very quiet and atten-
tive, for the school-mistress was giv-
ing them an interesting and instruc-
tive account of a certain rat which
had caused much annoyance in her
household. "It was a great nuisance,
children," she said, "and great was
my satisfaction when, at last, it was
traced to its favorite haunt, and I
and several others were enabled to cut
off its retreat." "By the way," she
added, as a kind of after thought, "can
any of you tell me what 'cutting off
its retreat' means?"

Silence reigned for some moments,
but at length a small girl put up her
hand. "That's right, Ethel," said the
mistress encouragingly. "What is
its retreat?" "Please, miss," an-
swered Ethel at once, "it means its
tail!"

Just a Straight and Simple Story

MISS BLANCHARD TELLS OF
DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

They Cured Her Kidney Troubles and
Other Sufferers Can Learn From
Her Experience How They Can Find
a Cure.

Paquetville, Gloucester Co., N.B.—
Mar. 6th (Special)—Simple and
straight to the point is the statement
of Miss Justine Blanchard, of this
place. She has tried Dodd's Kidney
Pills and found them good and she
wants everybody to know it. Miss
Blanchard says:

"I suffered for a long time with my
kidneys. I used Dodd's Kidney Pills
and they cured me completely."

One simple statement like that is
worth a dozen learned dissertations on
Kidney disease. It tells the sufferer
from kidney trouble just what he or
she wants to know—that a cure can
be found in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

For Dodd's Kidney Pills are no
cure-all. They are purely and simply
a kidney remedy. The reason why they
cure Rheumatism, Lumbago, Diabetes,
Bright's Disease, Heart Flutterings,
Dropsy, Pain in the Back, and other
diseases is that all these are either
Kidney diseases or are caused by dis-
ordered kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills
cure them by curing the kidneys.

The Original Method.

Katherine and Margaret found
themselves seated next each other at
a dinner party and immediately be-
came confidential.

"Molly told me that you told her
that secret I told you not to tell her,"
whispered Margaret.

"Well," returned Margaret, "I told
her I wouldn't tell you she told me,
so don't tell her I did."

Possible Reason.

There's nothing in drinking.
There's not a thing to it.
And maybe, I'm thinking,
That's just why we do it.

Sore Eyes

Granulated Eyelids,
Eyes inflamed by ex-
posure to Sun, Dust and Wind
quickly relieved by Murine
Eye Remedy. No Smarting,
Just Eye Comfort. At
Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye
Salve Tubes 25c. For Sale at the Eye Remedy
Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

A man becomes a jailbird
through his strenuous efforts to fea-
ther his nest.

Before plac-
ing your order for
seeds, see our 1916 Gold-
on Jubilee Catalogue it is free
Govt. Stamp Duty
No. 1 Red Clover \$16.40 & \$17
No. 1 Timothy 12.00
No. 1 Alsike 12.00
Allow 30c for each cotton bag
We pay railway freight in On-
tario and Quebec over \$25.00

GEO. KEITH & SONS 104 KING ST. E.
SEEDS TORONTO

Notice to Stal- lion Owners

The inspection of stallions under
the Ontario Stallion Enrolment
Act, will commence March 23rd,
1916. All applications for en-
rolment and inspection, accom-
panied by the proper fee, must be
in the Secretary's office, Parli-
ment Buildings, Toronto, by March
13th. In case of applications re-
ceived after March 13th, inspec-
tion will only be made at increased
expense to owners. Address all
communications to S. W. Wade,
Secretary, Ontario Stallion Enrol-
ment Board, Parliament Buildings,
Toronto.

Subbubs: "I believe Swamphurst
is unhealthy. Since we have lived
out there my wife can scarcely speak
above a whisper." Henpecke: Do
you suppose I could find a house
there?"

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Despite the economizing tendency
of the war, Lord Lansdale still smokes
his big cigars. When in the right
mood he is an excellent raconteur.
His best story is that of an American
traveller who spoke of having seen
petrified forests in Texas, and petri-
fied birds flying over them. "Come,
come!" he was told. "That's surely
against the laws of gravitation!"

"Quite so," replied Ananias, not a
whit abashed; "but, you see, the laws
of gravitation there are petrified,
too!"

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

You Can't be Neutral on the food question.

You have to decide between
mere palate-foods that con-
tain no nutriment and foods
that repair the bodily waste.
Shredded Wheat Biscuit is
both a palate food and a
muscle builder. You can
keep in good health and at
the top-notch of physical
fitness by eating this deli-
cious, ready-cooked, whole
wheat cereal for breakfast,
luncheon or any meal.



Made in Canada.

Britain and United States.

A few things that England has done
for the United States:

Granted us our independence.
Outdistanced us in the race for de-
mocracy.

Laughed at some of our jokes.
Conferred citizenship upon others.
Appreciated Walt Whitman.

Relieved us of Henry James.
Furnished the only noteworthy ex-
ample of respect for the Monroe Doc-
trine.

Fought hard for the worthy ideals
for which we whimper.—New York
Life.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Her Ups and Downs.

Lady (who was on a visit to her
native town)—How is Mrs. Gabbie?

Hostess—She is having her ups and
downs.

Lady Visitor—And what may they
be, I pray?

Hostess—Oh, running up hills and
running down her neighbors.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff

Just Like a Queen.

An officer who has just been dis-
charged from one of the London hos-
pitals, has been telling me a deli-
cious story of Queen Alexandra. One
day Her Majesty visited the hospital,
and chatted with my friend for a few
minutes. "Do you know what she
said to me?" he asked. "She sat on
my bed for nearly five minutes, and
as she was leaving said, 'I know your
needs are well looked after, but if
there is anything extra you would
like, tell me.'"

More Important.

"What! A strange man walked off
with my umbrella? Why, I have my
name on it."

"That may be, but the other fel-
low has his hand on it."

NOTICE TO STALLION OWNERS.

The inspection of stallions under
the Ontario Stallion Enrolment Act
will commence March 23rd, 1916.
Stallion owners will notice that horses
inspected in the Fall of 1914 do not
require to be inspected at this time
but all other horses inspected previous
to the Fall of 1914, which were not
then eight years old, must be inspec-
ted in order to be enrolled for 1916.
Application should be made at once
to the Secretary of the Ontario Sta-
llion Enrolment Board, R. W. Wade,
Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

"I say, old chap, I'm in shocking
luck. I want money badly, and haven't
the least idea where I can get it."

"Well, I'm glad to hear that, I
thought perhaps you had an idea you
could borrow from me!"

We have been using MINARD'S
LINIMENT in our home for a num-
ber of years and use no other Lin-
iment but MINARD'S, and we can
recommend it highly for sprains,
bruises, pains or tightness of the
chest, soreness of the throat, head-
ache or anything of that sort. We will
not be without it one single day, for
we get a new bottle before the other
is all used. I can recommend it highly
to anyone.

JOHN WALKFIELD,
LaHave Islands, Lunenburg Co., N.
S.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Despite the economizing tendency
of the war, Lord Lansdale still smokes
his big cigars. When in the right
mood he is an excellent raconteur.
His best story is that of an American
traveller who spoke of having seen
petrified forests in Texas, and petri-
fied birds flying over them. "Come,
come!" he was told. "That's surely
against the laws of gravitation!"

"Quite so," replied Ananias, not a
whit abashed; "but, you see, the laws
of gravitation there are petrified,
too!"

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

A FAMOUS GRAPEVINE.

Supplies King George With 200
Bunches Yearly.

James Jack, keeper of the famous
grapevine at Hampton Court Palace,
England, has retired after thirty-two
years active service as chief custodian
of the King's vine. The vine was
planted in 1768 by "Capability"
Brown, the famous landscape gar-
dener of the eighteenth century.

The vine is now considered one of
the finest in the world. It stretches
in wide perfectly trimmed squares,
eighty feet by twenty-six, the whole
length and breadth of the greenhouse.
Two hundred bunches of grapes from
it are sent to King George at Wind-
sor every year. The grape is the old
Black Hamburg.

Some years ago twelve bunches were
shown at an exhibition of the Royal
Horticultural Society and were award-
ed the Hogg memorial medal for spe-
cial excellence and culture. Two of
the bunches weighed 3 pounds 14
ounces each, and the whole twelve
weighed about 42 pounds, an average
of 3½ pounds each.

WASTE NECESSARY IN FOOD

Because our ancestors ate coarser
waste with their food they developed
a long bowel, mostly a muscular tube.
This muscle was not intended for
digestion purposes, but to carry off
waste. We have inherited this mus-
cular tube. Waste-containing food is
as essential to its proper function as
light is to the eye. Because modern
foods have little waste the human
bowel muscles have weakened from
lack of exercise. Constipation and
indigestion have resulted. Dr. Jack-
son, who practised for years as an
intestinal specialist, has devised Ro-
man Meal, a food which has plenty
of waste to exercise the bowel mus-
cles and is also highly nourishing. It
prevents indigestion and constipa-
tion. Most grocers sell it.

Made by the Roman Meal Com-
pany, Toronto, Canada.

Real Forbodings.

"My son," said the father impres-
sively, "suppose I should be taken
away suddenly, what would become
of you?"

"Why," said the son, irreverently,
"I'd stay here; the question is, what
would become of you?"

Some men are such tightwads that
they won't even lend trouble without
good security.

PILES.

You will find relief in Zam-Buk I
It eases the burning, stinging
pain, stops bleeding and brings
ease. Perseverance, with Zam-
Buk, means cure. Why not prove
this? All Druggists, Stores—
40c box.

Zam-Buk

EASYSEI

The Satisfactory that works every day
and night during the year. Send for
Catalogue.

J. J. ST. CLAIR CO., Ltd.,
27 Toronto Arcade. Toronto

A Lucky Surprise

Notice of Merchandise Arriving at Canadian Port for J. N. Currie & Co., from Glasgow, Per S. S. "Parthenia"

Consignments contain Linoleums, Dress Serges, Silks, Towelings, Tablings, Ribbons and Staples. Goods were ordered over a year ago to be delivered last October, war conditions causing delay in delivery. The prices have since advanced an average on all lines easily 25 per cent.

We have kept our stocks well filled, not even counting on this shipment, as any import orders from Europe are now very uncertain. This makes our stocks for spring very large, and all bought at the former lower prices.



It Would Be Vain Repetition
to keep informing our customers of the advisability of buying your spring and summer merchandise right now on account of the sure scarcity of "desirable" merchandise before half the spring trade is over.

Buy Shoes by Quality

Take no chances in these days when so many advertised worthless imitations are on the market—goods made only to "sell," not to "wear." Safeguard your buying by insisting upon getting only such goods as you know to be good.

Empress Shoes, For Instance

Nothing made in Canada to equal them for style, comfort and service.

All the New Styles for Spring

including all the new American touches, cutting out the flying fancy frills which no lady should wear. Very smart styles, in button, lace and pumps. Prices \$2.50 to \$4.50, a saving of 50c to \$1.00 per pair on city prices for exactly the same.

Family Supply Shoe Department

The ages are all looked after and the qualities for every occasion. Prepare for the wet, sloppy weather by purchasing your heavy kip shoes and boots of desirable quality from us. Rubbers to match all lasts.

J. N. CURRIE & CO.

The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from THE TRANSCRIPT BUILDING, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription—10c per copy in advance, 15c per copy on account. Single copies 5c. Advertising—The Transcript has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates. Prices on application. JOB PRINTING.—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programmes, cards, envelopes, etc. and wedding stationery, etc. Address all communications and mail remittances payable to A. E. SUTHERLAND.

THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1916

Strathburn

The Battle Hill Relief Society will meet at the home of Mrs. Edwin Weekes Thursday afternoon, March 16th. Please bring all finished articles, as a box will be picked at this meeting.

About 70 of the soldiers who are training in Glencoe enjoyed a chicken dinner given by the Battle Hill Relief Society at the home of Mrs. D. H. McRae, Friday, March 3rd. Addresses were given by Lieutenants Faulkner and Hughes. Nathaniel Currie, in behalf of the soldiers, invited the soldiers to another chicken dinner after their return from Berlin. Music was furnished by the Squire Orchestra. The return march was made by way of the school, S. S. No. 1, Mosa, where the children saluted the soldiers and sang "Soldiers of the King."

PARKDALE

Mrs. T. Andrews, of Bothwell, and Mrs. R. K. Jeffery, of Newbury, were guests of the Misses Smith Wednesday of last week.

Miss Ida Hagzitt is visiting friends at Bothwell.

Mrs. R. Everett is on the sick list. Pearl Brammer is visiting relatives at London.

Kilmartin.

Miss Brown, of Oakdale, is visiting at A. L. McKellar's.

Miss Jessie McLachlan is visiting in Detroit.

Dan and Alex. McFarlane spent a few days last week on their way from Detroit to their home in the West.

A very successful box social was held in the schoolhouse in S. S. No. 17 on Friday evening under the auspices of the Red Cross. About sixty boxes were sold and the proceeds amounted to \$92.

Box Are Appreciated.

Last fall when the Red Cross Society were sending a box to the soldiers, Miss Mary E. McAlpine, of Mosa, put a note with her name and address in a pair of socks. Recently she received the following letter dated Belgium, Jan. 17:—

Dear Miss McAlpine.—Our sergeant came into our shack today with an armful of boxes. I mean socks. "Hose" is what we call them in civilian life; "socks" in the army. Well, I put my hand down in the feet of my pair and I discovered the slip of paper. So you live in Glencoe. I live in Brantford, not such a long way from Glencoe. Anyway, I wish I was as near Brantford as Glencoe is, just now.

Well, Miss McAlpine, I have been out here in this uncivilized country eight months, and expect to go on leave in February some time. I will be glad when the big leave comes, when we leave for Canada again. We have done our regular turn in the trenches up to now and we are going to get our horse now and be cavalry

again. We have to put our address in the body of a letter so will put mine here:—"Trooper H. A. Spencer, 3rd Troop B Squadron, Royal Canadian Dragoons, 1st Canadian Cavalry Brigade, Somewhere in France."

It is as cold as Greenland here right now and I have to warm my fingers over the candle. The six fit fine. Thanks very much. We use 3 pair up in the trenches to fit in our hip-high rubber boots, so we appreciate them. I remain, yours sincerely,

H. A. SPENCER.

Farmers in the Fight.

To the Editor of The Transcript:—Kindly grant me a space in your valuable paper to write regarding the Petrols news items asking if this is a townsman's fight only. While I was busy reading this morning's paper I noticed that statement, and it struck me somewhat to think that the townsman do not realize that if it wasn't for the farmers they would not get their daily bread, and that some remarks were even in the press regarding a rare exception if a soldier enlisted from the country. I myself enlisted from the good old farm. I know of several instances where farmers have left their farms and their aged parents to enlist for their king and country. The question is this: If the farmers enlist why not make the loafers of the city street corners go to the farms and till land for those who have enlisted because the street-corner loafers will not enlist, and they will not work. One after them, because they are the ones to get after if conscription came to this country. This is a war where everybody should do his bit, whether city or country men. Remember, England expects every man this day to do his duty.

Thanking you in advance, I am, Sir, F. W. G. Bishop, No. 12445, Base Co. 70th Battalion.

Appointed Officers in Mosa.

The following is a list of the appointed officers in Mosa township for the year 1916:—

Ward No. 1.

Pathmasters—Frank Henderson, Samuel Willick, Henry Willick, David Turner, James McMaster, Donald Sloan, Daniel McDonald, George Cuckey, Richard Everett, John Cunningham, Steven Stockings, Sam Leitch, Thomas Burr, James McRae, John T. Armstrong, Pat Kane, Wm. A. Atkinson, Wm. G. Thompson, Wm. R. Goff, Lorne Goff, Harry Brimmon, Archibald Graham, John W. Munroe, Andrew Beattie, George Everett.

Fence Viewers—John B. Jones, Joseph D. Simpson, Lorenzo Watterworth.

Pound Keepers—Henry Blain, Albert Winger.

Sheep Valuator—Thomas G. Jones.

Ward No. 2.

Pathmasters—David Newbigging, Chas. F. Simpson, Frank Wakefield, Alfred J. Nethercott, William A. G. Nethercott, Chas. Farris, Edwin Weekes, George H. Archer, Wm. A. Atkinson, Wm. G. Thompson, Wm. R. Goff, Lorne Goff, Harry Brimmon, Archibald Graham, John W. Munroe, Andrew Beattie, George Everett.

Fence Viewers—John B. Jones, Joseph D. Simpson, Lorenzo Watterworth.

Pound Keepers—Henry Blain, Albert Winger.

Sheep Valuator—Thomas G. Jones.

Ward No. 3.

Pathmasters—Fred J. Stinson, Wm. A. McCutcheon, Wren Kelly, James Winslip, James Grover, Wm. H. Reyercraft, Donald Fletcher, Marshall Moore, D. D. Graham, Archie A. Gilles, Duncan C. Munro, T. B. Armstrong, Malcolm A. McKellar, James E. Corbett, John Hillman, Thomas Wilson.

Fence Viewers—Dan Hagerty, Isaac Abbott, Duncan Fletcher.

Pound Keepers—J. O. Archer, John J. McConnell.

Sheep Valuator—Joseph Babcock.

Ward No. 4.

Pathmasters—Archie B. McLachlan, Andrew Douglas, Neil Mitchell, Chas. King, John McCallum, Alfred Quirk, Nevin McCall, Dunc. H. McLachlan, D. C. McTavish, Donald McDonald, Dan McLean, John McKellar, Robert McAlpine, Oscar Watson, Duncan J. Campbell, John Munroe, Dugald McIntyre, Alex. Dewar, Neil McVicar.

Fence Viewers—Hugh H. McLachlan, Alex. F. Ferguson, John McVicar, Found Keepers—Neil McVicar, Don B. Ferguson.

Sheep Valuator—Arch. V. Munroe.

School Reports.

The following is the February report per centage for S. S. No. 12, Mosa, denotes absence.

Fourth Book.—Irene McVicar 76, Fourth Book, Sr.—Hugh McAlpine 83, Jr.—A. D. McVicar 67.

Third Book, Sr.—Oscar Goldrick 30, Dan McVicar, Jr.—Wilson McLean 73, Ella Quick 57, Emerson McVicar.

Second Book.—Sarah Mitchell 83, William H. Quick 80.

First Book.—William A. Quick 81, Winnifred McLean 70, Bruce McLean 56, Catharine Purcell 51, Margaret McIntyre.

Primer A.—Barbara McVicar, Jean McVicar, B.—Misa Purcell, Evelyn N. McLachlan, Teacher.

The following is the report of S. S. No. 3, Mosa, for February.

Senior IV.—Lawrence Harvey 81, Tom Simpson 63, Jr.—Florence Simpson 66, Annie Wakefield 61, Frank Brown 60, Vern Waterworth 60.

Senior III.—Walter Whitfield 70, Fred Whitfield 73, Allan McDonald 74, Lloyd Simpson 74, Jr.—Hugh Whitfield 78, Cecil Moore 60, Cunmy Moore 46, Amy James 46.

Senior II.—Alice Harvey 75, Roy Whitfield 74, Wm. Whitlock 67, Norman Winger 67, Elliot Whitlock 64, John McDonald 62.

Senior I.—Blanche Whitlock 79, Edith Lumley 76, Jr.—Richard Fry 75, Margaret McDonald 70.

Primer (names in order of merit) Donald Coyne, Jean Moore, Frank Walker, Helen Whitlock, Lewis Moore, Willard Edwards, Earl Harvey, Marion Grover (absent).

WARD LEITCH, Teacher.

February report of U. S. S. No. 17, Mosa.

Class V.—Elsie Leitch 82, Mary McAlpine 70, John Leitch 68, Elsie McKellar 64.

Class IV.—Sr.—Clarence McKellar 78, Grant Smith 72, Neil Munroe 62, John Munroe 61, John Little 53, Leonard Munroe 51, Jr.—Alex. McKellar 57, T. W. Little 54, Beatrice McAlpine 51, John Moore 53.

Class III.—Sr.—Neil Dewar 73, an Neil Leitch 67, Garfield Munroe 56, Jr.—Willie McKellar 73, Jamie Munroe 70, Marion Campbell 68, Emerson Little 55, Tena Leitch 53, Mae Moore 52.

Class II.—Lillian Campbell 76, Sarah McLachlan 53, Alexander Munroe (absent).

Pt. I.—Hughie McKellar 64.

Pt. I A.—Mary McLachlan, Lloyd Little, Albert Moore.

Absent for one examination, an absent for two examinations.

I. QUIGLEY, Teacher.

The Transcript is agent for all the daily papers. Let us remit your subscription.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper—A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

Germany has laid a large field of mines off the Swedish coast. Three distinct earthquake shocks were experienced in Quebec and vicinity.

The McCutcheon brothers were freed of the conspiracy to defraud charge.

Central Methodist church, Calgary, was burned, loss \$50,000, largely covered by insurance.

The remains of Nursing Sister Elsie G. Ross were given final military honors at Stratford.

A moratorium for married men in Britain when called up by the Derby scheme is being considered.

The British casualties in all theatres of war during February totalled 739 officers and 17,847 men.

Bellefleur is threatened, by the rise of the Moutre River, with the most serious flood for several years.

The Italian Government has requisitioned 34 of the 37 German steamers interned in Italian ports.

Gordon H. Howson, a Hydro-electric lineman at Peterboro, was fatally shocked on a pole, receiving 2,300 volts.

Word reached Ingersoll yesterday of the death at Walton, N. Y., of Robert Kyle, for many years a resident of that town.

Victor Allard, K.C., of Berthierville, and Joseph A. Desy, K.C., of Three Rivers, were appointed to the Quebec Supreme Court Bench.

Eight Guelph ladies under twenty have been sent home by the military authorities in London, England, as too young to endure the work of the trenches.

Dependent after a somewhat prolonged spree, William Bowers of Chatham swallowed wood alcohol and died despite all that could be done for him by physicians.

The operation of Ireland's Home Rule Act, which was passed shortly before the outbreak of the war, has again been postponed by an order-in-Council for six months, unless the war is ended before that time.

THURSDAY.

A British steamer was sunk and all her crew killed or drowned.

Joseph Blanchard of Richmond, Hill was killed by a C. N. R. express near that village.

The Commons adopted a resolution for an investigation by the Government into the Box industry.

Dr. Abbott of Philadelphia, just returned from India, said stories of discontent were exaggerated.

Baron Reading, Lord Chief Justice of Great Britain, was attacked in court by an eccentric woman.

Freight service was commenced on the new Brantford-Galt line of the Lake Erie & Northern Railway.

Over 18,000 troops marched through the streets of Toronto and were reviewed by Major-General Sir Sam Hughes.

The Dominion Government, at the instance of labor organizations, has favored a fair wage clause in Imperial contracts placed in Canada.

The debate on the address in reply to the speech from the throne in the Legislature was opened by Lieutenant W. H. Price and Captain J. I. Hart.

David Henderson, M.P. for Halton, and Andrew Broder, M.P. for Dundas, have been sworn in as members of His Majesty's Canadian Privy Council.

Mr. Justice Middleton in Toronto yesterday allowed the two McCutcheon brothers to go to the jury, with the promise of a reserve case to the defence.

Bonaventure Station, G. T. R., at Montreal, was burned; loss, \$300,000; cause, believed to be a short circuit. The G. T. R. station at Orillia also was burned, with considerable extent of damage.

Private G. Garvey, found asleep in Windsor Armory when he should have been on guard, was sentenced to six months' hard labor and then discharged on parole.

Private H. Opie, who left his beat, to ninety days' confinement to barracks.

FRIDAY.

Great Britain will not prohibit the imports of American soap.

W. J. Lowe's majority in the Peel by-election is officially stated to be 329.

The British Columbia Legislature opened, the final session of the thirteenth Parliament.

Sir Thomas White, Finance Minister, announced amendments in the new business tax proposals.

All grades of sugar advanced ten cents per hundredweight in Ontario, effective 11 o'clock yesterday.

Canadian soldiers will be taxed in Great Britain only on the pay they receive from the British Government.

Premier Hearst and Mr. N. W. Rowell closed the debate on the address in the Legislature, both declaring for advanced temperance legislation.

Mrs. Emmeline Parkhurst, the British suffragette leader, was a visitor in the House of Commons, occupying a seat on the floor of the House.

Francis Neilson, Liberal member of Parliament for the Hyde Division of Cheshire, has applied for the Children's Bill, which is equivalent to resigning his seat.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to assassinate Czar Ferdinand of Bulgaria on his journey between Sofia and Vienna, according to reports received in Rome yesterday.

Ten Austrians, posing as Russians, secured work as laborers in the G. T. R. shops at Stratford recently. Their disguise was too thin, however, and they were interned yesterday.

The Niagara, St. Catharines, and Toronto Railway bill and the Toronto

to, Niagara & Western Railway bill were both laid over for a week by the Commons Railway Committee, after a warm discussion, to give the conflicting interests a chance to effect a settlement.

SATURDAY.

The White Star liner Canopic will take on armament at Gibraltar. Canadians in New York have given a motor ambulance to the Canadian Red Cross.

More German ships have been requisitioned by Portugal in the latter's colonies.

A salutation from Italy evoked a great pro-army outburst in the French Chamber.

It was officially announced that there are now 2,834 munition plants in Great Britain controlled by the Government.

Mrs. Lawrence Lenny of Kingston has learned she has fallen heir to an estate of about two and a half million dollars.

King George has presented his famous stallion Anmer to the Canadian Government for remount breeding purposes.

Some two hundred bars singled out by the Ontario License Board to close will remain open as a result of decision to have a referendum.

It is expected that the Ontario Government and the city of Toronto will materially increase their grants to the Toronto-Hamilton highway.

The Ontario Government is arranging for 15,000 high school boys to do farm work, so that laborers may be released for active service.

Eight passengers were injured when a fast train on the Grand Trunk Railway was derailed near Rideau station, and two cars were derailed.

Mrs. Elizabeth Elliott of Westminister Township, aged 85, was burned to death in bed when her clothing caught fire from paper, with which she was lighting her pipe.

Vancouver Trades and Labor Council withdrew from the coming Provincial election campaign, but the Socialists have decided to put in a full ticket.

Daniel O'Connor, employed in Walkerville, and his wife were arrested on a charge of brutally beating his ten-year-old daughter, following discovery of her condition by teachers in Windsor Public School.

MONDAY.

Clarence McCabe of Nanapanee, six feet six inches tall, has enlisted in the 146th Battalion.

Hon. Robert Rogers yesterday urged the establishment of industrial museums in Canada.

Isaac O. Proctor, for thirty years Sheriff of the counties of Durham and Northumberland, is dead.

President Falconer of the University of Toronto has been authorized to form a battery of artillery composed of students.

The Swedish Foreign Office informs the Associated Press that a warning against embarking on armed merchantmen has been issued to Swedish citizens.

The Frankfurter Zeitung declares that the Entente allies must have lost during the war 33 submarines—Great Britain, 19; France, 8; Italy, 4; and Russia, 2.

Cardinal Mercier has arrived at Malines, the Belgian city of which he is archbishop, on his return from his trip to Rome, according to a despatch from the latter city.

John F. Lindsay, who was arrested and later released on bail in connection with charges against the Saskatchewan Government, dropped dead of heart failure at the breakfast table at his home in Swift Current.

Proclamations calling to the colors all married men attested under the Derby recruiting campaign between the ages of 19 and 27, inclusive, were posted in England Saturday. The men summoned are to report April 7.

A military band has been placed around the jail and Court House property at Sandwich, where Charles Respa, charged with dynamiting the Peabody factory at Windsor some months ago, is confined and will be tried to-day.

TUESDAY.

Ontario war tax raised \$1,980,000 last year.

Hon. Dr. Pyne returned to Toronto yesterday from a lengthy absence in England.

Forty military men and twenty-seven naval men arrived on the Protector at St. John's.

An arrangement has been made by which Canada may ship potatoes to the United States.

All youths aged seventeen have been ordered to report to the Prussian military authorities.

Neutral ship owners have been warned by Great Britain against carrying coal to Germany.

Wm. L. Horton, one of the most prominent business men in Goderich, is dead, at the age of fifty-six.

The third Canadian and International Good Roads Congress opened in Montreal, to be in session all week.

The Brazilian steamer Principe de Asturias was wrecked Sunday off Sebastiao Point, near the entrance to Santos Bay. She struck a rock. Over 400 persons are missing.

The British Brewers' Society has decided to curtail the manufacture of beer in compliance with the intimation of the Government that consumption by the trade of malt, sugar and hops should be reduced one-eighth.

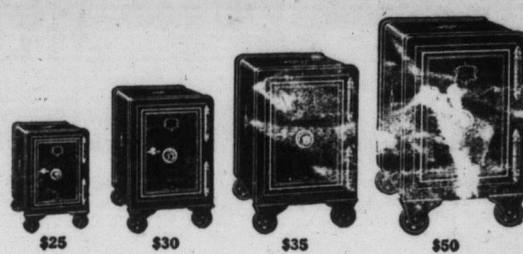
Serjt-Major Blood and Private Schaefer of the 18th Battalion, at Berlin, Ont., accepting full responsibility for the attack on Rev. C. R. Tappert, pastor of St. Matthew's Lutheran church, on Saturday night, were convicted of assault and remanded to "ednessday for sentence.

Carmen Sylva Conscious to Last.

LONDON, March 7.—A despatch to The Times from Bucharest says the late Queen-Mother Elizabeth (Carmen Sylva) left all her property to charitable institutions.

The Queen-Mother, says the correspondent, maintained consciousness to the last, and one of her last acts was to dictate a reply to a telegram of inquiry from the German Emperor at Verdun.

SAFETY FIRST



WE MAKE A SIZE FOR EVERY NEED

FIRE may sweep your home tonight and destroy all your valuable records.

Has this fact ever come home to you? Would you take \$25.00 and stand the loss of all your private papers, your will, deeds, notes, mortgages, etc., the careful accumulation of a business lifetime—your sole security and protection against litigation and re-payment?

Would not \$25.00 be mighty cheap insurance against such a loss?

That is what our "Special Fireproof" Home Safe will do for you—not just for one year, but for all the years to come.

Your insurance "policy" protects your home and chattels—we protect your papers.

Safes on view at Hayter's Barber Shop

J. HAYTER, Agent, Glencoe

W. H. Ferguson, Thamesville, Ont., General District Agent

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

—OF—

FURNITURE BEDS, MATTRESSES, ETC.

A snap for wise buyers

	Regular Price	Now
1 Quartered Oak Buffet	\$31.00	\$22.50
" " " "	38.00	24.50
" " " "	33.50	22.00
" " " "	34.50	23.00
" " " "	26.00	21.75
" " " "	37.50	24.00
1 Empress Oak Bureau	14.50	9.00
1 English Walnut Bed	8.75	4.50
3 Empire Oak Dressers	14.00	9.50
" " " "	16.50	10.50
" " " "	13.50	8.00
" " " "	6.50	3.00
1 Quartered Oak Dressing Table	15.50	10.00
" " " "	12.00	7.50
1 Solid Oak Stand	7.75	5.00
2 Empire Oak Arm Chairs	4.00	2.25
1 High-back Golden Finish Arm Chair	3.75	2.00
1 Tilted Quartered Oak Arm Chair	10.50	6.00
1 Commode Arm Chair	4.25	2.50
3 Stepladder Chairs (a very handy chair for the house)	3.50	2.00
1 Quartered Oak Pedestal	7.50	4.00
" " " "	32.00	19.00
" " " "	14.50	9.50
" " " "	6.50	4.00
" " " "	24.50	17.50
1 Fumed Oak Table, Jacobean style	11.00	7.00
1 Mahogany Music Cabinet	11.00	7.50
1 Quartered Oak Smoker's Set	8.50	4.00
1 Mattress, 3' 6"	4.25	2.50
1 Bed Springs	4.00	2.00
1 Kitchen Table	6.00	4.00

A large stock of Curtain Pole Trimmings, in brass, white enamel, etc. A quantity of Furniture Polish, 2 bottles for 25c. Also a quantity of Perforated Chair Seats.

Come early, as these goods will not stay long at these prices.

McLay & Munro's Old Stand
GLENCOE

Pasture Lands FLOUR!

For Sale

in the Township of Mosa, being:

Lot 23 in 2nd range N. L. R.
S M 19 in 1st concession
S M 22 in 1st concession
N M 16 in 2nd concession
W M pt s r 23 in 2nd concession
Pt n of r 23 in 2nd concession

Immediate Possession. Easy Terms.

Five Roses
Royal Household
Alberta
(PURE MANITOBA FLOURS)

Hunt's Diamond, and a number of other makes of blended flour.

Clower, Timothy, Alsike and other Farm and Garden Seeds for sale.

CASH FOR EGGS

The Canada Company
1170 Yonge St.,
Toronto.

McAlpine Bros.

The Transcript Press
Printers to Particular People

We give Big Value

in Men's Worsteds and
Serge Suits
Made to Measure

CHAS. DEAN

MRS. W. A. CURRIE
MILLINERY PARLORS

SYMES STREET,
GLENCOE Phone 23

WARDSVILLE
ONTARIO

RAILWAY AND POSTAL GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Main Line.
Eastbound—No. 12, mail and express to London and intermediate points, 9:25 a. m.; No. 11, express to London and intermediate points, 2 p. m.; No. 16, Eastern Flyer, for Toronto, Montreal, etc., 5:50 p. m.; No. 16, local accommodation to London, 10:10 p. m.
Westbound—No. 13, local mail and express, 7:30 a. m.; No. 31, way freight and passenger, 10:15 a. m.; No. 15, express from London and points east for Detroit, 12:25 p. m.; No. 11, local mail and express, 4:37 p. m.; No. 15, International Limited, from Toronto and East for Detroit, 9:51 p. m.
Nos. 11, 16, 15 and 13, Sundays included.

Wabash and Air Line.
Eastbound—No. 352, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 3:30 a. m.; No. 2, Wabash, 12:20 a. m.; No. 34, way freight and passenger to St. Thomas, 4:30 p. m.
Westbound—No. 351, way freight, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 9 a. m.; No. 33, mixed, local points, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 2:30 p. m.
No. 2 and No. 3, Sundays included.

Kingscourt Branch.
Leave Glencoe for Alvinston, Petrolia, etc., connecting for Sarnia Tunnel and points west—No. 36, mixed, 7:30 a. m.; No. 17, passenger, 3:10 p. m.; No. 37, mixed, 4:40 p. m.
Arrive at Glencoe—No. 18, passenger, 7:05 a. m.; No. 19, express, 2:45 p. m.; No. 37, mixed, 4:15 p. m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
Eastbound—No. 67, Sundays included, 12:27 p. m.; No. 67, 4:10 p. m.
Westbound—No. 61, 3:21 a. m.; No. 63, Sundays included, 8:30 p. m.

GLENCOE POST-OFFICE
Mails closed—G.T.R. East, 9:00 a. m.; G.T.R. West, 6 p. m.; London and East, 2:40 p. m. and 7 p. m.
Mails received—London and East, 8 a. m.; G.T.R. East, 7 p. m.; G.T.R. West, 9:45 a. m.

CANADIAN
PACIFIC
S. S. LINE

Donaldson S. S. Line
Allan S. S. Line
White Star S. S. Line
Royal S. S. Line

Tickets issued both outward and prepaid for the above lines.

R. CLANAHAN - Ticket Agent
GLENCOE

EASY SHOES

THIS SEASON'S STYLES

are ready for your selection in styles that are pretty and graceful. Every detail of fit and finish are perfect in our shoes. Call and examine and try them on.

MODERN SHOE STORE
MAIN STREET

The Women's Institute of Appleton shipped the following Red Cross supplies since the first of the year:—19 surgical gowns, 20 night shirts, 10 pairs socks, 20 day shirts, 144 rolls of bandages.

A theatre is a grand institution. A flock of women will giggle over a flood of cuss words in a play, which if their husbands or their neighbors' boy used would throw them into convulsions of horror. It makes a difference.

The most striking feature of the letters in print from the boys at the front is the optimistic vein noticeable all through. No matter how the folk at home feel, the boys in the danger zone are not at all doubtful as to the result.

The Philadelphia North American wants to know what has become of the man who told that Uncle Sam could lick all creation with one hand tied behind his back. He may be explaining now that Uncle Sam is too proud to do it.

Major Duncan Stuart was in Canada last week making a house-to-house canvass for recruits, in company with his brother, County Clerk John Stuart. A number of men have signed up and there are prospects of more in the spring.

During the recent session of the Ontario Legislature, J. C. Elliott, M. P. for West Middlesex, will again submit his bill to afford married women with property qualifications, equal municipal voting rights with spinsters and widows.

During this month the girls of the Junior Red Cross will collect old rubbers, rubber boots, etc., for their funds. Will the people in the country districts interested in this work be kind enough on some of their trips to town to bring anything in this line that they may have and leave same at Colin Leitch's tailor shop?

The winter meetings of the Farmers' Institute were not nearly so well attended as they should have been. It is hard to understand why farmers do not take more interest in these meetings. There is everything to be gained, and nothing to lose, for the meetings come at a time when hours are least valuable to the farmer.

Walter Hailstone received a letter last week from his brother Harry, who enlisted in the 2nd Canadian Pioneers, stating that he is now at the front in France. The letter also gave the information that another brother, Herbert, a veteran of the Boer war, is wounded and in one of the London hospitals.

Justice Riddell urges Canadians to search for and preserve all family records, letters and documents relating to the early settlement of Canada.

In this way much valuable material concerning pioneer life in Canada may be preserved for historical purposes. The Ontario Historical Society is doing good work along this line, and West Middlesex should have a branch society.

Shortly after their marriage a few weeks ago Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hailstone, of Strathburn, were agreeably surprised at their home by a party of some thirty of their friends from Talbot's Corners, who, before leaving, presented Mr. and Mrs. Hailstone with a handsome purse of money in token of their good wishes.

Mr. Hailstone had been quite active in patriotic work.

A writer in the Sun, Toronto, condemns the English sparrow as a pest that should be destroyed. He estimates shooting, poisoning, and trapping the bird as costing the country \$100,000,000 a year. He advises trapping them as the best method of lessening their numbers, as the birds can be used for food. They destroy the nesting places of other song birds and eat vast quantities of garden stuff and fruit.

As an instance of what the Old Country people are doing for patriotic work, Mrs. Hailstone, of Strathburn, last week received a letter from her old home in Ireland reciting a case where the ladies received donations of articles for an auction sale for the Red Cross. One old couple, the husband an old age pensioner, out of their meagre resources gave one of only three chickens which they possessed, which, on the circumstances becoming known, brought some twenty-one shillings at the sale. What are you doing?

In order to try and clear up the tremendous jam of freight trains at border points, which is congesting the whole London district, every regular G. T. R. way freight out of London was cancelled one day last week and the crews sent to Detroit to work on special trains. The situation is one that is unprecedented in local railway history. For weeks the railway has been in a state of confusion, with the ever-growing business, but shipments for the allies, which have the right of way over everything else, have been coming in in such large numbers that the railway is swamped.

Home-seekers' Excursions to the Land of Wheat.

Home-seekers' Excursions to Western Canada at low fares via Canadian Pacific each Tuesday, March 7th to October 31st inclusive. Particulars from any Canadian Pacific Agent, or W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

As the oil runs in, the pain rubs out. Applied to the seat of a pain in any part of the body the skin absorbs the soothing liniment under brisk friction and the patient obtains almost instant relief. The results of the use of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil have surprised many who were acquainted with its qualities, and once known it will not be neglected. Try it.

Advertising Rates.—Cards of Thanks, In Memoriam Verses, Commemorative Addresses, 5 cents per line, minimum charge 50c; notices of entertainments to be held, also notices of Lost, Found, Wanted, or For Sale, 1c per word each insertion, minimum charge 25c—all to be prepaid.

Holloway's Corn Cure is the medicine to remove blisters and corns and warts, and only costs the small sum of twenty-five cents.

TORTURED BY RHEUMATISM

Sunday School Sept. Tells How "Fruit-a-lives" Relieved

Toronto, Ont., Oct. 1st, 1913.

"I have lived in this city for more than 12 years and am well known. I suffered from Rheumatism, especially in my hands. I spent a lot of money without any good results. I have taken 'Fruit-a-lives' for 18 months now and am pleased to tell you that I am well. All the enlargement has not left my hands, and perhaps never will, but the soreness is all gone and I can do any kind of work. I have gained 35 pounds in eighteen months."

R. A. WAUGH.
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or direct from Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

—J. N. Currie is in Toronto this week.

—R. W. Roberts spent Sunday at his home in London.

—W. G. Craig, of Wallaceburg, was home for the week-end.

—Mrs. Jean McMurphy was home from Detroit for the week-end.

—Mrs. Keith is attending the millinery openings in Toronto this week.

—Mrs. L. D. Tait, of Rochester, N. Y., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Diggion.

—Miss Marion Innes left on Monday to take a position as milliner at Zurich.

—Misses Irene and Georgina Smith, of Detroit, were home for the week-end.

—Mrs. Currie attended the millinery openings in Detroit for a few days last week.

—Mrs. Ernest Napper and little daughter, of Brooke, spent Sunday with Mrs. George Pierce.

—Mrs. Levi Smith will receive in honor of her sister, Mrs. Warren Clifford, on Tuesday, March 14th, from 3 to 5.

—Mrs. A. B. McLellan is visiting this week at the home of her cousin, Mrs. John M. Warren, Christie street, Toronto.

—Miss Minnie Walker has gone to Toronto to take a position for the season in Levy's wholesale millinery establishment.

—Mrs. Chas. Lewitt is on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Precious, and Mrs. Lewitt are moving from Winnipeg to Detroit.

—Lieut. Harry Singleton left on Sunday to take a six weeks' officers' course in the London Military School, following which he will take a two weeks' musketry course.

—Mrs. Matthew Knox, of Broderick, Sask., who has been spending the winter in Glencoe with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John A. McMurry, returned to the West on Tuesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Oxy and daughter Miriam, of Hanley, Sask., and Mrs. Hetley, of Minnesota, who have been spending some weeks with Mrs. Mary McEae, Wall street, left yesterday for their homes. Mr. Oxy is taking a carload of horses and implements to the West.

—Dr. and Mrs. McIntyre are in North Yarmouth attending the funeral of the doctor's mother, who passed away on Sunday, aged 85 years. The late Mrs. McIntyre was the widow of the late Angus McIntyre, who died eight years ago this month. She was a native of Argyllshire, Scotland, and leaves four daughters and four sons.

—There is nothing equal to Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator for destroying worms. No article of its kind has given such satisfaction.

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Glencoe Public Sch.ool.

Literature.

Class IV. Sr.—Dorothy Weir 50, Harley Luckham 47, Edna Leitch 44, Harry McLachlan 44, Cameron McPherson 44, Anna Rycraft 42, Class IV. Jr.—Helen McCutcheon 70, Agnes McEachren 67, Annie George 66, Catharine Stuart 52, Class III. Sr.—Frances Sutherland 92, George McCracken 91, Mary Simpson 87, Hazel McAlpine 79, Jessie Currie 64, Floyd Farrell 61, Jean McEachren 40, R. D. McDonald 47, D. A. Weaver 40.

Arithmetic.

Junior III.—Floyd Jolley 98, Albert Anderson 95, Marion Copeland 93, John McIntosh 75, Cecil McAlpine 74, Alex. Moore 74, C. Ford Ewing 73, Gladys Bechill 69, Sadie Young 62, Alex. Stuart 54, Zella Moore 47, Ethel George 41, Gladys George 40, Lynn Wehlann 40.

C. Scowen H.—Margaret McDonald 96, Marion McLellan 94, Alexander Sutherland 93, A. H. Parrott 78, Florence McEachren 76, Pat Curry 74, Mary Quick 74, Gladys Eddie 73, Naala Stuart 70, Grace Daigley 63, John Simpson 63, Stewart Weir 63, Mariner McCracken 62, Muriel Weekes 47, John Hillman 41, Leslie Reeves 41, Junior II. H.—Willie Kelly 98, Gladys Wilson 88, Jessie Wilson 80, Edna Squire 72, Conrad Jones 46.

Language.

Junior II.—May McIntosh 44, Willie Anderson 40, Glen Allen 39, Willie Diamond 38, Sherman McAlpine 37, Emma Rycraft 36, Verna Stephenson 33, Joe Grant 28, Willetta Wehlann 28, Jim Donaldson 24, Vada Wehlann 21.

First Class—Willie Moss 49, Isabel McCracken 47, Thelma McCaffery 47, Delbert Hicks 46, Donald McLay 45, Duncan McEachren 45, Gordon Stevenson 45, Grey Doull 44, Stanley Jones 42, Martin Abbott 42, Eleanor Sutherland 42, Mabel Wright 41, Clarence Maginn 40, Evelyn Allen 38, Ella Pierce 34, Garnet Ewing 33, Marvin Watterworth 31, Nelson McCracken 23.

Form I.—Sight Reading.

First Book—Daisy McCracken 45, Tom Siberi 40, Dorothy Dean 40, Billy Doull 38, Donna McAlpine 38, Marjorie McLay 25, Vera McCaffery 25.

Primer Class A.—Bessie McKellar, Mildred Anderson, Charlie George, Fred George, Leonard Donaldson, Katie McCracken, Lyman Stuart, Albert Young, Kenneth McLay, George Kelly.

High School Exams.

Form I.—History.

M. McLay	90
R. Gilbert	84
C. Howe	74
M. Fryer	73
M. Westcott	70
M. Mitchell	67
V. Eddie	66
S. McLachlan	64
B. King	63
E. McKellar	61
A. Poole	61
A. Poole	57
J. Eddie	53
M. Leitch	41
G. Hurley	40
M. B. Duncanson	36

Form II.—Latin.

C. McBean	91
E. Hussey	77
M. Chalk	74
S. McKellar	59
G. Grant	55
A. E. Aldred	53
H. Sutherland	48
E. McDonald	44

Form III.—Physics.

J. Humphries	97
A. Campbell	93
C. Bayne	90
R. Clannahan	90
S. McCutcheon	90
F. McLachlan	89
J. McLachlan	84
W. McVicar	81
F. Keith	79
W. Lethbridge	79
E. Smith	75
M. Galbraith	78
H. Moss	75
L. Eddie	74
M. McArthur	71
B. Silcox	69
A. McArthur	68
A. D. McDonald	62
L. Luckham	61

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IDEAL WIRE FENCE

Now is the time to buy your Fence. The price is as low as it will be; in fact, there have been several raises lately, but our buying last fall enables us to sell at the low prices.

Ideal Fence is made of all No. 9 hard steel wire, well galvanized, and is well known as the evenest woven wire fence on the market. A carload taken into stock.

JAMES WRIGHT & SON
McCLARY'S RANGES SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS

DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR CAR

Your enthusiasm over one feature has scarcely subsided before you discover that another and then another reaches the same high plane.

The full floating rear axle seems to stand out as an extraordinary value until you discover

This Advertisement may induce you to try the first packet of "SALADA"

but we rely absolutely on the inimitable flavour
and quality to make you a permanent customer.
We will even offer to give this first trial free if
you will drop us a postal to Toronto.

A Tenderfoot's Wooing

By CLIVE PHILLIPPS WOLLEY
(Author of "Gold, Gold In Cariboo," Etc.)

CHAPTER V. (Cont'd.)

The cowboy's tense face was working with rage, but the Indians who were fortunately in a group and unsheltered by timber, saw that his Winchester was as steady as a rock, and they knew a white man's voice when it meant business.

They knew too Jim Combe's reputation as a rifle shot, and when Khelowna dropped his empty rifle the rest of the band followed his example. It takes a very brave man to shoot when another and quicker man has the drop on him, and except behind cover Indians are not very brave men, neither are they good shots, and this they knew.

"Let him up, Anstruther," ordered Jim, with an eye still on the group. "And now, you dogs, get out of that! No leave them rifles there. I want those in my business. If you put a hand to them I'll shoot you, sure."

Suddenly, but without a word of protest, the four braves slunk away, leaving behind them at one white man's command, what they prized most in the world.

When they had gone Jim turned to Mrs. Rolt.

"That's a bad business, a lousy bad business, I'm afraid. I bit my head a bit, so you mustn't mind if I did swear, Mrs. Rolt. We've got to get now, and only hit the high places between this and the ranch. Put Miss Kitty up, Anstruther."

But Anstruther was busy collecting the rifles.

"No! never mind them. I'll fix them," said Combe, and taking them one by one, he smashed the stocks off against the nearest pine tree.

"Won't do much shooting for a while with them things," he commented, surveying his work of destruction. "But, Gee Whiz! it's a bad business. Let 'em go," and he put his foot in the stirrup and swung himself into the saddle whilst his horse galloped.

For six long miles he gave them no rest until Kitty was beginning to feel weak in her saddle, though Mrs. Rolt rode as if she would never tire, and then he pulled his horse into a walk.

"Take a bit of a spell now," he said, "and don't try to talk. We are all safe as long as it is light, and I don't suppose that they'll try to follow us any way, but we've got to make the ranch before dark, and that will keep us busy."

How do women telegraph to one another? Have they some subtler sense which we male things have missed, or is it that, through much practice, they can really speak with their eyes? This dependent knowledge, not, but this he knows, that when the four horses were staided to a walk, the natural tendency of them was to come together, but at a glance from the girl,

edition of the English manor house. Like it in its ample rooms where many men may gather together of nights when the work is over; in its solidity, which gives it warmth in the long days of winter; and in its frank kinship to the Great Out-of-Doors, which alone makes it habitable for men who must be in and out all day long, and cannot spare the time to "change" every time they are hungry. But after the day's work is over, on such ranches as the Risky at any rate, is supposed to shed his working dress, so that when the lights from the great log house streamed over the weary hunting party, the first to greet them was a cheery English squire in his evening kit of pumps and a smoking jacket.

"Why, my girl," he cried, "what brings you home in this fashion?" "Didn't you want to see us, old man? Yes, take the horses, Jim, and let some one else look after them. Don't stay to change. Come in to night as you are. We've ridden all day Jack, and most of the time at a gallop. Help Kitty upstairs. I believe she is too tired to walk."

"Shall we carry her, Anstruther?" asked Dick Rolt, helping his wife down first, "or do you think you are man enough to do that yourself?" "I think I might just manage it, sir, if Miss Kitty will allow me."

But Kitty was not minded to give him the chance. Her eyes followed the "hired man" somewhat wistfully for a moment, and then putting her arm through Mrs. Rolt's, she climbed the stairs with her friend.

"I can't understand him," she whispered, "and he has changed. What have you done to him while I've been away?"

"Do you think that he is so much changed? I thought it rather like the old Jim to-day, when he put himself between trouble and our white mad-cap."

"Yes, but Polly..." Mrs. Rolt said that the girl was over-tired and all but crying.

"But me no buts," Miss. There's your room and the old man has lighted the stove for you, which means that they saw us coming and that there will be a fire in my room, too, bless him. Go in and hurry, and don't keep dinner waiting. No man cares two straws how a woman looks when he is hungry."

Outside in the corral, Jim Combe led the tired horses slowly to their stables, and though he had been asked to hurry, dwelt unconsciously on her chores. As a rule he was the quickest man about the ranch, but on this occasion even the horses grew impatient and fidgety under his leisurely handling.

They wanted their oats. Jim wanted to think.

He had to adjust himself to certain new phases of thought, and the operation was not easy to him.

Before Kitty Clifford went back to England, it had not seemed unreasonable that he, the foreman of the Risky Ranch, should aspire to her hand. She was of the ranch, a part of those wild plains which it dominated and had no other world to conquer. Neither did she seem to need any.

The ranch language was her language, its happiness, its happiness, to her as to him there had been nothing worth having beyond it, and as far as such things mattered, he knew that if the man's life had roughened her a little, he was as well-born as she was.

So that there had seemed no reason why he should not love, and by and by marry Kitty Clifford.

There was no reason now, he almost believed, why he should not propose and be accepted.

But was it fair? It was this thought that made him so rough with the girl that that indignant youngster hunched his back and drew up a threatening foot.

"Whoa, boy, steady," Jim said, apologetically. "Am I too rough with you, little fellow, and wouldn't I be too rough with her?" he added to himself. Everything had changed since her visit to England. Before that she had been almost a child, now she was a young woman, who had tasted of the tree of knowledge, and knew, or thought that she knew, the good from the evil. Her eyes had been open so that she saw how rough and monotonous the ranch life was, and yearned after the brilliant life at home, of which she had not seen enough to tire.

Worse than all for Jim, she had learned to see his lack of polish and the discord of his speech, which at home would have meant want of caste.

N. Jim was beginning to think that even if she would be content with the ranch life now, her content would not last, and lives are long in the West.

When he went into the dining-room a little later, the long table was nearly full. As usual Rolt's family party sat at the end of it, and below the salt, as it were, sat the white men of the establishment. The Indian cowboys messaged by themselves elsewhere.

As a friend as well as foreman, Jim Combe had been accustomed to sit where he pleased, one day with the men when he wanted to talk cattle, the next among the tythes, as he called those who sat above the salt.

On this day when he came in there were two places vacant, one above and one below the salt, and he saw Kitty draw her dainty towards her as if she would make room for him. Her action was in itself an invitation, and he dressed a combination of colors of that great cattle country he loved so well, with its soft dominant tones relieved

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by a flash or two of the sun's fiery crimson, touched him. He himself had suggested the colors of it, on a ride long ago, as colors proper for a "sage brush girl," as he had called her.

As he had seen the flock before he argued that it must be one that he had brought from England, and that therefore some thought of this, if not of him, had been with her there.

But he took the other place half way down the lower table between old Al and Dan McGilivray.

It was a stupid thing to do of course, but it was done in obedience to a blundering instinct of his which forbade him to force the running whilst she had that ridiculous idea in her head that he had risked his life for hers, but it hurt him to see the pretty face harden and then light up, as he had never seen it before, for that fellow from England. He knew nothing of women, how should he, and he mistook the signs, and wondered what on earth those two could find to talk about.

Of course Anstruther knew her in England, and that made all the difference. Loyal Briton as he was, how he hated England for the moment, and even if he had known her in England, surely that was no reason why she should treat Anstruther like a brother, or better.

(To be Continued.)

The Farm

Summer Pasture for Swine.

More or less planning of crops and rotation of them now in order, but, of course, the system on a well-regulated farm necessitates a certain order for the crops of 1916. In addition to the general plan, however, there is always the opportunity to vary a little to provide for exigencies that may arise, and if any phase of live stock husbandry and farm management requires consideration, it is the production of swine. The fields and pastures that they are to produce can be so manipulated as to make hogs more profitable than they have been, and this factor should be given attention before seeding is commenced in the spring. In the past the majority of farmers have considered pigs most adapted to pens, and to rations of meat and slop. Originally the hog ran at large and subsisted on feed of coarse texture. The digestive system was arranged accordingly, but domestication has so altered the apparatus that converted nuts, leaves and grass into the assimilable form that we now have an animal constituted somewhat differently than were its ancestors. Practical farmers have demonstrated in the last few years that swine will quickly adapt themselves to conditions similar, in many respects, to the environment of the ancestral hog, and that breeders and growers have confined their stock too much from the viewpoint of health and profit alike. More pasture will reduce the cost of production, be he farmer or manufacturer.

A field of clover or alfalfa is almost ideal. It comes along very early in the spring, it will grow up after being eaten off, and the quality of the grass makes it a very suitable substitute for the costly grains and meals that must be fed to pigs in close confinement. Grain should not be withheld altogether, even in good pasture, if the stock is turned over at the customary age for pork or bacon. It is while on grass that live stock give the maximum gains for meal feed.

The plan suggested by Prof. G. E. Day, O. A. C., to the meeting of stockmen at the Guelph Winter Fair, could be adopted on almost every farm. It was briefly as follows:

Sow a small field near the buildings to oats and barley, and seed with red clover, about 8 or 9 pounds per acre. Cut the grain for green feed or hay in late June, and turn the pigs on the clover, which will grow up quickly, about the middle of July. Fifteen or twenty pigs per acre can be pastured on a field such as this if the clover does well. Prof. Day recommended keeping the pigs inside until they would weigh in the vicinity of 100 pounds, and when turned to pasture they should receive at least one-half

a full meal ration. Three-quarters of a full meal ration he thought would be even more profitable. A similar and adjoining field could be treated in the same way in the following season, and clover sown the year previous would come along and make early pasture.

It will be a grand idea to attempt to make two pigs grow where one grew before. Perhaps this is aiming too high, but farmers can reduce to a considerable extent the cost of production on the number of hogs they usually turn off in the fall. There is yet time to think it over before the season for action comes around.—Farmer's Advocate.

Building Up a Dairy Herd.

The following is the method followed by James Burton & Son, winners in the dairy herd competition of Western Ontario:

"As to the building up of our herd, we say that we need the poorest ones every year, replacing them to the best of our knowledge with better ones, but will say have never paid high prices, not more than ninety dollars. Although we keep a good pure bred sire we do not raise any calves, but keep him for the sale of them."

"As to the handling of them, when they freshen in the spring we always have sugar beets to feed them along with their ration of chop, made up of corn and oats, and generally give them bran mash for a few days when first freshened to bring them to their milk. We always keep our cows in the stable until at least the twenty-fourth of May, for we think if turned out before it does not give the pasture good enough start to last out during the remainder of the season."

After being turned out about a week we take the grain away from them; they take that time are used to the grass, not giving them any more until the pasture begins to dry up. About the middle of July or the first of August we start feeding them bran, giving them two quarts each twice a day until about the 1st of October, when we mix with the bran a third chop, giving them about three quarts remainder of season."

"During the season we do not give them any extra green fodder, but tried to give them a change from one field to another every few days. We generally have them dry up about the first of the year and have them freshen in February and March, having them dry from six weeks to two months. We might also state that we have no silo."—Canadian Farm.

Eradicating Wild Mustard.

Wild mustard is a weed that is quite persistent through its seed being able to lie in the ground a long time before rotting. The eradication of mustard required that the seed be given a chance to grow, and that it be then killed before it produces seed.

Summer fallowing is a good way to clean one side of the furrow slice. When the land is plowed a new batch of seed is brought up. Any crop that is cut for hay is good for killing mustard, as it is cut before the mustard goes to seed. Grain crops are mustard breeders, as they are cut



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Nearly all our minor ailments, and many of the serious ones, too, are traceable to some disorder of the stomach, liver, and bowels. If you wish to avoid the miseries of indigestion, acidity, heartburn, flatulence, headaches, constipation, and a host of other distressing ailments, you must see to it that your stomach, liver and bowels are equal to the work they have to do. It is a simple matter to take 30 drops of Mother Seigel's Syrup daily, after meals, yet thousands of former sufferers have banished indigestion, biliousness, constipation, and all their distressing consequences in just this simple way. Profit by their experience. As a digestive tonic and stomachic remedy, Mother Seigel's Syrup is unsurpassed.

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MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP.

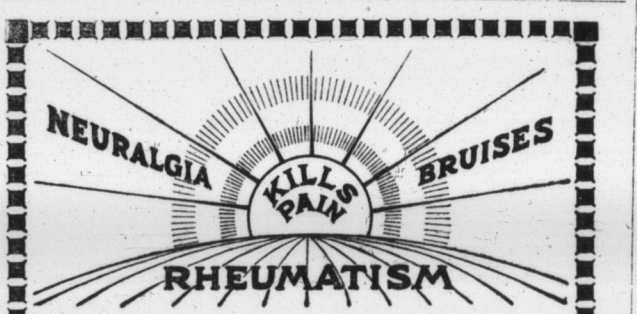
THE NEW 100 SIZE CONTAINS 3 TIMES AS MUCH AS THE TRIAL SIZE—30 DROPS AT 50¢ PER BOTTLE.

after the mustard has ripened and scattered its seed. Crops such as corn and potatoes are good for cleaning out mustard if they are given thorough cultivation. It will require some hand pulling to clean a farm from mustard. Even when the work has been thorough a few plants will show up.—N. D. Experiment Station.

Mould in Butter.

"Mouldiness in Butter" was recently studied by the United States Department of Agriculture, and the results published recently.

Mould may cause deterioration in butter either by developing on the wrapper or spoiling the appearance of a sample, or by growing in the butter itself and producing thereby such changes in the composition as to make the butter unsaleable. The nature and conditions of growth of such moulds were studied; it was found that imperfectly washed butter, containing a high percentage of casein, provided the most favorable medium of growth and that a high water content also encouraged the development of mold as did storage in very damp cellars; but practically all risks of damage from this cause were eliminated by the presence of 2.5 to 3 per cent. of salt in the butter, which corresponds to the use of 12 to 15 per cent. brine.



Mothers! Your cares in comforting the aches and pains of the family from youth to old age, are lessened when you use this old and trust-worthy remedy—

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Bruises—Rheumatism—Neuralgia

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SELL YOUR MILK

MANY a farmer who would like to raise his calves is prevented by the amount of milk necessary to feed them. By raising them he could select the best of the stock and improve the standard of milk or beef production of his herd.

INTERNATIONAL GROFAST CALF-MEAL solves the problem for him. It is a scientific preparation which, mixed with skim-milk, takes the place of milk and supplies to the calf every food element that it needs. By its use the farmer is enabled to raise his calves and sell his cream or butter, and his cost is a trifle compared to the value of the whole milk that he could otherwise produce.

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From the Ocean Shore

BITS OF NEWS FROM THE MARITIME PROVINCES.

Items of Interest From Places Lapped By Waves of the Atlantic.

Potatoes are \$3.25 a barrel in Fredericton.

Navigation is still open in the bay at N. Sydney.

Fifteen deaths were reported to the Fredericton Board of Health last week.

The total of the Patriotic Fund campaign in Halifax now stands at \$246,468.12.

A full blown Mayflower was picked last week in the woods not far from Halifax.

A new military district is to be formed within the 6th divisional area for New Brunswick.

In the new County Hospital for tubercular patients at Fredericton, 39 patients have already been treated.

At Bushville, N.B., Hon. William Wilkison, retired judge of the County Court, recently celebrated his 94th birthday.

George Rowley of North Hague, (N.S.), died recently aged 92 years. He was a former well-known resident of St. John.

Experts are trying to prove that the St. John River can yield a half ton of smelt daily. Twenty-five pounds of the fish were caught one day and fifty the next.

A Bulgarian who attempted to get across the American border was captured at Woodstock and brought to Fredericton. He may be sent to an internment camp.

Probably the first Siberian hares ever seen in Sackville were brought to that town recently. They are much larger than the ordinary hare, and their pelts are said to be valuable—good pelts being worth in the neighborhood of \$100 each.

EGYPT IS LOYAL TO BRITAIN.

Ruler Sultans Will Not Welcome Turco-German Attack.

The following interview with Sultan Hussein Kamel, of Egypt, was obtained in Cairo by a New York Herald correspondent.

"Turkish domination was a curse to Egypt," said the Sultan. "It has been a blight to every land subjugated and held for long by the Osmanlis. Look at countries like Roumania, Greece and Bulgaria and contrast them with Turkey."

"The greatest object lesson in the world to the sentimentalists on the question of preserving the integrity of the Ottoman Empire is to go by train from Vienna to Constantinople. You pass through Hungary, Serbia and Bulgaria, countries that have successfully shaken off the Turkish yoke, and you see fine cities, rich fields, happy people."

"Cross the frontier into Turkey, the old frontier I mean, and at Mustapha Pacha you begin to see decadence in the flesh, the uncultivated fields, the makeshift houses constructed of petroleum tins. Go from Alexandria to Smyrna and contrast those two ports. If the Germans believe that we Egyptians welcome the idea of a return to Turkish rule, that we are going to rise up and greet them as liberators when they come with their motley hordes to attack us, they have lost their reasoning faculty, their power of seeing things as they are."

"The German newspapers say," I remarked, "that the Egyptians are so eager to get rid of the English, especially since the protectorate was established, that the country is seething with sedition and that every Moslem will welcome the armies of the Khalif."

"So much the better for us, if the Germans delude themselves and the Turks with any such wild notion. For it will bring them on and help to hasten their downfall. But, because you are writing for the great and intelligent American public, I am willing to state openly that we Egyptians look on the English as friends and defenders. We know that we should have been lost last year had not the English come to our help. The English have been in the past what they certainly are now—a blessing to Egypt."

"I am certainly gratified with the measures that have been taken for the defence of my country and my people. More than that, I am confident in the efficacy of those measures. You may rest assured that Great Britain, for the sake of her colonial empire, will make a supreme effort to protect the Suez Canal and defend Egypt. She will not stop at any sacrifice of men or money. For this is vital, I have not the slightest apprehension, I tell you frankly, either of foreign invasion or internal unrest."

It is moral courage that characterizes the highest order of manhood and womanhood; the courage to be just, the courage to be honest, the courage to resist temptation, the courage to do one's duty.

"Before I married my wife I could have listened to her sweet voice for hours," said Smith to his friend.

"Yes—and now?" asked the friend.

"Now," said Smith, with moisture in his eyes, "I have to."

Delicious with Blanc Mange

Have you never tried "Crown Brand" with Blanc Mange and other Corn Starch Puddings? They seem to blend perfectly—each improves the other—together, they make simple, inexpensive desserts, that everyone says are "simply delicious".

EDWARDSBURG "CROWN BRAND" CORN SYRUP

is ready to serve over all kinds of Puddings—make a new and attractive dish of such an old favorite as Baked Apples—is far cheaper than butter or preserves when spread on bread—and is best for Candy-making.

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And all diseases of the horse affecting his throat speedily cured; colts and horses in same stable kept from having them by using Spohn's Distemper Compound, 5 to 6 doses often cure; one bottle guaranteed to cure one case. Safe for brood mares, baby colts, stallions, all ages and conditions. Most skillful scientific compound. Largest selling veterinary specific. Any drugist or delivered by manufacturers.

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OVER 40,000 FOE DEAD ON BATTLEFIELD OF VERDUN

The Germans Are Using Burning Liquids
As Well As Asphyxiating Shells.

A despatch from Paris says: It is stated semi-officially that the battle at Verdun continuing with the same intensity and without causing any change in the respective positions of the opposing armies. Fighting is still going on for definite possession of the village of Douaumont.

The situation as a result of this second phase of the German offensive is regarded as altogether different from that of the first days of the battle. The only progress made by the Germans was during the first two days of the second attack. For the last forty-eight hours they have not advanced.

The Germans in their assaults are using several sorts of burning liquid projectors. One of these is in the form of a small tank, which is carried on the back, filled with a composition liquid, which seems to be mostly kerosene. Attached to the nozzle is an igniting apparatus. The liquid is projected by means of a hand pump. The radius of action of the oil depends on the skill and physical effort of the man who projects it, but it is ordinarily from sixty to ninety feet. Some French soldiers

have been burned to a crisp by the flaming liquid. Other chemical weapons used by the Germans in this battle include asphyxiating shells, vapors which irritate the eye and incendiary shells.

The comparison also is in favor of the French by reason of the fact that the Germans have now lost the advantage of surprise, and also because the ground has been torn up to such an extent that it cannot be organized properly.

This information from semi-official sources points out that it must be demoralizing to the Germans to see some 40,000 to 50,000 corpses of their comrades lying before the French lines. Reinforcements brought up by the Germans since the inauguration of the second phase of the battle are estimated here at 250,000 men, raising the total forces utilized by the assailants to more than half a million. Estimates of losses show wide variance. Details of local actions and the size of the reserve forces brought up cause French observers to make the deduction that the Germans have paid a very heavy price for the six square miles of ground they have gained.

BITLIS FALLS TO THE RUSSIANS

Armenian City at the Extremity of
Lake Van Captured by
Assault.

A despatch from London says: The Russians took by storm on Thursday night the fortified city of Bitlis, in the Armenian Taurus. Bitlis lies 110 miles south of Erzerum, the great Armenian fortress captured by them on February 15. The army of Grand Duke Nicholas has thus covered with a little more than two weeks more than one-fourth of the distance of Erzerum to Bagdad, which is about 500 miles. With the capture of Bitlis the menace to the Mesopotamian capital becomes, therefore, more than tangible, and relief for the still surrounded main British army at Kut-el-Amara assumes the light of a not far distant possibility. The Russians captured at Bitlis six Turkish guns and many prisoners, among them 17 officers, one a regimental commander. The Turkish defending army, the bulk of which may, as at Erzerum, have escaped, seems to be in full flight southwards.

100,000,000 BUSHELS
STILL TO BE MOVED.
Nearly 300,000,000 Bushels of 1915
Crop Taken From West.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: After six months of the movement of the 1915 crop of Western Canada, there have been taken out of the West 272,116,000 bushels of the total crop of 721,000,000 bushels. There remain in the country elevators 55,019,000 bushels, the remainder being in granaries on the farms and on the land generally. According to the most reliable estimates obtainable from the West between 100,000,000 and 115,000,000 bushels of all grains, although these figures chiefly represent wheat. The present rate of movement averages some 500 cars a day passing through Winnipeg. At this rate it would require nearly 200 days more to complete the movement of the present crop.

CANADA CAN EASILY PROVIDE FULLY 1,000,000 RECRUITS

62 Per Cent. of Males From 19 to 40 Will Remain
After 500,000 Have Been Raised.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Sir George Foster told Mr. Ethier, member for Two Mountains, in the House of Commons on Wednesday that the population of the Dominion was 7,206,643; male population was 3,821,995; the male population from 19 to 19 years inclusive, 706,155; the male

population from 20 to 29 years, inclusive 756,349; from 30 to 39 years, inclusive, 508,214. According to these statistics, said Sir George, 62 per cent. of the male population from 19 to 40 years of age would remain in the country after the recruiting of 500,000 men of that category.

CAPITULATION OF TURKEY MAY BE ANNOUNCED ANY TIME

Russian Successes Have Caused Consternation in
the Ottoman Capital.

A despatch from London says: The Saturday newspapers feature despatches from Athens which declare that agitation in Constantinople in favor of peace is becoming so pronounced that it would surprise no

one if Turkey suddenly capitulated to the Entente allies. It is reported also that Rachmi Bey, Governor of the Vilayet of Smyrna, is trying to arrange separate peace terms with the Entente.



THE WEEK'S DEVELOPMENTS IN THE WAR.

The German offensive in the neighborhood of Verdun developed during the past ten days into a determined drive toward the fortress. Reckless of the cost in men, a large German force was thrown repeatedly against the French positions and succeeded in occupying a number of villages and considerable terrain, although at terrific loss. The French withdrew from their advanced positions to prepared positions of greater strength, in so doing inflicting enormous losses upon their opponents. The German drive, directed originally against the French positions almost directly north of Verdun, shifted to the east where further advances were made. Here, again, however, the French checked the enemy's drive toward the fortress, and despite some withdrawals, occupy positions of great strength.

The German offensive at Verdun is taken as the first move in an attempt to secure a favorable decision on the Western front before the British and French complete preparations for their Spring campaign. Apparently the Teutons are risking everything upon the outcome of the contest in the west. There is a feeling now that other theatres of war are of only minor importance. Events of tremendous importance are apace on the Western Front. These may be accompanied by enemy naval activity and air operations on a scale hitherto unattempted. News from other fronts has been meagre. The Italians have completed their evacuation of Durrat and the town is now probably in Bulgarian hands.

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs.
Toronto, Mar. 7.—Manitoba wheat, new crop—No. 1 Northern, \$1.08 1/2; No. 2, \$1.06; No. 3, \$1.04, in store Fort William.
Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 59 1/2; No. 3 C.W., 57 1/2; extra No. 1 feed, 57 1/2; No. 1 feed, 56 1/2, in store Fort William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, 79c, on track Toronto.
Canadian corn—Feed, 71 to 73c, on track, Toronto.
Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 40 to 41c; commercial, 39 to 40c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, 97 to 99c; slightly sprouted and tough, according to sample, 93 to 95c; sprouted, smutty and tough, according to sample, 90 to 92c; feed wheat, 83 to 85c, according to freights outside.

Peas—No. 2, \$1.50; according to sample, \$1 to \$1.25, according to freights outside.
Barley—Malting barley, 61 to 63c; feed barley, 55 to 58c, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—70 to 71c, according to freights outside.
Rye—No. 1 commercial, 87 to 88c; rejected, according to sample, 82 to 84c, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, \$6.80; second patents, in jute bags, \$6.30; strong bakers', in jute bags, \$6.10, Toronto.
Ontario flour—Winter, according to sample, \$4.30 to \$4.40, on track Toronto; \$4.25 to \$4.30, bulk seaboard, prompt shipment.

Milled feed, car lots, delivered Montreal freights—Barley, per ton, \$25; shorts, per ton, \$20; middlings, per ton, \$27; good feed flour, per bag, \$1.60 to \$1.70.

Country Produce.
Butter—Fresh dairy, 27 to 30c; inferior, 23 to 25c; creamery prints, 34 to 36c; solids, 32 to 34c.
Eggs—Storage, 23 to 24c per doz.; selects, 26 to 27c; new-laid, 29 to 30c, case lots.

Honey—Prices, in 10 to 60-lb. tins, 12 1/2 to 13c. Combs—No. 1, \$2.75 to \$3; No. 2, \$2.25 to \$2.40.
Beans—\$4.20 to \$4.40.

Poultry—Chickens, 19 to 20c; fowls, 15 to 16c; ducks, 17 to 20c; geese, 17 to 20c; turkeys, 23 to 27c.
Cheese—Large, 18c; twins, 19 1/2c.

Potatoes—Car lots of Ontario quoted at \$1.70 to \$1.75, and New Brunswick at \$1.80 to \$1.90 per bag, on track.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Mar. 7.—Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 82 to 83c. Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 48 to 49 1/2c; do., No. 3 46 to 47 1/2c; extra No. 1 feed, 46 to 47 1/2c; No. 2 local white, 46 1/2c; No. 3 local white, 45 1/2c; No. 4 local white, 44 1/2c. Barley—Manitoba feed, 66c; malting, 76 to 78c. Buckwheat—No. 2, 80 to 82c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$6.90; do., seconds, \$6.40; strong bakers', \$6.20; Winter patents, choice, \$6.50; straight rollers, \$5.90 to \$6; do., in bags, \$7.25 to \$2.85. Rolled oats—Barrels, \$5.25; bag of 90 lbs., \$2.50. Milled feed—Barley, \$23.50 to \$24; shorts, \$26; middlings, \$28 to \$30; moullie, \$31 to \$33. Hay—No.

BRITISH DRIVE BACK ENEMY AND TAKE MANY PRISONERS

Lost Trenches at the Bluff of the Ypres-Comines
Canal Recaptured.

A despatch from London says: The British have won an important victory in Flanders. Not only have the half-mile of trenches lost a fortnight ago been recaptured, but a salient of the German line was also seized and consolidated, a counter-attack launched some hours later proving futile. Nearly 200 prisoners were taken by the British, including four officers.

The official statement reads: "We captured the trenches at the bluff of the Ypres-Comines Canal, which were lost Feb. 14, and also captured a small

salient in the German line. A counter-attack launched by the enemy some hours later was repulsed. German mine galleries in the captured trenches were destroyed. We have taken 180 prisoners, including four officers. There has been much artillery activity on both sides from Vierstraet to Boeschepe."

The capture of 800 yards of British positions south-east of Ypres, after heavy artillery bombardments, was claimed in the German official statement of Feb. 15.

2, per ton, car lots, \$20 to \$20.50. Cheese—Finest western, 18 1/2c to 19c; do., eastern, 18 1/2c to 18 3/4c. Butter—Choice creamery, 33 1/2c to 34 1/2c; seconds, 31 1/2c to 32 1/2c. Eggs—Fresh, 32; selected, 26 to 27c; No. 1 stock, 24 to 25c; No. 2, do., 21 to 22c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, \$1.80.

Winnipeg Grain.
Winnipeg, Mar. 7.—Cash prices: No. 1 Northern, \$1.08 1/2; No. 2, do., \$1.05 1/2; No. 3, do., \$1.03 1/2; No. 4, 99 1/2c; No. 5, 91 1/2c. Oats—No. 2 C.W., 59 1/2c; No. 3, do., 57 1/2c; extra No. 1 feed, 57 1/2c; No. 1 feed, 56 1/2c. Barley—No. 2, 60c; No. 4, 55c; feed, 50c. Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., \$2.04; No. 2 C.W., \$2.01.

United States Markets.
Minneapolis, March 7.—Wheat—May, \$1.10 1/2; July, \$1.10 1/2; No. 1 hard, \$1.14 1/2; No. 1 Northern, \$1.11 1/2 to \$1.13 1/2; No. 2, do., \$1.07 1/2 to \$1.10 1/2. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 75 to 76c. Oats—No. 3 white, 39 1/2 to 40c. Flour—Fancy patents 15c higher, quoted at \$6.40; first clears 15c higher, quoted at \$4.80; other grades unchanged; shipments, 68,895 barrels. Bran—\$18 to \$19.

Duluth, March 7.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.12 1/2; No. 1 Northern, \$1.10 1/2 to \$1.12 1/2; No. 2, do., \$1.07 1/2 to \$1.09 1/2. Linseed—Cash, \$2.20; May, \$2.29; July, \$2.29.

Live Stock Markets.
Toronto, Mar. 7.—Choice heavy steers, \$7.75 to \$8.10; butcher steers, choice, \$7.25 to \$7.75; do., good, \$7 to \$7.25; do., medium, \$6.90 to \$7; do., common, \$5.75 to \$6.25; heifers, good to choice, \$7.25 to \$7.50; do., medium, \$6.50 to \$6.75; butcher cows, choice, \$6.50 to \$7.05; do., good, \$5.75 to \$6.50; butcher bulls, choice, \$6 to \$7; do., good bulls, \$5.50 to \$6; do., medium, \$5 to \$5.50; feeders, 900 to 1,000 lbs., \$6.40 to \$6.80; do., bulls, \$4.50 to \$5.50; stockers, 700 to 800 lbs., \$6 to \$6.50; do., medium, 650 to 750 lbs., \$5.75 to \$6; do., light, 500 to 650 lbs., \$5 to \$5.50; canners, \$3.50 to \$4.25; cutters, \$4.25 to \$4.50; milkers, choice, each, \$60 to \$65; springers, \$60 to \$85; calves, veal, choice, \$9 to \$11; do., medium, \$7 to \$8; do., common, \$5.50 to \$6; lambs, yearlings, \$7 to \$8; culled lambs, \$7 to \$7.25; spring lambs, \$10 to \$13; ewes, light, \$7.50 to \$9; sheep, heavy,

GREAT DEJECTION IN BERLIN OVER THE VERDUN FAILURE

10,000 Women Mince Throwing Under den Linden
Crying "Peace."

A despatch from London says: Despatches from Basel quote the Swiss newspapers as commenting that the slump on the Frankfurt Bourse, following a week of great buoyancy, reflects the financial opinion of Germany regarding the situation at Verdun. The Rotterdam correspondent of the London Daily Mail telegraphs:

The German newspapers have ceased to be jubilant over the campaign against Verdun. The Koelnische of March 1, under the caption, "The Drama of Verdun," was content to give optimistic extracts from the French papers. The Frankfurter Zeitung also confines itself to replying to articles in the French and British press, thereby preparing its readers for failure. Practically all the Ger-

3,000 PERISHED ON THE PROVENCE

Sinking of French Transport Greatest
Ocean Disaster of Modern
Times.

A despatch from Paris says: It was announced at the French Ministry of Marine on Friday that there were nearly 4,000 men on board the French auxiliary cruiser Provence when she was sunk in the Mediterranean on February 26. It was stated that on board the Provence were the staff of the Third Colonial Infantry Regiment, the third battalion, the 2nd company of the first battalion, the second machine gun company and one extra company, in all nearly 4,000 men.

The official statement announcing the sinking of the Provence said:

"The French auxiliary cruiser Provence II (so designated to distinguish her from the French battleship Provence), engaged in transporting troops to Salonica, was sunk in the Mediterranean on February 26. Two hundred and ninety-six survivors were brought to Malta and about four hundred to Melos by French and British patrol vessels summoned by wireless.

"No signs of a submarine were noticed either before or after the sinking. La Provence was armed with five cannon of 14 centimetres, two of 57 millimetres, and four of 47 millimetres."

GRAIN FROM ROMANIA EN ROUTE TO GERMANY

A despatch from Copenhagen says: The transport of grain from Roumania to Austria and Germany has commenced, according to a Berlin despatch. Seven thousand freight cars were sent to Roumania from Austria and Germany, of which six thousand are already loaded. The total purchase aggregated 50,000 carloads.

KNITTING FOR SOLDIERS AT AGE OF EIGHTY-FIVE

A despatch from Bradford says: Although 85 years of age, Mrs. John Lyle, of Darling Street, mother of two boys now at the front, has knitted 108 pairs of socks for soldiers and made 6 quilts for Belgians, and she is still working.

RETURNED SOLDIERS IN CIVIL SERVICE

A despatch from Ottawa says: Some 279 returned soldiers have so far been given employment in the various branches of the civil service during the last fiscal year. Of these 260 have been employed in the Militia Department and 19 in other departments.

GOVERNMENT WILL BUY NO MORE HORSES.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Government does not intend purchasing any more horses for military purposes in Canada during the summer. This was stated in the House on Thursday in reply to an Opposition question. There are 1,769 on hand in the various divisional areas.

GERMANY THREATENS THE PORTUGUESE

A despatch from London says: Germany has sent an ultimatum to Portugal demanding the restoration within 48 hours of the German ships recently seized by that country, according to a despatch from Madrid to Reuters Telegram Co.

FROM SUNSET COAST

WHAT THE WESTERN PEOPLE
ARE DOING.

Progress of the Great West Told
in a Few Pointed
Paragraphs.

A wood famine is threatening Vancouver.

The Fraser river at Matsqui Falls is frozen over with 18 inches of ice. Apples from Kelowna sold in Johannesburg, South Africa, at 24 shillings a box.

Ten carloads of halibut were landed at wharves of Prince Rupert one day last week.

The roof of the roller skating rink at Hope collapsed owing to the weight of snow.

There was a marked increase in acreage of field roots in British Columbia during 1915.

For the first time in ten years Okanagan Lake is frozen over to a depth of two inches.

The evaporating plant at Kelowna may be moved to Edmonton unless an adequate supply of potatoes is forthcoming.

The City Council of Vancouver was asked to support a movement for a heavy tax on industries profiting by war orders.

Massa Singh, the Hindu convicted in Victoria of shooting at John Jones with intent to maim him, was sentenced to two years and a half in penitentiary.

Revenue received in the land registry office at Vancouver for the month of January, always the dullest month of the year, was \$5,530, only a few dollars less than in December.

A venture launched in Vancouver to secure relics of war and other trophies for exhibition proved unsuccessful, though part of the proceeds were to be used for soldiers' families.

A shipment of 35 tons of frozen halibut and salmon was lately sent from Prince Rupert to Seattle to be loaded by one of the American Hawaiian steamships and sent to Honolulu.

In an endeavor to make English Bay, Vancouver, a clean bathing beach, the Board of Park Commissioners has asked the City Council to improve sewerage conditions in the vicinity.

During January 53 boats passed through the draw of the Fraser river bridge at New Westminster, while 794 trains crossed. The decrease in the number of boats is due to the ice clogging on the river.

J. Garcia, Cariboo pioneer and trail blazer, one of the first white settlers in the Nicola Valley, and a prominent link with the old days of the trails and pack trains, died recently at Ashcroft, aged 80.

Surviving the death of his wife by only a few hours, Mr. Charles William Ringler Thompson, for over 55 years a resident of Victoria, and during the 60's and 70's a leading figure in the city's commercial life, died last week.

HE PUZZLED THE PIRATES.

Why the Austrian Submarine Held
Its Fire.

A merchant seaman, ashore for a brief spell after many thrilling adventures in the vicinity of Gallipoli, where he has been engaged in landing stores in the dead of night, tells of a delightful little incident which has hitherto escaped publication. The incident happened at the time when enemy submarines were unpleasantly active in the middle seas.

A trim little craft lay in the grasp of an Austrian pirate, and, after a game effort to show her heels to the submarine, the ship's papers had been seized and the crew had taken to the boats. The submarine stood grimly by with guns trained, and the final scene was about to be enacted.

Before the commander of the U boat gave the fatal order, however, it was noticed that one of the ship's boats had pulled back to the vessel, and that a grimy figure in blue overalls was clambering back over her side.

Even Austrian submarine commanders are curious, and he held back the order to fire, to await developments. A full minute passed, and, wearying of the delay, the pirate chief motioned to his gunners. Almost simultaneously the blue-coated figure reappeared. Leisurely he made his way towards the waiting boat, and then it was those puzzled Austrians saw what his important mission had been.

In his left hand was an old, worn rubber pouch, and with his right hand he clutched a nut-brown clay pipe.

AUSTRALIA TO SETTLE SOLDIERS ON THE LAND

A despatch from Sydney, N.S.W., says: The New South Wales Government has approved a comprehensive scheme for settling returned soldiers on the land. Steps already have been taken to survey suitable crown lands and proposals have been made to make advances to each settler up to £500 sterling, for improvements and the purchase of stock and farming implements.

Better to be alone in the world, and utterly friendless, than to have sham friends and no sympathy.

Food Riots Continue Throughout Germany

A despatch from Basel says Travelers from Cologne state that food riots broke out in the market place there on Saturday. They state that women who regarded the prices as too high made violent manifestations, and that the police charged the crowd, a number of persons being injured. During

the debate on the budget in the Prussian Diet Dr. Liebknecht, the Socialist leader, is reported to have said it had become an established practice to prohibit mention of trials resulting from food riots and peace demonstrations, with the result that the people had no idea of the widespread increase of these agitations.

ADVANCE SHOWING

Worthy of Your Thoughtful Inspection

An extremely large showing of "Fashion's Latest" in Spring Dress Goods, and our new Silks will delight you.

The Greatest Shoe Display in the History of Glencoe

Our "American Beauty" Shoes have arrived, and say—you should see them. Such natty, up-to-date Shoes for Women, Children and Men. Don't fail to call and see the new "Gypsy Queen," silk velvet shoes with white trimmings. The last word in Women's Shoes.

THE LOW PRICES WILL CERTAINLY SURPRISE YOU

Correct Clothes for Men and Young Men

We present the largest and finest lines of Suits and Suitings ever shown. If you prefer to have your suit made to measure you cannot do better than let us show you our big lines of suitings and samples. Every garment guaranteed in every way. All prices to choose from.

A complete showing of new Hats and Caps

A Hat to suit every face. Our new spring showing is marvellous. Come while the selection is good.

Spring Wall Paper

Don't fail to see the many new attractions in our Wall Paper department. We have all the very latest effects and color schemes. A pleasure to show them.

New Arrivals Every Day

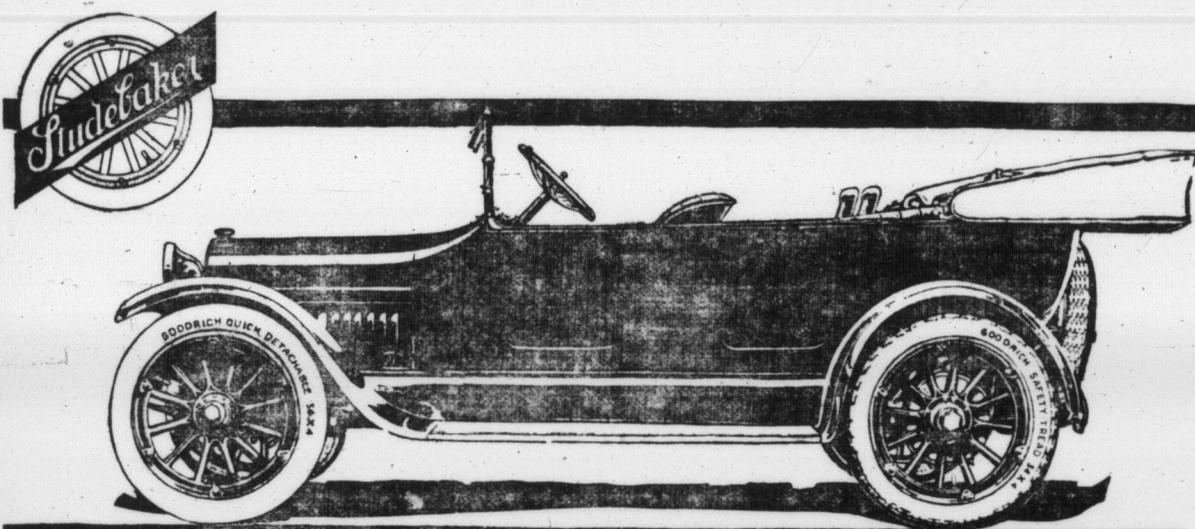
Our carpet room is filled with shipments of Carpets, Carpet Squares, Rugs, Linoleums, Oilcloths, Window Shades and Curtain Poles, which were bought before the raise in price. Come here for big value.

Don't forget that we keep a big assortment of TRUNKS AND SUIT CASES

BIG REDUCTIONS IN ALL WINTER GOODS

E. MAYHEW & CO.

The Store of Many Attractions



NEW SERIES 17

The new Studebaker models sum up all the resources of the great Studebaker manufacturing organization—experience, efficient capability, unlimited factory equipment—and this means the last word in automobile designing, materials and workmanship.

Refinements have been incorporated in the new models and they now stand supreme as typical exemplars of the highest achievement of one of the world's great manufacturers of motor cars.

Owing to enormously increased volume and the unrivaled manufacturing facilities that Studebaker possesses, the prices are remarkably low for cars of such quality. But it must always be remembered that Studebaker price is never a measure of Studebaker quality—that it has always been Studebaker policy to produce the highest grade possible without regard to price—that such low prices are possible only by reason of Studebaker leadership and superiority in equipment.

MADE IN CANADA

STUDEBAKER
WALKERVILLE - ONTARIO

FOUR-CYLINDER MODELS

Touring Car, 7-passenger
Roadster, 3-passenger
Landau-Roadster, 3-passenger

SIX-CYLINDER MODELS

Touring Car, 7-passenger
Roadster, 3-passenger
Landau-Roadster, 3-passenger

GEO. A. PARROTT
Dealer - Glencoe

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1916.

Newbury

The social club gave a ball in the town hall Tuesday evening last. Ernest Goss, furnished the music and all had a pleasant evening.

Friday, 10th inst, is the evening long looked forward to when the dramatic club will put on the 4-act comedy, "A Country Squire." Considerable work has been put on painting new scenery, extending the stage, etc., so the play may be well presented. Proceeds go for Red Cross work. Help along the work and enjoy an evening's outing at the same time.

Chas. Armstrong, of Windsor, was in town this week to see his father. Sgt. John Askew, of the 110th, of Stratford, called on friends in town Monday.

Expressions of sorrow were heard on every side when a telegram came on Friday last from Melville, Sask., saying that Mrs. David Webster had died suddenly. Mrs. Webster was a fine woman and a general favorite. The case is all the more sad owing to the serious illness of Mr. Webster. The family will have deepest sympathy extended to them.

Melbourne

Listen—do you hear the wedding bells?

A very profitable evening was spent at the Epworth League, in the Methodist schoolroom, on Thursday evening under the leadership of Mrs. M. Clarke and E. Stevenson.

The young people of the Presbyterian church are busy preparing for a concert to be held in the near future. John Campbell, of Belmont, is the guest of his nephew, Henry Campbell.

Miss Mabel Richards entertained a number of her friends to an afternoon tea on Wednesday.

Mrs. John McKenzie entertained a few friends on Wednesday evening.

Miss Jean May has resigned her position here as telephone operator.

Miss B. C. Buchanan called on friends one day last week. The ladies are now discussing Easter hats and looking forward to the millinery openings.

Appin

Joe Hills, who has been spending the winter here, is returning to the West this week.

Geo. Leiminger left on Tuesday for London, where he has secured a position with the Neal bakery.

H. B. Watterworth, wife and daughter spent Sunday with the former's mother, Mrs. J. W. Watterworth.

Miss Addie McMaster, of Toronto, is visiting at the home of her father, James McMaster.

James Allan has been confined to the house for some days with the grippe.

Neil Galbraith and Peter McIntyre are loading stock for the West the first of next week.

Roy Eddie has rented his farm to Volly Case, of Cairngorm, and will leave for the West shortly to take up farming there.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Towers and Mrs. M. R. Brown leave in a few days for the West.

Mrs. Frank Nichols had an agreeable and genuine surprise on Wednesday night of last week when some sixty or seventy members and adherents of the Appin Methodist church invaded her home and in the course of the evening presented her with an oak china cabinet and a combination writing desk and music cabinet in testimony of their appreciation of her splendid services as organist. A complimentary address was read by Mrs. James Lotan and the presentation was made by Frank Pole, on behalf of the friends.

An enjoyable evening was spent, the program including a splendid lunch brought and served by the ladies of the party.

A concert held in the town hall on Tuesday evening to assist the village lighting fund was well attended. The program was exceptionally good.

Miller's Worm Powders work so effectively that no traces of worms can be found. The pests are macerated in the stomach and pass away in the stools without being perceptible. They make an entire and clean sweep of the intestines, and nothing in the shape of a worm can find lodgement there when these powders are in operation. Nothing could be more desirable than their action.

Crinan

Mr. and Mrs. Neil McEwen, town-line, entertained a few of their friends on Thursday evening.

Miss Grace McIntyre, con. 2, spent Sunday with friends in Chatham.

Miss Annie and Dunc. Taylor spent a couple of days with friends here last week.

The W. M. S. held a sewing meeting in the church last Wednesday afternoon.

R. A. Ferguson called on friends here last week. "Bob" is now working D. H. Paterson's farm near Rodney.

The Y. P. Guild held its regular meeting in the church on Sunday evening. A good crowd was present.

David Johnston, con. 1, is spending a couple of weeks visiting friends at Ottawa.

The new organ purchased by the Y. P. S. and congregation of Argyle church was used last Sunday for the first time, and everybody was more than pleased with it.

Dan Humphries is drawing logs from John McDonald's farm.

The Proven Asthma Remedy. Since asthma existed there has been no lack of much heralded remedies, but they have proved short lived and worthless. The ever-growing reputation of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has given it a place in the field of medicine which no other can approach. It has never been pushed by sensational methods, but has simply gone on effecting relief and making new converts.

Wardsville

Mr. Snell, of Port Huron, is visiting his son, Rev. B. Snell.

Miss N. Armstrong, of Newbury, and L. Murray, of Arkona, called on friends in town on Sunday.

Miss Pearl Elliot, who has been very ill, is improving.

Wm. Sheppard, sr., is very sick at present.

Miss Pelfrey, of Byron, spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. H. Sparling.

Miss Blanche Snell entertained a number of her school friends on Tuesday evening, Feb. 28th.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Bilton attended the marriage of his brother Elmer at Croton on Thursday.

A number from here attended the assembly in Newbury last Tuesday evening.

THEY ARE CAREFULLY PREPARED—Pills which displace themselves in the stomach cannot be expected to have much effect upon the intestines, and to overcome costiveness the medicine administered must influence the action of these canals. Parnelee's Vegetable Pills are so made, under the supervision of experts, that the substance in them intended to operate on the intestines is retarded in action until they pass through the stomach to the bowels.

CAIRO.

J. Armstrong left on 2nd inst. for Detroit, where he will remain for a brief visit.

Miss Myrtle Annett has returned after a week's visit in London.

Councillor Wm. Elliott, while on his homeward trip, passed through Cairo on Saturday.

Mrs. D. M. Smith returned on Saturday accompanied by her son, M. D. Smith.

Geo. Fenby and Fred Burr left for Detroit for a brief visit.

G. A. Annett made a business trip to London on Saturday.

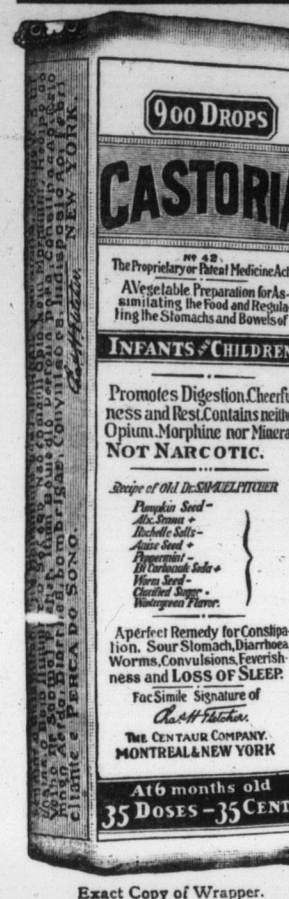
We are pleased to learn that Jean McKeown is gradually improving.

John Annett is still indisposed.

Miss Letta Throver returned to her home in Strathroy after visiting in this vicinity for several weeks.

R. C. Moorhouse left for London on Saturday to attend the military college preparatory to leaving for the front.

Lawrence Buttler, stationed at Hamilton, visited some of his former chums on Saturday. His spare indicates that he belongs to the cavalry brigade.



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For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That

Genuine Castoria

Always

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of

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For Over

Thirty Years

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MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Established 1863 Head Office, Montreal
Capital, paid up \$7,000,000 Reserve Fund \$7,248,134

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We give special attention to Savings Accounts. One dollar only is necessary to open an account. Interest allowed at highest bank rate, and added twice a year without application or presentation of pass-book. No delay in withdrawals. Two or more persons may open a Joint Account, and either party can withdraw money.

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Money advanced to Farmers at Reasonable Rates. Sales Notes handled on most favorable terms.

J. A. McKellar, Manager GLENCOE BRANCH

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Authorized \$25,000,000
Capital Paid-up 11,500,000
Reserve and Undivided Profits 12,250,000
Total Assets 188,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—MONTREAL

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\$5 and under 3c
Over \$5 10c
Over \$10 Not exceeding \$50 15c
Over \$50 20c Rates

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits of \$1 and upwards received and interest at highest current rate added twice yearly.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

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Each Tuesday, Each Month, March to October Inclusive

"ALL RAIL"

Each Wednesday During Season Navigation

"GREAT LAKES ROUTE"

Out on the prairies where last year Canada's Greatest Wheat Crop was produced there is a home for you.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC
will take you there, give you all information, and help you to success.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agent, or write W. B. Howard, D.P.A., Toronto

APPIN LUMBER YARD

We handle everything in the building line, including lumber, lath, shingles, lime, Pedlar roofing and siding, also fence posts and Beaver Board.

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