

WITH THE FARMERS

THE LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat at elevators, 78 to 82c per bus. Wheat to millers, 78 to 82c per bus. Feed wheat, 60c to 65c per bus. Bran, per cwt., \$1.15

THE LOCAL MARKETS.

lamb being registered. Shorn lambs at \$2.50, wags at \$1.00, and shorn sheep at \$7.65. Hogs - Receipts 15,000; choice heavy, \$11.00 to \$11.50; butchers, 10.90

JAMES MORRIS IS DEAD FROM GUNSHOT WOUNDS

Well Known, Real Estate Broker, Victim of Unfortunate Accident on Stoney Plain Road - Companion Stumbled and Gun Went Off - Dying Man Exonerated Him of Any Blame.

ROOSEVELT BACK TO CIVILIZATION

Khartoum, Mar. 14 - Theodore Roosevelt has arrived in civilization. It was five o'clock when he landed on the steps of the station, still attired in the khaki garb he had worn in the jungle.

HOUSE IN CONTINUOUS SESSION FOR 31 HOURS

Compromise on St. Lawrence Power Transmission Bill is Reached - Hon. Frank Oliver's Immigration Act Amendment is the Tackler - Interim Supply to be Voted Today.

SEED GRAIN

must be clean and free from smut. We have the necessary implements for this operation. Chatham Fanning Mills. Chatham Grain Picklers. A pickler can be bought for \$12.00 and will save you hours of hard and disagreeable work in blue stoning your grain.

THE PION CLOTHES DRYER

IS THE ONLY PERFECT DRYER IN THE WORLD. It can be used on lawn, balcony or roof and hoisted, lowered and folded into single post, all on operating the one crank.

BRUCE'S SEEDS. SEEDS THAT SATISFY - BRUCE'S - ESTAB'D 60 YEARS. SPECIAL OFFER. ALL POSTPAID. Bruce's Royal Nostray Collection in pkts. different varieties our selection for 25c.

THURSDAY, MARCH 24

NEVER BEEN UP AGAINST IT. Miss Forbes Robertson Criticizes Marie Correll and Mrs. Humphrey Ward. New York, N.Y., Mar. 14 - Miss Forbes Robertson, an English actress, and niece of Forbes Robertson, the actor, talked before the Women's Trade Union League Sunday on the Women of the English Stage and their Suffrage League.

NEWS OF

Bulletin News Service. H. Langmaid, postmaster and chairman of the board, has returned from a trip to purchase fur. He may far as Peace River. Cyrus Bollenbaugh has returned from a trapping expedition. McLeod and Athabasca rivers, Postmaster Wallace, Campsie, been appointed as one of His Majesty's justice of the Peace.

TUESDAY'S GRAIN MARKETS.

Winnipeg, March 15 - Nervous, erratic, dull, easily depressed and closing lower was the history of today's market in a nutshell. The dullness was nothing new, but the ease with which prices stepped lower was a surprise after the strength of Monday's market.

HONORABLE FRIENDSHIP.

Prince Henry of Prussia Says Great Britain is Not Antagonistic to Germany. Hamburg, Mar. 13 - Addressing the Anti-Asianic society last evening, Prince Henry of Prussia said that a result of his visit to England he could assure them that Great Britain offered to Germany an honorable and sincere friendship.

CONVICTS ASSIST IN FIRE.

Inmates of Penitentiary, Headed by Murderer, Prevent Building From Destruction. Pittsburgh, Pa., March 13 - While 750 of the 1,800 convicts of the Riverside penitentiary were engaged in this afternoon, fire broke out in the great stocking shops of the institution, and for a time the entire prison was threatened.

PLOWING IS IN FULL SWING IN THE SOUTH

In the District Around Lethbridge Seeding is Being Done - Farmers Are Everywhere - For the past week almost summer weather has rendered it possible for the farmers to get their plowing and seeding done.

SECOND WIFE WILL FIGHT.

Cincinnati Chemist Charged With Bigamy, Has Second Wife on His Side. Cincinnati, Ohio, Mar. 14 - Mrs. Cordelia K. Clemer Yarmley Muir, second wife of Alexander Muir, chemist, who is under arrest here, charged with bigamy by his first wife, Mrs. Mary Ellen Muir, of Toronto, Canada, yesterday.

EXTRA BIG CREDIT AUCTION SALE

The undersigned has received instructions from Johnston Bros., to sell by Public Auction, absolutely without reserve, at the old "Alberta Dairy Farm" 2 1/2 miles east of the Edmonton-Strathcona bridge on the base line.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKETS.

Chicago, Ills., March 16 - The northern half of Indiana has been covered by the New York crop expert and statistician, Oscar K. Lyle, on behalf of S. B. Chapin & Company, and he reports conditions from the fields as ideal.

PARIS, MAR. 14 - PRESIDENT FALLIERE, PREMIER BRIAND AND OTHER MEMBERS OF THE CABINET ATTENDED A BRILLIANT DANCE MEETING AT THE ANTEIL CLUB SUNDAY IN ONE OF THE FLOOD STRUCK AREAS.

SPRING REMINDERS OF RHEUMATISM

Raw, Damp Weather Starts the Pain, But the Trouble Lies in the Blood. Changeable spring weather, often raw, cold and damp, is pretty sure to bring a time of misery to people who suffer from rheumatism.

CHINAMEN FACE MURDER CHARGE

Two Celestials Attacked Drunken Man With a Fatal Result. Fort William, Mar. 14 - A vicious assault that may result in a murder charge was committed Friday night by Lee Yung and Lee Yung, Chinamen, who were drinking at a saloon.

AVAILANCES IN MOUNTAINS.

Main Line of C. P. R. Blocked for Eighteen Hours. Vancouver, B.C., Mar. 14 - From early last evening till noon today the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway was again blocked by snow slides at some half dozen points.

MONTREAL JOURNALIST DEAD.

George Murray, Editor of Montreal Standard, Passes Away. Montreal, Mar. 13 - Pneumonia today carried off one of Montreal's oldest publishers, George Murray, after a brief illness. The deceased was 79 years old, and an honor graduate of Oxford university.

AN OLD GENTLEMAN CURED OF RHEUMATISM

By One Box of Gin Pills. Mr. Wm. Conly is one of the oldest and best known residents of Yarmouth, N.S. Owing to his advanced age Mr. Conly was troubled with his kidneys, which finally developed into Rheumatism.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Ills., March 15 - Hog values were marked a notch higher today. At the higher market, despite opposition from local killers, the sheep house boom continued, advance of 10 to 15 cents for both sheep and lambs.

SEEDING AT ABERDEEN IN SISTER PROVINCE.

Aberdeen, Sask., Mar. 14 - H. P. Miller commenced seeding here today and if the present weather holds out, seeding will be general this week.

YOU CAN'T CUT OUT A SHOULDER, BUT YOU CAN TAKE OUT THE ABSORBIN.

will clean them off permanently, and you will be free from the pain. Do not blotter or remove the hair. Will tell you more if you write. Write to ABSORBIN, 211 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

READ THE BULLETIN WANT ADS.

READ THE BULLETIN WANT ADS. READ THE BULLETIN WANT ADS. READ THE BULLETIN WANT ADS.

NEWS OF THE DISTRICT

MOSSIDE.

Bulletin News Service. H. Langmaid, postmaster and merchant, has gone north on an extended trip to purchase fur. He may go as far as Peace River.

MELLOWDALE.

Bulletin News Service. The bachelor social that was held at George Carter's, March 1st, was a great success. Tea and coffee was served.

KEEPPHILLS.

Bulletin News Service. Mrs. Edging of Tomahawk, paid a short visit to Mr. and Mrs. L. Schweitzer to see her little niece Louise.

LOYDMINSTER.

Bulletin News Service. The second competition in the rifle range at the Drill Hall took place last night. Some first-class marksmanship was displayed by the officers and men competing.

RANFURLY.

Bulletin News Service. J. M. Strang, proprietor of the Ranfurly hotel has sold out the hotel to the firm of Wainwright, Mr. Strang intends to go into the implement business and handle machinery for the Massey-Harris Company.

ATHABASCA LANDING.

Bulletin News Service. W. C. Kehoe, forwarding agent for the A. and G. W. was in the village Sunday.

WABAMUN.

Bulletin News Service. D. H. Lenz, Wabamun, writes the Bulletin as follows: I learned that one of your correspondents has given currency to the report that I am preparing to remove my family from Wabamun.

WETASKIWIN.

Bulletin News Service. The death of Mrs. A. J. Vogel occurred early Thursday morning last. The funeral took place Saturday, March 13th, and the service was held in the Catholic church.

EDISON.

Bulletin News Service. A meeting of L.I.D. 30-T-4 was held on Saturday, March 5th, in an upper chamber of Irwin Armstrong's residence.

LASSEN.

Bulletin News Service. Mr. Logan manager for Mr. Webster's Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets invariably bring relief to women suffering from chronic constipation, headache, biliousness, dizziness, bloating, etc.

member of the legislature and the department, concerning a government road, was read and tabled. An appropriation of \$19,500 for division 1, \$28,250 for division 2 and \$19,500 for division 4, to purchase scrapers to be delivered on or before March 5, 1910, was authorized.

The Highland Park Creamery was moved to town and started making butter this week. Messrs. Hanson & Johnson, the proprietors, are busy putting up for the coming season. During the summer months last year they averaged over 4000 lbs. of butter weekly, but this coming season they anticipate a much larger business.

The G. T. F. bridge at Battle River, Duhamel, is rapidly being rushed to completion. Three tiers of the trestle work are almost finished and work on the fourth and last one has been started. When completed the bridge will stand 120 feet high and nearly a mile in length.

The secretary made a statement as to the amount received and expended since the beginning of the year. The secretary was instructed to make a written statement for the council, showing the financial position of his division and have statement ready at next meeting.

A farewell social was tendered Mr. and Mrs. Richard Harrison at the Baker Hotel on Saturday evening. Mr. Harrison has secured a claim near New Westminster, B.C., and leaves in a few days for his new home.

Several loads of telegraph wire and other supplies have left here this week for the west to be used in the extension of the line from Mirror Landing to Peace River Crossing. From present indications good progress will be made on this line this summer.

The death of Mrs. A. J. Vogel occurred early Thursday morning last. The funeral took place Saturday, March 13th, and the service was held in the Catholic church. The material for the Imperial Bank building has arrived and work will commence on the building soon.

A meeting of L.I.D. 30-T-4 was held on Saturday, March 5th, in an upper chamber of Irwin Armstrong's residence. The councilors present were George McLachlin, division 1; C. F. Nelson, division 3, and John Alton, division 3, the councilors for divisions 2 and 4 being absent.

John C. F. Paul, who has been with Alex. Sutherland, chemist, for some years, was appointed to the position of first week of February and has just received word from the secretary of the N.W.T. Pharmacy Association, at Regina that he has passed his examination successfully.

Major Cuthbert was a visitor in town Saturday afternoon. He intends going south to the McLeod district. Dr. Aylen left on Wednesday last for Saddle Lake, on his usual monthly

his flour and feed business to Stephens Bros., who intend to handle the same well known brands. It is the intention of the C.N.R. to divert water from the Vermilion river just below the present pump house and to use same for railroad purposes. It is necessary that notices have been filed with the commissioner of irrigation at Calgary. The C.N.R. intend spending about \$19,000 on the enlargement of the present pump house.

Vegeville a few days ago sent down four rinks to play the Holders of the "White cup" at Vermilion who won it last year. Vermilion succeeded in retaining possession of the cup by three only. The score is as follows: Vermilion..... 10; Horton 6; Telford 13; Field 7; Freeman and Norman Murray both 6; the Alberta express for the capital this morning.

Edwin Moran, secretary-treasurer of the Pembina School District, writes the Bulletin as follows: On the 22nd of Feb. 22, that the school trustee and people of the Pembina school district intend giving an entertainment on March 20 for the purpose of procuring desks, etc. for the school. This is an error as the trustees are doing nothing of the kind at present.

Re-opening exercises will be held in the Methodist church on Sunday, March 20th. Rev. Mr. Conroy, of Fort Saskatchewan, will conduct the services morning and evening and a social will be held on Monday evening.

The meeting held in East Clover Bar school on Thursday last to discuss the Government park packing plans was well attended and many from the neighborhood signed the guarantee. With work at the present price the need of the Government plan does not appeal to some people, while others think the government should play the game off their own bat.

Mr. W. T. Hamilton paid a visit to the capital this week. The meeting held in East Clover Bar school on Thursday last to discuss the Government park packing plans was well attended and many from the neighborhood signed the guarantee.

Mr. W. T. Hamilton paid a visit to the capital this week. The meeting held in East Clover Bar school on Thursday last to discuss the Government park packing plans was well attended and many from the neighborhood signed the guarantee.

Mr. W. T. Hamilton paid a visit to the capital this week. The meeting held in East Clover Bar school on Thursday last to discuss the Government park packing plans was well attended and many from the neighborhood signed the guarantee.

Mr. W. T. Hamilton paid a visit to the capital this week. The meeting held in East Clover Bar school on Thursday last to discuss the Government park packing plans was well attended and many from the neighborhood signed the guarantee.

Mr. W. T. Hamilton paid a visit to the capital this week. The meeting held in East Clover Bar school on Thursday last to discuss the Government park packing plans was well attended and many from the neighborhood signed the guarantee.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

and is prepared to receive collections, documents in escrow, and to transact a General Banking Business, with such specialties as, are incidental to a mining region.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA ESTABLISHED 1874. Capital Authorized \$5,000,000. Capital Paid Up \$3,297,550. Rest and Undivided Profits \$3,759,489. Special facilities for collections on any point in Canada or abroad.

National Trust Company Limited MONEY TO LOAN On improved Farm property at lowest current rates. Low expense and no delay.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE Paid-up Capital, \$10,000,000 Reserve, \$6,000,000 DRAFTS ON FOREIGN COUNTRIES

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED CITY & FARM PROPERTY By The Independent Order Foresters

Billiard and Pool Tables, Bar fixtures Bowling Alleys, Cigar Store Fixtures

THE ROYAL TRUST CO MONTREAL Capital fully paid \$1,000,000 Reserve Fund \$1,000,000

WALKER & FRASER AUCTIONEERS Fort Saskatchewan. Seed Oats for Sale

WESTERN CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL Instructions by mail in Matriculation, Teachers' Certificates, Civil Service, Bookkeeping, Stenography, Elementary English, Arithmetic, etc.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR POTTER, MARSHALL & CO'S SEEDS THEY ARE RELIABLE

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR POTTER, MARSHALL & CO'S SEEDS THEY ARE RELIABLE

Advertisement for a business or service.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN

Published every Monday and Thursday by The Bulletin Company, Ltd., at the office, Bulletin Bldg., 113 Jasper Ave. East.

Subscription rates: One year to Canadian or British Post Office address \$1.00; Six months to Canadian or British Post Office address \$0.50; One year U.S. Post Office address \$2.00; Six months U.S. Post Office address \$1.00.

Advertising rates: Classified advertising one cent per word; four insertions for price of three; and six insertions for price of four.

C. F. HAYES, Business Manager

THURSDAY, MARCH 17, 1910.

LOST CONFIDENCE.

(Monday's Daily.) The Legislature is not now dealing with the merits of the Alberta and Great Waterways bargain. The question before the House is whether or not the Government retains sufficient confidence to warrant the members continuing the ministry in office.

The Government proposes a commission of three judges to inquire into the question of whether any official of the Government or any member of the Legislature had or has any pecuniary interest in the Alberta and Great Waterways arrangement or in the disposal of the money received from the sale of the bonds.

That being the case there is a duty which must be discharged however unpleasant for many of the members. They were chosen to represent the people, not to represent their personal likes or dislikes.

Everywhere where popular government exists it is the inevitable and unavoidable custom that one such error is the last. That such error was committed in the agreement with the Alberta and Great Waterways company cannot be questioned by any member of the House.

Parliament has at last finished with the naval debate. In the show-down the members voted probably just as they would have voted six months ago. The country is similarly unaffected by the progress of the discussion.

Party as well as public reasons on the side of the Liberal members of the Assembly. As it was Liberal members who first brought the bargain under review and exposed its error, so the Liberals of the Province are the ones who are always the most successful in the House.

have been everywhere most active in protesting against the bargain and in expressing their refusal to be made answerable for it. Their view is that there is scarcely a difference of opinion discernible among them—has been as clearly declared as it could be declared outside a convention.

That there was a debate of any length was due to Mr. Borden. The Government's position had been known for months and there could be no great reason on that side of the House for spending many days in debate.

In this Mr. Borden failed absolutely and in failing he destroyed what chance the debate had of being either interesting or effective in influencing public thought. He denounced in January what he had advocated in March and condemned in July.

The circumstances called for an explanation as to this. There is no proper condemnation coming to a man in either public or private life who as the result of new information and longer reflection alters or even reverses a former judgment.

But a public man, and especially a party leader and an aspirant for the honor of guiding the country's affairs, owes it to himself and to the public to give such explanation and to do so fully and frankly.

One explanation would have justified his change of mind. He had visited London during the recess and had met there the Imperial statesmen, the Lords of the Admiralty and many of the leading naval authorities of the Empire.

But he had already closed the way to any profession of this kind. After returning from London he had addressed a public meeting in Halifax. There he avowed his preference for a Canadian fleet as strongly as he had done in the House of Commons.

The inevitable conclusion is that Mr. Borden has changed his position but not his mind; that he advocates direct contributions but believes a Canadian navy the proper way in which our contribution to Imperial defence should be made.

This conclusion is recommended by the fact that the changed policy was made under pressure. To certain elements in the party it was dictated and advised that the party would ally with the Government in anything. They wanted and demanded a difference with the Government at any cost.

guarded centralism as the weakness and not the strength of the Empire, who declared they would not pay taxes to be spent by others, would hire others to fight for them, and that any navy brought into existence by their money must be in the final event under control of their representatives.

To harmonize these differences was impossible. To compromise them was hopeless. All that could be expected from a debate was that the line of cleavage would be more sharply drawn.

That there was a debate of any length was due to Mr. Borden. The Government's position had been known for months and there could be no great reason on that side of the House for spending many days in debate.

In this Mr. Borden failed absolutely and in failing he destroyed what chance the debate had of being either interesting or effective in influencing public thought. He denounced in January what he had advocated in March and condemned in July.

The circumstances called for an explanation as to this. There is no proper condemnation coming to a man in either public or private life who as the result of new information and longer reflection alters or even reverses a former judgment.

But a public man, and especially a party leader and an aspirant for the honor of guiding the country's affairs, owes it to himself and to the public to give such explanation and to do so fully and frankly.

One explanation would have justified his change of mind. He had visited London during the recess and had met there the Imperial statesmen, the Lords of the Admiralty and many of the leading naval authorities of the Empire.

But he had already closed the way to any profession of this kind. After returning from London he had addressed a public meeting in Halifax. There he avowed his preference for a Canadian fleet as strongly as he had done in the House of Commons.

The inevitable conclusion is that Mr. Borden has changed his position but not his mind; that he advocates direct contributions but believes a Canadian navy the proper way in which our contribution to Imperial defence should be made.

TUESDAY'S VOTE.

It is the business of a Government to fyie every letter and document relating to the transaction of public business, and to produce the fyies when the Legislature calls for them.

That duty lies at the basis of responsible Government. While that is done the representatives of the people are in position to trace the course of any transaction and to determine its character.

Violation of this rule becomes a settled course of things the Government becomes the absolute master of the situation, may put through anything they please and leave no record behind them.

In this Mr. Borden failed absolutely and in failing he destroyed what chance the debate had of being either interesting or effective in influencing public thought. He denounced in January what he had advocated in March and condemned in July.

The circumstances called for an explanation as to this. There is no proper condemnation coming to a man in either public or private life who as the result of new information and longer reflection alters or even reverses a former judgment.

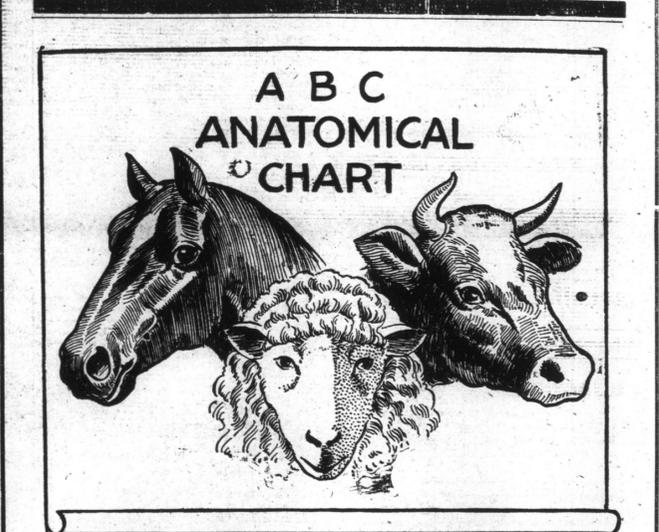
But a public man, and especially a party leader and an aspirant for the honor of guiding the country's affairs, owes it to himself and to the public to give such explanation and to do so fully and frankly.

One explanation would have justified his change of mind. He had visited London during the recess and had met there the Imperial statesmen, the Lords of the Admiralty and many of the leading naval authorities of the Empire.

But he had already closed the way to any profession of this kind. After returning from London he had addressed a public meeting in Halifax. There he avowed his preference for a Canadian fleet as strongly as he had done in the House of Commons.

The inevitable conclusion is that Mr. Borden has changed his position but not his mind; that he advocates direct contributions but believes a Canadian navy the proper way in which our contribution to Imperial defence should be made.

\$1.85 Semi-Weekly Bulletin Winnipeg Weekly Telegram and Anatomical Chart \$1.85



BE YOUR OWN VETERINARY. This Anatomical Chart tells about the diseases of farm animals and how to treat them. It's a wonderful educational work for everyone on the farm.

Edmonton Sawmill Manufactory. Manufacturers of sawmills. The best that money can buy. Always in stock. [Saws hammered and gummed, and all sawmill repairs.] Nichols Bros. 103 Syndicate Ave. Phone 2312. Edmonton

Table titled 'AN UNUSED OPPORTUNITY' showing statistics for Canadian cattle and sheep. Columns include 'Number of animals', 'Value', and 'Percentage of total'. Rows include 'Canadian cattle', 'Canadian sheep', 'American cattle', 'English cattle', 'Scottish cattle', 'Irish cattle', and 'Other countries'.

WASTED OPPORTUNITIES. After talking for a month to show how grave an emergency the Empire is facing, the Ottawa Opposition wound up with a proposal that the whole business be given a six-month's holiday and the Empire left to pull through said emergency as best it could without any help or promise of help or proposal to help from Canada.

PROGRESS OF SETTLEMENT. During January 2,700 homestead entries were made. This is more than one hundred per cent. increase over the record for January last year. It is calculated that each new homestead taken means in the course of a few years 2,000 bushels added to the country's wheat crop, or the equivalent of this in products of various kinds.

Monday's Session. Ottawa, Mar. 14.—The House spent the day discussing a bill to incorporate the question of inter-provincial water power. Practically the whole afternoon was taken up with a fight over the incorporation of the Nelson river.

French to Visit Unofficially. Sir Frederick Borden, minister of militia, was in the House on Monday afternoon. He was accompanied by Mr. White, North Renfrew, utilized the opportunity to ask the minister for advice regarding the proposed visit of General Sir John French to the next summer for whom it had been stated a military review was to be held at Petawawa.

Supplementary Estimates. Supplementary estimates for current year amounting to \$2,200,000 were tabled by the minister of finance on Monday afternoon. This \$1,718,650 is chargeable to the current year and \$481,350 to the previous year.

Further amount required for production of timber in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and the Northwest Territories, and the railway in British Columbia, were tabled by the minister of finance on Monday afternoon. The total amount required is \$2,200,000.

Arrangement has been made between Sir Wilfrid Laurier and H. Miller, whereby the Common Law Society of Canada has been given an opportunity to discuss the anti-gambling bill as soon as the bill has been put through committee of the whole house.

Mr. Miller is quite optimistic of the chances of the bill getting through the House. He said that the House will move amendments with respect to the bill in committee. In the event of a defeat, the bill will be reintroduced at a later date.

Ottawa, Ont., Mar. 15.—The press despatches from Washington today implying that the American delegates to Ottawa on their return had consulted with the State Department and President Taft, are inclined to foster the impression that there is some discrimination against the United States in the American tariff. It is now a whole more favorable to Canada than the Canadian tariff is to the United States.

Winnipeg, Mar. 13.—Sam Parr, aged 28, employed in the C. P. R. freight sheds, was picked up unconscious Saturday night and has been unconscious ever since. No one witnessed the accident but Parr is known to have been in the habit of riding up the yards on an engine, if one was handy, when returning home and it is surmised he was on an engine when he missed his footing and struck his head against the rails.

Goldwin Smith Improving. Toronto, Mar. 13.—Dr. Goldwin Smith continues to improve. He had a good night's sleep, and the equivalent of this in products of various kinds. On this basis the entries for January alone represent an addition of 6,400,000 bushels of wheat, or the equivalent of this day.

Goldwin Smith Improving. Toronto, Mar. 13.—Dr. Goldwin Smith continues to improve. He had a good night's sleep, and the equivalent of this in products of various kinds. On this basis the entries for January alone represent an addition of 6,400,000 bushels of wheat, or the equivalent of this day.

IN THE FEDERAL HOUSE

Monday's Session. Ottawa, Mar. 14.—The House of Commons spent the day discussing a couple of private bills, both involving the question of inter-power rights. Practically the whole afternoon was taken up with a fight over the act to incorporate the Nelson River Railway company, which was opposed on the ground that the object of the promoters is to get control of the water powers on the Nelson and St. Lawrence rivers. The bill went through without a vote, however, shortly before six o'clock.

Even more determined opposition was offered to a bill to incorporate the St. Lawrence Power company, which proposes to develop water power at Long Sault rapids. It was claimed that the companies would control the power and navigation of the St. Lawrence river.

Early in the day Hon. W. S. Fielding, minister of finance, declined to make any statement as to the tariff. Sir John French, minister of militia, was also asked to make a public statement.

French to Visit U.S. Sir Frederick Borden, minister of militia, was in the House after breakfast illness, and Gerald White, North Bendigo, utilized the opportunity to ask the minister of militia regarding the proposed visit of General Sir John French to Canada next summer for whom it has been stated a military review was to be held at Petawawa. Mr. White drew attention to a cablegram from London dated March 8, in which it was said that in the British House of Commons it had been announced that Sir John was going to Canada to advise on organization of the militia forces.

Supplementary Estimates. The current year amounting to \$2,302,117 were tabulated by Hon. Mr. Fielding. Of this \$1,718,650 is to be consolidated fund and \$500,300 to capital, while the rest covers "unprovided items." Votes include experimental farms and additional branch stations, \$25,000; repairing South St. Marie canal break, \$135,000; Port Arthur and Fort William harbor improvements, \$425,000; Tiffin harbor improvements, \$23,000; Victoria harbor improvements, \$36,000; Moose Jaw gate immigration buildings, \$3,900; Biggar immigration buildings, \$2,900; Phillips (Alberta) immigration buildings, \$2,700; Battleford immigration buildings, \$2,700; Saskatoon public buildings, \$2,700.

A further amount required for the protection of timber in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and the North-West Territories, and the railway belt in British Columbia, free culture in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, and inspection and the management of forest reserves (total), \$2,000,000.

Hon. G. E. Foster has been absent from the House for nearly a fortnight. He is confined to his bed. His illness, however, is not serious, and he is expected to be around again in a few days. His chief complaint is neuralgia in his head and neck, but generally his system is run down.

Follows Naval Bill. An arrangement has been arrived at between Sir Wilfrid Laurier and H. H. Miller, whereby the Commons will be given an opportunity to discuss the anti-zambing bill as soon as the naval bill has been put through committee of the whole house. This probably means that the fight over the bill in the House will commence just before or soon after the Easter adjournment. It is doubtful if any lengthy recommendations will be made to the House either by supporters or opponents of the bill committee in the House, however, opponents of the measure will move amendments with the object of allowing bookmaking, but limiting the length of book meeting, advertising of tips, etc.

Mr. Miller is quite optimistic as to the chances of the bill getting through the House. He said if the House adopts the bill by a good majority the Senate will not decline to pass it, nor will it seriously alter its provisions.

Tuesday's Session. Ottawa, Ont., Mar. 15.—The tenor of press despatches from Washington today implying that American tariff delegates to Ottawa on their return, after consulting with the State Department and President Taft, are rather inclined to foster the impression that there is some discrimination by Canada against the United States and that the American tariff is now on the whole more favorable to Canada than the Canadian tariff is to the United States, has created considerable comment in government and parliamentary circles here. It is the general opinion that the statements handed out in Washington after the interview between Messrs. Emery and Pepper and President Taft indicate that the outlook for a peaceful solution of the tariff problem is not bright and that the war clouds are large. It is believed here that if the president had intimated after hearing the report of the tariff delegates that he might be able to find them no undue discrimination on the part of Canada against the United States exists, no statement would have been handed out that was not calculated to foster that impression. The statement issued on the other hand would rather lead the American public to believe that the United States is discriminated against. In consequence there has been more talk here today of the Canadian defence position, in case the maximum clause of the American tariff is in-

forced at the end of the month, than has been the case hitherto. Government Not Weakening. There is absolutely no sign of weakening on the part of the government here in respect to granting concessions which might prevent the winding of the American big stick. While there is still hope that President Taft in accordance with his own desire and with the general desire of trade interests on both sides of the line will be able to interpret the American tariff law as not necessarily leading to a finding, in the light of all the facts that Canada's trade agreement with France and with other nations in the Canadian-favored-nation list constitutes an undue discrimination against the United States. It is significant that retaliatory measures are already talked of. Sentiment seems to be unanimous both among Liberal and Conservative members of the Commons that national self respect, equity and the future independence of Canada in making her trade bargains with other nations, now demand a continued firm adherence to the attitude maintained throughout the year by the government here—namely that there is nothing in Canada's tariff agreement with other countries which constitutes any undue discrimination against the United States.

Strong Weapons Against U.S. It is asserted by those qualified to speak authoritatively that in the event of the American surtax of 25 per cent. ad valorem becoming operative against imports from Canada on April 1st, the first step to be taken by Canada will be the prohibition of the export of pulpwood and wood pulp, thus seriously interfering with manufacturers and consumers of paper in the United States, who are becoming increasingly dependent on Canada for their raw material. Another step which would be taken would be the imposition of a Canadian surtax of 1.5 per cent. on the present general tariff against the United States. As parliament is now in session both these steps could be taken promptly and both Liberal and Conservative members of the Commons are expected to support them by the members of the House. As to the contention that the average American duty on Canadian imports is in fact lower than the average Canadian duty on American imports, it is pointed out that when fully analyzed, it is fallacious.

American Tariff Prohibitive. In the great majority of items of Canadian export the American tariff is so high that it is practically prohibitive. On three or four principal lines of Canadian exports, namely, iron and steel, iron ores and coal, which are practically raw materials, American duties are comparatively low, consequently the average ad valorem duty is low. American exports to Canada on the other hand cover a very large range of articles mostly in the shape of finished products and a comparison of average duties therefore is apt to be misleading. Opinion among those who have studied the question most closely inclines to the belief that if a tariff war should unfortunately ensue between Canada and the United States, Canada would suffer more than the trade interests of the United States. The principal items of Canadian exports to the States last year were lumber, \$28,505,046; silver ore, \$9,507,855; gold bearing quartz etc., \$7,889,833; fish \$4,043,465; hides, \$3,880,883; fish \$4,254,663; miscellaneous metals etc., \$3,875,322; breadstuffs \$2,592,967; wool pulp \$3,864,878.

Free List Articles. Of these hides, silver ore, gold bearing quartz and wool pulp are now on the American free list and will not be affected by imposition of American maximum. Lumber, coal and fish interests would undoubtedly suffer to a considerable extent, but in view of the demands of the American market, it is a question whether the surtax would not eventually have to be paid by the American consumers.

On the other hand the imposition of a Canadian surtax would have a severe effect on American exports of manufactures of iron and steel, paper, bread-stuffs, fruits, manufacturers of leather, paper, coal, carriages, drags, editors, coal, agricultural implements, etc.

The total imports of American manufactures of iron and steel last year amounted to over \$2,000,000. The additional duty would apply to most of the other items on the list and it is felt that such a retaliatory measure by Canada would in most cases not result in any very noticeable enhancement of prices to Canadian consumers. It is also pointed out that the growing demands on the Canadian home market together with access to the markets of France and Germany, under more favorable terms than have been prevailing hitherto, would soon restore the trade equilibrium which would be first by the dislocation of the present trade channels toward the south.

New Railway Wage Schedules. Montreal, Mar. 14.—The set of new wage schedules prepared recently by the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk conductors and trainmen have been approved by the Brotherhoods and submitted to the companies, and the committees will be working to discuss the details with the railway officials as in the past, but it is intimated they must be accepted in their entirety. An investigation under the Lemieux act is probable. The increases asked for average from fifteen to forty per cent.

Miners Attacked Constable. Halifax, N.S., Mar. 13.—One of the Springhill coal company's police is in the hospital tonight at Springhill on account of a fierce assault upon him Saturday night by striking miners. His name is Sheehan, a former Halifax policeman, and he had a close call from more serious injuries being saved by the intervention of Deputy Mayor Hopkins.

SHORT COURSE SCHOOL NO WON AT VEGREVILLE

Proving a Big Success—Attendance is Over 100 in the Afternoon—Ladies Taking Advantage of the Opportunity to Attend Advanced Agricultural Education.

Vegreville, March 12.—The short course school is in full swing. The attendance is very good. The poultry, dairying and grain classes are conducted in the Town Hall, while a large tent is used for the stock, just east of the Town Hall. Some very good types of animals are among the stock which the department has supplied. Little chicks in all stages of incubation can be seen in the hall.

Mr. A. Craig, superintendent of fairs and institutions, is in charge of the school. Along with him are A. W. Foley, Edmonton, poultry superintendent; G. Markar, Calgary, dairy commissioner; George Scott, Calgary, dairy inspector; W. C. McKillop, Calgary, Dominion stock branch; E. Stansel, Edmonton, and P. Stevens, Edmonton, live stock commissioner.

Mr. Stansel deals with native birds while Mr. Foley has charge of poultry. Messrs. Stevens, Gardhouse, Wright, Anderson and Robertson are in charge of the live stock. Mr. McKillop is in charge of the grain and Messrs. Markar and Scott handle the dairy.

In connection with the school the animals are loaned to the department by breeders in the district to be returned to the owners after the completion of the school at Vegreville. The object is to demonstrate the proper types of various breeds and give practical lessons that will be of valuable service in the show rings and for any other purpose. Information is given on the best methods of feeding and management of stock. It may be noted that the school is held in the afternoon and the students are given scores and are required to score the animal as he gives it. Then the corrected score is given.

Students Examining Animals. Two or three animals are then put in the ring and the students examine them and are asked to place them in the C.N.R. order. In each case the student is required to give his reasons for the placing. In this way views are given on the merits and demerits of the various breeds and the students are given a practical lesson in the selection of stock.

The horses were brought in Pullman cars from the stock book box car. The stock consists of two Arabians, two Clydesdale stallions, two Clydesdale fillies, two Percheron stallions, two Hackney mares, a Hackney filly and a Hackney gelding, four shorthorn cows, two shorthorn heifers, two Jersey cows, two Jersey heifers, two Polled Angus cows, two Polled Angus bulls, three Holstein cows, an Oxford red and a Shropshire ewe, all fine specimens of their kind. The Oxford ram is a fine animal.

The Grain Work. The grain work includes soil culture, such treatment of virgin soil, summer fallowing, treatment of sod, etc. A course is given in different classes of grains and commercial grading of it; cultivation of grasses, identification and eradication of weeds, and treatment of weeds found on the farm are also there, and these are named and methods given for eradication.

Prominent Orangeman Dead. Edward McBride, St. Catharines, Dropped Dead of Heart Failure. St. Catharines, Ont., Mar. 13.—Edward McBride, who performed the duties of a lay preacher in the city's first annual convention of the Grand Orange Lodge of Ontario, which adjourned tonight, died of heart failure at his home here last night. He had been in excellent health although on two previous occasions during the winter he experienced a fainting spell. Suddenly he fell backwards to the floor, and died before his wife could summon aid. This deceased was 55 years of age, an enthusiastic Orangeman for over forty years.

Airship Flies Like a Bird. Halifax, Mar. 11.—The flight witnessed by Major Mansell of the Dominion Department of Militia were continued this morning. McCurdy in Baddick No. 2, dromed over the ice on Baddeck Bay, Cape Breton, at a height of from 50 to 100 feet, circling the bay three or four times. Everything worked well, and as usual the landing was easy.

ALL THE UNIONS MUST ASSIST THE STRIKERS

Orders Have Been Issued to All Organized Labor in Philadelphia to Join With the Strikers or Else be Ostracized from Union Labor.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 13.—The Central labor union of Philadelphia, in a secret meeting on Sunday afternoon, issued a final call to all union labor men within the city. They are ordered to join the general strike not later than midnight on Monday under a penalty of ostracism from union labor.

This move came as a bombshell into the camp. It had been believed that the Central Labor Union, satisfied with its position, would stand pat and wait for an agreement between the Rapid Transit Company and its employees. The call, if generally obeyed, means that Philadelphia will begin to feel the real pinch of a general strike.

Secretary Charles Hope said after the meeting: "We are going to use every possible weapon to win the fight." At the same meeting all union men possessing bank accounts were instructed to withdraw their money from the local banks, Edinonton and P. Stevens, hope by this move to still further inconvenience the power which is at battle with the Central Labor Union.

The Central Labor Union has led its own men at work in the city follow their brethren into the general strike, as they have been ordered to do, the result will be a general strike which will absolutely paralyze every line of industry. If this can be brought about the cry which will go up will be something terrible. Philadelphia has been crying for days, when as a matter of fact, she has not been badly hurt. If every union man walks out on Monday night and the milk man does not call at the house, bread is not delivered, and there is no grocery man to take orders, the strike will be deadly, there will be no force to the streets. The situation hangs in the balance awaiting the movement at midnight tomorrow.

Sunday passed peacefully. The meetings, which were held quiet and orderly, there were no calls for police and the cars operated without interference.

Fire Damp Prevents Rescue Until Impressed Men Had Perished. Wilkes-Barre, Pa., March 13.—A terrible explosion of gas in the Colliery of the Erie Railroad, near the Erie Coal Company at South Wilkes-Barre, tonight killed seven and set fire to the mine. The deadly after-damp gathered in large quantities and kept the rescuers back of the fire.

Others at the mine at the time of the explosion were called alive and safe when the rescue party reached them. After six hours of daring effort the rescuers at the No. 5 colliery of the Erie Coal Company at South Wilkes-Barre managed to reach the last of the victims at two o'clock this morning. By this hour the suspense of the large crowd at the top of the shaft, which believed the disaster was worse than reported, was at an end. Death evidently had come quickly to the seven men and they had no chance of escape. They had gone for supplies and were some distance away when the explosion occurred.

Widows and 24 children are mourning them today, all but one of the seven victims having been married. General Manager Huber says that he cannot account for the accident, the fire boss having examined the place two hours before the accident and pronounced it safe. An inquest will be held.

Prominent Orangeman Dead. Edward McBride, St. Catharines, Dropped Dead of Heart Failure. St. Catharines, Ont., Mar. 13.—Edward McBride, who performed the duties of a lay preacher in the city's first annual convention of the Grand Orange Lodge of Ontario, which adjourned tonight, died of heart failure at his home here last night. He had been in excellent health although on two previous occasions during the winter he experienced a fainting spell. Suddenly he fell backwards to the floor, and died before his wife could summon aid. This deceased was 55 years of age, an enthusiastic Orangeman for over forty years.

Airship Flies Like a Bird. Halifax, Mar. 11.—The flight witnessed by Major Mansell of the Dominion Department of Militia were continued this morning. McCurdy in Baddick No. 2, dromed over the ice on Baddeck Bay, Cape Breton, at a height of from 50 to 100 feet, circling the bay three or four times. Everything worked well, and as usual the landing was easy.

LINE TO PEACE RIVER BY LESSER SLAVE LAKE

J. J. Cote, Member for Athabasca. Has Taken up This Proposition, Energetically, and Will Press C.N.R. Extension by This Route—Landing Board of Trade Forms This Route.

J. J. Cote, M.P.P. for Athabasca has taken up this proposition energetically, and will press C.N.R. extension by this route. The landing board of trade forms this route.

The extension of the C.N.R. to the Peace River country by way of the Landing and Lesser Slave Lake, Mr. Cote, who has an intimate knowledge of the country north-west of Edmonton, was the first to appreciate the serious difficulties with which a railway would have to contend in building into the Peace River country in a direct line.

When President McKenzie of the C.N.R. visited him and impressed upon him the advisability of extending the C.N.R. to the Peace River country by way of the Landing and Lesser Slave Lake, in this he was supported by General Manager McLeod, who informed Mr. McKenzie that his engineers had encountered very serious engineering difficulties in attempting to find a route by way of the Swan Hills, which are south of Lesser Slave Lake.

Mr. Cote wrote to Manager McLeod last week again pointing out to him the advantage to the C.N.R. by extending the line to the Landing and Lesser Slave Lake. Secretary sawie, of the Athabasca Landing board of trade writes the Bulletin about the same lines as advocated by Mr. Cote. He says that he has read with interest your editorial in your issue of Saturday, 6th inst. on the Peace River railway, in which you enlarge upon a speech in the House some days ago in which you stated that the C.N.R. had worked along this line for some years past. It is a matter that should command the attention of every body in Edmonton, more especially the wholesaler.

The C.N.R. have had their heads bent for the extension of their line from Morinville to this point, guaranteed by the Provincial government, and we have the assurance of the C.N.R. that such extension will be completed at an early date. The line from Edmonton to here would undoubtedly prove a good investment. From here westward the line would open up some excellent country. Around the west end of Lesser Slave Lake there is already a large settlement of farmers in good condition, in a good country.

The acreage under crop in this district this coming season will far surpass any previous years, as the settlers are steadily coming in and the completion of the completion of the railway here.

In Now Two in One. Inspector Tucker Made Commissioner of Police. Ottawa, Ont., Mar. 14.—Inspector Tucker, of Mount Police, stationed at Wolf Creek, has been appointed commissioner of police within the provinces of British Columbia and Alberta. This appointment is to give Inspector Tucker the same power as is held by two justices of the peace to try cases.

England Wins International Game. London, Mar. 14.—The following are the two league games played today. Sheffield Wednesday 1, Tottenham Hotspurs 1; Oldham Athletic 5, Barnsley 0. In the international game played between England and Wales today the latter was defeated by a score of 1 to 0.

A Word to Mothers. No matter whether baby is sick or well, Baby's Own Tablets should be kept in the home all ways. They not only cure the microbe which which babyhood and childhood is subject to, but prevent them coming on if the child is given an occasional dose of the medicine. Mr. G. C. Walker, Masouche Rapids, Que., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for constipation and other disorders of childhood and am so pleased with them that I always keep the Tablets in the house." Sold by medicine dealers, by mail at 25 cents a box from Dr. The Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

PHILADELPHIA, PA. MARCH 13.—THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION OF PHILADELPHIA, IN A SECRET MEETING ON SUNDAY AFTERNOON, ISSUED A FINAL CALL TO ALL UNION LABOR MEN WITHIN THE CITY.

They are ordered to join the general strike not later than midnight on Monday under a penalty of ostracism from union labor. This move came as a bombshell into the camp. It had been believed that the Central Labor Union, satisfied with its position, would stand pat and wait for an agreement between the Rapid Transit Company and its employees. The call, if generally obeyed, means that Philadelphia will begin to feel the real pinch of a general strike.

Secretary Charles Hope said after the meeting: "We are going to use every possible weapon to win the fight." At the same meeting all union men possessing bank accounts were instructed to withdraw their money from the local banks, Edinonton and P. Stevens, hope by this move to still further inconvenience the power which is at battle with the Central Labor Union.

The Central Labor Union has led its own men at work in the city follow their brethren into the general strike, as they have been ordered to do, the result will be a general strike which will absolutely paralyze every line of industry. If this can be brought about the cry which will go up will be something terrible. Philadelphia has been crying for days, when as a matter of fact, she has not been badly hurt. If every union man walks out on Monday night and the milk man does not call at the house, bread is not delivered, and there is no grocery man to take orders, the strike will be deadly, there will be no force to the streets. The situation hangs in the balance awaiting the movement at midnight tomorrow.

Sunday passed peacefully. The meetings, which were held quiet and orderly, there were no calls for police and the cars operated without interference.

Fire Damp Prevents Rescue Until Impressed Men Had Perished. Wilkes-Barre, Pa., March 13.—A terrible explosion of gas in the Colliery of the Erie Railroad, near the Erie Coal Company at South Wilkes-Barre, tonight killed seven and set fire to the mine. The deadly after-damp gathered in large quantities and kept the rescuers back of the fire.

Others at the mine at the time of the explosion were called alive and safe when the rescue party reached them. After six hours of daring effort the rescuers at the No. 5 colliery of the Erie Coal Company at South Wilkes-Barre managed to reach the last of the victims at two o'clock this morning. By this hour the suspense of the large crowd at the top of the shaft, which believed the disaster was worse than reported, was at an end. Death evidently had come quickly to the seven men and they had no chance of escape. They had gone for supplies and were some distance away when the explosion occurred.

Widows and 24 children are mourning them today, all but one of the seven victims having been married. General Manager Huber says that he cannot account for the accident, the fire boss having examined the place two hours before the accident and pronounced it safe. An inquest will be held.

Prominent Orangeman Dead. Edward McBride, St. Catharines, Dropped Dead of Heart Failure. St. Catharines, Ont., Mar. 13.—Edward McBride, who performed the duties of a lay preacher in the city's first annual convention of the Grand Orange Lodge of Ontario, which adjourned tonight, died of heart failure at his home here last night. He had been in excellent health although on two previous occasions during the winter he experienced a fainting spell. Suddenly he fell backwards to the floor, and died before his wife could summon aid. This deceased was 55 years of age, an enthusiastic Orangeman for over forty years.

Airship Flies Like a Bird. Halifax, Mar. 11.—The flight witnessed by Major Mansell of the Dominion Department of Militia were continued this morning. McCurdy in Baddick No. 2, dromed over the ice on Baddeck Bay, Cape Breton, at a height of from 50 to 100 feet, circling the bay three or four times. Everything worked well, and as usual the landing was easy.

PHILADELPHIA, PA. MARCH 13.—THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION OF PHILADELPHIA, IN A SECRET MEETING ON SUNDAY AFTERNOON, ISSUED A FINAL CALL TO ALL UNION LABOR MEN WITHIN THE CITY.

They are ordered to join the general strike not later than midnight on Monday under a penalty of ostracism from union labor. This move came as a bombshell into the camp. It had been believed that the Central Labor Union, satisfied with its position, would stand pat and wait for an agreement between the Rapid Transit Company and its employees. The call, if generally obeyed, means that Philadelphia will begin to feel the real pinch of a general strike.

Secretary Charles Hope said after the meeting: "We are going to use every possible weapon to win the fight." At the same meeting all union men possessing bank accounts were instructed to withdraw their money from the local banks, Edinonton and P. Stevens, hope by this move to still further inconvenience the power which is at battle with the Central Labor Union.

The Central Labor Union has led its own men at work in the city follow their brethren into the general strike, as they have been ordered to do, the result will be a general strike which will absolutely paralyze every line of industry. If this can be brought about the cry which will go up will be something terrible. Philadelphia has been crying for days, when as a matter of fact, she has not been badly hurt. If every union man walks out on Monday night and the milk man does not call at the house, bread is not delivered, and there is no grocery man to take orders, the strike will be deadly, there will be no force to the streets. The situation hangs in the balance awaiting the movement at midnight tomorrow.

Sunday passed peacefully. The meetings, which were held quiet and orderly, there were no calls for police and the cars operated without interference.

Fire Damp Prevents Rescue Until Impressed Men Had Perished. Wilkes-Barre, Pa., March 13.—A terrible explosion of gas in the Colliery of the Erie Railroad, near the Erie Coal Company at South Wilkes-Barre, tonight killed seven and set fire to the mine. The deadly after-damp gathered in large quantities and kept the rescuers back of the fire.

Others at the mine at the time of the explosion were called alive and safe when the rescue party reached them. After six hours of daring effort the rescuers at the No. 5 colliery of the Erie Coal Company at South Wilkes-Barre managed to reach the last of the victims at two o'clock this morning. By this hour the suspense of the large crowd at the top of the shaft, which believed the disaster was worse than reported, was at an end. Death evidently had come quickly to the seven men and they had no chance of escape. They had gone for supplies and were some distance away when the explosion occurred.

Spring Tonic for Run Down People. Are you feeling tired, weary, miserable and run down? Is it hard for you to get up in the morning feeling rested and refreshed? The winter months have tried you sorely and robbed you of more vitality than your system has been able to replenish. Your blood is sluggish and must be purified and revived. You are in need of PSYCHINE, the Greatest of All Spring Tonics, and Blood Purifier. It clears the system of all traces of winter colds. Banishes that tired, weary feeling. Restores your appetite and brings youthful vigor and health to you again. Take PSYCHINE today. For sale by all druggists and dealers. 50c. and \$1.

PSYCHINE GREATEST OF ALL TONICS. Dr. T. A. SLOCUM, Limited, TORONTO.

Here Is Power You Can Depend On. IHC Gasoline Engine.

KEEP ahead of your work and get things done more rapidly, easily and at less cost by using an IHC gasoline engine. Until you install one of these engines you are not getting all the profit you deserve from your farming operations. It solves the "holy" problem. It is the most economical worker on the farm. At any hour of any day or night it is ready to operate the cream separator, the pump, the grinder, the saw, fanning mill, sheller, huller, grindstone, washing machine, lighting system—any one of many such jobs. Thousands of farmers have come to depend on this most reliable of helpers, an IHC Gasoline Engine.

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY OF AMERICA CHICAGO U.S.A.

Plain Talks to Women. Children's Skin Troubles, Cuts, Etc. Every healthy child gets them, and every mother has to "put something on." What do YOU put on? When you put an ointment on to a child's skin it gets into the blood through the pores just as surely as if you put it into the child's stomach. Did you ever think of that? How important, therefore, that the salve or balm should be pure!

Zam-Bak is absolutely pure; contains no animal fat; no mineral coloring matter; no acid astringents; no burning substances—yet it is antiseptic! It is purely herbal, and thus meets all the needs of the skin in that superior and all-powerful way in which nature alone provides. Children like Zam-Bak best because as soon as applied it stops the pain and the smarting of the injury or sore place. Healing their sores immediately. ADD DRUGGISTS AND SPECIAL AGENTS.

STEEL BRIGGS SEEDS GIVE BEST RESULTS BECAUSE THEY'RE THE BEST TESTED FOR GERMINATION TESTED FOR PURITY STEEL BRIGGS SEED CO LIMITED Toronto, Hamilton, & Winnipeg

.85

ARY. nals and how ne farm. ate Maps of in any other al Chart and all three— ers renewing telegram can

Alberta

ufactory ways in stock. and all ndicate Ave. 312. Edmonton

returns from Canadian of the new-comers is apertamental report as— from U. S. 71 43 935 331 97 59 531

not usually one of the tion months. The con- these figures would seem movement has now at- portations that there is ' season in the process But if 2,700 settlers in the dead of winter it suppose that the months summer will see some econds made.

as for Over 40 Hours. Mar. 13.—Sam Parr, aged in the C. P. R. freight shed up unconscious Sat- No one witnessed the Parr is known to have- bad of riding up the agine, if one was handy, ng home and it is sur- on an engine unknown and in jumping off he footing and struck his the rails. He has failed sences in forty hours, ee of recovery are con-

Smith Improving. 12.—Dr. Goldwin Smith improve. He had a good

IN THE PROVINCIAL HOUSE

Monday's Session.
As foreseen by the Bulletin on Saturday, the Rutherford government, at the session Monday afternoon, took steps to have a royal commission of investigation of associations of any members of the government, or any members of the Legislature, have or had any pecuniary connection with the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway Company.

The resolution, which was passed on Wednesday next, it provides that the commission shall be composed of Justice Scott, Harvey and Beck. The announcement of the premier was received with hearty applause by the ministerial benches, who see in the resolution the possibility of the railway agreement being put in better light before the country.

It is probable that when the resolution comes before the House the Opposition members taking the ground that it is not wise enough in its scope to meet their criticisms. The resolution reads as follows:

The Resolution for Commission.
Whereas it is advisable in the public interest that enquiries should be made for the purpose of ascertaining whether any, and if any, which officer or officers of the government or member or members of the Legislature of the province were or are pecuniarily interested either directly or indirectly by themselves or through others, in the making of, or entering into, a certain contract, between the government and the province and the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway, for the transportation by the said company or in the proceeds of, or the amount realized from, the disposition or sale of the said debentures.

It is resolved that the Lieutenant Governor in Council be requested to appoint a commission under the provisions of the Act Respecting Enquiries Concerning Public Matters, with all the powers and authorities in section 2 of the said act set out, consisting of Justice Scott, Hon. Justice Harvey and Hon. Justice Beck, three of the justices of the Supreme Court of Alberta, to enquire into the purpose and object of the negotiations preceding and the circumstances of the passing of the contract for the issue of guaranteed securities of the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway Co., being chapter 16 of the Statutes of Alberta, 1909, and to enter into of the agreement authorized to be entered into by the said act, and to make a report to the Lieutenant Governor in Council, in respect of the matters herebefore recited, for the information of the House.

As a result of the notice of motion for an investigation given by the premier, the ministerial benches of the government in connection with the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway files was allowed to stand over at the order that the matter be taken up in the House on Saturday next.

Boyle's Resolution. Mr. Boyle's resolution, which was passed on Monday, is a motion for an investigation of the missing documents on the files. It will include everything you wish to know.

Hon. Mr. Rutherford. "I state before and I state again, that all the papers have been brought down to the House and I have in this House to accept the statement of the Hon. Prime Minister, but I have equal force to tell him that there are letters referred to in the letters now on the files that are not to be found. How do they get down into his mind?"

Premier Rutherford. "I hope it will assist into the mind of the honorable member for Calgary that all the papers are on the table."

Mr. Bennett. "I know I am not in order, but I can take the papers and show him and the House plainly that they are missing. The Good Hope says: 'For that which the eye sees he knoweth.' The premier will know the force of the saying and he will perhaps appreciate its meaning."

Daily Question and Privilege.
The question of privilege is becoming a daily one in the Legislature. It was the turn of the member for Sturgeon (Mr. Boyle) yesterday, and following up the rumor that had been brought to the attention of the House on Friday by Mr. Stewart (Sedgewick), he rose immediately after the meeting of the House and called attention to an article which appeared in the Calgary paper and read as follows:

The Item in Question.
The story is that Boyle became disgusted when he heard the government forces were preparing a coup. He is said to have sent one emissary to a member connected with hotels to tell him the opposition was going to win and that if he went with the opposition, the member's attorney general (Boyle) might be able to help in the hotel business. This member refused with vigor and indignation. Meanwhile, the story goes, Boyle was cloistered in a room in the Cecil Hotel with Boudreau, of St. Albert. This member is also connected with a hotel. What they said is known only to Boyle and Boudreau, but the latter is declared to have avowed he too was given the opportunity to seize the inducements.

Boyle's Emphatic Denial.
"I take this opportunity," said Mr. Boyle, "of giving the members of the House my best and most emphatic denial. When I started out to lay bare the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway deal I expected that every attempt would be made to be-matter me. There has been lots of mud slinging and I have got a good many. In every case, however, it has been made, it might be interesting to know what really took place."

In the rotunda of the Cecil I met Mr. Weir, a former editor of a Strath-

cona paper, and now secretary of the Licensed Retailers' Association. He told me that he expected the insurance companies to be amended after several hours' consideration.

Speaking of the provision in connection with the selling of liquor in clubs the premier announced that legislation similar to that in Saskatchewan would be brought down. The Saskatchewan bill provided that no club should keep any liquor unless they comply with conditions as to serving meals, etc., to the satisfaction of the attorney-general. Any club obtaining such permission was required to pay a license fee of \$250 and no club would be a licensee without a local option district.

The three club bills were allowed to stand over pending a decision as to the exact terms of the bill regulating clubs in this province.

Tuesday's Session.
After a fastidious criticism that occupied the entire afternoon session in the Legislature Tuesday, the government were again sustained on a division just before 5 o'clock by a vote of 20 to 17. The debate arose over the resolution of censure of J. R. Boyle, Sturgeon, in connection with the files of the Alberta and Great Waterways, from which it is charged documents are missing. The resolution was warmly debated by Messrs. Boyle, Charles Stewart (Sedgewick), E. H. Riley (Gleichen), Dr. Campbell (Ponoka) and B. E. Bennett, who spoke in support, and Hon. C. W. Cross and W. F. Puffer (Lacombe), in opposition.

Cross Emphatically Denies.
Hon. Mr. Cross rose to refute the insinuation repeated by the member for Sturgeon with reference to the chief license inspector, W. A. Deyl. "This is likely another method of bringing an insinuation against me or my department before the House," said the attorney-general. "Neither Mr. Weir nor any other man ever said to me that Mr. Deyl was taking such money nor did Mr. Weir or any other man present a cheque to him. I would like to know now if the member for Sturgeon would like an investigation into the charges against him?"

Mr. Boyle. "I might say yes." If anyone will say the charges are true I will move that they be referred to the committee on elections and privileges.

Bennett Complains of Press.
B. E. Bennett directed a few observations to the House on the same question. The newspapers were taking too much latitude in their reports of the doing of the Legislature. He had been looking into the statutes and he wished later to take up extracts from two newspapers. He said he should not be troubled before the House. He had been the target and the victim even more than the member present a cheque to him to me. I would like to know now if the member for Sturgeon would like an investigation into the charges against him?"

Premier Wants Letter Decorum.
Premier Rutherford remarked that he paid attention to the rumors in newspapers he would be rising to a question of privilege every day. He said he was not in order to be in the House and it got down to business of the session.

Compulsory School Attendance.
Premier Rutherford in moving the second reading of the bill respecting trunancy and compulsory school attendance spoke at some length on the educational progress of the province. In four years since the inauguration of the teachers in Alberta had more than doubled. In September 1905 there were 23,000 pupils, while at the end of 1908 there were 49,000. When the 1909 report was prepared he expected that it would show an attendance between 48,000 and 50,000 pupils.

Bennett Supports Bill.
Mr. Bennett supported the bill. There was no question more important to the province, he said, than education. Many parents had no adequate appreciation of the necessity for education of their children, nor of the great loss to the state from failure to have them educated. He thought that three years might be too young an age to make the limit, but welcomed the measure as a step in the right direction. Believing the minister had given his best consideration of the conditions, he was willing to support the bill.

Committee of the Whole.
The House then went into committee of the whole considering bills to incorporate the Stavelley, Athabasca and Glenora clubs, and to amend certain by-laws of the town of Camrose, respecting Alberta and Saskatchewan Central Railway Lines company. In the rotunda of the Cecil I met Mr. Weir, a former editor of a Strath-

down by the government, that said charge is true and correct.

"I would be sorry," said Mr. Boyle, "to see the action of the House do anything to tamper with and strip the files and both demand that all documents and papers so removed be immediately restored to said files now upon the table of this House."

This was a question, said Mr. Boyle, in speaking to the resolution, concerning not only the privilege of the House, but the very foundation of representative government. On this question the House was the center of the proposed motion. One could understand that one letter might be missing, but when many were missing, as he proposed to show, there was no excuse.

It was a rule of business offices the world over that copies of letters sent were always kept, and when telegrams were forwarded by confirmatory letters, always followed.

On October 26th, 1908, there was a meeting of Mr. Minty, solicitor of the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway Company, to Mr. Woods, deputy attorney-general, stating that he enclosed a copy of the proposed mortgage. There was not on the files any copy of the draft mortgage referred to.

As far as he could see, not so many letters of Mr. Minty had been received as Mr. Woods. And it might be that some of the letters of Mr. Minty had been removed. For example, Mr. Minty wrote that he was enclosing certain telegrams sent to the House. He said that there was on the files there was no trace of the telegrams referred to.

Continuing, the member for Sturgeon quoted from a large number of letters which he had written and called for either replies or confirmatory telegrams, which, however, were not on the files. He said that he was enclosing Mr. Woods certain letters that should be kept for reference, but there were no copies of older date than he referred to.

Public Works Department Report.
Upon the House meeting, the premier presented the annual report for 1909 of the department for public works. He also read the resignation of Hon. W. A. Buchanan from the cabinet, and resignation had been accepted by His Honor the Lieutenant Governor.

Mr. Cross Replies.
Hon. Mr. Cross in reply, said that the speech just given was largely the same as that given before by the member for Sturgeon. The explanation had been made by the junior member for Calgary (Mr. Bennett) that at the request of Mr. Woods he had gone to the files and brought down the papers of Mr. Boyle.

Mr. Boyle's Motion.
Mr. Boyle, rising to move his resolution in connection with the files, said he had looked over the notices of resignation in connection with a commission and found it did not cover his resolution. He accordingly moved:

"Whereas it has been charged by several members on the floor of this House, and has not been denied by the government, that the files containing the documents and papers relating to the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway Company have been tampered with and stripped, and that the absence of one document 'lopped the

agreement between Clarke and the Morgan firm was enough to condemn the government. He wondered what the fathers of Liberalism would do in such cases as had occurred during the last five weeks of coming opera through which the Legislature had passed. In eloquent language he pictured the absurdity of Hon. W. E. Gladstone acting in a manner such as the present day exponents of Liberalism in the Alberta government.

The most vital documents in the whole transaction with the A. & G. W. railway were missing. The actions of the government were receiving censure not only of the people of the province, but of the press all over Canada. The only answer that the government gave was that they represented the Liberal party and for that reason they should be supported.

It was a rule of business offices the world over that copies of letters sent were always kept, and when telegrams were forwarded by confirmatory letters, always followed.

On October 26th, 1908, there was a meeting of Mr. Minty, solicitor of the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway Company, to Mr. Woods, deputy attorney-general, stating that he enclosed a copy of the proposed mortgage. There was not on the files any copy of the draft mortgage referred to.

As far as he could see, not so many letters of Mr. Minty had been received as Mr. Woods. And it might be that some of the letters of Mr. Minty had been removed. For example, Mr. Minty wrote that he was enclosing certain telegrams sent to the House. He said that there was on the files there was no trace of the telegrams referred to.

Continuing, the member for Sturgeon quoted from a large number of letters which he had written and called for either replies or confirmatory telegrams, which, however, were not on the files. He said that he was enclosing Mr. Woods certain letters that should be kept for reference, but there were no copies of older date than he referred to.

Public Works Department Report.
Upon the House meeting, the premier presented the annual report for 1909 of the department for public works. He also read the resignation of Hon. W. A. Buchanan from the cabinet, and resignation had been accepted by His Honor the Lieutenant Governor.

Mr. Cross Replies.
Hon. Mr. Cross in reply, said that the speech just given was largely the same as that given before by the member for Sturgeon. The explanation had been made by the junior member for Calgary (Mr. Bennett) that at the request of Mr. Woods he had gone to the files and brought down the papers of Mr. Boyle.

Mr. Boyle's Motion.
Mr. Boyle, rising to move his resolution in connection with the files, said he had looked over the notices of resignation in connection with a commission and found it did not cover his resolution. He accordingly moved:

"Whereas it has been charged by several members on the floor of this House, and has not been denied by the government, that the files containing the documents and papers relating to the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway Company have been tampered with and stripped, and that the absence of one document 'lopped the

agreement between Clarke and the Morgan firm was enough to condemn the government. He wondered what the fathers of Liberalism would do in such cases as had occurred during the last five weeks of coming opera through which the Legislature had passed. In eloquent language he pictured the absurdity of Hon. W. E. Gladstone acting in a manner such as the present day exponents of Liberalism in the Alberta government.

The most vital documents in the whole transaction with the A. & G. W. railway were missing. The actions of the government were receiving censure not only of the people of the province, but of the press all over Canada. The only answer that the government gave was that they represented the Liberal party and for that reason they should be supported.

It was a rule of business offices the world over that copies of letters sent were always kept, and when telegrams were forwarded by confirmatory letters, always followed.

On October 26th, 1908, there was a meeting of Mr. Minty, solicitor of the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway Company, to Mr. Woods, deputy attorney-general, stating that he enclosed a copy of the proposed mortgage. There was not on the files any copy of the draft mortgage referred to.

As far as he could see, not so many letters of Mr. Minty had been received as Mr. Woods. And it might be that some of the letters of Mr. Minty had been removed. For example, Mr. Minty wrote that he was enclosing certain telegrams sent to the House. He said that there was on the files there was no trace of the telegrams referred to.

Continuing, the member for Sturgeon quoted from a large number of letters which he had written and called for either replies or confirmatory telegrams, which, however, were not on the files. He said that he was enclosing Mr. Woods certain letters that should be kept for reference, but there were no copies of older date than he referred to.

Public Works Department Report.
Upon the House meeting, the premier presented the annual report for 1909 of the department for public works. He also read the resignation of Hon. W. A. Buchanan from the cabinet, and resignation had been accepted by His Honor the Lieutenant Governor.

Mr. Cross Replies.
Hon. Mr. Cross in reply, said that the speech just given was largely the same as that given before by the member for Sturgeon. The explanation had been made by the junior member for Calgary (Mr. Bennett) that at the request of Mr. Woods he had gone to the files and brought down the papers of Mr. Boyle.

Mr. Boyle's Motion.
Mr. Boyle, rising to move his resolution in connection with the files, said he had looked over the notices of resignation in connection with a commission and found it did not cover his resolution. He accordingly moved:

"Whereas it has been charged by several members on the floor of this House, and has not been denied by the government, that the files containing the documents and papers relating to the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway Company have been tampered with and stripped, and that the absence of one document 'lopped the

Loose Tea Loses Flavour

—deteriorates in quality and flavour before half your last purchase is used up, but



Tea, in its sealed lead packages, always has a delightful freshness. You buy it in pound or half-pound packets from your grocer just as you require it. Besides, you know, "SALADA" was picked just fifteen weeks ago in Ceylon.

—Black, Mixed and Natural Green, 40c, 50c, 60c and 70c per lb.—

"Tis but an echo of the dead," he said, almost laugher.

What then was the remedy? The only remedy is to vote no confidence in the government, who should suffer. They could not be hidden behind a royal commission. It could not oust the government. It was no part of the royal commission to say to the members of the government, 'conduct their business. The remedy given since we had responsible government is to say yes or no to the single question shall I punish or shall I apologize? Shall I reward them or shall I punish them for their conduct. The government must have seen that had confidence and the House had confidence in the late deputy attorney-general. The country might have had confidence, but they had not now. He had been in the House from day to day attempting to palliate and excuse the absence of the documents from the files. It was not the deputy attorney-general, but the attorney-general himself who was responsible for the missing documents.

Quoted Words of Judge.
Mr. Bennett quote the words of the Chief Justice in connection with the destruction of documents in the Juniper combine prosecution of several years ago. He had heard the deputy attorney-general present a masterly argument on the missing documents at that time. He would like to hear him now. In one case, however, it was a private corporation, in the other it was a public servant.

The government had been guilty of an act which had it been the case of a private individual would have placed him behind the bars as a prisoner.

After Mr. Bennett had concluded his eloquent peroration the vote was an election was needed. He said that he was a private corporation, in the other it was a public servant.

Stewart Takes Issue.
Charles Stewart, who took issue with the member for Rocky Mountain in refusing to record his vote, said that he was not in order to do so. He said that he was not in order to do so. He said that he was not in order to do so.

Hon. Mr. Cross said. "I state before and I state again, that all the papers have been brought down to the House and I have in this House to accept the statement of the Hon. Prime Minister, but I have equal force to tell him that there are letters referred to in the letters now on the files that are not to be found. How do they get down into his mind?"

Premier Wants Letter Decorum.
Premier Rutherford remarked that he paid attention to the rumors in newspapers he would be rising to a question of privilege every day. He said he was not in order to be in the House and it got down to business of the session.

Compulsory School Attendance.
Premier Rutherford in moving the second reading of the bill respecting trunancy and compulsory school attendance spoke at some length on the educational progress of the province. In four years since the inauguration of the teachers in Alberta had more than doubled. In September 1905 there were 23,000 pupils, while at the end of 1908 there were 49,000. When the 1909 report was prepared he expected that it would show an attendance between 48,000 and 50,000 pupils.

Bennett Supports Bill.
Mr. Bennett supported the bill. There was no question more important to the province, he said, than education. Many parents had no adequate appreciation of the necessity for education of their children, nor of the great loss to the state from failure to have them educated. He thought that three years might be too young an age to make the limit, but welcomed the measure as a step in the right direction. Believing the minister had given his best consideration of the conditions, he was willing to support the bill.

Committee of the Whole.
The House then went into committee of the whole considering bills to incorporate the Stavelley, Athabasca and Glenora clubs, and to amend certain by-laws of the town of Camrose, respecting Alberta and Saskatchewan Central Railway Lines company. In the rotunda of the Cecil I met Mr. Weir, a former editor of a Strath-

down by the government, that said charge is true and correct.

"I would be sorry," said Mr. Boyle, "to see the action of the House do anything to tamper with and strip the files and both demand that all documents and papers so removed be immediately restored to said files now upon the table of this House."

This was a question, said Mr. Boyle, in speaking to the resolution, concerning not only the privilege of the House, but the very foundation of representative government. On this question the House was the center of the proposed motion. One could understand that one letter might be missing, but when many were missing, as he proposed to show, there was no excuse.

It was a rule of business offices the world over that copies of letters sent were always kept, and when telegrams were forwarded by confirmatory letters, always followed.

On October 26th, 1908, there was a meeting of Mr. Minty, solicitor of the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway Company, to Mr. Woods, deputy attorney-general, stating that he enclosed a copy of the proposed mortgage. There was not on the files any copy of the draft mortgage referred to.

As far as he could see, not so many letters of Mr. Minty had been received as Mr. Woods. And it might be that some of the letters of Mr. Minty had been removed. For example, Mr. Minty wrote that he was enclosing certain telegrams sent to the House. He said that there was on the files there was no trace of the telegrams referred to.

Continuing, the member for Sturgeon quoted from a large number of letters which he had written and called for either replies or confirmatory telegrams, which, however, were not on the files. He said that he was enclosing Mr. Woods certain letters that should be kept for reference, but there were no copies of older date than he referred to.

Upon the House meeting, the premier presented the annual report for 1909 of the department for public works. He also read the resignation of Hon. W. A. Buchanan from the cabinet, and resignation had been accepted by His Honor the Lieutenant Governor.

Hon. Mr. Cross in reply, said that the speech just given was largely the same as that given before by the member for Sturgeon. The explanation had been made by the junior member for Calgary (Mr. Bennett) that at the request of Mr. Woods he had gone to the files and brought down the papers of Mr. Boyle.

Mr. Boyle, rising to move his resolution in connection with the files, said he had looked over the notices of resignation in connection with a commission and found it did not cover his resolution. He accordingly moved:

"Whereas it has been charged by several members on the floor of this House, and has not been denied by the government, that the files containing the documents and papers relating to the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway Company have been tampered with and stripped, and that the absence of one document 'lopped the

SPORTING NEWS

HOCKEY.
WANDERERS 4, OTTAWA 3.
New York, March 15.—If fourteen were ever endowed with hockey, those fourteen were on the ice Nicholas rink tonight, when the Wanderers and Ottawa, the two leading teams of the Canadian game, played a match in which the final result was a tie, 4 to 3. The match was the first of a series of two games, the greatest number goals to count, for a purse of \$1,000, concluding instalment being scheduled for tomorrow night. At the time the two teams were tied, but in the second period, the Wanderers were the lead on a goal by Glass, and minutes later Hyland made the difference. The Wanderers were victorious after this Ottawa sent in a tally the close of the game.

WANDERERS 7, DELTIN 1.
Montreal, Mar. 12.—The Wanderers finally secured the Stanley cup for the season here tonight at the rink, where they defeated the Deltin team, 7 to 1. It was a Boston match and only a small crowd present to see the battle. The Wanderers were victorious after this Ottawa sent in a tally the close of the game.

WANDERERS 7, DELTIN 1.
Montreal, Mar. 12.—The Wanderers finally secured the Stanley cup for the season here tonight at the rink, where they defeated the Deltin team, 7 to 1. It was a Boston match and only a small crowd present to see the battle. The Wanderers were victorious after this Ottawa sent in a tally the close of the game.

WANDERERS 7, DELTIN 1.
Montreal, Mar. 12.—The Wanderers finally secured the Stanley cup for the season here tonight at the rink, where they defeated the Deltin team, 7 to 1. It was a Boston match and only a small crowd present to see the battle. The Wanderers were victorious after this Ottawa sent in a tally the close of the game.

WANDERERS 7, DELTIN 1.
Montreal, Mar. 12.—The Wanderers finally secured the Stanley cup for the season here tonight at the rink, where they defeated the Deltin team, 7 to 1. It was a Boston match and only a small crowd present to see the battle. The Wanderers were victorious after this Ottawa sent in a tally the close of the game.

WANDERERS 7, DELTIN 1.
Montreal, Mar. 12.—The Wanderers finally secured the Stanley cup for the season here tonight at the rink, where they defeated the Deltin team, 7 to 1. It was a Boston match and only a small crowd present to see the battle. The Wanderers were victorious after this Ottawa sent in a tally the close of the game.

WANDERERS 7, DELTIN 1.
Montreal, Mar. 12.—The Wanderers finally secured the Stanley cup for the season here tonight at the rink, where they defeated the Deltin team, 7 to 1. It was a Boston match and only a small crowd present to see the battle. The Wanderers were victorious after this Ottawa sent in a tally the close of the game.

WANDERERS 7, DELTIN 1.
Montreal, Mar. 12.—The Wanderers finally secured the Stanley cup for the season here tonight at the rink, where they defeated the Deltin team, 7 to 1. It was a Boston match and only a small crowd present to see the battle. The Wanderers were victorious after this Ottawa sent in a tally the close of the game.

WANDERERS 7, DELTIN 1.
Montreal, Mar. 12.—The Wanderers finally secured the Stanley cup for the season here tonight at the rink, where they defeated the Deltin team, 7 to 1. It was a Boston match and only a small crowd present to see the battle. The Wanderers were victorious after this Ottawa sent in a tally the close of the game.

WANDERERS 7, DELTIN 1.
Montreal, Mar. 12.—The Wanderers finally secured the Stanley cup for the season here tonight at the rink, where they defeated the Deltin team, 7 to 1. It was a Boston match and only a small crowd present to see the battle. The Wanderers were victorious after this Ottawa sent in a tally the close of the game.

WANDERERS 7, DELTIN 1.
Montreal, Mar. 12.—The Wanderers finally secured the Stanley cup for the season here tonight at the rink, where they defeated the Deltin team, 7 to 1. It was a Boston match and only a small crowd present to see the battle. The Wanderers were victorious after this Ottawa sent in a tally the close of the game.

WANDERERS 7, DELTIN 1.
Montreal, Mar. 12.—The Wanderers finally secured the Stanley cup for the season here tonight at the rink, where they defeated the Deltin team, 7 to 1. It was a Boston match and only a small crowd present to see the battle. The Wanderers were victorious after this Ottawa sent in a tally the close of the game.

WANDERERS 7, DELTIN 1.
Montreal, Mar. 12.—The Wanderers finally secured the Stanley cup for the season here tonight at the rink, where they defeated the Deltin team, 7 to 1. It was a Boston match and only a small crowd present to see the battle. The Wanderers were victorious after this Ottawa sent in a tally the close of the game.

SAVOUR before half but

has a delightful half-pound require it picked just

enjoying... CANDY CO. NIPEG

SPORTING NEWS

HOCKEY.

WANDERERS 4, OTTAWA 3.

New York, March 15.—If fourteen men were ever endowed with hockey ability...

WANDERERS 7, BERLIN 3.

Montreal, Mar. 12.—The Wanderers made their final appearance for the season here tonight at the Jubilee rink...

The Wanderers played to settle down to their work and scored the next four goals, Hyland and Russell dividing the honors...

The match was clean, only one player being hurt. Flood of Berlin was badly bodied by Johnson, and it was several minutes before he was able to resume play.

The teams lined up as follows: Berlin.—Position.—Wanderers Lehman, Goal, Hearn, Seibert, Point, Marshall, Corbeau, Cover, Johnson, Edmunds, Rover, Johnson, Glass, Dumart, Centre, Russell, Anderson, Right, Hyland, Flood, Left, Gieseler.

Referee: Russell Bowie and Ginter Kirby. Summary: 1st, Berlin, Seibert, six minutes; 2nd, Wanderers, Russell, one minute; 3rd, Wanderers, Russell, ten minutes; 4th, Wanderers, Hyland, four minutes; 5th, Wanderers, two minutes; 6th, Berlin, Flood, thirty seconds; 7th, Wanderers, Russell, four and one half minutes; 8th, Berlin, Corbeau, forty-five seconds; 9th, Wanderers, Russell, six minutes; 10th, Wanderers, Hyland, nine minutes.

BANK FOR WOMEN DEPOSITORS ONLY

Novel Departure in British Banking to be Inaugurated in London Today—Institution Will be Offered by Women—Only Male Will Act as Messenger and Guard.

London, Mar. 13.—A novel departure in British banking will be inaugurated tomorrow with the opening of a woman's bank offered and conducted exclusively by women and catering only to women customers.

The only man permitted on the premises will be a messenger and one of his functions will be to keep other men away. No male person may be depositor or transact business with the new institution.

Speaking today of the new banks she said: "The bank will open with between 400 and 500 clients, ranging from the poorest to the most distinguished establishments to members of society."

CANADIAN LUMBER ENTERPRISE

Better Facilities for Engaging in the Export Trade.

Ottawa, Mar. 11.—Ottawa and Quebec capitalists are interested in a huge lumber distributing company, which has just been formed in New York.

The company has been formed for a consolidation of the selling interests, and is for the purpose of doing away with the individual selling department that each firm before had to maintain.

Dublin Member Dead.

London, Mar. 14.—Timothy Harrington, a member of the House of Commons for Harbor division of Dublin, died today.

Sunday School Lesson

March 20, 1910.

A Paralytic Forgiven and Healed.

Go's Text. The Son of Man hath power on earth to forgive sins. Matt. 9:6.

Verse 1.—From what place did Jesus sail, and where was his destination? Verse 2.—Of how much avail is the faith of one man in behalf of another? Can you express an opinion, based on experience, and stating the facts, as to whether one man's faith may be the means of the salvation of another? (This question must be answered in writing by members of the club.)

Verse 3, 4.—Why was it evil, for the scribes to doubt the authority of Jesus to forgive sin? Why is a man guilty for sincere doubt, when the doubt is a result of a sinful life? Did Jesus always know all the thoughts of all men, in the same way that God does, or did he only know their thoughts through their actions, and from his general knowledge of human nature just as do other men who can readily read men?

Verse 5.—Which was the more difficult, to pronounce the forgiveness of man's sins, or to cure him of his disease? Was it God, or the man Jesus, that forgave this man his sins, and has every other holy man got authority to pronounce when a man's sins are forgiven? Verse 6, 7.—How did the cure of this sick man demonstrate that Jesus had power to forgive sins?

Verse 8.—Mention some of the phenomena of the laws of God, in matter and mind, and compare them with Bible miracles and say which is the more wonderful? In an intelligent age and to think of men which demonstrate the existence, the power, the wisdom and love of God most convincingly, law or miracle? Why? Verse 9.—Matthew was busy at his post when Jesus called him, can you mention any whom Jesus called to be his apostles, who were idlers, or were not busy men? Why is it impossible for a lazy man to be a true Christian? Did Matthew seek Jesus first, or was it Jesus who first sought Matthew, and what is the rule as to the initiative, with most, or all persons, who become Christians? Verse 10.—In whose house was Jesus eating with those publicans and sinners? (See Mark 2:14-15. Luke 5:27-29.)

When Matthew became a disciple, he invited Jesus and the Apostles and his late business associates, and the publicans, and sinners to a feast, what was probably his motive, and what suggestions are there in the incident for us? Verse 11-13.—Would it be better today, and why, if earnest Christians sought the company of unconverted people more than they do? A sick man is of more interest to a physician than a well man, so a sinner is of more interest to Jesus than a saint.—State why this is so? Lesson for Sunday, March 27, 1910. Review.

CALGARY TO HAVE CIVIC HOLIDAY TO CLEAN UP

Mayor Jamieson Will Proclaim Such Day Early in April—Nine O'Clock R. Freight Men Go Out on Strike Because of Being Docked—No Satisfaction Offered.

Calgary, Alta., Mar. 15.—Mayor Jamieson says he will in the near future, name a date early in April as a civic holiday for the purpose of making a general clean-up of all the back yards, streets and lanes of the city and also the beautifying of the city. As it will be proclaimed a civic holiday the mayor will get many of the wholesale firms and cartage companies to offer drays to carry away the refuse which must go to the incinerators, but he thinks a large amount of the combustible material can be burnt on vacant property in the night, their places would be filled by other men.

Nine freight men employed in the C. P. freight sheds went out on strike at noon today and refuse to do further work. The men are not organized but upon receiving their pay cheques a deduction of \$1 was noticed for doctors' fees and sick benefit, which was found on every employee in the sheds, and believing they have been treated unjustly, all but two men refused their pay and would not go back to work.

Outgoing and incoming freight is tied up as a result, and the men declare they will not return to work until they receive full pay for last month and are guaranteed no reduction in the future. A delegation approached Superintendent C. S. Mahab at noon asking for redress but according to those who made up the party, no satisfaction was given and they were refused and told that if they did not return to their work by six o'clock tonight their places would be filled by other men.

A number of men have already applied for positions in the shed and the company believe it will not be difficult to replace the strikers. Entries for the live-stock show are coming in in unprecedented numbers and the office was swamped with tickets today and tonight's mail will be a long one.

IS COMMITTED FOR PERJURY.

Geo. Blandford, Temperance Advocate, Sent up for Trial.

Indian Head, Sask., Mar. 13.—Geo. Blandford, of Regina, who was arrested here on Friday on a charge of perjury, was today committed by S. E. L. McVicar, justice of the peace, to stand his trial at the next court of jurisdiction. There were three charges against Blandford made in connection with his evidence against Messrs. Gieseler and Leigley who were convicted for an infraction of the license law, fined and their license cancelled a fortnight ago.

In the evidence given on that occasion, Blandford stated that he had not been in Germantown on a certain night, and had not consulted any of the residents in a certain house in connection with the case. Today five witnesses swore that Blandford had been there on the night named. The other two charges of perjury were withdrawn.

Exiled to Siberia.

St. Petersburg, Mar. 16.—The verdict against Mme. Broshkovskaya, which has been officially published, condemns her to exile to the settlements of Siberia. She has refused the offer of her friends to pay for transportation and special privileges.

CORRESPONDENCE

ANOTHER SIDE TO THE SMALLPOX STORY.

Editor Bulletin: Sir.—In the Weekly Bulletin of March 8th, there appeared a news story under the heading, "Brought Smallpox Case Here." The information in this story has apparently been supplied to the Bulletin by the health officer or the police. Permit me, Mr. Editor, to bring the facts of this case before your readers. Judging from the wording of the article, the doctor, or whoever gave the information, realized that a blunder had been made and tried to fix it up.

Dr. Nichols, of Edmonton, was summoned to the home of C. Owens, of Bon Accord, on Sunday, Feb. 27, and found that a son of Mr. Owens was suffering from smallpox. After examining the patient, Dr. Nichols ordered the patient to be brought in to the city. The father obeyed the order, and in spite of a snowstorm that was raging at the time drove the 26 miles with the boy in a sleigh. He arrived in the yard of a certain stable in Edmonton between 6 and 7 o'clock in the evening, and was met by a member of the police who took him to the unbroken roads for 26 miles. Mr. Owens naturally wanted to put his horses in the stable. This was refused, and the police would not allow him to move from the spot and he was not even allowed to telephone to the doctor. However, some of the people in the stable telephoned to the health officer, Dr. Whitelaw, and also to Dr. Nichols. It took these gentlemen between one and a half to two hours to get to the scene. All this time Mr. Owens was sitting in the sleigh in the open yard with his horses and guarded by a policeman.

The two above-mentioned doctors at last arrived, accompanied by two other doctors, and they proceeded to examine the patient in the intense cold and even had him unbutton his clothing and underclothing in the storm. After the examination, the doctors decided that the case was not a bad one and the medical health officer ordered the Owens to immediately start home and not to stop at any place on the road. They started and arrived at their home at 5 o'clock in the morning, having driven 62 miles in one of the worst storms of the season. The sick boy was forced to remain in the sleigh during the entire journey, when they left home and up to their return.

If I am correctly informed, and I think I am, the province pays the doctor a grant for every patient coming from the country. If this is correct, why did Dr. Whitelaw tell Mr. Owens that the Government would pay the care of their own smallpox cases, and that there was no room in the smallpox hospital except in a room with other smallpox cases? If the city does not take patients from the country then Dr. Nichols should have been informed, and as Mr. Owens has a telephone in his house he could easily have been told not to bring the boy into the city.

The article further states that the case had been serious the city would have taken it over. Does Dr. Whitelaw or any other doctor in Edmonton believe that there is no danger in ordering a sick man to take a 26 mile drive against a raging snowstorm? Who would have been responsible had this man been frozen to death? Is the city of Edmonton so badly in need of a hospital that it is forced to expose a patient to the inhuman treatment of forcing him to undress in the open and in the midst of a snow storm?

Furthermore, the young man in question was in the city a week or 10 days before he took sick and stayed at a lodging house, and rumor has it that there have been cases of smallpox there lately, so it would be reasonable to suggest that he contracted the disease there. After the above was written it was read to Mr. Owens over the telephone and he stated that when he was released from quarantine he was ready to corroborate every statement made in this letter.

The only alteration that Mr. Owens wanted made was that the stablemen were kind enough to insist that the horses be fed and they unhitched them and put them in the barn for fifteen minutes. Mr. Owens, Sr., was also allowed to go to the office of the health officer and get vaccinated. Yours very truly, ANDREW RAFN. Bon Accord, March 10.

KNOW IT TO BE COWARD'S WAY. Ottawa Man, an Incubable Since His Youth, Succides. Ottawa, Mar. 13.—"This is a case of suicide, a coward's way out. In view of this statement and to save worry to the family I trust an inquest will not be considered necessary, and I would ask the papers to give as little space as possible to it."

Liner Aground at Christiana.

Christiana, Mar. 13.—The Scandinavian-American liner, United States, from Copenhagen, March 10, for New York, is still aground off this port, but it is not believed to be in any danger.

No Army in Manchuria.

St. Petersburg, Mar. 15.—A despatch to the Novo Vremya from Harbin says that China has abandoned the idea of creating a modern army in Manchuria, owing to lack of recruits and money.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—PEDIGREE SHORT-horn bull, 5 years old. For particulars apply Hy. Borgwardt, Horse Hills, Alta.

FOR SALE—GUERNSEY BULL.

pedigree has been recorded by the Experimental farms, Brandon. Sire Duke of Brandon and dam Marie 8; age 3 years old next 19th of July. Address J. A. Fiquette, St. Albert.

FOR SALE—ONE SIX-HORSE GADE.

six-cooled gasoline engine and saw and belt, good as new. Terms. Apply Woodyard, Cor. Third street and Athabasca Ave., Edmonton.

FOR SALE—AFTER THREE YEARS.

success growing strawberries in Alberta. I offer the following tried varieties for spring planting, Williams-Parsons Beauty, Senator Dunlop, Belderwood and Gibson. \$2.15 per hundred to any address. James Chegwain, Leduc, Alta.

FOR SALE—320 ACRES (2 FARMS), 2 miles from railway, 100 acres broken ready for seed, 5 miles south of Leduc, which is a good market town, good buildings, two good wells and wire fenced. Can supply 80 tons of hay. Price \$23 per acre. Terms, cash preferred, or half cash and interest at 8 per cent. Apply W. Mosdians, Leduc, Alberta.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BRITISH COLUMBIA—FOR T. George, land—50,000 acres fertile wheat and mixed farming lands. Send for photographs and surveyors' reports. The Wright Investment Co., Dominion Trust Building, Vancouver, B.C., Canada.

BRITISH COLUMBIA FARM LANDS.

80,000 acres on Grand Trunk Pacific railway. Fort George district—retail or wholesale. Rich soil, ideal climate, easy terms. The Mercantile Trust Co., Ltd., Vancouver, B.C.

STRAWED.

STRAWED—FROM THE PREMISES of the undersigned, chestnut plaze gelding, two white hind feet, white blaze on the face, about 4 years of age, \$5 will be paid for information leading to recovery of the same. Charles Looker, Onaway, P.O.

STRAWED TO THE PREMISES OF J. B. Hall, Pine Creek, Alta. Sec. 36-28, 19 W of 4th, open road and white-yearling heifer, white spot on forehead, no visible brand.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED.

In every locality to set goods as necessary in every home as Bread. \$2.00 SALARY AND COMMISSION. Write The J. L. Nichols Co., Toronto, Ont.

WANTED.

WANTED—A FEW GOOD SHORT-horn cattle, also sheep; state breed and prices. J. B. Lindsay, Onion Lake, Alta.

WANTED—TEACHER FOR CREIGHTON S. D.

with permit or second-class certificate; state salary required. Address Secretary, Creighton, S.D., No. 168 Mannville, P.O., Alta.

WANTED—TEACHER FOR THE STELLAVILLE S.D.

No. 1915; duties to commence at once and continue for six months. Apply, stating qualifications and salary expected, to W. Coe, Sec. Treas., Mannville, P.O., Alta.

WANTED TEACHER—FOR MOOSE CREEK S.D.

No. 2062, holding first or second class professional certificate; duties to commence on or before May 1st, 1910; state experience, and salary expected. Apply to J.A. McCartney, Sec. Treas., Moose Station, Tyrrol P.O., via Vermilion, Alta.

Business Location Vacant

For rent or for sale 35x40, two storey hotel for sale or to rent, 16 roomed house near the railway on the E.P.P. A large variety of farms for sale.

Bruce Real Estate Co.

BRUCE, ALTA.

W. Curtis Hitcher

GLENOE, WESTBANK, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

OFFICES AT KINGSTON, TORONTO, WINNIPEG, FORT WILLIAM AND CALGARY.

Jas. Richardson & Sons

GRAIN MERCHANTS. Experience counts. Let us handle your grain and get full value. Consignments net truck orders, or commission or net truck orders, made at any time on any grain of any quality. Liberal advances and prompt adjustment. Write for information to branch office. Room 2 Alexander Corner, Calgary, Alta.

Equal in quality to the well-known pipe-tobacco and specially blended for cigarette smoking. TEN FOR TEN CENTS.

EDMONTON NEWS

Convict Dubois was admitted to the penitentiary on Saturday. This man was one of the Stettin horse thieves and received his trial and sentence at Red Deer last week.

The police are still after the citizens there are allowing their dogs to run at large without a license. Twelve cases were on the docket this morning but were allowed to pay the costs and take out the required license.

Lethbridge is to have a \$50,000 quiet on Monday evening one donation of \$10,000 was pledged and various other donations made, bringing the total up to \$15,500.

Cecil Goldart, assistant chief engineer of the Alberta and Great Western Railway, who has been confined to his home for several days, was down to the office yesterday for a runaway occurred on First street yesterday afternoon when a team attached to a wagon ran about two blocks, and one of the horses became so badly tangled up that it threw it, and broke its neck. The police were called by Dr. Pickering to shoot the poor beast to put it out of its misery.

A small fire occurred in the housekeeper's room at the King Edward hotel this morning at 10:45. The cause of the fire was a small spirit lamp that was left burning near the bed. The bed clothes became ignited and considerable smoke was the result. The fire was extinguished without the assistance of the department, and the damage will amount to \$20. The colored man was picked up by a member of the police force on Saturday night near the C.N.R. depot. He was taken to the police station and found to be in a very intoxicated condition, and he was removed from the station. He is now in the hospital at eleven o'clock as it was feared that he was dying. He is recovered today and will be around in a few days.

Another car accident. When car No. 19 was crossing the C.N.R. tracks yesterday afternoon at three o'clock on Mainway avenue, the fender caught on a plank and was doubled up under the car. Several boards in the rear of the car were broken, but no person was hurt.

Royal Alexandra Hospital. Tenders for the construction of the new \$150,000 hospital building, to be erected on the hospital property in the Hudson's Bay Reserve, opposite of Churchill avenue, are being advertised for this week. All tenders are to be in by the first of April and the board in the afternoon at once with the intention of having one wing of the hospital ready for occupation this fall.

Child badly hurt. A serious accident occurred at Lake Wabamun at 10:30 Monday morning when the two-year-old son of James Halm was run over by a sleigh "load of hay," the child's arm being severed at the elbow and the shoulder badly crushed. The Wabamun doctor dressed the arm and advised that the child be brought to the hospital here. This was done and the father arrived at the General Hospital at 11 o'clock Monday. Dr. Blair operated Tuesday afternoon at five o'clock at the arm of the shoulder. The child will probably recover.

Horse killed by street car. Kirkness street was the scene yesterday afternoon of a sad horse being killed by a street car. The horse, a bay, was being driven by the driver of the car, coming down towards Alberta avenue, was the cause of the horse becoming frightened and the rider was in control until the car was about to pass him, when the horse became unmanageable and sprang into the way of the approaching car, which struck it in the rump. The horse died in a few minutes and the owner stated that no blame could be attached to the street railway, as it was the fault of the horse becoming unmanageable.

S. A. Musical Festival. All music lovers will be interested in the visit of the Salvation Army band from Winnipeg to Edmonton next Tuesday evening, when they will hold a musical festival in the First Baptist church. The band has been received that 27 members of the band will take part in the festival here. They will parade on Jasper avenue, Tuesday afternoon about five o'clock. The Army band which will render the latest Army music on instruments made by the Army in England.

Producer plant for sale. Power House Superintendent McNaughton will leave in the course of a day or two for Milwaukee, where he will negotiate with the Allis-Chalmers-Bullock Company in reference to the purchase of a power plant. The trip of the superintendent is on the recommendation of J. E. Francis, the engineer investigating the power-house situation. The object of the superintendent's visit to Milwaukee is to see what can be done in the matter of fitting up the plant. Since the new steam engines were put in operation the gas producer and engine have been abandoned. Superintendent McNaughton will also obtain from the manufacturers of the plant an offer to take back the machines, which cost \$150,000, and which are now considered to be in the nature of a white elephant on the hands of the city.

Says statements are untrue. Medical Health Officer Dr. Whitlaw, when asked by a representative of the Bulletin if he had any statement to make in regard to the letter that appeared in the Bulletin making several and severe comments on the treatment a smallpox patient from Bon Accord received at the hands of the health department, said that in regard to the letter that was published, he was as follows: "Sold by all dealers."

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow. This can and will be abated, as the Health Officer recommended that the steam that comes from this rendering should be passed through a barrel of water before it is allowed to escape. This will remove the offensive odors and the nuisance will be done away with. Dr. Whitlaw states that it is not the proper place for a slaughter house, and in his report to the commissioners he will ask them to ascertain if the Burns people really intend to build this season, and if they do not, steps should be taken to remove this place at once.

When asked by the Bulletin if there was any disease arising in the Norwood school on account of this slaughter house, he stated that he had investigated this thoroughly and nothing of the sort had occurred as far as the school or medical authorities could ascertain.

When asked by the Bulletin if there was any disease arising in the Norwood school on account of this slaughter house, he stated that he had investigated this thoroughly and nothing of the sort had occurred as far as the school or medical authorities could ascertain.

When asked by the Bulletin if there was any disease arising in the Norwood school on account of this slaughter house, he stated that he had investigated this thoroughly and nothing of the sort had occurred as far as the school or medical authorities could ascertain.

Alberta Musical Festival. The annual Alberta Musical Festival has gained a recognized place in the life of the province. Started two years ago in the city of Edmonton it has since become the most important and most enjoyable of the province. The festival is held annually in the city of Edmonton and is a grand affair. It is a festival of music, of song, of drama, and of the spirit of the province. It is a festival that has become a part of the life of the province and is a festival that is loved by all.

Supreme Court en banc. The sitting of the supreme court en banc opened Tuesday morning at the Sandison block, all five judges being present. The decision of the court in the case of Rex vs. Alberta Irrigation company was given out. The court decided in favor of the company and the appeal of the company was dismissed. The court also decided in favor of the company in the case of Rex vs. Alberta Irrigation company.

Alberta Avenue Collision. The wheels skidding on slippery pavement in the case of the car No. 14, which was standing opposite the front of the car No. 14, and plowed its way half through the vestibule before coming to a stop. The car No. 14, in charge of Motorman Barry, was taken to the car barns for repairs, but the packing plant car remained in commission, running into the city with its passengers. Fortunately none of the passengers or crew were injured, though several received a shaking up. Neither of the cars left the rails.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

Not a menace to health. The health department has made an investigation into the complaint of citizens of Norwood concerning the Burns slaughter house. This investigation reports that the slaughter house is in a very good sanitary condition, and that the Burns people are as clean as the condition of the building will allow. The floors of this institution are made of plank, which does not furnish as good sanitary conditions as cement floors, but plenty of water is used and the place is kept clean. The complaint was made that was that of the offensive smell that arose when the slaughter house people were rendering tallow.

HOUSE OF COMMONS IN SPECTACULAR BATTLE

Parliament Sat All Evening. Through the night, and had not adjourned at 11 o'clock. This afternoon—Friday—Over Private Bill Concerning Power at Long Sault Rapids.

Ottawa, Mar. 15—Last evening, all during last night and today, the House of Commons have sat in a grim fight to a finish over a private bill. The government, led by Hon. W. S. Fielding and Hon. Wm. Pugsley, want this bill to go through. The opposition say it is a "wreck" and attempt to incorporate the St. Lawrence Power Transmission company. The opposition claim the bill merely seeks to power to build a transmission line.

The technical battle in this case is the opposition demands that Mr. Pugsley shall table plans which this power company has laid before him and also that the legislature of the New York state has legislated the company shall pay it from its operations on the other side of the line.

One of the objects was to get Pugsley on his feet as often as possible to tire him. He took it all good naturedly. Among the strongest opponents of the bill were Hon. Mr. Emmerson and Hon. G. Turin, of East Assiniboia. At eleven o'clock W. F. McLean was arguing that if the government was not content to this bill, it should call a halt in the proceedings. Why should the House give approval until the technical details, such as the International Waterways Commission and the Conservation Commission had been consulted. Hon. W. S. Fielding urged that the bill should be passed. The government was not trying to force the bill through and had made a reasonable proposal.

Col. Sam Hughes said they would go to the bottom of this. He said: "I am quite willing to help you. Not trying to force it." W. F. McLean said: "It is the intention of the government to pass this bill today night to force this bill through." Mr. Fielding replied that the government had no through the bill through clauses to which objections are taken at this sitting.

Mr. Fielding, Wright, said he had not made up his mind on the bill, but would like to see it considered clause by clause. Mr. Wilfrid came into the chamber a courier to drop the fight and let the members go home. Mr. Wilfrid shook his head. At 12:15 Laurier left the House and the leadership left to Hon. Sidney Fisher. The bill was passed at one o'clock with no prospect of an agreement to adjourn being arrived at.

ITALIANS WELL ARMED. General Search by Police Results in Arrest of 60. Montreal, March 15.—An arsenal of 60 stilettoes and 40 revolvers was procured by Chief McCaskill, of the criminal detective service, Saturday morning. The search was made in an attempt to relieve them of their weapons. The raid was made as the result of the number of Italian wounding scrapes which caused the Government to send a detachment of the King's Bench, which led the grand jury to recommend a general disarmament.

Fernie Suspects on Trial. Fernie, B.C., March 15.—The four accused Coal Creek holdups, Fred Bolinger, John Bolinger, known also as James Bolinger, Mat Babcock and F. Varlow, were arraigned before Magistrate Alexander yesterday afternoon. After formal evidence all were remanded until Monday without bail.

Brawl in Montreal Mislaid. Montreal, March 11.—Disturbances between Italian Catholics and Catholics resulted in a couple of the former being arrested for protesting too loudly at a banquet. After formal evidence all were remanded until Monday without bail.

Edmonton Distributing Co. Limited. Manufacturers' Agents representing The Manitoba Bridge and Iron Works. Grain Elevator Machinery—Write for catalogue. Structural and Bridge Steel, Wrought-Iron Castings. Special to Municipalities—Write for Prices on supplies for sewage and waterworks installations. SEPTIC TANKS AND FILTERS. Sewer and Water Pipes—Valves and Fittings. Phone 2413 Edmonton 205 Windsor Bldg.

PORTABLE SAW MILL and cut your own lumber.

Made at THE IMPERIAL FOUNDRY 56 1/2 High Street Edmonton, Al 1

LOANS Interest Never Exceeding 8% on Improved Farms. Advantageous Terms. No commission; lowest expenses; prompt attention. CREDIT FONCIER, F. C. Cor. Jasper and Third St. Edmonton. G. H. GOWAN, Local Manager.

Veterinary Ointment Small Tin 50c 2 1/2 lb. Tin \$2.00. A great healing ointment for Galls, Scratches, Cuts, Sores, etc., in Horses and Cattle. Jasper Veterinary Remedies are the best. 104 JASPER AVE. THE EDMONTON DRUG CO. LIMITED.

FOR SALE One located S.A. scrip. Coal on land. Railroad to be built within six miles this year. ADDRESS BOX 23, BULLETIN.

The Edmonton Seed House. Are now in their New Premises, 231 Rice street. They carry the largest stock of SEEDS in Alberta. SEED GRAINS, GARDEN and FLOWER SEEDS of all descriptions. See them before buying. WRITE FOR 1910 CATALOGUE. POTTER, MARSHALL & CO.

TWO DAYS' RUN ON A CLEVELAND BANK. \$1,250,000 Paid out at Rate of \$1,225 a Minute—Reward Offered for Capture of Originators of Canard Which Caused the Groundless Run. Thousands of Detectives Engaged.

Cleveland, Ohio, Mar. 13.—After a vigorous run upon a banking house as has ever been known in Cleveland, the stamped depositors of the Society for Savings gained their equilibrium and yesterday morning the panic was over. In the two days and a half that the run lasted, \$1,250,000 was paid at the rate of \$1,225 a minute. As the majority of deposits affected were small ones, hundreds amounting to less than \$100, the record made by the bank in handling this withdrawal is regarded as remarkable.

Farm for Sale. Farm for sale, 6 miles from Tofteld, Alta., 11.2 miles from Shotts siding on the G.T.P., consisting of 430 acres, 24 acres under cultivation, 13 acres more can be plowed without grubbing, all fenced. Good frame house, built last summer, 16x22, 11-2 stables, good stables for 10 horses, 50 ft. long, the well, granary to hold 7,000 bushels of grain. Price \$28 per acre before seeding.

The Georgian Bay Canal. Interest Again Aroused in This Geographical Project. Montreal, Mar. 13.—Interest is again being aroused in the Georgian Bay canal scheme. It is announced that Sir Robert Poirer, who has been working for the connection with the project. W. J. Poirer, who is in Ottawa today in connection with the scheme as an act respecting the project received royal assent. He thought there will be some development in the matter soon. Senator Casgrain, when spoken to today, he hoped an agreement would be ported between a company and the government which would enable start to be made on the work as soon as possible.

CANNON FACES DEFEAT. Insurgents Unshaken in Demand to Be Removed. Washington, Mar. 13.—Speech Cannon faces a similar assured certainty of humiliating defeat tomorrow. He is to lose his position as chairman of the House committee on railroads and legislation. The insurgents are unshaken in their demand that the speaker be removed from office. An adjournment of the committee. Adjournment was at five o'clock this afternoon, and the session closed.

Died From Heart Failure. Montreal, Mar. 13.—Eucharist domains, 76 Joliette street, got about six o'clock this morning light the fire. He was in bed. He died as he lay down, was 72 years of age.

GREAT CAR STRIKES STILL UNSETTLED

Philadelphia, Pa., March 13.—progress appeared on the surface in movement for a settlement of the strike. State Senator McNichol and other members of the Union visited McNichol this afternoon for the first time since their return from Florida. After leaving the mayor's office, McNichol said he did not do the strike with the mayor; my visit was purely social. Mayor Reburn, however, does not believe McNichol nor Mr. Vary any definite suggestions to make. He is adhered to his determination to out of the controversy himself, would not interfere with any movement for peace.

Union President's Statement. W. D. Mahon, president of the International Carmen's Union, arrived in Detroit this afternoon from Detroit, where he had gone Wednesday. He said the split now is over the discharged that seems to me a little thing to get up a settlement. It did not do the same to find out what they were charged for. If it was for being Union men, the Union will insist on their reinstatement. If it was for being a misdoer, the Union will withdraw its support.

Violence Renewed Tonight. The violence was renewed tonight. In the afternoon Mrs. T. Pratt, shortly before 11 o'clock another car blown up. These reports were followed shortly after by still a third explosion. They all occurred in different sections of the city.

The first of the attacks occurred at 10 o'clock on Columbia street and 1st street when a powerful explosion, possibly a gas explosion, was heard descending a down street. The force of the explosion lifted the car several inches from the rails, and several passengers were thrown. There were seven passengers on the car at the time and one of them, Mrs. T. Pratt, slightly injured. Pieces of the glass fell about the heads of passengers who were thrown with violence to their seats.

The second explosion was near the corner of Courtland and Dauphin streets when a car was blown up. One of the rails. Not only were glass windows in the car shattered, but those in a dozen houses within the block were broken. There had been trouble this point early in the evening and the explosion occurred, the police had to drive the crowds away several times. Three passengers in the car were badly shaken up but no one was seriously hurt. Immediately following the explosion a crowd gathered in the street and began throwing stones at the men, who had remained by the car. Several mounted police dispersed the crowd.

Formaldehyde Warranted 40%. Fresh stock for this spring. Now on Sale. Avoid possible delay by securing your stock now. Kills smut on wheat and oats. PRICE 20c LB. at the King Edward Drug Store. GEO. H. GRAYDON, Druggist, 200 Jasper Ave.

Timothy Seed. FIRST CLASS QUALITY BROME AND ALLSYKE. Field and Garden Seeds. FLOUR at wholesale prices. H. Wilson, 44 Queens Ave.

Farm for Sale. Farm for sale, 6 miles from Tofteld, Alta., 11.2 miles from Shotts siding on the G.T.P., consisting of 430 acres, 24 acres under cultivation, 13 acres more can be plowed without grubbing, all fenced. Good frame house, built last summer, 16x22, 11-2 stables, good stables for 10 horses, 50 ft. long, the well, granary to hold 7,000 bushels of grain. Price \$28 per acre before seeding.

The Edmonton Distributing Co. Limited. Manufacturers' Agents representing The Manitoba Bridge and Iron Works. Grain Elevator Machinery—Write for catalogue. Structural and Bridge Steel, Wrought-Iron Castings. Special to Municipalities—Write for Prices on supplies for sewage and waterworks installations. SEPTIC TANKS AND FILTERS. Sewer and Water Pipes—Valves and Fittings. Phone 2413 Edmonton 205 Windsor Bldg.

Edmonton Distributing Co. Limited. Manufacturers' Agents representing The Manitoba Bridge and Iron Works. Grain Elevator Machinery—Write for catalogue. Structural and Bridge Steel, Wrought-Iron Castings. Special to Municipalities—Write for Prices on supplies for sewage and waterworks installations. SEPTIC TANKS AND FILTERS. Sewer and Water Pipes—Valves and Fittings. Phone 2413 Edmonton 205 Windsor Bldg.

Edmonton Distributing Co. Limited. Manufacturers' Agents representing The Manitoba Bridge and Iron Works. Grain Elevator Machinery—Write for catalogue. Structural and Bridge Steel, Wrought-Iron Castings. Special to Municipalities—Write for Prices on supplies for sewage and waterworks installations. SEPTIC TANKS AND FILTERS. Sewer and Water Pipes—Valves and Fittings. Phone 2413 Edmonton 205 Windsor Bldg.

Edmonton Distributing Co. Limited. Manufacturers' Agents representing The Manitoba Bridge and Iron Works. Grain Elevator Machinery—Write for catalogue. Structural and Bridge Steel, Wrought-Iron Castings. Special to Municipalities—Write for Prices on supplies for sewage and waterworks installations. SEPTIC TANKS AND FILTERS. Sewer and Water Pipes—Valves and Fittings. Phone 2413 Edmonton 205 Windsor Bldg.