

THREE KILLED IN A BERT QUARRY

Dislodged Earth Crushed Four Men in Fall, One Escaping Death Miraculously.

Two Others Have Narrow Escape -- Boy Eludes Supt. McDonald at Moncton.

Special to The Standard. Moncton, N. B., Dec. 16.—The most distressing accident in the history of plaster quarrying at Hillsboro took place this afternoon about 3 o'clock, when three men were completely buried by a fall of rock and earth, and lost their lives. A fourth was badly injured, but will recover.

The dead are: Fred Nelson, aged 38, of Hillsboro, leaving wife and two children. Edward Collette, of Kent County, aged 45, wife and eight children.

Thee Allan, of Kent County, aged 21, unmarried.

The injured man, Octave Duplissey, was pinned under a rock that five men could not lift, but miraculously escaped serious injury, being able to walk a short time after his release.

Nelson, one of the men killed and Ernest Allan, were drilling on the face of a 40 foot embankment for the purpose of blasting when they struck a hidden crevice, or fissure, which caused the overhanging earth and rock above, to come tumbling down.

Allain stepped aside just in time and James Livingstone, the foreman, who was nearby also saw the movement of the earth and got clear.

Nelson was carried down with the avalanche, Collette and Theo. Allan who were killed, were loading a cart at the bottom of the hill and were completely buried. Duplissey was with them.

An inquest will be held. Supt. McDonald, of the Boys' Industrial Home, St. John, came to Moncton this afternoon for Frank McLaren and John Copeland, escaped boys who were last night. The lads were taken to the I. C. R. depot to be taken back to St. John, but while waiting for the train McLaren escaped from the superintendent. Up to the present he has not been recaptured.

REBELS WIN OUT IN MEXICO

150 Federal Troops Lay Down Their Arms After Battle of Several Hours—Communication Cut Off.

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 16.—Federal troops were completely overthrown in an engagement lasting several hours at La Junta, a small town near Minaca, on the Mexico, Northern and Orient railroad, according to information received by railroad officials here. At 4.30 o'clock this afternoon, the remnant of the federal troops numbering 150, surrendered their arms and ammunition and were allowed to depart in the direction of Chihuahua.

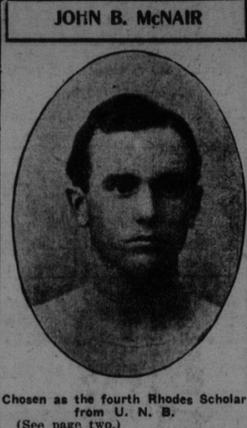
As telegraph wires were cut in many places, no details of the battle can be secured. A telephone wire running north through the mountains brought the news to the Juarez branch of the Mexico Northwestern, that the federals were overwhelmingly defeated and that the survivors had surrendered. The federal forces were supposed to number over 1,000 men and were in command of Generals Navarro and Hernandez.

The fight at La Junta is believed to be a continuation of the battle reported in the vicinity of San Andres Thursday night. An effort was made today to run trains over the Mexico Northwestern into Chihuahua but with what success cannot be learned. The railway officials say that the insurgents are in complete control of the entire region and that traffic is practically at a standstill.

Train Backed. Mexico City, Mex., Dec. 16.—A special to the El Perito, from Chihuahua dated yesterday, stated that fighting started anew at Pedernales. A train from Manaca, Chihuahua, was surrounded by insurgents upon its arrival at that town, captured and backed to a point near San Antonio, but for what purpose was unknown.

MANY KILLED IN UPRISING

Lima Peru, Dec. 16.—Insurgents have taken the town of Abancay, capital of the department and province of Apurimac in southern Peru. In the fighting which preceded the fall of the town, many persons on both sides were killed or wounded. The government is rushing troops to the district.



JOHN B. McNAIR

Chosen as the fourth Rhodes Scholar from U. N. B. (See page two).

WILL BUILD 2 EMPRESSES FOR PACIFIC

Arthur Piers Makes Definite Announcement That No Change Is To Be Made In C. P. R. Atlantic Service.

The C. P. R. will build two new Empress steamers for the Pacific trade, and they will be the finest boats on the Pacific when they are built. The plans have been prepared and were brought to Canada a few weeks ago, and work on the boats will be commenced at once.

So said Arthur Piers to a Standard man last evening just a short time before he sailed for England on the Empress of Britain. Mr. Piers came here a week ago on the same steamer and it was reported that he was coming to this side with the plans for two new steamers for the Atlantic service.

Mr. Piers was summoned to Montreal from his English office to confer with the heads of the C. P. R. as to the new steamers, and the result of that conference is as stated. This statement disposes of the rumor that big new boats are to be built for this service. Mr. Piers smiled when asked as to the anticipated increased competition from the Royal line, the expected Grand Trunk Pacific steamers, the White Star-Do union line, the Allan line and others which have been mentioned in the papers as likely to make special efforts to capture the new mail contract, as well as the bulk of the Atlantic passenger trade, with new steamers which will be faster than anything now on the route.

No Change on Atlantic. "I have told you," said he, "that the C. P. R. will build two new fast steamers for the Pacific route, and that the Empresses which are now on the Atlantic will remain here. That is the truth, and you are the first newspaper to get it. Beyond that I have nothing to say."

"It has been reported that the new steamers would be put on the Atlantic route, and that in fact that you brought the plans for them back with you on your last trip," said the reporter.

"That is not correct, the new steamers will go to the Pacific and the Empress of Britain and Ireland will remain here. They are good boats and the service they give is satisfactory."

Asked as to C. P. R. business generally, Mr. Piers said he expected the coming summer season would see a large number of English tourists in this country, as Canada was fast becoming a choice tourist resort where the visitor could obtain all the variations of scene and climate that could be found in Europe, from Switzerland to Italy.

Mr. Piers expects to return to Canada before the winter season is over.

BRITISH ELECTIONS END TODAY WITH PARTIES EVEN



THE SAME OLD TIE HOLDS.

NINETEEN ARE ROUNDED UP

Postal Inspectors Aim Blow At Alleged Fraudulent Concern In Pennsylvania — Correspondence School Implicated.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 16.—Nineteen arrests were made by postal inspectors today in towns in Pennsylvania and New Jersey in the government's crusade against persons accused of using the mails to defraud. All the defendants were held in jail for trial or for further hearing. Seven of the defendants were given hearings in Philadelphia. These were four officials of the Chain Shoe store syndicate, with offices in this city; two constitute the Pine Heights Co., a New Jersey land improvement concern, with Philadelphia connections and the seventh is a local physician.

The complete list of defendants with the results of their hearing follows: Chain Shoe store syndicate; Louis L. Rice, president, Philadelphia, Andrew C. Pa'erson, first vice-president also president of the Excelsior Trust Co. of Philadelphia, Edgar Pohlke, 2nd vice-president and treasurer; Geo. H. Brooks, 3rd vice-president. Each was held in \$1,000 for a further hearing.

Pine Heights Co., Robert G. Morris, Philadelphia; Henry P. Stanton, Ocean City, N. J., held in \$500 bail each for trial. Other individuals arrested were: Dr. J. B. Hornstein, Philadelphia, \$800; Chas. F. McKee, Huntingdon, Pa., \$1,000, for a further hearing; J. S. Lepsch, Ridgeway, Pa., \$1,500 for a further hearing; John J. Weitzel, Lancaster, Pa., \$1,000, for trial; Abra G. Stauffer and Oscar A. Stauffer, Palmyria, Pa., \$5,500 each, for court; Wm. S. Leann, Lebanon, Pa., \$500, for court; Ira C. Webster, Newark, N. J., \$1,000, for court; Oscar Gustavson, Jersey City, N. J., \$1,500, for further hearing; S. Joseph Silverman, Pittsburg, \$2,500, for court.

Correspondence School. Lewis Conrad, Conrad Lotz and Wm. Bingham, officers of the Correspondence Institute of America, at Scranton, Pa., are also held for \$1,000 each for further hearing. This organization has no connection with the International Correspondence Schools. The postal inspectors allege that this concern procured lists of high school students and wrote to them stating that their names had been recommended as those of persons with artistic talent. On this account the institute offered a \$42 course of art instruction under its faculty of fine arts artists for \$18.50. It was said there were 6,000 students enrolled in the business of the concern.

NEWFOUNDLAND TO CONFER ON FISHERIES

Premier Likely To Visit Washington To Meet Canadian And U. S. Delegates—Amicable Adjustment.

St. John's, N. F., Dec. 16.—It was stated today that early in January the Premier of Newfoundland probably would visit Washington for the purpose of conferring with representatives of Canada and the United States regarding an amicable modification of the fishery regulations as a result of the recent Hague decision.

The recent ruling of the American board of treasury appraisers, facilitating the admission of Newfoundland fish into American ports, is regarded here as indicating a friendly attitude on the part of the American officials.

Only Eight Seats Remain to be Battled for --Lords Party Call Result a Draw.

London, Dec. 16.—With only twenty-eight seats in the new House of Commons yet to be filled, the general elections are practically ended. Of the vacant seats twenty already have been polled for, although the results will not be known until tomorrow.

The position of the contending parties tonight is:— Government coalition . . . . . 265 Unionist opposition . . . . . 265

The members of the House of Lords party are agreed to call the result of the balloting a draw, but there is no unanimity among them as yet. They are to meet the next morning when parliament meets. Some of them want the House of Lords straightway to reject the government's veto bill, while others favor discussing the bill and eventually placing wholesale amendments in it.

The Unionist "Saturday Review" declares that King George was badly advised in consenting to the dissolution of parliament, but it says it cannot see how His Majesty now can avoid coming to a decision in favor of either one party or the other.

Results announced follow:— Down (South)—J. Macevaugh (Nationalist), majority 628. No change. Hertfordshire (Hitchine)—Dr. A. Hillier (Unionist), majority 1,291. No change. Ayrshire—J. S. Ainsworth (Liberal), majority 257. No change. Aberdeenshire (West)—J. H. Henderson (Liberal), majority 2,183. No change. Lincolnshire (Stamford)—C. W. Loughby (Unionist), majority 339. No change.

Londonshire, north—H. T. Barrie, Unionist, majority 2,743. No change. Continued on page 2.

APPOINT RECEIVERS OF U. S. CANNING CO.

Buffalo, N. Y., Dec. 16.—Receivers for the United States Canning Co. were appointed by Judge Hazel in the United States court here today. While no schedule of assets and liabilities was filed, President John Lloyd Jones, of the company places them at approximately \$1,000,000 in resources and half that sum in indebtedness.

The company has ten plants in the fruit belts of Ontario, western New York and Ohio. The application for the receivership was made by Attorney Wm. L. Marcy, representing the Bank of North America, of Philadelphia. The receivers are Wm. Sterling of New York and Arthur R. Moore, of Fredonia.

LOOKING FOR SANTA; BURNED TO DEATH

Phillipsburg, Dec. 16.—Marjorie Korp, four years old, daughter of Geo. Korp, lighted a match this afternoon and peered up an open fire place looking for Santa Claus.

Her clothing caught fire and she was so badly burned that physicians say she cannot live.

FLOODS RAGE IN ENGLAND

Two Weeks Of Rain Have Resulted In Worst Overflow In Thirty Years—Many Houses Ruined.

London, Dec. 16.—It is thirty years since England has known such floods as are now devastating immense stretches of the country. The deluge of rain practically has been incessant since the first of December, only two days out of the sixteen being without rain. The farmers have suffered heavy losses.

Large areas of territory are so inundated that five barred gates are covered with water which in some part of the country is twelve feet deep. In many villages houses have been flooded, and the residents are living in upper stories.

The outlook in the Thames valley is grave. The river has risen ten inches in the Henley district within the last thirty-six hours and flooded enormous areas. Many residences have been irretrievably ruined.

London, Dec. 16.—Tonight the gale increased to a hurricane in the English channel, reaching a velocity of 70 miles an hour. Cross-channel traffic between France and Dover was suspended. At Dover widespread damage was done among the shipping and to property along the coast.

No serious marine disasters or loss of life at sea have been reported. A large force of soldiers is engaged at Dover in protecting from the storm a number of aeroplanes waiting there for an opportunity to make a cross-channel flight. Two of these were badly damaged despite the efforts of the soldiers.

ALLEGED ATTEMPT TO BLACKMAIL DUGRESS

Interesting Developments Expected to Arise in Case Before London Courts—Widow Of Boston Man.

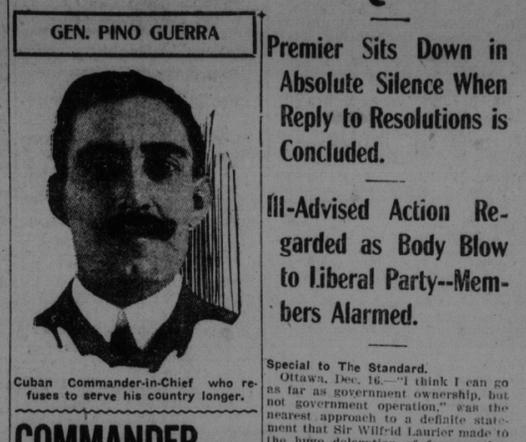
Paris, Dec. 16.—Further sensational developments are promised in connection with the arrest in London of Alexandro Tscherniedoff, charged with conspiring to blackmail Lucy Tate de Choiseul, of Paris, the widow of Chas. H. Paine, of Boston. Tscherniedoff, who posed as a count, but who, according to the counsel for the prosecution in reality was a Russian peasant, was remanded in the Marylebone police court Dec. 13, bail having been accepted in the sum of \$10,000.

The attorney for the Duchess De Choiseul says that other arrests both in London and on the continent are impending and intimates that the plea to blackmail the former Mrs. Payne, which was based upon alleged letters written by her to the so-called Count De Gattigny who is under arrest, for an attempt to extort from the complainant \$20,000 for spurious pictures supplied to her late husband, had many ramifications.

SPEAKS AT THE LAST.

Columbus, Ind., Dec. 16.—Recovering her voice suddenly after having been dumb many weeks, Mrs. Albert Hook, aged 20, called her husband and other members of her family to her bedside, bade them farewell, in firm tone, and died. She had been alive for a year.

LAURIER FLOITS FARMERS' REQUEST



GEN. PINO GUERRA

COMMANDER OF CUBAN ARMY HAS RESIGNED

General Guerra Wounded In Attack, Declines To Serve Either At Home Or Abroad—Ill-Feeling Exists.

Havana, Dec. 14.—President Gomez today accepted the resignation of Major-General Pino Guerra as commander-in-chief of the army.

The relations between the commander-in-chief and the president have been strained for some time, and Guerra recently offered his resignation, which, however, at the time President Gomez declined to accept. It is understood that General Guerra insisted upon retiring.

The president offered the general a special foreign mission to study the armies of Europe, but this was declined, on the ground that the general's health in consequence of the recent attack made upon him would not permit him to leave home.

ARMAMENTS CAUSE OF WAR

English Speaker At Peace Conference Charges Manufacturers Ferment Trouble Between Nations.

Washington, Dec. 16.—That war scares are largely inspired by "armament contractors" who ultimately would drag various countries into bankruptcy," was charged by Francis W. Hirst, editor of the London Economist, in an address before the international conference for the judicial settlement of disputes tonight.

He characterized as absurd the purchase of Dreadnoughts by Brazil, "to protect itself against Argentina" and declared that rivalry between Japan and the United States was crushing Japan under a load of taxes while armament expenditures also were wrecking the finances of Great Britain and Germany.

The permanent court of arbitral justice, the purpose of which the society hopes ultimately to put into effect, received favorable and unfavorable treatment by various speakers of day. Mr. Hirst, the English representative at the conference, commented on the danger of having the court "too judicial" urging that diplomacy be mingled with justice to the general satisfaction of all.

He read a letter from the lord high chancellor of England, who wrote: "I need not tell you how deep and sincere is my sympathy with any movement to further the judicial settlement of international disputes."

Mr. Hirst discussed the race for supremacy in armies and navies and power of contractors who supply governments with stores and armaments of all kinds, is portentous. They can well afford to keep a press which shall rouse or aggravate jealousies playing off the prospective battleships against each other.

There are four or five notable instances just now, namely: "The naval and military preparations of the Young Turks against Greece and Bulgaria, which have created a deficit of ten or twelve million pounds sterling, the absurd purchase of Dreadnoughts by Brazil, which have proved a far greater danger to the republic of Argentina, against which they were designed. The supposed attempt of Germany to supplant Great Britain at sea, the rivalry between Japan and the United States, which is almost crushing the people of Japan under a load of taxes. The favorite reply of armament-mongers is that armaments are the only security."

Premier Sits Down in Absolute Silence When Reply to Resolutions is Concluded.

Ottawa, Dec. 16.—"I think I can go as far as government ownership, but not government operation," was the nearest approach to a definite statement that Sir Wilfrid Laurier made to the huge delegation of farmers that waited on him in the chamber of the Commons today. He was speaking in regard to the demand of the farmers that the Hudson Bay railroad be government owned and government operated in perpetuity.

Ill-Advised Action Regarded as Body Blow to Liberal Party--Members Alarmed.

This meagre statement coming alone has angered the farmers who have spent somewhere between fifty and one hundred thousand dollars on this great deputation. On all sides one hears tonight angry comment, for to them government ownership is nothing without government operation. Their object is to have the railway rates controlled in a district in which there will be no competition. They cannot do it without government operation, they say.

Nothing Promised. The farmers had presented to the premier an effective plea of government ownership to remedy existing and serious evils which are eating their hearts out. They asked for nothing get something. They got nothing.

They asked for a system of flour mills and chilled meat facilities to help their export trade. The premier thought so little of their demand that he did not even refer to it in his reply.

They asked for legislation to effect the incorporation of co-operative societies. The premier did not think it worth while to reply to this either.

Nor did Sir Wilfrid Laurier utter one word regarding their resolution on the bank act.

In regard to the other great question of having the terminal elevators at Port William and Port Arthur government owned and operated, he told them in pretty plain terms that they did not know what was the solution of the difficulty. The solution, he said, was in the carrying of the grain direct from Port Arthur to Europe. That would prevent mixing of the grain.

He forgot, say the farmers tonight, that that would not solve the difficulty of the millers in Canada getting mixed grain. He did not go as far as he did on his western tour last summer. In reference to the resolution of the tariff against Great Britain, he gave no answer either. And in his general remarks to the farmers in reference to reciprocity he was as vague as it was possible for a man to be.

Liberal Members Alarmed. The situation among the farmer's delegates is so crucial that a number of the Liberal members of parliament went to the premier this evening and laid the necessities of the case before him in the plainest possible terms. They pointed out that the farmers had asked for bread and he had given them a stone. In other words they had been turned down and out into the cold. They have arranged to stay over for some days and interview the premier again.

Liberals regard the answer of the premier as the bitterest blow the party has received of late. It is possible that a peculiar incident may have accounted for the premier's attitude towards the delegates. Last evening some of the Liberal members of the Commons got together and arranged for a Quebec farmer named Lachapelle and a Quebec member of parliament named Seguin, to offset the appeal of the delegation by reading a resolution purporting to come from the farmers of Quebec, commending the principles of the resolutions of the Ontario and the Western men, and calling for a high protective tariff.

This was designed to give Sir Wilfrid Laurier an opportunity to say in his opinion, and so he would not feel compelled to divulge his intentions. But a curious thing happened. The resolution was handed to the newspaper men so that they would be facilitated in getting the reports of the spectacular move away in good time to their newspapers. However, Hon. Frank Oliver sided up the

SHOOTING OF LONDON POLICE

London, Dec. 16.—A police sergeant was killed and four policemen were wounded, one probably fatally tonight, in a revolver battle with burglars trapped on the second floor of a jewelry shop in Cutler street, Houndsditch.

The robbers waited at the top of the stairs, picked off the constables as they ascended, and then made good their escape.





# The Standard



Published by The Standard Limited, 35 Prince William Street, St. John, Canada.

### TELEPHONE CALLS:

Business Office ..... Main 1722  
Editorial and News ..... Main 1746

### SUBSCRIPTION:

Morning Edition, By Carrier, per year, \$1.00  
Morning Edition, By Mail, per year, .... 3.00  
Weekly Edition, by Mail, per year, .... 1.00  
Weekly Edition to United States .... 1.50  
Single Copies Two Cents.

Chicago Representative:  
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SAINT JOHN, SATURDAY MORNING, DEC. 17, 1910.

### THE GRAIN GROWERS' DEPUTATION.

The large delegation representing the Grain Growers of the West which presented its views to the Government and Opposition members yesterday at Ottawa, was a noteworthy one in many ways. There have been organizations of farmers from time to time which have played a more or less important part in the political life of the country, and then dissolved gradually into their primal elements. The Grangers and the Patrons of Industry will be easily recalled. Though they failed to maintain their organizations in force for any long period, they put forth inclusive and vigorous programs and made things lively for political candidates in the hey-day of their strength. Nor were they without effect in protest against admitted inequalities and in influencing salutary legislation for their removal.

The Grain Growers' Association has been gradually sinking its roots in Western soil, and within a few years has had a vigorous and rapid growth. Today it has a large membership, a firm organization, considerable funds, and an up-to-date and able organ, the Grain Growers Guide, whose circulation reaches many thousands. It has also scored local successes of much importance in the Western provinces, and is today a power to be reckoned with between the Great Lakes and the Rockies. This is its first dash eastward, and into the arena of Dominion politics. Its demands are not hesitating, its arguments in support are direct, tersely expressed, and insistent for speedy recognition in deeds. Being emboldened in the fragrant unguents of soft words and soothing promises is not to its taste. It asks much, whether its faith that it shall receive is equal to the volume of its requests, is another question.

In the West there are grain growers, grain buyers, and grain carriers, and enmeshed in the subtle methods and clashing interests, and perhaps also, the underlying desire for gain, pushed by each to extremity, lies the genesis of the present movement. The individual producer of grain saw himself badgered in price by the buyer, whose sole thought was to screw the seller down to the lowest possible figure. It was "take it or leave it," and at first it ended in the offered price being accepted in lieu of the alternative of not selling at all. But it was accepted with sundry deep if not loud protestations. The grain carrier lorded it over both seller and buyer. The railway was the sole conveyor of the golden harvest to the far away shipping ports, and distances were long and rates were high. In earlier years railways were few and elevator facilities were limited, and these added disadvantages all bulked on the producer and depressed his returns. Gradually the competition of buyers, the multiple action of carriers, the betterment of elevator facilities, and the rapid increase of freights brought about an amelioration of the primal conditions, but it came slowly, and the old sense of unfairness persisted. Gradually, too, the farmers became more numerous, more independent, and more inclined to stand by each other, and press for all that was due them, and may be even more, in order to make up for past inequalities in the division of profits.

The Grain Growers' Association embodies the aggregation and co-operation of the producers, asking and determined to get a square deal from the other partners in the great grain business. And they have a right to a square deal. So long as they stand for that, the sense of justice and fair play in Canada will support them. It is only when their demand for a square deal denies equal right to all other classes of the community that real trouble will be met. The demands formulated by the Grain Growers touch mainly the problems of grain purchase and transport. They ask that the Hudson Bay Railway shall be built by the Government, and either operated by it or made a common route for the corporation railways at a rental, of course. They are averse to its becoming the property of any one railway system. In this they will have the sympathy of the great body of Canadians. It is not likely that more than one trunk line will be needed to outfit the traffic via Hudson's Bay, and, in order to provide the cheapest carriage and prevent monopoly, it is necessary to have perfect government control. This can not well be done except through the government ownership of the road.

They demand that terminal and transfer elevators shall be owned by the Government and operated by commission. This demand arises from the conviction of the Grain Growers that companies do not give a fair deal in the graded grain, and that, therefore, they suffer in price. If their allegation is true they have a right to a quick and complete remedy. Whether this can best be done by Government ownership or a system of control is to be considered carefully. The tendency is to urge Government unduly to take up the work of individuals and aggregations of individuals. Every new proposal should be most thoroughly weighed, and no business should be undertaken by the State, outside of the great public utilities, without the most complete consideration. In this matter the Grain Growers are entitled to a remedy, but it is not at all clear that Government ownership of terminal elevators is the proper remedy.

They demand also the consideration by the Government of the chilled meat industry in the West. This arises from the difficulties they find in marketing their cattle. They say they are at the mercy of the buyers, and have to accept prices that are unremunerative.

What they are after is a complete service, inaugurated and maintained by the Government and which will ensure the best prices for their product. Stations erected at convenient places, at which cattle can be purchased and converted into chilled meat, and the whole conducted by the Government will, they believe, solve the problem. Here again it is possible that such a service would effect the object aimed at, but is the Government to undertake this immense industry at its costs and charges, or is it best to leave it to private and co-operative effort, with, if you please, a rigid control and supervision, such as will ensure a fair deal? The Grain Growers ask for amendments to the railway act to ensure fair payment for stock killed on railway tracks, and for the enactment of co-operative laws to provide for groups of farmers and others to form trading societies. These requests are reasonable; the latter, however, should be guarded so as to prevent irresponsible and poorly based companies from exploitations which, in the end, might cause much loss and suffering.

But over and above all this the Grain Growers ask for the abolition of duties on the implements of their trade and the lowering of the tariff on articles of necessity used largely by the farmers. Here a different ground is broken and the interests of other classes of the country are touched. They pay now a duty of 17 1/2 per cent. on agricultural implements—the lowest rate put on any great staple commodities. If the tools of the farmers are to be made free, what of those used by the artisans, the miners, the lumbermen, and the other industries? If we must raise our revenue by customs impost, can it be contended that 17 1/2 per cent. is an unreasonable rate? If the plea of the farmers as to their implements is admitted, on what principle can like treatment be withheld from others, and if all are admitted, what of the revenue? In 1878 Canada pronounced in favor of a protective system, and has since maintained it. The degree of protection is one of the lowest of all protective countries, and all countries are now protective except Great Britain and Turkey. The United States tariff averages 42 per cent. on its dutiable imports, whilst the Canadian averages about 28 per cent. Under this system of protection Canada has made immense strides, and built up her industries, her great systems of transport and her seaports. What would happen if this policy was suddenly reversed, and our markets and resources thrown open to the protected nations of the world?

All these questions, and they are profoundly important, are raised by this contention of the Grain Growers. It is quite proper for the Grain Growers or any other body to raise these questions, but they must not complain if the counter case is raised also. And in the end the matter must be decided in the interests of the whole country, with a square deal for all and injustice to none. But it is not inconsistent with the square deal to insist that all classes must unite in a spirit of fairness and public service, to bear equally the burdens of development and nation building in which we are now engaged.

### WHY "XMAS"?

The modern habit of writing the word "Christmas" with an X is something which "good form" alone should forbid. The Greek letter for chi, found in the word for Christ, has the form of our X and from this the abbreviation of the word has followed. A writer in the Capital News of Boise, Idaho, reminds us that X stands for the unknown quantity in mathematical problems. Do those who use it, then, he asks, intimate thus their ignorance of the Christ? Certainly it would not seem as if any who have a deep sense of the sacredness of this word, "Christmas," would write it in a hasty abbreviation. Further, X is the sign used by illiterate people to show that they cannot write their own names. Is this Xmas, then, a sign that the present generation has not yet learned to write or read its title clear? X is furthermore a voiceless letter; that is, it has to borrow the sound of other letters to make itself heard. It is the ostracized letter of the alphabet and always discarded when its use is not indispensable. If X is regarded as a sign of the cross, that great symbol of Christian history, it is incorrect in form. In any case, to connect the thought of the cross with the Christmas blessing is no longer the need for those who have witnessed the resurrection. Let this symbol of ignorance, indifference and suffering, then, no longer appear as a disguise of the beautiful word "Christmas."

The writer in the News concludes:—Let this meaningless, ugly sign "X" be banished forever. Let the reporter scorn to use it. Let the city editor frown upon it and stab it with his blue pencil. Let the advertisement writer cease to make it a blot and blur upon his otherwise beautiful lettering. Let the teacher, with his fine sense of the eternal fitness of things condemn it. Let the student be taught never to use it. Let the people in their private correspondence disdain to disgrace their letters with its presence. Let every one demand the removal of this barnacle from the English language. And whenever we have occasion in writing or printing to refer to the initial event of the centuries, let us use that sweet, sacred and beautiful word, "Christmas."

### Current Comment

(Cleveland Plain Dealer.)

Grandmother's pumpkin pies, with crisp crust, and without too much of that ineffable ginger in the mushy part, were good. But no city pumpkin pies are good. They are so full of ginger that they offend the educated palate. They have lumps in them, too, usually. They are not baked so that a fine dry skin forms over the soft part of the pie like an extemporaneous or accidental upper crust, holding in all the lusciousness. There are no good pumpkin pies in the restaurants or in the hotels. Our "hired girl" does not make good pumpkin pies. Our friend's wife, who is very proud of her culinary skill, does not make good pumpkin pies. There are no good pumpkin pies in all this teeming city.

(Montreal Gazette.)

It is now charged that in the once good Toronto the golf links are crowded with players on Sundays and that the toboggan slides are demoralizing the community. Toronto entered on the downward path by buying ice cream on Sundays. Then it voted for Sunday street cars. Next it stoned the Monday street cars. From that to Sunday golf games was an easy step. Then came the toboggan slide to illustrate how rapid is the rush down the moral grade.

(Chatham Commercial, Lib.)

Up to the time of going to press, no tidings have reached us of the collapse of the Hazen administration. From the blazing headlines over the reports in the various opposition journals, of the recent smoker given by the Young Liberals of St. John, one is led to infer that such collapse is hourly expected.

(Ottawa Citizen.)

The strike of the professional hockey players is over, thanks to the good offices of Hon. Mackenzie King, who refrained from interfering.



### HAPPENINGS OF THE DAY

Continued from page 3.

### NEWCASTLE

Newcastle, Dec. 15.—Ald. and Mrs. J. Gregory Layton have gone to New York where they will spend some five or six weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Howard Jones of Montreal who visited the former's sisters, Mrs. Brownlow Maltby, last week, are now spending a few days with Fred Jones of Nelson. Mrs. Ellen McKenzie and family of Rome, New York, are visiting the former's brother, Thomas Jeffrey, sr. Mr. and Mrs. Hedley V. Atkinson and little daughter, Dorothy, are visiting relatives in Moncton. Daniel Aiton, lumberman of Redbank, spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. James Aiton.

### HAMPTON

Hampton, Dec. 16.—On Tuesday evening at their home on Everall street, Hampton Station, Mr. and Mrs. Angeline entertained the following ladies and gentlemen to a social evening at bridge whist:—Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Scovill and Miss Mabel Scovill; Mr. and Mrs. R. A. March and J. Edgar March of St. John; Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Smith; Mr. and Mrs. Allan W. Hicks; Dr. and Mrs. W. S. Morrison; Mrs. C. Henry Smith; Mrs. N. E. Humphrey; Mrs. William Langlois; Mrs. E. Hooper; The Misses Hazel Baird and Marjorie Barnes; Messrs. J. B. DeLong; G. M. Wilson; A. N. McNeill; Wm. Barnes, and City Barnes. There was an agreeable social entertainment for those who did not play, and very tasty refreshments were served. The players who made the highest points were Mrs. J. M. Scovill and G. M. Wilson, to whom prizes were awarded, while consolation souvenirs were presented to Miss H. Baird and T. Wm. Barnes.

The Rev. H. Barker, Presbyterian, of Fredericton, visited his brother at St. Martins early this week, and returned in time to attend a church meeting on Saturday. Next week he leaves for Saskatchewan, where he has accepted a call. The Church of England people in this parish are about to suffer a great loss in the removal of their rector, Mr. H. F. W. Wainley, who, with Mrs. H. Whalley and their two daughters, the Misses Ursula and Hilda, will leave early in the New Year for England, where Mr. Whalley has accepted a call in the parish of Gaywood, in the county of Norfolk, where his father was rector for about forty years. Mr. Whalley had been feeling the need of a rest or change for some time, for the parish is very large, the parishioners numerous, scattered through six districts in each of which regular services had to be maintained, and among whom constant visitation is necessary. Among the visitors to Hampton during the past week, the following have been noted:—W. R. Williams, Moncton; M. N. Connolly and Mrs. Chas. Kelly, Great Salmon Falls; D. H. Smith, Captain Fred and Mrs. Gough, and Mrs. G. S. Bentley, St. Martins; Mrs. J. M. Burnett, Sussex; James Revlar and W. C. Cameron, Montreal; Mrs. T. C. Allan, Winton, Ont.; James Patton, R. Roach, R. M. Armstrong, G. Diahart, J. A. Kelly, C. S. March, D. McLeod, H. McCusker, R. W. Tilton, T. E. Simpson, M. Spear and Geo. Seord, all of St. John.

### Lord Northcliffe On Seasickness

Gentlemen:—Your letter of the 14th of September reached me on my return to England from a journey to Newfoundland and back, during which I have seen and heard abundant evidence of the fact that Mother'sill's Seasick Remedy appears to be, in nineteen cases out of twenty, an absolute cure for mal-de-mer, and also for what Americans call "Car-Sickness." I have taken it on many occasions, with excellent effect and no after-effect. You are quite at liberty to make use of this letter, as I think it a duty to express my opinion on the subject. Yours truly, NORTHCLIFFE, Sutton Place, by Guildford Surrey, England.

Mother'sill's Remedy Quickly Cures Sea or Train Sickness. Guaranteed safe and harmless. 50c. and \$1.00 a box at all Drug Stores and Drug Departments. If your druggist does not have it in stock he can get it for you from any Wholesale Druggist in Canada. Mother'sill Remedy Co., Ltd., Detroit, Mich., U. S. A.

### A. C. SMITH & CO. WHOLESALE

Hay, Oats AND Millfeeds Choice White Middlings and Manitoba Oats now on hand. Telephone West 7-11 and West 51. WEST, ST. JOHN N. B.

### A Watch Suggestion

Why not give the man something for Christmas that he can use—something purely practical—a reliable time piece? Our stock of watches is large and has been selected particularly with a view to their time keeping qualities. We aim to sell not cheap watches but accurate time-keepers at moderate prices. Step into our store today and let us show you these watches.

WALTHAM MOVEMENTS—In Gold Filled Cases ... \$10 and \$35  
L. L. SHARPE & SON MOVEMENTS—In Gold Filled Cases ... \$13 to \$27.  
HOWARD WATCHES—... \$37.50 to \$55  
14k SOLID GOLD WATCHES ... \$40 to \$100.

L. L. Sharpe & Son, Jewelers and Opticians, 21 KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

For Christmas Cooking NEW RAISINS, CURRANTS, CITRUS, MIXED SPICES. Only the best quality, at CHARLES A. CLARK'S, Phone 803, 18 Charlotte Street.

FISH and CLAM CHOWDERS STEAMED CLAMS served every day at J. ALLAN TURNER'S Restaurant, 12 Charlotte Street.

Ring up Main 1986-11 G. W. WILLIAMS, 18 Waterloo St. Have your Heating and Plumbing put in shape for Winter.

UP-TO-DATE SPECIALTIES Card Systems, Loose Leaf Systems, Manifold Systems, Self-Balancing Ledgers, Latest Edition of Pitman's Shorthand, Burrough's Adding Machine, Cammeter Multigraph, General Up-to-Datens. Latest Catalogue to any address. S. Kerr, Principal.

BE AN UP-TO-DATE SANTA CLAUS It's easy. No difficulties in the way if you attend Arnold's Great Sale of Dolls, Toys, China and Holiday Fancy Goods. Everything in Dolls, 1c to \$6.50 each.

Our Toy Stock is almost unlimited in variety, 1c. to \$12.00 each, in fancy goods and novelties; we have the right thing for everybody. Commencing Wednesday, 14th inst., Store will be open every evening until Christmas.

ARNOLD'S DEPARTMENT STORE, 83-85 Charlotte Street.

The Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada Will support you in old age or look after your family if you are prematurely taken away. It will cost you comparatively little each year. ASK OUR AGENTS FOR PRICES. Assets nearly \$35,000,000. G. C. JORDAN, Manager for N. B.

Clapboards and Shingles ALSO Ruberoid Roofing

Murray & Gregory, Ltd. ST. JOHN, N. B.

SASKATCHEWAN LOAN. Regina, Dec. 16.—A Saskatchewan loan of £1,000,000 will be issued in London shortly, bearing interest at 4 per cent. per annum.

### DO NOT DELAY The Selection of Your Christmas Gifts--Time is Flying

Gifts of Jewelry are of intrinsic value, they are lasting and carry with them an expression of sentiment. Our Xmas Showing contains a host of choice articles which will meet this end. Come and see us and we will help you to make a selection.

Ferguson & Page, Diamond Importers & Jewelers, 41 King Street.

ALL NEW YORK IS SINGING "THE CUBANOLA GLIDE" JUST RECEIVED IN THE FAMOUS Columbia Records MARITIME PHONOGRAPH CO.

WE HAVE A NICE LINE OF Ladies' and Gents' Leather Goods PURSES, HANDBAGS PORTFOLIOS, ETC. AN ELEGANT STOCK OF Crane's Celebrated Christmas Stationery IN BEAUTIFUL BOXES. BARNES & CO., LTD. 84 Prince William Street.

Greater Speed Greater Accuracy UNDERWOOD STANDARD TYPEWRITER THE MACHINE YOU WILL EVENTUALLY BUY. The New Brunswick. United Typewriter Co., Limited, ST. JOHN, N. B.

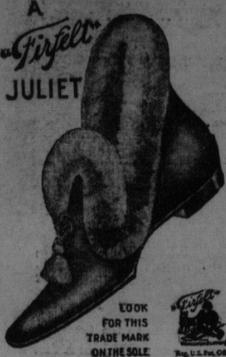
Hockey Boots Buy early before they are all picked up. Men's Hockey Boots, \$1.75, \$2.00 Boys' Hockey Boots, 1.50, 1.75 Youths' Hockey Boots, 1.25. Skates put on free of charge while you wait.

SINCLAIR'S, 65 Brussels St. For Christmas Cooking, Quality Counts NEW RAISINS, NEW CURRANTS, NEW PEELS, SHELLED NUTS FIGS, DATES, ALMOND MEAL, ALMOND PASTE, SWEET CIDER, PURE LEAF LARD. Delivery to Carleton, Fairville and North End. Phone. 543 F. E. WILLIAMS CO., LTD.

EVERYONE A Juliet WARM Suits They must have Suits—ours have been to see E. G. The Slater The Perfumery Just Received A new stock of best New York SACHETS. We invite you to see them, as they are the very sweetest odor BARDSELY'S 109 BRUNswick

parkling As Christmas always both suitable for either men, and if you give a gift of this you see our guarantee accomplished. When you get what you are than you are In Christmas and Sil We offer a large assortment including Bracelets, Biscuits, Articles Glad to see You A. P. LITCHMAKER 16 MILL RITZ GR 5c. for MA tickum-Bates-th inst., at t-mer, by th- James Fr-ontreal, to E- and Mrs. n, N. B. D rty.—In this Leo Dolher-son of Mr. rty. rral from h-Charlotte 0 p. m. BOWMAN HEA you trou may be ca- properly fit- Call at D- ptician, 38 lat. 9 p. m.

EVERYBODY WAITS THEM



There are two things that everybody wants in winter Warm Slippers AND Leggings or Gaiters

Our gaiters and leggings are all tailor made, they make very suitable Xmas Gifts. Price 50c. to \$1.50 Every pair enclosed in a special Holly Envelope.

Warm Slippers They must have Style and Quality ours have both—be sure to see them.

E. G. McCOLOUGH, Ltd. The Slater Shoe Shop, - 81 King St.

The Perfume Store Just Received A new stock of the latest and best New York PERFUMES and SACHETS.



Sparkling Diamonds As Christmas Gifts Always both appropriate and acceptable for either ladies or gentlemen, and if you contemplate bestowing a gift of this kind, we would like to see our select stock.

In Christmas Jewelry and Silverware We offer a large and very complete assortment including Watches, Locks, Bracelets, Brooches, Toilet, and incense Articles.

GRITZ GRITZ GRITZ 5c. for a 5lb bag

MARRIED. McKim-Bates—At Calgary, on the 11th inst., at the Church of the Resurrection, by the Rev. Dean Paget, James Frankum, formerly of Montreal, to Edna M., daughter of St. A. and Mrs. Edward Bates, of St. John, N. B.

DIED. In this city on the 16th inst., Leo Doherty, aged 19 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Doherty, who died at his father's residence, 1 Charlotte street, on Sunday at 9 p. m.

HEADACHES. If you are troubled with headaches, you may be caused by eye-strain. If properly fitted glasses will cure. Call at D. BOYANER'S Scientific, 38 Dock St. Close 6 p. lat. 9 p. m.

TO TEST VALIDITY OF MARKET-BY-LAWS

New Clerk Lays Information Against Forestallers—Market Committee Divided on Question of Practicability

Yesterday the new clerk of the market reported a number of market people for violation of the fore-stalling-by-law, and made a vigorous attempt to secure the enforcement of the regulations.

Committee Divided. A meeting of the market committee was held in the Mayor's office yesterday afternoon when the fore-stalling-by-law was discussed for two hours, and the committee split on the question whether the by-law was practicable at the present time.

OBITUARY. W. Leo Doherty. The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Doherty, 299 Charlotte street, will sympathize with them in the loss of their only son, W. Leo Doherty, who passed away yesterday in the 19th year of his age.

PROBATE COURT. CITY AND COUNTY OF ST. JOHN. To the Sheriff of the City and County of Saint John, or any Constable of the said City and County—Greeting

Whereas, the Executor of the estate of Sarah Taylor, of the said City of St. John, in the City and County of Saint John, Spinster, deceased, has filed in this Court an account of his administration on the said deceased's estate, and has prayed that the same may be passed and allowed in due form of law, and distribution of the said estate directed according to the terms of the last Will and Testament of the said Sarah Taylor, deceased.

PROBATE COURT. City and County of Saint John. To the Sheriff of the City and County of Saint John, or any Constable of the said City and County—Greeting: Whereas the Executor of the estate of Mary B. Gilbert, late of the City of Saint John, in the said City and County, widow, deceased, has filed in this Court an account of his Administration of the said deceased's estate and has prayed that the same may be passed and allowed in due form of law, and distribution of the said estate directed according to the terms of the last will and testament of the said Mary B. Gilbert, deceased.

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MAC KINTOSH'S WEEKLY LETTER

St. John, Dec. 16.—The Bank of England rate still remains at 4 1/2 per cent., with the showing of reserves a little weaker than last week.

The New York Market. Wall Street has seen very slight fluctuations in prices since our last letter. There has been no movement of consequence in the leading stocks. A great bulk of the trading has been in Union Pacific, Steel and Reading, which may be said to have been the leaders for several months past. The indications point to better prices and a more active demand for bonds and the general opinion among brokers seems to be that there are prospects of a further improvement in the price of stocks for the time being at least.

Practical Suggestions. Packages should be mailed early, and a safe plan is to allow twice the usual time for delivery. Parcels should be securely wrapped with heavy paper used for the outer covering and lined with straw or tissue. The address should be carefully and legibly written, and Postmaster Sears desires to especially impress this point on all senders.

THE MONTREAL MARKET. The sensational feature of the Montreal market the past week has been the advance in the price of Detroit United stock, which yesterday sold at 67.

OBITUARY. Mrs. Wm. Hickman. Dorchester, Dec. 16.—Mrs. Hickman, widow of William Hickman, died at her residence here this morning after several months' illness.

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FOR MAILING GIFTS

Postmaster Sears Suggests Common Sense Precautions Which May Ensure Safe and Prompt Delivery.

The Christmas rush at the post office has begun in earnest, and the members of the staff will know little leisure time from now until after the holiday season. A heavy mail for Great Britain via the Royal George, from Halifax closed at the local office yesterday morning at 5 o'clock.

Practical Suggestions. Packages should be mailed early, and a safe plan is to allow twice the usual time for delivery. Parcels should be securely wrapped with heavy paper used for the outer covering and lined with straw or tissue. The address should be carefully and legibly written, and Postmaster Sears desires to especially impress this point on all senders.

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MAGIC BAKING POWDER THE KIND THAT PLEASES THE PEOPLE! SURE PURE MAGIC BAKING POWDER E.W. GILLETT CO. LTD. TORONTO, ONT.

Walk-Over Shoes



Patent Blucher Boot Symphony Model Price \$5.00

Christmas Gift and the young lady who receives a pair like either of the styles shown will have good reason to remember Santa Claus and the donor.



Calf Button Boot Tip Toe Model Price \$5.00

FOOT FITTERS McRobbie KING STREET

Skating Boots, Felt Slippers, Overboots, Patent Leather Rubber Footwear, Light Rubber Boots Good Calf Sporting Boots, Dress Boots. Many Christmas Specialties at PERCY J. STEEL'S Shoe Stores, 519 Main St. and 205 Union St.

HUTCHINGS & CO., BEDDING MANUFACTURERS WIRE MATTRESSES, MATTRESSES, IRON BEDSTEADS, FEATHER PILLOWS etc. WHOLESALE and RETAIL 101 to 105 Germain Street.

Bargains I have a large stock of Empire Typewriters at \$50, and good bargains in second hand machines at \$25 up. IF YOU REALLY WANT a typewriter of any kind, call or write me. FRANK R. FAIRWEATHER, 12 Canterbury Street, Main 653. St John, N. B.

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The Canadian Coal Corporation of N. B. Limited. A Fine Display of XMAS MEATS TURKEYS, GESE, DUCKS, AND CHICKENS, ONTARIO BEEF, LAMB, VEAL, MUTTON, PORK, HAMS AND BACON, ASSORTED VEGETABLES ALL KINDS. INSPECTION INVITED. D. J. O'NEIL & CO., Stalls 6 and 7, City Market. Tel. 1315 Main.

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Four Months for Vagrancy. Magistrate Allinsham, at Fairville, has sentenced William Walker, 18 years, to four months in jail. Walker was charged with vagrancy, and not having a visible means of support and also with carrying a revolver.







People's Pulpit.

Sermon by Pastor Russell of Brooklyn Tabernacle
God's Great Plan Hidden
In Abraham and Family
The Mystery Covered So Long Is Now Made Plain

Isaac, the Second Son of the Patriarch, Pictured the Heavenly Seed;
Ishmael, the First Son, the Earthly Seed.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 11.—Pastor Russell of Brooklyn Tabernacle visited our city yesterday as the guest of the International Bible Students Association. He gave two public addresses, which were heard by large and intelligent audiences. We report his address from these words of Scripture: "And Isaac brought Rebecca into his mother Sarah's tent, and she became his wife and he loved her."—Genesis xxiv, 67.

When we sometimes speak of Abraham, Isaac and others as types we should not be understood to mean that they were merely types—that the Bible stories respecting them are fictions. A person or thing is a type when, in addition to the actual experiences, the Scriptures indicate on a small scale some person or thing yet future. As, for instance, Adam in certain respects, as the head of the race, was a type of Messiah, the Second Adam.

The first Adam was the head of our race, but failed to give the eternal life desired. In God's providence Messiah is to be the Second Adam, in the sense that he will regenerate, as his children, all the posterity of the First Adam. Messiah is thus declared in prophecy to be the Everlasting Father of mankind—the Father of Life-giver, better than Adam, and who will give to our race everlasting life, instead of a heritage of weakness, imperfection and death.

Similarly, Moses not only was a real character, the leader of the nation of Israel, but, additionally, he was a type of a greater Mediator, Messiah. As Moses mediated the Law Covenant for Israel, so Messiah, the Prophet like unto Moses, or antitype of him (Acts iii, 22), is to be the Mediator of Israel's New Covenant, under which the Abrahamic blessings will reach them and through them reach all the families of the earth (Jer. xxxi, 31).

Similarly, Aaron was a type of the higher priesthood and its better sacrifices connected with the New Covenant. So, also, the under-priests and the Levites, additional to the Levites, experienced, served, in God's providence, as types of the higher institutions which the New Covenant will inaugurate shortly.

On this occasion we ask your attention to Abraham, known in the Scriptures as the friend of God, as the father of the faithful, and his son Isaac, the Son of Promise, born out of the natural order, miraculously, when his mother was old; also to Isaac's wife, Rebecca, selected by Abraham to be the companion and joint-heir with his son Isaac in his inheritance. These personages lived their lives wholly unconscious of the fact that God was using them in an overruling of their affairs so as to make of them prophetic pictures of His own great plan of the ages. These type pictures are always to be read in harmony with the inspired writings of the Bible and never to be understood in contradiction of the same.

Abraham a Type of God.

Not everything that Abraham did, however, is to be esteemed typical. In a general way this grand old man of the past looms up before our minds as a monument of faith and integrity and justice. The blessing promised to go through him to his seed, which would constitute him the father of many nations, made of him, St. Paul points out, a type of the Almighty, from whom flows every good and every perfect gift—from whom proceeds the blessing which ultimately is to flow through Messiah, His Son, and through Israel, His people, unto all the families of the earth.

All Christians presumably are aware of St. Paul's interpretation of Abraham and his family as types. As Abraham typified God, so his wife typified the covenant through which the vitality of the promise ultimately develops the seed of promise—Isaac in a type and Messiah in the antitype. St. Paul also explains that Sarah's servant Hagar, at Sarah's wish, became for a time her representative with Abraham and brought forth Ishmael. Hagar, St. Paul explains, typified the law covenant, vitilized by the gracious arrangements of the same God and Father, and Hagar's son, Ishmael, Abraham's firstborn, typified the Jewish nation, the first development under the covenant.

As Abraham loved Isaac and desired a blessing upon him, so God loved Israel and desired a blessing upon Israel, the offspring of the law covenant. Nevertheless, as Ishmael, the offspring of the bond woman, was declared not to be the primary heir of the Abrahamic promise, but a secondary one, so the children of Israel, the offspring of the law covenant, were not intended to be the spiritual Messiah through whom the promise declared that the blessing should first proceed.

In the type, we see that Sarah, Abraham's wife, who represented the original Abrahamic Covenant, brought with a son of her own, Isaac, long years after the bondmaid, her substitute, had brought forth Ishmael. When Isaac was born, Sarah repudiated Ishmael and no longer acknowledged him as her son, but, instead, claimed everything for Isaac. The antitype is that from the time that God began the development of the Spirit of Israel, and set forth the "Covenant by sacrifice," through which this spiritual Israel would be developed—on that time it began to be clearly manifest that the chief portion of the promise of God to bless the world was to be fulfilled through the Ishmael seed, natural Israel, but through the Isaac Seed—Spiritual Israel.

Well-Spring of Hope for the Jews

From the first there was manifested competition for the Abrahamic blessing. And as Ishmael mocked at an infant Isaac, so the Jew, in his considerable development and strength, looked at the antitype Isaac—Jesus—and his comparatively ignorant and carnal followers—and persecuted them. In order to continue the type, at Abraham might typify God, he is commanded to send forth Hagar and her son into the wilderness. That which typified the Divine disfavor which came upon the Jews

eighteen centuries ago and which has made these outcasts from God's favor, as Hagar and Ishmael were cut off from Abraham's presence and family and care. The bread and water which Hagar took with her, by which both she and Ishmael were nourished in the wilderness for a time, pictures and types the promises of God through the Law and the prophets which still belong to the Jew and upon which, for eighteen centuries, he has been nourished and without which the hope of the nation would have perished.

Now we come to the dice moment pictured in Genesis xxi, 15-19. The water provided by Abraham had been consumed. No more was to be had. Ishmael was dying. Hagar, his mother, was about to die. At this critical moment the angel of the Lord appeared to her and pointed her to a spring of water, where she refreshed herself and Ishmael with new life.

The antitype of this is now to be seen before us. The Jewish people separated more and more from the Law and the Prophets, are becoming weak and faint as respects hope. They are about to die! But no, the Lord graciously points out a well-spring of water of life at this critical moment. As Ishmael was rescued from death by this water, so the nation of Israel, whom He typified, is now about to find in the providence of God that their portion of the Abrahamic Covenant is the earthly one, not the heavenly one, not the spiritual. They are about to be refreshed and to enter upon a new career. That career, however, will not mark them as Ishmaelites nor will their New Covenant relationship be symbolized by Hagar, the Old Law Covenant. Therefore, they are represented under a new type.

Isaac Was Heir of All.

If, at first, our Jewish friends might be inclined to feel disappointed that they were represented in Ishmael, and not in Isaac, by the Hagar Covenant, and instead of being formed free from the Law, there is a consolation. Their consolation is that Isaac typified the Messiah and that Israel is pictured as the nation on whose behalf Messiah will mediate the New Law Covenant. The Messiah must be spiritual, in order to be able to confer the greater blessings indicated in the Covenant made with Abraham. The nation of Israel never expected to be spiritual and had no such promise in the Bible.

To the Jews will come exactly what they have always been expecting—greatness as an earthly people, honor as the elect nation through whom the New Covenant blessings will be opened up to all the world of mankind—the Gentiles.

As already pointed out, Isaac, the son of Abraham, typified the Messiah of glory, the Son of God and heir of all the promises—the one through whom alone eternal life may be obtained and restitution to that perfect life and merit the gift of God eternal life, according to their New Law Covenant and through its great Mediator—Messiah.

Elezar Type of the Holy Spirit.

In due time, Abraham sent his trusted servant Eleazar (typical of the Holy Spirit) to select a Bride for his son Isaac. Eleazar might not be named, but he was directed to go only to those of Abraham's family, thus implying that none would be called to be the Bride of Messiah except those who were already in relationship to God through faith, obedience and justification. When the servant had found Rebecca he put upon her certain jewels, explained to her and her relatives the nature of his mission, and asked her if she were willing to come and be Isaac's Bride. He said, "My master, Abraham, is very rich and all that he hath he hath given unto Isaac."

Thus the great riches of God are again illustrated in Abraham and the fact that Messiah is his Son and the heir of all the promises of God. One through whom Israel and all mankind should be blessed, Rebecca promptly responded and thus betrothed herself to the unborn Bridegroom and hastened with the servant to Isaac. As her kinsfolk bade her goodbye they wished her a blessing in these words, "Be thou the mother of thousands of millions." (Genesis xxiv, 60)

We read that "Rebecca arose and her damsels (maids, servants) and they rode upon the camels and followed the man, Eleazar."

Here we find, in harmony with other Scriptures, a picture of this Gospel Age, and its work of bringing to Messiah a special Bride class of saintly ones. First amongst these saints were some of the Jewish nation, according to the Divine Rule; as the Scriptures set forth—"to the Jew first." This Bride class has been selected from every nation, people, kindred and tongue, yet in all will be but a little flock—"Fear not, little flock, it is your Father's good pleasure to give you the Kingdom—the spiritual, unseen Kingdom of Messiah—joint-heirship with him in his throne—the earthly Kingdom which has been promised definitely to Israel.

The Bride Class and the Great Company.

Other Scriptures have shown us that there are two classes amongst these saints. A few, peculiarly devoted, will constitute the Bride class. And a larger number, not so courageous of the Truth and righteousness, will constitute her companions, her servants, as Rebecca travelled accompanied by her servants. These two classes are particularly specified in the Scriptures (40th Psalm), where we read of the Messiah-Bride and Queen. In her resurrection glory she is pictured as the Queen robed in gold of Ophir with fine network—the glory representing the divine nature which will be granted her and the fine needlework representing her glorious righteousness, embellished with the fruits of the holy Spirit. The Psalmist tells how she shall be brought into the presence of the great King Jehovah and then adds that the virgins, or companions, that follow her shall also be brought into the presence of the King, showing that there will at

U. S. 'Mine Rescue' Cars to Save Hundreds of Lives



ONE OF UNCLE SAM'S NEW RESCUE CARS READY FOR WORK.

Washington, Dec. 13.—Uncle Sam's special "mine rescue" cars, fully equipped with experts and appliances, are now ready to speed, at a moment's notice, to the scene of the next big mine disaster.

Two cars are already at their stations. Four others will be turned over to the government in a few days. By means of them the new bureau of mines, a creation of the last session of congress, expects to save hundreds, perhaps thousands of lives annually. Besides awaiting their emergency work these cars will go about the mining districts at intervals, demonstrating to miners the use of the oxygen helmet and instructing volunteer rescue corps in first aid surgical treatment and sanitation.

The first work of the new bureau is directed toward the saving of life, rather than toward the saving of property, although the law authorizing it was introduced by a corporation senator, Dick, and backed by the mine owners, the same men who seal up entombed miners in burning mines, saving the coal but killing the miners.

The mine owners wanted the bureau of mines because this service can undoubtedly save a great deal of money. Dr. J. A. Holmes was the only logical man for director of the new bureau, but because he was an anti-Bullinger man, his appointment was threatened and long delayed. Now, after a month in office, he announces his first work—the lifesaving mine rescue car.

Holmes will establish a nationwide lifesaving service. The stations will be scattered like those of the coast lifesaving service, or the stations of a city fire department. An alarm will send the nearest car speeding as a special train to the scene. Each of the first six stations will be in the very heart of its own mining district. The first station will be Pittsburgh, Pa., Urbana, Ill., Rock Springs, Wyo., Billings, Mont., Salt Lake City, Utah, and Knoxville, Tenn.

Our mines kill annually from three to five men in each 1000 employed. European mines, far more dangerous from gas and falling roofs, but better regulated and having state rescue services, kill only two.



Mine Rescuer in an Oxygen Helmet.

It is estimated American mines in 1909 killed 3000 men and injured 10,000. Many of these lives could have been saved with scientific rescue equipment.

The mine explosion usually shatters the ventilation system. Even if the fans and flues are not broken the fresh air is turned off immediately after an explosion for fear of fanning possible fires left by the explosion and thus burning up the mine. Gas at once collects. The injured and entombed begin to suffocate in

the deadly darkness of the mine. On the surface the miners laugh at death and drop down ladders shafts to the rescue of the entombed. Fifty per cent. of these volunteer rescuers themselves meet death from the noxious gases. Fifteen men were entombed at the Hanna, Wyo., mine disaster. Yet, one after another, 40 rescuers went down into the mine and never came back.

Expert rescuers, equipped with oxygen helmets, might have saved the 15 entombed men and the mine, too. At any rate there would have been no additional sacrifice of life, if the rescue was hopeless. At Monongah, when the rescuers finally entered the mine, it was found that 20 entombed men had lived two days in one room. Helmet men could have saved them.

At Cherry, a disaster that happened before the bureau of mines was established, but when the technological bureau of the geological survey was experimenting with oxygen helmets, survey helmet men arrived late at the scene, but they succeeded in getting 20 men out alive after a week. There will be no such delay now with the mine rescue cars at central stations.

Each helmet weighs 50 pounds. The duty of a helmet man on entering a mine is to test the air. This is sometimes done by carrying white mice. If they live, then the air is safe. If they die, then the air is not safe. In this case the helmet men will unsling their hand fire extinguishers, put out the fire and signal for the air. This will clear away the poisonous gas in a hurry and the unhelmeted rescuers may enter.

The air is deadly and the fire great, there is nothing for the helmet men to do but to toil to the surface with the survivors, two rescuers to a body.

A mining engineer, a surgeon, and seven or eight men are assigned to a car, which is equipped with helmets, tanks of oxygen, safety lamps, field telephones, resuscitating outfits, and a hospital room. One end of the car has an air-tight room for demonstrating the use of helmets to the miners. At each mine the volunteer corps will be provided with these helmets.

Why I am Making a Fool of Myself

"I pledge you my word of honor that when I married my wife I didn't know whether her father was worth ten cents, ten dollars or a million. And I didn't care. I loved her. She loved me. Perhaps the people of America cannot understand why any one should love me, but the fact remains that she did. And we will be reunited as sure as my name is Jack Beaufort."

Miss Irma Kilgallen, daughter of the multi-millionaire Chicago steel manufacturer met the Count in July, 1909, while touring abroad with her mother. His title isn't recognized by her.



Count De Beaufort.

ways be a difference of rank on the spiritual plane. These two classes are again pictured in the Law as Priests and Levites, the Bride class being represented by the Priest, owing to their willing sacrifices of the earthly portion in favor of the heavenly.

We are not to identify the Bride class with the nominal Christian Churches of today any more than we would identify the Apostles with the Apostles of the Church. The Apostles were a select few, similarly all the members of the Church throughout the Age have been a select few out of the nominal many.

The Law known to the saints is the true Church has been selected, not only from all of the twelve tribes of Israel, but from every other nation, people and tongue, even so many as the Lord our God has called. Messiah will be the regenerator and his Bride will be the nourisher, instructor, helper of all mankind under the New Covenant, because it will be this antitype Isaac and his Bride that will mediate for Israel, and through Israel for the world, the New Covenant of Restitution blessings (Acts iii, 19-21). "In the end, in thy Seed shall all the families of the earth be blessed," applies primarily, as St. Paul shows, to Messiah and his Church in glory—the sacrifice being past, the spiritual nature being attained as a reward for the sacrifices (Galatians iii, 16, 29).

Whoever will first receive Messiah and come into harmony with the righteous laws of his invisible Kingdom will be the first to be blessed. There will be no partiality in this matter, for God is no respecter of persons. However, because of the past experiences, earthly hopes and trust in the Law and the Prophets, the Jews will be the first amongst the nations to accept the new order of things and ally themselves with it; therefore, to them will the blessings go first and through them, as instruments of the Kingdom, the blessings will extend to all.

While thanking God for the glorious prospects of that glorious time which is nearing, let us, dear friends, seek to make our calling and election sure to membership in the Body of the Bride of Christ.

Now the Count is telling his troubles to the audiences and posing for moving pictures. When the scenario was being prepared for the moving pictures, it was suggested to the Count that one scene could show him and his wife and his father-in-law in the stormy interview which preceded the separation from his wife.

"No, no, no—positively no!" exclaimed Count De Beaufort. "I will not be shown in any scene with any actress who is supposed to impersonate my wife. Not only would it be in poor taste, but my wife would not like it."

"The people of America are down on me," continued the Count, "and their main objection is that I am what they call a foreigner and a titled one at that. Laugh if you will, call it an impossibility, but I am going to prove to the people of America that a count can be a man in spite of his title."

"Thousands of people despise me because they think I am another Count Boni de Castellane. The fact that I have tried to make a living as a locomotive engineer, and a stenographer, and almost as an office boy since I came to America does not seem to help me in their estimation. They scorn me for going on the stage, but they forget that I have made my money on the stage as an honest desire to pay my debts.

MY OWN SON WAS A MARTYR TO DYSPEPSIA

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" COMPLETELY CURED HIM



ALEX. LARUE.

Inkerman, Ont., Sept. 23, 1910. "Fruit-a-tives" is the best remedy I keep for sale. I am in the General Store business, at the above address, and have been a resident of Inkerman for thirty-seven years, and since I started this store, (four years ago) I have found your remedy the most satisfactory one I have sold. Many of my customers having used them with the most beneficial results, and I can truthfully say that I know of two particular cases, among my patrons, that have been completely cured of Dyspepsia. They had previously been treated by physicians without being cured, but I advised them to try "Fruit-a-tives," and since taking that remedy their troubles have vanished.

My own son was a martyr to the same complaint for Dyspepsia, and after a short course of "Fruit-a-tives," he is enjoying the best of health. I recommend "Fruit-a-tives," on every possible occasion, and would say that if every general store keeper, who stocks medicines, would keep "Fruit-a-tives" prominently displayed, he would increase his business many fold.

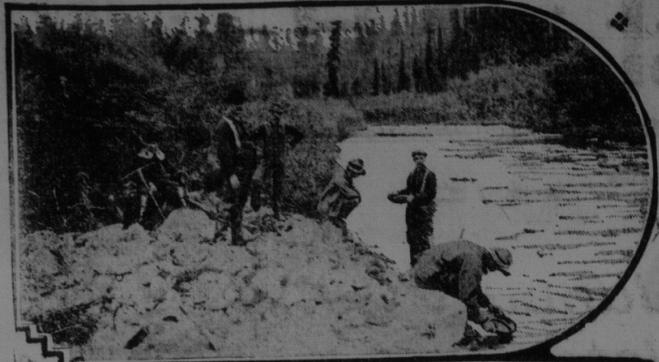
You gave my authority to publish this letter along with my photo, if you think it would aid the sale of "Fruit-a-tives."

(Signed) ALEX. LARUE. The sales of "Fruit-a-tives" are increasing by leaps and bounds. Thousands of people, who have been cured by "Fruit-a-tives" are telling the good news to thousands of others, and these in turn are recommending to still others. "Fruit-a-tives" is the only medicine in the world made of fruit. 50c. a box—6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. All dealers, or sent post paid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Advertisement for Edison Phonograph. In every home somebody ought to buy somebody an Edison Phonograph for Christmas this year. The best Christmas present is something all can enjoy. All can and do enjoy the Edison Phonograph. If every member of the family would take the money he or she expects to use to buy presents for the other members of the family and put it together, there will be enough not only to buy an Edison Phonograph, but also a large supply of Records.

Advertisement for Edison Phonographs and Records. EDISON PHONOGRAPHS AND RECORDS FOR SALE BY W. H. THORNE & CO., Ltd., Market Square and King Street, ST. JOHN, N. B. The Old Folks find advancing years bring an increasing tendency to constipation. The corrective they need is "NA-DRU-CO" Laxatives. Entirely different from common laxatives. Pleasant to take, mild and painless. A tablet (or less) at bedtime regulates the bowels perfectly. Increasing doses never needed. Compounded, like all the 125 NA-DRU-CO preparations, by expert chemists. Money back if not satisfactory. 25c. a box. If your druggist has not yet stocked them, send 25c. and we will mail them. NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED, MONTREAL, 22. At your meals, and at bedtime, drink this sparkling agreeable brew. Your digestion will improve. Your slumber will better refresh you. Every drop gratifies. Ask For LABATI'S ALE & STOUT. Better for invalids than ordinary tonics or patent medicines. It is wholesome—so well as pure. Made of selected JOHN LABATI Order from any dealer in Breweries. Best blended hops and tested spring water. LONDON, CANADA brewery in London. Parties in Scott Act Localities supplied for personal use. Write St. John Agency, 20-24 Water Street.

# Death and Suffering on Trail To World's Richest Gold Strike



"WASHING" FOR GOLD ON THE PORCUPINE.

## New Canadian Field, the Porcupine, is Goal of Mining Adventurers of World.

North Bay, Ont., Dec. 16.—The Porcupine, the newest Eldorado of the north, like all other gold fields, is taking its toll of human lives for the treasure it yields to the world.

Already since the beginning of cold weather, a score of prospectors have died on the dismal trail that leads out of the district.

Hundreds of others are suffering terribly from privation and exposure. The rigorous winter of Upper Ontario already has the Porcupine in its grip, and it bids fair to claim many more victims there before the ice goes out in the spring.

The Porcupine lies about five hundred miles north of Toronto. It is reached by taking the Grand Trunk from Toronto to North Bay, thence Northern Ontario railroad, thence to Cochrane, thence by the new trans-continental to Kelso and thence by stage, boat and finally on foot some forty miles to Porcupine lake. It is a long and arduous journey.

It is a desolate, untrodden wild. It is heavily wooded, and doesn't look like a gold country. There are no mountains there. But throughout the district there are ridges, hummocks, "reefs," as the miners say, of white quartz, rich in gold. There is much tree gold on the surface of these masses of quartz, and assays promise big things.

There is reason to believe that the Porcupine may soon become the richest mines the world has ever seen.

To this rich field all the adventurous spirits of the Dominion are flocking. And adventurous spirits from all over the world are headed this way. They will not be disappointed as to adventure, though most of them



A MINER'S CAMP ON THE PORCUPINE.

will be as to gold—that is most of those who haven't a whole lot of gold already to help them in getting more.

The walk out from Hills Landing to Porcupine, over the half-constructed trail is an adventure in itself. It is said to be the worst trail in the world.

And Pottsville, the metropolis of the district, fairly reeks with the spirit of adventure. There, in the little lobby of the Shamiah hotel, gather at night such a crowd as can only be seen on the frontier of the world—and not often there.

This crowd is made up of men from Montreal and London, from Rhodesia and from Manhattan Island, from Glasgow and Such-and-Such a gulch, from the Strand and from the Rand.

And the man who wants to try a little adventure in a financial way, can venture to the limit. For though it is against the law of Canada to gamble, and Pottsville, unlike all other mining centres in the world, hasn't a gambling hell, one may gamble nevertheless. The gambling goes on in the open and under the law, and whole fortunes are staked nightly.

For there is money in Pottsville—chequebooks at least—and deals involving millions have been pulled off there.

Experienced prospectors are unanimous in their judgment as to the importance of this find. They all say it's one of the richest fields that the world has ever known, and many hold

that it's the very richest—that the golden days of California, of Klondike, of Australia, of the Rand, will be as nothing when compared with the golden days of the Porcupine.

James A. McArthur, inventor of the cyanide process, says: "It's the biggest gold camp I have ever visited. I never saw so many outcrops of gold in quartz leads as I found in Porcupine."

William Frecheville, of the Royal Society of Mines, one of the world's greatest authorities on mining, says that he believes that two or three mines in this district will prove to be the greatest mines the world has ever seen.

Thus far it has been a woodsman's game. The discovery was an aftermath of the cobalt find. The accidental discovery of silver in the north has set the lumbermen to thinking about the Porcupine veins the timber men dropped timber and crowded to the new field. Now, however, the professional miners are beginning to get into the game.

It's not a poor man's game. Men with money to spend got in on the ground floor. There are no claims of any known value lying around loose to be picked up. Now it takes the better part of \$50,000 to get a look at a good thing of it at the start, but now the big interests have bought out all the original claim holders.

# MORMONS RULED BY RICH MAN.

## Joseph Smith, Present Leader, Lives in Polygamy and Oppresses People.

## Senator Cannon, Himself a Believer, Makes Strong Protest Against Tyrannical Rule.

New York, N. Y., Dec. 16.—The story of the establishment of an absolute throne and dynasty by one American citizen over half a million others," has been written by Frank J. Cannon, ex-Mormon, ex-senator from Utah, son of the eminent George Q. Cannon.

"It is an 'inside story' told calmly and dispassionately by the very man whose brilliant diplomacy won the compromise which admitted Utah to the statehood under the hypocritical Mormon pledge to abandon polygamy—a man who writes tenderly of the Mormon people themselves as his own people and who is 'bound to them in affection by all the ties of life.'"

Excommunicated and ostracized by the Mormon leaders because he attacked them boldly when they broke faith with the United States, he now sees in



JOSEPH F. SMITH, Monarch of the Mormons.

the new insurrection a possible emancipation of Utah from its slavery to Joseph F. Smith and his close ally, the Plunderbund. The first chapter of this story, appearing in Everybody's magazine for December, is prefaced with this characterization of Prophet Smith, the present Mormon despot:

Religious Fanatic.

"A religious fanatic of small and bitter mind, giving commandments of perjury as the divinely ordained 'multiplicity of the Lord'—demanding unquestioning obedience in all things and enforcing the demand by his religious, political and financial control, the votes, and the property of his fellow citizens—living, openly, against the temporal law of the state, against the spiritual law of his 'kingdom of God,' and in violation of his own solemn covenant to the country—secretly preaching a proscribed doctrine of polygamy as necessary to the salvation, but publicly denying this teaching so that he may escape responsibility for the sufferings of the 'plural wives' and their unfortunate children—and thus it all, protected from the anger of civilization by his political and financial partnership with the great business interests that govern and exploit this nation and his 'kingdom' for their own gain and his."

"To him the Mormon people pay a yearly tribute of more than two million dollars in tithes; and he uses that income in his own ends without an accounting. He is president of the Utah branch of the sugar trust, and of the local incorporation of the salt trust; and he supports the exactness of monopoly by his financial absolutism, while he defends them from competition by his religious power of interdict and excommunication."

He is president of a system of 'company stores' from which the faithful buy their merchandise; of a wagon and machine company from which the Mormon farmers purchase their vehicles and implements; of life insurance and fire insurance companies, of banking institutions, of a railroad, of a knitting company, newspapers—even a beach resort company and a dramatic association—which the Mormon people are required by their church to patronize, and through which they are exploited, commercially and financially, for the sole profit of the sovereign of Utah and his religious court."

Writing of the great mass of the Mormon people, Senator Cannon says: "I know them to be great in their virtues, wholesome in their relations, capable of heroic fortitude, living by the tenderest sentiments of fraternity as gentle as the Quakers, as stanch as the Jews."

Then Gov.-elect Foss, Andrew J. Sells, who fought the wool tariff at Washington as congressman; David T. Dickinson, former mayor of Cambridge; William B. Willcutt, Arthur L. Nason and others tell the reasons why Lodge should not go back to the United States senate.

The speeches made by the scalp hunters are, perhaps, radical. They declare for free trade with Mexico and Canada; direct election of United States senators, and income tax.

Foss has said and is saying that the successor of Lodge must be a progressive, whether republican or democrat; and then he draws a picture of what he considers would be an ideal new senator for Massachusetts, which (some people say) very much resembles Eugene N. Foss.

However this may be, they are singing 'The Foss Battle Hymn' down on the cape, and they are also singing a radical song written by a newspaper woman for the occasion—'Has Anybody Here Seen Cabot?'

# Art and Love in a Tenement

A Christmas Story Told by Photo-Play



THE CONSUMPTIVE BOY AND HIS FAMILY—"WHERE TUBERCULOSIS BREEDS."

Father, mother and all the children stood around with tears in their eyes when Ellen started for New York to be a great artist.

It was all she could do to keep alive when she got there. She applied a little art to the lamp shades and bric-a-brac made in an eastside tenement factory. But Ellen wrote encouraging letters home and kept alive her dream of being great.

One day she plucked up courage to go to the art school and ask how much money she would have to pay for lessons. She was told that she must have \$100 to even begin the course, and went home disappointed.

Jimmy Jordan happened to be in the art school that day. Art was one of the many things he spent some of his millions on, but Ellen's pretty face, as she talked with the teacher, outdid in Jimmy's eyes all the works of art he had ever seen.

So Jimmy Jordan found out where she lived, saw the strange folk in the tenements and made up his mind that some of his money might be well spent in making their lives happier. So he moved into the very tenement in which Ellen lived. He brought with him only old clothes, and his imitation of a poor youth was so good that Ellen took pity on him and they became friends.

She told him of her ambition to go to art school. He told her of his pity for the tenement folk, and she not knowing of his wealth, wondered that

he did pity himself too, and then loved him because he did not.

One day Jimmy brought her a newspaper. The national association for the study and prevention of tuberculosis wanted a Christmas seal and had offered \$100 for the best design.

Ellen resolved to try for the prize. Not many days before Christmas the glad news came that she had won. Would she please call and get the \$100?

The bills rattled delightfully as she placed them in her purse. She started back toward her tenement room, her heart singing in tune with Christmas. At last she could go to the art school!

She dashed up the two flights of stairs toward her room. She must tell the good news to everyone. There were the kind folk across the hall. The door was ajar.

"He has tuberculosis. If he can go to the country he can be saved," some one was saying. She saw a doctor standing beside Bill—Mrs. Jones' oldest son, brave and cheery, but weak and coughing. And so the cough meant consumption! Ellen knew that there was not enough money in the whole tenement to send Bill to the country. Poverty would mean death to him—unless—

Her \$100 would save him! She backed away unnoted, and in her room she fought with herself—her ambitions and her hopes—for an hour. It ended by her going to Mrs. Jones' door and slipping an envelope beneath it. It was her precious hundred dollars.

Then she hurried back to her room, buried her face in her hands and cried so earnestly that she didn't hear Jimmy Jordan enter. He stood looking at her in wonder. There was love and pity in the incident as he laid his hand on her shoulder.

Just as she looked up Mrs. Jones came running in with the \$100 in her hands.

"You can't do it, Ellen," she said. "You're too good. We can't take it." Jimmy Jordan made Mrs. Jones tell him what she was talking about. Ellen succeeded, by this time, in laughing, as if it were all nothing to fuss over.

The next afternoon Ellen received a message to call at a fine Fifth avenue home. Some one there wanted her to do some painting. Puzzled, she went, and was ushered into the great hallway. The next moment she saw Jimmy Jordan.

"Don't be surprised," he said. "This is my home. I was fooling you all the time. It was the only way I could become acquainted with you." And so they became sweethearts. Bill was sent to a sanitarium, old tenement was pulled down, and in its place Jimmy Jordan built a model tenement where men, women and children could be clean, happy and healthy.

# Foss Leads Anti Lodge Auto Battery in Massachusetts



THE FOSS BATTERY IN ACTION AGAINST SENATOR LODGE.

Gov.-elect Foss in the center; on the left Andrew G. Sells, who made the big fight on the wool tariff at Washington; next, David T. Dickinson, former mayor of Cambridge; and on the right, William B. Willcutt, state senator.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 16.—A gunning trip has been started in its state, the like of which was never seen here before.

Gov.-elect Eugene N. Foss and eight or ten Republicans are after United States Senator Henry Cabot Lodge's scalp, flying about the state in a big touring car, rushing from town to town, with all the excitement of an election campaign.

A democrat governor-elect and a crowd of insurgent republicans working together to dislodge Lodge, means that even with the weather seasonally cold down on the cape, so much popular excitement has been worked up that mitts and earflappers and felt mecessians have been forgotten.

Foss made his campaign on the tariff and the standpatters, his chief plank being a demand for the retirement of Senator Lodge. He was elected by an overwhelming majority. But

Senator Lodge ignores the public sentiment expressed at the polls and prefers his own brand, which calls unanimously for his reelection. Foss and his insurgent campaigners, meanwhile say it's a lot more presumptuous and cheeky for a United States senator to defy public sentiment than it is for a governor-elect to support from the public platform the demands of the people who elected him.

So the gunning trip continues and the excitement waxes warmer and warmer.

Big crowds of villagers are attending the scalp hunting expedition—at West Barnstable, Sandwich, Sagamore, Falmouth, Buzzards Bay, Onset, Wareham and other down-the-cape places, and town criers have even anticipated these meetings by walking through the towns and villages, ringing bells and crying at the tops of their voices:

"COMING: THE TRUTH about Lodge."

Then Gov.-elect Foss, Andrew J. Sells, who fought the wool tariff at Washington as congressman; David T. Dickinson, former mayor of Cambridge; William B. Willcutt, Arthur L. Nason and others tell the reasons why Lodge should not go back to the United States senate.

The speeches made by the scalp hunters are, perhaps, radical. They declare for free trade with Mexico and Canada; direct election of United States senators, and income tax.

Foss has said and is saying that the successor of Lodge must be a progressive, whether republican or democrat; and then he draws a picture of what he considers would be an ideal new senator for Massachusetts, which (some people say) very much resembles Eugene N. Foss.

However this may be, they are singing 'The Foss Battle Hymn' down on the cape, and they are also singing a radical song written by a newspaper woman for the occasion—'Has Anybody Here Seen Cabot?'

# Pictures of the Latest Horror in the Land of Catastrophies

The correspondent of the London Daily Mirror, sent specially to Casamicciola, the seacoast town of the island of Ischia, in the bay of Naples, which was almost destroyed by the recent cloudburst, has returned to London and gives a graphic picture of the devastation wrought. The cloudburst broke on the summit of Monte Epomeo, which is about 900 feet high, and as a result, over 200 lives were lost.

Huge volumes of water rushed down the sides of the mountain, which is an extinct volcano, and deep channels were cut in the lava and clay, releasing great blocks of stone, which were hurled upon the doomed buildings below. One of these blocks is estimated to weigh 200 tons. Several hundred people were killed, and a fairly substantial house—the home of two families—stood till this overwhelming missile struck it.

Sounded Like Earthquake. The hills here crumbled before the shock, the roof is gone and the food that brought the rock there has washed away almost everything but the rock itself.

An old woman who was looking from her window in the Piazza de Bagni, Casamicciola, in the early morning described how she heard the crash and rattle of the cloudburst and the torrent caused by it, and could only think an earthquake had happened. She screamed and prayed.

In a few minutes the flood was tearing through the streets, and rocks were flung through the houses, very many of which were shattered before her eyes.

The water rose rapidly to the level of the upper window, and the air was full of screams of agony and terror, which could be heard above the din of the torrent.

Girging to Rafters. She saw a family clinging to the rafters of a house opposite of which the lower part had been swept away, until one by one they fell into the stream, which has left its high-water mark high up on all the walls still standing.

of every degree of every kind without litigation.

Bitter Recollections. While presenting Smith as a composite of narrow bigotry, avarice, cunning and rancor of the cloudburst, Senator Cannon explains in part the attitude of the present head of the Mormon church by recalling his bitter recollections of the Mormons, and says: "He had been taught and he firmly believed, that the Smiths had been divinely appointed to rule, in the name of God, over all mankind. He believed that he—ordained a ruler over this world before ever the world was—had been persecuted by the hate and wickedness of men. He believed it literally; he still believes and still preaches it."



These photographs show storm-swept villages near Naples, where a giant cloudburst loosened the ashes on Mt. Vesuvius and sent torrents of mud, lava and huge boulders crashing through the valleys, burying hundreds of houses and killing over 200 people. At the top is view in Casamicciola after the storm. Lower picture shows big boulders washed down mountain side into the little village of Cetara, where 150 people lost their lives when their homes were beaten down in the middle of the night.

The proprietor of the Manzi mud baths—the township was a famous resort of mudbathers—was taken with his family from the roof of his house by a man who courageously went to his rescue in a small boat. The water was nearly up to the proprietor's waist when he left the roof. These and other mud baths formed the chief industry of the place, many invalids coming there to test their efficacy.

There are no baths now, and except as a tourist resort, for its shore is beautiful, like the rest of the island Casamicciola is for the time being ruined. A mountaineer, starving and covered with lava mud, limped into the township on Thursday with a mule equally mud-stained. Tree trunks, telegraph poles, heavy pieces of furniture, tall mounds and banks of clay and piles of brickwork are among the debris which a thousand soldiers, besides seamen from two gunboats and the battleship Sardinia, have been helping to clear away from the streets of Casamicciola.

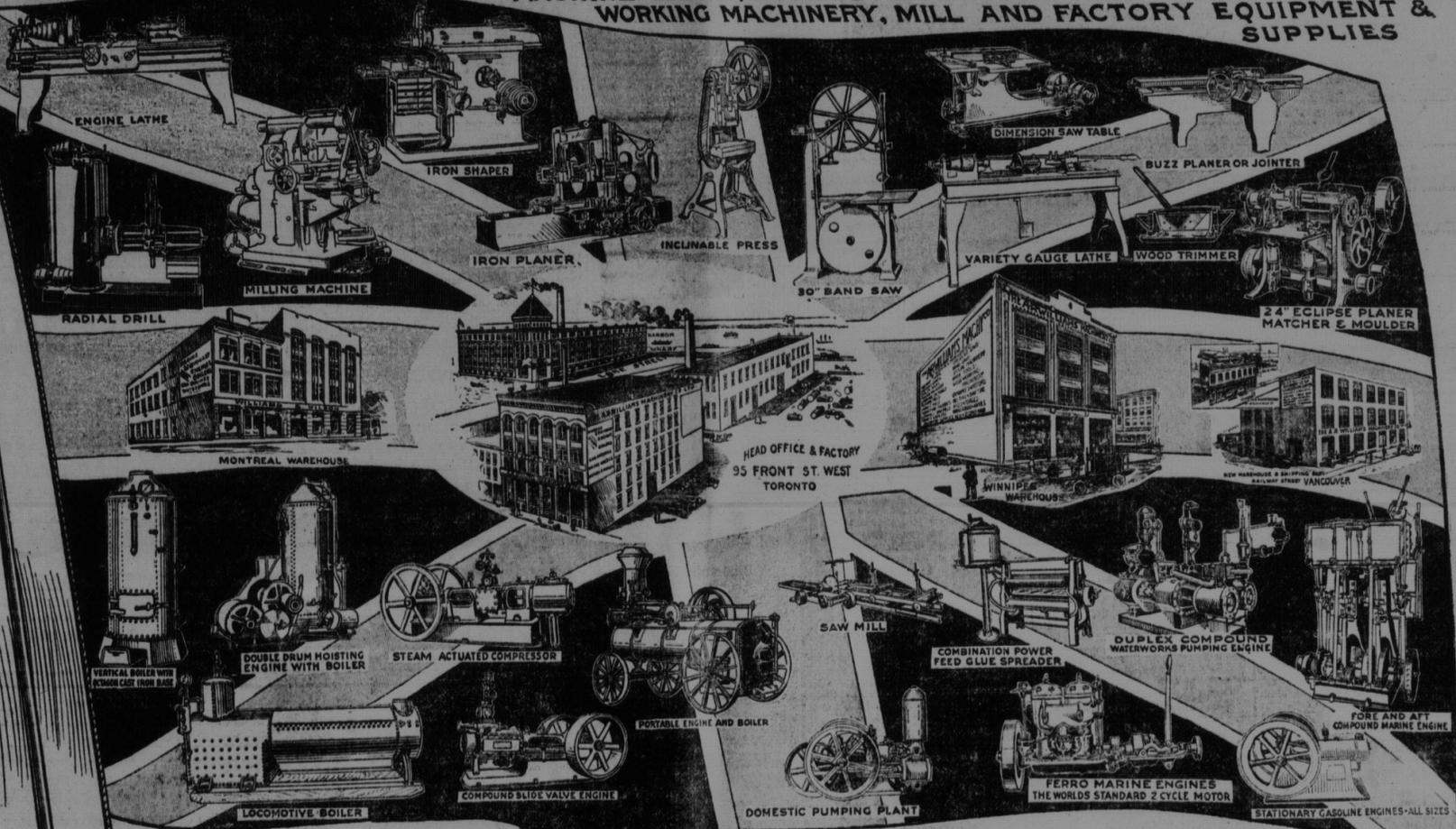
# The Day of the East is at Hand!

... AND SO ARE WE ...

At Your Service on and After January 1st., 1911,  
With a Full and Complete Stock.

**THE A. R. WILLIAMS MACHINERY CO. LIMITED.**

FOR ALL KINDS OF  
MACHINE TOOLS, BOILERS AND ENGINES, SAW MILLS, WOOD-  
WORKING MACHINERY, MILL AND FACTORY EQUIPMENT &  
SUPPLIES



**CANADA'S LEADING MACHINERY HOUSE**

FOR

Wood Working Machinery, Machine Tools, Engines and Boilers, Marine Engines, Saw Mill Machinery, Cement Machinery, Laundry Machinery, Tool Steel, Belting, Shafting, Hangers, Chapman Ball Bearings, Blacksmith Forges, Steam Specialties, Exhaust and Ventilating Blowers, and a complete line of Machine Shop Supplies.

Also a Complete Stock of the Famous GOLDIE & McCULLOCH

## SAFES AND VAULT DOORS.

In placing your orders with us you are sure of prompt delivery from stock carried here, and you get the advantage of car load rate of freight from the factory.

*We Invite You to Inspect Our Stock.*

# The A. R. Williams Machinery Co

OF ST. JOHN.

13-15 Dock Street, St. John, N. B.

MANNING W. DOHERTY, Manager.

6 MORE SHOPPING DAYS BEFORE CHRISTMAS

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—Decreasing northerly to westerly winds, fair and decidedly cold.

AROUND THE CITY

Calendars. E. J. Hieatt, of the Hygienic Bakery, is distributing among his patrons very dainty monthly calendar cards.

Stores Open Tonight. During Christmas week the store of the McRobbie Shoe Co., Ltd., will be open every night to accommodate the shoppers.

Socialist Meeting. What Socialists Want, is the subject for Sunday at the Socialist hall, 141 Mill street. F. Hyatt will speak. All are invited and discussion and questions are encouraged.

High School Practice. The High school hockey team will meet for practice in the Queen's Rink tonight. The St. Johns will have a practice at 7.30 and the High school boys will go on just after that time.

Sterling Realty Co., Ltd. At a meeting of the Sterling Realty Co., Ltd., yesterday the following officers were elected: President, Dr. John R. McNeil; vice-president, W. Edward Earle; secretary, S. B. Boston; treasurer, G. N. Wilson.

Hattie LeBlanc Here. Hattie LeBlanc the young Cape Breton girl who was on Wednesday acquitted in the Cambridge court of the murder of Clarence Glover, passed through the city yesterday on the Boston train en route to her home in West Arichat, C. B.

Getting Better. A report from the General Public Hospital at an early hour this morning was to the effect that Jasper Warwick, the street railway conductor, who was badly injured by falling from the sweeper on Brussels street Thursday night, was improving.

Boston Train Late. The Boston express was about an hour late arriving last night. The delay was caused on the Maine Central road. The Halifax express was held over for the arrival as there was a large number of passengers to transfer for the east.

Steamer at Anchor. The Norwegian steamer, Captain Hansen arrived off Partridge Island yesterday and anchored. She is bound to Amherst, N. S., with a cargo of pitch pine lumber from the island via Norfolk, Va. The steamer was off the mouth of the Bay of Fundy during last Thursday night's storm.

Queens Rink Opens Today. The ice on Queens rink made by the new process, is the greatest boom to the ice making business yet introduced, the ice not only presents a very smooth and glassy surface, but even the sharpest skates make but little impression on it. The ticket sale is the greatest yet. The opening is today.

Railway Order Meets. The St. John local of the Canadian order of railway employes held a meeting last evening in the Foresters' hall. A lengthy document was received from Grand President Mosher, showing the standing of every railway man in the Maritime Provinces connected with the order. A good deal of routine business was transacted.

No Frozen Hydrants. Although the temperature was below zero yesterday morning, the water department received no reports of hydrants freezing. An extra staff was put on to test the hydrants. In the morning some of the pipes on the West Side supplying the fire service in the warehouses were reported frozen, but they were put in condition again.

Rev. G. F. Scovill the Speaker. The regular weekly temperance meeting will be held Sunday evening in the Granite Rock Division Hall, West End, under the auspices of Granite Rock Division, Sons of Temperance. The chair will be taken at 8.15 and a temperance address will be delivered by Rev. G. F. Scovill, rector of St. Jude's church. These meetings are becoming more popular every week.

Dr. Melvin Home. Dr. G. G. Melvin, medical health officer, arrived home last evening from Montreal where he has been taking a course at McGill University in sanitary science. He will remain home until after the holidays. "Montreal is a great city," said the doctor, "and it is growing at an amazing rate. But in my humble opinion St. John has many points of superiority over it, and I am glad to get back."

Assistant Pastor. The official quarterly meeting of the Exmouth street Methodist church was held last evening. Rev. W. W. Brewer in the chair. After the transaction of routine business M. B. Tanner, a graduate of Cliff's College was unanimously recommended as a candidate for the Methodist ministry, and the board decided to engage Mr. Tanner, who has been living in the city for some time, as assistant to the pastor, Rev. Mr. Brewer. There was a full attendance of the board, and the various reports were of a satisfactory character.

Mr. Batty To Speak. Rev. Jas. L. Batty, of Moncton, who is well known as a strong, forceful and attractive preacher and lecturer will be the speaker at the Y. M. C. A. meeting for men in the Unique theatre on Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. There will be a solo by Willard A. Smith and hearty singing will be a feature of the meeting. The programme of this meeting has been arranged by the St. John county branch of the N. B. temperance federation, and all friends of temperance should be present to hear the address on Temperance, a subject on which Mr. Batty is especially well qualified to speak.

WINTER PORT SHIPMENTS ALREADY TOTAL \$1,517,975

Grain Shipments Not as Heavy as Last Year, but Increase is Anticipated--United States Exports Are Greater in Amount--Interesting Notes on Steamer Movements.

The following is a list of steamships that have made returns of their exports (outward cargoes) at the customs house up to date, showing the valuation of each cargo:

Table with 2 columns: Ship Name, Value. Includes entries like Athenian, Pomeranian, Kanawha, Empress of Ireland, Tunisian, etc.

Total 11 steamships, \$1,517,975. Value of Canadian goods, \$1,127,402. Value of U. S. goods, \$390,573.

Total value to date, \$1,517,975. Total value for the first 11 steamships last year was \$1,822,230.

Nineteen steamships with a tonnage of 95,398 tons have arrived up to date. Three steamships left port for the United States in ballast.

The following are some of the products that have gone forward in the above steamships: Grain (bushels), 615,476. Flour (bags), 301,074. Cattle (head), 1,185.

Furness Line steamship Shenandoah now on her way to London from this port took away 77,000 bushels of wheat, 165 casks extract, 259 barrels of apples, 417,350 feet spruce plank, valued at \$89,355.

Steamship Manchester Shipper arrived last night from Manchester via Halifax. She was out in Thursday night's storm and this delayed her arrival.

Manifests for 12 cars of United States products were received at the customs house yesterday for shipment in the winter port steamers. About 200 cars have been manifested so far this season and it looks bright for a large export of United States goods from this port. From now out the steamships will probably take away larger cargoes. The grain growers at present are holding for better prices.

Allan Line steamship Grampan, Captain William, went to sea yesterday morning bound to Liverpool direct.

C. P. R. steamship Kumara, Captain Morton, left this port last night on her long voyage to Melbourne, Australia. This is the first steamer of the new Australian line. She is taking away a large amount of pulpwood, paper and other general cargo.

Allan Line steamship Hesperian, Captain Main, arrived at Halifax yesterday from Liverpool and will for this port at midnight. She is bringing a few of her passengers around from Halifax.

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Painless Dentistry. Teeth filled or extracted free of pain by the celebrated "HALE METHOD." All branches of dental work done in the most skillful manner. Boston Dental Parlors, 527 Main St., Tel 465. DR. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor.

OUR LAST CHRISTMAS

At These Stores Here's a Christmas Bargain Present for our Customers APPLIQUE PILLOW SHAMS regular 35c. quality, Sale price - 17 1-2c. each.

F. R. Patterson & Co. Cor Duke & Charlotte Sts.

Acceptable Christmas Gifts

Useful, Sensible, Appropriate. Gaiters, Leggings, Slippers, Moccasins, Snowshoes, Overshoes, Dress Boots, Walking Boots, Waterproof Boots, Dancing Shoes.

There is never any doubt about the welcome when you make a gift of useful footwear. Everybody is glad to receive a present of this sort. People are realizing more and more the wisdom of making useful Christmas Gifts.

WATERBURY & RISING

King Street, Mill Street, Union Street. Three Stores.

Jamaica Oranges

For Xmas Trade. Unloading One Car Today. Choice Stock. Order Early From The Willett Fruit Co. Ltd. Wholesale Fruits, ST. JOHN, N. B.

ARMY POT STARTS BOILING MONDAY

The Salvation Army officers in the city are busily engaged at present seeking for poor families in addition to the large number they are already in touch with, so that all deserving cases in the city will be sure of a good Christmas dinner.

Let Us Do Your Christmas Engraving

We engrave on all kinds of metal. Brass Initials Supplied. New Designs in Greeting Cards, Calendars, etc. Printing Carefully Done. C. H. Flewelling, 85 1-2 Prince William Street



A Gillette Razor

Will be a wonderfully acceptable present to any man who does not own one.

- Ordinary Sets, \$5.00
Special Pocket Editions, \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00, \$6.50
Special Cases, \$13.50, \$17.50

W. H. Thorne & Co. Limited. Market Square and King Street, St. John, N. B.

Stores Open till 11 o'clock tonight. St. John, Dec. 17, 1910.

Christmas Suggestions for Men and Boys

If you are in doubt as to what you should buy for that particular boy or man, we can help you to decide the question by naming a few of the articles that will be very much appreciated by the lucky person who should happen to receive them.

- Men's and Boys' Overcoats, \$3.75 to \$18.00
Men's and Boys' Suits, 1.98 to 20.00
Men's and Boys' Reefers, 2.00 to 6.00
Men's Pants, in lots of good patterns, 1.00 to 5.00
Silk and Wool Mufflers, 39c to 1.44
Silk Handkerchiefs, in great variety, 25c to 1.00
Men's and Boys' Gloves and Mitts, 19c to 2.44
Men's and Boys' Shirts, 39c to 1.13

We are showing a real good line of Trunks, Bags and Suit Cases at right prices. HARRY N. DEMILLE, Successor to J. N. HARVEY, 199 to 207 Union Street

Silver Holloware

Bake Dishes, Casseroles, Bread Trays, Butter Dishes, Tea and Coffee Sets, etc. These articles are useful and therefore make very acceptable Christmas Gifts. Our stock is all new and the patterns well selected. Don't fail to see these goods before making your purchases.

EMERSON & FISHER, Ltd., 25 Germain St.

Commencing Tuesday and Until Christmas All M. R. A. Stores Open Evenings Until 10 o'clock

Continued Today--The Grand Clearance Sale of Christmas Millinery

Offering Bargains of the most extraordinary kind. This is your chance to secure Millinery gifts at the lowest prices of the year. Come Promptly and Choose.

All Trimmed and Untrimmed Felt Hats, black and colors. Two sale prices, 25c and 50c. Untrimmed Velvet and Beaver Hats, black and colors, each \$1.00.

Trimmed Dress Hats, three sale prices, \$1.00, \$2.00 and \$3.00. Wings, Fancy Feathers, Hackle Feathers, Coque feathers, Osprey Effects, Birds, black, white and all colors. Three startling sale prices, 10c, 20c, 30c. No Appropriation. No Exchange.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

Smoking Jackets, Bath Robes, Dressing Gowns and Fancy Vests for Gifts

Our exhibit of Smoking Jackets cannot be excelled anywhere. We offer a splendid lot of garments in a fine range of new fabrics in shades of green, brown, tan, grey and navy, reverse side in nobby stripe and check effects used to finish lapels, pockets and cuffs.

Also a fine showing of the English style in soft Vicunas; a variety of neat designs. All of the above Jackets are trimmed with fancy cord. Prices are from \$3.50 to \$15.00. A splendid assortment at \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.00 and \$8.25.

Dressing Gowns in heavy, soft Vicuna cloths; plain and fancy colors in greys, browns, reds, greens; check and stripe effects, fancy and cord trimmed, all with girdles. Prices from \$6.50 up. Also Jaeger Pure Wool garments.

Combination Bath Robes and Dressing Gowns in attractive Figured Velours, shades of grey, red, green, brown and blue, all the original new patterns. These garments button close to the neck. Prices \$3.50 to \$5.75.

Fancy Vests in knitted styles, a number of fancy weaves and colorings, greys, browns, and greens in stripes and spots. Others in fancy cloths, new novelty effects, stripes and spots in greens, browns, tans, etc. Prices from \$2.00 up. CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

MANCHESTER ROBERTSON ALLISON, LTD.