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# The Standard

Vol. 14

No 28

## OR FRONTIER AGRICULTURAL & COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

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ST. ANDREWS, N. B. WEDNESDAY, JULY 14, 1847.

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### THE TWO HOMES, A TALE FOR WIVES.

Our story begins—as most other stories terminate—with a wedding. And yet how often is marriage but the entrance gate of life, when the romantic girl must inevitably merge into the thinking and active woman, and she who has hitherto lived within herself and to herself, must learn to live for another. She steps from the altar into a new existence—requiring new feelings; she enters a new path as yet untried, and in which there is much to be overcome, and in which she has need of all help from her own heart and from Heaven.

Mr. Stratford, the rich banker, gave away at the marriage altar, on the same day, his only daughter and his niece. The fortunate bridegroom who won the former was Sir Francis Lester, a baronet of ancient and honorable family. The husband of the latter was of lower standing in society—plain Henry Wollerstan, Esq., a gentleman whose worldly wealth consisted in that often visionary income, “a small independence,” added to office under government, which yielded a few hundreds per annum. These were the two who carried away in triumph the beautiful heiress and the graceful and portly niece of Mr. Stratford.

With the usual April tears, the two young brides departed. A state carriage and four conveyed Sir Francis and Lady Lester to the hall of a noble relative; while the humbler railway to the antique country mansion, where a new mother and sister awaited the orphan. And thus passed the honeymoon of both couples, different, and yet the same; for in the lordly abode, and in the comfortable dwelling of an English squire, was alike the sunshine of first, young, happy love.

In a few weeks, the two couples came home. How sweet that word sounded—“Our Home!”—What a sunny vista of coming years does it open to the views of joys to be shared together and cares divided—that seem, when thus lightened, no burden at all.

Sir Francis Lester forgot his dignity in his happiness as he lifted his young wife from her downy cushioned equipage, and led her through a lane of smiling, bowing, white ribboned domestics, up the noble staircase of his splendid house in — Square.

Hand-in-hand the happy pair wandered through the magnificent rooms, in which taste refined had increased of wealth. Emily was never weary of admiring, and her husband only looked in her eyes for his delight and reward. At last, exhausted with her pleasure, Lady Lester threw herself on a divan couch.

I can do no more to day; I am quite wearied.

Wearied of home—of me—of what? said Sir Francis, smiling.

No—no, answered the bride, looking proudly at her husband, and playing with his jeweled fingers; only wearied of being so happy.

Indeed I do not care; all the mothers in the world would not induce me to rise and have the fatigue of dressing and dining in state to-night.

Sir Francis looked annoyed; but he had been married too short a time to do more than “look.”

As you will, Emily; but I wish—

There was something in his tone that made the wife look up. She saw the expression, and repeated:

You wished—and I will do anything you wish, now and always, whispered her beautiful lips in his ear, and the shadow was gone from between the two—swept away by the touch of love.

Half a mile from the abode of Sir Francis Lester was the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wollerstan. It was one of those pleasant houses that a generation now past used to erect in the suburbs of London. With modern built terraces and formal squares have risen here and there, while their barrier of trees, or low private hedges, against the dusty road—their little gardens and brown walls covered with ivy, or woodbine, or thick leaved vines. To one of these pretty dwellings Henry Wollerstan brought home his bride.

It was an evening in September, bright enough to make the fire welcome, when Henry and Eunice sat for the first time by their own hearth together. The ruddy fire light gleamed on the young wife's face as she presided at the tea-table; with her husband, resting at his ease in an arm chair, watched with his affectionate eyes every movement of the delicate hand that lifted about in maternally dignity. How happy they were. After all the trials of a love whose course had been ruffled by worldly cares and hindrances, to find themselves at last in a still haven—a happy, wedded home! Eunice looked round the cheerful home the books, the well chosen prints, silent beautiful companions, which they both loved so much—and the open piano-forte—all seemed to speak of future comfort and happiness. And then she saw, besides

her face that had been for years the sunshine of her life, and knew that he was her husband, that they would never be parted more—that the love between them would be as an ever-living fountain, daily springing up anew to refresh and lighten their united life. All this came upon the full heart of the young wife, and she fairly burst into tears. Happy, blessed years they were, quickly kissed away, and changed into smiles.

Many and many a time in after years did the young couple call to mind that first happy evening in their own home—how they looked over their treasures, their household goods; and Eunice touched her new piano, and sang; but her voice trembled; so at last they came and sat by the fire-side—like John Anderson and his spouse, as Henry laughingly said—and built castles in the air; the jest always ended in seriousness, for they were too happy to be very mischievous.

Time glides away fast enough with every one and most of all with those whose life is untroubled. Eunice had been married six months before she began to think how long it was since she had resigned her hand into Henry's loving keeping. Yet, short as the time seemed, it was sufficient to make the former life of both appear like a dream—They had already settled down into a calm, sedate married pair. Sometimes people jest with them upon restricted freedom and marriage fetters—but Henry Wollerstan only laughed—he was ever of a merry mood—and asked if any man or woman, single or not, could ever truly say they had their liberty. And in good truth it is well it should be so, for such liberty would be a sore burden sometimes.

Mrs. Wollerstan still kept up her intercourse with her cousin, for Emily was of too generous a disposition to make the difference in station a bar to such old friendship. Still there was in the world's eye a distinction between the wife of a rich baronet and of a gentleman of limited income; and still more than this, there was the difference of habits, thoughts, feelings, which the position of the couple naturally brought about; so that, in the intercourse of the two wives gradually narrowed, it was not very surprising. Eunice never returned from the square, which breathed the very atmosphere of gaiety and splendor, without feeling a sense of relief on entering the quiet precincts of her own home.

One day she came earlier than usual, to visit Lady Lester, whom she found still in her dressing room. Emily lay seemingly half asleep; but when Eunice drew aside the rose colored curtains, and let in the warm sunshin, she saw the pale face and swollen eyes that were beneath the rich lace cap. Before she had time to speak, Lady Lester observed:

Well, Eunice, my husband and I have had our first quarrel.

I am sorry—truly sorry. And Sir Francis—

Do not speak of him—he is proud, unkind, obstinate.

Hush, said Eunice, laying her finger on Emily's lips; you must not speak thus—not even to your cousin.

I will tell you—I must not be contradicted, answered the young beauty, resolutely.

And Wollerstan thought that to listen perhaps, would be the wisest course, though she knew the evil of such confidence in general.

I do not see half enough of my husband, continued Emily. He is always going out—not with me, but alone, or with that disagreeable mother of his, whom I hate to see in my house; yet she makes it like her own, and I am thought nobody.—I, the wife of Sir Francis.

I entreated him, this morning, not to ask her so much, to let her leave us alone together, and that he would stay at home a little more. But he was very angry, not passionate, for that he never is—I often wish he were—it would be better than his cold formal manner when he is displeased.

Was that all? asked Eunice.

Not quite. I told him he ought not to leave me so much—that I would not suffer it. And he answered, in this quiet way, “When Lady Lester makes her society not quite so dull, it will have more charms for her husband;” and so he went away. I will make him repent it, though, said Emily, while the hot flush mounted on her brow.

Eunice saw at once that it was no time for even gentle reproof, and, besides, Emily was not all in the wrong; there was much to be laid to the charge of her husband, also. Scarcely had Mrs. Wollerstan succeeded in calming her friend, and just as she was beginning to think how she might best frame salutary but tender advice, the mother-in-law of Lady Lester entered.

The hasty greeting between the wife and mother of Sir Francis showed mutual dislike. Eunice contrasted the tall, harsh-voiced, frigid lady before her with the gentle woman who was Henry's mother, and her own, too, in love, which made the formidable title of mother-in-law but a name for a most sweet bond.

Thinking of this, how much she pitied Emily. Had she not heard the confession of her cousin, the one-half hour during which she listened painfully to the abrupt, coldly-polite or sarcastic speeches that passed between her

lady and her son's wife, was enough to convince Eunice that she was in a vain strife. She rose to depart; for it was but time to hope for more conversation with Emily. As she bade her cousin adieu in the ante-room, Eunice could just find time to whisper—

Dearest Emily, when I married, a wise and true friend said to me, “Take care of the first quarrel.” I did so; Henry and I have not had our first quarrel yet. Listen to me. At all risks, end yours; make any sacrifices to be friends; and never—never leave another. God bless and help you! and good-bye.

The wise Salomon says, “The beginning of strife is like the letting out of water.” Alas! if they who first open the fountain did but know into what a fearful river of its so-called swells, sweeping away everything in its overwhelming tide. Emily Lester was wise enough to follow her cousin's advice; she did make up the quarrel, as a loving and still beloved wife almost always can, and no other tie has the same influence. But Sir Francis, though gifted with many high qualities, was a difficult temper to bear with and guide. His character and pursuits were fixed before he married; his wife must mould her nature to his, for he would never bend his to hers. He loved Emily fondly, but he regarded her, probably from the difference in their years, more as a plaything than an equal. After the silken fetters of the lover were broken, he would never brook the shadow of control. To give him an idea that he was ruled, was to lose that power forever. Emily had truly called him obstinate; for the same quality that made him firm in a good purpose, made him resolute in an erring one. To thwart him, was but to strengthen his iron will. Yet he was a man of high principle and feeling; but he required to be lured by smiles to a cheerful home, instead of being driven away by frowns and murmurs.

Let us pass over another year, and again visit the two homes. A mother's bliss had come to both—the heir of Sir Francis Lester was received with triumphant joy, and cradled in sabbath and down; while the first born of Henry Wollerstan was laid in its mother's bosom with a fearful but happy welcome.

Life had become very sweet to Henry and Eunice; their cup of joy was running over. Too much bliss is a snare to the wisest, and therefore perhaps it was for the best that, before many months had passed over the babe whose advent had given so much happiness, a shadow gathered on the path of the young parents.

Eunice sat waiting for her husband's daily return from town. Sleep had closed the eyes of her little Lily, and very like was she to that sweet flower, as she lay asleep like a lily folded among its leaves. Eunice's fingers were busy in fabricating a christening robe for her darling, and the mother's heart leaped for her quick movements, travelling over future years, until she smiled to herself to think how earnestly she had considered the making of the bridal dress of the babe of three months old that lay unconsciously sleeping at her side.

A little later than his accustomed hour, for he was generally very punctual—Henry came in. He looked pale and his eye was troubled, but he kissed his wife with his usual affection, perhaps more so. Still, Eunice saw that all was not right. She waited for him to tell her—he always did; but this night he was silent. A few passing questions Eunice put, but they were answered so shortly, that the wife saw that that plan would never do, so she tried to distract his attention by speaking of Lily and the christening.

See, Henry how beautiful she will look in her robe—the darling! said the mother, unfolding it, and displaying the delicate fabric. Henry covered his face.

Take it away, he said, in tones of deep pain. I cannot think of such things, Eunice, I ought to have told, and yet I dare not.

What is it, you dare not tell me, my own Henry? said Eunice, softly putting her arm around his neck. Nothing wrong, I am sure, and even if so, you know I will forgive.

I have done wrong, Eunice; it might be foolish, but it was not wrong.

What was it, Henry, love? said a voice so slow that it might have been that of his own heart urging the confession.

I will tell you. You know my brother George, how wild he is, and always was? Well, he came to me a year ago, he had a good situation offered him, but they required a surety; and George implored me on his knees to save him, and gave him a chance of reforming. I did so. I was bound for him to the extent of my little all—poor Lily's fortune—and he has just fled to America—a thief! defrauding his master and also me. Eunice, we have now only my salary to live upon. This is the trouble that weighs me down.

Is that all? said the wife. Then we will bear it together. It is nothing—nothing, and she smiled through her tears.

Her husband looked surprised; Eunice, do you know that we shall be much poorer than we are now?—that we must give up many comforts—and the poor babe growing up, too. Oh, how foolish I have been.

Never mind—the past, dear Henry; I have only one thing to complain of—that you did not tell me sooner.

You have, indeed, a right to do so, said Henry, slowly and painfully, I know it—I have bought this upon you—I have made my wife poor.

Eunice looked at her husband with eyes overflowing with love.

Henry, she answered, since you spoke thus I can never think of myself. I must remember that I brought you no fortune; that I owe all to you—home, food, raiment; that, in making of me your wife, the gifts were all on your side, for I had nothing. When I consider this, what right have I to complain of reduced luxuries—nay, even of poverty, if you are my own, noble-minded wife? cried Henry, folding her in his arms. The richest treasure I ever had, was the woman's heart you brought me.

Thus, even adverse fortunes without could only throw a passing shadow on that blessed united home.

The birth of their son drew a little nearer the hearts of Sir Francis Lester and his wife, but their life had been too long a troubled current to receive more than a temporary calm. When Sir Francis stooped from his usual dignified reserve to fondle his child, with the pride of a new made father, these caresses, after the first pleasure was over, gave a jealous pang to Emily's heart. She was absolutely jealous of the babe—attribution of her husband's more frequent society to his delight in his son and heir. She even doubted the increased fondness of manner that he evinced towards herself; until, repulsed by her coldness and vague hints, he again sought abroad the comfort that was denied him in his splendid, but joyless home.

(To be continued.)

### European Intelligence.

From the *European Times*, June 19.

The days of the present Parliament drag their slow length along. The 10th of July has been named for the dissolution; but whether it will take place on that particular day, must depend mainly on the state of the public business, and other circumstances which cannot be foreseen.

Ministers are rapidly winding up the business of the session. Certain railways before Parliament are to be allowed to “suspend” their bills, and to resume them in the new house at the point where they were discontinued. The Corn and Navigation laws to be suspended until March next, and other symptoms are daily exhibited, showing the anxiety felt in high quarters for bringing business to a close.

IRELAND.

The repeal Association have not given up the usual weekly meetings. On the 7th, a large number of members met in Conciliation Hall. Mr. Maurice O'Connell, M. P., eldest son of Mr. O'Connell, deceased, and Mr. John O'Connell, were present. Several addresses and resolutions from various bodies of the Roman Catholic clergy, from several corporations, and other public bodies, were read, proclaiming adhesion to the political conduct and teachings of the late Mr. O'Connell, and promising that they would confide in his son Mr. John O'Connell, as the expounder of that conduct and policy. Mr. John O'Connell stated that he would not presume to accept of any leadership, but that, with the advantage of his brother's counsel and experience, he would endeavour to walk in the paths of his father. It would seem, therefore, that the two brothers will, for the present at least, assume to guide the movement of the Repealers. The funds of the association have been placed in the guardianship of trustees, that of Alderman M'Leighlin and Keshan. The rent acknowledged was nearly £50.

In consequence of the great demand for cart horses by railway contractors, those animals are now 40 per cent. dearer than they were a year ago.

The Newcastle and Derwick Railway has been opened. The whole distance between Edinburgh and London may now be traversed by express trains, in thirteen hours.

The workmen in the Royal Arsenal, at Woolwich, have been formed into a military corps.

The wine-growers in the south of France entertain hopes that the vintage will be unusually plentiful.

The lords of the treasury have ordered Maudsloe flour to be admitted without paying duty, until the 1st of September next.

In a destructive fire that occurred lately, in the large village of Brantitz, Silesia, more than 230 houses were destroyed, and three persons burnt to death.

Measures are being taken at Edinburgh, for the erection of a statue of the late Dr. Chalmers, which is to be placed within the new college.

The lords of the treasury have ordered foreign bulled barley to be admitted without paying any duty until the 1st of September.

The Oxford Chronicle says that a Roman Catholic monastery is about to be established at Hagley Hall, close to the palace of the Archbishop of York.

The Government, at the instance of Mr. Sheil, have increased the sum payable to the Catholic Bishop of Newfoundland from £75 to £300 a year.

A dreadful storm of wind, lightning, and rain, occurred on the 21st ult. at the mouth of the Danube. Nearly all the ships in the river were driven ashore, and several were capsized.

The Turkish Government proposes raising 10,000 Christian seamen, to serve in the navy, in conjunction with Mussulman marines.

The members of the corporation of Kilkenny have resolved to wear crapes during six weeks, as a token of respect to the memory of Mr. O'Connell.

One of the principal lodges of Prussian Freemasons has struck out of its laws the clauses which prescribed that no person could be received a mason unless he professed the Christian religion, and which particularly forbade the admission of Jews.

The Spanish papers, state that alarming corn riots occurred on the 27th ult. at Aviles, in the Asturias. The mob threw stones at the soldiers, who fired and wounded nine of the rioters, whose object was to prevent the exportation of some corn.

Mr. Smith O'Brien and his section of the Repealers have been prohibited from attending Mr. O'Connell's funeral which is to take place in Ireland; and Mr. John O'Connell has been nominated to take his father's place in Politics.

DEATH OF SIR COLIN CAMPBELL, K.C.B. We regret to have to announce the demise of the above gallant general, the late Governor and Commander in Chief of Ceylon, who expired on the 13th ult. at his temporary residence in King-street, St. James. After holding the home appointment of Governor of Portsmouth; and the command of the south west district, he was appointed Lieutenant Governor and Commander of the forces in Nova Scotia. On his return from North America he was elected Governor of Ceylon, to which colony he proceeded in 1840, and remained there up to Viscount Torrington being appointed Governor a few months ago.

RUSSIAN GRAIN.—Messrs. Watson Brothers and Co., of Fenwick-street, have received a letter from the Captain of one of their vessels, dated Riga, 1st, instant, of which the following is an extract:—“It is almost impossible to pass through the ships in this river; there are at present fifteen hundred ships in this port, and this only the month of June, more ships than ever were in Riga before in a year.” It will be seen that so soon as these vessels obtain cargo, bread will be cheaper.

MISSIONARY SOCIETY.—The Liverpool anniversary meeting of this society was held at the Baptist Chapel, Penbrook-place, on Monday evening. The Rev. Mr. Lister presided. The Rev. Mr. Birrell gave an interesting sketch of the operations of the society at the different missionary stations on the continent of Europe and in distant lands, from which it appeared that in the face of many discouragements, it was progressing satisfactorily—that it numbered at present 34,000 members, and that the receipts for the past year were upwards of £25,000.

EXISTENCE OF A GOD.

There is a God! The herbs of the valley, the cedars of the mountains; bless him—the insects sport in his beams—the elephant salute Him with the rising day—the birds sing to Him in the foliage—the thunder declares His immensity. Man alone, has said, “there is no God!” Unite in thought, at the same instant, the most beautiful objects in nature; suppose that you see at once all the hours of the day, all the year, a morning of Spring, and a morning of Autumn; a night bespangled with stars and night covered with clouds; a meadow enamelled with beautiful flowers; forests hoary with snow and the great fields gilded with the tints of Autumn—then alone will you have a just conception of the Universe. While you are gazing on that sun which is plunging under the vault of the West, another admires him emerging from the gilded gates of the East. By what inconceivable magic does that aged star, which is sinking fatigued and burning under the shades of evening, reappear at the same instant, fresh and humid with the rosy dew of the morning? At every instant of the day the glorious orb is at once rising—resplendent at noonday, and settling in the West; or rather our senses deceives us, and there is properly speaking, no East or West to the world. Every thing reduces itself to one single point from whence the King of Day sends forth at once a triple light, one single substance.

THE DYING BED.

There is no place on earth like a dying bed.—There is no hour in man's brief journey across this world, like a dying hour; so solemn, so impressive, and so full of dread interest to each individual when he arrives at that place, and feels that hour has come.—Then the soul makes a pause. She looks back on a redeeming world, and onward into a dark, unfathomable eternity. There is no retreat. The hour of exchanging worlds has come.

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The St. Andrews and Quebec Railroad Company was incorporated by an Act of the Legislature of New Brunswick in 1836, for the purpose of constructing a Railroad from the important Port of St. Andrews, on the Bay of Fundy, to Quebec. The line was surveyed under the direction, and at the expense, of Her Majesty's Government, and the Report being highly favorable, the Company would have commenced operations in 1837, but early in that year the Lieutenant-Governor received commands to prohibit the construction of a Railroad over a large portion of the surveyed line, until the disputes then pending between the Governments of Great Britain and the United States, with regard to the North-eastern Boundary Line, should be brought to a termination.

That boundary line having been at length definitively settled by the Ashburton Treaty, the above Company, in the month of March, 1847, obtained two further Acts of the Legislature of New Brunswick, the one extending and enlarging the powers of their Act of Incorporation, and the other (which has been duly confirmed by the Queen in Council), conceding to them very extensive and important privileges in aid of the undertaking; and they propose to commence the construction of the portion of the Line between St. Andrews and Woodstock, a distance of 82 miles, as soon as the requisite Capital shall be subscribed.

The Line is easy of construction, the worst gradient, with the exception of a few chains close to St. Andrews, being 1 in 175. The permanent way will be formed entirely of wood, according to the plan adopted with so much success in the United States.

The privileges above alluded to, as having been granted to the Company by the Legislature of New Brunswick, with the assent of the Queen in Council, embrace free grants of—

- 1st A belt of land 400 feet in width as a site for the Railroad, for the whole extent of the Crown Territory through which the Line passes, with additional blocks, 500 feet long and 300 feet wide, at each station.
- 2 All the timber and materials, the property of the Crown, requisite for the construction of the Railroad.
- 3 20,000 acres of unlocated territory, to be selected by the Company in convenient sections, with frontages to the Railroad, and to be held by the Company in fee-simple.
- 4 A guarantee of a minimum dividend of £5. per cent. for 10 years on the Capital to be subscribed by the British Shareholders, viz £50,000.
- 5 The right of making Branch Lines through any portion of the province of New Brunswick, without the necessity of obtaining fresh Legislative powers, and with similar privileges in regard to land, timber, and materials, to those granted in respect of the Line from St. Andrews to Woodstock.

As complete Plans and Sections of the Line have been prepared at the expense of the Government, and the Acts for Incorporating the Company, authorizing the construction of the Railroad, and confirming the grants above set forth, have been obtained, no preliminary expenses are involved in the undertaking, and the works may be at once proceeded with.

The Capital required for the construction of the Railroad from St. Andrews to Woodstock, and the purchase of the plant necessary for efficiently working it, is £160,000. The estimates have been prepared by Civil Engineers in the Crown Land Department of New Brunswick, and have been adopted by the Legislature of that province.

This Capital has been divided into 5000 Shares of £20 each, of which number 2500 have been already subscribed for in New Brunswick, and 1500 will be set apart for future allocation to residents in that province. It is proposed to allot the remaining 4000 to responsible parties in Great Britain, to whom exclusively will be reserved the benefit of the guaranteed minimum dividend of £5 per cent. These 4000 Shares will be distinguished as Class "A," and the 4000 Shares allotted in New Brunswick, will be distinguished as Class "B."

All the Shares constituting Class "A" will be allotted to responsible parties on application; and if the whole of those Shares are not subscribed for, and the Deposits thereon paid, on or before the first day of January next, the Directors pledge themselves to return the whole amount of the Deposit, without any deduction whatsoever, to any person wishing to retire from the Undertaking.

It is expected that the Line will be opened for traffic in the summer of 1849, and until the opening, interest at £5. per cent. per annum will be paid on the deposit and calls. This interest, and the future dividends on the Shares, will be paid half-yearly at the Company's Offices in London.

A deposit of £2. per Share will be payable on allotment. No further call will be payable for six months. No call will exceed £2. per share; and there will be an interval of 2 months at least between each call.

The existing through traffic, which has been ascertained from authentic sources, is sufficient, at one-third of the present charges, to pay upwards of 20 per cent. on the Capital, and, as the United States' Railroad Companies intend to extend their Lines from Boston to Calais, to meet the projected Railroad, so soon as it shall have been completed to Quebec, and the commercial intercourse of the Provinces with Europe, the United States, and the West Indies, is every year rapidly extending, it is probable that an enormous increase of traffic will take place.

The present population of New Brunswick consume annually goods to the value of £1,000,000 sterling. The country abounds with Forests of most valuable Timber, and with coalfields and rich minerals of various kinds. A Company has been formed to open and work the iron mines at Woodstock, the ore of which is of a very superior character.

It is anticipated that the formation of this Line, under the immediate auspices and sanction of Her Majesty's Government, will not only conduce to the rapid development of the abundant resources of New Brunswick, the systematic colonization of that province, the increase of the coast fisheries, and the general trade of St. Andrews, but will, by its ultimate extension to the Grand Falls and Quebec, inevitably lead to the consolidation of British North America, as well as to the most satisfactory relations, social and commercial, with the United States.

## STATEMENT OF ACTUAL EXISTING TRAFFIC.

Traffic from St. Andrews to Woodstock.	
Flour and Salted Provisions, 100,000 Barrels, at 2s. 6d. per barrel.	£12,500
West India Produce, equal to 20,000 Barrels, at 2s. 6d. per barrel.	2,500
British Merchandise, equal to 20,000 Barrels, at 2s. 6d. per barrel.	2,500
Passengers, 60 per day for 310 days, at 10s. each.	9,300
	£26,800

Traffic from Woodstock to St. Andrews.	
Timber, Deals, Boards, &c. equal to 50,000 tons, at 7s. 6d. per ton.	£18,750
Agricultural Produce.	1,500
Passengers, 60 per day, for 310 days, at 10s. each.	9,300
	£29,550

Current Expenses.	
Deduct Expenses of Working the Line, Repairs, &c. (say 40 per cent.)	22,540
Net Profit	£33,510

The estimated cost of constructing the Line from St. Andrews to Woodstock, and of providing the necessary plant for working it, being £160,000, a net profit of upwards of 20 per cent. per annum is thus shown. No allowance has been made for increased traffic, or for the conveyance of the Mails, or for local traffic along the course of the Railroad. The Commissioners, deputed by the Directors of the Company in New Brunswick to proceed to England for the purpose of communicating with Her Majesty's Government and arranging the formation of the London Board, having addressed a letter to the Right Honourable The Earl Grey, Her Majesty's principal Secretary of State for the Colonies,

embodying the above statements, and requesting Her Majesty's assent to the Bill passed by the Legislature of New Brunswick, have received the following reply:—  
DOWNING STREET,  
31 May 1847.

GENTLEMEN,  
I am directed by EARL GREY to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, dated 18th instant, in which you bring under his Lordship's notice the condition and prospects of the Company which has been formed in New Brunswick for constructing a line of Railroad between St. Andrews and Woodstock, as part of a more extended line to Quebec; and I am to express to you, in answer, the sense entertained by his Lordship of the extreme importance of the proposed undertaking, which his Lordship trusts may prove as beneficial to the Promoters as it must to the Province of New Brunswick, upon which it is calculated to confer great and important advantages. I am to add, that the Act for facilitating the construction of the Railway has been confirmed by the Queen in Council.

I am, Gentlemen,  
Your most obedient Servant,  
(Signed) B. HAWES.

To  
CAPT. J. ROBINSON, R. N.  
M. H. PERLEY, Esq.

N.B. Applications for Class "A" Shares may be made to the Company's Solicitors in London.

## THE STANDARD.

St. Andrews, Wednesday, July 14, 1847.

Charlotte County Bank.  
Hon. HARRIS HATCH, President.  
T. B. WILSON, Esq., Solicitor.  
Director next week—George D. Street.

Discount Day—TUESDAY.  
Hours of Business, from 10 to 2.

BILLS AND NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Monday otherwise they must lie over until next week.

Saint Andrew's Work House.  
Commissioners—R. M. Andrews, R. Ker, Jacob Paul, Thomas Berry, John Bailey.

St. Andrews  
Steam Mills and Manufacturing Company  
R. M. ANDREWS, Esq., President.  
Director this week—S. T. Gove.

Saint Stephens Bank.  
G. D. KING, Esq., President.  
Director next week—Wm. Porter.

Discount Day—SATURDAY.  
Hours of business, from 10 to 1.

BILLS AND NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Friday, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day.

LATEST DATES  
Liverpool—June 19 Montreal—July 1  
London—June 18 Quebec—July 1  
Edinburgh—June 14 Halifax—July 7  
Paris—June 14 New York—July 10  
Toronto—June 23 Boston—July 12

SAINT ANDREWS AND QUEBEC RAIL ROAD COMPANY.

We have great pleasure to-day, in publishing the Prospectus issued in London by the Delegates of the St. Andrews and Quebec Rail Road Company.

It will be observed that the Right Honourable the Earl Fitzwilliam, is President of the London Board, and the countenance and support thus given by so distinguished and wealthy a Nobleman, is of itself almost sufficient to ensure the completion of the Railway. The sitting Director in London, is Captain LAWS, R. N., who holds the highest position in the Railway world as managing director of the Great Northern Railway in England, and whose influence is now admitted to be superior to that of King Hudson himself. The other member of the Committee in London, is the Honourable GEORGE PEMBERTON, formerly of Quebec, but now an eminent Merchant in London, and a Director of the Bank of British North America, possessing great influence in the City of London.

M. H. Perley Esq., one of the Delegates to England, was in St. Andrews on Friday last, to render an account of his mission. A meeting was called at which were present, the President of the Company, the Hon. George S. Hill, the Hon. Thomas Baillie, the Hon. Col. Hatch, the Hon. Col. Wier, Dr. S. Frye, A. S. Carman Esq., of Woodstock, and many other Gentlemen. A detailed statement of the various proceedings and negotiations in England by the Delegates, was given, resulting in the Prospectus now published, and the disposal of a large number of Shares, the deposits on which were being paid at the Banking House of Messrs. Glyn & Co., when Mr. Perley left.

We congratulate this community, and the Province generally, on the marked success of the Delegation to England, which ensures the construction of the Railway to Woodstock, and eventually to the Grand Falls. THE ENGINEERS and other officers of the Company are expected from England with CAPT. ROBINSON, and on their arrival, the CONSTRUCTION OF THE RAILWAY WILL FORTHWITH COMMENCE.

In the course of the statement made by Mr. Perley, we learned that he had been examined at very great length by a Committee of the House of Lords, on Colonization and Railways in North America; and that some very important results are likely to arise from the action of this committee. Mr. Perley has with him his Commission as Colonization Commissioner for New Brunswick, on which we trust sincerely to congratulate him, and we beg the Province will derive some benefit from the appointment, and be as liberal in paying this

hitherto ill remunerated public servant, as his zeal and activity in the discharge of the important duties of his office deserves, and which have been so handsomely acknowledged by the Right Honourable Earl Grey, Her Majesty's Colonial Secretary.

The St. John Observer states, that the number of deaths in the Hospital at the Quarantine station, St. John, from 7th May to 2nd June, were 174. Total number of sick landed at the station up to the 2nd inst. was 581.

Seven vessels with passengers arrived at St. John Quarantine last week. Among the 'Seraph', from Boston with 40 of the passengers and crew ill with fever. This vessel arrived at Boston, but the authorities would not allow the passengers to land.

OUTRAGE.—We learn from the New Brunswicker of the 5th inst. that on the 3rd an old man 60 years of age, named White, in the employ of Alderman Bond, while returning from his work late at night, was met on the Bridge, by three young men belonging to Carleton, who had been drinking—who beat him unmercifully—the poor man managed to escape from them with the loss of some portion of his dress—and ventured back to obtain it, when he was again attacked—and his skull fractured. He was conveyed home, and lingered until the following Tuesday, when he expired. The perpetrators of this diabolical outrage are in Jail, awaiting their trial. The coroner's Jury on Wednesday last, returned a verdict of "wilful murder," against the parties.

THE WEATHER since our last publication has been very fine. On Thursday Friday and Saturday the heat was intense, particularly on Friday the atmosphere was sultry, not a breath of wind. A very general expression of satisfaction with regard to the crops prevails. The only exception we have heard is the lightness of the grass in a few districts, owing to being winter killed—Potatoes Oats, Wheat, Barley, &c., never looked more promising.

It affords us much satisfaction in giving to the Public, the earliest information respecting the encouraging prospects of the St. Andrews and Quebec Railway, and as stated in another column of the certainty of its being commenced during the present season. And it is with pleasure we refer to the fact of our humble sheet, being the first, and indeed for some years the only paper in the Province to advocate the construction of Colonial Railways.

In the month of September 1835, G. N. Smith Esq., the former Editor of the Standard, now a resident of St. John, urged upon the attention of the Inhabitants of this County, the necessity of a Railroad from Woodstock to this place as the nearest Atlantic port, and pointed out the many advantages that would follow from the construction of such a Railway. During the same year, he also published a series of articles upon the construction of a Railway to Quebec—the idea was then ridiculed by many—but how differently received now!—We look forward with confidence to the speedy fulfilment of his prediction, "that we will before twenty years elapse travel by Railway to Quebec."

Later from Europe.—The French Steamship Union, the first of a new line to New York, arrived at New York on the 8th inst. in 16 days from Cherbourg, with Paris dates to the 22d ult. She brought no later English news. The Harveys in France, promise an abundant yield.

Mexico.—Dates to the 12th June have been received. The rumor of Gen. Scott being within 25 miles of the city, is without foundation.

The Toronto Globe says, that as usual the immigrants arrived at this place demand the most exorbitant wages, men who know nothing of the country ask \$10 to \$12 per month for farm service. This, however, will soon be remedied by the supply of labourers, and then farmers will be enabled to obtain servants, for wages at which they will be enabled to employ them profitably.

ACCIDENTS.—We regret to learn that on Monday last, Mr. James Vernon lost three of the fingers of his left hand, by coming in contact with a circular saw, while engaged in his Mill.

On the same day, Mr. S. Webster, met with a similar accident at his steam mills, in Carleton. Three of the fingers and thumb of his right hand were taken off by a circular saw. Both parties are doing extremely well New Brunswicker.

From the West Indies.—The Bermudian of the 26th June, a copy of which has been received in New York, furnishes the following intelligence:—  
In Jamaica it is estimated that the crop of sugar will be 100,000 hogsheds. It is, however, in a backward state, owing to the inadequacy of available labour there.

## CANADA.

The Official Gazette of Canada contains a proclamation appointing South Bay, in the District of Prince Edward, (Lake Ontario,) a port of entry and clearance; and another, lowering the tolls of Agricultural Produce passing the Lachine Canal, from one half penny to one farthing the bushel. The same Gazette publishes the appointment of Mr. Draper as successor of the late Judge Hagerman.

A Message has been laid before the Canadian Assembly from the Governor, communicating the copy of a dispatch from Sir John Harry, recommending an uniform rate of 3d. postage on letters.

The Quebec Morning Chronicle announces the death, by fever, of S. Yarwood, Esq., Emigrant Agent at Montreal.

We extract from the same journal the following intelligence:—The Rev. Mr. Robson of the Roman Catholic Clergy, died at Quebec on the 1st inst. He contracted the fever while in the discharge of his duties at the Quarantine station.

DRS. DEAN, DICKENSON, MALHOT, FENWICK and Jameson, forming part of the medical staff at the station, have been sent up sick.

Among the deaths by fever, we notice those of Captain Fittock, of the Ninian, and Capt. Sampson, of the ship John Bolton. The mate of the former vessel had also died, and the mate of the latter was dangerously ill.

Capt. Horton, of the Corinthian, terminated his existence by hanging himself on the 30th ult.

THE CROPS.—From every part of the Pennsylvania and New Jersey, we hear the most gratifying accounts of the effects of the recent rains upon the crops. The general aspects of agricultural affairs never were more satisfactory.—North American.

New potatoes are \$3 a bushel in New York; old \$1.25.

Steamboat Explosion.—The steamer Simon Kenton, at St. Louis, with a number of delegates to the Chicago Convention on board recently exploded a boiler. Two deck passengers and one boat hand mortally wounded.

PICTOU.—All the Cases of Small pox by the Mayflower, at Pictou, having terminated favourably, the vessel has been discharged from Quarantine. The deaths at the station, from fever, up to the night of the 30th ult. were eighty. Mr. Thomas Connell, who had been employed as a nurse, and in making coffins, and a colored man, who had also contracted fever at the station, both died in Pictou. There were fifteen other cases of fever in the town; among them were Drs. Anderson and Johnston. Application having been made to the Provincial Government for medical assistance, Dr. Gilpin was sent from Halifax, and arrived at Pictou on Sunday week.

It is expected that His Honor Judge Parker, of this City, and the Rev. I. W. D. Gray, Rector, are now on their way home, having taken passage in the Mail Steamer of the 4th of July. His Honor is to preside at the Circuit Court for this City and County, which commences its sittings on the 3d of August. Courier.

MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.—Extract of a letter from New York, per boat, this morning:—  
"Mr. Smith is about visiting St. John, for the purpose of placing New Brunswick in direct and momentary communication with our City. I trust your merchants will lend him all the aid in their power to further this desirable undertaking. The Magnetic Telegraph is the greatest improvement of the present century—and one which, I should think, you in the Provinces would hail with wonder and delight."

If the gentleman should come this way, we hope that our community will not be behind the age, in giving every support and furtherance to the undertaking of connecting this Province by Magnetic Telegraph, with other parts of this Continent.

FIRE.—At an early hour on Monday morning last, three small dwelling houses at the lower end of Carmarthen street, adjoining the upper barrack gate, were destroyed by fire.—One of them, owned by Mr. B. Cochran, was insured for £150. The others belonged to Mr. W. Dougan, and were not insured.—Ibid

The Court of Nisi Prius which has been sitting here for nearly three weeks, was closed yesterday evening. If ever we sympathized with the distressed, we felt our pity exercised towards the poor Jury. It is really a heavy tax upon the people of this Country, that they have to give such a large portion of their time to the adjustment of differences which originate in other parts of the Province. We hope the next session of the Legislature will not be permitted to pass away without some means being appropriated for the payment of men who are compelled to devote so much of their time to the affairs of the public. The Court and Lawyers are well paid for their services—but the patient and attentive Juror, who must keep his judgement on the rack during a tedious and difficult trial, and who may afterwards be privileged with a bed on a Court House plank for a few nights in succession, by the way of sharpening his intellect, is finally paid for his services with a whole—shilling.—Fredericton Reporter.

MORE PARTY WORK.—On Monday last, the Supreme Court was occupied in investigating a charge of riot and assault, brought against John Clancey, John Falvey, Richard Burns, and Jeremiah Mahony. The trial terminated in the Jury finding the defendants guilty of the assault; but acquitted them of the charge of rioting.—Head Quarters.

MARSH F. COFFIN, PICKARD AND OTHERS.—This case, which has excited considerable interest, was decided this morning by His

Honor the Master of the defendants, M. aside with costs.

ARSON.—The Sunday on Saturday morning until after investigating a charge against Julia Ann J. A. Street, Esq., on behalf of the Crown appeared by direct for the female prisoner defended O'Hara.

The prisoners were of offence of setting fire to which persons were and laborious invest Street summed up an able and most interesting the Jury to give of any doubt which with respect to the ties who set fire to after retiring for about into Court with a ve

DEATH OF DOCTOR announced the ill Health Officer at the painful duty this day He fell a sacrifice to with which the illness visited, and expired about 8 o'clock. He a double coffin, was conveyed from the slip, and from thence followed by an immense

We have seldom that cast so long a shadow. As soon as the shops were closed suspended throughout £60 was subscribed the purpose of erecting to commemorate the the respect felt for the ed. Dr. Vandy we age.—Gleaner July

INQUEST.—An inquest, Esq., coroner Monday the 28th of ed up on the shore and supposed to have by one of the passenger Verdict found draw

MIRAMICHI The number of deaths comparison with the deceased, George Looshtauk, is among the Lazaretto. His Hill, near Fredericton immediately before ten ed in Park Lane, and ed as doing well, an ing taking a decided Number of deaths eleven.—Ibid

Boston July 9—Ohio 86—New York July Michigan \$5.75.

Nothing can animals of this part pete with the press crops, and we believe tends to every part iction Reporter.

At Halifax, on 1st inst, by the Rev. Captain, Henry Cl. Esquire, Barrister c eldest daughter of th R. Fairbanks, Mast of the Court of Y Scotia.

In London, on the suspicion, William eldest son of the H. Dorchester. His r and were followed to Judge Parker, M. Henry G. Simonds, Hon. S. Cunard of London, Esq. of London

SHIPPIA

PORT OF

July 10 Cutter M port, Prov 12 Mary, Con &c, Demo

July 12 Cutter Mat Ballast

Boston July 9 Thomas, St Andre

Wild I

PUBLIC NOTICE That the Grass MEADOWS on the vers in the COUN will be offered for TION, in front of Andrews, at 12 o'clock the 3rd AUGUST Terms—Cash

Will Local Deput St Andrews, Jul



From that home estranged. His way, and midnight. If she complained he was going, or was answer were silence the early days of it when won her way hand's will, by test former were used too proud to try. I den love lingered in its stead had come wounded pride.

One morning, da returning from a new school accom ed, her first inquiry nestic was if his son had not; and Sir F daylight. Lady L in anger, and yett gained her room, e You are out late no answer. When tinned.

Nowhere of con you.

Sir Francis Lest swored Emily, try she trembled, viol know where you g right of a wive.

Do you annoy i interfere with you Because you k them. I have not have.

How do you kn Because, if you why should you st now—There must I shall tell you wh thinks! That you The world lies' whose hissing thro became calm in a don, Lady Lest; Fra aguated. Where Only tell me.

I will not, replie wife who doubts he satisfying. Good- Emily pressed against the cushion in silence and solit ed upon her sleep what to do.

I will know nu as she thought ov ad determined.

Know where he g equal to him. Two days after wife, and another, lighted dinner-table guest—a rare circu ever welcome to her family. *Acte-Acte*, in which such is th mally sat Lady L band's table. How cold grandeur! A stealthily about, in this solemn state a freezing civility a fence. When the Frances uttered a tone—perhaps a fu —to his wife; and ply, and he turned ed awhile, and the rose to retire.

Emily's pale ch as she said— Before we leave my husband.

Sir Francis life observed sharply— Perhaps I had b As you will, Len sneering emphasis sweet Emily Strat be an unpleasant heart his wife with What is all this Merely, Sir Fra ed to tell me, I ha and how you pass wife is not worthy know also where noble thing for Sir dering his own—a gaining house.

Sir Francis sta It is false! he so rose like knots on It is true, Emily May I ask how By the evidence ter the house.

And shall I tell dence was gained calm, biting tone!

**POETRY**  
FANCIES  
CHILDHOOD

Sister, arise, the sun shines bright  
The bee is humming in the air,  
The stream is sinking in the light,  
The May buds never looked more fair,  
Blue is the sky, no rain to day,  
Get up—it has been light for hours,  
And we have not begun to play,  
Nor have we gathered any powers.  
Time, who looked on, each account caught,  
And said, "He is too young for thought."

YOUTH.

"To night beside the garden gate,  
Oh, what a while the night is coming!  
Luceva saw the sun so late,  
Nor heard the bee at this hour humming!  
I thought the flowers an hour ago  
Had closed their bells and sunk to rest:  
How slowly flies that brooded crew!  
How light it is along the West!  
Said Time, "He yett hath to be taught,  
That I oft move too quick for thought."

MANHOOD

"What thoughts would 'st thou in the awaken  
Not love for that brings only tears  
Not friendship I do, I was forsaken!  
Pleasure I have not known for years  
The future I would not foresee,  
I know too much from what is past  
No happiness is there for me,  
And troubles ever come too fast,  
Said Time, "No comfort have I brought;  
The past to him's one painful thought."

OLD AGE.

"Somewhat the flowers seem different now,  
The daisies dimmer than of old;  
There's fewer blossoms on the bough,  
The hawthorn buds look grey and cold;  
The pansies were another die  
When I was young, when I was young!  
There's not that blue about the sky  
Which every way of those days hung,  
There's nothing now looks as it ought,  
Said Time, "The change is nithly thought."

**Watches, Jewellery, &c.**

Just received and for sale by the Subscriber, an assortment of Watches, Jewellery, Cutlery &c., which will be sold on the most reasonable terms for cash.

—AMONG WHICH ARE—  
Patent Lever, Le Pené and Vertical WATCHES, Gold, Silver, and Steel, with Jewellers' Guards, Ladies gold and fancy set BROOCHES and Rings, Gold, silver, and German Silver Pencil Cases, Gold and plated Earings, Red and White Coralian Earrings, gold mounted.  
Ladies Companion, in silver and other fittings; Silk, and Russia Leather PURSES,  
Pocket Books & Tablets, Card cases, Needle books, Hair, nail, tooth, and shaving brushes, Silver mounted and Plain SCENT Bottles, Bronzed Ink Stands, Letter Clips, Red and Fancy Sealing Wax, Thermometers, Plated and Britannia Metal, Candlesticks, Standers, and Trays, Key Rings,  
Razors and Razor Straps, Tea Bells, Pocket Lash, and Fine Combs,  
F. S. Cleavers celebrated fancy Toilet soap, Baggammon Boards, &c. &c. Galvanic Rings, Clocks, Watches, Jewellery cleaned and repaired, Quadrants, Compasses and Log Glasses adjusted, Cash, and the highest price given for old Gold.  
Expected Daily—a very fine 14 Day CLOCK,  
G. F. STICKEY,

**SHERIFF'S SALES.**

The following Sales will take place at the COURT HOUSE in ST. ANDREWS.

Real Estate of James Grimmer 25th Sep, Oct, and Nov.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday, the 26th day of JUNE next, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at the COURT HOUSE, in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of JAMES GRIMMER, of, in and to that certain Tract or Lot of Land, situated in the Parish of St. Stephen, containing 60 acres, more or less, formerly owned by Duncan Campbell, bounded by land owned by one John McDiarmid, and by the road leading to the Pomeroy Ridge.

And, also—That other Lot of Land, situated in the Parish of St. David, being lot No. 4, in block L, in Fanning's division of the Cape Ann Grant, containing 100 acres, more or less.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of Thomas B. Abbott, endorsed to levy £35 0 2, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES,  
Sheriff of Charlotte,  
December 10, 1846.

The above Sale is Postponed until Saturday the 25th day of September next.

THOS. JONES,  
Sheriff of Charlotte,  
St. Andrews, June 26, 1847.

**Tea, Candles &c.**

Just Received and for Sale by the Subscriber

10 Boxes Choice Tea,  
3 Boxes Candles, 10 Boxes Nails,  
4 doz painted Pails, 3 Boxes window Glass,  
1 Bale grass door Mats, 15 Drums Figs,  
4 Boxes Cigars, Soap, Tobacco, sperm Candles,  
Coffee, spices, Sago, Macaroni, arrow root,  
Cocoa paste, Cheese, Currants, Vinegar, Indigo,  
Spades, Shovels & Manure Forks, Hoes,  
Wrapping & writing Paper, Refined whale Oil,  
Spirits of Turpentine, Clover & Grass seed,  
Ancient saliments, Cotton batting,  
Brown, loaf, & Crushed Sugar &c. &c.  
Also—Ladies kid walking shoes and slippers,  
men's Gaiters, boots, Caliskin boots, Boots & shoes,  
Boys' Caliskin boots & Boots, & children's shoes.  
May 4.

ROBERT KER.

**Oils, Paints, &c.**

Promptly from Liverpool, via Saint John.

1 HBS. Baled and Raw Linseed Oil,  
1 50 Kegs best White & Yellow Paint,  
does Tobacco Pipes, 12 gross each,  
Ditto do 6 3/4 do  
does Corby, &c. &c.  
Also—Per Schr. "Nelson" from Boston,  
does selected Carleens Molasses,  
does Coffee 100lb. each.  
2, 1847.

J. W. STREET.

**AMES & CO'S**  
BOSTON, PORTLAND, CALAIS,  
EASTPORT, ST. JOHN, N. B.  
St. Andrews, ROBINSTON, PERRY & LEBEC  
**EXPRESS.**  
BOSTON OFFICE, 16 State Street,  
CALAIS, SAMUEL F. BARBER,  
ST. JOHN, N. B. GEORGE A. LOCKBART, No. 8  
North Market Wharf.

The Subscribers will attend to the purchase of Goods of every description, forwarding of Packages and Parcels, and will execute all Commissions entrusted to their care, with Dispatch and Fidelity.

NOTES, DEBITS, BILLS, &c. collected for small commissions.

**BAFHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE**

A SURE REMEDY FOR WORMS

JUST received a large supply of B. A. Bafhnestock's Vermifuge, for expelling WORMS, from the system, a medicine admitted by all who are acquainted with it, and can be recommended as an effectual remedy. Certificates of its extraordinary effects can be produced without number. Being directed from the proprietors, can be warranted genuine.

Sold Wholesale and Retail, by the Subscriber.—A liberal discount made to retailers.

THOMAS SIME,  
Agent for the Proprietors,  
St. Andrews June 3, 1847.

**DAILY STAGE.**

DAILY STAGE.

BETWEEN  
ST. ANDREWS AND ST. STEPHEN

The Subscriber respectfully tenders his best thanks for the liberal share of public patronage he has received on this route, and begs to inform the public that he has commenced running a DAILY STAGE between Saint Andrews and Saint Stephen; leaving Saint Andrews every morning at 6 o'clock, and returning from Saint Stephen at 2 P. M. Books kept at Ross's Hotel, St. Andrews, and at Thos. Quin's Hotel, St. Stephen.

No exertion will be spared to make the passengers comfortable.

THOS. HATDY,  
Mail Contractor

**C. W. WILEY,**  
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,  
CALAIS, MAINE.

MR. WILEY, would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Calais, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, and the public in general, that he has taken part of the store occupied by Mr. T. J. Cope and where he has opened an entire new and FRESH STOCK OF DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

and where he will carry on the business in all its branches; having had ten years experience in Boston, he feels himself perfectly competent so to do.

Grateful for former patronage he would solicit a continuance of the same, which he hopes by strict personal attention to merit.—He pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to render the establishment in every way worthy the public confidence.

Physicians' prescriptions punctually and carefully attended to, and every article prepared and put up by him will be warranted genuine, and of the best quality.

Thomsonian medicines of every kind direct from the New-England Depot, Boston, kept constantly on hand,—and for sale wholesale and retail.

COUNTRY TRADERS.—Having made such arrangements that I can supply at very low prices, are respectfully invited to call.

He is at liberty to refer to—Drs. Holmes Blair, Porter Smith Barke?

**Grist Mill.**

The Subscriber is now erecting a Grist Mill, which will be in operation about the first week in January next. This Mill will grind from 150 to 160 Bushels of Oats per day, or other grain in proportion, and will have in connection with it a well built KILN, with improved Tilt head.

Persons bringing grain to this establishment, may rely upon having it ground in a superior manner, by a capable and trustworthy Miller.

St. Andrews, Dec. 2, 1846. C. A. BABCOCK.

**MR. HOUGHTON,**  
TAILOR, &c.

STAGE BETWEEN SAINT Andrews and Fredericton.

The Subscriber informs the Public, that he has contracted to run a Weekly Stage with two good Horses and a comfortable Carriage, between St. Andrews and Fredericton, leaving Fredericton every Wednesday Morning at 10 o'clock, and St. Andrews every Friday Morning at 10 o'clock. The Stage Books are kept at Cooper's Hotel, Fredericton and Rose's and Copeland's Hotels, St. Andrews. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of Passengers, and any parcels committed to his charge will be carefully attended to.

JOSEPH LEAVITT  
St. Andrews, 19th May, 1846.

**VALUABLE FARM**  
For Sale or to Let with or without Stock.

The Subscriber will ELL or LEASE that excellent FARM owned by him in BOCA-BEC, 14 miles from St. Andrews, fronting on the Grand settlement road. The Farm contains Two Hundred Acres, thirty of which are cleared, and twenty under good cultivation. On the premises are a new Dwelling House, well finished, and a frame Barn. The place is so well known as to render further description unnecessary.

The above offers a good opportunity to any one requiring a well cultivated Farm, stocked, and in the midst of a thriving settlement, within a couple of hours drive of this town.

Apply at the Standard Office, or to the owner, JAMES KYLE,  
St. Andrews, April 7, 1847.

**HARTFORD**  
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY  
INCORPORATED IN 1810—WITH A CAPITAL OF \$150,000.

This long established Institution has for more than twenty eight years transacted its extensive business, on the most just and liberal principles—paying its losses with honorable promptness.

The Subscriber having been appointed Agent for St. Andrews for the above mentioned Company, is now prepared to take risks on every description of Property against loss or damage by Fire.

St. Andrews, Mar. 25. THOMAS SIME.

**HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT!**  
FIFTY ULCERS CURED IN SIX WEEKS

Extract of Letter from John Martin, Esq., "Chronicle" Office, Toledo, West Indies.—  
February 4th, 1845.

Sir.—I beg to inform you that the inhabitants of this Island especially those who cannot afford to employ medical gentlemen, are very anxious of having their various Maladies, within their reach, from the immense benefits some of them have derived from their use, as they have been found here, in several cases, to cure Sores and Ulcers of the most malignant and desperate kind. One gentleman in this Island, who had, I believe, about fifty running ulcers about his legs, arms, and body, who had tried all other Medicines before the use of your Pills and Ointment, but in vain, no good, but yours cured him in about six weeks, and he is now, by their means alone, quite restored to health and vigour.

(Signed) JOHN MARTIN,  
FILES, FISTULAS, AND BEARINGS-DOWN

A remarkable Cure by these Pills and Ointment.—A half-pay Lieutenant, lately residing at St. John's, Jersey, who had been long afflicted with a fistula, besides a general bearing down, of the most distressing nature. He had in vain undergone an operation, and the disease had again returned, and he was about to despair. Yet, notwithstanding this complication of complaints, together with a debilitated constitution, he was completely cured of all his ailments, and he is now in the full enjoyment of health by the use of your pills and ointment, when every other means had failed.

EXTRAORDINARY CURE IN THE WEST INDIES, OF LEPROSY AND OTHER DIRTY SKIN DISEASES.

June 3rd, 1841

Mr. LEWIS EEDON, of Georgetown, De Meigs, writes under the above date—that Holloway's Pills and Ointment have cured him, but he could not describe a cure and sore that were of the most dreadful description, as like leprosy, blotches, scales and other skin diseases of the most malignant nature, and he cures effected thereon the whole population.

CANCERED BREAST—A WONDERFUL CURE.

Copy of a Letter from Richard Bull, Bootmaker, Tinton, near Southampton.

February 9th, 1845

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

Sir,—I beg to inform you that I have been cured of a Cancered Breast, which was of the most distressing nature, and which had been long standing, in my wife's breast. In the latter part of the time, eleven wounds were open at once. I tried every medicine, but in vain, several pieces of bone had come away, and I expected that my poor wife would soon have been taken from me. It was then that a friend recommended to me the use of your Pills and Ointment, which, to our mutual astonishment, in the space of about three months, healed up the breast as soundly as ever it was in her life.

I shall ever remain  
Your most grateful and obedient servant,  
(Signed) RICHARD BULL.

**Wheezing on the Chest and Shortness of Breath.**

Copy of a Letter from Mrs. J. Gray, No. 1, Cross Lane, Cross Street, Brunswick Square, London, April 25th, 1845.

Sir.—I beg to inform you that I believe I have been cured of a wheezing on the chest, and shortness of breath, which has been long standing, and which has been attended with much suffering. I have been obliged to pass the night without being able to recline sufficiently by my head on a table, but I should be satisfied to do so, if I could only sleep over the winter. I have tried every medicine, but in vain, until I used your Pills and Ointment, which, to my great surprise, cured me in about three months, and I am now able to work from morning to night and sleep as well as ever I did in my life, and this miracle (I may say) was effected by the use of your Pills and Ointment, which, to my great surprise, cured me in about three months, and I am now able to work from morning to night and sleep as well as ever I did in my life, and this miracle (I may say) was effected by the use of your Pills and Ointment, which, to my great surprise, cured me in about three months, and I am now able to work from morning to night and sleep as well as ever I did in my life.

(Signed) JEREMIAH CASEY.

**CHARLOTTE COUNTY**  
Grammar School.

The Directors of the Charlotte County Grammar School inform the Public, that Tuition in the above Institution is now given at the following rates, viz:—  
Classical, and Mathematical, £1 0 0 per Quarter.  
English, Grammar, Geography &c. 0 15 0  
Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, 0 10 0

The Directors trust the above low rates of Tuition will meet with general approbation. They also confidently recommend to public attention the efficient state of the School, the Principal having, from personal examination of the best schools in England, been enabled to introduce many improvements in the art of teaching; and having engaged at his own expense a competent Assistant, in order that there might be every facility in carrying out a thorough and complete system of education.

These efforts, to increase the utility of the Institution, it is hoped will be met by a corresponding degree of patronage on the part of the Public.

H. HATCH,  
Secretary.

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**AL MAY BE CURED**  
BY  
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT!

**THE EARL OF ALDBOROUGH CURED BY HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.**

THE EARL OF ALDBOROUGH CURED OF A LIVER AND STOMACH COMPLAINT; Extract of a Letter from the Earl of Aldborough dated Villa Mexina, Liphorn, 21st February 1845 To Professor HOLLOWAY.

Sir. Various circumstances prevented the possibility of my thinking you before this time for your politeness in sending me your Pills as you did. I now take this opportunity of sending you an order for the amount, and at the same time to add that your Pills have effected a cure of a disorder in my Liver and Stomach, which all the most eminent of the Faculty at home, and all over the Continent, had not been able to effect; nay! not even the waters of Carlsbad and Marienbad. I wish to have another Box and a Pot of the Ointment, in case any of my Family should ever require either.

Your most obliged and obedient Servant  
ALBION BOURGHESE

**A WONDERFUL CURE OF DROPSY OF FIVE YEARS STANDING.**  
Copy of a Letter from Mr. Thomas Taylor Esq. Copy, Stockton, Durham, 17th April 1845.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

Sir.—I think it my duty to inform you that Mrs. Cough, wife of Mr. John Cough, respectable Farmer of Aekton, within four miles of this place had been suffering from Dropsy for five years, and had been medical advised without receiving any relief. Hearing of your Pills and Ointment, she used them with such surprising benefit that in fact, she has now given them up, being so well and quite able to attend to her household duties as formerly, which she never expected to do again. I had almost forgotten to state that she was given up by the Faculty as incurable. A hen she used to get up in the morning it was possible to discover a tumor in her face, but in such a fearful state. This cure is entirely by the use of your medicines.

(Signed) THOMAS TAYLOR  
A CURE OF INDIGESTION AND CONSTIPATION OF THE BOWELS.  
Copy of a Letter from G. R. Hyden Baxter, Esq. Author of the "Book of Digestion," &c. &c. 7 Bryn, near Stockton, Montgomeryshire North Wales, March 2nd 1845.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

Sir.—I consider it my duty to inform you that your Pills, a few Boxes of which I purchased at Mr. Moore's, Druggist, of Newtown, have cured me of constant indigestion and constipation of the bowels, which application to literary pursuits has long entailed upon me. I should strongly recommend Authors, and studiously-disposed persons generally, to use your valuable Pills. You have my permission to publish this note, if you wish to do so.

I am Sir, your most obedient servant,  
(Signed) G. R. WYTHE BAXTER.

**A CURE OF ASTHMA AND SHORTNESS OF BREATH.**  
Extract of a Letter from the Rev. David Williams Resident Wesleyan Minister of Banmaris, Island of Anglesea, North Wales, January 14. 6. 1845.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

Sir.—The Pills which I requested you to send me were for a poor man of the name of Hugh Davis, who, before he took them, was almost unable to walk for the want of breath, and had only taken them a few days, when he appeared quite another man; his breath is now easy and natural, and he is increasing daily in strength.

(Signed) DAVID WILLIAMS.

N. B.—These extraordinary Pills will cure any case of Asthma or Shortness of Breath, however long standing or distressing the case may be, even if the Patient be unable to lie down, but through a fear of being choked with cough and phlegm. This Wonderful Medicine can be recommended with the greatest confidence for any of the following Diseases:—

Erysipelas Rheumatism  
Asthma Female Irregularities Retention  
Bilious complaints Fevers of all kinds the urine  
Blisters on the Face Scabs  
Gout  
Boxel complaints Head ache  
Colic Indigestion Stone & Gravel  
Constipation Inflammation of the Lungs  
Diarrhoea Pleurisy  
Dysentery Weakness from whatever cause.  
These truly invaluable Medicines can be obtained at the Store of THOMAS SIME, St. Andrews Agent for the County of Charlotte; John M. Campbell, Druggist, Saint Stephen's; and Justice E. Knight, Saint George's. In Pots and Boxes at 1s. 3d, 4s. 6d, and 7s. Each. There is a non-dissolving and lasting in the large sizes. D. O. N. B.—Directions for the guidance of Patients in every Disorder are affixed to each Box.

JUNE 10, 1845.

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