





Food - Digestion - Complexion

are all intimately connected - practically inseparable. Though the fact is often ignored, it is nevertheless true that a good complexion is an impossibility without good digestion, which in turn depends on good food.



The New Vegetable Shortening and substitute for lard, and her cheeks, with those of her family, will be far more likely to be "like a rose in the snow."

SOLELY BY N. K. FAIRBANKS & CO., Wellington and Ann Streets, MONTREAL.

GRAND MAMMOTH DRAWING

INCORPORATED BY THE LEGISLATURE FOR EDUCATIONAL AND CHARITABLE PURPOSES, AND ITS FRANCHISE MADE A PART OF THE PRESENT CONSTITUTION, IN 1879, BY AN OVERSIGHTING POPULAR VOTE.

THE GRAND EXTRAORDINARY DRAWING takes place semi-annually (June and December), and it is one of the other ten months of the year, and also all drawn in public, at the St. Charles Theatre, New Orleans, La.

It is to be hoped that a change will be made in the grand plan of the proposed Dominion public building in Chatham, suitably to meet the requirements of the law, were not entirely undesired.

There has, doubtless, been more expensive school organizations maintained at Bathurst than would be necessary, were there less bigotry and intolerance amongst certain classes of ratepayers, but that is a matter of local concern, and those who make the quarrels pay for the luxury they seem to enjoy.

An interesting development is in connection with infractions of the law proved in outlying districts, in no way connected with the Bathurst schools, and where the sisters have never taught. There, the Roman Catholic catechism has apparently been taught as a part of the regular course of instruction, by Normal school graduates, although the fact has been concealed from the Inspector, save in one case, in which he put a stop to it, as soon as it was known to him.

Mr. Trean, contractor, for the proposed Dominion public building here was made in a recent issue of the World and copied in the St. John's Globe. The work was stopped because the supply of stone for the cutters was not sufficient to keep them employed, and Mr. Trean was also unavoidably detained at Lunenburg, N.S., where he is erecting another dwelling building. This is true, gave some color to rumors that he had justly justified the positive statements of the paper referred to, to the effect that Mr. Trean had abandoned his contract.

It is here, now, at all events, and has been with work of construction. He says he has not the most remote idea of giving up the contract, but will push it to completion.

It is to be hoped that a change will be made in the grand plan of the proposed Dominion public building in Chatham, suitably to meet the requirements of the law, were not entirely undesired.

There has, doubtless, been more expensive school organizations maintained at Bathurst than would be necessary, were there less bigotry and intolerance amongst certain classes of ratepayers, but that is a matter of local concern, and those who make the quarrels pay for the luxury they seem to enjoy.

An interesting development is in connection with infractions of the law proved in outlying districts, in no way connected with the Bathurst schools, and where the sisters have never taught. There, the Roman Catholic catechism has apparently been taught as a part of the regular course of instruction, by Normal school graduates, although the fact has been concealed from the Inspector, save in one case, in which he put a stop to it, as soon as it was known to him.

Mr. Trean, contractor, for the proposed Dominion public building here was made in a recent issue of the World and copied in the St. John's Globe. The work was stopped because the supply of stone for the cutters was not sufficient to keep them employed, and Mr. Trean was also unavoidably detained at Lunenburg, N.S., where he is erecting another dwelling building. This is true, gave some color to rumors that he had justly justified the positive statements of the paper referred to, to the effect that Mr. Trean had abandoned his contract.

It is here, now, at all events, and has been with work of construction. He says he has not the most remote idea of giving up the contract, but will push it to completion.

It is to be hoped that a change will be made in the grand plan of the proposed Dominion public building in Chatham, suitably to meet the requirements of the law, were not entirely undesired.

There has, doubtless, been more expensive school organizations maintained at Bathurst than would be necessary, were there less bigotry and intolerance amongst certain classes of ratepayers, but that is a matter of local concern, and those who make the quarrels pay for the luxury they seem to enjoy.

An interesting development is in connection with infractions of the law proved in outlying districts, in no way connected with the Bathurst schools, and where the sisters have never taught. There, the Roman Catholic catechism has apparently been taught as a part of the regular course of instruction, by Normal school graduates, although the fact has been concealed from the Inspector, save in one case, in which he put a stop to it, as soon as it was known to him.

Mr. Trean, contractor, for the proposed Dominion public building here was made in a recent issue of the World and copied in the St. John's Globe. The work was stopped because the supply of stone for the cutters was not sufficient to keep them employed, and Mr. Trean was also unavoidably detained at Lunenburg, N.S., where he is erecting another dwelling building. This is true, gave some color to rumors that he had justly justified the positive statements of the paper referred to, to the effect that Mr. Trean had abandoned his contract.

It is here, now, at all events, and has been with work of construction. He says he has not the most remote idea of giving up the contract, but will push it to completion.

It is to be hoped that a change will be made in the grand plan of the proposed Dominion public building in Chatham, suitably to meet the requirements of the law, were not entirely undesired.

There has, doubtless, been more expensive school organizations maintained at Bathurst than would be necessary, were there less bigotry and intolerance amongst certain classes of ratepayers, but that is a matter of local concern, and those who make the quarrels pay for the luxury they seem to enjoy.

An interesting development is in connection with infractions of the law proved in outlying districts, in no way connected with the Bathurst schools, and where the sisters have never taught. There, the Roman Catholic catechism has apparently been taught as a part of the regular course of instruction, by Normal school graduates, although the fact has been concealed from the Inspector, save in one case, in which he put a stop to it, as soon as it was known to him.

Mr. Trean, contractor, for the proposed Dominion public building here was made in a recent issue of the World and copied in the St. John's Globe. The work was stopped because the supply of stone for the cutters was not sufficient to keep them employed, and Mr. Trean was also unavoidably detained at Lunenburg, N.S., where he is erecting another dwelling building. This is true, gave some color to rumors that he had justly justified the positive statements of the paper referred to, to the effect that Mr. Trean had abandoned his contract.

It is here, now, at all events, and has been with work of construction. He says he has not the most remote idea of giving up the contract, but will push it to completion.

Miramichi Advance

CHATHAM, N. B., JUNE 8, 1893.

The Bathurst School Matter

We hope our readers who have taken an interest in the Bathurst School controversy will carefully read the report of the testimony that has been given before the court now in session there, in order that they may be enabled to arrive at just conclusions respecting the charges that have been made against the Government and Board of Education of the province in connection therewith.

It will be observed that the testimony given, thus far, proves that the teachers of the schools in the convent buildings have most scrupulously and conscientiously observed the regulations which prohibit religious instruction during school hours, and that the clergymen—the bishop and priests—have declared with a sincerity which admits of no doubt, that they would neither countenance nor permit any violation of the law in this respect.

However regrettable it may be that the legislature of the province has determined that the children of the country shall not be taught anything of religion in the public schools, it is satisfactory to have it established—as all unprejudiced and well-informed persons know it would be—that the aspirations cast upon the good faith and integrity of those connected with the so-called convent schools, in observing the non-sectarian requirements of the law, were not entirely undesired.

There has, doubtless, been more expensive school organizations maintained at Bathurst than would be necessary, were there less bigotry and intolerance amongst certain classes of ratepayers, but that is a matter of local concern, and those who make the quarrels pay for the luxury they seem to enjoy.

An interesting development is in connection with infractions of the law proved in outlying districts, in no way connected with the Bathurst schools, and where the sisters have never taught. There, the Roman Catholic catechism has apparently been taught as a part of the regular course of instruction, by Normal school graduates, although the fact has been concealed from the Inspector, save in one case, in which he put a stop to it, as soon as it was known to him.

Mr. Trean, contractor, for the proposed Dominion public building here was made in a recent issue of the World and copied in the St. John's Globe. The work was stopped because the supply of stone for the cutters was not sufficient to keep them employed, and Mr. Trean was also unavoidably detained at Lunenburg, N.S., where he is erecting another dwelling building. This is true, gave some color to rumors that he had justly justified the positive statements of the paper referred to, to the effect that Mr. Trean had abandoned his contract.

It is here, now, at all events, and has been with work of construction. He says he has not the most remote idea of giving up the contract, but will push it to completion.

It is to be hoped that a change will be made in the grand plan of the proposed Dominion public building in Chatham, suitably to meet the requirements of the law, were not entirely undesired.

There has, doubtless, been more expensive school organizations maintained at Bathurst than would be necessary, were there less bigotry and intolerance amongst certain classes of ratepayers, but that is a matter of local concern, and those who make the quarrels pay for the luxury they seem to enjoy.

An interesting development is in connection with infractions of the law proved in outlying districts, in no way connected with the Bathurst schools, and where the sisters have never taught. There, the Roman Catholic catechism has apparently been taught as a part of the regular course of instruction, by Normal school graduates, although the fact has been concealed from the Inspector, save in one case, in which he put a stop to it, as soon as it was known to him.

Mr. Trean, contractor, for the proposed Dominion public building here was made in a recent issue of the World and copied in the St. John's Globe. The work was stopped because the supply of stone for the cutters was not sufficient to keep them employed, and Mr. Trean was also unavoidably detained at Lunenburg, N.S., where he is erecting another dwelling building. This is true, gave some color to rumors that he had justly justified the positive statements of the paper referred to, to the effect that Mr. Trean had abandoned his contract.

It is here, now, at all events, and has been with work of construction. He says he has not the most remote idea of giving up the contract, but will push it to completion.

It is to be hoped that a change will be made in the grand plan of the proposed Dominion public building in Chatham, suitably to meet the requirements of the law, were not entirely undesired.

There has, doubtless, been more expensive school organizations maintained at Bathurst than would be necessary, were there less bigotry and intolerance amongst certain classes of ratepayers, but that is a matter of local concern, and those who make the quarrels pay for the luxury they seem to enjoy.

An interesting development is in connection with infractions of the law proved in outlying districts, in no way connected with the Bathurst schools, and where the sisters have never taught. There, the Roman Catholic catechism has apparently been taught as a part of the regular course of instruction, by Normal school graduates, although the fact has been concealed from the Inspector, save in one case, in which he put a stop to it, as soon as it was known to him.

Mr. Trean, contractor, for the proposed Dominion public building here was made in a recent issue of the World and copied in the St. John's Globe. The work was stopped because the supply of stone for the cutters was not sufficient to keep them employed, and Mr. Trean was also unavoidably detained at Lunenburg, N.S., where he is erecting another dwelling building. This is true, gave some color to rumors that he had justly justified the positive statements of the paper referred to, to the effect that Mr. Trean had abandoned his contract.

It is here, now, at all events, and has been with work of construction. He says he has not the most remote idea of giving up the contract, but will push it to completion.

It is to be hoped that a change will be made in the grand plan of the proposed Dominion public building in Chatham, suitably to meet the requirements of the law, were not entirely undesired.

There has, doubtless, been more expensive school organizations maintained at Bathurst than would be necessary, were there less bigotry and intolerance amongst certain classes of ratepayers, but that is a matter of local concern, and those who make the quarrels pay for the luxury they seem to enjoy.

An interesting development is in connection with infractions of the law proved in outlying districts, in no way connected with the Bathurst schools, and where the sisters have never taught. There, the Roman Catholic catechism has apparently been taught as a part of the regular course of instruction, by Normal school graduates, although the fact has been concealed from the Inspector, save in one case, in which he put a stop to it, as soon as it was known to him.

Mr. Trean, contractor, for the proposed Dominion public building here was made in a recent issue of the World and copied in the St. John's Globe. The work was stopped because the supply of stone for the cutters was not sufficient to keep them employed, and Mr. Trean was also unavoidably detained at Lunenburg, N.S., where he is erecting another dwelling building. This is true, gave some color to rumors that he had justly justified the positive statements of the paper referred to, to the effect that Mr. Trean had abandoned his contract.

It is here, now, at all events, and has been with work of construction. He says he has not the most remote idea of giving up the contract, but will push it to completion.

It is to be hoped that a change will be made in the grand plan of the proposed Dominion public building in Chatham, suitably to meet the requirements of the law, were not entirely undesired.

There has, doubtless, been more expensive school organizations maintained at Bathurst than would be necessary, were there less bigotry and intolerance amongst certain classes of ratepayers, but that is a matter of local concern, and those who make the quarrels pay for the luxury they seem to enjoy.

An interesting development is in connection with infractions of the law proved in outlying districts, in no way connected with the Bathurst schools, and where the sisters have never taught. There, the Roman Catholic catechism has apparently been taught as a part of the regular course of instruction, by Normal school graduates, although the fact has been concealed from the Inspector, save in one case, in which he put a stop to it, as soon as it was known to him.

Mr. Trean, contractor, for the proposed Dominion public building here was made in a recent issue of the World and copied in the St. John's Globe. The work was stopped because the supply of stone for the cutters was not sufficient to keep them employed, and Mr. Trean was also unavoidably detained at Lunenburg, N.S., where he is erecting another dwelling building. This is true, gave some color to rumors that he had justly justified the positive statements of the paper referred to, to the effect that Mr. Trean had abandoned his contract.

It is here, now, at all events, and has been with work of construction. He says he has not the most remote idea of giving up the contract, but will push it to completion.

It is to be hoped that a change will be made in the grand plan of the proposed Dominion public building in Chatham, suitably to meet the requirements of the law, were not entirely undesired.

Salmon-Angling

The outlook for salmon-angling is not encouraging, owing to the dry weather that has prevailed lately. Reports from the different salmon rivers of this region show that the water has been unusually low of late, and as salmon do not ascend the rivers well save when there is a fair "head" of water, it seems probable that this may be an "off year" for salmon—that is, unless we have a rise of water very soon.

Domestic Public Building

It is to be hoped that a change will be made in the grand plan of the proposed Dominion public building in Chatham, suitably to meet the requirements of the law, were not entirely undesired.

There has, doubtless, been more expensive school organizations maintained at Bathurst than would be necessary, were there less bigotry and intolerance amongst certain classes of ratepayers, but that is a matter of local concern, and those who make the quarrels pay for the luxury they seem to enjoy.

An interesting development is in connection with infractions of the law proved in outlying districts, in no way connected with the Bathurst schools, and where the sisters have never taught. There, the Roman Catholic catechism has apparently been taught as a part of the regular course of instruction, by Normal school graduates, although the fact has been concealed from the Inspector, save in one case, in which he put a stop to it, as soon as it was known to him.

Mr. Trean, contractor, for the proposed Dominion public building here was made in a recent issue of the World and copied in the St. John's Globe. The work was stopped because the supply of stone for the cutters was not sufficient to keep them employed, and Mr. Trean was also unavoidably detained at Lunenburg, N.S., where he is erecting another dwelling building. This is true, gave some color to rumors that he had justly justified the positive statements of the paper referred to, to the effect that Mr. Trean had abandoned his contract.

It is here, now, at all events, and has been with work of construction. He says he has not the most remote idea of giving up the contract, but will push it to completion.

It is to be hoped that a change will be made in the grand plan of the proposed Dominion public building in Chatham, suitably to meet the requirements of the law, were not entirely undesired.

There has, doubtless, been more expensive school organizations maintained at Bathurst than would be necessary, were there less bigotry and intolerance amongst certain classes of ratepayers, but that is a matter of local concern, and those who make the quarrels pay for the luxury they seem to enjoy.

An interesting development is in connection with infractions of the law proved in outlying districts, in no way connected with the Bathurst schools, and where the sisters have never taught. There, the Roman Catholic catechism has apparently been taught as a part of the regular course of instruction, by Normal school graduates, although the fact has been concealed from the Inspector, save in one case, in which he put a stop to it, as soon as it was known to him.

Mr. Trean, contractor, for the proposed Dominion public building here was made in a recent issue of the World and copied in the St. John's Globe. The work was stopped because the supply of stone for the cutters was not sufficient to keep them employed, and Mr. Trean was also unavoidably detained at Lunenburg, N.S., where he is erecting another dwelling building. This is true, gave some color to rumors that he had justly justified the positive statements of the paper referred to, to the effect that Mr. Trean had abandoned his contract.

It is here, now, at all events, and has been with work of construction. He says he has not the most remote idea of giving up the contract, but will push it to completion.

It is to be hoped that a change will be made in the grand plan of the proposed Dominion public building in Chatham, suitably to meet the requirements of the law, were not entirely undesired.

There has, doubtless, been more expensive school organizations maintained at Bathurst than would be necessary, were there less bigotry and intolerance amongst certain classes of ratepayers, but that is a matter of local concern, and those who make the quarrels pay for the luxury they seem to enjoy.

An interesting development is in connection with infractions of the law proved in outlying districts, in no way connected with the Bathurst schools, and where the sisters have never taught. There, the Roman Catholic catechism has apparently been taught as a part of the regular course of instruction, by Normal school graduates, although the fact has been concealed from the Inspector, save in one case, in which he put a stop to it, as soon as it was known to him.

Mr. Trean, contractor, for the proposed Dominion public building here was made in a recent issue of the World and copied in the St. John's Globe. The work was stopped because the supply of stone for the cutters was not sufficient to keep them employed, and Mr. Trean was also unavoidably detained at Lunenburg, N.S., where he is erecting another dwelling building. This is true, gave some color to rumors that he had justly justified the positive statements of the paper referred to, to the effect that Mr. Trean had abandoned his contract.

It is here, now, at all events, and has been with work of construction. He says he has not the most remote idea of giving up the contract, but will push it to completion.

It is to be hoped that a change will be made in the grand plan of the proposed Dominion public building in Chatham, suitably to meet the requirements of the law, were not entirely undesired.

There has, doubtless, been more expensive school organizations maintained at Bathurst than would be necessary, were there less bigotry and intolerance amongst certain classes of ratepayers, but that is a matter of local concern, and those who make the quarrels pay for the luxury they seem to enjoy.

An interesting development is in connection with infractions of the law proved in outlying districts, in no way connected with the Bathurst schools, and where the sisters have never taught. There, the Roman Catholic catechism has apparently been taught as a part of the regular course of instruction, by Normal school graduates, although the fact has been concealed from the Inspector, save in one case, in which he put a stop to it, as soon as it was known to him.

Mr. Trean, contractor, for the proposed Dominion public building here was made in a recent issue of the World and copied in the St. John's Globe. The work was stopped because the supply of stone for the cutters was not sufficient to keep them employed, and Mr. Trean was also unavoidably detained at Lunenburg, N.S., where he is erecting another dwelling building. This is true, gave some color to rumors that he had justly justified the positive statements of the paper referred to, to the effect that Mr. Trean had abandoned his contract.

It is here, now, at all events, and has been with work of construction. He says he has not the most remote idea of giving up the contract, but will push it to completion.

It is to be hoped that a change will be made in the grand plan of the proposed Dominion public building in Chatham, suitably to meet the requirements of the law, were not entirely undesired.

There has, doubtless, been more expensive school organizations maintained at Bathurst than would be necessary, were there less bigotry and intolerance amongst certain classes of ratepayers, but that is a matter of local concern, and those who make the quarrels pay for the luxury they seem to enjoy.

An interesting development is in connection with infractions of the law proved in outlying districts, in no way connected with the Bathurst schools, and where the sisters have never taught. There, the Roman Catholic catechism has apparently been taught as a part of the regular course of instruction, by Normal school graduates, although the fact has been concealed from the Inspector, save in one case, in which he put a stop to it, as soon as it was known to him.

Mr. Trean, contractor, for the proposed Dominion public building here was made in a recent issue of the World and copied in the St. John's Globe. The work was stopped because the supply of stone for the cutters was not sufficient to keep them employed, and Mr. Trean was also unavoidably detained at Lunenburg, N.S., where he is erecting another dwelling building. This is true, gave some color to rumors that he had justly justified the positive statements of the paper referred to, to the effect that Mr. Trean had abandoned his contract.

It is here, now, at all events, and has been with work of construction. He says he has not the most remote idea of giving up the contract, but will push it to completion.

It is to be hoped that a change will be made in the grand plan of the proposed Dominion public building in Chatham, suitably to meet the requirements of the law, were not entirely undesired.

There has, doubtless, been more expensive school organizations maintained at Bathurst than would be necessary, were there less bigotry and intolerance amongst certain classes of ratepayers, but that is a matter of local concern, and those who make the quarrels pay for the luxury they seem to enjoy.

Liberalism in Session

The Liberal Association of Northumberland met at Masonic Hall, Chatham, on Tuesday evening, Mr. James Troy was elected Moderator, and Mr. W. C. Winalow, secretary. Resolutions were adopted approving of tariff reform and expressing confidence in Hon. Mr. Laurier as leader of the party. The following delegates were selected for the Ottawa Convention: Mr. J. S. Kerr, Hon. Peter Mitchell, W. S. Logan, James Brown, J. C. Miller, William Kerr, A. F. Nicholson.

Mr. Trean, Contractor

A most unwarrantable attempt to injure the credit of Mr. Trean, contractor for the proposed Dominion public building here was made in a recent issue of the World and copied in the St. John's Globe. The work was stopped because the supply of stone for the cutters was not sufficient to keep them employed, and Mr. Trean was also unavoidably detained at Lunenburg, N.S., where he is erecting another dwelling building. This is true, gave some color to rumors that he had justly justified the positive statements of the paper referred to, to the effect that Mr. Trean had abandoned his contract.

Chatham's Great Requirement

The question of building an engine house in Chatham that will afford requisite accommodation for the steam fire engine, and hose reel or reels, facilities for drying hose, etc., is attracting some attention and there is, doubtless, a good deal of difference of opinion in reference to it.

A Silly Proceeding

Bills were posted about Chatham last week announcing the coming appearance of a company of women at Masonic Hall, and amongst them were highly-colored representations of members of the organization in night dresses, and in other postures and fashions which were unusual. Hardly a circus comes through the country that does not post representations of the female form in manner more calculated to shock those who profess to prefer modesty to some of the matters taught by Fathers Barry and Verrill, and he was not a party to it except that he gave approval.

Inspector Merrisau

Mr. Geo. W. Merrisau, school Inspector for Gloucester, called on Mr. Skinner, teacher of the Bathurst school, to see him in reference to the matter of the school being kept on Saturday. He was under the impression that the coat of schools has increased since the Sisters came. This was due to the opening of new schools. Mr. Merrisau was in the village for the purpose of seeing the school, and he was engaged. He was disappointed with the school, and he was engaged. He was disappointed with the school, and he was engaged.

Dr. Inch, Superintendent of Education

Dr. Inch, superintendent of education, called by Mr. Skinner, defined his duties, and explained the regulations for the examination of Sisters and teachers. He said he had no special report on the matter in Bathurst except one in 1892, when the report to the Superintendent of Education, who told him he gave the report to Hon. Mr. Blair. Witness had no knowledge of the matter, but he was engaged. He was disappointed with the school, and he was engaged.

Dr. Inch, Superintendent of Education

Dr. Inch, superintendent of education, called by Mr. Skinner, defined his duties, and explained the regulations for the examination of Sisters and teachers. He said he had no special report on the matter in Bathurst except one in 1892, when the report to the Superintendent of Education, who told him he gave the report to Hon. Mr. Blair. Witness had no knowledge of the matter, but he was engaged. He was disappointed with the school, and he was engaged.

Dr. Inch, Superintendent of Education

Dr. Inch, superintendent of education, called by Mr. Skinner, defined his duties, and explained the regulations for the examination of Sisters and teachers. He said he had no special report on the matter in Bathurst except one in 1892, when the report to the Superintendent of Education, who told him he gave the report to Hon. Mr. Blair. Witness had no knowledge of the matter, but he was engaged. He was disappointed with the school, and he was engaged.

Dr. Inch, Superintendent of Education

Dr. Inch, superintendent of education, called by Mr. Skinner, defined his duties, and explained the regulations for the examination of Sisters and teachers. He said he had no special report on the matter in Bathurst except one in 1892, when the report to the Superintendent of Education, who told him he gave the report to Hon. Mr. Blair. Witness had no knowledge of the matter, but he was engaged. He was disappointed with the school, and he was engaged.

Dr. Inch, Superintendent of Education

Dr. Inch, superintendent of education, called by Mr. Skinner, defined his duties, and explained the regulations for the examination of Sisters and teachers. He said he had no special report on the matter in Bathurst except one in 1892, when the report to the Superintendent of Education, who told him he gave the report to Hon. Mr. Blair. Witness had no knowledge of the matter, but he was engaged. He was disappointed with the school, and he was engaged.

Dr. Inch, Superintendent of Education

Dr. Inch, superintendent of education, called by Mr. Skinner, defined his duties, and explained the regulations for the examination of Sisters and teachers. He said he had no special report on the matter in Bathurst except one in 1892, when the report to the Superintendent of Education, who told him he gave the report to Hon. Mr. Blair. Witness had no knowledge of the matter, but he was engaged. He was disappointed with the school, and he was engaged.

Dr. Inch, Superintendent of Education

Dr. Inch, superintendent of education, called by Mr. Skinner, defined his duties, and explained the regulations for the examination of Sisters and teachers. He said he had no special report on the matter in Bathurst except one in 1892, when the report to the Superintendent of Education, who told him he gave the report to Hon. Mr. Blair. Witness had no knowledge of the matter, but he was engaged. He was disappointed with the school, and he was engaged.

Dr. Inch, Superintendent of Education

Dr. Inch, superintendent of education, called by Mr. Skinner, defined his duties, and explained the regulations for the examination of Sisters and teachers. He said he had no special report on the matter in Bathurst except one in 1892, when the report to the Superintendent of Education, who told him he gave the report to Hon. Mr. Blair. Witness had no knowledge of the matter, but he was engaged. He was disappointed with the school, and he was engaged.

Public Comfort

How Visitors are Cared for at the World's Fair

Plenty of Waiting Rooms and Seats Throughout the Grounds—Free Filtered Water—The Toilet Room Mystery Explained—State Buildings as Club Houses—World's Fair, May 27—(Special)

Now that the people are coming in large numbers to see the great exposition we have ample opportunity to test the efficiency of the arrangements made by the management for the public comfort. So far there are few complaints. Almost everything that could have been done to secure the comfort of the visiting multitudes has been done, and in many instances on a scale commensurate with the magnitude and grandeur of the whole enterprise. It is true that some of the conveniences have been slowly put in shape, and during the first two or three weeks of the month there were some complaints, but the managers have apparently done their best to meet the requirements of the public. While Chicago raised through money to pay off all depositors, and the bank has since been reorganized on what appears to be a sound basis.

Now that the weather is coming over the Chicago's mysterious climate spring seems to have been dropped from the role of seasons and a quick jump is made from winter to summer—there will be of course a few cases of sunstroke as well as now and then other equally annoying ailments among the visitors. For the care of such there may be an unfortunate enough to fall ill in the grounds, they may ascend to the top of the main building and cool off, or take a ride out upon the lake in one of the many steamers plying and to a splendid resort of the Administration building, which is a most convenient place for the sick. This is a most commendable arrangement, and one that the national capital at Washington, visitors will find a cool spot, for heat is not of the main building and cool off, or take a ride out upon the lake in one of the many steamers plying and to a splendid resort of the Administration building, which is a most convenient place for the sick. This is a most commendable arrangement, and one that the national capital at Washington, visitors will find a cool spot, for heat is not of the main building and cool off, or take a ride out upon the lake in one of the many steamers plying and to a splendid resort of the Administration building, which is a most convenient place for the sick. This is a most commendable arrangement, and one that the national capital at Washington, visitors will find a cool spot, for heat is not of the main building and cool off, or take a ride out upon the lake in one of the many steamers plying and to a splendid resort of the Administration building, which is a most convenient place for the sick. This is a most commendable arrangement, and one that the national capital at Washington, visitors will find a cool spot, for heat is not of the main building and cool off, or take a ride out upon the lake in one of the many steamers plying and to a splendid resort of the Administration building, which is a most convenient place for the sick. This is a most commendable arrangement, and one that the national capital at Washington, visitors will find a cool spot, for heat is not of the main building and cool off, or take a ride out upon the lake in one of the many steamers plying and to a splendid resort of the Administration building, which is a most convenient place for the sick. This is a most commendable arrangement, and one that the national capital at Washington, visitors will find a cool spot, for heat is not of the main building and cool off, or take a ride out upon the lake in one of the many steamers plying and to a splendid resort of the Administration building, which is a most convenient place for the sick. This is a most commendable arrangement, and one that the national capital at Washington, visitors will find a cool spot, for heat is not of the main building and cool off, or take a ride out upon the lake in one of the many steamers plying and to a splendid resort of the Administration building, which is a most convenient place for the sick. This is a most commendable arrangement, and one that the national capital at Washington, visitors will find a cool spot, for heat is not of the main building and cool off, or take a ride out upon the lake in one of the many steamers plying and to a splendid resort of the Administration building, which is a most convenient place for the sick. This is a most commendable arrangement, and one that the national capital at Washington, visitors will find a cool spot, for heat is not of the main building and cool off, or take a ride out upon the lake in one of the many steamers plying and to a splendid resort of the Administration building, which is a most convenient place for the sick. This is a most commendable arrangement, and one that the national capital at Washington, visitors will find a cool spot, for heat is not of the main building and cool off, or take a ride out upon the lake in one of the many steamers plying and to a splendid resort of the Administration building, which is a most convenient place for the sick. This is a most commendable arrangement, and one that the national capital at Washington, visitors will find a cool spot, for heat is not of the main building and cool off, or take a ride out upon the lake in one of the many steamers plying and to a splendid resort of the Administration building, which is a most convenient place for the sick. This is a most commendable arrangement, and one that the national capital at Washington, visitors will find a cool spot, for heat is not of the main building and cool off, or take a ride out upon the lake in one of the many steamers plying and to a splendid resort of the Administration building, which is a most convenient place for the sick. This is a most commendable arrangement, and one that the national capital at Washington, visitors will find a cool spot, for heat is not of the main building and cool off, or take a ride out upon the lake in one of the many steamers plying and to a splendid resort



The Bathurst School Inquiry.

(Continued from last page.)
The arrangement was made because of insufficient accommodation in No. 15.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Replying to Mr. White, witness said he considered this arrangement objectionable, but pending the acquiring of accommodation he gave his consent, all persons interested consenting.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. White examined the little girl, but elicited nothing of importance. She never knew Protestant children to be prevented from leaving school on Catholic days.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

James Huntley Corbett, was next called. He is a brother of the little girl, thirteen years old, and attends Mr. Bondreaux's school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

THE BATHURST SCHOOL INQUIRY.

Mr. Bondreaux, a teacher in district No. 8, Kinsale, in this county, testified: The majority of the ratepayers are Catholics; mostly Irish; taught there in 1888 under local license applied for school after return from Normal school.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS! M. & J. HICKEY, Water Street, Chatham, N. B. IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN READY-MADE CLOTHING, CENTS, FURNISHINGS, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES, ETC., AND SHOE FINDINGS. BOOTS AND SHOES A SPECIALTY in all the latest styles for 1893.

New Advertisements. M. S. N. CO. The M. S. N. Co. will run excursions for points down river on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday during the month of June and July for 25c per trip for each excursion. Children, under 10 years, accompanied by their parents or guardians will go for 10c and up to 12 years, 15c. Tickets good for one day only.

TO SALMON-NET OWNERS. I hereby give warning that compliance with the law respecting salmon nets is to be enforced strictly. I further give warning that all salmon nets in the river of the water every Saturday afternoon, and to remain out of the water until the 10 o'clock water gauge is at 10 o'clock every Monday in October. Any violation of this order will be prosecuted at law.

FANCY SALE! The Ladies of St. Andrew's Guild, Newcastle intend holding their Annual Sale of Useful & Fancy Articles on SATURDAY NEXT, JUNE 10th.

MASONIC HALL, ON SATURDAY NEXT, JUNE 10th. A special attraction for this evening will be the DOLLY TABLE, where dolls of all ages and sizes can be bought.

ENTERTAINMENT. Grand Musical and Dramatic Entertainment to be given by THE PUPILS OF THE CONVENT SCHOOL, CHATHAM, N. B., on the new building being erected on the corner grounds.

MASONIC HALL, ONE NIGHT ONLY, MONDAY, JUNE 12th. STETSON'S BIG SPECTACULAR Uncle Tom's Cabin, The Barnum of Them All. 30 - PEOPLE - 30 Double Band and Orchestra.

MIRAMICHI STEAM NAVIGATION CO. A Male Teacher, holding Grammar School License, is required to take charge of Grammar School in this No. 10 Chatham. Terms to commence immediately after summer vacation. Application and references to be sent to the undersigned at the address given.

SEEDS! SEEDS!! I HAVE NOW IN STOCK White Russian & White Fye Wheat. TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEEDS, and a large variety of Groable Seeds, also Beans, Flower Seeds, &c. FLOUR, OAT MEAL & FEED, HAY, BEANS, TUNA, and a full line of FINE GROCERIES & C.

SEEDS! SEEDS!! Flower and garden seeds fresh and good. We have a large stock embracing a great variety. W. T. HARRIS, Chatham, May 24th 1893.

MIRAMICHI STEAM NAVIGATION CO. The Steamers "NELSON" and "MIRAMICHI" will leave Chatham on FRIDAY JUNE 25th for Newcastle, N. B., and return on MONDAY JUNE 28th. For particulars apply to the undersigned at the address given.

FOR SALE. One store building house for sale on St. John Street opposite the Catholic Church Chatham N. B. For particulars apply to THOMAS FLANAGAN.

5,000 HIDES! Five Thousand Hides Wanted. I will pay cash on delivery for all the hides I can get. For particulars apply to the undersigned at the address given.

NOTICE. For sale one second hand carding machine and other machinery. For particulars apply to the undersigned at the address given.

TO BUILDERS. Sealed tenders enclosed "Tenders for Church" will be received by the undersigned on Monday June 14th for the erection of a Stone Church on North Street. For particulars apply to the undersigned at the address given.

ENGINE & BOILER FOR SALE. 12 Horse Power Portable Engine and Boiler in good order and ready for work. For information as to price and terms, apply to GEORGE STOTTBART, Chatham, N. B.

Shipping News.

For CHATHAM. From Montreal, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st.

DEED.

On the 4th inst. of Tiphani-Panama on June 8th at Montreal (Opposite Chatham) Joseph M. May was joined by Robert F. Stottbart, aged 25 years on Thursday at 2 30 P. M.

MARRIED.

At Central Hall, Tuesday morning, 6th inst., at 10 o'clock, by Rev. J. S. McLaughlin, M.A., the Rev. J. S. McLaughlin, M.A., and Miss Mary J. McLaughlin, daughter of Mr. J. S. McLaughlin, of St. John's, N. B.

DEED.

On the 4th inst. of Tiphani-Panama on June 8th at Montreal (Opposite Chatham) Joseph M. May was joined by Robert F. Stottbart, aged 25 years on Thursday at 2 30 P. M.

DEED.

On the 4th inst. of Tiphani-Panama on June 8th at Montreal (Opposite Chatham) Joseph M. May was joined by Robert F. Stottbart, aged 25 years on Thursday at 2 30 P. M.

DEED.

On the 4th inst. of Tiphani-Panama on June 8th at Montreal (Opposite Chatham) Joseph M. May was joined by Robert F. Stottbart, aged 25 years on Thursday at 2 30 P. M.

DEED.

On the 4th inst. of Tiphani-Panama on June 8th at Montreal (Opposite Chatham) Joseph M. May was joined by Robert F. Stottbart, aged 25 years on Thursday at 2 30 P. M.

DEED.

On the 4th inst. of Tiphani-Panama on June 8th at Montreal (Opposite Chatham) Joseph M. May was joined by Robert F. Stottbart, aged 25 years on Thursday at 2 30 P. M.

DEED.

On the 4th inst. of Tiphani-Panama on June 8th at Montreal (Opposite Chatham) Joseph M. May was joined by Robert F. Stottbart, aged 25 years on Thursday at 2 30 P. M.

DEED.

On the 4th inst. of Tiphani-Panama on June 8th at Montreal (Opposite Chatham) Joseph M. May was joined by Robert F. Stottbart, aged 25 years on Thursday at 2 30 P. M.

DEED.

On the 4th inst. of Tiphani-Panama on June 8th at Montreal (Opposite Chatham) Joseph M. May was joined by Robert F. Stottbart, aged 25 years on Thursday at 2 30 P. M.

DEED.

On the 4th inst. of Tiphani-Panama on June 8th at Montreal (Opposite Chatham) Joseph M. May was joined by Robert F. Stottbart, aged 25 years on Thursday at 2 30 P. M.

DEED.

On the 4th inst. of Tiphani-Panama on June 8th at Montreal (Opposite Chatham) Joseph M. May was joined by Robert F. Stottbart, aged 25 years on Thursday at 2 30 P. M.

ADA MAUD CORBETT, ten years old, sister of James Donoet, aged 14—Corroboration



